from the Author.

A LECTURE

ON THE

GRAMMATICAL CONSTRUCTION

OF

### THE CREE LANGUAGE,

DELIVERED BY

### THE VEN. ARCHDEACON HUNTER, M.A.

'(LATE ARCHDEACON OF CUMBERLAND, RUPERT'S LAND, AND NOW VICAR OF ST. MATTHEW'S, BAYSWATER, W.),

BEFORE THE

### JUSTITUTE OF RUPERT'S LAND,

AT THE

COURT HOUSE, FORT GARRY, RED RIVER SETTLEMENT;
On the 2nd April, 1862.

THE RIGHT REVEREND

THE LORD BISHOP OF RUPERT'S LAND

PRESIDENT OF THE INSTITUTE, IN THE CHAIR.

0

Paradigms of the Cree Verb,

WITH ITS

VARIOUS CONJUGATIONS, MOODS, TENSES, INFLECTIONS, &c.

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### A KEY TO THE ORTHOGRAPHY.

### VOWEL SOUNDS.

$\bar{a}$ sounded as $a$ in hate.	oo sounded as oo in moon, move.
a a far.	$u \ldots u$ but, tub.
<i>e</i> me.	ew u. pure.
$i \ldots i \ldots pin.$	ow ow now.
$i \dots i \dots thine(when final)$	

### CONSONANTS.

g sounded as g in get.	$\boldsymbol{w}$ sounded as $\boldsymbol{w}$ in was.
$h \ldots h \ldots h$ ard, hat.	$y \dots y \dots y$
$k \ldots k \ldots \ker$	$y \dots y \dots my$ (when final)
$m \dots m$ . me.	ch ch . much, chicken.
$n \ldots \langle n \ldots net.$	kw kw. awkward.
$p \ldots f. p \ldots put.$	st st . stick.
$s \ldots \int \ldots s \ldots \sin s$	$pw \dots pw$ upward.
$t \dots \dots t \dots t$	

### REMARKS.

(') An aspirate or breathing, generally followed by the letters k, t, and ch. It is also used in the locative case; as, waskahikun, "a house;" waskahikunik, "in a house:"  $wenep\bar{a}k$ , "a lake;"  $wenep\bar{a}kook$ , "in or on a lake." It also marks the distinction between the personal pronoun second person, ke for keya, and the particle ke, which is the sign of the perfect tense.

We, is a particle expressing a wish or desire, the sign of the optative mood.

Ga, is the sign of the future tense, used only in the indicative mood.

Ka, is the relative pronoun.

 $K\bar{a}$ , is the sign of the future tense, used only in the subjunctive mood. Kitta, is a sign of the future tense.

 $P\bar{a}$ , is a particle signifying "to come."

M, is sometimes used to signify possession.

### EXTRACT FROM THE "NOR-WESTER," RED RIVER SETTLEMENT.

### INSTITUTE OF RUPERT'S LAND.

THE first meeting held at the Court House, Fort Garry, 2nd April, 1862. On the wall there was spread an immense sheet, 10 feet by 4, showing the various Conjugations, Moods and Inflections of the Cree Verb, and intended to illustrate one of the papers read on that day.

The Ven. Archdeacon Hunter, M.A., read a paper on the Cree Language, of great and permanent value. Its intrinsic worth is such that if it attain no wider publicity than the reading of it before the Institute, the loss will be very great to the fair fame alike of the Institute and the talented author. It was a thorough and masterly analysis of the Cree Language, by one whose acquaintance with the principles of language in general eminently fits him for the task. The Cree has, of course, much in common with other languages; but it has also many peculiarities which the Archdeacon expounded very clearly and satisfactorily. These characteristic features possess great value in a philological point of view, and we are not sure but they would, in able hands, aid materially in establishing some conclusions regarding the distinctive cast of the Indian mind, as well as regarding certain linguistic theories as yet not settled by philologists. The Archdeacon's mode of treatment was perspicuous and systematic -scientific, we might indeed say-and for this reason his paper, which otherwise might have been intolerably dull and unintelligible, was delightfully interesting. The Archdeacon digressed somewhat into the domain of comparative philology, and interested his hearers by mentioning several points of similarity between the Cree on the one hand, and the English, Latin, Greek and Hebrew on the other. The coincidences were remarkable, and we doubt not their number might be almost indefinitely increased were attention directed to the subject. We may analyse this paper at length some other time.

### A LECTURE

ON THE

### GRAMMATICAL CONSTRUCTION

OF

### THE CREE LANGUAGE.

Since the year 1844 my attention has been more or less directed to the Cree Language; and the more familiar I have become with its grammatical construction—so peculiar and unique, and yet so regular and systematic—the more I have been impressed with the beauty, order, and precision of the language used by the Indians around us. Although they may rank low in the scale of civilization, yet they carry about with them a Vocabulary and a Grammar which challenge and invite, and will amply repay the acumen and analytical powers of the most learned Philologist. If a Council of Grammarians, assembled from among the most eminent in all nations, had after years of labour propounded a new scheme of language, they could scarcely have elaborated a system more regular, beautiful, and symmetrical, than the one we are invited to glance at for a few moments this afternoon.

The time allotted to me will only permit a mere glance at the language; to do anything like full justice to my theme, and enlarge upon the subject in all its vast and minute ramifications, would occupy too much of your time, and, instead of drawing up a paper, I should require to prepare a volume. With so large a subject the difficulty is, not in the want, but in the superabundance of matter. My humble endeavour must be to select and combine the salient points, and present them in as interesting a form as the subject will admit.

The Cree tribe, of whose language I purpose to give a faint outline this afternoon, forms a portion of the great Algonquin nation, "a nation which, in its different dialects," as Mr. Howse remarks, "is dispersed over a vast extent of country—from Pennsylvania, south, to Churchill River, in Hudson's Bay, north, or twenty degrees of latitude; from Labrador and the Atlantic, east, to the Missisippi, west; from Hudson's Bay, east, to the Rocky Mountains, west—that is, in its greatest width (55° to 115°) sixty degrees of longitude."\*

Dr. Prichard, in his Researches into the Physical History of Mankind,

<sup>\*</sup> Joseph Howse, Esq., F.R.G.S., "A Grammar of the Cree Language; with which is combined, an Analysis of the Chippeway Dialect."

speaks of "the Knistineaux, or Klistinos, or Kristinaux, by abbreviation Crees, as the most northern tribe of the Algonquin family. Bounded on the north by the Athabascas, they reach, partly by recent conquests, from Hudson's Bay to the Rocky Mountains. In the western tract of that country, and near the Saskachawan, they are interspersed among tribes of the Assiniboins. They are spread northward as far as Lake Athabasca. On the south they are bounded by Chippeways and Algonquins. The people near Hudson's Bay called southern Indians are of this nation. The name of Knistinaux originally belonged to a tribe near Lake Winnipeg. It is now widely extended to all the tribes who speak dialects nearly related."

From these extracts it will be seen how extensively the Algonquin Language, of which the Cree is a dialect, is spoken. The Cree I should regard as the principal tribe of the Algonquin nation, and occupying the greatest extent of country. From longitude 75° to 115°, that is, forty degrees of longitude, and from latitude 49° to 60°, that is, eleven degrees of latitude, the language of this tribe, with slight variations, is more or less spoken.†

The fact that the Rev. E. A. Watkins, now labouring among the Crees on the banks of the Siskachewun, first acquired his knowledge of the language among the Crees on the East Main, in James's Bay, is a striking illustration of the extent of country over which this dialect prevails. There are some slight differences in the use of words in the several districts, and the letter y, used by the Plain Crees, in some words is changed into th, n, l, and r; as in the following examples:

### Personal Pronouns.

### I. Thou. He.

neya, keya, weya, used by the Plain Indians.

netha, ketha, wetha, ,, ,, English River Indians.

nena, kena, wena, ,, ,, Cumberland and Norway House Indians.

nela, kela, wela, " " Moose Factory Indians.

nera, kera, wera, " " Isle-a-la-Crosse Indians.

After ten years' labour I succeeded in reducing the language to writing, and carrying through the Press the Prayer Book, three Gospels, and smaller Publications; and the Paradigms of the Verb here exhibited are

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Researches into the Physical History of Mankind," by I. C. Prichard, M.D., vol. v. p. 385.

<sup>+</sup> The national name of the Crees is Naheyowuk, "exact beings or people," compounded of Nahe, "exact," and Meyow, "the body;" hence Ne naheyowan means, "I speak the language of the exact beings or people," or, in common parlance, "I speak Cree."

prepared after a plan suggested to my own mind, giving a bird's-eye view of the Cree Verb in its principal Moods, and its two leading Tenses. The first Paradigm, you observe, marshals the chief form, the van of the host, in three columns; for the Cree Verb is capable of thousands of mutations and combinations. For this interesting review we selected the Transitive Verb, with an animate object, Sakehāo, "he loves him," and issuing the word of command to form columns, with the two Tenses, Present and Past, in their Direct and Inverse forms; immediately there appeared the heads of the three columns, bearing on their standards the names, Indicative Mood, Subjunctive Mood, and Imperative Mood; marching with the most beautiful order and regularity, and the coup d'wil was quite enchanting, a sufficient reward for years-of close study and application. The second Paradigm presents a Transitive Verb, belonging to the second conjugation, with an inanimate object, Sakėtaw, "he loves it," drawn up in a similar manner; and the third Paradigm brings into view another Transitive Verb of the third conjugation, with an indeterminate but animate object, Sakehewāo, "he loves somebody." These Paradigms are merely given as specimens, so as to present at a glance a few of the principal prefixes and suffixes of the Verb. For a fuller display of the Verb, in all its Moods and Tenses, both Direct and Inverse, I must refer you to the three books lying on the table, where the verb Tapwatowao, "he believes him," is partially written out, with mood, tense, and person, singular and plural-I say partially, for to write out fully a Cree Verb and all its derivatives, with formative signs of different signification, personal signs in different relations, particles, cases, and so forth, a good-sized volume would be required. The following specimens of the verb Sakehāo, "he loves him," and a few of its derivatives, will illustrate what I mean.

Sake-hāo ) he loves him.

- ,, hik he is loved by him.
- , 'taw ) he loves it.
- " hikoo She is loved by it.
- " hewāo) he loves somebody.
- ,, haw  $\int$  he is loved by somebody.
- " 'chekāo ) he loves.
- " 'chekasoo) he is loved.
- " *'chekatāo*, it is loved.
- " hewāwissew, he is loving.

- Sake-hisoo, he loves himself. Reflec.
  - " hitoowuk, they love each other.
    - Recip.
  - , hewakasoo, he pretends to love.
    - Sim.
  - " hakasoo, he pretends to love him or them.
  - , 'twowāo, he loves him for him.
  - , 'twak, he is loved for him.
  - ,, 'twakāo, he loves him for somebody.
  - , 'chekakāo, he loves him with it.
  - " 'chekakakasoo, he pretends to love him with it.

These are only a few of the forms, many more may be seen by referring to the books and papers on the table.

Now, having made these remarks on the Cree Verb, I may as well at once direct your attention to that very important, and yet difficult part of our subject. The language has a natural tendency to assume a verbal form, the mind of the Indian dealing rather with concrete than abstract terms. Farrar, in his able "Essay on the Origin of Language," says, "In Greek and Latin, one word was enough to express alike the subject, copula, and predicate; in English, two are always requisite, and generally three. The single word τύπτω requires the three words, "I am striking," to render it; to translate amabor in English or in German, we require four words, "I shall be loved," "Ich werde geliebt werden;" and the same is true of many other parts of the verb; as, ἐτετιμήμεθα, periisses, "We had been honoured," "You would have perished." In the Cree, also, as well as in the Indo-European or Aryan languages, we shall find the most splendid examples of a perfect synthesis; and this sylleptical tendency is said to have marked the earliest stage of language, that as language advances it progresses from synthesis to analysis. Now permit me to notice some examples in Cree of this synthetical and agglutinative property. In English the agent and the action are separate, as, "I love;" in Latin they are combined, as amo, "I love." But in Cree the agent, action, and object, and sometimes the case are combined; as sakehāo, "he loves him," tupwātowāo, "he believes him;" nipátwowão, "he kills him for him;" pātoowão, "he brings him to him;" nukiskowāo, "he meets him by land;" nukdwāo, "he meets him by water;" nunaspitotowāo, "he imitates him with the voice;" kiskinowapumāo, "he imitates him in action."

We shall now bring forward a few examples of the different kinds of Verbs; and first we have the Transitive Verb, with an animate object, as topwatowao, "he believes him;" then an Indeterminate Verb, with an animate object, tapwatokao, "he believes somebody;" then another form, where both subject and object are Indeterminate, as tapwatokanewew, "somebody believes somebody," or there is a believing. Then, passing over some other forms, we come to tapwatoum, a Transitive Verb with an inanimate object of the sixth conjugation—"he believes it;" and, finally, we have an inanimate form, tapwatoumómukun, "it believes it," together with an Impersonal Verb, tapwawinewun, which, by contraction, becomes tapwawun, "it is true." Now these are the principal derivatives from the Verb

<sup>•</sup> Frederic W. Farrar, M.A., late Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge, "An Essay on the Origin of Language, based on Modern Researches, and especially on the Works of M. Renan."

tipuatowao, "he believes him;" and when written out in their different moods, tenses, and persons, we may well exclaim, "What a formidable array! Can it be possible that the Indian possesses such a rich and full supply of words to make known the thoughts and inward workings of his mind?"

As I have spoken of Conjugations, it may be as well to state here that there are seven. Herder, as quoted by Farrar, says, "The more barbarous a language, the greater is the number of its conjugations;" and then Farrar goes on to remark, that "it has been a fatal mistake of Philology to suppose that simplicity is anterior to complexity: simplicity is the triumph of science, not the spontaneous result of intelligence." "The Basque language, which has retained much of the primitive spirit, has eleven moods; the Caffir language has upwards of twenty. Agglutination or Polysynthetism is the name which has been invented for the complex condition of early language, when words follow each other in a sort of idyllic and laissez aller carelessness, and the whole sentence, or even the whole discourse, is conjugated or declined as though it were a single word, every subordinate clause being inserted in the main one by a species of incapsulation." These remarks apply in a measure to the Cree language; for take the words Mawutchekechenyumehāwekemaw, written in one word, for "the greatest of all Praying Chiefs (Archbishop), or Mawutchekecheookemaskwau, "the greatest of all Chief Women" (Queen), we have a sentence in one word. But in my translations I have endeavoured to separate the Verb as much as possible from its adjuncts, and to divide compound words as the above into their simple elements, writing the above thus, Mawutche keche Ayumehāwekemaw, and Mawutche keche Ookemaskwāo. A part of the Pronoun is constantly incorporated with the Verb forming a portion of the suffix, whilst the first part of the Pronoun stands as the prefix; as in ne tapicatoicanan, "we believe him," the prefix ne, and the suffix nan, form the beginning and the ending of the Personal Pronoun neyanan, "we;" and this process is carried out in the Indicative Mood, both in Transitive Verbs with an animate and inanimate object, and also in Intransitive Verbs.

There are seven conjugations under which may be ranged Transitive Verbs with an inanimate object; as, tapuatum, "he believes it," sixth conjugation; and saketaw, "he loves it," second conjugation: and Intransitive Verbs; as, uppew, "he sits," first conjugation; and pimotāo, "he walks," third conjugation. The conjugations are distinguished by the termination of the third person singular, Indicative Mood, Present Tense. The first conjugation ends in ew, as uppew, "he sits;" the second conjugation in aur, as nipaw, "he sleeps;" the third conjugation in āo, as pimotāo, "he walks;" the fourth conjugation in oo, as kittoo, "he speaks;" the fifth conjugation

in eoo, as acheoo, "he moves;" the sixth conjugation in um, as itayétum, "he thinks;" and the seventh conjugation in in, as tukoosin, "he arrives." The first conjugation is as follows:—Indicative Mood, Present Tense: net uppin, "I sit," ket uppin, "thou sittest;" uppew, "he sits;" net uppinan, "we (1, 3) sit;" ket uppinanow, "we (1, 2) sit;" ket uppinawaw, "ye sit;" uppewuk, "they sit." We notice here a remarkable precision and exactness of expression in the Cree language, which is carried through its Personal and Possessive Pronouns, and is also found both in its Transitive and Intransitive Verbs. I refer to the two forms of the first person plural, the one exclusive and the other inclusive of the second person; the one combining only first and third persons, the other only first and second persons; as in the Verb uppew, above—net uppinan, "we (first and third persons) sit;" ket uppinanow, "we (first and second persons) sit." In the Personal Pronoun the same remarkable characteristic appears—neya, "I;" keya, "thou;" weya, "he;" neyanan, "we" (I and he, or I and they); keyanow, "we" (I and thou, or I and ye); keyawaw, "ye;" weyawaw, "they." Again, in the Possessive Pronoun, n'ôtawe, "my father;" k'ôtawe, "thy father;" ôtaweä, "his father;" n'ôtawenan, "our (my and his, or my and their) father;" k'ôtawenow, "our (my and thy, or my and your) father;" k'ôtawewaw, "your father;" otawewawa, "their fathers." Throughout all the Moods and Tenses of the Verbs the same form is maintained, so that there is less of ambiguity in the first person plural among the Crees, than in the English language.

In the Subjunctive or Subordinate Mood of the above seven conjugations, the third person singular, Present Tense, takes the following suffixes:

—first conjugation,  $\bar{a}$  uppit, "(that) he sits;" second conjugation,  $\bar{a}$  nipat, "(that) he sleeps;" third conjugation,  $\bar{a}$  pimotāt, "(that) he walks;" fourth conjugation,  $\bar{a}$  kittoot, "(that) he speaks;" fifth conjugation,  $\bar{a}$  ácheet, "(that) he moves;" sixth conjugation,  $\bar{a}$  itāyéttik, "(that) hethinks;" seventh conjugation,  $\bar{a}$  tukooseék, "(that) he arrives."

The first conjugation, Subjunctive Mood, Present Tense, is as follows:—Singular: 1.  $\bar{a}$  uppeyan, 2.  $\bar{a}$  uppeyun, 3.  $\bar{a}$  uppet. Plural: 1.  $\bar{a}$  uppeyāk, (1, 3),  $\bar{a}$  uppeyāk, (1, 2), 2.  $\bar{a}$  uppeyāk, and 3.  $\bar{a}$  uppetchik.

This Subjunctive Mood takes the place of the English Participle, active and passive, and the Infinitive Mood; but, as seen above, they are always expressed in Cree by a *Personal* Verb, having its own suffixes to mark the different persons, and forming regular Tenses, Present, Past, Perfect, Future, &c., as in the Indicative Mood. For a fuller exemplification of this point, I must again refer you to the Paradigms on the wall, and the books and papers on the table, where you will find this part of the Verb fully exhibited.

The Imperative Mood of the above seven conjugations, which we may regard as the root of the Verb, is the following:—1. uppe, "sit thou," uppik, "sit ye;" 2. nipa, nipak; 3. pimótā, pimótāk; 4. kittoo, kittook; 5. áchee, ácheek; 6. itāyéta, itāyétumook; 7. tukoosine, tukoosinik.

The Adjective in Cree also becomes a Verb, with the exception of meyo, "good," and muche, "bad;" as, in the following examples, both animate and inanimate:—

### ANIMATE. INANIMATE. Waweyāsew, Waweyāyaw, it is circular. he is circular. Pittikoosew, he is short, stumpy. Pittikwaw, it is stumpy. he is rough. Kawaw, it is rough. Kawissew, Sooskoosew. he is smooth. Sooskwaw, it is smooth. Kinwaw, it is long. he is long or tall. Kinoosew, it is small. Uppiseesissew, he is small. Uppisasin, Mayatun, it is ugly. Mayatissew, he is ugly. Ayimun, it is awkward. he is awkward. Ayimissew; Nayatawissew, he is difficult. Nayātawun, it is difficult.

he is pitchy.

Pikéwew,

Now, to show what nice shades of meaning there are in the language—and how many derivative Verbs may be formed from one of the above Adjective Verbs, by a change of suffix—let us take the last, *Pikéwew*, and see how many changes we can ring upon this one verb.

Pikéwun,

it is pitchy.

```
Pikéw- ew,
                              He is pitchy.
                        an.
                              It is pitchy.
                        in.
        un,
        issew,
                              He is like pitch (so pitchy).
                        an.
                        in.
                              It is like pitch (so pitchy).
        aw,
      • isóo,
                              He is pitched.
                         an.
                              It is pitched.
        etão,
                        in.
        échikasoo,
                              He is pitched.
                        an.
        echikatāo,
                              It is pitched.
                        in.
                              He makes him (turns him into) pitch.
 Pik-
        ehāo (caus.),
                        an.
                              He makes it (turns it into) pitch.
        étaw (caus.),
Pike-
       wehāo (trans.), an.
                              He pitches him.
                              He pitches it.
        wétaw (trans.), in.
        `kāo,
                              He makes pitch.
                              He makes pitch for himself.
        'katisoo (refl.),
        'kasoo (sim.),
                              He pretends to be pitch.
                              He makes him into pitch (of him).
        'katāo (trans), an.
                              It is made into pitch.
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Pike-	`katum,	in.	He makes it into pitch (of it).
"	`k <b>ú</b> tāo,	an.	He pitches him, as a canoe.
"	$k$ $oldsymbol{u}$ t $ar{a}o,$		It is pitched.
"	`kûtum,	in.	He pitches it.
71	'kakāo,		He makes pitch with it or of it. (abl.)
"	skaw,		There is abundance of pitch.
Oopike	- mew,		He possesses pitch.
"	mitisoo (refl.),		He possesses pitch of himself.
Pike-	wāyi <b>m</b> āo,	an.	He thinks him as pitch.
<b>))</b>	wāyētum,	in.	He thinks it as pitch.

Now, imagine all these Verbs written out in Mood, Tense, Person, direct and inverse, and then we can understand at once the statement, that thousands of words can be formed from one Cree Verb.

The direct and inverse forms of the Verb Transitive, with an animate or inanimate object, have been incidentally noticed in our exposition. In the third person they constitute the active and passive voices of the Verb; as, sakehāo, "he loves him;" sakehik, "he is loved by him;" issitissāwāo, "he sends him;" issitissāhook, "he is sent by him;" tapwātowāo, "he believes him;" tapwātak, "he is believed by him." The first person, Indicative Mood, Present Tense, is formed thus: Direct—ne sakehaw, "I love him;" Inverse—ne sakehik, "he loves me." Direct—ne tapwātowaw, "I believe him;" Inverse—ne tapwātak, "he believes me." Now, Verbs ending in āo, tāo, and ewāo, in the third person Direct, make ik in the third person Inverse. Again, those ending in wāo and swāo, make hook; and those ending in skāwāo and towāo, make ak. You will notice in my Conjugations of the Verbs, lying on the table, that on the left-hand page I have written out the Direct form of the Verb, and on the right-hand page the Inverse form corresponding therewith, and so throughout the three books.

In the Imperative and Subjunctive Moods, all the expressed Pronouns, whether agent or object, accumulate, agglutinate, conglomerate in the suffix; as, for instance—Imperative, tapwātow, "believe thou him;" tapwātowatan, or tapwātowatak, "let us believe him;" tapwātok, "believe ye him;" tapwātowin, "believe thou me;" tapwātowinan, "believe thou us;" tapwātowik, "believe ye me."—Subjunctive, ā tapwātowuk, "I believe him;" ā tapwātowut, "thou believest him;" ā tapwātowat, "he believes him;" ā tapwātowit, "he believes me;" ā tapwātoweyak, "he believes thee;" ā tapwātoweyāk, "thou believest us;" ā tapwātoweyāk, "ye believe me;" ā tapwātowitan, or ā tapwātowitah, "I believe thee;" ā tapwātowituk-ook, "I believe you;" ā tapwātowitāk, "we believe thee;"—and so forth,

through many changes. But yet these suffixes are not illimitable; and when once this agglutinative, synthetical and inflected system of formation gets well fixed in the memory, it is used with the same ease and facility as the more analytical system among ourselves.

In the arrangement of the Personal Pronouns in combination with the Verb, the second person, whether active or passive, always takes precedence of the first; hence that peculiar form of the Verb arranged under the head of second and first persons—as, ke tapwātowin, "thou believest me;" ke tapwātotin, "I believe thee;" ke tapwātowētawaw, "ye believed me;" ke tapwātotētan, "we believed you;" ke nipāhin, "thou killest me;" ke nipāhittin, "I kill thee;" ke nasin, "thou fetchest me;" ke natittin, "I fetch thee." Verbs in tāo change the t into s in the direct form; as, itāo, "he says to him," makes ket isin, "thou sayest to me;" nukutāo, "he leaves him," makes ke nukusin, "thou leavest me," &c.

Now I must hasten to say a few words regarding the formation of the Tenses. In the Paradigms exhibited on the wall we have the two leading Tenses—Present, and Past or Imperfect, in their Indicative, Subjunctive, Dubitative, Suppositive and Imperative Moods, with the Accessory or Relative Case annexed to each; of which Case, if time permit, we must speak hereafter. From these two tenses, with the addition of the indeclinable particles ke and ga, the other tenses are formed. As an exercise, let us take the verb natão, "he fetches him," and show how the different tenses are formed in the Indicative and Potential Moods. The Present Tense is ne nataw, "I fetch him;" the Past or Imperfect, ne nata, or ne nataty, "I fetched him." Here we have the two leading tenses, from which we are to form all the others, by the Particles ke and ga, in different combinations. The Perfect Tense is formed with the Present, and the Particle ké inserted; as, ne ké natuw, "I have fetched him." The Pluperfect is formed with the Imperfect and the Particle ké—ne ké natá, or natáty, "I had fetched him;" there is also another form—ne ké natápun. The Future Tense is formed with the Present and the ga in combination; as, ne ga nataw, "I shall or will fetch him." And the Future Perfect with the addition of ke to the Future; as, ne ga ke nataw, "I shall or will have fetched By this simple process the six tenses of the Indicative Mood are formed. In the Potential Mood, the Present Tense is the same as the Future Perfect Indicative—ne ga ké nataw, "I may or can fetch him;" the Past is formed with the Past Indicative having the Particle ga added, as ne ga natá or natáty, "I might, could, would; or should fetch him;" and the Pluperfect, by the addition of ke to the Past, as ne ga ke nata, or nataty, "I might, could, would or should have fetched him."

Perhaps the most anomalous and difficult part of the Cree Verb,

especially to a learner, is what is termed the Accessory, Relative or Possessive Case; it is a leading characteristic of the language, and indicates such precision of expression, that we must not omit it in our review of the dialect. Its application is exclusively to third persons; but although it is thus limited, nevertheless it is joined to every Mood and Tense of the Verb, so that when we have written out the Verb in its simple and absolute form, the whole process has again to be repeated with the addition of this Accessory or Relative form. Well might the Crees adopt the national name of Naheyowuk, "exact beings or people," for they are certainly most exact and particular in the use of their forms and inflections. Permit me to call your attention to one or two examples of what I mean. The simple or absolute form of the Verb is ne tupwatowaw, "I believe him," tupwatowao, "he believes him;" but if we add the Relative or Accessory Case, then it becomes ne tapwatowimawa, "I believe his him;" tapwatowayewa, "He believes his him." The constant signs of this Case are the letters m and y. Still further to elucidate this difficult point, in English when two or three third persons occur in a sentence, in order to preserve distinctness of meaning, and to prevent confusion as to which third person is intended, we repeat the name of the third person. In Cree there is no occasion for this repetition, and all ambiguity is removed as to which third person is meant by the use of this Accessory Case. "And John looking upon Jesus as he walked" (John i. 36), is an ambiguous sentence in English, for it may mean either John walking, or Jesus walking. To make it quite clear of ambiguity, we should have to put it thus: "And John looking upon Jesus as he (Jesus) walked," repeating, you observe, the third person. In Cree this difficulty is obviated by using the Accessory Case; thus, "Mena John ā kunowapumat Jesusa ā pimotāyit." The Simple Verb would be  $\bar{a}$  pimotat, and then it would refer to John, but the y inserted,  $\bar{a}$  pimotāyit, links it with the Saviour, and brings out the meaning clearly. In Greek and Latin the same sentence is perfectly clear, both these languages being inflected. In Greek it is "Καὶ ἐμβλέψας τῷ Ἰησοῦ περιπατοῦντι"; in Latin, "Et (Joannes) intuitus Jesum ambulantem." Take another example: "David saw William as he followed a moose." If in Cree I intend to say that it was David who was following the moose, I should write it thus: "David wapumāo Williama ā pimitissawat mooswa"; the Verb pimitissawat would agree with David, both being in the Absolute Case, and it would signify David following the moose. But if my meaning was, that William was following the moose when David saw him, then I must write it thus: "David wapumāo Williama ā pimitissawayit mooswa." The a at the end of the name William, and the ayit at the end of the Verb, link them together, the same as the Dative and Accusative Cases in the above Greek and Latin sentences. Take another sentence: "Ne ga

wetumimawa oo'koosisa tukoosineyitche;" literally, "I will tell (his him) his son when he (his son) arrives (rel. to him)."\* But I will not multiply examples, my object will be effected if the conviction has been produced that here is a distinction with a difference, and a precision and accuracy of expression, which we were not prepared for in the language of the poor wanderers around us.

In Cree we have some forms which remind us of similar forms in Hebrew; such are the Causative, the Reflective, and the Simulative. In Hebrew the Causitive is the הפעיל Hiphil form of the Verb, "he caused another to act." In Cree we have a corresponding form; as, pimotao, "he walks;" pimotāhāo, "he causes him to walk;" wappew, "he sees;" wappehāo, "he causes him to see;" wappétaw, "he causes it to see;" the third person singular, Indicative Mood, animate, ends in hao, and inanimate ends in taw. Again, in Hebrew there is the Reflective and Simulative, termed התפעל Hithpaal, "he acted upon himself," and התעשבר, "he pretended to be rich, acted the rich man." The Reflective in Cree is formed by adding issoo or ossoo to the Indicative; as, sakehāo, "he loves him;" sakehissoo, "he loves himself;" ussumāo, "he gives him food;" ussumissoo, "he gives himself food;" ukwunawao, "he covers him;" ukwunahossoo, "he covers himself;" keeskwāpāo, "he is drunk;" keeskwāpāhāo, "he intoxicates him;" keeskwāpāhissoo, "he intoxicates himself." The Simulative, or feigning form, takes kásoo as its distinctive termination; as, okemákásoo, "he makes himself a chief, or pretends to be a chief;" nápakásoo, "he makes the man;" nippākásoo, "he pretends to be asleep;" keeskusāpākásoo, "he pretends to be drunk." To these forms we may add the Reciprocal, ending in ittoo; as, sakehittoowuk, "they love each other;" mawutchehittoowuk, "they gather together each other," and ukwunahottoowuk, "they cover one another."

In conversing with a lady in England on this peculiarity of the Cree Verb, she suggested a very good example in English illustrating this ambiguity. The following was the sentence she quoted: "The Patient saw the Doctor at his house." Was it at the Patient's house, or the Doctor's? In Cree all would be plain; thus, "The Patient wapumāo Doctora wekeeyek," if it is meant at the Doctor's house, or "weekeek," if at the Patient's.

net ayan, "I am being or existent." In the Imperative we have the exact Hebrew word ayá, "be thou;" and this we may regard as the root of the Verb.

In my translations I have endeavoured to separate the words, and reduce the language to an analytical form as much as possible; thus I have separated the Personal Pronouns ne (for neya) and ke (for keya), together with the indeclinable Particles ke and ga, from the Verb, and also kept apart other smaller words. This shortens the length of the words, and makes the language much easier to read. As languages advance, the tendency is from synthesis to analysis. Farrar states that "Modern Greek is the analysis or decomposition of Ancient Greek during a long period of barbarism. The Romance languages are Latin submitted to the same process; Italian, Spanish, French and Wallachian, are merely Latin mutilated, deprived of its flexions, reduced to shortened forms, and supplying by numerous monosvilables the learned organization of the ancient idioms." "Ancient Hebrew," he adds, "is remarkable for its agglutination." "Like a child," says Herder, "it seeks to say all at once; it uses one word where we require five or six." The same remark is equally applicable to the Cree. Let the following long word suffice: kāookiskinnohumowakunimimittukook,—fourteen syllables to express the sentence, "I shall have you for my disciples." Or to describe a Roman nose, they would say, ochechákopusãoökootão, "he has a nose like the breast of a crane."

In giving a name to an object which the Crees have never seen before, they call it after something which it resembles and with which they are familiar. That children at first call all men "father," and all women "mother," is an observation as old as Aristotle. The Romans gave the name of Lucanian Ox to the elephant, and Camelopardus to the giraffe, just as the New Zealanders and Crees call horses large dogs. In Cree, mistutim, "a big dog," from mistahay "big," and utim, "a dog." A sheep they call ugly deer-mayutchik, from may, a part of mayatun, "it is ugly or bad," and utik or utchik, "a deer." The Spanish name for the alligator, el lagarto, "the lizard," is another instance of the same kind of thing, as indeed is the Greek κροκόδειλος. The Caffirs called the first parasol which they had seen a cloud; and the Crees at Cumberland called the magic lantern, when I first exhibited it to them, a shadower, chikastāschechekun. When in want of a name for a thing they describe it, as in the term for Minister, Ayumehāwekemaw, "A Praying Chief;" for Bishop, Keche Ayumehāwekemaw, "A Great Praying Chief;" and for Archbishop, Mawutche Keche Ayumehawekemaw, "The Greatest Praying Chief of all." In the mixed jargon of Hong Kong the Bishop is described as the "A-one-heavenbusiness-man."

The following three Rivers have been named by the Crees from their special characteristics:—



Missenippee, Kisiskáchewun, Misseseepee, Big water, Swift current, Big river,

English River. Saskachawan. Mississippi.

I must not occupy much more of your time; there are only one or two points left on my list to which I wish to direct your attention, these are the aspirate and the formative syllables.

In my translations I have adopted the Greek aspirate o mark this beautiful and characteristic feature in the language, so difficult to be acquired by learners, and yet so important, in order to be under sod and not to offend the ear of the Cree scholar. When communicating to Professor Lepsius in London the sounds of the Cree Vowels and Consonants, I remember the great pleasure with which he heard of this aspirate, remarking, "I shall love that language, because it has the same thing in it that my own language, the German, has." The aspirate is pronounced or breathed at the end of the syllable, thus, ke, keche, oche, uskeek, &c. In the following words the importance of its insertion or omission will be at once seen and acknowledged; as, otinum, "he takes it;" otinum, "he receives it;" ukoochin, "he hangs;" ukoochin, "he floats;" sëakehit, "he loves me;" sëakeheet, "he is loved;" ā sakehuk, "I love him;" ā sakehuk (1, 2), "we love him;" keche, "your fellow;" keche, "great." From these few examples, the importance of using the aspirate in its proper place will be seen; for without it the language, whether spoken or written, is incomplete and confused.

The formative syllables to which I have alluded are such as the following:—pim, signifying "going on;" kisk, "knowledge;" tip, "authority;" pask, "opening;" kwāsk, "turning;" and innumerable others forming the roots of words. Now let us take the syllable pim, and build or agglutinate upon it. To pim add atissew, and then we have pimatissew, "he lives;" add atissewin, and then we have pimatissewin, "life." Add ôtāo, and it gives pimôtāo, "he walks;" add éyaw, and it makes piméyaw, "he flies;" add eskaw, and it makes pimeskaw, "he paddles;" add echewun, and it makes pimechewun, "the current runs along." So, in like manner, if we take kisk, and add ayétum, it makes kiskayétum, "he knows it;" or āyimāo—kiskāyimāo, "he knows him;" or issew—kiskissew, "he remembers," or inohumakāo—kiskinohumakāo, "a schoolmaster," or one who causes to know, the causative form; or ewāhikāo—kiskewāhikāo, "one who foretells, a Prophet;" and so I might go on almost ad infinitum, agglutinating and producing Adjectives, Nouns and Verbs from these and other formative syllables. This leads me to remark, that the Cree dialect is principally composed of shut or closed syllables, that is, syllables ending with a consonant, as pim, kisk, tip, pask, as above; and the suffixes uk, ut, at, ukeet, ak, atchik, it, isk, ikoot, &c.

We should scarcely have expected to find Indian words adopted into the English language; but such is its cosmopolitan character, that, as Dr. Latham\* remarks, "in his Hand Book of the English Language," "It comes in contact with the tongues of half the world, and has a great power of incorporating foreign elements, and deriving fresh words from varied sources." From the North-American Indian it has adopted the words squaw, iskwāo, "a woman;" wigwam, mekeewap, "a tent;" pimmican, pimme, "fat;" and kan, an imitation or representation of a thing, as pesim, "the sun," pesimokan, "a watch," and moccasin, muskesin, "a shoe."

The Cree Nouns may be divided into two classes, the animate and the inanimate; the former takes for its plural the suffix uk, the latter a. As seeseep, "a duck," seeseepuk, "ducks;" muskwa, "a bear," muskwuk, "bears;" ussam, "a snow shoe," ussamuk, "snow shoes;" muskesin, "a shoe," muskesina, "shoes;" seepee, "a river," seepeeä, "rivers;" cheman, "a canoe," chemana, "canoes.". The animate affix uk is changed into a when the Noun is in the objective or accusative case. Some inanimate things, from the high estimation in which they are held, become personified and take the animate affix; such as ussam, "a snow shoe," ussamuk, "snow shoes;" âyupe, "a net," âyupëuk, "nets;" ussine, "a stone," ussinëuk, "stones;" mistik, "a tree," mistikwuk, "trees," &c. Nouns are made diminutive by the addition of is or oos, as cheman, "a canoe," chemanis, "a little canoe;" seepee, "a river," seepeesis, "a small river;" mistoos, "an ox, or big moose," mistoosoos, "a calf or little ox;" mistutim, a horse, or big dog," mistutimoosis, "a foal," which is made still more diminutive by the change of t into ch, as mistuchimoosis.

But I must now draw to a close this imperfect and hasty glance at the construction of the Cree language; many points I have left unnoticed, which if time had permitted I should like to have touched upon; but I think enough has been said to show that there is an inviting and large field of investigation open before us in the philology of this country. Much has been already accomplished, and we have now the pleasing satisfaction of knowing that the Indians hear, and some of them read, in "their own tongue the wonderful works of God."

Let, then, the education and talent of this country be directed to this object. A Philological Committee, either in connection with this Institute, or forming a separate body, is still a desideratum, and when once organized it might foster and encourage accurate scholarship in the native languages; circulate useful hints, suggestions, and information; and, as the highest authority on the subject in the land, affix its imprimatur to translations and other publications in the native languages.

<sup>&</sup>quot;A Hand Book of the English Language," by R. G. Latham, M.D., F.R.S., p. 149.

### **PARADIGMS**

OF THE

### CREE VERB,

WITH ITS

VARIOUS CONJUGATIONS, MOODS, TENSES, INFLECTIONS, &c.

## TRANSITIVE VERB—Animate.

## INDICATIVE MOOD—Direct.

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD—Direct	Singular. PRESENT TENSE. Plural	" sakehut <i>chik</i> , waw " sakehat	"sakehukeét <i>chik</i> , waw) "sakehúkook, waw "sakehâkook, waw "sakehat <i>chik</i> , waw	Marcaro	a sakehit <i>chik</i> , waw	" sakehiskik, waw " sakehikoot	" sakeheyumeéte " sakehitûk <i>ook</i> , " sakehitāk <i>ook</i> , " sakehikoo <i>tchik</i>	[ 16 ]
SUBJUN	Singular. PRES ā sakehuk	" sakehut " sakehat	"sakehukeét) "sakehûk ) "sakehāk "sakehatchik, waw		ā sakehit	" sakehisk " sakehikoot	" sakeheyumeet) " sakehituk " sakehitak " sakehikootchik	WBW
/	Singular. IMPERFECT TENSE. Plural. akehå ty, I loved Ne sakehåtyuk, I loved	Ke sakehátyuk Oo sakehá ty	Ne sakehátan <i>an</i> uk Ke sakehátan <i>an</i> owuk) Ke sakehátawawuk Oo sakehátawaw		Ne sakehikôtyuk, They loved me	Ke sakeliikótyuk Oo sakeliikó ty	Ne sakehikótan <i>an</i> uk Ke sakehikótan <i>an</i> owuk Ke sakehikótawawuk Oo sakehikótawaw	
INDICATIVE MOOD—Direct.	Ne s	Ke sakehå ty Oo sakehå ty	Ne sakehátan <i>an</i> Ke sakehátan <i>an</i> ow Ke sakehátawaw Oo sakehátawaw	Inverse.	Norsakehiko ty, He loved me	Ke sakehikó ty Oo sakehikó ty	Ne sakehikótan <i>an</i> Ke sakehikótan <i>an</i> ow Ke sakehikótawaw Oo sakehikótawaw	
INDICATIV	Singular. PRESENT TENSE. Plural. kehaw, I love Ne sakehawuk, I love them	Ke sakehawuk sakehão	Ne sakehananuk Ke sakehan <i>an</i> owuk} Ke sakehawawuk sakehawuk	In		Ke sakehikwuk sakehik	Ne sakehikoonanuk Ke sakehikoonanowuk Ke sakehikoowawuk sakehikwuk	
r	Singwlar. PRESI S. Ne sakehaw, I love him	Ke sakehaw sakehāo	P.Ne sakehanan Ke sakehananow Ke sakehawaw sakehawaw		S. Ne sakehik, He loves me	Ke sakonik sakehik	P. Ne sakehikoonan Ke sakehikoon $anow$ Ke sakehikoowaw sakehikwuk	

IMPERFECT TENSE.

ACCESSORY or POSSESSIVE CASE—Direct.	IMPERFECT TENSI	ve his Sing. Ne sakehimå ty	Ke sakehima ty	Oo sakenima ty Oo sakehimaye ty
Accessóry o	PRESENT TENSE	Sing. Ne sakehimawa, I love his him. or them	Ke sakehimawa	sakehimayewa)

## sakch*im*āyewa J

Ke sakehiman*an*owa∫

Ke sakehimawawa sakehimāwuk)

Plur. Ne sakehimanana

### Plur. Ne sakehimátanan Ke sakehimátananow Ke sakehimatawaw Oo sakehimatawaw Oo sakehimaye ty

## Possessive Case—Inverse.

PRESENT TENSE.	Sing. Ne sakehikooyewa Ke sakehikooyewa sakchikooyewa
	Si.

Ke sakehikoowawawa Plur. Ne sakehikoonanana Ke sakehikoonanowa sakehikooyewa

IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne sakehikoyê ty Ke sakehikoyê ty Oo sakehikoyê ty	Plur. Ne sakehikoyétanan Ke sakehikoyétananow Ke sakehikoyétawaw Oo sakehikoyétawaw
Sing.	Plur.
	/
٠	_

## Possessive Case—Direct.

### PRESENT TENSE. " sakehimayit Sing. ā sakehimuk " sakehimut " sakehimat

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" sakehimatchik
                                             " sakehimatwaw
Plur. " sakehimukeét
                                                           " sakehimayit
          " sakehimúk
                       " sakehimāk
```

## Possessive Case—Inverse.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. a sakeheyit " sakeheyisk ", sakehikooyit	r. " sakeheyeyumeét) " sakeheyitúk
Sing	Plur.
•	

" sakehikooyitchik, waw " sakeheyitak

## TRANSITIVE VERB—Animate

(Continued).

## SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD—Direct.

TENSE. Plural	sakehukwawe sakehutwawe sakehatche	sakehukeétwaw sakehúkwawe sakehakwawe sakehatwawe
Singular. FUTURE TENSE. Plural	sakehuke sakehutche sakehatche	sakehukeétche) sakehúko sakehãko sakehatwawe
TENSE. Plural.	a sakehuk <i>ikepun</i> , wápun " sakehut <i>chikepun</i> , wápun " sakehatepun   " sakehápun	"sakchukeèt <i>chikepun</i> , wápun) "sakchük <i>ookepun</i> , wápun "sakchäk <i>ookepun</i> , wápun ", wá-)", sakchat <i>chikepun</i> , wápun [pun], sakchawápun
Singular. IMPERFECT TENSE. Plural.	G.	w.d- (nud

	•		•
	sakehitwawe sakehiskwawe sakehikootche	sakcheyumeétche) sakcheyumeétwawe sakchitúko j sakchitúkwawe sakchitako sakchikootwawe sakchikootwawe	
	sakehitche sakehiske sakehikootche	sakcheyumectche) sakchitiko sakchitako sakchitootwawe	
Inverse.	a sakehewápun " sakehitc <i>hikepun</i> , wápun " sakehisk <i>ikepun</i> , wápun " sakehiskotepun	"sakenikoopun j sakeheyume, "sakeheyuméetchikepun, wapun sakehituko "sakehitukookepun, wapun j sakehitako "sakehitakookepun, wapun sakehitako "sakehikootchikepun, wapun sakehikootw; "sakehikoowapun	•
	a sake <i>hitepun</i> , hépun " sakehiskepun " sakehikootepun " sakehikóopun " sakehevumeátemn)	" sakehitükepun " sakehitäkepun " sakehikoot <i>chikepun</i> , " sakehikoowápun	

### IMPERATIVE MOOD.

sakehákun (2pers.) sakehákunik (2 pers.) sakehákúk (1 and sakehákúkwawik, nik (1 2 pers.) sakehákāk (2 pers.) sakehákākook (2 pers.) sakė (2 pers.) sakehik (2 pers.) sakehatan, tak (1 sakehatanik (1 and 2 and 2 pers.) sakeheêk (2 pers.) sakeheêkook (2 pers.) Singular. FUTURE (Indefinite). Plural. Singular. PRESENT TENSE. Plural. and 2 pers.)

