THE RICE INSTITUTE HOUSTON, TEXAS



ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR BEGINNING SEPTEMBER TWELFTH NINETEEN HUNDRED AND THIRTY TWO



A UNIVERSITY OF LIBERAL AND TECHNICAL LEARNING

FOUNDED IN THE CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS BY WILLIAM MARSH RICE AND DEDICATED BY HIM TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF LETTERS SCIENCE AND ART

> OPENED FOR THE RECEPTION OF STUDENTS IN THE AUTUMN OF NINETEEN HUNDRED AND TWELVE



THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

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CALENDAR

1932

September 12–15.	Entrance Examinations
September 15–16.	Registration
September 19	Opening of courses
September 21	Matriculation address
November 24	Thanksgiving Day
December 16–22 .	Preliminary Examinations for Freshmen and students on probation
December 22	Beginning of Christmas holi- days
	1933
January 4	Resumption of courses
February 1–9	February Examinations
February 22	Washington's Birthday
March 2	Texas Independence Day
April 21	San Jacinto Day
May 8-13	Entrance Examinations
May 22-June 2 .	Final Examinations
June 3-5	Eighteenth Annual Commencement

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OFFICERS OF ADMINISTRATION

EDGAR ODELL LOVETT, Ph.D., Sc.D., LL.D. President

ROBERT GRANVILLE CALDWELL, PH.D., LITT.D. Dean

SAMUEL GLENN McCANN, M.A.

Registrar

JOHN THOMAS McCANTS, M.A. Bursar

THE NAME

THE institution bears the name of the founder, the late William Marsh Rice. It aspires to university standing of the highest grade. Dedicated to the advancement of literature, science, and art, its educational programme of liberal and technical learning may justify the designation "Institute" as representing the functions of a teaching university and, at least in some of its departments, those of the more recent research institutions established in this country and abroad.

BRIEF HISTORICAL SKETCH

MORE than forty years ago several public-spirited citizens of the community asked Mr. Rice to bear the expense of building a new public high school for the city of Houston. This direct gift to the city's welfare Mr. Rice was unwilling to make, but a little later, taking into his confidence a halfdozen friends, he made known to them his desire to found a much larger educational enterprise for the permanent benefit of the city and state of his adoption. These gentlemen were organized into a Board of Trustees for the new foundation, which was incorporated in 1891 under a broad charter granting the trustees large freedom in the future organization of a non-political and non-sectarian institution to be dedicated to the advancement of letters, science, and art. As a nucleus for an endowment fund, Mr. Rice at this time

made over an interest-bearing note of two hundred thousand dollars to the original Board of Trustees, consisting of himself, Mr. James A. Baker, and the late Messrs. J. E. McAshan, E. Raphael, F. A. Rice, A. S. Richardson and C. Lombardi. Under the terms of the charter, the board is a self-perpetuating body of seven members elected for life: vacancies since its organization have been filled by the election of Messrs. William Marsh Rice, Jr., Benjamin Botts Rice, Edgar Odell Lovett, John Thaddeus Scott, Alexander Sessums Cleveland, and Edward Andrew Peden.

It was the unalterable will of the founder that the development of the work which he had conceived should progress no further during his lifetime. However, in the remaining days of his life he increased the endowment fund from time to time by transferring to the trustees the titles to certain of his properties, and in the end made the new foundation his residuary legatee. Upon the termination of the long years of litigation which followed Mr. Rice's death in 1900, the Board of Trustees found the Institute in possession of an estate whose present value is conservatively estimated at approximately ten million dollars, divided by the provisions of the founder's will into almost equal parts available for equipment and endowment respectively. It may be remarked in passing that it is the determined policy of the trustees to build and maintain the institution out of the income, thus preserving intact the principal not only of the endowment fund, but also that of the equipment fund. While proceeding to convert the non-productive properties of the estate into incomebearing investments, the trustees called Mr. Edgar Odell Lovett, a professor in Princeton University, to assist

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them in developing the founder's far-reaching plans. Before taking up his residence in Houston, the future president visited the leading educational and scientific establishments of the world, returning in the summer of 1909 from a year's journey of study that extended from England to Japan. About this time negotiations were completed by which the Institute secured a campus of three hundred acres situated on the extension of Houston's main thoroughfare, three miles from the center of the city—a tract of ground universally regarded as the most appropriate within the vicinity of the city.

Another early decision of the trustees of the Institute was the determination that the new university should be housed in noble architecture worthy of the founder's high aims; and upon this idea they entered with no lower ambition than to establish on the campus of the Institute a group of buildings conspicuous alike for their beauty and for their utility, which should stand not only as a worthy monument to the founder's philanthropy, but also as a distinct contribution to the architecture of our country. With this end in view they determined to commit to Messrs. Cram, Goodhue, and Ferguson, of Boston and New York, the task of designing a general architectural plan to embody in the course of future years the realization of the educational programme which had been adopted for the Institute. Such a general plan, the work of Mr. Ralph Adams Cram, L.H.D., exhibiting in itself many attractive elements of the architecture of Italy, France, and Spain, was accepted by the board in the spring of 1910. Immediately thereafter plans and specifications for an administration building were prepared, and in the fol-

lowing July the contract for its construction was awarded; three months later the erection of a mechanical laboratory and power-house was begun, and by the next autumn the construction of two wings of the first residential hall for men was well under way. In the preparation of preliminary plans for its initial building operations the Institute enjoyed the coöperation of an advisory committee consisting of Professor Ames, director of the physical laboratory of the Johns Hopkins University, at present president of the university; Professor Conklin, director of the biological laboratory of Princeton University; the late Professor Richards, chairman of the department of chemistry, Harvard University; and the late Professor Stratton, director of the National Bureau of Standards, subsequently chairman of the corporation of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. In 1911, on the seventy-fifth anniversary of Texas Independence, the corner-stone of the administration building was laid by the trustees. This building, the mechanical laboratory of the engineering quadrangle, the power-house, and the first two wings of the first residential hall for men were ready for occupancy at the beginning of the first academic year in the fall of 1912. The third wing of this residential hall, begun in 1913, was first occupied by students in the autumn of 1914; while the construction of the physics laboratories and lecture amphitheater, begun also in 1913, was completed in the summer of 1914 from plans prepared by Messrs. Cram and Ferguson under the direction of Mr. H. A. Wilson, D.Sc., F.R.S., resident professor of physics in the Institute. In January, 1916, ground was broken for the first wing of the second residential group for men; the construction of this wing was completed by

September, 1916. Further building operations were suspended during the war. In the meantime the Athletic Field House and other structures of the exhibition field were completed in 1920. At the commencement exercises of 1923 ground was broken for the new laboratory for chemistry, the plans for which were prepared by Messrs. Cram and Ferguson and Mr. W. W. Watkin, associate architects, under the direction of Mr. H. B. Weiser, Ph.D., resident professor of chemistry in the Institute. The construction of this laboratory was completed during the academic year 1924-25.

The actual work of instruction of the first academic year began on the 23d day of September, 1912, the anniversary of the death of the founder. In the presence of the trustees of the Institute, members of the teaching staff, and representative citizens of the community, the first class of students was received in the faculty chamber of the administration building with appropriate ceremonies on September 26th. The scholastic work of the first academic year was limited to a single class of Freshmen of a standard of preparation as high as the best public and private high schools were capable of attaining.

In the early autumn of 1912, an academic festival in observance of the formal opening of the Institute was held under altogether favorable conditions of weather, most generous coöperation of the community and commonwealth, and the heartening encouragement of several hundred scholars and scientists who came to Houston to assist in the launching of the new university. Chief among these distinguished representatives of life and learning were the twelve foreign savants who had consented to participate in

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the inaugural programme by preparing series of lectures in the liberal humanities of philosophy, history, letters, and art, and in the fundamental sciences of mathematics, physics, chemistry, and biology. A complete account of the proceedings of the four days devoted to this celebration has been embodied in three commemorative volumes, in which there appear, in particular, responses and addresses from many foreign and American universities and learned societies; addresses delivered by Governor Colquitt, of Texas, Chief Justice Brown, of Texas, and Bishop Gailor, of Tennessee; the inaugural poem of Dr. Henry van Dyke, of Princeton; the dedicatory sermon of Dr. Charles F. Aked, of San Francisco; and the inaugural lectures of Professor Rafael Altamira y Crevea, of Madrid, Spain; Professor Emile Borel, of Paris, France; Senator Benedetto Croce, of Naples, Italy; Professor Hugo de Vries, of Amsterdam, Holland; the late Professor Sir Henry Jones, of Glasgow, Scotland; the late Privy Councilor Baron Dairoku Kikuchi, of Tokyo, Japan; Professor John William Mackail, of London, England; the late Privy Councilor Professor Wilhelm Ostwald, of Gross-Bothen, Germany; the late Professor Henri Poincaré, of Paris, France; the late Professor Sir William Ramsay, of London, England; Professor Senator Vito Volterra, of Rome, Italy; and Professor Carl Størmer, of Oslo, Norway.

THE FACULTY¹

Virgil Charles Aldrich, B.A. (Ohio Wesleyan), Ph.D. (California), formerly Teaching Fellow in Philosophy at the University of California; Instructor in Philosophy.

Edgar Altenburg, Ph.D. (Columbia), formerly Assistant in Biology at Columbia University; later Instructor in Biology at the Rice Institute; Assistant Professor of Biology.

Stockton Axson, M.A. (Wesleyan), Litt.D. (Pittsburgh), L.H.D. (Wesleyan), LL.D. (Knox), formerly of the University of Vermont and of Adelphi College; later Professor of English Literature in Princeton University; Professor of English Literature.

Joseph Lloyd Battista, B.A. (Michigan), M.A. (Washington Univ. and Harvard), formerly Assistant Professor of Spanish and Italian at Washington University; Instructor in Spanish and Italian.

Leonard Mascot Blumenthal, B.S. in C.E. (Georgia School of Tech.), M.S. (Chicago), Ph.D. (Johns Hopkins), formerly Instructor in Mathematics at the University of Michigan and at the Johns Hopkins University; Instructor in Mathematics.

André Georges Bourgeois, Bachelier ès Lettres (Paris), Bachelier en Droit (Paris); Instructor in French.

Hubert Evelyn Bray, B.A. (Tufts), M.A. (Harvard), Ph.D. (Rice), formerly Instructor in Mathematics at Tufts College and at Lafayette College; Fellow in Mathematics and later Instructor in Mathematics at the Rice Institute; Assistant Professor of Mathematics.

¹Arranged in alphabetical order, with last appointment before receiving academic appointment at this institution.

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Charles Lowman Browne, B.S. (Kenyon), B. Arch. (Cornell), Instructor in Architectural Construction.

Frederic William Browne, Graduate of the School of Industrial Art of the Pennsylvania Museum, Philadelphia; Instructor in Architectural Drawing and Painting.

Andrew Bonnell Bryan, Ph.D. (Rice), formerly Fellow in Physics at the Rice Institute; Instructor in Physics.

Robert Granville Caldwell, B.A. (Wooster), Ph.D. (Princeton), Litt.D. (Wooster), formerly Fellow of Princeton University; Professor of Economics in the College of Wooster; later Assistant Professor of History at the Rice Institute; Professor of American History and Dean of the Institute.

Carroll Camden, Jr., Ph.D. (Iowa), formerly Instructor in English at the State University of Iowa; Instructor in English.

Lynn Marshall Case, Ph.D. (Pennsylvania), formerly Instructor in History at the University of Pennsylvania; Instructor in History.

Asa Crawford Chandler, B.A. (Cornell), Ph.D. (California), formerly Assistant Professor of Zoölogy and Physiology at Oregon Agricultural College; Instructor in Biology at the Rice Institute; later Research Associate of the School of Tropical Medicine, Calcutta, India; Professor of Biology.

James Chillman, Jr., M.S. in Arch. (Pennsylvania), F.A.A.R., M.A.I.A., formerly Alumni Fellow in Architecture at the University of Pennsylvania; Instructor in Freehand Drawing at the University of Pennsylvania; Instructor in Architecture at the Rice Institute; later Burnham Fellow in Architecture at the American Academy in Rome; Assistant Professor of Architecture. Robert Rae Crookston, B.S. in M.E. (Carnegie Inst. Tech.), formerly with the Westinghouse Airbrake Company of Pittsburgh; Instructor in Mechanical Engineering.

Charles Hewitt Dix, B.S. (California Inst. Tech.), Ph.D. (Rice), formerly Fellow in Mathematics at the Rice Institute; Instructor in Mathematics.

Griffith Conrad Evans, Ph.D. (Harvard), formerly Instructor in Mathematics at Harvard University; Sheldon Fellow of Harvard University at the University of Rome; later Assistant Professor of Pure Mathematics at the Rice Institute; Professor of Pure Mathematics.

Lester R. Ford, B.A. (Missouri), Ph.D. (Harvard), formerly Lecturer in Mathematics at the University of Edinburgh; Sheldon Fellow of Harvard University at the University of Paris; later Instructor in Mathematics at Harvard University and Instructor in Life Insurance in the Graduate School of Business Administration of Harvard University; Assistant Professor of Mathematics.

Max Freund, Ph.D. (Leipsic), formerly Assistant Lecturer in the German Language and Literature at Liverpool University College; Royal Professor of German and Teutonic Philology in Queen's University of Belfast, Ireland, and Examiner in the Royal University of Ireland; later Professorial Lecturer in Modern English at the Universities of Giessen and Marburg, Germany; Professor of German.

Joseph Stephen Gallegly, Jr., M.A. (Rice); Instructor in English.

Allen Darnaby Garrison, Ph.D. (Rice), formerly Fellow in Chemistry at the Rice Institute under appointment of the National Research Council; later Instructor in Physical

Chemistry at the Rice Institute; Assistant Professor of Physical Chemistry.

Arthur J. Hartsook, M.S. (Mass. Inst. Tech.), formerly Instructor in Chemistry at the University of Nebraska; later Instructor in Industrial Chemistry at the Rice Institute; Assistant Professor of Chemical Engineering.

Claude William Heaps, B.S. (Northwestern), Ph.D. (Princeton), formerly Class of 1860 Experimental Science Fellow of Princeton University; Instructor in Physics at the University of Missouri; Instructor in Physics and later Assistant Professor of Physics at the Rice Institute; Professor of Physics.

Joseph William Hendren, M.A. (Princeton); Instructor in English.

Gilbert Leslie Hermance, B.S. (Oregon), M.A. (Columbia), formerly Instructor in Physical Education at the University of Oregon; Instructor in Physical Education.

Claude Edgar Hooton, B.S. in Arch. (Rice), M.A. (Rice), formerly Traveling Fellow in Architecture of the Rice Institute; Instructor in Architecture.

Herbert Kay Humphrey, B.S. in E.E. (Illinois), M.S. in E.E. (Union), E.E. (Illinois), formerly Assistant Consulting Engineer of the General Electric Company; Instructor in Electrical Engineering and later Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering at the Rice Institute; Professor of Electrical Engineering.

Harvey Leroy Johnson, M.A. (Texas); Instructor in French.

Joseph Estil Jones, B.A. (Indiana), M.A. (Chicago); Instructor in Spanish.

Floyd Seyward Lear, B.A. (Rochester), M.A. and Ph.D.

(Harvard), formerly Instructor in History at Harvard University; later Instructor in History at the Rice Institute; Assistant Professor of History.

Edgar Odell Lovett, Ph.D. (Virginia and Leipsic), LL.D. (Drake, Tulane, and Baylor), Sc.D. (Colorado College), formerly Professor of Mathematics in Princeton University, and later Head of the Department of Astronomy in the same institution; Professor of Mathematics and President of the Institute.

Jarmon Alvis Lynch, B.A. (West Texas State Teachers), Ph.D. (Chicago), formerly Scholar at the University of Chicago; Instructor in Education.

Samuel Glenn McCann, Ph.B. (Wooster), M.A. (Rice), formerly Fellow in History at the Rice Institute; Instructor in Jurisprudence and Registrar of the Institute.

John Thomas McCants, M.A. (Virginia and Yale), formerly Scholar at the University of Virginia and University Fellow at Yale University; later Instructor in English at the Rice Institute; Instructor in Business Administration and Bursar of the Institute.

Alan Dugald McKillop, Ph.D. (Harvard), formerly Instructor in English at the University of Illinois; Instructor in English and later Assistant Professor of English at the Rice Institute; Professor of English.

Austin Mardon, M.A. (Trinity College, Cambridge), formerly Instructor in English History at Cornell University; Lecturer in English History.

Heinrich Meyer, Ph.D. (Freiburg); Instructor in German.

Walter Peter Miksch, M.A. (Stanford), formerly Instructor in French and Spanish at Reed College, and later Assistant in French at Stanford University; Instructor in French.

John Marshall Miller, B.S. in E.E. (Kansas State Agricultural College), formerly with the Western Electric Company, Chicago, and later with the Southern California Edison Electric Company, Los Angeles; Instructor in Engineering Drawing.

Marcel Moraud, Agrégé de l'Université de France, formerly Instructor in French at the University of Minnesota and at Princeton University; later Associate Professor of French at the University of Toronto; Professor of French.

Lewis Morton Mott-Smith, Ph.D. (California Inst. Tech.), formerly Teaching Fellow at the California Institute of Technology; Instructor in Physics.

William Joseph Mulloy, M.A. (Vanderbilt), formerly Fellow in German at Vanderbilt University; Instructor in German.

Henry Oscar Nicholas, B.A. (Oberlin), Ph.D. (Yale), formerly Fellow and Assistant in Chemistry at Yale University; Instructor in Analytical Chemistry at Yale University; later Instructor in Analytical Chemistry at the Rice Institute; Instructor in Chemistry.

Eugene Jean Oberlé, M.A. (Stanford), formerly Instructor in Romanic Languages at the Leland Stanford Junior University; Instructor in French.

Frank Acklen Pattie, Jr., B.A. (Vanderbilt), M.A. (Harvard), Ph.D. (Princeton), formerly Fellow in Psychology, Gordon Macdonald Fellow, and Charlotte Elizabeth Procter Fellow of Princeton University, and Fellow of the National Research Council at Harvard University; Instructor in Psychology and Tutor in the Division of Philosophy at Harvard University; later Instructor in Psychology at the Rice Institute; Assistant Professor of Psychology.

John Virgil Pennington, M.E. (Stevens), formerly Assistant Engineer, Public Service Corporation of New Jersey; Instructor in Mechanical Engineering.

Joseph Horace Pound, B.S. in M.E., and M.E. (Missouri), formerly Instructor in the School of the Westinghouse Machine Company; Instructor in Mechanical Engineering and later Assistant Professor of Mechanical Engineering at the Rice Institute; Professor of Mechanical Engineering.

George Holmes Richter, Ph.D. (Rice), formerly Fellow in Chemistry at the Rice Institute and later Fellow of the National Research Council at Cornell University; Instructor in Organic Chemistry.

Lewis Babcock Ryon, Jr., C.E. (Lehigh), formerly Instructor in Civil Engineering and later Assistant Professor of Civil Engineering at the Rice Institute; Professor of Civil Engineering.

Arthur Ferdinand Scott, B.S. (Colby), M.A. and Ph.D. (Harvard), formerly Assistant in Chemistry at Harvard University; Sheldon Fellow of Harvard University; later Assistant Professor of Chemistry at Reed College; Instructor in Analytical Chemistry.

Harry Alexander Scott, Ph.D. (Columbia), formerly Instructor in Physical Education at Columbia University, and Professor of Physical Education at the University of Oregon; Professor of Physical Education.

Joseph Robert Shannon, B.S. (Rice), M.A. (Princeton), formerly Instructor in Engineering at the Agricultural and

Mechanical College of Texas, and later Fellow in Economics at Princeton University; Instructor in Economics.

Fred Vernon Shelton, M.A. (Rice); Instructor in French.

Edwin Joe Shimek, B.S. in E.E. (Rice), M.S. (Mass. Inst. Tech.), formerly with the General Electric Company; Instructor in Electrical Engineering.

Verne Franklin Simons, M.A. (Kansas), formerly Instructor in Economics at the University of Kansas, and later Assistant in Accounting at the University of Chicago; Instructor in Economics.

John Willis Slaughter, B.A. (Lombard), Ph.D. (Michigan), formerly Lecturer on Sociology in the School of Economics at the University of London; Lecturer in Civics and Philanthropy.

Morris Albion Stewart, B.S. (New Hampshire), Ph.D. (Cornell), formerly Instructor in Biology at the University of Rochester; Instructor in Biology.

William Taylor Thom, Jr., Ph.D. (Johns Hopkins), Associate Professor of Geology in Princeton University, on leave of absence; Walter B. Sharp Research Fellow.

Joseph David Thomas, M.A. (Chicago); Instructor in English.

Radoslav Andrea Tsanoff, B.A. (Oberlin), Ph.D. (Cornell), formerly Sage Fellow of Cornell University; Instructor in Philosophy at Clark University; later Assistant Professor of Philosophy at the Rice Institute; Professor of Philosophy.

Leo Vernon Uhrig, B.S. in C.E. (Missouri), formerly of the Engineering Department of the City of Detroit; Instructor in Civil Engineering. James Stephen Waters, B.S. (Rice); Instructor in Electrical Engineering.

William Ward Watkin, B.S. in Arch. (Pennsylvania), M.A.I.A., formerly Scholar in Architecture in the University of Pennsylvania; Associate Architect with Messrs. Cram and Ferguson, the supervising architects of the Institute; Instructor in Architecture and later Assistant Professor of Architecture at the Rice Institute; Professor of Architecture.

Harry Boyer Weiser, M.A. (Ohio State), Ph.D. (Cornell), formerly Assistant Instructor in Chemistry at Cornell University; Assistant Professor of Chemistry in the University of Tennessee; Instructor in Chemistry and later Assistant Professor of Chemistry at the Rice Institute; Professor of Chemistry.

Hugh Clayton Welsh, M.D. (Texas); Instructor in Biology.

Russell Eugene Westmeyer, Ph.D. (Iowa), formerly Assistant in Economics at the State University of Iowa; Instructor in Economics.

William Erickson White, B.S. in C.E. (Iowa State), formerly Research Assistant in Highway Engineering at Iowa State College; Instructor in Civil Engineering and later Assistant Professor of Civil Engineering at South Dakota State College; Instructor in Civil Engineering.

George Wesley Whiting, B.A. (West Virginia), M.A. (Harvard), Ph.D. (Chicago), formerly Assistant Professor of English at the Michigan State College, and later Assistant in English at the University of Chicago; Instructor in English.

George Guion Williams, M.A. (Rice), formerly Instruc-

tor in English at the Rice Institute; later Teaching Fellow in English in New York University; Instructor in English.

Harold Albert Wilson, F.R.S., M.A. (Cambridge), M.Sc. (Victoria), D.Sc. (London), formerly 1851 Exhibition Scholar of Leeds University; Allen Scholar and Clerk Maxwell Student of Cambridge University; Scholar in Physics of London University; Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge University; Professor of Physics in King's College, London; Professor of Physics in McGill University; Professor of Physics at the Rice Institute; later Professor of Natural Philosophy in the University of Glasgow; Professor of Physics.

ASSISTANTS AND FELLOWS

Tom Wilkerson Bonner, B.S. (Southern Methodist Univ.), M.A. (Rice); Fellow in Physics.

Paul Livingstone Burlingame, M.A. (California), formerly Assistant in Zoölogy at the University of California; Fellow in Biology.

Cyril Ellsworth Cockrell, B.S. (Rollins); Fellow in Chemistry.

Joseph Ilott Davies, M.A. (Rice); Assistant in Biology.

Alice Crowell Dean, M.A. (Rice); Fellow in Mathematics.

Robert Charles Dosser, B.S. (Michigan State); Fellow in Chemistry.

Alphonse Roland Favreau, B.A. (Harvard); Assistant in French.

George Alvin Garrett, B.A. (Mississippi); Fellow in Mathematics.

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George Robert Gray, B.S. (Texas Christian), M.A. (Rice); Fellow in Chemistry.

Joseph Williams Hahn, B.A. (Rice) ; Fellow in Mathematics.

Lee Hodges, B.S. (Harvard); Assistant in French and Spanish.

Wilson Mathis Hudson, M.A. (Texas); Assistant in English.

John Tom Hurt, M.A. (Rice); Fellow in Mathematics. Hegar Charles Kriegel, B.S. in E.E. (Rice); Graduate Assistant in Electrical Engineering.

Robert S. Martin, Ph.D. (California Inst. Tech.), Fellow in Mathematics under appointment of the National Research Council.

Winfred O. Milligan, B.A. (Illinois College), M.A. (Rice); Fellow in Chemistry.

Charles B. Morrey, Jr., Ph.D. (Harvard), Fellow in Mathematics under appointment of the National Research Council.

Addison Stayton Nunn, B.S. in Arch. (Rice), formerly Assistant in Architecture at the Rice Institute; Fellow in Architecture.

Joe M. Parker, M.S. (Illinois), Fellow in Biology.

William Grosvenor Pollard, B.A. (Tennessee); Fellow in Physics.

Robert William Talley, B.S. in Arch. (Rice); Fellow in Architecture.

John Murray Thompson, B.A. (DePauw), M.S. (Lehigh), formerly Instructor in Mathematics at Purdue University; Assistant in Mathematics.

Frances Douglas Ward, B.A. (Alabama), M.A. (Texas); Fellow in Biology.

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SCHOLARSHIPS

WHILE seeking to develop its students in character, in culture, and in citizenship, the Rice Institute will reserve for scholarship its highest rewards and in particular for evidences of creative capacity in productive scholarship. To encourage this devotion to learning there have been devised through the donations of friends of the Institute a number of undergraduate scholarships to be awarded preferably to those students who have been in residence at the Institute for at least one year. Moreover, honorary scholarships without stipend may be granted to students whose scholastic standing shows marked ability.

THE GRAHAM BAKER STUDENTSHIP

The first of these undergraduate scholarships to be established at the Institute is the Graham Baker Studentship, founded by Captain and Mrs. James A. Baker, of Houston, in memory of their eldest son, the late Frank Graham Baker. This studentship is awarded annually to a student of the Rice Institute upon the basis of highest standing in scholarship, and the holder is known as the Graham Baker Student for the year. The award is announced at the commencement convocation in June, and the annual stipend is \$250.

THE HOHENTHAL SCHOLARSHIPS

The Hohenthal Scholarship Fund is a gift to the Rice Institute made through the good offices of Mr. William M. Rice, Jr., from the estate of the late Lionel Hohenthal,

of Houston, who in his last will and testament instructed his executor, Mr. Rice, to devote the residue of his estate to the founding of a permanent memorial to Mr. Hohenthal's mother, father, and brother. The scholarships provided by this fund are known as the Hohenthal Scholarships, and the holders as the Hohenthal Scholars of the Institute. These scholarships are awarded annually to students who are earning a substantial part of their college expenses on a basis of high standing in scholarship. Each of the six now available carries with it an annual stipend of \$166.66

THE D.A.R. SCHOLARSHIP

The John McKnitt Alexander Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution has provided an endowed undergraduate scholarship at the Rice Institute. Under the present conditions of this scholarship it is awarded to a young woman student on admission to the Institute and carries with it an annual stipend of \$250. The first award was made for the academic year 1919–20.

THE ELLEN AXSON WILSON SCHOLARSHIP

The Axson Club, an organization of Houston women in the interests of literary pursuits, recently concluded a successful campaign for the endowment of a permanent scholarship at the Rice Institute in memory of Ellen Axson Wilson (the late Mrs. Woodrow Wilson), the scholarship to be awarded from year to year to a young woman student of the Institute. The annual stipend of the Ellen Axson Wilson Scholarship is \$500, and the first award of the scholarship was made for the academic year 1922-23.

THE ELIZABETH BALDWIN LITERARY SOCIETY SCHOLARSHIP

The Elizabeth Baldwin Literary Society of the Rice Institute is maintaining annually a scholarship with a view to providing permanent endowment therefor. This scholarship is available to a student of the Rice Institute, either a young man or a young woman, the candidate to be chosen by the Faculty on grounds of scholarship, personality, and physical vigor. The present annual stipend of the Elizabeth Baldwin Literary Society Scholarship is \$300, and the first award of the scholarship was made for the academic year 1926-27.

THE PALLAS ATHENE LITERARY SOCIETY SCHOLARSHIP

The Pallas Athene Literary Society of the Rice Institute is providing an annual scholarship at the Rice Institute, with the intention of raising a permanent endowment for the scholarship. This scholarship is open to a young woman student of the Rice Institute, to be selected by the Faculty on grounds of scholarship, personality, and physical vigor. The present annual stipend of the Pallas Athene Literary Society Scholarship is \$300, and the first award of the scholarship was made for the academic year 1926-27.

THE DANIEL RIPLEY SCHOLARSHIP

In memory of her husband, the late Daniel Ripley, for many years a prominent citizen of Houston, Mrs. Edith Ripley has established by the donation to the Institute of \$10,000, the Daniel Ripley Scholarship. The annual income of this trust fund is to be awarded to that selfsupporting young man or woman student completing the

Freshman year at the Rice Institute who receives the highest grades, and the candidate is to be selected by the Faculty. The first award of the Daniel Ripley Scholarship was made for the academic year 1927-28.

THE JUNIOR ENGINEERING SCHOLARSHIP

To foster interest in engineering education at the Rice Institute and to provide for recognition for work well done, an anonymous donor is contributing to the Rice Institute the sum of \$250 annually as a stipend for the Junior Engineering Scholarship, to be awarded to that male student in a regular engineering course of the Junior year who has the highest scholastic standing in his courses taken that year. This scholarship is restricted to no particular field of engineering, the selection of the scholar is made by the Faculty, and in making the selection account is taken of individual qualifications of character and personality, but no consideration is to be given to the financial circumstances of the student. The first award of the Junior Engineering Scholarship was made for the academic year 1928-29.

THE EDITH RIPLEY SCHOLARSHIPS

Mrs. Edith Ripley, of Houston, has established three Edith Ripley Scholarships by the donation of \$10,000 to the Rice Institute, the income of which is to be distributed equally and annually to three young women students of the Institute to be selected by the Faculty. In selecting the beneficiaries of this donation, consideration is to be given to the mental, moral, and womanly qualities of the candidates, as well as to their financial necessities. The

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first awards of the three Edith Ripley Scholarships were made for the academic year 1928-29.

THE MARY PARKER GIESEKE SCHOLARSHIP

Mr. Fred A. Gieseke, of Houston, and his daughter, Miss Frances Sara Gieseke, a graduate of the Rice Institute, have established the Mary Parker Gieseke Scholarship in memory of the late Mrs. Fred A. Gieseke, by a gift to the Rice Institute of \$5000. This new memorial scholarship is to be awarded annually for high standing in scholarship to a student of the Rice Institute who has been in residence at least one year. The annual stipend of the scholarship is \$250. The first award of the Mary Parker Gieseke Scholarship was made for the academic year 1929-30.

THE THOMAS AUBREY DICKSON AND PAULINE MARTIN DICKSON SCHOLARSHIPS

The late Mrs. Pauline Martin Dickson, of Houston, in execution of the wishes of herself and her husband, the late Dr. Thomas Aubrey Dickson, bequeathed to the San Jacinto Trust Company a sum of \$10,000, the income of which is to be paid semi-annually to the Rice Institute for the support of scholarships to be known as the Thomas Aubrey Dickson and the Pauline Martin Dickson Scholarships, to be awarded by the Faculty, on the basis of scholarship, to self-supporting students of the Institute, young men or young women. The first awards of the Dickson Scholarships will be available for the academic year 1932-33.

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The Traveling Scholarship in Architecture

Provision for a Rice Institute Traveling Scholarship in Architecture has been made by the Architectural Society of the Rice Institute, and Messrs. W. L. Clayton, George S. Cohen, F. A. Heitmann, J. A. Kiesling, E. L. Neville, Cleveland Sewall, and William Ward Watkin, who have individually pledged the amount of \$150 each year for five years to a stipend of \$1200 to be given each year to a student in architecture for the purposes of European travel and study. The selection of the holder of the Traveling Scholarship is to be made by the Faculty by means of a formal competition, arranged each year for such purpose by the Faculty, in which students or graduates of the Rice Institute are eligible to participate. The first award of the Traveling Scholarship in Architecture was made for the academic year 1928–29.

