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REPORTS OF THE IMMIGRATION COMMISSION

IMMIGRANTS IN INDUSTRIES

(IN TWENTY-FIVE PARTS)

PART 12: GLASS MANUFACTURING

PART 13: AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND
VEHICLE MANUFACTURING



PRESENTED BY MR. DILLINGHAM

JUNE 15, 1910.—Referred to the Committee on Immigration
and ordered to be printed with illustrations

THE IMMIGRATION COMMISSION.

Senator WILLIAM P. DILLINGHAM,
Chairman.
Senator HENRY CABOT LODGE.
Senator ASBURY C. LATIMER.^a
Senator ANSELM J. McLAURIN.^b
Senator LE ROY PERCY.^c

Representative BENJAMIN F. HOWELL.
Representative WILLIAM S. BENNET.
Representative JOHN L. BURNETT.
MR. CHARLES P. NEILL.
MR. JEREMIAH W. JENKS.
MR. WILLIAM R. WHEELER.

Secretaries:

MORTON E. CRANE. W. W. HUSBAND.
C. S. ATKINSON.

Chief Statistician:

FRED C. CROXTON.

Extract from act of Congress of February 20, 1907, creating and defining the duties of the Immigration Commission.

That a commission is hereby created, consisting of three Senators, to be appointed by the President of the Senate, and three Members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and three persons to be appointed by the President of the United States. Said commission shall make full inquiry, examination, and investigation, by subcommittee or otherwise, into the subject of immigration. For the purpose of said inquiry, examination, and investigation said commission is authorized to send for persons and papers, make all necessary travel, either in the United States or any foreign country, and, through the chairman of the commission, or any member thereof, to administer oaths and to examine witnesses and papers respecting all matters pertaining to the subject, and to employ necessary clerical and other assistance. Said commission shall report to Congress the conclusions reached by it, and make such recommendations as in its judgment may seem proper. Such sums of money as may be necessary for the said inquiry, examination, and investigation are hereby appropriated and authorized to be paid out of the "immigrant fund" on the certificate of the chairman of said commission, including all expenses of the commissioners, and a reasonable compensation, to be fixed by the President of the United States, for those members of the commission who are not Members of Congress; * * *

^a Died February 20, 1908.

^b Appointed to succeed Mr. Latimer, February 25, 1908. Died December 22, 1909.

^c Appointed to succeed Mr. McLaurin, March 16, 1910.

LIST OF REPORTS OF THE IMMIGRATION COMMISSION.

- Volumes 1 and 2. Abstracts of Reports of the Immigration Commission, with Conclusions and Recommendations and Views of the Minority. (These volumes include the Commission's complete reports on the following subjects: Immigration Conditions in Hawaii; Immigration and Insanity; Immigrants in Charity Hospitals; Alien Seamen and Stowaways; Contract Labor and Induced and Assisted Immigration; The Greek Padrone System in the United States; Peonage.) (S. Doc. No. 747, 61st Cong., 3d sess.)
- Volume 3. Statistical Review of Immigration, 1819-1910—Distribution of Immigrants, 1850-1900. (S. Doc. No. 756, 61st Cong., 3d sess.)
- Volume 4. Emigration Conditions in Europe. (S. Doc. No. 748, 61st Cong., 3d sess.)
- Volume 5. Dictionary of Races or Peoples. (S. Doc. No. 662, 61st Cong., 3d sess.)
- Volumes 6 and 7. Immigrants in Industries: Pt. 1, Bituminous Coal Mining. (S. Doc. No. 633, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volumes 8 and 9. Immigrants in Industries: Pt. 2, Iron and Steel Manufacturing. (S. Doc. No. 633, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volume 10. Immigrants in Industries: Pt. 3, Cotton Goods Manufacturing in the North Atlantic States—Pt. 4, Woolen and Worsted Goods Manufacturing. (S. Doc. No. 633, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volume 11. Immigrants in Industries: Pt. 5, Silk Goods Manufacturing and Dyeing—Pt. 6, Clothing Manufacturing—Pt. 7, Collar, Cuff, and Shirt Manufacturing. (S. Doc. No. 633, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volume 12. Immigrants in Industries: Pt. 8, Leather Manufacturing—Pt. 9, Boot and Shoe Manufacturing—Pt. 10, Glove Manufacturing. (S. Doc. No. 633, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volume 13. Immigrants in Industries: Pt. 11, Slaughtering and Meat Packing. (S. Doc. No. 633, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volume 14. Immigrants in Industries: Pt. 12, Glass Manufacturing—Pt. 13, Agricultural Implement and Vehicle Manufacturing. (S. Doc. No. 633, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volume 15. Immigrants in Industries: Pt. 14, Cigar and Tobacco Manufacturing—Pt. 15, Furniture Manufacturing—Pt. 16, Sugar Refining. (S. Doc. No. 633, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volume 16. Immigrants in Industries: Pt. 17, Copper Mining and Smelting—Pt. 18, Iron Ore Mining—Pt. 19, Anthracite Coal Mining—Pt. 20, Oil Refining. (S. Doc. No. 633, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volume 17. Immigrants in Industries: Pt. 21, Diversified Industries, Vol. I. (S. Doc. No. 633, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volume 18. Immigrants in Industries: Pt. 21, Diversified Industries, Vol. II—Pt. 22, The Floating Immigrant Labor Supply. (S. Doc. No. 633, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volumes 19 and 20. Immigrants in Industries: Pt. 23, Summary Report on Immigrants in Manufacturing and Mining. (S. Doc. No. 633, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volumes 21 and 22. Immigrants in Industries: Pt. 24, Recent Immigrants in Agriculture. (S. Doc. No. 633, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volumes 23-25. Immigrants in Industries: Pt. 25, Japanese and Other Immigrant Races in the Pacific Coast and Rocky Mountain States. (S. Doc. No. 633, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volumes 26 and 27. Immigrants in Cities. (S. Doc. No. 338, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volume 28. Occupations of the First and Second Generations of Immigrants in the United States—Fecundity of Immigrant Women. (S. Doc. No. 282, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volumes 29-33. The Children of Immigrants in Schools. (S. Doc. No. 749, 61st Cong., 3d sess.)
- Volumes 34 and 35. Immigrants as Charity Seekers. (S. Doc. No. 665, 61st Cong., 3d sess.)
- Volume 36. Immigration and Crime. (S. Doc. No. 750, 61st Cong., 3d sess.)
- Volume 37. Steerage Conditions—Importation and Harboring of Women for Immoral Purposes—Immigrant Homes and Aid Societies—Immigrant Banks. (S. Doc. No. 753, 61st Cong., 3d sess.)
- Volume 38. Changes in Bodily Form of Descendants of Immigrants. (S. Doc. No. 208, 61st Cong., 2d sess.)
- Volume 39. Federal Immigration Legislation—Digest of Immigration Decisions—Steerage Legislation, 1819-1908—State Immigration and Alien Laws. (S. Doc. No. 758, 61st Cong., 3d sess.)
- Volume 40. The Immigration Situation in Other Countries: Canada—Australia—New Zealand—Argentina—Brazil. (S. Doc. No. 761, 61st Cong., 3d sess.)
- Volume 41. Statements and Recommendations Submitted by Societies and Organizations Interested in the Subject of Immigration. (S. Doc. No. 764, 61st Cong., 3d sess.)
- Volume 42. Index of Reports of the Immigration Commission. (S. Doc. No. 785, 61st Cong., 3d sess.)

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GLASS MANUFACTURING.

GLASS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.

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PART I.—GENERAL SURVEY OF THE GLASS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.

CHAPTER I.

INTRODUCTION.

Definition of the term "glass industry"—Growth of the industry—Territory studied—Households studied—Members of households for whom detailed information was received—Employees for whom information was secured—Comparative scope of the investigation—Preparation of the report—[Text Tables 1 to 11 and General Tables 1 to 7].

DEFINITION OF THE TERM "GLASS INDUSTRY."

For the purposes of this report the term "glass industry" is used to designate the manufacture of all such products as plate glass, window glass, glass bottles, cut glass, chimney globes and similar articles, and plain and fancy glass tableware.

GROWTH OF THE INDUSTRY.

During the past forty years the glass-manufacturing industry has had a remarkable growth, which has been most marked in the States of Missouri, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, and West Virginia. The large expansion in these States during the period 1880-1905 and in the country as a whole during the thirty-five years 1870-1905 may be quickly seen in the table next submitted, which sets forth the increase in the number of establishments, in capital invested, and in the value of finished products.

TABLE 1.—*Growth of the glass industry in the United States, 1870–1905, and in selected States, 1880 to 1905.*

[The following statistics compiled from the United States Census, Special Reports on Manufactures Part III, 1905, Table 1, p. 837; Table 2, pp. 840–841; Table 9, pp. 860–863.]

State.	Year.	Number of active establishments.	Capital.	Value of products.
United States.....	1905	399	\$89,389,151	\$79,607,998
	1900	355	61,423,903	56,539,712
	1890	294	40,966,850	41,051,004
	1880	169	18,804,599	21,154,571
	1870	201	14,111,642	19,235,862
Illinois.....	1905	13	3,576,172	5,619,740
	1900	6	2,181,801	2,834,398
	1890	13	1,721,878	2,372,011
	1880	6	425,000	901,343
Indiana.....	1905	96	13,884,485	14,706,929
	1900	110	12,775,389	14,757,883
	1890	21	3,556,563	2,995,409
	1880	4	1,442,000	790,781
Missouri.....	1905	6	3,219,034	1,781,026
	1900	3	2,198,316	765,564
	1890	5	2,201,353	1,215,329
	1880	6	1,430,000	919,827
New Jersey.....	1905	22	6,304,455	6,450,195
	1900	26	5,397,662	5,093,822
	1890	34	3,744,894	5,218,152
	1880	22	2,568,021	2,810,170
New York.....	1905	28	3,455,441	4,279,766
	1900	27	2,242,834	2,756,978
	1890	30	2,297,699	2,723,019
	1880	29	1,875,600	2,420,796
Ohio.....	1905	37	9,254,195	9,026,208
	1900	28	5,451,513	4,547,083
	1890	59	4,094,677	5,649,182
	1880	19	1,172,850	1,549,320
Pennsylvania.....	1905	122	40,612,180	27,671,693
	1900	119	28,287,187	22,011,132
	1890	99	20,459,049	17,179,130
	1880	77	7,609,706	8,720,584
West Virginia.....	1905	39	4,299,860	4,598,563
	1900	16	1,338,084	1,871,795
	1890	7	825,313	945,234
	1880	4	550,522	748,500
All other States.....	1905	36	4,783,329	5,473,878
	1900	20	1,551,117	1,901,059
	1890	26	2,065,424	2,753,531
	1880	27	2,256,000	2,293,250

INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES.

From the standpoint of recent immigration the most significant fact attending the growth of the glass industry has been the resultant increase in the number of glassworkers. In 1870 the average number employed in the industry in the United States was only 15,822, as contrasted with 63,969 in 1905. The geographical distribution of employees has of course followed the location of the industry. The table next submitted sets forth the increase in the average number of glassworkers in the United States during the period 1870–1905 and in the principal glass-manufacturing States during the period 1880–1905.

TABLE 2.—Increase in the average number of employees in glass manufacturing in the United States, 1870-1905, and in the principal glass-manufacturing States, 1880-1905.

[Compiled from United States Census, Special Report on Manufactures, Part III, 1905, Table 2, pp. 840-841.]

State.	Year.	Average number of wage-earners.			
		Total.	Men 16 years of age and over.	Women 16 years of age and over.	Children under 16 years of age.
United States.....	1905	63,969	54,079	3,455	6,435
	1900	52,818	42,173	3,529	7,116
	1890	44,892	36,064	1,885	6,943
	1880	24,177	17,778	741	5,658
	1870	15,822	11,505	715	3,602
Illinois.....	1905	4,768	4,258	127	383
	1900	3,304	2,607	148	549
	1890	2,762	2,215	20	527
	1880	732	632	.....	100
Indiana.....	1905	12,020	10,662	487	871
	1900	13,015	10,910	634	1,471
	1890	3,010	2,633	197	180
	1880	862	695	53	114
Missouri.....	1905	1,561	1,469	8	84
	1900	650	648	.....	2
	1890	1,113	1,016	.....	97
New Jersey.....	1880	965	709	36	220
	1905	5,507	4,815	124	568
	1900	5,383	4,366	170	847
	1890	5,688	4,601	42	1,045
New York.....	1880	3,578	2,762	46	770
	1905	3,153	2,800	103	250
	1900	2,556	2,201	73	282
	1890	3,229	2,587	92	550
Ohio.....	1880	3,078	2,116	50	912
	1905	7,844	6,321	787	736
	1900	4,546	3,505	405	636
	1890	6,435	5,053	538	844
Pennsylvania.....	1880	1,688	1,170	81	437
	1905	20,794	17,074	1,107	2,613
	1900	19,420	15,136	1,546	2,738
	1890	18,510	14,824	749	2,937
West Virginia.....	1880	9,784	6,999	294	2,491
	1905	3,673	2,777	445	451
	1900	1,949	1,319	468	162
	1890	1,371	970	190	211
All other States.....	1880	946	615	100	231
	1905	4,649	3,903	267	479
	1900	1,995	1,481	85	429
	1890	2,774	2,165	57	552
	1880	2,544	2,080	81	383

TERRITORY STUDIED.

For the purpose of determining the racial composition of the operating forces of the industry and to ascertain how far the growth of the industry had been dependent upon or affected by recent immigration, a study was made of the glassworkers and the members of their households in the States where the industry had been established and where it had had its greatest development during recent years, or in other words, in the States of Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, New York, and New Jersey. The map submitted shows the geographical scope of the investigation and the location of the establishments of which the employees and the members of their households were studied in detail.

HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

A total of 660 households, the heads of which were engaged in various forms of glass manufacturing, were studied in detail. These households were selected so as to represent the different divisions of the industry, and geographically distributed so as to be representative of conditions prevailing in the different glass-manufacturing areas. The following table shows the households studied, according to general nativity and race of head of household.

TABLE 3.—*Households studied, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Households.	
	Total number.	Per cent distribution.
Native-born of native father, White.....	115	17.4
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	2.1
Foreign-born:		
Flemish.....	55	8.3
French.....	12	1.8
German.....	92	13.9
Italian, North.....	30	4.5
Italian, South.....	13	2.0
Magyar.....	27	4.1
Polish.....	132	20.0
Slovak.....	170	25.8
Grand total.....	660	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	2.1
Total native-born.....	129	19.5
Total foreign-born.....	531	80.5

The above table shows that of the 660 households studied in this industry, 80.5 per cent are households the heads of which are foreign-born, 2.1 per cent are households the heads of which are native-born of foreign father, and 17.4 per cent are households the heads of which are native-born of native father. Among those whose heads are foreign-born a slightly larger number of Slovak than of Polish households were studied—the number of these households combined constituting 45.8 per cent of the total number of households studied. After the Polish households, it will be seen that the number of German households constitute a considerably larger proportion of the total number of households studied than do the Flemish, and a very much larger proportion than do the North Italian, Magyar, South Italian, or French households, in the order named.

MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLDS FOR WHOM DETAILED INFORMATION WAS SECURED.

The table next presented shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the persons in the households studied and the persons for whom detailed information was secured.

TABLE 4.—Persons in households studied and persons for whom detailed information was secured, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Persons in households.		Persons for whom detailed information was secured.	
		Number.	Per cent of total.	Number.	Per cent of total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	115	498	13.6	478	16.9
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	63	1.7	63	2.2
Foreign-born:					
Flemish.....	55	258	7.1	257	9.1
French.....	12	58	1.6	58	2.0
German.....	92	516	14.1	483	17.1
Italian, North.....	30	199	5.5	98	3.5
Italian, South.....	13	77	2.1	63	2.2
Magyar.....	27	259	7.1	108	3.8
Polish.....	132	771	21.1	545	15.3
Slovak.....	170	951	26.1	678	23.9
Grand total.....	660	3,650	100.0	2,831	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	63	1.7	63	2.2
Total native-born.....	129	561	15.4	541	19.1
Total foreign-born.....	531	3,089	84.6	2,290	80.9

The following table shows by general nativity and race of head of household the sex of persons for whom detailed information was secured in the households studied:

TABLE 5.—Sex of persons for whom detailed information was secured, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number.			Per cent of each sex.	
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.
Native-born of native father, White.....	239	239	478	50.0	50.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	31	32	63	49.2	50.8
Foreign-born:					
Flemish.....	126	131	257	49.0	51.0
French.....	36	22	58	62.1	37.9
German.....	247	236	483	51.1	48.9
Italian, North.....	50	48	98	51.0	49.0
Italian, South.....	36	27	63	57.1	42.9
Magyar.....	64	44	108	59.3	40.7
Polish.....	285	260	545	52.3	47.7
Slovak.....	351	327	678	51.8	48.2
Grand total.....	1,465	1,366	2,831	51.7	48.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	31	32	63	49.2	50.8
Total native-born.....	270	271	541	49.9	50.1
Total foreign-born.....	1,195	1,095	2,290	52.2	47.8

The table next submitted sets forth, by sex and general nativity and race of individual, the persons for whom detailed information was secured in the households studied.

TABLE 6.—Persons for whom detailed information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White	256	251	507	17.5	18.4	17.9
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
English		7	7	.0	.5	.2
Flemish	58	60	118	4.0	4.4	4.2
French	23	12	35	1.6	.9	1.2
German	142	152	294	9.7	11.1	10.4
Italian, North	10	12	22	.7	.9	.8
Italian, South	8	10	18	.5	.7	.6
Magyar	13	10	23	.9	.7	.8
Polish	111	113	224	7.6	8.3	7.9
Slovak	137	130	267	9.4	9.5	9.4
Foreign born:						
Canadian (other than French)	1	2	3	.1	.1	.1
Danish		1	1	.0	.1	(a)
English	2	5	7	.1	.4	.2
Flemish	66	69	135	4.5	5.1	4.8
French	13	12	25	.9	.9	.9
German	118	90	208	8.1	6.6	7.3
Italian, North	40	37	77	2.7	2.7	2.7
Italian, South	28	14	42	1.9	1.0	1.5
Magyar	51	34	85	3.5	2.5	3.0
Polish	172	146	318	11.7	10.7	11.2
Slovak	216	198	414	14.7	14.5	14.6
Weish		1	1	.0	.1	(a)
Grand total	1,465	1,366	2,831	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father	502	506	1,008	34.3	37.0	35.6
Total native-born	758	757	1,515	51.7	55.4	53.5
Total foreign-born	707	609	1,316	48.3	44.6	46.5

(a) Less than 0.05 per cent.

EMPLOYEES FOR WHOM INFORMATION WAS SECURED.

The following table shows the number and percentage of male employees in plate-glass factories of each race for whom information was secured:

TABLE 7.—Number and per cent of male employees of each race for whom information was secured—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	General nativity and race.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Native-born of native father:			Foreign-born, by race—Con.		
White.....	1,110	30.4	Greek.....	108	3.0
Negro.....	94	2.6	Irish.....	13	.4
Native-born of foreign father,			Italian, North.....	41	1.1
by country of birth of father:			Italian, South.....	22	.6
Austria-Hungary.....	16	.4	Lithuanian.....	1	(a)
Belgium.....	10	.3	Macedonian.....	59	1.6
Canada.....	8	.2	Magyar.....	148	4.1
England.....	38	1.0	Montenegrin.....	1	(a)
France.....	17	.5	Polish.....	420	11.5
Germany.....	154	4.2	Portuguese.....	1	(a)
Ireland.....	32	.9	Roumanian.....	40	1.1
Italy.....	1	(a)	Russian.....	107	2.9
Russia.....	5	.1	Ruthenian.....	23	.6
Scotland.....	9	.2	Scotch.....	6	.2
Spain.....	1	(a)	Servian.....	1	(a)
Sweden.....	3	.1	Slovak.....	550	15.1
Switzerland.....	4	.1	Slovenian.....	11	.3
Wales.....	3	.1	Swedish.....	3	.1
Foreign-born, by race:			Turkish.....	2	.1
Albanian.....	8	.2	Austrian (race not specified).....	1	(a)
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	.6	Belgian (race not specified).....	80	2.2
Bulgarian.....	73	2.0	Swiss (race not specified).....	4	.1
Canadian, French.....	3	.1	Grand total.....	3,646	100.0
Canadian, Other.....	5	.1			
Croatian.....	2	.1	Total native-born of foreign father.....	301	8.3
Danish.....	1	(a)	Total native-born.....	1,505	41.3
Dutch.....	4	.1	Total foreign-born.....	2,141	58.7
Egyptian.....	4	.1			
English.....	71	1.9			
Flemish.....	6	.2			
French.....	52	1.4			
German.....	248	6.8			

^a Less than 0.05 per cent.

The table next presented shows the number and percentage of male employees of each race in window glass for whom information was secured.

TABLE 8.—*Number and per cent of male employees of each race for whom information was secured—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	General nativity and race.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Native-born of native father:			Foreign-born, by race—Con.		
White.....	669	43.2	Hebrew, Russian.....	3	0.2
Negro.....	17	1.1	Irish.....	6	.4
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			Italian, North.....	97	6.3
Belgium.....	15	1.0	Italian, South.....	162	10.5
Canada.....	2	.1	Lithuanian.....	8	.5
Denmark.....	2	.1	Magyar.....	11	.7
England.....	37	2.4	Norwegian.....	1	.1
France.....	13	.8	Polish.....	41	2.6
Germany.....	75	4.8	Roumanian.....	6	.4
Ireland.....	32	2.1	Russian.....	2	.1
Italy.....	2	.1	Ruthenian.....	1	.1
Scotland.....	5	.3	Scotch.....	3	.2
Sweden.....	11	.7	Slovak.....	3	.2
Switzerland.....	1	.1	Swedish.....	61	3.9
Foreign-born, by race:			Welsh.....	1	.1
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	.1	Belgian (race not specified).....	140	9.0
Canadian (other than French).....	4	.3	Swiss (race not specified).....	3	.2
Croatian.....	3	.3	Grand total.....	1,548	100.0
Danish.....	3	.2	Total native-born of foreign father.....	195	12.6
English.....	48	3.1	Total native-born.....	881	56.9
French.....	19	1.2	Total foreign-born.....	667	43.1
German.....	32	2.1			
Greek.....	7	.5			

The table following shows the number and percentage of male employees of each race engaged in the manufacture of glass bottles for whom information was secured.

TABLE 9.—Number and per cent of male employees of each race for whom information was secured—Glass bottles.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	General nativity and race.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Native-born of native father:			Foreign-born, by race—Con.		
White.....	1,801	51.2	Greek.....	3	0.1
Negro.....	135	3.8	Irish.....	21	.6
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			Italian, North.....	92	2.6
Australia.....	3	.1	Italian, South.....	354	10.1
Austria-Hungary.....	59	1.7	Lithuanian.....	1	(a)
Belgium.....	2	.1	Macedonian.....	2	.1
Canada.....	5	.1	Magyar.....	34	1.0
England.....	66	1.9	Norwegian.....	3	.1
France.....	14	.4	Polish.....	95	2.7
Germany.....	257	7.3	Roumanian.....	50	1.4
Ireland.....	110	3.1	Russian.....	15	.4
Italy.....	21	.6	Ruthenian.....	8	.2
Netherlands.....	3	.1	Scotch.....	14	.4
Russia.....	6	.2	Servian.....	7	.2
Scotland.....	21	.6	Slovak.....	43	1.2
Spain.....	1	(a)	Slovenian.....	6	.2
Sweden.....	7	.2	Swedish.....	24	.7
Switzerland.....	8	.2	Syrian.....	28	.8
Wales.....	8	.2	Welsh.....	5	.1
Foreign-born, by race:			Austrian (race not specified).....	7	.2
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	(a)	Belgian (race not specified).....	1	(a)
Bulgarian.....	1	(a)	Swiss (race not specified).....	5	.1
Canadian, French.....	1	(a)	Grand total.....	3,519	100.0
Canadian, Other.....	7	.2	Total native-born of foreign father.....	591	16.8
Danish.....	1	(a)	Total native-born.....	2,527	71.8
Dutch.....	1	(a)	Total foreign-born.....	992	28.2
English.....	39	1.1			
Finnish.....	1	(a)			
French.....	10	.3			
German.....	112	3.2			

a Less than 0.05 per cent.

The table next submitted shows, by sex, the number and percentage of employees of each race employed in tableware manufacturing establishments for whom information was secured.

TABLE 10.—Number and per cent of employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:						
White.....	1,146	211	1,357	39.5	31.9	38.1
Negro.....	11	1	12	.4	.2	.3
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Austria-Hungary.....	68	25	93	2.3	3.8	2.6
Belgium.....	14	15	29	.5	2.3	.8
Canada.....	3	1	4	.1	.2	.1
Denmark.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
England.....	61	32	93	2.1	4.8	2.6
France.....	20	14	34	.7	2.1	1.0
Germany.....	466	159	625	16.1	24.1	17.5
Ireland.....	104	22	126	3.6	3.3	3.5
Italy.....	23	7	30	.8	1.1	.8
Russia.....	56	17	73	1.9	2.6	2.0
Scotland.....	15	6	21	.5	.9	.6
Sweden.....	3	.....	4	.1	.2	.1
Switzerland.....	12	1	13	.4	.2	.4
Wales.....	13	9	22	.4	1.4	.6
Foreign-born, by race:						
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	1	10	.3	.2	.3
Bulgarian.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Canadian, French.....	1	1	2	(a)	.2	.1
Canadian, Other.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Croatian.....	6	.....	6	.2	.0	.2
Danish.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Dutch.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
English.....	35	9	44	1.2	1.4	1.2
Finnish.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
French.....	40	13	53	1.4	2.0	1.5
German.....	295	22	317	10.2	3.3	8.9
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Hebrew, Other.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Irish.....	29	1	30	1.0	.2	.8
Italian, North.....	51	3	54	1.8	.5	1.5
Italian, South.....	84	6	90	2.9	.9	2.5
Lithuanian.....	17	3	20	.6	.5	.6
Magyar.....	18	4	22	.6	.6	.6
Polish.....	96	19	115	3.3	2.9	3.2
Russian.....	19	4	23	.7	.6	.6
Scotch.....	5	2	7	.2	.3	.2
Slovak.....	99	23	122	3.4	3.5	3.4
Slovenian.....	2	.....	2	.1	.0	.1
Swedish.....	14	2	16	.5	.3	.4
Syrian.....	5	.....	5	.2	.0	.1
Welsh.....	6	5	11	.2	.8	.3
Austrian (race not specified).....	2	.....	2	.1	.0	.1
Belgian (race not specified).....	44	21	65	1.5	3.2	1.8
Swiss (race not specified).....	2	1	3	.1	.2	.1
Grand total.....	2,902	661	3,563	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	859	309	1,168	29.6	46.7	32.8
Total native-born.....	2,016	521	2,537	69.5	78.8	71.2
Total foreign-born.....	886	140	1,026	30.5	21.2	28.8

a Less than 0.05 per cent.

The table following and accompanying chart show, by sex, the number and percentage of employees of each race engaged in all branches of the industry studied for whom information was secured.

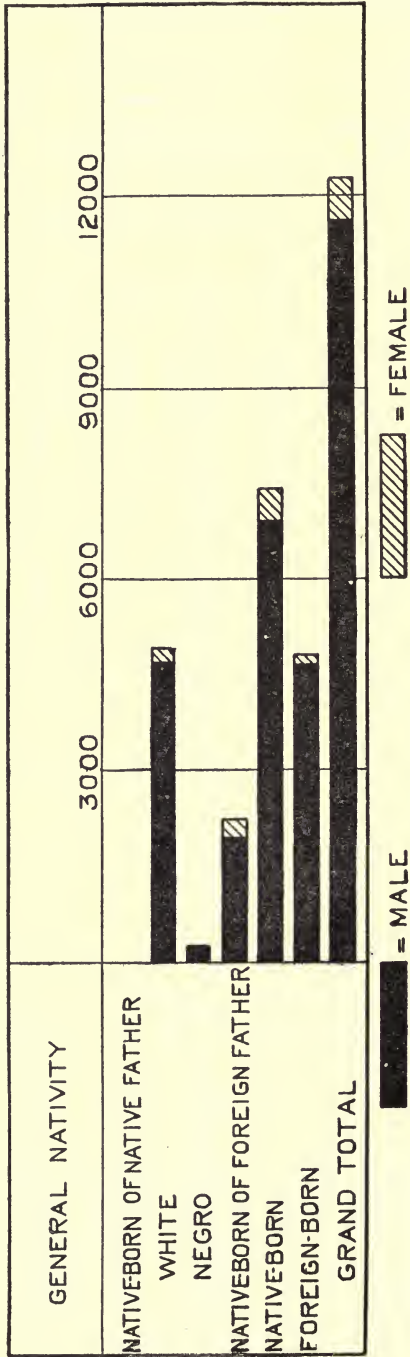
TABLE 11.—Number and per cent of employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex—Industry as a whole.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:						
White.....	4,726	211	4,937	40.7	31.9	40.2
Negro.....	257	1	258	2.2	.2	2.1
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Australia.....	3		3	(a)	.0	(a)
Austria-Hungary.....	143	25	168	1.2	3.8	1.4
Belgium.....	41	15	56	.4	2.3	.5
Canada.....	18	1	19	.2	.2	.2
Denmark.....	3		3	(a)	.0	(a)
England.....	202	32	234	1.7	4.8	1.9
France.....	64	14	78	.6	2.1	.6
Germany.....	952	159	1,111	8.2	24.1	9.1
Ireland.....	278	22	300	2.4	3.3	2.4
Italy.....	47	7	54	.4	1.1	.4
Netherlands.....	3		3	(a)	.0	(a)
Russia.....	67	17	84	.6	2.6	.7
Scotland.....	50	6	56	.4	.9	.5
Spain.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
Sweden.....	24	1	25	.2	.2	.2
Switzerland.....	25	1	26	.2	.2	.2
Wales.....	24	9	33	.2	1.4	.3
Foreign-born, by race:						
Albanian.....	8		8	.1	.0	.1
Bohemian and Moravian.....	33	1	34	.3	.2	.3
Bulgarian.....	75		75	.6	.0	.6
Canadian, French.....	5	1	6	(a)	.2	(a)
Canadian, Other.....	17		17	.1	.0	.1
Croatian.....	12		12	.1	.0	.1
Danish.....	6		6	.1	.0	(a)
Dutch.....	6		6	.1	.0	(a)
Egyptian.....	4		4	(a)	.0	(a)
English.....	193	9	202	1.7	1.4	1.6
Finnish.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
Flemish.....	6		6	.1	.0	(a)
French.....	121	13	134	1.0	2.0	1.1
German.....	687	22	709	5.9	3.3	5.8
Greek.....	118		118	1.0	.0	1.0
Hebrew, Russian.....	4		4	(a)	.0	(a)
Hebrew, Other.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Irish.....	69	1	70	.6	.2	.6
Italian, North.....	281	3	284	2.4	.5	2.3
Italian, South.....	622	6	628	5.4	.9	5.1
Lithuanian.....	27	3	30	.2	.5	.2
Macedonian.....	61		61	.5	.0	.5
Magyar.....	211	4	215	1.8	.6	1.8
Montenegrin.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Norwegian.....	4		4	(a)	.0	(a)
Polish.....	652	19	671	5.6	2.9	5.5
Portuguese.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Roumanian.....	96		96	.8	.0	.8
Russian.....	143	4	147	1.2	.6	1.2
Ruthenian.....	32		32	.3	.0	.3
Scotch.....	28	2	30	.2	.3	.2
Servian.....	8		8	.1	.0	.1
Slovak.....	695	23	718	6.0	3.5	5.8
Slovenian.....	19		19	.2	.0	.2
Swedish.....	102	2	104	.9	.3	.8
Syrian.....	33		33	.3	.0	.3
Turkish.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
Welsh.....	12	5	17	.1	.8	.1
Austrian (race not specified).....	10		10	.1	.0	.1
Beljan (race not specified).....	265	21	286	2.3	3.2	2.3
Swiss (race not specified).....	14	1	15	.1	.2	.1
Grand total.....	11,615	661	12,276	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	1,946	309	2,255	16.8	46.7	18.4
Total native-born.....	6,929	521	7,450	59.7	78.8	60.7
Total foreign-born.....	4,686	140	4,826	40.3	21.2	39.3

a Less than 0.05 per cent.

Number of employees of each general nativity for whom detailed information was secured.



COMPARATIVE SCOPE OF THE INVESTIGATION.

The extent of the information received is shown by the data presented in the following statement:

Comparative scope of the investigation.

Total number of employees in 1905, in States in which investigation was made. ^a	Number of employees covered by individual study.	Per cent of total employees.
56,167	12,276	21.9

^a Compiled from U. S. Census, Special Reports, "Manufactures," 1905.

In 1905, the year of the most recent general census of the employees of the industry, there were in the States studied 56,167 glass workers. Original information was secured, in the course of the individual study, for 12,276 employees, or 21.9 per cent of the total number of employees. In the branches of the glass manufacturing industry dealt with in the original investigation, the proportion of employees studied was, in reality, somewhat larger than is indicated by the figures of the table. The census returns, from which the figure showing the total number of employees is taken, are for all departments of the industry. On the other hand, the investigation, as already stated, was confined to workers engaged in the manufacture of glass bottles and jars, tableware, chimneys, window glass, and plate glass. The number of individuals for whom original data were secured therefore represents a higher percentage of the employees in the branches of the industry specified than of the employees in all the branches of the industry. It should be noted further that information concerning glass workers was secured by means of the household study. A total of 3,650 employees were studied in this way. In the course of the two investigations there was unavoidably some duplication. Employees for whom information was secured through the household investigation were doubtless studied a second time as individuals. But it is quite certain that all employees included in the household investigation were not studied twice. For this reason the total number of employees studied is probably considerably in excess of the figure of 12,276 appearing in the table. In view of the facts stated it seems probable that, in the States in which the investigation was carried on, original information was secured concerning from one-fourth to one-third of all the employees in those branches of the industry to which the study was confined.

PREPARATION OF THE REPORT.

In preparing the data secured for publication two general divisions have been made, as follows: (a) The study of the industry as a whole in which the statistical data secured from the study of

households and employees are presented; (*b*) the study of representative glass manufacturing communities, in which, in addition to the statistical material, a considerable amount of historical and descriptive matter have been introduced.

The plan of presenting representative glass manufacturing communities has been adopted for the same reasons mentioned in the other industrial reports: (1) To secure a verification of the tendencies exhibited by the more extended tabulations; (2) to present material not covered by the statistical tabulations, but bearing directly upon American life and institutions, and (3) to attempt to reach more definite conclusions as to the economic effects of immigration.

CHAPTER II.

RACIAL DISPLACEMENT.

History of immigration—Period of residence in the United States of foreign-born employees and members of their households—Racial classification of employees at the present time—[Text Tables 12 to 25 and General Tables 8 to 13].

HISTORY OF IMMIGRATION.

Statistical data showing in detail the history of the employment of immigrant workers in the glass-manufacturing industry are not available either for the country as a whole or for localities. The United States census returns, however, indicate in a general way the composition of the working force at different periods. A comparison of the figures of the different censuses will show the general tendency. The following tables show the composition of the operating forces for the country as a whole and for the principal glass-producing States in 1890 and in 1900, according to country of employees or their parents:

TABLE 12.—*Number of male glass workers in selected States, by general nativity and country of birth, 1890.*

[Census of 1890, "Occupations," Tables 82, 109, and 116. The small proportion of females employed were not of sufficient importance to include in table.]

General nativity and country of birth.	Indiana.	New Jersey.	Ohio.	Pennsylvania.	West Virginia.	United States.
Native white:						
Native parents.....	1,061	3,126	1,952	3,947	341	12,796
Foreign parents.....	331	642	1,195	4,448	313	10,673
Foreign white.....	477	443	838	3,355	121	8,859
Total colored.....	56	10	13	19	1	248
Grand total.....	1,925	4,221	3,998	11,769	776	32,324
Foreign-born, by country of birth:						
Canada (English).....	14	2	13	18	1	143
Canada (French).....	7	.....	1	1	1	43
Denmark.....	1	11	.....	14	.....	47
Germany.....	92	211	237	1,349	70	3,261
Great Britain.....	187	80	223	752	16	1,993
Ireland.....	51	46	78	355	16	1,087
Sweden and Norway.....	8	2	15	84	2	272
Other countries.....	117	91	271	782	15	2,013

TABLE 13.—Number of male glass workers in selected States, by general nativity and country of birth of parents, 1900.

[Census of 1900, "Occupations" Tables 2, 23, and 41.]

General nativity and country of birth of parents.	Connecticut.	Illinois.	Indiana.	Kentucky.	Maryland.	Massachusetts.	Michigan.
Native white:							
Native parents.....	26	870	6,115	61	389	145	36
Foreign parents.....	107	1,268	2,120	79	248	256	60
Foreign white.....	89	783	1,951	32	106	283	63
Total colored.....		112	49	2	3	2	2
Grand total.....	222	3,033	10,235	174	746	686	161
Persons having either both parents born as specified or one parent born as specified and one parent native:							
Austria-Hungary.....	4	52	25	1	4	1	1
Canada (English).....		29	61			38	6
Canada (French).....	18	4	14		1	13	5
Germany.....	50	918	1,249	57	232	65	38
Great Britain.....	26	290	671	3	28	112	19
Ireland.....	65	360	753	25	55	189	13
Italy.....	2	55	11	8		11	
Poland.....	4	25	12	1		1	7
Russia.....	1	6	2	1			
Scandinavia.....	5	125	73		5	25	4
Other countries.....	10	69	930	12	14	38	19
Persons of mixed foreign parentage.....	11	119	269	3	15	46	11
Persons of native parentage.....	26	981	6,165	63	392	146	38

General nativity and country of birth of parents.	Missouri.	New Jersey.	New York.	Ohio.	Pennsylvania.	West Virginia.	Wisconsin.	United States.
Native white:								
Native parents.....	270	4,203	1,301	1,929	5,905	641	38	22,263
Foreign parents.....	293	853	1,859	1,497	4,522	360	133	13,916
Foreign white.....	186	400	1,386	702	4,247	170	127	10,779
Total colored.....	69	51	5	42	63	5		420
Grand total.....	818	5,567	4,551	4,170	14,737	1,176	298	47,378
Persons having either both parents born as specified or one parent born as specified and one parent native:								
Austria-Hungary.....	6	6	69	27	510	6	1	725
Canada (English).....	1	7	51	22	61	2		297
Canada (French).....	1		18	15	11			103
Germany.....	253	549	1,239	984	3,334	287	169	9,530
Great Britain.....	57	212	374	280	1,239	64	18	3,468
Ireland.....	78	306	839	502	1,530	88	13	4,933
Italy.....	2	48	154	5	81	3		391
Poland.....	3	3	40	65	151		15	329
Russia.....	2	8	50	1	19			97
Scandinavia.....	6	16	57	42	184	6	23	617
Other countries.....	49	79	201	132	1,245	64	10	2,908
Persons of mixed foreign parentage.....	21	79	153	126	404	10	11	1,302
Persons of native parentage.....	339	4,254	1,306	1,969	5,968	646	38	22,678

TABLE 14.—Number of female glass workers in selected States, by general nativity and country of birth of parents, 1900.

[Census of 1900, "Occupations" Tables 2, 24, and 41.]

General nativity and country of birth of parents.	Indiana.	New Jersey.	New York.	Ohio.	Pennsylvania.	West Virginia.	United States.
Native white:							
Native parents.....	296	87	53	193	539	114	1,401
Foreign parents.....	42	48	112	161	321	39	876
Foreign white.....	17	15	48	28	166	22	337
Total colored.....		2			2		7
Grand total.....	355	152	213	382	1,082	175	2,621

TABLE 14.—Number of female glass workers in selected States, by general nativity and country of birth of parents, 1900—Continued.

General nativity and country of birth of parents.	Indiana.	New Jersey.	New York.	Ohio.	Pennsylvania.	West Virginia.	United States.
Persons having either both parents born as specified or one parent born as specified and one parent native:							
Austria-Hungary.....	2	1	2	1	25	.....	32
Canada (English).....	3	.....	7	5	1	.....	23
Canada (French).....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	14
Germany.....	21	11	49	88	198	29	462
Great Britain.....	5	19	18	19	79	8	165
Ireland.....	14	25	61	49	87	10	314
Italy.....	1	.....	7	.....	3	.....	12
Poland.....	.....	.....	3	5	12	.....	23
Russia.....	.....	2	.....	1	1	.....	5
Scandinavia.....	.....	.....	1	1	2	2	8
Other countries.....	9	2	5	6	53	8	90
Persons of mixed foreign parentage.....	4	3	7	13	25	4	65
Persons of native parentage.....	296	89	53	193	541	114	1,408

GENERAL HISTORY OF IMMIGRATION TO THE INDUSTRY.

The census of 1880 does not indicate race or nativity of glass workers separately by States. It is therefore impossible to give the returns for that census. In 1890 the employees of the industry were classified by country of birth. Of the 32,324 male workers in the United States at the time 12,796 were native-born of native parents, 10,673 were native-born of foreign parents, and 8,855 were foreign-born. The proportion of foreign-born employees was larger in Pennsylvania than in any other State for which the percentages are given in the table. It will be noted, further, that the total number of workers was much larger in Pennsylvania than in any other State. Natives of Germany, Great Britain, and Ireland, in the order mentioned, had the largest representation among the foreign-born, both for the country as a whole and for Pennsylvania. In the census of 1900 employees of the glass-manufacturing industry are not classified by country of birth, as in 1890, but by country of birth of parents. The returns, therefore, do not admit of any but a general comparison with those of the preceding census. There were, in 1900, 47,378 male glass workers in the United States. Of these, 14,737 were in Pennsylvania, 10,235 in Indiana, and considerable numbers in New Jersey, New York, and Ohio. The foreign-born workers numbered for the country as a whole, 10,779; the native-born of foreign parents, 13,916, and the native-born of native parents, 22,263. Only 420 male employees were negroes. Among employees of foreign parentage, those whose parents were born in Germany, Ireland, and Great Britain, in the order mentioned, had the largest representation. Data relative to glass workers are presented in the census of 1900, for females as well as males. These data are available for the country as a whole and for certain States. The total number of female employees reported for the United States was 2,621, and of these 1,028 were in Pennsylvania. The foreign-born numbered 337, and the native-born of foreign parents 867, for the country as a whole. Among females of foreign parentage, those whose parents were born in Germany, Ireland, and Great Britain, in the order mentioned, were present in the largest numbers.

The composition of the working force at Pittsburg, Pa., one of the principal glass-manufacturing centers in 1890 and 1900, is given in the following statements:

1890, general nativity and country of birth.

[From census of 1890, "Occupations," Table 118.]

Native white:	
Native parents.....	766
Foreign parents.....	1,980
Foreign white.....	923
Total colored.....	2
Grand total.....	3,671
Foreign-born, by country of birth:	
Germany.....	503
Ireland.....	106
Great Britain.....	171
Canada, English.....	5
Canada, French.....	1
Sweden and Norway.....	30
Denmark.....	5
Other countries.....	102

1900, general nativity and country of birth of parents.

[From census of 1900, "Occupations," Table 43.]

Native white:	
Native parents.....	419
Foreign parents.....	955
Foreign white.....	483
Total colored.....	2
Grand total.....	1,859
Persons having either both parents born as specified or one parent born as specified and one parent native:	
Austria-Hungary.....	17
Canada, English.....	6
Canada, French.....	2
Germany.....	841
Great Britain.....	141
Ireland.....	231
Italy.....	8
Poland.....	62
Russia.....	3
Scandinavia.....	1
Other countries.....	49
Persons of mixed foreign parentage.....	77
Persons of native parentage.....	421

There were in the city of Pittsburg in 1890, 3,671 male glass workers. The foreign-born numbered 923, the native-born of native parents 1,980, and the native-born of native parents 766. Employees of German, British, and Irish birth had, in the order mentioned, the largest representation among the foreign-born. In the decade from 1890 to 1900 there was a decrease of almost 50 per cent in the number of male glass workers in Pittsburg. The figure for 1900 was 1,859. The foreign-born numbered 483, the native-born of foreign parents, 955, and the native-born of native parents, 419. Among the employees of foreign parentage, those whose fathers were born in Germany, Ireland, and Great Britain, in the order mentioned, were present in the largest numbers. It will be seen from the data of the tables

presented that in the glass manufacturing industry employees of northern and western European birth greatly outnumbered the employees of southern and eastern European parentage, both in 1890 and in 1900. The proportion of employees of German, Irish, and British birth or parentage is very large in all the tables. As lately as 1900 the number of recent immigrants employed was very small.

HISTORY OF REPRESENTATIVE LOCALITIES.

The racial movements to the industry may also be further illustrated by the history of immigration to representative glass-manufacturing communities in different sections of the country. A series of the racial displacements in a number of such localities immediately follows:

FORD CITY, PA.

Ford City supports only two industrial establishments, one a plate-glass factory and the other a pottery works. The latter is of little importance and employs only a very small number of immigrants. The total population of the town is about 2,600, and its history of immigration is contained in the history of the racial changes which have taken place in the glass plant.

The plate-glass plant was started in 1886, as the property of an important glass company, with a nucleus of Belgian, English, and German workers who were brought from other plants of the company in the United States to serve as skilled workers. All of the work at that time was done by hand, and native Americans served as unskilled laborers and were apprenticed with the idea of taking the place of the foreign skilled workman as the latter dropped out.

When this company first began operation in its factories in other sections of the United States, the English method of glass making was adopted. In 1885 a change was made to the Belgian method. In both instances skilled workers were imported from England first and afterwards from Belgium, and from sections from Germany where the Belgian methods were used. There were no skilled American workmen to be secured, as the plate-glass industry was new in America. The importation of foreign workmen was thus indispensable in establishing the plate-glass industry in this country. The skilled workmen among the Americans and recent immigrant races have learned their trade under Belgian tutoring.

After 1895, however, most of the American employees, except those who had become skilled workmen or who held responsible positions of an executive nature, were drawn away from the glass industry into the steel plants in and about Pittsburg by reason of the higher wages, and it was necessary for the company to look elsewhere for ordinary labor, as well as for material out of which to develop future skilled labor. As early as 1888 a few Poles, Russians, and Slovaks were secured, but not in sufficient numbers to meet the demands for unskilled labor until after 1890. They gradually took the place of American workers after that date, and at the present time not more than 20 per cent of the entire force of the plant is composed of Americans.

With the change to machine methods in the Ford City plant and the gradual exodus of the original skilled hand workers and of

unskilled Americans to other industries, the demand for labor was met by a supply of Slovaks, Poles, and Russians. This displacement, however, had taken place previous to the introduction of machinery. In 1900 the superintendent of the plant realized the change which was taking place and that his plant faced a competition with the tin and steel mills, as well as other plate-glass plants, in the labor market. The supply of skilled labor was being reduced, and the material out of which future skilled workers could be drawn was being lowered by the racial change from American to cheap foreign labor.

In 1902 the total number of employees in the manufacturing department of the Ford City plant numbered about 560, consisting of 16 foremen, 290 skilled workmen (52 per cent), at an average rate of pay of 20 cents per hour, and 254 unskilled workmen, at an average pay of 13 cents per hour. An experiment had been tried to raise the level of the unskilled labor in 1900 by increasing the rate of pay of workers in the construction department from 12½ cents per hour to 15 cents; but in 1902, out of 300 laborers in this department, there were less than 25 Americans even at this increased rate of pay, the rest of them being unskilled Slovaks, Poles, and Russians.

The plant was confronted therefore with (1) a lessening number of skilled glass workers; (2) an increasing number of unskilled Slovak, Polish, and Russian immigrants, who the company did not believe it could advance into skilled occupations; and (3) an unsuccessful competition for American labor with the various branches of the steel industry.

It soon became possible to substitute machinery for some of the skilled occupations, such as laying, grinding, and polishing, which the racial changes practically demanded. The Belgians and other skilled glass workers were retained in those positions requiring skill in hand work, while Americans and workmen of other races who possessed enough intelligence were put in charge of the machines. Each machine displaced several skilled hand workers, but the increase in the output required an increase of about the same number of unskilled workers in the casting rooms.

Within recent years not only have Poles and Slovaks come to Ford City, but also a number of Macedonians, together with a few Italians. Several racial movements may thus be distinguished in the history of the Ford City plate-glass plant, which can be grouped as follows:

First, the use of skilled glass workers imported by the company from England to plants in other parts of the United States and then brought to the new plant in Ford City.

Second, the change from the English methods of glass making to the Belgian method and the importation of Belgians and Germans to the various older plants of the company from where they were taken to serve as skilled workers in the new plant. At this time, a system of apprenticeship was also inaugurated in the hope that native Americans would learn glass making.

Third, the drawing away of native unskilled workmen into the steel mills and of skilled Belgians and English into new independent glass plants.

Fourth, the coming of Slovaks, Poles, Russians, and Macedonians into the unskilled occupations.

Fifth, the advancement of a few natives, nearly all of the second-generation Belgians, Germans, and English glass makers, and of a small number of Slovaks and Poles into the skilled occupations.

The following statement presents the number of persons employed by the plate-glass plant in 1909, by races and years of employment:

Race.	Number employed in 1909.	Number of years employed.	Race.	Number employed in 1909.	Number of years employed.
English.....	190	20	Macedonian.....	160	4
German.....	204	14	Italian.....	5	2
Belgian.....	108	10	Dutch.....	3	1
Russian.....	51	10	American (white).....	600	.....
Slovak.....	312	7	Total.....	1,866	.....
Pole.....	333	6			

ARNOLD, PA.

In 1909 Arnold supported an estimated population of 1,200 individuals, of whom about 60 per cent were immigrants. An important window-glass factory, employing under normal business conditions about 700 wage-earners, constitutes the industrial importance of the town. The settlement lies about a mile distant from New Kensington and practically has no town activities of its own. If it were not for the glass plant the place would be of no importance either from a business or an industrial standpoint.

The racial history of the glass plant is the history of immigration to Arnold. In 1892 the factory was erected and placed in operation with a working force of about 600, of which about 50 per cent were native Americans, 40 per cent Belgians, 5 per cent English, and 5 per cent Germans. The Belgians, English, and Germans were employed in the skilled occupations, while the Americans filled the unskilled positions.

The composition of the employees remained practically unchanged until 1900, when the unskilled native workmen began to enter the tin mills located at New Kensington. Their places were filled by unskilled Italian glass workers. The skilled Belgian workers began a like emigration from Arnold about the same time, going, in the majority of cases, to the glass communities farther westward. A number of unskilled American laborers were gradually promoted to the places left vacant by the Belgians, until the year 1903, when machinery was introduced throughout the establishment.

In 1903 machinery was introduced in all departments of the plant except in the flattening and cutting rooms. The introduction of machinery was opposed by the labor unions, and in 1904 a strike was called, with the result that all of the employees of the plant, with the exception of the flatteners and cutters, were placed upon a nonunion basis. The Bohemians and skilled native workmen left the factory on the failure of the strike, and native machine runners, many of whom had been employed as skilled laborers, were put in their places. In the places left vacant by the advancement of the unskilled native workmen were employed unskilled Italians, Poles, Slovaks, Macedonians, and representatives of a few other European races of recent immigration. At the present time about 40 per cent of the employees are Americans,

25 per cent Italians, 10 per cent Poles, 10 per cent Slovaks, 10 per cent Macedonians, 3 per cent Germans, and 2 per cent Belgians. The changes in the races employed at the glass plant affected the population of the town, which is now composed chiefly of Americans, Slovaks, Italians, and Poles. The only signs of the former Belgian population are a few business establishments which retired Belgian glass workers have established.

CREIGHTON, PA.

Creighton forms a link in the chain of glass communities along the Allegheny River, and comprises one township. The population is composed almost entirely of the employees of an important plate-glass plant, which was established in 1884. At the time the glass factory was placed in operation the population of the community was composed chiefly of Belgians, who predominated, Germans, English, and Americans. Since then the racial composition of the community has followed closely that of the plant. Hand methods have been employed in the plant from the beginning, and, with the exception of the introduction of electric cranes for moving glass, no machinery is used. During the early days of the plant about 50 per cent of its employees were skilled Belgians, 25 per cent skilled Germans from Westphalia and Rhenish Prussia, where the Belgian glass-making methods are used, and 25 per cent English and American, who constituted the unskilled labor in the casting rooms. At present the proportions of races employed are: Belgians, 5 per cent; Germans, 5 per cent; Italians, 20 per cent; Americans, 10 per cent; Slovaks, 30 per cent; Poles, 10 per cent; all other races, 10 per cent.

These figures show an almost total displacement of the Belgians and Germans and a displacement of about one-half of the native workmen by the Slovaks, Poles, and Italians. The causes assigned for this change in the races by the officials of the plant may be grouped as follows:

(a) The gradual decrease in the number of skilled Belgians and Germans by reason of death, retirement, return to Belgium and Germany, and employment in other glass plants located farther west.

(b) The entering into the steel works and other industries of native and English employees and of the second generation of Belgians and Germans.

(c) The influx of Slovak, Polish, and Italian workmen, and their influence in the unskilled labor market of the Pittsburg district since 1898.

The first of the recent immigrants were employed in 1898. Slovaks were employed in 1898 and the Poles in 1900, but not until about 1907 were the Italians employed in any considerable numbers. The Slovaks and Poles took the place of the unskilled natives and others as they were either advanced into the skilled occupations in the glass factory or entered new fields of work. As the Belgians and Germans gradually left, numbers of Slovaks and Poles were advanced into the skilled occupations. At the present time the unskilled labor is done by the Italians and Macedonians. A large number of the first layers, first grinders, and first polishers—among the most skilled operatives in the plant—are Slovaks and Poles. The Slovaks, however, are the predominating race in the plant at the present time.

The Poles and Slovaks are not regarded as the equals of the average Belgian and German glass workers, or that of the natives, but the officials of the factory claim that they are the best workers who can be secured in face of the competition which exists between the larger industries for native labor, and of the cessation of immigration of skilled glass workers from Belgium and Germany. Due to this situation, the vacancies in the plant have been filled as they occurred with Slovaks and Poles, who, however, demanded much attention to fit them for the work.

KANE, PA.

Swedish immigration.—The foreign population of Kane and vicinity is composed chiefly of Swedes. Swedish settlers entered the community as early as 1866, when about ten families established permanent homes. Since that date the Swedes have steadily settled in the town. The largest immigration of the race during any five-year period was in 1895–1900. Comparatively few have come in the last five years. At present there are between 1,200 and 1,300 Swedes in Kane, while in a 5-mile radius their total number exceeds 2,000.

The Swedes first entered occupations in the lumbering industry and in a few cases found employment on farms in the vicinity of Kane. It was only a short while before a number of the latter owned their own farms. Lumbering as an industry in the Kane section has greatly diminished in the last few years, and to some extent the Swedes have been displaced in the camps by Italians. At present the Swedes are engaged in business for themselves, in farming, and as farm laborers, as unskilled or semiskilled workers in the window-glass factories, in lumbering and in general labor, such as carpentering and household servants. Thirty-six Swedes are engaged in business in the town, some of them being among the leading merchants and manufacturers in the community. About twelve Swedes are engaged in operating dairies, constituting practically all the milk dealers in the town. Ten per cent of the total employees in the window-glass factories are Swedes, but with a very few exceptions they have not risen to the highest skilled occupations; they are chiefly unskilled laborers, or semiskilled helpers.

Three Swedish churches have been organized in Kane, with a total membership of about 1,000. They have four fraternal organizations of a beneficial nature with a total membership of about 400. The Swedish language is used in the churches for the purpose of keeping up their language, and it is stated that there is a conscious effort toward perpetuating their peculiar customs and religious sectarianism. Notwithstanding this, the Swedes are unquestionably the most progressive of all the foreign races in the locality. While they have not excelled as workers in the glass industry, they have migrated only to a very small extent. As a race, they have settled permanently, acquired property, and have entered into the life of the community.

Belgian immigration.—Next to the Swedes, the Belgians, together with a few northern French, have resided in the community the longest. Presenting a strong contrast to the Swedes, they have come for the purpose of being employed as glass workers, and have been almost exclusively so employed since their first arrival. The first glass factories were started about 1890, and until very recent years,

all of them have been operated as hand factories, requiring a relatively large number of skilled workmen. The Belgians have supplied practically all of the blowers, and, except where machinery has been introduced, they have been supplanted to a very slight extent.

The Belgians have settled permanently in a large number of cases, but not to the extent that the Swedes have done, because of the tendency among peculiarly skilled workmen to move from one factory to another. Practically none of the Belgians are engaged in business; they have no separate churches; and are not joined together in secular organizations to the same extent as the Swedes. For twenty years, Belgians have been coming to the community, their population being augmented with the establishment of each new glass factory. At present, it is estimated that their total population is about 400. This comparatively small number, when we consider the fact that there are eight glass factories, is explained by first, the smallness of the plants, especially of the hand factories, and second, by the lack of the need for a proportionately large number of skilled glass workers in the four plants manufacturing window glass.

Italian immigration.—The third immigrant race to come to Kane were the Italians. It is stated that a few came as early as 1890. The great majority, however, have come within the last eight to ten years. They have entered upon the following occupations: (1) Municipal street construction, (2) railroad construction, (3) lumbering, (4) unskilled laborers in glass factories, and (5) small trades and miscellaneous occupations. During a strike which occurred in one of the more important glass factories, Italians were brought in as strike breakers. The strike was occasioned largely by the introduction of machinery to supplant skilled labor, which made possible the employment of unskilled and cheaper labor. The Italians in the community are migratory, although there are about 50 families, the heads of which have become naturalized citizens. The estimated Italian population at present is between 400 and 500. They have made very little progress, although they are well regarded by one of the large window-glass companies. A distinction has been drawn by the employers in favor of the North Italian, and there is a sentiment expressed by all the employers against the South Italians, although they are employed in practically all the industries located in the community on account of availability and their willingness to work for low wages. No Italians have engaged in business except the operation of a half-dozen fruit stands and two shoe repair shops. They have no church organizations, although they are contemplating starting one. A number of larger Italian beneficial societies are patronized.

Polish and Slovak immigration.—The Poles and the Slovaks first entered Kane about 1905. They are found employed at only one plate-glass plant. A number of other races are employed in this plant, but the Poles and Slovaks are not found employed in the window-glass plants. They are almost entirely unskilled laborers. Neither the Poles nor the Slovaks have any churches or schools. They live in the outlying sections of the town in the vicinity of the establishment where they are employed. None of them are engaged in business, and in practically every way they are isolated from the other races except while at work. Their total population does not exceed 200,

which is about equally divided, so far as could be ascertained, between the two races.

The Macedonians, Hebrews, and Greeks.—The last race to be employed as industrial workers in the locality were the Macedonians. These people have practically all come since the beginning of 1907, and are employed in the glass plants as unskilled laborers in the lowest occupations. Their total population is not greater than 250. They have not settled permanently, have no organizations, and but few families are found among them. A few Russian Hebrews have been employed in the glass factories, as well as a small number of Greeks. They are of the same class as the Macedonians, and exhibit a strong aversion to work in the factories. As soon as possible they enter into small businesses, the Hebrews starting as junk and second-hand clothes dealers and the Greeks as candy, peanut, and fruit dealers. The Greeks operate three candy kitchens, but the Hebrews are not as advanced as in other localities. Both of these races, however, have been in Kane less than three years, and their total combined population is not over 50.

JEANNETTE, PA.

The chief foreign population of Jeanette is composed of Italians, about 15 per cent of whom are North Italians, with a total population of between 1,200 and 1,500. There are about 100 Poles, 25 Slovaks, a few Russian Hebrews, and a small number of first-generation Belgians and Germans, together with a few of the second generation of the latter.

The Belgians, with a few English, were the first immigrants to enter the community. They were induced to come to Jeanette by the establishment of a window-glass factory in 1888. About the same time a number of German miners were employed in the coal mines in the locality. The Belgians composed 75 per cent of the employees of the window-glass plant when it was placed in operation, and constituted, with the exception of a few English, all of the skilled workers. The unskilled workers at that time were all native Americans. Belgians continued as skilled workers and in about the same proportion to the total number of employees in the plant until the strike of 1903 and the introduction of machinery in 1904.

Following the introduction of machinery in 1904 all of the Belgians, except those who owned property, left Jeanette to seek employment in other communities where the work was done by hand. Americans were placed on the machines, the introduction of which meant a large increase in the numbers of unskilled and semiskilled workmen. The lower occupations were filled by Italians and Poles and Slovaks. At the present time 70 per cent of the window-glass workers are recent immigrants of this class, chiefly Italians.

The Italians have to some extent entered the semiskilled occupations, earning from \$20 to \$25 per week. A few Belgian flatteners and cutters are still employed, since this work is still done by hand, but their number is gradually diminishing because of the cessation of immigration of Belgian glass workers and the removal by death of those now employed. Americans are gradually taking their places.

On the other hand, the plant of a bottle manufacturing company located in the community has employed a large proportion of Italians since it was started in 1898. Of the total employees in this establish-

ment, 300 in all, about 175 have always been Italians, of whom 50 are from northern Italy. In addition to the Italians, there are about 10 Poles, 6 Belgians, and one or two Slovaks. All of this class of labor receive from 15 to 20 cents per hour for men and from 11 to 15 cents per hour for boys, the work being largely unskilled and carried on in ten-hour periods a day. Americans do all of the skilled work in the bottle works, receiving from \$6 to \$9 per day on piecework. They constitute about one-third of the total number of employees. There has been practically no change in the racial composition of this plant since it was started, with the exception of the small number of Poles who have been employed within the past five years.

These two glass plants employ practically all of the immigrant labor in the community, and the changes which have been made by them in the races employed furnish the history of immigration.

NEW EAGLE, PA.

The New Eagle factory of one of the large window-glass companies was started in 1893 as a hand-working plant. From that date until about 1900 the skilled work was done by Belgians, who composed about 34 per cent of the entire force, and by native Americans. The unskilled occupations were filled exclusively by natives. A large number of Belgians left in 1900, and all of that race, with the exception of some half dozen, left in 1903. Their places were supplied by Americans and to a very small extent by Slovaks and Poles. At the present time there are not more than two dozen Belgians, Poles, and Slovaks employed in the plant. No Italians or other races have ever been employed. The plant, therefore, is practically operated by native Americans.

The following reasons for this unusual condition were given by the officials of the establishment:

(a) The Belgians, who formed the nucleus of the skilled workers during the first ten years that the plant was operated, left because:

(1) A strike for higher wages resulted in 1900, in which the Belgians were involved. The strike was lost, and the majority of the race as well as other skilled workers left to seek employment in other glass plants.

(2) Machinery was introduced in all departments of the plant in 1903, except in the flattening and cutting departments. The result of this was the displacement of all skilled hand work by machine labor for which a less degree of skill and a smaller number of workers, in proportion to the output, was required. The remaining Belgians and skilled native hand workers consequently left.

(b) The superintendent of the plant was opposed to using the class of immigrant labor represented by the Slovaks, Poles, and Italians and adopted the policy of replacing the Belgian and other skilled hand workers with American laborers. This he has been able to accomplish largely, according to his statement, for the following reasons:

(1) Because the plant does not, like the glass plants at Charleroi and Arnold, for instance, have to compete for labor with other industries for the reason that it pays higher wages. The following exhibits the average wage paid machine pieceworkers per shift of eight hours during the year 1907.

Blower.....	\$3. 03
Capper.....	2. 69
Taker down.....	2. 41
Cracker open.....	2. 16
Ladlers.....	2. 91
Skimmers.....	2. 22
Shove boys.....	2. 17
Leer tenders.....	2. 17

The result of this has been that a good class of American labor has been introduced.

(2) Because a policy of picking men by personal work through those already employed and by a system of advancement based on quality of work as well as quantity has been followed. Testers of glass are employed, and a rivalry between employees is encouraged.

(3) Because a modified system of welfare work, consisting of encouraging the men in athletics, such as baseball and football, has been instituted. The plant has gained a reputation not only for high wages, but also for athletics, a fact which the superintendent believes has helped to solve the labor question. The result is that over half the employees are under 30 years of age, only six or seven being over 40, the average being about 28 years old. About 50 per cent of the employees have families. As the company owns no houses, the welfare work is confined largely to the work among the younger men.

CHARLEROI, PA.

The town of Charleroi, although located in a bituminous-coal mining district, supports a number of important glass factories, which constitute its chief industry. In 1908 the estimated population was 9,000, composed of the following races:

Americans.....	3, 000
Belgians (including French).....	1, 200
Croatians.....	100
Germans.....	500
Hebrews.....	100
Italians.....	1, 200
Magyars.....	100
Poles.....	500
Russians.....	300
Slovaks.....	1, 700
All other races.....	300
Total.....	9, 000

The first glass plant erected in the community was followed by several other establishments in the course of a few years. To provide the necessary skilled labor to operate the new plants, large numbers of Belgian, English, German, and French glass workers, who had learned their trades in Europe, were imported by the larger companies. The unskilled occupations were filled by native Americans and a few Germans. As most of the work demanded trained operatives, under the hand methods employed at that time, the number of unskilled employees was comparatively small. In the course of a year or two the Americans were slowly advanced into the skilled occupations as they mastered their trades.

Just at this period, however, the methods of manufacture were revolutionized in the glass industry by the introduction of machinery.

Instead of the demand for skilled hand workers a demand was created for cheaper laborers possessed of sufficient intelligence to operate the machines. The labor organizations among the glass workers in Charleroi immediately recognized this new element and directed all of their powers to prevent the installation of machinery in the plants. Their efforts were defeated in 1898, when one of the largest plate-glass works abolished the old hand methods. By 1904 each plant in the community was fully equipped with labor-saving machinery.

With the defeat of the unions, and the adoption of machine methods, employment of the recent races of immigration began. Slovaks, Russians, Poles, and Italians were employed in larger numbers by the plate-glass plants and the chimney works. The industry in Charleroi is practically conducted as an "open shop" at present, but the labor organizations are making every effort possible to unionize the several plants, in the hope of being able to put an end to the employment of cheap immigrant labor, which has recently entered the locality.

The following statement shows periods of immigration of each immigrant race employed in the glass establishments of Charleroi and the occupations each has entered:

Race.	Year of first entrance.	Occupations entered, by percentage.		
		Glass industry.		Bituminous-coal mining industry.
		Skilled.	Unskilled.	
Belgian.....	1892	67	33	.....
French.....	1892	67	33	.....
German.....	1892	50	15	35
Slovak.....	1894	.....	67	33
Russian.....	1896	.....	50	50
Italian.....	.....	.....	33	67
Polish.....	.....	.....	20	80

NEWARK, OHIO.

The first immigrant labor was employed in the glass industry at Newark as early as 1874, when a group of about 50 Roumanians and Magyars were imported as unskilled laborers by one of the most important bottle works. With the increased use of machinery, the number of immigrants employed by this plant has been enlarged to provide the necessary unskilled labor with which to carry on operations. At the present time over 300 Magyars, Roumanians, and Italians are numbered among its employees, and officials of the company report that they have found the immigrants very satisfactory as unskilled laborers.

Employment of foreign labor in Newark is confined to the bottle works, however, where about 30 per cent of the total number of employees, under normal conditions, are immigrants. The proportion of unskilled labor will steadily increase in this plant, it is claimed, and in the opinion of the superintendent, the immigrants will be given the preference, as they are more reliable than unskilled American labor,

and can stand the heat of the furnaces more easily. The Roumanians and Magyars compose the present immigration, and the future immigration will no doubt be made up principally of the same races.

CRYSTAL CITY, MO.

Crystal City has been developed industrially since the year 1875. In that year an important plate-glass company entered the community and erected a glass factory which now gives employment to about 600 persons. Native Americans, English, Slovaks, Roumanians, and Poles compose the labor forces of the plant, as well as the population of the town, which was estimated at 1,600 individuals in 1909. This glass factory is the only industrial establishment in Crystal City, and the history of its development is the industrial and racial history of the community.

The factory was established with a working force of about 100 skilled English glass workers, and an equal number of native Americans employed in the unskilled occupations. At the time the plant was established glass making was a new enterprise in the United States, while in England, France, and Belgium it was numbered among the most important industries. It was impossible, therefore, to secure skilled native glass workers, and in turning to the European labor markets for the supply of skilled workmen required to operate the factory the officials of the new company gave the preference to the English glass workers in that they spoke a common language. The English glass workers who were imported by the factory at this time formed the first immigrant colony in the town.

From the year of establishment until 1906 no appreciable increase was made in the number of employees in the factory, although machines and modern methods were slowly introduced. In the latter part of the year 1906 the plant was enlarged, and a demand created for additional labor which resulted in the importation of a group of 40 Roumanians, which people had been successfully employed in the glass factories in the Eastern States. The institution of machinery had made necessary the employment of larger numbers of unskilled workmen, and as the experiment with the Roumanians was successful, a number of Slovaks and Poles were imported in 1909.

The colonies which these races formed in the town have been enlarged from time to time by immigrants seeking employment. About 50 per cent of the total population of the town at the present time is composed of recent immigrants, while the racial composition of the glass factory is about 50 per cent native American, 25 per cent English, 12 per cent Slovak, 8 per cent Roumanian, and 5 per cent Polish. The present immigration to Crystal City is chiefly made up of Slovaks, Roumanians, and Poles.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA.

In discussing the history of immigration to Clarksburg, W. Va., two glass companies will be considered, as the other establishments of this nature in the community are small and employ no immigrant labor. The two companies referred to will be designated as company No. 1 and company No. 2.

Company No. 1 was established in 1903, and in that year the first immigrants employed in the glass industry came to the locality. In

the manufacture of glass, skilled labor is required and in 1903, at the time of the establishment of the plant, no experienced labor could be secured in Clarksburg. Company No. 1 was forced to go elsewhere to procure the labor necessary to the operating of the plant. This labor was obtained from several glass manufacturing communities in other localities and brought to Clarksburg.

The working force consisted of about 150 men, of whom 25 per cent were of foreign birth. The immigrant labor was distributed over the entire plant—that is, in both the skilled and unskilled occupations. However, the larger proportion of the foreign-born employees, or about 90 per cent, were employed in the skilled occupations, such as blowing, flattening, cutting, etc., and was made up of Belgians, Germans, and English. The Belgians constituted one-half of this number and the Germans and English contributed equally to the other half. The remaining proportion of the foreign-born employees was made up of Italians and Irish, the former predominating. The employees who were of the last two races mentioned were engaged entirely in the unskilled occupations.

The approximate make-up of the force brought in at the time of the establishment of the plant was as follows:

Native-born American.....	113
Belgian.....	16
German.....	8
English.....	8
Italian.....	5
Irish.....	2

At the present time (1909) the company employs a force of 180 men, and the racial make-up has changed very slightly. The Germans have given way to native skilled workers. There seems to be no available reason for this, as the Germans left one by one, which at least shows that they had no common cause for leaving. Except in this instance the proportion of immigrants employed has remained practically unchanged and has not increased.

Company No. 2 was established in Clarksburg in 1907. This company had formerly operated in Pennsylvania, where a large percentage of the employees were of foreign birth. This element did not come to Clarksburg, and when the factory was ready to resume operations in 1907 only about 15 of the former employees were present, all of whom were native-born Americans employed in the skilled occupations. The company advertised for labor, and no concerted effort was made to bring in employees from other localities. With the exception of the 15 native-born employees who came to Clarksburg when the plant was moved from Pennsylvania, the entire force was hired upon personal application.

No effort was made to secure workers of any particular race. The labor in all cases has been picked up at random, skill being the main consideration. At the present time (1909) the force of this company is made up of 275 employees, divided by race as follows:

Native-born American.....	245
Belgian.....	10
German.....	8
English.....	8
Irish.....	4

This force is about the same as that employed at the time of the opening of the plant, and there has been no increase in the number of immigrant workers employed during the two years that company No. 2 has operated in Clarksburg.

MORGANTOWN, W. VA.

There has never been any definite influx of foreign labor in the glass industry in Morgantown, W. Va. The immigrants now employed have drifted in singly and in small groups from time to time. This being true, it would seem that the clearest way to present the history of immigration is to discuss each plant separately, from which a general conclusion can be drawn.

Morgantown contains three distinct branches of glass manufacture. These are seen in the manufacture of wire glass, window glass, and glass tumblers. The two former of these are represented by two companies which will be designated as company No. 1 and company No. 2, and the latter by company No. 3 and company No. 4 jointly. One or two other factories are located at Morgantown, but are so small as to be of no importance in the racial composition of the glass industry.

The plant of company No. 1 was established in 1903, at which time and up to one year after the plant went into operation no foreign labor was employed. In 1904 a small group consisting of about 10 men, made up of Italians and Poles, were employed. They were not employed at one time nor with regard to race, but simply at random as they applied for work throughout the course of the year. All foreign labor which has entered this plant has done so in this manner at various times up to the present date (1909), when, out of a working force of 175 men 25 per cent are of foreign birth, equally divided between Italians and Slovaks.

In the early period of its operation company No. 1 manufactured its products only in the rough, but in 1904 a polishing department was installed in conjunction with the manufacturing. The character of the work in this department is very dirty and unhealthful, causing the company immediate trouble in obtaining native labor to undertake this work. Due to this fact the first foreign labor was brought into the plant. No concerted effort was made on the part of the company to secure immigrant labor, but they were employed only in sufficient number from time to time to replace the natives who were leaving the polishing department.

As has been noted, the original foreign labor employed in this plant consisted of Poles and Italians. During the intervening time, since this first group was employed, a complete displacement of the Poles by Slovaks has taken place. The first Slovaks, four or five in number, applied for work and were employed in 1906, and have since increased to their present number. No reason is shown for the departure of the Poles other than a dislike for the nature of the work and a desire to enter the coal-mining industry, where earnings are higher.

Company No. 2 established a plant in Morgantown in 1901, with 240 employees. A large per cent of this force was of foreign birth, of which approximately 20 per cent were Belgians, 10 per cent English, and a small proportion were Germans. The same racial

composition exists in this plant up to the present time (1909), with the exception of a few months previous to the strike which occurred in December, 1908. At this time five or six Swedes were employed, but left when the strike occurred and found work elsewhere. The present contingent of foreign labor employed by this company has come into the plant at various times for no other reason than to fill vacancies in the operating force. None were brought to the locality, but were employed from time to time as they applied for work.

Since their size, racial composition, and character of work are so similar, company No. 3 and company No. 4 can be considered jointly. Each plant employs about 250 people, approximately 10 per cent of whom are females.

Company No. 3 was established in Morgantown in 1896. It was not a new concern, having previously operated in Ohio. Scarcity of fuel in the form of natural gas was the cause for the change of locality. The problem was solved at Morgantown, W. Va. At their former location in Ohio this company employed approximately 10 per cent of immigrant labor in their blowing department. This percentage was made up of Belgians and Germans, divided in proportions of $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent Belgians and $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent Germans, which proportion still exists, with the addition of a few Irish.

The prime reason for the employment of foreign labor by company No. 3 is that it is a partially cooperative company, established by foreign labor at its former location in Ohio. This of course leads the company to employ foreign labor where its efficiency is equal to that of the native element, and the foreign labor which is employed is confined to the Belgian and German races. This preference is shown because of the skilled labor which these two races contribute to the glass industry in the blowing departments and also because the cooperative members of the company are of these races.

Company No. 4 in its racial make-up closely resembles company No. 3 in the number of each race employed and the length of time the plant has been in operation in this locality. The plants are approximately of the same size and age, company No. 4 having been established a few months later than company No. 3. It was, however, a new concern, never having operated previous to this time at any other place. The reason immigrant labor was employed by this company is the same as that governing the other glass companies in this locality. This, as seen before, is inability, in a measure, on the part of the employers to secure a sufficient amount of native skilled labor, thereby necessitating them to complete their force with such immigrant skilled labor as applied for work.

A very peculiar fact is noticeable throughout the four companies which have been discussed in regard to the employment of foreign labor. In each case there has seemed to be a certain lack of native labor, chiefly in the blowing departments. Notwithstanding this, however, none of the employers will admit of ever having made any direct efforts to induce labor of this class, either foreign or native, to come to this community. Foreign labor in all cases has been employed upon the personal application of the individual except in the instance of the cooperative members of Company No. 3, who came to Morgantown from Ohio when the plant was moved.

PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN THE UNITED STATES OF FOREIGN-BORN EMPLOYEES AND MEMBERS OF THEIR HOUSEHOLDS.

The character of recent and past immigration to the industry may be seen from the series of tables next presented, which set forth the period of residence in the United States of foreign-born glass workers. Period of residence in this country and period of employment in the industry are not, of course, necessarily identical, but they closely approximate each other. The first table submitted, which follows below, shows, by race, the per cent of foreign-born male employees in plate-glass factories who had been in the United States each specified number of years:

TABLE 15.—Per cent of foreign-born male employees in the United States each specified number of years, by race.—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad. This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent in United States each specified number of years.				
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Bulgarian.....	73	97.3	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
English.....	71	18.3	1.4	.0	7.0	73.2
French.....	52	1.9	15.4	.0	34.6	48.1
German.....	248	10.9	10.1	6.0	28.2	44.8
Greek.....	108	87.0	11.1	.9	.9	.0
Italian, North.....	41	80.5	14.6	2.4	.0	2.4
Macedonian.....	59	100.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Magyar.....	147	65.3	26.5	6.1	1.4	.7
Polish.....	419	47.5	32.7	6.9	7.4	5.5
Roumanian.....	40	97.5	2.5	.0	.0	.0
Russian.....	107	51.4	36.4	8.4	3.7	.0
Slovak.....	549	56.1	29.5	7.3	4.7	2.4
Total.....	2,138	49.5	21.7	5.5	9.5	13.8

Of the total number of male employees, 49.5 per cent have been in the United States less than five years; 21.7 per cent have been here five to nine years. A considerably smaller proportion reports the remaining specified periods of residence. The Macedonians, Roumanians, and Bulgarians are the most recent arrivals, from 100 per cent to 97.3 per cent of each having been in the United States less than five years. The English, on the other hand, in large part, have been here twenty years or over. Also relatively large proportions of the French and Germans, as compared with the other races, report a residence of at least twenty years.

The following table shows, by race, the percentage of foreign-born male employees in window-glass plants who had been in the United States each specified number of years:

TABLE 16.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees in the United States each specified number of years, by race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States; No deduction is made for time spent abroad. This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent in United States each specified number of years.				
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
English.....	46	2.2	4.3	2.2	8.7	82.6
Italian, North.....	97	60.8	24.7	6.2	3.1	5.2
Italian, South.....	162	51.2	32.1	8.6	5.6	2.5
Polish.....	41	58.5	36.6	2.4	.0	2.4
Swedish.....	61	6.6	18.0	19.7	23.0	32.8
Total.....	654	34.9	20.8	8.3	11.8	24.3

Of the 654 foreign-born male employees in this industry, for whom information was obtained, 34.9 per cent have been in the United States under five years, 20.8 per cent from five to nine years, 8.3 per cent from ten to fourteen years, 11.8 per cent from fifteen to nineteen years, and 24.3 per cent twenty years or over. The largest proportions of North Italians, South Italians, and Poles have been in the United States under five years. In striking contrast to these proportions are those of the English and Swedes, 2.2 and 6.6 per cent of whom, respectively, have been in the United States for the above specified period. The English and Swedes again show the smallest proportions who have been in the United States from five to nine years—the two combined reporting a proportion slightly below that of the North Italians, who report a smaller proportion than do the South Italians or Poles. Of those who have been in the United States from ten to fourteen and from fifteen to nineteen years, the Swedes in each instance show a much larger proportion than is shown by any other race. Among those who have been in the United States twenty years or over, the Poles, with 2.4 per cent, show the smallest proportion, while the English, with 82.6 per cent, show a proportion largely in excess of the proportions of all other races combined, the Swedes showing the next highest proportion, with this period of residence, or 32.8 per cent.

The table next submitted shows, by race, the percentage of foreign-born male employees engaged in manufacturing glass bottles who had been in the United States each specified number of years.

TABLE 17.—Per cent of foreign-born male employees in the United States each specified number of years, by race—Glass bottles.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad. This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent in United States each specified number of years.				
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
German.....	111	8.1	3.6	3.6	17.1	67.6
Italian, North.....	92	64.1	26.1	6.5	2.2	1.1
Italian, South.....	352	68.5	24.1	4.3	1.4	1.7
Polish.....	95	78.9	12.6	4.2	2.1	2.1
Roumanian.....	50	96.0	4.0	.0	.0	.0
Slovak.....	43	62.8	20.9	2.3	9.3	4.7
Total.....	987	55.8	17.3	4.1	5.0	17.8

The foregoing table shows that of 987 males 55.8 per cent have been in the United States under five years, 17.3 per cent from five to nine years, 4.1 per cent from ten to fourteen years, 5 per cent from fifteen to nineteen years, and 17.8 per cent have been here twenty years or over. Over 67 per cent of the Germans have been here twenty years or over, while less than 5 per cent of the North Italians, South Italians, Poles, and Slovaks have been here so long. The newest immigrant race is the Roumanian, 96 per cent of whom have been here under five years and none over nine years. The greatest proportions of North Italians, South Italians, Poles, and Slovaks have been here less than five years.

The following table shows by sex and race the percentage of foreign-born employees engaged in the manufacture of tableware who had been in the United States each specified number of years:

TABLE 18.—Per cent of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad. This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent in United States each specified number of years.				
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
German.....	289	27.0	14.2	4.8	20.8	33.2
Italian, South.....	84	42.9	29.8	16.7	9.5	1.2
Polish.....	89	43.8	21.3	7.9	16.9	10.1
Slovak.....	96	56.3	27.1	3.1	6.3	7.3
Total.....	865	34.9	22.9	7.2	15.1	19.9

TABLE 18.—*Per cent of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race—Tableware—Continued.*

FEMALE.						
Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent in United States each specified number of years.				
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
German.....	22	31.8	22.7	.0	22.7	22.7
Italian, South.....	6	50.0	16.7	33.3	.0	.0
Polish.....	19	47.4	10.5	21.1	21.1	.0
Slovak.....	23	73.9	26.1	.0	.0	.0
Total.....	137	43.1	21.2	8.8	19.0	8.0

TOTAL.						
German.....	311	27.3	14.8	4.5	20.9	32.5
Italian, South.....	90	43.3	28.9	17.8	8.9	1.1
Polish.....	108	44.4	19.4	10.2	17.6	8.3
Slovak.....	119	59.7	26.9	2.5	5.0	5.9
Total.....	1,002	36.0	22.7	7.4	15.7	18.3

The totals of the above table show that the highest percentage of employees in this industry have been in the United States under five years, the next highest percentage have had a residence in this country of from five to nine years, while only slightly smaller proportions have resided in the United States twenty years or over. A somewhat smaller proportion are included in the group having a residence of from fifteen to nineteen years, while only 7.4 per cent have been in this country from ten to fourteen years. Of the foreign-born races Germans are shown by the table to be the oldest immigrants, 32.5 per cent of this race having been in the United States twenty years or over as contrasted with only 1.1 per cent of South Italians. Slovaks are shown to be the most recently arrived immigrants, 59.7 per cent having been in this country under five years, as contrasted with 27.3 per cent of Germans with an equal period of residence.

Females show a considerably larger proportion than males who have been in the United States under five years, while males show a considerably higher percentage than females with a residence of twenty years or over. No South Italian females have been in the United States over fifteen years, and no female Slovaks have a residence in this country of over ten years.

The table following and accompanying chart show, by sex and race, the percentage of foreign-born employees in all divisions of the industry studied who had been in the United States under one year, one year, two years, etc.

TABLE 19.—Per cent of foreign-born employees in the United States under 1 year, 1 year, 2 years, etc., by sex and race—Industry as a whole.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad. This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent in United States each specified number of years.								
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
English.....	191	0.0	1.6	4.2	5.2	1.6	4.2	4.2	9.4	69.6
French.....	120	.8	1.7	1.7	.8	1.7	29.2	2.5	25.0	36.7
German.....	679	.9	2.7	3.8	5.4	4.3	10.8	5.0	22.4	44.8
Greek.....	117	12.8	19.7	36.8	10.3	6.0	12.0	.9	.9	.9
Italian, North.....	281	5.3	7.5	20.3	16.4	12.1	26.0	5.7	4.3	2.5
Italian, South.....	620	8.4	4.5	17.9	18.2	11.3	27.3	6.9	3.7	1.8
Magyar.....	208	2.4	3.8	30.3	17.8	15.9	22.1	5.3	1.4	1.0
Polish.....	644	6.1	6.1	18.6	12.1	9.5	28.4	6.4	7.5	5.4
Roumanian.....	96	6.3	14.6	50.0	21.9	3.1	4.2	.0	.0	.0
Russian.....	143	7.7	5.6	21.0	12.6	8.4	33.6	8.4	2.8	.0
Slovak.....	691	4.3	7.2	18.5	14.6	11.7	28.5	6.4	5.4	3.3
Swedish.....	102	.0	.0	2.0	4.9	4.9	21.6	14.7	16.7	35.3
Total.....	4,644	4.4	6.0	16.1	11.6	8.0	20.9	5.9	9.9	17.2

FEMALE.

English.....	7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	42.9	14.3	28.6	14.3
French.....	13	15.4	7.7	.0	23.1	15.4	.0	7.7	30.8	.0
German.....	22	.0	9.1	4.5	13.6	4.5	22.7	.0	22.7	22.7
Italian, North.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Italian, South.....	6	.0	33.3	.0	.0	16.7	16.7	33.3	.0	.0
Magyar.....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	19	10.5	15.8	5.3	10.5	5.3	10.5	21.1	21.1	.0
Russian.....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Slovak.....	23	4.3	13.0	39.1	8.7	8.7	26.1	.0	.0	.0
Swedish.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total.....	137	5.8	11.7	8.8	9.5	7.3	21.2	8.8	19.0	8.0

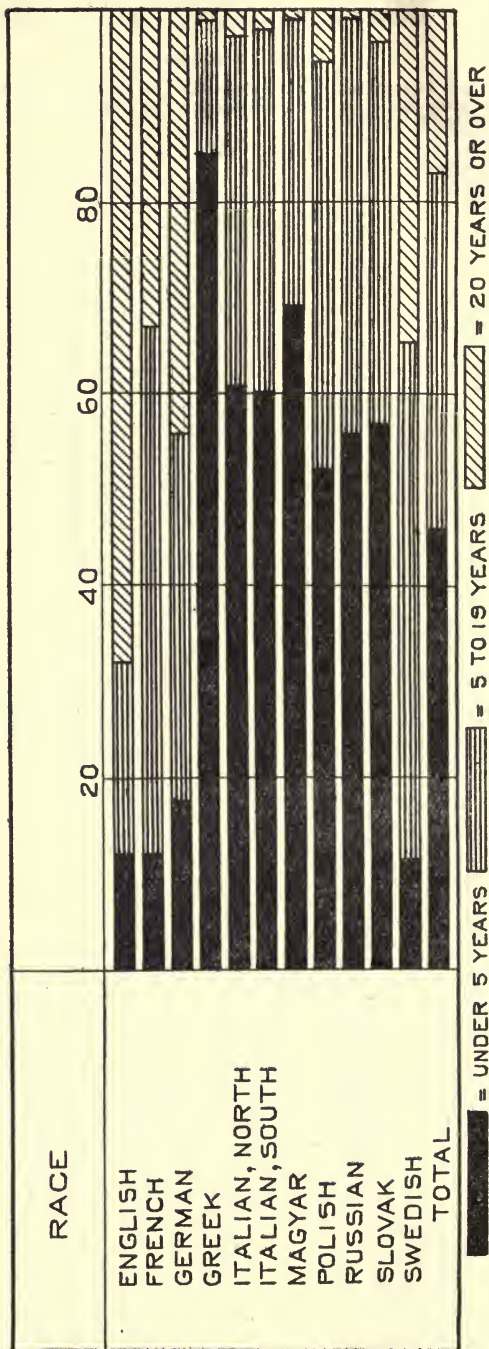
TOTAL.

English.....	198	0.0	1.5	4.0	5.1	1.5	5.6	4.5	10.1	67.7
French.....	133	2.3	2.3	1.5	3.0	3.0	26.3	3.0	25.6	35.1
German.....	701	.9	2.9	3.9	5.7	4.3	11.1	4.9	22.4	44.1
Greek.....	117	12.8	19.7	36.8	10.3	6.0	12.0	.9	.9	.9
Italian, North.....	284	5.3	7.4	20.1	16.2	12.0	26.1	6.0	4.6	2.5
Italian, South.....	626	8.3	4.8	17.7	18.1	11.3	27.2	7.2	3.7	1.8
Magyar.....	212	2.4	4.2	29.7	17.5	15.6	22.6	5.7	1.4	.9
Polish.....	663	6.2	6.3	18.3	12.1	9.4	27.9	6.8	7.8	5.3
Roumanian.....	96	6.3	14.6	50.0	21.9	3.1	4.2	.0	.0	.0
Russian.....	147	8.2	5.4	20.4	12.9	8.8	32.7	8.2	2.7	.7
Slovak.....	714	4.3	7.4	19.2	14.4	11.6	28.4	6.2	5.2	3.2
Swedish.....	104	.0	.0	1.9	4.8	4.8	21.2	14.4	18.3	34.6
Total.....	4,781	4.5	6.1	15.9	11.6	7.9	20.9	6.0	10.2	17.0

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Per cent of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by race.

[This chart shows only races with 100 or more reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]



A larger proportion of the total number of foreign-born employees have been in the United States five to nine years than those of any other residence period. Moreover, relatively larger proportions have been here two years and twenty years or over as compared with the proportions reporting other periods of residence in this country. The majority of the employees have been here five years or over. The majority of each sex have been here five years or over and a larger proportion five to nine years than those of any other period.

There is, however, a good deal of variation in the length of residence of the specified races. The immigrants of longest residence in this country are the English, the greater part of whom have been here twenty years or over. The greater part of the French, Germans, and Swedes have been here 15 years or over. On the other hand, the most recent arrivals are the Greeks and Roumanians, who have come in greater part within three years.

The final table submitted in this connection sets forth, by race of individual, the percentage of foreign-born persons in the households studied who had been in the United States each specified number of years. The heads of these households were employed in the different branches of the industry studied.

TABLE 20.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons in the United States each specified number of years, by race of individual—Industry as a whole.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad. This table includes only races with 20 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent of persons in United States each specified number of years.		
		Under 5.	Under 10.	Under 20.
Flemish.....	135	11.1	23.7	49.6
French.....	25	4.0	20.0	64.0
German.....	208	13.0	20.2	57.2
Italian, North.....	77	71.4	96.1	100.0
Italian, South.....	42	52.4	88.1	95.2
Magyar.....	85	61.2	97.6	100.0
Polish.....	318	38.4	78.9	96.5
Slovak.....	414	40.3	80.9	97.3
Total.....	1,316	35.3	65.5	84.9

Of 1,316 foreign-born persons shown in the above table 35.3 per cent have been in the United States under five years, 65.5 per cent have a residence of under ten years, and 84.9 per cent have been in this country under twenty years. The North Italians show slightly over 70 per cent and the Magyars slightly over 60 per cent who have been in the United States under five years, the South Italians show over 50 per cent and the Slovaks slightly over 40 per cent, the Poles somewhat under 40 per cent, and the Germans, Flemish, and French very small proportions who have been in the United States under five years. The Magyars and North Italians show over 95 per cent and the South Italians and the Slovaks over 80 per cent who have been in the United States under ten years. The Poles also show a considerable proportion of persons having this period of residence,

while the percentage of the Flemish, the French, and the Germans who have been in this country under ten years is comparatively small. All of the North Italians and Magyars have been in the United States under twenty years and over 95 per cent of the Slovaks, Poles, and South Italians have been in this country under the above specified number of years. The French, the Germans, and the Flemish show the smallest percentage who have been in the United States under twenty years.

RACIAL CLASSIFICATION OF EMPLOYEES AT THE PRESENT TIME.

The racial composition of the operating forces is exhibited by the series of tables next presented. The first table submitted, which immediately follows, shows by race the number and per cent of male plate-glass workers for whom information was secured.

TABLE 21.—Number and per cent of male employees of each race for whom information was secured—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.	Per cent of total.	General nativity and race.	Number.	Per cent of total.
Native-born of native father:			Foreign-born by race—Cont'd.		
White.....	1,110	30.4	Greek.....	108	3.0
Negro.....	94	2.6	Irish.....	13	.4
Native-born of foreign father,			Italian, North.....	41	1.1
by country of birth of father:			Italian, South.....	22	.6
Austria-Hungary.....	16	.4	Lithuanian.....	1	(a)
Belgium.....	10	.3	Macedonian.....	59	1.6
Canada.....	8	.2	Magyar.....	148	4.1
England.....	38	1.0	Montenegrin.....	1	(a)
France.....	18	.5	Polish.....	420	11.5
Germany.....	154	4.2	Portuguese.....	1	(a)
Ireland.....	32	.9	Roumanian.....	40	1.1
Italy.....	1	(a)	Russian.....	107	2.9
Russia.....	5	.1	Ruthenian.....	23	.6
Scotland.....	9	.2	Scotch.....	6	.2
Spain.....	1	(a)	Servian.....	1	(a)
Sweden.....	3	.1	Slovak.....	550	15.1
Switzerland.....	4	.1	Slovenian.....	11	.3
Wales.....	3	.1	Swedish.....	3	.1
Foreign-born, by race:			Turkish.....	2	.1
Albanian.....	8	.2	Austrian (race not specified).....	1	(a)
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	.6	Belgian (race not specified).....	80	2.2
Bulgarian.....	73	2.0	Swiss (race not specified).....	4	.1
Canadian, French.....	3	.1			
Canadian, Other.....	5	.1	Grand total.....	3,646	100.0
Croatian.....	2	.1			
Danish.....	1	(a)	Total native-born of foreign		
Dutch.....	4	.1	father.....	301	8.3
Egyptian.....	4	.1	Total native-born.....	1,505	41.3
English.....	71	1.9	Total foreign-born.....	2,141	58.7
Flemish.....	6	.2			
French.....	52	1.4			
German.....	248	6.8			

^a Less than 0.05 per cent.

Of 3,646 male employees of each specified race from whom information was secured, 58.7 per cent are of foreign birth, 8.3 per cent are native-born of foreign father, 30.4 per cent are native whites, born of native father, and 2.6 per cent are native-born negroes of native father. Of the employees native-born of foreign father, those whose fathers were born in Germany show the highest percentage, followed by the employees whose fathers were born in England. No employees whose fathers were born in other specified countries show

over 1 per cent of the total number for whom information was secured. Of the employees of foreign birth the Slovaks show 15.1 per cent, the Poles 11.5 per cent, the Germans 6.8 per cent, and the Magyars 4.1 per cent, no other races showing over 3 per cent of the total number of the male employees for whom information was secured.

The following table shows the number and percentage of male employees of each race in window-glass plants for whom information was secured:

TABLE 22.—*Number and per cent of male employees of each race for whom information was secured—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.	Per cent of total.	General nativity and race.	Number.	Per cent of total.
Native-born of native father:			Foreign-born by race—Cont'd.		
White.....	669	43.2	Hebrew, Russian.....	3	0.2
Negro.....	17	1.1	Irish.....	6	.4
Native-born of foreign father,			Italian, North.....	97	6.3
by country of birth of father:			Italian, South.....	162	10.5
Belgian.....	15	1.0	Lithuanian.....	8	.5
Canada.....	2	.1	Magyar.....	11	.7
Denmark.....	2	.1	Norwegian.....	1	.1
England.....	37	2.4	Polish.....	41	2.6
France.....	13	.8	Roumanian.....	6	.4
Germany.....	75	4.8	Russian.....	2	.1
Ireland.....	32	2.1	Ruthenian.....	1	.1
Italy.....	2	.1	Scotch.....	3	.2
Scotland.....	5	.3	Slovak.....	3	.2
Sweden.....	11	.7	Swedish.....	61	3.9
Switzerland.....	1	.1	Welsh.....	1	.1
Foreign-born by race:			Belgian (race not specified).....	140	9.0
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	.1	Swiss (race not specified).....	3	.2
Canadian (other than			Grand total.....	1,548	100.0
French).....	4	.3			
Croatian.....	4	.3	Total native-born of foreign		
Danish.....	3	.2	father.....	195	12.6
English.....	48	3.1	Total native-born.....	881	56.9
French.....	19	1.2	Total foreign-born.....	667	43.1
German.....	32	2.1			
Greek.....	7	.5			

Of 1,548 male employees for whom information was secured, 43.1 per cent are foreign-born, 12.6 per cent are native-born of foreign father, 43.2 per cent are whites native-born of native father, and 1.1 per cent are negroes native-born of native father. Of the native-born of foreign father, employees whose fathers were born in Germany show the largest proportion, which is 4.8 per cent. Employees whose fathers were born in England, Ireland, and Belgium follow in the order named. No employees whose fathers were born in other specified countries show over 1 per cent of the total male employees for whom information was secured. Of employees of foreign birth the South Italian show 10.5 per cent, the Belgians (race not specified) report 9 per cent, the North Italians 6.3 per cent, the Swedes 3.9 per cent, and the English 3.1 per cent of the total number of male employees for whom information was secured. No other specified races show over 3 per cent, the majority showing less than 1 per cent of the total number for whom information was secured.

The table below shows the racial make-up of male employees of manufacturing glass-bottle plants:

TABLE 23.—Number and per cent of male employees of each race for whom information was secured—Glass bottles.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.	Per cent of total.	General nativity and race.	Number.	Per cent of total.
Native-born of native father:			Foreign-born, by race—Cont'd.		
White.....	1,801	51.2	Greek.....	3	0.1
Negro.....	135	3.8	Irish.....	21	0.6
Native-born of foreign father,			Italian, North.....	92	2.6
by country of birth of father:			Italian, South.....	354	10.1
Australia.....	3	.1	Lithuanian.....	1	(a)
Austria-Hungary.....	59	1.7	Macedonian.....	2	.1
Belgium.....	2	.1	Magyar.....	34	1.0
Canada.....	5	.1	Norwegian.....	3	.1
England.....	66	1.9	Polish.....	95	2.7
France.....	14	.4	Roumanian.....	50	1.4
Germany.....	257	7.3	Russian.....	15	.4
Ireland.....	110	3.1	Ruthenian.....	8	.2
Italy.....	21	.6	Scotch.....	14	.4
Netherlands.....	3	.1	Servian.....	7	.2
Russia.....	6	.2	Slovak.....	43	1.2
Scotland.....	21	.6	Slovenian.....	6	.2
Spain.....	1	(a)	Swedish.....	24	.7
Sweden.....	7	.2	Syrian.....	28	.8
Switzerland.....	8	.2	Welsh.....	5	.1
Wales.....	8	.2	Austrian (race not specified).....	7	.2
Foreign-born, by race:			Belgian (race not specified).....	1	(a)
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	(a)	Swiss (race not specified).....	5	.1
Bulgarian.....	1	(a)			
Canadian, French.....	1	(a)	Grand total.....	3,519	100.0
Canadian, Other.....	7	.2			
Danish.....	1	(a)	Total native-born of foreign		
Dutch.....	1	(a)	father.....	591	16.8
English.....	39	1.1	Total native-born.....	2,257	71.8
Finnish.....	1	(a)	Total foreign-born.....	992	28.2
French.....	10	.3			
German.....	112	3.2			

^a Less than 0.05 per cent.

Of 3,519 male employees for whom information was secured, 28.2 per cent were of foreign birth, 16.8 per cent were native-born of foreign father, 51.2 per cent were native whites born of native father, and 3.8 per cent were negroes native-born of native father. Of the native-born of foreign father, employees whose fathers were born in Germany show the highest percentage, followed by those whose fathers were born in Ireland, England, and Austria-Hungary. No employees whose fathers were born in other specified countries show over 1 per cent of the total number for whom information was secured. Of the foreign-born, the South Italian employees show 10.1 per cent, followed by the German employees with 3.2 per cent, no employees of the other specified races showing over 3 per cent of the total number for whom information was secured.

The table following shows by sex the number and percentage of each race employed in the manufacture of tableware for whom information was secured.

TABLE 24.—Number and per cent of employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:						
White.....	1,146	211	1,357	39.5	31.9	38.1
Negro.....	11	1	12	.4	.2	.3
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Austria-Hungary.....	68	25	93	2.3	3.8	2.6
Belgium.....	14	15	29	.5	2.3	.8
Canada.....	3	1	4	.1	.2	.1
Denmark.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
England.....	61	32	93	2.1	4.8	2.6
France.....	20	14	34	.7	2.1	1.0
Germany.....	466	159	625	16.1	24.1	17.5
Ireland.....	104	22	126	3.6	3.3	3.5
Italy.....	23	7	30	.8	1.1	.8
Russia.....	56	17	73	1.9	2.6	2.0
Scotland.....	15	6	21	.5	.9	.6
Sweden.....	3	1	4	.1	.2	.1
Switzerland.....	12	1	13	.4	.2	.4
Wales.....	13	9	22	.4	1.4	.6
Foreign-born, by race:						
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	1	10	.3	.2	.3
Bulgarian.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Canadian, French.....	1	1	2	(a)	.2	.1
Canadian, Other.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Croatian.....	6	.....	6	.2	.0	.2
Danish.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Dutch.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
English.....	35	9	44	1.2	1.4	1.2
Finnish.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
French.....	40	13	53	1.4	2.0	1.5
German.....	295	22	317	10.2	3.3	8.9
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Hebrew, Other.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Irish.....	29	1	30	1.0	.2	.8
Italian, North.....	51	3	54	1.8	.5	1.5
Italian, South.....	84	6	90	2.9	.9	2.5
Lithuanian.....	17	3	20	.6	.5	.6
Magyar.....	18	4	22	.6	.6	.6
Polish.....	96	19	115	3.3	2.9	3.2
Russian.....	19	4	23	.7	.6	.6
Scotch.....	5	2	7	.2	.3	.2
Slovak.....	99	23	122	3.4	3.5	3.4
Slovenian.....	2	.....	2	.1	.0	.1
Swedish.....	14	2	16	.5	.3	.4
Syrian.....	5	.....	5	.2	.0	.1
Welsh.....	6	5	11	.2	.8	.3
Austrian (race not specified).....	2	.....	2	.1	.0	.1
Belgian (race not specified).....	44	21	65	1.5	3.2	1.8
Swiss (race not specified).....	2	1	3	.1	.2	.1
Grand total.....	2,902	661	3,563	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	859	309	1,168	29.6	46.7	32.8
Total native-born.....	2,016	521	2,537	69.5	78.8	71.2
Total foreign-born.....	886	140	1,026	30.5	21.2	28.8

a Less than 0.05 per cent.

Of 3,563 employees for whom information was secured, the above table shows that 38.1 per cent are native-born whites of native father, 32.8 per cent are native-born of foreign father, 28.8 per cent are of foreign birth, and 0.3 per cent are negroes who are native-born of native father. The employees who are native-born of foreign father show a considerably higher per cent of females than of males, for whom information was secured, in this industry. In each of the other nativity groups the proportion of males is larger than that of females. Of the employees who are native-born of foreign father,

those whose fathers were born in Germany show 17.5 per cent and the employees whose fathers were born in Ireland show 3.5 per cent, while no employees whose fathers were of other specified races show over 3 per cent of the total number of employees in the tableware industry, for whom information was secured. In this group of employees, those whose fathers were born in Ireland and those whose fathers were born in Switzerland alone show a higher per cent of males than of females. Of the employees of foreign birth, the Germans show 8.9 per cent, the Slovaks 3.4 per cent, and the Poles 3.2 per cent, while none of the other specified races show over 3 per cent of the total number for whom information was secured. In this group the English, the French, the Scotch, the Slovaks, the Welsh, the Belgians (race not specified), and the Swiss (race not specified) show a higher per cent of females than of males for whom information was secured.

The following table and accompanying chart show the number and per cent of employees in each race for whom information was secured, by sex:

TABLE 25.—Number and per cent of employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex—Industry as a whole.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:						
White.....	4,726	211	4,937	40.7	31.9	40.2
Negro.....	257	1	258	2.2	.2	2.1
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Australia.....	3	.....	3	(a)	.0	(a)
Austria-Hungary.....	143	25	168	1.2	3.8	1.4
Belgium.....	41	15	56	.4	2.3	.5
Canada.....	18	1	19	.2	.2	.2
Denmark.....	3	.....	3	(a)	.0	(a)
England.....	202	32	234	1.7	4.8	1.9
France.....	64	14	78	.6	2.1	.6
Germany.....	952	159	1,111	8.2	24.1	9.1
Ireland.....	278	22	300	2.4	3.3	2.4
Italy.....	47	7	54	.4	1.1	.4
Netherlands.....	3	.....	3	(a)	.0	(a)
Russia.....	67	17	84	.6	2.6	.7
Scotland.....	50	6	56	.4	.9	.5
Spain.....	2	.....	2	(a)	.0	(a)
Sweden.....	24	1	25	.2	.2	.2
Switzerland.....	25	1	26	.2	.2	.2
Wales.....	24	9	33	.2	1.4	.3
Foreign-born, by race:						
Albanian.....	8	.....	8	.1	.0	.1
Bohemian and Moravian.....	33	1	34	.3	.2	.3
Bulgarian.....	75	.....	75	.6	.0	.6
Canadian, French.....	5	1	6	(a)	.2	(a)
Canadian, Other.....	17	.....	17	.1	.0	.1
Croatian.....	12	.....	12	.1	.0	.1
Danish.....	6	.....	6	.1	.0	(a)
Dutch.....	6	.....	6	.1	.0	(a)
Egyptian.....	4	.....	4	(a)	.0	(a)
English.....	193	9	202	1.7	1.4	1.6
Finnish.....	2	.....	2	(a)	.0	(a)
Flemish.....	6	.....	6	.1	.0	(a)
French.....	121	13	134	1.0	2.0	1.1
German.....	687	22	709	5.9	3.3	5.8
Greek.....	118	.....	118	1.0	.0	1.0
Hebrew, Russian.....	4	.....	4	(a)	.0	(a)
Hebrew, Other.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Irish.....	69	1	70	.6	.2	.6
Italian, North.....	281	3	284	2.4	.5	2.3

a Less than 0.05 per cent.

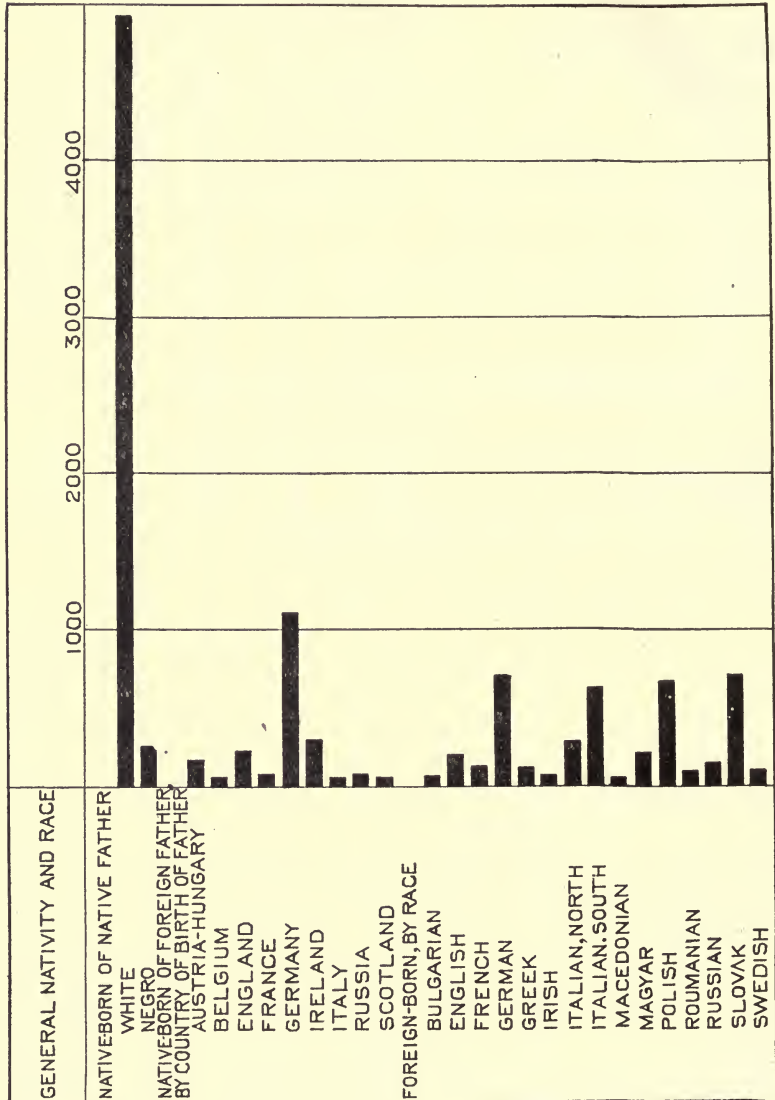
TABLE 25.—Number and per cent of employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex—Industry as a whole—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.						
Italian, South.....	622	6	628	5.4	0.9	5.1
Lithuanian.....	27	3	30	.2	.5	.2
Macedonian.....	61	.....	61	.5	.0	.5
Magyar.....	211	4	215	1.8	.6	1.8
Montenegrin.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Norwegian.....	4	.....	4	(a)	.0	(a)
Polish.....	652	19	671	5.6	2.9	5.5
Portuguese.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Romanian.....	96	.....	96	.8	.0	.8
Russian.....	143	4	147	1.2	.6	1.2
Ruthenian.....	32	.....	32	.3	.0	.3
Scotch.....	28	2	30	.2	.3	.2
Servian.....	8	.....	8	.1	.0	.1
Slovak.....	695	23	718	6.0	3.5	5.8
Slovenian.....	19	.....	19	.2	.0	.2
Swedish.....	102	2	104	.9	.3	.8
Syrian.....	33	.....	33	.3	.0	.3
Turkish.....	2	.....	2	(a)	.0	(a)
Welsh.....	12	5	17	.1	.8	.1
Austrian (race not specified).....	10	.....	10	.1	.0	.1
Belgian (race not specified).....	265	21	286	2.3	3.2	2.3
Swiss (race not specified).....	14	1	15	.1	.2	.1
Grand total.....	11,615	661	12,276	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	1,946	309	2,255	16.8	46.7	18.4
Total native-born.....	6,929	521	7,450	59.7	78.8	60.7
Total foreign-born.....	4,686	140	4,826	40.3	21.2	39.3

^a Less than 0.05 per cent.

Number of employees for whom detailed information was secured, by general nativity and race.

[This chart shows only races with 50 or more reporting.]



Of 12,276 employees shown in the foregoing table, 40.2 per cent are native-born whites of native father, 39.3 per cent are of foreign birth, 18.4 per cent are native-born of foreign father, and 2.1 per cent are native-born negroes of native father. The employees who are native-born of foreign father show a considerably higher per cent of females than of males, while in each of the other nativity groups the proportion of males is larger than that of females. Of the employees who are native-born of foreign father, those whose fathers were born in Germany show 9.1 per cent and those whose fathers were born in Ireland show 2.4 per cent, while no employees whose fathers were born in other specified countries show over 2 per cent of the total number for whom information was secured. The employees whose fathers were born in Austria-Hungary, Belgium, England, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Russia, Scotland, and Wales show a higher per cent of females than of males who are employed in this industry. Of the foreign-born employees, the Germans, the Slovaks, the Poles, and the South Italians show over 5 per cent, while none of the other specified races show over 2.3 per cent of the total number for whom information was secured in the glass industry. Of the foreign-born employees, the French Canadians, the French, the Lithuanians, the Scotch, the Welsh, the Belgians (race not specified), and the Swiss (race not specified) show a higher per cent of females than of males, for whom information was secured, in the glass industry.

CHAPTER III.

ECONOMIC STATUS OF EMPLOYEES AND MEMBERS OF THEIR HOUSEHOLDS.

Industrial condition abroad of members of immigrant households studied—Principal occupation of immigrant employees before coming to the United States—General occupation of males at the present time in the households studied—General occupation of women at the present time in the households studied—Occupations of the first and second generations compared—Weekly earnings—Annual earnings of male heads of families studied—Annual earnings of males 18 years of age or over in the households studied—Annual earnings of females 18 years of age or over in the households studied—Annual family income—Wives at work—Relation between the earnings of husbands and the practice of wives in keeping boarders or lodgers—Sources of family income—Relative importance of different sources of family income—[Text Tables 26 to 55 and General Tables 14 to 38].

INDUSTRIAL CONDITION ABROAD OF MEMBERS OF IMMIGRANT HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

In order to understand the economic status of glass workers in this country it will be necessary to set forth first the general industrial condition of foreign-born employees and members of their households before they emigrated from their native lands. In the following table the industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born males in the households studied who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming is exhibited according to race of individual:

TABLE 26.—*Industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born males who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number.				Per cent.			
		Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.	Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.
Flemish.....	43	1	40	1	1	2.3	93.0	2.3	2.3
German.....	68	2	55	7	4	2.9	80.9	10.3	5.9
Italian, North.....	31	1	15	12	3	3.2	48.4	38.7	9.7
Magyar.....	34	.....	16	3	15	.0	47.1	8.8	44.1
Polish.....	145	3	90	41	11	2.1	62.1	28.3	7.6
Slovak.....	177	1	123	38	15	.6	69.5	21.5	8.5
Total.....	526	12	357	107	50	2.3	67.9	20.3	9.5

The largest proportion, 67.9 per cent, of foreign-born males of the prescribed age had been working for wages before coming to the United States; 20.3 per cent were working without wages. Inconsiderable proportions were working for profit and were without

occupation. Every specified race had a greater proportion working for wages than in any other industrial condition; the proportion ranging from 93 per cent of the Flemish to 47.1 per cent of the Magyars. The North Italians had a relatively large proportion working without wages. Of the Magyars, 44.1 per cent, an unusually large proportion, were working for profit. The second largest proportion working for profit were 9.7 per cent of North Italians.

The table next submitted analyzes the general industrial groups of the preceding table into their principal occupations and shows by race of individual the occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born males in the households studied who were 16 years of age or over when they arrived in this country.

TABLE 27.—*Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born males who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent without occupation.	Per cent working for wages.						Per cent working without wages.			Per cent working for profit.		
			Farm laborers.	General laborers.	Glass factory operatives.	In hand trades.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farm laborers.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farmers.	In other occupations.	Total.
Flemish.....	43	2.3	0.0	0.0	27.9	16.3	48.8	93.0	2.3	0.0	2.3	0.0	2.3	2.3
German.....	68	2.9	7.4	2.9	33.8	8.8	27.9	80.9	8.2	1.5	10.3	1.5	4.4	5.9
Italian, North.....	31	3.2	.0	12.9	.0	22.6	12.9	48.4	38.7	.0	38.7	9.7	.0	9.7
Magyar.....	34	.0	38.2	.0	.0	5.9	2.9	47.1	8.2	.0	8.8	38.2	5.8	44.1
Polish.....	145	2.1	34.5	4.1	2.8	10.3	10.3	62.1	28.3	.0	28.3	4.8	2.8	7.6
Slovak.....	177	.6	38.4	4.0	.0	10.2	16.9	69.5	21.5	.0	21.5	6.2	2.3	8.5
Total.....	526	2.3	27.0	4.2	7.8	10.8	18.1	67.9	20.2	.2	20.3	6.8	2.7	9.5

The largest proportion of foreign-born males 16 years of age or over at time of coming to the United States and who were working for wages, were farm laborers. Likewise the greater proportion of the Slovaks, Magyars, and Poles who were working for wages were farm laborers. The greater part of the Flemish working for wages were in other than the specified occupations; of the North Italians a greater proportion were in hand trades than were working for wages in any other occupation. The Germans are the only race which show a greater proportion working for wages as glass-factory operatives than the other occupations mentioned. Of the total 20.3 per cent working without wages, 20.2 per cent were farm laborers. The greater part of those who were working for profit were farmers. The Flemish and Germans, however, working for profit show a greater proportion in other occupations.

The table following shows by race of individual the industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born females, in the households studied, who were 16 years of age or over at time of arrival in this country.

TABLE 28.—*Industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number.				Per cent.			
		Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.	Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.
Flemish.....	40	28	10	2	.....	70.0	25.0	5.0	0.0
German.....	56	35	15	6	.....	62.5	26.8	10.7	.0
Italian, North.....	28	6	5	16	1	21.4	17.9	57.1	3.6
Magyar.....	27	15	10	2	.....	55.6	37.0	7.4	.0
Polish.....	111	27	48	33	3	24.3	43.2	29.7	2.7
Slovak.....	156	33	80	43	.....	21.2	51.3	27.6	.0
Total.....	438	157	174	103	4	35.8	39.7	23.5	.9

Of the foreign-born females, 39.7 per cent who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming to the United States were working for wages abroad; 35.8 per cent were without occupation; 23.5 per cent were working without wages; only 0.9 per cent were working for profit. The greater proportion of the Flemish, Germans, and Magyars were without occupation. The greater proportion of the North Italians were working without wages. The Slovaks and Poles show larger proportions working for wages than in any other industrial condition.

The table next presented analyzes the general industrial groups of the foregoing table into their principal occupations and shows, by race of individual, the occupation before coming to the United States, of foreign-born females in the households studied who were 16 years of age or over at the time of coming to this country.

TABLE 29.—*Occupation before coming to the United States, of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more females reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent without occupation.								Per cent working for wages.				Per cent working without wages.		Per cent working for profit.	
		Per cent without occupation.								Per cent working for wages.				Per cent working without wages.		Per cent working for profit.	
		Farm laborers.	Glass factory operatives.	In domestic service.	Other factory operatives.	In sewing, embroidering and lace making.	In other occupations.	Totals.	Farm laborers.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farmers.	In other occupations.	Total.			
Flemish.....	40	70.0	5.0	0.0	7.5	0.0	10.0	2.5	25.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
German.....	56	62.5	.0	1.8	17.9	1.8	.0	5.4	26.8	3.6	7.1	10.7	.0	.0	.0		
Italian, North.....	28	21.4	.0	.0	10.7	.0	7.1	.0	17.9	53.6	3.6	57.1	3.6	.0	3.6		
Magyar.....	27	55.6	.0	.0	37.0	.0	.0	.0	37.0	7.4	.0	7.4	.0	.0	.0		
Polish.....	111	24.3	32.4	.0	9.9	.0	.9	.0	43.2	29.7	.0	29.7	.9	1.8	2.7		
Slovak.....	156	21.2	35.9	.0	12.8	1.9	.6	.0	51.3	26.9	.6	27.6	.0	.0	.0		
Total.....	438	35.8	21.5	.2	13.8	1.4	2.1	1.4	39.7	21.7	1.8	23.5	.5	.5	.9		

From the preceding table it appears that 35.8 per cent of the 438 women reporting were without occupation before coming to this country. Of the remaining 64 per cent 40.6 per cent were working for wages and for profit, while 23.5 per cent were working without wages. Farm labor and domestic service were the two chief occupations engaged in, the Slovaks leading in their percentage in the first class, and the Magyars in the second. The North Italians led in the proportion of women working without wages, and for profit. The proportion of unoccupied women in two northern races, the Flemish and German, forms a striking contrast with the proportions of such women among the southern races.

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION OF IMMIGRANT EMPLOYEES BEFORE COMING TO THE UNITED STATES.

In addition to data bearing on the industrial condition of members of the households while abroad, information was also secured as to the industrial training and experience of individual glass workers in their native countries. In the following table the percentage of foreign-born male employees in plate glass factories, who were in each specified occupation before coming to the United States is shown according to race.

TABLE 30.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees in each specified occupation before coming to the United States, by race—Plate glass.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who were engaged in—						
		Glass manufacturing.	Other manufacturing.	Farming or farm labor.	General labor.	Hand trades.	Trade.	Other occupations.
German.....	165	28.5	20.0	12.7	14.5	13.3	3.6	7.3
Greek.....	102	.0	2.9	47.1	30.4	9.8	4.9	4.9
Magyar.....	144	.7	2.8	54.9	34.0	5.6	.7	1.4
Polish.....	386	.3	2.6	50.3	32.1	10.1	.5	4.1
Russian.....	96	1.0	2.1	75.0	13.5	4.2	2.1	2.1
Slovak.....	521	.6	4.2	72.6	6.3	10.4	2.7	3.3
Total.....	1,864	6.9	5.5	52.7	18.5	9.3	2.3	4.7

The greater proportion of the total number of foreign-born male employees had been engaged in farming or farm labor before coming to the United States. The proportion in the remaining specified occupations ranges from 18.5 per cent in general labor to 2.3 per cent in trade. Excepting the German and Greek, every race reports that the greater proportion had been engaged as farmers or farm laborers. The Greeks, however, show a greater proportion who were so engaged than in any other specified occupation. Of the Germans, 28.5 per cent had been in the glass industry. No other race, however, reports more than 10 per cent in that industry. The Greeks, Magyars, and Poles report relatively large proportions in general labor as compared with the other races.

The table next presented shows by race the percentage of foreign-born males in the households studied employed in window-glass establishments who were in each specified occupation before coming to the United States.

TABLE 31.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees in each specified occupation before coming to the United States, by race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who were engaged in—						
		Manu- facture of glass.	Other manu- factur- ing.	Farming or farm labor.	General labor.	Hand trades.	Trade.	Other occupa- tions.
Italian, North.....	83	0.0	3.6	43.4	21.7	9.6	3.6	18.1
Italian, South.....	138	.0	2.9	42.0	29.0	13.0	.7	12.3
Total.....	456	17.1	4.2	38.2	18.6	9.6	1.8	10.5

From the above table it will be seen that of the 456 foreign-born male employees in this industry, for whom information was obtained, only 17.1 per cent, before coming to the United States, were employed in the manufacture of glass. A slightly larger proportion were employed in general labor, and a very much larger proportion, or 38.2 per cent, were employed in farming or as farm laborers. Less than 10 per cent were employed in hand trades, and less than 5 per cent in other manufacturing, while in trade and other occupations the proportions employed amount to 1.8 and 10.5 per cent, respectively.

None of the North or South Italians were employed abroad in the manufacture of glass, and only a small proportion of each were employed in other manufacturing. The proportion of North Italians employed in farming or as farm laborers, in trade, and other occupations is in each instance in excess of that shown by the South Italians, and is also in excess of the proportion shown in the total for all foreign-born males. On the other hand, the proportion of North Italians employed in general labor and in hand trades is slightly below that shown by the South Italians—the proportion of North Italians employed in hand trades being identical with that shown for all foreign-born male employees, while the proportion employed in general labor is slightly above the proportion shown in the total.

The following table shows by race the percentage of foreign-born male employees engaged in bottle manufacturing factories who were in each specified occupation before coming to the United States:

TABLE 32.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees in each specified occupation before coming to the United States, by race—Glass bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who were engaged in—						
		Glass manufac- turing.	Other manufac- turing.	Farming or farm labor.	General labor.	Hand trades.	Trade.	Other occupa- tions.
Italian, South.....	287	0.0	0.3	30.3	45.6	13.9	3.5	6.3
Total.....	549	2.9	2.2	40.3	31.7	13.5	2.6	6.9

From the preceding table it is seen that of 549 persons for whom data were secured 2.9 per cent were employed in glass manufacturing before coming to the United States; 2.2 per cent followed other manufacturing occupations; 40.3 per cent followed farming or farm labor; 31.7 per cent were general laborers; 13.5 per cent were engaged in hand trades; 2.6 per cent were in trade; and 6.9 per cent followed other occupations. The only foreign race reported is the South Italian, of which by far the greater proportion were engaged in farming or were working as farm and general laborers.

The last table of this series shows, by race, the percentage of foreign-born male employees engaged in the manufacture of tableware who were in each specified occupation before coming to the United States:

TABLE 33.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees in each specified occupation before coming to the United States, by race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who were engaged in—						
		Glass manufacturing.	Other manufacturing.	Farming or farm labor.	General labor.	Hand trades.	Trade.	Other occupations.
German.....	184	45.7	8.7	30.4	7.6	5.4	0.0	2.2
Total.....	470	37.2	5.5	37.2	10.2	6.2	.6	3.0

The foregoing table shows that 37.2 per cent of male employees for whom information was secured were in glass manufacturing before coming to the United States. Exactly the same percentage were farming or farm laborers, while 10.2 per cent were general laborers, and 5.5 per cent were in other manufacturing. Small proportions were in hand trades, other occupations, and in trade. Germans show a considerably higher proportion of employees who have had previous experience in Europe in the manufacture of glass than is shown for the total foreign-born employees.

GENERAL OCCUPATIONS OF MALES AT THE PRESENT TIME IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The table next submitted shows, by general nativity and race of individual, the general occupations of males in the households studied who were 16 years of age or over.

TABLE 34.—General occupation of males 16 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—			
		In glass.	Otherwise employed.	At home.	At school.
Native-born of native father, white.....	148	91.9	4.1	2.0	2.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	36	91.7	5.6	.0	2.8
Foreign-born:					
Flemish.....	61	100.0	.0	.0	.0
German.....	108	96.3	2.8	.9	.0
Italian, North.....	35	91.4	.0	.0	8.6
Italian, South.....	24	87.5	12.5	.0	.0
Magyar.....	37	86.5	.0	13.5	.0
Polish.....	157	96.8	.0	2.5	.6
Slovak.....	192	98.4	.0	.5	1.0
Grand total.....	846	94.4	2.2	1.9	1.4
Total native-born of foreign father.....	69	84.1	10.1	1.4	4.3
Total native-born.....	217	89.4	6.0	1.8	2.8
Total foreign-born.....	629	96.2	1.0	1.9	1.0

Of the 846 males reporting complete data in the foregoing table, less than 6 per cent are in occupations other than the glass industry. Those native-born of foreign father show the largest proportion who are not in the glass industry—10.1 per cent of that general nativity group being otherwise employed as compared with but 1 per cent of the foreign-born. A smaller proportion of the native-born of foreign father than of the foreign-born are in the glass industry and a larger proportion are at school. Of the native-born whites, 91.9 per cent are in the glass industry; 2 per cent are at home and the same percentage are at school, and 4.1 per cent are otherwise employed. The Germans who were born abroad show a larger proportion in the glass industry than do those born in this country, but the proportions who are at school and who are otherwise employed are greater in the latter group.

Of the total number of males 16 years of age or over, 94.4 per cent are in the glass industry; 2.2 per cent are otherwise employed. The foreign-born have the greatest proportion in glass; the native-born of foreign father the smallest, but even in the latter case the proportion is 84.1 per cent. The native-born of foreign father have a greater proportion otherwise employed and at school than any other class. The foreign-born show the smallest proportion among those at school and among those employed outside the glass industry. Every specified race of foreign-born has a greater proportion in glass than the native-born of foreign father. The proportion ranges from 100 per cent of the Flemish to 86.5 per cent of the Magyars. The latter have a relatively large proportion at home.

GENERAL OCCUPATION OF WOMEN AT THE PRESENT TIME IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The series of tables next presented set forth the general industrial condition of the glass workers and the members of their households in this country. The first table, which immediately follows, shows, by general nativity and race of individual, the general occupations of females in the households studied who were 16 years of age or over:

TABLE 35.—*General occupations of females 16 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more females reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—				
		In domestic and personal service.	In trade.	Otherwise employed.	At home.	At school.
Native-born of native father, white.....	136	2.2	1.5	5.9	89.7	0.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	38	5.3	.0	10.5	78.9	5.3
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	64	1.6	.0	12.5	85.9	.0
German.....	83	.0	.0	2.4	97.6	.0
Italian, North.....	29	.0	.0	.0	100.0	.0
Magyar.....	29	.0	.0	3.4	96.6	.0
Polish.....	127	.0	.0	.8	98.4	.8
Slovak.....	171	.6	.0	.6	98.2	.6
Grand total.....	750	1.5	.7	4.3	98.2	.8
Total native-born of foreign father.....	79	7.6	3.8	12.7	72.2	3.8
Total native-born.....	215	4.2	2.3	8.4	83.3	1.9
Total foreign-born.....	535	.4	.0	2.6	96.6	.4

Of the total number of females 16 years of age or over, 92.8 per cent are at home; 4.3 per cent are employed in other than the specified occupations. The foreign-born show 96.6 per cent at home, a greater proportion than any other group. The native-born of foreign father have the smallest proportion, 72.2 per cent, at home. The latter, however, show a larger proportion in domestic service, in trade, otherwise employed, and at school than any other class. The foreign-born report the smallest proportion in every general occupation except at home. Excepting the Flemish, each specified race of foreign-born have a larger proportion at home than the native-born of native father.

A comparatively large proportion of the Flemish are employed in other than the specified occupations.

OCCUPATIONS OF THE FIRST AND SECOND GENERATIONS COMPARED.

The table which follows shows, by general nativity and race of father and birthplace of individual, the percentage of males in the households studied 16 years of age or over who were engaged in the manufacture of glass.

TABLE 36.—Per cent of males 16 years of age or over engaged in the manufacture of glass, by general nativity and race of father and by birthplace of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males born in the United States and also 20 or more born abroad. The native-born of native father are shown for comparative purposes.]

General nativity and race of father.	Birthplace of individual.	Number employed.	Per cent.	
			In manufacture of glass.	Otherwise employed.
Native-born, white.....	United States.....	142	95.8	4.2
Foreign-born, German.....	United States.....	35	94.3	5.7
	Abroad.....	107	97.2	2.8

The preceding table shows that over 95 per cent of the male employees 16 years of age or over who are native-born whites of native father are engaged in the manufacture of glass, while less than 5 per cent are otherwise employed. Of the Germans who were born abroad, 97.2 per cent are engaged in the manufacture of glass and only 2.8 per cent are otherwise employed. Somewhat less than 95 per cent of the Germans who were born in the United States are employed in the glass industry, while slightly less than 6 per cent of those who were born in this country are otherwise employed.

WEEKLY EARNINGS.

In the series of tabulations next submitted the average amount and the range in amount of earnings of glassworkers in the different branches of the industry in this country are exhibited. The table which follows shows, by general nativity and race, the per cent of male employees of plate-glass factories 18 years of age or over who were earning each specified amount per week.

TABLE 37.—Per cent of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Plate glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.							
			\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$22.50 or over.	\$25 or over.
Native-born of native father:										
White.....	959	\$12.86	99.4	71.3	43.2	27.6	11.6	5.3	2.9	2.1
Negro.....	92	12.90	100.0	80.4	59.8	26.1	1.1	.0	.0	.0
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	110	13.38	99.1	71.8	50.9	38.2	17.3	7.3	2.7	.9
Foreign-born, by race:										
German.....	222	13.28	100.0	75.2	55.0	35.1	11.7	4.1	2.3	1.8
Greek.....	89	9.05	95.5	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0	.0
Magyar.....	144	10.85	100.0	52.1	21.5	12.5	2.8	.0	.0	.0
Polish.....	403	11.24	99.8	55.6	23.3	10.2	4.0	1.2	.7	.7
Russian.....	83	10.94	100.0	32.5	7.2	3.6	1.2	.0	.0	.0
Slovak.....	513	11.10	100.0	53.6	25.0	15.4	2.7	.2	.0	.0
Grand total.....	3,261	12.07	99.4	59.0	34.3	21.1	8.1	3.3	1.7	1.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	223	13.67	99.1	74.9	53.4	38.1	17.9	9.0	4.0	1.8
Total native-born.....	1,274	13.00	99.4	72.6	46.2	29.4	11.9	5.6	2.9	1.9
Total foreign-born.....	1,987	11.48	99.5	50.2	26.6	15.9	5.6	1.8	.9	.7

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

Of the total number of male employees, the greater proportion earn \$10 a week or over; 34.3 per cent earn \$12.50 a week or over. The proportion earning each larger rate per week diminishes to 1.2 per cent who earn \$25 or over. The highest level of earnings is among the native-born of foreign father, the majority of whom earn \$12.50 a week or over. The native-born negroes also show a majority earning \$12.50 or over, but the proportions earning each larger specified rate is considerably smaller than the proportion of native-born of foreign father. The latter, consequently, have the highest average yearly earnings. The lowest level of earnings is among the foreign-born, of whom a bare majority earn \$10 a week or over. There is, however, considerable variation in the earnings of the specified races. The Germans commonly earn at least \$12.50 a week; 35.1 per cent earn \$15 or over. The Magyars, Poles, and Slovaks commonly earn \$10 a week or over. Of the Greeks, however, only 1.1 per cent earn \$10 a week or over.

The following table shows, by general nativity and race, the per cent of male employees in window-glass factories 18 years of age or over who were earning each specified amount per week:

TABLE 38.—*Per cent of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Window glass.**

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.						
			\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$25 or over.
Native-born of native father, white.....	601	\$15.58	100.0	85.2	59.9	50.6	35.8	21.8	8.5
Foreign-born, by race:									
Italian, North.....	97	11.29	99.0	62.9	21.6	9.3	4.1	2.1	1.0
Italian, South.....	160	10.77	99.4	61.3	13.8	5.0	1.3	1.3	.6
Grand total.....	1,432	15.11	99.8	82.1	53.3	44.5	34.1	21.2	8.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	181	17.22	100.0	87.8	71.3	65.7	54.1	33.7	12.2
Total native-born.....	798	15.89	100.0	85.5	61.9	53.6	39.7	24.2	9.1
Total foreign-born.....	634	14.11	99.5	77.9	42.4	33.0	27.1	17.5	8.7

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

It will be seen from the above table that the average earnings per week of the 1,432 male employees for whom information was obtained is \$15.11, the foreign-born reporting an average of \$14.11, as compared with \$17.22 for the native-born of foreign father and \$15.58 for the native-born of native father, white. As between the North Italians and South Italians, it will be noted that the former show a slightly higher average rate per week than do the latter. As regards the specified earnings of these employees, it will be noted that less than 1 per cent earn under \$7.50, 53.3 per cent earn \$12.50 or over per week, 44.5 per cent \$15 or over, 34.1 per cent \$17.50 or over, and 21.2 per cent \$20 or over, while the proportion earning \$25 or over per week is 8.9 per cent. The foreign-born, it will be noted,

show a smaller proportion earning each specified amount than is shown in the total for all employees, the difference in proportions being slightly larger among those earning \$15 or over per week than among those earning any other specified amount. On the other hand, both the native-born of foreign father and the whites native-born of native father, with the exception of those earning \$25 or over, show proportions earning each specified amount per week in excess of those shown in the total, the former, in each instance, with the exception of those earning \$7.50 or over, showing proportions in excess of those of the latter. The difference in these proportions, it will be noted, is larger among those earning \$17.50 or over than among those earning any other specified amount. As between the North Italians and South Italians, it will be seen that, with the exception of those earning \$7.50 or over, the former show a slightly larger proportion earning each specified amount per week than the latter.

The following table shows, by general nativity and race, the percentage of male employees of bottle-manufacturing plants 18 years of age or over who were earning weekly each specified amount.

TABLE 39.—Per cent of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Glass bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.										
			\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$25 or over.	\$30 or over.	\$35 or over.	\$40 or over.
Native-born of native father:													
White.....	1,561	\$16.87	99.7	90.1	68.2	52.0	44.6	37.7	30.0	21.6	16.1	13.0	2.0
Negro.....	118	9.98	100.0	80.5	33.9	18.6	5.9	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0	.0
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:													
Germany.....	201	19.87	99.0	89.6	76.1	63.2	57.2	54.7	43.3	36.3	25.9	21.4	1.5
Ireland.....	97	18.62	99.0	92.8	72.2	58.8	56.7	49.5	40.2	33.0	17.5	10.3	2.1
Foreign-born, by race:													
German.....	108	22.43	100.0	98.1	84.3	73.1	63.9	51.9	46.3	42.6	38.9	36.1	.9
Italian, North.....	80	8.61	96.3	55.0	11.3	2.5	2.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0
Italian, South.....	315	8.70	100.0	75.6	20.3	1.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Polish.....	94	10.73	100.0	83.0	58.5	27.7	9.6	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Grand total.....	3,038	15.73	99.4	87.2	62.4	43.9	36.9	31.3	25.4	19.3	14.8	12.1	1.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	449	19.54	98.4	89.1	74.4	61.9	56.8	51.9	42.3	33.9	24.5	20.3	2.2
Total native-born.....	2,128	17.05	99.4	89.3	67.6	52.2	45.0	38.7	31.0	23.0	17.0	13.8	2.0
Total foreign-born.....	910	12.63	99.5	82.3	50.1	24.4	18.0	14.2	12.4	10.7	9.6	8.1	.9

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

This table shows that the average weekly earnings of 3,038 male employees amounts to \$15.73 per individual. Of the total number, 99.4 per cent earn \$5 or over; 87.2 per cent \$7.50 or over; 62.4 per cent \$10 or over; 43.9 per cent \$12.50 or over; 36.9 per cent \$15 or over; 31.3 per cent \$17.50 or over; 25.4 per cent \$20 or over; 19.3 per cent \$25 or over; 14.8 per cent \$30 or over; 12.1 per cent \$35

or over; and 1.6 per cent \$40 or over. It will be noted that, generally speaking, the native-born of foreign father are the highest wage-earners, native whites born of native father being next, the foreign-born third, and the native-born negro the last. Of the foreign-born races the Germans are the highest wage-earners, over 50 per cent earning over \$17.50 per week, while over 36 per cent earn \$35 or over per week. The South Italians are the lowest wage-earners, none earning as high as \$15 per week.

The table next presented shows by general nativity and race the percentage of male employees engaged in the manufacture of tableware who were 18 years of age or over and who were earning each specified amount weekly.

TABLE 40.—*Per cent of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Tableware.**

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.							
			\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$25 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	741	\$14.29	99.6	88.9	67.5	52.4	43.2	28.6	21.3	2.8
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	271	15.56	99.6	91.9	79.3	66.1	53.5	40.2	30.6	8.1
Foreign-born, by race, German.....	257	15.68	100.0	98.1	76.7	58.4	50.2	37.0	26.8	12.5
Grand total.....	1,858	14.20	99.5	91.3	69.3	52.5	41.3	28.4	21.1	5.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	424	15.07	99.1	90.6	77.8	63.2	49.1	35.1	27.1	8.3
Total native-born.....	1,174	14.56	99.4	89.6	71.2	56.0	45.1	30.7	23.3	4.8
Total foreign-born.....	684	13.59	98.8	94.2	65.9	46.5	34.8	24.3	17.4	7.9

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

The above table shows that average weekly earnings of the total male employees reporting is \$14.20. The native-born of foreign father show average weekly earnings of \$15.07, as contrasted with native-born whites of native father with average earnings of \$14.29 and foreign-born whites with average weekly earnings of \$13.59. The table further shows that slightly over half of the male employees earn \$12.50 or over per week, 41.3 per cent earn \$15 or over, 28.4 per cent \$17.50 or over, 21.1 per cent \$20 or over, and 5.9 per cent \$25 or over per week. Of those earning less than \$12.50 per week, 69.3 per cent earn \$10 or over, 91.3 per cent \$7.50 or over, 99.5 per cent \$5 or over, while a very small proportion earn less than \$5 per week.

The table following shows by general nativity and race the percentage of female employees engaged in the manufacture of tableware who were 18 years of age or over and who were earning each specified amount weekly.

TABLE 41.—Per cent of female employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more females reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.			
			\$2.50 or over.	\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	144	\$5.61	100.0	60.4	16.7	4.9
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	97	5.86	99.0	61.9	27.8	3.1
Grand total.....	382	5.54	99.2	58.4	18.6	3.4
Total native-born of foreign father.....	148	5.71	98.6	58.8	24.3	4.1
Total native-born.....	293	5.66	99.3	59.4	20.5	4.4
Total foreign-born.....	89	5.14	98.9	55.1	12.4	.0

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

The above table shows the average weekly earnings of females to be \$5.54. Persons native-born of foreign father show the highest average weekly earnings for females, followed by native whites born of native father and foreign-born, with somewhat smaller average earnings. The totals show 99.2 per cent earning \$2.50 or over per week, 58.4 per cent earning \$5 or over, 18.6 per cent earning \$7.50 or over, while only 3.4 per cent of female employees earn \$10 or over per week. Native-born of native father show 100 per cent of females earning \$2.50 or over per week, followed in slightly smaller proportions by foreign-born and native-born of foreign father, in the order mentioned. Native-born of native father also show the highest percentage earning \$5 or over per week, native-born of foreign father and foreign-born following in the order named. Native-born of foreign father show considerably higher proportions than native-born of native father earning \$7.50 or over per week, while foreign-born show a comparatively small per cent earning this amount. Native-born of native father and native-born of foreign father show 4.9 per cent and 4.1 per cent, respectively, earning \$10 or over per week, as contrasted with no foreign-born earning this amount.

The series of tables next presented sets forth the extent to which persons of both sexes between the ages of 14 and 18 years were employed in the different branches of the industry, together with the average amount and range in amount of weekly earnings. The table which immediately follows shows, by general nativity and race, the per cent of male employees of plate-glass factories 14 and under 18 years of age who were earning each specified amount per week.

TABLE 42.—Per cent of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Plate glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.			
			\$2.50 or over.	\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	64	\$7.98	100.0	89.1	67.2	14.1
Grand total.....	174	7.87	100.0	90.8	69.0	9.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	66	7.60	100.0	90.9	66.7	6.1
Total native-born.....	132	7.81	100.0	90.2	67.4	9.8
Total foreign-born.....	42	8.04	100.0	92.9	73.8	7.1

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

The greater proportion of the total male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earn \$7.50 a week or over; 9.2 per cent earn \$10 a week or over. All employees of every class earn at least \$2.50 a week. The larger part of every class earn at least \$7.50 per week. The proportion earning as much as \$10 per week ranges from 6.1 per cent of the native-born of foreign father to 14.1 per cent of the native-born whites of native father.

The table next presented shows by general nativity and race the per cent of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age who were earning each specified amount per week in the glass-bottle industry.

TABLE 43.—Per cent of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Glass bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.				
			\$2.50 or over.	\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	216	\$5.98	100.0	80.6	13.0	3.7	0.9
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:							
Austria-Hungary.....	41	4.98	100.0	43.9	7.3	4.9	.0
Germany.....	55	5.36	100.0	47.3	10.9	3.6	.0
Grand total.....	439	5.85	100.0	71.1	13.2	5.0	.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	136	5.35	100.0	51.5	10.3	3.7	.7
Total native-born.....	368	5.76	100.0	70.7	11.7	3.5	.8
Total foreign-born.....	71	6.35	100.0	73.2	21.1	12.7	1.4

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

All of those reporting in the foregoing table earn at least \$2.50 a week, but only 71.1 per cent earn \$5 or over and only 5 per cent \$10 or over, while less than 1 per cent earn \$12.50 or more. Among the totals the foreign-born make the best showing, their percentages being considerably in excess of the general averages. No race, however, reports foreign-born in sufficient numbers for separate tabulation. The native whites born of native father report 80.6 per cent earning at least \$5 as compared with 51.5 per cent of those of native birth, but of foreign parentage. As regards the number earning \$10 or more per week, those native-born of native father and those native-born of foreign father report identical figures, the per cent in each case being 3.7.

The table next presented shows by general nativity and race the percentage of male employees engaged in the manufacture of tableware, 14 and under 18 years of age, earning each specified amount weekly.

TABLE 44.—Per cent of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.			
			\$2.50 or over.	\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	274	\$6.03	100.0	74.1	19.7	4.7
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	152	5.34	100.0	54.6	5.9	3.3
Grand total.....	695	7.40	100.0	68.1	17.0	5.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	300	5.53	100.0	61.0	9.0	3.3
Total native-born.....	575	5.78	100.0	67.3	14.3	4.0
Total foreign-born.....	120	6.83	100.0	71.7	30.0	10.8

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

The foregoing table shows that all of the male employees reporting who are 14 and under 18 years of age, earn \$2.50 or over per week, 68.1 per cent earn \$5 or over, 17 per cent earn \$7.50 or over, while only 5.2 per cent earn \$10 or over per week. Native-born of native father show a somewhat higher per cent than foreign-born and a considerably higher per cent than native-born of foreign father who earn \$5 or over per week. Of those earning \$7.50 per week foreign-born show by far the largest proportion, while native-born of native father which follow show a considerably higher per cent than native-born of foreign father. Foreign-born show over 10 per cent earning \$10 or over per week, while native-born of native father and native-born of foreign father show less than 5 per cent earning this amount.

The table next submitted shows by general nativity and race the percentage of female employees engaged in the manufacture of tableware who were 14 and under 18 years of age and who were earning each specified amount per week.

TABLE 45.—Per cent of female employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

(This table includes only races with 40 or more females reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.	
			\$2.50 or over.	\$5 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	67	\$4.18	100.0	17.9
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	60	4.10	100.0	28.3
Grand total.....	270	4.21	100.0	23.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	159	4.14	100.0	22.6
Total native-born.....	226	4.15	100.0	21.2
Total foreign-born.....	44	4.53	100.0	31.8

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

All of the females reporting in the above table earn \$2.50 or over per week, while only 23 per cent earn \$5 or over per week. Foreign-born show a considerably higher proportion earning the above specified amount than native-born of foreign father while native-born of native father show a much smaller per cent earning this amount than the latter.

ANNUAL EARNINGS OF MALE HEADS OF FAMILIES STUDIED.

In the table next presented the proportion of husbands at work in the households studied, together with their average annual earnings, is shown according to general nativity and race of individual.

TABLE 46.—Husbands at work, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number of selected families, ^a	Number of husbands.	Number of husbands at work.	Per cent of husbands at work.	Average yearly earnings of husbands at work.
Native-born of native father, White.....	106	105	104	99.0	\$791
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	12	12	12	(b)	808
Foreign-born:					
Flemish.....	51	50	50	100.0	531
French.....	11	11	11	(b)	495
German.....	89	86	86	100.0	667
Italian, North.....	28	28	28	100.0	465
Italian, South.....	13	12	12	(b)	437
Magyar.....	24	24	24	100.0	453
Polish.....	119	119	119	100.0	575
Slovak.....	160	160	159	99.4	513
Grand total.....	613	607	605	99.7	596
Total native-born of foreign father.....	12	12	12	(b)	808
Total native-born.....	118	117	116	99.1	793
Total foreign-born.....	495	490	489	99.8	549

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.

^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 607 husbands for whom information was obtained in this industry, almost the entire number, or 99.7 per cent, are at work, with average earnings of \$596. The proportion of foreign-born husbands and husbands native-born of native father at work are similar to the proportion shown for the total. Of average earnings, the foreign-born report \$549 as compared with \$808 for the husbands native-born of foreign father, and \$791 for the husbands native-born of native father.

Among the foreign-born reported in sufficient numbers to admit of comparison, the Slovaks alone show a small proportion not at work. A comparison of the earnings of these foreign-born husbands show that the Germans, with \$667, report a considerably higher average than do the Poles, Flemish, or Slovaks, and a much higher average than do the French, North Italians, Magyars, or South Italians, in the order named, the last named reporting average earnings of \$437. The Germans native-born of foreign father, on the other hand, with average earnings of \$808, report a slightly higher average than do the whites native-born of native father and much higher average earnings than do the husbands of any foreign-born race.

The following table shows by general nativity and race the range in yearly earnings of male heads of families:

TABLE 47.—Earnings per year of male heads of families, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only male heads of selected families. For selection of families, see p. 243.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages.	Average earnings.	Number earning—					Per cent earning—						
			Under \$100.	Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$900.	Under \$1,000.	Under \$100.	Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$900.	Under \$1,000.
Native-born of native father, White.....	104	\$791	1	7	23	61	84	0.0	1.0	6.7	22.1	58.7	80.8	
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	12	808		1	2	6	9	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	
Foreign-born:														
Flemish.....	50	531	5	11	32	47	50	.0	10.0	22.0	64.0	94.0	100.0	
French.....	11	495	1	3	8	10	11	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	
German.....	86	667	2	9	39	67	76	.0	2.3	10.5	45.3	77.9	88.4	
Italian, North.....	28	465	3	8	22	27	28	.0	10.7	28.6	78.6	96.4	100.0	
Italian, South.....	12	437	1	7	10	11	12	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	
Magyar.....	24	453		7	22	24	24	.0	29.0	91.7	100.0	100.0		
Polish.....	119	575	4	18	66	107	117	.0	3.4	15.1	55.5	89.9	98.3	
Slovak.....	159	513	2	6	40	107	150	159	1.3	3.8	25.2	67.3	94.3	100.0
Grand total.....	605	596	2	23	111	331	510	570	.3	3.8	18.3	54.7	84.3	94.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	12	808		1	2	6	9	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	
Total native-born.....	116	793	1	8	25	67	93	.0	.9	6.9	21.6	57.8	80.2	
Total foreign-born.....	489	549	2	22	103	306	443	477	.4	4.5	21.1	62.6	90.6	97.5

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The greater proportion of the total number of male heads of families earn under \$600 a year. The proportion of foreign-born heads who earn under \$600 is even greater than that of the total. The greater part of the employees native-born of native father, however, earn under \$800. The proportion of foreign-born earning under each

specified amount is greater in every instance than the corresponding proportion of native-born of native father.

Excepting the Germans, the greater proportion of the heads of each race earn under \$600. The greater part of the Germans earn under \$800. The latter race seems to have the highest level of earnings.

Relatively low earnings are most prevalent among the Magyars.

ANNUAL EARNINGS OF MALES 18 YEARS OF AGE OR OVER IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

In addition to the heads of the households studied, information as to annual earnings was secured for all male members of the households who were working for wages. The following table, which embodies this information, shows by general nativity and race of individual the range in yearly earnings of males 18 years of age or over in the households studied.

TABLE 48.—Yearly earnings (approximate) of males 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages and reporting amount.	Average earnings.	Number earning—				Per cent earning—			
			Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$1,000.	Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$1,000.
Native-born of native father, White.....	136	\$737	3	16	41	114	2.2	11.8	30.1	83.8
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
Flemish.....	6	(a)	1	1	4	5	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
French.....	4	(a)	1	1	3	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	26	631	2	5	12	23	7.7	19.2	46.2	88.5
Polish.....	4	(a)	2	4	2	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Slovak.....	3	(a)	2	2	2	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Foreign-born:										
Flemish.....	60	516	8	15	39	59	13.3	25.0	65.0	98.3
French.....	13	479	1	4	10	13	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	107	654	4	11	51	96	3.7	10.3	47.7	89.7
Italian, North.....	30	458	3	10	24	30	10.0	33.3	80.0	100.0
Italian, South.....	21	364	4	14	19	21	19.0	66.7	90.5	100.0
Magyar.....	29	458	1	8	25	29	3.4	27.6	86.2	100.0
Polish.....	148	562	7	27	86	145	4.7	18.2	58.1	98.0
Slovak.....	181	497	11	53	127	181	6.1	29.3	70.2	100.0
Grand total.....	768	574	47	167	445	727	6.1	21.7	57.9	94.7
Total native-born of foreign father.....	43	592	5	9	23	39	11.6	20.9	53.5	90.7
Total native-born.....	179	703	8	25	64	153	4.5	14.0	35.8	85.5
Total foreign-born.....	589	535	39	142	381	574	6.6	24.1	64.7	97.5

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 768 males reporting, the yearly earnings of less than 5.3 per cent are over \$1,000, leaving 94.7 per cent whose earnings are less than that amount. There are 57.9 per cent who earn under \$600, while only 6.1 per cent earn under \$200 per year. The native-born of foreign father show a greater proportion earning over \$1,000 than do the foreign-born, with a corresponding difference in the proportions earning under \$400. Of those earning under \$200, however,

the native-born of foreign father show the larger proportion. The average earnings for the total are \$574.

Among the foreign-born persons reporting, none of the North or South Italians, Magyars, or Poles earn under \$1,000 per annum, while only about 2 per cent of the Flemish and Poles earn above that amount. The Germans, who show the highest rate of earnings, report 10.3 per cent of the males as earning in excess of \$1,000 yearly. Only 47.7 per cent of the Germans earn under \$600, as compared with 86.2 per cent of the Magyars and 90.5 per cent of the South Italians. Slightly more than 50 per cent of the Flemish and Polish males^a earn under \$600.

Of the races reporting males who earn under \$400 yearly, the South Italians show the largest proportion, which is 66.7 per cent. The North Italians, of whom 33.3 per cent earn under that amount, are second. The Magyars and Slovaks show proportions almost as large, while the Germans, with 10.3 per cent, report the smallest proportion. Less than 10 per cent each of the Germans, Magyars, Poles, and Slovaks earn under \$200 per annum, as compared with 19 per cent of the South Italians and 13.3 per cent of the Flemish who earn under that amount.

ANNUAL FAMILY INCOME.

The series of tables next presented sets forth the amount of annual family income of the households of the glass workers, as well as the different sources of the annual family income and their relative importance. The table, in this connection, which immediately follows, shows by general nativity and race of head of family the proportion of families having a total yearly income of each specified amount.

TABLE 49.—Per cent of families having a total yearly income of each specified amount, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races. One family is included which reports income as "none."]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of families selected. ^a	Average family income.	Per cent of families having a total income—				
			Under \$300.	Under \$500.	Under \$750.	Under \$1,000.	Under \$1,500.
Native-born of native father, White	106	\$901	1.9	8.5	40.6	70.8	90.6
Foreign-born:							
Flemish.....	51	840	7.8	19.6	47.1	80.4	90.2
German.....	89	849	4.5	14.6	46.1	73.0	92.1
Italian, North.....	28	541	10.7	42.9	92.9	96.4	100.0
Magyar.....	24	606	8.3	25.0	83.3	100.0	100.0
Polish.....	119	752	2.5	26.1	58.0	83.2	95.0
Slovak.....	160	648	6.3	30.6	72.5	88.8	99.4
Grand total.....	613	755	4.9	23.2	58.7	82.1	95.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	12	883	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)
Total native-born.....	118	899	1.7	8.5	39.8	70.3	91.5
Total foreign-born.....	495	720	5.7	26.7	63.2	84.8	96.0

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.

^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

For a total of 613 families that were selected for the study of family income, the average yearly income per family is \$755. Less than 5 per cent of the total number of families have a yearly income of under \$300; almost 25 per cent have an income of less than \$500 and only 4.9 per cent have an income that is in excess of \$1,500 per year. The native-born show a higher average rate of income than do the foreign-born. Of the families whose heads are foreign-born, those whose heads are North Italian show the largest proportion having an income of less than \$300 per year. Each of the other races shows a proportion of less than 10 per cent. The Germans show the smallest proportion of families that have an income of less than \$500 per year. Excepting the native whites born of native father, the Flemish and Germans are the only races that show less than 50 per cent of the total number of families as having an income of less than \$750 per year. All of the families the heads of which are foreign-born Magyars have incomes of less than \$1,000 per year. None of the families the heads of which are North Italians have incomes equal to \$1,500 per year.

WIVES AT WORK.

The very small extent to which the wives of the households studied engage in regular employment for wages outside the home in order to supplement the earnings of their husbands is shown in the following table according to general nativity and race of head of family:

TABLE 50.—*Wives at work, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of wives.	Number of wives at work.	Per cent of wives at work.
Native-born of native father, White.....	106	106	4	3.8
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.	12	12	.....	(b)
Foreign-born:				
Flemish.....	51	51	3	5.9
French.....	11	11	.....	(b)
German.....	89	87	1	1.1
Italian, North.....	28	28	.....	.0
Italian, South.....	13	13	.....	(b)
Magyar.....	24	24	.....	.0
Polish.....	119	119	.....	.0
Slovak.....	160	160	1	.6
Grand total.....	613	611	9	1.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....	12	12	.....	(b)
Total native-born.....	118	118	4	3.4
Total foreign-born.....	495	493	5	1.0

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Information was obtained concerning 611 wives in this industry, of which number 1.5 per cent are at work—the foreign-born reporting 1 per cent as compared with 3.8 per cent of those native-born of native father. Among the foreign-born no North Italian, Magyar, or Polish and only a very small proportion of Slovak, German, and Flemish wives are at work—the last named reporting the largest proportion, or 5.9 per cent.

RELATION BETWEEN EARNINGS OF HUSBANDS AND THE PRACTICE OF WIVES IN KEEPING BOARDERS OR LODGERS.

Although a negligible number of wives seek work outside the home, a large proportion, especially among the foreign-born, take boarders or lodgers into the home in order to supplement the earnings of their husbands. This condition of affairs is set forth in the following tables which show by yearly earnings of husband and general nativity and race of head of family the number and per cent of families in which wife had employment or kept boarders or lodgers

TABLE 51.—Number of families in which wife has employment or keeps boarders or lodgers, by yearly earnings of husband and by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of husbands earning—			Number of wives having employment or keeping boarders or lodgers.	Number of wives having employment or keeping boarders or lodgers where husbands' earnings are—		
		Under \$400. ^b	\$400 and under \$600.	\$600 or over.		Under \$400.	\$400 and under \$600.	\$600 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	105	8	16	81	14	2	3	9
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	12	1	1	10	1	.....	.....	1
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	50	11	21	18	5	3	1	1
French.....	11	3	5	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
German.....	84	9	30	45	15	3	5	7
Italian, North.....	28	8	14	6	18	5	12	1
Italian, South.....	12	7	3	2	8	5	2	1
Magyar.....	24	7	15	2	22	7	13	2
Polish.....	119	18	48	53	67	7	27	33
Slovak.....	160	41	67	52	69	24	24	21
Grand total.....	605	113	220	272	219	56	87	76
Total native-born of foreign father.....	12	1	1	10	1	.....	.....	1
Total native-born.....	117	9	17	91	15	2	3	10
Total foreign-born.....	488	104	203	181	204	54	84	66

^a For selection of families, see p. 243. Of the selected families only those which have both husband and wife present appear in this table.

^b This column includes 2 families in which husbands' earnings are reported as "None."

TABLE 52.—Per cent of families in which wife has employment or keeps boarders or lodgers, by yearly earnings of husband and by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more selected families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races. For selection of families, see p. 243. Of the selected families only those which have both husband and wife present appears in this table.]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Per cent of wives having employment or keeping boarders or lodgers where husbands' earnings are—			
	Under \$400. ^a	\$400 and under \$600.	\$600 or over.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	25.0	18.8	11.1	13.3
Foreign born:				
Flemish.....	27.3	4.8	5.6	10.0
German.....	33.3	16.7	15.6	17.9
Italian, North.....	62.5	55.7	16.7	64.3
Magyar.....	100.0	86.7	(^b)	91.7
Polish.....	38.9	56.3	62.3	56.3
Slovak.....	58.5	35.8	40.4	43.1
Grand total.....	49.6	39.5	27.9	36.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)	(^b)
Total native-born.....	22.2	17.6	11.0	12.8
Total foreign-born.....	51.9	41.4	36.5	41.8

^a This column includes 2 families in which husbands' earnings are reported as "None."

^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the total number of selected families, 36.2 per cent of the wives either have employment or keep boarders or lodgers. The greatest proportion is found among the wives whose husbands have an income of less than \$400 per year. The proportion is almost 50 per cent. Approximately 40 per cent of the wives whose husbands have an income of from \$400 to \$600 either keep boarders or lodgers or have employment, while of those whose income is \$600 or over per year the proportion is 27.9 per cent. Of the foreign-born races where the husband's income is less than \$400 per year, the Magyars show the largest proportion of wives who either have employment or keep boarders or lodgers. It is 100 per cent. The next largest proportion is 62.5 per cent and is shown by the North Italians. The native-born of native father, whites, show the smallest proportion of wives, in this specified rate of earnings, who keep boarders or lodgers or have employment. Where the husband's income is between \$400 and \$600 per year, the North Italians and Magyars show the highest proportion of wives who keep boarders or lodgers or have employment. The next largest is shown by the Poles and the smallest by the Flemish. Where the husband's income is \$600 or over per year, no race shows a proportion as high as 65 per cent of wives who keep boarders or lodgers or have employment. The highest proportion, 62.3 per cent, is shown by the Poles. The Flemish show the smallest proportion, 5.6 per cent, while only 11.1 per cent of the wives of the native-born of native father heads of families have employment or keep boarders or lodgers.

SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME.

The various sources from which the family income of the glass workers is derived and their relative significance are studied in the concluding series of tabulations of this chapter. The following table shows by general nativity and race of the head of the family the percentage of families which had an income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources. The term year in this connection means the twelve months immediately preceding the collection of the data.

TABLE 53.—*Per cent of families having an income within the year from husbands, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races. One family is excluded which reports income as "none."]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Per cent of families having an income from—				
		Earnings of—		Contri- butions of children.	Pay- ments of boarders or lodgers.	Other sources.
		Husband.	Wife.			
Native-born of native father, White.....	106	98.1	3.8	17.0	10.4	10.4
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	51	98.0	5.9	49.0	3.9	21.6
German.....	88	97.7	1.1	31.8	15.9	8.0
Italian, North.....	28	100.0	.0	3.6	64.3	3.6
Magyar.....	24	100.0	.0	8.3	91.7	.0
Polish.....	119	100.0	.0	10.9	56.3	5.9
Slovak.....	160	99.4	.6	7.5	42.5	11.9
Grand total.....	612	98.9	1.5	17.3	34.6	9.8
Total native-born of foreign father.....	12	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)
Total native-born.....	118	98.3	3.4	16.9	10.2	10.2
Total foreign-born.....	494	99.0	1.0	17.4	40.5	9.7

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.

^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The above table shows the earnings of the husband to be the most frequent source of income in the 612 households included in the table, nearly the entire number having incomes from that source, while only 1.5 per cent have an income from the wife. Among the races the Flemish have much the highest proportion of households receiving contributions from wife and from children, the Germans coming next. The Magyars excel in the percentage having payments from boarders or lodgers, being 91.7 per cent.

In the table next submitted the source of family income is also shown in detail according to general nativity and race of head of family, but each specified source is exclusive of all other sources.

TABLE 54.—Source of family income in detail, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races. One family is excluded which reports income as "none."]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families, ^a	Per cent of families having entire income from—											
		Husband.	Husband and wife.	Husband and children.	Husband, wife, and children.	Husband and boarders or lodgers.	Wife.	Wife and children.	Wife and boarders or lodgers.	Children.	Children and boarders or lodgers.	Boarders or lodgers.	Sources or combination of sources not before specified.
Native-born of native father, White.....	106	65.1	1.9	11.3	0.9	7.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.2
Foreign-born:													
Flemish.....	51	39.2	2.0	31.4	2.0	2.0	.0	.0	.0	2.0	.0	.0	21.6
German.....	88	52.3	.0	20.5	1.1	12.5	.0	.0	.0	2.3	.0	.0	11.4
Italian, North.....	28	32.1	.0	3.6	.0	60.7	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	3.6
Magyar.....	24	8.3	.0	.0	.0	83.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	8.3
Polish.....	119	32.8	.0	5.9	.0	52.1	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	9.2
Slovak.....	160	45.0	.6	2.5	.0	38.8	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	13.1
Grand total.....	612	44.8	.7	10.3	.5	31.0	.0	.0	.0	.5	.2	.0	12.1
Total native-born of foreign father	12	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)
Total native-born.....	118	65.3	1.7	11.9	.8	7.6	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	12.7
Total foreign-born.....	494	39.9	.4	9.9	.4	36.6	.0	.0	.0	.6	.2	.0	11.9

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Six hundred and twelve families were selected for this inquiry as to sources of income. It will be seen that of the specified sources of income the husband, either alone or in combination with children or with boarders or lodgers, is the chief source of income, while wives play but a small part. Children alone figure largely as a source of income only among the Flemish and Germans. Boarders or lodgers supplement the husband's earnings to a notable extent among the Magyars, North Italians, and Poles.

RELATIVE IMPORTANCE OF THE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME.

The table following shows by general nativity and race of head of family the percentage of total yearly income derived from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources.

TABLE 55.—Per cent of total family income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races. One family is excluded which reports income as "none."]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Per cent of total income from—				
		Earnings of—		Contributions of children.	Payments of boarders or lodgers.	Other sources.
		Husband.	Wife.			
Native-born of native father.....	106	86.1	0.4	8.4	3.2	1.9
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	51	62.0	.9	32.1	.2	4.8
German.....	88	75.9	.1	20.2	3.0	.9
Italian, North.....	28	86.1	.0	4.6	8.5	.8
Magyar.....	24	74.6	.0	.9	24.5	.0
Polish.....	119	76.6	.0	7.3	15.3	.8
Slovak.....	160	78.7	.2	2.9	16.6	1.6
Grand total.....	612	77.9	.2	11.1	9.1	1.7
Total native-born of foreign father.....	12	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)
Total native-born.....	118	86.7	.4	8.1	3.1	1.8
Total foreign-born.....	494	75.3	.2	11.9	10.9	1.7

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The above table shows that 77.9 per cent of the total income of 612 families comes from the earnings of husband, 0.2 per cent of the total income is derived from earnings of the wife, 11.1 per cent from contributions of children, 9.1 per cent from payments of boarders or lodgers, and 1.7 per cent from other sources. Families the heads of which are native-born of native father show a higher per cent of total income derived from the earnings of husband and wife and from unspecified sources than is shown for families the heads of which are of foreign birth. Families whose heads are foreign-born show a higher percentage of total income derived from contributions of children and payments of boarders or lodgers than is shown for the native-born of native father. Families the heads of which are North Italians show the highest per cent of total income from earnings of husband, and families the heads of which are Flemish the lowest per cent of total income from this source; the latter show the highest per cent of total income from wife and from contributions of children.

The families whose heads are North Italians, Magyars, and Poles show no income from earnings of wife, and families the heads of which are Magyars show less than 1 per cent of income from contributions of children. The households whose heads are Magyars show the highest percentage of income from payments of boarder or lodgers, and households the heads of which are Flemish less than 1 per cent of income from this source. The households whose heads are Flemish show the highest percentage of total income from other sources, and the households the heads of which are Magyars no income from this source.

CHAPTER IV.

WORKING CONDITIONS.

Regularity of employment—The immigrant and organized labor—[Text Tables 56 to 57 and General Table 39].

REGULARITY OF EMPLOYMENT.

The table next presented shows, by general nativity and race of individual, the months worked during the past year by males 16 years of age or over employed away from home.

TABLE 56.—*Months worked during the past year by males 16 years of age or over employed away from home, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all males.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent working—			
		12 months.	9 months or over.	6 months or over.	3 months or over.
Native-born of native father, White	139	68.3	84.9	95.0	99.3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	33	63.6	81.8	97.0	100.0
Foreign-born:					
Flemish.....	61	27.9	70.5	83.6	98.4
German.....	107	57.9	78.5	95.3	99.1
Italian, North.....	30	50.0	73.3	86.7	100.0
Italian, South.....	24	20.8	29.2	62.5	100.0
Magyar.....	29	69.0	75.9	89.7	100.0
Polish.....	148	63.5	81.1	92.6	99.3
Slovak.....	183	42.1	79.8	90.7	98.4
Grand total.....	794	53.8	77.7	90.8	99.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	60	60.0	78.3	91.7	98.3
Total native-born.....	199	65.8	82.9	94.0	99.0
Total foreign-born.....	595	49.7	76.0	89.7	99.0

Of the 794 males 16 years of age or over employed away from home, 99 per cent worked three months or over, 90.8 per cent six months or over, 77.7 per cent nine months or over, and 53.8 per cent twelve months during the past year. The native-born of native father show a larger proportion of their number than the native-born of foreign father, who in turn show a larger proportion than the foreign-born, who worked twelve months, nine months or over, or six months or over during the past year, while the native-born of foreign father show the smallest proportion as having worked three months or over. The North Italian, South Italian, and Magyar are the only races reporting their entire number as having worked three months or over, while the proportion of each race having worked six months or over ranges from 95.3 per cent of the German to 62.5 per cent of the South Italian, and the proportion having worked nine

months or over ranges from 81.1 per cent of the Polish to 29.2 per cent of the South Italian. The German, North Italian, Magyar, and Polish are the only races showing as high as 50 per cent of the number as having worked twelve months during the past year, the proportion of other races ranging from 42.1 per cent of the Slovaks to 20.8 per cent of the South Italians.

THE IMMIGRANT AND ORGANIZED LABOR.

The small extent to which the glass workers are members of labor organizations is set forth in the table next presented. It shows by general nativity and race of individual the affiliation with trade unions of males 21 years of age or over, in the households studied, who are working for wages.

TABLE 57.—*Affiliation with trade unions of males 21 years of age or over working for wages, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Affiliated with trade unions.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Native-born of native father, White	123	14	11.4
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:			
Flemish	2		(a)
French	1		(a)
German	23		.0
Polish	3		(a)
Slovak	1		(a)
Foreign-born:			
Flemish	60	3	5.0
French	13		(a)
German	104	2	1.9
Italian, North	31		.0
Italian, South	18		(a)
Magyar	31		.0
Polish	145		.0
Slovak	183	1	.5
Grand total.....	738	20	2.7
Total native-born of foreign father	30		.0
Total native-born.....	153	14	9.2
Total foreign-born.....	585	6	1.0

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 738 males for whom information was obtained in this industry, only 2.7 per cent are affiliated with trade unions, the foreign-born reporting only 1 per cent as compared with 11.4 per cent of the native-born of native father. Among the foreign-born reported in sufficient numbers to admit of comparison, no North Italians, Magyars, or Poles and only a very small proportion of Slovaks and Germans and a slightly larger proportion of Flemish are affiliated with trade unions. Among the native-born of foreign father only the Germans, because of the small number involved, are computed, and of these none have manifested any active interest in labor organizations.

CHAPTER V.

HOUSING AND LIVING CONDITIONS.

Rent in its relation to standard of living—Boarders and lodgers—Size of apartments occupied—Size of households studied—Congestion—[Text Tables 58 to 70 and General Tables 40 to 51].

RENT IN ITS RELATION TO STANDARD OF LIVING.

The rent payments of the households of the glass workers are chiefly significant because of the insight which they afford into standards of living and general living conditions. The first table submitted in this connection, which immediately follows, shows average monthly rent payments per apartment, per room, and per sleeping room, according to general nativity and race of head of household.

TABLE 58.—Average rent per month, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per—		
		Apartment.	Room.	Person.
Native-born of native father, White.....	68	\$11.61	\$2.29	\$2.68
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.	6	(a)	(a)	(a)
Foreign-born:				
Flemish.....	25	8.17	2.35	1.86
French.....	6	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	60	10.32	2.15	1.85
Italian, North.....	26	9.65	2.32	1.43
Italian, South.....	8	(a)	(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	25	7.75	1.71	.80
Polish.....	89	7.63	2.18	1.41
Slovak.....	127	7.64	2.03	1.37
Grand total.....	440	8.91	2.16	1.60
Total native-born of foreign father.....	6	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	74	11.64	2.29	2.66
Total foreign-born.....	366	8.36	2.12	1.44

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

For the 440 households that were selected for study the average rent per apartment is \$8.91 per month. The average rent per month per room is \$2.16 and per person it is \$1.60. In the households whose heads are foreign-born the Germans report the highest average rent per apartment. It is \$10.32 per month. The next highest is shown by the North Italians. Of the races that are computed the Slovaks show the smallest average rent per apartment, \$7.64. The native whites born of native father, report a higher average rent per apartment than do any of the foreign-born races. The largest average rent per room is paid by the households whose heads are Flemish, the average for that race being \$2.35. Each of the other races, except the Magyars, show an average rental per month per room of between \$2

and \$3. The lowest average rent per month per person is shown by the Magyars, being only \$0.80 and the highest average rent per month per person is shown by the households the heads of which are native-born of native father, whites.

The range in monthly rent payments for apartments may be seen in the following table, which shows by general nativity and race of head of household the percentage of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment:

TABLE 59.—*Per cent of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per apartment.	Per cent paying—					
			Under \$5.	Under \$7.50.	Under \$10.	Under \$12.50.	Under \$15.	Under \$20.
Native-born of native father, White.....	68	\$11.61	1.5	8.8	32.4	63.2	86.8	94.1
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	25	8.17	4.0	52.0	64.0	96.0	96.0	100.0
German.....	60	10.32	3.3	16.7	35.0	78.3	88.3	100.0
Italian, North.....	26	9.65	3.8	11.5	26.9	96.2	100.0	100.0
Magyar.....	25	7.75	8.0	32.0	88.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Polish.....	89	7.68	15.7	39.3	76.4	97.8	100.0	100.0
Slovak.....	127	7.64	14.2	47.2	72.4	97.6	100.0	100.0
Grand total.....	440	8.91	8.9	31.4	58.2	88.4	95.7	98.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	6	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	74	11.64	1.4	8.1	33.8	63.5	85.1	93.2
Total foreign-born.....	366	8.36	10.4	36.1	63.1	93.4	97.8	100.0

^aNot computed, owing to small number involved.

More than 90 per cent of the households included in the above table pay over \$5 rent per month per apartment, and 1.1 per cent pay over \$20 per month per apartment. Of the total 58.2 per cent pay under \$10 and 88.4 per cent pay under \$12.50. Among the foreign-born, the Poles report the largest proportion paying under \$5 per month and the Germans the smallest proportion paying under that amount. Slightly more than 50 per cent of the Flemish pay under \$7.50 as compared with 11.5 per cent of the North Italians. Of the Magyars 88 per cent pay under \$10. This is the largest proportion and the North Italians, with 26.9 per cent report the smallest proportion. Every race, except the German, shows over 90 per cent who pay under \$12.50. The Flemish and the German are the only races showing any households that pay under \$15. None of the foreign-born races show any households paying over \$20. The native-born of native father, whites, on the other hand, show a proportion of 5.9 per cent paying over \$20.

The table next presented sets forth by general nativity and race of head of household the range in monthly rent payments per room.

TABLE 60.—Per cent of households paying each specified rent per month per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per room.	Per cent paying—			
			Under \$1.	Under \$2.	Under \$3.	Under \$4.
Native-born of native father, White.....	68	\$2.29	0.0	26.5	83.8	97.1
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	25	2.35	.0	32.0	64.0	100.0
German.....	60	2.15	.0	41.7	78.3	98.3
Italian, North.....	26	2.32	.0	.0	84.6	96.2
Magyar.....	25	1.71	.0	72.0	100.0	100.0
Polish.....	89	2.18	.0	23.6	89.9	97.8
Slovak.....	127	2.03	1.6	42.5	85.8	98.4
Grand total.....	440	2.16	.5	33.6	84.3	98.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	6	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	74	2.29	.0	28.4	83.8	97.3
Total foreign-born.....	366	2.12	.5	34.7	84.4	98.4

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 440 households paying rent and reporting its amount, less than 2 per cent pay more than \$4 per month per room. The proportion paying under \$2 is 33.6 per cent, while 84.3 per cent pay under \$3 per room per month. The native-born, when compared with the foreign-born, show a slightly larger proportion of households paying over \$4 per month per room. The Slovak is the only race, among the foreign-born households studied, showing any households paying under \$1 per month per room and for that race the proportion is only 1.6 per cent. None of the North Italian households pay under \$2 per month per room, while 72 per cent of the Magyars pay that amount. Nearly 50 per cent each of the Germans and Slovaks pay under \$2, while 32 per cent of the Flemish and 23.6 per cent of the Poles pay that amount. None of the Magyar households pay over \$3 per month per room, while the proportion of Polish households who pay under that amount is 89.9 per cent. Approximately 85 per cent each of the North Italians and Slovaks pay that amount. None of the races show a proportion as high as 5 per cent of households paying over \$4 per month per room. The North Italians, of whom 96.2 per cent pay under \$4, report the largest proportion paying over that amount.

The final table in this connection, by exhibiting the large proportion of households with a monthly rental less than \$1 and \$2 per person, affords an insight into the crowded conditions within the households of the glass workers. It shows by general nativity and race of head of household the percentage of households paying each specified rent per month per person.

TABLE 61.—*Per cent of households paying each specified rent per month per person, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per person. ¹	Per cent paying—			
			Under \$1.	Under \$2.	Under \$3.	Under \$4.
Native-born of native father, White.....	68	\$2.68	1.5	19.1	51.5	72.1
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	25	1.86	.0	56.0	84.0	96.0
German.....	60	1.85	6.7	50.0	71.7	88.3
Italian, North.....	26	1.43	19.2	69.2	84.6	100.0
Magyar.....	25	.80	64.0	96.0	96.0	100.0
Polish.....	89	1.41	14.6	69.7	93.3	100.0
Slovak.....	127	1.37	20.5	70.9	89.8	94.5
Grand total.....	440	1.60	14.8	59.3	81.1	91.8
Total native-born of foreign father.....	6	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	74	2.66	1.4	21.6	52.7	71.6
Total foreign-born.....	366	1.44	17.5	66.9	86.9	95.9

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 440 households included in the above table, almost 60 per cent pay a rental of less than \$2 per month per person; 81.1 per cent pay under \$3 and 91.8 per cent pay under \$4, leaving 8.2 per cent who pay a rental of more than \$4 per month per person. Of the foreign-born races, the Magyars show the largest proportion of households in which the rent paid per month per person is under \$1. The Slovaks show the next largest proportion and the Flemish, who report zero, the smallest. Where the rent paid per person per month is under \$2, none of the foreign-born races show a proportion of less than 50 per cent of the total number of households. The Magyars show the largest proportion in this column. The households the heads of which are foreign-born Germans show the smallest proportion. Of the households the heads of which are foreign-born Magyars and Poles, over 90 per cent each pay a rent of less than \$3 per person per month. All of the households the heads of which are foreign-born North Italians, Magyars, or Poles pay a rental of less than \$4 per person per month.

BOARDERS AND LODGERS.

The practice of the wives of the glass workers, especially of those of foreign birth, in keeping boarders or lodgers in order to supplement the earnings of their husbands has already been discussed. The extent to which this practice prevails is set forth in the table next submitted, which shows the number and percentage of the households studied which keep boarders or lodgers, by general nativity and race of head of household.

TABLE 62.—*Number and per cent of households keeping boarders or lodgers, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[Information relating to boarders and lodgers covers only immediate time of taking schedule and not the entire year. Boarders are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Households keeping boarders or lodgers.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Native-born of native father, White.....	115	10	8.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	1	(a)
Foreign-born:			
Flemish.....	55	2	3.6
French.....	12		(a)
German.....	92	13	14.1
Italian, North.....	30	22	73.3
Italian, South.....	13	8	(a)
Magyar.....	27	25	92.6
Polish.....	132	76	57.6
Slovak.....	170	74	43.5
Grand total.....	660	231	35.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	1	(a)
Total native-born.....	129	11	8.5
Total foreign-born.....	531	220	41.4

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 660 households studied in this industry, 35 per cent keep boarders or lodgers. As compared with the households whose heads are foreign-born, those households whose heads are native whites born of native father report an extremely low proportion keeping boarders or lodgers. Among the households whose heads are foreign-born, almost the entire number of Magyar households keep boarders or lodgers. Following the Magyar households are those of the North Italians, who report a considerably larger proportion keeping boarders or lodgers than do the Polish or Slovak households, and a very much larger proportion than do the German and Flemish households combined, the Flemish households reporting only 3.6 per cent.

The table following shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the average number of boarders or lodgers per household. The averages are based (1) on the total number of households studied and (2) on the number keeping boarders or lodgers.

TABLE 63.—Average number of boarders or lodgers per household, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[Information relating to boarders and lodgers covers only immediate time of taking schedule and not the entire year. Boarders are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Number of households keeping boarders or lodgers.	Number of boarders or lodgers.	Average number of boarders or lodgers per household.	
				Based on total number of households.	Based on number of households keeping boarders or lodgers.
Native-born of native father, White.....	115	10	25	0.22	2.50
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	1	1	.07	(a)
Foreign-born:					
Flemish.....	55	2	2	.04	(a)
French.....	12				
German.....	92	13	34	.37	2.62
Italian, North.....	30	22	101	3.37	4.59
Italian, South.....	13	8	25	1.92	(a)
Magyar.....	27	25	151	5.59	6.04
Polish.....	132	76	242	1.83	3.18
Slovak.....	170	74	278	1.64	3.76
Grand total.....	660	231	859	1.30	3.72
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	1	1	.07	(a)
Total native-born.....	129	11	26	.20	2.36
Total foreign-born.....	531	220	833	1.57	3.79

(a) Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The average number of boarders or lodgers based on the total number of households is 1.30, while the average is 3.72 on the basis of the number of households keeping boarders or lodgers. Keeping boarders or lodgers is a much more general practice among the foreign-born than among the native-born of native father or the native-born of foreign father. There is, however, considerable variation among the specified races of foreign-born as to the relative frequency of boarders or lodgers. There were none in the French households which were investigated, and only a very small average number in the Flemish and German households. The Magyar households, on the contrary, average 5.59, and based only on Magyar households keeping boarders or lodgers the average number of 6.04.

SIZE OF APARTMENTS OCCUPIED.

The table following shows by general nativity and race of head of household the percentage of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms.

TABLE 64.—*Per cent of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of rooms per apartment.	Per cent of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms.						
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7 or more.
Native-born of native father, White	115	5.35	0.0	4.3	5.2	17.4	24.3	28.7	20.0
Foreign-born:									
Flemish	55	4.16	.0	18.2	14.5	23.6	20.0	23.6	.0
German	92	5.05	.0	1.1	9.8	28.3	21.7	25.0	14.1
Italian, North	30	4.20	3.3	3.3	16.7	33.3	33.3	10.0	.0
Magyar	27	4.48	.0	.0	7.4	44.4	40.7	7.4	.0
Polish	132	3.62	.8	15.2	31.1	31.8	18.2	2.3	.8
Slovak	170	3.66	1.2	19.4	15.9	50.0	3.5	9.4	.6
Grand total.....	660	4.31	.6	11.1	15.5	32.6	18.5	15.5	6.4
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	5.86	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	129	5.40	.0	3.9	4.7	16.3	27.1	27.1	20.9
Total foreign-born.....	531	4.05	.8	12.8	18.1	36.5	16.4	12.6	2.8

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 660 households, data for which are included in the above table, less than 1 per cent occupy apartments of 1 room. The largest proportion, 32.6 per cent, are found occupying apartments of 4 rooms; 18.5 per cent occupy apartments of 5 rooms; and 6.4 per cent apartments of 7 or more rooms. When compared with the households whose heads are foreign-born, the households the heads of which are native-born of native father show the smallest proportion occupying apartments of 1, 2, 3, and 4 rooms and the largest proportion occupying apartments of 5, 6, and 7 or more rooms. The North Italian race shows the largest proportion of households occupying 1-room apartments. The proportion is 3.3 per cent. The Poles and Slovaks each show a proportion of less than 2 per cent. None of the Magyars occupy apartments of 2 rooms, while 19.4 per cent of the households the heads of which are foreign-born Slovaks occupy apartments of 2 rooms. No foreign-born race shows a proportion of less than 23.6 per cent or more than 50 per cent of households occupying 4-room apartments. None of the households the heads of which are foreign-born Flemish, North Italians, or Magyars occupy apartments of 7 or more rooms. Almost 15 per cent of the households the heads of which are German occupy apartments of 7 or more rooms. The Poles and Slovaks each show a proportion of less than 1 per cent.

SIZE OF HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The range in the size of households may be seen in the table next presented, which shows by general nativity and race of head of household the percentage of households of each specified number of persons.

TABLE 65.—Per cent of households of each specified number of persons, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per household.	Per cent of households of each specified number of persons.									
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10 or more.
Native-born of native father, White	115	4.33	0.0	15.7	26.1	18.3	14.8	11.3	8.7	0.9	2.6	1.7
Foreign-born:												
Flemish	55	4.69	.0	5.5	23.6	18.2	23.6	12.7	12.7	1.8	1.8	.0
German	92	5.61	.0	12.0	13.0	13.0	12.0	14.1	12.0	10.9	5.4	7.6
Italian, North	30	6.63	.0	6.7	13.3	3.3	16.7	13.3	13.3	3.3	13.3	16.7
Magyar	27	9.59	.0	3.7	.0	7.4	7.4	3.7	.0	7.4	7.4	63.0
Polish	132	5.84	.0	9.1	8.3	17.4	15.2	16.7	8.3	9.8	4.5	10.6
Slovak	170	5.59	.0	11.2	17.6	11.8	11.8	12.9	11.2	10.0	2.9	10.6
Grand total	660	5.53	.0	10.5	16.7	14.4	14.2	13.3	9.7	6.8	4.5	9.8
Total native-born of foreign father	14	4.50	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born	129	4.35	.0	14.0	27.1	17.1	17.1	11.6	8.5	.8	2.3	1.6
Total foreign-born	531	5.82	.0	9.6	14.1	13.7	13.6	13.7	10.0	8.3	5.1	11.9

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of a total of 660 households the largest proportion, or 16.7 per cent, is composed of 3 persons each. Households of 4 persons, 5 persons, 6 persons, and 2 persons follow in the order named, while 9.8 per cent are households of 10 or more persons, 9.7 per cent households of 7 persons, 6.8 per cent households of 8 persons, and 4.5 per cent households of 9 persons. That the households the heads of which are foreign-born are more congested than the households the heads of which are native-born of white native father is apparent from the fact that the proportion of the former is smaller than the proportion of the latter of each specified number of persons up to 6, beyond which the position is reversed. This condition is emphasized by the proportion of households of 10 or more persons, there being 11.9 per cent of the households the heads of which are foreign-born of this number of persons, as against 1.7 per cent of the households the heads of which are native-born of white native father.

The households whose heads are Magyars exhibit an exceptional condition, 63 per cent of such households being composed of 10 or more persons. It is noticeable also that the proportion of households of 10 or more persons whose heads are North Italians is as large as the proportion of households of either other specified number of persons.

CONGESTION.

The preceding tables and discussion have indicated the crowded conditions within the households. In the series next presented the degree of congestion is more directly set forth, together with the resultant effect upon living conditions. The first table submitted shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the average number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms.

TABLE 66.—Average number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Average number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms.							Total.
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7 or more.	
Native-born of native father, White.....		(a)	(a)	3.35	4.79	4.39	5.04	4.33
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....				(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	4.50
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....		3.80	(a)	4.00	5.09	5.46		4.69
French.....		(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)		4.83
German.....		(a)	(a)	5.35	5.75	6.26	6.08	5.61
Italian, North.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	7.00	8.60	(a)		6.63
Italian, South.....		(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)		5.92
Magyar.....			(a)	8.83	10.09	(a)		9.59
Polish.....	(a)	3.25	5.85	6.38	6.83	(a)	(a)	5.84
Slovak.....	(a)	3.82	5.15	6.22	(a)	6.31	(a)	5.59
Grand total.....	(a)	3.56	5.10	5.91	6.36	5.82	5.21	5.53
Total native-born of foreign father.....				(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	4.50
Total native-born.....		(a)	(a)	3.43	4.86	4.43	4.74	4.35
Total foreign-born.....	(a)	3.56	5.23	6.18	6.97	6.55	6.07	5.82

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The above table shows that 660 households connected with the glass industry had on the average 5.53 persons to each apartment. This average was slightly higher among the foreign-born than the general average, while that for the second generation was lower. Among the races of the foreign-born the Magyars have much the highest average number of persons to each apartment, the Flemish and French the smallest averages.

The table next presented shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the average number of persons per apartment, per room, and per sleeping room.