### IMPERFECT TENSE.

FUTURE TENSE.

### " sakehimatepun, mapun " sakehimayitepun ", sakehimutepun a sakehimukepun

", sakchimukeétepun)

sakehimukeétche

sakehimůko

sakehimāko

sakehimayitche

sakehimutche sakehimatche

sakehimuke

- ", sakehimukopun
- ", sakehimatchikepun " sakehimākopun
  - ", sakehimayitepun " sakehimatwapun

## Possessive Case—Inverse.

### IMPERFECT TENSE.

a sakeheyitepun, yepun " sakeheyeyumectepun " sakehikooyitepun) " sakeheyitükepun " sakeheyitakepun " sakehikooyépun ", sakeheyiskepun

" sakehikooyitchikepun

" sakehikooyitwapun

", sakehikooyewapun

### FUTURE TENSE.

sakeheyeyumeétche) sakehikooyitwawe sakehikooyitche sakeheyitůko sakeheyitche sakehevitāko sakeheyiske

POSSESSIVE CASE.

Singular. PRESENT TENSE. Plural.

sakehim (2 pers.) sakehimatanik (1 and 2 pers. sakehimeékook (2 (pers. sakehimeek (2 pers.) sakehim (2 pers.) sakehimatun, tak (1 and 2 pers.)

FUTURE TENSE.

pers.) sakehiműkükwawik, sakehimákun (2 pers.) sakehimákunik (2 sakehimákúk (1 and

sakehimatwawe

sakehimayitche,

nik (1 and 2 pers.) sakehimákākook (2 sakehimákāk (2 pers.)

pers.)

## TRANSITIVE VERE-Animate

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(Continued).

## DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive)—Direct.

INDICATIVE MOOD—Direct.

CT TENSE. Plural.	sakehawukepunānik sakehawutepunānik sakehakopuņā	sakehawukeétepunā- ( nik sakehawûkopunānik ) sakehawākopunānik sakehawakopunā	sakehewapuna sakehiskepunanik sakehikootepuna sakehikookopuna sakeheyumeetepuna-)	nik sakehitůkepunänik sakehitäkepunänik sakehikootchikepunä sakehikootwůpunä sakehikoowůpunä
. Singular. IMPERFECT TENSE. Plural.	sakehawukepuna sakehawutepuna sakehakopuna	sakehawukettepuna sakehawukopuna sakehawakopuna sakehawakopuna	Inverse. sakehitepunä   sakehépunä   sakehiskepunä   sakehikootepunä   sakehikootepunä	sakeheyumeétepunä sakehitúkepunä sakehitakepunä sakehikootchikepunä sakehikootwápunä sakehikoowápunä
Singular. PRESENT TENSE. Plural.	ká sakchawukānik sakchawutānik sakchakwā	ká sakchawukcétā) ká sakchawukcétānik) sakchawúkwā sakchawúkwānik sakchawakwa sakchawakwā sakchawakwā	, 	sakcheyumeétä) ká sakeheyumeétänik) sakchitúkwä   sakehitúkwänik   sakchitűkwä sakehitakwänik sakchikoowakwä sakehikoowakwä
Singular. PRESE	(Flat rovel, seāk). kā sakehawukā sakehawutā sakehakwā	ká sakehawukeétā) sakehawûkwā sakehawākwā sakehawakwä	Singular, PRESENT TENSE, Plural. ká sakchikwā k <b>á</b> sakchewakwā sakchiskwā sakchiskwānil sakchikookwā sakchikookwā	sakcheyumeétä sakchitúkwä sakchitűkwä sakchitíkwä sakchikoowakwä
tmong the Indians.) IT TENSE. Plural.	Ne sakehápunuk Ke sakehápunuk sakehāpun	Ne sakehananapunuk} Ke sakehananapunuk} Ko sakehawapunuk sakehapuneek} sakehawapun }	Inverse. ECT TENSE. Plural. Ne sakchikôpunuk Ke sakchikôpunuk sakchikopun	Ne sakehikoonanapunuk) Ke sakehikoonanapunuk) Ke sakehikoowapunuk sakehikopuneek) sakehikowapun
(Another form in use among the Indians.) Singular. IMPERFECT TENSE. Plural.	S. Ne sakehâpun Ke sakehâpun sakehāpun	P. Ne sakehananapun) Ke sakehananapun) Ke sakehawapun , sakehapuneek)	Inverse. Singular. IMPERFECT TENSE. Plural. S. Ne sakehikôpun Ke sakehikôpun sakehikôpun	P. Ne sakehikoonanapun) Ke sakehikoonanapun) Ke sakehikoowapun sakehikopuneek) sakehikowapun

INDICATIVE MOOD. POSSESSIVE CASE—Direct.	Dubit	DUBITATIVE MOOD.	Possessive Case—Direct.	
IMPERFECT TENSE.	PRESENT TENSE	SE.	IMPERFECT TENSE.	ENSE.
Singular. Plural.	Singalar.	Plural.	Singular.	Plural.
S. Ne sakehimapun Ke sakehimapun sakehimapun sakehimayepun Sakehimananapun Ke sakehimananapun Ke sakehimanapun Sakehimayepun Sakehimayepun	ká sakehimawukwā sakehimawutā sakehimakwā sakehimayikwā sakehimawukéetā sakehimawākwā sakehimawakwā sakehimayikwā		sakehimawukepunā sakehimakopunā sakehimayitepunā sakehimawukeetepunā sakehimawukopunā sakehimawakopunā sakehimawakopunā sakehimayitepunā sakehimayitepunā	
- J			Inverse.	
Inverse.	PRESENT TENSE	INSE.	IMPERFECT TENSE.	NSE.
IMPERFECT TENSE.	Singular.	Plural.	Singular.	Plural.
Singular. S. Ne sakehikooyepun Ke sakehikooyepun sakehikooyepun	ků sakehe vikwa " yiskwa " hikooyikwa	Ą	kå sakeh eyitepunā ) " eyépunā ) ", eyiskepunā ", ikooyitepunā )	
P. Ne sakehikooyenanapun ) Ke sakehikooyenanapun } Ke sakehikooyetawapun sakehikooyepuneek	" yitúkwa } " yitűkwa , " hikooyewakwa		"  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "	

[21]

## TRANSITIVE VERB—Animate (Continued).

SUPPOSITIVE MOOD (Subjunction Singular. PRESENT TENSE. Plus a sakehukik, waw sakehut atookwa sakehut atookwa sakehukeet atookwa sakehukeet atookwa atookwa atookwa atookwa atookwa sakehuk atook sakehuka atook sakehuk atook sakehuka sakehuka atook sakehuka sakehuka atook sakehuka atook sakehuka atook sakehuka atook sakehuka sakehuk	wā " sakehāk ātookwa " sakehat <i>chik</i> , waw ātookwā	Inverse.  Singular. PRESENT TENSE. Plural.  ā sakehitātookwā ā sakehitchik, waw, ā- tookwā , sakehiskātookwā "sakehiskik,waw,ātookwā "sakehikootātookwā "sakehikootātookwā	"sakeheyumeêtā- "sakeheyumeêt <i>chik</i> , tookwā "waw, ātookwā "sakehitûkōok, waw "ātookwā "sakehitākātookwā "sakehitākook, waw tookwā "sakehikoot <i>chik</i> , "sakehikoot <i>chik</i> , "sakehikoot <i>chik</i> , "sakehikoot <i>chik</i> , waw ā- tookwā tookwā [22]
(Continu)  OD (Indicative)—Direct. Singular. IMPERFECT- Ne sakehakopun Ke sakehakopun Ne sakehananakopun Ke	•	Ne Ke E	Ke sakehikoonanako- $f$ $f$ sakehikoonanako- $f$ $f$ sakehikoo $f$ $f$ sakehikoo $f$ $f$ sakehikoowako- $f$ sakehikoowako- $f$ sakehikoowakopun
ă I	kwā Ke sakehawawatook wānik k sakehātookwānik ENT TENSE D.	S. Ne sakehikotookwa Ne sakehikotookwanik Ke sakehikotookwa Sakehikotookwa Sakehikotookwa Sakehikoonanatook Ne sakehikoonanatook Wanik Ne sakehikoonanatook Wanik	Wa wan koowawatook- Ke sakehikoonanatook- Wanik wa wa wanik sakehikotookwanik sakehikotookwanik

## Possessive Case—Direct,

### PRESENT TENSE.

sakehimäyétookwa sakehimātookwā Ne sakehimatookwa Ke sakehimatookwā

Ke sakehimawawatookwa Plur. Ne sakehimananatookwā) Ke sakehimananatookwā 🕽 sakehimātookwānik) sakehimāyétookwā 🕽

Ke sakehimawawakopun

Ke sakehimāwakopun ) Ke sakehimayekopun

Ne sakehimananakopun Ke sakehimananakopun J

Ke sakehimayekopun

Ke sakehimākopun

Sing. Ne sakehimakopun Ke sakehimakopun

IMPERFECT TENSE.

## Suppositive Mood (Indicative).

## Possessive Case—Inverse.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing: Ne sakehik ooyeetookwā Ke sakehik ooyeetookwā sakehik ooyeetookwā Plur. Ne sakehik ooyenanatookwa) Ke sakehik ooyenanatookwā Ke sakehik ooyewatookwā sakehik ooveetookwā

### IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne sakehik ooyeekopun Ke sakehik ooyeekopun sakehik ooyeekopun

*Plur.* Ne sakehik ooyétan*an*akopun ) Ke sakehik ooyétananakopun Ke sakehik ooyétawakopun sakehik ooyeekopun

## Possessive Case—Direct.

### PRESENT TENSE.

" sakehimatchik atookwa " sakehimatwaw atookwa " sakehimukeet ätookwa ", sakehimayit atookwa " sakehimůk atookwa ", sakehimāk ātookwā ā sakehimuk ātookwā " sakehimayit " sakehimut " sakehimat

## Suppositive Mood (Subjunctive).

## Possessive Case—Inverse.

### PRESENT TENSE.

ikooyit atookwa eyisk ātookwā ā sakeh eyit ātookwā

ikooyitchik atookwa koovitwaw atookwa eyeyumeét ātookwā p evitůk atookwa eyitāk ātookwā

## TRANSIFIVE VERB—Animate (Continued).

## SUPPOSITIVE MOOD (Salim

FUTURE TENSE. Plural.  sakehukwawe ātookwā sakehutwawe ātookwā sakehukeétwawe ātookwā sakehūkwawe ātookwā sakehūkwawe ātookwā sakehitwawe ātookwā sakehitwawe ātookwā sakehitwawe ātookwā sakehitwawe ātookwā sakehitwawe ātookwā sakehitwawe ātookwā sakehitikwawe ātookwā sakehitūkwawe ātookwā sakehitūkwawe ātookwā	# M X
<u>H</u>	sakehikootwawe atookwa
wā okwā itookw wā wā ookwā kwā tookw e atoo kwā	sakehikootwawe atookwa
	" sakehitāk <i>ookepun</i> , wāpun, ātookwā " sakehikoot <i>chikepun</i> , wāpun ātookwā) " sakehikoowāpun ātookwā
Singular.  sakehukepun ātookwā sakehatepun ātookwā sakehapun ātookwā sakehikepun ātookwā sakehikepun ātookwā sakehikepun ātookwā sakehatchikepun ātookwā sakehatchikepun, wāpun ātook sakehatchikepun, hēpun, atookwā sakehiskepun ātookwā sakehikootepun ātookwā sakehikootepun ātookwā sakehikoopun ātookwā sakehikoopun ātookwā sakehikoopun ātookwā sakehikoopun ātookwā sakehikoopun ātookwā sakehitākepun ātookwā	" sakenitakepun atookwa " sakenikoot <i>chikepun</i> , wápun atookwa " sakehikoowápun atookwa

## SUPPOSITIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

## Possessive Case—Direct.

IMPERFECT TENSE.

### FUTURE TENSE.

## sakchimuke ātookwā sakchimutche ātookwā sakchimatche ātookwā sakchimayitche ātookwā sakchimuketche ātookwā sakchimūko ātookwā

### sakehimatwawe atookwa) sakehimayitche atookwa)

## Possessive Case—Inverse.

### IMPERFECT TENSE.

ā sakch cyitopun atookwā cyépun	cyiskepun atookwa	ikooyitepun atookwa)	ikooyèpun atookwa	eyeyumeetepun atookwa)	eyitukepun atookwa	eyitākepun atookwa	ikooyitchikepun atookwa	1kooyitwapun atookwa	ikooyewapun atookwa
sakch	t	2	:	<b>.</b>		2	=	"	:
E	:	5	:	2	:	2			

### sakeheyitche ātookwā sakeheyiske ātookwā

FUTURE TENSE.

sakehikooyitche ātookwā sakeheyeyumeetche ātookwā sakeheyitúko ātookwā sakeheyitāko ātookwā

sakehikooyitwawe ūtookwā

# TRANSITIVE VERB—Inanimate. (2nd Conjug. aw.)

Direct	Ducce.	FUT. TENSE.	saketayane sakétayune			sakétayuko) sakétaväko	,	sakètatwawe	<b>4</b>		FUT. TĘNSE. sakėtawnke	Sanctan unc	sakétawntoho	sakėta-	watche (	saketayitche)	saketawu-	keerciie sakėtawiiko	sakėtawāko	sakėtawat-)	wawe	sakėtayit- (	che, wawe)	
SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.	TWDED TENGER	t is solutional tender.	e. a saketayapan " sakétayupun	" sakėtutepun, tapun	" sakėtayakepun	" saketayukepun ) " sakétayākepun	" sakétatchikepun	" saketatwapun " saketawapun	POSSESSIVE CASE Discort	Tithin mass	ībirek. Tense. ā sakétawukenun	and one one	sakétawutenin	" sakėtawatepun)	" sakétayitepun {	" sakètayèpun	,, saketawukeetepun	" sakétawākepun	" sakėtawatchike-	und	" sakétavatwápun }	" sakėtayitepun	"saketayepun	
SUBJ	PRES TENSE	a sakétavan tha	" sakétayun	" saketat	,, sakétayák )	" sakétayak.	" sakétatchik)	),, sakétatwaw∫	Pos	DEFE TENEED	ā sakētawuk		" sakétawut	sak <i>étamat</i> ta.	yit	(+304"""+340 es	"sakétawik	" sakėtawāk	" saketawat-	chik,	,, saketawat-	wave, tayit	) sanciawayıı	
Direct. INDICATIVE MOOD. Inverse.		I love No sakets ty, I loved No sakehikoon, it loves Ne sal	Ke saketa ty [it.   Ke	No sol-444 to man in No sol-44	$\langle X_{1} \rangle = X_{2} \rangle = X_{3} \rangle = X_{4} \rangle = X_{5} \rangle = X_$	Ke sakehikoonawaw Ke sakehikoonawawapun	Sanctatawaw sakeliikoowuk Oo sakehikootawapun (		Direct. Accessory of Possessive Case. Inverse.	PRES. TENSE. IMPER. TENSE. PRES. TENSE. IMPER. TENSE	Ne sakehikoo wa ty		Ke saketawa ty Ke " wan Ke " wa ty	Oo saketawa ty, "wao 00 "waty)	n No wangn No ye ty)	Ke sakétawátanan-/ Ke " wanan-/ Ke watanan-/ Ke	( Mo	Ke " wanaw- Ke " watawaw	O sakrtawatawaw aw	Wawuk Oo "Watawaw ) " " Wawuk Oo " Watawaw )	" ye ty ) ("		20 (1)	· ·
	PI	S. Ne	Ke	P. No	Ke	Ke		•		Id.	S. Ne	17.	We s	-1	P.Nes	Ke s		The s	o öö	i		•		

e.) Dubitative Mood (Subjunctive).	Inverse.Flat Vowel, seäk.Direct.IMPERFECT TENSE.PRESENT TENSE.IMPERFECT TENSE.kehikô tykå sakêtawanākå sakêtawapanā" tysakêtawunāsakêtawupunā" tanansakêtawākwāsakêtawakepunā" tawawsakêtawakwāsakêtawakepunā" tawawsakêtawakwāsakêtawakepunā" tawawsakêtawakwāsakêtawakepunā" yê, ty }sakêtawakwā	Possessive Case—Direct.  IMPERFECT TENSE.  Rá sakétawawuka sakéhikoowan apun sakétawakwa sakehikoowanan apun sakétawawukan sakehikoowanan apun sakétawawuka sakehikoowapun sakétawawuka sakehikoowapun sakétawawuka sakehikooyepun sakétawayikwa sakehikooyepun sakétawayikwa sakehikooyepun sakétawayikwa sakehikooyepun sakétayikwa sakéhikooyepun sakétawayikwa sakéhikooyepun sakétayikwa sakétayikaya saké
(Another Form used for the above.)	IMPERFECT TENSE.  IMPERFECT TENSE.  Ne sakêtan apun  Ke "."  Sakêtanan apun  Ne sakêtanan apun  Ne sakêtanan apun  Ke "."  Ke "."  Sakêtanan apun  Ke "."  Ke "."  Ko "."  Ye "."  Ye "."  Ye "."  Ye "."  Ye "  Ye "	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

## TRANSITIVE VERB-Inanimate.

(Continued).

INANIMATE.	Direct. (Definite.) Indicative Mood	sakėtawuk, v.) pres. tense	sakétapun, s. mp. tense sakétapunee, p. imp. tense	Subjunctive Mood. "	", sakétakee, maw pres. tense	" saketakepun, <i>s. {mperf.</i> " sakétakepunee, <i>p.} tense</i>	sakétake, } future tense	Possessive Case.	Indicative Mood	sakétayew, s.) pres. tense	saketayewa, p.) From saketayewa,	saketayepunee, saketayepunee,	Subjunctive Mood.	ā sakētayik sakētavikee   pres. tense	" sakétayikepun	" sakétayikepunee) unp. tense	saketayike sakétayikwawe \ future tense	[ 28 ]
INDETERMINATE.	Direct. Indicative Mood.	sakétanewew pres. tense	sakétanewepun   imp. tense sakétanewunopun	Subjunctive Mood.	" sakétanewik pres. tense sakétanewik pres. tense	" sakétanewikepun <i>jmperf.</i> " sakétanewikepun <i>jmperf.</i>	"sakétákepun sakétanewike,	sakétanewůke, { future tense sakétůke	ř	L'OSSESSIVE CASE.	Indicative Mood.	sakètawan, <i>pres. tense</i> sakètawanapun, <i>imp. tense</i>	Subjunctive Mood.	ā sakētaweēt, pres. tense	sakétaweétche, <i>future tense</i> sakétaweétche, <i>future tense</i>		<i>5</i> 24	
(Continued). Inverse.	FUTURE TENSE.	sakehikooyane sakehikooyune	sakenikootene sakehikooyako ) sakehikooyiiko (	sakehikooyako	sakchikootwawe		7	,	FUTURE TENSE.	sakchikoo wuke	" wutche	" watche)	" wukeetche)	" wuko ) " wāko	" watwawe	" yitche		
SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD—Inverse.	IMPERFECT TENSE.	a sakchikooyapan " sakchikooyupun	" sakehikooyakepun) " sakehikooyakepun) " sakehikooyakepun	" sakehikooyākepun	" sakehikootwipun " sakehikootwipun			Possessive Case.	IMPERFECT TENSE.	ā sakehikoo wukepun		" watepun, yite- pun, yèpun	", "wukeétepun	», » wukepun ) », » wākepun	", "watchikepun	", "oatwapun (	" yebun	
	PRESENT TENSE.	a sakénikooyan ", sakéhikooyun sakéhikoot	"sakehikooyák) "sakehikooyúk)	" sakehikooyāk	" sakehikootchik " sakehikootwaw)		J		PRESENT TENSE.	ā sakehikoo wuk	" " wut	,, wat, yit	" " wukeet	n n wak	" watchik	", ", vit, wavit		

## DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

### Inverse.

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### IMPERFECT TENSE.

oowana	sakehikoowunā	ookwā	sakehikoowakwa	sakehikoowukwa/	sakehikoowākwā	ea kohikoowakwa
ta sakehikoowana	sakehil	sakehikookwa	sakehil	sakehil	sakehil	lidodos

## ká sakehikoowapanā sakehikoowupunā sakehikookupunā sakehikoowakepunā sakehikoowakepunā sakehikoowakepunā sakehikoowakepunā

### Possessive Case.

### Inverse.

IMPERFECT TENSE.	ki sakehikoo <i>wa</i> wukepunā	" wawutepuna	" watepunā )	", yitepunā	" yepuna ) " <i>wa</i> wukeétepunā)	" wawukepuna	" wawakepuna	" watchikepuna)	" watwapuna (	" yitepunā (	" vépuna
TENSE.	wawuka	wawuta	wakwā)	yikwā }	wawukeétā)	wawûkwa }	vawākwā	molum	wilens	yınwa	wayik wa
PRESENT TENSE.	ki sakehikoo wawukii		·.	ŗ.	: :	: F				;	

[29]

PRESEN	PRESENT TENSE.
Ď	Direct.
Possess	Possessive Case.
sakétawa	sakétanewikepunā sakétanewunookopunā sakétanewùkepunā sakétákepunā
sakétake	IMPERPECT TENSE.
sakétakw sakétawa IMPERFE	sakétanewikwā sakétanewunookwā sakétanewukwā sakétákwā
PRESEN	PRESENT TENSE.
Ď	Direct.
DUBITAT	DUBITATIVE MOOD. (Subjunc.)

DUBITATIVE MOOD.	Direct.	PRESENT TENSE.	sakétakwā, sing.) sakétawakwā, plur.)	IMPERFECT TENSE.	sakétawakepuna, piur sakétawakepuna, piur	Possessive Case.	Direct.	PRESENT TENSE. kå sakétayikwa	IMPERFECT TENSE. sakétayikopuna	
JBITATIVE MOOD. (Subjunc.)	Direct.	PRESENT TENSE.	sakétanewikwā sakétanewinookwā sakétanewúkwā	Managaran manara	sakétanewikepunā sakétanewunookopunā sakétakepunā sakétakepunā	Possessive Case.	Direct.	PRESENT TENSE. kå sakéta <i>wa</i> weétā	IMPERFECT TENSE. sakétawaweétepunä	

TRANSITIVE VERB

INANIMATE.

### Direct (Indefinite) INANINATI

imp. sakėtamukunwa, p.)tense.sakétamukunopunce sten. Indicative Mood. sakétamukunopun sakétamukun,

imp " sakétamukúkee, waw fen. " sakétamukúkepunee jten. sakétamukúkwawe Jiense Subjunctive Mood " sakétamukůkepun ā sakétamukůk sakétamukůke

### Possessive Case.

sakétamukuneyepun, s. ]im. sakétamukuneyepunee, p. J ten. sakétamukuneyewa, p. ) ten. sakétamukuneyew, s. Indicative Mood.

" sakétamukuneyikepunee) t. sakétamukuneyikwawe sten. " sakétamukuneyikee Jtense sakétamukunéyik ) pres " sakétamukuneyikepun Subjunctive Mood. sakétamukuneyike

sakehikoomukunopunee Jen. sakehikoomukunwa, p. ten.Inverse (Indefinite) sakehikoomukunopun sakehikoomukun, s. INANIMATE Indicative Mood.

" sakehikoomukûkee, waw}ten. " sakehikoomukukopunee) ten. sakehikoomukúkwawe *tense* " sakehikoomukukepun Subjunctive Mood. ā sakehikoomukuk sakehikoomukuke

POSSESBIVE CASE.

Possessive Case. PRESENT TENSE.

> eyepun | imp. eyepunee / ten. eyewa | tense sakehikoomukun eyew 1 pres. Indicative Mood.

saketawák, plur. (1 and 2 pers.)

pers.)

eyikepun 1 im. eyikepun-\ten. evikee (ten.  $\hat{\mathbf{a}}$  sakehikoomukun eyik 1pr. Subjunctive Mood.

### INANIMATE.

Inverse (Definite)

imp. sakehikoopunee f tense. sakehikoowuk, p.) ten. Indicative Mood. sakehikoopun sakehikoo,

saketatun, tak, plur. (1

and 2 pers.)

sakèta, sing. (2 pers.)

PRESENT TENSE.

Imperative Mood.

sakėtak, plur. (2 pers.)

FUTURE (Indefinite).

" sakehikootchik, waw t. " sakehikootepunee jten. Subjunctive Mood. " sakehikootepun sakehikootwawe sakehikootche ā sakehikoot sakétákůk, plur. (1 and sakétákák, plur. (2 pers.) saketilkun, sing. (2 pers.)

yepunee ∫ ten. yewa Stense sakehikoo yew 7 pres. POSSESSIVE CASE. Indicative Mood yepun saketaw, sing. (2 pers.) sakétawatan, tak, plur.

rikepunrikepun . Subjunctive Mood. vikee ā sakehikoo yik sakétawákun, sing. (2 fut. sakétawákāk, plur. (2 sakétawákůk, plur. (1 FUTURE TENSE.

and 2 pers.

evikwawe/ten.

anewunopun ∫ ten. anewun \ tense. sakehikoon anewew) pres. INDETERMINATE anewepun Indicative Mood. Subjunctive Mood. Inverse.

pres. "sakehikoonanewikepun anewùkeā sakehikoon anewik anewuk anewùke sakehikoon anewike " sakehikoo kepun " sakehikoo'k sakehikoóke

### Possessive Case.

sakehikoowanapun, imp. ten. sakehikoowan, pres. tense. Indicative Mood.

weetepun, im. ten. weetche, fut. ten. pres. ten. Subjunctive Mood. ā sakehikoo weet,

Vikwawe

DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subj.).	Inverse.	sakehikoon anewikwā  " anewunookwā ", 'kwā  IMPERFECT TENSE. sakehikoon anewikepunā " anewunookopunā " anewunookopunā " kepunā	Possessive Case.  Inverse.  kå sakehikoowaweétā.  IMPERFECT TENSE.  sakehikoowaweétepunā  [ 31 ]
DUBITATIVE MOOD.	Inverse.	PRESENT TENSE.  sakehikoo kwā $sin$ .  sakehikoo wakwā $pl$ .  IMPERFECT TENSE.  sakehikoo kepunā $sin$ .	Possessive Case.  Inverse. (Definite)  PRESENT TENSE.  sakehikoo yikwā.  IMPERFECT TENSE.  sakehikoo yikopunā
			,
DUBITATIVE MOOD.	Inverse.	sakehikoomukunookwā sin. sakehikoomukunoowakwā sin. sakehikoomukunoowakwā pl. IMPERFECT TENSE. sakehikoomukunookopunā sin. sakehikoomukunoowakopunā sakehikoomukunoowakopunā sakehikoomukunoowakopunā sakehikoomukunoowakopunā sakehikoomukunoowakopunā sakehikoomukukwāpunā	Possessive Case.  Inverse.  PRESENT TENSE.  kå sakehikoomukun eyikwa IMPERFECT TENSE.  sakehikoomukun eyikopuna
		present tense.  sakétamukunookwā sing.  sakétamukunoowakwā plur.  IMPERFECT TENSE.  sakétamukunookopunā sing.  sakétamukunoowakopunā }	

## TRANSITIVE VERB-Inanimate.

(Continued).

junctive).	FUTURE TENSE.   sakéta yane   atookwā	#UTURE TENSE.  sakéta wuke  a
SUPPOSITIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).  Direct.	ā sakēta yapan         ā sakēta yapan         i. " yupun ", sakētāpun ", sakētāpun ", sakētayākepun ", yūkepun ", yūkepun ", yūkepun ", yūkepun ", yākepun ", y	Possessive Case.—Direct.  IMPER. Tense.  ā sakēta wukepun atookwā ", ", " wutepun ", ", ", " yitepun ", yépun ", ", ", " wuketepun", ", ", " wuketepun ", ", ", " wuketepun ", ", ", " wikepun ", ", ", " wikepun ", ", ", " wikepun ", ", ", " witepun ", ", ", " yitepun ", ", ", ", " yitepun ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", "
SUPPOS	PRES. TENSE.	PRES. TENSE.  ā sakēta wuk  ā tookwā  """" wut ""  """" wat ""  """" wukēt;  """" wukēt;  """" watwāw;  """" yit, wa-
	IMPER. TENSE.  Ne sakehikoon akopun  Ke ", kopun  Ne ", nanakopun  Ke ", ", "  Wakopun  Oo ", tawakopun  sakehikookopuneek	IMPER. TENSE.  Ne sakehikoowan- akopun sakehikooyeko- pun Ne sakehikoowa- nanakopun Ke sakehikoowa- nanakopun Ke sakehikoowa- nanakopun sakehikoowa- nawakopun sakehikooyeko-
MOOD (Indicative). Inverse.	PRES. TENSE.  Ne sakehikoon atookwā sakehikootookwā  Ne sakehikoonan- atookwā  Ke sakehikoonan- atookwā  Ke sakehikoonawa- tookwā  nik	ASE. Inverse.  PRES. TENSE.  Nesakehikoo wanatookwa  Kesakehikoo , , , , yeetookwa  Tookwa  Ke sakehikoo wanam a- tookwa  tookwa  sakehikoo yeetookwa sakehikoo yeetookwa sakehikoo yeetookwa sakehikoo yeetookwa
SUPPOSITIVE MOOD Direct.	IMPER. TENSE.  Ne sakétanakopun  Sakétakopun  Ne sakétananakopun  Ke sakétananakopun  Ke sakétananakopun  Ke sakétananakopun  sakétananakopun  sakétanakopun  sakétanakopun  sakétanakopun	The saketa wanakopun   Nesaketa wanakopun   Nesaketa wanana-   Ne saketa yekopun   Ne wanana-   Ne wanana-   Ke kopun   Ke saketa wanana-   Ke saketa wanana-   Ke saketa wanana-   Ke saketa wanana-   Ke saketa wanawako-   Ke saketa yekopun   Saketa yekopun   Saketa yekopun   Saketa yekopun   Saketa yekopun
	Ne sakêtanatookwā Ne sakêtanakopun sakêtanatookwā Ke sakêtanakopun saketanana- tookwā Ke sakêtananakop tookwā Ke sakêtananakop tookwā bookwā sakêtanawawakatatookwānik sakêtawakopurestanawawai ke sakêtanawawakatatookwānik sakêtakopuneer	PRES. TENSE. IMPER. Nesakéta wanatook- Ne sakéta wā Ke sakéta wanatook- Ke sakéta wā sakéta wana- natookwā Re sakéta wana- tookwā Ke sakéta wanana- tookwā Ke sakéta wanana- ke sakéta wanana- watookwā sakéta watook- wānik sakéta yeetook wānik sakéta yeetook wānie

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Suppositive Mood.	Direct. INANIMATE (Definite.)	THURST PART OF THE	sakèta	:	" kopun, sing. \imperf.	" kopunee, plur.) tense.	Subjunctive Mood.	ä sakėta k atookwa ) pres.	,, kee, waw ,, ten.	· ~	unee " ) <i>t</i> e	, ke , ( Juille ), kwawe tense.		Possessive Case.		sakėta yeetookwā (pres.	", yeetookwānee jtense. ", yekopun limperf. ", yekopunee stense.			Subjunctive Mood.	ā saketa yik ātookwā	", yikee ", )ten. " vikeoun )imperf.	", yikepunee,"	", yike ", \( \)	,, vikwawe " tense.	· [ ee ]
	<b>હ્યું</b> .		sakèta	" newunotookwā	" newekopun \imp.	" newunokopun) tense.	Subjunctive Mood.			" 'k " ) ten.	" newikepun " ) imn	" newukepun, (ten.	`` *	~ : :	" 'ke " tense	·	Possessive CASE.		Indicative Mood.	sakėta wanatookwa, pres. ten.	,, wanakopun, imp. ten.	Subjunctive Mood.	ā sakēta weētātookwā, pr.ten.	" weetepun " im. ten.	" westche " fut. ten.	
Suppositive Mood (Subjunctive).		FUTURE TENSE.		atookwa sakehikoo yane atookwa	" Anne "	" tche "	( A\$**	y Jako y		in the same of the	" twawe "				FUTURE TENSE.	sakehikoo wuke atookwa	" wutche "	" watche "	" yitche " )	wukeétche )	" wůko "	" wāko "	watwawe	" vitche "	" yitwawe "	
	Inverse.	IMPERFECT TENSE.		ā sakehikoo yapan	" undná "	, tepun ,,	sakehikoopun ")	" yakepun "	y yurchun y )		,, twapun ,,	" wapun "	Description Of the	FOSSESSIVE CASE.	IMPERFECT TENSE.	ā sakehikoo wukepunātookwā		" watehnu "	" Nitepun "	", yepun ", wukeétenun "	" wukepun "		" watchikepun "		" yépun "	
		TENAT WASAGO	FRESENT TENSE:	ā sakehikoo yan átookwā	" Ann "	, t	:	" yak " {	" yuk " )	" yak " tchik "	twaw "				PRESENT TENSE.	ā sakehikoo wuk ātookwā	" wut	,, wat	,, yit ,, J	( + \$ c.1	wuket,	2 2	", watchik ",	Wavit	vit	

## TRANSITIVE VERB-Inanimate.

(Continued-See pages 30 and 31).

## SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

INANIMATE (Indefinite).

INDETERMINATE.

SUPPOSITIVE MOOD. (For Direct see pages 28 and 29.)

INANIMATE (Definite).

Direct.  Endicative Mood.  PRES. TENSE.  "" otookwā    IMPERF. TENSE.  sakētamukun okopun    "" okopunee    Subjunctive Mood.  PRES. TENSE.  ā sakētamu kūk ātookwā    kūkee ""    kūkwaw "    IMPERF. TENSE.  ā sakētamu kūkepun ātookwā    kūkemu kūkepun ātookwā    kūkwaw "    kūkwaw    kūkepunee    ātookwā    kuturre Tense.
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Indefinite).	Inverse.	Indicative Mood.	PRES. TENSE.	sakehikoomukun otookwā )  otookwānee )	IMPERF. TENSE. sakehikoomukun okopun } ,, okopunee}	Subjunctive Mood.	PRES. TENSE.  ā sakehikoomu kûk ātookwā)  "kûkee " kûkwāw"	IMPERF. TENSE. ā sakehikoomu kükepun āfookwā	"kůkepunee atookwā	FUTURE TENSE. sakehikoomu kuke ātookwā) "kukwawe " }

cative Mood.  SER. TENSE.  ookwä  ookwä  opun  opunee }  unctive Mood.  ES. TENSE.  ätookwä  cchik, waw ätoo  wä  tcpun ätookwä  tepun ätookwä  tepunee ,,  URE TENSE.	Inverse.	Indicative Mood.	PRES. TENSE.	sakehikoon anewetookwā ) " anewunotookwā)	IMPERF. TENSE.	" anewunokopun)	Subjunctive Mood.	ā sakehikoon anewik ātookwā)	sakehikoo'k " {	IMPERF. TENSE.	āsakehikoon anewikepun atookwā	" anewukepun " sakehikoo'kepun "	FUTURE TENSE.	sakehikoon anewike atookwa)	anewuke "	sakehikoo ke '',' )
	$I_{m}$	Indicative Mood.	PRES. TENSE.	sakehikoo tookwā ) tookwānee (	IMPERF. TENSE.	sakehikoo kopun	" kopunee )	Subjunctive Mood. PRES. TENSE.	ā sakchikoo t ātookwā	,, t <i>chik</i> , waw atook-) wā	IMPERF. TENSE.	ä sakehikoo tepun ätookwä		FUTURE TENSE.	sakehikoo tche atookwa)	,, twawe ,, )

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Indicative Mood.

PRES. TENSE.

sakėtamukun eyeétookwānee) " eyeétookwānee)

IMPERF. TENSE.

sakétamukun eyékopun " eyékopunee)

Subjunctive Mood.

PRES. TENSE.

a sakėtamukun eyik ātookwā)

IMPERF. TENSE.

ā sakétamukun eyikepun ātookwā eyikepunee ātookwā

FUTURE TENSE.

sakétamukun eyike ätookwä ) eyikwawe  $\hat{a}$ -tookwä )

## Possessive Case.

Indicative Mood.

PRES. TENSE.

sakchikoomukun eyeétookwa ", eyeétookwanee

IMPERF. TENSE.

sakehikoomukun eyékopun " eyékopunee)

Subjunctive Mood.

PRES. TENSE.

āsakchikoomukuneyikātookwā eyikee ātookwā

IMPERF. TENSE.

ā sakehikoomukun eyikepun ātookwā eyikepunee atooāwā

FUTURE TENSE.

sakehikoomukun eyike ātookwā) eyikwawe ātookwā

## Possessive Case.

Indicative Mood.

PRES. TENSE.

sakehikoo yee tookwā }

IMPERF. TENSE.

sakehikoo yekopun } ,, yekopunee}

Subjunctive Mood.

PRES. TENSE.

ā sakehikoo yik ātookwā }

IMPERF. TENSE.

" yikepun atookwa) " yikepunee "

FUTURE TENSE.

sakehikoo yike }

Possessive Case.

Indicative Mood.

PRES. TENSE. sakehikoo wanatookwa IMPERFECT TENSE. sakehikoo wanakopun

Subjunctive Mood.

PRES. TENSE.

ā sakehikoo weet ātookwā

IMPERF. TENSE,

ā sakehikoo weétepun ātookwa

FUTURE TENSE.

sakehikoo weétche atookwa

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# TRANSITIVE VERB—Indeterminate. ANIMATE OBJECT. (3rd Conjug. 50.)

## INDICATIVE MOOD.

lirect.	FUTURE TENSE. sakehewāyane sakehewayune sakehewātche	sakehewāyáko } sakehewāyúko sakehewāyāko sakehewāyāko sakehewātwawe	<i>ct.</i> FUTURE TENSE.	sakehewā wuke  " watche " yitche " wukeét- che " wuko " wako " wat- " wat- " yitche
SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.—Direct.	IMPERF. TENSE.  ā sakehewāyapan " sakehewāyupun ", sakehewātepun ", sakehewāpun	"sakehewāyākepun "sakehewāyūkepun "sakehewāyākepun "sakehewātchike- pun "sakehewātwa	ACCESSORY CASE.—Direct. IMPERF. TENSE.	is a
SUBJUN	PRES. TENSE. ā sakehewāyan ;; sakehewāyun ,, sakehewāt	<pre>" sakehewāyûk } " sakehewāyûk } " sakehewāyāk ", sakehewātchik ", sakehewātwaw</pre>	AC AC TENSE.	a sakehewa wuk "sakehewa wut "sakehewa yit ) "sakehewa wukeét "sakehewa wukeét "sakehewa wuk "sakehewa watchik "sakehewa watchik "sakehewa watchik "sakehewa watchik "sakehewa watchik "sakehewa watchik
	Inverse.  IMPERF. TENSE.  m. No sakehikowé ty, I  dy)  was loved	Ke sakehikowe ty sakehit ty  Ne sakehikowe- tanan  Ke sakehikowe- tananow Ke sakehikowetawaw		Inverse.  IMPER. TENSE.  IMPER. TENSE.  In Ne sakehikowewâ ty sakehimâ ty  Ne sakehikowewâ- tanan Ke sakehikowewâ- tananow n. Ke sakekikowewâ- tananow an kananow sakehimâ ty
VE MOOD.	ENSE.	Ke sakehikowin sakehaw Ne sakehikowinan Ke sakehikowin- anow Ke sakehikowinawaw	ACCESSORY OF POSSESSIVE CASE.	SE.
INDICATIVE MOOD.	ect. IMPERF. TENSE. No sakehewå ty, I loved	Ke sakehewá ty Oo sakehewá ty Ne sakehewátanan Ko sakehewátanan anow Ke sakehewátawaw Oo sakehewátawaw	ACCESSORY OF P	irect.  IMPl Ne sal Ke sal Oo sal Oo sal Ke sa t Ke sa
	Direct.  PRES. TENSE. IMPERF. TENSE  S. Ne sakehewan, I love No sakehewå ty, I love oved	Ke sakehewan sakehewan P. Ne sakehewanan Ke sakehewananow Ke sakehewanawaw sakehewanawaw		PRES. TENSE.  S. Ne sakehewāwan, I love his (somebody)  Ke sakehewāwan.  sakehewāwan.  Sakehewāwanan  P. Ne sakehewāwanan  Ke sakehewāwanan  Ke sakehewāwanan  Sakehewāwanan  sakehewāwanan  sakehewāwanan  sakehewāwanan

## (Another Form used for the above.)

Dubitative Mood (Subjunctive).

Direct.	ká sakehewā wanā (If) ká sakehewā wapanā "wunā", wupunā "kwā", kopunā "wákwā "wakepunā "wakwā "wakepunā "wakwā "wakepunā "wakwā "wakepunā "wakwā "wakepunā	PRESENT TENSE. IMPERFECT TENSE.	kå s  eeta  wa  wa  a
(AMORRO)	IMPERFECT TENSE.  IMPERFECT TENSE.  Ne sakehewan apun sakehewanan apun sakehewanan apun Ne sakehikowinan apun Ne sakehewanan apun Ne sakehewanan apun Ne sakehewanan apun Sakehewanan apun Sakehewanan apun Sakehewanan apun Sakehanan apun Sakehanan apun Sakehanan apun Sakehanan		Direct.  IMPERFECT TENSE.  Ne sakehewāwanan apun Re " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "

## TRANSITIVE VERB-Indeterminate.

(Continued).

## SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

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PRESENT TENSE.	IMPERFECT TENSE.	FUTURE TENSE.
ā sakehikoweyan	ā sakehikoweyapan	sakehikoweyane
sakehikoweyun	" sakehikoweyupun	sakehikoweyune sakehoéteka
sakeneet sakehikowevák)	", sakeniectepun ", sakehikowevákenun)	sakehikoweyako)
" sakehikoweyuk)	" sakehikoweyukepun)	sakehikoweyuko)
sakehikoweyāk	", sakehikoweyākepun	sakehikoweyāko
" sakeheétchik)	" sakeheétchikepun )	sakeheétwawe
", sakeheètwaw)	" sakeheètwàpun	

## Possessive Case.

FUTURE TENSE.	sakehikowe wuko sakehikowe wutche sakehimeétche sakehikowe wukeétche) sakehikowe wůko sakehikowe wako
IMPERFECT TENSE.	a sakehikowe wukepun sakehikowe wuke  " wutepun sakehimeétche " sakehikowe wukeétepun) sakehikowe wukeétche) " wukepun sakehikowe wuke " " wakepun sakehikowe wuko " sakehimeétepun sakehikowe wako " sakehimeétepun sakehimeétwawe
PRESENT TENSE.	a sakehikowe wuk  " sakehimeét " sakehikowe wukeét  " " wik " " wak " sakehimeétchik " waw " waw

## INDETERMINATE.

## Direct. Direct. Indicalive Mood. sakchewanewew pres. tense sakchewanewepun im. ten.

Subjunctive Mood. ā sakehewanewik )	"sakehewanewuk pres. ten." "sakehewak" ")	"sakehewanewikepun", sakehewanewukepun $\langle im. ten.$	"sakehewákepun ) sakehewanewike, )	sakehewanewůke, $\left. iggr {fut.\ tense}  ight.$ sakehewåke
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## Possessive Case.

sakchewā wan, pres. tense sakchewā wanapun, imp.tense Subjunctive Mood. ā sakchewā weêt, pres. tense ,, "weêtepun, im. ten.
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### INANIMATE.

Direct (Definite)

Indicative Mood.
sakehewāo, sing.) present
sakehewāwuk, plur.) tense
sakehewāpun, sing.)
sakehewāpune, plur.) im. ten.

Subjunctive Mood.

ā sakehewāk, sing.

"sakehewākee, waw pl. stense,
"sakehewākepun, sin. simp.
"sakehewākepunee, pl. sense
sakehewāke, sin. fut.
sakehewākwawe, pl. stense

### Possessive Case.

	sakehew"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	sakehewā yew, sin.) pres.  " yewa, pl.) tense. ", yepun, imp. " yepunee, tense Suljunctive Mood. ä sakehewā yik   pres. " yikee tense. " yikepunee   tense. " yikepunee   tense " yike   yikepunee   tense " yike   tense
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## DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

### Inverse.

sakel	" wakwa sabobawotenik
•	" wůkwā)
sakeb	sakehikowe wákwa?
saket	sakehaweéta
,	" wunā
ká sakeh	ká sakehikowe wanā
IMP	PRESENT TENSE.

## MPERFECT TENSE.

ká sakehew anewikwā
" anewunookwā
" anewúkwā
" åkwā

## POSSESSIVE CASE.

### Inverse.

HONGE WASHINGT	IM
FRESENT TENSES	
ká sakehikowe wawukā	ká sak
wawuta	•
sakehimaweétā	sake
sakehikowe wawukeeta)	sake
wawukwa	
wawakwa	
sakehimaweétanik	sake

## IMPERFECT TENSE.

ká sakehikowe wawukepunā	" wawutepunā	sakehimaweetepuna	sakehikowe wawukeétepuna	" wawikepuna	" waxakepuna	sakehimaweétepunanik
			_	_ د		

sakehewa waweetepuna

IMPERFECT TENSE.

## DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunc.).

Direct.

## Dubitative Mood (Sub.). Direct.

## PRESENT TENSE.

PRESENT TENSE.

ká sakehewā kwā, sing.} " wakwā, plur.

IMPERFECT TENSE.

sakehewā kepunā, sing. " wakepunā, plur.

IMPERFECT TENSE.

sakehew anewikepunā", anewunookopunā
", åkepunā

## Possessive Case.

### Direct.

Possessive Case.

ká sakehewā yikwā
" yikwānee
IMPERFECT TENSE
sakehewā yikopunā
" yikopunā

PRESENT TENSE.