THE LADY GEDDES PRIZE IN WRITING

The Right Hon. Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador to the United States, Godwin Lecturer of the Rice Institute in 1921, has endowed at Rice a prize in writing, which is to bear the name of Lady Geddes. This prize is to be awarded annually from the income of the endowment of one thousand dollars.

The first award of the Lady Geddes Prize in Writing was made at the end of the academic year 1922-23, the competition of this award being open to members of the Freshman and Sophomore classes of the Rice Institute, and the subjects assigned pertaining to the relations between Great Britain and the United States.

THE OWEN WISTER LITERARY SOCIETY FUND

The Owen Wister Literary Society of the Rice Institute is providing an annual donation at the Rice Institute, with the intention of raising a permanent endowment for the donation. The annual gift is at present devoted to the purchase of books on the history of Texas and the West. The first appropriation of \$250 from this fund was available in the academic year 1929–30.

THE RICHARDSON FUND FOR RICE STUDENTS

Mrs. Libbie A. Richardson, wife of the late Alfred S. Richardson, who was a charter member of the Board of Trustees of the Rice Institute, bequeathed in trust to the Houston Land and Trust Company as trustee, approximately \$51,000 to constitute the Richardson Fund, the income therefrom to be used in educating necessitous young men and women at the Rice Institute. The present annual income of the Richardson Fund is about \$2600.

The Grant William Jordan and Cora Jordan Memorial Fund

Under the will of the late Mrs. Cora Jordan, a resident of Houston, the bulk of her estate was left in trust with the Houston Land and Trust Company as trustee, the income therefrom to be used in assisting worthy young men and women in obtaining an education at the Rice Institute. The Jordan Memorial Fund amounts at present to approximately \$56,000 and the net annual income therefrom is about \$3000.

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THE SARA STRATFORD FUND

The Sara Stratford Fund for Women Students of the Rice Institute, in memory of the late Mrs. Sara Stratford, first Adviser to Women, who served faithfully and efficiently in that capacity from the opening of the Institute, is being established by her daughter, Mrs. William Bradshaw Torrens, her immediate successor as Adviser to Women. For the present one hundred dollars per year will be available at the time of registration in September, for laboratory or other fees of courses, science courses in particular, which the candidates, selected by the Committee on Examinations and Standing, could not otherwise afford to take. The first awards from the Sara Stratford Fund were made in the autumn of 1931.

THE MARY ALICE ELLIOTT LOAN FUND

In memory of their daughter, the late Mary Alice Elliott, who at the time of her death was a student in architecture at the Rice Institute in the class attaining, at the graduation of 1931, the degree of Bachelor of Science in Architecture, Mr. and Mrs. Card G. Elliott, of Houston, are establishing the Mary Alice Elliott Loan Fund for Foreign Travel and Study in Architecture, in the amount of \$2500. A loan of \$500 from this fund is to be available each year, on recommendation of the Faculty, to an architectural graduate who has received honourable mention in the annual competition for the regular Traveling Scholarship already established. The first award from the Mary Alice Elliott Loan Fund was made for the academic year 1931-32.

THE RAYMOND R. STONE MECHANICAL ENGINEERING Fund

In memory of their son, the late Raymond Ruser Stone, a mechanical engineering graduate of the Rice Institute in the Class of 1930, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse R. Stone, of Houston, are making provision for an annual award of one hundred dollars to that student of mechanical engineering who has at the end of his Sophomore year shown the most interest and ability in kinematics and related subjects, the selection to be made by the Faculty and to be contingent on the financial needs of the student and on his continuing his work into the Junior year in engineering at the Rice Institute. The first assignment of the Raymond R. Stone Award in Mechanical Engineering was made for the academic year 1931-32.

THE ROBERT PILCHER QUIN AWARD

By a group of student friends of the late Robert Pilcher Quin, a member of the Class of 1933, provision is being made for an annual "Bob Quin Award," in the form of a medal, for qualities in athletics, leadership, scholarship, and sportsmanship in which he himself excelled. The first of these medals was awarded for the academic year 1930-31.

FELLOWSHIPS

THE Rice Institute seeks to interpret in a large way its dedication to the advancement of letters, science, and art. It not only looks to the employment of these disciplines in the development of the life of the individual and in that of the race, but it would also play its part in the progress and

enlargement of human knowledge by contributions of its own resident professors and scholars. Accordingly there have always been associated with the staff of the Institute advanced students in training for careers both as teachers and researchers: with this end in view, graduate fellowships have been awarded from time to time to degree-bearing students of the Institute and other educational foundations.

THE WALTER B. SHARP MEMORIAL FUND FOR RESEARCH IN PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCE

In memory of her husband, the late Walter B. Sharp, one of the earliest and most successful of the pioneers in the development of the petroleum industry in this country. Mrs. Estelle B. Sharp, of Houston, has endowed at the Rice Institute the Walter B. Sharp Memorial Fund for Research in Pure and Applied Science. The income from this fund is to be used for the maintenance of resident or traveling fellowships in scientific research, preference to be given geological research, the production of petroleum and the products closely allied thereto. A requisite for eligibility to these fellowships is the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, or similar standing in this or other institutions. The awards are to be known as the Walter B. Sharp Fellowships, and the holders thereof as the Walter B. Sharp Fellows of the Rice Institute. The first Walter B. Sharp Fellow, at a stipend of \$2500, was appointed for the academic year 1931-32.

THE SAMUEL FAIN CARTER FELLOWSHIP

In memory of her husband, the late Samuel Fain Carter, one of the first promoters of the lumber industry in Texas

and the founder of the Second National Bank of Houston, Mrs. Carrie B. Carter has established at the Rice Institute, the Samuel Fain Carter Fellowship, with an endowment of \$20,000 to be administered in trust by the Second National Bank. The annual income of this trust fund is to be awarded to a graduate student of the Rice Institute, or a white graduate of an approved institution of learning, for the purpose of enabling the student to continue in postgraduate work, preferably at the Rice Institute, and, when the appropriate graduate schools shall have been organized, precedence is to be given to candidates in banking, business administration, and forestry. In the meantime, the award is to be made for the prosecution of postgraduate work in history and allied subjects, in science or engineering, or other branches of liberal and technical learning for which facilities for advanced work may be available at the Rice Institute. Should a graduate of any institution other than the Rice Institute receive the award, then the postgraduate work shall be done only at the Rice Institute. The holder is to be known as the Samuel Fain Carter Fellow of the Rice Institute. The award is to be made by the Faculty, on the basis of highest standing in scholarship, with consideration of financial circumstances, personality, and physical fitness. The first Samuel Fain Carter Fellow will be appointed for the academic year 1933-34, for work in history.

THE PHI BETA KAPPA SOCIETY

THE Senate of the United Chapters of Phi Beta Kappa at its meeting in December, 1927, voted to recommend the

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establishment of a chapter at the Rice Institute, and at a meeting of the National Council held in September, 1928, the institution of the Rice, or Beta of Texas, Chapter was duly authorized. The chapter was formally installed on March 1, 1929, by the Secretary of the United Chapters.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR SELF-HELP

In addition to the stipends of fellowships and endowed scholarships, there are, on the campus and in the city, opportunities in considerable variety for worthy and deserving students to earn a part of their living expenses while attending the Institute. Information concerning such openings may be obtained from the Bursar. Thanks also to the generosity of a number of citizens of Houston, there are available several student loan funds. Inquiries concerning the administration of these funds should be addressed to the Bursar.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION

ALL candidates for admission to the Institute are required to present satisfactory testimonials as to their character, and either to pass examinations in the entrance subjects, or, in lieu thereof, to present certificate of graduation from an approved public or private high-school. The standard requirements for matriculation are determined by the system of units given below. A unit represents a course of study pursued five hours a week for an academic year. Appropriate application forms may be secured from the Registrar.

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Fifteen units are required for entrance in full standing to the Freshman class of the Institute. No candidate for admission will be accepted with fewer than fifteen units. And towards this total of fifteen units, every candidate will be required to present, from the lists of subjects printed below, at least three units in English, three units in mathematics,¹ two in algebra and one in plane geometry, two units in history, and three units in one foreign language or two units in each of two foreign languages. Variation in the distribution of units may be considered in individual cases.

METHOD OF PROCEDURE FOR ADMISSION

I. General Policy of Competitive Admission of Students

With the rapid growth in population of Houston and the Southwest, accompanied by an even more rapid increase in the demand for college training, the Rice Institute is brought face to face with the problem of maintaining high standards of instruction without shutting the door of opportunity to properly qualified students. It is therefore proposed, for the immediate future, to meet this problem by a plan of admission based on the following principles:

- 1. The maintenance, as in the past, of standards for entrance on a high plane.
- 2. The adoption in advance for each academic year or group of years of a specific number of new students to be admitted on a competitive basis. This number should be slightly smaller than the demand but not so far below that demand as to cause injustice to well qualified students.

¹Students expecting to enter the Institute are advised to elect mathematics during their fourth year. If possible, this course should include training in algebra and trigonometry.

3. The division of students into still smaller groups, especially in the classes in elementary subjects. The adoption of this principle makes necessary the acceptance of a smaller total number, but means that a larger number will receive careful and adequate instruction.

II. Specific Plan for the Admission of Four Hundred New Students in the Autumn of 1932

The Rice Institute will accept four hundred new students in September, 1932. The total student body will thus consist of about thirteen hundred members, which was approximately the enrollment in September, 1931.

In selecting the members of the Freshman class the Committee will be guided by such principles as the following:

- 1. As at present, no candidate to be accepted with fewer than fifteen units.
- 2. Preference to be given to candidates who present the maximum number of units in English, mathematics, foreign languages, science, and history.
- 3. Preference to be given to candidates who show special promise and capacity for leadership, especially those in the upper half of their high-school class.
- 4. Of candidates not in one of the above preferential groups, special preference to be given to those who prove fitness by taking entrance examinations in one or more subjects.
- 5. Preference to be given to candidates whose applications are received early.
- Candidates, once chosen, are received without conditions.

LIST OF SUBJECTS WITH VALUES IN UNITS

BOTANY I; Chemistry I; Civics $(\frac{1}{2} \text{ or } I)$; English (3 or 4); French (Elementary 2, Intermediate I, Advanced I); German (Elementary 2, Intermediate I); Greek (Grammar and Elementary Prose Composition I, Xenophon I, Homer—*Iliad*, Books I-III I); History (Ancient I, Mediæval and Modern I, English I, American I); Latin (Grammar, Elementary Prose Composition and Cæsar 2, Cicero I, Virgil I); Mathematics (Algebra 2, Plane Geometry I, Solid Geometry $\frac{1}{2}$, Trigonometry $\frac{1}{2}$); Spanish (Elementary 2, Intermediate I, Advanced I); Physics I; Physical Geography $\frac{1}{2}$; Physiology $\frac{1}{2}$; General Science I; Zoölogy I. Substitutes for certain of these subjects may be considered in individual cases.

Entrance examinations will be held at the Institute beginning September 12, 1932, and again during the week beginning May 8, 1933. Applications for the privilege of taking these examinations must be received at the Registrar's Office three weeks in advance of the beginning of the examinations. Such applications must be accompanied by statements and records from schools attended by candidates. Appropriate forms for such applications and records may be obtained from the Registrar's Office of the Rice Institute on request.

The terms of admission to the Institute are based on the recommendations of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching as expressed in the Documents of the College Entrance Examination Board. Complete information with respect to further details of these re-

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quirements will be forwarded by the Institute to any candidate upon receipt of a request addressed to the Registrar of the Institute.

Advanced credit will be granted to students coming from other recognized colleges and universities only when the work presented is equivalent in content and quality to a full year course at the Institute. Such prospective students should make early application to the Registrar and submit official statements of their preparatory and college work, together with catalogues of the institutions attended.

EXPENSES

THE opportunities for study and research offered by the Rice Institute are open without tuition both to young men and to young women. Students, of course, are expected to meet all expenses incurred in the purchase of text books, drafting instruments, note books, examination papers, certificates and diplomas, and the laboratory expenses in the experimental courses in pure and applied science. An annual registration fee of twenty-five dollars is required of all students. A fee of sixteen dollars is required at registration time of every male Freshman, for the use of physical training equipment during his residence; for details see page 97. An annual medical fee of five dollars is required of all students living in the Residential Halls. A contingent deposit of ten dollars, payable at registration, must be maintained by each student. In addition to this general contingent deposit, other deposits, also payable at registration, must be maintained at the Office of the Bursar as follows: a deposit of twenty-five dollars on the

part of every student in architecture, and of every Junior or Senior in engineering; a deposit of twenty-five dollars for Mechanical Engineering 310; a deposit of ten dollars for Biology 360, and for Psychology 200; a deposit of twenty-five dollars for each laboratory course taken in biology, chemistry, physics, and psychology.

These deposits, contingent and laboratory, will ordinarily cover the charges against the student for materials, et cetera, but whenever the charges against any particular deposit approach the amount of that deposit, the student will be required to make such additional payment as will bring the deposit to its original amount: this is what is meant by maintaining a deposit. Any balances on these deposits are returned in July following the academic year. For delayed registration a penalty is required.

No student in arrears in his bills to the Institute will be admitted to any of the examinations.

At the time of registration a student blanket-tax of eighteen dollars is assessed each student by the Students Association to meet the expenses of the Students Association, the Honor Council, and the student publications. This assessment is made with the approval of the Faculty and the Board of Trustees, but the payment of the blankettax is not compulsory. Those who pay the blanket-tax, however, receive the college publications, and are entitled to admission to those contests of Rice athletic teams as are held in Houston.

Rooms in the residential halls for men, completely furnished exclusive of linen, may be had at prices ranging from seventy-eight to one hundred and fifteen dollars per year, five-eighths of the rental being paid when the lease is

signed and the remainder paid in February. As the charge for table board will be made at actual cost, the monthly price, payable in advance, will probably vary during the year. Until October first, a blanket-charge of ninetyeight cents per day will be made.

These residential halls are of absolutely fireproof construction, heated by steam, lighted by electricity, cleaned by vacuum apparatus, and equipped with the most approved form of sanitary plumbing, providing adequate bathing facilities on every floor. The rooms will be let in the order of applications received. Inasmuch as each year the accommodations now adequate to house some three hundred and fifty men have all been engaged before the opening of the session, reservations should be made early. Diagrams showing the floor plans will be sent to anyone who may be interested, on application to the Office of the Bursar.

Accommodations for the residence of young women on the university grounds are not available at present. However, while attending to their duties on the campus the young women of the university have access to adequate rest rooms, tennis courts, and other forms of recreation under the constant supervision of Miss Sarah Louise Lane, B.A. (Rice), Adviser to Women. Information concerning desirable places of residence for young women students may be had at the Office of the Bursar.

COURSES OF INSTRUCTION FOR DEGREES

ALTHOUGH it is the policy of the institution to develop its university programme rather more seriously from the

science end, there are also being provided facilities for elementary and advanced courses in the so-called humanities, thereby enabling the Institute to offer both the advantages of a liberal general education and those of special and professional training. Extensive general courses in the various domains of scientific knowledge will be available, but in the main the programme consists of subjects carefully coördinated and calling for considerable concentration of study. These programmes have been so arranged as to offer a variety of courses in arts, in science, in letters, and in their applications to the several fields of engineering, architecture, and other regions of applied science, leading after four years of undergraduate work to the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Degrees will also be offered in architecture and in chemical, civil, electrical, and mechanical engineering. Furthermore, for the degrees of Master of Arts, Doctor of Philosophy, and Doctor of Engineering, every facility will be afforded properly qualified graduate students to undertake lines of study and research under the direction of the Institute's resident and visiting professors.

The academic programmes of study leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts after four years of study are of a common type for the first two years, but for the third and fourth years are differentiated into two forms: first, general courses leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts, either with some grade of distinction or without special mention, and, second, honours courses leading to the degree with honours in certain subjects. These are types that will be referred to in the sequel as general courses and honours courses respectively.

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The general course leading to the degree of B.A. has been arranged to give thorough training to those students who are seeking university instruction in literary and scientific subjects either as a part of a liberal education or as preliminary to entering upon a business or professional career. The general course, therefore, involves the study of several subjects up to a high university standard but does not include a highly detailed specialized study of any one subject such as is necessary before research work or university teaching can be profitably undertaken. Students wishing to specialize with a view to research work and university teaching may either complete an honours B.A. course and then proceed by graduate study to the degrees of M.A. and Ph.D., or they may first take a general B.A. course and after completing it proceed by graduate study to the higher degrees.

The attention of students intending to enter the profession of engineering or architecture is called to the great advantages in first taking a general or honours academic course before beginning special study in engineering or architecture. At present the Institute is not offering courses leading to degrees in law and medicine, but students looking forward to such careers will find in the earlier years of the B.A. course all the requirements for admission to many medical and law schools, provided suitable subjects are chosen. However, attention is called to the fact that several professional schools of law and medicine now require bachelor degrees for admission.

As has already been intimated, the course for the degree of B.A. extends over four years. During the first two

years a considerable part of the work is prescribed, while during the last two years each student is allowed, within certain restrictions, to select the subjects he studies. In the majority of the courses the formal instruction offered consists of three lectures a week together with laboratory work in certain subjects. Preliminary examinations for Freshmen and students on probation are held in December, examinations for all students are given in February and final examinations for all are held in June. Other examinations are given from time to time at periods determined by the instructors.

These examinations are conducted under a student honor system. In determining the standing of a student in each class, both his work during the term and the record of his examinations are taken into account.

Of subjects included in the B.A. courses the following are now available:

Group A

Group B

- I. English
- 2. French
- 3. German
- 4. Italian
- 5. Spanish
- 6. Economics
- 7. Education
- 8. History
- 9. Philosophy

10. Architecture

- I. Pure Mathematics
- 2. Applied Mathematics
- 3. Physics
- 4. Chemistry
- 5. Biology
- 6. Psychology
- 7. Chemical Engineering
- 8. Civil Engineering
- 9. Electrical Engineering
- 10. Mechanical Engineering

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Candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Arts of the Rice Institute will be required to select studies from the preceding groups according to the yearly programmes exhibited below.

First Year

- (I) Pure mathematics
- (2) English
- (3) A modern language
- (4) A science
- (5) One other subject

Second Year

- (I) Pure mathematics or a science
- (2) English
- (3) A modern language¹
- (4-5) Two other subjects.

At the beginning of the third year students may elect to take either a general course or an honours course.

Third Year General B.A. Course

Four subjects, of which two must have been taken in the second year and one in both first and second. At least one subject from each of the groups A and B must be taken. Students will receive advice in the selection of their subjects.

Fourth Year General B.A. Course

Four subjects, two of which must have been taken in the third year and one in both second and third or in first and third. At least one subject from each of the groups A and

¹Students who enter with credit in two modern languages may substitute another subject for (3) in the second year; on the other hand, students must take at least one second year language course for graduation.

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B must be taken. However, students will be allowed to specialize in their fourth year, provided they substitute an advanced course for the required group A or group B subject.

A student who wishes to become a candidate for a general B.A. degree should report his candidacy in writing at the beginning of the year in which he expects to take his degree.

To students who have completed a general four years' course the B.A. degree will be awarded either with some grade of distinction or without special mention.

HONOURS COURSES

THE third and fourth year honours courses are intended for students who wish to specialize in particular branches of knowledge with a view to research work or teaching or later professional studies.

It is suggested that students who wish to prepare themselves for scientific careers in physics, chemistry, mathematics, or the scientific developments of engineering, enroll themselves for honours in physical sciences, in which a course in mathematics, physics, and chemistry is taken every year. The courses that form an essential part of the programme are the following: Mathematics 210, 220, 310; Physics 200, and two from among courses, 300, 310, 320, 330; Chemistry 220, 300, 310. Besides these, one or two other advanced courses may be chosen in fields in which the student is especially interested. The programme is further supplemented by systematic reading and thesis work.

In view of these special objects, the requirements in such courses will be more severe than in the general courses in the same subjects. For this reason it is recommended

that students exercise due caution and seek advice before electing to take an honours course. Only those students who have shown in their first and second years that they are especially well qualified will be permitted to take an honours course. A student proposing to take an honours course must satisfy the department concerned that he is qualified to proceed with the study of that subject. He will be required to take the lectures and practical work provided for honours students in that subject during each of the two years and in addition certain courses in allied subjects. It is a decided advantage for students in honours courses to have had some preparation in French or German before entering college.

In 1932-33 honours courses will be available as follows:

- (I) Pure and applied mathematics
- (2) Theoretical and experimental physics
- (3) Physical sciences
- (4) Modern languages and literatures
- (5) Biology
- (6) Chemistry
- (7) Economics and mathematics
- (8) English
- (9) History
- (10) Philosophy

The following programme of honours courses in physics may be taken as typical of such courses:

Third year, four subjects: (1) mathematics, (2) and (3) Physics 300 and 320, or 310 and 330, (4) one other subject.

Fourth year, four subjects: (1) mathematics, (2) and (3) Physics 300 and 320, or 310 and 330, (4) one other subject.

A student who wishes to become a candidate for a degree with honours should report his candidacy at the beginning of his third year and renew his application at the beginning of his fourth year.

The degree of B.A. with honours will be awarded at the end of the fourth year to students who have completed an honours course. Candidates for honours who fail may be excused such part of a general course as may be equivalent to the work they have done. Candidates for honours who are not making satisfactory progress may be required to discontinue their honours course and may be excused such part of a general course as may be equivalent to the work they have done.

For courses leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science, see pages 97, 100, and 115.

A student who has completed a general or an honours course for the B.A. degree may obtain the Master of Arts degree after the successful completion of one year of graduate work.

A candidate for the M.A. degree must elect a principal subject, and submit his schedule in writing when he reports his candidacy. Such schedule must represent the equivalent of four advanced courses to be passed with high credit. The work shall consist of (a) personal investigation, the results of which must be submitted as a thesis, and (b) at least two advanced courses of lectures, one of which must be a graduate course in the principal subject.

For courses leading to the degree of Master of Science, see page 100.

A student who has completed a course for the B.A. degree may be admitted as a candidate for the degree of

Doctor of Philosophy. In addition to high attainment, preparation for the Ph.D. degree involves usually at least three years of graduate work. Candidates for the degree must submit a thesis and pass a public examination. The thesis must present a distinctly original contribution to the subject. It must be published in an accredited journal or series, and fifty printed copies must be deposited in the Institute library.

Candidates who successfully complete the first four years of the engineering course will receive the degree of Bachelor of Science in a specified branch of engineering. This degree will be awarded with distinction to students whose work is of a high standard. Candidates who successfully complete the five years' engineering course will receive the degree of Ch.E., C.E., E.E., or M.E. according to the branch of engineering taken. Under requirements conforming to those for the M.A. degree, namely, high standing and a thesis, the M.S. degree in a specified branch of engineering may be awarded.

Candidates who successfully complete the five years' course in architecture will be awarded the degree of Bachelor of Science in Architecture. Students in architecture who satisfy all the requirements for the degree of M.A. may elect to take that degree if they prefer.

STANDING IN SCHOLARSHIP OF UNDER-GRADUATE STUDENTS

SCHEDULE of Undergraduate Students.—The regular schedule of undergraduate students is five courses in the Freshman year, five courses in the Sophomore year, four courses

in the Junior year, and four courses in the Senior year. The regular schedules for students of engineering and architecture may be found in these Announcements beginning on pages 100 and 115 respectively. Admission to less than the regular schedule is rarely granted, and then only in the most exceptional circumstances. One extra course may be taken in the second year and one in the third year by students who are not on probation. Deficiencies of the first two years must be removed before the year in which a student is a candidate for a degree, and may not be removed by extra courses in that year. An excess schedule must be reduced if a student fails to attain a grade of III or better in three courses, or if he fails to pass any course without at the same time doing work of exceptional quality in his other courses. No credit is given toward graduation for less than a full year's course in any subject, but a course which has been dropped by permission after the February examinations and in which a student's standing is satisfactory may be carried to completion in a succeeding year. Summer school courses will be accepted to remove not more than one Freshman or Sophomore deficiency. To remove a college deficiency no credit will be given for a course unless it is the equivalent in content and quality of a full year course at the Institute.

Examinations.—All courses at the Rice Institute are year courses. Preliminary examinations are given in December to Freshmen and students on probation. Regular written examinations are given to all students in February and at the close of the academic year in June. In Junior and Senior courses (listed as 300 or 400 courses),

the June examinations cover the work of the whole year. In elementary courses (listed as 100 or 200 courses), examinations cover the work done from the time of the preceding examination.

Dropping of Students for Deficiencies in Scholarship.— A student will be required to withdraw from the Institute if he fails in as much as one-half of the work of his schedule. He will also be dropped for failure to come off probation within one year, or for poor scholarship due to absences from the exercises of his schedule. Any student who withdraws from the Institute within five weeks of the beginning of any regular examination period on account of failure in his courses will be regarded as dropped from the Institute.

A student dropped from the Institute is not entitled to readmission. Exceptions may be made and a student granted readmission on presentation of satisfactory evidence that previous deficiencies have been removed. Dropped students, when allowed to return, are received only on probation. Students who have been dropped twice are not entitled to readmission.

Probation.—A student who is carrying five courses will be placed on probation if among his grades for the term there are two V's¹ or no grade better than IV. A student who is carrying four courses will be placed on probation if he has one V and one other grade below III, or has failed to obtain a grade of III or better in at least one course. A student with fewer than four courses will be placed on probation if he has one V, or if he does not obtain at least two grades of III or better. Probation is terminated only

¹The symbols have the following meanings: I Very high standing, II High standing, III Medium standing, IV Low standing, V Failure.

at regular examination periods and must be terminated within one year's time or the student will be dropped from the Institute. A student who is on probation may also be dropped at any time during the probation period for inattention to the requirements of his schedule. A student who is on probation is not permitted to hold any elective office, or to serve as editor, assistant editor, business manager, or assistant business manager of a college publication.

Promotion.-To attain Sophomore standing, a student must have obtained in four of the five courses of the Freshman year, passing grades of which two must have been III or better. To attain Junior standing, a student must have obtained in at least nine of the ten courses of the Freshman and Sophomore years, passing grades of which four must have been III or better. To attain Senior standing, a student must have obtained passing grades, of which six must have been III or better, in at least thirteen courses of the five courses of the Freshman year, the five courses of the Sophomore year, and the four courses of the Junior year, required for full Senior standing. To obtain the degree of Bachelor of Arts, a student must have obtained passing grades, of which eight must have been III or better, in five Freshman courses, five Sophomore courses, four Junior courses, and four Senior courses, required for the first degree. Attention is called to the fact that this four years' course is built up by years. Accordingly four courses of the Freshman and Sophomore years respectively will not be credited as the equivalent of four courses of the Junior and Senior years respectively, a higher standard and wider range of collateral work being required of Juniors

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and Seniors who elect in either of those years an elementary subject of the Freshman and Sophomore years.

No student shall attain Sophomore, Junior, or Senior standing in engineering and architecture who lacks more than one course of the standard schedule required for full standing in those years.

SUBJECTS OF INSTRUCTION FOR 1932-33

OF the courses to be offered during the scholastic year 1932-33 it is possible to announce those described below. The numbers designating the courses have the following signification: courses whose numbers begin with I are open to all students of the Institute; courses whose numbers commence with 2 are open to Sophomores, Juniors, and Seniors; those beginning with 3 are open to Juniors and Seniors; those beginning with 4 are Senior courses. Unless otherwise indicated, all courses consist of at least three exercises a week. For each course the days of the week and the hours have been indicated.

ENGLISH 100. The Theory and Practice of English Composition, with the study of fundamental literary forms. The primary purpose of the course is to give students the command of written English which is necessary for later work in college. A secondary but still important purpose is to examine the chief types of prose and poetry, as a foundation for further courses in literature or for private reading. Required of Freshmen.

> M W F 8:00, 9:00, 11:00 or 12:00 or T Th S 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 or 12:00

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ENGLISH 200. Outlines of the History of English Literature, with collateral reading of authors representative of the various periods. M W F 10:00

ENGLISH 210. Argumentation and Public Speaking. Practical training in the fundamentals of effective speech, written argument, and debate. Designed to prepare the student for the ordinary demands of business life. Platform speaking, themes, conferences. This course is planned primarily for students of physical education.

T Th S 8:00

ENGLISH 300. A Study of the English Drama, exclusive of Shakespeare, from its beginnings in the Middle Ages to the time of Goldsmith and Sheridan. T Th S 12:00

ENGLISH 310. Modern British and American Poetry. A survey of poetic development in Great Britain and America from 1890 to 1930: the revolt of the 1890's, the Irish Renaissance, the Georgians, the poetry of the Great War, the "new" American poetry. T Th S 11:00

ENGLISH 330. Advanced Writing. Themes and conferences. Emphasis will be laid on such types as the informal essay and the short story. This course is intended for students who have already shown some aptitude in writing. T Th S 12:00

ENGLISH 340. The English Novel, with especial reference to the chief novelists of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. M W F 12:00

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ENGLISH 350. A Study of Greek and Latin Literature, in the best available translations. Considerable emphasis will be laid on the debt of modern civilization and literature to classical antiquity. M W F 12:00

ENGLISH 370. John Milton: a study of his poetry and prose. T Th S 8:00

ENGLISH 380. The Poetry of the English Renaissance. The course will begin with early Humanism in England and will trace the development of poetry into the seventeenth century. Special attention will be given to the history of the sonnet, and to the work of Spenser. Hours to be arranged.

ENGLISH 400. Shakespeare and Modern Drama. A systematic study of Shakespeare followed by a rapid survey of modern drama. Open only to Seniors. MWF 9:00

ENGLISH 410. Victorian Poetry and Prose, exclusive of the novel. (Alternates with English 420.)

(Not offered 1932-33.)

ENGLISH 420. English Poetry and Prose, exclusive of the novel, from 1798 to 1830. (Alternates with English 410.) M W F 11:00

ENGLISH 460. Seminar in American Literature. A study of the principal authors from the Colonial Period to the end of the nineteenth century. T 2:00-5:00

ENGLISH 500. Old English. An introductory course, followed by a careful reading of Beowulf. (Alternates with English 510.) (Not offered 1932-33.)

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ENGLISH 510. Chaucer. A close reading of the principal works, with emphasis both on linguistic and literary values. (Alternates with English 500.) Hours to be arranged.

Requirements for Honours Course in English: four courses in English; two courses in Modern Languages, preferably French, German, or Italian; two courses in philosophy or history; all to be Junior or Senior courses and to be passed with high grades. Individual schedules and quality of work must be satisfactory both to the department and to the Committee on Honours Courses and Advanced Degrees.

FRENCH 100. First Year French. Oral exercises, dicta-tion, grammar, composition, and study of simple Frenchtexts.M W F 8:00, 10:00 or 11:00 orT Th S 8:00, 9:00 or 10:00

FRENCH 200.Second Year French.Oral exercises, dictation, review of grammar, composition, study of representative authors, supplementary reading under the supervision of the instructor.M W F 12:00 or

T Th S 8:00, 10:00 or 11:00

FRENCH 210. Advanced French. Review of grammar, study of representative texts, all in French. Open to students who have passed French 100 with a grade of I, and to students who have had four years of high-school French. M W F 11:00

FRENCH 300. Third Year French. Composition and study of modern French texts with special emphasis on

the syntax and the difficulties of the French language. A considerable amount of outside reading will be required. Reports and essays in French. M W F 9:00 or T Th S II:00

FRENCH 310. Review of Grammar and Composition. Practice in reading and speaking. Phonetics. MWF11:00

FRENCH 320. A Survey of the History of French Literature, with its social background. Open to students who have passed French 200. The course is intended for students of English and history as well as for those who desire to specialize in French.

Section A.	Lectures in English.	M W F 10:00
Section B.	Lectures in French.	M W F 8:00

FRENCH 400. French Composition. M W F 8:00

FRENCH 440.Drama in the Seventeenth and EighteenthCenturies.Lectures, collateral readings, reports, and essays.Conducted in French.T Th S 8:00

FRENCH 470.French Romanticism.Open to studentswho have passed French 300 or 320 A or B with a gradeof III or better.T Th S 9:00

FRENCH 560. Development of Realism in the French Novel of the Nineteenth Century.