TABLE 67.—Average number of persons per apartment, per room, and per sleeping room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per—		
		Apartment.	Room.	Sleeping room.
Native-born of native father, White.....	115	4.33	0.81	1.84
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	4.50	.77	2.17
Foreign-born:				
Flemish.....	55	4.69	1.13	2.32
French.....	12	4.83	1.07	2.23
German.....	92	5.61	1.11	2.35
Italian, North.....	30	6.63	1.58	2.52
Italian, South.....	13	5.92	1.40	2.41
Magyar.....	27	9.59	2.14	3.41
Polish.....	132	5.84	1.61	2.68
Slovak.....	170	5.59	1.53	2.64
Grand total.....	660	5.53	1.28	2.44
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	4.50	.77	2.17
Total native-born.....	129	4.35	.80	1.87
Total foreign-born.....	531	5.82	1.44	2.59

In a total of 660 households, the average number of persons per apartment is 5.53, the average number of persons per room is 1.28, and the average number of persons per sleeping room is 2.44. In each specified space the foreign-born show a higher average of persons than do the native-born of foreign father. In the households the heads of which are whites, native-born of native father, the average number of persons per room is less than 1 and the average number of persons per sleeping room is less than 2. In the households the heads of which are foreign-born, the Magyars show the greatest degree of congestion. In households the heads of which are of that race the average number of persons per apartment is 9.59; the average number of persons per room is 2.14, and the average number of persons per sleeping room is 3.41, an average that is in each case larger than that shown by any other race. The households the heads of which are foreign-born French show the smallest degree of congestion among all the foreign-born.

The range in the number of persons per room is exhibited by the following table, according to general nativity and race of head of household:

TABLE 68.—Persons per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per room.	Number of households having each specified number of persons per room.				Per cent of households having each specified number of persons per room.			
			1 or more.	2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.	1 or more.	2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.	115	0.81	39	4	1	.....	33.9	3.5	0.9	0.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	.77	8	.....	.....	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Foreign-born:										
Flemish.....	55	1.13	37	10	1	.....	67.3	18.2	1.8	.0
French.....	12	1.07	8	1	.....	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	92	1.11	60	11	.....	.....	65.2	12.0	.0	.0
Italian, North.....	30	1.58	28	9	1	.....	93.3	30.0	3.3	.0
Italian, South.....	13	1.40	11	3	.....	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	27	2.14	25	17	5	.....	92.6	63.0	18.5	.0
Polish.....	132	1.61	122	44	10	2	92.4	33.3	7.6	1.5
Slovak.....	170	1.53	141	56	9	2	82.9	32.9	5.3	1.2
Grand total.....	660	1.28	479	155	27	4	72.6	23.5	4.1	.6
Total native-born of foreign father.	14	.77	8	.....	.....	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	129	.80	47	4	1	.....	36.4	3.1	.8	.0
Total foreign-born.....	531	1.44	432	151	26	4	81.4	28.4	4.9	.8

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The above table shows that 660 households in all have an average of slightly more than 1 person per room, this average being notably lower in the case of the native-born of foreign father than in the case of the foreign-born. Among the races, the Magyars, Poles, and Slovaks have large percentages of those households having 3 or more persons to a room, and the two latter are the only ones having 4 or more persons to a room. Native-born whites are far below the average in each class.

In the table next presented the range in the number of persons per sleeping room is shown according to general nativity and race of head of household.

TABLE 69.—Persons per sleeping room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per sleeping room.	Number of households having each specified number of persons per sleeping room.					Per cent of households having each specified number of persons per sleeping room.				
			2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.	5 or more.	6 or more.	2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.	5 or more.	6 or more.
			Native-born of native father, White.....	115	1.84	54	17	6	2	2	47.0	14.8	5.2	1.7	1.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	2.17	9	2	1	1	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Foreign-born:												
Flemish.....	55	2.32	37	23	9	2	1	67.3	41.8	16.4	3.6	1.8
French.....	12	2.23	8	4	1	.....	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	92	2.35	68	30	9	2	.....	73.9	32.6	9.8	2.2	.0
Italian, North.....	30	2.52	23	12	4	.....	.....	76.7	40.0	13.3	.0	.0
Italian, South.....	13	2.41	10	6	1	.....	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	27	3.41	27	18	11	2	.....	100.0	66.7	40.7	7.4	.0
Polish.....	132	2.68	112	59	26	8	3	84.8	44.7	19.7	6.1	2.3
Slovak.....	170	2.64	138	79	33	17	9	81.2	46.5	19.4	10.0	5.3
Grand total.....	660	2.44	486	250	101	34	15	73.6	37.9	15.3	5.2	2.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	2.17	9	2	1	1	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	129	1.87	63	19	7	3	2	48.8	14.7	5.4	2.3	1.6
Total foreign-born.....	531	2.59	423	231	94	31	13	79.7	43.5	17.7	5.8	2.4

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The above table shows the average number of persons per sleeping room to be 244 persons per 100 sleeping rooms, while 73.6 per cent of households have 2 or more persons per sleeping room, 37.9 per cent 3 or more, 15.3 per cent 4 or more, 5.2 per cent 5 or more, and 2.3 per cent 6 or more. Foreign-born show an average of 259 persons per 100 sleeping rooms as compared with 217 persons per 100 sleeping rooms in households of native-born of foreign father and 184 persons per 100 sleeping rooms in households of native-born of native father. The foreign-born show a considerably higher percentage of households having 2 or more persons per sleeping room than do the native-born of native father, the percentage of foreign-born households continuing higher than that of persons native-born of native father for each succeeding specified number of persons per sleeping room. Of the foreign-born, the Magyars show a considerably higher average number of persons per sleeping room than the other races given, while French show the lowest average. Magyars show 100 per cent of households having 2 or more persons per sleeping room and Flemish the lowest percentage. The same racial order is preserved by households showing 3 or more persons per sleeping room as was shown for those with 4 or more, Magyar households reporting the highest percentage and German the lowest. Slovak households report the highest percentage, having 5 or more persons per sleeping room, and North Italians show no households having that number of persons per sleeping room. Slovak, Polish, and Flemish households alone report small proportions with 6 or more persons per sleeping room.

The effect of congestion within the households upon sleeping and living arrangements is set forth in the final table of the series, which follows below. This table shows by general nativity and race of head of household the number and per cent of households regularly sleeping in all except each specified number of rooms.

TABLE 70.—Number and per cent of households regularly sleeping in all except each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of rooms per household.	Average number of sleeping rooms per household.	Number of persons sleeping in—			Per cent of persons sleeping in—		
				All rooms.	All except 1 room.	All except 2 rooms.	All rooms.	All except 1 room.	All except 2 rooms.
Native-born of native father, White.....	115	5.35	2.36	1	6	25	0.9	5.2	21.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German..	14	5.86	2.07	.....	.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)
Foreign-born:									
Flemish.....	55	4.16	2.02	.....	14	19	.0	25.5	34.5
French.....	12	4.50	2.17	.....	2	4	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	92	5.05	2.39	1	6	34	1.1	6.5	37.0
Italian, North.....	30	4.20	2.63	1	13	15	3.3	43.3	50.0
Italian, South.....	13	4.23	2.46	.....	5	6	(a)	(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	27	4.48	2.81	.....	12	13	.0	44.4	48.1
Polish.....	132	3.62	2.18	6	75	41	4.5	56.8	31.1
Slovak.....	170	3.66	2.12	8	104	27	4.7	61.2	15.9
Grand total.....	660	4.31	2.26	17	237	185	2.6	35.9	28.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	5.86	2.07	.....	.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	129	5.40	2.33	1	6	26	.8	4.7	20.2
Total foreign-born.....	531	4.05	2.24	16	231	159	3.0	43.5	29.9

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The above table includes data as to sleeping accommodations in 660 households. The average number of rooms per household is 4.31 and the average number of sleeping rooms per household is 2.26. Slightly more than 35 per cent of the total number of persons sleep in all rooms except 1 and 28 per cent sleep in all rooms except 2. Of the total number, 2.6 per cent sleep in all rooms. The foreign-born show a much greater degree of congestion in sleeping quarters than do the native-born. Less than 1 per cent of the native-born of native father, whites, sleep in all rooms; only 5.2 per cent sleep in all rooms except 1, and 21.7 per cent sleep in all rooms except 2. Among the households the heads of which are foreign-born, the Slovaks show the greatest degree of congestion. Nearly 5 per cent of the persons of that race sleep in all rooms and 61.2 per cent sleep in all rooms except 1. Of the races that are computed in percentages, the North Italians show the largest proportion of persons who sleep in all rooms except 2.

CHAPTER VI.

SALIENT CHARACTERISTICS OF THE IMMIGRANT LABOR SUPPLY.

Literacy—Conjugal condition—Visits abroad—Age composition of employees and members of their households—[Text Tables 71 to 99 and General Tables 52 to 76].

LITERACY.

The degree of literacy which prevails among the glass workers is important in its bearing upon the possibilities of their industrial progress and efficiency as well as significant from the standpoint of the problem of assimilation. For these reasons a series of tables have been prepared which set forth the general literacy of employees of glass factories and the members of their households. The first table submitted shows, by general nativity and race, the per cent of male employees of plate-glass factories who could read and the per cent who could both read and write:

TABLE 71.—*Per cent of male employees who read and per cent who read and write, by general nativity and race—Plate glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who read.	Per cent who read and write.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	1,095	98.2	96.8
Negro.....	92	72.8	64.1
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.	150	100.0	100.0
Foreign-born, by race:			
Bulgarian.....	71	49.3	45.1
English.....	70	97.1	97.1
French.....	52	94.2	94.2
German.....	247	99.6	99.2
Greek.....	106	72.6	70.8
Italian, North.....	41	75.6	75.6
Macedonian.....	59	54.2	50.8
Magyar.....	148	91.2	90.5
Polish.....	416	84.4	83.2
Roumanian.....	40	52.5	52.5
Russian.....	104	54.8	51.9
Slovak.....	549	90.7	90.3
Grand total.....	3,602	89.5	88.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	293	99.7	99.3
Total native-born.....	1,480	96.9	95.3
Total foreign-born.....	2,122	84.4	83.4

Of the total number of male employees, 89.5 per cent read and 88.3 per cent read and write. Literacy is most general among the native-born of foreign father, 99.7 per cent of whom read and 99.3 per cent read and write. Literacy is general only to a very slightly less degree among the native whites born of native father. The native negroes born of native father have a less degree of literacy than any other class,

only 72.8 per cent being able to read and only 64.1 per cent to read and write. Of the foreign-born male employees, 84.4 per cent read and 83.4 per cent read and write. There is, however, wide variation in the literacy of the specified races. The Germans, English, French, Magyars, and Slovaks have from 90.3 per cent to 99.2 per cent who read and write. Of the Bulgarians, on the other hand, 49.3 per cent are literate, and only slightly larger proportions of the Macedonians, Russians, and Roumanians.

The following table shows, by general nativity and race, the per cent of male employees in window-glass factories who could read and the percentage who could read and write:

TABLE 72.—*Per cent of male employees who read and per cent who read and write, by general nativity and race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who read.	Per cent who read and write.
Native-born of native father, White	653	99.4	99.4
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.	72	100.0	100.0
Foreign-born, by race:			
English	46	100.0	100.0
Italian, North	97	85.6	85.6
Italian, South	152	64.5	61.2
Polish	40	70.0	62.5
Swedish	61	100.0	100.0
Grand total	1,506	92.8	92.3
Total native-born of foreign father	187	100.0	100.0
Total native-born	857	99.3	99.3
Total foreign-born	649	84.3	83.1

Upon information obtained for 1,506 male employees in this industry, it will be noted that 92.8 per cent can read and 92.3 per cent can both read and write—the foreign-born in each instance reporting a proportion considerably below, while the native whites born of native father report a proportion considerably above the proportion shown in the total for all male employees. On the other hand, it will be noted that there is no illiteracy among the native-born of foreign father. Among the foreign-born it will be noted that there is no illiteracy among the English or Swedes, and only 14.4 per cent among the North Italians. On the other hand, both the Poles and South Italians show a smaller proportion who can read and write than who can read only, each showing a much lower per cent of literacy than is shown by the North Italians.

The table following shows, by general nativity and race, the percentage of male employees engaged in the manufacture of bottles who could read and the percentage who could read and write.

TABLE 73.—*Per cent of male employees who read and per cent who read and write, by general nativity and race—Glass bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who read.	Per cent who read and write.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	1,780	97.9	97.7
Negro.....	135	91.1	88.1
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Austria-Hungary.....	59	100.0	100.0
England.....	65	100.0	100.0
Germany.....	251	100.0	99.6
Ireland.....	107	100.0	100.0
Foreign-born, by race:			
German.....	112	100.0	100.0
Italian, North.....	92	71.7	70.7
Italian, South.....	348	56.3	54.6
Polish.....	95	95.8	94.7
Roumanian.....	50	92.0	92.0
Slovak.....	43	95.3	95.3
Grand total.....	3,481	92.6	92.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	581	99.8	99.7
Total native-born.....	2,496	98.0	97.6
Total foreign-born.....	985	79.0	77.6

Of 3,481 males employed in the manufacture of glass bottles for whom complete data were secured, 92.6 per cent read and 92 per cent read and write. Of the different nativity groups the native-born of foreign father shows the largest and the foreign-born the smallest proportion who read, a slightly smaller proportion of each having ability to both read and write than to read only. The lowest degree of literacy is shown by the North Italians and South Italians, which show 70.7 per cent and 54.6 per cent, respectively, of their number who read and write, as compared with over 90 per cent of each other race. Each race except the German, Roumanian, and Slovak shows a slightly larger proportion who read than who both read and write.

The table next presented shows, according to sex and general nativity and race, the percentage of employees engaged in the manufacture of tableware who could read and the percentage who could both read and write.

TABLE 74.—Per cent of employees who read and per cent who read and write, by sex and general nativity and race—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who read.			Per cent who read and write.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	1,140	210	1,350	99.4	100.0	99.5	99.4	100.0	99.5
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Austria-Hungary.....	68	25	93	100.0	96.0	98.9	100.0	96.0	98.9
England.....	61	32	93	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Germany.....	462	157	619	99.6	100.0	99.7	99.6	100.0	99.7
Ireland.....	103	22	125	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Foreign-born, by race:									
German.....	295	22	317	96.9	90.9	96.5	96.9	90.9	96.5
Italian, South.....	84	6	90	92.9	83.3	92.2	90.5	83.3	90.0
Polish.....	94	19	113	96.8	63.2	91.2	86.2	63.2	82.3
Slovak.....	99	23	122	85.9	69.6	82.8	85.9	69.6	82.8
Grand total.....	2,884	658	3,542	98.0	97.0	97.8	97.5	96.8	97.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	850	307	1,157	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.8	99.7	99.7
Total native-born.....	2,001	518	2,519	99.6	99.8	99.6	99.6	99.8	99.6
Total foreign-born.....	883	140	1,023	94.3	86.4	93.3	92.8	85.7	91.8

The above table shows that of the total number of persons reporting, 97.8 per cent can read and 97.3 per cent can both read and write; in each instance the proportion of males is slightly in excess of females. In comparing the three nativity groups, persons native-born of foreign father show a slightly higher percentage who can read and who can read and write than native whites born of native father, while foreign-born report somewhat smaller proportions in each case. Persons native-born of native father show a slightly higher per cent of females who can read and who can both read and write than of males. Native-born of foreign father and foreign-born show a greater degree of literacy among males than among females. Among the persons native-born of foreign father, the English and Irish report that all of their number can both read and write, while Germany reports a slightly higher percentage of literates than Austria-Hungary. Austria-Hungarians report a greater proportion of males who can read and write than of females, while Germans report an exact reversal of this order, there being a greater degree of literacy among females than among males. Of the foreign-born races Germans show the highest percentage who can read and who can both read and write, and Poles and Slovaks the greatest proportion of illiterates. Every foreign-born race shows a considerably higher per cent of males who can read and who can both read and write than of females. This is particularly noticeable of the Polish, 96.8 per cent of the males and 63.2 per cent of the females being able to read. Poles also show a much higher percentage of the males who can read than of those who can both read and write.

The following table shows, by sex, general nativity, and race of individual, the percentage of persons in the households studied, the heads of which were employed in all forms of glass manufacturing,

10 years of age or over, who could read, and the percentage who could read and write:

TABLE 75.—*Per cent of persons 10 years of age or over who read and per cent who read and write, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who read.			Per cent who read and write.		
	Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	95	84	179	100.0	98.8	99.4	100.0	98.8	99.4
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
Flemish.....	32	25	57	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
German.....	69	75	144	100.0	98.7	99.3	100.0	98.7	99.3
Foreign-born:									
Flemish.....	64	67	131	96.9	89.6	93.1	96.9	89.6	93.1
German.....	112	87	199	98.2	100.0	99.0	98.2	100.0	99.0
Italian, North.....	37	33	70	67.6	57.6	62.9	67.6	54.5	61.4
Italian, South.....	27	13	40	77.8	15.4	57.5	77.8	15.4	57.5
Magyar.....	44	30	74	90.9	90.0	90.5	90.9	86.7	89.2
Polish.....	161	136	297	87.6	80.9	84.5	83.9	76.5	80.5
Slovak.....	202	185	387	86.6	83.2	85.0	85.1	80.0	82.7
Grand total.....	902	800	1,702	91.5	88.0	89.8	90.5	86.3	88.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....	145	148	293	98.6	98.0	98.3	98.6	98.0	98.3
Total native-born.....	240	232	472	99.2	98.3	98.7	99.2	98.3	98.7
Total foreign-born.....	662	508	1,230	88.7	83.8	86.4	87.3	81.3	84.6

The above table shows that 88.5 per cent of 1,702 persons connected with the glass industry can both read and write, leaving only 11.5 per cent of illiterate persons. The proportions of males who can read and who can both read and write are slightly larger than those of females. Among the races the Germans have considerably above the average degree of literacy, and the Italians, both North and South, considerably below it.

The advancement in literacy of persons of foreign birth after designated periods of residence in this country may be seen in the table next submitted, which shows for all households studied, by years in the United States and race of individual, the per cent of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over who could read and the per cent who could both read and write:

TABLE 76.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over who read and per cent who read and write, by years in the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who read, by years in United States.			Per cent who read and write, by years in United States.		
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.
Flemish.....	131	92.9	92.9	93.2	92.9	92.9	93.2
German.....	199	94.7	100.0	99.4	94.7	100.0	99.4
Italian, North.....	70	65.3	66.7	(a)	63.3	66.7	(a)
Italian, South.....	40	45.0	66.7	80.0	45.0	66.7	80.0
Magyar.....	74	95.3	89.7	(a)	93.0	89.7	(a)
Polish.....	297	88.7	82.3	82.1	85.8	79.0	74.6
Slovak.....	387	85.0	90.1	74.7	83.0	88.2	70.9
Total.....	1,230	83.5	85.7	89.6	81.5	83.9	87.8

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Between 80 and 90 per cent of those who have been in the United States each specified number of years in the preceding table can both read and write. Of those of each race who have been in the United States under five years the proportion who read ranges from 95.3 per cent of the Magyars to 45 per cent of the South Italians; the proportion of each with a period of residence of from five to nine years who read ranges from 100 per cent of the Germans to 66.7 per cent of the North Italians and South Italians, each, and the proportion of each with a period of residence of ten years or over who read ranges from 99.4 per cent of the Germans to 74.7 per cent of the Slovaks. A certain small proportion of the North Italians and Magyars in the "under 5 period," and of the Poles and Slovaks in each period read but do not write.

In the following table a comparison is made of the literacy of persons of foreign birth according to age when they arrived in this country. The table shows for all households studied, by age at time of coming to the United States and race of individual, the percentage of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over, who could read and the percentage who could both read and write.

TABLE 77.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over who read and per cent who read and write, by age at time of coming to the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who read, by age at time of coming to United States.		Per cent who read and write, by age at time of coming to United States.	
		Under 14.	14 or over.	Under 14.	14 or over.
Flemish.....	131	92.7	93.3	92.7	93.3
German.....	199	100.0	98.6	100.0	98.6
Italian, North.....	70	87.5	59.7	87.5	58.1
Italian, South.....	40	(a)	55.6	(a)	55.6
Magyar.....	74	100.0	89.1	100.0	87.5
Polish.....	297	100.0	83.0	100.0	78.6
Slovak.....	387	89.7	84.5	89.7	81.9
Total.....	1,230	95.4	84.7	95.4	82.5

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

A total of 1,230 persons reported complete information in the foregoing table. Of those who were under 14 years of age at time of coming to this country 95.4 per cent read and write, and of those who were 14 or over at time of coming, 84.7 per cent read and 82.5 per cent read and write. Of those who were under 14 years old at time of coming to this country, the Germans, Magyars, and Poles each report 100 per cent who can both read and write. The Flemish, of whom 92.7 per cent can read and write, show the next largest proportion, followed by the Slovaks, of whom 89.7 per cent read and write. The North Italians, of whom 87.5 per cent read and write, show the smallest proportion. Among the persons reporting who were 14 years of age or over at time of coming to this country, the

Germans show the largest proportion of persons who can read and write, the per cent being 98.6; they are closely followed by the Flemish, of whom 93.3 per cent read and write. All of the other races, except the South Italians, report a greater proportion who can read than can both read and write. The South Italians show the smallest proportions. Of that race 55.6 per cent can read and write.

CONJUGAL CONDITION.

The conjugal condition of the glass workers for whom information was secured may be seen in the series of tables next presented, which have been prepared according to the different branches of the industry. The first table, which follows below, shows, by general nativity and race, the percentage of male employees of plate-glass factories 20 years of age or over who were in each conjugal condition.

TABLE 78.—Per cent of male employees 20 years of age or over in each conjugal condition, by general nativity and race—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father:				
White.....	938	24.6	71.6	3.7
Negro.....	90	26.7	71.1	2.2
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	98	43.9	56.1	.0
Foreign-born, by race:				
Bulgarian.....	68	39.7	57.4	2.9
English.....	70	25.7	70.0	4.3
French.....	51	23.5	64.7	11.8
German.....	234	21.4	73.5	5.1
Greek.....	96	32.3	66.7	1.0
Macedonian.....	53	37.7	62.3	.0
Magyar.....	140	35.0	63.6	1.4
Polish.....	378	32.0	67.5	.5
Russian.....	93	24.7	75.3	.0
Slovak.....	489	26.0	73.2	.8
Grand total.....	3,191	28.3	69.3	2.4
Total native-born of foreign father.....	201	35.8	61.2	3.0
Total native-born.....	1,229	26.6	69.9	3.5
Total foreign-born.....	1,962	29.3	69.0	1.7

The greater proportion of the total number of male employees are married; 28.3 per cent are single and 2.4 per cent widowed. Persons native-born of native father, both white and negro, report slightly larger proportions married than do the foreign-born. The smallest proportion of married male employees is of the group native-born of foreign father. Every specified race of foreign-born reports the greater proportion married, ranging from 57.4 per cent of the Bulgarians to 75.3 per cent of the Russians.

The table next presented shows, by general nativity and race, the percentage of male employees in window-glass establishments, 20 years of age or over, who were in each conjugal condition.

TABLE 79.—*Per cent of male employees 20 years of age or over in each conjugal condition, by general nativity and race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father, White.....	601	28.1	67.9	4.0
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	73	23.3	72.6	4.1
Foreign-born, by race:				
English.....	47	19.1	78.7	2.1
Italian, North.....	89	46.1	52.8	1.1
Italian, South.....	141	41.1	57.4	1.4
Swedish.....	60	18.3	80.0	1.7
Grand total.....	1,408	29.8	66.8	3.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....	170	26.5	69.4	4.1
Total native-born.....	788	27.5	68.5	3.9
Total foreign-born.....	620	32.6	64.5	2.9

The above table shows that of the 1,408 male employees for whom information was obtained, by far the largest proportion, or 66.8 per cent, are married, 29.8 per cent single, and less than 4 per cent widowed, the proportion of the foreign-born in each conjugal condition varying only slightly from the proportion of native-born of foreign father and native-born of native father, white.

Among the foreign-born it will be noted that both the English and Swedes show a much smaller proportion single, and a much larger proportion married, than do the North Italians and South Italians, the proportions widowed varying only slightly one from the other. As regards the native-born of foreign father it will be noted that the proportions both married and widowed are slightly in excess of the proportions shown in the total for all male employees.

The percentage of male employees 20 years of age or over engaged in the manufacture of glass bottles who were in each conjugal condition is set forth in the following table according to general nativity and race:

TABLE 80.—*Per cent of male employees 20 years of age or over in each conjugal condition, by general nativity and race—Glass bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father:				
White.....	1,394	28.2	68.7	3.2
Negro.....	108	35.2	61.1	3.7
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:				
England.....	44	22.7	75.0	2.3
Germany.....	179	40.2	58.1	1.7
Ireland.....	90	36.7	57.8	5.6
Foreign-born, by race:				
German.....	108	20.4	76.9	2.8
Italian, North.....	64	43.8	56.3	.0
Italian, South.....	263	47.9	50.6	1.5
Polish.....	88	48.9	48.9	2.3
Grand total.....	2,687	32.9	64.2	2.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	387	38.8	58.4	2.8
Total native-born.....	1,889	30.8	66.1	3.1
Total foreign-born.....	798	38.0	59.8	2.3

Of 2,687 males here reporting, 64.2 per cent are married, 32.9 per cent single, and 2.9 per cent widowed. The native whites born of native father are shown to have the greatest proportion married and the smallest proportion single, as compared with the native-born of foreign father or the foreign-born. Among the foreign-born the Germans with 76.9 per cent married show the largest proportion in that conjugal condition. The North Italians, with 56.3 per cent, are second, and the South Italians and Poles follow in the order named. The Poles show equal proportions single and married. The native-born of English father report 75 per cent married, only 22.7 per cent of this race being single. Very few persons in any group are widowed, the highest figure, 5.6 per cent, being shown for the native-born of Irish father. The other races run in a descending scale to the North Italians, who report none widowed.

In the table next presented the percentage of employees of tableware establishments 20 years of age or over who were in each conjugal condition is shown by sex and general nativity and race:

TABLE 81.—*Per cent of employees 20 years of age or over in each conjugal condition, by sex and general nativity and race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father, White.....	679	36.8	60.4	2.8
Native born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	259	36.3	60.2	3.5
Foreign-born, by race:				
German.....	260	21.9	73.8	4.2
Slovak.....	71	38.0	60.6	1.4
Grand total.....	1,731	35.1	61.8	3.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	407	38.3	58.2	3.4
Total native-born.....	1,094	37.4	59.6	3.0
Total foreign-born.....	637	31.1	65.6	3.3

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	90	76.7	12.2	11.1
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	50	96.0	2.0	2.0
Foreign-born, by race:				
German.....	12	75.0	.0	25.0
Slovak.....	13	53.8	38.5	7.7
Grand total.....	230	80.0	11.3	8.7
Total native-born of foreign father.....	75	92.0	5.3	2.7
Total native-born.....	166	83.1	9.0	7.8
Total foreign-born.....	64	71.9	17.2	10.9

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White.....	769	41.5	54.7	3.8
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	309	46.0	50.8	3.2
Foreign-born by race:				
German.....	272	24.3	70.6	5.1
Slovak.....	84	40.5	57.1	2.4
Grand total.....	1,961	40.3	55.9	3.8
Total native-born of foreign father.....	482	46.7	50.0	3.3
Total native-born.....	1,260	43.4	52.9	3.7
Total foreign-born.....	701	34.8	61.2	4.0

The preceding table shows that of 1,961 persons reporting complete data, 55.9 per cent are married, 40.3 per cent are single, and 3.8 per cent are widowed. Foreign-born report a somewhat higher percentage of persons married than native-born of native father, while native-born of foreign father shows a slightly smaller proportion of persons married than native-born of native father. Foreign-born show the highest per cent widowed, closely followed by native-born of native father and native-born of foreign father in the order named. Of the foreign-born races Germans show a considerably higher percentage than Slovaks of persons who are married and widowed. Males report 61.8 per cent married and 3.1 per cent widowed as contrasted with only 11.3 per cent of females who are married and 8.7 per cent who are widowed. It is worthy of note that native-born of foreign father of German parentage show 96 per cent single and only 2 per cent married of the total number of females reporting, while German females who are foreign-born report 75 per cent single, none married, and 25 per cent widowed.

The following table shows, by age groups, and by general nativity and race, the percentage of male employees of plate-glass factories who were in each conjugal condition:

TABLE 82.—Per cent of male employees in each conjugal condition, by age groups and general nativity and race—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 100 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	20 to 29 years of age.			30 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age or over.			20 years of age or over.						
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—					
		Single.	Married.		Widowed.	Single.		Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.			
Native-born of native father, White	415	47.7	50.8	1.4	335	8.4	89.3	2.4	188	2.7	86.2	11.2	938	24.6	71.6	3.7
Foreign-born:																
German	59	66.1	33.9	.0	85	11.8	84.7	3.5	90	1.1	88.9	10.0	234	21.4	73.5	5.1
Magyar	69	69.6	30.4	.0	56	1.8	96.4	1.8	15	.0	93.3	6.7	140	35.0	63.6	1.4
Polish	202	56.9	43.1	.0	141	3.5	95.0	1.4	35	2.9	97.1	.0	378	32.0	67.5	.5
Slovak	238	47.1	52.9	.0	220	6.8	92.3	.9	31	.0	93.5	6.5	489	26.0	73.2	.8
Grand total	1,406	54.8	44.7	.5	1,228	9.2	89.1	1.7	557	3.4	87.8	8.8	3,191	28.3	69.3	2.4
Total native-born of foreign father	87	66.7	33.3	.0	73	15.1	83.6	1.4	41	7.3	80.5	12.2	201	35.8	61.2	3.0
Total native-born	527	51.6	47.1	1.3	446	10.3	87.4	2.2	256	3.5	86.3	10.2	1,229	26.6	69.9	3.5
Total foreign-born	879	56.7	43.3	.0	782	8.6	90.0	1.4	301	3.3	89.0	7.6	1,962	29.3	69.0	1.7

Of the group of male employees 20 to 29 years of age the smaller proportion are married. Of the group 30 to 44 years of age 89.1 per cent are married. The proportion who are married of the group 45 years of age or over is slightly smaller than the latter, but the proportion of widowed is 8.8 per cent as compared with 1.7 per cent in the group 30 to 44 years of age. Of the three classes, the native-born whites of native father show the largest proportion married in the group 20 to 29 years old, the native-born of foreign father the smallest

proportion of those 20 to 29 years of age who are married. In the groups 30 to 44 years of age and 45 or over the difference between the proportion married of each class is small. Persons native-born of foreign father, however, in every age group report the smallest proportion married. Of the foreign-born 20 to 29 years of age the Slovak is the only race of which the greater part are married.

The following table shows on the basis of age groups the percentage of male employees engaged in the manufacture of glassware who were in each conjugal condition. The presentation is by general nativity and race of individual.

TABLE 83.—*Per cent of male employees in each conjugal condition, by age groups and general nativity and race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 100 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	20 to 29 years of age.			30 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age or over.			20 years of age or over.						
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father, White.....	281	47.7	50.9	1.4	245	13.1	80.8	6.1	75	4.0	89.3	6.7	601	28.1	67.9	4.0
Foreign-born, Italian, South.....	76	67.1	32.9	.0	56	12.5	85.7	1.8	9	(a)	(a)	(a)	141	41.1	57.4	1.4
Grand total.....	611	54.7	43.7	1.6	590	13.2	82.7	4.1	207	3.4	89.4	7.2	1,408	29.8	66.8	3.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....	69	53.6	43.5	2.9	73	8.2	87.7	4.1	28	7.1	85.7	7.1	170	26.5	69.4	4.1
Total native-born.....	355	48.7	49.6	1.7	329	11.9	82.7	5.5	104	4.8	88.5	6.7	788	27.5	68.5	3.9
Total foreign-born.....	256	62.9	35.5	1.6	261	14.9	82.8	2.3	103	1.9	90.3	7.8	620	32.6	64.5	2.9

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

As regards the 1,408 male employees in this industry for whom information was obtained, and who are 20 years of age or over, it will be noted that 29.8 per cent are single, 66.8 per cent married, and less than 4 per cent widowed, the foreign-born reporting a slightly larger proportion single and a slightly smaller proportion married and widowed than is shown in the total for all employees. On the other hand, both the native-born of foreign father and native whites born of native father report a slightly smaller proportion single and a slightly larger proportion married and widowed than is shown in the total. Of those who are from 20 to 29 years of age, the largest proportion of whom are single, the native whites born of native father and native-born of foreign father each show a smaller proportion single than is shown in the total for all male employees, while the reverse is true of the foreign-born. The native whites born of native father, however, show a slightly larger married than single and widowed combined. Of those who are from 30 to 44 years of age, a very large gain in percentage married over those who are from 20 to 29 years of age is noted. In this age group only 13.2 per cent are single, 82.7

per cent married, and 4.1 per cent widowed. Of those 45 years of age or over, only 3.4 per cent are single, while 89.4 and 7.2 per cent are married and widowed, respectively. In this last age group, as well as in the group immediately preceding, it will be noted that the proportions of the foreign-born, native-born of foreign father, and native-born of native father, in each conjugal condition, vary very little from the proportions shown in the total for all male employees. As regards the South Italians, it will be seen that of those from 20 to 29 years of age, none are widowed, a slightly larger proportion are single, and consequently a slightly smaller proportion are married than is shown for all foreign-born, while of those from 30 to 44 years of age, the proportion of single and widowed is slightly below, while the proportion married is slightly above that shown for the total foreign-born.

The following table divides the totals of the preceding table into age groups and shows, by general nativity and race, the percentage of male employees in bottle-glass factories who were in each conjugal condition:

TABLE 84.—*Per cent of male employees in each conjugal condition, by age groups and by general nativity and race—Glass bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 100 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	20 to 29 years of age.				30 to 44 years of age.				45 years of age or over.				20 years of age or over.						
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—					
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.			
Native-born of native father:																			
White.....	668	49.0	50.0	1.0	495	11.9	85.3	2.8	231	3.0	87.0	10.0	1,394	28.2	68.7	3.2			
Negro.....	50	60.0	38.0	2.0	39	12.8	79.5	7.7	19	15.8	84.2	.0	108	35.2	61.1	3.7			
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	86	73.3	25.6	1.2	65	10.8	86.2	3.1	28	7.1	92.9	.0	179	40.2	58.1	1.7			
Foreign-born, by race:																			
German.....	24	58.3	41.7	.0	47	14.9	83.0	2.1	37	2.7	91.9	5.4	108	20.4	76.9	2.8			
Italian, South.....	166	72.3	26.5	1.2	76	6.6	90.8	2.6	21	4.8	95.2	.0	263	47.9	50.6	1.5			
Grand total.....	1,287	58.6	40.5	.9	965	11.2	85.6	3.2	435	5.1	87.1	7.8	2,687	32.9	64.2	2.9			
Total native-born of foreign father.....	175	70.9	28.6	.6	147	13.6	81.6	4.8	65	9.2	86.2	4.6	387	38.8	58.4	2.8			
Total native-born.....	893	53.9	45.1	1.0	681	12.3	84.1	3.5	315	5.1	86.7	8.3	1,889	30.8	66.1	3.1			
Total foreign-born.....	394	69.3	29.9	.8	284	8.5	89.1	2.5	120	5.0	88.3	6.7	798	38.0	59.8	2.3			

About 52 per cent of the employees reporting in this table are native whites born of native father. Of the grand total of 2,687 males reporting, 32.9 per cent are single, 64.2 per cent married, and 2.9 per cent widowed. Of those 20 years of age or over, the native-born whites, with 68.7 per cent, show a larger proportion married than is shown by the second generation or the foreign-born. The totals for persons 20 to 29 years of age show generally smaller percentages widowed than appear among the separate races tabulated. The

native-born negroes, with 2 per cent widowed, show the largest proportion, and the foreign-born Germans, whose figure is zero, the smallest. The negroes again report the highest percentage widowed, among those 30 to 44 years of age, their 7.7 per cent being much in excess of the per cents of the other races. Among persons 45 years of age or over, however, there are no widowed negroes, though the native whites report 10 per cent and the foreign-born Germans 5.4 per cent. The negroes 45 years of age or over report an unusually large proportion single, and the foreign-born South Italians 30 to 44 years of age show an unusually small number in that condition. The native-born of foreign father and the total native-born 45 years of age or over each show eighty-six and a fraction per cent married, but the former show only 4.6 per cent widowed as compared with 8.3 per cent of the latter.

The following table shows, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race, the percentage of employees in glassware plants who were in each conjugal condition:

TABLE 85.—Per cent of employees in each conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 200 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race.	20 to 29 years of age.			30 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age or over.			20 years of age or over.						
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—					
		Single.	Married.		Widowed.	Single.		Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father, White.....	357	59.9	38.9	1.1	232	14.7	82.8	2.6	90	2.2	87.8	10.0	679	36.8	60.4	2.8
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	107	70.1	29.9	.0	110	13.6	83.6	2.7	42	9.5	76.2	14.3	259	36.3	60.2	3.5
Foreign-born, by race, German.....	89	53.9	44.9	1.1	102	8.8	89.2	1.9	69	.0	88.4	11.6	260	21.9	73.8	4.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	178	69.7	30.3	.0	161	16.8	79.5	3.7	68	7.4	80.9	11.8	407	38.3	58.2	3.4
Total native-born.....	540	63.1	36.1	.7	394	15.5	81.5	3.0	160	4.4	85.0	10.6	1,094	37.4	59.6	3.0
Total foreign-born.....	267	62.5	36.7	.7	241	12.0	86.3	1.7	129	1.6	86.8	11.6	637	31.1	65.6	3.3
Grand total.....	807	62.9	36.3	.7	635	14.2	83.3	2.5	289	3.1	85.8	11.1	1,731	35.1	61.8	3.1

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	73	83.6	12.3	4.1	12	50.0	16.7	33.3	5	(a)	(a)	(a)	90	76.7	12.2	11.1
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	40	97.5	.0	2.5	9	(a)	(a)	(a)	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	50	96.0	2.0	2.0
Foreign-born, by race, German.....	10	90.0	.0	10.0	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	12	75.0	.0	25.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	64	92.2	4.7	3.1	10	90.0	10.0	.0	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	75	92.0	5.3	2.7
Total native-born.....	137	87.6	8.8	3.6	23	65.2	13.0	21.7	6	(a)	(a)	(a)	166	83.1	9.0	7.8
Total foreign-born.....	53	86.8	11.3	1.9	10	.0	50.0	50.0	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	64	71.9	17.2	10.9
Grand total.....	190	87.4	9.5	3.2	33	45.5	24.2	30.3	7	(a)	(a)	(a)	230	80.0	11.3	8.7

TABLE 85.—Per cent of employees in each conjugal condition, by sex, age group, and by general nativity and race—Tableware—Continued.

General nativity and race.	TOTAL.															
	20 to 29 years of age.			30 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age or over.			20 years of age or over.						
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—					
		Single.	Married.		Widowed.	Single.		Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father, White.....	430	64.0	34.4	1.6	244	16.4	79.5	4.1	95	4.2	83.2	12.6	769	41.5	54.7	3.8
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	147	77.6	21.8	.7	119	19.3	78.2	2.5	43	11.6	74.4	14.0	309	46.0	50.8	3.2
Foreign-born, by race, German.....	99	57.6	40.4	2.0	103	8.7	88.3	2.9	70	.0	87.1	12.9	272	24.3	70.6	5.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	242	75.6	23.6	.8	171	21.1	75.4	3.5	69	8.7	79.7	11.6	482	46.7	50.0	3.3
Total native-born.....	677	68.1	30.6	1.3	417	18.2	77.7	4.1	166	6.0	81.9	12.0	1,260	43.4	52.9	3.7
Total foreign-born.....	320	66.6	32.5	.9	251	11.6	84.9	3.6	130	1.5	86.2	12.3	701	34.8	61.2	4.0
Grand total.....	997	67.6	31.2	1.2	668	15.7	80.4	3.9	296	4.1	83.8	12.2	1,961	40.3	55.9	3.8

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The preceding table shows that of 1,961 persons who were 20 years of age or over 55.9 per cent are married and 3.8 per cent are widowed. In the group including persons from 20 to 29 years of age 31.2 per cent are married, while of those persons from 30 to 44 years of age 80.4 per cent are married; in each of these groups the percentage of persons widowed is very small. Of individuals who were 45 years of age or over 83.8 per cent are married and 12.2 per cent are widowed. Native-born of native father report the greatest proportion married who are from 20 to 29 years of age; foreign-born and native-born of foreign father follow in the order named, the latter showing comparatively small proportions. In the group from 30 to 44 years of age the foreign-born show the highest proportion married, followed by the native-born of native father and the native-born of foreign father. Of individuals 45 years of age or over the same order is preserved, while native-born of native father show a slightly greater proportion of persons widowed in this group, closely followed by foreign-born and native-born of foreign father. A comparison of males and females shown in the table shows the former having a very much higher percentage of persons married than the latter, while females show a higher percentage of persons widowed than males. This is particularly noticeable in the group including persons from 30 to 44 years of age; here 30.3 per cent of females are widows as contrasted with only 2.5 per cent of males.

The percentage of all persons in the households studied who were in each conjugal condition is set forth according to sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race.

TABLE 86.—Per cent of persons in each conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	20 to 29 years of age.			30 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age or over.			20 years of age or over.						
	Number reporting complete data.	Percent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Percent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Percent who are—						
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Number reporting complete data.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father, White	47	27.7	70.2	2.1	52	0.0	100.0	0.0	31	0.0	96.8	3.2	130	10.0	88.5	1.5
Foreign-born:																
Flemish	10	40.0	60.0	.0	28	7.1	92.9	.0	22	.0	100.0	.0	60	10.0	90.0	.0
German	20	55.0	43.0	.0	49	6.1	93.9	.0	36	2.8	88.9	8.3	105	14.3	82.9	2.9
Polish	66	12.1	87.9	.0	67	.0	100.0	.0	13	.0	100.0	.0	146	5.5	94.5	.0
Slovak	76	9.2	90.8	.0	97	.0	99.0	1.0	12	.0	100.0	.0	185	3.8	95.7	.5
Grand total....	278	25.2	74.5	.4	349	1.7	98.0	.3	133	.8	95.5	3.8	760	10.1	88.9	.9
Total native-born of foreign father	22	90.9	9.1	.0	11	9.1	90.9	.0	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	35	60.0	40.0	.0
Total native-born	69	47.8	50.7	1.4	63	1.6	98.4	.0	33	.0	97.0	3.0	165	20.6	78.2	1.2
Total foreign-born....	209	17.7	82.3	.0	286	1.7	97.9	.3	100	1.0	95.0	4.0	595	7.2	91.9	.8

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White	53	15.1	83.0	1.9	45	2.2	97.8	0.0	21	0.0	85.7	14.3	119	7.6	89.1	3.4
Foreign-born:																
Flemish	14	28.6	71.4	.0	26	3.8	96.2	.0	20	.0	85.0	15.0	60	8.3	86.7	5.0
German	14	21.4	78.6	.0	41	.0	97.6	2.4	27	.0	77.8	22.2	82	3.7	87.8	8.5
Polish	77	.0	100.0	.0	32	.0	100.0	.0	7	(a)	(a)	(a)	116	.0	100.0	.0
Slovak	92	.0	100.0	.0	65	.0	100.0	.0	5	(a)	(a)	(a)	162	.0	100.0	.0
Grand total....	311	6.4	93.2	.3	258	.8	98.8	.4	94	.0	86.2	13.8	663	3.3	94.4	2.3
Total native-born of foreign father	24	20.8	79.2	.0	11	.0	100.0	.0	5	(a)	(a)	(a)	40	12.5	87.5	.0
Total native-born	77	16.9	81.8	1.3	56	1.8	98.2	.0	26	.0	88.5	11.5	159	8.8	88.7	2.5
Total foreign-born....	234	3.0	97.0	.0	202	.5	99.0	.5	68	.0	85.3	14.7	504	1.6	96.2	2.2

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White	100	21.0	77.0	2.0	97	1.0	99.0	0.0	52	0.0	92.3	7.7	249	8.8	88.8	2.4
Foreign-born:																
Flemish	24	33.3	66.7	.0	54	5.6	94.4	.0	42	.0	92.9	7.1	120	9.2	88.3	2.5
German	34	41.2	58.8	.0	90	3.3	95.6	1.1	63	1.6	84.1	14.3	187	9.6	85.0	5.3
Polish	143	5.6	94.4	.0	99	.0	100.0	.0	20	.0	100.0	.0	262	3.1	96.9	.0
Slovak	168	4.2	95.8	.0	162	.0	99.4	.6	17	.0	100.0	.0	347	2.0	97.7	.3
Grand total....	589	15.3	84.4	.3	607	1.3	98.4	.3	227	.4	91.6	7.9	1,423	7.0	91.5	1.5
Total native-born of foreign father	46	54.3	45.7	.0	22	4.5	95.5	.0	7	(a)	(a)	(a)	75	34.7	65.3	.0
Total native-born	146	31.5	67.1	1.4	119	1.7	98.3	.0	59	.0	93.2	6.8	324	14.8	83.3	1.9
Total foreign-born....	443	9.9	90.1	.0	488	1.2	98.4	.4	168	.6	91.1	8.3	1,099	4.6	93.9	1.5

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the total number reporting complete data in the above table, 84.4 per cent are married and only 0.3 per cent are widowed who are from 20 to 29 years of age, 98.4 per cent are married and 0.3 per cent are widowed who are from 30 to 44 years of age, 91.6 per cent are married and 7.9 per cent are widowed who are 45 years of age or

over, and 91.5 per cent are married and 1.5 per cent widowed of all persons 20 years of age or over. In the group of persons from 20 to 29 years of age foreign-born show the highest percentage married, native-born of native father and native-born of foreign father following in the order mentioned in much smaller proportions. In the group from 30 to 44 years of age native-born of native father show the highest percentage married, foreign-born show only a slightly smaller percentage, and native-born of foreign father follow in somewhat smaller proportions. Of persons 45 years of age or over, native-born of foreign father show 100 per cent married, followed by native-born of native father and foreign-born as named, neither native-born of native father or native-born of foreign father showing any persons single and foreign-born showing only 0.6 per cent single. For all persons 20 years of age or over the foreign-born show the highest percentage married, followed in the order mentioned by native-born of native father and native-born of foreign father, the latter showing no persons widowed, and native-born of native father showing only a slightly higher percentage widowed than foreign-born. Of the foreign-born races, Poles and Slovaks show a considerably higher percentage married in each age group than Flemish and German, the last-mentioned races showing a comparatively high per cent widowed in the group of persons 45 years of age or over as contrasted with the two races first mentioned, which show no persons widowed. In comparing the conjugal condition of males and females it is seen that the percentage of females who are married in the groups from 20 to 29 and from 30 to 44 years of age is higher than that of males. Males show greater proportions married in the group 45 years of age or over than females. Females show somewhat greater proportions married than males in the group of persons 20 years of age or over, females also showing a higher percentage widowed than males.

The most significant feature of the conjugal condition of the glass workers is exhibited by the series of tables next presented, which show the location of the wives of married males of foreign birth. The first table submitted shows, by race of husband, the per cent of foreign-born husbands employed in plate-glass factories who reported wife in the United States and the percentage who reported wife abroad.

TABLE 87.—*Per cent of foreign-born husbands who report wife in the United States and per cent who report wife abroad, by race of husband—Plate glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more husbands reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of husband.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent reporting wife—	
		In United States.	Abroad.
English.....	46	100.0	0.0
German.....	170	98.2	1.8
Greek.....	58	1.7	98.3
Magyar.....	89	38.2	61.8
Polish.....	252	61.5	38.5
Russian.....	65	47.7	52.3
Slovak.....	352	49.7	50.3
Total.....	1,312	58.2	41.8

Of the total group of foreign-born husbands, 58.2 per cent report wife in the United States and 41.8 per cent report wife abroad. There is considerable difference among the races in this respect. All of the English husbands and 98.2 per cent of the German husbands report wife in the United States.

On the other hand, 98.3 per cent of the Greek husbands report wife abroad.

The location of the wives of foreign-born husbands engaged in the manufacture of window glass is shown in the following table according to race of husband:

TABLE 88.—*Per cent of foreign-born husbands who report wife in the United States and per cent who report wife abroad, by race of husband—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more husbands reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of husband.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent reporting wife—	
		In United States.	Abroad.
Italian, North.....	43	65.1	34.9
Italian, South.....	75	61.3	38.7
Swedish.....	45	100.0	.0
Total.....	354	78.8	21.2

Information was obtained in this industry for 354 foreign-born husbands, of which number 78.8 per cent report wife in the United States and 21.2 per cent wife abroad. All Swedish husbands report wife in the United States, while the proportions of North Italians and South Italians so reporting are considerably below the proportions shown in the total for all foreign-born husbands, the North Italians reporting a slightly larger proportion of husbands with wife in the United States than do the South Italians.

In the table next presented the percentage of foreign-born husbands employed in glass-bottle factories who reported wife in the United States and the percentage who reported wife abroad is set forth according to race of husband.

TABLE 89.—*Per cent of foreign-born husbands who report wife in the United States and per cent who report wife abroad, by race of husband—Glass bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more husbands reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of husband.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent reporting wife—	
		In United States.	Abroad.
German.....	80	96.3	3.8
Italian, South.....	130	40.0	60.0
Polish.....	43	23.3	76.7
Total.....	471	59.7	40.3

Of 471 husbands, 59.7 per cent report that their wives are in the United States, while 40.3 per cent report their wives abroad. Most of the Germans have their wives with them, while on the other hand 76.7 per cent of Polish wives are still abroad. The South Italians report 60 per cent of wives abroad.

The following table shows, by race of husband, the per cent of foreign-born husbands engaged in the manufacture of tableware who reported wife in the United States and the per cent who reported wife abroad:

TABLE 90.—*Per cent of foreign-born husbands who report wife in the United States and per cent who report wife abroad, by race of husband—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more husbands reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of husband.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent reporting wife—	
		In United States.	Abroad.
German.....	186	90.9	9.1
Slovak.....	41	78.0	22.0
Total.....	404	90.1	9.9

The above table shows that of the total number of husbands reporting complete data, 90.1 per cent have wives in the United States and 9.9 per cent report wife abroad. Of the Slovaks, 22 per cent report wives abroad as compared with only 9.1 per cent of German husbands reporting wives in Europe.

VISITS ABROAD.

The extent to which employees of foreign birth return to their native lands for visits of varying duration after they have been in this country for designated periods of residence is set forth in the next series of tabulations submitted. The first table presented in this connection shows, by years in the United States and race, the visits abroad made by foreign-born male employees of plate-glass factories:

TABLE 91.—*Visits abroad made by foreign-born male employees, by years in the United States and race—Plate glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 100 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number in United States—				Per cent reporting 1 or more visits, by years in United States—			
	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.
German.....	24	19	178	221	8.3	0.0	14.6	12.7
Greek.....	93	12	2	107	17.2	41.7	(a)	19.6
Magyar.....	88	34	12	134	14.8	38.2	33.3	22.4
Polish.....	182	125	75	382	7.7	15.2	25.3	13.6
Slovak.....	294	157	74	525	15.3	24.2	35.1	20.8
Total.....	989	428	563	1,980	11.5	22.9	24.9	17.8

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the total group of foreign-born male employees, 17.8 per cent report one or more visits abroad. The Magyars, Slovaks, and Greeks report visits abroad to a greater extent than the Germans or Poles. Of the total group of foreign-born employees who have been in the United States less than five years, 11.5 per cent report one or more visits abroad. The proportion steadily increases with years in the United States. A similar increase is characteristic of the Polish and Slovaks. The Germans, it will be noted, who have been here from five to nine years report no visits abroad, but of the group who have been in the United States under five years 8.3 per cent report such visits.

The following table shows, by years in the United States and race, visits abroad made by foreign-born male employees of window-glass establishments:

TABLE 92.—*Visits abroad made by foreign-born male employees, by years in the United States and race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 100 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number in United States—				Per cent reporting 1 or more visits, by years in United States—			
	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.
Italian, South.....	75	48	26	149	16.0	45.8	38.5	29.5
Total.....	191	118	234	543	13.1	30.5	29.9	24.1

That the strongest tendency toward visiting their native country is shown by those who have been in the United States from five to nine years is apparent from the above table. Subsequent to this period of residence in the United States, the proportion of the total foreign-born making visits abroad decreases slightly. While the proportion of South Italians who have been in the United States under five years is only slightly above, the proportion with a residence of from five to nine years having made one or more visits abroad is considerably above the proportion shown for all foreign-born male employees. The proportion who have been in the United States ten years or over is also above that shown in the total, but the difference is not so marked as with those in the preceding period.

The table next presented shows, by years in the United States and race, visits abroad made by foreign-born male employees engaged in the manufacture of glass bottles.

TABLE 93.—*Visits abroad made by foreign-born male employees, by years in the United States and race—Glass bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 100 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number in United States—				Per cent reporting 1 or more visits, by years in United States—			
	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.
Italian, South.....	225	79	22	326	14.2	32.9	31.8	19.9
Total.....	471	147	193	811	10.4	25.9	21.2	15.8

Of the 471 male employees reported in this table, 15.8 per cent have taken one or more trips abroad. Of those who have been in the country under five years, 10.4 per cent report one or more trips abroad. Of those here from five to nine years, 25.9 per cent report likewise, while of those who have been here ten years or over 21.2 per cent have taken one or more trips abroad.

In the following table the visits abroad made by foreign-born employees employed in the manufacture of tableware is shown, by sex, years in the United States, and race:

TABLE 94.—*Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 200 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

MALE.

Race.	Number in United States.				Per cent reporting 1 or more visits, by years, in United States.			
	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.
German.....	77	39	146	262	1.3	17.9	11.6	9.5
Total.....	295	188	323	806	3.7	9.6	12.1	8.4

FEMALE.

German.....	3	4	8	15	(a)	(a)	12.5	6.7
Total.....	53	26	37	116	1.9	7.7	8.1	5.2

TOTAL.

German.....	80	43	154	277	1.3	16.3	11.7	9.4
Total.....	348	214	360	922	3.4	9.3	11.7	8.0

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the total number of persons reporting, 8 per cent have made visits abroad. Of those who have been in this country under five years, 3.4 per cent have made one or more visits abroad; of those with a residence of from five to nine years, 9.3 per cent have visited Europe; while 11.7 per cent of those who have been in the United States ten years or over have made one or more visits abroad. The table further shows that a greater proportion of males in each specified period of residence have made visits abroad than females who have been in the United States an equal length of time. Germans show a slightly higher percentage of persons who have visited abroad than the per cent for the total foreign-born.

AGE CLASSIFICATION OF EMPLOYEES AND MEMBERS OF THEIR HOUSEHOLDS.

The series of tables next submitted exhibit the age characteristics of the glass workers. The table which immediately follows shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the per cent of all persons in the households studied who were within each specified age group.

TABLE 95.—Per cent of persons within each age group, by sex and by general nativity and race of head of household—Industry as a whole.
(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.						
		Under 6.	6 to 13.	14 and 15.	16 to 19.	20 to 29.	30 to 44.	45 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.	239	15.9	18.0	4.6	6.3	19.7	21.8	13.8
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	126	13.5	22.2	4.8	9.5	10.3	22.2	17.5
German.....	247	18.6	22.7	5.7	6.5	12.1	19.8	14.6
Italian, North.....	50	20.0	10.0	.0	6.0	22.0	34.0	8.0
Magyar.....	64	18.8	20.3	3.1	6.3	18.8	21.9	10.9
Polish.....	285	31.2	8.8	2.1	4.6	25.3	23.5	4.6
Slovak.....	351	29.3	11.7	2.8	3.7	21.4	27.6	3.4
Grand total.....	1,465	22.9	15.6	3.8	5.9	19.0	23.8	9.1
Total native-born of foreign father..	31	22.6	19.4	3.2	6.5	6.5	35.5	6.5
Total native-born.....	270	16.7	18.1	4.4	6.3	18.1	23.3	13.0
Total foreign-born.....	1,195	24.4	15.0	3.6	5.8	19.2	23.9	8.2

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.	239	20.1	18.0	3.3	6.3	23.8	18.4	10.0
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	131	14.5	18.3	6.1	12.2	13.7	19.8	15.3
German.....	236	22.0	24.2	5.1	7.2	8.9	20.3	12.3
Italian, North.....	48	22.9	12.5	2.1	6.3	25.0	27.1	4.2
Magyar.....	44	22.7	11.4	.0	9.1	27.3	29.5	.0
Polish.....	260	29.6	16.2	1.5	5.8	31.5	12.7	2.7
Slovak.....	326	29.8	16.0	.9	3.4	28.5	19.9	1.5
Grand total.....	1,365	24.7	17.7	2.7	6.3	22.8	18.9	6.9
Total native-born of foreign father..	32	25.0	25.0	3.1	3.1	15.6	21.9	6.3
Total native-born.....	271	20.7	18.8	3.3	5.9	22.9	18.8	9.6
Total foreign-born.....	1,094	25.7	17.5	2.6	6.4	22.8	18.9	6.2

TABLE 95.—Per cent of persons within each age group, by sex and by general nativity and race of head of household—Industry as a whole—Continued.

TOTAL.

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.						
		Under 6.	6 to 13.	14 and 15.	16 to 19.	20 to 29.	30 to 44.	45 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.	478	18.0	18.0	4.0	6.3	21.8	20.1	11.9
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	257	14.0	20.2	5.4	10.9	12.1	21.0	16.3
German.....	483	20.3	23.4	5.4	6.8	10.6	20.1	13.5
Italian, North.....	98	21.4	11.2	1.0	6.1	23.5	30.6	6.1
Magyar.....	108	20.4	16.7	1.9	7.4	22.2	25.0	6.5
Polish.....	545	30.5	12.3	1.8	5.1	28.3	18.3	3.7
Slovak.....	677	29.5	13.7	1.9	3.5	24.8	23.9	2.5
Grand total.....	2,830	23.8	16.6	3.3	6.1	20.8	21.4	8.0
Total native-born of foreign father..	63	23.8	22.2	3.2	4.8	11.1	28.6	6.4
Total native-born.....	541	18.7	18.5	3.9	6.1	20.5	21.1	11.3
Total foreign-born.....	2,289	25.0	16.2	3.1	6.1	20.9	21.5	7.3

Of 2,830 reporting complete data, 23.8 per cent are under 6 years of age, 26 per cent from 6 to 19 years of age, 50.2 per cent 20 years of age and over. The highest proportion under 6 years of age is shown by the foreign-born, followed by the native-born of foreign father and native-born of native father, white. The native-born of foreign father show the highest proportion who are 6 and under 20, followed by the native-born of native father, white, and the foreign-born, while of those 20 years of age or over the native-born of native father, white, is the only class showing more than 50 per cent in this age group, followed by the foreign-born and native-born of foreign father in the order named, both of which show more than 45 per cent in this age group. Of the different foreign-born races the Polish show the highest percentage under 6 years of age, while all races except the Flemish show more than 20 per cent in this age group. It is seen that more than 50 per cent of all races except the Flemish and German are 20 years of age or over, while the greater proportion of these races are under 20 years of age. Of a total of 1,465 males reporting complete data, 22.9 per cent are under 6 years of age, 25.3 per cent are 6 and under 20, and 51.9 per cent are 20 years or over. Comparing the foreign-born with the native-born of foreign father, it is seen that there is but little difference in the proportions under 6, but both these classes show a considerable higher percentage in this group than the native-born white of native father. The native-born of foreign father show the largest proportion under 20 years of age, both the other classes showing more than 50 per cent 20 years of age or over. Of the foreign-born races the Flemish show the smallest proportion under 6 years of age and the Polish the highest. All races except the Germans show 50 per cent or over who are 20 years of age or over. Of a total of 1,365 females, 24.7 per cent are under 6 years of age, 26.7 are from 6 to 19, and 48.6 per cent are 20 years of age or over. Comparing the foreign-born, the native-born of foreign father, and the whites native-born of native father, it is seen that the two classes first mentioned show practically the same proportions under 6, while the native-born of native father shows a considerably less per-

centage in this age group. The native-born of foreign father show a considerable higher percentage from 6 to 19 than either the native-born of native father or the foreign-born. The whites native-born of native father are the only group showing more than 50 per cent 20 years of age or over, while the native-born of foreign father show the lowest proportion in this period. Of the different foreign-born races, all except the Flemish show a percentage higher than 20 under 6 years of age. The Flemish and Germans show practically the same proportions from 6 to 19 years of age, and all other races have a percentage considerably less in this period.

The North Italians and Magyars show practically the same proportions 20 years of age or over, and are the only races reporting having more than 50 per cent in this period.

The table next submitted shows, by general nativity and race, the per cent of male employees of plate-glass factories studied who were within each specified age group.

TABLE 96.—Per cent of male employees within each age group, by general nativity and race—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.							
		Under 14.	14 to 19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 or over.
Native-born of native father:									
White.....	1,110	0.0	15.1	19.7	17.8	11.5	18.8	12.2	4.8
Negro.....	94	.0	4.3	12.8	13.8	21.3	19.1	16.0	12.8
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	154	.0	36.4	16.9	12.3	9.1	12.3	10.4	2.6
Foreign-born, by race:									
Bulgarian.....	73	.0	6.8	34.2	30.1	9.6	13.7	5.5	.0
English.....	71	.0	1.4	7.0	8.5	16.9	26.8	26.8	12.7
French.....	52	.0	1.9	3.8	13.5	13.5	26.9	21.2	19.2
German.....	248	.0	5.6	12.1	11.7	14.1	20.2	19.0	17.3
Greek.....	108	.0	11.1	36.1	10.2	12.0	23.1	7.4	.0
Italian, North.....	41	.0	7.3	34.1	22.0	17.1	17.1	2.4	.0
Macedonian.....	59	.0	10.2	42.4	18.6	10.2	10.2	8.5	.0
Magyar.....	148	.0	4.7	25.7	21.6	16.2	21.6	10.1	.0
Polish.....	420	.0	10.0	25.2	22.9	12.9	20.7	6.4	1.9
Roumanian.....	40	.0	5.0	27.5	10.0	27.5	15.0	12.5	2.5
Russian.....	107	.0	13.1	22.4	24.3	16.8	21.5	1.9	.0
Slovak.....	550	.0	11.1	19.3	24.0	17.3	22.7	5.1	.5
Grand total.....	3,646	.0	12.3	20.2	18.5	13.9	19.9	10.8	4.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....	301	.0	33.2	15.9	13.0	10.3	14.0	11.3	2.3
Total native-born.....	1,505	.0	18.1	18.5	16.6	11.9	17.9	12.2	4.8
Total foreign-born.....	2,141	.0	8.3	21.3	19.8	15.2	21.3	9.8	4.3

Of the 3,646 male employees in this industry concerning whom information was obtained, 51 per cent are under 30 years of age, none being under 14, while 12.3, 20.2, and 18.5 per cent are from 14 to 19, 20 to 24, and 25 to 29 years of age, respectively. Of those 30 years of age or over, 13.9 per cent are from 30 to 34, 19.9 per cent from 35 to 44, 10.8 per cent from 45 to 54, and only 4.5 per cent 55 years of age or over. Both the foreign-born and white native-born of native father show proportions in each age group that vary only slightly from the proportions shown in the total for all employees.

On the other hand, the native-born of foreign father show a much larger proportion from 14 to 19, a slightly larger proportion from 45 to 54, and a slightly smaller proportion in each of the other age groups than is shown for all employees. As compared with the white persons native-born of native father, the negroes show a considerably smaller proportion from 14 to 19, a slightly smaller proportion from 20 to 24 and from 25 to 29, a slightly larger proportion from 35 to 44 and 45 to 54, and a considerably larger proportion from 30 to 34 and 55 years of age or over.

Among the foreign-born it will be noted that, with the exception of the Roumanians, a larger proportion of each of the more recent immigrant races is under 30 years of age, while the reverse is true of the older immigrant races. The Russians, with 13.1 per cent from 14 to 19 years of age, show the largest, and the English, with 1.4 per cent, the smallest proportion. The English again show the smallest proportion, or 8.5 per cent, from 25 to 29 years of age, while the French, with 3.8 per cent, a proportion slightly below that of the English, show the smallest proportion from 20 to 24 years of age—the Macedonians reporting the largest proportion from 20 to 24 years of age, or 42.4 per cent, while the Bulgarians, with 30.1 per cent, show the largest proportion from 25 to 29 years of age. The difference in proportions, it will be noted, are less marked among those from 30 to 34 and from 35 to 44 years of age than among those from 45 to 54. In this last group the English, with 26.8 per cent, show a slightly larger proportion than the French or Germans, a considerably larger proportion than the Roumanians or Magyars, and a much larger proportion than that shown by any other race—the Russians reporting the smallest, or 1.9 per cent. No Bulgarians, Greeks, North Italians, Macedonians, Magyars, or Russians, and only very small proportions of the Poles, Roumanians, and Slovaks, as compared with 12.7 per cent of the English, 17.3 per cent of the Germans, and 19.2 per cent of the French, are 55 years of age or over. Among the native-born of foreign father, it will be noted that those whose fathers were born in Germany show proportions in each specified age group that vary little from the proportions shown in the total, excepting that proportion shown for employees between 14 and 19 years of age, which is larger than that shown by any other race in this age group.

The table following shows, by general nativity and race, the per cent of male employees of window-glass establishments who were within each specified age group.

TABLE 97.—Per cent of male employees within each age group, by general nativity and race—Window glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.							
		Under 14.	14 to 19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.	669	0.0	8.8	22.9	19.4	15.7	21.8	8.5	2.8
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	75	.0	2.7	12.0	20.0	17.3	33.3	12.0	2.7
Foreign-born, by race:									
English.....	48	.0	.0	12.5	8.3	16.7	37.5	14.6	10.4
Italian, North.....	97	.0	.0	8.2	29.9	28.9	19.6	10.3	3.1
Italian, South.....	162	.0	13.0	28.4	18.5	12.3	22.2	5.6	.0
Polish.....	41	.0	2.4	31.7	24.4	14.6	17.1	9.8	.0
Swedish.....	61	.0	.0	11.5	13.1	19.7	34.4	14.8	6.6
Grand total.....	1,548	.0	8.0	20.5	19.4	16.3	22.3	9.9	3.6
Total native-born of foreign father.	195	.0	12.8	15.4	20.0	17.9	19.5	8.2	6.2
Total native-born.....	881	.0	9.5	21.0	19.5	16.3	21.7	8.3	3.6
Total foreign-born.....	667	.0	6.0	19.8	19.2	16.3	23.1	12.1	3.4

Of the 1,548 male employees in this industry for whom information was obtained, it will be noted that none are under 14 years of age and only 8 per cent from 14 to 19. The proportions from 20 to 24, 25 to 29, and 35 to 44 years of age vary little one from the other, the proportion from 35 to 44 being slightly higher than that shown in either of the other groups. The proportion from 30 to 34 years of age, it will be noted, while slightly lower than the proportion from 25 to 29, is slightly above the proportion from 45 to 54, and very much above the proportion 55 years of age or over, only 3.6 per cent of the entire number being of this age. As regards the foreign-born, native-born of foreign father, and native-born of native father, white, it will be seen that the proportion of each, in each specified age group, varies only slightly from the proportion shown in the total for all employees. Among the foreign-born it will be noted that no English or Swedes are from 14 to 19 years of age, and no North Italians, South Italians, or Poles are 55 years of age or over, the South Italians reporting the largest proportion, or 13 per cent, from 14 to 19 years of age, while the English report the largest proportion, or 10.4 per cent, 55 years of age or over. As regards those from 20 to 24 and from 25 to 29, the Poles, North Italians, and South Italians show a considerably larger proportion in each group than do the English or Swedes. Of those from 30 to 34 years of age, however, the Swedes, with 19.7 per cent, show the largest proportion, while the South Italians, with 12.3 per cent, show the smallest proportion. As regards those from 35 to 44 and 45 to 54 years of age, it will be seen that the proportions of English and Swedes are, in each instance, considerably in excess of the proportions of either of the other races. It is apparent from the above table that the North Italians, South Italians, and Poles are employed at an earlier age than are the English or Swedes.

In the table following the percentage of male employees of glass-bottle factories who were within each age group is shown by general nativity and race.

TABLE 98.—*Per cent of male employees within each age group, by general nativity and race—Glass bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.							
		Under 14.	14 to 19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 or over.
Native-born of native father:									
White.....	1,801	0.0	22.5	21.6	15.5	12.0	15.5	8.4	4.4
Negro.....	135	.0	20.0	26.7	10.4	13.3	15.6	8.9	5.2
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Austria-Hungary.....	59	.0	84.7	15.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
England.....	66	.0	33.3	13.6	16.7	13.6	12.1	4.5	6.1
Germany.....	257	.0	30.0	19.1	14.8	9.3	16.0	8.2	2.7
Ireland.....	110	.0	18.2	12.7	8.2	21.8	19.1	17.3	2.7
Foreign-born, by race:									
German.....	112	.0	3.6	8.9	12.5	19.6	22.3	22.3	10.7
Italian, North.....	92	.0	30.4	27.2	17.4	10.9	10.9	3.3	.0
Italian, South.....	354	.0	25.4	28.2	18.9	8.8	12.7	5.1	.8
Polish.....	95	.0	7.4	27.4	32.6	13.7	15.8	2.1	1.1
Roumanian.....	50	.0	40.0	24.0	14.0	12.0	6.0	4.0	.0
Slovak.....	43	.0	23.3	20.9	14.0	14.0	20.9	4.7	2.3
Grand total.....	3,519	.0	23.6	21.2	15.4	12.2	15.3	8.4	3.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	591	.0	34.3	17.8	12.0	11.3	13.5	8.0	3.0
Total native-born.....	2,527	.0	25.2	21.0	14.4	12.0	15.0	8.3	4.1
Total foreign-born.....	992	.0	19.5	21.9	17.9	12.7	15.9	8.7	3.4

Data were secured from 3,519 male employees, of whom 23.6 per cent were from 14 to 19 years of age, 21.2 per cent were from 20 to 24 years, 15.4 per cent from 25 to 29 years, 12.2 per cent from 30 to 34 years, 15.3 per cent from 35 to 44 years, 8.4 per cent from 45 to 54 years, while 3.9 per cent are 55 or over. Between the various native-born groups and the foreign-born there is no remarkable difference. Each group shows that of those reporting information the greater proportion were between 14 and 29 years of age, excepting that in the column designating those from 14 to 19 years of age the native-born of foreign father shows a considerably higher proportion than the other groups. All of the foreign-born races excepting the Germans show by far the greater proportion of individuals reporting to be between 14 and 29 years of age, but with the Germans the great majority are over that age—over 10 per cent of them being reported as being 55 years or over.

The table next presented shows, by sex and general nativity and race, the per cent of employees engaged in the manufacture of glassware who were within each age group.

TABLE 99.—Per cent of employees within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.							
		Under 14.	14 to 19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.	1,146	0.2	40.6	19.9	11.3	9.3	10.9	5.1	2.7
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Austria-Hungary.....	68	.0	94.1	4.4	1.5	.0	.0	.0	.0
England.....	61	.0	52.5	8.2	8.2	8.2	13.1	4.9	4.9
Germany.....	466	.4	44.0	15.0	7.9	7.7	15.9	7.1	1.9
Ireland.....	104	.0	32.7	17.3	6.7	9.6	18.3	12.5	2.9
Foreign-born, by race:									
German.....	295	.0	11.9	17.6	12.5	13.2	21.4	15.3	8.1
Italian, South.....	84	.0	60.7	17.9	8.3	8.3	3.6	1.2	.0
Polish.....	96	.0	33.3	20.8	24.0	8.3	10.4	2.1	1.0
Slovak.....	99	.0	28.3	21.2	14.1	10.1	19.2	4.0	3.0
Grand total.....	2,902	.1	40.2	17.2	10.6	9.0	12.9	6.7	3.3
Total native-born of foreign father..	859	.2	52.4	13.4	7.3	6.1	12.7	5.8	2.1
Total native-born.....	2,016	.2	45.5	17.2	9.6	7.9	11.6	5.5	2.4
Total foreign-born.....	886	.0	28.1	17.3	12.9	11.5	15.7	9.4	5.2

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.	211	0.0	55.9	28.0	8.1	1.9	3.8	1.9	.5
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Austria-Hungary.....	25	.0	100.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
England.....	32	.0	65.6	21.9	12.5	.0	.0	.0	.0
Germany.....	159	.0	67.3	20.1	6.3	1.9	3.8	.6	.0
Ireland.....	22	.0	63.6	27.3	9.1	.0	.0	.0	.0
Foreign-born, by race:									
German.....	22	.0	45.5	40.9	4.5	.0	4.5	4.5	.0
Italian, South.....	6	.0	83.3	16.7	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Polish.....	19	.0	52.6	21.1	10.5	5.3	10.5	.0	.0
Slovak.....	23	.0	43.5	26.1	8.7	4.3	17.4	.0	.0
Grand total.....	661	.0	64.3	22.5	7.0	1.5	3.6	.9	.2
Total native-born of foreign father..	309	.0	75.1	15.5	5.8	1.0	2.3	.3	.0
Total native-born.....	521	.0	67.2	20.5	6.7	1.3	3.1	1.0	.2
Total foreign-born.....	140	.0	53.6	30.0	7.9	2.1	5.7	.7	.0

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White.	1,357	0.1	43.0	21.1	10.8	8.2	9.8	4.6	2.4
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Austria-Hungary.....	93	.0	95.7	3.2	1.1	.0	.0	.0	.0
England.....	93	.0	57.0	12.9	9.7	5.4	8.6	3.2	3.2
Germany.....	625	.3	49.9	16.3	7.5	6.2	12.8	5.4	1.4
Ireland.....	126	.0	38.1	19.0	7.1	7.9	15.1	10.3	2.4
Foreign-born, by race:									
German.....	317	.0	14.2	19.2	12.0	12.3	20.2	14.5	7.6
Italian, South.....	90	.0	62.2	17.8	7.8	7.8	3.3	1.1	.0
Polish.....	115	.0	36.5	20.9	21.7	7.8	10.4	1.7	.9
Slovak.....	122	.0	31.1	22.1	13.1	9.0	18.9	3.3	2.5
Grand total.....	3,563	.1	44.7	18.2	9.9	7.6	11.1	5.6	2.7
Total native-born of foreign father..	1,168	.2	58.4	14.0	6.9	4.7	9.9	4.4	1.5
Total native-born.....	2,537	.2	50.0	17.9	9.0	6.6	9.9	4.6	2.0
Total foreign-born.....	1,026	.0	31.6	19.0	12.2	10.2	14.3	8.2	4.5

The preceding table shows that considerably the highest proportion of employees are from 14 to 19 years of age, 44.7 per cent of the total number reporting being in this group, 18.2 per cent are from 20 to 24 years of age, and 11.1 per cent are from 35 to 44 years of age. A slightly smaller proportion, or 9.9 per cent, are from 25 to 29, 5.6 per cent are from 45 to 54, 2.7 per cent are 55 or over, while 0.1 per cent are under 14 years of age. The table thus shows that the greatest proportion of employees in this industry are comparatively young. In the group including persons under 14 years of age native-born of foreign father and native-born white of native father show insignificant proportion, while foreign-born show no persons in this group. Native-born of foreign father show the highest per cent of persons from 14 to 19 years of age, followed by native whites born of native father and foreign-born in the order named, the latter showing comparatively small proportions. In the group of persons from 20 to 24 years old native-born whites of native father show the highest per cent, closely followed by foreign-born, while native-born of native father show somewhat smaller proportions than the two nativity groups first named. In each of the following specified age groups foreign-born show a slightly higher per cent than native-born of native father, the latter in turn showing a higher per cent than native-born of foreign father in all groups except that including persons from 35 to 44 years of age; here native-born of foreign father shows a slightly higher percentage. Of the native-born of foreign father the Austro-Hungarians report a very much higher percentage of young persons than any of the other groups and no persons who are over 30 years of age. The Irish report the highest percentage of persons who are 35 years of age or over. Of the foreign-born races South Italians show the highest per cent and Germans the lowest per cent of persons from 14 to 19 years of age, while the Germans show the highest per cent of persons 30 years of age or over. Females report a greater proportion of young employees or persons who are from 14 to 24 years of age, while males show a considerably higher per cent than females of persons who are over 25 years of age.

CHAPTER VII.

GENERAL PROGRESS AND ASSIMILATION.

Ownership of homes—Status of children in households studied—Citizenship—Ability to speak English—[Text Tables 100 to 123 and General Tables 77 to 94].

OWNERSHIP OF HOMES.

The ownership of homes by persons of foreign birth may be considered an indication of permanent settlement as well as of a tendency to accumulate property. The following table shows the number and percentage of families among the glass workers who own homes and whose heads were employed in all branches of the industry, according to general nativity and race of head of family:

TABLE 100.—*Number and per cent of families owning home, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Total number of families.	Owning home.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Native-born of native father, White.....	117	41	35.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	8	(a)
Foreign-born:			
Flemish.....	57	28	49.1
French.....	13	5	(a)
German.....	93	32	34.4
Italian, North.....	30	2	6.7
Italian, South.....	13	5	(a)
Magyar.....	27	2	7.4
Polish.....	132	40	30.3
Slovak.....	170	41	24.1
Grand total.....	666	204	30.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	8	(a)
Total native-born.....	131	49	37.4
Total foreign-born.....	535	155	29.0

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

In the above table, of 666 households studied, 30.6 per cent own their homes, or a total of 204 households. Of the foreign races studied, from 24.1 per cent to 49.1 per cent of the Slovaks, Poles, Germans, and Flemish, in the order given, own their homes, but, on the other hand, 6.7 per cent of the North Italians and a slightly higher proportion of the Magyars report ownership of their homes. Owing to the smallness of the number involved no mention will be made of the French, South Italians, or native-born of foreign father. It will be noted that of the native-born of native father 35 per cent own their homes. A summary of the table shows that large pro-

portions of the Germans, native-born of native father, and Flemish, slightly lower proportions of the Poles and Slovaks, and but very low per cents of the South Italians and Magyars own their homes.

STATUS OF CHILDREN IN HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

As regards the status of children in the households studied, the following table shows the per cent of children 6 and under 16 years of age at home, at school, and at work, by general nativity and race of individual:

TABLE 101.—Per cent of children 6 and under 16 years of age at home, at school, and at work, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more children reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent.		
		At home.	At school.	At work.
Native-born of native father, White.....	62	8.1	83.9	8.1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:				
Flemish.....	28	.0	85.7	14.3
German.....	63	11.1	82.5	6.3
Polish.....	20	20.0	70.0	10.0
Slovak.....	34	23.5	67.6	8.8
Foreign-born, Slovak.....	17	23.5	70.6	5.9
Grand total.....	283	17.0	74.2	8.8
Total native-born of foreign father.....	160	16.9	74.4	8.8
Total native-born.....	222	14.4	77.0	8.6
Total foreign-born.....	61	26.2	63.9	9.8

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	59	15.3	83.1	1.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:				
Flemish.....	27	18.5	74.1	7.4
German.....	64	14.1	84.4	1.6
Polish.....	30	16.7	80.0	3.3
Slovak.....	30	23.3	76.7	.0
Foreign-born, Slovak.....	25	24.0	76.0	.0
Grand total.....	279	17.9	79.9	2.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	158	17.1	80.4	2.5
Total native-born.....	217	16.6	81.1	2.3
Total foreign-born.....	62	22.6	75.8	1.6

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White.....	121	11.6	83.5	5.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:				
Flemish.....	55	9.1	80.0	10.9
German.....	127	12.6	83.5	3.9
Polish.....	50	18.0	76.0	6.0
Slovak.....	64	23.4	71.9	4.7
Foreign-born, Slovak.....	42	23.8	73.8	2.2
Grand total.....	562	17.4	77.0	5.4
Total native-born of foreign father.....	318	17.0	77.4	5.7
Total native-born.....	439	15.5	79.0	5.5
Total foreign-born.....	123	24.4	69.9	5.7

Of 562 children 6 and under 16 years of age shown in the preceding table, 17.4 per cent are at home, 77 per cent are at school, and 5.5 per cent are at work. The children who are of foreign birth show the highest per cent at home, followed by those who are native-born of foreign father and those who are native-born whites of native father in considerably smaller proportions. The children who are native-born whites of native father show the highest per cent at school, followed by those who are native-born of foreign father and those of foreign birth, in the order named. The children who are of foreign birth and those who are native-born of foreign father show the highest per cent at work, followed by the children who are native-born whites of native father in slightly smaller proportions.

The Slovak children show the highest per cent and the Flemish children the lowest per cent at home, the German children the highest per cent and the Slovak children the lowest per cent at school, and the Flemish children the highest per cent and the German children the lowest per cent at work. The female children show a higher per cent at home and at school than do the male children, while the latter show a higher per cent than the former who are at work.

The following table shows, by general nativity and race of father and by birthplace of child, the number and per cent of children 6 and under 16 years of age who were at home, at school, and at work:

TABLE 102.—*Number and per cent of children 6 and under 16 years of age at home, at school, and at work, by general nativity and race of father and by birthplace of child.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more children born in the United States and also 20 or more born abroad. The native-born of native father are shown for comparative purposes.]

General nativity and race of father.	Birthplace of child.	Number reporting complete data.	Number.			Per cent.		
			At home.	At school.	At work.	At home.	At school.	At work.
Native-born, White.....	United States.	121	14	101	6	11.6	83.5	5.0
Foreign-born:								
Polish.....	United States.	50	9	38	3	18.0	76.0	6.0
	Abroad.....	27	8	18	1	29.6	66.7	3.7
Slovak.....	United States.	64	15	46	3	23.4	71.9	4.7
	Abroad.....	42	10	31	1	23.8	73.8	2.4
Grand total.....		562	98	433	31	17.4	77.0	5.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....		318	54	246	18	17.0	77.4	5.7
Total native-born.....		439	68	347	24	15.5	79.0	5.5
Total foreign-born.....		123	30	86	7	24.4	69.9	5.7

Of the total number of children 6 and under 16 years of age, 77 per cent are at school; 17.4 per cent are at home; 5.5 per cent are at work. The native-born of native father have the largest proportion at school. The foreign-born show a smaller proportion at school and a larger proportion at home than any other class. There is only the slightest difference in the proportions of the three classes at work. In comparing the Poles and Slovaks born abroad and born in the United States it is seen that each race has a larger proportion at work of those born in the United States. In respect to the proportions at home and at school, however, the two races do not follow the same rule.

For example, the Poles born in the United States have a greater proportion at school than the Poles born abroad. The reverse, however, is true of the Slovaks.

CITIZENSHIP.

The extent to which the employees in the different branches of the industry have attained to full citizenship or have manifested an interest in acquiring citizenship is set forth in the series of tabulations next submitted. The table which immediately follows shows, by race of individual, the present political condition of foreign-born males of all divisions of the industry in the households studied who had been in the United States five years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming.

TABLE 103.—*Present political condition of foreign-born males who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number.		Per cent.	
		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.	Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.
Flemish.....	31	22	3	71.0	9.7
French.....	7	5	.....	(a)	(a)
German.....	52	38	6	73.1	11.5
Italian, North.....	11	1	2	(a)	(a)
Italian, South.....	5	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	15	1	2	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	64	11	10	17.2	15.6
Slovak.....	86	10	10	11.6	11.6
Total.....	271	88	33	32.5	12.2

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 271 foreign-born males for whom information was obtained, it will be seen that 32.5 per cent are fully naturalized and an additional 12.2 per cent have first papers only. The proportions of Poles and Slovaks who are fully naturalized, as compared with the Germans and Flemish, are extremely low—the Germans reporting the highest, or 73.1 per cent, while the Slovaks report the lowest proportion, or 11.6 per cent. An equal proportion of Slovaks have secured first papers. This is slightly smaller than the proportion of Poles who have declared their intention to become citizens of the United States and slightly larger than the proportion of Germans or Flemish, in the order named.

The table following shows by race the present political condition of foreign-born male employees of plate-glass factories who had been in the United States five years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming.

TABLE 104.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race—Plate glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number.		Per cent.	
		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.	Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.
Albanian.....	1		1	(a)	(a)
Bohemian and Moravian.....	5	5		(a)	(a)
Canadian, French.....	1			(a)	(a)
Canadian, Other.....	3	1	1	(a)	(a)
Dutch.....	1		1	(a)	(a)
English.....	25	17	7	(a)	(a)
Flemish.....	2	1	1	(a)	(a)
French.....	26	17	5	(a)	(a)
German.....	108	89	11	82.4	10.2
Greek.....	5	1		(a)	(a)
Irish.....	3	2	1	(a)	(a)
Italian, North.....	6		3	(a)	(a)
Italian, South.....	7	1	2	(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	37	2	4	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	114	21	8	18.4	7.0
Portuguese.....	1			(a)	(a)
Roumanian.....	1		1	(a)	(a)
Russian.....	26	1		(a)	(a)
Ruthenian.....	5			(a)	(a)
Scotch.....	3	1	2	(a)	(a)
Slovak.....	146	18	17	12.3	11.6
Swedish.....	2	2		(a)	(a)
Austrian (race not specified).....	1		1	(a)	(a)
Belgian (race not specified).....	32	24	6	(a)	(a)
Swiss (race not specified).....	2	1	1	(a)	(a)
Total.....	563	204	73	36.2	13.0

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the group of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States five years or over and who were at least 21 years of age at time of coming, 36.2 per cent are fully naturalized and 13 per cent have first papers only. Of the Germans, however, 82.4 per cent are fully naturalized and 10.2 per cent have first papers only. Both the Poles and Slovaks, on the other hand, show relatively small proportions fully naturalized or having first papers only as compared with the average for the group.

The table next submitted shows by race the present political condition of foreign-born male employees of window-glass factories who had been in the United States five years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming to this country.

TABLE 105.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number.		Per cent.	
		Fully nat- uralized.	Having first papers only.	Fully nat- uralized.	Having first papers only.
Croatian.....	1			(a)	(a)
Danish.....	1		1	(a)	(a)
English.....	10	7	1	(a)	(a)
French.....	9	3	3	(a)	(a)
German.....	6	3	3	(a)	(a)
Greek.....	2	1		(a)	(a)
Irish.....	1	1		(a)	(a)
Italian, North.....	14	5	1	(a)	(a)
Italian, South.....	34	5	2	(a)	(a)
Lithuanian.....	3			(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	2	1		(a)	(a)
Norwegian.....	1	1		(a)	(a)
Polish.....	14		2	(a)	(a)
Slovak.....	2	1		(a)	(a)
Swedish.....	31	17	11	(a)	(a)
Belgian (race not specified).....	47	32	10	68.1	21.3
Swiss (race not specified).....	1		1	(a)	(a)
Total.....	179	77	35	43.0	19.6

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

As showing the interest manifested by the foreign-born male employees of this industry in American citizenship, it will be noted that of the 179 foreign-born male employees studied, 43 per cent are fully naturalized, while an additional 19.6 per cent have secured first papers. Because of the small number of each race involved, computations have been made alone for the Belgians (race not specified), of whom 68.1 per cent are fully naturalized and an additional 21.3 per cent have obtained first papers. Thus it will be seen that the proportion of Belgians (race not specified) who have manifested interest in becoming citizens of the United States is considerably in excess of the proportion shown for all foreign-born male employees.

In the statement next presented the present political condition of foreign-born male employees engaged in the manufacture of glass bottles who had been in the United States five years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming to this country is shown according to race of employee.

TABLE 106.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race—Glass bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number—		Per cent—	
		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.	Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.
Canadian (other than French).....	4	3	.....	(a)	(a)
Danish.....	1	1	.....	(a)	(a)
English.....	7	5	2	(a)	(a)
French.....	1	1	.....	(a)	(a)
German.....	25	23	1	(a)	(a)
Irish.....	5	5	.....	(a)	(a)
Italian, North.....	12	.....	1	(a)	(a)
Italian, South.....	51	3	3	5.9	5.9
Lithuanian.....	1	1	.....	(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	2	1	.....	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	9	1	.....	(a)	(a)
Roumanian.....	1	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Russian.....	2	.....	1	(a)	(a)
Ruthenian.....	1	.....	1	(a)	(a)
Scotch.....	2	2	.....	(a)	(a)
Servian.....	1	1	.....	(a)	(a)
Slovak.....	6	2	.....	(a)	(a)
Swedish.....	10	8	1	(a)	(a)
Syrian.....	2	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Welsh.....	3	2	1	(a)	(a)
Austrian (race not specified).....	2	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Total.....	148	59	11	39.9	7.4

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 148 males 39.9 per cent are fully naturalized and 7.4 per cent have first papers. The South Italians report 5.9 per cent fully naturalized and an equal proportion having first papers only. On account of the small numbers involved, the percentage of the other races has not been computed.

The table next presented shows, by race, the present political condition of foreign-born male employees engaged in the manufacture of tableware who have been in the United States five years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming to this country.

TABLE 107.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number—		Per cent—	
		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.	Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.
Croatian.....	2			(a)	(a)
English.....	4	4		(a)	(a)
Finnish.....	1	1		(a)	(a)
French.....	13	3	3	(a)	(a)
German.....	72	57	5	79.2	6.9
Irish.....	6	5		(a)	(a)
Italian, North.....	10			(a)	(a)
Italian, South.....	3	1		(a)	(a)
Lithuanian.....	3			(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	2			(a)	(a)
Polish.....	8	2	1	(a)	(a)
Russian.....	2			(a)	(a)
Scotch.....	3	3		(a)	(a)
Slovak.....	15	2	2	(a)	(a)
Slovenian.....	2	1		(a)	(a)
Swedish.....	4	2	2	(a)	(a)
Welsh.....	1	1		(a)	(a)
Belgian (race not specified).....	13	5	3	(a)	(a)
Swiss (race not specified).....	2	2		(a)	(a)
Total.....	166	89	16	53.6	9.6

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The above table shows that 53.6 per cent of the total male employees reporting are fully naturalized and 9.6 per cent have first papers only.

The tendency of the different classes of glass workers to acquire citizenship after designated periods of residence in this country is exhibited by the next table, which shows, by years in the United States and race, the present political condition of foreign-born male employees of plate-glass factories who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming to the United States.

TABLE 108.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming to the United States, by years in the United States and race—Plate glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 100 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	In United States 5 to 9 years.			In United States 10 years or over.			In United States 5 years or over.		
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—	
		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.
German.....	13	15.4	38.5	95	91.6	6.3	108	82.4	10.2
Polish.....	71	4.2	4.2	43	41.9	11.6	114	18.4	7.0
Slovak.....	101	2.0	8.9	45	35.6	17.8	146	12.3	11.6
Total.....	261	3.4	11.1	302	64.6	14.6	563	36.2	13.0

Of the group of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States from five to nine years and who were at least 21 years of age at time of coming, only 3.4 per cent are fully naturalized and 11.1 per cent have first papers only. Of the group who have been in the United States ten years or over 64.6 per cent are fully naturalized and 14.6 per cent have first papers only. Every race specified shows a considerably greater proportion fully naturalized in the group 10 years old or over than in the group 5 to 9 years old. Moreover, in the former group the Polish and Slovaks report a larger proportion having first papers only than in the latter. In both groups it will be noted the Germans evince a decidedly greater tendency to become citizens than either of the other races.

ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH.

The extent to which employees of non-English-speaking races and members of their households have acquired the ability to speak English is set forth in the series of tables next presented. The table which immediately follows shows, by sex and general nativity and race of individual, the percentage of persons 6 years of age or over in the households studied who speak English.

TABLE 109.—Per cent of persons 6 years of age or over who speak English, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English speaking races with 40 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all non-English-speaking races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who speak English.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
Flemish.....	42	41	83	100.0	100.0	100.0
German.....	99	102	201	99.0	100.0	99.5
Polish.....	26	39	65	96.2	82.1	87.7
Slovak.....	41	35	76	90.2	88.6	89.5
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	66	69	135	90.9	68.1	79.3
German.....	115	88	203	93.9	79.5	87.7
Italian, North.....	39	34	73	48.7	5.9	28.8
Italian, South.....	27	13	40	55.6	7.7	40.0
Magyar.....	50	33	83	64.0	21.2	47.0
Polish.....	168	143	311	82.7	36.4	61.4
Slovak.....	209	196	405	73.7	32.1	53.6
Grand total.....	916	819	1,735	83.2	57.6	71.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	229	230	459	96.9	95.2	96.1
Total foreign-born.....	687	589	1,276	78.6	43.0	62.1

The males, data for whom are included in the above table, show a much larger proportion who speak English than do the females. For the males the proportion is 83.2 per cent and for the females it is 57.5 per cent, making a total of 71.1 per cent of all persons reporting who can speak English. The native-born of foreign father show a much larger proportion among each sex of English speaking persons than do the foreign-born. Of the foreign-born males, the Flemish and Germans each show a proportion of more than 90 per cent who can

speak English. Of those two races the Germans show the highest proportion. The smallest proportion of English speaking males is shown by the North Italians, being only 48.7 per cent. Of the foreign-born females the North Italians and South Italians each show a proportion of less than 10 per cent who can speak English. The highest proportion is 79.5 per cent and is shown for the Germans.

The following table shows the percentage of foreign-born male employees of plate-glass factories who speak English:

TABLE 110.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees who speak English, by race—Plate glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 40 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English.	Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English.
Bulgarian.....	70	15.7	Polish.....	415	49.4
French.....	52	84.6	Roumanian.....	40	32.5
German.....	246	89.0	Russian.....	106	34.9
Greek.....	100	28.0	Slovak.....	544	38.6
Italian, North.....	41	22.0			
Macedonian.....	58	29.3	Total.....	2,016	49.2
Magyar.....	147	33.3			

Of the total number of foreign-born male employees, 49.2 per cent speak English. There is, however, a considerable variation in the extent to which English is spoken by the specified races. Of the Germans 89 per cent speak English and of the French 84.6 per cent. The race which approaches most closely the French and German in the extent to which English is spoken is the Polish, with 49.4 per cent. English is least commonly spoken by the Bulgarians, of whom only 15.7 per cent speak that language.

The following table shows, by race, the percentage of foreign-born male employees of window-glass plants who speak English:

TABLE 111.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees who speak English, by race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 40 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English.	Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English.
Italian, North.....	96	57.3	Swedish.....	60	100.0
Italian, South.....	158	58.2			
Polish.....	41	53.7	Total.....	583	72.0

Of the 583 foreign-born male employees for whom information was obtained, 72 per cent speak English. As between the several races it will be noted that all of the Swedes, as compared with the proportions of South Italians, North Italians, and Poles, ranging from 58.2 to 53.7 per cent, speak English.

The following table shows, by race, the percentage of foreign-born male employees engaged in the manufacture of glass bottles who speak English:

TABLE 112.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees who speak English, by race—Glass bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 40 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English.	Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English.
German.....	111	94.6	Roumanian.....	50	26.0
Italian, North.....	92	47.8	Slovak.....	42	40.5
Italian, South.....	348	41.7			
Polish.....	95	24.2	Total.....	896	49.0

Of 896 foreign-born male employees, 49 per cent speak English. Almost 95 per cent of the Germans speak English, as compared with about 25 per cent of the Roumanians and Poles. Each of the three remaining races shows a proportion of between 40 and 50 per cent who speak English.

In the following table the percentage of foreign-born employees of tableware manufacturing plants who speak English is shown according to sex and race:

TABLE 113.—*Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by sex and race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 80 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who speak English.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
German.....	289	22	311	88.2	90.9	88.4
Italian, South.....	84	6	90	90.5	66.7	88.9
Polish.....	88	19	107	65.9	52.6	63.6
Slovak.....	96	23	119	76.0	21.7	65.5
Total.....	788	123	911	81.6	66.7	79.6

The preceding table shows that 79.6 per cent of the persons reporting can speak English, 81.6 per cent of the males and only 66.7 per cent of the females having this ability. South Italians and Germans in the order named show a very much higher percentage than Slovaks and Poles who can speak English. It should be noted that a higher percentage of females than of males among the Germans are able to speak English while of the other races the proportion of males who can speak English is much larger than that of the females. The greatest disparity exists between males and females of the Slovak race; here 76 per cent of males can speak English as compared with only 21.7 per cent of females.

In the series of tables which is next presented a comparison is made of the ability to speak English of persons of foreign birth and of non-English-speaking races according to their ages when they arrived in this country. The following table shows, by age at time of coming to the United States and race of individual, the percentage of foreign-born persons in households the heads of which were engaged in all branches of the industry, who were 6 years of age or over and who speak English.

TABLE 114.—*Percent of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over who speak English, by age at time of coming to the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by age at time of coming to United States.	
		Under 14.	14 or over.
Flemish.....	135	100.0	68.9
German.....	203	100.0	82.1
Italian, North.....	73	63.6	22.6
Italian, South.....	40	(a)	33.3
Magyar.....	83	73.7	39.1
Polish.....	311	80.0	58.7
Slovak.....	405	86.0	48.3
Total.....	1,276	89.8	55.6

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

In the above table all the Germans and Flemish and over 63 per cent of each of the other races tabulated, under 14 years of age, speak English. Of those 14 years of age or over, the greater proportion of the Germans, Flemish, and Polish, and a large percentage of the Slovaks speak English, but only small proportions of each of the other three races report ability to speak English. A comparative summary of the two age groups shows that the Germans and Flemish report the highest proportions of English-speaking individuals in the two groups, with the Poles and Slovaks following. The North Italians present the lowest proportions in each group.

The progress manifested by immigrant employees of non-English-speaking races in ability to speak English is set forth in the series of tables next presented. The first table, which follows, shows by years in the United States and race of individual the percentage of foreign-born persons in households, the heads of which were employed in several branches of the glass industry who were 6 years of age or over and who speak English.

TABLE 115.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over who speak English, by years in the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by years in the United States.		
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.
Flemish.....	135	60.0	70.6	83.5
German.....	203	59.1	73.3	92.8
Italian, North.....	73	23.5	36.8	(a)
Italian, South.....	40	25.0	46.7	80.0
Magyar.....	83	32.0	67.7	(a)
Polish.....	311	37.4	70.5	85.1
Slovak.....	405	35.2	58.7	79.7
Total.....	1,276	35.5	63.2	87.2

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The largest proportion of employees speaking English is found among those who have been in the United States ten years or over; the smallest proportion speaking English, among those who have been here under five years. This is characteristic of each specified race. As a rule, a race which speaks English commonly shows a relatively large proportion at every period of residence. Likewise a race which does not speak English commonly shows a comparatively small proportion at each period of residence. The Flemish and Polish, however, show a relatively large proportion speaking English of those who have been here under ten years and a relatively small proportion of those who have been here ten years or over.

The table next submitted shows, by age at the time of coming to the United States and race, the percentage of foreign-born male employees of plate-glass factories who speak English.

TABLE 116.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees who speak English, by age at time of coming to the United States and race—Plate glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 100 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by age at time of coming to the United States.		
		Under 14.	14 or over.	Total.
German.....	246	98.7	84.7	89.0
Greek.....	100	(a)	26.5	28.0
Magyar.....	147	.....	33.3	33.3
Polish.....	415	80.0	47.8	49.4
Russian.....	106	(a)	34.0	34.9
Slovak.....	544	83.3	37.6	38.6
Total.....	2,016	94.6	45.1	49.2

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the group of foreign-born employees who were under 14 years of age at time of coming to the United States, 94.6 per cent speak English; of the group who were 14 years of age or over 45.1 per cent speak English. Similarly each race for which data are given show a greater proportion speaking English of those who were under 14 at time of coming to this country than of those who were 14 or over. Moreover, the age at time of coming has a considerably greater effect upon the extent to which English is spoken by the Poles and Slovaks than on the extent to which it is spoken by the Germans.

In the following table the percentage of foreign-born male employees of window-glass establishments who speak English is set forth according to age at time of coming to the United States, and race:

TABLE 117.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees who speak English, by age at time of coming to the United States and race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 100 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by age at time of coming to United States.		
		Under 14.	14 or over.	Total.
Italian, South.....	158	92.3	55.2	58.2
Total.....	583	98.8	67.8	72.0

As regards the 583 foreign-born male employees for whom information was obtained, it will be noted that of those who were under 14 years of age at time of coming to the United States, 98.8 per cent now speak English, as compared with 67.8 per cent of those who were 14 years of age or over at time of coming. The South Italians, it will be noted, show a considerably smaller proportion of those who were under 14 and a much smaller proportion of those who were 14 years of age or over at time of coming to the United States, and who now speak English, than is shown in the total for all persons studied.

The following table shows, by age at time of coming to the United States and race, the percentage of foreign-born male employees employed in the manufacture of glass bottles, who speak English:

TABLE 118.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees who speak English, by age at time of coming to the United States and race—Glass bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 100 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by age at time of coming to United States.		
		Under 14.	14 or over.	Total.
German.....	111	100.0	90.0	94.6
Italian, South.....	348	89.7	37.3	41.7
Total.....	896	97.1	40.3	49.0

Of 896 foreign-born German and South Italian males, 49 per cent speak English, regardless of their age at the time of coming to the United States. Of those who were under 14 years of age when they came here, 97.1 per cent now speak English, while of those who were 14 years or over at the time of coming only 40.3 per cent do so, those who came here under 14 years of age displaying much greater ability to acquire the language than those who were that age or over. The Germans show 94.6 per cent who speak English, while only 41.7 per cent of the South Italians do so.

In the table next presented the percentage of foreign-born employees engaged in the manufacture of tableware who speak English is exhibited by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race.

TABLE 119.—*Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 200 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by age at time of coming to United States.		
		Under 14.	14 or over.	Total.
German.....	289	100.0	84.2	88.2
Total.....	788	97.0	75.3	81.6

FEMALE.

German.....	22	100.0	77.8	90.9
Total.....	123	96.8	35.0	66.7

TOTAL.

German.....	311	100.0	83.9	88.4
Total.....	911	96.9	71.4	79.6

The above table shows that 96.9 per cent of persons who were under 14 years of age at time of coming to the United States can speak English, as contrasted with 71.4 per cent who were 14 years of age or over at the time of arrival in this country. A slightly higher per cent of males who were under 14 years of age at the time of landing in the United States can speak English than of females who were of the same age at time of coming to this country. The percentage of males who can speak English, who were 14 years of age or over at time of coming to the United States is very much higher than that of females who were of an equal age at the time of arrival in this country. Germans show a much higher percentage of persons who are able to speak English in each instance than is shown by the table for the total foreign born.

The following table shows, by years in the United States and race of individual, the percentage of foreign-born persons in households the heads of which were employed in all forms of glass manufacturing who were 6 years of age or over and who speak English:

TABLE 120.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees who speak English, by years in the United States and race—Plate glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 100 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by years in United States.			
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Total.
German.....	246	68.0	72.0	93.9	89.0
Greek.....	100	23.3	50.0	(a)	28.0
Magyar.....	147	24.0	56.4	33.3	33.3
Polish.....	415	23.6	62.0	89.2	49.4
Russian.....	106	11.1	48.7	92.3	34.9
Slovak.....	544	21.1	55.6	70.9	38.9
Total.....	2,016	24.0	59.1	88.3	49.2

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the group who have been in the United States less than five years 24 per cent speak English. The proportion increases with years in this country until of the group who have been here ten years or over 88.3 per cent speak English. Similarly every race except the Magyars shows an increase in the proportion speaking English accompanying an increase in years in the United States. The Magyars, however, show a greater proportion of the five to nine year group speaking English than of the ten years or over group. The most marked effect of years in the United States on the ability to speak English is shown by the Russians.

The following table shows, by years in the United States and race, the percentage of foreign-born male employees of window-glass establishments who speak English:

TABLE 121.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees who speak English, by years in the United States and race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 100 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by years in United States.			
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Total.
Italian, South.....	158	45.0	63.5	88.5	58.2
Total.....	583	45.0	74.4	96.5	72.0

The foregoing table shows that as the length of residence in the United States increases, so does the ability to speak English. By way of illustration, 45 per cent of those who have been in the United States under five years speak English, as compared with 74.4 per cent of those who have been in the United States from five to nine years, and 96.5 per cent of those who have been in the United States ten years or over. The proportion of South Italians, with a residence of less than five years, is identical with the proportion shown in the total for all male employees. Among the representatives of this race, who have been in the United States from five to nine, and ten years or over, however, it will be noted that the proportion who speak English in the first period is much less, and the proportion in the second period considerably less, than the proportions shown in the total for all foreign-born male employees.

In the table next presented the percentage of foreign-born male employees employed in glass-bottle factories who speak English is shown by years in the United States and race.

TABLE 122.—Per cent of foreign-born male employees who speak English, by years in the United States and race—Glass bottles.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 100 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by years in United States.			
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Total.
German	111	44.4	(a)	99.0	94.6
Italian, South	348	29.8	62.4	84.0	41.7
Total	896	26.9	70.3	92.7	49.0

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

This table shows that of 896 foreign-born males, 49 per cent speak English. Of those who have been here under five years, 26.9 per cent speak English; 70.3 per cent of those who have been here five to nine years do likewise, while of those who have been here ten years or over 92.7 per cent speak English. Of the two races reporting, Germans and South Italians, the former show a much greater proficiency in acquiring the English language than the latter. Each race, as well as the total, shows an increased ability to speak English with increased years in this country.

The following table shows, by sex, years in the United States, and race, the percentage of foreign-born employees engaged in the manufacture of tableware who speak English:

TABLE 123.—*Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by sex, years in the United States, and race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 200 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by years in United States.			
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Total.
German.....	289	62.8	95.1	98.2	88.2
Total.....	788	61.4	88.1	97.0	81.6

FEMALE.

German.....	22	85.7	80.0	100.0	90.9
Total.....	123	42.4	80.0	94.9	66.7

TOTAL.

German.....	311	64.7	93.5	98.3	88.4
Total.....	911	58.2	87.2	96.8	79.6

The preceding table shows that ability to speak English increases with length of residence in the United States. In only one instance is this not true, a higher percentage of female Germans who have been in the United States under five years are able to speak English than those with a residence of from five to nine years. Germans show a considerably higher percentage both in the totals and each specified period of time of persons who are able to speak English than is shown in the total for all foreign-born employees.

PART II.—REPRESENTATIVE GLASS MANUFACTURING
COMMUNITIES.

COMMUNITY A.

CHAPTER I.

INTRODUCTION.

General description—Inducements offered to immigrants—Obstacles to immigration—
Local prejudice.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

Community A is located in western Pennsylvania on the Monongahela River, about 40 miles south of Pittsburg, in an important bituminous coal-mining region. Its most extensive industries are included in the glass-manufacturing group, although large quantities of coal are mined in the vicinity. Transportation facilities are furnished by two large railway systems, extensive electric lines, and several lines of river boats.

INDUCEMENTS OFFERED TO IMMIGRANTS.

The inducements which this community holds out to immigrants may be grouped into three classes:

(a) Inducements through available employment in the following enterprises: (1) Glass factories (chiefly in the unskilled occupations). (2) Shovel works, lumber yards, and breweries. (3) Bituminous coal mines. (4) Miscellaneous business.

(b) Inducements to immigrants from southeastern Europe, resulting from the policy of the larger plants in regard: (1) Increased use of machinery (effect of creating demand for cheap labor). (2) Failure to recognize labor unions.

(c) Inducements in lower cost of living in the community as compared with other localities nearer Pittsburg.

OBSTACLES TO IMMIGRATION.

The obstacles which the community places in the way of foreign immigration may be presented as follows:

(a) An obstacle to immigration, if the immigrants are considered as a component part of the total labor supply, exists in the policy of the larger glass companies of reducing the wages of unskilled labor to a point barely sufficient to attract the necessary labor from other localities in times of abundant supply.

(b) Obstacles to the coming Belgian, French, and German glass workers have resulted from (1) the introduction of machinery, and (2) the employment of the cheaper and unskilled labor from southern and eastern Europe.

(c) Obstacles to the coming southern European immigrants have been made evident in two ways (1) through an attitude on the part of

employers toward certain classes of immigrants—chiefly the South Italians—partaking largely of the nature of prejudice, and (2) through a general hostility of the labor unions toward the southern European races, because the latter have supplied a much cheaper labor than was formerly employed.

LOCAL PREJUDICE.

No evidence of prejudice on the part of the native Americans toward the Germans, Belgians, French, Swedes, or other northern European races was encountered in the community. On the contrary, it was claimed by all persons interviewed that these races made good workmen and excellent citizens, and that they were a valuable addition to the community. On the other hand, the southern European races are regarded as of a more or less distinctly lower class, and expressions of contempt for them are frequently heard. The Slovaks and Russians are regarded as of the worst class of immigrants in the community. Business men regard them as unreliable; doctors, as being difficult to deal with; and the community at large, as being a necessary evil. There is a distinction in the community between the Northern and Southern Italians. The former are considered as better in every way than the other races from southern Europe, while the latter are regarded as on a par with, or even less desirable than, the Slovaks and Russians. This is a statement of sentiment on the part of residents, and not of employers, and reveals only a small degree of prejudice. The cosmopolitan nature and the newness of the town have prevented to a large extent the existence of any very sharp class distinctions, so that prejudice toward any one set or race of people has not as yet resulted in any appreciable degree. This tendency is tempered also by the fact that American employers and business men of American and northern European races are to a large extent dependent upon the southern European immigrants as laborers and customers.

CHAPTER II.

RACIAL DISPLACEMENTS.

History of immigration—Present population of the community—Reasons for employing immigrants—Methods of securing immigrant labor—[Text Table 124].

HISTORY OF IMMIGRATION.

The industrial history of Community A and the history of its glass industries are analogous. The community is almost entirely dependent upon the glass factories. The large majority of the population is held in the community only because of the employment obtainable in these establishments, while the remaining portion is present, due to the opportunity of rendering certain commercial and professional services, as, for example, merchants or physicians. The income of the community is governed by the wages paid in the glass plants, while the expenditures are regulated by the customs and habits of the various races and classes of people composing the population. The significance of the presence of races who send abroad a large proportion of their incomes is evident, although difficult to measure. The industrial history of the community may be divided into three periods, and most advantageously discussed in connection with the general causes which have influenced immigration. The history of immigration, the industrial history of the place, and the history of the glass factories in this community, have been made together, so to speak, and it is impossible to present one without presenting the other two.

The causes which have influenced immigrants to settle in Community A, considered directly in connection with the history of the glass plants (which is, as has been said, the industrial history of the community), fall into groups peculiar to three periods, as follows:

(1) The period of "hand" methods, during which time all labor was performed by hand—covering the years 1892–1898; (2) the period during which machinery was introduced, precipitating a break between the employers and the labor unions, and resulting in the employment of cheaper foreign labor—including the years 1898–1904, and (3) the period of "open" and nonunion shops in all of the larger establishments in the community, which has lasted from the year 1904 to the present time. Before considering these divisions an inspection of the table next submitted, which presents the length of time each immigrant race has been coming to Community A and the percentage of each race which entered the several industries and occupations, will be of interest.

TABLE 124.—*Per cent of immigrants entering each specified class of work, by race.*

Race.	Date of first immigration.	Period of greatest immigration.	Per cent entering—			
			Glass industry.		Coal mining.	Business.
			Skilled labor.	Unskilled labor.		
Belgian.....	1892	1892-1898	65	35	.....	.....
French.....	1892	1892-1898	65	35	.....	.....
German.....	1892	1892-1898	50	17	33	.....
Hebrew, Russian.....	1892	1892-1900	.....	.....	.....	100
Slovak.....	1894	1898-1907	.....	67	33	.....
Russian.....	1896	1898-1907	.....	50	50	.....
Italian.....	1896	1900-1907	.....	33	67	.....
Polish.....	1896	1898-1907	.....	20	80	.....

During the first period of development, 1892-1898, immigration was composed almost exclusively of Belgians, English, Germans, and French. Previous to the passage of the federal contract labor law a number of Belgian, French, and English immigrants had been imported to Crystal City, Mo., and other important glass manufacturing centers, by the management of glass plants now under control of a large Pittsburg company. These immigrants, it is stated, were willing to leave their native countries because of the unfavorable conditions existing in them caused by the introduction of machinery and the labor troubles resulting from the attempts to break up the unions. When the plate glass company was established in Community A a large number of the immigrants were transferred from the centers to which they had been originally carried to supply a nucleus of skilled labor for the new plant. The skilled labor in the plant was increased in a short time by Americans and Germans, and the unskilled gangs recruited largely from the same races. It should be recalled that at this period the proportion of skilled labor was much larger than at the present time, due to the fact that all of the glass-making processes were at that time carried on by hand. When the chimney and glassware plant was established a little later, the same conditions were encountered as in the plate-glass factory. During the second period machinery was introduced in the chimney and glassware and the plate-glass plants in 1898, and in the years immediately succeeding a conflict with the unions took place which resulted in "open" shops in the plate-glass company's works, and in a "closed" shop in the plant of the chimney and glassware company in 1904. The trouble between the glass companies and the unions resulted in the introduction of the southern European races as unskilled laborers and as machine operators to limited extent. During this period Slovaks, Russians, Italians, and Poles as unskilled laborers entered the plate-glass works to a large extent and to a lesser extent appeared in the other glass factories in the community. A break between the unions and the chimney and glassware company, which is the largest glass establishment in the community from the standpoint of the number of employees, occurred in the latter part of 1904, soon after the plant had been unionized, and completed the work of breaking down the union barriers to the employment of unskilled immigrant labor. Since 1904 the Slovak, Russian, and Italian population has therefore been considerably increased.

PRESENT POPULATION OF THE COMMUNITY.

The estimated population of Community A, in 1908, was, according to race, as follows:

	Popula- tion.		Popula- tion.
American.....	3,000	Polish.....	500
Croatian.....	100	Russian.....	250
French and Belgian.....	1,000	Slovak.....	1,450
German.....	500	All other races.....	300
Hebrew.....	100		
Italian.....	1,200	Total.....	8,500
Magyar.....	100		

METHODS OF SECURING IMMIGRANT LABOR.

The proximity of this locality to a large industrial center has made unnecessary the use of such methods as labor agents, employment and other agencies. None of the immigrant labor employed was secured from the native land of the immigrant, and in nearly all cases it was found that the immigrants had been employed elsewhere before they secured employment in the glass industries.

At the time of the establishment of the glass plants in the community it was necessary to transfer a nucleus of the skilled Belgian, French, and English glassworkers from plants already established in other localities in the United States. With the necessity for skilled hand workers almost entirely eliminated by the substitution of machinery for hand methods the average immigrant is available. This class is found in the vicinity, and even in the periods of greatest demand for labor the employers state that it is never necessary to do more than send foremen as agents into this near-by market to secure what labor is needed. Another method is used by the immigrant laborers themselves, viz, sending for relatives and friends employed elsewhere. In general it may be stated that the industries are able to so adjust their wages to the labor market as to be able to have an ample supply at all times. Immigrants first employed usually come without their wives and families, this being especially true of the Slovak, Italian, and other southern European races. About 25 per cent of the Belgians, French, and Germans have their families with them when they first come.

CHAPTER III.

ECONOMIC STATUS OF EMPLOYEES.

Occupations entered by immigrants—Daily earnings—[Text Tables 125 to 140].

OCCUPATIONS ENTERED BY IMMIGRANTS.

As has already been pointed out, the French and French Belgians, together with the Germans, were skilled glass workers abroad and were induced originally to come to the United States to furnish a skilled nucleus for the establishment of the industry in this country. With the invention of machinery the employees of these races who have remained in the industry have been retained in the skilled or administrative positions, requiring training and experience, while the recent immigrants from southern and eastern Europe have been used as common laborers, especially in the plate and window glass establishments in connection with the machine processes. The series of tables which is submitted below shows the distribution of races at the present time according to department, occupation, and sex in the various branches of the industry in the community. The first table presented, which appears below, shows, by sex, the racial distribution of the operating force in the various departments and occupations.

TABLE 125.—*Racial distribution of male employees in the furnace department of the glassware and chimney manufacturing establishment, by occupation.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Occupation. ^a	Native white.	Native negro.	English.	Irish.	German.	French.	Italian.	Slovak.	Magyar.	Polish.	Russian.	Swedish.	Swiss (race not specified.)	Welsh.	Scotch.	Unknown.
Furnace ash man and helper.....	1				2		2	2								1
Furnace glass washer.....							1									
Mixer.....							3									
Mold casting and cleaning.....					1	2										
Leer man.....	1		1		3	1	1	3	3							
Crimp man.....																
Blacksmith and helper.....	1			1				1								
Engine room.....	3															
Electrician.....	1															
Hand naller.....	2		2					2								
Machine man.....	2		1					2								
Filing saws.....	1															
Carpenter.....	1															
Conveyor machine man.....																
Cooper.....	2															
Hauling and cleaning.....	2			1												
Sawyer.....	7					5		3								
Cleating ends.....	4							2								

^a There are 26 persons native-born of foreign father, by race of father, who are not included in this tabulation. Of this number 1 Irish and 2 Germans are blowers; 1 English, 3 Germans, 1 French, and 3 Slovaks are gatherers; and 1 Scotch, 3 Germans, 1 French, 1 Pole, 1 Russian, 4 Slovaks, 1 Magyar, and 3 South Italians are finishers.

TABLE 127.—*Racial distribution of male machine employees in the furnace department of the glassware and chimney manufacturing establishment, by occupation.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Occupation. ^a	Native white.	English.	Irish.	Scotch.	Welsh.	German.	French.	Italian, South.	Italian, North.	Slovak.	Magyar.	Polish.	Russian.	Swiss (race not specified).	Syrian.	Swedish.	Unknown.
Blower.....	1		1			14	1							1		2	2
Blocker.....				1		4					1	2					3
Feeder.....	2	1				1	1										7
Gatherer.....	6					6		9	2	1	2	9					11
Cleaning off.....	2	2					6	1				1					5
Carrying in.....	1					3	2	2	4	2	1	3	1				53
Ball boy.....	1				1		1			1							16
Mold boy.....						1						1	1				9
Taking out.....	3						1										4
Sticking up.....																	1
Cracking off.....		1					1		1	1							1
Punching holes.....								4									19
Warming in.....																	11

^a There are 22 persons native-born of foreign father, by race of father, who are not included in this tabulation. Of this number 2 Germans are feeders; 1 English, 3 Germans, 1 French, 1 Swede, 1 Slovak, and 1 Pole are gatherers; 1 English and 1 Slovak are cleaning off; 1 German, 2 French, 2 Slovaks, and 1 Pole are carrying in; 1 German and 2 Poles are ball boy; and 1 French is taking out.

TABLE 128.—*Racial distribution of male employees in the tank department of the glassware and chimney manufacturing establishment, by occupation.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Occupation. ^a	Native white.	English.	Irish.	German.	French.	Italian.	Slovak.	Magyar.	Polish.	Russian.	Slovenian.	Lithuanian.	Unknown.
Furnace man and helper.....		2		1			2			1			
Mixer.....							2						
Mold casting and cleaning.....	1					1	1						
Leer man.....	1				1		3						
Blacksmith.....	1												
Packing room.....				1			6						
Cutting upright.....	1												
Cutting chimneys.....	1			1		1	2				1		
Grinding bowls and shade.....					2	3	1						
Grinding chimneys.....						1							
Grinding iron molds.....				4	6	1	1				1		
Grinding machine lanterns.....				1	1								
Snap glazing.....								1		1		1	
Machine glazing.....				1						3		1	
Selecting grade and finished ware.....	1				1	1							
Papering and cartooning.....					2	1							
Packing.....					1	1							
Miscellaneous labor.....	4			1	2				1				
Repair and new work.....	5				3								2
Chipping.....				1	3			1					
Machine crimping.....						5	4			2			
Hand crimping.....						1		1	1	2			
Decorating.....				5	1								
Blower.....	7			5		1			2				1
Blocker.....				2									2
Gatherer.....	2			6		21	2	3	1				22
Taking out.....				2	1	4	2	4					9
Cracking off.....				2	1	10	2		1				6
Carrying in.....	1			1	1	4			3				7
Holding mold.....	2			1				2	2				4
Feeder.....	2	1		1	2	5							2
Presser.....													3

^a There are 16 persons native-born of native father, by race of father, who are not included in this tabulation. Of this number 1 English, 1 Welsh, 2 Germans, and 2 Slovaks are gatherers; 1 Slovak is a blower; 2 Germans, 1 Russian, and 1 Italian are taking out; 2 Slovaks and 1 Magyar are carrying in; 1 Slovak is holding mold; and 1 English is a feeder.

TABLE 129.—*Racial distribution of female employees in the tank department of the glass-ware and chimney manufacturing establishment, by occupation.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Occupation.	Native white.	English.	German.	French.	Slovak.	Magyar.	Polish.	Italian.	Russian.	Lithuanian.
Packing room.....	2		1	2	6	1		1		
Cutting chimney.....	5			4	2			1	1	
Cutting machine-made lanterns.....			1	1						
Grinding bowls and shades.....					1					
Grinding chimneys.....			2	2	6					
Grinding iron mold.....				1	2					
Grinding machine-made lanterns.....				1	3			1		
Machine glazing.....					3	1	1			1
Coloring founts.....					1					
Selecting grade and finished ware.....	2			4	1		1	1		
Stamping and labeling.....	2				1		1	1		
Papering and cartooning.....	10	1	1	5	8			3		
Chipping.....	4		1	3	1			1	1	
Decorating.....				4	2			1		

The following table shows, by sex, department, and occupation, the distribution of the operating force of the plate-glass manufacturing plant of Community A.

TABLE 130.—*Racial distribution of male employees in the plate glass manufacturing establishment, by department and occupation.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

BLACK AND WHITE DEPARTMENT.

Occupation.	Native white.	Native negro.	English.	Irish.	German.	French.	Italian.	Slovak.	Magyar.	Croatian.	Scotch.	Unknown.
Foreman.....	1											
Cutter.....			1									
Sand blast.....	1											
Grinder.....				1	1		4					
Helper.....	2					1	1	1				
Clerk.....	1											
Polisher.....			1				2					
Drillman.....	1					1						
Packer.....	1											

BRICKLAYING DEPARTMENT.

Foreman.....						1						
Bricklayer.....						1	7	1				
Bricklayer helper.....							1	1				
Laborer.....						5	7	8				

CARPENTER DEPARTMENT.

Foreman.....	1											
Carpenter.....	6		2		1		1					1
Box sawyer.....							1					
Box maker.....							2					
Cooper.....			1									
Helper.....	2											
Boat carpenter.....	4					1						
Laborer.....				1			2					

TABLE 130.—*Racial distribution of male employees in the plate glass manufacturing establishment, by department and occupation—Continued.*

CASTING DEPARTMENT.

Occupation.	Native white.	Native negro.	English.	Irish.	German.	French.	Italian.	Slovak.	Magyar.	Croatian.	Scotch.	Unknown.
Foreman.....			1									
Stockman.....						1		1				
Finisher.....						2		1				
Melter.....	1					1	1	1				
Pot arch.....		1	1									
Cast.....	1	1	1									
Tongs.....		1						1				
Table boss.....												
Crane.....	1				1			1				
Team.....		3					3	2				
Mud dauber.....								1				
Cutter.....	1					1						
Cutter boy.....	1						1					
Carriers.....		1				1	2	18	5			
Booker.....		1										
Fireman.....							2	4				
Furnace cleaner.....							3					
Kiln fireman.....							1	3				
Kiln dress.....			2					2				
Kiln sand.....				1			2	2				
Extra man.....							1		1			
Hoist man.....								1				
Hall cleaner.....	1											
Water boy.....							1					
Mixer foreman.....							1					
Mixer.....							8					
Glass washer.....												1

FRAME DEPARTMENT.

Foreman.....			1									
Cutter.....	5		3			4	1	2				
Examiner.....						1						
Washer.....						1						
Helper.....			1									
Carrier.....			1				2	6	1			
Rubber.....			3	2	1							
Emery washer.....			1				1					
Emery washer helper.....							1					
Rouge burner.....			1									
Rouge burner helper.....							1					
Rouge burner boy.....							1					
Plaster foreman.....			1									
Plaster burner.....								2				
Plaster mill man and wheeler.....							2	7				
Frame cutter.....	1											
Frame carrier.....							4	3				
Stableman.....	1											
Cartman.....										1		
Warehouse foreman.....			1									
Machine blocker.....			1		1	1						
Boy.....	1							1				
Booker.....								1				
Cuck grinder.....								1				
Helper.....	1					6	8	18				
Rough gang, washer and helper.....							4					

TABLE 130.—Racial distribution of male employees in the plate glass manufacturing establishment, by department and occupation—Continued.

POT HOUSE.												
Occupation.	Native white.	Native negro.	English.	Irish.	German.	French.	Italian.	Slovak.	Magyar.	Croatian.	Scotch.	Unknown.
Foreman.....	1											
Potmaker.....	2				1			2				
Potmaker apprentice.....	1											
Roll boy.....	5					1						
Tramper.....								7				
Mill man.....								13				
Shell-stone maker.....								4				
Barrel picker.....								5				
RAILROAD DEPARTMENT.												
Engineer.....	1											
Conductor.....	1											
Brakeman.....	1											
Track foreman.....										1		
Track man.....								12		1		
SAND FLEET.												
Captain of boat.....	1											
Foreman digger.....	1											
Hoist engineer.....	1											
Boat engineer.....	1											
Boat foreman.....				1								
Cook.....				1								
Digging engineer.....	8			1								
Deck hand.....	4											
Foreman shoveler.....										1		
Shoveler.....							6	7		1		
MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENT.												
Foreman.....							1					
Laborer.....							16	18				
Watchman.....			2					1				

The racial composition of the operating force, according to occupation, of the window-glass manufacturing establishment of Community A is shown in the table next submitted. The numerical preponderance of South Italians is noticeable, their employment being due to the possibility of using them as unskilled laborers in connection with machine processes.

TABLE 131.—Racial distribution of employees in the window-glass manufacturing establishment, by occupation.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Occupation.	Native white.	Native negro.	English.	Irish.	Scotch.	German.	French.	Italian, North.	Italian, South.	Greek.	Swedish.	Portuguese.	Unknown.	Total.
Cullet wheeler				1			1	1	1	3			2	9
Cleaner and sweeper		1						1	3				1	6
Mixer	1	1	1											5
Filler									4					4
Teaser	1			1					1					3
Skimmer	2													2
Repair work													7	7
Cullet cleaner													1	1
Watchman													3	3
Mason													6	6
Driver	1													1
Warehouseman	7								3				2	12
Clay-house man									4					4
Master mechanic	1													1
Foreman	3					1	1	1						6
Cutter	13		1	1									6	26
Flattener	2				1	1	2						7	13
Yard labor									6		1		6	13
Shover	4		2				2	3	1					12
Leer tender	1						7	3					1	12
Blower	5						1	1					2	8
Capper	7					1		2	2					12
Ladler	1	4					1							6
Cracker-open	2		1				2						1	6
Pot turner	2								4					6
Taker down	1								9			1		11
Pipe holder	1							2	4				2	9
Pipe cleaner	4								4					8
Tail catcher	2							3						5
Box factory	10				1	1		2						14
Blacksmith						1								1
Blacksmith helper		1									1			1
Carpenter														1
Carpenter helper													1	1
Small ladler	2							2	3					8
Care cullet wheeler		1						2	5					8
Machinist	7		1											8
Roller boy	1							2	6				4	13
Total	81	8	6	3	2	7	19	20	67	3	2	1	53	272

The table next presented shows, by sex, the races employed in the different occupations of the community's glass-bottle manufacturing plant.

TABLE 132.—*Racial distribution of male employees in the glass-bottle manufacturing establishment, by occupation.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Occupation.	Native white.	Native negro.	English.	Irish.	German.	French.	Italian, North.	Italian, South.	Slovak.	Polish.	Unknown.
Blower.....	11			1	2	1					2
Sticking up.....	5										36
Apprentice blower.....	8		1				1				1
Mold holder.....	5				1						7
Cleaning off.....	4						1				1
Carrying in.....						1	1	2	1		1
Extra men.....		1					2				2
Mold room.....				1		1					
Leer tender.....						1				1	1
Tank.....	1			1					1		
Mixer.....									1		1
Blacksmith.....											1
Machine shop.....	1										1
Boiler man.....											3
General labor.....	1				2						13
Repairing.....	2							1			14
Cleaning bottles.....	1								1		2
Packing.....	5		2		1	1					2
Grinding.....											1
Box shop.....											2

NATIVE-BORN OF FOREIGN FATHER.

Occupation.	English.	Scotch.	Irish.	German.	French.	Italian, North.	Italian, South.	Slovak.	Polish.	Russian.
Blower.....	2	3	7	8		1				
Sticking up.....	1	1	1		1		3	3		1
Apprentice blower.....				4					3	
Mold holder.....	1		1	1			2	1		3
Cleaning off.....	1		1	1				1		
Carrying in.....							1	2		
Extra men.....									1	
Leer tender.....	1		1					1		
Blacksmith.....				1						
General labor.....				3						
Repairing.....				1						
Cleaning bottles.....	1									
Packing.....	1			2						
Grinding.....	1									

DAILY EARNINGS.

The range in amount of earnings of male employees of the glass-ware and chimney manufacturing industry in Community A is set forth in the table following. It shows the number of male employees 18 years of age or over who were earning each specified amount daily, by general nativity and race, and period of residence in the United States.

TABLE 133.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per day, by general nativity and race and years in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Number earning each specified amount per day.									
		Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.25.	\$1.25 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$1.75.	\$1.75 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	\$4 or over.
Native-born of native father:											
White.....	82		1	2	13	3	16	9	11	12	15
Negro.....	3			1			2				
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:											
Austria-Hungary.....	13		1	3	1		4	3	1		
England.....	10				3	1		5			1
France.....	3						1		1		1
Germany.....	33		1		5	1	5	3	4	6	8
Ireland.....	7	1						1	2	2	1
Italy.....	1						1				
Russia.....	1				1						
Scotland.....	3		1		2						
Sweden.....	1							1			
Wales.....	1		1								
Total.....	73	1	4	3	12	2	11	13	8	8	11
Total native-born.....	158	1	5	6	25	5	29	22	19	20	26
Foreign-born, by race:											
Danish, under 5.....											
English—	1						1				
Under 5.....	2					1					
5 to 9.....	1						1				
10 or over.....	7				3		2				2
Total.....	10				3	1	4				2
French—											
Under 5.....	2				2						
5 to 9.....	9		1		5						3
10 or over.....	9				2		5	1		1	
Total.....	20		1		9		5	1		1	3
German—											
Under 5.....	64				35		5	5	6	3	10
5 to 9.....	23		1		11		4	1	2	1	3
10 or over.....	26				2		3	7	4	3	7
Total.....	113		1		48		12	13	12	7	20
Hebrew, 10 or over.....											
1								1			
Irish—											
Under 5.....	1				1						
10 or over.....	5						1	1		1	2
Total.....	6				1		1	1		1	2
Italian, North—											
Under 5.....	12	1	1		5	3		1		1	
5 to 9.....	10				6	1		1		1	1
10 or over.....	5				1	1		2			1
Total.....	27	1	1		12	5		4		2	2
Italian, South—											
Under 5.....	24	2	1		11	1	3	6			
5 to 9.....	16				2		3	6	1		3
10 or over.....	12		1		4	1	1	4			1
Total.....	52	2	2		17	2	7	16	1		4

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

TABLE 133.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per day, etc.—Continued.

General nativity and race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Number earning each specified amount per day.								
		Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.25.	\$1.25 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$1.75.	\$1.75 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	$4 or over.
Foreign-born, by race—Contd.										
Lithuanian—										
Under 5.....	5				4			1		
5 to 9.....	1					1				
10 or over.....	2				1			1		
Total.....	8				5	1		1	1	
Magyar—										
Under 5.....	7				1		1	3	2	
5 to 9.....	1				1					
10 or over.....	1						1			
Total.....	9				2		2	3	2	
Polish—										
Under 5.....	25		2	1	12		1	7	2	
5 to 9.....	9		1		5			1	2	
10 or over.....	3				1			1	1	
Total.....	37		3	1	18		1	9	5	
Russian—										
Under 5.....	7			1	6					
5 to 9.....	4				2		1	1		
10 or over.....	2				2					
Total.....	13			1	10		1	1		
Scotch, 10 or over.....	2						1			1
Slovak—										
Under 5.....	42	1	2	1	29	6	2			1
5 to 9.....	18	1	1		12	2	2			
10 or over.....	9				6	1	2			
Total.....	69	2	3	1	47	9	6			1
Slovenian, 5 to 9.....	1				1					
Swedish—										
Under 5.....	1									1
5 to 9.....	1									1
10 or over.....	1									1
Total.....	3									3
Syrian—										
Under 5.....	3		3							
5 to 9.....	2					1		1		
Total.....	5		3			1		1		
Welsh, 10 or over.....	1						1			
Belgian (race not specified)—										
Under 5.....	5	1			1			1		1
5 to 9.....	5				2		1	1		1
10 or over.....	8		1		4		3			
Total.....	18	1	1		7		4	2		1
Swiss (race not specified)—										
5 to 9.....	1								1	
10 or over.....	1									1
Total.....	2								1	1
Total foreign-born.....	398	6	15	4	180	20	45	53	22	14
Grand total.....	556	7	20	10	205	25	74	75	41	34

Information was obtained concerning the earnings of 556 males 18 years of age or over employed in this plant. Of these males, the number earning less than \$2 per day is but slightly below the number earning \$2 or over. Of those earning under \$2, over 76 per cent earn from \$1.50 to \$1.75 per day, the number earning this amount being very largely in excess of the number earning any other specified amount. Of those earning \$2 or over, the largest number earn from \$2 to \$3, the number earning from \$2.50 to \$3 being identical with that earning from \$3 to \$4, while the number earning \$4 or over is only slightly below that earning from \$2.50 to \$3 per day. As between the foreign-born and the native-born of foreign father, it will be noted that, with the exception of a very much larger proportion of the former than the latter earning from \$1.50 to \$1.75, the proportions earning each specified amount vary very little one from the other. As regards the white persons native-born of native father, on the other hand, the proportions earning each specified amount are, without a single exception, very nearly the same as the proportions shown for the native-born of foreign father.

By referring to the preceding table, it will be seen that as the length of residence increases the general tendency on the part of the foreign-born is toward increased earnings. Because of the very small number of each race concerning whom information was obtained among the persons native-born of foreign father, no definite conclusions as to the relative earning ability of these races may be drawn.

The table next presented shows the number of female employees 18 years of age or over who were earning each specified amount per day, by general nativity and race and period of residence in the United States.

TABLE 134.—Number of female employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per day, by general nativity and race and years in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Number earning each specified amount per day.								
		Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.25.	\$1.25 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$1.75.	\$1.75 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	$4 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	10	8	1					1		
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:										
Belgium.....	2	1	1							
England.....	4	3	1							
France.....	1		1							
Germany.....	4		3				1			
Ireland.....	3	3								
Italy.....	2									
Total.....	16	9	6				1			
Total native-born.....	26	17	7				2			
Foreign-born, by race:										
English—										
10 or over.....	1	1								

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

TABLE 134.—Number of female employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per day, by general nativity and race and years in the United States—Contd.

General nativity and race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Number earning each specified amount per day.								
		Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.25.	\$1.25 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$1.75.	\$1.75 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	$4 or over.
Foreign-born, by race—Contd.										
French—										
Under 5.....	4	4								
10 or over.....	2	2								
Total.....	6	6								
German—										
Under 5.....	3	3								
5 to 9.....	1	1								
10 or over.....	3		3							
Total.....	7	4	3							
Italian, North—										
10 or over.....	1	1								
Italian, South—										
Under 5.....	2	2								
5 to 9.....	1	1								
10 or over.....	1	1								
Total.....	4	4								
Lithuanian—										
Under 5.....	1	1								
Magyar—										
Under 5.....	1	1								
Polish—										
Under 5.....	8	8								
5 to 9.....	1	1								
10 or over.....	2	2								
Total.....	11	11								
Russian—										
Under 5.....	3	3								
Scotch—										
10 or over.....	1	1								
Slovak—										
Under 5.....	13	13								
5 to 9.....	4	4								
Total.....	17	17								
Belgian (race not specified)—										
Under 5.....	4	3	1							
5 to 9.....	1				1					
10 or over.....	2	1	1							
Total.....	7	4	2		1					
Total foreign-born.....	60	54	5		1					
Grand total.....	86	71	12		1			2		

Of the 86 females 18 years of age or over employed in this plant, 82.5 per cent earn under \$1, 14 per cent from \$1 to \$1.25, while a fraction over 1 and over 2 per cent earn from \$1.50 to \$1.75, and from \$2.50 to \$3 per day, respectively. Among the foreign-born, two Belgians (race not specified) and three Germans, while among the native-born of foreign father, three females, whose fathers were born in Germany, and one each, whose father was born in Belgium, England, and France, earn from \$1 to \$1.25 per day, the native whites, born of native father, also reporting one female earning

this amount. One foreign-born Belgian (race not specified) earns from \$1.50 to \$1.75, while one native-born female whose father was born in Germany, and one white person, native-born of native father, earn from \$2.50 to \$3 per day. With these exceptions it will be noted that no females 18 years of age or over, concerning whom information was obtained, earn as much as \$1 per day. Because of the small number involved, the possibility of noting the effect of length of residence upon the earning ability of the foreign-born, as a whole, is precluded. However, of those earning from \$1 to \$1.25, the three Germans have been in the United States ten years or over. One of the two Belgians (race not specified) has also been in the United States ten years or over, while the other has been in this country less than five years.

The following table shows the number of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age who were earning each specified amount per day, by general nativity and race and period of residence in the United States:

TABLE 135.—Number of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per day, by general nativity and race and years in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Number earning each specified amount per day.								
		Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.25.	\$1.25 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$1.75.	\$1.75 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	$4 or over.
Native-born of native father:										
White.....	28	5	7	6	8		1	1		
Negro.....	1			1						
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:										
Austria-Hungary.....	16		6	2	4		1	3		
Belgium.....	9	5	2	1	1					
England.....	6	2	1	1	2					
France.....	5	2	3							
Germany.....	7	1	2		1		1	2		
Italy.....	7	1	5	1						
Russia.....	6	1	3		2					
Scotland.....	1		1							
Switzerland.....	1		1							
Wales.....	1							1		
Total.....	59	12	24	5	10		2	6		
Total native-born.....	88	17	31	12	18		3	7		
Foreign-born, by race:										
English—										
Under 5.....	3		1	2						
5 to 9.....	1			1						
10 or over.....	1			1						
Total.....	5		1	4						
French—5 to 9.....	4	1		1	1			1		
German—										
Under 5.....	7	3	1				1	2		
5 to 9.....	1		1							
Total.....	8	3	2				1	2		

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

TABLE 135.—Number of male employes 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per day, by general nativity and race and years in the United States—Cont'd.

General nativity and race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Number earning each specified amount per day.								
		Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.25.	\$1.25 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$1.75.	\$1.75 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	$4 or over.
Foreign-born, by race—Con.										
Italian, North—										
Under 5.....	4	3		1						
5 to 9.....	2						2			
Total.....	6	3		1			2			
Italian, South—										
Under 5.....	7		1		5		1			
5 to 9.....	6		3		1			2		
10 or over.....	8		3		3		1	1		
Total.....	21		7		9		2	3		
Magyar—										
Under 5.....	1			1						
5 to 9.....	2	1		1						
Total.....	3	1		2						
Polish—										
Under 5.....	2				2					
5 to 9.....	3	2			1					
10 or over.....	1		1							
Total.....	6	2	1		3					
Russian—										
Under 5.....	2	1			1					
10 or over.....	1		1							
Total.....	3	1	1		1					
Slovak—										
Under 5.....	4	1			3					
5 to 9.....	2	1					1			
10 or over.....	3	2			1					
Total.....	9	4			4		1			
Welsh—5 to 9.....	2		2							
Belgian (race not specified)—										
Under 5.....	1		1							
5 to 9.....	6	5		1						
10 or over.....	1		1							
Total.....	8	5	2	1						
Total foreign-born.....	75	20	16	8	19		3	9		
Grand total.....	163	37	47	20	37		6	16		

Of the 163 males 14 and under 18 years of age, a slightly larger number earn under, than over, \$1.25 per day, those earning from \$1 to \$1.25 exceeding those earning any other specified amount, while the number earning from \$2 to \$2.50 per day is very much smaller than the number earning any other amount. None earn \$3 or over, and, as compared with those earning from \$1 to \$1.25, only a very small number earn from \$2.50 to \$3 per day. A comparison of the foreign-born with the native-born of foreign father shows that while a slightly larger proportion of the former, than the latter, earn under \$1, a very much smaller proportion earn from \$1 to \$1.25 per day; the proportion of the former earning each of the other specified amounts being slightly in excess of that shown for the

native-born of foreign father. In other words, the foreign-born show higher average earnings than do the native-born of foreign father. On the other hand, the native-born of native father, white, while showing a slightly smaller proportion earning from \$2 to \$2.50, a considerably smaller proportion earning under \$1, and from \$2.50 to \$3, show a slightly larger proportion earning from \$1 to \$1.25 and from \$1.50 to \$1.75, and a considerably larger proportion earning from \$1.25 to \$1.50 per day, than do the foreign-born. The possibility of drawing any logical conclusion as to the earning ability of the representatives of the various races, either native-born of foreign father or foreign-born, is precluded because of the very small number of each race, concerning whom information was obtained. Reference to the preceding table, however, will afford some slight idea of the effect length of residence has had upon the earning ability of the several foreign-born races, the representatives of which are under 18 years of age.

The table next presented shows the number of female employees 14 and under 18 years of age who were earning each specified amount per day, by general nativity and race and period of residence in the United States:

TABLE 136.—Number of female employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per day, by general nativity and race and years in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Number earning each specified amount per day.									
		Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.25.	\$1.25 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$1.75.	\$1.75 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	\$4 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	24	23	1								
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:											
Austria-Hungary.....	22	21	1								
Belgium.....	12	10	2								
England.....	9	9									
France.....	11	11									
Germany.....	15	15									
Ireland.....	2	2									
Italy.....	5	5									
Russia.....	3	3									
Scotland.....	5	5									
Total.....	84	81	3								
Total native-born.....	108	104	4								
Foreign-born, by race:											
English, 5 to 9.....	3	2	1								
French—											
Under 5.....	2	2									
10 or over.....	1	1									
Total.....	3	3									
German—											
5 to 9.....	2	2									
10 or over.....	1	1									
Total.....	3	3									

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this annual report showing earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

TABLE 136.—Number of female employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per day, etc.—Continued.

General nativity and race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Number earning each specified amount per day.								
		Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.25.	\$1.25 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$1.75.	\$1.75 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	$4 or over.
Foreign-born, by race—Contd.										
Italian, North—										
5 to 9.....	1	1								
10 or over.....	1	1								
Total.....	2	2								
Italian, South—										
Under 5.....	1	1								
10 or over.....	1	1								
Total.....	2	2								
Magyar—										
5 to 9.....	2	2								
10 or over.....	1	1								
Total.....	3	3								
Polish, 10 or over.....	1	1								
Slovak—										
Under 5.....	4	4								
5 to 9.....	2	2								
Total.....	6	6								
Belgian (race not specified)—										
Under 5.....	6	3	3							
5 to 9.....	7	5	2							
10 or over.....	1	1								
Total.....	14	9	5							
Total foreign-born.....	37	31	6							
Grand total.....	145	135	10							

Of the 145 females 14 and under 18 years of age employed in this plant, concerning whom information was obtained, 93 per cent earn under \$1, the remaining 7 per cent earning from \$1 to \$1.25 per day. This 7 per cent is made up of 1 female native-born of native father, white; 1 whose father was born in Austria-Hungary; 2 whose fathers were born in Belgium; 1 foreign-born English; and 5 foreign-born Belgians (race not specified). No opportunity is afforded by the above table to note the effect of length of residence upon the earning ability of the foreign-born females.

The two tables which are next presented set forth the range in earnings of the male employees of the glass-bottle manufacturing establishment of Community A. The first table shows, by general nativity and race and years in the United States, the number of male employees 18 years of age or over who were earning each specified amount per day.

TABLE 137.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per day, by general nativity and race and years in the United States.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Number earning each specified amount per day.									
		Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.25.	\$1.25 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$1.75.	\$1.75 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	\$4 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	64		6	6	7		9	1	6	6	23
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:											
Austria-Hungary.....	5		2	1	1						1
Belgium.....	1			1							
England.....	7				3			1			3
France.....	1				1						
Germany.....	27				2		2	1	4	1	17
Ireland.....	22		2	2	1						16
Italy.....	1										1
Russia.....	5		3					1		1	
Scotland.....	4				1						3
Total.....	73		7	4	9		2	4	4	2	41
Total native-born.....	137		13	10	16		11	5	10	8	64
Foreign-born, by race:											
English, 10 or over.....	3						2				1
French, 10 or over.....	3			1	1						1
German—											
Under 5.....	1			1							
10 or over.....	7			1			2	1			3
Total.....	8			2			2	1			3
Irish—											
Under 5.....	1				1						
10 or over.....	3				1		1				1
Total.....	4				2		1				1
Italian, North—											
Under 5.....	2			1			1				
5 to 9.....	1								1		
10 or over.....	1				1						
Total.....	4			1	1		1		1		
Italian, South—											
Under 5.....	1		1								
5 to 9.....	1			1							
10 or over.....	2		1		1						
Total.....	4		2	1	1						
Polish—											
Under 5.....	6			1	5						
5 to 9.....	1						1				
Total.....	7			1	5		1				
Slovak—											
Under 5.....	1				1						
5 to 9.....	1				1						
10 or over.....	4			1	1		2				
Total.....	6			1	3		2				
Belgian (race not specified), 10 or over.....	4				1	1	2				
Total foreign-born.....	43		2	7	14	1	11	1	1		6
Grand total.....	180		15	17	30	1	22	6	11	8	70

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

Upon information obtained concerning 94 males under 18 years of age employed in the plant, it will be seen that 48.9 per cent earn under \$1, 37.2 per cent from \$1 to \$1.25, 6.4 per cent from \$1.25 to \$1.50, and 5.4 per cent from \$1.50 to \$1.75, the remaining proportions earning from \$2 to \$2.50, and from \$3 to \$3.50, amounting to a fraction over 1 per cent in each instance. With the exception of 1 German, native-born of foreign father, earning from \$3 to \$3.50, 1 earning from \$1.25 to \$1.50, and 1 from \$1.50 to \$1.75, the males earning \$1.25 per day or over are exclusively whites, native-born of native father. Among the foreign-born the small number of North Italians, concerning whom information was obtained, earn from \$1 to \$1.25, while the few South Italians, like the English, all earn less than \$1 per day. As regards the native-born of native father, white, and native-born of foreign father, it will be noted that, with the exceptions previously mentioned, the former, while showing a slightly smaller proportion earning from \$1 to \$1.25, show a considerably smaller proportion earning under \$1 than do the latter; each, however, showing a larger proportion earning under \$1 than from \$1 to \$1.25 per day.

The following table shows, by general nativity and race and years in the United States, the number of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age or over who were earning each specified amount per day:

TABLE 138.—Number of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per day, by general nativity and race and years in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Number earning each specified amount per day.									
		Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.25.	\$1.25 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$1.75.	\$1.75 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	\$4 or over.
Native-born of native father:											
White.....	39	16	13	5	4	1					
Negro.....	1	1									
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:											
Austria-Hungary.....	19	6	4								
Belgium.....	4	3	1								
Canada.....	1	1									
England.....	6	3	3								
France.....	2	2									
Germany.....	7	2	2	1	1			1			
Ireland.....	3	2	1								
Italy.....	10	4	6								
Russia.....	3	2	1								
Scotland.....	1	1									
Total.....	47	25	19	1	1			1			
Total native-born.....	87	42	32	6	5	1		1			
Foreign-born, by race:											
English, 10 or over.....	1	1									
Italian, North—											
Under 5.....	2	2									
10 or over.....	1	1									
Total.....	3	3									
Italian, South, under 5.....	3	3									
Total foreign-born.....	7	4	3								
Grand total.....	94	46	35	6	5	1		1			

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

Information obtained for 180 male employees of this plant 18 years of age or over discloses the fact that 47.2 per cent earn less than \$2.50, while 52.8 per cent earn \$2.50 or over per day. Of those earning less than \$2.50 per day the proportion earning from \$1.50 to \$1.75, while slightly below the proportion earning from \$1 to \$1.50, is considerably above the proportion earning from \$2 to \$2.50 per day. Of those earning \$2.50 or over, by far the largest proportion, or 73.6 per cent, earn \$4 or over, while 26.3 per cent earn less than \$4 per day. The largest proportion of foreign-born, it will be noted, earn under \$1.75 per day, while of those earning this amount or over, the largest proportion earn from \$2 to \$2.50, and the next largest proportion \$4 or over. As between the native-born of foreign father and whites native-born of native father, the former show a slightly smaller proportion earning under \$1.75, and consequently a slightly larger proportion earning \$1.75 or over than do the latter, each, however, showing a very much larger proportion earning over than under this amount. It will also be noted that of those earning \$1.75 or over per day the proportion earning \$4 or over, is, in each instance, larger than the proportion earning each of the other specified amounts combined—the difference being very slight as regards the native-born of native father, while the proportion earning \$4 or over among the native-born of foreign father is very much larger than the proportion earning from \$2 to \$4 per day. By referring to the foreign-born, as shown in the foregoing table, it will be noted that the longer the period of residence in the United States the greater the tendency toward increased earnings.

The following table shows, by general nativity and race, the number of male employees 18 years of age or over engaged in the manufacture of window glass who were earning each specified amount per day:

TABLE 139.—*Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per day, by general nativity and race and years in the United States.**

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Number earning each specified amount per day.									
		Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.25.	\$1.25 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$1.75.	\$1.75 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	\$4 or over.
Native-born of native father:											
White.....	71			3	14	5	14	10	9	3	13
Negro.....	11				5	4		1	1		
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:											
England.....	3						3				
France.....	1						1				
Germany.....	5					1		1	1		2
Ireland.....	3					1		2			
Scotland.....	1			1							
Total.....	13			1		2	4	3	1		2
Total native-born.....	95			4	19	11	18	14	11	3	15

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

TABLE 139.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per day, etc.—Continued.

General nativity and race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Number earning each specified amount per day.								
		Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.25.	\$1.25 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$1.75.	\$1.75 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	$4 or over.
Foreign-born, by race:										
English—										
Under 5.....	1			1						
10 or over.....	5					1	2		1	1
Total.....	6			1		1	2		1	1
French—										
5 to 9.....	3					1	2			
10 or over.....	1					1				
Total.....	4					1	3			
German—										
5 to 9.....	1			1						
10 or over.....	4						1	1		2
Total.....	5			1			1	1		2
Greek, under 5.....	3					3				
Irish, 10 or over.....	1						1			
Italian, North—										
Under 5.....	13			3	6	4				
5 to 9.....	5			1	1	2	1			
10 or over.....	5				1	1	1	1		1
Total.....	23			4	8	7	2	1		1
Italian, South—										
Under 5.....	31		5	11	12	3				
5 to 9.....	22			13	9					
10 or over.....	7			3	2		2			
Total.....	60		5	27	23	3	2			
Norwegian, 10 or over.....	1							1		
Scotch, 10 or over.....	2						1			1
Swedish, 10 or over.....	1			1						
Belgian (race not specified)—										
5 to 9.....	2					1		1		
10 or over.....	9					4		1		4
Total.....	11					5		2		4
Total foreign-born.....	117		5	34	35	20	8	5	1	9
Grand total.....	212		9	53	46	38	22	16	4	24

Of the 212 male employees in this plant concerning whom information was obtained, 51 per cent earn less than \$2 per day. Of those earning under this amount, the proportion earning from \$1.25 to \$1.50 and from \$1.75 to \$2, combined, is but slightly in excess of the proportion earning from \$1.50 to \$1.75 per day, while of those earning \$2 or over per day the proportion earning from \$2 to \$2.50 is considerably above that earning \$4 or over, or from \$2.50 to \$3 largely in excess of the proportion earning from \$3 to \$3.50, and very largely in excess of the proportion earning from \$3.50 to \$4. As between whites native-born of native father and the native-born of foreign father, there is little difference in the proportions earning under \$2 and \$2 or over per day—each showing by far the largest number earning \$2 or over. The reverse, however, is true of the

foreign-born, who show a much larger proportion earning under \$2 than \$2 or over per day.

With one or two exceptions it will be noted of the foreign-born that the representatives of the several races earning the higher specified daily wages are those who have been in the United States for a longer period than five years, indicating that an increased length of residence is accompanied by an increased earning ability.

The following table shows the average amount and the range in amount of daily earnings of the employees of the window-glass manufacturing establishment. The range in earnings is shown separately for day and piece workers.

TABLE 140.—*Number of employees in the window-glass manufacturing establishment earning each specified amount per day, by race.**

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race.	Day rates.								Piece rates per day. ^a								Average wage.		
	\$1.25 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$1.75.	\$1.75 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$4.	\$4 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$6.	\$6 and under \$7.	\$1.25 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$1.75.	\$1.75 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$4.	\$4 and under \$5.		\$5 and under \$6.	\$6 and under \$7.
American:																			
White.....	3	18	3	10	2	4	1				1	8	6	8	10	6			\$2.72
Negro.....		1	3										2	2					2.36
English.....			1		1								3		1				2.38
Irish.....			1	1											1				2.82
Scotch.....	1															1			3.23
German.....		1													2	2	1	1	3.76
French.....			1			1					2	3							2.49
Belgian.....												6		1			1		3.23
Italian, North.....	2	5	4								2	6	1	4					2.30
Italian, South.....	6	30	13	1							11	2	2	1	1				1.55
Greek.....			3																1.80
Swede.....		1				1													2.25
Portuguese.....											1								1.90
Unknown.....	3	18	11	1	1		1	3				2	1	4	2	6			

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

^a Figured on basis of actual earnings for a period of 20 days.

CHAPTER IV.

WORKING CONDITIONS.

Regularity of work—Methods of wage payments—Liability to accident or disease—Relation between races employed—Labor organizations—Welfare work—The plate-glass workers' association.

REGULARITY OF WORK.

Regularity of work exists in all of the glass plants throughout the year under ordinary conditions. On account of the industrial depression of 1907-8, one plant was forced to close down entirely for several months, and the others were put on shorter time for a brief period.

METHODS OF WAGE PAYMENTS.

Wage payments occur weekly, semimonthly, and biweekly in the three glass plants. Wages are paid in currency or in checks upon local banks. In one plant the plan is in force of allowing employees to draw only a part of their earnings, leaving the remainder with the company, which acts in the capacity of a bank. A receipt for all money so deposited is given to each employee in a cash book, and he may draw out any or all of his deposit when and as he chooses. No interest is paid the depositor. In this plant, during the two weeks in which data was obtained, out of 300 employees only 56 left money on deposit.

LIABILITY TO ACCIDENT OR DISEASE.

In the bottle plant and the glassware and chimney plant general working conditions were good, in regard to ventilation, heat, and cleanliness. Unsanitary conditions, however, arise of course from the nature of the occupation in certain departments. These are extreme heat in certain departments, especially in the summer months, in, for example, the blowing rooms. Glass blowing results frequently in glass workers being overcome in the summer time. This danger is confined largely to the men and boys in the shops. The heat of the blowing rooms also has a tendency to break down the health of the blowers. It is stated by employers, although denied by employees, that a blower can not earn full wages by piece-work after he reaches the age of 40 years on the average, and that he is practically unfit by the time he has reached 60. No records of the health of the employees were kept either by the companies or by the local physicians, and it was impossible to obtain exact data without watching results over a considerable period of time.

The liability to serious or fatal accidents in the glass plants in this locality are very small. In none of the three plants had any fatalities occurred, and accidents that caused permanent injury of any character

were comparatively unknown, according to the testimony of the employees. No records of accidents were kept. Accidents of a minor nature, chiefly burns and cuts, are quite frequent, especially among the unskilled workers in the packing rooms, where the glass is handled the most. Blowers are subject to slight burns, and the cuts received are not dangerous, since the incisions are clean and regular. Rarely are the services of physicians required.

RELATION BETWEEN RACES EMPLOYED.

The relations between the different races employed are largely determined by the nature and conditions of the work. In very few instances is there any segregation of employees according to location or occupation. When this separation occurs it is due to the domination of the racial composition of a gang of unskilled laborers by a foreman of a certain race and is found almost altogether in the plate-glass plant. On the other hand, the workers in the chimney and fancy ware plant are purposely mixed by the employers in order to avoid the constant grouping of the individuals of any one race. Not only is the belief that better results in production are obtained a reason given for this, but the careful avoidance of any possibility of unionization of the workers is assigned.

The natural tendencies in the relations of the various races, as seen from their life outside of the plants, seem to be toward segregation on the part of the Slovaks and South Italians, but toward association on the part of Belgians, French, Germans, and Americans. The representatives of other races employed in the glass industry are too small to show any tendency of this character. There is, of course, a much closer association between Belgians and French than between either of these and Germans and natives, but the actual segregation of all these races in daily intercourse, business, meeting places in clubs, saloons, and the like, is remarkably small in view of the difference in language and customs. This is by no means true of either Slovaks or South Italians who are distinct in nearly all of their activities and in their life.

LABOR ORGANIZATIONS.

The attitude of the glass workers' unions toward immigrants in general is one of animosity, according to statements made by union men. This animosity is directed mainly toward the Slovaks, Russians, Italians, and other races of recent immigration, because it is believed that the availability of cheap labor has been the cause of the difficulties and the failure of the unions in the larger plants of the community. The presence of cheap foreign labor at a critical period in the glass industry, when the fight on the introduction of machinery took place, unquestionably accentuated this feeling. On the other hand, there is little feeling against the German, Belgian, or French glass workers. They are taken into the unions without question, and on an equality with the natives. Especially is this noticeable at the present time in the attempt to unionize the chimney and glassware plant.

The attitude of the immigrants toward the glass workers' unions is not so easily found. No general statement can be made with refer-

ence to the Germans, English, Belgians, or French beyond that their attitude, like that of the American laborer, depends entirely on whether or not they belong to the unions. It is stated both by employers and employees of the chimney and glass ware company that the nonunion workers in their plant are far better satisfied now than they were under union conditions. The Russians, Slovaks, Poles, and Italians can not be said to have any particular attitude toward unions. They are members to a very limited extent, are indifferent to union aims, and only join the organizations when they see that it is a necessary step toward holding their positions.

WELFARE WORK.

No welfare work is attempted by any of the companies operating plants in this locality, except in an indirect way in connection with the plate-glass workers' association. The reason assigned for this apparent lack of interest in the employees on the part of the employers is that it is believed by the latter that small appreciation would be shown. It is also stated that the employees, with the exception of those who are unskilled immigrants from Austria-Hungary and Italy, have their various organizations, which take the place of any welfare work that might be attempted. Some of these organizations are of a political nature, and some of a beneficial character.

THE PLATE GLASS WORKERS' ASSOCIATION.

The plate-glass workers' association is composed strictly of employees of the plate-glass plant in this locality, and is operated by their own board of directors, who are elected by the members themselves and who handle all of the funds of the organization. Membership is voluntary, and in 1907 numbered 205. The fees are \$1 per month, and assessments for death benefit are 50 cents per each member in the case of a member, and 25 cents in the case of a member's wife, the benefits being thus only half to a member in case of his wife's death and the whole benefit for the widow of a member. The dollar fee includes (1) medical attention for one month to an entire family (exclusive of sons 18 years of age and over) by any one of five named physicians in the locality who have signified their willingness to act in this capacity and have agreed to accept a stipulated retaining fee for the year; (2) use of the library of 1,600 volumes and periodicals, pool and billiard tables, and gymnasium in the rented rooms of the association; (3) privilege of a reduced fee (from \$10 to only \$5) in obstetrical cases. The membership is composed chiefly of American, English, German, Belgian, and French employees in the skilled occupations. The southern European races exhibit very little interest in the organization. For instance, the Slovak and Italian periodicals which were subscribed for were never read, and the association has discontinued them.

It is stated that this association was first inaugurated by the company officials about fourteen years ago, but since then they have exercised no control in its affairs. This seems to be the entire extent of any welfare work done by the companies in the glass industry in this place.

CHAPTER V.

INDUSTRIAL PROGRESS AND EFFICIENCY.

Relative efficiency of the immigrant labor supply—Races of immigrant labor preferred.

RELATIVE EFFICIENCY OF THE IMMIGRANT LABOR SUPPLY.

No opinion regarding efficiency in given occupations was expressed, but it was agreed upon by all of the employers in the glass plants of this locality that immigrants, from the standpoint of efficiency in any occupation, occupy the following order: Germans, English, Belgians, French, Magyars, Slovaks, Poles, North Italians, South Italians. It appeared also to be the opinion of the employers that the Slovaks and Magyars in the matter of supervision and tractability were the easiest to manage, the Germans and French next, the North Italians third, the Belgians, Americans, and English fourth and difficult, and the South Italians the most troublesome on account of their tendency to treachery. The use of intoxicants as a cause of inefficiency seems to be confined almost entirely to the Magyars and Slovaks and to the Poles who frequently unfit themselves for regular work by week-end carousals. Knowledge of English, in the employers' opinion, promoted efficiency to a large extent in the skilled and semiskilled occupations—a condition that affected chiefly Belgians, French, and Germans.

RACES OF IMMIGRANT LABOR PREFERRED.

In no instance in this community had the employer any preference for race according to occupation as the methods of the industry are now constituted. In the beginnings of the industry here the Belgians were naturally preferred in skilled hand work, but at present under machine methods there is no distinction or preference according to occupation. On the other hand, there are very decided preferences regarding race for any or all occupations. This preference may be stated in the following order, by race, on the part of all of the employers: Germans, English, Belgians, French, Magyars, Slovaks, Poles, North Italians, South Italians.

The opinion was universally expressed that there was a wide difference between the Germans, English, Belgians, and French on the one hand and the Magyars, Slovaks, Poles, and North and South Italians on the other, which was a decided preference for the former group. As universal an opinion was that South Italians were unfit and inefficient laborers. In comparison with natives, all of the employers preferred Americans to any immigrant, although Germans, English, Belgians, and French were frequently, in the case of individual laborers, considered the superiors of natives. In all instances the second gener-

ation of immigrants, of almost every race except the South Italians, were considered a great improvement upon the first generation, and the general opinion was expressed that they were the equal of natives, especially in the case of the English, Germans, Belgians, and French. A lack of experience with the second generation of other races prevented the expression of a more definite opinion, but the indications were, as stated by the employers, that the second generation of the Slovaks, Poles, Magyars, and North Italians would in time supply the labor market with efficient and trustworthy as well as ambitious workers.

CHAPTER VI.

INDUSTRIAL AND OTHER EFFECTS OF IMMIGRATION UPON THE COMMUNITY.

Industrial effects of the employment of immigrants—Diseases peculiar to immigrants—Observance of health regulations—Charity.

INDUSTRIAL EFFECTS OF THE EMPLOYMENT OF IMMIGRANTS.

The presence of skilled or even unskilled immigrant labor has had very little effect upon the establishment of the glass bottle plant in this locality, as this plant employs comparatively few laborers, and the personnel of its employees is composed largely of the overflow and the cast off of the other plants. In the case of the chimney plant, while Americans were employed to a very large extent at the beginning, skilled Belgian and French glass workers were secured as the plant was enlarged; so that it may be said that immigrants aided to a considerable extent in the establishment of this plant, especially since hand methods were employed altogether. In the case of the plate-glass plant, however, skilled Belgian, French, and English glass workers were necessary to start the plant, as stated by the employer. During the whole period of hand methods, the plant has been largely dependent upon this class of immigrants for skilled workers. The same reliance upon immigrant labor has also been evidenced after machine methods were introduced. As pointed out elsewhere, after the break with the glass workers' union occurred, and the use of machinery became general, it was impossible to secure native labor, especially in the unskilled occupations. Throughout the history of the plants here, the substitution of native labor in unskilled work and to some extent in skilled work by immigrants has been a fact so clearly marked as to be distinctive. The reliance of the industries upon the immigrant labor supply is thus plain. In general, therefore, it may be said that the immigrants in their capacity of laborers, materially aided in the establishment of the glass industries in this locality, and on account of the scarcity of native labor, as materially aided in the carrying on of the industry. The community itself came into existence almost entirely on account of the establishment of the glass plants, and the leading part that immigrants have played in the history of the industry is markedly reflected in the composition and character of the community as a whole. No effect has been noted upon the methods and hours of work according to the statements of the employers. Very little effect upon industrial organization of the plants seems to have been noticed. To some extent in the plate-glass plant Italian, Belgian, German, and Slovak foremen have been employed because of their adaptability to the work of dealing with unskilled foreign labor of their own race. In the case of Italians and Slovaks this has resulted in a predominance

of the respective races in certain "labor gangs." In the chimney plant, however, the policy of carefully mixing races in occupation and location has been adapted because of the belief that better results are obtained in efficiency.

From the standpoint of the native and foreign organized labor, the presence of the southern European immigrant laborer has affected the organization of the work of the plant by enabling the employers to hold out in their stand against the glass workers' union. Statements from representatives of the former class were made to the effect that the Slovak, Italian, Magyar, and Pole were the means by which the employers were able to break up the unions. This seems to be undoubtedly true. During the labor difficulties, which are discussed elsewhere, the immigrants from Austria-Hungary and Italy were used as strike breakers and together with the natives formed 90 per cent of the force which finally supplanted the skilled hand workers under the hand work régime. In this sense, therefore, the presence of a certain class of immigrant had a considerable effect upon the organization of the work of the plants and of the industry. Although the availability of the Slovak, Italian, Magyar, and Polish immigrants made possible the reorganization of methods from a hand-work basis to a machinery basis, it can not be said that they caused the introduction of machinery. According to the opinion of the employers, the introduction of machinery was a step demanded in the development of the industry and the presence of the races of immigrants named above merely enabled the introduction of machinery to take place more rapidly and more easily.

DISEASES PECULIAR TO IMMIGRANTS.

There is little evidence in the community of diseases or health conditions peculiar to the immigrants from England, Belgium, France, and Germany, which are not common among the natives. Among Slovaks, Russians, and Italians, however, the following conditions have been observed:

(a) Typhoid fever, granulated eyelids, and pulmonary tuberculosis are more frequent among Slovaks and Russians than among the Italians or Poles.

(b) A tendency toward pneumonia has been observed among members of all races employed in the glass plants.

(c) Diseases resulting from excessive drinking, and venereal diseases occur less frequently among the foreign races, as a whole, than among the Americans.

(d) Complications resulting from lack of attention at childbirth frequently occur among Slovak women, which have not been observed in the case of any other race.

In general, the living conditions found among the Germans, Belgians, French, and English, are about the same as among the natives. In the opinion of the physicians in the community, the power of resisting disease on the part of these races is as great, if not greater, than that of the natives. The causes assigned for the prevalence of diseases among the races from southern and eastern Europe are grouped as follows:

(a) In general, their power of resisting disease is much less than that of the natives.

(b) The tendency toward tuberculosis, granulated eyelids, and typhoid are caused almost altogether by bad living conditions among Slovaks and Russians. These races are stated to be less able to resist disease than the Italians and Poles. It is believed that tuberculosis also results, to some extent, from the dust in the mixing rooms in the glass factories.

(c) The tendency toward pneumonia among the glass workers is believed to be due to the sudden changes in temperature occasioned by the sudden passing from hot blowing rooms into the cold air.

(d) It is the universal opinion of the physicians interviewed that the North Italians are superior, from a standpoint of cleanliness and hardiness, to the South Italians.

(e) Physicians agree that the Slovaks and Russians are difficult patients, usually neglecting themselves until they are quite ill, and when reaching that condition, are utterly helpless, refusing to speak or take medicine, but at the same time disobeying physicians' orders with reference to food and care. The Italians, on the other hand, particularly those from northern Italy, are very quick to seek medical aid, and follow the physicians' instructions without persuasion. The result is that the Slovaks and Russians, through their unreasoning ignorance or unwillingness, are subject to more serious diseases than the other races.

(f) The cause of complications arising from childbirth among Slovaks is their tendency to employ inefficient midwives. Rarely are physicians called in. Of the other races, exclusive of Belgians, French, English, and Germans, who do not differ from the natives in this respect, the Russians and Poles are next to the Slovaks. Italians, on the other hand, employ physicians in almost every instance.

OBSERVANCE OF HEALTH REGULATIONS.

The municipal government of Community A has no health regulations of its own, and the Pennsylvania state laws are the only regulations observed. Considerable difficulty is experienced in enforcing these regulations, especially those relating to sanitary conditions. They are enforced to a certain extent, however, except in cases of congestion in boarding houses, where little effort is made to carry them out. The greatest trouble is experienced with Slovaks and Russians, and to a less extent with the Italians. The Poles give less trouble than any of the southern European races. A lack of obedience to health regulations on the part of the immigrant races has been noticed. Little care is exercised in the use of drinking water. The river water has been condemned by the health authorities for several years, and it is noticed that all of the southern European races and Russians have begun using well and spring water for drinking. No more difficulty in enforcing the health laws has been experienced in the case of the Belgians, Germans, French, and English than with natives, and in some cases even less.

CHARITY.

No system of organized charity exists among the immigrants or their churches. In the case of new immigrants who are in need of assistance when they enter the community, collections are frequently

taken up to help them among neighbors of the same race. Money is loaned to immigrants by foreign bankers upon security of land owned by them in their native lands, but this, of course, can not be termed charity. The need for charity, however, among the immigrants is almost entirely removed by the work of the benefit societies, which are supported by the foreign religious organizations. Some charitable work is done by the native American churches through the committee for the poor of the ministers' association, but the larger part of their activities are confined to native and English families and individuals. In order of attention received from native churches Americans are first, English second, Slovaks third, and Italians fourth. It is stated that the English, although few in numbers, are often in need of assistance, because they (1) have large families, (2) are accustomed to a lower standard of living than they get in this country, and (3) are in the habit of receiving charity. Another reason why the English receive greater attention in this regard than the other foreign races is because they are brought into closer association through the medium of a common language, and like interests.

CHAPTER VII.

IMMIGRANT SOCIETIES AND INSTITUTIONS.

Immigrant benefit societies—Social organizations—Immigrant churches—Parochial schools—[Text Tables 141 to 143].

IMMIGRANT BENEFIT SOCIETIES.

The table presented below embraces a tabulation of all statistics, obtainable in Community A, concerning immigrant benefit and insurance societies. The data were secured from officials of the several societies and from priests in charge of the different parishes and are presented on the authority of these persons.

TABLE 141.—*Information concerning immigrant benefit and insurance societies in Community A.*

Name.	Race.	Denomination.	Number of members.	Monthly dues.	Weekly sick benefit.	Death benefit.
St. Alois.....	Slovak....	Greek Catholic....	15	\$0.50	\$5.00	\$400.00
St. Andrew.....	do.....	do.....	80	.50	5.00	1,000.00
St. Catherino.....	do.....	do.....	50	.50	2.50	700.00
St. Cyrill and St. Methodius.....	do.....	do.....	44	.50	5.00	1,000.00
St. Peter and St. Paul.....	do.....	do.....	10	.50	5.00	1,000.00
Slavish Evangelical Lutheran Union.....	do.....	Lutheran.....	150	1.50	5.00	750.00
Slovak Gymnasium Society.....	do.....	do.....	18	1.50	5.00	600.00
Slovak National Society.....	do.....	do.....	20	1.50	5.00	1,000.00
Holy Virgin Mary.....	Russian....	Orthodox Greek Catholic.	100	1.50	5.00	1,000.00
St. Eugenie.....	do.....	do.....	25	1.50	5.00	1,000.00
St. Julius.....	do.....	do.....	80	1.50	5.00	1,000.00
Sts. Peter and Paul.....	do.....	do.....	20	1.50	5.00	1,000.00
Blessed Sacrament.....	Italian....	Roman Catholic...	78	.25	5.00	.....
Blessed Virgin.....	do.....	do.....	32	.25	5.00	.....
Holy Rosary.....	do.....	do.....	56	.25	5.00	.....
St. Aloysius.....	do.....	do.....	36	.25	5.00	.....
St. Joseph.....	do.....	do.....	64	.25	5.00	.....
St. Sojerdimenich.....	Russian....	Union Greek Catholic.	25	1.50	5.00	1,000.00
Rochdale Benefit.....	French....	None.....	318	.....	(a)	(b)

^a Only allowed to shareholders purchasing \$100 or more during year prior to sickness.

^b Recently granted. Plans undecided.

All of the societies mentioned in the above table are branches of national or other societies, with the exception of the Rochdale Fund.

The Russian Orthodox Greek Catholic societies are branches of or closely affiliated with the Russian Orthodox Catholic Mutual Aid Society; the Slovak societies are all connected with the National Slavish Society; while the other societies are under a similar control. Definite reasons for the large number of different organizations existing in the community could not be secured; but the differences among the immigrants in religious beliefs, and those arising from

internal and racial quarrels, have no doubt been largely instrumental in creating the conditions. It was stated by the Roman Catholic Italian and the Russian Orthodox Greek Catholic priests that the benefit societies in operation in their parishes were directly connected with their respective churches. On the other hand, the societies operated among the Russian Union Greek Catholics and the Slovak Lutherans, according to the statements of their respective ministers and priests, have no direct connection with the churches. The Rochdale Benefit Fund mentioned in the table is operated in connection with the Belgian cooperative store. Only shareholders of the store who have purchased not less than \$100 worth of commodities during the year previous are allowed to receive benefits for sickness or accidents. The weekly benefits are equal to one-half of the weekly average of purchases during the year preceding date of beginning of benefit payments. The benefit payments are made out of a reserve fund which is provided for out of the profits of the store, one-fifth of the dividends for each quarter being placed in this reserve. It has been recently decided to pay death benefits, but at the time of this investigation their exact nature had not been determined. This benefit fund is limited to no race or creed.

SOCIAL ORGANIZATIONS.

The Germans, Belgians, and French maintain a social club known as the Turnverein. The Germans practically control the club, but the other races named are well represented. A few Americans are included among the members. The club owns one of the most pretentious buildings in the town, in which are a hall for public gatherings, a swimming pool, and several rooms for beer drinking, dancing, card playing, and social gatherings. The gatherings take place at least once a week, and are orderly in conduct, well attended by members and their families, and, it is stated, conducted according to the customs of the "old country." Even Americans who belong to the club must obey the established customs and rules. The meetings serve to promote intercourse among the several races, as well as to create a common spirit among immigrants of a class who expect to become or have become citizens of the United States.

IMMIGRANT CHURCHES.

There are six immigrant churches in Community A, as follows: One Slovak, Roman Catholic; one Slovak, Lutheran; one Russian, Orthodox Greek Catholic; one Russian, Union Greek Catholic; one Italian, Roman Catholic; one Belgian, Protestant (Presbyterian).

The number of years each church has been established, the denomination, race, number of families and members, and dues per month of each are shown in the following table:

TABLE 142.—*Information concerning churches in Community A.*

Date of establishment.	Race.	Denomination.	Members.		Families.		Monthly fees.
			In parish.	In community.	In parish.	In community.	
1896.....	Russian.....	Union Greek Catholic.	800	100	124	28	.....
1902.....	Italian.....	Roman Catholic.....	.....	1,000	.....	170	.....
1897.....	French.....	Presbyterian.....	.....	200	.....	60	.....
1900.....	Slovak.....	Roman Catholic.....	.....	1,500	.....	100	.....
1903.....	do.....	Lutheran.....	480	150	80	30	\$0.75
1900.....	Russian, from Austria.	Orthodox Greek Catholic.	1,500	150	250	20	.....

In the foregoing table the absence of entries of monthly fees for certain churches is due to the employment of assessment or collection methods of obtaining funds from members. All of the foreign priests and ministers advocate a policy of permanent residence and citizenship for their parishioners and members. The influence of the immigrant churches is unquestionably in this direction, for in the efforts to establish and maintain themselves they are forced to rely on a membership that must be fixed to a considerable degree. At the same time, the influence of the immigrant churches in the community is to create a segregation of the immigrants, first, according to denominations, and second, according to races. It was stated by one Catholic priest that the immigrant churches in the community are losing their religious as well as racial influence over their members because of the following reasons:

- (1) Absence of class distinctions in the United States.
- (2) The weakening of religious ties on account of greater individual freedom as evidenced by: (a) Drinking to excess, and disorderly conduct, and (b) loss of respect for those in authority.
- (3) Industrial advancement and the growth of the spirit of commercialism.

This statement, as representing the point of view of an immigrant priest, may be taken to some extent to show the effect of residence in the United States upon immigrants themselves.

No special work is attempted or done by the native churches among immigrants living in the town. The Young Men's Christian Association is now disbanded, and when active attempted but little work among the immigrants. The only evidence of any tendency on the part of the immigrants to attend the native churches that was found was in the case of the German Protestants and English Protestants and Roman Catholics, who attend the native churches in limited numbers. With this exception, the racial and denominational lines are distinctly drawn.

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.

The following table presents the number of immigrant children enrolled in the parochial schools of Community A, by race and denomination:

TABLE 143.—*Number of foreign-born children enrolled in parochial schools, by race and denomination.*

Denomination.	Race.	Total number children in parish.	Number children of school age in parish.	Number children enrolled in schools in parish.	Number of teachers.	Hours per week for religious subjects.	Year of establishment of school.
Lutheran.....	Slovak.....	75	26	26	1	5	1906
Orthodox Greek Catholic.....	Russian.....	80	30	30	3	1	1900
Presbyterian.....	Belgian.....	200	150	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Roman Catholic.....	Italian.....	500	250	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Do.....	Slovak.....	500	100	87	1	3	1901
Union Greek Catholic.....	Russian.....	40	25	14	1	3	1907
Total.....		1,395	581	157	6		

a No school maintained.

The total number of immigrant children in the community is stated in the above table to be 1,395. Of this number 581 are of school age, but only 157, or 27 per cent, are found enrolled in the parochial schools. All of the children of school age in the parishes of the Slovak Lutheran Church and the Russian Orthodox Greek Catholic Church are enrolled in the schools. The Belgians of the Presbyterian Church and the Italians of the Roman Catholic Church support no parochial schools. The school of the Russian Greek Catholic Church was the first parochial school established in the community. None of the parochial schools interfere with the work of the public schools, since all are conducted in the afternoons or evenings and on Saturdays, except in the case of the Slovak Lutheran School, which is maintained only during the summer months. No tuition fees are charged in the parochial schools, and their courses of study are restricted to religious subjects and reading and writing in the foreign languages, which are taught in from one to five hour periods a day. One exception to this is found in the school of the Russian Greek Catholic Church, where, in addition to the above-mentioned subjects, the history and geography of Russia are taught.

CHAPTER VIII.

GENERAL PROGRESS AND ASSIMILATION.

Investments—Immigrants in business—[Text Tables 144 and 145].

INVESTMENTS.

The tendency to save on the part of the immigrants in Community A, as shown by the number owning property, funds on deposit in the savings departments of local banks, and the annual amounts of money sent abroad, is indicated by the following table:

TABLE 144.—*Number of persons owning property and the financial rating of Community A, by race.*

Race.	Number owning prop- erty.	Amount of funds in savings banks.	Amount of money sent abroad.
American.....	500	\$1,273,000	None.
French.....	100	95,000	None.
Slovaks.....	50	62,500	\$33,500
Russian.....	30	45,000	22,000
Italian.....	40	118,000	11,500

Statistics for the Germans, English, and French for the above table were not available. The statistics for the Germans and English are included under Americans.

A comparison between the Americans and the Russians, for instance, is obviously impossible in view of this fact when the above table is used as the basis. The opinions of the bankers coincide in the statement that the Germans, Finns (of which there are only a very small number in the community), Belgians (including French), and English, in the order named, are the most thrifty. This statement, however, should be qualified by the consideration that these races earn on an average considerably higher wages than the immigrants from southern and eastern Europe, particularly in the case of those doing skilled piecework in the glass factories, and their savings consequently show considerably larger amounts per capita. Of the other races the Slovaks are stated to possess the most noticeable tendency to save and to keep their funds on deposit the longest. The Italians, on the other hand, while equaling the Slovaks in thriftiness, do not keep their savings on deposit any length of time, but withdraw them for exportation. It is interesting to note that during the panic year of 1907 the Italians were the most frightened and the most insistent on the withdrawal of their deposits. All withdrawals during this period were limited to \$50 per week, but the Italians left for their native land as fast as they could secure enough funds for passage money. The Italians, particularly those from southern Italy, unquestionably send the largest amount of money from the community, the Russians are next in proportion to their numbers, and the Slovaks third.

IMMIGRANTS IN BUSINESS.

. The table presented below shows the number of immigrants as compared with Americans engaged in each specified business in Community A.

TABLE 145.—Number engaged in each specified business in Community A, by race.

Business.	Amer-ican.	French.	Ger-man.	He-brew.	Italian.	Rus-sian.	Slovak.	Total.
Bakeries.....			4		3			7
Banking.....	2	1			1	1		5
Billiard hall.....	1							1
Bottling works.....	1							1
Brewery.....	1							1
Clothing.....	1			6	^a 1			7
Confectionery and cigars.....	4				^b 1			4
Contractors.....	1							2
Department store.....	1				1			1
Drugs.....	4							4
Dry goods.....	2							2
Florist.....	1	1						2
Furniture.....	1		1					2
General store.....		4						4
Groceries.....	6	2			3	2	4	17
Hardware.....	2		1					3
Hotels.....	10							10
Ice cream manufacturing.....	1							1
Insurance.....	7	1						8
Jewelers.....	1			1				2
Laundry.....	1							^c 2
Livery stables.....	4							4
Lumber.....	2							2
Meat shops.....	1	2	3				5	11
Newspaper publishers.....	2	1						3
Piano stores.....	2	1						3
Real estate.....	5	1	1			1		8
Restaurants.....	2							2
Saloons.....	9							9
Shoe stores.....	2	1						3
Steamship agents.....					1	^d 1		1
Undertakers.....	3							3
Wall paper.....	2							2
Miscellaneous.....	12							12
Total.....	94	15	10	7	9	4	9	^c 149

^a Included under steamship agents.

^b Included under bakers.

^c Including 1 Chinese laundry.

^d Included under real estate.

Of a total of 149 business establishments, 55 are conducted by immigrants. The number of French establishments is shown to be greater than for any other one race, although the Hebrews are best represented when the respective numbers of each race in the locality are taken into consideration. Among the Slovaks are two firms of particular interest. One is estimated to have a value of \$25,000, and the other a value of over \$30,000. One of the Italian firms is valued at \$20,000, and a Russian banking institution carries capital of over \$10,000. The Slovaks, Italians, and Russians show initiative in methods of billboard advertising, window displays, local newspapers, and advertising. There is no discoverable difference between the methods employed by the natives, Belgians, Germans, or French in business in the community. The methods of the latter two races are the same, even to the slightest details. Some exception in the case of French and Belgians, however, is noticed in connection with their cooperative store. This establishment is almost entirely under the control of French and Belgian socialists, although its shareholders

are not restricted either to French, Belgians, or socialists. It deals almost exclusively in groceries, and has 318 shareholders. The president, vice-president, secretary, two auditors, and nine directors are all French and Belgians. It is stated, even by competing establishments, that the prices at this store are slightly lower than at other stores dealing in the same kind of commodities. The net profits of the establishment for 1907 were over \$2,000, while a gain of 48 per cent over the gross receipts for 1907 was announced in October of 1908. Individual share holdings are limited to \$100. As soon as application for membership is filed the member is entitled to dividends on his purchases (6 per cent has been the rate for the last four years), which are made to pay for the stock applied for until fully paid up. Dividends of 6 per cent have also been paid on stock. No credit is allowed to any customer except to members, who are allowed credit not to exceed at any time four-fifths of the total amount of their stock holdings. To sick members, however, the company grants a weekly benefit for thirteen weeks equal to one-half of the average weekly purchases, provided the total individual purchases aggregate \$100 a year. The Slovak, Russian, and Italian meat and grocery stores use the store-book method for keeping accounts with their customers. During the depression of 1907 large numbers of these races were sold goods on credit. Many of these accounts were not paid at the time of this investigation, but the storekeepers who were interviewed stated that they anticipated losing very little money. The Slovaks, Italians, and Russians who have become comparatively wealthy have practiced different methods of graft upon their fellow-countrymen through benefit societies, extending credits, and banking. In view of the short time immigrants have been in this locality, and of the fact that the men in question started with very little money, as well as taking into consideration the nature of their businesses, this statement is not hard to understand. While the newness of the town has made it possible for an equality of standing among the immigrant and American business men, in that the former have had an opportunity to engage in enterprises which serve the population in general, the degree of actual business association that might be expected does not exist. In the merchants' association, for instance, there are a very few German members, only two Italian, and no Belgian, French, Slovak, or Russian members. The two Italians never attend the meetings of the association, and joined, it is stated, only with an idea of identifying themselves with Americans in business. The tendency seems to be toward a racial clannishness on the part of all foreign races which even the conditions in a new community are unable to counteract. The Russian Hebrews form an exception to this general rule, and are among the leaders of the merchants' association, associating with native business men on terms of equality.

The lack of association is also seen among the immigrants as customers. Slovaks are the most clannish, according to the testimony of business men of other races, in this respect, patronizing their own stores so far as possible. Italians are less so, while the Belgians and French, although showing a strong tendency to patronize the enterprises of their own countrymen, are large customers of American stores. The Germans are possibly the least clannish in this respect, owing to the fact that they are more closely identified with the community in a number of other ways.

COMMUNITY B.

CHAPTER I.

INTRODUCTION.

The industrial significance of the community—Households studied—Members of households for whom detailed information was received—[Text Tables 146 to 149 and General Tables 95 and 96].

THE INDUSTRIAL SIGNIFICANCE OF THE COMMUNITY.

Community B is located in the Middle West, near a large city of more than 100,000 inhabitants. It is exclusively engaged in the manufacture of plate glass, the plate-glass manufacturing establishment located within its borders being the only industry in the town and covering the entire field of employment. Practically all of the wage-earners in the community are employed at the glass plant, and all the residents of the town are directly or indirectly dependent upon it for support. From a comparative standpoint the most significant feature of Community B as contrasted with Community A is found in the fact that the local plate-glass factory and the town were established after machinery had been invented for the manufacture of plate glass. As a consequence the labor needs of Community B from the beginning were unskilled workmen, and it did not pass through the period of hand shops, as was the case in Community A, and the consequent necessity of securing skilled operatives either from abroad or other sections of the United States.

HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

A total of 180 households in the community the heads of which were employed in the plate-glass plant were studied in detail. In the following table the households studied are shown according to general nativity and race of head of household.

TABLE 146.—Households studied, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Households.		General nativity and race of head of household.	Households.	
	Total number.	Per cent of total.		Total number.	Per cent of total.
Native-born of native father, White	56	31.1	Total native-born of foreign father	70	38.9
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German...	14	7.8	Total native-born	110	61.1
Foreign-born:			Total foreign-born		
German	30	16.7			
Magyar	27	15.0			
Polish	53	29.4			
Grand total	180	100.0			

In this community households whose heads were foreign-born were studied to the extent of 61.1 per cent of the total, and those whose heads were native-born were divided between those whose heads were native-born of native father and native-born of foreign father to the extent of 31.1 per cent and 7.8 per cent, respectively. All of the households of the second generation studied were of German heads. A larger proportion of households whose heads were Poles and of foreign-birth than of foreign-born German or Magyar heads were studied, because of the larger number of Polish households in the community.

MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLDS FOR WHOM DETAILED INFORMATION WAS RECEIVED.

The table next presented shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the persons in the households studied and persons for whom detailed information was secured.

