

## 7. ORTHOGRAPHY

The following symbols have been used to represent the following sounds:

u	as 'oo' in 'boot'
ä	as 'a' in 'father'
a	as 'u' in 'hut'
ng	as the 'ng' in 'sing'
q	a very back 'k' sometimes with friction
'	for glottal stop
f	for 'f'
s	as the 'sh' in 'ship'
wh	for a voiceless 'w' in 'whale' of some English speakers
i	as 'ee' in 'beet'
e	as the 'a' in 'hate'
o	as the 'o' in 'note'
p	as the 'p' in 'spit' (unaspirated) becomes aspirated when followed by 'h'
t, k	also unaspirated becoming aspirated followed by 'h' thuna 'they all will speak' Imm.Fut. The stops sometimes freely fluctuate to voiced stops.
v, w, y	Similar to English usage. 'y' sometimes becomes frictionized to 'z' as in 'azure'.
m, n	As in English
h	As in English