

SAN FRANCISCO HISTORY ROOM



SAN FRANCISCO PUBLIC LIBRARY



352 Sa52:5

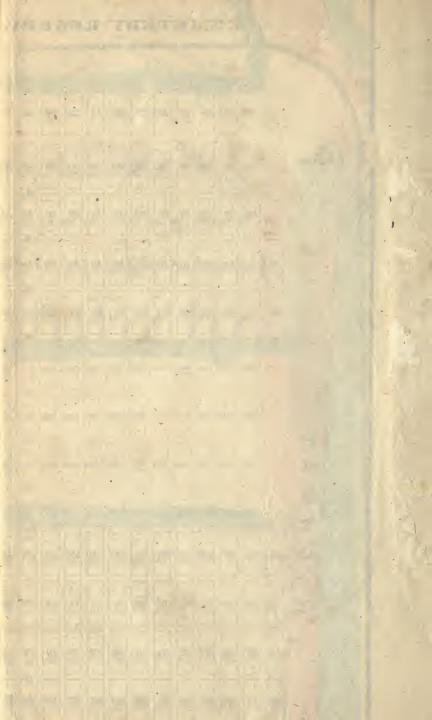
REFERENCE BOOK

Not to be taken from the Library









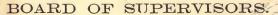
SAN FRANCISCO

MUNICIPAL REPORTS,

FOR THE

ISCAL YEAR 1867-8, ENDING JUNE 30, 1868.

PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE



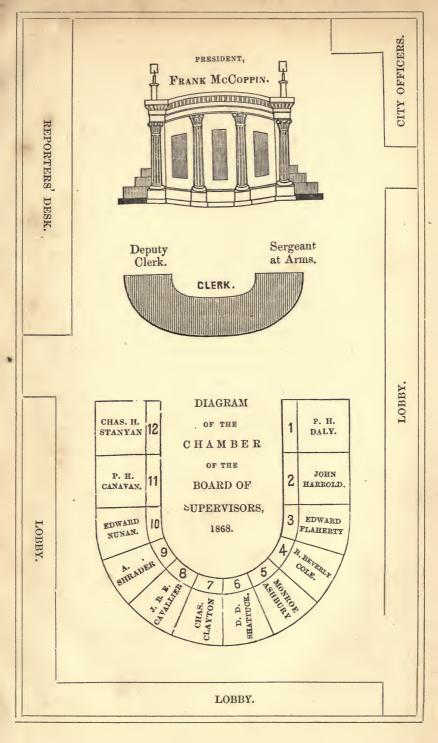


SAN FRANCISCO:

PRINTED BY JOHN H. CARMANY & CO., BOOK & JOB PRINTERS,
At Commercial Herald Office, S. W. corner Washington and Battery Sts.

1868.

*352 Sa52:5



*352 Sa52:5

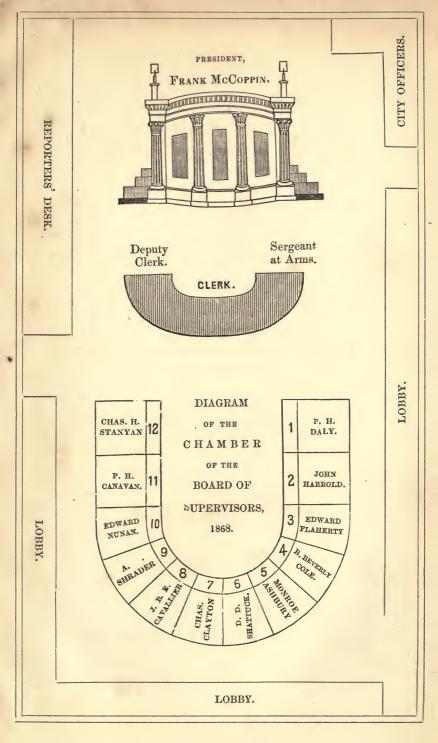




TABLE OF CONTENTS.

ı T	DIGOTETATI	DEDOD	70	PAGE.
L	DITUE 8	ALPUR	T	1-110
	Demands	Audited,	General Fund	1-19
	"	66	Urgent Necessity Fund	19-23
	46		Special Fee Fund	24-25
		66	Street Light Fund	25-26
	66	66	Street Department Fund	26
	66	64	Pound Fee Fund	27
	46	66	Police Contingent Fund	27
	46	66	School Fund	27-28
	"	66	School Fund, Special	28
	46	66	School Bonds, Interest Account 1860, 1861,	
			1866–67	28-29
	166	66	Corporation Debt Fund	29
	46	66	Bonds 1858, Coupon Account	30
	44	66	Bonds 1863-64, Interest Account	30
	46	66	Railroad Bonds, Interest Tax Account	30-32
	66	66	Bonds, Sinking Fund	32-35
	Posenitul	otion of	Demands Audited	35–38
	Domanda	Anditod	unpaid June 30, 1868.	39-40
				41-42
			ares and available Funds, June 30, 1868	
	Expenditi	ares—in	the matter of Extending Montgomery Street.	42
	Counsel	Fees, 185	6 to 1858	42-45
	Expendit	ares—In	the matter of Extending Kearny and Third	
	Streets			45
			nt with City and County	46-52
	Net Reve	nue Fisca	al Year 1867–68	50
	Transfer !	Entries		53
	Loan Acc	ounts		53-56
	License E	xhibit. S	State and County	57
	Poll Tax	Statemen	it	58
	United St	ates Not	es in Treasury	58-59
	Municipa	Licens	e Exhibit	59-62
	Trescurer	's Account	nt with State	63-65
			ceount with Auditor	66-67
				68-69
	Ropput of	Commis	nt and Ratessioners of Funded Debt	70-77
				10-11
			ue and Expenditures for the Fiscal Year	78-88
	1868-69	·····		88-92
	Transacti	ons in Ci	ty Lots	
	Transacti	ons in Ci	ty Slip Lots	93-96
	City and	County P	Property	96-103
	Index to	Statutes 1	referring to San Francisco	104-110
	Memoran	dum		110
rR	EASURER	S REP	ORT	111
	Balance a	t credit o	of State	111
	Balance a	t credit c	of City and County	111

TAX COLLECTOR'S REPORT	112-118
Real Estate and Personal Property Valuations	112-113
Cash paid into Treasury, etc	113-117
Office Expenses. Amount collected Widening Kearny Street, etc	117
Amount collected Widening Kearny Street, etc	118
ASSESSOR'S REPORT	119-134
Office Expenses	119
Assessment Roll, etc	119-121
Report to Surveyor-General.	122-134
COUNTY RECORDER'S REPORT.	135–138
Receipts and Expenditures	135
Books of Record	136
Instruments Recorded	137
Recommendation	138
COUNTY CLERK'S REPORT	139-162
Organization of Courts	139-141 141-144
Missellancers metter	141-144
Miscellaneous matter. Transactions of County and Probate Courts	147-156
Possints and Evnenditures	159-160
Receipts and Expenditures	160
Registration of Citizens	160–162
CHIEF OF POLICE'S REPORT	163-202
Introductory	163-164
Arrests and Classification.	165-168
Amount of Property Lost or Stolen and Recovered	168
Witnesses Subprepaed, etc.	169
Witnesses Subpœnaed, etc	169-171
Schedule of Unclaimed Property	171-202
CITY AND COUNTY ATTORNEY'S REPORT	203-230
City Litigation—Suits commenced	203-222
" Suits decided	223-229
	229-230
Remarks. FIRE COMMISSIONERS' REPORT.	231-292
Chief Engineer's Report	235-292
Chief Engineer's Report	237-238
Hose, Horses, etc	238-240
Losses by Fire	240-241
Hydrants and Cisterns	241-243
Miscellaneous Recommendations	243-249
Statistics Steam Engine Companies	250-261
"Hook and Ladder Companies	261-267
1100k and Laddel Companies	267-270
Corporation Yard, Inventory of Property	270-272
List and Location of Hydrants Location, Capacity and Condition of Cisterns	272-286
Appropriate of Stationary Points	$\frac{287}{288}$
Apparatus at Stationary Points	288-289
Solories etc	290
Salaries, etc	291-292
Fires, Fire Alarms and Losses. FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH REPORT	293-298
General Remarks	293-295
Signal Boxes, etc	294
Location of Fire Alarm Boxes	295-297
Expenditures	298
CORONER'S REPORT,	299-308
CORONER'S REPORT. Accidental Deaths, etc., to Dec. 2d, 1867.	299-303
Accidental Deaths, Suicides, etc Other Causes of Death, and total number during year	303-304
Other Causes of Death, and total number during year	305-308
Nativities and Ages	306-308

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

HARBOR MASTER'S REPORT	309-312
Remarks	309-310
Vessels Lost Vessels in Coast and Bay Trade Vessels from Eastern and Foreign Ports. CITY AND COUNTY SURVEYOR'S REPORT.	310
Vessels in Coast and Bay Trade	311
Vessels from Eastern and Foreign Ports	312
CITY AND COUNTY SURVEYOR'S REPORT	313
HEALTH OFFICER'S REPORT	314-331
Introductory	314-315
Summary of Deaths	315
Interments—Causes of Death	316-323
Ages, Nativities, etc., of Decedents	324-326
Recapitulation and Remarks	328-331
HOSPITAL REPORT	332-340
Patients Admitted and Remaining	332
Nativity of Patients	333
Causes of Death.	334-335
Diseases of Patients.	335-340
ALMSHOUSE REPORT.	341-344
Inmates Admitted and Remaining	341
Ages, Nativity, etc., of Inmates	342–343
Statement of Commitments	344
Farm—Estimated Crops, Etc INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL REPORT	344
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL REPORT	345-375
Report of PresidentStatement of Commitments, Nativity, Etc	345-352
Statement of Commitments, Nativity, Etc	352-355
Statistical Tables	356-365
Auditor's Report	365-366
Officers and Employés	367-368
Anniversary Address—Rev. James Eells, D.D	369-374
Rules of Indenturing LICENSE COLLECTOR'S REPORT.	374-375
LICENSE COLLECTOR'S REPORT	376-377
Quarterly Licenses	376-377
Annual Licenses. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S REPORT.	377
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S REPORT	378-385
Estates Administered Upon. POUND MASTER'S REPORT.	378-385
POUND MASTER'S REPORT	386–387 386
Receipts. Dogs Impounded, Redeemed or Killed, Etc	387
Dogs Impounded, Redeemed of Killed, Etc	388-392
SHERIFF'S REPORT. Receipts and Expenditures.	388-389
Country Toil Ctatisting	389-391
County Jail Statistics	391-392
Remarks. PUBLIC SCHOOL REPORT.	393-506
Remarks	393-394
Receipts and Francistanas Etc	395-399
Remarks Receipts and Expenditures, Etc. School Bonds 1866–67, and Buildings Erected	399-403
Recommendations Etc.	404-408
Recommendations, Etc School Census, June, 1868, Etc	409-414
Miscellaneous Remarks and Suggestions	414-447
Reports of Committees	447-455
Reports of Committees. Appendix. List of Members and Committees.	456-506
List of Members and Committees	456-457
School Census Tabular.	458
Real Estate	459-465
Schedule of Teachers' Salaries	466
Location of Schools Etc	467-480
Location of Schools, Etc	481-506
Errata	506
Errata JUSTICES' COURT REPORT.	507
Suite Commonand and Food Possited	507

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC STREETS REPORT	508
Introductory	508-509
Grading	510-515
Macadamizing	515-519
Paving	519-521
Planking	522-525
Sidewalks.	526-529
Curbs and Crosswalks.	530-531
Brick Sewers	531-535
Redwood Sewers.	535-536
Piles and Caps.	537
Proprietal time and Community of Court of Ward from 1956	538-540
Recapitulation, and Summary of Cost of Work from 1856	990-940

APPENDIX TO MUNICIPAL REPORTS.

COMPILED BY JNO. A. RUSSELL.	
Total	541-542
IntroductoryAssessment Rolls, and Rates of Taxation from 1850	542-543
Receipts and Expenditures	544
State Allowances from 1861	544
Outstanding Bonds and Indebtedness	545
Amounts Collected and Paid to State.	545-546
Financial Condition of County.	546
Special Fee Fund.	547
County Valuation of Property, Etc., throughout the State	548
Outried Lands	549-586
Outside Lands. Grant by Congress, and Decisions of the Supreme Court.	552-555
Act Confirming Order No. 800, and Modifying Act.	555-559
Reports—Outside Land Committee.	559-567
Authorizing Change to be made to Map, Etc.; Resolution No. 8,565	567-568
Opinion of City Attorney on the Pueblo Reservations	568-573
Approving Acts, and Ratifying Final Report of Committe—Resolution No. 8,622	000-019
and Order No. 823.	573-575
Description of Reservations	575-586
Park, Public Squares, Etc.	575-577
School Reservations.	578-583
Fire Department Reservations	583-586
Pocentialetion	586
Recapitulation. Order No. 748—To Expedite the Settlement of Land Titles.	586-588
Van Ness Ordinance No. 822, and Ordinance No. 845	588-590
Report of Commissioners.	590-591
List of Reservations (taken from Map)	591-594
Action had in Common Council and in Board of Supervisors	594-595
Boundaries of the City, 1851, and Grant by Congress	595-596
Stract Grades and Lines	596-607
Street Grades and Lines	607
Fires, Fire Alarms, and Fire Limits.	608-611
Justices' Court	611-613
Registry Law, and Election Statistics	613-614
Boundaries of City and County, Wards, Etc	614-616
Officers Flect	616
Officers Elect. Diagrams of Wards, and Election Officers	617-619
Members Board of Health	619
Official Fees.	620
Board of Supervisors	621-629
Addresses of Hon. H. P. Coon, and Hon. Frank McCoppin	621-625
Members and Standing Committees	625-626
Rules of Proceedings, Etc	626-629
Kearny Street Widening	629-630
Montgomery Street Extension.	630-631
Public Streets	631-636
Street Law Amendments.	631-636
In Memoriam—Patrick H. Daly.	637
James W. Bingham	638
Bernard S. Blitz.	639
Schedule of City and County Officers.	640-644
Board of Supervisors, 1868–9.	645
Resolution No. 8,566	645

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

CITY AND COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE, San Francisco, August 1, 1868.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In accordance with Resolution No. 8,566, of your Honorable Body, I herewith submit to you my Annual Report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868.

Remaining your obedient servant,
HENRY M. HALE,
Auditor.

DEMANDS AUDITED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1867-8, ENDING JUNE 30TH, 1868.

ON THE GENERAL FUND.

[For references to Statutes, see Index to Statutes forward.]

CITY AND COUNTY OFFICERS' SALARIES—	
Mayor, 1 year	\$3,000 00
Mayor's Clerk, 1 year	1,800 00
Eleven Supervisors, 3 months, at	
\$100 each per month	3,300 00
Clerk Board of Supervisors, 1 yr.	2,400 00
Ass't Clerk Board of Supervisors,	
8 mos. 13 days at \$100, and 3	
mos. 15 days at \$125 per month.	1,277 00
-	
Carried forward	\$11,777 00

Brought forward		\$11,777 00
Clerk Board of Health, 1 year		300 00
County Judge, 1 year		5,000 00
Probate Judge, 1 year		5,000 00
City and County Attorney and		·
Counselor, 1 year		5,000 00
Clerk to Attorney and Counselor,		,
1 year		1,500 00
District Attorney, 1 year	-	5,000 00
Clerk to District Attorney, 1 year.		1,500 00
Prosecuting Attorney, 1 year		3,000 00
Police Judge, 1 year		4,000 00
Chief of Police, 1 year		4,000 00
Assessor, 1 year		4,000 00
Deputies of Assessor—		
Chief Office Deputy, 12 months		
at \$200 per month	\$2,400 00	. ()
Chief Field Deputy, 4 months	Ψ2,100 00	
23 days at \$200 per month	953 33	
Draughtsman, 12 months at	000 00	
\$150 per month	1,800 00	
Other Deputies, at \$150 per		
month each—		
July, 1867, 4 one month	600 00	
August, 1867, 4 one month	600 00	
September, 1867, 4 one month	600 00	
October, 1867, 4 26 days each	520 00	
February, 1868, 16 one month	920 00	
and three 23 days each	2,745 00	
March, 1868, 19 one month	2,850 00	
April, 1868, 19 one month	2,850 00	
May, 1868, 5 one month, and 1	2,000 00	
14 days	820 00	
June, 1868, 5 one month	750 00	
ound, 1000, o one month	100 00	17,488 33
Coroner, 1 year		2,500 00
Health Officer, 1 year		2,400 00
Trouble Officer, I your		2,100 00
Carried forward		\$72,465 33

Brought forward			\$72,465	33
Superintendent of Schools, one				
year			4,000	00
Superintendent of Streets, one			,	
year			4,000	00
Deputies of Superintendent of			_,,	
Streets—				
Three at \$125 and three at \$150				
per month, July 1, 1867, to			1	
April 1, 1868—nine months.	\$7,425	00		
Three at \$125 and four at \$150	ψ1,±20	00		
per month, April 1, 1868, to				
July 1, 1868—three months.	2,925	00		
[See items of Extra Deputies' Salaries for	4,040	00		
further amounts.]				
			10,350	
Surveyor, 1 year			500	
Harbor-Master, 1 year			3,000	00
Collector of Licenses, 1 year			2,100	00
Deputies of Collector of Licenses-				
Two at \$125 each per month			3,000	00
Interpreters for Police Court—			*	
Two at \$125 each per month			3,000	00
German Interpreter			30	00
City Hall Porter, 1 year			1,080	00
Assistants of City Hall Porter—			,	
Two at \$75 each per month,				
nine months.			1,350	00
[Allowed from Special Fee Fund, balance of			-,	
Auditor's Clerk, 1 year			1,800	00
Treasurer's Deputies—One each,			1,000	00
\$2,100, \$1,500			3,600	00
Treasurer's License Notice Serv-			0,000	00
ers—				
Two at \$85 per month, three			510	00
months			910	00
[See items of Extra Deputies for Salaries for nine months.]				
Carried forward			\$110,785	33

$Brought\ forward\ldots\ldots$			\$110,785	33
Tax Collector's Deputies, Clerks				
and Auctioneer—				
1 Deputy, each \$2,400, \$1,800,				
one year	\$4,200	00		
1 Deputy 8 months 23 days at				
\$175 per month, and three				
mos. 7 days at \$200 per mo.	2,180	64		
Clerks at \$150 per month—				
July, 1867, 2 one month, and 1				
22 days	410	00		
August, 1867, 1 one month, and				
1 each 4, 4, 5, 15 days	290	00		
September, 1867, 1 one month,				
and 1 each 13 and 15 days	290	00		
October, 1867, 4 one month,				
and 1 each 5, 10, 15, 17 days	835	00		
November, 1867, 3 one month,				
and 1 each 6, 26 days	610	00	4	
December, 1867, 2 one month,				
and 1 each 4, 20 days	420	00		
January, 1868, 1 one month,				
and 1 one-half month	225	00		
February, 1868, 2 one month	300	00		
March, 1868, 1 one month	150	00		
April, 1868, 1 one month	150	00		
May, 1868, 1 one month, and				
1 twenty-one days	255	00		
June, 1868, 1 one month, and				
1 one-half month	225	00		
Auctioneer for Tax Sale	200	00		
			10,740	64
Sheriff's Deputies—				
Under Sheriff, 1 year	2,400	00		
Book-keeper, 1 year	1,800	00		
7 Deputies, \$150 per mo. each.	12,600	00		
4 Jail-keepers, \$125 per month	6,000	00		
	-			
Carried forward	\$22,800	00	\$121,525	97

Brought forward	\$22,800	00	\$121,525	97
Matron, 1 year	900	00	20 500	0.0
[See additional amounts in account of Extra			23,700	00
Deputies' Salaries.]				
County Clerk's Deputies—	•			
6 at \$175 and 4 at \$150 per	10.000	00		
month each, 1 year	19,800			
1 at \$175, \$150 each, 4 months 1 at \$175 per month, 3\frac{1}{2} months	1,300 612			
Extra services of Clerks of other	014	90		
Courts for Fifteenth District				
Court prior to March 1,1868.	7,000	00		
Court prior to figure 1, 1000.			28,712	50
Recorder's Deputies, etc.—			20,122	00
1 Deputy each \$2,100, \$1,800,				
1 year	3,900	00		
1 Porter, 1 year	900			
Clerks (averaging 16) copying				
205,874 folios at 12c	24,704	88		
200,014 101108 at 120	MI, 101	00		
200,014 101108 at 120			29,504	88
200,01± 101105 at 12c			29,504	88
			\$203,443	
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund	M 1,101			
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund for other City and County Officers' Sal-				
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund for other City and County Officers' Sal- aries.]				
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund for other City and County Officers' Sal-	21,101			
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund for other City and County Officers' Sal- aries.] Extra Deputies' Salaries— Extra Deputies for Treasurer—	21,101			
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund for other City and County Officers' Sal- aries.] Extra Deputies' Salaries— Extra Deputies for Treasurer— One May, 1867, and 2 June 1,	21,101			
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund for other City and County Officers' Sal- aries.] EXTRA DEPUTIES' SALARIES— Extra Deputies for Treasurer— One May, 1867, and 2 June 1, 1867, to April 1, 1868, at \$85				
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund for other City and County Officers' Sal- aries.] EXTRA DEPUTIES' SALARIES— Extra Deputies for Treasurer— One May, 1867, and 2 June 1, 1867, to April 1, 1868, at \$85 each per month	1,785			
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund for other City and County Officers' Sal- aries.] EXTRA DEPUTIES' SALARIES— Extra Deputies for Treasurer— One May, 1867, and 2 June 1, 1867, to April 1, 1868, at \$85				
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund for other City and County Officers' Sal- aries.] EXTRA DEPUTIES' SALARIES— Extra Deputies for Treasurer— One May, 1867, and 2 June 1, 1867, to April 1, 1868, at \$85 each per month				
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund for other City and County Officers' Sal- aries.] Extra Deputies' Salaries— Extra Deputies for Treasurer— One May, 1867, and 2 June 1, 1867, to April 1, 1868, at \$85 each per month				
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund for other City and County Officers' Sal- aries.] EXTRA DEPUTIES' SALARIES— Extra Deputies for Treasurer— One May, 1867, and 2 June 1, 1867, to April 1, 1868, at \$85 each per month [See account of City and County Officers' Salaries for salaries balance of year.] Clerks of Board of Equalization personal prop'y, 1867-8, 1868-9.		00		
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund for other City and County Officers' Sal- aries.] Extra Deputies' Salaries— Extra Deputies for Treasurer— One May, 1867, and 2 June 1, 1867, to April 1, 1868, at \$85 each per month [See account of City and County Officers' Salaries for salaries balance of year.] Clerks of Board of Equalization personal prop'y, 1867-8, 1868-9	1,785	00		
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund for other City and County Officers' Sal- aries.] EXTRA DEPUTIES' SALARIES— Extra Deputies for Treasurer— One May, 1867, and 2 June 1, 1867, to April 1, 1868, at \$85 each per month [See account of City and County Officers' Salaries for salaries balance of year.] Clerks of Board of Equalization personal prop'y, 1867-8, 1868-9.	1,785	00		
[See accounts of Extra Deputies' Salaries, Urgent Necessity, and Special Fee Fund for other City and County Officers' Sal- aries.] Extra Deputies' Salaries— Extra Deputies for Treasurer— One May, 1867, and 2 June 1, 1867, to April 1, 1868, at \$85 each per month [See account of City and County Officers' Salaries for salaries balance of year.] Clerks of Board of Equalization personal prop'y, 1867-8, 1868-9	1,785 300 450	000		35

Brought forward	\$2 535 00	\$203,443 35
Extra Deputy for Superintend-		\$200, 11 0 00
ent of Streets, Oct. 1, 1866,		
to April 1, 1868—18 months,		
at \$150	2,700 00	
[See account of City and County Officers'		
Salaries for salary balance of year.] Extra Deputy for Assessor on		
Outside Land Map, 60 days,		
at \$5	300 00	
Extra services for Tax Collect-	000 00	
or, outside land matter	500 00	
Extra clerk for Board of Super-		
visors, 24 days, at \$5	120 00	
		• 6,155 00
Police Force Salaries—		
4 Captains, \$150 per month each,		
1 year	7,200 00	
1 Clerk, \$150 per month, 1 year	1,800 00	
78 officers, \$125 per month, 1		
year, and 1 officer 11 months,		
less deductions by Police Com-		
missioners	118,324 53	
	<u>-</u>	127,324 53
FIRE DEPARTMENT SALARIES—	0.000	
Chief Engineer, 1 year	3,000 00	•
2 Assistant Engineers, 8 ¹ / ₃ months		
at \$100, and $3\frac{2}{3}$ months at \$140	0.000.00	,
per month each	2,693 33	
months at \$140 per month	1,310 00	
Corporation Yard Keeper, 83	1,510 00	
months at \$50, and $3\frac{2}{3}$ months		
at \$75 per month	691 68	
Salaries of 6 Engine Companies,		
\$380 each per month, 2 Hook		
and Ladder Companies, \$380		
Carried forward	\$7,695 01	\$336,922 88

Brought forward	\$7,695	01	\$336,922	88
each per month, and three				
Hose Companies, \$260 each per				
month, July 1, 1867, to March				
1, 1868, 8 months, at \$3,820		00		
Salaries of 6 Engine Companies,				
\$380 each per month, 2 Hook				
and Ladder Companies, \$380				
each per month, and five				
Hose Companies, \$260 each per				
month, \frac{1}{3} month March, 1868	1,446	68		
Salaries of 6 Engine Companies,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
\$620 each per month, 2 Hook				
and Ladder Companies, \$620				
each per month, and five				
Hose Companies, \$400 each per				
month, $\frac{2}{3}$ month March, 1868	4,640	00		
Salaries of 6 Engine Companies,	,	1		
1 month, 1 Engine Company,				
$\frac{1}{2}$ month, at \$620, 2 Hook and				
Ladder Companies, \$620 each			W .	
per month, and 4 Hose Com-				
panies, 1 month, and 1 one-half			\$	
month, April, 1868	7,070	00	٠	
Salaries of 7 Engine Companies,	,,,,,			
at \$620 per month each, 2 Hook				
and Ladder Companies, \$620				
per month each, and 5 Hose				
Companies, \$400 per month				
each, months May and June,				
1868	15,160	00		
Salaries of 2 Hose Companies,	10,100	00		
Dec. 1, 1866, to March 1, '68	7,500	00		
Dec. 1, 1000, to march 1, 00	1,000		74,071	69
FIRE DEPARTMENT RUNNING EXPENSES—			12,011	00
Repairs to Engines, etc	10,804	62		
Horse feed	5,326			
220100 1000	0,020			
Carried forward	\$16,131	39	\$410,994	57

Brought forward	\$16,131	39	\$410,994	57
Shoeing Horses	1,143	25		
Doctoring Horses	650	00		
Oil	1,139	00		
4 dozen Lanterns	200	00		
Freight on Engines	1,302	12		
Freight on Hose	253	98		
Harness, Blankets and repairing				
Harness	1,731	55		
Fuel	1,804	16		
Table, Chairs, Brooms, Shades,				
Scale, Stove and Pipe	219	25		
Soap, Sponge, Flaxseed, Tripoli,				
Rags, Chamois Skin, Rope,				
Axes, Emery Cloth, etc	883	10		
Telegraphing	8	00		
Cartage	33	00		
Insurance of Engines	116	08		
Salaries not provided for by Leg-	1.			
islature—				
Superintendent of Steam En-				
gines, 14 months, at \$150				
per month	2,100	00		
Assistant Superintendent of				
Steam Engines, 14 months,				
at \$150 per month	2,100	00		
Drayman, 14 months, at \$75				
per month	1,050	00		
Hydrant oiler and cistern filler,				
14 mos., at \$75 per month	1,050	00		
Cleaning vaults	447	50		
Cleaning cistern	10	00		
			32,372	38
FIRE DEPARTMENT RENTS—				
Ground rent, Folsom street, east				
of Beale, 16 months, at \$18			288	00
				_
Carried forward			\$443,654	95

Brought forward			\$443,654	95
FIRE DEPARTMENT MATERIAL—	611 000	- 09		
3 second-class Steam Engines	9,854			
7,094 feet Hose	3,360			
9 Horses, \$3,625 (less 3 sold) \$265 Telegraphing		00		
relegiapuing			24,251	61
OFFICE RENT, FURNITURE, STATIONERY,			21,201	01
etc., for Fire Commissioners—			1,049	49
Purchase of Lots, erection of Engine			1,010	10
Houses, etc., for Fire Department—			•	
Purchase of lot, southwest line				
Main, 192½ feet SE from Fol-				
som street, thence SE 27½ feet				
by 137½ feet (part payment)	5,000	00		
Commissions on sale of Engine				
Houses paid Auctioneer	80	68		
Amount paid for Kearny Street				
assessment on Engine Lot sold	106	92		
			5,187	60
CISTERNS AND HYDRANTS-				
Payment on account of contract				
for building Cisterns	8,000	00	,	
145 days' services superintending				
building of cisterns, at \$5 per				
day	725	00		
Repairs to Cisterns, (corner Mis-	~ .			
sion and 16th streets, \$400)	516	51		
50 Hydrants, \$1,700 less old Hy-	- O-1	00		
drants, \$85 20	1,614			
50 Hydrants	1,675			
Setting 79 Hydrants, at \$60	4,740			
Re-setting 120 Hydrants, at \$30.	3,600 345			
Repairs to Hydrants	545	90	21,217	97
CLAIM OF M. LYNCH—			21,211	41
2 months' salary as Secretary Vol-				
2 months satary as Decretary vor-				
Carried forward			\$495,360	92

Brought forward			\$495,360	92
unteer Fire Department, Dec. 15, 1866, to Feb. 15, 1867, at				
\$150 per month			300	00
EXEMPT FIRE COMPANY'S CLAIM-				
Repairs to building and furniture			2,000	00
Extension and Repairs of Fire Alarm				
AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—				
1 Bell, 850 pounds, and hanging	@ F00	40	10	
Bells	\$508	40		
Bell Towers, including Archi-	201	95		
tects' services	$\frac{321}{425}$			
Striking apparatus Wire	632			
Insulators	190			
64 Poles, carting and putting up	218			
Repairing instruments, iron work,	210	00		
etc	596	39	18.	
242 Keys	53			
647 pounds Blue Stone	60			
500 pounds Zinc	56	00		
16 Weights, 886 pounds	63	35		
Horse keeping for Superintend-				
ent, 4 months, at \$25	100	00		
Brackets	20	00		
Sundry disbursements by Super-				
intendent	135	17		
			3,380	54
Salaries Fire Alarm and Police Tele-				
GRAPH—				
Superintendent, 1 year	1,800	00		
3 Operators, \$100 per month, 8				
months 13 days, and \$125 per				
month, 3 months 18 days	3,868			
Repairer, 1 year	1,200	00	0.000	
-	-		6,868	50
Carried forward			\$507,909	96

Brought forward			\$507,909 96
REPAIRS TO PUBLIC BUILDINGS—			\$001,000 00
City Hall	\$8,655	69	
County Jail	305		
Fire Department buildings	5,988		
The Department buildings	0,000	40	14,949 20
LIGHTING PUBLIC BUILDINGS—	= '		14,040 20
City Hall	4,820	54	
Fire Department buildings	2,133		
_	4,100	40	
County Jail, Hospital, Harbor Po-	001	อา	
lice Station and Justices' Court	861	91	FOIFOF
II G			7,815 05
Hospital Supplies and Expenses—			
Salaries—	0.400	00	,
Resident Physician	2,400		
Apothecary	1,500		
Assistant Apothecary, 1 month		00	
Matron	720		
Steward	720	-	
Nurses, \$30 to \$40 per month	3,120	00	
Interpreter	360	00	
Watchman	360	00	
Waiter	240	00	
Dishwasher	255	00	
Cooks, \$35 to \$70 per month	1,740	00	
Washermen, \$30 to \$40 per			
month	840	00	
Gate-keeper	360	00	
103,365 rations, at 27 cents	27,908	55	
Medicines, Surgical Instruments,	,		
etc	3,179	94	
Liquors—	-,		
Whisky	1,016	75	
Ale	225		
Sherry.	104		
Port Wine	311		
Brandy	164		
D1011017	101		
Carried forward	\$45,555	19	\$530,674 21

Brought forward	\$45,555 19	\$530,674 21
Claret	40 00	
Soap	301 95	
Sugar	101 13	
Lard	52 05	
Dry Goods	1,534 87	
Clothing	261 12	
Hardware, repairs to Boilers,		
Pipes, etc	574 74	
Brushes and Brooms	127 00	
Crockery.	125 00	
Straw	37 00	
Christmas and Thanksgiving Din-	31 00	
ners	110 00	
Carpets, Matting and Shades	215,87	
	176 00	
Brogans		
Repairs to Hospital Building	1,362 64	
Ironing	420 00	
Schedules	98 50	
Lime	9 00	
Blueing, Trap, 12 Buckets, 3		
Measures, Frames for Diet		
Tables and repairing Lounge	102 00	
Lot of Furniture, Crockery, Tin-	•	
ware, scale, knives, spoons, etc.,		
purchased of Diet Contractors	163 70	
Sundry disbursements by Resi-		
dent Physician	353 20	
		51,720 96
Salaries of Visiting Physician and		
SURGEON OF HOSPITAL—		
\$100 per month each		2,400 00
SMALL-POX HOSPITAL SUPPLIES—		
Food, Knives, Forks, Spoons, etc.	281 80	
Wood and Coal	102 22	
Horse Feed	15 00	
Horse Hire	265 75	
Carried forward	\$664 77	\$584,795 17
•		

Brought forward. Ambulance and Field Stretcher. Harness Stove, Pipe, etc. Pulu and Straw. Services of Nurses. Vaccine Crusts and Lancet. Saw, Brooms, and moving Furni-	\$664 77 325 00 60 00 177 95 285 17 636 00 51 00	\$584,795 17
ture	12 00	0.011.00
Burials and Chemical Analyses— 275 Burials, at \$5 50 Chemical Analyses, 12 months	1,512 50 600 00	2,211 89
Almshouse Buildings—		2,112 50
Balance of Contract and Extra Work, Reservoir, Stable, Wind- mills, Wells, Fence, etc		52,526 08
ALMSHOUSE FURNISHING—		,
Parlor Set, Chamber Sets, Sofas,		
Mattrasses, Chairs, Glasses,		
Wardrobe, Washstands, etc	5,600 50	
Blankets	2,274 60	
Carpets, Mats and Shades	754 19	
Dry Goods	2,228 72	
Kitchen Implements	362 05	
Farm	. 311 67	
Harness and Saddlery, Repairs of		
Wagons, etc.	535 00	
Hose and Couplings	651 00	
Hardware, Magnetic Machine,		
Surgical Case and Sewing Ma-		•
chine	344 75	
Lamps,	486 17	
Flag	21 00	
Brooms, Pails, Tubs and Brushes	63 00	
		13,632 65
Carried forward		\$655,278 29

	Brought forward			\$655,278	29
LM	SHOUSE SUPPLIES, ETC.—				
	Salaries—				
	Superintendent, \$150 per mo.	\$1,766	12		
	Matron, \$30 and \$50 per mo.	360	00		
	Cook, \$50 per month	559	00		
	Farmer, \$30 and \$50 per month	309	00		
	Seamstress, \$30 per month	162	00		
-	Watchman, \$30 per month	282	00		
	Teamster, \$30 and \$50 per mo.	358	00		
	Laundryman, \$30 and \$50 per				
	month	346	44		
	Nurses	600	00		
	Steward, 1 month	50	00		
	Carpenter, 3 months	150	00		
	Laborers, \$20 and \$30 per mo.	1,221	68		
	36,040 rations, at 30 cents	10,812	00	- 1	
	8 Horses	3,155	00		
	1 Buggy	416	00		
	2 Carts and 3 Wagons	1,195			
	9 Cows and 1 Bull	882			
	2 Pigs	12	00		
	Horse Feed	1,417	00		
	Repairs of Teams, etc	123	63		
	Keeping Horse for use of Resident			4	
	Physician of Hospital, shoeing				
	Horses, etc	489	66		
	Medical Treatment of Horses	. 95	00		
	Stationery	147	37		
	Conveyance of Inmates from Hos-				
	pital	65	00		
	Clothing	4,310	25		
	Boots and Shoes	534	50		
	Dry Goods	792	96		
	Pulu	135			
	Tolls on Road to Almshouse	138			
	Newspapers	67	20		

Carried forward...... \$30,952 56 \$655,278 29

	Brought forward	\$30,952	56	\$655,278	29
	Thanksgiving and Christmas Din-			. ,	
	ners	90	00		
	Potatoes	412	69		
	Seed	60	92		
	Paint Stuffs	57	76		
	2 Casks	64	38		
	Hardware and Crockery	95	38	•	
	Syrup, Sugar, Rice and Tobacco	152	83		
	Shovels, Pails, Clothes Basket,				
	Line and Pins, Brooms and				
	Brushes	67	00		
	Soap, Sal Soda, Stove Polish,				
	Flour, Oil, Indigo, Wax, etc	287	17		
				32,240	69
APP	ROPRIATION FOR HOME OF INEBRIATE—			,	
\$	250 per month			3,000	00
	MINATION OF INSANE			1,690	
SEN	DING INSANE TO STOCKTON			3,687	
IND	USTRIAL SCHOOL APPROPRIATION—				
	8 months 27 days at \$2,000, and				
	3 months 4 days at \$3,000 per				
	month			27,129	04
	Medical Services, \$25 per month			300	
	Pursuit of Runaways			338	75
ROA	D REPAIRS—				
	1st District (including Roadmas-				
	ter's Salary, \$300)	-		8,596	13
	2d District (including Roadmas-			8	
	ter's Salary, \$300)			2,644	08
INCI	LOSING AND IMPROVING PUBLIC			,	
	GROUNDS-				
	Salary of Keeper	1,200	00		
	Soil and Labor — Portsmouth	, , , , ,			
	Square	224	61		
	Painting	65			
	Trees.		00		
	Carried forward	\$1,539	61	\$734,903	98
	Ourred Jordana	ФТ,000	OI	\$101,000	00

Brought forward	\$1,539	61	\$734,903	98
Seed	105	00		
Pickets, Stakes and Carpenter				
Work	126	53		
Grindstone	10	00	•	
Repairs to Gates	65	35		
Sink, Hydrants, Hose and Pipe.	46	50		
Lime	53	75		
Gardening Implements	13	00		
Halyards	30	20		
			1,989	94
YERBA BUENA PARK—			_,	
Exhuming and removing 1,868				
bodies to vault, at \$2			3,736	00
REGISTRATION AND ELECTION EXPENSES—				
Registering 6,750 names, at 25 cts	1,687	50		
Enrolling 1,480 names, at 25 cts	370			
300 copies Great Register	1,646			
Printing Poll Lists	1,965			
Copying Poll Lists	420			
Blanks and Stationery for Regis-	420	00		
tration and Election Purposes.	620	97		
-	020	91		
Election Expenses (Election Days) under allowance of \$75 for each				
	0.400	77		
District (2 elections)	2,493	19		
Officers of Registration and Elec-				
tion—	000	00		
17 Clerks, \$18 each	306			
35 Judges, \$15 each	525	00		
35 Extra Clerks, \$24 each for				
September Election and \$15				
each for October Election	1,326	00		
		_	11,360	20
[See Items of Urgent Necessity Account for fur- ther amounts in excess of the Provisions of				
Registry and Election Acts of 1865-6.]				
Subsistence of Prisoners—				
50,774 Rations, County Jail, at				
18½ cents	9,266	21		
				_
Carried forward	\$9,266	21	\$751,990	12

Brought forward	\$9,266 21	\$751,990 12
22,459 Rations, City Prison, at		
18\frac{1}{4} cents	4,098 74	
W		13,364 95
WITNESSES' EXPENSES		1,387 50
DISTRICT COURT REPORTERS	200	514 20
SPECIAL COUNSEL—		
Retainer to J. B. Felton—		
Suit of Wm. Bourne vs. City	1,000 00	
Suit of D. S. Turner vs. Tallant	W00 00	
& Wilde	500 00	
Suit of J. L. Wetmore vs. City	3,000 00	
Advance for defraying Counsel		
Fees in suit against Stearns'	250 00	
Claim in U. S. Supreme Court	250 00	4,750 00
CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF MAYOR'S OF-		1,100 00
FICE—\$150 per month		1,800 00
OFFICE RENT AND BOAT HIRE FOR HAR-		,
BOR MASTER—\$75 per month		900 00
BOAT FOR HARBOR POLICE		175 00
Copying Assessment Roll		2,300 00
Making and Copying Military Roll		300 00
		500 00
Compiling and Publishing Laws and		800.00
Ordinances		300 00
Newspapers for Recorder's Office		92 50
CELEBRATION OF FOURTH OF JULY, 1867.		3,000 00
CITY BLOCK BOOKS		1,327 00
Map of Outside Lands		12,000 00
FILES OF ALTA CALIFORNIA NEWSPAPER—		
1850 to 1862		1,900 00
KEARNY STREET ASSESSMENTS-		
Assessment against City Hall and		
Engine Lots for Expenses in		
the matter of widening Kearny		
and Third Streets		29,997 28
		4000 000 77
Carried forward		\$826,098 55

Brought forward			\$826,098	55
WARRANTS RECEIVED FOR TAXES, AT 40				
PER CENT			209	35
QUARANTINE EXPENSES—				
Landing Passengers and Baggage				
from Steamer "America," in-				
fected with Cholera	\$600	00		
Services of Quarantine Officer, $19\frac{1}{3}$				
months, to December 1, 1867,				
at \$100	1,933	33		
Office Rent for Quarantine Of-				
ficer, $19\frac{1}{3}$ months, to December				
1, 1867, at \$50	966	66		
Boat Hire, etc., for Quarantine				
Officer, 19 ¹ / ₃ months, to Decem-				
ber 1, 1867, at \$25	483			
Hack Hire	100	00		
Porter, Fuel, Lights, Stationery,				
etc., for Quarantine Officer, $19\frac{1}{3}$				
months, to December, 1867, at				
\$25	483	33		
Collecting		00		
Telegraphing	15	00		
Plunger	20	00	1 0 2 3	0 =
RENT AND FURNISHING JUSTICES'.COURT—	101-1-1-1-1		4,651	65
Rent of Justice's Court Room and				
Office for Clerk, etc	1,850	00		
Carpenter work fitting up Rooms	1,915		•	
Matting, Carpet and Shades	763			
Painting	340	00		
Chairs, Desks and Stool	364	00		
Clocks	45	00		
Sundries	93	12		
_			5,371	72
ADVERTISING— [Act of March 14, 1868. See Further Amounts in				
Items of Urgent Necessity Account.]				
For Board of Supervisors (includ-				
Carried forward			\$836,331	27

·				
Brought forward			\$836,331	27
ing Outside Land Advertise-				
ments)	\$536	75		
For Auditor	27	00		
For Treasurer	48	50		
For Assessor	22	00		
For Tax Collector	15	00		
For Health Officer	41	50		
_			690	75
CLAIM OF W. FITZPATRICK—				
For Loss on Contract to Grade				
Sixteenth from Guerrero to Do-				
lores Street			500	00
URGENT NECESSITY ACCOUNT—				
Salaries not Provided for by				
Statute—				
Clerk Fifteenth District Court,				
9 months, at \$175 per month,				
to March 1, 1867	1,575	00		
[See Account of City and County Officers' Salaries.]				
Health Inspectors (1), 13 mos.,				
at \$120 per month, \$1,560;				
one $\frac{1}{2}$ month, at \$150, \$75	1,635	00		
Health Officer's Clerk, 9 mos.				
at \$100 and 3 months, at	- 050	0.0		
\$150 per month	1,350	00		
Sergeant-at-Arms for Board of				
Supervisors, 13 months, at	250	00		
\$50 per month	650	00		
Janitor for Justices' Court, 2			,	
months and 24 days to April	010	F 0		
1st, \$75 per month	212	90		
[See Special Fee Fund.]				
Secretary of Outside Land Com-				
mittee, 2 mos. and 17 days,	385	00		
at \$150 per month	909	00		
Carried forward	\$5.807	50	\$837,522	02
Carried Jorward	φυ,ου1	00	\$001,04A	02

Brought forward	\$5,807	50	\$837,522	02
Registration and Election Ex-				
penses, exceeding Statu-				
tory Allowances—				
14 Clerks, extra pay, \$118 each	1,652	00		
2 Clerks, extra pay, \$168 each	336	00		
1 Clerk, extra pay	100	00		
31 Judges, extra pay, \$75 each	2,325	00		
3 Judges, extra pay, \$60 each.	180	00		
Advertising	1,664	25		
Rents	1,023	00		
12 Ballot Boxes	144	00		
Services in Contested Election				
Case	5	00		
[See Account of Registration and Election				
Expenses for further Amounts.]				
Advertising to March 14, 1868—				
[See Account of Advertising for further amounts.]				
For Board of Supervisors—City				
Printing per Contracts	800	00		
For Board of Supervisorsother				
advertising	. 721			
For Auditor	92	50		
For Treasurer	913	50		
For Tax Collector	2,061	37		
For Assessor	524	50		
For Harbor-Master	10	00		
Advertising and Stationery for				
License Collector	644	50		
Advertising and Stationery for				
Health Officer	233	35		
Advertising Montgomery Street				
Notices	214	25		
Binding 56 copies Consolidation				
Act and 101 copies Dwinelle's				
Colonial History	171			
Stationery for Justices' Court	1,481	00		
		_		
$Carried\ forward\dots$	\$21,104	22	\$837,522	02

Brought forward	\$21,104 22	\$837,522 02
20 Assessor's Index Maps	147 50	
Index Map of City	272 50	
Hope & Co.'s Circular of Papers		
recorded in Recorder's Office		
for Assessor	154 00	
Municipal Reports, 1866-7	3,270 70	
7 copies Hittell's Digest, for Board	1	
of Supervisors	105 00	
Statutes for Board of Supervisors,		
12 of 1867–8 and 7 of 1865–6	151 00	
Drafting and Copying Legislative		
Acts	561 90	
Preparing Amendments to Street	332 33	
Law	300 00	•
337 Bonds for Issuance, Argenti	000 00	
and Lucas Turner & Co.'s Judg-		
ments	168 50	
Furniture for City Hall and	100 00	
County Jail	4,256 29	
Printing Briefs	295 00	
Costs in Suits.	140 00	
Fees of Clerk of Supreme Court—	140 00	
	595 50	
sundry cases	999 90	
Expenses in the matter of widen-	765 62	
ing Kearny and Third Streets		
Cleaning Sheriff's Office	66 75	
Room Rent, Stationery, Fuel,		
etc., for Outside Land Com-	970 60	
mittee	378 60	
Horse Hire for Outside Land Com-	177 00	
mittee	175 00	
15 months Rent of Office for Har-	, 400 00	
bor Police, to April 19, at \$12		
Repairs to Office of Harbor Police		
Repairs to Boats of Harbor Police	26 25	
Brooms, Pails, Sponge, Blocks	WA 04	
and Manila for Harbor Police	56 61	

Carried forward...... \$33,431 57 \$837,522 02

Brought forward	\$33,431	57	\$837,522	02
Handcuffs and Straight Jacket	30	50		
Serving Subpœnas	52	50		
Fuel for City Hall, County Jail,	- "			
Harbor Police and Justices'				
Court	1,480	34		
Rent of Pound, 17 months, at \$10				
per month	170	00		
Impounding 3,107 Dogs, at 50 cts	1,553	50		
100 Dog Tags	50	00		
Insurance of Almshouse for two				
years, \$37,200	1,232	30		
Carriage Hire and Meals for	1			
Jurors	269	75		
Reporter in case of Wetmore vs.				
City	88	00		
Services of Italian Interpreter	50	00		
Lists and Residences of 900 Jurors	10	00		
Safe for Board of Supervisors,				
\$343 63; for County Jail, \$25	-368	63		
10 Treasure Boxes for Treasury		00		
Specie Bags for Treasury		50		
Inspectors of carpenter work—				
Tittel investigation	150	00		
5,500 Municipal Licenses		75		
567 Street Signs	198			
Horse feed for 2 horses, License	100			
Department, 13 months, \$10				
each per month	260	00	· 11	
Cleaning Public Vaults	595			
Engrossing Resolutions—testimo-	000	00		
nials of respect to memory of				
Supervisors Fairman, Daly and				
Clerk of the Board of Super-				
visors, J. W. Bingham		00		
Daly obsequies		25		4c
		75		
Bingham obsequies	01	10		
Carried forward	\$40,340	79	\$837,522	02

Brought forward	\$40,340	79	\$837,522 02
Postage Stamps for Tax Collec-			
tor	380	00	
Abstracts of Title	200	00	
Judgment of McEwen (damage			
done by Engine 1) for killing			5 u ve)
horse and damaging wagon			
and harness, and costs	554	15	
Arrearages of pay due Farmer and			
Teamster of Almshouse, \$20			
each per month, 7 months	280	00	
Horse hire for Assessor, assessing			
outside lands	, 84	00	
Sundry disbursements by Treas-			4
urer	24	65	and the second
Sundry disbursements by Clerk	_	_0	
Board of Supervisors	7	55	
			41,871 14
MILITARY APPROPRIATIONS ADVANCED FOR			() La .
STATE OF CALIFORNIA—			(9) 10.00
Rent of Armory and incidental			
expenses—	0.100	00	Carlo and Carlo
Light Battery 9 mos., at \$240.	2,160	UU	
3 Regiments 9 months, at \$25	675	00	To a second
each per month	010	00.	
each per month	8 550	00	and dividual
1 Battalion, 4 companies, \$3	0,000	00	1
each Company 1 month	12	00	411
4 Companies, 1 month 8 days,		00	
each at \$50 per month	255	16	
out at too bot months			11,652 16
•			0.0-(
TRANSFER TO FUND COLLECTED IN THE			10.15
MATTER OF WIDENING KEARNY AND			
THIRD STREETS			27,881 11
Total General Fund			\$918,926 43

ON THE SPECIAL FEE FUND. Salary of Recorder\$4,000 00 Salary of 1 Deputy, 3 mos., at \$150 per month	Brought forward			•		\$918,926	43
Salary of 1 Deputy, 3 mos., at \$150 per month	ON THE SPECIAL F	EE FUNI	D.				
Salary of 1 Deputy, 3 mos., at \$150 per month	Salary of Recorder	\$4,000	00				
at \$150 per month		,					
Books and Stationery for of- fice		450	00				
fice. 3,136 76 \$7,586 76 Salary of County Clerk. 4,000 00 \$2,586 76 Copyists for County Clerk. 3,372 66 Books and Stationery for offices and Courts. 3,134 31 10,506 97 Salary of Sheriff. 8,000 00 Sheriff's Counsel fees. 335 48 Sheriff's Deputies—1 at \$150 335 48 Sheriff's Deputies—1 at \$150 750 00 Issee Account of City and County Officers for further amounts.] 750 00 Books and Stationery for office. 698 58 — 9,784 06 Salary of Auditor. 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for office. 307 28 Salary of Treasurer. 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for Treasurer 4,307 28 Salary of Tax Collector. 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for Tax Collector. 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for Tax Collector. 1,111 18 Publishing Delinquent Tax Lists. 2,590 88 — 7,702 06	_						
Salary of County Clerk		3,136	76				
Copyists for County Clerk 3,372 66 Books and Stationery for offices and Courts				\$7,586	76		
Books and Stationery for offices and Courts	Salary of County Clerk	4,000	00				
Salary of Sheriff	Copyists for County Clerk	3,372	66				
Salary of Sheriff 8,000 00 Sheriff's Counsel fees 335 48 Sheriff's Deputies—1 at \$150 and 1 at \$100 per month, for 3 months 750 00 [See Account of City and County Officers for further amounts.] Books and Stationery for of- fice 698 58 ———————————————————————————————————	Books and Stationery for of-						
Salary of Sheriff 8,000 00 Sheriff's Counsel fees 335 48 Sheriff's Deputies—1 at \$150 and 1 at \$100 per month, for 3 months 750 00 [See Account of City and County Officers for further amounts.] 750 00 Books and Stationery for office 698 58 — 9,784 06 Salary of Auditor 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for office 307 28 — 4,307 28 Salary of Treasurer 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for Treasurer 385 22 — 4,385 22 Salary of Tax Collector 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for Tax 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for Tax 5,590 88 — 7,702 06	fices and Courts	3,134	31				
Sheriff's Counsel fees				10,506	97		
Sheriff's Deputies—1 at \$150 and 1 at \$100 per month, for 3 months							
and 1 at \$100 per month, for 3 months		335	48				
for 3 months	Sheriff's Deputies—1 at \$150						
[See Account of City and County Officers for further amounts.] Books and Stationery for office. 698 58							
Books and Stationery for office		750	00				
Books and Stationery for of- fice							
fice							
Salary of Auditor 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for office 307 28 Salary of Treasurer 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for Treasurer 385 22 Salary of Tax Collector 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for Tax Collector 1,111 18 Publishing Delinquent Tax Lists 2,590 88 — 7,702 06		698	58				
Salary of Auditor 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for office 307 28 ————————————————————————————————————				9.784	06		
Books and Stationery for office	Salary of Auditor	4,000	00	,			٠
fice							
Salary of Treasurer 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for Treasurer 385 22 — 4,385 22 Salary of Tax Collector 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for Tax Collector Collector 1,111 18 Publishing Delinquent Tax 2,590 88 — 7,702 06	•		28				
Books and Stationery for Treasurer				4,307	28		
Books and Stationery for Treasurer	Salary of Treasurer	4,000	00				
Salary of Tax Collector 4,000 00 Books and Stationery for Tax Collector	Books and Stationery for						
Salary of Tax Collector	Treasurer	385	22				
Books and Stationery for Tax Collector				4,385	22		
Collector	Salary of Tax Collector	4,000	00				
Publishing Delinquent Tax Lists							
Lists	Collector	1,111	18				
7,702 06	Publishing Delinquent Tax						
	Lists	2,590	88				
				7,702	06		
Carried forward \$44,272 35 \$918,926 43	Carried forward			\$44.272	35	\$918.926	43

Brought forward \$44,	,272	35	\$918,926 43
Salary Clerk Police Court 2,400 00			,
Books and Stationery for Por			
lice Court 300 02			
2	,700	02	
Salaries of 4 Justices, \$200			
each per mo., 6 months 4,800 00			
Salaries of 2 Constables, \$130			
each per mo., 6 months 1,560 00			
Salary of Chief Justice, \$250			
per mo., 6 months 1,500 00			
Salary of Justice's Clerk, \$200			
per mo., 6 months 1,200 00			
	,060	00	
Salaries of 2 Porters City Hall,			
\$75 each per mo., 3 mos	450	00	
Salary of Justice's Porter, 3			
mos., at \$75 per month	225	00	
Fees in collection of Delin-			
quent Taxes	100	33	
Books and Stationery for-			
Clerk of the Board of Su-			
pervisors	754	38	
District Attorney	35	87	
	,320	76	
Superintendent of Streets.	743	95	
Coroner	71	00	•
Chief of Police	542	65	
Harbor Master	147	00	
City and County Attorney.	54	65	
Total Special Fee Fund			\$60,477 96
ON THE STREET LIGHT FUND.			
LIGHTING STREETS—July 1, 1867 to July			
1, 1868.			
2,058 Lamps, about 28 nights, at			
20 cents each per night, in July. \$11,	,524	20	
Carried forward \$11	,524	20	\$979,404 39

Brought forward	\$11,524	20	\$979,404 39
2,098 Lamps, about 28 nights, at			
20 cents each per night, in Aug.	11,749	80	
2,117 Lamps, about 27 nights, at			
20 cents each per night, in Sept.	11,431	20	
2,125 Lamps, about 28 nights, at			
20 cents each per night, in Oct	11,900	00	T
2,166 Lamps, about 27 nights, at			
20 cents each per night, in Nov	11,696	80	4 .
2,223 Lamps, about 28 nights, at			
20 cents each per night, in Dec	12,450	40	
2,257 Lamps, about 28 nights, at			
20 cents each per night, in Jan	12,637	80	THE LEW DIE
2,292 Lamps, about 26 nights, at			
20 cents each per night, in Feb	11,918	00	in an exercise
2,330 Lamps, about 28 nights, at	-7		
20 cents each per night, in March	13,050	80	4111
2,368 Lamps, about 27 nights, at			
20 cents each per night, in April	12,787	60	- O - V
2,390 Lamps, about 28 nights, at	- 1		
20 cents each per night, in May	13,381	40	
2,398 Lamps, about 27 nights, at			
20 cents each per night, in June.	12,948	00	
Repairs to Lamps, etc	6,839	86	
	*		154,315 86
-		، لا د	المرابع علوة ا
ON THE STREET DEPARTMENT FUND.			790
Repairs to Streets—			,
Front of Public Property	\$11,786	03	
Water Front	9,532		
Accepted Streets	22,646	78	
Urgent repairs of Streets not ac-	-		•
cepted	3,648	77	
CLEANING STREETS AND SEWERS	33,815		
Claim of W. O'Shea	1,000	00	
			82,429 80
4.			
Carried forward			\$1,216,150 05

Brought forward			\$1,216,150	05
ON THE POUND FEE FUND.				
Salary of Pound Keeper			900	00
ON THE SPECIAL POUND FEE FUND.			,	
Surplus of proceeds of sale of Animals				
returned to owners			76	55
ON THE POLICE CONTINGENT FUND.				
[Statutes 1859, page 57.]				
Contingent expenses of Police Depart-				
ment—conveyance of prisoners, tel-				
egraphing, traveling expenses, pho-				
tographing, etc			. 3,597	25
ON THE SCHOOL FUND.				
Salaries of Teachers\$	241,083	06		
Salaries of Janitors	,			
Salary of Clerk Board of Education	1,800			
Salary of Teamster	363			
Services of Census Marshals, 2 years. Purchase of Lot, northwest line Sil-	2,549	00		
ver, 156 feet southwest from Second				
street, thence southwest 20 feet by				
70 feet in depth	2,500	00		
Repairs and alterations to School				,
Houses (including carpenters' sal-				
aries)	16,302			
Furniture	.19,931 5,076			
Water.	127			
Books, Stationery, Advertising, etc.	10,873			
Rents	4,302			
Repairs to Streets front of School				
property	5,854			
Grading and improving Lots	2,987			
Insurance	2,211	82		

Brought forward			\$1,220,723 85
Incidental expenses	1,745	38	333,529 53
ON THE SCHOOL FUND-SPECIAL.			
SCHOOL BUILDINGS—			
Normal, Market street, near Fifth,			
(\$1,000 paid last year)	\$1,733	50	
Kearny and Filbert streets	10,622		
Shotwell street, (\$6,005 paid last	,,		
year)	2,324	60	
Eighth street, between Harrison and	,		
Bryant, (\$6,185 paid last year)	2,640	00	
Tyler street, near Pierce	4,766		
Pine street, between Larkin and	-,		
Polk	9,030	20	
Porter street, near Warden avenue	1,795		
Planking Spring Valley School	_,		
yard	650	00	
Architects' services, Broadway street			
and Post street buildings	325	00	
School Lots—			
Lot on south line Clay, 111 feet 4			
inches east from Powell street,			
thence east 26 feet 2 inches by 75			
feet	1,800	00	
Lot on northwest line Silver, 176			
feet southwest from Second street,			
thence southwest 24 by 70 feet	3,000	00	
[See School Fund for additional Silver Street Lot purchased.]			
Purchase of conflicting titles to Val-			
paraiso street Lot	760	00	
			39,446 87
ON INTEREST ACCOUNT—SCHOOL BONDS 1860.			
[Statutes 1860, page 101.]			
Remittances to New York to pay Cou-			
pons, School Bonds 1860—			
No. 15, due January 1, 1868	\$2,725	00	
Carried forward	\$2,725	00	\$1,593,700 25