TABLE 147.—*Persons in households studied and persons for whom detailed information was secured, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Persons in households.		Persons for whom detailed information was secured.	
		Number.	Per cent of total.	Number.	Per cent of total.
Native-born of native father, White	56	245	23.7	244	31.5
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	14	63	6.1	63	8.1
Foreign-born:					
German	30	186	18.0	164	21.2
Magyar	27	259	25.0	108	14.0
Polish	53	281	27.2	195	25.2
Grand total	180	1,034	100.0	774	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father	14	63	6.1	63	8.1
Total native-born	70	308	29.8	307	39.7
Total foreign-born	110	726	70.2	467	60.3

The following table shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the sex of persons for whom detailed information was secured:

TABLE 148.—*Sex of persons for whom detailed information was secured, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number.			Per cent of each sex.	
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.
Native-born of native father, White	122	122	244	50.0	50.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	31	32	63	49.2	50.8
Foreign-born:					
German	86	78	164	52.4	47.6
Magyar	64	44	108	59.3	40.7
Polish	107	88	195	54.9	45.1
Grand total	410	364	774	53.0	47.0
Total native-born of foreign father	31	32	63	49.2	50.8
Total native-born	153	154	307	49.8	50.2
Total foreign-born	257	210	467	55.0	45.0

The following table sets forth, by sex and general nativity and race of individual, the persons for whom detailed information was secured in the households studied:

TABLE 149.—Persons for whom detailed information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	136	131	267	33.2	36.0	34.5
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
English.....		5	5	.0	1.4	.6
French.....		2	2	.0	.5	.3
German.....	58	60	118	14.1	16.5	15.2
Magyar.....	13	10	23	3.2	2.7	3.0
Polish.....	43	31	74	10.5	8.5	9.6
Foreign-born:						
Canadian (other than French).....		2	2	.0	.5	.3
English.....	1	1	2	.2	.3	.3
French.....	1	2	3	.2	.5	.4
German.....	43	29	72	10.5	8.0	9.3
Magyar.....	51	34	85	12.4	9.3	11.0
Polish.....	64	57	121	15.6	15.7	15.6
Grand total.....	410	364	774	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	114	108	222	27.8	29.7	28.7
Total native-born.....	250	239	489	61.0	65.7	63.2
Total foreign-born.....	160	125	285	39.0	34.3	36.8

CHAPTER II.

RACIAL DISPLACEMENTS.

History of immigration—Period of residence in the United States of members of immigrant households studied—[Text Table 150 and General Table 97].

HISTORY OF IMMIGRATION.

The estimated population of Community B in 1909 was 1,000 individuals, of whom about 80 per cent were of foreign birth. The town was established in 1898, when the erection of the plate-glass works was begun. At that time the native American element composed about 25 per cent of the population. Within five years after the founding of the permanent town the American portion of the population decreased about 5 per cent, leaving the conditions practically as they are found at the present time. The plate-glass plant is the only industrial establishment located in the community, and the racial composition of this plant has almost entirely governed that of the town. This is seen in the fact that the employees of the plant are composed principally of Poles, who compose over 60 per cent of the total population of the town. Slovaks and Magyars constitute together about 20 per cent of the population, while the remaining 20 per cent is composed of natives and two or three Belgian families. A few Bulgarians have been employed in the glass works, but the superintendent of the plant states that they did not prove satisfactory and were not encouraged to stay.

The history of the employment of immigrants in this plate-glass plant is interesting in that it affords a contrast with conditions in the Pennsylvania plate-glass plants. In the Pennsylvania plants the basic foreign element was Belgian and, to a limited extent, German and English, while in Community B Poles compose the chief labor supply. The reason for this difference is seen in the fact that the Pennsylvania plants were started at a time when experienced glass workers could not be found in the United States and it was necessary to import skilled labor from abroad. These early companies first imported skilled glass workers from England and afterwards Belgians and Germans,^a when the English glass-making methods were superseded by the Belgian. The plant in Community B was placed in commission in comparatively recent years and was able to draw skilled American machine operators and a group of Polish "layers" from the older plants in the United States in sufficient numbers to begin operations. Machines, overhead electric cranes, and other recent appliances, together with grinding and improved methods of operation, were used in the community from the start. Consequently the large number of skilled workers who were required in the older plants were not

^a See Community A, Chapter II.

needed in the new establishment. The unskilled portion of the labor in the factory of Community B was supplied by the Poles, Slovaks, and Magyars, secured principally in the adjoining city and the vicinity. No Italians have ever been employed in this plant, and Bulgarians, as stated above, only to a very limited extent for a brief period of time.

PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN THE UNITED STATES OF MEMBERS OF IMMIGRANT HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The character of recent and past immigration to the community is set forth in the table submitted below, which shows, by race of individual, the percentage of foreign-born persons in the households studied who had been in the United States each specified number of years. The period of residence in this country and in the community are not necessarily identical, but the two periods closely approximate each other.

TABLE 150.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons in the United States each specified number of years, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad. This table includes only races with 20 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent of persons in United States each specified number of years.		
		Under 5.	Under 10.	Under 20.
German.....	72	0.0	12.5	50.0
Magyar.....	85	61.2	97.6	100.0
Polish.....	121	47.1	90.1	98.3
Total.....	285	38.2	70.5	85.3

This table shows a report from 285 persons of foreign birth, of whom 38.2 per cent have been in the United States under five years, 70.5 per cent under ten years, and 85.3 per cent under twenty years. No Germans are reported as having been here under five years, while 61.2 per cent of Magyars and 47.1 per cent of Poles have resided here less than that number of years. Over 90 per cent of Magyars and Poles have lived here under ten years, while only 12.5 per cent of Germans have been here so short a period. All Magyars and 98.3 per cent of Poles are reported as having lived in the United States under twenty years, and only 50 per cent is shown for the Germans. Of course the latter race represents the older immigration and the two former are of the newer immigrants.

CHAPTER III.

ECONOMIC STATUS OF MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLDS.

Industrial condition abroad of members of immigrant households studied—General occupation of males at present time in the households studied—General occupation of women at present time in the households studied—First and second generation compared—Annual earnings of male heads of families studied—Annual earnings of males 18 years of age or over in the households studied—Amount of family income—Wives at work—Relation between the earnings of husbands and the practice of wives in keeping boarders or lodgers—Sources of family income—Relative importance of the different sources of family income—[Text Tables 151 to 168 and General Tables 98 to 107].

INDUSTRIAL CONDITION ABROAD OF MEMBERS OF IMMIGRANT HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

In order to understand intelligently the present economic status of immigrant employees and the members of their households in the community, it is first necessary to study their general industrial condition before they immigrated to the United States, and in the following series of tables the general industrial condition and principal occupations while abroad of both males and females in the households studied in Community B are set forth according to race. The first table submitted shows, by race of individual, the industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born males in the households studied who were 16 years of age or over at time of arrival in this country.

TABLE 151.—*Industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born males who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number.				Per cent.			
		Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.	Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.
German.....	23	1	15	4	3	4.3	65.2	17.4	13.0
Magyar.....	34	.....	16	3	15	.0	47.1	8.8	44.1
Polish.....	55	1	23	24	7	1.8	41.8	43.6	12.7
Total.....	112	2	54	31	25	1.8	48.2	27.7	22.3

The above table, showing the general industrial condition of the foreign-born males in the households studied before coming to this country, shows that the larger proportion of all races were working for wages, the next highest percentage were working without wages, and the lowest were working for profit in their native land. The table which is next presented analyzes the three general industrial

groups into the principal occupations of each and shows, by race, the per cent of males in the households studied who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming to this country who were in each occupation abroad.

TABLE 152.—*Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born males who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent without occupation.	Per cent working for wages.							Per cent working without wages.			Per cent working for profit.		
			Farm laborers.	General laborers.	Glass-factory operatives.	In hand trades.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farm laborers.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farmers.	In other occupations.	Total.	
German.....	23	4.3	17.4	4.3	8.7	8.7	26.1	65.2	17.4	0.0	17.4	4.3	8.7	13.0	
Magyar.....	34	.0	38.2	.0	.0	5.9	2.9	47.1	8.8	.0	8.8	38.2	5.9	44.1	
Polish.....	55	1.8	10.9	1.8	.0	12.7	16.4	41.8	43.6	.0	43.6	9.1	3.6	12.7	
Total.....	112	1.8	20.5	1.8	1.8	9.8	14.3	48.2	27.7	.0	27.7	17.0	5.4	22.3	

It is at once evident from the table above that by far the larger proportion of all races now employed in the glass factories of the community were farmers or farm laborers in their native country. None of the Magyars or Poles had ever worked in glass manufacturing abroad and only 8.7 per cent of the Germans were glass-factory operatives before immigration to this country. The Germans, as well as the Poles, who were working for wages abroad show considerable proportions who were in the hand trades or in similar occupations, and all three races exhibit small proportions of those who were working for profit who were engaged in other work than farming. The significant fact set forth by the table is, however, that none of the Magyars or Poles and only a small percentage of Germans had any experience abroad in the industry in which they are now engaged.

The following table shows, by race of individual, the industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born females in the households studied who were 16 years of age or over at time of arrival in this country:

TABLE 153.—*Industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more females reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number.				Per cent.			
		Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.	Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.
German.....	20	11	7	2	.....	55.0	35.0	10.0	0.0
Magyar.....	27	15	10	2	.....	55.6	37.0	7.4	.0
Polish.....	48	15	10	23	.....	31.3	20.8	47.9	.0
Total.....	96	42	27	27	.....	43.8	28.1	28.1	.0

The preceding table shows that the larger number of German and Magyar women were without occupation before they came to this country and the greater proportion of the Polish women were working without wages. The Germans, Magyars, and Poles also show percentages amounting to 35, 37, and 20.8 per cent, respectively, who were working for wages abroad. The table following analyzes the three general industrial groups of the one preceding into their principal occupations by showing the occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming.

TABLE 154.—*Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more females reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent without occupation.	Per cent working for wages.						Per cent working without wages.			Per cent working for profit.		
			Farm laborers.	In domestic service.	Glass factory operatives.	In sewing, embroidery, etc.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farm laborers.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farmers.	In other occupations.	Total.
German.....	20	55.0	0.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	35.0	10.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Magyar.....	27	55.6	.0	37.0	.0	.0	.0	37.0	7.4	.0	7.4	.0	.0	.0
Polish.....	48	31.3	10.4	10.4	.0	.0	.0	20.8	47.9	.0	47.9	.0	.0	.0
Total.....	96	43.8	5.2	20.8	.0	.0	2.1	28.1	28.1	.0	28.1	.0	.0	.0

None of the women, as can be seen from the table, were glass factory operatives before immigration to this country. The larger proportion of Germans and Magyars who were working for wages were engaged in domestic service in their native countries, and equal proportions of the Poles were in domestic service and employed as farm laborers. The larger per cent of the Polish women, however, were working abroad as farm laborers without wages, as well as 10 per cent of the Germans and 7.4 per cent of the Magyars. None of the women were working for profit.

GENERAL OCCUPATION OF MALES AT PRESENT TIME IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The general industrial condition at the present time of the members of the households studied in the community may be seen from the two tables next presented.

In the following table the general occupation of males in the households studied who were 16 years of age or over is set forth according to general nativity and race of individual:

TABLE 155.—*General occupation of males 16 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—			
		In glass.	Otherwise employed.	At home.	At school.
Native-born of native father, White	72	90.3	5.6	1.4	2.8
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	20	90.0	5.0	.0	5.0
Foreign-born:					
German.....	41	95.1	2.4	2.4	.0
Magyar.....	37	86.5	.0	13.5	.0
Polish.....	57	96.5	.0	3.5	.0
Grand total.....	231	91.3	3.0	4.3	1.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	22	86.4	9.1	.0	4.5
Total native-born.....	94	89.4	6.4	1.1	3.2
Total foreign-born.....	137	92.7	.7	6.6	.0

Neither the native-born of native or of foreign father or the foreign-born individuals in the households studied, as can be seen from the table above, indicate any pronounced tendency to engage in work other than glass manufacturing. The persons native-born of foreign father show 9.1 per cent, those native-born of native-father 5.6 per cent, and the total foreign-born only 0.7 per cent occupied outside of the glass manufacturing. None of the foreign-born members of the households studied who are 16 years of age or over are at school, and only a small proportion of the native-born of native or foreign father. None of the native-born of foreign father are at home, and only 1.4 per cent of the native-born of native father and 6.6 per cent of the total foreign-born. It is significant that none of the Magyars or Poles have employment outside of the glass manufactories, and only 2.4 per cent of the Germans; and none of the three races are at school, those not employed in the glass manufacturing being at home.

GENERAL OCCUPATIONS OF WOMEN AT PRESENT TIME IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The table which follows shows, by general nativity and race of individual, the general occupation of females in the households studied who were 16 years of age or over.

TABLE 156.—*General occupation of females 16 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more females reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—				
		In domestic service.	In trade.	Otherwise employed.	At home.	At school.
Native-born of native-father, White.....	64	0.0	3.1	7.8	87.5	1.6
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	22	9.1	.0	4.5	81.8	4.5
Foreign-born:						
German.....	27	.0	.0	.0	100.0	.0
Magyar.....	29	.0	.0	3.4	96.6	.0
Polish.....	52	.0	.0	.0	100.0	.0
Grand total.....	206	1.0	1.0	3.9	93.2	1.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	29	6.9	.0	3.4	86.2	3.4
Total native born.....	93	2.2	2.2	6.5	87.1	2.2
Total foreign-born.....	113	.0	.0	1.8	98.2	.0

The German women native-born of foreign father alone of all races and nativity groups show a proportion engaged in domestic service. None of the foreign-born or native-born of foreign father are in trade and only a small proportion of the native-born of native father. Only 1.6 per cent of the native-born of native father, 3.4 per cent of the native-born of foreign father, and none of the foreign-born are at school. By far the largest proportion of females of all races and nativity are at home, the native-born of native father showing 10.9 per cent in trade or otherwise employed, the Germans of the second generation 13.6 per cent in domestic service or otherwise employed, and the Magyars 3.4 per cent otherwise employed. All of the German and Polish women are at home.

FIRST AND SECOND GENERATION COMPARED.

In the two tables next submitted the general industrial status of the males and females of first and second generation are compared. The first table, which immediately follows, shows by general nativity and race of father and by birth of individual the percentage of males 16 years of age or over in each general occupation.

The table following shows by general nativity and race of father and by birthplace of individual the percentage of males 16 years of age or over in each general occupation.

TABLE 157.—*Per cent of males 16 years of age or over in each general occupation, by general nativity and race of father and by birthplace of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males born in the United States and also 20 or more born abroad. The totals, however, are for all races. The native-born are shown for comparative purposes.]

General nativity and race of father.	Birthplace of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—			
			In glass.	Other-wise employed.	At home.	At school.
Native-born, White	United States.	72	90.3	5.6	1.4	2.8
Foreign-born, German	United States.	20	90.0	5.0	.0	5.0
	Abroad	41	95.1	2.4	2.4	.0
Grand total		231	91.3	3.0	4.3	1.3
Total native-born of foreign father		22	86.4	9.1	.0	4.5
Total native-born		94	89.4	6.4	1.1	3.2
Total foreign-born		137	92.7	.7	6.6	.0

Of the 231 male persons who reported complete data in the foregoing table, less than 10 per cent are occupied outside of the glass industry. The proportion employed in that industry is 91.3 per cent; 4.3 per cent are at home, 3 per cent are otherwise employed, and 1.3 per cent are at school. When compared with the foreign-born, the native-born of foreign father show a smaller proportion of males in the glass industry and larger proportions at school and otherwise employed. None of the foreign-born are at school and none of the native-born of foreign father are at home. The native-born whites show less than 10 per cent employed outside of the glass industry, the proportion in the industry being 90.3 per cent and of those otherwise employed, 5.6 per cent. The Germans who were born abroad show a greater proportion in the glass industry than do those born in this country, also a larger proportion at home. None of the foreign-born Germans are in school, while the proportion of native-born Germans in school is 5 per cent.

TABLE 158.—*Per cent of females 16 years of age or over in each general occupation, by general nativity and race of father and by birthplace of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more females born in the United States and also 20 or more born abroad. The totals, however, are for all races. The native-born are shown for comparative purposes.]

General nativity and race of father.	Birthplace of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—				
			In domestic service.	In trade.	Other-wise employed.	At home.	At school.
Native-born, White	United States.	64	0.0	3.1	7.8	87.5	1.6
Foreign-born, German	United States.	22	9.1	.0	4.5	81.8	4.5
	Abroad	27	.0	.0	.0	100.0	.0
Grand total		206	1.0	1.0	3.9	93.2	1.0
Total native-born of foreign father		29	6.9	.0	3.4	86.2	3.4
Total native-born		93	2.2	2.2	6.5	87.1	2.2
Total foreign-born		113	.0	.0	1.8	98.2	.0

Of the 206 females included in the preceding table, by far the largest proportion, or 93.2 per cent, are at home. The same proportion, or 1 per cent, are in domestic service, in trade, and at school, while 3.9 per cent are otherwise employed. A larger proportion of the foreign-born than of either the native-born of native father or the native-born of foreign father are at home, while a larger proportion of the native-born of foreign father than of either the native-born of native father or the foreign-born are in domestic service and at school. It is noticeable that all of the Germans born abroad are at home.

ANNUAL EARNINGS OF MALE HEADS OF FAMILIES STUDIED.

The extent to which the husbands in the households studied were at work, together with their average annual earnings, is set forth in the following table, by general nativity and race of husband:

TABLE 159.—*Husbands at work, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race.	Number of selected families. ^a	Total number of husbands.	Number of husbands at work.	Per cent of husbands at work.	Average earnings of husbands at work.
Native-born of native father, White.....	47	47	46	97.9	\$780
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	12	12	12	(b)	808
Foreign-born:					
German.....	28	26	26	100.0	693
Magyar.....	24	24	24	100.0	453
Polish.....	45	45	45	100.0	657
Grand total.....	156	154	153	99.4	680
Total native-born of foreign father.....	12	12	12	(b)	808
Total native-born.....	59	59	58	98.3	786
Total foreign-born.....	97	95	95	100.0	615

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.^b Not computed owing to small number involved.

All of the foreign-born heads of families, and almost all, or 98.3 per cent, of the native-born, as can readily be seen from the above table, are regularly employed. As between the native-born and foreign-born, however, a considerable difference in average annual earnings is shown, the former exhibiting an average annual income of \$786, as compared with \$615 of the latter. The husbands who were native-born but of foreign father show a larger annual income than either the native-born or foreign-born, the figure for this nativity group, which is made up entirely of Germans, being \$808. Among the foreign-born, the German heads show a slightly higher average annual income than the Poles, while the Magyars are very much lower than either of the other two races.

The table next presented shows, by general nativity and race, the range in yearly earnings of male heads of families:

TABLE 160.—*Earnings per year of male heads of families, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only male heads of selected families. For selection of families, see p. 243.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages.	Average earnings.	Number earning—					Per cent earning—						
			Under \$100.	Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$800.	Under \$1,000.	Under \$100.	Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$800.	Under \$1,000.
Native-born of native father, White.	46	\$780	.....	.....	2	11	27	39	0.0	0.0	4.3	23.9	58.7	84.8
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	12	808	.....	.....	1	2	6	9	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Foreign-born:														
German.....	26	693	.....	.....	10	19	23	.0	.0	38.5	73.1	88.5	88.5	
Magyar.....	24	453	.....	.....	7	22	24	24	.0	29.2	91.7	100.0	100.0	
Polish.....	45	657	.....	.....	2	15	40	45	.0	4.4	33.3	88.9	100.0	
Grand total.....	153	680	.....	.....	12	60	116	140	.0	.0	7.8	39.2	75.8	91.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....	12	808	.....	.....	1	2	6	9	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	58	786	.....	.....	3	13	33	48	.0	.0	5.2	22.4	56.9	82.8
Total foreign-born.....	95	615	.....	.....	9	47	83	92	.0	.0	9.5	49.5	87.4	96.8

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

In the foregoing table it is seen that male heads of families who were foreign-born, as compared with the native-born, show smaller proportions, which are especially marked in the lower classification of earnings. Of the foreign-born heads of families, 49.5 per cent earn less than \$600 each year, as contrasted with only 22.4 per cent of the native-born. At the other extreme, it will be noted that 17.2 per cent of the native-born and only 3.2 per cent of the foreign-born heads of families earn more than \$1,000 annually. Among the foreign-born, the Magyar heads of families show the lowest range of earnings. All of the heads of families of this race, as compared with 73.1 per cent of the Germans and 88.9 per cent of the Poles, earn under \$800 annually, and 91.7 per cent of the Magyars, as contrasted with only 33.3 per cent of the Poles and 38.5 per cent of the Germans, earn under \$600 each year. The differences are even more strikingly unfavorable to the Magyars in the proportions shown earning under \$400 yearly. In this classification none of the Germans and only 4.4 per cent of the Poles appear, as against 29.2 per cent of the Magyars.

ANNUAL EARNINGS OF MALES 18 YEARS OF AGE OR OVER IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

In the table following the average amount and range in amount of the yearly earnings of males 18 years of age or over in the households studied are shown, by general nativity and race of individual.

TABLE 161.—Yearly earnings (approximate) of males 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages and reporting amount.	Average earnings.	Number earning—				Per cent earning—			
			Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$1,000.	Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$1,000.
Native-born of native father, White.....	64	\$721	.....	6	22	56	0.0	9.4	34.4	87.5
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
German.....	17	777	.....	1	3	14	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	1	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Foreign-born:										
French.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	1	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	40	670	.....	.....	17	37	.0	.0	42.5	92.5
Magyar.....	29	458	1	8	25	29	3.4	27.6	86.2	100.0
Polish.....	55	630	.....	4	22	55	.0	7.3	40.0	100.0
Grand total.....	207	653	1	19	91	193	.5	9.2	44.0	93.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	18	706	.....	1	4	15	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	82	730	.....	7	26	71	.0	8.5	31.7	86.6
Total foreign-born.....	125	602	1	12	65	122	.8	9.6	52.0	97.6

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Upon referring to the totals in the preceding table, it is seen that the native-born males in the households studied exhibit slightly higher average earnings than those native-born of foreign father, and a considerably higher average than those of foreign birth. It will be noted, however, that the Germans, native-born of foreign father, have somewhat higher average earnings than the males native-born of native father. Among the foreign-born, the Magyars exhibit average annual earnings very much below those of the other races, the average earnings for this race being only \$458, as compared with \$630 for the Poles and \$670 for the Germans. As regards the range of earnings, it is seen that the greater number, or 52 per cent, of the foreign-born earn under \$600, as contrasted with only 31.7 per cent of the total native-born, and 34.4 per cent of the white persons native-born of native father. At the other extreme, it will also be noted that only 2.4 per cent of the total foreign-born, as against 13.4 per cent of the total native-born, earn more than \$1,000.

AMOUNT OF FAMILY INCOME.

In the series of tabulations next submitted the amount of family income of the households in the community the heads of which were glass workers is examined together with the different sources and the relative importance of the various sources from which the family income is derived. The first table presented shows, by general nativity and race of head of family, the percentage of families having a total yearly income of each specified amount.

TABLE 162.—*Per cent of families having a total yearly income of each specified amount, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races. One family is included which reports income as "None."]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Average family income.	Per cent of families having a total income—				
			Under \$300.	Under \$500.	Under \$750.	Under \$1,000.	Under \$1,500.
Native-born of native father, White	47	\$844	0.0	8.5	48.9	72.3	93.6
Foreign-born:							
German	28	839	3.6	7.1	39.3	67.9	96.4
Magyar	24	606	8.3	25.0	83.3	100.0	100.0
Polish	45	705	.0	15.6	57.8	95.6	100.0
Grand total	156	769	1.9	12.8	53.8	82.1	97.4
Total native-born of foreign father	12	883	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)
Total native-born	59	852	.0	8.5	45.8	71.2	94.9
Total foreign-born	97	719	3.1	15.5	58.8	88.7	99.0

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Upon referring to the totals in the table above, it is seen that the majority of families whose heads were foreign-born have an annual income under \$750, while those whose heads were of native birth show the greater number receiving an annual income under \$1,000. Almost all of the foreign-born families, or 99 per cent, have an income under \$1,500, as compared with 94.9 per cent of the native-born. The families whose heads were foreign-born also show larger proportions in the lower classifications of income than those whose heads were native-born. Of the several races, the Magyar families exhibit the lowest range of family income, 83.3 per cent of the families of this race, as compared with 39.3 per cent of the German and 57.8 per cent of the Polish, having an income under \$750 each year. Of the Magyar families, 25 per cent, as against only 7.1 per cent of the German and 15.6 per cent of the Polish families, also have a yearly income less than \$500.

WIVES AT WORK.

The following table, which shows the proportion of wives at work, by general nativity and race of head of family, indicates a very small tendency on the part of the wives of the households to secure employment outside the home in order to supplement the earnings of husbands. Only 4.3 per cent of the wives whose husbands were native-born of native father, 3.4 per cent of those whose husbands were native-born either of native or of foreign father, and none of the foreign-born, were at work at regular wages outside the home.

TABLE 163.—*Wives at work, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Total number of wives.	Number of wives at work.	Per cent of wives at work.
Native-born of native father, White.....	47	47	2	4.3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	12	12	.....	(b)
Foreign-born:				
German.....	28	26	.....	.0
Magyar.....	24	24	.....	.0
Polish.....	45	45	.....	.0
Grand total.....	156	154	2	1.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	12	12	.....	(b)
Total native-born.....	59	59	2	3.4
Total foreign-born.....	97	95	.....	.0

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

RELATION BETWEEN THE EARNINGS OF HUSBANDS AND THE PRACTICE OF WIVES IN KEEPING BOARDERS OR LODGERS.

Although only a very small number of the wives of the glass workers in the community engage in regular employment, a large proportion, especially among the foreign-born, take boarders or lodgers into the home in order to add to the earnings of their husbands. This condition of affairs is exhibited by the following table, which shows, by yearly earnings of husband and by general nativity and race of head of family, the percentage of families in which wife has employment or keeps boarders or lodgers.

TABLE 164.—*Number of families in which wife has employment or keeps boarders or lodgers, by yearly earnings of husband and by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[The families here represented are only those where both husband and wife are present.]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of husbands earning—			Number of wives having employment or keeping boarders or lodgers.	Number of wives having employment or keeping boarders or lodgers, where husbands' earnings are—		
		Under \$400. ^b	\$400 and under \$600.	\$600 or over.		Under \$400.	\$400 and under \$600.	\$600 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	47	3	9	35	5	2	3	
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	12	1	1	10	1	.....	1
Foreign-born:								
German.....	24	.....	10	14	6	4	2
Magyar.....	24	7	15	2	22	13	2	
Polish.....	45	2	13	30	24	5	18	
Grand total.....	152	13	48	91	58	8	26	
Total native-born of foreign father.....	12	1	1	10	1	.....	1
Total native-born.....	59	4	10	45	6	2	4	
Total foreign-born.....	93	9	38	46	52	8	22	

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.^b This column includes 1 family in which husband's earnings are reported as "None."

TABLE 165.—*Per cent of families in which wife has employment or keeps boarders or lodgers, by yearly earnings of husband and by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more selected families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races. For selection of families, see p. 243. The families here represented are only those where both husband and wife are present.]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Per cent of wives having employment or keeping boarders or lodgers where husbands' earnings are—			
	Under \$400. ^a	\$400 and under \$600.	\$600 or over.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White	(b)	22.2	8.6	10.6
Foreign-born:				
German.....		40.0	14.3	25.0
Magyar.....	100.0	86.7	(b)	91.7
Polish.....	(b)	38.5	60.0	53.3
Grand total.....	61.5	50.0	28.6	38.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)
Total native-born.....	(b)	20.0	8.9	10.2
Total foreign-born.....	88.9	57.9	47.8	55.9

^a This column includes 1 family in which husband's earnings are reported as "None."

^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The preceding table, as can readily be seen from the totals, shows a close relationship between the earnings of husbands and the tendency of wives to have employment or keep boarders or lodgers. Among wives whose husbands were native-born of native father, 22.2 per cent of those whose husbands are earning \$400 but under \$600, as contrasted with only 8.6 per cent of those whose husbands are earning \$600 or more annually, are employed or have boarders or lodgers in the households. An even more significant showing is made by the wives of Magyars of foreign birth, all of whom with husbands earning under \$400, and 86.7 per cent of those with husbands earning \$400 and under \$600 annually, and only a number too small for comparison of those with husbands receiving \$600 or over, are employed or keep boarders or lodgers. On the other hand, the exception is noted in the case of Polish wives, of whom a larger proportion of husbands earning \$600 or more, as compared with those whose husbands earn \$400 and under \$600 annually, are employed or have boarders or lodgers.

SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME.

In the table following the per cent of families having an income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources is shown in detail according to general nativity and race of head of family. By the term past year is meant the 12 months immediately preceding the collection of the information.

TABLE 166.—Per cent of families having an income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races. One family is excluded which reports income as "None."]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Per cent of families having an income from—				
		Earnings of—		Contri- butions of children.	Pay- ments of boarders or lodgers.	Other sources.
		Husband.	Wife.			
Native-born of native father, White.....	47	97.9	4.3	19.1	6.4	19.1
Foreign-born:						
German.....	27	96.3	.0	33.3	22.2	3.7
Magyar.....	24	100.0	.0	8.3	91.7	.0
Polish.....	45	100.0	.0	4.4	53.3	2.2
Grand total.....	155	98.7	1.3	15.5	36.1	7.7
Total native-born of foreign father.....	12	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)
Total native-born.....	59	98.3	3.4	18.6	6.8	16.9
Total foreign-born.....	96	99.0	.0	13.5	54.2	2.1

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.

^b Not computed owing to small number involved.

It is evident from the table above that almost all of the families whose heads were either of native or of foreign birth have an income from the earnings of husbands. The significant features disclosed by the table are that a slightly larger proportion of families whose heads were native-born than those whose heads were foreign-born receive an income from contributions of children, while only 6.8 per cent of the former, as contrasted with 54.2 per cent of the latter, derive part of their annual income from the payments of boarders or lodgers. It is also noteworthy that 16.9 per cent of the native-born families have an income from sources not specified, as compared with only 2.1 per cent of the foreign-born. None of the families whose heads were foreign-born and 3.4 per cent of those whose heads were of native birth secure part of their income from the earnings of wives. Among the families whose heads were born abroad, the Germans show by far the greater proportion which receive an income from contributions of children. Of the Magyars, the highest percentage, amounting to 91.7, secure a part of their annual income from the payments of boarders or lodgers.

The table next presented also sets forth in detail the sources of family income by general nativity and race of head of family, but in this table each source specified is exclusive of all other sources.

TABLE 167.—Source of family income in detail, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races. One family is excluded which reports income as "None."]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Per cent of families having entire income from—											
		Husband.	Husband and wife.	Husband and children.	Husband, wife, and children.	Husband and boarders or lodgers.	Wife.	Wife and children.	Wife and boarders or lodgers.	Children.	Children and boarders or lodgers.	Boarders or lodgers.	Sources or combination of sources not before specified.
Native-born of native father, White.....	47	59.6	4.3	12.8	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.3
Foreign-born:													
German.....	27	48.1	.0	22.2	.0	14.8	.0	.0	.0	3.7	.0	.0	11.1
Magyar.....	24	8.3	.0	.0	.0	83.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	8.3
Polish.....	45	42.2	.0	2.2	.0	51.1	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	4.4
Grand total.....	155	45.2	1.3	9.7	.0	31.6	.0	.0	.0	.6	.0	.0	11.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	12	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)
Total native-born.....	59	61.0	3.4	13.6	.0	3.4	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	18.6
Total foreign-born.....	96	35.4	.0	7.3	.0	49.0	.0	.0	.0	1.0	.0	.0	7.3

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.^b Not computed owing to small number involved.

Upon comparing the totals in the preceding table, it is seen that 61 per cent of the families whose heads were native-born, as contrasted with only 35.4 per cent of those whose heads were of foreign birth, derive their entire income from the earnings of husbands. The income of native-born families, supplementary to the earnings of heads, is secured mainly from the earnings of wives and the contributions of children and from sources not specified, while the income of foreign-born families, in excess of earnings of heads, arises principally from the payments of boarders or lodgers. Of the families whose heads were of foreign birth, 49 per cent have an income from husbands and boarders or lodgers; and 13.6 per cent of the families whose heads were native-born obtain an income from husbands and children. Among the foreign-born, the Magyars show only 8.3 per cent of their families depending entirely upon the husbands for support, while 83.3 per cent secure their income from the earnings of husbands and the payments of boarders or lodgers. On the other hand, the Germans, while showing the least proportion of families receiving an income from husbands and boarders or lodgers, report 22.2 per cent of families having an income from the earnings of husbands plus the contributions of children, and are the only race showing a proportion of families entirely dependent upon children for support.

RELATIVE IMPORTANCE OF THE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME.

As regards the relative weight or importance of the different sources of family income the following table shows, by general nativity and race of head of family, the percentage of total yearly income from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources.

TABLE 168.—*Per cent of total family income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more selected families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races. One family is excluded which reports income as "None."]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Per cent of total income from—				
		Earnings of—		Contributions of children.	Payments of boarders or lodgers.	Other sources.
		Husband.	Wife.			
Native-born of native father, White.....	47	90.5	0.1	5.4	1.5	2.5
Foreign-born:						
German.....	27	76.7	.0	20.8	2.1	.4
Magyar.....	24	74.6	.0	.9	24.5	.0
Polish.....	45	93.2	.0	1.4	5.1	.3
Grand total.....	155	86.7	(b)	6.8	5.4	1.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	12	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)
Total native-born.....	59	90.8	.1	5.4	1.7	2.2
Total foreign-born.....	96	83.8	.0	7.8	8.1	.3

^a For selection of families, see p. 343.

^b Less than 0.05 per cent.

^c Not computed, owing to small number involved.

In the table above, the families whose heads were of native birth are shown to have a somewhat larger proportion of their total annual income from the earnings of husbands, as compared with the families whose heads were born abroad. The foreign-born families as a whole, as contrasted with the native-born, exhibit a slightly greater per cent of family income received from contributions of children, their showing in this respect being due to the large amount of income derived from this source by the German families. On the other hand, the families whose heads were born in this country show only 1.7 per cent of the total annual income to be derived from the payments of boarders or lodgers, as against 8.1 per cent of the income of foreign-born families secured from this source. Among the several races, it will be noted that the Magyar families receive 24.5 per cent of their income from the payments of boarders or lodgers.

CHAPTER IV.

WORKING CONDITIONS.

Regularity of employment—The immigrant and organized labor—[Text Tables 169 and 170 and General Table 108].

REGULARITY OF EMPLOYMENT.

As regards the regularity of employment offered the following table shows, by general nativity and race of individual, the months worked during the past year, by males in the households studied in the community who were 16 years of age or over and who were employed away from home.

TABLE 169.—*Months worked during the past year by males 16 years of age or over employed away from home, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent working—			
		12 months.	9 months or more.	6 months or more.	3 months or more.
Native-born of native father, white.....	66	66.7	87.9	97.0	100.0
Foreign-born:					
German.....	40	77.5	92.5	100.0	100.0
Magyar.....	29	69.0	75.9	89.7	100.0
Polish.....	55	85.5	92.7	100.0	100.0
Grand total.....	211	74.4	89.1	97.6	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	20	70.0	95.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born.....	86	67.4	89.5	97.7	100.0
Total foreign-born.....	125	79.2	88.8	97.6	100.0

THE IMMIGRANT AND ORGANIZED LABOR.

The absence of membership or interest in labor organizations in the community is shown by the table following, covering affiliation with trade unions of males 21 years of age or over in the households studied. As can be seen from the table, only 1 out of a total of 201 persons was a member of a union.

TABLE 170.—*Affiliation with trade unions of males 21 years of age or over working for wages, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number affiliated with trade unions.
Native-born of native father, White.....	59	1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:		
German.....	18	
Polish.....	1	
Foreign-born:		
French.....	1	
German.....	38	
Magyar.....	31	
Polish.....	53	
Grand total.....	201	1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	19	
Total native-born.....	78	1
Total foreign-born.....	123	

From information secured for 211 individuals in the preceding table it is seen that the entire number worked three months or more; 97.6 per cent six months or more; 89.1 per cent nine months or more, and 74.4 per cent twelve months during the past year. Of those who worked twelve months during the last year the foreign-born show a larger proportion than the native-born of foreign father, which in turn show a larger proportion than the native-born of native father. All of the native-born of foreign father worked six months or more, as compared with 97.6 per cent of the foreign-born and 97 per cent of the native-born of native father. The native-born of foreign father again show the largest and the native-born of native father the smallest proportion having worked nine months or more. Only one foreign race, the Magyar, shows a proportion who have worked less than six months. This race also shows the smallest proportion having worked each other specified length of time.

CHAPTER V.

INDUSTRIAL EFFECTS OF IMMIGRATION.

Immigrant employees and the organization of the plant—Effect of employment of immigrants upon establishment of new industries.

IMMIGRANT EMPLOYEES AND THE ORGANIZATION OF THE PLANT.

The presence of a large immigrant labor supply can not be said to have had any effect on the use of machinery in the glass plant of Community B, because machine methods were introduced when the plant was started. Officials of the establishment claim that no effect of immigration upon the organization of the shops has been noticed. They assert that if there has been any effect it has been in another direction—the effect of the use of machinery upon the employment of immigrants. The native labor supply has not been sufficient to supply the demand for unskilled employees created by the employment of machine methods, and the immigrant laborers have taken the places of the Americans in these occupations.

The presence of non-English-speaking employees has necessitated to some extent the use of immigrant foremen, and occasionally the employment of interpreters. It has been found, however, that the Polish, Slovak, and Magyar workmen very quickly learn enough English to understand the ordinary commands. The need of foremen speaking the languages of these races is therefore practically eliminated, except in the case of raw immigrants, who are now rarely employed, partly because the foreign portion of the workmen of the company have settled permanently in the community, and because few, if any, of the recent immigrants coming to the United States go to this locality without first having been employed in some one of the more Eastern States. This plant, therefore, is less subject to the necessity of employing raw immigrants than for instance the plate-glass plants of Pennsylvania.

EFFECT OF EMPLOYMENT OF IMMIGRANTS UPON ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW INDUSTRIES.

The fact that the plate-glass plant is dependent upon a supply of immigrant labor is evident from the proportion of foreign employees to natives. It is also conceded by officials of the company who claim that it would have been impossible for the plant to have been established, in the first instance; and in the second instance, to have been maintained for any length of time, at the rates of wages paid, without a supply of cheap immigrant labor. The contrast between the controlling conditions under which the older Pennsylvania glass plants were established and those encountered at the plant of Community B is again presented in this connection. At the time of the

establishment of the older plants, such as those of Pennsylvania, the skilled labor was to be secured only in Europe, while the unskilled labor was composed of Americans. But when the factory in Community B began operations the limited skilled labor required was supplied by the native American machine runners and a few Polish "layers," while the unskilled gangs were easily recruited from the ranks of the immigrants. The conditions were practically reversed.

The miscellaneous businesses of the town are largely dependent upon the patronage of the foreign population, but it can not be said that their existence is due in any greater degree to the presence of immigrants than of natives, and should the latter have constituted the larger portion of the population they should still have been created and maintained. As a matter of fact, native merchants complain of the presence of immigrants on the ground that if they were Americans the patronage of the stores would be incalculably greater on account of the greater diversity of needs. The two Polish stores found in the town are existing, of course, solely because of the presence of the Polish population.

CHAPTER VI.

HOUSING AND LIVING CONDITIONS.

Rent in its relation to standard of living—Boarders and lodgers—Size of apartments occupied—Size of households studied—Congestion—[Text Tables 171 to 182 and General Tables 109 to 120].

RENT IN ITS RELATION TO STANDARD OF LIVING.

The rent payments of the households of the glass workers of the community are chiefly important because of the insight which they afford into standards of living and living conditions. The first tabulation presented in this connection, which immediately follows, shows the average monthly rent payment per apartment, per room, and per sleeping room according to general nativity and race of head of household:

TABLE 171.—Average rent per month, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per—		
		Apartment.	Room.	Person.
Native-born of native father, White.....	24	\$9.58	\$1.77	\$2.17
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.	6	(a)	(a)	(a)
Foreign-born:				
German.....	14	10.18	1.78	1.58
Magyar.....	25	7.75	1.71	.80
Polish.....	47	7.04	1.92	1.37
Grand total.....	116	8.36	1.84	1.37
Total native-born of foreign father.....	6	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	30	10.07	1.86	2.24
Total foreign-born.....	86	7.76	1.83	1.16

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The households whose heads were native-born in the table above show a considerably higher average rent payment per month per apartment, a slightly greater payment per month per room, and a very much larger rent payment per month per person than the foreign-born. The significant contrast between the native-born and foreign-born households is furnished by the relative showing as to rent payment per month per person, the low rental per person among the foreign-born households indicating a much higher degree of congestion as compared with the native-born. Among the households whose heads were foreign-born the low rent per month per person of 80 cents, as exhibited by the households whose heads are Magyars, shows a decidedly lower standard of living and much greater congestion among the households of this race in comparison with the German and Polish households.

The range in monthly rent payments for apartments is exhibited by the following table, which shows by general nativity and race of head of household the percentage of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment:

TABLE 172.—*Per cent of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per month per apartment.	Per cent paying—					
			Under \$5.	Under \$7.50.	Under \$10.	Under \$12.50.	Under \$15.	Under \$20.
Native-born of native father, White.....	24	\$9.58	4.2	12.5	50.0	87.5	95.8	100.0
Foreign-born:								
Magyar.....	25	7.75	8.0	32.0	88.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Polish.....	47	7.04	23.4	53.2	87.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
Grand total.....	116	8.36	13.8	32.8	69.8	94.8	96.6	99.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	6	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	30	10.07	3.3	10.0	50.0	83.3	90.0	96.7
Total foreign-born.....	86	7.76	17.4	40.7	76.7	98.8	98.8	100.0

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The greater proportion of the total number of households pay under \$10 per month per apartment; a relatively large proportion pay under \$7.50. Equal proportions of the native-born of native father pay under \$10 and \$10 or over. Relatively low rent per apartment is more general among the foreign-born than among the native-born of native father. Of the foreign-born households 76.7 per cent pay under \$10 per month per apartment; 40.7 per cent pay under \$7.50.

The per cent of households paying each specified monthly rent per room is shown in the table next presented according to general nativity and race of head of household.

TABLE 173.—*Per cent of households paying each specified rent per month per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per month per room.	Per cent paying—			
			Under \$1.	Under \$2.	Under \$3.	Under \$4.
Native-born of native father, White.....	24	\$1.77	0.0	62.5	100.0	100.0
Foreign-born:						
Magyar.....	25	1.71	.0	72.0	100.0	100.0
Polish.....	47	1.92	.0	38.3	100.0	100.0
Grand total.....	116	1.84	.0	53.4	99.1	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	6	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	30	1.86	.0	60.0	96.7	100.0
Total foreign-born.....	86	1.83	.0	51.2	100.0	100.0

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The preceding table shows that slightly more than one-half of the households whose heads were foreign-born, and exactly three-fifths of the households whose heads were native-born, are paying a rent per month per room less than \$2. All the foreign-born heads of households are paying a monthly room rent under \$3, and only a very small proportion of the native-born heads of households are paying more than \$3 per month per room. None of the households whose heads were foreign-born or native-born have a monthly rent per room less than \$1, and the Magyar households exhibit a much greater proportion than the Poles paying under \$2.

The tendency toward congestion in the households of the community because of the effort to reduce the per capita outlay for rent is set forth in the following table, which shows by general nativity and race of head of household the percentage of households paying each specified rent per month per person:

TABLE 174.—Per cent of households paying each specified rent per month per person, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Per cent paying—				Average rent per month per person.
		Under \$1.	Under \$2.	Under \$3.	Under \$4.	
Native-born of native father, White.....	24	4.2	29.2	62.5	83.3	\$2.17
Foreign-born:						
Magyar.....	25	64.0	96.0	96.0	100.0	.80
Polish.....	47	14.9	70.2	93.6	100.0	1.37
Grand total.....	116	22.4	62.9	84.5	94.8	1.37
Total native-born of foreign father.....	6	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	30	3.3	33.3	63.3	80.0	2.24
Total foreign-born.....	86	29.1	73.3	91.9	100.0	1.16

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The table above, which shows the range of rents per month per person in the different classes of households, exhibits a marked contrast in standard of living between the native-born and foreign-born. Only 3.3 per cent of the households whose heads were native-born have a monthly rent per person under \$1, as contrasted with 29.1 per cent of the households whose heads were foreign-born. At the other extreme, it is seen that all of the households whose heads were foreign-born, and only 80 per cent of the native-born, pay under \$4 per month per person. The great majority, amounting to almost three-fourths, of the households whose heads were foreign-born are paying under \$2 per month per person, and, on the other hand, the majority of native-born households, slightly more than three-fifths, are paying less than \$3. As between the Magyar and Polish households, a much larger proportion of the former are shown in the lower classification of rent per month per person, exhibiting greater congestion and a lower order of living arrangements.

BOARDERS AND LODGERS.

The practice of the wives of the glass workers in taking boarders or lodgers in order to supplement the earnings of their husbands has already been discussed. The extent of the practice and its effect upon living conditions is set forth in the two tables next presented. The first table, which follows below, shows by general nativity and race of head of household the number and percentage of households studied who kept boarders or lodgers.

TABLE 175.—*Number and per cent of households keeping boarders or lodgers, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[Information relating to boarders and lodgers covers only immediate time of taking schedule and not the entire year. Boarders are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Households keeping boarders or lodgers.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Native-born of native father, White	56	2	3.6
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	1	(a)
Foreign-born:			
German.....	30	7	23.3
Magyar.....	27	25	92.6
Polish.....	53	31	58.5
Grand total.....	180	66	36.7
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	1	(a)
Total native-born.....	70	3	4.3
Total foreign-born.....	110	63	57.3

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The significant feature of the above table is that only 3.6 per cent of the households whose heads were native-born of native father, as contrasted with 57.3 per cent of those whose heads were foreign-born, are shown to have boarders or lodgers. Among the households whose heads were foreign-born, 92.6 per cent of the Magyars and 58.5 per cent of the Poles, as contrasted with only 23.3 per cent of the German, keep boarders or lodgers.

The table following shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the average number of boarders or lodgers per household. The averages are based (1) on the total number of households and (2) on the number keeping boarders or lodgers.

TABLE 176.—Average number of boarders or lodgers per household, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[Information relating to boarders or lodgers covers only immediate time schedule was taken and not the entire year. Boarders are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Number of households keeping boarders or lodgers.	Number of boarders or lodgers.	Average number of boarders or lodgers per household.	
				Based on total number of households.	Based on number of households keeping boarders or lodgers.
Native-born of native father, White	56	2	2	0.04	(a)
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	14	1	1	.07	(a)
Foreign-born:					
German	30	7	22	.73	(a)
Magyar	27	25	151	5.59	6.04
Polish	53	31	87	1.64	2.81
Grand total	180	66	263	1.46	3.98
Total native-born of foreign father	14	1	1	.07	(a)
Total native-born	70	3	3	.04	(a)
Total foreign-born	110	63	260	2.36	4.13

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Based on the number of households keeping boarders or lodgers, the showing of the native-born in the above table is too small for computation, while the households whose heads were foreign-born exhibit an average of 413 boarders or lodgers for each 100 households. The households whose heads were foreign-born Magyars have an average of 604 boarders or lodgers for each 100 households, based on the number of households keeping boarders or lodgers, and an average of 559 boarders or lodgers for each 100 households, based on the total number of households; while the Polish households have an average of only 164 boarders or lodgers for each 100 households, based on the total number of households, and an average of 281 boarders or lodgers for each 100 households, based on the number of households keeping boarders or lodgers. The German households whose heads were foreign-born show only 73 boarders or lodgers for each 100 households, based on the total number of households.

SIZE OF APARTMENTS OCCUPIED.

As regards the range in the size of apartments occupied by the households of the glass workers, the table next submitted shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the per cent of households which had apartments of each specified number of rooms.

TABLE 177.—*Per cent of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of rooms per apartment.	Per cent of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms.						
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	56	5.73	0.0	1.8	1.8	14.3	25.0	28.6	28.6
Foreign-born:									
German.....	30	5.80	.0	.0	.0	20.0	26.7	16.7	36.7
Magyar.....	27	4.48	.0	.0	7.4	44.4	40.7	7.4	.0
Polish.....	53	3.72	.0	20.8	24.5	26.4	22.6	3.8	1.9
Grand total.....	180	4.97	.0	6.7	8.9	22.8	28.9	15.0	17.8
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	5.86	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	70	5.76	.0	1.4	1.4	12.9	30.0	25.7	28.6
Total foreign-born.....	110	4.47	.0	10.0	13.6	29.1	28.2	8.2	10.9

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The preceding table shows the greatest proportion of households occupying apartments of 4 and 5 rooms. Those having apartments of 6 or 7 rooms show a considerably lower per cent, while the per cent of households occupying apartments of 2 and 3 rooms is small. Foreign-born persons show a much greater proportion of households occupying apartments of a small number of rooms than native-born whites of native father, the former having 10 per cent of households occupying apartments of 2 rooms, as contrasted with 1.8 per cent of the latter occupying apartments of the same number of rooms. Foreign-born employees continue to show a much higher percentage of households occupying apartments of 3 and 4 rooms than native-born of native father. Foreign-born also show a slightly higher per cent of households occupying apartments of 5 rooms than native-born of native father, while the latter show a very much higher per cent of households occupying apartments of 6 and 7 or more rooms than foreign-born.

Of the foreign-born races, Germans show no households occupying apartments of less than 4 rooms, while the proportion occupying apartments of 6 and 7 or more rooms is very large when contrasted with the other immigrant races shown in the table, the per cent of German households occupying apartments of 7 or more rooms is also much higher than that of native-born of native father. Magyars show the greatest proportion of households occupying apartments of 4 and 5 rooms, and no households occupying apartments of only 2 rooms or 7 or more rooms. Poles show a high percentage of households occupying small apartments, this being the only foreign-born race given in the table having apartments of only 2 rooms, while the proportion having apartments of 3 rooms is very large when contrasted with that of Magyars, which is the only other immigrant race having apartments of as few as 3 rooms.

SIZE OF HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The range in the size of the households studied in the community is set forth in the following table, which shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the percentage of households of each specified number of persons:

TABLE 178.—*Per cent of households of each specified number of persons, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per household.	Per cent of households of each specified number of persons.									
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10 or more.
Native-born of native father, White	56	4.38	0.0	10.7	28.6	17.9	19.6	10.7	8.9	0.0	1.8	1.8
Foreign-born:												
German.....	30	6.20	.0	6.7	10.0	16.7	13.3	6.7	13.3	13.3	6.7	13.3
Magyar.....	27	9.59	.0	3.7	.0	7.4	7.4	3.7	.0	7.4	7.4	63.0
Polish.....	53	5.30	.0	13.2	7.5	24.5	13.2	13.2	7.5	9.4	5.7	5.7
Grand total....	180	5.74	.0	8.9	15.6	17.2	16.1	10.0	7.8	6.1	4.4	13.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	4.50	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	70	4.40	.0	8.6	30.0	15.7	22.9	11.4	8.6	.0	1.4	1.4
Total foreign-born.....	110	6.60	.0	9.1	6.4	18.2	11.8	9.1	7.3	10.0	6.4	21.8

^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The foregoing table shows that the majority of households whose heads were native-born consist of from 3 to 5 persons, 30 per cent of these households having 3 persons and 22.9 per cent 5 persons. On the other hand, the majority of households whose heads were foreign-born contain from 4 to 8 persons, 18.2 per cent being of 4 persons, 11.8 per cent of 5 persons, and 10 per cent of 8 persons. Only a very small proportion of native-born households have more than 7 persons, while the foreign-born, in decided contrast, show 38.2 per cent of their households with more than 7 persons each, and 21.8 per cent containing 10 or more persons. Of the several races, the Magyars exhibit by far the largest sized households, 77.8 per cent having 8 or more persons, and 63 per cent 10 or more. The Germans, although not approaching the Magyars in the size of households shown, have one-third with 8 or more persons, and 13.3 per cent with 10 or more. The Poles, while in general showing households of larger size, more nearly approach the showing made by the households whose heads were native-born of native father.

CONGESTION.

The degree of congestion which prevailed in the households of the glass workers of the community has been indicated by the preceding tables and discussion. In the following series of tables congestion and its effect upon living conditions are set forth more directly and in greater detail.

The following table shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the average number of persons per apartment, per room, and per sleeping room.

TABLE 179.—Average number of persons per apartment, per room, and per sleeping room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per—		
		Apartment.	Room.	Sleeping room.
Native-born of native father, White	56	4.38	0.76	1.80
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.	14	4.50	.77	2.17
Foreign-born:				
German.....	30	6.20	1.07	2.45
Magyar.....	27	9.59	2.14	3.41
Polish.....	53	5.30	1.43	2.44
Grand total.....	180	5.74	1.16	2.39
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	4.50	.77	2.17
Total native-born.....	70	4.40	.76	1.87
Total foreign-born.....	110	6.60	1.48	2.72

The households whose heads were native-born of native father show a lower average number of persons per apartment, per room, and per sleeping room than the households whose heads were native-born of foreign father or foreign-born. Households whose heads were native-born of native father and those whose heads were native-born of foreign father make about the same showing as to average number of persons per apartment and per room, but the former have a considerably lower average number of persons per sleeping room. The contrast between the households whose heads were native-born of native father and those whose heads were foreign-born is very marked, the former having 438 persons for each 100 apartments, 76 persons for each 100 rooms, and 180 persons for each 100 sleeping rooms, as against 660 persons for each 100 apartments, 148 persons for each 100 rooms, and 272 persons for each 100 sleeping rooms among foreign-born households. Among the foreign-born, the Magyars exhibit the highest average number of persons per apartment, per room, and per sleeping room. The Germans have a slightly higher average number of persons per apartment and per sleeping room than the Poles and a somewhat lower average number of persons per room.

The range in the number of persons per room is exhibited in the table next submitted according to general nativity and race of head of household.

TABLE 180.—Persons per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per room.	Number of households having each specified number of persons per room.				Per cent of households having each specified number of persons per room.			
			1 or more.	2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.	1 or more.	2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.
Native-born of native father, White	56	.076	13	2	1	.....	23.2	3.6	1.8	0.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	14	.77	8	.....	.....	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Foreign-born:										
German	30	1.07	17	3	.....	.....	56.7	10.0	.0	.0
Magyar	27	2.14	25	17	5	.....	92.6	63.0	18.5	.0
Polish	53	1.43	46	14	.....	.....	86.8	26.4	.0	.0
Grand total	180	1.16	109	36	6	.....	60.6	20.0	3.3	.0
Total native-born of foreign father.	14	.77	8	.....	.....	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born	70	.76	21	2	1	.....	30.0	2.9	1.4	.0
Total foreign-born	110	1.48	88	34	5	.....	80.0	30.9	4.5	.0

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the total number of households 60.6 per cent have 1 or more persons per room; 20 per cent, 2 or more; 3.3 per cent, 3 or more. There is, however, a decided difference in the degree of crowding in the households of the native-born whites of native father and the foreign-born. Of the latter 80 per cent have 1 or more persons per room whereas the corresponding per cent of native white of native father households is 23.2 per cent. A similar difference exists between the proportions of these classes having the other specified number of persons per room.

Of the specified races the Magyars show a degree of crowding not approached by any other race. For example, 18.5 per cent of the Magyar households have 3 or more persons per room, while none of the Germans or Polish have as many as 3 persons per room.

The table next presented shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the range in the number of persons per sleeping room.

TABLE 181.—Persons per sleeping room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per sleeping room.	Number of households having each specified number of persons per sleeping room.					Per cent of households having each specified number of persons per sleeping room.				
			2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.	5 or more.	6 or more.	2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.	5 or more.	6 or more.
Native-born of native father, White	56	1.80	23	6	.....	.....	.....	41.1	10.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	14	2.17	9	2	1	1	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Foreign-born:												
German	30	2.45	23	9	1	.....	.....	76.7	30.0	3.3	.0	.0
Magyar	27	3.41	27	18	11	2	.....	100.0	66.7	40.7	7.4	.0
Polish	53	2.44	45	15	7	1	.....	84.9	28.3	13.2	1.9	.0
Grand total	180	2.39	127	50	20	4	.....	70.6	27.8	11.1	2.2	.0
Total native-born of foreign father.	14	2.17	9	2	1	1	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born	70	1.87	32	8	1	1	.....	45.7	11.4	1.4	1.4	.0
Total foreign-born	110	2.72	95	42	19	3	.....	86.4	38.2	17.3	2.7	.0

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 180 households studied in the preceding table, none have as high as 6 persons per sleeping room; 2.2 per cent have 5 or more persons; 11.1 per cent 4 or more persons; 27.8 per cent, 3 or more persons; and 70.6 per cent have 2 or more persons per sleeping room. No households the heads of which were native-born of native father have as many as 4 persons per sleeping room, but the households the heads of which were foreign-born show 17.3 per cent having 4 or more persons and 2.7 per cent having 5 or more persons per sleeping room. Of the households the heads of which were Magyars a larger proportion have each specified number of persons per sleeping room than either the households the heads of which were Germans or the households the heads of which were Poles.

The final table submitted in this connection sets forth the effect of congestion upon living and sleeping arrangements. It shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the number and per cent of households regularly sleeping in all except each specified number of rooms.

TABLE 182.—*Number and per cent of households regularly sleeping in all except each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of rooms per household.	Average number of sleeping rooms per household.	Number of households sleeping in—			Per cent of households sleeping in—			
				All rooms.	All except 1 room.	All except 2 rooms.	All rooms.	All except 1 room.	All except 2 rooms.	
Native-born of native father, White.....	56	5.73	2.43	1	.....	11	1.8	0.0	19.6
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German..	14	5.86	2.07	.....	.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)
Foreign-born:										
German.....	30	5.80	2.53	.....	1	8	.0	3.3	26.7
Magyar.....	27	4.48	2.81	.....	12	13	.0	44.4	48.1
Polish.....	53	3.72	2.17	.....	3	25	21	5.7	39.6
Grand total.....	180	4.97	2.40	4	38	54	2.2	21.1	30.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	5.86	2.07	.....	.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	70	5.76	2.36	.....	1	12	1.4	.0	17.1
Total foreign-born.....	110	4.47	2.43	3	38	42	2.7	34.5	38.2

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Two and two-tenths per cent of the total number of households regularly sleep in all the rooms, 21.1 per cent in all except 1 room, 30 per cent in all except 2 rooms. The native whites born of native father, however, sleep in all rooms, and in all rooms except 1 or 2 much less commonly than the foreign-born. The Poles, who have a relatively small average number of rooms per household and sleeping rooms per household, have a comparatively large proportion sleeping in all rooms and in all rooms except 1 or 2.

CHAPTER VII.

SALIENT CHARACTERISTICS OF THE IMMIGRANT LABOR SUPPLY.

Criminality—Literacy—Conjugal condition—Age composition of members of households studied—[Text Tables 183 to 187 and General Tables 121 to 125].

CRIMINALITY.

The immigrants show no greater tendency toward violations of the law than natives. Occasionally evil consequences result from celebrations in honor of a wedding or a christening among the Poles and Slovaks, but the community is too small and the number of criminal cases too few to exhibit any tendencies or to permit of any definite comparisons between the natives and immigrants in this regard.

LITERACY.

As regards the degree of literacy prevailing among the population of the community, the following table shows, by sex and general nativity and race of individual, the percentage of persons 10 years of age or over, in the households studied, who could read and the percentage who could both read and write:

TABLE 183.—*Per cent of persons 10 years of age or over who read and per cent who read and write, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who read.			Per cent who read and write.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of foreign father, German	29	31	60	100.0	96.8	98.3	100.0	96.8	98.3
Foreign-born:									
German	42	29	71	100.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Magyar	44	30	74	90.0	90.0	90.5	90.9	86.7	89.2
Polish	58	53	111	93.1	83.0	88.3	91.4	83.0	87.4
Grand total	180	151	331	94.4	90.7	92.7	93.9	90.1	92.1
Total native-born of foreign father	34	34	68	97.1	94.1	95.6	97.1	94.1	95.6
Total foreign-born	146	117	263	93.8	89.7	92.0	93.2	88.9	91.3

The preceding table shows that 92.7 per cent of persons reporting can read and 92.1 per cent can read and write; the percentage of males who can read and who can both read and write is somewhat higher than that of females. The totals show the percentage of

persons who are native-born of foreign father who can read and who can both read and write to be higher than the per cent of foreign-born. Both native-born of foreign father and foreign-born show a higher per cent of males than of females who can read and can both read and write. Of the foreign-born races Germans show 100 per cent of both males and females who can read and both read and write. Both Magyars and Poles show a much lower percentage of persons who can read and write than Germans.

The relative advancement of the different races of foreign birth in ability to read and write after designated periods of residence in the United States is set forth in the table next submitted. It shows, by years in the United States and race of individual, the per cent of foreign-born persons in the households studied who were 10 years of age or over and who could read and the per cent who could both read and write.

TABLE 184.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over who read and per cent who read and write, by years in the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who read, by years in United States.			Per cent who read and write, by years in United States.		
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.
German	71	.....	100.0	100.0	.....	100.0	100.0
Magyar	74	95.3	89.7	(a)	93.0	89.7	(a)
Polish	111	93.9	88.0	66.7	93.9	88.0	58.3
Total	263	94.6	89.7	91.7	93.5	89.7	90.5

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the foreign races under five years in this country it will be noted that 94.6 per cent of a total of 263 can read and a slightly lower proportion read and write. Almost exactly equal proportions of the Magyars and Poles report in this group. Of those individuals five to nine years in the United States, all the Germans can read and write, the Magyars presenting a proportion who can read and read and write exactly equal to the 89.7 per cent of the total foreign-born, and the Poles presenting a proportion hardly lower at all. Again, all the Germans ten years or over in the United States can read and read and write; but of the Poles only 66.7 per cent can read and a bare majority read and write. No report is made of the Magyars in this group, owing to the small number involved. A summary of the table shows that while all the Germans can read and write, the proportions of literate Magyars and Poles decrease in the ratio of their years in the United States. Nevertheless a large proportion of the two last-named races less than ten years in this country report ability to read and write, an abrupt drop being noticeable in the case of the Poles ten years or over in this country.

A comparison of the literacy of foreign-born glassworkers and members of their households according to their ages when they arrived in this country is presented in the table below, which shows, by age at time of coming to the United States and race of individual, the percentage of foreign-born persons in the households studied 10 years of age or over who could read and the percentage who could both read and write.

TABLE 185.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over who read and per cent who read and write, by age at time of coming to the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who read, by age, at time of coming to United States.		Per cent who read and write, by age, at time of coming to United States.	
		Under 14.	14 or over.	Under 14.	14 or over.
German.....	71	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Magyar.....	74	100.0	89.1	100.0	87.5
Polish.....	111	(a)	87.9	(a)	86.9
Total.....	263	100.0	90.5	100.0	89.6

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

From the above table it will be noted that a larger proportion of those foreign-born persons who were under 14 years of age at time of coming to the United States read and both read and write than do those who were 14 years of age or over. As between the several races it will be noted that only the Germans show the full 100 per cent literate and this without regard to their age at time of coming to the United States. This is equally true of the Magyars who were under 14 years of age at time of coming, while of those 14 years of age or over the proportion who read and who both read and write, in each instance, is slightly less than 90 per cent. As regards the Poles no computation, owing to the small number involved, has been made of those who were under 14 years of age at time of coming to the United States, while of those over 14 the proportion who read and who both read and write is slightly below that of the Magyars.

CONJUGAL CONDITION.

The table following shows, by sex and general nativity and race of individual, the per cent of persons 20 years of age or over in the households studied who were in each conjugal condition.

TABLE 186.—*Per cent of persons 20 years of age or over in each conjugal condition, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father, White	61	6.6	91.8	1.6
Foreign-born:				
German	39	25.6	66.7	7.7
Magyar	33	3.0	97.0	.0
Polish	54	.0	100.0	.0
Grand total	208	9.6	88.0	2.4
Total native-born of foreign father	19	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born	80	11.3	87.5	1.3
Total foreign-born	128	8.6	88.3	3.1

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White	56	12.5	85.7	1.8
Foreign-born:				
German	27	3.7	81.5	14.8
Magyar	25	.0	100.0	.0
Polish	49	.0	100.0	.0
Grand total	185	5.4	91.9	2.7
Total native-born of foreign father	23	8.7	91.3	.0
Total native-born	79	11.4	87.3	1.3
Total foreign-born	106	.9	95.3	3.8

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White	117	9.4	88.9	1.7
Foreign-born:				
German	66	16.7	72.7	10.6
Magyar	58	1.7	98.3	.0
Polish	103	.0	100.0	.0
Grand total	393	7.6	89.8	2.5
Total native-born of foreign father	42	16.7	83.3	.0
Total native-born	159	11.3	87.4	1.3
Total foreign-born	234	5.1	91.5	3.4

The above table shows the conjugal condition of 393 men and women over 20 years of age connected with the glass industry. It appears that 89.8 per cent of all are married. This average is higher for foreign than for native born. The average of those married is also higher among the women than the men, all the Polish and Magyar women being married. The Germans have a notably high percentage of those widowed, both men and women.

AGE COMPOSITION OF MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The following table shows the percentage of persons within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race of head of household:

TABLE 187.—*Per cent of persons within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.						
		Under 6.	6 to 13.	14 to 15.	16 to 19.	20 to 29.	30 to 44.	45 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.	122	18.0	18.9	4.1	7.4	14.8	22.1	14.8
Foreign-born:								
German.....	86	17.4	24.4	4.7	4.7	12.8	19.8	16.3
Magyar.....	64	18.8	20.3	3.1	6.3	18.8	21.9	10.9
Polish.....	107	36.4	6.5	1.9	3.7	25.2	24.3	1.9
Grand total.....	410	23.2	17.1	3.4	5.6	17.1	23.2	10.5
Total native-born of foreign father...	31	22.6	19.4	3.2	6.5	6.5	35.5	6.5
Total native-born.....	153	19.0	19.0	3.9	7.2	13.1	24.8	13.1
Total foreign-born.....	257	25.7	16.0	3.1	4.7	19.5	22.2	8.9

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.	122	20.5	16.4	4.9	5.7	23.8	18.0	10.7
Foreign-born:								
German.....	78	21.8	26.9	2.6	7.7	6.4	23.1	11.5
Magyar.....	44	22.7	11.4	.0	9.1	27.3	29.5	.0
Polish.....	88	30.7	9.1	.0	3.4	39.8	13.6	3.4
Grand total.....	364	23.9	17.0	2.5	5.8	23.6	19.8	7.4
Total native-born of foreign father...	32	25.0	25.0	3.1	3.1	15.6	21.9	6.3
Total native-born.....	154	21.4	18.2	4.5	5.2	22.1	18.8	9.7
Total foreign-born.....	210	25.7	16.2	1.0	6.2	24.8	20.5	5.7

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White.	244	19.3	17.6	4.5	6.6	19.3	20.1	12.7
Foreign-born:								
German.....	164	19.5	25.6	3.7	6.1	9.8	21.3	14.0
Magyar.....	108	20.4	16.7	1.9	7.4	22.2	25.0	6.5
Polish.....	195	33.8	7.7	1.0	3.6	31.8	19.5	2.6
Grand total.....	774	23.5	17.1	3.0	5.7	20.2	21.6	9.0
Total native-born of foreign father..	63	23.8	22.2	3.2	4.8	11.1	28.6	6.3
Total native-born.....	307	20.2	18.6	4.2	6.2	17.6	21.8	11.4
Total foreign-born.....	467	25.7	16.1	2.1	5.4	21.8	21.4	7.5

Of the 774 persons included in the preceding table 40.6 per cent are under 14 years of age, 41.8 per cent are from 20 to 44 years of age, and less than 10 per cent are of each other specified age. A comparison between the different nativity groups shows that a larger proportion of the persons in the households the heads of which are native-born of foreign father than in the households the heads of which are foreign-born and the smallest proportion in the households the heads of which are native-born of native father are under 14 years of age, while a larger

proportion of those in the households the heads of which are foreign-born than of those in the households the heads of which are native-born of foreign father and the smallest proportion in the households the heads of which are native-born of native father are from 20 to 44 years of age. Of those who are 45 years of age or over the largest proportion are in the households the heads of which are native-born of native father and the smallest proportion in the households the heads of which are native-born of foreign father. The difference between the proportion of males and the proportion of females within each specified age group is comparatively small.

CHAPTER VIII.

GENERAL PROGRESS AND ASSIMILATION.

Civic interest—Immigrants in business—Ownership of homes—Citizenship—Ability to speak English—[Text Tables 188 to 192 and General Tables 126 to 131].

CIVIC INTEREST.

The naturalized Poles and Slovaks in Community B vote on all public questions with a commendable degree of regularity. Most of the naturalized citizens, especially the younger part, take an intelligent interest in all public matters to be settled in the town. In no instance, however, has a foreign-born citizen held any municipal or public office. The justice of the peace, members of the school board, and other town officers are all native-born citizens.

IMMIGRANTS IN BUSINESS.

The only immigrants in business in the community are Poles. The Poles conduct a small grocery store and a combination dry goods store and pool room. The other eight or ten business establishments in the town are operated by Americans. The Polish establishments are patronized chiefly by members of their own race, and to a slight extent by the other foreign races, but the majority of all races patronize the native establishments.

OWNERSHIP OF HOMES.

As has been stated in a preceding section, the officials of the glass plant in the community claim that they experience very little trouble resulting from a disposition of the immigrant employees to move away but that instead the majority of the immigrants employed in the establishments have shown a decided tendency to settle permanently. For example, they state that when the plant was first started the company owned a double row of houses—about 50 in all—practically all of which have been bought by the employees. The table next submitted shows, of the families studied in the community, the number and percentage who owned their homes. The presentation is by general nativity and race of head of family.

TABLE 188.—*Number and per cent of families owning home, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Total number of families.	Owning home.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Native-born of native father, White.....	57	29	50.9
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	8	(a)
Foreign-born:			
French.....	1		(a)
German.....	31	16	51.6
Magyar.....	27	2	7.4
Polish.....	53	6	11.3
Grand total.....	183	61	33.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	8	(a)
Total native-born.....	71	37	52.1
Total foreign-born.....	112	24	21.4

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The foregoing table shows slightly more than one-half of the families whose heads were native-born of native father, as well as families whose heads were foreign-born Germans, to have acquired their own homes. Relatively small percentages are exhibited by the families of the two other races whose heads were foreign-born, the Magyars showing only 7.4 per cent of their families, and the Poles 11.3 per cent owning their homes.

CITIZENSHIP.

The following table shows by race of individual the present political condition of foreign-born males in the households studied who had been in the United States five years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming to this country:

TABLE 189.—*Present political condition of foreign-born males who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number.		Per cent.	
		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.	Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.
French.....	1	1		(a)	(a)
German.....	20	15	1	75.0	5.0
Magyar.....	15	1	2	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	24	4	3	16.7	12.5
Total.....	60	21	6	35.0	10.0

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

In the preceding table it is seen that only 35 per cent of the total foreign-born, consisting mainly of 75 per cent of the Germans and 16.7 per cent of the Poles, have acquired full citizenship, and only 10 per cent of the total foreign-born, made up largely of 12.5 per cent of the Poles and 5 per cent of the Germans, have secured first papers.

ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH.

The extent to which the representatives of non-English-speaking races in the community had acquired the ability to speak English is set forth in the series of tables next presented. The first table submitted shows, by sex and general nativity and race of individual, the percentage of persons 6 years of age or over, in the households studied, who speak English:

TABLE 190.—*Per cent of persons 6 years of age or over who speak English, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 40 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all non-English-speaking races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who speak English.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	43	43	86	97.7	100.0	98.8
Foreign-born:						
German.....	43	29	72	97.7	75.9	88.9
Magyar.....	50	33	83	64.0	21.2	47.0
Polish.....	61	56	117	96.7	30.4	65.0
Grand total.....	207	171	378	88.9	56.1	74.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	52	51	103	96.2	94.1	95.1
Total foreign-born.....	155	120	275	86.5	40.0	66.2

In the table above it is seen that all of the females, and almost all of the males, 6 years of age or over in the households whose heads were native-born Germans of foreign father speak English. Among the households whose heads were foreign-born, it is significant that a proportion more than three times as great of the males as compared with females speak English. Of the several races, the Germans show the highest proportion both of males and females who are able to speak English, followed by the Poles and Magyars, in the order named.

In the table next submitted a comparison is made of the ability of representatives of non-English-speaking races to speak English on the basis of their ages when they came to this country. The table shows by age at time of coming to the United States and race of individual the percentage of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over, in the households studied, who speak English.

TABLE 191.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over who speak English, by age at time of coming to the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by age at time of coming to United States.	
		Under 14.	14 or over.
German.....	72	100.0	83.3
Magyar.....	83	73.7	39.1
Polish.....	117	80.0	63.6
Total.....	275	87.0	61.1

The preceding table shows a considerably larger proportion of all races of foreign birth who were under 14 years of age at the time of their arrival in the United States able to speak English at the present time, as compared with those who were 14 years of age or over when they came to this country.

The table next presented exhibits comparatively the tendency of the members of non-English-speaking races to acquire the ability to speak English after designated periods of residence in this country. It includes all foreign-born persons in the households studied who were 6 years of age or over, and the presentation is by years in the United States and race of individual.

TABLE 192.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over who speak English, by years in the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by years in United States.		
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.
German.....	72	.....	77.8	90.5
Magyar.....	83	32.0	67.7	100.0
Polish.....	117	52.8	71.2	91.7
Total.....	275	42.7	70.7	91.3

In the table above it is seen in the total for the foreign-born that the ability to speak English increases according to period of residence, only 42.7 per cent of the total number with a residence of less than five years being able to speak English, as compared with 70.7 per cent who have been in the United States between five and nine years and 91.3 per cent with a residence of ten years or over. The Magyars, as compared with the Poles and Germans, indicate a greater degree of advancement in the two longer residence periods.

GENERAL TABLES.

I.—GENERAL SURVEY: TABLES 1-94.

II.—GENERAL MANUFACTURING COMMUNITIES: TABLES 95-131.

GENERAL EXPLANATION OF TABLES.

Persons of native birth have been divided into two general groups and further subdivided under each of the two, as follows:

1. *Native-born of native father.*

Persons under this group are classified as White, Negro, Indian, Chinese, Hindu, Japanese, and Korean.

2. *Native-born of foreign father.*

Persons under this group are classified according to race of father in all tables where the data were secured for households, and according to country of birth of father in all tables where the data were secured for employees. Where classification is by race of father the classification used for several years by the United States Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization is followed.

Persons of foreign birth are classified according to race (or people). The classification of the United States Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization is followed.

In the study of households information is presented—

1. By general nativity and race of the "individual" in all tables which show facts which are personal in their nature, such as English-speaking, occupation, or conjugal condition.

2. By general nativity and race of "head of family" in tables concerned with family matters—for example, family income.

3. By general nativity and race of "head of household" in all tables dealing with living conditions, among which are tables showing the composition of the household and the number of persons per room and per sleeping room. The distinction which has been made throughout this study between "family" and "household" is dependent upon the use of the term "apartment."

An "apartment" is a room or rooms within which all the usual daily processes of living, namely, cooking, eating, and sleeping, are carried on by the occupants. According to this definition an apartment may be, for example, a whole house; or it may be a single room of what was originally intended as an apartment; or it may be a corner of a warehouse or the back of a storeroom partitioned off and set aside for household uses. Two or more groups of occupants with distinctly separate money interests frequently rent a number of rooms jointly, occupying the kitchen, or kitchen and living room. Under these conditions neither the rooms used by the one group of occupants nor those used by the other can be considered an apartment, since the room used in common must in such case be considered a room in each apartment and thus be counted twice. Where these conditions have been encountered the entire number of rooms has been considered one apartment.

The "household" includes all persons living within an apartment without regard to the relationships which exist among them. The household may consist of one or more families with or without board-

ers or lodgers; or it may consist of a group of persons living together, no family included; or it may consist of various combinations of families, "groups," and boarders or lodgers.

The term "family" as used throughout these tables refers in general to the immediate family composed of husband, wife, and children. Groups of persons among whom none of these relations exist are not considered families. Households in which complicated relationships exist have been resolved into the component immediate families. Remnants of families maintaining a home are considered families when either husband or wife is present.

The general tables show results of two practically independent studies, as follows:

STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.

All tables headed "Study of households" are based on information from the schedule which was filled out for certain selected households in each of the several communities. Names and addresses were secured of employees in a given industry who were heads of households; and for each such household a schedule was filled out by an agent of this Commission, who visited the apartment and secured detailed information, so far as possible, for every occupant, as well as data in regard to family and household organization and status at the time of the visit.

STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.

The general tables headed "Study of employees" present data from the schedule relating only to the individual employee. This schedule was filled out by the employee himself or by some one detailed by the employer to the task, to whom the employee furnished data.

The general tables of this series, therefore, concern only the history and present status of the employee, while the other series, as has been stated, presents data not only for certain of the employees but also for members of their households. All data included under the "Study of employees" are tabulated by sex and by the general nativity and race of the individual. For the native-born of foreign father the classification is by country of birth of father and not by race of father.

DESCRIPTION OF TABLES.

Total number of households and persons studied, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Tables 1 and 95.—These tables enumerate the households studied of each race, the aggregate of the members of the households of each race, and the persons, male and female, for whom detailed information was secured. All members of households appear in this table under the general nativity and race of head of household.

Number of persons for whom detailed information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 2 and 96.—These tables are a second enumeration of the persons, male and female, who are included in the detailed study of the members of households. In this enumeration each individual appears under his own general nativity and race.

Total number of male employees for whom information was secured, by general nativity and race: Study of employees. Plate glass, window glass, and bottles. Tables 3, 4, and 5.—These tables enumerate the male employees for whom data were secured for the "Study of employees." The enumeration is by general nativity and race of the employee.

Total number of employees for whom information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race: Study of employees. Tableware and the industry as a whole. Tables 6 and 7.—These tables are similar to Tables 3, 4, and 5, relating to male employees.

Number of foreign-born male employees in the United States each specified number of years, by race: Study of employees. Plate glass, window glass, and bottles. Tables 8, 9, and 10.—All foreign-born male employees who report the number of years since their first arrival in the United States are here classified as in the United States under 1 year, 1 year, 2 years, 3 years, 4 years, 5 to 9 years, 10 to 14 years, 15 to 19 years, or 20 years or over.

Number of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race: Study of employees. Tableware and the industry as a whole. Tables 11 and 12.—These tables are similar to Tables 8, 9, and 10, relating to male employees.

Number of foreign-born persons in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 13 and 97.—These tables, which concern members of households, are similar to Tables 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12, relating to employees.

Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born males who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual: Study of households. Tables 14 and 98.—Males who were 16 years of age or over at the time of their first arrival in the United States are here classified according to whether, before coming to the United States, they worked for profit, for wages, or without wages, and are further classified according to the kind of employment pursued. Payments in kind as well as in money are here considered wages. Persons who worked without wages were usually at work with fathers or other near relatives.

Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual: Study of households. Tables 15 and 99.—These tables are similar to Tables 14 and 98, relating to males.

Occupation of foreign-born male employees before coming to the United States, by race: Study of employees. Plate glass, window glass, bottles, and tableware. Tables 16, 17, 18, and 19.—In these tables are shown the number of foreign-born male employees who, just prior to coming to the United States, were in the same industry in which they were employed at the time of the investigation, in farming or farm labor, in general labor, etc. Persons who report their occupation as "none," "at home," or "at school" are excluded from the tables.

Occupation of foreign-born female employees before coming to the United States, by race: Study of employees. Tableware. Table 20.—This table is similar to Table 19, relating to males.

Number of males, 16 years of age or over, in each specified industry, by general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 21 and 100.—These tables show the number of male members of households, 16 years of age or over, who are at home and at school, and classify those who have had employment within the year ending with the taking of the schedule according to the industry in which they have been employed. The main headings used in these tables follow the classification of the United States Census with the following modifications: General labor is here separated from domestic and personal service; fishing, mining, and quarrying are separated from manufacturing and mechanical pursuits; trade and transportation are distinct from each other. The headings as here used are:

1. Agricultural pursuits.
2. Domestic and personal service.
3. Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits.
4. Mining (including quarrying).
5. General labor.
6. Professional service.
7. Trade.
8. Transportation.
9. Fishing.

The term "domestic and personal service" includes besides domestic servants certain classes of persons not professional, who serve the general public, such as policemen, city firemen, and employees at places of amusements.

Number of females, 16 years of age or over, in each specified industry, by general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 22 and 101.—These tables are similar to Tables 21 and 100, relating to males.

Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race: Study of employees. Plate glass, window glass, bottles, and tableware. Tables 23, 24, 25, and 26.—Employees are here classified according to the amount of their earnings. In some industries earnings are reported by the week, and in others by the day. Where employment is on the time basis, the data are for "rate of pay;" where employment is on the piece basis, the data are for "earnings."

Number of female employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race: Study of employees. Tableware. Table 27.—This table is similar to Table 26, relating to earnings of males 18 years of age or over.

Number of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race: Study of employees. Plate glass, window glass, bottles, and tableware. Tables 28, 29, 30, and 31.—These tables are similar to Tables 23, 24, 25, and 26, relating to earnings of males 18 years of age or over. In practically all industries the number of employees under 14 was too small for tabulation.

Number of female employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race: Study of employees. Tableware. Table 32.—This table is similar to Table 31, relating to earnings of males 14 and under 18 years of age.

Number of male heads of families earning each specified amount per year, by general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 33 and 102.—These tables form a part of the study of family incomes. The information relative to income was secured for the year ending at the time of the agent's visit.

In the "selection of families" for the compilation of data concerning family income the following classes were omitted:

1. Families established less than one year.
2. Families living two or more per household under complicated financial arrangements, so that exact income from boarders or other sources within the household is uncertain.
3. Families with earnings or contributions representing entire earnings or members who are profit earners or whose net earnings are for any other reason uncertain. That part of the income in this study represented by earnings is net.

Practically all of the heads of families included in this table are also heads of households. They are here classified according to the amount of their earnings for the year.

Yearly earnings (approximate) of males 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 34 and 103.—Male wage-earners are here classified according to the amount of their earnings for the year ending at the time of the agent's visit. Persons who receive board and lodging in addition to a money wage and persons who receive tips or other perquisites over and above a stipulated wage are not included in these tables.

Yearly earnings (approximate) of females 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 35 and 104.—These tables are similar to Tables 34 and 103, which relate to earnings of males.

Amount of family income per year, by general nativity and race of head of family: Study of households. Tables 36 and 105.—The families included in these tables are the same as in Tables 33 and 102. These families are here classified according to the amount of total income for the year from all sources. Tables 37 and 106 show the sources of this income. Income from "boarders or lodgers" and in some cases from "other sources" is gross.

Number of families having an income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources, by general nativity and race of head of family: Study of households. Tables 37 and 106.—The families included in these tables are the same as in Tables 33 and 102. The number of families with income from earnings of husband, the number with income from earnings of wife, etc., are shown here. The terms "husband" and "wife" include the widowed, divorced, and deserted. The principal items under "other sources" are (1) receipts from investments, which, in the great majority of cases, are in the form of rentals, and (2) contributions of friends or relatives, who pay either more or less than the rates of boarders or lodgers. Attention is called to the fact that the family may have had income from some source—for example, from boarders or lodgers—within the year, but not at the time the schedule was taken.

Source of family income in detail, by general nativity and race of head of family: Study of households. Tables 38 and 107.—The families included in this table are the same as in Tables 33 and 102.

They are classified here according to the source or combination of sources upon which the family has been wholly dependent for income within the year ending with the taking of the schedule. The four items which make up all incomes except those entered in the last column of the table are earnings of husband, earnings of wife, contributions of children, and payments of boarders or lodgers. It will be noted that all families deriving their entire income from husband, wife, and children have a net income, and that all incomes, including the payments of boarders or lodgers, are gross; also that all families having any part of their income from money invested appear in the last column of this table.

Months worked during the past year by persons 16 years of age or over employed away from home, by sex and by general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 39 and 108.—Members of households of working age who have been employed outside of the home within the year ending with the taking of the schedule are here classified according to whether they have worked under three months, three and under four months, four and under five months, etc. For the purposes of the table all cases of part-time employment have been reduced to a full-time basis; for example, an employee who has worked seven months on half time is counted as having worked three and one-half months. The data are shown for males and females separately.

Number and class of households, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Tables 40 and 109.—All households are here divided into "family households," or households where a family is present, and "group households," or households composed of a group of persons, no family included. Family households are further classified as being with or without boarders or lodgers. Family households with neither boarders nor lodgers are subdivided into those consisting of a single family and those consisting of two or more families living in the same apartment and sharing one or more rooms. Family households with boarders or lodgers are subdivided into those who keep boarders and those who keep only lodgers. Households keeping both boarders and lodgers are here entered as households with boarders. "Boarders" are persons to whom both food and lodging are furnished.

Number of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Tables 41 and 110.—In these tables appear only the renting households which report the rent paid for the unfurnished rooms which they use for living purposes. The following classes are thus excluded from these tables:

1. Households which rent apartment furnished.
2. Households which pay an undivided sum for apartment and place of business.
3. Resident landlords who pay an undivided sum for the apartment they occupy and other apartments which they sublet.
4. Households which pay "ground rent."

Number of households paying each specified rent per month per room, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Tables 42 and 111.—The households included in these tables are the same as in Tables 41 and 110.

Number of households paying each specified rent per month per person, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Tables 43 and 112.—The households included in these tables are the same as in Tables 41 and 110.

Number of households keeping boarders and lodgers and number of boarders and lodgers, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Tables 44 and 113.—These tables show the number of households keeping boarders and the number keeping only lodgers; it also shows the total number of boarders and of lodgers. "Boarders" both sleep and eat with the household. Households which keep lodgers in addition to boarders are classified with the households keeping boarders. Among certain races it is customary to include one of the following accommodations with the nominal price of lodging: (1) Coffee or soup is served once a day; (2) the lodger is allowed the privilege of cooking his food on the kitchen stove; (3) the housewife buys the lodger's food, having the price charged in his account book, and prepares the food for him. Persons with such financial arrangements consider themselves lodgers and have been classified as such in these tables.

Number of persons per household in apartments of each specified size, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Tables 45 and 114.—Households are here classified according to the number of rooms which they occupy, and are further classified according to the number of persons of which they are composed. Rooms used exclusively for business purposes, although connected with the apartment, are not counted in the number of rooms per apartment. As before stated, only such persons as sleep in the apartment are considered members of the household.

Number of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Tables 46 and 115.—These tables summarize a part of the data of Tables 45 and 114. Households are here classified according to the number of rooms they occupy.

Number of households of each specified number of persons, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Tables 47 and 116.—These tables summarize a part of the data in Tables 45 and 114. Households are here classified according to the number of persons in the household.

Number of households and number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Tables 48 and 117.—These tables summarize part of the data in Tables 45 and 114. They give the total number of households and the total number of persons in apartments of each specified size.

Persons per room, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Tables 49 and 118.—These tables show the number of households which average less than one person per room, one and less than two persons per room, two and less than three persons per room, etc. These tables also show the average number of persons per household and per room for all households studied.

Persons per sleeping room, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Tables 50 and 119.—These tables present the data relative to persons per sleeping room. Only rooms

which are regularly used for sleeping purposes are here considered sleeping rooms. The tables are similar to Tables 49 and 118.

Number of households regularly sleeping in all except each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Tables 51 and 120.—These tables classify households according to the number of rooms left for living purposes, after the number of sleeping rooms has been deducted.

Literacy of male employees, by general nativity and race: Study of employees. Plate glass, window glass, and bottles. Tables 52, 53, and 54.—These tables show the number of employees who read some language and the number who both read and write some language.

Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race: Study of employees. Tableware. Table 55.—This table shows the number of employees who read some language and the number who both read and write some language. In all industries where employees of both sexes report, the tabulation is by sex.

Literacy of persons 10 years of age or over, by sex and general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 56 and 121.—This table, which is concerned with members of households, is similar to Tables 52, 53, 54, and 55, relating to employees.

Literacy of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over, by sex, years in the United States, and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 57 and 122.—These tables classify foreign-born persons, male and female, according to the number of years since their first arrival in the United States. The classes are: Under 5 years, 5 to 9 years, and 10 years or over. The tables show under each of the three groups the number of persons who can read some language, and the number who can both read and write some language.

Literacy of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over, by sex, age at the time of coming to the United States, and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 58 and 123.—These tables classify foreign-born persons, male and female, according to whether they were under 14 years of age or 14 years of age or over at the time of their first arrival in the United States and show the number in each group who can read some language and the number who can both read and write some language.

Conjugal condition of male employees, by age groups, and general nativity and race: Study of employees. Plate glass, window glass, and bottles. Tables 59, 60, and 61.—For the purpose of this table male employees are divided into four age groups—16 to 19 years, 20 to 29 years, 30 to 44 years, and 45 years or over—and are further classified according to whether they are single, married, or widowed. With the widowed are included the relatively few persons who are divorced or deserted.

Conjugal condition of employees, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race: Study of employees. Tableware. Table 62.—This table is similar to Tables 59, 60, and 61, relating to male employees.

Conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 63 and 124.—These tables, which are concerned with members of households 16 years of age or over, are similar to Tables 59, 60, 61, and 62, relating to employees.

Location of wives of foreign-born employees, by race of husband: Study of employees. Plate glass, window glass, bottles, and tableware. Tables 64, 65, 66, and 67.—This table shows the number of foreign-born married employees who report wife in the United States and the number who report wife abroad. The tabulation is by the race of the employee.

Visits abroad made by foreign-born male employees, by years in the United States and race: Study of employees. Plate glass, window glass, and bottles. Tables 68, 69, and 70.—Employees are here classified according to the number of years since their first arrival in the United States. The classes are: Under 5 years, 5 to 9 years, and 10 years or over. Under each group employees are classified according to whether they have made no visit or one, two, or three or more visits abroad. In all industries where employees of both sexes report, the data are shown separately for each sex.

Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race: Study of employees. Tableware. Table 71.—This table is similar to Tables 68, 69, and 70, relating to male employees.

Number of persons within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Tables 72 and 125.—These tables give for all households studied the number of persons of each sex who report their ages as under 6 years, 6 to 13 years, 14 and 15 years, 16 to 19 years, 20 to 29 years, 30 to 44 years, and 45 years or over. The tabulation is by race of head of household.

Number of male employees of each age or within each age group, by general nativity and race: Study of employees. Plate glass, window glass, and bottles. Tables 73, 74, and 75.—Employees are here classified according to age, by years if between 14 and 19 years of age, and by year groups if 20 years of age or over.

Number of employees of each age or within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race. Study of employees. Tableware. Table 76.—This table is similar to Tables 73, 74, and 75, relating to male employees.

Number of families owning home, renting, boarding, etc., by general nativity and race of head of family: Study of households. Tables 77 and 126.—These tables show for all families studied the number owning their homes, the number renting homes, the number boarding, and the number lodging. The few dependent families are included in the miscellaneous class "In other conditions."

General occupation of persons under 16 years of age, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 78 and 127.—These tables show for males, females, and totals, the number of children under 6 years of age, 6 to 13 years of age, and 13 and 14 years of age, and further show for each age group the number of children at home, at school, and at work. The few children with employment outside of school hours are tabulated here as at school, and the few children found working through the day and attending night school are here entered as at work.

Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States five years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race and length of resi-

dence: Study of employees. Plate glass, window glass, bottles, and tableware. Tables 79, 80, 81, and 82.—This table includes only foreign-born employees who were 21 years of age or over at the time of their first arrival in the United States and who have been in the United States long enough to acquire citizenship. These persons are classified as in the United States five to nine years and ten years or over and are further classified under each year group as aliens, citizens, and persons with only their first papers.

Present political condition of foreign-born males who have been in the United States five years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual and length of residence: Study of households. Tables 83 and 128.—These tables, which are concerned with members of households, are similar to Tables 79, 80, 81, and 82, relating to employees.

Ability to speak English of persons 6 years of age or over, by sex and general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 84 and 129.—These tables show for all non-English-speaking races the number of members of households, male and female, who can carry on a conversation in the English language.

Ability to speak English of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 85 and 130.—These tables classify foreign-born persons, male and female, of non-English-speaking races, according to whether they were under 14 years of age or 14 years of age or over at the time of their first arrival in the United States, and show the number in each of the two groups who are able to speak English.

Ability to speak English of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over, by sex, years in the United States, and race of individual: Study of households. Tables 86 and 131.—These tables classify foreign-born persons, male and female, of non-English-speaking races according to the number of years since their first arrival in the United States. The classes are: Under five years, five to nine years, and ten years or over. Under each group the number able to speak English is shown.

Ability to speak English of foreign-born male employees, by age at time of coming to the United States and race: Study of employees. Plate glass, window glass, and bottles. Tables 87, 88, and 89.—These tables are similar to Tables 85 and 130, relating to members of households.

Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race: Study of employees. Tableware. Table 90.—This table is similar to Tables 85 and 130, relating to members of households.

Ability to speak English of foreign-born male employees, by years in the United States and race: Study of employees. Plate glass, window glass, and bottles. Tables 91, 92, and 93.—These tables are similar to Tables 86 and 131, relating to members of households.

Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race: Study of employees. Tableware. Table 94.—This table is similar to Tables 86 and 131, relating to members of households.

GENERAL TABLES.

I.—GENERAL SURVEY.

TABLE 1.—*Total number of households and persons studied, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Total number of persons in households.	Number of persons for whom detailed information was secured.		
			Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White	115	498	239	239	478
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	63	31	32	63
Total native-born.....	129	561	270	271	541
Foreign-born:					
Flemish.....	55	258	126	131	257
French.....	12	58	36	22	58
German.....	92	516	247	236	483
Italian, North.....	30	199	50	48	98
Italian, South.....	13	77	36	27	63
Magyar.....	27	259	64	44	108
Polish.....	132	771	285	260	545
Slovak.....	170	951	351	327	678
Total foreign-born.....	531	3,089	1,195	1,095	2,290
Grand total.....	660	3,650	1,465	1,366	2,831

TABLE 2.—*Number of persons for whom detailed information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White	256	251	507
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:			
English.....		7	7
Flemish.....	58	60	118
French.....	23	12	35
German.....	142	152	294
Italian, North.....	10	12	22
Italian, South.....	8	10	18
Magyar.....	13	10	23
Polish.....	111	113	224
Slovak.....	137	130	267
Total.....	502	506	1,008
Total native-born.....	758	757	1,515

TABLE 2.—Number of persons for whom detailed information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race of individual—Continued.

General nativity and race of individual.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Foreign-born:			
Canadian (other than French).....	1	2	3
Danish.....	1	1	2
English.....	2	5	7
Flemish.....	66	69	135
French.....	13	12	25
German.....	118	90	208
Italian, North.....	40	37	77
Italian, South.....	28	14	42
Magyar.....	51	34	85
Polish.....	172	146	318
Slovak.....	216	198	414
Welsh.....		1	1
Total foreign-born.....	707	609	1,316
Grand total.....	1,465	1,366	2,831

TABLE 3.—Total number of male employees for whom information was secured, by general nativity and race—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Total number.	General nativity and race.	Total number.
Native-born of native father:		Foreign-born, by race—Continued.	
White.....	1,110	Egyptian.....	4
Negro.....	94	English.....	71
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:		Flemish.....	6
Austria-Hungary.....	16	French.....	52
Belgium.....	10	German.....	248
Canada.....	8	Greek.....	108
England.....	38	Irish.....	13
France.....	17	Italian, North.....	41
Germany.....	154	Italian, South.....	22
Ireland.....	32	Lithuanian.....	1
Italy.....	1	Macedonian.....	59
Russia.....	5	Magyar.....	148
Scotland.....	9	Montenegrin.....	1
Spain.....	1	Polish.....	420
Sweden.....	3	Portuguese.....	1
Switzerland.....	4	Roumanian.....	40
Wales.....	63	Russian.....	107
Total.....	301	Ruthenian.....	23
Total native-born.....	1,505	Scotch.....	6
Foreign-born, by race:		Servian.....	1
Albanian.....	8	Slovak.....	550
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	Slovenian.....	11
Bulgarian.....	73	Swedish.....	3
Canadian, French.....	3	Turkish.....	2
Canadian, other.....	5	Austrian (race not specified).....	1
Croatian.....	2	Belgian (race not specified).....	80
Danish.....	1	Swiss (race not specified).....	4
Dutch.....	4	Total foreign-born.....	2,141
		Grand total.....	3,646

TABLE 4.—Total number of male employees for whom information was secured, by general nativity and race—Window glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Total number.	General nativity and race.	Total number.
Native-born of native father:		Foreign-born by race—Continued.	
White.....	669	French.....	19
Negro.....	17	German.....	32
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:		Greek.....	7
Belgium.....	15	Hebrew, Russian.....	3
Canada.....	2	Irish.....	6
Denmark.....	2	Italian, North.....	97
England.....	37	Italian, South.....	162
France.....	13	Lithuanian.....	8
Germany.....	75	Magyar.....	11
Ireland.....	32	Norwegian.....	1
Italy.....	2	Polish.....	41
Scotland.....	5	Roumanian.....	6
Sweden.....	11	Russian.....	2
Switzerland.....	1	Ruthenian.....	1
Total.....	195	Scotch.....	3
Total native-born.....	881	Slovak.....	3
Foreign-born by race:		Swedish.....	61
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	Welsh.....	1
Canadian (other than French).....	4	Belgian (race not specified).....	140
Croatian.....	4	Swiss (race not specified).....	3
Danish.....	3	Total foreign-born.....	667
English.....	48	Grand total.....	1,548

TABLE 5.—Total number of male employees for whom information was secured, by general nativity and race—Bottles.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Total number.	General nativity and race.	Total number.
Native-born of native father:		Foreign-born by race—Continued.	
White.....	1,801	English.....	39
Negro.....	135	Finnish.....	1
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:		French.....	10
Australia.....	3	German.....	112
Austria-Hungary.....	59	Greek.....	3
Belgium.....	2	Irish.....	21
Canada.....	5	Italian, North.....	92
England.....	66	Italian, South.....	354
France.....	14	Lithuanian.....	1
Germany.....	257	Macedonian.....	2
Ireland.....	110	Magyar.....	34
Italy.....	21	Norwegian.....	3
Netherlands.....	3	Polish.....	95
Russia.....	6	Roumanian.....	50
Scotland.....	21	Russian.....	15
Spain.....	1	Ruthenian.....	8
Sweden.....	7	Scotch.....	14
Switzerland.....	8	Servian.....	7
Wales.....	8	Slovak.....	43
Total.....	591	Slovenian.....	6
Total native-born.....	2,527	Swedish.....	24
Foreign-born by race:		Syrian.....	28
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	Welsh.....	5
Bulgarian.....	1	Austrian (race not specified).....	7
Canadian, French.....	1	Belgian (race not specified).....	1
Canadian, other.....	7	Swiss (race not specified).....	5
Danish.....	1	Total foreign-born.....	992
Dutch.....	1	Grand total.....	3,519

TABLE 6.—Total number of employees for whom information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	1,146	211	1,357
Negro.....	11	1	12
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Austria-Hungary.....	68	25	93
Belgium.....	14	15	29
Canada.....	3	1	4
Denmark.....	1		1
England.....	61	32	93
France.....	20	14	34
Germany.....	466	159	625
Ireland.....	104	22	126
Italy.....	23	7	30
Russia.....	56	17	73
Scotland.....	15	6	21
Sweden.....	3	1	4
Switzerland.....	12	1	13
Wales.....	13	9	22
Total.....	859	309	1,168
Total native-born.....	2,016	521	2,537
Foreign-born, by race:			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	1	10
Bulgarian.....	1		1
Canadian, French.....	1	1	2
Canadian, Other.....	1		1
Croatian.....	6		6
Danish.....	1		1
Dutch.....	1		1
English.....	35	9	44
Finnish.....	1		1
French.....	40	13	53
German.....	205	22	317
Hebrew, Russian.....	1		1
Hebrew, Other.....	1		1
Irish.....	29	1	30
Italian, North.....	51	3	54
Italian, South.....	84	6	90
Lithuanian.....	17	3	20
Magyar.....	18	4	22
Polish.....	96	19	115
Russian.....	19	4	23
Scotch.....	5	2	7
Slovak.....	99	23	122
Slovenian.....	2		2
Swedish.....	14	2	16
Syrian.....	5		5
Welsh.....	6	5	11
Austrian (race not specified).....	2		2
Belgian (race not specified).....	44	21	65
Swiss (race not specified).....	2	1	3
Total foreign-born.....	886	140	1,026
Grand total.....	2,902	661	3,563

TABLE 7.—Total number of employees for whom information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race—Industry as a whole.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	4,726	211	4,937
Negro.....	257	1	258
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Australia.....	3		3
Austria-Hungary.....	143	25	168
Belgium.....	41	15	56
Canada.....	18	1	19
Denmark.....	3		3
England.....	202	32	234
France.....	64	14	78
Germany.....	952	159	1,111
Ireland.....	278	22	300
Italy.....	47	7	54
Netherlands.....	3		3
Russia.....	67	17	84
Scotland.....	50	6	56
Spain.....	2		2
Sweden.....	24	1	25
Switzerland.....	25	1	26
Wales.....	24	9	33
Total.....	1,946	309	2,255
Total native-born.....	6,929	521	7,450
Foreign-born, by race:			
Albanian.....	8		8
Bohemian and Moravian.....	33	1	34
Bulgarian.....	75		75
Canadian, French.....	5	1	6
Canadian, Other.....	17		17
Croatian.....	12		12
Danish.....	6		6
Dutch.....	6		6
Egyptian.....	4		4
English.....	193	9	202
Finnish.....	2		2
Flemish.....	6		6
French.....	121	13	134
German.....	687	22	709
Greek.....	118		118
Hebrew, Russian.....	4		4
Hebrew, Other.....	1		1
Irish.....	69	1	70
Italian, North.....	281	3	284
Italian, South.....	622	6	628
Lithuanian.....	27	3	30
Macedonian.....	61		61
Magyar.....	211	4	215
Montenegrin.....	1		1
Norwegian.....	4		4
Polish.....	652	19	671
Portuguese.....	1		1
Roumanian.....	96		96
Russian.....	143	4	147
Ruthenian.....	32		32
Scotch.....	28	2	30
Servian.....	8		8
Slovak.....	695	23	718
Slovenian.....	19		19
Swedish.....	102	2	104
Syrian.....	33		33
Turkish.....	2		2
Welsh.....	12	5	17
Austrian (race not specified).....	10		10
Belgian (race not specified).....	265	21	286
Swiss (race not specified).....	14	1	15
Total foreign-born.....	4,686	140	4,826
Grand total.....	11,615	661	12,276

TABLE 8.—Number of foreign-born male employees in the United States each specified number of years, by race—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction in made for time spent abroad.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.								
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Albanian.....	8	1	2	3	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	1	2	1	2	.....	1	.....	11	4
Bulgarian.....	73	4	17	33	12	5	2	.....	.....	.....
Canadian, French.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	1
Canadian, Other.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	3
Croatian.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Danish.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Dutch.....	4	1	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Egyptian.....	4	.....	1	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
English.....	71	.....	1	5	5	2	1	.....	5	52
Flemish.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	3
French.....	52	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	18	25
German.....	248	.....	2	8	10	7	25	15	70	111
Greek.....	108	14	23	39	11	7	12	1	1	.....
Irish.....	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2	9
Italian, North.....	41	3	10	17	3	.....	6	1	.....	1
Italian, South.....	22	.....	7	3	1	3	7	.....	1	.....
Lithuanian.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Macedonian.....	59	9	14	27	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Magyar.....	147	3	4	40	23	26	39	9	2	1
Montenegrin.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	419	16	10	83	45	45	137	29	31	23
Portuguese.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Roumanian.....	40	6	7	23	3	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Russian.....	107	8	5	24	12	6	39	9	4	.....
Ruthenian.....	23	.....	3	4	1	4	7	2	1	1
Scotch.....	6	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1	3
Servian.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Slovak.....	549	23	35	102	83	65	162	40	26	13
Slovenian.....	11	1	.....	.....	2	.....	6	1	.....	1
Swedish.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
Turkish.....	2	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Austrian (race not specified).....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Belgian (race not specified).....	80	.....	2	1	1	2	3	6	29	36
Swiss (race not specified).....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
Total.....	2,138	90	148	418	230	172	465	118	203	294

TABLE 9.—Number of foreign-born male employees in the United States each specified number of years, by race—Window glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.								
		Un-der 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1									1
Canadian (other than French).....	4					1				1
Croatian.....	4					1	2	1		
Danish.....	3							1		2
English.....	46		1				2	1	4	38
French.....	18						8	1	2	7
German.....	31			1		1	3	1	3	22
Greek.....	6			3	1		1			1
Hebrew, Russian.....	3		2	1						
Irish.....	6							1		5
Italian, North.....	97	3	5	22	15	14	24	6	3	5
Italian, South.....	162	3	6	28	23	23	52	14	9	4
Lithuanian.....	8			2	2	1	2	1		
Magyar.....	11	1		6	1		1		1	1
Norwegian.....	1									1
Polish.....	41		3	6	10	5	15	1		1
Roumanian.....	6				5		1			
Russian.....	2				1		1			
Ruthenian.....	1		1							
Scotch.....	3								1	2
Slovak.....	3				1				1	1
Swedish.....	61			1	2	1	11	12	14	20
Welsh.....	1									1
Belgian (race not specified).....	132	4	8	3	5	3	13	14	37	45
Swiss (race not specified).....	3				2				1	
Total.....	654	11	26	73	68	50	136	54	77	159

TABLE 10.—Number of foreign-born male employees in the United States each specified number of years, by race—Bottles.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.								
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1									1
Bulgarian.....	1									1
Canadian, French.....	1									1
Canadian, Other.....	7						2	1	3	1
Danish.....	1									1
Dutch.....	1									1
English.....	39			2	2	1	3	2	1	28
Finnish.....	1			1						
French.....	10			2				1	2	5
German.....	111	2		3	2	2	4	4	19	75
Greek.....	3	1		1			1			
Irish.....	20	1							1	18
Italian, North.....	92	9	2	12	24	12	24	6	2	1
Italian, South.....	352	47	11	68	79	36	85	15	5	6
Lithuanian.....	1							1		
Macedonian.....	2		2							
Magyar.....	33	1	3	16	5	5	3			
Norwegian.....	3									3
Polish.....	95	23	8	22	16	6	12	4	2	2
Roumanian.....	50		7	25	13	3	2			
Russian.....	15	3	2	3	4	1	2			
Ruthenian.....	8	1		4	2		1			
Scotch.....	14	1		1					1	11
Servian.....	7			2	2	2	1			
Slovak.....	43	6	5	6	5	5	9	1	4	2
Slovenian.....	6		1	1	2		2			
Swedish.....	24				1		6	2	3	12
Syrian.....	28	1	1	8	4	2	10	2		
Welsh.....	5								1	4
Austrian (race not specified).....	7						2	1	4	
Belgian (race not specified).....	1							1	1	
Swiss (race not specified).....	5						2			3
Total.....	987	96	42	177	161	75	171	40	49	176

TABLE 11.—Number of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.									
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.	
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9			1	1		3		4		
Bulgarian.....	1					1					
Canadian (other than French).....	1									1	
Croatian.....	6					3	3				
Danish.....	1			1							
Dutch.....	1					1					
English.....	35		1	1	3		2	5	8	15	
Finnish.....	1							1			
French.....	40	1	1		1	2	19	1	8	7	
German.....	289	4	16	14	25	19	41	14	60	96	
Hebrew, Russian.....	1								1		
Irish.....	29			3				1	2	23	
Italian, North.....	51		4	6	4	8	19	3	7		
Italian, South.....	84	2	4	12	10	8	25	14	8	1	
Lithuanian.....	17		1	2	3		6	3	2		
Magyar.....	17		1	1	8	2	3	2			
Polish.....	89		18	9	7	5	19	7	15	9	
Russian.....	19		1	3	1	5	6	3			
Scotch.....	5								2	3	
Slovak.....	96	1	10	20	12	11	26	3	6	7	
Slovenian.....	2						2				
Swedish.....	14			1	2	4	5	1		1	
Syrian.....	5		1	1	1		2				
Welsh.....	6						2	2		2	
Austrian (race not specified).....	2							1	1		
Belgian (race not specified).....	42		3	3	4	4	14	1	7	6	
Swiss (race not specified).....	2						1			1	
Total.....	865	8	61	78	82	73	198	62	131	172	

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	1								1	
Canadian, French.....	1									1
English.....	7						3	1	2	1
French.....	13	2	1		3	2		1	4	
German.....	22		2	1	3	1	5		5	5
Italian, North.....	3						1	1	1	
Italian, South.....	6		2			1	1	2		
Lithuanian.....	3		1						2	
Magyar.....	4		1				2	1		
Polish.....	19	2	3	1	2	1	2	4	4	
Russian.....	4	1			1	1				1
Scotch.....	2							2		
Slovak.....	23	1	3	9	2	2	6			
Swedish.....	2								2	
Welsh.....	5						1		1	3
Belgian (race not specified).....	21	2	3	1	2	2	8		3	
Swiss (race not specified).....	1								1	
Total.....	137	8	16	12	13	10	29	12	26	11

TABLE 11.—Number of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race—Tableware—Continued.

TOTAL.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.								
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	10			1	1		3		5	
Bulgarian.....	1					1				
Canadian, French.....	1									1
Canadian, Other.....	1									1
Croatian.....	6					3	3			
Danish.....	1			1						
Dutch.....	1					1				
English.....	42		1	1	3		5	6	10	16
Finnish.....	1							1		
French.....	53	3	2		4	4	19	2	12	7
German.....	311	4	18	15	28	20	46	14	65	101
Hebrew, Russian.....	1								1	
Irish.....	29			3				1	2	23
Italian, North.....	54		4	6	4	8	20	4	8	
Italian, South.....	90	2	6	12	10	9	26	16	8	1
Lithuanian.....	20		2	2	3		6	3	4	
Magyar.....	21		2	1	8	2	5	3		
Polish.....	108	2	21	10	9	6	21	11	19	9
Russian.....	23	1	1	3	2	6	6	3		1
Scotch.....	7							2	2	3
Slovak.....	119	2	13	29	14	13	32	3	6	7
Slovenian.....	2						2			
Swedish.....	16			1	2	4	5	1	2	1
Syrian.....	5		1	1	1		2			
Welsh.....	11						3	2	1	5
Austrian (race not specified).....	2							1	1	
Belgian (race not specified).....	63	2	6	4	6	6	22	1	10	6
Swiss (race not specified).....	3						1		1	1
Total.....	1,002	16	77	90	95	83	227	74	157	183

TABLE 12.—Number of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race—Industry as a whole.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.								
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Albanian.....	8	1	2	3	1		1			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	33	1	2	2	3		4		15	6
Bulgarian.....	75	4	17	33	12	6	2			1
Canadian, French.....	4							2		2
Canadian, Other.....	17					1	2	3	4	7
Croatian.....	12				1	4	6	1		
Danish.....	6			1			1	1		3
Dutch.....	6	1	1	1		1	1			1
Egyptian.....	4		1		3					
English.....	191		3	8	10	3	8	8	18	133
Finnish.....	2			1				1		
Flemish.....	6			3			1	1		3
French.....	120	1	2	2	1	2	35	3	30	44
German.....	679	6	18	26	37	29	73	34	152	304
Greek.....	117	15	23	43	12	7	14	1	1	1
Hebrew, Russian.....	4		2	1					1	
Irish.....	68	1		3			2	2	5	55
Italian, North.....	281	15	21	57	46	34	73	16	12	7
Italian, South.....	620	52	28	111	113	70	169	43	23	11
Lithuanian.....	27		1	5	5	1	8	5	2	
Macedonian.....	61	9	16	27	9					
Magyar.....	208	5	8	63	37	33	46	11	3	2
Montenegrin.....	1				1					
Norwegian.....	4									4
Polish.....	644	39	39	120	78	61	183	41	48	35
Portuguese.....	1						1			
Roumanian.....	96	6	14	48	21	3	4			
Russian.....	143	11	8	30	18	12	48	12	4	
Ruthenian.....	32	1	4	8	3	4	8	2	1	1
Scotch.....	28	1		2	1				5	19
Servian.....	8		1	2	2	2	1			
Slovak.....	691	30	50	128	101	81	197	44	37	23
Slovenian.....	19	1	1	1	4		10	1		1
Swedish.....	102			2	5	5	22	15	17	36
Syrian.....	33	1	2	9	5	2	12	2		
Turkish.....	2			2						
Welsh.....	12						2	2	1	7
Austrian (race not specified).....	10						3	2	5	
Belgian (race not specified).....	255	4	13	7	10	9	30	21	74	87
Swiss (race not specified).....	14				2		3		1	8
Total.....	4,644	205	277	746	541	370	970	274	460	801

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	1								1	1
Canadian, French.....	1									1
English.....	7						3	1	2	1
French.....	13	2	1		3	2		1	4	5
German.....	22		2	1	3	1	5		5	5
Italian, North.....	3						1	1	1	
Italian, South.....	6		2			1	1	2		
Lithuanian.....	3		1						2	
Magyar.....	4		1				2	1		
Polish.....	19	2	3	1	2	1	2	4	4	
Russian.....	4	1			1	1				1
Scotch.....	2							2		
Slovak.....	23	1	3	9	2	2	6			
Swedish.....	2								2	
Welsh.....	5						1		1	3
Belgian (race not specified).....	21	2	3	1	2	2	8		3	
Swiss (race not specified).....	1								1	
Total.....	137	8	16	12	13	10	29	12	26	11

TABLE 12.—Number of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race—Industry as a whole—Continued.

TOTAL.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.								
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Albanian.....	8	1	2	3	1		1			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	34	1	2	2	3		4		16	6
Bulgarian.....	75	4	17	33	12	6	2			1
Canadian French.....	5							2		3
Canadian, Other.....	17					1	2	3	4	7
Croatian.....	12				1	4	6	1		
Danish.....	6			1			1	1		3
Dutch.....	6	1	1	1		1	1			1
Egyptian.....	4		1		3					
English.....	198		3	8	10	3	11	9	20	134
Finnish.....	2			1				1		
Flemish.....	6						1	1	1	3
French.....	133	3	3	2	4	4	35	4	34	44
German.....	701	6	20	27	40	30	78	34	157	309
Greek.....	117	15	23	43	12	7	14	1	1	1
Hebrew, Russian.....	4		2	1					1	
Irish.....	68	1		3			2	2	5	55
Italian, North.....	284	15	21	57	46	34	74	17	13	7
Italian, South.....	626	52	30	111	113	71	170	45	23	11
Lithuanian.....	30		2	5	5	1	8	5	4	
Macedonian.....	61	9	16	27	9					
Magyar.....	212	5	9	63	37	33	48	12	3	2
Montenegrin.....	1				1					
Norwegian.....	4									4
Polish.....	663	41	42	121	80	62	185	45	52	35
Portuguese.....	1						1			
Roumanian.....	96	6	14	48	21	3	4			
Russian.....	147	12	8	30	19	13	48	12	4	1
Ruthenian.....	32	1	4	8	3	4	8	2	1	1
Scotch.....	30	1		2	1			2	5	19
Servian.....	8		1	2	2	2	1			
Slovak.....	714	31	53	137	103	83	203	44	37	23
Slovenian.....	19	1	1	1	4		10	1		1
Swedish.....	104			2	5	5	22	15	19	36
Syrian.....	33	1	2	9	5	2	12	2		
Turkish.....	2			2						
Welsh.....	17						3	2	2	10
Austrian (race not specified).....	10						3	2	5	
Belgian (race not specified).....	276	6	16	8	12	11	38	21	77	87
Swiss (race not specified).....	15				2		3		2	8
Total.....	4,781	213	293	758	554	380	999	286	486	812

TABLE 13.—Number of foreign-born persons in the United States, each specified number of years, by sex and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.								
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Canadian (other than French).....	1					1				
English.....	2		1							1
Flemish.....	66		2			6	7	2	15	34
French.....	13						3		5	5
German.....	118		4	6	3	2	10	9	31	53
Italian, North.....	40	3	4	5	5	5	15	3		
Italian, South.....	28		2	6	3	3	10	1	2	1
Magyar.....	51	7	2	11	5	5	19	2		
Polish.....	172	4	3	16	14	16	76	21	16	6
Slovak.....	216	4	4	16	20	27	93	23	20	9
Total.....	707	18	22	60	50	65	233	61	89	109

FEMALE.

Canadian (other than French).....	2									2
Danish.....	1		1							
English.....	5									5
Flemish.....	69		2			5	10	2	16	34
French.....	12	1					1		6	4
German.....	90		1	3	4	4	5	16	21	36
Italian, North.....	37	8	8	11	5	1	4			
Italian, South.....	14		3		4	1	5			1
Magyar.....	34	3	4	7	8		12			
Polish.....	146	2	7	15	19	26	53	14	5	5
Slovak.....	198	2	8	22	40	24	75	16	9	2
Welsh.....	1									1
Total.....	609	16	34	58	80	61	165	48	57	90

TOTAL.

Canadian (other than French).....	3					1				2
Danish.....	1		1							
English.....	7		1							6
Flemish.....	135		4			11	17	4	31	68
French.....	25	1					4		11	9
German.....	208		5	9	7	6	15	25	52	89
Italian, North.....	77	11	12	16	10	6	19	3		
Italian, South.....	42		5	6	7	4	15	1	2	2
Magyar.....	85	10	6	18	13	5	31	2		
Polish.....	318	6	10	31	33	42	129	35	21	11
Slovak.....	414	6	12	38	60	51	168	39	29	11
Welsh.....	1									1
Total.....	1,316	34	56	118	130	126	398	109	146	199

TABLE 14.—Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born males who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number without occupation.	Number working for wages.						Number working without wages.			Number working for profit.		
			Farm laborers.	General laborers.	Glass factory operatives.	In hand trades.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farm laborers.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farmers.	In other occupations.	Total.
Flemish.....	43	1	.....	.....	12	7	21	40	1	.....	1	.....	1	1
French.....	9	2	.....	.....	2	1	4	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
German.....	68	2	5	2	23	6	19	55	6	1	7	1	3	4
Italian, North.....	31	1	.....	4	.....	7	4	15	12	3	12	3	.....	3
Italian, South.....	19	2	6	3	.....	1	1	11	5	.....	5	1	.....	1
Magyar.....	34	.....	13	.....	.....	2	1	16	3	.....	3	13	2	15
Polish.....	145	3	50	6	4	15	15	90	41	.....	41	7	4	11
Slovak.....	177	1	68	7	.....	18	30	123	38	.....	38	11	4	15
Total.....	526	12	142	22	41	57	95	357	106	1	107	36	14	50

TABLE 15.—Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number without occupation.	Number working for wages.						Number working without wages.			Number working for profit.			
			Farm laborers.	Glass factory operatives.	In domestic service.	Other factory operatives.	In sewing, embroidering, and lace making.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farm laborers.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farmers.	In other occupations.	Total.
Danish.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
English.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Flemish.....	40	28	2	.....	3	.....	4	1	10	.....	2	2	.....	.....
French.....	7	2	.....	.....	1	2	1	1	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German.....	56	35	1	10	1	.....	3	15	2	4	6	.....	.....	.....
Italian, North.....	28	6	.....	.....	3	.....	2	5	15	1	16	1	.....	1
Italian, South.....	11	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Magyar.....	27	15	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	10	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	111	27	36	.....	11	.....	1	48	33	.....	33	1	2	3
Slovak.....	156	33	56	.....	20	3	1	80	42	1	43	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	438	157	94	1	58	6	9	6	174	95	8	103	2	2	4

TABLE 16.—Occupation of foreign-born male employees before coming to the United States, by race—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who were engaged in—						
		Glass manufacturing.	Other manufacturing.	Farming or farm labor.	General labor.	Hand trades.	Domestic service.	Trade.	Other occupations.
Albanian.....	8		1	1	5		1	
Bohemian and Moravian.....	14	5	2	5	2			
Bulgarian.....	71		1	52	10	4		4
Canadian, French.....	2		1			1		
Canadian, Other.....	3		1	2				
Croatian.....	2			2				
Danish.....	1		1					
Dutch.....	4		2	1		1		
Egyptian.....	3				2	1		
English.....	49	28	8		1	3		1
Flemish.....	3	1	1					1
French.....	37	15		6	7	5		1
German.....	165	47	33	21	24	22		6
Greek.....	102		3	48	31	10	1	5
Irish.....	7	1		5	1			
Italian, North.....	40			26	6	7		1
Italian, South.....	18			11	3	1		3
Lithuanian.....	1							1
Macedonian.....	52			33	13	2	1	3
Magyar.....	144	1	4	79	49	8	1	1
Montenegrin.....	1					1		
Polish.....	386	1	10	194	124	39	5	2
Portuguese.....	1			1				
Roumanian.....	37		2	20	12	1	1	1
Russian.....	96	1	2	72	13	4	1	2
Ruthenian.....	23			18	3	2		
Scotch.....	5	4	1					
Servian.....	1							1
Slovak.....	521	3	22	378	33	54	1	14
Slovenian.....	10			5	2	1		1
Swedish.....	2			1			1	
Turkish.....	2			1			1	
Austrian (race not specified).....	1							1
Belgian (race not specified).....	49	21	8		4	6	1	
Swiss (race not specified).....	3			1		1		1
Total.....	1,864	128	103	983	345	174	15	43

TABLE 17.—Occupation of foreign-born male employees before coming to the United States, by race—Window glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who were engaged in—							
		Manu- facture of glass.	Other manu- facturing.	Farm- ing or farm labor.	General labor.	Hand trades.	Domes- tic service.	Trade.	Other occupa- tions.
Bohemian and Moravian	1					1			
Canadian (other than French)	2		1	1					
Danish	2			1	1				
English	14	10	1						3
French	15	8		1		2			4
German	6	2	1	1					2
Greek	5			4	1				
Hebrew, Russian	3				1	1		1	
Irish	2	1				1			
Italian, North	83		3	36	18	8	7	3	8
Italian, South	138		4	58	40	18	1	1	16
Lithuanian	8		1	6		1			
Magyar	8		1	7					
Norwegian	1		1						
Polish	36		1	24	7	4			
Roumanian	6			6					
Russian	2			2					
Ruthenian	1			1					
Slovak	2			2					
Swedish	49	3	1	24	14	3			4
Belgian (race not specified)	70	54	4		3	3		3	3
Swiss (race not specified)	2					2			
Total	456	78	19	174	85	44	8	8	40

TABLE 18.—Occupation of foreign-born male employees before coming to the United States, by race—Bottles.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who were engaged in—							
		Glass.	Other manu- facturing.	Farm- ing or farm labor.	General labor.	Hand trades.	Domes- tic service.	Trade.	Other occupa- tions.
Canadian (other than French)	5	3			2				
English	10	1	3		1	2		1	2
French	3	3							
German	18	2	1	3	4	5			3
Greek	1				1				
Irish	5			3	2				
Italian, North	66		2	17	22	12	1	2	10
Italian, South	287		1	87	131	40		10	18
Lithuanian	1			1					
Macedonian	2			2					
Magyar	34		1	26	1	5		1	
Polish	23		1	14	5	2			1
Roumanian	48			46		2			
Russian	12			7	2	3			
Ruthenian	7		1	5		1			
Scotch	3	2				1			
Servian	7			5	1				1
Slovak	2			1	1				
Slovenian	1			1					
Swedish	8	5		1		1	1		
Syrian	2			2					
Welsh	4		2		1				1
Total	549	16	12	221	174	74	2	14	36

TABLE 19.—Occupation of foreign-born male employees before coming to the United States, by race—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who were engaged in—							
		Glass.	Other manufacturing.	Farming or farm labor.	General labor.	Hand trades.	Domestic service.	Trade.	Other occupations.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	5	4				1			
Bulgarian.....	1	1							
Croatian.....	5	5							
Danish.....	1	1							
English.....	8	4			2		1		1
Finnish.....	1	1							
French.....	20	16		4					
German.....	184	84	16	56	14	10	2		2
Irish.....	14	2		6	6				
Italian, North.....	28	2		12	6	7		1	
Italian, South.....	22	3		9	4	3		1	2
Lithuanian.....	9			9					
Magyar.....	5	3		1		1			
Polish.....	47	10	4	22	7	1	1		2
Russian.....	8	1		6	1				
Scotch.....	3	2							1
Slovak.....	71	11	3	48	6	3			
Slovenian.....	2				2				
Swedish.....	9	8	1						
Syrian.....	2					1		1	
Welsh.....	1								1
Belgian (race not specified).....	22	16	1	2		2			1
Swiss (race not specified).....	2	1	1						
Total.....	470	175	26	175	48	29	4	3	10

TABLE 20.—Occupation of foreign-born female employees before coming to the United States, by race—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who were engaged in—						
		Glass.	Other manufacturing.	Farming or farm labor.	Domestic service.	Sewing, embroidering, and lace making.	Teaching.	Trade.
French.....	3	1			1			1
German.....	2	1			1			
Slovak.....	2			2				
Welsh.....	1							1
Belgian (race not specified).....	2	2						
Total.....	10	4		3	1			2

TABLE 21.—Number of males 16 years of age or over in each specified industry, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[The main headings used in this table follow the classification of the United States census with these modifications: General Labor is here separate from Domestic and Personal Service; Fishing and Mining are each separate from Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits; Trade and Transportation are distinct from each other.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Total number.	Agricultural pursuits.	Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits.		Mining.	Trade.	Transportation.	At home.	At school.
			Glass.	Other.					
Native-born of native father, White.....	148	1	136	4			1	3	3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
Flemish.....	14		10	2	1				1
French.....	6		4	1				1	
German.....	36		33			1	1		1
Polish.....	6	1	5						
Slovak.....	7		6						1
Total.....	69	1	58	3	1	1	1	1	3
Total native-born.....	217	2	194	7	1	1	2	4	6
Foreign-born:									
English.....	2		1					1	
Flemish.....	61		61						
French.....	13		13						
German.....	108		104	2			1	1	
Italian, North.....	35		32						3
Italian, South.....	24		21				3		
Magyar.....	37		32					5	
Polish.....	157		152					4	1
Slovak.....	192		189					1	2
Total foreign-born.....	629		605	2			4	12	6
Grand total.....	846	2	799	9	1	1	6	16	12

TABLE 22.—Number of females 16 years of age or over in each specified industry, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[The main headings used in this table follow the classification of the United States census with these modifications: General Labor is here separate from Domestic and Personal Service; Fishing and Mining are each separate from Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits; Trade and Transportation are distinct from each other.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Total number.	Agricultural pursuits.	Domestic and personal service.	Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits.		Trade.	Transportation.	At home.	At school.
				Glass.	Other.				
Native-born of native father, White.....	136	1	3	2	5	2		122	1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
English.....	7							7	
Flemish.....	14		2	2	1	3		5	1
French.....	4		1	1				2	
German.....	38		2		4			30	2
Italian, North.....	2							2	
Polish.....	9		1		2			6	
Slovak.....	5							5	
Total.....	79		6	3	7	3		57	3
Total native-born.....	215	1	9	5	12	5		179	4
Foreign-born:									
Canadian (other than French).....	2							2	
Danish.....	1							1	
English.....	5							5	
Flemish.....	64		1	4	2		2	55	
French.....	11	1						10	
Germany.....	83				2			81	
Italian, North.....	29							29	
Italian, South.....	12							12	
Magyar.....	29				1			28	
Polish.....	127			1				125	1
Slovak.....	171		1	1				168	1
Welsh.....	1							1	
Total foreign-born.....	535	1	2	6	5		2	517	2
Grand total.....	750	2	11	11	17	5	2	696	6

TABLE 23.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Plate glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.																	
			Under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$15.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 under and \$17.50.	\$17.50 and under \$20.	\$20 and under \$22.50.	\$22.50 and under \$25.	\$25 or over.							
Native-born of native father:																				
White.....	959	\$12.86	....	4	2	269	270	149	154	60	23	8	20							
Negro.....	92	12.90	....			18	19	31	23	1										
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																				
Austria-Hungary.....	2	(a)	....			1	1													
Belgium.....	6	(a)	....			1	2	1	1		1									
Canada.....	8	(a)	....			1	1	2	3											
England.....	34	14.60	....	1		5	8	4	8	2	3	2	1							
France.....	13	13.78	....			2	4	2	3	1										
Germany.....	110	13.38	....		1	30	23	14	23	11	5	2	1							
Ireland.....	30	14.15	....			7	6	6	5	3	1		2							
Italy.....	1	(a)	....																
Russia.....	3	(a)	....			2		1												
Scotland.....	6	(a)	....			1	2	1	1	1										
Spain.....	1	(a)	....			1														
Sweden.....	3	(a)	....			1		1	1											
Switzerland.....	4	(a)	....			1														
Wales.....	2	(a)	....			1	1													
Total.....	223	13.67	....	1	1	54	48	34	45	20	11	5	4							
Total native-born.....	1,274	13.00	....	5	3	341	337	214	222	81	34	13	24							
Foreign-born, by race:																				
Albanian.....	8	(a)	....			8														
Bohemian and Moravian.....	21	12.40	....			10	2	3	5											1
Bulgarian.....	69	9.07	....		1	64	4													
Canadian, French.....	2	(a)	....			1	1													
Canadian, Other.....	5	(a)	....			1	2			2										
Croatian.....	2	(a)	....			1	1													
Danish.....	1	(a)	....			1														
Dutch.....	4	(a)	....			2			1		1									
Egyptian.....	2	(a)	....			2														
English.....	67	12.81	....		1	26	7	7	8	10	4		4							
Flemish.....	6	(a)	....			4		1	1											
French.....	50	11.75	....			21	14	9	3	2										1
German.....	222	13.28	....			55	45	44	52	17	4	1	4							
Greek.....	89	9.05	....		4	84				1										
Irish.....	11	11.93	....			6	1	1	2	1										
Italian, North.....	37	13.86	....			22	11					1	3							
Italian, South.....	20	11.60	....			9	8			1	2									
Lithuanian.....	1	(a)	....						1											
Macedonian.....	59	8.94	....		3	56														
Magyar.....	144	10.85	....			69	44	13	14	4										
Montenegrin.....	1	(a)	....					1												
Polish.....	403	11.24	....		1	178	130	53	25	11	2		3							
Portuguese.....	1	(a)	....			1														
Roumanian.....	40	9.48	....			33	7													
Russian.....	83	10.94	....			56	21	3	2	1										
Ruthenian.....	21	11.10	....			9	9			2	1									
Scotch.....	6	(a)	....							2	2	1	1							
Servian.....	1	(a)	....					1												
Slovak.....	513	11.10	....			238	147	49	65	13	1		1							
Slovenian.....	11	11.26	....			6	1	2	1											
Swedish.....	3	(a)	....					1	1	1										
Turkish.....	2	(a)	....					2												
Austrian (race not specified).....	1	(a)	....					1												
Belgian (race not specified).....	77	13.99	....			13	9	27	18	7	1	1	1							
Swiss (race not specified).....	4	(a)	....			2	1			1										
Total foreign-born.....	1,987	11.48	....			10	979	469	214	203	76	19	3	14						
Grand total.....	3,261	12.07	....	5		131	320	806	428	425	157	53	16	38						

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 24.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.																						
			Under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$17.50.	\$17.50 and under \$20.	\$20 and under \$22.50.	\$22.50 and under \$25.	\$25 and under \$30.	\$30 or over.											
Native-born of native father:																									
White.....	601	\$15.58				89	152	56	89	84	50	30	35	16											
Negro.....	16	12.63				5	6		1	3	1														
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																									
Belgium.....	14	17.86				1	2			7	1	1	2												
Canada.....	2	(a)				1			1																
Denmark.....	2	(a)					1			1															
England.....	35	18.30				2	5	2	3	7	9	3	3	1											
France.....	12	18.50				1	1		2	3	2	1	2												
Germany.....	71	17.98				10	9	4	6	14	12	5	6	5											
Ireland.....	31	16.20				3	8	3	6	3	4	1	2	1											
Italy.....	1	(a)					1																		
Scotland.....	3	(a)				2			1																
Sweden.....	9	(a)				2	3	1	2	1															
Switzerland.....	1	(a)																							
Total.....	181	17.22				22	30	10	21	37	28	11	15	7											
Total native-born.....	798	15.89				116	188	66	111	124	79	41	50	23											
Foreign-born, by race:																									
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	(a)																						1	
Canadian (other than French).....	4	(a)					1		1	1	1														
Croatian.....	4	(a)				2		2																	
Danish.....	3	(a)				1	1																	1	
English.....	45	17.05				4	9	2	6	9	7	5	3												
French.....	17	16.04				2	3	4	2	2	2	1	1												
German.....	29	17.06				3	7	1	4	3	6	2	2	1											
Greek.....	4	(a)					4																		
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	(a)				2	1																		
Irish.....	6	(a)							1	2	2														
Italian, North.....	976	11.29				1	35	40	12	5	2	1	1												
Italian, South.....	160	10.77				1	61	76	14	6		1													
Lithuanian.....	8	(a)					1	7																	
Magyar.....	9	(a)					3	5	1																
Norwegian.....	1	(a)									1														
Polish.....	41	11.45					3	30	7	1															
Roumanian.....	6	(a)					5		1																
Russian.....	2	(a)					1	1																	
Ruthenian.....	1	(a)					1																		
Scotch.....	3	(a)						1		1															
Slovak.....	3	(a)						2	1																
Swedish.....	55	12.99					9	22	11	6	2	4													
Welsh.....	1	(a)						1																	
Belgian (race not specified).....	128	20.13					5	12	4	5	38	8	16	35	5										
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	(a)						2			1														
Total foreign-born.....	634	14.11				3	137	225	60	37	61	33	23	43	12										
Grand total.....	1,432	15.11				3	253	413	126	148	185	112	64	93	35										

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

(a) Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 25.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.														
			Under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$17.50.	\$17.50 and under \$20.	\$20 and under \$22.50.	\$22.50 and under \$25.	\$25 and under \$27.50.	\$27.50 and under \$30.	\$30 and under \$35.	\$35 and under \$40.	\$40 or over.
Native-born of native father:																	
White.....	1,561	\$16.87	5	150	341	254	115	107	120	76	56	69	16	49	171	32	
Negro.....	118	9.98		23	55	18	15	6									
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																	
Australia.....	3	(a)															3
Austria-Hungary.....	18	18.58		3	1	4	4									6	
Belgium.....	1	(a)	1														
Canada.....	5	(a)				2		1	1	1							
England.....	53	20.98		3	8	6	3	1	6	4	4	2		2	14		
France.....	14	19.83		2	2	2		2		1	1	1			1	2	
Germany.....	201	19.87	2	19	27	26	12	5	23	7	7	19	2	9	40	3	
Ireland.....	97	18.62	1	6	20	13	2	7	9	5	2	10	5	7	8	2	
Italy.....	12	10.51	2	6	1			1	1							1	
Netherlands.....	3	(a)						2								1	
Russia.....	2	(a)			1		1										
Scotland.....	19	23.07	1	2		2	1	1		2	1	1		1	7		
Spain.....	1	(a)						1									
Sweden.....	6	(a)		1	1	1		1							2		
Switzerland.....	6	(a)							2		2	2					
Wales.....	8	(a)			5				1	1						1	
Total.....	449	19.54	7	42	66	56	23	22	43	21	17	35	7	19	81	10	
Total native-born.....	2,128	17.05	12	215	462	328	153	135	163	97	73	105	23	68	252	42	
Foreign-born, by race:																	
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	(a)															1
Bulgarian.....	1	(a)				1											
Canadian, French.....	1	(a)							1								
Canadian, Other.....	7	(a)							1				1	1			4
Danish.....	1	(a)													1		
Dutch.....	1	(a)											1				
English.....	35	22.20		2	3	3	1	4	3	2	4		2	3	8		
Finnish.....	1	(a)							1								
French.....	10	22.40			2			1	1	1				1	3	1	
German.....	108	22.43		2	15	12	10	13	6	1	3	1	3	3	38	1	
Greek.....	3	(a)		1	1	1											
Irish.....	20	15.84		1	5	4	4	1		1				2	2		
Italian, North.....	80	8.61	3	33	35	7		1							1		
Italian, South.....	315	8.70		77	174	61	3										
Lithuanian.....	1	(a)		1													
Macedonian.....	2	(a)		2													
Magyar.....	32	10.11			3	29											
Norwegian.....	3	(a)														3	
Polish.....	94	10.73		16	23	29	17	9									
Roumanian.....	47	9.74		4	3	40											
Russian.....	14	7.48		1	7	4	2										
Ruthenian.....	7	(a)		7													
Scotch.....	12	23.23			1	1	1	1	1	1	1			2	3		
Servian.....	7	(a)			4	3											

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 25.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Bottles—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.														
			Under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$17.50.	\$17.50 and under \$20.	\$20 and under \$22.50.	\$22.50 and under \$25.	\$25 and under \$27.50.	\$27.50 and under \$30.	\$30 and under \$35.	\$35 and under \$40.	\$40 or over.
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.																	
Slovak.....	40	\$10.84				12	22	4	2								
Slovenian.....	6	(a)	1	1	4												
Swedish.....	21	25.31	1	2	2		2		2		2					8	2
Syrian.....	25	11.68			1	11	13										
Welsh.....	5	(a)			2	1		1								1	
Austrian (race not specified).....	5	(a)			2	1	2										
Belgian (race not specified).....	1	(a)		1													
Swiss (race not specified).....	4	(a)		1			3										
Total foreign-born.....	910	12.63	5	156	293	234	58	35	16	6	10	3	7	13	66	8	
Grand total.....	3,038	15.73	17	371	755	562	211	170	179	103	83	108	30	81	318	50	

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 26.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.													
			Under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$17.50.	\$17.50 and under \$20.	\$20 and under \$22.50.	\$22.50 and under \$25.	\$25 and under \$27.50.	\$27.50 and under \$30.	\$30 or over.	
Native-born of native father:																
White.....	741	\$14.29	1	2	79	159	112	68	108	54	113	24	15	2	4	
Negro.....	9	(a)				3	4		2							
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																
Austria-Hungary.....	17	10.17		1	4	3	2	6	1							
Canada.....	1	(a)				1										
Denmark.....	1	(a)				1										
England.....	33	15.07		1	2	3	3	6	7	3	6		2			
France.....	8	(a)			1		2	1	1	1			1	1		
Germany.....	271	15.56		1	21	34	36	34	36	26	49	12	19	1	2	
Ireland.....	59	14.86		1	5	7	14	6	12	1	5		2	3	3	
Italy.....	1	(a)						1								
Russia.....	13	13.58			2	1	2	3	1	2	2					
Scotland.....	6	(a)			1	1	1	1		1	1					
Sweden.....	1	(a)						1								
Switzerland.....	6	(a)				2		1			1		1			
Wales.....	7	(a)				2	1		1		3					
Total.....	424	15.07	4	36	54	62	60	59	34	67	13	25	5	5		
Total native-born.....	1,174	14.56	1	6	115	216	178	128	169	88	180	37	40	7	9	

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 26.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Tableware—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.														
			Under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$17.50.	\$17.50 and under \$20.	\$20 and under \$22.50.	\$22.50 and under \$25.	\$25 and under \$27.50.	\$27.50 and under \$30.	\$30 or over.		
Foreign-born, by race:																	
Bohemian and Moravian	6	(a)				2	1			1	1					1	
Bulgarian	1	(a)									1						
Canadian (other than French)	1	(a)								1							
Croatian	5	(a)			1							1				1	2
Danish	1	(a)					1										
Dutch	1	(a)															1
English	25	\$15.57			1	5	3	2	6	2	2	1			1	1	2
Finnish	1	(a)														1	
French	30	14.88			1	9	5	4	1	1	3	2		3	1	1	
German	257	15.68			5	55	47	21	34	26	31	6		13	13	6	
Hebrew, Russian	1	(a)						1									
Irish	24	13.93				5	5	6	4	1	3						
Italian, North	35	11.25		1	2	13	10	4	1	2	1	1					
Italian, South	54	12.19		2	2	15	10	16	5		1	1				2	
Lithuanian	13	11.54			1	3	5			2							
Magyar	9	(a)				2	1	4	2								
Polish	72	11.26		2	10	22	11	11	11	4					1		
Russian	15	9.45		1		10	2	1	1								
Scotch	5	(a)				1	2			2							
Slovak	78	10.15		1	4	42	22	5		2	1	1					
Slovenian	2	(a)				1	1										
Swedish	9	(a)				1				1	3	1		1	1	1	1
Syrian	5	(a)				3	1		1								
Welsh	2	(a)					1			1							
Austrian (race not specified)	1	(a)							1								
Belgian (race not specified)	29	14.08		1	2	6	6	3	3	1	3	1		2			1
Swiss (race not specified)	2	(a)								1	1						
Total foreign-born	684	13.59			8	32	193	133	80	72	47	51	14	23	23	8	
Grand total	1,858	14.20	1	14	147	409	311	208	241	135	231	51	63	30	17		

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 27.—Number of female employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.					
			Under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 or over.	
Native-born of native father:								
White.....	144	\$5.61	57	63	17	7		
Negro.....	1	(a)	1					
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:								
Austria-Hungary.....	4	(a)	3	1				
Belgium.....	6	(a)	1	5				
Canada.....	1	(a)	1					
England.....	15	6.44	7	2	3	3		
France.....	3	(a)	1	2				
Germany.....	97	5.86	1	36	33	24	3	
Ireland.....	13	5.25		6	5	2		
Italy.....	2	(a)		1	1			
Russia.....	4	(a)	1	2		1		
Sweden.....	1	(a)			1			
Wales.....	2	(a)		1	1			
Total.....	148	5.71	2	59	51	30	6	
Total native-born.....	293	5.66	2	117	114	47	13	
Foreign-born, by race:								
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	(a)				1		
Canadian, French.....	1	(a)				1		
English.....	4	(a)			2	2		
French.....	8	(a)		2	5	1		
German.....	18	5.75		5	10	3		
Italian, North.....	1	(a)		1				
Italian, South.....	4	(a)		2	2			
Lithuanian.....	3	(a)		2	1			
Magyar.....	1	(a)			1			
Polish.....	13	4.53		8	5			
Russian.....	4	(a)	1	2	1			
Scotch.....	1	(a)		1				
Slovak.....	17	\$4.44		12	5			
Welsh.....	5	(a)		2	1	2		
Belgian (race not specified).....	7	(a)		2	4	1		
Swiss (race not specified).....	1	(a)			1			
Total foreign-born.....	89	5.14	1	39	38	11		
Grand total.....	382	5.54	3	156	152	58	1	

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

† Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 28.—Number of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Plate glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.					
			Under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 or over.	
Native-born of native father:								
White.....	64	\$7.98		7	14	34	9	
Negro.....	2	(a)				2		
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:								
Austria-Hungary.....	14	8.07		2	2	7	3	
Belgium.....	4	(a)			2	2		
England.....	4	(a)			4			
France.....	3	(a)				2	1	
Germany.....	39	7.42		4	7	28		
Ireland.....	1	(a)				1		
Russia.....	1	(a)			1			
Total.....	66	7.60		6	16	40	4	
Total native-born.....	132	7.81		13	30	76	13	
Foreign-born, by race:								
Canadian, French.....	1	(a)				1		
French.....	1	(a)				1		
German.....	8	(a)		1	2	4	1	
Greek.....	3	(a)			3			
Italian, South.....	2	(a)				1	1	
Polish.....	9	(a)			1	7	1	
Russian.....	3	(a)		1		2		
Ruthenian.....	2	(a)				2		
Slovak.....	13	7.96		1	2	10		
Total foreign-born.....	42	8.04		3	8	28	3	
Grand total.....	174	7.87		16	38	104	16	

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 29.—Number of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.					
			Under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	11	\$10.80			2	3	4	2
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:								
Belgium.....	1	(a)					1	
Italy.....	1	(a)				1		
Scotland.....	1	(a)				1		
Sweden.....	1	(a)			1			
Total.....	4	(a)			1	2	1	
Total native-born.....	15	10.05			3	5	5	2
Foreign-born, by race, Belgian (race not specified).....	3	(a)				1	1	1
Grand total.....	18	10.16			3	6	6	3

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 30.—Number of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.				
			Under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 or over.
Native-born of native father:							
White.....	216	\$5.98		42	146	20	8
Negro.....	16	6.22			15	1	
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:							
Austria-Hungary.....	41	4.98		23	15	1	2
Belgium.....	1	(a)			1		
England.....	13	5.52		3	8	2	
Germany.....	55	5.36		29	20	4	2
Ireland.....	10	7.09		3	4	2	1
Italy.....	8	(a)		7	1		
Russia.....	4	(a)		1	3		
Scotland.....	2	(a)			2		
Sweden.....	1	(a)			1		
Switzerland.....	1	(a)			1		
Total.....	136	5.35		66	56	9	5
Total native-born.....	368	5.76		108	217	30	13
Foreign-born, by race:							
English.....	3	(a)			3		
German.....	3	(a)		2			1
Italian, North.....	11	4.99		8	3		
Italian, South.....	36	6.91		2	24	5	5
Polish.....	1	(a)			1		
Roumanian.....	3	(a)			2	1	
Russian.....	1	(a)			1		
Ruthenian.....	1	(a)		1			
Scotch.....	2	(a)		2			
Slovak.....	3	(a)		2			1
Swedish.....	2	(a)		2			
Syrian.....	3	(a)			1		2
Austrian (race not specified)	2	(a)			2		
Total foreign-born.....	71	6.35		19	37	6	9
Grand total.....	439	5.85		127	254	36	22

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 31.—Number of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.						
			Under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 or over.
Native-born of native father:									
White.....	274	\$6.03		71	149	41	10	2	1
Negro.....	1	(a)				1			
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Austria-Hungary.....	35	6.62		7	20	4		4	
Belgium.....	9	(a)		3	5	1			
Canada.....	1	(a)			1				
England.....	14	5.50		6	6	2			
France.....	8	(a)			7	1			
Germany.....	152	5.34		69	74	4	2		3
Ireland.....	19	5.15		7	11	1			
Italy.....	11	6.27			10	1			
Russia.....	35	5.01		19	14	2			
Scotland.....	4	(a)		1	3				
Sweden.....	2	(a)		1	1				
Switzerland.....	4	(a)		1	2	1			
Wales.....	6	(a)		3	2				1
Total.....	300	5.53		117	156	17	2	4	4
Total native-born.....	575	5.78		188	305	59	12	6	5
Foreign-born, by race:									
Bohemian and Moravian.....	3	(a)		2					1
Croatian.....	1	(a)			1				
English.....	6	(a)		1	5				
French.....	7	(a)		4	4	2		1	
German.....	15	6.72		5	7		1	2	
Irish.....	1	(a)			1				
Italian, North.....	9	(a)		3	3	1		2	
Italian, South.....	22	9.01			7	10		4	1
Lithuanian.....	4	(a)		2	2				
Magyar.....	8	(a)		6	1	1			
Polish.....	11	5.58		6	2	3			
Russian.....	4	(a)		1	2	1			
Slovak.....	11	6.95		3	3	4		1	
Swedish.....	4	(a)			3	1			
Welsh.....	4	(a)		1	3				
Austrian (race not specified).....	1	(a)		1					
Belgian (race not specified).....	9	(a)		3	6				
Total foreign-born.....	120	6.83		34	50	23	1	10	2
Grand total.....	695	7.40		222	355	82	13	16	7

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 32.—Number of female employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.			
			Under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 or over.
Native-born of native father, White	67	\$4.18	.....	55	12	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Austria-Hungary	21	4.38	.....	15	6	.....
Belgium	9	(a)	.....	5	4	.....
England	17	3.89	.....	16	1	.....
France	11	4.23	.....	8	3	.....
Germany	60	4.10	.....	43	17	.....
Ireland	9	(a)	.....	9	.....	.....
Italy	5	(a)	.....	4	1	.....
Russia	13	3.69	.....	12	1	.....
Scotland	6	(a)	.....	4	2	.....
Switzerland	1	(a)	.....	.....	1	.....
Wales	7	(a)	.....	7	.....	.....
Total	159	4.14	.....	123	36	.....
Total native-born	226	4.15	.....	178	48	.....
Foreign-born, by race:						
English	3	(a)	.....	2	1	.....
French	3	(a)	.....	1	2	.....
German	4	(a)	.....	3	1	.....
Italian, North	2	(a)	.....	2	.....	.....
Italian, South	2	(a)	.....	2	.....	.....
Magyar	3	(a)	.....	2	1	.....
Polish	5	(a)	.....	5	.....	.....
Scotch	1	(a)	.....	.....	1	.....
Slovak	6	(a)	.....	5	1	.....
Swedish	2	(a)	.....	2	.....	.....
Belgian (race not specified)	13	5.12	.....	6	7	.....
Total foreign-born	44	4.53	.....	30	14	.....
Grand total	270	4.21	.....	208	62	.....

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 33.—Number of male heads of families earning each specified amount per year, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only male heads of selected families. For selection of families, see p. 243.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages.	Average earnings.	Number earning—										
			Under \$100.	\$100 and under \$200.	\$200 and under \$300.	\$300 and under \$400.	\$400 and under \$500.	\$500 and under \$600.	\$600 and under \$700.	\$700 and under \$800.	\$800 and under \$900.	\$900 and under \$1,000.	\$1,000 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	104	\$791	....	1	3	3	5	11	11	27	13	10	20
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	12	808	....	....	....	1	1	....	3	1	....	3	3
Total native-born.....	116	793	....	1	3	4	6	11	14	28	13	13	23
Foreign-born:													
Flemish.....	50	531	....	5	4	2	10	11	6	9	1	2	....
French.....	11	495	....	1	....	2	3	2	....	....	1	....	....
German.....	86	667	....	2	3	4	13	17	14	14	5	4	10
Italian, North.....	28	465	....	3	1	4	10	4	3	2	....	1	....
Italian, South.....	12	437	....	1	3	3	2	1	....	....	....	1	....
Magyar.....	24	453	....	....	4	3	7	8	....	....	....	....	....
Polish.....	119	575	....	4	3	11	29	19	21	20	5	5	2
Slovak.....	159	513	....	2	4	11	23	41	26	27	16	7	....
Total foreign-born.....	489	549	....	2	20	29	52	115	88	75	62	19	15
Grand total.....	605	596	....	2	21	32	56	121	99	89	90	32	28

TABLE 34.—Yearly earnings (approximate) of males 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages and reporting amount.	Average earnings.	Number earning—											
			Under \$100.	\$100 and under \$150.	\$150 and under \$200.	\$200 and under \$250.	\$250 and under \$300.	\$300 and under \$400.	\$400 and under \$500.	\$500 and under \$600.	\$600 and under \$700.	\$700 and under \$800.	\$800 and under \$1,000.	\$1,000 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	136	\$737	....	2	1	4	3	6	11	14	17	32	24	22
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:														
Flemish.....	6	(a)	....	1	....	....	....	....	2	1	....	1	....	1
French.....	4	(a)	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
German.....	26	631	....	1	1	....	1	....	2	4	3	5	2	4
Polish.....	4	(a)	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	1	....	....
Slovak.....	3	(a)	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....
Total.....	43	592	....	3	2	....	1	1	2	7	7	7	5	4
Total native-born.....	179	703	....	3	4	1	5	4	8	18	21	24	37	28
Foreign-born:														
Flemish.....	60	516	....	3	2	3	3	1	3	13	11	8	9	3
French.....	13	479	....	....	1	....	1	2	3	3	2	....	1	....
German.....	107	654	....	2	2	1	2	4	18	22	15	19	11	11
Italian, North.....	30	458	....	3	....	1	....	6	10	4	3	2	1	....
Italian, South.....	21	364	....	....	1	3	5	1	4	4	1	....	....	....
Magyar.....	29	458	....	....	1	....	2	2	3	7	10	4	....	....
Polish.....	148	562	....	3	4	4	2	14	38	21	25	23	11	3
Slovak.....	181	497	....	3	5	3	6	9	27	45	29	28	16	10
Total foreign-born.....	589	535	....	6	17	16	22	18	63	138	101	85	70	38
Grand total.....	768	574	....	9	21	17	27	22	71	156	122	109	107	66

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 35.—Yearly earnings (approximate) of females 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages and reporting amount.	Average earnings.	Number earning—							
			Under \$100.	\$100 and under \$150.	\$150 and under \$200.	\$200 and under \$250.	\$250 and under \$300.	\$300 and under \$400.	\$400 and under \$500.	\$500 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	5	(a)	.....	1	3	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
Flemish.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
German.....	3	(a)	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Polish.....	3	(a)	.....	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	7	(a)	.....	3	.....	1	2	1	.....	.....
Total native-born.....	12	\$187	3	1	3	1	2	1	1	.....
Foreign-born:										
Flemish.....	5	(a)	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
German.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Magyar.....	1	(a)	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Slovak.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total foreign-born.....	8	(a)	1	1	1	.....	.....	3	.....	2
Grand total.....	20	268	4	2	4	1	2	4	1	2

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 36.—Amount of family income per year, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Average family income.	Number of families having a total income—					
			Under \$300. ^b	\$300 and under \$500.	\$500 and under \$750.	\$750 and under \$1,000.	\$1,000 and under \$1,500.	\$1,500 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	106	\$901	2	7	34	32	21	10
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	12	883	.....	1	3	4	4	.....
Total native-born.....	118	899	2	8	37	36	25	10
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	51	840	4	6	14	17	5	5
French.....	11	777	.....	3	4	2	1	1
German.....	89	849	4	9	28	24	17	7
Italian, North.....	28	541	3	9	14	1	1	.....
Italian, South.....	13	523	2	6	2	3	.....	.....
Magyar.....	24	606	2	4	14	4	.....	.....
Polish.....	119	752	3	28	38	30	14	6
Slovak.....	160	648	10	39	67	26	17	1
Total foreign-born.....	495	720	28	104	181	107	55	20
Grand total.....	613	755	30	112	218	143	80	30

^a For selection of families, see p. 243

^b This column includes 1 family reporting income as "none."

TABLE 37.—Number of families having an income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table excludes 1 family reporting income as "none."]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of families having an income from—				
		Earnings of—		Contributions of children.	Payments of boarders or lodgers.	Other sources.
		Husband.	Wife.			
Native-born of native father, White	106	104	4	18	11	11
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	12	12	.....	2	1	1
Total native-born	118	116	4	20	12	12
Foreign-born:						
Flemish	51	50	3	25	2	11
French	11	11	.....	4	.....	2
German	88	86	1	28	14	7
Italian, North	28	28	.....	1	18	1
Italian, South	13	12	.....	1	9	1
Magyar	24	24	.....	2	22	.....
Polish	119	119	.....	13	67	7
Slovak	160	159	1	12	68	19
Total foreign-born	494	489	5	86	200	48
Grand total	612	605	9	106	212	60

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.

TABLE 38.—Source of family income in detail, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table excludes 1 family reporting income as "none."]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of families having entire income from—											
		Husband.	Husband and wife.	Husband and children.	Husband, wife, and children.	Husband and boarders or lodgers.	Wife.	Wife and children.	Wife and boarders or lodgers.	Children.	Children and boarders or lodgers.	Boarders or lodgers.	Sources or combination of sources not before specified.
Native-born of native father, White	106	69	2	12	1	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	12	8	.....	2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Total native-born	118	77	2	14	1	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15
Foreign-born:													
Flemish	51	20	1	16	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	11
French	11	6	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
German	88	46	.....	18	1	11	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	10
Italian, North	28	9	.....	1	.....	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Italian, South	13	3	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2
Magyar	24	2	.....	.....	.....	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Polish	119	39	.....	7	.....	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11
Slovak	160	72	1	4	.....	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21
Total foreign-born	494	197	2	49	2	181	.....	.....	3	1	.....	.....	59
Grand total	612	274	4	63	3	190	.....	.....	3	1	.....	.....	74

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.

TABLE 39.—Months worked during the past year by persons 16 years of age or over employed away from home, by sex and by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number working full time, months specified.								
		12.	11 and under 12.	10 and under 11.	9 and under 10.	8 and under 9.	7 and under 8.	6 and under 7.	3 and under 6.	Under 3.
Native-born of native father, White.	139	95	10	8	5	5	2	7	6	1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
English.....	12	6			3	1			2	
Flemish.....	5	2		2				1		
French.....	33	21	4	2		1	2	2	1	
German.....	5	5								
Italian, North.....	5	2						1	1	1
Polish.....	5	2								
Slovak.....	60	36	4	4	3	2	2	4	4	1
Total.....	199	131	14	12	8	7	4	11	10	2
Foreign-born:										
Canadian (other than French).....										
Danish.....										
English.....										
Flemish.....	61	17	2	15	9	3	2	3	9	1
French.....	13	6		1	1		1	2	2	
German.....	107	62	6	9	7	11	1	6	4	1
Italian, North.....	30	15	1	2	4	2	1	1	4	
Italian, South.....	24	5		1	1	3	1	4	9	
Magyar.....	29	20			2	1	1	2	3	
Polish.....	148	94	9	9	8	6	1	10	10	1
Slovak.....	183	77	6	22	41	3	4	13	14	3
Welsh.....										
Total foreign-born.....	595	296	24	59	73	29	12	41	55	6
Grand total.....	794	427	38	71	81	36	16	52	65	8

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.	9	3			1	2		2	1	
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
Flemish.....	7	3		1	1	1				1
French.....	2	1		1						
German.....	5	3							2	
Polish.....	2	2								
Total.....	16	9		2	1	1			2	1
Total native-born.....	25	12		2	2	3		2	3	1
Foreign-born:										
Flemish.....	7	4	1		1				1	
German.....	2	1						1		
Slovak.....	2			2						
Total foreign-born.....	11	5	1	2	1			1	1	
Grand total.....	36	17	1	4	3	3		3	4	1

TABLE 40.—Number and class of households, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

["With boarders or lodgers" includes only households keeping boarders or lodgers at the time schedule was taken. Boarders are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	"Family" households.						Total family households.	"Group" households.
		With neither boarders nor lodgers.			With boarders or lodgers.				
		Consisting of a single family.	Consisting of two or more families living together.	Total.	With boarders.	With lodgers only.	Total.		
Native-born of native father, White.....	115	102	3	105	8	2	10	115	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	13	.....	13	1	.....	1	14	.....
Total native-born....	129	115	3	118	9	2	11	129	.....
Foreign-born:									
Flemish.....	55	52	1	53	2	.....	2	55	.....
French.....	12	12	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	12	.....
German.....	92	78	1	79	4	9	13	92	.....
Italian, North.....	30	8	.....	8	.....	22	22	30	.....
Italian, South.....	13	5	.....	5	.....	8	8	13	.....
Magyar.....	27	2	.....	2	.....	25	25	27	.....
Polish.....	132	56	.....	56	21	55	76	132	.....
Slovak.....	170	96	.....	96	35	39	74	170	.....
Total foreign-born....	531	309	2	311	62	158	220	531	.....
Grand total.....	660	424	5	429	71	160	231	660	.....

TABLE 41.—Number of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per apartment.	Number of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment.						
			Under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$20.	\$20 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	68	\$11.61	1	5	16	21	16	5	4
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	6	(a)	.....	.....	3	1	.....	1	1
Total native-born.....	74	11.64	1	5	19	22	16	6	5
Foreign-born:									
Flemish.....	25	8.17	1	12	3	8	.....	1	.....
French.....	6	(a)	.....	2	.....	1	3	.....	.....
German.....	60	10.32	2	8	11	26	6	7	.....
Italian, North.....	26	9.65	1	2	4	18	1	.....	.....
Italian, South.....	8	(a)	.....	1	2	4	1	.....	.....
Magyar.....	25	7.75	2	6	14	3	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	89	7.68	14	21	33	19	2	.....	.....
Slovak.....	127	7.64	18	42	32	32	3	.....	.....
Total foreign-born....	366	8.36	38	94	99	111	16	8	.....
Grand total.....	440	8.91	39	99	118	133	32	14	5

(a) Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 42.—Number of households paying each specified rent per month per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per room.	Number of households paying each specified rent per month per room.							
			Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	\$4 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	68	\$2.29	.....	4	14	27	12	7	2	2
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German....	6	(a)	.....	.....	3	.....	2	1	.....	.....
Total native-born.....	74	2.29	.....	4	17	27	14	8	2	2
Foreign-born:										
Flemish.....	25	2.35	.....	1	7	2	6	6	3	.....
French.....	6	(a)	.....	.....	1	2	1	2	.....	.....
German.....	60	2.15	.....	5	20	13	9	9	3	1
Italian, North.....	26	2.32	.....	.....	.....	14	8	3	.....	1
Italian, South.....	8	(a)	.....	.....	.....	1	5	2	.....	.....
Magyar.....	25	1.71	.....	5	13	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	89	2.18	.....	1	20	38	21	5	2	2
Slovak.....	127	2.03	.....	2	51	40	15	12	4	2
Total foreign-born.....	366	2.12	.....	2	13	112	117	65	39	12
Grand total.....	440	2.16	.....	2	17	129	144	79	47	14

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 43.—Number of households paying each specified rent per month per person, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per person.	Number of households paying each specified rent per month per person.								
			Under \$0.50.	\$0.50 and under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	\$4 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	68	\$2.68	.....	1	5	7	12	10	9	5	19
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	6	(a)	.....	.....	1	2	1	.....	.....	.....	2
Total native-born.....	74	2.66	.....	1	6	9	13	10	9	5	21
Foreign-born:											
Flemish.....	25	1.86	.....	.....	7	7	5	2	2	1	1
French.....	6	(a)	.....	.....	1	1	1	.....	2	1	.....
German.....	60	1.85	.....	1	3	15	11	6	7	7	7
Italian, North.....	26	1.43	.....	.....	5	6	7	3	1	4	.....
Italian, South.....	8	(a)	.....	.....	.....	2	3	1	2	.....	.....
Magyar.....	25	.80	.....	3	13	7	1	.....	.....	1	.....
Polish.....	89	1.41	.....	.....	13	33	16	14	7	6	.....
Slovak.....	127	1.37	.....	.....	26	48	16	13	11	3	7
Total foreign-born.....	366	1.44	.....	4	60	119	62	43	30	24	15
Grand total.....	440	1.60	.....	4	61	125	71	56	40	33	36

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 44.—*Number of households keeping boarders and lodgers and number of boarders and lodgers, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[Information relating to boarders and lodgers covers only immediate time of taking schedule and not the entire year. Boarders are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households.	Number of households keeping—			Number of —		
		Boarders.	Lodgers only.	Total.	Boarders.	Lodgers.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	115	8	2	10	18	7	25
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	1	.....	1	1	.....	1
Total native-born.....	129	9	2	11	19	7	26
Foreign-born:							
Flemish.....	55	2	.....	2	2	.....	2
French.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German.....	92	4	9	13	6	28	34
Italian, North.....	30	.....	22	22	.....	101	101
Italian, South.....	13	.....	8	8	.....	25	25
Magyar.....	27	.....	25	25	.....	151	151
Polish.....	132	21	55	76	77	165	242
Slovak.....	170	35	39	74	122	156	278
Total foreign-born.....	531	62	158	220	207	626	833
Grand total.....	660	71	160	231	226	633	859

TABLE 46.—Number of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Number of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms.						
		1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.	115		5	6	20	28	33	23
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.	14				1	7	2	4
Foreign-born:								
Flemish	55		10	8	13	11	13	
French	12		2	1	2	3	4	
German	92		1	9	26	20	23	13
Italian, North	30	1	1	5	10	10	3	
Italian, South	13		1	3	4	2	3	
Magyar	27			2	12	11	2	
Polish	132	1	20	41	42	24	3	1
Slovak	170	2	33	27	85	6	16	1
Total native-born of foreign father.	14				1	7	2	4
Total native-born	129		5	6	21	35	35	27
Total foreign-born	531	4	68	96	194	87	67	15
Grand total	660	4	73	102	215	122	102	42

TABLE 47.—Number of households of each specified number of persons, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per apartment.	Number of households of each specified number of persons.									
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10 or more.
Native-born of native father, White	115	4.33		18	30	21	17	13	10	1	3	2
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	14	4.50			5	1	5	2	1			
Total native-born	129	4.35		18	35	22	22	15	11	1	3	2
Foreign-born:												
Flemish	55	4.69		3	13	10	13	7	7	1	1	
French	12	4.83		3	2	1	1	2	1		2	
German	92	5.61		11	12	12	11	13	11	10	5	7
Italian, North	30	6.63		2	4	1	5	4	4	1	4	5
Italian, South	13	5.92			3	4		2			2	2
Magyar	27	9.59		1		2	2	1		2	2	17
Polish	132	5.84		12	11	23	20	22	11	13	6	14
Slovak	170	5.59		19	30	20	20	22	19	17	5	18
Total foreign-born	531	5.82		51	75	73	72	73	53	44	27	63
Grand total	660	5.53		69	110	95	94	88	64	45	30	65

TABLE 48.—Number of households and number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households and number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms.															
	1 room.		2 rooms.		3 rooms.		4 rooms.		5 rooms.		6 rooms.		7 or more rooms.		Total.	
	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.
Native-born of native father, White			5	18	6	18	20	67	28	134	33	145	23	116	115	498
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German							1	5	7	36	2	10	4	12	14	63
Total native-born			5	18	6	18	21	72	35	170	35	155	27	128	129	561
Foreign-born:																
Flemish			10	38	8	41	13	52	11	56	13	71			55	258
French			2	4	1	3	2	11	3	13	4	27			12	58
German			1	4	9	35	26	139	20	115	23	144	13	79	92	516
Italian, North	1	3	1	2	5	16	10	70	10	86	3	22			30	199
Italian, South			1	3	3	13	4	24	2	16	3	21			13	77
Magyar					2	15	12	106	11	111	2	27			27	259
Polish	1	3	20	65	41	240	42	268	24	164	3	26	1	5	132	771
Slovak	2	4	33	126	27	139	85	529	6	45	16	101	1	7	170	951
Total foreign-born	4	10	68	242	96	502	194	1,199	87	606	67	439	15	91	531	3,089
Grand total	4	10	73	260	102	520	215	1,271	122	776	102	594	42	219	660	3,650

TABLE 49.—Persons per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household	Total number of households.	Persons.			Persons per room.				
		Total number.	Average per household.	Average per room.	Less than 1.	1 and under 2.	2 and under 3.	3 and under 4.	4 or more.
Native-born of native father, White	115	498	4.33	0.81	76	35	3	1	
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	14	63	4.50	.77	6	8			
Total native-born	129	561	4.35	.80	82	43	3	1	
Foreign-born:									
Flemish	55	258	4.69	1.13	18	27	9	1	
French	12	58	4.83	1.07	4	7	1		
German	92	516	5.61	1.11	32	49	11		
Italian, North	30	199	6.63	1.58	2	19	8	1	
Italian, South	13	77	5.92	1.40	2	8	3		
Magyar	27	259	9.59	2.14	2	8	12	5	
Polish	132	771	5.84	1.61	10	78	34	8	2
Slovak	170	951	5.59	1.53	29	85	47	7	2
Total foreign-born	531	3,089	5.82	1.44	99	281	125	22	4
Grand total	660	3,650	5.53	1.28	181	324	128	23	4

TABLE 50.—Persons per sleeping room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Persons.			Persons per sleeping room.					
		Total number.	Average per household.	Average per sleeping room.	Less than 2.	2 and under 3.	3 and under 4.	4 and under 5.	5 and under 6.	6 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	115	498	4.33	1.84	61	37	11	4	.....	2
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	63	4.50	2.17	5	7	1	.....	1	.....
Total native-born.....	129	561	4.35	1.87	66	44	12	4	1	2
Foreign-born:										
Flemish.....	55	258	4.69	2.32	18	14	14	7	1	1
French.....	12	58	4.83	2.23	4	4	3	1	.....	.....
German.....	92	516	5.61	2.35	24	38	21	7	2	.....
Italian, North.....	30	199	6.63	2.52	7	11	8	4	.....	.....
Italian, South.....	13	77	5.92	2.41	3	4	5	1	.....	.....
Magyar.....	27	259	9.59	3.41	.....	9	7	9	2	.....
Polish.....	132	771	5.84	2.68	20	53	33	18	5	3
Slovak.....	170	951	5.59	2.64	32	59	46	16	8	9
Total foreign-born.....	531	3,089	5.82	2.59	108	192	137	63	18	13
Grand total.....	660	3,650	5.53	2.44	174	236	149	67	19	15

TABLE 51.—Number of households regularly sleeping in all except each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Number of households sleeping in all rooms.	Number of households sleeping in all rooms except—			
			1.	2.	3.	4 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	115	1	6	25	57	26
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	.....	.....	1	8	5
Total native-born.....	129	1	6	26	65	31
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	55	.....	14	19	22	.....
French.....	12	.....	2	4	6	.....
German.....	92	1	6	34	37	14
Italian, North.....	30	1	13	15	.....	1
Italian, South.....	13	.....	5	6	2	.....
Magyar.....	27	.....	12	13	1	1
Polish.....	132	6	75	41	9	1
Slovak.....	170	8	104	27	24	7
Total foreign-born.....	531	16	231	159	101	24
Grand total.....	660	17	237	185	166	55

TABLE 52.—*Literacy of male employees, by general nativity and race—Plate glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	1,095	1,075	1,060
Negro.....	92	67	59
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Austria-Hungary.....	16	16	16
Belgium.....	10	10	10
Canada.....	8	8	8
England.....	37	37	37
France.....	17	16	15
Germany.....	150	150	150
Ireland.....	29	29	29
Italy.....	1	1	1
Russia.....	5	5	5
Scotland.....	9	9	9
Spain.....	1	1	1
Sweden.....	3	3	3
Switzerland.....	4	4	4
Wales.....	3	3	3
Total.....	293	292	291
Total native-born.....	1,480	1,434	1,410
Foreign-born, by race:			
Albanian.....	6	4	3
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	19	19
Bulgarian.....	71	35	32
Canadian, French.....	2	1	1
Canadian, Other.....	5	5	5
Croatian.....	2	2	2
Danish.....	1	1	1
Dutch.....	4	4	4
Egyptian.....	4	3	2
English.....	70	68	68
Flemish.....	6	6	6
French.....	52	49	49
German.....	247	246	245
Greek.....	106	77	75
Irish.....	13	11	11
Italian, North.....	41	31	31
Italian, South.....	22	12	12
Lithuanian.....	1	1	1
Macedonian.....	59	32	30
Magyar.....	148	135	134
Montenegrin.....	1	1	1
Polish.....	416	351	346
Portuguese.....	1	1	1
Roumanian.....	40	21	21
Russian.....	104	57	54
Ruthenian.....	22	16	16
Scotch.....	6	6	6
Servian.....	1	1	1
Slovak.....	549	498	496
Slovenian.....	11	11	11
Swedish.....	3	3	3
Turkish.....	1	1	1
Austrian (race not specified).....	1	1	1
Belgian (race not specified).....	80	77	76
Swiss (race not specified).....	4	4	4
Total foreign-born.....	2,122	1,791	1,769
Grand total.....	3,602	3,225	3,179

TABLE 53.—*Literacy of male employees, by general nativity and race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	653	649	649
Negro.....	17	15	15
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Belgium.....	14	14	14
Canada.....	2	2	2
Denmark.....	2	2	2
England.....	36	36	36
France.....	11	11	11
Germany.....	72	72	72
Ireland.....	31	31	31
Italy.....	2	2	2
Scotland.....	5	5	5
Sweden.....	11	11	11
Switzerland.....	1	1	1
Total.....	187	187	187
Total native-born.....	857	851	851
Foreign-born, by race:			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	1	1
Canadian (other than French).....	4	4	4
Croatian.....	4	3	3
Danish.....	3	3	3
English.....	46	46	46
French.....	19	18	18
German.....	32	32	32
Greek.....	7	3	3
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	3	3
Irish.....	6	6	6
Italian, North.....	97	83	83
Italian, South.....	152	98	93
Lithuanian.....	8	6	6
Magyar.....	11	8	8
Norwegian.....	1	1	1
Polish.....	40	28	25
Roumanian.....	6	2	2
Russian.....	2	1	1
Scotch.....	3	3	3
Slovak.....	3	2	2
Swedish.....	61	61	61
Welsh.....	1	1	1
Belgian (race not specified).....	136	131	131
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3	3
Total.....	649	547	539
Grand total.....	1,506	1,398	1,390

TABLE 54.—Literacy of male employees, by general nativity and race—Bottles.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Total number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	1,780	1,743	1,739
Negro.....	135	123	119
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Australia.....	3	3	3
Austria-Hungary.....	59	59	59
Belgium.....	2	2	2
Canada.....	5	5	5
England.....	65	65	65
France.....	14	14	14
Germany.....	251	251	250
Ireland.....	107	107	107
Italy.....	21	20	20
Netherlands.....	3	3	3
Russia.....	6	6	6
Scotland.....	21	21	21
Spain.....	1	1	1
Sweden.....	7	7	7
Switzerland.....	8	8	8
Wales.....	8	8	8
Total.....	581	580	579
Total native-born.....	2,496	2,446	2,437
Foreign-born, by race:			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	1	1
Bulgarian.....	1	1	1
Canadian, French.....	1	1	1
Canadian, Other.....	7	7	7
Danish.....	1	1	1
Dutch.....	1	1	1
English.....	39	39	39
Finnish.....	1	1	1
French.....	10	10	10
German.....	112	112	112
Greek.....	3	3	3
Irish.....	20	20	18
Italian, North.....	92	66	65
Italian, South.....	348	196	190
Lithuanian.....	1	1	1
Macedonian.....	2		
Magyar.....	34	30	29
Norwegian.....	3	3	3
Polish.....	95	91	90
Roumanian.....	50	46	46
Russian.....	15	12	12
Ruthenian.....	8	6	5
Scotch.....	14	14	14
Servian.....	7	6	4
Slovak.....	43	41	41
Slovenian.....	6	6	6
Swedish.....	24	24	24
Syrian.....	28	21	21
Welsh.....	5	5	5
Austrian (race not specified).....	7	7	7
Belgian (race not specified).....	1	1	1
Swiss (race not specified).....	5	5	5
Total foreign-born.....	985	778	764
Grand total.....	3,481	3,224	3,201

TABLE 55.—*Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race—Tableware.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	1,140	1,133	1,133
Negro.....	11	11	11
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Austria-Hungary.....	68	68	68
Belgium.....	14	14	14
Canada.....	3	3	3
Denmark.....	1	1	1
England.....	61	61	61
France.....	19	19	19
Germany.....	462	460	460
Ireland.....	103	103	103
Italy.....	23	23	23
Russia.....	54	54	54
Scotland.....	15	15	15
Sweden.....	3	3	3
Switzerland.....	12	12	12
Wales.....	12	12	12
Total.....	850	848	848
Total native-born.....	2,001	1,992	1,992
Foreign-born, by race:			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	9	9
Bulgarian.....	1	1	1
Canadian, French.....	1	1	1
Canadian, Other.....	1	1	1
Croatian.....	6	6	6
Danish.....	1	1	1
Dutch.....	1	1	1
English.....	34	34	34
Finnish.....	1	1	1
French.....	40	38	38
German.....	295	286	286
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	1	1
Hebrew, Other.....	1	1	1
Irish.....	29	28	28
Italian, North.....	51	42	41
Italian, South.....	84	78	76
Lithuanian.....	17	15	15
Magyar.....	18	17	17
Polish.....	94	91	81
Russian.....	19	19	18
Scotch.....	5	5	5
Slovak.....	99	85	85
Slovenian.....	2	2	2
Swedish.....	14	14	14
Syrian.....	5	4	4
Welsh.....	6	6	6
Austrian (race not specified).....	2	2	2
Belgian (race not specified).....	44	42	42
Swiss (race not specified).....	2	2	2
Total foreign-born.....	883	833	819
Grand total.....	2,884	2,825	2,811

TABLE 55.—Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race—Tableware—Continued.

FEMALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	210	210	210
Negro.....	1	1	1
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Austria-Hungary.....	25	24	24
Belgium.....	15	15	15
Canada.....	1	1	1
England.....	32	32	32
France.....	14	14	14
Germany.....	157	157	157
Ireland.....	22	22	22
Italy.....	7	7	7
Russia.....	17	17	17
Scotland.....	6	6	6
Sweden.....	1	1	1
Switzerland.....	1	1	1
Wales.....	9	9	9
Total.....	307	306	306
Total native-born.....	518	517	517
Foreign-born, by race:			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	1	1
Canadian, French.....	1	1	1
English.....	9	9	9
French.....	13	13	13
German.....	22	20	20
Irish.....	1	1	1
Italian, North.....	3	3	3
Italian, South.....	6	5	5
Lithuanian.....	3	3	3
Magyar.....	4	4	4
Polish.....	19	12	12
Russian.....	4	3	3
Scotch.....	2	2	2
Slovak.....	23	16	16
Swedish.....	2	2	2
Welsh.....	5	5	5
Belgian (race not specified).....	21	20	19
Swiss (race not specified).....	1	1	1
Total foreign-born.....	140	121	120
Grand total.....	658	638	637

TABLE 55.—Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race—Tableware—Continued.

TOTAL.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	1,350	1,343	1,343
Negro.....	12	12	12
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Austria-Hungary.....	93	92	92
Belgium.....	29	29	29
Canada.....	4	4	4
Denmark.....	1	1	1
England.....	93	93	93
France.....	33	33	33
Germany.....	619	617	617
Ireland.....	125	125	125
Italy.....	30	30	30
Russia.....	71	71	71
Scotland.....	21	21	21
Sweden.....	4	4	4
Switzerland.....	13	13	13
Wales.....	21	21	21
Total.....	1,157	1,154	1,154
Total native-born.....	2,519	2,509	2,509
Foreign-born, by race:			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	10	10	10
Bulgarian.....	1	1	1
Canadian, French.....	2	2	2
Canadian, Other.....	1	1	1
Croatian.....	6	6	6
Danish.....	1	1	1
Dutch.....	1	1	1
English.....	43	43	43
Finnish.....	1	1	1
French.....	53	51	51
German.....	317	306	306
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	1	1
Hebrew, Other.....	1	1	1
Irish.....	30	29	29
Italian, North.....	54	45	44
Italian, South.....	90	83	81
Lithuanian.....	20	18	18
Magyar.....	22	21	21
Polish.....	113	103	93
Russian.....	23	22	21
Scotch.....	7	7	7
Slovak.....	122	101	101
Slovenian.....	2	2	2
Swedish.....	16	16	16
Syrian.....	5	4	4
Welsh.....	11	11	11
Austrian (race not specified).....	2	2	2
Belgian (race not specified).....	65	62	61
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3	3
Total foreign-born.....	1,023	954	939
Grand total.....	3,542	3,463	3,448

TABLE 56.—*Literacy of persons 10 years of age or over, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Male.			Female.			Total.		
		Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.
Native-born of native ather, White.....	179	95	95	95	84	83	83	179	178	178
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
English.....	2				2	2	2	2	2	2
Flemish.....	57	32	32	32	25	25	25	57	57	57
French.....	18	11	10	10	7	6	6	18	16	16
German.....	144	69	69	69	75	74	74	144	143	143
Italian, North.....	4	1	1	1	3	3	3	4	4	4
Polish.....	33	13	12	12	20	20	20	33	32	32
Slovak.....	35	19	19	19	16	15	15	35	34	34
Total.....	293	145	143	143	148	145	145	293	288	288
Total native-born.....	472	240	238	238	232	228	228	472	466	466
Foreign-born:										
Canadian (other than French).....	2				2	2	2	2	2	2
Danish.....	1				1	1	1	1	1	1
English.....	5	2	2	2	3	3	3	5	5	5
Flemish.....	131	64	62	62	67	60	60	131	122	122
French.....	24	13	11	11	11	11	11	24	22	22
German.....	199	112	110	110	87	87	87	199	197	197
Italian, North.....	70	37	25	25	33	19	18	70	44	43
Italian, South.....	40	27	21	21	13	2	2	40	23	23
Magyar.....	74	44	40	40	30	27	26	74	67	66
Polish.....	297	161	141	135	136	110	104	297	251	239
Slovak.....	387	202	175	172	185	154	148	387	329	320
Total foreign-born.....	1,230	662	587	578	568	476	462	1,230	1,063	1,040
Grand total.....	1,702	902	825	816	800	704	690	1,702	1,529	1,506

TABLE 57.—Literacy of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over, by sex, years in the United States, and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Years in United States.								
		Under 5.			5 to 9.			10 or over.		
		Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.
English.....	2	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1
Flemish.....	64	8	8	8	5	5	5	51	49	49
French.....	13	.....	.....	.....	3	2	2	10	9	9
German.....	112	10	9	9	9	9	9	93	92	92
Italian, North.....	37	20	15	15	14	10	10	3	.....	.....
Italian, South.....	27	13	9	9	10	8	8	4	4	4
Magyar.....	44	23	23	23	19	17	17	2	.....	.....
Polish.....	161	45	39	38	73	64	63	43	38	34
Slovak.....	202	61	55	54	89	80	79	52	40	39
Total.....	662	181	159	157	222	195	193	259	233	228

FEMALE.

Canadian (other than French).....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	2
Danish.....	1	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
English.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3	3
Flemish.....	67	6	5	5	9	8	8	52	47	47
French.....	11	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	10	10	10
German.....	87	9	9	9	5	5	5	73	73	73
Italian, North.....	33	29	17	16	4	2	2	.....	.....	.....
Italian, South.....	13	7	.....	.....	5	2	2	1	.....	.....
Magyar.....	30	20	18	17	10	9	9	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	136	61	55	53	51	38	35	24	17	16
Slovak.....	185	86	70	68	72	65	63	27	19	17
Total.....	568	220	176	170	156	129	124	192	171	168

TOTAL.

Canadian (other than French).....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	2
Danish.....	1	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
English.....	5	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	4	4	4
Flemish.....	131	14	13	13	14	13	13	103	96	96
French.....	24	1	1	1	3	2	2	20	19	19
German.....	199	19	18	18	14	14	14	166	165	165
Italian, North.....	70	49	32	31	18	12	12	3	.....	.....
Italian, South.....	40	20	9	9	15	10	10	5	4	4
Magyar.....	74	43	41	40	29	26	26	2	.....	.....
Polish.....	297	106	94	91	124	102	98	67	55	50
Slovak.....	387	147	125	122	161	145	142	79	59	56
Total.....	1,230	401	335	327	378	324	317	451	404	396

TABLE 58.—Literacy of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Age at time of coming to United States.					
		Under 14.			14 or over.		
		Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.
English.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Flemish.....	64	18	17	17	46	45	45
French.....	13	1	1	1	12	10	10
German.....	112	33	33	33	79	77	77
Italian, North.....	37	5	4	4	32	21	21
Italian, South.....	27	3	3	3	24	18	18
Magyar.....	44	8	8	8	36	32	32
Polish.....	161	12	12	12	149	129	123
Slovak.....	202	18	16	16	184	159	156
Total.....	662	99	95	95	563	492	483

FEMALE.

Canadian (other than French)..	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Danish.....	1				1	1	1
English.....	3	3	3	3			
Flemish.....	67	23	21	21	44	39	39
French.....	11	4	4	4	7	7	7
German.....	87	26	26	26	61	61	61
Italian, North.....	33	3	3	3	30	16	15
Italian, South.....	13	1			12	2	2
Magyar.....	30	2	2	2	28	25	24
Polish.....	136	14	14	14	122	96	90
Slovak.....	185	21	19	19	164	135	129
Total.....	568	98	93	93	470	383	369

TOTAL.