Hours to be arranged.

Requirements for Honours Course in French: French 300 or 310, and 320, 410 or 420, and 430 passed with high credit (grades of I or II). Individual schedules and

quality of work must be satisfactory both to the department and to the Committee on Honours Courses and Advanced Degrees.

GERMAN 100. Elementary German. Pronunciation, grammar, dictation, conversation, composition. Reading of a book. M W F 8:00 or 10:00 or

T Th S 9:00, 10:00 or 11:00

GERMAN 200. Second Year German. Introduction to a knowledge of Germany and the Germans, including a short survey of German literature. Reading of two works of literary importance. German script, grammar review, discussion and composition in German.

M W F 11:00 or T Th S 8:00 or 11:00

GERMAN 300. Classical German Literature from Klopstock to Goethe. Study of eighteenth-century classical works. Collateral and outside reading. Composition. The work will be carried on mainly in German.

(Not offered 1932-33.)

GERMAN 310. Life and Works of one or two prominent classical or modern writers. Literary translation, essays, discussions, and debates. The work of the course will be carried on mainly in German. Subject for 1932-33: Gerhart Hauptmann and Thomas Mann. M W F 9:00

GERMAN 400. German Literature in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Centuries. Collateral and outside reading. German culture. Composition. The work will be carried on mainly in the German language. (Not offered 1932-33.)

GERMAN 410. Lectures in German on German Literature, from its beginnings down to Gottsched. Study of Walter von der Vogelweide's poems or of the Nibelungenlied. Survey of the history of the German language including an introduction into Middle High German. Advanced exercises in the oral and written use of the German language. Hours to be arranged.

GERMAN 500. Seminar: Some topic of higher literary study. Mainly for graduates. (Not offered 1932-33.)

GERMAN 510. Seminar: Any one or two of the following: Phonetics; Gothic; Old High German; Middle High German. Mainly for graduates. (Not offered 1932-33.)

The requirements for the Honours Course in German comprise six advanced courses: four in German, all to be passed with high credit; one in English; and one in European History. Individual schedules and quality of work must be satisfactory both to the department and to the Committee on Honours Courses and Advanced Degrees.

ITALIAN 300. Elementary Italian. Open to students who have had at least two years of French, Spanish, or Latin. Oral exercises, grammar, composition, and reading of representative Italian authors. M W F 11:00

ITALIAN 400. Advanced Italian. A study of Dante. Prerequisite: Italian 300. (Not offered 1932-33.)

SPANISH 100. Beginning Spanish. Oral exercises, grammar, composition, and study of elementary Spanish texts. M W F 9:00

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SPANISH 110. Intermediate Spanish. This course presupposes a knowledge of elementary Spanish (equivalent to one year with high credit or two years of high-school Spanish). Oral exercises, dictation, grammar, composition, translation, and study of modern Spanish texts.

M W F 10:00 or T Th S 11:00

SPANISH 200. A rapid beginning course in Spanish for students who are taking a regular course in another modern language. Oral exercises, grammar, and composition.

M W F 12:00

SPANISH 210. Second Year Spanish. Oral exercises, review of grammar, composition, outside reading under the supervision of the instructor, and reports. Open to students who have completed three years of high-school Spanish or Spanish 110.

M W F 8:00 or T Th S 10:00 or 11:00

SPANISH 300. Third Year Spanish. Open to all students who have completed Spanish 200. Review of grammar, composition, essays, study of representative authors, collateral readings, and reports. M W F 8:00 or 12:00

SPANISH 320. Survey of the History of Spanish Literature. Open to Juniors and Seniors who have taken Spanish 300 or 330 and to Sophomores upon special recommendation. T Th S 8:00

SPANISH 330. Commercial Spanish. Open to students who have already taken Spanish 200 or 310. A general survey of the economic conditions in Spain and in Latin

American countries. Reading of reviews and bulletins, reports, and practical exercises. T Th S 9:00

SPANISH 410. Hispano-American Civilization and Literature. Open to students who have already taken Spanish 300 or 330. Lectures, collateral readings, reports and discussions. Conducted in Spanish. M W F 10:00

SPANISH 420. Literature of the Nineteenth Century. Open to students who have already taken Spanish 320. Conducted in Spanish. T Th S 12:00

Honours Courses in Spanish may be granted to students who have done exceptionally good work in Spanish and whose work in another language has been of high standing. The Spanish courses required are: Spanish 300, 320, 330, 410 and 420. Individual schedules and quality of work must be satisfactory both to the department and to the Committee on Honours Courses and Advanced Degrees.

MATHEMATICS 100. Elementary Analysis. Trigonometry, analytic geometry, and introduction to calculus. This course is required for Freshmen because it forms a necessary introduction to work in mathematics and pure and applied science, and assists the students in developing habits of self criticism in thinking and writing. As one of the most modern of sciences and, at the same time, one of the most ancient of humanities, mathematics is regarded as an integral part in any general education.

> M W F 11:00 or 12:00 or T Th S 11:00 or 12:00

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MATHEMATICS O. Elementary Algebra. This course begins about March first. It does not count towards a degree, since it contains nothing which is not a part of the requirement for entrance to the Institute. This course is intended and required for any student who has to drop Mathematics 100 through lack of knowledge of high-school mathematics.

MATHEMATICS 200. Differential and Integral Calculus. Elements of differential equations, differentials, definite integrals, infinite series, and their applications, especially to mechanics. Prescribed for engineers who do not take Mathematics 210.

This course continues the work of Mathematics 100 in calculus and analytic geometry, with systematic applications to Newton's laws of motion and calculation of moments of forces and of inertia, centers of gravity, etc.

Students who have considerable facility in mathematical reasoning should register for Mathematics 210.

T Th S 8:00, 9:00 or 12:00

MATHEMATICS 210. Differential and Integral Calculus. This course covers the ground of Mathematics 200 but is more complete and goes further. It is open to students who obtain high grades in Mathematics 100, or otherwise satisfy the instructor of their fitness to take the course. A feature of this course is the writing of theses on the applications of mathematics to science, engineering, and philosophy, so that the student shall have practice in expressing himself in clear English. T Th S 8:00

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MATHEMATICS 220. Algebra and Mechanics. Solutions of equations, vectors, invariants, determinants, and interpolation; systematic statics and parts of dynamics. This course, required for engineers, fits the student with the algebraic technique necessary for the applications, and concerns itself with the fundamental principles of mechanics, and applications to machines and structures. It may be counted as a Junior course if the student makes studies of additional thesis and problem subjects. T Th S 8:00 or 9:00

MATHEMATICS 300. Advanced Calculus and Dynamics. Differentiation and integration of functions of several variables, differential equations, Fourier series, systematic dynamics. This course or Mathematics 310 should be taken by students whose major interest lies in science or engineering; it is open to those who have passed Mathematics 200 and 220, or otherwise satisfy the instructor of their fitness to take it. M W F 8:00

MATHEMATICS 310. Advanced Calculus and Dynamics. Students with considerable facility in mathematical reasoning should take this course rather than Mathematics 300, the ground of which it covers. Such students may take Mathematics 220 during the same year. Opportunity to write theses is given. M W F 8:00

MATHEMATICS 320. Geometry. A survey of elementary projective geometry using both synthetic and analytic methods; algebraic forms and their invariants. Metrical geometry; development of properties of space of distance relations, with applications to analytic and axiomatical geometry. M W F 10:00

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MATHEMATICS 400. Theory of Functions, real and complex variable. The important functions of analysis and modern general methods. T Th S 12:00

MATHEMATICS 420. Differential and Integral Equations. Boundary value problems. Groups.

Hours to be arranged.

MATHEMATICS 500. Theory of Functions of a Complex Variable. The algebraic functions and their integrals, functions of two or more complex variables and differential equations. Hours to be arranged.

MATHEMATICS 510. Theory of Functions of a Real Variable. Summable functions, Lebesgue and Stieltjes integrals, general integrals, functions of point sets and of plurisegments; Fourier series. Hours to be arranged.

APPLIED MATHEMATICS 310. Finance, Statistics, and Probability. Mathematical theory of investment, analysis of statistics as applied to economics and biology, theory of probability. M W F 12:00

APPLIED MATHEMATICS 320. Mathematical Introduction to Economics. A study of a unified sequence of economic problems by means of the elementary methods of the calculus. Mathematics 200 or 210 is a prerequisite.

(Not offered 1932-33.)

APPLIED MATHEMATICS 500. Advanced Mechanics and Relativity. This course assumes some knowledge of differential geometry, and gives the theory of Einstein and Weyl, based on the absolute calculus of Ricci and Levi-Civita. (Not offered 1932-33.)

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APPLIED MATHEMATICS 510. Potential Theory. Laplace's and related equations. Boundary value problems. The Plateau problem. To meet twice a week as a seminar. Hours to be arranged.

APPLIED MATHEMATICS 520. Celestial Mechanics and Cosmogony. Planetary motion, forms of equilibrium of rotating and radiating masses, and the evolution of stellar systems. (Not offered in 1932-33.)

SEMINAR IN MATHEMATICS. The Seminar meets every other week in order to allow the exposition of original investigations by its members. W 2:00-5:00

Besides these courses as listed above, to be given during the academic year 1932-33, others may be given to suit the needs of students. Reading courses are also offered in analysis, geometry, and applied mathematics in connection with research in those fields.

PHYSICS 100. Heat, Light, Mechanics, Sound, Magnetism, and Electricity. A course of two experimental lectures, one recitation and three hours of practical work per week. This course is intended for those who wish to obtain some general knowledge of the principles of natural philosophy on which the modern applications of science to human activities are based. The scientific method of dealing with facts and theories is explained and made familiar by numerous experimental demonstrations and laboratory exercises. For the practical work thirty complete sets of apparatus are available for simple experi-

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ments. Students taking Physics 100 must have taken or be taking Mathematics 100.

> T Th S 10:00 Laboratory M or T 1:00-3:00 or 3:00-5:00

PHYSICS 200. Dynamics, Electricity, and Magnetism. A course of three lectures and three hours of practical work per week. This course with Physics 100 makes up a complete course on the principles of physics which is required of all engineering students and should be taken by students intending to specialize in physics, chemistry, medicine, law, biology or mathematics. In this course the fundamental principles of electrical theory are explained and illustrated, including the elementary theory of direct and alternating currents, electric transmission of power, wireless telegraphy, and other modern developments. In the laboratory the students are taught how to make measurements of all the important electrical quantities such as current, resistance, potential, capacity, magnetic intensity, magnetic properties of iron and steel and electrochemical equivalents, etc. Thirty complete sets of apparatus are available for this work. Students taking Physics 200 must have completed Mathematics 100 and must take Mathematics 200 or 210 at the same time as Physics 200. M W F 9:00 Laboratory Th or F 2:00-5:00

PHYSICS 300. Properties of Matter, and Physical Optics. A course of three lectures and three hours of practical work per week. This course and Physics 310, 320, and 330 together make up a more advanced course on physics, supplementing the elementary work done in Physics 100

and 200. The laboratory work includes exact measurements of such quantities as elastic properties of metals, surface tension of liquids, viscosity of liquids, mechanical equivalent of heat, conductivity for heat of solids and liquids, vapor pressure of liquids, temperatures with resistance thermometers, thermo-couples and radiation pyrometers, and experiments on spectroscopy, interference, diffraction, and polarization of light. Students taking this course must have completed Mathematics 200 or 210.

(Not offered 1932-33.)

PHYSICS 310. Electricity. A course of three lectures and three hours of practical work per week. This course includes a study of the electrical properties of gases, including cathode and positive rays, Roentgen rays, thermionics, and radioactivity. Also, electric oscillations, electron tubes and their applications. Students taking this course must have completed Mathematics 200 or 210.

M W F 9:00 Laboratory M $2\!:\!00\text{--}5:\!00$

PHYSICS 320. Mechanics, including general theory of vector fields, of vibrations, and of potential, and the theory of the electromagnetic field and of light. Three lectures per week. (Not offered 1932-33.)

PHYSICS 330. Chemical Physics. Three lectures per week on thermodynamics, including chemical equilibrium and affinity, the theory of cracking petroleum, quantum theory of specific heats, radiation and spectra, osmotic pressure and properties of solutions, theory of voltaic cells, etc. Students taking this course must have completed Mathematics 200 or 210. M W F 11:00

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PHYSICS 340. About ten lessons on glass blowing of one hour each. Limited to fifteen students. This course will be given from time to time as required. No credit is given for this course.

PHYSICS 350. Geophysics. Gravitational anomalies due to underground structures. The torsion balance. The propagation of explosion and other waves in the earth. The seismograph. Electrical and magnetic methods of prospecting for oil and other minerals. Three lectures per week. T Th S II:00

PHYSICS 400. Physics Colloquium. One meeting a week at which present-day researches in physics will be discussed. No credit is given for this course but graduate students and students taking honours courses in physics are expected to attend the course.

PHYSICS 500. Electromagnetic Theory and Electron Theory. Two lectures per week. Hours to be arranged.

PHYSICS 510. Electricity in Gases, X-rays, Crystal Structure, and Radioactivity. Two lectures per week. (Not offered 1932-33.)

PHYSICS 520. Quantum Mechanics. Two lectures per week. Hours to be arranged.

PHYSICS 530. Statistical Mechanics and General Theory of Relativity. Two lectures per week.

(Not offered 1932-33.)

PHYSICS 540. Research work.

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Attention is invited to the fact that many opportunities exist at the present time for persons possessing adequate training in physics and mathematics to engage in industrial research. A large number of industrial corporations now maintain research laboratories for the carrying on of such work. Among these may be mentioned the General Electric Company, the Bell Telephone Company, the Eastman Kodak Company, the Bureau of Standards, and others. Students desiring to qualify for positions in such establishments should take the honours course in physics and then, if possible, take a graduate course in physics leading to the M.A. or the Ph.D. degree. However, positions in research laboratories and at the Bureau of Standards are open to men who have taken the B.A. degree with honours in physics. The honours course in physics may be taken up by students who have completed the first two years of an engineering course as well as by academic students. Several fellowships in physics are available at the Institute to enable students to take graduate work in physics.

CHEMISTRY 100. Introductory Chemistry. Two lectures, one recitation and six hours' laboratory work weekly. A general introductory course dealing with the fundamental phenomena and principles of the science. During the first half-year the laboratory exercises are arranged to verify and illustrate the principles and facts which are discussed in the lectures. During the last half-year the laboratory work deals with the general principles and methods of qualitative analysis.

> M W F 8:00 Laboratory W F 10:00–1:00 or W F 2:00–5:00

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CHEMISTRY 110. General Chemistry. Two lectures, one recitation and five hours' laboratory work weekly. This is a general introductory course differing from Chemistry 100 only in giving more attention to elementary organic chemistry and biochemistry. It is designed especially for and open only to students taking the course in physical education. T Th S 8:00 Laboratory T Th 9:00-11:30

CHEMISTRY 220A. Quantitative Analysis. Three lectures and nine hours' laboratory work weekly. A course arranged for chemical engineers and for academic students specializing in chemistry. The course aims to familiarize the student with the fundamental principles of analytical chemistry. Special emphasis is placed on chemical mathematics and stoicheiometry. The laboratory work embodies a study of the representative processes in the quantitative determination of the common metals and acids, covering the methods of gravimetric, volumetric, and electroanalysis. Throughout the work particular attention is given to general analytical technique.

M W F 8:00 Laboratory M T Th 2:00-5:00

CHEMISTRY 220B. Quantitative Analysis. Three lectures and six hours' laboratory work weekly. A course arranged primarily for premedical students and for engineers other than chemical engineers. This course differs from Chemistry 220A only in the nature and scope of the laboratory work. M W F 8:00 Laboratory M T or W Th 2:00-5:00

CHEMISTRY 230A. Industrial Geology and Blow Pipe Analysis. Two lectures and three hours' laboratory work weekly. The course is arranged especially to meet the
requirements of the chemical engineer. It consists of (1) a brief survey of historical geology that attempts to explain the origin of formations on the earth, (2) a detailed examination of the economic rocks, minerals and other natural resources, and (3) a comprehensive study of the surface features of the earth, with emphasis on the forces and agents which have produced and are producing these results.

The laboratory work consists of the qualitative and quantitative analysis of minerals and rocks together with their identification and classification. Prerequisite: Chemistry 220 or taking 220. T Th 11:00 Laboratory W 2:00-5:00

CHEMISTRY 230B. Industrial Geology and Blow Pipe Analysis. A course for academic students. Similar to Chemistry 230A except for six hours' laboratory work weekly. T Th 11:00 Laboratory W F 2:00-5:00

CHEMISTRY 300. Elementary Organic Chemistry. Three hours' lecture and recitation, and six hours' laboratory work weekly. The course is designed to cover the introductory chemistry of the principal classes of organic compounds, and to present the more important theories relating to their structure and reactions. Prerequisite: Chemistry 220. M W F 8:00 Laboratory M Th 2:00-5:00

CHEMISTRY 310. Physical Chemistry. Two lectures, one recitation and six hours' laboratory work weekly. A systematic presentation of modern chemical theories and their applications. Prerequisites: Chemistry 220, Physics 200 or taking Physics 200.

T Th S 8:00 Laboratory W F 2:00-5:00

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CHEMISTRY 410. Colloid Chemistry. Two lectures and four hours' laboratory work weekly. The course treats of the theories of colloid chemistry and their applications in biology and the arts. Prerequisite: Chemistry 310.

M W 9:00 Laboratory W 1:30-5:30

CHEMISTRY 420. Electrochemistry. Two lectures and four hours' laboratory work weekly. The course includes the principles and applications of the accurate electrochemical measurements which are employed in industries and in research, the electrical control of chemical reactions, the electron theory of matter, of valence, and of chemical reaction. Prerequisite: Chemistry 310.

T Th 10:00 Laboratory Th 1:30-5:30

CHEMISTRY 430. Chemical Engineering. Three lectures and six hours' laboratory work weekly. In this course are considered the principles upon which the mechanical operations involved in the chemical manufacturing industries depend, together with a study of the types of equipment available for such operations and the kind of work for which each is best adapted. The application of the principles is illustrated both by discussion in the class-room and by the solution of typical problems. Among the subjects considered are applied stoicheiometry, furnaces and combustion, the flow of heat, crushing and grinding, the separation of solids, extraction, filtration, distillation, evaporation, the flow of fluids, humidification, and air drying. The laboratory course involves experiments in commercial analysis, in instrument calibration, in measurement of flow of liquids and gases, in evaporation, filtration

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and drying, and in electric furnace work. Prerequisite: Chemistry 310.

M W F 8:00 Laboratory M F 2:00-5:00

CHEMISTRY 440. Advanced Organic Chemistry. Two lectures and nine hours' laboratory work weekly. The work of the first half-year is devoted to qualitative organic analysis. This portion of the course embodies a systematic procedure for the separation and identification of pure organic compounds. It aims to review, by actual laboratory contact, the important reactions of the main series of organic substances.

During the second half-year the lectures will cover advanced organic topics, such as tautomerism, geometric and optical isomerism, chemistry of carbohydrates, chemistry of free radicals, terpenes, etc. The laboratory work is devoted to quantitative organic analysis (including combustion methods for carbon, hydrogen, and nitrogen, and the Carius method for the halogens) and to advanced organic synthesis. A short experimental research problem will be assigned each student in which he may apply the principles learned during the course. Prerequisites: Chemistry 300, Chemistry 310, or taking 310.

M F 10:00 Laboratory hours to be arranged.

CHEMISTRY 450. Advanced Analytical Chemistry. One lecture and six hours' laboratory work weekly. During the first part of the course experiments are given in the systematic analysis of complex substances such as minerals and alloys. The primary object of the course is the study and application of some special methods of quantitative

analysis. These methods include microanalysis, electrometric analysis, X-ray analysis, and gasometric analysis. Prerequisites: Chemistry 220 and 310.

Hours to be arranged.

CHEMISTRY 460. Biochemistry. Three lectures and six hours' laboratory work weekly. During the first part of the year the course consists of the study of elementary biochemistry from a physicochemical standpoint. The newer methods of blood, urine, and gastric analyses are investigated during the last half-year. This course is designed primarily for the chemistry student, and is not intended to replace similar courses given in medical schools. Prerequisites: Chemistry 300 and 310, or taking 310, and Biology 100.

M W F 9:00 Laboratory hours to be arranged.

CHEMISTRY 470. Experimental Problems. Chemical engineers and students who are specializing in chemistry may elect in their Senior year at least nine hours a week in experimental problems under the direction of some member of the staff of instruction.

CHEMISTRY 480. Chemical Literature; History of Chemistry. One hour per week. The first half of the year is devoted to a study of the arrangement of chemical literature and its use in industrial and research work. It is the aim of this portion of the course to acquaint the student with the literature of chemistry, how it is organized and made available, to give some practice in its use, and also to indicate the growth of the science. During this time a

topic will be assigned to each student every week for a thorough library investigation.

A series of lectures is given during the second half-year on the history of chemistry, the purpose being to stress the important changes which have been made in chemistry and to acquaint the student with the chemists mainly responsible for them.

A fee of two dollars is required of each student to cover certain expenses in connection with the library work. This course is required for all Senior chemical engineers and Senior students specializing in chemistry. Prerequisite: German 100. W 12:00

CHEMISTRY 500. Thesis. Chemical engineers or students who are specializing in chemistry are expected in their fifth year to elect at least nine hours a week in research under the direction of some member of the staff of instruction.

CHEMISTRY 510. Adsorption. Lectures and conferences two hours per week. A course dealing with the nature and mechanism of adsorption and its relation to contact catalysis, the stability of colloidal solutions, emulsification, the permeability of membranes, photochemical sensitivity, etc. Given in 1932-33 and every third year thereafter.

CHEMISTRY 520A. Photochemistry and Catalysis. Lectures and conferences two hours per week. The course considers the chemical effects of light, the chemical production of light, catalysis and chemical reactivity from the experimental point of view. Modern atomic and molecular

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theories and the quantum theory of chemical activation are discussed. Given in 1931-32 and every third year thereafter.

CHEMISTRY 520B. The Phase Rule. Lectures and conferences two hours per week. This course deals with the principles underlying the phase rule and their application to the classification and investigation of equilibria. Consideration is given to one-component systems, two-component systems in which compounds are not formed, twocomponent systems in which compounds are formed, and three-component systems. Given in 1933–34 and every third year thereafter.

CHEMISTRY 520C. Selected Topics in Advanced Physical Chemistry. A course for advanced undergraduates and graduates. The work of this course will necessitate considerable reading in French and German journals. Given in 1934-35 and every third year thereafter.

Hours to be arranged.

CHEMISTRY 530. Industrial Chemistry. A continuation of Chemistry 430. This course consists of a more detailed examination of the basic laws of chemical engineering practice leading to the design and operation of plant equipment. The laboratory work consists of experiments leading to the formulation of laws governing the operation of apparatus set up in the industrial laboratory or designed and built to meet the needs of the individual problem at hand. Prerequisite: Chemistry 430.

Hours to be arranged.

CHEMISTRY 540. Selected Topics in Organic Chemistry. Two conferences per week. Discussion of such topics as: the electron theory of valency applied to organic chemistry; the effect of structure on the reactivity of organic compounds; the constitution of benzene; the chemistry of the heterocyclic compounds, etc., with special emphasis on recent work. A reading knowledge of French and German will be necessary as assignments will be made to the original literature. Given in 1933-34 and every third year thereafter.

CHEMISTRY 560. Advanced Biochemistry. This is a lecture course dealing with the important organic substances that are produced in plant and animal life. The physiological action, natural occurrence, and laboratory synthesis of substances such as adrenalin, thyroxin, insulin, hemoglobin, the alkaloids, the purines, and other compounds will be studied. Prerequisite: Chemistry 460. Given in 1933-34 and every third year thereafter.

CHEMISTRY 570. Microchemical Analysis. One lecture and six hours' laboratory work weekly. A course in quantitative microanalysis based on the procedures of Fritz Pregl. Prerequisite: Chemistry 440.

Hours to be arranged.

CHEMISTRY 580. Chemistry Seminar. Meetings are held fortnightly at which modern researches in chemistry are presented and discussed by members of the chemistry staff and graduate students in chemistry. Attendance is open to all members of the Institute.

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Students who desire to take their major work in chemistry should select their courses according to the following arrangement: First year, Chemistry 100; Second year, Chemistry 220 and 230; Third year, Chemistry 300 and 310; Fourth year, Chemistry 420 and one or more elective courses in chemistry. The related courses in mathematics and physics should also be taken during the first two years if possible.

In addition to the general requirements for advanced degrees given on pages 48 and 49, the following specific requirements must be met by candidates taking their major work in chemistry.

For admission to full graduate standing, candidates for advanced degrees in chemistry must have completed general courses equivalent to Chemistry 100, 220, 300, and 310 in the Rice Institute and two additional advanced courses equivalent to two 400 courses in chemistry in the Rice Institute.

The courses for which graduate credit is given may be grouped as follows:

Group I

Chemistry 410 Colloid Chemistry Chemistry 420 Electrochemistry Chemistry 450 Advanced Analytical Chemistry Chemistry 510 Adsorption Chemistry 520A Photochemistry and Catalysis Chemistry 520B The Phase Rule Chemistry 530 Industrial Chemistry Chemistry 550 Subatomic Chemistry

Group II

Chemistry 440 Advanced Organic Chemistry Chemistry 460 Biochemistry Chemistry 540 Selected topics in Organic Chemistry

In addition to the thesis, candidates for the M.A. degree will complete three courses distributed as follows: one Group I course, one Group II course, and one approved 300 or 400 course in mathematics, physics, or biology.

In addition to the thesis, candidates for the Ph.D. degree will complete six courses distributed as follows: if specializing in general or physical chemistry, three Group I courses, two Group II courses, and Physics 330; if specializing in organic chemistry, three Group II courses, two Group I courses, and one approved 300 or 400 course in mathematics, physics, or biology. Before the beginning of the academic year in which the student expects to receive his degree, he must satisfy the members of the staff under whom he is working that he possesses a reading knowledge of scientific French and German. The first week in May of the last year of residence, the candidate will be given three-hour written examinations in general chemistry and organic chemistry.

Graduate assistants and fellows who devote as much as six hours per week to teaching will, in general, be expected to spend two years in residence for the master's degree and four years in residence for the doctor's degree.

BIOLOGY 100. General Biology. About half the year is given to the study of human physiology in connection with the study of structure, both gross and microscopic.

A brief survey of the general principles of infection and immunity is included. The other half of the year is given to a study of morphology, ecology, embryology, and physiology, both animal and plant. The evolutionary point of view is presented at the very start; and, wherever feasible, is made the basis for the presentation, or of the interpretation, of the subject-matter at hand. Emphasis is placed on such topics as are of human interest or application. Three lectures and one three-hour laboratory period per week.

M W F 9:00 Laboratory W Th or F $2:\!00-\!5:\!00$

BIOLOGY 220. Parasitology, and the Biology of Public Health. The first part of the year is devoted to a study of the relation of insects and their allies to the spread of disease, with special emphasis on such important disease transmitters as mosquitoes, flies, etc. Following this the parasitic worms and protozoa are studied, especially those of local importance, causing hookworm disease, malaria, syphilis, etc. The final part of the year is devoted to an introduction to bacteriology, particularly the sanitary aspects of it. A general cultural course for academic students and for Sophomore premedical students.

M W F 9:00 Laboratory W 2:00-5:00

BIOLOGY 240. An Introduction to Animal Ecology. A course dealing with the natural history and ecology of animals. A study is made of the classification, life histories, habits, and habitats of both invertebrate and vertebrate groups. In addition, the principles of geographic distribution, the economic importance of various groups and species,

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the principles of the control methods of pests, and the principles of conservation and propagation of economically valuable forms are carefully considered. The course is designed to demonstrate the natural relations of animals to their environment, to each other, and to man, and to show how these relations may be modified and controlled. A general cultural course as well as one adapted to the needs of students preparing to teach biology. Prerequisite: Biology 100. M W F 11:00 Laboratory M 2:00-5:00

BIOLOGY 290. Physiology and Anatomy, for Physical Education students. A study of the structure and functions of the human body, supplemented in the laboratory by anatomical dissections of a mammal with comparisons with a human model, and experiments on the physiology of the various systems of organs as they are taken up. (Alternates with Biology 390.) (Not offered 1932-33.)

BIOLOGY 330. The Biology of Insects. A study of the structure, function and habits of insects dealing with such phases of insect life as adaptations to environment, relations of insects and plants, social habits, color and mimicry, behavior, etc. The course is designed for students desiring a general cultural knowledge of insects as a basis for teaching or for advanced work in entomology.

T Th S 8:00 Laboratory T 2:00-5:00

BIOLOGY 340. Comparative Anatomy. A study of the structure of vertebrate animals, beginning with simple forms and leading up to an understanding of mammalian anatomy, with emphasis on the origin and phylogenetic

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development of the organs and structures of the human body. Designed for premedical students in the Junior or Senior year. (Not offered 1932-33.)

BIOLOGY 360. Heredity and Evolution. The first part of the course is devoted to a discussion of the principles of heredity. Whenever practicable, cases of human inheritance are referred to and used in illustrating or in leading to the general principles. Topics discussed and interpreted from the viewpoint of genetics are twinning, regeneration, development, sexual and asexual reproduction. The study of evolution is taken up next. It includes a consideration of cosmic and geological evolution, the succession of animal and plant forms in time, including man's place in this process and his present and possible future evolution. Prerequisites: two courses in biology. M W F II:00

BIOLOGY 380. Physiological Histology. A study of microscopical anatomy of mammals, including man, with an interpretation of function from cellular make-up. Living tissues will be studied when possible, supplemented by a study of stained preparations. Coördination of the cells in the operation of living organs and tissues will be studied in situ, including a consideration of factors which condition or modify the activities. Students will make graphic records of the functioning of organs, and will be taught the technique of cutting and staining tissues. Recommended for premedical students, and for all students specializing in biology. (Alternates with Biology 450.)

M W F 10:00 Laboratory T 2:00-5:00

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BIOLOGY 390. Hygiene and Public Health. A course of lectures for physical education students. Such subjects are discussed as the care of the body, infection and resistance, epidemiology, care of water, milk and other foods, sewage disposal, housing and ventilation, health legislation, social problems, vital statistics, etc. T Th S 8:00

BIOLOGY 400. Special work. This course will consist of advanced work in special fields of biology for students specializing in the subject, and will be adapted to the needs of the particular student. Hours to be arranged.

BIOLOGY 450. General Embryology. A comparative study of the early development of animals, with special reference to the higher vertebrates. The principles and important results of experimental embryology are also discussed. Prerequisites: two courses in biology. Recommended as a course for premedical students.

(Not offered 1932-33.)

BIOLOGY 470. General Bacteriology and Immunology. Sterilization, preparation of media, and methods of cultivation; disinfection; nature and relationships of various types of micro-organisms; introduction to bacteriology of air, soil, water, sewage, dairy products and other foods, and important human, animal and plant diseases; the principles of immunology and their application to preventive and curative medicine. Special emphasis on public health and hygienic aspects of the subject. A natural sequence to Biology 220. Prerequisites: Biology 100 and Chemistry 100. (Alternates with Biology 340.)

T Th S 10:00 Laboratory Th 2:00-5:00

BIOLOGY 520. Biological research. Principles and methods of research, and the working out of a special research problem, with investigation of the literature bearing on the subject selected. Graduate course for students specializing in Biology.

To students looking forward to the study of medicine on graduation from the Rice Institute, a four years' course is available leading to the B.A. degree and meeting the requirements for entrance to medical college. In addition to the required subjects in the general B.A. course, this programme includes the following subjects for the years indicated: first year, Biology 100 and Chemistry 100; second year, Chemistry 220 and Physics 100; third and fourth vears, Biology 380 and Biology 470 and Chemistry 300, or Biology 340 and Biology 450 and Chemistry 310, these sets of courses alternating in successive years in conformity to the alternation of the biology courses involved. If desired, Biology 220 may be substituted for Biology 450 or Biology 470. It is further recommended that prospective medical students obtain sufficient knowledge of French and German to enable them to read scientific literature in those languages.