Direct.

ka sakehewa waweeta

## TRANSITIVE VERB—Indeterminate. (Continued.)

	INANIMATE.	Inverse (Indefinite).	Indicative Mood.	sakecilikada o, sing. (pres.		", punce) tense Subjunctive Mood.	ä saké			£ ;	1120 ( 011211111111111111111111111111111	Possessive Case.	Indicative Mood.	sakechikatā yew (present	"yewa Stense	" yepun \imp.	" yepunee ) tense	Subjunctive Mood.	ā sakechikatā yik pres.	", yikee ) tenise ", vikebun ) im	"yikepunee   ten		" yikwawe) <i>ten.</i> [ 40 ]
	INANIMATE.	Inverse (Definite).	Indicative Mood.	sakehawuk, plur.) tense	sakehapun j <i>imperf.</i>	Subjunctive Mood.	$\ddot{a}$ sakeheét $pr$ .	", waw, cuik ) cen.	", wapun (mp.	akeheet cl	" wawe Jtense	Possessive Case.	Indicative Mood.	sakeh	;; ) tense	sakehimapun   \langle imperf.	" eek)tense	Subjunctive Mood.	$\ddot{\mathbf{a}}$ sakehimeet $pr$ .	.,	" wapun stense	weetepun, im. ten. sakehimeetche \ future	sakchimeetwawe) tense
(Continued.)	INDETERMINATE.	Inverse.	Ind	sakehikowin	" anewun ) tense " anewepun ) tmp.	anewunopun)tense	sakehewakun, sing. (2 pers.) Sudjunctive Mood.	$\bar{\mathbf{a}}$ sakehikowin anewik $present$	", 'k tense	" anewikepun im.	", 'kepuh $(ten.)$	" anewike, ) future	", anewùke (tense	" ( ке		FOSSESSIVE CASE.	Indicative Mood.	sakehikowe wan. nresent tense	sakehikowe wanapun, imp. tense	Subjunctive Mood.	ā sakehikowe weét, present tense	" weetepun, im. ten.	" weetche, fut. ten.
INANIMATE	Imperative Mood.	PRESENT TENSE.			sakehewāk, plur. (2 pers.)	FUT. TENSE (Indefinite.)	sakehewakun, sing. (2 pers.)	sakehewākùk, plur. (1 and 2	sakehewâkāk, plur. (2 pers.)	•	Possessive Case		PRESENT TENSE.	sakehewā oo, sing. (2 pers.)	", watan, watak, $pl.$	(1 and 2 pers.)	sanchewa wan, plut. (2 pers.)	SAN SALLERIA		evikepun )im. "wakuk, plur. (1		sakehewā wákāk, plur. (2	pers.)
INAN	Direct (Indefinite).	Indicative Mood.	sakehewamukun, sing. Ipres.	sakehewamukunwa, <i>plur.) tense</i> sakehewamukunopun ) <i>imp.</i>	sakehewāmukunopunee) tense	food.	a sakenewamukuk " sakehewamukukee, waw ten.			sakehowamukukwawe   tense	,	POSSESSIVE CASE.	Indicative Mood.	sakehewāmukun eyew, sin.) pres. sakehewā oo, sing. (2 pers.)	" eyewa, pl.) tense	,, eyepun (mp.	. nen e		a sakehewamukun eyik) pres.	" evikepun \implim.	" eyikepunee) ten.	" eyike \ fut.	" eyikwawe) ten.

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DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunc.).

Inverse.	PRESENT TENSE.   PRESENT TENSE.	ká sakehaweét $\bar{a}$   sing.   sakechikat $\bar{a}$ kw $\bar{a}$ .   sakehaweét $\bar{a}$ nik   $p'lur$ .   wakw $\bar{a}$	IMPERFECT TENSE. IMPERFECT TENSE.	$\left. \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{sakehawe\acute{e}tepun\ddot{a}} \right. \left. \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{sin.} \\ \operatorname{sakechikat\ddot{a}} \\ \operatorname{ke\acute{e}tepun\ddot{a}lik} \end{array} \right) \right. \left. \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{sakechikat\ddot{a}} \\ \operatorname{ke\acute{e}tepun\ddot{a}} \end{array} \right.$				Possessive Case.	Inverse (Definite).   Inverse (Indefinite).	PRESENT TENSE. PRESENT TENSE.	ká sakehimaweéta ( sing. sakechikatāyikwā )	"	IMPERFECT TENSE. IMPERFECT TENSE.	sakehimaweétepunā ) sakechikatā yikopunā	sakenimaweetepunanik )   " " [ 41 ]
 Inverse.	PRESENT TENSE.	, twä	" anewukwa IMI	IMPERFECT TENSE. sakel	sakciikowin anewikepunā sakehikowin anewikepunā "	ikowîk			Possessive Case. In	Inverse.	PRESENT TENSE. kå sake	ká sakehikowe waweéta.	IMPERECT TENSE		вакепікоже waweerepuna вакоп
Direct.	PRESENT TENSE.	kā sakehewāmu kunookwā \\ ,, kūkwā \\ sin.	,, kunoowakwa, $pl.$	IMPERFECT TENSE.		" $kukepuna$ " $kunoowako-$ " $ploowako-$ " $ploowako-$	,,, kůkwápunā)		Possessive Case.	Direct.	PRESENT TENSE.		" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	sakehewamukun eyikopuna	" nee

## TRANSITIVE VERB—Indeterminate.

(Continued. See pages 36 and 37).

SUPPOSITIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).	Direct.	ENSE. IMPER. TENSE. FUT. TENSE. ā yan ā sakehewā yápan sakehewā yane ātookwā ātookwā atookwā	,, ,, ,, yul ,, ,, ,, tep ,, ,, ,, pu ,, ,, ,, yûk ,, ,, ,, yûk	" ; " tchikepun"; " twápun "; " , " wápun "; " , " , " , " , " , " , " , " , " ,	Possessive Case.—Direct.	IMPER. TENSE.	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
$\mathbf{s}$		PRES. TENSE. ā sakehewā yan ātook	"" " yun "" " t "" " yâk "" " yûk "" " yûk	" " tchik " " twaw " twaw "	4	PRES. TENSE	ā sakehewāwthk """ wut "" """ wat "" """ yit "" """ wūk "" """ wūk "" """ wūk "" """ wūk "" """ wūth "" """ wāth "" """ wāthik," """ wātowā," """ watchik,"
	Inverse.	IMPER. TENSE. Ne sakehikowin ako-	Ke sake Ne sake () Ke sake	akopun kopun sakehakopunuk		Inverse.	IMPER. TENSE.  Ne sakchikowe wana- kopun sakchimakopun Ne sakchikowe wana- nakopun Ke "wana- nakopun sakchimakopun sakchimakopun
SUPPOSITIVE MOOD (Indicative).	$I_{m}$	PRES. TENSE. Ne sakehikowin atookwa	Ke " " sakehatookwā Ke " Ke " " Kesakehikowinana tookwā	Ke sakehikowinawatookwā Ke sakehikowinawa kopun sakehatookwānik sakehakopunuk		•	ikehewā  kehewā  wanakopun  yekopun  wananakopun  wananakopun  wananakopun  ke " wananatookwā  wananatookwā  wananatookwā  ke " wananatookwā  ke " wananatookwā  ke " wananatookwā  sakehimatookwā  sakehimatookwā  sakehimatookwā
SUPPOSITIV	ct.	IMPER. TENSE.  c sakehewan akopun	e "" sakehewakopun e sakehewanan akopun e "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	e sakehewanawako- pun sakehewawakopun			IMPER. TENSE.  Ne sakehewā wanakopun ", yekopun Ke ", wanawakopun Ke ", wanawakopun , yekopun , yekopun
	Direct.	Ne sakehewan atookwā, Ne sakehewan akopun Ne sakehikowin atookwā	Ke sakehewan atookwa Ke sakehewakopi sakehewanokwa sakehewanan atook- Ne sakehewanan wa wa ke sakehewanan atook- Ke sakehewanan atoo	wa Ke sakehewanawatook- Ke sakehewanawako- wa wa sakehewatookwanik sakehewawakopun	<b>,</b>	Di	Ne sakehewā wanatook- Ne sakehewā  Wā wanatookwā Ke " wan  " wātookwā " " yekopi " wananatookwā Ke " wanan  Ne " wananatookwā Ke " wanan  " wanawatookwā Ke " wanan  " watookwānik " yetookwānik " yetookwānee  " " yekopu

SUPPOSITIVE MOOD (Sud Inverse.  IMPERFECT TENSE.  IMPERFECT TENSE.  "" sakehikowe yapun "" sakehikowe yakepun "" sakehikowe wakepun "" sakehikowe wukepun "" "" sakehikowe wukepun "" "" sakehikowe wukepun "" "" sakehimeêtepun "" "" "" "" sakehimeêtepun "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.	INDETERMINATE. Direct. INANIMATE (Definite). Indicative Mood.	sakehew anewetookwa)	atookwa wa wa wa stookwa sakehewa kopun, "" anewekopun simp, " kopune sun subjunctive Mood.	iko " $\int$ ā sakehewanewikā tookwā $\begin{pmatrix} pr & n \\ n & n \end{pmatrix}$ anewuk " $\begin{pmatrix} pr & n \\ n & n \end{pmatrix}$ "	"" "" anewùke- 'm" "" kwawe "" "" åkepun "" anewike "" fut. Possessive Case. "" anewùke "" fut.	" åke " ) " Indicative Mood  Doceremm C. s. sakehewā yeetookwā	 sakehewā wanatookwā, pr.ten. " " wanakopun, im. ten. Sa	" Subjunctive Mood. ā sakehewā yik āto " ā sakehewā weết ātookwā. " vikee	k- "" "	.o " wā, imperfect tense ", sakehewā weetche ātookwā.
PRESENT TEN  sakehikowe yan  sakehikowe yak sakehikowe yak sakehikowe yak sakeheétchik sakeheétwaw  .  PRESENT TE  sakehikowe wuk  .,  wut sakehiikowe wuk  .,  wut	Suppositive Mood (Subjunctive).	Inverse.		atookwa a sakehikowe yapan atookwa "" sakehikowe yupun " "" sakeheétepun " "" sakehikowe yakepun "	" ) "sakehikowe yükepun " ) "sakehikowe yākepun " ) "sakeheétchikepun " ) "sakeheétwápun " )		Possessive Case.	.3	: \$	ect " ] " sakehikowe wukectepun, } , " " " wukepun " )	" " " " " "

SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.	INANIMATE,	Inverse (Indefinite).	Indicative Mood.	PRES. TENSE.	sakechikat ātookwā )		IMPERF. TENSE.	sakechikatā kopun )	Coundon manuscours	•		Possessive Case.	Indicative Mood.	PRES. TENSE.	sakechikatā yeetookwā	sakechikata yeetookwanee)	IMPERF. TENSE.	sakechikatā yekopun	sakechikatā yekopunee)		. 7	
SUPPOSI	INANIMATE.	Inverse (Definite).	Indicative Mood.	sakehatookwā, s. \present sakehatookwānik. n. \tense	sakehakopun, s. \imp.	Subjunctive Mood.	, sakeheetwaw , $t_{towes}$	"sakeheét chik	" " $i$ when " $i$ $imp$ . " When "	ikepun "	sakeneetene ", $\int ut$ . sakeheetwawe ", $\int tense$	Possessive Case.	Indicative Mood. sakehimatookwa, sin. ] pres.	sakehimatookwanee, pl.)tense	sakehimakopun, sm. imp. sakehimakopunee, pl. tense	Subjunctive Mood	ā sakėhimeėt ātookwā ) pres.	", " Cuik ", $tense$ " waw ", $tense$	" epun "	· (,	" wawe " )tense	
IVE MOOD.	INDEPERMINATE.	Inverse.	Indicative Mood.	sakchikowin anewetookwā   pres.	", anewekopun   imp.	Subjunctive Mood.	ā sakehikowin anewik ātookwā) pres.	" " anewuk " $tense$ " $tense$	" " anewikepun, jimn	" " anewukepun, tense	sakehikowin anewike " $fut$ .	; ; ~			Possessive Case.	Indicative Mood.	sakehikowe wanatookwā, pres. tense	\$		okwa, 1,,	sakehikowe weetche " fut. ten.	
SUPPOSITIVE M	INANIMATE (Indefinite).	Direct.	Indicative Mood.	sakehewāmukunotookwā, sin. pres.	,, okopun, sin. limp.	», Okopunee, pt. ) tense Subjunctive Mood.	ā sakehewāmu kûk ātookwā ) pres.	", Kukee, waw a- tense tookwa	ā sakehewāmu kukepun ātookwā) im.	", " kukepunee ", Jen.	kukwawe " tense	Possessive Case.	Indicative Mood.	sakehewāmukun eyéetookwā pres.	" eyeetook wanee) <i>tense</i> " eyékopun <i>limp</i> .	" eyékopunee ) tense	Subjunctive Mood.	a sakenewamukun eyik atookwa (pres eyikee ) tense	", eyikepun ", imp.	" eyikepunee") ten. sakehewamukun eyike " (fut.	" eyikwawe " )ten.	

THE foregoing Paradigms of Verbs were originally written on three large sheets, which are referred to in pages 2 and 3 of the Lecture, but which for the convenience of printing have been subdivided, and consequently may be a little confusing to the student.

The first Paradigm, Sakehāo, "he loves him," begins at page 16 and ends at page 25. This sheet may be better understood by studying the following pages consecutively, viz., 16, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23;—18, 19, 20, 21, 24, 25.

The second Paradigm, Sakétaw, "he loves it," begins at page 26 and ends at page 35, and should be read in the following order:—26, 27, 32;—28, 29, 33;—30, 31, 34, 35.

The third Paradigm, Sakehewāo, "he loves somebody," begins at page 36 and ends at page 44, and may be studied in the following order:—36, 37, 42;—38, 39, 43;—40, 41, 44.

The following pages give a fuller display of the Cree Verb,  $Tapw \hat{a}tow \bar{a}o$ , "he believes him," in all its Moods and Tenses, both Direct and Inverse; to which the attention of the student is now directed.

### TRANSITIVE VERB.—Animate Object.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.—Direct.

### PRESENT TENSE.

			Z IVENOMINI .	EBROD.
Sing.	Ne	tapwatow	aw,	I believe him
	Ke	,,	aw,	Thou believest him [them
		,,	āo,	He believes or believeth him or
Plur.	Ne	"	anan, 1.3	We believe him 2nd pers. excluded
	Ke	<b>)</b> ,	ananow, 1. 2 $\langle$	3rd pers. excluded
	Ke	1,	awaw,	Ye or you believe him
		,,	āwuk,	They believe him or them
· ·	<b>N</b> T		Plura	
Sing.		tapwatow		I believe them
	Ke	"	awuk,	Thou believest them [them
t).		"	āo,	He believes or believeth him or
Plur.		"	ananuk, 1.3	We believe them
	Ke	27	ananowuk, 1.2	
	Ke	"	awawuk,	Ye or you believe them
		**	āwuk,	They believe him or them
			PAST OR IMPERF	ECT TENSE.
Sing.	${\bf Ne}$	tapwatow	å or åty,	I believed him
	Ke	"	á ,, áty,	Thou believedst him
	Oo	"	å " åty,	He believed him or them.
Plur.	Ne	",	åtanan, 1. 3	W. L.P. I. L.
	Ke	», "i	åtananow, 1. 2	We believed him
	Ke	"	åtawaw,	Ye or you believed him
	Oo	19	åtawaw,	They believed him or them
•				
C**	NT .	- 	Plural	
Sing.		tapwatow	•	I believed them
	Ke	"	átyuk,	Thou believedst them
70.7	Oo N	"	å or åty,	He believed him or them
Plur.		"	åtananuk, 1. 3	We believed them
	Ke	"	atananowuk, 1.25	
	Ke	"	åtawawuk,	Ye or you believed them
	Oo	,,	átawaw,	They believed him or them

### INDICATIVE MOOD.—Inverse.

### PRESENT TENSE.

	THEORIE TENOE.
Sing. Ne tapwåt ak or owik	t, He believes me
Ke "ak ""	He believes thee
"ak ""	He is believed (by him or them, def.)
Plur. Ne ,, *akoonan, 1	(.3)
Ke ,, akoonanov	
Ke ,, akoowaw,	He believes you
,, akwuk,	They are believed (by him or them,
·	(lef.)
	Plural.
Sing. Ne tapwåt akwuk or	owikwuk, They believe me
Ke "akwuk "	" They believe thee
" ak <i>or</i> owik	He is believed by him or them
Plur. Ne " akoonanuk	
Ke "akoonanov	vuk, 1. 2 ) They believe us
Ke ,, akoowawu	k, They believe you
", akwuk,	They are believed by him or them
DAG	T OD INDEPENDED STATE
	T OR IMPERFECT TENSE.
Sing. Ne tapwat ako or ako	•
Ke ", ", "	He believed thee
Oo " " " "	He was believed by him or them
Plur. Ne "akotanan,	z ne beneved ng
Ke "akotanano	
Ke "akotawaw	·
Oo ", "	They were believed by him or them
	Plural.
Sing. Ne tapwat akotyuk,	They believed me
Ke ", ",	They believed thee
Oo "akoorak	***
Plur. Ne "akotanani	ık 1 3 )
Ke ,, akotan <i>an</i> o	> inev maneveding
Ke "akotawaw	uk, They believed you
Oo "akotawaw	, They were believed by him or them

<sup>\*</sup> Where the letter a is printed in italics at the beginning of the suffix, one may be substituted; as, Ne tapwatakoonan, or Ne tapwatantheonan, &c., &c.

### ANOTHER FORM OF THE PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

	ANOTH	ER F	ORM OF TH	E PA	ST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.
Sing.	Ne tap Ke	watow "	"	•	I believed him Thou believedst him
		"	āpun,		He believed him or them
Plur.	Ne Ke	"	ananapun, 1	· 3 }	We believed him
	Ke	,,	awapun,		Ye or you believed him
,		"	āpuneek, } āwāpun,		They believed him or them
	-			Plura	<b>.</b>
Sing.	Ne tap	wātow	åpunuk,		I believed them
C	Ke	"	,,,		Thou believedst them
		,,	āpun,		He believed him or them
Plur.	Ne Ke	"	ananapunuk,	$\left.\frac{1.\ 3}{1.\ 2}\right\}$	We believed them
	Ke	,,	awápunuk,		Ye or you believed them
		;; ;;	āpuneek, } āwāpun, }		They believed him or them
		•	PERI	FECT	TENSE.
Sing.	Ne kė	tapwåi &c.	tow aw,	i	I have believed him
			PLUPE	RFEC	T TENSE.
Sing.	Ne kė t	tapwåt &c.	ow å or åty,		I had believed him
				O1	·,
Sing.	Ne ke		tow apun,		I had believed him
		&c.	FUT	URE !	TENSE.
	Ne ga t Ke ,, kitta	"	äo,	-PERF	I shall or will believe him Thou shalt or wilt believe him He shall or will believe him EECT TENSE.
FOTORE-FERTECT TENSE.					

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwatow aw, I shall or will have believed him &c.

### ANOTHER FORM OF THE PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE

ANOTHER FORM OF THE PAST	OR IMPERFECT TENSE.			
Sing. Ne tapwat akopun,  Ke " akopun, " akopun,	He believed me He believed thee He was believed by him or them			
Plur. Ne , akoonanapun, 1. 3 } Ke , akoonanapun, 1. 2 }	He believed us			
Ke ,, akoowapun,	He believed you			
,, akopuneek, } ,, akoowapun, }	They were believed by him or them			
Plural.	·			
Sing. Ne tapwat akopunuk,	They believed me			
Ke " akopunuk,	They believed thee			
" akopun,	He was believed by him or them			
Plur. Ne ,, akoonanapunuk, } Ke ,, akoonanapunuk, }	They believed us			
Ke ", akoowapunuk,	They believed you			
" akopuneek, ) " akoowapun,	They were believed by him or them			
PÉRFECT T	ENSE.			
Sing. Ne kẻ tapwất ak or owik, &c.	He has believed me			
PLUPERFECT	TENSE.			
Sing. Ne kẻ tapwất akổ or akôty, &c.	He had believed me			
Or,				
Sing. Ne kẻ tapwất akôpun, &c.	He had believed me			
FUTURE TENSE.				

### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat ak or owik,

Ke ga ,, ak ,,

kitta ,, ak ,,

&c.

He shall or will believe me

He shall or will believe thee

He shall or will be believed by

him or them

### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kê tapwat ak or owik, He shall or will have believed me &cc.

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kế tapwatow aw, I may or can believe him &c.

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwatow a or aty, I might, could, would, or should &c. believe him

Or,

Sing. Ne ga tapwatow apun, I might, could, would, or should &c. believe him

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kė tapwatow a or aty, I might, could, would, or should &c. have believed him

Or,

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tapwatow apun, I might, could, would, or should &c. have believed him

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	ã	tapwatow	uk,	÷(	that)	I believe him
	"	,,	ut,		"	Thou believest him
	"	"	at,		17	He believes him or them
Plur.	"	"	ukeét, úk,	1. 3 } 1. 2 }	,,	We believe him
	"	17 11	āk,	1. 20	"	Ye or You believe him
٠	"					Then believe the search
	77	77	atwaw,	<b>S</b>	"	They believe him or them

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tapwắt ak, He may or can believe me &c.

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt ako or akoty, He might, could, would, or should &c. believe me

Or,

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt akopun, He might, could, would, or should &c. believe me

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tapwắt akổ or akỏty, He might, could, would, or should &c. have believed me

Or,

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tạp wất akôpun, He might, could, would, or should &c. have believed me

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	āt	apwat	owit, (that	;) <b>H</b> e	believes me
	"	,,	ask, or owisk, ,,	He	believes thee
	"	,,	akoot, or owikoot, "	He	is believed by him or them
Plur.	"		oweyumeet, 1.3 } atuk, 1.2 }"	He	believes us
	. ,,,	"	atāk,		believes you
	"	"	abootohik >		
	"	""	akootwaw,	Th	ey are believed by him or them
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	"	akootwaw, )		•

### Plural.

Sing.	ā ,,	tapwatow "	ukik, ukwaw,		(1	that)	I believe them
	"	"	utchik, } utwaw, }			**	Thou believest them
	"	"	at,			٠,,	He believes him or them
Plur.	"	"	ukeetwaw,	1.	3		777 1 11 .1
	"	"	ukeetchik, ukeetwaw, ukook, ukwaw,	1.	2	, <del>,5</del>	We believe them
•	"	>>	ākook, ākwaw,			"	Ye or You believe them
	"	"	atchik, atwaw,			,,	They believe him or them
	"	"	atwaw,				•

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	ā ts	pwatow	ukepun,	(that)	I believed him	
	,,	"	utepun,	,,	Thou believedst him	
	"	"	atepun,	"	He believed him or them	
	"	"	åpun, S		-	
Plur.	"	"	ukeetepun, 1, 3	} ,,	We believed him	
	55	"	ůkepun, 1.2	)		
	"	11	ākepun,	"	Ye or You believed him	
	"	11	atchikepun,		(D) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	"	"	atwapun,* }	, 11	They believed him or them	
	"	"	awapun,			

### Plural.

Sing.	ā <b>t</b> e	pwatow ,,	ukikepun, }	(that)	I believed them
	,,	. 11	utchikepun, }		Thou believedst them
	"	"	-	"	
	"	"	atepun, apun,	29	He believed him or them
	"	"			•
Plur.	"	"	ukeetchikepun, dukeetwapun,	1.3 ,,	We believed them
•	"	77	uncerwapun,		

### Plural.

Sing.	ā	tapwat	owitchik, } owitwaw, }	(that)	They believe me
	"	•	askik, askwaw,	"	They believe thee
	,,	,,	akoot,	,,	He is believed by him or them
Plur.	"	- 99	oweyumeetchik,		•
	,,	,,	oweyumeetwaw, 1.3	1 .	They believe us
	"	"	atůkook, } 1. 2	, "	They believe us
	,,	"	atukwaw,		•
	"	"	atākook,		<b>6</b> 01 1 11
	"	"	atākwaw,	"	They believe you
	"	77	akootchik, )	,	They are believed by him or
	"	,,	akootwaw, 5	,,	them

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

```
Sing. ā tapwat owitepun, or owepun,
                                     (that) He believed me
              askepun,
                                           He believed thee
              akootepun,
                                            He was believed by him or
              akoopun,
                                                them
Plur.,,
              oweyumeetepun, 1.3)
                                            He believed us
              atukepun,
              atākepun,
                                            He believed you
              akootchikepun,
                                            They were believed by him
              akootwapun,
                                                or them
              akoowápun,
```

Plurat.

Sing. ā tapwāt owitchikepun,

"" owitwāpun, or owewāpun (that) They believed me

"" askikepun,

"" askwāpun,

"" akootepun,

"" akootepun,

"" akoopun,

"" them

Plur.

"" oweyumeetchikepun

"" They believed thee

"" them

They believed by him or

"" them

"" They believed us

,, ,, ākoo ,, ,, ākwa ,, ,, atch	Apun, } 1. 2 Apun, } Apun, } Apun, } Apun, }	,,	We believed them Ye or You believed them They believed him or them
•	PERFECT 7	CENSE.	
Sing. ā ke tapwātow u	ık,	(that)	I have believed him
	PLUPERFECT	TENSE.	
Sing. ā ke tapwātow u	ıkepun,	(that)	I had believed him
•	FUTURE T	ENSE.	
Sing. Kitta tapwatow &c.	uk,	(that)	I shall or will believe him,
	And		I to believe him
Sing. tapwatow			I shall or will believe him
"	utche,	, ,,	Thou shalt or wilt believe him
"	atche,	<b>99</b>	He shall or will believe him or them
Plur. ,,	ukeétche, 1. 3 ) ùko, 1. 2 }	,,	We shall or will believe him
"	āke,	"	Ye or You shall or will believe him
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	atwawe,	,,	They shall or will believe him or them
Cina tanastan	Plure		Taball or will believe them
Sing. tapwatow	ukwawe,	(when	) I shall or will believe them  Thou shalt or wilt believe
" .	utwawe,	"	them
"	atche,	"	He shall or will believe him or them
Plur. ,,	ukeetwawe, 1.3 ukwawe, 1.2	,,	We shall or will believe them
"	ākwawe,	"	Ye or You shall or will believe them
"	atwawe,	27	They shall or will believe him or them

Plur. ā tapwāt atūkookepun,  ,, ,, atūkwāpun,  ,, ,, atākookepun,  ,, ,, atākwāpun,  ,, ,, akootchikepun,  ,, ,, akootwāpun,  ,, ,, akoowāpun,  ,, ,, akoowāpun,  ,, ,, akoowāpun,  ,, or them	o <b>u</b>
PERFECT TENSE.	
Sing. ā kẻ tapwất owit, (that) He has believed &c.	me
PLUPERFECT TENSE.	• • • •
Sing. ā ke tapwat owitepun, or owepun, (that) He had believed &c.	me
FUTURE TENSE.	
Sing. Kitta tapwat wit, (that) He shall or will &c. or,  He to believe the shall or will be	•
And, Sing. tapwat owitche, (when) He shall or wil	l believe me
us shall on wil	
, akootche, , He shall or wil	•
by him or th	
Plur. ,, oweyumeetche, $1.3$ , He shall or will ,, atuko, $1.2$ ,	
" atāko, " He shall or wil	l believe you
" akootwawe, " They shall or w	
by him or t	hem
Plural.	
Sing. tapwat owitwawe, (when) They shall or w	
" askwawe, " They shall or wi " akootche, " He shall or wil	
by him or t	•
Plur. ,, oweyumeetwawe, 1.3) Thou shall on w	
,, atùkwawe, 1.2)	,
" atākwawe, " They shall or w	•
,, akootwawe, .,, They shall or w	

### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwatow uk, (that) I shall or will have believed him &c.

I to have believed him

### And.

Sing. Ké tapwatow uke, (when) I shall or will have believed him &c.

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow uk, (that) I may or can believe him &c.

### And,

Sing. Kè tapwatow uke, (when) I may or can believe him &c.

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow ukepun, (that) I might, could, would, or should &c. believe him

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow ukepun, (that) I might, could, would, or should &c. have believed him

### CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Sing. Ke tapwatow uk, &c. Had I believed him Sing. Keespin ,, uke, &c. If I believe him

### PARTICLES.

### Flat vowel Teap,

Kā, present and imperfect (subjunc.), After

Kā, future (subj.) and imperfect (poten.), As, next

Kā? future (subj.) and imperfect ,, When, where, how?

Kā kè, fut.perf. (subj.), & pres. & pluper. ,,

Kā kè? ,, ,, ,, When, where, how?

Kitche, sometimes used for Kitta.

### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwat owit, &c.

(that) He shall or will have believed me,

or,

. He to have believed me

And,

Sing. Kė tapwat owitche, &c.

(when) He shall or will have believed me.

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwat owit,

(that) He may or can believe me

&c.

And,

Sing. Ke tapwat owitche,

(when) He may or can believe me

&c.

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE:

Sing. Kitta tapwåt owitepun

(that) He might, could, would, or

or should believe me

owepun,

&c.

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat owitepun (that) He might, could, would, or should have believed me.

owepun,

&c.

### CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Sing. Ke tapwatow it, &c.

Had He believed me

Sing. Keespin tapwatow itche &c. If He believe me.

### IMPERATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Şing. Plur.	tapwa Kitta ,	atan, atak,  ak	Believe thou him Let him believe him or them Let us believe him Believe ye him Let them believe him or them				
		P	lural.				
Sing.	tapwa	tow ik,	Believe thou them				
	Kitta "	ão,	Let him believe him or them				
Plur.	. ,,	atanik,	Let us believe them				
	, ,	akook, eekook,	Believe ye them				
	Kitta ",	āwuk,	Let them believe him or them				
	FUTURE (Indefinite).						
Sing.	tapwa	tow åkun,	Believe thou him				
	Kitta "	ão,	Let him believe him or them				
Plur.	,,	ákůk,	Let us believe him				
	"	ákāk, } ákāk, }	Believe ye him				
	Kittā "	āwuk,	Let them believe him or them				
	Plural.						
Sing.	tapwa	itow ákunik,	Believe thou them				
9	Kitta "	āo,	Let him believe him or them				
Plur.	,,	&bybmanib \	Let us believe them				
	"	åkākook, ) åkākook,	Believe ye them				
	Kitta "	āwuk,	Let them believe him or them.				

### IMPERATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat ak,

Let him be believed by him

or them

Plur. Kitta tapwåt akwuk,

Let them be believed by him

or them.

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE, Sing. Ne tapwatow imawa,\* I believe his him, or them Ke imawa, Thou believest his him, or them imāo, imāyewa, He believes his him, or them āyewa, Plur. Ne imanana, We believe his him, or them Ke imananowa, 1. 2 Ke imawawa, Ye or You believe his him, or them imāwuk, They believe his him, or them imāyewa, āyewa, PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE. I believed his him, or them Sing. Ne tapwatow ima or imaty, Thou believedst his him, or them Ke imá or imáty, Oo imá or imáty, He believed his him, or them Oo imaye or imayety, Oo ayė or ayėty, imátanan, 1. 3 Plur. Ne We believed his him, or them. Ke imátananow, 1.2 Ye or You believed his him, or them Ke imátawaw, Oo imátawaw, imaye or imayety, Oo They believed his him, or them Oo aye or ayety, Sing. Ne tapwatow imapun, I believed his him, or them Ke imapun, Thou believedst his him, or them imāpun, He believed his him, or them imāyepun, ayepun, Plur. Ne imananapun, 1.3 We believed his him, or them imananapun, 1.2 Ke imawapun, Ye or You believed his him, or them imāpuneek, imāyepun, They believed his him, or them.

āyepun,

<sup>\*</sup> Where owi is printed in italics a may be substituted, as Ne tapwatowimawa or Ne tapwatamawa.

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD. PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne tap	wåt	akooyewa,	He	or They, in relation to him, believes or believe me
	Ke	,,	akooyewa,	He	or They, in relation to him,
					believes or believe thee
		"	akooyewa,	He	or They, in relation to him, is or are believed
Plur.	Ne	,,	akoonanana, 1.3	He	or They, in relation to him,
	Ke	"	akoonanowa, 1. 2)		believes or believe us
	Ke	,,	akoowawawa,)	He	or They, in relation to him,
		 m	akooyewawa,		believes or believe you
		"	akooyewa,	The	y, in relation to him, are believed
			PAST OR IMPE	RFE	CT TENSE.
Sing.	Ne tar	owat	akoyė or akoyėty,	He	or They, in relation to him,
					believed me
	Ke	"	akoyė or akoyėty, }	He	or They, in relation to him,
		"	akooyewawa,		believed thee
				He	or They, in relation to him,
	Oo	"	akoyė or akoyėty,		was or were believed
Plur.	Ne	"	akoyetanan, 1.3)	He	or They, in relation to him,
	Ke	"	akoyétananow, 1. 2		believed us
	Ke	"	akoyétawaw,	He	or They, in relation to him,
					believed you
	790	"	akoyėtawaw,	The	ey, in relation to him, were believed
/		_	Or	,	
Sing.	Ne taj	) wat	akoyepun,	He	or They, in relation to him, believed me
	Ke		akaranun	IJ.	
	N.e	"	akoyepun,	ne	or They, in relation to him, believed thee
		"	akoyepun,	He,	, in relation to him, was be- lieved
Plur.	Ne	"	akooyenanapun, 1.3	He	or They, in relation to him,
	Ke	"	akooyenanapun, 1.2	•	believed us
	Ke	"	akoyėtawapun,		or They, in relation to him,
			<u>-</u>		believed you
		"	akoyepuneek,	The	ey, in relation to him, were believed.

### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne kẻ tapwatow imawa, I have believed his him, or them &c.

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne kẻ tapwatow ima or imaty, I had believed his him, or them &c.

Sing. Ne ke tapwatow imapun, I had believed his him, or them &c.

### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwatow imawa, I shall or will believe his him, &c. or them

### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tapwatow imawa, I shall or will have believed his him, or them.

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwatow imawa, I may or can believe his him, &c. or them

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwatow ima or imaty, I might, could, would, or should &c. believe his him, or them

Or,

Sing. Ne ga tapwatow imapun, I might, could, would, or should &c. believe his him, or them

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tapwấtow imã or I might, could, would, or should imáty, have believed his him, or them.

### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akooyewa, He or They, in relation to him, has &c. or have believed me

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akoye or akoyety, He or They, in relation to him, had &c. believed me

Or,

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akoyepun, He or They &c. believ

He or They, in relation to him, had believed me.

### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akooyewa, He or They, in relation to him, shall or will believe me

### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akooyewa, He or They, in relation to him, shall &c. or will have believed me.

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat akooyewa, He or They, in relation to him, may &c. or can believe me

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt akoyè or akoyèty, He or They, in relation to him, might, &c. could, would, or should believe me

Or,

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akoyepun, He or They, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe me

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Nega kẻ tap wất a koyẻ or a koyẻ ty, He or They, in relation to him, migh &c. could, would, or should have believed me.

Or,

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwatow imapun I might, could, would, or should have &c. believed his him, or them.

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	ā tap	watow	C	` ,	I believe his him, or them	
Plur.	,,	"	imut,	"	Thou believest his him, or them	
	"	"	imat,	II. ballaman bia bina an Abam	He believes his him, or them	
	17	"	imayit, }	"	He believes his him, or them	
	"	"	ayit,			
	"	"	imukeet, 1.3	,,	We believe his him, or them	
	"	,,	imúk, 1.2)		77	
	,	"	imāk,	- <b>,,</b>	Ye or You believe his him, or them	
	"	"	imatchik			
	"	"	imatwaw	"	They believe his him, or them	
	"	"	imayit \	,,		
•	11	"	ayit			

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	ā	tapwatow	imukepun,	(that)	I believed his him, or them
	,,	,,	imutepun,	,,	Thou believedst his him, or
Plur.	,,	"	imatepun,		them
	"	"	imapun,	"	He believed his him, or them
	,,	"	imayitepun,		
	,,	"	ayitepun, imukeètepun, 1. 3 imukopun, 1. 2 imākopun,		,
	,,	71		·) "	We believed his him, or them
	22	, ,,			
	,,	**			Ye or You believed his him, or them
	•	, ,,	imatchikepun,		They believed his him, or them.
	,	, , ,, .	imatwapun,	"	
	,	, ,,	imayitepun,	"	
	,	, ,,	avitepun,		•

Or,

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akoyepun, He or They, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed me.

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	ā, 1	tapwät	oweyit,	(that)	He or They, in relation to him, believes or believe me
•	"	"	oweyisk,	,,	He or They, in relation to him, believes or believe thee
. 4	"	".	akooyit,	,,,	He, in relation to him, is believed
Plur.	,,	11	oweyeyumeet, 1.3	"	He or They, in relation to him,
	,,	"	oweyitůk, 1.2		believes or believe us
	΄,,	"	oweyitāk,	"	He or They, in relation to him, believes or believe you
	"	"	akooyitchik,	31	They, in relation to him, are
٠	"	,,	akooyitwaw,		believed

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	ā te	apwā	t oweyitepun, )	(that	) He or They, in relation to him,		
	"	"	", oweyépun,		believed me ,, He or They, in relation to him, believed thee		
	11 23 t	,, ,,	akooyitepun, akooyépun, oweyeyumeétepun, 1.3 oweyitûkepun, 1.2 oweyitākepun	believed	He, in relation to him, was		
	"	"			believed us  He or They, in relation to him,		
	"	"	akooyitchikepun, akooyitwapun, akooyewapun.	"	believed you  They, in relation to him, were believed.		

Plur.

### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. ā ke tapwātow imuk, (that) I have believed his him, or them &c.

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. ā ke tapwatow imukepun, (that) I had believed his him, or them

### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow imuk, (that) I shall or will believe his him, or them

I to believe his him, or them

### And,

(when) I shall or will believe his him, tapwatow imuke, Sing. or them

imutche, (when) Thou shalt or wilt believe his him, or them

imatche, (when) He shalf or will believe his imayitche, him, or them

ayitche,

imukeetche, 1.3) (when) We shall or will believe his

imůko, 1. 2 him, or them

imāko, (when) Ye or You shall or will believe his him, or them

imatwawe, (when) They shall or will believe his imayitche, him, or them ayitche,

### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwatow imuk, (that) I shall or will have believed his &c. him, or them

I to have believed his him, or them

And, Sing. Kė tapwatow imuke,

&с.

(when) I shall or will have believed his him, or them.

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ké tapwatow imuk, (that) I may or can believe his him, or &c. them

### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. ā kẻ tapwat oweyit, &c.

(that) He or They, in relation to him, has or have believed me

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. ā ke tapwat oweyitepun ) oweyepun, S (that) He or They, in relation to him, had believed me

&c.

### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat oweyit, &c.

(that) He or They, in relation to him, shall or will believe me

> He or They, in relation to him, to believe me

And,

Sing. tapwat oweyitche, (when) He or They, in relation to him, shall or will believe me

oweyiske,

(when) He or They, in relation to him, shall or will believe thee

akooyitche,

(when) He or They, in relation to him, shall or will be believed

"

oweyeyumeetche, 1.3 ) (when) He or They, in relation to

oweyitůko,

him, shall or will believe us

oweyitāko,

(when) He or They, in relation to him, shall or will believe you

akooyitwawe,

(when) They, in relation to him, shall or will be believed

### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat oweyit, &c.

(that) He or They, in relation to him, shall or will have believed me

He or They, in relation to him, to have believed me

And.

Sing. Ke tapwat owevitche, &c.

when) He or They, in relation to him, shall or will have believed

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat oweyit,

(that) He or They, in relation to him, may or can believe me

### And,

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kė tapwatow imuke, &c.

(when) I may or can believe his him, or them

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow imukepun, &c.

(that) I might, could, would, or should believe his him, or them

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwatow imukepun, (that) I might, could, would, or &c. should have believed his him, or them.

### IMPERATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	ta	pwåto	w im,	Believe thou his him
	Kitta	- ,,	āyewa,	Let him believe his him
Plur.		"	imatan, tak,	Let us believe his him
		"	imeek, imak,	Believe ye his him
•	Kitta	"	āyewa,	Let them believe his him

### Plural.

Sing.		tapwatow	im	Believe thou his them
	Kitta	,,	āyewa,	Let him believe his them
Plur.		"	imatanik,	Let us believe his them
		"	imeékook,	Believe ye his them
	Kitta		āvewa.	Let them believe his them

### CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Sing. Ke tapwatow imuk,

Had I believed his him.

### And,

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ke tapwat oweyitche, (when) He or They, in relation to him, &c. may or can believe me

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat oweyitepun, { (that) He or They, in relation to him, &c. oweyepun, } might, could, would, or should believe me

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwat oweyitepun, oweyepun, (that) He or They, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed me.

### IMPERATIVE MOOD—Direct.

### FUTURE TENSE (Indefinite).

Sing.	tapwất <i>ow i</i> mákun,			Believe thou his him	
	Kitta	"	āye <b>wa</b> ,	Let him believe his him	
Plur.		71	imákúk,	Let us believe his him	
		"	imákāk,	Believe ye his him	
	Kitta	"	āyewa,	Let them believe his him	

### Plural.

Sing.	tapwatow	imåkunik,	Believe thou his them
Kitta	, ,,	āyewa	Let him believe his them
Plur.	"	imákúkwawik, ) imákúkwanik	Let us believe his them
	"	imåkākook,	Believe ye his them
Kitt	a ,,	āyewa	Let them believe his them.

### CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Sing. Ke tapwatow eyit, Had He or They, in relation to him, believed me.

### IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwat akooyewa, Let him or them, in relation to him, be believed by his him, or them.

# DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

# PRESENT TENSE.

	PRESENT TE	NBE.
Sing.  Plur.	teapwatow awuka, ,, awuta, ,, akwa ,, awukeéta, 1.3 ,, awukwa, 1.2 ,, awakwa, ,, awakwa,	If, whether I believe him ,, Thou believest him ,, He believes him , We believe him ,, Ye or You believe him ,, They believe him
	Plural.	•
Sing. Plur.	teäpwätow awukānik, ,, awutānik, ,, akwā, ,, awukeetānik, 1. 3 ]	If, whether I believe them ,, Thou believest them ,, He believes them ,, We believe them
·	" awûkwānik, 1.2 <sup>]</sup> " awākwānik, " awakwā,	" YeorYou believe them " They believe them
	PAST OR IMPERFE	CCT TENSE.
Sing.	teäpwätow awukepunā, ,, awutepunā, ,, akopunā ,, awukeetepunā, 1. 3 ,, awukopunā, 1. 2	If, whether I believed him ,, Thou believedst him ,, He believed him ,, We believed him
٥	,, awākopunā, ,, awakopunā, Plural.	" Ye or You believed him " They believed him
Sing.	teäpwätow awukepunānik, ,, awutepunānik, ,, akopunā, ,, awukeètepunānik, 1.3 ,, awukopunānik, 1.2 ,, awākopunānik,	· we believed them

awakopunā,

They believed them

# DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive). PRESENT TENSE.

				,
Sing.	teäpwåtow	ikwā,	If, whether	He believes me
	"	iskwā,	"	He believes thee
	"	ikookwā,	"	He is believed by him
Plur.	"	eyumeeta, 1.3		·
		itůkwā, 1.2		He believes us
	"	itākwā,		He believes you
	"	ikoowakwā,	<b>4</b> 11	They are believed by him
	<b>,</b> "	2100 Wall Way	"	They are believed by him
	·	1	Plural.	
Sing.	teäpwåtow	ewakwā,	If, whether	They believe me
Ū	- ,,	iskwānik,	,,	They believe thee
	"	ikookwā,	"	He is believed
Plur.	,,	eyumeetanik, 1.3		<b>m</b>
	,, ,,	itůkwänik, 1.2.	<b>}</b>	They believe us
	,, <u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	itākwānik,	"	They believe you
	"	ikoowakwā,	"	They are believed
	,,	•	,,	<b>3</b>
		PAST OR IM	PERFECT TE	NSE.
Sing.	teäpwatow	itepunā, )	If whather	Un haliand ma
	"	épunā, ∫	ii, whether	He believed me
	,,	iskepunā,	"	He believed thee
	,,	ikootepunā, ]		II balland
	"	ikookopunā,∫	"	He was believed
Plur.	,,	eyumeetepunā, 1.	3)	II. ballamad aa
	"		. 2  "	He believed us
	"	itākepunā,	,,	He believed you
	••	ikootchikepunā,	)	
	"	ikootwapuna,	<b>,</b> ,	They were believed
	<b>33</b>	ikoowapunā,	)	·
	,,	• .	N 1	1
		, 1	Plural.	
Sing.	teäpwåtow	ewāpunā,	If, whether	They believed me
	"	iskepunānik,	".	They believed thee
	"	ikootepunā, }		He was believed
	"	ikookopunā, 🕽	"	IIC Was Delicyeu

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåtow awukā, If, whether I have believed him Kè &c.

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåtow awukepunā, If, whether I had believed him Kè &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow awuka, If, whether I shall or will believe him &c.

Ka tapwatow awuka, If, whether I shall or will believe him &c.

## FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ké tapwåtow awukā, Kā ké tapwåtow awukā, If, whether I shall or will have believed him.

Kā ké tapwåtow awukā, If, whether I shall or will have believed him.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kê tapwâtow awukā, If, whether I may or can believe him Kā kê tapwâtow awukā, If, whether I may or can believe him &c.

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow awukepuna, If, whether I might, could, would, or should believe him

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ké tapwåtow awuke- If, whether I might, could, would, or punā, should have believed him.

