Section 12: Text.

The Old Woman who Disliked her Son.

m mú my sto		_		niháhéé old woman	digirê certain	à and	lül born
	sá lldren po		bátůra three	/ díg		_	Yama-
yámáwè		dígí one	nòn nàme	yá Digi is	li kànčá		digi one
sốn name	yá K is	ánábù	/ th	_	kaal went	_	
a la g		dê d room	dó there	and and	číksí stand	and	kpá take
bá them t			ni ie	dê ro	ἐ tί om the	wà not	kpák have
kóónò door	_	ò yé it is		bimbi without a		then	Digili
kảnčá	ti the	ò he	yÉ ni	báallÈ boy	/ and		íl emain
nihá girl	nár person	bálê two	nibáá boy	bέgám)ne	/ o sh	zí e	yaa do
là go	li / out	à and	číní stand		muni outside	and	zí yél do

bool Yamayamawe Yamangalwe Digili samawe Yaman-Song.... sing kản cá kú nábù dúgulú kàn cá kú nábù / dó ché ní hààn then girl náá bálể tả li / ả di / nibáál tỉ li person two the out and eat boy the out yee / ò dún hún / dí ó tá díili / come she drive away him that he not eat dooné 6 b'r kâali zazóón 6 wa bura wa / then she return went evening she come return come à vên wà ló / ò ló čénè / nìháán tà and again come sing she sing on and on girls the vên bùrả wà dí liwé tả / nibáál kààlí / again return come eat food the boy went ó dúnni nibáál tỉ / di ó tá léli dóché / she chase boy the that he not come there ò lá / gbìhá ká nó hùn / à ká káálì / she go wolf also see her and also went gbì há wáli / di ó ló ó tà gbí hế tà wolf come out that he sing his voice wolf voice zénú / dóóhé bá kààlí / nibáál ti tiin big then they went boy the one nó bà / má tả lélí, yà níin tá làlá tell them you not go out our mother voice not 1

má you	li out	yè i f	kvndón something	nò this	zí will	kpåks catch	. i	maa you	/	
á und	sè-ó eat	/	á dà	há má that yo	á !tá ou not	lé go	lí out	yoo	/ *	
dóóné then	bé the	i v ey re	E kaa fuse and	kpák hold	hón him	· /	á and	da v put dov	vn /	å and
túk be#t	h ún him	/	bà i their m	niin other o	wá ! come r	bórá eturn	wá come	/	à and	wâ Cone
ló sing	/	bá hey	lpiili start	bå their r	niin mother	ní to	/	bà their	niin moth	er
ŋó	díwé	tó:	mà ò	vê	diili	čén	dàhá	ó	ŋò	/
say	food	th	e he	not	eat	so	that	he	say	
di	má	li	yểỏ l	kvndón	kpák	sí	mà	sé /	' à	dà há
that	you	out	if s	omething	g cat	ch y	où		a n d	that
ñ	wá	bór	wà à	ló	/	ká	ó	čaa	dí	má
I	go 1	eturn	come and	d sing		and	he	say	that	you
itá	lélí	má	!túk	hún	dá ý	téén	ể ní	/	doo	né
not	go out	you	beat	him	put	groun	d on		the	n
gbíhà wolf	bú rei	ir turn	kàåli i Went bla	máčérě ack <i>s</i> miti	wáá n to	ti the	/	á and	lá go	15k make
ó	tå	máčéri	e nó	hùn	dii	ó	lè	wánà	ka	à
hi s v	oice t	lacksi	mith say	him	that	he	is	coming	an	d
wa	ná	hók	ñínbàài	n ni	ó	tá	zír	séé	11	dooné
c ome	se s	bone	road		he	not	take	che	ew	then

ó wà / à wá / à wà ná hók ñi bháin he come and come see bone road ní ká ó kùr čỏ / à wá nừ à nmếr(on and it just lie and with oil and shining nù / ò gálí hùn ni / à wà ná dígí / oil he pass it by and come see one à ná dígí ò gálí hùn ní / à lá / à and see one he pass it by and go and zl wá ná dìgì / ká ó kùr sání wá nò come see one and it just lie big with oil nỉ à pál / ò nó díi nònó wàrà ò zí on [it] and running he say that this one he will sè hùnù / à zí káálì / dooné ò 15 / chew it and went then he sing bà vên kaali / nìbáál tì tíná nó di bá they again go out boy the one say that they tá lélí / à vên nan bà và léélí / bà not go out and again win them not go out their níin wá bà nó bá nlinà / dí ó !búr wá mother come they tell their mother that she return come býra kaa ló ká ó čaa dí bá tá lélí / again and sing and he say that they not go out bá túk hún dáú pàsà / dooné gbíhà zí búr they beat him down make weak then wolf return