PSYCHOLOGY 200. General Introduction to Psychology. In this course both the introspective and the behavioristic approaches to the subject are taken into account. The lectures will be supplemented by demonstrations and class experiments. The main topics discussed are: the physiology of the nervous system and the sense-organs, reflexes, instinctive activity, sensation and perception, feeling and

emotion, memory and learning, intelligent behavior, personality. Near the end of the course a survey will be given of one or two special fields of the subject, such as animal psychology or abnormal psychology. This course presupposes a certain amount of elementary training in the fundamental sciences of biology and physics; it is strongly advised, though not at present required, that students take Biology 100 either before or concurrently with this course. T Th S 10:00

PSYCHOLOGY 300. Advanced Psychology. In the first half-year the subject will be modern schools and theories in psychology. Structural psychology, behaviorism, and Gestalt-theory will be among the tendencies discussed. The work will consist of lectures, assigned reading, and a thesis. In addition there will be laboratory exercises on the topics of sensation, perception, association and memory, feeling and emotion, attention, and the measurement of intelligence. In the second half-year the subject will be abnormal psychology. The enrollment in this course is limited; in general, it is required that students who enroll shall have passed Psychology 200 with a mark of III or above.

T Th S 12:00 Laboratory (first half-year) T or F 2:00-5:00

ECONOMICS 100. A general course of introductory nature designed to prepare for economic studies. The work includes readings, lectures, and discussions in economic history, concepts and elements of economic theory, business organization, statistical methods, accounting, and business finance. This course is planned primarily for students of physical education. M W F 10:00

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ECONOMICS 200. Elements of Economics. An introductory course analyzing and interpreting our present economic system. The approach to the subject is institutional, emphasizing the pecuniary basis of society, the use of funds, the credit structure, market practices, the rôle of the consumer, the position of the worker, and the instrumentalities of control. The principles of economics essential to progress in advanced courses in economics and business administration are correlated with the problem studies.

T Th S 11:00

ECONOMICS 320. Labor Problems and Public Finance. The first half-year is devoted to the history of the labor movement, with a careful consideration of the aims, practices, and institutions of organized labor. Industrial unrest is analyzed and the proposed remedies are evaluated. Progressive labor legislation is covered in detail. Taxation theory and practice is the work of the second half-year. Special consideration is given to the economic problems involved in various methods of taxation. Systems of public finance are examined and compared. Prerequisite: Economics 200. T Th S 10:00

ECONOMICS 450. Transportation. The course deals with the historical, social and economic aspects of the transportation business, the development of the agencies of transport, and existing systems. Railroads occupy most of the field of study. The principles of economics are applied to such problems as railway finance, competition, valuation, rate-making, extensions and abandonments, regulation, the extent and nature of legislative, judicial, and com-

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mission control of common carriers. The growth of rate structures such as that of Texas is particularly considered. Prerequisites: Economics 200 and Business Administration 200. M W F 11:00

SOCIOLOGY 200. An Introduction to Sociology. The course includes an analysis of the geographical and biological factors in social evolution, social psychology, and a study of the functions of citizenship. There is added a rapid survey of modern social problems such as those of poverty, industry, immigration, public health and delinquency. Students expecting to take this course are advised to take Biology 100, one course in college history, and Economics 200. M W F 11:00

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION 200. Business Management. A complete course in elementary accounting furnishes the approach to business administration. The principles developed are applied to the partnership and corporate forms of business enterprise. After considering the construction and interpretation of financial and operating statements, the course introduces such special subjects as consignments, selling through branches, and installment sales.

T Th S 8:00 or 9:00

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION 210. This course is planned along the same lines as Business Administration 200 but is open only to those who have had the background offered in Economics 100. M W F 8:00

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION 300. Money and Banking. History of the currency. Organization and regulation of

commercial and investment banks. The Federal Reserve System. Credit and instruments of credit, corporate securities, capitalization, reorganization, depreciation, and reserves. Open to students who have completed Business Administration 200 or Economics 200. MWF 9:00

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION 400. Advanced Accounting and Auditing. The course offers an intensive survey of such subjects as the construction and interpretation of financial and operating statements, the valuation of assets and liabilities, the treatment of funds and reserves, the liquidation and dissolution of partnerships and corporations, and the consolidation of balance sheets and operating statements. The course closes with a study of the theory and practice of modern auditing. The course is designed to meet the needs of a student who contemplates a possible career as a corporation auditor or comptroller, or a certified public accountant. T Th F II:00

EDUCATION 310. A Survey of the History of Education, with emphasis on the institutional and cultural side. Prerequisite: one year of college history, the history of philosophy, or Senior standing with a grade average of II. (Not offered 1932-33.)

EDUCATION 320. Philosophy of Education. An intensive source study of some of the more important educational theories, with special attention to the philosophical assumptions which lie back of them. In 1932-33, emphasis will be placed upon the theories of Plato, Aristotle, Francis Bacon, John Locke, Rousseau, Froebel, Herbart, Gentile,

and Dewey. A thesis on an assigned subject will be required. Prerequisite: a course in philosophy, or Psychology 300, or Education 410 with grade of III or better.

M W F 8:00

EDUCATION 410. Introduction to High-School Teaching. First half-year: general principles of secondary education with special attention to the Morrison system. Second half-year: (I) general theory of testing and the fundamentals of educational statistics; (2) the psychology of adolescence and the sociological side of high-school teaching. Prerequisite: Psychology 200.

M W F 10:00 or 11:00

The Department of Education of the State of Texas will grant, under the Certificate Law of 1921, the following certificates to students of the Institute:

I. Four-year Elementary Certificate. An elementary certificate valid for four years will be granted to students who have satisfactorily completed five full courses, one of which must be in education and bear on elementary teaching, another of which must be in English, and of which not more than two courses are in the same subject.

2. Six-year Elementary Certificate. An elementary certificate valid for six years will be granted to those who have satisfactorily completed two full years of college work, including two full courses in education.

3. Permanent Elementary Certificate. A permanent elementary certificate will be granted to the holders of the six-year certificates after five years of successful teaching or after four years of successful teaching and

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one year of college work taken after the issuance of the certificate.

4. Two-year High-School Certificate. A high-school certificate valid for two years (valid only in the elementary grades and in third-class and unclassified high-schools) will be granted to any student who has completed five full college courses, one of which is in education, another of which is in English, and not more than two of which are in any one subject.

5. Four-year High-School Certificate. A high-school certificate valid for four years will be granted to any student who completes two years of college work, including two courses in education, one of which bears on high-school teaching.

6. Permanent High-School Certificate. A permanent high-school certificate will be granted to those who have a B.A. degree (or any equivalent Bachelor's degree or higher academic degree) and have had two full courses in education, one of which bears on high-school teaching, and who have completed three years (27 months) of successful teaching subsequent to taking the degree.

It should be noted that high-school certificates are valid for the elementary grades and the holder of an elementary certificate, based on two years of college work, can teach in third-class and unclassified high-schools.

Certificates which are expiring may be renewed repeatedly by completing six semester hours of college work in any college or university recognized as first-class by the State Department of Education, provided the certificate has not expired by the beginning of the summer term during which the said work is done.

Attention should also be called to the fact that, after September, 1930, a college course in "Constitutions" will be required for the issuance of a teacher's certificate in Texas. History 310A is planned to meet this requirement.

Students expecting to secure the Institute's recommendation for a teaching position should consult the department offering the work of their primary interest in order that their course of study may be properly planned.

HISTORY 100. Foundations of Western Civilization. This course is intended as an introduction to historical methods of thinking, and will include a survey of human achievement from prehistoric times through antiquity and the Middle Ages to the early modern period. The chief emphasis will be placed on the contributions of the Greeks and Romans. T Th S 8:00

HISTORY 200. Modern European History, 1500–1815. This course includes the study of the Reformation, the religious wars, the age of Louis XIV, the rise of Prussia and Russia, colonial rivalry, the French Revolution, and the Napoleonic era. T Th S 9:00

HISTORY 250. English History. An introductory survey, with Trevelyan's History of England as a textbook, of the economic, social, and political movements which have developed in England from the earliest time to the present day. Not open to students who took History 240. M W F 12:00

HISTORY 300. American History. A survey of certain important general movements in the development of the

United States. The topics will be selected to give training in the use of historical evidence and to emphasize the essential unity of economic, social, and political factors. Open to juniors who have completed one college course in history. T Th S 10:00

HISTORY 310A. American Federal and State Government. A study of the history and operation of constitutional government in the United States and in the states, with especial reference to the historical background and operation of the government of Texas. This course is planned for the general student of government and is also designed to meet the certificate requirements for teaching in the state of Texas. This is a half-year course.

HISTORY 310B. Constitutional Government in England and France. A study of the origins and operation of constitutional government, the formation of public policy and the conduct of public business in England and France. This course also is a half-year course, and students desiring credit for a full year course at the Rice Institute should take both History 310A and History 310B.

M W F 10:00

HISTORY 320. The Development of European Culture, 300-1500. This course will attempt to trace the evolution of Western European civilization from the decline of the Roman Empire to the Sixteenth Century. Intellectual movements will be stressed throughout and correlated with social, economic, and religious factors to give the student a composite picture of the culture of this period. Frequent

reference will be made to the antique Graeco-Roman basis, and Byzantine and Mohammedan contributions to the Latin West will be considered. Prerequisite or concurrent: either Philosophy 300, English 350 or Architecture 510, or the special consent of the instructor. T Th S 11:00

HISTORY 340. English History from 1783. The condition of the people, the development of industry, commercial policy, colonial expansion, administrative organization, and English aims in international law will be among the subjects studied. M W F 9:00

HISTORY 350. Europe since 1815. This course will constitute a study of the social, political and economic history of Europe since the Congress of Vienna, including the democratic movement to 1848, the industrial revolution, the new nationalism and modern imperialism. Much attention will be given to the antecedents of the World War and to the situation in post-war Europe. M W F 10:00

HISTORY 420. Mediæval Latin. Survey and translation of typical mediæval sources. The selections will be studied from the point of view of historical significance and of literary appreciation. Also intensive reading and reports on special topics in mediæval literature and intellectual history. This course is intended for students of history and the modern languages who desire to acquire some familiarity with ordinary mediæval Latin texts. Prerequisites: History 320 and four years of high-school Latin, or the special consent of the instructor.

(Not offered 1932-33.)

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HISTORY 440. Advanced English History. This course is an introduction to historical research through the study of manuscript letters and diaries, tracts, parliamentary journals, and other historical documents of the early Stuart period. Open to Juniors and Seniors qualified by their ability to do extensive reading. T 2:00-5:00

HISTORY 450. Diplomatic Origins of the World War. After a brief survey of European diplomacy (1871-1914) this course will consist largely of research on selected topics. Special attention will be given to methods and materials. A reading knowledge of French or German, or the special consent of the instructor is required. Hours to be arranged.

HISTORY 500. American History since 1850. A seminar course for the intensive study of selected topics. Prerequisites: History 100, History 300, Economics 200, or their equivalents. Open to graduate students after consultation with instructor. (Not offered in 1930-31.)

JURISPRUDENCE 300. An Elementary Course in Jurisprudence. The course is planned to give the student a knowledge of the history of the development and of the philosophy of law, together with a knowledge of the essentials of selected divisions of modern law, including criminal law, torts, contracts, agency, partnership, negotiable instruments, and private corporations. T Th S 8:00

PHILOSOPHY 210. Logic and Ethics. First half-year: an elementary analysis of the fundamental principles of deductive and inductive logic. Second half-year: a considera-

tion of ethical problems in the light of the more important types of ethical theory. M W F 9:00 or 11:00

PHILOSOPHY 300. History of Philosophy. An historical survey of the essential features and main currents of philosophical thought, ancient, mediæval, and modern.

T Th S 9:00

PHILOSOPHY 310. Types of Ethical Theory. A systematic and critical examination of some of the principal works of moral philosophy, and a study of the problem of moral value. T Th S 10:00

PHILOSOPHY 320. Contemporary Philosophy. An analysis and criticism of current philosophical problems, with special emphasis on theories of knowledge in their historical setting. M W F 10:00

PHILOSOPHY 400. Philosophy of Religion. An historicalcritical study of the main problems of religion, dealing more especially with the belief in God, the idea of immortality, and the problem of evil. T Th S II:00

PHILANTHROPY 300. Social Problems. An intensive treatment of the following topics: child welfare, immigration, recreation, delinquency and crime, public health, and housing. This course aims to equip the student of social activities as well as the prospective social worker with a knowledge of important types of social maladjustment. Prerequisites: Economics 200, one course in college history, Sociology 200. M W F 10:00

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PHILANTHROPY 400. A course designed to train the student for professional social work. It includes the history of public and private relief, the functions of the more important social agencies, and the technique of social diagnosis and treatment. Theoretical instruction in the case method will be accompanied by field work under the direction of experts connected with the social agencies of the city of Houston. This course is limited to advanced students who are expecting to undertake professional social work. M W F 9:00

PHYSICAL TRAINING AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION

THE equipment of the athletic Field House not only makes provision for the university athletic teams but also affords opportunity for systematic physical training on the part of other members of the institution. Facilities are available in or near the Field House for basket ball, football, track and field work, baseball, handball, tennis, golf, and other athletic and recreative games.

PHYSICAL TRAINING. All men entering the Institute for the first time are required to take a year's course in physical training. This course, Physical Training 100, is also open to any other male student in the Institute. Students participating in intercollegiate athletics will receive appropriate credit for the duration of their participation. However, the required course offers a programme of games and intramural sports for those who are not competing in inter-

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collegiate athletics but for whom the benefits of recreation, exercise, and athletic competition are also desirable. The activities of the course will be so organized as to utilize the play instinct as much as possible.

The certificate of medical examination required of a student on admission will determine in a large measure the character of the work that the individual student is permitted to take. In certain special cases, a supplementary physical examination may be required. In cases where the student is physically or organically unfit for a normal programme of physical activity, he will be assigned to a restricted exercise group where special activities will be made to serve his needs. In all cases, the work will be so organized as to eliminate direct competition between the physically weaker and the physically stronger among the students.

For this physical training, a fee of \$16, payable at registration time, is required, entitling the student during his residence as an undergraduate to the use of the Field House and playing fields, to the use of a complete gymnasium uniform (excepting only gymnasium shoes, which are also required), and towels, and to laundry service for the preceding items of equipment.

PHYSICAL TRAINING 100. This course is designed to teach the student skill in various forms of athletic and recreative games and contests. Required of all men in the Freshman class. Three hours each week. Hours to be arranged.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION. Beginning with the academic year 1929-30, the Rice Institute offers a four years' course in physical education, leading to the degree of Bachelor of

Science in Physical Education. This course is designed with a view to preparing men for careers in physical education and coaching in high-schools and colleges, municipal recreation departments, and other similar organizations. In each of its four years there is a required course in physical education, and, in the last two years, courses in education which are necessary for a state teacher's certificate. The required work in biology and chemistry serves not only as a basis for the work in physical education, but also affords further subjects for high-school teaching. The laboratory work in these science courses is held in the morning hours, in order not to interfere with physical education laboratory work in the afternoons. Considerable emphasis is placed on economics and business administration for the benefit of those who ultimately, if not immediately, go into business. Students looking forward to medicine or law are permitted to make substitutions enabling them to meet the ordinary premedical and prelegal requirements.

The schedule of the four years' course in physical education is as follows:

First Year

- (I) English 100
- (2) French, German, or Spanish
- (3) Chemistry 110
- (4) Economics 100
- (5) Physical Education 100

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Second Year

- (I) English 210
- (2) French, German, or Spanish¹
- (3) Biology 100
- (4) Business Administration 210
- (5) Physical Education 200

Third Year

- (I) Biology 290
- (2) Physical Education 300^2
- (3-5) Three other subjects³

Fourth Year

- (I) Biology 390
- (2) Physical Education 400^2
- (3-5) Three other subjects³

PHYSICAL EDUCATION 100. Three lectures and six laboratory hours weekly. An introductory course to the professional study of physical education. The laboratory periods will be devoted to intensive instruction in a wide variety of games. M W F 10:00

PHYSICAL EDUCATION 200. Three lectures and six laboratory hours weekly. This course deals with problems of

¹The language begun in the first year should be continued.

³Students planning to enter public school work should elect education in the third and fourth years and History 310 in the fourth year.

² Practice teaching must be completed during either the junior or senior year.

health instruction, playground and community recreation, and the theory of athletic coaching. The laboratory periods will be devoted to intensive instruction in a wide variety of games. T Th S 9:00

PHYSICAL EDUCATION 300. Three lectures and six laboratory hours weekly. This course includes the study of body mechanics, individual physical education, and tests and measurements in physical education. The laboratory periods will be devoted to intensive instruction in a wide variety of games, and to practice teaching in physical education. T Th S II:00

PHYSICAL EDUCATION 400. Three lectures and six laboratory hours weekly. This course deals with the principles of organization and administration of programmes of health and physical education. The laboratory periods will be devoted to intensive instruction in a wide variety of games, and to practice teaching in physical education. M W F 12:00

COURSES IN ENGINEERING

COURSES are offered in chemical, civil, electrical, and mechanical engineering. A complete course in any one of these branches extends over five years. A student who has successfully completed the first four years of a course is awarded the degree of Bachelor of Science in a specified branch of engineering, and after successfully completing the remaining year of his course he is awarded the degree of Ch.E., C.E., E.E., or M.E. Students with high

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standing may receive the M.S. degree in a specified branch of engineering under the same requirements as for the M.A. degree. It is intended in the engineering courses to pay special attention to the theoretical side, because experience has shown that theoretical knowledge is difficult to obtain after leaving the university, and without it a rapid rise in the profession of engineering is almost impossible. It is recommended that students obtain employment in engineering work during the summer vacations, for it should be remembered that no amount of university work can take the place of practical experience in engineering establishments and in the field. The courses in engineering are not intended to take the place of learning by practical experience, but are designed to supply a knowledge of the fundamental principles and scientific methods on which the practice of engineering is based and without which it is difficult, if not impossible, to succeed in the practice of the profession. The work of the first year is alike for all branches, in order that students may defer choice of a particular engineering course as long as possible. It is necessary for chemical engineers to make this choice at the beginning of the second year, civil engineers at the beginning of the third year, and electrical and mechanical engineers at the beginning of the fourth year.

The work of the first two years consists chiefly of courses in pure and applied mathematics, physics, chemistry, and other subjects, an adequate knowledge of which is absolutely necessary before the more technical courses can be pursued with advantage. Technical work is begun in the third year with courses of a general character in mechanical engineering, civil engineering, and electrical

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engineering, all three of these branches to be taken by all engineering students, with a slight change in schedule for those in chemical engineering. In the third year instruction of students in mechanical and electrical engineering is begun in shopwork. The classes in shopwork are intended to give familiarity with workshop methods. The object of these classes is not primarily to train students to become skilled mechanics, but to provide such knowledge of shop methods as is desirable for those who may be expected as engineers to design machinery, to employ mechanics, and to superintend manufacturing processes.

Students who can afford the time are recommended to devote three or four years to preliminary work instead of two, taking the B.A. at the end of four years and an engineering degree at the end of six or seven years. Students proposing to do this are advised to take a course devoted largely to mathematics, physics, and chemistry, or an honours course in either mathematics, physics, or chemistry. The subjects taken during the years of preparatory work must include those of the first two years in the general engineering course, which may be substituted for options in the academic course. The honours course in physics is strongly recommended for those who wish to become either electrical or mechanical engineers. Typical schedules permitting such combination courses will be furnished by the Registrar on request.

The following are the schedules for the five years' course leading to a bachelor's degree in four years and an engineering degree in five years:

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First Year

- (I) Mathematics 100
- (2) Physics 100
- (3) English 100
- (4) Chemistry 100
- (5) Engineering 110

Second Year

- (1) Mathematics 200 or 210
- (2) Mathematics 220^1
- (3) Physics 200
- (4) French or Spanish²
- (5) Engineering 210³

Third Year

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AND ELECTRICAL

ENGINEERING

- (I) Mathematics 300
- (2) Mechanical Engineering 300
- (3) Electrical Engineering 300
- (4) Civil Engineering 300
- (5) Mechanical Engineering 310

CIVIL ENGINEERING

- (I) Mathematics 300
- (2) Mechanical Engineering 300
- (3) Electrical Engineering 300
- (4) Civil Engineering 300
- (5) Civil Engineering 310

¹Chemical Engineers take Chemistry 220.

² Chemical Engineers take German 100, other Engineers may substitute Chemistry 200.

³Chemical Engineers take Chemistry 230.

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CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

- (I) Chemistry 300. Organic Chemistry
- (2) Chemistry 310. Physical Chemistry
- (3) Mechanical Engineering 300
- (4) Electrical Engineering 300
- (5) Economics 200

Fourth Year

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

- (1) Mechanical Engineering Laboratory (M.E. 400)
- (2) Machine Design (M.E. 410)
- (3) Heat Engines (M.E. 420)
- (4) Industrial Management (M.E. 430), or an approved elective
- (5) Internal Combustion Engines and Fuels (M.E. 440)
- (6) Economics 200
- (7) Seminar (Engineering 400)

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

- (I) Alternating Currents (E.E. 400)
- (2) Electrical Engineering Laboratory (E.E. 410)
- (3) Approved engineering elective
- (4) Industrial Management (M.E. 430), or an approved elective
- (5) Economics 200
- (6) Seminar (Engineering 400)

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CIVIL ENGINEERING

- (I) Municipal Engineering (C.E. 420)
- (2) Masonry Construction (C.E. 440)
- (3) Graphic Statics and Structural Design (C.E. 450)
- (4) An approved elective
- (5) Economics 200
- (6) Seminar (Engineering 400)

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

- (I) Chemistry 410A.¹ Colloid Chemistry
- (2) Chemistry 420A.¹ Electrochemistry
- (3) Chemistry 430. Chemical Engineering
- (4) Chemistry 480
- (5) Civil Engineering 300
- (6) Elective

Fifth Year

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

- (I) Advanced Machine Design (M.E. 500)
- (2) Mechanical Plants and Processes (M.E. 510)
- (3) Thesis (M.E. 530)
- (4) Seminar (Engineering 400)
- (5) Elective (must be approved)

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

- (I) Advanced Alternating Currents (E.E. 500)
- (2) Thesis (E.E. 510)
- (3) Heat Engines (M.E. 420)
- (4) Seminar (Engineering 400)
- (5) Elective

¹ Chemistry 440 may be substituted for either Chemistry 410A or 420A

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CIVIL ENGINEERING

- (I) Structural Design (C.E. 500)
- (2) Hydraulic and Sanitary Engineering (C.E. 510)
- (3) Railway Engineering (C.E. 520)
- (4) Elective (must be approved)
- (5) Thesis (C.E. 530)

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

- (I) Thesis (Chemistry 500)
- (2) Chemistry 530
- (3) Elective (an advanced course in chemistry, physics, or mathematics)
- (4) Engineering elective
- (5) Chemistry 580 (Chemistry Seminar)
- (6) Engineering 400 (Engineering Seminar)

ENGINEERING 110. Mechanical Drawing and Descriptive Geometry. Mechanical Drawing: the use of drafting instruments; lettering; drawing figures in isometric, cabinet, and orthographic projection; intersections and developments. Descriptive Geometry: orthographic projections of points, lines, planes, warped surfaces, etc., in the four angles of projection. T Th S 8:00

Section 1: T and Th 1:30-4:30

Section 2: W and F 1:30-4:30

ENGINEERING 210. Kinematics of Machines, and Plane Surveying:

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Kinematics of Machines. The study of relative motion of parts of machines, instant centers, velocities, gearing and wrapping connectors.

M W F 11:00 T Th 2:00-5:00 (First half-year)

Plane Surveying. The study of the uses and adjustments of surveying instruments and of office methods. Problems are given in field work to familiarize the student with chain, compass, level, and transit. Plotting and compilations from field notes. Prerequisites: Engineering 110 and Mathematics 100.

M W F 11:00 T Th 2:00-5:00 (Last half-year)

ENGINEERING 400. Seminar. A weekly meeting conducted by the fourth year engineering students for the discussion of current topics from the technical periodicals, and of scientific and technical papers of general engineering interest. This course must be taken during the year in which the student receives the B.S. degree. Open to others who have the necessary engineering background.

F 2:00-5:00

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 300. Elementary Heat Power. A general course of lectures, recitations from text, and laboratory covering the characteristics, fields of usefulness, operation, and tests of fuels, steam engines and turbines, boilers, pumps, condensers, and auxiliaries; properties of steam; valve gears; simple internal combustion engines and accessories. Numerous problems illustrate the theory discussed. Prerequisites: Physics 100, Chemistry 100, and Mathematics 200 or 210. Laboratory fortnightly.

M W F 10:00 M or T 2:00–5:00

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MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 310. Engineering Shop. Textbook and lectures dealing with metallurgy, general forge, foundry, welding, heat-treating, and machine-shop practice, and their effects on machine design, and manufacturing. Practice with a variety of bench and machine tools, carefully selected for their fitness in illustrating the principles studied, for affording actual contact with machine work, and for developing a certain degree of skill and resourcefulness in the student.

Recitations, all sections, T Th 9:00 Shop Section A: T Th 10:00-12:00 S 9:00-12:00 Shop Section B: Th F 1:30-5:00

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 400. Senior Mechanical Laboratory. An advanced course in general steam, air, oil, water, and power-transmission machinery operation and testing. Recitations from text, reports, and laboratory. Prerequisite: Mechanical Engineering 300. Must be accompanied or preceded by Mechanical Engineering 420. T W 2:00-5:00

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 410. Machine Design. Recitations from text and references, also calculations and drafting involved in the design of machine parts, considering both the theory and its modifications due to shop practice and financial limitations. Design of several complete machines, such as punch presses and hoisting machines. Prerequisites: Engineering 210, Mechanical Engineering 310, and Civil Engineering 300.

M W F 10:00-1:00

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MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 420. Heat Engines. General thermodynamics; applications of thermodynamics to the design and operation of air compressors, steam engines and steam turbines; commercial forms of such machines, with special emphasis on steam turbines; elementary steam plant design; elementary refrigeration. Lectures, text, and problems. Prerequisite: Mechanical Engineering 300. M W F 9:00

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 430. Industrial Management. A study of the principles and practice in the management of manufacturing plants; location and layout of works; organization of administration, sales, cost and production departments; selection of machinery, materials, and labor; wage system; cost analysis; welfare work; a short survey of the law of sales and contracts. Two recitations a week. Senior elective. T Th 9:00

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 440. Internal Combustion Engines and Fuels. A study of the theory, design, and operation of internal combustion engines and gas producers. About one-third of the year is spent on engine design problems. Must be accompanied or preceded by Mechanical Engineering 420. T Th S 8:00

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 490. Mechanical Engineering Problems. If conditions are favorable, mechanical engineering students may elect at least nine hours a week in approved investigations or designs under the direction of a member of the staff.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 500. A Study of Fundamental Principles in Advanced Strength of Materials,

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Kinematics, and Machine Design. Analytical and graphical analyses are applied to problems of stress concentrations, of balance and vibration, and of stress due to dynamical causes. Comparison is made with experimental results. The mechanical properties of metals are emphasized in problems involving fatigue, high temperatures, strain hardening, etc. Prerequisite: Mechanical Engineering 410.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 510. Mechanical Plants and Processes. A general course dealing with special plants and processes, such as oil production, transportation, and refining, textiles, metal products, material handling, refrigeration, not covered thoroughly in other courses. Details of design and operation of special power and heating plants. Prerequisite: Mechanical Engineering 420.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 530. Thesis. The investigation, under direction of the staff, of some undeveloped engineering problem, either through experiment, design, or compilation of available information. The time required will be at least that necessary for a standard advanced course. Two copies of the accepted report will be required for deposit in the Institute libraries.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING 300. The fundamental principles of dynamo machinery, both direct and alternating current. The course includes laboratory work, which as far as possible parallels the class-room work. Prerequisite: Physics 200 and Mathematics 200 or 210. Laboratory fortnightly. M W F 9:00 M or T 2:00-5:00

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING 400. Generation, transmission, and utilization of alternating current power; charac-

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teristics and operation of alternating current generators and motors and of transformers; synchronous converters; brief treatment of electrical design. Prerequisite: Electrical Engineering 300. T Th S 10:00

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING 410. Electrical Engineering Laboratory. A laboratory study of alternating current circuits, instruments and machines. Standard testing of direct and alternating current machinery. Prerequisite: Registration in Electrical Engineering 400.

T 12:00 W Th 2:00-5:00

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING 420. Electrical Design. Design of machinery for direct and alternating current; calculation of characteristics. Open only to students who show capacity for design and who are registered in Electrical Engineering 400. M W F 9:00

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING 430. Theoretical Electrical Engineering. A more complete mathematical treatment of alternating current phenomena than is given in Electrical Engineering 400, covering such subjects as transmission lines, unbalanced polyphase systems, and transients. Open only to students registered in Electrical Engineering 400 who show capacity in mathematics and electrical theory. M W F 10:00

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING 440. Electrical Communication. The principles of communication by telegraph and telephone over wires and by radio. Open only to students registered in both Electrical Engineering 400 and Electrical Engineering 410 who show aptitude for communication work. M W F 10:00

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ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING 490. Electrical Engineering Problems. If conditions are favorable, students of electrical engineering may elect at least nine hours a week in approved investigations, usually experimental, under the direction of a member of the staff. Hours to be arranged.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING 500. Advanced Alternating Current Theory. A continuation of Electrical Engineering 430 and Electrical Engineering 410. Attention will be given to special branches such as high voltage, high frequency, illumination, telephony, radio communication. Three lectures and one laboratory period per week.

Hours to be arranged.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING 510. Thesis. A thorough report on an engineering investigation selected and carried out by the individual student. It is expected that a great deal of time will be given to thesis work. The course is considered the equivalent of a three-hour course. Two copies of the accepted report will be required for deposit in the Institute libraries.

CIVIL ENGINEERING 300. Strength of Materials and Hydraulics. Strength of Materials: a course given primarily for the study of the theory of beams, columns, and shafts. In the theory are considered stresses and deformations due to tensile, compressive and shearing forces; the distribution of shear, bending moments, deflections, combined stresses, and torsional stresses. Physical tests of steel, wrought iron, cast iron, wood, cement, and concrete are made in the laboratory. Hydraulics: a course devoted to the principles of hydrostatic and hydrodynamic

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pressures; the flow of water through orifices, pipes, nozzles, open channels, and over weirs. Prerequisites: Physics 100 and Mathematics 200. Laboratory fortnightly.

T Th S 8:00 M or T 2:00-5:00

CIVIL ENGINEERING 310. Topographic, Geodetic, and Railroad Surveying. In this course are given the theory and practice of base line and triangulation measurements, determination of meridian, traversing with transit and stadia and with a plane-table, and mapping. Simple, compound, reversed, vertical, and spiral easement railroad and highway curves. Computation of earth work. Prerequisite: Engineering 210. T Th 9:00 T Th 10:00-1:00

CIVIL ENGINEERING 420. Municipal Engineering. The course covers three subjects. Highways: design, construction and maintenance of earth, sand-clay, macadam, bituminous macadam, asphaltic concrete, brick, woodblock, stone-block, and cement concrete roads. Legislation and methods of financing. Water Supply: a study of rainfall, evaporation, yield, water-bearing strata. etc. Water analysis and stream pollution. Design, construction, operation, and maintenance of purification systems, storage facilities, and distribution systems. Sewerage: a study of storm flow, modern methods of sanitation, disease epidemics, etc. Water carriage systems, separate and combined. Design, construction, and maintenance of sewers and sewage disposal plants. Prerequisite: Civil Engineering 300. M W F 8:00 W 2:00-5:00

CIVIL ENGINEERING 440. Masonry Construction. A study of concrete and concrete aggregates. Theory and

design of reinforced concrete slabs, beams, and columns. A study of foundations. Theory, investigation, and design of retaining walls, dams, and arches. Design of typical parts of buildings and beam and girder bridges. Prerequisite: Civil Engineering 300. T Th S 9:00 F 10:00-1:00

CIVIL ENGINEERING 450. Graphic Statics and Structural Design. Algebraic and graphic statics. Theory and design of simple roof trusses, bridge trusses, and plate girders. Detailed drawings and estimates of cost and weight. Prerequisite: Civil Engineering 300.