Plur. Teäpwåtow eyumeetepunanik,

1. 3 If, whether They believed us

" itůkepunānik,  $1.2^{
m )}$ 

,, itākepunānik, " They believed you

" ikootchikepunā,

, ikootwapuna, } ,, They were believed

,, ikoow**ápunā,** 

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåtow ikwā, If, whether He has believed me Kė &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåtow itepunā, If, whether He had believed me Kè &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow ikwa, If, whether He shall or will believe me Ka &c.

## FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow ikwa, If, whether He shall or will have be-Ka ke &c. lieved me.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kê tapwâtow ikwā, If, whether He may or can believe me Kā kê &c.

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwåtow itepunā, If, whether He might, could, would, or &c. should believe me

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow itepuna, If, whether He might, could, would, or should have believed me.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE.—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Teäp	owatow imawukwa,	If, whether I believe his him, or them
	" imawutā,	If, whether Thou believest his him, or them
	,, imakwā, ) ,, imayikwā, }	If, whether He believes his him, or
	" ayikwā,	them
Plur.		If, whether We believe his him, or them
	" imawukwa, 1, 2 " imawakwa,	If, whether Ye or You believe his him,
	,, imawakwā, , , imayikwā, }	If, whether They believe his him, or
	,, ayikwā,	them
	PAST OR IM	PERFECT TENSE.
Sing. Teä	pwatow imawukepuna,	If, whether I believed his him, or them
	,, imawutepunā,	If, whether Thou believedst his him, or them
	,, imakopunā, ) ,, imayikopunā, }	If, whether He believed his him, or
	", ayikopunā,	them
Plur.	" imawukeétepunā,	1.
	" imawůkopunā, 1, 2	If, whether We believed his him, or them
	" imawākopunā,	If, whether Ye or You believed his him, or them
	" imawakopunā,	·

## PERFECT TENSE.

If, whether They believed his him, or

them

imatwapuna,

imawapuna, imayikopuna,

ayikopuna,

Sing. Ka tapy	vātow imawukwā,	If, whether I have believed his him, or
Kĕ	&c.	them.

## ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE.—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

# PREENT TENSE.

Sing.	Teäpwätow	eyikwā,	If, whether He or They, in relation to him, believes me
	<b>))</b>	eyiskwā,	If, whether He or They, in relation to him, believes thee
	,,	ikooyikwā,	If, whether He or They, in relation to him, is believed
Plur.	"	eyeyumeétā, 1,	3) If, whether He or They, in relation to
	"	eyitûkwā, 1,	2) him, believes us
	"	eyitākwā,	If, whether He or They, in relation to him, believes you
	<b>)</b> 1	ikooyewakwā,	If, whether They, in relation to him, are believed

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Teäpwåtow	eyikopunā,	If, whether He or They, in relation to
	27	eyėpunā, ∫	him, believed me
	,,	eyiskepunā,	If, whether He or They, in relation to him, believed thee
	•	•••	•
	<b>"</b> (	ikooyekopunā, }	If, whether He or They, in relation to
	"	ikooyekopuna,	him, was believed
Plur.	"	eyeyumeetepuna, 1, 3 eyitukepuna, 1, 2	(If, whether He or They, in relation to
	"	eyitākepunā,	If, whether He or They, in relation to him, believed you
	"	ikooyitchikepunä	,),,
	"	ikooyitwapuna,	(If, whether They, in relation to him,
	"	ikooyewapunā,	were believed

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåtow eyikwā, If, whether He or They, in relation to Kė ,, him, has believed me

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ka tapwatow imawukepuna, If, whether I had believed his Ke &c. him, or them

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow imawukwa, If, whether I shall or will believe Kā &c. his him, or them

## FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow imawukwa, If, whether I shall or will have Kā ke &c. believed his him, or them.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow imawukwa, If, whether I may or can believe Kā ke &c. his him, or them

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow imawukepuna, If, whether I might, could, would, Ka &c. or should believe his him, or them

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwatow imawukepuna, If, whether I might, could, would, Ka kė &c. or should have believed his him, or them.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåtow eyikopunā, If, whether He or They, in relation to Kė &c. him, had believed me

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow eyikwa, If, whether He or They, in relation to Ka &c. him, shall or will believe me

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow eyikwa, If, whether He or They, in relation to Ka ke &c. him, shall or will have believed me.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kẻ tapwatow eyikwa, If, whether He or They, in relation to Ka kẻ &c. him, may or can believe me

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow eyikopuna, If, whether He or They, in relation to Ka &c. him, might, could, would, or should believe me

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow eyikopuna, If, whether He or They, in relation to Ka ke &c. him, might, could, would, or should have believed me.

## SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.—INDICATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Ke , atookwā, Thou , ātookwā, He i  Plur. Ne , ananatookwā, 1, 3 ) We Ke , ananatookwā, 1, 2 }	ieve him, I suppose, it seems i believest him, I suppose, it seems believes him, I suppose, it seems believe him, I suppose, it seems or You believe him, I suppose,
" ātookwānik, They	it seems believe him, I suppose, it seems
Plural.	
Sing. Ne tapwatow atookwanik, I bel	ieve them, I suppose, it seems
Ke ,, atookwānik, Thou	believest them, I suppose, it
,, ātookwā, He	seems believes them, I suppose, it
	seems
	believe them, I suppose, it
	seems
. ,,	r You believe them, I suppose, it seems
	y believe them, I suppose, it seems
PAST OR IMPERFECT T	PENSE
Sing. Ne tapwatow akopun, I bel	lieved him, I suppose, it seems
	u believedst him, I suppose, it seems
	believed him, I suppose, it seems
Plur. Ne ,, ananakopun, 1, 3 \ We	believed him, I suppose, it
Ke ,, ananakopun, $1, 2$	seems
Ke ,, awawakopun, Ye o	or You believed him, I suppose, it seems
", āwakopun, The	y believed him, I suppose, it seems
Plural.	,
Sing. Ne tapwatow akopunuk, I bel	lieved them, I suppose, it seems
	ou believedst them, I suppose, it seems
,, ākopun, He	believed them, I suppose, it seems
Plur. Ne ,, ananakopunuk, 1, 3 We Ke ,, ananakopunuk, 1, 2	believed them, I suppose, it seems.

# SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.—INDICATIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

			PRESENT TENSE	<i>(</i> ,
Sing.	Ne tapy	watow	≀kotookwā,	He believes me, I suppose, it seems
	Ke	"	ikotookwā,	He believes thee, I suppose, it seems
	•	,,	ikotookwā,	He is believed, I suppose, it seems
Plur.		"	ikoonanatookwā, 1.3 } ikoonanatookwā, 1.2 }	He believes us, I suppose, it
	$\mathbf{Ke}$	"	ikoonanatookwa, I. 2 )	seems
	Ke	11	ikoowawatookwā,	He believes you, I suppose, it seems
		,,	ikotookwānik,	They are believed, I suppose, it seems
			· Plural.	
Sing.	Ne tap	<b>w</b> åtow	ikotookwānik,	They believe me, I suppose, it seems
	Ke	"	ikotookwānik,	They believe thee, I suppose, it seems
		"	ikotookwā,	He is believed, I suppose, it seems
Plur.	Ma		ilroomanataaluutimile 1 9)	The Late
I tur.		>>	ikoonanatookwanik, 1. 3/	They believe us, I suppose, it
	Ke	٠,,	ikoonanatookwanik, 1. 2)	
	Ke	"	ikoowawatookwanik,	They believe you, I suppose, it seems
		"	ikotookwānik,	They are believed, I suppose, it seems
			DIOM OF THEFT	
			PAST OR IMPERFECT	TENSE.
Sing.	Ne tap	wātou	kokopun,	He believed me, I suppose, it seems
	Ke	1%	ikokopun,	He believed thee, I suppose, it seems
		,,	ikokopun,	He was believed, I suppose, it seems
Plur.	Ne Ke	,,	ikoonanakopun, 1. 3	He believed us, I suppose, it
		"	ikoonanakopun, 1. 2	seems
	Ke	"	ikoowawakopun,	He believed you, I suppose, it seems
		"	ikoowakopun,	They were believed, I suppose, it seems
			י ברוך בי ברוך	
Sing.	Ne tap	watou	Plural. v ikokopunuk,	They believed me, I suppose,
•	17	i	., ,	it seems
	Ke	"	ikokopunuk,	They believed thee, I suppose, it seems
		"	ikokopun,	He was believed, I suppose, it seems
Plur.	Ne	"	ikoonanakopunuk, 1.3)	
	Ke	"	ikoonanakopunuk, 1. 2	They believed us, I suppose, it seems.

Ke tapwatow awawakopunuk, Ye believed them, I suppose, it seems

āwakopun, They believe them, I suppose, it seems

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ké tapwátow atookwa, I have believed him, I suppose, it &c. seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ké tapwâtow akopun, I had believed him, I suppose, &c. it seems

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwatow atookwa, I shall or will believe him, I sup-&c. pose, it seems

## FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwatow atookwa, I shall or will have believed him, &c. I suppose, it seems.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwatow atookwa, I may or can believe him, I &c. suppose, it seems

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwatow akopun, I might, could, would, or should &c. believe him, I suppose, it seems

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tapwatow akopun, I might, could, would or should have &c believed him, I suppose, it seems.

## SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

The same as the Subjunc. Mood of the Simple Verb, with the addition of atookwa, throughout all its tenses.

Ke tapwåtow ikoowawakopunuk,

They believed you, I suppose, it seems

ikoowakopun,

They were believed, I suppose, it seems

### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne kė tapwatow ikotookwa, &c.

He has believed me, I suppose, it seems

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne kė tapwatow ikokopun, &c.

He had believed me, I suppose, it seems

## FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwatow ikótookwa, &c.

He shall or will believe me, I suppose, it seems

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwatow ikótookwa,

He shall or will have believed me, I suppose, it seems.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwatow ikótookwa, &c.

He may or can believe me, I suppose, it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwatow ikokopun, &c.

He might, could, would, or should believe me, I suppose, it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwatow ikokopun, &c.

He might, could, would, or should have believed me..
I suppose, it seems.

## ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

## INDICATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne tap	watow	imatookwā,	I believe his him, or them, I suppose, it seems
	Ke .	,,	imatookwā,	Thou believest his him, or them, I suppose, it seems
Plur.	Ne Ke Ke	;; ;; ;; ;;	imātookwā, imāyétookwā, āyétookwā, imananatookwā, 1. 3) imananatookwā, 1. 2) imawawatookwā,	He believes his him, or them, I suppose, it seems  We believe his him, or them, I suppose, it seems  Ye or You believe his him, or
¥		;; ;;	imātookwānik, imāyétookwā, āyétookwā,	them, I suppose, it seems  They believe his him, or them, I suppose, it seems

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne ta	pwatow	imakopun,	I believed his him, or them, I
	Ke	,,	imakopun,	suppose, it seems Thou believedst his him, or them, I suppose, it seems
	. ,	», »,	imākopun, imāyekopun, āyekopun,	He believed his him, or them, I suppose, it seems
Plur.	Ne Ke Ke	;; ;; ;;	imananakopun, 1. 3 ) imananakopun, 1. 2 ) imawawakopun,	We believed his him, or them, I suppose, it seems Ye or You believed his him, or them, I suppose, it seems
,		" "	imāwakopun, ) imāyekopun, } äyekopun, }	They believed his him, or them, I suppose, it seems

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne kė tapwatow imatookwa, I have believed his him or them, I suppose, it seems

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwatow imakopun, I had believed his him, or them, &c. I suppose, it seems.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE.—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD. INDICATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne	tapwåtow	ikooyetookwā,	He or They, in relation to him, be- lieves or believe me, I sup-
	Ke	"	ikooyetookwā,	pose, it seems  He or They, in relation to him, believes or believe thee, I
		"	ikooyetookwā,	suppose, it seems.  He or They, in relation to him, is or are believed, I suppose, it seems
Plur.	Ne	"	ikooyenanatookwā,	He or They, in relation to him,
	Ke	77	kooyenanatook $\tilde{wa}$ , 1. 2	believes or believe us, I suppose, it seems
•	Ke	**	ikooyewatookwā,	He or They, in relation to him, believes or believe you, I
		"	ikooyetookwā,	suppose, it seems They, in relation to him, are be- lieved, I suppose, it seems

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne	tapwåto <i>w</i>	ik <b>o</b> oyekopun,	He or They, in relation to him, be- lieved me, I suppose, it seems
	<b>K</b> e	"	ikooyekopun,	He or They, in relation to him, be- lieved thee, I suppose, it seems
		"	ikooyekopun,	He or They, in relation to him, was believed, I suppose, it seems
Plur.	Ne	,,	ikooyétananakopun,	)
	Ke	)) ))	1. 3 ikooyétan <i>an</i> akopun, 1. 2	He or They, in relation to him, believed us, I suppose, it seems
	Ke	1,	ikooyétawakopun,	He or They, in relation to him, be- lieved you, I suppose, it seems
•		y	ikooyekopun;	They, in relation to him, were believed, I suppose, it seems

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwatow ikooyetookwa, &c.

He or They, in relation to him, has or have believed me, I suppose, it seems

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwatow ikooyekopun, &c. He or They, in relation to him, had believed me, I suppose, it seems.

### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwatow imawaatookwa, I shall or will believe his him, or them, I suppose, it seems

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwatow imawaatookwa, I shall or will have believed his &c. him, or them, I suppose, it seems.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwatow imawaatookwa, I may or can believe his him, or &c. them, I suppose, it seems

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga tapwatow imakopun,
&c.
I might, could, would, or should,
believe his him, or them, I
suppose, it seems

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwatow imakopun, I might, could, would, or should, &c. have believed his him, or them, I suppose, it seems.

## SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

The same as the Accessory or Possessive Case of the simple Verb, with the addition of  $\bar{a}tookw\bar{a}$  throughout all its tenses.

## FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwatow ikooyewaatookwa, He or They, in relation to him, &c. shall or will believe me, I suppose, it seems

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kė tapwatowo ikooyewaatook- He or They, in relation to him, shall or will have believed me, I suppose, it seems.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwatow ikooyewaatook- He or They, in relation to him, &c. [wa, may or can believe me, I suppose, it seems

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwatow ikooyekopun, &c.

He or They, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should, believe me, I suppose, it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwåtow ikooyekopun, &c.

He or They, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should, have believed me, I suppose, it seems.

## OPTATIVE MOOD.

# INDICATIVE MOOD. | SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

ā we, flat vowel wa, I wish, want, or am about Present Tense, Ne wè Ne we ā wé, Imper. wà Ne ké wé Perfect ā ké wé, ká wé ā kẻ wẻ, kả wẻ Ne ké wé Pluper.kitta wé, kā wé, wé Ne ga wé Future Fut. Per. " kitta ké wé, kā ké wé, ké wé. Ne ga ké wé

# POTENTIAL MOOD. Present Tense, Ne ga kë wë

Imper.

Pluper.

Ne ga we

Ne ga kê wê

kitta kẻ wẻ, kā kẻ wẻ, kẻ wẻ kitta wẻ, kā wẻ kitta kẻ wẻ, kā kẻ wẻ.

POTENTIAL MOOD.

## IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Wé, kitta wé.

The above may be placed before the preceding Moods and Tenses.

## SECOND AND FIRST PERSONS.

## INDICATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ta	pwåtow in		believest me
Ke	,, inan		believest us, 1. 3
Plur. Ke	" inav	vaw, Ye or	You believe me
$\mathbf{K}\mathbf{e}$	,, inan	, 1. 3 Ye or	You believe us, 1. 3

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke tapwato	ow é or éty,	Thou believedst me
Ke "	étan,	Thou believedst us, 1. 3
Plur. Ke "	ėtawaw,	Ye or You believed me
Ke "	étan,	Ye or You believed us, 1. 3

## Or,

Sing. K	e tapwatow	inapun,	Thou believedst me
K	- ,,	inanapun,	Thou believedst us, 1.3
Plur. K	11	inawapun,	Ye or You believed me
$\mathbf{K}_{i}$	е,,	inanapun,	Ye or You believed us, 1. 3

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Ke kė	tapwatow	in,	Thou hast	believed	me
J		- &c.				

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ké tapwatow é or éty,	Thou hadst believed me
&c.	

## Or,

Sing. Ke ke tapwatow inapun,	Thou hadst believed me
&c.	•

## FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga tapwatow in,	Thou shalt or wilt believe me
&c.	

## FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga ke tapwatow in, Thou shalt or wilt have believed me. &c.

# SECOND AND FIRST PERSONS. INDICATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	Ke ta	pw <b>åt</b> o	w itin,	I believe thee
C	Ke	٠,,	itinawaw,	I believe you
Plur.	Ke	"	itinan,	We believe thee, 1.3
	Ke	"	itinan,	We believe you, 1. 3
		P	AST OR IMPERF	ECT TENSE.
Sing.	Ke ta	pwato	w itě, or itěty,	I believed thee
Ü	Ke	٠,,	itėtawaw,	I believed you
Plur.	Ke	,,	itėtan,	We believed thee, 1. 3
	Ke	"	itėtan,	We believed you, 1. 3
			Or,	
Sing.	Ke ta	pwåto	w itinapun,	I believed thee
	Ke	- ,,	itinawapun,	I believed you
Plur.	Ke	"	itinanapun,	We believed thee, 1.3
	Ke		itinananun.	We believed you, 1, 3

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ke tapwatow itin, I have believed thee &c.

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke kë tapwatow itë, or itëty, I had believed thee &c.

Or

Sing. Ke ke tapwatow itinapun I had believed thee &c.

## FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga tapwatow itin, I shall or will believe thee &c.

## FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga kẻ tapwatow itin, I shall or will have believed thee.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga kẻ tapwatow in, Thou mayst or canst believe me &c

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga tapwatow è or èty, Thou mightest, couldst, wouldst, &c or shouldst believe me

Sing. Ke ga tapwåtow inapun, Thou mightest, couldst, wouldst, &c. or shouldst believe me

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga ke tapwatow e or ety, Thou mightest, couldst, wouldst, &c. or shouldst have believed me

Or,
Sing. Ke ga ke tapwatow inapun,
&c.

Thou mightest, couldst, wouldst,
or shouldst have believed me.

## SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. ā tapwātow eyun, (that) Thou believest me

", ", eyāk, ", Thou believest us, 1.3

Plur. ", ", eyāk, ", Ye believe me

", ", eyāk, ", Ye believe us, 1.3

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. ā tapwātow eyupun, (that) Thou believedst me

", ", eyākepun, ", Thou believedst us, 1. 3

Plur. ", ", eyākepun, ", Ye believed me
", ", eyākepun, ", Ye believed us, 1. 3

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. ā ke tapwātow eyun, (that) Thou hast believed me &c.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga kẻ tapwắtow itin, I may or can believe thee &c.

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga tapwåtow ité or itéty, I might, could, would, or should believe thee

Sing. Ke ga tapwatow itinapun, I might, could, would, or should believe thee

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga ke tapwatow ite or itety, I might, could, would, or should acc have believed thee

Sing. Ke ga kë tapwatow itinapun, I might, could, would, or should &c. have believed thee.

## SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. a tapwatow itan, (that) I believe thee

" itukook, itukwaw, I believe you

Plur. ", itak, ", We (1.3) believe thee

", itak, ", We (1.3) believe you

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. ā tapwātow itapan, (that) I believed thee

" itukookepun, itukwāpun, " I believed you

Plur. " itākopun, " We (1. 3) believed thee

" itākopun, " We (1. 3) believed you

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. ā kẻ tapwatow itan, (that) I have believed thee &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. ā kẻ tapwatow eyupun, (that) Thou hadst believed me

## FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow eyun, (that) Thou shalt or wilt believe me &c.

Thou to believe me

## And,

Sing. tapwatow eyune, (when) Thou shalt or wilt believe me

" eyake, " Thou shalt or wilt believe us, 1.3

Plur. ", eyako, " Ye shall or will believe me
" ye shall or will believe us, 1.3

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow eyun, (that) Thou shalt or wilt have believed me &c.

Thou to have believed me

## And,

Sing. Ke tapwatow eyune, (when) Thou shalt or wilt have believed me.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow eyun, (that) Thou mayst or canst believe me &c.

## And,

Sing. Ke tapwatow eyune, (when) Thou mayst or canst believe me &c.

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow eyupun, (that) Thou mightst, couldst, wouldst, &c. or shouldst believe me

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow eyupun, (that) Thou mightst, couldst, wouldst, &c. or shouldst have believed me.

## CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Sing. Kė tapwatow eyun, Hadst Thou believed me.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. a ke tapwatow itapan, (that) I had believed thee &c.

## FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow itan, (that) I shall or will believe thee &c. or,

## I to believe thee

And

Sing. tapwåtow itane, (when) I shall or will believe thee

" itukwawe, " I shall or will believe you

Plur. " itåke, " We (1. 3) shall or will believe

thee

" itake, " We (1. 3) shall or will believe you
" itako, " We (1. 3) shall or will believe you

## FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow itan, (that) I shall or will have believed thee &c. or,

I to have believed thee

Sing. Ke tapwatow itane, (when) I shall or will have believed thee.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwatow itan, (that) I may or can believe thee &c.

And,

Sing. Ke tapwatow itane, (when) I may or can believe thee &c.

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow itapan, (that) I might, could, would, or should &c. believe thee

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow itapan, (that) I might, could, would, or should ac. have believed thee.

## CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Sing. Ke tapwatow itan, Had I believed thee.

## IMPERATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	tapwatow in,	Believe thou me
O	" inar	, Believe thou us, 1. 3
Plur.	,, ik,	Believe ye me
A COLOR	,, ina	a, Believe ye us, 1. 3

## FUTURE (Indefinite).

Sing.	tapwätow ékun,	Believe thou me
J	", ěkák,	Believe thou us, 1. 3
Plur.	· " ėkāk,	Believe ye me
•	"ėkak,	Believe ye us, 1. 3.

# DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	teäpwätow wunā,	If, whether Thou believest me
· ·	" ew <b>ákw</b> ā,	" Thou believest us, 1. 3
Plur.	" ewākwā,	" Ye believe me
	" ew <b>ákw</b> ā,	" Ye believe us, 1. 9

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	teäpwatow	ewupunā,	Ιf,	whether	Thou believedst me
,	"	ewākepunā,		"	Thou believedst us, 1. 3
Plur.		ewākopunā,		22	Ye believed me
	"	ewakepuna	,	"	Ye believed us, 1. 3

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Kå ta	pwatow ewuna,	•	If, whether Thou hast believed me	
•	Kė.	&c.			

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåtow ewupuna, If, whether Thou hadst believed me Kė, &c.

## FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow ewuna, If, whether Thou shalt or wilt believe Ka, &c. me

# DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	teäpwätow itanā,	If, whethe	r I believe thee
•	" itukw	awukā, ,,	I believe you
Plur.	" it <b>á</b> kw	ā, ,,	We (1. 3) believe thee
	" itákw	ā, ,,	We (1. 3) believe you
	PAST (	R IMPERFECT	TENSE.
Sing.	teäpwätow itapan	ā, If, whether	r I believed thee
	,, itukwa		I believed you
Plur.	" itakop	unā, ,,	We (1.3) believed thee
	" it <b>å</b> kop	unā, ,,	We (1. 3) believed you
i de	r	ERFECT TENSE.	•
Sing. Ka	tapw <b>å</b> tow itanā,	If, whether	I have believed thee
Kė,	&c.	•	
	PL	UPERFECT TÉNS	BE.
Sing. Kå	tapwatow itapan	ā, If, whether	I had believed thee
Kě,	&c.		•
	•	FUTURE TENSE	
Sing. Kitte Kā,	tapwåtow itanā, &c.	If, whether	I shall or will believe the

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow ewuna, If, whether, Thou shalt or wilt have Ka ke, &c. believed me.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

## . PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kê tapwatow ewuna, If, whether, Thou mayst or canst Ka kê, &c. believe me

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwatow ewupuna, If, whether, Thou mightst, couldst, Ka, &c. wouldst, or shouldst believe me

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow ewupuna, If, whether, Thou mightst, couldst, Kā ke, &c. wouldst, or shouldst have believed me.

## SUPPOSITIVE MOOD-INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ke tapwatow inatookwa, Thou believest me, I suppose, it seems Thou believest us (1.3) I suppose, it seems

Plur. Ke tapwatow inawawatookwa, Ye believe me, I suppose, it seems Ke ,, inanatookwa, Ye believe us (1.3), I suppose, it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke tapwatow inakopun, Thou believedst me, I suppose, it seems Thou believedst us (1.3), I suppose, it

Plur. Ke ,, inawawakopun, Ye believed me, I suppose, it seems Ke ,, inanakopun, Ye believed us (1. 3), I suppose, it

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke kė tapwatow inatookwa, Thou hast believed me, I suppose, it seems

&c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ke tapwatow inakopun, Thou hadst believed me, I suppose, it seems.

&c.

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwatow itana, If, whether I shall or will have believed thee.

Kā kẻ &c.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwatow itana, If, whether I may or can believe thee Ka kė &c.

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwåtow itapanā, If, whether I might, could, would or should believe thee

Kā &c.

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwatow itapana, If, whether I might, could, would, or should have believed thee.

Kā kẻ &c.

## SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ke tapwatow itinatookwa, I believe thee, I suppose, it seems

Ke ,, itinawawatookwa, I believe you, I suppose, it seems

Plur. Ke ,, itinanatookwa, We (1.3) believe thee, I suppose, it seems

Ke ... itinanatookwa. We (1.3) believe you, I suppose it

itinanatookwā, We (1.3) believe you, I suppose it

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke tapwatow itinakopun, I believed thee, I suppose, it seems

Ke ,, itinawawakopun, I believed you, I suppose, it seems

Plur. Ke ,, itinanakopun, We (1.3) believed thee, I suppose
it seems

Ke ,, itinanakopun, We (1. 3) believed you, I suppose, it seems

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ke tapwatow itinatookwa, I have believed thee, I suppose it seems &c.

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ke tapwatow itinakopun, I had believed thee, I suppose, it seems.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga tapwatow inatookwa, Thou shalt or wilt believe me, I &c. suppose, it seems

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga ke tapwatow inatookwa, Thou shalt or wilt have believed &c. me, I suppose, it seems.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga ke tapwatow inatookwa, Thou mayst or canst believe me, I &c. suppose, it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga tapwatow inakopun, Thou mightst, couldst, wouldst, or shouldst believe me I suppose, it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga ke tapwatow inakopun, Thou mightst, couldst, wouldst, or shouldst have believed me, I suppose, it seems.

#### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

The same as the simple verb, with the addition of atookwa throughout all its tenses.

## OPTATIVE MOOD.

The same prefixes as noticed before at page 85, Ke we being used instead of Ne we in the Indicative and Potential Moods.

#### PRANSITIVE VERB-ANIMATE OBJECT-INVERSE

## FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga tapwatow itinatookwa, I shall or will believe thee, I suppose, it seems

## FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga ke tapwatow itinatookwa, I shall or will have believed thee &c. I suppose, it seems

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga kė tapwatow itinatookwa, I may or can believe thee, I suppose, it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga tapwatow itinakopun, I might, could, would, or should believe thee, I suppose, it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ke ga ke tapwatow itinakopun, I might, could, would, or should &c.

have believed thee, I suppose, it seems.

# INDETERMINATE.—Animate Object. (3rd Conjug. ao.)

## INDICATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Plur.	Ne tapwåt akan,  Ke ,, akan,	I believe somebody Thou believest He believes  We believe Ye believe They believe
Ü_	PAST OR IMPERFECT TI	ense.
Sing.	Ne tapwat aka, or akaty, Ke ,, aka, or akaty, Oo ,, aka, or akaty, Ne ,, akatanan, 1.3 Ke ,, akatananow, 1.2 Ke ,, akatawaw, Oo ,, akatawaw,	> Wa haliayad
Sing.	Ne tapwat akanapun, Ke ,, akanapun, ,, akapun,	We believed
	" akāwāpun, ) " akāpuneek,	They believed

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akan, I have believed somebody

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ké tapwát aká, or akáty, I had believed somebody.

# INDETERMINATE.—Animate Object. (3rd Conjug. āo.)

# INDICATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

			IBNOB.
Sing.	Ne tapwåt Ke "	akowin, akowin,	Somebody believes me Somebody believes thee
Plur.	,, Ne .,	owaw, akowinan, 1.3)	He is believed by somebody
2 000	Ke ,,	akowinanow, 1. 2	Somebody believes us
	Ke "	akowinawaw, owawuk,	Somebody believes you  They are believed by somebody
•		PAST OR IMPE	RFECT TENSE.
Sing.	Ne tapwat	akowé, ty,	Somebody believed me
	Ke ,,	akowé, ty,	Somebody believed thee
•	17	owa, ty,	He was believed by somebody
Plur.	Ne " Ke "	akowétanan, 1.3) akowétananow, 1.2)	O
	Ke "	akowetawaw, owatyuk,	Somebody believed you  They were believed by somebody
	"	O <sub>1</sub>	
Sing.	Ne tapwat	akowinapun,	Somebody believed me
•	Ke ,,	akowinapun,	Somebody believed thee
	. ,,	owapun,	He was believed by somebody
Plur.	Ne " Ke "	akowinanapun, 1.3) akowinanapun, 1.2)	Somenouv neueven us
	Ke ,,	akowinawapuu,	Somebody believed you
	. 22	owawapun, }	They were believed by somebody
		PERFECT	TENSE.
Q:	Mr. Li Anni	måk alkamin	Samahadir has believed me

Sing. Ne kê tapwat akowin, Somebody has believed me &c.

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akowe, ty, Somebody had believed me. &c.

100 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-ANIMATE OBJECT-DIRECT.

Or,

Sing. Ne kè tapwat akanapun, I had believed somebody &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt akan, I shall or will believe somebody &c.

## FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat akan, I shall or will have believed somebody.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kè tapwat akan, I may or can believe somebody &c.

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt akå, or akåty, I might, could, would, or should &c. believe somebody

Or,

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akanapun, I might, could, would, or should &c. believe somebody

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat aka, or akaty, I might, could, would, or should &c. have believed somebody

Or,

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat akanapun, I might, could, would, or should have &c. believed somebody.

## SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. ā tapwāt akāyan, (that) I believe somebody
", ", akāyun, Thou believest
", " akāt, He believes.

Or.

Sing. Ne kê tapwât akowinapun, Somebody had believed me &c.

## FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akowin, Somebody shall or will believe me &c.

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kê tapwat akowin, Somebody shall or will have be-&c. lieved me.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kê tapwât akowin, Somebody may or can believe me &c.

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt akowe, ty, Somebody might, could, would, or should believe me

Or.

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt akowinapun, Somebody might, could, would, or &c. should believe me

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tạp wất ako wẻ, ty, Somebody might, could, would, or should have believed me Or,

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tapwat akowinapun, Somebody might, could, would, or should have believed me.

## SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. ā tapwāt akoweyan, (that) Somebody believes me
,, ,, akoweyun, Somebody believes thee
,, åt He is believed.

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       TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-
Plur.
        ā tapwāt akāyāk, 1.3)
                                      (that) We believe somebody
                 akāyúk, 1.2)
                 akāyāk,
                                             Ye believe
                 akātchik, )
                                             They believe
                 akātwaw,
                      PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.
         ā tapwāt akāyapan,
                                     (that) I believed somebody
Sing.
                 akāyupun,
                                           Thou believedst
                 akātepun, )
                                            He believed
                 akapun,
Plur.
                 akāyakepun, 1. 3)
                                            We believed
                 akāyùkepun, 1. 2)
                 akāyākepun,
                                            Ye believed
                 akātchikepun,
                 akātwápun,
                                            They believed
                 akāwapun,
                            PERFECT TENSE.
       ā ke tapwat akāyan,
                                     (that) I have believed somebody
Sing.
              &c.
                           PLUPERFECT TENSE.
       ā kè tapwāt akāyapan,
                                      (that) I had believed somebody
              &c.
                            FUTURE TENSE.
       Kitta tapwat akayan,
                                     (that) I shall or will believe somebody
              &c.
                                            I to believe somebody
                                  And,
       tapwat akayane,
                                    (when) I shall or will believe somebody
Sing.
                                           Thou shalt or wilt believe
               akāyune,
                                            He shall or will believe
               akātche,
               akāyako, 1.3
Plur.
                                            We shall or will believe
               akāyūko, 1. 2 J
                                           Ye shall or will believe
               akāyāko,
                                           They shall or will believe
               akātwawe,
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Plur. ā	akoweyāk, , ,, åtchik, , ,, åtwaw,		Somebody believes us Somebody believes you They are believed	
Plur.	a tapwat akoweyapa , ,, akoweyupu , ,, atepun, , ,, akoweyake , ,, akoweyake	epun, 1.3 } epun, 1.2 }	Somebody believed me Somebody believed thee He was believed Somebody believed us Somebody believed you They were believed	
PERFECT TENSE.  Sing. ā kê tapwåt akoweyan, (that) Somebody has believed me &c.  PLUPERFECT TENSE.  Sing. ā kê tapwåt akoweyapan, (that) Somebody had believed me				
&c.  FUTURE TENSE.  Sing. Kitta tapwat akoweyan, (that) Somebody shall or will believe me  &c.  or  Somebody to believe me				
Sing. Plur.	•	yune, " yako, 1. 3) yuko, 1. 2) " yako "	a) Somebody shall or will believe me Somebody shall or will believe thee He shall or will be believed Somebody shall or will believe us Somebody shall or will believe you They shall or will be believed	

	-	
104	TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETER	MINATE—ANIMATE OBJECT—DIRECT.
	FUTURE PE	RFECT TENSE.
Sing.	Kitta kê tapwât akāyan, &c.	(that) I shall or will have believed somebody
	_	I to have believed somebody
Sing.	Kė tapwat akayane, &c.	(when) I shall or will have believed somebody
	POTENT	TIAL MOOD.
	PRESE	ENT TENSE.
Sing.	Kitta ke tapwat akayan, &c.	(that) I may or can believe somebody
Sing.		And, (when) I may or can believe somebody
7	PAST OR IM	PERFECT TENSE.
Sing.	Kitta tapwat akayapan, &c.	(that) I might, could, would, or should believe somebody
	PLUPER:	FECT TENSE.
Sing.	Kitta kẻ tapwat akayapan, &c.	that I might, could, would, or should have believed somebody.
	CONDITIO	ONAL MOOD.
Sing.	Kè tapwat akayan,	Had I believed somebody.
	&c.	
, e	IMPERA	TIVE MOOD.
	PRESE	ENT TENSE.
Sing.	tapwāt akā,	Believe thou somebody .
	Kitta " akāo,	Let him believe
Plur.		Let us (1.2) believe
	", akāk,	Believe ye
	Kitta "akāwuk,	Let them believe.

Inverse.

owawuk,

Let him be believed

Let them be believed.

Kitta tapwat owaw,

#### TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-ANIMATE OBJECT-INVERSE. 105

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat akoweyan, (that) Somebody shall or will have believed me-

&c.

Somebody to have believed me

And,

Sing Ke tapwat akoweyane, (when) Somebody shall or will have &c. believed me.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kë tapwat akoweyan, (that) Somebody may or can believe &c. me

And,

Sing. Ke tapwat akoweyane (when) Somebody may or ean be-&c. lieve me

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akoweyapan (that) Somebody might, could, would, or should believe me

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat akoweyapan, (that) Somebody might, could, would, &c. or should have believed me.

## CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Sing. Ke tapwat akoweyan, Had Somebody believed me.

## IMPERATIVE MOOD—Direct.

#### FUTURE (Indefinite).

Sing. tapwåt akåkun, Believe Thou somebody
Kitta ,, akāo, Let him believe

Plur. ,, akåkůk, Let us (1. 2) believe
,, akåkāk, Believe ye
Kitta ,, akāwuk, Let them believe.

Sing. Ne tapwat akawa, ty,

## ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne tapwat		akāwan,	I, in relation to him, believe somebody		
Ķe	"	akāwan,	Thou, in relation to him, believest, somebody		
_		1>			
	"	akāwāo, }	He, in relation to him, believes		
	11	akāyewa, S	somebody		
Plur. Ne	"	akāwanan, 1.3)	We, in relation to him, believe		
Ke	22	akāwananow, 1. 25	somebody		
Ke	"	akāwanawaw,	Ye, in relation to him, believe some- body		
•	. ,,	akāwāwuk, )	They, in relation to him, believe		
	<b>"</b> .	akāyewa, }	somebody		

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

I, in relation to him, believed some-

			,	body '
	Ke	 11	akāwā, ty,	Thou, in relation to him, believedst
		••		somebody
	Oo	22	akāwā, ty, )	He, in relation to him, believed
	Oo	"	akāyė, ty, )	somebody
Plur.	Ne	"	akāwatanan, 1.3)	We, in relation to him, believed
	Ke	"	akāwatananow, 1. 2)	somebody
	Ke	"	akāwatawaw,	Ye, in relation to him, believed some-
		"		body
	Oo	22	akāwātawaw, )	They, in relation to him, believed
	Oo	"	akāyė, ty,	somebody
		"	Or,	-
		_	·	
Sing.	Ne ta	pwāt	akāwanapun,	I, in relation to him, believed some- body
	Ke	"	akāwanapun,	Thou, in relation to him, believedst somebody
		"	akāyepun,	He, in relation to him, believed some-
		17	······································	
Plur.	Ne			body
Plur.	Ne Ke	"	akāwananapun, 1. 3)	body We, in relation to him, believed
Plur.	Ke	17	akāwananapun, 1. 3) akāwananapun, 1. 2)	body We, in relation to him, believed somebody
Plur.		"	akāwananapun, 1. 3)	body We, in relation to him, believed somebody Ye, in relation to him, believed
Plur.	Ke	37 47 27	akāwananapun, 1. 3) akāwananapun, 1. 2) akāwanawapun,	body We, in relation to him, believed somebody Ye, in relation to him, believed somebody
Plur.	Ke	17	akāwananapun, 1. 3) akāwananapun, 1. 2)	body We, in relation to him, believed somebody Ye, in relation to him, believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akawan, I, in relation to him, have believed somebody.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne t	apwat	akowewan,	Somebody believes me, in relation to him.
	Ke	"	akowewan,	Somebody believes thee, in relation to him
		3)	owimawa,	He, in relation to him, is believed by
Plur.	Ne	,?? <sub>.</sub>	akowewanan, 1.3)	Somebody believes us, in relation
	Ke	>>	akowewananow, 1. 25	to him
	Ke	"	akowewanawaw,	Somebody believes you, in relation
				to him
		"	owimawa,	They, in relation to him, are be- lieved by somebody

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

			TAST OR IMITEM	ECI IEND	<b>u.</b>
Sing.	Ne tap	wåt	akowewa, ty,	Somebody to him	believed me, in relation
	Ke	"	akowewa, ty,		believed thee, in relation
Plur.	Ne Ke Ke	)) )) )) ))	akowewatananow, 1. 2 akowewatawaw,	He, in rela Somebody to him	tion to him, was believed by believed us, in relation a believed you in relation
		<b>17</b>	owima, ty,		relation to him were be- y somebody
			Or,		
Sing.	Ne taj	pwåt	akowewanapun,	Somebody to him	believed me, in relation
	Ke	"	akowewanapun,		believed thee, in relation
Plyr.	Ne Ke Ke	?? ?? ?? ??	owimapun, akowewananapun,1.3 akowewananapun,1.2 akowewanawapun, owimapun, owimapun,	Somebody to him Somebody to him They, in	believed you, in relation
			• , ,		-J

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akowewan, Somebody has believed me, in relation &c. to him.

108 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-ANIMATE OBJECT-DIRECT.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akawa ty, I, in relation to him, had believed &c. somebody

Or.

Sing. Ne ké tapwát akāwanapun, I, in relation to him, had believed &c. somebody

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akawan, I, in relation to him, shall or will &c. believe somebody

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akawan, I, in relation to him, shall or will &c. have believed somebody.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat akawan, I, in relation to him, may or can believe somebody

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akawa, ty, I, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe somebody

Or.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akawanapun, I, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe some-body

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tạp wất akā wả, ty, I, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed somebody

Or,

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat akawanapun, I, in relation to him, might, could, &cc. would or should have believed somebody.

# TRANSITIVE VERB—INDETERMINATE—ANIMATE OBJECT—INVERSE. 109 PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ké tapwåt akowewå, ty, Somebody had believed me, in &c. relation to him

Or.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akowewanapun, Somebody had believed me, in relation &c. to him

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt akowewan, Somebody shall or will believe me, &c. in relation to him

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akowewan, Somebody shall or will have believed &c. me, in relation to him.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kê tapwât akowewan, Somebody may or can believe me, in relation to him

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt akowewå, ty, Somebody might, could, would, or should believe me, in relation to him

Or,

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akowewanapun, Somebody might, could, would, or should believe me, in relation to him

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ké tapwát akowewá, ty, Somebody might, could, would, or should have believed me, in relation to him

Sing. Ne ga kê tapwât akowewanapun, Somebody might, could, would, or should have believed me, in relation to him.

## SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	ā ta	pwat	akāwuk,		I, in relation to him, believe somebody
Ξ,	"	"	akāwut,	73	Thou, in relation to him, believest somebody
	,,	,,	akāwat, ) akāyit, }	,,	He, in relation to him, believes somebody
Plur.	"	<b>))</b> -	akāwukeet, 1. 3)		We, in relation to him, believe
riur.	"	<b>37</b>		,,,	
	"	. ))	akāwuk, 1.2)	)	somebody
	" "	1)	akāwāk,		Ye, in relation to him, believe some- body
	27	,,	akāwatchik, akāwatwaw,		There is relation to him believe
	"	"		"	They, in relation to him, believe
	"	77	akāyit,		somebody ' <sup>2</sup>
	<b>?</b> ?	>>	akāwayit, )		

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	ā ta	pwåt	akāwukepun, (th	at)	I, in relation to him, believed some- body
	<b>33</b>	",	akāwutepun,	11	Thou, in relation to him, believedst somebody
	)) ))	)) ))	akāwatepun, ) akāyitepun, } akāyēpun, }	<b>))</b>	He, in relation to him, believed somebody
Plur.	"	" "	akāwukeetepun,	"	We, in relation to him, believed somebody
	"	"	1. 2) akāwākepun,	"	Ye, in relation to him, believed somebody
	3) )) ))	" " " " "	akāwatchikepun, akāwatwapun, akāwapun, akāyitepun,	,,,	They, in relation to him, believed somebody
	3,	,,	akāyepun,		

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. ā ke tapwat akāwuk, (that) I, in relation to him, have believed somebody

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. ā ke tapwat akāwuke- (that) I, in relation to him, had believed somebody.

## SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	ā ta	pwåt	akowewuk,	(that)	Somebody to him		me, in	relation
	17	"	akowewut,	"	Somebody to him		thee, in	relation
	"	"	ameėt,	"	He, in rela		m, is be	lieved by
Plur.	"	"	akowewukeét		Somebody	believes	us, in re	lation to
	"	"	akowewúk,	1.2)	hi <b>m</b>			
-	<b>11</b> .	**	akowewāk,	"	Somebody to him		you, in	relation
			ameetchik,		They, in	relation	to him	are he-
	"	"	ameetwaw,					, uro so
	••	99	amociwaw, )		116460	by somet	ouy	
PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.								
Sing.	ā ta	pwät	akowewukepu	ın, (that)	Somebody to him		me, in	relation
	"	"	akowewutepu	ın, ".	Somebody to him		thee, in	relation
,	"	"	ameétepun,	٠,,,	He, in rel	ation to h	im, was	believed
DJ			-b126		by sor	neouty		
Plur.	"	"	akowewukeet					
				1. 3(,,	Somebody	believed	us, in r	elation to
	77	"	akowewukepu	ın, (	him			
			-	1. 2 <sup>)</sup>				
	<b>22</b> .	"	akowewakepi		Somebody him	believed	you, ir	relation
	"	"	ameètepun,	) "	They, in	relation t	o him.	were be-
			ameetwapun,			by somel		500 -
	"	>9			110 4 GA	of some	uy	,

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. ā kẻ tapwat akowewuk, (that) Somebody has believed me, in re-&c. lation to him

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. ā kẻ tapwát akowewuke-(that) Somebody had believed me, in re-&c. [pun, lation to him.

110	and a statement with the	TATOROUGHINA	A WIW	IATE OBJECT—DIRECT.
112	TRANSITIVE VERB -	FUTURE		ALE OBJECT—DIRECT.
Sing.	Kitta tapwåt akāv		ij	I, in relation to him, shall or will believe somebody or,
		· A	! <b>nd,</b>	I, in relation to him, to believe somebody
Sing.	tapwat aka	vuke,	(when)	I, in relation to him, shall or will believe somebody
•	", akā	wutche,	11	Thou, in relation to him, shalt or wilt believe somebody
		watche, ) yitche, }	**	He, in relation to him, shall or will believe somebody
Plur.	" akā " akā	wukeétche, 1. wuko, 1. wako,	~> ··	We, in relation to him, shall or will believe somebody Ye, in relation to him, shall or will believe somebody
	", akā	watwawe, ) yitche yitwawe, )	<b>))</b>	They, in relation to him, shall or will believe somebody
		FUTURE PE	RFECT T	ENSE.
Sing.	Kitta kë tapwat &c.	akāwuk,	(that)	I, in relation to him, shall or will have believed somebody or,
			nd,	I, in relation to him, to have believed somebody
Sing.	Kė tapwat akawu &c.	ike,	(when)	I, in relation to him shall or will have believed somebody.
	•	POTENTI.	AL MO	OD.
		PRESEN	T TENSE	L
Sing.	Kitta kë tapwat &c.		(that)	f, in relation to him, may or can believe somebody
Sing.	Kė tapwāt akāw &c.	uke,	(when)	I, in relation to him, may or can believe somebody
	P	AST OR IMP	ERFECT 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

(that) I, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe somebody Sing. Kitta tapwat akawukepun, &c.

