Koyukon Alphabet

a ya<u>h</u> house

aa dinaa man



- b bidziy caribou
- ch łeech dog



h



- a sounds like the "a" in above and sofa
- aa sounds like the "a" in father and sometimes like the "a" in cat.

b is similar to the "b" in better.

ch sounds like the "ch" in church. The "ch" is used only in Upper Koyukon. The "k" without an underline changes to "ch".

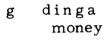
ch' is similar to "ch", but with a slight popping sound. The "ch'" is used only in Upper Koyukon. The "k'" without an underline changes to "ch'".

d is similar to the "d" in do.

dl dlił mountain



- dz dzaa<u>h</u> gum
- ee k'eełak'ee one



g goh rabbit





- gh ghahoał he is walking
- h hogo<u>h</u> snow goose
- <u>h</u> <u>h</u>aa lard

- dl is similar to "gl" in glass, but made in the same position as a "d" and not back in the "g" position.
- dz is similar to the "dz" or "ds" in adze and fads.
- ee usually sounds like the "ee" in see. When next to a back consonant it sounds similar to the "ay" in say.
- g is similar to the "g" in gun.
- g is similar to the "g" sound but pronounced further back in one's throat.
- gh is made in the position of a "g" but with the air passing through the mouth as in saying "z".
- h is similar to the "h" in hand.
- h is similar to the "h" but with a whispered quality and friction.

- i dikin stick j jeeja blueberry k keela
- <u>k</u>kaakina boots

boy

- k' k'ileek song
- <u>k'</u><u>k</u>'eey birch

- l laguna dried fish
- łłeek dog



- i sounds like the "i" in pin and spin.
- j sounds like the "j" in just. The "j" is used only in Upper Koyukon. The "k" without an underline changes to "j".
- k sounds like the "k" in kill.
- <u>k</u> is similar to the "k" sound, but pronounced further back in one's throat.
- k' is similar to the "k", but with a slight popping sound.
- k' is similar to the "k", but with a slight popping sound and also pronounced further back in one's throat.
- l sounds like the "l" in love.
- ł is similar to the "l"
  but with a whispered
  quality and friction. The
  letter is an "l" with a
  line drawn through it.



- n nin you
- o nodot down there
- oa soa sun



- oo sooga marten
- s saasee clock
- t toat waves



- t' k'it'on' leaves
- tł <u>h</u>otł sled



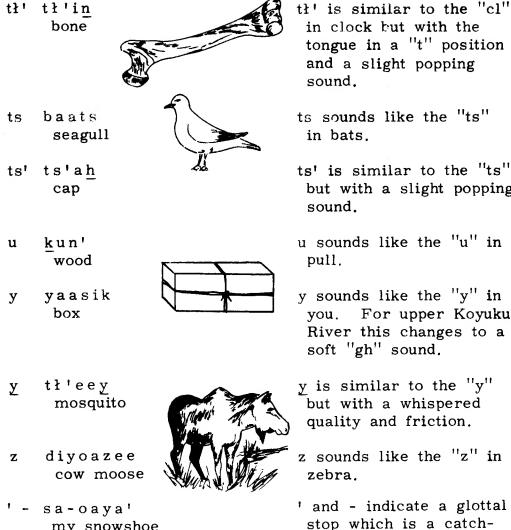
m sounds like the "m" in money.

n sounds like the "n" in none.

- n is similar to the "n" but with a whispered quality.
- o sounds like the "o" in honey.
- oa sounds like the "o" in off.
- oo sounds like the "oo" in too.
- s sounds like the "s" in sassy.
- t sounds like the "t" in toy.

t' is similar to "t" but with a slight popping sound

tł is similar to the "cl" in clock, but with the tongue in a "t" position and pronounced with the "ł" as one sound.



my snowshoe

y is similar to the "y" but with a whispered quality and friction.

in-the-breath.

- y sounds like the "y" in you. For upper Koyukuk River this changes to a soft "gh" sound.
- u sounds like the "u" in
- ts' is similar to the "ts" but with a slight popping
- ts sounds like the "ts"
- and a slight popping

## Dinaa<u>k</u>'a



Koyukon

Athapaskan

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