M W F 9:00 M W 10:00-1:00

CIVIL ENGINEERING 490. Civil Engineering Problems. Under certain favorable conditions civil engineering students may elect an approved investigation of some civil engineering problem under the direction of a member of the civil engineering staff. Hours to be arranged.

CIVIL ENGINEERING 500. Structural Design. Design of steel office and mill buildings. Analysis of stresses in statically indeterminate structures such as swing, cantilever, arch, and suspension bridges. A study of secondary stresses. Two lectures and one design period a week. Prerequisite: Civil Engineering 450 or its equivalent.

CIVIL ENGINEERING 510. Hydraulic and Sanitary Engineering. Investigation and development of water power. Design of dams and irrigating systems. Hydraulic turbines and pumps. Preliminary design for a water supply and sewerage system for a small city. Study of general sanitary problems such as garbage disposal, public health,

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street cleaning. Three lectures and one design period a week. Prerequisite: Civil Engineering 420 or its equivalent.

CIVIL ENGINEERING 520. Railway Engineering. A study of the principles of economic location and construction, railway maintenance, railway structures. Design of terminals and signalling systems. Railway organization and valuation. Three lectures and one design period a week. Prerequisite: Civil Engineering 310 or its equivalent.

CIVIL ENGINEERING 530. Thesis. This will consist of an original investigation along some approved line of civil engineering work, an original design, or a critical review of existing work. In every case two complete typewritten or printed reports will be required for deposit in the Institute libraries.

COURSES IN ARCHITECTURE

To students of architecture the Institute offers a full course extending over five years, leading to a bachelor's degree at the end of the fourth year and to an architectural degree at the end of the fifth year. It is the purpose of the course in architecture to lead students during their residence to a comprehensive understanding of the art of building; to acquaint them with the history of architecture from early civilization to the present age; and to develop within them an understanding and appreciation of those conceptions of beauty and utility which are fundamental to the cultivation of ability in the art of design.

In arranging the courses which follow it will be observed that there are included certain indispensable ele-

ments of a liberal education and also such engineering and technical subjects as are becoming more and more necessary to the general education of a practising architect. Of the more strictly architectural subjects, design is given by far the largest place. As a matter of fact, the courses in history and design and those in freehand drawing, in water color, in drawing from life, and in historic ornament, have all a double object: to create in the student an appreciation of architectural refinement and dignity, and to increase constantly his ability to express conceptions of architectural form. Accordingly, the training of the student is not limited to training in draftsmanship alone, but all courses conspire to the cultivation of creative and constructive ability in expression and design. With a view to keeping the student in touch with the progress of his profession and with the daily routine and detail of its practice, it is strongly recommended that he spend a portion of each of his summer vacations in the office of some practising architect.

The following are the schedules for the five years' course leading to a bachelor's degree in four years and a degree in architecture in five years:

First Year

- (I) Mathematics 100
- (2) English 100
- (3) French or Spanish
- (4) Physics 100
- (5) Architecture 100: consisting of

(a) Elements of Architecture

(b) Freehand Drawing

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Second Year

- (I) Pure Mathematics
- (2) English
- (3) French or Spanish¹
- (4) A science
- (5) Architecture 200: consisting of
 - (a) Design
 - (b) Freehand
 - (c) History of Architecture

Third Year

- (I) English
- (2) Mathematics 220
- (3) Architecture 300: Design
- (4) Architecture 310: consisting of
 - (a) Freehand Drawing
 - (b) Water-Color
 - (c) History of Architecture

Fourth Year

- (I) English or history
- (2) Architecture 400: Design
- (3) Architecture 410: consisting of

(a) History of Architecture

(b) Freehand

- (4) Architecture 430: Construction
- (5) Architecture 440: consisting of
 - (a) Historic Ornament
 - (b) Water-Color

¹Students in second year shall continue the language chosen in first year course.

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Fifth Year

(I) Architecture 500: Thesis Design

(2) Architecture 520: Life Drawing and Water-Color

(3) Architecture 530: consisting of

(a) Construction

(b) Special Lectures

(4) Architecture 510 or 540

ARCHITECTURE 100.

(a) Elements of Architecture. Elementary training in drawing of order plates, wash drawings, lettering, with a series of lectures on descriptive geometry, shades and shadows, and perspective. Six hours a week.

M Th 1:30-4:30

(b) Freehand Drawing. Elementary drawing in pencil and charcoal of single simple objects and block groups and casts. Four hours a week. T S 11:00-1:00

ARCHITECTURE 200.

(a) Design. Rendered drawings embracing the design of simple elements of buildings, together with advanced work in the use of the orders and in composition. Six hours a week. T Th 2:30-5:30

(b) Freehand. Drawing in charcoal from simple casts of classical ornament. Four hours a week.

M F 11:00-1:00

(c) History of Architecture. Two lectures a week on the history of ancient architecture, illustrated by lantern slides, and three hours a week of research and tracing of historic buildings. Five hours a week. T Th I:30-4:00

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ARCHITECTURE 300.

Design. The design of small buildings. The problems average five weeks in duration with twenty-four hours for the sketch problems at the end of major problems. Nine hours a week. M W F 1:30-4:30

ARCHITECTURE 310.

(a) Freehand Drawing. Drawing from casts of antique sculpture. Four hours a week. M F 8:30-10:30

(b) Water-Color. Elementary training in color drawing and simple groups of still life. Two hours a week.

W 8:00-10:00

(c) History of Architecture. Two lectures a week in the history of mediæval architecture, illustrated by lantern slides, and three hours a week of research in the study of historic buildings. Five hours a week. T Th 2:30-5:00

ARCHITECTURE 400.

Design. The design of public buildings and groups of buildings. The problems average six weeks in duration, alternating with twelve-hour sketch problems. Twelve hours a week. T I:30-5:30 M W Th F 3:30-5:30

ARCHITECTURE 410.

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(a) History of Architecture. Two lectures a week on the history of modern architecture and three hours a week library research.M F 1:30-2:30

(b) Freehand. Drawing from casts of full figure and group, antique sculpture. Four hours a week.

M F 9:00-11:00

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ARCHITECTURE 430.

Methods of Construction. Three lectures a week on materials and construction, with one plate a week.

M W F 2:30-3:30

Architecture 440.

(a) Historic Ornament. The study of the history of ornament, with a series of design plates in ornament from historic periods of architecture. Six hours a week.

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T Th S 8:00-10:00
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(b) Water-Color. Water-color drawing and sketching in color, work advanced, subjects varied. Two hours a week. W 9:00-11:00

Architecture 500.

Thesis Design. The problem of a thesis may consist of a single building or group of buildings, and must include large-scale studies as well as general drawings. The student may select his own problem, but his entire programme is subject to the approval of the instructors in design. Twenty hours a week.

M W F 8:00-12:00 T Th 1:30-5:30

ARCHITECTURE 510.

History of Painting and Sculpture. Three lectures a week on history of painting and sculpture. A critical survey of historic schools of painting and sculpture. Open to Juniors and Seniors taking the academic course. (Alternates with Architecture 540.) (Not offered 1932-33.)

ARCHITECTURE 520.

Life Drawing and Water-Color. Rendered architectural details and measured drawings in color. Four hours.

T Th 9:00-11:00

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ARCHITECTURE 530.

(a) Construction. Two lectures a week on mechanics of construction, with one construction plate a week. Hours to be arranged.

(b) Special Lectures. Lectures on the professional practice of architecture, including the business relations of architect with client and contractor. One lecture a week.

ARCHITECTURE 540. A History of Painting and Sculpture of the Italian Renaissance. A critical survey of the art of the Renaissance, its origins and subsequent development from the beginning of the thirteenth until the close of the seventeenth centuries, with particular emphasis upon the period between the years 1400 and 1592. Open to Juniors and Seniors taking the academic course. T Th S 11:00

UNIVERSITY EXTENSION LECTURES

To bring the people of the city and community into more intimate touch with the academic life of the university, and to carry the influence of that life directly to many homes not represented on the rolls of its undergraduate or postgraduate students, regular series of public lectures, in the form of university extension lectures, are offered without matriculation fee or other form of admission requirement. These performances are authoritative in character, non-technical and popular in treatment, and on subjects of current interest as well as of assured and permanent value, from various domains of literature, history, science, art, philosophy, and politics.

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PUBLIC LECTURESHIPS

THREE public lectureships have been founded at the Rice Institute. The first of these, established in 1918 by Mrs. Estelle B. Sharp, of Houston, has to do primarily with topics in the social sciences; the second, founded in 1919 by Herbert Godwin, Esq., of Houston, is to be devoted initially to subjects of public concern during the period of reconstruction; while the third, founded anonymously in 1922 by a citizen of Houston, is dedicated to the promotion of interest in music both in the university and in the community. The Sharp Lectureship was inaugurated in the autumn of 1918 by a course of lectures on "The Obligations and Privileges of Citizenship-a plea for the study of social science," by the late Sir Henry Jones, F.B.A., professor in the University of Glasgow. Subsequent lectures on the Sharp Foundation have been delivered by Professor Andrew C. McLaughlin, of the University of Chicago, and by Dr. T. R. Glover, of Cambridge University. The Godwin Lectureship was inaugurated in the spring of 1920 by lectures on "The Conservation of the Institutions of the Republic," and "World-wide Coöperation among the Nations," by the Hon. William Howard Taft, twenty-seventh President of the United States of America. Further lectures on the Godwin Foundation have been delivered by Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador to the United States, and by President A. Lawrence Lowell, of Harvard University. The Lectureship in Music was inaugurated in the spring of 1923 by a course of lectures on music in the life of the community and of the nation, delivered by Mr. John Powell, the

American composer and pianist; the Lectureship in Music has also been held by Mlle. Nadia Boulanger, of Paris, by Sir Henry Hadow, Vice-Chancellor of the University of Sheffield, by MM. Maurice Ravel and A. Honegger, of Paris, and by Professor George D. Birkhoff.

THE RICE INSTITUTE PUBLICATIONS

AMONG the publications of the Rice Institute are at present included the Announcements, the Descriptive Brochure, the Programmes of University Extension Lectures, and the Rice Institute Pamphlet. The first three of these have appeared at intervals and in several editions; the Pamphlet, now in its nineteenth volume, is published quarterly in January, April, July, and October, with a view to giving wider publicity in permanent form to inaugural and other lectures in letters, science, and art by resident and visiting lecturers and professors of the university. In this connection the reader may wish to turn to an earlier paragraph on the formal opening of the Institute.

LIBRARY

TEMPORARY quarters for the library of the Institute have been provided in the administration building. The affairs of the library are administered through a committee of the Faculty and Miss Alice C. Dean, M.A., is Acting Librarian. In providing the initial equipment of the library the policy is being followed of supplying such books as are necessary to supplement the courses of instruction and to support the independent investigations of

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members of the Faculty and advanced students. For works of general and more popular interest the shelves of the Houston Public Library are accessible to all members of the Institute.

Besides several hundred current literary and scientific journals, the library of the Institute contains at present about thirty thousand volumes in back files of serial publications; among these sets the following are complete: Abstracts of Bacteriology, L'Académie des Sciences de Paris Comptes Rendus, Acta Mathematica, Allgemeine Deutsche Biographie, American Academy of Political Science Annals, American Anthropologist (New Series), American Association of University Professors Bulletin, American Economic Review, American Chemical Society Journal, American Electric Railway Engineering Association Proceedings, American Electro-Chemical Society Transactions, American Historical Association Annual Reports, American Historical Review, American Institute of Chemical Engineers Transactions, American Institute of Electrical Engineers Transactions, American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers Transactions, American Journal of Education, American Journal of International Law, American Journal of Mathematics, American Journal of Philology, American Journal of Psychology, American Journal of Science, American Machinist, American Mathematical Monthly, American Mathematical Society Transactions and Bulletin, American Naturalist, American Political Science Review, American Quarterly Review, American Review of Reviews, American Society for Testing Materials Proceedings, American Society of Civil Engineers Transactions, American Society

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of Mechanical Engineers Transactions, American State Papers, Anglia, Annali di Matematica, Annalen der Chemie, Annalen der Physik, Annales de Chimie et de Physique, Annals of Mathematics, L'Année Biologique, L'Année Psychologique, Annual Register, Antologia, Architectural Record, Archiv des Criminalrechts, Archiv für die Gesamte Psychologie, Archiv für Entwickelungsmechanik der Organismen, Archiv für Geschichte der Philosophie, Archiv für Protistenkunde, Archiv für Zellforschung, Archives Néerlandaises des Sciences Exactes et Naturelles, Archives of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine, Aristotelian Society Proceedings, L'Art d'Aujourd'hui, Arts and Decoration, Astrophysical Journal, Atlantic Monthly, Bangor Historical Magazine, Baptist Quarterly, Behavior Monographs, Beitrage zur Geophysik, Bibliographical Society (London) Transactions, Bibliotheca Belgica, Biochemische Zeitschrift, Biological Bulletin, Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, Bookman, Le Botaniste, British Academy Proceedings, British Association for the Advancement of Science Reports, Bulletin of Entomological Research, California University Publications in History, California University Publications in Zoology, Camden Society Publications, Carnegie Institution of Washington Publications, Centralblatt für Bakteriologie, Chemical Abstracts, Chemical Engineer, Chemical News, Chemisches Zentralblatt, Church Quarterly Review, Circolo Matematico di Palermo Rendiconti, Civiltá Catolica, Classical Philology, Comparative Psychology Monographs, Corpus Juris, La Critica, Current History Magazine, Deutsche Chemische Gesellschaft Berichte, L'École Normale Supérieure Annales Scientifiques, L'Éclairage Électrique, Ecol-

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ogy, Economic Journal, Edinburgh Review, Educational Administration and Supervision, Educational Review, Electric Journal, Electrical World, Electrician, Engineering Index Annual, Engineering News-Record, L'Enseignement Mathématique, Englische Studien, Ergebnisse der Anatomie und Entwickelungsgeschichte, Experiment Station Record, Filosofia delle Scuole Italiane, Fortschritte der Mathematik, Forum, Genetic Psychology Monographs, Gentlemen's Magazine, Giornali di Matematiche di Battaglini, Golden Book Magazine, Great Britain Royal Commission Historical Manuscripts, Green Bag, Harper's Monthly Magazine, Harvard Graduates' Magazine, Harvard Law Review, Harvard Studies and Notes in Philology and Literature, Harvard Theological Review, Hibbert Journal, Industrial Management, Institution of Electrical Engineers Journal, L'Intermédiaire des Mathématiciens, International Journal of Ethics, International Monthly Magazine of Literature, Science and Art, International Studio, Jahrbuch der Radioaktivität und Elektronik, Jefferson Physical Laboratory Contributions, Journal de Chimie Physique, Journal de Mathématiques, Journal de Physique, Journal für Praktische Chemie, Journal of American Folklore, Journal of Animal Behavior, Journal of Bacteriology, Journal of Comparative Psychology, Journal of Economic Entomology, Journal of Experimental Medicine, Journal of Experimental Psychology, Journal of General Psychology, Journal of Helminthology, Journal of Industrial and Engineering Chemistry, Journal of Immunology, Journal of Hellenic Studies, Journal of Infectious Diseases, Journal of Medical Research, Journal of Parasitology, Journal of Philology, Journal of Philosophy,

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Psychology and Scientific Methods, Journal of Physical Chemistry, Journal of Speculative Philosophy, Journal of the Society of Chemical Engineers, K. Akademie van wetenschappen te Amsterdam Proceedings, Larousse Mensuel, Das Literarische Echo, Literary and Theological Review, London Mathematical Society Proceedings, La Lumière Électrique, Massachusetts Historical Society Proceedings, Mathematische Annalen, Mathematische Zeitschrift, Mathesis, Metallurgical and Chemical Engineering, Millard's Review, Mind, Mississippi Historical Society Publications, Mississippi Valley Historical Association Proceedings and Review, Modern Language Review, Modern Philology, Monatshefte für Mathematik und Physik, Monist, Monthly Anthology and Boston Review, Monumenta Germaniae Historica, Municipal Affairs, Nation, National Electric Light Association Bulletin (New Series), National Municipal Review, National Society for the Study of Education Yearbooks, Nature, Die Naturwissenschaften, Neudrucke Deutscher Literaturwerke, New England Magazine, New Republic, New York Times Index, Niederländisches Archiv für Zoologie, Niles' Weekly Register, Nineteenth Century, Notes and Queries, Novitates Zoologicae, Nuovo Cimento, Ohio Archæological and Historical Publications, Oregon Historical Society Quarterly, Outing, Palaestra, Pedagogical Seminary, Percy Society Publications, Philosophical Magazine and Journal of Science, Philosophical Review, Philosophie Positive, Philosophische Monatshefte, Physical Review, Physiological Abstracts, Physikalische Zeitschrift, Political Science Quarterly, Power, Print Collectors' Quarterly, Psychological Abstracts, Psychological Bulletin, Psychological Index, Psychologische

Forschung, Punch, Quarterly Journal of Microscopical Science, Quarterly Journal of Pure and Applied Mathematics, Quarterly Review, R. Accademia dei Lincei Rendiconti, R. Accademia delle Scienze Fisiche e Matematiche (Naples) Atti, R. Accademia di Scienze Morali e Politiche (Naples) Atti, R. Accademia di Scienze, Lettere ed Arti (Padua) Atti (Nuova Seri), R. Accademia Lucchese di Scienze, Lettere ed Arti Atti, R. Scuola Normale Superiore (Pisa) Annali. Review of Applied Entomology, Series B, Revue de Paris, Revue de Philosophie, Revue de Synthèse Historique. Revue des Deux Mondes, Revue Générale de l'Électricité, Revue Historique, Revue Occidentale Philosophique Sociale et Politique, Revue Philosophique de la France et de l'Étranger, Revue Politique et Parlementaire, Revue Semestrielle des Publications Mathématiques, Romanic Review, Royal Historical Society Transactions, Royal Microscopical Society Journal, Royal Society of London Philosophical Transactions and Proceedings, Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, School and Society, School Review, Science Abstracts, Scientific Monthly Scottish Text Society Publications, Select Journal of Foreign Periodical Literature, Shakespeare Jahrbuch, Società Zoologica Italiana (Rome) Bollettino, Société Mathématique de France Bulletin, Société Chimique de France Bulletin, Société de Pathologie Exotique (West Africa) Bulletin, Social Hygiene, Society for the Promotion of Engineering Education Proceedings, Society of Chemical Industry Journal, Southwestern Historical Quarterly, Southwestern Political and Social Science Quarterly, Southwestern Reporter, Strand Magazine, Studien zur Englischen Philologie, Studien zur vergleichenden Literaturgeschichte, Studio,

Texas Law Review, Texas Supreme Court Reports, The Times Weekly (London), Tropical Diseases Bulletin, United States Supreme Court Reports, Unpopular Review, Vierteljahrsschrift für Wissenschaftliche Philosophie und Soziologie, Washington Academy of Sciences Journal, World's Work, Yale Review (New Series), Yellow Book, Zeitschrift der Savigny-Stiftung für Rechtsgeschichte, Zeitschrift für Analytische Chemie, Zeitschrift für Angewandte Chemie, Zeitschrift für Anorganische Chemie, Zeitschrift für Elektrochemie, Zeitschrift für Exacte Philosophie, Zeitschrift für Physikalische Chemie, Zeitschrift für Psychologie und Physiologie der Sinnesorgane, Zeitschrift für Wissenschaftliche Photographie, Zoologica, Zoological Record, Zoological Society of London Proceedings, Zoologischer Anzeiger, Zoologischer Jahresbericht.

LABORATORY INSTALLATION

THE physics laboratories are located on the north side of the academic court, adjoining the administration building, and are connected with the latter by a continuation of the original cloister. The buildings are constructed of brick and marble, corresponding in design to the style as defined in the administration building, but of a simpler character expressing their purpose as laboratories. The physics laboratory proper is a two-story building 275×56 feet, connected with a large lecture amphitheater 121×72 feet. The main building contains four large students' laboratories, two lecture rooms equipped for giving illustrated lectures, and four research rooms, two dark rooms, a library reading room, and administrative offices. The principal room of

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the amphitheater wing is a large lecture hall with seating capacity for about four hundred auditors. The room is fully equipped for giving illustrated lectures and is arranged with seats properly elevated to command a 28-foot lecture table which is supplied with gas, hot and cold water, compressed air, vacuum, and direct and alternating electric currents. In this wing also are six rooms fitted for research work in physics, a battery room in which a battery of 100 Edison storage cells of 300 ampere-hours' capacity has been installed with space provided for another equal battery, a switchboard room where the wires from the battery can be connected in any desired manner for use in the laboratories, motor generators for charging the batteries and supplying direct current to the lecture rooms and laboratories, a vacuum pump, liquid air plant, constant temperature rooms, a preparation room, a large dark room, a fully equipped workshop and a students' workshop. The floor of the workshop is supported free from contact with the surrounding walls so that vibration from the machines does not affect the building. Elevators for moving heavy apparatus are provided, and all laboratories, lecture rooms, and research rooms are equipped with individual service, for the students, of gas, water, steam, compressed air, vacuum, and both direct and alternating currents of electricity. The laboratory now contains a fine collection of modern apparatus suitable for teaching and research work in all branches of physics. This collection includes about seventy ammeters and voltmeters of all types, including a Kelvin gauge reading up to 30,000 volts and standard Weston instruments. About fifty resistance boxes of all kinds are also provided, and numerous galvanometers,

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electrometers, and electroscopes of various types. High potential batteries and generators are available for research. work. A large Weiss electromagnet, a large Pye magnet, a Leeds and Northrup potentiometer, and complete equipment for the accurate measurement of the conductivity of solutions, a precision electric wave meter and precision air condenser, may be specially mentioned among the other electrical instruments. The optical instruments include a Hilger's wave length spectrometer, monochromatic illuminator, spectrophotometer, and quartz spectrograph; also a set of interferometers of various types. Several modern X-ray generators are available for research work. For work in heat, electrical furnaces, various types of radiation pyrometers, resistance thermometers, and standard thermocouples are available. An Eotvos torsion balance machine of the most improved pattern for geophysical work has lately been installed. This machine, valued at \$10,000, is the gift of Mr. Robert McM. Gillespie of New York City. The apparatus for general work includes several Gaede and diffusion pumps; also standards of weight, length, etc. The collection of apparatus for illustrating lectures is exceptionally complete. An instrument maker and a glass blower are employed in the construction of special apparatus for research work. The department library contains all important text books, works of reference and complete sets of journals.

The laboratories for chemistry are housed in a threestory building of maximum rectangular dimensions of 307 and 181 feet, with ample attic and basement accommodations, built around several open courts, facing the south. Of brick and stone, steel and concrete construc-

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tion, the building embodies the prevailing architectural beauty and simplicity of technical plan exhibited in the earlier science laboratories of Rice. Provision is made for adequately equipped, separate laboratories both for research and instruction in the half dozen major branches of chemistry, with an even larger number of smaller laboratories for corresponding work in the more highly specialized subjects of the science. In all the laboratories there is an abundance of natural light, while an elaborate system of artificial ventilation removes all fumes through a central draft tower, so designed as to constitute of itself one of the architectural features of the building. Careful consideration has been given both to the anticipated growth of the institution and the normal development of the department. The plans thus studiously prepared may bear comparison with those of extensive establishments erected recently at other universities and scientific centres of the country. The department is well equipped with modern apparatus and materials for research and for lecture room and laboratory work in inorganic, organic, analytical, physical, colloid, electro-, bio-, and industrial chemistry. Some of the more special apparatus includes a General Electric X-ray diffraction apparatus, a Hilger X-ray spectrograph, Zeiss auto collimating spectrograph, Zeiss and Bausch and Lomb ultramicroscope outfits, Zeiss interferometer refractometer, Leitz micro- and macro-motion photographic outfit, complete facilities for developing and projecting motion pictures, Reichert metallographic microscope, quadrant electrometer, Leeds and Northrup type K potentiometer, Sharples supercentrifuge, porcelain basket type centrifuge, a specially

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designed thermostat for precise solubility determinations over wide temperature ranges, Pregl micro-combustion outfit, basal metabolism apparatus, experimental double effect Swenson evaporator with vertical and horizontal effects, Buflovak standard vacuum shelf drier, Sperry plate and frame and Kelly filter presses, complete Sturtevant equipment for crushing and grinding including jaw, roll, and disc type crushers, etc. Each laboratory room is equipped with the necessary conveniences, such as water, gas, alternating and direct current, air blast, hoods, suction pumps, etc. The lecture rooms are suitably arranged for the illustration of lectures by experiment and lantern projection. In the department library will be found the more important journals, works of reference, and standard textbooks on the different branches of chemistry. These books and periodicals are accessible to all students.

The department of biology is for the present situated in the west end of the main wing of the physics laboratories. It has laboratories capable of seating one hundred and fifty students; lecture rooms with lantern for microscopic and other forms of projection; research rooms, preparators' room, store rooms, etc. Undergraduate courses of cultural nature are offered for academic students, and more technical courses for premedical and physical education students. Laboratory work is available in almost all of the courses, and modern and fully equipped microscopes are provided. Facilities are available for advanced research work in such subjects as parasitology, bacteriology, entomology, physiology, and genetics. The department is also equipped with an extensive series of specimens, casts, and charts for the study of zoology. Binocular microscopes,

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microtomes of various kinds, thermostats, embedding baths, and considerable accessory equipment, including physiological apparatus, are available for research work. Most of the important current zoological periodicals are to be found in the library.

The psychological laboratory at present occupies six rooms on the first floor of the chemical laboratory adjoining the large lecture hall of that building. The equipment consists of the apparatus necessary for the laboratory exercises and demonstrations in an advanced course in human experimental psychology. A number of instruments suitable for research are available, and more apparatus is being added for research as needed. A large dark room is provided for experiments on vision.

The department of architecture is located on the second floor of the chemistry laboratory, and is equipped with large general drafting rooms modern in all their appointments, and a large studio for freehand drawing and watercolor. A working library of architecture adjoins the drafting room and is equipped with the standard architectural publications; current files of architectural periodicals; plates, photographs, and lantern slides. The freehand studio is well equipped with plaster casts from the antique, and of historic ornament. The department also possesses models for elementary instruction in the orders, and models for the teaching of construction.

The drafting rooms for instruction in engineering drawing are located in the mechanical laboratory building. These rooms are equipped with drawing tables, lockers, and racks in such number that all students may work independently. Special equipment includes blue printing machines,

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universal drafting machines, parallel attachments, folding and rolling parallel rules, ellipsographs, beam compasses, section liners, and an elaborate set of Olivier models including the war mast, hyperbolic paraboloid, elliptical and conchoidal hyperboloid, conoid, groined, and cloistered arch, intersecting cylinders, raccording warped surface, and corne de vache.

The civil engineering laboratory is fully equipped with the usual surveying instruments, transits, levels, compasses, traverse tables and plane-tables, all of standard American makes. These include C. L. Berger and Sons, Buff and Buff, W. and L. E. Gurley, Bausch and Lomb, Keuffel and Esser, Eugene Dietzgen and Company, William Ainsworth and Sons, and the A. Lietz Company. There is also a large assortment of the necessary auxiliary equipment such as tapes, rods, range poles, etc. The drafting room is fully equipped with instruments not required by each individual student, such as planimeters, protractors, special sliderules, military sketching boards, railroad curves and irregular curves consisting of splines and weights, and calculating machines. The materials testing laboratory of this department is equipped with one 50,000 pound Riehle universal machine; one Olsen 15,000 pound universal machine; one 100,000 pound Olsen universal machine; one 200,000 pound Olsen universal machine; and one 60,000 inch-pound Riehle torsion machine; a Riehle standard paving brick rattler; a Riehle two-gang Deval abrasion machine; a Bureau of Standards flow table; suitable equipment for tension tests of belting; also an Olsen-Boyd 1000 pound automatic briquette testing machine; a Tyler Ro-tap testing sieve shaker, and the necessary auxiliary apparatus for

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making the usual tests. All of these machines except the cement testing machine are operated by directly connected individual motors so as to avoid all shafting and belting. The hydraulics laboratory is equipped with a Worthington 200 gallon per minute, 100 ft. head volute centrifugal pump with a direct connected slip ring motor; a simplex Venturi meter; trapezoidal, triangular, and rectangular weirs; a Pelton-Doble impulse turbine; a Gould ram; storage reservoir; overhead calibrated tank; and necessary gauges and other usual equipment. It is planned to add from time to time such additional equipment as is necessary for tests by advanced students and for research.

The equipment of the electrical engineering laboratory is ample for a thorough study of direct and alternating current circuits and machines. All the common types are represented and some of the less usual. In some of the types, older machines may be compared with the more modern and the trend of development noted. There are examples of the practice of each of the leading manufacturers, including Crocker-Wheeler, Holtzer-Cabot, Roth, Sprague, Western Electric, General Electric, Westinghouse, Wagner, Robbins and Myers, Commercial, Electric Manufacturing Company, Fairbanks-Morse, Kuhlman Electric, Pittsburgh Transformer, Roller-Smith, Condit, Cutter, Cutler-Hammer, Ward-Leonard, Jewell, Biddle, Leeds-Northrup, and Weston. Among the direct current machines are generators rated: 50 kilowatts 250 volts; 35 kilowatts 250/125 volts (three wire); two alike, 5 kilowatts 125 volts, for parallel operation either flat- or over-compound; 5 kilowatts 110 volts; 41/2 kilowatts 125 volts flatcompound; 3¹/₂ kilowatts 125 volts flat-compound; 1

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kilowatt 500 volts; 4 kilowatts 125 volts (500 amperes) with Tirrill regular; 11/2 kilowatts 2000/1200/800 volts; a set of three direct-connected machines for 90/150 and 20/25 volts direct current and 90/110 volts three-phase 170/250 cycle alternating current; and motors rated: 25 horse-power 250 volts (compound); 5 horse-power 500 volts (old type); two alike, 13 horse-power 230 volts; 10 horse-power, $7\frac{1}{2}$ horse-power, 2 horse-power, all shunt wound for 230 volts; 3 horse-power 230 volts, variable speed; 4 horse-power 220 volts, series. The alternating current equipment includes: two phase-displacement sets, one consisting of two identical $7\frac{1}{2}$ kilovolt-ampere, 220 volt, 1-2-3-6-phase synchronous generators, with shifting stators, which may be direct connected or operated without mechanical connection, the other similar, except that the generators are 15 kilovolt-ampere and one is mounted for use as a cradle dynamometer; a 5 kilovolt-ampere 220 volt 3-phase synchronous generator with distributed field (round rotor); a 4 kilovolt-ampere 3-phase 110 volt 200 cycle generator; a $7\frac{1}{2}$ horse-power 3-phase squirrel cage induction motor; a 5 horse-power 3-phase slip ring induction motor with controller; another of the same rating with starter; a 10 horse-power induction motor with internal starting resistance; a 71/2 horse-power Fynn-Weichsel 3-phase motor; a $7\frac{1}{2}$ horse-power unity power factor single-phase motor; a 50 horse-power induction motor with internal starting resistance; a 50 kilovolt-ampere synchronous motor; three 2 kilovolt-ampere and six 3 kilovolt-ampere 110/220: 110/220 volt transformers; two 3 kilovolt-ampere 460/230: 230/115 volt 3-phase transformers of the shell type; six 5 kilovolt-ampere 110/220

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volt transformers with taps for Scott and other connections. Of particular interest are: a 25 horse-power 250 volt cradle dynamometer; a dynamotor operated from a 110 volt direct current supply and delivering 18 amperes at 110 volts 500 cycles; two synchronous converters or double current generators, one compound wound and with commutating fields, rated 10 kilowatts 250 volts direct current 1-3-4-6-phase, the other of the split or regulating pole type, rated 8 kilowatts 110 volts 1-3-4-phase; a set consisting of two direct connected induction motors, one 10 horse-power 1200 rev. per min. slip ring type, the other 5/10 horse-power 600/1200 rev. per min. squirrel cage type, for cascade operation at several speeds; three 220 volt 3-phase induction regulators for raising or lowering voltage 100 per cent, of 15, 13 and 10 kilovolt-ampere capacity, respectively; a I kilovolt-ampere 20 volt phase advancer; a 3 kilovolt-ampere 30,000 volt oil testing transformer; an oscillograph equipped for taking either rectangular or circular records. Miscellaneous apparatus includes: condensers for power-factor correction; reactances, both air and iron core; rheostats; and starting devices. Meters are available for making any reading likely to be needed and include voltmeters (a. c. and d. c.), ammeters (a. c. and d. c.), wattmeters (single-phase and polyphase), current and voltage transformers, power-factor meters, frequency meters, watt-hour meters, tachometers, and a synchronoscope. For checking and calibrating these instruments there is an assortment of precision instruments, including a potentiometer and laboratory standards.