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ké tapwat akawukepun, (that) I, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed somebody.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akowewuk, (that) Somebody shall or will believe &c. me, in relation to him

Somebody to believe me, in relation to him

#### And,

Sing. tapwat akowewuke, (when) Somebody shall or will believe me, in relation to him

akowewutche, "Somebody shall or will believe thee, in relation to him

ameetche, ,, He, in relation to him, shall or will be believed

" 'akowewukeétche,1.3) " Somebody shall or will believe us, in relation to him " akowewāko, " Somebody shall or will believe you, in relation to him

ameetwawe, ,, They, in relation to him, shall or will be believed

## FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat akowewuk, (that) Somebody shall or will have &c. believed me, in relation to him

Somebody to have believed me, in relation to him

## And,

Sing. Ke tapwat akowewuke,

Sing.

(when) Somebody shall or will have believed me, in relation to him.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat akowewuk, (that) Somebody may or can believe &c. me, in relation to him

Ke tapwat akowewuke, (when) Somebody may or can believe &c. me, in relation to him

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akowewukepun, (that) Somebody might, could, would, or should believe me, in relation to him

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ké tapwát akowewuke-&c. pun,] (that) Somebody might, could, would, or should have believed me, in relation to him.

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114 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE - ANIMATE OBJECT - DIRECT.

## CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Sing. Ke tapwat akawuk, Had I, in relation to him, believed somebody.

## IMPERATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	tapwat akao,		akāo,	Believe thou, in relation to him, some- body		
	-Kitta	"	akāyewa,	Let him, in relation to him, believe somebody		
Plur.	,	"	akāwatan, tak,	Let us (1. 2), in relation to him, be- lieve somebody		
		"	akāwāk,	Believe ye, in relation to him, somebody		
	Kitta	"	akāyewa,	Let them, in relation to him, believe somebody		

# FUTURE (Indefinite).

Sing	t	apwå	t akāwākun,	Believe thou, in relation to him, some- body
-	Kitta	"	akāyewa,	Let him, in relation to him, believe somebody
Plur.		,,	akāwākuk,	Let us (1.2), in relation to him, be- lieve somebody
·		,,	akāwākāk,	Believe ye, in relation to him, somebody
ر برنان بر	Kitta	"	akāyewa,	Let them, in relation to him, believe somebody.

# DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	teäpwåt	akāwanā,	If, whether	I believe somebody
<u>.</u>	 ?1	akāwunā,	1)	Thou believest somebody
	"	akākwā,	"	He believes somebody
Plur.	,,	akāwākwā, 1.3)		317. 1. 19
	"	akāwukwā, 1. 2	"	We believe somebody
	,,	akāwākwā,	22	Ye believe somebody
	<b>?1</b> ,	akāwakwā,	,,	They believe somebody

## CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Sing. Ké tapwat akowewuk, &c.

Had somebody believed me, in relation to him.

# IMPERATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat owimawa, Let him or them, in relation to him, be believed by somebody.

## DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	teäpwåt	akowewanā,	If, whether	Somebody believes me
	"	akowewunā,	"	Somebody believes thee
	"	owaweétā,	"	He is believed by somebody
Plur.	"	akowewakwa,	<b>}</b>	Somebodý believes us
	11	akowewukwa, 1	<b>2</b> ∫ "	•
	",	akowewākwā,	٠ ))	Somebody believes you
/	. ,,	owaweétānik,	"	They are believed by some- body

## 116 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-ANIMATE OBJECT-DIRECT.

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	teäpwät akāwapanā,	If, whether	I believed somebody
O	", akāwupunā,	17	Thou believedst somebody
	,, akākopunā,	,,	He believed somebody
Plur.	", akāwākepunā,	1. 3	We believed somebody
	", akāwúkepunā,	1.25 "	
	,, akāwākepunā,	,,	Ye believed somebody
	" akāwakepunā,	"	They believed somebody

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåt akāwanā, If, whether I have believed somebody Kė &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåt akāwapanā, If, whether I had believed somebody Kė &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akawana, If, whether I shall or will believe Ka &c. somebody

## FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ké tapwat akawana, If, whether I shall or will have be-Ka ké &c. lieved somebody.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kẻ tapwất akāwanā, If, whether I may or can believe Kā kẻ &c. somebody

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akawapana, If, whether I might, could, would, Ka &c. or should believe somebody

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwat akawapana, If, whether I might, could, would, Ka kė &c. or should have believed somebody

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	teäpwät	akowewapana, I	, whether	Somebody believed me
	11	akowewupunā,	"	Somebody believed thee
	"	owaweetepuna,	"	He was believed by some- body
Plur.	"	akowewakepuna, 1. 3 akowewakepuna, 1. 2		Somebody believed us
	11	akowewākepunā,	"	Somebody believed you
•	"	owaweetepunanik,	<b>,,,</b>	They were believed by somebody

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåt akowewanā, If, whether Somebody has believed me Kè &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåt akowewapana, If, whether Somebody had believed me Kå &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akowewana, If, whether Somebody shall or will ka &c. believe me

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwat akowewana, If, whether Somebody shall or will Ka kė &c. have believed me.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat akowewana, If, whether Somebody may or can Ka ke &c. believe me

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akowewapana, If, whether, Somebody might, could, Ka &c. would, or should believe me

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat akowewapana, If, whether Somebody might, could, Ka ke &c. would, or should have believed me.

## · ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE.—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	teäp <b>wå</b> t ak <b>åw</b> av	wukā,	If,	whether I, in relation to him, be- lieve somebody
	" akāwa	wutā,	If,	whether Thou, in relation to him, believest somebody
Plur.		akāwakwā, ) akāyikwā, }	If,	whether He, in relation to him, be-
				lieves somebody
	", akāwa ", akāwa	.wukeétā,1.3) .wùkwā, 1.2}	If,	whether We, in relation to him, believe somebody
	" akāwa	wākwā,	If,	whether Ye, in relation to him, be- lieve somebody
	" akāwa " akāyil		If,	whether They, in relation to him,
	" akāwa	yikwā,)		believe somebody

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	teäpwåt	akāwawukepunā,	If, whether I, in relation to him, believed somebody
	**	akāwawutepunā,	If, whether Thou, in relation to him, believed somebody
	" " "	akāwatepunā, akāyitepunā, akāyepunā,	If, whether He, in relation to him, believed somebody
Plur.	"	akāwawukeetepunā,	If, whether We, in relation to him, be- lieved somebody
	"	akāwawākepunā,	If, whether Ye, in relation to him, be- lieved somebody
	;; ;; ;;	akāwatchikepunā, akāwatwapunā, akāwapunā, akāyitepunā, akāyepunā,	If, whether They, in relation to him, believed somebody
	77	акауерина,	

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåt akāwawukā, If, whether I, in relation to him, have ke &c. believed somebody

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåt akāwawukepunā, If, whether I, in relation to him, had Kė &c. believed somebody.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE.—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	teäpwåt	akowewawukā,	If,	whether Somebody believes me, in relation to him
	"	akowewawutā,	If,	whether Somebody believes thee, in relation to him
	"	owimaweétā,	If,	whether He, in relation to him, is believed by somebody
Plur.	"	akowewawukeétā, 1.3 akowewawukwā, 1.2.	•	whether Somebody believes us, in relation to him
	"	akowewawakwa,	If,	whether Somebody believes you, in relation to him
	"	owimaweétānik,	If,	whether They, in relation to him, are believed by somebody

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.					
Sing. teäpw	åt akowewawukepunā,	If, whether Somebody believed me, in relation to him			
"	akowewawutepunā,	If, whether Somebody believed thee, in relation to him			
11	owimaweétepuna,	If, whether He, in relation to him, was believed by somebody			
Plur. ,,	akowewawukeéte-				
	punā, 1.3	(If, whether Somebody believed us, in			
. 11	akowewawùkepunā,	relation to him			
	1. 2	)			
73	akowewawakepuna,	If, whether Somebody believed you, in relation to him			
11	owimaweetepunanik	, If, whether They, in relation to him, were believed by somebody			

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåt akowewawukā, If, whether Somebody has believed me, Kė &c. in relation to him

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåt akowewawukepuna, If, whether Somebody had believed Kė &c. me, in relation to him.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akawawuka, If, whether I, in relation to him, Ka &c. shall or will believe somebody

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwat akawawuka, If, whether I, in relation to him, Ka kė &c. shall or will have believed somebody.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwat akawawuka, If, whether I, in relation to him, Ka kė &c. may or can believe somebody

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akawawukepuna, If, whether I, in relation to him, Ka &c. might, could, would, or should, believe somebody

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwat akawawukepuna, If, whether I, in relation to him, Ka kė &c. might, could, would, or should, have believed somebody.

## SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne ta	apwåt	akanatookwā,	I believe somebody, I suppose, it seems
	Ke.	"	akanatookwā,	Thou believest somebody, I suppose, it seems
		"	akātookwā,	He believes somebody, I suppose, it seems
Plur.	Ne	,,	akananatookwā, 1.3)	We believe somebody, I suppose,
	Ke	,, .	akananatookwā, 1. 2)	it seems
	Ke	"	akanawatookwa, "	Ye believe somebody, I suppose, it seems
		"	akātookwānik,	They believe somebody, I suppose, it seems.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwåt akowewawukā, If, whether Somebody shall or will Kā &c. believe me, in relation to him

## FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat akowewawuka, If, whether Somebody shall or will Ka ke &c. have believed me, in relation to him

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ké tapwat akowewawuka, If, whether Somebody may or can Ka ké &c. believe me, in relation to him

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akowewawukepuna, If, whether Somebody might, could, Ka &c. would, or should believe me, in relation to him

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwat akowewawukepuna, If, whether Somebody might, Kā kė &c. could, would, or should have believed me, in relation to him.

#### SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Somebody believes me, I suppose, Sing. Ne tapwät akowinatookwā, it seems Somebody believes thee, I suppose, Ke akowinatookwā, it seems owatookwa, He is believed by somebody, I suppose, it seems akowinanatookwā, 1.3) Somebody believes us, I suppose, it Plur. Ne Ke akowinanatookwā, 1.2) Ke akowinawatookwā, Somebody believes you, I suppose, it seems owatookwānik, They are believed by somebody, I suppose, it seems

122 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-ANIMATE OBJECT-DIRECT.

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne ta	pwå	t akanakopun,	I believed somebody, I suppose, it seems
	Ke	,,	akanakopun,	Thou believedst somebody, I suppose, it seems
		**	akākopun,	He believed somebody, I suppose, it seems
Plur.	Ne		akananakopun, 1.3)	We believed somebody, I sup-
	Ke	"	akananakopun, 1. 2	pose, it seems
		"		
	Ke	"	akanawakopun,	Ye believed somebody, I suppose, it seems
		"	akā <b>wa</b> kopun,	They believed somebody, I suppose, it seems
			TOTATION ME	

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne kė tapwat akanatookwa,	I have believed somebody, I sup-
_	&c.	pose, it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne ké tapwat akanakopun,	I had believed somebody, I sup-
	&c.	pose, it seems.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing.	Ne ga tapwat akanatookwa,	I shall or will believe somebody,
•	&c.	I suppose, it seems

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat akanatookwa, I shall or will have believed somebody, I suppose, it seems.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ké tapwát akanātookwā, I may or can believe somebody, &c. I suppose, it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akanakopun, I might, could, would, or should believe somebody, I suppose, it seems

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akanakopun, &c.

I might, could, would, or should have believed somebody, I suppose, it seems.

#### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

The same as the Subjunctive Mood of the Simple Verb, with the addition of atookwā throughout all its tenses.

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE:

Sing.	Ne ta	pwåt	akowinakopun,	Somebody believed me, I suppose, it seems
	Ke	"	akowinakopun,	Somebody believed thee, I suppose, it seems
*		"	owakopun,	He was believed by somebody, I suppose, it seems
Plur.	Ne	11	akowinanakopun, 1.3)	Somebody believed us, I suppose, it
	Ke	"	akowinanakopun, 1.2	seems
	Ke	"	akowinawakopun,	Somebody believed you, I suppose, it seems
		,,	owakopunuk,	They were believed by somebody, I suppose, it seems
			DEDERGE	

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akowinatookwa, Somebody has believed me, I suppose, it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ké tapwát akowinakopun, Somebody had believed me, I suppose, it seems

## FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwāt akowinātookwā, Somebody shall or will believe me, &c. I suppose, it seems

#### ... FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akowinatookwa, Somebody shall or will have be-&c. lieved me, I suppose, it seems.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat akowinatookwa, Somebody may or can believe me, I suppose, it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt akowinakopun, &c.
Somebody might, could, would, or should believe me, I suppose, it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akowinakopun, Somebody might, could, would, or should have believed me, I suppose, it seems.

# 124 TRANSITIVE VERB—INDETERMINATE—ANIMATE OBJECT—DIRECT.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

## INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne to	apwāt akāwanatookwā,	I, in relation to him, believe some- body, I suppose, it seems
Ke	" akāwanatookwā,	Thou, in relation to him, believest somebody, I suppose, it seems
Plur. Ne Ke Ke	" akāwananatookwā, 1.2 " akāwanawatookwā, " akāwātookwānik,)	He, in relation to him, believes somebody, I suppose, it seems We, in relation to him, believe somebody, I suppose, it seems Ye, in relation to him, believe somebody, I suppose, it seems They, in relation to him, believe
	,, akäyeetookwä ,, akäyeetookwänee,	somebody, I suppose, it seems

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne tapw	åt akāwanakopun,	I, in relation to him, believed somebody, I suppose, it seems
Ke "	akāwanakopun,	Thou, in relation to him, believedst somebody, I suppose, it seems
. ,,	akāyekopun,	He, in relation to him, believed somebody, I suppose, it seems
Plur. Ne,		3) We, in relation to him, believed
Ke,		
Ke,	al-Ebranarralianun	Ye, in relation to him, believed
		somebody, I suppose, it seems
	akāyekopun, akāyekopuneek,}	They, in relation to him, believed
9:	akāyekopuneek,∫	somebody, I suppose, it seems

## PERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne kė tapwāt akāwanatookwā,	I, in relation to him, have believed
	&c.	somebody, I suppose, it seems

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

·	
Sing. Ne ké tapwat akawanakopun,	I, in relation to him, had believed
&c.	somebody, I suppose, it seems

## FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akawanatookwa, &c.
Sec.
I, in relation to him, shall or will believe somebody, I suppose, it seems.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

# INDICATIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.					
Sing. Ne	tapwat	akowewanatookwā,	Somebody believes me, in relation to him, I suppose, it seems		
Ke	"	akowewanatookwā,	Somebody believes thee, in relation		
	. "	owimatookwā,	to him, I suppose, it seems He, in relation to him, is believed by somebody, I suppose, it seems		
Plur. Ne	"	akowewananatookwa, 1. 3	Somebody believes us, in relation		
Ke	1)	akowewananatookwā, (	to him, I suppose, it seems		
Ke	11	akowewanawatookwā,	Somebody believes you, in relation to him, I suppose, it seems		
	"	owimatookwā, owimatookwānee,	They, in relation to him, are be- lieved by somebody, I suppose, it seems		
•		DIGM OD IMPE			
•	_	PAST OR IMPER			
Sing. Ne	tapwa	it akowewanakopun,	Somebody believed me; in relation to him, I suppose, it seems		
Ke	"	akowewanakopun,	Somebody believed thee, in relation to him, I suppose, it seems		
•	"	owimakopůn,	He, in relation to him, was be- lieved by somebody, I suppose,		
Plur. No	,,	akowewananakopun, 1.3	it seems Somebody believed us, in relation		
Ke	, ,,	akowewananakopun, 1. 2	to him, I suppose, it seems		
Ke	,,	akowewanawakopun,	Somebody believed you, in relation to him, I suppose, it seems		
	"	owimakopun,	They, in relation to him, were be- lieved by somebody, I suppose, it seems		
		PERFECT	TENSE.		
Sing. N	e kė t	apw <b>āt akowewanatookw</b> ā	, Somebody has believed me, in re-		
J		&c.	lation to him, I suppose, it seems		
		PLUPERFEC	CT TENSE.		
~. ~~		S. 1 1	0 , , , , , , , , ,		

Sing. Ne ké tapwat akowewanakopun, Somebody had believed me, in relation to him, I suppose, it seems FUTURE TENSE.

Somebody shall or will believe Sing. Ne ga tapwat akowewanatookwa, me, in relation to him, I suppose, it seems.

126 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-AGENT AND OBJECT-DIRECT.

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akawanatookwa, I, in relation to him, shall or will acc.

have believed somebody, I suppose, it seems.

## POTENTIAL MOOD:

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat akawanatookwa, I, in relation to him, may or can &c. believe somebody, I suppose, it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akawanakopun, &c.
I, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe somebody, I suppose, it seems

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akawanakopun, kc. I, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed somebody, I suppose it seems.

#### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

The same as the Accessory or Possessive Case of the Subjunctive Mood of the Simple Verb, with the addition of atookwa throughout all its tenses.

#### OPTATIVE MOOD.

The same prefixes as noticed before at page 85.

## INDETERMINATE—AGENT AND OBJECT—INDICATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akanewew, , akanewun, } Somebody believes somebody (there is a believing)

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akanewepun, ,, akanewunopun, Somebody believed somebody

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akanewew, akanewew, Somebody has believed somebody

TRANSFIVE VERB—INDETERMINATE—AGENT AND OBJECT—INVERSE. 127

### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akowewanatookwa, Somebody shall or will have believed me, in relation to him, I suppose, it seems.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akowewanatookwa, Somebody may or can believe me &c. in relation to him, I suppose, it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt akowewanakopun, &c. Somebody might, could, would, or should believe me, in relation to him, I suppose, it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akowewanakopun, Somebody might, could, would or should have believed me, in relation to him, I suppose, it seems.

## INDETERMINATE—AGENT AND OBJECT—INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akowinanewew, , akowinanewun, } Somebody is believed by somebody

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akowinanewepun, Somebody was believed by some-,, akowinanewunopun, body

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Ke tapwat akowinanewew, Somebody has been believed by akowinanewun,

128 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-AGENT AND OBJECT-DIRECT. PLUPERFECT TENSE. Ké tapwat akanewepun, Somebody had believed somebody akanewunopun, FUTURE TENSE. Kitta tapwat akanewew, Somebody shall or will believe somebody akanewun, FUTURE PERFECT TENSE. Somebody shall or will have believed Kitta ké tapwat akanewew, akanewun, somebody. · POTENTIAL MOOD. PRESENT TENSE. Kitta ké tapwát akanewew, Somebody may or can believe somebody akanewun, PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE. Somebody might, could, would, or Kitta tapwat akanewepun, should believe somebody akanewunopun, PLUPERFECT TENSE. Kitta ké tapwát akanewepun, . ) Somebody might, could, would, or should have believed somebody. akanewunopun,) SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD. PRESENT TENSE. ā tapwat akanewik, (that) Somebody believes somebody akanewúk, akak, PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE. ā tapwat akanewikepun, (that) Somebody believed somebody akanewukepun, akakepun, PERFECT TENSE. (that) Somebody has believed somebody ā kẻ tapwat akanewik, &c.

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

ā tapwāt akowinanewikepun,
" akowinanewikepun,
" akowikepun,
" akowikepun,

#### PERFECT TENSE.

ā ke tapwāt akowinanewik, (that) Somebody has been believed by &c. somebody

130 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-AGENT AND OBJECT-DIRECT.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A ke tapwat akanewikepun, (that) Somebody had believed somebody &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akanewik, &c.

(that) Somebody shall or will believe somebody

Or, Somebody to believe somebody

And,

tapwåt akanewike, ,, akanewuke, ,, akåke,

(when) Somebody shall or will believe somebody

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwat akanewik, &c.

(that) Somebody shall or will have believed somebody

Or, Somebody to have believed somebody

And,

Ke tapwat akanewike, &c.

(when) Somebody shall or will have believed somebody

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kê tapwât akanewik, &c.

(that) Somebody may or can believe somebody

And,

Kė tapwat akanewike,

(when) Somebody may or can believe somebody

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akanewikepun, &c.

&е.

(that) Somebody might, could, would, or should believe somebody

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Ktta ke tapwat akanewikepun, (that) Somebody might, could, would, &c. or should have believed somebody

### CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Ké tapwat akanewik,

Had Somebody believed somebody

&c.

TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-AGENT AND OBJECT-INVERSE. 131

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A kê tapwat akowinanewikepun, (that) Somebody had been believed by &c. somebody

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akowinanewik, &c.

(that) Somebody shall or will be believed by somebody

Or, Somebody to be believed by somebody

## And,

tapwåt akowinanewike,
" akowinanewike,
" akowike,

(when) Somebody shall or will be believed by somebody

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akowinanewik, (that) Somebody shall or will have been &c. believed by somebody

Somebody to have been believed by somebody

#### And,

Kè tapwat akowinanewike, &c. (when) Somebody shall or will have been believed by somebody

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kê tapwât akowinanewik, (that) Somebody may or can be believed &c. by somebody

And,

Ke tapwat akowinanewike, (when) Somebody may or can be believed &c. by somebody

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akowinanewikepun, (that) Somebody might, could, would, or &c. should be believed by somebody

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akowinanewike- (that) Somebody might, could, would, or &c. [pun, should have been believed by somebody

#### CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Ké tapwát akowinanewik, Had Somebody been believed by somebody body

#### 132 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-AGENT AND OBJECT-DIRECT.

#### IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwat akanewew,

Let Somebody believe somebody

akanewun,

Let there be a believing

## ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akawan,

Somebody, in relation to him, believes somebody

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akawanapun,

Somebody, in relation to him, believed somebody

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Ké tapwat akawan,

Somebody, in relation to him, has believed somebody

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akawanapun,

Somebody, in relation to him, had believed somebody

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akawan,

Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will believe somebody

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akawan,

Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will have believed somebody

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwat akawan,

Somebody, in relation to him, may or can believe somebody

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akawanapun,

Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe somebody

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwat akawanapun,

Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed somebody

#### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat akaweet,

(that) Somebody, in relation to him, believes somebody

#### IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwat akowinanewew, akowinanewew, akowinanewen, } Let Somebody be believed by somebody

ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD. PRESENT TENSE.

tapwåt akowewan, Somebody, in relation to him, is believed by somebody

PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akowewanapun, Somebody, in relation to him, was believed by somebody

PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akowewan, Somebody, in relation to him, has been believed by somebody

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akowewanapun, Somebody, in relation to him, had been believed by somebody

FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akowewan, Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will be believed by somebody

FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akowewan, Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will have been believed by somebody

POTENTIAL MOOD. PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akowewan, Somebody, in relation to him, may or can be believed by somebody

PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE,

Kitta tapwat akowewanapun, Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should be believed by somebody

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akowewanapun, Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would or should have been believed by somebody

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat akoweweet, (that) Somebody, in relation to him, is believed by somebody

134 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-AGENT AND OBJECT-DIRECT.

PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat akaweetepun,

(that) Somebody, in relation to him, believed somebody

PERFECT TENSE.

A ké tapwát akaweét

(that) Somebody, in relation to him, has believed somebody

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A ke tapwat akaweetepun,

(that) Somebody, in relation to him, had believed somebody

FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwåt akāweėt,

(that) Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will believe somebody

Or, Somebody, in relation to him, to believe somebody

tapwat akaweetche,

(when) Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will believe somebody

FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kẻ tapwat akaweet,

(that) Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will have believed somebody

Or, Somebody, in relation to him, to have believed somebody

And,

Ké tapwat akaweétche,

(when) Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will have believed somebody

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akaweet,

(that) Somebody, in relation to him may or can believe somebody

And,

Kė tapwat akaweetche,

(when) Somebody, in relation to him, may or can believe somebody

PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akaweetepun,

(that) Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe somebody

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kê tapwât akāweetepun, (that) Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed somebody

CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Ké tapwát akaweét,

Had Somebody, in relation to him, believed somebody

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

[somebody

Kitta tapwat akawan,

Let Somebody, in relation to him, believe

PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwåt akoweweetepun, (that) Somebody, in relation to him, was believed by somebody

PERFECT TENSE.

A ke tapwat akoweweet, (that) Somebody, in relation to him, has been believed by somebody

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A kë tapwat akoweweetepun, (that) Somebody, in relation to him, had been believed by somebody

FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwåt akoweweet,

(that) Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will be believed by somebody Or, somebody, in relation to him, to be believed by somebody

And,

tapwat akoweweetche,

(when) Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will be believed by somebody

FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akoweweet,

(that) Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will have been believed by somebody

Or, somebody, in relation to him, to have been believed by somebody

And,

Kė tapwat akoweweetche,

(when) Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will have been believed by somebody

# POTENTIAL MOOD. PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwát akoweweét,

(that) Somebody, in relation to him, may or can be believed by somebody

And,

Kė tapwat akoweweetche,

(when) Somebody, in relation to him, may or can be believed by somebody

PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akoweweetepun, (that) Somebody, in relation to me, might, could, would, or should be believed by somebody

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kittakė tapwat akoweweėtepun, (that) Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have been believed by somebody.

CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Ké tapwat akoweweét,

Had Somebody, in relation to him, been believed by somebody

IMPERATIVE MOOD. [by somebody Kitta tapwat akowewan, Let Somebody, in relation to him, be believed

# DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

## PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwåt "	akanewikwā, akanewunookwā, akanewukwā,	If or whether Somebody believes body	some-
,,	akakwa,	)	

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwåt " "	akanewikepunā, akanewunookopunā, akanewúkepunā, akākepunā,	If or whether Some	ebody believed some-
99	akakepuna,	)	

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kå	tapwat akanewikwa,	If or whether Somebody has believed
Kė	&c.	${f somebody}$

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kå	tapwat akanewikepuna,	If or whether Somebody had believed
Kě	&c.	${\bf somebody}$

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat	t akanewikwā,	If	or	whether	Somebody	shall	or	will
Kā,	&c.			believe s	omebody			

## FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke	tapwāt akanewikwā,	If or whether Somebody shall or will
Kā kė	&c.	have believed somebody

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė	tapwat akanewikwa,	If or whether Somebody may or ca	ın
Kā kė	&c.	believe somebodý	

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta t	apwat akanewikepuna,	If or whether Somebody might, could,
Kā	&c.	would, or should believe somebody

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ké tar	owat akanewikepuna,	If or whether	r Someboo	ly mig	ht, could,
Kā kė	&c.	would, o	or should	have	believed
		somebod	<b>y</b>	~	

TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-AGENT AND OBJECT-INVERSE. 137

## DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

#### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwät akowinanewikwa,

- akowinanewunookwā, ( akowinanewukwa, "
- akowikwa, "

If or whether Somebody is believed by somebody

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwat akowinanewikepunä,

- akowinanewunookopuna, (If or whether Somebody was beakowinanewukepuna, lieved by somebody
- akowikepunā,

## PERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akowinanewikwā, &c.

If or whether Somebody has been believed by somebody

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akowinanewikepunā, &c.

If or whether Somebody had been believed by somebody

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akowinanewikwa, &c.

If or whether Somebody shall or will be believed by somebody

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akowinanewikwa, Kā kė

If or whether Somebody shall or will have been believed by somebody.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akowinanewikwa, Kā kė

If or whether Somebody may or canbe believed by somebody

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akowinanewikepuna, Kā

If or whether, Somebody might, could, would, or should be believed by somebody

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kê tapwat akowinanewikepuna, If or whether Somebody might, Kā kė

could, would, or should have been believed by somebody.

138 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-AGENT AND OBJECT-DIRECT.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE.—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

#### Subjunctive.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwät akāwaweetā,

If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, believes somebody

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwät akawaweetepuna,

If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, believed somebody

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akāwaweétā, Ké """, If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, has believed somebody

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akāwaweétepunā, Ké " If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, had believed somebody

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kītta tapwāt akāwaweetā, Kā ... If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will believe somebody

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwát akāwaweétā, Kā ké """

If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will have believed somebody.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akawaweėta, Ka kė """" If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, may or can believe somebody

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akawaweetepuna, Ka ", ", If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe somebody

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akawaweėtepuna, Ka kė ,, ,, If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed somebody.

## ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE.—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

## Subjunctive.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwät akowewaweetä,

If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, is believed by somebody

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwät akowewaweetepuna,

If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, was believed by somebody

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akowewaweetā, Ke ..... If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, has been believed by somebody

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akowewaweétepunā, Kė If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, had been believed by somebody

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akowewaweeta, Ka If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will be believed by somebody

## FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akowewaweėta, Ka kė If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will have been believed by somebody.

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akowewaweeta, Kā kė " " If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, may or can be believed by somebody

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akowewaweetepuna, Ka

If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should be believed by somebody

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akowewaweėtepuna, If or whether Somebody, in relation Ka kė un to him, might, could, would or

If or whether Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have been believed by somebody. 140 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-AGENT AND OBJECT-DIRECT.

## SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

	akanewetookwā,		Somebody	believes,	I	suppose,	it
"	akanewunotookwā,	)	seems	•			

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwât	akanewekopun,	<b>Somebody</b>	Somebody believed,	I	suppose,	it
,,	akanewunokopun,	S	seems			

#### PERFECT TENSE

Kě	tapwat	akanewetookwā,	) Somebody	has believed,	I suppose, it
,,	"	akanewunotookwā,	∫ seem	8	

## PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kě	tapwat	akanewekopun,	. )	Somebody had believed, I suppose, it
,,	,,	akanewunokopun,	5	seems

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta	tapwåt	akanewetookwā,	}	Somebody	shall	or	will	believe,	I
,,	,,	akanewunotookwā,	<b>S</b>	suppos	se, it s	eem	18	·	

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwat	akanewetookwā, )	Somebody	shall	or	will	have	be-
11 11 21	akanewunotookwa, )	lieved	l, I suj	pose	e, it se	ems.	

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta	kě 1	tapwat	akanewetookwā,	Somebody may or can believe,	I
,,	"	"	akanewunotookwā,	suppose or it seems	

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta	tapwā	t akanewekopun, 🚶	Somebody might, could, would, or
,,	"	akanewunokopun, ∫	should believe, I suppose or it
			seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta	kė	tapwát	akanewekopun,		Somebody might, could, would, or
"	"	"	akanewunokopun,	5	should have believed, I suppose

## SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

The same as the Subjunctive Mood of the Simple Verb, with the addition of  $\bar{a}tookw\bar{a}$  throughout all its tenses.

TRANSITIVE VERB—INDETERMINATE—AGENT AND OBJECT—INVERSE. 141
SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.
PRESENT TENSE.
tapwāt akowinanewetookwā, Somebody is believed, I suppose, it , akowinanewunotookwā, seems
PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.
tapwat akowinanewekopun, , akowinanewunokopun, } Somebody was believed, I suppose, it seems
PERFECT TENSE.
Kė tapwat akowinanewetookwa, , , akowinanewunotookwa, } Somebody has been believed, I suppose, it seems
PLUPERFECT TENSE.
Ké tapwát akowinanewekopun, , , akowinanewunokopun, } Somebody had been believed, I suppose, it seems
FUTURE TENSE.
Kitta tapwat akowinanewetookwa, , , , akowinanewenotookwa, } Somebody shall or will be believed, I suppose, it seems
FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.
Kitta kė tapwat akowinanewetookwa, Somebody shall or will have been ", ", akowinanewunotookwa, believed, I suppose, it seems.
POTENTIAL MOOD.
PRESENT TENSE.
Kitta kė tapwat akowinanewetookwa, Somebody may or can be believed, ,, ,, akowinanewunotookwa, I suppose or it seems
PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.
Kitta tapwat akowinanewekopun, , ,, akowinanewunokopun, } Somebody might, could, would, or should be believed, I suppose or it seems
DI HUDDURUM TENCE

Kitta ké tapwát akowinanewekopun, """"—"Somebody might, could, would, or """—"showinanewunokonun, should have been believed, I

suppose or it seems.

Kė ,,

# 142 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-AGENT AND OBJECT-DIRECT.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

# INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akawanatookwa,

Somebody, in relation to him, believes, I suppose or it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akawanakopun,

Somebody, in relation to him, believed, I suppose or it seems

# PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akawanatookwa,

Somebody, in relation to him, has believed, I suppose or it seems

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Ké tapwat akawanakopun,

Somebody, in relation to him, had believed, I suppose or it seems

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akawanatookwa,

Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will believe, I suppose or it seems

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwat akawanatookwa,

Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will have believed, I suppose, or it seems.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akawanatookwa,

Somebody, in relation to him, may or can believe, I suppose or it seems

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akawanakopun,

Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe, I suppose or it seems

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwat akawanakopun,

Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed, I suppose or it seems.

#### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

The same as the Accessory or Possessive Case of the Subjunctive Mood of the Simple Verb, with the addition of atookwa throughout all its tenses.

# OPTATIVE MOOD.

The same prefixes as noticed before at page 85.

TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-AGENT AND OBJECT-INVERSE. 143

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD. INDICATIVE MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE

tapwat akowewanatookwa,

Somebody, in relation to him, is believed, I suppose or it seems

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akowewanakopun,

Somebody, in relation to him, was believed, I suppose or it seems

# PERFECT TENSE.

Ke tapwat akowewanatookwa,

Somebody, in relation to him, has been believed, I suppose or it seems

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kè tapwat akowewanakopun,

Somebody, in relation to him, had been believed, I suppose or it seems

# FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akowewanatookwa

Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will be believed, I suppose or it seems

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akowewanatookwa,

Somebody, in relation to him, shall or will have been believed, I suppose or it seems.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwāt akowewanatookwā,

Somebody, in relation to him, may or can be believed, I suppose or it seems

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akowewanakopun,

Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would or should be believed, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akowewanakopun,

Somebody, in relation to him, might, could, would or should have been believed, I suppose or it seems.

#### 144 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-DEFINITE-DIRECT.

# INDETERMINATE—Inanimate—Definite.

# INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akao, It believes ,, akawa, They believe

PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwåt akāpun, It believed ,, akāpunee, They believed

PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akao, It has believed &c.

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akapun, It had believed &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akao, It shall or will believe &c.

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akao, It shall or will have believed. &c.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akao, It may or can believe &c.

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akapun, It might, could, would or should &c. believe

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akapun, It might, could, would or should &c. have believed.

# TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-DEFINITE-INVERSE. 145

# INDETERMINATE—Inanimate—Definite.

# INDICATIVE MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

tapwå chikatāo, It is believed They are believed

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwå chikatāpun, It was believed chikatāpuneek, They were believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwa chikatao, It has been believed &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwa chikatapun, It had been believed

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwå chikatāo, It shall or will be believed

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kê tapwâ chikatāo, It shall or will have been believed. &c.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kẻ tapwå chikatāo, It may or can be believed &c.

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwå chikatāpun, It might, could, would, or should be &c. believed

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwå chikatāpun, It might, could, would, or should have &c. been believed.

#### 146 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-DEFINITE-DIRECT

#### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwāt akāk, " akākee, waw, (that) It believes They believe

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat akakepun, " akakepunee,

(that) It believed They believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Ā ke tapwāt akāk, &c. (that) It has believed

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Ā ke tapwat akakepun, &c. (that) It had believed

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwāt akāk, &c.

(that) It shall or will believe or.

It to believe

And,

tapwat akake, ,, akakwawe,

(when) It shall or will believe ,, They shall or will believe

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akak, &c.

(that) It shall or will have believed

It to have believed

And.

Kė tapwat akake,

(when) It shall or will have believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwāt akāk, &c.

(that) It may or can believe

And,

Kė tapwat akake, &c.

(when) It may or can believe

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akakepun, &c.

(that) It might could, would, or should believe

# SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwåt åt (that) It is believed ,, åtwaw, chik, They are believed

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat atepun, a (that) It was believed ,, atwapun, chikepun, They were believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

A kẻ tapwất át (that) It has been believed &c.

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A kẻ tapwat atepun, (that) It had been believed &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwåt åt (that) It shall or will be believed or,
It to be believed

# And,

tapwåt åtche, (when) It shall or will be believed
They shall or will be believed

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwat at (that) It shall or will have been believed or,

It to have been believed

# And,

Kè tapwat atche, (when) It shall or will have been believed ... Atwawe, They shall or will have been believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kẻ tapwất át (that) It may or can be believed &c.

#### And

Ke tapwat atche, (when) It may or can be believed &c.

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwåt åtepun, (that) It might, could, would, or should be &c. believed

# 148 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-DEFINITE-DIRECT.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwat akakepun, (that) It might, could, would, or should &c. have believed.

# CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Ke tapwat akak,

(had) It believed.

# IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwat akao,

Let it believe

, ,, akāwa,

·Let them believe.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOQD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akayew,

It, in relation to him, believes They, in relation to him, believe

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akayepun, ,, akayepunee,

It, in relation to him, believed They, in relation to him, believed

#### PERFECT TENSE

Kė tapwat akayew, &c.

It, in relation to him, has believed

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akayepun, &c.

It, in relation to him, had believed

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akayew, &c.

It, in relation to him, shall or will believe

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akayew, &c.

It, in relation to him, shall or will have believed.

# TRANSITIVE VERE—INDETERMINATE—INANIMATE—DEFINITE—INVERSE. 149

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwat atepun, &c.

(that) It might, could, would, or should have been believed.

# CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Kė tapwat at, &c.

Had it been believed.

#### IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwat owaw,

.

Let it be believed Let them be believed.

" " owawuk,

200 12022 50 5020 7020

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat owimawa,

It, in relation to him, is believed

They, in relation to him, are believed

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat owimapun, ,, owimapuneek,

It, in relation to him, was believed They, in relation to him, were believed

# PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat owimawa,

It, in relation to him, has been believed

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat owimapun, &c.

It, in relation to him, had been believed

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwåt owimawa, &c.

It, in relation to him, shall or will be believed

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat owimawa, &c.

It, in relation to him, shall or will have been believed.

# 150 TRANSITEVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-DEFINITE-DIRECT.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kẻ tapwat akayew, &c.

It, in relation to him, may or can believe

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akayepun,

It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akayepun, &c.

It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed.

## SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat akayik,
,, akayikee,

(that) It, in relation to him, believes
,, They, in relation to him, believe

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwāt akāyikepun, " akāyikepunee (that) It, in relation to him, believed ,, They, in relation to him, believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Ā ke tapwāt akāyik,

(that) It, in relation to him, has believed

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A kė tapwat akayikepun,

(that) It, in relation to him, had believed

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akayik,

(that) It, in relation to him, shall or will believe

#### And,

tapwat akayike,

(when) It, in relation to him, shall or will believe

akāyikwawe,

, They, in relation to him, shall or will believe

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat, akayik, &c.

(that) It, in relation to him, shall or will have believed.

#### TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-DEFINITE-INVERSE. 151

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat owimawa, &c.

It, in relation to him, may or can be

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat owimapun, &c.

It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should be believed

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwat owimapun, &c.

It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have been believed.

# SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat ameet, ,, ameetchik, waw, (that) It, in relation to him, is believed ,, They, in relation to him, are believed

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat ameetepun, ,, ameetwapun, (that) It, in relation to him, was believed ,, They, in relation to him, were believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Ā kẻ tapwắt ameet,

(that) It, in relation to him, has been believed

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A ké tapwát ameétepun,

(that) It, in relation to him, had been believed

&c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwåt ameet &c.

(that) It, in relation to him, shall or will be believed

#### And,

tapwat ameetche,

(when) It, in relation to him, shall or will be believed

ameetwawe,

They, in relation to him, shall or will be believed

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kẻ tapwat ameet, &c.

(that) It, in relation to him, shall or will have been believed

# 152 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-DEFINITE-DIRECT.

# And,

Kė tapwat akayike, &c.

(when) It, in relation to him, shall or will have believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwāt akāyik, &c. (that) It, in relation to him, may or can believe

# And,

Kė tapwat akayike, &c. (when) It, in relation to him, may or can believe

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akayikepun, (that) It, in relation to him, might, could, &c. would, or should believe

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akayikepun, (that) It, in relation to him, might, could, &c. would, or should have believed.

# CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Kė tapwāt akāyik, &c.

(had) It, in relation to him, believed.

# IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwat akayew, ,, ,, akayewa,

Let It, in relation to him, believe Let Them, in relation to him, believe. TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-DEFINITE-INVERSE. 153

And,

Kė tapwat ameetche &c.

(when) It, in relation to him, shall or will have been believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat ameėt, &c.

(that) It, in relation to him, may or can be believed

And,

Kė tapwat ameetche, &c.

(when) It, in relation to him, may or can be believed

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat ameetepun, (that) It, in relation to him, might, could &c. would, or should be believed

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat ameetepun, (that) It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have been believed.

# CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Kè tapwat ameet

(had) It, in relation to him, been believed.

&c.

# IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwat owimawa, owimawa,

Let It, in relation to him, be believed Let Them, in relation to him, be believed.

# 154 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-DEFINITE-DIRECT.

# DUBITATIVE MOOD. (Subjunctive).

## PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwät akakwa, akāwakwā,

If or whether It believes They believe

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwat akakepuna, akāwakepunā, If or whether It, believed They believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akākwā,

If or whether It has believed

Κě &c.

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akākepunā, Κě &c.

If or whether It had believed

# FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akakwa,

If or whether It shall or will believe

Kā &c.

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwat akakwa, Kā kè &c.

If or whether It shall or will have

believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akakwa, &c.

If or whether It may or can believe

Kā kè

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akakepuna, Κã &c.

If or whether It might, could, would, or

should believe

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akakepuna, Kā kě &c.

If or whether It might, could, would, or should have believed.

# TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-DEFINITE-INVERSE. 155

# DUBITATIVE MOOD. (Subjunctive.)

#### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwåt owaweetā, If or whether It is believed ,, owaweetānik, ,, They are believed

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwåt owaweetepunā, If or whether It was believed ,, owaweetepunānik, ,, They were believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt owaweetā, If or whether It has been believed Ke &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt owaweetepuna, If or whether It had been believed Ke &c.

# FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwåt owaweetä, If or whether It shall or will be believed Kā &c.

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwat owaweëta, If or whether It shall or will have been Ka kë &c. believed

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat owaweėta, If or whether It may or can be believed Kā kė &c.

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwåt owaweetepuna, If or whether It might, could, would or Ka &c. should be believed

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat owawestepuna, If or whether It might, could, would or Ka kė &c. should have been believed.

# 156 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-DEFINITE-DIRECT.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

#### Subjunctive.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwät akäyikwä,

If or whether It, in relation to him,
believes

If or whether They, in relation to him,

believe

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwät akäyikopunä,

"

akäyikopunänee,

"

If or whether It, in relation to him, believed

If or whether They, in relation to him, believed

#### PERFECT TENSE:

Kå tapwåt akāyikwā, If or whether It, in relation to him, has kė &c. believed

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akāyikopunā, If or whether It, in relation to him, have ke &c. believed

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akayikwa, If or whether It, in relation to him, Ka &c. shall or will believe

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwat akayikwa, Ka kë &c. If or whether It, in relation to him, shall or will have believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akayikwa, If or whether It, in relation to him, Ka kė &c. may or can believe

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akayikopuna, If or whether It, in relation to him, Ka &c. might, could, would, or should believe

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akayikopuna, If or whether It, in relation to him, Ka ke &c. might, could, would, or should have believed.

\*\*

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

# Subjunctive.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwåt owimaweetä, If or whether It, in relation to him, is believed

owimaweetanik, If or whether They, in relation to him, are believed

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwåt owimaweetepunā, If or whether It, in relation to him, was believed

owimaweetepunanik, If or whether They, in relation to him, were believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt owimaweeta, If or whether It, in relation to him, has been believed

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt owimaweetepuna, If or whether It, in relation to him, ke &c. had been believed

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat owimaweeta, Ka &c. If or whether It, in relation to him, shall or will be believed

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwat owimaweëta, Ka kë &c. If or whether It, in relation to him, shall or will have been believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat owimaweėta, If or whether It, in relation to him, may or can be believed

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat owimaweetepuna, Ka &c.

If or whether It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should be believed

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat owimaweetepuna, Ka ke &c.

If or whether It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have been believed.

# 158 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-DEFINITE-DIRECT.

# SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwāt akātookwā, ,, akātookwānee,

It believes, I suppose or it seems They believe, I suppose or it seems

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwåt akākopun, ,, akākopunee,

It believed, I suppose or it seems They believed, I suppose or it seems

# PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akatookwa, &c.

It has believed, I suppose or it seems

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Ké tapwat akakopun, &c.

It had believed, I suppose or it seems

# FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tápwát akātookwā,

It shall or will believe, I suppose or it seems

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akatookwa, &c.

It shall or will have believed, I suppose or it seems.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akatookwa, &c.

It may or can believe, I suppose or it seems

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akakopun,

It might, could, would, or should believe, I suppose or it seems

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akakopun, &c.

It might, could, would, or should have believed, I suppose or it seems.

# SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

The same as the Subjunctive Mood of the Simple Verb, with the addition of  $\bar{a}tookw\bar{a}$  throughout all its tenses.

# TRANSITIVE VERB—INDETERMINATE—INANIMATE—DEFINITE—INVERSE. 159

# SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat owatookwa, ,, owatookwanik,

It is believed, I suppose or it seems They are believed, I suppose or it seems

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat owakopun, ,, owakopunuk, It was believed, I suppose or it seems They were believed, I suppose or it seems

# PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat owatookwa, &c.

It has been believed, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat owakopun,

It had been believed, I suppose or it seems

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat owatookwa, &c.