Canadian (other than French)..	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Danish.....	1				1	1	1
English.....	5	4	4	4	1	1	1
Flemish.....	131	41	38	38	90	84	84
French.....	24	5	5	5	19	17	17
German.....	199	59	59	59	140	138	138
Italian, North.....	70	8	7	7	62	37	36
Italian, South.....	40	4	3	3	36	20	20
Magyar.....	74	10	10	10	64	57	56
Polish.....	297	26	26	26	271	225	213
Slovak.....	387	39	35	35	348	294	285
Total.....	1,230	197	188	188	1,033	875	852

TABLE 59.—*Conjugal condition of male employees, by age groups and general nativity and race—Plate glass.*
(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number within each specified age group.												Total.							
		16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.										
		Single.	Married.	Wid-owed.	Single.	Married.	Wid-owed.	Single.	Married.	Wid-owed.	Single.	Married.	Wid-owed.	Single.	Married.	Wid-owed.					
Native-born of native father:	1,090	146	6	152	198	211	6	415	28	299	8	335	5	162	21	188	377	678	35	1,090	
White.....	94	4		4	16	8	1	25	7	30	1	38	1	26		27	28	64	2	94	
Negro.....																					
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																					
Austria-Hungary.....	12	11		11	1			1													12
Belgium.....	9	5		5	1			1													9
Canada.....	8																				8
England.....	37	7		7	12	8	2	20	2	6	4			2	2	2					37
France.....	16	5		5	2	3	5	5	5	5	5			1	1	1					16
Germany.....	141	42	1	43	34	11		45	7	26		33	2	18		20	85	56			141
Ireland.....	32	2		2	3	2		5	2	11		13	1	7	4	12	8	20	4		32
Italy.....	1																				1
Russia.....	3							3													3
Scotland.....	9	1		1	1			2		3		3		3		3	2	7			9
Spain.....	1																				1
Sweden.....	3							2		1		1		1		1					3
Switzerland.....	4	2		2	1			1		1		1		1		1					4
Wales.....	2	1		1						1		1		1		1					2
Total.....	278	76	1	77	58	29		87	11	61	1	73	3	33	5	41	148	124	6		278
Total native-born.....	1,462	226	7	233	272	248	7	527	46	390	10	446	9	221	26	256	553	866	43		1,462
Foreign-born, by race:																					
Albanian.....	8																				8
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	1		1	7			9	1	8		4		3		3	3	4			22
Bulgarian.....	73	5		5	25	22		47	2	15		17		2	2	4	32	39	2		73
Canadian, French.....	3	1		1				2		2		2		3		3	1				3
Canadian, Other.....	5																				5
Croatian.....	2							2													2
Danish.....	1							1													1
Dutch.....	4							2		2		2									4
Egyptian.....	4							3													4
English.....	71	1		1	9	2		11	8	22	1	31	1	25	2	28	19	49	3		71

TABLE 59.—*Conjugal condition of male employees, by age groups and general nativity and race—Plate glass—Continued.*

General nativity and race.	Number within each specified age group.												Total.								
	16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.			Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.						
	Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Total.	Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Total.	Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Total.	Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Total.									
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.																					
Flemish.....	6					3			1									6			
French.....	51					9			4									6			
German.....	247					59			10									12			
Greek.....	108					29			2									12			
Irish.....	13					1			1									1			
Italian, North.....	40					23			3									12			
Italian, South.....	22					3			10									11			
Lithuanian.....	1					11			6									22			
Macedonian.....	59					36			1									1			
Magyar.....	146					6			11									59			
Montenegrin.....	419					6			48									146			
Polish.....	41					1			1									1			
Portuguese.....	1					41			115									419			
Romanian.....	40					2			13									40			
Russian.....	107					14			23									107			
Ruthenian.....	23					3			8									23			
Scotch.....	6					1			1									6			
Servian.....	1					1			1									1			
Slovak.....	549					60			112									549			
Slovenian.....	11					2			7									11			
Swedish.....	3								1									3			
Turkish.....	2								1									2			
Austrian (race not specified).....	1								1									1			
Belgian (race not specified).....	80					19			4									80			
Swiss (race not specified).....	4																	4			
Total foreign-born.....	2,134	167	5	172	498	381	7	1,406	879	67	704	11	782	10	268	23	301	742	1,358	34	2,134
Grand total.....	3,596	393	12	405	770	629	7	1,406	1,228	113	1,094	21	1,228	19	489	49	557	1,295	2,224	77	3,596

TABLE 60.—*Conjugal condition of male employees, by age groups and general nativity and race—Window glass—Continued.*

General nativity and race.	Number within each specified age group.																			
	16 to 19.					20 to 29.					30 to 44.					45 or over.				
	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Total.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Total.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Total.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Total.				
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.																				
Italian, North.....	8			8	37	20		57	4	24		28	1	29		30	49	47	1	97
Italian, South.....	20			20	51	25		76	7	48	1	56	1	56		57	78	81	2	161
Lithuanian.....	8			8	5	1		6	2	2		4	2	4		6	5	5	3	13
Magyar.....	11			11	4	1		5	4	4		8	4	4		8	5	6	6	17
Norwegian.....	1			1													1		1	2
Polish.....	40	1		41	15	5	3	23	4	7	1	12	3	12		15	20	15	5	40
Romanian.....	6	1		7	3	2		5									4	2		6
Russian.....	2			2	1	1		2					1	1		2	1	2		3
Ruthenian.....	1			1																1
Scotch.....	3			3	1			1	1			1	1	1		2	2	1		3
Slovak.....	3			3																3
Swedish.....	60			60	7	7		14	4	29		33	2	33		35	11	48	1	60
Welsh.....	1			1																1
Belgian (race not specified).....	136	6		142	6	16	1	23	9	51	1	61	1	61		62	37	96	3	136
Swiss (race not specified).....	3			3	2			2	2	1		3	1	3		4	2	2		4
Total.....	658	38		696	38	161	91	290	39	216	6	261	2	261	8	275	240	400	18	658
Grand total.....	1,526	116	1	1,643	118	334	267	719	78	488	24	590	7	590	15	607	535	941	50	1,526

TABLE 61.—Conjugal condition of male employees, by age groups and general nativity and race—Bottles.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number within each specified age group.																		
		16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.			Total.						
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Total.			
Native-born of native father:																				
White.....	1,734	334	6	340	327	334	7	668	59	422	14	495	7	201	23	231	963	44	1,734	
Negro.....	134	26		26	30	19	1	50	5	31	3	37	3	16		19	66	4	134	
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																				
Australia.....	3					1		3										1	3	
Austria-Hungary.....	32	23		23	9			9										32	32	
Belgium.....	1	1		1				1										1	1	
Canada.....	5	1		1	1			1		2				1		1	3		5	
England.....	64	19	1	20	8	12		20	2	14	1	17		7		7	34	1	64	
France.....	14	3		3	5	1		6		3		3		5	1	2	5		14	
Germany.....	235	56		56	63	22	1	86	7	56	2	65		26		98	104	3	235	
Ireland.....	107	17		17	20	3		23	9	33	3	45		16	2	22	50	5	107	
Italy.....	18	11		11	3	1		4	1	2		3					15	3	18	
Netherlands.....	3	1		1	1			1				1		1		1	1		3	
Russia.....	3	1		1	2			2									3		3	
Scotland.....	21	6		6	5	5		10		4		4		1		1	10		21	
Spain.....	1													1		1	1		1	
Sweden.....	7	3		3	1	2		3		1				4		4	3		7	
Switzerland.....	8	1		1	1	1		2		5		5		2		2	6		8	
Wales.....	8				3	2		5	1			1		2		2	4		8	
Total.....	530	142	1	143	124	50	1	175	20	120	7	147	6	56	3	65	227	11	530	
Total native-born.....	2,398	502	7	509	481	403	9	893	84	573	24	681	16	273	26	315	1,083	1,256	59	2,398
Foreign-born, by race:																				
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1									1		1						1	1	
Bulgarian.....	1													1		1			1	
Canadian, French.....	7							1				1		2		3		5	7	
Canadian, Other.....	7							1		3		4		1		3		2	7	
Danish.....	1													1		1		1	1	

TABLE 61.—*Conjugal condition of male employees, by age groups and general nativity and race—Bottles—Continued.*

General nativity and race.	Number within each specified age group.															Total.							
	16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.			Single.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.							
	Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Total.	Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Total.	Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Total.	Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Total.											
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.																							
Dutch.....	1					1																	1
English.....	38		3	5	4	9			1	19	20			6									29
Finnish.....	1																						1
French.....	10		2	14	10	24			2	39	47			5									8
German.....	110		2						7					37									83
Greek.....	3								2					2									3
Irish.....	21																						21
Italian, North.....	91		27	26	15	41			2	18	20			3									36
Italian, South.....	348		85	120	44	166			5	69	76			20									134
Lithuanian.....	1																						1
Macedonian.....	2		1			1			1														2
Magyar.....	34		4	9	4	13																	21
Norwegian.....	3																						3
Polish.....	95		7	40	17	57			3	23	28			3									43
Roumanian.....	20		20	17	2	19			9					2									37
Russian.....	15		2	6	1	7			4					1									6
Ruthenian.....	8		2	3					3					3									3
Scotch.....	13		1	1	2	3			4					5									11
Servian.....	7								2					4									3
Slovak.....	43		10	8	7	15			1	13	15			2									22
Slovenian.....	6		1	3	1	4			1					1									4
Swedish.....	23		3	2	2	4			1	7	8			6									15
Syrian.....	28		10	8	5	13			3					2									10
Welsh.....	5								2					3									5
Austrian (race not specified).....	7		2	2	1	3			1					1									4
Belgian (race not specified).....	1		1											1									3
Swiss (race not specified).....	5		1			1			3					3									3
Total foreign-born.....	980	181	182	273	118	394	3	253	24	284	7	284	6	106	8	120	484	478	18	980			
Grand total.....	3,378	683	691	754	521	1,287	12	826	108	965	31	965	22	379	34	435	1,567	1,734	77	3,378			

TABLE 62.—Conjugal condition of employees, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race—Tableware—Continued.

MALE—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Num-ber report-ing com-plete data.	Number within each specified age group.												Total.				
		16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.			Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.		
		Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.					
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.																		
Dutch.....	1																	1
English.....	31	4	4	11														31
Finnish.....	1																	1
French.....	38	11	3	7														38
German.....	288	28	48	89	1													288
Hebrew, Russian.....	1																	1
Irish.....	29	1	2	2														29
Italian, North.....	45	13	11	18	3													45
Italian, South.....	80	47	17	22	3													80
Lithuanian.....	15	3	6	8														15
Mar-yar.....	14	9	2	3														14
Polish.....	90	26	32	43	3													90
Russian.....	18	7	3	6														18
Scotch.....	5		1	1														5
Slovak.....	93	22	24	35	2													93
Slovenian.....	2																	2
Swedish.....	13	5	2	3														13
Syrian.....	5	3	1	2														5
Welsh.....	6	4	1	1														6
Austrian (race not specified).....	2	2																2
Belgian (race not specified).....	38	6	7	11	1													38
Swiss (race not specified).....	2		1	1														2
Total foreign-born.....	834	197	167	267	2	207	2	208	4	241	2	112	15	129	395	418	21	834
Grand total.....	2,559	824	508	807	6	807	90	529	16	635	9	248	32	289	1,431	1,074	54	2,559

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father:	191	101	61	9	3	73	6	2	4	12	2	3	5	170	11	10	10	191
White.....	1								1	1								1
Negro.....																		
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																		
Austria-Hungary.....	18	18				1	1				1			18				18
Belgium.....	12	10	1			1								12				12
Canada.....	26	15	8	2	1	11								23	2	1		26
England.....	10	10	10											10				10
France.....																		
Germany.....	136	85	39		1	40	8	1		9	1		1	133	2	1		136
Ireland.....	21	13	7	1		8								20	1			21
Italy.....	5	5												5				5
Russia.....	14	12	2			2								14				14
Scotland.....	3	8																3
Sweden.....	1	1												1				1
Switzerland.....	1	1												1				1
Wales.....	7	6	1											7				7
Total.....	255	179	1	180	59	3	2	64	9	1	10	1	1	248	5	2		255
Total native-born.....	447	280	1	281	120	12	5	137	15	3	23	3	6	418	16	13		447
Foreign-born, by race:																		
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1													1				1
Canadian, French.....	1													1				1
English.....	9	5	4	3	1	4								8	1			9
French.....	11	4	4	3		7								8	3			11
German.....	21	9	9		1	10				1	1		1	18		3		21
Irish.....	1													1				1
Italian, North.....	2	1	1											2				2
Italian, South.....	5	4	1	1										5				5
Lithuanian.....	3		3			3								3				3
Magyar.....	4	3												4				4
Polish.....	19	10	10	5	1	16		1	2	3				15	2			19
Russian.....	4	1	3			3								4				4
Scotch.....	2	2												2				2
Slovak.....	21	8												15	5	1		21
Welsh.....	5	5												5				5
Belgian (race not specified).....	17	16	1			1				1	1			17				17
Swiss (race not specified).....	1													1				1
Total foreign-born.....	127	63		63	46	6	1	53	5	5	10		1	109	11	7		127
Grand total.....	574	343	1	344	166	18	6	190	15	8	33	3	4	527	27	20		574

TABLE 62.—Conjugal condition of employees, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race—Tableware—Continued.

TOTAL.

General nativity and race.	Num-ber report-ing com-plete data.	Number within each specified age group.												Total.							
		16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.			Mar-ried.	Wid-ow d.	Total.					
		Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.								
Native-born of native father:	1,206	433	4	437	275	3	2	148	7	430	40	194	10	244	4	79	12	95	425	29	1,206
White.....	11	2		2	3			2		5		1	1	2		2		2	5	1	11
Negro.....																					
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:	64	60		60	3	1		1		4				1					63	1	64
Austria-Hungary.....	19	17		17	2			1		1				1					19		19
Belgium.....	4	2		2	2					2				1					4		4
Canada.....	1													1					1		1
Denmark.....	79	39		39	14	6	1	6	1	21	2	10	1	13	6	6	6	6	55	22	79
England.....																					
France.....	24	16		16	3	1		1		4	2	2	1	3				1	21	3	24
Germany.....	531	221	1	222	114	32	1	32	1	147	23	93	3	119	5	32	6	43	158	10	531
Ireland.....	116	38		38	26	7		7		33	6	21	2	29	1	14	1	16	71	42	116
Italy.....	20	19		19	1					1				1					20		20
Russia.....	52	36		36	12	4		4		16									48	4	52
Scotland.....	16	8		8	2	2		2		4		3		3				1	10	6	16
Sweden.....	2	1		1		1		1											1	1	2
Switzerland.....	9	4		4	2	1		1		3	1	1		2					7	2	9
Wales.....	18	11		11	3	2		2		5								1	14	3	18
Total.....	955	472	1	473	183	57	2	242	2	242	36	129	6	171	-6	55	8	69	697	242	955
Total native-born.....	2,172	907	5	912	461	207	9	677	9	677	76	324	17	417	10	136	20	166	1,454	672	2,172
Foreign-born, by race:																					
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	3		3	2	1		1		3		2		2				1	5	4	9
Bulgarian.....	1																		1		1
Canadian, French.....	1				1			1		1				1					1		1
Canadian, Other.....	1										1			1					1		1
Croatian.....	6	2		2								3		3				1	2	4	6

Danish.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Dutch.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
English.....	40	9	8	7	15	1	9	10	10	6	6	18	22	1	6	6	18	22	1	6	6	18	22	1	6
Finnish.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
French.....	49	15	7	7	14	1	10	11	11	9	9	23	26	9	9	9	23	26	9	9	9	23	26	9	9
German.....	309	37	37	40	99	2	91	3	103	61	9	103	192	70	70	103	192	14	103	192	14	103	192	14	103
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Irish.....	30	1	3	3	3	3	6	1	10	12	4	16	7	16	16	7	18	5	29	18	5	18	5	18	5
Italian, North.....	47	14	14	7	19	3	11	14	14	12	4	16	7	16	16	7	18	5	29	18	5	18	5	18	5
Italian, South.....	85	51	18	5	23	3	7	10	10	1	1	72	13	1	1	72	13	1	72	13	1	72	13	1	72
Lithuanian.....	18	3	3	2	11	2	3	3	3	1	1	12	6	1	1	12	6	1	12	6	1	12	6	1	12
Magyar.....	18	12	3	1	4	1	2	2	2	1	1	15	3	1	1	15	3	1	15	3	1	15	3	1	15
Polish.....	109	36	37	12	49	3	16	2	21	3	3	76	31	3	3	76	31	2	76	31	2	76	31	2	76
Russian.....	8	8	6	3	9	4	4	4	4	1	1	14	8	1	1	14	8	1	14	8	1	14	8	1	14
Scotch.....	7	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	4	3	1	1	4	3	1	4	3	1	4	3	1	4
Slovak.....	114	30	31	12	43	2	30	2	34	1	6	64	48	7	6	64	48	2	64	48	2	64	48	2	64
Slovenian.....	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	2
Swedish.....	13	5	2	1	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	8	4	2	1	8	4	1	8	4	1	8	4	1	8
Syrian.....	5	3	3	1	2	1	2	3	3	1	1	4	3	1	1	4	3	1	4	3	1	4	3	1	4
Welsh.....	11	4	4	6	6	6	6	6	6	1	1	10	1	1	1	10	1	1	10	1	1	10	1	1	10
Austrian (race not specified).....	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Belgian (race not specified).....	55	22	8	4	12	1	15	16	16	4	1	5	23	1	5	23	1	5	23	1	5	23	1	5	23
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total foreign-born.....	961	260	213	104	320	3	213	9	251	2	112	16	429	130	16	429	28	504	429	28	504	429	28	504	429
Grand total.....	3,133	1,167	674	311	997	12	537	26	668	12	248	36	1,101	296	36	1,101	74	1,958	1,101	74	1,958	1,101	74	1,958	1,101

TABLE 63.—Conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number within each specified age group.												Total.							
	16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.			Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Total.				
	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Total.								
Native-born of native father, White.....	18			18	13	33	1	47					52				31	115	2	148
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																				
Flemish.....	11			11	3			3												14
French.....	3			3	3			3												6
German.....	12			12	9	2		11	1	10			11		2			14		36
Polish.....	2			2	4			4												6
Slovak.....	6			6	1			1												7
Total.....	34			34	20	2		22	1	10			11		2			14		68
Total native-born.....	52			52	33	35	1	69	1	62			63		32			129		217
Foreign-born:																				
English.....	1			1	4	6		10	2	26			28		22			54		61
Flemish.....						2		2		6			6		5			13		13
French.....	3			3	11	9		20	3	46			49		32			87		108
German.....																				
Italian, North.....	3			3	1	10		11		17			17		4			31		35
Italian, South.....	5			5	4	7		11		8			8					9		24
Magyar.....	4			4	1	11		12		14			14		7			32		37
Polish.....	10			10	11	58		66		67			67		13			139		187
Slovak.....	7			7	8	69		76		96			97		12			177		192
Total foreign-born.....	33			34	37	172		209	5	280			286		95			548		629
Grand total.....	85			86	70	207	1	278	6	342	1		349	1	127	5		677	7	846

FEMALE.

	12	5	17	8	44	1	53	1	44	45	18	3	21	21	111	4	136
Native-born of native father, White.....																	
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																	
English.....	12	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	3	3	3	13	7	4	7
Flemish.....	2		12	1	1	2	2							2	1	1	14
French.....	14	1	15	4	10	14	14		7	7	2	2	2	18	20	38	4
German.....	3	1	4	4	4	4	4		1	1				3	6	2	2
Italian, North.....	1	2	3		2	2	2							1	4	9	5
Polish.....																	
Slovak.....																	
Total.....	32	7	39	5	19	24	24		11	11	5	5	5	37	42	79	
Total native-born.....	44	12	56	13	63	77	77	1	55	56	23	3	26	58	153	4	215
Foreign-born:																	
Canadian (other than French).....																	
Danish.....																	2
English.....																	1
Flemish.....																	1
French.....																	5
German.....																	64
Italian, North.....																	11
Polish.....																	83
Slovak.....																	
Total.....																	
Italian, North.....		2	2		12		12		13	13	2		2		29		29
Italian, South.....					7		7		4	4		1	1		11	1	12
Magyar.....		2	4		12		12		13	13				27	27	29	29
Polish.....		9	11		77		77		32	32	7		7	2	125		127
Slovak.....		5	8		92		92		65	65	5		5	5	165		171
Welsh.....									1	1					1		1
Total foreign-born.....	14	16	30	7	227		234	1	200	202	58	10	68	22	501	11	585
Grand total.....	58	28	86	20	290	1	311	2	255	258	81	13	94	80	654	15	750

TOTAL.

	30	5	35	21	77	2	100	1	96	97	48	4	52	52	226	6	284
Native-born of native father, White.....																	
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																	
English.....		1	1		2		2		1	1	3	3	3	27	7		7
Flemish.....	23		23	4	1		5							8	1	28	7
French.....		5	5	3	3		3		2	2	2	2	2	34	2	10	10
German.....	26	1	27	13	12		25	1	17	18	4	4	4	40	34	74	74
Italian, North.....		2	2												2		2

^a Including 1 not reporting complete data.

TABLE 63.—*Conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual—Continued.*

TOTAL—Continued.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number within each specified age group.												Total.					
	16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.			Total.	Married.	Widowed.	Total.		
	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.						
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father—																		
Continued.																		
Polish.....	5	1	6	4	4	8	1	1	1	1	1	1				9	6	15
Slovak.....	7	2	9	1	2	3										8	4	12
Total.....	66	7	73	25	21	46	1	21	22	7	7	7				92	56	148
Total native-born.....	96	12	108	46	98	146	2	117	119	4	55	4				144	282	432
Foreign-born:																		
Canadian (other than French).....																		
Danish.....																		
English.....																		
Flemish.....	5		5	8	10	24	3	51	54	3	39	3	1	1	1	16	106	125
French.....																		
German.....	4		4	14	20	34	3	86	90	1	53	9				24	159	191
Italian, North.....	3	2	5	1	22	23	30	30	30	6	6	6				4	60	64
Italian, South.....	5		5	4	14	18	12	12	12	1	1	1				9	26	36
Magyar.....	6	2	8	1	23	24	27	27	27	7	7	7				7	59	66
Polish.....	12	10	22	8	135	143	99	99	99	20	20	20				20	264	284
Slovak.....	12	3	15	7	161	168	161	161	162	17	17	17				19	342	363
Welsh.....																		
Total foreign-born.....	47	17	64	44	399	443	6	480	488	14	153	14	1	1	1	98	1,049	1,164
Grand total.....	143	29	172	90	497	589	8	597	607	18	208	18	1	1	1	242	1,331	1,506

a Including 1 not reporting complete data.

TABLE 64.—Location of wives of foreign-born employees, by race of husband—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race of husband.	Number reporting complete data.	Number reporting wife—	
		In United States.	Abroad.
Albanian.....	7		7
Bohemian and Moravian.....	16	13	3
Bulgarian.....	34		34
Canadian, French.....	2	2	
Canadian, Other.....	4	4	
Croatian.....	2	2	
Dutch.....	2	2	
Egyptian.....	1		1
English.....	46	46	
Flemish.....	1	1	
French.....	33	31	2
German.....	170	167	3
Greek.....	58	1	57
Irish.....	9	9	
Italian, North.....	12	3	9
Italian, South.....	11	5	6
Lithuanian.....	1		1
Macedonian.....	30		30
Magyar.....	89	34	55
Polish.....	252	155	97
Portuguese.....	1		1
Roumanian.....	20	4	16
Russian.....	65	31	34
Ruthenian.....	11	3	8
Scotch.....	3	3	
Slovak.....	352	175	177
Slovenian.....	9	6	3
Swedish.....	2	2	
Turkish.....	2	1	1
Belgian (race not specified).....	64	61	3
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3	
Total.....	1,312	764	548

TABLE 65.—*Location of wives of foreign-born employees, by race of husband—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race of husband.	Number reporting complete data.	Number reporting wife—	
		In United States.	Abroad.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	1	.....
Canadian (other than French).....	3	3	.....
Croatian.....	1	1	.....
Danish.....	2	2	.....
English.....	29	28	1
French.....	13	12	1
German.....	18	18	.....
Greek.....	4	1	3
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	1	2
Irish.....	3	3	.....
Italian, North.....	43	28	15
Italian, South.....	75	46	29
Lithuanian.....	3	3	.....
Magyar.....	6	1	5
Polish.....	13	7	6
Roumanian.....	2	1	1
Russian.....	2	1	1
Scotch.....	1	1	.....
Slovak.....	3	2	1
Swedish.....	45	45	.....
Welsh.....	1	1	.....
Belgian (race not specified).....	82	72	10
Swiss (race not specified).....	1	1	.....
Total.....	354	279	75

TABLE 66.—Location of wives of foreign-born employees, by race of husband—Bottles.
(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race of husband.	Number reporting complete data.	Number reporting wife—	
		In United States.	Abroad.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	1	
Bulgarian.....	1	1	
Canadian (other than French).....	5	5	
Danish.....	1	1	
Dutch.....	1	1	
English.....	29	29	
French.....	8	8	
German.....	80	77	3
Greek.....	1		1
Irish.....	15	15	
Italian, North.....	36	15	21
Italian, South.....	130	52	78
Magyar.....	21	4	17
Norwegian.....	3	3	
Polish.....	43	10	33
Roumanian.....	13	5	8
Russian.....	6	2	4
Ruthenian.....	3	1	2
Scotch.....	11	11	
Servian.....	3	1	2
Slovak.....	22	7	15
Slovenian.....	2	1	1
Swedish.....	15	15	
Syrian.....	10	5	5
Welsh.....	5	5	
Austrian (race not specified).....	3	3	
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3	
Total.....	471	281	190

TABLE 67.—Location of wives of foreign-born employees, by race of husband—Tableware.
(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race of husband.	Number reporting complete data.	Number reporting wife—	
		In United States.	Abroad.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	4	4	
Bulgarian.....	1	1	
Croatian.....	3	3	
English.....	21	21	
Finnish.....	1	1	
French.....	23	23	
German.....	186	169	17
Irish.....	17	17	
Italian, North.....	18	13	5
Italian, South.....	13	10	3
Lithuanian.....	6	5	1
Magyar.....	3	3	
Polish.....	27	23	4
Russian.....	8	7	1
Scotch.....	3	3	
Slovak.....	41	32	9
Swedish.....	4	4	
Welsh.....	1	1	
Belgian (race not specified).....	22	22	
Swiss (race not specified).....	2	2	
Total.....	404	364	40

TABLE 68.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born male employees, by years in the United States and race—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	In United States under 5 years.			In United States 5 to 9 years.			In United States 10 years or over.			Total.					
	Number reporting—			Number reporting—			Number reporting—			Number reporting—					
	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.
Albanian.....	7	6									7	7			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	19	6	5			1	1			12	12				
Bulgarian.....	66	65	57	7	1	1		1			66	57	8	1	
Canadian, French.....	2									2	2				
Canadian, Other.....	5					2	2	1	1	1	5	2	1	1	1
Croatian.....	2	1	1												
Danish.....	1														
Dutch.....	1														
Egyptian.....	4	4	3		1										
English.....	67	13	13			1	1			58	42	8	3	56	8
Flemish.....	5					1	1			4	3			4	
French.....	50	1	1			8	7	1		41	29	8	3	50	37
German.....	221	24	22	1	1	19	19			178	152	24	2	221	193
Greek.....	107	93	77	16		12	7	3	2	2	2	2		107	86
Irish.....	12					2	2			10	9	1		12	11
Italian, North.....	38	32	30	2		4	2	2		2	1	1		38	33
Italian, South.....	21	13	12			7	1	6		1	1			21	14
Macedonian.....	58	58	55	3										58	55
Magyar.....	134	88	75	12	1	34	21	11	1	12	8	3	1	134	104
Montenegrin.....	1													1	
Polish.....	382	182	168	12	2	125	106	18	1	75	56	10	3	382	330
Portuguese.....	1					1		1						1	
Roumanian.....	40	39	35	4		1	1							40	36
Russian.....	96	49	45	4		37	29	6	1	10	4	5	1	96	78
Ruthenian.....	21	11	11			6	3	3		4	2	1		21	16

	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	2	1	1	4	1	1	2	1	1					
Scotch.....	1	1																	1				
Servian.....	525	294	44	1															1	90	13	6	
Slovak.....	8	3		3															7	1			
Slovenian.....	3																		3				
Swedish.....																							
Turkish.....	1	1																	1				
Austrian (race not specified).....	1																		1				
Belgian (race not specified).....	73	4		4															51	13	6	3	
Swiss (race not specified).....	3																		2	1			
Total.....	1,980	989	875	107	6	1	428	330	83	11	4	563	423	96	26	18	1,980	1,628	286	43			23

TABLE 69.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born male employees, by years in the United States and race—Window glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	In United States under 5 years.			In United States 5 to 9 years.			In United States 10 years or over.			Total.					
	Number reporting—			Number reporting—			Number reporting—			Number reporting—					
	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1					1	1				1	1			
Canadian (other than French).....	2	1				1	1				2	2			
Croatian.....	3	1				2	2				3	3			
Danish.....	3					3	2				3	2			1
English.....	29	1				28	26	1	1		29	27	1	1	
French.....	18					8	6	1	1		10	8			1
German.....	23	2				1	1			20	18	2			1
Greek.....	5	3				1	1			1	1				
Hebrew, Russian.....	2	2				2	2			2	2				
Irish.....	3					3	2	1	1		3	2	1		
Italian, North.....	83	50	41	8	1	22	16	4	1	1	11	6	4	1	
Italian, South.....	149	75	63	10	2	48	26	18	2	2	26	16	7	2	1
Lithuanian.....	7	4	4			2	2		1		1	1			
Magyar.....	10	7	6	1		1	2	2		2	2	2			
Norwegian.....	1					1	1			1	1				
Polish.....	39	22	21	1		15	12	3		2	2	2			
Romanian.....	6	5	4	1		1	1			2	2				
Russian.....	2	1		1		1	1			2	2				
Scottish.....	2					2	2			2	2				
Slovak.....	3	1	1			2	2			2	2				
Swedish.....	55	3	3			9	8	1		43	32	8	3		
Welsh.....	95	13	13			7	7			1	1				
Belgian (race not specified).....	1					1	1			75	40	17	7	11	
Swiss (race not specified).....	1					1	1			1	1				
Total.....	543	191	166	22	3	118	82	29	4	3	234	164	41	15	14
											543	412	92	22	17

TABLE 70.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born male employees, by years in the United States and race—Bottles.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	In United States under 5 years.				In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.						
	Number reporting complete data.	Number reporting—			Total number.	No. visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Total number.	No. visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Total number.	No. visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.
		Total number.	No. visits.	1 visit.															
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1								1	1				1	1				
Bulgarian.....	1								1	1				1	1				
Canadian (other than French).....	6				2			2	4					1	1				4
Danish.....	1								1					1					1
English.....	27	4	3	1	2	1	1		21	14	6	1		27	18	8	1		
Finnish.....	1	1	1											1	1				
French.....	8	2	2						6	4	1			8	6	1			1
German.....	80	7	7		4	3	1		69	63	6			80	73	7			1
Greek.....	2	1	1		1	1			2	1				2	1				1
Irish.....	16	1	1						15	14				16	15				1
Italian, North.....	84	55	50	5	22	20	2		7	5	2			84	75	9			
Italian, South.....	326	225	193	32	79	53	25	1	22	15	6			326	261	63	1		1
Lithuanian.....	1								1	1				1	1				
Magyar.....	32	29	29		3	3			3	2	1			32	32				1
Norwegian.....	3													3	2				
Polish.....	59	47	42	4	7	6		1	5	5				59	53	4	2		
Romanian.....	49	47	45	2	2	1	1		2	1				49	46	3			
Russian.....	15	13	12	1	2	2			7	7				15	14	1			
Ruthenian.....	7	6	6		1	1			7	5	1			8	6	1			1
Scotch.....	8	1	1											8	6				
Servian.....	7	6	5	1	1	1			7	5	1			8	6	1			
Slovak.....	19	15	13	2	4	3	1		19	16	3			19	16	3			
Slovenian.....	2				2									2					
Swedish.....	21	1	1		16	11			16	11	3	2		21	15	4			2
Syrian.....	19	10	10		7	6	1		2	1	1			19	17	2			
Welsh.....	5								5	3	2			5	3	2			
Austrian (race not specified).....	5				2	2			3	3				5	5				
Belgian (race not specified).....	1				1	1			1	1				1	1				
Swiss (race not specified).....	5				2	2			3	3				5	5				
Total.....	811	471	422	48	147	109	34	2	193	132	31	4	6	811	683	113	7		8

TABLE 71.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

MALE.

Race.	In United States under 5 years.			In United States 5 to 9 years.			In United States 10 years or over.			Total.					
	Number reporting—			Number reporting—			Number reporting—			Number reporting—					
	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	8	1	1	2	2	4	4	4	4	8	7	1	1	1	1
Bulgarian.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Canadian (other than French).....	1	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	5	5	5	5	5	5
Croatian.....	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Danish.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Dutch.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
English.....	35	5	5	2	2	2	28	26	2	35	33	2	2	2	2
Finnish.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
French.....	39	4	4	19	18	1	16	13	3	39	35	4	4	4	4
German.....	202	77	76	39	32	7	146	129	11	202	237	19	3	3	3
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Irish.....	25	2	2	23	20	2	23	20	2	25	22	2	2	2	2
Italian.....	51	22	22	19	19	8	10	10	8	51	49	1	1	1	1
Italian, North.....	83	36	33	25	23	2	22	21	1	83	77	6	6	6	6
Italian, South.....	16	6	5	5	4	1	5	4	1	16	13	3	3	3	3
Lithuanian.....	17	12	12	3	3	3	2	2	2	17	17	1	1	1	1
Magyar.....	72	38	38	16	15	1	18	16	1	72	69	2	2	2	2
Polish.....	19	10	10	6	5	1	3	3	1	19	18	1	1	1	1
Russian.....	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Scottish.....	93	51	47	26	25	1	16	16	1	93	88	5	5	5	5
Slovak.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Slovenian.....	13	7	7	2	1	3	2	1	1	13	9	4	4	4	4
Swedish.....	5	3	3	4	2	2	4	2	2	5	5	5	5	5	5
Syrian.....	5	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	5	5	5	5	5	5

Welsh.....	5				2	2												5	5			
Austrian (race not specified).....	2				14	13												2	2			
Belgian (race not specified).....	42	14	14			1				1							3	42	38	3	1	
Swiss (race not specified).....	2				1	1										1		2	1			
Total.....	806	295	284	11		188	170	16	1	1	323	284	29	6	4	806	738	56	7	5		

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	1																	1	1			
English.....	5				1	1												5	5			
French.....	10	7	7															10	10			
German.....	15	3	3		4	4								1			15	14		1		
Italian, North.....	3				1	1											3	3				
Italian, South.....	6	3	3		1	1											6	6				
Lithuanian.....	1	1	1														1	1				
Magyar.....	4	1	1		2	2					1	1					4	4				
Polish.....	14	8	8		2	2					4	4					14	14				
Russian.....	4	3	3								1	1					4	4				
Scotch.....	2										2	1	1				2	1	1			
Slovak.....	23	17	17		6	5	1										23	22	1			
Swedish.....	1										1	1					1	1				
Welsh.....	5				1	1					4	4					5	5				
Belgian (race not specified).....	21	10	9	1	8	7	1				3	2	1				21	18	3			
Swiss (race not specified).....	1										1	1					1	1				
Total.....	116	53	52	1		26	24	2			37	34	2	1		116	110	5	1			

TOTAL.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	2	1	1		2	2				5	5				9	8	1				
Bulgarian.....	1	1	1														1	1				
Canadian (other than French).....	1										1	1					1	1				
Croatian.....	5	3	3		2	2											5	5				
Danish.....	1	1	1								1	1					1	1				
Dutch.....	1	1		1													1		1			
English.....	40	5	5		3	3					32	30	2			40	38	2				
Finnish.....	1										1	1				1	1					
French.....	49	11	11		19	18	1				19	16	3			49	45	4				
German.....	277	80	79	1	43	36	7				154	136	11	4	3	277	251	19	4			

TABLE 71.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race—Tableware—Continued.
TOTAL—Continued.

Race.	In United States under 5 years.				In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.							
	Number reporting—				Number reporting—				Number reporting—				Number reporting—							
	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.
Hebrew, Russian.....	1					1	1				1	1				1	1			
Irish.....	25	2	2			23	20	2			25	20	2			25	22	2		
Italian, North.....	54	22	22			12	10	1			54	10	1			54	52	1		
Italian, South.....	80	39	36	3		26	24	2			80	23	1			89	83	6		
Lithuanian.....	17	7	6	1		5	4	1			17	4	1			17	14	3		
Magyar.....	21	13	13			5	5				21	3				21	21			
Polish.....	86	46	46			18	17	1			86	20	1			86	83	2		
Russian.....	23	13	13			6	5				4	4				23	22			
Scotch.....	7					7	4	2			7	4	2			7	4	2		
Slovak.....	116	68	64	4		32	30	2			116	16				116	110			
Slovenian.....	1					1	1				1	1				1	1			
Swedish.....	14	7	7			4	4	1			3	2	1			14	10	4		
Syrian.....	5	3	3			2	2				5					5	5			
Welsh.....	10					3	3				7	7				10	10			
Austrian (race not specified).....	2					2	2				2	2				2	2			
Belgian (race not specified).....	63	24	23	1		17	13	4			63	13	4			63	56	6		
Swiss (race not specified).....	3					1	1				2	1	1			3	2	1		
Total.....	922	348	336	12		214	194	18	1	1	360	318	31	7	4	922	848	61	8	5

TABLE 72.—Number of persons within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number within each specified age group.							Total.
	Under 6.	6 to 13.	14 and 15.	16 to 19.	20 to 29.	30 to 44.	45 or over.	
Native-born of native father, White	38	43	11	15	47	52	33	239
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	7	6	1	2	2	11	2	31
Total native-born	45	49	12	17	49	63	35	270
Foreign-born:								
Flemish	17	28	6	12	13	28	22	126
French	6	9	3	3	5	6	4	36
German	46	56	14	16	30	49	36	247
Italian, North	10	5		3	11	17	4	50
Italian, South	8	2	2	5	11	8		36
Magyar	12	13	2	4	12	14	7	64
Polish	89	25	6	13	72	67	13	285
Slovak	103	41	10	13	75	97	12	351
Total foreign-born	201	179	43	69	229	286	98	1,195
Grand total	336	228	55	86	278	349	133	1,465

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White	48	43	8	15	57	44	24	239
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	8	8	1	1	5	7	2	32
Total native-born	56	51	9	16	62	51	26	271
Foreign-born:								
Flemish	19	24	8	16	18	26	20	131
French	4	4		3	3	5	3	22
German	52	57	12	17	21	48	29	236
Italian, North	11	6	1	3	12	13	2	48
Italian, South	11	1		1	8	4	2	27
Magyar	10	5		4	12	13		44
Polish	77	42	4	15	82	33	7	260
Slovak	97	52	3	11	93	65	5	327
Total foreign-born	281	191	28	70	249	207	68	1,095
Grand total	337	242	37	86	311	258	94	1,366

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White	86	86	19	30	104	96	57	478
Native born of foreign father, by race of father, German	15	14	2	3	7	18	4	63
Total native-born	101	100	21	33	111	114	61	541
Foreign-born:								
Flemish	36	52	14	28	31	54	42	257
French	10	13	3	6	8	11	7	58
German	98	113	26	33	51	97	65	483
Italian, North	21	11	1	6	23	30	6	98
Italian, South	19	3	2	6	19	12	2	63
Magyar	22	18	2	8	24	27	7	108
Polish	166	67	10	28	154	100	20	545
Slovak	200	93	13	24	168	162	17	678
Total foreign-born	572	370	71	139	478	493	166	2,290
Grand total	673	470	92	172	589	607	227	2,831

a Including 1 not reporting complete data.

TABLE 73.—Number of male employees of each age or within each age group, by general nativity and race—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.													
		Under 14.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.	65 or over.
Native-born of native father:															
White.....	1,110		2	13	23	33	47	50	219	198	128	209	135	46	7
Negro.....	94					2	1	1	12	13	20	18	15	10	2
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:															
Austria-Hungary.....	16			4	4	6		1	1						
Belgium.....	10			1	2	1		2	1		1	2			
Canada.....	8								1	1	3	1	2		
England.....	38		1			3	1	3	14	6	5	3	2		
France.....	17			1			2	2	1	3	2	2	3	1	
Germany.....	154		5	8	14	14	8	7	26	19	14	19	16	4	
Ireland.....	32				1		1			5	6	7	11	1	
Italy.....	1											1			
Russia.....	5			2						3					
Scotland.....	9							1	1	1		3	2	1	
Spain.....	1													1	
Sweden.....	3									2					
Switzerland.....	4						1	1	1			1			
Wales.....	3			1				1				1			
Total.....	301		6	17	21	26	13	17	48	39	31	42	34	7	
Total native-born.....	1,505		8	30	44	61	61	68	279	250	179	269	184	63	9
Foreign-born, by race:															
Albanian.....	8									1	2	2	3		
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22							1	4	5	3	6	2	1	
Bulgarian.....	73						3	2	25	22	7	10	4		
Canadian, French.....	3				1							2			
Canadian, Other.....	5											2		2	1
Croatian.....	2								1	1					
Danish.....	1								1	1					
Dutch.....	4								1	1	1	1			
Egyptian.....	4								2	1			1		
English.....	71							1	5	6	12	19	19	6	3
Flemish.....	6								1	2	1		2		
French.....	52			1					2	7	7	14	11	7	3
German.....	248			1	4	3	4	2	30	29	35	50	47	39	4
Greek.....	108					3	2	7	39	11	13	25	8		
Irish.....	13						1			1		3	4	3	1
Italian, North.....	41							3	14	9	7	7	1		
Italian, South.....	22					2			4	7	5	2	2		
Lithuanian.....	1											1			
Macedonian.....	59						3	3	25	11	6	6	5		
Magyar.....	148						2	5	38	32	24	32	15		
Montenegrin.....	1								1						
Polish.....	420			1	1	8	14	18	106	96	54	87	27	8	
Portuguese.....	1											1			
Roumanian.....	40						1	1	11	4	11	6	5		1
Russian.....	107				2	2	4	6	24	26	18	23	2		
Ruthenian.....	23					2	1	1	7	4	5	3			
Scotch.....	6									2	1	1	1	1	
Serbian.....	1								1						
Slovak.....	550			1	5	7	19	29	106	132	95	125	28	2	1
Slovenian.....	11								1	1	1	6	2		
Swedish.....	3											1	1	1	
Turkish.....	2									1		1			
Austrian (race not specified)	1										1				
Belgian (race not specified)	80								8	11	17	20	16	8	
Swiss (race not specified)	4											1	3		
Total foreign-born.....	2,141			4	13	27	54	79	456	424	326	457	209	78	14
Grand total.....	3,646		8	34	57	88	115	147	735	674	505	726	393	141	23

TABLE 74.—Number of male employees of each age or within each age group, by general nativity and race—Window glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.													
		Under 14.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.	65 or over.
Native-born of native father:															
White.....	669		2	4	8	21	24	153	130	105	146	57	17		2
Negro.....	17							2	3	4	7		1		
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:															
Belgium.....	15				1	2	3	3	5	1					
Canada.....	2							1	1						
Denmark.....	2							1	1						
England.....	37					5	1	6	5	9	6	2	3		
France.....	13						1	2	4	3	1	1	1		
Germany.....	75						1	9	15	13	25	9	2		
Ireland.....	32				1			4	6	7	5	3	6		
Italy.....	2			1				1							
Scotland.....	5				1	1		2			1				
Sweden.....	11		1				1	4	2	2	1				
Switzerland.....	1											1			
Total.....	195		1	1	3	10	10	30	39	35	38	16	12		
Total native-born.....	881		3	5	11	31	34	185	172	144	191	73	30		2
Foreign-born, by race:															
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1													1	
Canadian (other than French).....	4							1	2	1					
Croatian.....	4							1	1	2					
Danish.....	3							1	1	1			1		
English.....	48							6	4	8	18	7	5		
French.....	19							1	2	2	5	8			1
German.....	32					1		1	5	5	10	8	2		
Greek.....	7							1	3	2		1			
Hebrew, Russian.....	3									2		1			
Irish.....	6									2	1	1	1	1	
Italian, North.....	97					5	3	29	28	19	10	3			
Italian, South.....	162					12	9	46	30	20	36	9			
Lithuanian.....	8							3	3	1	1				
Magyar.....	11							1	4	2	2	2			
Norwegian.....	1											1			
Polish.....	41						1	13	10	6	7	4			
Roumanian.....	6						1	3	2						
Russian.....	2							1				1			
Ruthenian.....	1					1		1							
Scotch.....	3								1		1	1			
Slovak.....	3									1	1	1			
Swedish.....	61							7	8	12	21	9	3	1	
Welsh.....	1										1				
Belgian (race not specified).....	140			1	2	1	3	17	24	23	38	24	7		
Swiss (race not specified).....	3							1	1		1				
Total.....	667			1	2	20	17	132	128	109	154	81	20	3	
Grand total.....	1,548		3	6	13	51	51	317	300	253	345	154	50	5	

TABLE 75.—Number of male employees of each age or within each age group, by general nativity and race—Bottles.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.													
		Under 14.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.	65 or over.
Native-born of native father:															
White.....	1,801	24	42	75	78	86	101	389	279	217	279	152	61	18	
Negro.....	135	1	10	5	7	4	36	14	18	21	12	7			
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:															
Australia.....	3							1	2						
Austria-Hungary.....	59	16	10	9	6	6	3	9							
Belgium.....	2		1			1									
Canada.....	5						1	1		1	1		1		
England.....	66	1	1	5	6	5	4	9	11	9	8	3	4		
France.....	14					2	1	4	2	1	2	1	1		
Germany.....	257	7	14	21	13	9	13	49	38	24	41	21	6	1	
Ireland.....	110	1	2	2	5	4	6	14	9	24	21	19	3		
Italy.....	21		3	2	3	5	1	4		3					
Netherlands.....	3								1	1		1			
Russia.....	6		1	2		1		2							
Scotland.....	21			1	1	3	1	5	5	1	3	1			
Spain.....	1											1			
Sweden.....	7				1	2		1	2	1					
Switzerland.....	8			1				1	1	2	3				
Wales.....	8							5			1		1	1	
Total.....	591	26	33	41	36	37	30	105	71	67	80	47	16	2	
Total native-born.....	2,527	50	76	126	119	130	135	530	364	302	380	211	84	20	
Foreign-born, by race:															
Bohemian and Moravian..	1										1				
Bulgarian.....	1												1		
Canadian, French.....	1										1				
Canadian, Other.....	7									1	3				
Danish.....	1												1		
Dutch.....	1								1						
English.....	39	1		1	1		1	5	4	9	11	5	1		
Finnish.....	1								2	1	2				
French.....	10								2	1	2		1	3	
German.....	112		2		1	1		10	14	22	25	25	10	2	
Greek.....	3								2	1					
Irish.....	21									1	7	7	4	2	
Italian, North.....	92		1	6	4	7	10	25	16	10	10	3			
Italian, South.....	354	1	4	10	21	19	35	100	67	31	45	18	3		
Lithuanian.....	1											1			
Macedonian.....	2					1		1							
Magyar.....	34					2	2	7	6	9	8				
Norwegian.....	3										3				
Polish.....	95			1		1	5	26	31	13	15	2		1	
Roumanian.....	50			1	2	6	11	12	7	6	3	2			
Russian.....	15				1		1	2	5	3	1	2			
Ruthenian.....	8				1	1		2	1	1	2				
Scotch.....	14	1		1				1	2	3	1	3	2		
Servian.....	7							2	1	1	3				
Slovak.....	43			2	1	3	4	9	6	6	9	2	1		
Slovenian.....	6						1	2	2		1				
Swedish.....	24	1		1			2	2	4	3	5	7	1		
Syrian.....	28				3	6	1	7	6	1	2	2			
Welsh.....	5										2	2	1		
Austrian (race not specified).....	7			2				1	2	1		1			
Belgian (race not specified).....	1						1								
Swiss (race not specified).....	5						1	1		3					
Total foreign-born.....	992	4	7	25	35	47	75	217	178	126	158	86	28	6	
Grand total.....	3,519	54	83	151	154	177	210	747	542	428	538	297	112	26	

TABLE 76.—Number of employees of each age or within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.															
		Under 14.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.	65 or over.		
Native-born of native father:																	
White.....	1,146	2	41	85	94	99	71	75	228	129	107	125	59	27	4		
Negro.....	11	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	1	1	.....	2	.....	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																	
Austria-Hungary.....	68	.....	10	12	15	10	13	4	3	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Belgium.....	14	.....	3	4	5	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Canada.....	3	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Denmark.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
England.....	61	.....	4	4	5	8	7	4	5	5	5	8	3	3	.....	
France.....	20	.....	2	4	3	1	2	.....	2	2	1	2	.....	1	.....	
Germany.....	466	2	25	44	55	36	30	15	70	37	36	74	33	5	4		
Ireland.....	104	.....	.....	9	6	7	6	6	18	7	10	19	13	2	1
Italy.....	23	.....	3	5	11	2	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Russia.....	56	.....	8	10	14	6	3	1	10	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scotland.....	15	.....	.....	2	1	2	2	.....	2	2	.....	3	.....	1	.....	
Sweden.....	3	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Switzerland.....	12	.....	1	3	.....	2	1	.....	2	1	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Wales.....	13	.....	.....	2	1	3	.....	1	1	3	.....	1	.....	.....	1
Total.....	859	2	56	101	118	78	64	33	115	63	52	109	50	12	6		
Total native-born.....	2,016	4	98	186	213	177	135	109	347	193	160	234	111	39	10		
Foreign-born, by race:																	
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	.....	.....	1	1	1	.....	1	.....	2	1	1	1	.....	.....
Bulgarian.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Canadian, French.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Canadian, Other.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Croatian.....	6	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	2	1	.....	.....
Danish.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dutch.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
English.....	35	.....	.....	4	3	.....	1	.....	6	5	4	6	2	3	1
Finnish.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
French.....	40	.....	.....	2	3	2	3	3	4	3	6	5	5	3	1
German.....	295	.....	1	6	6	5	8	9	52	37	39	63	45	14	10	
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hebrew, Other.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Irish.....	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2	.....	2	8	8	8	.....	
Italian, North.....	51	.....	1	5	.....	7	2	4	12	6	6	8	.....	.....	.....
Italian, South.....	84	.....	3	1	12	9	14	12	15	7	7	3	1	.....	.....
Lithuanian.....	17	.....	1	1	2	.....	.....	1	4	4	1	2	1	.....	.....
Magyar.....	18	.....	.....	4	3	2	2	2	3	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	96	.....	.....	6	4	4	12	6	20	23	8	10	2	.....	1
Russian.....	19	.....	.....	1	2	1	3	1	3	3	3	1	1	.....	.....
Scotch.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....
Slovak.....	99	.....	1	5	2	5	6	9	21	14	10	19	4	3	.....	
Slovenian.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....
Swedish.....	14	.....	.....	1	1	2	2	.....	1	2	3	.....	2	.....	.....
Syrian.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Welsh.....	6	.....	.....	.....	3	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Austrian (race not specified).....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Belgian (race not specified).....	44	.....	1	5	2	1	3	.....	7	4	9	7	5	.....	.....
Swiss (race not specified).....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Total foreign-born.....	886	.....	9	43	46	41	59	51	153	114	102	139	83	33	13	
Grand total.....	2,902	4	107	229	259	218	194	160	500	307	262	373	194	72	23		

TABLE 76.—Number of employees of each age or within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race—Tableware—Continued.

FEMALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.														
		Under 14.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.	65 or over.	
Native-born of native father:																
White.....	211	4	12	24	27	34	17	59	17	4	8	4	1			
Negro.....	1										1					
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																
Austria-Hungary.....	25	3	4	6	8	3	1									
Belgium.....	15	3	4	2	3	1	1				1					
Canada.....	1									1						
England.....	32	2	4	8	3	2	2	7	4							
France.....	14	1	3	3	4	3										
Germany.....	159	5	16	24	15	22	25	32	10	3	6	1				
Ireland.....	22	1	5	3	5	1	1	6	2							
Italy.....	7	1	1	3	1	1										
Russia.....	17	3	7	3	2		2									
Scotland.....	6	1	2	1	2											
Sweden.....	1					1										
Switzerland.....	1		1													
Wales.....	9	2	3	1				1								
Total.....	309	13	39	61	46	43	30	48	18	3	7	1				
Total native-born.....	521	17	51	85	73	77	47	107	35	7	16	5	1			
Foreign-born, by race:																
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1							1								
Canadian, French.....	1							3								
English.....	9		2	2	1			3	1							
French.....	13	1	1	1	2	1	5	2								
German.....	22	1	1	2	5	1	9	1		1	1					
Irish.....	1							1								
Italian, North.....	3		1	1				1								
Italian, South.....	6		1		1	1	2	1								
Lithuanian.....	3							3								
Magyar.....	4			2	1				1							
Polish.....	19			4	1	1	4	4	2	1	2					
Russian.....	4					1		3								
Scotch.....	2			1		1										
Slovak.....	23	1	1	2	2	2	2	6	2	1	4					
Swedish.....	2		2													
Welsh.....	5							3	2							
Belgian (race not specified).....	21		3	3	8	3	2	1			1					
Swiss (race not specified).....	1									1						
Total foreign-born.....	140	2	10	16	18	17	12	42	11	3	8	1				
Grand total.....	661	19	61	101	91	94	59	149	46	10	24	6	1			

TABLE 76.—Number of employees of each age or within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race—Tableware—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number-reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.														
		Under 14.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.	65 or over.	
Native-born of native father:																
White.....	1,357	2	45	97	118	126	105	92	287	146	111	133	63	28	4	
Negro.....	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																
Austria-Hungary.....	93	13	16	21	18	16	5	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Belgium.....	29	3	7	9	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Canada.....	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Denmark.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
England.....	93	6	8	13	11	9	6	12	9	5	8	3	3	3	3	
France.....	34	3	7	6	5	5	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	
Germany.....	625	2	30	60	79	51	52	40	102	47	39	80	34	5	4	
Ireland.....	126	10	11	10	11	11	6	24	9	10	19	13	2	1	1	
Italy.....	30	4	6	11	5	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Russia.....	73	8	13	21	9	5	1	12	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Scotland.....	21	1	4	2	4	2	2	2	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	
Sweden.....	4	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Switzerland.....	13	1	3	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	
Wales.....	22	4	3	6	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Total.....	1,168	2	69	140	179	124	107	63	163	81	55	116	51	12	6	
Total native-born.....	2,537	4	115	237	298	250	212	156	454	228	167	250	116	40	10	
Foreign-born, by race:																
Bohemian and Moravian..	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Bulgarian.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Canadian, French.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Canadian, Other.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Croatian.....	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Danish.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Dutch.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
English.....	44	4	5	2	2	2	9	6	4	6	2	3	1	1	1	
Finnish.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
French.....	53	1	3	3	3	5	4	9	5	6	5	5	3	1	1	
German.....	317	1	7	7	7	13	10	61	38	39	64	46	14	10	10	
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Hebrew, Other.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Irish.....	30	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	8	8	8	8	8	8	
Italian, North.....	54	1	6	1	7	2	4	13	6	6	8	1	1	1	1	
Italian, South.....	90	3	2	12	10	15	14	16	7	7	3	1	1	1	1	
Lithuanian.....	20	1	1	2	1	1	7	4	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	
Magyar.....	22	4	5	3	2	2	3	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	
Polish.....	115	6	8	5	13	10	24	25	9	12	2	2	2	2	2	
Russian.....	23	1	2	1	4	1	6	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Scotch.....	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Slovak.....	122	2	6	4	7	8	11	27	16	11	23	4	3	3	3	
Slovenian.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Swedish.....	16	3	1	2	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Syrian.....	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Welsh.....	11	3	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Austrian (race not specified).....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Belgian (race not specified).....	65	1	8	5	9	6	2	8	4	9	8	5	1	1	1	
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Total foreign-born.....	1,026	11	53	62	59	76	63	195	125	105	147	84	33	13	13	
Grand total.....	3,563	4	126	290	360	309	288	219	649	353	272	397	200	73	23	

TABLE 77.—Number of families owning home, renting, boarding, etc. by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of families—					
	Owning home.	Renting home.	Boarding.	Lodging.	In other conditions.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	41	75	1	.....	.....	117
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	8	6	.....	.....	.....	14
Total native-born.....	49	81	1	.....	.....	131
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	28	28	.....	.....	1	57
French.....	5	7	.....	.....	1	13
German.....	32	60	.....	.....	1	93
Italian, North.....	2	28	.....	.....	.....	30
Italian, South.....	5	8	.....	.....	.....	13
Magyar.....	2	25	.....	.....	.....	27
Polish.....	40	92	.....	.....	.....	132
Slovak.....	41	129	.....	.....	.....	170
Total foreign-born.....	155	377	.....	.....	3	535
Grand total.....	204	458	1	.....	3	666

TABLE 78.—General occupation of persons under 16 years of age, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number within each specified age group.															
	Under 6.				6 to 13.				14 and 15.				Total.			
	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	46	.....	.....	46	4	45	.....	49	1	7	5	13	51	52	5	108
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																
Flemish.....	16	.....	.....	16	23	.....	23	.....	1	4	5	16	24	4	4	44
French.....	6	.....	.....	6	5	4	.....	9	1	.....	.....	2	12	4	1	17
German.....	40	3	.....	43	7	45	.....	52	.....	7	4	11	47	55	4	106
Italian, North.....	9	.....	.....	9	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	1	.....	10
Italian, South.....	7	.....	.....	7	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	1	.....	8
Magyar.....	11	.....	.....	11	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	.....	.....	13
Polish.....	85	.....	.....	85	4	12	.....	16	2	2	4	89	14	2	.....	105
Slovak.....	96	.....	.....	96	7	21	.....	28	1	2	3	6	104	23	3	130
Total.....	270	3	.....	273	25	107	.....	132	2	12	14	28	297	122	14	433
Total native-born.....	316	3	.....	319	29	152	.....	181	3	19	19	41	348	174	19	541
Foreign-born:																
Canadian (other than French).....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	4	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
Flemish.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	4	1	5
German.....	3	.....	.....	3	1	3	.....	4	.....	2	1	3	.....	5	1	10
Italian, North.....	1	.....	.....	1	2	2	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	5
Italian, South.....	1	.....	.....	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	4
Magyar.....	1	.....	.....	1	5	6	.....	11	.....	2	.....	.....	6	8	.....	14
Polish.....	4	.....	.....	4	4	5	.....	9	.....	1	1	2	8	6	1	15
Slovak.....	7	.....	.....	7	4	9	.....	13	.....	3	1	4	11	12	1	24
Total foreign-born.....	17	.....	.....	17	16	31	.....	47	.....	8	6	14	33	39	6	78
Grand total.....	333	3	.....	336	45	183	.....	228	3	27	25	55	381	213	25	619

TABLE 78.—General occupation of persons under 16 years of age, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual—Continued.

FEMALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number within each specified age group.															
	Under 6.				6 to 13.				14 and 15.				Total.			
	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White	54	2	...	56	9	41	...	50	...	8	1	9	63	51	1	115
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																
Flemish	19	...	...	19	4	18	...	22	1	2	2	5	24	20	2	46
French	3	1	...	4	1	3	...	4	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	8
German	50	...	...	50	5	47	...	52	4	7	1	12	59	54	1	114
Italian, North	8	...	...	8	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	8	2	...	10
Italian, South	10	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	10
Magyar	9	...	...	9	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	9	1	...	10
Polish	75	...	...	74	5	23	...	28	...	1	1	2	79	24	1	104
Slovak	94	...	...	95	6	22	...	28	1	1	2	102	23	...	125	
Total	268	1	...	269	21	116	...	137	6	11	4	21	295	128	4	427
Total native-born	322	3	...	325	30	157	...	187	6	19	5	30	358	179	5	542
Foreign-born:																
Flemish	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	1	3	...	4	1	5
French	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
German	2	...	...	2	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	2	5	...	7
Italian, North	3	...	...	3	3	1	...	4	...	1	...	...	6	2	...	8
Italian, South	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	2
Magyar	1	...	...	1	1	3	...	4	...	...	...	...	2	3	...	5
Polish	3	...	...	3	4	10	...	14	...	2	...	2	7	12	...	19
Slovak	2	...	...	2	6	18	...	24	...	1	...	1	8	19	...	27
Total foreign-born	12	...	...	12	14	41	...	55	...	6	1	7	26	47	1	74
Grand total	334	3	...	337	44	198	...	242	6	25	6	37	384	226	6	616

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White	100	2	...	102	13	86	...	99	1	15	6	22	114	103	6	223
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																
Flemish	35	...	...	35	4	41	...	45	1	3	6	10	40	44	6	90
French	9	1	...	10	6	7	...	13	1	...	1	2	16	8	1	25
German	90	3	...	93	12	92	...	104	4	14	5	23	106	109	5	220
Italian, North	17	...	...	17	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	17	3	...	20
Italian, South	17	...	...	17	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	17	1	...	18
Magyar	20	...	...	20	2	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	22	1	...	23
Polish	159	...	...	159	9	35	...	44	...	3	3	6	168	38	3	209
Slovak	191	...	...	191	13	43	...	56	2	3	3	8	206	46	3	255
Total	538	4	...	542	46	223	...	269	8	23	18	49	592	250	18	860
Total native-born	638	6	...	644	59	309	...	368	9	38	24	71	706	353	24	1,083
Foreign-born:																
Canadian (other than French)	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
Flemish	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	2	2	4	...	8	2	10
French	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
German	5	...	...	5	1	8	...	9	...	2	1	3	6	10	1	17
Italian, North	4	...	...	4	5	3	...	8	...	1	...	1	9	4	...	13
Italian, South	2	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	6
Magyar	2	...	...	2	6	9	...	15	...	2	...	2	8	11	...	19
Polish	7	...	...	7	8	15	...	23	...	3	1	4	15	18	1	34
Slovak	9	...	...	9	10	27	...	37	...	4	1	5	19	31	1	51
Total foreign-born	29	...	...	29	30	72	...	102	...	14	7	21	59	86	7	152
Grand total	667	6	...	673	89	381	...	470	9	52	31	92	765	439	31	1,235

TABLE 79.—Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race and length of residence—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.			
		Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.
Albanian.....	1		1		1						1		1
Bohemian and Moravian.....	5							5				5	5
Canadian, French.....	1					1				1			1
Canadian, Other.....	3					1	1	1	3	1	1	1	3
Dutch.....	1		1		1					1			1
English.....	25	1			1	7	17	24	1	7	17	25	25
Flemish.....	2		1		1		1	1		1	1	2	2
French.....	26	3			3	1	5	17	23	4	5	17	26
German.....	108	6	5	2	13	2	6	87	95	8	11	89	108
Greek.....	5	4		1	5					4		1	5
Irish.....	3					1	2	3		1	2	3	3
Italian, North.....	6	2	2		4	1	1	2		3	3	6	6
Italian, South.....	7	4	2	1	7					4	2	1	7
Magyar.....	37	25	2		27	6	2	2	10	31	4	2	37
Polish.....	114	65	3	3	71	20	5	18	43	85	8	21	114
Portuguese.....	1	1			1					1			1
Roumanian.....	1		1		1					1			1
Russian.....	26	18			18	7		1	8	25		1	26
Ruthenian.....	5	4			4	1			1	5			5
Scotch.....	3					2	1	3		2	1		3
Slovak.....	146	90	9	2	101	21	8	16	45	111	17	18	146
Swedish.....	2							2	2			2	2
Austrian (race not specified).....	1		1		1					1			1
Belgian (race not specified).....	32		1		1	2	5	24	31	2	6	24	32
Swiss (race not specified).....	2					1	1	2		1	1		2
Total.....	563	223	29	9	261	63	44	195	302	286	73	204	563

TABLE 80.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race and length of residence—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.			
		Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.
Croatian.....	1	1			1				1	1			1
Danish.....	1						1		1				1
English.....	10		1	1	2	2		6	8	2	1	7	10
French.....	9	3	2		5		1	3	4	3	3	3	9
German.....	6		1		1		2	3	5		3	3	6
Greek.....	2	1			1		1	1	1			1	2
Irish.....	1						1	1	1			1	1
Italian, North.....	14	7	1	1	9	1		4	5	8	1	5	14
Italian, South.....	34	23	1	1	25	4	1	4	9	27	2	5	34
Lithuanian.....	3	2			2	1			1	3			3
Magyar.....	2	1			1			1	1	1			2
Norwegian.....	1						1	1	1			1	1
Polish.....	14	11	2		13	1			1	12	2		14
Slovak.....	2					1		1	2	1		1	2
Swedish.....	31	2	5		7	1	6	17	24	3	11	17	31
Belgian (race not specified).....	47	2	3	1	6	3	7	31	41	5	10	32	47
Swiss (race not specified).....	1						1		1		1		1
Total.....	179	53	16	4	73	14	19	73	106	67	35	77	179

TABLE 81.—Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race and length of residence—Bottles.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.			
		Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.
Canadian (other than French).....	4			2	2	1		1	2	1		3	4
Danish.....	1							1	1			1	1
English.....	7		1		1		1	5	6		2	5	7
French.....	1							1	1			1	1
German.....	25		1		1	1		23	24	1	1	23	25
Irish.....	5							5	5			5	5
Italian, North.....	12	10			10	1	1		2	11	1	3	12
Italian, South.....	51	37	2	2	41	8	1	1	10	45	3	3	51
Lithuanian.....	1							1	1			1	1
Magyar.....	2	1		1	2					1		1	2
Polish.....	9	7			7	1		1	2	8		1	9
Roumanian.....	1	1			1					1		1	1
Russian.....	2	1	1		2					1	1		2
Ruthenian.....	1		1		1						1		1
Scotch.....	2							2	2			2	2
Servian.....	1			1	1							1	1
Slovak.....	6	4			4			2	2	4		2	6
Swedish.....	10		1		1	1		8	9	1	1	8	10
Syrian.....	2	1			1	1			1	2			2
Welsh.....	3						1	2	3		1	2	3
Austrian (race not specified).....	2	1			1	1			1	2			2
Total.....	148	63	7	6	76	15	4	53	72	78	11	59	148

TABLE 82.—Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race and length of residence—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.			
		Allens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Allens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Allens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.
Croatian.....	2	2			2					2			2
English.....	4							4	4				4
Finnish.....	1							1	1				1
French.....	13	6	2	1	9	1	1	2	4	7	3	3	13
German.....	72	8	3	9	20	2	2	48	52	10	5	57	72
Irish.....	6					1			5	6		5	6
Italian, North.....	10	9			9	1			1	10			10
Italian, South.....	3	1			1	1		1	2	2		1	3
Lithuanian.....	3	2			2	1			1	3			3
Magyar.....	2	1			1	1			1	2			2
Polish.....	8	5			5		1	2	3	5	1	2	8
Russian.....	2	1			1	1			1	2			2
Scotch.....	3							3	3			3	3
Slovak.....	15	10	2		12	1		2	3	11	2	2	15
Slovenian.....	2	1		1	2					1		1	2
Swedish.....	4		2	1	3			1	1		2	2	4
Welsh.....	1							1	1			1	1
Belgian (race not specified).....	13	5	2		7		1	5	6	5	3	5	13
Swiss (race not specified).....	2			1	1			1	1			2	2
Total.....	166	51	11	13	75	10	5	76	91	61	16	89	166

TABLE 83.—*Present political condition of foreign-born males who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual and length of residence.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.			
		Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.
Flemish.....	31	4	.....	.....	4	2	3	22	27	6	3	22	31
French.....	7	1	.....	.....	2	1	.....	4	5	2	2	5	7
German.....	52	4	2	1	7	4	4	37	45	8	8	6	52
Italian, North.....	11	7	1	.....	8	1	1	1	3	.....	.....	2	11
Italian, South.....	5	4	.....	.....	4	1	.....	1	5	5	.....	.....	5
Magyar.....	15	11	1	1	13	1	1	.....	2	12	2	1	15
Polish.....	64	31	6	2	39	12	4	9	25	43	10	11	64
Slovak.....	86	49	5	3	57	17	5	7	29	66	10	10	86
Total.....	271	111	15	8	134	39	18	80	137	150	33	88	271

TABLE 84.—*Ability to speak English of persons 6 years of age or over, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English speaking races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Male.		Female.		Total.	
		Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:							
Flemish.....	83	42	42	41	41	83	83
French.....	25	17	17	8	8	25	25
German.....	201	99	98	102	102	201	200
Italian, North.....	5	1	1	4	4	5	5
Italian, South.....	1	1	1	.....	.....	1	1
Magyar.....	3	2	1	1	1	3	2
Polish.....	65	26	25	39	32	65	57
Slovak.....	76	41	37	35	31	76	68
Total native-born.....	459	229	222	230	219	459	441
Foreign-born:							
Danish.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....
Flemish.....	135	66	60	69	47	135	107
French.....	25	13	13	12	11	25	24
German.....	203	115	108	88	70	203	178
Italian, North.....	73	39	19	34	2	73	21
Italian, South.....	40	27	15	13	1	40	16
Magyar.....	83	50	32	33	7	83	39
Polish.....	311	168	139	143	52	311	191
Slovak.....	405	209	154	196	63	405	217
Total foreign-born.....	1,276	687	540	589	253	1,276	793
Grand total.....	1,735	916	762	819	472	1,735	1,234

TABLE 85.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
		Under 14.		14 or over.	
		Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Flemish.....	66	20	20	46	40
French.....	13	1	1	12	12
German.....	115	36	36	79	72
Italian, North.....	39	7	5	32	14
Italian, South.....	27	3	3	24	12
Magyar.....	50	14	10	36	22
Polish.....	168	19	17	149	122
Slovak.....	209	25	23	184	131
Total.....	687	125	115	562	425

FEMALE.

Danish.....	1			1	
Flemish.....	69	25	25	44	22
French.....	12	5	5	7	6
German.....	88	27	27	61	43
Italian, North.....	34	4	2	30	
Italian, South.....	13	1	1	12	
Magyar.....	33	5	4	28	3
Polish.....	143	21	15	122	37
Slovak.....	196	32	26	164	37
Total.....	589	120	105	469	148

TOTAL.

Danish.....	1			1	
Flemish.....	135	45	45	90	62
French.....	25	6	6	19	18
German.....	203	63	63	140	115
Italian, North.....	73	11	7	62	14
Italian, South.....	40	4	4	36	12
Magyar.....	83	19	14	64	25
Polish.....	311	40	32	271	159
Slovak.....	405	57	49	348	168
Total.....	1,276	245	220	1,031	573

TABLE 86.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over, by sex, years in the United States, and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races. By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

MALE.

Race of Individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Years in United States.					
		Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over.	
		Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Flemish.....	66	8	7	7	5	51	48
French.....	13			3	3	10	10
German.....	115	12	9	10	9	93	90
Italian, North.....	39	21	10	15	7	3	2
Italian, South.....	27	13	5	10	6	4	4
Magyar.....	50	29	14	19	16	2	2
Polish.....	168	49	30	76	68	43	41
Slovak.....	209	65	37	92	71	52	46
Total.....	687	197	112	232	185	258	243

FEMALE.

Danish.....	1	1					
Flemish.....	69	7	2	10	7	52	38
French.....	12	1		1	1	10	10
German.....	88	10	4	5	2	73	64
Italian, North.....	34	30	2	4			
Italian, South.....	13	7		5	1	1	
Magyar.....	33	21	2	12	5		
Polish.....	143	66	13	53	23	24	16
Slovak.....	196	94	19	75	27	27	17
Total.....	589	237	42	165	66	187	145

TOTAL.

Danish.....	1	1					
Flemish.....	135	15	9	17	12	103	86
French.....	25	1		4	4	20	20
German.....	203	22	13	15	11	166	154
Italian, North.....	73	51	12	19	7	3	2
Italian, South.....	40	20	5	15	7	5	4
Magyar.....	83	50	16	31	21	2	2
Polish.....	311	115	43	129	91	67	57
Slovak.....	405	159	56	167	98	79	63
Total.....	1,276	434	154	397	251	445	388

TABLE 87.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born male employees, by age at time of coming to the United States and race—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
			Under 14.		14 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Albanian.....	8	4			8	4
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	17	7	7	15	10
Bulgarian.....	70	11			70	11
Canadian, French.....	3	3	1	1	2	2
Croatian.....	2	1			2	1
Danish.....	1	1			1	1
Dutch.....	4	2			4	2
Egyptian.....	4	2			4	2
Flemish.....	6	6	2	2	4	4
French.....	52	44	15	15	37	29
German.....	246	219	76	75	170	144
Greek.....	100	28	2	2	98	26
Italian, North.....	41	9			41	9
Italian, South.....	22	14			22	14
Lithuanian.....	1	1			1	1
Macedonian.....	58	17			58	17
Magyar.....	147	49			147	49
Montenegrin.....	1	1			1	1
Polish.....	415	205	20	16	395	189
Portuguese.....	1				1	
Roumanian.....	40	13			40	13
Russian.....	106	37	3	2	103	35
Ruthenian.....	22	13	1	1	21	12
Servian.....	1	1			1	1
Slovak.....	544	210	12	10	532	200
Slovenian.....	11	6			11	6
Swedish.....	3	3	1	1	2	2
Turkish.....	1	1			1	1
Austrian (race not specified).....	1	1			1	1
Belgian (race not specified).....	79	68	25	24	54	44
Swiss (race not specified).....	4	4	1	1	3	3
Total.....	2,016	991	166	157	1,850	834

TABLE 88.—*Ability to speak English of foreign-born male employees, by age at time of coming to the United States and race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
			Under 14.		14 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	1			1	1
Croatian.....	4	4			4	4
Danish.....	3	3	1	1	2	2
French.....	18	16	1	1	17	15
German.....	31	29	15	15	16	14
Greek.....	6	1			6	1
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	3			3	3
Italian, North.....	96	55	7	7	89	48
Italian, South.....	158	92	13	12	145	80
Lithuanian.....	8	5			8	5
Magyar.....	11	6	1	1	10	5
Norwegian.....	1	1			1	1
Polish.....	41	22			41	22
Roumanian.....	6	6			6	6
Russian.....	2	1			2	1
Slovak.....	3	3			3	3
Swedish.....	60	60	8	8	52	52
Belgian (race not specified).....	128	109	34	34	94	75
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3			3	3
Total.....	583	420	80	79	503	341

TABLE 89.—*Ability to speak English of foreign-born male employees, by age at time of coming to the United States and race—Bottles.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
			Under 14.		14 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	1	1	1		
Bulgarian.....	1	1			1	1
Canadian, French.....	1	1	1	1		
Danish.....	1	1			1	1
Dutch.....	1	1	1	1		
Finnish.....	1	1			1	1
French.....	10	9	4	4	6	5
German.....	111	105	51	51	60	54
Greek.....	3	1			3	1
Italian, North.....	92	44	15	14	77	30
Italian, South.....	348	145	29	26	319	119
Lithuanian.....	1	1			1	1
Macedonian.....	2				2	
Magyar.....	33	8			33	8
Norwegian.....	3	3	2	2	1	1
Polish.....	95	23	6	6	89	17
Roumanian.....	50	13			50	13
Russian.....	15	6			15	6
Ruthenian.....	8	4			8	4
Servian.....	7	2			7	2
Slovak.....	42	17	9	9	33	8
Slovenian.....	6	2			6	2
Swedish.....	23	23	5	5	18	18
Syrian.....	28	16	4	4	24	12
Austrian (race not specified).....	7	5	3	3	4	2
Belgian (race not specified).....	1	1	1	1		
Swiss (race not specified).....	5	5	5	5		
Total.....	896	439	137	133	759	306

TABLE 90.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
			Under 14.		14 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	7	3	3	6	4
Bulgarian.....	1				1	
Croatian.....	6	3	1	1	5	2
Danish.....	1	1			1	1
Dutch.....	1				1	
Finnish.....	1	1			1	1
French.....	40	34	16	16	24	18
German.....	289	255	74	74	215	181
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	1	1	1		
Italian, North.....	51	39	17	17	34	22
Italian, South.....	84	76	40	38	44	38
Lithuanian.....	17	14	7	7	10	7
Magyar.....	17	16	5	5	12	11
Polish.....	88	58	31	29	57	29
Russian.....	19	13	4	3	15	10
Slovak.....	96	73	12	11	84	62
Slovenian.....	2	1			2	1
Swedish.....	14	11	3	3	11	8
Syrian.....	5	4			5	4
Austrian (race not specified).....	2	2	2	2		
Belgian (race not specified).....	42	32	14	13	28	19
Swiss (race not specified).....	2	2			2	2
Total.....	788	643	230	223	558	420

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	1	1	1		
Canadian, French.....	1	1	1	1		
French.....	13	10	7	7	6	3
German.....	22	20	13	13	9	7
Italian, North.....	3	3	3	3		
Italian, South.....	6	4	3	2	3	2
Lithuanian.....	3	2	2	2	1	
Magyar.....	4	3	3	3	1	
Polish.....	19	10	8	7	11	3
Russian.....	4	2	1	1	3	1
Slovak.....	23	5	4	4	19	1
Swedish.....	2	2	2	2		
Belgian (race not specified).....	21	18	14	14	7	4
Swiss (race not specified).....	1	1	1	1		
Total.....	123	82	63	61	60	21

TABLE 90.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race—Tableware—Continued.

TOTAL.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
			Under 14.		14 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	10	8	4	4	6	4
Bulgarian.....	1				1	
Canadian, French.....	1	1	1	1		
Croatian.....	6	3	1	1	5	2
Danish.....	1	1			1	1
Dutch.....	1				1	
Finnish.....	1	1			1	1
French.....	53	44	23	23	30	21
German.....	311	275	87	87	224	188
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	1	1	1		
Italian, North.....	54	42	20	20	34	22
Italian, South.....	90	80	43	40	47	40
Lithuanian.....	20	16	9	9	11	7
Magyar.....	21	19	8	8	13	11
Polish.....	107	68	39	36	68	32
Russian.....	23	15	5	4	18	11
Slovak.....	119	78	16	15	103	63
Slovenian.....	2	1			2	1
Swedish.....	16	13	5	5	11	8
Syrian.....	5	4			5	4
Austrian (race not specified).....	2	2	2	2		
Belgian (race not specified).....	63	50	28	27	35	23
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3	1	1	2	2
Total.....	911	725	293	284	618	441

TABLE 91.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born male employees, by years in the United States and race—Plate glass.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Years in United States.					
			Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Albanian.....	8	4	7	3	1	1		
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	17	6	1	1	1	15	15
Bulgarian.....	70	11	68	9	2	2		
Canadian, French.....	3	3					3	3
Croatian.....	2	1	1	1	1			
Danish.....	1	1			1	1		
Dutch.....	4	2	3	2	1			
Egyptian.....	4	2	4	2				
Flemish.....	6	6			1	1	5	5
French.....	52	44	1		8	6	43	38
German.....	246	219	25	17	25	18	196	184
Greek.....	100	28	86	20	12	6	2	2
Italian, North.....	41	9	33	4	6	3	2	1
Italian, South.....	22	14	14	8	7	5	1	2
Lithuanian.....	1	1	1	1				
Macedonian.....	58	17	58	17				
Magyar.....	147	49	96	23	39	22	12	4
Montenegrin.....	1	1	1	1				
Polish.....	415	205	195	46	137	85	83	74
Portuguese.....	1				1			
Roumanian.....	40	13	39	13	1			
Russian.....	106	37	54	6	39	19	13	12
Ruthenian.....	22	13	11	2	7	7	4	4
Servian.....	1	1	1	1				
Slovak.....	544	210	303	64	162	90	79	56
Slovenian.....	11	6	3		6	4	2	2
Swedish.....	3	3					3	3
Turkish.....	1	1	1	1				
Austrian (race not specified).....	1	1			1	1		
Belgian (race not specified).....	79	68	6	2	3	1	70	65
Swiss (race not specified).....	4	4					4	4
Total.....	2,016	991	1,017	244	462	273	537	474

TABLE 92.—*Ability to speak English of foreign-born male employees, by years in the United States and race—Window glass.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Years in United States.					
			Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	1					1	1
Croatian.....	4	4	1	1	2	2	1	1
Danish.....	3	3					3	3
French.....	18	16			8	6	10	10
German.....	31	29	2	1	3	2	26	26
Greek.....	6	1	4		1		1	1
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	3	3	3				
Italian, North.....	96	55	58	21	24	21	14	13
Italian, South.....	158	92	80	36	52	33	26	23
Lithuanian.....	8	5	5	3	2	1	1	1
Magyar.....	11	6	8	3	1	1	2	2
Norwegian.....	1	1					1	1
Polish.....	41	22	24	12	15	8	2	2
Roumanian.....	6	6	5	5	1	1		
Russian.....	2	1	1		1	1		
Slovak.....	3	3	1	1			2	2
Swedish.....	60	60	4	4	10	10	46	46
Belgian (race not specified).....	128	109	22	7	13	13	93	89
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3	2	2			1	1
Total.....	583	420	220	99	133	99	230	222

TABLE 93.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born male employees, by years in the United States and race—Bottles.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Years in United States.					
			Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	1					1	1
Bulgarian.....	1	1					1	1
Canadian, French.....	1	1					1	1
Danish.....	1	1					1	1
Dutch.....	1	1					1	1
Finnish.....	1	1	1	1				
French.....	10	9	2	1			8	8
German.....	111	105	9	4	4	4	98	97
Greek.....	3	1	2		1	1		
Italian, North.....	92	44	59	19	24	19	9	6
Italian, South.....	348	145	238	71	85	53	25	21
Lithuanian.....	1	1					1	1
Macedonian.....	2		2					
Magyar.....	33	8	30	5	3	3		
Norwegian.....	3	3					3	3
Polish.....	95	23	75	11	12	6	8	6
Roumanian.....	50	13	48	11	2	2		
Russian.....	15	6	13	4	2	2		
Ruthenian.....	8	4	7	3	1	1		
Servian.....	7	2	6	1	1	1		
Slovak.....	42	17	26	7	9	5	7	5
Slovenian.....	6	2	4		2	2		
Swedish.....	23	23	1	1	5	5	17	17
Syrian.....	28	16	16	6	10	9	2	1
Austrian (race not specified)....	7	5			2	1	5	4
Belgian (race not specified)....	1	1					1	1
Swiss (race not specified).....	5	5			2	2	3	3
Total.....	896	439	539	145	165	116	192	178

TABLE 94.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race—Tableware.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Years in United States.					
			Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	7	2	1	3	2	4	4
Bulgarian.....	1	1	1					
Croatian.....	6	3	3	1	3	2		
Danish.....	1	1	1	1				
Dutch.....	1	1	1					
Finnish.....	1	1					1	1
French.....	40	34	5	4	19	15	16	15
German.....	289	255	78	49	41	39	170	167
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	1					1	1
Italian, North.....	51	39	22	16	19	15	10	8
Italian, South.....	84	76	36	28	25	25	23	23
Lithuanian.....	17	14	6	4	6	5	5	5
Magyar.....	17	16	12	11	3	3	2	2
Polish.....	88	58	38	12	19	17	31	29
Russian.....	19	13	10	4	6	6	3	3
Slovak.....	96	73	54	36	26	22	16	15
Slovenian.....	2	1			2	1		
Swedish.....	14	11	7	4	5	5	2	2
Syrian.....	5	4	3	2	2	2		
Austrian (race not specified).....	2	2					2	2
Belgian (race not specified).....	42	32	14	7	14	11	14	14
Swiss (race not specified).....	2	2			1	1	1	1
Total.....	788	643	293	180	194	171	301	292

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	1	1					1	1
Canadian, French.....	1	1					1	1
French.....	13	10	8	5			5	5
German.....	22	20	7	6	5	4	10	10
Italian, North.....	3	3			1	1	2	2
Italian, South.....	6	4	3	2	1	1	2	1
Lithuanian.....	3	2	1				2	2
Magyar.....	4	3	1		2	2	1	1
Polish.....	19	10	9	2	2	1	8	7
Russian.....	4	2	3	1			1	1
Slovak.....	23	5	17	2	6	3		
Swedish.....	2	2					2	2
Belgian (race not specified).....	21	18	10	7	8	8	3	3
Swiss (race not specified).....	1	1					1	1
Total.....	123	82	59	25	25	20	39	37

TABLE 94.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race—Tableware—Continued.

TOTAL.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Years in United States.					
			Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	10	8	2	1	3	2	5	5
Bulgarian.....	1	1	1					
Canadian, French.....	1	1					1	1
Croatian.....	6	3	3	1	3	2		
Danish.....	1	1	1	1				
Dutch.....	1		1					
Finnish.....	1	1					1	1
French.....	53	44	13	9	19	15	21	20
German.....	311	275	85	55	46	43	180	177
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	1					1	1
Italian, North.....	54	42	22	16	20	16	12	10
Italian, South.....	90	80	39	30	26	26	25	24
Lithuanian.....	20	16	7	4	6	5	7	7
Magyar.....	21	19	13	11	5	5	3	3
Polish.....	107	68	47	14	21	18	39	36
Russian.....	23	15	13	5	6	6	4	4
Slovak.....	119	78	71	38	32	25	16	15
Slovenian.....	2	1			2	1		
Swedish.....	16	13	7	4	5	5	4	4
Syrian.....	5	4	3	2	2	2		
Austrian (race not specified).....	2	2					2	2
Belgian (race not specified).....	63	50	24	14	22	19	17	17
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3			1	1	2	2
Total.....	911	725	352	205	219	191	340	329

II.—REPRESENTATIVE GLASS MANUFACTURING COMMUNITIES.

TABLE 95.—Total number of households and persons studied, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Total number of persons in households.	Number of persons for whom detailed information was secured.		
			Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	56	245	122	122	244
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	63	31	32	63
Total, native-born.....	70	308	153	154	307
Foreign-born:					
German.....	30	186	86	78	164
Magyar.....	27	259	64	44	108
Polish.....	53	281	107	88	195
Total foreign-born.....	110	726	257	210	467
Grand total.....	180	1,034	410	364	774

TABLE 96.—Number of persons for whom detailed information was secured, by sex and by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White	136	131	267
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:			
English.....		5	5
French.....		2	2
German.....	58	60	118
Magyar.....	13	10	23
Polish.....	43	31	74
Total.....	114	108	222
Total native-born.....	250	239	489
Foreign-born:			
Canadian (other than French).....		2	2
English.....	1	1	2
French.....	1	2	3
German.....	43	29	72
Magyar.....	51	34	85
Polish.....	64	57	121
Total foreign-born.....	160	125	285
Grand total.....	410	364	774

TABLE 97.—Number of foreign-born persons in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Num-ber reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.								
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
English.....	1					*				1
French.....	1								1	23
German.....	43						5	5	10	
Magyar.....	51	7	2	11	5	5	19	2		
Polish.....	64	1	2	5	8	10	31	4	2	1
Total.....	160	8	4	16	13	15	55	11	13	25

FEMALE.

Canadian (other than French).....	2									2
English.....	1									1
French.....	2								2	
German.....	29						4	5	7	13
Magyar.....	34	3	4	7	8		12			
Polish.....	57			9	12	10	21	3	1	1
Total.....	125	3	4	16	20	10	37	8	10	17

TOTAL.

Canadian (other than French).....	2									2
English.....	2									2
French.....	3									3
German.....	72						9	10	17	36
Magyar.....	85	10	6	18	13	5	31	2		
Polish.....	121	1	2	14	20	20	52	7	3	2
Total.....	285	11	8	32	33	25	92	19	23	42

TABLE 98.—Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born males who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number without occupation.	Number working for wages.						Number working without wages.			Number working for profit.		
			Farm laborers.	General laborers.	Glass factory operatives.	In hand trades.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farm laborers.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farmers.	In other occupations.	Total.
			German.....	23	1	4	1	2	2	6	15	4	4	1	2	3
Magyar.....	34	1	13	1	2	2	1	16	3	3	13	2	15	
Polish.....	55	1	6	1	7	9	23	24	24	5	2	2	7	
Total.....	112	2	23	2	2	11	16	54	31	31	19	6	25	

TABLE 99.—Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number without occupation.	Number working for wages.						Number working without wages.			Number working for profit.		
			Farm laborers.	In domestic service.	Glass factory operatives.	In sewing, embroidery, etc.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farm laborers.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farmers.	In other occupations.	Total.
			French.....	1	1
German.....	29	11	.....	5	.....	.....	2	7	3	2	.....	.....	.....
Magyar.....	27	15	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	10	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	48	15	5	5	.....	.....	.....	10	23	23	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	96	42	5	20	.....	.....	2	27	27	27	.....	.....	.....

TABLE 100.—Number of males 16 years of age or over in each specified industry, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[The main headings used in the table follow the classification of the United States census with these modifications: General Labor is here separate from Domestic and Personal Service; Fishing and Mining are each separate from Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits; Trade and Transportation are distinct from each other.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Total number.	Agricultural pursuits.	Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits.		Transportation.	At home.	At school.
			Glass.	Other.			
Native-born of native father, White.....	72	1	65	2	1	1	2
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:							
German.....	20		18		1		1
Polish.....	2	1	1				
Total.....	22	1	19		1		1
Total native-born.....	94	2	84	2	2	1	3
Foreign-born:							
English.....	1					1	
French.....	1		1				
German.....	41		39		1	1	
Magyar.....	37		32			5	
Polish.....	57		55			2	
Total foreign-born.....	137		127		1	9	
Grand total.....	231	2	211	2	3	10	3

TABLE 101.—Number of females 16 years of age or over in each specified industry, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[The main headings used in this table follow the classification of the United States census with these modifications: General Labor is here separate from Domestic and Personal Service; Fishing and Mining are each separate from Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits; Trade and Transportation are distinct from each other.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Total number.	Agricultural pursuits.	Domestic and personal service.	Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits.		Trade.	At home.	At school.
				Glass.	Other.			
Native-born of native father, White.....	64	1			4	2	56	1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:								
English.....	5						5	
French.....	1						1	
German.....	22		2		1		18	1
Polish.....	1						1	
Total.....	29		2		1		25	1
Total native-born.....	93	1	2		5	2	81	2
Foreign-born:								
Canadian (other than French).....	2						2	
English.....	1						1	
French.....	2	1					1	
German.....	27						27	
Magyar.....	29				1		28	
Polish.....	52						52	
Total foreign-born.....	113	1			1		111	
Grand total.....	206	2	2		6	2	192	2

TABLE 102.—Number of male heads of families earning each specified amount per year, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only male heads of selected families. For selection of families, see p. 243.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages.	Average earnings.	Number earning—										
			Under \$100.	\$100 and under \$200.	\$200 and under \$300.	\$300 and under \$400.	\$400 and under \$500.	\$500 and under \$600.	\$600 and under \$700.	\$700 and under \$800.	\$800 and under \$900.	\$900 and under \$1,000.	\$1,000 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	46	\$780	.....	.....	1	1	3	6	6	10	6	6	7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	12	808	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	3	1	.....	3	3
Total native-born.....	58	786	.....	.....	1	2	4	6	9	11	6	9	10
Foreign-born:													
German.....	26	693	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	6	5	4	4	.....	3
Magyar.....	24	453	.....	.....	4	3	7	8	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	45	657	.....	.....	.....	2	6	7	11	14	2	3	.....
Total foreign-born.....	95	615	.....	.....	4	5	17	21	18	18	6	3	3
Grand total.....	153	680	.....	.....	5	7	21	27	27	29	12	12	13

TABLE 103.—Yearly earnings (approximate) of males 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages and reporting amount.	Average earnings.	Number earning—											
			Under \$100.	\$100 and under \$150.	\$150 and under \$200.	\$200 and under \$250.	\$250 and under \$300.	\$300 and under \$400.	\$400 and under \$500.	\$500 and under \$600.	\$600 and under \$700.	\$700 and under \$800.	\$800 and under \$1,000.	\$1,000 or over.
Native-born of native father White.....	64	\$721	.....	.....	.....	1	3	2	8	8	9	12	13	8
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:														
German.....	17	777	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	5	2	4	3
Polish.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	18	706	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	1	5	2	4	3
Total native-born.....	82	730	.....	.....	.....	1	3	3	10	9	14	14	17	11
Foreign-born:														
French.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
German.....	40	670	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	10	6	9	5	3	
Magyar.....	29	458	.....	1	.....	2	2	3	7	10	4	.....	.....
Polish.....	55	630	.....	.....	.....	1	3	10	8	13	15	5	.....
Total foreign-born.....	125	602	.....	1	.....	2	3	6	24	29	23	24	10	3
Grand total.....	207	653	.....	1	.....	3	6	9	34	38	37	38	27	14

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 104.—Yearly earnings (approximate) of females 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages and reporting amount.	Average earnings.	Number earning—							
			Under \$100.	\$100 and under \$150.	\$150 and under \$200.	\$200 and under \$250.	\$250 and under \$300.	\$300 and under \$400.	\$400 and under \$500.	\$500 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	4	(a)	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	1	(a)	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total native-born.....	5	(a)	1	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
Foreign-born, Magyar.....	1	(a)	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grand total.....	6	(a)	2	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	1	.....

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 105.—Amount of family income per year, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Average family income.	Number of families having a total income—					
			Under \$300. ^b	\$300 and under \$500.	\$500 and under \$750.	\$750 and under \$1,000.	\$1,000 and under \$1,500.	\$1,500 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	47	\$844	.....	4	19	11	10	3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	12	883	.....	1	3	4	4	.....
Total native-born.....	59	852	.....	5	22	15	14	3
Foreign-born:								
German.....	28	839	1	1	9	8	8	1
Magyar.....	24	606	2	4	14	4	.....	.....
Polish.....	45	705	.....	7	19	17	2	.....
Total foreign-born.....	97	719	3	12	42	29	10	1
Grand total.....	156	769	3	17	64	44	24	4

^a For selection of families, see p. 243. ^b This column includes 1 family reporting income as "none."

TABLE 106.—Number of families having an income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table excludes 1 family reporting income as "none."]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of families having an income from—				
		Earnings of—		Contributions of children.	Pay-ments of boarders or lodgers.	Other sources.
		Husband.	Wife.			
Native-born of native father, White.....	47	46	2	9	3	9
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	12	12	.....	2	1	1
Total native-born.....	59	58	2	11	4	10
Foreign-born:						
German.....	27	26	.....	9	6	1
Magyar.....	24	24	.....	2	22	.....
Polish.....	45	45	.....	2	24	1
Total foreign-born.....	96	95	.....	13	52	2
Grand total.....	155	153	2	24	56	12

^a For selection of families, see p. 243.

TABLE 107.—Source of family income in detail, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table excludes 1 family reporting income as "none."]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of families having entire income from—											
		Husband.	Husband and wife.	Husband and children.	Husband, wife, and children.	Husband and boarders or lodgers.	Wife.	Wife and children.	Wife and boarders or lodgers.	Children.	Children and boarders or lodgers.	Boarders or lodgers.	Sources or combination of sources not before specified.
		Native-born of native father, White.....	47	28	2	6	1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	12	8	.....	2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Total native-born.....	59	36	2	8	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11
Foreign-born:													
German.....	27	13	.....	6	.....	4	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	3
Magyar.....	24	2	.....	.....	.....	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
Polish.....	45	19	.....	1	.....	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
Total foreign-born.....	96	34	.....	7	.....	47	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	7
Grand total.....	155	70	2	15	.....	49	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	18

^a For selection of families, see p. 343.

TABLE 108.—Months worked during the past year by persons 16 years of age or over employed away from home, by sex and by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number working full time months specified.								
		12.	11 and under 12.	10 and under 11.	9 and under 10.	8 and under 9.	7 and under 8.	6 and under 7.	3 and under 6.	Under 3.
Native-born of native father, White.....	66	44	9	2	3	1	1	4	2	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
German.....	19	13	3	2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	20	14	3	2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total native-born.....	86	58	12	4	3	1	2	4	2	.....
Foreign-born:										
French.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German.....	40	31	1	3	2	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Magyar.....	29	20	.....	.....	2	1	1	2	3	.....
Polish.....	55	47	1	1	2	2	1	1	.....	.....
Total foreign-born.....	125	99	2	4	6	6	2	3	3	.....
Grand total.....	211	157	14	8	9	7	4	7	5	.....

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	5	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2	1	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	7	3	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2	1	.....

TABLE 109.—Number and class of households, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

["With boarders or lodgers" includes only households keeping boarders or lodgers at the time schedule was taken. Boarders are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	"Family" household—						Total family households.	"Group" household.
		With neither boarders nor lodgers.			With boarders or lodgers.				
		Consisting of a single family.	Consisting of two or more families living together.	Total.	With boarders.	With lodgers only.	Total.		
Native-born of native father, White.....	56	52	2	54	2	.....	2	56	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	13	.....	13	1	.....	1	14	.....
Total native-born.....	70	65	2	67	3	.....	3	70	.....
Foreign-born:									
German.....	30	22	1	23	.....	7	7	30	.....
Magyar.....	27	2	.....	2	.....	25	25	27	.....
Polish.....	53	22	.....	22	3	28	31	53	.....
Total foreign-born.....	110	46	1	47	3	60	63	110	.....
Grand total.....	180	111	3	114	6	60	66	180	.....

TABLE 110.—Number of households paying each specified rent¹ per month per apartment, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per apartment.	Number of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment.						
			Under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$20.	\$20 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	24	\$9.58	1	2	9	9	2	1	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	6	(a)	.....	.....	3	1	.....	1	1
Total native-born.....	30	10.07	1	2	12	10	2	2	1
Foreign-born:									
German.....	14	10.18	2	.....	1	10	.....	1	.....
Magyar.....	25	7.75	2	6	14	3	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	47	7.04	11	14	16	6	.....	.....	.....
Total foreign-born.....	86	7.76	15	20	31	19	.....	1	.....
Grand total.....	116	8.36	16	22	43	29	2	3	1

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 111.—Number of households paying each specified rent per month per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per room.	Number of households paying each specified rent per month per room.							
			Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	\$4 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	24	\$1.77	.....	4	11	8	1	.....	.....	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	6	(a)	.....	.....	3	.....	2	1	.....	.....
Total native-born.....	30	1.86	.....	4	14	8	3	1	.....	.....
Foreign-born:										
German.....	14	1.78	.....	4	4	5	1	.....	.....	.....
Magyar.....	25	1.71	.....	5	13	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	47	1.92	.....	1	17	27	2	.....	.....	.....
Total foreign-born.....	86	1.83	.....	10	34	39	3	.....	.....	.....
Grand total.....	116	1.84	.....	14	48	47	6	1	.....	.....

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 112.—Number of households paying each specified rent per month per person, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per person.	Number of households paying each specified rent per month per person.								
			Under \$0.50.	\$0.50 and under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	\$4 or over.
Native-born of native father, White	24	\$2.17	.....	1	3	3	5	3	3	2	4
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	6	(a)	.....	.....	1	2	1	.....	.....	.....	2
Total native-born.....	30	2.24	.....	1	4	5	6	3	3	2	6
Foreign-born:											
German	14	1.58	1	1	4	.....	4	1	2	1	.....
Magyar	25	.80	3	13	7	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
Polish	47	1.37	.....	7	18	8	9	2	3	.....	.....
Total foreign-born.....	86	1.16	4	21	29	9	13	3	5	2	.....
Grand total.....	116	1.37	4	22	33	14	19	6	8	4	6

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 113.—Number of households keeping boarders and lodgers and number of boarders and lodgers, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[Information relating to boarders and lodgers covers only immediate time of taking schedule, and not the entire year. Boarders are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Number of households keeping—			Number of—		
		Boarders.	Lodgers only.	Total.	Boarders.	Lodgers.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White	56	2	.....	2	2	.....	2
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	14	1	.....	1	1	.....	1
Total native-born.....	70	3	.....	3	3	.....	3
Foreign-born:							
German	30	.....	7	7	.....	22	22
Magyar	27	.....	25	25	.....	151	151
Polish	53	3	28	31	6	81	87
Total foreign-born.....	110	3	60	63	6	254	260
Grand total.....	180	6	60	66	9	254	263

TABLE 114.—Number of persons per household in apartments of each specified size, by general nativity and race of head of household—Continued.

General nativity and race of head of household.	Apartments of each specified number of rooms.												Total number of apartments.	Number occupied by household of each specified number of persons.																																															
	4 rooms.			5 rooms.			6 rooms.			7 or more rooms.				Total number of apartments.	6 rooms.			7 or more rooms.																																											
	Number occupied by household of each specified number of persons.			Number occupied by household of each specified number of persons.			Number occupied by household of each specified number of persons.			Number occupied by household of each specified number of persons.					Number occupied by household of each specified number of persons.			Number occupied by household of each specified number of persons.																																											
Total number of apartments.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10 or more.	Total number of apartments.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10 or more.	Total number of apartments.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10 or more.	Total number of apartments.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10 or more.																		
Native-born of native father, White	8	1	4	2	1						14	2	3	4	1	1	1	1				16	1	4	3	5	2	1					16	1	5	3	3	2	2				16	1	5	3	3	2	2												
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	1			1							7	1	4	1	1							2	1	1									4	4										4	4																
Total native-born	9	1	4	3	1						21	2	4	4	5	2	1	1	1			18	1	4	4	5	3	1					20	1	9	3	3	2	2					20	1	9	3	3	2	2											
Foreign-born:																																																													
German	6	2	2								8	2	1	1	1	3						5											11											11																	
Magyar	12	1	1	1							11	1	1	1	1	2						2											2											2																	
Polish	14	2	3	3							12	1	2	1	3	3						2											1											1																	
Total foreign-born	32	1	4	6	1	4					31	3	1	4	2	1	4	7	2			9											12											12																	
Grand total	41	2	8	6	4	4	1				52	5	5	8	7	3	6	7	3			27	1	4	4	5	5	3					32	1	10	5	7	2	3					32	1	10	5	7	2	3											

TABLE 115.—*Number of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Number of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms.						
		1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	56	.....	1	1	8	14	16	16
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	.....	.....	.....	1	7	2	4
Foreign-born:								
German.....	30	.....	.....	.....	6	8	5	11
Magyar.....	27	.....	.....	2	12	11	2	.....
Polish.....	53	.....	11	13	14	12	2	1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	14	.....	.....	.....	1	7	2	4
Total native-born.....	70	.....	1	1	9	21	18	20
Total foreign-born.....	110	.....	11	15	32	31	9	12
Grand total.....	180	.....	12	16	41	52	27	32

TABLE 116.—*Number of households of each specified number of persons, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per household.	Number of households of each specified number of persons.									
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	56	4.38	.....	6	16	10	11	6	5	.....	1	1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German..	14	4.50	.....	.....	5	1	5	2	1	.....	.....	.....
Total native-born.....	70	4.40	.....	6	21	11	16	8	5	.....	1	1
Foreign-born:												
German.....	30	6.20	.....	2	3	5	4	2	4	4	2	4
Magyar.....	27	9.59	.....	1	.....	2	2	1	.....	2	2	17
Polish.....	53	5.30	.....	7	4	13	7	7	4	5	3	3
Total foreign-born.....	110	6.60	.....	10	7	20	13	10	8	11	7	24
Grand total....	180	5.74	.....	16	28	31	29	18	14	11	8	25

TABLE 117.—Number of households and number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households and number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms.															
	1 room.		2 rooms.		3 rooms.		4 rooms.		5 rooms.		6 rooms.		7 rooms.		Total.	
	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.
Native-born of native father, White			1	6	1	2	8	31	14	66	16	70	16	70	56	245
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German							1	5	7	36	2	10	4	12	14	63
Foreign-born:																
German							6	32	8	44	5	38	11	72	30	186
Magyar					2	15	12	106	11	111	2	27			27	259
Polish			11	32	13	65	14	89	12	69	2	21	1	5	53	281
Total native-born of foreign father							1	5	7	36	2	10	4	12	14	63
Total native-born			1	6	1	2	9	36	21	102	18	80	20	82	70	308
Total foreign-born			11	32	15	80	32	227	31	224	9	86	12	77	110	726
Grand total			12	38	16	82	41	263	52	326	27	166	32	159	180	1,034

TABLE 118.—Persons per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Persons.		Persons per room.					Average.
		Total number.	Average per household.	Less than 1.	1 and under 2.	2 and under 3.	3 and under 4.	4 or more.	
Native-born of native father, White	56	245	4.38	43	11	1	1	.....	0.76
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German	14	63	4.50	6	8	.....	.....	.....	.77
Total native-born	70	308	4.40	49	19	1	1	.....	.76
Foreign-born:									
German	30	186	6.20	13	14	3	.....	.....	1.07
Magyar	27	259	9.59	2	8	12	5	.....	2.14
Polish	53	281	5.30	7	32	14	.....	.....	1.43
Total foreign-born	110	726	6.60	22	54	29	5	.....	1.48
Grand total	180	1,034	5.74	71	73	30	6	.....	1.16

TABLE 119.—Persons per sleeping room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Persons.		Persons per sleeping room.						
		Total number.	Average per household.	Less than 2.	2 and under 3.	3 and under 4.	4 and under 5.	5 and under 6.	6 or more.	Average.
Native-born of native father, White.....	56	245	4.38	33	17	6	.....	.....	.....	1.80
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	63	4.50	5	7	1	.....	1	.....	2.17
Total native-born.....	70	308	4.40	38	24	7	.....	1	.....	1.87
Foreign-born:										
German.....	30	186	6.20	7	14	8	1	.....	.....	2.45
Magyar.....	27	259	9.59	.....	9	7	9	2	.....	3.41
Polish.....	53	281	5.30	8	30	8	6	1	.....	2.44
Total foreign-born.....	110	726	6.60	15	53	23	16	3	.....	2.72
Grand total.....	180	1,034	5.74	53	77	30	16	4	.....	2.39

TABLE 120.—Number of households regularly sleeping in all except each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Number of households sleeping in all rooms.	Number of households sleeping in all rooms except—			
			1.	2.	3.	4 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	56	1	.....	11	24	20
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	14	.....	.....	1	8	5
Total native-born.....	70	1	.....	12	32	25
Foreign-born:						
German.....	30	.....	1	8	10	11
Magyar.....	27	.....	12	13	1	1
Polish.....	53	3	25	21	3	1
Total foreign-born.....	110	3	38	42	14	13
Grand total.....	180	4	38	54	46	38

TABLE 121.—Literacy of persons 10 years of age or over, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Male.			Female.			Total.		
		Number	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
French.....	2				2	1	1	2	1	1
German.....	60	29	29	29	31	30	30	60	59	59
Polish.....	6	5	4	4	1	1	1	6	5	5
Total native-born.....	68	34	33	33	34	32	32	68	65	65
Foreign-born:										
Canadian (other than French).....	2				2	2	2	2	2	2
English.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
French.....	3	1			2	2	2	3	2	2
German.....	71	42	42	42	29	29	29	71	71	71
Magyar.....	74	44	40	40	30	27	26	74	67	66
Polish.....	111	58	54	53	53	44	44	111	98	97
Total foreign-born.....	263	146	137	136	117	105	104	263	242	240
Grand total.....	331	180	170	169	151	137	136	331	307	305

TABLE 122.—*Literacy of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over, by sex, years in the United States, and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Years in United States.								
		Under 5.			5 to 9.			10 or over.		
		Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.
English.....	1							1	1	1
French.....	1							1		
German.....	42				4	4	4	38	38	38
Magyar.....	44	23	23	23	19	17	17	2		
Polish.....	58	21	20	20	30	28	28	7	6	5
Total.....	146	44	43	43	53	49	49	49	45	44

FEMALE.

Canadian (other than French).....	2							2	2	2
English.....	1							1	1	1
French.....	2							2	2	2
German.....	29				4	4	4	25	25	25
Magyar.....	30	20	18	17	10	9	9			
Polish.....	53	28	26	26	20	16	16	5	2	2
Total.....	117	48	44	43	34	29	29	35	32	32

TOTAL.

Canadian (other than French).....	2							2	2	2
English.....	2							2	2	2
French.....	3							3	2	2
German.....	71				8	8	8	63	63	63
Magyar.....	74	43	41	40	29	26	26	2		
Polish.....	111	49	46	46	50	44	44	12	8	7
Total.....	263	92	87	86	87	78	78	84	77	76

TABLE 123.—Literacy of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Age at time of coming to United States.					
		Under 14.			14 or over.		
		Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.
English.....	1	1	1	1			
French.....	1				1		
German.....	42	15	15	15	27	27	27
Magyar.....	44	8	8	8	36	32	32
Polish.....	58	2	2	2	56	52	51
Total.....	146	26	26	26	120	111	110

FEMALE.

Canadian (other than French)..	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
English.....	1	1	1	1			
French.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
German.....	29	8	8	8	21	21	21
Magyar.....	30	2	2	2	28	25	24
Polish.....	53	2	2	2	51	42	42
Total.....	117	15	15	15	102	90	89

TOTAL.

Canadian (other than French)..	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
English.....	2	2	2	2			
French.....	3	1	1	1	2	1	1
German.....	71	23	23	23	48	48	48
Magyar.....	74	10	10	10	64	57	56
Polish.....	111	4	4	4	107	94	93
Total.....	263	41	41	41	222	201	199

German.....	6	.....	6	.....	10	.....	5	.....	5	.....	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	8	.....	14	.....	22
Polish.....	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	1
Total.....	6	.....	6	.....	13	.....	7	.....	7	.....	3	.....	3	.....	3	.....	8	.....	21	.....	29
Total native-born.....	13	.....	14	.....	35	.....	30	.....	31	.....	12	.....	12	.....	13	.....	22	.....	70	.....	93
Foreign-born:																					
Canadian (other than French).....																					
English.....																					
French.....																					
German.....																					
Magyar.....	2	.....	4	.....	12	.....	13	.....	15	.....	6	.....	3	.....	9	.....	1	.....	22	.....	4
Polish.....	2	.....	3	.....	34	.....	12	.....	12	.....	3	.....	3	.....	3	.....	2	.....	27	.....	29
Total foreign-born.....	2	.....	7	.....	51	.....	40	.....	41	.....	11	.....	11	.....	14	.....	3	.....	106	.....	113
Grand total.....	15	.....	21	.....	86	.....	70	.....	72	.....	23	.....	23	.....	27	.....	25	.....	176	.....	206

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White.....	18	.....	19	.....	40	.....	50	.....	51	.....	24	.....	24	.....	26	.....	29	.....	105	.....	136
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																					
English.....																					
French.....																					
German.....	8	.....	8	.....	15	.....	15	.....	16	.....	3	.....	3	.....	3	.....	14	.....	28	.....	42
Polish.....	1	.....	1	.....	2	.....	1	.....	2	.....	1	.....	1	.....	2	.....	2	.....	1	.....	3
Total.....	9	.....	9	.....	19	.....	17	.....	18	.....	5	.....	5	.....	5	.....	16	.....	35	.....	51
Total native-born.....	27	.....	28	.....	59	.....	67	.....	69	.....	29	.....	29	.....	31	.....	45	.....	140	.....	187
Foreign-born:																					
Canadian (other than French).....																					
English.....																					
French.....																					
German.....	2	.....	2	.....	11	.....	28	.....	32	.....	17	.....	17	.....	23	.....	13	.....	48	.....	68
Magyar.....	6	.....	8	.....	24	.....	27	.....	27	.....	7	.....	7	.....	7	.....	7	.....	59	.....	66
Polish.....	2	.....	6	.....	60	.....	38	.....	38	.....	5	.....	5	.....	5	.....	2	.....	107	.....	109
Total foreign-born.....	10	.....	16	.....	97	.....	94	.....	98	.....	32	.....	32	.....	39	.....	22	.....	220	.....	250
Grand total.....	37	.....	44	.....	156	.....	161	.....	167	.....	61	.....	61	.....	70	.....	67	.....	360	.....	437

TABLE 125.—Number of persons within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number within each specified age group.							Total.
	Under 6.	6 to 13.	14 and 15.	16 to 19.	20 to 29.	30 to 44.	45 or over.	
Native-born of native father, White..	22	23	5	9	18	27	18	122
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	7	6	1	2	2	11	2	31
Total native-born.....	29	29	6	11	20	38	20	153
Foreign-born:								
German.....	15	21	4	4	11	17	14	86
Magyar.....	12	13	2	4	12	14	7	64
Polish.....	39	7	2	4	27	26	2	107
Total foreign-born.....	66	41	8	12	50	57	23	257
Grand total.....	95	70	14	23	70	95	43	410

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White..	25	20	6	7	29	22	13	122
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	8	8	1	1	5	7	2	32
Total native-born.....	33	28	7	8	34	29	15	154
Foreign-born:								
German.....	17	21	2	6	5	18	9	78
Magyar.....	10	5	.....	4	12	13	.....	44
Polish.....	27	8	.....	3	35	12	3	88
Total foreign-born.....	54	34	2	13	52	43	12	210
Grand total.....	87	62	9	21	86	72	27	364

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White..	47	43	11	16	47	49	31	244
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, German.....	15	14	2	3	7	18	4	63
Total native-born.....	62	57	13	19	54	67	35	307
Foreign-born:								
German.....	32	42	6	10	16	35	23	164
Magyar.....	22	18	2	8	24	27	7	108
Polish.....	66	15	2	7	62	38	5	195
Total foreign-born.....	120	75	10	25	102	100	35	467
Grand total.....	182	132	23	44	156	167	70	774

TABLE 126.—Number of families owning home, renting, boarding, etc., by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of families—					
	Owning home.	Renting home.	Boarding.	Lodging.	In other conditions.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White	29	27	1			57
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father German	8	6				14
Total native-born	37	33	1			71
Foreign-born:						
French					1	1
German	16	14			1	31
Magyar	2	25				27
Polish	6	47				53
Total foreign-born	24	86			2	112
Grand total	61	119	1		2	183

TABLE 127.—General occupation of persons under 16 years of age, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number within each specified age group.															
	Under 6.				6 to 13.				14 and 15.				Total.			
	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White	29			29	1	28		29		4	2	6	30	32	2	64
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																
German	14	1		15	5	15		20		3		3	19	19		38
Magyar	11			11	2			2					13			13
Polish	36			36		3		3		2		2	36	5		41
Total	61	1		62	7	18		25		5		5	68	24		92
Total native-born	90	1		91	8	46		54		9	2	11	98	56	2	156
Foreign-born:																
German						1		1		1		1		2		2
Magyar					5	6		11		2		2	6	8		14
Polish		3		3	1	3		4					4	3		7
Total foreign-born					4	6		10		3		3	10	13		23
Grand total	94	1		95	14	56		70		12	2	14	108	69	2	179

TABLE 127.—General occupation of persons under 16 years of age, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual—Continued.

FEMALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number within each specified age group.															
	Under 6.				6 to 13.				14 and 15.				Total.			
	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	32	1	.....	33	4	23	.....	27	.....	6	1	7	36	30	1	67
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																
French.....						1		1						1		1
German.....	17			17	3	16		19		2		2	20	18		38
Magyar.....	9			9		1		1					9	1		10
Polish.....	26			26	2	2		4					28	2		30
Total.....	52			52	5	20		25		2		2	57	22		79
Total native-born.....	84	1		85	9	43		52		8	1	9	93	52	1	146
Foreign-born:																
German.....						2		2						2		2
Magyar.....	1			1	1	3		4					2	3		5
Polish.....	1			1	1	3		4					2	3		5
Total foreign-born.....	2			2	2	8		10					4	8		12
Grand total.....	86	1		87	11	51		62		8	1	9	97	60	1	158

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White.....	61	1	.....	62	5	51	.....	56	.....	10	3	13	66	62	3	131
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																
French.....						1		1						1		1
German.....	31	1		32	8	31		39		5		5	39	37		76
Magyar.....	20			20	2	1		3					22	1		23
Polish.....	62			62	2	5		7		2		2	64	7		71
Total.....	113	1		114	12	38		50		7		7	125	46		171
Total native-born.....	174	2		176	17	89		106		17	3	20	191	108	3	302
Foreign-born:																
German.....						3		3		1		1		4		4
Magyar.....	2			2	6	9		15		2		2	8	11		19
Polish.....	4			4	2	6		8					6	6		12
Total foreign-born.....	6			6	8	18		26		3		3	14	21		35
Grand total.....	180	2		182	25	107		132		20	3	23	205	129	3	337

TABLE 128.—*Present political condition of foreign-born males who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual and length of residence.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.				
		Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	
French.....	1							1	1				1	1
German.....	20	2			2	2	1	15	18	4	1	15	20	
Magyar.....	15	11		1	13	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	15	
Polish.....	24	14	3	1	18	3		3	6	17	3	4	24	
Total.....	60	27	4	2	33	6	2	19	27	33	6	21	60	

TABLE 129.—*Ability to speak English of persons 6 years of age or over, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Male.		Female.		Total.	
		Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:							
French.....	2			2	2	2	2
German.....	86	43	42	43	43	86	85
Magyar.....	3	2	1	1	1	3	2
Polish.....	12	7	7	5	2	12	9
Total native-born.....	103	52	50	51	48	103	98
Foreign-born:							
French.....	3	1	1	2	2	3	3
German.....	72	43	42	29	22	72	64
Magyar.....	83	50	32	33	7	83	39
Polish.....	117	61	59	56	17	117	76
Total foreign-born.....	275	155	134	120	48	275	182
Grand total.....	378	207	184	171	96	378	280

TABLE 130.—*Ability to speak English of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
		Under 14.		14 or over.	
		Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
French.....	1			1	1
German.....	43	16	16	27	26
Magyar.....	50	14	10	36	22
Polish.....	61	5	5	56	54
Total.....	155	35	31	120	103

TABLE 130.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race of individual—Continued.

FEMALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
		Under 14.		14 or over.	
		Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
French.....	2	1	1	1	1
German.....	29	8	8	21	14
Magyar.....	33	5	4	28	3
Polish.....	56	5	3	51	14
Total.....	120	19	16	101	32

TOTAL.

French.....	3	1	1	2	2
German.....	72	24	24	48	40
Magyar.....	83	19	14	64	25
Polish.....	117	10	8	107	68
Total.....	275	54	47	221	135

TABLE 131.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over, by sex, years in the United States, and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Years in United States.					
		Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over.	
		Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
French.....	1					1	1
German.....	43			5	5	38	37
Magyar.....	50	29	14	19	16	2	2
Polish.....	61	23	21	31	31	7	7
Total.....	155	52	35	55	52	48	47

FEMALE.

French.....	2					2	2
German.....	29			4	2	25	20
Magyar.....	33	21	2	12	5		
Polish.....	56	30	7	21	6	5	4
Total.....	120	51	9	37	13	32	26

TOTAL.

French.....	3					3	3
German.....	72			9	7	63	57
Magyar.....	83	50	16	31	21	2	2
Polish.....	117	53	28	52	37	12	11
Total.....	275	103	44	92	65	80	73

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AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND VEHICLE
MANUFACTURING

IMMIGRANTS IN INDUSTRIES.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND VEHICLE MANUFACTURING.

This report, which was prepared under the direction of the Commission by W. Jett Lauck, superintendent of agents, forms part of the general report of the Immigration Commission on immigrants in industries.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND VEHICLE MANUFACTURING.

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PART I.—GENERAL SURVEY OF THE AGRICULTURAL
IMPLEMENT AND VEHICLE MANUFACTURING
INDUSTRY.

PART I.—GENERAL SURVEY OF THE AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND VEHICLE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.

CHAPTER I.

INTRODUCTION.

The growth of the industry—The increase in the number of employees—Households studied—Members of households for whom detailed information was secured—Employees for whom information was secured—Preparation of the report—[Text Tables 1 to 7 and General Tables 1 to 3].

THE GROWTH OF THE INDUSTRY.

During the past forty years the agricultural implement and vehicle manufacturing industry has had a rapid development. The growth in the manufacture of farming implements in the United States during the period 1870–1905, and the distribution of the industry by principal agricultural implement manufacturing States during the year 1905, is exhibited in the next table, which shows the number of establishments in operation, the capital invested, and the value of their annual product in the years specified.

THE INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES.

The most significant feature, from the standpoint of recent immigration, in connection with the growth of the industry has been the remarkable increase in the number of employees, the resultant demand for labor being met by the employment of recent immigrants from southern and eastern Europe. The increase in the operating forces of the industry during the period 1870–1905, and the number in 1905 in the principal States in which the industry is located, is shown in the table which immediately follows.

A large expansion in the vehicle manufacturing industry during the twenty-five years 1880–1905 is also shown in the table next submitted, together with the status of the industry in principal States in 1905.

TABLE 1.—Increase in the number of persons employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements in the United States and in selected States, 1880–1905.

[Compiled from census of 1905, "Occupations;" census of 1900, "Manufactures—Special Reports—Part IV;" census of 1880, "Population."]

State.	Year.	Average number of wage-earners.			
		Total.	Men 16 years of age and over.	Women 16 years of age and over.	Children under 16 years of age.
Illinois.....	1905	15,359	14,914	441	4
	1900	18,231	18,030	93	108
	1890	9,502	9,233	224	45
Indiana.....	1880	1,142	^a 1,137	^b 5	.....
	1905	3,543	3,488	42	13
	1900	3,419	3,388	29	2
Michigan.....	1890	3,078	2,977	28	73
	1880	484	^a 484	.....	.....
	1905	3,164	3,142	2	20
New York.....	1900	1,944	1,939	4	1
	1890	1,585	1,583	2	.....
	1880	106	^a 106	.....	.....
Ohio.....	1905	6,279	6,251	19	9
	1900	5,551	5,522	24	5
	1890	5,620	5,613	3	4
Pennsylvania.....	1880	558	^a 557	^b 1	.....
	1905	5,659	5,619	39	1
	1900	6,852	6,795	44	13
Wisconsin.....	1890	7,701	7,682	8	11
	1880	972	^a 972	.....	.....
	1905	2,394	2,376	1	17
United States.....	1900	1,564	1,557	1	6
	1890	1,738	1,735	2	1
	1880	286	^a 286	.....	.....
United States.....	1905	3,569	3,530	20	19
	1900	3,289	3,276	.....	13
	1890	2,765	2,730	16	19
United States.....	1880	238	^a 238	.....	.....
	1905	47,394	46,631	579	184
	1900	46,582	46,174	214	194
United States.....	1890	38,827	38,327	288	212
	1880	4,891	^a 4,879	^b 12	.....

^a Males 10 years of age or over.^b Females 10 years of age or over.

In the above table the data for 1880 are hardly comparable with those of 1890, 1900, and 1905, as the first-named census used the term "agricultural implement makers" and gave the phrase a much narrower significance than any of the other three censuses. For this reason it seems best to omit these figures from further discussion.

Using the figures of the census of 1890, therefore, as a basis for comparison, it will be noted that there is a marked increase in the total number of workers in the United States in the next fifteen years, the number being 19.9 per cent greater in 1900 and 22.1 per cent greater than it was in 1890.

A study by States shows that from 1890 to 1900 there is a slight decrease in the number of workers in the eastern States, New York, Pennsylvania, and Ohio, ranging from 1.23 per cent in the case of the first to 11 per cent in the case of the last, but that the increase in the case of each of the western States during the same period, ranging from 11.1 per cent in the case of Indiana to 91.9 per cent in the case of Illinois, far outweighs, both numerically and proportionately, this decrease.

In the census of 1905 there is a general increase over the figures of 1900, but two States, Illinois and Ohio, showing a decrease since

1900, and but one State, Ohio, showing a decrease from the figures of 1890. Again, however, the most general increase is noted in the West, the only eastern State showing any considerable proportionate gain being Pennsylvania, and Ohio, in fact, showing a very great loss.

From these figures it may be inferred that the manufacturers of agricultural implements are moving their factories westward, keeping themselves in touch with the farming districts and apparently trying to expedite shipments of their wares and minimize freight rates by proximity to their sales centers.

HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

A total of 501 households were investigated, the heads of which were employed in establishments in Indiana and Illinois. The following table shows households studied, by general nativity and race of head of household:

TABLE 2.—Households studied, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Households.		General nativity and race of head of household.	Households.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.		Number.	Per cent distribution.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	17.4	Foreign-born—Continued.		
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:			Magyar.....	72	14.4
German.....	19	3.8	Polish.....	57	11.4
Polish.....	39	7.8	Swedish.....	110	22.0
Foreign-born:			Grand total.....	501	100.0
Flemish.....	30	6.0	Native-born of foreign father..	58	11.6
German.....	50	10.0	Native-born.....	145	28.9
Hebrew.....	21	4.2	Foreign-born.....	356	71.1
Lithuanian.....	16	3.2			

The foregoing table shows that out of 501 households studied 71.1 per cent were foreign-born, 17.4 per cent were native-born of native father, and 11.6 per cent were native-born of foreign father. Of the foreign-born households studied the largest proportion of any race is the 22 per cent of Swedish, while the smallest number is shown by the Lithuanians, less than 5 per cent.

MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLDS FOR WHOM DETAILED INFORMATION WAS SECURED.

The table following shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, persons in households studied and persons for whom detailed information was secured.

TABLE 3.—Persons in households studied and persons for whom detailed information was secured, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Persons in households.		Persons for whom detailed information was secured.	
		Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	351	14.4	341	15.5
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.....	19	60	2.5	60	2.7
Polish.....	39	176	7.2	172	7.8
Foreign-born:					
Flemish.....	30	138	5.7	120	5.5
German.....	50	223	9.2	215	9.8
Hebrew.....	21	96	3.9	93	4.2
Lithuanian.....	16	84	3.4	55	2.5
Magyar.....	72	448	18.4	334	15.2
Polish.....	57	342	14.0	333	15.2
Swedish.....	110	517	21.2	475	21.6
Grand total.....	501	2,435	100.0	2,198	100.0
Native-born of foreign father.....	58	236	9.7	232	10.6
Native-born.....	145	587	24.1	573	26.1
Foreign-born.....	356	1,848	75.9	1,625	73.9

The foregoing table shows that in 501 households there is a total of 2,435 persons; of this total, 75.9 per cent are foreign-born, 14.4 per cent native-born of native father, white; 9.7 per cent native-born of foreign father. Of the total number the Swedes represent the largest individual race group, their proportion being 21.2 per cent of the whole, while the Lithuanians and the Hebrews each comprise less than 4 per cent of the total number.

The table below sets forth the sex of persons for whom detailed information was secured:

TABLE 4.—Sex of persons for whom detailed information was secured, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number.			Per cent of each sex.	
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.
Native-born of native father, White.....	168	173	341	49.3	50.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.....	28	32	60	46.7	53.3
Polish.....	87	85	172	50.6	49.4
Foreign-born:					
Flemish.....	62	58	120	51.7	48.3
German.....	109	106	215	50.7	49.3
Hebrew.....	49	44	93	52.7	47.3
Lithuanian.....	30	25	55	54.5	45.5
Magyar.....	189	145	334	56.6	43.4
Polish.....	161	172	333	48.3	51.7
Swedish.....	251	224	475	52.8	47.2
Grand total.....	1,134	1,064	2,198	51.6	48.4
Native-born of foreign father.....	115	117	232	49.6	50.4
Native-born.....	283	290	573	49.4	50.6
Foreign-born.....	851	774	1,625	52.4	47.6

From this table it is seen that 2,198 persons were studied, of whom 1,134 were males and 1,064 females. Of the total number 1,625 were foreign-born, 851 of whom were males, 774 females; 341 were native-born of native father, 168 being males and 173 females; 232 were native-born of foreign father, with about equal proportion of males and females.

The following table shows, by sex and general nativity and race of individual, persons in the households studied for whom detailed information was secured:

TABLE 5.—Persons for whom detailed information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	224	223	447	19.8	21.0	20.3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
English.....		1	1	.0	.1	(a)
Flemish.....	13	13	26	1.1	1.2	1.2
French.....	1	1	2	.1	.1	.1
German.....	75	80	155	6.6	7.5	7.1
Hebrew.....	11	9	20	1.0	.8	.9
Irish.....	1	2	3	.1	.2	.1
Lithuanian.....	8	9	17	.7	.8	.8
Magyar.....	44	50	94	3.9	4.7	4.3
Norwegian.....		1	1	.0	.1	(a)
Polish.....	120	138	258	10.6	13.0	11.7
Swedish.....	102	106	208	9.0	10.0	9.5
Foreign-born:						
Canadian (other than French).....		1	1	.0	.1	(a)
Dutch.....		2	2	.0	.2	.1
English.....		2	2	.0	.2	.1
Flemish.....	49	42	91	4.3	3.9	4.1
German.....	54	51	105	4.8	4.8	4.8
Hebrew.....	38	35	73	3.4	3.3	3.3
Irish.....		1	1	.0	.1	(a)
Italian, North.....		1	1	.0	.1	(a)
Lithuanian.....	22	14	36	1.9	1.3	1.6
Magyar.....	145	95	240	12.8	8.9	10.9
Polish.....	82	75	157	7.2	7.0	7.1
Scotch.....		1	1	.0	.1	(a)
Swedish.....	145	111	256	12.8	10.4	11.6
Grand total.....	1,134	1,064	2,198	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native-born of foreign father.....	375	410	785	33.1	38.5	35.7
Native-born.....	599	633	1,232	52.8	59.5	56.1
Foreign-born.....	535	431	966	47.2	40.5	43.9

a Less than 0.05 per cent.

Of a grand total of 2,198 persons for whom detailed information was secured, 43.9 per cent were foreign-born, 35.7 per cent were native-born of foreign father, and 20.3 were native-born of native father, white. Approximately equal proportion of males and females were studied.

EMPLOYEES FOR WHOM INFORMATION WAS SECURED.

Data relating to individual employees was obtained in the States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, New York, and Pennsylvania. The table next presented and accompanying chart show, by sex, the number and per cent of employees of each race for whom information was secured.

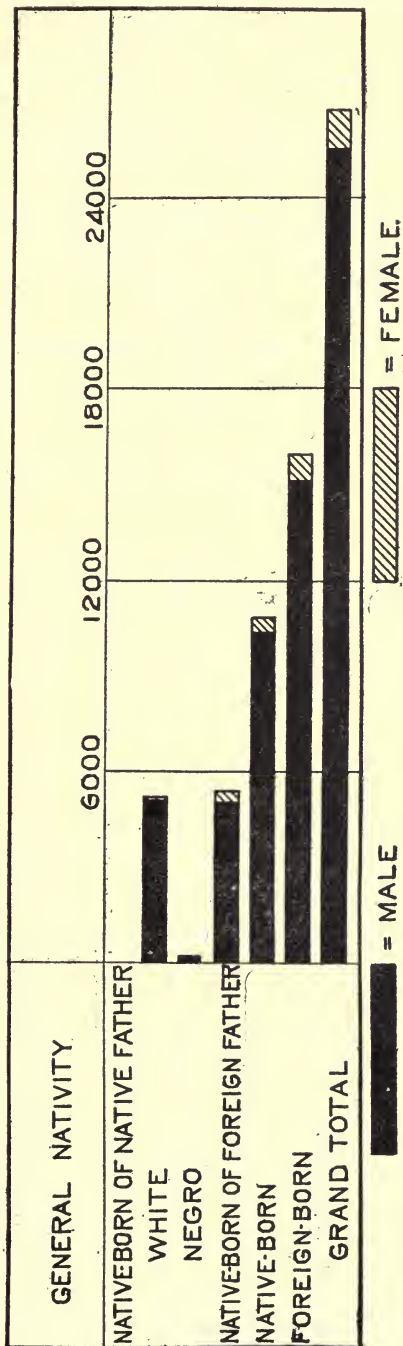
TABLE 6.—*Employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:						
White.....	5,125	85	5,210	20.1	6.9	19.4
Negro.....	218		218	.9	.0	.8
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Australia.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
Austria-Hungary.....	157	21	178	.6	1.7	.7
Belgium.....	26	1	27	.1	.1	.1
Canada.....	183	4	187	.7	.3	.7
Denmark.....	42		42	.2	.0	.2
England.....	321	9	330	1.3	.7	1.2
France.....	46	1	47	.2	.1	.2
Germany.....	2,479	237	2,716	9.7	19.2	10.1
Greece.....	3		3	(a)	.0	(a)
Ireland.....	794	38	832	3.1	3.1	3.1
Italy.....	15	2	17	.1	.2	.1
Netherlands.....	43		43	.2	.0	.2
Norway.....	70	2	72	.3	.2	.3
Russia.....	225	25	250	.9	2.0	.9
Scotland.....	118	2	120	.5	.2	.4
Spain.....	4		4	(a)	.0	(a)
Sweden.....	437	5	442	1.7	.4	1.6
Switzerland.....	44		44	.2	.0	.2
Wales.....	52		52	.2	.0	.2
Foreign-born, by race:						
Albanian.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
Armenian.....	42		42	.2	.0	.2
Bohemian and Moravian.....	363	22	385	1.4	1.8	1.4
Bosnian.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
Bulgarian.....	3		3	(a)	.0	(a)
Canadian, French.....	117		117	.5	.0	.4
Canadian, Other.....	211	4	215	.8	.3	.8
Croatian.....	175	6	181	.7	.5	.7
Danish.....	219		219	.9	.0	.8
Dutch.....	152	3	155	.6	.2	.6
English.....	260	2	262	1.0	.2	1.0
Finnish.....	15		15	.1	.0	.1
Flemish.....	27		27	.1	.0	.1
French.....	40		40	.2	.0	.1
German.....	2,448	70	2,518	9.6	5.7	9.4
Greek.....	316	7	323	1.2	.6	1.2
Hebrew, Russian.....	62	3	65	.2	.2	.2
Hebrew, Other.....	19		19	.1	.0	.1
Irish.....	512	8	520	2.0	.6	1.9
Italian, North.....	281	11	292	1.1	.9	1.1
Italian, South.....	312	4	316	1.2	.3	1.2
Lithuanian.....	754	69	823	2.9	5.6	3.1
Macedonian.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Magyar.....	726	15	741	2.8	1.2	2.8
Montenegrin.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Norwegian.....	180		180	.7	.0	.7
Persian.....	6		6	(a)	.0	(a)
Polish.....	4,750	496	5,246	18.6	40.2	19.6
Roumanian.....	17		17	.1	.0	.1
Russian.....	284	23	307	1.1	1.9	1.1
Ruthenian.....	150	16	166	.6	1.3	.6
Scotch.....	103		103	.4	.0	.4
Scotch-Irish.....	11		11	(a)	.0	(a)
Slovak.....	93	7	100	.4	.6	.4
Slovenian.....	295	10	305	1.2	.8	1.1
Slovenian.....	119	19	138	.5	1.5	.5
Spanish.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Swedish.....	1,626	2	1,628	6.4	.2	6.1
Syrian.....	10	2	12	(a)	.2	(a)
Turkish.....	3		3	(a)	.0	(a)
Welsh.....	26		26	.1	.0	.1
Austrian (race not specified).....	65	4	69	.3	.3	.3
Belgian (race not specified).....	325		325	1.3	.0	1.2
Swiss (race not specified).....	32		32	.1	.0	.1
Grand total.....	25,560	1,235	26,795	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	5,061	347	5,408	19.8	28.1	20.2
Total native-born.....	10,404	432	10,836	40.7	35.0	40.4
Total foreign-born.....	15,156	803	15,959	59.3	65.0	59.6

a Less than 0.05 per cent.

Number of employees of each general nativity for whom detailed information was secured, by sex.



The following table shows, by locality and by sex, the race of employees for whom information was secured:

TABLE 7.—Race of employees for whom information was secured, by locality and by sex.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Male.			Female.			Total.		
	Per cent of total employ-ees in each specified locality.			Per cent of total employ-ees in each specified locality.			Per cent of total employ-ees in each specified locality.		
	East.	Middle West.	In man-ufacture of agricul-tural imple-ments.	East.	Middle West.	In man-ufacture of agricul-tural imple-ments.	East.	Middle West.	In man-ufacture of agricul-tural imple-ments.
Native-born of native father:									
White.....	30.6	17.7	20.1	10.9	5.9	6.9	.0	17.2	19.4
Negro.....	.2	1.0	.9	.0	.0	.0	29.6	.9	.8
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Australia.....	(a)		(a)	.0		.0			(a)
Austria-Hungary.....	.5	.7	.6	.4	2.0	1.7	.4	.7	.7
Belgium.....		.1	.1		.1	.1		.1	.1
Canada.....	2.5	.3	.7	.8	.2	.3	2.4	.3	.7
Denmark.....	(a)	.2	.2	.0	.0	.0	(a)	.2	.2
England.....	3.2	.8	1.3	2.0	.4	.7	3.1	.8	1.2
France.....	.3	.2	.2	.0	.1	.1	.3	.2	.2
Germany.....	5.1	10.7	9.7	2.0	23.5	19.2	5.0	11.3	10.1
Greece.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	.0	.0	.0	(a)	(a)	(a)
Ireland.....	9.2	1.7	3.1	6.5	2.2	3.1	9.1	1.8	3.1
Italy.....	.2	(a)	.1	.4	.1	.2	.2	(a)	.1
Netherlands.....		.2	.2		.0	.0		.2	.2
Norway.....	(a)	.3	.3	.0	.2	.2	(a)	.3	.3
Russia.....	.1	1.1	.9	.8	2.3	2.0	.1	1.1	.9
Scotland.....	.7	.4	.5	.4	.1	.2	.7	.4	.4
Spain.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	.0	.0	.0	(a)	(a)	(a)
Sweden.....	.3	2.0	1.7	.0	.5	.4	.2	2.0	1.6
Switzerland.....	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0	.0	.2	.2	.2
Wales.....	.5	.1	.2	.0	.0	.0	.4	.1	.2
Foreign-born, by race:									
Albanian.....		(a)	(a)		.0	.0		(a)	(a)
Armenian.....	.1	.2	.2	.0	.0	.0	.1	.2	.2
Bohemian and Moravian.....	.2	1.7	1.4	.0	2.2	1.8	.2	1.7	1.4
Bosnian.....		(a)	(a)		.0	.0		(a)	(a)
Bulgarian.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	.0	.0	.0	(a)	(a)	(a)
Canadian, French.....	2.2	.1	.5	.0	.0	.0	2.1	.1	.4
Canadian, Other.....	2.2	.5	.8	.4	.3	.3	2.1	.5	.8
Croatian.....		.8	.7		.6	.5		.8	.7
Danish.....	.1	1.0	.9	.0	.0	.0	.1	1.0	.8
Dutch.....	.1	.7	.6	.0	.3	.2	.1	.7	.6
English.....	2.8	.6	1.0	.8	.0	.2	2.7	.6	1.0
Finnish.....		.1	.1		.0	.0		.1	.1
Flemish.....		.1	.1		.0	.0		.1	.1
French.....	.1	.2	.2	.0	.0	.0	.1	.2	.1
German.....	4.1	10.8	9.6	.4	7.0	5.7	3.9	10.6	9.4
Greek.....	1.0	1.3	1.2	2.8	.0	.6	1.1	1.2	1.2
Hebrew, Russian.....	.2	.3	.2	.0	.3	.2	.2	.3	.2
Hebrew, Other.....	(a)	.1	.1	.0	.0	.0	(a)	.1	.1
Irish.....	6.0	1.1	2.0	1.2	.5	.6	5.8	1.1	1.9
Italian, North.....	2.3	.8	1.1	3.6	.2	.9	2.4	.8	1.1
Italian, South.....	5.3	.3	1.2	1.6	.0	.3	5.1	.3	1.2
Lithuanian.....	.4	3.5	2.9	.0	7.0	5.6	.4	3.7	3.1
Macedonian.....		(a)	(a)		.0	.0		(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	.2	3.4	2.8	.0	1.5	1.2	.2	3.3	2.8
Montenegrin.....		(a)	(a)		.0	.0		(a)	(a)
Norwegian.....	(a)	.9	.7	.0	.0	.0	(a)	.8	.7
Persian.....		(a)	(a)		.0	.0		(a)	(a)
Polish.....	10.2	20.5	18.6	55.2	36.4	40.2	12.4	21.2	19.6
Roumanian.....		.1	.1		.0	.0		.1	.1
Russian.....	1.2	1.1	1.1	4.0	1.3	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.1
Ruthenian.....	3.0	(a)	.6	4.0	.6	1.3	3.1	.1	.6
Scotch.....	.9	.3	.4	.0	.0	.0	.9	.3	.4
Scotch-Irish.....	.2	(a)	(a)	.0	.0	.0	.2	(a)	(a)

a Less than 0.05 per cent.

TABLE 7.—Race of employees for whom information was secured, by locality and by sex—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Male.			Female.			Total.		
	Per cent of total employees in each specified locality.			Per cent of total employees in each specified locality.			Per cent of total employees in each specified locality.		
	East.	Middle West.	In manufacture of agricultural implements.	East.	Middle West.	In manufacture of agricultural implements.	East.	Middle West.	In manufacture of agricultural implements.
Foreign-born, by race—Con.									
Servian.....		.4	.4		.7	.6		.5	.4
Slovak.....	1.8	1.0	1.2	.4	.9	.8	1.7	1.0	1.1
Slovenian.....	.2	.5	.5	.0	1.9	1.5	.1	.6	.5
Spanish.....	(a)		(a)	.0		.0	(a)		(a)
Swedish.....	.8	7.6	6.4	.0	.2	.2	.8	7.3	6.1
Syrian.....		(a)	(a)		.2	.2		.1	(a)
Turkish.....		(a)	(a)		.0	.0		(a)	(a)
Welsh.....	.2	.1	.1	.0	.0	.0	.2	.1	.1
Austrian (race not specified).....	.3	.2	.3	1.2	.1	.3	.4	.2	.3
Belgian (race not specified).....	(a)	1.5	1.3	.0	.0	.0	(a)	1.5	1.2
Swiss (race not specified).....	.1	.1	.1	.0	.0	.0	.1	.1	.1
Grand total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	22.8	19.1	19.8	13.3	31.8	28.1	22.3	19.7	20.2
Total native-born.....	53.7	37.8	40.7	24.2	37.7	35.0	52.2	37.8	40.4
Total foreign-born.....	46.3	62.2	59.3	75.8	62.3	65.0	47.8	62.2	59.6

^a Less than 0.05 per cent.

PREPARATION OF THE REPORT.

In preparing the data for publication, geographical distinctions were observed and separate tabulations for the employees were made for the Middle West and the East in order that working conditions in the two sections might be compared. The States included in the first division are Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Wisconsin, while New York and Pennsylvania make up the second. The three main divisions of the report, therefore, are:

Part I. General survey of the industry as a whole.—This section consists of a statistical survey of the entire industry based on the data obtained from employees and households without regard to geographical lines.

Part II. General survey of the industry in the Middle West.—This section is a statistical review of employees in the Middle West, together with a detailed study of a representative agricultural implement and vehicle manufacturing community.

Part III. General survey of the industry in the East.—This section embraces a study of employees in the States of New York and Pennsylvania.

In the case of each section, historical and descriptive data dealing with working conditions and racial displacements have been added.

CHAPTER II.

RACIAL DISPLACEMENTS.

History of immigration—Period of residence in the United States of foreign-born employees and members of their households—Racial composition of employees at present time—[Text Tables 8 to 15 and General Tables 4 and 5].

HISTORY OF IMMIGRATION.

This table shows the total persons engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements in 1880, by country of birth:

TABLE 8.—*Number of persons engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements, by country of birth, 1880.*

Country of birth.	Number.	Country of birth.	Number.
United States.....	3,255	British America.....	109
Ireland.....	227	Other countries.....	162
Germany.....	551		
Great Britain.....	141	Total.....	4,891
Sweden and Norway.....	446		

Of the 4,891 employees studied in the above table, 3,255, or 66.5 per cent of the total were born in the United States. Of the foreign-born, 33.6 per cent were born in Germany, 27.3 per cent in Sweden and Norway, and from 6.6 to 13.9 per cent in British America, Great Britain, and Ireland, respectively.

This table shows the total number of persons engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements in 1890, by general nativity and country of birth:

TABLE 9.—*Number of persons engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements, by general nativity and country of birth, 1890.*

General nativity and country of birth.	Number.	General nativity and country of birth.	Number.
Native white:		Foreign-born, by country of birth—Con.	
Native parents.....	1,431	Ireland.....	296
Foreign parents.....	700	Great Britain.....	85
Foreign white.....	1,509	Canada, English.....	36
Total colored.....	115	Canada, French.....	56
		Sweden and Norway.....	413
Grand total.....	3,755	Denmark.....	44
		Other countries.....	176
Foreign-born, by country of birth:			
Germany.....	405		

In the above table 1,509 of the 3,755 employees studied are foreign whites, 1,431 native whites of native parents, and 700 native whites of foreign parents. There are only 115 negroes in the industry.

With 40.2 per cent of the total number foreign-born and 38.1 per cent native-born of native parents, it would seem that the employees have been essentially American in their makeup, but that the foreign element is now supplanting them.

Of the foreign-born employees, 27.3 per cent were born in Sweden and Norway, 26.8 per cent in Germany, 19.6 in Ireland, and from 2.4 to 5.6 per cent were born in Canada (English), Denmark, Canada (French), and Great Britain, respectively. Of the total, 11.6 per cent were born in unspecified countries.

PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN THE UNITED STATES OF FOREIGN-BORN EMPLOYEES AND MEMBERS OF THEIR HOUSEHOLDS.

An insight into the racial movements to the industry is set forth in the series of tabulations next presented, which show the period of residence in the United States of foreign-born employees and members of their households. Length of residence in this country and period of employment in the industry are not necessarily the same, but are sufficiently approximate to indicate the character of recent and past immigration to the plants engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements and vehicles. The table first submitted, which immediately follows, shows, by sex and race, the per cent of foreign-born employees who had been in the United States each specified number of years:

TABLE 10.—Per cent of foreign-born employees in the United States under 1 year, 1 year, 2 years, etc., by sex and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad. This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent in United States each specified number of years.								
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	361	0.8	0.8	7.5	6.4	3.6	21.1	4.2	17.2	38.5
Canadian, French.....	117	.9	1.7	.9	1.7	.9	6.8	12.8	20.5	53.8
Canadian, Other.....	210	2.9	.5	3.3	2.4	2.4	12.4	14.3	15.2	46.7
Croatian.....	174	1.1	5.2	11.5	19.0	16.1	33.3	7.5	4.6	1.7
Danish.....	219	1.8	1.8	4.1	5.9	6.8	18.7	3.7	19.2	37.9
Dutch.....	151	2.0	4.6	5.3	8.6	4.6	19.2	6.6	26.5	22.5
English.....	257	3.1	2.3	7.0	1.9	2.7	6.6	6.6	6.6	63.0
German.....	2,442	1.4	1.0	2.5	2.7	1.9	7.0	2.9	16.5	64.1
Greek.....	313	2.9	6.7	24.3	20.8	8.9	29.7	4.5	1.3	1.0
Irish.....	512	1.0	2.0	3.5	2.1	2.7	6.8	7.0	7.8	67.0
Italian, North.....	281	.4	2.1	12.1	17.4	10.3	34.5	5.4	9.3	7.5
Italian, South.....	312	1.3	2.2	15.4	11.9	14.7	35.3	9.6	7.1	2.6
Lithuanian.....	748	3.5	4.5	18.9	13.2	11.0	28.7	10.3	6.7	3.2
Magyar.....	725	4.1	7.2	28.7	16.1	11.6	23.9	3.7	3.0	1.7
Norwegian.....	180	2.8	.6	7.2	3.9	2.8	18.9	2.8	5.0	56.1
Polish.....	4,724	3.6	2.1	12.3	11.3	7.3	24.8	6.9	13.1	18.6
Russian.....	281	3.9	9.6	31.7	19.9	3.9	19.6	4.3	3.6	3.6
Ruthenian.....	150	15.3	8.0	31.3	22.7	6.7	10.7	2.0	2.7	.7
Scotch.....	103	1.0	.0	5.8	6.8	2.9	12.6	4.9	10.7	55.3
Servian.....	93	6.5	9.7	40.9	31.2	5.4	6.5	.0	.0	.0
Slovak.....	293	7.2	4.4	22.2	20.5	13.0	20.1	6.1	3.8	2.7
Slovenian.....	119	3.4	1.7	25.2	16.0	7.6	29.4	5.9	7.6	3.4
Swedish.....	1,620	1.4	1.2	3.1	4.0	3.0	16.0	6.5	17.9	46.9
Total.....	15,093	2.8	2.6	11.4	9.7	6.3	19.5	6.0	12.0	29.7

TABLE 10.—Per cent of foreign-born employees in the United States under 1 year, 1 year, 2 years, etc., by sex and race—Continued.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent in United States each specified number of years.								
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
		Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	0.0	0.0	22.7	27.3	9.1	27.3	4.5	0.0	9.1
Canadian (other than French).....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Croatian.....	6	.0	16.7	66.7	.0	.0	.0	16.7	.0	.0
Dutch.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
English.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	70	8.6	4.3	17.1	7.1	12.9	10.0	5.7	27.1	7.1
Greek.....	7	14.3	.0	42.9	42.9	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Irish.....	8	.0	.0	12.5	12.5	.0	25.0	37.5	.0	12.5
Italian, North.....	11	9.1	.0	36.4	18.2	9.1	18.2	.0	9.1	.0
Italian, South.....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Lithuanian.....	67	6.8	6.0	25.4	25.4	16.4	11.9	6.0	3.0	.0
Magyar.....	15	20.0	20.0	6.7	13.3	13.3	20.0	6.7	.0	.0
Polish.....	496	16.7	8.1	27.2	20.6	7.9	12.3	1.6	4.0	1.6
Russian.....	23	13.0	17.4	34.8	.0	13.0	17.4	.0	4.3	.0
Ruthenian.....	16	18.8	6.3	43.8	12.5	6.3	6.3	.0	6.3	.0
Servian.....	7	.0	.0	71.4	.0	14.3	14.3	.0	.0	.0
Slovak.....	10	30.0	.0	30.0	.0	.0	30.0	.0	10.0	.0
Slovenian.....	19	21.1	5.3	26.3	10.5	21.1	15.8	.0	.0	.0
Swedish.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total.....	801	14.1	7.2	26.5	18.2	9.5	13.2	2.9	6.0	2.4

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TOTAL.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	383	0.8	0.8	8.4	7.6	3.9	21.4	4.2	16.2	36.8
Canadian, French.....	117	.9	1.7	.9	1.7	.9	6.8	12.8	20.5	53.8
Canadian, Other.....	214	2.8	.5	3.3	2.3	2.3	12.1	14.0	15.9	46.7
Croatian.....	180	1.1	5.6	13.3	18.3	15.6	32.2	7.8	4.4	1.7
Danish.....	219	1.8	1.8	4.1	5.9	6.8	18.7	3.7	19.2	37.9
Dutch.....	154	1.9	5.2	5.2	8.4	4.5	19.5	6.5	26.6	22.1
English.....	259	3.1	2.3	6.9	2.7	2.7	6.6	6.6	6.6	62.5
German.....	2,512	1.6	1.1	2.9	2.8	2.2	7.1	3.0	16.8	62.5
Greek.....	320	3.1	6.6	24.7	21.3	8.8	29.1	4.4	1.3	.9
Irish.....	520	1.0	1.9	3.7	2.3	2.7	7.1	7.5	7.7	66.2
Italian, North.....	292	1.7	2.1	13.0	17.5	10.3	33.9	6.2	9.2	7.2
Italian, South.....	316	1.3	2.2	15.5	12.0	14.6	35.4	9.5	7.0	2.5
Lithuanian.....	815	3.7	4.7	19.4	14.2	11.4	27.4	9.9	6.4	2.9
Magyar.....	740	4.5	7.4	28.2	16.1	11.6	23.8	3.8	3.0	1.6
Norwegian.....	180	2.8	.6	7.2	3.9	2.8	18.9	2.8	5.0	56.1
Polish.....	5,220	4.8	2.7	13.8	12.2	7.4	23.6	6.4	12.2	17.0
Russian.....	304	4.6	10.2	31.9	18.4	4.6	19.4	3.9	3.6	3.3
Ruthenian.....	166	15.7	7.8	32.5	21.7	6.6	10.2	1.8	3.0	.6
Scotch.....	103	.1	.0	5.8	6.8	2.9	12.6	4.9	10.7	55.3
Servian.....	100	6.0	9.0	43.0	29.0	6.0	7.0	.0	.0	.0
Slovak.....	303	7.9	4.3	22.4	19.8	12.5	20.5	5.9	4.0	2.6
Slovenian.....	138	5.8	2.2	25.4	15.2	9.4	27.5	5.1	6.5	2.9
Swedish.....	1,622	1.4	1.2	3.1	4.0	3.0	16.0	6.5	17.9	46.9
Total.....	15,894	3.4	2.9	12.2	10.1	6.5	19.2	5.8	11.7	28.3

Of 15,894 persons employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements, the largest proportion, or 28.3 per cent, have been in the United States twenty years or over, 19.2 per cent having had a period of residence of from five to nine years, 17.5 per cent of from ten to nineteen years, and 35.1 per cent under five years. Of the 35.1 per cent who have been in the United States under five years, 22.3 per cent have had a period of residence of from two to three years. Over 50 per cent of the French Canadians, English, German, Irish, Norwegian, and Scotch employees have been in the United States twenty years or over, other races ranging from 46.9 per cent of the Swedish to less than 1 per cent of the Greek, Ruthenian, and Servian, while all of the Servians

and over 75 per cent of the Croatsians, Greeks, North Italians, South Italians, Lithuanians, Magyars, Russians, Ruthenians, Slovaks, and Slovenians have been in the United States less than ten years. A larger proportion of the female than of the male employees have been in the United States each specified number of years under five, while a larger proportion of the males than the females have been in the United States each other specified number of years.

The following table and accompanying chart are based upon the same data as the one immediately preceding, but are arranged in a different form, all employees with a residence in the United States of less than five years being presented in one group:

TABLE 11.—Per cent of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad. This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent in United States each specified number of years.				
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	361	19.1	21.1	4.2	17.2	38.5
Canadian, French.....	117	6.0	6.8	12.8	20.5	53.8
Canadian, Other.....	210	11.4	12.4	14.3	15.2	46.7
Croatian.....	174	52.9	33.3	7.5	4.6	1.7
Danish.....	219	20.5	18.7	3.7	19.2	37.9
Dutch.....	151	25.2	19.2	6.6	26.5	22.5
English.....	257	17.1	6.6	6.6	6.6	63.0
German.....	2,442	9.4	7.0	2.9	16.5	64.1
Greek.....	313	63.6	29.7	4.5	1.3	1.0
Irish.....	512	11.3	6.8	7.0	7.8	67.0
Italian, North.....	281	42.3	34.5	6.4	9.3	7.5
Italian, South.....	312	45.5	35.3	9.6	7.1	2.6
Lithuanian.....	748	51.1	28.7	10.3	6.7	3.2
Magyar.....	725	67.7	23.9	3.7	3.0	1.7
Norwegian.....	180	17.2	18.9	2.8	5.0	56.1
Polish.....	4,724	36.7	24.8	6.9	13.1	18.6
Russian.....	281	69.0	19.6	4.3	3.6	3.6
Ruthenian.....	150	84.0	10.7	2.0	2.7	.7
Scotch.....	103	16.5	12.6	4.9	10.7	55.3
Servian.....	93	93.5	6.5	.0	.0	.0
Slovak.....	293	67.2	20.1	6.1	3.8	2.7
Slovenian.....	119	53.8	29.4	5.9	7.6	3.4
Swedish.....	1,620	12.7	16.0	6.5	17.9	46.9
Total.....	15,093	32.8	19.5	6.0	12.0	29.7

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	59.1	27.3	4.5	0.0	9.1
Canadian (other than French).....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Croatian.....	6	83.3	.0	16.7	.0	.0
Dutch.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
English.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	70	50.0	10.0	5.7	27.1	7.1
Greek.....	7	100.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Irish.....	8	25.0	25.0	37.5	.0	12.5
Italian, North.....	11	72.7	18.2	.0	9.1	.0
Italian, South.....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Lithuanian.....	67	79.1	11.9	6.0	3.0	.0
Magyar.....	15	73.3	20.0	6.7	.0	.0
Polish.....	496	80.4	12.3	1.6	4.0	1.6
Russian.....	23	78.3	17.4	.0	4.3	.0
Ruthenian.....	16	87.5	6.3	.0	6.3	.0
Servian.....	7	85.7	14.3	.0	.0	.0
Slovak.....	10	60.0	30.0	.0	10.0	.0
Slovenian.....	19	84.2	15.8	.0	.0	.0
Swedish.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total.....	801	75.5	13.2	2.9	6.0	2.4

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

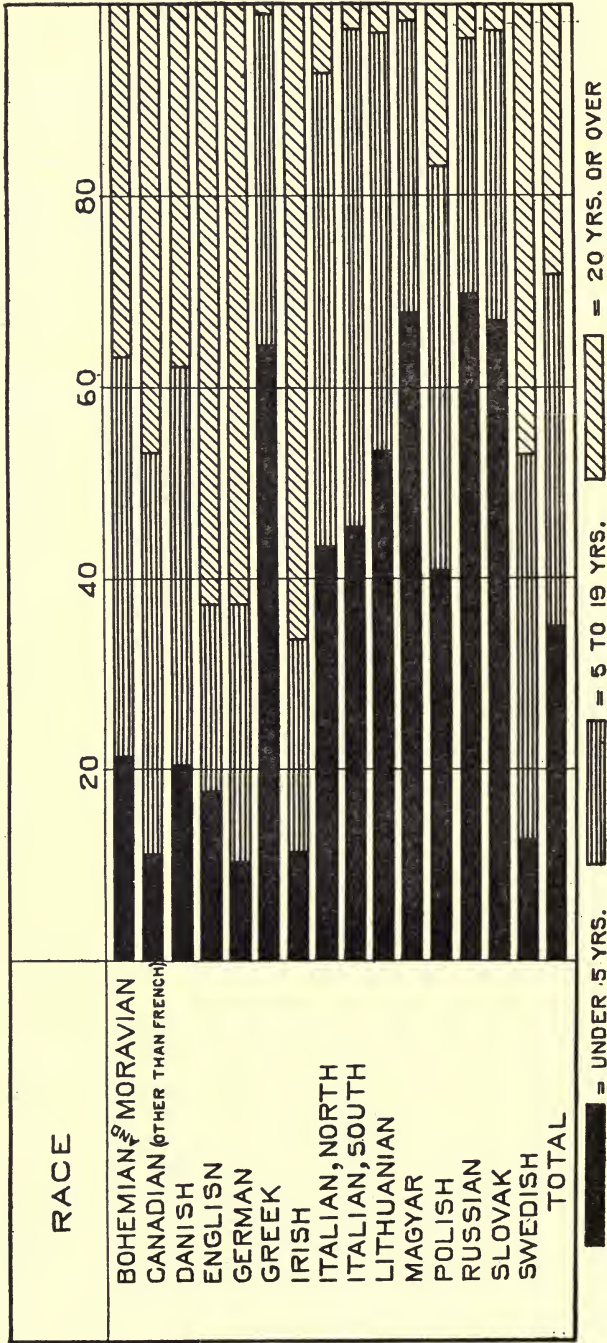
TABLE 11.—Per cent of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race—Continued.

TOTAL.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent in United States each specified number of years.				
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	383	21.4	21.4	4.2	16.2	36.8
Canadian, French.....	117	6.0	6.8	12.8	20.5	53.8
Canadian, Other.....	214	11.2	12.1	14.0	15.9	46.7
Croatian.....	180	53.9	32.2	7.8	4.4	1.7
Danish.....	219	20.5	18.7	3.7	19.2	37.9
Dutch.....	154	25.3	19.5	6.5	26.6	22.1
English.....	259	17.8	6.6	6.6	6.6	62.5
German.....	2,512	10.5	7.1	3.0	16.8	62.5
Greek.....	320	64.4	29.1	4.4	1.3	.9
Irish.....	520	11.5	7.1	7.5	7.7	66.2
Italian, North.....	292	43.5	33.9	6.2	9.2	7.2
Italian, South.....	316	45.6	35.4	9.5	7.0	2.5
Lithuanian.....	815	53.4	27.4	9.9	6.4	2.9
Magyar.....	740	67.8	23.8	3.8	3.0	1.6
Norwegian.....	180	17.2	18.9	2.8	5.0	56.1
Polish.....	5,220	40.8	23.6	6.4	12.2	17.0
Russian.....	304	69.7	19.4	3.9	3.6	3.3
Ruthenian.....	166	84.3	10.2	1.8	3.0	.6
Scotch.....	103	16.5	12.6	4.9	10.7	55.3
Servian.....	100	93.0	7.0	.0	.0	.0
Slovak.....	303	67.0	20.5	5.9	4.0	2.6
Slovenian.....	138	58.0	27.5	5.1	6.5	2.9
Swedish.....	1,622	12.7	16.0	6.5	17.9	46.9
Total.....	15,894	35.0	19.2	5.8	11.7	28.3

Per cent of foreign-born male employees in the United States each specified number of years, by race.

[This chart shows only races with 200 or more reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]



Of 15,894 foreign-born employees reporting, 35 per cent have been in the United States under five years, 19.2 per cent from five to nine years, 5.8 per cent from ten to 14 years, 11.7 per cent from fifteen to nineteen years, and 28.3 per cent have been in this country twenty years or over. The Servians report over 90 per cent, the Ruthenians over 80 per cent, and the Greeks, Magyars, Russians, and Slovaks over 60 per cent of their number as having been in this country under five years. It will be noted that the French Canadians, Canadians other than French, and the races from northern Europe show comparatively small proportions as having that period of residence. The South Italians report the highest percentage and the English the lowest percentage in the group including foreign-born employees who have been in this country from five to nine years. The Canadians other than French show the largest proportion, which is 14 per cent, of their number as having been in the United States from ten to fourteen years, while none of the Servians have been in this country over nine years. The Dutch show the highest per cent, followed by the French Canadians, the Danes, the Swedes, the Germans, and the Bohemians and Moravians, in the order named, of persons with a residence of from fifteen to nineteen years, while the Croatians, Slovaks, Russians, Ruthenians, Magyars, and Greeks show very small proportions in this group. The Irish show 66.2 per cent and the Germans and English over 60 per cent, who have been in the United States twenty years or over, while less than 1 per cent of the Greeks and Ruthenians have been in this country for this period of years.

The foreign-born female employees show a very much higher per cent than the male employees who have been in the United States under five years, while in each of the other specified periods of residence the male employees exhibit larger proportions than the female employees.

The table below shows, by locality and by race, the percentage of foreign-born employees who had been in the United States each specified number of years:

TABLE 12.—*Per cent of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by locality and by race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad. This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting in each of two or more localities. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

IN UNITED STATES UNDER 5 YEARS.

Race.	East.	Middle West.	Total agricultural implements.
Canadian (other than French).....	9.0	13.2	11.2
English.....	22.6	12.7	17.8
German.....	9.0	10.7	10.5
Irish.....	14.5	8.0	11.5
Italian, North.....	57.4	34.5	43.5
Polish.....	64.6	37.7	40.8
Slovak.....	54.8	71.7	67.0
Total.....	43.4	33.5	35.0

TABLE 12.—Per cent of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by locality and by race—Continued.

IN UNITED STATES UNDER 10 YEARS.

Race.	East.	Middle West.	Total agricultural implements.
Canadian (other than French).....	23.0	23.7	23.3
English.....	27.1	21.4	24.4
German.....	13.8	18.0	17.6
Irish.....	21.9	14.7	18.6
Italian, North.....	85.2	72.4	77.4
Polish.....	88.0	61.3	64.4
Slovak.....	84.6	88.6	87.5
Total.....	61.2	53.0	54.2

IN UNITED STATES UNDER 20 YEARS.

Canadian (other than French).....	55.0	51.8	53.3
English.....	43.6	31.0	37.5
German.....	40.7	37.2	37.5
Irish.....	38.7	28.2	33.8
Italian, North.....	95.7	91.0	92.8
Polish.....	95.4	81.4	83.0
Slovak.....	98.8	96.8	97.4
Total.....	76.0	70.9	71.7

From the above table it will be seen that a slightly larger proportion of the foreign-born employees of this industry in the East than in the Middle West have been in the United States under five, under ten, and under twenty years. Among those who have been in the United States under five years, it will be noted that a considerably larger proportion of the English, a slightly larger proportion of the Irish, and a much larger proportion of the North Italians and Poles, in the East than in the Middle West, and that slightly larger proportions of the Canadians other than French and Germans and a considerably larger proportion of the Slovaks in the Middle West than in the East, have been in the United States for the above-stated period. Among those who have been in the United States under ten years, it will be noted that although the differences in the proportions of the various races in the two localities are less in some instances and greater in others than is shown in the preceding period of residence group, these differences have in no way affected the relative position of the localities as shown for those with a shorter period of residence. Considering those who have been in the United States under twenty years, it will be observed that, without a single exception, the proportion of each race in the East with this period of residence is in excess of the proportion shown in the Middle West. While in some instances the differences are more marked than in the preceding group, yet when considered collectively the difference in the proportions of the two localities is not so large as among those who have been in the United States under five years and under ten years.

In the last table of the series, which immediately follows, the percentage of foreign-born persons in the households studied who had been in the United States each specified number of years is shown according to race of individual.

TABLE 13.—Per cent of foreign-born persons in the United States each specified number of years, by race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad. This table includes only races with 20 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent of persons in United States each specified number of years.		
		Under 5.	Under 10.	Under 20.
Flemish.....	91	71.4	83.5	93.4
German.....	105	10.5	21.0	30.5
Hebrew.....	73	76.7	98.6	100.0
Lithuanian.....	36	44.4	86.1	100.0
Magyar.....	240	57.9	88.8	97.9
Polish.....	157	22.3	38.9	63.1
Swedish.....	256	9.0	27.7	52.0
Total.....	966	35.9	56.7	72.2

Of 966 individuals reporting complete data, 35.9 per cent have been in the United States under five years, 56.7 per cent under ten years, and 72.2 per cent under twenty years. The Swedes and the Germans represent the races that have resided in the United States during the longest period, only about 10 per cent of each of these races having resided here less than five years. On the other hand, over 70 per cent of Hebrews and Flemish have lived in the United States under five years. All of the Hebrews and Lithuanians and over 90 per cent of Magyars and Flemish are reported as living here less than twenty years, while only about 30 per cent of the Germans, about 50 per cent of the Swedes, and about 60 per cent of the Poles are so reported.

RACIAL CLASSIFICATION OF EMPLOYEES AT THE PRESENT TIME.

The racial composition of the operating forces of the industry is exhibited in the following table and accompanying chart, which show, by sex, the number and per cent of employees of each race for whom information was secured:

TABLE 14.—Employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:						
White.....	5,125	85	5,210	20.1	6.9	19.4
Negro.....	218		218	.9	.0	.8
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Australia.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
Austria-Hungary.....	157	21	178	.6	1.7	.7
Belgium.....	26	1	27	.1	.1	.1
Canada.....	183	4	187	.7	.3	.7
Denmark.....	42		42	.2	.0	.2
England.....	321	9	330	1.3	.7	1.2

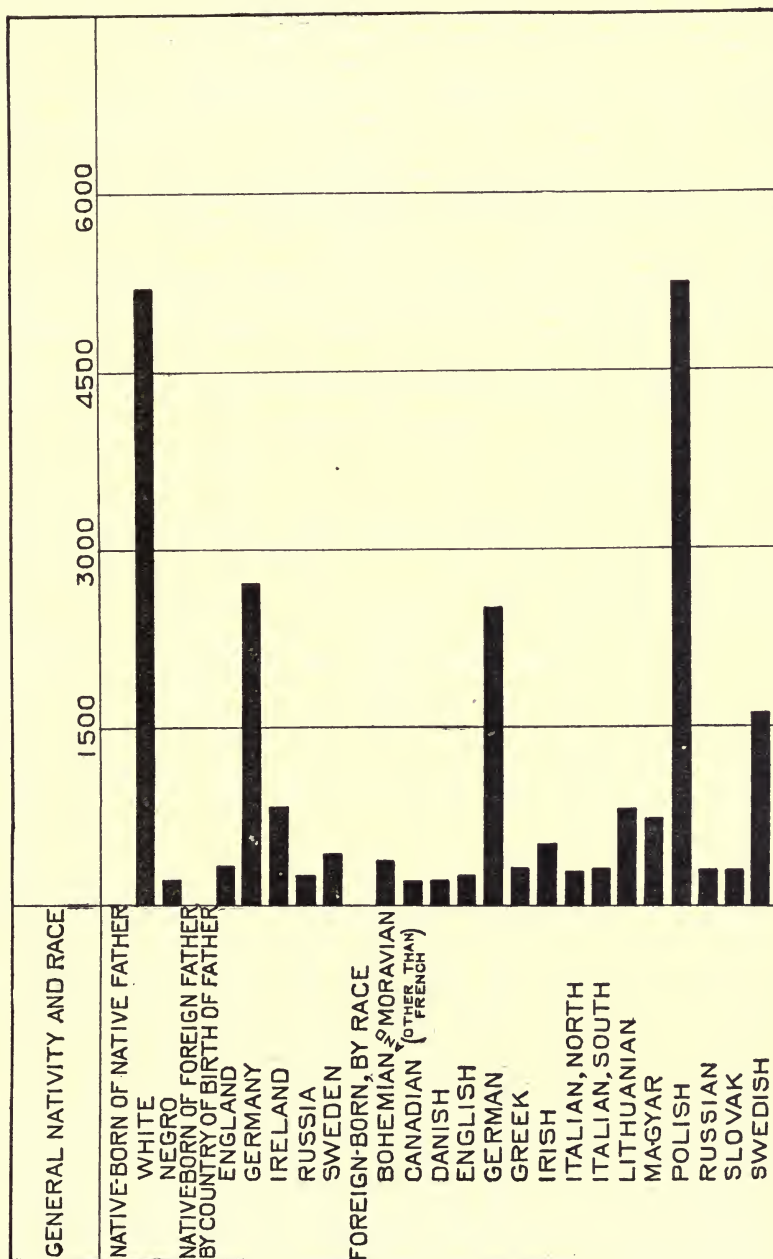
^a Less than 0.05 per cent.

TABLE 14.—*Employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex—Continued.*

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father—Continued.						
France.....	46	1	47	0.2	0.1	0.2
Germany.....	2,479	237	2,716	9.7	19.2	10.1
Greece.....	3	.....	3	(a)	.0	(a)
Ireland.....	794	38	832	3.1	3.1	3.1
Italy.....	15	2	17	.1	.2	.1
Netherlands.....	43	.....	43	.2	.0	.2
Norway.....	70	2	72	.3	.2	.3
Russia.....	225	25	250	.9	2.0	.9
Scotland.....	118	2	120	.5	.2	.4
Spain.....	4	.....	4	(a)	.0	(a)
Sweden.....	437	5	442	1.7	.4	1.6
Switzerland.....	44	.....	44	.2	.0	.2
Wales.....	52	.....	52	.2	.0	.2
Foreign-born, by race:						
Albanian.....	2	.....	2	(a)	.0	(a)
Armenian.....	42	.....	42	.2	.0	.2
Bohemian and Moravian.....	363	22	385	1.4	1.8	1.4
Bosnian.....	2	.....	2	(a)	.0	(a)
Bulgarian.....	3	.....	3	(a)	.0	(a)
Canadian, French.....	117	.....	117	.5	.0	.4
Canadian, Other.....	211	4	215	.8	.3	.8
Croatian.....	175	6	181	.7	.5	.7
Danish.....	219	.....	219	.9	.0	.8
Dutch.....	152	3	155	.6	.2	.6
English.....	260	2	262	1.0	.2	1.0
Finnish.....	15	.....	15	.1	.0	.1
Flemish.....	27	.....	27	.1	.0	.1
French.....	40	.....	40	.2	.0	.1
German.....	2,448	70	2,518	9.6	5.7	9.4
Greek.....	316	7	323	1.2	.6	1.2
Hebrew, Russian.....	62	3	65	.2	.2	.2
Hebrew, Other.....	19	0	19	.1	.0	.1
Irish.....	512	8	520	2.0	.6	1.9
Italian, North.....	281	11	292	1.1	.9	1.1
Italian, South.....	312	4	316	1.2	.3	1.2
Lithuanian.....	754	69	823	2.9	5.6	3.1
Macedonian.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Magyar.....	726	15	741	2.8	1.2	2.8
Montenegrin.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Norwegian.....	180	.....	180	.7	.0	.7
Persian.....	6	.....	6	(a)	.0	(a)
Polish.....	4,750	496	5,246	18.6	40.2	19.6
Roumanian.....	17	.....	17	.1	.0	.1
Russian.....	284	23	307	1.1	1.9	1.1
Ruthenian.....	150	16	166	.6	1.3	.6
Scotch.....	103	.....	103	.4	.0	.4
Scotch-Irish.....	11	.....	11	(a)	.0	(a)
Servian.....	93	7	100	.4	.6	.4
Slovak.....	295	10	305	1.2	.8	1.1
Slovenian.....	119	19	138	.5	1.5	.5
Spanish.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Swedish.....	1,626	2	1,628	6.4	.2	6.1
Syrian.....	10	2	12	(a)	.2	(a)
Turkish.....	3	0	3	(a)	.0	(a)
Welsh.....	26	.....	26	.1	.0	.1
Austrian (race not specified).....	65	4	69	.3	.3	.3
Belgian (race not specified).....	325	.....	325	1.3	.0	1.2
Swiss (race not specified).....	32	.....	32	.1	.0	.1
Grand total.....	25,560	1,235	26,795	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	5,061	347	5,408	19.8	28.1	20.2
Total native-born.....	10,404	432	10,836	40.7	35.0	40.4
Total foreign-born.....	15,156	803	15,959	59.3	65.0	59.6

^a Less than 0.05 per cent.

Number of male employees for whom detailed information was secured, by general nativity and race.
 [This chart shows only races represented by 200 or more employees.]



Of 26,795 persons employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements for whom information was secured, 25,560 are males and 1,235 are females. Of both the males and females the largest proportion are foreign-born and the smallest proportion native negroes born of native father, there being a slightly larger proportion of native whites born of native father than of native males born of foreign father, and a somewhat larger proportion of native-born of foreign father than of native white females born of native father. Of the several races which compose the foreign-born, the Polish show the largest proportion of both males and females, no other race showing as high as 10 per cent of either. Of the native-born of foreign father, those whose fathers were born in Germany constitute the largest proportion of both males and females.

The geographical distribution of the several races employed in the industry is set forth in the following table, which shows, by locality and by sex, the race of employees for whom information was secured:

TABLE 15.—Race of employees for whom information was secured, by locality and by sex.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Male.			Female.			Total.		
	Per cent of total employees in each specified locality.			Per cent of total employees in each specified locality.			Per cent of total employees in each specified locality.		
	East.	Middle West.	In manufacture of agricultural implements.	East.	Middle West.	In manufacture of agricultural implements.	East.	Middle West.	In manufacture of agricultural implements.
Native-born of native father:									
White.....	30.6	17.7	20.1	10.9	5.9	6.9	29.6	17.2	19.4
Negro.....	.2	1.0	.9	.0	.0	.0	.2	.9	.8
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Australia.....	(a)	.....	(a)	.0	.....	.0	(a)	.....	(a)
Austria-Hungary.....	.5	.7	.6	.4	2.0	1.7	.4	.7	.7
Belgium.....	.1	.1	.1	.....	.1	.1	.....	.1	.1
Canada.....	2.5	.3	.7	.8	.2	.3	2.4	.3	.7
Denmark.....	(a)	.2	.2	.0	.0	.0	(a)	.2	.2
England.....	3.2	.8	1.3	2.0	.4	.7	3.1	.8	1.2
France.....	.3	.2	.2	.0	.1	.1	.3	.2	.2
Germany.....	5.1	10.7	9.7	2.0	23.5	19.2	5.0	11.3	10.1
Greece.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	.0	.0	.0	(a)	(a)	(a)
Ireland.....	9.2	1.7	3.1	6.5	2.2	3.1	9.1	1.8	3.1
Italy.....	.2	(a)	.1	.4	.1	.2	.2	(a)	.1
Netherlands.....	.....	.2	.2	.....	.0	.0	.....	.2	.2
Norway.....	(a)	.3	.3	.0	.2	.2	(a)	.3	.3
Russia.....	.1	1.1	.9	.8	2.3	2.0	.1	1.1	.9
Scotland.....	.7	.4	.5	.4	.1	.2	.7	.4	.4
Spain.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	.0	.0	.0	(a)	(a)	(a)
Sweden.....	.3	2.0	1.7	.0	.5	.4	.2	2.0	1.6
Switzerland.....	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0	.0	.2	.2	.2
Wales.....	.5	.1	.2	.0	.0	.0	.4	.1	.2
Foreign-born, by race:									
Albanian.....	.....	(a)	(a)	.....	.0	.0	.....	(a)	(a)
Armenian.....	.1	.2	.2	.0	.0	.0	.1	.2	.2
Bohemian and Moravian.....	.2	1.7	1.4	.0	2.2	1.8	.2	1.7	1.4
Bosnian.....	.....	(a)	(a)	.....	.0	.0	.....	(a)	(a)
Bulgarian.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	.0	.0	.0	(a)	(a)	(a)
Canadian, French.....	2.2	.1	.5	.0	.0	.0	2.1	.1	.4
Canadian, Other.....	2.2	.5	.8	.4	.3	.3	2.1	.5	.8
Croatian.....	.....	.8	.7	.....	.6	.5	.....	.8	.7
Danish.....	.1	1.0	.9	.0	.0	.0	.1	1.0	.8

a Less than 0.05 per cent.

TABLE 15.—Race of employees for whom information was secured, by locality and by sex—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Male.			Female.			Total.		
	Per cent of total employees in each specified locality.			Per cent of total employees in each specified locality.			Per cent of total employees in each specified locality.		
	East.	Middle West.	In manufacture of agricultural implements.	East.	Middle West.	In manufacture of agricultural implements.	East.	Middle West.	In manufacture of agricultural implements.
Foreign-born, by race—Contd.									
Dutch.....	0.1	0.7	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.6
English.....	2.8	.6	1.0	.8	.0	.2	2.7	.6	1.0
Finnish.....		.1	.1		.0	.0		.1	.1
Flemish.....		.1	.1		.0	.0		.1	.1
French.....	.1	.2	.2	.0	.0	.0	.1	.2	.1
German.....	4.1	10.8	9.6	.4	7.0	5.7	3.9	10.6	9.4
Greek.....	1.0	1.3	1.2	2.8	.0	.6	1.1	1.2	1.2
Hebrew, Russian.....	.2	.3	.2	.0	.3	.2	.2	.3	.2
Hebrew, Other.....	(a)	.1	.1	.0	.0	.0	(a)	.1	.1
Irish.....	6.0	1.1	2.0	1.2	.5	.6	5.8	1.1	1.9
Italian, North.....	2.3	.8	1.1	3.6	.2	.9	2.4	.8	1.1
Italian, South.....	5.3	.3	1.2	1.6	.0	.3	5.1	.3	1.2
Lithuanian.....	.4	3.5	2.9	.0	7.0	5.6	.4	3.7	3.1
Macedonian.....		(a)	(a)		.0	.0		(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	.2	3.4	2.8	.0	1.5	1.2	.2	3.3	2.8
Montenegrin.....		(a)	(a)		.0	.0		(a)	(a)
Norwegian.....	(a)	.9	.7	.0	.0	.0	(a)	.8	.7
Persian.....		(a)	(a)		.0	.0		(a)	(a)
Polish.....	10.2	20.5	18.6	55.2	36.4	40.2	12.4	21.2	19.6
Roumanian.....		.1	.1		.0	.0		.1	.1
Russian.....	1.2	1.1	1.1	4.0	1.3	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.1
Ruthenian.....	3.0	(a)	.6	4.0	.6	1.3	3.1	.1	.6
Scotch.....	.9	.3	.4	.0	.0	.0	.9	.3	.4
Scotch-Irish.....	.2	(a)	(a)	.0	.0	.0	(a)	(a)	(a)
Serbian.....		.4	.4		.7	.6		.5	.4
Slovak.....	1.8	1.0	1.2	.4	.9	.8	1.7	1.0	1.1
Slovenian.....	.2	.5	.5	.0	1.9	1.5	.1	.6	.5
Spanish.....	(a)		(a)	.0		.0	(a)		(a)
Swedish.....	.8	7.6	6.4	.0	.2	.2	.8	7.3	6.1
Syrian.....		(a)	(a)		.2	.2		.1	(a)
Turkish.....		(a)	(a)		.0	.0		(a)	(a)
Welsh.....	.2	.1	.1	.0	.0	.0	.2	.1	.1
Austrian (race not specified).....	.3	.2	.3	1.2	.1	.3	.4	.2	.3
Belgian (race not specified).....	(a)	1.5	1.3	.0	.0	.0	(a)	1.5	1.2
Swiss (race not specified).....	.1	.1	.1	.0	.0	.0	.1	.1	.1
Grand total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	22.8	19.1	19.8	13.3	31.8	28.1	22.3	19.7	20.2
Total native-born.....	53.7	37.8	40.7	24.2	37.7	35.0	52.2	37.8	40.4
Total foreign-born.....	46.3	62.2	59.3	75.8	62.3	65.0	47.8	62.2	59.6

a Less than 0.05 per cent.

Of the total number of employees in each locality for whom information was secured, 47.8 per cent of those in the East, 62.2 per cent of those in the Middle West, and 59.6 per cent of the employees of the total industry are of foreign birth. The employees who are native-born of foreign father show 22.3 per cent in the East, 19.7 per cent in the West, and 20.2 per cent in the whole industry of the total number of employees for whom information was secured. The employees who are native whites born of native father show 29.6 per cent in the East, 17.2 per cent in the Middle West, and 19.4 per cent in the total. The negroes who are native-born of native father show 0.2 per cent in

the East, 0.9 per cent in the Middle West, and 0.8 per cent of the total number of employees for whom information was secured in the whole industry.

Of the employees who are native-born of foreign father, those whose fathers were born in Ireland show 9.1 per cent in the East, those whose fathers were born in Germany 11.3 per cent in the Middle West, and 10.1 per cent in the total for the whole industry, while no native-born employees whose fathers were born in other specified countries show over 5 per cent in either locality.

Of the foreign-born employees, the Poles show the largest proportion for whom information was secured in each locality, or 12.4 per cent in the East, 21.2 per cent in the Middle West, and 19.6 per cent in the total for the whole industry. In the East the Irish show the next highest per cent, and in the Middle West and in the total the Germans the second highest per cent, while no employees who are of other specified races show over 5.1 per cent in the East or over 7.3 per cent in the Middle West.

CHAPTER III.

ECONOMIC STATUS.

Industrial condition abroad of members of immigrant households studied—Principal occupation of immigrant employees before coming to the United States—General occupation of males at the present time in the households studied—General occupation of women at the present time in the households studied—Weekly earnings—Relation between period of residence and earning ability—Annual earnings of male heads of families studied—Annual earnings of males 18 years of age or over in the households studied—Annual earnings of females 18 years of age or over in the households studied—Annual family income—Wives at work—Relation between the earnings of husbands and the practice of wives of keeping boarders or lodgers—Sources of family income—Relative importance of different sources of family income—[Text Tables 16 to 43 and General Tables 6 to 21].

INDUSTRIAL CONDITION ABROAD OF MEMBERS OF IMMIGRANT HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

Before entering into a discussion of the economic status in this country of employees and members of their households engaged in this industry, the industrial condition and principal occupations of immigrant workers and members of their households while abroad are considered. The first table presented in this connection, which immediately follows, shows, by race of individual, the industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born males in the households studied who were 16 years of age or over at the time of arrival in this country.

TABLE 16.—*Industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born males who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number—				Per cent—			
		Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.	Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.
Flemish.....	42	.....	39	1	2	0.0	92.9	2.4	4.8
German.....	39	.....	38	1	.....	.0	97.4	2.6	.0
Hebrew.....	22	1	21	.....	.....	4.5	95.5	.0	.0
Luthanian.....	21	2	12	6	1	9.5	57.1	28.6	4.8
Magyar.....	107	1	73	12	21	.9	68.2	11.2	19.6
Polish.....	54	1	28	22	3	1.9	51.9	40.7	5.6
Swedish.....	109	3	82	22	2	2.8	75.2	20.2	1.8
Total.....	394	8	293	64	29	2.0	74.4	16.2	7.4

Of 394 foreign-born males for whom information was secured, 2 per cent were without occupation, 74.4 per cent were working for wages, 16.2 per cent were working without wages, while 7.4 per cent are working for profit. No Flemish or Germans and less than 1 per cent of Magyars were without occupations, but over 9 per cent of Lithuanians were of that class. Over 90 per cent of Germans, Hebrews, and Flemish were working for wages, but only a trifle over 51 per cent of the Poles were thus employed. Of those who were working without wages, the Poles show over 40 per cent, the Lithuanians over 28 per cent, and the Swedes over 20 per cent, while less than 3 per cent of either Germans or Flemish, and no Hebrews are reported in this class. Nearly 20 per cent of the Magyars were working for profit, but no Germans, Hebrews, and but very few of any other race were thus engaged.

The table next presented shows, by race of individual, the occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born males in the households studied, who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming.

TABLE 17.—*Occupation before coming to the United States, of foreign-born males who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent without occupation.	Per cent working for wages.						Per cent working without wages.			Per cent working for profit.		
			Farm laborers.	General laborers.	In agricultural implement industry.	In hand trades.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farm laborers.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farmers.	In other occupations.	Total.
Flemish.....	42	0.0	45.2	11.9	0.0	14.3	21.4	92.9	2.4	0.0	2.4	2.4	2.4	4.8
German.....	39	.0	15.4	43.6	.0	25.6	12.8	97.4	2.6	.0	2.6	.0	.0	.0
Hebrew.....	22	4.5	4.5	4.5	.0	63.6	22.7	95.5	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Lithuanian.....	21	9.5	47.6	9.5	.0	.0	.0	57.1	28.6	.0	28.6	4.8	.0	4.8
Magyar.....	107	.9	41.1	.9	.0	15.9	10.3	68.2	10.3	.9	11.2	17.8	1.9	19.6
Folish.....	54	1.9	18.5	3.7	.0	3.7	25.9	51.9	27.8	13.0	40.7	3.7	1.9	5.6
Swedish.....	109	2.8	29.4	5.5	.0	18.2	22.0	75.2	18.3	1.8	20.2	1.8	.0	1.8
Total.....	394	2.0	31.0	8.6	.0	17.5	17.3	74.4	13.7	2.5	16.2	6.3	1.0	7.4

The foregoing table gives a report from 394 foreign-born males, of whom 2 per cent had no occupation before coming to the United States, while 74.4 per cent were working for wages, as follows: Thirty-one per cent were farm laborers, 8.6 per cent general laborers, 17.5 per cent at hand trades, and 17.3 per cent in other occupations; and 16.2 per cent were working without wages as follows: Thirteen and sevenths per cent were farm laborers, 2.5 per cent were engaged in other occupations, while 7.4 per cent were working for profit as follows: Six and three-tenths per cent were farming and 1 per cent followed other occupations. The Germans show the greatest proportion, over 97 per cent who are working for wages, most of them either as farm laborers or as general laborers. Over 95 per cent of the Hebrews were wage-earners, most of them being engaged in the hand trades.

More than 92 per cent of the Flemish were working for wages, chiefly as farm laborers and as general laborers. The Poles and Lithuanians show the lowest proportion who were wage-earners. No Hebrews and but few Germans or Flemish appear to have been working without wages, but over 40 per cent of the Polish were so employed, most of them being farm laborers. Only one race, the Magyars, show any considerable proportion who were working for profit.

In the following table the industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born females, in the households studied, who were 16 years of age or over at the time of coming, is shown by race of individual.

TABLE 18.—*Industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more females reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number—				Per cent—			
		Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.	Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.
Flemish.....	27	8	19	.....	.....	29.6	70.4	0.0	0.0
German.....	36	19	16	1	.....	52.8	44.4	2.8	.0
Hebrew.....	23	19	4	.....	.....	82.6	17.4	.0	.0
Magyar.....	75	50	21	3	1	66.7	28.0	4.0	1.3
Polish.....	47	40	6	.....	1	85.1	12.8	.0	2.1
Swedish.....	84	33	43	8	.....	39.3	51.2	9.5	.0
Total.....	313	175	119	17	2	55.9	38.0	5.4	.6

More than 55 per cent of the persons in the above table were without occupation before coming to the United States. Less than 1 per cent were working for profit, while 38 per cent were working for wages. The Poles show the largest proportion—85.6 per cent—who were without occupation. The Hebrews show a proportion almost as large. The Flemish, of whom 29.6 per cent were without occupation, show the smallest proportion. The Poles show the smallest proportion working for wages and the Flemish show the largest proportion. None of the Poles, Hebrews, or Flemish were working without wages. The Magyars and Poles are the only races showing any persons working for profit, and for each of those races the proportion is less than 3 per cent.

The table next submitted shows, by race of individual, the occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born females, in the households studied, who were 16 years of age or over at time of arrival in this country.

TABLE 19.—Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more females reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent without occupation.	Per cent working for wages.						Per cent working without wages.			Per cent working for profit.		
			Farm laborers.	In domestic service.	In agricultural implement industry.	In sewing, embroidering, etc.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farm laborers.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farmers.	In other occupations.	Total.
Flemish.....	27	29.6	44.4	3.7	0.0	18.5	3.7	70.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
German.....	36	52.8	11.1	33.3	.0	.0	.0	44.4	2.8	.0	2.8	.0	.0	.0
Hebrew.....	23	82.6	.0	4.3	.0	13.0	.0	17.4	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Magyar.....	75	66.7	17.3	9.3	.0	.0	1.3	28.0	1.3	2.7	4.0	1.3	.0	1.3
Polish.....	47	85.1	4.3	6.4	.0	.0	2.1	12.8	.0	.0	.0	2.1	.0	2.1
Swedish.....	84	39.3	14.3	32.1	.0	2.4	2.4	51.2	7.1	2.4	9.5	.0	.0	.0
Total.....	313	55.9	15.3	17.9	.0	3.2	1.6	38.0	4.2	1.3	5.4	.6	.0	.6

From this table it is seen that of 313 females, over 16 years of age at time of coming to the United States, 55.9 per cent were without occupation, 38 per cent were working for wages, 5.4 per cent were working without wages, and 0.6 per cent were working for profit. By far the greatest proportion of Polish and Hebrew females were without occupation. About 85 per cent are so reported, while with the Flemish only about 30 per cent were without employment, and with the Swedes about 40 per cent. Most of the Flemish females were working for wages, chiefly as farm laborers. With the Swedes about 50 per cent of females were working, of whom the greater proportion were in domestic service. The Germans also show a heavy proportion of females who followed this line of work. Very few females were working without wages and even fewer were working for profit.

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION OF IMMIGRANT EMPLOYEES BEFORE COMING TO THE UNITED STATES.

The table following shows, by race, the percentage of foreign-born male employees who were in each specified occupation before coming to the United States.