The mechanical engineering laboratory equipment falls into six general classes: steam, internal combustion, hy-

draulic, air, refrigeration, fuel and lubricants testing machinery. The first class contains an 8×18 Murray-Corliss engine equipped with rope brake; a 7×7 vertical Wachs slide-valve engine with Stephenson reversing gear, a 6×7 Troy engine, and a 7×10 horizontal slide-value engine, all with Prony brakes; a $6 \times 4 \times 6$ duplex boiler feed pump; a 20 kilowatt direct current De Laval turbogenerator set, nozzled for condensing and non-condensing operation and fitted with a brake-pulley which may be substituted for the generator; a 16 horse-power Lee impulse turbine driving a centrifugal pump; a steam turbine nozzle arranged for experimental work; a similar equipment for calibration of steam orifices; a Westinghouse locomotive type air-compressor arranged for economy test; a demonstration set-up of standard air-brake equipment; an air-lift pump model; a 205 cubic foot Ingersoll-Rand 2 stage steam driven air compressor; and a $6 \times 10 \times 6$ vertical compound Sturtevant engine. The machines are piped to exhaust either into the power-house stack or into three Wheeler surface condensers served by circulating and wet vacuum pumps.

Internal combustion engines are represented by a 20 horse-power fuel oil engine (Chicago Pneumatic Tool Co.); a 15 horse-power Foos oil engine equipped with two types of governors giving opportunity for engine tests using either gas, kerosene, or gasoline as fuel; a 3 horse-power Mietz and Weiss two-stroke cycle unit; a 3 horse-power Mietz and Weiss two-stroke cycle unit; a 3 horse-power Novo gasoline engine; Hall-Scott, Lawrance, Union, and Wright aeronautical engines; Chrysler, Maxwell, Chevrolet, and Willys-Knight automobile engines; and a Ford automobile engine with water-brake load. High-speed auto-

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mobile and aeroplane engines are tested with a 100 horsepower Sprague cradle dynamometer equipped with slotted bed-plate, gasoline metering device, and adjustable engine A Hopkinson optical indicator with photosupports. graphic attachment is also provided. The refrigerating equipment includes a motor-driven 3-ton York compression machine with double-tube condenser, shell brine-cooler, brine-heater, and brine-pump. The hydraulic machinery consists of a 3-inch centrifugal pump and a 4×6 triplex pump, both driven by variable speed d.c. motor; an Evinrude centrifugal pump direct-connected to a gasoline engine; a steam turbine driven 200 g.p.m. two stage centrifugal boiler-feed pump; a calibrated overhead tank; a concrete storage cistern; four Venturi meters; a single tube manometer; a steam pulsometer; two weir boxes and notches; orifices, water meters, weighing tanks and scales, gauges, and the usual small accessories. In a separate fuel laboratory room is the equipment for testing fuels and oils. It includes complete Atwater and Parr coal-calorimeter outfits; analytical balances; two types of Orsat flue-gas apparatus; Scott and Saybolt viscosimeters; a Thurston coefficient of friction machine; a Navy type oil endurance testing machine; Bureau of Mines and Cleveland flash point testers; Conradson carbon residue equipment; hydrometers and specific gravity apparatus; a Junker type gas calorimeter; platinum ware, drying oven, ball mill, etc. Boiler tests are made on a 20 horse-power vertical fire tube boiler equipped with the necessary pumps and weighing equipment. Tests of heat-treated steel may be made with the aid of the several electric and gas furnaces, pyrometers of electric, expansion, optical, potentiometer, and gas pressure

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types, scleroscope, Rockwell, and Brinnel ball machines. A metallurgical microscope with specimen grinders, camera, and the usual accessories is also available.

In addition, the laboratories contain a Sirocco blower driven by calibrated motor, a plate blower, Pitot tubes, orifices, air Venturi meter, large and small gas meters, anemometers, injectors, dead weight pressure gauge testers, mechanical stroboscope, thermometer calibration apparatus, hoists, tachometers, steam calorimeters, the most popular gas and steam engine indicators, planimeters, standard gauges and thermometers. For class-room demonstrations, a Cussons valve-setting model, an automobile engine, several dozen sectioned models of intricate machines, and a collection of lantern slides, blue-prints, and curves are available.

A standard moving-picture machine permits the exhibition of the many films now loaned by manufacturers of engineering equipment.

The machine shop contains machine tools of quite varied character, each selected for its peculiar fitness to illustrate the principles and common details of modern shop tools and methods. The lathe equipment consists of twelve machines: one 14×8 Le Blond cone-head lathe with taper attachment and double back gears; one 14×6 Hendey cone-head quick-change lathe; one 14×8 standard lathe; one 14×7 Prentice geared head quick-change lathe; one Prentice motor-driven 15×6 lathe; one Flather motordriven 14×5 lathe; one 14×6 geared head quick-change Lodge and Shipley lathe; one 14×6 motor-driven Lodge and Shipley selective head lathe; a Rivett bench lathe; a Monarch 14×5 motor-driven quick-change lathe; and two individual drive 14×6 American high duty geared head

engine lathes, one of these with turret attachment. The planer type of machine is represented by a 16-inch backgeared Rockford shaper with compound head, and a 22× 22×8 foot Gray planer. All kinds of plane surfaces can also be cut upon two Kempsmith and two Cincinnati universal milling machines, which are fitted with dividing heads for gear cutting, differential indexing, spiral grooving etc., as well as a good variety of cutters. One Kempsmith machine is supplied with a universal milling attachment. A No. 12 Brown and Sharpe motor-driven universal grinder, and a Greenfield cutter grinder serve as practical examples of high-class precision machine tools. A graphical wattmeter permits tests of tool shapes and machinery conditions. A tilting brass-furnace, moulders' benches, wood lathes, band saw, jointer, sander, and the necessary small tools provide for simple pattern and foundry work. The metallurgical furnaces and equipment listed with the mechanical laboratory apparatus are also available for shop use. For miscellaneous work, a double-disc motor-driven disc grinder, a power oil-stone, work benches and vises, two hand-tool grinders, a power hack-saw, down-draft forges, a 20-inch drill-press, a sensitive drill, an arbor press, an air hammer, air and electric drills, portable electric grinders, an acetylene generator, eight complete oxyacetylene welding outfits, and two electric arc welders (G. E. and Lincoln) are available. A sufficient supply of small hand and machine tools, lathe sets, reference standards and precision measuring instruments is issued on checks from a separate tool-room. About half the machine tools have individual motor drive. The others are grouped about a line-shaft and a 15 horse-power motor.
STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

FROM the opening days of the Rice Institute the students have participated in the various forms of intramural and intercollegiate athletic contests, with the coöperation of the Committee on Outdoor Sports. Of other student organizations, the first society actually to be formed was the Young Men's Christian Association. This step on the part of the young men was speedily followed by a similar one on the part of the young women in the organization of their branch of the college Young Women's Christian Association. The founding of these religious societies, both of which have contributed to the social life and the religious spirit of the place, was followed in the course of the early years by the forming of several literary societies: three by the young women, the oldest society bearing the name of Elizabeth Baldwin, wife of the founder of the Institute, a later organization known as the "Pallas Athene Literary Society," and the youngest, named the "Owen Wister Literary Society"; and three by the young men, known respectively as "The Owl Literary Society," the "Riceonian Literary and Debating Society," and a later organization, "The Congressional Club," organized after the order of the House of Representatives and considering in debate leading public issues as they arise before Congress. Under the auspices of these first literary societies the first of the undergraduate periodical publications was undertaken, namely, "The Thresher," which appeared fortnightly from its initial number in January, 1916, to June, 1918, and has been published weekly since. Previous to the organization of the staff of "The Thresher," the Class of 1916 made arrangements for

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the publication of the first class annual of the Institute, "The Campanile," which appeared in the spring of 1916. The second and third volumes were issued by the Classes of 1017 and 1018, respectively, and subsequent annual editions have been published by the representatives of the student body as a whole. In addition to the student organizations mentioned above, various departmental clubs and scientific societies have been contributing to the intellectual life of the Institute, one of the earliest of these being the Engineering Society, which was started in 1914, and which in recent years has been conducting as a student enterprise the biennial Rice Engineering Show, a public exhibition of the activities of the engineering and science laboratories. The student body is organized into a Students Association which serves as the official organ for the expression of student opinion and for the promotion of student enterprises; in particular, the undergraduate publications are now maintained under its auspices. A Students' Council, elected by the Association, provides leadership in the Association. The president of the Association is president of the Council. The halls of residence for men are governed by a student Hall Committee, under the general supervision of the Dean.

Mr. William M. Rice, Jr., has provided a cabinet for the preservation and exhibition of trophies won by Rice teams in local and intercollegiate contests. This elaborate cabinet, designed by Mr. R. A. Cram, supervising architect of the Institute, is a most beautiful example of wood carving.

Through the generosity of Mrs. James L. Autry, as a memorial to her husband, the late James L. Autry, of Houston, the Diocese of Texas of the Protestant Episcopal Church is maintaining in the immediate vicinity of the Rice

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Institute, Autry House, as a social and religious center. The corner stone of Autry House was laid during the commencement ceremonies of the Class of 1921. To this community group of the Episcopal Church, Mrs. E. L. Neville, of Houston, in memory of her brother, the late Edward Albert Palmer, has contributed the beautiful Edward Albert Palmer Memorial Chapel, which was dedicated November 27, 1927. All the opportunities of these establishments are available to the students of the Rice Institute irrespective of religious affiliation. Other religious bodies have intimated that they are considering future provision for similar undertakings in the neighborhood of the Rice Institute.

Through personal association with several generations of Rice students, Mr. George Cohen, of Houston, was led to make generous provision for the Robert and Agnes Cohen House in honor of his parents, who for many years have been well-known and highly respected citizens of Texas. This beautiful building, constructed in the materials and architecture of the first of the Rice quadrangles, designed to afford to the faculty the advantages of a club-house on the campus, was dedicated at the annual homecoming meeting of the Association of Rice Alumni on Thanksgiving Day of the year 1927.



SIXTEENTH ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT

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SIXTEENTH ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT DEGREES IN COURSE CONFERRED

JUNE 8, 1931

At the sixteenth annual commencement convocation of the Rice Institute held at the conclusion of the nineteenth academic session the baccalaureate sermon was preached by the Reverend Harris Elliott Kirk, D.D., Pastor of the Franklin Street Church of Baltimore, Maryland, and the commencement address was delivered by Captain James Addison Baker, of Houston, Texas, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Rice Institute. On the recommendation of the Faculty and by the authority of the Trustees, the President of the Rice Institute, at the final ceremonies in the Academic Court on the morning of June 8, 1931, conferred the following degrees respectively:

BACHELOR OF ARTS

Jane Amerman	Howard Malcolm Banner-
Viva Buttery Andreas—	With Honours in Phi-
With Distinction	losophy
Bryan Bailey Arnold	Ethel McDonald Barnes
Pearl Eva Arnold	Mary Elizabeth Barnes
Claire Nell Austin	Maria Estela Barreda
Hugh Clifford Avant	Grace Selma Berling
Iris Isabell Bailey-With	Charles Melvin Blair-With
Distinction	Honours in Chemistry

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George Duvernoy Blocher Maude Bryan Blondeau Georgiana Campbell Bonner Graham Baxter Boone, Jr. (as of the Class of 1930) Charles Ritchie Branard Gloria Elizabeth Brandt Dorothy Gertrude Bretschneider Maurine Myrtle Brown Walter Carroll Brown **Roberta Laird Brunet** Leola Maurine Bush Rosita Cevanes Irene May Chadwick Dorothy Cuny Compton William Lawrence Cook, Jr. Anne Cornelius Wynne Louis Creekmore Agnes Louise Cullen Mary Frances Cullom (as of the Class of 1930) With Honours in History Cathryn Culver Francis Eugene Davis Doris Dissen Paul Christoph Doehring, Jr. Dorothy Aileen Dreaper Jack Dies Duggan

Samuel Rhodes Dunlap-With Honours in English Joe Hamman Eagle Charles Alexander Farrington Julian Joseph Fertitta Vesta Marie Fields Dollie Mae Fivecoat Dorothy Christian Flagg Claire Prescott Flood James Graham Flynn, Jr. (as of the Class of 1930) (In Absentia) Frances Bevel Foster Katherine Foster Herbert Eugene Fouts Babette Fancile Friedman-With Distinction Edward Merrick Fry Reuben Jackson Gallaway Joseph Garza v de Gárate-With Distinction Nannie Mae Gayle Taylor Burton Gerke Savannah Girardey Helen Goldofsky Minerva Elizabeth Goodson Ella Corinne Greenwood **Ruby Belle Hagler** John Louis Hannon

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Joseph Warren Hill Gladys Frances Hitchcock Kathryn Logue Hooper John Tom Hurt-With Honours in Mathematics and Physics Katharine Margaret Jackson Russel Lee Jacobe Margaret Esther Jenness Zelma Pauline Jett Walter Lehmann Judd-With Distinction Solomon Kaplan Joseph Meyer Loewenstein ---With Distinction Frances Elizabeth Logan Morris Edward Ludtke Margaret Lucile McCarthy Hollis Green McDaniel BerniceElizabethMcGilvray William McLaurin McKay Rowena MacLaughlin-With Distinction Ben Briggs Manuel Catherine Lucille Marmion Margaret Lee Martin **Regina** Alice Matthews Violet Madeline Mattson-With Honours in English

Hope Bandera Mengden

Edwin Samuel Metzler, Jr. Lucile Smith Millsapps Catherine Elizabeth Mitchell Martha Ruth Mitchell John Lewis Moilliet-With Honours in Chemistry Marion Hubbell Montgomerv-With Distinction Lonnie Allen Moore, Jr. Thomas Richard Moore-With Distinction Mildred Louise Muery-With Distinction Velma Meyer Murphy William Wilkins Murphy, Ir. Abe Nachlas Annalee Nelson Charles Alford Norvell-With Distinction Harvey Norvell Alice Elizabeth Nye Harold John Oatfield Victor Martin Obenhaus-With Honours in Chemistry Anna Bertha O'Fiel John Stanley Oliver Joseph Andrew Owens, Jr. James Lane Parker Richard Quintin Petitfils

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Vera Planchak Frank Power, Jr. (as of the Class of 1930) Eleanor Derby Quin-With Distinction Harry Erle Rawlins, Jr. Virginia Dwire Reed Elton Felix Reid, Jr. Hazel Frances Reid Marjory Burges Riley Marguerite Victoria Robertson Jessie Dew Robinson Shirley Martha Robinson Louis Rosenberg Elizabeth Stuart Ross Thomas Henry Rough Max Ferdinand Roy-With Distinction Julienne Bowsky Sakowitz Sue Lo John Satterfield Elsa Schneider Charles Norman Schwarz Helen Nina Scott Marian Estelle Seaman John David Simpson, Jr. Juanita Rose Stevens (In Absentia) Murphy Donaghey Stevenson Jean Eleanor Strobel

James Trotter Swanson, Jr. Millard Seals Taggart Mary Estelle Tallichet Charles Reece Taylor May Louise Thomsen Eleanor Greenlee Thornell Aileen Eleanor Thorstenberg Henry Louis Trost, Jr. John Lawrence Tryon, Jr. Amy Lee Turner Robert Van Turner Alene Mills Vandaveer Edna May Vaughan Laurine Elizabeth Wade William McCree Wallace. Ir. Katie Emma Walter Thurman Lee Ward Fanny Segal Weiser Edna Kathryn Weismann Joseph Michael Westheimer **Rex Harding White** Helen Booth Williams Wyman Glenn Wilson Sidney Johnston Wilson, Jr. Warrena Worley Winston Ioe Worth Woods Harold B. Wright Evelyn Yorty

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BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

Joseph Mason Barron	Mark Cartwright Hopkins
Eddie Selmer Boe	William Samuel Hurwitz
Harold August Chun	Patrick Joseph Keating
Alexander Greentree	Jerome Gore McKean
Robert Joseph Gulden, Jr.	Hyman Dave Massin-
Harold Leroy Hensley	With Distinction
	D

Philip Renn

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Jacob Henry Atlas	Charles Miron
Morgan Skiles Campbell	LeRoy Wilkie
Kegham Solomon Gregory	Eberhard Kenneth Winkler

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

John William Byers	Johnnie Clyde Frerichs
Lewis Bertrand Downing	Donald Blake Good
T. F. Dupont, Jr.	George Newton Hawley
Arthur Raymond Edwards	Sam Miron
Oran A. Fincher	Marion Judson Smith
Al Gray Forbes	Arthur Meidling Wittman

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Fred Lyon Craig	Philip Morrill (as of the Class
George Behrman Kitchel	of 1930) (In Absentia)
Edward Wister McCarthy	Fritz Paul Volkmer
Yeager Lee Markins	Floyd Willis, Jr.
Madden Travis Works	

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN ARCHITECTURE

Allen Harn Caldwell

Hermon Frederick Lloyd

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ELECTRICAL ENGINEER Eleuterio de la Garza

MASTER OF SCIENCE

Thomas Shelby Chapman

MASTER OF ARTS

Marguerite Durrette AldrichLee Harnie Johnson, Jr.Henry Eugene BantaSanders LylesLillie Bigelow BlakeHomer Clarence MatthesJohn Emmanuel GeorgeMabel Giddings WilkinNicholas Newton Zirbel

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

Edwin Ford Beckenbach Charles Hewitt Dix William M

kenbach William Maurice Ewing Dix Paul Duane Harwood William Monroe Rust, Jr.

SCHOLARSHIPS AWARDED FOR 1931-32

THE GRAHAM BAKER STUDENT

Carolyn Marcelle King, Class 1932, of Houston, Texas

HONOURABLE MENTION FOR THE GRAHAM BAKER STUDENTSHIP

(Alphabetical)

Charles Keith Beyette, Class 1932, of Fort Worth, Texas Hirsch Julian Frachtman, Class 1933, of Houston, Texas Aetna Mae Heinson, Class 1932, of Houston, Texas Charles Arthur Herbst, Class 1932, of Houston, Texas Frank House Hurley, Class 1933, of Houston, Texas George Maximilian Illes, Class 1933, of Dallas, Texas Elizabeth Jean Mitchell, Class 1932, of Houston, Texas Mary Jacqueline Oliphint, Class 1934, of Houston, Texas Marie Celeste Olivari, Class 1932, of Houston, Texas Jack Clarke Williams, Class 1934, of Beaumont, Texas Margaret Jane Williams, Class 1932, of Houston, Texas

THE HOHENTHAL SCHOLARS

(*Alphabetical*)

Grover Leon Bridger, Class 1933, of Dallas, Texas John Robert Eaker, Class 1933, of Little Rock, Arkansas John Hastings Hickey, Class 1932, of New Orleans, Louisiana

Sanford Wilson Higginbotham, Class 1934, of Fordyce, Arkansas

Roy Beverly Scott, Class 1934, of Dallas, Texas Robert Samuel Whiteley, Class 1932, of Hillsboro, Texas

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THE SCHOLAR OF THE JOHN MCKNITT ALEXANDER CHAPTER, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION Aetna Mae Heinson, Class 1932, of Houston, Texas

THE ELLEN AXSON WILSON SCHOLARS

Regular scholarship to

Margaret Jane Williams, Class 1932, of Houston, Texas Supplementary scholarship to

Mary Jacqueline Oliphint, Class 1934, of Houston, Texas

THE ELIZABETH BALDWIN LITERARY SOCIETY SCHOLAR

James Herbert Sawyer, Jr., Class 1932, of Beaumont, Texas

THE PALLAS ATHENE LITERARY SOCIETY SCHOLAR

Gilmore Taylor Gwin, Jr., Class 1933, of San Antonio, Texas

THE DANIEL RIPLEY SCHOLAR

Raymond Lawrence Heinrich, Class 1934, of Houston, Texas

THE JUNIOR ENGINEERING SCHOLAR

Charles Keith Beyette, Class 1932, of Fort Worth, Texas

THE EDITH RIPLEY SCHOLARS

Joan Beloit Bruner, Class 1933, of Houston, Texas Helen Elizabeth Turner, Class 1933, of Angleton, Texas Bernice Elizabeth Williamson, Class 1932, of Houston, Texas

THE MARY PARKER GIESEKE SCHOLAR

Ralph Woodrow Wilson, Class 1932, of Irving, Texas

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THE LADY GEDDES PRIZE IN WRITING

Lamar Miller, Class 1934, of Houston, Texas

THE RAYMOND R. STONE MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AWARD

Harry John Mason, Class 1933, of Houston, Texas

THE TRAVELING SCHOLARSHIP IN ARCHITECTURE

James Ira Campbell, Class 1924, of Houston, Texas

HONOURABLE MENTION FOR

THE TRAVELING SCHOLARSHIP IN ARCHITECTURE

First honourable mention

Arthur George King, Class 1927, of Gatesville, Texas Second honourable mention

Harvin Cooper Moore, Jr., Class 1927, of Houston, Texas

THE WALTER B. SHARP FELLOW

William Taylor Thom, Jr., Ph.D. (Johns Hopkins), Associate Professor of Geology at Princeton University



LIST OF STUDENTS

1931–32

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LIST OF STUDENTS

GRADUATE STUDENTS

Banner, Howard Malcolm . . Fort Worth, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Banta, Henry Eugene* . . . Electra, Texas B.A., Rice, 1927 M.A., Rice, 1931 Binney, John Henry Houston, Texas B.S., Sam Houston State Teachers College, 1924 M.A., University of Texas, 1925 Blackstone, Francis Bigelow* Oklahoma City, Oklahoma B.S. in M.E., Rice, 1929 Blair, Charles Melvin* . . . Vernon, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Bonner, Tom Wilkerson* . . Dallas, Texas B.S., Southern Methodist University, 1931 Brown, Maurine Myrtle . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Brown, Walter Carroll . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Bryan, Gloria Norvell . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1921 Burlingame, Paul Livingstone San Francisco, California A.B., University of California, 1929 Burnes, Isabelle Francis . . . Minneapolis, Minnesota B.A., Macalester College, 1927 Castellanos, Leopoldo John . Houston, Texas B.S. in M.E., Rice, 1926 * Candidacy for advanced degree approved.

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Chadwick, Irene May . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Cockrell, Cyril Ellsworth* . . Zephyrhills, Florida B.S., Rollins College, 1930 Crain, Robert Levan Houston, Texas B.S. in M.E., Rice, 1929 Davies, Joseph Ilott Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1928 M.A., Rice, 1929 Dellheim, Frances Wilemina . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1930 Dissen, Doris Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Dix, Margaret Jeannin* . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1930 Dodge, Carl*. Abilene, Texas B.S. in E.E., Rice, 1930 Doehring, Paul Christoph, Jr. Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Dosser, Robert Charles* . . Akron, Michigan B.S., Michigan State College, 1931 Dunlap, Samuel Rhodes* . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Dupont, T. F., Jr.* Houston, Texas B.S. in E.E., Rice, 1931 Durham, Harvey George . . San Antonio, Texas B.A., Rice, 1930 Eagle, Joe Hamman Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Edwards, Marie Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1930

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Farber, Walter E. Houston, Texas B.S., Southwest Texas Teachers College, 1925 M.S., Louisiana State University, 1929 Farrington, Charles Alexander*Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Favreau, Alphonse Roland . Brighton, Massachusetts A.B., Harvard University, 1930 Fitch, Mary Louise Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1927 Ford, Celeste Iones Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1927 Frost, Evalyn Houston, Texas B.A., University of Oklahoma, 1925 Gallaway, Reuben Jackson . Ranger, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Garrett, George Alvin . . . Sardis, Mississippi B.A., University of Mississippi, 1931 Goodson, Minerva Elizabeth Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Grav, George Robert*. . . . Houston, Texas B.S., Texas Christian University, 1928 Greentree, Alexander*. . . . Houston, Texas B.S. in Ch.E., Rice, 1931 Haden, Homoiselle Carolyn . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1930 Hannon, John Louis* Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Harris, Sidon* Austin, Texas B.A., University of Texas, 1929 M.A., University of Texas, 1929

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Hickson, Alison Pugh Houston, Texas B.A., Furman University, 1901 M.A., Eastern College, 1908 Hodges, Lee Okemah, Oklahoma B.S., Harvard University, 1930 Hovas, Alice Mannig*. . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1929 Hurt, John Tom*. Waco, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Hutcheson, Henrietta McCaslinHouston, Texas B.A., Wellesley College, 1931 Hutcheson, Mildred Carrington Houston, Texas B.A., Wellesley College, 1930 Jackson, Katharine Margaret* Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Judd, Walter Lehmann . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Keeler, Alson Byron. Tucumcari, New Mexico B.A., Central College, 1924 Kern, Frederic William* . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1930 Kerr, Renée Gaste Houston, Texas A.B., Hillsdale College, 1930 Kestenberg, Louis. Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1930 Kitchel, George Behrman . . Ada, Oklahoma B.S. in M.E., Rice, 1931 Kuhn, Evelyn Marie* . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1930 Lallier, Charline Estelle* . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1929

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Lathrop, Barnes Fletcher* . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1930 M.A., University of Chicago, 1931 Lenoir, Louise Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1929 M.A., Rice, 1930 Lilly, Johnny Fay. Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1930 Locher, Gordon Lee* Kansas City, Missouri A.B., Park College, 1925 M.A., Rice, 1927 Lyles, Sanders Center, Texas B.A., Rice, 1930 M.A., Rice, 1931 McKay, William McLaurin . Humble, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 McKean, Jerome Gore* . . . Houston, Texas B.S. in Ch.E., Rice, 1931 McKee, Donald Royce* . . . Grinnell, Iowa B.A., Grinnell College, 1927 MacGregor, Mary Cottingham Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1919 Mallison, Albert Grant* . . . Lafayette, Louisiana A.B., Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, 1909 M.A., Rice, 1920 Manuel, Ben Briggs. Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Markins, Yeager Lee Corpus Christi, Texas B.S. in M.E., Rice, 1931 Marmion, Catherine Lucille . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931

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Martin, Margaret Lee. . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Matthes, Homer Clarence . . Ganado, Texas B.A., Rice, 1929 M.A., Rice, 1931 Mattson, Violet Madeline*. . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Mengden, Hope Bandera . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Metzler, Edwin Samuel, Jr.* . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Milligan, Winfred O.* . . . Coulterville, Illinois B.A., Illinois College, 1930 Moreland, Ferrin Bates*. . . Portland, Oregon B.S., Oregon State Agricultural College, 1930 Neilan, Julia Ellen Motheral . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1929 Obenhaus, Victor Martin* . . Clifton, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Houston, Texas Oliver, Medina B.A., University of Texas, 1924 S.M., University of Chicago, 1930 Osburn, Luke* Webster, Texas B.A., Rice, 1930 Patton, Laurina Frances. . . Houston, Texas A.B., Baylor University, 1929 Rawlins, Harry Erle, Jr. . . Lancaster, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Rees, Paul Klein Houston, Texas B.A., Southwestern University, 1923 M.A., University of Texas, 1925

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Reid. Elton Felix, Ir.*. Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Robertson, Charlotte Nancy . Houston, Texas B.A., Smith College, 1931 Robinson, Shirley Martha . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Ross, Iris Metzler. Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1929 Roy, Max Ferdinand*. . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Sanford, Henry Howarton*. . Cleveland, Tennessee B.A., Rice, 1930 Seaman, Marian Estelle . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Taggart, Millard Seals* . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Talley, Robert William . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1929 B.S. in Architecture, Rice, 1930 Thomsen, May Louise. . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 Tipton, Thelma Jones . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1925 Wallace, William McCree . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1931 White, David H. Brooklyn, New York A.B., University of Denver, 1927 Woestemever, Otto Frederick* Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1930 Woods, Henry Barnes . . . Houston, Texas B.A., Rice, 1928

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SENIORS*

Acheson, Volney Archibald	Denison, Texas
Adams, Eugenia Viola	Houston, Texas
Adams, Tod Robinson	Houston, Texas
Albaugh, Reuben Ray	San Antonio, Texas
Aldis, Mary Mozelle	Houston, Texas
Allerton, Margaret Evelyn	Houston, Texas
Allison, Harold Ramsey	Houston, Texas
Amerman, Earl	Houston, Texas
Archer, James Edwin	Houston, Texas
Arledge, Rose Wood	Houston, Texas
Armstrong, Ethel Gaines	Houston, Texas
Atkinson, Burton	West Palm Beach, Florida
Axtell, Frank Foy, II	Port Arthur, Texas
Bacon, Thomas Rhone, Jr.	Abilene, Texas
Baldry, Richard Perry	Fort Worth, Texas
Balzen, Richard William	San Antonio, Texas
Barnett, Donald Austin	Dallas, Texas
Barnette, Louis Atmar Milton	Houston, Texas
Barry, William Earl	Houston, Texas
Bartine, Ruby Frances	Houston, Texas
Barton, Norwood Packard, Jr.	Mercedes, Texas
Batt, Elizabeth Dale	Houston, Texas
Batte, Helen Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Bearmann, Robert Charles.	Houston, Texas
Beatty, Richard William	Houston, Texas
Bell, Charles Kenneth	Houston, Texas
Best, Joseph Charles	Houston, Texas
Beyette, Charles Keith	Fort Worth, Texas

* As classified October 1st, 1931

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Black, Raymond Eugene	Ganado, Texas
Blazek, Alice Anna Mae	Houston, Texas
Block, Sarah	Houston, Texas
Bloom, Manuel Gordon	Houston, Texas
Boehm, Amond Herman, Jr	Houston, Texas
Bohannan, Milton	San Antonio, Texas
Boyd, Ina Helene	Houston, Texas
Boynton, Elbert Arthur	Kemp, Texas
Bradbury, Walter Aubrey	Goose Creek, Texas
Brown, John Oliver, Jr	Houston, Texas
Brown, Ruby Elizabeth	Goose Creek, Texas
Browne, Thomas Maxwell	San Antonio, Texas
Bulbrook, Anna Virginia.	Fort Worth, Texas
Bush, James Victor	Houston, Texas
Buxton, Alice Martha	Houston, Texas
Cain, James	Houston, Texas
Calhoun, Festus Farnsworth .	Houston, Texas
Calhoun, Harold Eugene	Houston, Texas
Campbell, Ruth Erline	Houston, Texas
Carlisle, Charles Harry	Houston, Texas
Carpenter, Sallie McIntyre.	Houston, Texas
Cleveland, Claudia Ellen	Houston, Texas
Cole, Robert Moreland	Frederick, Oklahoma
Coleman, William Beyer	Lake Charles, Louisiana
Collins, Charlotte Ann.	Houston, Texas
Correll, Edward Lowrance	El Campo, Texas
Cottingham, Martha Holmes.	Houston, Texas
Crittenden, Lissabelle	Houston, Texas
Cunningham, Charles Louis	Eliasville, Texas
Davis, Mary Adeline	Houston, Texas
Dawson, Lois Rose Margaret	Houston, Texas
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Delambre, Blanche Major .		Houston, Texas
Dixon, William Frederick .		Houston, Texas
Dunk, George Gilbert		Houston, Texas
Dwyer, Gwendolyn Helen .		Houston, Texas
Eaker, John Robert		Little Rock, Arkansas
Eaves, Reveris		Houston, Texas
Edwards, Donald Buford		Fort Worth, Texas
Fanestiel, Albert		Goose Creek, Texas
Finley, George Franklin.		Tulsa, Oklahoma
Flick, Evelyn Frances		Houston, Texas
Forester, Helen Adele	•	Houston, Texas
Franzen, Clifford Alfred		Collegeport, Texas
Frerichs, Louise Ellen		Houston, Texas
Funke, Virginia Lee		Houston, Texas
Garrison, David Lacey		Houston, Texas
Garza, William de la		Brownsville, Texas
Geren, Levert Langston		Groesbeck, Texas
Geyer, Gustave John		Houston, Texas
Graff, Leslie Pierce		Houston, Texas
Grauer, David Goucher		Houston, Texas
Green, Wilbur Kelly		Denison, Texas
Grenader, Pincus		Houston, Texas
Griffin, Jo Beth		Houston, Texas
Griffiths, Ruth Rebecca		Alta Loma, Texas
Gudenrath, George Louis .		Houston, Texas
Hagemeier, Eleanor Snell .		West Columbia, Texas
Hahn, Joseph Williams		Beaumont, Texas
Hamilton, Arthur Louis		Houston, Texas
Harkrider, Clovis Joseph		Fort Worth, Texas
Harrel, Mary Virginia	•	Houston, Texas
Harvey, Marian Frances	•	Houston, Texas