It shall or will be believed, I suppose or it seems

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat owatookwa,

It shall or will have been believed, I suppose or it seems.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat owatookwa, &c.

It may or can be believed, I suppose or it seems

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwåt owakopun, &c.

It might, could, would, or should be believed, I suppose or it seems

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwat owakopun, &c.

It might, could, would, or should have been believed, I suppose or it seems.

# 160 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-DEFINITE-DIRECT.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD. INDICATIVE MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akayeetookwa,

It, in relation to him, believes, I suppose or it seems

akāyeetookwānee,

They, in relation to him, believe, I suppose or it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akayekopun,

It, in relation to him, believed, I suppose or it seems

akäyekopunee,

They, in relation to him, believed, I suppose or it seems

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akayeetookwa, &c.

It, in relation to him, has believed, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Ké tapwat akayekopun,

It, in relation to him, had believed, I suppose or it seems

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akayeetookwa,

It, in relation to him, shall or will believe, I suppose or it seems

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akayeetookwa,

It, in relation to him, shall or will have believed, I suppose or it seems.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akayeetookwa, &c.

It, in relation to him, may or can believe, I suppose or it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akayekopun, &c.

It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwāt akāyekopun, &c.

It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed, I suppose or it seems.

# SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

The same as the Accessory or Possessive Case of the Subjunctive Mood of the Simple Verb, with the addition of atookwā throughout all its tenses.

#### TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-DEFINITE-INVERSE. 161

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

# INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat owimatookwa,

It, in relation to him, is believed, I suppose or it seems

, owimatookwänee,

They, in relation to him, are believed, I suppose or it seems

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwåt owimakopun,

It, in relation to him, was believed, I suppose or it seems

owimakopunee,

They, in relation to him, were believed, I suppose or it seems

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat owimatookwa, &c.

It, in relation to him, has been believed, I suppose or it seems

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat owimakopun,

It, in relation to him, had been believed, I suppose or it seems

# FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat owimatookwa, &c.

It, in relation to him, shall or will be believed, I suppose or it seems

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat owimatookwa, &c.

It, in relation to him, shall or will have been believed, I suppose or it seems.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat owimatookwa, &c.

It, in relation to him, may or can be believed, I suppose or it seems

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat owimakopun, &c.

It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should be believed, I suppose or it seems

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kê tapwât owimakopun, &c.

It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have been believed, I suppose or it seems.

# OPTATIVE MOOD.

The same prefixes, as noticed before at page 85.

# 1 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-INDEFINITE-DIRECT.

# INDETERMINATE—Inanimate—Indefinite.

# INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwåt akāmukun, It believes ,, akāmukunwa, They believe

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akamukunopun, It believed " akamukunopunee, They believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kè tapwat akamukun, It has believed &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akamukunopun, It had believed &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akamukun, It shall or will believe &c.

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kê tapwat akamukun, It shall or will have believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akamukun, It may or can believe &c.

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akamukunopun. It might, could, would, or should &c. believe

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwatakamukunopun, It might, could, would, or should have &c. believed.

## TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-INDEFINITE-INVERSE. 163

# INDETERMINATE—Inanimate—Indefinite.

# INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwa chikatao,

It is believed They are believed

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwå chikatāpun,

chikatāpunee,

It was believed They were believed

# PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwa chikatao

It has been believed

&c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwa chikatapun,

It had been believed

&c.

# FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwa chikatao, &c.

It shall or will be believed

FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatao,

It shall or will have been believed

&c.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatao, &c.

It may or can be believed

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwå chikatāpun, &c.

It might, could, would, or should be

believed

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatapun,

It might, could, would, or should have been believed.

&c.

164 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-INDEFINITE-DIRECT.

# SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat akamukuk, (that) It believes ,, akamukukee, waw, ,, They believe

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat akamukukepun, (that) It believed ,, akamukukepunee, ,, They believed

# PERFECT TENSE.

A ké tapwát akamukúk, (that) It has believed &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A kė tapwat akamukukepun, (that) It had believed

## FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwåt akāmukuk, (that) It shall or will believe &c. or, It to believe

# And,

tapwåt akāmukuke, (when) It shall or will believe ,, akāmukukwawe, ,, They shall or will believe

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akamukuk, (that) It shall or will have believed.

#### And,

Ké tapwat akamukuke, (when) It shall or will have believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akamukuk, (that) It may or can believe &c.

# And

Kė tapwat akamukuke, (when) It may or can believe &c.

# TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-INDEFINITE-INVERSE. 165

# SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD. -

#### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwå chikatāk, "chikatākee, (that) It is believed ,, They are believed

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwå chikatakepun, ,, chikatakepunee,

(that) It was believed ,, They were believed

#### PERFECT TENSE

A kė tapwa chikatak,

(that) It has been believed

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A kê tapwa chikatākepun, &c.

(that) It had been believed

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwa chikatak,

(that) It shall or will be believed

It to be believed

#### And,

tapwa chikatake, ,, chikatakwawe, (when) It shall or will be believed ,, They shall or will be believed

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatak,

(that) It shall or will have been believed

#### And,

Kė tapwa chikatake,

(when) It shall or will have been believed

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatak, &c.

(that) It may or can be believed

# And,

Kė tapwa chikatake, &c.

(when) It may or can be believed

# 166 TRANSITIVE VERB—INDETERMINATE—INANIMATE—INDEFINITE—DIRECT.

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwåt akāmukukepun, (that) It might, could, would, or &c. should believe

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akamukukepun, (that) It might, could, would, or should have believed

### CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Kè tapwat akamukuk, &c.

(had) It believed.

#### IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwat akamukun, akamukunwa,

Let it believe Let them believe.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akamukuneyew, akamukuneyewa,

It, in relation to him, believes They, in relation to him, believe

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akamukuneyepun, ,, akamukuneyepunee, It, in relation to him, believed They, in relation to him, believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akamukuneyew, &c.

It, in relation to him, has believed

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akamukuneyepun, &c.

It, in relation to him, had believed

# FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta iapwat akamukuneyew, &c.

It, in relation to him, shall or will believe

# TRASITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-INDEFINITE-INVERSE. 167

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwå chikatākepun, &c. (that) It might, could, would, or should be believed

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwå chikatākepun, &c.

&c.

(that) It, might, could, would, or should have been believed.

# CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Kė tapwa chikatak,

(had) It been believed.

# IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwā chikatāo, ,, chikatāwa, Let it be believed Let them be believed.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwā chikatāyew,
,, chikatayewa,

It, in relation to him, is believed They, in relation to him, are believed

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwa chikatayepun,

It, in relation to him, was believed
They, in relation to him, were believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kè tapwà chikatāyew, &c.

It, in relation to him, has been believed

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwa chikatayepun, &c.

It, in relation to him, had been believed

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwå chikatāyew, &c.

It, in relation to him, shall or will be believed

168 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-INDEFINITE-DIRECT.

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akamukuneyew, It, in relation to him, shall or will &c. have believed.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akamukuneyew, It, in relation to him, may or can believe

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akamukuneyepun, It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akamukuneyepun, kc. It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed.

#### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat akamukuneyik, (that) It, in relation to him, believes , They, in relation to him, believe

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat akamukuneyikepun, (that) It, in relation to him, believed , akamukuneyikepunee, , They, in relation to him, believed

## PERFECT TENSE.

A ké tapwat akamukuneyik, (that) It, in relation to him, has believed &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A ke tapwat akamukuneyikepun, (that) It, in relation to him, had believed &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akamukuneyik, (that) It, in relation to him, shall or will &c. believe

#### And,

tapwåt akāmukuneyike, (when) It, in relation to him, shall or will believe
,, akāmukuneyikwawe, ,, They, in relation to him, shall or

will believe

TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE—INANIMATE—INDEFINITE—INVERSE. 169

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwå chikatāyew, &c.

It, in relation to him, shall or will have been believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatayew, &c.

It, in relation to him, may or can be believed

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwå chikatayepun, &c.

It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should be believed

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatayepun, &c.

It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have been believed.

# SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwa chikatayik, chikatayikee,

(that) It, in relation to him, is believed ,, They, in relation to him, are believed

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwa chikatayikepun, ,, chikatayikepunee, (that) It, in relation to him, was believed ,, They, in relation to him, were believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

A kẻ tapwå chikatāyik, &c.

(that) It, in relation to him, has been believed

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A kė tapwa chikatayikepun,

(that) It in relation to him, had been believed

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwa chikatayik, &c.

(that) It in relation to him, shall or will be believed

#### And,

tapwå chikatāyike,

(when) It, in relation to him, shall or will be believed

, chikatāyikwawe,

,, They, in relation to him, shall or will be believed

170 TRANSITIVE VERB—INDETERMINATE—INANIMATE—INDEFINITE—DIRECT.

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akamukuneyik, &c.

(that) It, in relation to him, shall or will have believed

And,

Ké tapwat akamukuneyike, &c.

(when) It, in relation to him, shall or will have believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kê tapwât akāmukuneyik, &c.

(that) It, in relation to him, may or can believe

And;

Ké tapwat akamukuneyike,

(when) It, in relation to him, may or can believe

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akamukuneyikepun, . (that) It, in relation to him, might, &c. could, would, or should believe

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akamukuneyikepun, (that) It, in relation to him, might, &c. could, would, or should have believed.

# CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Ké tapwát akāmukuneyik, &c.

(had) It, in relation to him, believed.

# IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwat akamukuneyew, ,, akamukuneyewa,

Let It, in relation to him, believe Let Them, in relation to him, believe.

# TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-INDEFINITE-INVERSE. 171

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatayik, &c.

(that) It, in relation to him, shall or will

have been believed

And,

Kė tapwa chikatayike,

(when) It, in relation to him, shall or will have been believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatayik, &c.

(that) It, in relation to him, may or can be

believed

And,

Kė tapwa chikatayike, &c.

(when) It, in relation to him, may or can be

believed

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwā chikatāyikepun, (that) It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should be believed &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwa chikatayikepun, (that) It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have been believed.

# CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Kė tapwa chikatayik, (had) It, in relation to him, been believed.

# IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwa chikatayew, chikatāyewa, Let It, in relation to him, be believed Let Them, in relation to him, be believed. 172 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-INDEFINITE-DIRECT.

# DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

#### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwåt akāmukunookwā, }
,, akāmukukwā, }
,, akāmukunoowakwā, If or whether It believes
If or whether They believe

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwät akāmukunookopunā,
,, akāmukukepunā,
,, akāmukunoowakopunā,
,, akāmukunoowakopunā,
,, akāmukukwapunā,
}If or whether It believed

# PERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akāmukunookwā, If or whether It has believed Kė &c.

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akāmukunookopunā, If or whether It had believed Kė &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akamukunookwa, If or whether It shall or will believe Ka

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akamukunookwa, If or whether It shall or will have Ka ke &c.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

## PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwāt akāmukunookwā, If or whether It may or can believe Kā ké &c.

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akamukunookopuna, Ka &c. If or whether It might, could, would, or should believe

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akamukunookopuna, If or whether It might, could, would, Ka ke &c. should have believed.

# TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-INDEPINITE-INVERSE. 173

# DUBITATIVE MOOD. (Subjunctive).

# PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwå chikatākwā, , chikatāwakwā,

If or whether It is believed
If or whether They are believed

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwå chikatākopunā, ,, chikatāwakopunā, If or whether It was believed
If or whether They were believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwå chikatākwā,

If or whether It has been believed

Kė &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwå chikatākopunā,

If or whether It had been believed

Kė &c.

# FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwå chikatākwā, Kā, &c. If or whether It shall or will be

believed

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatakwa, Ka kė &c. If or whether It shall or will have been believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatakwa, Ka kė &c. If or whether It may or can be be-

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwa chikatakopuna, Ka &c. If or whether It might, could, would, or should be believed

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatakopuna, Kā kė &c. If or whether It might, could, would, or should have been believed.

# 174 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-INDEFINITE-DIRECT.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE.—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

#### Subjunctive.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwät akāmukuneyikwā,
,, akāmukuneyikwānee,

If or whether It, in relation to him, believes
If or whether They, in relation to him, believe

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwåt akāmukuneyikopunā, If or whether It, in relation to him, believed, ,, akāmukuneyikopunānee, If or whether They, in relation to him, believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akāmukuneyikwā, If or whether It, in relation to him, kš &c. has believed

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akāmukuneyikopunā
Kė &c.

If or whether It, in relation to him, had believed

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akamukuneyikwa, Ka &c. If or whether It, in relation to him, shall or will believe

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwat akamukuneyikwa, If or whether It, in relation to him, Ka kë &c. shall or will have believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwåt akāmukuneyikwā If or whether It, in relation to him, Kā kê &c. may or can believe

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akamukuneyikopuna, Ka &c. If or whether It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwåt akāmukuneyikopunā, If or whether It, in relation to him, Kā kè &c. might, could, would, or should, have believed

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE.—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

# Subjunctive.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwå chikatāyikwā,

If or whether It, in relation to him, is believed

chikatāyikwānee,

If or whether They, in relation to him, are believed.

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwå chikatāyikopunā,

If or whether It, in relation to him, was believed

, chikatāyikopunānee,

If or whether They, in relation to him, were believed

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwå chikatāyikwā, Kė &c. If or whether It, in relation to him, has been believed

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwå chikatāyikopunā, Kě &c.

If or whether It, in relation to him, had been believed

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwā chikatāyikwā, Kā &c. If or whether It, in relation to him, shall or will be believed

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwa chikatayikwa, Ka kë &c. If or whether It, in relation to him, shall or will have been believed.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatayikwa, Ka kė &c. If or whether It, in relation to him, may or can be believed

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwa chikatayikopuna, Ka &c. If or whether It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should be believed

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kẻ tapwa chikatāyikopunā, Kā kẻ &c. If or whether It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have been believed.

# 176 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-ANIMATE-INDEFINITE-DIRECT.

# SUPPOSITIVE MOOD-INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akamukunotookwa, It believes, I suppose or it seems , akamukunotookwanee, They believe, I suppose or it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akamukunokopun, ,, akamukunokopunee, It believed, I suppose or it seems They believed, I suppose or it seems

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akamukunotookwa, It has believed, I suppose or it seems &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akamukunokopun, It had believed, I suppose or it seems &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akamukunatookwa, It shall or will believe, I suppose or &c. It seems

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akamukunatookwa, It shall or will have believed, I suppose or it seems.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwat akamukunatookwa, It may or can believe, I suppose or &c. it seems

## PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akamukunokopun, It might, could, would, or should &c. believe, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akamukunokopun, It might, could, would, or should &c. have believed, I suppose or it seems.

# SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

The same as the Subjunctive Mood of the Simple Verb, with the addition of  $\bar{a}tookw\bar{a}$  throughout all its tenses.

# TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE-INDEFINITE-INVERSE. 177

# SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwå chikatātookwā, ,, chikatātookwānee, · It is believed, I suppose or it seems
They are believed, I suppose or it
seems

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwa chikatakopun, ,, chikatakopunee, It was believed, I suppose or it seems

They were believed, I suppose or it
seems

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Ke tapwa chikatatookwa, &c.

It has been believed, I suppose or it seems

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwa chikatakopun, &c.

It had been believed, I suppose or it

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwā chikatātookwā, &c.

It shall or will be believed, I suppose it seems

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatatookwa, &c.

It shall or will have been believed, I suppose or it seems.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatatookwa, &c.

It may or can be believed, I suppose or it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwå chikatākopun, &c.

It might, could, would or should be believed, I suppose or it seems

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwa chikatakopun, &c.

It might, could, would, or should have been believed, I suppose or it seems.

178 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE INDEFINITE-DIRECT.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD. INDICATIVE MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akamukuneyeetookwa, It, in relation to him, believes, I suppose or it seems

,, akāmukuneyeetookwānee, They, in relation to him, believe, I suppose or it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akamukuneyekopun, It, in relation to him, believed, I suppose or it seems

" akāmukuneyekopunee, They, in relation to him, believed, I suppose or it seems

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwat akamukuneyeetookwa, It, in relation to him, has believed, &c. I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kè tapwat akamukuneyekopun, It, in relation to him, had believed, I suppose or it seems

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akamukuneyeetookwa, It, in relation to him, shall or will &c. I suppose or it seems

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akamukuneyeetookwa, It, in relation to him, shall or will &cc. have believed, I suppose or it seems.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwat akamukuneyeetookwa, It, in relation to him, may or can &c. believe, I suppose or it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akamukuneyekopun, &c.

It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe, I suppose or it seems

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akamukuneyekopun, It, in relation to him, might, could, &c. would, or should have believed, I suppose or it seems

#### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

The same as the Accessory or Possessive Case of the Subjunctive Mood of the Simple Verb, with the addition of ātookwā throughout all its tenses.

#### OPTATIVE MOOD.

The Optative Mood is formed by the addition of the same prefixes as noticed before at page 85.

TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE INDEFINITE-INVERSE. 179

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

#### INDICATIVE MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

tapwa chikatayeetookwa, It, in relation to him, is believed,

I suppose or it seems
Chikatāyeetookwānee,
They, in relation to him, are believed,
I suppose or it seems

PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwå chikatāyekopun,

It, in relation to him, was believed,
I suppose or it seems
They in relation to him were be-

chikatāyekopunee,

They, in relation to him, were believed, I suppose or it seems

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwa chikatayeetookwa, &c.

It, in relation to him, has been believed, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kė tapwā chikatāyekopun, &c.

It, in relation to him, had been believed, I suppose or it seems

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwa chikatayeetookwa &c.

It, in relation to him, shall or will be believed, I suppose or it seems

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwa chikatayeetookwa, &c.

It, in relation to him, shall or will have been believed, I suppose or it seems.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwa chikatayeetookwa, &c.

It, in relation to him, may or can be believed, I suppose or it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwa chikatayekopun, &c.

It, in relation to him, might, could, would or should be believed, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwa chikatayekopun, &c.

It, in relation to him, might, could, would or should have been believed, I suppose or it seems.

# TRANSITIVE VERB.—Inanimate Object. (6th Conjug. um.)

# INDICATIVE MOOD—Direct.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne to	apwā	t ān,	I believe it
Ke	"	ān,	Thou believest it
	,,	um,	He believes it
Plur. Ne	"	$\bar{a}$ nan, $1.3$	We believe it
Ke	,,	$\bar{a}nanow$ , 1. $2^{\int ananow}$	
Ke	,,	ānawaw,	Ye believe it
	"	umwuk,	They believe it

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne tapwa  Ke " Oo " Plur. Ne " Ke " Ke " Oo ",	å, ty, å, ty, åtanan, 1.3 åtananow, 1.2 åtawaw, åtawaw,	I believed it Thou believedst it He believed it We believed it Ye believed it They believed it
	Or,	
Sing. Ne tapwa	t ānapun,	I believed it
Ke "	ānapun,	Thou believedst it
<b>)1</b>	umopun,	He believed it
Plur. Ne "	ānanapun, 1.3	We believed it
<b>K</b> e "	ānanapun, 1.2 🖇	
Ke "	ānawapun,	Ye believed it
. ,,	umopuneek, umoowapun,	They believed it

# PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne kẻ tapwat an, I have believed it &c.

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne kẻ tapwat a, ty, I had believed it. &c.

# TRANSITIVE VERB.—Inanimate Object. (6th Conjug. um.)

# INDICATIVE MOOD—Inverse.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

		PRESENT	TENSE.
Sing.	Ne tapwat	t akoon,	It believes me
_	Ке ,,	akoon,	It believes thee
	,,	akoo,	He is believed by it
Plur.	Ne "	akoonan, 1.3)	•
	Ке "	akoonanow, 1.2	It believes us
	Ке "	akoonawaw,	It, believes you
	"	akoowuk,	They are believed by it
	•	PAST OR IMPE	RFECT TENSE.
Sing.	Ne tapwat	tako, ty,	It believed me
~	Ке ,,	ako, ty,	It believed thee
	Oo "	akó, ty,	He was believed by it
Plur.	Ne ,,	akotanan, 1. 3	\r_1.1
	Ке "	akotananow, 1. 2	It believed us
	Ке . "	akotawaw,	It believed you 🦥
	· Oo "	akỏ <i>tawaw</i> , yẻ, ty,	They were believed by it
		(	Or,
Sing.	Ne tapwa	t akoonapun,	It believed me
	<b>К</b> е "	akoonapun,	It believed thee
	77	akoopun,	He was believed by it
Plur.	Ne "	akoonanapun, 1. 3	Tr. 1. 1:
	Ke "	akoonanapun, 1. 2	It believed us
	Ке "	akoonawapun,	It believed you
	11	akootawapun,)	
	"	akoopuneek, $\}$	They were believed by it
	**	akoowapun,	
		DEDERA	n meator

# PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akoon, It has believed me &c.

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat ako, ty, It had believed me. &c.

Sing. Ne kẻ tapwat anapun, &c.

I had believed it

FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat an, &c.

I shall or will believe it

FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ké tapwat an, &c.

I shall or will have believed it.

POTENTIAL MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tapwất an, &c.

I may or can believe it

PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat a, ty,

I might, could, would, or should

believe it

Sing. Ne ga tapwat anapun, &c.

I might, could, would, or should believe it

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tapwất ấ, ty, &c.

I might, could, would, or should have believed it

Or,

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tapwat anapun, &c.

I might, could, would, or should have believed it.

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. A tapwat uman,

(that) I believe it

umun,

Thou believest it

ůk,

" He believes it.

Or

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akoonapun, It had believed me &c.

# FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akoon, It shall or will believe me &c.

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akoon, It shall or will have believed me. &c.

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kê tapwất akoon, It may or can believe me &c.

# . PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat ako, ty, It might, could, would, or should &c. believe me

· Or,

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akoonapun, It might, could, would, or should believe me

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tapwất akô, ty, It might, could, would, or should have believed me

Or,

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akoonapun, It might, could, would, or should &c. have believed me.

# SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. A tapwat akooyan, (that) It believes me

,, ,, akooyun, ,, It believes thee
,, akoot, ,, He is believed by it.

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              TRANSITIVE VERB-INANIMATE OBJECT-DIRECT.
        A tapwat umak, 1. 3
Plur.
                                       (that) We believe it
                  umúk, 1. 2
                  umāk,
                                              Ye believe it
                  ůkik,
                                              They believe it
                  úkwaw,
                       PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.
        A tapwat umapan,
                                       (that) I believed it
 Sing.
                                             Thou believedst it
                   umupun,
                   ùkepun,
                                             He believed it
                   úpun,
 Plur.
                   umákepun, 1. 3
                                             We believed it
                  umukepun, 1. 2
                  umākepun,
                                             Ye believed it
                  ùkikepun,
                   ùkwapun,
                                             They believed it
                  umwapun,
                             PERFECT TENSE.
 Sing. A ke tapwat uman,
                                      (that) I have believed it
                    &c.
                           PLUPERFECT TENSE.
                                      (that) I had believed it
 Sing. A ke tapwat umapan,
                    &c.
                             FUTURE TENSE.
                                      (that) I shall or will believe it
 Sing.
        Kitta tapwat uman,
                                             I to believe it
                    &c.
                                    And,
                                     (when) I shall or will believe it
        tapwåt umane,
 Sing.
                                             Thou shalt or wilt believe it
                umune
                                             He shall or will believe it
                ůke,
                umáko,
 Phur.
                                             We shall or will believe it
                umůko,
                                             Ye shall or will believe it
                umāko,
                                             They shall or will believe it
                ùkwawe,
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Plur. A tapwat akooyak, 1.3)
                                     (that) It believes us
              akooyúk, 1.2)
               akooyāk,
                                           It believes you
               akootchik,
                                           They are believed by it
               akootwaw,
                     PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.
                                     (that) It believed me
Sing. A tapwat akooyapan,
                                           It believed thee
               akooyupun,
               akootepun,
                                            He was believed by it
               akoopun,
Plur.,,
               akooyákepun, 1. 3
                                           It believed us
               akooyûkepun, 1. 2
               akooyākepun,
                                           It believed you
               akootchikepun,
               akootwapun,
                                           They were believed by it
               akoowapun,
                           PERFECT TENSE.
Sing. A ke tapwat akooyan,
                                    (that) It has believed me
              &c.
                          PLUPERFECT TENSE.
Sing. A ké tapwat akooyapan,
                                     (that) It had believed me
              &c.
                            FUTURE TENSE.
Sing. Kitta tapwat akooyan,
                                   (that) It shall or will believe me,
              &c.
                                         It to believe me
                                   And,
          tapwat akooyane,
                                  (when) It shall or will believe me
Sing.
                  akooyune,
                                         It shall or will believe thee
                                          He shall or will be believed
                  akootche,
Plur.
                  akooyako, 1.3
                                          It shall or will believe us
                  akooyuko, 1.2)
                                          It shall or will believe you
                  akooyāko,
                                          They shall or will be believed
                  akootwawe,
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1	Q	æ
1	o	v

#### TRANSITIVE VERB-INANIMATE OBJECT-DIRECT.

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat uman, Sing.

(that) I shall or will have believed it

&c.

I to have believed it

And,

Sing. Ké tapwat umane, &c.

(when) I shall or will have believed it.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ké tapwat uman, &c.

(that) I may or can believe it

And,

Ké tapwat umane, Sing. &c.

(when) I may or can believe it

PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat umapan, &c.

(that) I might, could, would, or should

believe it

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ké tapwat umapan, &c.

(that) I might, could, would,

should have believed it.

#### CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Kè tapwat uman, Sing.

(had) I believed it.

&c.

### IMPERATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.

tapwat a.

Believe thou it

Kitta

um,

Let him believe it

Plur.

ùtan, tak,

Let us (1.2) believe it

umook,

Believe ye it

Kitta umwuk, Let them believe it.

#### Inverse.

Kitta tapwat akoo,

Let him be believed by it Let them be believed by it.

akoowuk,

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

(that) It shall or will have believed me Sing. Kitta ké tapwat akooyan,

It to have believed me

And,

Sing. Kè tapwat akooyane, &c.

.(when) It shall or will have believed me.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

(that) It may or can believe me Sing. Kitta ké tapwat akooyan,

And,

Sing. Kė tapwat akooyane,

(when) It may or can believe me

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

(that) It might, could, would, or should Sing. Kitta tapwat akooyapan, believe me &c.:

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ké tapwat akooyapan, (that) It might, could, would, or should have believed me.

# CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Sing. Ké tapwat akooyan, &c.

(had) It believed me.

# IMPERATIVE MOOD.

#### FUTURE (Indefinite). Direct

Sing tapwat umookun, Believe thou it Let him believe it um, Plur. umoókúk, Let us (1. 2) believe it umookak, Believe ye it Kitta umwuk, Let them believe it.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne ta	pwāt	umwan,	I believe it, in relation to him			
	Ke-	,,	umwan,	Thou believest it, in relation to him			
		"	umwāo, }	He believes it, in relation to him			
		,, umeyewa, ∫	in interesting in interest to minimum to min				
Plur.	Ne	"	umwanan, 1.3)	We believe it, in relation to him			
	Ke	,,	umwananow, 1. 2)	,			
	Ke	,,	umwana <b>waw</b> ,	Ye believe it, in relation to him			
	" umwāwuk, }		umwāwuk, )	They believe it, in relation to him			
		,,	umeyewa,	<b>,</b>			

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne ta	apwat	umwå, ty,		I believed it, in relation to him,
	Ke	"	umwá, ty,		Thou believedst it, in relation to him
	Oo-	"	umwå, ty,		He believed is in vilesien as him
	Oo	,,	umeyė, ty,		He believed it, in relation to him
Plur.	Ne	17	umwåtan <i>an</i> ,	1.3)	We believed it, in relation to him
	Ke	"	umwatananow,	1.2)	The solitored by the relation to him
	Ke	٠,,	umwatawaw, ·		Ye believed it, in relation to him
	Oo	"	umwatawaw,	)	Then believed it in relation to him
•	<b>Oo</b> .	. 99	umeyė, ty,	}	They believed it, in relation to him

Or,

Sing.	Ne	tapwät	umwanapun,	I believed it, in relation to him
	Ke	"	umwanapun,	Thou believedst it, in relation to him
•		<b>,,</b> .	umwāpun,	He believed it, in relation to him
		"	umeyepun,	The defleved it, in relation to him
Plur.	Ne	11	umwananapun,1.3)	We believed it, in relation to him
	Ke	"	umwananapun,1.2)	
	Ke	. ,,	umwanawapun,	Ye believed it, in relation to him
		17	umwāpuneek,	
		,,	umeyepun, }	They believed it, in relation to him
		"	umeyepuneek, )	

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne tapy	våt akoowan,	/ It, in relation to him, believes me /
Ū	Ke,	, akoowan,	It, in relation to him, believes thee
	•	akoowāo, )	He is believed by it, in relation to
		, akooyewa,.	him
Plur.	Ne ,	, akoowanan, 1.3	It, in relation to him, believes us
	Κė,	, akoowananow,1.2	) 11, 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Ke,	, akoowanawaw,	It, in relation to him, believes you
	,	, akoowāwuk, )	They are believed by it, in relation
	<i>,</i>	, akooyewa, S	to him

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne tapwat	akoowa, ty,	It, in relation to him, believed me
	Ke "	akoowá, ty,	It, in relation to him, believed thee
÷	Oo "	akoowa, ty,	He was believed by it, in relation to
	Oo "	akooyė, ty,	him
Plur.	Ne "	akoowatanan, 1.3	It, in relation to him, believed us
	Ке "	akoowatananow,1.2	3) <del>,</del>
	Ке "	akoowatawaw,	It, in relation to him, believed you
	Oo "	akoowátawaw, )	They were believed by it, in relation
	.Oo "	akooyé, ty,	to him
•			

#### Or.

Sing.	Ne tapwa	t akoowanapun, It, in relation to him, believed me
- 6	Ке ,,	akoowanapun, It, in relation to him, believed thee
		akoowāpun, \ He was believed by it, in relation to
-	, 22	akooyepun, <sup>)</sup> him
Plur.	Ne "	akoowananapun,1.3 It, in relation to him, believed us
	Ke "	akoowananapun,1.2)
	Ке "	akoowanawapun, It, in relation to him, believed you
	"	akoowāpuneek, They were believed by it, in relation
*		akooyenun. \ to him

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat umwan, I have believed it, in relation to him &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne kå tapwåt umwå, ty, I had believed it, in relation to him &c.

Sing. Ne kẻ tapwất umwanapun, I had believed it, in relation to him &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat umwan, I shall or will believe it, in relation to him

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat umwan, I shall or will have believed it, in &c. relation to him.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat umwan, I may or can believe it, in relation to &c. him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat umwa, ty, and I might, could, would, or should believe it, in relation to him Or,

Sing. Ne ga tapwat umwanapun, I might, could, would, or should be&c. lieve it, in relation to him

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tapwất umwä, ty, &c.

I might, could, would, or should have believed it, in relation to him

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat umwanapun, I might, could, would, or should &c. have believed it, in relation to him.

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akoowan, It, in relation to him, has believed &c. me

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne kẻ tapwat akoowa, ty, It, in relation to him, had believed &c. me

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akoowanapun, It, in relation to him, had believed &c. me

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt akoowan, It, in relation to him, shall or will &c. believe me

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat akoowan, It, in relation to him, shall or will kec. have believed me.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kẻ tapwất akoowan, It, in relation to him, may or can &c. believe me

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt akoowå, ty, &c. It, in relation to him, might, could, would or should believe me
Or,

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akoowanapun, It, in relation to him, might, could, &c. would or should believe me

# · PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akoowa, ty, It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed me

Or,

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat akoowanapun, It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed me.

# SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE:

Sing.	A.	tapwat	umwuk,	(that)	I believe it, in relation to him
	"	"	umwut,	11	Thou believest it, in relation to him
	"	"	umwat, } umeyit, }		He believes it, in relation to him
	"	"	umeyit,	"	in total of the second second
Plur.	"	,,	umwukeét, 1. 3) umwuk, 1. 2)	,,	We believe it, in relation to him
	"	"			
	"	"	umwāk,	"	Ye believe it, in relation to him
	,,	"	umwatchik,)		
	,,	"	umwatwaw,	"	They believe it, in relation to him
	"	"	umeyit,		•

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Āt	apwåt	umwukepun, (tha	t) !	[ bel	ieved it,	in r	elati	ion to him	1
	"	"	umwutepun, ,,	'		i believed him	lst i	t, ir	relation	to
	12	"	umwatepun,			·				
	"	"	umwapun, (,,,	, ,	He	believed	it,	in	relation	to
	,,	11	umeyitepun,			him				
	,,	"	umeyépun,							
Plur.	"	"	umwukeétepun,1.3),,		We	believed	it,	in	relation	to
	,,	"	umwûkepun, 1.2)			him			~	
	,,	"	umwākepur, ,,	,	Ye b	elieved it	, in	rela	tion to hi	m
	,,	"	umwatchikepun,							
	,,	"	umwatwapun, (,,	, 1	They	believe	d i	t, i1	n relation	to
	,,	"	umeyitepun,			him				
	"	"	umeyépun,			•				•

# PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. A ke tapwat umwuk, (that) I have believed it, in relation to &c. him

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. A ke tapwat umwukepun, (that) I had believed it, in relation to &c.

# SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	Ā	tapwat	akoowuk,	(that)	It, in relation to him, believes me
	"	11	akoowut,	12	It, in relation to him, believes thee
•	,,	"	akeowat, }	"	He is believed by it, in relation to
	,,	,,	akooyit,		him
Plur.	"	17	akoowukeet,1.3	"	It, in relation to him, believes
	,,	. 27	akoowuk, 1.2)		us, J
	"	"	akoowāk,	"	It, in relation to him, believes you
	"	21	akoowatchik,		
	"	"	akoowatwaw,	11	They are believed by it, in relation
•	"	"	akoowayit,		to him
	. ,,	, <u>,</u> ,, ~	akooyit,		<u>.</u>

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	A ta	pwåt	akoowukepun, (the	at)	It, in relation to him, believed me
	22.	"	<u> </u>	"	It, in relation to him, believed thee
•	11	` <b>,,</b>	akoowatepun,		He was believed by it, in relation
	"	"	akooyitepun,	"	to him
	"	"	akooyèpun, '		W IIII
Plur.	"	"	akoowukeetepun,1.3)	,,	It, in relation to him, believed
	"	"	akoowukepun, 1.2)		us
	**	"	akoowākepun,	"	It, in relation to him, believed you
	"	,,	akoowatchikepun,		•
	"	' 11	akoowatwapun,		They were believed by it, in
	"	"	akoowapun,	17	relation to him
	17	17	akooyitepun,		relation to fith
	"	"	akooyépun,		

# PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. A ke tapwat akoowuk, (that) It, in relation to him, has believed &c. me

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. A ke tapwat akoowukepun, (that) It, in relation to him, had be-&c. lieved me

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing.	Kitta tapwat umwuk, (th	nat) I shall or will believe it, in relation to him
	Ana	I to believe it, in relation to him
Sing.	tapwat umwuke, (wh	en) I shall or will believe it, in re- lation to him
	,, umwutche,	Thou shalt or wilt believe it, in relation to him
	,, umwatche, , , umeyitche, ,	, He shall or will believe it, in re- lation to him
Plur.	,, umwukeétche,1.3), ,, umwuko, 1.2}	, We shall or will believe it, in relation to him
	,, umwāko,	ye shall or will believe it, in relation to him
	,, umwatwawe, )	. They shall or will believe it, in

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

umeyitche,

umeyitwawe,

Sing. Kitta ké tapwat umwuk, (that) I shall or will have believed it, in &c. relation to him

or,

I to have believed it, in relation to him

relation to him

And,

Sing. Ke tapwat umwuke, (when) I shall or will have believed it, &c. in relation to him.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat umwuk, (that) I may or can believe it, in re-&c. lation to him

And,

Sing. Ké tapwat umwuke, (when) I may or can believe it, in &c. relation to him

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat umwukepun, (that) I might, could, would, or should believe it, in relation to him

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat umwukepun, (that) I might, could, would, or should have believed it, in relation to him.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akoowuk,	(that) It, in relation to him, shall or will believe me
	or, It, in relation to him, to believe me

Sing. tapwat akoowuke, (when) It, in relation to him, shall or will believe me

, akoowutche, , It, in relation to him, shall or will believe thee

, akoowutche, , He shall or will be believed by it, in relation to him

Plur.

" akoowukeetche,1.3),, It, in relation to him, shall or akoowuko, 1.2) will believe us
" akoowako, " It, in relation to him, shall or will believe you

akooyitche, ,, akooyitwawe, ) ,, They shall or will be believed by it, in relation to him

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat akoowuk, (that) It, in relation to him, shall or &c. will have believed me

or,
It, in relation to him, to have believed me

And,

Sing. Ke tapwat akoowuke, (when) It, in relation to him, shall or &c. will have believed me.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat akoowuk, (that) It, in relation to him, may or can believe me

And,

Sing. Ke tapwat akoowuke, (when) It, in relation to him, may or &c. can believe me

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akoowukepun, (that) It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should believe me

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat akoowukepun, (that) It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed me.

# CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Sing. Ke tapwat umwuk, &c.

(had) I believed it, in relation to him.

# IMPERATIVE MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	tap	wất	um,	Believe thou it, in relation to him
	Kitta	11	umwāo,	Let him believe it, in relation to
		"	umeyewa, }	him
Plur.	į	. , ,	umwa <i>tan</i> , tak,	Let us (1. 2) believe it, in relation to him
		,,	umwak,	Believe ye it, in relation to him
	Kitta	17	umwāwuk,	Let them believe it, in relation to
- "	"	"	umeyewa, 5	him
	•		FUTURE (	Indefinite).
Sing.	tap	wat	umwakun,	Believe thou it, in relation to him
_	Kitta	"	umwāo, )	Let him believe it, in relation to
	,,	,,	umeyewa, }	him
Plur.	1	"	umwákúk,	Let us, (1. 2) believe it, in relation to him
		<b>)</b> ,	umw <b>á</b> kāk,	Believe ye it, in relation to him
• .	Kitta	3. 33	umwāwuk,)	Let them believe it, in relation to
	"	,,	umeyewa, 5	him

# DUBITATIVE MOOD. (Subjunctive.)

# PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	teäpwat umoowan(w)a,	If or whether I believe it	
•	,, umoowun(w)ā	, " Thou believest it	;
	,, úkwā, ) ,, umookwā, }	" He believes it	
Plur.	" umoowákwā, i " umoowúkwā, i		•
	,, umoowākwā, ,, umoowakwā	" Ye believe it " They believe it	

# CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Sing. Ka tapwat akoowuk, &c.

(had) It, in relation to him, believed

# IMPERATIVE MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	Kitta	tapwat	akoowão, }	Let him be believed by it, în relation
	"	,, .	akooyewa,	to him
Plur.	,,	"	akoowāwuk,)	Let them be believed by it, in re-
	21	,,	akooyewa,	lation to him

# DUBITATIVE MOOD. (Subjunctive).

# PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	teäpwät akoowanā,	If or whether	It believes me
	,, akoowunā,	,,	It believes thee
	,, akookwā,	. ,,	He is believed by it
Plur.	,, akoowakwa, 1.	>	It believes us
	" akoowúkwā, 1.	<b>2</b> 5 "	To believes us
	", akoowākwā,	<b>,,</b>	It believes you
. ,	,, akoowakwa,	"	They are believed by it

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	teäpwät umwapanā,	If or whether I believed it
	,, umwupunā,	" Thou believedst it .
	,, úkepunā, ,, umookopunā, }	" He believed it .
Plur.	,, umwåkepunā, 1.3 ,, umwůkepunā,1.2	" We believed it
	" umwākepunā, " umwakepunā,	" Ye believed it " They believed it

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåt umwanā, If or whether I have believed it Kė &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåt umwapanā, If or whether I had believed it Kė &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat umwana, If or whether I shall or will believe it Ka &c.

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat umwana, If or whether It shall or will have Ka ke &c. believed it.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ké tapwåt umwanā, If or whether I may or can believe it Kā kė &c.

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat umwapana, If or whether I might, could, would, Ka &c. or should believe

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kë tapwat umwapana, If or whether I might, could, would, Ka kë &c. or should have believed it.

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

If or whether It believed me teäpwät akoowapanä, Sing. It believed thee akoowupupā, He was believed by it akookopunā, akoowakepuna, 1.3) Plur. It believed us akoowukepunā, 1.2) It believed you akoowākepunā, They were believed by akoowakepunā, it

# PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåt akoqwanā, If or whether It has believed me Kė &c.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE

Sing. Kå tapwåt akoowapanā, If or whether It had believed me Kė &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akoowana, If or whether It shall or will be-Ka &c. lieve me

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kë tapwat akoowana, If or whether It shall or will have Ka kë &c. believed me.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kë tapwat akoowana, If or whether It may or can believe me Kā kë &c.

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akoowapana, If or whether It might, could, would, Ka &c. or should believe me

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwat akoowapana, If or whether It might, could, would, Ka kė &c. or should have believed me.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

# Subjunctive.

# PRESENT TENSE. .

Sing.	teäpwät um	wawukā,	If or whether I belie to him	ve it, in relation
	" um	wawutā,	If or whether Thou relation to him	believest it, in
	. " um	wakwā, ) - eyikwā, }	If or whether He	believes it, in
	,, um	eyikwā, ∫	relation to him	
Plur.	,, um	wawukeétā,1.3) wawúkwā, 1.2)	If or whether We b	elieve it, in re-
		wawākwā,	If or whether Ye b	elieve it, in re-
		eyikwā,	lation to him If or whether They lation to him	believe it, in re-

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	teäpwät umwawukepunā,	If or whether I believed it, in relation to him
	" umwawutepunā,	If or whether Thou believedst it, in relation to him
	" umwatepunā, " umeyitepunā, " umeyepunā,	If or whether He believed it, in relation to him
Plur.	" umwawukeéte- punā, 1.3 " umwawúkepunā, 1.2	
	" umwawakepuna,	If or whether Ye believed it, in re- lation to him
	,, umeyitepunā,	)
	" umeyépunā, " umwatchikepunā,	If or whether They believed it, in
	้" บทพูดtพล้ามกลี	relation to him
	", umwapuna,	)

# PERFECT TENSE.

Sing	Kå tapwåt	umwawukā,	If or whether I have belie	If or whether I have believed	it, in
~mg.	Kė	&c.		relation to him	•

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Kå tapwåt	umwawukepuna,	If or whether I had believed it, in
~5.	Ké	&c.	relation to him.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—DUBITATIVE.MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	teäpwät akoowawukā,	If or whether It, in relation to him, believes me
	" akoowawutā,	If or whether It, in relation to him, believes thee
	,, akoowakwā,) ,, akooyikwā, }	If or whether He is believed by it, in relation to him
	" akoowawukeétä, 1	1.3) If or whether It, in relation to him,
1	,, akoowawukwa, l ,, akoowawakwa,	1.2) believes us  If or whether It, in relation to him, believes you
	,, akoowakwā, ,, akooyikwā, ,, akoowayikwā,	If or whether They are believed by it, in relation to him

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing:	teäpwät akoowawukepunā,	If or whether It, in relation to him, believed me
	" akoowawutepunā,	If or whether It, in relation to him, believed thee
	" akoowatepunā, " akooyitepunā, " akooyepunā,	If or whether He was believed by it, in relation to him
Plur.	" akoowawukeete- puna, 1 " akoowawukepuna, 1	3 If or whether It, in relation to him, believed us
	,, akoowawakepuna,	If or whether It, in relation to him, believed you
	" akoowatchikepunā,	`
	" akoowatwapuna,	If or whether They were believed by
	,, akoowapuna,	it, in relation to him
	,, akooyitepunā,	16, in relation to min
	,, akooyépuna,	

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåt akoowawukā, If or whether It, in relation to him, Kė &c. has believed me

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kå tapwåt akoowawukepunā, If or whether It, in relation to him, Kè &c. had believed me

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat umwawuka, If or whether I shall or will believe Ka &c. it, in relation to him

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta kė tapwat umwawuka, If or whether I shall or will have Ka kė &c. believed it, in relation to him.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ké tapwat umwawuka, If or whether I may or can believe Kā ké &c. it, in relation to him

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat umwawukepuna, If or whether I might, could, would, Ka &c. or should believe it, in relation to him

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat umwawukepuna, If or whether I might, could, would, Kā ke &c. or should have believed it, in relation to him.

# SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne tapwát anatookwā, I believe it, I suppose or it seems Ke ānatookwā, Thou believestit, I suppose or it seems He believes it, I suppose or it seems umotookwā, Plur. Ne ānanatookwā, 1.3) We believe it, I suppose or it seems Ke ānanatookwā, 1.2 Ye believe it, I suppose or it seems Ke ānawatookwa, umotookwānik, They believe it, I suppose or it seems

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akoowawuka, If or whether It, in relation to him, Ka &c. shall or will believe me

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat akoowawuka, If or whether It, in relation to him, Ka ke &c. shall or will have believed me.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat akoowawuka, If or whether It, in relation to him, Ka ke &c. may or can believe me

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta tapwat akoowawukepuna, If or whether It, in relation to him, Ka &c. might, could, would, or should believe me

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Kitta ke tapwat akoowawuke- If or whether It, in relation to him, Ka ke &c. [puna, might, could, would, or should have believed me.

# SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Ke , akoonawatookwā, It believes you, I suppose or it seems , akootookwānik, They are believed by it, I suppose or it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne tapwa	t ānakopun,	I believed it, I suppose or it seems
_	Ke "	ānakopun,	Thou believedst it, I suppose or it
			seems
,	,,	umokopun,	He believed it, I suppose or it seems
Plur.	Ne ,,	ānanakopun, 1. 3	We believed it, I suppose or it
	<b>Ке</b> "	ānanakopun, 1. 2 \	seems .
	Ke "	ānawakopun,	Ye believed it, I suppose or it seems
	"	umwakopun,	They believed it, I suppose or it
			seems

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne kë tapwat anatookwa, I have believed it, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ké tapwåt anakopun, I had believed it, I suppose or it seems

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt ānātookwā, I shall or will believe it, I suppose &c. or it seems

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat anatookwa, It shall or will have believed it, I suppose or it seems.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat anatookwa, I may or can believe it, I suppose or &c. it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwåt anakopun, I might, could, would, or should &c. believe it, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat anakopun, I might, could, would, or should have believed it, I suppose or it seems.

# SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

The same as the Subjunctive Mood of the Simple Verb, with the addition of  $\bar{a}tookw\bar{a}$  throughout all its tenses.

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne	tapwat	akoonakopun,	It believed me, I suppose or it seems
	Ke		akoonakopun,	It believed thee, I suppose or it seems
		"	akookopun,	He was believed by it, I suppose or
				it seems
Plur.	Ne	"	akoonanakopun, 1.3	It believed us, I suppose or it seems
	Ke	,,	akoonanakopun, 1.2	It believed us, I suppose or it seems
	Ke	"	akoonawakopun,	It believed you, I suppose or it seems
	_	"	akoowakopun, )	They were believed by it, I suppose
	Oo	,,	akootawakopun, {	or it seems
		"	akookopuneek, )	

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akoonatookwa, It has believed me, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akoonakopun, It had believed me, I suppose or it &c. seems

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akoonatookwa, It shall or will believe me, I suppose &c. or it seems

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kė tapwat akoonatookwa, It shall or will have believed me, I suppose or it seems.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kê tapwât akoonātookwā, It may or can believe me, I suppose &c. or it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akoonakopun, It might, could, would, or should believe me, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwatakoonakopun, a lt might, could, would, or should have believed me, I suppose or it seems.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

# INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne t	apwat	umwanatookwā,	I believe it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems
	Ke	,,	umwanatookwā,	Thou believest it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems
		"	umwātookwā,	He believes it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems
Plur.	Ne	"	umwananatookwa, 1.3	We believe it, in relation to him,
	Ke	"	umwananatookwa,1.2)	I suppose or it seems
	Ke	,,	umwanawatookwa,	Ye believe it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems
		λ",	umwātookwānik, umeyeétookwā <i>nee</i> ,	They believe it, in relation to him, I suppose, or it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne ta	apwåt umwanakopun, .	I believed it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems
	Ke	,, umwanakopun,	Thou believedst it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems
Plur.	_	,, ûmwākopun, } ,, umeyekopun, } ,, umwananakopun, 1.3	He believed it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems We believed it, in relation to him,
	Ke Ke	" umwananakopun, 1.5 " umwanawakopun, " umwakopun, " umeyekopuneek,	I suppose or it seems Ye believed it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems They believed it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat umwanatookwa, I have believed it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne kê tapwât umwanakopun, I had believed it, in relation to &c. I him, I suppose or it seems

# FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat umwanatookwa, I shall or will believe it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems.

# ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

# INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne ta	p₩åt	akoowanatookwā,	It, in relation to him, believes mediappose or it seems
	Ke	"	akoowanatookwā,	It, in relation to him, believes thee, I suppose or it seems
		"	akooyeétookwā,	He is believed by it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems
Plur.				3) It, in relation to him, believes us,
	<u>K</u> e	"		I suppose or it seems
	Ke	"	akoowanawatookwa,	It, in relation to him, believes you, I suppose or it seems
		"	akooyeetookwā, )	They are believed by it, in relation
		,,	akooyeetookwā, akooyeetookwānee,	to him, I suppose or it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing.	Ne ta	pwåt	akoowanakopun,	It, in relation to him, believed me, I suppose or it seems
	Ke	"	akoowanakopun,	It, in relation to him, believed thee, I suppose or it seems
•		"	akooyekopun,	He was believed by it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems
Plur.	Ke	" "	akoowananakopun, 1.2	It, in relation to him, believed us, I suppose or it seems
	Ke	"	akoowanawakopun,	It, in relation to him, believed you, I suppose or it seems
	·	,,	akooyekopun,	They were believed by it, in re- lation to him, I suppose or it seems

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akoowanatookwa, It, in relation to him, has believed me, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ke tapwat akoowanakopun, &c. It, in relation to him, had believed me, I suppose or it seems

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akoowanatookwa, It, in relation to him, shall or will believe me, I suppose or it seems

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat umwanatookwa, I shall or will have believed it, &c. in relation to him, I suppose or it seems.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

# PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat umwanatookwa, I may or can believe it, in relation &c. to him, I suppose or it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat umwanakopun, &c.

I might, could, would, or should believe it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat umwanakopun, I might, could, would, or should have believed it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems.

#### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

The same as the Subjunctive Mood of the Accessory or Possessive Case of the Simple Verb, with the addition of  $\bar{a}tookwa$  throughout all its tenses.

# OPTATIVE MOOD.

The same prefixes, as noticed before at page 85.

# INDETERMINATE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akunewew, Plur. (a), akunewun, ,, (wa) Somebody believes it

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwåt akunewepun, Plur. (ee) Somebody believed it

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Ké tapwat akunewew, ,, akunewun, Somebody has believed it

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kê tapwât akoowanātookwā, It, in relation to him, shall or will kc. have believed me, I suppose or it seems

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga kë tapwat akoowanatookwa, It, in relation to him, may or can &c. believe me, I suppose or it seems

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga tapwat akoowanakopun, It, in relation to him, might, could would, or should believe me, I suppose or it seems

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Sing. Ne ga ke tapwat akoowanakopun, It, in relation to him, might, could, would, or should have believed me, I suppose or it seems

# INDETERMINATE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akoonanewew, Plur. (a), akoonanewun, ,, (wa) } Somebody is believed by it

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akoonanewepun, Plur. (ee)
,, akoonanewunopun, ,, (ee)
} Somebody was believed by it

#### PERFECT TENSE.

Ke tapwat akoonanewew,
,, akoonanewun,

Somebody has been believed by it

210	TRANSITIVE VERBINDETERMINATE-	INANIMATE OBJECT DIRECT.
	PLUPERFECT	' TENSE.
	Kå tanwåt akunawanun	omebody had believed it
	FUTURE 1	TENSE.
	Kitta tapwat akunewew, ,, akunewun, }	omebody shall or will believe it
	FUTURE PERFI	ECT TENSE.
	Kitta ke tapwat akunewew, } s	omebody shall or will have be- lieved it.
	POTENTIAL	MOOD.
	PRESENT '	rense.
	Kitta ké tapwát akunewew, , akunewun, }	omebody may or can believe it
	PAST OR IMPERI	FECT TENSE.
	Kitta tapwat akunewepun, , , akunewunopun, }	omebody might, could, would or should believe it
	PLUPERFECT	TENSE.
	Kitta ké tapwát akunewepun, ,, akunewunopun,	omebody might, could, would or should have believed it.
	SUBJUNCTIV	E MOOD
	PRESENT T	
		E.1SE.
	A tapwåt akunewik, <i>Plur</i> . (ee) ,, akunewuk, ,, (ee) ,, umeek, ,, (ee)	that) Somebody believes it
	PAST OR IMPERF	ECT TENSE.
	A tapwat akunewikepun, $Pl.(ee)$ , akunewikepun, " (ee), ( " umeekepun, " (ee))	that) Somebody believed it
	PERFECT	TENSE.
	A ke tapwat akunewik, (the &c.	at) Somebody has believed it

FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akoonanewew, , akoonanewun, } Somebody shall or will be believed by it

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwat akoonanewew, , akoonanewun, } Somebody shall or will have been believed by it.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akoonanewew, , akoonanewun, } Somebody may or can be believed by it

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akoonanewepun, , akoonanewunopun, } Somebody might, could, would, or should be believed by it

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akoonanewepun, , should have been believed by it.

#### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat akoonanewik, Plur.(ee)

akoonanewuk, ,, (ee)

akook, ,, (ee)

(that) Somebody is believed by it

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat akoonanewikepun, Pl. (ee)

" akoonanewukepun, " (ee)
" akookepun, " (ee)

#### PERFECT TENSE.

A ke tapwat akoonanewik, (that) Somebody has been believed &c. by it

212 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE OBJECT-DIRECT.

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A ké tapwát akunewikepun, &c.

(that) Somebody had believed it

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akunewik,

(that) Somebody shall or will believe it

Somebody to believe it

And,

tapwåt akunewike, ,, akunewike, ,, umeeke,

(when) Somebody shall or will believe it

#### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwat akunewik, &c.

(that) Somebody shall or will have believed it

Somebody to have believed it

And,

Kė tapwat akunewike, &c.

(when) Somebody shall or will have believed it.

# POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akunewik, &c.

(that) Somebody may or can believe it

And,

Ké tapwat akunewike,

(when) Somebody may or can believe it

#### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akunewikepun,

(that) Somebody might, could, would, or should believe it

#### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwat akunewikepun, (that) Somebody might, could, would, or &c. should have believed it.

#### CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Kė tapwat akunewik, &c.

(had) Somebody believed it.

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A ke tapwat akoonanewikepun, (that) Somebody had been believed by it &c.

#### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwåt akoonanewik, &c.

(that) Somebody shall or will be believed by it

Somebody to be believed by it

And,

tapwåt akoonanewike, ,, akoonanewike, ,, akoôke, (when) Somebody shall or will be believed by it

# FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akoonanewik,

(that) Somebody shall or will have been believed by it

Somebody to have been believed by it

And,

Kė tapwat akoonanewike, &c.

(when) Somebody shall or will have been believed by it.

#### POTENTIAL MOOD.

#### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akoonanewik, &c.

(that) Somebody may or can be believed by it

And,

Kè tapwat akoonanewike, &c.

(when) Somebody may or can be believed by it.

# PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwåt akoonanewikepun, (that) Somebody might, could, would, or &c. should be believed by it

# PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akoonanewike- (that) Somebody might, could, would, or should have been believed by it.

#### CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Kė tapwat akoonanewik, &c.

(had) Somebody been believed by it

### IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwat akunewew, ,, akunewun,

Let Somebody believe it .

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

tapwåt umwan,

Somebody believes it, in relation to him

PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat umwanapun,

Somebody believed it, in relation to

PERFECT TENSE.

Kè tapwat umwan,

Somebody has believed it, in relation to him

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Ké tapwat umwanapun,

Somebody had believed it, in relation to him

FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat umwan,

Somebody shall or will believe it, in relation to him

FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwat umwan,

Somebody shall or will have believed it, in relation to him.

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwat umwan,

Somebody may or can believe it, in relation to him

PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat umwanapun,

Somebody might, could, would, or should believe it, in relation to him

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ké tapwat umwanapun,

Somebody might, could, would, or should have believed it, in relation to him.

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat umoot,

(that) Somebody believes it, in relation to him

### transitive verb—indeterminate—inanimate object—inverse. 215

### IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwat akoonanewew, akoonanewun,

Let Somebody be believed by it.

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akoowan,

Somebody is believed by it, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akoowanapun,

Somebody was believed by it, in relation to him

### PERFECT TENSE.

Ké tapwat akoowan,

Somebody has been believed by it, in relation to him

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Ké tapwat akoowanapun,

Somebody had been believed by it, in relation to him

### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akoowan,

Somebody shall or will be believed by it, in relation to him

### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akoowan,

Somebody shall or will have been believed by it, in relation to him.

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akoowan,

Somebody may or can be believed by it, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akoowanapun,

Somebody might, could, would, or should be believed by it, in relation to him

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akoowanapun,

Somebody might, could, would, or should have been believed by it, in relation to him.

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat akooweet,

(that) Somebody is believed by it, in relation to him

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### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat umootepun, (that) Somebody believed it, in relation to him

PERFECT TENSE.

A ke tapwat umoot, (that) Somebody has believed it, in relation to him

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A ke tapwat umootepun, (that) Somebody had believed it, in relation to

FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwåt umoot, (that) Somebody shall or will believe it, in relation to him

or, Somebody to believe it, in relation to him

And

tapwåt umootche, (when) Somebody shall or will believe it, in relation to him

FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat umoot, (that) Somebody shall or will have believed it, in relation to him

Somebody to have believed it, in relation to him

And,

Kė tapwat umootche, (when) Somebody shall or will have believed it, in relation to him.

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kè tapwat umoot, (that) Somebody may or can believe it, in relation to him

And,

Ké tapwat umootche, (when) Somebody may or can believe it, in relation to him

PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat umootepun, (that) Somebody might, could, would, or should believe it, in relation to him

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwat umootepun, (that) Somebody might, could, would, or should have believed it, in relation to him.

CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Ke tapwat umoot, (had) Somebody believed it, in relation to him.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwat umwan, Let Somebody believe it, in relation to him.,

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### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat akooweetepun, (that) Somebody was believed by it, in relation to him

PERFECT TENSE.

A ké tapwat akooweét, (that) Somebody has been believed by it, in relation to him

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

A ké tapwat akooweétepun, (that) Somebody had been believed by it, in relation to him

FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akooweet, (that) Somebody shall or will be believed by it, in relation to him,

Somebody to be believed by it, in relation to him

And,

tapwat akooweetche, (when) Somebody shall or will be believed by it, in relation to him

### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kê tapwat akooweet, (that) Somebody shall or will have been believed by it, in relation to him

Somebody to have been believed by it, in relation to him

And,

Ke tapwat akooweetche, (when) Somebody shall or will have been believed by it, in relation to him.

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kê tapwât akooweêt, (that) Somebody may or can be believed by it, in relation to him

And,

Kè tapwat akooweetche, (when) Somebody may or can be believed by it, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akooweetepun, (that) Somebody might, could, would, or should be believed by it, in relation to him PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta ke tapwat akooweete- (that) Somebody might, could, would, or should pun,] have been believed by it, in relation to him.

### CONDITIONAL MOOD.

Ké tapwat akooweet, (had) Somebody been believed by it, in relation to him.

### IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta tapwat akoowan, Let Somebody be believed by it, in relation to him.

### 218 TRANSITIVE VERB-INDETERMINATE-INANIMATE OBJECT-DIRECT.

### DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

### PRESENT TENSE.

teapwat akunewikwa,
,, akunewunookwa,
,, akunewukwa,
umeekwa,

If or whether Somebody believes it

### PAST OR IMPERFECT-TENSE.

teäpwät akunewikepunā,

akunewunookopunā, akunewukepunā,

,, umeškepunā,

If or whether Somebody believed it

### PERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akunewikwā, Kė &c.

If or whether Somebody has believed it

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akunewikepunā, Kè &c.

If or whether Somebody had believed it

### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akunewikwa, Ka &c.

If or whether Somebody shall or will believe it

### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwat akunewikwa, Ka kė &c. If or whether Somebody shall or will have believed it.

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kê tapwat akunewikwa, Ka kê &c. If or whether Somebody may or can believe it

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akunewikepuna, Ka &c. If or whether Somebody might, could, would, or should believe it

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwat akunewikepuna, Ka kë &c. If or whether Somebody might, could, would, or should have believed it

### DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwät akoonanewikwā,
,, akoonanewunookwā,
,, akoonanewukwā,
,, akookwā,

If or whether Somebody is believed by it

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwät akoonanewikepunā,

,, akoonanewunookopunā,

" akoonanewukepuna, " akookepuna, If or whether Somebody was believed by it

### PERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akoonanewikwä, Kè &c. If or whether Somebody has been believed by it

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kå tapwåt akoonanewikepuna,

If or whether Somebody had been believed by it

### FUTURE TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akoonanewikwa, Ka &c. If or whether Somebody shall or will be believed by it

### FUTURE PERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kè tapwat akoonanewikwa, Ka kè &c.

If or whether Somebody shall or will have been believed by it.

### POTENTIAL MOOD.

### ' PRESENT TENSE.

Kitta kė tapwāt akoonanewikwā, Kā kė &c.

If or whether Somebody may or can be believed by it

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta tapwat akoonanewikepuna, Ka &c. If or whether Somebody might, could, would, or should be believed by it

### PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Kitta kë tapwat akoonanewikepuna, Ka kë &c. If or whether Somebody might, could, would, or should have been believed by it.

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

Subjunctive.

### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwåt umwaweétā,.

If or whether Somebody believes it, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwat umwaweetepuna,

If or whether Somebody believed it, in relation to him.

&c.\*

### SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwāt akunewetookwā, Somebody believes it, I suppose or it , akunewunotookwā,

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akunewekopun, , , akunewunokopun, }

Somebody believed it, I suppose or it seems.

&c.\*

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat umwanatookwa,

Somebody believes it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat umwanakopun,

Somebody believed it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems.

\* The remaining Tenses of these Moods are formed as mentioned in the Lecture, page 9, and exemplified in the foregoing Paradigm.

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

Subjunctive.

### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwät akoowaweeta,

If or whether Somebody is believed by it, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwät akoowaweetepuna,

If or whether Somebody was believed by it, in relation to him.

&c.\*

### SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TÉNSE.

tapwat akoonanewetookwa, Somebody is believed by it, I suppose or it seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akoonanewekopun, ) Some

Somebody was believed by it, I suppose or it seems.

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akoowanatookwa,

Somebody is believed by it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwát akoowanakopun,

Somebody was believed by it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

### INANIMATE.—Definite.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwåt um, It believes it , umwa, They believe it

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat umopun, It believed it , umopunee, They believed it. &c.\*

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat uk, (that) It believes it ,, ,, ukee, waw, ,, They believe it

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat ukepun, (that) It believed it
,, ,, ukepunee, ,, They believed it.
&c.\*

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat umeyew, It believes it, in relation to him

,, umeyewa, They believe it, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat umeyepun, It believed it, in relation to him ,, umeyepunee, They believed it, in relation to him. &c.\*

\* The remaining Tenses of these Moods are formed as mentioned in the Lecture, page 9, and exemplified in the foregoing Paradigms.

### INANIMATE.—Definite.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

gtapwåt akoo, ,, akoòwuk,

It is believed by it

They are believed by it

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akoopun, ,, akoopunee,

It was believed by it
They were believed by it.

&c.\*

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat akoot, (that) It is believed by it,,,, akootchik, waw,, They are believed by it

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat akootepun, (that) It was believed by it akootepunee, , They were believed by it.

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akooyew,

It is believed by it, in relation to him

They are believed by it, in relation
to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akooyepun,

It was believed by it, in relation to

akooyepunee,

They were believed by it, in relation to him.

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat umeyik, umeyikee, (that) It believes it, in relation to him They believe it, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat umeyikepun, umeyikepunee. (that) It believed it, in relation to him " They believed it, in relation to him

&c.\*

### DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwat umookwa, ùkwā,

If or whether It believes it

If or whether They believe it.

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwåt umookopuna, ùkepunā,

If or whether It believed it

umoowakepunā,

umoowakwā,

If or whether They believed it.

&c.\*

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

### Subjunctive.

### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwat umeyikwa,...

If or whether It believes it, in relation to him

umeyikwānee,

If or whether They believe it, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwät umeyikopunā,

If or whether It believed it, in relation to him

umeyikopunanee,

If or whether They believed it, in relation to him.

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat akooyik, (that) It is believed by it, in relation to him akooyikee, They are believed by it, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat akooyikepun, (that) It was believed by it, in relation to him akooyikepunee, They were believed by it, in relation to him.

&c.\*

### DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwät akookwā, If or whether It is believed by it akoowakwa, If or whether They are believed by it

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwät akookepunä, If or whether It was believed by it akoowakepunā, If or whether They were believed by it. &c.\*

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwat akooyikwa, If or whether It is believed by it, in relation to him akooyikwanee, If or whether They are believed by it, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwat akooyikopuna, If or whether It was believed by it, in relation to him akooyikopunanee, If or whether They were believed by it, in relation to him.

### SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwåt umotookwä, umotookwänee,

It believes it, I suppose or it seems They believe it, I suppose or it seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat umokopun, umokopunee,

It believed it, I suppose or it seems

They believed it, I suppose or it seems.

&c.\*

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat umeyeetookwa,

It believes it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

", umeyeetookwānee,

They believe it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat umeyekopun,

It believed it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

, umeyekopunee.

They believed it, in relation to him, I

suppose or it seems.

&c.\*

### INANIMATE-Indefinite.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat umomukun,

It believes it

umomukunwa,

They believe them

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwåt umomukunopun,

It believed it,

,, umomukunopunee,

They believed them

&c.\*

\* The remaining Tenses of these Moods are formed as mentioned in the Lecture, page 9, and exemplified in the foregoing Paradigms.

### SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akootookwa, ,, akootookwanee,

It is believed by it, I suppose or it seems
They are believed by it, I suppose or it
seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akookopun,

It was believed by it, I suppose or it seems

akookopunee,

They were believed by it, I suppose or it seems.

&c.\*

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akooyeetookwa,

It is believed by it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

akooyeetookwanee,

They are believed by it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akooyekopun,

It was believed by it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

akooyekopunee,

They were believed by it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems.

&c.\*

### INANIMATE.—Indefinite.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akomukun,

It is believed by it

, akomukunwa,

They are believed by them

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akomukunopun,

It was believed by it

,, akomukunopunee.

They were believed by them.

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat umomukuk, (that) It believes it, ,, ,, umomukukee, waw, ,, They believe them

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat umomukukepun, (that) It believed it ,, ,, They believed them.

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwåt umomukuneyew, It believes it, in relation to him
,, umomukuneyewa, They believe them, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat umomukuneyepun, ,, umomukuneyepunee, &c.\*

It believed it, in relation to him
They believed them, in relation to him.

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat umomukuneyik, (that) It believes it, in relation to him

,, ,, umomukuneyikee, ,, They believe them, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat umomukuneyikepun, (that) It believed it, in relation to him umomukuneyikepunee, ,, They believed them, in relation to him.

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwat akomukuk, (that) It is believed by it akomukúkee, waw, They are believed by them

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwat akomukukepun, (that) It was believed by it akomukúkepunee, They were believed by them. &c.\*

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akomukuneyew, It is believed by it, in relation to him akomukuneyewa, They are believed by them, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akomukuneyepun, It was believed by it, in relation to him akomukuneyepunee, They were believed by them, in relation to him.

&c.\*

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

(that) It is believed by it, in relation A tapwat akomukuneyik, to him akomukuneyikee, They are believed by them, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

(that) It was believed by it, in relation A tapwat akomukuneyikepun, to him akomukuneyikepunee, They were believed by them, in relation to him. &c.\*

### DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwåt umomukunookwā, }, umomukukwā, } If or whether It believes it umomukunoowakwā, If or whether They believe them

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teapwat umomukunookopunwa,
,, umomukukepunwa,
,, umomukunoowakopunwa,
,, umomukukwapunwa,
,, &c\*.

If or whether It believed it
umomukukwapunwa,

&c\*.

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwåt umomukuneyikwā,

if or whether It believes it, in relation to him

umomukuneyikwānee,

If or whether They believe them, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwät umomukuneyikopunwā,

if or whether It believed it, in relation to him

umomukuneyikopunwānee,
if or whether They believed them,
in relation to him.

### SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat umomukunotookwa, ,, umomukunotookwanee, It believes it, I suppose or it seems They believe them, I suppose or it seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat umomukunokopun, ,, umomukunokopunee. It believed it, I suppose or it seems They believed them, I suppose or it seems.

### DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwät akomukunookwā, akomukukwā,	If or whether It is believed by it
" akomukunoowakwā,	If or whether They are believed by them

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

",	akomukunookopunwā, akomukukepunwā, akomukunoowakopunwā, akomukukwapunwā,	If or whether It was believed by it If or whether They were believed by them.
"	& a #	,

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwä	t akomukuneyikwā,	If or whether It is believed by it, in relation to him
. 27	akomukuneyikwānee,	If or whether They are believed by them, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwät akomukuneyikopunwä,	If or whether It was believed by it, in relation to him			
" akomukuneyikopunwänee,	If or whether They were believed by them, in relation to him.			

&c.\*

### SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akomukunotookwa,	It is believed by it, I suppose or it seems
" akomukunotookwanee,	They are believed by them, I suppose or it seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akomukunokopun,	It was believed by it, I suppose or it seems
" akomukunokopunee,	They were believed by them, I suppose or it seems.
&c.*	pose of it seems.

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat umomukuneyeetookwa,

It believes it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

" umomukuneyeetookwanee,

They believe them, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwåt umomukuneyekopun,

It believed it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

umomukuneyekopunee,

They believed them, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems.

&c.\*

### IMPERSONAL VERB—Definite.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwā wun,

It is true

, wunwa,

They are true

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwā wunopun,

It was true

,, wunqpunee,

They were true.

&c.\*

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

TRESENT TENSI

A tapwā wuk, (that) It is true ,, ,, wukee, waw, ,, They are true

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwā wukepun, (that) It was true ,, ,, wukepunee, ,, They were true.

&c.\*

\* The remaining Tenses of these Moods are formed as mentioned in the Lecture, page 9, and exemplified in the foregoing Paradigms.

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwat akomukuneyeetookwa, It is believed by it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems akomukuneyeetookwanee, They are believed by them, in relation

to-him, I suppose or it seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwat akomukuneyekopun, It was believed by it, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems akomukuneyekopunee, They were believed by them, in relation to him, I suppose or it &c.\*

seems.

### IMPERSONAL VERB—Indefinite.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwā mukun, It is true mukunwa, They are true

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwā mukunopun, It was true mukunopunee, They were true. &c.\*

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwa mukuk, (that) It is true mukukee, waw, " They are true

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwā mukukepun, (that) It was true mukukepunee, ,, They were true. &c.\*

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwā wuneyew,
,, wuneyewa,

It is true, in relation to him They are true, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwā wuneyepun, ,, wuneyepunee, &c.\* It was true, in relation to him They were true, in relation to him.

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwā wuneyik,
,, ,, wuneyikee, waw,

(that) It is true, in relation to him
,, They are true, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwa wuneyikepun, ,, ,, wuneyikepunce, &c.\* (that) It was true, in relation to him
,,. They were true, in relation to him.

### DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwä wunookwä, )
,, wukwä, )
,, wunoowakwä,

&c.\*

If or whether It is true

If or whether They are true

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwā wunookopunā, , wūkepunā, } If or whether It was true

" wunoowakopunā, } If or whether They were true. " wukwapunā,

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwā mukuneyew,
,, mukuneyewa,

It is true, in relation to him
They are true, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwā mukuneyepun, It was true, in relation to him mukuneyepunee, They were true, in relation to him. &c..\*

### SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

A tapwā mukuneyik, (that) It is true, in relation to him
,, ,, mukuneyikee, waw, ,, They are true, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

A tapwā mukuneyikepun, (that) It was true, in relation to him , , mukuneyikepunee, , They were true, in relation to him.

### DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

### PRESENT TENSE.

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwä mukunookopunä,
,, mukukepunä,
,, mukunoowakopunä,
,, mukukwapunä,
&c.\*

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwā wuneyikwā,

If or whether It is true, in relation to

him

,, wuneyikwānee,

If or whether They are true, in re-

lation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwā wuneyikopunā,

If or whether It was true, in relation

to him

" wuneyikopunānee, &c.\* If or whether They were true, in re-

lation to him.

### SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwā wunotookwā,

It is true, I suppose or it seems

" wunotookwanee,

They are true, I suppose or it seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwā wunokopun,

It was true, I suppose or it seems

" wunokopunee,

· They were true, I suppose or it seems.

&c.\*

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwā wuneyeetookwā,

It is true, in relation to him, I suppose

or it seems

wuneyeetookwanee,

They are true, in relation to him, I

suppose or it seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwā wuneyekopun,

It was true, in relation to him, I

suppose or it seems

" wuneyekopunee,

They were true, in relation to him, I

suppose or it seems.

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—DUBITATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

teäpwā mukuneyikwā, If or whether It is true, in relation to him

, mukuneyikwānee, If or whether They are true, in relation to him

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

teäpwā mukuneyikopunā, If or whether It was true, in relation to him

mukuneyikopunānee, If or whether They were true, in re-&c.\* lation to him.

### SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwā mukunotookwā, It is true, I suppose or it seems
,, mukunotookwānee, They are true, I suppose or it seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwā mukunokopun, It was true, I suppose or it seems , mukunokopunee, &c.\*

### ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE—SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

### INDICATIVE MOOD.

### PRESENT TENSE.

tapwā mukuneyeetookwā, It is true, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

,, mukuneyeetookwanee, They are true, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

### PAST OR IMPERFECT TENSE.

tapwā mukuneyekopun, It was true, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems

" mukuneyekopunee, They were true, in relation to him, I suppose or it seems.

# Conjug.)

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		FUTURE TENSE.	ayayane ayayune ayatche	ayayáko } ayayúko ś ayawāko	od al laboration of a laborati	ауаtwаwе			FUTURE TENSE	ayawuke	ayawatche \	ayayitche (	ayawuncemue ( ayawuko	ayawāko		ayawatwawe	ayayitwawe >		
SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.	Direct.	IMPERFECT TENSE.	ā ayayapan ,, ayayupun ,, ayatepun, ayapun	" ayayakepun ) " ayayukepun )	", ayayakepun ", ayatchikepun ", ayatwapun	"ayawapun	Possessive Case.	Direct.	IMPERFECT TENSE.	ā ayawukepun	" ayawutepun " ayawatepun, ayayitepun,	" ayayépun	"ayawukeetepun( "avawukepun	" ayawākepun	" ayawatchikepun)	" ayawatwapun (	" ayayitepun ayayépun	" a) a) a) c  Fund   [238]	
		PRESENT TENSE.	ā ayayan ,, ayayun ., avat	"ayayák ) "ayayúk )	", ayayak ", ayatchik) ". avatwawí			- ,	PRESENT TENSE.	ā ayawuk	" ayawut " ayawat)	" ayayit }	"ayawukeet (	" ayawāk	, ayawatchik)	" ayawatwaw .	", ayayıt )		
INDICATIVE MOOD.  Direct	Direct.	rect.	IMPERFECT TENSE.	Net ayâ ty, I had it Ket ayâ ty Oot ayâ ty	Net ayatanan Ket ayatananow	Ket ayatawaw Oot ayatawaw		VE CASE.	Direct.	IMPERFECT TENSE.		Ket ayawa ty Oot ayawa ty		Net ayawatanan Ket ayawatanan		Oot ayawatawaw \	Oot ayaye ty	•	
		PRESENT TENSE.	S. Net ayan, I have it Ket ayan	P. Net ayanan   Ket ayananow	Ket ayanawaw ayawuk		Possebsive Ca	Di	PRESENT TENSE.	S. Net ayawan	Ket ayawan ayawao	ayayewa }	P. Net ayawanan	Ket ayawanawaw	ayawāwuk)	ayayewa )	•		

# DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

### Direct.

IMPERFECT TENSE.	kā, ayawapan <i>w</i> ā	, ayawupun $w$ ā ,, ayakopun $w$ ā	"ayawakepuna ) "ayawikepuna )	"ayawakepuna "ayawakepuna
PRESENT TENSE.	ká, ayawan $w$ ā $(Flat\ vowel$ ā)	" ayawunwa " ayakwa	"ayawákwā "avawúkwā	" ayawakwa " ayawakwa

## Possessive Case.

### Direct.

IMPERFECT TENSE.	kå, ayawukepunā " ayawutepunā " ayawatepunā " ayayitepunā " ayayitepunā " ayawukeetepunā " ayawukepunā " ayawukepunā " ayawakepunā	" ayawatwapuna " ayawapuna " ayayitepuna " ayayépuna
PRESENT TENSE.	kå ayawukā " ayawutā ", ayawakwā ", ayayikwā " ayawukeētā " ayawukwā " ayawukwā " ayawikwā " ayawikwā	,, ауаwакwа)

[239]

# SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDIC. MOOD.

SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### Direct.

	ayayane ātookwā ayayune ", ayatche ", ayayûko ", } ayayûko ", } ayayûko ", }	÷		ayawuke ātookwā ayawutche " ayawatche " ayawitche " ayawukeetche " ayawuko " ayawuko " ayawāko " ayawātwawe " ayayitwawe " ayayitwawe " [240]
Direct.	ā ayayapanātookwā " ayayupunātookwā " ayatepunātookwā " ayatepunātookwā " ayayakepunātookwā " ayayakepunātookwā " ayayukepunātookwā " ayayukepunātookwā " ayatchikepunātookwā " ayatchikepunātookwā " ayatwapunātookwā " ayatwapunātookwā	Possessive Case.	Direct.	imperfect tense.  ā ayavukepunātookwā  "ayavutepunātookwā "ayayitepunātookwā "ayavikepunātookwā "ayavuketepunātookwā "ayawukepunātookwā "ayawukepunātookwā "ayawatchikepunātookwā "ayawatchikepunātookwā "ayawatchikepunātookwā "ayawatchikepunātookwā "ayawatchikepunātookwā
	PRESENT TENSE.  ā ayayanātookwā  " ayatātookwā  " ayayākātookwā  " ayayākātookwā  " ayayūkātookwā  " ayayūkātookwā  " ayayūkātookwā  " ayayūkātookwā	7		present tense.  ā ayawukātookwā  "ayawatātookwā  "ayayitātookwā  "ayawukétātookwā  "ayawukétātookwā  "ayawukátookwā  "ayawakatookwā  "ayawathikātookwā  "ayawatchikātookwā  "ayawatchikātookwā  "ayawatchikātookwā  "ayawatchikātookwā  "ayawatchikātookwā
Direct.	IMPERFECT TENSE.  Net ayanakopun  Ayakopun  Net ayananakopun  Ket ayananakopun  Ket ayananakopun  Ayawakopun	te Case.	Direct.	IMPERFECT TENSE.  Net ayawanakopun Ket ayawanakopun ayawakopun syayekopun Net ayawananakopun Ket ayawananakopun Ket ayawananakopun ayawananakopun ayawananakopun ayawanawako-
	S. Net ayanatookwā Ket ayanatookwā ayatookwā P. Net ayananatookwā) Ket ayananatookwā) Ket ayananatookwā tookwā ayatookwānik	Possessive Case.	Dir	S. Net ayawanatookwā Ket ayawanatookwā ayawātookwā.} ayayeetookwā.} P. Net ayawananatookwā Ket ayawananatookwā Ket ayawananatookwā ayawananatookwā ayawananatookwā ayawananatookwā ayawanawawa-

## INDETERMINATE

### Direct.

## Indicative Mood.

ayanewunopun Stense ayanewew *present* ayanewun *tense* ayanewepun

Subjunctive Mood.

" ayanewukepun {imperf. tense " ayanewuk {present tense ayanewûke \ future tense " ayanewikepun ā ayanewik " ayakepun ayanewike ", ayak ayake

## Possessive Case.

Indicative Mood.

ayawanapun, imperf. tense Subjunctive Mood. ayawan, present tense

a ayaweetepun, imperf. tense ā ayawect, present tense futureayaweetwawe / tense ayaweétche

## INANIMATE.

Indicative Mood.

## Indefinite.

ayamukun, sing. \ present imperf. ayamukunwa, plur. Stense ayamukunopunee stense ayamukunopun ayaw, sing. present ayawa, plur. tense \)imperfect ayapunee stense ayapun

## Subjunctive Mood.

ayak present ayakee, waw tense ayakepun imperfect ayakepunee tense ayake finse
ayake, waw ayakepun ayakepunee ayake
ау ау ау ау

## Possessive Case.

## Indicative Mood.

ayamukuneyew, sing. pres. ayamukuneyewa, plur.) tense ayamukuneyepun \imperf. ayamukuneyepunee) tense ayayew, sing. \ present ayayewa, plur.\ tense ayayepun \imperf. ayayepunee tense

## Subjunctive Mood,

", ayamukuneyikepunee Stense future ayamukuneyikwawe f tense ā ayamukuneyik present " ayamukuneyike sense " ayamukuneyikepun ayamukuneyike ayayikepun \imperf. ayayike *future* ayayikwawe *tense* ayayikepunee stense ā ayayik \ present ,, ayayikee\ tense

## INANIMATE.

## Imperative Mood.

ayatan, ayatak $\left\{ pres. tense ayak \right\}$ " ayamukunwa Jtense kitta ayanewew \present future tense " ayanewun Jtense " ayaw \present, ayawa \tense of ayaw. ayamukun ayákůk ayakāk ayakun

## Possessive Case.

kitta ayawan, present tense future tense ayawatan present tensepresentayayewa Stense " ayayew ayawákůk ayawákāk ayawakun ayawák ayaw

ayamukuneyew \ pr. ayamukuneyewa) ten.

# DUBITATIVE MOOD.

(Subjunctive).

## PRESENT TENSE.

ká ayanewunookwā " ayanewikwā

" ayanewukwā

" ayakwā

## IMPERFECT TENSE.

kå ayanewunookopunā " ayanewikepunā

" ayanewûkêpunā " ayakepunā

## Possessive Case.

PRESENT TENSE.

ká nyaweétū

IMPERFECT TENSE.

ká ayaweétepunā

## DUBITATIVE MOOD

(Subjunctive).

## PRESENT TENSE

kả ayakwā, sing. kả ayamukunookwā sing. "ayamukukwā sing. "ayamukukwā sing. "ayamukunoowakwā, plural

## IMPERFECT TENSE.

ká ayakepunā, sing. ká ayanukunookopunā sing.
" ayanukukepunā sing.
" ayanukunoowakopunā plural
" ayamukunoowakopunā

## Possessive Case.

## PRESENT TENSE.

ků ayayikwā, sing. kå ayamukuneyikwā, sing. " ayayikwānee, plur. " " ayamukuneyikwānee, plur.

## IMPERFECT TENSE.

kả ayayikopunā, sing. kả ayamukuneyikopunā, sing. , ayayikopunānee, plur. " ayamukuneyikopunānee, plur.

## INDETERMINATE.

# SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

### Direct.

\imperfect ayanewetookwā ) present ayanewunotookwā \tense Indicative Mood. ayanewekopun

Subjunctive Mood.

ayanewunokopun Stense

imp. tense tenseayanewůkepunātookwā " ayanewikepunātookwā ayanewůkätookwā ayanewike ātookwā ayanewůke atookwa ā ayanewikātookwā " ayakepunatookwa " ayakātookwā ayake atookwa

## Possessive Case.

Indicative Mood.

ayawanatookwā, present tense ayawanakopun, imper. tense

Subjunctive Mood.

" ayaweétepun ātookwā, im. ten. ā ayaweetātookwā, pres.tense ayaweétwawe atookwas tense ayaweetche atookwa

## INANIMATE.

# SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

Indefinite. Indicative Mood.

ayamukunokopun \imperfect ayamukunotookwanee Stense ayamukunokopunee) tense ayamukunotookwā ) present )imperfect avatookwanee tense

Subjunctive Mood.

ayakopunce Stense

ayakopun

ayatookwā

a ayak atookwa pres. a ayamukuk atookwa pres., ayamee, waw atookwa tense "ayamukukee, waw atookwa ten. " ayamukukepun atookwa )im. tense " ayamukukepunee atookwa tenayamukukwawe atookwas tense ayamukůke atookwa  $\left. egin{array}{l} future \ fense \end{array} 
ight.$ ", ayakepunee ātookwā " ayakepun ātookwā ayakwawe atookwa ayake atookwa

## Possessive Case.

Indicative Mood.

ayamukuneyeetookwanees tense ayamukuneyekopun \imperfect ayamukuneyekopunee) tense ayamukuneyeetookwā imperfect present ayayeetookwanee fense ayayekopunee Stense ayayeetookwā ayayekopun

Subjunctive Mood.

" ayamukuneyikepunec atookwa) ten. ayumukuneyikwawe ātookwā) tense " ayamukuneyikee atookwa) ten. ā ayamukuneyik ātookwā 1pr ", ayamukuneyikepun atookwa ) future ayamukuneyike atookwa " ayayikepunee atookwa \tense ", ayayikepun atookwa )imp. ayayikwawe atookwa | tense ā ayayik ātookwā ) present " ayayikee ātookwā\ tense ayayike atookwa

# TRANSITIVE VERB—Inanimate. (6th conjug.)

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	?	FUTURE TENSE.  totumane totumune totumako ) totumuko ) totumuko ) totumako	FUTURE TENSE.  totumwuke totumwutche totumwatche ) totumwitche ) totumwukeetchie ) totumwiko totumwiko totumwiko totumwiko
SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.	Direct.	in Perfect tense.  ā totumapan  " totumupun  " totumakepun, totupun  " totumakepun )  " totumikepun )  " totumikepun )  " totumikepun )  " totukikepun )  " totukwapun )  " totukwapun )  " totukwapun )	imperfect tense.  ā totumwukepun  " totumwatepun  " totumwatepun   totumwapun    " totumwukeetepun    " totumwukeetepun    " totumwukepun    " totumwatchikepun    " totumeyitepun
-		PRESENT TENSE.  ā totuman  " totumun  " totumåk  " totumåk  " totumåk  " totumåk  " totumåk  " totumåk  " totukik	PRESENT TENSE.  ā totumwuk  " totumwut  " totumwat )  " totumwikeét)  " totumwukeét)  " totumwuk  " totumwak  " totumwatchik  " totumwatchik  " totumwatwaw  " totumwatwaw  " totumwatway
INDICATIVE MOOD.	Direct.	PRESENT TENSE. IMPERFECT TENSE.  Ne totan, I do it Ke totan to totat ty, I did it Ke totan Oo totat ty Oo totat ty Ne totanan Ne totatanan Ke totatanan Ke totatanan Ke totatanan Ke totatanan Ke totatanan Ke totatanan Oo totatanan See another form of the Imperfect Tense below, No. 1.  Possessive Case.	Ne totumwan Ke totumwan totumwan totumwanan Ke totumwa ty totumwanan Ke totumwa ty Oo totumwa ty Oo totumwa ty Ne totumwa ty Oo totumwa ty Ne totumwa ty Ne totumwa ty Ke totumwa tanan Ke totumwa ke totumwa tanan
	I	S. Ne totan, I do it Ke totan totum P. Ne totanan Ke totanan Ke totanawaw totunwuk See anolher. form of the I	8 6
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# INDICATIVE MOOD.

DUBITATIVE MOOD (Subjunctive).