Brought forward	\$2,725	00	\$1,593,700	25
Premium of Exchange, 2 per cent.	54		. , ,	
No. 16, due July 1, 1868	2,725	00		
Premium of Exchange, 1 per cent.	27	25		
0 . 1			5,531	75
ON INTEREST ACCOUNT—SCHOOL BONDS 1861.				
[Statutes 1861, page 242.]				
Remittances to New York to pay				
Coupons, School Bonds 1861—				
No. 15, due January 1, 1868	\$800	00		
Premium of Exchange, 2 per cent.		00		
No. 16, due July 1, 1868	800			
Premium of Exchange, 1 per cent.	8	00		
			1,624	00
A TOWNS A GOOD TO TOWN TO THE TOWN TOWN TO THE TOWN TO THE TOWN TOWN TO THE TOWN TOWN TOWN TO THE TOWN TOWN TOWN TOWN TOWN TOWN TOWN TOWN				
ON INTEREST ACCOUNT—SCHOOL BONDS 1866-7 [Statutes 1865-6, page 303.]				
Coupons School Bonds, 1866-7, paid—				
No. 3, due October 1, 1867, 210	67 250	00		
at \$35	\$7,350			
No. 4, due April 1, 1868, 195 at \$35	6,825	00	14,175	00 .
			11,110	
ON THE CORPORATION DEBT FUND.				
Requisition of Commissioners of the				
Funded Debt of 1851—				
[Statutes 1851, page 387.] For Interest\$125,790 00				
For Sinking Fund 50,000 00				
	\$175,790	00		
Remittances to New York to pay	. ,			
Coupons, Bonds 1855—				
[Statutes 1855, page 286; 1856, page 173.]				
No. 25, due Jan. 1, 1868 \$8,075 00				
Prem. of Exchange,				
2 per cent 161 50				
No. 26, due July 1, 1868 6,735 00				
Prem. of Exchange,				
1 per cent 67 35	15,038	85		
/	10,000		190,828	85
Carried forward			\$1,805,859	85

Brought forward			\$1,805,859	85
ON COUPON ACCOUNT—BONDS 1858.	.′			
[Statutes 1858, page 187.]				
Coupons, Bonds 1858, paid— No. 17, due January 1, 1867, 6 at				
\$15 and 8 at \$30	\$330	00		
No. 18, due July 1, 1867—279 at	\$000	00		
\$15 and 987 at \$30	33,795	00		
No. 19, due January 1, 1868—275	00,100	00		
at \$15 and 985 at \$30	33,675	00		
40 910 mid 000 m 900	00,010		67,800	00
			01,000	00
ON INTEREST ACCOUNT—BONDS 1863-4.				
[Statutes 1862, pages 265 and 266.]				
Coupons, Bonds 1863, paid—				
No. 7, due April 1, 1867—7 at				
\$17 50 and 4 at \$35	\$262	50		
No. 8, due October 1, 1867—772 at				
\$17 50 and 467 at \$35	29,855	00		
No. 9, due April 1, 1868—762 at				
\$17 50 and 460 at \$35	29,435	00		
Coupons, Bonds 1864, paid—				
No. 7, due December 1, 1867—28				
- at \$35	980	00		
No. 8, due June 1, 1868—15 at \$35	525	00		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			61,057	50
ON INTEREST TAX ACCOUNT—SAN FRANCISCO A	ND SAN J	OSE		
RAILROAD BONDS.				
[Statutes 1861, page 201.]				
Coupons San Francisco and San José				
Railroad Bonds paid—				
1 at \$17 50, due December 22, 1866	\$17			
1 at \$35, due March 14, 1867	35			
7 at \$17 50, due May 10, 1867	122	50		
7 at \$17 50, and 4 at \$35, due June				
1, 1867	262	50		
Carried forward	\$437	50	\$1,934,717	35

Brought forward	\$ 437	50	\$1,934,717 35
19 at \$17 50 and 4 at \$35, due June 22, 1867	472	50	
30 at \$17 50 and 15 at \$35, due July	2012	90	
1, 1867	1,050	00	
30 at \$17 50 and 15 at \$35, due Au-	4 0 5 0	0.0	
gust 1, 1867	1,050	00	
gust 9, 1867	1,050	00	
55 at \$17 50 and 26 at \$35, due Sep-			
tember 14, 1867	1,872	50	
30 at \$17 50 and 15 at \$35, due Sep-	1.050	00	
tember 15, 1867	1,050	UU	
tober 13, 1867	927	50	
30 at \$17 50 and 15 at \$35, due No-			
vember 10, 1867	1,050	00	
30 at \$17 50 and 15 at \$35, due December 1, 1867	1,050	nn	
21 at \$17 50 and 6 at \$35, due De-	1,000	00	
cember 22, 1867	577	50	
30 at \$17 50 and \$15 at \$35, due	4 050	0.0	
January 1, 1868	1,050	00	
February 1, 1868	1,050	00	
30 at \$17 50 and 15 at \$35, due	· the		
February 9, 1868	1,050	00	
51 at \$17 50 and 26 at \$35, due	1,802	50	
March 14, 1868	1,002	00	
March 15, 1868	1,050	00	
17 at \$17 50 and 14 at \$35, due			
April 13, 1868	787	50	
24 at \$17 50 and 15 at \$35, due May 10, 1868	945	00	
18 at \$17 50 and 7 at \$35, due June	0.10		
1, 1868	560	00	

Carried forward....... \$18,882 50 \$1,934,717 35

Brought forward \$1	18,882	50 \$1,934,717-35
15 at \$17 50 and 4 at \$35, due June		
22, 1868	402	50
_		19,285 00
ON INTEREST TAX ACCOUNT—PACIFIC RAILROA	D BONDS	3
[Statutes 1863, page 383.]	ID BORD	J.
Coupons Central Pacific		
Railroad Bonds paid—		
No. 6, due July 1, 1867,		
400 at \$35 \$14,000 00		
No. 7, due January 1,		
1868, 399 at \$35 13,965 00		
	27,965	00
Coupons Western Pacific		
Railroad Bonds paid—		
No. 4, due May 1, 1867,		
45 at \$35 \$1,575 00		
No. 5, due November 1,		
1867, 250 at \$35 8,750 00		
No. 6, due May 1, 1868,		
250 at \$35 8,750 00	10.075	00
	19,075	- 47,040 00
		11,010 00
ON SINKING FUND—SCHOOL BONDS 1860.		
[Statutes 1860, page 102.]		
Loans on security of City and County		00.750.00
Bonds		32,750 00
ON SINKING FUND—SCHOOL BONDS 1861.		
[Statutes 1861, pages 242–243.]		
Loans on security of City and County		
Bonds		20,000 00
ON SINKING FUND-SCHOOL BONDS 1866-7.		
[Statutes 1861, page 242; 1865-6, page 303.]		
Redemption of Bonds—		
15, each \$1,000=\$15,000, at 90 per		
*		
$Carried\ forward\dots$		\$2,053,792 35

Brought forward			\$2,053,792 35
cent.=\$13,500, and interest, 3			7 -,000,000
months and 8 days, at 7 per cent.			
per annum, \$285 83	\$13.785	83	
[Coupons 1, 2, 3 off.]	¥=0,		
2, each \$1,000=\$2,000, at 947 per			
cent	1,897	50	
[Coupons 1, 2, 3, 4 off. Nos. of Bonds 126, 149, 150,			•
Loans on security of State and City			
and County Bonds	30,100	00	
wife County Dones			45,783 33,
			, ,
ON SINKING FUND—BONDS 1855. [Statutes 1855, page 286.]			
Redemption of Bonds—			
3, each \$500=\$1,500, at			
95 per cent \$1,425 00			
9, each \$500=\$4,500, at			
$97\frac{1}{2}$ per cent 4,387 50			
45, each \$500 = \$22,500,			•
at 97_{100}^{99} per cent 22,047 75			
9, each \$500=\$4,500, at			
98 per cent 4,410 00	****	~~	
	\$32,270	25	
[Coupons 1 to 25, inclusive, off. Nos. of Bonds 8 to 13, 46, 100 to 107, 109, 110, 131 to 142, 152, 193, 210,			
212, 215, 235, 250, 276 to 278, 280 to 282, 308, 339, 343, 344, 410, 426, 427, 435, 453 to 456, 471, 490, 501, 535,			
567, 568, 596, 622, 625, 630, 640, 647.]			
Redemption of Certificate No. 160	18	80	
Interest overpaid by M. Reese in			
1866–67	800	00	
Loans on security of United States,			
State and City and County Bonds	49,200	00	
			82,289 05
ON SINKING FUND—BONDS 1858.			
[Statutes 1858, page 187.]			
Redemption of Bonds—			
5, each \$1,000=\$5,000, at $79\frac{1}{2}$ per			
cent	\$3,975	00	
Carried forward	\$3,975	00	\$2,181,864 73
2			

Brought forward	\$ 3,975	00 \$2,181,864 73
32, each \$1,000, and 26 at \$500=		
\$45,000, at 80 per cent.=\$36,000		
and interest 8 days, \$60	36,060	00
4, each \$1,000, and 2 at \$500 =		
\$5,000, at 82 per cent	4,100	00
[Coupons 1 to 19, inclusive, off. Nos. of Bonds 6, 8, 11, 12, 14, 32, 33, 35, 36, 71, 73, 74, 133, 140, 192, 200 to 206, 209, 212, 215, 221, 222, 227, 228, 247, 248, 254, 311, 345, 346, 350, 351, 391, 430, 451, 503, 541, 749, 778, 779, 810, 823, 837, 858, 859, 877, 917, 918, 936, 937, 984, 1022, 1074, 1113, 1151, 1160, 1179, 1205, 1210, 1213, 1218, 1224, 1228, 1260.]	= 11 11 = 	44-195 00
		44,135 00
ON SINKING FUND—BONDS 1863-4.		
	of the Peer	d of
[Statutes 1862, pages 265-266, and Orders No. 547 and 580 Supervisors.]	or the Boar	d 01
Redemption of Bonds of 1863—		
1 \$500, at 85 per cent	\$425	00
10, each \$1,000—\$10,000, at $87\frac{1}{2}$ per		
cent	8,750	00
80, each $$500 = $40,000$,		
at 90 per cent.; \$36,-		
000, less coupons No.		
9, \$1,400\$34,600 00		
Interest 3 months and 8		
days, at 7 per cent. per		
annum		
[Coupons 1 to 9, inclusive, off.)	35,362	99
	00,002	
Redemption of balance Certificate No.	•	
32, \$266 90 at 82 per cent.=\$218 86		
and interest from October 1, 1863,		
to December 27, 1867, at 7 per cent.	000	05
per annum, \$79 19	298	05
Loans on security of State and City	74.000	00
and County Bonds	1,4,900	— 119,735 27
		110,100 21
Carried forward		\$2,345,735 00

Brought forward	\$2,345,735 00
ON SINKING FUND (LOAN FUND ACCOUNT)—SAN FRANCISCO AND SAN JOSE RAILROAD BONDS.	
[Statutes 1961, page 201.]	
Redemption of Bonds—	
2, each \$500=\$1,000, at 87\frac{1}{2}	
per cent\$875 00	
Interest, 1 month and 8	
days, at 7 per cent. per	
annum 7 38	
[Coupons 1 to 9, inclusive, off. Nos. of Bonds 332, 333.]	
3, each \$1,000 = \$3,000, at 99 per	
cent	
[Coupons 1 to 9, inclusive, off. Nos. of Bonds 320,	
5, each \$1,000, and 21 at \$500=	
\$15,500, at par, and interest 1 month and 8 days on \$8,500,	
\$62 80; 2 months and 25 days on	
\$4,000, \$66 10: 1 month and 28	
days on \$3,000, \$33 83 15,662 73	
[Coupons 1 to 9, inclusive, off on all except Nos. 169	
to 174; on those 1 to 10 off. Nos. of Bonds 169 to	
174, 272, 290, 292, 293, 308 to 310, 327 to 330, 347 to 349, 351, 355 to 358, 360.	
-	19,515 11
Total demands audited during the	
O O	\$2,365,250 11
fiscal year ending June 30, 1868	\$2,505,250 11

RECAPITULATION OF DEMANDS AUDI	TED.
For-	0
Police Department	\$148,999 37
School Department (expenditures of all kinds,	- er
except interest and sinking funds)	
Fire Department	
•	
Carried forward	\$705,084 48

Brought forward	\$705,084 48
Hospital, Quarantine, Coroner's and Health	
Departments	71,639 12
Almshouse	99,911 72
Lighting Streets, City Hall and County Jail	159,868 24
Interest on Debt	358,142 10
Reduction of Debt	· ·
Street Department (including Roads)	112,662 41
Assessment against City Hall and Engine	
Houses, in the matter of widening Kearny	
and Third Streets	29,997 28
Industrial School Department	27,767 79
Registration and Election Expenses	18,789 45
Subsistence of Prisoners	13,364 95
Judges County and Probate Courts	10,000 00
Repairs to City Hall and County Jail	8,960 77
Home of Inebriate	3,000 00
Examining Insane and sending Insane to Stock-	
ton:	5,377 00
Public Squares	5,725 94
Special Counsel	4,750 00
Justices' Court (including furnishing and rent	
of building)	16,361 99
Furniture for City Hall and County Jail	4,624 92
Fuel for City Hall and County Jail	1,480 34
Witnesses, District Court Reporters, and costs	
in Suits	2,637 20
Copying Assessment Roll, and making and	
copying Military Roll	2,600 00
Celebration of 4th July, 1867	3,000 00
Outside Lands - Map and miscellaneous ex-	
penses	12,938 60
Files of Alta Newspaper, 1850 to 1862	1,900 00
Block Books	1,327 00
Supervisors' Department	16,505 78
Mayor's Department	6,600 00
Auditor's Department	6,226 78
	44 O4E E04 C0
Carried forward	\$1,917,701 62

Brought forward	\$1,917,701	62	
Treasurer's Department	11,364		
Tax Collector's Department	21,771		
Sheriff's Department	33,467	06	
County Clerk's Department	40,794	47	
Recorder's Department	37,184	14	
City and County Attorney's Department	6,849	65	
District Attorney's Department	6,535	87	
Assessor's Department	23,893	59	
Harbor Master's Department	4,057	00	
Municipal License Department	6,101	25	
Porter's Department	2,880	00	
Pound-keeper's Department	2,700	05	
Judgment of McEwen, for Horse killed, etc	554	15	
Cleaning Vaults, Meals, etc., for Jurors, Maps,			
Abstracts of Title, Blank Bonds, etc., etc	1,931	85	
Grand total of Expenditures	\$2,117,786	97	
Loans from Sinking Funds\$206,950 00			
Loans in the matter of widening	•		
Streets 28,860 98			
Advanced State for Military 11,652 16			
9	247,463	14	
Total Demands audited	\$9.265.950	11	
Total Demands audited	\$2,505,250	11	
		_	
STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES.			
Grand total, as above, subject to deductions as			
below stated, for special receipts directly appli-			
cable in reduction of expenses	\$2,117,786	97	
Special receipts deducted, viz:			
Fees of City and County Officers in the transac-			
tion of special business, for which salaries are			
allowed and fees paid into the Treasury	\$147,573		
Fees, etc., from Pound-keeper	1,050	20	
Quarantine Fees (these fees must meet all of the			
Quarantine Officer's expenses)	4,194	50	
		_	
Carried forward	\$152,818	43	

AL P.

Brought forward	\$152,818 43
Material from Streets sold	304 00
Rent of School Property and proceeds of Evening	
Schools and Festivals,	1,057 00
Sale of building on School Lot	705 00
Sale of Engine House, Engines and Hose	8,000 00
Interest received by Treasurer (including \$190	1
surplus interest returned from New York)	3,241 07
Interest and profits received by Fund Commis-	-
sioners, debt of 1851	154,256 96
Receipts from State, for State's proportion of As-	
sessment Expenses	8,818 44
•	
Total deductions	\$329,200 90
8	•
[Which taken from the above sum of \$2,117,786 97, gives the true current 586 07, apportioned as follows:]	Expenditures, \$1,788,-
Current Expenses	\$1.215.925 00
Lots and Buildings	90,955 55
Fire Department Engines, Horses, Hose, Cisterns	,
and Hydrants	44,606 41
Kearny Street Improvement Assessment	,
Interest on Debt	200,644 07
Reduction of Debt	206,457 76
Total net Expenditures, as above	\$1,788,586 07

[See Statement of net revenue in Treasurer's Account following the Receipts.]

AUDITED DEMANDS OUTSTANDING JUNE 30, 1868, WITH PROOF.

	,	
Demands un- paid, June 30, 1868.	\$67 85 65,935 43 4.822 46 14,822 46 13,503 83 75 00 210 33 34,554 34 34 56 4 34 3975 00 33,975 00 33,975 00	400000000
Demands canceled, lx67-8.	\$67.85 210 33 \$278 \$278 18 18	OT 0 10
Demands Paid, 1867-8.	\$903,624 14 \$903,624 14 152,236 09 82,526 09 82,526 09 76 55 3,686 84 44,464 87 5,531 75 1,624 00 199,828 85 67,800 00 61,057 50 19,285 00 47,040 00 20,000 220,000	44,004,010
TOTAL.	\$918,926 43 669,627 42 \$903,624 14 (65,75) 82,429 80 82,739 22 152,236 09 82,429 80 82,739 22 152,236 09 82,429 80 82,739 22 152,236 09 82,429 80 82,739 22 152,236 09 90 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	#4,400,040 OH
Demands Audited, 1867-8.	\$918,926 43 60,477 96 16,477 96 16,477 96 16,421 88 89,421 89 900 00 76 55 3,577 25 33,529 53 19,46 87 19,828 85 61,057 50 19,285 00 47,040 00 32,750 00 220,000	\$2,000,200 111
Demands un- paid June 30, 1867.	\$475 20 65 75 65 75 11,507 39 30,21 26 11,507 39 300 75 00 75 00 5,018 00 5,018 00	#20,190 00l
UPON WHAT ACCOUNTS OR FUNDS.	Surplus Fund, 1856 7 Police Fund, 1856 7 General Fund, 1856 7 Special Fee Fund Special Fund Street Light Fund Street Light Fund Pound Fee Fund, Special Police Contingent Fund School Fund, Special Interest Account School Bonds 1860 Interest Account School Bonds 1860 Interest Account School Bonds 1866 Coupon Account Bonds 1858 Interest Tax Account Bonds 1863 Interest Tax Account Bonds 1866 Sinking Fund School Bonds 1860 Sinking Fund School Bonds 1860 Sinking Fund School Bonds 1860 Sinking Fund School Bonds 1866 Sinking Fund Bonds 1855 Sinking Fund Bonds 1855 Sinking Fund Bonds 1855 Sinking Fund School Bonds 1863 Loan Fund Account San Francisco and San José Railroad Bonds	Totals

DEMANDS, JULY 1, 1856, TO JULY 1, 1867, INCLUSIVE, UNPAID.

Fiscal Year.	Number.	Fund.	Name.	Amount	
1856–7	524		G. Millett	\$.0	00
1856-7	872	General	M. Hoadley	12	00
1856-7	1,683	School	M. A. Casebolt		00
1856-7	1,956		Dore & Havens		75
1856-7	1,957	School	Dore & Havens		88
1856–7	1,973	School	B. F. Whitman	* 3	
1856–7	2,0 8	School	W. M. Coy		00
1856-7	691	Police	H. McNally	65	75
1856-7	404	Surplus	Jos. Norton	130	00
1856-7	405	Surplus	J. Bolen	130	
1856-7	406	Surplus	J. Shelly	130	
1856–7	523	Surplus	Hart & Heaney	85	20
1857-8	17	General	Graves & Smith	12	96
1857–8	2,962		G. O. Whitney & Co		75
1858-9	3,466	School	T. J. Gangloff		50
1859–60	3,261	General	M. G. Searing	8	00
1861-2	409.	General	J. H. Dixon		50
1861-2	843	General			00
1861-2	912	General	J. W. Bell		50
1862-3	3,445	General			20
1863-4	9	General	Jane Miller		00
1863-4	2,363	General	M. O'Brien		60
1863-4	5,296		W. Brown		00
1863-4	5,297	General	L. Stappfer		00
1864-5	2,026	General	Davis & Jordan		00
1864-5	2,360	General	J. Van Riper		86
1864-5	216	School			00
1864-5	2,584	School	James Stewart		00
1864-5	7,822		F. Donahue		00
1864-5	8,435		F. Donahue		00
1865-6	1,024		B. P. Moore & Co		50
1865-6	4,629		Trustees Pacific St. Church		00
1865-6	5,864		Henry Comfort		00
1866–7	240		J. Sinclair		00
1866-7	5,836		J. Kittredge		65
1866-7	5,858		J. D. Butler	5	33
Demands 1			-4, receivable only for delin-	0 80	0.0
quent	taxes of 18	556-7, 1857-8,	1858-9, 35 each \$100	3,500	
Demands u	npaid of 1	867-8, mostly	audited June 30, 1868	119,260	24
				\$123,694	17

CONDITION OF CERTAIN AUTHORIZED AND LIMITED EXPENDITURES AND AVAILABLE FUNDS JUNE 30, 1868.

	Original Allowances	Receipts.	Total.	Audited.	Available, not used June 30, 1868.
Lots and Buildings for Fire De PARTMENT	\$45,000 00	\$105,708 30	\$150,708 30	\$ 88,987 65	\$61,720 65
CISTERNS AND HYDRANTS	39,787 00		39,787 00	8,000 00	31,787 00
EXTENSION AND REPAIRS OF FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH. [Statutes 1867-8, p. 161.]	12,650 00		12,650 00	3,380 54	9,269 46
ALMSHOUSE BUILDINGS	150,000 00		150,000 00	140,322 88	9,677 12
ALMSHOUSE FURNISHING [Statutes 1865-6, p. 214.]	20,000 00		20,000 00	13,632 65	6,367 35

Advanced to State of California for Military Appropriations—

Amount due June 30, 1867	\$8,855 00
Amount audited, fiscal year 1867-8	11,652 16
	\$20,507 16
Paid by State on account of the above	12,650 00
Amount due from State June 30, 1868	\$7,857 16
•	* Marine San San San

QUARANTINE FEES AND EXPENSES-

Fees, Salary and Disbursements of Quarantine Officer—

[Statutes 1865-6, page 742.]

Amount collected by Quarantine Officer	\$4,847 00
	\$±,0±1 00
Salary and Disbursements of Quarantine Of-	4.450.48
ficer to December 1, 1867	4,179 15

Balance available for salary and expenses of Quarantine Officer, June 30, 1868......

\$667 85

SPECIAL FEE FUND-	
Amount at credit, June 30, 1867 Fees received during the fiscal year from City	\$3,321 26
and County Officers	147,573 73
D 1 11	\$150,894 99
Demands paid\$58,976 76 Transfer of surplus to General	
Fund 87,095 77	
Amount at credit June 30, 1868. 4,822 46	\$150,894 99
	\$100,004 00
STREET LIGHT FUND—	10.7
Receipts during the fiscal year	\$158,489 72
Payments	
Transfer to General Fund 4,173 60	158,489 72
[The Cash on hand July 1, 1867, being for payment of an outstanding demand of the same amount, does not appear above.]	
Expenses Incurred in the Matter of Extending Montgomery Street to be Returned—	
Counsel Fee	\$1,000 00 296 50
Total (paid in coin) 1866–7 and 1867–8	\$1,296 50
COUNSEL FEES PAID FROM 1856-7 TO 1867-8 INCLUSIVE. [Except School Legal Expenses, which have been trifling.]	
D G	
Pueblo Suit—	
1861-2—E. W. F. Sloan and J.	
	1

COUNSEL FEES	PAID	1856	то ·1868.
--------------	------	------	-----------

1				
Brought forward	\$2,000	00 '		
W. Dwinelle	2,000			
1865-6—Cope, Daingerfield &				
Hambleton	250	00		
1865-6—J. W. Dwinelle	250	00		
1866–7—J. W. Dwinelle	2,000	00		
1866–7—T. J. Coffee	1,000	00		
			\$7,500	00
CITY SLIP SUITS—				
1867-8-W. Duer and J. P. Hoge	5,000	00		
1859–60—F. M. Haight	3,000			
1860-61—Shafters & Heydenfeldt	2,500			
1862-3—J. W. Dwinelle and De-	,			
los Lake	. 5,000	00		
1862-3-J. W. Dwinelle and De-				
los Lake	3,000	00		
1866–7—J. W. Dwinelle and De-				
los Lake	13,682	60		
			32,182	60
a				
SUITS VS. TAX COLLECTOR AND COMMIS-				
SIONERS OF FUNDED DEBT—				
1857-8—Shafters & Heydenfeldt	2,500			
1858-9—Shafters & Heydenfeldt	2,500	00	~ 000	0.0
			5,000	00
SUIT VS. TAX COLLECTOR—				
			F00	00
1861–2—Guy vs. Washburn			500	00
· ·				
SUITS FOR DELINQUENT TAXES—	•			
1862–3—J. B. Felton	6,000			
1864–5—D. Lake	1,000	00	7 000	0.0
			7,000	00
LIMANTOUR SUIT—				
1863-4—Gregory Yale			3,000	00
1000-1—dregory rate				
Carried forward			\$55,182	60

Brought forward		\$55,182 60
Recovering "Mowry" Property—		
1863-4-J. McHenry		2,000 00
WIDENING AND EXTENDING STREETS—		
1864–5—Kearny and Third, Alexander Campbell	\$1,000 00	
1866-7—Montgomery Street, J.	φ1,000 00	
Clement	1,000 00	2,000 00
		2,000 00
De Haro Suit—		
1865-6—Cope, Daingerfield & Hambleton	250 00	
1866–7—Cornelius Cole	1,000 00	1 050 00
		1,250 00
Suit as to Justices' Power to sit as		
Police Judge during the absence of Judge—		
1865-6—N. Bennett	•	150 00
SUIT OF O'NEILL VS. KIRKPATRICK—		
1866-7C. Cole & Montgomery		
Blair	1,000 00	
1866–7—Casserly & Barnes	150 00	1,150 00
Camanche Suit—	•	
1866-7—T. N. Cazneau		800 00
BOURNE SUIT—		
1867–8—J. B. Felton		1,000 00
TURNER SUIT—		
1867-8-J. B. Felton		500 00
Carried forward	_	\$64,032 60
Ourred Jordana		\$01,002 00

Brought forward		-	\$64,032	60
Wetmore Suit—				
1867–8—J. B. Felton			3,000	00
STEARNES SUIT—				
1867–8			250	00
Total, 12 years			\$67,282	60
Total, 12 years			\$01,202 FERRINGE	
Expense Incurred in the Matter of	WIDEN	ING		
KEARNY AND THIRD STREETS—				
Total to June 30, 1867			\$6,901	60
[As per Report of 1866-7, page 56, paid in U. S. Coin.]				
Expenses in said matter, 1867–8				
Printing Briefs	\$61	25		
Making Transcript of Report of	ψ01	20		
Commissioners	150	00		
Printing 700 Tax Bill Blanks	13	00		
Making Tax Bills	50			
Advertising	370	37		
Services of Expert in counting	100	0.0		
money	100	00		
Printing demands on Kearny and Third Street-Fund	21	00		
Third Direct-Pund			765	62
-				
			\$7,667	22

[\$7,560 69 U. S. Notes was paid on account of the above during the year (see Treasurer's Account), in settlement of \$6,842 60 of the same—Balance due, \$824 62 in coin.] TREASURER OF THE CITY AND COUNTY, IN CASH ACCOUNT WITH AUDITOR FOR CITY AND COUNTY MONEYS, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1868.

Dr.

To Receipts at Credit of the following Funds and Accounts from the Sources named.

GENERAL FUND.

Taxes	\$492,153	52
Poll Taxes	11,197	
State and County Licenses	99,484	77
Municipal Licenses	27,864	45
Harbor Dues	25,573	57
Fines—Police Court	27,668	45
Fines—County Court	1,745	00
Sale of City Slip Lot, No. 68	3,000	00
Sale of Engine House and Lot, No.		
10	4,600	00
Sale of Engines	3,380	
Sale of Hose	20	
Sale of Unclaimed Property in Police		
Office—sale of 1867	642	35
Costs widening streets returned-		
Kearny Street, \$7,560 69; Mer-		
chant Street, \$792	8,352	69
Quarantine Fees	4,194	50
Judgment-Case City and County vs.		
Tompkins	617	00
Assessment Expenses, State's propor-		
tion	8,818	44
Hospital Dues from State	. 2,970	24
Rents of Armories and Incidental Ex-		
penses of Military Companies re-		
turned by State	12,650	00

\$734,932 54

$Brought\ forward\dots$		\$734,932 54
SPECIAL FEE FUND.		
Fees of City and County Officers—		•
Recorder	50	
County Clerk		
Sheriff		
Auditor		
Treasurer		
Tax Collector		
	33	
	10	
Clerk Police Court	50	
Clerk Justices' Court 8,388		
-		147,573 73
STREET LIGHT FUND.		
Taxes		158,489 72
		100,100 12
STREET DEPARTMENT FUND.		
Taxes		
Licenses on Vehicles		
Material sold	1 00	00 500 00
		82,538 93
POUND FEE FUND		
POUND FEE FUND.		010 50
Pound Fees		912 50
		912 50
		912 50
Pound Fees		
Pound Fees.		912 50 137 70
Pound Fees		
Pound Fees	2 50	137 70

Brought forward\$282,107 15	\$1,124,585 12
Rents	
Dog Tax	
Evening Schools 202 00 Sale of old Building 705 00	
O	
Festivals, Concerts, etc 680 00 Fee for changing Name	
Fine for violation of Game Law 12 50	
State apportionment of School Rev-	
enue	
	339,956 19
	330,033 20
SCHOOL FUND-SPECIAL.	
Sale of Bonds—\$50,000 at 95 per	
cent	47,500 00
CORPORATION DEBT FUND.	
Taxes	
Surplus interest money returned from	
New York	
	260,495 65
INTEREST ACCOUNT—BONDS 1863-4.	
Taxes	60,277 35
	,
INTEREST TAX ACCOUNT—SAN FRANCISCO AND SAN JOSE R. R. BONDS.	
Taxes	16,151 31
INTEREST TAX ACCOUNT—PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS.	
Taxes	35,920 45
	,
SINKING FUND—SCHOOL BONDS 1860.	
Loans returned	
Interest	
	26,430 23
	20,100 20
Carried forward	\$1,911,316 30

Brought forward	\$1,911,316 30
•	
SINKING FUND—SCHOOL BONDS 1861.	•
Loans returned \$16,650 00	
Interest 348 14	
•	16,998 14
SINKING FUND—SCHOOL BONDS 1866-67.	
Loans returned\$30,100 00)
Interest	
· ·	30,348 70
SINKING FUND—BONDS 1855.	
Taxes	
Loans returned	
Interest	80,469 42
	00,400 42
SINKING FUND—BONDS 1858.	
Taxes	43,158 48
SINKING FUND—BONDS 1863-64.	
Taxes	
Loans returned 79,050 00 Interest 987 60	
	- 119,896 38
	110,000 00
LOAN FUND ACCOUNT—SAN FRANCISCO AND SAN JOSE RAIL ROAD BONDS.	r
Taxes	19,666 09
TOTAL RECEIPTS INTO TREASURY, CITY	
AND COUNTY CASH ONLY, INCLUDING	
Loans returned	\$2,221,853 51
[See Revenue Statement below.]	
To Cash on hand, July 1, 1867	272,060 69
	\$2,493,914 20
	W#, 100, 011 20

THE REVENUE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1867-68 WAS AS FOLLOWS FOR CITY AND COUNTY PURPOSES.

From—		
Taxes, as per Apportionment	\$1,509,162	50
Poll Taxes, as per statement	12,960	06
Dog Tax	1,779	00
State and County Licenses, per statement	99,484	77
Municipal Licenses, per statement	38,895	90
Harbor Dues	25,573	57
Fines	29,425	95
Sale of City Slip Lot	3,000	00
Sale of Unclaimed Police Property	642	35
Judgment collected, "Tompkins Case"	617	00
Fee for changing Name	17	50
Sale of \$50,000 Bonds (for School Department)	47,500	00
Hospital Dues from State	2,970	24
State School Apportionment	54,278	04
Total net Revenue	\$1,826,306	88
•	Managara Managara	STATE OF

Other receipts, making up the above total of receipts into the Treasury, were for loans and for amounts deducted from the total of demands audited. See pages 37, 38.

Cr.

By Payments at Debit of the following Funds and Accounts for Demands redeemed.

General Fund	\$903,624	14
Special Fee Fund	58,976	76
Street Light Fund	152,236	09
Street Department Fund	82,526	37
Pound Fee Fund	900	00
Special Pound Fee Fund	76	55
Police Contingent Fund	3,686	81
School Fund	318,006	84
School Fund—Special	44,464	87
Interest Account—School Bonds 1860	5,531	75
Interest Account—School Bonds 1861	1,624	00
Interest Account—School Bonds 1866,		
1867	14,175	00
Corporation Debt Fund	190,828	85
Coupon Account—Bonds 1858	67,800	00
Interest Account—Bonds 1863-64	61,057	50
Interest Tax Account—San Francisco		
and San José Railroad Bonds	19,285	00
Interest Tax Account—Pacific Rail-		
road Bonds	47,040	00
Sinking Fund—School Bonds 1860	32,750	00
Sinking Fund—School Bonds 1861	20,000	00
Sinking Fund—School Bonds 1866-67	45,783	33
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1855	82,289	05
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1858	40,160	00
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1863–64	119,735	27
Loan Fund Account—San Francisco		
and San José Railroad Bonds	19,515	11

TOTAL PAYMENTS FROM TREASURY (IN-CLUDING LOANS FROM SINKING FUNDS).

\$2,332,073 29

[See Statement of Expenditures following Recapitulation of Audited Demands, pages 37, 38.

Brought forward		\$2,332,073	28
By Cash on hand June 30, 1868, at Cr	EDIT OF THE		
FOLLOWING FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS-			
General Fund	\$51,212 58		
Special Fee Fund	4,822 46		
Street Light Fund	13,587 16		
Street Department Fund	206 88		
Pound Fee Fund	229 50		
Special Pound Fee Fund	61 15		
Police Contingent Fund	2 75		
School Fund	76 82		
Special School Fund	6,237 65		
Interest Account—School Bonds 1860	40 88	,	
Interest Account—School Bonds 1861	12 00		
Interest Account—School Bonds 1866,			
1867	525 00		
Corporation Debt Fund	51,709 53		
Coupon Account—Bonds 1858	1,305 00		
Interest Account—Bonds 1863-64	4,316 23		
Interest Tax Account—San Francisco	,		
and San José Railroad Bonds	6,378 52		
Interest Tax Account—Pacific Rail-	•		
road Bonds	15,103 29	ь	
Sinking Fund—School Bonds 1860	236 71		
Sinking Fund—School Bonds 1861	24 27		
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1855	765 04		
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1863-64	1,064 46		
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1858	2,998 48		
Loan Fund Account—San Francisco			
and San José Railroad Bonds	924 55		
		161,840	91

\$2,493,914 20

TRANSFER ENTRIES-FISCAL YEAR 1867-68.

From General Fund—			
To Pound Fee Fund	\$134	00	
To Police Contingent Fund-An-			
nual Appropriation 1867-68	3,600	00	•
1			\$3,734 00
To General Fund—		•	
From Special Fee Fund—Amount			
not appropriated	\$87,095	77	
[See Special Statement of this Fund, page 42.]			
From Street Light Fund—Amount	4 170	0.0	
not appropriated June 30, 1868 [See Special Statement of this Fund, page 42.]	4,173	86	
(See Special Statement of this Pund, page 42.)			\$91,269 63
T			
From School Fund—			
To Sinking Fund Bonds 1860,			q
To Sinking Fund Bonds 1860, \$5,000; 1861, \$2,500; 1866-67,	*22.024	20	q
To Sinking Fund Bonds 1860, \$5,000; 1861, \$2,500; 1866-67, \$15,434 63	\$22,934	63	
To Sinking Fund Bonds 1860, \$5,000; 1861, \$2,500; 1866-67, \$15,434 63	\$22,934	63	ę
To Sinking Fund Bonds 1860, \$5,000; 1861, \$2,500; 1866-67, \$15,434 63			- 1
To Sinking Fund Bonds 1860, \$5,000; 1861, \$2,500; 1866-67, \$15,434 63			
To Sinking Fund Bonds 1860, \$5,000; 1861, \$2,500; 1866-67, \$15,434 63			\$42,863 20
To Sinking Fund Bonds 1860, \$5,000; 1861, \$2,500; 1866-67, \$15,434 63 To Interest Account Bonds 1860, \$5,521 51; 1861, \$1,457 06; 1866, 1867, \$12,950			\$42,863 20
To Sinking Fund Bonds 1860, \$5,000; 1861, \$2,500; 1866-67, \$15,434 63			\$42,863 20
To Sinking Fund Bonds 1860, \$5,000; 1861, \$2,500; 1866-67, \$15,434 63 To Interest Account Bonds 1860, \$5,521 51; 1861, \$1,457 06; 1866, 1867, \$12,950			\$42,863 20 \$68,010 00

SUMMARY OF LOAN ACCOUNTS-FISCAL YEAR 1867-8.

[Loans are made on security of United States, State, and City and County Bonds.]

	Sinking Fund School Bonds 1860.	Sinking Fu d School Bonds 1861.	Sinking Fund School Bonds 1866-7.	Sinking Fund Bonds 1855.	Sinking Fund Bonds 1863-4.	
Loans outstanding July 1, 1867 Effected Fiscal Year 1867–8		\$7,250 00 20,000 00	\$80,100 00	\$49,200 00	\$5,000 00 74,900 00	
Paid Fiscal Year 1867-8	49,500 00 25,500 00				79,900 00 79,050 00	
Outstanding June 30, 1858Interest due and unpaid June 30, 1867.	\$24,000 00 \$894 99			\$900 00 \$35 32	\$850 00 \$33 36	

Interest due from January 23, 1868......

\$20,000

\$24,000

STATEMENT OF LOANS FROM SINKING FUNDS, WITH INTEREST, FISCAL YEAR 1867-8; INCLUDING LOANS OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1867.

SINKING FUND-SCHOOL BONDS 1860.

Amount of Interest Paid	\$211 11	2 00	7 50	238 70	344 76	19 50	100 00	99 9			\$930 23	8
Interest From In	August 19, 1867, to February 29, 1868	June 22, to July 16, 1867	June 30, to July 27, 1867	June 30, 1867, to January 20, 1868	June 30, 1867, to January 20, 1868	April 23, 1867, to August 20, 1867	November 18, 1867, to January 3, 1868	December 14, 1867, to January 16, 1868			Total interest collected fiscal year 1867-8 at credit of Sinking Fund, School Bonds, 1860	NOTES AND INTEREST UNPAID.
When Paid.	\$4,000 February 29, 1868	July 16, 1867	July 27, 1867	January 20, 1868	January 20, 1868	August 20, 1867	January 3, 1868	January 16, 1868	Outstanding	4,000 Outstanding	ll year 1867-8 at credit of	NOTES AND
Amount of Note	\$4,000	250	1,000	4,500	6,500	200	8,000	750	20,000		collected fisca	
Date of Note.	August 9, 1865	January 22, 1866	July 22, 1866	October 31, 1866	December 31, 1866.	April 23, 1867	November 18, 1867.	December 14, 1867.	January 23, 1868	March 10, 1868	Total interest	

STATEMENT OF LOANS CONTINUED. -SINKING FUND-SCHOOL BONDS 1881.

nt of t Paid	45	53 04	178 60	112 50	3 55		\$348 14
Amount of Interest Paid	€		H	=			€3
Interest From	July 2, 1867, to July 6, 1867	June 30, 1867, to January 20, 1868	June 30, 1867, to October 19, 1867	November 18, 1867, to January 3, 1868	December 14, 1867, to January 16, 1868		Total interest collected fiscal year 1867-8 at credit of Sinking Fund, School Bonds, 1861.
When Paid.	\$350 July 6, 1867	1,000 - January 20, 1868	5,900 October 19, 1867	9,000 January 3, 1868	400 January 16, 1868	10,600 Outstanding	ll year 1867-8 at credit of
Amount of Note	\$350	1,000 -			400		collected fisca
Date of Note.	May 2, 1866	December 31, 1866.	January 3, 1867	November 18, 1867.	December 14, 1867.	January 23, 1868	Total interest

NOTE AND INTEREST UNPAID.

SINKING FUND—SCHOOL BONDS 1865-7.	\$10,600 Interest due from January 23, 1868	688416 05
	SINKING FUND-SCHOOL BONDS 1866-7.	

\$133 33	60 27	27 77	27 33	\$248 70
\$15,000 November 23, 1867 October 21, to November 23, 1867	7,000 January 7, 1868 December 6, 1867, to January 7, 1868	4,000 January 7, 1868 December 13, 1867, to January 7, 1868	4,100 January 7, 1868 December 14, 1867, to January 7, 1868	Total interest collected fiscal year 1867-8 at credit of Sinking Fund, School Bonds, 1866-7
\$15,000	7,000	4,000		collected fis
October 21, 1867	December 6, 1867.	December 13, 1867.	December 14, 1867.	Total interest

STATEMENT OF LOANS CONTINUED. -SINKING FUND-BONDS 1855.

Amount of Interest Paid	\$155 00 171 66 9 72 111 94 83 33 4 66	\$536 31		\$35 32		\$227 78 255 56 83 33 103 33 273 89 7 00 15 55 21 25 \$8987 69
Interest From	August 3, 1867, to January 8, 1868. November 1, 1867, to December 7, 1867, on \$12,000. November 1, 1867, to December 2, 1867, on \$6,000. November 30, 1867, to January 5, 1868. December 6, 1867, to January 7, 1868. December 13, 1867, to January 7, 1868. December 14, 1867, to January 7, 1868.	Total interest collected fiscal year 1867-8 at credit of Sinking Fund, Bonds 1855	NOTE AND INTEREST UNPAID.	Interest due from January 23, 1868	SINKING FUND-BONDS 1863-4.	1867 \$5,000 November 22, 1867. June 9, to November 22, 1867. 10,000 November 22, 1867. August 20, to November 22, 1867. 10,000 November 12, 1867. 10,000 December 19, 1867. 10,000 December 19, 1867. 10,000 January 4, 1868 November 18, to December 19, 1867. 10,000 January 4, 1868 December 18, to December 19, 1867. 10,000 January 7, 1868 December 14, 1867. 10,000 January 7, 1868 December 14, 1867. 10,000 January 7, 1868 December 14, 1867, to January 7, 1868 December 29, 1867, to January 7, 1868 December 29, 1867, to January 7, 1868 December 29, 1867, to January 7, 1868 November 29, 1867, to January 27, 1868 November 20, 1867, to January 23, 1868
When Paid.	January 8, 1868 December 7, 1867 January 5, 1868 January 7, 1868 January 7, 1868 January 7, 1868 Outstanding	al year 1867-8 at credit of	NOTE AND		SINKING FI	November 22, 1867 November 22, 1867 November 21, 1867 December 19, 1867 January 4, 1868 January 7, 1868 January 7, 1868 January 7, 1868 January 7, 1868 Note at credit of factorial year 1867–8 at credit year 1868–8 at credit year 1867–8 at credit year 1868–9 at credit year 1867–8 at credit year 1868–9 at credit year 1867–9 at credit year 1868–9 at credit
Amount of Note	\$3,600 18,000 1,000 12,000 700 900	collected fisca		006\$		\$5,000 10,000 12,000 29,000 1,050 3,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500
Date of Note.	August 3, 1867 November 1, 1867 November 30, 1867. December 6, 1867. December 13, 1867. December 14, 1867.	Total interest				May 9, 1867 August 20, 1867 October 21, 1867 November 18, 1867 November 14, 1867. December 22, 1867. December 29, 1867. January 23, 1868 Total interest

STATEMENT OF STATE AND COUNTY LICENSES ISSUED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1867-8, ENDING JUNE 30, 1868.

*.		Term.	Value each	At credit of State.	At credit of City & County.
4 Merchandise	1st Class	3 months.	\$150 00	\$300 00	\$300 00
4 Merchandise		3 months.	112 50	225 00	225 00
28 Merchandise	3d Class .	3 months.	75 00	1,050 00	1,050 00
5 Merchandise		3 months.	60 00	150 00	150 00
37 Merchandise		3 months.	45 00	832 50	832 50
90 Merchandise		3 months.	30 00	1,350 00	1,350 00
171 Merchandise	7th Class.	3 months.	22 50	1,923 75	1,923 75
334 Merchandise		3 months.	15 00	2,505 00	2,505 00
1,423 Merchandise		3 months.	5 00		7,115 00
7,134 Merchandise	10th Class.		2 00		14,268 00
3 Bankers	1st Class.	3 months.	300 00	450 00	450 00
12 Bankers		3 months.	180 00	1,080 00	1.080 00
9 Bankers		3 months.	75 00	337 50	337 50
41 Bankers		3 months.	45 00	922 50	922 50
85 Brokers		3 months.	15 00	637 50	637 50
102 Brokers		3 months.	3 00	153 00	153 00
149 Billiard	1 Table	3 months.	5 00	372 50	372 50
30 Billiard		3 months.	10 00	150 00	150 00
12 Billiard	3 Tables	3 months.	15 00	90 00	90 00
8 Billiard	4 Tables	3 months.	20 00	80 00	80 .00
14 Billiard		3 months.	25 00	175 00	175 00
25 Billiard		3 months.	30 00	•375 00	375 00
2 Bowling	1 Alley	3 months.	5 00	5 00	5 00
12 Bowling.	2 Alleys		10 00	60 00	60 00
43 Circus	2 11110 / 51	1 day	10 00	215 00	215 00
47 Theater		1 day	5 00	117 50	117 50
3 Theater		1 month	100 00	150 00	150 00
4 Theater		3 months.	200 00	400 00	400 00
5 Theater		1 year	600 00	1.500 00	1,500 00
46 Home Insurance		3 months.	25 00	575 00	575 00
144 Foreign do		3 months.	25 00	3,600 00	0.0 00
8 Auctioneers		3 months.	400 00	2,133 32	1.066 68
1 Auctioneer	3d Class	3 months.	200 00	133 33	66 67
	4th Class	3 months.	125 00	416 67	208 33
2 Auctioneers		3 months.	100 00	133 34	66 66
3 Auctioneers		3 months.	60 00	120 00	60 00
65 Auctioneers			25 00	1.083 32	541 68
18 Intelligence Office	on Class	3 months	50 00	450 00	450 00
3,964 Liquor	3d Class	3 months	15 00	100 00	59,460 00
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ou Class	o monuis.	10 00		00, 200 00
				\$24,251 73	\$99,484 77
	1			P=1,201 10	400,101

Grand total, \$123,736 50; amount 1866-7, \$117,671; increase this year, \$6,-065 50.

Note.—The amount received for Auctioneers' Licenses is apportioned two-thirds to State and one-third to County; Foreign Insurance, all to State; Merchandise, 9th and 10th Class, and Liquor Licenses all to County; others, one half State one-half County.

STATEMENT OF STATE POLL TAXES, 1867-8.

		State.	GeneralFund	School Fund.
1867—10,651 Receipts, \$2 each. 1868— 3,466 Receipts, \$2 each.	\$21,302 00 6,932 00			
Tax Collector's Commis-	\$28,234 00		•	
sion, 15 per cent	4,235 10			
	\$23,998 90	\$14,399 34	\$9,599 56	
1867—2,350 Receipts,\$3 each Tax Collector's Commis-	\$7,050 00			
sion, 55 cents each	1,292 50			
	\$5,757 50	2,397 00	1,598 00	\$1,762 50
Totals		\$16,796 34	\$11,197 56	\$1,762 50

² Receipts (less commissions) are apportioned, 60 per cent. to State and 40 per cent. to General Fund.

STATEMENT OF UNITED STATES NOTES, JUNE 30, 1868.

Amount on hand July 1, 1867, per Report 1866–7	\$59,245 22
Fund for expenses incurred by	
-	2 00
Surplus interest money returned	
	0 00
Judgment collected by District At-	
	7 00
Fees on Kearny Street Redemp-	
tions	0 12
Sale of Police property	5 10
Carried forward \$1.62	4 22 \$59.245 22

^{\$3} Receipts are apportioned thus: \$2 of every Receipt same as \$2 Receipts; and the additional dollar, 25 cents to Tax Collector and 75 cents to School Fund.

			-	
Brought forward	\$1,624	22	\$59,245	22
Clerk of Justices' Court	11	50		
			1,635	72
Payments during the fiscal year 1867-8				Zā.
For Street Repairs	\$17,237	71		
Postage and Envelopes for Tax				
Collector	380			
Advertising in New York	373	10		
Assessment against City Property				
in the matter of widening Kearny	20.007	00		
Street	29,997	40		
for amount held under protest				
by Tax Collector (on account)	9,520	42		
Sy Tan Consider (on account)	0,020			
[Note.—The transfer to Kearny Street Fund in addition to the above amount was as follows:				
\$10,800 in coin (for which \$15,000 U.S. Notes were				
purchased at 72 per cent.) and \$7,560 69 awarded to the Cit) and County for expenses in the mat-				
ter of widening the street, together making \$27,881 11 U. S. Notes and Coin.				
	0.070	40		
On hand June 30, 1868	3,372	43		
,	¢¢0 000	0.4	eco 000	0.4
	\$60,880	34	\$60,880	J4
	•			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_			

STATEMENT OF MUNICIPAL LICENSES ISSUED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1867-8.

- AT CREDIT OF GENERAL FUND.

Quarterly Licenses, viz:	
1 Race License	\$15 00
28 Laundry	96 00
14 Shipping Office	140 00
11 Express	177 50
24 Street Musicians	210 00
29 Runners and Soliciting Agents	250 00

		Decorate formand	. \$888	50
	97	Brought forward	272	
	109	Assayers Licenses	430	
t.		Powder and Pyrotechnic		
		Slaughter House		
1		Market Stall		
		Meat Shop and Bakery		
10		Dance		
		Pawnbrokers		
		Meat, Fish and Produce Peddlers		
	011	meat, Fish and Floudee Leddlers	. 0,044	00
4	512	Quarterly Licenses issued on 3,838 blanks	9	
1	,012	as follows, amounting to		45
		as ronows, amounting so	φ21,001	10
	Sever	al Market Stall Licenses were made out on one blank.]		-
		Licenses, at \$1 25		
10		Licenses, at \$1 50		
1,		Licenses, at \$2 00.		
		Licenses, at \$2 50		
`		Licenses, at \$3 00		
		Licenses, at \$5 00		
		Licenses, at \$7 50		
		Licenses, at \$8 00		
		Licenses, at \$10 00		
	- 5	Licenses, at \$12 50	. 62	
		Licenses, at \$15 00		
		Licenses, at \$17 50		
		Licenses, at \$20 00		
		Licenses, at \$25 00		
		Licenses, at \$30 00		
		Licenses, at \$50 00		
		Licenses, at \$75 00.		
	0	Elicenses, at \$10 00	±90	
		Carried forward	\$25,474	50

1,309 00

Brought forward\$25,474	50
2 Licenses, each \$2 60, \$4 60, \$8 40, \$8 60,	
\$9 50, \$10 85, \$13 70, \$14 25, \$14 40, \$19 50,	
\$65	M.
3 Licenses, each \$3 90, \$4, \$6, \$14, \$15 50 130	
4 Licenses, each \$27 50, \$37 50	00
1 License, each \$0.85, \$1.40, \$1.75, \$2.25,	
\$2 30, \$2 40, \$2 90, \$3 25, \$3 40, \$3 50,	
\$3 70, \$4 80, \$4 85, \$5 25, \$5 30, \$5 40,	70
\$7 75, \$7 90, \$8 30, \$8 50, \$8 80, \$9 15. 103 1 License, each \$10 80, \$11 25, \$11 50, \$11 70,	70
\$11 80, \$12 20, \$12 65, \$13, \$15 20, \$15 30,	
\$15 40, \$16 80, \$17 80, \$18 40, \$18 75,	
\$18 80, \$19 50	85
1 License, each \$20 15, \$21, \$21 15, \$21 40,	00.
\$21 75, \$22 30, \$22 50, \$22 90, \$23, \$23 90,	
\$25 25, \$25 30, \$25 95, \$26, \$26 25, \$27 25,	
\$28 25	30
1 License, each \$31 10, \$32 50, \$33 35, \$33 75,	
\$36 40, \$40, \$67 50, \$72 50, \$142 50,	
\$152 50, \$256	10
<u> </u>	
Amount, as above\$27,864	45
	-
[360 Gratuitous Licenses issued during the year in addition to the above.]	
AT CREDIT OF STREET DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Annual Licenses—	
71 Laundry Wagon, Sprinkling and Hand Cart	
Licenses	00
133 Driver Licenses	00
New numbers for Vehicles, 470 pair 470	
150 Coach, Hack, Omnibus and Coupé Licenses. 847	
396 Double Wagon and Truck Licenses 1,143	50

912 Grocery, Milk, Baker and Market Wagon Licenses....

Carried forward......\$4,009 50

Brought forward		50
1,998 Single Wagon, Truck, Dray and Cart Li		45
Quarterly Licenses—	3,209	40
305 Street Railroad Car Licenses	3 819	50
	5,012	
3,965 Licenses issued on 2,784 blanks, as below	,	
amounting to (with amount received for		
new numbers)	\$11,031	45
	The Add to the second	-
11 Licenses, at 50 cents each	\$5	50
639 Licenses, at \$1 each		00
51 Licenses, at \$1 25 each		75
951 Licenses, at \$1 50 each	. 1,426	50
88 Licenses, at \$1 90 each		20
167 Licenses, at \$2 each		00
55 Licenses, at \$2 25 each		
243 Licenses, at \$2 50 each		
212 Licenses, at \$3 each		
48 Licenses, at \$3 75 each		
62 Licenses, at \$4 50 each		
89 Licenses, at \$5 each		
21 Licenses, at \$6 each		
45 Licenses, at \$10 each		
6 Licenses, each \$12, \$12 50		
5 Licenses, at \$15 each		00
8 Licenses, at \$267 50 each		
[*] 5 Licenses, each \$6 25, \$20, \$25		
4 Licenses, each \$10 50, \$137 50, \$212 50		00
3 Licenses, each \$23 50, \$30, \$40	280	50
2 Licenses, each \$4, \$7, \$8 25, \$11, \$11 50	,	
\$16 50, \$18, \$50		50
1 License, each \$3 50, \$6 50, \$8, \$17, \$17 50,		
\$33, \$35, \$36, \$37 50		
469 New Numbers	469	00
Amount as above.	\$11,031	45

TREASURER OF THE CITY AND COUNTY, IN CASH ACCOUNT WITH AUDITOR FOR STATE MONEYS, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1868.

To Receipts for State of California from— Taxes (see apportionment)	1	Or.	Dr.		Cr.
Taxes (see apportionment) \$910,956 81 Poll Taxes (see statement) 16,796 34 State and County Licenses (see statement) 24,251 73 Passenger Brokers' Licenses 42 20 Stamps (see statement) 60,182 98 Tax on Premiums of Insurance (see statement) 19,438 38 School Lands 1 10 Total Receipts \$1,031,669 54 To Cash on hand July 1, 1867 63,917 17 Cr. \$1,019,893 96 By Commissions for Collecting 22,484 14 By Assessment Expenses State's proportion 8,818 44	To Receipts for	State of California			
Poll Taxes (see statement) 16,796 34 State and County Licenses (see statement) 24,251 73 Passenger Brokers' Licenses 42 20 Stamps (see statement) 60,182 98 Tax on Premiums of Insurance (see statement) 19,438 38 School Lands 1 10 Total Receipts \$1,031,669 54 To Cash on hand July 1, 1867 63,917 17 Cr. \$1,019,893 96 By Commissions for Collecting 22,484 14 By Assessment Expenses State's proportion 8,818 44	from-				
State and County Licenses (see statement) ment) 24,251 73 Passenger Brokers' Licenses 42 20 Stamps (see statement) 60,182 98 Tax on Premiums of Insurance (see statement) 19,438 38 School Lands 1 10 Total Receipts \$1,031,669 54 To Cash on hand July 1, 1867 63,917 17 Cr. By Cash paid Treasurer of State \$1,019,893 96 By Commissions for Collecting 22,484 14 By Assessment Expenses State's proportion 8,818 44	Taxes (see apporti	ionment)	910,956	81	
ment) 24,251 73 Passenger Brokers' Licenses 42 20 Stamps (see statement) 60,182 98 Tax on Premiums of Insurance (see statement) 19,438 38 School Lands 1 10 Total Receipts \$1,031,669 54 To Cash on hand July 1, 1867 63,917 17 Cr. \$1,019,893 96 By Commissions for Collecting 22,484 14 By Assessment Expenses State's proportion 8,818 44			16,796	34	
Passenger Brokers' Licenses 42 20 Stamps (see statement) 60,182 98 Tax on Premiums of Insurance (see statement) 19,438 38 School Lands 1 10 Total Receipts \$1,031,669 54 To Cash on hand July 1, 1867 63,917 17 Cr. \$1,019,893 96 By Commissions for Collecting 22,484 14 By Assessment Expenses State's proportion 8,818 44		,			
Stamps (see statement) 60,182 98 Tax on Premiums of Insurance (see statement) 19,438 38 School Lands 1 10 Total Receipts \$1,031,669 54 To Cash on hand July 1, 1867 63,917 17 Cr. \$1,019,893 96 By Commissions for Collecting 22,484 14 By Assessment Expenses State's proportion 8,818 44					
Tax on Premiums of Insurance (see statement)					
statement) 19,438 38 School Lands 1 10 Total Receipts \$1,031,669 54 To Cash on hand July 1, 1867 63,917 17 Cr. By Cash paid Treasurer of State \$1,019,893 96 By Commissions for Collecting 22,484 14 By Assessment Expenses — State's proportion 8,818 44	- '		60,182	98	
School Lands 1 10 Total Receipts \$1,031,669 54 To Cash on hand July 1, 1867 63,917 17 Cr. By Cash paid Treasurer of State \$1,019,893 96 By Commissions for Collecting 22,484 14 By Assessment Expenses State's proportion 8,818 44		•	. 10.400	00	1 1
Total Receipts			-		
To Cash on hand July 1, 1867 63,917 17 Cr. By Cash paid Treasurer of State \$1,019,893 96 By Commissions for Collecting 22,484 14 By Assessment Expenses — State's proportion 8,818 44	School Lands		1	10	
To Cash on hand July 1, 1867 63,917 17 Cr. By Cash paid Treasurer of State \$1,019,893 96 By Commissions for Collecting 22,484 14 By Assessment Expenses — State's proportion 8,818 44	Total Passint	en 91	021 660	54	
By Cash paid Treasurer of State \$1,019,893 96 By Commissions for Collecting 22,484 14 By Assessment Expenses — State's proportion 8,818 44	-				
By Cash paid Treasurer of State \$1,019,893 96 By Commissions for Collecting 22,484 14 By Assessment Expenses — State's proportion 8,818 44	10 Cash on hand	outy 1, 1001	00,011	Τ,	
By Commissions for Collecting		Or.			
By Commissions for Collecting	By Cash paid Trea	asurer of State			\$1,019,893 96
proportion	-				
By Treasurer's Mileage 234 00	proportion				8,818 44
	By Treasurer's Mi	ileage			234 00
By Cash on hand June 30, 1868 44,156 17	By Cash on hand	June 30, 1868			44,156 17

\$1,095,586 71 \$1,095,586 71

TAX ON PREMIUMS OF INSURANCE COLLECTED FOR STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Name of Company.	Gross Premiums Coin or its equivalent.	Tax, two per cent. Coin.
Ætna British and Foreign		
Continental	9,057 53	181 15
Hamburg-Bremen	73,015 00	1,460 30
London and Liverpool and Globe Manhattan	49,003 00	980 06
North America. Northern Assurance.		
North British and Mercantile	76,409 47	1,528 18 82 80
Phœnix, of Hartford	81,809 57	1,636 19
Yang Tze		
	\$493,444 49	\$9,868 85

LIFE INSURANCE.