TABLE 20.—Per cent of foreign-born male employees in each specified occupation before coming to the United States, by race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who were engaged in—						
		Domestic service.	Manufacturing.	Farming or farm labor.	General labor.	Hand trades.	Trade.	Other occupations.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	262	0.4	25.2	24.8	6.9	26.7	3.4	12.6
Canadian (other than French).....	131	.8	38.2	16.0	12.2	22.9	3.8	6.1
Croatian.....	173	.6	6.4	65.3	10.4	12.1	2.3	2.9
Danish.....	174	.6	20.7	33.9	6.3	24.1	8.0	6.3
Dutch.....	106	1.9	7.5	38.7	17.0	18.9	5.7	10.4
English.....	165	2.4	37.6	5.5	7.9	13.3	6.7	26.7
German.....	1,537	1.0	22.7	29.9	8.3	23.5	2.9	11.8
Greek.....	265	.4	1.9	54.7	14.3	14.3	7.2	7.2
Irish.....	314	1.3	9.6	55.7	10.2	6.7	5.7	10.8
Italian, North.....	242	.4	6.2	62.8	14.9	8.7	1.2	5.8
Italian, South.....	285	1.4	3.2	51.6	11.6	11.2	2.8	18.2
Lithuanian.....	716	.4	4.7	74.4	6.6	8.1	.8	4.9
Magyar.....	662	1.1	7.9	57.3	10.7	18.4	2.1	2.6
Norwegian.....	134	.7	30.6	18.7	5.2	14.9	1.5	28.4
Polish.....	3,990	.8	11.0	58.0	11.8	11.1	.8	6.5
Russian.....	254	.4	8.7	64.6	10.6	11.0	1.6	3.1
Ruthenian.....	119	.0	3.4	89.9	.0	4.2	.0	2.5
Servian.....	88	.0	2.3	78.4	5.7	9.1	.0	4.5
Slovak.....	271	.4	7.7	71.2	7.0	10.7	.4	2.6
Slovenian.....	113	.0	5.3	74.3	1.8	11.5	.9	6.2
Swedish.....	1,289	.5	19.3	38.9	7.8	23.0	2.3	8.1
Total.....	12,000	.8	13.6	50.1	9.9	15.5	2.2	8.0

Of the 12,000 foreign-born male employees in this industry for whom information was obtained the largest proportion, or 50.1 per cent, were engaged in farming or employed as farm laborers prior to coming to the United States, 15.5 per cent were in hand trades, 13.6 per cent in manufacturing, 9.9 per cent were employed in general labor, 8 per cent in occupations other than specified, while 2.2 and 0.8 per cent were engaged in trade or employed in domestic service, respectively. With the exception of the Bohemians and Moravians, Canadians other than French, English, and Norwegians each race shows a larger proportion who were engaged in farming or employed as farm labor than in any other occupation before coming to the United States. It is apparent from the above table that farming before coming to the United States was far more extensively followed by the more recent than by the older immigrant races, a considerable proportion for the older immigrant races having been employed in manufacturing, hand trades, and in occupations other than specified in the above table. This is well illustrated by the English, only 5.5 per cent of whom were engaged in farming abroad, as compared with 37.6 per cent who were engaged in manufacturing, 13.3 per cent in hand trades, and 26.7 per cent in occupations other than specified. The English show, with the exception of the Norwegians, a larger proportion employed in occupations other than specified, and, with the exception of the Canadians other than French, a larger proportion employed in manufacturing prior to coming to the United States, than is shown by any other race. Only very small proportions of any of the races were employed in domestic service

or engaged in trade prior to coming to the United States. As contrasted with the proportions of the older immigrants employed in manufacturing, the proportions of the more recent immigrants are small. No Ruthenians and only 1.8 per cent of the Slovenians were employed in general labor, while the largest proportion, or 17 per cent, so employed before coming to the United States is shown by the Dutch. In hand trades, the Bohemians and Moravians, Germans, Danes, Canadians other than French, Dutch, Magyars, and Swedes each show a proportion above, while the other races each show a proportion below that shown in the total for all employees. In occupations other than specified the lowest proportion, or 2.5 per cent, is shown by the Ruthenians, while the largest proportion, or 28.4 per cent, is shown by the Norwegians.

In the table next presented the percentage of foreign-born female employees who were in each specified occupation before coming to the United States is set forth, according to race.

TABLE 21.—*Per cent of foreign-born female employees in each specified occupation before coming to the United States, by race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

This table includes only races with 80 or more females reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who were engaged in—						Other occupations.
		Domestic service.	Manufacturing.	Farming or farm labor.	Sewing, embroidering, and lace making.	Teaching.	Trade.	
Polish.....	297	10.4	1.3	82.2	3.4	0.0	1.0	1.7
Total.....	461	9.5	2.6	80.5	3.5	.2	1.1	2.6

By far the largest proportion, or 80.5 per cent, of the foreign-born female employees for whom information was obtained were engaged in farming or employed as farm laborers before coming to the United States. The proportion of second rank, or 9.5 per cent, were employed in domestic service, while only small proportions were engaged in manufacturing, sewing, and embroidering and dressmaking, teaching, trade, and occupations other than specified; the proportions in each of these occupations varying only slightly one from the other. Of the foreign-born, the Poles alone are reported, and it will be seen from the above table that the proportion who were in each specified occupation is only slightly different from the proportion shown for all foreign-born female employees in the total.

The table next submitted shows, by race, the percentage of foreign-born male employees who were engaged in manufacturing before coming to the United States.

TABLE 22.—Per cent of foreign-born male employees who were engaged in manufacturing before coming to the United States, by locality and by race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting in each of two or more localities. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	East.	Middle West.	Total agricultural implements.
English.....	34.9	40.2	37.6
German.....	25.6	22.5	22.7
Irish.....	10.9	8.1	9.6
Italian, North.....	5.6	6.6	6.2
Polish.....	5.5	11.6	11.0
Total.....	11.8	13.8	13.6

The preceding table shows that 11.8 per cent of the foreign-born male employees in this industry in the East, as contrasted with 13.8 per cent of those in the Middle West, were engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements before coming to the United States. The English, the North Italians, and the Poles show a higher per cent in the Middle West than in the East who were engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements before coming to the United States. In the East a higher percentage of the Germans and Irish were engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements before coming to this country than in the Middle West.

GENERAL OCCUPATION OF MALES AT THE PRESENT TIME IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The table next presented shows, by general nativity and race of individual, the general occupation of males 16 years of age or over in the households studied.

TABLE 23.—General occupation of males 16 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—			
		In manufacturing agricultural implements and vehicles.	Otherwise employed.	At home.	At school.
Native-born of native father, White.....	117	83.8	13.7	0.0	2.6
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.....	44	56.8	31.8	4.5	6.8
Polish.....	65	80.0	16.9	3.1	.0
Swedish.....	32	46.9	46.9	.0	6.3
Foreign-born:					
Flemish.....	44	95.5	4.5	.0	.0
German.....	51	94.1	5.9	.0	.0
Hebrew.....	23	95.7	.0	4.3	.0
Lithuanian.....	22	95.5	4.5	.0	.0
Magyar.....	123	87.8	10.6	1.6	.0
Polish.....	70	90.0	8.6	1.4	.0
Swedish.....	140	94.3	4.3	1.4	.0
Grand total.....	735	85.6	12.0	1.4	1.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	145	65.5	28.3	2.8	3.4
Total native-born.....	262	73.7	21.8	1.5	3.1
Total foreign-born.....	473	92.2	6.6	1.3	.0

Of 735 males for whom complete data was secured, 85.6 per cent were employed in manufacturing agricultural implements and vehicles, 12 per cent were otherwise employed, 1.4 per cent are at home, and 1.1 per cent at school. A greater proportion of foreigners are reported to be working at manufacturing agricultural implements than is true of either of the native-born groups, but the reverse is true as to those otherwise employed. About 95 per cent of each of the foreign-born races reported, excepting the Magyars and Poles whose figure is about 90 per cent, appear to be working in manufacturing agricultural implements and vehicles.

GENERAL OCCUPATION OF FEMALES AT THE PRESENT TIME IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The table which follows shows, by general nativity and race of individual, the general occupation of females 16 years of age or over in the households studied.

TABLE 24.—*General occupation of females 16 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more females reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—				
		In manufacturing agricultural implements and vehicles.	In domestic service.	Otherwise employed.	At home.	At school.
Native-born of native father, White.....	110	0.9	0.0	19.1	79.1	0.9
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
German.....	49	4.1	.0	28.6	65.3	2.0
Polish.....	56	5.4	.0	17.9	76.8	.0
Swedish.....	47	2.1	17.0	29.8	44.7	6.4
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	28	.0	.0	3.6	96.4	.0
German.....	49	.0	.0	.0	100.0	.0
Hebrew.....	24	.0	.0	8.3	91.7	.0
Magyar.....	81	2.5	.0	4.9	92.6	.0
Polish.....	66	1.5	.0	3.0	95.5	.0
Swedish.....	107	.0	3.7	8.4	87.9	.0
Grand total.....	648	1.7	1.9	11.9	83.5	1.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	161	4.3	5.0	23.6	63.4	3.7
Total native-born.....	271	3.0	3.0	21.8	69.7	2.6
Total foreign-born.....	377	.8	1.1	4.8	93.4	.0

Of 648 females 16 years of age or over, 1.7 per cent were employed in manufacturing agricultural implements and vehicles, 1.9 per cent were in domestic service, 11.9 per cent were otherwise employed, 83.5 per cent were at home, and 1.1 per cent were at school. A comparison between the persons native-born of native father and native-born of foreign father and the foreign-born shows the foreign-born to have a much larger proportion of females at home than either of the former groups. But by contrast smaller proportions of the foreign-born are reported to be employed than the females in either of the native-born groups.

OCCUPATIONS OF THE FIRST AND SECOND GENERATIONS COMPARED.

That a comparison may be made of the first and second generation, the following table is presented. It shows, by general nativity and race of father and by birthplace of individual, the percentage of males 16 years of age or over who are employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements.

TABLE 25.—Per cent of males 16 years of age or over engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements, by general nativity and race of father and by birthplace of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

This table includes only races with 20 or more males born in the United States and also 20 or more born abroad. The native-born of native father are shown for comparative purposes.]

General nativity and race of father.	Birthplace of individual.	Number employed.	Per cent—	
			In manufacture of agricultural implements.	Otherwise employed.
Native-born of native father, White.....	United States.....	114	86.0	14.0
Foreign-born:				
German.....	United States.....	39	64.1	35.9
	Abroad.....	51	94.1	5.9
Polish.....	United States.....	63	82.5	17.5
	Abroad.....	69	91.3	8.7
Swedish.....	United States.....	30	50.0	50.0
	Abroad.....	138	95.7	4.3

From the foregoing table it is apparent that there is a greater tendency on the part of individuals born in the United States, of foreign parents, to seek employment other than in the manufacturing of agricultural implements than is the rule with the foreign-born. Among the foreign-born Germans, Poles, and Swedes, over 90 per cent are engaged in manufacturing agricultural implements, whereas of those born in the United States of Polish father, 82.5 per cent are so engaged; of those born of German father, a trifle over 64 per cent, while of the males born in the United States of Swedish father, only 50 per cent are thus employed.

WEEKLY EARNINGS.

In the table following the percentage of male employees 18 years of age or over who were earning each specified amount each week is set forth according to general nativity and race.

TABLE 26.—Per cent of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.							
			\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$22.50 or over.
Native-born of native father:										
White.....	4,109	\$13.23	100.0	98.9	80.1	50.0	35.1	13.4	4.5	1.9
Negro.....	196	11.38	100.0	100.0	64.3	23.5	11.7	2.6	.5	.0
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:										
Austria-Hungary....	113	13.09	100.0	97.3	80.5	53.1	36.3	9.7	1.8	.0
Canada.....	154	12.97	100.0	98.1	87.7	51.3	27.9	10.4	2.6	.6
England.....	273	13.85	99.6	99.6	85.0	60.4	42.9	15.4	5.1	2.9
Germany.....	1,991	13.89	99.9	98.5	84.8	60.5	43.6	13.9	4.9	1.9
Ireland.....	694	13.24	100.0	99.9	81.0	51.3	34.4	11.5	4.0	1.7
Russia.....	149	12.41	100.0	96.0	75.2	47.0	27.5	6.0	1.3	.0
Scotland.....	97	14.70	100.0	100.0	90.7	66.0	50.5	24.7	8.2	4.1
Sweden.....	358	13.59	100.0	98.3	85.5	56.4	41.6	15.9	6.4	1.4
Foreign-born:										
Bohemian and Moravian.....	343	11.37	100.0	100.0	78.4	49.9	36.7	8.7	2.0	.0
Canadian, French....	112	13.43	100.0	100.0	95.5	55.4	34.8	9.8	4.5	.9
Canadian, Other.....	184	15.04	99.5	99.5	90.2	66.3	51.6	23.4	12.0	7.1
Croatian.....	162	11.88	100.0	100.0	68.5	37.0	24.1	1.9	.6	.0
Danish.....	197	14.51	100.0	100.0	93.4	68.5	50.3	15.7	5.1	1.5
Dutch.....	140	13.20	100.0	100.0	87.1	45.7	30.7	12.9	1.4	.7
English.....	210	13.84	100.0	99.5	87.1	58.1	38.1	15.2	5.7	3.3
German.....	1,962	13.94	100.0	99.7	86.4	61.5	44.1	14.0	3.7	1.1
Greek.....	284	11.92	100.0	98.2	68.3	21.8	15.5	6.0	1.4	.4
Irish.....	478	12.92	100.0	99.8	79.3	46.2	31.0	9.0	2.7	1.0
Italian, North.....	265	11.60	100.0	98.9	66.8	36.2	19.6	1.1	.4	.0
Italian, South.....	300	10.21	99.7	95.3	53.0	13.3	6.0	.7	.0	.0
Lithuanian.....	732	12.24	100.0	98.8	67.9	38.0	26.5	8.6	4.2	.3
Magyar.....	373	11.48	100.0	98.1	57.9	29.0	15.5	4.3	.3	.3
Norwegian.....	162	15.20	100.0	100.0	93.2	75.9	56.2	25.9	8.6	4.9
Polish.....	3,896	12.28	100.0	99.1	76.4	38.8	24.2	5.4	1.1	.3
Russian.....	248	11.14	99.6	99.2	61.3	21.8	12.5	2.4	.4	.0
Ruthenian.....	140	9.98	100.0	97.1	38.6	14.3	11.4	2.1	.7	.0
Scotch.....	81	14.81	100.0	100.0	91.4	72.8	56.8	18.5	8.6	4.9
Slovak.....	249	11.00	100.0	98.8	55.8	22.9	13.3	2.0	.4	.0
Swedish.....	1,496	14.71	100.0	100.0	91.2	65.8	52.9	24.7	7.8	1.4
Grand total.....	21,104	13.09	100.0	99.1	79.3	48.8	34.0	11.4	3.6	1.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	4,090	13.62	100.0	98.7	83.7	57.3	40.2	13.3	4.7	1.7
Total native-born.....	8,395	13.38	100.0	98.8	81.5	52.9	37.0	13.1	4.5	1.8
Total foreign-born.....	2,709	12.89	100.0	93.2	77.9	46.1	32.0	10.3	3.1	.9

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

The above table shows that of 21,104 male employees of this industry less than 1 per cent earn under \$7.50 per week, 79.3 per cent earn \$10 or over, 48.8 per cent \$12.50 or over, 34 per cent \$15 or over, while 11.4, 3.6, and 1.2 per cent, respectively, earn \$17.50, \$20, and \$22.50 or over per week. Considering only those who earn \$10 or over per week, and each succeeding specified amount, it will be seen that the foreign-born show slightly smaller proportions, while both the native-born of foreign father and native whites born of native father, show slightly larger proportions earning each specified amount per week than are shown in the totals for all employees. The native negroes born of native father, on the other hand, show a considerably smaller proportion earning \$10 or over, a much smaller proportion earning \$12.50 or over and \$15 or over, and a consider-

ably smaller proportion earning each of the other specified amounts than is shown for all employees for whom information was obtained.

Among the foreign-born, the Ruthenians show a considerably lower proportion—38.6 per cent—earning \$10 or over per week than is shown by any other race, the proportions of the other races ranging from 95.5 per cent of the French Canadians to 52 per cent of the South Italians. The South Italians, on the other hand, show the smallest proportion, or 13.3 per cent, earning \$12.50 or over and the smallest proportion, or 6 per cent, earning \$15 or over, while the proportions of the other races earning these amounts range from 75.9 per cent of the Norwegians to 14.3 per cent of the Ruthenians earning \$12.50 or over and from 56.8 per cent of the Scotch to 11.4 per cent of the Ruthenians earning \$15 or over per week. The South Italians again show the smallest proportion, or 0.7 per cent, earning \$17.50 or over, while the largest proportion, or 25.9 per cent, earning this amount is shown by the Norwegians. No South Italians earn \$20 or over, and no Bohemians and Moravians, Croatians, North Italians, Russians, Ruthenians, or Slovaks earn \$22.50 or over per week, while the proportions of the other races earning these two amounts are very small.

Among the native-born of foreign father the differences in the proportions earning each specified amount are by no means so marked as among the foreign-born. Of those earning from \$10 or over to \$20 or over per week, inclusive, those whose fathers were born in Scotland show the largest proportion and those whose fathers were born in Russia the smallest proportion earning each specified amount. Of those earning \$10 or over, \$12.50 or over, and \$15 or over per week, the proportions range from 90.7 to 75.2, from 66 to 47, and from 50.5 to 27.5 per cent, respectively, while the proportions of those earning \$17.50 or over and \$20 or over per week range from 24.7 to 6 and from 8.2 to 1.3 per cent, respectively. No employees born in this country of fathers who were born in Austria-Hungary or Russia and only a very small proportion of those whose fathers were born in other countries earning \$22.50 or over per week.

The table next presented shows, by general nativity and race, the percentage of female employees 18 years of age or over who were earning each specified amount each week.

TABLE 27.—Per cent of female employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more females reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.			
			\$2.50 or over.	\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	158	\$7.24	100.0	96.2	49.4	1.9
Foreign-born, by race, Polish.....	251	7.20	100.0	93.6	42.2	4.0
Grand total.....	763	7.17	100.0	94.0	43.1	4.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	249	7.26	100.0	94.8	46.6	3.2
Total native-born.....	319	7.23	100.0	92.5	48.0	5.0
Total foreign-born.....	444	7.12	100.0	95.0	39.6	3.4

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

From the foregoing table it will be noted that of the 763 female employees for whom information was obtained, none earn less than \$2.50 per week, 94 per cent \$5 or over, 43.1 per cent \$7.50 or over, and only 4.1 per cent \$10 or over per week. Both the foreign-born and native-born of foreign father show proportions earning each specified amount that vary only slightly from the proportions shown in the total for all employees. This statement is equally true of the foreign-born Poles and native Germans born of foreign father.

The following table shows, by general nativity and race, the percentage of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age who were earning each specified amount each week:

TABLE 28.—*Per cent of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.**

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.			
			\$2.50 or over.	\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	174	\$7.78	98.9	92.5	61.5	12.6
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Germany.....	133	8.20	100.0	93.2	62.4	19.5
Sweden.....	53	7.37	100.0	83.0	41.5	11.3
Grand total.....	582	7.62	99.7	89.7	54.1	12.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	317	7.57	100.0	87.1	51.1	13.9
Total native-born.....	493	7.66	99.6	89.0	55.0	13.6
Total foreign-born.....	89	7.40	100.0	93.3	49.4	9.0

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

Of the 582 male employees in this industry for whom information was obtained only a very small proportion, or less than 1 per cent, earn under \$2.50 and only 12.9 per cent earn \$10 or over, the proportion earning \$5 or over and \$7.50 or over per week amounting to 89.7 and 54.1 per cent, respectively. Both the foreign-born and native-born of foreign father show proportions earning each specified amount that vary only slightly from the proportions shown in the total for all employees. This is also true of the native whites born of native father with the exception of those earning \$7.50 or over. In this instance the proportion is slightly above, while the proportions of native-born of foreign father and foreign-born are slightly below the proportions shown in the totals for all employees. As between those native-born males whose fathers were born in Germany and Sweden, it will be noted that while all earn \$2.50 or over, the proportion of the former earning \$5 or over and \$10 or over is considerably larger, while the proportion earning \$7.50 or over is much larger than the proportions shown for the latter.

RELATION BETWEEN PERIOD OF RESIDENCE AND EARNING ABILITY.

In the series of tables next presented the progress in industrial efficiency, after designated periods of residence in the United States, is set forth. The first of these tables shows, by race and length of residence in the United States, per cent of foreign-born male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week. In this table the earnings in each period of residence are arranged under each race grouping so that the effect of residence upon the earning ability of the various races may be more readily noted.

TABLE 29.—Per cent of foreign-born male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by race and length of residence in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 200 or more males reporting.]

Race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.							
		\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$22.50 or over.
Bohemian and Moravian:									
Under 5.....	69	100.0	100.0	63.8	20.3	10.1	1.4	0.0	0.0
5 to 9.....	70	100.0	100.0	81.4	54.3	45.7	4.3	.0	.0
10 or over.....	204	100.0	100.0	82.4	58.3	42.6	12.7	3.4	.0
English:									
Under 5.....	39	100.0	97.4	84.6	41.0	17.9	5.1	5.1	.0
5 to 9.....	14	100.0	100.0	92.9	57.1	28.6	7.1	7.1	7.1
10 or over.....	157	100.0	100.0	87.3	62.4	43.9	18.5	5.7	3.8
German:									
Under 5.....	169	100.0	98.2	74.6	44.4	29.0	3.6	1.2	.0
5 to 9.....	141	100.0	99.3	90.8	65.2	53.2	19.9	5.7	2.1
10 or over.....	1,652	100.0	99.9	87.2	62.9	44.9	14.5	3.8	1.1
Greek:									
Under 5.....	187	100.0	97.3	62.6	15.5	10.7	3.2	.5	.0
5 to 9.....	81	100.0	100.0	79.0	33.3	25.9	9.9	3.7	1.2
10 or over.....	16	100.0	100.0	81.3	37.5	18.8	18.8	.0	.0
Irish:									
Under 5.....	56	100.0	100.0	85.7	33.9	16.1	5.4	1.8	.0
5 to 9.....	35	100.0	100.0	82.9	45.7	31.4	5.7	2.9	.0
10 or over.....	387	100.0	99.7	78.0	48.1	33.1	9.8	2.8	1.3
Italian, North:									
Under 5.....	114	100.0	98.2	60.5	25.4	9.6	.0	.0	.0
5 to 9.....	93	100.0	100.0	71.0	44.1	25.8	3.2	1.1	.0
10 or over.....	58	100.0	98.3	72.4	44.8	29.3	.0	.0	.0
Italian, South:									
Under 5.....	138	99.3	92.0	40.6	6.5	2.9	.0	.0	.0
5 to 9.....	104	100.0	97.1	62.5	15.4	6.7	1.0	.0	.0
10 or over.....	58	100.0	100.0	60.3	25.9	12.1	1.7	.0	.0
Lithuanian:									
Under 5.....	374	100.0	97.6	54.3	23.0	13.4	6.4	3.2	.0
5 to 9.....	212	100.0	100.0	79.2	48.6	33.5	11.3	6.6	.0
10 or over.....	146	100.0	100.0	86.3	61.0	50.0	10.3	3.4	1.4
Magyar:									
Under 5.....	258	100.0	98.4	51.6	20.9	8.9	3.5	.0	.0
5 to 9.....	83	100.0	96.4	72.3	44.6	31.3	3.6	1.2	1.2
10 or over.....	32	100.0	100.0	71.9	53.1	28.1	12.5	.0	.0
Polish:									
Under 5.....	1,451	100.0	98.0	62.9	20.7	10.3	2.1	.5	.1
5 to 9.....	1,004	100.0	99.6	81.7	40.8	26.9	4.9	1.1	.2
10 or over.....	1,441	100.0	99.7	86.2	55.7	36.4	9.1	1.8	.6
Russian:									
Under 5.....	169	99.4	99.4	50.9	14.8	7.7	1.2	.0	.0
5 to 9.....	51	100.0	98.0	82.4	35.3	21.6	7.8	2.0	.0
10 or over.....	28	100.0	100.0	85.7	39.3	25.0	.0	.0	.0
Slovak:									
Under 5.....	158	100.0	98.1	44.9	13.3	6.3	.0	.0	.0
5 to 9.....	57	100.0	100.0	70.2	40.4	22.8	1.8	.0	.0
10 or over.....	34	100.0	100.0	82.4	38.2	29.4	11.8	2.9	.0
Swedish:									
Under 5.....	200	100.0	100.0	83.5	48.5	34.0	14.5	4.0	.5
5 to 9.....	237	100.0	100.0	92.0	65.4	54.0	22.8	8.9	.4
10 or over.....	1,059	100.0	100.0	92.5	69.2	56.3	27.0	8.2	1.8

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

The preceding table shows that all of the Bohemians and Moravians earn \$7.50 or over per week and that the proportion earning each other specified amount, except \$15 or over, increases with length of residence in the United States; none, however, earning as high as \$22.50. All of the English earn \$5 or over and the proportion earning each other specified amount is larger of those with a period of residence of ten years or over than of those with a period of residence of less than five years, making it clear that the earnings increase with length of residence, although the proportion earning certain amounts is larger of those with a period of residence of from five to nine years than of those with a period of residence of ten years or over. All of the Germans earn \$5 or over per week and the proportion earning each other specified amount, except \$7.50 or over, is largest of those with a period of residence of from five to nine years and smallest of those with a period of residence of less than five years. The proportion of Greeks earning each specified amount per week from \$7.50 to \$15 increases with length of residence in the United States, while the proportion earning each specified amount above \$17.50 is less than 5 per cent as regards those with a period of residence under five years and over 10 per cent as regards those with each other specified period of residence. Although the proportion of Irish earning a certain amount is larger of those with a period of residence of from five to nine years than of those with a period of residence of ten years or over, in no instance is the proportion of those with a period of residence under five years as large as the proportion of those with a period of residence ten years or over. All of the North Italians with a period of residence of from five to nine years and over 98 per cent of those with a period of residence of under five years or ten years or over earn \$7.50 or over per week. The proportion earning each other specified amount increases with length of residence; none of those with a period of residence under five years or ten years or over, however, earning as high as \$20 and none earning as high as \$22.50.

The proportion of South Italians earning each specified amount per week, except \$10 or over, is largest of those with a period of residence of ten years or over, next largest of those with a period of from five to nine years, and smallest of those with a period of residence of less than five years, none earning as high as \$20, and all of those with a period of residence of five years or over earning \$5 or over. The proportion of Lithuanians earning \$10 or over, \$12.50 or over, and \$5 or over per week, is smallest among those with a period of residence of less than five years and largest among those with a period of residence of ten years or over, while the proportion earning \$17.50 or over, or \$20 or over, per week, is largest of those with a period of residence of from five to nine years. Of those earning \$22.50 or over the proportion is composed entirely of those with a period of residence of ten years or over. All with a period of residence of five years or over earn \$7.50 or over, and all earn \$5 or over per week. All of the Magyars with a period of residence of ten years or over, and over 95 per cent of those with a period of residence of less than ten years, earn \$7.50 per week, and the proportion earning each other specified amount is largest of those with a period of residence of from five to nine years and smallest of those with a period of residence of less than five years, none, except those with a period of residence of from five to nine years, however, earning as high as \$20. All of the Poles

earn \$5 or over per week, and the proportion earning each other specified amount is largest of those with a period of residence of ten years or over and smallest of those with a period of residence of less than five years.

The proportion of Russians earning each specified amount from \$10 to \$17.50 per week is largest among those with a period of residence of ten years or over and smallest among those with a period of residence of less than five years; none with a period of residence of ten years or over earning as high as \$17.50; none with a period of residence under five years earning as high as \$20, and none earning as high as \$22.50. Over 95 per cent of those with each specified length of residence earn \$7.50 or over. All of the Slovaks with a period of residence of five years or over, and 98.1 per cent of those with a period of residence under five years, earn \$7.50 or over per week. The proportion earning each other specified amount, except \$12.50 or over, is largest of those with a period of residence of ten years or over and smallest of those with a period of residence of less than five years, none earning as high as \$22.50. All of the Swedes earn \$7.50 or over per week, and the proportion earning each specified amount, except \$20 or over, increases with period of residence.

In the following table the same data are presented as in the table immediately preceding, but in a different form.

TABLE 30.—Comparative earnings per week of foreign-born male employees 18 years of age or over, by race and length of residence in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 200 or more males reporting.]

IN UNITED STATES LESS THAN 5 YEARS.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.							
		\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$22.50 or over.
Bohemian and Moravian	69	100.0	100.0	63.8	20.3	10.1	1.4	0.0	0.0
English	39	100.0	97.4	84.6	41.0	17.9	5.1	5.1	.0
German	169	100.0	98.2	74.6	44.4	29.0	3.6	1.2	.0
Greek	187	100.0	97.3	62.6	15.5	10.7	3.2	.5	.0
Irish	56	100.0	100.0	85.7	33.9	16.1	5.4	1.8	.0
Italian, North	114	100.0	98.2	60.5	25.4	9.6	.0	.0	.0
Italian, South	138	99.3	92.0	40.6	6.5	2.9	.0	.0	.0
Lithuanian	374	100.0	97.6	54.3	23.0	13.4	6.4	3.2	.0
Magyar	258	100.0	98.4	51.6	20.9	8.9	3.5	.0	.0
Polish	1,451	100.0	98.0	62.9	20.7	10.3	2.1	.5	.1
Russian	169	99.4	99.4	50.9	14.8	7.7	1.2	.0	.0
Slovak	158	100.0	98.1	44.9	13.3	6.3	.0	.0	.0
Swedish	200	100.0	100.0	83.5	48.5	34.0	14.5	4.0	.5

IN UNITED STATES 5 TO 9 YEARS.

Bohemian and Moravian	70	100.0	100.0	81.4	54.3	45.7	4.3	0.0	0.0
English	14	100.0	100.0	92.9	57.1	28.6	7.1	7.1	7.1
German	141	100.0	99.3	90.8	65.2	53.2	19.9	5.7	2.1
Greek	81	100.0	100.0	79.0	33.3	25.9	9.9	3.7	1.2
Irish	35	100.0	100.0	82.9	45.7	31.4	5.7	2.9	.0
Italian, North	93	100.0	100.0	71.0	44.1	25.8	3.2	1.1	.0
Italian, South	104	100.0	97.1	62.5	15.4	6.7	1.0	.0	.0
Lithuanian	212	100.0	100.0	79.2	48.6	33.5	11.3	6.6	.0
Magyar	83	100.0	96.4	72.3	44.6	31.3	3.6	1.2	1.2
Polish	1,004	100.0	99.6	81.7	40.8	26.9	4.9	1.1	.2
Russian	51	100.0	98.0	82.4	35.3	21.6	7.8	2.0	.0
Slovak	57	100.0	100.0	70.2	40.4	22.8	1.8	.0	.0
Swedish	237	100.0	100.0	92.0	65.4	54.0	22.8	8.9	.4

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

TABLE 30.—Comparative earnings per week of foreign-born male employees 18 years of age or over, by race and length of residence in the United States—Continued.

IN UNITED STATES 10 YEARS OR OVER.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.							
		\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$22.50 or over.
Bohemian and Moravian ..	204	100.0	100.0	82.4	58.3	42.6	12.7	3.4	.0
English	157	100.0	100.0	87.3	62.4	43.9	18.5	5.7	3.8
German	1,652	100.0	99.9	87.2	62.9	44.9	14.5	3.8	1.1
Greek	16	100.0	100.0	81.3	37.5	18.8	18.8	.0	.0
Irish	387	100.0	99.7	78.0	48.1	33.1	9.8	2.8	1.3
Italian, North	58	100.0	98.3	72.4	44.8	29.3	.0	.0	.0
Italian, South	58	100.0	100.0	60.3	25.9	12.1	1.7	.0	.0
Lithuanian	146	100.0	100.0	86.3	61.0	50.0	10.3	3.4	1.4
Magyar	32	100.0	100.0	71.9	53.1	28.1	12.5	.0	.0
Polish	1,441	100.0	99.7	86.2	55.7	36.4	9.1	1.8	.6
Russian	28	100.0	100.0	85.7	39.3	25.0	.0	.0	.0
Slovak	34	100.0	100.0	82.4	38.2	29.4	11.8	2.9	.0
Swedish	1,059	100.0	100.0	92.5	69.2	56.3	27.0	8.2	1.8

Considering only the proportion of the various races earning \$10 or over and each succeeding specified amount per week, in each period of residence group, it will be noted that of those who have been in the United States less than five years the proportions earning \$10 or over per week range from 85.7 per cent of the Irish to 40.6 per cent of the South Italians, while of those earning \$12.50 or over and \$15 or over per week, the Swedes show the largest proportion and the South Italians the smallest, the proportions ranging from 48.5 to 6.5 per cent in the first instance and in the next from 34 to 2.9 per cent. In both cases, however, the proportions of the older immigrants exceed those of the more recent immigrants. With the exception of 14.5 per cent of the Swedes earning \$17.50 or over per week the proportions of the various races earning this and succeeding amounts are very small. Of those who have been in the United States from 5 to 9 years the proportions earning \$10 or over range from 92.9 per cent of the English to 62.5 per cent of the South Italians and of those earning \$12.50 or over the proportions range from 65.4 per cent of the Swedes to 15.4 per cent of the South Italians—a proportion considerably below that shown by any other race—while the proportions earning \$15 or over range from 54 per cent of the Swedes to 6.7 per cent of the South Italians. In this instance, with the exception of the Germans, the proportion of the Swedes is considerably above, while the proportion of the South Italians is considerably below, the proportion shown by any other race. Of those earning \$17.50 or over and \$20 or over the proportions range from 22.8 per cent of the Swedes to 1 per cent of the South Italians in the first instance and from 8.9 per cent of the Swedes to 1.1 per cent each of the North Italians and Poles in the second instance, the Bohemians and Moravians, South Italians, and Slovaks each reporting no proportion earning \$20 or over per week.

Among those who have been in the United States 10 years or over the proportions earning \$10 or over per week range from 92.5 per cent of the Swedes to 60.3 per cent of the South Italians, and of those earning \$12.50 or over per week the proportions range from 69.2 per cent of the Swedes to 25.9 per cent of the South Italians, while of those earning \$15 or over and \$17.50 or over from 56.3 and 27 per

cent, respectively, of the Swedes to 12.1 and 1.7 per cent, respectively, of the South Italians. Little difference, it will be noted, exists in the proportions of the various races in this period of residence earning \$20 or \$22.50 or over per week, the proportions in each instance being low.

The following tables show, by race and length of residence in the United States, the percentage of foreign-born female employees 18 years of age or over who were earning each specified amount each week:

TABLE 31.—Per cent of foreign-born female employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by race and length of residence in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 200 or more females reporting.]

Race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.			
		\$2.50 or over.	\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.
Polish:					
Under 5.....	189	100.0	93.1	42.9	3.7
5 to 9.....	37	100.0	100.0	43.2	5.4
10 or over.....	25	100.0	88.0	36.0	4.0

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

TABLE 32.—Comparative earnings per week of foreign-born female employees 18 years of age or over, by race and length of residence in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 200 or more females reporting.]

IN UNITED STATES LESS THAN 5 YEARS.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.			
		\$2.50 or over.	\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.
Polish.....	189	100.0	93.1	42.9	3.7

IN UNITED STATES 5 TO 9 YEARS.

Polish.....	37	100.0	100.0	43.2	5.4
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IN UNITED STATES 10 YEARS OR OVER.

Polish.....	25	100.0	88.0	36.0	4.0
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* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

A comparison of the earning ability of the Poles, by length of residence in the United States, discloses the fact that those with a residence of from five to nine years show a slightly larger proportion than those with a residence of under 5 years earning \$5 or over, \$7.50 or over, and \$10 or over per week, while those with a residence of ten years or over, with the exception of those earning \$10 or over and \$2.50 or over, show a slightly smaller proportion earning each specified amount than do those with a residence of under five years in the United States.

ANNUAL EARNINGS OF MALE HEADS OF FAMILIES STUDIED.

The extent to which the male heads of families studied were regularly employed, together with their average annual earnings, are set forth in the following table. This table shows, by general nativity and race, the proportion of husbands in the households studied who are at work:

TABLE 33.—*Husbands at work, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of husbands.	Number of husbands at work.	Per cent of husbands at work.	Average yearly earnings of husbands at work.
Native-born of native father, White	84	84	84	100.0	\$704
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German	18	18	18	(<i>b</i>)	606
Polish	39	39	39	100.0	552
Foreign-born:					
Flemish	28	28	28	100.0	584
German	46	46	46	100.0	601
Hebrew	20	19	19	(<i>b</i>)	485
Lithuanian	15	15	15	(<i>b</i>)	795
Magyar	64	63	63	100.0	372
Polish	56	56	56	100.0	414
Swedish	99	98	97	99.0	663
Grand total	469	466	465	99.8	576
Total native-born of foreign father	57	57	57	100.0	569
Total native-born	141	141	141	100.0	649
Total foreign-born	328	325	324	99.7	543

^a For selection of families, see p. 640.^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

In 469 selected families there are 466 husbands, of which latter number all but one are at work. In other words, 99.8 per cent of the husbands are at work and the average yearly earnings of each husband working amounts to \$576. Of the foreign-born races, the Lithuanian shows the highest earning capacity, his average being \$795 per year, while the Magyar is at the foot of the list earning only \$372.

The range in the earnings per year of male heads of families is shown in the table next submitted, by general nativity and race of individual.

TABLE 34.—Earnings per year of male heads of families, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only male heads of selected families. For selection of families, see p. 640.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages.	Average earnings.	Number earning—						Per cent earning—					
			Under \$100.	Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$800.	Under \$1,000.	Under \$100.	Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$800.	Under \$1,000.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	\$704	1	7	32	64	78	0.0	1.2	8.3	38.1	76.2	92.9	
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:														
German.....	18	606		2	6	18	18	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	
Polish.....	39	552		9	26	36	37	.0	.0	23.1	66.7	92.3	94.9	
Foreign-born:														
Flemish.....	28	584	1	2	16	26	28	.0	3.6	7.1	57.1	92.9	100.0	
German.....	46	601		5	25	39	44	.0	.0	10.9	54.3	84.8	95.7	
Hebrew.....	19	485		1	17	19	19	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	
Lithuanian.....	15	795			2	9	14	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	
Magyar.....	63	372	3	10	37	54	63	4.8	15.9	58.7	85.7	100.0	100.0	
Polish.....	56	414		1	29	52	55	.0	1.8	51.8	92.9	98.2	100.0	
Swedish.....	97	663		7	35	77	91	.0	.0	7.2	36.1	79.4	93.8	
Grand total.....	465	576	3	13	99	265	406	448	.6	2.8	21.3	57.0	87.3	96.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	569		11	32	54	55	.0	.0	19.3	56.1	94.7	96.5	
Total native-born.....	141	649		1	18	64	118	133	.0	.7	12.8	45.4	83.7	94.3
Total foreign-born.....	324	543	3	12	81	201	288	315	.9	3.7	25.0	62.0	88.9	97.2

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of a total of 465 male heads of families the average yearly earnings are \$576. Of the total number reporting 0.6 per cent are earning under \$100 per year, 2.8 per cent under \$200, 21.3 per cent under \$400, 57 per cent under \$600, 87.3 per cent under \$800, and 96.3 per cent under \$1,000. The average earnings of the native-born of native father, white, are higher than either those of the native-born of foreign father, or of the foreign-born. Of the foreign-born races, the Lithuanian earning \$795 per year shows the highest average among the foreign-born races and also the other groups, and the lowest figure is shown by the Magyar who earns \$372 per year.

ANNUAL EARNINGS OF MALES 18 YEARS OF AGE OR OVER IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The table next presented shows, by general nativity and race of individual, the yearly earnings of males 18 years of age or over in the households studied.

TABLE 35.—Yearly earnings (approximate) of males 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages and reporting amount.	Average earnings.	Number earning—				Per cent earning—			
			Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$1,000.	Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$1,000.
Native-born of native father, White.....	105	\$667	4	13	45	98	3.8	12.4	42.9	93.3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
Flemish.....	1	(a)				1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
French.....	1	(a)				1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	34	567		5	17	34	.0	14.7	50.0	100.0
Magyar.....	1	(a)				1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	53	494		20	40	52	.0	37.7	75.5	98.1
Swedish.....	19	474	3	7	13	19	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Foreign-born:										
Flemish.....	38	576	1	4	24	37	2.6	10.5	63.2	97.4
German.....	51	606		5	27	48	.0	9.8	52.9	94.1
Hebrew.....	22	479		2	20	22	.0	9.1	90.9	100.0
Lithuanian.....	22	755			6	21	.0	.0	27.3	95.5
Magyar.....	109	363	21	59	98	109	19.3	54.1	89.9	100.0
Polish.....	65	277	4	35	61	65	6.2	53.8	93.8	100.0
Swedish.....	130	674		8	44	123	.0	6.2	33.8	94.6
Grand total.....	651	540	33	158	397	631	5.1	24.3	61.0	96.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	109	516	3	32	72	108	2.8	29.4	66.1	99.1
Total native-born.....	214	590	7	45	117	206	3.3	21.0	54.7	96.3
Total foreign-born.....	437	515	26	113	280	425	5.9	25.9	64.1	97.3

* Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 651 males reported in this table, the average yearly earnings of each is \$540. Of the total number 5.1 per cent are earning under \$200 per year, 24.3 per cent are earning under \$400, 61 per cent under \$600, and 96.9 per cent earn less than \$1,000. The native-born of native father, white, show the highest average earnings of any of the nativity groups, the native-born of foreign father and the foreign-born being about equal in this regard. Of the foreign-born, the Lithuanians, Germans, and Swedes are the highest wage-earners.

ANNUAL EARNINGS OF FEMALES 18 YEARS OF AGE OR OVER IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The table following shows, by general nativity and race of individual, the yearly earnings of females 18 years of age or over in the households studied.

TABLE 36.—*Yearly earnings (approximate) of females 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages and reporting amount.	Average earnings.	Number earning—			
			Under \$200.	Under \$300.	Under \$400.	Under \$500.
Native-born of native father, White.....	19	\$368	1	7	11	16
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
German.....	12	351		2	9	12
Polish.....	8	(a)	3	6	7	7
Swedish.....	18	296	5	10	14	16
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	1	(a)	1	1	1	1
Hebrew.....	2	(a)	1	1	2	2
Magyar.....	4	(a)		1	4	4
Polish.....	3	(a)		2	3	3
Swedish.....	11	264	4	5	9	11
Grand total.....	78	307	15	35	60	72
Total native-born of foreign father.....	38	302	8	18	30	35
Total native-born.....	57	324	9	25	41	51
Total foreign-born.....	21	263	6	10	19	21

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

From this table it appears that out of a total of 78 females working, the average earning of each is \$307 per year. The foreign-born female shows the smallest earning capacity, \$263, while the native white born of native father shows the highest, \$368, and the median figure, \$302, is shown as the annual average earning of native-born of foreign father.

ANNUAL FAMILY INCOME.

In the series of tables next presented, the yearly income of the families studied, together with the several sources of family income and their relative importance, are considered. The first table submitted in this connection shows, by general nativity and race of head of family, the percentage of families having a total yearly income of each specified amount.

TABLE 37.—Per cent of families having a total yearly income of each specified amount, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of families selected. ^a	Average family income.	Per cent of families having a total income—				
			Under \$300.	Under \$500.	Under \$750.	Under \$1,000.	Under \$1,500.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	\$808	1.2	13.1	42.9	83.3	95.2
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	39	584	.0	41.0	82.1	92.3	100.0
Foreign-born:							
Flemish.....	28	722	7.1	14.3	57.1	85.7	100.0
German.....	46	762	.0	19.6	52.2	87.0	97.8
Hebrew.....	20	539	.0	65.0	95.0	95.0	100.0
Magyar.....	64	626	17.2	42.2	67.2	89.1	98.4
Polish.....	56	613	8.9	41.1	75.0	91.1	98.2
Swedish.....	99	882	2.0	11.1	45.5	78.8	93.9
Grand total.....	469	741	4.7	25.2	58.2	85.1	96.4
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	602	1.8	33.3	80.7	93.0	100.0
Total native-born.....	141	725	1.4	21.3	58.2	87.2	97.2
Total foreign-born.....	328	748	6.1	26.8	58.2	84.1	96.0

^a For selection of families, see p. 640.

Of 469 selected families, the average family income amounts to \$741 per year. Of the total number 4.7 per cent of families have an income of less than \$300, 25.2 per cent less than \$500, 58.2 per cent under \$750, 85.1 per cent under \$1,000, and 96.4 per cent under \$1,500. The native-born of native father, white, show an income of \$808 per household, while the foreign-born average annual income is \$748, and the average for the native-born of foreign father is only \$602. Among the foreign-born races, the Swedish, with an average yearly income of \$882, show the highest figure of any race or group, and the Hebrews, with \$539, show the lowest figure.

WIVES AT WORK.

The tendency on the part of wives to engage in occupations outside the home in order to supplement the earnings of their husbands is indicated by the following table. This table shows, by general nativity and race of head of family, the proportion of wives at work.

TABLE 38.—Wives at work, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of wives.	Number of wives at work.	Per cent of wives at work.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	84	5	6.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:				
German.....	18	18		(b)
Polish.....	39	39		.0
Foreign-born:				
Flemish.....	28	28		.0
German.....	46	46		.0
Hebrew.....	20	20	1	5.0
Lithuanian.....	15	15		(b)
Magyar.....	64	63	1	1.6
Polish.....	56	54		.0
Swedish.....	99	99	3	3.0
Grand total.....	469	466	10	2.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	57		.0
Total native-born.....	141	141	5	3.5
Total foreign-born.....	328	325	5	1.5

^a For selection of families, see p. 640.^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

In this table is seen a report from 469 selected families, wherein there are 466 wives, of which latter number 10, or 2.1 per cent of wives, are at work, the average earning of these wives at work amounting to \$138 per year. The Hebrews show 5 per cent, the Swedes 3 per cent; and the Magyars 1.6 per cent of wives at work.

RELATION BETWEEN THE EARNINGS OF HUSBANDS AND THE PRACTICE OF WIVES OF KEEPING BOARDERS OR LODGERS.

It has been seen that only a very small proportion of the wives in the families studied were regularly employed for wages outside the home. On the other hand, a considerable proportion of the wives supplement the earnings of the heads by keeping boarders or lodgers. The extent to which this is done is indicated by the following table, which shows, by yearly earnings of husbands and by general nativity and race of head of family, the percentage of families in which wife has employment or keeps boarders or lodgers:

TABLE 39.—Number of families in which wife has employment or keeps boarders or lodgers, by yearly earnings of husband and by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of husbands earning—			Number of wives having employment or keeping boarders or lodgers.	Number of wives having employment or keeping boarders or lodgers where husbands' earnings are—		
		Under \$400. ^b	\$400 and under \$600.	\$600 or over.		Under \$400.	\$400 and under \$600.	\$600 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	7	25	52	18	3	8	7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:								
German.....	18	2	4	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	39	9	17	13	4	1	3	.....
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	28	2	14	12	12	.....	9	3
German.....	46	5	20	21	3	.....	3	.....
Hebrew.....	19	1	16	2	3	1	2	.....
Lithuanian.....	15	.....	2	13	11	.....	1	10
Magyar.....	62	37	16	9	33	20	8	5
Polish.....	54	27	23	4	5	1	4	.....
Swedish.....	98	8	28	62	28	1	6	21
Grand total.....	463	98	165	200	117	27	44	46
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	11	21	25	4	1	3	.....
Total native-born.....	141	18	46	77	22	4	11	7
Total foreign-born.....	322	80	119	123	95	23	33	39

^a For selection of families, see p. 640. Of the selected families only those which have both husband and wife present appear in this table.

^b This column includes 1 family in which husband's earnings are reported as "none."

TABLE 40.—Per cent of families in which wife has employment or keeps boarders or lodgers, by yearly earnings of husband and by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more selected families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races. The families here represented are only those where both husband and wife are present. For selection of families, see p. 640.]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Per cent of wives having employment or keeping boarders or lodgers where husbands' earnings are—			
	Under \$400. ^a	\$400 and under \$600.	\$600 or over.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	42.9	32.0	13.5	21.4
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish..	11.1	17.6	.0	10.3
Foreign-born:				
Flemish.....	(^b)	64.3	25.0	42.9
German.....	.0	15.0	.0	6.5
Magyar.....	54.1	50.0	55.6	53.2
Polish.....	3.7	17.4	(^b)	9.3
Swedish.....	12.5	21.4	33.9	28.6
Grand total.....	27.6	26.7	23.0	25.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	9.1	14.3	.0	7.0
Total native-born.....	22.2	23.9	9.1	15.6
Total foreign-born.....	28.8	27.7	31.2	29.5

^a This column includes 1 family in which husband's earnings are reported as "none."

^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

From this table it appears that 27.6 per cent of wives are working or keeping boarders whose husbands' annual earnings amount to less than \$400; 26.7 per cent of wives whose husbands earn between \$400 and \$600 are similarly situated, and 23 per cent of wives are thus engaged whose husbands earn \$600 or over. Regardless of the amount earned by husbands, an average of 25.3 per cent of wives either have employment or keep boarders or lodgers. A greater proportion of wives in foreign-born families are working or keeping boarders and lodgers than is the rule among the native-born of native father, white, or the native-born of foreign father. Between the foreign-born and the native-born of native father, white, there is this striking contrast—with the former, where the husbands' earnings are the least, there the percentage of wives at work or keeping boarders is lowest, while with the latter the reverse is true.

SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME.

The sources of family income are shown in detail by the table next presented. This table shows, by general nativity and race of head of family, the percentage of families having an income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources.

TABLE 41.—*Per cent of families having an income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Per cent of families having an income from—				
		Earnings of—		Contributions of children.	Payments of boarders or lodgers.	Other sources.
		Husband.	Wife.			
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	100.0	6.0	15.5	16.7	8.3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	39	100.0	.0	5.1	10.3	.0
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	28	100.0	.0	7.1	42.9	10.7
German.....	46	100.0	.0	32.6	6.5	13.0
Hebrew.....	20	95.0	5.0	5.0	10.0	.0
Magyar.....	64	98.4	1.6	18.8	50.0	6.3
Polish.....	56	100.0	.0	41.1	8.9	10.7
Swedish.....	99	98.0	3.0	29.3	26.3	20.2
Grand total.....	469	99.1	2.1	20.9	23.2	11.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	100.0	.0	5.3	7.0	3.5
Total native-born.....	141	100.0	3.5	11.3	12.8	6.4
Total foreign-born.....	328	98.8	1.5	25.0	27.7	13.4

^a For selection of families, see p. 640.

Of 469 selected families, 99.1 per cent have an income from the earnings of the husband, 2.1 per cent from the earnings of the wife; 20.9 per cent receive contributions of children, 23.2 per cent from the payments of boarders or lodgers, and 11.3 per cent derive incomes from other sources. Among the foreign-born races, the Flemish, German, and Polish show 100 per cent of their number deriving incomes from the earnings of husbands, while the Magyars, Swedes, and Hebrews each show between 95 and 99 per cent who have incomes from a similar source. The Hebrews, Swedes, and Magyars each show a small percentage of households having an income from the earnings of the wife. Fully 50 per cent of the Magyars receive payment from boarders or lodgers, but only 6.5 per cent of the Germans do so.

In the table next submitted, in which the sources of family income are again shown in detail, each source specified is exclusive of all other sources. In other words, the proportion of families appearing under each designated source have their entire income from that source.

TABLE 42.—*Source of family income in detail, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Per cent of families having entire income from—						Sources or combination of sources not before specified.
		Husband.	Husband and wife.	Husband and children.	Husband and boarders or lodgers.	Wife.	Children.	
Native-born of native father, White.	84	59.5	4.8	14.3	10.7	0.0	0.0	10.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	39	84.6	.0	5.1	10.3	.0	.0	.0
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	28	50.0	.0	3.6	32.1	.0	.0	14.3
German.....	46	52.2	.0	30.4	4.3	.0	.0	13.0
Hebrew.....	20	80.0	5.0	.0	10.0	.0	5.0	.0
Magyar.....	64	31.3	1.6	10.9	45.3	.0	1.6	9.4
Polish.....	56	46.4	.0	35.7	7.1	.0	.0	10.7
Swedish.....	99	37.4	2.0	17.2	15.2	1.0	.0	27.3
Grand total.....	469	51.0	1.7	15.6	17.3	.2	.4	13.9
Total native-born of foreign father.	57	86.0	.0	3.5	7.0	.0	.0	3.5
Total native-born.....	141	70.2	2.8	9.9	9.2	.0	.0	7.8
Total foreign-born.....	328	42.7	1.2	18.0	20.7	.3	.6	16.5

^a For selection of families, see p. 640.

Of 469 selected families, 51 per cent are reported as deriving their income from the husband, 1.7 per cent from the husband and wife, 15.6 per cent from husband and children, 17.3 per cent from husband and boarders or lodgers, 0.2 per cent from the wife alone, 0.4 per cent from children alone, and 13.9 per cent from sources or combination of sources not before specified. Considerably greater proportions of native whites born of native father and of native-born of foreign father are reported as having entire incomes from the husband than is the case with the foreign-born, but the latter show a larger proportion having an income from husband and boarders or lodgers than is shown by either of the former groups. With 80 per cent of households deriving their entire income from the husband, the Hebrews lead in that respect, while the Magyars and Swedes, each with over 30 per cent, show the smallest proportion deriving such incomes. Only two races, the Hebrews and Magyars, are shown to have any households deriving their entire income from the children; in case of the former there are 5 per cent, while the latter show less than 2 per cent.

RELATIVE IMPORTANCE OF DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME.

The relative importance of the different sources of income of the families studied may be seen from the following table, which shows, by general nativity and race of head of family, the per cent of total yearly income from the husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources.

TABLE 43.—Per cent of total family income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Per cent of total income from—				
		Earnings of—		Contributions of children.	Payments of boarders or lodgers.	Other sources.
		Husband.	Wife.			
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	87.1	0.9	6.7	4.0	1.3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	39	94.6	.0	2.9	2.6	.0
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	28	80.9	.0	2.6	16.2	.3
German.....	46	78.9	.0	15.1	3.0	2.9
Hebrew.....	20	85.5	1.2	11.6	1.7	.0
Magyar.....	64	58.5	.3	11.3	29.0	.9
Polish.....	56	67.5	.0	30.2	.7	1.6
Swedish.....	99	73.6	.6	9.0	11.6	5.2
Grand total.....	469	77.0	.4	10.1	10.1	2.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	94.5	.0	2.5	1.7	1.3
Total native-born.....	141	89.6	.6	5.3	3.2	1.3
Total foreign-born.....	328	71.8	.3	12.2	13.0	2.7

^a For selection of families, see p. 640.

Of 469 selected families, 77 per cent were receiving an income from the earnings of the husband; 0.4 per cent from the earnings of the wife; 10.1 per cent were receiving contributions of children; 10.1 per cent have an income from payments of boarders or lodgers, while 2.3 per cent are receiving income from sources not heretofore specified. Fewer households among the foreign-born are receiving incomes from the earnings of the husband than are reported either by the native whites born of native father or by the native-born of foreign father, but the reverse is true in case of incomes from contributions of children and payments of boarders and lodgers. Of the foreign-born races over 50 per cent of all households receive incomes from the earnings of the husband, but the greatest proportion receiving such incomes are the Hebrews with 85.5 per cent, while the Magyars are the lowest with 58.5 per cent. Just over 1 per cent of the Hebrew households derive an income from the earnings of the wife. The Poles show the greatest proportion of households deriving incomes from the contributions of children, while the Flemish are least in that respect. More Magyars are shown to receive payment of boarders or lodgers than is true of any other race, while the Poles show the smallest per cent. Only three races—Swedes, Germans, and Poles—are shown to have more than 1 per cent who derive incomes from sources other than those specified.

CHAPTER IV.

WORKING CONDITIONS.

Regularity of employment—The immigrant and organized labor—[Text Tables 44 and 45 and General Table 22].

REGULARITY OF EMPLOYMENT.

The degree of regularity of work offered by the industry, as well as the relative industriousness of the several races employed, is set forth in the following table, which shows, by general nativity and race of individual, months worked during the past year by males in the households studied who were 16 years of age or over and who were employed away from home:

TABLE 44.—*Months worked during the past year by males 16 years of age or over employed away from home, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent working—			
		12 months.	9 months or over.	6 months or over.	3 months or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	112	61.6	91.1	95.5	98.2
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.....	35	85.7	91.4	100.0	100.0
Polish.....	62	14.5	67.7	96.8	98.4
Swedish.....	21	76.2	85.7	95.2	100.0
Foreign-born:					
Flemish.....	38	36.8	86.8	97.4	100.0
German.....	51	86.3	96.1	100.0	100.0
Hebrew.....	22	54.5	95.5	100.0	100.0
Lithuanian.....	22	18.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
Magyar.....	113	36.3	62.8	80.5	91.2
Polish.....	68	8.8	72.1	89.7	98.5
Swedish.....	135	32.6	91.9	98.5	100.0
Grand total.....	683	42.6	83.0	94.1	98.0
Native-born of foreign father.....	122	46.7	78.7	97.5	99.2
Native-born.....	234	53.8	84.6	96.6	98.7
Foreign-born.....	449	36.7	82.2	92.9	97.6

Of the 683 persons reporting, 42.6 per cent worked twelve months during the past year, 83 per cent worked nine months or over, 94.1 per cent worked six months or over, and 98 per cent worked three months or over. A considerably greater proportion of the native whites born of native father are shown to be working during the twelve months of the year than is the case with either the native-born of foreign father or the foreign-born. In the remaining time periods worked during the year the same facts are apparent, but in

a slighter degree. Of the foreign-born races more Germans—about 90 per cent—and fewer Poles—less than 9 per cent—work throughout the whole year than is shown for any of the other races. Over 90 per cent of Germans, Hebrews, and Swedish; about 86 per cent of the Flemish; over 72 per cent of the Poles; and 62.8 per cent of the Magyars work nine months or over. All of the Germans, Hebrews, and Lithuanians work during six months of the year or over, while the Magyars show only a trifle over 80 per cent in this regard. Excepting the Poles and Magyars, each of whom has over 90 per cent, all the races are seen to be working three months or over.

THE IMMIGRANT AND ORGANIZED LABOR.

The smallness of the extent to which the employees of the industry are members of labor organizations is exhibited by the table next presented, which shows, by general nativity and race of individual, affiliation with trade unions of males in the households studied who were 21 years of age or over and who were working for wages.

TABLE 45.—*Affiliation with trade unions of males 21 years of age or over working for wages, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Affiliated with trade unions.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Native-born of native father, White.....	96	1	1.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:			
Flemish.....	1		(a)
German.....	28		.0
Irish.....	1		(a)
Polish.....	53	1	1.9
Swedish.....	11		(a)
Foreign-born:			
Flemish.....	42		.0
German.....	51	1	2.0
Hebrew.....	22		.0
Lithuanian.....	22		.0
Magyar.....	107		.0
Polish.....	63		.0
Swedish.....	137	1	.7
Grand total.....	634	4	.6
Native-born of foreign father.....	94	1	1.1
Native-born.....	190	2	1.1
Foreign-born.....	444	2	.5

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Only 4, or 0.6 per cent, out of a total of 634 males reporting are affiliated with the trade unions. Of the foreign races, the Germans, with 2 per cent, and the Swedes, with less than 1 per cent, are the only representatives of trade unions.

CHAPTER V.

HOUSING AND LIVING CONDITIONS.

Rent in its relation to standard of living—Boarders and lodgers—Size of apartments occupied—Size of households studied—Congestion—[Text Tables 46 to 58 and General Tables 23 to 34].

RENT IN ITS RELATION TO STANDARD OF LIVING.

The monthly rent payments of the households the heads of which are employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements are chiefly significant in their bearing upon the standard of living because of congestion within the households arising from the practice of crowding the apartments in order to reduce the per capita rent outlay. The following series of tables are presented in this connection, the first of which shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the average monthly rent paid per apartment, per room, and per person:

TABLE 46.—Average rent per month, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per—		
		Apartment.	Room.	Person.
Native-born of native father, White.....	53	\$10.42	\$1.75	\$2.54
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:				
German.....	9	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	18	5.86	1.30	1.60
Foreign-born:				
Flemish.....	20	6.88	1.79	1.64
German.....	15	9.43	1.77	2.77
Hebrew.....	21	8.95	1.83	1.96
Lithuanian.....	13	10.31	2.13	2.20
Magyar.....	42	6.93	1.79	1.16
Polish.....	16	5.41	1.52	1.04
Swedish.....	53	11.02	2.24	2.49
Grand total.....	260	8.83	1.85	1.96
Total native-born of foreign father.....	27	6.72	1.46	1.91
Total native-born.....	80	9.17	1.67	2.35
Total foreign-born.....	180	8.68	1.94	1.82

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The foregoing table shows a report from 260 households. The average rent paid per apartment is \$8.83; per room the average is \$1.85, and per person \$1.96. Most of the households reporting are foreign-born. The average rent per apartment paid by the foreign-born is somewhat lower than that of the native whites born of native father. Of the foreign-born households, the Swedes, paying over \$11 per month per apartment, are the highest rent payers; the Lithuanians

occupy second place, averaging over \$10 per month, while the Germans pay over \$9. The smallest figure is reported by the Poles. In each instance the Swedes and Lithuanians are paying over \$2 per room, while the remaining races each average over \$1.50. While the Germans show a smaller average rent per room than do either the Lithuanians or the Swedes, the average rent per person is larger than for either of those races.

The range in monthly rents for apartments is set forth in the following table, which shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the percentage of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment:

TABLE 47.—*Per cent of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per apartment.	Per cent paying—			
			Under \$5.	Under \$7.50.	Under \$10.	Under \$12.50.
Native-born of native father, White.....	53	\$10.42	1.9	18.9	43.4	75.5
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	20	6.88	15.0	60.0	90.0	100.0
Hebrew.....	21	8.95	9.5	19.0	42.9	95.2
Magyar.....	42	6.93	11.9	57.1	88.1	97.6
Swedish.....	53	11.02	.0	7.5	37.7	83.0
Grand total.....	260	8.83	6.5	36.2	61.9	89.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	27	6.72	11.1	66.7	88.9	100.0
Total native-born.....	80	9.17	5.0	35.0	58.8	83.8
Total foreign-born.....	180	8.68	7.2	36.7	63.3	92.2

In the next table presented the percentage of households paying each specified rent per month per room is shown according to general nativity and race of head of household:

TABLE 48.—*Per cent of households paying each specified rent per month per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per room.	Per cent paying—			
			Under \$1.	Under \$2.	Under \$3.	Under \$4.
Native-born of native father, White.....	53	\$1.75	1.9	66.0	98.1	100.0
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	20	1.79	.0	60.0	100.0	100.0
Hebrew.....	21	1.83	4.8	61.9	100.0	100.0
Magyar.....	42	1.79	4.8	47.6	100.0	100.0
Swedish.....	53	2.24	.0	22.6	86.8	100.0
Grand total.....	260	1.85	1.9	54.6	96.5	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	27	1.46	3.7	74.1	100.0	100.0
Total native-born.....	80	1.67	2.5	68.8	98.8	100.0
Total foreign-born.....	180	1.94	1.7	48.3	95.6	100.0

Out of a total of 260 households 1.9 per cent are paying under \$1 per month per room, 54.6 per cent are paying under \$2, 96.5 under \$3, while all are reported as paying under \$4 per room per month rent. Of the foreign-born, the Hebrews and Magyars each report about 5 per cent paying under \$1 per month per room, while no Flemish or Swedes are shown paying so small a rental. About 60 per cent of the Flemish and Hebrews are reported as paying under \$2 rent per month per room. Of the Magyars about 50 per cent pay a similar rental, while the proportion of Swedes is only slightly over 20 per cent. One race only, the Swedish, with 86.8 per cent, is the only one reported as having less than 100 per cent who are paying under \$3 per room monthly rental.

The real situation relative to congestion is set forth in the following table, which indicates the extent of crowding within the households studied by showing the percentage of households paying each specified rent per month per person. The exhibit is made according to general nativity and race of head of household.

TABLE 49.—Per cent of households paying each specified rent per month per person, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per person.	Per cent paying—			
			Under \$1.	Under \$2.	Under \$3.	Under \$4.
Native-born of native father, White.....	53	\$2.54	1.9	24.5	66.0	77.4
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	20	1.64	.0	55.0	90.0	95.0
Hebrew.....	21	1.96	4.8	33.3	81.0	90.5
Magyar.....	42	1.16	33.3	78.6	92.9	92.9
Swedish.....	53	2.49	.0	22.6	54.7	73.6
Grand total.....	260	1.96	8.5	43.1	73.5	84.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	27	1.91	7.4	48.1	77.8	88.9
Total native-born.....	80	2.35	3.8	32.5	70.0	81.3
Total foreign-born.....	180	1.82	10.6	47.8	75.0	85.6

Of a total of 260 households reporting, 8.5 per cent are paying under \$1 rent per month per person, 43.1 per cent under \$2, 73.5 per cent under \$3, and 84.2 per cent are paying under \$4 per month per person. Between the foreign-born and the native whites born of native father there is a great difference; the latter generally appear to be paying a higher rental than the former. No Flemish or Swedish are paying under \$1 per person per month rent, whereas the Magyars show over 33 per cent in this class and the Hebrews about 5 per cent. Nearly 80 per cent of the Magyars are reported as paying under \$2 rent per month per person, and 55 per cent of the Flemish are similarly situated, while the Hebrews and the Swedes each show less than 35 per cent. About 90 per cent of the Magyars and Flemish are paying under \$3 rent per person per month, while the Hebrews show a trifle over 80 per cent, and the Swedes come last

with 54.7 per cent. All of the races excepting the Swedish show over 90 per cent of households paying under \$4 per month per person.

BOARDERS AND LODGERS.

The practice of the wives of the employees in supplementing the earnings of their husbands by taking boarders or lodgers into the home has already been discussed. The extent of this practice and its bearing upon living conditions are considered in the two following tables, the first of which exhibits the number and per cent of households taking boarders or lodgers, by general nativity and race of head of household:

TABLE 50.—*Number and per cent of households keeping boarders or lodgers, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[Information relating to boarders or lodgers covers only immediate time of taking schedule and not the entire year. Boarders are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Households keeping boarders or lodgers.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	15	17.2
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:			
German.....	19	.....	(a)
Polish.....	39	3	7.7
Foreign-born:			
Flemish.....	30	12	40.0
German.....	50	3	6.0
Hebrew.....	21	2	9.5
Lithuanian.....	16	11	(a)
Magyar.....	72	36	50.0
Polish.....	57	5	8.8
Swedish.....	110	27	24.5
Grand total.....	501	114	22.8
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	3	5.2
Total native-born.....	145	18	12.4
Total foreign-born.....	356	96	27.0

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

A report for 501 households shows 114, or 22.8 per cent, of such households to be keeping boarders or lodgers. Comparing the foreign-born with the native whites born of native father and the native-born of foreign father shows the foreign-born to have a much larger proportion who are keeping boarders or lodgers than either of the latter groups. The Magyars show 50 per cent, the Flemish 40 per cent, the Swedish about 25 per cent, the Hebrews, Germans, and Poles less than 10 per cent who are keeping boarders or lodgers.

In the following table the average number of boarders or lodgers per household is shown according to general nativity and race of head of household. The averages are based (1) on the total number of households and (2) on the number of households taking boarders or lodgers.

TABLE 51.—Average number of boarders or lodgers per household, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[Information relating to boarders or lodgers covers only immediate time of taking schedule and not the entire year. Boarders are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Number of households keeping boarders or lodgers.	Number of boarders or lodgers.	Average number of boarders or lodgers per household.	
				Based on total number of households.	Based on number of households keeping boarders or lodgers.
Native-born of native father, White.	87	15	19	0.22	1.27
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.	19				
Polish.	39	3	4	.10	(a)
Foreign-born:					
Flemish.	30	12	32	1.07	2.67
German.	50	3	8	.16	(a)
Hebrew.	21	2	3	.14	(a)
Lithuanian.	16	11	35	2.19	3.18
Magyar.	72	36	151	2.10	4.19
Polish.	57	5	9	.16	(a)
Swedish.	110	27	63	.57	2.33
Grand total.	501	114	324	.65	2.84
Total native-born of foreign father.	58	3	4	.07	(a)
Total native-born.	145	18	23	.16	1.28
Total foreign-born.	356	96	301	.85	3.14

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The foregoing table shows that of 501 households 114 were keeping a total of 324 boarders or lodgers, thus making an average of 2.84 persons per household to each of the 114 households keeping boarders or lodgers. A greater proportion of foreign households are keeping boarders or lodgers than is shown for either the native whites born of native father or the natives born of foreign father. Of the foreign races who are keeping boarders or lodgers the Magyars show the largest average number of boarders or lodgers to each household keeping boarders or lodgers and the Swedes the lowest, the percentage of the former race being 4.19 persons and of the latter 2.33 persons to each such household.

SIZE OF APARTMENTS OCCUPIED.

The range in size of apartments occupied is indicated in the table following, which shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the percentage of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms.

TABLE 52.—*Per cent of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of rooms per household.	Per cent of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms—						
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	6.26	0.0	0.0	3.4	6.9	20.7	25.3	43.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	39	5.18	.0	.0	12.8	20.5	25.6	23.1	17.9
Foreign-born:									
Flemish.....	30	2.57	.0	6.7	10.0	46.7	16.7	6.7	13.3
German.....	50	6.56	.0	.0	4.0	14.0	16.0	12.0	54.0
Hebrew.....	21	4.90	.0	4.8	9.5	28.6	19.0	23.8	14.3
Magyar.....	72	4.38	.0	12.5	20.8	22.2	22.2	8.3	13.9
Polish.....	57	4.86	.0	.0	26.3	17.5	31.6	10.5	14.0
Swedish.....	110	2.37	.0	.0	6.4	27.3	24.5	15.5	26.4
Grand total.....	501	4.56	.0	2.4	11.0	21.0	22.4	16.0	27.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	5.43	.0	.0	12.1	15.5	24.1	24.1	24.1
Total native-born.....	145	5.93	.0	.0	6.9	10.3	22.1	24.8	35.9
Total foreign-born.....	356	4.00	.0	3.4	12.6	25.3	22.5	12.4	23.9

Information was secured for 501 households, of which number 2.4 per cent are occupying apartments of 2 rooms, 11 per cent occupy 3-room apartments, 21 per cent 4-room apartments, 22.4 per cent 5-room apartments, 16 per cent 6-room apartments, while 27.3 per cent are occupying apartments consisting of 7 or more rooms. Comparing the foreign-born with the native-born of native father, the latter are shown to have the greater proportion of households housed in apartments of 6 rooms or more, while with the former, most of the households occupy apartments consisting of less than 5 rooms. Of the foreign-born, the Germans occupy the largest apartments, while the Flemish live in the smallest apartments.

SIZE OF HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The table next submitted exhibits the range in size of households studied by showing the percentage of households of each specified number of persons, according to general nativity and race of head of household.

TABLE 53.—Per cent of households of each specified number of persons, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per household.	Per cent of households of each specified number of persons.									
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	4.03	0.0	16.1	23.0	28.7	20.7	6.9	2.3	0.0	1.1	1.1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish....	39	4.51	.0	12.8	20.5	17.9	28.2	7.7	2.6	5.1	5.1	.0
Foreign-born:												
Flemish.....	30	4.60	3.3	6.7	30.0	16.7	10.0	16.7	.0	13.3	3.3	.0
German.....	50	4.46	.0	16.0	24.0	14.0	16.0	18.0	6.0	.0	4.0	2.0
Hebrew.....	21	4.57	.0	14.3	19.0	19.0	23.8	9.5	4.8	4.8	.0	4.8
Magyar.....	72	6.22	.0	13.9	5.6	13.9	6.9	13.9	11.1	8.3	13.9	12.5
Polish.....	57	6.00	1.8	7.0	3.5	22.8	15.8	10.5	10.5	10.5	5.3	12.3
Swedish.....	110	4.70	.0	12.7	18.2	18.2	23.6	11.8	6.4	4.5	1.8	2.7
Grand total....	501	4.86	.4	13.6	18.0	19.0	17.8	11.2	6.4	5.0	4.2	4.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	4.07	.0	19.0	27.6	17.2	20.7	5.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	.0
Total native-born.....	145	4.05	.0	17.2	24.8	24.1	20.7	6.2	2.8	1.4	2.1	.7
Total foreign-born....	356	5.19	.6	12.1	15.2	16.9	16.6	13.2	7.9	6.5	5.1	6.2

Of 501 households, 0.4 per cent consisted of 1 person, 13.6 per cent consisted of 2 persons, 18 per cent of 3 persons, 19 per cent of 4 persons, 17.8 per cent of 5 persons, 11.2 per cent of 6 persons, 6.4 per cent of 7 persons, 5 per cent of 8 persons, 4.2 per cent of 9 persons, and 4.6 per cent of these households consisted of 10 persons or more. Generally the households of the foreign-born are larger than either those of the native whites born of native father or natives born of foreign father. More than 50 per cent of the German and Hebrew households consist of less than 5 persons to each household. All the remaining races show a greater proportion of households to consist of 5 or more persons, but the Magyars and Poles show the greatest percentage in this respect.

CONGESTION.

Preceding tables indicate the extent to which crowding prevails in the households of employees. The degree of congestion and its effects upon living arrangements is more directly set forth in the following series of tabulations. The table first presented shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the average number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms.

TABLE 54.—Average number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Average number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms.							
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7 or more.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....			(a)	(a)	4.06	3.64	4.47	4.03
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:								
German.....			(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	3.16
Polish.....			(a)	(a)	4.80	(a)	(a)	4.51
Foreign born:								
Flemish.....		(a)	(a)	4.36	(a)	(a)	(a)	4.60
German.....			(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	4.74	4.46
Hebrew.....		(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	4.57
Lithuanian.....			(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	5.25
Magyar.....		(a)	5.47	6.75	7.19	(a)	7.70	6.22
Polish.....			5.00	6.00	7.06	(a)	(a)	6.00
Swedish.....			(a)	3.53	4.41	4.94	6.48	4.70
Grand total.....		2.58	4.42	4.40	5.17	4.93	5.30	4.86
Total native-born of foreign father.....			(a)	(a)	4.21	4.14	3.93	4.07
Total native-born.....			4.30	3.27	4.13	3.83	4.33	4.05
Total foreign-born.....		2.58	4.44	4.59	5.59	5.82	5.89	5.19

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

This table shows that the average number of persons per apartment, regardless of size, is 4.86 persons per apartment, the average of the foreign-born being highest, over 5 persons per apartment, while the average of the native whites born of native father and native-born of foreign father is practically the same, being only a trifle over 4 persons per apartment.

The following table shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the average number of persons per apartment, per room, and per sleeping room:

TABLE 55.—Average number of persons per apartment, per room, and per sleeping room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per—		
		Apartment.	Room.	Sleeping room.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	4.03	0.64	1.81
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:				
German.....	19	3.16	.53	1.67
Polish.....	39	4.51	.87	2.75
Foreign born:				
Flemish.....	30	4.60	1.03	2.16
German.....	50	4.46	.68	1.86
Hebrew.....	21	4.57	.93	2.34
Lithuanian.....	16	5.25	1.02	2.15
Magyar.....	72	6.22	1.42	2.89
Polish.....	57	6.00	1.23	3.23
Swedish.....	110	4.70	.85	1.87
Grand total.....	501	4.86	.90	2.22
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	4.07	.75	2.36
Total native-born.....	145	4.05	.68	2.00
Total foreign-born.....	356	5.19	1.00	2.30

From the foregoing table it will be seen that of 501 households for whom information was obtained the average is 4.86 persons per apartment, 0.90 persons per room, and 2.22 persons per sleeping room. A comparison between the foreign-born and the native-born of native father and the native-born of foreign father shows the foreign-born to have a larger average number of persons per apartment than either of the other groups. Of the foreign-born, the Magyars and Poles average 6 persons or over per apartment, the Lithuanians over 5 persons, while the Swedes, Hebrews, Flemish, and Germans each have over 4 persons per apartment. Four race groups—Magyars, Polish, Lithuanian, and Flemish—each average over 1 person per room, while the Hebrews, Swedes, and Germans average less than 1 person.

An average of over 3 persons per sleeping room is shown by the Poles. The Magyars, Hebrews, Lithuanians, and Flemish average over 2 persons and the Germans and Swedes each over 1 person.

The table next presented shows, by general nativity and race of head of households, persons per room:

TABLE 56.—Persons per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per room.	Number of households having each specified number of persons per room.				Per cent of households having each specified number of persons per room.			
			1 or more.	2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.	1 or more.	2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	0.64	13	.....	.....	.....	14.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
German.....	19	.53	2	1	.....	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	39	.87	16	1	.....	.....	41.0	2.6	.0	.0
Foreign-born:										
Flemish.....	30	1.03	18	1	.....	.....	60.0	3.3	.0	.0
German.....	50	.68	14	.....	.....	.....	28.0	.0	.0	.0
Hebrew.....	21	.93	10	1	.....	.....	47.6	4.8	.0	.0
Lithuanian.....	16	1.02	8	1	.....	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	72	1.42	58	21	2	.....	80.6	29.2	2.8	.0
Polish.....	57	1.23	37	15	.....	.....	64.9	26.3	.0	.0
Swedish.....	110	.85	42	1	.....	.....	38.2	.9	.0	.0
Grand total.....	501	.90	218	42	2	.....	43.5	8.4	.4	.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	.75	18	2	.....	.....	31.0	3.4	.0	.0
Total native-born.....	145	.68	31	2	.....	.....	21.4	1.4	.0	.0
Total foreign-born.....	356	1.00	187	40	2	.....	52.5	11.2	.6	.0

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 501 households reporting in this table, the average number of persons per room is 0.90. Out of a total number of households 43.5 per cent have 1 person or more per room, 8.4 per cent have over 2 persons per room and 0.4 per cent have 3 or more persons per room. Throughout this table the foreign-born show a greater condition of congestion or crowding than either the native-born of native father, white, or the native-born of foreign father. With over 80 per cent of households having 1 or more persons per room, the Magyar shows

the greatest proportion of families reporting so high a degree of congestion, while the lowest figure—28 per cent—is shown by the German. No Germans and very few Swedes have 2 or more persons per room, but a considerable proportion of Magyars and Poles are so situated. Only one race, the Magyars, with 2.8 per cent, is represented as having 3 or more persons per room.

The following table shows the range in the number of persons per sleeping room by general nativity and race of head of household:

TABLE 57.—Persons per sleeping room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per sleeping room.	Number of households having each specified number of persons per sleeping room.					Per cent of households having each specified number of persons per sleeping room.				
			2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.	5 or more.	6 or more.	2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.	5 or more.	6 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	1.81	48	13	4	1	.....	55.2	14.9	4.6	1.1	0.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:												
German.....	19	1.67	8	4	.....	.....	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	39	2.75	35	21	9	4	2	89.7	53.8	23.1	10.3	5.1
Foreign-born:												
Flemish.....	30	2.16	22	8	2	.....	.....	73.3	26.7	6.7	.0	.0
German.....	50	1.86	25	8	2	.....	.....	50.0	16.0	4.0	.0	.0
Hebrew.....	21	2.34	18	4	2	.....	.....	85.7	19.0	9.5	.0	.0
Lithuanian.....	16	2.15	10	6	2	.....	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	72	2.89	63	44	20	7	1	87.5	61.1	27.8	9.7	1.4
Polish.....	57	3.23	48	35	28	17	7	84.2	61.4	49.1	29.8	12.3
Swedish.....	110	1.87	64	19	7	3	.....	58.2	17.3	6.4	2.7	.0
Grand total.....	501	2.22	341	162	76	32	10	68.1	32.3	15.2	6.4	2.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	2.36	43	25	9	4	2	74.1	43.1	15.5	6.9	3.4
Total native-born.....	145	2.00	91	38	13	5	2	62.8	26.2	9.0	3.4	1.4
Total foreign-born.....	356	2.30	250	124	63	27	8	70.2	34.8	17.7	7.6	2.2

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Reports for 501 households reported show an average of 2.22 persons per sleeping room. Of the total number of households 68.1 per cent are shown to have 2 or more persons per sleeping room; 32.3 per cent have 3 or more; 15.2 per cent have 4 or more; 6.4 per cent have 5 or more; and 2 per cent have 6 or more persons per sleeping room. There is little difference between native-born of foreign father and foreign-born, each averaging 2 persons or over per sleeping room, while the native-born of native father, white, averages 1.81 persons per sleeping room.

Of the foreign-born races, the Magyars, Hebrews, and Poles each show almost similar percentages, having 2 or more persons per sleeping room. The figure for the Flemish is less than 75 per cent, while the Swedes and the Germans each show 50 per cent or over who are so housed. Over 60 per cent of Magyars and Poles show 3 or more persons per sleeping room, the Flemish less than 30 per cent, and all other races show less than 20 per cent in this regard.

In the column designating those who have 4 or more persons per room, the Poles and Magyars lead, while the Germans show the smallest figure, 4 per cent.

The Poles show about 30 per cent of all families as having 5 or more persons per room, and both Magyars and Swedish show less than 10 and 3 per cent, respectively. About 12 per cent of the Poles and 1.4 per cent of Magyars are shown to have 6 or more persons per room.

The final table of the series, which is next submitted, indicates the effect upon living arrangements of congestion within the households studied by showing, by general nativity and race of head of household, the percentage of households regularly sleeping in all except each specified number of rooms.

TABLE 58.—Number and per cent of households regularly sleeping in all except each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of rooms per household.	Average number of sleeping rooms per household.	Number of households sleeping in—			Per cent of households sleeping in—			
				All rooms.	All except one room.	All except two rooms.	All rooms.	All except one room.	All except two rooms.	
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	6.26	2.23	.....	1	5	0.0	1.1	5.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
German.....	19	5.95	1.89	.....	1	1	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	39	5.18	1.64	.....	.....	6	.0	.0	15.4
Foreign-born:										
Flemish.....	30	2.57	.93	.....	6	11	.0	20.0	36.7
German.....	50	6.56	2.40	.....	1	9	.0	2.0	18.0
Hebrew.....	21	4.90	1.95	.....	1	8	.0	4.8	38.1
Lithuanian.....	16	3.94	.63	.....	1	5	(a)	(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	72	4.38	2.15	.....	3	21	4.2	29.2	36.1
Polish.....	57	4.86	1.86	.....	3	16	.0	5.3	28.1
Swedish.....	110	2.37	1.51	.....	2	25	.0	1.8	22.7
Grand total.....	501	4.56	1.84	3	37	112	.6	7.4	22.4
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	5.43	1.72	.....	1	7	.0	1.7	12.1
Total native-born.....	145	5.93	2.03	.....	2	12	.0	1.4	8.3
Total foreign-born.....	356	4.00	1.76	3	35	100	.8	9.8	28.1

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

A report from 501 households shows an average of 4.56 rooms per household, and an average of 1.84 sleeping rooms per household. Of the total number of households 0.6 per cent use all rooms to sleep in, 7.4 per cent use all excepting 1 room, while 22.4 per cent use all except 2 rooms. Between the foreign-born and native white born of native father there is a difference in the number of rooms per household, the former averaging 4 rooms, while the latter averages over 6.26 rooms per household. Among the foreign-born races the Germans show the largest number of rooms per household, their average being 6.56 rooms. No other race shows as many as 5 rooms per apartment, while the Flemish and Swedish show less than 3 rooms per household. Germans and Magyars each report an average of over 2 sleeping rooms per household. The Hebrews, Poles, and Swedes show an average of over 1 sleeping room, while the Flemish and Lithuanians are below the latter figure.

CHAPTER VI.

SALIENT CHARACTERISTICS.

Literacy—Conjugal condition—Visits abroad—Age classification of employees and members of their households—[Text Tables 59 to 74 and General Tables 35 to 45].

LITERACY.

The general literacy of employees and members of their households is exhibited by the following series of tables. The table first submitted shows, by general nativity and race, the percentage of employees who read and the percentage who read and write.

TABLE 59.—Per cent of employees who read and per cent who read and write, by sex and general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who read.			Per cent who read and write.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:									
White.....	5,077	85	5,162	99.6	100.0	99.6	99.5	100.0	99.5
Negro.....	217	.....	217	92.6	.....	92.6	92.6	.....	92.6
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Austria-Hungary.....	155	20	175	98.1	100.0	98.3	98.1	100.0	98.3
Canada.....	183	4	187	100.0	(a)	100.0	100.0	(a)	100.0
England.....	316	9	325	99.4	100.0	99.4	99.4	100.0	99.4
Germany.....	2,450	237	2,687	99.9	98.7	99.8	99.7	98.3	99.6
Ireland.....	781	38	819	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.4	100.0	99.4
Russia.....	221	25	246	99.5	96.0	99.2	99.5	96.0	99.2
Scotland.....	117	2	119	100.0	(a)	100.0	100.0	(a)	100.0
Sweden.....	427	5	432	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.8	100.0	99.8
Foreign-born, by race:									
Bohemian and Moravian.....	359	22	381	98.9	95.5	98.7	98.3	95.5	98.2
Canadian, French.....	116	.....	116	94.0	.....	94.0	92.2	.....	94.0
Canadian, Other.....	209	4	213	99.5	(a)	99.5	99.5	(a)	99.5
Croatian.....	170	6	176	82.4	83.3	82.4	79.4	83.3	79.5
Danish.....	219	.....	219	100.0	.....	100.0	100.0	.....	100.0
Dutch.....	151	3	154	98.7	(a)	98.7	98.7	(a)	98.7
English.....	258	2	260	99.2	(a)	99.2	99.2	(a)	99.2
German.....	2,431	69	2,500	98.5	95.7	98.4	98.0	95.7	98.0
Greek.....	315	7	322	92.1	42.9	91.0	91.1	42.9	90.1
Irish.....	510	8	518	96.5	87.5	96.3	95.7	87.5	95.6
Italian, North.....	279	10	289	87.5	80.0	87.2	87.1	80.0	86.9
Italian, South.....	312	4	316	62.8	(a)	63.3	62.2	(a)	62.7
Lithuanian.....	740	63	803	85.7	90.5	86.1	77.6	74.6	77.3
Magyar.....	723	15	738	96.7	66.7	96.1	96.1	66.7	95.5
Norwegian.....	180	.....	180	100.0	.....	100.0	100.0	.....	100.0
Polish.....	4,682	486	5,168	88.0	81.3	87.4	83.9	70.4	82.6
Russian.....	280	19	299	83.6	63.2	82.3	77.9	63.2	76.9
Ruthenian.....	150	16	166	70.0	68.8	69.9	69.3	56.3	68.1
Scotch.....	103	.....	103	99.0	.....	99.0	99.0	.....	99.0
Servian.....	93	7	100	67.7	42.9	66.0	64.5	42.9	63.0
Slovak.....	285	10	295	86.7	100.0	87.1	84.9	100.0	85.4
Slovenian.....	117	19	136	88.0	84.2	87.5	86.3	78.9	85.3
Swedish.....	1,618	2	1,620	100.0	(a)	100.0	99.6	(a)	99.6
Grand total.....	25,290	1,212	26,502	95.1	88.6	94.8	93.7	82.9	93.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	4,990	346	5,336	99.8	98.8	99.8	99.6	98.6	99.5
Total native-born.....	10,284	431	10,715	99.6	99.1	99.5	99.4	98.8	99.4
Total foreign-born.....	15,006	781	15,787	92.0	82.8	91.6	89.8	74.1	89.0

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The preceding table includes 26,502 persons who are employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements. Of this number, 25,290 are males and 1,212 females. Of the males 95.1 per cent and of the females 88.6 per cent read. The proportion who both read and write is slightly smaller in each instance. Of the different nativity groups, the proportion of those native-born of either native or foreign father, exclusive of the negroes, who read is over 99 per cent, the negroes showing 92.6 per cent and the foreign-born 91.6 per cent having this ability. Only a small difference is shown between the males and females either native whites born of native father or native-born of foreign father as regards the proportion who read, while the proportion of foreign-born males having this ability is almost 10 per cent in excess of the females. The native-born negroes are composed entirely of males. Over 90 per cent of the male employees of each race, except the Croatian, North Italian, South Italian, Lithuanian, Polish, Russian, Ruthenian, Servian, Slovak, and Slovenian, and over 75 per cent of all these races, except the South Italian, Ruthenian, and Servian, read. The proportion of females having this ability is smaller than the proportion of males, as regards each race, except the Croatian, Lithuanian, and Slovak. In the majority of instances the proportion of males who both read and write is slightly smaller than the proportion who read only, while of the females of each race, except the Lithuanian, Polish, Ruthenian, and Slovenian, show the same proportion having ability to write as well as to read.

The following table shows the percentage of employees who read, according to locality, sex, and general nativity and race:

TABLE 60.—*Per cent of employees who read, by locality, by sex, and by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting in each of two or more localities. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Per cent of males who read, in each specified locality.			Per cent of females who read, in each specified locality.		
	East.	Middle West.	Total agricultural implements.	East.	Middle West.	Total agricultural implements.
Native-born of native father, White.....	99.8	99.5	99.6	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
England.....	99.3	99.4	99.4	100.0	(a)	100.0
Germany.....	99.1	99.9	99.9	100.0	98.7	98.7
Ireland.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Foreign-born, by race:						
Canadian (other than French).....	100.0	99.1	99.5	(a)	(a)	(a)
English.....	98.5	100.0	99.2	(a)	.....	(a)
German.....	98.9	98.5	98.5	(a)	95.6	95.7
Irish.....	97.1	95.7	96.5	(a)	100.0	87.5
Italian, North.....	80.0	92.0	87.5	75.0	(a)	80.0
Polish.....	83.7	88.5	88.0	76.9	83.0	81.3
Slovak.....	75.0	91.2	86.7	(a)	100.0	100.0
Grand total.....	93.4	95.5	95.1	81.1	90.5	88.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	99.6	99.9	99.8	97.0	99.0	98.8
Total native-born.....	99.7	99.5	99.6	98.3	99.2	99.1
Total foreign-born.....	86.1	93.0	92.0	75.5	85.1	82.8

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The preceding table shows that of the male employees in this industry for whom information was obtained, 95.1 per cent read, the proportion in the Middle West with this ability being slightly in excess of the proportion in the East. This is true of both the native-born of foreign father and to a larger extent of the foreign-born, while the native whites born of native father show a slightly smaller proportion in the Middle West with ability to read than in the East. Among the foreign-born, the Canadians (other than French), Germans, and Irish each show a slightly larger proportion in the East with ability to read than in the Middle West, while the proportion of English and Poles in the Middle West with this ability is slightly in excess of that in the East, and the proportion of North Italians and Slovaks in the Middle West considerably in excess of the proportions shown in the East. As regards the native-born of foreign father it will be noted that the entire 100 per cent in the East and Middle West of those whose fathers were born in Ireland read, while the proportions of those whose fathers were born in England and Germany in the Middle West are slightly in excess of those shown in the East. Among the females, 88.6 per cent of whom can read, the proportion of literacy in the Middle West is considerably in excess of that in the East. The same general tendency is shown by both the foreign-born and native-born of foreign father, although the difference in the proportions is much more marked among the foreign-born than among the native-born of foreign father. The native whites born of native father, on the other hand, report the entire 100 per cent in both the East and Middle West as having ability to read. The only opportunity for comparison by locality among the foreign-born is afforded by the Poles, who report 83 per cent with ability to read in the Middle West, as compared with 76.9 per cent in the East. As regards the native-born of foreign father, those whose fathers were born in England, Germany, and Ireland each show 100 per cent in the East and those whose fathers were born in Ireland show 100 per cent in the Middle West, while those whose fathers were born in Germany show 98.7 per cent in the Middle West with ability to read.

In the table next presented the percentage of persons 10 years of age or over in the households studied who read and the percentage who both read and write is shown by sex and general nativity and race of individual.

TABLE 61.—*Per cent of persons 10 years of age or over who read and per cent who read and write, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who read.			Per cent who read and write.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	137	136	273	99.3	100.0	99.6	99.3	99.3	99.3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
German.....	56	68	124	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Polish.....	78	85	163	98.7	98.8	98.8	98.7	98.8	98.8
Swedish.....	56	74	130	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Foreign-born:									
Flemish.....	44	33	77	90.9	84.8	88.3	86.4	81.8	84.4
German.....	54	50	104	98.1	90.0	94.2	94.4	82.0	88.5
Hebrew.....	27	26	53	92.6	73.1	83.0	92.6	65.4	79.2
Magyar.....	132	88	220	99.2	94.3	97.3	98.5	93.2	96.4
Polish.....	74	67	141	93.2	95.5	94.3	90.5	91.0	90.8
Swedish.....	144	109	253	99.3	100.0	99.6	99.3	100.0	99.6
Grand total.....	832	771	1,603	97.4	95.8	96.6	96.4	94.2	95.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	198	240	438	99.5	99.6	99.5	99.5	99.6	99.5
Total native-born.....	335	376	711	99.4	99.7	99.6	99.4	99.5	99.4
Total foreign-born.....	497	395	892	96.0	92.2	94.3	94.4	89.1	92.0

Of a total of 1,603 persons reporting information 832 were males, 771 females; of the total number 96.6 per cent are able to read and 95.3 per cent are able to read and write. Generally a higher standard of literacy is maintained by the native-born of native father, white, and native-born of foreign father than by the foreign-born. Among the foreign-born in this table, both those who read only and those who read and write, the males show a somewhat higher standard of proficiency than the females, excepting with the Swedes and Poles, where the reverse is true, only in a lesser degree. Both as to those who can read and read and write, the Swedes show the highest degree of proficiency and the Hebrews the lowest.

The degree of literacy prevailing among persons of foreign birth, in the households studied, after designated periods of residence in this country, is considered in the table next presented. The table shows, by race of individual and by years in the United States, the percentage of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over in the households studied who read and the percentage who both read and write.

TABLE 62.—Per cent of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over who read and per cent who read and write, by years in the United States and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.)

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who read, by years in United States—			Per cent who read and write, by years in United States—		
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.
Flemish.....	77	96.1	81.8	66.7	94.1	72.7	60.0
German.....	104	90.0	90.9	95.2	90.0	72.7	90.4
Hebrew.....	53	86.8	78.6	(a)	81.6	78.6	(a)
Magyar.....	220	97.6	98.6	92.6	96.0	98.6	92.6
Polish.....	141	100.0	90.9	93.8	100.0	90.9	88.5
Swedish.....	253	100.0	100.0	99.5	100.0	100.0	99.5
Total.....	892	95.4	91.0	95.0	93.3	88.9	92.6

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

A report from 892 persons shows that 95.4 per cent of those who have been in the country under five years are able to read, 91 per cent who have been here from five to nine years are able to read and write, and 95 per cent of those who have been here ten years or over are able to read. Of those who have been here under five years 93.3 per cent are able to read and write. Of those whose period of residence is between five and nine years, 88.9 per cent can do so, and of those who have been here ten years or over 92.6 per cent are able to read and write. The greatest degree of literacy is shown by the Swedes, who have about 100 per cent in all columns in this table.

The literacy of foreign-born persons in the households studied, according to their ages at the time of arrival in the United States, is indicated by the table next presented. This table shows the percentage of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over, in the households studied, who read and the percentage who both read and write, according to age at time of coming to the United States and race of individual.

TABLE 63.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over who read and per cent who read and write, by age at time of coming to the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who read, by age at time of coming to United States.		Per cent who read and write, by age at time of coming to United States.	
		Under 14.	14 or over.	Under 14.	14 or over.
Flemish.....	77	75.0	89.9	75.0	85.5
German.....	104	95.8	93.8	91.7	87.5
Hebrew.....	53	100.0	80.9	100.0	76.6
Magyar.....	220	100.0	96.9	96.6	96.3
Polish.....	141	100.0	92.4	100.0	87.6
Swedish.....	253	97.7	100.0	97.7	100.0
Total.....	892	97.3	93.7	95.9	91.3

The foregoing table makes a report from 892 persons 10 years or over. Of those who were under 14 years of age at the time of immigrating to the United States 97.3 per cent are able to read, and of those who were over 14 years of age when they came 93.7 per cent do so. Over 95 per cent of those coming to the United States before they were 14 years of age are able both to read and write, while of those who are over that age only 91.3 per cent display a similar degree of literacy. All Hebrews, Magyars, and Poles and over 95 per cent of Swedes and Germans who came here under 14 years of age are able to read, while the Flemish of similar age show only 75 per cent thus competent. Of those over 14 at the time of immigration, the Swedes, with 100 per cent, show the greatest ability, to read and the Magyars, Germans, and Poles, each showing over 90 per cent, follow in the order given. The Flemish, showing slightly under 90 per cent, and the Hebrew, just over 80 per cent, rank last. The Hebrew and the Poles report 100 per cent, the Swedes, Magyars, and Germans over 90 per cent, and the Flemish only 75 per cent of their number who came here before they were 14 years of age who can both read and write. Of those who came here after they were 14 years of age who can read and write the Swedes, with 100 per cent, show the highest proportion, and the Hebrews, with 76.6 per cent, the lowest.

CONJUGAL CONDITION.

The next series of tables exhibits the conjugal condition of employees and members of their households. The table first presented shows, by sex and general nativity and race, the percentage of employees 20 years of age or over in each conjugal condition.

TABLE 64.—Per cent of employees 20 years of age or over in each conjugal condition, by sex and general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father:				
White.....	4,604	30.1	65.4	4.5
Negro.....	205	24.4	69.3	6.3
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:				
Austria-Hungary.....	101	43.6	55.4	1.0
Canada.....	162	26.5	67.9	5.6
England.....	293	22.5	73.4	4.1
Germany.....	2,090	40.9	57.0	2.2
Ireland.....	729	38.3	57.5	4.3
Russia.....	154	48.1	51.9	.0
Scotland.....	110	28.2	68.2	3.6
Sweden.....	319	53.0	44.5	2.5
Foreign-born, by race:				
Bohemian and Moravian.....	354	18.1	79.4	2.5
Canadian, French.....	113	18.6	75.2	6.2
Canadian, Other.....	210	21.0	75.7	3.3
Croatian.....	171	44.4	52.6	2.9
Danish.....	211	28.0	66.8	5.2
Dutch.....	144	25.7	71.5	2.8
English.....	2,588	17.4	77.5	5.0
German.....	2,389	15.9	80.6	3.5
Greek.....	295	58.6	40.7	.7
Irish.....	507	27.0	65.1	7.9
Italian, North.....	257	35.8	61.1	3.1
Italian, South.....	286	32.9	65.4	1.7
Lithuanian.....	743	56.1	42.9	.9
Magyar.....	681	34.1	63.6	2.3
Norwegian.....	171	22.2	73.1	4.7
Polish.....	4,564	25.9	72.7	1.4
Russtan.....	267	40.1	58.8	1.1
Ruthenian.....	105	42.9	56.2	1.0
Scotch.....	103	22.3	70.9	6.8
Servian.....	83	47.0	51.8	1.2
Slovak.....	265	30.6	68.7	.8
Slovenian.....	109	36.7	62.4	.9
Swedish.....	1,595	31.7	64.1	4.2
Grand total.....	* 23,593	30.8	66.1	3.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	4,231	39.4	57.8	2.8
Total native-born.....	9,040	34.3	61.9	3.7
Total foreign-born.....	14,553	28.7	68.7	2.7

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	50	82.0	6.0	12.0
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:				
Austria-Hungary.....	9	55.6	11.1	33.3
Canada.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)
England.....	7	57.1	14.3	28.6
Germany.....	139	92.8	5.8	1.4
Ireland.....	28	85.7	7.1	7.1
Russia.....	11	81.8	18.2	.0
Scotland.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)
Sweden.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)
Foreign-born, by race:				
Bohemian and Moravian.....	16	87.5	12.5	.0
Canadian (other than French).....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)
Dutch.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)
English.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	48	39.6	54.2	6.3
Greek.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)
Irish.....	7	57.1	42.9	.0
Italian, North.....	6	66.7	16.7	16.7
Italian, South.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)

* Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 64.—Per cent of employees 20 years of age or over in each conjugal condition, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

FEMALE—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.				
Lithuanian.....	54	88.9	9.3	1.9
Magyar.....	10	20.0	70.0	10.0
Polish.....	283	72.1	23.7	4.2
Russian.....	15	60.0	26.7	13.3
Ruthenian.....	7	42.9	28.6	28.6
Servian.....	6	.0	100.0	.0
Slovak.....	7	57.1	28.6	14.3
Slovenian.....	13	53.8	46.2	.0
Swedish.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)
Grand total.....	749	73.7	21.0	5.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	205	88.3	6.8	4.9
Total native-born.....	255	87.1	6.7	6.3
Total foreign-born.....	494	66.8	28.3	4.9
TOTAL.				
Native-born of native father:				
White.....	4,654	30.6	64.8	4.6
Negro.....	205	24.4	69.3	6.3
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:				
Austria-Hungary.....	110	44.5	51.8	3.6
Canada.....	165	27.3	66.7	6.1
England.....	300	23.3	72.0	4.7
Germany.....	2,229	44.1	53.8	2.1
Ireland.....	757	40.0	55.6	4.4
Russia.....	165	50.3	49.7	.0
Scotland.....	111	28.8	67.6	3.6
Sweden.....	322	53.4	44.1	2.5
Foreign-born, by race:				
Bohemian and Moravian.....	370	21.1	76.5	2.4
Canadian, French.....	113	18.6	75.2	6.2
Canadian, Other.....	214	22.0	74.3	3.7
Croatian.....	171	44.4	52.6	2.9
Danish.....	211	28.0	66.8	5.2
Dutch.....	146	26.0	71.2	2.7
English.....	260	18.1	76.9	5.0
German.....	2,437	16.3	80.1	3.6
Greek.....	298	58.4	40.9	.7
Irish.....	514	27.4	64.8	7.8
Italian, North.....	263	36.5	60.1	3.4
Italian, South.....	288	32.6	65.6	1.7
Lithuanian.....	797	58.3	40.7	1.0
Magyar.....	691	33.9	63.7	2.5
Norwegian.....	171	22.2	73.1	4.7
Polish.....	4,847	28.6	69.9	1.6
Russian.....	282	41.1	57.1	1.8
Ruthenian.....	112	42.9	54.5	2.7
Scotch.....	103	22.3	70.9	6.8
Servian.....	89	43.8	55.1	1.1
Slovak.....	272	31.3	67.6	1.1
Slovenian.....	122	38.5	60.7	.8
Swedish.....	1,596	31.7	64.1	4.2
Grand total.....	24,342	32.2	64.7	3.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	4,436	41.7	55.4	2.9
Total native-born.....	9,295	35.8	60.4	3.8
Total foreign-born.....	15,047	29.9	67.3	2.7

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 24,342 employees 20 years of age or over who are represented in the foregoing table, 32.2 per cent are single, 64.7 per cent are married, and 3.1 per cent are widowed. The negro employees who

are native-born of native father report the highest percentage of their number married and the highest percentage widowed; the employees of foreign birth follow with the next highest percentage married, and the native whites born of native father report the next highest percentage widowed. The employees who are native whites born of native father report 64.8 per cent married, while those who are native-born of foreign father show 55.4 per cent married. Both the employees who are native-born of foreign father and those of foreign birth report less than 3 per cent who are widowed. Of the employees who are native-born of foreign father, those whose fathers were born in England show the highest percentage married and those whose fathers were born in Canada the highest percentage widowed. The employees of Swedish parentage show the smallest percentage married, while none of the employees of Russian parentage are widowed. Of the employees of foreign birth, the Germans report over 80 per cent who are married as contrasted with only 40.7 per cent of the Lithuanians. The Irish show slightly less than 8 per cent and the Greeks and Slovenians less than 1 per cent who are widowed. The male employees report a very much higher percentage married than do the female employees, while the latter exhibit a higher percentage widowed than the former.

In the following table the percentage of employees 20 years of age or over who are married is shown, by locality, by sex, and by general nativity and race:

TABLE 65.—Per cent of employees 20 years of age or over who are married, by locality, by sex, and by general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting in each of two or more localities. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race.	East.	Middle West.	Total agricultural implements.
Native-born of native father, White.....	66.7	64.9	65.4
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
England.....	71.8	74.7	73.4
Germany.....	57.8	56.9	57.0
Ireland.....	56.4	58.7	57.5
Foreign-born, by race:			
Canadian (other than French).....	80.0	71.8	75.7
English.....	74.4	80.6	77.5
German.....	72.6	81.3	80.6
Irish.....	63.6	66.8	65.1
Italian, North.....	55.8	64.2	61.1
Polish.....	63.1	73.7	72.7
Grand total.....	64.9	66.3	66.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	60.2	57.1	57.8
Total native-born.....	64.2	61.2	61.9
Total foreign-born.....	65.8	69.1	68.7

TABLE 65.—Per cent of employees 20 years of age or over who are married, by locality, by sex, and by general nativity and race—Continued.

FEMALE.

General nativity and race.	East.	Middle West.	Total agricultural implements.
Native-born of native father, White.....	6.3	5.9	6.0
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
England.....	(a)	(a)	14.3
Germany.....	(a)	5.8	5.8
Ireland.....	7.7	6.7	7.1
Foreign-born, by race:			
Canadian (other than French).....	(a)	(a)	(a)
English.....	(a)		
German.....	(a)	55.3	54.2
Irish.....	(a)	20.0	42.9
Italian, North.....	(a)	(a)	16.7
Polish.....	43.2	15.8	23.7
Grand total.....	34.5	17.7	21.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	8.7	6.6	6.8
Total native-born.....	7.7	6.5	6.7
Total foreign-born.....	44.3	24.0	28.3

TOTAL.			
Native-born of native father, White.....	66.0	64.3	64.8
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
England.....	70.9	72.9	72.0
Germany.....	57.2	53.5	53.8
Ireland.....	54.8	56.5	55.6
Foreign-born, by race:			
Canadian (other than French).....	79.2	69.9	74.3
English.....	73.3	80.6	76.9
German.....	72.2	80.8	80.1
Irish.....	63.9	65.8	64.8
Italian, North.....	54.5	63.4	60.1
Polish.....	59.9	71.0	69.9
Grand total.....	63.9	64.9	64.7
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58.9	54.5	55.4
Total native-born.....	63.2	59.5	60.4
Total foreign-born.....	64.7	67.8	67.3

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The preceding table shows that a slightly higher percentage of employees in the Middle West than in the East are married. The employees who are native-born whites of native father and those who are native-born of foreign father show a higher percentage married in the East than in the Middle West, while of the foreign-born employees, the reverse is true. Of the employees who are native-born of foreign father those whose fathers were born in England and Ireland show a higher percentage married in the Middle West than in the East, while of the employees whose fathers were born in Germany, the reverse is true. Of the foreign-born employees, the Canadians, other than French, show a higher percentage married in the East than in the Middle West. The English, Germans, Irish, North Italians, and Poles show a higher percentage married in the Middle West than in the East.

The table next submitted shows, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race, the percentage of employees in each conjugal condition.

TABLE 66.—Per cent of employees in each conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 200 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race.	20 to 29 years of age.				30 to 44 years of age.				45 years of age or over.				20 years of age or over.						
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—					
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.			
Native-born of native father:																			
White.....	1,922	56.2	43.1	.7	1,622	15.2	80.4	4.4	1,060	5.6	82.9	11.5	4,604	30.1	65.4	4.5			
Negro.....	56	50.0	50.0	.0	92	18.5	71.7	9.8	57	8.8	84.2	7.0	205	24.4	69.3	6.3			
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																			
England.....	85	60.0	40.0	.0	133	9.8	84.2	6.0	75	2.7	92.0	5.3	293	22.5	73.4	4.1			
Germany.....	1,110	63.0	36.2	.8	708	18.6	79.1	2.3	272	8.5	84.2	7.4	2,090	40.9	57.0	2.2			
Ireland.....	195	69.7	29.7	.5	328	31.7	63.7	4.6	206	18.9	73.8	7.3	729	38.3	57.5	4.3			
Sweden.....	215	68.4	31.2	.5	97	21.6	71.1	7.2	7	(a)	(a)	(a)	319	53.0	44.5	2.5			
Foreign-born, by race:																			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	110	48.2	51.8	.0	168	5.4	89.9	4.8	76	2.6	96.1	1.3	354	18.1	79.4	2.5			
Canadian (other than French).....	51	56.9	41.2	2.0	85	10.6	88.2	1.2	74	8.1	85.1	6.8	210	21.0	75.7	3.3			
Danish.....	74	51.4	48.6	.0	76	22.4	73.7	3.9	61	6.6	80.3	13.1	211	28.0	66.8	5.2			
English.....	51	52.9	45.1	2.0	97	14.4	83.5	2.1	110	3.6	87.3	9.1	258	17.4	77.5	5.0			
German.....	454	50.2	49.1	.7	908	12.4	85.5	2.1	1,027	3.7	90.3	6.0	2,389	15.9	80.6	3.5			
Greek.....	190	80.5	18.4	1.1	95	21.1	78.9	.0	10	.0	100.0	.0	295	58.6	40.7	.7			
Irish.....	78	78.2	21.8	.0	195	29.2	67.2	3.6	234	8.1	77.8	14.1	507	27.0	65.1	7.9			
Italian, North.....	130	56.2	43.1	.8	102	17.6	78.4	3.9	25	4.0	84.0	12.0	257	35.8	61.1	3.1			
Italian, South.....	149	58.4	40.9	.7	98	7.1	89.8	3.1	39	.0	97.4	2.6	286	32.9	65.4	1.7			
Lithuanian.....	409	80.0	20.0	.0	303	29.0	69.0	2.0	31	6.5	90.3	3.2	743	56.1	42.9	.9			
Magyar.....	322	60.9	38.5	.6	308	11.7	85.4	2.9	51	.0	90.2	9.8	681	34.1	63.6	2.3			
Polish.....	1,943	52.8	46.9	.3	1,969	7.2	91.6	1.2	652	2.0	92.6	5.4	4,564	25.9	72.7	1.4			
Russian.....	147	63.3	36.7	.0	103	12.6	84.5	2.9	17	5.9	94.1	.0	267	40.1	58.8	1.1			
Slovak.....	127	61.4	38.6	.0	115	2.6	95.7	1.7	23	.0	100.0	.0	265	30.6	68.7	.8			
Swedish.....	395	73.7	25.6	.8	674	27.0	71.1	1.9	526	6.1	84.2	9.7	1,595	31.7	64.1	4.2			
Grand total.....	9,365	59.6	39.9	.6	9,168	15.4	81.8	2.8	5,060	5.6	86.1	8.3	23,593	30.8	66.1	3.1			
Total native-born of foreign father.....	2,050	62.3	37.0	.7	1,513	21.0	75.5	3.5	668	11.1	81.3	7.6	4,231	39.4	57.8	2.8			
Total native-born.....	4,028	59.2	40.1	.7	3,227	18.0	77.9	4.2	1,785	7.7	82.4	9.9	9,040	34.3	61.9	3.7			
Total foreign-born.....	5,337	59.8	39.7	.5	5,941	14.0	84.0	2.0	3,275	4.4	88.2	7.4	14,553	28.7	68.7	2.7			

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	43	86.0	4.7	9.3	7	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	82.0	6.0	12.0			
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																			
England.....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	(a)	(a)	(a)			
Germany.....	132	93.9	4.5	1.5	7	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	139	92.8	5.8	1.4			
Ireland.....	23	91.3	4.3	4.3	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	85.7	7.1	7.1			
Sweden.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)			
Foreign-born, by race:																			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	16	87.5	12.5	.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	87.5	12.5	.0			
Canadian (other than French).....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	4	(a)	(a)	(a)			
English.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)			
German.....	36	44.4	52.8	2.8	12	25.0	58.3	16.7	.....	.....	.....	.....	48	39.6	54.2	6.3			
Greek.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)			
Irish.....	6	(a)	(a)	(a)	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	(a)	(a)	(a)			

ⓐ Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 66.—Per cent of employees in each conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race—Continued.

General nativity and race.	20 to 29 years of age.			30 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age or over.			20 years of age or over.							
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—						
		Single.	Married.		Widowed.	Single.		Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	
Foreign-born, by race— Continued.																	
Italian, North.....	5	(a)	(a)	1	(a)	(a)				6	(a)	(a)	(a)				
Italian, South.....	2	(a)	(a)							2	(a)	(a)	(a)				
Lithuanian.....	50	96.0	4.0	3	(a)	(a)	1	(a)	(a)	54	88.9	9.3	1.9				
Magyar.....	10	20.0	70.0							10	20.0	70.0	10.0				
Polish.....	260	76.5	20.8	23	21.7	56.5	21	7.7		283	72.1	23.7	4.2				
Russian.....	14	64.3	28.6	1	(a)	(a)				15	60.0	26.7	13.3				
Slovak.....	6	(a)	(a)	1	(a)	(a)				7	(a)	(a)	(a)				
Swedish.....	1	(a)	(a)							1	(a)	(a)	(a)				
Grand total.....	672	79.0	17.9	74	28.4	47.3	24	3.3		749	73.7	21.0	5.3				
Total native-born of foreign father.....	187	92.5	4.8	17	47.1	23.5	29	4.4	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	205	88.3	6.8	4.9	
Total native-born.....	230	91.3	4.8	24	50.0	20.8	29	2.2	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	255	87.1	6.7	6.3	
Total foreign-born.....	442	72.6	24.7	50	18.0	60.0	22	2.0	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	494	66.8	28.3	4.9	
TOTAL.																	
Native-born of native father:																	
White.....	1,965	56.8	42.3	9	1,629	15.3	80.1	4	5.1	1,060	5.6	82.9	11.5	4,654	30.6	64.8	4.6
Negro.....	56	50.0	50.0	0	92	18.5	71.7	9	8.8	57	8.8	84.2	7.0	205	24.4	69.3	6.3
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																	
England.....	89	61.8	38.2	0	136	9.6	83.1	7	4.4	75	2.7	92.0	5.3	300	23.3	72.0	4.7
Germany.....	1,242	66.3	32.9	9	715	19.2	78.6	2	2.2	272	8.5	84.2	7.4	2,229	44.1	53.8	2.1
Ireland.....	218	72.0	27.1	9	332	32.2	63.0	4	4.8	207	18.8	73.9	7.2	757	40.0	55.6	4.4
Sweden.....	218	68.8	30.7	5	97	21.6	71.1	7	2.2	7	(a)	(a)	(a)	322	53.4	44.1	2.5
Foreign-born, by race:																	
Bohemian and Moravian.....	126	53.2	46.8	0	168	5.4	89.9	4	4.8	76	2.6	96.1	1.3	370	21.1	76.5	2.4
Canadian (other than French).....	54	59.3	38.9	1	85	10.6	88.2	1	1.2	75	8.0	84.0	8.0	214	22.0	74.3	3.7
Danish.....	74	51.4	48.6	0	76	22.4	73.7	3	3.9	61	6.6	80.3	13.1	211	28.0	66.8	5.2
English.....	53	54.7	43.4	1	97	14.4	83.5	2	2.1	110	3.6	87.3	9.1	260	18.1	76.9	5.0
German.....	490	49.8	49.4	8	920	12.6	85.1	2	2.3	1,027	3.7	90.3	6.0	2,437	16.3	80.1	3.6
Greek.....	193	79.8	19.2	1	95	21.1	78.9	0	0	10	0	100.0	0	298	58.4	40.9	7
Irish.....	84	77.4	22.6	0	196	29.1	67.3	3	3.6	234	8.1	77.8	14.1	514	27.4	64.8	7.8
Italian, North.....	135	56.3	42.2	1	103	18.4	77.7	3	3.9	25	4.0	84.0	12.0	363	36.5	60.1	3.4
Italian, South.....	151	57.6	41.7	7	98	7.1	89.8	3	3.1	39	0	97.4	2.6	288	32.6	65.6	1.7
Lithuanian.....	459	81.7	18.3	0	306	28.8	69.0	2	2.3	32	6.3	90.6	3.1	797	58.3	40.7	1.0
Magyar.....	332	59.6	39.5	9	308	11.7	85.4	2	2.9	51	0	90.2	9.8	691	33.9	63.7	2.5
Polish.....	2,203	55.6	43.8	5	1,992	7.4	91.2	1	1.5	652	2.0	92.6	5.4	4,847	28.6	69.9	1.8
Russian.....	161	63.4	36.0	6	104	12.5	83.7	3	3.8	17	5.9	94.1	0	282	41.1	57.1	1.8
Slovak.....	133	61.7	38.3	0	116	2.6	94.8	2	2.6	23	0	100.0	0	272	31.7	67.6	1.1
Swedish.....	396	73.7	25.5	8	674	27.0	71.1	1	1.9	526	6.1	84.2	9.7	1,596	31.7	64.1	4.2
Grand total.....	10,037	60.9	38.4	7	9,242	15.5	81.5	2	2.9	5,063	5.6	86.1	8.3	24,342	32.2	64.7	3.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	2,237	64.9	34.3	8	1,530	21.2	75.0	3	3.8	669	11.1	81.3	7.6	4,436	41.7	55.4	2.9
Total native-born.....	4,258	61.0	38.2	8	3,251	18.2	77.5	4	4.3	1,786	7.7	82.4	9.9	9,295	35.8	60.4	3.8
Total foreign-born.....	5,779	60.8	38.5	6	5,991	14.1	83.8	2	2.2	3,277	4.4	88.2	7.4	15,047	29.9	67.3	2.7

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 24,342 persons 20 years of age or over employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements, 64.7 per cent are married, 32.2 per cent single, and 3.1 per cent widowed. A difference of less than

5 per cent is shown between the proportion of those either white or negro, who were native-born of native father, as regards the proportion who are married—each nativity group showing over 60 per cent—while the native-born of foreign father show only 55.4 per cent married. A larger proportion of the employees of each race, except the Greek and Lithuanian, are married than single, and in no instance is the proportion widowed as high as 8 per cent. Of the total number within each age group, it is seen that the proportion of those from 20 to 29 years of age who are single is decidedly larger than the proportion who are married, while of those who are from 30 to 44 or 45 years of age or over the proportion who are married is decidedly larger than the proportion who are single. This statement applies to each race and to each nativity group, except the native-born negroes, which show equal proportions of those who are from 20 to 29 years of age, married or single. A comparison between the total number of male and female employees 20 years of age or over shows that a decidedly larger proportion of the former are married than single and a decidedly larger proportion of the latter are single than married and a slightly larger proportion of females than of males are widowed.

The following table shows, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race of individual, the percentage of persons in the households studied in each conjugal condition:

TABLE 67.—Per cent of persons in each conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	20 to 29 years of age.			30 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age or over.			20 years of age or over.						
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father, White.....	38	34.2	65.8	0.0	37	2.7	97.3	0.0	29	0.0	93.1	6.9	104	13.5	84.6	1.9
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	39	30.8	69.2	.0	16	18.8	81.3	.0					55	27.3	72.7	.0
Foreign-born:																
German.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	14	7.1	92.9	.0	34	.0	100.0	.0	51	3.9	96.1	.0
Magyar.....	43	51.2	48.8	.0	59	3.4	96.6	.0	11	.0	90.9	9.1	113	21.2	77.9	.9
Polish.....	12	50.0	50.0	.0	25	4.0	96.0	.0	29	.0	86.2	13.8	66	10.6	83.3	6.1
Swedish.....	24	54.2	45.8	.0	56	17.9	80.4	1.8	60	.0	96.7	3.3	140	16.4	81.4	2.1
Grand total.....	222	48.2	51.8	.0	259	8.9	90.3	.8	183	.0	94.5	5.5	664	19.6	78.6	1.8
Total native-born of foreign father.....	69	52.2	47.8	.0	26	23.1	76.9	.0	8	(a)	(a)	(a)	103	40.8	59.2	.0
Total native-born.....	107	45.8	54.2	.0	63	11.1	88.9	.0	37	.0	94.6	5.4	207	27.1	72.0	1.0
Total foreign-born.....	115	50.4	49.6	.0	196	8.2	90.8	1.0	146	.0	94.5	5.5	457	16.2	81.6	2.2

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 67.—Per cent of persons in each conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race of individual—Continued.

FEMALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	20 to 29 years of age.			30 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age or over.			20 years of age or over.						
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—					
		Single.	Married.		Widowed.	Single.		Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father, White.....	48	37.5	62.5	0.0	26	3.8	92.3	3.8	22	0.0	95.5	4.5	96	19.8	78.1	2.1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	39	28.2	71.8	.0	7	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	46	23.9	76.1	.0
Foreign-born:																
German.....	8	(a)	(a)	(a)	14	.0	100.0	.0	27	.0	96.3	3.7	49	.0	98.0	2.0
Magyar.....	42	.0	100.0	.0	22	.0	100.0	.0	7	(a)	(a)	(a)	71	.0	98.6	1.4
Polish.....	19	10.5	84.2	5.3	26	.0	100.0	.0	20	.0	90.0	10.0	65	3.1	92.3	4.6
Swedish.....	24	25.0	70.8	4.2	32	6.3	93.8	.0	50	2.0	94.0	4.0	106	8.5	88.7	2.8
Grand total.....	258	26.7	72.1	1.2	181	4.4	94.5	1.1	145	.7	93.1	6.2	584	13.4	84.2	2.4
Total native-born of foreign father.....	86	48.8	50.0	1.2	30	16.7	80.0	3.3	11	.0	100.0	.0	127	37.0	61.4	1.6
Total native-born.....	134	44.8	54.5	.7	56	10.7	85.7	3.6	33	.0	97.0	3.0	223	29.6	68.6	1.8
Total foreign-born.....	124	7.3	91.1	1.6	125	1.6	98.4	.0	112	.9	92.0	7.1	361	3.3	93.9	2.8

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White.....	86	36.0	64.0	0.0	63	3.2	95.2	1.6	51	0.0	94.1	5.9	200	16.5	81.5	2.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	78	29.5	70.5	.0	23	13.0	87.0	.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	101	25.7	74.3	.0
Foreign-born:																
German.....	11	9.1	90.9	.0	28	3.6	96.4	.0	61	.0	98.4	1.6	100	2.0	97.0	1.0
Magyar.....	85	25.9	74.1	.0	81	2.5	97.5	.0	18	.0	88.9	11.1	184	13.0	85.9	1.1
Polish.....	31	25.8	71.0	3.2	51	2.0	98.0	.0	49	.0	87.8	12.2	131	6.9	87.8	5.3
Swedish.....	48	39.6	58.3	2.1	88	13.6	85.2	1.1	110	.9	95.5	3.6	246	13.0	84.6	2.4
Grand total.....	480	36.7	62.7	.6	440	7.0	92.0	.9	328	.3	93.9	5.8	1,248	16.7	81.3	2.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	155	50.3	49.0	.6	56	19.6	78.6	1.8	19	.0	100.0	.0	230	38.7	60.4	.9
Total native-born.....	241	45.2	54.4	.4	119	10.9	87.4	1.7	70	.0	95.7	4.3	430	28.4	70.2	1.4
Total foreign-born.....	239	28.0	71.1	.8	321	5.6	93.8	.6	258	.4	93.4	6.2	818	10.5	87.0	2.4

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

This table gives a report from a total of 1,248 individuals, of whom 16.7 are single, 81.3 married, and 2.1 widowed. These figures are for males and females 20 years of age or over. A greater proportion of married persons is shown for the foreign-born than for either the native-born of native father, white, or native-born of foreign father. Of the foreign-born races, the Germans evince the greatest inclination to marry, 97 per cent of them being in that condition, while the Poles, Magyars, and Swedes report only about 85 per cent in that state. It will be noticed that 584 females are reported, of whom 13.4 per cent are single, 84.2 per cent married, and 2.4 per cent widowed. Here again the foreign-born report a higher proportion married than either of the native-born groups. Both the Magyars and Germans report 98 per cent or over who are married, with none single, and a

very small percentage widowed. The Poles show over 90 per cent married, over 3 per cent single, and over 4 per cent widowed, and the Swedes show 88.7 per cent married, 8.5 per cent single, and 2.8 per cent widowed. Of males, 664 reported complete data, as follows: 19.6 per cent single, 78.6 per cent married, and 1.8 per cent widowed. Here the native-born of native father, with over 84 per cent married, show a greater figure than either the foreign-born or the native-born of foreign father. The German males show the greatest inclination to marry, with over 96 per cent in that condition, while the Magyars show the lowest figure, 77.9 per cent, married. Both Poles and Swedes have over 80 per cent. More Magyars are single and more Poles widowed than is recorded for either of the other races.

The most significant fact in connection with the conjugal condition of foreign-born employees, especially those of recent immigration, is the location of the wives of the married males. In this connection the following table is submitted, showing the percentage of foreign-born husbands who report wife in the United States and the percentage who report wife abroad, by race of husband:

TABLE 68.—Per cent of foreign-born husbands who report wife in the United States and per cent who report wife abroad, by race of husband.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more husbands reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of husband.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent reporting wife—	
		In United States.	Abroad.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	273	95.2	4.8
Canadian, French.....	85	100.0	.0
Canadian, Other.....	158	98.7	1.3
Croatian.....	87	55.2	44.8
Danish.....	141	96.5	3.5
Dutch.....	98	100.0	.0
English.....	195	97.4	2.6
German.....	1,904	98.1	1.9
Greek.....	120	38.3	61.7
Irish.....	327	98.5	1.5
Italian, North.....	156	75.0	25.0
Italian, South.....	186	74.7	25.3
Lithuanian.....	312	75.3	24.7
Magyar.....	431	65.2	34.8
Norwegian.....	124	96.0	4.0
Polish.....	3,243	87.1	12.9
Russian.....	153	53.6	46.4
Ruthenian.....	58	32.8	67.2
Scotch.....	71	100.0	.0
Servian.....	42	42.9	57.1
Slovak.....	176	60.8	39.2
Slovenian.....	68	57.4	42.6
Swedish.....	1,013	98.4	1.6
Total.....	9,832	87.5	12.5

Information was obtained for 9,832 foreign-born husbands connected with this industry. Of this number, 87.5 per cent report wives in the United States, while 12.5 per cent report wives abroad. With the exception of the French Canadians, Dutch, and Scotch, all of whom report wives in the United States, a certain proportion of husbands of each of the other races report wives abroad. It will be seen that the proportions of husbands of older immigrant races,

including the Bohemian and Moravian, as compared with the proportions shown for the husbands of the more recent immigrant races who report wives abroad are extremely small, consequently the proportions reporting wives in the United States are just the reverse. In no case does the proportion of husbands of the older immigrant races who report wives abroad equal 5 per cent, while of the husbands of the more recent immigrants the proportions reporting wives abroad range from 67.2 per cent of the Ruthenian to 12.9 per cent of the Polish husbands.

The tendency of married males of foreign birth who had left their wives in their native lands when immigrating to this country to send for them after designated periods of residence in the United States is considered in the following table. The table shows, by race of husband and by years in the United States, the percentage of foreign-born husbands who report wife abroad.

TABLE 69.—*Per cent of foreign-born husbands who report wife abroad, by race of husband and by years husband has been in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 100 or more husbands reporting.]

Race of husband.	Number having been in United States each specified number of years who report location of wife.				Per cent having been in United States each specified number of years who report wife abroad.			
	Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Total.	Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Total.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	36	55	182	273	30.6	0.0	1.1	4.8
Canadian (other than French).....	10	18	130	158	20.0	.0	.0	1.3
Danish.....	17	27	97	141	11.8	7.4	1.0	3.6
English.....	23	14	158	195	17.4	.0	.6	2.5
German.....	132	117	1,655	1,904	22.0	3.4	.2	1.9
Greek.....	59	45	16	120	83.1	42.2	37.5	61.7
Irish.....	10	14	303	327	10.0	.0	1.3	1.5
Italian, North.....	52	61	43	156	50.0	16.4	7.0	25.0
Italian, South.....	61	71	54	186	32.8	26.8	14.8	25.3
Lithuanian.....	108	94	110	312	45.4	24.5	4.5	24.7
Magyar.....	267	122	42	431	49.1	13.1	7.1	34.8
Norwegian.....	6	21	97	124	16.7	9.5	2.1	4.0
Polish.....	772	889	1,582	3,243	40.8	9.0	1.5	12.9
Russian.....	91	36	26	153	69.2	22.2	.0	46.4
Slovak.....	97	45	34	176	53.6	28.9	11.8	39.2
Swedish.....	40	119	854	1,013	17.5	4.2	.5	1.6

Without regard to length of residence in the United States, it will be noted that the proportion of Greek husbands—61.7 per cent—reporting wife abroad is considerably in excess of the proportion shown by the Russians and largely in excess of that shown by the Slovaks or Magyars, the last named reporting 34.8 per cent. Following the Magyars are the South Italians, 25.3 per cent of whom report wife abroad. This figure, it will be noted, is only slightly in excess of the proportion of North Italians or Lithuanians, considerably in excess of the proportion of Poles, and largely in excess of the proportion shown by the husbands of any other race, the Canadians other than French reporting the smallest proportion of husbands who report wife abroad, or 1.3 per cent. As regards those husbands who have been in the United States under five years, the proportion of Greeks reporting wife abroad, 83.1 per cent, is very largely in excess

of that shown by the husbands of any other race, with the exception of the Russians, who report 69.2 per cent. Following the Russians are the Slovaks who show a slightly larger proportion of husbands reporting wife abroad than do the North Italians, the Magyars, or the Lithuanians, a considerably larger proportion than the Poles and a much larger proportion than the South Italians and Bohemians and Moravians, the last named reporting 30.6 per cent. Of the husbands belonging to other races, the proportions range from 22 per cent of the Germans to 10 per cent of the Irish. Among those with a residence of from five to nine years, the Greeks with 42.2 per cent again show the largest proportion of husbands reporting wife abroad. These are followed by the Slovaks, South Italians, Lithuanians, Russians, and North Italians, the last named reporting 16.4 per cent. No Bohemian and Moravian, Canadian other than French, English, or Irish and only small proportions of the husbands of the other races with this period of residence report wife abroad. Of those who have been in the United States ten years or over the Greeks again show the largest proportion, or 37.5 per cent. They are followed by the South Italians and Slovaks, who show a larger proportion reporting wife abroad than the Magyars and a considerably larger proportion than is shown by the husbands of any other race.

The percentage of foreign-born husbands who report wife abroad is shown in the following table according to locality and to race of husband:

TABLE 70.—*Per cent of foreign-born husbands who report wife abroad, by locality and by race of husband.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more husbands reporting in each of two or more localities. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of husband.	East.	Middle West.	Total agricultural imple-ments.
Canadian (other than French).....	0.0	2.5	1.3
English.....	3.2	2.0	2.6
German.....	1.5	2.0	1.9
Irish.....	.6	2.6	1.5
Italian, North.....	39.6	17.5	25.0
Italian, South.....	22.1	36.6	25.3
Polish.....	30.2	11.4	12.9
Slovak.....	46.7	36.6	39.2
Total.....	17.9	11.7	12.5

The above table shows that 17.9 per cent of the foreign-born husbands in the East, 11.7 per cent of those in the Middle West, and 12.5 per cent of the total number for whom information was secured report wife abroad. The Slovak husbands show 39.2 per cent who report wife abroad, the South Italian and North Italian husbands show 25.3 per cent and 25 per cent, respectively, and the Polish husbands 12.9 per cent, who report wife abroad. Of the English husbands 2.6 per cent, and of the Canadian (other than French), German, and Irish husbands less than 2 per cent report wife abroad. The English, North Italian, Polish, and Slovak husbands show a higher percentage

in the East who report wife abroad than in the Middle West. The Canadian (other than French) husbands in the Middle West show a small proportion who report wife abroad, while no husbands of this race in the East report wife abroad. The German, Irish, and South Italian husbands in the Middle West show a higher per cent reporting wives than in the East.

VISITS ABROAD.

The practice of foreign-born employees in returning to their native lands for visits of varying duration after designated periods of residence in this country is exhibited in the following table. The table shows, by sex, years in the United States, and race, visits abroad made by foreign-born employees.

TABLE 71.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 200 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

MALE.

Race.	Number in United States.				Per cent reporting 1 or more visits, by years in United States.			
	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	56	64	178	298	1.8	6.3	1.7	2.7
Danish.....	39	35	129	203	5.1	22.9	17.8	16.3
English.....	36	14	175	225	8.3	21.4	24.0	21.3
German.....	203	153	1,836	2,192	3.0	3.9	7.6	6.9
Greek.....	194	87	19	300	7.7	11.5	31.6	10.3
Irish.....	53	33	392	478	1.9	12.1	12.0	10.9
Italian, North.....	108	84	57	249	10.2	29.8	36.8	22.9
Italian, South.....	137	103	57	297	8.8	25.2	21.1	16.8
Lithuanian.....	359	195	134	688	5.3	7.7	9.0	6.7
Magyar.....	400	141	49	590	6.5	9.2	16.3	8.0
Polish.....	1,520	1,043	1,579	4,142	5.7	8.1	7.3	6.9
Russian.....	173	51	30	254	4.6	9.8	13.3	6.7
Slovak.....	173	56	30	259	9.2	21.4	23.3	13.5
Swedish.....	189	244	1,103	1,536	3.7	15.6	15.0	13.7
Total.....	4,361	2,640	6,477	13,478	6.0	12.0	13.1	10.6

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	4	1	14	22.2	(a)	(a)	14.3
English.....	2	-----	-----	2	(a)	-----	-----	(a)
German.....	31	7	21	59	16.1	14.3	4.8	11.9
Greek.....	6	-----	-----	6	16.7	-----	-----	16.7
Irish.....	2	1	2	5	(a)	(a)	(a)	.0
Italian, North.....	8	2	1	11	12.5	(a)	(a)	9.1
Italian, South.....	2	2	-----	4	(a)	(a)	-----	(a)
Lithuanian.....	39	4	2	45	2.6	(a)	(a)	2.2
Magyar.....	10	3	1	14	.0	(a)	(a)	7.1
Polish.....	339	51	22	412	5.9	11.8	4.5	6.6
Russian.....	17	1	1	19	.0	(a)	(a)	.0
Slovak.....	5	3	1	9	.0	(a)	(a)	22.2
Swedish.....	-----	-----	1	1	-----	-----	(a)	(a)
Total.....	512	86	56	654	6.3	11.6	7.1	7.0

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 71.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race—Continued.

Race.	TOTAL.				TOTAL.			
	Number in United States.				Per cent reporting 1 or more visits, by years in United States.			
	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	65	68	179	312	4.6	5.9	1.7	3.2
Danish.....	39	35	129	203	5.1	22.9	17.8	16.3
English.....	38	14	175	227	7.9	21.4	24.0	21.1
German.....	234	160	1,857	2,251	4.7	4.4	7.6	7.1
Greek.....	200	87	19	306	8.0	11.5	31.6	10.5
Irish.....	55	34	394	483	1.8	11.8	11.9	10.8
Italian, North.....	116	86	58	260	10.3	29.1	36.2	22.3
Italian, South.....	139	105	57	301	8.6	24.8	21.1	16.6
Lithuanian.....	398	199	136	733	5.0	7.5	8.8	6.4
Magyar.....	410	144	50	604	6.3	9.0	18.0	7.9
Polish.....	1,859	1,094	1,601	4,554	5.7	8.2	7.2	6.9
Russian.....	190	52	31	273	4.2	9.6	12.9	6.2
Slovak.....	178	59	31	268	9.0	22.0	25.8	13.8
Swedish.....	189	244	1,104	1,537	3.7	15.6	14.9	13.7
Total.....	4,873	2,726	6,533	14,132	6.0	12.0	13.0	10.4

Of the 14,132 foreign-born employees of this industry for whom information was obtained, only 10.4 per cent have made one or more visits to their native country since immigrating to the United States. Of those who have been in this country less than five years only 6 per cent have made one or more visits abroad as compared with 12 and 13 per cent of those who have been in the United States from five to nine years and ten years or over, respectively. The males, it will be noted, show the same proportion with a residence of under five years and from five to nine years and only a slightly larger proportion with a residence of ten years or over as having made one or more visits abroad than is shown by the total for all employees. On the other hand, the females show a slightly larger proportion of those with a residence of less than five years, a slightly smaller proportion with a residence of from five to nine years and ten years or over than is shown for all employees.

Of the males, the proportions with a residence of less than five years who have made one or more visits abroad range from 10.2 per cent for the North Italians to 1.8 per cent for the Bohemians and Moravians. The differences in proportion, however, are much more marked among the various races the representatives of which have been in the United States from five to nine years and ten years or over. In the period of from five to nine years the tendency on the part of the North Italians and South Italians to visit their native land is slightly stronger than on the part of the Danes and English, in the order named, and, with the exception of the Slovaks, it is very much stronger than on the part of any other of the more recent immigrant races. This is also true of the North Italians among those who have been in the United States ten years or over, except that in addition to the Slovaks, the Greeks show a very large proportion as having made one or more visits abroad, the proportion of Greeks being only slightly below that of the North Italians, while the South Italians, who showed the second highest proportion in the preceding group,

show a proportion in this group slightly below that shown by the Slovaks. The smallest proportion with a residence of from five to nine years, 3.9 per cent, is shown by the Germans, while the smallest proportion with a residence of ten years or over, 1.7 per cent, is shown by the Bohemians and Moravians. Among the females, no Magyars, Russians, or Slovaks, and only 5.9 per cent of the Poles, 12.5 per cent of the North Italians, 16.1 per cent of the Germans, and a slightly larger proportion of the Greeks, as compared with 22.2 per cent of the Bohemians and Moravians with a residence of less than five years, have made one or more visits abroad. As between the Germans and Poles, in each succeeding period of residence the former show a slightly larger proportion having made one or more visits abroad than the latter. The totals in the preceding table are a combination of the proportion of males and females in each period of residence group and are presented so that a comparison may be made, irrespective of sex, of the tendency of the various races toward visiting their native country.

The following table shows the percentage of foreign-born employees reporting one or more visits abroad, by locality and by race:

TABLE 72.—*Per cent of foreign-born employees reporting 1 or more visits abroad, by locality and by race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 200 or more reporting in each of two or more localities. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	East.	Middle West.	Total agricultural imple-ments.
Irish.....	9.4	12.4	10.8
Polish.....	8.7	6.6	6.9
Total.....	17.2	9.3	10.4

The preceding table shows that 17.2 per cent of the foreign-born employees in the East, 9.3 per cent of those in the Middle West, and 10.4 per cent of the employees in the total industry, concerning whom information was secured, have made one or more visits abroad. A higher percentage of the Irish in the Middle West than in the East and a higher percentage of the Poles in the East than in the Middle West report one or more visits abroad.

AGE CLASSIFICATION OF EMPLOYEES AND MEMBERS OF THEIR HOUSEHOLDS.

The age characteristics of employees and members of their households are exhibited in the two tables following, the first of which shows, by sex and general nativity and race, the percentage of persons within each age group.

TABLE 73.—Per cent of persons within each age group, by sex and by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.						
		Under 6.	6 to 13.	14 and 15.	16 to 19.	20 to 29.	30 to 44.	45 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	168	16.1	13.7	4.8	6.5	19.0	22.6	17.3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	87	35.6	13.8	1.1	2.3	31.0	14.9	1.1
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	62	21.0	4.8	1.6	3.2	24.2	30.6	14.5
German.....	109	10.1	15.6	5.5	10.1	13.8	13.8	31.2
Hebrew.....	49	24.5	28.6	.0	.0	16.3	28.6	2.0
Magyar.....	189	20.1	10.1	4.2	5.8	22.8	31.2	5.8
Polish.....	161	21.7	16.8	3.1	8.7	14.9	17.4	17.4
Swedish.....	251	13.1	12.4	4.0	8.0	15.1	23.1	24.3
Grand total.....	1,134	18.4	13.2	3.4	6.3	19.6	22.8	16.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	115	27.8	13.9	.9	2.6	31.3	16.5	7.0
Total native-born.....	283	20.8	13.8	3.2	4.9	24.0	20.1	13.1
Total foreign-born.....	851	17.6	13.0	3.5	6.8	18.1	23.7	17.2

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	173	16.8	13.9	2.3	7.5	30.6	16.8	12.1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	85	32.9	17.6	2.4	.0	32.9	12.9	1.2
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	58	17.2	24.1	1.7	5.2	19.0	27.6	5.2
German.....	106	9.4	17.9	3.8	6.6	17.0	17.9	27.4
Hebrew.....	44	25.0	20.5	.0	4.5	20.5	25.0	4.5
Magyar.....	145	29.0	11.7	2.1	8.3	29.0	15.2	4.8
Polish.....	172	25.0	21.5	6.4	6.4	16.9	12.2	11.6
Swedish.....	224	8.0	17.0	3.6	6.7	21.9	18.8	24.1
Grand total.....	1,064	19.3	16.6	3.2	6.0	24.2	17.0	13.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	117	28.2	16.2	2.6	.0	30.8	16.2	6.0
Total native-born.....	290	21.4	14.8	2.4	4.5	30.7	16.6	9.7
Total foreign-born.....	774	18.5	17.3	3.5	6.6	21.8	17.2	15.1

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White.....	341	16.4	13.8	3.5	7.0	24.9	19.6	14.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	172	34.3	15.7	1.7	1.2	32.0	14.0	1.2
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	120	19.2	14.2	1.7	4.2	21.7	29.2	10.0
German.....	215	9.8	16.7	4.7	8.4	15.3	15.8	29.3
Hebrew.....	93	24.7	24.7	.0	2.2	18.3	26.9	3.2
Magyar.....	334	24.0	10.8	3.3	6.9	25.4	24.3	5.4
Polish.....	333	23.4	19.2	4.8	7.5	15.9	14.7	14.4
Swedish.....	475	10.7	14.5	3.8	7.4	18.3	21.1	24.2
Grand total.....	2,198	18.8	14.9	3.3	6.2	21.8	20.0	14.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	232	28.0	15.1	1.7	1.3	31.0	16.4	6.5
Total native-born.....	573	21.1	14.3	2.8	4.7	27.4	18.3	11.3
Total foreign-born.....	1,625	18.0	15.1	3.5	6.7	19.9	20.6	16.2

Of the 2,198 individuals reporting complete data, 18.8 per cent are under 6 years of age, 14.9 per cent are between 6 and 13 years, 3.3 per cent between 14 and 15, 6.2 per cent between 16 and 19, 21.8 per cent between 20 and 29, 20 per cent are from 30 to 44, and 14.9 per cent are 45 years or over. The greater proportion of all three groups native-born of native father, white, native-born of foreign father, and foreign-born, are all over 20 years of age. This observation also holds good regarding the Flemish, Germans, Magyars, and Swedes, whereas the Hebrews and Poles show a slightly larger proportion who are under 20 years of age. Of 1,064 females, 19.3 per cent are under 6 years of age, 16.6 per cent between 6 and 13, 3.2 per cent between 14 and 15, 6 per cent between 16 and 19, 24.2 per cent between 20 and 29 years, 17 per cent between 30 and 44 years, and 13.6 per cent are 45 years of age or over. Substantially the same condition as to age groups prevails among the females as was noted in the general total; thus the greater proportion of all races excepting the Magyars and Poles are over 20 years of age. The table shows that out of 1,134 males 18.4 per cent are under 6 years of age, 13.2 per cent between 6 and 13, 3.4 per cent between 14 and 15, 6.3 per cent between 16 and 19, 19.6 per cent between 20 and 29, 22.8 per cent between 30 and 44, and 16.1 per cent 45 years or over. As in the case of the grand totals and the totals of the females noted in the preceding paragraphs, the major proportion of the males in all racial groups excepting the Germans and Poles are over 20 years of age.

The following table shows, by sex and general nativity and race, percentage of employees within each age group:

TABLE 74.—*Per cent of employees within each age group, by sex and by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.						
		14 to 19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 or over.
Native-born of native father:								
White.....	5,125	10.1	19.8	17.8	12.4	19.3	12.7	8.0
Negro.....	218	6.0	10.1	15.6	14.2	28.0	15.6	10.6
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:								
Austria-Hungary.....	157	35.7	27.4	17.8	11.5	5.1	2.5	.0
Canada.....	183	11.5	20.8	20.8	16.9	15.3	9.8	4.9
England.....	321	8.7	13.1	13.4	11.5	29.9	17.1	6.2
Germany.....	2,479	15.6	26.3	18.5	13.6	15.0	8.5	2.5
Ireland.....	794	7.9	11.3	13.5	14.9	26.4	21.0	4.9
Russia.....	225	31.6	35.6	19.1	8.0	5.8	.0	.0
Scotland.....	118	6.8	9.3	18.6	14.4	23.7	19.5	7.6
Sweden.....	437	27.0	29.3	19.9	11.9	10.3	1.6	.0
Foreign-born, by race:								
Bohemian and Moravian.....	363	2.5	9.6	20.7	19.3	27.0	17.6	3.3
Canadian, French.....	117	3.4	11.1	16.2	17.9	21.4	20.5	9.4
Canadian, Other.....	211	.5	10.0	14.2	11.8	28.4	25.6	9.5
Croatian.....	175	1.7	29.1	30.9	12.6	19.4	5.7	.6
Danish.....	219	3.2	13.2	21.0	10.5	24.2	18.7	9.1
Dutch.....	152	5.3	13.8	13.8	11.8	28.3	17.8	9.2
English.....	260	.8	8.1	11.5	14.2	23.1	24.2	18.1
German.....	2,448	2.4	5.7	12.9	11.2	25.9	27.1	14.8
Greek.....	316	6.3	32.6	27.8	16.5	13.6	2.5	.6

TABLE 74.—Per cent of employees within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

MALE—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.						
		14 to 19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 or over.
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.								
Irish.....	512	.6	5.3	10.2	10.5	27.7	28.3	17.4
Italian, North.....	281	8.5	27.4	18.9	16.0	20.3	8.2	.7
Italian, South.....	312	8.0	26.0	22.1	12.2	19.2	9.6	2.9
Lithuanian.....	754	1.3	22.8	31.6	19.8	20.4	4.0	.1
Magyar.....	726	6.2	20.1	24.2	17.5	24.9	6.6	.4
Norwegian.....	180	5.0	12.2	14.4	9.4	21.7	25.0	12.2
Polish.....	4,750	3.5	17.9	23.2	17.8	23.7	11.2	2.6
Russian.....	284	6.0	21.5	30.3	16.5	19.7	5.6	.4
Ruthenian.....	150	30.0	23.3	20.7	12.0	10.0	3.3	.7
Scotch.....	103	.0	10.7	12.6	17.5	16.5	21.4	21.4
Servian.....	93	10.8	34.4	25.8	10.8	15.1	3.2	.0
Slovak.....	295	10.2	25.8	17.3	13.9	25.1	7.1	.7
Slovenian.....	119	7.6	29.4	19.3	15.1	25.2	3.4	.0
Swedish.....	1,626	1.8	10.5	13.8	12.2	29.3	21.1	11.3
Grand total.....	25,560	7.5	17.7	19.0	14.1	21.8	13.7	6.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	5,061	16.3	23.1	17.5	13.1	16.8	10.3	2.9
Total native-born.....	10,404	13.0	21.2	17.6	12.8	18.3	11.6	5.6
Total foreign-born.....	15,156	3.8	15.3	20.0	15.1	24.2	15.2	6.4

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	85	41.2	35.3	15.3	4.7	3.5	0.0	0.0
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:								
Austria-Hungary.....	21	57.1	33.3	4.8	.0	4.8	.0	.0
Canada.....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
England.....	9	22.2	33.3	11.1	11.1	22.2	.0	.0
Germany.....	237	40.1	46.8	10.1	1.7	1.3	.0	.0
Ireland.....	38	26.3	36.8	23.7	5.3	5.3	2.6	.0
Russia.....	25	56.0	32.0	8.0	4.0	.0	.0	.0
Scotland.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Sweden.....	5	40.0	40.0	20.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Foreign-born, by race:								
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	27.3	68.2	4.5	.0	.0	.0	.0
Canadian (other than French).....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Croatian.....	6	100.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Dutch.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
English.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	70	31.4	30.0	21.4	12.9	4.3	.0	.0
Greek.....	7	57.1	28.6	14.3	.0	.0	.0	.0
Irish.....	8	12.5	62.5	12.5	.0	12.5	.0	.0
Italian, North.....	11	45.5	36.4	9.1	9.1	.0	.0	.0
Italian, South.....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Lithuanian.....	69	21.7	56.5	15.9	4.3	.0	.0	1.4
Magyar.....	15	33.3	40.0	26.7	.0	.0	.0	.0
Polish.....	496	42.9	43.5	8.9	3.0	1.6	.0	.0
Russian.....	23	34.8	47.8	13.0	4.3	.0	.0	.0
Ruthenian.....	16	56.3	25.0	6.3	12.5	.0	.0	.0
Servian.....	7	14.3	28.6	14.3	42.9	.0	.0	.0
Slovak.....	10	30.0	50.0	10.0	10.0	.0	.0	.0
Slovenian.....	19	31.6	36.8	31.6	.0	.0	.0	.0
Swedish.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Grand total.....	1,235	39.1	42.9	11.7	4.0	2.0	.2	.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	347	40.1	43.5	11.2	2.6	2.3	.3	.0
Total native-born.....	432	40.3	41.9	12.0	3.0	2.5	.2	.0
Total foreign-born.....	803	38.5	43.5	11.6	4.5	1.7	.1	.1

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 74.—Per cent of employees within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

		TOTAL.						
General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.						
		14 to 19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 or over.
Native-born of native father:								
White.....	5,210	10.6	20.0	17.7	12.3	19.0	12.5	7.9
Negro.....	218	6.0	10.1	15.6	14.2	28.0	15.6	10.6
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:								
Austria-Hungary.....	178	38.2	28.1	16.3	10.1	5.1	2.2	.0
Canada.....	187	11.8	21.4	20.3	17.1	15.0	9.6	4.8
England.....	330	9.1	13.6	13.3	11.5	29.7	16.6	6.1
Germany.....	2,716	17.7	28.1	17.8	12.6	13.8	7.7	2.3
Ireland.....	832	8.8	12.5	13.9	14.4	25.5	20.2	4.7
Russia.....	250	34.0	35.2	18.0	7.6	5.2	.0	.0
Scotland.....	120	7.5	9.2	19.2	14.2	23.3	19.2	7.5
Sweden.....	442	27.1	29.4	19.9	11.8	10.2	1.6	.0
Foreign-born, by race:								
Bohemian and Moravian.....	385	3.9	13.0	19.7	18.2	25.5	16.6	3.1
Canadian, French.....	117	3.4	11.1	16.2	17.9	21.4	20.5	9.4
Canadian, Other.....	215	.5	10.7	14.4	11.6	27.9	25.6	9.3
Croatian.....	181	5.0	28.2	29.8	12.2	18.8	5.5	.6
Danish.....	219	3.2	13.2	21.0	10.5	24.2	18.7	9.1
Dutch.....	155	5.8	14.8	13.5	11.6	27.7	17.4	9.0
English.....	262	.8	8.8	11.5	14.1	22.9	24.0	17.9
German.....	2,518	3.2	6.4	13.1	11.2	25.3	26.4	14.4
Greek.....	323	8.0	32.5	27.6	16.1	13.3	2.5	.6
Irish.....	520	.8	6.2	10.2	10.4	27.5	27.9	17.1
Italian, North.....	292	9.9	27.7	18.5	15.8	19.5	7.9	.7
Italian, South.....	316	8.5	26.3	21.8	12.0	19.0	9.5	2.8
Lithuanian.....	823	3.0	25.6	30.3	18.5	18.7	3.6	.2
Magyar.....	741	6.7	20.5	24.3	17.1	24.4	6.5	.4
Norwegian.....	180	5.0	12.2	14.4	9.4	21.7	25.0	12.2
Polish.....	5,246	7.3	20.3	21.8	16.4	21.7	10.2	2.4
Russian.....	307	8.1	23.5	29.0	15.6	18.2	5.2	.3
Ruthenian.....	166	32.5	23.5	19.3	12.0	9.0	3.0	.6
Scotch.....	103	.0	10.7	12.6	17.5	16.5	21.4	21.4
Servian.....	100	11.0	34.0	25.0	13.0	14.0	3.0	.0
Slovak.....	305	10.8	26.6	17.0	13.8	24.3	6.9	.7
Slovenian.....	138	10.9	30.4	21.0	13.0	21.7	2.9	.0
Swedish.....	1,628	1.9	10.5	13.8	12.2	29.3	21.1	11.2
Grand total.....	26,795	9.0	18.9	18.7	13.7	20.9	13.1	5.8
Total native-born of foreign father.....	5,408	17.8	24.4	17.1	12.5	15.8	9.6	2.7
Total native-born.....	10,836	14.1	22.0	17.4	12.4	17.6	11.1	5.4
Total foreign-born.....	15,959	5.5	16.7	19.6	14.5	23.1	14.4	6.1

Of 26,795 persons employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements and vehicles, a difference of less than 5 per cent is shown between the proportions who are from 20 to 24, 25 to 29, or 35 to 44 years of age. Almost the same proportion are from 30 to 44 or 45 to 54 years of age and less than 10 per cent are either from 14 to 19 years of age or 55 years of age or over. Of the different nativity groups the native-born of foreign father show the largest and the foreign-born the smallest proportion who are from 14 to 19 years of age; the native-born of foreign father again show the largest proportion, while the native negroes born of native father show the smallest who are from 20 to 24 years of age. A difference of less than 5 per cent is shown between the proportions of each nativity group who are from 25 to 29 or 30 to 34 years of age, while the native negroes born of native father show the largest and the native-born of foreign father the smallest proportion who are from 35 to 44, 45 to 54, or 55 years of age or over.

The most noticeable feature in connection with the several foreign-born races is the large proportion of English, German, Irish, Norwegian, Scotch, and Swedish employees who are 55 years of age or over and the large proportion of Ruthenians who are under 20 years of age.

A larger proportion of the total number of the females than of the total number of males are from 14 to 19 or 20 to 24 years of age, while the males show a larger proportion than the females within each other specified age group. This statement applies also to each nativity group except the native negroes born of native father, which is composed entirely of males. A comparison between the males and females of each race shows that the proportion of males within each specified age group, beginning with the one including those who are from 35 to 44 years of age, is decidedly larger than the proportion of females. It is noticeable that all of the Croatian female employees are under 20 years of age.

CHAPTER VII.

GENERAL PROGRESS AND ASSIMILATION.

Ownership of homes—Status of children in the households studied—Citizenship—Ability to speak English—[Text Tables 75 to 87 and General Tables 47 to 53].

OWNERSHIP OF HOMES.

The accumulation of property located in this country is not only an indication of thrift on the part of the owner, but, where the owner is a person of foreign birth, it also exhibits a tendency toward permanent settlement in the United States. In this connection the following table, showing the number and percentage of families owning home, is submitted.

TABLE 75.—*Number and per cent of families owning home, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Total number of families.	Owning home.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	34	39.1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:			
German.....	19	10	(a)
Polish.....	40	21	52.5
Foreign-born:			
Flemish.....	30	10	33.
German.....	49	33	67.3
Hebrew.....	21	.....	.0
Lithuanian.....	16	3	(a)
Magyar.....	76	30	39.5
Polish.....	60	40	66.7
Swedish.....	116	56	48.3
Grand total.....	514	237	46.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	59	31	52.5
Total native-born.....	146	65	44.5
Total foreign-born.....	368	172	46.7

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of a total of 514 families, 237, or 46.1 per cent, are reported as owning their own homes. By far the greater proportion of families reported are of foreign birth. The foreign-born show a greater proportion owning homes than do the native whites born of native father, but the native-born of foreign father report over 50 per cent of families owning homes, which is a greater figure than is shown for either of the other groups. Among the foreign-born the Germans, with 67.3 per cent owning their own homes, are in the lead, but are closely followed by the Poles, who have 66.7 per cent. None of the other races report a figure as high as 50 per cent.

STATUS OF CHILDREN IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The table next submitted is instructive as indicating the tendency on the part of children in the families studied to attend school or to begin work when the working age is reached. The table shows, by general nativity and race of individual, the percentage of children 6 and under 16 years of age at home, at school, and at work.

TABLE 76.—*Per cent of children 6 and under 16 years of age at home, at school, and at work, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more children reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—		
		At home.	At school.	At work.
Native-born of native father, White.....	99	11.1	81.8	7.1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:				
German.....	41	.0	95.1	4.9
Polish.....	67	34.3	58.2	7.5
Swedish.....	79	10.1	87.3	2.5
Foreign-born:				
Hebrew.....	23	4.3	95.7	.0
Magyar.....	28	28.6	60.7	10.7
Grand total.....	400	16.5	78.5	5.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	213	16.9	78.9	4.2
Total native-born.....	312	15.1	79.8	5.1
Total foreign-born.....	88	21.6	73.9	4.5

Out of 400 children for whom data was secured, 16.5 per cent are at home, 78.5 per cent at school, and 5 per cent at work. No striking differences appear between the foreign-born and the native-born groups. Of the Hebrew children, over 95 per cent are at school, over 4 per cent at home, and none at work, while with the Magyars, the only other foreign race reported, 10 per cent are at work, over 60 per cent at school, and about 29 per cent at home.

CITIZENSHIP.

The extent to which foreign-born male employees and the male members of their households have acquired or manifested an interest in attaining citizenship is indicated in the following series of tables. The first table submitted shows, by race, the present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States five years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of arrival in this country.

TABLE 77.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number—		Per cent—	
		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.	Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.
Albanian.....	1	.....	1	(a)	(a)
Armenian.....	15	8	4	(a)	(a)
Bohemian and Moravian.....	122	76	19	62.3	15.6
Bulgarian.....	1	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Canadian, French.....	22	13	1	(a)	(a)
Canadian, Other.....	76	38	15	50.0	19.7
Croatian.....	44	9	5	20.5	11.4
Danish.....	81	49	22	60.5	27.2
Dutch.....	60	32	16	53.3	26.7
English.....	76	54	11	71.1	14.5
Finnish.....	6	1	5	(a)	(a)
Flemish.....	9	2	5	(a)	(a)
French.....	10	7	2	(a)	(a)
German.....	982	731	187	74.4	19.0
Greek.....	61	7	17	11.5	27.9
Hebrew, Russian.....	14	1	13	(a)	(a)
Hebrew, Other.....	9	4	5	(a)	(a)
Irish.....	156	107	28	68.6	17.9
Italian, North.....	82	22	16	26.8	19.5
Italian, South.....	106	30	31	28.3	29.2
Lithuanian.....	189	40	30	21.2	15.9
Magyar.....	149	22	105	14.8	70.5
Norwegian.....	70	44	22	62.9	31.4
Polish.....	1,634	506	400	31.0	24.5
Roumanian.....	4	.....	2	(a)	(a)
Russian.....	46	2	15	4.3	32.6
Ruthenian.....	13	1	1	(a)	(a)
Scotch.....	38	27	6	(a)	(a)
Servian.....	4	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Slovak.....	60	7	16	11.7	26.7
Slovenian.....	25	3	10	(a)	(a)
Swedish.....	693	539	117	77.8	16.9
Syrian.....	1	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Turkish.....	1	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Welsh.....	9	6	2	(a)	(a)
Austrian (race not specified).....	21	8	8	(a)	(a)
Belgian (race not specified).....	100	34	46	34.0	46.0
Swiss (race not specified).....	4	2	2	(a)	(a)
Total.....	4,994	2,434	1,185	48.7	23.7

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

As showing the interest in American citizenship manifested by the 4,994 foreign-born male employees of this industry, it will be seen from the above table that 48.7 per cent have become fully naturalized and an additional 23.7 per cent have secured first papers. It is apparent in the above table that the older immigrants, including the Belgians and the Bohemians and Moravians, have manifested much greater interest than have the more recent immigrants in American citizenship. Of the older immigrants who have become fully naturalized, the Swedes show the largest proportion, or 77.8 per cent. Closely following the Swedes are the Germans, who show a slightly larger proportion than the English or Irish, a considerably larger proportion than the Norwegians, Bohemians and Moravians, and Danes, and a much larger proportion than the Dutch or Canadians other than French, the last named reporting 50 per cent as fully

naturalized. Of the more recent immigrants fully naturalized, the Poles show the largest proportion, or 31 per cent, and the Greeks the smallest proportion, or 11.5 per cent. With the exception of the Magyars, who report a very large proportion, and the Belgians, who report a considerably larger proportion than is shown by any other race, the proportions of the various races having first papers only range from 32.6 per cent of the Russians to 11.4 per cent of the Croatians.

The table next presented shows, by race of individual, the present political condition of foreign-born males in the households studied who have been in the United States five years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at the time of arrival.

TABLE 78.—*Present political condition of foreign-born males who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number—		Per cent—	
		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.	Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.
Flemish.....	11	2	7	(a)	(a)
German.....	27	25	.....	92.6	.0
Hebrew.....	12	2	10	(a)	(a)
Lithuanian.....	10	2	2	(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	41	10	28	24.4	68.3
Polish.....	41	41	.....	100.0	.0
Swedish.....	66	55	7	83.3	10.6
Total.....	208	137	54	65.9	26.0

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

In this table complete data are reported for 208 foreign-born males, of whom 65.9 per cent are fully naturalized and 26 per cent have first papers only. All of the Poles and over 90 per cent of the Germans are fully naturalized, while 83.3 per cent of the Swedes are fully naturalized and 10.6 per cent have their first papers. With the Magyars about 25 per cent are fully naturalized and over 68 per cent have their first papers.

The extent to which foreign-born employees acquire or manifest an interest in attaining citizenship after designated periods of residence in this country is indicated in the two following tables, the first of which shows, by years in the United States and race, the present political condition of foreign-born male employees who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming to the United States.

TABLE 79.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming to the United States, by years in the United States and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 100 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	In United States 5 to 9 years.			In United States 10 years or over.			In United States 5 years or over.		
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—	
		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	45	15.6	33.3	77	89.6	5.2	122	62.3	15.6
German.....	123	11.4	60.2	859	83.5	13.2	982	74.4	19.0
Irish.....	25	4.0	52.0	131	80.9	11.5	156	68.6	17.9
Italian, South.....	65	10.8	32.3	41	56.1	24.4	106	28.3	29.2
Lithuanian.....	126	4.8	17.5	63	54.0	12.7	189	21.2	15.9
Magyar.....	119	9.2	74.8	30	36.7	53.3	149	14.8	70.5
Polish.....	745	3.9	22.4	889	53.7	26.3	1,634	31.0	24.5
Swedish.....	141	18.4	67.4	552	92.9	4.0	693	77.8	16.9
Total.....	1,845	7.6	36.6	3,149	72.8	16.2	4,994	48.7	23.7

Upon information obtained for 4,994 foreign-born male employees of this industry who have been in the United States five years or over, it will be noted that 48.7 per cent are fully naturalized and an additional 23.7 per cent have, by obtaining first papers, declared their intention of becoming American citizens. Among those who have become fully naturalized the Swedes, with 77.8 per cent, show a slightly larger proportion than do the Germans or Irish and a considerably larger proportion than the Bohemians and Moravians, who report 62.3 per cent. The next largest proportion, or 31 per cent, fully naturalized is shown by the Poles. This is slightly in excess of the proportion shown by the South Italians, a considerably larger proportion than is shown by the Lithuanians and a much larger proportion than is shown by the Magyars, who report but 14.8 per cent fully naturalized. Although the Magyars report only a small proportion fully naturalized they report a very large proportion, or 70.5 per cent, as having obtained first papers only. Thus it will be seen that the representatives of this race have manifested very nearly as much interest in acquiring citizenship as have the older immigrant races. The next largest proportion of immigrants who have secured first papers only is shown by the South Italians, who report 29.2 per cent, while the smallest proportion, or 15.6 per cent, with first papers only is shown by the Bohemian and Moravian groups. Among those who have been in the United States from five to nine years, the proportions for those races fully naturalized range from 18.4 per cent of the Swedes to 3.9 per cent of the Poles, while the proportions having first papers only range from 74.8 per cent of the Magyars to 17.5 per cent of the Lithuanians, the proportion of Magyars being slightly in excess of the proportion shown by the Swedes, considerably in excess of that shown by the Germans and largely in excess of that shown by any other race. As regards those

who have been in the United States ten years or over, the Swedes, with 92.9 per cent, show a slightly larger proportion fully naturalized than do the Bohemians and Moravians, a considerably larger proportion than do the Germans or Irish, and a much larger proportion than is shown by any other race, the Magyars reporting the lowest proportion, or 36.7 per cent. Of those having first papers only, however, the Magyars, with 53.3 per cent, show a much larger proportion than is shown by any other race. Following the Magyars are the Poles, who, with 26.3 per cent, show a slightly larger proportion as having obtained first papers only than do the South Italians, a considerably larger proportion than do the Germans, Lithuanians, or Irish, and a much larger proportion than do the Bohemians and Moravians or Swedes.

The following table shows, by locality and by race, the present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States each specified number of years and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming:

TABLE 80.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States each specified number of years and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by locality and by race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 100 or more males reporting in each of two or more localities. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.] *

IN UNITED STATES 5 TO 9 YEARS.

Race.	Per cent fully naturalized in specified locality.			Per cent having first papers only in each specified locality.		
	East.	Middle West.	Total agricultural implements.	East.	Middle West.	Total agricultural implements.
Polish.....	0.0	4.4	3.9	21.3	22.6	22.4
Total.....	6.1	7.9	7.6	23.0	38.7	36.6

IN UNITED STATES 10 YEARS OR OVER.

Polish.....	38.7	54.2	53.7	16.1	26.6	26.3
Total.....	70.7	73.1	72.8	10.6	16.8	16.2

IN UNITED STATES 5 YEARS OR OVER.

Polish.....	10.0	32.6	31.0	20.0	24.8	24.5
Total.....	43.3	49.4	48.7	15.8	24.8	23.7

Considering those who have been in the United States from five to nine years, it will be noted that only 7.6 per cent are fully naturalized and that an additional 36.6 per cent have obtained first papers only. As between the East and Middle West, the proportion fully naturalized in the latter is slightly in excess of that shown in the former, while the proportion having first papers only in the Middle West is considerably in excess of the proportion shown in the East. Of the foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States

ten years or over, 72.8 per cent are fully naturalized and an additional 16.2 per cent have obtained first papers only. Here, as in the preceding period of residence, the proportions fully naturalized and having first papers only in the Middle West are slightly in excess of the proportions shown in the East. As regards those who have been in the United States five years or over, 48.7 per cent are fully naturalized and 23.7 per cent have secured first papers only—the Middle West showing a slightly larger proportion fully naturalized and having first papers only than the East.

ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH.

The extent to which foreign-born employees of non-English-speaking races and members of their households are able to speak English is set forth in the following series of tables. The table first presented shows, by sex and race of individual, the percentage of persons 6 years of age or over in the households studied who speak English.

TABLE 81.—Per cent of persons 6 years of age or over who speak English, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English speaking races with 40 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all non-English-speaking races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who speak English.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
German.....	64	70	134	100.0	100.0	100.0
Polish.....	90	98	188	94.4	91.8	93.1
Swedish.....	69	89	158	100.0	100.0	100.0
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	46	38	84	69.6	52.6	61.9
German.....	54	51	105	96.3	86.3	91.4
Hebrew.....	37	33	70	91.9	51.5	72.9
Magyar.....	140	92	232	35.0	17.4	28.0
Polish.....	77	72	149	64.9	27.8	47.0
Swedish.....	145	110	255	93.1	89.1	91.4
Grand total.....	759	690	1,449	78.4	70.6	74.7
Total native-born of foreign father.....	238	277	515	97.9	96.0	96.9
Total foreign-born.....	521	413	934	69.5	53.5	62.4

Of 1,449 persons, 759 are males and 690 females. Of these total numbers, 78.4 per cent of the males speak English and 70.6 per cent of the females do likewise, making a total average of 74.7 per cent speaking English. Throughout the various races a slightly greater proportion of males is able to speak English than is the case with the females. The Germans and the Swedes seem to possess the greatest ability to speak English, over 90 per cent being reported for each race. The Hebrews, with over 70 per cent, follow next, then come the Flemish and Poles, while the last place is held by the Magyars, who show only 28 per cent who are able to speak English.

The table next presented shows, by sex and general nativity and race, the percentage of foreign-born employees who speak English.

TABLE 82.—Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English by sex and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English speaking races with 80 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who speak English.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	356	22	378	70.2	45.5	68.8
Canadian, French.....	117	.....	117	100.0	.....	100.0
Croatian.....	162	6	168	63.0	50.0	62.5
Danish.....	219	.....	219	97.7	.....	97.7
Dutch.....	150	3	153	83.3	(a)	83.7
German.....	2,431	69	2,500	90.2	50.7	89.1
Greek.....	311	7	318	56.9	.0	55.7
Italian, North.....	280	11	291	62.9	18.2	61.2
Italian, South.....	312	4	316	58.3	(a)	58.2
Lithuanian.....	739	67	806	54.1	28.4	52.0
Magyar.....	721	15	736	42.2	20.0	41.7
Norwegian.....	179	.....	179	96.6	.....	96.6
Polish.....	4,662	496	5,158	51.7	13.5	48.0
Russian.....	278	22	300	39.2	18.2	37.7
Ruthenian.....	149	16	165	20.8	18.8	20.6
Servian.....	93	7	100	19.4	.0	18.0
Slovak.....	287	10	297	34.1	20.0	33.7
Slovenian.....	118	19	137	68.6	10.5	60.6
Swedish.....	1,610	2	1,612	96.0	(a)	96.0
Total.....	13,842	785	14,627	66.7	20.4	64.2

(a) Not computed, owing to small number involved.

From information obtained for 14,627 foreign-born employees of this industry it will be noted that the largest proportion, or 64.2 per cent, are able to speak English, the males reporting 66.7 per cent and the females 20.4 per cent. Without regard to sex, it will be seen that the French Canadians alone report 100 per cent with ability to speak English. The next largest proportion with this ability is shown by the Danes, who report a slightly larger proportion than do the Norwegians or Swedes and a considerably larger proportion than the Germans or Dutch, the last named reporting 83.7 per cent. Following the Dutch are the Bohemians and Moravians, with 68.8 per cent, a proportion considerably above that shown by the Croats, North Italians, or Slovenians and largely in excess of the proportion shown by the South Italians, Greeks, or Lithuanians, the last named reporting 52 per cent with ability to speak English. Following the Lithuanians are the Poles, who report 48 per cent with ability to speak English, a proportion considerably in excess of that shown by the Magyars, largely in excess of that shown by the Russians or Slovaks, and very largely in excess of that shown by the Ruthenians or Servians, the last named reporting but 18 per cent. Only in the case of the Slovenians does the proportion of males of any race with ability to speak English vary to any considerable extent from the proportions shown in the total for all employees. Among the females the Germans, with 50.7 per cent, report a slightly larger proportion with ability to speak English than do the Croats or Bohemians and Moravians. While very much smaller than the proportion of Bohemians and Moravians,

the proportion of Lithuanians, 28.4 per cent, with ability to speak English is considerably in excess of that shown by the Magyars or Slovaks, largely in excess of that shown by the Ruthenians, North Italians, or Russians, and very largely in excess of that shown by the Poles or Slovenians, the last named reporting but 10.5 per cent. The Greeks and Servians alone report no proportion of females with ability to speak English.

In the following table the percentage of foreign-born employees of non-English speaking races who speak English is shown by locality, by sex, and by race:

TABLE 83.—Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by locality, by sex, and by race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 80 or more persons reporting in each of two or more localities. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Male.			Female.			Total.		
	East	Middle West.	Total agricultural implements.	East.	Middle West.	Total agricultural implements.	East.	Middle West.	Total agricultural implements.
German.....	95.2	89.7	90.2	(a)	50.0	50.7	95.2	88.6	89.1
Italian, North.....	65.1	61.5	62.9	0.0	(a)	18.2	60.0	61.9	61.2
Polish.....	45.3	52.4	51.7	7.3	15.9	13.5	36.7	49.5	48.0
Slovak.....	43.9	30.2	34.1	(a)	11.1	20.0	44.6	29.4	33.7
Total.....	59.5	67.6	66.7	9.9	23.5	20.4	54.4	65.5	64.2

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The preceding table shows that 65 per cent of the foreign-born employees in the Middle West can speak English, as contrasted with 54.4 per cent of those in the East who have this ability. The Germans and Slovaks in the East show a considerably higher percentage than the employees who are of these races in the Middle West who can speak English. The North Italians and the Poles in the Middle West show a higher percentage than those in the East who can speak English. A higher percentage of the Polish males in the Middle West than in the East can speak English, while each of the other specified races report a higher percentage of the males in the East than in the Middle West who can speak English. In the Middle West a higher percentage of Polish females can speak English than in the East.

The two tables next submitted make possible a comparison of the relative proportion of the younger and older immigrants able to speak English. The first table shows, by age at time of coming to the United States, by sex and race, the percentage of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over in the households studied who speak English.

TABLE 84.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over who speak English, by age at time of coming to the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by age at time of coming to United States.	
		Under 14.	14 or over.
Flemish.....	84	93.3	55.1
German.....	105	100.0	88.8
Hebrew.....	70	100.0	59.6
Magyar.....	232	85.4	15.7
Polish.....	149	77.3	34.3
Swedish.....	255	100.0	89.5
Total.....	934	91.2	54.9

Of 934 persons for whom complete data was secured, 91.2 per cent of those who came to the United States before they were 14 years of age are able to speak English, while of those who were 14 years of age or over only 54.9 per cent are so qualified. All of the Germans, Hebrews, and Swedes who came here under 14 years of age are able to speak English. The Flemish show slightly over 93 per cent, the Magyars over 85 per cent, and the Poles 77.3 per cent who came to the United States before reaching the age of 14 years who are able to speak English. Almost 90 per cent of Swedes and Germans who were 14 years of age or over when they came to this country are efficient in the language, but of Hebrews and Flemish who came here at a like age less than 60 per cent are competent to speak English. With the Poles the proportion is slightly over 34 per cent and with the Magyars the figure is 15.7 per cent who are able to speak English.

The following table shows, by years in the United States and race of individual, the percentage of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over in the households studied who speak English:

TABLE 85.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over who speak English, by years in the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by years in United States.		
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.
Flemish.....	84	53.4	72.7	86.7
German.....	105	54.5	72.7	98.8
Hebrew.....	70	71.7	75.0	(a)
Magyar.....	232	15.9	38.4	59.3
Polish.....	149	3.6	36.0	62.5
Swedish.....	255	72.7	95.8	92.4
Total.....	934	36.6	58.8	84.3

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Complete data were secured for 934 individuals, of which number 36.6 per cent of those who have lived in the United States under five years speak English, of those having lived here from five to nine years 58.8 per cent speak English, while 84.3 per cent speak English who have been here ten years or over. The Swedes and Hebrews display the greatest proficiency in acquiring a knowledge of the English language. Each race showing over 70 per cent of those having lived here under five years who are able to speak English. By contrast the Poles show less than 4 per cent in this class. Of those who have been here between five and nine years, the Swedes show the greatest ability to speak English, over 95 per cent of them being thus qualified. The Hebrews, Germans, and Flemish are next, each showing over 70 per cent who speak English, while the Magyars and Poles, with a residence of from five to nine years, each show less than 40 per cent who can do so. Of those who have been here ten years or over, the Germans and Swedes show by far the greatest proportion able to speak English, and the Magyars the smallest.

The progress shown by non-English-speaking employees and members of their households in acquiring an ability to speak English after stated periods of residence in this country is exhibited by the two following tables. The first table shows, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race, the percentage of foreign-born employees who speak English:

TABLE 86.—Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 200 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by age at time of coming to United States.		
		Under 14.	14 or over.	Total.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	356	100.0	61.7	70.2
Danish.....	219	100.0	97.4	97.7
German.....	2,431	99.9	86.0	90.2
Greek.....	311	(a)	56.5	56.9
Italian, North.....	280	100.0	60.0	62.9
Italian, South.....	312	92.3	56.9	58.3
Lithuanian.....	739	100.0	53.8	54.1
Magyar.....	721	96.0	40.2	42.2
Polish.....	4,662	97.7	47.0	51.7
Russian.....	278	(a)	38.5	39.2
Slovak.....	287	(a)	33.6	34.1
Swedish.....	1,610	100.0	95.3	96.0
Total.....	13,842	99.0	62.1	66.7

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	(a)	33.3	45.5
German.....	69	100.0	19.0	50.7
Greek.....	7		.0	.0
Italian, North.....	11	(a)	11.1	18.2
Italian, South.....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)
Lithuanian.....	67	100.0	20.0	28.4
Magyar.....	15	(a)	14.3	20.0
Polish.....	496	88.6	6.2	13.5
Russian.....	22	(a)	14.3	18.2
Slovak.....	10		20.0	20.0
Swedish.....	2	(a)		(a)
Total.....	785	92.6	10.6	20.4

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 86.—Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race—Continued.

TOTAL.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by age at time of coming to United States.		
		Under 14.	14 or over.	Total.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	378	100.0	60.0	68.8
Danish.....	219	100.0	97.4	97.7
German.....	2,500	99.9	84.4	89.1
Greek.....	318	(a)	55.2	55.7
Italian, North.....	291	95.5	58.4	61.2
Italian, South.....	316	92.9	56.6	58.2
Lithuanian.....	806	100.0	51.2	52.0
Magyar.....	736	96.2	39.7	41.7
Polish.....	5,158	96.8	43.1	48.0
Russian.....	300	(a)	36.8	37.7
Slovak.....	297	(a)	33.1	33.7
Swedish.....	1,612	100.0	95.3	96.0
Total.....	14,627	98.7	59.3	64.2

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Information was obtained in this industry for 14,627 foreign-born employees. Of that number 64.2 per cent speak English. Of those who were under 14 years of age at the time of their arrival in the United States 98.7 per cent now speak English, as compared with 59.3 per cent of those who were 14 years of age or over at the time of coming to this country, the males reporting 99 per cent of those who were under 14 and 62.1 per cent of those who were 14 years of age or over at time of coming to this country and who now speak English, while the females report 92.6 per cent of those who were under 14 and only 10.6 per cent of those who were 14 years of age or over at time of coming to the United States and who now speak English. Among the males it will be noted that all Bohemians and Moravians, Danes, North Italians, Lithuanians, and Swedes who were under 14 years of age at time of coming now speak English, while the Germans, Poles, Magyars, and South Italians with this ability show proportions ranging from 99.9 of the Germans to 92.3 per cent of the South Italians. Of those who were 14 years of age or over at time of arrival and who now speak English the Danes, with 97.4 per cent, show the largest proportion, while the Slovaks, with 33.6 per cent, show the smallest proportion. Closely following the Danes are the Swedes, who report 95.3 per cent, a proportion considerably in excess of that shown by the Germans and largely in excess of the proportion shown by any other race. The greatest difference in favor of those under 14 over those 14 years of age or over at time of coming is shown by the Magyars, who report a difference of 55.8 per cent, while the smallest difference in favor of those under 14 years of age is shown by the Danes, who report 2.6 per cent. Among the females it will be noted that of those who were under 14 years of age at time of coming and who now speak English the Germans and Lithuanians each report 100 per cent, as compared with 88.6 per cent of the Poles, while those who were 14

years of age or over at time of coming and who now speak English the Bohemians and Moravians, with 33.3 per cent, show a much larger proportion than do either the Lithuanians, Slovaks, or Germans, and a very much larger proportion than do the Magyars, Russians, North Italians, or Poles, the last named reporting but 6.2 per cent. The difference in favor of those under 14 over those 14 years of age or over at time of coming to this country among the females is shown by the Poles, who report 82.4 per cent. The totals shown in the above table are but a combination of the proportions shown for the males and females, and while the proportions shown in the total vary in some instances slightly from those shown for the males who were either under 14 or 14 years of age or over at time of coming to the United States, the relative position of the various races remains identically the same as if the males alone were considered.

The following table shows, by years in the United States and race, the percentage of foreign-born employees who speak English:

TABLE 87.—Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by sex, years in the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 200 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by years in United States.			
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Total.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	356	29.0	64.9	85.4	70.2
Danish.....	219	93.3	95.1	100.0	97.7
German.....	2,431	41.9	79.4	96.5	90.2
Greek.....	311	43.7	80.2	81.0	56.9
Italian, North.....	280	43.7	70.1	87.5	62.9
Italian, South.....	312	42.3	64.5	85.0	58.3
Lithuanian.....	739	34.7	65.7	87.2	54.1
Magyar.....	721	31.1	61.8	75.0	42.2
Polish.....	4,662	21.2	44.9	84.7	51.7
Russian.....	278	26.0	61.1	81.3	39.2
Slovak.....	287	24.1	41.1	77.8	34.1
Swedish.....	1,610	76.1	98.1	99.0	96.0
Total.....	13,842	34.4	63.7	92.4	66.7

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	30.8	50.0	(a)	45.5
German.....	69	14.7	42.9	96.4	50.7
Greek.....	7	.0			.0
Italian, North.....	11	.0	(a)	(a)	18.2
Italian, South.....	4	(a)	(a)		(a)
Lithuanian.....	67	18.9	50.0	83.3	28.4
Magyar.....	15	9.1	(a)	(a)	20.0
Polish.....	496	4.5	27.9	88.9	13.5
Russian.....	22	11.1	(a)	(a)	18.2
Slovak.....	10	.0	(a)	(a)	20.0
Swedish.....	2			(a)	(a)
Total.....	785	8.0	35.9	91.5	20.4

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 87.—Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by sex, years in the United States, and race—Continued.

TOTAL.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by years in United States.			
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Total.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	378	29.3	63.8	85.6	68.8
Danish.....	219	93.3	95.1	100.0	97.7
German.....	2,500	38.4	78.0	96.5	89.1
Greek.....	318	42.2	80.2	81.0	55.7
Italian, North.....	291	40.9	69.7	87.7	61.2
Italian, South.....	316	41.7	65.2	85.0	58.2
Lithuanian.....	806	32.7	65.2	87.0	52.0
Magyar.....	736	30.7	61.4	75.4	41.7
Polish.....	5,158	18.0	44.1	84.8	48.0
Russian.....	300	24.8	59.6	81.8	37.7
Slovak.....	297	23.4	40.7	78.4	33.7
Swedish.....	1,612	76.1	98.1	99.0	96.0
Total.....	14,627	31.5	62.7	92.4	64.2

Of 14,627 foreign-born employees shown in the above table 31.5 per cent of those who have been in the United States under five years can speak English, 62.7 per cent of those with a residence of from five to nine years and 92.4 per cent of those who have been in this country ten years or over can speak English. Of the total number reporting, irrespective of length of residence, 64.2 per cent can speak English. The Danish employees show the largest proportion—93.3 per cent—of those who have been in the United States under five years and who can speak English. The Swedes report 76.1 per cent, while none of the other specified races show over 42.2 per cent who can speak English; only 18 per cent of the Poles have this ability. Of the employees who have been in the United States from five to nine years the Swedes show 98.1 per cent, the Danes 95.1 per cent, and the Greeks 80.2 per cent, while no employees who are of other specified races show over 80 per cent who can speak English, the Slovaks showing the smallest proportion, which is 40.7 per cent.

Of the employees who have been in the United States ten years or over the Danes show 100 per cent, the Swedes and Germans over 95 per cent, the Bohemians and Moravians, Greeks, North Italians, South Italians, Lithuanians, Poles, and Russians over 80 per cent, while the Slovaks and Magyars show over 75 per cent who can speak English. In the total, irrespective of length of residence, the Danes show the highest percentage and the Slovaks the lowest percentage who can speak English. In each period of residence and in the total a higher per cent of the male employees than of the female employees can speak English.

PART II.—THE AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND
VEHICLE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY
IN THE MIDDLE WEST.

PART II.—GENERAL SURVEY OF THE AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND VEHICLE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY IN THE MIDDLE WEST.

CHAPTER I.

INTRODUCTION.

Explanation of study—Employees for whom information was secured—[Text Table 88 and General Table 54].

EXPLANATION OF STUDY.

The present section is a general statistical survey of the operating forces in the agricultural implement and vehicle manufacturing establishments of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Wisconsin. To this discussion of the salient facts in connection with the employees of the industry has been an intensive study of a representative agricultural implement manufacturing community of the Middle West. Households the heads of which were employed in the industry were also investigated in other localities, and the results secured are shown in the tabulations for the industry as a whole, without regard for geographical distinctions.

EMPLOYEES FOR WHOM INFORMATION WAS SECURED.

A total of 21,903 employees are embraced in the tabulations for the general survey of the industry in the Middle Western States. The following table shows, by sex, the number and per cent of employees of each race for whom information was secured:

TABLE 88.—*Employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:						
White.....	3,702	58	3,760	17.7	5.9	17.2
Negro.....	207	.....	207	1.0	.0	.9
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Austria-Hungary.....	136	20	156	.7	2.0	.7
Belgium.....	26	1	27	.1	.1	.1
Canada.....	68	2	70	.3	.2	.3
Denmark.....	40	.....	40	.2	.0	.2
England.....	174	4	178	.8	.4	.8
France.....	33	1	34	.2	.1	.2
Germany.....	2,241	232	2,473	10.7	23.5	11.3
Greece.....	2	.....	2	(a)	.0	(a)
Ireland.....	365	22	387	1.7	2.2	1.8
Italy.....	7	1	8	(a)	.1	(a)

° Less than 0.05 per cent.

TABLE 88.—*Employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex—Continued.*

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father—Continued.						
Netherlands.....	43	.....	43	0.2	0.0	0.2
Norway.....	69	2	71	.3	.2	.3
Russia.....	220	23	243	1.1	2.3	1.1
Scotland.....	85	1	86	.4	.1	.4
Spain.....	3	.....	3	(a)	.0	(a)
Sweden.....	425	5	430	2.0	.5	2.0
Switzerland.....	33	.....	33	.2	.0	.2
Wales.....	31	.....	31	.1	.0	.1
Foreign-born, by race:						
Albanian.....	2	.....	2	(a)	.0	(a)
Armenian.....	39	.....	39	.2	.0	.2
Bohemian and Moravian.....	354	22	376	1.7	2.2	1.7
Bosnian.....	2	.....	2	(a)	.0	(a)
Bulgarian.....	2	.....	2	(a)	.0	(a)
Canadian, French.....	13	.....	13	.1	.0	.1
Canadian, Other.....	111	3	114	.5	.3	.5
Croatian.....	175	6	181	.8	.6	.8
Danish.....	215	.....	215	1.0	.0	1.0
Dutch.....	149	3	152	.7	.3	.7
English.....	129	.....	129	.6	.0	.6
Finnish.....	15	.....	15	.1	.0	.1
Flemish.....	27	.....	27	.1	.0	.1
French.....	34	.....	34	.2	.0	.2
German.....	2,258	69	2,327	10.8	7.0	10.6
Greek.....	268	.....	268	1.3	.0	1.2
Hebrew, Russian.....	54	3	57	.3	.3	.3
Hebrew, Other.....	18	.....	18	.1	.0	.1
Irish.....	233	5	238	1.1	.5	1.1
Italian, North.....	175	2	177	.8	.2	.8
Italian, South.....	65	.....	65	.3	.0	.3
Lithuanian.....	735	69	804	3.5	7.0	3.7
Macedonian.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Magyar.....	715	15	730	3.4	1.5	3.3
Montenegrin.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Norwegian.....	179	.....	179	.9	.0	.8
Persian.....	6	.....	6	(a)	.0	(a)
Polish.....	4,278	359	4,637	20.5	36.4	21.2
Roumanian.....	17	.....	17	.1	.0	.1
Russian.....	226	13	239	1.1	1.3	1.1
Ruthenian.....	9	6	15	(a)	.6	.1
Scotch.....	60	.....	60	.3	.0	.3
Scotch-Irish.....	3	.....	3	(a)	.0	(a)
Servian.....	93	7	100	.4	.7	.5
Slovak.....	212	9	221	1.0	.9	1.0
Slovenian.....	112	19	131	.5	1.9	.6
Swedish.....	1,589	2	1,591	7.6	.2	7.3
Syrian.....	10	2	12	(a)	.2	.1
Turkish.....	3	.....	3	(a)	.0	(a)
Welsh.....	16	.....	16	.1	.0	.1
Austrian (race not specified).....	50	1	51	.2	.1	.2
Belgian (race not specified).....	324	.....	324	1.5	.0	1.5
Swiss (race not specified).....	29	.....	29	.1	.0	.1
Grand total.....	20,916	987	21,903	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	4,001	314	4,315	19.1	31.8	19.7
Total native-born.....	7,910	372	8,282	37.8	37.7	37.8
Total foreign-born.....	13,006	615	13,621	62.2	62.3	62.2

a Less than 0.05 per cent.

