The phonemes of Agta are: a, \(\tilde{a}, \) b, d, e, f, g, h, i, k, l, m, n, ng, o, p, r, s, t, u, v, w, y, z, and - (glottal stop). The vowels a and a are mid central and low central respectively in the phoneme chart. There is also a considerable degree of free fluctuation between h and r. We have found that all forms occurring with r may also be pronounced instead with h; however, the reverse is more restricted. Glottal stop is written only in consonant clusters. There are no vowel clusters in the language; hence contiguous vowels in text must be pronounced with an intervocalic glottal. (Morphophonemic changes occur between contiguous vowels, between vowel and consonant, and between connecting consonants; the patterns of morphophonemic change are described in Appendix C.)

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