Name of Company.	Gross Premiums Coin or its equivalent.	Tax, two per cent. Coin.
Accidental Brooklyn Casualty Charter Oak Connecticut Continental Equitable Globe Guardian Germania Manhattan New York New York Mutual North America Northwestern	\$3,939 30 62,397 42 3,670 53 58,645 13 40,717 41 15,846 13 16,418 35 90 82 21,519 29 144,623 45 67,328 90 31,622 37 351,083 76 75,568 12 23,897 43	\$39 39 623 97 36 69 586 45 407 17 158 46 164 19 90 215 19 1,446 23 673 28 316 22 3,510 83 755 68 238 98
Travelers'. Universal. Widows' and Orphans' Benefit. United States.	13,108 76 3,419 28 21,466 30 1,595 30	131 09 34 20 214 66 15 95
9	\$956,958 05	\$9,569 53

Total Tax collected on Premiums of Insurance as per Treasurer's State Account and above Tables, \$19,438 38.

STATE REVENUE STAMPS SOLD.

6,467 Stamps, at 4 cents	\$258	68	
216 Stamps, at 8 cents	17	28	
6,091 Stamps, at 10 cents	609	10	
2,215 Stamps, at 15 cents	332	25	
3,329 Stamps, at 20 cents	665	80	
1,805 Stamps, at 30 cents	541	50	
1,105 Stamps, at 40 cents	442	00	
5,624 Stamps, at 50 cents	2,812	00	
72 Stamps, at 60 cents	43	20	
723 Stamps, at 70 cents	506	1 0	
23 Stamps, at 80 cents	18	40	
7,841 Stamps, at \$1	7,841	00	
40 Stamps, at \$1 40	56	00	
969 Stamps, at \$1 50	1,453	50	
5,301 Stamps, at \$2	10,602	00	
2,069 Stamps, at \$3	6,207	00	
470 Stamps, at \$4	1,880	00	
3,357 Stamps, at \$5	16,785	00	•
16 Stamps, at \$6	96	00	
49 Stamps, at \$7	343	00	
12 Stamps, at \$8	96	00	
595 Stamps, at \$10	5,950	00	•
4 Stamps, at \$14	56	00	
71 Stamps, at \$15	1,065	00	
55 Stamps, at \$19	1,045	00	
17 Stamps, at \$20	340	00	
47 Stamps, at \$28	1,316	00	
8 Stamps, at \$30	240	00	
5 Stamps, at \$45	225	00	
3 Stamps, at \$56	168	00	•
48,599 Stamps	****		\$62,010 81
	- "		402,010 OI
Sold in amounts of \$25 and over			
3 per cent. discount	1,827	83	AFO 101 00
T 1 1 1 40 5			\$59,104 96
In amounts less than \$25			1,078 02
Total, as per Treasurer's State Ac	count		\$60,182 98
5			

STATEMENT OF TAXES 1867-8.

CHARLES R. STORY, TAX COLLECTOR, IN ACCOUNT WITH AUDITOR FOR TAXES LEVIED FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1867-8.

		Assessed value of Property.	Total Tax, \$3 per \$100.
Dr.			1
To amount of the Assessment Roll of 1867–8, as transmitted to the Controller of State, Sep- tember 16 and October 26, 1867—			
Personal Property	\$51,152,613 88	\$51,152,963 88	\$1,534,588 92
Real Estate. Add error in addition of Roll, found subsequently by Auditor's Annual Examination. Duplicate and overpayments	\$57,882,113 00 306,300 00 19,448 85		
[Including Cash over on \$2,213 85 valuation.]	10,110 00	58,207,861 85	1,746,235 85
Grand Total		\$109,360,825 73	\$3,280,824 77
Cr.			
PERSONAL PROPERTY.			
By Delinquent, Personal, as follows, carried to New Account—			
Mortgages. Shipping Other Personal	\$23,631,374 18 232,511 00 858,048 27		
By paid on in other counties (shipping) By duplicate and erroneous assessments, viz:—		\$24,721,933 45 524,042 00	\$741,658 00 15,721 26
Mortgages satisfied, canceled, etc	486,064 70 345,200 00 506,202 92		
By Exemptions authorized by Law, property of Foreign Consuls	11,100 00 39,125 00	1,337,467 62	40,124 03
		50,225 00	1,506 75
By amount collected and paid into the Treasury on Personal Assessments		24,519,295 81	735,578 88
		\$51,152,963 88	\$1,534,588 92
REAL ESTATE.			
By Delinquent, carried to New Account By Erroneous Assessments By Exemptions authorized by Law, property of		\$1,200 00 51,460 00	
United States. State of California. City and County.	1,382,105 00 33,750 00 1,381,116 00		
Protestant Churches Hebrew Congregations Roman Catholic Church	467,840 00 160,400 00 501,364 00		
By amount collected and paid into the Treasury		4,204,535 00 53,950,666 85	
Total Real Estate		\$58,207,861 85 51,152,963 88	
Grand Total		\$109,360,825 73	\$3,280,824 77

See Tax Apportionment for statement of Taxes levied in other years collected this year, also $2\frac{1}{2}$ and 5 per cents. collected.

CHARLES R. STORY, TAX COLLECTOR, IN NEW ACCOUNT FOR TAXES OF THE FISCAL YEAR 1867-8.

	Assessed value of, Property.	Total Tax \$3 per \$100.
To amount of Taxes Delinquent 1867-8— Personal Property. Real Estate.	\$24,721,933 45 1,200 00	
V	\$24,723,133 45	\$741,694 00

DELINQUENT TAXES OF THIS AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

Fiscal Year.	Taxes on Mortgages in Litigation.	Other Taxes.	Total.
1860–1 1859–60 1858–9 1857–8	About 498,000 00 About 395,000 00 About 365,000 00 About 283,000 00 About 330,000 00		\$741,694 00 535,056 17 421,856 35 400,576 74 374,778 44 411,096 45 19,886 51 33,536 71 38,989 21 63,027 50 48,832 15
1856–7			\$3,237,753 99

APPORTIONMENT OF TAXES COLLECTED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1868.

		A	DIT	OR'S	REPO)KT.	•							
Loan Fundac- count S. F. & S. J. Railread Bonds.		\$19,617 49	48 60							:			\$19,666 09	
Sinking Fund, Bonds 1863-4.		\$39,234 98	145 81	369 77	108 13				:				\$39,858 69	
Sinking Fund, Bonds 1858.		\$43,158 48		147 91					:	:			\$43.158 48	Fund Tax
Sinking Fund, Bonds 1855.		\$31,387 99	97 21										\$31,633 11	udgment
Interest Tax Account Pacific Railroad Bonds.		\$35,311 48 \$31,387 99	165 25	443 72					:	:			\$35,920 45 \$31,633 11	+ Including Judgment Fund Tax
Interest Tax Account S. F. & S. J. Railroad Bonds.		\$15,693 99	77 76	19 86	108 13	172 82							\$16,151 31	
Interest Account, Bonds 1863-4.		\$58,852 47	174 97	453 03	756 88								\$50,277 35	s collected
Corpora- tion Debt Fund.		\$251,103 88	748 49	2.120 02	2,032 78	1,555 45	1,708 37	951 86	71 32	13 48			\$260,305 65	inpaid) wa
School Fund.		\$274,644 87	680 45	1,725 59	1,513 77	691 31	703 44	333 15	26 28	18 87	6 13	62	\$280,344 65	y portion
Street Depart- ment Fund.		\$70,622 93	87 49	493 03						:.			\$71,203 48	and Count
Street Light Fund.		\$156,939 93	291 62	369 77	324 38	259 24	150 74	142 78	11 26				\$158,489 72 \$71,203 48 \$280,344 65 \$260,305 65 \$60,277 35	only (City
General Fund.		\$470,819 78 285 22 4,269 71 4,293 29	1,312 29 198 93 70 77	3,451 19 13 65 359 32	2,638 29 67 305 18	1,469 03	1,406 89	713 90 67 38	84 01+	62 39	21 88	2 81 10	\$492,153 52	te's portion
State.		\$886,710 58 4.293 28	2,432 36*	5,669 82	5,406 33	3,110 89 165 20	1,547 58	590 15	45 04	32 35	12 25	1 58	\$910,956 81	ing the Star
Total.	\$1,618,529 00 735,578 88	\$2,354.098 88 922 285 22 4,269 71 8,556 57	6,262 30 198 93 141 54	15,382 46 13 65 718 64	12,888 69 67 610 37	7,258 74	5,517 02 271 24	2,731 84	237 91	132 09	40 26 2 02	5 18	\$2,420,119 31 \$910,956 81	s amount, be
	Taxes collected, per Tax Collector's Account, 1867-8—Real Estate Personal	2½ per cent. Personal 5 per cent. Personal 5 per cent. Real Estate	Taxes 1866-7	Taxes 1865-6	Taxes 1864-5	Taxes 1863-4	Taxes 1862-3	Faxes 1861-2. 5 per cent. Real Estate	359-60.	358-9.	5 per cent	5 per cent		* \$235 49 of this amount, being the State's portion only (City and County portion unpaid) was collected
	Taxes control lectric Real Es	2%1 5 per	Taxes 18	Taxes 18	Taxes 18	Taxes 18	Taxes 18	Taxes 18	Taxes 1859-60	Taxes 1858-9.	Taxes 1857-8. 5 per cen	Taxes 1856-7 5 per cent		

	Total.	\$2 00	4 10	4 411/5	3 881/2	. 3 851/2	3 855		2 30	2 30	2 45	3 169	2 85	2 87	2 741/2	2 10	2 98	3 12	3 10	3 00	3 05	
		:	:	:	:	:	:	Hospital Fund	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	\$0 01	
			:				:	Judgment Fund.				\$0 46 10	:	:	:					:		
			:	:	:	:		Sinking Fund *Pacific Rail- road Bonds.		:	:		:	:	:	:	:	\$0 01	:	:		
					:			Sinking Fund S. F. and S. J. R. R. Bonds.				1					:		\$0 02%	0 021/2	0 03	
-					:		:	Sinking Fund Bonds 1863-4.					:		:		\$0 021/2	0 07%	0 073/2	0 05	0 05	
						:		Sinking Fund Bonds 1858.						:		:				\$0 02%	0 05	
				:	:	:	:	Sinking Fund Bonds 1855.		:			:	:		:		\$0 03	0 02	10 0	0 03%	
			:	:	:	:		Interest Account Bonds 1867. (Judgment.)			:								:		\$0 04	A constant
				:	:			Interest Tax Account Pa- cific Railroad Bonds.		:	:							80 0\$	%80 0	0 041/2	0 05	- W -
				:		:	:	Interest Tax Account Bonds 1863 and 1864.		:	:	:	:	:			\$0 17%	0 10	60 0	0 07%	790 0	A. T. A.
								Interest Tax Account S. F. and S. J. R. R. Bonds.								\$0 02	0 021/2	0 02	0 04	0 02	0 02	
				:	:		:	Corporation Debt Fund.			\$0 25	0 95	1 00	1 00	0 85	0 45	0 47	0 43	0 38%	0 32	0 23	de PET.
			:	:	:	:	:	School Build- ing Fund.		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	\$0 02	
			:	:	:	:	:	School Fund.	\$0 35	0 35	0 35	0 35	0 35	0 35	0 35	0 20	0 35	0 35	0 35	0 35	0 40	
			:	:				Street Department Fund.										\$0 10	0 0435	60 0	80 0	
	County	\$0 20	1 15	1 66%	1 281/2	1 101/2	0 821/2	Street Light Fund.				0 15	0 15	0 15	0 07%	5/10 0	0 071/2	₹10 0	0 15	0 20	0 20	
	City.	\$1 00	2 45	2 45	2 00	2 15	2 331/3	General Fund.	1 25	1 25	1 25	0 65	0 75	0 75	02 0	0 42%	19 0	0.10	5419 0	09 0	0 75	
	State	\$0.50	0 50	0 30	09 0	09 0	0.40		0 10	0 70	09 0	09 0	09 0	0 62	0 77	06 0	1 25	1 15	1 13	1 13	1 00	
	Year.	1850-1	1851-2	1852-3	1853-4	1854-5	1855-6		1856-7	1857-8	1858-9	1859-60	1860-1	1861-2	1862-3	1863-4	1864-5	1865-6	1866-7	1867-8	1868-9	

"Transferred to Interest Tax Accourt.

ANNUAL STATEMENT TO MAY 31, 1868, OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE FUNDED DEBT OF 1851.

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, OUTSTANDING LOANS, ETC., OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE FUNDED DEBT OF THE CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO, FROM JUNE 1, 1867, TO MAY 31, 1868, INCLUSIVE.

Balance of Cash on hand, per statement of May		
31, 1867	\$8,188	42
	522,330	
	495,635	48
Real Estate taken to account	1,158	20
RECEIPTS 1867-68.		
City Treasurer, Requisition 1867-68\$175,790 00		
Interest		
Real Estate 2,853 00		
Rents of Lots		
Constitution of the Consti	297,050	23
Q1	324,362	22
ψ1,	724,502	00
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Interest on Bonds		
Bonds Redeemed		
Clerk Hire, Advertising, Notarial Fees,		
etc		
Attorneys' Fees	41	
Salaries of Commissioners, including		
President and Secretary 7,350 00		
\$207,266 25		
Loans outstanding at date, to wit—		
On Stocks and Bonds. \$672,200 00		
On Real Estate 91,330 00		
Stocks taken to account 340,635 98		
Real Estate, ditto 1,158 20		
Cash on hand (deposited		
with Parrott & Co.) 11,771 90		
1,117,096 08		
	324,362	33

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY CONVEYED BY THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE FUNDED DEBT OF THE CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO, UNDER THE ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA OF APRIL 2, 1866.

To whom Conveyed.	Description of Property.	Amount Paid
A. E. Head A. G. Kinsey John Williams B. F. Myers Ed. Hammer Gilbert Howell	Part of N. B. Block No. 9. Part of N. B. Block No. 33. Part of 100-vara Lot No. 321. Part of 100-vara Lot No. 318. 100-vara Lot No. 326. Part of N. B. Block No. 2. 50-vara Lot No. 1476. S. B. Water Blocks Nos. 16, 23, 24 and 30. Part of 100-vara Lot No. 317	\$67 00 472 00 157 00 52 00 472 00 134 50 1,259 50 104 50 \$2,853 00

The amount of Bonds outstanding on the 31st day		
of May, 1867, as stated in our Report dated		
June 11th, 1867, was	\$1,257,900	00
Redeemed during the past year	68,700	00
,		_
Leaving outstanding on the 31st ultimo	\$1,189,200	00
	10 mm - 10 mm	PERMIT

The interest on this sum for the year 1868-69, to be provided for by the city, amounts to \$118,920 00.

The financial operations of the Board during the past year leave a net profit to the city, after deducting all expenses, of \$106,779 98; and if there be added thereto the sum of \$2,853, received under the Act of the Legislature, authorizing the Commissioners to compromise with parties in possession of certain lots, conveyed to the Board, the total net gain to the city will be \$109,632 98.

The Sinking Fund on the 31st ult., amounted to \$1,111,221 57 (exclusive of the sum of \$68,513 43, due from the city on the requisition of 1856-57). The following items compose this amount:

Loans on Stocks and Bonds	\$672,200 00
Loans on Real Estate	91,330 00

Brought forward	\$763,530 00
\$219,500 San Francisco 6 per cent. Bonds, costing	120,545 50
\$243,000 San Francisco 7 per cent. Bonds, costing	181,734 13
\$45,000 Santa Clara County Bonds, costing	31,626 00
\$3,000 Mississippi Railroad Bonds, costing	2,464 15
\$7,103 73 State Controllers' Warrants, costing	6,200 00
Real Estate taken to account	1,158 20
Cash on deposit with Parrott & Co	11,771 90
r'	\$1,119,029 88
Interest due and accumulated on Loans and In-	
vestments	14,891 69

	\$1,133,921 57
Coupons due but not presented (deduct)	22,700 00
prosented (dodder)	
	\$1,111,221 57
	ÇI,III,ZZI 01

In the foregoing statement, the Bonds owned by the Board are estimated at their cost price; if the difference between cost and their present market value be added to the aforementioned Sinking Fund, the available fund will be found to amount to \$1,205,-151 79—exceeding by \$16,000 the sum required to meet the Bonds outstanding and becoming due May 1st, 1871.

Appended to the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, etc., is a list of Conveyances made by the Board during the past year, under the Act of the Legislature of April 2d, 1866, embracing the names of the parties to whom deeds were issued, a partial description of the property conveyed, and the price paid therefor.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Signed, JOHN MIDDLETON, Pres't, C. M. HITCHCOCK, C. L. LOW.

Office of the Commissioners of the Funded Debt of the City of San Francisco, June 4th, 1868.

FUNDED DEBT OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, JUNE 30, 1868.

[The Coupons of Bonds of 1858, 1863-4 Judgment, 1866-7 School, are received for Taxes of the current Fiscal Year.]

Bonds Out Annual Sinking Fund.
cent. per annum, payable at Office of Commissioners of Funded Debt of 1851, May 1 and November 1) \$1,189,200 00 \$118,920 00 City Bonds of 1855, due January 1, 1875 interest 6 per cent. per annum, payable in New York January 1 and July 1)
Î and July 1)
City and County Bonds of 1858, due January 1, 1888,
Francisco January 1 and July 1)
1870 (interest 10 per cent. per annum, payable in New York January 1 and July 1)
1870 (interest 10 per cent. per annum, payable in New York January 1 and July 1)
San Jose Railroad) \$30,000 due each July 1, August 1 and September 15, 1877; \$27,000 due November 10, 1877; \$17,000 due December 22, 1878; \$20,000 due February 9, 1878; \$22,500 due April 13, 1878; \$17,500 due June 1, 1878, and \$55,500 due Septem-
ber 14, 1878 (interest 7 per cent. per annum, pay- able in San Francisco) 257,500 00 18,025 00 25,500 00 (Statutes 1861, page 198.)
City and County Bonds of 1863 (Judgment), due October 1, 1883 (interest 7 per cent. per annum, payable in San Francisco). 801,500 00 56,105 00 Supervisors. Supervisors. Supervisors.
City and County Bonds of 1864 (Judgment), due June 1, 1884 (interest 7 per cent. per annum, payable in San Francisco)
City and County Bonds of 1864 (Central Pacific Railroad) due July 1, 1894 (interest 7 per cent. per annum, payable in San Francisco)
road) due May 1, 1895 (interest 7 per cent. per annum, payable in San Francisco)
City and County Bonds of 1836-7 (School), due April 1, 1881 (interest 7 per enh. per annum, payable in San Francisco April 1 and October 1)
Total amount of Bonds outstanding
Amount of Annual Interest
Amount of Annual Sinking Fund. \$163,000 00

BONDS REDEEMED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1867-8.

City Bonds of 1851, at 102 per cent	\$68,700 00
City and County School Bonds of 1866-7, at 90	
to 94% per cent	17,000 00
[See pages 32, 33.] City Bonds of 1855, at 95 to 98 per cent	33,000 00
[See page 33.]	
City and County Bonds of 1858, at 79½ to 82 per	
cent	55,000 00
[See pages 33, 34.]	
City and County Bonds of 1863 (Judgment), at 85	
to 90 per cent	50,766 90
[See page 34.]	
City and County Bonds of 1862-3 (San Francisco	
and San José Railroad), at $87\frac{1}{2}$ to 100 per cent.	. 19,500 00
[See page 35.]	
Total Bonds redeemed	\$243,966 90

[Note,—There was found in the Auditor's safe one canceled Bond of 1855 (\$500) not heretofore taken into account as redeemed.]

BONDS ISSUED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1867-8.

City and C	County School	Bonds of	1866-7, a	t 95		
per cent.					\$50,000	00
					The second second second	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.

EXHIBIT OF THE FUNDED DEBT WITH ASSETS, JUNE 30, 1868.

Amount of Bonds outstanding, per		
foregoing statement		\$4,554,200 00
Coupons due and not presented for		
payment of—		
Bonds of 1851	\$11,935 00)
Bonds of 1858	1,305 00)
Bonds of 1862-3, San Francisco and		
San José Railroad	350 00)

Carried forward...... \$13,590 00 \$4,554,200 00

Brought forward	\$13,590	00	\$4,554,200	00
Bonds of 1863-4, Judgment	840			
Bonds of 1864, Central Pacific Rail-				
road	35	00		
			14,465	00
Coupons due July 1, 1868, of—			,	
Bonds of 1858	32,355	00		
Bonds of 1862-3, San Francisco and	02,000			
San José Railroad	1,050	00		
Bonds of 1864, Central Pacific Rail-	1,000	00		
road	14,000	00		
10ad	14,000	00	47,405	00
Demond outstanding for redemention			41,400	00
Demand outstanding for redemption			9.075	00
of Bonds 1858			3,975	00
			A	0.0
			\$4,620,045	00
Assets—				
In hands of Fund Commissioners,				
debt of 1851	,116,145	46		
In Treasury at credit of the fol-				
lowing funds and accounts—			,	
Interest Account—School Bonds				
1860, 1861, 1866–7	577	88		
Corporation Debt Fund	51,709	53		
Coupon Account—Bonds 1858	1,305	00		
Interest Account—Bonds 1863-4.	4,316	23		
Interest Tax Account—San Fran-	•			
cisco and San José Railroad				
Bonds	6,378	52		
Interest Tax Account — Pacific	,			
Railroad Bonds	15,103	29		
Sinking Fund — School Bonds	20,200			
1860 (cash and loans)	24,236	71		
Sinking Fund — School Bonds	21,200	1.1		
1861 (cash and loans)	10,624	27		
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1855 (cash	10,024	41		
and loans)	1,665	04		
and roans)	1,000	U±		
Carried forward\$1	222 001	00	\$4 COO OAF	00
Ourred Tordard		43		

Brought forward\$1,232,00	31 93	\$4,620,045 00
Sinking Fund — Bonds 1863-4		
(cash and loans)	46	
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1858 2,99	98 48	
Loan Fund Account—San Fran-		
cisco and San José Railroad		
Bonds	24 55	
		1,237,899 42
Net amount of Funded Debt June 30, 186	8	\$3,382,145 58
		manager to the second second second second
Debt reduced during the year, \$272,132 71.		

STATEMENT OF BONDS ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING OF THE ISSUES NAMED BELOW.

Date.	Total issue.	Redeemed from date of issue to June 30, 1868.	Outstanding June 30, 1868.
1851	\$1,635,600 00	\$446,400 00	\$1,189,200
1854—Fire	200,000 00	200,000 00	φ2,200,200
1854—School	60,000 00	60,000 00	
1855	329,000 00	93,000 00	236,000
1858	1,134,500 00	56,000 00	1,078,500
1860—School	75,000 00	20,500 00	54,500
1861—School	25,000 00	9,000 00	16,000
1862-3-S. F. and S. J. Railroad	300,000 00	42,500 00	257,500
1863—Judgment	974,385 92	172,885 92	801,500
1864—Judgment	48,007 91	20,007 91	28,000
1864 - Central Pacific Railroad	400,000 00		400,000
1865—Western Pacific Railroad	250,000 00		250,000
1866-7-School	275,000 00	32,000 00	243,000
	\$5,706,493 83	\$1,152,293 83	\$4,554,200

NOTE.—One Bond of 1855, \$500, found canceled in Auditor's safe, which was received from A. J. Moulder, ex City Controller, for error in issuance of bonds.

STATEMENT OF INTEREST COUPONS ON BONDS DUE, PAID, AND OUTSTANDING, FROM DATE OF ISSUE TO JUNE 30, 1868.

Coupons Outstanding June 30, 1868.	\$1,305 00			350 00	840 00*	35 00		\$2,530 00
Coupons paid due to June 30, 1868.	\$679,065 00 \$1,305 00	44,575 00	12,625 00	104,247 50	301,770 00	150,465 00	22,925 00	
Coupons du and payable to June 30, 1868.	\$680,370 00	44,575 00	12,625 00	104,597 50	302,575 00	150,500 00	22,925 00	
Coupons canceled.		12,700 00	4,075 00	3,552 50	17,675 00		15,575 00	
Total Coupons on Bonds to June 30, 1868.	\$680,700 00	57,275 00	16,700 00	108,150 00	320,250 00	150,500 00	38,500 00	
Total issue. (Bonds.)	\$1,134,500 00	75,000 00	25,000 00	300,000 00	1,022,000 00	650,000 00	275,000 00	
Bonds of	1858.	1860—School	1861—School	1862-3-S. F. and S. J. Railroad	1863-4 - Judgment	1864–5 - Pacific Railroad	1866-7—School	Total Coupons unpaid due to June 30, 1868

* \$340 is the correct amount for Coupons Bonds 1863-4 outstanding—by an error one Coupon more than was due was paid for, which will be rectified next fiscal year.

ESTIMATE OF EXPENDITURES AND REVENUE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1869.

EXPENDITURES FROM GENERAL FUND AND FUNDS WHICH ARE PROPERLY SUBDIVISIONS OF GENERAL FUND, VIZ.: SPECIAL FEE, POUND FEE, AND POLICE CONTINGENT FUNDS.

Salary of Mayor	\$3,000	00
Mayor's Clerk and Clerk Board		
Health	2,100	00
Supervisors, 12, at \$100 each per	,	
month	14,400	00
Clerks of Board of Supervisors,		
\$2,400, \$1,500	3,900	00
County Judge	5,000	00
Probate Judge	5,000	00
City and County Attorney	5,000	00
Clerk to City and County Attorney	1,500	00
District Attorney	5,000	00
Clerk to District Attorney	1,500	00
Prosecuting Attorney	3,000	00
Police Judge	4,000	00
Chief of Police	4,000	00
Assessor	4,000	00
Assessor's Deputies	18,300	00
Coroner	2,500	00
Health Officer	2,400	00
Superintendent of Schools	4,000	00
Superintendent of Streets	4,000	00
Deputies of Superintendent of		
Streets, 4, at \$1,800, and 3 at		
\$1,500	11,700	00
Surveyor	500	00
Harbor Master	3,000	00
License Collector	2,100	00
Deputies of License Collector, 2,		
at \$1,500 each	3,000	00
Interpreters for Police Court, 2,		
at \$1,500 each	3,000	00
	-	
Carried forward\$	115,900	00

City Hall Porter		Brought forward	.\$115,900	00		
Auditor's Clerk 1,800 00 Treasurer's Deputies, 1 each \$2,- 100, \$1,500, and 2 at \$1,020 5,640 00 Tax Collector's Deputies, Clerks and Auctioneer 12,000 00 Sheriff's Deputies and Counsel fees 28,700 00 County Clerk's Deputies and Copyists 29,000 00 Recorder's Deputies, Porter and Copyists 34,000 00 Auditor 4,000 00 Treasurer 4,000 00 Recorder 4,000 00 Recorder 4,000 00 Sheriff 8,000 00 County Clerk 4,000 00 Sheriff 8,000 00 Clerk Police Court 2,400 00 Presiding Justice, \$250 per mo 3,000 00 4 Justices, \$2,400 each 9,600 00 Justices' Clerk 2,400 00 2 Constables (with horse hire) \$1,560 per month 3,120 00 Janitor for Justices' Court 900 00 Extra Deputies salaries 3,000 00 Cless fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated 165,340 00 Total net estimated salaries City and County Officers \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers \$117,000 00 15,000 00						
Auditor's Clerk 1,800 00 Treasurer's Deputies, 1 each \$2,- 100, \$1,500, and 2 at \$1,020 5,640 00 Tax Collector's Deputies, Clerks and Auctioneer 12,000 00 Sheriff's Deputies and Counsel fees 28,700 00 County Clerk's Deputies and Copyists 29,000 00 Recorder's Deputies, Porter and Copyists 34,000 00 Auditor 4,000 00 Treasurer 4,000 00 Recorder 4,000 00 Recorder 4,000 00 Sheriff 8,000 00 County Clerk 4,000 00 Sheriff 8,000 00 Clerk Police Court 2,400 00 Presiding Justice, \$250 per mo 3,000 00 4 Justices, \$2,400 each 9,600 00 Justices' Clerk 2,400 00 2 Constables (with horse hire) \$1,560 per month 3,120 00 Janitor for Justices' Court 900 00 Extra Deputies salaries 3,000 00 Cless fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated 165,340 00 Total net estimated salaries City and County Officers \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers \$117,000 00 15,000 00		Assistants to City Hall Porter	. 1,800	00		
Treasurer's Deputies, 1 each \$2,-				00		
Tax Collector's Deputies, Clerks and Auctioneer						
and Auctioneer				00		
Sheriff's Deputies and Counsel fees		Tax Collector's Deputies, Clerk	s			
fees 28,700 00 County Clerk's Deputies and Copyists 29,000 00 Recorder's Deputies, Porter and Copyists 34,000 00 Auditor 4,000 00 Treasurer 4,000 00 Tax Collector 4,000 00 Recorder 4,000 00 County Clerk 4,000 00 Sheriff 8,000 00 Clerk Police Court 2,400 00 Presiding Justice, \$250 per mo 3,000 00 4 Justices, \$2,400 each 9,600 00 Justices' Clerk 2,400 00 2 Constables (with horse hire) \$1,560 per month 3,120 00 Janitor for Justices' Court 900 00 Extra Deputies salaries 3,000 00 *282,340 00 Less fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated 165,340 00 Total net estimated salaries City and County \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers 15,000 00		and Auctioneer	. 12,000	00		
fees 28,700 00 County Clerk's Deputies and Copyists 29,000 00 Recorder's Deputies, Porter and Copyists 34,000 00 Auditor 4,000 00 Treasurer 4,000 00 Tax Collector 4,000 00 Recorder 4,000 00 County Clerk 4,000 00 Sheriff 8,000 00 Clerk Police Court 2,400 00 Presiding Justice, \$250 per mo 3,000 00 4 Justices, \$2,400 each 9,600 00 Justices' Clerk 2,400 00 2 Constables (with horse hire) \$1,560 per month 3,120 00 Janitor for Justices' Court 900 00 Extra Deputies salaries 3,000 00 *282,340 00 Less fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated 165,340 00 Total net estimated salaries City and County \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers 15,000 00		Sheriff's Deputies and Counse	el			
County Clerk's Deputies and Copyists				00		
Copyists 29,000 00 Recorder's Deputies, Porter and 34,000 00 Copyists 34,000 00 Auditor 4,000 00 Treasurer 4,000 00 Tax Collector 4,000 00 Recorder 4,000 00 County Clerk 4,000 00 Sheriff 8,000 00 Clerk Police Court 2,400 00 Presiding Justice, \$250 per mo 3,000 00 4 Justices, \$2,400 each 9,600 00 Justices' Clerk 2,400 00 2 Constables (with horse hire) \$1,560 per month 3,120 00 Janitor for Justices' Court 900 00 Extra Deputies salaries 3,000 00 Extra Deputies salaries 3,000 00 Total net estimated salaries City and County Officers \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers \$117,000 00 15,000 00						
Recorder's Deputies, Porter and 34,000 00 Copyists 34,000 00 Auditor 4,000 00 Treasurer 4,000 00 Tax Collector 4,000 00 Recorder 4,000 00 County Clerk 4,000 00 Sheriff 8,000 00 Clerk Police Court 2,400 00 Presiding Justice, \$250 per mo 3,000 00 Justices, \$2,400 each 9,600 00 Justices' Clerk 2,400 00 2 Constables (with horse hire) \$1,560 per month 3,120 00 Janitor for Justices' Court 900 00 Extra Deputies salaries 3,000 00 \$282,340 00 Less fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated 165,340 00 Total net estimated salaries City and County \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers \$15,000 00				00		
Auditor						
Treasurer. 4,000 00 Tax Collector. 4,000 00 Recorder 4,000 00 County Clerk. 4,000 00 Sheriff 8,000 00 Clerk Police Court. 2,400 00 Presiding Justice, \$250 per mo 3,000 00 4 Justices, \$2,400 each 9,600 00 Justices' Clerk. 2,400 00 2 Constables (with horse hire) \$1,560 per month 3,120 00 Janitor for Justices' Court 900 00 Extra Deputies salaries 3,000 00 Less fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated 165,340 00 Total net estimated salaries City and County Officers \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers 15,000 00		Copyists	. 34,000	00		
Tax Collector 4,000 00 Recorder 4,000 00 County Clerk 4,000 00 Sheriff 8,000 00 Clerk Police Court 2,400 00 Presiding Justice, \$250 per mo 3,000 00 4 Justices, \$2,400 each 9,600 00 Justices' Clerk 2,400 00 2 Constables (with horse hire) \$1,560 per month 3,120 00 Janitor for Justices' Court 900 00 Extra Deputies salaries 3,000 00 *282,340 00 Less fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated mated 165,340 00 Total net estimated salaries City and County \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers \$15,000 00		Auditor	4,000	00		
Recorder 4,000 00 County Clerk 4,000 00 Sheriff 8,000 00 Clerk Police Court 2,400 00 Presiding Justice, \$250 per mo 3,000 00 4 Justices, \$2,400 each 9,600 00 Justices' Clerk 2,400 00 2 Constables (with horse hire) \$1,560 per month 3,120 00 Janitor for Justices' Court 900 00 Extra Deputies salaries 3,000 00 \$282,340 00 Less fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated mated 165,340 00 Total net estimated salaries City and County \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers \$15,000 00		Treasurer	. 4,000	00		4
County Clerk		Tax Collector	. 4,000	00		
Sheriff 8,000 00 Clerk Police Court 2,400 00 Presiding Justice, \$250 per mo 3,000 00 4 Justices, \$2,400 each 9,600 00 Justices' Clerk 2,400 00 2 Constables (with horse hire) \$1,560 per month 3,120 00 Janitor for Justices' Court 900 00 Extra Deputies salaries 3,000 00 \$282,340 00 Less fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated 165,340 00 Total net estimated salaries City and County \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers \$15,000 00		Recorder	. 4,000	00		
Clerk Police Court 2,400 00 Presiding Justice, \$250 per mo 3,000 00 4 Justices, \$2,400 each 9,600 00 Justices' Clerk 2,400 00 2 Constables (with horse hire) \$1,560 per month 3,120 00 Janitor for Justices' Court 900 00 Extra Deputies salaries 3,000 00 \$282,340 00 Less fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated mated 165,340 00 Total net estimated salaries City and County \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers \$15,000 00		County Clerk	. 4,000	00		
Presiding Justice, \$250 per mo 3,000 00 4 Justices, \$2,400 each 9,600 00 Justices' Clerk 2,400 00 2 Constables (with horse hire) \$1,560 per month 3,120 00 Janitor for Justices' Court 900 00 Extra Deputies salaries 3,000 00 \$282,340 00 Less fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated 165,340 00 Total net estimated salaries City and County Officers \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers \$15,000 00		Sheriff				
4 Justices, \$2,400 each		Clerk Police Court				
Justices' Clerk. 2,400 00 2 Constables (with horse hire) \$1,560 per month. 3,120 00 Janitor for Justices' Court. 900 00 Extra Deputies salaries. 3,000 00 \$282,340 00 Less fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated. 165,340 00 Total net estimated salaries City and County \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers. \$15,000 00		Presiding Justice, \$250 per m				
2 Constables (with horse hire) \$1,560 per month		4 Justices, \$2,400 each	. 9,600	00		
\$1,560 per month				00		
Janitor for Justices' Court		2 Constables (with horse hire	e)			
Extra Deputies salaries 3,000 00 \$282,340 00 Less fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated 165,340 00 Total net estimated salaries City and County Officers \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers 15,000 00		\$1,560 per month	. 3,120	00		
\$282,340 00 Less fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated		Janitor for Justices' Court	. 900	00		
Less fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated		Extra Deputies salaries	. 3,000	00		
Less fees received and paid into the Treasury for special business, estimated						
Treasury for special business, estimated				00		
mated						
Total net estimated salaries City and County Officers. \$117,000 00 Stationery for City and County Officers. 15,000 00	Г					
Officers		$\mathrm{mated}\dots$. 165,340	00		
Officers						
Stationery for City and County Officers 15,000 00						
9						
Carried forward \$132,000 00	Sta	tionery for City and County Office	ers		15,000	00
Carried forward, \$132,000 00		*				
		Carried forward			\$132,000	00

Brought forward	\$132,000 00
Salaries of Police force (4 Captains, \$1,800 each,	*1
1 Clerk, \$1,800, 79 Officers, \$1,500 each)	127,500 00
Publishing Delinquent Tax Lists	2,500 00
Fire Department Salaries	100,000 00
Fire Department Material	10,000 00
Fire Department Running Expenses	25,000 00
Cisterns and Hydrants	50,000 00
Extension and Repairs to Fire Alarm and Police	
Telegraph	6,000 00
Salaries Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph, \$1,800,	
\$1,200, and 3 at \$1,500	7,500 00
Purchase of Lots and Erection of Engine Houses	20,000 00
Office Rent, Furniture and Stationery for Fire	
Commissioners	1,200 00
Almshouse Building	9,500 00
Almshouse Furnishing	6,300 00
Almshouse Supplies	34,000 00
Hospital Supplies	50,000 00
Hospital Visiting Physician and Surgeon	2,400 00
Small-Pox Hospital Supplies	6,000 00
Burials and Chemical Analyses	2,500 00
Examination of Insane	2,200 00
Sending Insane to Stockton	4,000 00
Industrial School Appropriation	36,000 00
Pursuit of Industrial School Runaways	300 00
Salary of Physician Industrial School	300 00
Appropriation for the Home of Inebriate	3,000 00
Subsistence of Prisoners	15,000 00
Road Repairs 1st and 2d Districts	14,000 00
Grading and Improving Squares—annual allow-	
ance	2,000 00
Improving Yerba Buena, Washington, Columbia	
and Hamilton Parks	20,000 00
Outside Land Grades	20,000 00
Surveying Outside Lands	2,500 00
Repairs to Public Buildings	12,000 00
Carried forward	\$723,700 00

Brought forward	\$723,700	00
Lighting Public Buildings	8,500	00
Registration and Election Expenses	10,000	00
Special Counsel, annual allowance	5,000	00
Compiling and publishing laws and ordinances	300	00
District Court Reporters	1,500	00
Witnesses' Expenses	1,500	00
Recorder's Newspapers	100	00
Copying Assessment Roll	2,700	00
Military Roll	300	
Celebration Fourth July	3,000	00
Contingent Expenses of Mayor's Office	1,800	
Boat Hire and Office Rent for Harbor Master	900	
Salary of Pound Keeper	900	
Appropriation for Police Contingent Fund	3,600	
Advertising and Election Printing	8,000	
Warrants received for Taxes	200	
Rent of and Furniture for Justices' Court	5,000	
Redemption of Property sold for Taxes	100	
Outstanding Judgments and Claims in litigation.	50,000	
Sundries	37,000	
·	01,000	
Total estimated Expenditures General Fund		
and Subdivisions of same	\$864,100	00
and Subdivisions of same	\$001,100	
ESTIMATE OF GENERAL FUND REVENUE 1868-	-9.	
[Fees of City and County Officers deducted from Salaries in estimate of	f Expenditures.]	
From Taxes delinquent	\$1,000	00
From 5 per cent. on Taxes 1868-9	14,000	
From Poll Taxes	12,000	00
From State and County Licenses	105,000	
From Municipal Licenses	33,000	
From Harbor Dues	25,000	
From Fines in Police Court	29,000	
From Fines in County Court	2,000	
From State for Assessment Expenses	9,500	
F	,	
Carried forward	\$230,500	00

Brought forward	\$230,500 00
From State for Armory Rents advanced, now due	7,850 00
From State for Hospital Dues	3,000 00
From Pound Fees.	500 00
From Taxes 1868-9, 75 cents per \$100 on \$85,-	900 00
000,000 valuation	637,500 00
000,000 varuation	051,500 00
Total estimated Revenue General Fund and	
Subdivisions of same	879,350 00
	019,550 00
Demands outstanding June 30, 1868. \$70,832 89	
Cash on hand June 30, 1868 56,328 44	14 504 45
	14,504 45
•	4004 O4F FF
	\$864,845 55
STREET LIGHT FUND.	
SILEEI HOIII FORD.	
Estimated expenditure for Lighting	
Streets, repairs to Lamps, etc., 12	
months, at \$14,166 $\frac{2}{3}$ per month	\$170,000 00
Taxes 1868-9, 20 cents per \$100 on	\$270,000 00
\$85,000,000 valuation\$170,000 00	
\$00,000,000 Variation\$110,000 00	
Period Statement Applications of the Control of the	***************************************
STREET DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Estimated expenditure for repairing	
and cleaning Streets and Sewers	\$80,000 00
Estimated Revenue—	400,000 00
Taxes 1868-9, 8 cents per \$100 on	
\$85,000,000 \$68,000 00	
Licenses on Vehicles	
\$80,000 00	

SCHOOL FUND.

Estimated Expenditure—		
Salaries of Teachers	\$273,000	00
Salaries of Janitors	17,000	
Salaries of Marshals	1,400	
Salary of Clerk of Board of Educa-	,	
tion	1,800	00
Salary of Carpenter	1,200	
Fuel	5,000	00
Lights	750	00
Water	150	00
Books and supplies	8,000	00
Rents	7,200	00
Incidental expenses	2,500	00
Sundries	6,035	66
Demands outstanding June 30,		
1868, \$34,554 34, less cash on		
hand \$76 82	34,477	52
Interest on Bonds of 1860, \$5,450;		
1861, \$1,600; 1866-7, \$17,010;		
exchange say \$70, less Cash on		
hand, \$577 88	23,552	12
Sinking Fund Bonds of 1860, \$5,-		
000; 1861, \$2,500; 1866–7, \$15,000	22,500	00
	\$404,565	30
Estimated Revenue—		
Taxes 1868-9, 40 cents per \$100 on		
\$85,000,000 valuation\$340,000 00		
State apportionment of School Rev-		
enue, as estimated by State Su-		
perintendent		
From other sources 5,000 00		
\$405,000 00		
\$400,000 00	77 7 7 90 100 100	NAME OF THE OWNER, OF THE OWNER, OF THE OWNER, OF THE OWNER, OWNER, OWNER, OWNER, OWNER, OWNER, OWNER, OWNER,

SCHOOL BUILDING FUND.

SCHOOL BUILDING FUND.	
Estimated expenditure	\$48,737 65
Estimated revenue from surplus in	ψ±0,101 00
School Fund—Special	
From Taxes, 5 cents per \$100 on \$85,-	
000,000	
\$40 F9F 6F	
\$48,737 65	PAR PARAGONAMENT TORONOM
Britains Andrew Commission (1996)	
CORPORATION DEBT FUND.	
Estimated Expenditure—	
Requisition of Commissioners of	
Funded Debt of 1851 for interest	\$118,920 00
Coupons Bonds 1855 due in New	
York January 1 and July 1, 1868,	
\$14,160, with exchange say \$140	14,300 00
Coupons Bonds 1858 due July 1,	
1868, January 1 and July 1, 1869	97,065 00
	\$230,285 00
Estimated Revenue—	
From Taxes, 22 cents per \$100 on	
\$85,000,000 valuation \$187,000 00	
Cash on hand July 1, 1868 51,709 53	
	1 X /
\$238,709 53	
•	
INTEREST ACCOUNT—BONDS 1863-4.	
Estimated Expenditure—	
Interest Coupons due and outstand-	
ing June 30, 1868	\$840 00
Interest Coupons due during the	\$010 00
fiscal year 1868–9	58,065 00
J 000 2000 0 111111111111111111111111111	00,000 00
	\$58,905 00
e e	ψυσ,υσυ σσ

Estimated Revenue— From Taxes, 6½ cents per \$100 on \$85,000,000			
	\$59,566	23	
INTEREST TAX ACCOUNT—SAN FRANCISCO AN	D SAN JOS	E RAILI	ROAD BONDS.
Estimated Expenditure—			
Interest Coupons due and unpaid			A050 00
June 30, 1868			\$350 00
fiscal year 1868–9 and July 1,			
1869			19,075 00
			\$19,425 00
Estimated Revenue— From Taxes, 2 cents per \$100 on			
\$85,000,000	\$17,000	00	
Cash on hand June 30, 1868	6,378		
	\$23,378	52	(956 troops as terms on the
	-		
INTEREST TAX ACCOUNT—PACIFIC	RAILROAI	BONDS	S.
Estimated Expenditure—			
Interest Coupon due and unpaid June 30, 1868	-		\$35 00
Interest Coupons due during the			\$00 UU
fiscal year 1868-9 and July 1,			
1869			59,500 00
,			\$59,535 00
Estimated Revenue—			φυυ,υυυ 00
From Taxes, 5 cents per \$100 on			
\$85,000,000			
Cash on hand June 30, 1868	15,103	29	- " .
	\$57,603	29	

SINKING FUND-BONDS 1855.

SINKING FUND—BOND	OS 1855.	
Bonds due January 1, 1875 (7 Sink-		
ing Funds required), \$236,000; ‡		
of same at par, about		\$33,700 00
Estimated Revenue—		400,100 00
From Taxes $1868-9$, $3\frac{1}{2}$ cents per		
\$100 on \$85,000,000	\$29.750.00	
Cash on hand June 30, 1868, and	\$25,100 00	
	1 665 04	
Loan outstanding	1,000 04	
	ee1 415 04	
	\$31,415 04	and the state of the production of the state of
SINKING FUND—BONI	OS 1858.	
Bonds due Jan. 1, 1888, \$1,078,500,		
(20 Sinking Funds required), $\frac{1}{20}$ of		
\$1,078,500, at 85 per cent., about.		\$45,800 00
Deficiency in Fund of 1867-8 (demand		
outstanding, \$3,975, less cash on	7	
hand, \$2,998 48)		976 52
		\$46,776 52
Estimated Revenue—		
Taxes 1868-9, 5 cents per \$100 on		
\$85,000,000	\$42,500 00	
		•
SINKING FUND—BOND	S 1863-4.	
Bonds due in 1883-4, \$829,500 (16		
Sinking Funds required), 16 of		•
\$829,500, at 90 per cent., about		\$46,600 00
Estimated Revenue—		Ψ10,000 00
Taxes 1868-9, 5 cents per \$100 on		
\$85,000,000	\$42,500,00	
Cash on hand June 30, 1868, and	P12,000 00	
Loan outstanding	1,914 46	•
Loui oublanding	1,011 10	
	\$44,414 46	
	\$11,414 40	

LOAN	FUND	ACCOUNT-SAN	FRANCISCO	AND SAN	JOSE	RATEROAD	BONDS
THOTH	LUMD	ACCOUNT-SAN	LIMMUISCO	WIND BWY	1 0 OBE	TENTILLEOND	DUMDIS.

Bonds due in 1877-8, \$257,500 (10 Sinking Funds required), 10 of same at par		\$25,750 00
on \$85,000,000		
	\$26,424 55	

INTEREST ACCOUNT—BONDS OF OCTOBER 1, 1867.

Estimated expenditure for interest on	
Bonds to be issued in settlement of	
Argenti and Lucas, Turner & Co.	
judgments, amount about \$315,000,	
dated October 1, 1867, interest 18	
months, at 7 per cent. per annum	\$33,075 00
Estimated Revenue—	
Taxes 1868-9, 4 cents per \$100 on	
\$85,000,000	

HOSPITAL FUND.

Estimated Revenue, 1 cent per \$100	
on \$85,000,000	\$8,500 00

RECAPITULATION OF ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES AND REVENUE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1868-9.

[Fees of City and County Officers are deducted from Salaries in General Fund expenditure; other off-sets, such as are included in Statement of Expenditures, are not deducted.]

	ditures 1868-9, in-	Estimated Revenue 1863-9, including cash on hand June 30, 1868.
General Fund	\$934,932 89	\$935,678 44
Street Light Fund	170,000.00	
Street Department Fund	80,000 00	
School Fund (including Deficiency Tax)	405,220 00	
School Building Fund	48,737 65	48,737 65
Corporation Debt Fund	230,285 00	238,709 53
Interest Account—Bonds 1863-4	• 59,005 00	59,566 23
Interest Tax Account - San Francisco and San	00,000	00,000 20
José Railroad Bonds	19,425 00	23,378 52
Interest Tax Account—Pacific Railroad Bonds		
Sinking FundBonds 1855	33,700 00	31,415 04
Sinking Fund-Bonds 1858	49,775 00	45,498 48
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1863-4	46,600 00	44,414 46
Loan Fund Account-San Francisco and San		-
José Railroad Bonds	25,750 00	26,424 55
Interest Account - Bonds of October 1, 1867	33,075 00	34,000 00
Hospital Fund	8,500 00	8,500 00
	\$2,204,540 54	\$2,209,580 89
Cash at credit of above Funds included in		
estimate		148,230 89
Demands outstanding on above Funds	109,362 23	
m		
Totals	\$2,095,178 31	\$2,061,350 00

TRANSACTIONS IN CITY LOTS.

PURCHASE OF LOTS, JULY 1, 1856, TO JUNE 30, 1867.

FOR SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

1857, November 17 — 50-vara Lot No. 418, on	
Union, near Montgomery street	\$13,000 00
1859, October $3-\frac{1}{2}$ 50-vara Lot No. 121, on Pow-	
ell, near Clay street	9,175 00
1859, September 19—Lot on Mission, near Cen-	
ter street, in Block No. 35, 200 feet by	
182 feet	1,350 00

1860, June 27—½ 50-vara Lot No. 159, on Pow-	
ell, near Jackson street	\$8,800 00
1860, June 18—Part 50-vara Lot No. 1,320, 97½	ψο,οοο σο
by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet	2,000 00
1860, September 10—50-vara Lot No. 602, corner	_,
of Mason and Washington streets	9,000 00
1862, October 23-50-vara Lot No. 1,023, corner	
Bush and Taylor streets	11,800 00
1863, December 4—Part 50-vara Lot, northeast	
corner Powell and Broadway streets,	
$69\frac{3}{4}$ feet by $119\frac{2}{3}$ feet	8,500 00
, 1864, July 6—Part 100-vara Lots Nos. 46 and 47,	
on Tehama street, 90 by 175 feet	7,500 00
1864, June 13—Lot on Tehama, 297 feet from	
First street, 28 by 75 feet	2,000 00
1864, October 2—Lot on Kentucky, 100 feet south	200 00
from Napa street, 50 by 100 feet	200 00
1865, August 23—Lot on East line Chenery, 200	
feet north from Randall street, 62 by 175	£50 00
feet	550 00
1865, August 23—Lot on Chenery, 50 by 125 feet, Lot 8, Block 29, Fairmount Tract	200 00
1865, November 14—50-vara Lot No. 832	210 00
1867, May 8—Lot on Silver, 112 feet from Sec-	210 00
ond, 44 by 70 feet	4,000 00
1867, May 13—Lot on southwest corner Pine and	2,000
Larkin streets, part Western Addition	•
Block No. 14, 200 by 120 feet	5,989 76
1867-8—Lot on South line of Clay, 1111 feet east	
from Powell street, thence east 261 feet	
by 75 feet	1,800 00
1867-8-Lot on Northwest line of Silver, 156 feet	
southwest from Second street, thence	
southwest 44 by 70 feet	5,500 00

SCHOOL LOTS EXCHANGED.

1857, May 4—50-vara Lot 482, on Greenwich Street, obtained for 50-vara Lot 695, corner Stockton and Francisco Streets.

- 1859, March 19—Lot on Vassar Place, 100 by 180 feet, obtained for 50-vara Lot 732, corner Fremont and Harrison Streets.
- 1859, April 20—Lot on Eighth Street, 115 by 275 feet, part 100-vara lot 274, obtained for 100-vara Lot 258, corner Folsom and Seventh Streets.
- 1866, June 29—Lot on Broadway, near Powell, 69¹/₄ by 137¹/₂ feet, obtained for part 100-vara Lot 174, corner Fourth and Harrison Streets.
- 1866, July 17—Lot on Post Street, part 50-vara Lot 581, 70 feet front, obtained for part 100-vara Lot 174, corner Fourth and Harrison Streets.

SCHOOL LOTS SOLD, JULY 1, 1856, TO JUNE 30, 1867.

1863-4-Lot 345, corner California and Mason	
Streets	\$13,000 00
1865-6—Lots 11 and 12, Block 15, Fairmount	
Tract	400 00
1866-7—Lot 5, Block 289, Western Addition	500 00
· ·	All to the state of the state o

PURCHASE OF LOTS, JULY 1, 1856, TO JUNE 30, 1867.

ALL LOTS EXCEPT SCHOOL LOTS.

1856-7—Fire Department Lot, Second Street, near		
Howard.		
1858-9—Portion of 50-vara Lot 697, Hospital Lot,		
(exchanged for 50-vara Lot 482)	\$1,480	00
1862-3—Fire Department Lot, 22 O'Farrell Street		
(with building thereon at the time of		
purchase)	3,500	00
1862-3—Fire Department Lot on Dupont, $117\frac{1}{2}$		
feet from Green Street, 20 by 60 feet,	•	
(sold 1866–7)	2,250	00
1862-3—Fire Department Lot and House (Monu-		
mental, on Brenham Place)	16,000	00
1863-4—City Hall addition, Union Hotel Build-		
ing and Lot	65,000	00

1863-4—City Hall addition, El Dorado Building	
and Lot	\$42,500 00
1864-5-Fire Department Lot, Sixth, 115 feet	
from Folsom, 25 by 75, part 50-vara Lot	
217	4,650 00
1864-5—Fire Department Lot, Stockton, 27½ feet	
from Greenwich, 20 by 97½, part 50-vara	
Lot 499	2,500 00
1864-5—Fire Department Lot, Sutter, 55 feet	2,000 00
west from Jones, $27\frac{1}{2}$ by $82\frac{1}{2}$ feet, part	
	2,100 00
50-vara Lot 1,087 (sold 1866–7)	2,100 00
1864-5—Fire Department Lot and House, Bryant,	
133 feet from Third, 22 by 80 feet, part	
100-vara Lot 84	2,600 00
1864-5—Fire Department Lot; Geary, 67½ feet	
from Mason, 20 by 80 feet (sold 1866–7)	2,200 00
1865-6—Lot and destroying Building, to give	
light to Police Court, in rear of the City	
Hall	15,000 00
1866-7—Fire Department Lot on Pacific, 1371	•
feet from Jones Street, 23 by 60 feet, part	
50-vara Lot 877	1,200 00
1866–7—Lot for Almshouse and Pesthouse Build-	1,200 00
ings (80 acres, more or less, of San Mi-	20 000 00
guel Ranch)	30,000 00
1867-8—Fire Department Lot southwest line Main	
Street, $192\frac{1}{2}$ feet southeast from Folsom	Z 000 00
Street; thence southeast, $27\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet	5,000 00
City Slip Lot 89 exchanged for 20 feet of City	
Slip Lot 92.	
LOTS SOLD JULY 1, 1856, TO JUNE 30, 1867.	
1864-5—Engine Lot and House No. 1, sold for	
\$9,250, half paid, half unpaid.	
1864-5-Engine Lot and House No. 7, sold for	A4 × 000 00
\$15,000, all paid	\$15,000 00
1864-5—Engine Lot and House No. 12, sold for	
\$8,500, \$50 allowed for mantels, balance	
paid	8,450 00

1864-5—Hall of Records Lot and Building, sold for \$11,250, all paid	\$11 ,250 00
1864–5—City Slip Lots 11 and 12	5,100 00
1864-5—City Slip Lot 19 (\$3,000 in bonds of 1863,	
and \$220 in coin.)	. 1
1866-7—City Slip Lot 40, sold for \$2,900, com-	
promised on account of defective title,	
for	2,600 00
1866-7—City Slip Lot 91, sold for \$1,900, com-	
promised on account of defective title,	1 000 00
for	1,620 00
1866-7—City Slip Lots 99 and 100, sold for \$3,950, compromised on account of defective	
title, for	3,500 00
1866–7—City Slip Lots 111 and 112, sold for	9,000 00
\$2,900, compromised on account of de-	
fective title, for	1,200 00
1866-7—City Slip Lots 113 and 114, sold for	
\$2,650, compromised on account of de-	
fective title, for	1,900 00
1866–7—City Slip Lots 115, 116, and 118, sold for	3,100 00
1866–7—Engine Lot No. 1 ($1\frac{1}{2}$ feet of Lot)	200 00
1866-7—Engine Lot and House No. 3, California	25 450 00
Street	27,150 00
1866-7—Engine Lot and House No. 4, Market Street.	16,050 00
1866-7—Engine Lot and House No. 5, sold for	10,030 00
\$8,000. Allowed for State title, \$250	7,750 00
1866–7—Hose Lot and House No. 1	3,850 00
1866-7—Hook and Ladder Lot and House No. 1	8,300 00
1866-7—Engine Lot on Stockton, near Green-	1
wich Street	300 00
1866-7—Engine Lot and House on Geary Street	2,075 00
1867-8—Engine Lot and House No. 10	4,600 00
1867–8—City Slip Lot 68	3,000 00

TRANSACTIONS IN CITY SLIP LOTS, 1853 TO 1868.