CHAPTER II.

RACIAL DISPLACEMENTS.

History of immigration—Period of residence in the United States of foreign-born employees—Racial classification of employees at the present time—[Text Tables 89 and 90 and General Table 55].

HISTORY OF IMMIGRATION.

No statistics or other data are available to show in detail the racial movements to the agricultural implement and vehicle manufacturing establishments of the Middle West. In the discussion of the history of immigration to Community A will be found a representation of movements to a community employing a variety of races, with the Poles predominant.^a Moline, Ill., furnishes a type of a community which has grown up in connection with the industry, and to the population of which Scandinavian races have been the greatest contributors. These two localities are representative of the agricultural implement communities in the Middle West which have been built up by recent and past immigration. The only other type is that in which the native element has been predominant, such as Springfield, Ohio. The history of immigration to Moline follows:

Moline in 1908 supported an estimated population of about 26,700, 67.4 per cent of which was composed of Swedes. The most important industries in the town are agricultural implement and vehicle manufacturing plants, controlled by seven companies, which have been made the basis of the community investigation.

The estimated population in 1908 was divided among the several races and nationalities in the following proportion:

Swedes.....	18,000	Greeks.....	500
Belgians.....	3,000	Lithuanians and Poles.....	200
Germans.....	3,000		
Americans.....	2,000	Total.....	26,700

The Swedes practically dominate the city. Over 70 per cent of the business of the community—outside of the manufacturing plants—is owned and operated by them. In the year 1907 they paid 73 per cent of the residence tax. There is not a profession or a vocation represented in Moline in which the Swedes are not found. A conservative estimate is that 95 per cent of the Swedes are naturalized citizens of the United States. The remaining 5 per cent, it is said, hold no naturalization papers only because of the fact that they have not been in the country long enough to secure full papers. Belgians have been coming to Moline for the past twelve years and engaging in the unskilled labor in the manufacturing plants. Their immigration was the result of efforts on the part of the employers to provide an unskilled labor supply. At first there was an intense feeling against

^a See p. 510.

them by the older immigrants in the community, but it has worn itself out. At present a number of the Belgians are engaged in business; support two churches, and live for the most part in East Moline.

The Greeks first entered Moline about 1900 and engaged chiefly in the street trades, although a number of them are now found in the shops as unskilled laborers. In no instance is a Greek to be found in a skilled position in any of the industrial establishments. A large number of the younger Greeks attend the public schools, and it is reported by the school officials that they make very apt pupils, learning American manners and customs very rapidly. The Lithuanians and Poles, of whom there are about 200 in the community, are employed chiefly by one large establishment as polishers. The reason assigned for the employment of the Lithuanians and Poles so largely in this particular establishment is that the foreman of the polishing department is a Lithuanian, who has brought most of them to the community and given them work in his department, where they are performing their duties in a very satisfactory manner. While there are no Germans of recent immigration in Moline, a number of them are employed in the shops in the skilled occupations and as foremen. They were in the city when the manufacturing plants were started, and have gradually worked up until they now hold the most skilled positions in the several establishments.

No instance can be cited where one race has displaced another in any of the occupations unless the displacement was voluntary. The different employers state that as a rule it is impossible to keep a Swede as a common laborer, for the reason that if he is not advanced to a higher position within a reasonable length of time he will leave the employ of the company and seek employment elsewhere. For this reason it was found necessary to fill the positions where there was no chance for a promotion with Belgians and Greeks who are more willing to remain in a given occupation although there is no chance for promotion. Immigrants have never been brought into the community as strike breakers. They have settled in Moline because of the opportunities to secure employment, the majority of them coming in times of demand for unskilled labor. As one race has been advanced in the scale of occupations others have entered the city and taken their places, filling at the same time the vacancies caused by the expansion of the industries. The clerical forces of the different factories are composed largely of second-generation Swedes and Germans. A great many persons of these two races are graduates of the business colleges of Moline and Rock Island, Ill., and Davenport, Iowa.

The history of immigration to a number of representative establishments will also serve to exhibit more closely the racial movements and displacements which have occurred. The history of immigration to two large and typical establishments in the vicinity of Chicago is submitted below. Each establishment, in order to conceal its identity, is designated by a number.

HISTORY OF IMMIGRATION TO PLANT NO. 1.

In 1880, when this plant was removed from without to within an urban center, in the Middle West, almost the entire force was made up of Americans, Germans, and Irish, with the Germans

largely predominating. A few Swedes and Poles also were among the first employees. It was not, however, until 1890 that the Poles, the first of the more recent immigrant races, were employed in considerable numbers. Since 1890 the Poles have steadily increased in numbers until, at present, they represent a little over 45 per cent of the entire force. The Magyars, who have never been represented at this plant in large numbers, were the next to be employed, this employment dating from 1898. The Slovaks were first employed about 1903 and the Greeks and Servians a little later on. The Slovaks, Greeks, and Servians, like the Magyars, are represented by a very small number of each race, and have never been considered a factor in the operation of the plant.

In all twenty-eight races are represented, but of this number seven constituted 92.36 per cent of the entire force in 1909, as follows: Poles, 45.40; Germans, 21.80; Americans, 17; Swedes, 2.70; Irish, 2.30; Greeks, 1.59; and Servians, 1.57. A tabulation made in 1905 shows that the percentage of these same races there was: Poles, 41.61; Germans, 25.93; Americans, 17.69; Swedes, 3.25; Irish, 3.14; Greeks, 1.13; and Servians, 0.95. From this comparison, it will be seen that these seven races from 1905 until 1909 lost only 1.34 per cent. This loss has been about equally distributed among the other races represented which, with the exception of two additional races, are the same as in 1905. Not one of the twenty-one remaining races during this period—with the exception of the Danish, which, in 1905, represented 1.03 per cent of the force—has ever exceeded 1 per cent of a force numbering now about 5,000, approximately the same as employed in 1905. The most noticeable change during this four-year period is the decrease in the number of Germans and a corresponding increase of the Poles, amounting to a fraction over 1 per cent loss each year to the Germans and a fraction under 1 per cent gain each year for the Poles. During this same, and for the entire, period of four years, the native Americans, Swedes, and Irish each have suffered a loss of less than 1 per cent, while the Greeks and Servians have gained only about one-half of 1 per cent each. Of the entire force at this plant, about 10 per cent may be classed as skilled; 80 per cent semiskilled or specialized; and the remaining 10 per cent as "common" labor. All of the more recent immigrants, with the exception of the Swedes, were employed in the first instance as "common" or unskilled laborers.

In this plant the native American whites and the older immigrants have been almost entirely displaced by the more recent immigrants as unskilled laborers. This displacement has also extended, to a very large extent, to the semiskilled or specialized occupations.

HISTORY OF IMMIGRATION TO PLANT NO. 2.

This plant was established in 1882 and occupied the works previously occupied by plant No. 1 until 1894, when it was moved to what is now a suburb of the urban center, in which center plant No. 1 is located. Upon beginning operations in 1894, in its present location, by far the largest number of employees were native American whites, Germans, and Irish. A few Poles, Danes, and Swedes were also employed and had been prior to the removal of the plant from its former location. In the latter part of 1894 and during the following year the Poles became quite numerous and continued

to increase until 1905, since which time they have steadily lost ground until at present only about 70 or 75 are employed. The Lithuanians and Russians secured employment in this plant in 1900. Since 1905 the Lithuanians have decreased, while the Russians during the same period have increased about 8 per cent. It is stated that several Magyars could have been found among the force as early as 1894, but it was not until 1903 that this race secured a foothold, which has been strengthened by a steady increase since that time. Here, as elsewhere, many other races are represented, but of the more recent immigrant races the Magyar, Lithuanian, Russian, and Polish are the only ones who, it may be said, have become an important factor in the operation of the plant. Here, as in plant No. 1, the more recent immigrants were first employed in the unskilled occupations. The superintendent of this plant classifies his force as follows: Skilled, 20 per cent; semiskilled or specialized, 40 per cent; and unskilled, 40 per cent. The plant at present has between 1,000 and 1,100 employees. Here, also, as in plant No. 1, the native American whites and older immigrants have been almost entirely displaced by the more recent immigrants as unskilled laborers, and to a very large extent is this true of the semiskilled or specialized occupations.

PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN THE UNITED STATES OF FOREIGN-BORN EMPLOYEES.

The character of recent and past immigration to the industry in the Middle West is also indicated by the following table, which shows, by sex and race, the percentage of foreign-born employees who had been in the United States each specified number of years:

TABLE 89.—*Per cent of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad. This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent in United States each specified number of years.				
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	352	19.6	21.0	4.0	17.3	38.1
Canadian (other than French).....	111	13.5	10.8	9.9	17.1	48.6
Croatian.....	174	52.9	33.3	7.5	4.6	1.7
Danish.....	215	20.5	18.1	3.7	19.1	38.6
Dutch.....	148	25.7	18.9	6.8	26.4	22.3
English.....	126	12.7	8.7	4.0	5.6	69.0
German.....	2,254	9.4	7.2	2.7	16.2	64.5
Greek.....	265	65.3	29.8	3.4	.8	.8
Irish.....	233	7.3	6.4	7.3	5.6	73.4
Italian, North.....	175	34.9	37.7	6.9	11.4	9.1
Lithuanian.....	729	50.5	29.1	10.4	6.7	3.3
Magyar.....	714	67.6	23.8	3.8	3.1	1.7
Norwegian.....	179	16.8	19.0	2.8	5.0	56.4
Polish.....	4,253	34.1	24.7	7.2	14.0	20.0
Russian.....	223	67.7	22.0	3.6	3.1	3.6
Servian.....	93	93.5	6.5	.0	.0	.0
Slovak.....	210	71.9	16.7	4.8	3.3	3.3
Slovenian.....	112	51.8	30.4	6.2	8.0	3.6
Swedish.....	1,583	12.4	15.7	6.6	17.9	47.4
Total.....	12,947	31.6	19.8	5.8	12.5	30.3

TABLE 89.—Per cent of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race—Continued.

FEMALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent in United States each specified number of years.				
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	59.1	27.3	4.5	0.0	9.1
Canadian (other than French).....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Croatian.....	6	83.3	.0	16.7	.0	.0
Dutch.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	69	50.7	10.1	5.8	26.1	7.2
Irish.....	5	40.0	20.0	40.0	.0	.0
Italian, North.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Lithuanian.....	67	79.1	11.9	6.0	3.0	.0
Magyar.....	15	73.3	20.0	6.7	.0	.0
Polish.....	359	79.9	11.4	1.4	5.3	1.9
Russian.....	13	69.2	23.1	.0	7.7	.0
Servian.....	7	85.7	14.3	.0	.0	.0
Slovak.....	9	66.7	22.2	.0	11.1	.0
Slovenian.....	19	84.2	15.8	.0	.0	.0
Swedish.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total.....	613	74.1	12.9	3.1	7.3	2.6

TOTAL.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	374	21.9	21.4	4.0	16.3	36.4
Canadian (other than French).....	114	13.2	10.5	9.6	18.4	48.2
Croatian.....	180	53.9	32.2	7.8	4.4	1.7
Danish.....	215	20.5	18.1	3.7	19.1	38.6
Dutch.....	151	25.8	19.2	6.6	26.5	21.9
English.....	126	12.7	8.7	4.0	5.6	69.0
German.....	2,323	10.7	7.3	2.8	16.5	62.8
Greek.....	265	65.3	29.8	3.4	.8	.8
Irish.....	238	8.0	6.7	8.0	5.5	71.8
Italian, North.....	177	34.5	37.9	6.8	11.9	9.0
Lithuanian.....	796	52.9	27.6	10.1	6.4	3.0
Magyar.....	729	67.8	23.7	3.8	3.0	1.6
Norwegian.....	179	16.8	19.0	2.8	5.0	56.4
Polish.....	4,612	37.7	23.6	6.7	13.3	18.6
Russian.....	236	67.8	22.0	3.4	3.4	3.4
Servian.....	100	93.0	7.0	.0	.0	.0
Slovak.....	219	71.7	16.9	4.6	3.7	3.2
Slovenian.....	131	56.5	28.2	5.3	6.9	3.1
Swedish.....	1,585	12.4	15.6	6.6	17.9	47.4
Total.....	13,560	33.5	19.5	5.7	12.3	29.1

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Upon information obtained for 13,560 foreign-born employees of this industry, it will be seen that 33.5 per cent have been in the United States under five years, 19.5 per cent from five to nine years, and 5.7 per cent from ten to fourteen years, while 12.3 and 29.1 per cent have been in the United States from fifteen to nineteen years and twenty years or over, respectively. The proportion of males, it will be noted, in each specified period of residence varies only slightly from the proportion shown in the total for all employees, while of the females by far the largest proportion, or 74.1 per cent, have been in the United States less than five years and only 13 per cent have been in the United States ten years or over. Among the males it will be noted that with the exception of the North Italians and Poles, who show 34.9 and 34.1 per cent, respectively, over 50 per cent of each of the more recent immigrant races has been in the United States less than five years—the proportions ranging from

93.5 per cent of the Servians to 50.5 per cent of the Lithuanians. Of the older immigrant races, on the other hand, the proportions with a period of residence of less than five years ranges from 25.7 per cent of the Dutch to 7.3 per cent of the Irish. Of those who have been in the United States from five to nine years the Croatians, with 33.3 per cent, show the largest proportion and the Irish, with 6.4 per cent, the smallest proportion. With the exception of the Poles, and to a less extent the North Italians, only a very small proportion of the more recent immigrant races have been in the United States ten years or over—the Servians reporting no males with a residence of ten years in the United States. Among those with a residence of twenty years or over, it will be noted that with the exception of the Poles, who show only a slightly smaller proportion than the Dutch, the small proportions of the more recent immigrant races are a marked contrast to the proportions of the older immigrant races with this period of residence. With the exception of the Irish, over 50 per cent of the females of each race have been in the United States under five years—the Servians reporting the largest proportion, or 85.7 per cent, while the Irish report only 40 per cent. The Irish, it will be noted, report an equal proportion from ten to fourteen years, which is largely in excess of that shown by any other race. No Irish females, however, have been in the United States longer than fourteen years, while the Germans report 33.3 per cent with a residence of fifteen years or over. The proportion of Bohemian and Moravian females with a residence of twenty years or over is slightly in excess of that shown by the Germans—the Poles reporting the lowest proportion with this period of residence, or 1.9 per cent. The totals in the above table are merely a combination of the proportions shown by both males and females in each period of residence group and, as will be seen by comparison, vary only slightly from the proportion shown for the males only.

RACIAL CLASSIFICATION OF EMPLOYEES AT THE PRESENT TIME.

The racial composition of the operating forces of the industry at the present time is set forth in the table next submitted, which shows, by sex, the number and percentage of employees of each race for whom information was secured.

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 TABLE 90.—*Employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:						
White.....	3,702	58	3,760	17.7	5.9	17.2
Negro.....	207		207	1.0	.0	.9
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Austria-Hungary.....	136	20	156	.7	2.0	.7
Belgium.....	26	1	27	.1	.1	.1
Canada.....	68	2	70	.3	.2	.3
Denmark.....	40		40	.2	.0	.2
England.....	174	4	178	.8	.4	.8
France.....	33	1	34	.2	.1	.2
Germany.....	2,241	232	2,473	10.7	23.5	11.3
Greece.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
Ireland.....	365	22	387	1.7	2.2	1.8
Italy.....	7	1	8	(a)	.1	(a)
Netherlands.....	43		43	.2	.0	.2
Norway.....	69	2	71	.3	.2	.3
Russia.....	220	23	243	1.1	2.3	1.1
Scotland.....	85	1	86	.4	.1	.4
Spain.....	3		3	(a)	.0	(a)
Sweden.....	425	5	430	2.0	.5	2.0
Switzerland.....	33		33	.2	.0	.2
Wales.....	31		31	.1	.0	.1
Foreign-born, by race:						
Albanian.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
Armenian.....	39		39	.2	.0	.2
Bohemian and Moravian.....	354	22	376	1.7	2.2	1.7
Bosnian.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
Bulgarian.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
Canadian, French.....	13		13	.1	.0	.1
Canadian, Other.....	111	3	114	.5	.3	.5
Croatian.....	175	6	181	.8	.6	.8
Danish.....	215		215	1.0	.0	1.0
Dutch.....	149	3	152	.7	.3	.7
English.....	129		129	.6	.0	.6
Finnish.....	15		15	.1	.0	.1
Flemish.....	27		27	.1	.0	.1
French.....	34		34	.2	.0	.2
German.....	2,258	69	2,327	10.8	7.0	10.6
Greek.....	268		268	1.3	.0	1.2
Hebrew, Russian.....	54	3	57	.3	.3	.3
Hebrew, Other.....	18		18	.1	.0	.1
Irish.....	233	5	238	1.1	.5	1.1
Italian, North.....	175	2	177	.8	.2	.8
Italian, South.....	65		65	.3	.0	.3
Lithuanian.....	735	69	804	3.5	7.0	3.7
Macedonian.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Magyar.....	715	15	730	3.4	1.5	3.3
Montenegrin.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Norwegian.....	179		179	.9	.0	.8
Persian.....	6		6	(a)	.0	(a)
Polish.....	4,278	359	4,637	20.5	36.4	21.2
Roumanian.....	17		17	.1	.0	.1
Russian.....	226	13	239	1.1	1.3	1.1
Ruthenian.....	9		15	(a)	.6	.1
Scotch.....	60		60	.3	.0	.3
Scotch Irish.....	3		3	(a)	.0	(a)
Servian.....	93	7	100	.4	.7	.5
Slovak.....	212	9	221	1.0	.9	1.0
Slovenian.....	112	19	131	.5	1.9	.6
Swedish.....	1,589	2	1,591	7.6	.2	7.3
Syrian.....	10	2	12	(a)	.2	.1
Turkish.....	3		3	(a)	.0	(a)
Welsh.....	16		16	.1	.0	.1
Austrian (race not specified).....	50	1	51	.2	.1	.2
Belgian (race not specified).....	324		324	1.5	.0	1.5
Swiss (race not specified).....	29		29	.1	.0	.1
Grand total.....	20,916	987	21,903	100.1	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	4,001	314	4,315	19.1	31.8	19.7
Total native-born.....	7,910	372	8,282	37.8	37.7	37.8
Total foreign-born.....	13,006	615	13,621	62.2	62.3	62.2

a Less than 0.05 per cent.

Of 21,903 employees for whom information was secured, 62.2 per cent are of foreign birth, 19.7 per cent are native-born of foreign father, 17.2 per cent are native-born whites of native father, and 0.9 per cent are negroes native-born of native father. Of the employees who are native-born of foreign father, those whose fathers were born in Germany show 11.3 per cent, while no employees whose fathers were of other specified races show over 2 per cent of the total number for whom information was secured. Of the employees whose fathers were born in Austria-Hungary, Germany, Ireland, and Russia, information was secured from a larger percentage of females than males. Of the employees of foreign birth, the Poles show 21.2 per cent, followed by the Germans with 10.6 per cent and the Swedes with 7.3 per cent, while none of the other foreign-born races show over 4 per cent of the total number for whom information was secured. The Bohemians and Moravians, Lithuanians, Russians, Servians, and Slovenians show a higher percentage of females than of males. The table further shows that information was secured for a considerably higher percentage of females than of males who are native-born of foreign father, while the proportion of females is slightly higher than that of the males who are of foreign birth. The percentage of males who are native-born whites of native father is considerably higher than that of the females, while no information was secured from any females who are native negroes born of native father.

CHAPTER III.
ECONOMIC STATUS.

Principal occupation of immigrant employees before coming to the United States—
Weekly earnings—Relation between period of residence and earning ability—
Employers' opinion of the recent immigrants—[Text Tables 91 to 97 and General
Tables 56 to 61.]

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION OF IMMIGRANT EMPLOYEES BEFORE COMING
TO THE UNITED STATES.

Before entering upon a discussion of the economic status in this country of employees and members of their households in this industry the principal occupations of immigrant workers and members of their households while abroad are considered. The following table presented in this connection shows, by race, the per cent of foreign-born male employees who were in each specified occupation before coming to the United States:

TABLE 91.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees in each specified occupation before coming to the United States, by race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who were engaged in—						
		Manu- facturing.	General labor.	Farming or farm labor.	Domestic service.	Hand trades.	Trade.	Other occu- pations.
Bohemian and Mo- cavian	257	25.7	7.0	23.7	0.4	26.8	3.5	12.8
Croatian	173	6.4	10.4	65.3	.6	12.1	2.3	2.9
Danish	170	19.4	6.5	34.7	.6	24.1	8.2	6.5
Dutch	104	6.7	17.3	39.4	1.9	18.3	5.8	10.6
English	82	40.2	8.5	3.7	1.2	15.9	7.3	23.2
German	1,416	22.5	8.3	29.7	1.1	23.4	2.9	12.1
Greek	223	1.8	15.7	52.9	.4	13.5	8.1	7.6
Irish	149	8.1	8.7	63.1	.7	4.7	5.4	9.4
Italian, North	152	6.6	11.8	65.8	.0	9.2	2.0	4.6
Lithuanian	698	4.6	6.7	74.5	.4	8.0	.9	4.9
Magyar	654	7.8	10.9	57.0	1.1	18.5	2.1	2.6
Norwegian	133	30.8	5.3	18.8	.8	15.0	1.5	27.8
Polish	3,587	11.6	12.3	56.5	.8	11.1	.8	6.9
Russian	203	9.9	9.4	62.6	.5	12.3	2.0	3.4
Servian	88	2.3	5.7	78.4	.0	9.1	.0	4.5
Slovak	198	9.1	9.1	67.2	.0	11.1	.5	3.0
Slovenian	106	4.7	1.9	73.6	.0	12.3	.9	6.6
Swedish	1,260	19.1	7.9	39.1	.6	23.2	2.1	8.0
Total	10,394	13.8	10.1	49.2	.8	15.9	2.2	8.0

Upon information obtained for 10,394 foreign-born male employees of this industry it will be noted that a larger proportion, or 49.2 per cent, were engaged in farming or employed as farm laborers than were in any other occupation prior to coming to the United States. The next largest proportion, or 15.9 per cent, were employed in hand trades. This, it will be noted, is slightly above the proportion

employed in manufacturing, general labor, and occupations other than specified, the proportions engaged in trade and employed in domestic service amounting to but 2.2 and 0.8 per cent, respectively. With the exception of the Bohemians and Moravians, English, and Norwegians, a larger proportion of each race was engaged in farming or employed as farm laborers than in any other occupation before coming to the United States. In the majority of instances the proportion so employed is in excess of the proportions in all other occupations combined. The statement immediately preceding applies only to the more recent immigrants, the older immigrants, with the exception of the Irish, having been more extensively employed in manufacturing and other occupations before coming to the United States. By way of illustration, the English show the smallest proportion, or 3.7 per cent, who were engaged in farming or employed as farm laborers in their native land, and the largest proportion, or 40.2 per cent, employed in manufacturing. The next largest proportion employed in manufacturing is shown by the Norwegians. This, it will be noted, is slightly above the proportion as shown by the Bohemians and Moravians or Germans, and considerably above the proportion shown by the Danes or Swedes. Of the other races so employed the proportions range from 11.6 per cent of the Poles to 1.8 per cent of the Greeks. In general labor and in hand trades the proportion of the various races employed therein range from 17.3 per cent of the Dutch to 1.9 per cent of the Slovenians in the former, and from 26.8 per cent of the Bohemians and Moravians to 4.7 per cent of the Irish in the latter. In occupations other than specified the Norwegians, with 27.8 per cent, show a slightly larger proportion than the English, a considerably larger proportion than the Bohemians and Moravians, Germans or Dutch, and a much larger proportion than is shown by any other race, the smallest proportion, or 2.6 per cent, being shown by the Magyars. As regards those employed in domestic service and those who are engaged in trades it will be noted that no North Italians, Servians, Slovaks, or Slovenians are employed in the former and no Servians are engaged in the latter. With these exceptions the proportions in each instance are relatively small.

In the table next presented the percentage of foreign-born female employees who were in each specified occupation before coming to the United States is set forth, according to race:

TABLE 92.—*Per cent of foreign-born female employees in each specified occupation before coming to the United States, by race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more females reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who were engaged in—						
		Manu- facturing.	Sewing, embroidering, and lace making.	Farming or farm labor.	Domestic service.	Teach- ing.	Trade.	Other occu- pations.
Polish.....	237	1.7	3.4	79.7	12.7	0.0	0.4	2.1
Total.....	371	3.2	3.5	78.7	10.8	.3	.8	2.7

Of 371 foreign-born female employees reporting, 3.2 per cent were engaged in manufacturing, 3.5 per cent were in sewing, embroidering, and lace-making industries, 78.7 per cent were engaged in farming or were farm laborers, 10.8 per cent were in domestic service, 0.3 per cent were teaching, 0.8 per cent were in trade, and 2.7 per cent followed other occupations before coming to the United States. The Polish female employees show a smaller percentage who were engaged in manufacturing, sewing, embroidering, and lace making, in trade, and in other occupations than is shown in the total for all foreign-born female employees reporting. The percentage of Polish females who were engaged in farming or were farm laborers and who were in domestic service before coming to the United States is larger than the percentage shown in the totals for all female employees who were thus engaged. No Polish females before coming to the United States were teaching.

WEEKLY EARNINGS.

The following table shows, by general nativity and race, the percentage of male employees 18 years of age or over who were earning each specified amount each week:

TABLE 93.—Per cent of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.							
			\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$22.50 or over.
Native-born of native father:										
White.....	2,800	\$13.43	100.0	98.8	80.9	51.9	36.4	15.4	5.2	2.2
Negro.....	186	11.37	100.0	100.0	64.0	23.1	10.8	2.2	.5	.0
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:										
Austria-Hungary.....	104	13.25	100.0	97.1	83.7	54.8	36.5	9.6	1.9	.0
England.....	138	14.51	99.3	99.3	90.6	66.7	52.9	19.6	6.5	2.9
Germany.....	1,780	14.09	99.9	98.7	86.5	62.6	45.9	14.6	5.2	2.0
Ireland.....	304	13.88	100.0	99.7	85.2	60.2	40.5	14.8	5.9	3.0
Russia.....	148	12.43	100.0	95.9	75.7	47.3	27.7	6.1	1.4	.0
Sweden.....	353	13.61	100.0	98.3	85.3	56.7	41.9	16.1	6.5	1.4
Foreign-born, by race:										
Bohemian and Moravian..	334	13.09	100.0	100.0	78.7	50.6	37.1	9.0	2.1	.0
Canadian (other than French).....	89	15.64	98.9	98.9	89.9	76.4	57.3	25.8	16.9	9.0
Croatian.....	162	11.88	100.0	100.0	68.5	37.0	24.1	1.9	.6	.0
Danish.....	193	14.50	100.0	100.0	93.3	67.9	49.7	16.1	5.2	1.6
Dutch.....	137	13.17	100.0	100.0	86.9	45.3	29.9	13.1	1.5	.7
English.....	87	14.60	100.0	100.0	92.0	67.8	47.1	20.7	5.7	3.4
German.....	1,785	14.13	100.0	99.8	88.1	63.6	46.4	14.9	3.8	1.1
Greek.....	240	11.74	100.0	98.8	67.5	28.3	17.1	6.7	1.7	.4
Irish.....	204	13.51	100.0	100.0	81.4	55.9	39.2	10.8	2.5	1.5
Italian, North.....	165	12.42	100.0	98.2	74.5	52.7	29.1	1.2	.0	.0
Lithuanian.....	713	12.32	100.0	98.7	69.1	38.8	27.2	8.8	4.3	.3
Magyar.....	363	11.49	100.0	98.1	58.4	28.9	15.7	4.4	.3	.3
Norwegian.....	161	15.22	100.0	100.0	93.2	76.4	56.5	26.1	8.7	5.0
Polish.....	3,465	12.50	100.0	99.3	79.8	41.6	25.7	5.8	1.2	.3
Russian.....	198	11.34	99.5	99.5	63.6	23.2	13.6	3.0	.5	.0
Slovak.....	175	11.14	100.0	100.0	56.0	20.6	12.6	2.3	.6	.0
Swedish.....	1,459	14.74	100.0	100.0	91.4	66.2	53.4	25.0	7.7	1.4
Grand total.....	16,824	13.33	100.0	99.2	81.5	51.6	36.3	12.5	3.9	1.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	3,154	13.92	99.9	98.6	85.8	60.8	43.8	14.8	5.4	1.9
Total native-born.....	6,140	13.62	100.0	98.8	82.9	55.6	39.4	14.7	5.1	2.0
Total foreign-born.....	10,684	13.16	100.0	99.5	80.7	49.3	34.5	11.3	3.2	.9

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year

Of the 16,824 male employees of this industry for whom information was obtained less than 1 per cent earn under \$7.50, 81.5 per cent earn \$10 or over, 51.6 per cent \$12.50 or over, and 36.3 per cent \$15 or over, while 12.5, 3.9, and 1.3 per cent earn \$17.50 or over, \$20 or over, and \$22.50 or over, respectively. It will be noted from the preceding table that the proportions of native-born of foreign father, foreign-born, and native-born of native white father earning each specified amount per week vary only slightly from the proportions shown in the total for all employees. The native negroes born of native father, however, while reporting their entire number earning \$7.50 or over, show much smaller proportions earning each of the other specified amounts than do the native whites born of native father. Among the foreign-born the proportions of the various races earning under \$10 per week are very nearly the same, while among those earning \$10 or over the proportions range from 93.3 per cent of the Danes to 56 per cent of the Slovaks. This difference is still more marked among those earning \$12.50 or over per week, the Canadians other than French and the Norwegians, each with 76.4 per cent earning this amount, show the largest proportion, while the Slovaks, with 20.6 per cent, show the smallest proportion. The Canadians other than French, with 57.3, again show the largest and the Slovaks, with 12.6 per cent, the smallest proportion earning \$15 or over per week. In fact, the Canadians other than French show the largest proportion earning each of the remaining specified amounts, the lowest proportion earning \$17.50 or over being shown by the North Italians, while less than 0.5 per cent of the Magyars earn either \$20 or over or \$22.50 or over per week. Among the native-born of foreign father the proportions earning \$10 or over per week range from 90.6 per cent of those whose fathers were born in England to 75.7 per cent of those whose fathers were born in Russia. Those whose fathers were born in England and those whose fathers were born in Russia again show the largest and smallest percentages earning \$12.50 or over, \$15 or over, and \$17.50 or over per week, respectively, there being no very great difference in the proportions of those whose fathers were born in other countries earning each of these specified amounts. Only very small proportions of those who were brought into this country by foreign-born parents earn \$20 or over per week, and none whose fathers were born in Austria-Hungary or Russia earn as much as \$22.50 per week.

In the table following the percentage of female employees 18 years of age or over who were earning each specified amount each week is set forth according to general nativity and race.

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TABLE 94.—Per cent of female employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more females reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.			
			\$2.50 or over.	\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father, Germany.....	154	\$7.26	100.0	96.8	50.0	1.9
Foreign-born, by race, Polish.....	117	7.22	100.0	86.3	40.2	8.5
Grand total.....	531	7.16	100.0	92.8	41.1	5.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	219	7.26	100.0	95.0	44.7	3.7
Total native-born.....	266	7.25	100.0	93.6	45.1	5.6
Total foreign-born.....	265	7.07	100.0	92.1	37.0	4.9

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

Of 531 female employees 18 years of age or over shown in the preceding table 100 per cent earn \$2.50 or over per week, 92.8 per cent earn \$5 or over, 41.1 per cent earn \$7.50 or over, and 5.3 per cent earn \$10 or over per week. Each nativity group shows 100 per cent earning \$2.50 or over per week, the female employees who are native-born of foreign father reporting a higher percentage than those who are of foreign birth earning \$5 or over and \$7.50 or over per week. Where the earnings are \$10 or over per week the foreign-born female employees show a somewhat higher percentage earning the above amount than do the female employees who are native-born of foreign father.

The table next submitted shows, by general nativity and race, the percentage of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age who were earning each specified amount per week.

TABLE 95.—Per cent of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.			
			\$2.50 or over.	\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	123	\$7.98	98.4	93.5	62.6	15.4
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Germany.....	115	8.53	100.0	95.7	68.7	22.6
Sweden.....	46	7.37	100.0	84.8	39.1	13.0
Grand total.....	417	7.95	99.5	93.3	57.6	16.5
Total.....	233	8.01	100.0	92.3	56.7	18.0
Total native-born.....	358	8.01	99.4	92.7	58.9	17.3
Total foreign-born.....	59	7.61	100.0	96.6	49.2	11.9

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

Of 417 employees 14 and under 18 years of age reporting 99.5 per cent earn \$2.50 or over per week, 93.3 per cent earn \$5 or over, 57.6 per cent earn \$7.50 or over, and 16.5 per cent earn \$10 or over. The employees who are native-born of foreign father and those of foreign birth show 100 per cent earning \$2.50 or over per week, while 98.4 per cent of the employees who are native whites born of native father earn the above specified amount. The foreign-born employees show the highest percentage earning \$5 or over per week, followed by the native whites born of native father and the native-born of foreign father in the order mentioned. The employees who are native whites born of native father show a higher percentage earning \$7.50 or over than is shown in the total for the native-born of foreign father or foreign born, while the proportion earning \$10 or over is slightly above that shown for the foreign-born, but slightly below that shown for the native-born of foreign father.

Of the native-born of foreign father the employees whose fathers were born in Germany and those whose fathers were born in Sweden show 100 per cent earning \$2.50 or over per week, while the former show a considerably higher percentage than the latter earning each of the other specified amounts.

RELATION BETWEEN PERIOD OF RESIDENCE AND EARNING ABILITY.

In the series of tables next presented the progress in industrial efficiency after stated periods of residence in the United States is set forth. The first of these tables submitted shows, by race and length of residence in the United States, the percentage of foreign-born male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week. In this table the earnings in each period of residence are arranged under each race, so that the effect of length of residence upon the earning ability of the various races may be more readily noted.

TABLE 96.—Per cent of foreign-born male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by race and length of residence in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 200 or more males reporting.]

Race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent earning each specified-amount per week.							
		\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$22.50 or over.
Bohemian and Moravian:									
Under 5.....	69	100.0	100.0	63.8	20.3	10.1	1.4	0.0	0.0
5 to 9.....	68	100.0	100.0	80.9	55.9	47.1	4.4	.0	.0
10 or over.....	197	100.0	100.0	83.2	59.4	43.1	13.2	3.6	.0
German:									
Under 5.....	152	100.0	98.0	77.0	45.4	30.9	3.3	1.3	.0
5 to 9.....	132	100.0	99.2	92.4	68.2	56.1	21.2	6.1	2.3
10 or over.....	1,501	100.0	100.0	88.8	65.1	47.1	15.5	3.9	1.1
Greek:									
Under 5.....	162	100.0	98.1	61.7	15.4	10.5	3.1	.6	.0
5 to 9.....	69	100.0	100.0	79.7	37.7	30.4	11.6	4.3	1.4
10 or over.....	9	100.0	100.0	77.8	55.6	33.3	33.3	.0	.0

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shut downs or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

TABLE 96.—Per cent of foreign-born male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by race and length of residence in the United States—Con.

Race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.							
		\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$22.50 or over.
Irish:									
Under 5.....	15	100.0	100.0	93.3	66.7	33.3	13.3	0.0	0.0
5 to 9.....	15	100.0	100.0	93.3	60.0	33.3	.0	.0	.0
10 or over.....	174	100.0	100.0	79.3	54.6	40.2	11.5	2.9	1.7
Lithuanian:									
Under 5.....	360	100.0	97.5	56.4	23.9	13.9	6.7	3.3	.0
5 to 9.....	209	100.0	100.0	79.4	49.3	34.0	11.5	6.7	.0
10 or over.....	144	100.0	100.0	86.1	61.1	50.7	10.4	3.5	1.4
Magyar:									
Under 5.....	250	100.0	98.4	52.4	21.2	8.8	3.6	.0	.0
5 to 9.....	81	100.0	96.3	71.6	43.2	32.1	3.7	1.2	1.2
10 or over.....	32	100.0	100.0	71.9	53.1	28.1	12.5	.0	.0
Polish:									
Under 5.....	1,187	100.0	98.4	68.1	23.2	11.0	2.4	.6	.2
5 to 9.....	898	100.0	99.7	83.5	42.3	27.4	4.9	1.1	.2
10 or over.....	1,380	100.0	99.8	87.5	57.0	37.3	9.2	1.8	.6
Swedish:									
Under 5.....	190	100.0	100.0	84.2	48.4	34.7	14.7	3.7	.5
5 to 9.....	225	100.0	100.0	92.0	65.3	54.7	23.6	9.3	.4
10 or over.....	1,044	100.0	100.0	92.5	69.6	56.5	27.2	8.1	1.7

That length of residence in the United States materially increases, upon the whole, the earning ability of foreign-born male employees of this industry is apparent from the above table. With the exception of the Irish, who report none of their number with a residence of from five to nine years as compared with 13.3 per cent with a residence of less than five years earning \$17.50 or over, a slightly smaller proportion earning \$12.50 or over, and identically the same proportions \$10 or over and \$15 or over, the Poles, who report the same proportion with a residence of from five to nine years as with a residence of less than five years earning \$22.50 or over, and the Swedes, who show a slightly smaller proportion with a residence of from five to nine than under five years earning each specified amount per week. But for the fact that no Greeks with a residence of ten years or over as compared with 0.6 per cent of those with a residence of less than five years earn \$20 or over, and for the further fact that a considerably smaller proportion of the Irish with a residence of ten years or over than under five earn \$10 or over and \$12.50 or over, and a slightly smaller proportion earning \$17.50 or over, the same statement relative to those with a residence of from five to nine and under five years applies to those with a residence of ten years or over and under five years, although in quite a few instances the proportions with a residence of 10 years or over earning certain specified amounts are slightly below the proportions with a residence of from five to nine years. In making the above comparison, only the representatives of those races earning \$10 or over per week have been considered. The differences in the proportions earning the various specified amounts are much more marked as between those with a residence

of from five to nine and under five years than between those with a residence of ten years or over and those with a residence of from five to nine years. Although the difference in favor of those with a residence of from five to nine years over those with less than five years, residence is considerable among the representatives of the various races, it will be noted that the representatives of one or more races show a greater gain than the representatives of some other race.

The same information is shown in this as in the preceding table, but in a different manner.

TABLE 97.—Comparative earnings per week of foreign-born male employees 18 years of age or over, by race and length of residence in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 200 or more males reporting.]

IN UNITED STATES LESS THAN 5 YEARS.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.							
		\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$22.50 or over.
Bohemian and Moravian...	69	100.0	100.0	63.8	20.3	10.1	1.4	0.0	0.0
German.....	152	100.0	98.0	77.0	45.4	30.9	3.3	1.3	.0
Greek.....	162	100.0	98.1	61.7	15.4	10.5	3.1	.6	.0
Irish.....	15	100.0	100.0	93.3	66.7	33.3	13.3	.0	.0
Lithuanian.....	360	100.0	97.5	56.4	23.9	13.9	6.7	3.3	.0
Magyar.....	250	100.0	98.4	52.4	21.2	8.8	3.6	.0	.0
Polish.....	1,187	100.0	98.4	68.1	23.2	11.0	2.4	.6	.2
Swedish.....	190	100.0	100.0	84.2	48.4	34.7	14.7	3.7	.5

IN UNITED STATES 5 TO 9 YEARS.

Bohemian and Moravian...	68	100.0	100.0	80.9	55.9	47.1	4.4	0.0	0.0
German.....	132	100.0	99.2	92.4	68.2	56.1	21.2	6.1	2.3
Greek.....	69	100.0	100.0	79.7	37.7	30.4	11.6	4.3	1.4
Irish.....	15	100.0	100.0	93.3	60.0	33.3	.0	.0	.0
Lithuanian.....	209	100.0	100.0	79.4	49.3	34.0	11.5	6.7	.0
Magyar.....	81	100.0	96.3	71.6	43.2	32.1	3.7	1.2	1.2
Polish.....	898	100.0	99.7	83.5	42.3	27.4	4.9	1.1	.2
Swedish.....	225	100.0	100.0	92.0	65.3	54.7	23.6	9.3	.4

IN UNITED STATES 10 YEARS OR OVER.

Bohemian and Moravian...	197	100.0	100.0	83.2	59.4	43.1	13.2	3.6	0.0
German.....	1,501	100.0	100.0	88.8	65.1	47.1	15.5	3.9	1.1
Greek.....	9	100.0	100.0	77.8	55.6	33.3	33.3	.0	.0
Irish.....	174	100.0	100.0	79.3	54.6	40.2	11.5	2.9	1.7
Lithuanian.....	144	100.0	100.0	86.1	61.1	50.7	10.4	3.5	1.4
Magyar.....	32	100.0	100.0	71.9	53.1	28.1	12.5	.0	.0
Polish.....	1,380	100.0	99.8	87.5	57.0	37.3	9.2	1.8	.6
Swedish.....	1,044	100.0	100.0	92.5	69.6	56.5	27.2	8.1	1.7

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

As between the various foreign-born races, the representatives of which have been in the United States less than five years, it will be noted that there is very little difference in the proportions earning under \$10 per week. Of those earning \$10 or over and \$12.50 or over per week the Irish show the largest proportion, or 93.3 and 66.7 per cent, respectively, the Magyars reporting the lowest proportion, or 52.4 per cent, earning \$10 or over, and the Greeks the lowest proportion, or 15.4 per cent, earning \$12.50 or over. Of those earning \$15 or over and \$17.50 or over per week the Swedes with 34.7 and 14.7 per cent earning these amounts, respectively, show a slightly larger proportion in each instance than do the Irish. Among those earning \$15 or over per week the proportion of Germans is but slightly below that of the Irish, while of those earning \$17.50 or over the proportion of Germans is considerably below that of the Irish. The smallest proportion, or 8.8 per cent, earning \$15 or over is shown by the Magyars, while the smallest proportion, or 1.4 per cent, earning \$17.50 or over is shown by the Bohemians and Moravians. Only small proportions of the Germans, Greeks, Lithuanians, Poles, and Swedes earn \$20 or over per week and only small proportions of the Poles and Swedes earn \$22.50 or over per week.

Considering these same races, the representatives of which have been in the United States from five to nine years, the proportions earning \$10 or over per week range from 93.3 per cent of the Irish to 71.6 per cent of the Magyars, while of those earning \$12.50 or over and \$15 or over per week the proportions range from 68.2 per cent of the Germans to 37.7 per cent of the Greeks in the former and from 56.1 per cent of the Germans to 27.4 per cent of the Poles in the latter. No Irish and only small proportions of the Bohemians and Moravians, Magyars, and Poles as compared with the proportions shown by the Swedes and Germans earn \$17.50 or over per week. No Bohemians and Moravians and no Irish earn \$20 or over and no Lithuanians earn \$22.50 or over per week, the proportions of the other races earning each of these amounts being very small. As regards those who have been in the United States ten years or over, over 50 per cent of each race, it will be noted, earn \$12.50 or over per week. Of those earning \$15 or over and \$17.50 or over per week the proportions range from 56.5 per cent of the Swedes to 28.1 per cent of the Magyars earning the former amount and from 33.3 per cent of the Greeks to 9.2 per cent of the Poles earning the latter amount. No Greeks or Magyars and only very small proportions of the other races earn \$20 or over per week, while no Bohemians and Moravians, Greeks, or Magyars and less than 2 per cent of either of the other races earn \$22.50 or over per week.

EMPLOYERS' OPINIONS OF THE RECENT IMMIGRANTS.

Officials of the carriage company state that the Swedes are the most industrious and thrifty among the immigrant races; that they make better workmen than any others, the Americans included, and that they are easy to manage. An official of the wagon company stated that the Germans are the best skilled workmen they can employ, owing to the fact that most of them were mechanics before they came

to the United States. This company has ten foremen, all of whom are Germans. The Swedes are said to be industrious and capable workmen, learning rapidly, and are thoroughly satisfactory in every way. Belgians, Greeks, and Lithuanians are employed as common laborers. Officials of the plow works state that they prefer Swedes and Germans as they are easier to handle than the other immigrants, owing to the fact that most of them speak English. The Lithuanians the company employs as polishers are stated to be good workmen, but they are employed because of the fact that the foreman for the polishing department is a Lithuanian. Greeks and Belgians are employed as common laborers; they are the only races who will stay in the unskilled occupations. The statement made by plow company No. 2 is that they prefer the Swedes in all departments. The Swedes have been found to be the most industrious workmen that this company has ever employed. Belgians and Greeks are employed in the unskilled occupations in this establishment for the same reasons as in the plants in the town—because they are the only races who will do the menial work. The Swedes are considered the best blacksmiths in the shops.

CHAPTER IV.

SALIENT CHARACTERISTICS.

Literacy—Conjugal condition—Visits abroad—Age classification of employees—[Text Tables 98 to 104 and General Tables 62 to 66].

LITERACY.

The general literacy of the employees in the households studied is exhibited by the following table. This table shows, by sex and general nativity and race, the percentage of employees who read and the percentage who both read and write:

TABLE 98.—*Per cent of employees who read and per cent who read and write, by sex and general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who read.			Per cent who read and write.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:									
White.....	3,671	58	3,729	99.5	100.0	99.5	99.5	100.0	99.5
Negro.....	206	.....	206	92.7	.....	92.7	92.7	.....	92.7
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Austria-Hungary.....	134	19	153	98.5	100.0	98.7	98.5	100.0	98.7
England.....	173	4	177	99.4	(a)	99.4	99.4	(a)	99.4
Germany.....	2,215	232	2,447	99.9	98.7	99.8	99.8	98.3	99.6
Ireland.....	360	22	382	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.7	100.0	99.7
Russia.....	216	23	239	99.5	100.0	99.6	99.5	100.0	99.6
Scotland.....	84	1	85	100.0	(a)	100.0	100.0	(a)	100.0
Sweden.....	420	5	425	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.8	100.0	99.8
Foreign-born, by race:									
Bohemian and Moravian.....	351	22	373	98.9	95.5	98.7	98.3	95.5	98.1
Canadian, Other.....	111	3	114	99.1	(a)	99.1	99.1	(a)	99.1
Croatian.....	170	6	176	82.4	83.3	82.4	79.4	83.3	79.5
Danish.....	215	.....	215	100.0	.....	100.0	100.0	.....	100.0
Dutch.....	148	3	151	98.6	(a)	98.7	98.6	(a)	98.7
English.....	127	.....	127	100.0	.....	100.0	100.0	.....	100.0
German.....	2,243	68	2,311	98.5	95.6	98.4	97.9	95.6	97.9
Greek.....	267	.....	267	93.6	.....	93.6	93.3	.....	93.3
Irish.....	232	5	237	95.7	100.0	95.8	95.3	100.0	95.4
Italian, North.....	174	2	176	92.0	(a)	92.0	92.0	(a)	92.0
Lithuanian.....	721	63	784	85.6	90.5	86.0	77.5	74.6	77.3
Magyar.....	712	15	727	96.9	66.7	96.3	96.3	66.7	95.7
Norwegian.....	179	.....	179	100.0	.....	100.0	100.0	.....	100.0
Polish.....	4,223	352	4,575	88.5	83.0	88.1	84.1	69.6	83.0
Russian.....	222	9	231	84.2	66.7	83.5	78.8	66.7	78.4
Servian.....	93	7	100	67.7	42.9	66.0	64.5	42.9	63.0
Slovak.....	205	9	214	91.2	100.0	91.6	89.8	100.0	90.2
Slovenian.....	111	19	130	89.2	84.2	88.5	87.4	78.9	86.2
Swedish.....	1,581	2	1,583	100.0	(a)	100.0	99.6	(a)	99.6
Grand total.....	20,712	968	21,680	95.5	90.5	95.2	93.9	84.3	93.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....	3,954	313	4,267	99.9	99.0	99.8	99.7	98.7	99.6
Total native-born.....	7,831	371	8,202	99.5	99.2	99.5	99.4	98.9	99.4
Total foreign-born.....	12,881	597	13,478	93.0	85.1	92.6	90.6	75.2	89.9

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved

Of 21,680 employees of this industry for whom information was obtained, 95.2 per cent can read, while a slightly smaller proportion, or 93.5 per cent, can both read and write. Among those who can read only the males report 95.5 per cent and the females 90.5 per cent, while of those who can both read and write the proportion of males and females are 93.9 and 84.3 per cent, respectively. The foreign-born, it will be noted, show a slightly smaller proportion of both males and females who can read, a slightly smaller proportion of males and a considerably smaller proportion of females who can both read and write than is shown in the total for all employees. The native-born of foreign father and native whites born of native father, on the other hand, show a slightly larger proportion of males and a considerably larger proportion of females who can read only, and a considerably larger proportion of males and a very much larger proportion of females who can both read and write than is shown for all employees in the total. No negro females are shown in the above table, but the proportion of males who can read and who can both read and write is considerably smaller than the proportion shown for the native whites born of native father. Among the foreign-born males it will be noted that all the Danes, English, Norwegians, and Swedes are able to read, the proportions of the remaining races with ability to read ranges from 99.1 per cent of the Canadians, other than French, to 66 per cent of the Servians. Among the females all Irish and Slovaks read, the proportions of the other races ranging from 95.6 per cent of the Germans to 42.9 per cent of the Servians. The Servians, it will be noted, both males and females, show a much smaller proportion with ability to read than do any of the other races. Among the foreign-born males who can both read and write it will be seen that with the exception of the Lithuanians and Russians the proportions of the other races vary, when at all, only very slightly from the proportions shown for these same races who read only. In only three instances do the proportions of females who both read and write vary from the proportions who read only. This will be found to exist among the Lithuanians, Poles, and Slovenians. In the case of the Slovenians the proportion with ability both to read and write is slightly smaller, while in the case of the Lithuanians and Poles the proportion with ability to read and write is much smaller than the proportion with ability to read only. Among the native-born of foreign father those males whose fathers were born in Ireland, Scotland, and Sweden all read, and those males whose fathers were born in Scotland all read and write. With these exceptions those who were born in this country and whose fathers were born in some other country each show a small proportion who are unable to read and both read and write. Of the females, only those whose fathers were born in Germany show a small proportion who are unable to read or to both read and write.

CONJUGAL CONDITION.

The table next submitted shows, by sex and general nativity and race, the percentage of employees 20 years of age or over in each conjugal condition.

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TABLE 99.—*Per cent of employees 20 years of age or over in each conjugal condition, by sex and general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father:				
White.....	3,313	30.5	64.9	4.6
Negro.....	195	25.6	67.7	6.7
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:				
Austria-Hungary.....	96	42.7	56.3	1.0
England.....	162	20.4	74.7	4.9
Germany.....	1,891	41.1	56.9	2.0
Ireland.....	339	36.6	58.7	4.7
Russia.....	153	47.7	52.3	.0
Scotland.....	83	25.3	69.9	4.8
Sweden.....	315	53.3	44.1	2.5
Foreign-born, by race:				
Bohemian and Moravian.....	345	18.0	79.4	2.6
Canadian (other than French).....	110	23.6	71.8	4.5
Croatian.....	171	44.4	52.6	2.9
Danish.....	207	28.5	66.2	5.3
Dutch.....	141	25.5	71.6	2.8
English.....	129	14.0	80.6	5.4
German.....	2,203	15.3	81.3	3.4
Greek.....	248	62.1	37.1	.8
Irish.....	232	26.3	66.8	6.9
Italian, North.....	162	32.7	64.2	3.1
Lithuanian.....	725	56.1	42.9	1.0
Magyar.....	671	34.0	63.6	2.4
Norwegian.....	170	21.8	73.5	4.7
Polish.....	4,136	24.8	73.7	1.5
Russian.....	219	39.3	59.4	1.4
Servian.....	83	47.0	51.8	1.2
Slovak.....	198	30.3	69.2	.5
Slovenian.....	102	36.3	62.7	1.0
Swedish.....	1,559	31.2	64.5	4.3
Grand total.....	19,406	30.7	66.3	3.0
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Total native-born of foreign father.....	3,326	40.4	57.1	2.5
Total native-born.....	6,834	35.2	61.2	3.6
Total foreign-born.....	12,572	28.3	69.1	2.6

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	34	82.4	5.9	11.8
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:				
Austria-Hungary.....	9	55.6	11.1	33.3
England.....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)
Germany.....	137	92.7	5.8	1.5
Ireland.....	15	80.0	6.7	13.3
Russia.....	10	80.0	20.0	.0
Sweden.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)
Foreign-born, by race:				
Bohemian and Moravian.....	16	87.5	12.5	.0
Canadian (other than French).....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)
Dutch.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	47	38.3	55.3	6.4
Irish.....	5	80.0	20.0	.0
Italian, North.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)
Lithuanian.....	54	88.9	9.3	1.9
Magyar.....	10	20.0	70.0	10.0
Polish.....	202	79.7	15.8	4.5
Russian.....	11	63.6	18.2	18.2
Servian.....	6	.0	100.0	.0
Slovak.....	6	66.7	16.7	16.7
Slovenian.....	13	53.8	46.2	.0
Swedish.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)
Grand total.....	604	77.0	17.7	5.3
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Total native-born of foreign father.....	182	88.5	6.6	4.9
Total native-born.....	216	87.5	6.5	6.0
Total foreign-born.....	388	71.1	24.0	4.9

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 99.—Per cent of employees 20 years of age or over in each conjugal condition, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

TOTAL.				
General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father:				
White.....	3,347	31.0	64.3	4.6
Negro.....	195	25.6	67.7	6.7
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:				
Austria-Hungary.....	105	43.8	52.4	3.8
England.....	166	21.7	72.9	5.4
Germany.....	2,028	44.6	53.5	1.9
Ireland.....	354	38.4	56.5	5.1
Russia.....	163	49.7	50.3	.0
Scotland.....	83	25.3	69.9	4.8
Sweden.....	318	53.8	43.7	2.5
Foreign-born, by race:				
Bohemian and Moravian.....	361	21.1	76.5	2.5
Canadian (other than French).....	113	25.7	69.9	4.4
Croatian.....	171	44.4	52.6	2.9
Danish.....	207	28.5	66.2	5.3
Dutch.....	143	25.9	71.3	2.8
English.....	129	14.0	80.6	5.4
German.....	2,250	15.8	80.8	3.5
Greek.....	248	62.1	37.1	.8
Irish.....	237	27.4	65.8	6.8
Italian, North.....	164	33.5	63.4	3.0
Lithuanian.....	779	58.4	40.6	1.0
Magyar.....	681	33.8	63.7	2.5
Norwegian.....	170	21.8	73.5	4.7
Polish.....	4,338	27.3	71.0	1.7
Russian.....	230	40.4	57.4	2.2
Servian.....	89	43.8	55.1	1.1
Slovak.....	204	31.4	67.6	1.0
Slovenian.....	115	38.3	60.9	.9
Swedish.....	1,560	31.2	64.5	4.3
Grand total.....	20,010	32.1	64.9	3.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	3,508	42.9	54.5	2.7
Total native-born.....	7,050	36.8	59.5	3.7
Total foreign-born.....	12,960	29.6	67.8	2.7

Of 20,010 employees 20 years of age or over shown in the preceding table 64.9 per cent are married and 3 per cent are widowed. The employees of foreign birth show 67.8 per cent married, closely followed, in the order named, by the negro employees who are native born of native father and the whites who are native-born of native father, while the employees who are native-born of foreign father show 54.5 per cent who are married. The negro employees who are native-born of native father show the highest percentage widowed, followed by the native whites born of native father, the native-born of foreign father, and the foreign-born employees, the last two nativity groups showing the same percentage of persons who are widowed. Of the employees who are native-born of foreign father those of English parentage show the highest percentage and those of Swedish parentage the lowest percentage who are married. The employees who are of English parentage also show the highest percentage of persons who are widowed, while none of the employees of Russian parentage are widowed. Among the foreign-born employees the Germans show the highest percentage and the Greeks the lowest percentage who are married, and the Irish the highest percentage and the Greeks the lowest percentage who are widowed. The male

employees show 66.3 per cent of persons who are married and 3 per cent who are widowed, as contrasted with 17.7 per cent of the female employees who are married and 5.3 per cent who are widowed.

The table next presented shows, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race, the percentage of employees in each conjugal condition:

TABLE 100.—Per cent of employees in each conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 200 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race.	20 to 29 years of age.			30 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age or over.			20 years of age or over.						
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father, White.....	1,436	55.7	43.6	0.7	1,157	14.6	80.7	4.7	720	5.8	82.1	12.1	3,313	30.5	64.9	4.6
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																
Germany.....	1,034	62.3	36.8	.9	630	18.6	79.7	1.7	227	7.5	85.0	7.5	1,891	41.1	56.9	2.0
Ireland.....	78	69.2	30.8	.0	152	30.9	63.8	5.3	109	21.1	71.6	7.3	339	36.6	58.7	4.7
Sweden.....	214	68.2	31.3	.5	94	22.3	70.2	7.4	7	(a)	(a)	(a)	315	53.3	44.1	2.5
Foreign-born, by race:																
Bohemian and Moravian.....	107	48.6	51.4	.0	164	5.5	89.6	4.9	74	1.4	97.3	1.4	345	18.0	79.4	2.6
Danish.....	71	53.5	46.5	.0	75	22.7	73.3	4.0	61	6.6	80.3	13.1	207	28.5	66.2	5.3
German.....	423	49.6	49.6	.7	837	11.7	86.1	2.2	943	3.1	91.2	5.7	2,203	15.3	81.3	3.4
Greek.....	161	84.5	14.3	1.2	79	22.8	77.2	.0	8	(a)	(a)	(a)	248	62.1	37.1	.8
Irish.....	27	85.2	14.8	0	91	29.7	68.1	2.2	114	9.6	78.1	12.3	232	26.3	66.8	6.9
Lithuanian.....	398	80.4	19.6	.0	297	28.6	69.4	2.0	30	6.7	90.0	3.3	725	56.1	42.9	1.0
Magyar.....	316	60.8	38.6	.6	304	11.8	85.2	3.0	51	0	90.2	9.8	671	34.0	63.6	2.4
Polish.....	1,706	52.5	47.2	.3	1,806	6.5	92.2	1.3	624	1.8	92.6	5.6	4,136	24.8	73.7	1.5
Russian.....	121	61.2	38.8	.0	85	12.9	83.5	3.5	13	7.7	92.3	.0	219	39.3	59.4	1.4
Slovak.....	95	61.1	38.9	.0	85	2.4	96.5	1.2	18	0	100.0	.0	198	30.3	69.2	.5
Swedish.....	378	73.5	25.7	.8	658	26.7	71.3	2.0	523	6.1	84.1	9.8	1,559	31.2	64.5	4.3
Grand total.....	7,759	59.5	39.9	.6	7,559	14.9	82.5	2.7	4,088	5.3	86.6	8.0	19,406	30.7	66.3	3.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	1,734	61.5	37.8	.7	1,135	20.0	76.9	3.1	457	10.7	81.2	8.1	3,326	40.4	57.1	2.5
Total native-born.....	3,224	58.8	40.5	.7	2,380	17.4	78.5	4.1	1,230	7.8	81.8	10.4	6,834	35.2	61.2	3.6
Total foreign-born.....	4,535	60.0	39.5	.5	5,179	13.7	84.3	2.0	2,858	4.3	88.7	7.0	12,572	28.3	69.1	2.6

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 20,010 employees reporting who are 20 years of age or over, 64.9 per cent are married and 3 per cent are widowed. Of those who are from 20 to 29 years of age, 38.3 per cent are married and 0.7 per cent are widowed. In the group including employees from 30 to 44 years of age 82.2 per cent are married and 2.8 per cent are widowed, while of the employees who are 45 years of age or over 86.6 per cent are married and 8 per cent are widowed. In the group including employees from 20 to 29 years of age those who are native-born whites of native father show the highest per cent who are married, followed by the employees of foreign birth and those who are native-born of foreign father in the order named. The employees who are native-born of foreign father show the highest per cent who are widowed in this group, closely followed by the native-born whites of native father and the employees of foreign birth. In the groups including persons from 30 to 44 years of age, 45 years of age or over, and 20 years of age or over the employees who are foreign-born show the highest percentage married, followed in the order named by the native whites born of native father and the native-born of foreign father in somewhat smaller proportions. In each of the groups just mentioned the employees who are native whites born of native father show the highest percentage widowed. Of the employees who are native-born of foreign father, those of German parentage show the highest percentage who are married in each age group, except that including persons 20 years of age or over, where the employees of Irish parentage show the highest per cent who are married. In the group of persons from 20 to 29 years of age and in the group including persons 20 years of age or over the employees of Irish parentage show the highest per cent who are widowed. In the group including persons from 30 to 44 years of age the employees of Swedish parentage show the highest per cent widowed, and of persons 45 years of age or over the employees of German parentage show the highest percentage who are widowed. Of the foreign-born employees, the Germans show the highest percentage and the Greeks the lowest percentage who are married in the group including employees from 20 to 29 years of age. In this group the Greeks show the highest percentage widowed, while none of the Bohemians and Moravians, Danes, Irish, Lithuanians, and Slovaks are widowed. In the group of employees from 30 to 44 years of age the Slovaks show the highest percentage and the Irish the lowest percentage who are married, and the Bohemians and Moravians the highest percentage who are widowed, while none of the Greeks in this group are widowed. Of the employees 45 years of age or over, 100 per cent of the Slovaks, as contrasted with only 78.1 per cent of the Irish, are married. The Danes show 13.1 per cent widowed, as contrasted with no Russians or Slovaks. Of the employees 20 years of age or over, the Germans show the highest percentage and the Greeks the lowest percentage who are married, and the Irish the highest and the Greeks the lowest percentage who are widowed. In each age group where the figures have been computed the male employees show a considerably higher percentage who are married and a smaller percentage who are widowed than do the female employees. The most significant fact in connection with the conjugal condition of foreign-born employees is the location of the wives of the married males. The table next sub-

mitted shows, by race of husband, the percentage of foreign-born husbands who report wife in the United States and the percentage who report wife abroad.

TABLE 101.—*Per cent of foreign-born husbands who report wife in the United States and per cent who report wife abroad, by race of husband.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of husband.	Number reporting complete data.	Percent reporting wife—	
		In United States.	Abroad.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	266	95.1	4.9
Canadian, Other.....	79	97.5	2.5
Croatian.....	87	55.2	44.8
Danish.....	137	96.4	3.6
Dutch.....	96	100.0	.0
English.....	100	98.0	2.0
German.....	1,770	98.0	2.0
Greek.....	92	31.5	68.5
Irish.....	154	97.4	2.6
Italian, North.....	103	82.5	17.5
Italian, South.....	41	63.4	36.6
Lithuanian.....	304	75.3	24.7
Magyar.....	425	65.4	34.6
Norwegian.....	124	96.0	4.0
Polish.....	2,975	88.6	11.4
Russian.....	126	53.2	46.8
Servian.....	42	42.9	57.1
Slovak.....	131	63.4	36.6
Slovenian.....	64	60.9	39.1
Swedish.....	997	98.5	1.5
Total.....	8,538	88.3	11.7

Of 8,538 husbands shown in the above table, 88.3 per cent report wife in the United States and 11.7 per cent report wife abroad. The Greek husbands show the largest proportion which is 68.5 per cent who report wife abroad, while over 55 per cent of the Servian husbands, over 40 per cent of the Russian and Croatian husbands, over 30 per cent of the Slovenian, Slovak, Magyar, and South Italian husbands and over 20 per cent of the Lithuanian husbands report wife abroad. The North Italian and Polish husbands show 17.5 per cent and 11.4 per cent, respectively, while no husbands of any of the other specified races show over 5 per cent who report wife abroad.

The disposition on the part of the foreign-born husbands, especially those of more recent immigration, after stated periods of residence in the United States to send for their wives is set forth in the following table, which shows, by race of husband and by years husband has been in the United States, the percentage of foreign-born husbands who report wife abroad.

TABLE 102.—*Per cent of foreign-born husbands who report wife abroad, by race of husband and by years husband has been in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 100 or more husbands reporting.]

Race of husband.	Number having been in United States each specified number of years who report location of wife.				Per cent having been in United States each specified number of years who report wife abroad.			
	Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Total.	Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Total.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	36	49	181	266	30.6	0.0	1.1	4.9
Danish.....	16	25	96	137	12.5	8.0	1.0	3.6
English.....	10	10	80	100	10.0	.0	1.3	2.0
German.....	122	111	1,537	1,770	22.1	3.6	.3	2.0
Irish.....	3	5	146	154	(a)	.0	2.1	2.6
Italian, North.....	27	41	35	103	37.0	14.6	5.7	17.5
Lithuanian.....	104	91	109	304	46.2	24.2	4.6	24.7
Magyar.....	264	119	42	425	48.9	12.6	7.1	34.6
Norwegian.....	6	21	97	124	16.7	9.5	2.1	4.0
Polish.....	657	793	1,525	2,975	38.5	8.2	1.3	11.4
Russian.....	76	32	18	126	68.4	21.9	.0	46.8
Slovak.....	81	28	22	131	49.4	25.0	4.5	36.6
Swedish.....	38	113	846	997	18.4	3.5	.5	1.5

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The preceding table shows that 46.8 per cent of the Russian husbands report wife abroad, the Slovak husbands show over 35 per cent, the Magyar husbands slightly less than 35 per cent, the Lithuanian husbands slightly less than 25 per cent, while the North Italian and Polish husbands show 17.5 and 11.4 per cent, respectively, who report wife abroad. It will be observed that no husbands of other specified races show over 5 per cent who report wife abroad. Of the foreign-born husbands who have been in the United States under five years, the Russians show the highest percentage and the English the lowest percentage who report wife abroad. Of the husbands who have been in the United States from five to nine years, the Slovaks report 25 per cent, while none of the English, Irish, or Bohemian and Moravian husbands report wife abroad. Of the husbands who have been in the United States ten years or over, the Magyars show 7.1 per cent who report wife abroad, as contrasted with less than 1 per cent of the German and no Russian husbands, whose wives are abroad.

VISITS ABROAD.

As showing the tendency of foreign-born employees toward visiting their native land, the next table is submitted. This table shows, by sex, years in the United States and race, the visits abroad made by foreign-born employees.

TABLE 103.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 200 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

MALE.

Race.	Number in United States.				Per cent reporting 1 or more visits, by years in United States.			
	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	56	62	172	290	1.8	6.5	1.7	2.8
German.....	191	146	1,700	2,037	2.6	4.1	7.2	6.5
Greek.....	170	75	12	257	7.6	9.3	41.7	9.7
Irish.....	14	15	185	214	.0	26.7	12.4	12.6
Lithuanian.....	345	192	132	669	4.6	6.8	9.1	6.1
Magyar.....	393	139	49	581	6.6	8.6	16.3	7.9
Polish.....	1,235	939	1,521	3,745	5.6	7.8	7.1	6.8
Russian.....	139	46	23	208	4.3	8.7	13.0	6.3
Swedish.....	181	233	1,089	1,503	3.3	15.9	14.8	13.6
Total.....	3,642	2,293	5,673	11,608	5.5	10.6	11.5	9.4

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	4	1	14	22.2	(a)	(a)	14.3
German.....	31	7	21	59	16.1	14.3	4.8	11.9
Irish.....	2	1	1	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Lithuanian.....	39	4	2	45	2.6	(a)	(a)	2.2
Magyar.....	10	3	1	14	.0	(a)	(a)	7.1
Polish.....	230	31	17	278	3.5	12.9	5.9	4.7
Russian.....	9	1	1	11	.0	(a)	(a)	.0
Swedish.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Total.....	367	61	49	477	4.6	9.8	8.2	5.7

TOTAL.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	65	66	173	304	4.6	6.1	1.7	3.3
German.....	222	153	1,721	2,096	4.5	4.6	7.1	6.7
Greek.....	170	75	12	257	7.6	9.3	41.7	9.7
Irish.....	16	16	186	218	.0	25.0	12.4	12.4
Lithuanian.....	384	196	134	714	4.4	6.6	9.0	5.9
Magyar.....	403	142	50	595	6.5	8.5	18.0	7.9
Polish.....	1,515	970	1,538	4,023	5.3	7.9	7.1	6.6
Russian.....	148	47	24	219	4.1	8.5	12.5	5.9
Swedish.....	181	233	1,090	1,504	3.3	15.9	14.8	13.6
Total.....	4,009	2,354	5,722	12,085	5.4	10.5	11.4	9.3

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Information was obtained for 12,085 foreign-born employees in this industry. Of that number, without regard to the period of residence in the United States, only 9.3 per cent have made one or more visits to their native country, the proportions having made one or more visits abroad ranging from 13.6 per cent for the Swedes to 3.3 per cent for the Bohemians and Moravians. Of those who have been in the United States under five years only 5.4 per cent have made one or more visits abroad as compared with 10.5 per

cent of those with a residence of from five to nine years and 11.4 per cent of those with a residence of ten years or over. While no Irish with a residence of less than five years have made one or more visits abroad, they show the largest proportion, or 25 per cent, of those with a residence of from five to nine years. The Swedes show the next largest proportion, or 15.9 per cent, of those with a residence of from five to nine years who have made one or more visits abroad. With the above exceptions there is very little difference in the proportions of the various races in either of these periods of residence. The widest difference will be noted among those who have been in the United States ten years or over, the Greeks reporting the largest proportion, or 41.7 per cent, and the Bohemians and Moravians the smallest proportion, or 1.7 per cent. As regards the other races in this period of residence the proportions having made one or more visits abroad range from 18 per cent of the Magyars to 7.1 per cent each of the Germans and Poles. Among the males it will be noted from the above table that the proportion of those belonging to each race in each period of residence group who have made one or more visits to their native country vary, when at all, only slightly from the proportions shown in the total for all foreign-born employees. Among the females it will be noted that of those who have been in the United States under five years no Magyars or Russians and only very small proportions of Lithuanians and Poles as compared with 16.1 per cent of the Germans and 22.2 per cent of the Bohemians and Moravians have made one or more visits to their native country. As between the Germans and Poles who have been in the United States from five to nine and ten years or over it will be noted that there is little difference in the proportion having made one or more visits abroad in either period of residence group, the proportion of each race in the latter group being slightly below the proportion shown in the former.

AGE CLASSIFICATION OF EMPLOYEES.

The age characteristics of employees of this industry in this locality are exhibited in the table next submitted, which shows, by sex and general nativity and race, the percentage of employees within each age group.

TABLE 104.—Per cent of employees within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.							
		Under 14.	14 to 19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 or over.
Native-born of native father:									
White.....	3,702	0.0	10.4	20.3	18.5	12.5	18.9	12.0	7.5
Negro.....	207	.0	5.8	10.6	15.5	15.0	27.5	15.5	10.1
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Austria-Hungary.....	136	.0	29.4	29.4	20.6	13.2	5.1	2.2	.0
England.....	174	.0	6.9	10.9	15.5	10.9	32.8	17.8	5.2
Germany.....	2,241	.0	15.6	27.0	19.1	13.9	14.2	7.8	2.4
Ireland.....	365	.0	7.1	9.9	11.5	12.9	28.8	23.3	6.6
Russia.....	220	.0	30.5	35.9	19.5	8.2	5.9	.0	.0
Scotland.....	85	.0	2.4	11.8	20.0	11.8	25.9	18.8	9.4
Sweden.....	425	.0	25.9	29.9	20.5	11.8	10.4	1.6	.0
Foreign-born, by race:									
Bohemian and Moravian.....	354	.0	2.5	9.6	20.6	19.8	26.6	17.8	3.1
Canadian (other than French).....	111	.0	.9	12.6	13.5	13.5	21.6	25.2	12.6
Croatian.....	175	.0	1.7	29.1	30.9	12.6	19.4	5.7	.6
Danish.....	215	.0	3.3	13.0	20.5	10.2	24.7	19.1	9.3
Dutch.....	149	.0	5.4	14.1	14.1	11.4	28.2	18.1	8.7
English.....	129	.0	.0	6.2	10.1	14.7	20.2	27.9	20.9
German.....	2,258	.0	2.4	5.8	13.0	10.9	26.1	27.5	14.3
Greek.....	268	.0	7.1	32.8	27.6	16.8	12.7	2.6	.4
Irish.....	233	.0	.4	3.0	8.6	8.6	30.5	33.0	15.9
Italian, North.....	175	.0	7.4	27.4	16.6	17.1	20.0	10.3	1.1
Lithuanian.....	735	.0	1.2	23.0	31.3	20.0	20.4	3.9	.1
Magyar.....	715	.0	6.2	20.1	24.1	17.5	25.0	6.7	.4
Norwegian.....	179	.0	5.0	11.7	14.5	9.5	21.8	25.1	12.3
Polish.....	4,278	.0	2.9	17.3	22.7	17.8	24.5	11.9	2.8
Russian.....	226	.0	3.1	19.9	33.6	16.8	20.8	5.8	.0
Servian.....	93	.0	10.8	34.4	25.8	10.8	15.1	3.2	.0
Slovak.....	212	.0	6.6	26.9	17.9	14.2	25.9	7.5	.9
Slovenian.....	112	.0	8.0	30.4	17.9	15.2	25.0	3.6	.0
Swedish.....	1,589	.0	1.8	10.3	13.5	12.3	29.2	21.4	11.5
Grand total.....	20,916	.0	7.1	17.7	19.4	14.3	21.9	13.7	5.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	4,001	.0	16.8	24.9	18.5	13.0	15.4	8.8	2.6
Total native-born.....	7,910	.0	13.6	22.4	18.4	12.8	17.3	10.5	5.1
Total foreign-born.....	13,006	.0	3.2	14.9	20.1	15.2	24.7	15.7	6.3

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	58	0.0	41.4	36.2	12.1	6.9	3.4	0.0	0.0
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Austria-Hungary.....	20	.0	55.0	35.0	5.0	.0	5.0	.0	.0
England.....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Germany.....	232	.0	39.7	47.4	9.9	1.7	1.3	.0	.0
Ireland.....	22	.0	31.8	45.5	9.1	4.5	4.5	.0	.0
Russia.....	23	.0	56.5	30.4	8.7	4.3	.0	.0	.0
Scotland.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Sweden.....	5	.0	40.0	40.0	20.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Foreign-born, by race:									
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	.0	27.3	68.2	4.5	.0	.0	.0	.0
Canadian (other than French).....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Croatian.....	6	.0	100.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Dutch.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	69	.0	31.9	29.0	21.7	13.0	4.3	.0	.0

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 104.—Per cent of employees within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

FEMALE—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.							
		Under 14.	14 to 19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 or over.
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.									
Irish.....	5	0.0	0.0	80.0	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italian, North.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Lithuanian.....	69	.0	21.7	56.5	15.9	4.3	.0	.0	1.4
Magyar.....	15	.0	33.3	40.0	26.7	.0	.0	.0	.0
Polish.....	359	.0	43.7	44.3	8.4	2.2	1.4	.0	.0
Russian.....	13	.0	15.4	61.5	15.4	7.7	.0	.0	.0
Servian.....	7	.0	14.3	28.6	14.3	42.9	.0	.0	.0
Slovak.....	9	.0	33.3	55.6	.0	11.1	.0	.0	.0
Slovenian.....	19	.0	31.6	36.8	31.6	.0	.0	.0	.0
Swedish.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Grand total.....	987	.0	38.5	44.5	11.2	3.9	1.7	.1	.1
Total native-born of foreign father.....	314	.0	41.1	45.2	9.2	2.2	1.9	.3	.0
Total native-born.....	372	.0	41.1	43.8	9.7	3.0	2.2	.3	.0
Total foreign-born.....	615	.0	36.9	44.9	12.2	4.4	1.5	.0	.2

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father:									
White.....	3,760	0.0	10.9	20.6	18.4	12.4	18.6	11.8	7.3
Negro.....	207	.0	5.8	10.6	15.5	15.0	27.5	15.5	10.1
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Austria-Hungary.....	156	.0	32.7	30.1	18.6	11.5	5.1	1.9	.0
England.....	178	.0	6.7	12.4	15.2	10.7	32.6	17.4	5.1
Germany.....	2,473	.0	17.8	29.0	18.2	12.8	13.0	7.0	2.1
Ireland.....	387	.0	8.5	11.9	11.4	12.4	27.4	22.2	6.2
Russia.....	243	.0	32.9	35.4	18.5	7.8	5.3	.0	.0
Scotland.....	86	.0	3.5	11.6	19.8	11.6	25.6	18.6	9.3
Sweden.....	430	.0	26.0	30.0	20.5	11.6	10.2	1.6	.0
Foreign-born, by race:									
Bohemian and Moravian.....	376	.0	4.0	13.0	19.7	18.6	25.0	16.8	2.9
Canadian (other than French).....	114	.0	.9	14.0	14.0	13.2	24.6	21.1	12.3
Croatian.....	181	.0	5.0	28.2	29.8	12.2	18.8	5.5	.6
Danish.....	215	.0	3.3	13.0	20.5	10.2	24.7	19.1	9.3
Dutch.....	152	.0	5.9	15.1	13.8	11.2	27.6	17.8	8.6
English.....	129	.0	.0	6.2	10.1	14.7	20.2	27.9	20.9
German.....	2,327	.0	3.3	6.4	13.3	11.0	25.5	26.7	13.8
Greek.....	268	.0	7.1	32.8	27.6	16.8	12.7	2.6	.4
Irish.....	238	.0	.4	4.6	8.8	8.4	29.8	32.4	15.5
Italian, North.....	177	.0	7.3	28.2	16.4	16.9	19.8	10.2	1.1
Lithuanian.....	804	.0	3.0	25.9	30.0	18.7	18.7	3.6	.2
Magyar.....	730	.0	6.7	20.5	24.1	17.1	24.5	6.6	.4
Norwegian.....	179	.0	5.0	11.7	14.5	9.5	21.8	25.1	12.3
Polish.....	4,637	.0	6.1	19.4	21.6	16.6	22.8	11.0	2.6
Russian.....	23	.0	3.8	22.2	32.6	16.3	19.7	5.4	.0
Servian.....	100	.0	11.0	34.0	25.0	13.0	14.0	3.0	.0
Slovak.....	221	.0	7.7	28.1	17.2	14.0	24.9	7.2	.9
Slovenian.....	131	.0	11.5	31.3	19.8	13.0	21.4	3.1	.0
Swedish.....	1,591	.0	1.9	10.2	13.6	12.3	29.2	21.4	11.5
Grand total.....	21,903	.0	8.5	18.9	19.1	13.8	21.0	13.1	5.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	4,315	.0	18.6	26.3	17.8	12.2	14.4	8.2	2.5
Total native-born.....	8,282	.0	14.8	23.3	18.0	12.3	16.7	10.0	4.9
Total foreign-born.....	13,621	.0	4.7	16.3	19.7	14.7	23.6	15.0	6.0

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 21,903 persons employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements in the Middle West, the largest proportion, or 21 per cent, are from 35 to 44 years of age, the proportions who are from 25 to 29, 20 to 24, 30 to 34, or 45 to 54 years of age following in the order named and less than 10 per cent under 20 years of age or 55 years of age or over. Of the employees, who are of the races of older immigration, or the Canadian, Danish, Dutch, English, German, Irish, Norwegian, and Swedish, the proportion who are 45 years of age or over is larger than that shown by the races of more recent immigration, the races of more recent immigration showing a larger proportion of each specified age under 30 years. Comparing the total number of males and females it is seen that the females show a larger proportion than the males as regards those who are from 14 to 19 or 20 to 24 years of age only. This statement applies to each nativity group, except the native negroes, born of native father, which is composed of males entirely and whose ages correspond more nearly with the foreign-born. The remarks made concerning the age composition of the totals apply in general to the males of each race, while the females are considerably younger than the males.

CHAPTER V.

GENERAL PROGRESS AND ASSIMILATION.

Citizenship—Ability to speak English—[Text Tables 105 to 109 and General Tables 67 to 69].

CITIZENSHIP.

The extent to which the foreign-born male employees have acquired citizenship or have taken the preliminary steps looking thereto is indicated by the table next presented. This table shows, by race, the present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States five years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming.

TABLE 105.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number—		Per cent—	
		Fully nat- uralized.	Having first papers only.	Fully nat- uralized.	Having first papers only.
Albanian.....	1	.....	1	(a)	(a)
Armenian.....	13	7	4	(a)	(a)
Bohemian and Moravian.....	120	75	19	62.5	15.8
Bulgarian.....	1	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Canadian, French.....	4	2	1	(a)	(a)
Canadian, Other.....	36	19	9	(a)	(a)
Croatian.....	44	9	5	20.5	11.4
Danish.....	81	49	22	60.5	27.2
Dutch.....	58	32	15	55.2	25.9
English.....	45	32	6	71.1	13.3
Finnish.....	6	1	5	(a)	(a)
Flemish.....	9	2	5	(a)	(a)
French.....	8	5	2	(a)	(a)
German.....	908	672	178	74.0	19.6
Greek.....	51	5	13	9.8	25.5
Hebrew, Russian.....	13	1	12	(a)	(a)
Hebrew, Other.....	8	3	5	(a)	(a)
Irish.....	72	46	17	63.9	23.6
Italian, North.....	59	16	11	27.1	18.6
Italian, South.....	28	7	16	(a)	(a)
Lithuanian.....	185	40	30	21.6	16.2
Magyar.....	147	22	105	15.0	71.4
Norwegian.....	70	44	22	62.9	31.4
Polish.....	1,514	494	376	32.6	24.8
Roumanian.....	4	.....	2	(a)	(a)
Russian.....	39	1	15	(a)	(a)
Ruthenian.....	4	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Scotch.....	20	16	4	(a)	(a)
Servian.....	4	1	.....	(a)	(a)
Slovak.....	35	3	12	(a)	(a)
Slovenian.....	24	3	10	(a)	(a)
Swedish.....	678	531	114	78.3	16.8
Syrian.....	1	1	.....	(a)	(a)
Turkish.....	1	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Welsh.....	1	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Austrian (race not specified).....	17	7	2	(a)	(a)
Belgian (race not specified).....	100	34	46	34.0	46.0
Swiss (race not specified).....	4	2	2	(a)	(a)
Total.....	4,419	2,185	1,094	49.4	24.8

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 4,419 foreign-born males shown in the foregoing table who have been in the United States five years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at the time of their arrival, 49.4 per cent are fully naturalized and 24.8 per cent have first papers only. The Swedish employees show 78.3 per cent, the German and the English employees over 70 per cent, the Irish, Norwegian, Bohemian and Moravian, and Danish employees over 60 per cent, and the Dutch employees over 55 per cent who are fully naturalized. The Belgian employees (race not specified) and the Poles show over 30 per cent, and the Croatians, North Italians, and Lithuanians over 20 per cent, while the Magyars and Greeks show 15 per cent and 9.8 per cent, respectively, who are citizens. The Magyars show 71.4 per cent having first papers only, the Belgians (race not specified) show the next largest proportion, which is 46 per cent, other specified races showing considerably smaller percentages, and only 11.4 per cent of the Croatians have first papers only.

The following table shows, by years in the United States and race, the present political condition of foreign-born male employees who were 21 years of age or over at the time of their coming to the United States.

TABLE 106.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming to the United States, by years in United States and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 100 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	In United States 5 to 9 years.			In United States 10 years or over.			In United States 5 years or over.		
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—	
		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	44	15.9	34.1	76	89.5	5.3	120	62.5	15.8
German.....	116	10.3	60.3	792	83.3	13.6	908	74.0	19.6
Lithuanian.....	123	4.9	17.9	62	54.8	12.9	185	21.6	16.2
Magyar.....	117	9.4	76.1	30	36.7	53.3	147	15.0	71.4
Polish.....	656	4.4	22.6	858	54.2	26.6	1,514	32.6	24.8
Swedish.....	134	18.7	68.7	544	93.0	4.0	678	78.3	16.8
Total.....	1,601	7.9	38.7	2,818	73.1	16.8	4,419	49.4	24.8

Of 4,419 foreign-born male employees who were 21 years of age or over at the time of their coming to the United States and who have been in this country five years or over, 49.4 per cent are fully naturalized and 24.8 per cent have first papers only. Of those who have been in the United States from five to nine years, 7.9 per cent are fully naturalized and 38.7 per cent have first papers only. Of the employees with a residence of ten years or over, 73.1 per cent are fully naturalized and 16.8 per cent have first papers only. In each period of residence the Swedes show the highest percentage of persons who are fully naturalized and the Magyars the highest percentage having first papers only. In the group including employees with a residence of from five to nine years, the Poles show the smallest percentage who

are fully naturalized and the Lithuanians the smallest percentage having first papers only. Of the employees who have been in the United States ten years or over, the Magyars show the smallest percentage fully naturalized and the Swedes the smallest percentage having first papers only. Of the employees who have been in the United States five years or over, the Magyars show the smallest percentage fully naturalized and the Bohemians and Moravians the smallest percentage having first papers only.

ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH.

The extent to which foreign-born employees of non-English-speaking races are able to speak English is set forth in the following series of tables. The first table presented shows, by sex and by race, the percentage of foreign-born employees who speak English.

TABLE 107.—Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by sex and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 80 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who speak English.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	347	22	369	69.5	45.5	68.0
Croatian.....	162	6	168	63.0	50.0	62.5
Danish.....	215	.....	215	97.7	.....	97.7
Dutch.....	148	3	151	83.1	(a)	83.4
German.....	2,243	68	2,311	89.7	50.0	88.6
Greek.....	263	.....	263	53.2	.....	53.2
Italian, North.....	174	2	176	61.5	(a)	61.9
Lithuanian.....	720	67	787	55.3	28.4	53.0
Magyar.....	710	15	725	42.3	20.0	41.8
Norwegian.....	178	.....	178	96.6	.....	96.6
Polish.....	4,194	359	4,553	52.4	15.9	49.5
Russian.....	220	12	232	37.7	25.0	37.1
Servian.....	93	7	100	19.4	.....	18.0
Slovak.....	205	9	214	30.2	11.1	29.4
Slovenian.....	111	19	130	70.3	10.5	61.5
Swedish.....	1,573	2	1,575	95.9	(a)	95.9
Total.....	12,271	603	12,874	67.6	23.5	65.5

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 12,874 foreign-born employees shown in the preceding table, 65.5 per cent can speak English, the proportion of males being much greater than that of females who have this ability. The Danes, Norwegians, and Swedes show over 95 per cent, the Dutch and Germans over 80 per cent, the Bohemians and Moravians, Croatians, North Italians, and Slovenians over 60 per cent, the Greeks and Lithuanians over 50 per cent, the Magyars and Poles over 40 per cent, the Russians over 30 per cent, the Slovaks over 20 per cent, and the Servians only 18 per cent who can speak English. In every instance a considerably higher percentage of male employees than of female employees can speak English.

The table next submitted shows, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race, the percentage of foreign-born employees who speak English.

TABLE 108.—Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 200 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by age at time of coming to United States.		
		Under 14.	14 or over.	Total.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	347	100.0	60.9	69.5
Danish.....	215	100.0	97.4	97.7
German.....	2,243	99.9	85.4	89.7
Greek.....	263	(a)	52.9	53.2
Lithuanian.....	720	100.0	54.9	55.3
Magyar.....	710	96.0	40.3	42.3
Polish.....	4,194	98.1	47.5	52.4
Russian.....	220	(a)	37.2	37.7
Slovak.....	205	(a)	29.7	30.2
Swedish.....	1,573	100.0	95.3	95.9
Total.....	12,271	99.2	62.9	67.6

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	(a)	33.3	45.5
German.....	68	100.0	19.0	50.0
Lithuanian.....	67	100.0	20.0	28.4
Magyar.....	15	(a)	14.3	20.0
Polish.....	359	92.3	6.6	15.9
Russian.....	12	(a)	18.2	25.0
Slovak.....	9	.....	11.1	11.1
Swedish.....	2	(a)	.....	(a)
Total.....	603	96.5	11.6	23.5

TOTAL.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	369	100.0	59.2	68.0
Danish.....	215	100.0	97.4	97.7
German.....	2,311	99.9	83.7	88.6
Greek.....	263	(a)	52.9	53.2
Lithuanian.....	787	100.0	52.2	53.0
Magyar.....	725	96.2	39.8	41.8
Polish.....	4,553	97.6	44.3	51.8
Russian.....	232	(a)	36.3	37.1
Slovak.....	214	(a)	28.9	29.4
Swedish.....	1,575	100.0	95.3	95.9
Total.....	12,874	99.1	60.6	65.5

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 12,874 foreign-born employees who are reported, 65.5 per cent speak English. Of those who were under 14 years of age at the time of coming to the United States 99.1 per cent speak English, and of the employees who were 14 years of age or over at the time of their arrival 60.6 per cent speak English. The Bohemians and Moravians, Danes, Lithuanians, and Swedes show 100 per cent of those who were under 14 years of age at time of arrival who can speak English, the Germans, the Poles, and the Magyars showing somewhat smaller proportions having this ability. Of those who were 14 years of age or over at the time of coming, the Danes and Swedes show over 95 per cent, the Germans over 80 per cent, the Bohemians and Moravians, Greeks and Lithuanians over 50 per cent, as contrasted with less than

40 per cent of the Magyars, Russians, and Slovaks, and slightly over 40 per cent of the Poles, who can speak English. In the total, irrespective of age at time of coming to the United States, the Danes show the highest percentage and the Slovaks the lowest percentage who can speak English.

In the group showing persons under 14 and 14 years of age or over at the time of coming to the United States, and in the total, the foreign-born male employees show a higher percentage who speak English than do the foreign-born female employees.

The progress made by employees of non-English-speaking races in acquiring the ability to speak English after stated periods of residence in this country is exhibited by the following table, which shows, by sex, years in the United States, and race, the percentage of foreign-born employees who speak English.

TABLE 109.—Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by sex, years in the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 200 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by years in United States.			
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Total.
Bohemian and Moravian	347	29.0	63.9	85.0	69.5
Danish	215	93.2	94.9	100.0	97.7
German	2,243	41.0	78.9	96.2	89.7
Greek	263	41.0	76.6	76.9	53.2
Lithuanian	720	36.0	66.2	87.7	55.3
Magyar	710	31.0	62.4	75.0	42.3
Polish	4,194	19.2	43.7	84.7	52.4
Russian	220	25.5	58.3	73.9	37.7
Slovak	205	23.5	33.3	69.6	30.2
Swedish	1,573	75.4	98.0	99.0	95.9
Total	12,271	34.6	63.2	92.1	67.6

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian	22	30.8	50.0	(a)	45.5
German	68	14.7	42.9	96.3	50.0
Lithuanian	67	18.9	50.0	83.3	28.4
Magyar	15	9.1	(a)	(a)	20.0
Polish	359	4.9	34.1	93.5	15.9
Russian	12	11.1	(a)	(a)	25.0
Slovak	9	.0	(a)	(a)	11.1
Swedish	2	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Total	603	8.9	40.3	94.7	23.5

TOTAL.

Bohemian and Moravian	369	29.3	62.8	85.2	68.0
Danish	215	93.2	94.9	100.0	97.7
German	2,311	37.4	77.4	96.2	88.6
Greek	263	41.0	76.6	76.9	53.2
Lithuanian	787	33.8	65.6	87.5	53.0
Magyar	725	30.5	61.8	75.4	41.8
Polish	4,553	16.8	43.3	84.8	49.5
Russian	232	24.7	58.0	75.0	37.1
Slovak	214	22.6	31.4	70.8	29.4
Swedish	1,575	75.4	98.0	99.0	95.9
Total	12,874	31.9	62.5	92.2	65.5

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 12,874 foreign-born employees shown in the preceding table, 65.5 per cent can speak English. Of those who have been in the United States under five years 31.9 per cent speak English, of those with a residence of from five to nine years 62.5 per cent speak English, while 92.2 per cent of the foreign-born employees who have been in this country ten years or over can speak English. In each period of residence except that from five to nine years, and in the total, the Danes show the highest percentage who speak English, while the Swedes show the highest percentage in the group including employees with a residence of from five to nine years. In the group including employees with a residence of under five years the Poles show the smallest percentage, while of those who have been in this country from five to nine years and ten years or over the Slovaks show the smallest proportions who can speak English.

In the group of employees who have been in the United States under five years, from five to nine years, and in the total, a higher percentage of the males than of the females can speak English, while in the group including those with a residence of ten years or over the proportion of females who can speak English is somewhat higher than that of the males having this ability.

REPRESENTATIVE COMMUNITY A.

CHAPTER I.

INTRODUCTION.

General description—Industrial significance of the community—General causes for immigration—Households studied—Members of households for whom detailed information was secured—[Text Tables 110 to 113 and General Tables 70 and 71].

GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

The estimated population of Community A in 1909 was 60,000 individuals, of whom about two-thirds were immigrants. The city is located in an important, well-drained agricultural region in the Middle West, and has an elevation above mean sea level of about 735 feet. Transportation is furnished by seven large trunk lines, several shorter railways, an interstate electric railway, and several interurban lines.

INDUSTRIAL SIGNIFICANCE OF COMMUNITY A.

Community A is, according to the census of 1900, a city of 35,999 inhabitants. There is a slight preponderance of the native-born of foreign father, as 32.7 per cent of the total population of the town is composed of this class, as compared with 23.8 per cent each of the native-born of native father and of the foreign-born.

There are 9,015 wage-earners in the city, and of these 2,701, or 29.9 per cent, are employees in the carriage and wagon factories, and 1,559 more, or 17.3 per cent, are employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements. The total production for each of these two industries is \$4,933,701 for the first and \$2,744,001 for the second, forming 32.2 per cent and 17.9 per cent, respectively, of the total value of the manufactured products of the city.

In 1905 Community A ranked seventh in the United States in the production of agricultural implements, and, as may be inferred, ranks very high in the manufacture of carriages and wagons, as Indiana ranks third in the United States and the community manufactures carriages and vehicles to the value of 32.4 per cent of the total product of the State.

The community was settled in 1820 by a small group of fur trappers, who established a trading post and erected permanent homes. These early settlers were joined from time to time by other families seeking homes, and in 1831 the settlement was laid out as a town and made the county seat, being incorporated in 1835. In 1850 the census of the United States enumerated 1,652 persons in the community. During the decade 1851 to 1860 the population was more than doubled, the federal census reporting a population of 3,803 in the latter year.

The progressiveness of the community was exhibited in another manner in the year 1852, when the now mammoth vehicle-manufacturing establishment was erected. This plant was followed in 1855 by the erection of the most important plow works, and in 1868 by the establishment of a sewing-machine cabinet factory. After the founding of these plants the industrial development of the town was rapid. In 1865 the town was granted a city charter and with the establishment of a number of industrial concerns of different kinds, the entrance of several important railroads, and with the rapidly increasing population the community began its struggle for the control of commerce in the district. The census of the United States placed the population of the new city at 7,206 in 1870; in 1880 at 13,280; in 1890 the return was 21,819; in 1900, 35,999; and in 1909 the population was estimated to be 60,000. By examining the above figures it will be noticed that the growth of the city has been regular, the population about doubling itself every ten years. This increase in the population has been due chiefly to immigration.

GENERAL CAUSES FOR IMMIGRATION.

The early immigrants settled in the community, prior to 1870, largely to make homes, that being the most important consideration influencing the first settlers in the region, and owing to the desire to join kinsmen or fellow-countrymen who had already settled in the locality. From about the year 1870 to the year 1910 the community has offered the alien settlers not only a congenial home among persons from the same fatherland, but the opportunity to secure regular employment in several of the largest industrial establishments in the country engaged in the manufacture of vehicles and agricultural implements. During this latter period there has also been another factor at work in bringing immigrants into the community, especially the Poles, which has greatly increased the foreign population of the city. This has been the importation of foreign labor by two of the most important industrial plants. The general causes of immigration to Community A, in view of these facts, may be grouped under two heads: First, the desire to establish permanent homes, which influenced the majority of the settlers from 1820 to 1870; and, second, to secure employment in the plants manufacturing agricultural implements and vehicles, which has been the chief attraction for immigrants since the year 1870.

HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

A total of 345 households were studied in Community A the heads of which were employed in agricultural implement and vehicle manufacturing establishments. The table following shows the households studied, according to general nativity and race of head of household.

TABLE 110.—Households studied, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Households.		General nativity and race of head of household.	Households.	
	Total number.	Per cent distribution.		Total number.	Per cent distribution.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	25.2	Foreign-born—Continued.	345	100.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:			Polish.....			57	16.5
German.....	19	5.5	Grand total.....		
Polish.....	39	11.3	Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	16.8
Foreign-born:			Total native-born.....	145	42.0
German.....	50	14.5	Total foreign-born.....	200	58.0
Hebrew.....	21	6.1			
Magyar.....	72	20.9			

In this locality 345 households were studied; those households whose heads are foreign-born constituting 58 per cent, while the households the heads of which are native-born of native father and native-born of foreign father constitute 25.2 and 16.8 per cent, respectively, of the total number of households studied. Among those households the heads of which are foreign-born the Magyar households constitute a slightly larger proportion of the total number of households studied than do the Polish or German households, and a very much larger proportion than do the Hebrew households, the last named constituting only 6.1 per cent of all the households studied. Among those households whose heads are native-born of foreign father the Polish households constitute a considerably larger proportion of the total number of households than do the German.

MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLDS FOR WHOM DETAILED INFORMATION WAS SECURED.

The table below shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, persons in the households studied and persons for whom detailed information was secured.

TABLE 111.—Persons in households studied and persons for whom detailed information was secured, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Persons.		Persons for whom detailed information was secured.	
		Total number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	351	20.7	341	22.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.....	19	60	3.5	60	3.9
Polish.....	39	176	10.4	172	11.1
Foreign-born:					
German.....	50	223	13.1	215	13.9
Hebrew.....	21	96	5.7	93	6.0
Magyar.....	72	448	26.4	334	21.6
Polish.....	57	342	20.2	333	21.5
Grand total.....	345	1,696	100.0	1,548	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	236	13.9	232	15.0
Total native-born.....	145	587	34.6	573	37.0
Total foreign-born.....	200	1,109	65.4	975	63.0

In this locality 345 households in which there are 1,696 persons were studied. Of this total number of persons 65.4 per cent are in households whose heads are foreign-born; 13.9 per cent are in households whose heads are native-born of foreign father; and 20.7 per cent are in households whose heads are native whites born of native father. In households whose heads are foreign-born the number of persons in Magyar households constitute a slightly larger proportion of the total number of persons than do those in Polish, a considerably larger proportion than those in German, and a very much larger proportion than those in Hebrew households, those in the last-named households constituting only 5.7 per cent of all the persons in the households studied. Among the persons in those households the heads of which are native-born of foreign father, it will be noted that the number in Polish households constitute a very much larger proportion of the total number of persons than do those in German households. It will also be noted from the preceding table that the persons for whom detailed information was obtained in the various households constitute proportions of the total similar to the proportions shown for all persons in the households studied.

The following table shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the sex of persons in the households studied for whom detailed information was secured.

TABLE 112.—*Sex of persons for whom detailed information was secured, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number.			Per cent of each sex.	
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.
Native-born of native father, White.....	168	173	341	49.3	50.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.....	28	32	60	46.7	53.3
Polish.....	87	85	172	50.6	49.4
Foreign-born:					
German.....	109	106	215	50.7	49.3
Hebrew.....	49	44	93	52.7	47.3
Magyar.....	189	145	334	56.6	43.4
Polish.....	161	172	333	48.3	51.7
Grand total.....	791	757	1,548	51.1	48.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	115	117	232	49.6	50.4
Total native-born.....	283	290	573	49.4	50.6
Total foreign-born.....	508	467	975	52.1	47.9

Information was obtained in this locality for 1,548 persons, of which number 51.1 per cent are males and 48.9 per cent females. Of the foreign-born a slightly larger proportion are males, while of the native-born of foreign father and native-born of native father the proportion of females is slightly in excess of the males. Among the foreign-born the Poles alone show a slightly larger proportion of females than males, there being no marked difference in the proportions shown by any of the races. Of the native-born of foreign father a larger proportion of the Poles are males, while of the Germans the reverse is true.

In the table which follows the persons for whom detailed information was secured is shown according to general nativity and race of individual.

TABLE 113.—Persons for whom detailed information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	220	219	439	27.8	28.9	28.4
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
English.....		1	1	.0	.1	.1
French.....	1	2	3	.1	.1	.1
German.....	75	78	153	9.5	10.3	9.9
Hebrew.....	11	9	20	1.4	1.2	1.3
Irish.....	1	2	3	.1	.3	.2
Magyar.....	44	50	94	5.6	6.6	6.1
Polish.....	120	137	257	15.2	18.1	16.6
Swedish.....		1	1	.0	.1	.1
Foreign-born:						
English.....		2	2	.0	.3	.1
German.....	54	50	104	6.8	6.6	6.7
Hebrew.....	38	35	73	4.8	4.6	4.7
Irish.....		1	1	.0	.1	.1
Magyar.....	145	95	240	18.3	12.5	15.5
Polish.....	82	75	157	10.4	9.9	10.1
Scotch.....		1	1	.0	.1	.1
Grand total.....	791	757	1,548	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	252	279	531	31.9	36.9	34.3
Total native-born.....	472	498	970	59.7	65.8	62.7
Total foreign-born.....	319	259	578	40.3	34.2	37.3

Of the persons in this locality for whom detailed information was secured 40.3 per cent of the males and 34.2 per cent of the females are foreign-born, 31.9 per cent of the males and 36.9 per cent of the females are native-born of foreign father, and 27.8 per cent of the males and 28.9 per cent of the females are native-born of native father. Of the races of the foreign-born the Magyars, Poles, and Germans have, in the order mentioned, the largest representation among both the males and the females.

CHAPTER II.

RACIAL DISPLACEMENTS.

History of immigration—Period of residence in the United States of members of immigrant households studied—Population—[Text Table 114 and General Table 72].

HISTORY OF IMMIGRATION.

To begin to trace the history of immigration to Community A it is necessary to start with the very first settlers, who were French Canadians. Several families of this race under the direction of the American Fur Company took up their abode in the locality in the year 1820 and made a permanent settlement. About 1827 pioneers from the States of Virginia, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, and Tennessee, slowly moving westward in the quest for new homes, began to pass through the little settlement, and some having tired of the westward march and being well satisfied with the locality joined the little group of French Canadians and built permanent homes. The settlement was annually increased in numbers by these pioneers until 1848, when the first foreign immigrants entered the community and took up their residence, followed, in 1870, by a general immigration of people from continental Europe. In 1848 a few German families from the city of Augsburg, Kingdom of Bavaria, Germany, came to the town and took up their residence, forming the first colony of European immigrants in the locality. The construction of railroads in the vicinity brought a number of Irish settlers to the district in about the year 1855. From 1855 until 1870 a few English, Irish, German, Swedish, and Polish families settled in the town, coming in the most cases direct from their native lands. In 1870 one of the large industrial establishments, running short of labor, began to import large numbers of Poles direct from Europe and from other sections of the United States. The result of this importation was to increase the number of Poles in the community greatly in excess of any other one race. To-day the number of Poles in the town is more than twice as great as that of the Germans, for instance, who are more numerous than any of the other foreign races. The year 1870 marks not only the beginning of the Polish immigration but of the general European immigration to the locality.

By the year 1885 the city had become an important immigrant settlement with a few Magyars, Danes, Norwegians, Canadians, French, and Scotch added to the population. The year 1900 brought the more recent immigrants from southern and eastern Europe, among whom were Italians, Hebrews, Croatians, Slovaks, Syrians, Swiss, Greeks, Bohemians, Dutch, Russians, and all other races to be found in the community at the present time. The majority of the Italians

who settled in the community about 1902 have moved away, and in the colony of this race to-day there are not more than 100 persons. Immigration of the Hebrews to the city has been materially increased since 1906 through the efforts of the Hebrew Industrial Removal Society of New York City, which has undertaken to locate its people in all factory towns in the United States. The present immigration to Community A is composed chiefly of Magyars, who have entered in large numbers each year since 1904, together with a few Hebrews, Poles, and Slovaks.

PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN THE UNITED STATES OF MEMBERS OF IMMIGRANT HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

A further insight into the racial movements to the community is afforded by the following table, which shows, by race of individual, the percentage of foreign-born persons in the households studied who had been in the United States each specified number of years. The length of residence in the United States and in the community of persons of foreign birth is not necessarily identical, but they approximate each other sufficiently to indicate the character of recent immigration to the community.

TABLE 114.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons in the United States each specified number of years, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad. This table includes only races with 20 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent of persons in United States each specified number of years—		
		Under 5.	Under 10.	Under 20.
German.....	104	10.6	21.2	30.8
Hebrew.....	73	76.7	98.6	100.0
Magyar.....	240	57.9	88.8	97.9
Polish.....	157	22.3	38.9	63.1
Total.....	578	41.7	63.7	76.1

Of the foreign-born persons in this locality for whom information was secured 41.7 per cent have been in the United States under five years, 63.7 per cent have been here under ten years, and 76.1 per cent have been here under twenty years. The Hebrews and the Magyars, in the order mentioned, have the largest and the Germans the smallest proportion of individuals who have been in the United States under five years, under ten years, and under twenty years, respectively. The contrast in length of residence between the Hebrews, Magyars, and Poles upon the one hand and the Germans upon the other hand is obvious.

POPULATION.

The population of Community A, estimated at 60,000 in 1909, is presented in the following table, by races, showing the number of families and the number of individuals for each group of people:

Race.	Number of families.	Number of individuals.	Race.	Number of families.	Number of individuals.
American.....	8,000	20,000	Italian (North and South)....	30	100
Belgian.....	900	2,000	Magyar.....	1,000	6,500
Bohemian.....	12	50	Norwegian.....	175	500
Canadian.....	50	200	Polish.....	4,000	16,000
Croatian.....	24	100	Russian.....	20	100
Danish.....	30	100	Scotch.....	70	200
Dutch.....	26	100	Slovak.....	50	350
English.....	140	400	Slovenian.....	10	100
French.....	75	200	Swedish.....	600	2,000
French Canadian.....	90	300	Swiss.....	12	100
German.....	1,500	7,500	Syrian.....	35	300
Greek.....	60	200			
Hebrew.....	200	600	Total.....	17,909	60,000
Irish.....	800	2,000			

CHAPTER III.

ECONOMIC STATUS.

Industrial condition abroad of members of immigrant households studied—General occupation of males at the present time in the households studied—General occupation of women at the present time in the households studied—Annual earnings of male heads of families studied—Annual earnings of males 18 years of age or over in the households studied—Annual earnings of females 18 years of age or over in the households studied—Annual family income—Wives at work—Relation between the earnings of husbands and the practice of wives of keeping boarders or lodgers—Sources of family income—Relative importance of different sources of family income—[Text Tables 115 to 131 and General Tables 73 to 82].

INDUSTRIAL CONDITION ABROAD OF MEMBERS OF IMMIGRANT HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

Before entering into a discussion of the economic status in this country of employees and members of their households on this locality the industrial condition and principal occupations of immigrant workers and members of their households while abroad are considered. The first table presented in this connection, which immediately follows, shows, by race of individual, the industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born males in the households studied who were 16 years of age or over at the time of arrival in this country:

TABLE 115.—*Industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born males who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number.				Per cent.			
		Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.	Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.
German.....	39	.....	38	1	.....	0.0	97.4	2.6	0.0
Hebrew.....	22	1	21	.....	.....	4.5	95.5	.0	.0
Magyar.....	107	1	73	12	21	.9	68.2	11.2	19.6
Polish.....	54	1	28	22	3	1.9	51.9	40.7	5.6
Total.....	222	3	160	35	24	1.4	72.1	15.8	10.8

Of the foreign-born males in this locality for whom information was secured who were 16 years of age or over at the time of coming, 72.1 per cent worked for wages, 15.8 per cent worked without wages, 10.8 per cent worked for profit, and only a very small proportion were without occupation. The proportion of individuals who worked abroad for wages is largest in the case of the Germans, closely followed

by the Hebrews, and smallest in the case of the Poles. None of the Hebrews, only a very small proportion of the Germans, and a much larger proportion of the Poles than of the Magyars worked without wages, and none of the Germans or Hebrews, and 19.6 per cent of the Magyars as against only 5.6 per cent of the Poles worked for profit.

The following table shows, by race of individual, the occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born males in the households studied who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming:

TABLE 116.—Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born males who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent without occupation.	Per cent working for wages.					Per cent working without wages.			Per cent working for profit.			
			Farm laborers.	General laborers.	In agricultural im- plement industry.	In hand trades.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farm laborers.	In other occupa- tions.	Total.	Farmers.	In other occupa- tions.	Total.
German.....	39	0.0	15.4	43.6	0.0	25.6	12.8	97.4	2.6	0.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hebrew.....	22	4.5	4.5	4.5	.0	63.6	22.7	95.5	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Magyar.....	107	.9	41.1	.9	.0	15.9	10.3	68.2	10.3	.9	11.2	17.8	1.9	19.6
Polish.....	54	1.9	18.5	3.7	.0	3.7	25.9	51.9	27.8	13.0	40.7	3.7	1.9	5.6
Total.....	222	1.4	27.5	9.5	.0	19.4	15.8	72.1	12.2	3.6	15.8	9.5	1.4	10.8

The table shows that before coming to the United States 72.1 per cent of the foreign-born males in this locality for whom information was secured worked for wages, 15.8 per cent worked without wages, and 10.8 per cent worked for profit. It appears that 27.5 per cent of all the individuals worked abroad as farm laborers for wages, that 19.4 per cent worked in hand trades, and that 9.5 per cent were farmers. Only a very small proportion of the Hebrews, and a considerably larger proportion of the Magyars than of the Poles or Germans were employed abroad as farm laborers working for wages, while none of the Hebrews and a considerably larger proportion of the Magyars and Poles than of the Germans were farm laborers without wages, and none of the Hebrews or Germans and a larger proportion of the Magyars than of the Poles were farmers. Upon the other hand, 63.6 per cent of the Hebrews, as against 25.6 per cent of the Germans, an even smaller proportion of the Magyars, and 3.7 per cent of the Poles were employed in hand trades.

In the following table, the industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born females, in the households studied, who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, is shown by race of individual.

TABLE 117.—Industrial condition before coming to the United States of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more females reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number.				Per cent.			
		Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.	Without occupation.	Working for wages.	Working without wages.	Working for profit.
German.....	36	19	16	1	52.8	44.4	2.8	0.0	
Hebrew.....	23	19	4		82.6	17.4	.0	.0	
Magyar.....	75	50	21	3	66.7	28.0	4.0	1.3	
Polish.....	47	40	6		85.1	12.8	.0	2.1	
Total.....	184	129	49	4	70.1	26.6	2.2	1.1	

Of the foreign-born females of this locality for whom information was secured, who were 16 years of age or over at the time of coming to the United States, 70.1 per cent are reported as having been without occupation before coming here, 26.6 per cent as having worked for wages, and only a very small proportion as having worked without wages or for profit. The proportion of females who were without occupation is largest in the case of the Poles and Hebrews, in the order mentioned, and smallest in the case of the Germans, while the Germans have by far the largest, and the Hebrews and Poles the smallest proportion of females who worked for wages.

The following table shows, by race of individual, the occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born females in the households studied, who were 16 years of age or over at time of arrival in this country:

TABLE 118.—Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more females reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent without occupation.	Per cent working for wages.					Per cent working without wages.			Per cent working for profit.			
			Farm laborers.	In domestic service.	In agricultural implement industry.	In sewing, embroidery, etc.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farm laborers.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farmers.	In other occupations.	Total.
German.....	36	52.8	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.4	2.8	0.0	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hebrew.....	23	82.6	.0	4.3	.0	13.0	.0	17.4	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Magyar.....	75	66.7	17.3	9.3	.0	.0	1.3	28.0	1.3	2.7	4.0	1.3	.0	1.3
Polish.....	47	85.1	4.3	6.4	.0	.0	2.1	12.8	.0	.0	.0	2.1	.0	2.1
Total.....	184	70.1	10.3	13.6	.0	1.6	1.1	26.6	1.1	1.1	2.2	1.1	.0	1.1

Of the foreign-born females 16 years of age or over at the time of coming to the United States for whom information was secured 70.1 per cent were without occupation abroad, 26.6 per cent worked for wages, and only a very small proportion worked without wages or for profit. Of those working for wages over one-half were in domestic service and most of the remainder were farm laborers. None of the Hebrew women and only a very small proportion of the Polish women as against 11.1 per cent of the German and 17.3 per cent of the Magyar women were employed as farm laborers, while the Germans have by far the largest and the Hebrews the smallest proportion of women who were in domestic service.

GENERAL OCCUPATION OF MALES AT THE PRESENT TIME IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The table next presented shows, by general nativity and race of individual, the general occupation of males 16 years of age or over in the households studied:

TABLE 119.—*General occupation of males 16 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—			
		Manufacturing agricultural implements and vehicles.	Otherwise employed.	At home.	At school.
Native-born of native father, White.....	113	85.0	12.4	0.0	2.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.....	44	56.8	31.8	4.5	6.8
Polish.....	65	80.0	16.9	3.1	.0
Foreign-born:					
German.....	51	94.1	5.9	.0	.0
Hebrew.....	23	95.7	.0	4.3	.0
Magyar.....	123	87.8	10.6	1.6	.0
Polish.....	70	90.0	8.6	1.4	.0
Grand total.....	492	84.6	12.6	1.6	1.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	112	70.5	23.2	3.6	2.7
Total native-born.....	225	77.8	17.8	1.8	2.7
Total foreign-born.....	267	90.3	8.2	1.5	.0

In this locality 84.6 per cent of the males 16 years of age or over for whom information was secured are employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements and vehicles, 12.6 per cent are in employments not specified, and only a very small proportion are at home or at school. The proportion of males employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements and vehicles is largest in the case of the foreign-born, second in rank in the case of the native-born of native father, and smallest in the case of the native-born of foreign father. Upon the other hand, the proportion of individuals in employments not specified is largest for the native-born of foreign father and smallest for the foreign-born. Of the native-born of foreign father,

a larger proportion of individuals of Polish parentage than of those of German parentage are employed in manufacturing agricultural implements and vehicles, while a larger proportion of individuals of German parentage than those of Polish parentage are in employments not specified. Among the foreign-born the proportion of individuals employed in manufacturing agricultural implements and vehicles is largest for the Hebrews and Germans, in the order mentioned, and smallest for the Magyars, while none of the Hebrews and a considerably larger proportion of the Magyars than of the Poles or Germans are in employments not specified. None of the foreign-born and a much larger proportion of the native-born of German father than of the native-born of native father are at school.

GENERAL OCCUPATION OF FEMALES AT THE PRESENT TIME IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

Two tables exhibiting the present industrial status of members of the immigrant households studied are next presented. The first table, which immediately follows, shows by general nativity and race of individual the general occupation of females 16 years of age or over in the households studied:

TABLE 120.—*General occupation of females 16 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more females reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—			
		In trade.	Otherwise employed.	At home.	At school.
Native-born of native father, White.....	107	6.5	14.0	78.5	0.9
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.....	47	6.4	27.7	63.8	2.1
Polish.....	55	1.8	21.8	76.4	.0
Foreign-born:					
German.....	48	.0	.0	100.0	.0
Hebrew.....	24	.0	8.3	91.7	.0
Magyar.....	81	2.5	4.9	92.6	.0
Polish.....	66	.0	4.5	95.5	.0
Grand total.....	439	3.0	11.4	85.2	.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....	109	3.7	23.9	71.6	.9
Total native-born.....	216	5.1	19.0	75.0	.9
Total foreign-born.....	223	.9	4.0	95.1	.0

Of the females in this locality 16 years of age or over for whom information was secured 85.2 per cent are reported at home, 11.4 per cent in employments not specified, and only a very small proportion in trade or at school. The proportion of females at home is largest for the foreign-born, second in rank for those native-born of native father, and smallest for the foreign-born of foreign father, while the proportion in employments not specified is largest for the native-born of foreign father, second in rank for the native-born of native father, and smallest for the foreign-born. Of the native-born of German father, 2.1 per cent are at school as against less than 1 per cent of

the individuals of any other race or nativity. Among the foreign-born the proportion of individuals at home is largest for the Germans and Poles, in the order mentioned, and smallest for the Hebrews. None of the Germans and a considerably larger proportion of the Hebrews than of the Magyars and Poles are in employments not specified.

ANNUAL EARNINGS OF MALE HEADS OF FAMILIES STUDIED.

The extent to which the male heads of families studied were regularly employed, together with their average annual earnings, are set forth in the following table. This table shows, by general nativity and race, the proportion of husbands in the households studied who are at work:

TABLE 121.—*Husbands at work, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of husbands.	Number of husbands at work.	Per cent of husbands at work.	Average earnings of husbands at work.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	84	84	100.0	\$704
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.....	18	18	18	(^b)	606
Polish.....	39	39	39	100.0	552
Foreign-born:					
German.....	46	46	46	100.0	601
Hebrew.....	20	19	19	100.0	485
Magyar.....	64	63	63	100.0	372
Polish.....	56	56	56	100.0	414
Grand total.....	327	325	325	100.0	539
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	57	57	100.0	569
Total native-born.....	141	141	141	100.0	649
Total foreign-born.....	186	184	184	100.0	454

^a For selection of families, see p. 640.

^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 325 husbands in this locality for whom information is secured all are at work, the average yearly earnings per husband being \$539 per year. It will be noted that the native-born of native father earn upon the average considerably more than the native-born of foreign father, and the latter considerably more than the foreign-born. Of the foreign-born husbands, the Germans have the largest and the Magyars the smallest average earnings.

The range in the earnings per year of male heads of families is shown in the following table by general nativity and race:

TABLE 122.—*Earnings per year of male heads of families, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only male heads of selected families. For selection of families, see p. 640.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages.	Average earnings.	Number earning—						Per cent earning—					
			Under \$100.	Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$800.	Under \$1,000.	Under \$100.	Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$800.	Under \$1,000.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	\$704	1	7	32	64	78	0.0	1.2	8.3	38.1	76.2	92.9	
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:														
German.....	18	606		2	6	18	18	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	
Polish.....	39	552		9	26	36	37	.0	.0	23.1	66.7	92.3	94.9	
Foreign-born:														
German.....	46	601		5	25	39	44	.0	.0	10.9	54.3	84.8	95.7	
Hebrew.....	19	485		1	17	19	19	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	
Magyar.....	63	372	3	10	37	54	63	4.8	15.9	58.7	85.7	100.0	100.0	
Polish.....	56	414		1	29	52	55	.0	1.8	51.8	92.9	98.2	100.0	
Grand total.....	325	539	3	12	90	212	294	.9	3.7	27.7	65.2	90.5	96.9	
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	569		11	32	54	55	.0	.0	19.3	56.1	94.7	96.5	
Total native-born.....	141	649		1	18	64	118	.0	.7	12.8	45.4	83.7	94.3	
Total foreign-born.....	184	454	3	11	72	148	176	1.6	6.0	39.1	80.4	95.7	98.9	

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The above table shows that of the male heads of families in this locality for whom information was secured over 90 per cent earn less than \$800 per year, while only 27.7 per cent earn under \$400 a year. The proportion of heads of families earning under \$800, under \$600, and under \$400 a year, respectively, is largest for the foreign-born, second largest for the native-born of foreign father, and smallest for the native-born of native father. Of the foreign-born, the Magyars and Poles have the largest proportion of individuals earning under \$800, under \$600, and under \$400, respectively.

ANNUAL EARNINGS OF MALES 18 YEARS OF AGE OR OVER IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The table next submitted shows, by general nativity and race of individual, the yearly earnings of males 18 years of age or over in the households studied.

TABLE 123.—*Yearly earnings (approximate) of males 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages and reporting amount.	Average earnings.	Number earning—				Per cent earning—			
			Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$1,000.	Under \$200.	Under \$400.	Under \$600.	Under \$1,000.
Native-born of native father, White.....	102	\$670	4	12	44	95	3.9	11.8	43.1	93.1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
French.....	1	(a)			1	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	34	567		5	17	34	.0	14.7	50.0	100.0
Magyar.....	1	(a)			1	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	53	494		20	40	52	.0	37.7	75.5	98.1
Foreign-born:										
Germans.....	51	606		5	27	48	.0	9.8	52.9	94.1
Hebrew.....	22	479		2	20	22	.0	9.1	90.0	100.0
Magyar.....	109	363	21	59	98	109	19.3	54.1	89.9	100.0
Polish.....	65	361	4	35	61	65	6.2	53.8	93.8	100.0
Grand total.....	438	501	29	138	309	427	6.6	31.5	70.5	97.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....	89	522		25	59	88	.0	28.1	66.3	98.9
Total native-born.....	191	601	4	37	103	183	2.1	19.4	53.9	95.8
Total foreign-born.....	247	423	25	101	206	244	10.1	40.9	83.4	98.8

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

In this locality, of the males 18 years of age or over working for wages for whom information was secured almost all earn less than \$1,000 a year, 70.5 per cent earn under \$600 a year, 31.5 per cent earn under \$400 a year, and only 6.6 per cent earn under \$200 a year. The proportion of individuals earning under \$400 and under \$600, respectively, is larger for the foreign-born than for the native-born of foreign father, and larger for the native-born of foreign father than for the native-born of native father. Upon the other hand, the native-born of foreign father have a slightly larger proportion of individuals earning under \$1,000 than have the foreign-born. Of foreign-born, the Magyars and Poles have a much larger proportion of individuals earning under \$400 than have the Germans and Hebrews, while the proportion of individuals earning under \$600 is largest for the Poles and Hebrews, in the order mentioned, and smallest for the Germans. All of the Poles, Magyars, and Hebrews and 94.1 per cent of the Germans earn under \$1,000 a year. The average earnings of all individuals are \$501 per year. It will be noted that the average earnings are higher for the native-born of native father than for the native-born of foreign father, and higher for the latter than for the foreign-born. Of the foreign-born, the Germans and Hebrews have the largest and the Magyars and Poles the smallest average yearly earnings.

ANNUAL EARNINGS OF FEMALES 18 YEARS OF AGE OR OVER IN THE HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The table following shows, by general nativity and race of individual, the yearly earnings of females 18 years of age or over in the households studied.

TABLE 124.—Yearly earnings (approximate) of females 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages and reporting amount.	Average earnings.	Number earning—			
			Under \$200.	Under \$300.	Under \$400.	Under \$500.
Native-born of native father, White.....	19	\$368	1	7	11	16
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
German.....	12	351	.....	2	9	12
Polish.....	8	(a)	3	6	7	7
Foreign-born:						
Hebrew.....	2	(a)	1	1	2	2
Magyar.....	4	(a)	.....	1	4	4
Polish.....	3	(a)	.....	2	3	3
Grand total.....	48	325	5	19	36	44
Total native-born of foreign father.....	20	307	3	8	16	19
Total native-born.....	39	337	4	15	27	35
Total foreign-born.....	9	(a)	1	4	9	9

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 48 females 18 years of age or over working for wages for whom information was secured, 44 earn under \$500 a year, 36 earn under \$400, 19 under \$300, and 5 under \$200. The average earnings of all individuals are \$325 a year. It will be noted that the native-born of native father earn slightly more than the native-born of German parentage.

ANNUAL FAMILY INCOME.

In the series of tables next presented the yearly income of the families studied, together with the several sources of family income and their relative importance, are considered. The table first submitted in this connection shows, by general nativity and race of head of family, the percentage of families having a total yearly income of each specified amount.

TABLE 125.—Per cent of families having a total yearly income of each specified amount, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Average family income.	Per cent of families having a total income—				
			Under \$300.	Under \$500.	Under \$750.	Under \$1,000.	Under \$1,500.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	\$808	1.2	13.1	42.9	83.3	95.2
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	39	584	.0	41.0	82.1	92.3	100.0
Foreign-born:							
German.....	46	762	.0	19.6	52.2	87.0	97.8
Hebrew.....	20	539	.0	65.0	95.0	95.0	100.0
Magyar.....	64	626	17.2	42.2	67.2	89.1	98.4
Polish.....	56	613	8.9	41.1	75.0	91.1	98.2
Grand total.....	327	680	5.5	31.2	64.2	88.7	97.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	602	1.8	33.3	80.7	93.0	100.0
Total native-born.....	141	725	1.4	21.3	58.2	87.2	97.2
Total foreign-born.....	186	647	8.6	38.7	68.8	89.8	98.4

a For selection of families, see p. 640.

Of the total 327 families selected for study, the average yearly income is \$680. Only 2.1 per cent of the families studied have annual incomes in excess of \$1,500. Slightly more than half, or 64.2 per cent, have an income under \$750, while 88.7 per cent have an annual income of less than \$1,000. The average family income of families the heads of which are foreign-born is \$647, as compared with but \$602 for the families the heads of which are native-born of foreign father. The proportions for the latter group are greater in each specified rate of income than are the proportions of the foreign-born, except those making under \$300 and those making under \$500. Among the foreign-born families studied, the Germans and Hebrews show no families having an income under \$300, while 17.2 per cent of all of the Magyar families studied have an income below that figure. Only 5 per cent of the Hebrew families have an income in excess of \$750. The Germans show the smallest proportion of families whose income is under \$750.

None of the Hebrew families have an income over \$1,500, while less than 5 per cent of the Germans, Magyars, and Poles have incomes above that amount.

WIVES AT WORK.

The tendency on the part of wives to engage in occupations outside the home in order to supplement the earnings of their husbands is indicated by the following table. This table shows, by general nativity and race of head of family, the proportions of wives at work.

TABLE 126.—*Wives at work, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of wives.	Number of wives at work.	Per cent of wives at work.	Average earnings of wives at work.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	84	5	6.0	(b)
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.....	18	18		(b)	
Polish.....	39	39		.0	
Foreign-born:					
German.....	46	46		.0	
Hebrew.....	20	20	1	5.0	(b)
Magyar.....	64	63	1	1.6	(b)
Polish.....	56	54		.0	
Grand total.....	327	324	7	2.2	(b)
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	57		.0	
Total native-born.....	141	141	5	3.5	(b)
Total foreign-born.....	186	183	2	1.1	(b)

^a For selection of families, see p. 640^b Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The above table shows that in the households of this locality for which information was secured but 2.2 per cent of the wives are at work. The proportion of wives at work is larger in the families of the native-born of native father than in the families of the foreign-born. None of the German or Polish wives and a much larger proportion of the Hebrew wives than of the Magyar wives are at work.

RELATION BETWEEN THE EARNINGS OF HUSBANDS AND THE PRACTICE OF WIVES KEEPING BOARDERS OR LODGERS.

It has been seen that only a small proportion of the wives in the families studied were regularly employed for wages outside the home. On the other hand, a considerable proportion of the wives supplement the earnings of their husbands by keeping boarders or lodgers. The extent to which this is done is indicated by the following table, which shows, by yearly earnings of husbands and by general nativity and race of head of family, the per cent of families in which wife has employment or keeps boarders or lodgers:

TABLE 127.—Number of families in which wife has employment or keeps boarders or lodgers, by yearly earnings of husband and by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of husbands earning—			Number of wives having employment or keeping boarders or lodgers.	Number of wives having employment or keeping boarders or lodgers where husbands' earnings are—		
		Under \$400.	\$400 and under \$600.	\$600 or over.		Under \$400.	\$400 and under \$600.	\$600 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	7	25	52	18	3	8	7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:								
German.....	18	2	4	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	39	9	17	13	4	1	3	.....
Foreign-born:								
German.....	46	5	20	21	3	.....	3	.....
Hebrew.....	19	1	16	2	3	1	2	.....
Magyar.....	62	37	16	9	33	20	8	5
Polish.....	54	27	23	4	5	1	4	.....
Grand total.....	322	88	121	113	66	26	28	12
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	11	21	25	4	1	3	.....
Total native-born.....	141	18	46	77	22	4	11	7
Total foreign-born.....	181	70	75	36	44	22	17	5

^a For selection of families, see p. 640. Of the selected families only those which have both husband and wife present appear in this table.

TABLE 128.—Per cent of families in which wife has employment or keeps boarders or lodgers, by yearly earnings of husband and by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

This table includes only races with 20 or more selected families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races. The families here represented are only those where both husband and wife are present. For selection of families, see p. 640.]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Per cent of wives having employment or keeping boarders or lodgers where husbands' earnings are—			
	Under \$400.	\$400 and under \$600.	\$600 or over.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	42.9	32.0	13.5	21.4
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish..	11.1	17.6	.0	10.3
Foreign-born:				
German.....	.0	15.0	.0	6.5
Magyar.....	54.1	50.0	55.6	53.2
Polish.....	3.7	17.4	(^a)	9.3
Grand total.....	29.5	23.1	10.6	20.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....	9.1	14.3	.0	7.0
Total native-born.....	22.2	23.9	9.1	15.6
Total foreign-born.....	31.4	22.7	13.9	24.3

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The preceding table shows that the proportion of wives having employment or keeping boarders or lodgers is much larger in the Magyar households than in the households of any other foreign race or in those of the native-born. The proportion appears to be about the same whether the husband's earnings are under \$400 a year, between \$400 and \$600, or \$600 a year or over. Upon the other hand, the proportion of households of native-born of native father in which the wife has employment or keeps boarders or lodgers is much larger where the husband's earnings are under \$400 than where they are between \$400 and \$600 or \$600 or over. The percentages seem to show that the employment of wife or the keeping of boarders or lodgers is due to necessity to a greater degree in the native-born households than in the Magyar households.

SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME.

The sources of family income are shown in detail by the table next presented. This table shows, by general nativity and race of head of family, the percentage of families having an income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources.

TABLE 129.—*Per cent of families having an income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Per cent of families having an income from—				
		Earnings of—		Contributions of children.	Payments of boarders or lodgers.	Other sources.
		Husband.	Wife.			
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	100.0	6.0	15.5	16.7	8.3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	39	100.0	.0	5.1	10.3	.0
Foreign-born:						
German.....	46	100.0	.0	32.6	6.5	13.0
Hebrew.....	20	95.0	5.0	5.0	10.0	.0
Magyar.....	64	98.4	1.6	18.8	50.0	6.3
Polish.....	56	100.0	.0	41.1	8.9	10.7
Grand total.....	327	99.4	2.1	20.5	18.3	7.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	100.0	.0	5.3	7.0	3.5
Total native-born.....	141	100.0	3.5	11.3	12.8	6.4
Total foreign-born.....	186	98.9	1.1	27.4	22.6	8.6

^a For selection of families, see p. 640.

Of a grand total of 327 selected families, practically a maximum percentage report as having earnings of husband. About the same proportion receive earnings from "contributions of children" as from "payments of boarders or lodgers;" only 7.6 per cent of the families receive income from "other sources," while the percentage is infinitesimal of those having earnings "from wife." Among the foreign-born, native-born of foreign father, and native-born of native father the percentage having earnings from husband is very

large, being 100 per cent in the two latter; the percentage having earnings from wife is small in each case; the foreign-born show the largest percentage having earnings from "contributions of children," "payments of boarders or lodgers," and "other sources;" the native-born of foreign father present the lowest percentage in each case. Comparing the separate races, the same proportion is seen to have earnings from husband and from wife as is noted among the totals; the foreign-born Poles present a large proportion having "contributions from children," followed by the foreign-born Germans, Magyars, and native-born whites of native father, in order named. The foreign-born Magyars present a very large percentage having earnings from payments of boarders or lodgers; the other races exhibit a low percentage; the foreign-born Germans lead all races having earnings from other sources; the foreign-born Hebrews and native-born Poles of foreign father show none whatever.

In the following table, in which the sources of family income are again shown in detail, each source specified is exclusive of all other sources. In other words, the proportion of families appearing under each designated source have their entire income from that source:

TABLE 130.—Source of family income in detail, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families, ^a	Per cent of families having entire income from—											
		Husband.	Husband and wife.	Husband and children.	Husband, wife, and children.	Husband and boarders or lodgers.	Wife.	Wife and children.	Wife and boarders or lodgers.	Children.	Children and boarders or lodgers.	Boarders or lodgers.	Sources or combination of sources not before specified.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	59.5	4.8	14.3	0.0	10.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	39	84.6	.0	5.1	.0	10.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Foreign-born:													
German.....	46	52.2	.0	30.4	.0	4.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	13.0
Hebrew.....	20	80.0	5.0	.0	.0	10.0	.0	.0	.0	5.0	.0	.0	.0
Magyar.....	64	31.3	1.6	10.9	.0	45.3	.0	.0	.0	1.6	.0	.0	9.4
Polish.....	56	46.4	.0	35.7	.0	7.1	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	10.7
Grand total.....	327	56.6	1.8	16.8	.0	15.3	.0	.0	.0	.6	.0	.0	8.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	86.0	.0	3.5	.0	7.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	3.5
Total native-born.....	141	70.2	2.8	9.9	.0	9.2	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	7.8
Total foreign-born.....	186	46.2	1.1	22.0	.0	19.9	.0	.0	.0	1.1	.0	.0	9.7

^a For selection of families, see p. 640.

Of the 327 families selected for study, 56.6 per cent derive their entire income from earnings of husband. The husband and children combined are the next greatest source of income, the proportion of families having income from that combined source being 16.8 per cent of all families studied. A slightly smaller proportion have entire income from husband and boarders or lodgers. None of the families

studied have entire income from any one of the following sources: Husband, wife, and children; wife; wife and children; wife and boarders or lodgers; children and boarders or lodgers; boarders or lodgers. The proportion of families having entire income from husband is 86 per cent in the case of the native-born of foreign father and 46.2 per cent of the foreign-born. Of the foreign-born races studied, the Hebrews show the largest proportion of families who derive entire income from husband, the percentage being 80. The Germans show 52.2 per cent of the families studied to have entire income from husband. The Hebrew and Magyar are the only races showing families whose income is from husband and wife combined. Of the Polish families studied, 35.7 per cent have income from husband and children. Of the Magyar families, 45.3 per cent have entire income from husband and boarders or lodgers. The Germans and Poles each show less than 10 per cent who have income from that source. The Hebrews and Magyars each show a small proportion of families having income from children. Over 10 per cent each of the Polish and German families have income from sources or combination of sources not before specified.

RELATIVE IMPORTANCE OF DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME.

The relative importance of the different sources of income of the families studied in the community may be seen from the following table, which shows, by general nativity and race of head of family, the percentage of total yearly income from the husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources:

TABLE 131.—*Per cent of total yearly income from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more families reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Per cent of total income from—				
		Earnings of—		Contributions of children.	Payments of boarders or lodgers.	Other sources.
		Husband.	Wife.			
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	87.1	0.9	6.7	4.0	1.3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	39	94.6	.0	2.9	2.6	.0
Foreign-born:						
German.....	46	78.9	.0	15.1	3.0	2.9
Hebrew.....	20	85.5	1.2	11.6	1.7	.0
Magyar.....	64	58.5	.3	11.3	29.0	.9
Polish.....	56	67.5	.0	30.2	.7	1.6
Grand total.....	327	78.7	.4	12.1	7.4	1.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	94.5	.0	2.5	1.7	1.3
Total native-born.....	141	89.6	.6	5.3	3.2	1.3
Total foreign-born.....	186	69.5	.2	17.8	10.9	1.6

^a For selection of families, see p. 640.

The preceding table shows that by far the largest proportion, or 78.7 per cent, of the total income of the 327 families studied in this locality is derived from the earnings of husband, 12.1 per cent from the contributions of children, 7.4 per cent from the payments of boarders or lodgers, while less than 2 per cent is derived from earnings of wife and other sources, the foreign-born showing a considerably smaller proportion derived from earnings of husband and a slightly larger proportion from contributions of children and payments of boarders or lodgers than is shown in the total for all families. On the other hand, both the native-born of foreign father and native whites born of native father show smaller proportions of the total income derived from the contributions of children and payments of boarders or lodgers and a larger proportion from earnings of husband than shown for all families, the difference being less marked among the native-born of native father, white, than among the native-born of foreign father. Among the foreign-born the largest proportion of the total income received from earnings of husband is shown by the Hebrews, or 85.5 per cent, a proportion slightly in excess of that shown by the Germans and largely in excess of that shown by the Poles or Magyars—the last named reporting 58.5 per cent. From contributions of children the Poles derive a considerably larger proportion of the total income than do any of the other races, while from the payments of boarders or lodgers the proportions of the total income received by the Germans, Hebrews, and Poles, as contrasted with the proportion received by the Magyars, are extremely low, the last named receiving 29 per cent of the total income from this source. As regards the Poles, native-born of foreign father, it will be noted that no part of the total income is received from the earnings of wife, and while slightly smaller proportions are received from the contributions of children and payments of boarders or lodgers a slightly larger proportion is received from the earnings of husband than is the case with the native whites born of native father.

CHAPTER IV.

WORKING CONDITIONS.

Employment available—Reasons for the employment of immigrants—Methods of securing immigrant labor—Effect of the employment of immigrants upon establishment of new industries—General conditions of employment—Regularity of employment—Relations between the races employed—Employment of women—Labor disputes—The immigrant and organized labor—[Text Tables 132 and 133 and General Table 83].

EMPLOYMENT AVAILABLE.

Employment is available in this community in three large establishments employing, jointly, between 7,000 and 8,000 persons, and in six other establishments employing together from 1,500 to 2,000 workmen. The three larger establishments manufacture, respectively, agricultural implements, vehicles, and sewing-machine cabinets; and among the six other establishments, are one stone works, one plow works, one general agricultural implement plant, one watch factory, one cotton mill, and one woolen mill. In addition to these establishments, there are a number of smaller plants and shops in the city, which give employment to about 500 people.

REASONS FOR THE EMPLOYMENT OF IMMIGRANTS.

Immigrants have been employed by the several industrial plants of Community A for three distinct reasons: (1) Scarcity of other labor; (2) cheapness; (3) because of their indifference as to the class of the work given them.

The locality has been largely settled by immigrants, and as has been stated in a preceding section, the immigrants compose about two-thirds of the present population, which has resulted in a scarcity of native labor in the community and the general employment of foreign workmen in the shops.

Officials of the larger concerns state that their experience has been that immigrant labor is cheaper than native labor in the lower occupations. To illustrate this point, one of the officials went so far as to say that the races of the more recent immigration could be "driven, in a season of rush work, to do almost double work, on the same pay as they usually receive, while the natives would not stand for such treatment." In the vehicle shops, as well as in the foundry shops of the plow works, there are occupations classed as unskilled, in which native Americans and the races of early immigration will not accept employment. Among the recent immigrants, however, were people who entered these occupations without question, and which furnishes the third reason for which immigrants have been employed in the community. One occupation found in this group, known as "grinding," in which chiefly Poles are employed, develops a kind of tuber-

culosis of the lungs, which is rapid in its development after the patient becomes affected. The work consists of sharpening and planing steel implements on emery wheels. During the process the fine particles of steel and emery which are cut by the rapidly revolving wheels, are breathed in by the operators, and carried into the lungs. With all possible care taken by the company to prevent the "grindings" from reaching the men operating the wheels, it is only a matter of a few years, possibly only a few months, before they are affected by the disease.

METHODS OF SECURING IMMIGRANT LABOR.

All of the larger plants have imported labor at times, but none in sufficient numbers to seriously affect the labor conditions in the community, except in the case of the importation of Poles by the large plow works, which began in 1870. The Poles were secured both in other parts of the United States and in Europe, but the other races imported from time to time have been gathered from other parts of the United States through employment agencies and special agents of the companies. The families of the immigrants were with them in most cases where large numbers have been imported, for the companies have endeavored to import only people whom they could reasonably expect to remain in the community and furnish a permanent labor supply. No discrimination is made between the races because of the fact that they are not natives, and all employment is open to those who are able to perform the work required. The preference, however, is given to natives in employment in some of the plants. In the plant of the vehicle manufacturing company, for instance, the officials claim that, should there be any real preference shown in the employment of labor, that the races would be considered in the following order: Americans, Swedes, Germans, Poles, Magyars, all other races employed. On the other hand, the officials of the sewing-machine cabinet company claim that they would show preference for the several races employed in their shops in the following order should an occasion arise: Germans, Scandinavians, Natives (including Irish, English, Scotch), Magyars, Poles, Italians, all other races except the Hebrews, Hebrews (last). From this it can be seen that the immigrants, as such, are not discriminated against to any great extent in the community, in securing employment, and in being advanced, fshouldt hey deserve advancement through their ability.

EFFECT OF EMPLOYMENT OF IMMIGRANTS UPON ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW INDUSTRIES.

The most important plants in Community A, were established with both native and immigrant labor. The vehicle manufacturing company began operations in 1852 with mixed gangs of native and German labor, the largest plow works in 1855 with the same races, and the sewing-machine cabinet company in 1868 with natives, Germans, and Irish. The rapid growth of these establishments has been due to the immigrant labor supply which has enabled them to take rank among the most important industrial concerns in America.

Exclusive of these three plants, there are a number of other establishments which have been developed in industrial importance by the opportunity to secure immigrant labor. These smaller concerns were located in the community primarily to take advantage of the opportunity to employ immigrants. Among them will be found cotton and woolen mills, machine and foundry shops, plow works, and a watch factory. Immigrants in this manner have contributed largely to the present industrial importance of the community, and many of the most representative citizens give full credit to them as the ones who have developed the city.

GENERAL CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT.

Work is always obtainable in the larger establishments in normal business periods, and unless the industrial disturbance is unusually severe the labor conditions in the community are but little affected. Wage payments are made in currency in some of the plants, and in others by checks drawn on local banks which are accepted at face value at the most important stores in the city. Some of the companies make wage payments every week, but the majority pay wages only every other week. None of the larger establishments own houses which they could rent to their employees, and no company stores are found in the locality. Medical attention is furnished by the larger companies through contracts with local physicians to render services when required. There are no company hospitals in the community, and none of the plants maintain accident insurance funds. In the vehicle manufacturing plant the company pays a local physician an annual salary to attend all employees of the establishment when injured in the course of their work. In addition to this, the company settles all other bills connected with the injury suffered by any employee, but in no case does the company pay any part of such employee's wages while unable to perform his duties. There is no special liability to accident or disease in any of the plants, except the plow works, which are not found in the average manufacturing establishment where machinery is largely used. In the plow works, as has been mentioned in another section, there is an occupation known as "grinding" which often develops a tuberculosis of the lungs among the men engaged in it, should they continue at the work for any length of time. Poles are almost exclusively employed in this occupation, and the mortality rate among them is very high.

REGULARITY OF EMPLOYMENT.

The regularity of employment offered in the community, as well as the relative industriousness of the several races employed, is exhibited by the following table, which shows, by general nativity and race of individual, months worked during the past year by males 16 years of age or over employed away from home.

TABLE 132.—*Months worked during the past year by males 16 years of age or over employed away from home, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent working—			
		12 months.	9 months or over.	6 months or over.	3 months or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	109	61.5	91.7	96.3	99.1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.....	35	85.7	91.4	100.0	100.0
Polish.....	62	14.5	67.7	96.8	98.4
Foreign-born:					
German.....	51	86.3	96.1	100.0	100.0
Hebrew.....	22	54.5	95.5	100.0	100.0
Magyar.....	113	36.3	62.8	80.5	91.2
Polish.....	68	8.8	72.1	89.7	98.5
Grand total.....	463	45.6	79.3	92.4	97.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	100	41.0	77.0	98.0	99.0
Total native-born.....	209	51.7	84.7	97.1	99.0
Total foreign-born.....	254	40.6	74.8	88.6	95.7

In this locality less than one-half of the males 16 years or over employed away from home for whom information was secured worked the entire twelve months in the year, 79.3 per cent worked nine months, and 92.4 per cent worked six months or over. The percentages show that the native-born of native father were employed upon the average for a considerably longer period than either the native-born of foreign father or the foreign-born. Of the foreign-born the Germans have the largest and the Poles the smallest proportion of individuals who worked twelve months and the Germans and Hebrews have the largest and the Magyars the smallest proportion of individuals who worked nine months or over. All of the Germans and Hebrews, 89.7 per cent of the Poles and 80.5 per cent of the Magyars worked six months or over.

RELATIONS BETWEEN THE RACES EMPLOYED.

In the plant of the vehicle manufacturing company it is a policy of the establishment to work what are known as "large" and "small" gangs. The small gangs are composed of from 2 to 10 men, and are always made up of one race. The large gangs contain more than 10 men, and are composed of mixed races. Officials of the company state that by this system they are able to secure better work out of all departments through the fact that in the small gangs composed of men of only one race there is a harmony of interests, without sufficient numbers to become a disturbing influence in the management of the plant. In the large gangs, to prevent clannishness and the opportunity to combine as a body, mixed races are employed. The practical results of the system are apparent when the fact that there has been no serious labor trouble in the establishment is considered, and that the whole labor corps seems well satisfied with conditions under which work is offered. Outside of the establishments there is very little association between the immigrant races and the natives. The natives seem to prevent association by maintaining an attitude of superiority.

EMPLOYMENT OF WOMEN.

Only in one department of the vehicle establishment are women employed, and there only in very small numbers. About 26 women are employed as "trimmers" in the finishing department, composed of the following races: Seven American, 7 German, 6 Polish, 2 Belgian, 1 Canadian, 1 Swede, 1 Dutch, 1 Finn. There is no disposition on the part of any race to secure employment for their women, and no children are employed in the shops under the age of 16 years.

LABOR DISPUTES.

Labor is weakly organized in Community A, and the large companies extend the unions no recognition. The number of the strikes in the history of the city are comparatively few and have been of but little consequence. The first labor trouble occurred in 1878, when there was a general "walk out" over wages in the plant of the vehicle manufacturing company. In this instance the company refused to grant the demands of the employees and closed down the plant. The plant remained idle for three weeks, at the end of which time the strikers applied for reemployment at the old rate of pay and the strike ended. This company has experienced no further trouble with its employees, and all races seem to be satisfied with the management and general conditions in the shops. In 1880 the employees of the plow works, who were largely Poles, demanded a general increase in wages throughout the plant, and at the company's refusal to comply with the demands a strike was declared, which affected all departments of the establishment. Rioting resulted, and police interference became necessary to preserve order. The company held firm, and at the end of a few weeks a number of the men returned to work at their former wages. Interest in the strike soon lagged, and in the course of a short time all of the strikers returned to work. This strike was known as the "Polish strike," it being led by members of that race. No further labor trouble was experienced by the community until the year 1903, when the employees of the sewing machine cabinet company became dissatisfied with the management of the plant and struck for higher wages as an excuse. The trouble lasted about ten days, and then the men returned to work on the same agreements as those prevailing when the strike began.

This trouble was followed in 1905 by a general strike among the motormen and conductors of the city electric lines, which has never been settled. The company imported strike breakers from the surrounding towns, who were chiefly native Americans, and continued the operation of its lines with but little interruption. From time to time the displaced men have applied for reinstatement, receiving employment in some instances and being refused in others. This condition has existed for the past five years, and there seems to be no indication that the strike, as such, will ever be decided. The men have lost; and as the company is not embarrassed for lack of labor there seems to be but small chances of a final settlement. The history of the strikes in the community, therefore, reveals a list of defeats which all attempts of organized labor have experienced, and

if the present attitude of the industrial establishments is to be taken into account, there seems to be no future for organized labor in the city. Only in one strike have the immigrants taken the initiative, that of the Polish strike of 1880 in the plow works.

THE IMMIGRANT AND ORGANIZED LABOR.

The small extent to which the wage-earners in the community are members of labor organizations is set forth in the following table, which shows, by general nativity and race of individual, affiliation with trade unions of males 21 years of age or over who are working for wages.

TABLE 133.—*Affiliation with trade unions of males 21 years of age or over who are working for wages, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Affiliated with trade unions.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Native-born of native father, White.	92	1	1.1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:			
German.	28		.0
Irish.	1		(a)
Polish.	53	1	1.9
Foreign-born:			
German.	51	1	2.0
Hebrew.	22		.0
Magyar.	107		.0
Polish.	63		.0
Grand total.	417	3	.7
Total native-born of foreign father.	82	1	1.2
Total native-born.	174	2	1.1
Total foreign born.	243	1	.4

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Only a fraction of 1 per cent of the males in this locality 21 years of age or over for whom information was secured are affiliated with trades unions. The proportion of the males having such affiliations is larger among the native-born than among the foreign-born.

CHAPTER V.

HOUSING AND LIVING CONDITIONS.

General housing conditions—Rent in its relation to standard of living—Boarders and lodgers—Size of apartments occupied—Size of households studied—Congestion—[Text Tables 134 to 145 and General Tables 84 to 95].

GENERAL HOUSING CONDITIONS.

The housing conditions found in the community are excellent, and no distinction can be made between the conditions surrounding the native workmen and those of the older immigrant races, as they are about the same. To understand the housing conditions among the more recent immigrants, only a very general description is necessary. The houses occupied by the latter races are one and two story frame dwellings of from four to six rooms, each with a yard. No tenements or congested blocks are to be found in the city. Cleanliness is the rule and not the exception among all races, with probably the exception of the Hebrews. Few large boarding houses are to be found, and only among the more recent arrivals will the sleeping and the general living quarters be found congested. The Poles take excellent care of their homes; this is also true of Magyars of long residence. Sanitary conditions in immigrant localities, as well as in the city at large, are good. The sewer system of the city contains about 56 miles of trunks and laterals and empties into the river. The drinking water is obtained from artesian wells with a daily capacity of 14,000,000 gallons, ranging in depth to a maximum of 110 feet.

RENT IN ITS RELATION TO STANDARD OF LIVING.

The rent payments of the households the heads of which are employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements are chiefly significant in their bearing upon standards of living, because of congestion within the households arising from the practice of crowding the apartments in order to reduce the per capita rent outlay. The table first presented in this connection, which immediately follows, shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the average monthly rent paid per apartment, per room, and per person.

TABLE 134.—Average rent per month, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per—		
		Apartment.	Room.	Person.
Native-born of native father, White.....	53	\$10.42	\$1.75	\$2.54
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:				
German.....	9	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	18	5.86	1.30	1.60
Foreign-born:				
German.....	15	9.43	1.77	2.77
Hebrew.....	21	8.95	1.83	1.96
Magyar.....	42	6.93	1.79	1.16
Polish.....	16	5.41	1.52	1.04
Grand total.....	174	8.28	1.71	1.82
Total native-born of foreign father.....	27	6.72	1.46	1.91
Total native-born.....	80	9.17	1.67	2.35
Total foreign born.....	94	7.52	1.75	1.47

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The above table shows that the average rent per apartment paid by the 174 households studied in this locality is \$8.28 per month, while the average rent per room and per person is \$1.71 and \$1.82 per month, respectively. Households the heads of which are foreign-born pay a considerably lower average rent per apartment and per person and a slightly higher average per room than is shown in the total for all households. As between those households the heads of which are foreign-born and those the heads of which are native-born of foreign father, it will be noted that the former pay a considerably higher average rent per apartment, a slightly higher average per room, and a considerably lower average per person than do the latter. Comparing those households the heads of which are native whites born of native father with those the heads of which are foreign-born, it will be noted that while both pay the same average rent per month per room, the former pay a much higher average rent per apartment and per person than do the latter. Among those households the heads of which are foreign-born, it will be noted that the Germans pay a slightly higher average rent per apartment than the Hebrew and a much higher rent per person, while the average rent per room is slightly lower than that shown for the Hebrew households. The Hebrews, however, while paying only a slightly higher average rent per room than the Magyars and a considerably higher average rent per room than the Poles, show a much higher average rent per apartment and per person than do the households the heads of which are of either of these races—the average rent per apartment paid by the Poles being much lower while the average rent per room is but slightly lower than that shown by the Magyar households. Of those households the heads of which are native-born of foreign father, it will be noted that the Polish show a slightly higher average rent per apartment, a considerably lower average rent per room, and a much higher average rent per person than do the Polish households the heads of which are foreign-born.

The following table shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the per cent of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment:

TABLE 135.—*Per cent of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per apartment.	Per cent paying—			
			Under \$5.	Under \$7.50.	Under \$10.	Under \$12.50.
Native-born of native father, White.....	53	\$10.42	1.9	18.9	43.4	75.5
Foreign-born:						
Hebrew.....	21	8.95	9.5	19.0	42.9	95.2
Magyar.....	42	6.93	11.9	57.1	88.1	97.6
Grand total.....	174	8.28	8.0	43.7	66.7	90.8
Total native-born of foreign father.....	27	6.72	11.1	66.7	96.3	100.0
Total native-born.....	80	9.17	5.0	35.0	58.8	83.8
Total foreign-born.....	94	7.52	10.6	51.1	73.4	96.8

The following table shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the per cent of households paying each specified rent per month per room:

TABLE 136.—*Per cent of households paying each specified rent per month per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per room.	Per cent paying—			
			Under \$1.	Under \$2.	Under \$3.	Under \$4.
Native-born of native father, White.....	53	\$1.75	1.9	66.0	98.0	100.0
Foreign-born:						
Hebrew.....	21	1.83	4.8	61.9	100.0	100.0
Magyar.....	42	1.79	4.8	47.6	100.0	100.0
Grand total.....	174	1.71	2.9	65.5	98.9	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	27	1.46	3.7	74.1	100.0	100.0
Total native-born.....	80	1.67	2.5	68.8	98.8	100.0
Total foreign-born.....	94	1.75	3.2	62.8	98.9	100.0

In the above table, of 174 households studied, 65.5 per cent pay less than \$2 per room, none \$4 or over, and very small proportions pay less than \$1 and \$3, but less than \$4. Of the individual foreign races studied, the majority of the Hebrews pay less than \$2 per room, the proportion reported being very nearly the same as that of the total foreign-born, namely 62.8 per cent. The great majority of the Magyars, however, pay between \$2 and \$3 per room, but neither

race reports apartments the rooms of which cost \$3 or over apiece. Of the native whites born of native father the great majority pays \$1 but less than \$2, 1.9 per cent paying less than \$1 and an equal proportion paying between \$3 and \$4, none averaging \$4 or over per room. A review of the table shows that all the races average less than \$4 per room, and although neither of the foreign-born races studied reports rooms costing over \$3, a small proportion of the total foreign-born does so, as does a slightly larger proportion of the native-born whites of native father. With the exception of the Magyars, the majority of the races, native or foreign-born, seem to average between \$1 and \$2 per room, a large proportion in each case paying between \$2 and \$3.

The real situation relative to congestion is set forth in the following table, which indicates the extent of crowding within the households studied by showing, according to general nativity and race of head of household, the percentage of households paying each specified rent per month per person.

TABLE 137.—*Per cent of households paying each specified rent per month per person, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per person.	Per cent paying—			
			Under \$1.	Under \$2.	Under \$3.	Under \$4.
Native-born of native father, White.....	53	\$2.54	1.9	24.5	66.0	77.4
Foreign-born:						
Hebrew.....	21	1.96	4.8	33.3	81.0	90.5
Magyar.....	42	1.16	33.3	78.6	92.9	92.9
Grand total.....	174	1.82	12.6	48.3	77.6	86.8
Total native-born of foreign father.....	27	1.91	7.4	48.1	77.8	88.9
Total native-born.....	80	2.35	3.8	32.5	70.0	81.3
Total foreign-born.....	94	1.47	20.2	61.7	84.0	91.5

Of the 174 households studied in this locality, 12.6 per cent pay under \$1 rent per month per person, 48.3 per cent under \$2, 77.6 per cent under \$3, and 86.8 per cent under \$4. Thus it will be seen that a larger proportion pay between \$1 and \$2 than between any other specified amounts. Those households the heads of which were foreign-born show larger proportions paying under each specified amount than is shown in the total figures for all households; while the households the heads of which were native-born of foreign father show, with the exception of those paying under \$1, proportions paying under each specified amount varying only slightly from the average shown for all households. Of those households the heads of which are native-born whites of native father, only 1.9 per cent pay under \$1, while 22.6 per cent pay \$4 or over; while the proportions paying under \$2 and under \$3 rent per month per person amount to 24.5 and 66.0 per cent, respectively. Comparison of those households the heads of which were foreign-born show that 47.7 per cent of the Hebrew households, as compared with 24.3 per cent of the Magyar

households, pay between \$2 and \$3 monthly rental per person. It will also be noted that the proportion of Hebrew households paying \$4 or over is slightly in excess of that shown by the Magyar households; while the very small proportion of the former is in striking contrast with the proportion of the latter paying under \$1 rent per month per person.

BOARDERS AND LODGERS.

The practice of the wives of employees in this industry in supplementing the earnings of their husbands by taking boarders or lodgers in the home has already been discussed. The extent of this practice and its bearing upon living conditions are considered in the two following tables, the first of which exhibits the number and per cent of households keeping boarders or lodgers, by general nativity and race of head of household.

TABLE 138.—*Number and per cent of households keeping boarders or lodgers, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[Information relating to boarders or lodgers covers only immediate time of taking schedule and not the entire year. Boarders are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Households keeping boarders or lodgers.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	15	17.2
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:			(^a)
German.....	19		7.7
Polish.....	39	3	
Foreign-born:			
German.....	50	3	6.0
Hebrew.....	21	2	9.5
Magyar.....	72	36	50.0
Polish.....	57	5	8.8
Grand total.....	345	64	18.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	3	5.2
Total native-born.....	145	18	12.4
Total foreign-born.....	200	46	23.0

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 345 households studied in this locality, 18.6 per cent keep boarders or lodgers. Of those households the heads of which are foreign-born, 23 per cent keep boarders or lodgers, as compared with 5.2 per cent of those the heads of which are native-born of foreign father. As regards the households in this locality, the Magyars show a larger proportion than all other households combined. Following the Magyar households a slightly larger proportion of the households the heads of which are native-born of native father, whites, keep boarders or lodgers than do households the heads of which are Hebrews, Poles, or Germans, in the order named.

In the table next submitted the average number of boarders or lodgers per household is shown according to general nativity and race of head of household. The averages are based (1) on the total number of households and (2) on the number of households taking boarders or lodgers.

TABLE 139.—Average number of boarders or lodgers per household, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[Information relating to boarders or lodgers covers only immediate time of taking schedule and not the entire year. Boarders are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Number of households keeping boarders or lodgers.	Number of boarders or lodgers.	Average number of boarders or lodgers per household.	
				Based on total number of households.	Based on number of households keeping boarders or lodgers.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	15	19	0.22	1.27
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.....	19				
Polish.....	39	3	4	.10	(a)
Foreign-born:					
German.....	50	3	8	.16	(a)
Hebrew.....	21	2	3	.14	(a)
Magyar.....	72	36	151	2.10	4.19
Polish.....	57	5	9	.16	(a)
Grand total.....	345	64	194	.56	3.03
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	3	4	.07	(a)
Total native-born.....	145	18	23	.16	1.28
Total foreign-born.....	200	46	171	.86	3.72

(a) Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The above table shows an average of 0.56 boarders or lodgers in each of the 345 households studied, there being an average of 3.03 in each of the 64 households keeping boarders or lodgers. Based on the total number of households, as well as the households keeping boarders or lodgers, the foreign-born show a higher average number of boarders or lodgers than the native-born of native father, and the native-born of native father show a higher average number than the native-born of foreign father. Of the several foreign-born races the Magyar is the only case showing more than 1 boarder or lodger per household or per household keeping boarders or lodgers.

SIZE OF APARTMENTS OCCUPIED.

The range in the size of apartments occupied by the households is indicated in the table following, which shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the percentage of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms.

TABLE 140.—*Per cent of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of rooms per household.	Per cent of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms.						
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	6.26	0.0	0.0	3.4	6.9	20.7	25.3	43.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	39	5.18	.0	.0	12.8	20.5	25.6	23.1	17.9
Foreign-born:									
German.....	50	6.56	.0	.0	4.0	14.0	16.0	12.0	54.0
Hebrew.....	21	4.90	.0	4.8	9.5	28.6	19.0	23.8	14.3
Magyar.....	72	4.38	.0	12.5	20.8	22.2	22.2	8.3	13.9
Polish.....	57	4.86	.0	.0	26.3	17.5	31.6	10.5	14.0
Grand total.....	345	5.46	.0	2.9	12.8	15.7	22.6	17.1	29.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	5.43	.0	.0	12.1	15.5	24.1	24.1	24.1
Total native-born.....	145	5.93	.0	.0	6.9	10.3	22.1	24.8	35.9
Total foreign-born.....	200	5.12	.0	5.0	17.0	19.5	23.0	11.5	24.0

The above table contains a report from 345 households, of whom 2.9 per cent are occupying 2-room apartments, 12.8 per cent occupy 3-room apartments, 15.7 per cent 4-room apartments, 22.6 per cent apartments of 5 rooms, 17.1 per cent apartments of 6 rooms, and 29 per cent live in apartments of 7 rooms or more. Most of the households reported are of foreign birth. Comparing the native-born with the foreign-born households it is observed that greater numbers of the former are housed in larger apartments than the latter. Between the native whites born of native father and native-born of foreign father there is no striking contrast, excepting that more of the latter than the former occupy apartments of 3 and 4 rooms and a greater proportion of native-born of native father live in apartments of 7 rooms or more. The Magyars with 12.5 per cent and the Hebrews with 4.8 per cent are the only two races represented with households living in apartments of 2 rooms.

More than 20 per cent of both Magyar and Polish households occupy 3-room apartments, 9.5 per cent of Hebrews, and just 4 per cent of Germans are similarly housed. As to those households occupying 5-room apartments, the Polish lead with 31.6 per cent, the Magyars follow with 22.2 per cent, while both Hebrews and Germans show over 15 per cent. Two of the races of the older immigration, Hebrews and Germans, the former with 23.8 per cent and the latter with 12 per cent, show the greatest proportion of households living in 6-room apartments. The Poles and Magyars show about 10 per cent each. In the column designating proportion of households occupying apartments of 7 rooms or over it is seen that the Germans with 54 per cent are far ahead of any other race reported, each of whom shows less than 15 per cent.

SIZE OF HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The following table exhibits the range in size of households studied by showing, according to general nativity and race of head of household, the percentage of households of each specified number of persons:

TABLE 141.—*Per cent of households of each specified number of persons, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 20 or more households reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per household.	Per cent of households of each specified number of persons.									
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	4.03	0.0	16.1	23.0	28.7	20.7	6.9	2.3	0.0	1.1	1.1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish....	39	4.51	.0	12.8	20.5	17.9	28.2	7.7	2.6	5.1	5.1	.0
Foreign-born:												
German.....	50	4.46	.0	16.0	24.0	14.0	16.0	18.0	6.0	.0	4.0	2.0
Hebrew.....	21	4.57	.0	14.3	19.0	19.0	23.8	9.5	4.8	4.8	.0	4.8
Magyar.....	72	6.22	.0	13.9	5.6	13.9	6.9	13.9	11.1	8.3	13.9	12.5
Polish.....	57	6.00	1.8	7.0	3.5	22.8	15.8	10.5	10.5	10.5	5.3	12.3
Grand total.....	345	4.92	.3	14.5	16.8	20.0	16.5	10.4	6.4	4.3	5.2	5.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	4.07	.0	19.0	27.6	17.2	20.7	5.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	.0
Total native-born.....	145	4.05	.0	17.2	24.8	24.1	20.7	6.2	2.8	1.4	2.1	.7
Total foreign-born....	200	5.55	.5	12.5	11.0	17.0	13.5	13.5	9.0	6.5	7.5	9.0

The table immediately preceding shows that of the 345 households studied in this locality 51.3 per cent have 2, 3, and 4 persons per household, the proportions ranging from 14.5 per cent having 2 to 20 per cent having 4 persons, 16.5 per cent have 5, 10.4 per cent 6, and 6.4, 4.3, 5.2, and 5.5 per cent having 7, 8, 9, and 10 or more persons per household, respectively. Households, the heads of which are foreign-born show slightly smaller proportions having 2, 3, 4, and 5, and slightly larger proportions having each of the other specified number of persons, while households the heads of which are native whites born of native father show larger proportions having 2, 3, 4, and 5, and smaller proportions having each of the other specified number of persons than are shown in the total for all households. Households, the heads of which are native-born of foreign father, on the other hand, show larger proportions having 2, 3, and 5, and smaller proportions having each of the other specified number of persons than is shown for all households.

Among those households the heads of which are foreign-born it will be noted that the Poles show the smallest proportions having 2 and 3 persons and the largest proportion having 4 persons, while the Germans show the largest proportions having 2 and 3, and the Magyars the smallest proportion having 4 persons per household, the proportion of Magyar households having 3 persons being slightly above that of the Polish but considerably below that of the German or Hebrew households. The Magyar households show the smallest proportion having 5 and the Hebrew the smallest proportions having 6

and 7 persons per household. No German households have 8 and no Hebrew households have 9 persons. As between the various households having 8, 9, and 10, or more persons the proportions of Magyar and Polish households exceed the proportions shown by the German and Hebrew households. As regards those households the heads of which are native-born of foreign father it will be noted that the Polish show only small proportions having 6, 7, 8, and 9 persons per household, the proportions having 2, 3, 4, and 5 ranging from 12.8 to 28.2 per cent.

CONGESTION.

Preceding tables indicate the extent to which crowding prevails in the households of employees in the agricultural implement industry. The degree of congestion and its effects upon living arrangements is more directly set forth in the following series of tabulations.

The following table shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the average number of persons per apartment, per room, and per sleeping room.

TABLE 142.—Average number of persons per apartment, per room, and per sleeping room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per—		
		Apartment.	Room.	Sleeping room.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	4.03	0.64	1.81
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:				
German.....	19	3.16	.53	1.67
Polish.....	39	4.51	.87	2.75
Foreign-born:				
German.....	50	4.46	.68	1.86
Hebrew.....	21	4.57	.93	2.34
Magyar.....	72	6.22	1.42	2.89
Polish.....	57	6.00	1.23	3.23
Grand total.....	345	4.92	.90	2.37
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	4.07	.75	2.36
Total native-born.....	145	4.05	.68	2.00
Total foreign-born.....	200	5.55	1.08	2.63

In the 345 households studied in this locality the average number of persons per apartment, room, and sleeping room is 4.92, 0.90, and 2.37, respectively. As between those households the heads of which were foreign-born and those the heads of which were native-born of foreign father, it will be noted that the former show a considerably larger average number of persons per apartment, room, and sleeping room than do the latter. Of the households the heads of which were native whites born of native father the average number of persons per apartment, per room, and per sleeping room is lower than the average shown for those households the heads of which were native-born of foreign father. Among those households the heads of which were foreign-born the Magyar households, while showing a slightly higher average number of persons per apartment and per room, show a slightly lower average per sleeping room than do the Polish, each, however, showing an average number of persons per apartment, per

room, and per sleeping room above the averages shown by the Hebrew or German households. As between the German and Hebrew households the former, with 4.46 persons per apartment, 0.68 persons per room, and 1.86 persons per sleeping room, show a slightly lower average number of persons per apartment and a considerably lower average per room and per sleeping room than do the latter. Comparing those households the heads of which were native-born of foreign father, it will be seen that the German show a considerably lower average number of persons per apartment and per room and a much lower average per sleeping room than do the Polish households.

The table next presented exhibits persons per room, according to general nativity and race of head of household.

TABLE 143.—Persons per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per room.	Number of households having each specified number of persons per room.				Per cent of households having each specified number of persons per room.			
			1 or more.	2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.	1 or more.	2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	0.64	13				14.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
German.....	19	.53	2	1			(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	39	.87	16	1			41.0	2.6	.0	.0
Foreign-born:										
German.....	50	.68	14				28.0	.0	.0	.0
Hebrew.....	21	.93	10	1			47.6	4.8	.0	.0
Magyar.....	72	1.42	58	21	2		80.6	29.2	2.8	.0
Polish.....	57	1.23	37	15			64.9	26.3	.0	.0
Grand total.....	345	.90	150	39	2		43.5	11.3	.6	.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	.75	18	2			31.0	3.4	.0	.0
Total native-born.....	145	.68	31	2			21.4	1.4	.0	.0
Total foreign-born.....	200	1.08	119	37	2		59.5	18.5	1.0	.0

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The average number of persons per room in the 345 households studied in this locality is 0.90, those households the heads of which are foreign-born reporting 1.08, as compared with 0.75 and 0.64 for those households the heads of which are native-born of foreign father and native-born of native father, white, respectively. Among those households the heads of which are foreign-born, the average number of persons in Magyar slightly exceeds the average in Polish, considerably exceeds the average in Hebrew, and largely exceeds the average in German households. Among those households having each specified number of persons per room it will be noted that 43.5 per cent have 1 or more, 11.3 per cent have 2 or more, and less than 1.0 per cent have 3 or more. Those households the heads of which are foreign born show a considerably larger proportion having 1 or more and a slightly larger proportion having 2 and 3 or more, while those households the heads of which are native-born of foreign father show a considerably smaller proportion having 1 or more and 2 or more persons per room than is shown in the total for all households. On the other hand, those households the heads of which are native white born

of native father show no households with 2 or more and but 14.9 per cent with 1 or more persons per room. Among those households the heads of which are foreign-born it will be noted that no German households have 2 or more, and that no Hebrew or Polish, and only 2.8 per cent of the Magyar households have 3 or more persons, the small proportion of Hebrew households having 2 or more persons being in striking contrast with the proportions of the Magyar and Polish households. The Magyar households, with 80.6 per cent having 1 or more persons per household, show a considerably larger proportion than the Polish, which in turn show a considerably larger proportion than the Hebrew and a very much larger proportion than the German households, the last named reporting but 28 per cent with 1 or more persons per room. Of those households the heads of which are native-born of foreign father the Polish households show a much smaller proportion having 1 or more and 2 or more persons per room than is shown by the Polish households, the heads of which are foreign-born.

The following table shows, by general nativity and race of head of household, the range in the number of persons per sleeping room:

TABLE 144.—Persons per sleeping room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per sleeping room.	Number of households having each specified number of persons per sleeping room.						Per cent of households having each specified number of persons per sleeping room.				
			2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.	5 or more.	6 or more.	2 or more.	3 or more.	4 or more.	5 or more.	6 or more.	
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	1.81	48	13	4	1	.....	55.2	14.9	4.6	1.1	0.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:													
German.....	19	1.67	8	4	.....	.....	.....	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	39	2.75	35	21	9	4	2	89.7	53.8	23.1	10.3	5.1	
Foreign-born:													
German.....	50	1.86	25	8	2	.....	.....	50.0	16.0	4.0	.0	.0
Hebrew.....	21	2.34	18	4	2	.....	.....	85.7	19.0	9.5	.0	.0
Magyar.....	72	2.89	63	44	20	7	1	87.5	61.1	27.8	9.7	1.4	
Polish.....	57	3.23	48	35	28	17	7	84.2	61.4	49.1	29.8	12.3	
Grand total.....	345	2.37	245	129	65	29	10	71.0	37.4	18.8	8.4	2.9	
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	2.36	43	25	9	4	2	74.1	43.1	15.5	6.9	3.4	
Total native-born.....	145	2.00	91	38	13	5	2	62.8	26.2	9.0	3.4	1.4	
Total foreign-born.....	200	2.63	154	91	52	24	8	77.0	45.5	26.0	12.0	4.0	

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The above table shows an average of 237 persons per 100 sleeping rooms and 71 per cent of households having 2 or more persons per sleeping room, 37.4 per cent 3 or more, 18.8 per cent 4 or more, 8.4 per cent 5 or more, and 2.9 per cent 6 or more persons per sleeping room. Foreign-born show a somewhat higher average number of persons per sleeping room than native-born of foreign father and a very much higher average than native-born of native father. Foreign-born also show a considerably higher percentage of households having each specified number of persons per sleeping room than the total

native-born of foreign father, while households of native-born of foreign father show much larger proportions having each specified number of persons per sleeping room than the total households of native-born of native father. Of native-born of foreign father Polish households show a higher average number of persons per sleeping room than German households, and of the foreign-born Poles show a much higher average number of persons per sleeping room than the other races, Magyars, Hebrews, and Germans following in the order named. Magyars, Hebrews, and Poles show over 80 per cent having 2 or more persons per sleeping room as contrasted with 50 per cent of German households. Polish households show a higher percentage having 3 or more, 4 or more, 5 or more, and 6 or more persons per sleeping room than the other races given, Hebrew and German households showing comparatively small proportions having 3 or more and 4 or more persons per sleeping room, and no households having 5 or more or 6 or more persons per sleeping room.

The final table of the series, which is next presented, indicates the effect upon living arrangements of congestion within the households studied by showing, according to general nativity and race of head of household, the number and percentage of households regularly sleeping in all except each specified number of rooms:

TABLE 145.—*Number and per cent of households regularly sleeping in all except each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of rooms per household.	Average number of sleeping rooms per household.	Number of households sleeping in—			Per cent of households sleeping in—		
				All rooms.	All except one room.	All except two rooms.	All rooms.	All except one room.	All except two rooms.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	6.26	2.23	.....	1	5	0.0	1.1	5.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
German.....	19	5.95	1.89	.....	1	1	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	39	5.18	1.64	.....	.....	6	.0	.0	15.4
Foreign-born:									
German.....	50	6.56	2.40	.....	1	9	.0	2.0	18.0
Hebrew.....	21	4.90	1.95	.....	1	8	.0	4.8	38.1
Magyar.....	72	4.38	2.15	.....	3	21	4.2	29.2	36.1
Polish.....	57	4.86	1.86	.....	3	16	.0	5.3	28.1
Grand total.....	345	5.46	2.08	.....	3	28	.9	8.1	20.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	5.43	1.72	.....	1	7	.0	1.7	12.1
Total native-born.....	145	5.93	2.03	.....	2	12	.0	1.4	8.3
Total foreign-born.....	200	5.12	2.11	.....	3	26	1.5	13.0	29.5

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The average number of rooms per household in the 345 households studied in this locality is 5.46, while the average number of sleeping rooms is 2.08. Households the heads of which are foreign-born report a considerably lower average number of rooms and a slightly higher average number of sleeping rooms, while households the heads of which are native-born of foreign father show a slightly lower average number of rooms, and a considerably lower average

number of sleeping rooms, than is shown in the total for all households. Households the heads of which are native-born of native father, White, on the other hand, show a considerably higher average number of rooms and sleeping rooms than is shown for all households. Among those households the heads of which are foreign-born the Germans show a much larger average number of rooms and a considerably larger average number of sleeping rooms than is shown by households the heads of which are of any other race. Considering those households sleeping in a specified number of rooms, it will be noted that less than 1 per cent sleep in all rooms, 8.1 per cent sleep in all except 1 room, and 20.6 per cent sleep in all except 2 rooms, those households the heads of which are foreign-born showing a slightly larger proportion in each instance than is shown in the total for all households, while of those households the heads of which are native-born of native father, White, and native-born of foreign father, none of whom sleep in all rooms, the proportions sleeping in all except 1 room and all except 2 rooms are considerably below the proportion shown for all households. Among those households the heads of which are foreign-born no German, Hebrew, or Polish, and only 4.2 per cent of the Magyar households, sleep in all rooms, while the proportions of German, Polish, and Hebrew households, as contrasted with the proportion of Magyar households, sleeping in all except 1 room, are very low. Of those households sleeping in all except 2 rooms the Hebrew households show a slightly larger proportion than the Magyar, a considerably larger proportion than the Polish, and a much larger proportion than the German households. No Polish households the heads of which are native-born of foreign father sleep in all rooms or in all except 1 room, while the proportion sleeping in all except 2 rooms is considerably below that shown for the Polish households the heads of which are foreign-born.

CHAPTER VI.

SALIENT CHARACTERISTICS.

Literacy—Conjugal condition—Age classification of households studied—Criminality—[Text Tables 146 to 150 and General Tables 96 to 100].

LITERACY.

The general literacy of the persons in households studied is exhibited by the following table. This table shows, by sex and general nativity and race of individual, the percentage of persons 10 years of age or over, in the households studied, who read and the percentage who read and write.

TABLE 146.—*Per cent of persons 10 years of age or over who read and per cent who read and write, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who read.			Per cent who read and write.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	133	132	265	99.2	100.0	99.6	99.2	99.2	99.2
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
German.....	56	66	122	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Polish.....	78	84	162	98.7	98.8	98.8	98.7	98.8	98.8
Foreign-born:									
German.....	54	49	103	98.1	89.8	94.2	94.4	81.6	88.3
Hebrew.....	27	26	53	92.6	73.1	83.0	92.6	65.4	79.2
Magyar.....	132	88	220	99.2	94.3	97.3	98.5	93.2	96.4
Polish.....	74	67	141	93.2	95.5	94.3	90.5	91.0	90.8
Grand total.....	560	526	1,086	98.0	96.0	97.1	97.1	93.9	95.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	140	160	300	99.3	99.4	99.3	99.3	99.4	99.3
Total native-born.....	273	292	565	99.3	99.7	99.5	99.3	99.3	99.3
Total foreign-born.....	287	234	521	96.9	91.5	94.4	95.1	87.2	91.6

The above table shows that the percentage of persons, both male and female, 10 years of age or over who are able to read and to read and to write is larger for the native-born of foreign father and native-born of native father than for the foreign-born. Of the foreign-born, the Germans and Magyars have the largest proportion of males who are able to read and to read and to write, while the Magyars and Poles have the largest proportion of females who are able to read and to read and to write. The proportion of Hebrew females who are able both to read and to write is relatively very small.

The degree of literacy prevailing among persons of foreign birth, in the households studied, after designated periods of residence in this country, may be seen from the table next presented. This table shows, by race of individual and by years individual has been in the United States, the percentage of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over who read and the percentage who read and write.

TABLE 147.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over who read and per cent who read and write, by years in the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who read, by years in United States.			Per cent who read and write, by years in United States.		
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.
German.....	103	90.0	90.0	95.1	90.0	72.7	90.2
Hebrew.....	53	86.8	78.6	(a)	81.6	78.6	(a)
Magyar.....	220	97.6	98.6	92.6	96.0	98.6	92.6
Polish.....	141	100.0	90.9	93.8	100.0	90.9	88.5
Total.....	521	95.4	94.0	93.8	93.3	92.2	89.5

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The percentages of the above table show that the proportion of all individuals in this locality, 10 years of age or over, for whom information was secured, who are able to read and the proportion who are able both to read and write is largest in the case of those who have been in the United States under five years, second largest in the case of those who have been here from five to nine years, and smallest in the case of those who have been here ten years or over. The proportion of individuals who have been in the United States under five years who can read only and who can both read and write is largest for the Polish, second largest for the Magyars, and smallest for the Hebrews. The proportion of persons who have been in the United States from five to nine years and who can both read and write is smaller for the Germans than for either the Hebrews or Magyars. Of the individuals who have been here ten years or over, a slightly larger proportion of the Germans than of the Magyars or Poles can read only, and a slightly larger proportion of Magyars than of Poles or Germans can both read and write.

The literacy of the foreign-born persons in the households studied, according to their ages at the time of arriving in the United States, is indicated by the table next presented. This table shows the percentage of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over who read and the percentage who read and write, by race of individual and by age at time of coming to the United States.

TABLE 148.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over who read and per cent who read and write, by age at time of coming to the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who read, by age at time of coming to United States.		Per cent who read and write, by age at time of coming to United States.	
		Under 14.	14 or over.	Under 14.	14 or over.
German.....	103	95.7	93.8	91.3	87.5
Hebrew.....	53	100.0	80.9	100.0	76.6
Magyar.....	220	100.0	96.9	96.6	96.3
Polish.....	141	100.0	92.4	100.0	87.6
Total.....	521	98.9	93.4	96.8	90.4

From the data presented in the above table it appears that of the foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over who came to the United States when under 14 years of age 98.9 per cent can read and 96.8 per cent can both read and write. Of the persons who came to this country when 14 or over, only 93.4 per cent can read and only 90.4 per cent can both read and write. All Hebrews, Magyars, and Poles, as against 95.7 per cent of the Germans, who came to the United States when under 14 years of age can read only, while the proportion of persons who came here when 14 or over who can read only is largest for the Magyars and Germans, in the order mentioned, and smallest for the Hebrews. The proportion of persons who came to the United States under 14 years of age who are able both to read and write is largest for the Hebrews, Poles, and Magyars and smallest for the Germans, while the proportion of persons who came here when 14 or over who are able both to read and write is largest for the Magyars, Poles, and Germans, in the order mentioned.

CONJUGAL CONDITION.

The conjugal condition of the persons in the households studied is indicated in the table next submitted. The table shows, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race of individual, the percentage of persons in each conjugal condition.

TABLE 149.—Per cent of persons in each conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALES.

General nativity and race of individual.	20 to 29 years of age.			30 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age or over.			20 years of age or over.						
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—					
		Single.	Married.		Widowed.	Single.		Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father, White.....	35	28.6	71.4	0.0	37	2.7	97.3	0.0	28	0.0	92.9	7.1	100	11.0	87.0	2.0
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	39	30.8	69.2	.0	16	18.8	81.3	.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	55	27.3	72.7	.0
Foreign-born:																
German.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	14	7.1	92.9	.0	34	.0	100.0	.0	51	3.9	96.1	.0
Magyar.....	43	51.2	48.8	.0	50	3.4	96.6	.0	11	.0	90.9	9.1	113	21.2	77.9	.9
Polish.....	12	50.0	50.0	.0	25	4.0	96.0	.0	29	.0	86.2	13.8	66	10.6	83.3	6.1
Grand total.....	158	41.8	58.2	.0	173	5.2	94.8	.0	111	.0	93.7	6.3	442	17.0	81.4	1.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	57	42.1	57.9	.0	24	16.7	83.3	.0	8	(a)	(a)	(a)	89	31.5	68.5	.0
Total native-born.....	92	37.0	63.0	.0	61	8.2	91.8	.0	36	.0	94.4	5.6	189	20.6	78.3	1.1
Total foreign-born.....	66	48.5	51.5	.0	112	3.6	96.4	.0	75	.0	93.3	6.7	253	14.2	83.8	2.0

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	47	38.3	61.7	.0	25	4.0	92.0	4.0	21	.0	95.2	4.8	93	20.4	77.4	2.2
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	38	28.9	71.1	.0	7	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	24.4	75.6	.0
Foreign-born:																
German.....	8	(a)	(a)	(a)	13	.0	100.0	.0	27	.0	96.3	3.7	48	.0	97.9	2.1
Magyar.....	42	.0	100.0	.0	22	.0	100.0	.0	7	(a)	(a)	(a)	71	.0	98.6	1.4
Polish.....	19	10.5	84.2	5.3	26	.0	100.0	.0	20	.0	90.0	10.0	65	3.1	92.3	4.6
Grand total.....	187	24.1	75.4	.5	121	4.1	95.0	.8	86	.0	91.9	8.1	394	12.7	85.0	2.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	61	39.3	60.7	.0	22	18.2	81.8	.0	8	(a)	(a)	(a)	91	30.8	69.2	.0
Total native-born.....	108	38.9	61.1	.0	47	10.6	87.2	2.1	29	.0	96.6	3.4	184	25.5	73.4	1.1
Total foreign-born.....	79	3.8	94.9	1.3	74	.0	100.0	.0	57	.0	89.5	10.5	210	1.4	95.2	3.3

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White.....	82	34.1	65.9	.0	62	3.2	95.2	1.6	49	.0	93.9	6.1	193	15.5	82.4	2.1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish.....	77	29.9	70.1	.0	23	13.0	87.0	.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	100	26.0	74.0	.0
Foreign-born:																
German.....	11	9.1	90.9	.0	27	3.7	96.3	.0	61	.0	98.4	1.6	99	2.0	97.0	1.0
Magyar.....	85	25.9	74.1	.0	81	2.5	97.5	.0	18	.0	88.9	11.1	184	13.0	85.9	1.1
Polish.....	31	25.8	71.0	3.2	51	2.0	98.0	.0	49	.0	87.8	12.2	131	6.9	87.8	5.3
Grand total.....	345	32.2	67.5	.3	294	4.8	94.9	.3	197	.0	92.9	7.1	836	15.0	83.1	1.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	118	40.7	59.3	.0	46	17.4	82.6	.0	16	.0	100.0	.0	180	31.1	68.9	.0
Total native-born.....	200	38.0	62.0	.0	108	9.3	89.8	.9	65	.0	95.4	4.6	373	23.1	75.9	1.1
Total foreign-born.....	145	24.1	75.2	.7	186	2.2	97.8	.0	132	.0	91.7	8.3	463	8.4	89.0	2.6

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The preceding table shows that of the 836 persons 20 years of age or over in this locality, for whom information was obtained, 15 per cent are single, 83.1 per cent married, and 1.9 per cent widowed. Of those from 20 to 29 years of age, 32.2 per cent are single and 67.5 per cent married, as compared with 4.8 and 94.9 per cent single and married, respectively, of those from 30 to 44 years of age, and no per cent and 92.9 per cent single and married, respectively, of those 45 years of age or over. Of the males 20 years of age or over 17 per cent are single and 81.4 per cent married—those from 20 to 29 reporting 41.8 per cent single and 58.2 per cent married, as compared with 5.2 per cent single and 94.8 per cent married of those from 30 to 44 years of age, while those of 45 years of age or over, none are single and 93.7 per cent are married. With the exception of a considerably smaller proportion single and a correspondingly larger proportion married, from 20 to 29 years of age among the native whites born of native father, the proportions of the native whites born of native father, native-born of foreign father, and foreign-born, in each conjugal condition in the several age groups, vary little from the proportions shown in the total for all males. Both the foreign-born Magyars and Poles show much larger proportions single and correspondingly lower proportions married among those from 20 to 29 years of age than do the Poles of the second generation or the native white of native father. With this and with the additional exception that the second generation of Poles show a considerably larger proportion single among those from 30 to 44 years of age than is shown by any other race, the proportions of each race, in each conjugal condition, vary only slightly from the proportions shown in the total for all males. As regards the females 20 years of age or over, 12.7 per cent of whom are single and 85 per cent married, it will be noted that of those from 20 to 29 years of age 24.1 per cent are single and 75.4 per cent married, as compared with 4.1 and 95 per cent single and married, respectively, of those from 30 to 44 years of age, while of those 45 years of age or over none are single and 91.9 per cent married. The foreign-born, among those from 30 to 44 years of age, report no proportion single, and only 3.8 per cent in this conjugal condition, among those from 20 to 29 years of age, while the native-born of native father, white, show a considerably larger proportion single and a considerably smaller proportion married among those from 20 to 29 years of age, and the native-born of foreign father report a considerably larger proportion single and a considerably smaller proportion married among those from 20 to 29 and 30 to 44 years of age, than are shown in the total for all females. With these exceptions, the proportions of native whites born of native father, native-born of foreign father, and foreign-born, in each conjugal condition in the several age groups, vary little from the proportions shown for all females. Among the foreign-born, no Magyars, as compared with 10.5 per cent of the Poles, are single, and all Magyars, as compared with 84.2 per cent of the Poles, among those from 20 to 29 years of age, are married. All Germans, Magyars, and Poles, among those from 30 to 44 years of age, are married. Of those 45 years of age or over, the Germans show a slightly larger proportion married and a slightly smaller proportion widowed than do the Poles, neither race reporting a proportion of females single. As regards the Poles, native-born of foreign father, it will be seen that

the proportion single is considerably above, and the proportion married considerably below, that shown for the foreign-born Poles from 20 to 29 years of age.