Direct.	ENSE. IMPERFECT TENSE.	÷		ā / "totumookopunwā / "totumwakepunā /	<u>~</u>	kwā ,, totumwākepunā kwā totumwakenunā				Possessive Case.	ISE. IMPERFECT TENSE.	on ka totumwukepuna	,	<b></b> -	_	<i>ح</i> ــ	~ ·	a ,, totumwatchikenna ,	<u>~</u>	" totumeyitepunā	è
	PRESENT TENSE.	kå totumoowanwā (Flat vowel teyo.)	" totumoowunwā " totúkwā	" totumookwā [ " totumoowākwā	" totumoowukwā	" totumoowakwa totumoowakwa					PRESENT TENSE.	ká totumwuk <i>u</i> cā	" totumwutwā	" totumwakwa	" totumeyikwā	" totumwukeeta	" totumwùkwā	,, totumwakwa	" totumwawakwā	t	
Inverse.	IMPERFECT TENSE. Ne totakó ty, &c.	Possessive Case.	Another Form.	Inverse. Imperfect tense.	Ne totakoonapun	Ke totakoonapun	Ne totakoonunapun)	Ke totakoonanapun)	Ke totakoonawapun Oo totakootawapun)	totakoowapun {	totakopuneek ) Possessive Case,	Ne totakoowanapun	Ke totakoowanapun	totakoowāpun )	totakooyepun (	Ne totakoowananapun	Ke totakoowananapun	Ke totakoowanawapun	totakooyepun	4	
	PRESENT TENSE. Ne totakoon, &c.	Posers	5 [	(No. 1.) Direct. IMPERF	Ne totinapun	Ke totānapun	Ne totänanapun)	Ke totananapun)	Ke totānawapun totumopuneek )	totumwapun	(No. 2.) Possess	Ne totumwanapun	Ke totumwanapun	totumwāpun )	totumeyepun }	Ne totumwananapun	Ke totumwananapun S	Ke totumwanawapun	totumeyepun {	totumeyepuneek	

# SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—INDIC. MOOD.

### Direct.

IMPERFECT TENSE.	Ne totänakopun Ke totänakopun totumokopun	Ne totänanakopun Ke totänanakopun Ke totänavakopun
PRESENT TENSE.	S. Ne totánatookwa Ke totánatookwa totumotookwa	P. Ne totānanatookwā ) Ke totānanatookwā } Ke totānawawatookwā totumotookwānik

## Possessive Case.

PRESENT TENSE.	IMPERFECT TENSE.	PI
S. Ne totumwanatookwā Ke totumwanatookwā totumwātookwā  P. Ne totumwananatookwā Ke totumwananatookwā Ke totumwananatookwā totumwatookwāi totumwatookwāi	Ne totumwanatookwā Ke totumwanakopun totumwanatookwā totumwananakopun totumwananatookwā Ke totumwananakopun Ke totumwananakopun Ke totumwananakopun Ke totumwananakopun Ke totumwananakopun totumwātookwānik totumwanatesepun totumeyeetookwā Ke totumwanatesepun totumeyeetookwā Ke totumwanatesepun totumeyeetookwā Ke totumwanatesepun totumeyeetookwā ke totumwanatesepun kotumeyeetookwā ke totumwanatesepun kotumeyekopun kotumeyekopun ke totumwanatesepun ke totumwanatese	- in
totumeyeetookwanee	•	; ;

# SUPPOSITIVE MOOD—SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

### Direct.

	~~~			. / //
FUTURE TENSE.	totumane atookwa totumune "" totuke "" totumako "" totumako "" totumako "" totumako ""		FUTURE TENSE.	totumwuke ātookwā totumwutche ", totumwatche ", totumwukeetche ", totumwuko ", totumwāko ", totumwāko ", totumwātko ", totumwatkawe ", totumwatkawe ", totumwatkawe ",
IMPERFECT TENSE.	ā totumapanātookwā ,, totumupunātookwā ,, totupunātookwā ,, totupunātookwā ,, totumakepunātookwā ,, totumakepunātookwā ,, totumakepunātookwā ,, totumakepunātookwā ,, totukwāpunātookwā ,, totukwāpunātookwā ,, totukwāpunātookwā	Possessive Case.	IMPERFECT TENSE.	ā totumwukepunātookwā  " totumwutepunātookwā  " totumwatepunātookwā  " totumwukeetepunātookwā  " totumwukepunātookwā  " totumwakepunātookwā  " totumwakepunātookwā  " totumwatchikepunātookwā  " totumwatchikepunātookwā  " totumwatwapunātookwā  " totumwatwapunātookwā  " totumwatwapunātookwā  " totumwatwapunātookwā
PRESENT TENSE.	ā totumanātookwā " totumunātookwā " totukātookwā " totumākātookwā " totumākātookwā " totumākātookwā " totumākātookwā " totukikātookwā " totukikatookwā	v	PRESENT TENSE.	ā totumwukātookwā " totumwatātookwā " totumwatātookwā ", totumeyitātookwā ", totumwuketātookwā ", totumwākātookwā ", totumwatchikātookwā ", totumwatchikātookwā ", totumwatwawātookwā ", totumwatwawātookwā ", totumwatwawātookwā
				a a m

## INDETERMINATE.

### Direct.

## Indicative Mood.

totakunewunopunee) tense present ( totakunewepunee totakunewewa totakunewunva

totakunewůke $wawe \{fut. ten.$ " totakunewůkee {pres. ten. ", totakunewůkepunee " totakunewikepunee Subjunctive Mood. " totumeekepunee totakunewikewawe ā totakunewikee totumeekewawe " totumeekee

## Possessive Case.

Indicative Mood.

totumwanapun, imper. tense totumwan, present tense Subjunctive Mood.

", totumoótepun, *imper. tense* ā totumoot, present tense totumootche ) future totumoôtwawe | tense

## INANIMATE

### Indefinite. Indicative Mood.

totumomukunwa, plur.) tense totumomukun, sing. \pres. totumomukunopunee Stense totumomukunopun unperfect ) present tense totumwa, plur.totymopunce totum, sing. totumopun

Subjunctive Mood.

ä totůk

" totumomukůkepunee Itense ā totumomukůk , pres. ,, totumomukůkee, waw} tense totumomukůkwawe \ tense " totumomukůkepun totumomukůke present, ımperfect tensetense"totůk*ee*, waw 🖔 " totůkepunoe " totůkepun totůkwawe 🛚

## Possessive Case.

## totumomukuneyew, sing. \( pres. \) Indicative Mood.

totumomukuneyewa, plur.\tense

(imperf

totumomukuneyepunee Stense

totumomukuneyepun

Subjunctive Mood. totumeyew, sing.) present totumeyewa, plur.) tense totumeyepun \imperf. totumeyepunce) tense

" totumeyikepun ) imperf. " totumeyikepunee stense a totumeyik \ present totumeyikwawe) tense " totumeyikee) tense. totumcyike

" totumomukuneyikepunee) ten. "totumomukuneyikepun ) im.

totumomukuneyike

totumomukuneyikwawe) tense

ā totumomukuneyik ( present

" totumomukuneyikee) tense

## INANIMATE.

## Imperative Mood.

totumoðkūk totumoðkāk) totum totutan, tak  $\begin{cases} present tense \\ of totum \end{cases}$ kitta totakunewew) present totumook

totakunewun) *tense* present totumwa stense totum

) imper

## totumomukunwa) *tense* totumomukun

## Possessive Case.

totumwatan, tak pres. tense totumwåkůk future tense totumwåkāktotumwákun) totumwák

kitta totumwan, *present tense* totumeyew | present totumeyewa | tense

totumomukuneyewa) tense totumomukuneyew pres.

# DUBITATIVE MOOD.

(Subjunctive).

PRESENT TENSE.

kå totakunewunookwa totakunewikwā

totakunewůkwa **totumeekw**ā

## IMPERFECT TENSE.

kå totakunewunookopuna totakunewukepuna totakunewikepuna totumeekepunā

## Possessive Case.

PRESENT TENSE. ká totumwaweétā

ka totumwaweetepuna IMPERFECT TENSE.

# DUBITATIVE MOOD.

(Subjunctive).

## PRESENT TENSE.

totůkepuna sing. "totumomukůkepuna (""5. totumowakepuna, plur. "totumomukunoowakopuna) plur. { sing. " totumomukůkwā Šung. " totumomukunoowakwā, plural kå totumookopunä  $\begin{cases} sing.\end{cases}$  kå totumomukunookopunä ... totumomukůkepunä kå totumomukunookwa IMPERFECT TENSE. totumoowakwa, plur. ka totumookwa sing. " totůkwa " totům

# totumomukůkwápuna

## Possessive Case.

## PRESENT TENSE.

kā totumomukuneyikwā, sing. " totumomukuneyikwānee, plur. totumeyikwänee, plur. kā totumeyikwā, sing.

## IMPERFECT TENSE.

kå totumeyikopunā, sing. kå totumomukuneyikopunā, sing. totumeyikopunānee, plur. " totumomukuneyikopunānee, pl.

## INDETERMINATE

# SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

### Direct.

## Indicative Mood.

imperfect totakunewunotookwā/*tense* totak unew unokopun stense totakunewetookwä totakunewekopun

## Subjunctive Mood.

" totakunewikepun atookwa (imp. " totakunewukepun atookwa (tense present future " totakunewůk atookwa (tense " totumeekepun atookwa ā totakunewik atookwa totakunewike atookwa " totumeėk atookwa

## POSSESSIVE CASE.

totakunewůke atookwa

totumeėke ätookwā

## Indicative Mood.

- → totumwanatookwā, present tense → totumwanakopun, imper. tense
- Subjunctive Mood.

" totumootepun atookwa, im. tense ā totumoot ātookwā, present tense totumoðtche ätookwā ) future totumoðtwawe ätookwä | tense totumoôtche atookwa

# SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.

## Indicative Mood.

totumomukunotookwānee \tense totumomukunokopunee Jtense totumomukunotookwā totumomukunokopun totumokopun ) imperfect

totumotookwanee \tense

totumotookwā

totumokopunee stense

## Subjunctive Mood.

", tutumomukůkee, waw ātookwā)tense " totunnomukůkepunee atookwa ten. totumomukůkwawe atookwa J tense " totumomukůkepun atookwa ä totumomukůk atookwa totumomukůke atookwa imper. " totůkee, waw atookwa )tense " totůkepunee atookwa Jense totůkwawe atookwa ) tense

" totůkepun atookwa

totůke atookwa

a totůk atookwa

## Possessive Case.

## Indicative Mond.

totumomukuneyekopun \imperfect totumomukuneyeetookwānee Jense totumomukuneyekopunee Itense totumomukuneveetookwä totumeyeetookwā ) *present* totumeyekopun \imperfect totumeyeetookwanee | tense totumeyekopunee) tense

## Subjunctive Mond.

"totumeyikepunee ātookwā/ten. "totumomukuneyikepunee ātookwā/tense " totumomukuneyikepunatookwa )imp. a totumeyik atookwa ) present a totumomukuneyik atookwa ) present totumeyike ātookwā *) future* totumomukuneyike ātookwā *) futur*i totumeyikwawe ātookwā *) tense* totumomukunevikwawe ātookwā *) tense* " totumomukunevikee ātookwā) tense "totumeyikepun ātookwā )im. " totumeyikee atookwā) tense

## IMPERSONAL VERB.

	-		. (		ACCESSORY OR I	ACCESSORY OR POSSESSIVE CASE.
		,			(In relation to him, $u$	(In relation to him, with reference to him.)
	INDICATIVE MOOD.	/E MOOD.	SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.		INDICATIVE MOOD. SUBJUNC. MOOD.	SUBJUNC. MOOD.
Present.	$\mathit{Present.}$ mispoon,	It snows			mispooneyew	A mispooneyik
Imperf.	Imperf. mispoonopun,	It was snowing	n,	<u>.</u>	mispooneyepun	maspooneyik A mispooneyikepun
Perfect.	Perfect. Kê mispoon,	It has snowed	<b>5</b>		Kê mispooneyew	maspooneyikepun A ké mispooneyik
Pluper.	Pluper. Ké mispoonopun,	It had snowed	Kå mispook, After Å ké mispookepun,	,	Kė mispooncyepun	Ká mispooneyik A ké mispooneyikepun
Future.	Puture. Kitta mispoon,	It shall snow	pun, k,	to	Kitta mispooneyew	Kå mispooneyikepun Kitta mispooneyik
	•^^		ha mispook, As, next mispooke, When	lext 1		Kā mispooneyik mispooneyike
٠			mispooke, Indef. Kā mispook? When,	Indef. When, where,		māspooneyike Kā mispooneyik ?
Put. Per.	<i>Put. Pe</i> r. Kitta ké mispoon,	It shall have snowed.	how r Kitta ké mispook, That Kā ké mispook, As	`. *	Kitta kê mispooncyew (Kitta kê mispooneyik (Kā kê mispooneyik	Kitta ké mispooneyik Kü ké mispooneyik
				When When, where,		Ké mispooneyike Kā ké mispooneyik ?
	, <del>-</del> .		u Oii		57	250

POTENTIAL MOOD.	Kitta kė mispooneyik Kā kė mispooneyik Kė mispooneyik Kā kė mispooneyik?	Kitta mispooneyikepun Kā mispooneyikepun Kā mispooneyikepun?	Kitta kê mispooneyikepun Kā kê mispooneyikepun Kā kê mispooneyikepun?	IMPERATIVE MOOD. Kitta mispooneyew.
POTEN	Kitta kė mispooncyew	Kitta mispooneyepun	Kitta kė mispooneyepun	IMPER/ Kitta n
POTENTIAL MOOD.	Kitta kê mispook, That, Kâ kê mispook, As Kê mispooke, When Kā kê mispook? When, where,	would, Kitta mispookepun, That now Kā mispookepun, As Kā mispookepun? When, where,	have Kā kê mispookepun, That have Kā kê mispookepun, As Kā kê mispookepun, ? When, where, how?	•
POTENTIAL MOOD.	Present. Kitta kê mispoon, 🏻 It may or can snow	Imper. Kitta mispoonopun, It might, could, would or should snow	Pluper. Kitta ké mispoonopun, It might, could, would or should have snowed.	IMPERATIVE MOOD. Kitta mispoon, Let it snow.

# IMPERSONAL VERB, continued.

DUBITATIVE MOOD (If)	3 MOOD (1/7)	SUPPOSITIVE MO	SUPPOSITIVE MOOD. (It seems, I suppose.)
SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.	SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.	CO CAR CHARACT A CALCINA	
	(Accessory or Possessive Case).	INDICATIVE MOOD.	SUBJUNC. MOOD.
Present. mispoonookwä	mispooneyikwā	mispoonotookwā	A mispookātookwā
mäspoonookwä	māspooneyikwā		māspookātookwā
<i>Imper.</i> mispoonookopunā	mispooneyikepuna	mispoonokopun	A mispookepun
māspoonookopunā	maspooneyikepuna		māspookepun
Perfect. Ké mispoonookwa	Kė mispooneyikwā	Kė mispoonotookwā	A kč mispookātookwā
Ká mispoonookwa	Kå mispooneyikwā		Kå mispookātookwā
Pluper. Ké mispoonookopunā	Kê mispooneyikepunā	Kê mispoonokopun	A kė mispookepun
, Ká mispoonookopunā	Kā mispooneyikepunā		Kå mispookepun
Future. Kitta mispoonookwā	Kitta mispooneyikwā	Kitta mispoonātookwā	Kitta mispookātookwā
Kā mispoonookwā	Kā mispooneyikwā		Kā mispookātookwā
Kā mispoonookwā?	Kā mispooneyikwā?		Kā mispookātookwā?
Fut. Per. Kitta kê mispoonookwā	Kitta kė mispooneyikwā	Kitta ké mispoonatookwa	Kitta ké mispoonātookwā Kitta ké mispookātookwā
Kā kê mispoonookwā	Kā kė mispooneyikwā		Kā ké mispookātookwā
Kā kê mispoonookwā?	Kā kė mispooneyikwā?		Kā ké mispookātookwā?

Kitta kê mispoonatookwā Kitta kê mispookātookwā Kā kê mispookātookwā Kā kê mispookātookwā	Kitta mispookepun Kā mispookepun Kā mispookepun?	n Kitta ké mispookepun
Kitta kė mispoonatookv	Kitta mispoonokopun	Kitta kė mispoonokopun

ė mispookepun Kā ké mispookepun? Kā ké mispookepun nispookepun pookepun? pookepun Kitta kė mispoonokopun

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

Present. Kitta kë mispoonookwā

POTENTIAL MOOD.

POTENTIAL MOOD.

## Kitta ké mispooneyikepunā Kā ké mispooneyikepunā? Kā ké mispooneyikepunā

Kitta kė mispoonookopunā

Pluper.

Kā mispoonookopunā?

Kā kê mispoonookopunā? Kā ké mispoonookopunā

## Kitta kė mispooneyikwā Kitta mispooneyikepunā Kā kė mispooneyikwā? Kā mispooneyikepunā? Kā kė mispooneyikwā Kā mispooneyikepunā

Kitta mispoonookopunā

Imper.

Kā mispoonookopunā

Kā ké mispoonookwā? Kā ké mispoonookwā

## This form generally takes the flat vowel, or has kå before it (whether).

# IMPERSONAL VERB, continued.

INDICATIVE MOOD. SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.  Pesent. mispooneyektookwa Maispooneyikatookwa maspooneyikatookwa Maé (Amispooneyikatookwa Maispooneyikatookwa Maispooneyikatooka Maispooneyikatooka Maispooneyikatooka Maispooneyikatooka Maispooneyikatooka Maispooneyikatooka Maispo		SUPPOSITIVE MOOD.	MOOD.	OPTA	OPTATIVE MOOD.
A mispooneyikātookwā māspooneyikātookwā A mispooneyikepun māspooneyikepun A kē mispooneyikātookwa A kā mispooneyikātookwā Kā mispooneyikātookwā Kā mispooneyikātookwā Kā mispooneyikātookwā Kā mispooneyikātookwā Kā mispooneyikātookwā Kā kē mispooneyikātookwā?	H		ssive Case.) SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.	INDIC, MOOD.	SUBJUNC MOOD.
A mispooneyikepun māspooneyikepun A kê mispooneyikātookwa Kā mispooneyikatookwā Kā mispooneyikātookwā Kā mispooneyikātookwā Kā mispooneyikātookwā? Kā mispooneyikātookwā? Kā mispooneyikātookwā? Kā mispooneyikātookwā? Kā kê mispooneyikātookwā Kā kê mispooneyikātookwā Kā kê mispooneyikātookwā?	Present.	mispooneyeetookwa	A mispooneyikātookwā māspooneyikātookwā	. • <b>W</b> §	A wê Wâ (fat vowel)
A kê mispooneyikātookwa Kâ mispooneyikatookwa A kê mispooneyikepun Kâ mispooneyikatookwā Kā mispooneyikātookwā Kā mispooneyikātookwā? Kā mispooneyikātookwā? Kā kê mispooneyikātookwā Kā kê mispooneyikātookwā Kā kê mispooneyikātookwā Kā kê mispooneyikātookwā	Imperf.	mispooneyekopun	A mispooneyikepun mäspooneyikepun	Wê	A wé Wá
Kê mispooneyikepun       Kê wê         Kitta mispooneyewatookwa       Kitta mispooneyikatookwa         Kittakê mispooneyewatookwa       Kitta kê mispooneyikatookwa         Kittakê mispooneyewatookwa       Kitta kê mispooneyikatookwa         Kā kê mispooneyikatookwa       Kā kê mispooneyikatookwa	Perfect.	Kė mispooneyectookwā	A kė mispooneyikātookwā Kå mispooneyikātookwa	Ké wé	Ā ké wé Ká wé
Kitta mispooneyikātookwā  Kā mispooneyikātookwā?  Kā mispooneyikātookwā?  Kitta kê mispooneyikātookwā  Kā kê mispooneyikātookwā?	Pluper.	Kê mispooneyekopun	A kê mispooneyikepun Kâ mispooneyikepun	Ké wé	A ké wé Ká wé
Kitta kê mispooneyikātookwā Kā kê mispooneyikātookwā Kā kê mispooneyikātookwā?	Future.	Kitta mispooneyewātookwā	Kitta mispooneyikātookwā Kā mispooneyikātookwā Kā mispooneyikātookwā?	Kitta wê	Kitta wé Kā wé Kā wé?
	Fut. Per	Kittakė mispooneyewātookwā	Kitta kė mispooneyikātookwā Kā kė mispooneyikātookwā Kā kė mispooneyikātookwā?	Kitta ké wé	Kitta ké wé Kā ké wé. Kā ké wé? 254

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

Present.	Present. Kitta kė mispooneyewātookwā	Kitta kė mispooneyikātookwā Ka kė mispooneyikātookwā Kā kė mispooneyikātookwā?	Kitt
Imperf.	Imperf. Kitta mispooneyekopun	Kitta mispooneyikepuh Kä mispooneyikepun Kä mispooneyikepun?	Kitt
Pluperf.	Pluperf. Kitta kë mispooneyekopun	Kitta kė mispooneyikepun Kā kė mispooneyikepun Kā kė mispooneyikepun?	Kitt

## POTENTIAL MOOD.

Kitta kê wê	Kitta wê	Kitta kê wê
Ka kê wê	Kā wê	Kā kê wê
Ka kê wê?	Kā wê?	Kā kê wê?
Kitta kê wê	Kitta wê	Kitta ké wé

## IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Kitta we mispoon.

The above may be placed before all the preceding Moods and Tenses.

- v. kimewun, it rains (at present).kimewunopun, it rained. ā kimewuk ., kimewûkepun
- r. kimewuneyew kimewunevepun ā kimewuneyik , kimewuneyikepun
- d. kimewunookwā  $\{(\bar{a}f,v_{\cdot})\}$ kimewunookopunā) kimewûkepunā
- r. kimewuneyikwā kimewuneyikepunā
- s. kimewunotookwā kimewunookopun ā kimewůk atookwa ,, kimewůkepun ātookwā
- r. kimewuneveetookwā kimewuneyekopun ā kimewuneyik ātookwā "kimewuneyikepun ätookwā
- r. tipiskaw, it is night. tipiskapun, it was night. ā tipiskak "tipiskakepun
- r. tipiskayew tipiskayepun ā tipiskavik , tipiskayikepun ·
- d. tipiskakwā (ā f. v.) tipiskakepunā
- r. tipiskayikwā tipiskavikepunā
- s. tipiskatookwā tipiskakopun ā tipiskak ātookwā "tipiskakepun ātookwā
- r. tipiskayeetookwā tipiskayekopun ā tipiskavik ātookwā "tipiskayikepun ātookwā

- present). kisastāpun, it was hot. ā kisastāk , kisastākepun
- r. kisastāyew kisastāyepun ā kisastāvik kisastāvikepun
- d. kisastākwā (ā f. v.) kisastākepunā
- kisastāyikwā kisastāyikepunā
- kisastātookwā kisastākopun ā kisastāk ātookwā "kisastākepunātookwā
- r. kisastāyeetookwā kisastāyekopun ā kisastāyik ātookwā "kisastāyikepun ātookwā
- v. kissinaw, it is cold. kissinapun, it was cold. ā kissinak , kissinakepun
- r. kissinayew kissinayepun ā kissinayik , kissinayikepun
- d. kissinakwā (ā f. v.) kissinakepunā
- r. kissinayikwā kissinavikepunā s. kissinatookwā
- kissinakopun ā kissinak ātookwā ., kissinakepun ātook-
- r. kissinayeetookwā kissinayekopun ā kissinayik ātookwā
  - "kissinayikepun ātookwā

- v. kisastāo, it is hot (at |v|. notāpuyew, itruns short. notapuyepun, it ran short. ā notāpuvik " notapuyikepun
  - r. notapuyeyew notapuyeyepun ā notāpuyeyik " notapuyeyikepun
  - d. notapuvikwa (ey f. v.) notapuyikepuna
  - r. notapuyeyikwa notapuyeyikepuna .
  - s. notapuyetookwa notapuyekopun ā notāpuyik ātookwā "notapuyikepun atookwā
  - r. notapuyeyeetookwa nótapuyeyekopun ā notāpuyeyik ātookwā "notāpuyeyikepun ātookwā
  - v. wapun, it is light. wapunopun it was light. ā wapuk
  - " wapukepun r. wapuneyew wapuneyepun ā wapunevik ,, wapuneyikepun
  - d. wapunookwā (ey f. v.)wapukwa wapunookopunā) wapukepuna
  - r. wapuneyikwā wapuneyikepunā
  - s. wapunotookwā wapunookopun ā wapuk ātookwā " wapukepun ātookwā r. wapuneyeetookwa
  - wapuneyekopun ā wapuneyik ātookwā " wapuneyikepun ātookwā

v. verb, r. relative, d. dubitative, s. suppositive. The Optative Mood is formed by placing we before each of the above, both Present and Imperfect Tenses. The Dubitative generally takes the flat vowel (f. v.), or has ka before it (whether).

- v. pipoon, it is winter.
  pipoonopun, it was winter.
  ā pipook
  ,, pipookepun
- r. pipooneyew
  pipooneyepun
  ā pipooneyik
  " pipooneyikepun
- d. pipoonookwā (ā f. v.)
  pipookwā (ā f. v.)
  pipoonookopunā
  pipookepunā
- r. pipooneyikwā pipooneyikepunā
- s. pipoonootookwā pipoonookopun ā pipookātookwā " pipookepun atookwā
- r. pipooneyeetookwā
   pipooneyekopun
   ā pipooneyik ātookwā
   ,, pipooneyikepun ātookwā
- v. meyooskumeew, it is spring. meyooskumeepun, it was spring.
  - ā meyooskumeek " meyooskumeekepun
- r. meyooskumeeyew
  meeyooskumeeyepun
  ä meyooskumeeyik
  "meyooskumeeyikepun
- d. meyooskumeekw $ar{a}$ ,  $(ar{a}f.v.)$  meyooskumeekepun $ar{a}$
- r. meyooskumeeyikwä meyooskumeeyikepunä
- s. meyooskumeetookwā
   meyooskumeekopun
   ā meyooskumeek ātookwā
   ,, meyooskumeekepun ā tookwā
- r. meyooskumeeyetookwā meyooskumeeyekopun ā meyooskumeeyik ātookwā
  - ,, meyooskumeeyikepun ātookwā

- v. mispoon, it snows.
  mispoonopun, it was
  snowing.
  - ā mispook ,, mispookepun
- r. mispooneyew mispooneyepun ā mispooneyik
- ,, mispooneyikepun
  d. mispoonookwā
  mispookwā
  mispoonookopunā
- mispookepunā
  r. mispooneyikwā
  mispooneyikepunā
- s. mispoonootookwā mispoonookopun ā mispook ātookwā " mispookepun ātookwā
- r. mispooneyeetookwā
   mispooneyekopun
   ā mispooneyik ātookwā
   ,, mispooneyikepun ātook-
- v. yootin, it blows.
  yootinopun it was blowing.
  ā yooteek
  " yooteekepun
- r. yootineyew
  yootineyepun
  a yootineyik
  ,, yootineyikepun
- d. yootinookwā) (e f. v. yootinookopunā yooteekepunā
- r. yootineyikwā yootineyikepunā
- s. yootinootookwā yootinookopun ā yooteèk ātookwā "yooteèkepun ātookwā
- r. yootineyeetookwā
   yootineyekopun
   ä yootineyik ātookwā
   ,, yootineyikepun ātookwā

- v. kesikaw, it is day. kesikapun, it was day. ā kesikak ,, kesikakepun
- r. kesikayew kesikayepun â kesikayik ,, kesikayikepun
- d. kesikakwā (ey f. v.) kesikakepunā
- r. kesikayikwā kesikayikepunā
   s. kesikatookwā
  - kesikakopun ā kesikak ātookwā ,, kesikakepun ātookwā
- r. kesikayeetookwā
  kesikayekopun
  ā kesikayik ātookwā
  ", kesikayikepun ātookwā
- v. mikeskaw, it is winter mikeskapun, it was winter.
  - ā mikeskak "mikeskakepun
- r. mikeskayew
  mikeskayepun
  a mikeskayik
  " mikeskayikepun
- d. mikeskakwā (ā f. v.)
  mikeskakepunā
- r. mikeskayikwā mikeskayikepunā s. mikeskatookwā
- mikeskakopun ā mikeskak ātookwā ,, mikeskakepun ātookwā
- r. mikeskayeetookwā
   mikeskayekopun
   ā mikeskayik ātookwā
   " mikeskayikepun ātookwā
   wā

- v. kissinamukun, it is cold weather.
  - kissinamukunopun, it was cold weather.
  - ā kissinamukūk "kissinamukůkepun
- r. kissinamukuneyew kissinamukuneyepun ā kissinamukuneyik ,, kissinamukuneyikepun
- d. kissinamukunookwā) (ā kissinamukůkwā,  $\{f.\ v.\}$ kissinamukunookopunā kissinamukukepuna
- kissinamukuneyikwā kissinamukuneyikepunā
- kissinamukunotookwā kissinamukunokopun ā kissinamukuk ātookwā ", kissinamukukepun ā-
- tookwā r. kissinamukuneyeetookwā
- kissinamukuneyekopun ā kissinamukuneyik ātookwā
  - "kissinamukuneyikepun ātookwā
- v. mispoonomukun, it is snowy weather. mispoonomukunopun, it was snowy weather. ā mispoonomukuk " mispoonomukůkepun
- r. mispoonomukuneyew mispoonomukuneyepun ā mispoonomukuneyik "mispoonomukuneyikepun
- d. mispoonomukunookwā) (ā nispoonomukukwā mispoonomukunookopunā mispoonomukûkepunā
- r. mispoonomukuneyikwā mispoonomukuneyikepunā
- s. mispoonomukunotookwā mispoonomukunokopun ā mispoonomukuk ātookwā "mispoonomukukepun atook wā
- r. mispoonomukuneyeetookmispoonomukuneyekopun ā mispoonomukuneyik ā
  - tookwā ā mispoonomukuneyikepun ātookwā

- v. Kisastāmukun, it is warm | v. tipiskamukun, it is night weather.
  - kisastāmukunopun, it was warm weather.
- ā kisastāmukúk ,, kisastāmukūkepun
- r. kisastāmukuneyew kisastāmuk neyepun ā kisastāt kuneyik " kisastāt kuneyikepun
- d. kisastāmukunookwā) (ā kisastāmukúkwā f. v.kisastāmukunookopunā kisastāmukūkepunā
- r. kisastāmukuneyikwā kisastāmukuneyikepunā
- s. kisastāmukunotookwā kisastamukunokopun ā kisastāmukuk atookwa " kisastāmukūkepun ātook- r. tipiskamukuneyeetookwā
- r. kisastāmukuneyeetookwā kisastāmukuneyekopun
  - ā kisastāmukuneyik ātook-
  - "kisastamukuneyikepun ā-
- v. kesikamukun, it is day. kesikamukunopun, it was day.
  - ā kesikamukuk " kesikamukukepun
- r. kesikamukuneyew kesikamukuneyepun ā kesikamukuneyik "kesikamukuneyikepun
- d. kesikamukunookwa) (ey kesikamukukwa kesikamukunookopunā kesikamukukepuna
- r. kesikamukuneyikwā kesikamukuneyikepunā
- s. kesikamukunotookwā kesikamukunokopun ā kesikamukúk ātookwā " kesikamukukepun atook-
- r. kesikamukuneyeetookwā kesikamukuneyekopun ā kesikamukuneyikātookwā "kesikamukuneyikepun ãtookwā

- tipiskamukunopun, it was, & ā tipiskamukúk tipiskamukůkepun r. tipiskamukuneyew
- tipiskamukuneyepun ā tipiskamukuneyik ,, tipiskamukuneyikepun
- d. tipiskamukunookwā (ā f.v.) tipiskamukúkwā tipiskamukunookopunā tipiskamukukepuna
- r. tipiskamukuneyikwā tipiskamukuneyikepunā
- s. tipiskamukunotookwā tipiskamukunokopun ā tipiskamukuk ātookwā "tipiskamukůkepun ā
  - tookwa
  - tipiskamukuneyekopun ā tipiskamukuneyik ā-
  - tookwā
  - "tipiskamukuneyikepun
- v. kissechewunomukun, it is swift current. was, & kissechewunomukunopun, i ā kissechewunomukuk
  - kissechewunomukukepun
- r. kissechewunomukuneyew kissechewunomukuneyepun ā kissechewunomukuneyik
- "kissechewunomukuneyikepun d. kissechewunomukunookkissechewunomukukwā
- kissechewunomukunookopun kissechewunomukukepuna r. kissechewunomukuneyikwā
- kissechewunomukuneyik-
- s. kissechewunomukunotookwā kissechewunomukunokopun
- ā kissechewunomukuk ātookwā
- ā kissechewunomukukepun ātookwā
- r. kissechewunomukuneyeetook kissechewunomukuneyekopu
  - a kissechewunomukuneyik ātookwā
  - ā kissechewunomukuneyikepun ātookwā

AFFIXES OF THE PRINCIPAL TENSES OF THE FOLLOWING TRANSITIVE VERBS.

loves aty iik in, itin eek,  he so aty iik in, itin eek,  he waty hook hoon, hooten hook,  ho owaty hoot hoo, hooten hook,  o, he owaty ak owin, atin atin  o, he owaty sit sin, itin teek,  leaves taty tik sin, titin teek,  leaves taty tik sin, titin teek,  brings aty tik sin, titin s,  brings aty tik sin, titin teek,  it owit owyun, at ow,  it in eyun, it in teek,  sit seyun, titin s,  leave,  aty tik sin, titin teek,  it owit owyun, at ow,  ow,  ow,  ow,  ow,  ow,  ow,  ow,	PRESENT.	IMPERFECT.	INVERSE.	2nd and 1st PERS.	IMPERATIVE.	INDETERMINATE.
4 ty ik in, itin —, ik, in aw, it eyun, itan eek, eekook, inan aw, it in, itin —, ik, in aw, it in, itin —, hook, hoon hootin hooten title sin, titlen seyun, itlen ak, sik, sik, sin in titlen hooten	<					
thy ik in, itan eek, eekook, inan aw, itan in, itan eek, eekook, inan wat, hoot hoot hootin —, hook, hoon waw, hootin hoot hootin hootin —, hook, hoon waw, hootin hoot hoow, hootin —, hook, hoon waw, hoot hoot howin, atin ow, owik, owin oway, owit oweyun, atin atin ow, owik, owin owit sit seyun, titin s, sit, tik, sin titin sit, sin, titin s, sit, tik, sin titin s, sit, sin titin s, sit, sit, sin in sit, sin, titin s, sit, sit, sin in sit, sin, sin, sit, sin, sit, sin, sin, sit, sin, sin, sit, sin, sit, sin, sin, sit, sin, sin, sin, sit, sin, sit, sin, sin, sit, sin, sit, sin, sit, sin, sin, sit, sin, sit, sin, sit, sin, sit, sin, sit, sin, s	Sakeh ao. he loves	å tv	iķ		ik,	
# ty ik iii, itin — ik, iin aw, hook hook hoon hootin — hook, hook hoon hootin — hook, hook hoon wa ty hook hoom hootin — hook, hook hoon waw, hootin — hook, hook hoon waw, hootin hook hook hoom waw, hootin atin ow, owik, owin owaw, owit owin, atin owi, atin titin seyun, itin the seyun, at the sexun,	him	•	i:		eékook,	•
wå ty hook hootin —, hook, hoon waw, hoot hoot hootin —, hook, hoon waw, hoot hootin —, hook, hoon waw, hoot hootin —, hook, hoon waw, owil, hoot hootin at hoot owil, owil, owil, owin, atin ow, owik, owin owaw, owit tik sin, titin sit seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan taw, tit sit seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan taw, it seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan taw, tit seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan taw, tit seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan taw, it seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan taw, it seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan aw, it seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan aw, it seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan aw, it seyun, atin ow, owik, owin owat, owit oweyun, at ow, owik, owin owin, at ow, owik, owin owat, owit, at in at owin, at ow, owik, owin owin, at ow, owik, owin owit, it in, it in titin titin titin ow, owik, owin owit, it in, it in, it in ow, owik, owin owit, it in, it in owit, it in it owit, it in owit it owith it in owit it owe, in in it owith it it owith it in owit it in owith it in ow	Itāvim āo. he so	ar tv	ik		ik,	
wâ ty hook hootin hootin hook, hook, hoon waw, hoot hoot hootin hook, hookon, hootin hook, hook, hoon waw, ow ty hoot hootin at hook, hook, hoon waw, ow the hoot hootin at hook, hook, hoon waw, ow the hoot hootin at hook, hook, hoon waw, ow the hoot hootin at hook, hook, hoon waw, ow the hoot hootin at hook, hook, hoon waw, ow the hoot hootin at hook, hook, hoon ow the hoot hootin at hook, hook, hoon ow the hoot hootin ow the hoot hootin hootin at hook, hook, ow the hoot hootin hootin at hook, hook, ow the hoot hootin hootin the hook, hoo ow the hootin hootin the hootin hootin the hootin him him him him hootin him him him hootin ho	thinks him.	•	iţ		eék, eékook, inan	•
wâ ty hook hoon, hootan hoôk, hoôkook, hoonan hook hook hoonan hoot hoot hoyun, hootan hook, hook, hook hoonan oway, owin, atin owit oweyun, atin ow, owik, owin oweyun, atin ow, owik, owin oweyun, atin tât ty tik sin, titin sin, titin sin, titin sin, titin sit seyun, titan teêk, teêkook, sinan taw, tik sin, titin sit seyun, titan teêk, teêkook, sinan taw, titin sit seyun, titan teêk, teêkook, sinan taw, titin sit seyun, titan teêk, teêkook, sinan aw, titin sit seyun, titan teêk, teêkook, sinan aw, it in owit oweyun, atin ow, owik, owin oway, owit oweyun, atin ow, owik, owin oway, owit oweyun, atin atin ow, owik, owin owit oweyun, atin atin ow, owik, owin owit oweyun, atin ow, owik, owin ow, owit it in, it in it in, it in it in, it in it in it it in, it in it it in it it in it	Isitissa wao. he	wa tv	hook		-, hook, hoon	
wå ty hook hoon, hootin —, hook, hook hoon waw, owa ty owin, atin oweyun, atin ow, owik, owin owayun, atin ow, owik, owin owayun, atin ta ty tik sin, titin sit, sin, titin seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan taw, titin sit, in, itin evun, itin ebk, teekook, sinan aw, owit owit owin, atin ow, owik, owin owayu, atin ow, owik, owin owin, atin ow, owik, owin owin, atin dik, akook, owinan owat ty owin, atin dik, akook, owinan owayu, itin it, itin itin eigh, ekkook, inan it it, itin itan eek, eekook, inan it it it in, itin itin eigh, it in it it it in, it in it it it in it it it it in it	sends him.	•	hoot		hoók, hoókook, hoonan	
owá ty ak owin, atin ow, owik, owin owaw, owit owin, atin owit, atin owit owin, atin ow, owik, owin owaw, owit owin, atin ow, owik, owin owaw, owit titin sin, owin, owin, atin ow, owik, owin oweyun, atin ow, owik, owin owin, atin ow, owik, owin owin, atin ow, owik, owin owin, atin ow, owik, owin ow, owit, itin sin, itin ow, owik, owin ow, owit, itin atin ow, owik, owin ow, owit, itin sin, itin ow, owik, atin ow, owit, itin atin ow, owik, owin ow, itin atin ow, owik, owinan ow, it it itin, itin ow, itin titin ow, itin itin itin itin itin itin itin iti	Pususta wao, he	wå ty	hook		-, hook, hoon	
owá ty ak owin, atin ow, owik, owin owaw, owit owit oweyun, atan ak, ákook, owinan owaw, owit tik sin, titin seyun, titan teék, teékook, sinan taw, tik sin, titin sin, titin sin, titin sin, itin owin, atin owit oweyun, atan ow, owik, owin owit oweyun, atan ow, owik, owin owit owin, atin atin ow, owit, owin, atin ow, owit, owin atin ow, owit, owin, atin ow, owit, owin, atin atin ow, owit, owin owit it in, itin ow, owit, atin ow, owit, owin, atin ow, owit, owin ow, owit, owin, atin ow, owit, owin, atin ow, owit, itin ow, itin ow, owit, owin, itin ow, itin ow, owit, itin ow, itin ow, owit, itin ow, itin ow, itin ow, itin ow, itin ow, itin owit, itin ow, i	whips him.	•	hoot		hoók, hoókook, hoonan	j
owá ty ak owin, atan ow, owik, owinan ow, owit owit, atin owit sin, titin seyun, titan teêk, teêkook, sinan taw, seyun, titan teêk, teêkook, sinan aw, it eyun, itan ow, owit, owin oweyun, atan ow, owit, owin ow, owit owit, owin, atin ow, owit, owin atin titin ow, owit, owin ow, it in, itin eyun, itan titin ow, owit, owin ow, it in, itin eyun, itan titin ow, owit, itin ow, itin ow, it it in itin eek, eêkook, inan tan it it eyun, itan eek, eêkook, inan tan it it it itan itan eek, eêkook, inan	Tapwat owao, he	owa ty	ak		owik,	owaw, at
owá ty ak owin, atin dk, ákook, owina taw, tá ty sit, sin, titin sit seyun, titin teék, teékook, sinan taw, tik sin, it in, itin eék, teékook, sinan aw, owit oweyun, atin ow, owik, owin, atin ow, owik, owin atin ow, owik, owin atin ow, owik, owin it it it in, itin eyun, it it it in eyun, it it it in eyun, it	helieves him.	•	owit	_	åkook,	
tâ ty tik sin, titin s, sc, sik, tik, sin taw, tik sin, titin seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan taw, titan seyun, titan seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan taw, tik sin, titin sit seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan taw, titan seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan taw, it in it eyun, titan ow, owit, owin, atin ow, owit oweyun, atin an ow, owit, owin, atin atin ow, owit, owin atin ow, owit it it eyun, itan eek, eekook, owinan owaw, owit oweyun, atin atin ak, akook, owinan owaw, it it it eyun, itan eek, eekook, inan tan it eyun, itan eek, eekook, inan	Sekahat owao. he	owa tv	ak		owik,	owaw, at
tâ ty tik sin, titin s, sê, sik, tik, sin taw, sit seyun, titin s, sik, teêkook, sinan taw, ti sin, titin s, sik, teêkook, sinan taw, ti sin, titin s, sik, teêkook, sinan taw, ti sin, titin s, sik, teêkook, sinan taw, ti sin in, titin teêk, teêkook, sinan aw, ti in, titin teek, teêkook, inan oway, owin, atin ow, owik, owin owaw, owit oweyun, atin ow, owik, owin owaw, owit oweyun, atin to ow, owik, owin ow, owit, owin ow, owit, owin ow, owit, owin atin tit, in, titin tin tin tin tin tin tin tin tin t	baptizes him.		owit		akook,	
tâ ty tik sin, titin s, sik, tik, sin taw, tik sin, titin seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan taw, tik sin, titin seyun, titan seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan aw, it in seyun, titan teek, teekook, sinan aw, it in eyun, it an ow, owik, owin owaw, owit oweyun, at ow, owik, owin owaw, owit owin, at ow, owik, owin owaw, owit owin, at ow, owik, owin owaw, at owit oweyun, at ow, owik, owin ow, owit, owin, at ow, it in tit eyun, it in eyun, it in an ow, it in it eyun, it in the condition of the condition of tit ower it in the condition ower it in the condition ower it in the condition of the condition ower in the condition ower in the condition ower in the condition of the condition of the condition ower in the condition of	I tão, he says to	tå ty'	tik		s, sé, sik, tik, sin	
tâ ty tik sin, titin s, sik, tik, sin taw, tik sit seyun, titan teêk, teêkook, sinan taw, tik sin, titin s, sik, ein taw, tik sin, titan seyun, titan teêk, teêkook, sinan aw, it in, itin eyun, itan ow, owik, owin oway, owit oweyun, atan ow, owik, owin owaw, owit owin, atin ow, owik, owin owaw, ak, akook, owinan owaw, aty ak owin, atin ain, itin it eyun, itan eêk, eêkook, inan aw, it it eyun, itan eek, eikook, owinan owaw, owit, owin owaw, it it eyun, itan eek, eêkook, inan aw, it it eyun, itan eek, eêkook, inan	him.	•	sit		· teék, teékook, sinan	
tâty tik sin, titin s, sik, sin taw, tik sin, titin s, sik, sin taw, titin seyun, titan teêk, teêkook, sinan aw, it in, itin eyun, itan owin ow, owit, owin, at ow, owik, owin owaw, owit, owin, at owin, at ow, owik, owin owaw, owit, owin, at owin, at ow, owik, owin owaw, owit, owin, at owin, at ow, owik, owin owaw, owit, owin, at owin, at ow, it in, it in the syun, it it eyun, it in the syun, it is the syu	Nuku tão, he leaves		tiķ		s, sik, tik, sin	
tâty tik sin, titin s, sik, sin taw, law, sit seyun, titan teêk, teêkook, sinan aw, it, it, it, it, it, it, it, it, it, it	' him.		sit		teék, teékook, sinan	
aty ik in, itin —, ik, in aw, itin owal ty owin, at ow, owik, owin owal ty owin, at owin, at ow, owik, owin owal, owit, owin, at owin, at ow, owik, owin owal, owit, owin, at owin, at ow, owik, owin owal, owit, it in, it it eyun, it ower own, it ower own, it it it is in, it it is in, it it is in, it is in it is in, it is in, it is in, it is in, it is in in it is in in it is in in it is in it is in it is in it is in in it is in it is in in in it is in in in it is in in it is in	Na tāo, he fetches		tik		s, sik, sin	
â ty     ik     in,     itin     —,     ik,     in     aw,       owá ty     ak     owin,     atin     ow,     owik,     owin     owaw,       owá ty     ak     owin,     atin     ow,     owin,     owin     owaw,       owá ty     ak     owin,     atin     owin,     owin     owin     owaw,       owá ty     owit     owin,     atin     owin     owin     owaw,       ik     ik     ik     in     ii       it     eyun,     itan     eék, eékook,     inan	him.		sit		teék, teékook, sinan	
owâ ty ak owin, atin ow, owik, owin owaw, owit oweyun, atan ow, owik, owin owaw, owit owit oweyun, atan ow, owik, owin owaw, owit owit oweyun, atan atin ow, owik, owin owaw, owit it, itin cyun, itan eèk, eèkook, inan	Pāsew ao, he brings		ik		ik, in	
owá ty     ak     owin, atin     atin     ow, owik, owinan     owin     owaw, owin, atin     ow, owik, owinan     owin     owaw, owin, atin     ow, owik, owinan     owin     owaw, owin, owinan       owá ty     ak     owin, atin     ak, ákook, owinan     owin, oweyun, atin     ak, ákook, owinan     owaw, owin, itin       á ty     ik     in, itin     it     oyun, itan     eèk, eèkook, inan	him.		it		ečkook,	
owá ty ak ovin, atan dk, dkook, ovinan owaw, owit owin, atin ow, owik, owinan owaw, owit owin, atin dk, dkook, ovinan owaw, owit oweyun, atin dk, dkook, owinan owaw, it in, itin eyun, itan eek, eckook, inan	Isitissahumowao, he	owa ty	ak		owik,	
owâ ty     ak     owin, oweyun, atan     atin     ow, owik, owinan     owinan     owaw, owinan       owit     oweyun, atan     ow, owik, owinan     owinan     owaw, owik, owinan       â ty     ik     in, itin     —, ik, in     aw, ik, in       it     eyun, itan     eêk, eêkook, inan	sends it to him.	•	owit		ákook,	
owit oweyun, atan ak, akook, owinan owaw, owit, owin atin atun ak, akook, owinan owaw, owit oweyun, atun ak, akook, owinan aw, it eyun, itan eek, eekook, inan	Kwaskótot owao, he	owa ty	ak		owik,	
owa tyakowin, owin, atinow, owik, owin owe, owin atunowit owe, owin atunow, owin atunow, owin atunow, owin atunow, owin atunow, owin atun $3$ tyikininaw, itiniteyun, itaneek, eekook, in an	iumps at him	•	owit		ákook,	
â ty     ik     owit oweyun, atun itin     ak, akook, owinan aw, itin     aw, ik, in aw, itin	Kekesk owao, he	owa ty	ak		owik,	
it   it it it it it it it it it it it it it	wears him.	•	owit		ákook,	
it eyun, itan eek, eekook,	Peétokwah ao, he	is ty	iķ		ik,	
	takes him in.	•	it		ečkook,	

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pun w pun rik . a \_\_\_\_opun nā . wā

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pun [w took kopui rik

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## ERRATUM.

P. 156, line 19, Pluperfect Tense, for have believed read had believed.

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