		Sold to—	
No.	1.	S. B. Whipple	1863
	2.	G. T. Marye.	1853
	3.	O'Meara	1853
	4.	S. B. Whipple	1863
	5.	M. Prag	1853
	6.	M. Caro	1863
	7.	E. T. Crane	1863
	8.	E. T. Crane	1863
	9.	O'Meara	1853
	10.	O'Meara	1853
	11.	W. G. Lewis	1865
	12.	W. G. Lewis	1865
	13.	T. J. L. Smiley	1863
	14.	T. J. L. Smiley	1863
	15.	J. Van Bergen	1863
	16.	J. Van Bergen	1863
	17.	F. Peyre	1863
	18.	F. Peyre	1863
	19.	C. E. S. McDonald	1865
	20.	H. Sparks	1863
	21.		
	22.	C. E. S. McDonald	1863
	23.	G. T. Marye	1853
	24.	G. T. Marye	1853
	25.	G. T. Marye	1853
	.26.	G. T. Marye	1853
	27.	Gulliver & French	1853
	28.	Gulliver & French	1853
	29.	John Johnson	1863
	30.	John Johnson	1863
	31.	L. Schroder, L. & J. Gieschen	1863
	32.	L. Schroder, L. & J. Gieschen	1863
	33.	L. Schroder, L. & J. Gieschen	1863
	34.	Ainsa	1853
	35.	A. H. Reed	1863

	8		
No.	36.	A. H. Reed	1863
	37.	R. M. Jessup	1863
	38.	R. M. Jessup	1863
	39.	1	
	40.	A. Ginsburg	1866
	41.	H. Sparks.	1853
	42.	H. Sparks	1853
	43.	220 Spar250111111111111111111111111111111111111	
	44.	S. Rich.	1853
	45.	W. M. Lent.	1863
	46.	W. M. Lent	1863
	47.	W. M. Lent.	1863
	48.	W. M. Lent	1863
	49.	J. Herzo.	1853
	50.	J. Herzo	1853
	51.	S. Martin	1853
	52.	Neuhaus Brothers.	1853
	53.	Neuhaus Brothers	1853
	54.	J. Richards	1853
	55.	J. Paterson, Administrator	1863
	56.	J. Paterson, Administrator.	1863
	57.	A. Miller and C. J. Janson	1863
	58.	J. Paterson, Administrator.	1863
	59.	J. Paterson, Administrator.	1863
	60.	J. Paterson, Administrator	1863
	61.	L. Sloss	1863
	62.	L. Sloss.	1863
	63.	A. C. Whiteomb.	1863
	64.	A. C. Whitcomb.	1863
	65.	Buchanan.	1853
	66.	Buchanan	1853
	67.	C. J. Hastler	1853
	68.	P. G. Partridge	1867
	69.	Schmidt & Hadler	1863
	70.	Schad & Schwerin.	1863
	71.	Des Farges.	1853
	72.	W. Sharon	1863
	73.	T. J. A. Chambers	1863
	74	T. J. A. Chambers	1863

			e.
No.	75.	A. C. Whitcomb	1863
	76.	T. J. A. Chambers	1863
	77.	P. Nichols	1853
	78.	C. O. Wardwell	1863
	79.	A. C. Whitcomb	1863
	80.	A. C. Whitcomb	1863
	81.	Whitcomb, Felton & Reese	1863
•	82.	Whitcomb, Felton & Reese	1863
	83.	E. Whitsted	1863
	84.	Schultze	1853
	85.		
	86.		
	87.		
	88.	·	
	89.	H. J. Wells	1863
	90.	H. J. Wells	1863
	91.	D. McTernan	1866
	92.		
	93.	W. C. Hoff.	1853
	94.	C. Mayne	1863
	95.	C. Mayne	1863
	96.	W. C. Hoff	1853
	97.	P. J. Partridge	1863
	98.	C. L. Poppe	1863
	99.	Unger Brothers	1866
	100.	Unger Brothers	1866
	101.	R. M. Jessup	1863
	102.	R. M. Jessup	1863
	103.	R. M. Jessup	1863
	104.	R. M. Jessup	1863
	105.	H. Sparks	1863
	106.	E. Crowell	1863
	107.	S. C. Hastings	1863
	108.	S. C. Hastings	1863
	109.		
	110.	J. McCracken	1863
	111.	J. Phelan	1866
	112.	J. Phelan	1866
	113.	L. Altschul	1866

No.	114.	L. Altschul	1866
	115.	D. McCarthy	1866
	116.	D. McCarthy	1866
	117.	W. H. Taylor	1853
	118.	D. McCarthy	1866
		J. Grant	
	120.	P. J. Partridge	1863
	121.		
	122.	G. T. Marye.	1853

CITY AND COUNTY PROPERTY.

[Not including any reservations of Outside Lands under Order No. 800, which will be found in Appendix to Municipal Reports.]

PARKS.

Alamo, bounded by Hayes, Steiner, Fulton and Scott streets.

Alcatraz, bounded by North Point, Franklin, Jefferson and Gough streets.

Alta, bounded by Clay, Steiner, Jackson and Scott streets.

Buena Vista, bounded by Alta, Vermont, Napa and Utah streets. Columbia, bounded by Harrison, Columbia, Folsom and Sherman streets.

Franklin, bounded by Santa Clara, Jersey, Center and York streets.

Hamilton, bounded by O'Farrell, Steiner, Post and Scott streets.

Jackson, bounded by Mariposa, Arkansas, Santa Clara and Carolina streets.

Jefferson, bounded by Tyler, Gough, Eddy and Laguna streets. Lafayette, bounded by Sacramento, Gough, Washington and Laguna streets.

Lobos, bounded by Chestnut, Laguna, Bay and Webster streets. Portsmouth, bounded by Clay, Kearny, Washington streets and Brenham Place.

Union, bounded by Geary, Stockton, Post and Powell streets.

Washington, bounded by Union, Stockton, Filbert and Powell streets.

Yerba Buena, bounded by Market, McAllister and Larkin streets.

FIRE DEPARTMENT LOTS.

- West Line Brenham Place, commencing 77 feet 10 inches north from Clay street, thence north 25 feet, west 69 feet, south 4 feet, east 4 foot, south 21 feet, east 684 feet.
- North Line Bay Street, commencing 1914 feet west from Octavia street, thence west 30 by 137½ feet in depth.
- South Line Broadway Street, commencing 171 feet $10\frac{1}{2}$ inches west from Dupont street, thence west 22 by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- Northwest Line Bryant Street, commencing 133 feet southwest from Third street, thence southwest 22 by 80 feet in depth.
- North Line Bush Street, commencing 275 feet east from Dupont street, thence east 24 by 59½ feet in depth.
- North Line Bush Street, commencing 177 feet west from Polk street, thence west 30 by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- North Line California Street, commencing 191½ feet west from Laguna street, thence west 30 by 137½ feet in depth.
- East Line Columbia Street, commencing 185 feet south from Butte street, thence south 30 by 100 feet in depth.
- North Line Chestnut Street, commencing 177½ feet west from Polk street, thence west 30 by 137½ feet in depth.
- North Line Clay Street, commencing 191¹/₄ feet west from Fillmore street, thence west 30 by 137¹/₂ feet in depth.
- South Line Ellis Street, commencing 191¼ feet east from Octavia street, thence east 30 by 120 feet in depth.
- North Line Green Street, commencing 191¹/₄ feet west from Webster street, thence west 30 by 137¹/₂ feet in depth.
- North Line Greenwich Street, commencing 1914 feet west from Pierce street, thence west 30 by 137½ feet in depth.
- South Line Hayes Street, commencing $191\frac{1}{4}$ feet west from Steiner street, thence west 30 by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- North Line Jackson Street, commencing 139 feet east from Front street, thence east 20 by 60 feet in depth.
- South Line Jackson Street, commencing 158 feet west from Montgomery street, thence west 22 feet 5 inches by $68\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.

- South Line Kate Street, commencing 1914 feet east from Steiner street, thence east 30 by 106 feet in depth.
- South Line McAllister Street, commencing $176\frac{3}{4}$ feet east from Van Ness Avenue, thence east 30 by 120 feet in depth.
- South Line McAllister Street, commencing 1914 feet east from Webster street, thence east 30 by 120 feet in depth.
- East Line Market Street, commencing 190 feet southeast from Thorne street, thence south 30 by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- Southwest Line Main Street, commencing $192\frac{1}{2}$ feet southeast from Folsom street, thence southeast $27\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- East Line Nebraska Street, commencing 185 feet south from Center street, thence south 30 by 100 feet in depth.
- North Line Nineteenth Street, commencing 265 feet west from Dolores street, thence west 30 by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- North Line O'Farrell Street, commencing $197\frac{1}{2}$ feet east from Stockton street, thence east $22\frac{1}{2}$ by 73 feet in depth.
- North Line Pacific Street, commencing 137½ feet west from Jones street, thence west 23 by 60 feet in depth.
- North Line Pacific Street, commencing 177¹/₄ feet west from Polk street, thence west 30 by 127 feet 8¹/₄ inches in depth.
- South Line Post Street, commencing 191½ feet west from Webster street, thence west 30 by 137½ feet in depth.
- East Line Stockton Street, commencing $27\frac{1}{2}$ feet north from Greenwich street, thence north 20 by $97\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- West Line Stockton Street, commencing 90 feet south from Broadway street, thence south 25.by 80 feet in depth.
- South Line Sutter Street, commencing 55 feet west from Jones street, thence west $27\frac{1}{2}$ by $82\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- Southwest Line Second Street, commencing 30 feet southeast from Natoma street, thence southeast 25 by 80 feet in depth.
- Northeast Line Sixth Street, commencing 115 feet northwest from Folsom street, thence northwest 25 by 75 feet in depth.
- North Line Sixteenth Street, commencing 121 feet east from Guerrero street, thence east 25 by 85 feet in depth.
- East Line Sanchez Street, commencing 245 feet south from Tracy street, thence south 30 by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.

- West Line Texas Street, commencing 185 feet south from Mariposa street, thence south 30 by 100 feet in depth.
- East Line Valencia Street, commencing 245 feet south from Nineteenth street, thence south 30 by 137½ feet in depth.
- South Line Vallejo Street, commencing 191¹/₄ feet east from Laguna street, thence east 30 by 137¹/₂ feet in depth.
- North Line Waller Street, commencing 191¹/₄ feet west from Octavia street, thence west 30 by 137¹/₂ feet in depth.

NOTE.—Fire Department Lot on O'Farrell street, 1914 feet west from Larkin, sold 1868-9, and not included in above list.

SCHOOL DEPARTMENT LOTS.

- Corner Bush and Stockton Streets, 50-vara Lot No. 301.
- North Line Broadway Street, commencing 208 feet $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches east from Mason street, thence east 68 feet $11\frac{1}{4}$ inches by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- North Line Broadway Street, commencing $67\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Powell street, thence west $69\frac{3}{4}$ by $91\frac{2}{3}$ feet in depth.
- Corner Bush and Taylor Streets, 50-vara Lot No. 1,023.
- North Line Bush Street, commencing 40 feet west from Hyde street, thence west $97\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- South Line Broadway Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Larkin street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- South Line Bay Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Franklin street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- West Line Church Street, commencing $191\frac{1}{4}$ feet north from Eagle street, thence north $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- East Line Chenery Street, commencing 200 feet north from Randall street, thence north 62 by 125 feet in depth.
- South Line Clay Street, commencing 111½ feet east from Powell street, thence east 26 feet 2 inches by 75 feet in depth.
- Northeast Line Eighth Street, commencing 160 feet northwest from Bryant street, thence northwest 115 by 275 feet in depth.
- North Line Eddy Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Polk street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by 120 feet in depth.

North Line Filbert Street, commencing $142\frac{1}{2}$ feet east from Jones street, thence east 100 by 60 feet in depth.

West corner Fourth and Clary Streets, thence northwest 80 by 150 feet in depth.

South Line Francisco Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Larkin street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.

Fairmount Tract Lot No. 8 in Block 29.

South Line Greenwich Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Jones street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth—50-vara Lot No. 482.

North Line Grove Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Larkin street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.

North Line Greenwich Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Webster street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.

North Line Green Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Pierce street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.

East Line Hampshire Street, commencing 150 feet south from Alameda street, thence south 100 by 200 feet in depth.

Northwest Line Harrison Street, commencing 136¹/₄ feet northeast from Eleventh street, thence northeast 137¹/₂ by 137¹/₂ feet in depth.

North Line Jackson Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Scott street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth,

North Line Jackson Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Webster street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.

Northwest corner Kearny and Filbert Streets, 50-vara Lot No. 462.

West Line Kansas Street, commencing 140 feet north from Butte street, thence north 120 by 200 feet in depth.

50-vara Lot, Fillmore street, from Kate to Ridley.

50-vara Lot, corner Larkin and Pine streets.

50-vara Lot No. 602, Mason and Washington streets.

East corner Market and Fifth Streets, thence northeast 275 by 275 feet in depth—100-vara Lot, No. 128.

West Line Mission Street, commencing 206½ feet south from Hermann street, thence south 137½ by 137½ feet in depth.

- West Line Mission Street, commencing 160 feet north from Sixteenth street, thence north 200 by 182 feet in depth.
- North Line McAllister Street, commencing 137½ feet west from Franklin street, thence west 137½ by 137½ feet in depth.
- Southwest corner Napa and Kentucky Streets, thence west 100 by 150 feet in depth.
- North Line Nineteenth Street, commencing 245 feet west from Howard street, thence west 60 by 137½ feet in depth.
- Lot, $377\frac{1}{2}$ feet south from Eighteenth and $206\frac{1}{4}$ feet east from Mission street, thence south $17\frac{1}{2}$ by $38\frac{3}{4}$ feet in depth.
- North Line Post Street, commencing $192\frac{1}{2}$ feet east from Stockton street, thence east 70 by $122\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- East Line Powell Street, commencing $68\frac{3}{4}$ feet south from Clay street, thence south $68\frac{3}{4}$ feet, east $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet, north $62\frac{1}{2}$ feet, west $78\frac{1}{2}$ feet, north $6\frac{1}{4}$ feet, west 59 feet.
- West Line Powell Street, commencing $68\frac{3}{4}$ feet south from Jackson street, thence south $68\frac{3}{4}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- South Line Pine Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Larkin street, thence west $62\frac{1}{2}$ by 120 feet in depth.
- North Line Pine Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Scott street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- Precita Valley Lands—Lots Nos. 39, 40, 51, 52, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253.
- South Line Page Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Buchanan street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- Potrero Lots 13, 14, 15, 16, 26, 27, 28 in Block 85.
- Railroad Homestead Association, Lot 4, Block W, 200 by 125 feet.
- East Line Rhode Island Street, commencing 150 feet north from Solano street, thence north 100 by 200 feet in depth.
- Northwest Line Silver Street, commencing 112 feet southwest from Second street, thence southwest 88 by 70 feet in depth.
- East Line Shotwell Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet north from Horner street, thence north $122\frac{1}{2}$ by $122\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- North Line Sutter Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Gough street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.

- West Line San Francisco and San José Railroad, commencing 183 feet north from Randall street, thence north 62 by 175 feet in depth.
- South Line Sixteenth Street, commencing $211\frac{1}{4}$ feet west from Sanchez street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- Southeast Line Tehama Street, commencing 207 feet \(^3_4\) inch southwest from First street, thence southwest 118 by 75 feet in depth.
- South Line Turk Street, commencing 137½ feet west from Buchanan street, thence west 137½ by 137½ feet in depth.
- North Line Tyler Street, commencing 175 feet west from Pierce street, thence west 100 by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- 50-vara Lot No. 418, commencing north line Union street, $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Montgomery street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- South Line Union Street, commencing $137\frac{1}{2}$: feet west from Franklin street, thence west $137\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.
- Corner Vallejo and Taylor Streets, 50-vara Lot No. 663.
- South Line Valparaiso Street, commencing $142\frac{1}{2}$ feet east from Jones street, thence east 100 by 60 feet in depth.
- Vassar Place, commencing south corner 100-vara Lot No. 76, thence southeast 185 by 100 feet in depth.
- South Line Washington Street, $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet west from Franklin street, thence south 127 feet $8\frac{1}{4}$ inches, west $80\frac{2}{3}$ feet, northwest to Washington street, east $93\frac{1}{2}$ feet.
- West End Map Lot No. 4, in Block 23.
- West End Map No. 2, Lot 4, in Block 27.
- East Line York Street, commencing 150 feet north from Butte street, thence north 100 by 200 feet in depth.

HOSPITAL LOTS.

- 50-vara Lot No. 695, southwest corner Stockton and Francisco streets.
- South Line Francisco Street, commencing 153 feet east from Stockton street, thence east 122 by 137½ feet in depth.
- Block, bounded by Ridley, Steiner, Waller and Scott streets.

SUNDRY LOTS.

City Hall Lot, commencing southeast corner Washington and Kearny streets, thence running east 70 feet, south $34\frac{2}{3}$ feet, east $47\frac{1}{2}$ feet, south $5\frac{1}{3}$ feet, east 20 feet, south $13\frac{1}{2}$ feet, east 23 feet, south 84 feet, west $160\frac{1}{2}$ feet, north $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

City Slip Lots Nos. 21, 39, 43, 85, 86, 87, 88, 92, 109, 121.

Jail Lot, commencing northeast corner Broadway street and Pinckney Place, thence east $57\frac{1}{2}$ by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet in depth.

Block, bounded by Pine, Market and Front streets—Gore lot.
Block, bounded by Battery, Market and Bush streets—Gore lot.
Block, between Ridley and Potter streets, on Mission street,
50-vara Lot No. 1,378.

Almshouse Lot, 77[‡] acres.

INDEX TO STATUTES REGARDING EXPENDITURES, REVENUE, ETC., OBSERVED IN BUSINESS OF THE AUDITOR'S OFFICE.

	Statutes.	Page.
A	1863	150
		170
Almshouse and Hospital Building	1863-4	503
	1865-6	214
Almshouse and Hospital Supplies	1865-6	214
Almshouse and Hospital Furniture	1865-6	214
Annual Tax Settlement	1859	350
Armory Rents, etc	1865-6	734
Assessor's Salary. Assessor's Deputies' Salaries.	1861	556
Assessor's Deputies' Salaries	1867-8	39
	1862	510
Assessment Roll—Copying	1863-4	189
Assessment Expenses—from State	1854	115
Attornor City and County Salam		99
Attorney, Oily and County—Salary	1863	170
Attorney, City and County—Salary Attorney, District—Salary Attorney, Prosecuting—Salary	1000	
Attorney, Prosecuting—Salary	1862	467
Auctioneers' Licenses	1859	352
Auditor's Salary	1861	556
Auditor's Clerk's Salary	1865-6	663
Advertising and Election Printing	1867-8	161
Alta California Files	1837-8	161
Almshouse Salaries	1867-8	427
В		
Bankers: Licenses.	1361	443
TOTAL A TI	1363	562
Billiard Licenses.	1861	441
Boat Hire and Office Rent for Harbor Master	1865–6	663
Bonds—issue of 1851	1851	387
Bonds—issue of 1855	1855	286
Donus-issue of 1000	Ordinance 846	
Bonds—issue of 1858	1853	183
Bonds—issue of 1860, School	1860	101
Bonds—issue of 1861, School	1861	242
Bonds—issue of 1861, School Bonds—issue of 1862-3, San Francisco and San José R.R.	1861	198
	1862	265
Bonds—issue of 1833-4, Judgment	Orders 547 and 580	200
	1863	380
Ponda igene of 1964 5 Davida Dailread	1863-4	
Bonds—issue of 1864-5, Pacific Railroad		388
. ()	Orders 532 and 640	000
Bonds—issue of 1866-7, School	1866-7	302
	Orders 695 and 768	
Books and Stationery for City and County Officers	1861	559
Books and Stationery, Advertising, etc., for School De-		
partment	1863-4	162
Bowling Alley Licenses	1861	441
Brokers' Licenses	1862	243
Bull and Bear Fight Licenses	1863	253
Burials of Indigents	1860	273
Burials by Coroner and Chemical Analyses	1863-4	161
Block Books of City	1867-8	161
	2007 0	101
C C		
Celebration of Fourth of July	1863	168
Census Marshals (School)	1863-4	162
Circus Licenses	1862	253
Cisterns and Hydrants	1367-8	116, 161
	1861	556
City Hall Porters' Salaries	1863-4	503
,	1867-8	220
Cleaning Streets, Sewers, etc	1865-6	437
Clerk Board of Education	1863	604
(
Clerks of Board of Supervisors	1863	169 160
	1867-8	

INDEX TO STATUTES-CONTINUED.

Clerk of City and County Attorney			
Clerk of District Attorney		Statutes.	Page.
Clerk of District Attorney	Clerk of City and County Attorney	1869	90
Clerk of Police Court—Salary 1861 555 Clerk of Police Court—Salary 1861 555 Clerk of Auditor 1865-6 663 1865-6 1895 1865-6 1895 1865-6 1895 1865-6 1895 1865 1895 1865 1895 1865 1895 1865 1895 1865 189			
Clerk of Fire Commissioners 1865-6 663	Clark County, Sulany		
Clerk of Fire Commissioners 1865-6 663	Clerk of Police Court Solary		
Clerk of Fire Commissioners. 1863	Clerk of Auditor		
City and County Attorney's Salary. 1862 557	Clark of Fire Commissioners		
Compiling and Publishing Laws and Ordinances. 1861 478 1862 510 1863 1863 1863 1863 1865 1857 200, 253, 311 1857 1857 200, 253, 311 1857 1857 200, 253, 311 1857 1857 200, 253, 311 1859 1863 2525 1865 2525 1865 25	City and County Attenmon's Salary		
Compiling and Publishing Laws and Ordinances. 1861 478 180 180 185	Chief of Police, Sulary		
Copying Assessment Roll.	Compiling and Publishing Town and Ordinance		
1863-4 1856 145 1856 145 1856 145 1857 200, 253, 311 1859 145 1851 1859 1863 234 1863 234 1863 234 1865 1867-8 234 1867-8 236 1367-8 236 1367-8 2			
Consolidation Act.	Copying Assessment Roll		
Consolidation Act.			
Consolidation Act.			
Consolidation Act.			
1862 291 1863 1865-6 436, 549 1867-8			
Contingent Expenses of Mayor. 1863-6 436, 549 1867-8 338 702 1863-6 1867-8 338 702 1863 702 1863 702 1863 702 1863 1867-8 1863 1867-8 68 1867-8 68 1867-8 68 1867-8 68 1867-8 68 1867-8 68 1867-8 68 1867-8 68 1867-8 68 1867-8 68 1867-8 68 1867-8 68 1867-8 68 1867-8 68 1867-8 69 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-8 60 1867-	Consolidation Act		
Contingent Expenses of Mayor.			
Contingent Expenses of Mayor			
Contingent Expenses of Mayor			
County Judge's Salary	0 11 17 0.75		
County Clerk's Deputies	Contingent Expenses of Mayor		
County Clerk's Deputies	County Judge's Salary		
County Clerk's Copyists			
County Clerk's Copyists	County Clerk's Deputies		
Coroner's Salary			
Collector of Licenses and Deputies' Salaries. 1858 1863 724	County Clerk's Copyists	1867-8	
Collector of Licenses and Deputies' Salaries. 1858 1863 724	Coroner's Salary	1865-6	625
Commissioners' services and incidental expenses—change of grades 1863 441 441 441 441 441 442 442 442 442 443 444 444 445 44	4	1858	236
1862 411	Collector of Licenses and Deputies palaries	1863	724
1862 411	Commissioners' services and incidental expenses—change		
Commissioners of Funded Debt of 1851—Requisition 1867-8 1867-8 37		1862	411
County Clerk's Deputies, Relief of 1867-8 37 1867-8 161 County Square, Improvement of 1867-8 1867-8 161 Compensation for Property Destroyed by Rioters 1867-8 418 Commissions of Treasurer—Payments to State 1855 121 Constable's Salary 1865-6 428 1865-6	Commissioners of Funded Debt of 1851—Requisition	1867-8	146
Commissions of Tracsurer—Payments to State 1855 121	County Clerk's Deputies, Relief of	1867-8	. 87
Commissions of Tracsurer—Payments to State 1855 121	Columbia Square, Improvement of		
Commissions of Tracsurer—Payments to State 1855 121	Compensation for Property Destroyed by Rioters		
Commissions of Tax Collector—Payments to State 1855 121 1865-6 428 1865-8 428 1865-8 428 1865-8 428 1865-8 428 1865-8 428 1865-8 428 1865-8 428 1865-8 428 1865-8 428 1865-8 428 1865-8	Commissions of Treasurer—Payments to State		
Deficiency in Pcund Fee Fund 1865-6 428	Commissions of Tax Collector—Payments to State		
Deficiency in Pound Fee Fund 1863-4 502	Constable's Salary		
Deficiency in Pcund Fee Fund. 1863–4 502 Deficiency in Street Light Fund. 1862 469 Delinquent Tax List—Publication of 1863 170 District Attorney's Salary. 1863 170 District Attorney's Clerk's Salary. 1863 169 Deficiency Tax—School Fund. 1867–8 455 Deficiency Tax—School Fund. 1867–8 424 E Election and Registration Expenses. 865–6 509 Enclosing and Improving Parks 1863 169 Enclosing and Improving Parks 1863 169 Enclosing and Improving Parks 1863 169 Enclosing and Improving Parks 1863 177 Engine Houses—Erection and Sale of 1865–6 1865–8 161 Extra Deputies 865–6 1867–8 161 Extra Deputies 865–6 1867–8 161 Extrange of Land with Spring Valley Water Works Company—Appropriation 1867–8 161 Exchange of Land with Spring Valley Water Works Company—Appropriation 1867–8 161	Clerk of Instings Court		
Deficiency in Pound Fee Fund.	Olera of a distinces Country	1000-0	120
Deficiency in Street Light Fund.	D		
Deficiency in Street Light Fund.	Deficience in Dound For Fluid	1000 4	-
Delinquent Tax List—Publication of			
District Attorney's Salary.	Denciency in Street Light Fund		
District Court Reporters	Delinquent Tax List—Publication of		
District Court Reporters	District Attorney's Salary		
District Court Reporters	District Attorney's Clerk's Salary		
E Election and Registration Expenses.	District Court Reporters		
Election and Registration Expenses. 1867-8 1865-6 509	Deficiency Tax—School Fund	1867-8	424
Election and Registration Expenses. 1865-6 509 Enclosing and Improving Parks. 1861 551 Engine Houses—Erection and Sale of. 1863 177 Engine Houses—Erection and Sale of. 1865-6 1841 Erection of School Houses. 1865-6 141 Estates of Deceased Persons—payments to State. 1855-5 221 Examination of Insane. 1863-4 326 Exempt Fire Company—Appropriation. 1867-8 161 Extra Deputites. { 1867-8 161 Extension and Repairs of Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph. 1867-8 161 Exchange of Land with Spring Valley Water Works Company. 1867-8 161 Exchange of Land with Spring Valley Water Works Company. 1867-8 61	E		
Enclosing and Improving Parks	The dies of Projection To		
Enclosing and Improving Parks 1861 1861 1863 177 1864 502 1865-6 141 1863-4 162 1865-6 141 1863-4 162 1863-4 1861 1867-8 161	Election and Registration Expenses		
Engine Houses—Erection and Sale of			
Engine Houses—Erection and Sale of . 1864 502 1865-6 141 1863-4 162 1865-6 141 1863-4 162 1863-4 162 1863-4 162 1863-4 1863-4 1863-4 1863-4 1863-4 1863-4 1863-4 1863-4 1863-4 1863-4 1863-4 1863-4 1861 1863-4 1861 1861 1861 1861 1861 1861 1861 1861 1867-8 1867-8 1867-8	Enclosing and Improving Parks		
Erection of School Houses			
Erection of School Houses	Engine Houses—Erection and Sale of		
Estates of Deceased Persons—payments to State. 1855 221 Examination of Insane 1863-4 326 Exempt Fire Company—Appropriation 1857-8 161 Extra Deputies. { 1861 558 Extension and Repairs of Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph. 1867-8 161 Exchange of Land with Spring Valley Water Works Company 1867-8 61		1865-6	141
Examination of Insane 1863-4 326 Exempt Fire Company—Appropriation 1867-8 161 Extra Deputies { 1861. 558 Extension and Repairs of Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph 1867-8 161 Exchange of Land with Spring Valley Water Works Company 1867-8 161	Erection of School Houses	1863-4	162
Examination of Insane 1863-4 326 Exempt Fire Company—Appropriation 1867-8 161 Extra Deputies { 1861. 558 Extension and Repairs of Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph 1867-8 161 Exchange of Land with Spring Valley Water Works Company 1867-8 161	Estates of Deceased Persons—payments to State	1855	
Exempt Fire Company—Appropriation 1867-8 161 Extra Deputies { 1861 558 Extension and Repairs of Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph 1867-8 161 Exchange of Land with Spring Valley Water Works Company 1867-8 161	Examination of Insane		
Extra Deputies. { 1861 558 161 Extension and Repairs of Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph. 1867-8 161 Exchange of Land with Spring Valley Water Works Company 1867-8 61	Exempt Fire Company—Appropriation	1867-8	161
Extension and Repairs of Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph. 1867-8 161 Exchange of Land with Spring Valley Water Works Company. 1867-8 61			558
Extension and Repairs of Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph. 1867-8 161 Exchange of Land with Spring Valley Water Works Company. 1867-8 61	- //		
Exchange of Land with Spring Valley Water Works Company			•
Exchange of Land with Spring Valley Water Works Company	graph	1867-8	161
pany	Exchange of Land with Spring Valley Water Works Com-		
Election Printing and Advertising 1867–8 161	pany		
	Election Printing and Advertising	1867-8	161

INDEX TO STATUTES—CONTINUED.

	Statutes.	Page.
F		
	1863-4	504
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph Salaries	1867-8	160
Fire Department Expenses—Material	1867-8	116, 161
Fire Department Expenses—Running	1867-8	115, 161
Fuel and Lights for School Houses	1863-4	162
Furniture for School Houses	1863-4	162
	1867-8	558
Furniture for Almshouse and Hospital	1865-6	214
Financial Reports of Counties	1867-8	65
Fire Department Salaries	18678	115, 161
Fire Department Horses (3), 1 Hose Reel and Harness	1867-8	116
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Extending and Repairing	1867-8	161
ing	1867-8	421
Fire Department Rents.	1865-6	82
	1000-0	02
Grading and Improving Squares	1861	551
Grading and Improving School Lots	1863-4	163
Grades-change of, services of Commissioners and Inci-		200
dental Expenses	1862	411
Grades of Pueblo Lands	1867-8	434
H	1007.0	22
Health Officer's Salary	1865-6	83
Hamilton Square	1863-4	505
Harbor Master's Salary	1861	557
Harbor Police Regulations	1863-4	447
Harbor Master's Boat Hire and Office Rent	1865-6	663
Home of Inebriate	1863	574
Hospital Dues from State	1855	67
Hospital and Almshouse.	1865-6	214
Hospital Supplies. Hospital, Small-pox.	1863	169
Hospital, Small-pox	1863	169
Hospital Building	1867-8 1865-6	458 214
Industrial School Appropriation	1867-8	505
Industrial School Runaways.	1863-4	77
Industrial School Medical Services	1863-4	505
Incidentals—School Department.	1863-4	162
Insane—Examination of	1863-4	326
Insane—Sending to Stockton.	1860	273
Insurance of School Houses	1863-4	162
Insurance Licenses (Home)	1861	442
Insurance Licenses (Home). Insurance Licenses (Foreign)	1863-4	133
Insurance—Tax on Premiums of	1862	244-5
Indigents—Burials of from Hospital	1860	273
Indigents—Burials of and Chemical Analyses by Coroner	1863-4	161
Intelligence Office Licenses	1861	412
Interest Bonds 1851	1867-8	146
Interest Bonds 1860—School.	1860	101
Interest Bonds 1861—School	1861	242
Interest Bonds 1866-7—School	1865-6	303
Interest Bonds 1855	1856	173
Interest Bonds 1858	1858	187
Interest Bonds 1862 and 1863—San Francisco and San José	1000	101
Railroad	1861	201
Interest Bonds 1863 and 1864—Judgment. Interest Bonds 1864 and 1865—Pacific Railroad	1862	265-6
Interest Bonds 1864 and 1865—Pacific Railroad	1863	383
Interpreters, Police Court	1863	764
J		
Janitors' Salaries (School)	1863-4	162
Judge, County—Salary	1863	702
Judge, Police—Salary. Judge, Probate—Salary.	1861	554
	1863	702

INDEX TO STATUTES-CONTINUED.

	Statutes.	Page.
Janitor of Justices' Court	1867-8	679
Justices' Salaries		428
Justices' Clerk—Salary	1865-6	428
К		
Kearny Street Widening-Assessment against City	1865-6	38
Laws and Ordinances—Compiling and Publishing Licenses—State and County—See different Classes under appropriate Letters.		478
Licenses, Municipal	1863	724
Legal Incumbrances—School Lots.	Order 697, Chapter 8	163
Lighting Public Buildings.		46
(1858	46
Lighting Streets, Repairs to Lamps, etc	1862	468
	1865-6 1858	437 236
License Collector's and Deputies' Salaries	1863	724
Tiguar Tiganga	1855	174
Liquor Licenses {	1858	176
	1863	171
Lots for Fire Department and erection of Houses	1863-4 1865-6	$\frac{502}{141}$
Lots for School Department		162
License Notice Servers' Salaries	1867-8	160
Lynch, M., Claim of	1867-8	575
Matron's Salary—County Jail	1863-4	474
Magdalen Asylum—Appropriation		222, 223
Marshal's Services (census)—School	1863-4	162
Mayor's Salary	1861	555
Mayor's Clerk's Salary	1863-4	503
Medical Services—Industrial School	1863-4 1861	505 444-5
Merchandise Licenses	1858	176
	1863	540
Municipal Licenses	1863	724
	Order 697, Chapter 8	734
Military Appropriations on Account of State		441
Map of Pueblo Lands		161
N N	1000	
Newspapers for Recorder's Office		141 161
Newspapers—Files of Alta California	1001-0	101
0		
Office Rent and Stationery for Fire Commissioners	1865-6	139
O'Shea, Wm., Claim of	1867-8 1865-6	220
Office Rent and Boat hire for Harbor Master	1805-0	663
P		
Physician, Industrial School—Services	1863-4	505
D. W. T. G. L. L.	1857	557
Police Force Salaries	1863 1863–4	170 503
Police Contingent Fund—Appropriation		57
Police Judge	1861	554
Police Chief	1861	557
Poll Tax—State		439
Pound Kooper's Salary	1858 1863-4	237 502
Pound Keeper's Salary	Order 697, Chapter 9	502
Printing Pilot Regulations		447
Publishing Delinquent Tax Lists		521

. INDEX TO STATUTES—CONTINUED.

	Statutes.	Page.
Probate Judge—Salary	1833	702
Prosecuting Attorney—Salary	1862	467
Purchase of Lots, Erection and Removal of Engine	1863	177
Houses	1864	502
	1866-7	141
Pueblo Suit—Ways and Means	1856	167
Pueblo Lands—Surveying		161
Pueblo Lands—Map of		161
Porters—City Hall	1863-4 1861	503 556
Torters—Only Hair	1867-8	220
Pueblo Lands—Confirming Supervisors' orders	1857-8	379, 410
Pueblo Lands—Establishing Grades	1837-8	434
Q.		
Quarantine Expenses	1865-6	742
Redemption of Bonds—See Sinking Funds.		
Removal of Legal Incumbrances—School Property	1863-4	163
Redemption of City and County Property sold for Taxes.	1861	478
Recorder's Salary	1861	556
	1861	556-7
December 1- December 1	1862	467
Recorder's Deputies	1863	170
	1867-8	348
Recorder's Newspapers	1862	141
Registration and Election Expenses	1867-8	654
reconstruction and recetton Expenses	1865-6	288, 509
Rents of School Houses	1863	169
	1863-4	162
Repairs to Public Buildings	1862	467
	1867-8	161
Repairs to Roads	1861	565
Repairs to Roads, First District	1865-6 1867-8	82
Repairs to Streets	1865-6	168 437
Repairs to Streets in front of School Lots.	1863-4	163
	1863-4	162
Repairs to School Houses	1837-8	558
Relief of County Clerk's Deputies	1867-8	68
. S		
Salaries—See items under appropriate letters.		
Sending Insane to Stockton	1860	273
School Fund—Items under appropriate letters.		
School Fund—Special	1865-6	302
Sheriff's Salary	1831	555
(1861	555
Sheriff's Deputies	1863-4	503
	1865-6	624
Special For Fund Statements Proposers at	1867-8	220
Special Fee Fund—Statements, Transfers, etc	1861	557-8
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1855.	1851 1855	387
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1858	1858	286 187
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1858. Sinking Fund—Bonds 1860, School.	1860	102
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1861, School	1861	242-3
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1862 and 1863, San Francisco and		
San José Railroad	1861	201
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1833-4, Judgment	1862 Orders 547 and 580	265-6
Sinking Fund-Bonds 1834-5, Pacific Railroad	1833	383
Sinking Fund—Bonds 1836-7, School	1865-6	303
	1862	172
Stamps	1865-6	534
State Poll Tax	1861	439
State Cahool Ammuniting	1865-6	413
State School Apportionment. State Tax Levy.		

INDEX TO STATUTES-CONTINUED.

	Statutes.	Page.
State and County Licenses-See different classes under	r	
appropriate Letters.		
Street Repairs. Street Department Fund	. 1865–6	437
Street Department Fund	. 1865-6	437
Street Repairs—Front of School Lots	. 1863-4	163
Street Light Fund	1858 1862	46 468
Street Light Pullu	1865-6	437
Street Superintendent's Salary		557
		532
Street Superintendent's Deputies' Salaries	1867-8	160, 365
Superintendent of Schools-Salary		557
Superintendent of Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph	. 1863-4	504
Surveyor's Salary	. 1861	555
Subsistence of Prisoners		173
Small Pox Hospital Expenses	. 1863	169
Squares, Grading and Improving (annual)		* 551
Special Counsel (annual)	1856	479 167
Special Counsel, Fueblo Suit	1863	169
	M 1 37 - 0 1000	103
Special Counsel, City Slip Suits	with Board of Su-	
·	pervisors.	
Stationery, etc., for City and County Officers		559
Stationery, etc., for School Department	. 1863-4	162
Stationery, etc., for Fire Commissioners	. 1865–6	139
	1857	271, 347
	1858	75, 221, 235 143, 144, 272
	1830	1,43, 144, 272
	1861	59, 170, 412,
		478
1	1862	67, 265, 459, 466
Supervisors, Acts conferring further powers	}	168, 540, 560,
	1863 }	
	1000 1	574, 724, 763 42, 347, 388,
	1863-4	437, 446, 502
	1865-6	82, 520, 663
	1867-8 {	160, 168, 575,
G-1 - 1 T- 0.1	(716
School Deficiency Tax.	. 1867-8	424
School Building Tax Street Assessments against U. S. Property—Payment of,	. 1867-8	558
Surveying Pueblo Lands	. 1867-8 1867-8	148 161
Sheriff's Counsel Fees.	1867-8	220
Special Counsel—Wetmore Case.	1867-8	662
Supervisors' Salaries		702
Sale of San Francisco and San José Railroad Stock	. 1867-8	716
State School Tax	. 1863-4	209
T		
Treasurer's Salary	. 1861	556
Treasurer's Deputies' Salaries	[] 1861	556
	1863	169
Tax Collector's Salary	1862	239
Tax Collector's Deputies and Auctioneer	1862 1867-8	239 292
Tax Levy and Apportionment		436-8
Taxes, State Poll	1861	439
Tax Settlement, (annual)	1859	350
Tax on Premiums of Insurance	1862	244-5
Tax, State, Levy	. 1867-8	679
Teachers' Salaries	. 1863-4	162
Theatre Licenses	. 1863	252
Transfers—Special Fee to General Fund	. 1861	558
Transfers—School Fund to Interest Accounts	(1860	102
Transfers—School Fund to Sinking Funds	1801	242
Transfers—General Fund to Kearny Street Fund.		303 31
	1 125b7-8	

INDEX TO STATUTES-CONTINUED.

	Statutes.	Page.
Urgent Necessity	1862 1867–8	467 161
Visiting Physician and Surgeon of Hospital	1860	274
Water for Schools	1863-4 1861 1856 1867-8	162 576 173 161
Y Yerba Buena Park	1860 1863-4 1867-8	274 502 161

MEMORANDUM.

Number of Demands Audited during the year	10,219
Number of Receipts issued for money paid into the	
Treasury	809
Number of State and County Licenses issued	14,092
Number of Municipal Licenses issued	6,982
Number of Poll Tax Receipts issued	16,467
Number of Street Assessments examined and signed.	650
Number of Bonds issued, with 30 coupons on each	50

EXPENSES OF AUDITOR'S OFFICE.

Salary of Auditor.....\$4,000 00

Salary of one Clerk		
Books, Stationery and Advertising	426 78	
		\$6,226 78
Fees received and paid into Treasury.		2,670 00
Net expense of office in excess of fees.		\$3,556 78

San Francisco, August 1st, 1868.

HENRY M. HALE, City and County Auditor.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

City and County Treasury, San Francisco, July 23, 1868.

To the Honorable the President and Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen: In accordance with resolution No. 8,566 of your honorable body, I herewith submit my Annual Report for the fiscal year 1867-8.

California June 30, 1867, inclu-			
sive	\$63,917	17	
Receipts during the year	1,031,671	95	
-			\$1,095,589 12
Disbursements in settlement with			
Controller of State			1,051,432 95
Balance June 30, 1868, inclusive.			\$44,156 17
Balance at credit of City and County			
June 30, 1867, inclusive	\$272,060	69	
Receipts during the year	2,457,143	79	
-			\$2,729,204 48
Disbursements during the year			2,567,363 57
Balance on hand June 30, 1868	.0		\$161,840 91

Respectfully submitted by

The balance at anodit of the State of

O. KLOPPENBURG, Treasurer.

TAX COLLECTOR'S REPORT.

Tax Collector's Office, San Francisco, June 30, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors

Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In response to Resolution No. 8,566 of your honorable body, I herewith submit my Annual Report for the fiscal year 1867-8, ending with this date.

CHAS. R. STORY, Tax Collector.

Valuation

TAX COLLECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1867-8, END-ING JUNE 30TH, 1868.

Upon the Assessment Rolls for said fiscal year, the assessed valuations of Real Estate and Personal Property appear as are hereinafter shown, to wit:

REAL ESTATE.

Amount of Roll	\$58,188,413	00
Add Duplicate and overpayments.		
Total amount charged by Auditor to Tax Collector on Real Estate Account		\$58,207,861 85
Carried forward		\$58,207,861 85

Brought forward	Valuation.	Valuation. \$58,207,861 85
PERSONAL PRO	OPERTY.	
Amount of Roll	\$51,152,613 350	
Total amount charged by Auditor to Tax Collector on Personal Property Account		51,152,963 88
Total Real Estate and Personal Property		\$109,360,825 73
HENRY M. HALE, AUDITOR, IN ACCO	OUNT WITH	TAX COLLECTOR.
Dr.		
REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT for	Valuation.	Valuation.
Cash paid Treasurer on		\$53,950,666 85
Duplicate and Erroneous As-		400,000,000
sessments		51,460 00
Balance due		1,200 00
		1,200 00
Exemptions from Taxation by		
Law, on Property of United	** ***	0.0
States		
State of California	33,750	00
City and County of San Fran-		
cisco	1,381,116	00
Protestant Churches	467,840	00
Hebrew Congregations	160,400	00
Roman Catholic Church	501,364	00
Incorporated and Benevolent		
Institutions	277,960	00
Total Exemptions of Real Es-		
tate		4,204,535 00
Total amount charged by Aud-		
itor to Tax Collector on		
Real Estate Account, as		
above shown		\$58,207,861 85
. 8		Contract of the Contract of th
		. 15

	Valuation.	Valuation.
Personal Property Account for		
Cash paid Treasurer on	-	\$24,519,295 81
Duplicate and Erroneous As-		
sessments, inclusive of Mort-		
gages Satisfied and Canceled		
prior to Assessment		1,337,467 62
Exemptions from Taxation by		2,001,201
Law, on Property of Asy-		
lums, Libraries, etc	\$39,125 00	
	11,100 00	
Foreign Consuls	11,100 00	
Total Exemptions of Descend		
Total Exemptions of Personal		
Property		50,225 00
Property which was found to		
have been Assessed, and		
Taxes thereon paid, in other		
Counties in this State	,	524,042 00
Mortgage Assessments in sus-		
pense\$2	3,631,374 18	
Shipping and Water Craft, not		
to be found	232,511 00	
Sundry Personal Property As-		
sessed to parties, who (as		
well as the property assess-		
ed) have disappeared, or the		
parties are now in destitute		
circumstances	373,490 00	
Delinquent, and presumed to	313,430 00	
	404 550 05	,
be collectable	484,558 27	
•		04 504 000 45
		24,721,933 45
Total amount charged by Aud-		
itor to Tax Collector on Per-		
sonal Account, as above		
shown		\$51,152,963 88

RECAPITULATION AS TO COLLECTION OF TAXES OF 1867-8.

The Rate of Taxation was \$3 on each \$100 of Valuation, and the apportionment thereof as follows:

CITY AND COUNTY TAXES.	STATE TAX.
LEVIED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.	FIXED BY STATUTE.
Cents. General Fund. 60 School Fund. 35	Cents. General State Purposes 30% Interest and Redemption of Bonds
Street Department Fund	of 1857
Expenses	diers' Relief Bonds
Corporation Debt Fund	Interest and Redemption of Line Officers' Bonds
Bonds of 1863-4	Interest on Pacific R. R. Bonds. 8 Construction of State Capitol 10 Militia Purposes (in lieu of Military Poll Tax) 5
and San José Railroad Bonds. 2½ Interest Account Bonds of 1863-4. 7½ Interest Tax Account San Fran-	Insane Asylum Purposes 3 Total for State Purposes \$1 13
cisco and San José R.R. Bonds 2 Pacific Railroad Interest Tax Account	Total for City and County Purposes
Total for Sundry Debts and Interest	Total on each \$100 valuation \$3 00
Total for City and County Purposes\$1 87	
Collections on Real Estate	Valuation. Taxes\$53,950,666 85 \$1,618,520 00
Collections on Personal Property	
Total	.\$78,469,962 66 \$2,354,098 88

CASH	PAID	INTO T	THE TR	EASURY	BY T	HE	TAX	COLLECTOR
		DURIN	G THE	FISCAL	YEAR	186	7–8.	

Taxes 1867–8—Real Estate	\$1,618,520	00	
Taxes 1867–8—Personal	735,578		
Turos 2001 o 2 orsonaria.	•		\$2,354,098 88
01 now cont on Powered Delin			φ2,001,000 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on Personal, Delin-	#90 2	20	
quent	\$285	22	
5 per cent. on Personal, Delin-			
quent	4,269	71	
5 per cent. on Real Estate, Delin-			
quent	8,586	57	
			13,141 50
Total Taxes and Percentages for			
1867–8			\$2,367,240 38
1001-0			φ2,501,240 00
TAXES OF PRIOR FI	SCAT. VEARS		
	SOAL TEATS.		
Taxes of 1866–7	\$6,262	30	
Taxes of 1865-6	15,382	46	
Taxes of 1864–5	12,888		
Taxes of 1863-4	7,258	64	
Taxes of 1862-3	5,517		
Taxes of 1861–2	2,731		
Taxes of 1857–8	17		
Taxes of 1057-6			
Taxes of 1856–7	5	18	
Total			50,063 49
5 per cent. for said prior years			2,421 29
Sundry Taxes and Percentages col-			
lected during 1867-8			\$2,419,725 16
200. 0			φ2,410,120 10
State Poll Taxes of 1867 and 1868			\$30,533 70

COMMISSIONS COLLECTED FROM THE STATE	AND PAID INTO	THE TREASURY.
Tax Collector's Commissions from		
the State		\$11,149 66
Received for 1,258 Tax Sale Cer-		
tificates, at \$2		2,516 00
Received for 142 Tax Deeds, at \$4		568 00
Received for Advertising Delin-		
quent Lists		3,517 45
Sundry Commissions, Extra Fees,		
etc., paid Treasurer		\$17,751 11
		Control manual angelomes A
EXPENSES OF THE	OFFICE.	
Tax Collector's Salary	\$4,000 00	
Deputies' Salaries	6,380 64	
Clerks' Salaries	4,160 00	
Auctioneer's Salary	200 00	
Advertising, General	2,076 37	•
Advertising Delinquent Lists	2,590 88	
Books and Stationery	1,111 18	
Total	•	\$20,519 07
Deduct Commissions and Fees paid		
Treasurer		17,751 11
Excess of Expenses over Commis-		
sions and Fees paid into Treas-		A0 707 00
ury		\$2,767 96

REPORT ON WIDENING OF KEARNY STREET.

"In the matter of Widening Kearny Street and Third Street, in the City and County of San Francisco."

The "Transcript of the Report and Award of the Commissioners of Appraisal and Assessment, appointed to assess damages and benefits to the several persons interested in the widening of said streets, made pursuant to the order and direction of the Mayor of said City and County," was received at this office on Monday, September 16th, 1867, the same day on which the Real Estate Assessment Roll for 1867–8 was turned over to the Tax Collector; hence the subsequent proceedings were similar in both cases, the statute providing that these assessments "shall be collected in the manner prescribed by law for the collection of general taxes in said City and County." (See Statutes 1863–4, page 353, Section 14, Fifth.)

	Currency.
Total of Excess for benefits over awards for dam-	
ages, as shown by the said Transcript, all of	
which was collected	\$578,723 35
Five per cent. collected for delinquency on 19 lots	
sold	122 67
Received for 19 Certificates of sale, at \$2 each	38 00
Received for Advertising 183 lots delinquent, at	
50 cents each	91 50
	-
	\$579,975 52
Cash, in Currency, paid Treasurer	543,439 49
Retained, awaiting termination of suits for re-	
covery of amounts paid under protest	\$36,536 03

San Francisco, June 30, 1868.

CHAS. R. STORY,

Tax Collector.

ASSESSOR'S REPORT.

· Assessor's Office, San Francisco, August 1, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen: In compliance with resolution No. 8,566 of your honorable body, passed June 29th, 1868, I submit herewith a Report of matters connected with the Office of City and County Assessor, for the fiscal year 1867–8, ending June 30th, 1868.

Salary of Assessor from July 1, 1867, to July 1, 1868.	\$4,000 00
Salary of Deputies from July 1, 1867, to July 1, 1868.	. 17,488 33
Books, Maps, Blanks and Stationery, from July 1	,
1867, to July 1, 1868	1,320 76
Total:	\$22,809 09
Deduct State's proportion $\frac{100}{305}$ of \$22,809 09	7,478 39
,	
City and County's proportion is	\$15,330 70
v I I	

The Assessment Roll of Personal Property delivered on the first Monday in June last, for the fiscal year, amounts to \$41,-027,202 60, of which \$8,386,555 41 are solvent debts secured by mortgage.

There are also nearly \$16,000,000 of mortgages held by the different Savings and Loan Societies, which were not included in this Roll, for the reason that in their sworn statements it is stated that they have none; the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank being the only exception.

The Assessor, in his judgment and construction of the law concerning sworn statements, has accepted the same as made by said Societies, and has since referred to the City and County Attorney for instructions in relation thereto, a copy of which is respectfully submitted, viz:

Assessor's Office, San Francisco, June 6, 1868.

H. M. Hastings, City and County Attorney, San Francisco County:

Dear Sir: Your attention was (I believe, by the Board of Equalization,) called to the fact that many of the Savings and Loan Societies of this city, in making sworn statements of their personal property for the fiscal year 1868-9, have omitted to include all mortgages held by them, giving, verbally, as a reason therefor, that their mortgages were nothing more than "solvent debts," upon which they were not assessable, inasmuch as their solvent debts were not in excess of their liabilities. So far I have acted in compliance with my interpretation of the law, in the acceptance of these sworn statements. I shall complete the Real Estate Roll by the first of next month, at which time the Supplemental Roll will be taken up and completed as soon as practicable, and in order to facilitate which, you will please give me the necessary advice or instruction whether said mortgages shall be assessed in said Roll for the fiscal year 1868-9 or not.

Most respectfully, your obedient servant,

(Signed.)

BEN E. HARRIS, City and County Assessor.

Office of the City and County Attorney, San Francisco, July 28, 1868.

Sm: In answer to your inquiry, I have to say that I see no reason why you may not accept the sworn statements of the Savings and Loan Societies in regard to their personal property for the fiscal year of 1868–9.

Very respectfully,

(Signed.)

HORACE M. HASTINGS,

City Attorney.

Ben E. Harris, City and County Assessor.

The Supplemental Roll is now being made up by the Assessor, who will include therein all mortgages recorded on and after the 15th day of April last, up to which time only were mortgages assessed in the Original Roll of Personal Property, and should the City and County Attorney so direct, the mortgages of the Savings and Loan Societies will also be included in said Supplemental Roll.

The Real Estate Roll has this day been completed and turned over to the Clerk of your honorable body. The valuation of property contained therein is \$65,452,965.

Enclosed herewith I submit for your approval a copy of my Annual Report to the Surveyor General of the State, together with a Report of Statistics of the Manufactures and Mechanical Industries of this City and County, which I hope may serve as an appendix to this Report.

All of which is most respectfully submitted.

BEN E. HARRIS, Assessor.

REPORT TO THE SURVEYOR GENERAL.

Assessor's Office, City and County of San Francisco, August 1, 1868.

Hon. J. W. Bost, Surveyor General State of California:

Sig.: In compliance with the law of 1866 (California Statutes, page 201), herewith I hand you statistical report of the agricultural products of the County of San Francisco, together with a report of the manufactures and mechanical industries of this city and county for the year 1867.

In making up this report I have endeavored, so far as possible, to make it full and complete in every particular, but owing to many reasons, not fully known to me, I have experienced much difficulty in obtaining the necessary data to make such report as was doubtless contemplated by the passage of said law.

The penalty provided in the premises rests alone upon the Assessor, while it is evident to me that it should apply with equal force to all, especially those in charge of manufacturing and agricultural pursuits, in order that something like an approximate idea might be formed. A conception of the worth and benefit of statistics can be derived only from their correctness and extent; hence the importance of an imperative obligation to give data in relation thereto. There are many extensive commercial and mechanical enterprises which have been commenced and perfected during the past year, too elaborate for detail, the synopsis of which may be found in their regular order. There are also many in the process of organization at the present time, which have likewise been mentioned in this Report, but with reference to capacity only. The facts connected with manufac-

tures and mechanical industries for 1867 show, as was contemplated by the Assessor in his last Annual Report, an interesting degree of prosperity and mechanical success; and, judging the future by the past and present indications, I think the statistics of 1868 will show a handsome and reliable increase. In submitting the following list, where the articles are small and varied the value only is set down.

AXLE GREASE MANUFUCTORY.	1
Men employed	5
Rosin used, barrels	1,000
Butter used, pounds	12,000
BELLOWS MANUFACTORY.	1
Men employed	4
Horse power of Engine	5
Value of manufactures	\$10,000
BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTORIES.	3
Men employed	22
Tables made	97
Average value of Tables	\$4 50
BOX MANUFACTORIES.	5
Men employed	169
Lumber used (Pine, Fir and Spruce) feet	5,600,000
Spanish Cedar used	160,000
Horse power of Engines	90
BRASS FOUNDRIES.	5.
Men employed	0
Value of manufactures	\$143,000
The of manufactures in the second sec	φ1±0,000
GLASS WORKS.	2
Men employed	86
Furnaces	2
Pots	15
Value of manufactures(Not reported.)	
Capacity of works per month(Not reported.)	