kààli went	má blac	čérê ksmith	zí	ça Çuş	hốy há r	n bú!l m secon	éénà d time	/	è b you re	úrá turn
wá come	bùtòr thir	eà t	iiná ime	/	m I	waa no t	zí will	bùr again	iòk make	è your
tà voice	t(the	iñé give	hí n you	/	ghù l wol	há si f get	up /	å an	vê d refu	di se that
ó i	wàrá not	túŋ pass	ñír	ibààn oad	ka an	à vàr d inmedi	n t o lately	n pass	kðhá bush	/
sáp noise	sáp of wo	sáp olf's l	eàp legs	/ a	à ind	lè ò	in tand	dêê room	tí the	mùni outside
kaa and	yéli oper	tá 1 voi	i /	bà they	k r an	á kaz d wer	alí nt	ăi now	/ bà	makpáá y all
wá come	lágár togei	nî a	a 15	[/	b th	à li ey out	nÎ	bé (gám n one b	oy one
bế gám one	in É	/	dooné then	n(hí gir)	i L	bégám one	li out	/	gbì hế wolf	ipótí kill
à a nd	zèr take	dí eat	/	dígí one	bú aga	ıl in out	/	ò he	pótí kill	à and
z ë r take	d i eat	ká remai	n Do	áál y ¹	t i the	tiiná one	/	zà: evo	zóón t ening tl	pá In iiná neir moth er
wá come	wå∠ come	/	à and s	ló i ing	bóól song	ĕ(now	/	ò she	15 s sing co	và kɔɔ́/ ome tired
nàn not	d(gí	wá no	rå t o	lí , ut	/	dooné then	ó she	p ò k open	d ê room	kaa and

là zò / à pù nìbáál tì tíiná / à go enter and meet boy the one and péési hún di leènee ktñún tómà kà ò nó ask him that where others the and he say díí nàn dígí wáli bànò à 15 bóólà / ò that somebody come here and sing song he gó díí bá tá lélí / bà vê kaali / tell that they not go out they refuse went ń wà zim doone ba kpalami / doone o niin l not know where they are then his mother tí kpák hón / à túk hón à ŋó hón di the hold him and beat him and tell him that doonaní è tó tòòrì óó lá / ò ká vaan wherever your heart desires he go he and immediately zò kôhá / à wí / à lá / lá li di enter bush and cry and go and go out kákáhá káká hólé / à číní / à wí / kákáhá ti tree tree dry and stand and cry tree the pésí hón dí bánne ò deu bánd ni / ò nó ask him that what he find there in he say díí bá ^lníína lúl bà na bátúra / ò dùndùn yá that their mother bore them persons three he only is níbáál à gbárí niháún inábálê tòmàní / dooné boy and others girl two instead then

iniin há h`n kaa túk hún čaa kaa their mother dislike him and beat him and say túhá tóóri doonání ó lá / kákáhá tử that his heart desires wherever he go tree the ηό h'n dí ó kpák hémbiú / say him that he take heart ò nó dí he say that yes tò di ó búrigí ió dáwi hóléna á dao dín ti that he break its branches dry and put fire the ni / dooné in then zig zig / ó zá čèl dín ti noise of fire he jump fall fire the ò bórigí lá dau din tỉ bủ zìg zig / ò zàả he break and put fire the burn noise of fire he jump čėl din ti čel dín tỉ ni biù / dooné bứrếgế tố fall fire the in sound of falling then become town á číní dooni på / tô ó waa búrégé and stand there big now he come become good-big bisi sú / dooné ó páánl ò children many then his lst wife his kórre či háán now children many chief his lst wife his wife tú là pùl / dí ó lown go river that she lá dò ní / ò hEE go draw water old she down ò bùtê kò gbêrêgế tả nii ni wòzò kámà čéne / she pour food leftover the water on day every on and on kpak nibini doonani / have nobody there tì va háán wá 00 ká the and come do woman