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Heinson, Aetna Mae	Houston, Texas
Herbst, Charles Arthur	Houston, Texas
Herndon, Raymond Fitzhugh, Jr	.Houston, Texas
Hess, Jacob Henry, Jr	Fort Worth, Texas
Hewitt, G. W	Houston, Texas
Hickey, Ernest Pleasanton.	Houston, Texas
Hickey, John Hastings	New Orleans, Louisiana
Hickey, Martha Louise	Houston, Texas
Hicks, Newton Alonzo	Follett, Texas
Hilliard, Fay	Dallas, Texas
Hillyer, Madie Lea	Houston, Texas
Hodges, Jeddie Guy	La Porte, Texas
Holliman, Washington Cone.	Bartlesville, Oklahoma
Hooks, Ava Turney.	Houston, Texas
Hopkins, William Franklin.	Houston, Texas
Howard, James Harris	Houston, Texas
Howze, Henry Garrott	Houston, Texas
Hudspeth, William Junia	Arlington, Texas
Hutchinson, Margaret Hortense	eHouston, Texas
Hutton, Mary Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Ingram, Para Lee	Houston, Texas
Jacobs, Janeva Louise	Houston, Texas
Jamerson, Richard Elmer	Donna, Texas
Johnson, Charles Francis	Houston, Texas
Johnson, Loula Bess	Houston, Texas
Johnson, Walter Reuben	El Campo, Texas
Johnson, Willetta Bernard	Houston, Texas
Jones, Edmund Ralph	Carmona, Texas
Jones, Kenneth Elmore	Houston, Texas
Jones, Morgan, Jr	Abilene, Texas
Joost, Ruth Martin	Houston, Texas
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Kaplan, Morris Rubin	Houston, Texas
Kastl, Isabella Elizabeth	Angleton, Texas
Kattmann, Maurice Edmond.	Houston, Texas
Kelly, Harold Leroy	Houston, Texas
Kelly, Mildred Helene	Houston, Texas
Kennedy, Franklin Richards .	Dallas, Texas
Killgore, Frederica Elizabeth.	Houston, Texas
King, Carolyn Marcelle	Houston, Texas
Klein, Bernard	Houston, Texas
Kornblith, Rose	Houston, Texas
Koy, Justus John	Houston, Texas
Kriegel, Hegar Charles	Wharton, Texas
Lancaster, Mildred Lucile	Houston, Texas
Lee, Kenneth Everett	Temple, Texas
Levinson, Gertrude	Houston, Texas
Lewis, Albert William	Parsons, Kansas
Lewis, Carmen Letitia	Houston, Texas
Ley, Wendel Duer	Houston, Texas
Lillich, Ralph Albert	Houston, Texas
Long, Frances Virginia	Houston, Texas
Long, James Catherine	Houston, Texas
Lovejoy, Daniel Bayne	Houston, Texas
Luckel, Mary Agnes	Houston, Texas
McAshan, James Everett	Houston, Texas
McCleary, Thompson Hill	Waco, Texas
McLain, Cecil Howard	Houston, Texas
McNealy, Eddins Willard	Houston, Texas
McWhirter, Dorothy Ann	Houston, Texas
McWhorter, Cullen Joseph	South Houston, Texas
Mangum, Arland Jay	Houston, Texas
Martin, Herbert Allen	Houston, Texas

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Meadows, Clayton James	Houston, Texas
Mellinger, Marian Maggie	Houston, Texas
Mickle, Marvin Maurice	Houston, Texas
Miller, Francis Foster	Houston, Texas
Miller, Nathan R., Jr	Lufkin, Texas
Mims, Charles Henderson	Eldorado, Arkansas
Mistretta, Joseph Albert	Mexico City, Mexico
Mitchell, Elizabeth Jean Lang	Houston, Texas
Mitchell, Ewell Emmitt	Mosheim, Texas
Monroe, Dan Barler	Houston, Texas
Montgomery, Viola Catherine	Houston, Texas
Morgan, William Oliver	Denison, Texas
Moss, Earl Morlan	Shreveport, Louisiana
Motheral, Jefferson Davis, Jr.	Houston, Texas
Nemir, Marie	Navasota, Texas
Nosler, Richard Francis	Houston, Texas
Olivari, Marie Celeste	Houston, Texas
Osburn, George Olando	Shreveport, Louisiana
Pearce, Cornelia Conklin	Houston, Texas
Perkins, Mary Belle	Houston, Texas
Plath, William Harro	Dallas, Texas
Pope, Mabel Christine	Houston, Texas
Prescott, Ben Moore	Houston, Texas
Raatz, Fred William, Jr	Houston, Texas
Raney, Elizabeth Virgil	Texarkana, Texas
Reader, William Whitney	Houston, Texas
Reed, Clarence Hand	Houston, Texas
Reichert, Nelda Roma	Houston, Texas
Rice, Lillie	Houston, Texas
Rienhardt, Lillie Evelyn	Houston, Texas
Robinson, Henry Evans	Dallas, Texas

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Robinson, Julia Hamilton	Missouri City, Texas
Rogers, John Laurence	Houston, Texas
Rulfs, Gerard William	Houston, Texas
Rulfs, Mabel Charlotte	Houston, Texas
Russell, Bonnie Boone	Houston, Texas
Russell, Thomas Nelson	Temple, Texas
Russell, William Guthrie	Pine Bluff, Arkansas
Rust, Mary Gilmour	Houston, Texas
Sawyer, James Herbert, Jr.	Beaumont, Texas
Schill, Gladys Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Schulda, Stella Marie	Houston, Texas
Schwartz, William Henry, Jr.	Houston, Texas
Scott, Jack Van	Dallas, Texas
Scott, Lucile Olive	Houston, Texas
Sellers, Carmen Leah	Houston, Texas
Sellingsloh, Gus	Houston, Texas
Shearn, Maggie Kendall	Houston, Texas
Shpack, Carl Carnelius	Fort Worth, Texas
Smedes, Elizabeth Herndon .	Houston, Texas
Smith, Doris Gladys	Galena Park, Texas
Smith, Stafford	Houston, Texas
South, Joe Aubrey	Houston, Texas
Stevens, Mary Alice	Houston, Texas
Stewart, Martha Kathryn	Houston, Texas
Stewart, Walter Gilmore, Jr.	McAllen, Texas
Stone, Catherine Emma	Houston, Texas
Stone, Jack William	Warrensburg, Missouri
Stopford, James Chapman .	Hackensack, New Jersey
Strozier, Rosamond	Houston, Texas
Stuart, Robert Wilmer, Jr	Houston, Texas
Swenson, Bailey Allen	Houston, Texas

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Swetland, Douglas Russell .	Houston, Texas
Talbot, Barry Wise	Houston, Texas
Taylor, Margaret Madeleine .	Houston, Texas
Temple, John Stanley	Port Arthur, Texas
Theis, Ralph Harold	Houston, Texas
Tindall, Maxine	Houston, Texas
Turner, Asa Elbert	Houston, Texas
Turner, Ellis Ambrose, Jr.	Houston, Texas
Turner, John Downey, Jr	Dallas, Texas
Urbantke, Marvin Hugo	Houston, Texas
Vickrey, Mabel Clairice	Houston, Texas
Vinock, Harry	Beaumont, Texas
Walker, Cora Carolyn	Houston, Texas
Wall, Comer Alexander, Jr	Houston, Texas
Walton, Madeleine Cecile	Houston, Texas
Weiner, Max	Houston, Texas
Weisinger, Nancy Elizabeth .	Montgomery, Texas
Wells, Benson Goff	Goliad, Texas
Westheimer, Eugene Gerald .	Houston, Texas
White, Vera Hazel	Humble, Texas
Whiteley, Robert Samuel	Hillsboro, Texas
Wilkinson, Walter Wilford .	Stephenville, Texas
Williams, Julian Carrol	Houston, Texas
Williams, Margaret Jane	Houston, Texas
Williams, Martha Ellen	Houston, Texas
Williams, Roger James	Houston, Texas
Williamson, Bernice Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Wilson, Ben Alwilda	Houston, Texas
Wilson, Ralph Woodrow	Irving, Texas
Wolf, Paul Hunter	Houston, Texas
Wood, Mavis	Houston, Texas

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Wortham, Maxwell	•	•.	San Antonio, Texas
Wright, Lois Melissa		•	Corpus Christi, Texas
Wright, Margaret Young			Houston, Texas
Wynn, John Samuel			Beaumont, Texas
Younts, James Ogden, Jr.		•	Beeville, Texas
Zirbel, Constance Hazel .			Houston, Texas

JUNIORS*

Adams, Grover Richard	Denison, Texas
Adams, Louis Carroll	Longview, Texas
Alexander, Joseph C., Jr	Houston, Texas
Allen, John Young	Houston, Texas
Allen, Millard Henry	Corpus Christi, Texas
Anderson, John Frederick	Houston, Texas
Atkinson, Christine Lorena	Houston, Texas
Baird, John Barnett, Jr	Dallas, Texas
Baker, Mary Louise	Houston, Texas
Barker, Bernice Etoile	Houston, Texas
Bartlett, Herman Allan	Houston, Texas
Bauhof, Alfred	Houston, Texas
Beeley, James Alfred	Houston, Texas
Bellows, Iris Maxine	Houston, Texas
Black, Clarence Harper	Shreveport, Louisiana
Blair, Robert Kendrick	Vernon, Texas
Bloom, Harry Alfred	Houston, Texas
Bollfrass, Charles, Jr	Houston, Texas
Bond, Clifton Le Noir	Houston, Texas
Bonner, Jesse Willis	Houston, Texas
Borskey, James Wilbur	Velasco, Texas
Brady, Kenneth	Houston, Texas

* As classified October 1st, 1931

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.

Brandes, William Edward	Coral Gables, Florida
Bresky, Leon	Houston, Texas
Bridger, Grover Leon	Dallas, Texas
Bringhurst, John Henry, Jr.	Houston, Texas
Brown, Charles Thomas	Corpus Christi, Texas
Brugger, Wilfred	Bellville, Texas
Brummett, Thomas Lawrence	Pine Bluff, Arkansas
Bruner, Joan Beloit	Houston, Texas
Burdeaux, Vera Mai	Galena Park, Texas
Burford, Reyburn Dean	Houston, Texas
Burge, Curtis Hunter	Houston, Texas
Burk, Percy Beal	Houston, Texas
Campbell, Thomas Holland .	Houston, Texas
Caplan, Reuben Samuel	Houston, Texas
Carroll, Robroy Charles	Houston, Texas
Carter, William Winthrop	Houston, Texas
Chambers, Robert Eugene	Mart, Texas
Chapman, Willie Mae	Houston, Texas
Chavanne, Harry Joseph	Lake Charles, Louisiana
Chun, Melvin Ernest	Houston, Texas
Clay, Lucy Anile	Houston, Texas
Coffee, John Byrd	Vernon, Texas
Coffman, Mary Ellen	Houston, Texas
Cole, John Freeman	Houston, Texas
Collier, Albert Walker	Houston, Texas
Connelley, James Quinn	Fort Worth, Texas
Copeland, John Massie	Houston, Texas
Courtney, Jesse Lawrence	Humble, Texas
Crofford, Carl Frederick	Dallas, Texas
Dannenbaum, Joyce Jeannette	Houston, Texas
Davis, Marvin Alfreda	Houston, Texas

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Dawson, James Elbert	Houston, Texas
Dickey, Albert Thompson	Houston, Texas
Dill, Frank Curtis	Monroe, Louisiana
Dinsmoor, Gordon Holt	Saint Marys, West Virginia
Dishroon, John Wesley	Houston, Texas
Donoghue, David Francis	Houston, Texas
Douty, Truman Benjamin	Houston, Texas
Drake, Kathleen Margaret	Houston, Texas
Driscoll, Thomas Cureo	Houston, Texas
Driscoll, Victor Amadale	Houston, Texas
Dunn, Margaret Joseph	Houston, Texas
Durham, Lenore May	San Antonio, Texas
Dutson, Keith John Fryer, Jr.	League City, Texas
Edmondson, Paul Baxter	Fort Worth, Texas
Enck, Henry Gus	Marion, Texas
Fallis, Ethel Lois	Houston, Texas
Farnsworth, Warriner Mills .	Fairbanks, Texas
Farris, Edgar Alfred, Jr	Dallas, Texas
Felder, Sibyl	Houston, Texas
Fite, James Albert	Houston, Texas
Fonville, Irma Dorothy	Houston, Texas
Fooshee, Anna Margaret	Houston, Texas
Foy, Howell Greer	Dallas, Texas
Frachtman, Hirsh Julian	Houston, Texas
George, Wiley Ransom	Houston, Texas
Gibson, Beth	Houston, Texas
Goldstein, Gladys	Houston, Texas
González, Olivia	Houston, Texas
Goodman, Hazel Eileen	Houston, Texas
Goss, Eula Aurelia	Houston, Texas
Gready, Thomas Gerald	Houston, Texas

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Green, Sue Virginia	Houston, Texas
Gribble, Risdon Oliver	Nacogdoches, Texas
Griffin, Sufarah Augusta	Houston, Texas
Guion, Naomi Marguerite	Houston, Texas
Gutierrez, Margaret Clair	Houston, Texas
Gwin, Gilmore Taylor, Jr	San Antonio, Texas
Hale, Thomas Herman	Houston, Texas
Hale, Weldon Raymond	Smithville, Texas
Halpin, Frank	Beaumont, Texas
Hamblen, Marian Isabelle	Houston, Texas
Hanks, John Blake	Shreveport, Louisiana
Hansen, Evelyn Lucille	Houston, Texas
Harbordt, Henry Aves	Monterrey, Mexico
Harbour, Ray	Goose Creek, Texas
Harrison, Jeannette	De Ridder, Louisiana
Hassell, Louis	Wallingford, Connecticut
Hibbler, Marshall Edward	Houston, Texas
Hild, Scott Lee	Houston, Texas
Hilliard, Winnie Helen	Houston, Texas
Holden, Henry Matthews, Jr.	Houston, Texas
Holloway, Edward Leroy	Lufkin, Texas
Holmes, Lloyd	El Campo, Texas
Houchins, Mary Lucile	Houston, Texas
Hovas, Edward Manuel	Houston, Texas
Hrivnatz, Harry Gus	Houston, Texas
Hudson, James Davidson	Houston, Texas
Hurley, Frank House	Houston, Texas
Illes, George Maximilian	Dallas, Texas
Imber, Joseph Robert	Houston, Texas
Jackson, Ben Franklin	Coleman, Texas
James, Delwin Vernon	Houston, Texas

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James, William Betis	Houston, Texas
Jarvis, Mary Virginia	Houston, Texas
Johnson, Everett Lynn	Texarkana, Texas
Jordan, Zelma Keel	Houston, Texas
Kaplan, Harry	Houston, Texas
Kaplan, Herman	Houston, Texas
Katribe, Paul James	Houston, Texas
Kaufman, David Samuel	Houston, Texas
Kehl, Christian Horace, Jr.	Waco, Texas
Kennedy, Mary Elender	Houston, Texas
Kinzer, Edward Frank	Houston, Texas
Klaerner, Chester Charlie Felix	Fredericksburg, Texas
Koch, Melton	Temple, Texas
Krafcheck, Moses Nathan	Houston, Texas
Kuhn, Carl Sellner, Jr	Galveston, Texas
Kuntscher, Josephine Hedwig	Houston, Texas
Lastrapes, Richard Leon	Washington, Louisiana
Leavell, Lulu Lawton	Houston, Texas
Lederer, Paul Alois	Houston, Texas
Lee, James Garrity	Houston, Texas
Lee, Melba Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Lomanitz, Benjamin Feld	Oklahoma City, Oklahoma
Long, William Retzer	Houston, Texas
Longcope, Donald Brooks	Houston, Texas
Loughridge, Ruth Orlean	Houston, Texas
Lucy, Aline Cleveland	Houston, Texas
Ludtke, Hazel Rose	Houston, Texas
McCarty, George Madison	Houston, Texas
McDonald, Dorothy Carrolyn	Houston, Texas
McDonald, Weldon Chester .	Houston, Texas
McFadyen, Louis Celestine .	Greenville, Pennsylvania

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McGary, Miriam Khadijah	Houston, Texas
McKinney, William Worle	Houston, Texas
McKinnon, James Thomas.	Austin, Texas
MacDonald, Pauline Virginia.	Houston, Texas
Magness, Bertis Ayres	Breckenridge, Texas
Maguire, Margaret Elizabeth.	Houston, Texas
Marshall, Arthur Watson	Anahuac, Texas
Martin, Everett Clinton	Beaumont, Texas
Mason, Harry John	Houston, Texas
Mason, Monroe James	Houston, Texas
Mattiza, Charles August, Jr.	Houston, Texas
May, Herbert	Memphis, Texas
May, Lee	Memphis, Texas
Meyer, Leota Guenard	Houston, Texas
Meyer, Marjorie	Houston, Texas
Miller, Samuel Irving, Jr	Houston, Texas
Mills, Kenneth Neiswonger	Houston, Texas
Mintz, Isadore Isie	Houston, Texas
Montgomery, Charles Franklin	Pampa, Texas
Moody, Alvin Scheler, Jr.	Houston, Texas
Morcom, Robert Sparke	Houston, Texas
Morrison, Will Earl Tristram	Houston, Texas
Morrow, Walter Kyle, Jr	Houston, Texas
Mueller, Bert A	Houston, Texas
Murphy, Robert Emmet	Houston, Texas
Myer, Robert Wills	San Antonio, Texas
Nabers, Robert Lee	Vernon, Texas
Nathan, Charles David	Houston, Texas
Neveux, Joe Leonard	Houston, Texas
Newcomer, Ralph	Iowa, Louisiana
Newman, Eva Louise	Houston, Texas

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Nicholson, Gordon Baker, Jr.	Houston, Texas
O'Leary, Mildred Catherine .	Houston, Texas
O'Neill, Haylett, Jr	Houston, Texas
Otto, Adine Florence	Houston, Texas
Parham, Sam Lamantine	Houston, Texas
Pasche, Herbert Alden	Houston, Texas
Patton, Edward Nash	Mineral Wells, Texas
Peeler, Winston Snyder	Dallas, Texas
Powell, Charles Fred	Tyler, Texas
Provine, Ruth Bernice.	Houston, Texas
Quinn, Edwin Patrick	Houston, Texas
Ragland, Douglas	Houston, Texas
Reed, James Ella	Houston, Texas
Richard, Wilfred Theodore, Jr.	Houston, Texas
Richter, Paul Alexander	Dallas, Texas
Robinson, Robert George	Houston, Texas
Rodell, John Restoff	Hearne, Texas
Rogers, Paul Eugene	Houston, Texas
Rohrer, George Edward	Houston, Texas
Rose, Jeannette Estelle	Houston, Texas
Rose, William Barry	Houston, Texas
Scott, Walter Tandy	San Antonio, Texas
Sellingsloh, Sue Caroline	Houston, Texas
Sewell, Ben Gardner	Houston, Texas
Sewell, Roy Calvin, Jr	Houston, Texas
Shannon, Richard Maxfield .	Houston, Texas
Shapiro, Samuel Jacob	Houston, Texas
Shaw, Charles Winton	Houston, Texas
Shofstall, John William	Houston, Texas
Silberstein, Milton Lenard .	Marshall, Texas
Simons, Madelene Shelby	Bay City, Texas

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Sims, John LeRoy	Houston, Texas
Soule, Gardner Bosworth	Houston, Texas
Stout, Richard Elwood	Houston, Texas
Strong, William Randolph	Houston, Texas
Strozier, William Enloe	Houston, Texas
Stuart, Marguerite Bitting	Houston, Texas
Sullender, William Abraham .	Houston, Texas
Sullivan, Maurice Joseph	Houston, Texas
Sweeney, Jennie Valleria	Houston, Texas
Taubenhaus, Leon Jair	College Station, Texas
Taylor, Frederick	Big Spring, Texas
Taylor, Lewis Ridgway	Houston, Texas
Thagard, Warren Thomas	Groveton, Texas
Thompson, John Lee	Ranger, Texas
Thrasher, John Delia	Houston, Texas
Tinnerello, John Lewis	Dallas, Texas
Tunstall, Harry Marcus	Houston, Texas
Turner, Benjamin Bynum	Angleton, Texas
Turner, Helen Elizabeth	Angleton, Texas
Turner, Willie Claire	Gainesville, Texas
Tuttle, Mae Margaret	Houston, Texas
Vaughan, Herschel McCarver	Abilene, Texas
Vinson, Virginia	Houston, Texas
Walker, Louise Laing	Houston, Texas
Wallace, Frank, Jr	Waco, Texas
Wannall, Emma Lois	Houston, Texas
Waring, Orville Taylor, II	San Angelo, Texas
Warren, John Burroughs	Houston, Texas
Watson, Howell Hoxie	Dallas, Texas
Weichert, Minnie Adella	Welsh, Louisiana

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Welhausen, Philip, Jr	Yoakum, Texas
Whitt, Ivan	San Antonio, Texas
Wiesenthal, Albert	Houston, Texas
Wiess, Edwina Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Wigren, Harold Ellsworth	Houston, Texas
Wilkie, Lewis Andrew, Jr	Forney, Texas
Williams, Annie Reid	Houston, Texas
Wilson, Letha Marion	Houston, Texas
Winterhalter, Alfred Clement.	Staten Island, New York
Zirbel, Lura Nadyne	Houston, Texas

SOPHOMORES*

Adams, Clarence Wesley	Houston, Texas
Adams, Joe Murry	Dallas, Texas
Aleo, Joseph Patrick	Houston, Texas
Alexander, Susie Rose	Houston, Texas
Allen, Robert Frederick	Houston, Texas
Allen, Travis Jerome	Yoakum, Texas
Allnoch, Helen Eleanor	Houston, Texas
Alter, Fred Cunningham	San Antonio, Texas
Andrews, Robert Horace	Houston, Texas
Andrus, William Darwin	Houston, Texas
Arai, Eiko	Genoa, Texas
Arnold, Lida Lacy	Houston, Texas
Arthur, Percy	Houston, Texas
Ashburn, Mary Lee	Greenville, Texas
Aucoin, Anthony Andrew	Houston, Texas
Ault, Charles Aaron	Houston, Texas
Azzarello, Frank, Jr	Houston, Texas
Baker, Cary	Houston, Texas
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* As classified October 1st, 1931

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Barden, Gertrude Elizabeth .	Houston, Texas
Barron, Nell	Houston, Texas
Barry, Ruth Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Barton, William Andrew	Mercedes, Texas
Battestin, Wilson Ivanhoe	Houston, Texas
Bauer, Jewel Antoinette	Houston, Texas
Beeler, Amos Edward	Addicks, Texas
Bell, Frances Louise.	Richmond, Texas
Bentz, Isadore Clarence	Francitas, Texas
Billert, Gladys Anna Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Bock, Isabelle	Houston, Texas
Boone, James Paul	New Orleans, Louisiana
Boone, William Jefferson	Fort Worth, Texas
Borgstrom, Floreine Anthea .	Houston, Texas
Born, Hortense O'Leary	Dallas, Texas
Bourne, Harold Charles	Houston, Texas
Bowen, Sara Lenoir	Houston, Texas
Bowling, Leslie Raymond	Houston, Texas
Boyd, Alice Lynn	Houston, Texas
Breeding, Clark Walker, Jr	Houston, Texas
Briggs, Cornelia Peyton	Houston, Texas
Briseño, Benjamin Castrejon, Jr	.Houston, Texas
Brogdon, Vas Hubert, Jr	Houston, Texas
Brookshire, Hazel Munn	Houston, Texas
Browne, Marguerite Annie.	Houston, Texas
Bruhl, Donald Adolphus	Llano, Texas
Bryson, Louise	Houston, Texas
Burke, William Francis	Dallas, Texas
Butcher, Ernest Dell, Jr	Houston, Texas
Buxton, Eva Mae	Houston, Texas
Caldwell, Louise Ardrey	Houston, Texas

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Houston, Texas
Houston, Texas
Abilene, Texas
Houston, Texas
Fort Sam Houston, Texas
Houston, Texas
Houston, Texas
Houston, Texas
Houston, Texas
Houston, Texas
Temple, Texas
Houston, Texas
Houston, Texas
Houston, Texas
Beaumont, Texas
Houston, Texas
Houston, Texas
Houston, Texas
Tupper Lake, New York
Amarillo, Texas
Gilmer Texas
San Antonio, Texas
Houston, Texas
New Orleans, Louisiana
Victoria, Texas
Dallas, Texas
Houston, Texas
Arkadelphia, Arkansas
Houston, Texas
Houston, Texas
Houston, Texas

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Davis, Robert Lee Houston, Texas	
Dennett, Jessie Glenn Houston, Texas	
Dickensheets, Lavoné Lowman Houston, Texas	
Dissen, Shirley Louise Houston, Texas	
Dixon, Virgil Anthony Streator, Illinois	
Dodd, Lavon Couch Houston, Texas	
Donald, Thomas Burdine Houston, Texas	
Donoghue, Vincent Stafford . Houston, Texas	
Dooley, Arthur Rhew Beaumont, Texas	
Doré, John Lind Houston, Texas	
Drenkle, Louise Adele Houston, Texas	
Duckett, Elizabeth Anne Houston, Texas	
Dunlap, Albert Daniel Breckenridge, Texa.	s
Dunlap, Marian Margaret Houston, Texas	
Dunlap, Ormond Earl Houston, Texas	
Dvorak, John Jerry Houston, Texas	
Eckman, Walter Houston, Texas	
Eddy, LeRoy Benton Fredonia, New Yor	k
Edwards, Henry Coley Pensacola, Florida	
Ehlert, Lalla Lee Houston, Texas	
Ekholm, Wesley Clarence Fort Worth, Texas	
Elliot, Norma Claire Houston, Texas	
Elliott, Card Garnett, Jr Houston, Texas	
Everheart, Mary Eleanor Kerens, Texas	
Everts, Jane Marian Houston, Texas	
Falk, Bessie Frances Houston, Texas	
Feder, Leon Houston, Texas	
Fetzer, Lewis Albert Dallas, Texas	
Fields, Dorothy Eva Houston, Texas	
Fleming, James Cary Houston, Texas	
Flowers, Elliott Galetin Houston, Texas	

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Ford, John Jay, Jr			Sweetwater, Texas
Foreman, Hugh Graham.		•	Livingston, Texas
Foster, Frances Belle			Houston, Texas
Frazer, Susie Permelia.			Alief, Texas
Freeman, Madeline	•		Houston, Texas
Friedberg, Bert Whiz	•		Houston, Texas
Frost, Maunie			Houston, Texas
Garner, J. P			Houston, Texas
Geiselman, Grover Joseph			Houston, Texas
Gillett, Donald Bockoven			Welsh, Louisiana
Gleaves, Leonard Lee			Dallas, Texas
Glover, Frank Scott	•		Houston, Texas
González, Alvaro Gustavo	•		Tamps, Mexico
Graeter, Arthur Herman.			Houston, Texas
Graf, Hazel May			Arlington, Texas
Gready, Donald Miller		•	Houston, Texas
Green, Sydney Herbert .			Houston, Texas
Grenader, Meyer			Houston, Texas
Hall, Corinne Elizabeth .	•	•	Houston, Texas
Hall, Martha Louise			Houston, Texas
Hall, Peggy			Houston, Texas
Hallman, Ralph Jefferson			Loraine, Texas
Hallum, John Stewart.			Brady, Texas
Hamilton, Eugenia			Houston, Texas
Hammett, Lee Horton .			Ranger, Texas
Hancock, Joseph Bruce .			El Campo, Texas
Hander, Edwin John			Waco, Texas
Hannon, Robert James .	•		Houston, Texas
Hans, Edward Walter .			Houston, Texas
Harris, Jack Winfield			Houston, Texas
Harris, Mary George			Houston, Texas

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Harris, Odis Franklin	Marshall, Texas
Harrison, Henry Kirk	Houston, Texas
Hartwell, John Haskins	Houston, Texas
Hedrick, Mary Emmie	Houston, Texas
Heinrich, Raymond Lawrence	Houston, Texas
Heinze, Marguerite Theresa	Houston, Texas
Henson, Mary Beatrice	Trinity, Texas
Henson, Robert Lee	San Antonio, Texas
Herndon, Thomas Busey	Houston, Texas
Heyck, Leonora Thomas	Houston, Texas
Higginbotham, Sanford Wilson	Fordyce, Arkansas
High, Oscar Kinsworthy	Texarkana, Arkansas
Hightower, Leonard Elmore .	Eastland, Texas
Hill, Edwin Oscar	Houston, Texas
Hingle, Frances Elizabeth	San Antonio, Texas
Hitt, Orin Broughton	Houston, Texas
Hoag, Herbert Howard	Jennings, Louisiana
Hoeflich, Werner Frank	Houston, Texas
Hornor, Elizabeth Katherine	Ardmore, Oklahoma
Huddleston, Mary Beth	Houston, Texas
Ingram, Baker Bunyan	Houston, Texas
Irwin, Floyd Kelcey	Houston, Texas
Isbell, Frances LaNelle	Houston, Texas
Jackson, Ewell Homer	Houston, Texas
Jackson, Roy Graham	Houston, Texas
Jacobs, Henry Marcus	Dallas, Texas
Jahnke, Henry August	Houston, Texas
Jauckens, Julius, Jr	Monterrey, Mexico
Jessup, William Jennings	Houston, Texas
Johnson, Lawrence Thomas .	Texarkana, Arkansas
Johnson, Robert Lee	Houston, Texas

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Johnston, Dean	Houston, Texas
Jordan, Roland Webster	Fort Worth, Texas
Jorden, Oliver Reeves	Eagle Lake, Texas
Keating, Gladys Mary	Houston, Texas
Kellersberger, Laurence Kawabe	Houston, Texas
Kellogg, Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Kellogg, Henry Maris	Houston, Texas
Klaras, John George	Houston, Texas
Knight, DeWitt John	Port Arthur, Texas
Knodel, Miriam Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Knostman, Jack Wellington .	Davenport, Iowa
Krantz, Abe David	Houston, Texas
Lacy, Ida Dell	Houston, Texas
Lagow, Fay Donald	Dallas, Texas
Lagow, Joe Langely	Dallas, Texas
Lancaster, Alden Lifford	Houston, Texas
Lancaster, Edgar Henry	Houston, Texas
Lancaster, Elizabeth Ross	Houston, Texas
Landau, Mila	Houston, Texas
Landau, Tola	Houston, Texas
Lauer, Edith Marie	Houston, Texas
Lauterbach, Fred August, Jr.	San Antonio, Texas
Lauterbach, Richard Forman	San Antonio, Texas
Lawson, Margaret Rose	Houston, Texas
Leavell, Corralyn Eleanor	Houston, Texas
Lederer, Alois Charles	Houston, Texas
LeGrand, Leslie Paris	Palestine, Texas
Leigh, Robert Sidney	Conroe, Texas
Lenoir, Walter Frank	Houston, Texas
Le Van, Clifton Arthur	Dallas, Texas
Lewis, Mitchell Meyer	Houston, Texas