BREWERIES.	21
Men employed	153
Beer made, barrels	120,300
Monthly capacity, barrels	9,750
BROOM AND WOODEN WARE MANUFACTORIES.	7
Men employed	66
Brooms made, dozen	35,000
Pails, dozen	6,500
Tubs, nests, 4 each	1,650
Zinc Washboards, dozen	3,800
Barrel Covers, dozen	450
Peach Baskets, dozen	600
Sieves, dozen	800
Broom Handles, dozen	26,500
Butter Moulds, dozen	400
Cheese Safes, dozen	450
Salt Boxes, dozen	2,200
Syrup Kegs, number	8,000
Powder Kegs, number	6,000
CANDLE MANUFACTORY.	1
Men employed	11
Candles made, boxes	15,000
Capacity per year, Candles, boxes	25,000
CHEMICAL WORKS.	3
Men employed	15
Nitrate of Soda used, tons	250
·Sulphur consumed, tons	450
Sulphuric and Nitric Acid made, tons	520
Sulphate of Copper made, tons	125
Capacity of works per day, Sulphuric Acid, tons	4
Capacity of works per day, Nitric Acid, tons	1
1 0,,,	
CIGAR MANUFACTORIES.	60
Men employed	1,132
Monthly capacity	3,000,000
Cigars made	

REPORT TO SURVEYOR GENERAL.	125
CORDAGE FACTORY.	1
Men employed	50
Horse power of Engines.	150
Hemp manufactured, tons	1,000
Capacity of works per year, tons	1,750
Capacity of works per year, tons	1,700
DRY DOCK.	
[See Historical Report.]	
	44
FLOUR MILLS.	- 11
Men employed	131
Flour made in 1867, barrels	410,400
Pearl Barley, tons	210
Hominy, tons	630
Farina, tons	100
Oatmeal, tons	500
Groats, tons	53
Buckwheat and Rye Flour, tons	1,950
Feed Barley, ground, tons	5,700
Run of Stone	42
Horse power of Engines	711
Aggregate daily capacity of mills, barrels Flour	2,005
FURNITURE, ETC., MANUFACTORIES.	8
Men employed	_ 138
Horse power of Engines	20
Value of manufactures	\$170,000
GAS METER MANUFACTORY.	1
Men employed	4
Value of manufactures	\$4,000
	•,
GLASS-CUTTING WORKS.	2
Men employed	6
Value of manufactures	\$8,500
	40,000
GOLD AND SILVER REFINERY.	1
Men employed	5
Gold and Silver refined, ounces	1,500,000
	1,000,000

HOSE AND BELTING MANUFACTORIES.	2
Men employed	17
Hose made, feet	14,000
Belting made, feet	75,000
Horse Collars made, dozen	500
Hose and Belting Leather used, sides	2,800
Collar Leather used, feet	50,000
IRON FOUNDRIES AND BOILER SHOPS.	17
Men employed ,	1,073
Pig Iron used, tons	9,080
Bar Iron used, tons	1,754
Sheet and Boiler Iron used, tons	2,004
Rivets of Iron used, tons	190
IRON DOOR, SHUTTER AND SAFE SHOPS.	7
Men employed	84
Sheet Iron used, tons	542
Bar Iron used, tons	589
Cast Iron used, tons	9
	4
Cast Steel used, tons.	
Cast Steel used, tons	4
Cast Steel used, tons. GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed	1
GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed	1 21
GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed	1 21 500
GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed Glue made, tons Neat's-foot Oil made, gallons Curled Hair made, pounds	1 21 500 5,000
GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed Glue made, tons Neat's-foot Oil made, gallons Curled Hair made, pounds Capacity per day for Glue, tons	1 21 500 5,000 20,000
GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed Glue made, tons Neat's-foot Oil made, gallons Curled Hair made, pounds	1 21 500 5,000 20,000 30
GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed Glue made, tons. Neat's-foot Oil made, gallons Curled Hair made, pounds. Capacity per day for Glue, tons. Capacity per day for Oil, gallons.	1 21 500 5,000 20,000 30
GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed Glue made, tons Neat's-foot Oil made, gallons Curled Hair made, pounds Capacity per day for Glue, tons Capacity per day for Oil, gallons LAST MANUFACTORY.	1 21 500 5,000 20,000 30 200
GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed Glue made, tons. Neat's-foot Oil made, gallons Curled Hair made, pounds. Capacity per day for Glue, tons. Capacity per day for Oil, gallons. LAST MANUFACTORY. Men employed.	1 21 500 5,000 20,000 30 200
GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed Glue made, tons Neat's-foot Oil made, gallons Curled Hair made, pounds Capacity per day for Glue, tons Capacity per day for Oil, gallons LAST MANUFACTORY.	1 21 500 5,000 20,000 30 200
GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed Glue made, tons. Neat's-foot Oil made, gallons Curled Hair made, pounds. Capacity per day for Glue, tons. Capacity per day for Oil, gallons. LAST MANUFACTORY. Men employed.	1 21 500 5,000 20,000 30 200
GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed Glue made, tons Neat's-foot Oil made, gallons Curled Hair made, pounds Capacity per day for Glue, tons Capacity per day for Oil, gallons LAST MANUFACTORY. Men employed Value of manufactures	1 21 500 5,000 20,000 30 200 1 4 \$7,000
GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed Glue made, tons Neat's-foot Oil made, gallons Curled Hair made, pounds Capacity per day for Glue, tons Capacity per day for Oil, gallons LAST MANUFACTORY. Men employed Value of manufactures LEAD AND SHOT WORKS.	1 21 500 5,000 20,000 30 200 1 4 \$7,000
GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed Glue made, tons Neat's-foot Oil made, gallons Curled Hair made, pounds Capacity per day for Glue, tons Capacity per day for Oil, gallons LAST MANUFACTORY. Men employed Value of manufactures LEAD AND SHOT WORKS. Men employed	1 21 500 5,000 20,000 30 200 1 4 \$7,000
GLUE MANUFACTORY. Men employed Glue made, tons Neat's-foot Oil made, gallons Curled Hair made, pounds Capacity per day for Glue, tons Capacity per day for Oil, gallons LAST MANUFACTORY. Men employed Value of manufactures LEAD AND SHOT WORKS. Men employed Quantity of Lead manufactured, tons	1 21 500 5,000 20,000 30 200 1 4 \$7,000

REPORT TO SURVEYOR GENERAL.	127
LINSEED OIL WORKS. Men employed	
Flax Seed used, tons. Oil made, gallons.	300 25,000
Capacity per day, Oil, gallons	900
Malt manufactories. Men employed	$\frac{6}{18}$
Grain malted, Barley, 100-pound sacks	68,250
Men employed	5 41
Matches made, gross	94,500
Men employed	1 5
Silvering Tables. Value of manufactures	\$20,000
	920,000
Men employed	14
	100
Pianos made	122 \$350
Average value of each instrument	\$350 1
Average value of each instrument	\$350
Average value of each instrument. PYROTECHNIC WORKS. Men employed. Value of manufactures. ROLLING MILLS.	\$350 1 4 \$7,000
Average value of each instrument PYROTECHNIC WORKS. Men employed Value of manufactures ROLLING MILLS. Men employed Horse power of Engines.	\$350 1 4 \$7,000
Average value of each instrument PYROTECHNIC WORKS. Men employed Value of manufactures ROLLING MILLS. Men employed	\$350 1 4 \$7,000 1 58
Average value of each instrument. PYROTECHNIC WORKS. Men employed Value of manufactures. ROLLING MILLS. Men employed Horse power of Engines. [Further Statistics the Superintendent could not give in due time for this Report.] SALT MILLS. Men employed.	\$350 1 4 \$7,000 1 58
Average value of each instrument. PYROTECHNIC WORKS. Men employed Value of manufactures. ROLLING MILLS. Men employed Horse power of Engines [Further Statistics the Superintendent could not give in due time for this Report.] SALT MILLS. Men employed Salt ground, Domestic, tons Salt ground, Foreign, tons	\$350 1 4 \$7,000 1 58 300
Average value of each instrument. PYROTECHNIC WORKS. Men employed Value of manufactures. ROLLING MILLS. Men employed Horse power of Engines [Further Statistics the Superintendent could not give in due time for this Report.] SALT MILLS. Men employed Salt ground, Domestic, tons	\$350 1 4 \$7,000 1 58 300 5 35 4,500

SASH AND DOOR MANUFACTORIES.	7
Men employed	. 261
Value of manufactures	
SAW MILLS.	8
Men employed	
Lumber sawed, feet.	
Saws run	
Horse power of Engines.	
Horse power of Engines	. 400
	16
SOAP MANUFACTORIES.	
Men employed	
Soap made, pounds	
Washing Powder made, pounds	
Capacity of works per month, pounds	. 1,000,000
STAVE FACTORY.	1
Men employed	
Horse power of Engine	
Capacity, Staves per day	3,000
STEAM MARBLE SAW WORKS.	1
Men employed	
Horse power of Engine	
Saws run (one Gang)	25
Value of manufactures(Not reported.)	1
value of managactures(1700 reported.)	,
SUGAR REFINERIES.	3
Men employed	
Horse power of Engines	
Raw Sugar used, pounds	
Refined Sugar made, pounds	20,254,000
Syrup made, gallons	
Capacity of works per day (raw sugar) pounds	165,000
TOOL AND FILE MANUFACTORIES.	. 2
Men employed	13
Value of manufactures	\$14,000

REPORT TO SURVEYOR GENERAL.	129
TANNERIES.	1.5
Men employed	122
Tan Bark used, cords	2,487
Hides tanned, No	16,350
Calf Skins tanned, dozen	950
Kip and Sheep Skins tanned, dozen	2,054
TRUNK MANUFACTORIES.	2
Men employed	30
Value of manufactures	\$37,000
TYPE FOUNDRY.	1
Men employed	35
Value of manufactures	\$28,000
Capacity of works per year	\$50,000
	4
VINEGAR MANUFACTORY	1
Man employed	1 45 000
Vinegar made, gallons	45,000
	4
WIRE GOODS MANUFACTORY	1
Men employed	12
Value of manufactures	\$25,000
	9
WOOLEN MILLS	3
Men employed.	750
Horse power of Engines	350
Sets of cards	29
Mules and Jacks	40
Looms	11 000
Spindles.	11,000 94,500
Blankets made, pairs.	161,600
Broad cloth, Cassimeres and Tweeds, yards Flannel, yards	845,000
Flannel Shirts and Drawers, dozen	10,000
Wool used, pounds	3,000,000
moor asea, pounds	0,000,000

The California Dry Dock Company, a corporation formed in August, 1867, have two dry docks—a stone dry dock and a float-

ing dry dock—in complete working order, at Hunter's Point, in the City and County of San Francisco.

The dimensions of the stone dry dock are as follows:

Length on keel blocks	421	feet.
Width on top	120	feet.
Width at bottom in the clear	60	feet.
Perpendicular depth	32	feet.
Denth of water on miter sill at mean high tide	22	feet.

Will take in a ship drawing 22 feet of water without lighterage. The formation of the rock in which the dock has been dug is serpentine, and exhibits no fissures or seams.

The sides of the dock are lined with 10 by 10-inch Puget Sound pine, so arranged as to form a series of steps. These timbers are securely anchored into the rock with $1\frac{1}{2}$ -inch bolts, California manufacture, and sulphured with sulphur from the Borax Lake Works.

The keel blocks are of laurel, from Russian River, California.

The dock is opened and closed by a floating caisson gate, strongly constructed of the best Oregon pine, caulked, copper-bottomed and fastened with composition bolts, spikes and tree nails.

DIMENSIONS OF CAISSON.

Length	92 feet.
Beam	20 feet.
Keel	68 feet.
Depth of hold	24 feet.

A double steam engine, with the necessary pumps, is placed on the caisson for pumping purposes and working the gates and valves.

ENGINES AND PUMPS.

There are two high-pressure engines, 22-inch cylinders, four foot stroke, used for pumping out the dock. The engines are supplied with steam from four tubular boilers, each 16 feet in length and 54 inches in diameter, and together having a fire surface of 3,800 square feet, and burning 2,000 pounds per hour.

There are two centrifugal pumps, the invention of Col. A. W. Von Schmidt and J. H. Von Schmidt, of this city.

Each of these pumps will discharge 30,000 gallons per minute,

and at an average rate of speed will empty the dock of water in two hours.

The pumps, engines and boilers were built at the foundry of the Vulcan Iron Works Company.

The floating dry dock is moved between two piers about 75 yards from the entrance of the stone dry dock.

It is constructed of the strongest Oregon pine, and is of the following dimensions:

Width	 . 80 feet.
Length	 . 210 feet.

Respectfully submitted by

BEN. E. HARRIS, Assessor for City and County of San Francisco.

STATISTICS, JANUARY 1, 1867, TO JANUARY 1, 1868.

COMPILED FROM THE BOOKS OF THE ASSESSOR OF SAN FRANCISCO COUNTY,
FOR REPORT TO THE SURVEYOR-GENERAL.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.

Land Inclosed, acres 18,500 Land Cultivated, acres 3,200 Wheat, acres 20 Wheat, bushels 500 Barley, acres 300 Barley, bushels 5,000 Oats, acres 600 Oats, bushels 3,500 Peas, acres 21 Peas, bushels 300 Beans, acres 31 Beans, bushels 450 Potatoes, acres 880 Potatoes, bushels 35,000 Onions, acres 25 Onions, bushels 700 Hay, acres 310 Hay, tons 400 Beets, tons 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES Apple Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20 Quince Trees 15 <		Number.
Wheat, acres. 20 Wheat, bushels. 500 Barley, acres. 300 Barley, bushels. 5,000 Oats, acres. 600 Oats, bushels. 3,500 Peas, acres. 21 Peas, bushels. 300 Beans, acres. 31 Beans, bushels. 450 Potatoes, acres. 880 Potatoes, bushels. 35,000 Onions, acres. 25 Onions, bushels. 700 Hay, acres. 310 Hay, tons. 400 Beets, tons. 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons. 39 Butter, pounds. 1,200 Cheese, pounds. 2,800 Honey, pounds. 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES. Apple Trees. 1,600 Peach Trees. 800 Plum Trees. 400 Cherry Trees. 260 Nectarine Trees. 260	Land Inclosed, acres	18,500
Wheat, bushels. 500 Barley, acres. 300 Barley, bushels. 5,000 Oats, acres. 600 Oats, bushels 3,500 Peas, acres. 21 Peas, bushels 300 Beans, acres 31 Beans, bushels 450 Potatoes, acres 880 Potatoes, bushels 35,000 Onions, acres. 25 Onions, bushels 700 Hay, acres 310 Hay, tons. 400 Beets, tons. 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons. 39 Butter, pounds. 1,200 Cheese, pounds. 2,800 Honey, pounds. 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES. Apple Trees. 1,600 Peach Trees. 900 Plum Trees. 400 Cherry Trees. 260 Nectarine Trees. 200	Land Cultivated, acres	3,200
Wheat, bushels 500 Barley, acres 300 Barley, bushels 5,000 Oats, acres 600 Oats, bushels 3,500 Peas, acres 21 Peas, bushels 300 Beans, acres 31 Beans, bushels 450 Potatoes, acres 880 Potatoes, bushels 35,000 Onions, acres 25 Onions, bushels 700 Hay, acres 310 Hay, tons 400 Beets, tons 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES Apple Trees 1,600 Peach Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20	Wheat, acres	20
Barley, acres 300 Barley, bushels 5,000 Oats, acres 600 Oats, bushels 3,500 Peas, acres 21 Peas, bushels 300 Beans, acres 31 Beans, bushels 450 Potatoes, acres 880 Potatoes, bushels 35,000 Onions, acres 25 Onions, bushels 700 Hay, acres 310 Hay, tons 400 Beets, tons 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES Apple Trees 1,600 Peach Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20		500
Oats, acres 600 Oats, bushels 3,500 Peas, acres 21 Peas, bushels 300 Beans, acres 31 Beans, bushels 450 Potatoes, acres 880 Potatoes, bushels 35,000 Onions, acres 25 Onions, bushels 700 Hay, acres 310 Hay, tons 400 Beets, tons 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES Apple Trees 100 Pear Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20		300
Oats, bushels 3,500 Peas, acres. 21 Peas, bushels 300 Beans, acres 31 Beans, bushels 450 Potatoes, acres 880 Potatoes, bushels 35,000 Onions, acres. 25 Onions, bushels 700 Hay, acres 310 Hay, tons 400 Beets, tons 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES Apple Trees 110 Peach Trees 110 Pear Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20	Barley, bushels	5,000
Peas, acres. 21 Peas, bushels 300 Beans, acres 31 Beans, bushels 450 Potatoes, acres 880 Potatoes, bushels 35,000 Onions, acres. 25 Onions, bushels 700 Hay, acres 310 Hay, tons 400 Beets, tons 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES Apple Trees 1,600 Peach Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20	Oats, acres	600
Peas, bushels 300 Beans, acres 31 Beans, bushels 450 Potatoes, acres 880 Potatoes, bushels 35,000 Onions, acres 25 Onions, bushels 700 Hay, acres 310 Hay, tons 400 Beets, tons 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES Apple Trees 1,600 Peach Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 260	Oats, bushels	3,500
Beans, acres 31 Beans, bushels 450 Potatoes, acres 880 Potatoes, bushels 35,000 Onions, acres 25 Onions, bushels 700 Hay, acres 310 Hay, tons 400 Beets, tons 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES Apple Trees 110 Pear Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20	Peas, acres	21
Beans, bushels 450 Potatoes, acres 880 Potatoes, bushels 35,000 Onions, acres 25 Onions, bushels 700 Hay, acres 310 Hay, tons 400 Beets, tons 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES Apple Trees 110 Pear Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20	Peas, bushels	300
Beans, bushels 450 Potatoes, acres 880 Potatoes, bushels 35,000 Onions, acres 25 Onions, bushels 700 Hay, acres 310 Hay, tons 400 Beets, tons 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES Apple Trees 110 Peach Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20	Beans, acres	31
Potatoes, bushels 35,000 Onions, acres. 25 Onions, bushels 700 Hay, acres 310 Hay, tons 400 Beets, tons. 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons. 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds. 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES. Apple Trees. 1,600 Peach Trees. 800 Plum Trees. 400 Cherry Trees. 260 Nectarine Trees 20	Beans, bushels	450
Potatoes, bushels 35,000 Onions, acres. 25 Onions, bushels 700 Hay, acres 310 Hay, tons 400 Beets, tons. 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons. 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES. Apple Trees 110 Pear Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20	Potatoes, acres	880
Onions, acres. 25 Onions, bushels 700 Hay, acres. 310 Hay, tons. 400 Beets, tons. 97 Turnips, tons. 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons. 39 Butter, pounds. 1,200 Cheese, pounds. 2,800 Honey, pounds. 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES. Apple Trees. 110 Pear Trees. 800 Plum Trees. 400 Cherry Trees. 260 Nectarine Trees. 20		35,000
Hay, acres 310 Hay, tons 400 Beets, tons 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES Apple Trees 110 Peach Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20	Onions, acres.	25
Hay, tons 400 Beets, tons 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES Apple Trees 1,600 Peach Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20	Onions, bushels	700
Beets, tons. 97 Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons. 39 Butter, pounds. 1,200 Cheese, pounds. 2,800 Honey, pounds. 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES. Apple Trees. 1,600 Peach Trees. 800 Plum Trees. 400 Cherry Trees. 260 Nectarine Trees. 20	Hay, acres	310
Turnips, tons 169 Pumpkins and Squashes, tons 39 Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES. Apple Trees 1,600 Peach Trees 110 Pear Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20	Hay, tons	400
Pumpkins and Squashes, tons. 39 Butter, pounds. 1,200 Cheese, pounds. 2,800 Honey, pounds. 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES. Apple Trees. 1,600 Peach Trees. 110 Pear Trees. 800 Plum Trees. 400 Cherry Trees. 260 Nectarine Trees. 20	Beets, tons	97
Pumpkins and Squashes, tons. 39 Butter, pounds. 1,200 Cheese, pounds. 2,800 Honey, pounds. 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES. Apple Trees. 1,600 Peach Trees. 110 Pear Trees. 800 Plum Trees. 400 Cherry Trees. 260 Nectarine Trees. 20	Turnips, tons	169
Butter, pounds 1,200 Cheese, pounds 2,800 Honey, pounds 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES. Apple Trees 1,600 Peach Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20	Pumpkins and Squashes, tons	39
Cheese, pounds. 2,800 Honey, pounds. 150 FRUIT TREES AND VINES. Apple Trees. 1,600 Peach Trees. 800 Plum Trees. 400 Cherry Trees. 260 Nectarine Trees. 20		1,200
Honey, pounds		-
Apple Trees. 1,600 Peach Trees. 110 Pear Trees. 800 Plum Trees. 400 Cherry Trees. 260 Nectarine Trees. 20		150
Apple Trees. 1,600 Peach Trees. 110 Pear Trees. 800 Plum Trees. 400 Cherry Trees. 260 Nectarine Trees. 20		
Peach Trees. 110 Pear Trees. 800 Plum Trees. 400 Cherry Trees. 260 Nectarine Trees. 20		
Pear Trees 800 Plum Trees 400 Cherry Trees 260 Nectarine Trees 20	Apple Trees	1,600
Plum Trees. 400 Cherry Trees. 260 Nectarine Trees. 20	Peach Trees	110
Cherry Trees260Nectarine Trees20		800
Nectarine Trees	Plum Trees	400
Nectarine Trees	Cherry Trees	260
Quince Trees	Nectarine Trees	20
	Quince Trees.	15

STATISTICS.	133
N21112N2AVN4	200
Apricot Trees	15
Fig Trees	12
Gooseberry	400
Raspberry	200
Strawberry Vines	40,900
Grape Vines	134
LIVE STOCK.	
Horses	8,100
Mules	200
Cows	3,130
Calves	·85
Beef Cattle	60
Oxen	45
Total number of Cattle.	11 690
Sheep.	11,620 135
	3,100
Hogs.	6,875
Chickens	529
Turkeys	$\begin{array}{c} 525 \\ 275 \end{array}$
Geese	3,872
Ducks	25
Hives of Bees	20
IMPROVEMENTS.	11
Grist Mills	11 11
Steam Power	
Run of Stone	42
Barrels of Flour made	410,400
Bushels of Corn ground	9,867
Saw Mills.	8
Steam Power	8
Lumber sawed, feet	14,510,000
Woolen Mills	3
Pounds of Wool used	3,000,000
Railroads	7
Miles in Length	30
nines in Dengui	50

Land cultivated in 1867, acres	,200
Acres of Wheat sown in 1867	20
Acres of Barley sown in 1867	300
Assessed Value of Real Estate, including improve-	
ments	5 00
Assessed Value of Personal Property (assessed	
after the sitting of the Board of Equalization). \$41,027,20	2 60
Estimated Total Population (increasing) 140	,000
Registered Voters up to August 1, 1868 24	,112
Poll Tax collected in 1867, by Tax Collector \$44,66	00

I hereby certify that the above statement is true and correct.

BEN. E. HARRIS, Assessor San Francisco County.

RECORDER'S REPORT.

Hall of Records, San Francisco, August 1st, 1868.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen: In compliance with Resolution No. 8,566, of your Honorable Board, adopted June 29th, I herewith transmit the Annual Report of transactions in the Hall of Records for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1868:

RECEIPTS.

Fees collected and paid into Treasury			\$51,501	50
EXPENDITURES.				
Salary of Recorder	\$4,000	00		
Chief Deputy's Salary	2,100			
Second Deputy's Salary	1,800	00		,
Third Deputy's Salary, 3 months, at				
\$150	450	00		
Porter's Salary	900	00		
Amount paid Clerks for Copying				
205,874 folios, at 12 cents	24,704	88		
Books and Stationery	3,136	76		
Newspapers	92	50		
			37,184	14
Cumulua			\$14,317	26
Surplus			Ø14,011	90

LIST OF PRINCIPAL BOOKS OF RECORD.

	Vols.
Deeds, A to N, inclusive	14
Deeds, 1 to 450, inclusive	450
Mortgages, A to F, inclusive	6
Mortgages, 1 to 236, inclusive	236
Homestead Claims	18
Marriage Licenses	9
Marriage Records	4
Powers of Attorney	25
Releases of Mortgages, "A," and 1 to 43 iffclusive	44
Covenants	8
Lis Pendens	8
Sheriff's Certificates	9
Attachments, A, B, C, D, and 1 to 9 inclusive	13
Liens	10
Leases	31
Separate Property of Wife	4
Miscellaneous, 1 and 2, "BB," and A to V, inclusive	25
Transcripts of Judgments	3
Chattel Mortgages	9
Tax Deeds	, 15
Sole Traders	1
Bonds	2
Deeds of Trust	4
Certified Grants	5
Four volumes Deaths, Births and Divorces	4
Books of Original Grants and Spanish Records	24
Marriage Contracts	1
Limited Partnerships	1
General Indexes	51
Indexes of Deeds	39
Indexes of Mortgages	13
Miscellaneous Indexes	48
Description Books Tax Sales, 57–58 to 67–68, inclusive	11

1,145

LIST OF INSTRUMENTS RECORDED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH, 1868.

Bonds	1	1	:	1	က	63	9	—	က	1	ಣ	2	24
Sole Traders	9	4	6.1	7	တ	1	0.1	0.1	:	Н	1	:	23
Tax Deeds	21	20	4	4	2	က	П	:	67	00	П	4	75
Chattel Mortga- ges	9		TO.	ಬ	9	9	9	41	9	CJ	:	1-	54
Transcripts of Judgments	-	4		೦೦	7	4	73	70	က	1-	က	:	43
Miscellaneous	28	20	18	H	17	53	21	32	24	25	10	19	263
Assignments of Mortgages	11	61 a	6	0	00	FQ.	21	12	22	18	6	11	154
Separate Property of Wife	က	4	-	=	10	67	:	П	64	-	ಣ	1	24
Tax Certificates.	24	87	36	12	13	1	0	33	37	ᅰ	1-	103	325
Leases, Assign- nients and Sur- renders	37	49	18	51	27	38	44	28	21	20	51	65	539
Liens	(C)	00	10	6	12	ro.	Ø	П	4	ĭū	9	ಣ	89
Attach nents	00	10	25	16	10	12	11	11	18	11	13	15	166
Sheriff's Certifi- cates	9	9	က	14	10	9	15	70	14	16	1	4	106
Lispendens	44	16	12	11	00	00	20	17	26	45	21	12	200
Covenants	100	9	9	00	12	4	41	10	25	24	23	17	144
Satisfaction of Mortgages	59	20	62	49	200	22	62	88	101	97	91	73	859
Powers of Attorney, Substitution and Revocation	33	32	14	17	31	17	28	34	33	34	32	19	324
Marriage Licenses	17.	50	88	127	2.2	119	68	88	66	59	219	154	1,380
Homesteads, Declarations and	23	00 00	28	20	20	19	26	30	33	25	26	27	305 1
Abandonments MORTGAGES	165	877	177	217	195	181	164	219	225	230	218	215	434
DEEDS	546	772	979	702	665	899	654	923	,053	951	208	718	986 2,
									Τ,				∞
-	July	August	September	October	November.	December.	January	February.	March	April	May	June	,496.
	J.	Aı	Š	ŏ	Z	Ď	-Ja	H	M	AI	M	Ju	, 16
,	1867				•		1868-						Total, 16,496

I would recommend that the surplus funds to the credit of this office be placed as a Sinking Fund for the purpose of erecting a more commodious Hall of Records, to be built of stone and iron, so as to be completely fire-proof, and detached from all other buildings.

Should the business of this office continue to increase in the same ratio for the next five years that it has for the past year, the present Hall will not be large enough to hold the books and accommodate the public.

Respectfully submitted,

E. W. LEONARD, County Recorder.

COUNTY CLERK'S REPORT.

OFFICE OF THE COUNTY CLERK,
OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO,
SAN FRANCISCO, July 30, 1868.

To the Honorable the Mayor and Members
of the Board of Supervisors—

Gentlemen:—In compliance with the Resolution of your Honorable Body, adopted on the 29th June last, I submit the following Report of the condition of the County Clerk's Office, and of the business transacted in its several departments, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868.

Very respectfully,

WASHINGTON BARTLETT, County Clerk.

ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE COURTS OF RECORD IN AND FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT.

Judge Hon. E. D. SAWYER.
Deputy County Clerk and Minute
ClerkJohn F. Boden.
Deputy County Clerk and Register
ClerkJames E. Ashcom.
Deputy County Clerk and Assistant
Register Clerk
Deputy Sheriff and BailiffB. Dougherty.
Court Commissioner
Official ReporterP. J. Malone.

TWELFTH DISTRICT COURT.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT COURT.

COUNTY COURT.

COUNTY COURT.	
Judge Hon. E. W. McKinsti	EY.
Deputy County Clerk and Minute	
Clerk	
Deputy County Clerk and Register	
ClerkBERT. McNulty.	
Deputy Sheriff and Bailiff	
Official Reporter	
Official Reporter	
PROBATE COURT.	
Judge	
Deputy County Clerk and Minute	
ClerkA. J. Jeghers.	
Deputy County Clerk and Assistant	
Probate Clerk	
Copying Clerk	
FOURTH, TWELFTH AND FIFTEENTH DISTRICT COUR	rs.
CAUSES ON FILE IN SAID COURTS JUNE 30, 1868.	
In the Fourth District Court (transferred from Court of First Instance)	1,472
In the Fourth District Court (transferred from Supreme Court)	6,306
In the Fourth District Court	14,453
In the Twelfth District Court	14,364
In the Fifteenth District Court.	4,118
	40 240
Total number of causes on file	40,713
· ·	
NUMBER OF ACTIONS COMMENCED IN THE DISTRICT COURTS SINCE JULY	1, 1859.
Actions commenced during the year ending June 30, 1860	1,668
Actions commenced during the year ending June 30, 1861	1,832
Actions commenced during the year ending June 30, 1862	1,884
Actions commenced during the year ending June 30, 1863	1,778
Actions commenced during the year ending June 30, 1864	1,853
Actions commenced during the year ending June 30, 1865	2,348 $2,126$
Actions commenced during the year ending June 30, 1867	2,360
Actions commenced during the year ending June 30, 1868	2,854
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	,

NUMBER OF ACTIONS COMMENCED IN THE DISTRICT COURTS DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH, 1868, AND THE DISPOSITION MADE OF THEM.

. How Disposed of.	Fourth District Court.	Twelfth District Court.	Fifteenth District Court.	Totals.
Discontinued. Adjudicated. Still Pending. Transferred.	192 615	77 156 581 11	89 204 828 11	247 552 2,024 31
Totals	897	825	1,132	2,854

CHARACTER OF ACTIONS COMMENCED IN THE FOURTH, TWELFTH AND FIF-TEENTH DISTRICT COURTS DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH, 1868.

Character of Actions.	Fourth District Court.	Twelfth District Court.	Fifteenth District Court.	Totals.
For Money	295	195	395	885
For Ejectment.	203	226	264	693
For Recovery of Personal Property	14	14	20	48
For Foreclosure of Mortgage.	24	14	32	70
For Enforcement of Lien	8	3	6	17
For Injunction.	17	15	18	50
For Partition of Real Estate.	7	6	4	17
To Quiet Title against the City	5	2	9	16
To Quiet Title against the City	27	22	29	78
	10	9	5	24
To Compel Conveyance		11	3	14
To Set aside Conveyance	5	11	3	5
To Perpetuate Testimony	5	2	2	9
To Dissolve Partnership	14	23	4	39
To Declare Trust	1 1			
	7			1 7
For Leave to Mortgage Real Estate	92	47	134	
For Divorce	92			273
For Mandamus	16	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	3
For Habeas Corpus.		3	-	21
For Leave to act as Sole Trader	$\frac{12}{2}$		16	31
For Submission to Arbitration	2	1	3	6
For Violation of Passage Act		8		8
For Delinquent Taxes	44	52	60	156
For False Imprisonment	4		6	10
For Libel	1	1	4	6
For Slander	7	6	6	19
For Malicious Prosecution	3		6	9
For Breach of Promise of Marriage	5	1	3	9
For Breach of Contract		10	7	17
For Personal Injuries	19	10	29	58
For Injuries to Property	17	2	6	25
For Street Assessments	28	110	18	156
On Transfer from other Courts		7	6	13
Miscellaneous	5	21	35	61
TTL 4. S			1 100	0.021
Totals	897	825	1,132	2,854

ATTACHMENT SUITS COMMENCED DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH, 18	68.
Fourth District Court	90
Twelfth District Court	.15 .
Fifteenth District Court	12
Total.	117
10001	ELI

JUDGMENTS ENTERED IN THE FOURTH, TWELFTH AND FIFTEENTH DISTRICT COURTS DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th, 1868.

Character of Judgments.	Fourth District Court.		Fifteenth District Court.	Totals.
For Money	114	118	179	411
For Possession of Personal Property	3	5	- 6	14
For Possession of Real Property	19	21	11	51
For Foreclosure of Mortgage	13	5	6	24
For Partition of Real Estate	$ 2 \rangle$	1	1	4
To Confirm Partition of Real Estate		1		1
For Foreclosure of Liens	33	43	3	79
To Quiet Title against the City	. 1		1	2
To Quiet Title against others	. 32	19	9	60
To Compel Conveyance	. 5	5	1	11
To Compel Execution of Agreement	. 1		1	2
For Divorce	. 43	22	75	140
For Injunction	. 1	4	2	7
For Nonsuits and Dismissals	. 27	2	21	50
Miscellaneous		2	3	9
Total Number of Judgments	. 298	248	319	865

AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF MONEY JUDGMENTS RENDERED IN THE DISTRICT COURTS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH, 1868.

Fourth District Court		
Twelfth District Court	1,073,881	40
*Total	\$2,557,346	

APPEALS TAKEN FROM THE FOURTH, TWELFTH AND FIFTEENTH DISTRICT COURTS TO THE SUPREME COURT, DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH, 1868.

·	
Fourth District Court	
Twelfth District Court	53
Fifteenth District Court	42
Total number of Appeals 1	.53

DISPOSITION MADE IN THE SUPREME COURT, DURING THE LAST YEAR, OF APPEALS TAKEN FROM THE FOURTH, TWELFTH AND FIFTEENTH DISTRICT COURTS.

	Fourth District Court.	Twelfth District Court.	Fifteenth District Court.	Totals.
Judgments Affirmed Judgments Reversed Appeals Dismissed.	5	12 8 4	12 5 .1	42 18 12
Number of Appeals Decided	30	24	18	72

CRIMINAL ACTIONS IN THE DISTRICT COURTS DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH, 1868.

	Indictments Filed and Transferred.	Murder.	Kidnapping.
Fourth District Court. Twelfth District Court Fifteenth District Court.			1

	Convictions.	Acquittals	Continued	Appeals.	No. suffered the Penalty of Death.
Fourth District Court			2		
Twelfth District Court			1		
Fifteenth District Court			1		

NATURALIZATION OF FOREIGNERS.

Number of Declarations of Intention made during the year	
ending June 30th, 1868	719
Number of Certificates of Citizenship issued	1,365

DECLARATIONS OF INTENTION.

The Nationalities of Foreigners who made Declarations of Intention are as follows:

	Great Britain and Ireland	437	
-	Denmark	17	
	France	24	
-	Norway and Sweden	28	
	Russia.	11	
	Austria	11	
	Italy	7	
	Holland	1	
	Portugal	2	
	Switzerland	9	
	Belgium	1	
	Prussia	117	
	Hungary	1	
	Mecklenburg Schwerin	3	
	Hanover	9 .	
-	Spain	3	
	Bavaria	10	
	Hamburg	3	
	Baden	5	
	Saxe Coburg Gotha	1	
	Oldenburg	2	
	Hesse Darmstadt	2	
	Luxemburg	1	
	Greece	1	
	Bremen	1	
	Wurtemberg	4	
	Turkey	3	
	Saxony	3	
	Lubeck	1	
	Hawaiian Islands	1	
			7

CERTIFICATES OF NATURALIZATION

Issued in the Fourth, Twelfth and Fifteenth District Courts, and Nationalities of Naturalized Citizens.

Scotland	32
Australia	13
Wales	5
Bavaria	39
Ireland.	701
Hesse Darmstadt	12
England	70
Denmark	27
Prussia	164
Canada	18
Baden	8
Italy	5
Holland	5
Germany	67
Switzerland	8
France	26
Schlewig Holstein	4
Norway and Sweden	23
Prince Edward's Island	2
Hanover	46
West Indies	2
Mecklenburg Schwerin	2
Nova Scotia	4
Russia	12
Hamburg	9
Bremen	5
Portugal	9
Belgium	9
New Brunswick	3
Wurtemberg	6
Saxony	7
Carried forward	,343

COUNTY COURT.	141
Brought forward	
Austria 6	
Newfoundland 3	
Hesse Cassel 5	
Mexico	
Equador 1	
Chili	
Holstein. 1	
Bohemia	
Lubeck 1	
	1,365
·	
COUNTY COURT.	
[CIVIL.]	
[
Increase of Causes during the year ending June	
30th, 1868	590
Whole number of Causes on File	6,895
Of these 590 Causes were—	
On Appeal from Justice's Court 428	
On Appeal from Police Court	
Original Actions and Proceedings 117	500
	590
CHARACTER OF ORIGINAL ACTIONS AND PROCEEDINGS.	
Dissolution of Incorporations	4
Habeas Corpus	2
Change of Name	2
Change of Grade	3
Board of Pilot Commissioners	2
Forcible Entry and Unlawful Holding Over	104
Total	117

CHARACTER OF JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

For Money	232
For Possession of Property	59
For Dismissal of Actions	62
For Dismissal of Appeals	39
For Change of Name	2
Total	394

APPEALS.

During the last year ten Appeals were taken from the County Court to the Supreme Court in civil cases. Six of these Appeals are still pending. In three of them the Judgment of the Court was affirmed, and in one the Appeal was dismissed. There were also six Appeals from the proceedings in the matter of the Widening of Kearny Street and Third Street. In these Appeals the judgment of this Court was affirmed.

In the matter of the extension of Montgomery and Connecticut Streets, in the City and County of San Francisco, there were filed in this Court on the 13th day of January, 1868, copies of the records and proceedings for the extension of these streets. On the 17th of April, 1868, Commissioners to assess damages and awards arising from this undertaking were appointed by the County Judge; said Commissioners qualified on the 22d of April. There is a protest filed against this proceeding, on the part of Selim E. Woodworth, which matter is now pending and undetermined.

In the matter of the proceedings of William H. Joliffe and John Delavan against the Board of Pilot Examiners for the Ports of San Francisco, Mare Island and Benicia, on mandamus from this Court to said Board, to certify and transmit all of their proceedings in regard to the dismissal of said Joliffe and Delavan, Pilots, by said Board, is still pending and undetermined.

There are pending before the Court and Judge proceedings on the part of the Clear Lake and Lake Merced Water Companies, for the appointment of Commissioners to condemn certain lands and waters in the vicinity of the lake known as Laguna de la Merced. There are pending, also, petitions on the part of certain property holders for the appointment of Commissioners to assess damages and benefits arising out of proposed changes of grades of streets, under a recent Act of the last Legislature, giving power to the Board of Supervisors to regulate the grade of streets, and providing for parties interested, to petition the County Court for the appointment of Commissioners to assess damages arising therefrom.

INSANE.

INSANE.

Total number of persons committed from this County to	
the Insane Asylum, from the 30th of June, 1867, to the	
30th of June, 1868	169
Nativity as follows—	
,	
United States	
Ireland 56	
France	
Germany 15	
England	
Italy	
Hanover. 4	
Prussia. 4	
China	
Poland	
Chili	
Switzerland. 2	
Portugal 1	
Denmark	
· ·	
Unknown	169
Whole purchase of commitments as a second size of other	109
Whole number of commitments on record since October,	1 0770
1858	1,076
Number of insane committed during the year ending June	0.0
30, 1864	90
Number of insane committed during the year ending June	
30, 1865	116

Number of insane committed during the year ending June	
30, 1866	100
Number of insane committed during the year ending June	
30, 1867	134
Number of insane committed during the year ending June	
30, 1868	169
CORONER'S INQUESTS.	
Number of inquests filed during the last fiscal year	150
Whole number of inquests on file	1,016
	_,
ATTORNEYS' OATHS.	
Number of Attorneys' oaths filed during the last fiscal	
vear	13
,	10
INCORPORATIONS.	
Number of Certificates of Incorporations filed within the	170
fiscal year ending June 30, 1868	179
Whole number of Certificates of Incorporations on file in	2 040
the Office of the County Court	3,940
The character of the Incorporations who filed Certificates	
during the last year is as follows—	
•	41
Gold, Silver and Copper Mining	48
Homestead	13
Benevolent	19
Religious	6
Social and Literary	4
Water	4
Insurance	. 4
Bank	2
Dry Dock.	$-\frac{2}{2}$
Gas	$\frac{2}{2}$
Masonic and Odd Fellows.	1
THE OHILL CHU I CHOTTS	
Carried forward	135

APPEALS FROM POLICE COURT.	151
Brought forward	135
Red Men	2
Wood	2
Petroleum	1
Quicksilver	1
Tin	1
Salt	.1
Fur	1
Powder	1
Canal	1
Steam Navigation	1
Stage	1
Roofing and Pavement	2
Fruit	1
Ship Building	1
Express	1
Iron	1
Prevention of Cruelty to Animals	1
Oyster	1
Sponge	1
Agriculture and Manufacturing	4
Protective Union	7
Boot and Shoe	2
Chiccory	1
Woolen	3
Hidden Treasure	1
Laundry	1
Dramatic	1
Printing and Publishing	2
, ¹	
	179
APPEALS FROM POLICE COURT.	
Number of proceedings appealed from the Police Court	47
Of these are undetermined	
Dismissed	
Reversed4	
	47

MARRIAGE LICENSES,

Issued during the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1868:	
1867—July	129
August	137
September	126
October	165
November	152
December	167
1868—January	137
February	165
March	103
April	162
May	178
June	185
. –	
Total	1,806
Number of Marriage Licenses issued:	
During the year ending June 30th, 1864	1,376
During the year ending June 30th, 1865	1,417
During the year ending June 30th, 1866	1,348
During the year ending June 30th, 1867	1,538
During the year ending June 30th, 1868	1,806

COUNTY COURT.—(CRIMINAL.)

INDICEMENTS FILED DURING THE LAST FISCAL YEAR.	Q	DISPOSITION OF INDICIMENTS, AND OF THE DEFENDANTS THEREIN	F INDICTMEN	TS, AND OF I	HE DEFENDA	NTS THEREIN	٠
Name of the Crime charged in the Indictment.	Number of Indictments	Defendants found guilty.	Defendants not tried.	Indictments Defendants D:smissed. Discharged.	Defendants Discharged.	Defendants forfeited Bail.	Indictments transferred to District Courts.
Assault with a deadly weapon. Assault with intent to murder. Assault to commit rape Assault with intent to commit mayhem Attempt to commit burglary Burgary Grasult with intent to rob Burgary Conspiracy Conspiracy Conspiracy Conspiracy Grand Larceny Grand Larceny Grambling Libel Murder Murder Murder Murder Manslaughter Mayhem Obtaining money by false pretences Petit Larceny Robbery Robbery Rape Crime against nature False imprisonment	72 - 470 23 01 175 01 4 1 1 4 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1	12 02 02 04 44 04 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	4412 881411101111111111111111111111111111111	4 62 H H70 7070 H70 80 H	110000000000000000000000000000000000000	. 1 2 2	A = 1
Totals	736	020	29	43	33	23	c

COUNTY COURT.

[CRIMINAL.]

Number of Indictments filed:	
During the year ending June 30, 1860	147
During the year ending June 30, 1861	
During the year ending June 30, 1862	482
During the year ending June 30, 1863	213
During the year ending June 30, 1864	164
During the year ending June 30, 1865	222
During the year ending June 30, 1866	198
During the year ending June 30, 1867	247
During the year ending June 30, 1868	236
A PROPERTY OF	
. APPEALS.	
Two Appeals were taken to the Supreme Court in Crit	
Cases. In one of these the Judgment of the County Cour	t was
affirmed; the other still remaining undetermined.	
FINES.	
Total Amount of Fines imposed by the County Court	
during the fiscal year \$1,2	50 00
APPEALS FROM THE POLICE COURT.	
Number of Appeals from the Police Court during the year.	. 45
Of these are—	
Undetermined1	6
Judgments Reversed	3
Dismissed	6
· ·	- 45
	MACON MARKET
PROBATE COURT.	
Whole number of Estates	2,972
Estates upon which proceedings were commenced during	,
the year ending June 30, 1868	358
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

Classified as follows—	100
Applications for Probate of Will	109
Applications for Letters of Administration upon Intestate	
Estates	157
Applications for Letters of Guardianship (Minors)	78
Applications for Letters of Guardianship (Insane)	3
Cases transferred from Probate Court, Alameda County	11
Applications dismissed, granted and Letters issued—	
For Probate of Wills, dismissed	4
Letters Testamentary issued	89
Letters of Administration, with the Will annexed	132
Letters of Guardianship (Minors)	70
Letters of Guardianship (Insane)	3
Special Letters of Administration issued	20
Applications still pending; no Letters issued and no	
1 0	
Fees paid—	0
For Letters Testamentary	8
For Letters of Administration, with the Will annexed	3
For Letters of Administration	25
For Letters of Guardianship (Minors)	8
Number of cases in which the legal fees have been remit-	
ted by the Court	6
520 	
VALUE OF ESTATES.	
The value of the Estates, upon which Letters were	
issued during the last fiscal year, is—	
Testate\$2,27	6 000
Intestate	
APPLICATIONS FILED.	
July, 1867	33
August, 1867	27
September, 1867.	23
October, 1867.	34
November, 1867.	38
December, 1867	27
	32
January, 1868	04

February, 1868	30
March, 1868	34
April, 1868	35
May, 1868	21.
June, 1868	24

NUMBER OF ESTATES IN WHICH PROCEEDINGS WERE COMMENCED EACH FISCAL YEAR SINCE JULY 1st, 1859.	DURING
During the year ending June 30, 1860	87
During the year ending June 30, 1861	107
During the year ending June 30, 1862	148
During the year ending June 30, 1863	172
During the year ending June 30, 1864	234
During the year ending June 30, 1865	214
During the year ending June 30, 1866	255
During the year ending June 30, 1867	328
During the year ending June 30, 1868	358
During the year ending valie so, 1000	000
RECORDS IN THE COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE ON THE	FIRST
DAY OF JULY, 1868.	
RECORDS OF ALCALDE GEARY.	
Register, Nos. 1, 2 (Geary)	2
General Index	1
COURT OF FIRST INSTANCE.	
Registers, Nos. 1, 2.	2
General Index	1
Records, A, B, C	3
Plaintiff's Index	1
General Index to Judgments	1
Criminal Record	1
General Index to Book A (Miscellaneous)	1
General Index to Book B.	1
Record of Dismissed and Discontinued Cases	1

SUPERIOR COURT.

[I ransierred to the Fourth District Court.]	
Registers of Actions, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10	10
Judgment Books, A, B, C, D, E	5
Minute Books, A, B, C, D, E, F	6
Docket No. 1	1
	a digital county to
FOURTH DISTRICT COURT.	
FOURTH DISTRICT COOKT.	
General Index (Plaintiffs'), A, B	2
General Index (Defendants'), A	1
Registers of Actions, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M.	13
Judgment Records, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H	8
Dockets, A, B, C, D	4
Minute Books, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I	9
Register of Criminal Causes, A	1
Execution Book, A	1
	10 to 10 to 100
TWELFTH DISTRICT COURT.	
Indices (Plaintiffs'), A, B, C	3
Index (Defendants'), A	1
Registers of Actions, A to M.	13
Minutes of Court, A to G	7
Judgment Records, A to F	6
Judgment Dockets, A to F	6
Execution Book, A	1
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT COURT.	
·	
Index (Plaintiffs').	1
Index (Defendants')	1
Registers of Actions, A, B, C, D, E	5
Minutes of Court, A, B, C	3
Judgment Record, A, B.	2
Judgment Docket, A, B	2
Execution Book, A	1
	A

BOOKS OF NATURALIZATION.

1	Minutes of Naturalization (Fourth District Court), A, B.	2
]	Minutes of Naturalization (Twelfth District Court), A	1
	Minutes of Naturalization (Fifteenth District Court), A	1
]	Declarations of Intention, A, B, C, D, E, F, G	7
	Certificates of Citizenship, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J,	
	K, L, M	11
	[C, F, I, J, K, belong exclusively to the Fourth; G, to the Twelfth; and H, to the Fifteenth District Court.]	
- (General Index to Declarations of Intention, A	1
(General Index to Certificates of Citizenship, A	1
	MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS IN THE COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE.	
7	19	1
	Record of School Land Warrants	1
	Record of Deposits of Money in Court	_
	Record of Filing of Delinquent Tax Lists	1
	Record of Official Bonds	3
	Great Register of Citizens, 3 volumes	1
	Duplicate Report of Kearny Street Commissioners	T
	fi.ar	And the second
	#38 -	
	COUNTY COURT.	
		4
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4	4
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4	
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4 Execution Book, A	1
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4 Execution Book, A General Index of Actions (Civil), A. Registers of Civil Actions, 1, 2, 3, 4.	1
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4 Execution Book, A. General Index of Actions (Civil), A. Registers of Civil Actions, 1, 2, 3, 4 Register of Criminal Actions, 1.	1 1 4
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4 Execution Book, A. General Index of Actions (Civil), A. Registers of Civil Actions, 1, 2, 3, 4 Register of Criminal Actions, 1. Minutes of Court (County), 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.	1 1 4 1
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4 Execution Book, A. General Index of Actions (Civil), A. Registers of Civil Actions, 1, 2, 3, 4. Register of Criminal Actions, 1. Minutes of Court (County), 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. Judgment Dockets, A, B, C.	1 1 4 1 6
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4 Execution Book, A. General Index of Actions (Civil), A. Registers of Civil Actions, 1, 2, 3, 4. Register of Criminal Actions, 1. Minutes of Court (County), 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. Judgment Dockets, A, B, C. Minutes of Court of Sessions, 1, 2, 3, 4.	1 1 4 1 6 3
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4 Execution Book, A. General Index of Actions (Civil), A. Registers of Civil Actions, 1, 2, 3, 4. Register of Criminal Actions, 1. Minutes of Court (County), 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. Judgment Dockets, A, B, C. Minutes of Court of Sessions, 1, 2, 3, 4. Register of Court of Sessions.	1 1 4 1 6 3 4
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4 Execution Book, A. General Index of Actions (Civil), A. Registers of Civil Actions, 1, 2, 3, 4. Register of Criminal Actions, 1. Minutes of Court (County), 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. Judgment Dockets, A, B, C. Minutes of Court of Sessions, 1, 2, 3, 4.	1 1 4 1 6 3 4 1
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4 Execution Book, A. General Index of Actions (Civil), A. Registers of Civil Actions, 1, 2, 3, 4 Register of Criminal Actions, 1. Minutes of Court (County), 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Judgment Dockets, A, B, C. Minutes of Court of Sessions, 1, 2, 3, 4 Register of Court of Sessions Record of Bonds.	1 1 4 1 6 3 4 1
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4 Execution Book, A. General Index of Actions (Civil), A. Registers of Civil Actions, 1, 2, 3, 4 Register of Criminal Actions, 1. Minutes of Court (County), 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Judgment Dockets, A, B, C. Minutes of Court of Sessions, 1, 2, 3, 4. Register of Court of Sessions. Record of Bonds. Records of Incorporations, 1, 2.	1 1 4 1 6 3 4 1 1 2
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4 Execution Book, A. General Index of Actions (Civil), A. Registers of Civil Actions, 1, 2, 3, 4 Register of Criminal Actions, 1. Minutes of Court (County), 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Judgment Dockets, A, B, C. Minutes of Court of Sessions, 1, 2, 3, 4. Register of Court of Sessions. Record of Bonds. Records of Incorporations, 1, 2. Index of Incorporations.	1 1 4 1 6 3 4 1 1 2
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4 Execution Book, A. General Index of Actions (Civil), A. Registers of Civil Actions, 1, 2, 3, 4. Register of Criminal Actions, 1. Minutes of Court (County), 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. Judgment Dockets, A, B, C. Minutes of Court of Sessions, 1, 2, 3, 4. Register of Court of Sessions. Record of Bonds. Records of Incorporations, 1, 2. Index of Insolvents. Index of Protests to Street Grades	1 1 4 1 6 3 4 1 1 2 1
	Judgment Books, 1, 2, 3, 4 Execution Book, A. General Index of Actions (Civil), A. Registers of Civil Actions, 1, 2, 3, 4 Register of Criminal Actions, 1. Minutes of Court (County), 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Judgment Dockets, A, B, C. Minutes of Court of Sessions, 1, 2, 3, 4. Register of Court of Sessions. Record of Bonds. Records of Incorporations, 1, 2. Index of Insolvents.	1 1 4 1 6 3 4 1 1 2 1 1

3

2

4

4

1

Index of Indentured Apprentices
Index of Coroner's Inquests
Index of Marriage Licenses (males) 1
Index of Marriage Licenses (females) 1
Applications for Marriage Licenses, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 5
Commitments to Insane Asylum 7
Final Report of Kearny Street Commissioners, 1 1
Record of Dissolution of Incorporations 1
PROBATE COURT.
The state of the s
PROBATE COURT.
PROBATE COURT. Succession, A
PROBATE COURT. Succession, A

Letters of Administration, 1, 2, 3

Letters Testamentary

General Index, A.....

RECEIPTS OF FEES DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE '30, 1868. PAID INTO THE SPECIAL FEE FUND.

Months.	4th District		15th District	County	Probate	Totals.
Montus.	Court.	Court.	Court.	Court.	Court.	Totals.
July, 1867	\$1,441 25	\$475 00	\$656 50	\$487 50	\$228 50	\$3,288 75
August, 1867	2,311 75		1.037 00	516 25	220 50	4.854 50
Sept., 1867.	1,147 45			470 50	182 50	3,125 95
Oct., 1867	753 20		711 50	542 25	321 00	2,989 95
Nov., 1867	642 50	719 75	691 50	646 00	604 70	3,304 45
Dec., 1867	592 75	484 00	478 00	615 50	348 50	2,518 75
Jan., 1868	743 00	504 75	753 25	486 25	326 65	2,813 90
Feb., 1868	573 75	464 00	860 00	518 25	247 50	2,663 50
March, 1868	848 25	471 75	674 50	392 75	580 00	2,967 25
April, 1868.	1,987 75	1,919 50	2,174 50	574 50	349 00	7,005 25
May, 1868	702 25	454 00	698 25	557 50	340 00	2,752 00
June, 1868	709 25	613 50	579 00	551 00	574 50	3,027 25
		-				
Totals	\$12,453 15	\$8,283 25	\$9,893 50	\$6,358 25	\$4,323 35	\$41,311 50

NOTE. -The receipts in the County Court include \$3,612 for 1,806 Marriage Licenses.

EXPENDITURES	DURING	THE	YEAR	ENDING	JUNE	30.	1868.

Salaries of County Clerk and Deputies	\$26,775 00
Copyists	3,372 66
Stationery and Records for Offices and Courts	3,434 31
Total	\$33,581 97
RECAPITULATION.	
. RECAPITULATION. Total Receipts	\$41,311 50
	\$41,311 50 33,581 97
Total Receipts.	
Total Receipts.	33,581 97

COURT TAXES AND APPEAL FEES.

The following amounts were paid to the District Judges during the last fiscal year, resulting from a tax of \$3, collected by the Clerk on the filing of each suit and of each Notice of Appeal:

To the Judge of the Fourth District Court	\$2,664 00
To the Judge of the Twelfth District Court	2,451 00
To the Judge of the Fifteenth District Court	3,333 00

\$8,448 00

FINES.

Amount of Fines inflicted by the County Court and
paid into the Police Fund during the Fiscal Year
ending June 30, 1868

\$1,250 00

REGISTRATION OF CITIZENS.

Number of cit	izens registered	up to July 1,	186716,550
Number of cit	tizens registered	from July 1,	1867, to June
20 1969			7 201

23,941

DEPOSITS IN COURT.

Amount on deposit in Court July 1, 1867	
	Coin. Currency.
County Treasurer) \$8,41	
Deposited July 1, 1867, to June 30, 1868. 21,82	7 48 12,860 95
\$30,23	8 45 \$14,036 40
Amount withdrawn during the last fiscal	. ,
year by order of Court	6 99 12,612 20
Amount remaining on deposit July 1, 1868 \$6,20	1 46 \$1,424 20
The second of th	
There has also been deposited with the Clerk,	
the widening of Kearny street, the following ar	nounts, awarded
as follows:	
To Adele Lefevre, et al	
To H. Steinneger	
To Jean P. Mansiet	
To John Branger	
To Abel Guy	
To Abel Guy	
To Anton Nolting.	
To Gustav Dussol	
To Jac. E. Jorgensen	
To Marie Vioget, et al	8,482 17
To J. Jacoby	
To Mary Small	6,551 80
To Charles J. Wingerter	5,885 63
To Frederick Hess, et al	18,428 29
T	****
Total in Currency	\$116,395 85

TABLE OF RECEIPTS OF FEES AND OF EXPENDITURES IN THE COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE FROM JULY 1, 1859, TO JUNE 30, 1868,

	Fees Received.	Expenditures	Balance of Receipts over Expenditures
Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1860 Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1861		\$23,749 92 23,185 35	
Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1862 Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1863	23,291 72 22,786 84	22,020 90	\$270 82
Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1864 Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1865	28,815 80 33,201 30	24,353 23	4,462 57
Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1866 Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1867		30,842 90	986 80
Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1868			

Respectfully submitted,

WASHINGTON BARTLETT, County Clerk.

REPORT OF THE CHIEF OF POLICE.

Police Office, San Francisco, August 1, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors

Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In response to Resolution No. 8,566, I herewith present my Report of the operations of the Police Department for the year ending June 30, 1868:

Schedule "A."—showing the number and classification of arrests made by the Police during the year.

Schedule "B."—An exhibit of the amount of property reported as stolen and lost, and the amount recovered by the Police for the year ending June 30, 1868.

Schedule "C."—Showing the number of witnesses subpœnaed for the Police Judge's Court; nuisances on private property abated; street obstruction notices served, and lost children restored to their parents or guardians, by the Police, for the year ending June 30, 1868.

Schedule "D."—Cash received from Sheriffs of other counties, Masters of vessels and others, for the keeping of prisoners in the City Prison, for the year ending June 30, 1868.

Schedule "E."—A list of unclaimed money and property in the possession of the Chief of Police, to June 30, 1868.

The number of Policemen employed and paid by the City is the same as it was at the date of my last report; namely, four Captains of Police and eighty Policemen.

.01

POLICE TELEGRAPH.

The Police Telegraph has been in use during the year, connecting Central Office with—

Harbor Police Station,
Mission Station,
Fourth and Harrison Street Station,
Hayes Park Station,
Jones and Pacific Street Station, and the
Chief's House.

The instruments of the telegraph have not worked well recently, and I learn that the Committee of your Board intend to replace them with better ones.

I would respectfully suggest that, as soon as possible, provision be made in suitable localities for durable and substantial District Police Stations, in place of those which are now mere shells or sentry boxes. It would seem that the growth of the city and the public convenience would justify a reasonable expenditure for this purpose.

Better ventilation of the City Prison has been suggested by the Grand Jury, and it is hoped may soon be provided.

The Detective Department have been usually successful in the detection and arrest of criminals during the year.

Respectfully,

P. CROWLEY, Chief of Police.

SCHEDULE A.

ARRESTS MADE BY THE POLICE OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH, 1868.

July, 1867	785
August, 1867	905
September, 1867	876
October, 1867	883
November, 1867	
December, 1867	1,000
January, 1868	857
February, 1868	949
March, 1868	1,139
April, 1868	950
May, 1868	1,062
June, 1868	847
	1
	11 111

11,111

CLASSIFICATION OF THE ARRESTS MADE BY THE POLICE, FOR THE YEAR END-ING JUNE 30TH, 1868.

Arson	9
Assault	42
Assault and Battery	1,410
Assault with a Deadly Weapon	113
Assault with intent to commit Rape	12
Assault with intent to commit Robbery	9
Assault with intent to commit Murder	13
Attempt to commit Burglary	9
Bench Warrants	58
Burglary	81
Carrying concealed Weapons	83
Common Drunkards	80
Conspiracy	31
Contempt of Court	1
Cruelty to Animals	5
Delirium Tremens	6

Desertion	103
Drunk	4,140
Embezzlement	16
Enticing Sailors to Desert	2
Escaped from Industrial School	22
Escaped from Orphan Asylum	2
Escaped from Santa Rosa Jail	1
Exhibiting a Deadly Weapon	4
Exhibiting Obscene Books and Pictures	4
False Imprisonment	2
Felony (House-breaking, etc)	32
Felony (Producing Abortion)	2
Forgery	6
For the Almshouse	14
For the Industrial School	81
For the Industrial School (en route)	30
Fraud (Selling Land and Property)	3
Gambling	46
Grand Larceny	192
Grand Larceny (en route)	3
Harboring Escaped Prisoners	2
Highway Robbery	9
Illegal Voting	2
Indecent Exposure of Person	20
Infamous Crime against Nature	1
Insane	1.54
Insane (en route)	21
Kidnapping	4
Keeping a House of Ill-Fame	1
Libel	4
Lodgers	1,523
Malicious Mischief	152
Manslaughter	- 6
Mayhem	9
Misdemeanor.	145
Misdemeanor by Violating City Orders—	
Begging	10
Building in Fire Limits	2

	Committing Nuisance in Public Streets	23
	Disturbing a Public Meeting	6
	Depositing Earth and Dirt in Public Street	15
	Discharging Fire-Arms in City Limits	7
	Disturbing the Peace in the Night	49
	Driving on Sidewalks	17
	Fast Driving	15
	Foul Premises.	53
	Fighting in Public Streets	250
	Getting up a Theater on Christian Sabbath	3
	Relating to Keeping of Gunpowder	1
	Relating to Keeping an Intelligence Office	3
	Saloon and Dance Cellar open after 12 o'clock	14
	Maintaining a Nuisance (Hog Ranch)	1
	Leaking Night Carts	7
	Obstructing Streets and Sidewalks	59
	Peddling without a License	26
	Permitting a Dog at large without a Muzzle	3
	Relating to the Public Pound	2
	Relating to Hacks (Lamps)	6
	Relating to Hydrants in Street	1
	Relating to Swill Carts (Uncovered)	1
	Renting Houses for Purposes of Chinese Prostitution	14
	Selling Lottery and Chances Tickets	9
	Soliciting Prostitution	9
	Unlawfully Boarding Vessels	3
	Unlawfully Breaking up a Street	10
	Unlawfully exploding a Blast	3
	Vulgar and Profane Language	726
	Wearing Male Attire	2
	Wearing Female Attire	4
_		40
	urder	16
	utiny	1
	otaining Money and Goods by False Pretences	31
	erjury	8
	ersonating an Officer	4
	etit Larceny	514
Dr	riconorg (on routo)	5

SCHEDULE A.

167

Rape	5
Receiving Stolen Goods	4
Resisting an Officer	27
Riot	29
Robbery	37
Smuggling	3
State Prisoners (en route)	131
State Reform School (en route)	2
Surrendered by Bondsmen	4
Swindling	9
Threats	25
Threats against Life	22
Uttering Counterfeit Coin	5
Vagrancy	111
Violating Game Law	2
Violating Registry Act	1
Witnesses detained in Prison	49
Total	1,111

SCHEDULE B.

AMOUNT OF PROPERTY REPORTED STOLEN AND LOST, AND AMOUNT RECOVERED BY THE POLICE, FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th, 1868.

Months.	Property Stolen.	Property Lost.	Amount Recovered.	
July, 1867	\$4,096 00	\$1,500 00	\$3,360 20	
August, 1867	3,586 00	250 00	2,826 15	
September, 1867	4,134 00	500 00	3,140 90	
October, 1867	4,982 00	300 00	3,461 40	
November, 1867	7,548 50	777 50	8,122 10	
December, 1867	9,199 50	1,919 00	7,336 90	
January, 1868	3,488 00	632 00	2,727 57	
February, 1868	9,475 00	1,473 00	7,662 80	
March, 1868	4,568 00	830 00	3,778 00	
April, 1868	5,325 50	1,258 50	2,470 75	
May, 1868	3,342 50	685 00	1,503 75	
June, 1868	4,277 40	867 00	14,886 50	
Totals	\$64,022 40	\$10,992 00	\$61,277 02	

SCHEDULE C.