AGE CLASSIFICATION OF HOUSEHOLDS STUDIED.

The age characteristics of the members of the households studied are exhibited by the following table, which shows, by sex and general nativity and race of head of household, the percentage of persons within each age group:

TABLE 150.—Per cent of persons within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALES.

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group—						
		Under 6.	6 to 13.	14 and 15.	16 to 19.	20 to 29.	30 to 44.	45 or over.
Native-born of native father, White..	168	16.1	13.7	4.8	6.5	19.0	22.6	17.3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish....	87	35.6	13.8	1.1	2.3	31.0	14.9	1.1
Foreign-born:								
German.....	109	10.1	15.6	5.5	10.1	13.8	13.8	31.2
Hebrew.....	49	24.5	28.6	.0	.0	16.3	28.6	2.0
Magyar.....	189	20.1	10.1	4.2	5.8	22.8	31.2	5.8
Polish.....	161	21.7	16.8	3.1	8.7	14.9	17.4	17.4
Grand total....	791	19.6	14.7	3.5	6.3	20.0	21.9	14.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	115	27.8	13.9	.9	2.6	31.3	16.5	7.0
Total native-born....	283	20.8	13.8	3.2	4.9	24.0	20.1	13.1
Total foreign-born....	508	18.9	15.2	3.7	7.1	17.7	22.8	14.6

FEMALES.

Native-born of native father, White..	173	16.8	13.9	2.3	7.5	30.6	16.8	12.1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish....	85	32.9	17.6	2.4	.0	32.9	12.9	1.2
Foreign-born:								
German.....	106	9.4	17.9	3.8	6.6	17.0	17.9	27.4
Hebrew.....	44	25.0	20.5	.0	4.5	20.5	25.0	4.5
Magyar.....	145	29.0	11.7	2.1	8.3	29.0	15.2	4.8
Polish.....	172	25.0	21.5	6.4	6.4	16.9	12.2	11.6
Grand total....	757	22.2	16.5	3.3	5.9	24.7	16.0	11.4
Total native-born of foreign father.....	117	28.2	16.2	2.6	.0	30.8	16.2	6.0
Total native-born....	290	21.4	14.8	2.4	4.5	30.7	16.6	9.7
Total foreign-born....	467	22.7	17.6	3.9	6.9	21.0	15.6	12.4

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White..	341	16.4	13.8	3.5	7.0	24.9	19.6	14.7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father, Polish....	172	34.3	15.7	1.7	1.2	32.0	14.0	1.2
Foreign-born:								
German.....	215	9.8	16.7	4.7	8.4	15.3	15.8	29.3
Hebrew.....	93	24.7	24.7	.0	2.2	18.3	26.9	3.2
Magyar.....	334	24.0	10.8	3.3	6.9	25.4	24.3	5.4
Polish.....	333	23.4	19.2	4.8	7.5	15.9	14.7	14.4
Grand total....	1,548	20.9	15.6	3.4	6.1	22.3	19.0	12.7
Total native-born of foreign father.....	232	28.0	15.1	1.7	1.3	31.0	16.4	6.5
Total native-born....	573	21.1	14.3	2.8	4.7	27.4	18.3	11.3
Total foreign-born....	975	20.7	16.3	3.8	7.0	19.3	19.4	13.5

Of the 1,548 persons in this locality concerning whom information was obtained, 20.9 per cent are under 6 years of age, 15.6 per cent from 6 to 13, 9.5 per cent from 14 to 19, 22.3 from 20 to 29, and 19 per cent from 30 to 44, while 12.7 per cent are 45 years of age or over. No very great difference is noted in the proportions shown for those households, the heads of which are native whites born of native father, native-born of foreign father, and foreign-born, from the proportions shown in the total for all persons in the various age groups. This same general statement applies to both the males and females. Among males in households whose heads are foreign-born, it will be noted that in Hebrew households the proportions under 6 and from 6 to 13 years of age are larger than in households the heads of which are of any other race, the smallest proportion under 6 years of age being in German households and the smallest proportion from 6 to 13 years of age in Magyar households. No males from 14 to 15 and 16 to 19 years of age are in Hebrew, and only small proportions are in households the heads of which are of any other race. The small proportions of males 45 years of age or over in Hebrew and Magyar households are in striking contrast with the proportion in German households, and are considerably below the proportion in Polish households. In Polish households the heads of which are native-born of foreign father, the proportion of males 45 years of age or over is considerably below the proportion under 6, and from 20 to 29 years of age considerably above, while the proportion in each of the other age groups is but slightly below the proportions shown in Polish households the heads of which are foreign-born. Considering the females, it will be noted that in households the heads of which are foreign-born, the Magyar households with 29 per cent under 6 years of age show a slightly larger proportion than do the Hebrew or Polish and a much larger proportion than do the German households. The Magyar households again show the largest proportion of females from 16 to 19 and from 20 to 29 years of age, the Hebrew households showing the smallest proportion from 16 to 19 and the Polish households the smallest proportion from 20 to 29 years of age. The proportion of females in Hebrew households from 30 to 44 years of age exceeds the proportion in German, Magyar, or Polish households in the order named, while the proportions of females in Hebrew and Magyar households 45 years of age or over are slightly below the proportion in Polish and much below the proportion in German households. In Polish households the heads of which are native-born of foreign father, no females are from 16 to 19 years of age. The proportions under 6 and from 30 to 44 years of age are slightly above, the proportion from 20 to 29 considerably above, and the proportion 45 years of age or over is considerably below the proportions shown in Polish households the heads of which are foreign-born.

CRIMINALITY.

The principal criminal offenses committed by the immigrants in the community are drunkenness, fighting, carrying concealed weapons, and petty larceny. The Magyars and Belgians are the most conspicuous for drunkenness, fighting, and carrying concealed weapons; the Poles (chiefly among the children) for petty larceny. The Danes

and Swedes are given to drunkenness, while the Norwegians are seldom arrested for this offense. The few Italians in the city give no trouble to the authorities. Among the other races found in the community no criminal peculiarities are to be found beyond those found in the average city of the size of Community A. A judge of the city court, in discussing the Magyars, stated that they would always pay their fines rather than go to jail if they possibly could keep from it. This judge claimed that when a Magyar was brought into court and fined for some offense he either produced the money himself or some of his friends came forward and "paid him out" immediately.

CHAPTER VII.

GENERAL PROGRESS AND ASSIMILATION.

Tendency of immigrants to settle permanently—Ownership of homes—Immigrants in business—Immigrants in the professions—Schools—Efficiency of immigrants—Progress of immigrants—Citizenship—Ability to speak English—Immigrant churches—[Text Tables 151 to 155 and General Tables 101 to 106].

TENDENCY OF IMMIGRANTS TO SETTLE PERMANENTLY.

Considering only the more recent immigrants, a tendency is noted among the following races to remain permanently in the locality: Danes, Norwegians, Swedes, Magyars, Poles, and Slovaks. The Hebrews, Italians, Syrians, and Greeks manifest little interest in the town beyond eking out an existence, and should better opportunities be opened to them elsewhere it would be only a matter of time before they would leave the city. The Poles are firmly established, and with the Magyars, Danes, Norwegians, Swedes, and all other older races, own real estate and in many instances are proprietors of large business interests. From this fact it would appear that these races are permanently settled.

OWNERSHIP OF HOMES.

The accumulation of property is not only an indication of thrift on the part of the owner, but if the owner is a person of foreign birth it also exhibits a tendency toward permanent settlement in the United States. In this connection the following table, showing the number and per cent of families owning homes, is submitted:

TABLE 151.—*Number and per cent of families owning home, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Total number of families.	Owning home.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	34	39.1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:			
German.....	19	10	(a) 52.5
Polish.....	40	21	
Foreign-born:			
German.....	49	33	67.3
Hebrew.....	21	.....	.0
Magyar.....	76	30	39.5
Polish.....	60	40	66.7
Grand total.....	352	168	47.7
Total native-born of foreign father.....	59	31	52.5
Total native-born.....	146	65	44.5
Total foreign-born.....	206	103	50.0

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 352 families studied in this locality, 47.7 per cent own homes, the foreign-born reporting 50 per cent, as compared with 52.5 per cent of the native-born of foreign father and only 39.1 per cent of the native whites born of native father. Among the foreign-born in this locality no Hebrew families own homes, while the Germans and Poles, with similar proportions, each show a much larger proportion than do the Magyars owning homes, the last-named reporting 39.5 per cent. As compared with the foreign-born Poles, the Poles native-born of foreign father report a considerably smaller proportion owning homes, the foreign-born Poles reporting 66.7 per cent.

IMMIGRANTS IN BUSINESS.

The races found in business are progressive and in several cases have built up large trades. The Polish are easily the leaders in this activity and command a great deal of respect from the natives of the city and surrounding county. They own and conduct millinery, dry goods, shoe, hardware, and drug stores, saloons, cigar factories, livery stables, and building and loan associations. The Poles have two building and loan associations in the community, one capitalized at \$2,000,000, the other for \$500,000. Both have Polish officers, and the first mentioned is the second largest institution of its kind in the State. The vice-president of this association, a Pole of the second generation, is one of the most prominent real estate men in the city. Among the other races represented, the Magyars, Hebrews, Syrians, and Italians are to be found in the fruit and general vending trades. Persons of the older races in the community, such as the Germans, will be found in about the same class of business undertakings as the Americans.

IMMIGRANTS IN THE PROFESSIONS.

The Poles number among them two lawyers and two physicians, all able men in their respective vocations, while the Magyars have one of the most prominent physicians of the city, a man educated in the University of Vienna. In the professions, as in business, the older immigrants are as conspicuous as the natives, and can not be dealt with separately.

SCHOOLS.

There are 14 public grade schools, 1 public grammar school, and 1 public high school in the city, with a total enrollment of 7,231. The laws of the State require all children from 7 to 14 years of age to attend some recognized school the whole of each term. Included in the public school systems of the city is a night school, among the students of which will be found Poles, Magyars, and Hebrews. In addition to the public schools there are 13 parochial schools, divided among the several denominations as follows: Roman Catholic 6, Polish Roman Catholic 3, Magyar Roman Catholic 1, English Lutheran 1, German Evangelistic 1, Evangelistical 1.

There are also 2 private schools, 2 Roman Catholic academies, 1 private commercial college, and 1 Roman Catholic university. Out of the 15 libraries and reading rooms in the city the Poles have 2 and the Germans 1; the remaining 12 are conducted by the natives.

EFFICIENCY OF IMMIGRANTS.

The most efficient races employed in the vehicle shops, in all occupations in the several departments, are, in the order named: (1) American, including the Irish and Scotch; (2) German; (3) Swedish; (4) Polish; (5) Magyar; (6) all other races except the Hebrew; (7) Hebrew, last. The efficiency of the Irish, Magyars, and Poles is lessened to a certain extent by the excessive use of intoxicants. These three races are the hardest drinkers in the community. The ability to speak English has but little effect on the efficiency of the laborers in the shops, and officials of the company claim that some of the most skilled work in the plant is done by immigrants who are unable to speak more than a few words in the English tongue. All races in the community, however, are acquiring the ability to speak English.

PROGRESS OF IMMIGRANTS.

The most marked tendency toward progress, as noticed in the vehicle shops, is exhibited by the Swedes. The Germans, Poles, and Magyars are also working up in the scale of occupations, while the Hebrews are showing no tendency to progress. These races will be found making progress in all departments of the establishment, and the Swedes and Germans will be found chiefly in the skilled and specialized occupations. These races are not only making progress in the workshops, but are progressing in the ability to speak English, and in civic interests. The Germans lead in local politics, but are closely seconded by the Swedes and Poles.

CITIZENSHIP.

The extent to which the foreign-born males in the households studied have acquired citizenship or have taken the preliminary steps is indicated by the table next presented. This table shows, by race of individual, the present political condition of foreign-born males who have been in the United States five years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming.

TABLE 152.—*Present political condition of foreign-born males who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number—		Per cent—	
		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.	Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.
German.....	27	25	.....	92.6	0.0
Hebrew.....	12	2	10	(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	41	10	28	24.4	68.3
Polish.....	41	41	.....	100.0	.0
Total.....	121	78	38	64.5	31.4

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

The percentages of the table show that of the foreign-born males who have been in the United States five years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at the time of coming, all of the Poles and 92.6 per cent of the Germans are fully naturalized, as against only 24.4 per cent of the Magyars. None of the Germans or Poles and 68.3 per cent of the Magyars have first papers only.

ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH.

The extent to which foreign-born persons of non-English-speaking races, in the households studied, are able to speak English is set forth in the following series of tables. The first table presented shows, by sex and general nativity and race of individual, the percentage of persons 6 years of age or over who speak English.

TABLE 153.—*Per cent of persons 6 years of age or over who speak English, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 40 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all non-English-speaking races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who speak English.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
German.....	64	68	132	100.0	100.0	100.0
Polish.....	90	97	187	94.4	91.8	93.0
Foreign-born:						
German.....	54	50	104	96.3	86.0	91.3
Hebrew.....	37	33	70	91.9	51.5	72.9
Magyar.....	140	92	232	35.0	17.4	28.0
Polish.....	77	72	149	64.9	27.8	47.0
Grand total.....	474	425	899	73.0	61.9	67.7
Total native-born of foreign father.....	166	178	344	97.0	93.8	95.3
Total foreign-born.....	308	247	555	60.1	38.9	50.6

The percentages of the above table show that of the persons, in this locality, 6 years of age or over, for whom information was secured, 73 per cent of the males as against only 61.9 per cent of the females can speak English. Among the foreign born the largest proportion both of males and of females who can speak English is reported for the Germans and Hebrews, in the order mentioned, and the smallest for the Magyars. The difference in the percentages is considerably greater for the females than for the males. It appears that all of the native born of German parentage, both males and females, and, of the native-born of Polish parentage, a slightly larger proportion of the males than of the females are able to speak English.

The table following shows the percentage of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over, in the households studied, who speak English, by race of individual and by age at time of coming to the United States.

TABLE 154.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over who speak English, by age at time of coming to the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by age at time of coming to United States.	
		Under 14.	14 or over.
German.....	104	100.0	88.8
Hebrew.....	70	100.0	59.6
Magyar.....	232	85.4	15.7
Polish.....	149	77.3	34.3
Total.....	555	87.9	39.0

The above table shows that of the persons 6 years of age or over for whom information was secured, 87.9 per cent of those who came to the United States under 14 years of age, as against only 39 per cent of those who came here when 14 or over, are able to speak English. Of the individuals who came here when under 14, all the Germans and Hebrews and a considerably larger proportion of the Magyars than of the Poles can speak English. The proportion of persons who came here when 14 or over who are able to speak English is very much greater for the Germans and Hebrews than for the Magyars and Poles.

The progress made by persons of non-English-speaking races in acquiring the ability to speak English after stated periods of residence in this country is exhibited by the following table, which shows, by race of individual and by years in the United States, the percentage of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over in the households studied who speak English:

 TABLE 155.—*Per cent of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over who speak English, by years in the United States and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by years in United States.		
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.
German.....	104	54.5	72.7	98.8
Hebrew.....	70	71.7	75.0	(a)
Magyar.....	232	15.9	38.4	59.3
Polish.....	149	3.6	36.0	62.5
Total.....	555	29.5	45.6	76.7

a. Not computed, owing to small number involved.

From the data presented in the preceding table it appears that the proportion of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over for whom information was secured who are able to speak English is largest in the case of those who have been here for the longest period of time. The Hebrews and the Germans, in the order mentioned, have the largest and the Poles the smallest proportion of persons who have been here under five years and from five to nine years, who can speak English, while the Germans have the largest and the Magyars the smallest proportion of persons who have been here ten years or over who can speak English.

IMMIGRANT CHURCHES.

Fifty-one churches are reported as being located in the city—15 of them are supported by congregations entirely foreign. These 15 foreign churches are divided among the races as follows: (a) Polish 3—all Roman Catholic; (b) Magyar 2—1 Roman Catholic, 1 Reform Protestant; (c) German 5—1 Catholic, 4 Lutheran; (d) Belgian 1—Roman Catholic; (e) Hebrew 1—Reformed; (f) Norwegian-Danish 1—Lutheran; (g) Swedish 2—1 Evangelistic, 1 Lutheran.

PART III.—THE AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND
VEHICLE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY IN
THE EAST.

PART III.—THE AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND VEHICLE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY IN THE EAST.

CHAPTER I.

INTRODUCTION.

Explanation of study—Employees for whom information was secured—[Text Table 156 and General Table 107].

EXPLANATION OF STUDY.

No study was made in the East of households the heads of which were employed in agricultural implement and vehicle manufacturing establishments. The investigation was limited to employees, principally in the State of New York, and those for whom detailed information was secured constitute the statistical basis of the following general survey of the operating forces in the territory east of the Ohio and north of the Potomac rivers.

EMPLOYEES FOR WHOM INFORMATION WAS SECURED.

The extent of the study in the East may be readily seen from the table next presented. It shows, by sex, the number and percentage of employees of each race for whom information was secured.

TABLE 156.—*Employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:						
White.....	1,423	27	1,450	30.6	10.9	29.6
Negro.....	11		11	.2	.0	.2
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Australia.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
Austria-Hungary.....	21	1	22	.5	.4	.4
Canada.....	115	2	117	2.5	.8	2.4
Denmark.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
England.....	147	5	152	3.2	2.0	3.1
France.....	13		13	.3	.0	.3
Germany.....	238	5	243	5.1	2.0	5.0
Greece.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Ireland.....	429	16	445	9.2	6.5	9.1
Italy.....	8	1	9	.2	.4	.2
Norway.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Russia.....	5	2	7	.1	.8	.1
Scotland.....	33	1	34	.7	.4	.7
Spain.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Sweden.....	12		12	.3	.0	.2
Switzerland.....	11		11	.2	.0	.2
Wales.....	21		21	.5	.0	.4

^a Less than 0.05 per cent.

TABLE 156.—*Employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex—Contd.*

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Foreign-born, by race:						
Armenian.....	3		3	0.1	0.0	0.1
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9		9	.2	.0	.2
Bulgarian.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Canadian, French.....	104		104	2.2	.0	2.1
Canadian, Other.....	100	1	101	2.2	.4	2.1
Danish.....	4		4	.1	.0	.1
Dutch.....	3		3	.1	.0	.1
English.....	131	2	133	2.8	.8	2.7
French.....	6		6	.1	.0	.1
German.....	190	1	191	4.1	.4	3.9
Greek.....	48	7	55	1.0	2.8	1.1
Hebrew, Russian.....	8		8	.2	.0	.2
Hebrew, Other.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Irish.....	279	3	282	6.0	1.2	5.8
Italian, North.....	106	9	115	2.3	3.6	2.4
Italian, South.....	247	4	251	5.3	1.6	5.1
Lithuanian.....	19		19	.4	.0	.4
Magyar.....	11		11	.2	.0	.2
Norwegian.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Polish.....	472	137	609	10.2	55.2	12.4
Russian.....	58	10	68	1.2	4.0	1.4
Ruthenian.....	141	10	151	3.0	4.0	3.1
Scotch.....	43		43	.9	.0	.9
Scotch-Irish.....	8		8	.2	.0	.2
Slovak.....	83	1	84	1.8	.4	1.7
Slovenian.....	7		7	.2	.0	.1
Spanish.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Swedish.....	37		37	.8	.0	.8
Welsh.....	10		10	.2	.0	.2
Austrian (race not specified).....	15	3	18	.3	1.2	.4
Belgian (race not specified).....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Swiss (race not specified).....	3		3	.1	.0	.1
Grand total.....	4,644	248	4,892	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	1,060	33	1,093	22.8	13.3	22.3
Total native-born.....	2,494	60	2,554	53.7	24.2	52.2
Total foreign-born.....	2,150	188	2,338	46.3	75.8	47.8

^a Less than 0.05 per cent.

CHAPTER II.

RACIAL DISPLACEMENTS.

History of immigration—Period of residence in the United States of foreign-born employees—Racial classification of employees at the present time—[Text Tables 157 and 158, and General Table 108].

HISTORY OF IMMIGRATION.

As in the case of other sections, no satisfactory statistics are available to show the racial movements to the industry in the Eastern States. The history of immigration to a large establishment in the State of New York, however, is presented below as representative of the movements and racial displacements in the agricultural and vehicle manufacturing plants of the geographical area under discussion. For the purpose of avoiding publicity of the name of the establishment, it is designated by a number.

HISTORY OF IMMIGRATION TO PLANT NO. 1.

Native American whites, English, Irish, Scotch, Welsh, and Germans, who, with their descendants, constitute slightly over 50 per cent of the present force, were the first employees of this plant. The largest number of English, Irish, Scotch, and Welsh came to this immediate locality prior to 1860, while very few representatives of these races have come since 1870. Although the Germans began to settle in this locality along with the English, Irish, Scotch, and Welsh, the larger part of this immigration came about 1870, very few having come since 1880, and practically none since 1893. The Bohemians, a few of whom continue to come, settled in small numbers as early as 1865, while the Scandinavians, none of whom have come since 1893, first settled in this vicinity from 1880 to 1885. The Poles, who constitute a considerable proportion of the population, immigrated to this locality, and a few applied for work at this plant very nearly thirty years ago, however, it has only been within the last twenty years that they have been employed to any extent. The Italians, like the Poles, form a considerable proportion of the population of the city in which this plant is located. The first Italians came to this vicinity in 1895, and have been employed in the plant under discussion for the past twelve or thirteen years. This immigration increased rapidly from 1900 to 1905, the largest numbers coming in the last two years of this period. Since 1900, a few Slovaks, Ruthenians, Russians, and Hervats have settled in this locality and have been employed in this plant, the Ruthenians and Slovaks having preceded the Russians by two or three years. While it is true that the more recent immigrants constitute a considerable proportion of those employed, no displacement of the native American or older immigrant races has occurred, as the representatives of these races have been advanced from the unskilled to the more skilled occupations, and in their stead, in the unskilled occupations, the more recent immigrants have been employed.

Approximately, the racial complexion of the present force is as follows:

American.....	1, 150	Polish.....	450
English, Scotch, and Welsh (70 per cent English).....	100	Slovak.....	40
Irish.....	140	Ruthenian.....	50
German.....	90	Russian.....	10
Scandinavian.....	10	Miscellaneous.....	100
Italian (chiefly South).....	250	Total.....	2, 390

PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN THE UNITED STATES OF FOREIGN-BORN EMPLOYEES.

An insight into the general racial movements to the industry in the East may also be seen in the table next presented, which shows, by sex and race, the percentage of foreign-born employees who had been in the United States each specified number of years:

TABLE 157.—Per cent of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad. This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent in United States each specified number of years.				
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Canadian, French.....	104	6.7	6.7	14.4	22.1	50.0
Canadian, Other.....	99	9.1	14.1	19.2	13.1	44.4
English.....	131	21.4	4.6	9.2	7.6	57.3
German.....	188	9.0	4.8	5.9	20.7	59.6
Irish.....	279	14.7	7.2	6.8	9.7	61.6
Italian, North.....	106	54.7	29.2	5.7	5.7	4.7
Italian, South.....	247	48.2	33.6	8.9	7.3	2.0
Polish.....	476	59.7	25.9	4.0	4.7	5.7
Ruthenian.....	141	86.5	11.3	.0	2.1	.0
Slovak.....	83	55.4	28.9	9.6	4.8	1.2
Total.....	2, 146	40.2	18.1	7.1	8.7	25.9

FEMALE.

Canadian (other than French).....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
English.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Irish.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Italian, North.....	9	88.9	11.1	.0	.0	.0
Italian, South.....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	137	81.8	14.6	2.2	.7	.7
Ruthenian.....	10	90.0	.0	.0	10.0	.0
Slovak.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total.....	188	80.3	14.4	2.1	1.6	1.6

TOTAL.

Canadian, French.....	104	6.7	6.7	14.4	22.1	50.0
Canadian, Other.....	100	9.0	14.0	19.0	13.0	45.0
English.....	133	22.6	4.5	9.0	7.5	56.4
German.....	189	9.0	4.8	5.8	21.2	59.3
Irish.....	282	14.5	7.4	7.1	9.6	61.3
Italian, North.....	115	57.4	27.8	5.2	5.2	4.3
Italian, South.....	251	48.2	33.9	8.8	7.2	2.0
Polish.....	608	64.6	23.4	3.6	3.8	4.6
Ruthenian.....	151	86.8	10.6	.0	2.6	.0
Slovak.....	84	54.8	29.8	9.5	7.8	1.2
Total.....	2, 334	43.4	17.8	6.7	8.1	24.0

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 2,334 foreign-born persons employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements in the East the largest proportion, or 43.4 per cent, have been in the United States under five years, 24 per cent having had a period of residence of twenty years or over, 17.8 per cent from five to nine years, and 14.8 per cent from ten to nineteen years. Over 75 per cent of the North Italians, South Italians, Poles, Ruthenians, and Slovaks, as compared with less than 25 per cent of each other race, except English, have been in the United States less than ten years. Over 70 per cent of the French Canadians, Germans, and Irish and over 50 per cent of the Canadians other than French and English, as compared with less than 10 per cent of each other race, have been in the United States fifteen years or over. Only 40.2 per cent of the total number of males, as compared with 80.3 per cent of the total number of females, have been in the United States under five years. The proportion of males with each other specified period of residence is larger than the proportion of females, 25.9 per cent of the males and only 1.6 per cent of the females having been in the United States twenty years or over.

RACIAL CLASSIFICATION OF EMPLOYEES AT THE PRESENT TIME.

The racial composition of the industry at the present time is set forth in the following table, which shows, by sex, the number and percentage of employees of each race for whom information was secured:

TABLE 158.—*Employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:						
White.....	1,423	27	1,450	30.6	10.9	29.6
Negro.....	11		11	.2	.0	.2
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Australia.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
Austria-Hungary.....	21	1	22	.5	.4	.4
Canada.....	115	2	117	2.5	.8	2.4
Denmark.....	2		2	(a)	.0	(a)
England.....	147	5	152	3.2	2.0	3.1
France.....	13		13	.3	.0	.3
Germany.....	238	5	243	5.1	2.0	5.0
Greece.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Ireland.....	429	16	445	9.2	6.5	9.1
Italy.....	8	1	9	.2	.4	.2
Norway.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Russia.....	5	2	7	.1	.8	.1
Scotland.....	33	1	34	.7	.4	.7
Spain.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Sweden.....	12		12	.3	.0	.2
Switzerland.....	11		11	.3	.0	.2
Wales.....	21		21	.5	.0	.4
Foreign-born, by race:						
Armenian.....	3		3	.1	.0	.1
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9		9	.2	.0	.2
Bulgarian.....	1		1	(a)	.0	(a)
Canadian, French.....	104		104	2.2	.0	2.1
Canadian, Other.....	100	1	101	2.2	.4	2.1
Danish.....	4		4	.1	.0	.1
Dutch.....	4		4	.1	.0	.1
English.....	131	2	133	2.8	.8	2.7
French.....	6	0	6	.1	.0	.1

^a Less than 0.05 per cent.

TABLE 158.—*Employees of each race for whom information was secured, by sex—Contd.*

General nativity and race.	Number.			Per cent distribution.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.						
German.....	190	1	191	4.1	0.4	3.9
Greek.....	48	7	55	1.0	2.8	1.1
Hebrew, Russian.....	8	.....	8	.2	.0	.2
Hebrew, Other.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Irish.....	279	3	282	6.0	1.2	5.8
Italian, North.....	106	9	115	2.3	3.6	2.4
Italian, South.....	247	4	251	5.3	1.6	5.1
Lithuanian.....	19	.....	19	.4	.0	.4
Magyar.....	11	.....	11	.2	.0	.2
Norwegian.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Polish.....	472	137	609	10.2	55.2	12.4
Russian.....	58	10	68	1.2	4.0	1.4
Ruthenian.....	141	10	151	3.0	4.0	3.1
Scotch.....	43	.....	43	.9	.0	.9
Scotch-Irish.....	8	.....	8	.2	.0	.2
Slovak.....	83	1	84	1.8	.4	1.7
Slovenian.....	7	.....	7	.2	.0	.1
Spanish.....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Swedish.....	37	.....	37	.8	.0	.8
Welsh.....	10	.....	10	.2	.0	.2
Austrian (race not specified).....	15	3	18	.3	1.2	.4
Belgian (race not specified).....	1	.....	1	(a)	.0	(a)
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	.....	3	.1	.0	.1
Grand total.....	4,644	248	4,892	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	1,060	33	1,093	22.8	13.3	22.3
Total native-born.....	2,494	60	2,554	53.7	24.2	52.2
Total foreign-born.....	2,150	188	2,338	46.3	75.8	47.8

^a Less than 0.05 per cent.

Of 4,892 persons included in the foregoing table, 4,644 are males and 248 females. Of the males 46.3 per cent are foreign-born, 30.6 per cent native whites born of native father, 22.8 per cent native-born of foreign father, and less than 1 per cent native negroes born of native father. Of the females 75.8 per cent are foreign-born, 10.9 per cent native whites born of native father, 13.3 per cent native negroes born of foreign father, and none native-born of native father. Of the total number of foreign-born males 10.2 per cent are Poles and 6 per cent Irish—less than 5 per cent being of each other given race. Of the females 55.2 per cent are Poles and less than 5 per cent are of any other given race. Of the total number of those native-born of foreign father it is seen that those whose fathers were born in Ireland constitute a larger proportion of both males and females than do those whose fathers were born in each other specified country.

CHAPTER III.

ECONOMIC STATUS.

Principal occupation of immigrant employees before coming to the United States—
Weekly earnings—Relation between period of residence and earning ability—[Text
Tables 159 to 163 and General Tables 109 to 114].

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION OF IMMIGRANT EMPLOYEES BEFORE COMING TO THE UNITED STATES.

Before entering into a discussion of the economic status in this country of the employees engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements in the East, the principal occupation of the foreign-born employees while abroad is set forth. In this connection the following table is submitted, which shows, by race, the percentage of foreign-born male employees in each specified occupation before coming to the United States.

TABLE 159.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees in each specified occupation before coming to the United States, by race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who were engaged in—						
		Manufacturing.	General labor.	Farming or farm labor.	Domestic service.	Hand trades.	Trade.	Other occupations.
English	83	34.9	7.2	7.2	3.6	10.8	6.0	30.1
German	121	25.6	7.4	32.2	.0	24.8	2.5	7.4
Irish	165	10.9	11.5	49.1	1.8	8.5	6.1	12.1
Italian, North	90	5.6	20.0	57.8	1.1	7.8	.0	7.8
Italian, South	222	2.7	13.5	57.7	1.4	12.6	2.3	9.9
Polish	403	5.5	6.9	71.7	.2	10.9	1.0	3.7
Ruthenian	110	2.7	.0	91.8	.0	3.6	.0	1.8
Total	1,606	11.8	8.7	55.7	.7	12.7	2.5	7.8

Over 50 per cent of the 1,606 foreign-born males employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements in the East were either farmers or farm laborers before coming to the United States, the next largest proportion, or 12.7 per cent, having been engaged in hand trades, and 11.8 per cent having been engaged in manufacturing. The proportion who were engaged in general labor is 8.7 per cent, and a slightly smaller proportion, or 7.8 per cent, were engaged in other occupations. Of the several races, the proportion who were either farmers or farm laborers ranges from 91.8 per cent of the Ruthenian to 7.2 per cent of the English, the English being the only race showing less than 30

per cent. The proportion of English and German who were in manufacturing is large in comparison with other races. Over 10 per cent of each race, except the Irish, North Italian, and Ruthenian, were in hand trades, the German showing the largest proportion, or 24.8 per cent, thus engaged. Less than 10 per cent of each race, except the Irish, North Italian, and South Italian, were in general labor, the North Italian showing the largest proportion, or 20 per cent, thus engaged. The English is the only race showing over 2 per cent of their number to have been in domestic service. Of those of each race who were otherwise employed the German shows the largest proportion, or 30.1 per cent, and the Ruthenian the smallest proportion, or 1.8 per cent, other races ranging from 12.1 per cent of the Irish to 3.7 per cent of the Poles.

WEEKLY EARNINGS.

The average amount and range in amount of weekly earnings of the employees are exhibited in the two following tables. The first table presented shows, by general nativity and race, the percentage of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week:

TABLE 160.—Per cent of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more males reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.							
			\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$22.50 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	1,309	\$12.81	99.9	99.1	78.5	46.1	32.2	9.0	3.0	1.4
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:										
Canada.....	108	12.43	100.0	98.1	87.0	46.3	22.2	4.6	.0	.0
England.....	135	13.17	100.0	100.0	79.3	54.1	32.6	11.1	3.7	3.0
Germany.....	211	12.27	100.0	97.2	70.1	42.7	24.6	8.1	1.9	.9
Ireland.....	390	12.74	100.0	100.0	77.7	44.4	29.7	9.0	2.6	.8
Foreign-born, by race:										
Canadian, French.....	100	13.33	100.0	100.0	96.0	54.0	36.0	9.0	4.0	.0
Canadian, Other.....	95	14.48	100.0	100.0	90.5	56.8	46.3	21.1	7.4	5.3
English.....	123	13.30	100.0	99.2	83.7	51.2	31.7	11.4	5.7	3.3
German.....	177	12.06	100.0	98.9	69.5	39.5	21.5	4.5	2.3	.6
Irish.....	274	12.47	100.0	99.6	77.7	39.1	24.8	7.7	2.9	.7
Italian, North.....	100	10.25	100.0	100.0	50.0	9.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	.0
Italian, South.....	238	9.90	99.6	94.1	44.1	9.2	4.6	.0	.0	.0
Polish.....	431	10.50	100.0	97.2	48.5	16.7	12.1	2.3	.5	.0
Ruthenian.....	133	9.96	100.0	97.0	38.3	14.3	11.3	2.3	.8	.0
Grand total.....	4,280	12.14	100.0	98.6	70.8	38.0	25.1	7.1	2.4	1.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	936	12.61	100.0	99.0	76.5	45.4	28.2	8.5	2.2	1.0
Total native-born.....	2,255	12.72	100.0	99.1	77.6	45.8	30.5	8.8	2.7	1.2
Total foreign-born.....	2,025	11.50	100.0	98.0	63.2	29.3	19.1	5.1	2.1	.8

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

Information was obtained from 4,280 male employees 18 years of age or over. Of this number, none earn less than \$5, 98.6 per cent earn \$7.50 or over, 70.8 per cent \$10 or over, 38 per cent \$12.50 or over, and 25.1 per cent \$15 or over, while the proportions earning \$17.50 or over, \$20 or over, and \$22.50 or over amount to 7.1, 2.4, and 1 per cent, respectively. While the foreign-born and native-born of foreign father show proportions earning each specified amount that vary only slightly from the proportions shown in the total for all employees, the former in all instances show proportions slightly below, while the latter in almost as many instances show proportions slightly above the proportions shown for all employees. As regards the native whites, born of native father, it will be noted that, with the exception of a very small proportion earning under \$5, the proportion earning \$7.50 or over and each succeeding specified amount per week slightly exceeds the proportion shown by the native-born of foreign father. Among the foreign-born, no Canadians (whether French or other than French), no North Italians, and only small proportions of the representatives of the other races earn less than \$7.50 per week. Concerning those earning \$10 or over and each succeeding amount per week, it will be noted that, with the exception of the French Canadians, none of whom earn \$22.50 or over per week, the proportions of the older immigrant races earning each specified amount are considerably in excess of the proportions of the more recent immigrants, the contrast being much more marked among those earning the lower than the higher specified amounts. Considering those born in this country of foreign-born parents, it will be noted that no very marked difference exists in the proportions earning each specified amount per week as between those whose fathers were born in Canada, England, Germany, or Ireland.

In the following table the percentage of female employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week is shown by general nativity and race:

TABLE 161.—*Per cent of female employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.**

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more females reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.			
			\$2.50 or over.	\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.
Foreign-born, Polish.....	134	\$7.19	100.0	100.0	44.0	0.0
Grand total.....	232	7.18	100.0	96.6	47.8	1.3
Total native-born of foreign father.....	30	7.24	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total native-born.....	53	7.15	100.0	86.8	62.3	1.9
Total foreign-born.....	179	7.19	100.0	99.4	43.6	1.1

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 232 female employees in this industry for whom information was obtained, it will be noted that all earned \$2.50 or over and but 1.3 per cent earn \$10 or over, while 96.6 and 47.8 per cent earn \$5 or over and \$7.50 or over per week, respectively. The proportion of foreign-born earning each specified amount varies only slightly from the proportion shown in the total for all employees, while the native-born of native father and native-born of foreign father combined show a considerably smaller proportion earning \$5 or over, a considerably larger proportion earning \$7.50 or over and only a slightly larger proportion earning \$10 or over per week than is shown for all employees. As regards the foreign-born Poles, it will be seen that all earn \$5 or over, none \$10 or over, and 44 per cent \$7.50 or over per week.

RELATION BETWEEN PERIOD OF RESIDENCE AND EARNING ABILITY.

The progress in industrial efficiency or earning ability made by the employees after designated periods of residence in this country is exhibited in the following table, which shows, by race and length of residence in the United States, the percentage of foreign-born male employees 18 years of age or over, earning each specified amount per week. By grouping the proportions in each period of residence under the several races, a study is possible of the progress in earning ability made by the foreign-born male employees of each race.

TABLE 162.—*Per cent of foreign-born male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by race and length of residence in the United States.**

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 200 or more males reporting.]

Race and years in United States.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.							
		\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$22.50 or over.
Irish:									
Under 5.....	41	100.0	100.0	82.9	22.0	9.8	2.4	2.4	0.0
5 to 9.....	20	100.0	100.0	75.0	35.0	30.0	10.0	5.0	.0
10 or over.....	213	100.0	99.5	77.0	42.7	27.2	8.5	2.8	.9
Italian, South:									
Under 5.....	115	99.1	90.4	33.0	2.6	.9	.0	.0	.0
5 to 9.....	80	100.0	96.3	56.3	11.3	5.0	.0	.0	.0
10 or over.....	43	100.0	100.0	51.2	23.3	14.0	.0	.0	.0
Polish:									
Under 5.....	264	100.0	96.2	39.8	9.8	7.2	.4	.0	.0
5 to 9.....	106	100.0	99.1	66.0	28.3	22.6	4.7	.9	.0
10 or over.....	61	100.0	98.4	55.7	26.2	14.8	6.6	1.6	.0

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

That length of residence in the United States materially affects the earning ability of foreign-born employees is apparent from the above table. By way of illustration, the Irish, although showing a slightly smaller proportion with a residence of from five to nine years and ten years or over than with a residence of under five years earning \$10 or over per week, show a considerably larger proportion with a residence of from five to nine and ten years or over than with a residence

of under five years earning \$12.50 or over, \$15 or over, and \$17.50 or over per week. They also show a slightly larger proportion earning \$20 or over per week in the two longer periods of residence groups than in that period of under five years. It will be noted, however, that the proportion earning \$15 or over, \$17.50 or over, and \$20 or over with a period of residence of ten years or over is slightly below the proportion earning each of these specified amounts shown by those with a residence of from five to nine years. As regards the South Italians, those with a residence of from five to nine years and ten years or over in the United States each show a proportion earning each specified amount in excess of the proportions shown by those with a residence of less than five years. This is also true of the Poles, although those with a residence of ten years or over show a considerably smaller proportion than those with a residence of from five to nine years earning \$10 or over per week and a slightly smaller proportion earning \$7.50 or over, \$12.50 or over, and \$15 or over per week; but the proportion of Poles with a residence of ten years or over earning \$17.50 or over and \$20 or over per week is slightly in excess of the proportion shown by those with a residence of from five to 9 years.

In the following table the same data are presented as in the one immediately preceding, but in a different form:

TABLE 163.—Comparative earnings per week of foreign-born male employees 18 years of age or over, by race and length of residence in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 200 or more males reporting.]

IN UNITED STATES LESS THAN 5 YEARS.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent earning each specified amount per week.							
		\$5 or over.	\$7.50 or over.	\$10 or over.	\$12.50 or over.	\$15 or over.	\$17.50 or over.	\$20 or over.	\$22.50 or over.
Irish.....	41	100.0	100.0	82.9	22.0	9.8	2.4	2.4	0.0
Italian, South.....	115	99.1	90.4	33.0	2.6	.9	.0	.0	.0
Polish.....	264	100.0	96.2	39.8	9.8	7.2	.4	.0	.0

IN UNITED STATES 5 TO 9 YEARS.

Irish.....	20	100.0	100.0	75.0	35.0	30.0	10.0	5.0	0.0
Italian, South.....	80	100.0	96.3	56.3	11.3	5.0	.0	.0	.0
Polish.....	106	100.0	99.1	66.0	28.3	22.6	4.7	.9	.0

IN UNITED STATES 10 YEARS OR OVER.

Irish.....	213	100.0	99.5	77.0	42.7	27.2	8.5	2.8	0.9
Italian, South.....	43	100.0	100.0	51.2	23.3	14.0	.0	.0	.0
Polish.....	61	100.0	98.4	55.7	26.2	14.8	6.6	1.6	.0

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

As between the Irish, South Italians, and Poles who have been in the United States less than five years, it will be noted that the proportion of the Irish earning \$10 or over is very much greater than that shown by either the Poles or South Italians and that the proportion of Irish earning \$12.50 or over is considerably greater, while the proportion of this same race earning each of the other specified amounts is only slightly in excess of the proportion shown by either of the other races.

Considering these same races, the representatives of which have been in the United States from five to nine years, it will be noted that the Irish show a slightly larger proportion than the Poles and a much larger proportion than the South Italians earning \$10 or over, \$12.50 or over, and \$15 or over per week. No South Italians earning \$17.50 or over and no Irish or Poles earn as much as \$22.50 per week, the proportion of Irish earning \$17.50 or over and \$20 or over per week being slightly in excess of that shown by the Poles.

In studying those who have been in the United States ten years or over, it will be seen that no South Italians, as compared with 8.5 per cent of the Irish and 6.6 per cent of the Poles, earn \$17.50 or over per week. As between the South Italians and Poles earning each specified amount below \$17.50 per week there is very little difference in the proportions, each showing a much smaller proportion earning \$10 or over and a considerably smaller proportion earning \$12.50 or over and \$15 or over per week than do the Irish.

CHAPTER IV.

SALIENT CHARACTERISTICS.

Literacy—Conjugal condition—Visits abroad—Age classification of employees—[Text Tables 164 to 170 and General Tables 115 to 119].

LITERACY.

The general literacy of the employees of this industry in this locality is exhibited by the following table, which shows, by sex and general nativity and race, the percentage of employees who read and the percentage who read and write.

TABLE 164.—*Per cent of employees who read and per cent who read and write, by sex and general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who read.			Per cent who read and write.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	1,406	27	1,433	99.8	100.0	99.8	99.6	100.0	99.7
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Canada.....	115	2	117	100.0	(a)	100.0	100.0	(a)	100.0
England.....	143	5	148	99.3	100.0	99.3	99.3	100.0	99.3
Germany.....	235	5	240	99.1	100.0	99.2	99.1	100.0	99.2
Ireland.....	421	16	437	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.0	100.0	99.1
Foreign-born, by race:									
Canadian, French.....	103	.....	103	95.1	.....	95.1	93.2	.....	93.2
Canadian, Other.....	98	1	99	100.0	(a)	100.0	100.0	(a)	100.0
English.....	131	2	133	98.5	(a)	98.5	98.5	(a)	98.5
German.....	188	1	189	98.9	(a)	98.9	98.9	(a)	98.9
Irish.....	278	3	281	97.1	(a)	96.8	96.0	(a)	95.7
Italian, North.....	105	8	113	80.0	75.0	79.6	79.0	75.0	78.8
Italian, South.....	247	4	251	64.4	(a)	64.9	64.0	(a)	64.5
Polish.....	459	134	593	83.7	76.9	82.1	81.7	72.4	79.6
Ruthenian.....	141	10	151	68.8	70.0	68.9	68.1	60.0	67.5
Slovak.....	80	1	81	75.0	(a)	75.3	72.5	(a)	72.8
Grand total.....	4,578	244	4,822	93.4	81.1	92.8	92.6	77.5	91.9
Total native-born of foreign father.....	1,036	33	1,069	99.6	97.0	99.5	99.2	97.0	99.2
Total native-born.....	2,453	60	2,513	99.7	98.3	99.6	99.4	98.3	99.4
Total foreign-born.....	2,125	184	2,309	86.1	75.5	85.3	84.8	70.7	83.7

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 4,822 persons employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements in the East, 92.8 per cent read, and 91.9 per cent read and write. Of the 4,578 males, the proportion who read, or both read and write, is slightly higher than the proportion of the total number of both males and females. Of the foreign-born, 86.1 per cent of the males and 75.5 per cent of the females read, as compared with over 99 per cent of the native-born, of either native or foreign father, males, and all of the native-born of native father, and 97 per cent of the

native-born of foreign father, females—only a slight difference being shown between the proportions who read and who both read and write. Over 95 per cent of the French Canadians, Canadians other than French, English, Germans, and Irish, as compared with less than 85 per cent of the North Italians, South Italians, Poles, Ruthenians, or Slovaks, read. The proportion of each race who both read and write is either the same or only slightly smaller than the proportion who read.

CONJUGAL CONDITION.

The conjugal condition of employees is indicated in the table next submitted, which shows, by sex and general nativity and race, the percentage of employees 20 years of age or over in each conjugal condition.

TABLE 165.—*Per cent of employees 20 years of age or over in each conjugal condition, by sex and general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father, White.....	1,291	29.0	66.7	4.3
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:				
Canada.....	107	28.0	66.4	5.6
England.....	131	25.2	71.8	3.1
Germany.....	199	38.2	57.8	4.0
Ireland.....	390	39.7	56.4	3.8
Foreign-born, by race:				
Canadian, French.....	100	21.0	72.0	7.0
Canadian, Other.....	100	18.8	80.0	2.0
English.....	129	20.9	74.4	4.7
German.....	186	22.6	72.6	4.8
Irish.....	275	27.6	63.6	8.7
Italian, North.....	95	41.1	55.8	3.2
Italian, South.....	223	33.6	65.0	1.3
Polish.....	428	36.7	63.1	.2
Ruthenian.....	96	44.8	55.2	.0
Grand total.....	4,187	31.5	64.9	3.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	905	36.0	60.2	3.8
Total native-born.....	2,206	31.7	64.2	4.1
Total foreign-born.....	1,981	31.2	65.8	3.0

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	16	81.3	6.3	12.5
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:				
Canada.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)
England.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)
Germany.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)
Ireland.....	13	92.3	7.7	.0
Foreign-born, by race:				
Canadian (other than French).....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)
English.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)
Irish.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)
Italian, North.....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)
Italian, South.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	81	53.1	43.2	3.7
Ruthenian.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)
Grand total.....	145	60.0	34.5	5.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....	23	87.0	8.7	4.3
Total native-born.....	39	84.6	7.7	7.7
Total foreign-born.....	106	50.9	44.3	4.7

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 165.—Per cent of employees 20 years of age or over in each conjugal condition, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

TOTAL.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father, White.....	1,307	29.6	66.0	4.4
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:				
Canada.....	109	29.4	65.1	5.5
England.....	134	25.4	70.9	3.7
Germany.....	201	38.8	57.2	4.0
Ireland.....	403	41.4	54.8	3.7
Foreign-born, by race:				
Canadian, French.....	100	21.0	72.0	7.0
Canadian, Other.....	101	17.8	79.2	3.0
English.....	131	22.1	73.3	4.6
German.....	187	23.0	72.2	4.8
Irish.....	277	27.4	63.9	8.7
Italian, North.....	99	41.4	54.5	4.0
Italian, South.....	225	33.3	65.3	1.3
Polish.....	509	39.3	59.9	.8
Ruthenian.....	98	45.9	54.1	0
Grand total.....	4,332	32.5	63.9	3.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	928	37.3	58.9	3.8
Total native-born.....	2,245	32.7	63.2	4.1
Total foreign-born.....	2,087	32.2	64.7	3.1

Of 4,332 persons 20 years of age or over employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements in the East, 63.9 per cent are married, 32.5 per cent single, and 3.6 per cent widowed. A difference of less than 10 per cent is shown between the proportions of each nativity group who are either single or married—less than 5 per cent of each being widowed. In no instance does a race of foreign birth show a larger proportion single than married, or as high as 10 per cent widowed. Of the total number of males and females it is seen that the proportion of the former who are married is decidedly larger than the proportion who are single—the reverse being true as regards the females.

The table next presented shows, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race, the percentage of employees in each conjugal condition.

TABLE 166.—Per cent of employees in each conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and by general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 200 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race.	20 to 29 years of age.				30 to 44 years of age.				45 years of age or over.				20 years of age or over.			
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—			Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who are—		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.		Single.	Married.	Widowed.
Native-born of native father, White.....	486	57.6	41.8	0.6	465	16.6	79.6	3.9	340	5.0	84.7	10.3	1,291	29.0	66.7	4.3
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																
Germany.....	76	72.4	27.6	.0	78	19.2	74.4	6.4	45	13.3	80.0	6.7	199	38.2	57.8	4.0
Ireland.....	117	70.1	29.1	.9	176	32.4	63.6	4.0	97	16.5	76.3	7.2	390	39.7	56.4	3.8
Foreign-born by race:																
Irish.....	51	74.5	25.5	.0	104	28.8	66.3	4.8	120	6.7	77.5	15.8	275	27.6	63.6	8.7
Italian, South.....	121	57.9	41.3	.8	81	6.2	91.4	2.5	21	.0	100.0	.0	223	33.6	65.0	1.3
Polish.....	237	54.9	45.1	.0	163	15.3	84.0	.6	28	7.1	92.9	.0	428	36.7	63.1	.2
Grand total.....	1,606	60.0	39.6	.4	1,609	18.1	78.7	3.2	972	6.7	84.1	9.3	4,187	31.5	64.9	3.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	316	66.8	32.6	.6	378	23.8	71.4	4.8	211	11.8	81.5	6.6	905	36.0	60.2	3.8
Total native-born.....	804	61.1	38.3	.6	847	19.7	76.0	4.3	555	7.6	83.6	8.8	2,206	31.7	64.2	4.1
Total foreign-born.....	802	58.9	40.9	.2	762	16.3	81.6	2.1	417	5.5	84.7	9.8	1,981	31.2	65.8	3.0

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	15	80.0	6.7	13.3	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	81.3	6.3	12.5
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																
Germany.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)
Ireland.....	11	90.9	9.1	.0	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	92.3	7.7	.0
Foreign-born, by race:																
Irish.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)
Italian, South.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	71	59.2	39.4	1.4	10	10.0	70.0	20.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	81	53.1	43.2	3.7
Grand total.....	125	65.6	31.2	3.2	19	26.3	57.9	15.8	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	145	60.0	34.5	5.5
Total native-born of foreign father.....	19	94.7	5.3	.0	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	87.0	8.7	4.3
Total native-born.....	34	88.2	5.9	5.9	5	(a)	(a)	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	39	84.6	7.7	7.7
Total foreign-born.....	91	57.1	40.7	2.2	14	14.3	71.4	14.3	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	106	50.9	44.3	4.7

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White.....	501	58.3	40.7	1.0	466	16.7	79.4	3.9	340	5.0	84.7	10.3	1,307	29.6	66.0	4.4
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																
Germany.....	78	73.1	26.9	.0	78	19.2	74.4	6.4	45	13.3	80.0	6.7	201	38.8	57.2	4.0
Ireland.....	128	71.9	27.3	.8	178	33.1	62.9	3.9	97	16.5	76.3	7.2	403	41.4	54.8	3.7
Foreign-born by race:																
Irish.....	52	73.1	26.9	.0	105	28.6	66.7	4.8	120	6.7	77.5	15.8	277	27.4	63.9	8.7
Italian, South.....	123	56.9	42.3	.8	81	6.2	91.4	2.5	21	.0	100.0	.0	225	33.3	65.3	1.3
Polish.....	308	55.8	43.8	.3	173	15.0	83.2	1.7	28	7.1	92.9	.0	509	39.3	59.9	.8
Grand total.....	1,731	60.4	39.0	.6	1,628	18.2	78.4	3.4	973	6.7	84.0	9.4	4,332	32.5	63.9	3.6
Total native-born of foreign father.....	335	68.4	31.0	.6	382	24.1	70.9	5.0	211	11.8	81.5	6.6	928	37.3	58.9	3.8
Total native-born.....	838	62.2	37.0	.8	852	20.0	75.7	4.3	555	7.6	83.6	8.8	2,245	32.7	63.2	4.1
Total foreign-born.....	893	58.7	40.9	.4	776	16.2	81.4	2.3	418	5.5	84.4	10.0	2,087	32.2	64.7	3.1

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Upon information obtained for 4,332 employees of this industry 20 years of age or over, it will be seen that by far the largest proportion, or 63.9 per cent, are married and that 32.5 per cent are single. Of those from 20 to 29 years of age, 60.4 per cent are single and 39 per cent married, while of those from 30 to 44 years of age and 45 years of age or over 18.2 per cent are single and 78.4 per cent married and 6.7 per cent single and 84 per cent married, respectively. The foreign-born, native-born of foreign father, and native white born of native father show proportions in each conjugal condition in each age group that vary only slightly from the proportions shown in the total. Among males it will be noted that the proportions of foreign-born, native-born of foreign father, and native-born of native father, white, in each conjugal condition in each age group are very nearly the same as those shown in the totals for all employees in each age group. Among the foreign-born males from 20 to 29 years of age, the Irish show a considerably larger proportion single and consequently a considerably smaller proportion married than do the South Italians or Poles. The reverse is true of the Irish and Poles from 30 to 44 years of age, the South Italians showing a much smaller proportion single and a much larger proportion married than that shown by the Irish. Among those 45 years of age or over all South Italians are married, as compared with 92.9 per cent of the Poles and 77.5 per cent of the Irish—the Irish alone in this age group reporting a proportion widowed, while the proportions of Irish and Poles who are single are very nearly the same. Among the native-born of foreign father it will be noted that, with the exception of a considerably smaller proportion single of those whose fathers were born in Germany than in Ireland and consequently a considerably larger proportion married among those from 30 to 44 years of age, the proportions of those whose fathers were born in Germany or Ireland in each conjugal condition in each age group vary little one from the other. Comparing the females, it will be seen that of those from 20 to 29 years of age the differences in the proportions single and married of the foreign-born Poles and the second generation Irish are most marked—the former reporting 59.2 per cent single and 39.4 per cent married, as compared with 90.9 and 9.1 per cent, respectively, of the latter. The proportion of the latter single, it will be noted, is decidedly in excess of the proportion married and slightly in excess of the proportion shown for the native-born of native father, white. Of the Poles from 30 to 44 years of age the proportion married amounts to 70 per cent, while the proportion single and widowed amounts to 10 and 20 per cent, respectively. The totals shown in the preceding table are but a combination of those for the males and females, and while the proportions in each conjugal condition in each age group vary slightly from the proportions shown for the males, the relative position of the various races remains practically the same as if the males alone were considered.

The most significant fact in connection with the conjugal condition of foreign-born employees is the location of the wives of the married males. The table following shows, by race of husband, the percentage of foreign-born husbands who report wife in the United States and the percentage who report wife abroad.

TABLE 167.—*Per cent of foreign-born husbands who report wife in the United States and per cent who report wife abroad, by race of husband.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 40 or more husbands reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race of husband.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent reporting wife—	
		In United States.	Abroad.
Canadian, French.....	72	100.0	0.0
Canadian, Other.....	79	100.0	.0
English.....	95	96.8	3.2
German.....	134	98.5	1.5
Irish.....	173	99.4	.6
Italian, North.....	53	60.4	39.6
Italian, South.....	145	77.9	22.1
Polish.....	268	69.8	30.2
Ruthenian.....	53	30.2	69.8
Slovak.....	45	53.3	46.7
Total.....	1,294	82.1	17.9

Of the 1,294 foreign-born husbands in this industry for whom information was obtained, by far the largest proportion, or 82.1 per cent, report wives in the United States. All Canadian husbands, whether French or otherwise, and very nearly all of the Irish, German, and English husbands for whom information was obtained report wives in the United States, while the proportions of South Italian, Polish, North Italian, Slovak, and Ruthenian husbands reporting wives in this country range from 77.9 per cent of the South Italian to 30.2 per cent of the Ruthenian husbands. Thus it will be seen that the proportions of husbands of the older immigrant races who report wives abroad, as compared with those of the more recent immigrant races, are extremely small.

The disposition on the part of foreign-born husbands, especially those of more recent immigration, who have left their wives abroad, to send for them after stated periods of residence in the United States is exhibited by the following table. This table shows, by race of husband and by years husband has been in the United States, the percentage of foreign-born husbands who report wife abroad:

TABLE 168.—*Per cent of foreign-born husbands who report wife abroad, by race of husband and by years husband has been in the United States.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 100 or more husbands reporting.]

Race of husband.	Number having been in United States each specified number of years who report location of wife.				Per cent having been in United States each specified number of years who report wife abroad.			
	Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Total.	Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Total.
German.....	10	6	118	134	20.0	0.0	0.0	1.5
Irish.....	7	9	157	173	.0	.0	.6	.6
Italian, South.....	50	55	40	145	32.0	23.6	7.5	22.1
Polish.....	115	96	57	268	53.9	15.6	7.0	30.2

With the exception of the Irish, a small proportion of whom with a residence of ten years or over report wives abroad, each race, as the period of residence in the United States increases, shows a decreasing proportion who report wives not in the United States. No Germans with a residence of from five to nine years or ten years or over report wives abroad. This is also true of the Irish with a residence of under five and from five to nine years. As between the Poles and South Italians, the former show a considerably larger proportion than the latter with a residence of under five years, and a slightly smaller proportion with a residence of from five to nine and ten years or over who report wives abroad.

VISITS ABROAD.

The extent to which foreign-born employees visit their native country is set forth in the following table, which shows, by sex, years in the United States, and race, the visits abroad made by foreign-born employees:

TABLE 169.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 200 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

MALE.

Race.	Number in United States.				Per cent reporting 1 or more visits, by years in United States.			
	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.	Under 5 years.	5 to 9 years.	10 years or over.	Total.
Irish.....	39	18	207	264	2.6	0.0	11.6	9.5
Italian, South.....	114	77	44	235	8.8	26.0	9.1	14.5
Polish.....	235	104	58	397	6.0	10.6	12.1	8.1
Total.....	719	347	804	1,870	8.6	21.3	24.5	17.8

FEMALE.

Irish.....			1	1			(a)	(a)
Italian, South.....	2	2		4	(a)	(a)		(a)
Polish.....	109	20	5	134	11.0	10.0	.0	10.4
Total.....	145	25	7	177	10.3	16.0	.0	10.7

TOTAL.

Irish.....	39	18	208	265	2.6	.0	11.5	9.4
Italian, South.....	116	79	44	239	8.6	25.3	9.1	14.2
Polish.....	344	124	63	531	7.6	10.5	11.1	8.7
Total.....	864	372	811	2,047	8.9	21.0	24.3	17.2

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 2,047 foreign-born employees of this industry for whom information was obtained, it will be noted that, irrespective of length of residence in the United States, only 17.2 per cent have made 1 or more visits to their native country, the males reporting 17.8 and the females 10.7 per cent. Considering all foreign-born employees, with-

out regard to sex, those who have been in the United States under five years report 8.9 per cent as having made one or more visits abroad, as compared with 21 and 24.3 per cent of those who have been in the United States from five to nine years and ten years or over, respectively. No females with a residence of ten years or over have visited their native country. That the tendency toward visiting their native country is stronger among the South Italians than among the Irish and Poles is apparent from the above table. By way of illustration, it will be noted that only 2.6 per cent of the Irish with a residence of less than five years, none with a residence of from five to nine years, and 11.5 per cent with a residence of ten years or over, as compared with 8.6, 25.3, and 9.1 per cent, respectively, of the South Italians, and 7.6, 10.5, and 11.1 per cent, respectively, of the Poles have made one or more visits abroad. As regards the males of these various races, it will be noted that the proportions in each period of residence having made one or more visits abroad vary only slightly from the proportion shown in the total for all employees. Of the females, on the other hand, the Poles, who are alone reported in sufficient number to admit of comparison, report 11 per cent of those with a residence of less than five years and 10 per cent of those with a residence of from five to nine years as having made one or more visits abroad.

AGE CLASSIFICATION OF EMPLOYEES.

The age characteristics of the employees of this industry in this locality are exhibited by the following table, which shows, by sex and general nativity and race, the percentage of employees within each age group:

TABLE 170.—*Per cent of employees within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only races with 80 or more persons reporting. The totals, however, are for all races.]

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.							
		Under 14.	14 to 19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	1,423	0.0	9.1	18.3	15.9	12.2	20.4	14.4	9.6
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Canada.....	115	.0	7.0	24.3	20.9	15.7	20.0	9.6	2.6
England.....	147	.0	10.9	15.6	10.9	12.2	26.5	16.3	7.5
Germany.....	238	.0	16.0	19.3	13.0	10.9	21.8	15.1	3.8
Ireland.....	429	.0	8.6	12.6	15.2	16.6	24.5	19.1	3.5
Foreign-born, by race:									
Canadian, French.....	104	.0	3.8	12.5	18.3	18.3	22.1	17.3	7.7
Canadian, Other.....	100	.0	.0	7.0	15.0	10.0	36.0	26.0	6.0
English.....	131	.0	1.5	9.9	13.0	13.7	26.0	20.6	15.3
German.....	190	.0	2.1	5.3	11.1	13.7	23.7	22.6	21.6
Irish.....	279	.0	.7	7.2	11.5	12.2	25.4	24.4	18.6
Italian, North.....	106	.0	10.4	27.4	22.6	14.2	20.8	4.7	.0
Italian, South.....	247	.0	9.3	27.1	22.3	13.0	19.8	6.9	1.6
Polish.....	472	.0	8.9	23.3	27.3	18.0	16.5	5.1	.8
Ruthenian.....	141	.0	31.9	23.4	22.0	10.6	9.2	2.8	.0
Slovak.....	83	.0	19.3	22.9	15.7	13.3	22.9	6.0	.0
Grand total.....	4,644	.0	9.6	17.5	17.2	13.5	21.1	13.8	7.2
Total native-born of foreign father.....	1,060	.0	14.3	16.2	13.9	13.8	21.9	15.9	4.0
Total native-born.....	2,494	.0	11.3	17.4	15.0	12.8	21.1	15.1	7.2
Total foreign-born.....	2,150	.0	7.6	17.7	19.8	14.4	21.1	12.2	7.2

TABLE 170.—Per cent of employees within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

FEMALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent within each specified age group.							
		Under 14.	14 to 19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	27	0.0	40.7	33.3	22.2	0.0	3.7	0.0	0.0
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Canada.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
England.....	5	.0	40.0	.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	.0	.0
Germany.....	5	.0	60.0	20.0	20.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Ireland.....	16	.0	18.8	25.0	43.8	6.3	6.3	.0	.0
Foreign-born, by race:									
Canadian (other than French).....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
English.....	2	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
German.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Irish.....	3	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Italian, North.....	9	.0	55.6	22.2	11.1	11.1	.0	.0	.0
Italian, South.....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	137	.0	40.9	41.6	10.2	5.1	2.2	.0	.0
Ruthenian.....	10	.0	80.0	20.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Slovak.....	1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Grand total.....	248	.0	41.5	36.7	13.7	4.4	3.2	.4	.0
Total native-born of foreign father.....	33	.0	30.3	27.3	30.3	6.1	6.1	.0	.0
Total native-born.....	60	.0	35.0	30.0	26.7	3.3	5.0	.0	.0
Total foreign-born.....	188	.0	43.6	38.8	9.6	4.8	2.7	.5	.0
TOTAL.									
Native-born of native father, White.....	1,450	0.0	9.7	18.6	16.0	12.0	20.1	14.1	9.4
Native-born of foreign father by country of birth of father:									
Canada.....	117	.0	6.8	25.6	20.5	15.4	19.7	9.4	2.6
England.....	152	.0	11.8	15.1	11.2	12.5	26.3	15.8	7.2
Germany.....	243	.0	16.9	19.3	13.2	10.7	21.4	14.8	3.7
Ireland.....	445	.0	9.0	13.0	16.2	16.2	23.8	18.4	3.4
Foreign-born, by race:									
Canadian, French.....	104	.0	3.8	12.5	18.3	18.3	22.1	17.3	7.7
Canadian, Other.....	101	.0	.0	6.9	14.9	9.9	35.6	26.7	5.9
English.....	133	.0	1.5	11.3	12.8	13.5	25.6	20.3	15.0
German.....	191	.0	2.1	5.8	11.0	13.6	23.6	22.5	21.5
Irish.....	282	.0	1.1	7.4	11.3	12.1	25.5	24.1	18.4
Italian, North.....	115	.0	13.9	27.0	21.7	13.9	19.1	4.3	.0
Italian, South.....	251	.0	10.0	27.5	21.9	12.7	19.5	6.8	1.6
Polish.....	609	.0	16.1	27.4	23.5	15.1	13.3	3.9	.7
Ruthenian.....	151	.0	35.1	23.2	20.5	9.9	8.6	2.6	.0
Slovak.....	84	.0	19.0	22.6	16.7	13.1	22.6	6.0	.0
Grand total.....	4,892	.0	11.2	18.5	17.0	13.1	20.2	13.1	6.8
Total native-born of foreign father.....	1,093	.0	14.8	16.6	14.4	13.5	21.4	15.5	3.8
Total native-born.....	2,554	.0	11.9	17.7	15.3	12.6	20.8	14.7	7.0
Total foreign-born.....	2,338	.0	10.5	19.4	18.9	13.6	19.6	11.3	6.6

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of 4,892 persons included in the foregoing table, the largest proportion, or 20.2 per cent, are 35 to 44 years of age; the proportion who are from 20 to 24 or from 25 to 29 years of age being 18.5 per cent and 17 per cent, respectively. The proportion who are from 30 to 34 or 45 to 54 years of age is the same, or 13.1 per cent; the proportion who are from 14 to 19 years of age being slightly smaller, and 6.8 per

cent being 55 years of age or over. No marked difference is shown between the proportion of each nativity group who are within each specified age group, except that of 55 years of age or over; here the native-born whites of native father show 9.4 per cent as contrasted with 3.8 per cent of the native-born of foreign father. Over 50 per cent of the North Italian, South Italian, Polish, Ruthenian, and Slovak employees are under 30 years of age, while over 50 per cent of the Canadian other than French, English, German, and Irish employees are 35 years of age or over. In the total number of male and female employees, it is seen that of those within each specified age group below those 25 to 29 years of age, the proportion is larger of the females. This applies also to each nativity group with the addition of the from 25 to 29 years of age group for each except the foreign-born.

CHAPTER V.

GENERAL PROGRESS AND ASSIMILATION.

Citizenship—Ability to speak English—[Text Tables 171 to 175 and General Tables 120 to 122].

CITIZENSHIP.

The extent to which the foreign-born male employees have acquired citizenship, or have taken the preliminary steps, is indicated by the table next presented. This table shows, by race, the present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States five years or over, and who were 21 years of age or over at time of arrival.

TABLE 171.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number—		Per cent—	
		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.	Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.
Armenian.....	2	1	.....	(a)	(a)
Bohemian and Moravian.....	2	1	.....	(a)	(a)
Canadian, French.....	18	11	.....	(a)	(a)
Canadian, Other.....	40	19	6	47.5	15.0
Dutch.....	2	.....	1	(a)	(a)
English.....	31	22	5	(a)	(a)
French.....	2	2	.....	(a)	(a)
German.....	74	59	9	79.7	12.2
Greek.....	10	2	4	(a)	(a)
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	.....	1	(a)	(a)
Hebrew, Other.....	1	1	.....	(a)	(a)
Irish.....	84	61	11	72.6	13.1
Italian, North.....	23	6	5	(a)	(a)
Italian, South.....	78	23	15	29.5	19.2
Lithuanian.....	4	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Magyar.....	2	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	120	12	24	10.0	20.0
Russian.....	7	1	.....	(a)	(a)
Ruthenian.....	9	1	1	(a)	(a)
Scotch.....	18	11	2	(a)	(a)
Slovak.....	25	4	4	(a)	(a)
Slovenian.....	1	.....	.....	(a)	(a)
Swedish.....	15	8	3	(a)	(a)
Welsh.....	2	2	.....	(a)	(a)
Austrian (race not specified).....	4	2	.....	(a)	(a)
Total.....	575	249	91	43.3	15.8

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

As showing the interest manifested by the foreign-born male employees of this industry in American citizenship it will be noted that of the 575 employees for whom information was obtained only 43.3 per cent have become fully naturalized, and an additional 15.8

per cent have, by obtaining first papers, declared their intention of becoming citizens of the United States. Of those races the representatives of which are shown in sufficient numbers to admit of comparison it will be noted that the Germans, with 79.7 per cent fully naturalized and an additional 12.2 per cent having first papers only, have manifested greater interest in American citizenship than have the representatives of the Irish, Canadians other than French, South Italians, or Poles, in the order named, the small proportion of Poles having manifested such interest being in striking contrast to the proportion of each of the other races.

The following table shows, by years in the United States and race, the present political condition of foreign-born male employees who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming to the United States:

TABLE 172.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming to the United States, by years in the United States and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only races with 100 or more males reporting. The total, however, is for all foreign-born.]

Race.	In United States 5 to 9 years.			In United States 10 years or over.			In United States 5 years or over.		
	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—		Number reporting complete data.	Per cent—	
		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.		Fully naturalized.	Having first papers only.
Polish.....	89	0.0	21.3	31	38.7	16.1	120	10.0	20.0
Total.....	244	6.1	23.0	331	70.7	10.6	575	43.3	15.8

Of 575 foreign-born male employees who reported and who have been in the United States five years or over 43.3 per cent are fully naturalized and 15.8 per cent have first papers only. Of those who have been in the United States from five to nine years 6.1 per cent are fully naturalized and 23 per cent have first papers only. Of the foreign-born employees who have been in this country ten years or over 70.7 per cent are fully naturalized and 10.6 per cent have first papers only. Of the Poles who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming 10 per cent who have been in the United States five years or over are fully naturalized and 20 per cent have first papers only. Of those with a residence of from five to nine years none are citizens and only 21.3 per cent have first papers only. Of those who have been in the United States ten years or over 38.7 per cent are fully naturalized and 16.1 per cent have first papers only.

ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH.

The extent to which foreign-born employees of non-English-speaking races are able to speak English is set forth in the series of tables following. The first table presented shows, by sex and by race, the percentage of foreign-born employees who speak English.

TABLE 173.—Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by sex and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 80 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.			Per cent who speak English.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Canadian, French.....	104	.....	104	100.0	.....	100.0
German.....	188	1	189	95.2	(a)	95.2
Italian, North.....	106	9	115	65.1	.0	60.0
Italian, South.....	247	4	251	59.9	(a)	59.8
Polish.....	468	137	605	45.3	7.3	36.7
Ruthenian.....	141	10	151	19.9	30.0	20.5
Slovak.....	82	1	83	43.9	(a)	44.6
Total.....	1,571	182	1,753	59.5	9.9	54.4

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Information was obtained concerning 1,753 foreign-born employees in this industry. Of this number 54.4 per cent speak English, the males reporting 59.5 per cent as compared with 9.9 per cent of the females. Without regard to sex, it will be noted that all French Canadians and 95.2 per cent of the Germans speak English. Following the Germans with this ability are the North Italians, who report 60 per cent, a proportion slightly in excess of that shown by the South Italians, largely in excess of that shown by the Slovaks, and very largely in excess of that shown by the Poles and Ruthenians, in the order named. The proportion of males of each race with ability to speak English varies only slightly, when at all, from the proportion shown in the total for all employees. As regards the females, it will be noted that no North Italians and only 7.3 per cent of the Poles as compared with 30 per cent of the Ruthenians are able to speak English. The Ruthenians alone report a proportion of females in excess of the males who are able to speak English.

The table next submitted shows, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race the percentage of foreign-born employees who speak English.

TABLE 174.—Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 200 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by age, at time of coming to United States.		
		Under 14.	14 or over.	Total.
Italian, South.....	247	91.7	58.3	59.9
Polish.....	468	90.0	43.3	45.3
Total.....	1,571	96.9	55.3	59.5

TABLE 174.—Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race—Continued.

FEMALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by age, at time of coming to United States.		
		Under 14.	14 or over.	Total.
Italian, South.....	4	(a)	(a)	(a)
Polish.....	137	60.0	5.3	7.3
Total.....	182	55.6	7.5	9.9
TOTAL.				
Italian, South.....	251	92.3	58.0	59.8
Polish.....	605	84.0	34.7	36.7
Total.....	1,753	94.6	50.1	54.4

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

Of the 1,753 employees for whom information was obtained in this industry, it will be noted that of those who were under 14 years of age at time of coming to the United States, 94.6 per cent, as compared with 50.1 per cent of those who were 14 years of age or over at time of coming, now speak English. As between the South Italians and Poles, the proportion of the former who were under 14 years of age at time of coming to this country and who now speak English, is considerably larger, while the proportion of those who were 14 years of age or over at time of coming and who now speak English is very much larger than the proportion shown by the latter. This same statement is also true of the males of these two races. Because of the small number of South Italian females shown in the above table, the possibility of comparing their ability to speak English with that of the Polish females is precluded. The Polish females, it will be noted, show the same general tendency as do the males, but the proportion of those under 14 and 14 years of age or over at time of coming to the United States, who now speak English, is in each instance very much smaller than the proportion shown by the males.

The progress made by employees of non-English-speaking races in acquiring the ability to speak English, after stated periods of residence in this country, is exhibited in the table following, which shows by sex, years in the United States, and race, the percentage of foreign-born employees who speak English.

TABLE 175.—Per cent of foreign-born employees who speak English, by sex, years in the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races with 200 or more persons reporting. The total, however, is for all non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Per cent who speak English, by years, in United States.			
		Under 5.	5 to 9.	10 or over.	Total.
Italian, South.....	247	41.2	67.5	95.6	59.9
Polish.....	468	31.3	55.8	85.1	45.3
Total.....	1,571	33.9	67.5	96.3	59.5

FEMALE.

Italian, South.....	4	(a)	(a)	.....	(a)
Polish.....	137	3.6	15.0	60.0	7.3
Total.....	182	5.4	23.1	57.1	9.9

TOTAL.

Italian, South.....	251	40.5	68.2	95.6	59.8
Polish.....	605	23.4	50.0	83.3	36.7
Total.....	1,753	29.3	64.3	95.7	54.4

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

As showing the effect of length of residence upon the ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, it will be noted in the above table that of 1,753 employees for whom information was obtained only 29.3 per cent of those in the United States under five years speak English, as compared with 64.3 and 95.7 per cent who have been in the United States from five to nine years and ten years or over, respectively. As between the South Italians and Poles, the former show a much larger proportion with ability to speak English in each specified period of residence than do the latter. As between the males of the South Italian and Polish races, a considerably larger proportion of those of the former than of the latter in each specified period of residence are able to speak English. The ability of each race to speak English increases with each succeeding period of residence. This is true of the females as a whole, and especially true of the females of the Polish race, who report only 3.6 per cent with a residence of under five years, who speak English, as compared with 15 and 60 per cent with a residence of from five to nine years and ten years or over, respectively.

GENERAL TABLES.

- I.—GENERAL SURVEY: TABLES 1-53.
II.—AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND VEHICLE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY IN THE MIDDLE WEST: TABLES 54-106.
III.—AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND VEHICLE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY IN THE EAST: TABLES 107-122.

GENERAL EXPLANATION OF TABLES.

Persons of native birth have been divided into two general groups and further subdivided under each of the two, as follows:

1. *Native-born of native father.*

Persons under this group are classified as White, Negro, Indian, Chinese, Hindu, Japanese, and Korean.

2. *Native-born of foreign father.*

Persons under this group are further classified according to race of father in all tables where the data were secured for households, and according to country of birth of father in all tables where the data were secured for employees. Where classification is by race of father the classification used for several years by the United States Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization is followed.

Persons of foreign birth are classified according to race (or people). The classification of the United States Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization is followed.

In the study of households information is presented—

1. By general nativity and race of the "individual" in all tables which show facts which are personal in their nature, such as English speaking, occupation, or conjugal condition.

2. By general nativity and race of "head of family" in tables concerned with family matters—for example, family income.

3. By general nativity and race of "head of household" in all tables dealing with living conditions, among which are tables showing the composition of the household and the number of persons per room and per sleeping room. The distinction which has been made throughout this study between "family" and "household" is dependent upon the use of the term "apartment."

An "apartment" is a room or rooms within which all the usual daily processes of living, namely, cooking, eating, and sleeping, are carried on by the occupants. According to this definition an apartment may be, for example, a whole house; or it may be a single room of what was originally intended as an apartment; or it may be a corner of a wareroom or the back of a storeroom partitioned off and set aside for household uses. Two or more groups of occupants with distinctly separate money interests frequently rent a number of rooms jointly, occupying certain rooms separately but sharing one or more, usually the kitchen, or kitchen and living room. Under these conditions neither the rooms used by the one group of occupants nor those used by the other can be considered an apartment, since the room used in common must in such case be considered a room in each apartment and thus be counted twice. Where these conditions have been encountered the entire number of rooms has been considered one apartment.

The "household" includes all persons living within an apartment without regard to the relationships which exist among them. The household may consist of one or more families with or without boarders or lodgers; or it may consist of a group of persons living together, no family included; or it may consist of various combinations of families, "groups," and boarders or lodgers.

The term "family" as used throughout these tables refers in general to the immediate family composed of husband, wife, and children. Groups of persons among whom none of these relations exist are not considered families. Households in which complicated relationships exist have been resolved into the component immediate families. Remnants of families maintaining a home are considered families when either husband or wife is present.

The general tables show results of two practically independent studies, as follows:

STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.

All tables headed "Study of households" are based on information from the schedule which was filled out for certain selected households in each of the several communities. Names and addresses were secured of employees in a given industry who were heads of households; and for each such household a schedule was filled out by an agent of this Commission who visited the apartment and secured detailed information, so far as possible, for every occupant, as well as data in regard to family and household organization and status at the time of the visit.

STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.

The general tables headed "Study of employees" present data from the schedule relating only to the individual employee. This schedule was filled out by the employee himself or by some one detailed by the employer to the task, to whom the employee furnished data.

The general tables of this series, therefore, concern only the history and present status of the employee, while the other series, as has been stated, presents data, not only for certain of the employees, but also for members of their households. All data included under the "Study of employees" are tabulated by sex and by general nativity and race of the individual. For the native-born of foreign father the classification is by country of birth of father and not by race of father.

DESCRIPTION OF TABLES.

Total number of households and persons studied, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Table 1.—This table enumerates the households studied of each race, the aggregate of the members of the households of each race, and the persons, male and female, for whom detailed information was secured. All members of households appear in this table under the general nativity and race of head of household.

Number of persons for whom detailed information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Table 2.—This table is a second enumeration of the persons,

male and female, who are included in the detailed study of members of households. In this enumeration each individual appears under his own general nativity and race.

Total number of employees for whom information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race: Study of employees. Table 3.—This table enumerates the employees for whom data were secured for the "Study of employees." The enumeration is by general nativity and race of employee, and by sex in industries where both male and female employees report.

Number of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race: Study of employees: Table 4.—All foreign-born employees who report the number of years since their first arrival in the United States are here classified as in the United States under 1 year, 1 year, 2 years, 3 years, 4 years, 5 to 9 years, 10 to 14 years, 15 to 19 years, or 20 years or over. In all industries where employees of both sexes report, the tabulation is by sex.

Number of foreign-born persons in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race of individual: Study of households. Table 5.—This table, which is concerned with members of households, is similar to Table 4, relating to employees.

Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born males who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual: Study of households. Table 6.—Males who were 16 years of age or over at the time of their first arrival in the United States are here classified according to whether before coming to the United States they worked for profits, for wages, or without wages, and are further classified according to the kind of employment pursued. Payments in kind as well as in money are here considered wages. Persons who worked without wages were usually at work with fathers or other near relatives.

Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual: Study of households. Table 7.—This table is similar to Table 6, relating to males.

Occupation of foreign-born male employees before coming to the United States, by race: Study of employees. Table 8.—In this table is shown the number of foreign-born male employees who just prior to coming to the United States were in the same industry in which they were employed at the time of the investigation, in farming or farm labor, in general labor, etc. Persons who report their occupation as "none," "at home," or "at school" are excluded from the table. In all industries where employees of both sexes report, the tabulation is by sex.

Occupation of foreign-born female employees before coming to the United States, by race: Study of employees. Table 9.—This table is similar to Table 8, relating to males.

Number of males 16 years of age or over in each specified industry, by general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Table 10.—This table shows the number of male members of households 16 years of age or over who are at home and at school, and classify those who have had employment within the year ending with the taking of the schedule, according to the industry in which they have been employed. The main headings used in this table follow the

classification of the United States census with the following modifications: General labor is here separated from domestic and personal service; fishing, mining, and quarrying are separated from manufacturing and mechanical pursuits; trade and transportation are distinct from each other. The headings as here used are:

1. Agricultural pursuits.
2. Domestic and personal service.
3. Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits.
4. Mining (including quarrying).
5. General labor.
6. Professional service.
7. Trade.
8. Transportation.
9. Fishing.

The term "Domestic and personal service" includes besides domestic servants certain classes of persons not professional who serve the general public, such as policemen, city firemen, and employees at places of amusement.

Number of females 16 years of age or over in each specified industry, by general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Table 11.—This table is similar to Table 10, relating to males.

Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race: Study of employees. Table 12.—Employees are here classified according to the amount of their earnings. In some industries earnings are reported by the week and in others by the day. Where employment is on the time basis the data are for "rate of pay"; where employment is on the piece basis the data are for "earnings."

Number of female employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race: Study of employees. Table 13.—This table is similar to Table 12, relating to earnings of males 18 years of age or over.

Number of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race: Study of employees. Table 14.—This table is similar to Table 12, relating to earnings of males 18 years of age or over. In practically all industries the number of employees under 14 was too small for tabulation.

Number of female employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race: Study of employees. Table 15.—This table is similar to Table 14, relating to earnings of males 14 and under 18 years of age.

Number of male heads of families earning each specified amount per year, by general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Table 16.—This table forms a part of the study of family incomes. The information relative to income was secured for the year ending at the time of the agent's visit.

In the "selection of families" for the compilation of data concerning family income, the following classes were omitted:

1. Families established less than one year.
2. Families living two or more per household under complicated financial arrangements, so that exact income from boarders or other sources within the household are uncertain.
3. Families with earnings or contributions representing entire earnings of members who are profit earners or whose net earnings are for any other reason uncertain. That part of the income in this study represented by earnings is net.

Practically all of the heads of families included in these tables are also heads of households. They are here classified according to the amount of their earnings for the year.

Yearly earnings (approximate) of males 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Table 17.—Male wage-earners are here classified according to the amount of their earnings for the year ending at the time of the agent's visit. Persons who receive board and lodging in addition to a money wage and persons who receive tips or other perquisites over and above a stipulated wage are not included in this table.

Yearly earnings (approximate) of females 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Table 18.—This table is similar to Table 17, which relates to earnings of males.

Amount of family income per year, by general nativity and race of head of family: Study of households. Table 19.—The families included in this table are the same as in Table 16. These families are here classified according to the amount of total income for the year from all sources. Table 20 shows the sources of this income. Income from "boarders or lodgers" and in some cases from "other sources" is gross.

Number of families having an income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources, by general nativity and race of head of family: Study of households. Table 20.—The families included in this table are the same as in Table 16. The number of families with income from earnings of husband, the number with income from earnings of wife, etc., are shown here. The terms "husband" and "wife" include the widowed, divorced, and deserted. The principal items under "Other sources" are: (1) Receipts from investments, which, in the great majority of cases, are in the form of rentals, and (2) contributions of friends or relatives, who pay either more or less than the rates of boarders or lodgers. Attention is called to the fact that the family may have had income from some source, for example, from boarders or lodgers, within the year, but not at the time the schedule was taken.

Source of family income in detail, by general nativity and race of head of family: Study of households. Table 21.—The families included in this table are the same as in Table 16. They are classified here according to the source or combination of sources upon which the family has been wholly dependent for income within the year ending with the taking of the schedule. The four items which make up all incomes except those entered in the last column of the table are earnings of husband, earnings of wife, contributions of children, and payments of boarders or lodgers. It will be noted that all families deriving their entire income from husband, wife, and children have a net income, and that all incomes, including the payments of boarders or lodgers, are gross; also that all families having any part of their income from money invested appear in the last column of this table.

Months worked during the past year by persons 16 years of age or over, employed away from home, by sex and by general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Table 22.—Members of households of working age who have been employed outside of the

home within the year ending with the taking of the schedule are here classified according to whether they have worked under three months, three and under four months, four and under five months, etc. For the purposes of the table all cases of part-time employment have been reduced to a full-time basis; for example, an employee who has worked seven months on half time is counted as having worked three and one-half months. The data are shown for males and females separately.

Number and class of households, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Table 23.—All households are here divided into "family households" or households where a family is present, and "group households" or households composed of a group of persons, no family included. Family households are further classified as being with or without boarders or lodgers. Family households with neither boarders nor lodgers are subdivided into those consisting of a single family and those consisting of two or more families living in the same apartment and sharing one or more rooms. Family households with boarders or lodgers are subdivided into those who keep boarders and those who keep only lodgers. Households keeping both boarders and lodgers are here entered as households with boarders. "Boarders" are persons to whom both food and lodging are furnished.

Number of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Table 24.—In this table appear only the renting households which report the rent paid for the unfurnished rooms which they use for living purposes. The following classes are thus excluded from the table:

1. Households which rent apartment furnished.
2. Households which pay an undivided sum for apartment and place of business.
3. Resident landlords who pay an undivided sum for the apartment they occupy and other apartments which they sublet.
4. Households which pay "ground rent."

Number of households paying each specified rent per month per room, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Table 25.—The households included in this table are the same as in Table 24.

Number of households paying each specified rent per month per person, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Table 26.—The households included in this table are the same as in Table 24.

Number of households keeping boarders and lodgers and number of boarders and lodgers, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Table 27.—This table shows the number of households keeping boarders and the number keeping only lodgers; it also shows the total number of boarders and of lodgers. "Boarders" both sleep and eat with the household. Households which keep lodgers in addition to boarders are classified with the households keeping boarders. Among certain races it is customary to include one of the following accommodations with the nominal price of lodging: (1) Coffee or soup is served once a day; (2) the lodger is allowed the privilege of cooking his food on the kitchen stove; (3) the housewife buys the lodger's food, having the price

charged in his account book, and prepares the food for him. Persons with such financial arrangements consider themselves lodgers, and have been classified as such in this table.

Number of persons per household in apartments of each specified size, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Table 28.—Households are here classified according to the number of rooms which they occupy, and are further classified according to the number of persons of which they are composed. Rooms used exclusively for business purposes, although connected with the apartment, are not counted in the number of rooms per apartment. As before stated, only such persons as sleep in the apartment are considered members of the household.

Number of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Table 29.—This table summarizes a part of the data of Table 28. Households are here classified according to the number of rooms they occupy.

Number of households of each specified number of persons, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Table 30.—This table summarizes a part of the data in Table 28. Households are here classified according to the number of persons in the household.

Number of households and number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of households: Study of households. Table 31.—This table summarizes a part of the data in Table 28. It gives the total number of households and the total number of persons in apartments of each specified size.

Persons per room, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Table 32.—This table shows the number of households which average less than one person per room, one and less than two persons per room, two and less than three persons per room, etc. The table also gives the average number of persons per household and per room for all households studied.

Persons per sleeping room, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Table 33.—This table presents the data relative to persons per sleeping room. Only rooms which are regularly used for sleeping purposes are here considered sleeping rooms. The table is similar to Table 32.

Number of households regularly sleeping in all except each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Table 34.—This table classifies households according to the number of rooms left for living purposes, after the number of sleeping rooms has been deducted.

Literacy of employees, by sex, general nativity, and race: Study of employees. Table 35.—This table shows the number of employees who read some language and the number who both read and write some language. In all industries where employees of both sexes report the tabulation is by sex.

Literacy of persons 10 years of age or over, by sex, general nativity, and race of individual: Study of households. Table 36.—This table, which is concerned with members of households, is similar to Table 35, relating to employees.

Literacy of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over, by sex, years in the United States, and race of individual: Study of households. Table 37.—This table classifies foreign-born persons, male and female, according to the number of years since their first arrival in the United States. The classes are: Under five years, five to nine years, and ten years or over. The table shows under each of the three groups the number of persons who can read some language and the number who can both read and write some language.

Literacy of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race of individual: Study of households. Table 38.—This table classifies foreign-born persons, male and female, according to whether they were under 14 years of age or 14 years of age or over at the time of their first arrival in the United States, and shows the number in each group who can read some language and the number who can both read and write some language.

Conjugal condition of employees, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race: Study of employees. Table 39.—For the purposes of this table employees of each sex are divided into four age groups—16 to 19 years, 20 to 29 years, 30 to 44 years, and 45 years or over—and are further classified according to whether they are single, married, or widowed. With the widowed are included the relatively few persons who are divorced or deserted.

Conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Table 40.—This table, which is concerned with members of households 16 years of age or over, is similar to Table 39, relating to employees.

Location of wives of foreign-born employees, by race of husband: Study of employees. Table 41.—This table shows the number of foreign-born married employees who report wife in the United States and the number who report wife abroad. The tabulation is by the race of the employee.

Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race: Study of employees. Table 42.—Employees are here classified according to the number of years since their first arrival in the United States. The classes are: Under five years, five to nine years, and ten years or over. Under each group employees are classified according to whether they have made no visit or one, two, or three or more visits abroad. In all industries where employees of both sexes report, the data are shown separately for each sex.

Number of persons within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race of head of household: Study of households. Table 43.—This table gives for all households studied the number of persons of each sex who report their ages as under 6 years, 6 to 13 years, 14 and 15 years, 16 to 19 years, 20 to 29 years, 30 to 44 years, and 45 years or over. The tabulation is by race of head of household.

Number of employees of each age or within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race: Study of employees. Table 44.—Employees are here classified according to age, by years if between 14 and 19 years of age, and by year groups if 20 years of age or over. In all industries with both male and female employees reporting, the tabulation is by sex.

Number of families owning home, renting, boarding, etc., by general nativity and race of head of family: Study of households. Table 45.—This table shows for all families studied the number owning their homes, the number renting homes, the number boarding, and the number lodging. The few dependent families are included in the miscellaneous class, "In other conditions."

General occupation of persons under 16 years of age, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual: Study of households. Table 46.—This table shows, for males, females, and total, the number of children under 6 years of age, 6 to 13 years of age, and 13 and 14 years of age, and further shows for each age group the number of children at home, at school, and at work. The few children with employment outside of school hours are tabulated here as at school, and the few children found working through the day and attending night school are here entered as at work.

Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race and length of residence: Study of employees. Table 47.—This table includes only foreign-born employees who were 21 years of age or over at the time of their first arrival in the United States, and who have been in the United States long enough to acquire citizenship. These persons are classified as in the United States five to nine years and ten years or over, and are further classified under each year group as aliens, citizens, and persons with only their first papers.

GENERAL TABLES.

I.—GENERAL SURVEY OF THE AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND VEHICLE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.

TABLE 1.—*Total number of households and persons studied, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Total number of persons in households.	Number of persons for whom detailed information was secured.		
			Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	351	168	173	341
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.....	19	60	28	32	60
Polish.....	39	176	87	85	172
Total.....	58	236	115	117	232
Total native-born.....	145	587	283	290	573
Foreign-born:					
Flemish.....	30	138	62	58	120
German.....	50	223	109	106	215
Hebrew.....	21	96	49	44	93
Lithuanian.....	16	84	30	25	55
Magyar.....	72	448	189	145	334
Polish.....	57	342	161	172	333
Swedish.....	110	517	251	224	475
Total foreign-born.....	356	1,848	851	774	1,625
Grand total.....	501	2,435	1,134	1,064	2,198

TABLE 2.—*Number of persons for whom detailed information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	224	223	447
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:			
English.....		1	1
Flemish.....	13	13	26
French.....	1	1	2
German.....	75	80	155
Hebrew.....	11	9	20
Irish.....	1	2	3
Lithuanian.....	8	9	17
Magyar.....	44	50	94
Norwegian.....		1	1
Polish.....	120	138	258
Swedish.....	102	106	208
Total.....	375	410	785
Total native-born.....	599	633	1,232

TABLE 2.—Number of persons for whom detailed information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race of individual—Continued.

General nativity and race of individual.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Foreign-born:			
Canadian (other than French).....		1	1
Dutch.....		2	2
English.....		2	2
Flemish.....	49	42	91
German.....	54	51	105
Hebrew.....	38	35	73
Irish.....		1	1
Italian, North.....		1	1
Lithuanian.....	22	14	36
Magyar.....	145	95	240
Polish.....	82	75	157
Scotch.....		1	1
Swedish.....	145	111	256
Total foreign-born.....	535	431	966
Grand total.....	1,134	1,064	2,198

TABLE 3.—Total number of employees for whom information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	5,125	85	5,210
Negro.....	218		218
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Australia.....	2		2
Austria-Hungary.....	157	21	178
Belgium.....	26	1	27
Canada.....	183	4	187
Denmark.....	42		42
England.....	321	9	330
France.....	46	1	47
Germany.....	2,479	237	2,716
Greece.....	3		3
Ireland.....	794	38	832
Italy.....	15	2	17
Netherlands.....	43		43
Norway.....	70	2	72
Russia.....	225	25	250
Scotland.....	118	2	120
Spain.....	4		4
Sweden.....	437	5	442
Switzerland.....	44		44
Wales.....	52		52
Total.....	5,061	347	5,408
Total native-born.....	10,404	432	10,836
Foreign-born, by race:			
Albanian.....	2		2
Armenian.....	42		42
Bohemian and Moravian.....	363	22	385
Bosnian.....	2		2
Bulgarian.....	3		3
Canadian, French.....	117		117
Canadian, Other.....	211	4	215
Croatian.....	175	6	181
Danish.....	219		219
Dutch.....	152	3	155

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TABLE 3.—Total number of employees for whom information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.			
English.....	260	2	262
Finnish.....	15	.....	15
Flemish.....	27	.....	27
French.....	40	.....	40
German.....	2,448	70	2,518
Greek.....	316	7	323
Hebrew, Russian.....	62	3	65
Hebrew, Other.....	19	.....	19
Irish.....	512	8	520
Italian, North.....	281	11	292
Italian, South.....	312	4	316
Lithuanian.....	754	69	823
Macedonian.....	1	.....	1
Magyar.....	726	15	741
Montenegrin.....	1	.....	1
Norwegian.....	180	.....	180
Persian.....	6	.....	6
Polish.....	4,750	496	5,246
Roumanian.....	17	.....	17
Russian.....	284	23	307
Ruthenian.....	150	16	166
Scotch.....	103	.....	103
Scotch-Irish.....	11	.....	11
Servian.....	93	7	100
Slovak.....	295	10	305
Slovenian.....	119	19	138
Spanish.....	1	.....	1
Swedish.....	1,626	2	1,628
Syrian.....	10	2	12
Turkish.....	3	.....	3
Welsh.....	26	.....	26
Austrian (race not specified).....	65	4	69
Belgian (race not specified).....	325	.....	325
Swiss (race not specified).....	32	.....	32
Total foreign-born.....	15,156	803	15,959
Grand total.....	25,560	1,235	26,795

TABLE 4.—Number of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.								
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Albanian.....	2				1		1			
Armenian.....	42		2	3	7	8	12	3	6	1
Bohemian and Moravian...	361	3	3	27	23	13	76	15	62	139
Bosnian.....	2	1			1					
Bulgarian.....	3					1	1	1		
Canadian, French.....	117	1	2	1	2	1	8	15	24	63
Canadian, Other.....	210	6	1	7	5	5	26	30	32	98
Croatian.....	174	2	9	20	33	28	58	13	8	3
Danish.....	219	4	4	9	13	15	41	8	42	83
Dutch.....	151	3	7	8	13	7	29	10	40	34
English.....	257	8	6	18	5	7	17	17	17	162
Finnish.....	15	1			6	1	4	1	1	1
Flemish.....	26	2	1	3	2	6	6	1	3	2
French.....	40	1		8		1	5	2	3	20
German.....	2,442	34	25	60	65	46	171	71	404	1,566
Greek.....	313	9	21	76	65	28	93	14	4	3
Hebrew, Russian.....	62	1	10	10	7	14	18	1		1
Hebrew, Other.....	19		1	5	1	2	7		1	2
Irish.....	512	5	10	18	11	14	35	36	40	343
Italian, North.....	281	1	6	34	49	29	97	18	26	21
Italian, South.....	312	4	7	48	37	46	110	30	22	8
Lithuanian.....	748	26	34	141	99	82	215	77	50	24
Macedonian.....	1			1						
Magyar.....	725	30	52	208	117	84	173	27	22	12
Montenegrin.....	1									
Norwegian.....	180	5	1	13	7	5	34	5	9	101
Persian.....	6			2						
Polish.....	4,724	169	101	583	533	346	1,171	324	618	879
Roumanian.....	17	2	2	6	2		5			
Russian.....	281	11	27	89	56	11	55	12	10	10
Ruthenian.....	150	23	12	47	34	10	16	3	4	1
Scotch.....	103	1		6	7	3	13	5	11	57
Scotch-Irish.....	11									11
Servian.....	93	6	9	38	29	5	6			
Slovak.....	293	21	13	65	60	38	59	18	11	8
Slovenian.....	119	4	2	30	19	9	35	7	9	4
Spanish.....	1							1		
Swedish.....	1,620	22	20	51	65	48	260	105	290	759
Syrian.....	10		1	3		3		3		
Turkish.....	3			1			2			
Welsh.....	26			1	3		4			17
Austrian (race not specified)	65		3	8	15	6	11	8	6	8
Belgian (race not specified)...	324	14	3	73	60	33	71	23	26	21
Swiss (race not specified)...	32	1		3	3	2	3		3	17
Total.....	15,093	421	395	1,724	1,459	957	2,948	904	1,805	4,480

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	22			5	6	2	6	1		2
Canadian (other than French).....	4								2	2
Croatian.....	6		1	4				1		
Dutch.....	3		1	3			1		1	
English.....	2				2					
German.....	70	6	3	12	5	9	7	4	19	5
Greek.....	7	1		3	3					
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	1			1		1			
Irish.....	8			1	1		2	3		1

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TABLE 4.—Number of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race—Continued.

FEMALE—Continued.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.								
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Italian, North ^a	11	1		4	2	1	2		1	
Italian, South.....	4			1	1		2			
Lithuanian.....	67	4	4	17	17	11	8	4	2	
Magyar.....	15	3	3	1	2	2	3	1		
Polish.....	496	83	40	135	102	39	61	8	20	8
Russian.....	23	3	4	8		3	4		1	
Ruthenian.....	16	3	1	7	2	1	1		1	
Servian.....	7			5		1	1			
Slovak.....	10	3		3			3		1	
Slovenian.....	19	4	1	5	2	4	3			
Swedish.....	2							1		1
Syrian.....	2			1		1				
Austrian (race not specified)	4	1				2	1			
Total.....	801	113	58	212	146	76	106	23	48	19

TOTAL.

Albanian.....	2				1		1			
Armenian.....	42		2	3	7	8	12	3	6	1
Bohemian and Moravian.....	383	3	3	32	29	15	82	16	62	141
Bosnian.....	2	1			1					
Bulgarian.....	3					1	1	1		
Canadian, French.....	117	1	2	1	2	1	8	15	24	63
Canadian, Other.....	214	6	1	7	5	5	26	30	34	100
Croatian.....	180	2	10	24	33	28	58	14	8	3
Danish.....	219	4	4	9	13	15	41	8	42	83
Dutch.....	154	3	8	8	13	7	30	10	41	34
English.....	259	8	6	18	7	7	17	17	17	162
Finnish.....	15	1			6	1	4	1	1	1
Flemish.....	26	2	1	3	2	6	6	1	3	2
French.....	40	1		8		1	5	2	3	20
German.....	2,512	40	28	72	70	55	178	75	423	1,571
Greek.....	320	10	21	79	68	28	93	14	4	3
Hebrew, Russian.....	65	2	10	10	8	14	19	1		2
Hebrew, Other.....	19		1	5	1	2	7		1	1
Irish.....	520	5	10	19	12	14	37	39	40	344
Italian, North.....	292	2	6	38	51	30	99	18	27	21
Italian, South.....	316	4	7	49	38	46	112	30	22	8
Lithuanian.....	815	30	38	153	116	93	223	81	52	24
Macedonian.....	1			1						
Magyar.....	740	33	55	209	119	86	176	28	22	12
Montenegrin.....	1									1
Norwegian.....	180	5	1	13	7	5	34	5	9	101
Persian.....	6			2	4					
Polish.....	5,220	252	141	718	635	385	1,232	332	638	887
Roumanian.....	17	2	2	6	2		5			
Russian.....	304	14	31	97	56	14	59	12	11	10
Ruthenian.....	166	26	13	54	36	11	17	3	5	1
Scotch.....	103	1		6	7	3	13	5	11	57
Scotch-Irish.....	11									11
Servian.....	100	6	9	43	29	6	7			
Slovak.....	303	24	13	68	60	38	62	18	12	8
Slovenian.....	138	8	3	35	21	13	38	7	9	4
Spanish.....	1							1		
Swedish.....	1,622	22	20	51	65	48	260	106	290	760
Syrian.....	12		1	4		4		3		
Turkish.....	3			1			2			
Welsh.....	26			1	3		4		1	17
Austrian (race not specified)	69	1	3	8	15	8	12	8	6	8
Belgian (race not specified)	324	14	3	73	60	33	71	23	26	21
Swiss (race not specified)	32	1		3	3	2	3		3	17
Total.....	15,894	534	453	1,936	1,605	1,033	3,054	927	1,853	4,499

TABLE 5.—Number of foreign-born persons in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.								
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Flemish.....	49	6	1	16	4	6	7	2	3	4
German.....	54			1		3	6	1	3	40
Hebrew.....	38		1		11	10	14			
Lithuanian.....	22				3	5	10	3	1	
Magyar.....	145	10	14	21	23	17	47	8	2	3
Polish.....	82			6	11	1	13	10	11	30
Swedish.....	145		4	2	3	3	27	5	28	73
Total.....	535	16	20	48	55	45	124	29	48	150

FEMALE.

Canadian (other than French).....	1								1	
Dutch.....	2			1						1
English.....	2								1	1
Flemish.....	42	6	4	11	10	1	4	2	2	2
German.....	51			4	1	2	5	1	5	33
Hebrew.....	35	1	3	8	15	5	2	1		
Irish.....	1									1
Italian, North.....	1					1				
Lithuanian.....	14		2	3	2	1	5	1		
Magyar.....	95	5	12	19	11	7	27	9	3	2
Polish.....	75			4	12	1	13	5	12	28
Scotch.....	1									1
Swedish.....	111		5	3	1	2	21	6	23	50
Total.....	431	12	26	53	52	20	77	25	47	119

TOTAL.

Canadian (other than French).....	1								1	
Dutch.....	2			1						1
English.....	2								1	1
Flemish.....	91	12	5	27	14	7	11	4	5	6
German.....	105			5	1	5	11	2	8	73
Hebrew.....	73	1	4	10	26	15	16	1		
Irish.....	1									1
Italian, North.....	1					1				
Lithuanian.....	36		2	3	5	6	15	4	1	
Magyar.....	240	15	26	40	34	24	74	17	5	5
Polish.....	157			10	23	2	26	15	23	58
Scotch.....	1									1
Swedish.....	256		9	5	4	5	48	11	51	123
Total.....	966	28	46	101	107	65	201	54	95	269

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TABLE 6.—*Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born males who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number without occupation.		Number working for wages.						Number working without wages.			Number working for profit.		
Flemish	42	1	19	5	6	9	39	1	1	1	1	2			
German	39	6	17	10	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Hebrew	22	1	1	1	14	5	21	1	1	1	1	1			
Lithuanian	21	2	10	2	12	6	6	1	1	1	1	1			
Magyar	107	1	44	1	17	11	73	11	1	12	19	2			
Polish	54	1	10	2	2	14	28	15	7	22	2	1			
Swedish	109	3	32	6	20	24	82	20	2	22	2	2			
Total	394	8	122	34	69	68	293	54	10	64	25	4	29		

TABLE 7.—*Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number without occupation.		Number working for wages.						Number working without wages.			Number working for profit.		
Canadian (other than French)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Dutch	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2			
English	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Flemish	27	3	12	1	19	5	1	1	1	1	1	1			
German	36	19	4	12	5	1	19	16	1	1	1	1			
Hebrew	23	19	1	1	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4			
Irish	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Italian, North	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Lithuanian	14	2	4	3	7	5	7	5	5	5	5	5			
Magyar	75	50	13	7	1	21	1	2	3	1	1	1			
Polish	47	40	2	3	1	6	1	6	1	1	1	1			
Scotch	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Swedish	84	33	12	27	2	2	43	6	2	8	1	1			
Total	313	175	48	56	10	5	119	13	4	17	2	2			

TABLE 8.—Occupation of foreign-born male employees before coming to the United States, by race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who were engaged in—						Other occupations.
		Manufacturing.	Farming or farm labor.	General labor.	Hand trades.	Domestic service.	Trade.	
Albanian.....	2			1		1		
Armenian.....	36		16	1	12		6	1
Bohemian and Moravian.....	262	66	65	18	70	1	9	33
Bosnian.....	2		1	1				
Bulgarian.....	3		3					
Canadian, French.....	53	10	18	3	16		4	2
Canadian, Other.....	131	50	21	16	30	1	5	8
Croatian.....	173	11	113	18	21	1	4	5
Danish.....	174	36	59	11	42	1	14	11
Dutch.....	106	8	41	18	20	2	6	11
English.....	165	62	9	13	22	4	11	44
Finnish.....	12	3	1		1	1		6
Flemish.....	24	2	7	9	4			2
French.....	22	9	2	2	3	1	2	3
German.....	1,537	349	460	127	361	15	44	181
Greek.....	265	5	145	38	38	1	19	19
Hebrew, Russian.....	57	12	2	8	27		7	1
Hebrew, Other.....	17	2	2	6	4		3	
Irish.....	314	30	175	32	21	4	18	34
Italian, North.....	242	15	152	36	21	1	3	14
Italian, South.....	285	9	147	33	32	4	8	52
Lithuanian.....	716	34	533	47	58	3	6	35
Macedonian.....	1		1					
Magyar.....	662	52	379	71	122	7	14	17
Norwegian.....	134	41	25	7	20	1	2	38
Persian.....	6				6			
Polish.....	3,990	439	2,315	469	443	30	33	261
Roumanian.....	15	4	4		6			1
Russian.....	254	22	164	27	28	1	4	8
Ruthenian.....	119	4	107		5			3
Scotch.....	65	32	5	5	11		3	9
Scotch-Irish.....	4	3						1
Servian.....	88	2	69	5	8			4
Slovak.....	271	21	193	19	29	1	1	7
Slovenian.....	113	6	84	2	13		1	7
Swedish.....	1,289	249	502	100	296	7	30	105
Syrian.....	7	1	3		3			
Turkish.....	2		1	1				
Welsh.....	16	4			3		1	8
Austrian (race not specified).....	54	7	24	3	15	1		4
Belgian (race not specified).....	292	19	156	46	42	4	9	16
Swiss (race not specified).....	20	9	2		4	1		4
Total.....	12,000	1,628	6,006	1,193	1,857	94	267	955

TABLE 9.—Occupation of foreign-born female employees before coming to the United States, by race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who were engaged in—						
		Manufacturing.	Farming or farm labor.	Domestic service.	Sewing, embroidering, and lace making.	Teaching.	Trade.	Other occupations.
Bohemian and Moravian	5		2		1		1	1
Croatian	3		3					
Dutch	1					1		
English	2			2				
German	28	3	22	1	1			1
Greek	2		1	1				
Hebrew, Russian	2				1		1	
Irish	1		1					
Italian, North	7		6		1			
Lithuanian	43	3	34	3	1			2
Magyar	10		6	2	1			1
Polish	297	4	244	31	10		3	5
Russian	15	1	12					2
Ruthenian	13		11	2				
Servian	7		7					
Slovak	9							
Slovenian	13	1	10	2				
Austrian (race not specified)	3		3					
Total	461	12	371	44	16	1	5	12

TABLE 10.—Number of males 16 years of age or over in each specified industry, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[The main headings used in the table follow the classification of the United States Census, with these modifications: General Labor is here separate from Domestic and Personal Service; Fishing, Mining, and Quarrying are each separate from Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits; Trade and Transportation are distinct from each other.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Total number.	Agricultural pursuits.	Domestic and personal service.	Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits.							General labor (not otherwise entered).	Trade.	Transportation.	At home.	At school.
				Agricultural implements and vehicles.	Hardware.	Other metal products.	Building trades.	Furniture.	Printing and publishing.	Other manufactures.					
Native-born of native father, White.....	117	1	1	98						8		4	2		3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:															
Flemish.....	1			1											
French.....	1		1												
German.....	44			25						8		4	2	2	3
Irish.....	1			1											
Magyar.....	1			1											
Polish.....	65			52						11				2	
Swedish.....	32			15		1	1		1	1		9	2		2
Total.....	145		1	95		1	1		1	20		13	4	4	5
Total native-born.....	262	1	2	193		1	1		1	28		17	6	4	8
Foreign-born:															
Flemish.....	44			42				1			1				
German.....	51			48						3					
Hebrew.....	23			22										1	
Lithuanian.....	22			21			1								
Magyar.....	123			108						11		1	1	2	
Polish.....	70			63						5		1		1	
Swedish.....	141	(a)	a 2	a 132	a 1	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	a 2	a 1	(a)	a 2	(a)	
Total foreign-born.....	474	(a)	a 2	a 436	a 1	(a)	a 1	a 1	(a)	a 19	a 3	a 3	a 1	a 6	(a)
Grand total.....	736	a 1	a 4	a 629	a 1	a 1	a 2	a 1	a 1	a 47	a 3	a 20	a 7	a 10	a 8

a Not including 1 not reporting complete data.

TABLE 11.—Number of females 16 years of age or over in each specified industry, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[The main headings used in the table follow the classification of the United States Census, with these modifications: General Labor is here separate from Domestic and Personal Service; Fishing, Mining, and Quarrying are each separate from Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits; Trade and Transportation are distinct from each other.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Total number.	Domestic and personal service.	Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits.								Professional service.	Trade.	At home.	At school.	
			Agricultural implements and vehicles.	Building trades.	Shirts, collars, and cuffs.	Tobacco and cigars.	Hats and caps.	Clothing.	Printing and publishing.	Other food and kindred products.					Other manufactures.
Native-born of native father, White.....	110	1		5	3		2			4		7	87	1	
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:															
English.....	1												1		
Flemish.....	2													2	
French.....	1												1		
German.....	49	2		3			4			4		3	32	1	
Irish.....	2												2		
Magyar.....	2	1												1	
Norwegian.....	1												1		
Polish.....	56	3		4	5							1	43		
Swedish.....	47	8	1			3	2	1	1	2	1	4	21	3	
Total.....	161	8	7	7	5	3	6	1	1	6	1	8	102	6	
Total native-born.....	271	8	8	12	8	3	8	1	1	10	1	15	189	7	
Foreign-born:															
Canadian (other than French).....	1													1	
Dutch.....	2													2	
English.....	2													2	
Flemish.....	28						1							27	
German.....	49													49	
Hebrew.....	24			1			1							22	
Irish.....	1													1	
Italian, North.....	1													1	
Lithuanian.....	14													14	
Magyar.....	81		2	2								2		75	
Polish.....	66	1	1	1	1									63	
Scotch.....	1													1	
Swedish.....	107	4	1				5					3		94	
Total foreign-born.....	377	4	3	4	4	1	7					5	352		
Grand total.....	648	12	11	1	16	9	3	15	1	1	10	1	20	541	7

TABLE 12.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.									
			\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$17.50.	\$17.50 and under \$20.	\$20 and under \$22.50.	\$22.50 and under \$25.	\$25 or over.
Native-born of native father:												
White.....	4,109	\$13.23	2	43	773	1,235	615	892	365	104	45	35
Negro.....	196	11.38	.....	.....	70	80	23	18	4	1	.....	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:												
Australia.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Austria-Hungary.....	113	13.09	.....	3	19	31	19	30	9	2	.....	.....
Belgium.....	17	12.29	.....	.....	3	6	2	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Canada.....	154	12.97	.....	3	16	56	36	27	12	3	1	.....
Denmark.....	30	13.38	.....	.....	5	10	6	5	1	2	1	.....
England.....	273	13.85	1	.....	40	67	48	75	28	6	4	4
France.....	38	13.06	.....	.....	7	9	8	11	2	1	.....	.....
Germany.....	1,991	13.89	1	28	274	483	336	593	179	60	18	19
Greece.....	3	(a)	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ireland.....	694	13.24	.....	1	131	206	117	159	52	16	9	3
Italy.....	7	(a)	.....	1	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Netherlands.....	39	12.99	.....	.....	8	10	10	10	1	.....	.....	.....
Norway.....	58	14.25	.....	1	6	13	9	19	6	4	.....	.....
Russia.....	149	12.41	.....	6	31	42	29	32	7	2	.....	.....
Scotland.....	97	14.70	.....	.....	9	24	15	25	16	4	3	1
Spain.....	3	(a)	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Sweden.....	358	13.59	.....	6	46	104	53	92	34	18	4	1
Switzerland.....	33	14.16	.....	.....	5	10	4	5	7	1	.....	1
Wales.....	32	12.32	.....	1	9	8	5	7	1	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	4,090	13.62	2	50	615	1,080	697	1,100	355	122	40	29
Total native-born.....	8,395	13.38	4	93	1,458	2,395	1,335	2,010	724	227	85	64
Foreign-born, by race:												
Albanian.....	2	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Armenian.....	42	13.60	.....	.....	7	10	11	11	3	.....	.....	.....
Bohemian and Moravian.....	343	11.37	.....	.....	74	98	45	96	23	7	.....	.....
Bulgarian.....	3	(a)	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Canadian, French.....	112	13.43	.....	.....	5	45	23	28	6	4	1	.....
Canadian, Other.....	184	15.04	1	.....	17	44	27	52	21	9	3	10
Croatian.....	162	11.88	.....	.....	51	51	21	36	2	1	.....	.....
Danish.....	197	14.51	.....	.....	13	49	36	68	21	7	1	2
Dutch.....	140	13.20	.....	.....	18	58	21	25	16	1	.....	.....
English.....	210	13.84	.....	1	26	61	42	48	20	5	3	4
Finnish.....	13	12.83	.....	.....	3	5	1	3	.....	1	.....	.....
Flemish.....	23	11.26	.....	.....	10	9	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
French.....	30	14.81	.....	1	2	8	4	6	8	.....	.....	1
German.....	1,962	13.94	.....	6	261	489	340	592	202	51	19	2
Greek.....	284	11.92	.....	5	85	132	18	27	13	3	1	.....
Hebrew, Russian.....	25	12.47	.....	.....	7	6	6	3	3	.....	.....	.....
Hebrew, Other.....	9	(a)	.....	.....	2	3	1	2	1	.....	.....	.....
Irish.....	478	12.92	.....	1	98	158	73	105	30	8	2	3
Italian, North.....	265	11.60	.....	3	85	81	44	49	2	1	.....	.....
Italian, South.....	300	10.21	1	13	130	116	22	16	2	.....	.....	.....
Lithuanian.....	732	12.24	.....	9	226	219	84	131	32	29	1	1
Macedonian.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Magyar.....	373	11.48	.....	7	150	108	50	42	15	.....	1	.....
Montenegrin.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Norwegian.....	162	15.20	.....	.....	11	28	32	49	28	6	8	.....

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

• Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 12.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.									
			\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$17.50.	\$17.50 and under \$20.	\$20 and under \$22.50.	\$22.50 and under \$25.	\$25 or over.
Foreign-born, by race—Cont'd.												
Persian.....	6	(a)				3	3					
Polish.....	3,896	\$12.28	37	884	1,462	570	733	166	32	12		
Roumanian.....	14	11.98		5	6		1	2				
Russian.....	248	11.14	1	94	98	23	25	5	1			
Ruthenian.....	140	9.98	4	82	34	4	13	2	1			
Scotch.....	81	14.81		7	15	13	31	8	3	3	1	
Scotch-Irish.....	8	(a)			3		2	2			1	
Servian.....	62	10.84		32	16	10	4					
Slovak.....	249	11.00	3	107	82	24	28	4	1			
Slovenian.....	71	12.19	2	19	17	10	23					
Spanish.....	1	(a)		1								
Swedish.....	1,496	14.71		131	380	193	423	253	95	11	10	
Syrian.....	5	(a)		2	2		1					
Turkish.....	2	(a)		2								
Welsh.....	20	14.11		2	5	6	5	1			1	
Austrian (race not specified).....	46	13.41		11	10	7	13	4	1			
Belgian (race not specified).....	284	13.16		50	119	18	55	24	11	7		
Swiss (race not specified).....	27	15.16		1	4	6	11	4	1			
Total foreign-born.....	12,709	12.89	3	93	2,714	4,035	1,791	2,761	923	279	74	36
Grand total.....	21,104	13.09	7	186	4,172	6,430	3,126	4,771	1,647	506	159	100

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 13.—Number of female employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.					
			\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	70	\$7.13	11	22	29	8		
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:								
Austria-Hungary.....	16	7.13	2	9	4	1		
Belgium.....	1	(a)		1				
Canada.....	3	(a)			2			
England.....	7	(a)		2	5			
France.....	1	(a)						
Germany.....	158	7.24	6	74	75	3		
Ireland.....	35	7.73	2	14	15	2	1	1
Italy.....	2	(a)			2			
Norway.....	2	(a)		1	1			
Russia.....	19	6.62	3	13	3			
Scotland.....	2	(a)		1	1			
Sweden.....	3	(a)		3				
Total.....	249	7.26	13	120	108	6	1	1
Total native-born.....	319	7.23	24	142	137	14	1	1
Foreign-born, by race:								
Bohemian and Moravian.....	20	7.03		14	6			
Canadian (other than French)	4	(a)	1	2	1			
Croatian.....	5	(a)		4	1			
Dutch.....	3	(a)	1	1	1			
English.....	2	(a)			2			
German.....	26	7.30		15	11			
Greek.....	7	(a)		6	1			
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	(a)		2	1			
Irish.....	7	(a)		4	3			
Italian, North.....	9	(a)		4	5			
Italian, South.....	3	(a)		1	2			
Lithuanian.....	62	7.04	3	34	22	2	1	
Magyar.....	5	(a)		4	1			
Polish.....	251	7.20	16	129	96	9		1
Russian.....	16	7.07	1	9	5	1		
Ruthenian.....	8	(a)		6	1	1		
Slovak.....	3	(a)		3				
Slovenian.....	5	(a)		5				
Swedish.....	1	(a)		1				
Austrian (race not specified).....	4	(a)		2	2			
Total foreign-born.....	444	7.12	22	246	161	13	1	1
Grand total.....	763	7.17	46	388	298	27	2	2

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

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TABLE 14.—Number of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.						
			Under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 or over.
Native-born of native father:									
White.....	174	\$7.78	2	11	54	85	17	4	1
Negro.....	2	(a)				1	1		
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Australia.....	1	(a)		1					
Austria-Hungary.....	26	6.89		3	14	7	1	1	
Belgium.....	5	(a)		1	1	2	2		
Canada.....	6	(a)		1	3	1		1	
Denmark.....	8	(a)			2	5		1	
England.....	9	(a)		2	4	3			
France.....	2	(a)			1	1			
Germany.....	133	8.20		9	41	57	18	4	4
Ireland.....	32	6.76		6	11	14	1		
Italy.....	7	(a)		1	3	2	1		
Netherlands.....	1	(a)				1			
Norway.....	7	(a)		1	2	2	2		
Russia.....	20	6.82		5	8	5	1	1	
Scotland.....	2	(a)				2			
Sweden.....	53	7.37		9	22	16	4		2
Switzerland.....	1	(a)			1				
Wales.....	4	(a)		3	1				
Total.....	317	7.57		41	114	118	30	8	6
Total native-born.....	493	7.66	2	52	168	204	48	12	7
Foreign-born, by race:									
Bohemian and Moravian.....	2	(a)			1	1			
Canadian, French.....	2	(a)				1	1		
Danish.....	1	(a)				1			
Dutch.....	1	(a)				1			
English.....	1	(a)				1			
Finnish.....	1	(a)			1				
Flemish.....	2	(a)				1			
French.....	1	(a)			1				
German.....	12	6.73		3	5	3	1		
Greek.....	3	(a)			2	1			
Hebrew (other than Russian).....	1	(a)			1				
Italian, North.....	7	(a)			4	3			
Italian, South.....	7	(a)		2	4	1			
Lithuanian.....	1	(a)			1				
Magyar.....	3	(a)			1	2			
Norwegian.....	2	(a)			1			1	
Polish.....	19	7.44			7	11	1		
Russian.....	1	(a)				1			
Ruthenian.....	6	(a)			3	3			
Slovak.....	3	(a)			1	2			
Swedish.....	7	(a)		1	3	1	1		1
Austrian (race not specified).....	1	(a)			1				
Belgian (race not specified).....	5	(a)			1	2	2		
Total foreign-born.....	89	7.40		6	39	36	6	1	1
Grand total.....	582	7.62	2	58	207	240	54	13	8

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 15.—Number of female employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.		
			\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	6	(a)	.....	4	2
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:					
Austria-Hungary.....	3	(a)	.....	2	1
England.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	1
Germany.....	20	\$6.61	1	12	7
Ireland.....	1	(a)	.....	1	.....
Russia.....	4	(a)	.....	4	.....
Sweden.....	2	(a)	.....	2	.....
Total.....	31	6.68	1	21	9
Total native-born.....	37	6.69	1	25	11
Foreign-born, by race:					
Bohemian and Moravian.....	2	(a)	.....	2	.....
Croatian.....	1	(a)	.....	1	.....
German.....	3	(a)	.....	3	.....
Italian, North.....	2	(a)	.....	.....	2
Italian, South.....	1	(a)	.....	1	.....
Lithuanian.....	2	(a)	1	1	.....
Polish.....	12	6.79	2	5	5
Russian.....	1	(a)	.....	1	.....
Ruthenian.....	2	(a)	.....	2	.....
Slovenian.....	1	(a)	.....	1	.....
Swedish.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	1
Total foreign-born.....	28	6.65	3	17	8
Grand total.....	65	6.67	4	42	19

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 16.—*Number of male heads of families earning each specified amount per year, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only male heads of selected families. For selection of families, see p. 640.]

General nativity and race.	Number working for wages.	Average earnings.	Number earning—										
			Under \$100.	\$100 and under \$200.	\$200 and under \$300.	\$300 and under \$400.	\$400 and under \$500.	\$500 and under \$600.	\$600 and under \$700.	\$700 and under \$800.	\$800 and under \$900.	\$900 and under \$1,000.	\$1,000 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	\$704	.....	1	.....	6	8	17	13	19	8	6	6
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:													
German.....	18	606	.....	.....	1	1	1	3	7	5	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	39	552	.....	.....	.....	9	10	7	6	4	.....	1	2
Total.....	57	569	.....	.....	1	10	11	10	13	9	.....	1	2
Total native-born.	141	649	.....	1	1	16	19	27	26	28	8	7	8
Foreign-born:													
Flemish.....	28	584	.....	1	1	.....	5	9	3	7	1	1	.....
German.....	46	601	.....	.....	.....	5	16	4	11	3	3	2	2
Hebrew.....	19	485	.....	.....	1	.....	12	4	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lithuanian.....	15	795	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	3	4	4	1	1
Magyar.....	63	372	3	7	14	13	6	11	7	2	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	56	414	.....	1	6	22	15	8	2	1	1	.....	.....
Swedish.....	97	663	.....	.....	.....	7	14	14	23	19	12	2	6
Total foreign-born	324	543	3	9	22	47	69	51	51	36	21	6	9
Grand total.....	465	576	3	10	23	63	88	78	77	64	29	13	17

TABLE 17.—Yearly earnings (approximate) of males 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages and reporting amount.	Average earnings.	Number earning—										
			Under \$100.	\$100 and under \$150.	\$150 and under \$200.	\$200 and under \$250.	\$250 and under \$300.	\$300 and under \$400.	\$400 and under \$500.	\$500 and under \$600.	\$600 and under \$700.	\$700 and under \$800.	\$800 and under \$1,000.	$1,000 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	105	\$667	2	2	1	1	7	12	20	16	21	16	7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:													
Flemish.....	1	(a)									1		
French.....	1	(a)								1			
German.....	34	567				1	4	6	6	10	6	1	
Magyar.....	1	(a)											
Polish.....	53	494			3	1	16	13	7	6	4	2	1
Swedish.....	19	474	1	2		1	3	4	2	3	1	2	
Total.....	109	516	1	2	3	3	23	24	16	19	12	5	1
Total native-born.....	214	590	3	4	4	4	30	36	36	35	33	21	8
Foreign-born:													
Flemish.....	38	576		1		1	2	6	14	3	7	3	1
German.....	51	606					5	16	6	14	3	4	3
Hebrew.....	22	479			1		1	14	4	2			
Lithuanian.....	22	755						1	5	3	5	7	1
Magyar.....	109	363	11	2	8	7	10	21	26	13	9	2	
Polish.....	65	277	1	1	2	2	4	25	18	8	2	1	1
Swedish.....	130	674					8	16	20	28	29	22	7
Total foreign-born.....	437	515	12	3	11	10	15	62	97	70	61	47	37
Grand total.....	651	540	15	3	15	14	19	92	133	106	96	80	58

TABLE 18.—Yearly earnings (approximate) of females 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages and reporting amount.	Average earnings.	Number earning—							
			Under \$100.	\$100 and under \$150.	\$150 and under \$200.	\$200 and under \$250.	\$250 and under \$300.	\$300 and under \$400.	\$400 and under \$500.	\$500 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	19	\$368			1	4	2	4	5	3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
German.....	12	351					2	7	3	
Polish.....	8	(a)	1	2		2	1	1		1
Swedish.....	18	296	1		4	2	3	4	2	2
Total.....	38	302	2	2	4	4	6	12	5	3
Total native-born.....	57	324	2	2	5	8	8	16	10	6
Foreign-born:										
Flemish.....	1	(a)			1					
Hebrew.....	2	(a)		1				1		
Magyar.....	4	(a)				1		3		
Polish.....	3	(a)				1	1	1	1	
Swedish.....	11	264	3		1	1		4	2	
Total foreign-born.....	21	263	3	1	2	3	1	9	2	
Grand total.....	78	307	5	3	7	11	9	25	12	6

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 19.—Amount of family income per year, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Average family income.	Number of families having a total income—					
			Under \$300.	\$300 and under \$500.	\$500 and under \$750.	\$750 and under \$1,000.	\$1,000 and under \$1,500.	\$1,500 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	\$808	1	10	25	34	10	4
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:								
German.....	18	642	1	2	11	3	1	.....
Polish.....	39	584	.....	16	16	4	3	.....
Total.....	57	602	1	18	27	7	4	.....
Total native-born.....	141	725	2	28	52	41	14	4
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	28	722	2	2	12	8	4	.....
German.....	46	762	.....	9	15	16	5	1
Hebrew.....	20	539	.....	13	6	.....	1	.....
Lithuanian.....	15	1,159	.....	1	1	5	4	4
Magyar.....	64	626	11	16	16	14	6	1
Polish.....	56	613	5	18	19	9	4	1
Swedish.....	99	882	2	9	34	33	15	6
Total foreign-born.....	328	748	20	68	103	85	39	13
Grand total....	469	741	22	96	155	126	53	17

TABLE 20.—Number of families having an income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of families having an income from—				
		Earnings of—		Contributions of children.	Payments of boarders or lodgers.	Other sources.
		Husband.	Wife.			
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	84	5	13	14	7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
German.....	18	18	.....	1	.....	2
Polish.....	39	39	.....	2	4	.....
Total.....	57	57	.....	3	4	2
Total native-born.....	141	141	5	16	18	9
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	28	28	.....	2	12	3
German.....	46	46	.....	15	3	6
Hebrew.....	20	19	1	1	2	.....
Lithuanian.....	15	15	.....	.....	11	5
Magyar.....	64	63	1	12	32	4
Polish.....	56	56	.....	23	5	6
Swedish.....	99	97	3	29	26	20
Total foreign-born.....	328	324	5	82	91	44
Grand total.....	469	465	10	98	109	53

^a For selection of families, see p. 640.

TABLE 21.—Source of family income in detail, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of families having entire income from—											
		Husband.	Husband and wife.	Husband and children.	Husband, wife, and children.	Husband and boarders or lodgers.	Wife.	Wife and children.	Wife and boarders or lodgers.	Children.	Children and boarders or lodgers.	Boarders or lodgers.	Sources or combination of sources not before specified.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	50	4	12	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:													
German.....	18	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
Polish.....	39	33	.....	2	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	57	49	.....	2	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
Total native-born.....	141	99	4	14	.....	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11
Foreign-born:													
Flemish.....	28	14	.....	1	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
German.....	46	24	.....	14	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6
Hebrew.....	20	16	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lithuanian.....	15	3	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
Magyar.....	64	20	1	7	.....	29	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	6
Polish.....	56	26	.....	20	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6
Swedish.....	99	37	2	17	.....	15	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27
Total foreign-born.....	328	140	4	59	.....	68	1	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	54
Grand total.....	469	239	8	73	.....	81	1	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	65

^a For selection of families, see p. 640.

TABLE 22.—Months worked during the past year by persons 16 years of age or over employed away from home, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number working full time months specified.								
		12.	11 and under 12.	10 and under 11.	9 and under 10.	8 and under 9.	7 and under 8.	6 and under 7.	3 and under 6.	Under 3.
Native-born of native father, White.....	112	69	24	6	3	2	1	2	3	2
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
Flemish.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
French.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German.....	35	30	1	.....	1	2	1	.....	.....	.....
Irish.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Magyar.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	62	9	7	7	19	10	3	5	1	1
Swedish.....	21	16	.....	2	.....	1	.....	1	1	.....
Total.....	122	57	8	11	20	13	4	6	2	1
Total native-born.....	234	126	32	17	23	15	5	8	5	3
Foreign-born:										
Flemish.....	38	14	9	10	.....	1	1	2	1	.....
German.....	51	44	1	4	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Hebrew.....	22	12	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Lithuanian.....	22	4	6	7	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Magyar.....	113	41	13	6	11	9	2	9	12	10
Polish.....	68	6	13	12	18	7	5	.....	6	1
Swedish.....	135	44	27	36	17	5	2	2	2	.....
Total foreign-born.....	449	165	78	75	51	23	11	14	21	11
Grand total.....	683	291	110	92	74	38	16	22	26	14

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TABLE 22.—Months worked during the past year by persons 16 years of age or over employed away from home, by sex and general nativity and race of individual—Continued.

FEMALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number working full time months specified.								
		12.	11 and under 12.	10 and under 11.	9 and under 10.	8 and under 9.	7 and under 8.	6 and under 7.	3 and under 6.	Under 3.
Native-born of native father, White.....	20	12	3	.....	2	1	1	1	.....	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
German.....	14	13	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	13	5	.....	1	.....	2	.....	2	3	.....
Swedish.....	19	10	2	.....	1	2	.....	2	2	.....
Total.....	46	28	2	1	1	5	.....	4	5	.....
Total native-born.....	66	40	5	1	3	6	1	5	5	.....
Foreign-born:										
Hebrew.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Magyar.....	5	4	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	3	2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Swedish.....	6	2	2	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Total foreign-born.....	16	9	3	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	1
Grand total.....	82	49	8	2	3	7	1	6	5	1

TABLE 23.—Number and class of households, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

["With boarders or lodgers" includes only households keeping boarders or lodgers at the time schedule was taken. "Boarders are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	"Family" households.						Total family households.	"Group" households.
		With neither boarders nor lodgers.			With boarders or lodgers.				
		Consist- ing of a single family.	Consist- ing of two or more families living together.	Total.	With board- ers.	With lodgers only.	Total.		
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	71	.....	71	11	4	15	86	1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
German.....	19	19	.....	19	.....	.....	.....	19	.....
Polish.....	39	35	1	36	3	.....	3	39	.....
Total.....	58	54	1	55	3	.....	3	58	.....
Total native-born..	145	125	1	126	14	4	18	144	1
Foreign-born:									
Flemish.....	30	18	.....	18	10	2	12	30	.....
German.....	50	46	.....	46	2	1	3	49	1
Hebrew.....	21	19	.....	19	1	1	2	21	.....
Lithuanian.....	16	5	.....	5	8	3	11	16	.....
Magyar.....	72	35	1	36	36	.....	36	72	.....
Polish.....	57	49	3	52	1	4	5	57	.....
Swedish.....	110	79	4	83	12	15	27	110	.....
Total foreign-born.	356	251	8	259	70	26	96	355	1
Grand total.....	501	37	9	385	84	30	114	499	2

TABLE 24.—Number of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per apartment.	Number of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment.						
			Under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$20.	\$20 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	53	10.42	1	9	13	17	6	6	1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
German.....	9	(a)		1	5	3			
Polish.....	18	5.86	3	14	1				
Total.....	27	6.72	3	15	6	3			
Total native-born..	80	9.17	4	24	19	20	6	6	1
Foreign-born:									
Flemish.....	20	6.88	3	9	6	2			
German.....	15	9.43		4	3	7			1
Hebrew.....	21	8.95	2	2	5	11			
Lithuanian.....	13	10.31		2	5	4		1	1
Magyar.....	42	6.93	5	19	13	4		1	
Polish.....	16	5.41	3	13					
Swedish.....	53	11.02		4	16	24	1	5	3
Total foreign-born..	180	8.68	13	53	48	52	1	8	5
Grand total.....	260	8.83	17	77	67	72	7	14	6

TABLE 25.—Number of households paying each specified rent per month per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per room.	Number of households paying each specified rent per month per room.							
			Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	\$4 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	53	\$1.75	1	12	22	14	3	1		
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
German.....	9	(a)		1	4	3	1			
Polish.....	18	1.30	1	10	4	3				
Total.....	27	1.46	1	11	8	6	1			
Total native-born..	80	1.67	2	23	30	20	4	1		
Foreign-born:										
Flemish.....	20	1.79		2	10	6	2			
German.....	15	1.77		3	9	2		1		
Hebrew.....	21	1.83	1	2	10	4	4			
Lithuanian.....	13	2.13		1	3	6	3			
Magyar.....	42	1.79	2	5	13	13	9			
Polish.....	16	1.52		6	8	2				
Swedish.....	53	2.24		2	10	23	11	6	1	
Total foreign-born..	180	1.94	3	21	63	56	29	7	1	
Grand total.....	260	1.85	5	44	93	76	33	8	1	

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 26.—Number of households paying each specified rent per month per person, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per person.	Number of households paying each specified rent per month per person.								
			Under \$0.50.	\$0.50 and under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	\$4 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.	53	\$2.54	.....	1	3	9	16	6	3	3	12
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:											
German.....	9	(a)	.....	1	1	1	2	1	.....	3	
Polish.....	18	1.60	.....	2	3	6	4	1	1	1	.....
Total.....	27	1.91	.....	2	4	7	5	3	2	1	3
Total native-born.....	80	2.35	.....	3	7	16	21	9	5	4	15
Foreign-born:											
Flemish.....	20	1.64	.....	.....	5	6	5	2	1	.....	1
German.....	15	2.77	.....	.....	.....	3	2	3	3	1	3
Hebrew.....	21	1.96	1	.....	3	3	9	1	.....	2	2
Lithuanian.....	13	2.20	.....	.....	4	1	2	2	1	.....	3
Magyar.....	42	1.16	1	13	11	8	1	5	.....	.....	3
Polish.....	16	1.04	.....	4	10	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Swedish.....	53	2.49	.....	.....	6	6	13	4	9	1	14
Total foreign-born.....	180	1.82	2	17	39	28	32	17	15	4	26
Grand total.....	260	1.96	2	20	46	44	53	26	20	8	41

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 27.—Number of households keeping boarders and lodgers and number of boarders and lodgers, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[Information relating to boarders or lodgers covers only immediate time of taking schedule and not the entire year. "Boarders" are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Number of households keeping—			Number of—		
		Boarders.	Lodgers only.	Total.	Boarders.	Lodgers.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	11	4	15	12	7	19
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:							
German.....	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	39	3	.....	3	4	.....	4
Total.....	58	3	.....	3	4	.....	4
Total native-born.....	145	14	4	18	16	7	23
Foreign-born:							
Flemish.....	30	10	2	12	26	6	32
German.....	50	2	1	3	4	4	8
Hebrew.....	21	1	1	2	1	2	3
Lithuanian.....	16	8	3	11	29	6	35
Magyar.....	72	36	.....	36	151	.....	151
Polish.....	57	1	4	5	1	8	9
Swedish.....	110	12	15	27	27	36	63
Total foreign-born.....	356	70	26	96	239	62	301
Grand total.....	501	84	30	114	255	69	324

General nativity and race of head of household.	Apartments of each specified number of rooms.																																	
	4 rooms.			5 rooms.			6 rooms.			7 or more rooms.																								
	Total number of apartments.	Number occupied by households of each specified number of persons.					Total number of apartments.	Number occupied by households of each specified number of persons.					Total number of apartments.	Number occupied by households of each specified number of persons.																				
		1.	2.	3.	4.	5 or more.		1.	2.	3.	4.	5 or more.		1.	2.	3.	4.	5 or more.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 or more.											
Native-born of native father, White.....	6	1	4	1	.....	18	2	2	9	4	1	.....	22	6	5	4	5	2	.....	38	5	7	10	4	1	.....	1			
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																																		
German.....	1	1	4	1	3	5	2	2	1	7	3	1	2	1	7	3	1	2	1					
Polish.....	8	1	5	1	1	.....	10	1	1	2	4	1	.....	9	2	1	4	1	.....	7	1	3	1	1	.....	1	.....						
Total.....	9	1	6	1	1	14	2	4	2	4	1	14	4	2	2	4	1	14	4	1	5	2	1	1						
Total native-born.....	15	2	10	1	1	32	4	6	11	8	1	36	10	7	6	9	2	1	52	9	8	15	11	5	1	1	1			
Foreign-born:																																		
Flemish.....	14	2	3	4	4	1	5	2	1	2	2	1	1	4	1	2	1						
German.....	7	2	2	2	1	8	1	3	3	1	6	1	1	4	1	1	27	4	5	5	4	5	1	2					
Hebrew.....	6	3	1	2	.....	.....	4	1	1	1	1	.....	5	1	1	1	1	.....	3	1	.....	1	1	.....	1	.....							
Lithuanian.....	7	2	2	1	1	.....	2	1	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	1	1	.....	2
Magyar.....	16	2	1	5	1	2	3	16	1	3	2	1	1	6	1	1	10	1	1	1					
Polish.....	10	1	3	1	5	1	2	3	18	2	1	2	1	2	3	6	1	1	8	1	2	1	2		
Swedish.....	30	9	7	6	7	1	27	2	6	6	7	4	2	17	3	3	2	1	1	28	1	2	8	7	4	3	3		
Total foreign-born.....	90	18	18	17	11	9	3	5	5	4	80	6	14	12	16	7	7	6	3	9	44	4	11	7	9	3	4	3	3		
Grand total.....	105	20	28	18	12	10	3	5	5	4	112	10	20	23	24	8	8	6	4	9	80	10	11	17	16	11	4	4	3		

TABLE 29.—Number of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of rooms per household.	Number of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms.						
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	6.26	.....	.....	3	6	18	22	38
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
German.....	19	5.95	.....	.....	2	1	4	5	7
Polish.....	39	5.18	.....	.....	5	8	10	9	7
Total.....	58	5.43	.....	.....	7	9	14	14	14
Total native-born..	145	5.93	.....	.....	10	15	32	36	52
Foreign-born:									
Flemish.....	30	2.57	.....	2	3	14	5	2	4
German.....	50	6.56	.....	.....	2	7	8	6	27
Hebrew.....	21	4.90	.....	1	2	6	4	5	3
Lithuanian.....	16	3.94	.....	.....	1	7	2	2	4
Magyar.....	72	4.38	.....	9	15	16	16	6	10
Polish.....	57	4.86	.....	.....	15	10	18	6	8
Swedish.....	110	2.37	.....	.....	7	30	27	17	29
Total foreign-born..	356	4.00	.....	12	45	90	80	44	85
Grand total.....	501	4.56	.....	12	55	105	112	80	137

TABLE 30.—Number of households of each specified number of persons, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per household.	Number of households of each specified number of persons.									
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	4.03	.....	14	20	25	18	6	2	.....	1	1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:												
German.....	19	3.16	.....	6	8	3	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	39	4.51	.....	5	8	7	11	3	1	2	2	.....
Total.....	58	4.07	.....	11	16	10	12	3	2	2	2	.....
Total native-born..	145	4.05	.....	25	36	35	30	9	4	2	3	1
Foreign-born:												
Flemish.....	30	4.60	1	2	9	5	3	5	.....	4	1	.....
German.....	50	4.46	.....	8	12	7	8	9	3	.....	2	1
Hebrew.....	21	4.57	.....	3	4	4	5	2	1	1	.....	1
Lithuanian.....	16	5.25	.....	2	3	1	3	2	3	1	.....	1
Magyar.....	72	6.22	.....	10	4	10	5	10	8	6	10	9
Polish.....	57	6.00	1	4	2	13	9	6	6	6	3	7
Swedish.....	110	4.70	.....	14	20	20	26	13	7	5	2	3
Total foreign-born..	356	5.19	2	43	54	60	59	47	28	23	18	22
Grand total....	501	4.86	2	68	90	95	89	56	32	25	21	23

TABLE 31.—Number of households and number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households and number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms.															
	1 room.		2 rooms.		3 rooms.		4 rooms.		5 rooms.		6 rooms.		7 or more rooms.		Total.	
	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.
Native-born of native father, White.....					3	10	6	18	18	73	22	80	38	170	87	351
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																
German.....					2	10	1	3	4	11	5	14	7	22	19	60
Polish.....					5	23	8	28	10	48	9	44	7	33	39	176
Total.....					7	33	9	31	14	59	14	58	14	55	58	236
Total native-born.....					10	43	15	49	32	132	36	138	52	225	145	587
Foreign-born:																
Flemish.....			2	4	3	9	14	61	5	27	2	17	4	20	30	138
German.....					2	5	7	25	8	33	6	32	27	128	50	223
Hebrew.....			1	4	2	6	6	23	4	17	5	33	3	13	21	96
Lithuanian.....					1	3	7	30	2	9	2	17	4	25	16	84
Magyar.....			9	23	15	82	16	108	16	115	6	43	10	77	72	448
Polish.....					15	75	10	60	18	127	6	30	8	50	57	342
Swedish.....					7	20	30	106	27	119	17	84	29	188	110	517
Total foreign-born.....			12	31	45	200	90	413	80	447	44	256	85	501	356	1,848
Grand total.....			12	31	55	243	105	462	112	579	80	394	137	726	501	2,435

TABLE 32.—Persons per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Persons.			Persons per room.				
		Total number.	Average per household.	Average per room.	Less than 1.	1 and under 2.	2 and under 3.	3 and under 4.	4 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	351	4.03	0.64	74	13			
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
German.....	19	60	3.16	.53	17	1	1		
Polish.....	39	176	4.51	.87	23	15	1		
Total.....	58	236	4.07	.75	40	16	2		
Total native-born.....	145	587	4.05	.68	114	29	2		
Foreign-born:									
Flemish.....	30	138	4.60	1.03	12	17	1		
German.....	50	223	4.46	.68	36	14			
Hebrew.....	21	96	4.57	.93	11	9	1		
Lithuanian.....	16	84	5.25	1.02	8	7	1		
Magyar.....	72	448	6.22	1.42	14	37	19	2	
Polish.....	57	342	6.00	1.23	20	22	15		
Swedish.....	110	517	4.70	.85	68	41	1		
Total foreign-born.....	356	1,848	5.19	1.00	169	147	38	2	
Grand total.....	501	2,435	4.86	.90	283	176	40	2	

TABLE 33.—Persons per sleeping room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Persons.			Persons per sleeping room.					
		Total number.	Average per household.	Average per sleeping room.	Less than 2.	2 and under 3.	3 and under 4.	4 and under 5.	5 and under 6.	6 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	351	4.03	1.81	39	35	9	3	1	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
German.....	19	60	3.16	1.67	11	4	4	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	39	176	4.51	2.75	4	14	12	5	2	2
Total.....	58	236	4.07	2.36	15	18	16	5	2	2
Total native-born.....	145	587	4.05	2.00	54	53	25	8	3	2
Foreign-born:										
Flemish.....	30	138	4.60	2.16	8	14	6	2	.....	.....
German.....	50	223	4.46	1.86	25	17	6	2	.....	.....
Hebrew.....	21	96	4.57	2.34	3	14	2	2	.....	.....
Lithuanian.....	16	84	5.25	2.15	6	4	4	2	.....	.....
Magyar.....	72	448	6.22	2.89	9	19	24	13	6	1
Polish.....	57	342	6.00	3.23	9	13	7	11	10	7
Swedish.....	110	517	4.70	1.87	46	45	12	4	3	.....
Total foreign-born.....	356	1,848	5.19	2.30	106	126	61	36	19	8
Grand total.....	501	2,435	4.86	2.22	160	179	86	44	22	10

TABLE 34.—Number of households regularly sleeping in all except each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Number of households sleeping in all rooms.	Number of households sleeping in all rooms except—			
			1.	2.	3.	4 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	.....	1	5	24	57
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
German.....	19	.....	1	1	6	11
Polish.....	39	.....	.....	6	17	16
Total.....	58	.....	1	7	23	27
Total native-born.....	145	.....	2	12	47	84
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	30	.....	6	11	10	3
German.....	50	.....	1	9	10	30
Hebrew.....	21	.....	1	8	6	6
Lithuanian.....	16	.....	1	5	8	2
Magyar.....	72	3	21	26	9	13
Polish.....	57	.....	3	16	25	13
Swedish.....	110	.....	2	25	60	23
Total foreign-born.....	356	3	35	100	128	90
Grand total.....	501	3	37	112	175	174

TABLE 35.—*Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	5,077	5,057	5,052
Negro.....	217	201	201
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Australia.....	2	2	2
Austria-Hungary.....	155	152	152
Belgium.....	26	26	26
Canada.....	183	183	183
Denmark.....	42	42	42
England.....	316	314	314
France.....	45	45	45
Germany.....	2,450	2,447	2,443
Greece.....	3	3	2
Ireland.....	781	781	776
Italy.....	13	13	13
Netherlands.....	43	43	43
Norway.....	70	70	70
Russia.....	221	220	220
Scotland.....	117	117	117
Spain.....	4	4	4
Sweden.....	427	427	426
Switzerland.....	44	44	44
Wales.....	48	48	48
Total.....	4,990	4,981	4,970
Total native-born.....	10,284	10,239	10,223
Foreign-born, by race:			
Albanian.....	2	1	1
Armenian.....	42	38	37
Bohemian and Moravian.....	359	355	353
Bosnian.....	2	1	1
Bulgarian.....	3	2	2
Canadian, French.....	116	109	107
Canadian, Other.....	209	208	208
Croatian.....	170	140	135
Danish.....	219	219	219
Dutch.....	151	149	149
English.....	258	256	256
Finnish.....	15	15	15
Flemish.....	27	22	22
French.....	40	39	38
German.....	2,431	2,395	2,383
Greek.....	315	290	287
Hebrew, Russian.....	62	58	57
Hebrew, Other.....	19	17	17
Irish.....	510	492	488
Italian, North.....	279	244	243
Italian, South.....	312	196	194
Lithuanian.....	740	634	574
Macedonian.....	1	1	.....
Magyar.....	723	699	695
Montenegrin.....	1	1	1
Norwegian.....	180	180	180
Persian.....	6	6	6
Polish.....	4,682	4,121	3,928
Roumanian.....	16	15	15
Russian.....	280	234	218
Ruthenian.....	150	105	104
Scotch.....	103	102	102
Scotch-Irish.....	11	11	11
Servian.....	93	63	60
Slovak.....	285	247	242
Slovenian.....	117	103	101

TABLE 35.—Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

MALE—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.			
Spanish.....	1	1	1
Swedish.....	1,618	1,618	1,612
Syrian.....	10	8	8
Turkish.....	3	3	2
Welsh.....	26	26	26
Austrian (race not specified).....	64	50	50
Belgian (race not specified).....	323	300	291
Swiss (race not specified).....	32	32	32
Total foreign-born.....	15,006	13,806	13,471
Grand total.....	25,290	24,045	23,694

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	85	85	85
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Austria-Hungary.....	20	20	20
Belgium.....	1	1	1
Canada.....	4	4	4
England.....	9	9	9
France.....	1	1	1
Germany.....	237	234	233
Ireland.....	38	38	38
Italy.....	2	2	2
Norway.....	2	2	2
Russia.....	25	24	24
Scotland.....	2	2	2
Sweden.....	5	5	5
Total.....	346	342	341
Total native-born.....	431	427	426
Foreign-born, by race:			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	21	21
Canadian (other than French).....	4	4	4
Croatian.....	6	5	5
Dutch.....	3	3	3
English.....	2	2	2
German.....	69	66	66
Greek.....	7	3	3
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	3	3
Irish.....	8	7	7
Italian, North.....	10	8	8
Italian, South.....	4	4	4
Lithuanian.....	63	57	47
Magyar.....	15	10	10
Polish.....	486	395	342
Russian.....	19	12	12
Ruthenian.....	16	11	9
Servian.....	7	3	3
Slovak.....	10	10	10
Slovenian.....	19	16	15
Swedish.....	2	2	2
Syrian.....	2	1	1
Austrian (race not specified).....	4	4	2
Total foreign-born.....	781	647	579
Grand total.....	1,212	1,074	1,005

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TABLE 35.—Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

TOTAL.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	5,162	5,142	5,137
Negro.....	217	201	201
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Australia.....	2	2	2
Austria-Hungary.....	175	172	172
Belgium.....	27	27	27
Canada.....	187	187	187
Denmark.....	42	42	42
England.....	325	323	323
France.....	46	46	46
Germany.....	2,687	2,681	2,676
Greece.....	3	3	2
Ireland.....	819	819	814
Italy.....	15	15	15
Netherlands.....	43	43	43
Norway.....	72	72	72
Russia.....	246	244	244
Scotland.....	119	119	119
Spain.....	4	4	4
Sweden.....	432	432	431
Switzerland.....	44	44	44
Wales.....	48	48	48
Total.....	5,336	5,323	5,311
Total native-born.....	10,715	10,666	10,649
Foreign-born, by race:			
Albanian.....	2	1	1
Armenian.....	42	38	37
Bohemian and Moravian.....	381	376	374
Bosnian.....	2	1	1
Bulgarian.....	3	2	2
Canadian, French.....	116	109	107
Canadian, Other.....	213	212	212
Croatian.....	176	145	140
Danish.....	219	219	219
Dutch.....	154	152	152
English.....	260	258	258
Finnish.....	15	15	15
Flemish.....	27	22	22
French.....	40	39	38
German.....	2,500	2,461	2,449
Greek.....	322	293	290
Hebrew, Russian.....	65	61	60
Hebrew, Other.....	19	17	17
Irish.....	518	499	495
Italian, North.....	289	252	251
Italian, South.....	316	200	198
Lithuanian.....	803	691	621
Macedonian.....	1	1	1
Magyar.....	738	709	705
Montenegrin.....	1	1	1
Norwegian.....	180	180	180
Persian.....	6	6	6
Polish.....	5,168	4,516	4,270
Roumanian.....	16	15	15
Russian.....	299	246	230
Ruthenian.....	166	116	113
Scotch.....	103	102	102
Scotch-Irish.....	11	11	11
Servian.....	100	66	63
Slovak.....	295	257	252
Slovenian.....	136	119	116

TABLE 35.—Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

TOTAL—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.			
Spanish.....	1	1	1
Swedish.....	1,620	1,620	1,614
Syrian.....	12	9	9
Turkish.....	3	3	2
Welsh.....	26	26	26
Austrian (race not specified).....	68	54	52
Belgian (race not specified).....	323	300	291
Swiss (race not specified).....	32	32	32
Total foreign-born.....	15,787	14,453	14,050
Grand total.....	26,502	25,119	24,699

TABLE 36.—Literacy of persons 10 years of age or over, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Male.			Female.			Total.		
		Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.
Native-born of native father, White.....	273	137	136	136	136	136	135	273	272	271
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
English.....	1				1	1	1	1	1	1
Flemish.....	5	2	2	2	3	3	3	5	5	5
French.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
German.....	124	56	56	56	68	68	68	124	124	124
Irish.....	3	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3
Magyar.....	9	4	4	4	5	5	5	9	9	9
Norwegian.....	1				1	1	1	1	1	1
Polish.....	163	78	77	77	85	84	84	163	161	161
Swedish.....	130	56	56	56	74	74	74	130	130	130
Total.....	438	198	197	197	240	239	239	438	436	436
Total native-born.....	711	335	333	333	376	375	374	711	708	707
Foreign-born:										
Canadian (other than French).....	1				1	1	1	1	1	1
Dutch.....	2				2	2	2	2	2	2
English.....	2				2	2	2	2	2	2
Flemish.....	77	44	40	38	33	28	27	77	68	65
Germany.....	104	54	53	51	50	45	41	104	98	92
Hebrew.....	53	27	25	25	26	19	17	53	44	42
Irish.....	1				1	1	1	1	1	1
Italian North.....	1				1	1	1	1	1	1
Lithuanian.....	36	22	16	15	14	8	7	36	24	22
Magyar.....	220	132	131	130	88	83	82	220	214	212
Polish.....	141	74	69	67	67	64	61	141	133	128
Scotch.....	1				1	1	1	1	1	1
Swedish.....	253	144	143	143	109	109	109	253	252	252
Total foreign-born.....	892	497	477	469	395	364	352	892	841	821
Grand total.....	1,603	832	810	802	771	739	726	1,603	1,549	1,528

TABLE 37.—*Literacy of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over, by sex, years in the United States, and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Years in United States.								
		Under 5.			5 to 9.			10 or over.		
		Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.
Flemish.....	44	28	27	27	7	7	6	9	6	5
German.....	54	4	4	4	6	6	5	44	43	42
Hebrew.....	27	15	15	15	12	10	10			
Lithuanian.....	22	8	8	8	10	5	4	4	3	3
Magyar.....	132	75	74	73	44	44	44	13	13	13
Polish.....	74	12	12	12	11	10	10	51	47	45
Swedish.....	144	12	12	12	26	26	26	106	105	105
Total.....	497	154	152	151	116	108	105	227	217	213

FEMALE.

Canadian (other than French).....	1							1	1	1
Dutch.....	2	1	1	1				1	1	1
English.....	2						2	2	2	2
Flemish.....	33	23	22	21	4	2	2	6	4	4
German.....	50	6	5	5	5	4	3	39	36	33
Hebrew.....	26	23	18	16	2	1	1	1		
Irish.....	1							1	1	1
Italian, North.....	1	1	1	1						
Lithuanian.....	14	8	6	5	5	2	2	1		
Magyar.....	88	49	47	46	25	24	24	14	12	12
Polish.....	67	11	11	11	11	10	10	45	43	40
Scotch.....	1							1	1	1
Swedish.....	109	9	9	9	21	21	21	79	79	79
Total.....	395	131	120	115	73	64	63	191	180	174

TOTAL.

Canadian (other than French).....	1							1	1	1
Dutch.....	2	1	1	1				1	1	1
English.....	2						2	2	2	2
Flemish.....	77	51	49	48	11	9	8	15	10	9
German.....	104	10	9	9	11	10	8	83	79	75
Hebrew.....	53	38	33	31	14	11	11	1		
Irish.....	1							1	1	1
Italian, North.....	1	1	1	1						
Lithuanian.....	36	16	14	13	15	7	6	5	3	3
Magyar.....	220	124	121	119	69	68	68	27	25	25
Polish.....	141	23	23	23	22	20	20	96	90	85
Scotch.....	1							1	1	1
Swedish.....	253	21	21	21	47	47	47	185	184	184
Total.....	892	285	272	266	189	172	168	418	397	387

TABLE 38.—*Literacy of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Age at time of coming to United States.					
		Under 14.			14 or over.		
		Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.
Flemish.....	44	2	2	2	42	38	36
German.....	54	11	11	11	43	42	40
Hebrew.....	27	4	4	4	23	21	21
Lithuanian.....	22	.....	.....	.....	22	16	15
Magyar.....	132	18	18	17	114	113	113
Polish.....	74	18	18	18	56	51	49
Swedish.....	144	22	21	21	122	122	122
Total.....	497	75	74	73	422	403	396

FEMALE.

Canadian (other than French).....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1
Dutch.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2	2	2
English.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Flemish.....	33	6	4	4	27	24	23
German.....	50	13	12	11	37	33	30
Hebrew.....	26	2	2	2	24	17	15
Irish.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1
Italian, North.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1
Lithuanian.....	14	.....	.....	.....	14	8	7
Magyar.....	88	11	11	11	77	72	71
Polish.....	67	18	18	18	49	46	43
Scotch.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1
Swedish.....	109	22	22	22	87	87	87
Total.....	395	73	70	69	322	294	283

TOTAL.

Canadian (other than French).....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1
Dutch.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2	2	2
English.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Flemish.....	77	8	6	6	69	62	59
German.....	104	24	23	22	80	75	70
Hebrew.....	53	6	6	6	47	38	36
Irish.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1
Italian, North.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1
Lithuanian.....	36	.....	.....	.....	36	24	22
Magyar.....	220	29	29	28	191	185	184
Polish.....	141	36	36	36	105	97	92
Scotch.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1
Swedish.....	253	44	43	43	209	209	209
Total.....	892	148	144	142	744	697	679

TABLE 39.—Conjugal condition of employees, by sex, age group, and general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number within each specified age group.																			
		16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.			Total.							
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Total.				
Native-born of native father:																					
White.....	5,111	499	8	507	1,080	829	13	1,922	246	1,804	72	1,622	59	879	122	1,060	1,884	3,020	207	5,111	
Negro.....	218	13		13	28	28		56	17	66	9	92	5	48	4	57	63	142	13	218	
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																					
Australia.....	1	1		1																	1
Austria-Hungary.....	153	52		52	42	28	1	71	2	24		26		4		4	96	56	1	153	
Belgium.....	25	8		8	5	5		13	1	2		3		1		1	17	8		25	
Canada.....	183	20	1	21	32	43	1	76	10	45	4	59	1	22	4	27	63	111	9	183	
Denmark.....	42	15		15	13	6		19	1	6		7		1		1	29	13		42	
England.....	318	25		25	51	34		85	13	112	8	133	2	69	4	75	91	215	12	318	
France.....	46	2		2	8	4		12	3	13	1	17	1	14		15	14	31	1	46	
Germany.....	2,409	378	1	379	699	402	9	1,110	132	560	16	708	23	229	20	272	1,292	1,192	45	2,409	
Greece.....	3	1		1	1	1		2									2	1		3	
Ireland.....	786	56	1	57	136	58	1	195	104	209	15	328	39	152	15	206	335	420	31	786	
Italy.....	15	8		8	5	2		7									13	2		15	
Netherlands.....	43	9		9	13	7		20	3	7	1	11		2		3	25	16	2	43	
Norway.....	70	14		14	18	16		34	4	9		13	1	7	1	9	37	32	1	70	
Russia.....	222	68		68	70	55		123	4	27		31					142	80		222	
Scotland.....	118	8		8	13	19	1	33	12	32	1	45	6	24	2	32	39	75	4	118	
Spain.....	4	1		1	1	1		2				1		1		1	1	3		4	
Sweden.....	434	115		115	147	67	1	215	21	69	7	97	1	6		7	284	142	8	434	
Switzerland.....	44	2		2	10	4		14	3	16		19		7	2	9	15	27	2	44	
Wales.....	50	10		10	11	8		19	4	11		15		4		6	25	23	2	50	
Total.....	5,026	792	3	795	1,278	758	14	2,050	317	1,143	53	1,513	74	543	51	668	2,461	2,447	118	5,026	
Total native-born.....	10,355	1,304	11	1,315	2,386	1,615	27	4,028	580	2,513	134	3,227	138	1,470	177	1,785	4,408	5,609	338	10,355	

Polish.....	4,732	166	2	108	1,026	912	5	1,943	142	1,803	24	1,969	13	604	35	652	1,347	3,321	64	4,732
Roumanian.....	17	1	1	1	4	4	1	8	1	7	8	8	8	1	1	1	6	11	11	17
Russian.....	284	17	17	17	93	54	147	147	13	87	3	103	1	16	17	17	124	157	3	284
Ruthenian.....	150	45	45	45	23	23	66	66	1	31	1	33	1	5	6	6	90	59	1	150
Scottish.....	103	1	1	1	11	11	24	24	6	27	2	35	5	35	44	44	23	73	7	103
Scottish-Irish.....	11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	9	1	11
Servian.....	93	10	10	10	35	21	56	56	4	19	1	24	1	3	3	3	49	43	1	93
Slovak.....	295	30	30	30	78	49	127	127	3	110	2	115	2	23	23	111	182	2	2	295
Slovenian.....	118	9	9	9	38	19	57	57	2	45	1	48	1	4	4	49	68	1	1	118
Spanish.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Svedish.....	1,025	30	30	30	291	101	3	395	182	479	13	674	32	443	51	526	565	1,023	67	1,625
Syrian.....	10	2	2	2	5	5	5	5	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	8	8	10
Turkish.....	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	3
Welsh.....	26	4	4	4	4	2	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	13	14	14	4	21	1	26
Austrian (race not specified).....	65	2	2	2	11	10	21	21	4	25	29	1	11	13	13	18	18	46	1	65
Belgian (race not specified).....	324	15	15	15	91	45	137	137	40	92	134	11	24	3	38	157	161	6	6	324
Swiss (race not specified).....	32	6	6	6	6	3	9	9	5	8	13	1	6	3	10	12	17	3	3	32
Total foreign-born.....	15,120	565	2	567	3,194	2,118	25	5,337	834	4,988	119	5,941	145	2,888	242	3,275	4,738	9,996	386	15,120
Grand total.....	25,475	1,869	13	1,882	5,580	3,733	52	9,365	1,414	7,501	253	9,168	283	4,358	419	5,060	9,146	15,605	724	25,475

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	85	34	1	35	37	2	4	43	4	4	1	2	7	75	4	6	85
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																	
Austria-Hungary.....	21	12	5	12	5	1	2	8	1	1	1	1	1	17	1	3	21
Belgium.....	4	1	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	4
Canada.....	9	2	4	2	4	1	2	4	1	2	3	3	3	6	1	2	9
England.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
France.....	234	93	2	95	124	6	2	132	5	2	7	7	7	222	10	2	234
Germany.....	38	10	2	10	21	1	1	23	3	1	4	4	1	31	2	2	38
Ireland.....	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Italy.....	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Norway.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Russia.....	25	14	9	14	9	1	1	10	1	1	1	1	1	23	2	2	25
Scotland.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Sweden.....	5	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	5	5	5	5
Total.....	344	137	2	139	173	9	5	187	8	4	5	17	1	318	16	10	344
Total native-born.....	429	171	3	174	210	11	9	230	12	5	7	24	1	393	20	16	429

TABLE 39.—Conjugal condition of employees, by sex, age group, and general nativity and race—Continued.
FEMALE—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number within each specified age group.												Total.					
		16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.			Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Total.		
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.						
Foreign-born, by race:																			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	5	1	6	14	2	16										19	3	22
Canadian (other than French).....	4	6		6	3		3						1				3	1	4
Croatian.....	3	6		6	1		1										6		6
Dutch.....	3	1		1	1		2										2	1	3
English.....	2				2		2										2		2
German.....	70	21	1	22	16	19	36	3	7	2	12						40	27	70
Greek.....	7	3	1	4	1	2	3										4	3	7
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	1		1	2		2										3		3
Irish.....	8	1		1	4	2	6		1		1						5	3	8
Italian, North.....	11	4	1	5	3	1	5	1			1						8	2	11
Italian, South.....	4	2		2	2		2										2	2	4
Lithuanian.....	69	15		15	48	2	50	2	1	3	3		1				63	5	69
Magyar.....	15	5		5	2	7	10										7	7	15
Polish.....	496	201	10	213	199	54	260	5	13	5	23						405	77	496
Russian.....	23	8		8	9	4	14				1						17	4	23
Ruthenian.....	16	9		9	3	1	5		1	1	2						12	2	16
Serbian.....	7	1		1	3		3		3		3						1	6	7
Slovak.....	10	3		3	4	2	6			1	1						7	2	10
Slovenian.....	19	6		6	7	6	13										13	6	19
Swedish.....	2	1		1	1		1										2		2
Syrian.....	2				1		1				1						2		2
Austrian (race not specified).....	4				2		2		2		2						2	2	4
Total foreign-born.....	803	293	14	309	321	109	442	9	30	11	50						623	154	803
Grand total.....	1,232	464	17	483	531	120	672	21	35	18	74						1,016	174	1,232

TABLE 39.—*Conjugal condition of employees, by sex, age group, and general nativity and race—Continued.*

TOTAL—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number within each specified age group.												Total.				
		16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.			Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Total.	
		Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.					
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.																		
Flemish.....	27	2	7	1	8	3	10	1	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
French.....	40	5	6	2	8	13	13	.....	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German.....	2,514	76	244	242	490	116	733	21	920	38	927	62	1,027	474	1,953	87	2,514	.....
Greek.....	322	23	154	37	193	20	75	.....	95	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hebrew, Russian.....	65	8	18	16	34	1	21	.....	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hebrew, other.....	19	2	3	3	6	.....	8	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Irish.....	518	4	65	19	84	57	132	7	196	19	182	33	234	145	333	40	518	.....
Italian, North.....	292	28	76	57	135	19	80	4	103	1	21	3	25	124	159	9	292	.....
Italian, South.....	315	27	87	63	151	7	88	3	98	1	38	1	39	121	189	5	315	.....
Lithuanian.....	822	25	375	84	459	88	211	7	306	2	29	1	32	490	324	8	822	.....
Macedonian.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Magyar.....	737	46	198	131	332	36	263	9	308	.....	46	5	51	280	440	17	737	.....
Montenegrin.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Norwegian.....	180	9	28	19	48	6	47	3	56	4	59	4	67	47	125	8	180	.....
Persian.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	5,228	367	1,225	966	2,203	147	1,816	29	1,992	13	604	35	652	1,752	3,298	78	5,228	.....
Roumanian.....	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Russian.....	307	25	102	58	161	13	87	4	104	1	16	.....	17	141	161	5	307	.....
Ruthenian.....	166	54	54	24	71	1	32	2	35	1	5	.....	6	102	61	3	166	.....
Scotch.....	103	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scotch-Irish.....	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Servian.....	100	11	35	24	59	4	22	1	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Slovak.....	305	33	82	51	133	3	110	3	116	.....	23	.....	23	118	184	3	305	.....
Slovenian.....	137	15	45	25	70	2	45	1	48	.....	4	.....	4	62	74	1	137	.....
Spanish.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Swedish.....	1,627	31	292	101	396	182	479	13	674	32	443	51	526	537	1,023	67	1,627	.....
Syrian.....	12	2	.....	6	0	.....	3	.....	3	.....	1	.....	1	.....	10	.....	12	.....

TABLE 40.—*Conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number in each specified age group.												Total.						
	16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.			Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.				
	Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.							
Native-born of native father, White.....	13			13	13	25		38	1	36		37		27	2	29	88	2	117
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																			
Flemish.....	1			1	1		1												1
French.....	11			11	12	6	18	1	7			8		7		7	20		44
German.....	1			1										1		1	1		1
Irish.....	1			1															1
Magyar.....	10			10	12	27	39	3	13			16					40		65
Polish.....	19			19	11		11	2				2					32		32
Swedish.....	42			42	36	33	69	6	20			26		8		8	61		145
Total.....	55			55	49	58	107	7	56			63		35	2	37	149	2	262
Total native-born.....	2			2	8	6	14	1	17	1	19	1	19	8	1	9	31	2	44
Foreign-born:																			
Flemish.....					1	2	3	1	13		14		14	34		34	2	49	51
German.....					3	5	8	1	14		14		14	1		1	3	20	23
Hebrew.....					5	6	11	1	8		9		9	2		2	6	16	22
Lithuanian.....					10	22	43	2	57		59		59	10	1	11	34	88	123
Magyar.....					4	6	12	1	24		25		25	25	4	29	11	55	70
Polish.....					13	11	24	10	45		56		56	58	2	60	24	114	141
Swedish.....																			
Total foreign-born.....	17			17	58	57	115	16	178	2	196	2	196	138	8	146	373	10	474
Grand total.....	72			72	107	115	222	23	234	2	259	2	259	173	10	183	522	12	736

TABLE 40.—*Conjugal condition, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual—Continued.*
TOTAL—Continued.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number in each specified age group.															Total.					
	16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.			Total.								
	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Total.		
Native-born of foreign father— Continued.																					
French.....	1			1	17	25	16	1	41	5	15	20	1	1	15	47	46		1	2	
German.....	17						1		1										3	93	
Irish.....																				3	3
Magyar.....	3			3												3			3	3	
Norwegian.....							1		1										1	1	
Polish.....	19	1		20	23	55	3	78	3	20	23					45	76		45	121	
Swedish.....	33			33	29	3	1	33	3	7	11				2	65	12		2	79	
Total.....	75	1		76	78	76	1	155	11	44	1	56			19	164	140		19	306	
Total native-born.....	98	5		103	109	131	1	241	13	104	2	119			67	220	307		67	533	
Foreign-born:																					
Canadian (other than French).....										1										1	
Dutch.....										2										2	
English.....								1		1										2	
Flemish.....	3			3	8	17		25	1	31	1	33			10	12	58		11	72	
German.....					1	10		11	1	27		28			60	1	97		2	100	
Hebrew.....	2			2	4	13		17		25		25			2	3	40		3	47	
Irish.....																				1	
Italian, North.....																				1	
Lithuanian.....				1	5	16		21	1	9		10			4	6	30		4	36	
Magyar.....	16	4		20	22	63		85	2	79		81			16	40	162		18	204	
Polish.....	5			5	8	22	1	31	1	50		51			43	6	115		49	136	
Scotch.....																				1	
Swedish.....	2			2	19	28	1	48	12	75	1	88			105	4	208		110	248	
Total foreign-born.....	28	5		33	67	170	2	239	18	301	2	321			241	16	717		258	851	
Grand total.....	126	10		136	176	301	3	480	31	405	4	440			308	19	328		334	1,384	

TABLE 41.—Location of wives of foreign-born employees, by race of husband.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race of husband.	Number reporting complete data.	Number reporting wife—	
		In United States.	Abroad.
Albanian.....	1		1
Armenian.....	26	17	9
Bohemian and Moravian.....	273	260	13
Bosnian.....	1		1
Bulgarian.....	2	2	
Canadian, French.....	85	85	
Canadian, Other.....	158	156	2
Croatian.....	87	48	39
Danish.....	141	136	5
Dutch.....	98	98	
English.....	195	190	5
Finnish.....	10	9	1
Flemish.....	12	11	1
French.....	28	28	
German.....	1,904	1,867	37
Greek.....	120	46	74
Hebrew, Russian.....	38	27	11
Hebrew, Other.....	14	13	1
Irish.....	327	322	5
Italian, North.....	156	117	39
Italian, South.....	186	139	47
Lithuanian.....	312	235	77
Macedonian.....	1		1
Magyar.....	431	281	150
Montenegrin.....	1	1	
Norwegian.....	124	119	5
Persian.....	5		5
Polish.....	3,243	2,824	419
Roumanian.....	10	7	3
Russian.....	153	82	71
Ruthenian.....	58	19	39
Scotch.....	71	71	
Scotch-Irish.....	9	9	
Servian.....	42	18	24
Slovak.....	176	107	69
Slovenian.....	68	39	29
Swedish.....	1,013	997	16
Syrian.....	8	6	2
Welsh.....	21	21	
Austrian (race not specified).....	46	34	12
Belgian (race not specified).....	161	144	17
Swiss (race not specified).....	17	17	
Total.....	9,832	8,602	1,230

TABLE 42.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

MALE.

Race.	In United States under 5 years.			In United States 5 to 9 years.			In United States 10 years or over.			Total.					
	Number reporting—			Number reporting—			Number reporting—			Number reporting—					
	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.
Albanian.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Armenian.....	38	17	17	12	12	9	8	1	1	38	37	1	1	1	1
Bohemian and Moravian.....	298	56	55	64	60	3	1	1	1	298	290	7	1	1	1
Bosnian.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bulgarian.....	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	2	1	1
Canadian, French.....	113	7	5	1	4	3	3	22	7	113	62	26	7	18	18
Canadian, Other.....	175	21	9	24	11	6	1	35	21	175	55	33	23	64	64
Croatian.....	140	69	65	4	4	2	2	24	24	140	134	6	1	1	1
Danish.....	203	39	37	35	27	1	1	106	19	203	170	28	3	2	2
Dutch.....	142	31	29	29	27	2	2	71	7	142	127	10	5	2	2
English.....	225	36	33	14	11	3	3	133	28	225	177	34	8	6	6
Finnish.....	15	8	8	4	4	1	1	3	1	15	13	1	1	1	1
Flemish.....	25	13	11	6	4	1	1	6	4	25	19	5	1	1	1
French.....	37	10	10	4	3	1	1	19	2	37	32	3	2	2	2
German.....	2,192	203	197	153	147	5	1	1,696	107	2,192	2,040	118	20	14	14
Greek.....	300	194	179	87	77	8	2	13	5	300	269	28	3	3	3
Hebrew, Russian.....	42	29	29	12	12	1	1	1	1	42	42	1	1	1	1
Hebrew, Other.....	13	4	4	6	5	1	1	3	3	13	12	1	1	1	1
Irish.....	478	53	52	33	29	3	3	345	38	478	426	42	5	5	5
Italian, North.....	249	108	97	84	59	20	3	36	16	249	192	46	8	3	3
Italian, South.....	297	137	125	103	77	26	1	45	5	297	247	42	7	1	1
Lithuanian.....	688	359	340	195	180	14	1	122	12	688	642	45	1	1	1
Macedonian.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Magyar.....	590	400	374	141	128	11	2	41	6	590	543	42	5	5	5

TABLE 42.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race.
FEMALE—Continued.

Race.	In United States under 5 years.			In United States 5 to 9 years.			In United States 10 years or over.			Total.								
	Num-ber re-ported com-plete data.	Number reporting—		Num-ber.	Number reporting—		Num-ber.	Number reporting—		Num-ber.	Number reporting—							
		No visits.	1 visit.		2 visits.	3 or more visits.		No visits.	1 visit.		2 visits.	3 or more visits.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.		
Slovenian.....	15	12								15	14	1						
Swedish.....	1	2					1	1		1	1							
Syrian.....	2	2								2	2							
Austrian (race not specified).....	4	2	1				1			4	2	1	1					
Total.....	654	512	480	31	1		86	76	9	1	56	52	3	1	654	608	43	3
TOTAL.																		
Albanian.....	2	1	1				1	1							2	2		
Armenian.....	38	17	17				12	12							38	37		
Bohemian and Moravian.....	312	65	62	3			68	64	3			179	176	3	312	302	9	1
Bosnian.....	1	1	1												1	1		
Bulgarian.....	3	1	1				1	1							3	1	2	
Canadian, French.....	113	7	5	1			8	4	3			98	53	22	113	62	26	7
Canadian, Other.....	175	21	9	5	4		24	11	7	6		130	85	21	175	55	33	23
Croatian.....	145	73	68	5			47	45	2			25	25		145	138	7	
Danish.....	203	39	37	2			35	27	8			129	106	19	203	170	28	3
Dutch.....	145	32	30	1	1		30	28	2			83	72	7	145	130	10	5
English.....	227	38	35	3			14	11	3			175	133	28	227	179	34	8
Finnish.....	15	8	8				4	4				6	4	1	15	13	1	
Finnish.....	25	13	11	2			6	4	1			3	4	2	25	19	5	1
French.....	37	10	10				4	3	1			23	19	2	37	32	3	
German.....	2,251	204	223	11			160	153	6			1,857	1,716	108	2,251	2,092	125	20
Greek.....	306	200	184	16			87	77	8	2		19	13	5	306	274	29	3
Hebrew, Russian.....	44	30	30				13	13				1	1		44	44		

Hebrew, Other.....	13	4	4	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	1	1	13	42	1	5	5	
Irish.....	483	55	54	1	34	30	3	394	347	38	5	4	483	431	42	5	5	5	
Italian, North.....	260	116	104	11	86	61	20	58	37	16	4	1	260	202	47	8	3	3	
Italian, South.....	301	139	127	11	105	79	26	57	45	5	6	1	301	251	42	7	1	1	
Lithuanian.....	733	398	378	20	199	184	14	136	124	12			733	686	46	1			
Macedonian.....	604	410	384	1	144	131	11	50	41	6	3		604	556	42	6			
Magyar.....	1							1	1				1	1					
Montenegrin.....	166	28	27	1	30	26	3	108	84	19	5		166	137	23	6			
Norwegian.....	6	6	6										6	6					
Persian.....	4,554	1,859	1,753	98	1,094	1,004	82	3,001	1,485	99	13	4	4,554	4,242	279	25	8	8	
Polish.....	15	11	11		4	4							15	15					
Roumanian.....	273	190	182	7	52	47	4	31	27	2	2		273	256	13	3	1	1	
Russian.....	116	94	91	3	114	13	1	8	6	2			116	110	6				
Ruthenian.....	95	15	14	1	11	8	2	1	69	46	17	2	4	95	68	20	2	5	
Scotch.....	9							9	5	1	2	1	9	5	1	2	1	1	
Scotch-Irish.....	99	92	91		7	4	3						99	95	3	1			
Servian.....	268	178	162	14	59	46	12	31	23	6	1	1	268	231	32	3	2	2	
Slovak.....	118	70	64	6	35	28	5	13	12	1			118	104	12	2			
Slovenian.....	1							1	1				1	1					
Spanish.....	1,537	189	182	7	244	206	37	1,104	939	137	26	2	1,537	1,327	181	27	2	2	
Swedish.....	12	9	9					3	3				12	12					
Syrian.....	3	2	2		2	1	1	17	12	2	3		3	16	2				
Turkish.....	64	34	32	2	12	10	1	18	14	3			64	56	6	1	1	1	
Welsh.....	304	173	163	9	67	51	16	64	48	13	3	1	304	262	38	4			
Austrian (race not specified).....	31	9	7		3	2		1	17	2			31	26	4				
Belgian (race not specified).....																			
Swiss (race not specified).....																			
Total.....	14,132	4,873	4,579	269	6,726	2,400	285	23	18	6,533	5,082	601	137	113	14,132	12,661	1,155	179	137

TABLE 43.—Number of persons within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number within each specified age group.							Total.
	Under 6.	6 to 13.	14 and 15.	16 to 19.	20 to 29.	30 to 44.	45 or over.	
Native-born of native father, White.....	27	23	8	11	32	38	29	168
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:								
German.....	1	4	.....	1	9	6	7	28
Polish.....	31	12	1	2	27	13	1	87
Total.....	32	16	1	3	36	19	8	115
Total native-born.....	59	39	9	14	68	57	37	283
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	13	3	1	2	15	19	9	62
German.....	11	17	6	11	15	15	34	109
Hebrew.....	12	14	.....	.....	8	14	1	49
Lithuanian.....	8	.....	.....	.....	11	9	2	30
Magyar.....	38	19	8	11	43	59	11	189
Polish.....	35	27	5	14	24	28	28	161
Swedish.....	33	31	10	20	38	58	61	251
Total foreign-born.....	150	111	30	58	154	202	146	851
Grand total....	209	150	39	72	222	259	183	1,134

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	29	24	4	13	53	29	21	173
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:								
German.....	5	4	1	.....	8	8	6	32
Polish.....	28	15	2	.....	28	11	1	85
Total.....	33	19	3	.....	36	19	7	117
Total native-born.....	62	43	7	13	89	48	28	290
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	10	14	1	3	11	16	3	58
German.....	10	19	4	7	18	19	29	106
Hebrew.....	11	9	.....	2	9	11	2	44
Lithuanian.....	9	.....	.....	1	11	2	2	25
Magyar.....	42	17	3	12	42	22	7	145
Polish.....	43	37	11	11	29	21	20	172
Swedish.....	18	38	8	15	49	42	54	224
Total foreign-born.....	143	134	27	51	169	133	117	774
Grand total....	205	177	34	64	258	181	145	1,064

TABLE 43.—Number of persons within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race of head of household—Continued.

TOTAL.

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number within each specified age group.							Total.
	Under 6.	6 to 13.	14 and 15.	16 to 19.	20 to 29.	30 to 44.	45 or over.	
Native-born of native father, White.....	56	47	12	24	85	67	50	341
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:								
German.....	6	8	1	1	17	14	13	60
Polish.....	59	27	3	2	55	24	2	172
Total.....	65	35	4	3	72	38	15	232
Total native-born.....	121	82	16	27	157	105	65	573
Foreign-born:								
Flemish.....	23	17	2	5	26	35	12	120
German.....	21	36	10	18	33	34	63	215
Hebrew.....	23	23	.....	2	17	25	3	93
Lithuanian.....	17	.....	.....	1	22	11	4	55
Magyar.....	80	36	11	23	85	81	18	334
Polish.....	78	64	16	25	53	49	48	333
Swedish.....	51	69	18	35	87	100	115	475
Total foreign-born.....	293	245	57	109	323	335	263	1,625
Grand total....	414	327	73	136	480	440	328	2,198

TABLE 44.—Number of employees of each age or within each specified age group, by sex and general nativity and race.