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Lilly, Jessica Azeline	Houston, Texas
Lindsay, Malcolme Storey	Houston, Texas
Lively, Thomas Lewis	Seymour, Texas
Loggins, Mary Elizabeth	Humble, Texas
Lollar, Thomas Howard	Pauls Valley, Oklahoma
Long, Doris	Houston, Texas
Lowe, John Burford	Dallas, Texas
McArthur, Malden	Beaumont, Texas
McCants, Donald Bond	Houston, Texas
McClanahan, Edwin Thomas	Houston, Texas
McCollum, Gilbert C., Jr	Houston, Texas
McCoy, Robert Marshall	Tyler, Texas
McCullough, James Lawrence	Dallas, Texas
McNeill, Earl Leon	Houston, Texas
McNeir, Stella Mary	Houston, Texas
McNutt, Floyd Lee	Little Rock, Arkansas
Majewski, Warner John	Fort Sam Houston, Texas
Maniscalco, Peter	Houston, Texas
Mansfield, Tommie Grace	Tyler, Texas
Martinkus, Anton Joseph	Spring Valley, Illinois
Massey, Marian Lucille	Houston, Texas
Masterson, Harris, III	Houston, Texas
Mattox, William Morrison	Texarkana, Arkansas
Meadows, Henry Edward	San Angelo, Texas
Mehr, Charlie Dexter	Houston, Texas
Meyer, Pauline	Houston, Texas
Mickelson, Harold Emanuel .	El Campo, Texas
Miller, Lamar	Houston, Texas
Miller, Ray Goodwin	Cisco, Texas
Mintz, Joseph Harry	Houston, Texas
Moeller, William Lewis Richard	Houston, Texas

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Moore, Charles Hurtle Houston, Texas
Morris, Mary Virginia Houston, Texas
Morrison, James Ronald Houston, Texas
Moses, Alfred Tennyson Hewitt, Texas
Mosk, Milton Stanford Houston, Texas
Moyer, Rollo Nellis San Antonio, Texas
Muller, Julien Port Arthur, Texas
Musgrove, Thomas Jones Houston, Texas
Myers, Harry, Jr Palestine, Texas
Nachlas, Otto Melvin Houston, Texas
Nagai, Mary Aiko Almeda, Texas
Nagel, Henry Charles, Jr Houston, Texas
Nemir, Ralph Navasota, Texas
Newberry, Claude Stanley . Childress, Texas
Nicholson, William Frederick Houston, Texas
Norman, James Lee Houston, Texas
Norvick, Morris Caesar Wallis, Texas
O'Fiel, James Cyrus Dudley, Jr. Houston, Texas
Oliphint, Joseph B., Jr Webster, Texas
Oliphint, Mary Jacqueline Houston, Texas
Osburn, Inez Vivian Webster, Texas
Pace, Hazel Houston, Texas
Parker, Robert Franklin Anderson, Texas
Parsons, Ethel Evelyn Welsh, Louisiana
Patrick, Lois Itasca, Texas
Payne, John Howard, Jr Dallas, Texas
Peña, Fernando Roberto Laredo, Texas
Percival, John Ronald Ennis, Texas
Perlitz, Annie Louise Houston, Texas
Peters, Isadore Donald Houston, Texas
Peterson, Virgil Milton Rosenberg, Texas

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Petitfils, Ellen Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Phillips, Kenneth Clay	Houston, Texas
Pickering, Edmund Ephriam	Victoria, Texas
Pitner, Roy Mitchell, Jr	Fort Worth, Texas
Poutra, Margaret Belle	Houston, Texas
Power, Jack Bennett	Childress, Texas
Power, Thomas Herbert	Port Arthur, Texas
Quebe, Frederick Henry	Waco, Texas
Ragan, Enid Louise	Houston, Texas
Randlett, Edward Atkinson .	Lancaster, Texas
Reeves, Jack Horace	Houston, Texas
Reid, Kittrell Hugo	Texarkana, Arkansas
Reindl, Edward Anthony	Houston, Texas
Reingold, Leroy Matthews.	Houston, Texas
Reynolds, Mary Helen	Houston, Texas
Rice, Mary Calder	Houston, Texas
Richards, Dorothy Smith	Houston, Texas
Richardson, Dan	San Antonio, Texas
Richardson, Gerald Forrest	Beaumont, Texas
Richter, Dorothy Dean	Houston, Texas
Ricks, Mary Virginia	Houston, Texas
Riesen, Alberta Jean	Houston, Texas
Riley, Mamie Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Rittenberry, James Floyd	Amarillo, Texas
Robinson, Thomas Aubrey	Houston, Texas
Robinson, Webber Tryon	Houston, Texas
Roos, Sigrid	Houston, Texas
Rourke, Robert B	Centreville, Mississippi
Rulfs, David Miller	Houston, Texas
Ryman, Eldridge Boltes	Houston, Texas
Sanders, Kenneth Noelin	Austin, Texas

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Schaffer, Henry	Rosenberg, Texas
Schliesser, Raymond Sam	Winters, Texas
Schulze, Robert	Temple, Texas
Schwartz, Samuel Kent	Houston, Texas
Schwartz, Selma Frances	Houston, Texas
Scott, Hugh Lenox, II	Houston, Texas
Scott, Eugene Kelly	Houston, Texas
Scott, Roy Beverly	Dallas, Texas
Sexton, Sue Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Shook, Robert Leroy	Houston, Texas
Showers, George William, Jr.	Houston, Texas
Shult, Clarence Irwin	El Campo, Texas
Simpson, Edith	Houston, Texas
Singleton, Paul Abney	Houston, Texas
Singleton, Robert Maas	Houston, Texas
Slimpin, Melba Louise	Houston, Texas
Smith, Aubrey George	Houston, Texas
Smith, Edgar Quincy	Houston, Texas
Smith,EgmontSchermerhorn,Jr	.Dallas, Texas
Smith, Etha Louise	Keltys, Texas
Smith, Mary Lou	Houston, Texas
Smith, Thomas Wesley	Houston, Texas
Smith, William Dorsett	Houston, Texas
Squyres, Charles Seaman	Cleburne, Texas
Stagno, Felix Peter	Houston, Texas
Stallworth, Thomas William .	Houston, Texas
Stanfield, Eleanor	Houston, Texas
Steele, Harold James	Houston, Texas
Steen, Wiley Hall.	Houston, Texas
Stephenson, Mildred	Houston, Texas
Steves, Awilda Eileen	Houston, Texas

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Stillman, Sybilla Ray		Houston, Texas
Stonecipher, Clem Brooker.		Houston, Texas
Street, Elizabeth Speed		Houston, Texas
Stringer, Verlyne		Houston, Texas
Suttle, Betty Lloyd		Corsicana, Texas
Swift, Leroy Eagan		Palestine, Texas
Talley, Hallie Elizabeth		Houston, Texas
Tallichet, Emilie		Houston, Texas
Tarrer, Emily Lyles		Houston, Texas
Taylor, Blanche Phillips		Houston, Texas
Terranella, Frank		Dallas, Texas
Thomas, James Oliver, Jr.		Fort Worth, Texas
Thompson, Howard Martin		Houston, Texas
Tinsley, Betty Ruth		Houston, Texas
Tittle, Evelyn Grimes		Houston, Texas
Treschwig, Karl		Houston, Texas
Treybig, Benny		Yoakum, Texas
Verlander, Genevieve		Houston, Texas
Vickrey, Frank Norris		Houston, Texas
Vinson, Julia Elizabeth		Houston, Texas
Wagner, Herman		Houston, Texas
Wall, Alice Jane		Houston, Texas
Wallace, John Beavers	•	Gilmer, Texas
Walter, Tommie Watson .		Houston, Texas
Warfield, John Francis		Houston, Texas
Wathen, John Love		Dallas, Texas
Watkins, Thomas Newton .		Houston, Texas
Weaver, Pearl Violet		Houston, Texas
Webster, Dan George		Dallas, Texas
Weichert, John Phillips		Welsh, Louisiana
Wiess, Le Vert		Houston, Texas

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Wilhelm, Catherine Janice . Houston	ı, Texas
Wilkens, Lucian Minor Galvesto	on, Texas
Williams, Frederic Lee, Jr Glencoe	, Illinois
Williams, Jack Clarke Beaumo	ont, Texas
Williams, Millard Horner Marsha	ll, Texas
Williams, Milton Dallas,	Texas
Williams, Robert Garland Fort We	orth, Texas
Williamson, William Joseph . Houston	ı, Texas
Wilson, Fred Talbott Houston	ı, Texas
Winkler, Theodore Herman . Houston	ı, Texas
Winterhalter, Rosa Lee Baytown	n, Texas
Wiseman, Paul Wayman Houston	ı, Texas
Worden, Sam Paul Palacio.	s, Texas
Worrall, Marjorie Turner Houston	n, Texas
Wright, Charles Wentworth . Lake Ch	harles, Louisiana
Wynne, Harrison Kelly Fort We	orth, Texas
Youngblood, Frank Powell, Jr. Port Ar	thur, Texas
Zeloski, William Stanislaus Fort We	orth, Texas
Zenor, Margaret Wall Houston	n, Texas

Freshmen*

Aderman, Carle Beverly .	Houston, Texas
Allen, Elmer Glenn	Frost, Texas
Allen, George Herder	Eagle Lake, Texas
Altman, William Alfred	Sherman, Texas
Anderson, Andrew Micheal	Bay City, Texas
Andrus, Bailey Crawford .	Houston, Texas
Appleby, Walter Goode	Houston, Texas
Armstrong, Daniel Louis .	Houston, Texas

*As classified October 1st, 1931

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Armstrong, Mattie Williams .	Houston, Texas
Aronson, Arnold Block	Orange, Texas
Aves, Fred Huston	Galveston, Texas
Baird, William Dinwiddie	Houston, Texas
Baldwin, John Robert	Houston, Texas
Bale, Melbert	Dallas, Texas
Ballanfant, Richard Edward .	Mercedes, Texas
Ballard, Mary Louise	Houston, Texas
Banner, Samuel Knox	Fort Worth, Texas
Barnes, Earl Bower	Houston, Texas
Barnett, Elisabeth Virginia .	Houston, Texas
Barrick, Nolan Ellmore	Houston, Texas
Bauer, Howard Page	Houston, Texas
Beavens, Helen	Houston, Texas
Beckmann, Alice Ellen	El Campo, Texas
Bell, Helen	Houston, Texas
Belleggie, Philip Augustus	Houston, Texas
Beman, Esther Irene	Houston, Texas
Bender, Josephine Margaret .	Houston, Texas
Bingham, Betty Joe	Chenango, Texas
Black, Edward Clanton	Houston, Texas
Black, Mary Alberta	Houston, Texas
Blake, George Milton	Hearne, Texas
Bland, Wilna May	Houston, Texas
Blohm, Mary Louise	Houston, Texas
Bowden, Charles Markham .	Houston, Texas
Boyles, Howard	Houston, Texas
Bresky, Katy	Houston, Texas
Briggs, Frank Ford	Galveston, Texas
Brooke, Chase Jackson	Rosita, Coahuila, Mexico
Brooks, Phillips Dargan	Houston, Texas

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Brown, George Washington, Jr.	. Beaumont, Texas
Brown, Nyna Dot	Houston, Texas
Bruner, Glen Wood	Houston, Texas
Bryan, Carolyn Porter	Rome, Georgia
Buchanan, Alice Pauline	Dickinson, Texas
Buford, Susie Stowers	Houston, Texas
Burch, Allen Eo	Houston, Texas
Burdeaux, Charles Maurice .	Galena Park, Texas
Burns, Bennett Winfield	Houston, Texas
Buvens, Patrick Henry	Houston, Texas
Byrd, James Ashley	Longview, Texas
Byrnes, Margaret Louise	Houston, Texas
Cabaniss, James Lowell	Lockhart, Texas
Caldwell, Pearson Cash	Mount Pleasant, Texas
Cammack, Charlotte Irene.	Houston, Texas
Campbell, Arch Graham	Fort Worth, Texas
Canada, Jane Verona	La Porte, Texas
Cantrell, Ernestine Kone	Houston, Texas
Cargill, Henrietta.	Houston, Texas
Carnes, John Philp	Dallas, Texas
Carnes, Sam Abbott	Dallas, Texas
Carpenter, Evan	Dallas, Texas
Cash, Benjamin Dandridge .	Houston, Texas
Cashion, Joe James	Texarkana, Texas
Cashman, John Edgar	Houston, Texas
Cecalek, Rudolph Frank	Houston, Texas
Chambliss, Roy	Cisco, Texas
Cleaver, Harry McBeath	Dallas, Texas
Cobler, Charles Homer	Houston, Texas
Cole, Paul Raymond	Odessa, Texas
Collins, Theron Tilford	Greenville, Texas

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Combs, Pat Greenwood	Sulphur Springs, Texas
Compton, John Reid	Denison, Texas
Cook, Raymond Augustus	Houston, Texas
Cooke, Collier Claire	Houston, Texas
Costley, John Jefferson, II	Houston, Texas
Cox, Agnes	Houston, Texas
Cox, James Fagan	Monroe, Louisiana
Cox, Walter Owen	Houston, Texas
Crawford, Walter Joshua	Beaumont, Texas
Crockett, Gordon	Houston, Texas
Crooker, John Henry, Jr.	Houston, Texas
Darling, Jesse Clancy	Houston, Texas
Darsey, Edward Stewart	Grapeland, Texas
Daunoy, Elden Leo	Houston, Texas
Davidson, Franklin Valentine	Houston, Texas
Davis, Lucile Bowe	El Campo, Texas
Dawson, Robert John	Houston, Texas
Dee, James Grogan	Houston, Texas
Delaney, Daniel	Saint Louis, Missouri
De Young, Richard, Jr.	Houston, Texas
Dionne, Katherine	Houston, Texas
Dixon, Thelma Fay	Houston, Texas
Dobbs, Almon Cotton	Houston, Texas
Doehring, Sweeney Jamison .	Houston, Texas
Donaldson, J. D., Jr.	Tahoka, Texas
Dorman, Jean Elton	Houston, Texas
Doty, Harvey Ward	San Luis Potosi, Mexico
Douglas, Earle Cousart	Houston, Texas
Duckett, Ida Louise	Houston, Texas
Dulaney, Malcolm Keith	Mart, Texas
Dunbar, Thomas Arthur	Palestine, Texas

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Dwyer, Roscoe Tozer	Houston, Texas
Eberspacher, Coralie Evelyn .	Houston, Texas
Eckel, Dorothy Louise	Houston, Texas
Eiser, Richard Eugene	San Antonio, Texas
Elder, Hartwell Ernest	Houston, Texas
Elkins, George Duey	Fort Worth, Texas
Elkins, Margaret Madena	Houston, Texas
Ellis, Mildred Lynn	Houston, Texas
Emert, Frank Leroy	Denison, Texas
Engels, Robert Maximillian .	Houston, Texas
Evans, Richard Clair	Galveston, Texas
Everett, Elizabeth Lou	Houston, Texas
Fairbrother, Horace Walton .	Houston, Texas
Farquhar, Sam, Jr	Houston, Texas
Fasullo, George Pete	Houston, Texas
Ferguson, William Murray.	Dallas, Texas
Fields, Roger Quarles	Tyler, Texas
Fisher, Dorothy Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Ford, Robert William	Houston, Texas
Fouke, Harry Haydon	San Antonio, Texas
Foulks, Caroline Spencer.	Houston, Texas
Francis, William Howard	Dallas, Texas
Freedlund, Joseph Daniel	Houston, Texas
Freeman, Celia	Houston, Texas
Freeman, Winifred Rose	Houston, Texas
Frye, Jack	Houston, Texas
Funk, Lois Emelia	Yoakum, Texas
Furman, David Charles	Houston, Texas
Gainey, John Vincent	Houston, Texas
Garfield, Mary Agnes	Pasadena, Texas
Gautreaux, Lawrence Emile .	Houston, Texas

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Gehring, Ella Mae	Houston, Texas
Geyer, Ferdinand	Houston, Texas
Gibson, Sam Hilary	Lufkin, Texas
Gibson, William Hunter	Monahans, Texas
Gilpin, Dorothy Glyn	Groesbeck, Texas
Giraud, Mary Louise	Houston, Texas
Glass, William Hix	Gilmer, Texas
Gleaves, Raymond Leslie	Dallas, Texas
Goddard, Edward Thomas .	Mexico City, Mexico
Going, Charles Edwin	Lake Charles, Louisiana
Goldofsky, Deborah Gertrude	Houston, Texas
González, Yolanda	Houston, Texas
Good, Samuel Floyd	Houston, Texas
Gossett, Henry Oscar	Fort Worth, Texas
Gould, Martin James	Houston, Texas
Gradwohl, Cyril Goodman	Beaumont, Texas
Green, John Willie	Houston, Texas
Green, Julia	Houston, Texas
Greenberg, Claryce	Houston, Texas
Greenwood, Benjamin Franklin	Houston, Texas
Greer, June Eleanor	Houston, Texas
Greer, Walton Jeffries	Houston, Texas
Grove, Hugh Lowe, Jr.	Brownwood, Texas
Gwin, George Harvin	San Antonio, Texas
Haas, Henry, Jr.	Monroe, Louisiana
Hamill, Raymond Dale	Arvada, Colorado
Hamilton, James Brooke	Houston, Texas
Haner, Thomas Edward	Houston, Texas
Harp, Bill Myers	Houston, Texas
Harris, Alberta Mary	Houston, Texas
Harris, Alyda	Houston, Texas

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Harris, Hunter Pinkney, Jr.	Fulshear, Texas
Harrison, Mabel Clare	Houston, Texas
Harrison, Scott James	Houston, Texas
Hatfield, Merle D.	Houston, Texas
Henderson, Frances Nell	Hobby, Texas
Henderson, James Louis	Houston, Texas
Henderson, Ruth Elverta	Houston, Texas
Henschen, Gustave Eliot	Sherman, Texas
Hensley, Mary Bodine	Houston, Texas
Herbst, Edward Lilburn	Houston, Texas
Herbst, Mildred Yvonne	Houston, Texas
Hess, Wilbur Eugene	Fort Worth, Texas
Heyne, Mary Sherwood	Houston, Texas
Hickey, Mary Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Hightower, Allen Ross	Liberty, Texas
Hill, Robert Moore	Houston, Texas
Hinman, Garland	Ranger, Texas
Hinton, Robert Nelson	Houston, Texas
Hodges, Zella Katherine	Houston, Texas
Holcomb, Norman Franklin .	Houston, Texas
Holzinger, Harold Theodore .	Houston, Texas
Homer, Charles Henry	Houston, Texas
Horton, Claude Wendell	Houston, Texas
Howard, Alfred Ryland	Houston, Texas
Hudson, Rex Earl	Gilmer, Texas
Huggins, William Ogburn, Jr.	Houston, Texas
Hurley, Frank Allen	Bay City, Texas
Hutcheson, Mary Pye	Houston, Texas
Hutson, George William	Hope, Arkansas
Hutzler, Elmo Ioseph	San Antonio. Texas
Hyland, Margaret Iean	Houston, Texas
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Illes, Robert Enoch	Dallas, Texas
Jacobs, Edna Leah	Houston, Texas
Jared, John Ballard	Houston, Texas
Jaster, Gwendolyn Margaret	Houston, Texas
Jemison, Robert, II	Dallas, Texas
Johnson, Dorothy Elizabeth .	Houston, Texas
Johnson, Harold	Smithville, Texas
Johnson, Herbert Howard	El Campo, Texas
Johnson, Leonard Benson	Houston, Texas
Johnson, Pauline Faye	San Antonio, Texas
Johnston, Helen Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Jones, Erma Helen	Giddings, Texas
Jones, Howard Wilbur	Houston, Texas
Jones, Luther Edward	Houston, Texas
Jones, Tom Reid	Belton, Texas
Journeay, Harry	Houston, Texas
Kahle, Louis George	San Antonio, Texas
Kaplan, Myer	Houston, Texas
Keith, Georgiana	Houston, Texas
King, Clyde Chisholm	Waco, Texas
King, Glenn Wells	Addicks, Texas
Kivell, Charles Norviel	Houston, Texas
Klein, Albert Morton	Houston, Texas
Klepper, John Royce	Houston, Texas
Koch, Arno Benjamin	New Braunfels, Texas
Kocurek, Joe Arthur	Houston, Texas
Koehler, Earlan Louis Franklyr	n Houston, Texas
Krause, Ferdinand Harry	San Antonio, Texas
Kreamer, George Malcolm .	Lake Charles, Louisiana
Kroeger, William Carl	Houston, Texas
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Kuhlmann, Walter Theodore	Houston, Texas
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Lambert, R. H., Jr	Houston, Texas
Lancaster, Wallace	Bowie, Texas
Landers, Robert Wilson	Houston, Texas
Landes, James Henry	Lewisville, Arkansas
Landsberg, Henry	Dallas, Texas
Langdon, Barstow Elliot	Houston, Texas
Langley, Mary Beth	Humble, Texas
Lastrapes, Edward Adolphe .	Washington, Louisiana
Lauzon, Elizabeth Catherine	Houston, Texas
Lawson, Virginia Maud	Houston, Texas
Lawson, William Glenn	Houston, Texas
Lee, Donald Ainsworth	Houston, Texas
Lee, Raymond Oscar	Houston, Texas
Lee, Ronald Elsworth	Houston, Texas
Lefkowitz, Sam	Houston, Texas
Lennie, John McArthur	Houston, Texas
Lewis, Kemp Sloan	Dallas, Texas
Lewis, Lilian Sara	Houston, Texas
Lewis, Selma Autrey	Houston, Texas
Lewis, William Van	Houston, Texas
Lilliott, Richard Willoughby, Jr.	Houston, Texas
Lisman, Charles Franklin, Jr.	Daisetta, Texas
Lodge, Margaret Rose	Houston, Texas
Logan, Victor Elmont	Houston, Texas
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Lord, Edith Elizabeth	Houston, Texas
Lovett, Martha Wicks	Houston, Texas
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Lusk, Leon, Jr	Houston, Texas
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McDavid, Mildred Rosetta.	Seymour, Texas
McDonald, Herbert Percival	Mobile, Alabama
McDonald, Mary Gordon	Tyler, Texas
McElrath, Eby Nell	Gainesville, Texas
McElroy, Bert Lyon	Houston, Texas
McFerran, Cecil Lenore	Houston, Texas
McGill, Doris Aline	Killeen, Texas
McGill, Dosca Mildred	Killeen, Texas
McKean, Charles Vincent	Houston, Texas
McKnight, Delta Franklin	Houston, Texas
McLaughlin, James Louis	Albion, Pennsylvania
McLure, Jay Richard	Dallas, Texas
McMurrey, Ella Frances	Houston, Texas
McReynolds, John Oliver	Sherman, Texas
McWhirter, John Charles	Houston, Texas
Mackenzie, Donald E	Houston, Texas
Madison, Helen Hanle	Houston, Texas
Maes, Robert	Houston, Texas
Magee, Willie Eunice	Humble, Texas
Mandell, Frances	Houston, Texas
Manis, Rodney Vernon	Vernon, Texas
Marshall, Robert William	Houston, Texas
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Metcalf, Richard Jackson	Little Rock, Arkansas
Metzler, Albert Frederick	Houston, Texas
Meyer, Rebecca Louise	Houston, Texas
Meyer, Regina Esther	Houston, Texas
Meyers, Lawrence A	El Campo, Texas
Mickelson, Clifford	El Campo, Texas
Middleton, Robert Leldon	Corsicana, Texas
Miller, George John	Houston, Texas
Millington, John William	Dallas, Texas
Miron, Thelma	Houston, Texas
Mixson, William Charles	Kirbyville, Texas
Moers, Richard Dielman	Houston, Texas
Moody, Audrey Lacy	Houston, Texas
Moore, Buell	Houston, Texas
Moore, Frank Aldrich	Houston, Texas
Morris, James Hadley, Jr	Houston, Texas
Morris, Seth Irwin	Houston, Texas
Moss, Margaret Eugenia	Houston, Texas
Moursund, Anna Belle	Houston, Texas
Much, Charles Frederick	Alvin, Texas
Mummert, Danesi Jeanne	Houston, Texas
Murphy, Edgar Joseph	Dallas, Texas
Mutrux, Charles Mitchell, Jr.	Houston, Texas
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Norsworthy, Sylvia Orline	Houston, Texas
O'Boyle, Dee Vernon	Humble, Texas
Ofner, Charles Francis	San Antonio, Texas
Ogle, Mabry Andrew	Del Rio, Texas
Oliver, Eugene, Jr.	Houston, Texas
Oppenheimer, Edward, Jr.	Mission, Texas
Ownsby, Glen Grady	Celina, Texas
Parker, Gertrude Hilty	Houston, Texas
Passante, Jack Joseph	Houston, Texas
Pauly, Walter William	Brooklyn, New York
Pearson, Gaynor	Kingsville, Texas
Pearson, Kathryn	Houston, Texas
Peltzman, Sydney	Houston, Texas
Perkins, Jack Ferman	Dallas, Texas
Perkins, Roderic Beltron	Houston, Texas
Pestell, Walter Peyton	Houston, Texas
Peters, Lois	Houston, Texas
Peterson, Russell Ater	Houston, Texas
Petty, J. C., Jr	Kaufman, Texas
Pfaeffle, Fred William, Jr	Waco, Texas
Pfeiffer, Paul Frederick	New Philadelphia, Ohio
Phillips, Norman Earl	Dayton, Texas
Pike, George Edgar	Houston, Texas
Pitner, Craton Guthrie	Fort Worth, Texas
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Powell, William Meachum		Houston, Texas
Pratt, Edna Irene		Houston, Texas
Price, Edgar Layton		Houston, Texas
Quin, Dorothy Clinton		Houston, Texas
Ramey, Benjamin Ryburn		Sulphur Springs, Texas
Rasberry, John Shepard .		Houston, Texas
Rauch, Shirley Winifred .		Houston, Texas
Rawlinson, Carlon R		Houston, Texas
Reed, Joseph Fletcher		Houston, Texas
Reeves, Hiram Verner, Jr		El Campo, Texas
Renfro, Heath		Childress, Texas
Reynolds, Howard Emmett		Fredonia, New York
Reynolds, Vining Towner .		Houston, Texas
Richards, Algie Cone	•	Houston, Texas
Richards, Cooper Dulaney		Houston, Texas
Richter, Alice Henrietta .		Houston, Texas
Rick, Robert Gordon		Houston, Texas
Riley, Homer Fletcher		Houston, Texas
Robbins, Ruel Howard		Goose Creek, Texas
Roberts, Frank Shepherd .		Houston, Texas
Roberts, Jack		Houston, Texas
Roberts, Jeff Davis, Jr		Houston, Texas
Roemer, David Oscar	•	Houston, Texas
Rogers, Elizabeth Worth .		Houston, Texas
Rogers, Fred Terry, Jr	•	Dallas, Texas
Rosenthall, Herbert James		Houston, Texas
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Sanders, Odell Kenton	McDade, Texas
Satterfield, Lochatrice	Houston, Texas
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Savich, Milton George	Detroit, Michigan
Scheffler, Cleophas Joseph	Yorktown, Texas
Schelling, Joe Austin	Houston, Texas
Scheps, Clarence	Houston, Texas
Schleser, Erich	Freeport, Texas
Schultz, Charles Leesemann	Columbus, Texas
Schurman, Leon Robert	Houston, Texas
Schwartz, Lois Bender	Houston, Texas
Scobee, Richard Gordon	Houston, Texas
Scott, James Hunter	Houston, Texas
Scrivner, Don	Fort Worth, Texas
Selander, Oscar Albin	Houston, Texas
Seligmann, Jane Enid	San Antonio, Texas
Selkirk, Mildred Louise	Goose Creek, Texas
Serrill, George Edward	Bay City, Texas
Sexton, Lerah Hortense	Houston, Texas
Shaw, John Robert	Houston, Texas
Shawver, James Eugene	Dallas, Texas
Shelton, Frank Coleman	Hubbard, Texas
Sherron, Hazel	Houston, Texas
Sherwood, Byrne Norman	Washington, District of
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Shirley, Ruth Evangeline	Houston, Texas
Sims, Edwin Lee	Chattanooga, Tennessee
Sims, Grace Elisabeth	Houston, Texas

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Sims, Marjorie	Houston, Texas
Smith, Byron Rogers, Jr	Aransas Pass, Texa:
Smith, Elsie Clay	Houston, Texas
Smith, Hunter Arthur	Houston, Texas
Smith, James Oscar Wilbur, Jr.	Houston, Texas
Smith, Virginia Katherine	Houston, Texas
Smith, William Carey	Liberty, Texas
Smith, William O. Wallace.	Houston, Texas
Snider, Norman	Houston, Texas
Soule, Margaret	Houston, Texas
South, Ora Clotile	Houston, Texas
Souza, Frances Sara	Houston, Texas
Stalnaker, Emily	Houston, Texas
Stansbury, Harry Warren, Jr.	Dallas, Texas
Steele, Allan/Trezevant	Houston, Texas
Stephenson, Kathleen Anita	Houston, Texas
Sterling, Gwendolyne Viannah	Houston, Texas
Stern, Ruth Miriam	Houston, Texas
Stiglich, Julius Francis	Galveston, Texas
Stockton, Frank	Houston, Texas
Storey, Boude Erwin	Dallas, Texas
Storey, Luolin Elizabeth	Vernon, Texas
Storey, William Lyndon	Vernon, Texas
Stover, Carolyn Anne	Bessemer, Alabama
Street, Sara Ella	Houston, Texas
Studer, Edward Alexis	Houston, Texas
Sullivan, Elizabeth Ann	Houston, Texas
Susnitsky, Sylvia	Brenham, Texas
Swetland, Orville Brownell	Houston, Texas
Sykes, Lyde Gene	Houston, Texas
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Tomlinson, Metta Virginia	Houston, Texas
Townsend, Howard Sherman	Houston, Texas
Tracy, Albert Ray	Lufkin, Texas
Turner, Griffin Hutson	Gainesville, Texas
Twiford, Dick Burnett	Cuero, Texas
Vacek, Henry Francis	Houston, Texas
Van Gundy, John Cramer	Houston, Texas
Vick, Andrew Jackson	San Antonio, Texas
Vidrine, Lawrence	Port Arthur, Texas
Vogt, Charles Frank	Houston, Texas
Wallace, William Brooks	Eagle Lake, Texas
Wallace, William Westwood .	Beaumont, Texas
Walters, Charles Douglas	Waco, Texas
Ward, Hubert Rawyer	Greenville, Texas
Washburn, Laura Lee	Houston, Texas
Wax, James Stratton	Houston, Texas
Webster, James Franklin	Houston, Texas
Weidemeyer, Rob Pierce	Houston, Texas
Welsh, Barbara Kent	Fort Sam Houston, Texas
Werlin, Samuel Garrow	Houston, Texas
Werner, Marjorie Claire	Houston, Texas
West, Sallie Josephine	Beaumont, Texas
White, Doris Elaine	Houston, Texas
White, Raleigh Roy, III	Temple, Texas
White, Tom Watson	Houston, Texas
Williams, Ed Paxton	Fort Worth, Texas
Williford, Nora Louise	Houston, Texas
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Wilson, Glenn William	Houston, Texas
Wilson, Kathleen Marjorie.	Houston, Texas
Wilson, Robert Howard	Houston, Texas
Winkelmann, Samuel August.	Howellville, Texas
Wolfram, Lionel Foster	Houston, Texas
Wood, Arthur Bachman	Denison, Texas
Woods, Roberta Virginia	Houston, Texas
Woodson, Jacob Dudley	Crockett. Texas
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