NUMBER OF WITNESSES SUBPENAED FOR THE POLICE JUDGE'S COURT—NUI-SANCES ON PRIVATE PROPERTY ABATED—STREET OBSTRUCTION NOTICES— AND LOST CHILDREN RESTORED TO THEIR PARENTS OR GUARDIANS, BY THE POLICE, FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH, 1868.

Month.	Witnesses Subpoenaed.	Street Obstruction Notices.	Nuisances Abated.	Restored Lost Children.
July, 1867	435	53	29	49
August, 1867	458	45	37	37
September, 1867	424	39	19	35
October, 1867	500	35	28	29
November, 1867	395	42	25	23
December, 1867	460	34	17	11
January, 1868	378	37	21	14
February, 1868	445	33	12	17
March, 1868	510	46	32	25
April, 1868	490	58	27	39
May, 1868	520	39	35	56
June, 1868	472	28	42	65
Totals	5,487	489	324	400

SCHEDULE D.

CASH RECEIVED FROM SHERIFFS OF OTHER COUNTIES, MASTERS OF VESSELS, AND OTHERS, FOR KEEPING OF PRISONERS IN THE CITY PRISON, FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th, 1868.

YEA	R END	ING JUNE 30TH, 1868.	
1867.	,		
July	5.	From Deputy Sheriff D. Lynch, of Shasta	
		county	\$1
	7.	From Deputy Sheriffs Poole and Boggs, of	
		Placer county	4
	8.	From Deputy Sheriff A. J. Pease, of Lyon	
		county, Nevada	5
	12.	From Deputy Sheriff Ellis, of Tulare county.	1
	16.	From Deputy Sherift Johnson, of Placer	
		county	1
	31.	From Sheriff J. H. Adams, of Santa Clara	
		county	1
	C_{ℓ}	arried forward	\$13

	Br	ought forward	\$13
Sept.	15.	From Deputy Sheriff Lee, Matthews, of Los	
		Angeles county	1
	26.	From Deputy Sheriff D.S. Bates, of Calaveras	
		county	3
	27.	From Sheriff M. J. Griffith, of El Dorado	
		county	2
Oct.	8,	From Sheriff Poole, of Placer county	1
	2 3.	From French ship "B. K." per Officer King	12
	2 5.	From French ship "B. K." per King and	
		Coffey	37
Nov.	15.	From Sheriff Adams, of Santa Clara county	4
Dec.	5.	From Sheriff Boyington, of Sierra county	1
	10.	From Sheriff Len Harris, Sacramento county	1
	15.	From Sheriff I L. Borland, of Tuolumne	
		county	1
1868.		·	
Jan.	30.	From Deputy Sheriff W. Bowen, of Tuolumne	
		county	1
Feb.	5.	From Sheriff Lansing, of Sacramento county	1
	14.	From French ship "Limousin," per Officer	
٠		Colter,	15
	25.	From Deputy Sheriff Moore, of Sacramento	
		county	1
March	12.	From Sheriff J. H. Adams, of Santa Clara	
		county	2
	10.	From Sheriff T. W. Lathrop, of San Mateo	
		county	1
	18.	From Sergeant Pearce, U. S. Army	1
	18.	From Sheriff A. P. Spear, of Butte county	1
	18.	From Sheriff J. B. Clarke, of Sutter county.	1
	19.	From Under Sheriff Hall, of Santa Clara	1
	LU.	county	3
	19.	From Under Sheriff Long, of San Joaquin	U
	TU.	county	3
	31.	From Sheriff G. Durham, of Amador county.	1
	31.	From Sheriff Thorne, of Calaveras county	2
	01.	Trom Sherin Thorne, or Caraveras county	4
	C	moried formand	\$100

	Br	rought forward	\$109
April	3.	From Deputy Sheriff J. Rittenger, of Placer	
_		county	1
	9.	From Deputy Sheriff Gillooly, Shasta county	1
	17.	From Sheriff of Los Angeles county	4
	28.	From Deputy Sheriff Morgan, of Los Angeles	
		county	2
May	1.	From Deputy Sheriff Cresears, of Yuba county	1
	1.	From Sheriff F. M. Brown, of Klamath county	1
	11.	From Sheriff Lincoln, of Santa Cruz county.	1
	24.	From Deputy Sheriff L. H. Osgood, of Sierra	
		county	2
June	18.	From Deputy Sheriff Murchie, of Nevada	
		county	1
	23.	From Deputy Sheriff Askey, of Amador county	1
	29.	From Deputy Sheriff Apgar, of Solano county	2
			Ď100
			\$126

SCHEDULE E.

UNCLAIMED MONEY AND PROPERTY IN THE POSSESSION OF THE CHIEF OF POLICE TO JUNE 30TH, 1868.

Lot A.

- No. 1. Twenty-five cents, Alphonso Aryalla, January 1, 1868.
 - One maroon velvet purse, Mrs. Metzgar, December 14, 1867.
 - 3. Thirty cents, two knives and forks, and purse, Joseph Manuel, December 15, 1867.
 - 4. One dollar and twenty-five cents, and key, James Quinn, January 5, 1868.
 - 5. Two dollars and seventy-five cents, John Walters, January 5, 1868.
 - 6. Twenty-five cents, Browning, January 8, 1868.
 - 7. Ten cents, John Kelly, January 6, 1868.
 - 8. Eighty-five cents, Thomas McInney, January 8, 1868.
 - 9. Fifty cents and knife, James Carr, January 10, 1868.

- 10. Fifty cents, pawn-ticket, knife and purse, J. M. Darling, January 10, 1868.
- One dollar, knife and key, James Dalton, January 10, 1868.
- 12. Nineteen dollars and thirty-five cents, one open-face silver watch No. 2,002, cylinder, gold key-slide, and silver chain and purse, Timothy Gleesing, January 10, 1868.
- 13. Twenty-five cents, purse and knife, Michael Shay, January 12, 1868.
- Pocket diary and knife, James O'Brien, January 12, 1868.
- 15. Fifty cents, brass key tagged (28), George Ingolls, January 14, 1868.
- 16. Twenty-five cents, William McGee, January 20, 1868.
- 17. Sixty cents, James Kelly, January 21, 1868.
- 18. Foot-rule, iron key and license, James Hardy, January 23, 1868.
- Seventy-five cents, Joseph Broderick, January 27, 1868.
- 20. Thirty cents, two rings, silver watch No. 1,171, and purse, John McGonigle, January 31, 1868.
- 21. Thirty-one pocket knives, scissors and razor, miscellaneous.
- 22. Fifty-five cents and brass key, Andrew Bigler, February 2, 1868.
- 23. Twenty-five cents, Edward Shields, February 3, 1868.
- 24. Fifty cents, Daniel Farrison, February 3, 1868.
- 25. Eighty-five cents, key, knife and letter, John Armstrong, February 6, 1868.
- Three dollars and twenty-five cents, and knife, James Dow, February 7, 1868.
- 27. One dollar, Edward Johnson, February 7, 1868.
- 28. Memorandum book, bunch of keys and two knives, Charles Augustus, February 13, 1868.
- 29. Lot of grainers' implements, Joseph Martin, February 15, 1868.
- 30. One dollar and twenty cents, Patrick Murray, February 15, 1868.

- 31. Ninety cents, Benjamin Roberts, February 15, 1868.
- 32. Sixty cents, car tickets, purse and knife, Joseph Backus, January 16, 1868.
- 33. Seventy-five cents, James Rooney, February 17, 1868.
- 34. Seventy-five cents and knife, Augustine Le Barron, February 22, 1868.
- 35. Eighty-five cents, Frank Warner, February 22, 1868.
- 36. Two dollars and brass weight, Jack Allman, February 25, 1868.
 - 7. Twenty-one pocket knives, two carpenters' rules, needle case and five keys—miscellaneous.
- 38. One dollar, John C. Stein, March 1, 1868.
- One pair of spectacles and tin case, Thomas Murphy, March 2, 1868.
- 40. Twenty-five cents, Charley, March 4, 1868.
- 41. One pawn-ticket for a pistol, No. 8,559, and knife, John Conley, March 8, 1868.
- 42. Two dollars and eighty-five cents, Chinese documents and purse, Ah Chong.
- 43. One buckle and green silk belt, Mariquita Comer, March 10, 1868.
- 44. Fifty-five cents, Charles Christiansen, March 11, 1868.
- 45. Fifty cents and pocket diary, Wm. H. Tracy, March 14, 1868.
- 46. One scarf pin, James Smith, March 15, 1868.
- 47. One dollar and forty cents, Lee Bak, March 18, 1868.
- 48. One gold scarf pin, garnet setting, Jacob Shultz, March 20, 1868.
- 49. One silver hunting case watch No. 18,272, patent lever, and pocket knife, Peter Quinley, March 21, 1868.
- One dollar and seventy cents coin, three pieces foreign silver coin, pocket knife and papers, Charles Woods, March 22, 1868.
- Twenty-five cents and brass key, Henry Fagan, March 23, 1868.
- 52. Twenty-five cents and pocket knife, Timothy Haggerty, March 23, 1868.

- 53. One gold seal ring, engraved O. H. S., Fred Marble, March 25, 1868.
- 54. One gold specimen, William Gill, March 25, 1868.
- 55. Thirty-four pocket knives, two sheath and case knives, two razors, one cold chisel and six keys—miscellaneous.
- Two pawn-tickets, two keys and purse, Lucy Murray, April 1, 1868.
- One pocket book, containing recipes and papers, car tickets and pocket knife, Henry Jones, April 2, 1868.
- 58. Three dollars and gold scroll brooch, Agnes Cunningham, April 3, 1868.
- 59. Sixty cents, James White, April 4, 1868.
- 60. Razor, sailmaker's palm, knife and book, Patrick Stapleton, April 5, 1868.
- 61. Gold pen and case, black silk tie and pocket knife, Charles Miller, April 6, 1868.
- 62. Twenty-five cents, James H. Clyde, April 6, 1868.
- 63. Five cents, John Hamilton, alias Murray, April 8, 1868.
- 64. Two dollars, Edelbert Heit, April 8, 1868.
- 65. One finger ring, Luke Rooney, April 11, 1868.
- 66. Thirty-five cents, Marin Cash, April 11, 1868.
- 67. Thirty-five cents, knife and key, Patrick Monaghan, April 12, 1868.
- 68. One silver scarf pin and four keys, John Duffy, April 16, 1868.
- 69. Snuff-box and pocket knife, F. Morrelli, April 17, 1868.
- Ten cents, one three-dollar bank note (Washington, D. C., Bullion Bank), searf knot, iron ring and ring and staple, Stephen W. Crandall, April 20, 1868.
- 71. Fifty cents and pocket knife, John Martin Mace, April * 20, 1868.
- 72. Ten cents and pocket knife, William Keating, April 21, 1868.
- 73. Twenty-five cents, pawn-ticket and paper, Frank Lynch, April 22, 1868.

- 74. Thirty-five cents and knife, Larry Willard (boy), April 23, 1868.
- Carpenter's rule, pencil, purse and knife, John Calnau, April 29, 1868.
- 76. Thirty-two pocket knives, two sheath knives, one carpenter's rule and razor—miscellaneous.
- 77. Sixty-five cents, John McCarti, May 1, 1868.
- 78. Ten cents and pocket knife, David Burns, May 1, 1868.
- 79. Ten cents, Neal Devine, May 1, 1868.
- One dollar, gold ring, purse and car ticket, Martin Mahon, May 4, 1868.
- 81. One check (Bank of California, No. 271, for sixteen hundred and twenty dollars, in favor of Oscar Cohn, by J. H. Cohn, per H. Cohn, dated May 2, 1868), May 5, 1868.
- 82. Forty-five cents, Thomas McHenry, May 11, 1868.
- 83. Thirteen dollars and fifty cents, Charles Geggus, May 11, 1868.
- 84. Memorandum book, two keys and knife, Wm. Smith, May 12, 1868.
- 85. Two dollars, John O'Meara, May 13, 1868.
- 86. Crucifix and pocket knife, Robert Grant, May 13, 1868.
- 87. Thirty-five cents, bunch of keys, and purse, John Baker, May 18, 1868.
- 88. Fifteen cents, John Nerach, May 19, 1868.
- 89. Twenty-five cents and knife, Griffin, May 19, 1868.
- Seventy cents, key and knife, Thomas Jones, May 19, 1868.
- 91. One imitation meershaum pipe, Pat Mooney, May 6, 1868.
- 92. One account book, bills and receipts, carpenter's rule and pair of compasses, Jerry Donnelly, May 8, 1868.
- 93. Sixty cents, Thomas Lloyd, May 20, 1868.
- 94. One bank book (John McCoart in account with Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Savings, Class 1, No. 290), also, one bank book (Francis Heigh in account with the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Savings, Class 1), letter and purse, John McNulty, May 23, 1868.

- 95. Fifty cents, Jennie French, May 23, 1868.
- 96. Eighty-five cents, Timothy Sullivan, May 22, 1868.
- 97. One brooch, green stone setting, Margaret Gamble, May 24, 1868.
- 98. Twenty-five cents and knife, Thomas Clifford, May 25, 1868.
- 99. One hundred and thirteen dollars, spectacles and purse, August Hyppolyte, alias Belmar, May 25, 1868.
- 100. Ten cents, Henry S. Bernhoff, May 25, 1868.
- 101. Fifty cents, Mike Dolan, May 27, 1868.
- 102. Ninety-five cents and pocket looking-glass, Jacob Slangeder, May 30, 1868.
- 103. One dollar and sixty-five cents, P. Bruce, May 30, 1868.
- 104. One silver finger ring, marked "R. M. B," on gold plate, belt buckle and iron key, Patrick Donohue, May 30, 1868.
- Twenty-five cents and knife, Michael Corcoran, May 31, 1868.
- 106. Thirty-one pockét knives, two sheath knives, seven keys and file—miscellaneous.
- 107. Sixty cents, Thomas Gill, June 1, 1868.
- 108. One gold ring, jet mounting, single pearl center, Warren Haley, June 1, 1868.
- 109. One gold cross breast pin, Charles Robinson, June 1, 1868.
- 110. One pocket memorandum book, containing two U. S.
 Army discharges, viz: one of Thomas Depan, private
 of late Captain Henry W. Tellailis' Company I,
 20th Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers, dated
 July 16, 1865; also, Thomas Depew, private in
 Captain and Brevet-Major David Krause's Company
 G, 14th Regiment U. S. Infantry, dated at Camp
 Whipple, A. T., 1868—and needle case, Thomas
 G. Pugh, June 2, 1868.
- 111. Soldier's pass, and pocket knife, Thomas Howard, June 3, 1868.
- 112. Sixty cents, knife and two keys, David Fletcher, June 3, 1868.

- 113. One dollar, William Powers, June 3, 1868.
- 114. Seventy-five cents, Otto Miller, June 4, 1868.
- 115. Thirty-five cents and purse, William Dowd, June 5, 1868.
- 116. Ten cents, wallet and collar, John McLaughlin, June 7, 1868.
- 117. Thirty-five cents, note book, letters, papers and Chinese washerman's ticket, Thomas Haley, June 9, 1868.
- 118. Fifty cents, Catharine O'Brien, June 10, 1868.
- 119. Twenty-five cents, Hidalgo Palma, June 10, 1868.
- 120. One dollar and thirty-six cents, and key, R. E. Walsinger, June 11, 1868.
- 121. Eighty-five cents, Stephen O'Connell, June 11, 1868.
- 122. One sleeve button, letter "G" on pearl, William Conley, June 13, 1868.
- 123. Three dollars and forty-five cents, and pocket knife, Ah Hong, June 14, 1868.
- 124. Seventy cents, papers and purse, Joseph M. Choate, June 14, 1868.
- 125. One dollar and fifty cents, steel key and knife, George Stephens, June 15, 1868.
- 126. One dollar and eighty cents, Francis Cromero, June 16, 1868.
- 127. Three pearls, Chinese manuscripts, purse and knife, Ah Chim, June 16, 1868.
- 128. One dollar and knife, J. H. Blake, June 18, 1868.
- 129. Sixty cents, Patrick Goodman, June 19, 1868.
- 130. Eight dollars and seventy cents, Robert Cunningham, June 19, 1868.
- 131. Two paste cluster ear-rings, Encarnacion Gracias, June 19, 1868.
- 132. One ambrotype likeness, knife, two keys and lookingglass, Gilbert Demarest, June 20, 1868.
- 133. Twenty-five cents, Frank Harney, June 26, 1868.
- 134. Fifteen cents and two keys, John Flynn, June 26, 1868.
- 135. Ten cents and diary, James Foye, June 26, 1868.
- 136. Bunch of keys and knife, George August Brenning, June 25, 1868.

- 137. Fifty cents, diary and wallet, James Walsh, June 29, 1868.
- 138. Three razors, three sheath knives and thirty pocket knives miscellaneous.
- 130. Eight dollars coin and two silver rupees, Dan Callahan (Insane), August 3, 1867.
- 140. One half dime and purse, George Ruleff, September 2, 1867.
- 141. One twenty dollar gold piece and gold nugget, evidence against Anton Perez, Luigi Lavagnino, September 22, 1867.
- 142. One open face brass watch, Tobias No. 1,456, evidence against Durham, Flynn and Bates, Thomas Burns, January 12, 1867.
- 143. One hoop bracelet, one red camelian brooch, one cameo pin and ambrotype likeness of a girl, evidence against Ellen Parker (Officer Greer), May 13, 1867.
- 144. One brown hair watch guard and hook, of M. Kavanaugh, November 16, 1864.
- 145. One Cornelian sleeve-button, letter "N," found by Willie Holmes, January 1, 1868.
- 146. One round jet sleeve-button, with letter "L" in gold, from Ah Sam, by Officer Miles.
- 147. One silver clasp knife, marked "W. S. P."
- 148. One pawn-ticket and iron key, from possession of Wm. Watson (Officer Greer), January 26, 1867.
- 149. Purse, papers and Chinese wash ticket, found by a citizen in the street and delivered to Officer Lees, November 27, 1867.
- 150. Wallet, pawn-ticket and two copper cents, of John Shultz, April 8, 1867.
- 151. One gold Masonic mark and purse, B. R. Joseph, November 21, 1867.
- 152. One silver knife and fork, by Officer Blitz, from Mrs. Young, January 16, 1866.
- 153. One pawn-ticket and clasp of chain, Mrs. Stebbins.

- 154. Two dollars and eighty cents, 6 car tickets, 4 Payot's Circulating Library tickets, pencil, purse and papers, found in the street by citizen J. H. N. Gardner, March 14, 1868.
- 155. One pair gold spectacles, found by citizen T. J. Cranmer, at Meiggs' wharf, May 15, 1868.
- 156. One Mexican silver quarter dollar, found by Mr. H. J. Lamott, July 23, 1867.
- 157. One pawn-ticket, found by John Uner, March 9, 1868.
- 158. One promissory note for \$120 (by Edward Cavanagh, in favor of P. Maloney, dated at San Mateo, August 7, 1867), found in the street.
- 159. Citizenship certificate of Wm. Miller, found in the street by citizen William Blythe.
- 160. Certificate of citizenship of Thomas Byrne, found in the Post Office by Julius Isaac, January 3, 1868.
- 161. Two U. S. Army discharges, Cornelius Kearney—found.
- 162. One U. S. Army discharge, Charles Osier, October 20, 1867.
- 163. Letters and documents written in Spanish, found by citizen George Gedge, August 20, 1865.
- 164. Promissory note for \$1,000 (in favor of Eben Smith, by G. C. Barton and Lottie C. Barton, dated July 15, 1865), found by citizen Peter Ward, in railroad car, September 11, 1865.
- 165. Promissory note or order for \$266 66 (by Jno. Shoenbar, in favor of Charles M. Combs, dated at Silver City, Owyhee, October 23, 1865), found by Officer Rose, January 9, 1866.
- 166. One First of Exchange, Block & Furth, \$700, in favor of Susan Powell and David Slack, dated at North San Juan, April 25, 1867; also, steamer ticket No. 107, Opposition Line to New York via Nicaragua, June 5, 1867, Mr. H. Lewis; also, First and Second of Exchange, Parrott & Co., for \$300 coin, to Duncan, Sherman & Co., New York, in favor of Hiram Powell, June 5, 1867, found by Captain Lees on steamship America, June 5, 1867.

- 167. One Second of Exchange, No. 1,470, Sather & Co. to Brown, Shipley & Co., London, for £3, in favor of Young & Stackall, dated at San Francisco, March 28, 1868, found in Police Court room, June 16, 1868.
- 168. One due bill, \$14, Wm. H. Rathburn to Wm. Brown, July 6, 1868, found by Officer Lemar, July 15, 1868.
- 169. One receipt for \$550, from Einstein Brothers & Co. to E. Borthel, dated at San Francisco, April 22, 1867; also, certificate and receipt for \$300, from J. G. Zeigler to A. Stolz, dated June 2, 1866, found in the street.
- 170. Letter of Judge Hurd to Governor J. Neely Johnson, relating to pardon and release from San Quentin State Prison of Wm. Thompson.
- 171. Three U. S. Army discharges of Jesus Soto, Corporal of Captain Antonia Maria De La Guerra, Company C, First Battalion Native Cavalry, California Volunteers, dated at the Presidio, San Francisco, April. 2, 1866; also, two powers of attorney, from Jesus Soto to D. R. Robinson, dated April 12, 1866, from Officer Chappell as evidence, April 20, 1866.
- 172. One sight draft for \$560, Haas Brothers, in favor of H. Herman & Co., dated at Portland, Oregon, September 12, 1863, and letter, found by A. R. Mc-Donald, October 18, 1863, and delivered at Police Office, April 15, 1864.
- 173. Sundry bills and miscellaneous papers, H. B. Colton, found by a citizen.
- 174. Package of papers written in German, found by Joseph Jackson in rear of City Hall, November 16, 1860.
- 175. One package notices of baggage, trunks, etc., retained for fare, by hackmen and others, in years 1866-7.
- 176. One bill of sale of one share Savage for \$1,800, January 25, 1867, Erlich from James McElwain, evidence against Charles O'Donnell, May 7, 1867, Officers Watkin and Fuller.

- 177. One pair eye glasses, steel frame and morocco case, and brass pin, found in the street by citizen and delivered to Captain Lees.
- 178. Twelve pieces gold plate and broken jewelry, evidence against Frank Dorsey, property of C. H. Pfeiffer, May 1, 1867.
- 179. One promissory note for \$30, to W. A. Rollins by A. B. Smith, one promissory note for \$42, by A. Maddalena in favor of Goodspa & Co., dated at San Gregorio, September 15, 1866, one promissory note for \$50, favor of W. A. Rollins by T. Plath. Also, one note for \$200, favor W. A. Rollins by C. H. Conant, dated November 8, 1867, one miniature likeness of a female, one wallet with name "W. A. Rollins" stamped therein, found by a citizen and delivered to Officer Kingsbury.
- 180. Pocket book and passenger tickets railroad companies to Henry Burches, and papers found in the street.
- 181. United States army discharge (Patrick Fitzgerald, private in Captain David D. Hoag's Co. D, 28th Regiment Connecticut Volunteers, dated at New Haven, August 28, 1863) and tin tobacco box, left in Cisco lodging house, D. Feeley, proprietor, October 12, 1867.
- 182. One silver hunting-case watch No. 75,708, patent lever, found corner Sixth and Taylor streets, April 15, 1868, by citizen G. Pearlman, and delivered to Officer Englander.
- 183. One silver open-face cylinder watch No. 39,385, Tobias, with silver curb chain and bar, found by Steve, corner Pacific and Davis streets, 11 A. M., February 21, 1868, and delivered to Officer Reilly.
- 184. One United States army discharge of Gardner G. Ludwig, fifer of Captain A. W. Clark's Co. E, 20th Regiment Maine Volunteers, dated at Baltimore, Md., February 17, 1863, wallet and papers found in the street.
- 185. One bottle aconitum and three bottles strychnia (poisons) taken from suicides.

- 186. One silver butter knife and pearl handle of knife.
- 187. One promissory note for \$162, favor of Wellington Nelson, by Josiah F. Greeley, dated at Coulterville, September 4, 1865. Also, large pocket knife, evidence against Wellington Nelson, November 4, 1865.
- 188. One Colt's pistol, without barrel, No. 30,335, and leather holster, evidence against Marshall McBride, Officer Lynes, April 8, 1867.
- 189. One small Allen's patent self-cocking pistol, No. 183, evidence against Isaac West, ex-Officer Spiller.
- 190. One self-cocking four-barreled pistol, No. 15, evidence against James W. Parks, August 16, 1867.
- 191. Three dirk knives, two sheath knives, eleven pocket knives, evidence miscellaneous.
- 192. One silver goblet, Miss Maria Hafley.
- 193. One brown cloth sack and one woolen tippet, evidence against Jane Laoheir, March 30, 1867.
- 194. One white muslin waist and crochet scarf, found May 30, 1868.
- 195. One white shirt, evidence against Thomas Quigley, December 30, 1867.
- 196. One wallet and papers, three letters, one blue enameled gold leaf brooch, one scarf pin (red stone setting), small locket, two watch keys, silk guard, one pair socks, one figured silk handkerchief, one gimblet, one file, a pocket knife and twenty-six keys, evidence against John Banfield, February 23, 1866.
 - 197. One white cotton sheet marked St. Lawrence House, evidence, January 4, 1867.
 - 198. One pair dungaree overalls, evidence against Win Kee, March 23, 1867.
 - 199. One cotton shirt and one woolen shirt, Dennis O'Connor, December 31, 1867.
 - 200. One shirt, two collars, two pairs cotton socks and two linen pocket-handkerchiefs, from George Cornell, deceased, by Officer Ellis.
 - 201. One fancy pink-colored shaving box and looking glass, Matthew Mulcahy, April 20, 1867.

- 202. One pair dungaree overalls and pocket-handkerchief, John Bonnell.
- 203. Three linen towels, evidence against McCarron, January 1, 1868.
- 204. Six large book covers, leather and canvass.
- One white cotton shirt, James Dalton, January 10, 1868.
- 206. One dark cassimere vest, evidence against Henry Calhoun, January 29, 1868.
- 207. Nine adamantine candles, evidence against Ah Chow, February 27, 1868.
- 208. Three hundred domestic cigars taken from Chinaman, charged with peddling without a license.
- 209. One box cigars, evidence against Ah Yong, Ah Yui and Ah Ting, June 27, 1868.
- 210. One ledger, evidence against Frederic Kromer, November 27, 1866.
- 211. One Holy Bible, evidence against Frederic Helm, February 1, 1867.
- 212. One package (36) Colt's pistol cartridges, James Lenan, May 22, 1865.
- 213. One pair silver-plated knife and fork, from Officer Blitz.
- 214. One can, five pounds, extra chrome green paint.
- 215. One brown beaver frock coat and one vest, evidence against Henry Hopkins, February, 1868.
- 216. One brown beaver coat, velvet collar, evidence against H. Kromer.
- 217. One blank receipt book.
- 218. One card box containing sundry small tools and fastenings, upholsterers' rings, pistol cartridges, printers' rules, one Wilson's patent door-gun, iron rivits, flask, rubber gloves, pipe, etc., etc.
- 219. Two door locks, one pair spectacles and tin case, two pairs brass bullet-moulds, two pairs scissors, two trunk locks, brass chain, pistol bullets, cartridges, percussion caps, one gauge, gloves, ink bottle, silk handkerchief and neck-tie.

- 220. One white shirt, one undershirt, one pair drawers, one apron, one towel, cloths and toothbrush, Ah Sam, March 2, 1868.
- 221. One dark cassimere frock coat, velvet collar and scarlet sleeve lining.
- 222. One black hat, left by burglar, Fuller, January 7, 1867.
- 223. One black hat, evidence against Frank Furguson, Fuller.
- 224. One opera-glass case.
- 225. One bowie-knife, sheath and belt.
- 226. One sword and handle of sword cane.
- 227. One cotton sheet and apron.
- 228. One sack containing sheath knife and muslin, one pocket knife, sack of brown sugar and paper, Chas. Labouiere (insane), May 25, 1868.
- 229. One blue woolen blanket, one muslin remnant and piece of blue cloth, red-figured silk pocket hand-kerchief.
- 230. One gray blanket found on Pacific street by Officer Specht.
- 231. One canvass sack containing two oil-skin cloth jackets, one sheath knife and two spoons, found by Officer Dunlevy, May 4, 1868.
- 232. One heavy blue beaver sack coat, flush facing.
- 233. One buffalo robe, found by Officer Kenzell, May, 1868.
- 234. One black oil-cloth sack containing lath hatchet, two hatchets, six Chinese swords, three large padlocks, one marline spike, one steel pricker, seven bowie and dirk knives, two hammock rings, steel ramrod, comb, one Colt's screw-driver, two pocket knives, two and one-third dozen haules or iron rings, one blue glass refractor, one wood rasp, one iron bolt, one small copper powder flask, one gas bracket and fittings (evidence against August Ernest), one iron bolt (evidence against Joseph Flannerty), three pocket knives, one sailor's ditty bag—needles and case, buttons, comb, etc., three daguerreotypes of females, two drab soft hats, from Officer Cummins, June 10, 1868.

- Jewelry as follows: One ladies' elaborate gold chatelaine, chain and belt pin, surmounted by five small pearls, pearl and garnet setting, with gold crown slide and watch seal and key pendant, one vine-leaf brooch set with white stones, one small gold watch key, one set gold sleeve-buttons white enameled, one gold sleeve-button, single pearl setting, one round jet sleeve-button, turquoise stone center setting, one gold swivel clasp, one gold shawl pin, without pin, one pair sleeve-buttons, jet setting, two black enameled studs, one gold and quartz specimen, two gold quarter dollar coins, with eyes affixed, onehalf of a silver half dollar and Chinese manuscript on brown paper in a Japanese inlaid snuff box. Also, one pair old-style French opera glasses with handle and one morocco case. Also, one Colt's navy pistol (barrel cut off), No. 18,417, and holster, and two brown silk parasols, brought in by Officer Davis from Chinese den on Pike street, possession of Hing Wo.
- 236. One yellow leather Mexican saddle, dropped by a Mexican at the Mission, June 5, 1868, from Officer Platt.
- 237. Two sword canes, one ivory-handle cane, one small black cane, four clubs and canes, used as evidence.
- 238. Two gray woolen blankets.
- 239. One cloth vest, one pair child drawers and scarlet scarf, evidence in rape case, Officer Watkin.
- 240. One piece (two and a half yards) heavy black silk fringe, from William Burns.
- 241. One book, "Key of Heaven," found in the street.
- 242. One lot hinges and fastenings, from Valencia street.
- 243. Two white shirts, one sock and red silk handkerchief, taken from John Hamilton, alias Murray, alias Stewart, April 10, 1868, by McWilliams and McQuirk.
- 244. One black soft hat, evidence against Peter Quinn, December 23, 1867.

- 245. One dark brown frock coat, black lining, evidence against James Coleman, April 27, 1867.
- 246. One black oil-cloth sack and contents, one pocket book and papers and letters, memorandum book, six handkerchiefs, one towel.
- 247. Two boxes opium, evidence against Yeong Kee, May 9, 1868.
- 248. Blue pilot cloth coat and hatchet, found in Yerba Buena Cemetery, March 6, 1868.
- 249. One black silk velvet cape, found January 1, 1868, by Officer Rose.
- 250. One purple satin circus costume of Thomas Rosa, February 13, 1867.
- 251. One red woolen knit scarf, Frank Tice, February 26, 1867.
- 252. One black soft hat, evidence against A. H. Somerville.
- 253. Four pairs socks, four towels, two handkerchiefs, from See Yup Asylum, by Officer Rose, March 7, 1867.
- 254. One pair infants' shoes.
- 255. One white linen sack coat, evidence against Theodore Titus.
- 256. One blue cloth vest, naval buttons, and red silk pocket handkerchief, evidence against Lorenzo, January 11, 1867.
- 257. One black hat, evidence against Henry A. Pearl, May 24, 1867.
- 258. One black hat, evidence against Wright, C. H. Gerichten, May 24, 1867.
- 259. One black silk hat, as evidence, Officer Amling, February 19, 1868.
- 260. One straw hat, evidence against William Smith and Henry Wallace, May 13, 1867.
- 261. Two drab soft hats, from Officers Fuller and Greer.
- 262. Two drab soft hats.
- 263. One cavalry trumpet.
- 264. One whip found on Battery street, Officer P. Barry, May 27, 1868.
- 265. One bagatelle ball, white ivory.

- 266. One black oil-cloth sack and contents, viz: five pairs cotton socks, one Allen's patent revolver pistol, white linen table cloth fragment, and printed documents.
- 267. One journel of Marguerite de Dossano, insane, September, 1863.
- 268. One clothes brush, one lather brush, one gutta-percha box, one bottle pomade philocome, one bottle hair oil philocome, two tooth brushes, one razor, one razor strop, one bottle catarrh snuff, one sailmakers' palm, one silk scarf, one silk neck-tie, one package Chinese documents, two collars, November, 1867.
- 269. One calf sewed boot No. 6½, of Ferdinand, and one ladies' leather gaiter boot No. 3½, found in street, September, 1867.
- 270. One cotton handkerchief and contents—pocket diary, knife, leather straps, purse and glove.
- 271. One tin case, containing seven packages pistol cartridges.
- 272. Papers and photographs, found in China alley, May, 1, 1868.
- 273. One wallet, containing private letters and photographs of Dubree, found by citizen John Williamson, January 13, 1868.
- 274. One pocket book, containing due bills, receipts and papers of J. E. Johnson, found at Mission Dolores by A. D. Brown, June 22, 1865.
- 275. One promissory note for \$211 50 (by John Apel, in favor of Michael Neeley, dated at San Francisco, November 5, 1864), found in the street.
- 276. One wolfskin buggy robe, found at the Mission Dolores by Officer Hopkins, January 28, 1868.
- 277. One dress pattern delaine, one Allen's revolver, one metallic soup ladle and one table spoon, taken from Zania Paul, January 15, 1868.
- 278. One black soft hat, evidence against Thomas Sullivan, October 31, 1864.

- 279. Three pairs women's hose, one linen pocket handkerchief, pocket knife and tailor's thimble, James Cavanagh, October 7, 1863.
- 280. One dark brown satin figured vest, one piece pink muslin, and one hussy.
- 281. One daguerreotype, purses, papers and pocket book, of Robert Tanning.
- 282. One box watchmaker's tools, taken from Zinke by Officer Blitz, February 10, 1865.
- 283. Three large lamp chimneys (glass).
- 284. One sole leather valise, containing toilet apparatus, three collars, four pairs cotton socks, neck-tie and two linen handkerchiefs, thirty-two daguerreotypes and cases, seven ambrotypes, four daguerreotypes, papier mache cases; also, five daguerreotypes, pocket book, letters and papers, of Patrick Moore, brought from the Summer street ruins, August 17, 1866.
- 285. One roll of receipted bills, etc., of M. A. Ponzi, found by Captain Tarbett.
- 286. Six letters addressed to G. G. F. Whiteman, San Francisco, found by Mr. Newman on Merchant street, February 8, 1867.
- 287. One memorandum book, found by James Wilson, November 18, 1866.
- 288. One pocket book and papers, etc., of Sergeant A. M. Harris, found by citizen George Riley on Merchant street, July 11, 1867.
- 289. United States army discharge of private Robert Mc-Coy, of Captain Izalus Potts' Co. F, 3d Regiment Infantry, California Volunteers, dated at Alcatraces Island, June 2, 1862.
- 290. One bill of lading of Mexican schooner "Imperatriz Eugenia," Alfredo Fleury, master, dated at Port Angel, September 2, 1862, certificate of Mexican citizenship of Don Faustina Allende, letters and due bills written in Spanish, and papers, taken from Johnson, by Officer Fitzharris, February 4, 1863.

- 291. Copy of By-Laws of Bear Quicksilver Mining Company, Lake County, California, January 5, 1861, sundry mining papers and photograph, found at San José depot by Captain Tarbett, February 10, 1865.
- 292. One pocket book, containing passport from Spanish Vice-Consul at San Francisco, dated December 20, 1862, to Don Ricardo Valdivia; one astrologer's (Professor de Berrio) certificate or chart, found by Richard Smith on Francisco street, September 7, 1865.
- 293. One pocket diary, marked Spencer, Reichert & Lartee, found in the street.
- 294. One memorandum book, evidence against Aaron Lowenstein, September 7, 1866.
- 295. One municipal license of Felix Nicholas, October 29, 1864; one pawn-ticket, letters and manuscripts in Spanish; one photograph and letter addressed to Señor Don Miguel F. Nunez, San Francisco; one copy Hardee's Tactics, and memorandum book, found by citizen Arthur Haine, December 5, 1866.
- 296. One pocket book and diary, containing one pawnticket, one bill of sale of a watch, receipted bills, Chinese wash tickets and papers, found by Officer Ball, February 9, 1866.
- 297. One pocket book, containing letters and photograph, from Summer street ruins, by Officer John, August 17, 1866.
- 298. One red morocco pocket book, containing papers, card and memoranda, and one time book, found in street.
- 299. One pocket book, containing due bill for fifty cords wood sold by Richard Plunkett to John Deudgaud, dated at Stephens' Creek, Santa Clara county, May 6, 1865, two card photographs and papers, found on Sansome street by Francis Alpheus, March 20, 1866.

- 300. One United States army discharge of Andrew Mahony, private Captain B. R. West's Co. C, 4th Regiment Infantry, California Volunteers, dated at Drumm Barracks, February 19, 1866. Also, discharge of same from said Co. C, dated at Santa Catalina, January 29, 1864, and tin case, found on the beach by a boy May 1, 1868.
- 301. One pocket book, containing poll tax and rent receipts of H. G. Crowell. Also, nine pawn-tickets, found by citizen A. Mohr on Broadway, near Kearny, April 4, 1865.
- 302. One memorandum book, found by Officer Evrard, April 3, 1865.
- 303. One pocket book, containing two French passports to Alexandre Duguet, receipt and papers in French language, found in the city prison, March 4th, 1868.
- 304. Copy of summons and complaint, Bridget Colemere against George W. Colemere, divorce suit in Fourth District Court, and other papers, taken from Geo. W. Colemere, April 7, 1862.
- 305. Pocket book, containing letters and papers of J. L. Vesey, San Andreas, Calaveras county.
- 306. Pocket book and letters of F. T. Thompson, found February 23, 1865.
- 307. Papers, contracts, etc., evidence against Lascelles, Ellis, March 8, 1860.
- 308. One pocket diary and book of Boker, July 14, 1860.
- 309. Letters and papers of Eberhardt, August 22, 1859.
- 310. One pocket book, containing letters and one certificate Uncle Sam Gold and Silver Mining Company, No. 165, five shares to Lewis Chrestopher, January 14, 1864. Also, one promissory note for \$85, by Basmur Aufeirson, in favor of Andrew Hennemdson, dated Hampden, November 9, 1861, papers and letters found by citizen D. J. Ellis, February 12, 1864.
- 311. One volume "Catholic Piety" and letter, Patrick Fitzgerald, August 28, 1857.

- 312. One ledger ex Summer street ruins, August 17, 1866; one volume "Common Prayer," Summer street ruins, August 17, 1866,
- 313. One volume, "Path to Paradise," Mary Dolan, March 15, 1865.
- 314. One copy "Sailing Directions Coast and Harbor of North America;" one volume "Ryan's Astronomy."
- 315. One copy "Sailing Directions for the Navigation of the North Sea." Also one copy "Piloting Directions for the Cattegat and Baltic, or East Sea;" one "Quiggins' Isle of Man Almanac for 1850;" one copy "Sailing Directions for the Bay of Biscay." Also, Letter written in Danish, left by Capt. Hills, July 30, 1857.
- 316. One pocket diary, purse and four letters, F. C. Green, August 10, 1857.
- 317. One volume "Voice from St. Helena," one song book and pocket diary from Dickinson's room, April 20, 1865.
- 318. One "Sargent's Standard Second Reader," one "Sargent's Standard Primer," one "Smaller Standard Speller," evidence in case of the robbery of the Fifth Street School, Mr. Elliott, Principal, November 15, 1865.
- 319. Two volumes of "Samson, the Hebrew Hercules," Rev. Dr. Scott; two copies "Esther, the Hebrew Queen," Rev. Dr. Scott.
- 320. Three brass spurs, leather belts and padlock.
- 321. Eleven dozen lamp wicks.
- 322. One "Key to Heaven," from Wong Fat, March 15, 1866.
- 323. Lot of black crape.
- 324. Two brass faucets and seven pieces lead pipe, and one black iron bound trunk, with contents as follows:
- 325. One brass beer faucet, from Warren Haley, May 27, 1867.
- 326. One piece canvas, containing 3 dozen castors, brass wheels, and 1 dozen iron wheel castors.

- 327. One piece sheet copper.
- 328. One iron conical cutter for machinists' lathe.
- 329. Five pieces lead pipe, evidence against boy Ed. Murphy, July 29, 1868.
- 330. One box, containing nails, three chisels, one screw-driver, wooden rule, bead awl, wrought hinges and door lock, found by Officer Amling on Second street, March 22, 1868.
- 331. One roll wire screen.
- 332. One large piece of white metal.
- 333. One peddler's jewel trunk or case, containing one gold band-bracelet, with locket setting, one gold scarf pin with coral pendant, in card box; one gold earring, acorn pendant, and miscellaneous papers and documents, of H. T. Green, from fire on corner Mission and Second streets, 1867.
- 334. Two bottles chloroform and one bottle sulphuric acid, evidence.
- 335. One piece Wide West gold quartz rock.
- 336. One large Wesson & Leavitt's six-shooter revolver, pistol and holster, evidence against Summers and Raven to County Court, July 27, 1866.
- 337. One United States Dragoon pistol, single barrel, brass mounted, evidence against Ah Ley, April 29, 1867.
- 338. Two tin trays, containing Chinese gambling apparatus, copper cups, braziers, etc., evidence against Ah Ming and Ah Hong.
- 339. One Second of Exchange, Wells, Fargo & Co., for \$20, No. 152,591, dated September 3, 1859, to order of Elizabeth Fanjoy, Boston; also, Second of Exchange, Wells, Fargo & Co., No. 114,934, dated April 4, 1859, for \$25, in favor of Elizabeth Fanjoy, Boston, Massachusetts.
- 340. One U. S. Army discharge, private Michael Welch, Captain C. E. Winder's Company E, Ninth U. S. Infantry, dated at Walla Walla, Oregon, August 10, 1860, M. Welch, September 10, 1860.
- 341. One diploma from Massachusetts Mechanics' Association to Harrison D. Norton, dated November 29, 1859.

- 342. Two memorandum books, James Thompson, March 3, 1859.
- 343. Army papers, etc., evidence against George W. Harris, March 28, 1862.
- 344. Letters and papers of W. B. Perry, engineer.
- 345. Last will and testament of Maria Bidele, November 17, 1860.
- 346. One First of Exchange, D. O. Mills & Co., No. 6,458, dated January 19, 1858, for \$100, in favor of Anna Maria Dunn from Henry Wright alias Holy Cheek Williams, November 1, 1858.
- 347. One deed of house lot, Sargent to S. M. Curbey, November 27, 1854.
- 348. One special power of attorney, R. Whitby to B. F. French, March 9, 1864.
- 349. One mortgage, Nicholas Gebbels to Marcus Ohlsson, November 7, 1863.
- 350. Three glass lamp shades and chimneys.
- 351. One black morocco traveling sack marked "Senate."
- 352. One memorandum book, key and lottery ticket, Sam Tarmont, March 18, 1867.
- 353. Two books, Mrs. Pendergrass, April 7, 1867.
- 354. Purse, three copper cents and Chinese wash ticket, E. Phillips, April 27, 1867.
- 355. Book, papers and spoon, Henry Osborn, July 12 and November 17, 1857.
- 356. Papers, evidence, Edward Morgan, March 31, 1864.
- 357. Letters, papers, etc., Patrick Tuohy, insane, December 17, 1864.
- 358. Book, knife and pocket book, Henry Wallace.
- 359. Purse and manuscript, Mrs. Plummer, June 22, 1867.
- 360. Pardon for John Pinto, John Pinto, 1865.
- 361. Citizenship papers and poll tax receipt, John O'Neil, October 8, 1866.
- 362. Two ambrotypes and scarf, Gus Williams, April 22, 1867.

- 363. United States army discharge, private Frank Shoe-maker, of Captain B. R. West's Co. C, 4th Regiment Infantry, California Volunteers, knife, Chinese ticket, papers and purse, Frank Wilde, August 22, 1866.
- 364. Papers and memoranda, Aaron Lowenstein, October 15, 1867.
- 365. Two cans Hucks & Lambert's axle greese, taken from John Quinn, June 10, 1867.
- 366. One pocket book, manuscripts, etc., of Wedgewood, from Summer street ruins, August 17, 1866.
- 367. One pocket book, letters and papers, R. H. Wall, September 12, 1866.
- 368. Three purses, one teaspoon and two table forks, miscellaneous.
- 369. Assayer's certificate for 9 82-100 ounces gold dust, Thomas Pearson, September 25, 1867.
- 370. Two memorandum books, John O'Hearn, January 15, 1867.
- 371. One claw hammer, evidence against John Haney, April 10, 1868.
- 372. One looking glass, evidence against Luther Thompson, January 31, 1868.
- 373. One silver fork (marked "F. F. J."), teaspoon and castor handle, evidence against Henry Osborn, November 17, 1867.
- 374. Book and papers, evidence against Joseph Harris, January 8, 1867.
- 375. Book and papers, evidence against Abraham Jacobs, January 15, 1867.
- 376. Wallet, John Hanifan, August 24, 1867.
- 377. Pocket diary and papers, Dennis Hannelly, January 11, 1868.
- 378. Pocket diary and papers, A. H. Somerville, July 21, 1865.
- 379. Purse and pocket knife, John F. Sullivan, December 27, 1867.
- 380. Bottle of red drops, Albert Krause, April 17, 1867.

- 381. Two U. S. Army discharges of Private George Kelson, Company F and B, Third U. S. Artillery and paper, George Kelson, March 28, 1867.
- 382. Book and knife, Dan. Smiley, December 29, 1867.
- 383. Two gilt and rosewood curtain brackets, Joe. Nevils, April 23, 1867.
- 384. One dirk knife, sheath and belt, P. H. Hogan, September 4, 1867.
- 385. One butcher knifq, evidence against Charles Smith, November 28, 1866.
- 386. One case knife, evidence against Robert Sullivan, March 10, 1865.
- 387. Razor of attempted suicide, August Reade, February 27, 1868.
- 388. Dirk knife and spatula, evidence against Joseph Wilson, December 20, 1867.
- 389. Papers and pocket knife, Thomas Savage, December 15, 1867.
- 390. Keys, etc., George Williams, December 17, 1867.
- 391. Papers, Henry Sampson, December 26, 1866.
- 392. U. S. Army discharge of Philip Sweeney, from Sixth Regiment Infantry, Philip Sweeney.
- 393. False hair and whiskers, evidence against Thomas Reynolds; also, purse and Chinese wash ticket, Thomas Reynolds, October 15, 1866.
- 394. Two brass tags, baggage check No. 139, from Mrs. Warner, January 21, 1867.
- 395. One pocket diary and papers, Robert F. Gray, December 24, 1866.
- 396. One daguerreotype and case, Patrick McMann, May 12, 1865.
- 397. Two keys, Charles Robinson, May 27, 1867.
- 398. One key, evidence against Thomas Reynolds, May 25, 1867.
- 399. One memorandum book, James Robbins, January 7, 1867.
- 400. Papers and letters, Hugh Murphy, June 11, 1865.
- 401. Papers and letters of W. McCoy (insane), January 6, 1864.

- 402. Mahogany boards, evidence against Jerry Jones, February 3, 1868.
- 403. Pocket diary and wallet, Wm. Marr, April 30, 1867.
- 404. Purse and papers, evidence, James Stewart, November 22, 1867.
- 405. Pocket diary, John Ferris McGroty, October 2, 1867.
- 406. Papers, Joseph Gunter (insane), November 3, 1867.
- 407. Pocket knife, evidence, Herman Schleider, September 25, 1867.
- 408. U. S. Army discharge, Charles McCarthy, October, 1866.
- 409. Pawn-tickets, of John Schultz, March 22, 1867.
- 410. Two daguerreotypes, miscellaneous.
- 411. Six and a quarter dozen brass keys, miscellaneous.
- 412. Twelve and a half dozen iron keys and two isinglass shades.
- 413. One roll old stair carpeting.
- 414. Two boxes tea, taken from a man in California market, March 22, 1868.
- 415. One pig of lead and seven pieces of lead pipe.
- 416. One sole-leather trunk, value and contents, viz: two towels, seven shirt collars, one large book, "War with Russia," with name "P. R. Kelby, August, 1858," inscribed on fly-leaf, and one jar pomade.
- 417. One sole-leather valise, containing three pairs cotton socks, two pairs women's hose, four shirt collars, two soldiers' flannel shirts, two merino undershirts, one linen shirt, one brown linen duster, one blue flannel blouse, three pocket handkerchiefs.
- 418. One leather covered trunk marked "M. B." and contents—two feather pillows, one black beaver sack overcoat, package of letters addressed to "Joseph A. Booth, care Tiffany & Co., San Francisco," one hair brush and comb, one pair cotton drawers, two pairs woolen socks, eight pairs merino socks, one blank check book (New South Wales Bank) ten shirt collars, three vests, one pair shoes.
- 419. One black iron-bound trunk of L. J. Hall, deceased, and contents—one blacking brush, one clothes

- brush, one duster broom, letters and papers, two razor strops, pocket book with name "L. J. Hale, Boston," inscribed therein, one looking-glass, shaving apparatus, blacking, oil can, one Japanese dressing case, one carpenters' rule, two pairs scissors and pencil, one large sponge and blacksmiths' leather apron.
- One brown leather covered trunk marked, taken from 420. Patrick Lyons, February 11, 1865, containing five shirt collars, one prayer-book, one watchmakers' journal, one scrap-book marked "John W. De-Teevers," one letter file, three blank books, one volume practical geometry, one whip, one rubber coat, one roll cotton cloth marked "Police," one clock frame, two daguerreotypes, letters addressed to Albert Kellogg, Virginia City; one band bracelet, one receipt from James H. Varey, by R. S. Malone, Sacramento, January 6, 1860; one glue pot, one package papers, police roll, one oil stone, one bottle red drops, one tin pail, nutmegs, two pocket knives, one curb-link watch chain, one shawl pin, one brass key, one gutta percha syringe, gloves, one firmer chisel, one India steel razor, one pair hose couplings, one rawhide whip, one iron weight, one gas fitter's lamp, two batons, three leather straps, one package, five German pipes (China bowls) with stems, one box blue mass, one bottle liniment, one bottle opodeldoc, one cup ointment, letters of August Ernest, three books, one Superior Court document, letters addressed to Wm. Johnston, San Francisco, and two bottles medicine.
- 421. One brown leather iron bound trunk of Sarah A. Clancey, and contents, viz.: one roll muslin, one roll delaine, one knitted wool scarf, embroidery trimmings, one roll gauze, one roll green glazed muslin, one roll of cloak patterns, one blue glass salt cellar, one Japanese face, one roll under-clothing, one American flag, one roll Solferino cruel or worsted, one piece pink calico, one piece calico, one

one merino scarf, one tidy, one mohair net, one waist, towel, brush, messenger bird, album marked Sarah Clancey, one volume Catholic Piety marked Sarah Clancey, one prayer book marked Hannah Ford, one linen handkerchief, one white linen jacket, one white muslin check apron, five pieces muslin, six pieces dress patterns (yellow calico), one pair corsets, five pieces assorted calico, one calico apron, four pieces of dress, four women's undergarments, three pairs woolen stockings, eight pairs women's hose, eight bundles calico and woolen dress goods, one piece unbleached muslin, three linen pocket handkerchiefs, lot of books and manuscripts, one basket artificial flowers, four daguerreotypes and cases, one blue garter, seven ladies' worked collars, one bottle perfume, one black bead necklace, one jet hat ornament, one box containing nineteen U.S. copper coins and one English shilling, one bottle snuff, two pairs worsted gloves, two pieces scented soap, one toothbrush, black silk tassel and trimmings, kid gloves, three glass marbles, four ear-rings and one breast-pin, one bundle black alpaca and mohair braid collars and cuffs, with studs.

- 422. One black trunk and contents, viz: one large pick, one pitchfork, one butchers' cleaver, one machinists' hammer, one iron bracket, eight iron bars, one paviors' pick, one piece lead pipe, one large chisel, one iron leg, one three-branch gas fixture, one draw shave, thirty-five dirk and sheath knives, one earthen jug, nine iron bars, two brushes and sundry pieces of iron.
- 423. One black trunk and contents of Louise Habernicht—
 three delaine dresses, one dimity skirt, one child's
 knitted sack and calico waist, one calico dress, three
 flannel wrappers, seven undergarments, one maroon silk sack, one table-cloth, one pair corsets,
 one linen pocket handkerchief, one smoothing iron,
 one jewel case, one nail brush, three German books,

one pen-and-ink portrait and papier-mache frame, one daguerreotype, one German silver butter knife, one open-face Tobias watch, No. 22,655, silver dial, one gold hoop ring engraved "C. H. H."

424. One Brussels carpet.

- 425. One bundle containing tent cloth, pulu mattrass, two woolen blankets and pieces woolen goods, and can white lead, from camp of Warren Haley, by Officers Greer and Fuller.
- 426. One grass sack containing pieces lead pipe and one pick and handle, evidence against boys.
- 427. One ingrain curpet.
- 428. Two large new Douglass pumps.
- 429. Lot of pig iron-eight pieces.
- 430. One Fairbanks' platform scale and weights and measure.
- 431. One box containing books, as follows: Two volumes Journal of the California Legislature 1850-51; one Journal of Assembly 1852; two volumes Journals Third Legislature California, English and Spanish, 1852; two volumes Journals Fourth Legislature California, English, 1853; two vols. Journals Senate and Assembly, Legislature California, English, 1854; two vols. Journals Senate and Assembly, Legislature California, English, 1855; one volume Journal Assembly, Legislature California, English, 1856; two volumes Journals Senate and Assembly, Legislature California, English, 1857; two volumes Journals Senate and Assembly, Legislature California, English, 1858; two volumes Journals Senate and Assembly, Twelfth Session Legislature California, English, 1861: Two volumes Appendix to Journals Senate and Assembly, Twelfth Session Legislature California, English, 1861; one volume Appendix to Journals of Senate and Assembly, Thirteenth Session Legislature California, English, 1862.
- 432. One revolver pistol, five-shooter, evidence against George Cephas.
- 433. One dirk knife.

- 434. One memorandum book, papers and letter, Charles Ellis, January 31, 1866.
- 435. One check Wells, Fargo & Co., No. 984, dated January 13, 1866, for \$500, by Peter Parrott in favor of Edward Williamson and indorsed by Peter Parrott; letter and bill of Joseph Blake, February 2, 1866.
- 436. Chinese manuscript, five gold bead pendants and key, evidence against Shung Qung, September 17, 1866.
- 437. One United States army discharge of private Michael B. Doherty, of Captain Morton Tower's Co. C, 13th Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers, dated at Boston, Mass., August 1, 1864, and pocket knife, Michael B. Doherty, November 28, 1866.
- 438. One pocket book, stencil plate of H. D. Cresswell, two pocket knives, needles and pipe, Henry Dixon Cresswell, December 29, 1866.
- 439. One bowie knife, evidence against Thomas Fitzgerald, February 14, 1867.
- 440. Chinese manuscripts, Ah Ty, February 23, 1867.
- 441. Pocket diary and French passport, Elisee Bouglet, February 22, 1867.
- 442. Port-monnaie, letter and papers, M. Bigelion, February 28, 1867.
- 443. Bunch of keys, Ah Luck, March 8, 1867.
- 444. Nine papers drugs, letter and four card photographs, Charles Adams, April 2, 1867.
- 445. One discharge of John Thompson, fireman United States Steamship "Vanderbilt," March 2, 1867, and pocket book, John Austin, May 10, 1867.
- 446. One dollar and thirty-five cents, pawn-ticket, account book, pocket knife, one pair yellow leather gloves, two linen pocket handkerchiefs, purse, car tickets and papers, G. C. DeMerritt, May 30, 1867.
- 447. Two keys, Thomas Daly, August 1, 1867.
- 448. Pocket diary and Chinese manuscripts, Ah Chung, June 7, 1867.
- 449. One pocket album and card photograph, comb, toothbrush, pocket knife, silk scarf and two white linen pocket handkerchiefs, Charles Connors or Dan Heny, August 3, 1867.

- 450. Account book, letters and papers, Henry Carroll, August 18, 1867.
- 451. One pocket ledger, James Develin, October 17, 1867.
- 452. One razor, Ah Leon, October 22, 1867.
- 453. One dirk knife, evidence against Jane Barnard, October 27, 1867.
- 454. One dirk knife, evidence against John Antone, September 17, 1867.
- 455. One pocket knife, evidence against Joe Frisbie, September 21, 1867.
- 456. One large pocket knife, evidence against Theodore Dunning, September 29, 1867.
- 457. One porte-monnaie, Chinese documents and papers, and car tickets, Ah Neen, November 22, 1867.
- 458. Five card photographs, one pair kid gloves, letters, two bottles medicine, Robert Collis, December 6, 1867.
- 459. One silver ring, one lady's blue velvet purse, three leather purses, one Japanese snuff box, one package of letters, cards, papers and three napkins, Elvira Fisher, December 4, 1867.
- 460. One dirk knife, evidence against Ah Kum, December 18, 1867.
- 461. One French silver coin (two francs), copper coin, letters and porte-monnaie, Louis Du Binni, February 16, 1868.
- 462. One account book, one pair new buckskin driving gloves, one kid glove, one letter addressed to Patrick H. Coyne, one botanical specimen, porte-monnaie, one linen collar and white linen pocket hand-kerchief, papers and letters, Charles J. Brown, April 14, 1868.
- 463. One porte-monnaie, car ticket, Chinese piece, brass key and lady's chignon, Lizzy Bean, June 15, 1868.
- 464. Sack containing sixty-five enameled leather waist and cross belts, one cartridge box and staff officer's pistol holsters.
- 465. One German silver mounted Spanish dirk and scabbard, evidence against John Harran, January 2.

- 466. One large imitation deringer pistol, S. Winchester.
 - 467. One large brass barreled pistol, stamped "Monet in Montevideo."
 - 468. One brass barreled pistol.
 - 469. One ten-shooter revolver, secret lock, concealed trigger, "No. 305, A. H."
 - 470. One brass barreled horseman's pistol, "London:"
 - 471. One French antique double barreled pistol, flint lock, carved stock.
 - 472. One sack containing six Chinese and Malay swords and one Chinese war trident spear, used as evidence.

REPORT OF CITY AND COUNTY ATTORNEY.

Office of the City and County Attorney, San Francisco, August 22, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors
Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In compliance with Resolution No. 8,566, I hereby submit the following Statement in regard to the City and County litigation since the date of my last Report, 29th of July, 1867:

PART FIRST.

ACTIONS BEGUN SINCE DATE OF LAST REPORT.

Phillip Bill,

Plaintiff,

12th District Court.

vs.

Crockett, Whiting & Napthaly,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

No. 13,577.

Defendant.