ò zí ná díwé / aa dí / síkiré / ò she see food and eat it is sad she zí yá ò lélí dí háán kà péleé p'llê aa do she go out that woman and lean against river and lố / dooné nháán từ ò ká nữ cử dómi sing then woman the she also hear now because nì báál tỉ tiến sốn ká yá Dúgíli kà nčá / ở boy the owner name and is ká wá sàù bá nàm dàm ní / à wàà nắm also come millet grinding house in and come grind saù ká lè ló / ò ká ló čì / ò ká nú millet and come sing she also sing now he also hear à yír hón di ó wá pêèst leeneé ó pù bó and call her that she come ask where she get song lêm nó à kpák à lò / ò nó dií nthở hết sweet this and have and sing she say that old woman d(g(nen pul ni / à yaa 15 ká bá kpa one lives river in and do sing and they take kó gbèrégé tà / à né hún / ò di / food leftover the and give her she eat dooné ó ne bá vo záágá / à ne hún /-then he let them untie horse and give him ò siní / bà léé di ò pélè aà ló / he mount they go that she lean and sing

ò he	kpá take	hún he r	wa come	dàmá house	/	à and	wà come	kpó kill	núha L cow	à /	
à and	ñé give	/ t	bà t hey po	ůk l und :	kàpá lá fufu	/	ò she	di eat s	pún . satisfy	/	
sáhá time	tí th e	ò his	niin mother	ti the	wà not	búz: knoi	C in	hìn him	/ ò	pêêaî ask	
ò his	níiná mothe	dí r tha	ó t she	lz(m know	hónù him	· /	ò she	tjó say	dí that	ayi no	,
dí that	ó she	wà not	zím know	húnù him	/	sáhá time	ná this	ò he	yîr call	ò his	
ຮວິກ name	Dåg	ł1€ kå	nčá n	čí , ow	/ sá ti	hả me t	tí the	ò his	niin mother	zím know	
di that	ó her	bee child	čí	/ tó the	d hi	isá me	zí	kpák take	ò his	niiná mother	ř
ò his r	niin mother	zί	gov died	./ r	m̀ mú ny ato	r ti	(m	àgá all	čí / now	′/	

This is my story. Once upon a time there was an old woman who had three children. The first was called Yama Yamawe, the second Digili Kancha, and the third Kanabu. The old woman went into the forest and built a house there which did not have a door. Then she put the children inside. Digili Kancha was the boy, and the other two were girls.

The next day the old woman went and stood outside the house and sang calling the children's names. The two girls came out and began to eat, but when the boy came out his mother drove him away so that he could not eat. She went home and returned in the evening, and began to sing again. The girls came out to eat but the boy was again driven away. As she returned home, the wolf saw her going, so he came out and sang with his big voice. Then the boy told the girls not to go out as it was not their mother's voice. 'If you go out something will get you and eat you.' Then the girls took hold of him pushed him down and beat him. The mother soon returned to sing, and

the girls started to tell their mother that the boy would not let them go out and eat, because if they did something would catch them and eat them.

Then the wolf went to the blacksmith to fix his voice. The blacksmith did so on the condition that if he saw a bone on the road he was not to chew it. The wolf went along the road and saw a bone on the road shining with oil. He passed by it and saw another one, passed by it and saw another one, and passed hy it and saw yet another one. This one was hig and shining with oil, and he said that he would eat this one. Then he began to sing, but the boy told them not to go out. The wolf returned to the blacksmith and had his voice fixed again, went back to the house and tried singing once more. Then the children began to come out one by one. When the first girl came out the wolf ate her, and when the second one came out he ate her too, until only the boy remained.

In the evening their mother returned to sing. She sang until she was tired, but no one came out. So she entered the house and met the hoy and asked him where the others were. He told her that somehody came and sang, and that he told the girls not to go out, and that now he did not know where they were. Then the mother took hold of him and beat him, and told him to go wherever his heart desired. Then he went out into the forest and stood under a dead tree crying. The tree asked him what was the matter, and he told it of how his mother disliked him and had told him to go wherever his heart desired. Then the tree told him to make a fire and to jump into it. So he jumped, and the tree became a town, and the hoy became a chief and had many children.

Then the chief's first wife who was very old went down to the river to fetch water, and to pour the leftover food into the river. An old woman was down there. She had no friends and used to see the food and would ent it. Then she would lean against the river bank and sing the song of the children's names. The first wife then went to the grinding mill to grind corn, and began to sing the same song. Ber husband heard her singing, and inquired where she had heard it. She told him that there was an old woman down by the river who liked to sing it.

Then the chief told them to get the horse ready, and he mounted and they all went down to the river. There the old woman was leaning against the river bank singing. He picked her up, took her home, and they killed a cow and pounded fufu. The old woman ate until she was satisfied, but his mother did not know him. He asked her if she knew him, but she said she did not. So he told her his name. Then his mother knew that he was her child, and she was ashamed of the way that she had treated him. Eventually she died, and that is the end of my story.

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