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.													
		14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.	65 or over.	
Native-born of native father:															
White.....	5,125	2	7	83	103	140	181	1,014	910	635	989	649	330	82	
Negro.....	218												18	5	
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:															
Australia.....	2	1			1										
Austria-Hungary.....	157	2	10	16	12	14	43	28	18		8	4			
Belgium.....	26	1	4	3	1	1	7	6			3				
Canada.....	183	3	3	4	3	11	98	38	31		28	18		2	
Denmark.....	42		5	3	5	2	13	6	7						
England.....	321	2	1	2	5	12	6	42	43	37	96	55	16	4	
France.....	46							7	5		12	11	4		
Germany.....	2,479	1	6	47	92	103	138	632	459	338	371	210	58	4	
Greece.....	3				1				2						
Ireland.....	794	6	11	16	18	12	90	107	118		210	167	37	2	
Italy.....	15			3	4	1	6		1						
Netherlands.....	43				1	5	3	10	10	6	5	2	1		
Norway.....	70			2	5	4	3	19	15	6	7	7	2		
Russia.....	225		3	10	20	21	17	80	43	18	13				
Scotland.....	118				2	4	2	11	22	17	28	23	7	2	
Spain.....	4							1	1		1				
Sweden.....	437	1	2	22	28	30	35	128	87	52	45	7			
Switzerland.....	44			1			1	8	6	4	15	8	1		
Wales.....	52	2		2	1	4	3	12	7		8	5			
Total.....	5,061	8	22	122	202	225	247	1,167	886	665	849	520	134	14	
Total native-born.....	10,404	10	29	205	308	369	434	2,203	1,830	1,331	1,899	1,203	482	101	
Foreign-born, by race:															
Albanian.....	2							5	16	9	1				
Armenian.....	42							8	75	70	98	04	10	2	
Bohemian and Moravian.....	363		1		1	4	3	35	1						
Bosnian.....	2							1							
Bulgarian.....	3								1	1	2				

Canadian, French.....	117	2	13	19	21	25	24	7	4
Canadian, Other.....	211	1	21	30	25	60	54	18	2
Croatian.....	175	3	51	54	22	34	10	1	2
Danish.....	219	4	29	46	23	53	41	18	2
Dutch.....	152	1	21	21	18	43	27	12	2
English.....	290	1	21	30	37	60	63	40	7
Finnish.....	15	1	1	6	2	4	1	1	2
Flemish.....	27	2	5	3	6	8	1	5	71
French.....	40	1	2	6	4	9	9	2	71
German.....	2,448	10	140	315	273	635	664	292	71
Greek.....	316	3	103	88	52	43	8	2	2
Hebrew, Russian.....	62	4	16	16	8	14	1	2	1
Hebrew, Other.....	19	1	2	2	3	5	1	2	1
Irish.....	512	3	27	52	54	142	145	67	22
Italian, North.....	281	3	77	53	45	57	23	2	3
Italian, South.....	312	5	81	69	38	60	30	6	3
Lithuanian.....	754	1	172	238	149	154	30	1	1
Macedonian.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Magyar.....	726	3	146	176	127	181	48	3	3
Montenegrin.....	1	2	22	26	17	39	45	18	4
Norwegian.....	180	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	4
Persian.....	6	63	851	1,101	845	1,128	533	115	9
Polish.....	4,750	17	81	4	4	5	5	5	5
Roumanian.....	17	1	4	4	3	3	3	3	3
Russian.....	284	1	9	86	47	56	16	1	1
Ruthenian.....	150	5	31	31	18	15	5	1	1
Scotch.....	103	20	11	13	18	17	22	19	3
Scotch-Irish.....	11	1	1	1	1	4	5	1	1
Servian.....	93	2	32	24	10	14	3	3	3
Slovak.....	295	6	76	51	41	74	21	2	2
Slovenian.....	119	3	35	23	18	30	4	4	4
Spanish.....	1	9	171	224	198	477	343	133	50
Swedish.....	1,626	1	14	24	3	1	1	1	1
Syrian.....	10	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Turkish.....	3	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
Welsh.....	26	13	6	6	12	17	8	3	3
Austrian (race not specified)	65	2	8	13	12	17	13	3	3
Belgian (race not specified)	325	5	41	96	78	78	32	4	2
Swiss (race not specified)	32	8	1	8	7	6	6	4	2
Total foreign-born.....	15,156	3	208	3,033	2,282	3,666	2,304	787	189
Grand total.....	25,560	13	33	677	4,863	3,613	3,507	1,289	290

TABLE 44.—Number of employees of each age or within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

FEMALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.									
		16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.
Native-born of native father, White.....	85	2	5	13	15	30	13	4	3		
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:											
Austria-Hungary.....	21		3	7	2	7	1		1		
Belgium.....	1					1					
Canada.....	4		1			2		1			
England.....	9		1		1	3	1	1	2		
France.....	1				1						
Germany.....	27	3	25	29	38	11	24	4	3		
Ireland.....	38	1	7	7	2	14	9	2	2	1	
Italy.....	2					2					
Norway.....	2				1	1					
Russia.....	25	3	1	5	5	8	2	1			
Scotland.....	2			1							
Sweden.....	5		2			2	1				
Total.....	347	6	33	49	51	151	39	9	8	1	
Total native-born.....	432	8	38	62	66	181	52	13	11	1	
Foreign-born, by race:											
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22		2	1	3	15	1				
Canadian (other than French).....	4					2	1		1		
Croatian.....	6		1	3	2						
Dutch.....	3					2					
English.....	2					2					
German.....	70	1	3	6	12	21	15	9	3		
Greek.....	7			4		2	1				
Hebrew, Russian.....	3			1							
Irish.....	8				1	5	1		1		
Italian, North.....	11										
Italian, South.....	4		2	2	1	4	1	1			
Lithuanian.....	09		1	3	10	39	11	3		1	
Magyar.....	15			3	2	6	4				
Polish.....	496	1	16	95	101	216	44	15	8		

Canadian, French.....	117	2	.....	2	.....	19	21	25	24	7	4
Canadian, Other.....	215	1	.....	5	.....	31	60	25	55	18	2
Croatian.....	181	3	.....	4	.....	51	22	34	10	1	.....
Danish.....	219	1	.....	5	.....	40	23	53	41	18	2
Dutch.....	155	1	.....	3	.....	23	18	43	27	12	2
English.....	262	1	.....	1	.....	30	37	60	63	40	7
Finnish.....	15	1	.....	.....	.....	6	2	4	1	.....	.....
Flemish.....	27	2	.....	.....	.....	3	6	8	1	.....	.....
French.....	40	1	.....	2	.....	6	4	9	9	5	2
German.....	2,518	13	30	29	161	330	282	638	664	292	71
Greek.....	323	3	11	10	105	89	52	43	8	2	.....
Hebrew, Russian.....	65	5	3	.....	.....	16	8	14	1	.....	.....
Hebrew, Other.....	19	1	1	.....	.....	2	4	3	2	2	1
Irish.....	520	1	1	4	.....	53	54	143	145	67	22
Italian, North.....	292	6	10	10	81	54	46	57	23	2	.....
Italian, South.....	316	2	6	8	11	83	69	60	30	6	3
Lithuanian.....	823	1	2	7	15	249	152	154	30	2	.....
Macedonian.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Magyar.....	741	1	3	5	7	13	21	180	181	48	3
Montenegrin.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Norwegian.....	180	2	2	5	.....	26	17	39	45	18	4
Persian.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	5,246	8	33	158	182	1,067	860	1,136	533	115	9
Roumanian.....	17	.....	.....	1	.....	4	3	5	.....	.....	.....
Russian.....	307	2	12	11	72	89	48	56	16	1	.....
Ruthenian.....	166	1	8	21	24	39	32	15	5	1	.....
Scotch.....	103	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	13	17	22	19	3
Scotch-Irish.....	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	4	5	1	.....
Servian.....	100	2	5	4	34	25	13	14	3	.....	.....
Slovak.....	305	2	7	9	15	52	42	74	21	2	.....
Slovenian.....	138	1	5	9	42	29	18	30	4	.....	.....
Spanish.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Swedish.....	1,628	1	7	9	14	225	198	477	343	133	50
Syrian.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1	2	1	.....	.....
Turkish.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Welsh.....	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	1	6	8	3	3
Austrian (race not specified).....	69	2	.....	.....	.....	9	13	18	13	4	.....
Belgian (race not specified).....	325	2	5	8	41	96	57	78	32	4	2
Swiss (race not specified).....	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	7	6	6	.....	.....
Total foreign-born.....	15,959	3	4	34	118	335	389	2,670	3,680	788	189
Grand total.....	26,795	13	33	247	464	766	889	5,054	5,590	1,270	290

TABLE 45.—Number of families owning home, renting, boarding, etc., by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of families—					
	Owning home.	Renting home.	Boarding.	Lodging.	In other conditions.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	34	52	1			87
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
German.....	10	9				19
Polish.....	21	18			1	40
Total.....	31	27			1	59
Total native-born.....	65	79	1		1	146
Foreign-born:						
Flemish.....	10	20				30
German.....	33	16				49
Hebrew.....		21				21
Lithuanian.....	3	13				16
Magyar.....	30	43	1		2	76
Polish.....	40	17			3	60
Swedish.....	56	57			3	116
Total foreign-born.....	172	187	1		8	368
Grand total.....	237	266	2		9	514

TABLE 46.—General occupation of persons under 16 years of age, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number in each specified age group.															
	Under 6.				6 to 13.				14 and 15.				Total.			
	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	55	4		59	4	34	1	39	1	4	4	9	60	42	5	107
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																
Flemish.....	9	1		10		1		1		1		1	9	3		12
German.....	11			11		15		15		3	2	5	11	18	2	31
Hebrew.....	10	1		11						3			10	1		11
Lithuanian.....	8			8									8			8
Magyar.....	32	1		33	1	7		8		2		2	33	10		43
Polish.....	30			30	9	12		21		2	2	4	39	14	2	55
Swedish.....	30	3		33	2	26		28	2	5	2	9	34	34	2	70
Total.....	130	6		136	12	61		73	2	13	6	21	144	80	6	230
Total native-born.....	185	10		195	16	95	1	112	3	17	10	30	204	122	11	337
Foreign-born:																
Flemish.....	3			3		2		2					3	2		5
German.....						2		2		1		1		3		3
Hebrew.....	1			1		14		14					1	14		15
Magyar.....	5			5	1	10		11	1	2	3	6	7	12	3	22
Polish.....	5			5	2	4		6		1		1	7	5		12
Swedish.....					1	2		3			1	1	1	2	1	4
Total foreign-born.....	14			14	4	34		38	1	4	4	9	19	38	4	61
Grand total.....	199	10		209	20	129	1	150	4	21	14	39	223	160	15	398

TABLE 46.—General occupation of persons under 16 years of age, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual—Continued.

FEMALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number in each specified age group.															
	Under 6.				6 to 13.				14 and 15.				Total.			
	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	59	3	.....	62	6	38	.....	44	.....	5	2	7	65	46	2	113
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																
Flemish.....	6	.....	.....	6	.....	5	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	5	.....	11
German.....	9	1	.....	10	.....	17	.....	17	.....	4	.....	4	9	22	.....	31
Hebrew.....	9	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	9
Lithuanian.....	9	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	9
Magyar.....	37	2	.....	39	4	5	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	41	7	.....	48
Polish.....	40	.....	.....	40	9	23	.....	32	5	2	3	10	54	25	3	82
Swedish.....	16	1	.....	17	3	31	.....	34	1	7	.....	8	20	39	.....	59
Total.....	126	4	.....	130	16	81	.....	97	6	13	3	22	148	98	3	249
Total native-born.....	185	7	.....	192	22	119	.....	141	6	18	5	29	213	144	5	362
Foreign-born:																
Flemish.....	4	.....	.....	4	1	8	.....	9	1	.....	.....	1	6	8	.....	14
German.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2
Hebrew.....	1	1	.....	2	1	8	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	9	.....	11
Magyar.....	3	.....	.....	3	3	5	.....	8	3	.....	.....	3	9	5	.....	14
Polish.....	3	.....	.....	3	3	2	.....	5	1	.....	.....	1	7	2	.....	9
Swedish.....	1	.....	.....	1	1	2	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	.....	4
Total foreign-born.....	12	1	.....	13	9	27	.....	36	5	.....	.....	5	26	28	.....	54
Grand total.....	197	8	.....	205	31	146	.....	177	11	18	5	34	239	172	5	416

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father, White.....	114	7	.....	121	10	72	1	83	1	9	6	16	125	88	7	220
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																
Flemish.....	15	1	.....	16	.....	6	.....	6	.....	1	.....	1	15	8	.....	23
German.....	20	1	.....	21	.....	32	.....	32	.....	7	2	9	20	40	2	62
Hebrew.....	19	1	.....	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19	1	.....	20
Lithuanian.....	17	.....	.....	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17	.....	.....	17
Magyar.....	69	3	.....	72	5	12	.....	17	.....	2	.....	2	74	17	.....	91
Polish.....	70	.....	.....	70	18	35	.....	53	5	4	5	14	93	39	5	137
Swedish.....	46	4	.....	50	5	57	.....	62	3	12	2	17	54	73	2	129
Total.....	256	10	.....	266	28	142	.....	170	8	26	9	43	292	178	9	479
Total native-born.....	370	17	.....	387	38	214	1	253	9	35	15	59	417	266	16	699
Foreign-born:																
Flemish.....	7	.....	.....	7	1	10	.....	11	1	.....	.....	1	9	10	.....	19
German.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	4	.....	1	.....	1	.....	5	.....	5
Hebrew.....	2	1	.....	3	1	22	.....	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	23	.....	26
Magyar.....	8	.....	.....	8	4	15	.....	19	4	2	3	9	16	17	3	36
Polish.....	8	.....	.....	8	5	6	.....	11	1	.....	.....	2	14	7	.....	21
Swedish.....	1	.....	.....	1	2	4	.....	6	.....	.....	1	1	3	4	1	8
Total foreign-born.....	26	1	.....	27	13	61	.....	74	6	4	4	14	45	66	4	115
Grand total.....	396	18	.....	414	51	275	1	327	15	39	19	73	462	332	20	814

TABLE 47.—Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race and length of residence.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.			
		Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.
Albanian.....	1	1			1								1
Armenian.....	15	3	4	2	9			6	6	3		8	15
Bohemian and Moravian.....	122	23	15	7	45	4	4	69	77	27	19	76	122
Bulgarian.....	1	1			1					1			1
Canadian, French.....	22	5			5	3	1	13	17	8		13	22
Canadian, Other.....	76	10	1	2	13	13	14	36	63	23	15	38	76
Croatian.....	44	27	4	1	32	3	1	8	12	30	5	9	44
Danish.....	81	7	10	2	19	3	12	47	62	10	22	49	81
Dutch.....	60	9	9	3	21	3	7	29	39	12	16	32	60
English.....	76	3	8	1	12	8	3	53	64	11	11	54	76
Finnish.....	6		2	1	3			3			5	1	6
Flemish.....	9	1	4		5	1	1	2	4	2	5	2	9
French.....	10	1	1	1	3			6	7	1	2	7	10
German.....	982	35	74	14	123	29	113	717	859	64	187	731	982
Greek.....	61	35	13	2	50	2	4	5	11	37	17	7	61
Hebrew, Russian.....	14		13	1	14					13	1	1	14
Hebrew, Other.....	9		5	1	6			3	3		5	4	9
Irish.....	156	11	13	1	25	10	15	106	131	21	28	107	156
Italian, North.....	82	35	13	3	51	9	3	19	31	44	16	22	82
Italian, South.....	106	37	21	7	65	8	10	23	41	45	31	30	106
Lithuanian.....	189	98	22	6	126	21	8	34	63	119	30	40	189
Magyar.....	149	19	89	11	119	3	16	11	30	22	105	22	149
Norwegian.....	70	2	16	1	19	2	6	43	51	4	22	44	70
Polish.....	1,634	549	167	29	745	179	233	477	889	728	400	506	1,634
Roumanian.....	4	2	2		4					2	2		4
Russian.....	46	23	12		35	6	3	2	11	29	15	2	46
Ruthenian.....	13	6	1		7	5		1	6	11	1	1	13
Scotch.....	38	4	3	1	8	1	3	26	30	5	6	27	38
Servian.....	4	3		1	4					3		1	4
Slovak.....	60	27	11	1	39	10	5	6	21	37	16	7	60
Slovenian.....	25	10	8	1	19	2	2	2	6	12	10	3	25
Swedish.....	693	20	95	26	141	17	22	513	552	37	117	539	693
Syrian.....	1							1	1				1
Turkish.....	1	1			1					1			1
Welsh.....	9	1	1		2		1	6	7	1	2	6	9
Austrian (race not specified).....	21	4	3	3	10	1	5	5	11	5	8	8	21
Belgian (race not specified).....	100	16	33	12	61	4	13	22	39	20	46	34	100
Swiss (race not specified).....	4		2		2			2	2		2	2	4
Total.....	4,994	1,028	676	141	1,845	347	509	2,293	3,149	1,375	1,185	2,434	4,994

TABLE 48.—Present political condition of foreign-born males who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual and length of residence.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.			
		Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.
Flemish.....	11	1	3	4	1	4	2	7	2	7	2	11	
German.....	27	2	2	4	23	23	2	25	2	25	2	27	
Hebrew.....	12	10	2	12	10	10	2	12	10	10	2	12	
Lithuanian.....	10	5	1	8	1	1	2	2	6	2	2	10	
Magyar.....	41	3	26	33	2	6	8	3	28	10	10	41	
Polish.....	41	3	9	16	32	32	9	41	4	41	9	41	
Swedish.....	66	3	6	7	1	1	48	50	4	7	55	66	
Total.....	208	14	47	25	86	3	7	112	122	17	54	137	208

TABLE 49.—Ability to speak English of persons 6 years of age or over, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Male.		Female.		Total.	
		Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:							
Flemish.....	10	3	3	7	7	10	10
French.....	2	1	1	1	1	2	2
German.....	134	64	64	70	70	134	134
Magyar.....	22	11	11	11	8	22	19
Norwegian.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Polish.....	188	90	85	98	90	188	175
Swedish.....	158	69	69	89	89	158	158
Total native-born.....	515	238	233	277	266	515	499
Foreign-born:							
Dutch.....	2	2	2	2	1	2	1
Flemish.....	84	46	32	38	20	84	52
German.....	105	54	52	51	44	105	96
Hebrew.....	70	37	34	33	17	70	51
Italian, North.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Lithuanian.....	36	22	10	14	5	36	15
Magyar.....	232	140	49	92	16	232	65
Polish.....	149	77	50	72	20	149	70
Swedish.....	255	145	135	110	98	255	233
Total foreign-born.....	934	521	362	413	221	934	583
Grand total.....	1,449	759	595	690	487	1,449	1,082

TABLE 50.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
		Under 14.		14 or over.	
		Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Flemish.....	46	4	4	42	28
German.....	54	11	11	43	41
Hebrew.....	37	14	14	23	20
Lithuanian.....	22			22	10
Magyar.....	140	26	22	114	27
Polish.....	77	21	18	56	32
Swedish.....	145	23	23	122	112
Total.....	521	99	92	422	270

FEMALE.

Dutch.....	2			2	1
Flemish.....	38	11	10	27	10
German.....	51	14	14	37	30
Hebrew.....	33	9	9	24	8
Italian, North.....	1			1	
Lithuanian.....	14			14	5
Magyar.....	92	15	13	77	3
Polish.....	72	23	16	49	4
Swedish.....	110	23	23	87	75
Total.....	413	95	85	318	136

TOTAL.

Dutch.....	2			2	1
Flemish.....	84	15	14	69	38
German.....	105	25	25	80	71
Hebrew.....	70	23	23	47	28
Italian, North.....	1			1	
Lithuanian.....	36			36	15
Magyar.....	232	41	35	191	30
Polish.....	149	44	34	105	36
Swedish.....	255	46	46	209	187
Total.....	934	194	177	740	406

TABLE 51.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over, by sex, years in the United States, and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Years in United States.					
		Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over.	
		Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Flemish.....	46	30	19	7	5	9	8
German.....	54	4	3	6	5	44	44
Hebrew.....	37	23	22	14	12	4	3
Lithuanian.....	22	8	3	10	4	4	3
Magyar.....	140	80	16	47	24	13	9
Polish.....	77	14	1	12	8	51	41
Swedish.....	145	12	9	27	26	106	100
Total.....	521	171	73	123	84	227	205

FEMALE.

Dutch.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Flemish.....	38	28	12	4	3	6	5
German.....	51	7	3	5	3	39	38
Hebrew.....	33	30	16	2	.....	1	1
Italian, North.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lithuanian.....	14	8	2	5	2	1	1
Magyar.....	92	52	5	26	4	14	7
Polish.....	72	14	.....	13	1	45	19
Swedish.....	110	10	7	21	20	79	71
Total.....	413	151	45	76	33	186	143

TOTAL.

Dutch.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Flemish.....	84	58	31	11	8	15	13
German.....	105	11	6	11	8	83	82
Hebrew.....	70	53	38	16	12	1	1
Italian, North.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lithuanian.....	36	16	5	15	6	5	4
Magyar.....	232	132	21	73	28	27	16
Polish.....	149	28	1	25	9	96	60
Swedish.....	255	22	16	48	46	185	171
Total.....	934	322	118	199	117	413	348

TABLE 52.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
			Under 14.		14 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Albanian.....	2				2	
Armenian.....	42	30	1	1	41	29
Bohemian and Moravian.....	356	250	79	79	277	171
Bosnian.....	2				2	
Bulgarian.....	3	1			3	1
Canadian, French.....	117	117	54	54	63	63
Croatian.....	162	102	4	4	158	98
Danish.....	219	214	25	25	194	189
Dutch.....	150	125	37	37	113	88
Finnish.....	15	13	1	1	14	12
Flemish.....	26	20	3	3	23	17
French.....	40	36	10	10	30	26
German.....	2,431	2,192	727	726	1,704	1,466
Greek.....	311	177	3	3	308	174
Hebrew, Russian.....	62	49			62	49
Hebrew, Other.....	19	15			19	15
Italian, North.....	280	176	20	20	260	156
Italian, South.....	312	182	13	12	299	170
Lithuanian.....	739	400	6	6	733	394
Macedonian.....	1				1	
Magyar.....	721	304	25	24	696	280
Montenegrin.....	1	1	1	1		
Norwegian.....	179	173	22	21	157	152
Persian.....	6	5			6	5
Polish.....	4,662	2,411	432	422	4,230	1,989
Roumanian.....	16	6			16	6
Russian.....	278	109	3	3	275	106
Ruthenian.....	149	31	2		147	31
Servian.....	93	18			93	18
Slovak.....	287	98	4	3	283	95
Slovenian.....	118	81	4	4	114	77
Spanish.....	1	1	1	1		
Swedish.....	1,610	1,545	217	217	1,393	1,328
Syrian.....	10	3			10	3
Turkish.....	3	3			3	3
Austrian (race not specified).....	65	41	5	5	60	36
Belgian (race not specified).....	322	271	25	25	297	246
Swiss (race not specified).....	32	31	11	11	21	20
Total.....	13,842	9,231	1,735	1,718	12,107	7,513

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	10	4	4	18	6
Croatian.....	6	3	1	1	5	2
Dutch.....	3	3	2	2	1	1
German.....	69	35	27	27	42	8
Greek.....	7				7	
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	2			3	2
Italian, North.....	11	2	2	1	9	1
Italian, South.....	4	2	1	1	3	1
Lithuanian.....	67	19	7	7	60	12
Magyar.....	15	3	1	1	14	2

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TABLE 52.—*Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race—Continued.*

FEMALE—Continued.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
			Under 14.		14 or under.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Polish.....	496	67	44	39	452	28
Russian.....	22	4	1	1	21	3
Ruthenian.....	16	3	1		15	3
Servian.....	7				7	
Slovak.....	10	2			10	2
Slovenian.....	19	2	1	1	18	1
Swedish.....	2	2	2	2		
Syrian.....	2				2	
Austrian (race not specified).....	4	1			4	1
Total.....	785	160	94	87	691	73

TOTAL.

Albanian.....	2				2	
Armenian.....	42	30	1	1	41	29
Bohemian and Moravian.....	378	260	83	83	295	177
Bosnian.....	2				2	
Bulgarian.....	3	1			3	1
Canadian, French.....	117	117	54	54	63	63
Croatian.....	168	105	5	5	163	100
Danish.....	219	214	25	25	194	189
Dutch.....	153	128	39	39	114	89
Finnish.....	15	13	1	1	14	12
Flemish.....	26	20	3	3	23	17
French.....	40	36	10	10	30	26
German.....	2,500	2,227	754	753	1,746	1,474
Greek.....	318	177	3	3	315	174
Hebrew, Russian.....	65	51			65	51
Hebrew, Other.....	19	15			19	15
Italian, North.....	291	178	22	21	269	157
Italian, South.....	316	184	14	13	302	171
Lithuanian.....	806	419	13	13	793	406
Macedonian.....	1				1	
Magyar.....	736	307	26	25	710	282
Montenegrin.....	1	1	1	1		
Norwegian.....	179	173	22	21	157	152
Persian.....	6	5			6	5
Polish.....	5,158	2,478	476	461	4,682	2,017
Roumanian.....	16	6			16	6
Russian.....	300	113	4	4	296	109
Ruthenian.....	165	34	3		162	34
Servian.....	100	18			100	18
Slovak.....	297	100	4	3	293	97
Slovenian.....	137	83	5	5	132	78
Spanish.....	1	1	1	1		
Swedish.....	1,612	1,547	219	219	1,393	1,328
Syrian.....	12	3			12	3
Turkish.....	3	3			3	3
Austrian (race not specified).....	69	42	5	5	64	37
Belgian (race not specified).....	322	271	25	25	297	246
Swiss (race not specified).....	32	31	11	11	21	20
Total.....	14,627	9,391	1,829	1,805	12,798	7,586

TABLE 53.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Years in United States.						
			Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over.		
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	
Albanian.....	2		1		1				
Armenian.....	42	30	20	11	12	10	10		9
Bohemian and Moravian.....	356	250	69	20	74	48	213		182
Bosnian.....	2		2						
Bulgarian.....	3	1	1		1	1	1		
Canadian, French.....	117	117	7	7	8	8	102		102
Croatian.....	162	102	80	32	58	47	24		23
Danish.....	219	214	45	42	41	39	133		133
Dutch.....	150	125	38	19	29	25	83		81
Finnish.....	15	13	8	6	4	4	3		3
Flemish.....	26	20	14	9	6	6	6		5
French.....	40	36	10	7	5	5	25		24
German.....	2,431	2,192	229	96	170	135	2,032		1,961
Greek.....	311	177	199	87	91	73	21		17
Hebrew, Russian.....	62	49	42	33	18	14	2		2
Hebrew, Other.....	19	15	9	5	7	7	3		3
Italian, North.....	280	176	119	52	97	68	64		56
Italian, South.....	312	182	142	60	110	71	60		51
Lithuanian.....	739	400	378	131	213	140	148		129
Macedonian.....	1		1						
Magyar.....	721	304	488	152	173	107	60		45
Montenegrin.....	1	1					1		1
Norwegian.....	179	173	31	26	34	34	114		113
Persian.....	6	5	6	5					
Polish.....	4,662	2,411	1,699	360	1,153	518	1,810		1,533
Roumanian.....	16	6	12	4	4	2			
Russian.....	278	109	192	50	54	33	32		26
Ruthenian.....	149	31	126	15	16	10	7		6
Servian.....	93	18	87	14	6	4			
Slovak.....	287	98	195	47	56	23	36		28
Slovenian.....	118	81	64	31	35	32	19		18
Spanish.....	1	1					1		1
Swedish.....	1,610	1,545	205	156	258	253	1,147		1,136
Syrian.....	10	3	7	1			3		2
Turkish.....	3	3	1	1	2	2			
Austrian (race not specified).....	65	41	32	12	11	7	22		22
Belgian (race not specified).....	322	271	181	137	71	68	70		66
Swiss (race not specified).....	32	31	9	8	3	3	20		20
Total.....	13,842	9,231	4,749	1,636	2,821	1,797	6,272		5,798

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	10	13	4	6	3	3		3
Croatian.....	6	3	5	2			1		1
Dutch.....	3	3	1	1	1	1	1		1
German.....	69	35	34	5	7	3	28		27
Greek.....	7		7						
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	2	2	1	1	1			
Italian, North.....	11	2	8		2	1	1		1
Italian, South.....	4	2	2		2	2			
Lithuanian.....	67	19	53	10	8	4	6		5
Magyar.....	15	3	11	1	3	1	1		1

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TABLE 53.—*Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race—Continued.*

FEMALE—Continued.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Years in United States.					
			Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Polish.....	496	67	399	18	61	17	36	32
Russian.....	22	4	18	2	3	1	1	1
Ruthenian.....	16	3	14	3	1	1	1	1
Servian.....	7	2	6	1	1	1	1	1
Slovak.....	10	2	6	3	3	1	1	1
Slovenian.....	19	2	16	3	3	2	2	2
Swedish.....	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Syrian.....	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Austrian (race not specified).....	4	1	3	1	1	1	1	1
Total.....	785	160	600	48	103	37	82	75

TOTAL.

Albanian.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Armenian.....	42	30	20	11	12	10	10	9
Bohemian and Moravian.....	378	260	82	24	80	51	216	185
Bosnian.....	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bulgarian.....	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Canadian, French....	117	117	7	7	8	8	102	102
Croatian.....	168	105	85	34	58	47	25	24
Danish.....	219	214	45	42	41	39	133	133
Dutch.....	153	128	39	20	30	26	84	82
Finnish.....	15	13	8	6	4	4	3	3
Flemish.....	26	20	14	9	6	6	6	5
French.....	40	36	10	7	5	5	25	24
German.....	2,500	2,227	263	101	177	138	2,060	1,988
Greek.....	318	177	206	87	91	73	21	17
Hebrew, Russian.....	65	51	44	34	19	15	2	2
Hebrew, Other.....	19	15	9	5	7	7	3	3
Italian, North.....	291	178	127	52	99	69	65	57
Italian, South.....	316	184	144	60	112	73	60	51
Lithuanian.....	806	419	431	141	221	144	154	134
Macedonian.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Macgyar.....	736	307	499	153	176	108	61	46
Montenegrin.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Norwegian.....	179	173	31	26	34	34	114	113
Persian.....	6	5	6	5	5	5	5	5
Polish.....	5,158	2,478	2,098	378	1,214	535	1,846	1,565
Roumanian.....	16	6	12	4	4	2	2	2
Russian.....	300	113	210	52	57	34	33	27
Ruthenian.....	165	34	140	18	17	10	8	6
Servian.....	100	18	93	14	7	4	4	4
Slovak.....	297	100	201	47	59	24	37	29
Slovenian.....	137	83	80	31	38	34	19	18
Spanish.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swedish.....	1,612	1,547	205	156	258	253	1,149	1,138
Syrian.....	12	3	9	1	1	1	3	2
Turkish.....	3	3	1	1	2	2	2	2
Austrian (race not specified).....	69	42	35	13	12	7	22	22
Belgian (race not specified).....	322	271	181	137	71	68	70	66
Swiss (race not specified).....	32	31	9	8	3	3	20	20
Total.....	14,627	9,391	5,349	1,684	2,924	1,834	6,354	5,873

II.—AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND VEHICLE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY IN THE MIDDLE WEST.

TABLE 54.—Total number of employees for whom information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	3,702	58	3,760
Negro.....	207		207
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Austria-Hungary.....	136	20	156
Belgium.....	26	1	27
Canada.....	68	2	70
Denmark.....	40		40
England.....	174	4	178
France.....	33	1	34
Germany.....	2,241	232	2,473
Greece.....	2		2
Ireland.....	365	22	387
Italy.....	7	1	8
Netherlands.....	43		43
Norway.....	69	2	71
Russia.....	220	23	243
Scotland.....	85	1	86
Spain.....	3		3
Sweden.....	425	5	430
Switzerland.....	33		33
Wales.....	31		31
Total.....	4,001	314	4,315
Total native-born.....	7,910	372	8,282
Foreign-born, by race:			
Albanian.....	2		2
Armenian.....	39		39
Bohemian and Moravian.....	354	22	376
Bosnian.....	2		2
Bulgarian.....	2		2
Canadian, French.....	13		13
Canadian, Other.....	111	3	114
Croatian.....	175	6	181
Danish.....	215		215
Dutch.....	149	3	152
English.....	129		129
Finnish.....	15		15
Flemish.....	27		27
French.....	34		34
German.....	2,258	69	2,327
Greek.....	268		268
Hebrew, Russian.....	54	3	57
Hebrew, Other.....	18		18
Irish.....	233	5	238
Italian, North.....	175	2	177
Italian, South.....	65		65
Lithuanian.....	735	69	804
Macedonian.....	1		1
Magyar.....	715	15	730
Montenegrin.....	1		1
Norwegian.....	179		179
Persian.....	6		6
Polish.....	4,278	359	4,637
Roumanian.....	17		17
Russian.....	226	13	239
Ruthenian.....	9	6	15
Scotch.....	60		60
Scotch-Irish.....	3		3
Servian.....	93	7	100
Slovak.....	212	9	221
Slovenian.....	112	19	131
Swedish.....	1,589	2	1,591
Syrian.....	10	2	12
Turkish.....	3		3

TABLE 54.—Total number of employees for whom information was secured, by sex, and general nativity and race—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.			
Welsh.....	16		16
Austrian (race not specified).....	50	1	51
Belgian (race not specified).....	324		324
Swiss (race not specified).....	29		29
Total foreign-born.....	13,006	615	13,621
Grand total.....	20,916	987	21,903

TABLE 55.—Number of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.									
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.	
Albanian.....	2				1		1				
Armenian.....	39		2	3	6	8	10	3	6	1	
Bohemian and Moravian.....	352	3	3	27	23	13	74	14	61	134	
Bosnian.....	2	1			1						
Bulgarian.....	2					1	1				
Canadian, French.....	13						1		1	11	
Canadian, Other.....	111	5	1	3	3	3	12	11	19	54	
Croatian.....	174	2	9	20	33	28	58	13	8	3	
Danish.....	215	4	4	9	12	15	39	8	41	83	
Dutch.....	148	3	7	8	13	7	28	10	39	33	
English.....	126	3	1	5	3	4	11	5	7	87	
Finnish.....	15	1			6	1	4	1	1	1	
Flemish.....	26	2	1	3	2	6	6	1	3	2	
French.....	34	1		8		1	5	2	2	15	
German.....	2,254	32	21	54	63	43	162	60	365	1,454	
Greek.....	265	6	18	63	60	26	79	9	2	2	
Hebrew, Russian.....	54		10	9	7	11	17				
Hebrew, Other.....	18		1	5	1	2	7		1	1	
Irish.....	233	1	3	4	4	5	15	17	13	171	
Italian, North.....	175		2	16	26	17	66	12	20	16	
Italian, South.....	65			7	7	9	27	8	4	3	
Lithuanian.....	729	24	30	138	95	81	212	76	49	24	
Macedonian.....	1			1							
Magyar.....	714	29	51	206	116	81	170	27	22	12	
Montenegrin.....	1									1	
Norwegian.....	179	5	1	13	6	5	34	5	9	101	
Persian.....	6			2	4						
Polish.....	4,253	121	82	487	453	308	1,049	305	596	852	
Roumanian.....	17	2	2	6	2		5				
Russian.....	223	6	20	72	43	10	49	8	7	8	
Ruthenian.....	9		1	3				3	1	1	
Scotch.....	60			3	3		6	1	7	40	
Scotch-Irish.....	3									3	
Servian.....	93	6	9	38	29	5	6				
Slovak.....	210	9	9	53	46	34	35	10	7	7	
Slovenian.....	112	3	2	27	18	8	34	7	9	4	
Swedish.....	1,583	21	19	51	62	43	248	104	284	751	
Syrian.....	10		1	3		3		3			
Turkish.....	3			1			2				
Welsh.....	16				1		3		1	11	
Austrian (race not specified).....	50		3	6	13	5	9	5	5	4	
Belgian (race not specified).....	323	14	3	73	60	33	71	23	26	20	
Swiss (race not specified).....	29	1		3	3	2	3		3	14	
Total.....	12,947	305	316	1,430	1,225	818	2,559	751	1,619	3,924	

TABLE 55.—Number of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race—Continued.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.								
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22			5	6	2	6	1		2
Canadian (other than French).....	3								2	1
Croatian.....	6		1	4				1		
Dutch.....	3		1				1			
German.....	69	6	3	12	5	9	7	4	18	5
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	1			1		1			
Irish.....	5			1	1		1	2		
Italian, North.....	2						1		1	
Lithuanian.....	67	4	4	17	17	11	8	4	2	
Magyar.....	15	3	3	1	2	2	3	1		
Polish.....	359	62	29	91	73	32	41	5	19	7
Russian.....	13	3	4	2			3		1	
Ruthenian.....	6	2	1	1		1	1			
Servian.....	7			5		1	1			
Slovak.....	9	3		3			2		1	
Slovenian.....	19	4	1	5	2	4	3			
Swedish.....	2							1		1
Syrian.....	2			1		1				
Austrian (race not specified).....	1					1				
Total.....	613	88	47	148	107	64	79	19	45	16

TOTAL.

Albanian.....	2				1		1			
Armenian.....	39		2	3	6	8	10	3	6	1
Bohemian and Moravian.....	374	3	3	32	29	15	80	15	61	136
Bosnian.....	2	1			1					
Bulgarian.....	2					1	1			
Canadian, French.....	13						1		1	11
Canadian, Other.....	114	5	1	3	3	3	12	11	21	55
Croatian.....	180	2	10	24	33	28	58	14	8	3
Danish.....	215	4	4	9	12	15	39	8	41	83
Dutch.....	151	3	8	8	13	7	29	10	40	33
English.....	126	3	1	5	3	4	11	5	7	87
Finnish.....	15	1			6	1	4	1	1	1
Flemish.....	26	2	1	3	2	6	6	1	3	2
French.....	34	1		8		1	5	2	2	15
German.....	2,323	38	24	66	68	52	169	64	383	1,459
Greek.....	265	6	18	63	60	26	79	9	2	2
Hebrew, Russian.....	57	1	10	9	8	11	18			
Hebrew, Other.....	18		1	5	1	2	7		1	1
Irish.....	238	1	3	5	5	5	16	19	13	171
Italian, North.....	177		2	16	26	17	67	12	21	16
Italian, South.....	65			7	7	9	27	8	4	3
Lithuanian.....	796	28	34	155	112	92	220	80	51	24
Macedonian.....	1			1						
Magyar.....	729	32	54	207	118	83	173	28	22	12
Montenegrin.....	1									1
Norwegian.....	179	5	1	13	6	5	34	5	9	101
Persian.....	6			2	4					
Polish.....	4,612	183	111	578	526	340	1,090	310	615	859
Roumanian.....	17	2	2	6	2		5			
Russian.....	236	9	24	74	43	10	52	8	8	8
Ruthenian.....	15	2	2	4		1	1	3	1	1
Scotch.....	60			3	3		6	1	7	40
Scotch-Irish.....	3									3
Servian.....	100	6	9	43	29	6	37			
Slovak.....	219	12	9	56	46	34	7	10	8	7
Slovenian.....	131	7	3	32	20	12	37	7	9	4
Swedish.....	1,585	21	19	51	62	43	248	105	284	752
Syrian.....	12		1	4		4		3		
Turkish.....	3			1			2			
Welsh.....	16				1		3		1	11
Austrian (race not specified).....	51		3	6	13	6	9	5	5	4
Belgian (race not specified).....	323	14	3	73	60	33	71	23	26	20
Swiss (race not specified).....	29	1		3	3	2	3		3	14
Total.....	13,560	393	363	1,578	1,332	882	2,638	770	1,664	3,940

TABLE 56.—Occupation of foreign-born male employees before coming to the United States, by race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who were engaged in—						
		Manufacturing.	Farming or farm labor.	General labor.	Hand trades.	Domestic service.	Trade.	Other occupations.
Albanian.....	2			1		1		
Armenian.....	35		16	1	12		6	
Bohemian and Moravian.....	257	66	61	18	69	1	9	33
Bosnian.....	2		1	1				
Bulgarian.....	2		2					
Canadian, French.....	8	3	1		3		1	
Canadian, Other.....	69	28	11	5	15	1	4	5
Croatian.....	173	11	113	18	21	1	4	5
Danish.....	170	33	59	11	41	1	14	11
Dutch.....	104	7	41	18	19	2	6	11
English.....	82	33	3	7	13	1	6	19
Finnish.....	12	3	1		1	1		6
Flemish.....	24	2	7	9	4			2
French.....	17	7	1	2	3	1		3
German.....	1,416	318	421	118	331	15	41	172
Greek.....	223	4	118	35	30	1	18	17
Hebrew, Russian.....	52	11	2	8	24		6	1
Hebrew, Other.....	16	2	1	6	4		3	
Irish.....	149	12	94	13	7	1	8	14
Italian, North.....	152	10	100	18	14		3	7
Italian, South.....	63	3	19	3	4	1	3	30
Lithuanian.....	698	32	520	47	56	3	6	34
Macedonian.....	1		1					
Magyar.....	654	51	373	71	121	7	14	17
Norwegian.....	133	41	25	7	20	1	2	37
Persian.....	6				6			
Polish.....	3,587	417	2,026	441	399	29	29	246
Roumanian.....	15	4	4		6			1
Russian.....	203	20	127	19	25	1	4	7
Ruthenian.....	9	1	6		1			1
Scotch.....	35	15	5	4	6		1	4
Scotch-Irish.....	1	1						
Servian.....	88	2	69	5	8			4
Slovak.....	198	18	133	18	22		1	6
Slovenian.....	106	5	78	2	13		1	7
Swedish.....	1,260	241	493	99	202	7	27	101
Syrian.....	7	1	3		3			
Turkish.....	2		1	1				
Welsh.....	11	4			1		1	5
Austrian (race not specified).....	42	5	18	1	13	1		4
Belgian (race not specified).....	291	19	155	46	42	4	9	16
Swiss (race not specified).....	19	8	2		4	1		4
Total.....	10,394	1,438	5,111	1,053	1,653	82	227	830

TABLE 57.—Occupation of foreign-born female employees before coming to the United States, by race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	* Number who were engaged in—						
		Manufacturing.	Farming or farm labor.	Domestic service.	Sewing, embroidering, and lace making.	Teaching.	Trade.	Other occupations.
Bohemian and Moravian.....	5		2		1		1	1
Croatian.....	3		3					
Dutch.....	1					1		
German.....	28	3	22	1	1			1
Hebrew, Russian.....	2				1		1	
Italian, North.....	1		1					
Lithuanian.....	43	3	34	3	1			2
Magyar.....	10		6	2	1			1
Polish.....	237	4	189	30	8		1	5
Russian.....	7	1	6					
Ruthenian.....	6		4	2				
Servian.....	7		7					
Slovak.....	8		8					
Slovenian.....	13	1	10	2				
Total.....	371	12	292	40	13	1	3	10

TABLE 58.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.										
			\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$17.50.	\$17.50 and under \$20.	\$20 and under \$22.50.	\$22.50 and under \$25.	\$25 or over.	
Native-born of native father:													
White.....	2,800	\$13.43	1	32	503	812	432	589	286	83	37	25	
Negro.....	186	11.37			67	76	23	16	3	1			
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:													
Austria-Hungary.....	104	13.25		3	14	30	19	28	8	2			
Belgium.....	17	12.29			3	6	2	6					
Canada.....	46	14.25		1	4	12	10	8	7	3	1		
Denmark.....	29	13.54			4	10	6	5	1	2	1		
England.....	138	14.51	1		12	33	19	46	18	5	3	1	
France.....	26	13.10			4	7	6	7	1	1			
Germany.....	1,780	14.09	1	22	217	425	298	558	166	58	17	18	
Greece.....	2	(a)			1			1					
Ireland.....	304	13.88		1	44	76	60	78	27	9	7	2	
Italy.....	4	(a)			1			3					
Netherlands.....	39	12.99			8	10	10	10	1				
Norway.....	57	14.35		1	5	13	9	19	6	4			
Russia.....	148	12.43		6	30	42	29	32	7	2			
Scotland.....	66	15.15			6	16	9	15	13	3	3	1	
Spain.....	2	(a)									2		
Sweden.....	353	13.61		6	46	101	52	91	34	18	4	1	
Switzerland.....	24	14.69			4	5	3	4	6	1			
Wales.....	15	13.43		1	1	3	4	5	1				
Total.....	3,154	13.92	2	41	404	789	536	916	296	110	36	24	
Total native-born.....	6,140	13.62	3	73	974	1,677	991	1,521	585	194	73	49	

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 58.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.									
			\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$17.50.	\$17.50 and under \$20.	\$20 and under \$22.50.	\$22.50 and under \$25.	\$25 or over.
Foreign-born, by race:												
Albanian.....	2	(a)					1	1				
Armenian.....	39	\$13.41			6	9	11	10	3			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	334	13.09			71	94	45	94	23	7		
Bulgarian.....	2	(a)			1			1				
Canadian, French.....	12	14.30			1	3	5	1	1		1	
Canadian, Other.....	89	15.64	1		8	12	17	28	8	7	3	5
Croatian.....	162	11.88			51	51	21	36	2	1		
Danish.....	193	14.50			13	49	35	65	21	7	1	2
Dutch.....	137	13.17			18	57	21	23	16	1	1	
English.....	87	14.60			7	21	18	23	13	2	1	2
Finnish.....	13	12.83			3	5	1	3		1		
Flemish.....	23	11.26			10	9	2	2				
French.....	24	14.89		1	2	6	3	5	6			1
German.....	1,785	14.13		4	209	436	308	562	198	48	18	2
Greek.....	240	11.74		3	75	106	15	25	12	3	1	
Hebrew, Russian.....	17	12.60			5	3	5	2	2			
Hebrew, Other.....	8	(a)			1	3	1	2	1			
Irish.....	204	13.51			38	52	34	58	17	2	2	1
Italian, North.....	165	12.42		3	39	36	39	46	2			
Italian, South.....	62	14.41			11	33	11	5	2			
Lithuanian.....	713	12.32		9	211	216	83	131	32	29	1	1
Macedonian.....	1	(a)			1							
Magyar.....	363	11.49		7	144	107	48	41	15		1	
Montenegrin.....	1	(a)				1						
Norwegian.....	161	15.22			11	27	32	49	28	6	8	
Persian.....	6	(a)				3	3					
Polish.....	3,465	12.50		25	674	1,325	550	691	158	30	12	
Roumanian.....	14	11.98			5	6		1	2			
Russian.....	198	11.34	1		71	80	19	21	5	1		
Ruthenian.....	7	(a)			4	2		1				
Scotch.....	41	14.94			5	7	7	12	6	2	2	
Servian.....	62	10.84			32	16	10	4				
Slovak.....	175	11.14			77	62	14	18	3	1		
Slovenian.....	64	12.48		2	15	14	10	23				
Swedish.....	1,459	14.74			126	367	187	414	252	93	10	10
Syrian.....	5	(a)			2	2		1				
Turkish.....	2	(a)			2							
Welsh.....	11	15.56				2	4	3	1			1
Austrian (race not specified).....	31	13.72			8	5	3	11	4			
Belgian (race not specified).....	283	13.15			50	119	18	54	24	11	7	
Swiss (race not specified).....	24	15.44			1	3	4	11	4	1		
Total foreign-born.....	10,684	13.16	2	54	2,008	3,349	1,585	2,478	861	253	69	25
Grand total.....	16,824	13.33	5	127	2,982	5,026	2,576	3,999	1,446	447	142	74

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 59.—Number of female employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.					
			\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	47	\$7.18	6	19	15	7	.....	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:								
Austria-Hungary.....	16	7.13	2	9	4	1	.....	.....
Belgium.....	1	(a)	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Canada.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
England.....	3	(a)	.....	1	2	.....	.....	.....
France.....	1	(a)	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Germany.....	154	7.26	5	72	74	3	.....	.....
Ireland.....	19	8.11	1	9	5	2	1	1
Italy.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Norway.....	2	(a)	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Russia.....	17	6.59	3	11	3	.....	.....	.....
Scotland.....	1	(a)	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sweden.....	3	(a)	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	219	7.26	11	110	90	6	1	1
Total native-born.....	266	7.25	17	129	105	13	1	1
Foreign-born, by race:								
Bohemian and Moravian.....	20	7.03	.....	14	6	.....	.....	.....
Canadian (other than French).....	3	(a)	.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....
Croatian.....	5	(a)	.....	4	1	.....	.....	.....
Dutch.....	3	(a)	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....
German.....	25	7.31	.....	14	11	.....	.....	.....
Hebrew Russian.....	3	(a)	.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....
Irish.....	4	(a)	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....
Italian, North.....	2	(a)	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lithuanian.....	62	7.04	3	34	22	2	1	.....
Magyar.....	5	(a)	.....	4	1	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	117	7.22	16	54	37	9	.....	1
Russian.....	7	(a)	1	4	2	.....	.....	.....
Slovak.....	2	(a)	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Slovenian.....	5	(a)	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Swedish.....	1	(a)	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Austrian (race not specified).....	1	(a)	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total foreign-born.....	265	7.07	21	146	85	11	1	1
Grand total.....	531	7.16	38	275	190	24	2	2

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

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TABLE 60.—*Number of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.**

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.						
			Under \$2.50	\$2.50 and under 5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 or over.
Native-born of native father:									
White.....	123	\$7.98	2	6	38	58	14	4	1
Negro.....	2	(a)				1	1		
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:									
Austria-Hungary....	16	7.15		1	9	5		1	
Belgium.....	5	(a)			1	2	2		
Canada.....	4	(a)			3			1	
Denmark.....	7	(a)			1	5		1	
England.....	3	(a)			2	1			
France.....	1	(a)			1				
Germany.....	115	8.53		5	31	53	18	4	4
Ireland.....	9	(a)		1	3	5			
Italy.....	2	(a)				1	1		
Netherlands.....	1	(a)				1			
Norway.....	7	(a)		1	2	2	2		
Russia.....	16	7.03		3	8	3	1	1	
Sweden.....	46	7.37		7	21	12	4		2
Wales.....	1	(a)			1				
Total.....	233	8.01		18	83	90	28	8	6
Total native-born..	358	8.01	2	24	121	149	43	12	7
Foreign-born, by race:									
Bohemian and Moravian.....	2	(a)			1	1			
Danish.....	1	(a)				1			
Dutch.....	1	(a)				1			
Finnish.....	1	(a)			1				
Flemish.....	2	(a)				1			
French.....	1	(a)			1				
German.....	9	(a)		1	5	2	1		
Greek.....	3	(a)			2	1			
Hebrew (other than Russian).....	1	(a)			1				
Italian, North.....	5	(a)			2	3			
Lithuanian.....	1	(a)			1				
Magyar.....	3	(a)			1	2			
Norwegian.....	2	(a)			1			1	
Polish.....	14	7.40			6	7	1		
Swedish.....	7	(a)		1	3	1	1		1
Austrian (race not specified).....	1	(a)			1				
Belgian (race not specified).....	5	(a)			1	2	2		
Total foreign-born..	59	7.61		2	28	22	5	1	1
Grand total.....	417	7.95	2	26	149	171	48	13	8

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

(a) Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 61.—Number of female employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week. ^a		
			\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 or over.
Native-born, of native father, White.....	2	(a)	.....	2	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:					
Austria-Hungary.....	2	(a)	.....	1	1
Germany.....	19	\$6.55	1	12	6
Ireland.....	1	(a)	.....	1	.....
Russia.....	4	(a)	.....	4	.....
Sweden.....	2	(a)	.....	2	.....
Total.....	28	6.62	1	20	7
Total native-born.....	30	6.62	1	22	7
Foreign-born, by race:					
Bohemian and Moravian.....	2	(a)	.....	2	.....
Croatian.....	1	(a)	.....	1	.....
German.....	3	(a)	.....	3	.....
Lithuanian.....	2	(a)	1	1	.....
Polish.....	9	(a)	2	3	4
Slovenian.....	1	(a)	.....	1	.....
Swedish.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	1
Total.....	19	6.49	3	11	5
Grand total.....	49	6.57	4	33	12

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 62.—Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	3,671	3,654	3,651
Negro.....	206	191	191
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Austria-Hungary.....	134	132	132
Belgium.....	26	26	26
Canada.....	68	68	68
Denmark.....	40	40	40
England.....	173	172	172
France.....	32	32	32
Germany.....	2,215	2,214	2,210
Greece.....	2	2	1
Ireland.....	360	360	359
Italy.....	6	6	6
Netherlands.....	43	43	43
Norway.....	69	69	69
Russia.....	216	215	215
Scotland.....	84	84	84

TABLE 62.—Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

MALE—Continued

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father—Con.			
Spain.....	3	3	3
Sweden.....	420	420	419
Switzerland.....	33	33	33
Wales.....	30	30	30
Total.....	3,954	3,949	3,942
Total native-born.....	7,831	7,794	7,784
Foreign-born, by race:			
Albanian.....	2	1	1
Armenian.....	39	35	34
Bohemian and Moravian.....	351	347	345
Bosnian.....	2	1	1
Bulgarian.....	2	2	2
Canadian, French.....	13	11	11
Canadian, Other.....	111	110	110
Croatian.....	170	140	135
Danish.....	215	215	215
Dutch.....	148	146	146
English.....	127	127	127
Finnish.....	15	15	15
Flemish.....	27	22	22
French.....	34	33	33
German.....	2,243	2,209	2,197
Greek.....	267	250	249
Hebrew, Russian.....	54	50	49
Hebrew, Other.....	18	16	16
Irish.....	232	222	221
Italian, North.....	174	160	160
Italian, South.....	65	37	36
Lithuanian.....	721	617	559
Macedonian.....	1	1	.....
Magyar.....	712	690	686
Montenegrin.....	1	1	1
Norwegian.....	179	179	179
Persian.....	6	6	6
Polish.....	4,223	3,737	3,553
Roumanian.....	16	15	15
Russian.....	222	187	175
Ruthenian.....	9	8	8
Scotch.....	60	59	59
Scotch-Irish.....	3	3	3
Servian.....	93	63	60
Slovak.....	205	187	184
Slovenian.....	111	99	97
Swedish.....	1,581	1,581	1,575
Syrian.....	10	8	8
Turkish.....	3	3	2
Welsh.....	16	16	16
Austrian (race not specified).....	49	39	39
Belgian (race not specified).....	322	299	290
Swiss (race not specified).....	29	29	29
Total foreign-born.....	12,881	11,976	11,669
Grand total.....	20,712	19,770	19,453

TABLE 62.—Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

FEMALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Native-born of native father, White.....	58	58	58
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Austria-Hungary.....	19	19	19
Belgium.....	1	1	1
Canada.....	2	2	2
England.....	4	4	4
France.....	1	1	1
Germany.....	232	229	228
Ireland.....	22	22	22
Italy.....	1	1	1
Norway.....	2	2	2
Russia.....	23	23	23
Scotland.....	1	1	1
Sweden.....	5	5	5
Total.....	313	310	309
Total native-born.....	371	368	367
Foreign-born, by race:			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	21	21
Canadian (other than French).....	3	3	3
Croatian.....	6	5	5
Dutch.....	3	3	3
German.....	68	65	65
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	3	3
Irish.....	5	5	5
Italian, North.....	2	2	2
Lithuanian.....	63	57	47
Magyar.....	15	10	10
Polish.....	352	292	245
Russian.....	9	6	6
Ruthenian.....	6	4	3
Servian.....	7	3	3
Slovak.....	9	9	9
Slovenian.....	19	16	15
Swedish.....	2	2	2
Syrian.....	2	1	1
Austrian (race not specified).....	1	1	1
Total foreign-born.....	597	508	449
Grand total.....	968	876	816

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father:			
White.....	3,729	3,712	3,709
Negro.....	206	191	191
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Austria-Hungary.....	153	151	151
Belgium.....	27	27	27
Canada.....	70	70	70
Denmark.....	40	40	40
England.....	177	176	176
France.....	33	33	33
Germany.....	2,447	2,443	2,438
Greece.....	2	2	1
Ireland.....	382	382	381
Italy.....	7	7	7
Netherlands.....	43	43	43
Norway.....	71	71	71
Russia.....	239	238	238
Scotland.....	85	85	85

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TABLE 62.—Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

TOTAL—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father—Con.			
Spain.....	3	3	3
Sweden.....	425	425	424
Switzerland.....	33	33	33
Wales.....	30	30	30
Total.....	4,267	4,259	4,251
Total native-born.....	8,202	8,162	8,151
Foreign-born, by race:			
Albanian.....	2	1	1
Armenian.....	39	35	34
Bohemian and Moravian.....	373	368	366
Bosnian.....	2	1	1
Bulgarian.....	2	2	2
Canadian, French.....	13	11	11
Canadian, Other.....	114	113	113
Croatian.....	176	145	140
Danish.....	215	215	215
Dutch.....	151	149	149
English.....	127	127	127
Finnish.....	15	15	15
Flemish.....	27	22	22
French.....	34	33	33
German.....	2,311	2,274	2,262
Greek.....	267	250	249
Hebrew, Russian.....	57	53	52
Hebrew, Other.....	18	16	16
Irish.....	237	227	22
Italian, North.....	176	162	162
Italian, South.....	65	37	36
Lithuanian.....	784	674	606
Macedonian.....	1	1	.....
Magyar.....	727	700	696
Montenegrin.....	1	1	1
Norwegian.....	179	179	179
Persian.....	6	6	6
Polish.....	4,575	4,029	3,798
Roumanian.....	16	15	15
Russian.....	231	193	181
Ruthenian.....	15	12	11
Scotch.....	60	59	59
Scotch-Irish.....	3	3	3
Servian.....	100	66	63
Slovak.....	214	196	193
Slovenian.....	130	115	112
Swedish.....	1,583	1,583	1,577
Syrian.....	12	9	9
Turkish.....	3	3	2
Welsh.....	16	16	16
Austrian (race not specified).....	50	40	40
Belgian (race not specified).....	322	299	290
Swiss (race not specified).....	29	29	29
Total foreign-born.....	13,478	12,484	12,118
Grand total.....	21,680	20,646	20,269

TABLE 63.—*Conjugal condition of employees, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race—Continued.*
MALE—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number within each specified age group.												Total.		
	16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.					
	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.															
Welsh.....	16				1			5					9		1
Austrian (race not specified).....	50		2	10	5		3	19				1	9		1
Belgian (race not specified).....	323	15	15	91	45	1	137	40	92	2	134	11	23	3	37
Swiss (race not specified).....	29			6	3		5	6			11	1	5		3
Total foreign-born.....	12,977	403	2	2,722	1,790	23	4,535	710	4,366	103	5,179	122	2,535	201	2,858
Grand total.....	20,869	1,453	10	4,463	4,167	45	7,759	1,123	6,235	201	7,559	218	3,541	329	4,088

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	58	23	1	24	25	1	2	28	3	1	2	6				51	3	4
Native-born of foreign father, by coun- try of birth of father:																		
Austria-Hungary.....	20	11		11	5	1	2	8				1				16	1	3
Belgium.....	1				1			1				1				1		
Canada.....	2	1		1	3			3				1				3		1
England.....	4											1						
France.....	1	1		1	1											1		
Germany.....	229	90	2	92	122	6	2	130	5	2		7				217	10	2
Ireland.....	22	7		7	11		1	12	1	1	1	2				19	1	2
Italy.....	1				1			1								1		
Norway.....	2	1		1	1			1								2		
Russia.....	23	13		13	8	1		9		1		1				21	2	23
Scotland.....	1	1		1	1			1								1		
Sweden.....	5	2		2	3			3								5		5
Total.....	311	127	2	129	155	8	5	168	6	3	4	13				288	14	9
Total native-born.....	369	150	3	153	180	9	7	196	9	4	6	19				339	17	13

Foreign-born, by race:	22	5	1	6	14	2	16												19	3	22
Bohemian and Moravian.....	3	6	3	3	3	2	3												6	3	3
Canadian (other than French).....	0	1	1	1	1	1	2												2	1	6
Croatian.....	3	1	1	2	3	7	3												2	1	3
Dutch.....	69	21	1	35	19	1	35												39	27	69
German.....																					
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	1	2	2	2	1	2												3	1	3
Irish.....	5	4	4	5	4	1	5												4	1	5
Italian, North.....	2	2	2	2	2	2	2												2	2	2
Lithuanian.....	69	15	48	50	2	1	50												63	5	69
Lithuanian, North.....	15	5	2	10	7	1	10												7	1	15
Magyar.....																					
Polish.....	359	150	6	189	4	6	189												311	38	359
Russian.....	13	2	7	10	2	1	10												9	2	13
Ruthenian.....	6	1	1	3	1	1	3												2	2	6
Servian.....	7	1	1	3	1	3	3												1	6	7
Slovak.....	9	3	4	5	1	1	5												7	1	9
Slovenian.....	19	6	7	13	6	6	13												13	6	19
Swedish.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1												2	2	2
Syrian.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1												2	2	2
Austrian (race not specified).....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1												1	2	1
Total foreign-born.....	615	218	8	351	7	20	351												494	101	615
Grand total.....	984	368	11	547	16	24	547												833	118	984

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father:	3,753	398	8	1,464	172	935	56	1,163	42	591	87	720	1,437	2,161	155	3,753
White.....	207	12		54	17	62	9	88	5	44	4	53	62	132	13	207
Negro.....																
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																
Austria-Hungary.....	154	49		76	44	29	3	26		3		3	95	55	4	154
Belgium.....	26	8		14	9	17		3		1		1	18	8		26
Canada.....	70	14		24	5	15		19		10		13	27	39	4	70
Denmark.....	40	14		18	14	6		7		1		1	27	13		40
England.....	177	11		49	11	28		77		36		40	47	121	9	177
France.....	34	2		9	5	4		14		8		9	10	23	1	34
Germany.....	2,465	434	3	1,164	706	387	11	637	17	193	17	227	1,339	1,087	39	2,465
Greece.....	2	1		1	1	1		1		1		2	2	2		2
Ireland.....	387	33		90	65	24	1	154	23	79	8	110	109	200	18	387
Italy.....	8	2		6	4	2		8		2		8	6	2		8

TABLE 63.—*Conjugal condition of employees, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race—Continued.*
TOTAL—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Num-ber re-ported com-plete data.	Number within each specified age group.												Total.			
		16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.			Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	To-tal.	
		Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	To-tal.	Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	To-tal.	Sin-gle.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	To-tal.				
Native-born of foreign father, by coun-try of birth of father—Continued.																	
Netherlands.....	43	9	13	7	20	3	7	1	11	2	1	1	3	25	16	2	43
Norway.....	71	15	19	15	34	4	9	1	32	7	1	1	9	39	39	1	71
Russia.....	242	79	77	54	131	4	28	1	162	32	4	18	24	160	82	4	242
Scotland.....	80	3	10	16	27	7	24	1	32	4	18	2	24	94	58	4	86
Spain.....	3		1	1	2		1		1					1	2		3
Sweden.....	429	111	149	67	217	21	66	7	94	1	6		7	282	139	8	429
Switzerland.....	33		7	3	10	3	13		16	5	2	7	10	21	21	2	33
Wales.....	31	5	5	5	10	3	9		12	3	1	3	4	13	17	1	31
Total.....	4,301	790	1,222	663	17,902	233	876	39	1,148	49	372	37	458	2,294	1,914	93	4,301
Total native-born.....	8,261	1,200	11	1,316	29,420	422	1,873	104	2,399	96	1,007	128	1,231	3,793	4,207	261	8,261
Foreign-born, by race:																	
Albanian.....	2		1		1		1		1					1	1		2
Armenian.....	39		11	8	19	3	13		16		4		4	14	25		39
Bohemian and Moravian.....	376	14	66	57	123	9	147	8	164	1	72	1	74	90	277	9	376
Bosnian.....	2		1	1	2		1		2					1	1		2
Bulgarian.....	2													1	1		2
Canadian, French.....	13						4		4		9		9		13		13
Canadian, Other.....	114	1	22	9	32	3	35	1	39	4	35	3	42	30	79	5	114
Croatian.....	180	9	65	36	104	11	45		96		9	2	11	85	90	5	180
Danish.....	214	7	38	33	71	17	55	3	75	4	49	8	61	68	137	11	214
Dutch.....	152	9	26	18	44	11	48		59		36	4	40	46	102	4	152
English.....	129		9	11	21	5	39	1	45	4	54	5	63	18	104	7	129
Finnish.....	15	1	4	3	7		6		6		1		1	5	10		15
Flemish.....	27	2	7	1	8	3	10	1	14		2	1	3	12	13	2	27
French.....	34	5	6	2	8	10	10		10		10	1	11	11	22	1	34
German.....	2,325	74	225	229	458	101	728	20	849	29	860	54	943	429	1,818	78	2,325

Greek.....	267	19	136	23	2	161	18	61	79	8	173	92	2	267
Hebrew, Russian.....	57	7	16	15	31	17	1	17	18	1	24	33	57	
Hebrew, Other.....	18	2	3	3	6	8	8	8	8	2	5	13	18	
Irish.....	238	1	27	5	32	27	62	2	91	89	66	156	238	
Italian, North.....	177	13	44	34	1	79	10	52	3	65	114	104	177	
Italian, South.....	65	2	17	11	28	2	14	1	17	1	20	42	65	
Lithuanian.....	803	24	368	80	448	85	208	7	300	1	31	316	803	
Macedonian.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Magyar.....	726	45	194	129	3	326	36	259	304	46	275	434	726	
Montenegrin.....	179	9	27	19	1	47	6	47	3	59	46	125	179	
Norwegian.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Persian.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6
Polish.....	4,621	274	1,053	831	11	1,895	121	1,672	26	1,819	35	3,089	4,621	
Romanian.....	17	1	4	4	8	1	7	1	8	.....	6	11	17
Russian.....	239	9	81	49	1	131	11	71	4	86	13	102	239	
Ruthenian.....	15	1	2	2	1	5	5	2	7	1	2	8	15	
Scottish-Irish.....	60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60
Scotch-Irish.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
Servian.....	100	11	35	24	.....	59	4	22	1	27	3	49	100
Slovak.....	221	17	62	38	100	2	82	2	86	18	81	138	221	
Slovenian.....	130	15	42	24	.....	66	2	42	1	45	4	70	130
Swedish.....	1,590	30	279	97	3	379	176	469	13	638	32	517	1,590	
Syrian.....	12	2	6	6	.....	3	3	3	3	.....	2	2	12
Turkish.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
Welsh.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16
Austrian (race not specified).....	51	2	11	5	.....	1	3	19	22	9	10	15	51
Belgian (race not specified).....	323	15	91	45	1	137	40	92	2	134	37	160	323	
Swiss (race not specified).....	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29
Total foreign-born.....	13,592	621	2,991	1,862	33	4,886	717	4,386	112	5,215	201	8,794	13,592	
Grand total.....	21,853	1,821	5,066	3,178	62	8,306	1,139	6,259	216	7,614	329	13,001	21,853	

TABLE 64.—Location of wives of foreign-born employees, by race of husband.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race of husband.	Number reporting complete data.	Number reporting wife—	
		In United States.	Abroad.
Albanian.....	1		1
Armenian.....	25	16	9
Bohemian and Moravian.....	266	253	13
Bosnian.....	1		1
Bulgarian.....	1	1	
Canadian, French.....	13	13	
Canadian, Other.....	79	77	2
Croatian.....	87	48	39
Danish.....	137	132	5
Dutch.....	96	96	
English.....	100	98	2
Finnish.....	10	9	1
Flemish.....	12	11	1
French.....	22	22	
German.....	1,770	1,735	35
Greek.....	92	29	63
Hebrew, Russian.....	33	23	10
Hebrew, Other.....	13	12	1
Irish.....	154	150	4
Italian, North.....	103	85	18
Italian, South.....	41	26	15
Lithuanian.....	304	229	75
Macedonian.....	1		1
Magyar.....	425	278	147
Montenegrin.....	1	1	
Norwegian.....	124	119	5
Persian.....	5		5
Polish.....	2,975	2,637	338
Roumanian.....	10	7	3
Russian.....	126	67	59
Ruthenian.....	5	3	2
Scotch.....	39	39	
Scotch-Irish.....	3	3	
Servian.....	42	18	24
Slovak.....	131	83	48
Slovenian.....	64	39	25
Swedish.....	997	982	15
Syrian.....	8	6	2
Welsh.....	15	15	
Austrian (race not specified).....	33	21	12
Belgian (race not specified).....	160	143	17
Swiss (race not specified).....	14	14	
Total.....	8,538	7,540	998

TABLE 65.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

M.A.L.P.

Race.	In United States under 5 years.				In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.			
	Number reporting—				Number reporting—				Number reporting—				Number reporting—			
	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.
Albanian.....	1	1			1	1			9	8			2	2		
Armenian.....	16	10			10	10			172	169			35	34		
Bohemian and Moravian.....	290	56	1		62	58	3		1	1			290	7	1	
Bosnian.....	1	1			1	1			1	1			1	1		
Bulgarian.....	2	1			1	1			2	1			2	1		
Canadian, French.....	11	14	6	5	1	2			10	5	2	3	11	6	2	3
Canadian, Other.....	97	14	7	4	7	4	1		71	22	12	14	97	35	21	15
Croatian.....	140	69	65	4	47	45	2		24	24			140	134	6	
Danish.....	199	38	36	2	33	26	7		128	105	19	3	199	167	28	3
Dutch.....	140	31	29	1	28	26	2		81	70	7	4	140	125	10	5
English.....	109	14	14		9	7	2		86	70	13	3	109	91	15	3
Finnish.....	15	8	8		4	4			3	1	1		15	13	1	
Flemish.....	25	13	11		6	4	1		6	4	2		25	19	5	1
French.....	32	10	10		4	3	1		18	16	1		32	29	2	
German.....	2,037	191	186	5	146	140	5		1,700	1,578	98	14	2,037	1,904	108	10
Greek.....	257	170	157	13	75	68	5	2	12	7	4	1	257	232	22	3
Hebrew, Russian.....	37	26	26		11	11			37	37			37	37		
Hebrew, Other.....	12	4	4		16	15	1		2	2			12	11	1	
Irish.....	214	14	14		15	11	3		185	162	18	2	214	187	21	2
Italian, North.....	149	53	49	4	48	44	4		42	24	14	4	149	111	31	6
Italian, South.....	62	23	21		26	20	6		13	5	5	1	62	46	10	5
Lithuanian.....	669	345	329	16	192	179	12	1	132	120	12		669	628	40	1
Macedonian.....	1	1	1		1	1			49	41	6	2	1	1		
Magyar.....	581	393	367	25	139	127	10	2	49	41	6	2	581	535	41	5
Montenegrin.....	1	1	1		1	1			1	1			1	1		
Norwegian.....	165	27	26	1	30	26	3	1	108	84	19	5	165	136	23	6

TABLE 65.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race—Continued.

MALE—Continued.

Race.	In United States under 5 years.					In United States 5 to 9 years.					In United States 10 years or over.					Total.				
	Number reporting complete data.	Number reporting—				Number.	Number reporting—				Number.	Number reporting—				Number.	Number reporting—			
		No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.		No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.		No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.		No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.
Persian.....	6	6				939	866	68	3	2	1,521	1,413	93	11	4	3,745	3,492	228	18	7
Polish.....	3,745	1,213	67	4	1	4	4									15	15	10	2	1
Roumanian.....	15	11				46	42	3	1	1	23	20	2	1		208	195	10	2	1
Russian.....	208	139	5	1							5	4	1		8	7				
Ruthenian.....	8	3																		
Scotch.....	56	6				5	4	1			45	31	10	1	3	56	41	11	1	3
Scotch-Irish.....	1										1				1					
Serbian.....	92	86	85	1		6	3	3			18	14	3		1	92	88	3	1	
Slovak.....	188	137	128	8		33	28	4	1							188	170	15	1	2
Slovenian.....	96	52	47	5		31	26	3	2		13	12	1		96	85	9	2		
Swedish.....	1,503	181	175	6		233	196	36	1		1,089	928	134	25	2	1,503	1,299	176	26	2
Syrian.....	10	7				2	1				3	3			10	10				
TURKISH.....	3	1													3	1				
Welsh.....	16	1				3	2		1		12	9	2	1		16	12	2	2	
Austrian (race not specified).....	47	26	25	1		9	8	1			12	10	2		47	43	4			
Belgian (race not specified).....	303	173	163	9		67	51	16			63	47	13	3	303	261	38	4		
Swiss (race not specified).....	28	9	7			3	2				16	14	2		28	23	4		1	
Total.....	11,608	3,642	3,442	186	4	2,293	2,051	216	19	7	5,673	5,023	497	100	53	11,608	10,516	899	129	64

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	14	9	7	2		4	4				1	1			14	12	2		
Croatian.....	5	4	3	1							1	1			5	4	1		
Dutch.....	3	1	1			1	1				1	1			3	3			

German.....	59	2	31	26	5	7	6	1	21	20	1	59	52	7
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
Irish.....	4	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	4	1
Italian, North.....	45	39	38	38	1	4	4	4	2	2	2	45	44	1
Lithuanian.....	13	10	10	10	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	14	13	1
Magyar.....	278	230	222	222	8	31	27	4	17	16	1	278	265	13
Polish.....	11	9	9	9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	11	1
Russian.....	6	5	5	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	6	1
Ruthenian.....	7	6	6	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	7	1
Servian.....	8	5	5	5	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	8	7	1
Slovak.....	15	12	12	12	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	15	14	1
Slovenian.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swedish.....	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	1
Syrian.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Austrian (race not specified).....	477	367	350	350	17	61	55	6	49	45	3	477	450	26
Total.....	477	367	350	350	17	61	55	6	49	45	3	477	450	26

TOTAL.

Albanian.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9	8	1	2	2	1
Armenian.....	35	16	16	16	5	10	10	10	173	170	3	35	34	1
Bohemian and Moravian.....	304	65	62	62	3	66	62	3	1	1	1	304	294	9
Bosnian.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bulgarian.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
Canadian, French.....	11	14	6	6	1	1	1	1	10	5	2	11	6	2
Canadian, Other.....	97	73	68	68	2	12	7	4	1	22	12	97	35	21
Croatian.....	145	73	68	68	5	47	45	2	25	25	7	145	138	7
Danish.....	199	38	36	36	2	33	26	7	128	105	19	199	167	3
Dutch.....	143	32	30	30	1	29	27	2	82	71	7	143	128	10
English.....	109	14	14	14	7	9	7	2	86	70	13	109	91	15
Finnish.....	15	8	8	8	4	4	4	4	3	1	1	15	13	1
Flemish.....	25	13	11	11	2	6	4	1	6	4	2	25	19	5
French.....	32	10	10	10	3	4	3	1	18	16	1	32	29	2
German.....	2,096	222	212	212	10	153	146	6	1,721	1,598	99	2,096	1,956	115
Greek.....	257	170	157	157	13	75	68	5	12	7	4	257	232	22
Hebrew, Russian.....	39	27	27	27	4	12	12	2	2	2	1	39	39	3
Hebrew, Other.....	12	4	4	4	1	5	5	1	2	2	1	12	11	1
Irish.....	218	16	16	16	4	16	12	3	186	163	18	218	191	21
Italian, North.....	151	53	49	49	4	55	39	13	2	14	4	151	113	31
Italian, South.....	62	23	21	21	2	26	20	6	13	5	2	62	46	10

TABLE 65.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race—Continued.

TOTAL—Continued.

Race.	In United States under 5 years.				In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.				
	Number reporting complete data.	Number reporting—			Number.	Number reporting—			Number.	Number reporting—			Number.	Number reporting—			
		No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.		3 or more visits.	No visits.	1 visit.		2 visits.	3 or more visits.	No visits.		1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	
Lithuanian.....	714	367	17	1	196	183	12	1	134	122	12	1	714	672	41	1	
Macedonian.....	1	1	1	1	142	130	10	2	50	41	6	3	595	548	41	6	
Magyar.....	595	377	25	1	30	26	3	1	108	84	19	5	165	136	23	6	
Montenegrin.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Norwegian.....	165	27	1	1	30	26	3	1	108	84	19	5	165	136	23	6	
Persian.....	6	6	6	6	1970	893	72	3	1,538	1,429	94	11	4,023	3,757	241	18	
Polish.....	4,023	1,515	75	4	4	4	3	1	24	21	2	1	15	15	10	2	
Romanian.....	15	11	11	1	47	43	3	1	5	4	1	1	219	206	10	2	
Russian.....	219	148	142	5	1	1	1	1	5	4	1	1	14	13	1	1	
Ruthenian.....	14	8	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	13	1	1	
Scotch.....	56	6	6	6	5	4	1	1	45	31	10	1	56	41	11	1	
Scotch-Irish.....	1	1	1	1	7	4	3	1	1	1	1	1	99	95	3	1	
Serbian.....	99	92	91	1	35	30	4	1	19	14	4	1	196	177	16	1	
Slovak.....	196	142	133	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Slovenian.....	111	64	59	5	34	28	4	2	13	12	1	1	111	99	10	2	
Swedish.....	1,504	181	175	6	233	196	36	1	1,090	929	134	25	2,504	1,300	176	26	
Syrian.....	1,12	9	9	1	2	1	1	1	3	3	1	1	12	12	1	1	
Turkish.....	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	3	3	1	1	3	1	2	1	
Welsh.....	16	1	1	1	3	2	1	1	12	9	2	1	16	12	2	2	
Austrian (race not specified).....	48	27	26	1	9	8	1	1	12	10	2	1	48	44	4	4	
Belgian (race not specified).....	303	173	163	9	67	51	16	3	63	47	13	3	303	261	38	4	
Swiss (race not specified).....	28	9	7	2	3	2	1	1	16	14	2	1	28	23	4	1	
Total.....	12,085	4,009	3,792	203	4	2,354	2,106	222	19	7	5,722	5,008	500	101	53	130	64

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TABLE 66.—Number of employees of each age or within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.													
		14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.	65 or over.	
Native-born of native father:															
White.....	3,702	4	65	74	104	139	753	684	461	698	444	233	43		
Negro.....	207			3	3	6	22	32	31	57	32	16	5		
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:															
Austria-Hungary.....	136	2	6	11	9	12	40	28	18	7	3				
Belgium.....	26	1	4	3	1		7	6		3	1				
Canada.....	68		2	3	2	6	10	14	13	5	7	4	2		
Denmark.....	40		4	3	5	2	12	6	7		1				
England.....	174	1	1	2	8		19	27	19	57	31	7	2		
France.....	33			1			5	4	4	10	7	2			
Germany.....	2,241	3	40	85	94	127	606	428	312	319	174	49	4		
Greece.....	2				1			1							
Ireland.....	365		6	4	10	6	36	42	47	105	85	23	1		
Italy.....	7		1	1			4	1							
Netherlands.....	43			1	5	3	10	10	6	5	2	1			
Norway.....	69		2	5	4	3	19	14	6	7	7	2			
Russia.....	220	1	9	19	21	17	79	43	18	13					
Scotland.....	85				2		10	17	10	22	16	6	2		
Spain.....	3						1	1	1						
Sweden.....	425	1	20	25	30	34	127	87	50	44	7				
Switzerland.....	33						5	5	4	12	6	1			
Wales.....	31		1	1	2	1	5	5	4	8	4				
Total.....	4,001	9	96	164	194	211	995	739	519	617	351	95	11		
Total native-born..	7,910	13	161	241	301	356	1,770	1,455	1,011	1,372	827	344	59		
Foreign-born, by race:															
Albanian.....	2							1		1					
Armenian.....	39						5	14	9	7	4				
Bohemian and Moravian.....	354		1	1	4	3	34	73	70	94	63	9	2		
Bosnian.....	2						1	1							
Bulgarian.....	2									2					
Canadian, French.....	13								2	2	6	2	1		
Canadian, Other.....	111					1	14	15	15	24	28	13	1		
Croatian.....	175					3	51	54	22	34	10	1			
Danish.....	215		1		4	2	28	44	22	53	41	18	2		
Dutch.....	149			1	4	3	21	21	17	42	27	11	2		
English.....	129						8	13	19	26	36	24	3		
Finnish.....	15		1				1	6	2	4	1				
Flemish.....	27			2			5	3	6	8	1		2		
French.....	34		1	1	2	1	2	6	3	7	8	3			
German.....	2,258	1	3	10	23	17	130	294	247	590	621	263	59		
Greek.....	268			3	7	9	88	74	45	34	7	1			
Hebrew, Russian.....	54					3	13	16	7	11	1				
Hebrew, Other.....	18			1	1		2	4	3	5		2			
Irish.....	233					1	7	20	20	71	77	30	7		
Italian, North.....	175		2	3	5	3	48	29	30	35	18	2			
Italian, South.....	65					2	14	14	6	11	13	2	3		
Lithuanian.....	735			1	3	5	169	230	147	150	29	1			
Macedonian.....	1									1					
Magyar.....	715	1	3	5	7	9	144	172	125	179	48	3			
Montenegrin.....	1									1					
Norwegian.....	179			2	2	5	21	26	17	39	45	18	4		
Persian.....	6						1	2	2	1					
Polish.....	4,278		6	13	45	62	741	972	760	1,050	509	111	9		
Roumanian.....	17					1	4	4	3	5					
Russian.....	226				4	3	45	76	38	47	13				
Ruthenian.....	9						2		3	2	1	1			

TABLE 66.—Number of employees of each age or within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

MALE—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.												
		14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.	65 or over.
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.														
Scotch.....	60						5	8	8	12	14	10	3	
Scotch-Irish.....	3										2	1		
Servian.....	93			2	4	4	32	24	10	14	3			
Slovak.....	212		1	2	2	9	57	38	30	55	16	2		
Slovenian.....	112				3	6	34	20	17	28	4			
Swedish.....	1,589		1	6	9	13	163	215	195	464	340	133	50	
Syrian.....	10				2		2	3	1	1	1			
Turkish.....	3							2	1					
Welsh.....	16							1		5	6	2	2	
Austrian (race not specified).....	50			2			6	9	8	14	11			
Belgian (race not specified).....	324		2	5	8		41	96	57	78	31	4	2	
Swiss (race not specified).....	29						1	8	6	5	6	3		
Total foreign-born..	13,006	2	3	24	62	144	175	1,940	2,608	1,973	3,212	2,041	670	152
Grand total.....	20,916	2	16	185	303	445	531	3,710	4,063	2,984	4,584	2,868	1,014	211

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	58			1	2	9	12	21	7	4	2			
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:														
Austria-Hungary.....	20				2	7	2	7	1		1			
Belgium.....	1							1						
Canada.....	2				1					1				
England.....	4							3			1			
France.....	1						1							
Germany.....	232			3	24	28	37	110	23	4	3			
Ireland.....	22				1	4	2	10	2	1	1	1		
Italy.....	1							1						
Norway.....	2						1	1						
Russia.....	23			3	1	5	4	7	2	1				
Scotland.....	1						1							
Sweden.....	5				2			2	1					
Total.....	314			6	30	45	48	142	29	7	6	1		
Total native-born..	372			7	32	54	60	163	36	11	8	1		
Foreign-born, by race:														
Bohemian and Moravian.....	22				2	1	3	15	1					
Canadian (other than French).....	3							2	1					
Croatian.....	6				1	3	2							
Dutch.....	3					1		2						
German.....	69			1	3	6	12	20	15	9	3			
Hebrew, Russian.....	3					1		2						
Irish.....	5							4	1					
Italian, North.....	2							2						
Lithuanian.....	69			1	1	3	10	39	11	3			1	
Magyar.....	15					3	2	6	4					
Polish.....	359			1	13	69	74	159	30	8	5			
Russian.....	13					1	1	8	2	1				
Ruthenian.....	6				1			2	1	2				
Servian.....	7					1		2	1	3				
Slovak.....	9				1	1	1	5		1				

TABLE 66.—Number of employees of each age or within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

FEMALE—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.												
		14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.	65 or over.
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.														
Slovenian.....	19				1	2	3	7	6					
Swedish.....	2				1				1					
Syrian.....	2							1			1			
Austrian (race not specified).....	1								1					
Total foreign-born.....	615			3	24	92	108	276	75	27	9		1	
Grand total.....	987			10	56	146	168	439	111	38	17	1	1	

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father:														
White.....	3,760	4	66	76	113	151	774	691	465	700	444	233	43	
Negro.....	207			3	3	6	22	32	31	57	32	16	5	
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:														
Austria-Hungary.....	156	2	6	13	16	14	47	29	18	8	3			
Belgium.....	27	1	4	3	1		8	6		3	1			
Canada.....	70		2	3	3	6	10	14	14	5	7	4	2	
Denmark.....	40		4	3	5	2	12	6	7		1			
England.....	178	1	1	2	8		22	27	19	58	31	7	2	
France.....	34			1		1	5	4	4	10	7	2		
Germany.....	2,473	3	43	109	122	164	716	451	316	322	174	49	4	
Greece.....	2				1		1	1						
Ireland.....	387		6	5	14	8	46	44	48	106	86	23	1	
Italy.....	8		1	1			5	1						
Netherlands.....	43			1	5	3	10	10	6	5	2	1		
Norway.....	71		2	5	4	4	20	14	6	7	7	2		
Russia.....	243	1	12	20	26	21	86	45	19	13				
Scotland.....	86				2	1	10	17	10	22	16	6	2	
Spain.....	3						1	1	1					
Sweden.....	430	1	20	27	30	34	129	88	50	44	7			
Switzerland.....	33						5	5	4	12	6	1		
Wales.....	31		1	1	2	1	5	5	4	8	4			
Total.....	4,315	9	102	194	239	259	1,137	768	526	623	352	95	11	
Total native-born.....	8,282	13	168	273	355	416	1,933	1,491	1,022	1,380	828	344	59	
Foreign-born, by race:														
Albanian.....	2							1		1				
Armenian.....	39						5	14	9	7	4			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	376		1	3	5	6	49	74	70	94	63	9	2	
Bosnian.....	2						1	1						
Bulgarian.....	2									2				
Canadian, French.....	13								2	2	6	2	1	
Canadian, Other.....	114					1	16	16	15	24	28	13	1	
Croatian.....	181			1	3	5	51	54	22	34	10	1		
Danish.....	215		1		4	2	28	44	22	53	41	18	2	
Dutch.....	152			1	5	3	23	21	17	42	27	11	2	
English.....	129						8	13	19	26	36	24	3	
Finnish.....	15		1				1	6	2	4	1			
Flemish.....	27			2			5	3	6	8	1		2	
French.....	34		1	1	2	1	2	6	3	7	8	3		
German.....	2,327	1	4	13	29	29	150	309	256	593	621	263	59	

TABLE 66.—Number of employees of each age or within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

TOTAL—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.												
		14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.	or 65 over.
Foreign-born, by race—Continued.														
Greek.....	268				3	7	9	88	74	45	34	7	1	
Hebrew, Russian.....	57					4	3	15	16	7	11	1		
Hebrew, Other.....	18				1	1		2	4	3	5		2	
Irish.....	238						1	11	21	20	71	77	30	7
Italian, North.....	177			2	3	5	3	50	29	30	35	18	2	
Italian, South.....	65						2	14	14	6	11	13	2	3
Lithuanian.....	804			1	2	6	15	208	241	150	150	29	2	
Macedonian.....	1										1			
Magyar.....	730	1	3	5	7	12	21	150	176	125	179	48	3	
Montenegrin.....	1										1			
Norwegian.....	179				2	2	5	21	26	17	39	45	18	4
Persian.....	6							1	2	2	1			
Polish.....	4,637			7	26	114	136	900	1,002	768	1,055	509	111	9
Roumanian.....	17						1	4	4	3	5			
Russian.....	239					5	4	53	78	39	47	13		
Ruthenian.....	15				1			4	1	5	2	1	1	
Scotch.....	60							5	8	8	12	14	10	3
Scotch-Irish.....	3											2	1	
Servian.....	100				2	5	4	34	25	13	14	3		
Slovak.....	221			1	3	3	10	62	38	31	55	16	2	
Slovenian.....	131				1	5	9	41	26	17	28	4		
Swedish.....	1,591			1	7	9	13	163	216	195	464	340	133	50
Syrian.....	12					2		3	3	1	2	1		
Turkish.....	3								2	1				
Welsh.....	16								1		5	6	2	2
Austrian (race not specified).....	51							6	10	8	14	11		
Belgian (race not specified).....	324			2	5	8		41	96	57	78	31	4	2
Swiss (race not specified).....	29							1	8	6	5	6	3	
Total foreign-born..	13,621	2	3	27	86	236	283	2,216	2,683	2,000	3,221	2,041	671	152
Grand total.....	21,903	2	16	195	359	591	699	4,149	4,174	3,022	4,601	2,869	1,015	211

TABLE 67.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race and length of residence.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.			
		Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.
Albanian.....	1		1		1						1		1
Armenian.....	13	2	4	1	7			6	6	2	4	7	13
Bohemian and Moravian.....	120	22	15	7	44	4	4	68	76	26	19	75	120
Bulgarian.....	1	1			1					1			1
Canadian, French.....	4	1			1			2	3	1	1	2	4
Canadian, Other.....	36	5	1		6	3	8	19	30	8	9	19	36
Croatian.....	44	27	4	1	32	3	1	8	12	30	5	9	44
Danish.....	81	7	10	2	19	3	12	47	62	10	22	49	81
Dutch.....	58	8	9	3	20	3	6	29	38	11	15	32	58
English.....	45	3	4	1	8	4	2	31	37	7	6	32	45
Finnish.....	6		2		3			3	3		5	1	6
Flemish.....	9	1	4		5	1	1	2	4	2	5	2	9
French.....	8	1	1	1	3			4	5	1	2	5	8
German.....	908	34	70	12	116	24	108	660	792	58	178	672	908
Greek.....	51	31	12	2	45	2	1	3	6	33	13	5	51
Hebrew, Russian.....	13		12	1	13						12	1	13
Hebrew, Other.....	8		5	1	6			2	2		5	3	8
Irish.....	72	4	7		11	5	10	46	61	9	17	46	72
Italian, North.....	59	25	9	2	36	7	2	14	23	32	11	16	59
Italian, South.....	28	3	12	2	17	2	4	5	11	5	16	7	28
Lithuanian.....	185	95	22	6	123	20	8	34	62	115	30	40	185
Magyar.....	147	17	89	11	117	3	16	11	30	20	105	22	147
Norwegian.....	70	2	16	1	19	2	6	43	51	4	22	44	70
Polish.....	1,514	479	148	29	656	165	228	465	858	644	376	494	1,514
Roumanian.....	4	2	2		4					2	2		4
Russian.....	39	19	12		31	4	3	1	8	23	15	1	39
Ruthenian.....	4					4			4	4			4
Scotch.....	20		2	1	3		2	15	17		4	16	20
Servian.....	4	3		1	4					3		1	4
Slovak.....	35	16	8		24	4	4	3	11	20	12	3	35
Slovenian.....	24	9	8	1	18	2	2	2	6	11	10	3	24
Swedish.....	678	17	92	25	134	16	22	506	544	33	114	531	678
Syrian.....	1							1	1			1	1
Turkish.....	1	1			1					1			1
Welsh.....	7	1	1		2		1	4	5	1	2	4	7
Austrian (race not specified).....	17	3	3	2	8		5	4	9	3	8	6	17
Belgian (race not specified).....	100	16	33	12	61	4	13	22	39	20	46	34	100
Swiss (race not specified).....	4		2		2			2	2		2	2	4
Total.....	4,419	855	620	126	1,601	285	474	2,059	2,818	1,140	1,094	2,185	4,419

TABLE 68.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
			Under 14.		14 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Albanian.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2	.....
Armenian.....	39	27	1	1	38	26
Bohemian and Moravian.....	347	241	76	76	271	165
Bosnian.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2	.....
Bulgarian.....	2	1	.....	.....	2	1
Canadian, French.....	13	13	4	4	9	9
Croatian.....	162	102	4	4	158	98
Danish.....	215	210	25	25	190	185
Dutch.....	148	123	36	36	112	87
Finnish.....	15	13	1	1	14	12
Flemish.....	26	20	3	3	23	17
French.....	34	30	9	9	25	21
German.....	2,243	2,013	673	672	1,570	1,341
Greek.....	263	140	2	2	261	138
Hebrew Russian.....	54	41	.....	.....	54	41
Hebrew Other.....	18	14	.....	.....	18	14
Italian, North.....	174	107	15	15	159	92
Italian, South.....	65	34	1	1	64	33
Lithuanian.....	720	398	6	6	714	392
Macedonian.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
Magyar.....	710	300	25	24	685	276
Montenegrin.....	1	1	1	1	.....	.....
Norwegian.....	178	172	22	21	156	151
Persian.....	6	5	.....	.....	6	5
Polish.....	4,194	2,199	412	404	3,782	1,795
Roumanian.....	16	6	.....	.....	16	6
Russian.....	220	83	2	2	218	81
Ruthenian.....	8	3	.....	.....	8	3
Servian.....	93	18	.....	.....	93	18
Slovak.....	205	62	3	2	202	60
Slovenian.....	111	78	4	4	107	74
Swedish.....	1,573	1,509	214	214	1,359	1,295
Syrian.....	10	3	.....	.....	10	3
Turkish.....	3	3	.....	.....	3	3
Austrian (race not specified).....	50	29	3	3	47	26
Belgian (race not specified).....	321	270	25	25	296	245
Swiss (race not specified).....	29	28	9	9	20	19
Total.....	12,271	8,296	1,576	1,564	10,695	6,732

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	10	4	4	18	6
Croatian.....	6	3	1	1	5	2
Dutch.....	3	3	2	2	1	1
German.....	68	34	26	26	42	8
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	2	.....	.....	3	2
Italian, North.....	2	2	1	1	1	1
Lithuanian.....	67	19	7	7	60	12
Magyar.....	15	3	1	1	14	2
Polish.....	359	57	39	36	320	21

TABLE 68.—*Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race—Continued.*

FEMALE—Continued.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
			Under 14.		14 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Russian.....	12	3	1	1	11	2
Ruthenian.....	6				6	
Servian.....	7				7	
Slovak.....	9	1			9	1
Slovenian.....	19	2	1	1	18	1
Swedish.....	2	2	2	2		
Syrian.....	2				2	
Austrian (race not specified).....	1	1			1	1
Total.....	603	142	85	82	518	60

TOTAL.

Albanian.....	2				2	
Armenian.....	39	27	1	1	38	26
Bohemian and Moravian.....	369	251	80	80	289	171
Bosnian.....	2				2	
Bulgarian.....	2	1			2	1
Canadian, French.....	13	13	4	4	9	9
Croatian.....	168	105	5	5	163	100
Danish.....	215	210	25	25	190	185
Dutch.....	151	126	38	38	113	88
Finnish.....	15	13	1	1	14	12
Flemish.....	26	20	3	3	23	17
French.....	34	30	9	9	25	21
German.....	2,311	2,047	699	698	1,612	1,349
Greek.....	263	140	2	2	261	138
Hebrew, Russian.....	57	43			57	43
Hebrew, Other.....	18	14			18	14
Italian, North.....	176	109	16	16	160	93
Italian, South.....	65	34	1	1	64	33
Lithuanian.....	787	417	13	13	774	404
Macedonian.....	1				1	
Magyar.....	725	303	26	25	699	278
Montenegrin.....	1	1	1	1		
Norwegian.....	178	172	22	21	156	151
Persian.....	6	5			6	5
Polish.....	4,553	2,256	451	440	4,102	1,816
Roumanian.....	16	6			16	6
Russian.....	232	86	3	3	229	83
Ruthenian.....	14	3			14	3
Servian.....	100	18			100	18
Slovak.....	214	63	3	2	211	61
Slovenian.....	130	80	5	5	125	75
Swedish.....	1,575	1,511	216	216	1,359	1,295
Syrian.....	12	3			12	3
Turkish.....	3	3			3	3
Austrian (race not specified).....	51	30	3	3	48	27
Belgian (race not specified).....	321	270	25	25	296	245
Swiss (race not specified).....	29	28	9	9	20	19
Total.....	12,874	8,438	1,661	1,646	11,213	6,792

TABLE 69.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Years in United States.						
			Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over.		
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	
Albanian.....	2		1		1				
Armenian.....	39	27	19	10	10	8	10		9
Bohemian and Moravian.....	347	241	69	20	72	46	206		175
Bosnian.....	2		2						
Bulgarian.....	2	1	1		1	1			
Canadian, French.....	13	13			1	1	12		12
Croatian.....	162	102	80	32	58	47	24		23
Danish.....	215	210	44	41	39	37	132		132
Dutch.....	148	123	38	19	28	24	82		80
Finnish.....	15	13	8	6	4	4	3		3
Flemish.....	26	20	14	9	6	6	6		5
French.....	34	30	10	7	5	5	19		18
German.....	2,243	2,013	212	87	161	127	1,870		1,799
Greek.....	263	140	173	71	77	59	13		10
Hebrew, Russian.....	54	41	37	28	17	13			
Hebrew, Other.....	18	14	9	5	7	7	2		2
Italian, North.....	174	107	61	24	66	43	47		40
Italian, South.....	65	34	23	11	27	15	15		8
Lithuanian.....	720	398	364	131	210	139	146		128
Macedonian.....	1		1						
Magyar.....	710	300	480	149	170	106	60		45
Montenegrin.....	1	1					1		1
Norwegian.....	178	172	30	25	34	34	114		113
Persian.....	6	5	6	5					
Polish.....	4,194	2,199	1,418	272	1,033	451	1,743		1,476
Roumanian.....	16	6	12	4	4	2			
Russian.....	220	83	149	38	48	28	23		17
Ruthenian.....	8	3	4				4		3
Servian.....	93	18	87	14	6	4			
Slovak.....	205	62	149	35	33	11	23		16
Slovenian.....	111	78	58	29	34	31	19		18
Swedish.....	1,573	1,509	195	147	246	241	1,132		1,121
Syrian.....	10	3	7	1			3		2
Turkish.....	3	3	1	1	2	2			
Austrian (race not specified).....	50	29	27	9	9	6	14		14
Belgian (race not specified).....	321	270	181	137	71	68	69		65
Swiss (race not specified).....	29	28	9	8	3	3	17		17
Total.....	12,271	8,296	3,979	1,375	2,483	1,569	5,809		5,352

FEMALE.

Bohemian and Moravian.....	22	10	13	4	6	3	3		3
Croatian.....	6	3	5	2			1		1
Dutch.....	3	3	1	1	1	1	1		1
German.....	68	34	34	5	7	3	27		26
Hebrew, Russian.....	3	2	2	1	1	1			
Italian, North.....	2	2			1	1	1		1
Lithuanian.....	67	19	53	10	8	4	6		5
Magyar.....	15	3	11	1	3	1	1		1
Polish.....	359	57	287	14	41	14	31		29

TABLE 69.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race—Continued.

FEMALE—Continued.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Years in United States.					
			Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Russian.....	12	3	9	1	2	1	1	1
Ruthenian.....	6		5		1			
Servian.....	7		6		1			
Slovak.....	9	1	6		2		1	1
Slovenian.....	19	2	16		3	2		
Swedish.....	2	2					2	2
Syrian.....	2		2					
Austrian (race not specified).....	1	1	1	1				
Total.....	603	142	451	40	77	31	75	71

TOTAL.

Albanian.....	2		1		1			
Armenian.....	39	27	19	10	10	8	10	9
Bohemian and Moravian.....	369	251	82	24	78	49	209	178
Bosnian.....	2		2					
Bulgarian.....	2	1	1		1	1		
Canadian, French.....	13	13			1	1	12	12
Croatian.....	168	105	85	34	58	47	25	24
Danish.....	215	210	44	41	39	37	132	132
Dutch.....	151	126	39	20	29	25	83	81
Finnish.....	15	13	8	6	4	4	3	3
Flemish.....	26	20	14	9	6	6	6	5
French.....	34	30	10	7	5	5	19	18
German.....	2,311	2,047	246	92	168	130	1,897	1,825
Greek.....	263	140	173	71	77	59	13	10
Hebrew, Russian.....	57	43	39	29	18	14		
Hebrew, Other.....	18	14	9	5	7	7	2	2
Italian, North.....	176	109	61	24	67	44	48	41
Italian, South.....	65	34	23	11	27	15	15	8
Lithuanian.....	787	417	417	141	218	143	152	133
Macedonian.....	1		1					
Magyar.....	725	303	491	150	173	107	61	46
Montenegrin.....	1	1					1	1
Norwegian.....	178	172	30	25	34	34	114	113
Persian.....	6	5	6	5				
Polish.....	4,553	2,256	1,705	286	1,074	465	1,774	1,505
Roumanian.....	16	6	12	4	4	2		
Russian.....	232	86	158	39	50	29	24	18
Ruthenian.....	14	3	9		1		4	3
Servian.....	100	18	93	14	7	4		
Slovak.....	214	63	155	35	35	11	24	17
Slovenian.....	130	80	74	29	37	33	19	18
Swedish.....	1,575	1,511	195	147	246	241	1,134	1,123
Syrian.....	12	3	9	1			3	2
Turkish.....	3	3	1	1	2	2		
Austrian (race not specified).....	51	30	28	10	9	6	14	14
Belgian (race not specified).....	321	270	181	137	71	68	69	65
Swiss (race not specified).....	29	28	9	8	3	3	17	17
Total.....	12,874	8,438	4,430	1,415	2,560	1,600	5,884	5,423

TABLE 70.—Total number of households and persons studied, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Total number of persons in households.	Number of persons for whom detailed information was secured.		
			Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	351	168	173	341
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:					
German.....	19	60	28	32	60
Polish.....	39	176	87	85	172
Total.....	58	236	115	117	232
Total native-born.....	145	587	283	290	573
Foreign-born:					
German.....	50	223	109	106	215
Hebrew.....	21	96	49	44	93
Magyar.....	72	448	189	145	334
Polish.....	57	342	161	172	333
Total foreign-born.....	200	1,109	508	467	975
Grand total.....	345	1,696	791	757	1,548

TABLE 71.—Number of persons for whom detailed information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	220	219	439
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:			
English.....		1	1
French.....	1	1	2
German.....	75	78	153
Hebrew.....	11	9	20
Irish.....	1	2	3
Magyar.....	44	50	94
Polish.....	120	137	257
Swedish.....		1	1
Total.....	252	279	531
Total native-born.....	472	498	970
Foreign-born:			
English.....		2	2
German.....	54	50	104
Hebrew.....	38	35	73
Irish.....		1	1
Magyar.....	145	95	240
Polish.....	82	75	157
Scotch.....		1	1
Total foreign-born.....	319	259	578
Grand total.....	791	757	1,548

TABLE 72.—Number of foreign-born persons in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.									
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	5.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.	
German.....	54			1		3		6	1	3	40
Hebrew.....	38		1	2	11	10	14				
Magyar.....	145	10	14	21	23	17	47	8		2	3
Polish.....	82			6	11	1	13	10	11		30
Total.....	319	10	15	30	45	31	80	19	16		73

FEMALE.

English.....	2								1	1
German.....	50			4	1	2	5	1	5	32
Hebrew.....	35	1	3	8	15	5	2	1		
Irish.....	1									1
Magyar.....	95	5	12	19	11	7	27	9	3	2
Polish.....	75			4	12	1	13	5	12	28
Scotch.....	1									1
Total.....	259	6	15	35	39	15	47	16	21	65

TOTAL.

English.....	2								1	1
German.....	104			5	1	5	11	2	8	72
Hebrew.....	73	1	4	10	26	15	16	1		
Irish.....	1									1
Magyar.....	240	15	26	40	34	24	74	17	5	5
Polish.....	157			10	23	2	26	15	23	58
Scotch.....	1									1
Total.....	578	16	30	65	84	46	127	35	37	138

TABLE 73.—Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born males who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number without occupation.	Number working for wages.						Number working without wages.			Number working for profit.		
			Farm laborers.	General laborers.	In agricultural-implement industry.	In hand trades.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farm laborers.	In other occupations.	Total.	Farmers.	In other occupations.	Total.
German.....	39		6	17	10	5	38	1		1				
Hebrew.....	22	1	1	1	14	5	21							21
Magyar.....	107	1	44	1	17	11	73	11	1	12		2	2	21
Polish.....	54	1	10	2	2	14	28	15	7	22		2	1	3
Total.....	222	3	61	21	43	35	160	27	8	35	21	3		24

TABLE 74.—*Occupation before coming to the United States of foreign-born females who were 16 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number without occupation.	Number working for wages.					Number working without wages.			Number working for profit.								
			Farm laborers.	In domestic serv- ice.	In agricultural-im- plement industry.	In sewing, em- broidery, etc.	In other occupa- tions.	Total.	Farm laborers.	In other occupa- tions.	Total.	Farmers.	In other occupa- tions.	Total.					
English.....	1			1															
German.....	36	19	4	12			16	1		1									
Hebrew.....	23	19		1				3											
Irish.....	1	1																	
Magyar.....	75	50	13	7			21	1	2	3	1								1
Polish.....	47	40	2	3			6	1			1								1
Scotch.....	1			1			1												
Total.....	184	129	19	25			49	2	2	4	2								2

TABLE 75.—*Number of males 16 years of age or over in each specified industry, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[The main headings used in this table follow the classification of the United States Census with these modifications: General Labor is here separate from Domestic and Personal Service; Fishing and Mining are each separate from Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits; Trade and Transportation are distinct from each other.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Total number.	Agricultural pursuits.	Domestic and personal service.	Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits.		Trade.	Transportation.	At home.	At school.
				Agricultural implements and vehicles.	Other manufactures.				
Native-born, of native father, White.....	113	1		96	8	3	2		3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:			1						
French.....	1								
German.....	44			25	8	4	2	2	3
Irish.....	1			1					
Magyar.....	1			1					
Polish.....	65			52	11			2	
Total.....	112		1	79	19	4	2	4	3
Total, native-born.....	225	1	1	175	27	7	4	4	6
Foreign-born:									
German.....	51			48	3				
Hebrew.....	23			22				1	
Magyar.....	123			108	11	1	1	2	
Polish.....	70			63	5	1		1	
Total foreign-born.....	267			241	19	2	1	4	
Grand total.....	492	1	1	416	46	9	5	8	6

TABLE 76.—Number of females 16 years of age or over in each specified industry, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[The main headings used in this table follow the classification of the United States Census with these modifications: General Labor is here separate from Domestic and Personal Service; Fishing and Mining are each separate from Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits; Trade and Transportation are distinct from each other.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Total number.	Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits.					Trade.	At home.	At school.
		Agricultural implements and vehicles.	Shirts, collars, and cuffs.	Tobacco and cigars.	Clothing.	Other manufactures.			
Native-born of native father, White..	107	1	5	3	2	4	7	84	1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
English.....	1							1	
French.....	1							1	
German.....	47	2	3		4	4	3	30	1
Irish.....	2							2	
Magyar.....	2	1						1	
Polish.....	55	3	4	5			1	42	
Swedish.....	1							1	
Total.....	109	6	7	5	4	4	4	78	1
Total native-born.....	216	7	12	8	6	8	11	162	2
Foreign-born:									
English.....	2							2	
German.....	48							48	
Hebrew.....	24		1		1			22	
Irish.....	1							1	
Magyar.....	81	2	2				2	75	
Polish.....	66	1	1	1				63	
Scotch.....	1							1	
Total foreign-born.....	223	3	4	1	1		2	212	
Grand total.....	439	10	16	9	7	8	13	374	2

TABLE 77.—Number of male heads of families earning each specified amount per year, by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only male heads of selected families. For selection of families, see p. 640.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages.	Average earnings.	Number earning—										
			Under \$100.	\$100 and under \$200.	\$200 and under \$300.	\$300 and under \$400.	\$400 and under \$500.	\$500 and under \$600.	\$600 and under \$700.	\$700 and under \$800.	\$800 and under \$900.	\$900 and under \$1,000.	\$1,000 or over.
Native-born of native father, White	84	\$704	1	6	8	17	13	19	8	6	6		
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:													
German.....	18	606	1	1	1	3	7	5					
Polish.....	39	552		9	10	7	6	4		1		2	
Total.....	57	569	1	10	11	10	13	9		1		2	
Total native-born.....	141	649	1	1	16	19	27	26	28	8	7	8	
Foreign-born:													
German.....	46	601			5	16	4	11	3	3	2	2	
Hebrew.....	19	485		1		12	4	2					
Magyar.....	63	372	3	7	14	13	6	11	7	2			
Polish.....	56	414		1	6	22	15	8	2	1	1		
Total foreign-born.....	184	454	3	8	21	40	49	27	22	6	4	2	2
Grand total.....	325	539	3	9	22	56	68	54	48	34	12	9	10

TABLE 78.—*Yearly earnings (approximate) of males 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages and reporting amount.	Average earnings.	Number earning—											
			Under \$100.	\$100 and under \$150.	\$150 and under \$200.	\$200 and under \$250.	\$250 and under \$300.	\$300 and under \$400.	\$400 and under \$500.	\$500 and under \$600.	\$600 and under \$700.	\$700 and under \$800.	\$800 and under \$1,000.	\$1,000 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	102	\$670	2	2	1	7	12	20	15	20	16	7
Native-born of native father, by race of father:														
French.....	1	(a)	1
German.....	34	567	.....	.....	.....	1	4	6	6	10	6	1	.....
Magyar.....	1	(a)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	53	494	.....	.....	3	1	16	13	7	6	4	2	1
Total.....	89	522	.....	.....	3	2	20	20	14	16	10	3	1
Total native-born.....	191	601	2	2	4	2	27	32	34	31	30	19	8
Foreign-born:														
German.....	51	606	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	16	6	14	3	4	3
Hebrew.....	22	479	.....	.....	.....	1	1	14	4	2	.....	.....	.....
Magyar.....	109	363	11	2	8	7	10	21	26	13	9	2	.....
Polish.....	65	361	1	1	2	2	4	25	18	8	2	1	1	
Total foreign-born.....	247	423	12	3	10	10	14	52	74	31	27	6	5	3
Grand total.....	438	501	14	3	12	14	16	79	106	65	58	36	24	11

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 79.—*Yearly earnings (approximate) of females 18 years of age or over, by general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number working for wages and reporting amount.	Average earnings.	Number earning—							
			Under \$100.	\$100 and under \$150.	\$150 and under \$200.	\$200 and under \$250.	\$250 and under \$300.	\$300 and under \$400.	\$400 and under \$500.	\$500 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	19	\$368	.....	.....	1	4	2	4	5	3
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
German.....	12	351	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	7	3	.....
Polish.....	8	(a)	1	2	.....	2	1	1	.....	1
Total.....	20	307	1	2	.....	2	3	8	3	1
Total native-born.....	39	337	1	2	1	6	5	12	8	4
Foreign-born:										
Hebrew.....	2	(a)	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Magyar.....	4	(a)	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	3	.....	.....
Polish.....	3	(a)	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	.....	.....
Total foreign-born.....	9	(a)	.....	1	.....	2	1	5	.....	.....
Grand total.....	48	325	1	3	1	8	6	17	8	4

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

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TABLE 80.—*Amount of family income per year, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Average family income.	Number of families having a total income—					
			Under \$300.	\$300 and under \$500.	\$500 and under \$750.	\$750 and under \$1,000.	\$1,000 and under \$1,500.	\$1,500 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	\$808	1	10	25	34	10	4
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:								
German.....	18	642	1	2	11	3	1	.....
Polish.....	39	584	.....	16	16	4	3	.....
Total.....	57	602	1	18	27	7	4	.....
Total native-born.....	141	725	2	28	52	41	14	4
Foreign-born:								
German.....	46	762	.....	9	15	16	5	1
Hebrew.....	20	539	.....	13	6	.....	1	.....
Magyar.....	64	626	11	16	16	14	6	1
Polish.....	56	613	5	18	19	9	4	1
Total foreign-born.....	186	647	16	56	56	39	16	3
Grand total.....	327	680	18	84	108	80	30	7

TABLE 81.—*Number of families having an income within the year from husband, wife, children, boarders or lodgers, and other sources, by general nativity and race of head of family.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of families having an income from—				
		Earnings of—		Contributions of children.	Payments of boarders or lodgers.	Other sources.
		Husband.	Wife.			
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	84	5	13	14	7
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
German.....	18	18	.....	1	.....	2
Polish.....	39	39	.....	2	4	.....
Total.....	57	57	.....	3	4	2
Total native-born.....	141	141	5	16	18	9
Foreign-born:						
German.....	46	46	.....	15	3	6
Hebrew.....	20	19	1	1	2	.....
Magyar.....	64	63	1	12	32	4
Polish.....	56	56	.....	23	5	6
Total foreign-born.....	186	184	2	51	42	16
Grand total.....	327	325	7	67	60	25

^a For selection of families, see p. 640.

TABLE 82.—Source of family income in detail, by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of selected families. ^a	Number of families having entire income from—											
		Husband.	Husband and wife.	Husband and children.	Husband, wife, and children.	Husband and boarders or lodgers.	Wife.	Wife and children.	Wife and boarders or lodgers.	Children.	Children and boarders or lodgers.	Boarders or lodgers.	Sources or combination of sources not before specified.
Native-born of native father, White.....	84	50	4	12	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:													
German.....	18	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
Polish.....	39	33	.....	2	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	57	49	.....	2	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
Total native-born.....	141	99	4	14	.....	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11
Foreign-born:													
German.....	46	24	.....	14	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6
Hebrew.....	20	16	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Magyar.....	64	20	1	7	.....	29	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	6
Polish.....	56	26	.....	20	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6
Total foreign-born.....	186	86	2	41	.....	37	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	18
Grand total.....	327	185	6	55	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	29

^a For selection of families, see p. 640.

TABLE 83.—Months worked during the past year by persons 16 years of age or over employed away from home, by sex and by general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number working full time months specified.								
		12.	11 and under 12.	10 and under 11.	9 and under 10.	8 and under 9.	7 and under 8.	6 and under 7.	3 and under 6.	Under 3.
Native-born of native father, White.....	109	67	24	6	3	2	1	2	3	1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
French.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German.....	35	30	1	.....	1	2	1	.....	.....	.....
Irish.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Magyar.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	62	9	7	7	19	10	3	5	1	1
Total.....	100	41	8	8	20	12	4	5	1	1
Total native-born.....	209	108	32	14	23	14	5	7	4	2
Foreign-born:										
German.....	51	44	1	4	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Hebrew.....	22	12	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Magyar.....	113	41	13	6	11	9	2	9	12	10
Polish.....	68	6	13	12	18	7	5	.....	6	1
Total foreign-born.....	254	103	36	22	29	17	8	10	18	11
Grand total.....	463	211	68	36	52	31	13	17	22	13

TABLE 83.—Months worked during the past year by persons 16 years of age or over employed away from home, by sex and by general nativity and race of individual—Continued.

FEMALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Number working full time months specified.								
		12.	11 and under 12.	10 and under 11.	9 and under 10.	8 and under 9.	7 and under 8.	6 and under 7.	3 and under 6.	Under 3.
Native-born of native father, White.....	20	12	3	.....	2	1	1	1	.....	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
German.....	14	13	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	13	5	.....	1	.....	2	.....	2	3	.....
Total.....	27	18	.....	1	.....	3	.....	2	3	.....
Total native-born.....	47	30	3	1	2	4	1	3	3	.....
Foreign-born:										
Hebrew.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Magyar.....	5	4	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	3	2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total foreign-born.....	10	7	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Grand total.....	57	37	4	2	2	4	1	4	3	.....

TABLE 84.—Number and class of households, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

["With boarders or lodgers" includes only households keeping boarders or lodgers at the time schedule was taken. "Boarders" are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	"Family" households.						"Group" households.	
		With neither boarders nor lodgers.			With boarders or lodgers.				
		Consisting of a single family.	Consisting of two or more families living together.	Total.	With boarders.	With lodgers only.	Total.		Total family households.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	71	.....	71	11	4	15	86	1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
German.....	19	19	.....	19	.....	.....	.....	19	.....
Polish.....	39	35	1	36	3	.....	3	39	.....
Total.....	58	54	1	55	3	.....	3	58	.....
Total native-born.....	145	125	1	126	14	4	18	144	1
Foreign-born:									
German.....	50	46	.....	46	2	1	3	49	1
Hebrew.....	21	19	.....	19	1	1	2	21	.....
Magyar.....	72	35	1	36	36	.....	36	72	.....
Polish.....	57	49	3	52	1	4	5	57	.....
Total foreign-born.....	200	149	4	153	40	6	46	199	1
Grand total.....	345	274	5	279	54	10	64	343	2

TABLE 85.—Number of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per apartment.	Number of households paying each specified rent per month per apartment.						
			Under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$20.	\$20 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	53	10.42	1	9	13	17	6	6	1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
German.....	9	(a)	.....	1	5	3	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	18	5.86	3	14	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	27	6.72	3	15	6	3	.....	.....	.....
Total native-born.....	80	9.17	4	24	19	20	6	6	1
Foreign-born:									
German.....	15	9.43	.....	4	3	7	.....	.....	1
Hebrew.....	21	8.95	2	2	5	11	.....	1	.....
Magyar.....	42	6.93	5	19	13	4	.....	1	.....
Polish.....	16	5.41	3	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total foreign-born.....	94	7.52	10	38	21	22	.....	2	1
Grand total.....	174	8.28	14	62	40	42	6	8	2

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 86.—Number of households paying each specified rent per month per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per room.	Number of households paying each specified rent per month per room.							
			Under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	\$4 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	53	\$1.75	1	12	22	14	3	1	.....	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
German.....	9	(a)	.....	1	4	3	1	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	18	1.30	1	10	4	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	27	1.46	1	11	8	6	1	.....	.....	.....
Total native-born.....	80	1.67	2	23	30	20	4	1	.....	.....
Foreign-born:										
German.....	15	1.77	.....	3	9	2	.....	1	.....	.....
Hebrew.....	21	1.83	1	2	10	4	4	.....	.....	.....
Magyar.....	42	1.79	2	5	13	13	9	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	16	1.52	.....	6	8	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total foreign-born.....	94	1.75	3	16	40	21	13	1	.....	.....
Grand total.....	174	1.71	5	39	70	41	17	2

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

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TABLE 87.—*Number of households paying each specified rent per month per person, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households paying rent and reporting amount.	Average rent per person.	Number of households paying each specified rent per month per person.								
			Under \$0.50.	\$0.50 and under \$1.	\$1 and under \$1.50.	\$1.50 and under \$2.	\$2 and under \$2.50.	\$2.50 and under \$3.	\$3 and under \$3.50.	\$3.50 and under \$4.	\$4 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	53	\$2.54	.....	1	3	9	16	6	3	3	12
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:											
German.....	9	(a)	.....	1	1	1	2	1	1	.....	3
Polish.....	18	1.60	.....	2	3	6	4	1	1	1	.....
Total.....	27	1.91	.....	2	4	7	5	3	2	1	3
Total native-born.....	80	2.35	.....	3	7	16	21	9	5	4	15
Foreign-born:											
German.....	15	2.77	.....	.....	3	2	3	3	1	3	3
Hebrew.....	21	1.96	1	.....	3	9	1	.....	2	2	2
Magyar.....	42	1.16	1	13	11	8	1	5	.....	.....	3
Polish.....	16	1.04	.....	4	10	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Total foreign-born.....	94	1.47	2	17	24	15	12	9	4	3	8
Grand total.....	174	1.82	2	20	31	31	33	18	9	7	23

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 88.—*Number of households keeping boarders and lodgers and number of boarders and lodgers, by general nativity and race of head of household.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[Information relating to boarders or lodgers covers only immediate time of taking schedule and not the entire year. "Boarders" are persons who receive both board and lodging.]

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Number of households keeping—			Number of—		
		Boarders.	Lodgers only.	Total.	Boarders.	Lodgers.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	11	4	15	12	7	19
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:							
German.....	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	39	3	.....	3	4	.....	4
Total.....	58	3	.....	3	4	.....	4
Total native-born.....	145	14	4	18	16	7	23
Foreign-born:							
German.....	50	2	1	3	4	4	8
Hebrew.....	21	1	1	2	1	2	3
Magyar.....	72	36	.....	36	151	.....	151
Polish.....	57	1	4	5	1	8	9
Total foreign-born.....	200	40	6	46	157	14	171
Grand total.....	345	54	10	64	173	21	194

Apartments of each specified number of rooms.

General nativity and race of head of household.	4 rooms.				5 rooms.				6 rooms.				7 or more rooms.																										
	Total number of apartments.	Number occupied by households of each specified number of persons.				Total number of apartments.	Number occupied by households of each specified number of persons.				Total number of apartments.	Number occupied by households of each specified number of persons.				Total number of apartments.	Number occupied by households of each specified number of persons.																						
		1.	2.	3.	4.		1.	2.	3.	4.		1.	2.	3.	4.		1.	2.	3.	4.																			
Native-born of native father, White.....	6	1	4	1	18	2	2	9	4	22	6	5	4	5	38	5	7	10	9	4	1	1	1																
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																																							
German.....	1	1			4	1	3			5	2	2	1		7	3	1	2	1																				
Polish.....	8	1	5	1	10	1	1	2	4	9	2	1	4	1	7	1	3	1	1																				
Total.....	9	1	6	1	14	2	4	2	4	14	4	2	2	4	14	4	1	5	2	1																			
Total native-born.....	15	2	10	1	32	4	6	11	8	36	10	7	6	9	52	9	8	15	11	5	1	1	1																
Foreign-born:																																							
German.....	7	2	2	1	8	1	3	3	1	6	1	1	4		27	4	5	4	5	1																			
Hebrew.....	6	3	1	2	4	1	1	1	1	5	1	1	1		3	1																							
Magyar.....	16	2	1	5	2	1	3	2	1	6	1	1	1	1	10	1	1	1	3	1																			
Polish.....	10	1	1	3	1	2	1	2	2	6	3	1	1		8	2	2																						
Total foreign-born.....	39	5	6	7	3	5	2	2	5	46	4	6	5	7	23	1	5	4	6	2	2	1	2																
Grand total.....	54	7	16	8	4	6	2	2	5	4	78	8	12	16	15	4	6	4	4	9	59	10	8	11	13	8	3	2	2	2	100	14	14	22	19	12	6	4	5

TABLE 90.—Number of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of households.	Total number of households.	Average number of rooms per apartment.	Number of households occupying apartments of each specified number of rooms.						
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	6.26			3	6	18	22	38
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
German.....	19	5.95			2	1	4	5	7
Polish.....	39	5.18			5	8	10	9	7
Foreign-born:									
German.....	50	6.56			2	7	8	6	27
Hebrew.....	21	4.90		1	2	6	4	5	3
Magyar.....	72	4.38		9	15	16	16	6	10
Polish.....	57	4.86			15	10	18	6	8
Grand total.....	345	5.46		10	44	54	78	59	100
Total native-born of foreign father.....	58	5.43			7	9	14	14	14
Total native-born.....	145	5.93			10	15	32	36	52
Total foreign-born.....	200	5.12		10	34	39	46	23	48

TABLE 91.—Number of households of each specified number of persons, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Average number of persons per household.	Number of households of each specified number of persons.									
			1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10 or more.
Native-born of native father, White..	87	4.03		14	20	25	18	6	2		1	1
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:												
German.....	19	3.16		6	8	3	1		1			
Polish.....	39	4.51		5	8	7	11	3	1	2	2	
Total.....	58	4.07		11	16	10	12	3	2	2	2	
Total native-born.....	145	4.05		25	36	35	30	9	4	2	3	1
Foreign-born:												
German.....	50	4.46		8	12	7	8	9	3		2	1
Hebrew.....	21	4.57		3	4	4	5	2	1	1		1
Magyar.....	72	6.22		10	4	10	5	10	8	6	10	9
Polish.....	57	6.00		1	4	2	13	9	6	6	3	7
Total foreign-born.....	200	5.55	1	25	22	34	27	27	18	13	15	18
Grand total.....	345	4.92	1	50	58	69	57	36	22	15	18	19

TABLE 92.—Number of households and number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number of households and number of persons in apartments of each specified number of rooms.															
	1 room.		2 rooms.		3 rooms.		4 rooms.		5 rooms.		6 rooms.		7 or more rooms.		Total.	
	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.	Number of households.	Number of persons.
Native-born of native father, White.....					3	10	6	18	18	73	22	80	38	170	87	351
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																
German.....					2	10	1	3	4	11	5	14	7	22	19	60
Polish.....					5	23	8	28	10	48	9	44	7	33	39	176
Total.....					7	33	9	31	14	59	14	58	14	55	58	236
Total native-born.....					10	43	15	49	32	132	36	138	52	225	145	587
Foreign-born:																
German.....					2	5	7	25	8	33	6	32	27	128	50	223
Hebrew.....			1	4	2	6	6	23	4	17	5	33	3	13	21	96
Magyar.....			9	23	15	82	16	108	16	115	6	43	10	77	72	448
Polish.....					15	75	10	60	18	127	6	30	8	50	57	342
Total foreign-born.....			10	27	34	168	39	216	46	292	23	138	48	268	200	1,109
Grand total.....			10	27	44	211	54	265	78	424	59	276	100	493	345	1,696

TABLE 93.—Persons per room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Persons.		Average per room.	Persons per room.				
		Total number.	Average per household.		Less than 1.	1 and under 2.	2 and under 3.	3 and under 4.	4 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	351	4.03	0.64	74	13			
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:									
German.....	19	60	3.16	.53	17	1	1		
Polish.....	39	176	4.51	.87	23	15	1		
Total.....	58	236	4.07	.75	40	16	2		
Total native-born.....	145	587	4.05	.68	114	29	2		
Foreign-born:									
German.....	50	223	4.46	.68	36	14			
Hebrew.....	21	96	4.57	.93	11	9	1		
Magyar.....	72	448	6.22	1.42	14	37	19	2	
Polish.....	57	342	6.00	1.23	20	22	15		
Total foreign-born.....	200	1,109	5.55	1.08	81	82	35	2	
Grand total.....	345	1,696	4.92	.90	195	111	37	2	

TABLE 94.—Persons per sleeping room, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Persons.		Average per sleeping room.	Persons per sleeping room.					
		Total number.	Average per household.		Less than 2.	2 and under 3.	3 and under 4.	4 and under 5.	5 and under 6.	6 or more.
Native-born of native native father, White..	87	351	4.03	1.81	39	35	9	3	1	.....
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
German.....	19	60	3.16	1.67	11	4	4	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	39	176	4.51	2.75	4	14	12	5	2	2
Total.....	58	236	4.07	2.36	15	18	16	5	2	2
Total native-born.....	145	587	4.05	2.00	54	53	25	8	3	2
Foreign-born:										
German.....	50	223	4.46	1.86	25	17	6	2	.....	.....
Hebrew.....	21	96	4.57	2.34	3	14	2	2	.....	.....
Magyar.....	72	448	6.22	2.89	9	19	24	13	6	1
Polish.....	57	342	6.00	3.23	9	13	7	11	10	7
Total foreign-born.....	200	1,109	5.55	2.63	46	63	39	28	16	8
Grand total.....	345	1,696	4.92	2.37	100	116	64	36	19	10

TABLE 95.—Number of households regularly sleeping in all except each specified number of rooms, by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of household.	Total number of households.	Number of households sleeping in all rooms.	Number of households sleeping in all rooms except—			
			1.*	2.	3.	4 or more.
Native-born of native father, White.....	87	.....	1	5	24	57
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
German.....	19	.....	1	1	6	11
Polish.....	39	.....	.....	6	17	16
Total.....	58	.....	1	7	23	27
Total native-born.....	145	.....	2	12	47	84
Foreign-born:						
German.....	50	.....	1	9	10	30
Hebrew.....	21	.....	1	8	6	6
Magyar.....	72	3	21	26	9	13
Polish.....	57	.....	3	16	25	13
Total foreign-born.....	200	3	26	59	50	62
Grand total.....	345	3	28	71	97	146

TABLE 96.—*Literacy of persons 10 years of age or over, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Male.			Female.			Total.		
		Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.
Native-born of native father, White.....	265	133	132	132	132	132	131	265	264	263
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:										
English.....	1				1	1	1	1	1	1
French.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
German.....	122	56	56	56	66	66	66	122	122	122
Irish.....	3	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3
Magyar.....	9	4	4	4	5	5	5	9	9	9
Polish.....	162	78	77	77	84	83	83	162	160	160
Swedish.....	1				1	1	1	1	1	1
Total.....	300	140	139	139	160	159	159	300	298	298
Total native-born	565	273	271	271	292	291	290	565	562	561
Foreign-born:										
English.....	2				2	2	2	2	2	2
German.....	103	54	53	51	49	44	40	103	97	91
Hebrew.....	53	27	25	25	26	19	17	53	44	42
Irish.....	1				1	1	1	1	1	1
Magyar.....	220	132	131	130	88	83	82	220	214	212
Polish.....	141	74	69	67	67	64	61	141	133	128
Scotch.....	1				1	1	1	1	1	1
Total foreign-born	521	287	278	273	234	214	204	521	492	477
Grand total.....	1,086	560	549	544	526	505	494	1,086	1,054	1,038

TABLE 97.—*Literacy of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over, by sex, years in the United States, and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Years in United States.								
		Under 5.			5 to 9.			10 or over.		
		Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.
German.....	54	4	4	4	6	6	5	44	43	42
Hebrew.....	27	15	15	15	12	10	10	13	13	13
Magyar.....	132	75	74	73	44	44	44	13	13	13
Polish.....	74	12	12	12	11	10	10	51	47	45
Total.....	287	106	105	104	73	70	69	108	103	100

FEMALE.

English.....	2							2	2	2
German.....	49	6	5	5	5	4	3	38	35	32
Hebrew.....	26	23	18	16	2	1	1	1	1	1
Irish.....	1							1	1	1
Magyar.....	88	49	47	46	25	24	24	14	12	12
Polish.....	67	11	11	11	11	10	10	45	43	40
Scotch.....	1							1	1	1
Total.....	234	89	81	78	43	39	38	102	94	88

TOTAL.

English.....	2							2	2	2
German.....	103	10	9	9	11	10	8	82	78	74
Hebrew.....	53	38	33	31	14	11	11	1	1	1
Irish.....	1							1	1	1
Magyar.....	220	124	121	119	69	68	68	27	25	25
Polish.....	141	23	23	23	22	20	20	96	90	85
Scotch.....	1							1	1	1
Total.....	521	195	186	182	116	109	107	210	197	188

TABLE 98.—Literacy of foreign-born persons 10 years of age or over, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Age at time of coming to United States.					
		Under 14.			14 or over.		
		Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.	Number.	Number who read.	Number who read and write.
German.....	54	11	11	11	43	42	40
Hebrew.....	27	4	4	4	23	21	21
Magyar.....	132	18	18	17	114	113	113
Polish.....	74	18	18	18	56	51	49
Total.....	287	51	51	50	236	227	223

FEMALE.

English.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
German.....	49	12	11	10	37	33	30
Hebrew.....	26	2	2	2	24	17	15
Irish.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1
Magyar.....	88	11	11	11	77	72	71
Polish.....	67	18	18	18	49	46	43
Scotch.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1
Total.....	234	44	43	42	190	171	162

TOTAL.

English.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
German.....	103	23	22	21	80	75	70
Hebrew.....	53	6	6	6	47	38	36
Irish.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1
Magyar.....	220	29	29	28	191	185	184
Polish.....	141	36	36	36	105	97	92
Scotch.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1
Total.....	521	95	94	92	426	398	385

TABLE 100.—Number of persons within each age group, by sex and by general nativity and race of head of household.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number within each specified age group.							Total.
	Under 6.	6 to 13.	14 and 15.	16 to 19.	20 to 29.	30 to 44.	45 or over.	
Native-born of native father, White.....	27	23	8	11	32	38	29	168
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:								
German.....	1	4	.....	1	9	6	7	28
Polish.....	31	12	1	2	27	13	1	87
Total.....	32	16	1	3	36	19	8	115
Total native-born.....	59	39	9	14	68	57	37	283
Foreign-born:								
German.....	11	17	6	11	15	15	34	109
Hebrew.....	12	14	.....	8	14	1	1	49
Magyar.....	38	19	8	11	43	59	11	189
Polish.....	35	27	5	14	24	28	28	161
Total foreign-born.....	96	77	19	36	90	116	74	508
Grand total.....	155	116	28	50	158	173	111	791

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	29	24	4	13	53	29	21	173
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:								
German.....	5	4	1	.....	8	8	6	32
Polish.....	28	15	2	.....	28	11	1	85
Total.....	33	19	3	.....	36	19	7	117
Total native-born.....	62	43	7	13	89	48	28	290
Foreign-born:								
German.....	10	19	4	7	18	19	29	106
Hebrew.....	11	9	.....	2	9	11	2	44
Magyar.....	42	17	3	12	42	22	7	145
Polish.....	43	37	11	11	29	21	20	172
Total foreign-born.....	106	82	18	32	98	73	58	467
Grand total.....	168	125	25	45	187	121	86	757

TABLE 100.—Number of persons within each age group, by sex and by general nativity and race of head of household—Continued.

TOTAL.

General nativity and race of head of household.	Number within each specified age group.							Total.
	Under 5.	6 to 13.	14 and 15.	16 to 19.	20 to 29.	30 to 44.	45 or over.	
Native-born of native father, White.....	56	47	12	24	85	67	50	341
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:								
German.....	6	8	1	1	17	14	13	60
Polish.....	59	27	3	2	55	24	2	172
Total.....	65	35	4	3	72	38	15	232
Total native-born.....	121	82	16	27	157	105	65	573
Foreign-born:								
German.....	21	36	10	18	33	34	63	215
Hebrew.....	23	23	.....	2	17	25	3	93
Magyar.....	80	36	11	23	85	81	18	334
Polish.....	78	64	16	25	53	49	48	333
Total foreign-born.....	202	159	37	68	188	189	132	975
Grand total....	323	241	53	95	345	294	197	1,548

TABLE 101.—Number of families owning home, renting, boarding, etc., by general nativity and race of head of family.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

General nativity and race of head of family.	Number of families—					Total.
	Owning home.	Renting home.	Boarding.	Lodging.	In other conditions.	
Native-born of native father, White.....	34	52	1	.....	.....	87
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:						
German.....	10	9	.....	.....	.....	19
Polish.....	21	18	.....	.....	1	40
Total.....	31	27	.....	.....	1	59
Total native-born.....	65	79	1	.....	1	146
Foreign-born:						
German.....	33	16	.....	.....	.....	49
Hebrew.....	.....	21	.....	.....	.....	21
Magyar.....	30	43	1	.....	2	76
Polish.....	40	17	.....	.....	3	60
Total foreign-born.....	103	97	1	.....	5	206
Grand total.....	168	176	2	.....	6	352

TABLE 102.—General occupation of persons under 16 years of age, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

MALE.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number within each specified age group.															
	Under 6.				6 to 13.				14 and 15.				Total.			
	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	55	4	....	59	4	34	1	39	1	4	4	9	60	42	5	107
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																
German.....	11	....	....	11	....	15	....	15	....	3	2	5	11	18	2	31
Hebrew.....	10	1	....	11	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	10	1	....	11
Magyar.....	32	1	....	33	1	7	....	8	....	2	....	2	33	10	....	43
Polish.....	30	....	....	30	9	12	....	21	....	2	2	4	39	14	2	55
Total.....	83	2	....	85	10	34	....	44	....	7	4	11	93	43	4	140
Total native-born.....	138	6	....	144	14	68	1	83	1	11	8	20	153	85	9	247
Foreign-born:																
German.....	....	....	....	....	2	....	....	2	....	1	....	1	....	3	....	3
Hebrew.....	1	....	....	1	....	14	....	14	....	....	....	....	1	14	....	15
Magyar.....	5	....	....	5	1	10	....	11	1	2	3	6	7	12	3	22
Polish.....	5	....	....	5	2	4	....	6	....	1	....	1	7	5	....	12
Total foreign-born.....	11	....	....	11	3	30	....	33	1	4	3	8	15	34	3	52
Grand total.....	149	6	....	155	17	98	1	116	2	15	11	28	168	119	12	299

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	59	3	....	62	6	37	....	43	....	5	2	7	65	45	2	112
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																
German.....	9	1	....	10	....	17	....	17	....	4	....	4	9	22	....	31
Hebrew.....	9	....	....	9	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	9	....	....	9
Magyar.....	37	2	....	39	4	5	....	9	....	....	....	....	41	7	....	48
Polish.....	40	....	....	40	9	23	....	32	5	2	3	10	54	25	3	82
Total.....	95	3	....	98	13	45	....	58	5	6	3	14	113	54	3	170
Total native-born.....	154	6	....	160	19	82	....	101	5	11	5	21	178	99	5	282
Foreign-born:																
German.....	....	....	....	....	2	....	....	2	....	....	....	....	....	2	....	2
Hebrew.....	1	1	....	2	1	8	....	9	....	....	....	....	2	9	....	11
Magyar.....	3	....	....	3	3	5	....	8	3	....	....	3	9	5	....	14
Polish.....	3	....	....	3	3	2	....	5	1	....	....	1	7	2	....	9
Total foreign-born.....	7	1	....	8	7	17	....	24	4	....	....	4	18	18	....	36
Grand total.....	161	7	....	168	26	99	....	125	9	11	5	25	196	117	5	318

TABLE 102.—General occupation of persons under 16 years of age, by sex, age groups, and general nativity and race of individual—Continued.

TOTAL.

General nativity and race of individual.	Number within each specified age group.															
	Under 6.				6 to 13.				14 and 15.				Total.			
	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.	At home.	At school.	At work.	Total.
Native-born of native father, White.....	114	7	.....	121	10	71	1	82	1	9	6	16	125	87	7	219
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:																
German.....	20	1	.....	21	.....	32	.....	32	.....	7	2	9	20	40	2	62
Hebrew.....	19	1	.....	20	.....	72	.....	72	.....	2	.....	2	19	1	.....	20
Magyar.....	69	3	.....	72	5	12	.....	17	.....	.....	.....	2	74	17	.....	91
Polish.....	70	.....	.....	70	18	35	.....	53	5	4	5	14	93	39	5	137
Total.....	178	5	.....	183	23	79	.....	102	5	13	7	25	206	97	7	310
Total native-born.....	292	12	.....	304	33	150	1	184	6	22	13	41	331	184	14	529
Foreign-born:																
German.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	4	.....	1	.....	1	.....	5	.....	5
Hebrew.....	2	1	.....	3	1	22	.....	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	23	.....	26
Magyar.....	8	.....	.....	8	4	15	.....	19	4	2	3	9	16	17	3	36
Polish.....	8	.....	.....	8	5	6	.....	11	1	1	.....	2	14	7	.....	21
Total foreign-born.....	18	1	.....	19	10	47	.....	57	5	4	3	12	33	52	3	88
Grand total.....	310	13	.....	323	43	197	1	241	11	26	16	53	364	236	17	617

TABLE 103.—Present political condition of foreign-born males who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race of individual and length of residence.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.			
		Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Aliens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.
German.....	27	2	.....	2	4	.....	.....	23	23	2	.....	25	27
Hebrew.....	12	.....	10	2	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	2	12
Magyar.....	41	3	26	4	33	.....	2	6	8	3	28	10	41
Polish.....	41	.....	.....	9	9	.....	.....	32	32	.....	.....	41	41
Total.....	121	5	36	17	58	.....	2	61	63	5	38	78	121

TABLE 104.—Ability to speak English of persons 6 years of age or over, by sex and general nativity and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

General nativity and race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Male.		Female.		Total.	
		Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Native-born of foreign father, by race of father:							
French.....	2	1	1	1	1	2	2
German.....	132	64	64	68	68	132	132
Magyar.....	22	11	11	11	8	22	19
Polish.....	187	90	85	97	89	187	174
Swedish.....	1			1	1	1	1
Total.....	344	166	161	178	167	344	328
Foreign-born:							
German.....	104	54	52	50	43	104	95
Hebrew.....	70	37	34	33	17	70	51
Magyar.....	232	140	49	92	16	232	65
Polish.....	149	77	50	72	20	149	70
Total.....	555	308	185	247	96	555	281
Grand total.....	899	474	346	425	263	899	609

TABLE 105.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race of individual.

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
		Under 14.		14 or over.	
		Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
German.....	54	11	11	43	41
Hebrew.....	37	14	14	23	20
Magyar.....	140	26	22	114	27
Polish.....	77	21	18	56	32
Total.....	308	72	65	236	120

FEMALE.

German.....	50	13	13	37	30
Hebrew.....	33	9	9	24	8
Magyar.....	92	15	13	77	3
Polish.....	72	23	16	49	4
Total.....	247	60	51	187	45

TOTAL.

German.....	104	24	24	80	71
Hebrew.....	70	23	23	47	28
Magyar.....	232	41	35	191	30
Polish.....	149	44	34	105	36
Total.....	555	132	116	423	165

TABLE 106.—*Ability to speak English of foreign-born persons 6 years of age or over, by sex, years in the United States, and race of individual.*

(STUDY OF HOUSEHOLDS.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race of individual.	Number reporting complete data.	Years in United States.					
		Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over.	
		Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
German.....	54	4	3	6	5	44	44
Hebrew.....	37	23	22	14	12	.....	.....
Magyar.....	140	80	16	47	24	13	9
Polish.....	77	14	1	12	8	51	41
Total.....	308	121	42	79	49	108	94

FEMALE.

German.....	50	7	3	5	3	38	37
Hebrew.....	33	30	16	2	.....	1	1
Magyar.....	92	52	5	26	4	14	7
Polish.....	72	14	.....	13	1	45	19
Total.....	247	103	24	46	8	98	64

TOTAL.

German.....	104	11	6	11	8	82	81
Hebrew.....	70	53	38	16	12	1	1
Magyar.....	232	132	21	73	28	27	16
Polish.....	149	28	1	25	9	96	60
Total.....	555	224	66	125	57	206	158

III.—AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND VEHICLE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY IN THE EAST.

TABLE 107.—Total number of employees for whom information was secured, by sex and general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	1,423	27	1,450
Negro.....	11		11
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Australia.....	2		2
Austria-Hungary.....	21	1	22
Canada.....	115	2	117
Denmark.....	2		2
England.....	147	5	152
France.....	13		13
Germany.....	238	5	243
Greece.....	1		1
Ireland.....	429	16	445
Italy.....	8	1	9
Norway.....	1		1
Russia.....	5	2	7
Scotland.....	33	1	34
Spain.....	1		1
Sweden.....	12		12
Switzerland.....	11		11
Wales.....	21		21
Total.....	1,060	33	1,093
Total native-born.....	2,494	60	2,554
Foreign-born, by race:			
Armenian.....	3		3
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9		9
Bulgarian.....	1		1
Canadian, French.....	104		104
Canadian, Other.....	100	1	101
Danish.....	4		4
Dutch.....	3		3
English.....	131	2	133
French.....	6		6
German.....	190	1	191
Greek.....	48	7	55
Hebrew, Russian.....	8		8
Hebrew, Other.....	1		1
Irish.....	279	3	282
Italian, North.....	106	9	115
Italian, South.....	247	4	251
Lithuanian.....	19		19
Magyar.....	11		11
Norwegian.....	1		1
Polish.....	472	137	609
Russian.....	58	10	68
Ruthenian.....	141	10	151
Scotch.....	43		43
Scotch-Irish.....	8		8
Slovak.....	83	1	84
Slovenian.....	7		7
Spanish.....	1		1
Swedish.....	37		37
Welsh.....	10		10
Austrian (race not specified).....	15	3	18
Belgian (race not specified).....	1		1
Swiss (race not specified).....	3		3
Total foreign-born.....	2,150	188	2,338
Grand total.....	4,644	248	4,892

TABLE 108.—Number of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. No deduction is made for time spent abroad.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.									
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.	
Armenian.....	3				1		2				
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9						2	1	1	5	
Bulgarian.....	1										
Canadian, French.....	104	1	2	1	2	1	7	15	23	52	
Canadian, Other.....	99	1		4	2	2	14	19	13	44	
Danish.....	4				1		2		1		
Dutch.....	3						1		1	1	
English.....	131	5	5	13	2	3	6	12	10	75	
French.....	6								1	5	
German.....	188	2	4	6	2	3	9	11	39	112	
Greek.....	48	3	3	13	5	2	14	5	2	1	
Hebrew, Russian.....	8	1		1		3	1	1		1	
Hebrew, Other.....	1									1	
Irish.....	279	4	7	14	7	9	20	19	27	172	
Italian, North.....	106	1	4	18	23	12	31	6	6	5	
Italian, South.....	247	4	7	41	30	37	83	22	18	5	
Lithuanian.....	19	2	4	3	4	1	3	1	1		
Magyar.....	11	1	1	2	1	3	3				
Norwegian.....	1										
Polish.....	471	48	19	96	80	38	122	19	22	27	
Russian.....	58	5	7	17	13	1	6	4	3	2	
Ruthenian.....	141	23	11	44	34	10	16	3	3		
Scotch.....	43	1		3	4	3	7	4	4	17	
Scotch-Irish.....	8									8	
Slovak.....	83	12	4	12	14	4	24	8	4	1	
Slovenian.....	7	1		3	1	1	1				
Spanish.....	1							1			
Swedish.....	37	1	1		3	5	12	1	6	8	
Welsh.....	10			1	2		1			6	
Austrian (race not specified).....	15			2	2	1	2	3	1	4	
Belgian (race not specified).....	1									1	
Swiss (race not specified).....	3									3	
Total.....	2,146	116	79	294	234	139	389	153	186	556	

FEMALE.

Canadian (other than French).....	1									1
English.....	2				2					
German.....	1								1	
Greek.....	7	1		3	3					
Irish.....	3						1	1		1
Italian, North.....	9	1		4	2	1	1			
Italian, South.....	4			1	1		2			
Polish.....	137	21	11	44	29	7	20	3	1	1
Russian.....	10			6		3	1			
Ruthenian.....	10	1		6	2				1	
Slovak.....	1						1			
Austrian (race not specified).....	3	1				1	1			
Total.....	188	25	11	64	39	12	27	4	3	3

TABLE 108.—Number of foreign-born employees in the United States each specified number of years, by sex and race—Continued.

TOTAL.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number in United States each specified number of years.									
		Under 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5 to 9.	10 to 14.	15 to 19.	20 or over.	
Armenian.....	3				1		2				
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9						2	1	1	5	
Bulgarian.....	1							1			
Canadian, French.....	104	1	2	1	2	1	7	15	23	52	
Canadian, Other.....	100	1		4	2	2	14	19	13	45	
Danish.....	4				1		2		1		
Dutch.....	3						1		1	1	
English.....	133	5	5	13	4	3	6	12	10	75	
French.....	6								1	5	
German.....	189	2	4	6	2	3	9	11	40	112	
Greek.....	55	4	3	16	8	2	14	5	2	1	
Hebrew, Russian.....	8	1		1		3	1	1		1	
Hebrew, Other.....	1									1	
Irish.....	282	4	7	14	7	9	21	20	27	173	
Italian, North.....	115	2	4	22	25	13	32	6	6	5	
Italian, South.....	251	4	7	42	31	37	85	22	18	5	
Lithuanian.....	19	2	4	3	4	1	3	1	1		
Magyar.....	11	1	1	2	1	3	3				
Norwegian.....	1				1						
Polish.....	608	69	30	140	109	45	142	22	23	28	
Russian.....	68	5	7	23	13	4	7	4	3	2	
Ruthenian.....	151	24	11	50	36	10	16		4		
Scotch.....	43	1		3	4	3	7	4	4	17	
Scotch-Irish.....	8									8	
Slovak.....	84	12	4	12	14	4	25	8	4	1	
Slovenian.....	7	1		3	1	1	1				
Spanish.....	1							1			
Swedish.....	37	1	1		3	5	12	1	6	8	
Welsh.....	10			1	2		1			6	
Austrian (race not specified).....	18	1		2	2	2	3	3	1	4	
Belgian (race not specified).....	1									1	
Swiss (race not specified).....	3									3	
Total.....	2,334	141	90	358	273	151	416	157	189	559	

TABLE 109.—Occupation of foreign-born male employees before coming to the United States, by race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who were engaged in—						
		Manufacturing.	Farming or farm labor.	General labor.	Hand trades.	Domestic service.	Trade.	Other occupations.
Armenian.....	1							1
Bohemian and Moravian.....	5		4		1			
Bulgarian.....	1		1					
Canadian, French.....	45	7	17	3	13		3	2
Canadian, Other.....	62	22	10	11	15		1	3
Danish.....	4	3			1			
Dutch.....	2	1			1			
English.....	83	29	6	6	9	3	5	25
French.....	5	2	1				2	
German.....	121	31	39	9	30		3	9
Greek.....	42	1	27	3	8		1	2
Hebrew, Russian.....	5	1			3		1	
Hebrew, Other.....	1		1					
Irish.....	165	18	81	19	14	3	10	20
Italian, North.....	90	5	52	18	7	1		7
Italian, South.....	222	6	128	30	28	3	5	22
Lithuanian.....	18	2	13		2			1
Magyar.....	8	1	6		1			1
Norwegian.....	1							1
Polish.....	403	22	289	28	44	1	4	15
Russian.....	51	2	37	8	3			1
Ruthenian.....	110	3	101		4			2
Scotch.....	30	17		1	5		2	5
Scotch-Irish.....	3	2						1
Slovak.....	73	3	60	1	7	1		1
Slovenian.....	7	1	6					
Swedish.....	29	8	9	1	4		3	4
Welsh.....	5				2			3
Austrian (race not specified).....	12	2	6	2	2			
Belgian (race not specified).....	1		1					
Swiss (race not specified).....	1	1						
Total.....	1,606	190	895	140	204	12	40	125

TABLE 110.—Occupation of foreign-born female employees before coming to the United States, by race.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who were engaged in—				
		Farming or farm labor.	Domestic service.	Sewing, embroidering, and lace making.	Trade.	Other occupations.
English.....	2		2			
Greek.....	2	1	1			
Irish.....	1	1				
Italian, North.....	6	5		1		
Polish.....	60	55	1	2	2	
Russian.....	8	6				2
Ruthenian.....	7	7				
Slovak.....	1	1				
Austrian (race not specified).....	3	3				
Total.....	90	79	4	3	2	2

TABLE 111.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.									\$25 or over.	
			\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$17.50.	\$17.50 and under \$20.	\$20 and under \$22.50.	\$22.50 and under \$25.		
Native-born of native father:													
White.....	1,309	\$12.81	1	11	270	423	183	303	79	21	8	10	
Negro.....	10	11.65			3	4		2	1				
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:													
Australia.....	1	(a)			1								
Austria-Hungary.....	9	(a)			5	1		2	1				
Canada.....	108	12.43		2	12	44	26	19	5				
Denmark.....	1	(a)			1								
England.....	135	13.17			28	34	29	29	10	1	1	3	
France.....	12	12.96			3	2	2	4	1				
Germany.....	211	12.27		6	57	58	38	35	13	2	1	1	
Greece.....	1	(a)			1								
Ireland.....	390	12.74			87	130	57	81	25	7	2	1	
Italy.....	3	(a)		1	2								
Norway.....	1	(a)			1								
Russia.....	1	(a)			1								
Scotland.....	31	13.74			3	8	6	10	3	1			
Spain.....	1	(a)				1							
Sweden.....	5	(a)				3	1	1					
Switzerland.....	9	(a)			1	5	1	1	1				
Wales.....	17	11.35			8	5	1	2		1			
Total.....	936	12.61		9	211	291	161	184	59	12	4	5	
Total native-born.....	2,255	12.72	1	20	484	718	344	489	139	33	12	15	
Foreign-born by race:													
Armenian.....	3	(a)			1	1		1					
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	(a)			3	4		2					
Bulgarian.....	1	(a)			1								
Canadian, French.....	100	13.33			4	42	18	27	5	4			
Canadian, Other.....	95	14.48			9	32	10	24	13	2			5
Danish.....	4	(a)					1	3					
Dutch.....	3	(a)				1		2					
English.....	123	13.30		1	19	40	24	25	7	3	2	2	
French.....	6	(a)				2	1	1	2				
German.....	177	12.06		2	52	53	32	30	4	3	1		
Greek.....	44	10.64		2	10	26	3	2	1				
Hebrew, Russian.....	8	(a)			2	3	1	1	1				
Hebrew, Other.....	1	(a)			1								
Irish.....	274	12.47		1	60	106	39	47	13	6		2	
Italian, North.....	100	10.25			46	45	5	3		1			
Italian, South.....	238	9.90	1	13	119	83	11	11					
Lithuanian.....	19	9.39			15	3	1						
Magyar.....	10	10.88			6	1	2	1					
Norwegian.....	1	(a)			1								
Polish.....	431	10.50		12	210	137	20	42	8	2			
Russian.....	50	10.34		1	23	18	4	4					
Ruthenian.....	133	9.96		4	78	32	4	12	2	1			
Scotch.....	40	14.68			2	8	6	19	2	1	1		
Scotch-Irish.....	8	(a)				3		2	2			1	1
Slovak.....	74	10.69		3	30	20	10	10	1				
Slovenian.....	7	(a)			4	3							
Spanish.....	1	(a)			1						2		
Swedish.....	37	13.35			5	13	6	9	1	1			

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 111.—Number of male employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.										
			\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 and under \$12.50.	\$12.50 and under \$15.	\$15 and under \$17.50.	\$17.50 and under \$20.	\$20 and under \$22.50.	\$22.50 and under \$25.	\$25 or over.	
Foreign-born, by race—Continued:													
Welsh.....	9	(a)			2	3	2	2					
Austrian (race not specified).....	15	\$12.78			3	5	4	2		1			
Belgian (race not specified).....	1	(a)						1					
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	(a)				1	2						
Total foreign-born.....	2,025	11.50	1	39	706	686	206	283	62	26	5	11	
Grand total.....	4,280	12.14	2	59	1,190	1,404	550	772	201	59	17	26	

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 112.—Number of female employees 18 years of age or over earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.			
			\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	23	\$7.04	5	3	14	1
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Canada.....	2	(a)			2	
England.....	4	(a)		1	3	
Germany.....	4	(a)	1	2	1	
Ireland.....	16	7.28	1	5	10	
Italy.....	1	(a)			1	
Russia.....	2	(a)		2		
Scotland.....	1	(a)			1	
Total.....	30	7.24	2	10	18	
Total native-born.....	53	7.15	7	13	32	1
Foreign-born, by race:						
Canadian (other than French).....	1	(a)	1			
English.....	2	(a)			2	
German.....	1	(a)		1		
Greek.....	7	(a)		6	1	
Irish.....	3	(a)		2	1	
Italian, North.....	7	(a)		2	5	
Italian, South.....	3	(a)		1	2	
Polish.....	134	7.19		75	59	
Russian.....	9	(a)		5	3	1
Ruthenian.....	8	(a)		6	1	1
Slovak.....	1	(a)		1		
Austrian (race not specified).....	3	(a)		1	2	
Total foreign-born.....	179	7.19	1	100	76	2
Grand total.....	232	7.18	8	113	108	3

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 113.—Number of male employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.			
			\$2.50 and under \$5.	\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.	\$10 or over.
Native-born of native father, White.....	51	\$7.31	5	16	27	3
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:						
Australia.....	1	(a)	1			
Austria-Hungary.....	10	6.47	2	5	2	1
Canada.....	2	(a)	1		1	
Denmark.....	1	(a)		1		
England.....	6	(a)	2	2	2	
France.....	1	(a)			1	
Germany.....	18	6.08	4	10	4	
Ireland.....	23	6.51	5	8	9	1
Italy.....	5	(a)	1	3	1	
Russia.....	4	(a)	2		2	
Scotland.....	2	(a)			2	
Sweden.....	7	(a)	2	1	4	
Switzerland.....	1	(a)		1		
Wales.....	3	(a)	3			
Total.....	84	6.36	23	31	28	2
Total native-born.....	135	6.72	28	47	55	5
Foreign-born, by race:						
Canadian, French.....	2	(a)			1	1
English.....	1	(a)			1	
German.....	3	(a)	2		1	
Italian, North.....	2	(a)		2		
Italian, South.....	7	(a)	2	4	1	
Polish.....	5	(a)		1	4	
Russian.....	1	(a)			1	
Ruthenian.....	6	(a)		3	3	
Slovak.....	3	(a)		1	2	
Total foreign-born.....	30	6.98	4	11	14	1
Grand total.....	165	6.77	32	58	69	6

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 114.—Number of female employees 14 and under 18 years of age earning each specified amount per week, by general nativity and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Average earnings per week.	Number earning each specified amount per week.	
			\$5 and under \$7.50.	\$7.50 and under \$10.
Native-born of native father, White.....	4	(a)	2	2
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:				
Austria-Hungary.....	1	(a)	1	1
England.....	1	(a)		1
Germany.....	1	(a)		1
Total.....	3	(a)	1	2
Total native-born.....	7	(a)	3	4
Foreign-born, by race:				
Italian, North.....	2	(a)		2
Italian, South.....	1	(a)	1	
Polish.....	3	(a)	2	1
Russian.....	1	(a)	1	
Ruthenian.....	2	(a)	2	
Total foreign-born.....	9	(a)	6	3
Grand total.....	16	\$6.99	9	7

* This table shows wages or earnings for the period indicated, but no account is taken of voluntary lost time or lost time from shutdowns or other causes. In the various tables in this report showing annual earnings allowance is made for time lost during the year.

^a Not computed, owing to small number involved.

TABLE 115.—Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	1,406	1,403	1,401
Negro.....	11	10	10
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Australia.....	2	2	2
Austria-Hungary.....	21	20	20
Canada.....	115	115	115
Denmark.....	2	2	2
England.....	143	142	142
France.....	13	13	13
Germany.....	235	233	233
Greece.....	1	1	1
Ireland.....	421	421	417
Italy.....	7	7	7
Norway.....	1	1	1
Russia.....	5	5	5
Scotland.....	33	33	33
Spain.....	1	1	1
Sweden.....	7	7	7
Switzerland.....	11	11	11
Wales.....	18	18	18
Total.....	1,036	1,032	1,028
Total native-born.....	2,453	2,445	2,439

TABLE 115.—*Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.*

MALE—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Foreign-born, by race:			
Armenian.....	3	3	3
Bohemian and Moravian.....	8	8	8
Bulgarian.....	1		
Canadian, French.....	103	98	96
Canadian, Other.....	98	98	98
Danish.....	4	4	4
Dutch.....	3	3	3
English.....	131	129	129
French.....	6	6	5
German.....	188	186	186
Greek.....	48	40	38
Hebrew, Russian.....	8	8	8
Hebrew, Other.....	1	1	1
Irish.....	278	270	267
Italian, North.....	105	84	83
Italian, South.....	247	159	158
Lithuanian.....	19	17	15
Magyar.....	11	9	9
Norwegian.....	1	1	1
Polish.....	450	384	375
Russian.....	58	47	43
Ruthenian.....	141	97	96
Scotch.....	43	43	43
Scotch-Irish.....	8	8	8
Slovak.....	80	60	58
Slovenian.....	6	4	4
Spanish.....	1	1	1
Swedish.....	37	37	37
Welsh.....	10	10	10
Austrian (race not specified).....	15	11	11
Belgian (race not specified).....	1	1	1
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3	3
Total foreign-born.....	2,125	1,830	1,802
Grand total.....	4,578	4,275	4,241

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	27	27	27
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Austria-Hungary.....	1	1	1
Canada.....	2	2	2
England.....	5	5	5
Germany.....	5	5	5
Ireland.....	16	16	16
Italy.....	1	1	1
Russia.....	2	1	1
Scotland.....	1	1	1
Total.....	33	32	32
Total native-born.....	60	59	59
Foreign-born, by race:			
Canadian (other than French).....	1	1	1
English.....	2	2	2
German.....	1	1	1
Greek.....	7	3	3
Irish.....	3	2	2
Italian, North.....	8	6	6
Italian, South.....	4	4	4
Polish.....	134	103	97
Russian.....	10	6	6
Ruthenian.....	10	7	6
Slovak.....	1	1	1
Austrian (race not specified).....	3	3	1
Total foreign-born.....	184	139	130
Grand total.....	244	198	189

TABLE 115.—Literacy of employees, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued

TOTAL.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who—	
		Read.	Read and write.
Native-born of native father:			
White.....	1,433	1,430	1,428
Negro.....	11	10	10
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:			
Australia.....	2	2	2
Austria-Hungary.....	22	21	21
Canada.....	117	117	117
Denmark.....	2	2	2
England.....	148	147	147
France.....	13	13	13
Germany.....	240	238	238
Greece.....	1	1	1
Ireland.....	437	437	433
Italy.....	8	8	8
Norway.....	1	1	1
Russia.....	7	6	6
Scotland.....	34	34	34
Spain.....	1	1	1
Sweden.....	7	7	7
Switzerland.....	11	11	11
Wales.....	18	18	18
Total.....	1,069	1,064	1,060
Total native-born.....	2,513	2,504	2,498
Foreign-born, by race:			
Armenian.....	3	3	3
Bohemian and Moravian.....	8	8	8
Bulgarian.....	1		
Canadian, French.....	103	98	96
Canadian, Other.....	99	99	99
Danish.....	4	4	4
Dutch.....	3	3	3
English.....	133	131	131
French.....	6	6	5
German.....	189	187	187
Greek.....	55	43	41
Hebrew, Russian.....	8	8	8
Hebrew, Other.....	1	1	1
Irish.....	281	272	269
Italian, North.....	113	90	89
Italian, South.....	251	163	162
Lithuanian.....	19	17	15
Magyar.....	11	9	9
Norwegian.....	1	1	1
Polish.....	593	487	472
Russian.....	68	53	49
Ruthenian.....	151	104	102
Scotch.....	43	43	43
Scotch-Irish.....	8	8	8
Slovak.....	81	61	59
Slovenian.....	6	4	4
Spanish.....	1	1	1
Swedish.....	37	37	37
Welsh.....	10	10	10
Austrian (race not specified).....	18	14	12
Belgian (race not specified).....	1	1	1
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3	3
Total foreign-born.....	2,309	1,969	1,932
Grand total.....	4,822	4,473	4,430

TABLE 116.—*Conjugal condition of employees, by sex, age group, and general nativity and race.*
(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)
MALE.

General nativity and race.	Num-ber re- porting com- plete data.	Number within each specified age group.												Total.						
		16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.									
		Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.	Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.		Sin- gle.	Mar- ried.	Wid- owed.			
Native-born of native father:	1,416	124	1	125	280	203	3	486	77	370	18	465	17	288	35	340	498	862	56	1,416
White.....	11	1		1		2		2		4		4		4		4	1	10		11
Negro.....																				
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																				
Australia.....	1	1		1				3									1			1
Austria-Hungary.....	19	14	3	14	3			52	5	33	3	41	1	1		1	17	2		19
Canada.....	115	7	1	8	25	26	1	52	5	33	3	41		12	2	14	37	72	6	115
Denmark.....	2	1		1	1			1									2			2
England.....	145	14	1	14	26	13		39	6	48	3	57	1	33	1	35	47	94	4	145
France.....	13	1		1	3			3	1	2				6		6	5	8		13
Germany.....	233	34		34	55	21		76	15	58	5	78	6	36	3	45	110	115	8	233
Greece.....	1	1		1				1									1			1
Ireland.....	421	30	1	31	82	34	1	117	57	112	7	176	16	74	7	97	185	221	15	421
Italy.....	8	6		6	2			2									8			8
Norway.....	1	1		1	1			1									1			1
Russia.....	3	2		2	1			1									3			3
Scotland.....	33	6		6	3	3		6	5	8		13	2	6		8	16	17		33
Spain.....	1	1		1				1								1				1
Sweden.....	10	6		6	1			1		3		3				3	7	3		10
Switzerland.....	11	2		2	3	1		4	3	3		3		2		2	5	6		11
Wales.....	19	5		5	6	3		9	1	2		3		1	1	2	12	6	1	19
Total.....	1,036	129	2	131	211	103	2	316	90	270	18	378	25	172	14	211	455	547	34	1,036
Total native-born.....	2,463	254	3	257	491	308	5	804	167	644	36	847	42	464	49	555	954	1,419	90	2,463
Foreign-born, by race:																				
Armenian.....	3				2			2		1		1		1			2			3
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9				1	2		3		4		4		1			2			9
Bulgarian.....	1				1			1		1		1					1			1

Canadian, French.....	104	4	16	16	32	5	33	4	42	23	3	26	25	72	7	104
Canadian, Other.....	100		10	12	22	6	40		46	28	2	32	18	80	2	100
Danish.....	4			3	3		1		1					4		4
Dutch.....	3					1			2			1	1	2		3
English.....	131	2	18	12	30	9	42	1	52	1	5	47	29	96	6	131
French.....	6					3			3			3	3	6		6
German.....	188	2	18	13	31	15	55	1	71	9	8	84	44	135	9	188
Greek.....	48	1	17	12	29	2	14		16			2	20	28		48
Hebrew, Russian.....	8	1	2	1	3		3		4			3	3	5		8
Hebrew, Other.....	1											1		1		1
Irish.....	277	2	38	13	51	30	69	5	104	8	19	120	78	175	24	277
Italian, North.....	106	11	31	22	53	8	28	1	37		3	5	50	153	3	106
Italian, South.....	246	23	70	50	121	5	74	2	81		21	21	98	145	3	246
Lithuanian.....	19	1	7	4	11	3	3		6		1	1	1	8		19
Magyar.....	11	1	4	2	6		4		4			5	5	6		11
Norwegian.....	1		1		1											1
Polish.....	470	42	130	107	237	25	137	1	163	2	26	28	199	270	1	470
Russian.....	58	10	19	7	26	2	16		18		4	4	31	27		58
Ruthenian.....	141	45	42	22	64	1	27		28		4	4	88	53		141
Scotch.....	43		3	7	11	3	12		15	1	14	2	17	33	3	43
Scotch-Irish.....	8		1		1	1	3		4		3	3	2	6		8
Slovak.....	83	16	20	12	32	1	28	1	30		5	5	37	45	1	83
Slovenian.....	7		3	1	4		3		3		1	3	3	4		7
Spanish.....	1		1		1											1
Swedish.....	37	1	13	4	17	6	10		16		3	3	20	17		37
Welsh.....	10		4	1	5		1		1		4	4	4	6		10
Austrian (race not specified).....	15		1	5	6	1	6		7		2	2	2	13		15
Belgian (race not specified).....	1										1	1	1	1		1
Swiss (race not specified).....	3						2		2		1	1		3		3
Total foreign-born.....	2,143	162	472	328	802	124	622	16	762	23	353	41	417	781	1,303	2,143
Grand total.....	4,606	416	963	636	7,606	291	1,266	52	1,609	65	817	90	972	1,735	2,722	4,606

FEMALE.

Native-born of native father, White.....	27	11	12	1	2	15	1		1				24	1	2	27
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																
Austria-Hungary.....	1	1											1			1
Canada.....	2	2			2								2			2
England.....	5	2	1		1		1		2			3	3	1	1	5
Germany.....	5	3	2		2								5			5

TABLE 116.—*Conjugal condition of employees, by sex, age group, and general nativity and race—Continued.*
FEMALE—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Num-ber re-ported com-plete data.	Number within each specified age group.												Total.			
		16 to 19.			20 to 29.			30 to 44.			45 or over.						
		Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.	Mar-ried.	Wid-owed.	Total.	
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father—Continued.																	
Ireland.....	16		3	10	1	11	2			2					15	1	16
Italy.....	1			1		1									1		1
Russia.....	2		1	1		1									2		2
Scotland.....	1			1		1									1		1
Total.....	33	10	18	1	1	19	2	1	1	4					30	2	33
Total native-born.....	60	21	30	2	2	34	3	1	1	5					54	3	60
Foreign-born, by race:																	
Canadian (other than French).....	1																1
English.....	2					2											2
German.....	1		1			1									1		1
Greek.....	7	3	4	1	2	3									4	3	7
Irish.....	3	1	1	1	1	1				1					1	2	3
Italian, North.....	9	4	5	1	1	3				1					6	2	9
Italian, South.....	4	2	2	2	2	2									2	2	4
Polish.....	137	51	56	42	28	71	1	7	2	10					94	39	137
Russian.....	10	6	6	2	2	4									8	2	10
Ruthenian.....	10	8	8	2	1	2									10	1	10
Slovak.....	1				1	1										1	1
Austrian (race not specified).....	3			1		1				2					1	2	3
Total foreign-born.....	188	75	82	52	37	91	2	10	2	14					129	53	188
Grand total.....	248	96	103	82	39	125	5	11	3	19					183	56	248

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father:	1,443	135	1	136	292	204	5	501	78	370	18	406	17	288	35	340	522	803	58	1,443
White.....	11	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	1	10	10	11
Negro.....																				
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:																				
Australia.....	1	1		1				3	1	1		1		1		1	1			1
Austria-Hungary.....	20	15		15	3			54	5	33	3	41		12	2	14	39	72	6	20
Canada.....	117	7	1	8	27	26	1	1	6	49	4	59	1	33	1	35	50	95	5	117
Denmark.....	150	16		16	27	13		40	6	27				6			2			150
England.....																				
France.....	13	1		1	3			3	1	2		3		6		6	5	8		13
Germany.....	238	37		37	57	21		78	15	58	5	78	6	36	3	45	115	115	8	238
Greece.....	1	1		1				128	59	112	7	178	16	74	7	97	200	222	15	1
Ireland.....	437	33	1	34	92	35	1	3												437
Italy.....	9	6		6	3			3									9			9
Norway.....	1	1		1				2									5			1
Norwich.....	1	3		3	2			7	5	8		13	2	6		8	17	17		1
Russia.....	34	6		6	4	3														34
Scotland.....																				
Spain.....	1	1		1				1						1		1				1
Sweden.....	10	6		6	1			1				3				1				10
Switzerland.....	11	2		2	3	1		4	3	3		3		2		2	7	3		11
Switzerland.....	19	5		5	6	3		9	1	2		3		1		2	12	6		19
Wales.....																				
Total.....	1,069	139	2	141	229	104	2	335	92	271	19	382	25	172	14	211	485	549	35	1,069
Total native-born.....	2,523	275	3	278	521	310	7	838	170	645	37	852	42	464	49	555	1,008	1,422	93	2,523
Foreign-born, by race:																				
Armenian.....	3				2			2		1		1					2	1		3
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9				1	2		3		4		4	1	1		2	2	7		9
Bulgarian.....	104	4		4	16	16		32	5	33	4	42	2	23	3	26	25	72	7	104
Canadian, French.....	101				10	12		22	6	40		46	2	28	3	33	18	80	3	101
Canadian, Other.....																				
Danish.....	4					3		3		1		1						4		4
Dutch.....	3									1		1				1	1	2		3
English.....	133	2		2	20	12		32	9	42	1	52		42	5	47	31	96	6	133
French.....	6							3		3		3		3		3	6	6		6
German.....	189	2		2	19	13		32	15	55	1	71	9	67	8	84	45	135	9	189
Greek.....	55	4	1	5	18	14		32	2	14		16		2		2	24	31		55
Hebrew, Russian.....	8	1		1	2	1		3		4		4					3	5		8
Hebrew, Other.....	1																			1
Irish.....	280	3		3	38	14		52	30	70	5	108	8	93	19	120	70	177	24	280
Italian, North.....	115	15	1	16	32	23		1	56	9	28	38		3	2	5	56	55	4	115
Italian, South.....	250	25		25	70	52	1	123	5	74	2	81	21	21		21	100	147	3	250

TABLE 117.—Location of wives of foreign-born employees, by race of husband.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

Race of husband.	Number reporting complete data.	Number reporting wife—	
		In United States.	Abroad.
Armenian	1	1	
Bohemian and Moravian	7	7	
Bulgarian	1	1	
Canadian, French	72	72	
Canadian, Other	79	79	
Danish	4	4	
Dutch	2	2	
English	95	92	3
French	6	6	
German	134	132	2
Greek	28	17	11
Hebrew, Russian	5	4	1
Hebrew, Other	1	1	
Irish	173	172	1
Italian, North	53	32	21
Italian, South	145	113	32
Lithuanian	8	6	2
Magyar	6	3	3
Polish	268	187	81
Russian	27	15	12
Ruthenian	53	16	37
Scotch	32	32	
Scotch-Irish	6	6	
Slovak	45	24	21
Slovenian	4		4
Swedish	16	15	1
Welsh	6	6	
Austrian (race not specified)	13	13	
Belgian (race not specified)	1	1	
Swiss (race not specified)	3	3	
Total	1,294	1,062	232

TABLE 118.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

MALE.

Race.	In United States under 5 years.				In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.			
	Number reporting—				Number reporting—				Number reporting—				Number reporting—			
	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 or more visits.
Armenian.....	3	1			2	2			6	6			3	3		
Bohemian and Moravian.....	8				2	2			1	1			8	8		
Bulgarian.....	1															
Canadian, French.....	102	7	5	1	7	3	3	1	88	48	20	7	102	56	24	7
Canadian, Other.....	78	7	3	3	12	4	3	5	59	13	9	5	78	20	12	8
Danish.....	4	1	1		2	1		1	1	1			4	3		1
Dutch.....	2				1	1			1	1			2	2		
English.....	116	22	19	3	5	4	1		89	63	15	5	116	86	19	5
French.....	5				5	3			5	3			5	3		1
German.....	155	12	11	1	7	7			136	118	9	5	155	136	10	5
Greek.....	43	24	22	2	12	9	3		7	6	1		43	37	6	
Hebrew, Russian.....	5	3	3		1	1			1	1			5	5		
Hebrew, Other.....	1															
Irish.....	264	39	38	1	18	18			207	183	20	3	264	239	21	3
Italian, North.....	100	55	48	6	30	21	7	1	15	12	2		100	81	15	2
Italian, South.....	235	114	104	9	77	57	20		44	40	3	1	235	201	32	2
Lithuanian.....	19	14	11	3	3	1	2		2	2			19	14	5	
Magyar.....	9	7	7		2	1	1						9	8	1	
Norwegian.....	1				1	1			1	1			1	1		
Polish.....	397	235	221	12	104	93	8	2	58	51	5	2	397	365	6	1
Russian.....	46	34	32	2	5	4	1		7	6	1		46	42	3	1
Ruthenian.....	93	78	75	3	13	12	1		2	1	1		93	88	5	
Scotch.....	39	9	8	1	6	4	1		24	15	7	1	39	27	9	1
Scotch-Irish.....	8				8	5	1		8	5	1		8	5	1	2
Slovak.....	71	36	29	6	23	16	7		12	9	2	1	71	54	15	2
Slovenian.....	7	6	5	1	1								7	5		2

TABLE 118.—Visits abroad made by foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race—Continued.

TOTAL.—Continued.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	In United States under 5 years.				In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.						
		Number reporting—				Number reporting—				Number reporting—				Number reporting—						
		Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	Num-ber.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.	No visits.	1 visit.	2 visits.	3 or more visits.
Lithuanian.....	19	11	3			3	1	2			2	2				14	5			
Magyar.....	9	7				2	1	1								9	8			
Norwegian.....	1	1														1				
Polish.....	531	344	23	3		124	111	10	2	1	63	56	5	2		485	38	7	1	
Russian.....	54	42	40	2		5	4	1			7	6		1		50	3	1		
Ruthenian.....	102	86	83	3		13	12	1			3	2	1			97	5			
Scotch.....	39	9	8	1		6	4	1		1	24	15	7	1	1	39	27	9	2	
Scotch-Irish.....	8										8	5	1	2		8	5	1	2	
Slovak.....	72	36	29	6	1		24	16	8		12	9	2	1		72	54	16	2	
Slovenian.....	7	6	5	1		1		1								7	5	2		
Spanish.....	1															1				
Swedish.....	33	8	7	1		11	10	1			14	10	3	1		33	27	5	1	
Welsh.....	7	1				1					5	3	2			7	4		2	
Austrian (race not specified).....	16	7	6	1		3	2		1		6	4	1		1	16	12	2	1	
Belgian (race not specified).....	1					1					1					1				
Swiss (race not specified).....	3										3					3				
Total.....	2,047	864	787	66	9	2	372	294	63	4	11	811	614	101	36	60	2,047	1,695	230	49

TABLE 119.—Number of employees of each age or within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

MALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.												
		14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.	65 or over.
Native-born of native father:														
White.....	1,423	2	3	18	29	36	42	261	226	174	291	205	97	39
Negro.....	11					1			2		4	2	2	
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:														
Australia.....	2		1			1								
Austria-Hungary.....	21	2		4	5	3	2		3			1		
Canada.....	115			1	1	1	5	28	24	18	23	11	3	
Denmark.....	2			1					1					
England.....	147	2		1	3	4	6	23	16	18	39	24	9	2
France.....	13				1			2	1	1	2	4	2	
Germany.....	238	1	3	7	7	9	11	46	31	26	52	36	9	
Greece.....	1							1						
Ireland.....	429		6	5	12	8	6	54	65	71	105	82	14	1
Italy.....	8			2	3	1		2						
Norway.....	1								1					
Russia.....	5		2	1	1			1						
Scotland.....	33				2	2	2	1	5	7	6	7	1	
Spain.....	1											1		
Sweden.....	12	1	1	2	3		1	1		2	1			
Switzerland.....	11			1			1	3	1		3	2		
Wales.....	21	2		1		2	2	7	2	3		1	1	
Total.....	1,060	8	13	26	38	31	36	172	147	146	232	169	39	3
Total native-born..	2,494	10	16	44	67	68	78	433	375	320	527	376	138	42
Foreign-born, by race:														
Armenian.....	3								2		1			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9							1	2		4	1	1	
Bulgarian.....	1									1				
Canadian, French.....	104				2		2	13	19	19	23	18	5	3
Canadian, Other.....	100							7	15	10	36	26	5	1
Danish.....	4							1	2	1				
Dutch.....	3									1				
English.....	131				1		1	13	17	18	34	27	16	4
French.....	6									1	2	1	2	
German.....	190	1	1	1		1		10	21	26	45	43	29	12
Greek.....	48						1	15	14	7	9	1	1	
Hebrew, Russian.....	8					1		3		1	3			
Hebrew, Other.....	1													1
Irish.....	279						2	20	32	34	71	68	37	15
Italian, North.....	106			1	1	3	6	29	24	15	22	5		
Italian, South.....	247			2	5	8	8	67	55	32	49	17	4	
Lithuanian.....	19					1		3	8	2	4	1		
Magyar.....	11					1		2	4	2	2			
Norwegian.....	1							1						
Polish.....	472			1	4	18	19	110	129	85	78	24	4	
Russian.....	58				1	5	4	16	10	9	9	3	1	
Ruthenian.....	141			1	5	20	19	33	31	15	13	4		
Scotch.....	43							6	5	10	5	8	9	
Scotch-Irish.....	8								1		4	3		
Slovak.....	83			1	4	6	5	19	13	11	19	5		
Slovenian.....	7							1	3	1	2			
Spanish.....	1							1						
Swedish.....	37						1	8	9	3	13	3		
Welsh.....	10								5		1	2	1	1
Austrian (race not specified).....	15							2	4	4	3	2		
Belgian (race not specified).....	1											1		
Swiss (race not specified).....	3									1			1	
Total foreign-born..	2,150	1	1	7	23	64	68	381	425	309	454	263	117	37
Grand total.....	4,644	11	17	51	90	132	146	814	800	629	981	639	255	79

TABLE 119.—Number of employees of each age or within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

FEMALE.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.												
		14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.	65 or over.
Native-born of native father, White	27			1	3	4	3	9	6		1			
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:														
Austria-Hungary	1				1									
Canada	2							2						
England	5				1		1	1	1	1	1			
Germany	5				1	1	1	1	1					
Ireland	16					3		4	7	1	1			
Italy	1							1						
Russia	2						1	1						
Scotland	1								1					
Total	33				3	4	3	9	10	2	2			
Total native-born	60			1	6	8	6	18	16	2	3			
Foreign-born, by race:														
Canadian (other than French)	1											1		
English	2							2						
German	1							1						
Greek	7					4		2	1					
Irish	3						1	1			1			
Italian, North	9				2	2	1	2	1	1				
Italian, South	4				1	1	1	2						
Polish	137				3	26	27	57	14	7	3			
Russian	10				1	2	3	3	1					
Ruthenian	10				2	1	5	2						
Slovak	1								1					
Austrian (race not specified)	3							1		1	1			
Total foreign-born	188				9	35	38	73	18	9	5	1		
Grand total	248			1	15	43	44	91	34	11	8	1		

TOTAL.

Native-born of native father:															
White	1,450	2	3	19	32	40	45	270	232	174	292	205	97	39	
Negro	11					1			2		4	2	2		
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father:															
Australia	2		1			1									
Austria-Hungary	22	2		4	6	3	2	3			1	1			
Canada	117			1	1	1	5	30	24	18	23	11	3		
Denmark	2			1				1							
England	152	2		1	4	4	7	23	17	19	40	24	9	2	
France	13				1			2	1	1	2	4	2		
Germany	243	1	3	7	8	10	12	47	32	26	52	36	9		
Greece	1								1						
Ireland	445		6	5	12	11	6	58	72	72	106	82	14	1	
Italy	9				2	3	1	3							
Norway	1								1						
Russia	7		2	1	1		1	2							
Scotland	34				2	2	2	1	6	7	6	7	1		

TABLE 119.—Number of employees of each age or within each age group, by sex and general nativity and race—Continued.

TOTAL—Continued.

General nativity and race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number of each age or within each specified age group.												
		14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20 to 24.	25 to 29.	30 to 34.	35 to 44.	45 to 54.	55 to 64.	65 or over.
Native-born of foreign father, by country of birth of father—Cont'd.														
Spain.....	1											1		
Sweden.....	12	1	1	2	3		1	1		2	1			
Switzerland.....	11			1			1	3	1		3	2		
Wales.....	21	2		1		2	2	7	2	3		1	1	
Total.....	1,093	8	13	26	41	35	39	181	157	148	234	169	39	3
Total native-born..	2,554	10	16	45	73	76	84	451	391	322	530	376	188	42
Foreign-born, by race:														
Armenian.....	3								2		1			
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9							1	2		4	1	1	
Bulgarian.....	1									1				
Canadian, French.....	104				2		2	13	19	19	23	18	5	3
Canadian, Other.....	101							7	15	10	36	27	5	1
Danish.....	4							1	2	1				
Dutch.....	3									1	1		1	
English.....	133				1		1	15	17	18	34	27	16	4
French.....	6									1	2	1	2	
German.....	191	1	1	1		1		11	21	26	45	43	29	12
Greek.....	55					4	1	17	15	7	9	1	1	
Hebrew, Russian.....	8							3		1	3			
Hebrew, Other.....	1													1
Irish.....	282						3	21	32	34	72	68	37	15
Italian, North.....	115			1	3	5	7	31	25	16	22	5		
Italian, South.....	251			2	6	8	9	69	55	32	49	17	4	
Lithuanian.....	19					1		3	8	2	4	1		
Magyar.....	11					1		2	4	2	2			
Norwegian.....	1							1						
Polish.....	609			1	7	44	46	167	143	92	81	24	4	
Russian.....	68				2	7	7	19	11	9	9	3	1	
Ruthenian.....	151			1	7	21	24	35	31	15	13	4		
Scotch.....	43							6	5	10	5	8	9	
Scotch-Irish.....	8								1		4	3		
Slovak.....	84			1	4	6	5	19	14	11	19	5		
Slovenian.....	7							1	3	1	2			
Spanish.....	1							1						
Swedish.....	37						1	8	9	3	13	3		
Welsh.....	10								5		1	2	1	1
Austrian (race not specified).....	18							3	4	5	4	2		
Belgian (race not specified).....	1											1		
Swiss (race not specified).....	3									1	1		1	
Total foreign-born..	2,338	1	1	7	32	99	106	454	443	318	459	264	117	37
Grand total.....	4,892	11	17	52	105	175	190	905	834	640	989	640	255	79

TABLE 120.—*Present political condition of foreign-born male employees who have been in the United States 5 years or over and who were 21 years of age or over at time of coming, by race and length of residence.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States.]

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	In United States 5 to 9 years.				In United States 10 years or over.				Total.			
		Allens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Allens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.	Allens.	Having first papers only.	Having second papers.	Total.
Armenian.....	2	1	.....	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	2
Bohemian and Moravian.....	2	1	.....	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	2
Canadian, French.....	18	4	.....	4	4	3	.....	11	14	7	.....	11	18
Canadian, Other.....	40	5	.....	2	7	10	6	17	33	15	6	19	40
Dutch.....	2	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	2
English.....	31	.....	4	.....	4	4	1	22	27	4	5	22	31
French.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	2	2
German.....	74	1	4	2	7	5	5	57	67	6	9	59	74
Greek.....	10	4	1	.....	5	3	2	5	4	4	2	10	10
Hebrew, Russian.....	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	1
Hebrew, Other.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	1	1	1
Irish.....	84	7	6	1	14	5	5	60	70	12	11	61	84
Italian, North.....	23	10	4	1	15	2	1	5	8	12	5	6	23
Italian, South.....	78	34	9	5	48	6	6	18	30	40	15	23	78
Lithuanian.....	4	3	.....	.....	3	1	.....	.....	1	4	.....	4	4
Magyar.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2	2
Polish.....	120	70	19	.....	89	14	5	12	31	84	24	12	120
Russian.....	7	4	.....	.....	4	2	.....	1	3	6	.....	1	7
Ruthenian.....	9	6	1	.....	7	1	.....	1	2	7	1	1	9
Scotch.....	18	4	1	.....	5	1	1	11	13	5	2	11	18
Slovak.....	25	11	3	1	15	6	1	3	10	17	4	4	25
Slovenian.....	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
Swedish.....	15	3	3	1	7	1	.....	7	8	4	3	8	15
Welsh.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	2	2
Austrian (race not specified).....	4	1	.....	1	2	1	.....	1	2	2	.....	2	4
Total.....	575	173	56	15	244	62	35	234	331	235	91	249	575

TABLE 121.—*Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race.*

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
			Under 14.		14 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Armenian.....	3	3	.....	.....	3	3
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	9	3	3	6	6
Bulgarian.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
Canadian, French.....	104	104	50	50	54	54
Danish.....	4	4	.....	.....	4	4
Dutch.....	2	2	1	1	1	1
French.....	6	6	1	1	5	5
German.....	188	179	54	54	134	125
Greek.....	48	37	1	1	47	36
Hebrew, Russian.....	8	8	.....	.....	8	8
Hebrew, Other.....	1	1	.....	.....	1	1

TABLE 121.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, age at time of coming to the United States, and race—Continued.

MALE—Continued.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Age at time of coming to United States.			
			Under 14.		14 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Italian, North.....	106	69	5	5	101	64
Italian, South.....	247	148	12	11	235	137
Lithuanian.....	19	2			19	2
Magyar.....	11	4			11	4
Norwegian.....	1	1			1	1
Polish.....	468	212	20	18	448	194
Russian.....	58	26	1	1	57	25
Ruthenian.....	141	28	2		139	28
Slovak.....	82	36	1	1	81	35
Slovenian.....	7	3			7	3
Spanish.....	1	1	1	1		
Swedish.....	37	36	3	3	34	33
Austrian (race not specified).....	15	12	2	2	13	10
Belgian (race not specified).....	1	1			1	1
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3	2	2	1	1
Total.....	1,571	935	159	154	1,412	781

FEMALE.

German.....	1	1	1	1		
Greek.....	7				7	
Italian, North.....	9		1			8
Italian, South.....	4	2	1	1	3	1
Polish.....	137	10	5	3	132	7
Russian.....	10	1			10	1
Ruthenian.....	10	3	1		9	3
Slovak.....	1	1			1	1
Austrian (race not specified).....	3				3	
Total.....	182	18	9	5	173	13

TOTAL.

Armenian.....	3	3			3	3
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	9	3	3	6	6
Bulgarian.....	1				1	
Canadian, French.....	104	104	50	50	54	54
Danish.....	4	4			4	4
Dutch.....	2	2	1	1	1	1
French.....	6	6	1	1	5	5
German.....	189	180	55	55	134	125
Greek.....	55	37	1	1	54	36
Hebrew, Russian.....	8	8			8	8
Hebrew, Other.....	1	1			1	1
Italian, North.....	115	69	6	5	109	64
Italian, South.....	251	150	13	12	238	138
Lithuanian.....	19	2			19	2
Magyar.....	11	4			11	4
Norwegian.....	1	1			1	1
Polish.....	605	222	25	21	580	201
Russian.....	68	27	1	1	67	26
Ruthenian.....	151	31	3		148	31
Slovak.....	83	37	1	1	82	36
Slovenian.....	7	3			7	3
Spanish.....	1	1	1	1		
Swedish.....	37	36	3	3	34	33
Austrian (race not specified).....	18	12	2	2	16	10
Belgian (race not specified).....	1	1			1	1
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3	2	2	1	1
Total.....	1,753	953	168	159	1,585	794

TABLE 122.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race.

(STUDY OF EMPLOYEES.)

[By years in the United States is meant years since first arrival in the United States. This table includes only non-English-speaking races.]

MALE.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Years in United States.					
			Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over.	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Armenian.....	3	3	1	1	2	2		
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	9			2	2	7	7
Bulgarian.....	1						1	
Canadian, French.....	104	104	7	7	7	7	90	90
Danish.....	4	4	1	1	2	2	1	1
Dutch.....	2	2			1	1	1	1
French.....	6	6					6	6
German.....	188	179	17	9	9	8	162	162
Greek.....	48	37	26	16	14	14	8	7
Hebrew, Russian.....	8	8	5	5	1	1	2	2
Hebrew, Other.....	1	1					1	1
Italian, North.....	106	69	58	28	31	25	17	16
Italian, South.....	247	148	119	49	83	56	45	43
Lithuanian.....	19	2	14		3	1	2	1
Magyar.....	11	4	8	3	3	1		
Norwegian.....	1	1	1	1				
Polish.....	468	212	281	88	120	67	67	57
Russian.....	58	26	43	12	6	5	9	9
Ruthenian.....	141	28	122	15	16	10	3	3
Slovak.....	82	36	46	12	23	12	13	12
Slovenian.....	7	3	6	2	1	1		
Spanish.....	1	1					1	1
Swedish.....	37	36	10	9	12	12	15	15
Austrian (race not specified).....	15	12	5	3	2	1	8	8
Belgian (race not specified).....	1	1					1	1
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3					3	3
Total.....	1,571	935	770	261	338	228	463	446

FEMALE.

German.....	1	1					1	1
Greek.....	7		7					
Italian, North.....	9		8		1			
Italian, South.....	4	2	2		2	2		
Polish.....	137	10	112	4	20	3	5	3
Russian.....	10	1	9	1	1			
Ruthenian.....	10	3	9	3			1	
Slovak.....	1				1	1		
Austrian (race not specified).....	3		2		1			
Total.....	182	18	149	8	26	6	7	4

TABLE 122.—Ability to speak English of foreign-born employees, by sex, years in the United States, and race—Continued.

TOTAL.

Race.	Number reporting complete data.	Number who speak English.	Years in United States.					
			Under 5.		5 to 9.		10 or over	
			Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.	Number.	Number who speak English.
Armenian.....	3	3	1	1	2	2	.....	.....
Bohemian and Moravian.....	9	9	.....	.....	2	2	7	7
Bulgarian.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
Canadian, French.....	104	104	7	7	7	7	90	90
Danish.....	4	4	1	1	2	2	1	1
Dutch.....	2	2	.....	.....	1	1	1	1
French.....	6	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	6
German.....	189	180	17	9	9	8	163	163
Greek.....	55	37	33	16	14	14	8	7
Hebrew, Russian.....	8	8	5	5	1	1	2	2
Hebrew, Other.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Italian, North.....	115	69	66	28	32	25	17	16
Italian, South.....	251	150	121	49	85	58	45	43
Lithuanian.....	19	2	14	.....	3	1	2	1
Magyar.....	11	4	8	3	3	1	.....	.....
Norwegian.....	1	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polish.....	605	222	393	92	140	70	72	60
Russian.....	68	27	52	13	7	5	9	9
Ruthenian.....	151	31	131	18	16	10	4	3
Slovak.....	83	37	46	12	24	13	13	12
Slovenian.....	7	3	6	2	1	1	.....	.....
Spanish.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Swedish.....	37	36	10	9	12	12	15	15
Austrian (race not specified).....	18	12	7	3	3	1	8	8
Belgian (race not specified).....	1	1	1	1
Swiss (race not specified).....	3	3	3	3
Total.....	1,753	953	919	269	364	234	470	450



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