Begun August 2, 1867. Action to quiet title—property described as follows: Commencing at the southwesterly corner of O'Farrell and Leavenworth streets; running thence westerly along the southerly line of O'Farrell street 137 feet and 6 inches; thence at right angles southerly and parallel with Leavenworth street 137 feet and 6 inches, etc., etc.; being 50-vara Lot No. 1,172. Case referred to Court Commissioner. Proofs being taken on the part of Plaintiff.

John W. Brittain,

12th District Court.

vs.

Alexander Ely,

The City and County of San Francisco, and The Commissioners of the Funded Debt,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

No. 13,594.

Defendant.

Action to quiet title to portion of Block No. 13, of the South Beach Water Lot property. Answer filed August 19, 1867, and case ready for trial.

Gustave Touchard,

Plaintiff,

Circuit Court of the United States.

VS.

Eugene Lies and Delos Lake,

The City and County of San Francisco.

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Defendant. No. 386.

Injunction prayed for by Plaintiff as against the Defendant from disposing of, or in any manner interfering with, a certain piece of land alleged to belong to Plaintiff, and situate in that tract of land known and designated as the Outside Lands. Action begun October 19, 1867. Demurrer filed by Defendant November 30, 1867. On being pressed for argument, Plaintiff dismissed his action.

W. W. Johnson et als.,

12th District Court.

Turner & Crane,

The Board of Supervisors of the

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

City and County of San Francisco.

Felton, with City Attorney, for Defendant.

Plaintiffs,

Defendant. No. 13,791.

This action was brought to enjoin and restrain the Defendants

from granting the Pueblo Lands of said city outside of the line known as the Van Ness Ordinance line in quantities exceeding 100-varas square, and to enjoin the passage of an Order No. 733; and further to enjoin the Defendants from destroying the petitions of the Plaintiffs and others for grants of Homestead Lots, and from the carrying into effect the Resolution No. 7,533. Action begun 29th of October, 1867. Defendants demurred. Demurrer has been argued and determined in favor of Defendants. No appeal has been taken by Plaintiffs, and the cause is at an end.

Jas. McKewen,

Plaintiff,

vs.

D. Bard,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

No. 13,747.

Action brought to recover damages in the sum of \$540 for destruction of Plaintiff's property by the negligence of the officers of the Fire Department. This action has been tried, and judgment rendered for Plaintiff in said sum. The judgment appeared altogether just, and by my advice the same has been paid.

Addison E. Head et al.,
Plaintiffs,

vs.

The City and County of San
Francisco,
Defendant.

Ath District Court.

Porter & Holladay,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

No. 14,039.

Action to quiet title to a piece of land, commencing on the

west line of Gough street at a point midway between Clay and Washington streets, running thence westerly parallel with and between said streets, 369 feet $7\frac{1}{4}$ inches, to the westerly line of the J. D. Stevenson claim, etc. Suit begun March 7, 1868. Answer filed March 10, 1868, and case ready for trial.

Daniel Hutchinson,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Harmon & Estee,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

No. 14,042.

Action to quiet title to one-third of 50-vara Lot No. 2 of Block No. 416 of the Western Addition. Action begun on March 9, 1868. Answer filed March 13, 1868, and case ready for trial.

James M. Wood,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Wood & Putnam,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

No. 13,966.

Defendants.

Action to quiet title to parts of 50-vara Lots Nos. 1 and 6 in Block No. 393, as shown on the Official Map of the Western Addition, and parts of 50-vara Lots Nos. 1 and 6 in Block No. 392; and those 50-vara Lots Nos. 2, 3, 4 and 5 in Blocks Nos. 392 and 393; also, all those 50-vara Lots Nos. 1 and 6 in Block No. 423; also, all that 50-vara Lot No. 6 in Block No. 422; also, all those 50-vara Lots Nos. 3, 4 and 5 in Block No. 346, all as

shown on said Official Map. Action begun February 12, 1868; answer filed February 18, 1868, and case ready for trial.

M. M. Estee,

Plaintiff,

vs.

J. B. Harmon,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

No. 14,092.

Action to quiet title to 50-vara Lot No. 2 in Block 419 of the Western Addition. Suit begun March 4, 1868. Answer filed March 10, 1868, and case ready for trial.

Henry Hahn,

Plaintiff,
vs.

Sarah Anthony et als.,
Defendants.

Plaintiff,
Alfred Rix,
Attorney for Plaintiffs.
No. 14,066.

Action to quiet title to Lots Nos. 4 and 5 in Block 144 of what is known as the Thomas Hayes tract. Answer filed March 30, 1868. Case has since been tried, and judgment rendered in favor of plaintiff.

John W. Coleman,
Plaintiff,
vs.

Charles B. Stuart et als.,
Defendants. | No. 3,626.

Action to quiet title to a portion of 50-vara Lots Nos. 1 and 6

of Western Addition, Block No. 119. Suit begun March 21, 1861. Answer filed July 7, 1868. In this case the city is joined with numerous defendants, and her defense will be made with them.

John W. Coleman,

Plaintiff,

15th District Court.

VS.

Wm. M. Pierson,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

John Satherlee, Administrator, et als.,

No. 3,625.

Defendants.

Action to quiet title to Nos. 2, 4 and 5, and to all of 50-vara Lot No. 3, of Block No. 119, in the Western Addition. Suit begun March 11, 1868. Answer filed July 7, 1868. This case stands in the same position as the one next preceding, and the same course will be pursued with it.

John W. Coleman,

Plaintiff.

15th District Court.

VS.

Wm. M. Pierson,

Wm. Neely Johnson et als.,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Defendants. No. 3,627.

Action to quiet title to a portion of 50-vara Lots Nos. 1, 2, 5 and 6, of Western Addition, Block No. 119. Suit begun on March 11, 1868. Answer filed July 7, 1868. This suit is of the same character as the two next preceding, and the same course will be taken with it as with them.

John Nightengale,

Plaintiff, 4th District Court.

vs.

Felton & Hittell,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

No. 13,805.

Defendant.

Action to quiet title to a portion of Alamo Square. Suit begun October 28, 1867. Answer filed January 29, 1868. Suit has been tried and judgment rendered in favor of the city.

The City and County of San Francisco,

Plaintiff, 15th District Court.

VS.

No. 3,809.

Orson Felt et al.,

Defendants.

Ejectment for piece of land bounded on the north by Solano street, on the east by Kansas street, on the south by Butte street, on the west by Vermont street, known and laid down on the Wm. J. Lewis Survey of the Potrero Nuevo as Block No. 127. Summons not yet issued. Action begun April 17, 1868.

Henry Lee Nelson,

Plaintiff, Circuit Court of the United States.

VS.

George F. Sharp,

The City and County of San

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Francisco,

No. 689.

Defendant.

Ejectment for that piece of land bounded on the north by 14

Bush street, on the southeast side by Market street, and on the west by the continuation of Battery street until it intersects the northerly line of Market street, the same being dedicated as a Plaza. Action begun April 17, 1868. Answer filed July 7, 1868, and case ready for trial.

Chas. A. Belden et als.,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

15th District Court.

Felton & Hittell,

The City and County of San

Francisco,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

No. 3,622.

Defendant.

Action to quiet title to a piece of land commencing at the corner formed by the intersection of the southwesterly line of Seventh (formerly Harris street) with the southeasterly side of Channel street; thence running along said line of Channel street southwesterly 825 feet; thence at right angles southeasterly 240 feet and to the northwesterly line of Hooper street; thence northeasterly along said line of Hooper street 825 feet, and to the southwesterly line of Seventh street; thence along the said last line northwesterly 240 feet and to the point of commencement. Also, commencing at the corner formed by the intersection of the southwesterly side of Seventh street with the northwesterly line of Irwin street; thence running along said line of Irwin street southwesterly 825 feet; thence at right angles northwesterly 240 feet and to the southeasterly line of Hooper street; thence along the last mentioned line northeasterly 825 feet and to the southwesterly line of Seventh street; thence along said line of Seventh street southeasterly 240 feet and to the point of commencement. Suit begun March 9, 1868. Answer filed March 10, 1868. Case ready for trial.

John W. Hendrie,

Plaintiff, 15th District Court.

VS.

Felton & Hittell,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

No. 2,628.

Defendant.

Action to quiet title to a piece of land commencing on the southeasterly line of Irwin street, at a point 4121 feet distant southwesterly from the southeasterly corner of Irwin and Seventh (or Harris) street; thence running southwesterly along the southeasterly line of Irwin street to the northerly line of Center street; thence in an easterly direction following the northerly line of Center street to the intersection of the northerly line of Center street with the northeasterly line of Eighth (or Price) street; thence southeasterly along the northeasterly line of Eighth (or Price) street to the northwesterly line of Hubbell street; thence northeasterly along the northwesterly line of Hubbell street 525 feet, and to a point on the said nothwesterly line of Hubbell street 300 feet southwesterly from Seventh (or Harris) street; thence at right angles northwesterly and parallel with Seventh (or Harris) street 120 feet; thence at right angles northwesterly and parallel with Irwin street 1121 feet; thence at right angles northwesterly and parallel with Eighth (or Harris) street 120 feet to southeasterly line of Irwin street and to the place of commencement. Suit begun March 12, 1868. Answer filed March 16, 1868. Case ready for trial.

Josiah Belden,

Plaintiff, 15th District Court.

VS.

Felton & Hittell,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

No. 3,632.

Defendant.

Action to quiet title to a piece of land commencing at a point

on the corner formed by the intersection of the southwesterly line of Seventh (or Harris) street with the southeasterly line of Irwin street extended; running thence southwesterly along the southeasterly line of Irwin street extended $412\frac{1}{2}$ feet; thence at right angles southeasterly and parallel with Seventh (or Harris) street 120 feet; thence at right angles northeasterly and parallel with Irwin street $412\frac{1}{2}$ feet to the southwesterly line of Seventh (or Harris) street; thence northwesterly along the southwesterly line of Seventh (or Harris) street 120 feet and to the place of commencement. Action begun March 14, 1868. Answer filed March 16, 1868. Case ready for trial.

Thomas Knight,

Plaintiff,

vs.

The City and County of San
Francisco,

Defendant.

Plaintiff,

Felton & Hittell,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

No. 3,679.

Action to quiet title to a piece of land commencing on the southeasterly line of Berry street, as extended, at a point 300 feet southwesterly on said line from the southwesterly line of Seventh (or Harris) street; thence southwesterly along the southeasterly line of Berry street to the northeasterly line of Eighth (or Price) street; thence at right angles southeasterly and along the northeasterly line of Eighth (or Price) street to the northwesterly line of Channel street; thence at right angles northeasterly and along the northwesterly line of Channel street 425 feet to a point 300 feet southwesterly from the southwesterly line of Seventh (or Harris) street; thence northwesterly and parallel with Seventh (or Harris) street 240 feet and to the place of commencement. Action begun April 4, 1868. Answer filed April 8, 1868. Case ready for trial.

Theodore Le Roy,

Plaintiff,

15th District Court.

VS.

Felton & Hittell',

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

No. 3,641.

Defendant.

Action to quiet title to a piece of land commencing on the southwesterly corner of Berry and Eighth (or Price) streets; thence westerly along Berry street 550 feet to Ninth (or Johnson) street 240 feet to Channel street; thence at right angles southerly along Ninth (or Johnson) street 240 feet to Channel street; thence at right angles easterly along Channel street 550 feet to Eighth (or Price) street; thence northerly along Eighth (or Price) street 240 feet to the place of beginning, being Lots Nos. 39 and 40, making Block No. 73—red ink—as laid down on the map adopted May 5, 1857, by the Board of California State Land Commissioners. Also, Lots Nos. 41 and 42, making Block No. 76; and, also, Lots Nos. 16 and 17, making Block No. 74. Action begun March 19, 1868. Answer filed March 26, 1868.

Louis E. Ritter,

Plaintiff

15th District Court.

The Board of Education of the City and County of San Fran-

vs.

City and County of San Francisco and The City and Coun-

ty af San Francisco,

Patterson, Wallace & Stow, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

No. 2,672.

Defendants.

Action to quiet title to a portion of land, being a part of the tract of land known as the "Hayes Claim," and containing 3½ acres, and being fractional parts of Blocks Nos. 151, 152, 136 and 137. Action begun March 6, 1867. Demurrer filed. De-

murrer has been argued and the same overruled. Under interlocutory decree, Commissioners have been appointed for partition. From the whole judgment herein, and from every part thereof, the defendants will appeal to the Supreme Court.

Elizabeth Douglass,

Plaintiff,

vs.

The City and County of San
Francisco,

Defendant.

Plaintiff,

4th District Court.

Samuel H. Henry,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

No. 14,032.

Action to quiet title to City Slip Lot No. 21. Suit begun March 6, 1868. Answer, plea, and abatement filed March 12, 1868.

F. Rading et al.,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

Byrne & Freelon,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

No. 4,084.

Action to quiet title to a piece of land described as follows: Commencing at a point on the northerly side of Union street, distant easterly 23 feet from the northeasterly corner of said Union street and Leavenworth street; thence running easterly along said line of Union street 50 feet; thence at right angles northerly 137½ feet, etc., being part of 50-vara Lot No. 396, as laid down on the Official Map of San Francisco. Action begun June 13, 1868. Answer filed July 7, 1868. Case has been referred to Court Commissioner and is now being tried.

Wm. Patton,

Plaintiff, 15th District Court.

VS.

Byrne & Freelon,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

No. 4,083.

Defendant.

Action to quiet title to part of 50-vara Lot No. 396, as laid down on the Official Map of the City and County of San Francisco. Action begun June 13, 1868. Answer filed July 7, 1868. Case has been referred to Court Commissioner and is now being tried.

Rosanna A. Wheeler,

Plaintiff, 15th District Court.

VS.

Byrne & Freelon,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

No. 4,082.

Defendant.

Action to quiet title to part of 50-vara Lot No. 396, as laid down on the Official Map of the City and County of San Francisco. Action begun June 13, 1868. Answer filed July 7, 1868. Case has been referred to Court Commissioner and is now being tried.

Henry V. Herbert,

Plaintiff, 15th District Court.

vs.

Byrne & Freelon,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

No. 4,081.

Defendant.

Action to quiet title to part of 50-vara Lot No. 396, as laid

down on the Official Map of the City and County of San Francisco. Action begun June 13, 1868. Answer filed July 7, 1868. Case has been referred to Court Commissioner and is now being tried.

Frederick L. Castle,

Plaintiff, 4th District Court.

VS.

T. B. Bishop,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

No. 14,509.

Defendant.

Action to quiet title to a piece of land commencing at a point on the northeasterly side of Sixth street, distant 110 feet northwesterly from the northerly corner of Sixth and Brannan streets; thence northwesterly along said northeasterly line of Sixth street 95 feet, and being a portion of 100-vara Lot No. 312. Action begun July 23, 1868. Case ready for trial.

Charles Carroll Wilson,

Plaintiff, 4th District Court.

VS

Eugene B. Drake,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

No. 14,442.

Defendant.

Action to quiet title to certain premises, being 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block No. 199, of the Western Addition. Action begun June 25, 1868. Answer to be filed on five days' notice.

The City and County of San Francisco,

4th District Court.

Plaintiff,

Parker & McAllister,
Attorneys for Defendants.

vs.

Yankee Brown et als., Defendants.

No. 14,179.

Ejectment by the city to recover a portion of land lying in the City and County of San Francisco, and described as follows: Commencing at a point distant 152 feet 6 inches southeasterly from the southwesterly corner of Jackson and East streets, which point is the northwesterly corner of Oregon and East streets; thence running westerly along the northerly line of Oregon street 75 feet; thence southeasterly on a line parallel with the westerly line of East street to the southerly line of Oregon street; thence easterly and along said southerly line of Oregon street 75 feet to the southwesterly corner of Oregon and East streets, and thence northwesterly to the place of beginning. Action begun April 17, 1868. In this case separate answers have been filed by the defendants, and also a demurrer on the part of one of the defendants. Case not yet ready for trial.

Joseph S. Paxson,

Plaintiff,

Supreme Court, State of California.

VS.

Henry M. Hale, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco, Haight & Temple,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Defendant. No.

This action is one of mandamus in order to compel certain moneys claimed to be due the Mayor, Treasurer and Controller (Auditor) of the City and County of San Francisco, on the ground that they have been created a Board of Fund Commissioners. The sum involved in this particular action is that of \$2,400, but in reality it is the sum of \$30,000, for if the suit is maintained it will result in that charge against the city. Suit begun. Case has been argued, and the briefs submitted on both sides, and awaits the judgment of the Court.

The People of the State of Cali-) Supreme Court, State of California upon the relation of John Ferguson,

fornia.

Applicant.

Wilson & Crittenden, Counsel for Applicant.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

Felton & Merrill, with City Attorney.

Respondent. | No.

This is an application for a mandamus to compel the Board of Supervisors to grade Second street and cut through Rincon Hill. The case is before the Supreme Court. Argument has been made and briefs filed.

The City and County of San Francisco,

15th District Court. Plaintiff.

VS.

Thomas Mooney and 600 other Defendants,

No. 3,756.

Defendants.

Ejectment suit brought by the city for every part and portion of land situate in the said city and county. Description in the complaint is taken from the statute which defines the boundaries of the City and County of San Francisco. Complaint filed April 16, 1868. The suit is brought merely to avoid any doubts as to Statute of Limitations. Summons not yet issued.

The eight suits that follow are familiarly termed "The Newspaper Suits." The history of these actions is briefly this. At the time of the assassination of the late President Lincoln, a mob caused the destruction of various newspaper offices, their presses, type, etc. My opinion, rendered shortly after coming into office, was, that no remedy existed at common law, and in the absence of express statute for such injury, no damage could be recovered. The Legislature of last winter thereupon passed a law, copied from the Statute of 1855 of the State of New York, whereby it was made lawful to institute actions of this character and extending it back so as to include the sufferers of 1865. (Vide Statutes of 1867-8, page 418, et seq.) These actions have, therefore, been commenced in view of that statute, and the aggregate damage thus far claimed is some \$200,000. All the suits have not as yet, however, been brought; all that are at issue will be tried in the coming month of November. I number the eight suits in their order:

(1) John Fine,

Plaintiff,

vs.

R. F. Ryan,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

No. 14,327.

Action begun May 5, 1868. Claim \$2,000. Demurrer filed. Case argued and submitted. Decision of Court rendered in favor of the city sustaining the demurrer, on the ground that the plaintiff did not show by his complaint that he had suffered any injury or damage as to property; for that which plaintiff sued was destruction of his route, he being a newspaper carrier.

(2) Beriah Brown,

4th District Court.

VS.

Haight, Temple & Felton, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco.

No. 14,452.

Defendant.

Action begun July 2, 1868. Claim, \$50,000. Motion in this case to strike out the greater portion of the plaintiff's complaint. A determination of such motion in favor of the city will be to put an end to the plaintiff's claim. Motion has not yet been argued, for the reason that plaintiff's counsel have been engaged in the trial of other causes at each time the motion has been called up. I have to say that when the same is reached, which will be shortly, and presented to the Court, that I have no doubt that judgment will be given allowing the motion, and in favor of the city.

In the six cases, demurrers have been filed and overruled by the Court, and exceptions taken by the defendant. Answers have since been filed in all the cases. They are now ready for Their titles are as follows: trial.

(3) Fred. Marriott,

Plaintiff.

4th District Court.

VS.

Pixley & Smith,

The City and County of San

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Francisco,

No. 14,183.

Defendant.

Action begun April 17, 1868. Claim, \$19,097 69.

(4) Jeffrey Nunan,

Plaintiff,

4th District Court.

VS.

R. F. Ryan,

The City and County of San

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Francisco,

Defendant.

No. 14,143.

Action begun April 15, 1868. Claim, \$13,000.

(5) Zach Montgomery et al.,

Plaintiffs,

4th District Court.

VS.

Pixley & Smith,

Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

Attorney for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

Defendant.

No. 14,339.

Action begun May 11, 1868. Claim, \$18,862 15.

(6) T. A. Brady,

Plaintiff.

4th District Court.

VS.

H. E. Highton,

The City and County of San

Francisco,

No. 14,128.

Defendant.

Action begun April 11, 1868. Claim, \$13,499.

(7) I. B. J. Shannon,

Plaintiff.

4th District Court.

VS.

s.

Jno. R. Jarboe and Geo. W. Tyler,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

Defendant. No. 14,323.

Action begun April 28, 1868. Claim, \$25,000.

(8) E. Derbec,

Plaintiff

4th District Court.

VS.

N. Hubert,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

Defendant.

No. 14,404.

Action begun June 10, 1868. Claim, \$50,000.

Jean P. Manciet,

Plaintiff

15th District Court.

vs.

Campbell, Fox & Campbell, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

No. 4,164.

Defendant.

This action was brought to obtain a decree of the Court adjudging that plaintiff was the owner of certain premises situated on Kearny street, in the city of San Francisco, known as the "Hotel de France," and particularly described in the complaint; and that plaintiff is entitled to have and receive the sum of \$3,381 63 as for recompense for his premises, taken in for the widening of Kearny street. Action begun July 22, 1868. Demurrer filed.

PART SECOND.

ACTION HAD IN CASES AT ISSUE PRIOR TO DATE OF LAST REPORT.

E. E. White,

Plaintiff,

vs.

The Board of Education of the City and County of San Francisco,

Defendants.

Plaintiff,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

No. 13,476.

Action in ejectment, to recover a portion of the Tehama street School Lot, with the building thereon. The portion sought to be recovered out of the lot was 28 by 75 feet. The suit was begun May 7, 1867. Answer filed June 11, 1867. The case has been tried and judgment recovered in favor of the Defendant in the 4th District Court. The Plaintiff appealed to the Supreme Court, where he has been defeated, and judgment in full rendered in favor of the City.

Spring Valley Water Works,
Plaintiff,
vs.

The City and County of San
Francisco,
Defendant.

15th District Court.
Eugene Lies,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
No. 2,825.

Suit to determine the right of the City to water for the purpose of irrigating Plazas, and as to what particular purpose or purposes the water must be applied, that the City may obtain the same free of charge. Action begun May 4, 1867. Answer filed June 14, 1867. Case has been tried and judgment rendered in favor of the City.

E. V. Sutter,

Plaintiffs, 12th Dist

12th District Court.

VS.

E. A. Lawrence and J. McM. Shafter,

The City and County of San Francisco,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Defendant. J No. 13,398.

Action for partition of lands, commencing at a point on the southeast side of Folsom street, 275 feet south of Sixth street; thence running southerly on Folsom street 275 feet; thence at right angles southeasterly 550 feet. Action begun May 3, 1867. Since the date of last Report the demurrer has been filed in this case, and after argument the whole matter has been determined in favor of the City. Plaintiff has appealed to the Supreme Court. Argument has been made for the City before that Court and briefs filed.

George McKinstry,

Plaintiff,

12th District Court.

vs.

E. A. Lawrence and J. McM. Shafter,

The City and County of San Francisco,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Defendant. No. 13,411.

This action is of the same nature and character as the last. Same course has been taken with it, and the same result—judgment in favor of the City—arrived at. Case abides the appeal in Sutter vs. City, supra.

Elizabeth Douglass,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Samuel H. Henry,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Robert Murdock and The City and County of San Francisco, Defendants.

Attorney for Plaintiff
No. 2,855.

Action to quiet title to City Slip Lot No. 43, corner of Commercial and Drumm streets. Suit begun May 16, 1867. Answer filed June 20, 1867. This suit has been brought on for trial, but on account of the conduct of the Plaintiff the Court has ordered all proceedings on her part to be stayed until she comply with certain requests made of record by the Defendants.

The City and County of San Francisco,

+:ff | 120

Plaintiff.

vs.

12th District Court.

Q. M. Sewell,

Attorney for Defendants.

Martin Fulda et al.,

Defendants.

No. 12,312.

At the date of last report judgment had been obtained in favor of the City. Action, that of ejectment for City Slip Lot No. 43. The Defendants have appealed to the Supreme Court. Case has there been submitted on briefs filed.

Joseph Frank,

Plaintiff, 15th District Court.

VS.

George & Cary,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

No. 2,959.

Defendant.

Action to quiet title. Commencing at a point on the southerly line of Commercial street, distant 481 feet 8 inches easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of said southerly line of Commercial street with the easterly line of Drumm street; thence easterly along said southerly line of Commercial street 38 feet 4 inches to the corner formed by the intersection of said southerly line of Commercial street with the westerly line of East street; thence at right angles southerly 59 feet 9 inches; thence at right angles northerly 59 feet 9 inches to said southerly line of Commercial street and point of commencement. Suit begun June 19, 1867. Has been tried and judgment rendered in favor of Plaintiff.

Michael Greeny,

4th District Court.

Plaintiff,

vs.

Charles H. Parker,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Daniel Callaghan et als.,

Defendants. J No. 13,505.

Action to recover the sum of \$768 70, alleged to be due Plaintiff from the said City. Action begun May 30, 1867. Demurrer filed July 10, 1867. Demurrer has been overruled, and the City has appealed to the Supreme Court. Argument has been made and briefs filed. Case awaits decision of that tribunal.

Jesse L. Wetmore,

12th District Court.

Plaintiff,

B. S. Brooks,

VS.

Attorney for Plaintiff.

The City and County of San Francisco,

Felton, with City Attorney, for Defendant.

Defendant. J No. 1,176.

This action was begun fifteen years ago, and is for the recovery of nearly \$200,000, principal and interest, for street work alleged to have been done in 1853, for the City by the Plaintiff. A branch of this case was tried some years ago in the case of Lucas, Turner & Co. against the City; Lucas, Turner & Co. being the assignees of a certain portion of the contract said to exist between the City and Wetmore. The amount assigned was \$47,000—principal—and interest added made the whole sum due Lucas, Turner & Co. \$83,000, which, by appeal and delay in settlement, reached the sum of \$134,000. A judgment in that case for that amount was recovered by Lucas & Co. against the City, final action in which is reported in volume 28 of California Supreme Court Reports, page 591, October Term, 1865. The present case has been tried and submitted; printed arguments have been filed on both sides, and the case awaits the decision of the Judge of the 12th District Court. I have myself taken the greatest pains with this case in all its detail, and have had the valuable aid of J. B. Felton, Esq., in the conduct of the same before the Court.

D. P. Belknap, Administrator, etc., of the estate of D. C. Broderick, deceased,

Plaintiff,

12th District Court.

vs.

Wm. Loewy,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Charles Witney et al.,

No. 7,470.

Defendants.

D. P. Belknap, Administrator, 12th District Court.

Plaintiff,

VS.

Wm. Loewy,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

H. W. Byington et al.,

Defendants. j No. 6,639.

These two cases are fully noticed by me in my last Report, vide Municipal Reports for 1866-7, page 188. The decision of the Court below has been reversed by the Supreme Court, and the cases are to be heard de novo.

Joseph Emery, Wm. A. Piper and The City and County of San Francisco,

Plaintiffs.

vs.

Pardon G. Seabury, Ward M.
Parker and Henry B. Gifford,
Defendants.

Circuit Court of the United States.

Doyle & Barber, with City Attorney,

for Plaintiffs.

ord, Williams & Thornton,

Attorneys for Defendants.

This is a suit to enjoin the Defendants from enforcing a certain judgment rendered in the Court on the 14th day of August, 1867, in favor of Seabury, Parker and Gifford, and against Edward Field (Plaintiffs' grantors) and others, for the possession of Water Lot 458 in San Francisco. The City and County is the owner by conveyance from William Λ. Piper, one of the Plaintiffs, of a small street, portion of the premises covered by said judgment. Bill filed June 5th, 1868.

Juanita Pimental,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Patterson, Wallace & Stow,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

No.

This is one of the City Slip cases. It was originally commenced in the 12th District Court, and afterwards transferred to the 4th District Court, in which latter Court judgment was rendered against the City for the whole amount claimed by Plaintiff. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court, where judgment was reversed and a new trial ordered. Case reported in 21 California, 352. The case was re-tried in the 4th District Court, and judgment again rendered against the City. A new trial was afterwards granted, and, on the third trial of the case, judgment was rendered in favor of the City. This last decision was rendered in the latter part of July. It is believed that should an appeal be taken, the last judgment will be affirmed.

CONCLUSION.

In conclusion, I am happy to state that during the past fiscal year covered by this Report, and, I may add, during the fiscal year next preceding, reviewed in my Report of 1866-7, no judgment of any kind has been recovered against the City and County of San Francisco, except two or three in suits to quiet title, in which I would have entered disclaimers at the outset, if I had not deemed it best that in all actions the Plaintiff should prove his case in open Court, no matter how clear his claim might be; and one judgment for money, for the sum of \$540, in the case of McKewen vs. The City, which was so just and equitable that I refused to take advantage of technicalities in order to defeat the action. On the other hand, during said period of time all suits brought by the city, in so far as they have been determined, have resulted in judgment in her favor.

In neither of my reports have I made any mention of cases in the Justices' Courts, or County Court, for the reason that they have been few, the amounts involved small, and all of them the City has gained. If she had been defeated I would have noticed them.

Responsible as has been the conduct of the City litigation, I have to say that I do not consider it more important than the "advisory" duty that rests with the Counsel for the Corporation. Various circumstances have contributed to render such duty peculiarly difficult during the past eighteen months, but in what manner the same has been performed there is no occasion here to speak, for no one is better qualified to judge in regard thereto than your honorable body.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,

HORACE M. HASTINGS, City and County Attorney and Counselor.

REPORT

OF THE

BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS.

Fire Commissioners' Office, San Francisco, August 1, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors
Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In accordance with Resolution No. 8,566, adopted by your honorable body, June 29th, 1868, the Board of Fire Commissioners herewith submit their Report, showing the operations and condition of the Fire Department of the City and County of San Francisco, for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1868.

At a meeting of the Board of Supervisors, held on the evening of September 9th, 1867, Supervisor P. H. Daly was elected to succeed Mr. Jacob S. Dimon, whose term of office expired December 3d, 1867.

Mr. Daly took his seat in this Board on December 3d, and deceased on the 10th of the same month, having been present at only one meeting of the Board.

On the 13th of January, 1868, the Board of Supervisors elected Mr. James H. Reynolds a Fire Commissioner, to take the place made vacant by the decease of Mr. Daly.

The Board at present consists of Erastus N. Torrey, John C. Merrill, Benjamin H. Freeman, John V. McElwee and James H. Reynolds.

Since the date of our last Report, an Amendatory Act to the Organic Law of the Fire Department was passed by the Legislature, and received the Executive approval on the ninth (9th) day of March of the present year, and has been in full force and effect since that time, as follows:

AN ACT to amend an Act entitled "An Act to establish a Paid Fire Department for the City and County of San Francisco," approved March 2, 1866.

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section four (4) of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a Paid Fire Department for the City and County of San Francisco," approved March 2, 1866, is amended to read as follows:

Section 4. The Fire Department of the City and County of San Francisco shall consist of one Chief Engineer, two Assistant Engineers, one Clerk to the Board of Fire Commissioners and Chief Engineer, who shall give a bond in the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars, with two or more sureties, for the faithful performance of his duties; one Corporation Yard-Keeper, seven Steam Fire Engine Companies, to consist each of one Foreman, one Engineer, one Driver, one Fireman, and eight Horsemen, one of whom shall act as Assistant Foreman, and one as Clerk, which Clerk shall receive five dollars per month extra. Two Hook and Ladder Companies, to consist each of one Foreman, one Driver, one Tillerman, and twelve Hook and Ladder men, one of whom shall act as Assistant Foreman, and one as Clerk; said Clerk shall receive five dollars per month extra; and five Hose Companies, to consist each of one Foreman, one Driver, one Steward, and six Hosemen, one of whom shall act as Assistant Foreman, and one as Clerk, which Clerk shall receive five *dollars per month extra. Each Steam Fire Engine Company shall have one Steam Fire Engine, one Hose Reel, one thousand feet of Hose, and not more than three horses. Each Hook and Ladder Company shall have one Truck with Hooks and Ladders, and necessary and proper appurtenances and appliances and two horses. Each Hose Company shall have one Hose Cart and Reel, with one thousand feet of Hose, and one horse. But the Board of Supervisors shall have power to increase or diminish the number of Fire Companies, as the public safety of the city and county may require, and to purchase the necessary steam engines, apparatus and appurtenances therefor; and they may organize such Volunteer Companies for outside districts as they may deem necessary, and to place apparatus in their keeping; but no member of any such Volunteer Company shall receive any salary for such service from the City and County. Said Volunteer Companies shall be subject to the Rules and Regulations governing the Fire Department.

SEC. Two. Section Six of said Act is hereby amended to read as follows: Section 6. The salaries of the officers and men comprising said Fire Department shall not exceed the following sums, to be paid monthly: Chief Engineer, two hundred and fifty dollars per month; two Assistant Engineers, one hundred and forty dollars per month, each; one Clerk to the Board of Fire Commissioners aand Chief Engineer, one hundred and thirty dollars per month; Superintendent of Corporation Yard, seventy-five dollars per month; each Foreman, forty-five dollars per month; each Engineer, one hundred and forty dollars per month; each Driver, seventy-five dollars per month; each Fireman, seventy-five dollars per month; each Fireman, seventy-five dollars per month; each Hose and Hook and Ladder Man, thirty-five dollars per month. All the paid members of the Fire Department, except the Foreman, Assistant Foremen, Clerk, Hosemen, and Hook and Ladder Men, shall give their undivided attention to their respective duties under this Act; the Foreman, Assistant Foremen, Clerk, and Hosemen, and Hook and Ladder Men, shall perform such duties as may be prescribed from time to time by the Board of Fire Commissioners.

Sec. Three. Section eight of the said Act is amended so as to read as follows:

Section 8. The said Board of Supervisors are hereby authorized to appropriate, allow and order paid, annually, out of the General Fund the salaries hereinbefore specified and allowed; twenty-five thousand dollars per annum for running expenses, horse feed, repairs to apparatus, and other expenses of the said Department; and three thousand dollars, for the purchase of three Horses, one Hose, Reel and Harness; and ten thousand dollars annually for the purchase of Hose and Steam Fire Engines; also a sum, not exceeding twenty thousand dollars annually, in lieu of the amount now allowed by law for the construction and erection of Hydrants and Cisterns. And the Board of Supervisors shall have power to advertise for proposals, and make contracts for the construction of said Cisterns, and the erection of said Hydrants; and they are hereby empowered to locate the same.

SEC. Four. This Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

C. T. RYLAND,
Speaker of the Assembly.
WM. HOLDEN,
President of the Senate.

Approved March 9, 1868.

H. H. HAIGHT,
Governor of the State of California.

H. L. NICHOLS, Secretary of State.

[SEAL.]

This Department at present consists of seven (7) Steam Fire Engines, twelve (12) Horse Hose Reels, two (2) Hook and Ladder Trucks, thirty-one (31) Horses, with the necessary equipments.

The number of Members to which the Department is now enti-

tled is one hundred and fifty-nine (159), exclusive of the Board of Engineers and Clerk of the Board of Fire Commissioners, and divided as follows: Seven (7) Enginemen, seven (7) Firemen, fourteen (14) Drivers, five (5) Stewards, two (2) Tillermen, and one (1) Corporation Yard-keeper, who are permanently employed; and one hundred and twenty-three (123) Members who do fire duty only when alarmed for that purpose.

These, together with four (4) men employed by your honorable body in the Corporation Yard, one (1) Superintendent of Steamers, one (1) Assistant Superintendent, one (1) Hydrant Man, and one (1) Drayman, constitute the entire force of the Fire Department.

Referring you to the Report of the Chief Engineer, herewith accompanying, for details of the transactions and workings of the Department for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1868,

We are, very respectfully,

ERASTUS N. TORREY,
JOHN C. MERRILL,
BENJAMIN H. FREEMAN,
JOHN V. McELWEE,
JAMES H. REYNOLDS,
Board of Fire Commissioners.

REPORT OF THE CHIEF ENGINEER

OF THE

SAN FRANCISCO FIRE DEPARTMENT.

To the Honorable Board of Fire Commissioners:

Gentlemen—In response to the Resolution your honorable body adopted July 17th, 1868, I have the honor to hereby transmit the following Report of the condition, operations and wants of the San Francisco Steam Fire Department for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1868.

As a matter of information, a portion of this Report will be a repetition of the Annual Report received by your honorable body December 3d, 1867, of which the Honorable Board of Supervisors have no official knowledge.

The Department is in excellent condition, and it is very gratifying to me to certify to the good feeling and harmony that exists among its members. Although the past year has been one of unusual trial and sacrifice to the members, yet in the discharge of their arduous duties they have exhibited that courage, zeal and devotion that has ever characterized the Firemen of San Francisco. It is this, and the respect and strict obedience to the rules and regulations governing them, that has given the Department the reputation it has acquired for promptness, discipline and efficiency, to which it is eminently entitled.

It cannot, however, be denied that in some instances members of the Department have been influenced to a violation of the rules and regulations, by supposed friends of the Department, for political purposes, thereby creating disturbing causes which affected their former efficiency and tranquility; but, I am pleased to say, that such violations have been met with well-merited and prompt rebuke at your hands—and I improve the present opportunity to give expression to the opinion that if politics, of whatever name or nature, be allowed in any building now or hereafter to be occupied for Fire Department purposes, it will prove an element of self-destruction to this important branch of our municipal government, which you have so ably conducted and directed, from its inception, to the high and useful position it has at this time attained. But, gentlemen, your past history is a sufficient guarantee that you will resist any encroachments that will tend to impair the usefulness or lessen the dignity of the organization of which we are so justly proud.

In my Annual Report of December 3d, 1867, and Monthly Reports to this date, I have communicated to your honorable body all the wants and necessities of the Department, and, I believe, all have received your approval, and may, before this Report is acted on by you, be carried into effect. The extra second first-class Engine and Hose Cart, extra Tubes for Boilers, extra Hydrant Suctions, and extra valute springs for Engines, have been ordered and may shortly be expected to arrive. The other necessary material reported to you but not as yet ordered, I learn are before the respective committees of the Board of Supervisors awaiting their authorization; they are as follows, viz: Three new Houses for Hose Companies One, Two and Five, the last named being recently located in Hayes valley. Two of the above named companies are now occupying houses for which the city is paying a monthly rent, and in this connection allow me to remind your honorable body that there is now remaining in the City Treasury sixty thousand (\$60,000) dollars or upwards for the purchase of lots and the erection of houses for the Fire Department, and none other; and I would respectfully suggest that it would be more economical for the city to own its houses and lots for the use of this Department.

The other wants mentioned were a brick stable and workshop at the Corporation Yard, also badges for each member, beds, bedding and seats for each company. The last two items, I have been informed, but not officially, that the Board of Supervisors

disapprove of furnishing them at the public expense; if this be so, I trust your honorable body will exert your influence for the reconsideration of this matter by the Honorable Board of Supervisors, for I believe it is just and necessary that at least the Engineman, Fireman and Driver should be provided with this necessary furniture, and at the expense of the city. Many reasons could be given in support of this recommendation, but two may suffice: First—Cities having a Paid Fire Department, without exception, have furnished the supplies asked for. Second—That your honorable body may control and regulate the sanitary condition of the houses of the Department.

All of the above recommendations were more fully set forth in the several communications from me to your honorable body during the past year, and I trust that they will be carried into effect, for if they were necessary then they are doubly so now.

I also at this time recommend that a third-class Amoskeag Steam Fire Engine be purchased and placed in charge of Hose Company No. Three (3) on Pacific street, near Jones. The expense of changing the Hose Company to an Engine Company will be triffing, in comparison to the benefit to be derived. No Hose Cart will be required, and but three (3) men-Engineman and two (2) Extramen—to complete the change asked for. Should this recommendation meet your approval and be effected, it will carry security to the feelings of the residents of that neighborhood, and we shall be able to overcome the difficulties caused by the light pressure in the water company's pipes in that vicinity, and reach all buildings in that elevated portion of the city. I would further suggest that the apparatus mentioned be kept in active service on the following described lines: Gough street to Pine, to Stockton, to Broadway, to Montgomery, to the Bayexcept in cases of emergency that may arise. An early consid-. eration of this recommendation is respectfully solicited, as at best you will not be able to accomplish the desired result before the commencement of the coming year.

FORCE AND CONDITION OF THE DEPARTMENT.

The Department at the present time consists of the following, viz: One (1) Chief Engineer, two (2) Assistant Engineers, and

one hundred and sixty-three (163) men, which includes Enginemen, Drivers, Firemen, Stewards, Tillermen, Officers of Companies—Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent of Steamers—Corporation Yard-keeper, Hydrant Man, and Drayman.

The apparatus consists of seven (7) Amoskeag Steam Fire Engines and Hose Tenders, two (2) Hook and Ladder Trucks, three (3) two-wheel Hose Carts, and two (2) four-wheel Hose Carts.

There has been added to the force of the Department since my Report for the fiscal year of 1867, two (2) second first-class Amoskeag Steam Fire Engines and twelve (12) men; one Engine is located on Sixteenth street (Mission), in place of Hose Company No. Five (5) removed to Hayes valley, the other is in charge of Engine Company No. Six (6) located on Sixth street, in place of what is better known as Monumental Steamer No. Six (6), which had become unreliable, and is now laid up with the old Steamer Pennsylvania No. Twelve (12) in the Corporation Yard, both of which I would recommend to be sold. The extra Amoskeag Steam Fire Engine ordered and daily expected to arrive, will, when received, add strength to our force in its strongest sense; giving us, for the first time, a reliable extra or relief Steamer in case of accident or breakage to either of the others.

All our Steamers and Hose Carts are in excellent working condition, and without doubt are in many respects better than when received from the city, for the reason that when a defect presented itself or an improvement was needed, it has been promptly attended to.

I congratulate you, gentlemen, on the possession and success of the two new Steamers last purchased. They are all that could be desired. The purchaser is entitled to thanks for his wisdom and good judgment. I hope the new one may prove as satisfactory and useful.

HOSE.

The accompanying statistics will show the amount of Hose belonging to the city and the manner in which it has been distributed to the various companies. There is now in the Corporation Yard and upon the reels of the different companies about eighteen thousand nine hundred (18,900) feet, of which twelve

HORSES. 239

thousand eight hundred and fifty (12,850) feet is in good order; four thousand two hundred and fifty (4,250) feet is in an indifferent condition, and two thousand (2,000) feet is worthless.

I regret exceedingly to be obliged to report that the one thousand (1,000) feet of three-ply gum Hose manufactured by Torrey & Twombly, of New York city, and purchased by the Honorable Board of Supervisors, has, in the short period of seven (7) months, become entirely worthless, notwithstanding the precautions adopted for its preservation by placing it on the reel immediately after use, where it would have the air and become dry. This style of Hose, not sweating when in use and requiring no oil, was looked upon with favor by every person connected with the Department. The cause of its rapid decay I am unable to solve. Substitutes of various kinds for leather have been introduced and tested from time to time, but I am of opinion that a good quality of single-rivited leather Hose is the most serviceable of any now in use. I would, therefore, recommend that one thousand (1,000) feet of leather Hose be purchased as soon as possible, to take the place of the gum Hose above mentioned, and now condemned and out of service.

With the new Hose asked for and that in the possession of the Department, and proper care and management exercised, we will have a sufficient quantity to last us for another year at least.

HORSES.

The number of Horses that have been purchased for the use of the Department since its organization is thirty-eight (38); the number now belonging to the Department is thirty-five (35), of which thirty (30) are required for the conveyance of apparatus to fires, one (1) for use in the dray of the Department, and the remaining four (4) are kept as spare horses, to be substituted for any that may become sick or disabled in the several companies of the Fire Department.

The number of Horses which have received medical treatment is nineteen (19), of which thirteen (13) were entirely restored to health and service, partially cured six (6); one died from the effects of a severe burning on the night of February 23d, 1868, at a fire on Valparaiso street, caused by the spring on reel be-

coming disarranged and projecting in such a manner as to stop its revolution, which threw the horse off his feet immediately opposite the fire and when it was at its height. The Driver and several other members of the company were very severely burned in their efforts to rescue him from his perilous position, and, when released, was found to be so severely injured that after a few days I was advised by the veterinary surgeon in attendance that there was no hopes of his recovery, and I ordered him to be killed, which was done. Three (3) of those partially cured it was deemed advisable to dispose of. The average number of horses requiring treatment has been about fifty (50) per cent. It is our custom as soon as a horse is unable to work, to send him to the stable at the Corporation Yard for treatment, and a spare horse put in his place. As soon as he is sufficiently recovered he is returned to the company to which he belongs. I do not profess to have more than ordinary knowledge of the horse or the diseases peculiar to that animal, but feel certain that, considering the dangerous and laborious nature of the duties required of our horses, the heats and colds they are constantly subject to, the ascending and descending the hills and the unevenness of the streets of our city, I think the health and condition of our horses will compare favorably with the same number in any employment, and that the proportion of sickness and death among them is exceedingly small.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

The loss by fire during the past year amounted to the sum of \$626,996 95. This amount, large as it appears at the first glance, must, upon reflection, be considered small in proportion to the number of fires which have occurred. During the year just closed there has been a large increase of fires in most of the cities throughout our country, but we can congratulate ourselves that no extended conflagrations have occurred, and that the loss in our city has been scarcely above the average of former years. The above loss, to a great extent, was caused by the use of Hose which was not of sufficient strength to convey water to the desired point at the breaking out of the fires. Another serious cause, in several instances, is the delay in giving the alarm, thus allowing

fires to gain headway. When property owners in the vicinity of fires are questioned as to the cause of the delay, they answer—we did not know where the alarm boxes are located; and in many cases they say they did not think it was their business, they thought it was the Firemen's business, who are paid for it. The last, however, are exceptions, and occurred early in the organization of our Department; but even now there are many excellent and worthy citizens who do not take the time necessary to inform themselves of the location of the Fire Alarm boxes. This is wrong and should be remedied.

I refer you to the tabular statement annexed to this Report, in which will be found a detailed account of the number of fires and the losses in each month. And I am pleased to say that since the organization of the Paid Fire Department not one malicious false alarm has been given. The annexed table will also show more fires by incendiarism during the last year than any preceding year since the settlement of our city. But, with all the disadvantages we have labored under, I have no apology to offer for the services of the Department at fires. The work performed speaks for itself.

HYDRANTS.

A list of Hydrants, with their locations, will be found annexed to this Report. Since the organization of the new Fire Department, Hydrants have been set in localities where they are most needed. Improvements in the city are extending so rapidly in all directions that the number of Hydrants allowed annually (50) is not sufficient to meet the wants of the Department in the growing districts of the city; in fact, the tax-payers in several districts have made such urgent demands that one hundred Hydrants will be required for the coming year; and, in my judgment, they should be provided. Another reason why we should have an increase in the number of Hydrants is, that the steamers can be concentrated in closer proximity to fires, thereby saving a great deal in the wear of Hose by using short lines, instead of the long lines necessarily used at present in consequence of the Hydrants being placed so far apart. Again, many of the Hydrants in use must sooner or later be raised or lowered to conform to the

grades; and, in localities where sidewalks are widened in accordance with law, Hydrants must be re-set to the curb. These constant changes are expensive, costing at least thirty (\$30) dollars for every alteration, and often double that amount. During the past year not less than twenty (20) Hydrants have been broken by the supposed carelessness of drivers of vehicles; and, notwithstanding diligent inquiry has been made, the whereabouts of said parties, or any information tending to secure their arrest, has in every case been unsuccessful. It is also a constant practice of builders and others to blockade Hydrants with building material and merchandise of various descriptions. This is a daily occurrence, although in violation of an Ordinance of the City, which provides that Police Officers shall see that no such obstructions shall take place; and, although their attention has been frequently called to this Ordinance, not one arrest has yet been made for this violation of the laws. If the Chief of Police will use his power and have at least one person arrested and punished for either of the above misdemeanors, I think this growing evil will cease.

CISTERNS.

During the past year a contract for the repair of Cisterns in a leaky condition was made with Mr. Mulrain. The work is progressing, but I cannot at this time speak definitely as to the character of the work. In a former communication to your honorable body, I recommended the building of eight (8) new Cisterns with a capacity of one hundred thousand (100,000) gallons each, at certain localities, seven (7) of which have been finished, and they overrun the capacity of the figures mentioned in the contract. The contractor has done his work well, and given the city a substantial and permanent Cistern in each. It is my duty at this time to call your attention to portions of our city still destitute of the necessary supply of water for fire purposes; and I recommend that six (6) more Cisterns of the same capacity as those just completed be ordered and constructed at the following places, viz: Folsom and Nineteenth streets, Park and Columbia streets, Mission and Park streets, Hyde and Union streets, Kearny and Lombard streets, and California and Mason streets. Many of these places the water company have not yet laid their pipes; the others are at elevated points where Hydrants do not give a sufficient supply of water for fire purposes. These facilities should be immediately provided, thereby relieving the anxiety of citizens of the above mentioned neighborhoods.

FIRE ALARM TELEGRAPH.

The Telegraph is so complete in all its details that it is unnecessary for me on the present occasion to offer any suggestions in addition to those mentioned in my Report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1867 (page 15). I would not again refer to this matter, but I believe it would be an improvement, and hope it will be carried into effect.

NEW HOUSES.

I have in another portion of this Report alluded to the absolute necessity of furnishing Hose Companies Nos. One (1), Two (2) and Five (5) with suitable buildings for their use. The first two named are in such bad condition that the health of the men is seriously endangered, and they are entirely without any of the necessary conveniences. The last named is located in a small barn or shed, and is unfit to be occupied by either man or beast. And I now reiterate what I gave as my opinion to your honorable body one year ago, that all of the Houses and Lots now occupied for Fire Department purposes are too valuable, and should not be located, as they now are, on the principal and business thoroughfares of the city. And at this time I would recommend that as soon as suitable lots can be secured and buildings erected those now in use be disposed of; and that the plan of Engine House adopted by your honorable body, and approved by the honorable Board of Supervisors, be the standard for Houses hereafter to be erected for Fire Department purposes. And I recommend that a sufficient amount be appropriated to whiten the walls and ceilings of the Fire Department Houses, and that the Stables be whitewashed. For sanitary purposes, as well as the preservation of the property, I deem this indispensable.

COST OF MAINTAINING THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

In a former communication under this head I alluded particularly to the large outlay attending the repairs to apparatus. Under the law, as construed by the City and County Attorney, the Fire and Water Committee of the Board of Supervisors have authority to order such repairs; and in the exercise of that authority have and do order such repairs done at the shop of a carriage maker, much of the needed work cannot be done at such an establishment; if this be so, can the proprietors of one firm employ another to do work without both being paid for the same time and labor. I think not. I do not wish to be understood that my objections to this manner of doing the Department work are because any one particular firm or firms do this work, or that the charges of that or another firm would be more or less. I believe the whole system is wrong and more costly than that contemplated by the framers of the bill creating this Fire Department. For instance, one of my duties as Chief Engineer is, in case of breakage of any of the apparatus, to give an order for such repairs upon the party designated by the Fire and Water Committee of the Board of Supervisors. If said repairs are completed, at the first of every month I am called upon to sign the bill as correct, or, in other words, that said repairs have been made. The cost is a matter over which your honorable body or myself have no control. We have already had one or two tests of this matter, which further substantiates what I have before stated; and I am well aware that your honorable body are powerless to prevent its continuance. With the existing state of affairs it is impossible for me to approximate to the amount expended; and I shall be obliged to refer you to the Auditor for the total expenses of the Fire Department.

I earnestly hope that some remedy may be found to obviate this evil, which is so detrimental to the Department; and to exonerate your honorable body from the only disparaging assertion that can possibly be made, viz.: that the Department is too expensive. Permit me to say that if all interested are really seeking an economical administration of the affairs of the Fire Department they must, in my opinion, see the necessity of establishing a work-shop, where repairs can be performed with economy and

BADGES. 245

dispatch. As I have several times before urged that a repair shop be established at the Corporation Yard, and that a practical Machinist, a Blacksmith and a Wheelwright be employed, who, together with the Enginemen, who are practical machinists, and the co-operation of the Firemen, could assist in repairing their own Engines when necessary; this would not only be economical, but would make the Enginemen and Firemen familiar with the minutiæ of their Engines. The establishment of such a shop, in my judgment, would repay the city in a brief period its outlay for construction.

Every eastern city has become convinced of the necessity and economy of doing their repairing, and have, or are establishing, workshops for that purpose.

BADGES.

I have heretofore called your attention to the necessity of adopting a suitable Badge, to be worn upon the breast by our members at fires and alarms, that they may be distinguished from other citizens, and to prevent interlopers and thieves from intruding upon and robbing those who may be suffering from the calamity of fire in their premises. This should receive your early attention.

A new Bell of sufficient power should be placed at the southwestern portion of the city, that the Firemen of Hayes valley and the Mission districts may be promptly alarmed in case of fire. Our men, who are known as good Firemen, complain bitterly of not hearing alarms in these localities, and we hear the same complaint from property owners who reside in the neighborhoods mentioned, and who have large investments in the city proper. They feel that if alarmed promptly they could assist in saving at least their own property. The insufficiency of sound from the small Bell on the House of Engine Company No. 7, which is struck by hand, is conceded by all. The next nearest Alarm Bell in a direct line, is on the Engine House of Engine No. 6, on Sixth street, near Folsom, sixteen blocks southeast, and this fact must be taken into consideration that during the summer months the prevailing winds blow the sound in an opposite direction. You can judge that the Firemen have but a slight chance of getting an alarm from this quarter. I feel that I cannot be too urgent in this recommendation.

I formerly recommended that one other Assistant Engineer be added to the force to reside in the southwestern part of the city, and although the Legislature overlooked this matter, I see no good reason why I should change my opinion on this subject; and again renew that recommendation.

There is attached to the Corporation Yard a wooden Stable, where the extra and sick and disabled Horses are kept, and there are often from two to five Horses in charge there, and, as I have previously informed you, the whole neighborhood (with the exception of the Corporation building) is composed of the most inflammable material, and should a fire get headway it would scarcely be possible to save Horses, Harness, or any other property on the premises. I also at the same time suggested that a proper and comfortable sleeping-room be fitted up for the Drayman, or some other responsible person, to sleep on the premises. I solicit again your attention to this suggestion.

REVISION OF FIRE ORDINANCES.

Our Fire Ordinances should be revised in many respects, and none are more cognizant of this necessity than the honorable members of the Board of Supervisors. In many instances that are on record in the office of the Chief Engineer, parties have, and are, erecting buildings in violation of these Ordinances, who have been served with the proper notices by the Fire Wardens, but in a few days they are informed by the parties or through the newspapers, that permission has been granted them by the Board of Supervisors. The Fire Wardens have no alternative but submit to that decision. This should not be the case, and I trust that the honorable Board of Supervisors may, through your honorable body, be induced to remodel and extend the fire limits and the Ordinances, and allow the Fire Wardens to carry out the amended laws without any interruption hereafter, thus placing them before the community in their proper sphere as guardians of this particular law; and, in this connection, I earnestly ask that you will use your influence in having all buildings now, or hereafter to be erected, that are set on studs, that each tenement

be closely boarded from the earth to the first flooring sills, thus giving the Firemen some chance of arresting a fire in the building in which it originates. There are many buildings now erected where the unfinished basements are in such condition that a person may walk upright under from ten to fifteen dwellings, and in some cases it may be done from one street to another. When a fire occurs in any of these unfinished places and before its exact location can be ascertained, the fire has spread, and shows itself, perhaps, in the rear of some building quite a distance from its place of origin. All this time the work of destruction is going on underneath other buildings, assisted materially by the great current of air that is naturally created by the fire. To illustrate, allow me to call vonr attention to one of this class of fires, and one which most of you gentlemen have witnessed. I allude to the fire on Second street, between Market and Mission, which commenced in one of these unfinished basements. The Department were promptly on the ground and supposed the fire had commenced on the first floor. Their efforts were directed to that point, and when we supposed we would soon have the control of the fire, we were suddenly warned by the buildings slightly settling, and by the time the Firemen had reached the awnings in front, three of the buildings came down with a crash. The fall of the buildings was caused solely by the burning of the supporting studs, the upper portions not being at all injured by fire. The lives of the Firemen are endangered in this class of buildings, and many may be lost if proper means are not adopted to compel owners to brick or board closely each and every unfinished basement. With reference to the fire limits, I would suggest that instead of curtailing them, as has been intimated, they should be extended in all directions, except on the hills. No valid reason can be given why the blocks from Market south to Folsom street, should not be declared within the fire limits, and when property owners desire to replace the buildings within this boundary, it should be with safe and substantial material. Unless a law shall be passed extending the fire limits, what encouragement or incentive is offered to the business man, who is being crowded out of the present contracted limits by the growth of trade, to erect suitable buildings in this combustible locality? I answer, there are none: and would ask your influence in favor of the above recommendations.

FIREMEN'S RELIEF FUND.

I congratulate the Department on the establishment of a Fund for the relief of the sick and disabled members, and am proud that the original Board of Fire Commissioners were the recipients of the first donations for this purpose; and, in this connection, take occasion to return the thanks of the members of the Fire Department to the following gentlemen for liberal donations:

Patterson, Wallace & Stow	\$300	00
William Sherman	100	00
M. Gately	100	00
Captain M. R. Roberts	25	00

I earnestly trust that our citizens will contribute with their usual liberality to increase and extend the usefulness of this very worthy and meritorious object, so that not only the sick and disabled may be provided for, but the intellectual and moral may be encouraged; and to this end would suggest that so soon as the Fund will admit, a library of five or six hundred volumes be established at the rooms of the Fire Commissioners for the use of the members of the Department, and especially for those whose duties require their constant attendance at their respective houses. It would afford relaxation and improvement, and greatly tend to alienate them from objectionable excitements. The proverb that idleness is the mother of mischief, and that Satan finds some mischief for idle hands, will apply in this case.

Some months since I presented this matter to you, and I believe now, as then, that if carried out it will be promotive of the general public good.

I would respectfully inform you that the Relief Fund is growing, and is sustained now by a small contribution monthly from each member of the Department; and I would again say that this Fund commends itself for a generous support and assistance to all our citizens; and, before quitting this subject, I desire, in behalf of the members of the Fire Department, to express their hearty thanks and appreciation to Stephen T. King, Esq., General Agent of the Brooklyn Life Insurance Company, for his generous tender of a Life Insurance Policy to ten (10) members

of the Fire Department, of \$1,000 each, without any charge for premium; and, although the kind offer of Mr. King has not yet been acted on, for the reason that your honorable body has not yet signified the manner in which the ten (10) favored ones should be chosen, yet we look upon the good will as if the noble deed had been consummated, and I hope that other gentlemen connected with similar institutions will unite with Mr. King in this effort for the advancement of the interests of our members and their families, until each member of our Department is furnished with a similar policy.

I avail myself of this opportunity to return thanks to the Chief of Police and his Force, to the Fire Marshal and his Deputies, for the co-operation and aid rendered me in the discharge of my duties as Chief Engineer; and to the Assistant Engineers, Messrs. Burkes and Ackerson, for their invaluable support and assistance. Gentlemen, receive my grateful thanks. To the honorable Board of Fire Commissioners, whose instrument I have been in carrying out their views during the past year, I feel grateful for the uniform courtesy extended, and for the confidence reposed in me, and for which I return my sincere thanks. And, in conclusion, gentlemen, I scarcely need say that the past year will be an eventful one in the history of the Fire Department, and the future will be more so. For some time to come many obstacles will present themselves to seriously affect the efficiency of its workings. To me is confided the duty of executing your orders, and I shall always endeavor to discharge all the duties incumbent on me with honesty and fidelity, as a man and an officer.

Respectfully submitted,

F. E. R. WHITNEY, Chief Engineer.

SAN FRANCISCO ENGINE COMPANY NO. 1.

HOUSE ON THE SOUTH SIDE OF JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN KEARNY AND MONTGOMERY.

ROLL.

Name.	Position.	Occupation.	Age.	Residence.
W. O. T. Smith	Foreman	Deputy Sheriff	28	1621 Powell Street.
W. C. Hinckley	Engineman .		33	521 Jackson Street.
				521 Jackson Street.
John Day	Fireman		26	521 Jackson Street.
Joseph Augustus	Extraman	Painter	37	224 Montgomery St.
William Brewer	Extraman	Special Police	25	224 Montgomery St.
		Armorer		
				521 Jackson Strεet.
Wm. J. Smith				
				521 Jackson Street.
				521 Jackson Street.
E. T. Maynard	Extraman	Blacksmith	136	528 Jackson Street.

The Engineman, Fireman and Driver are permanently employed. These, together with the Foreman and eight Hosemen, who do duty only when alarmed, constitute the entire company.

This Engine was built by the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company, at Manchester, New Hampshire, and is a first-class double Engine. It has two vertical reciprocating steam cylinders, $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches diameter, and two double-acting vertical pumps, $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter and 12-inch stroke, and will discharge about 600 gallons per minute.

A Tender, to carry fuel, and a Water Tank, for the supply of the Boiler, make a part of the machine. The Tender will carry fuel enough for two hours' consumption, and the Water Tank will contain 60 gallons.

This company was organized December 3d, 1866, from which time they have had charge of this Engine.

The weight of this Engine, with three men, is about 8,500 pounds.

The house of this company is in fair condition. This company have in charge 600 feet of Hose, in good condition.

The Hose-reel is two-wheeled, of the Amoskeag build. The returns show that this company have rolled to 265 alarms; have worked 55 times, and performed 57 hours and 40 minutes' duty during the year.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN POSSESSION OF THIS COMPANY.

One first-class Amoskeag En-Two Brooms. gine, in good order.

One hose-reel, Amoskeag, good One Coal Hod. order.

Six hundred feet leather Hose, One small extra-length Suction. good order.

Four Lanterns.

Two Oil Cans, in bad order.

One Monkey-Wrench, bad order.

One Suction Spanner.

Four Leading Hose Spanners Three Horses, in good condition. and Belts.

One Hammer for Engine. One Stuffing-Box Wrench.

Four Hydrant Spanners.

Fifty feet small hand Hose.

One small hand Hose pipe.

One Reducing Coupling.

One Crowbar.

One Axe.

One Hand Axe.

Two Jackscrews.

Two Cranks for Hose-reel.

Two Blunderbusses.

One Coal Shovel, useless.

One Suction Hose Rope, twentyfive feet.

One Cot Bed; two broken and One Feed Box. destroyed.

One patent Hose-Washer.

One Engine Poker.

Three Spittoons.

Three Hose Ropes.

Three Mattresses, very bad order.

One Stove and stove-pipe.

One Table, broken.

Three sets Harness, good order.

Three Blankets for horses, one in bad order.

One Whip, useless.

Three Horse Brushes, two good order.

Two Currycombs, one very bad.

One Stable Fork, useless.

One Stable Broom.

One Manure Box.

One Shovel.

Two Hand Basins.

One Ladder.

One Fall and Tackle, forty-five feet rope and two blocks.

Two Buckets, bad order.

SAN FRANCISCO ENGINE COMPANY NO. 2.

HOUSE ON THE NORTH SIDE OF BUSH STREET, BETWEEN KEARNY AND DUPONT.

ROLL.

Name.	Position:	Occupation.	Age.	Residence.
Jere. J. Kelly	Foreman	Clerk	29	225 Tehama Street.
Ira H. Chapman				
Peter Collins Chas. C. Franz				
Samuel Davis				
Thomas Sands				
B. C. Donnellan				
Wm. B. Fleming				
P. J. Stockinger				
Peter O'Reilly				
Louis Levy	Extraman	Clothier	34	Engine House.
James Delmore	Extraman	Boilermaker	24	Engine House.

The Engineman, Fireman and Driver are permanently employed. These, together with the Foreman and eight Hosemen, who do duty only in case of fire, constitute the entire company.

This company was organized and took charge of their present Engine on the 3d of December, 1866.

It has one steam cylinder, $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, and one double-acting vertical plunger pump, of $4\frac{3}{4}$ inches diameter and 12-inch stroke. At a fair working speed, her builders, the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company, claim that she can discharge 400 gallons per minute. The weight of this Engine, including three men, is about 6,500 pounds. This company have one two-wheeled Hose Cart, in fair order, of the Amoskeag pattern, built in this city. The returns of this company show that the Engine has rolled to 267 alarms, and worked at 68 fires; $75\frac{1}{3}$ hours during the year.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN POSSESSION OF THIS COMPANY.

One Steam Amoskeag Engine, good order.

One Hose Cart, fair order.

Twenty-three feet of Suction
Hose.

Hose.

Eight hundred feet of leather
Hose.

Fifty feet gutta-percha Hose.

Six feet Hydrant Suction.
Three Horses, good condition.

One Sponge.

One Feed Box.

One cylinder Stove.

Three Chairs, bad order.

One double Harness, good order. One Stable Broom.

One single Harness, good order. One Pitchfork, bad order.

One full set of tools for Engine. One Shovel.

Four Lanterns, good order. Three Spittoons.

Two Currycombs. Three Horse Blankets.

Two Whips.

Three Hydrant Wrenches. One coarse Brush. One Chamoise.

Six Hose Spanners and Belts.

Two Blunderbusses. Sixty-five feet 3-inch rubber One Hose-Washer.

Hose and brass Pipe.

Two Buckets. Two Jackscrews.

One Table. One Washbowl, good; one, bad.

The house of this company is in fair condition.

SAN FRANCISCO ENGINE COMPANY NO. 3.

HOUSE ON THE SOUTH SIDE OF SUTTER STREET, NEAR JONES.

ROLL.

Name.	Position.	Occupation.	Age.	Residence.
J. P. Hawkins. Edward O'Neil H. A. Irving Benj. Blake G. W. L. Pierce John Carroll Chs. Dusenburg Wm. McDermott Wm. Johnson	Engineman Driver	House Mover. Drayman Painter Roofer Cigar Dealer Paper Carrier	43 25 27 26 35 38 30 38 34	Engine House. Engine House. Engine House. Stevenson & 2d Sts. Engine House.
Thos. J. Shields	Extraman	Lather	27	Engine House.

The Engineman, Fireman and Driver are permanently employed. These, together with the Foreman and eight Hosemen, who do duty only when alarmed, constitute the entire Company.

This Company was organized and took charge of their present Engine on the 3d day of December, 1866.

It is of the Amoskeag build, second class, and has one steam cylinder, 8% inches in diameter, and one double acting vertical plunger pump, 43 inches in diameter and 12-inch stroke. At fair working speed she will discharge 400 gallons per minute. The weight of this Engine with three men is about 6,500 pounds. This Company have in charge 1,200 feet of Hose, in good condition; also one two-wheeled Hose Cart (Amoskeag pattern), built in this city in good order. The monthly reports of this Company show that during the year ending June 30, 1868, the Engine has rolled to 268 alarms and worked at 36 fires. Hours of service, 40.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN POSSESSION OF THIS COMPANY.

One Steam Fire Engine, good Four Lanterns.

order.

One Hose Cart, good order.

Three Horses, good condition.

One double Harness, good.

One single Harness, good.

Twenty-three feet of Suction One Axe.

Hose.

One extra-length rubber Suction One Pitchfork.

for Hydrants.

One set of tools for Engine.

Two Hydrant Wrenches.

Two Hose Spanners and six Three iron Spittoons.

Belts.

Two Blunderbusses.

Three Horse Blankets.

Two Whips.

and Pipe.

One Feed Box.

Two Buckets.

Two Oil Cans.

Two Cot Beds, worthless.

Three Mattresses and Pillows, worthless.

One Jackscrew.

One Shovel.

One Stable Broom.

Two coarse Brushes.

One Currycomb.

One Hose-Washer.

One "May Queen" Stove and

fixtures. Four Chairs.

One Table.

Sixty feet of 4-inch rubber Hose One thousand two hundred feet of Hose.

One set of Lead Bars.

One set of Lead Ropes.

One Sponge and Chamois.

SAN FRANCISCO ENGINE COMPANY NO. 4.

HOUSE ON THE WEST SIDE OF SECOND STREET, BETWEEN NATOMA AND HOWARD.

\mathbf{R}	0	T	T	
11	U	-14	-14	ı,

Name.	Position.	Occupation.	Age.	Residence.
John Miller Samuel McDowell . W. T. Bellars Richard Pasqual	Engineer Driver Fireman Extraman Extraman	Upholsterer. Sash and Blinds	39 33 31 28 25 29 25	Engine House. 107 Natoma Street. Engine House. Engine House. Minna and 2d Sts. Engine House. Engine House.
J. H. Dixon C. V. James	Extraman	Bricklayer	34 36	Engine House. 107 Natoma Street.

The Engineman, Fireman and Driver are permanently employed. These, together with the Foreman and eight Hosemen, who do duty only when alarmed, constitute the entire Company.

This Company was organized December 3, 1866, since which time they have been doing duty with their present Engine, a second class (Amoskeag build), which has one steam cylinder, $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, and one double-acting vertical plunger pump, $4\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter and 12-inch stroke. Her builders claim that at a fair working speed she can discharge 400 gallons of water per minute. The weight of this Engine, including three men, is about 6,500 pounds. This Company have in charge 600 feet of Hose; also one two-wheeled Hose Cart of the Amoskeag pattern, built in this city. The house of this Company is in fair condition.

The returns of this Company show the duty performed by them for the year ending June 30, 1868. The Engine rolled to 270 alarms, was in service at 67 fires and worked 76 hours.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN THE POSSESSION OF THIS COMPANY.

One Amoskeag Engine, in good One Monkey Wrench, good; one order.

One Jackscrew, good.

One set of tools for Engine, Six hundred feet leather Hose.

good.

Two Oil Cans.

One Oiler for Engine, good.

One two-wheeled Hose Cart, good.

Three Horses in good condition.

One double Harness, good.

One single Harness, good. One Stretcher, good.

Three horse Blankets, indiffer-Two Blunderbusses, good.

ent.

One Sponge.

One Chamois.

One Currycomb.

Two Brushes.

One Pitchfork.

One Shovel.

One Stable Broom, bad.

Two Buckets, good.

One Hose-Washer.

One rubber Suction, good.

Fifty feet india-rubber Hose,

Ten feet 1-inch rubber Hose, useless.

Two hand Ropes, bad.

Two Hydrant Spanners, good.

Six Hose Spanners and Belts, good.

One Axe.

Three Lanterns, good.

One Lantern, bad.

Two Washbowls, bad.

Three iron Spittoons, good.

One Table, very indifferent.

One cylinder Stove.

One parlor Stove.

One Kettle, bad.

Four Chairs and three Cot Beds,

useless.

The Mattresses and Pillows furnished to this company are entirely worn out.

SAN FRANCISCO ENGINE COMPANY NO. 5.

HOUSE ON WEST SIDE OF STOCKTON STREET, BETWEEN PACIFIC AND BROADWAY.

ROLL.

Name.	Position.	Occupation.	Age.	Residence.
Hugh Colvin. S. W. Lander. W. S. Downs. J. J. Mahoney. Thomas Macauley. Stephen Bunner. George Kennard. James Grady. William Owens. George Miller.	Engineman Driver	Lamp Lighter. Clerk. Lamp Lighter Porter Salesman Lamp Lighter. Armorer	33 23 31 29 27 28 38 25 38 23	Stockton St. nr Bay. St. Mary's Street. St. Mary's Street. Engine House. St. Mary's Street.
oun carew	manaman	плаушан	- 22	Sac. & Leidesd'f Sts.

The Engineman, Fireman and Driver are permanently employed. These, together with the Foreman and eight Hosemen, who do duty only when alarmed, constitute the entire Company.

This Company was organized on the 3d day of December, 1866, and did duty with an Engine formerly used by the Volunteer Department until the 5th of January, 1867, when they took charge of a new second class Amoskeag Steam Engine, with which they have done duty to the present time. It has one steam cylinder, 8½ inches in diameter, and one double-acting vertical plunger pump, 43 inches in diameter and 12-inch stroke. At a fair working speed she will discharge 400 gallons of water per minute. The weight of this Engine, including three men, is about 6,500 pounds. This Company have in charge 1,450 feet of Hose, in good order; also a two-wheeled Hose Cart, Amoskeag pattern, built in this city. The house is in fair condition.

The returns of this Company show the following duty performed by them during the year ending June 30, 1868: The apparatus has rolled to 264 alarms, has worked 83 times, and has performed 80 hours and 47 minutes duty.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN THE POSSESSION OF THIS COMPANY.

One Steam Fire Engine, second-One set of tools for Engine.

class. Three Horses.

One set of double Harness, good. Two Washbowls.

One set of single Harness.

Three Horse Blankets.

Two Whips. One Feed Box.

Two Buckets.

Two Brooms.

Three Sponges.

One Currycomb.

One Brush.

One Stable Fork.

One Shovel.

One Hose Cart, good order.

One Jackscrew.

Four Lanterns. One Broom.

One Bucket.

Three iron Spittoons.

One Hose-Washer. One cylinder Stove.

One Kettle.

Three Cots, worthless.

Three Mattresses and Pillows,

worthless.

Four Chairs, worthless.

One Table.

Fifty feet 3-inch Hose and Pipe.

Three Horse Blankets, worthless. Two Blunderbusses.

Two Oil Cans.

Four Hydrant Spanners.

SAN FRANCISCO ENGINE COMPANY NO. 6.

HOUSE ON EAST SIDE OF SIXTH STREET, SOUTH OF FOLSOM.

ROLL.

Name.	Position.	Occupation.	Age.	Residence.
		Carpenter		
		Iron Worker		
E. P. Sparhawk	Extraman	Currier	30	
John T. Conway	Extraman	Painter	23	Caroline Street.
		Cooper		
		Baker		

The Engineman, Fireman and Driver are permanently employed. These, together with the Foreman and eight Hosemen, who do duty only when alarmed, constitute the entire Company. This Company was organized on the 3d day of December, 1866, and did duty with an Engine used in the Volunteer Department until they took charge of their present apparatus, which is a second class Amoskeag double Engine, and has two steam cylinders, $6\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, and two double-acting vertical pumps, 4 inches in diameter and 10-inch stroke, and will discharge about 400 gallons per minute. The weight of this Engine, including three men, is about 6,400 pounds. This Company have in charge a four-wheeled Hose-Cart, built in this city, in good order.

The returns of this Company show the amount of duty performed by them during the year ending June 30, 1868, to be as follows: Whole number of alarms attended, 266; number of fires at work, 44; number of hours at work, 59.50.

The house is in good condition.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN THE POSSESSION OF THIS COMPANY.

One Amoskeag Engine, in good One four-wheeled Hose Carorder.

Three Horses. One Axe. One set of double Harness, good Three Horse Blankets, new. Three Horse Blankets, old. One set of single Harness, good One Pitchfork. order. One Shovel. One pair Hames (extra). One Currycomb and Brush. One set of tools for Engine, good One Mane Brush. order. One Stable Broom. Nine hundred feet of leather Two corn Brooms. Hose, good order. Three iron Spittoons. One Hose-Washer. One set of Blocks and Fall. One Screw Driver. One Feed Chest. Two Brushes. Three Oil Cans. Four Lanterns. Three Oil Feeders. Sixty feet of small rubber Hose Three Cot Beds, worthless. Four Chairs, in bad order. and Pipe. One Stove and Kettle, bad or-Three Hydrant Wrenches. Three Hose Spanners. der. One Ladder. One Jackscrew. Three horse Buckets, good. One Hydrant Reducer, L. One Hydrant Reducer, S. One Table, good.

SAN FRANCISCO ENGINE COMPANY NO. 7.

HOUSE ON EAST SIDE SIXTEENTH STREET, BETWEEN VALENCIA AND GUERRERO.

ROLL.

Name.	Position.	Occupation.	Age.	Residence.
Isaac V. Denniston	Foreman	Real Estate	40	Sevn'h near Dolores.
P. H. Fleming	Engineman.			Engine House.
Geo. E. Luther	Driver		27	Engine House.
John Cook			36	Engine House.
Samuel Shear		Blacksmith	22	Engine House.
Edward Keating	Fxtraman	Plumber	22	Engine House.
Pat'k Fitzimons		Stone Mason	36	Harriet Street.
John J. Crowley	Extraman	Collector	28	Sixteenth Street.
D. S. Keating				
Wm. Parcells			30	Engine House.
John Sullivan	Extraman			
Sam'l O. Peterson.	Extraman	Carpenter	28	Guerrero Street.

This Company was organized on the 15th day of April, 1868, under the provisions of an Act of the Legislature, approved March 9, 1868, and took charge of the house formerly occupied by Hose Company No. 5. The Engine in charge of this Company is a new second class double Engine of the Amoskeag build, and has two steam cylinders, 6½ inches in diameter, and two double acting vertical pumps, 4 inches in diameter and 10-inch stroke. At fair working speed she will discharge about 400 gallons of water per minute. The weight of this Engine, including three men, is about 6,400 pounds.

The Engineman, Fireman and Driver are permanently employed. These, with the Foreman and eight Hosemen, who do duty only when alarmed, constitute the entire Company. This Company have in charge 1,000 feet of Hose; also a two-wheeled Hose Cart, Amoskeag pattern, built in this city.

The returns of this Company show that from their organization, April 15, 1868, they rolled to 59 alarms, worked 5 times, and performed 5 hours and 25 minutes duty.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN THE POSSESSION OF THIS COMPANY.

One Amoskeag Steam Engine, One Pitchfork. good order. One Shovel. One Hose Cart, good order. Two Brooms. Thirty feet Suction Hose. One thousand feet leather Hose, Four Brushes. good order. Fifty feet 1-inch rubber Hose One Sponge. and Pipe, good order. Two Blunderbusses. Three Horses, good condition. One set double Harness, good One Suction Spanner. order. One set single Harness, good One Monkey Wrench. Three Horse Blankets, good or-Two Axes. der. Two Whips. One leather Halter. Four Lanterns.

One Currycomb. Three Buckets. One Mane Comb. One Feed Box. Seven Hydrant Spanners. Six Hose Spanners. One Jackscrew. Three Spittoons. Two Chairs.

Two Oil Cans.
One Hose-Washer.
One Stove.
One Kettle.
Six leather Belts.

One Table.

One Truck and Ladders.

This house is in fair condition.

Two Mattresses, bad order.

Two Chamois.

One ½-gallon brass Oil Can.

One Squirt Can.

Two S Wrenches.

One Coal Hod.

SAN FRANCISCO HOSE COMPANY NO. 1.

HOUSE ON NORTH SIDE OF JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN FRONT AND DAVIS.

ROLL.

Name.	Position.	Occupation.	Age.	Residence.
				1612 Stockton Street.
John Riley	Driver		27	Hose House.
Richard Cox	Steward		22	Hose House.
J. H. T. Smith	Extraman	Waiter	26	Hose House.
John Shay	Extraman	Pressman	22	Hose House.
Christopher Cox	Extraman	Cork Cutter	32	Hose House.
John Cosgrove	Extraman	Stevedore	35	Hose House.
George Burr	Extraman	Stevedore	26	Montg'v & Broadw'v
John Lubey	Extraman	Painter	22	Jackson and Drumm

The Driver and Steward are permanently employed. These, together with the Foreman and 6 Hosemen, who do duty only when alarmed, constitute the entire Company.

This Company was organized December 3, 1866, and have in charge a two-wheeled Horse Hose Reel, of the Amoskeag pattern, built in this city.

This Company have in charge 1,100 feet of Hose, in good condition.

The returns of this Company show that they have rolled to 267 alarms, and have been at work 66 times, and have been in service 85 hours and 20 minutes during the year ending June 30, 1868.

The House is in bad condition.

Five Spanners, good.

One section of small Hose.

Two Washbowls.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN THE POSSESSION OF THIS COMPANY,

One Hose Cart, good. One Sponge. One Chamois. Two Blunderbusses, good. Two Lanterns, good. One Axe. One Monkey Wrench. Eight Fronts. Two Belts. One small Oil Can. One Horse. Two 1-gallon Cans. One Hose-Washer. One set Harness. Two Chairs. One Blanket. One Table, broken. One Whip. One Stove and Coal Box, good. Two Brushes. Three Spittoons. One Currycomb. One Broom. One Stable Broom. One Bucket, broken. One Pitchfork, bad. One Coal Hod and Shovel, good. One Feed Box. One Manure Box. Three Ladder Ropes.

SAN FRANCISCO HOSE COMPANY NO. 2.

Seven Keys.

good order.

Eleven hundred feet of Hose, in

HOUSE ON SOUTH SIDE OF FOLSOM STREET, EAST OF BEALE.

ROLL.

Name.	Position.	Occupation.	Age.	Residence.
Robert CraneEdward Cain	Driver Steward Extraman Extraman Extraman Extraman Extraman Extraman	StevedoreSash MakerStevedoreBoot Maker	27 28 26 30 34 27 29	Hose House. 2d and Tehama Sts. 79 Clementina St. Main St. nr Folsom. Folsom Street. 224 Montgomery St.

The Driver and Steward are permanently employed. These, together with the Foreman and 6 Hosemen, who do duty only when alarmed, constitute the entire Company.

This Company was organized December 3, 1866, and have in charge a two-wheeled Hose Cart, of the Amoskeag pattern, built in this city.

This Company have in charge 1,100 feet of Hose, in good condition, and 50 feet of rubber Hose, worthless.

The House of this Company is in a very bad condition.

The returns of this Company show the amount of duty performed by them during the year ending June 30, 1868, as follows: Number of alarms to which the Company rolled, 266; worked at 77 fires; number of hours at work, 66 and five minutes.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN THE POSSESSION OF THIS COMPANY.

Eleven hundred feet of leather Two Hydrant Wrenches.

Hose, good condition.

Four Hose Spanners.

Fifty feet rubber Hose, very bad. Two Lanterns. Fifty feet garden Hose, good.

Two Buckets.

One Axe.

Two Washbowls.

One Monkey Wrench.

One Stove and Coal Hod.

One Jackscrew.

One Hose-Washer.

One Oil Feeder.

One Feed Box.

One Cap Wrench.

One Table.

Two Blunderbusses. Four Becket Ropes.

Two Brooms.

Two Oil Cans.

One Stable Fork.

Three Spittoons, one good; two

One Shovel.

broken.

One Mane Comb.

Three Chairs, two good; one

One Horse.

broken.

One set of single Harness.

Two Mattresses and Cots, worthless

One Horse Blanket.

SAN FRANCISCO HOSE COMPANY NO. 3.

HOUSE ON NORTH SIDE OF PACIFIC STREET, WEST OF JONES.

ROLL.

Name.	Position.	Occupation.	Age.	· Residence.
H. D. Claffey George W. Amos James Dyer	Driver		24	
Frank Scott Chs. J. Gillen James W. Kentzel	Extraman	Butcher	22	1218 Pacific Street.
James C. Wilbur Charles Stewart Wm. H. Duguid	Extraman	Butcher	24	Leavenw'h nr Pacific

The Driver and Steward are permanently employed. These, together with the Foreman and 6 Hosemen, who do duty only when alarmed, constitute the entire Company.

This Company was organized December 3, 1866, and have charge of a two-wheeled Hose Cart, Amoskeag pattern, built in this city.

This Company have in charge 800 feet of Hose, in good order. The House of this Company is in fair condition.

The returns of this Company show the amount of duty performed by them during the year ending June 30, 1868, as follows: Number of alarms attended, 262; number of fires at work, 52; number of hours in service, 64 hours and 45 minutes.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN THE POSSESSION OF THIS COMPANY.

One Horse.	One Whip.
One set of Harness, bad order.	Three Spittoons.
One Hose Cart.	Two Buckets.
Eight hundred feet of Hose,	One Horse Blanket.
good.	One Pitchfork.
Two Blunderbusses.	One Feed Box.
Two Lanterns, good order.	One Shovel.
Four Spanners.	Two Brooms.
Two Hydrant Wrenches.	Three Chairs.
Sixty-five feet small Hose and	One Table.
Pipe.	One Stove and Coal Hoo

One Hose-Washer.
One Currycomb.
One hair Brush.
One corn Brush.
One Chamois.
One Sponge.
Four Oil Cans.

One Wrench.
Nine Badges.
One Axe.
Three Hose Ropes.
Two Washbowls.
Four Spanner Belts.

SAN FRANCISCO HOSE COMPANY NO. 4.

HOUSE ON EAST SIDE OF STOCKTON STREET, NORTH OF GREENWICH.

ROLL.

Name.	Position.	Occupation.	Age.	Residence.
Rufus Lapham Thomas O'Neill Wm. Finley James T. Rogers	Driver Steward Extraman Extraman	Hydrantman Clerk	26 25 27 25	Hose House. Filbert Street. Vallejo and Powell.
	Extraman Extraman	Carpenter	$\frac{32}{22}$	Hose House.

The Driver and Steward are permanently employed. These, together with the Foreman and 6 Hosemen, who do duty only when alarmed, constitute the entire Company.

This Company was organized December 3, 1866, in accordance with Order No. 743 of the Board of Supervisors, and have in charge a four-wheeled Horse Hose Carriage. This Carriage was built in New York.

This Company have in charge 900 feet of Hose, in good condition.

The returns of this Company show that they have rolled to 266 alarms, worked at 43 fires, and been in service 54 hours and 30 minutes during the year ending June 30, 1868.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN THE POSSESSION OF THIS COMPANY.

One Horse.

One four-wheeled Hose Car-Three Spanners.

riage.

One set of single Harness.

Two Brooms.

Two Buckets.

One Pitchfork, broken.

Two Spittoons.

One Stove and boiler.

One Table.

Two Cots, broken.

Nine hundred feet leather Hose, One Block and Tackle.

good order.

Fifty feet garden Hose.

Two Blunderbusses.

Three brass Nozzles.

Two Hose Ropes.

Two Lanterns.

Two 1-gallon Oil Cans.

One Oil Feeder.

One Whip.

One Washbowl.

One Chamois.

Two Sponges.

Three Chairs, worthless.

One Hose-Washer.

One Horse Blanket.

This house is in good condition.

SAN FRANCISCO HOSE COMPANY NO. 5.

HOUSE ON GOUGH STREET, NEAR GROVE.

ROLL.

Name.	Position.	Occupation.	Age.	Residence.
Matthew F. Smith. James Riley		Merchant		
John Rody B. E. Van Stratton.	Steward Extraman	Expressman	36 36	Hose House. Grove and Laguna.
George G. Smith	Extraman	Jeweler	34	Tyler St. near Jones. Grove and Octavia.
James McMenomy.	Extraman		25	Grove and Franklin. Grove and Octavia.

The Driver and Steward are permanently employed. together with the Foreman and 6 Hosemen, who do duty only when alarmed, constitute the entire Company.

This Company was organized December 3, 1866, in accordance with Order No. 743 of the Board of Supervisors, and have in charge a four-wheeled Hose Carriage. This Carriage was built in Philadelphia.

They have also in charge 700 feet of leather Hose, in good condition.

The returns of this Company show that they have rolled to 265 alarms, worked at 19 fires, and been in service 29 hours and 20 minutes during the year ending June 30, 1868.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN THE POSSESSION OF THIS COMPANY.

One Horse. One Pitchfork. One set of Harness. One Shovel. One Whip. One Stable Broom. One Hose Carriage. One Currycomb. One Horse Blanket. One Currybrush. Seven hundred feet of Hose, in One Mane Comb. good condition. Two Oil Cans. Two Blunderbusses. One Oil Feeder. Four Spanners. Three Spittoons. Two Lanterns, bad order. One Bucket. One Washbowl. Two Hose Ropes. One Jackscrew. One Chamois. One Screw Wrench. One Sponge. One Hose-Washer. Seven Badges.

This house is in very bad condition.

SAN FRANCISCO HOOK AND LADDER COMPANY NO. 1. HOUSE ON NORTH SIDE OF O'FARREL STREET, WEST OF DUPONT. ROLL.

Name.	Position.	Occupation.	Age.	Residence.
Frederick Roskamp	Foreman	Grocer	36	No. 9 Bagley Place.
James Watson	Driver		42	Truck House.
Henry Roskamp				
Henry St. Clair	Extraman	Musician	24	717 Market Street.
Louis Marks	Extraman	Gas Fitter	32	266 Jessie Street.
John Connolly	Extraman	Laborer	44	9 Bagley Place.
Wm. Keller				
John McGee	Extraman	Blacksmith	32	Truck House.
John T. Dilke	Extraman	Butcher	28	Truck House.
John H. Such	Extraman		35	Truck House.
Wm. Grant	Extraman	Gas Fitter	22	9 Bagley Place.
Wm. Whistler	Extraman	Laborer	23	Truck House.
Alex. Hertz	Extraman	Butcher	28	370 Minna Street.
James K. Coady				
James Sinclair	Extraman	Porter	34	22 Montgomery St.

The Driver and Tillerman are permanently employed. These, together with the Foreman and 12 Extramen, who do duty only when alarmed, constitute the entire Company.

This Company was organized and took charge of their present apparatus December 3, 1866. The Truck was built by J. L. Berry, of this city, and has the usual complement of Hooks, Ladders, etc.

The returns show that this Company have attended 267 alarms, worked at 113 fires, and been in service 186 hours and 30 minutes during the year ending June 30, 1868.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN THE POSSESSION OF THIS COMPANY.

One Hook and Ladder Truck, Two Buckets.

good condition. One Shovel.

Seven Ladders—36, 32, 28, 24, One Broom. 20, 18, 14 feet long respect-One Stable Fork.

ively. One Bucket.

Eight Axes. Fifty feet of garden Hose.

Six Pitchforks. One Coal Hod, bad.

Two Tormentors. One Stove and boiler.

Five Hooks. Three Spittoons.
Two Rakes. Two Oil Cans.

Two Lanterns. One Monkey Wrench.

Two Ropes, one hundred feet One Jackscrew.
One Oil Lubricator.

One Battering Ram. One Paint Pot and Brush.

Two Horses, in fair condition. One Table.

One set double Harness, good Four Chairs, in bad condition.

order.

One Currycomb and Brush.

Two Horse Blankets, good; two worthless.

Til 1 dali worthess.

The house of this company is in good condition.

SAN FRANCISCO HOOK AND LADDER COMPANY NO. 2.

HOUSE ON SOUTH SIDE OF BROADWAY, BETWEEN DUPONT AND STOCKTON.

ROLL.

Name.	Position.	Occupation.	Age.	Residence.
Alex. Bourgeois Joseph Turcott		Carriage Maker		630 Broadway Street.
Peter Quintal Chs. Cavelletti	Tillerman		23	Truck House. 613 Vallejo Street.
John J. Masson James Gillet	Extraman	Bar Keeper Basket Maker	39	534 Pacific Street. 1303 Kearny Street.
Octavius Leroux H. Ducroquet	Extraman	LaborerLaborer	38	724 Pacific Street. 814 Sacramento St.
T. Lelevier Anthony Lefollet	Extraman	Restaurant Keeper.		616 Broadway Street. Kearny & Broadway.
Patrick Amable Peter Louadec	Extraman	Coal Dealer		634 Vallejo Street. 34 Hinckley Place.
Edward J. Murphy. Alphonses Roche	Extraman	Ship Carpenter	22	Washington Street. 814 Sacramento St.
J. M. Chevalier	Extraman	Driver	30	Palm House, Bdwy.

The Driver and Tillerman are permanently employed. These, together with the Foreman and 12 Extramen, who do duty only when alarmed, constitute the entire Company.

This Company was organized and took charge of their present apparatus on the 3d of December, 1866.

The Truck of this Company was built by J. L. Berry, of this city, and has the usual number of Hooks, Ladders, Axes, Ropes, and a Battering Ram, all of which are in good order.

The returns of this Company show that during the year ending June 30, 1868, they attended 265 alarms, worked at 101 fires, and been at work 146 hours and fifty minutes.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN THE POSSESSION OF THIS COMPANY.

One Hook and Ladder Truck One common Axe.
and seven Ladders.
Two Chimney Hooks, with chains and ropes.
Three Hooks.
Two Hay-racks.
Five Props.
Six Axes with picks.

One common Axe.
Three Pitchforks.
One Crowbar.
Two Lanterns.
Five coils of Rope.
One Stove.
Coal Hod and Shovel.
One Table.

· Four Chairs.

Three Spittoons.

Two Cots.

Two Mattresses.

Two Pillows.

Two Washbowls.

Two Buckets.

Two Horses.

Two Horse Blankets.

One set double Harness.

One Whip.

The house of this company is in good condition.

One Stable Fork.
One Shovel.

One Stable Broom.

Two corn Brooms.

One Currycomb and Brush.

One Mane Comb. One Feed Box.

One Monkey Wrench.

One Jackscrew.

Three Oil Cans.

CORPORATION YARD.

LOCATED ON SACRAMENTO STREET, EAST, OF DRUMM.

House one story brick, in good order; stable in yard for four horses.

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY IN THE POSSESSION OF THE KEEPER.

Four sets of Wheels.
Two sets large Suctions.
One small suction.
One portable Forge.
One Stove.
One Testing Pump.
One patent Lifting Block.
Two Laths and tools.
Eight sets Stocks and Dies.

Nine Hand Engines.

Two Steam Engines.

Two Ratchet Drills.
Two sets expanding tools.

Three Vices.

Two Anvils.

One Surge Block.

One upright Drilling Machine.

One set Hose tools.

One set Figure Stamps. One set Letter Stamps.

One set Bench tools.

Two Vice Benches.

One Hose Bench.

Six Monkey Wrenches.

Eight Hammers.

Fifteen stable Brooms.

Four corn Brooms.

Three cases Castile Soap.

One lot Emory Cloth.,

One lot Tripoli.

One lot Rags.

One lot Spittoons.

One box Russian Balls.

Three large Oil Cans.

HOSE. 271

Five 1-gallon Cans.
Six Squirt Cans.
One lot Sponges.
One lot Lamp Wicks.
One dozen old Lanterns.
Eight stable Buckets.
One set Harness.
Two Saddles.
One Collar.
One horse Brush.
One lot Chamois.
One Currycomb.
One can boiled Oil.

Half keg White Lead.

Eighty-five feet small Hose.
One Platform Scale.
Ten gallons Lard Oil.
Six gallons Coal Oil.
Six barrels Neat's-foot Oil.
One lot old Leather.
One lot old Suction.
Four Jackscrews.
One barrel Rosin.
One dozen Hydrant Bends.
One lot broken Hydrants.
One Grindstone.
One Pioneer Engine (1849).

HOSE.

Engine No. 1	. 600	feet good;	400 f	eet inferior
Engine No. 2	. 800	feet good;	200 f	eet inferior
Engine No. 3		feet good;	300 f	eet inferior
Engine No. 4	. 600	feet good;	400 f	eet inferior
Engine No. 5	.1,450	feet good		
Engine No. 6	. 900	feet good;	600 f	eet inferior
Engine No. 7	.1,000	feet good		
Hose No. 1	.1,100	feet good;	350 f	eet inferior
Hose No. 2	.1,100	feet good;	350 f	feet inferior
Hose No. 3	. 800	feet good;	550 1	feet inferior
Hose No. 4	. 900	feet good;	450	feet inferior
Hose No. 5	. 700	feet good;	650	feet inferior
•		_		
	11,150	4	,250	

RECAPITULATION.

Good Hose in use	
Inferior Hose in use	 4,250
Total Hose in use	 15,400

Total amount of Hose in use, feet	15,400
At outside stations	3,200
Condemned Hose	1,200
New Hose in Corporation Yard	1,700
_	6,100
Total belonging to the Department, feet	
	The Contract of the

LIST OF HYDRANTS.

[All the Hydrants in this list are in good order, except as otherwise noted.]

- 1. Southwest corner of Broadway and Front.
- 2. Southeast corner of Broadway and Battery.
- 3. Southwest corner of Broadway and Sansome.
- 4. Southeast corner of Broadway and Montgomery.
- 5. Northwest corner of Broadway and Kearny.
- 6. Northwest corner of Broadway and Dupont.
- 7. Southwest corner of Broadway and Stockton.
- 8. Southwest corner of Broadway and Powell.
- 9. Northeast corner of Broadway and Mason, on Broadway.
- 10. Northeast corner of Broadway and Mason, on Mason.
- 11. North side of Broadway, between Front and Davis.
- 12. Broadway, at California Steam Navigation Company's Yard.
- 13. Southwest corner of Broadway and Hyde.
- 14. Southeast corner of Broadway and Polk.
- 15. Southwest corner of Bush and Battery.
- 16. Northwest corner of Bush and Sansome.
- 17. Northeast corner of Bush and Montgomery.
- 18. Southwest corner of Bush and Montgomery.
- 19. Southwest corner of Bush and Kearny.
- 20. North side of Bush, at Engine Company No. 2's house.
- 21. Northeast corner of Bush and Dupont.
- 22. Northwest corner of Bush and Dupont.
- 23. Northwest corner of Bush and Stockton.
- 24. Northeast corner of Bush and Powell.
- 25. Northwest corner of Bush and Powell.

- 26. Northwest corner of Bush and Mason.
- 27. Northwest corner of Bush and Taylor.
- 28. Northwest corner of Bush and Hyde.
- 29. Southeast corner of Bush and Taylor.
- 30. Northwest corner of Bush and Jones.
- 31. Northeast corner of Bush and Jones.
- 32. Southeast corner of Bush and Leavenworth.
- 33. Northwest corner of Bush and Leavenworth.
- 34. Northwest corner of Bush and Larkin.
- 35. Northwest corner of Bush and Franklin.
- 36. Northwest corner of Bush and Laguna.
- 37. Northwest corner of Bush and Polk.
- 38. Northwest corner of Bush and Van Ness.
- 39. Northwest corner of Bush and Buchanan.
- 40. Northwest corner of Bush and Webster.
- 41. Northwest corner of Bryant and Rincon Place.
- 42. Northwest corner of Bryant and Second.
- 43. North side of Bryant, between Second and Third.
- 44. Southeast corner of Bryant and Third.
- 45. North side of Bryant, between Third and Fourth.
- 46. North side of Bryant, opposite Rich.
- 47. Northeast corner of Bryant and Fourth.
- 48. Northeast corner of Bryant and Fifth.
- 49. Northeast corner of Bryant and Seventh.
- 50. North side of Bryant, between Seventh and Eighth.
- 51. Northeast corner of Bryant and Park Avenue.
- 52. Northeast corner of Bryant and Garden.
- 53. Northwest corner of Brannan and First.
- 54. Southwest corner of Brannan and Second.
- 55. Northeast corner of Brannan and Third.
- 56. Northeast corner of Brannan and Center Place.
- 57. Northeast corner of Brannan and Fourth.
- 58. Northeast corner of Brannan and Fifth.
- 59. Northeast corner of Brannan and Sixth.
- 60. North side of Brannan, between Sixth and Seventh.
- 61. Northeast corner of Brannan and Seventh.
- 62. North side of Brannan, between Seventh and Eighth.
- 63. Northwest corner of Brannan and Eighth.
- 64. Northeast corner of Brannan and Ninth.

- 65. Northeast corner of Brannan and Noe.
- 66. Northeast corner of Commercial and Dupont.
- 67. Southeast corner of Commercial and Kearny.
- 68. Southwest corner of Commercial and Montgomery.
- 69. Southwest corner of Commercial and Sansome.
- 70. Southeast corner of Commercial and Battery.
- 71. Northwest corner of Commercial and Battery.
- 72. Southwest corner of Commercial and Front.
- 73. Commercial, east of Drumm, rear of Corporation Yard.
- 74. Northwest corner of Clay and East.
- 75. Southwest corner of Clay and Drumm.
- 76. Northwest corner of Clay and Davis.
- 77. Northeast corner of Clay and Front.
- 78. Northeast corner of Clay and Battery.
- 79. Southwest corner of Clay and Sansome.
- 80. South side of Clay, east of Montgomery.
- 81. Southwest corner of Clay and Stockton.
- 82. Southeast corner of Clav and Powell.
- 83. Southwest corner of Clay and Powell, on Powell.
- 84. Southeast corner of Clay and Mason.
- 85. Northeast corner of Clay and Mason.
- 86. Northwest corner of Clay and Taylor.
- 87. Southwest corner of California and Drumm.
- 88. Southwest corner of California and Davis.
- 89. Southeast corner of California and Front.
- 90. Southerst corner of California and Battery.
- 91. Southeast corner of California and Sansome.
- 92. Southwest corner of California and Montgomery.
- 93. Northwest corner of California and Dupont.
- 94. Northwest corner of California and Stockton.
- 95. Northeast corner of California and Powell.
- 96. Northwest corner of California and Powell.
- 97. Southeast corner of California and Taylor.
- 98. Southeast corner of California and Leavenworth.
- 99. Northwest corner of California and Hyde.
- 100. Southeast corner of California and Larkin.
- 101. Northeast corner of California and Van Ness.
- 102. Southeast corner of California and Gough.
- 103. North side of Chestnut, between Powell and Mason.

- 104. Southwest corner of Chestnut and Stockton.
- 105. Southeast corner of Chestnut and Mason.
- 106. Southeast corner of Chestnut and Leavenworth.
- 107. Southwest corner of Clementina and First.
- 108. South side of Clementina, between First and Second.
- 109. North side of Clementina, between First and Second.
- 110. Southeast corner of Clementina and Third.
- 111. North side of Clementina, between Third and Fourth.
- 112. Northwest corner of Clementina and Fifth.
- 113. North side of Clementina, between Fifth and Sixth.
- 114. Northeast corner of Clary and Fourth.
- 115. North side of Clary, between Fourth and Fifth.
- 116. North side of Clary, between Fifth and Sixth.
- 117. East side of Ritch, opposite Clary.
- 118. East side of Dupont, between Pacific and Jackson.
- 119. Northwest corner of Ellis and Stockton.
- 120. Northeast corner of Ellis and Powell.
- 121. North side of Ellis, between Powell and Mason.
- 122. Northwest corner of Ellis and Mason.
- 123. Northeast corner of Ellis and Taylor.
- 124. Northeast corner of Ellis and Jones.
- 125. Northeast corner of Ellis and Hyde.
- 126. Northeast corner of Ellis and Larkin.127. Northeast corner of Ellis and Van Ness.
- 128. Southwest corner of Eddy and Powell.
- 129. Southwest corner of Eddy and Mason.
- 130. Southwest corner of Eddy and Jones.
- 131. Northwest corner of Eddy and Leavenworth.
- 132. Northeast corner of Eddy and Hyde.
- 133. Northwest corner of Everett and Third.
- 134. Southeast corner of Everett and Fourth.
- 135. Southwest corner of Francisco and Dupont.
- 136. Southwest corner of Francisco and Stockton.
- 137. Northwest corner of Francisco and Powell.
- 138. Southwest corner of Filbert and Battery.
- 139. Southwest corner of Filbert and Dupont.
- 140. Northeast corner of Filbert and Stockton.
- 141. Northeast corner of Filbert and Powell.
- 142. Northeast corner of Filbert and Mason.

- 143. Southwest corner of Filbert and Mason.
- 144. Southwest corner of Filbert and Jones.
- 145. Southwest corner of Filbert and Hyde.
- 146. East side of Fremont, between Howard and Folsom.
- 147. East side of Fremont, between Howard and Mission.
- 148. East side of Fremont, between Market and Mission.
- 149. Northwest corner of Folsom and Stewart.
- 150. Northeast corner of Folsom and Main.
- 151. Northeast corner of Folsom and Beale.
- 152. Northwest corner of Folsom and Fremont.
- 153. Northeast corner of Folsom and First.
- 154. Northwest corner of Folsom and First.
- 155. North side of Folsom, between First and Second, opposite Essex.
- 156. Northwest corner of Folsom and Second.
- 157. North side of Folsom, between Second and Third.
- 158. Northeast corner of Folsom and Third.
- 159. North side of Folsom, between Third and Fourth.
- 160. Northwest corner of Folsom and Fourth.
- 161. Southwest corner of Folsom and Fourth.
- 162. North side of Folsom, between Fourth and Fifth.
- 163. Northeast corner of Folsom and Fifth.
- 164. North side of Folsom, between Fifth and Sixth.
- 165. Northwest corner of Folsom and Sixth.
- 166. Southeast corner of Folsom and Sixth.
- 167. Northeast corner of Folsom and Seventh.
- 168. Northwest corner of Folsom and Rausch.
- 169. Northwest corner of Folsom and Eighth.
- 170. Northeast corner of Folsom and Ninth.
- 171. Northwest corner of Folsom and Eleventh.
- 172. Northwest corner of Folsom and Twelfth.
- 173. Southeast corner of Folsom and Thirteenth.
- 174. South side of Folsom, opposite Mission Woolen Mills.
- 175. Five Hydrants at Mission Woolen Mills (private).
- 176. Southwest corner of Greenwich and Dupont.
- 177. Northwest corner of Greenwich and Stockton.
- 178. Northeast corner of Greenwich and Powell.
- 179. Southeast corner of Greenwich and Mason.
- 180. Northeast corner of Greenwich and Jansen.

- 181. Northeast corner of Greenwich and Jones.
- 182. Southeast corner of Green and Battery.
- 183. Northwest corner of Green and Calhoun.
- 184. Northwest corner of Green and Montgomery.
- 185. Northwest corner of Green and Kearney.
- 186. Southeast corner of Green and Dupont.
- 187. Southeast corner of Green and Stockton.
- 188. Southwest corner of Green and Powell.
- 189. Northwest corner of Green and Mason.
- 190. Northwest corner of Green and Hyde.
- 191. Northwest corner of Geary and Kearney.
- 192. Northeast corner of Geary and Dupont.
- 193. Northwest corner of Geary and Stockton.
- 194. Southwest corner of Geary and Powell.
- 195. South side of Geary, between Powell and Mason.
- 196. Northwest corner of Geary and Mason.
- 197. Northwest corner of Geary and Taylor.
- 198. Northeast corner of Geary and Jones.
- 199. Southeast corner of Geary and Hyde.
- 200. South side of Guy Place, near First.
- 201. Northeast corner of Grove and Van Ness.
- 202. Northeast corner of Grove and Laguna.
- 203. Southeast corner of Harrison and Main.
- 204. Northeast corner of Harrison and Beale.
- 205. Northeast corner of Harrison and Fremont.
- 206. Southwest corner of Harrison and First.
- 207. Northeast corner of Harrison and Essex.
- 208. Southwest corner of Harrison and Second.
- 209. Southwest corner of Harrison and Stanley Place.
- 210. Northwest corner of Harrison and Third.
- 211. North side of Harrison, between Third and Fourth.
- 212. Southwest corner of Harrison and Fourth.
- 213. North side of Harrison, between Fourth and Fifth.
- 214. Northeast corner of Harrison and Fifth.
- 215. North side of Harrison, between Fifth and Sixth.
- 216. Southeast corner of Harrison and Sixth.
- 217. Northwest corner of Harrison and Seventh.
- 218. ——— corner of Harrison and Garden.
- 219. Southeast corner of Howard and Beale.

- 220. Northeast corner of Howard and Fremont.
- 221. Southwest corner of Howard and First.
- 222. North side of Howard, between First and Second.
- 223. Southwest corner of Howard and Second.
- 224. South side of Howard, between Second and Third.
- 225. Northwest corner of Howard and Third.
- 226. Union Hall, Howard, between Third and Fourth, private.
- 227. North side of Howard, between Third and Fourth.
- 228. Northwest corner of Howard and Fourth.
- 229. South side of Howard, near Fifth, Gas Company's yard, private.
- 230. Northwest corner of Howard and Fifth.
- 231. Southeast corner of Howard and Sixth.
- 232. Southeast corner of Howard and Seventh.
- 233. Southeast corner of Howard and Eighth.
- 234. Southeast corner of Howard and Langton.
- 235. Southeast corner of Howard and Rausch.
- 236. Southeast corner of Howard and Russ.
- 237. Southeast corner of Howard and Ninth.
- 238. Northwest corner of Howard and Tenth.
- 239. Northeast corner of Howard and Eleventh.
- 240. Northeast corner of Howard and Twelfth.
- 241. Northeast corner of Howard and Thirteenth.
- 242. Southwest corner of Howard and Fourteenth.
- 243. Southwest corner of Howard and Fifteenth.
- 244. Northeast corner of Howard and Sixteenth.
- 245. Northwest corner of Hayes and Polk.
- 246. Northwest corner of Hayes and Van Ness.
- 247. Northwest corner of Hayes and Franklin.
- 248. Northwest corner of Hayes and Gough.
- 249. Northwest corner of Hayes and Octavia.
- 250. Northeast corner of Hayes and Laguna.
- 251. Northwest corner of Jackson and Drumm.
- 252. Northwest corner of Jackson and Davis.
- 253. Northwest corner of Jackson and Front.
- 254. Southeast corner of Jackson and Front.
- 255. Northwest corner of Jackson and Battery.
- 256. Northeast corner of Jackson and Sansome.
- 257. Northeast corner of Jackson and Montgomery.

- 258. Southwest corner of Jackson and Montgomery.
- 259. South side of Jackson, at No. 1 Engine House.
- 260. Southwest corner of Jackson and Kearny.
- 261. Southeast corner of Jackson and Dupont.
- 262. Northwest corner of Jackson and Dupont.
- 263. Northwest corner of Jackson and Stockton.
- 264. Southeast corner of Jackson and Powell.
- 265. Southwest corner of Jackson and Powell.
- 266. Northwest corner of Jackson and Virginia.
- 267. Northeast corner of Jackson and Mason.
- 268. Northwest corner of Jackson and Mason.
- 269. Southeast corner of Jackson and Mason.
- 270. Northeast corner of Jackson and Taylor.
- 271. Southwest corner of Jackson and Taylor.
- 272. Southwest corner of Jackson and Kearny.
- 273. Northeast corner of Jackson and Hyde.
- 274. Northeast corner of Jackson and Larkin.
- 275. Southwest corner of Jessie and First.
- 276. Northwest corner of Jessie and Ecker.
- 277. Northeast corner of Jessie and Annie.
- 278. Northwest corner of Jessie and Fourth.
- 279. North side of Jessie, between Third and Fourth.
- 280. North side of Jessie, between Fourth and Fifth.
- 281. North side of Jessie, between Fifth and Sixth.
- 282. Southwest corner of Kearny and Clay.
- 283. West side of Kearny, between Sacramento and California.
- 284. West side of Kearny, between California and Pine.
- 285. South side of King, near Second.
- 286. North side of King, near Third, private.
- 287. Northwest corner of Lombard and Kearny.
- 288. Southwest corner of Lombard and Dupont.
- 289. Southwest corner of Lombard and Stockton.
- 290. Southwest corner of Lombard and Powell.
- 291. Southwest corner of Lombard and Mason.
- 292. Northeast corner of Lombard and Taylor.
- 293. Northeast corner of Lombard and Jones.
- 294. Southeast corner of Louisa and Fourth.
- 295. Northeast corner of Louisa and Fourth.
- 296. Northeast corner of Laundry Alley and Ritch.

- 297. Southwest corner of Market and Main.
- 298. Southeast corner of Market and Beale.
- 299. Southeast corner of Market and Fremont.
- 300. Southwest corner of Market and First.
- 301. North side of Market, between Sansome and Battery.
- 302. South side of Market, between First and Second.
- 303. South side of Market, between Second and Third.
- 304. Southwest corner of Market and Third.
- 305. ——— corner of Market and Brooks.
- 306. South side of Market, between Third and Fourth.
- 307. Southwest corner of Market and Fourth.
- 308. North side of Market, between Fourth and Fifth.
- 309. Southeast corner of Market and Fifth.
- 310. Northwest corner of Market and Taylor.
- 311. Southeast corner of Market and Seventh.
- 312. Northwest corner of Market and Ninth.
- 313. Southeast corner of Market and Eleventh.
- 314. Northwest corner of Market and Van Ness.
- 315. Southwest corner of Market and Brady.
- 316. Southwest corner of Mission and Stewart.
- 317. Southwest corner of Mission and Spear.
- 318. Southwest corner of Mission and Main.
- 319. Northeast corner of Mission and Beale.
- 320. Southwest corner of Mission and Fremont.
- 321. Northeast corner of Mission and Fremont.
- 322. Northwest corner of Mission and First.
- 323. Southwest corner of Mission and First.
- 324. North side of Mission, between First and Second.
- 325. Northwest corner of Mission and Second.
- 326. North side of Mission, between Second and Third.
- 327. Northwest corner of Mission and Third.
- 328. North side of Mission, between Third and Fourth.
- 329. Northeast corner of Mission and Fourth.
- 330. North side of Mission, between Fourth and Fifth.
- 331. Southeast corner of Mission and Fifth.
- 332. North side of Mission, between Fifth and Sixth.
- 333. Southeast corner of Mission and Sixth.
- 334. Southeast corner of Mission and Seventh.
- 335. Northwest corner of Mission and Eighth.

- 336. Northeast corner of Mission and Ninth.
- 337. Northeast corner of Mission and Eleventh.
- 338. Southeast corner of Mission and Twelfth.
- 339. Northwest corner of Mission and Ridley.
- 340. Northwest corner of Mission and Sixteenth.
- 341. Northwest corner of Mission and Seventeenth.
- 342. Northwest corner of Minna and First.
- 343. North side of Minna, between First and Second.
- 344. North side of Minna, between First and Second.
- 345. Southeast corner of Minna and Second.
- 346. South side of Minna, between Second and Third, small pipe.
- 347. Northwest corner of Minna and Third.
- 348. Southwest corner of Minna and Fourth.
- 349. South side of Minna, between Fourth and Fifth.
- 350. Northeast corner of Minna and Sixth.
- 351. Southwest corner of Minna and Seventh.
- 352. Northwest corner of McAllister and Fillmore.
- 353. Northwest corner of McAllister and Buchanan.
- 354. Southwest corner of Natoma and First.
- 355. North side of Natoma, between First and Second.
- 356. Northeast corner of Natoma and Jane.
- 357. Northwest corner of Natoma and Fifth.
- 358. Northwest corner of O'Farrell and Dupont.
- 359. Northwest corner of O'Farrell and Stockton.
- 360. Northeast corner of O'Farrell and Mason.
- 361. Northeast corner of O'Farrell and Jones.
- 362. Northeast corner of O'Farrell and Leavenworth.
- 363. Northeast corner of O'Farrell and Hyde.
- 364. Northeast corner of O'Farrell and Larkin.
- 365. Northeast corner of O'Farrell and Franklin.
- 366. Northwest corner of Oak and Van Ness.
- 367. Northeast corner of Oak and Franklin.
- 368. Northeast corner of Oak and Gough.
- 369. Northeast corner of Oak and Octavia.
- 370. Northeast corner of Oak and Laguna.
- 371. Northwest corner of Oak and Buchanan.
- 372. East side of Park Avenue, between Harrison and Bryant.
- 373. Northwest corner of Pacific and Davis.

- 374. Northwest corner of Pacific and Front.
- 375. Northwest corner of Pacific and Battery.
- 376. Northwest corner of Pacific on Battery.
- 377. Southeast corner of Pacific and Sansome.
- 378. Northeast corner of Pacific and Montgomery.
- 379. Southwest corner of Pacific and Montgomery.
- 380. North side of Pacific, east of Kearny.
- 381. Northwest corner of Pacific and Dupont.
- 382. North side of Pacific, between Dupont and Stockton.
- 383. North side of Pacific, opposite Virginia.
- 384. Southwest corner of Pacific and Powell.
- 385. Northeast corner of Pacific and Mason.
- 386. Northeast corner of Pacific and Taylor.
- 387. Southwest corner of Pacific and Taylor.
- 388. Southwest corner of Pacific and Jones.
- 389. Northwest corner of Pacific and Jones.
- 390. Northwest corner of Pacific and Leavenworth.
- 391. Northwest corner of Pacific and Hyde.
- 392. Northeast corner of Pacific and Larkin.
- 393. Northeast corner of Pacific and Polk.
- 394. Northeast corner of Pacific and Van Ness.
- 395. Northeast corner of Pacific and Franklin.
- 396. Southeast corner of Pine and Front.
- 397. Southeast corner of Pine and Battery.
- 398. Southwest corner of Pine and Sansome.
- 399. North side of Pine, east of Montgomery.
- 400. Southwest corner of Pine and Montgomery.
- 401. Southwest corner of Pine and Kearny.
- 402. Southeast corner of Pine and Dupont, on Pine.
- 403. Southeast corner of Pine and Dupont, on Dupont.
- 404. Northeast corner of Pine and Stockton.
- 405. Northwest corner of Pine and Powell.
- 406. Southwest corner of Pine and Mason.
- 407. Northwest corner of Pine and Jones.
- 408. Southeast corner of Pine and Larkin.
- 409. Northwest corner of Pine and Polk.
- 410. Northwest corner of Post and Montgomery.
- 411. Southwest corner of Post and Montgomery.
- 412. Northwest corner of Post and Kearny.

- 413. Northeast corner of Post and Dupont, on Dupont.
- 414. Northeast corner of Post and Powell.
- 415. Northwest corner of Post and Mason.
- 416. Southwest corner of Post and Taylor.
- 417. Southeast corner of Post and William.
- 418. Southeast corner of Post and Jones.
- 419. Southwest corner of Post and Leavenworth.
- 420. Northeast corner of Post and Hyde.
- 421. Northeast corner of Post and Larkin.
- 422. Southeast corner of Post and Van Ness.
- 423. North side of Perry, between First and Second.
- 424. South side of Perry, between Third and Fourth.
- 425. Southeast corner of Perry and Fourth.
- 426. South side of Perry, between Fourth and Fifth.
- 427. Northeast corner of Perry and Fifth.
- 428. West side of Potrero Avenue, south of Brannan bridge.
- 429. Southeast corner of Richmond and Battery.
- 430. Southwest corner of Sacramento and Drumm.
- 431. Southwest corner of Sacramento and Market.
- 432. Southwest corner of Sacramento and Davis.
- 433. Southwest corner of Sacramento and Front.
- 434. Northwest corner of Sacramento and Front.
- 435. Northeast corner of Sacramento and Battery.
- 436. Northeast corner of Sacramento and Sansome.
- 437. Northeast corner of Sacramento and Leidesdorff.
- 438. Southeast corner of Sacramento and Kearny.
- 439. Southwest corner of Sacramento and Dupont.
- 440. South side of Sacramento, opposite Waverly Place.
- 441. Northeast corner of Sacramento and Stockton.
- 442. Southwest corner of Sacramento and Powell.
- 443. Northwest corner of Sacramento and Taylor.
- 444. Southwest corner of Sacramento and Jones.
- 445. Southeast corner of Sacramento and Leavenworth.
- 446. Southeast corner of Sacramento and Larkin.
- 447. Northeast corner of Sacramento and Polk.
- 448. Northwest corner of Sutter and Sansome.
- 449. Southwest corner of Sutter and Montgomery.
- 450. Northwest corner of Sutter and Montgomery.
- 451. Southwest corner of Sutter and Kearny.

- 452. South side of Sutter, between Kearny and Dupont.
- 453. Northeast corner of Sutter and Dupont.
- 454. Southwest corner of Sutter and Stockton.
- 455. Northwest corner of Sutter and Stockton.
- 456. Northwest corner of Sutter and Mason.
- 457. Northwest corner of Sutter and Taylor.
- 458. Northeast corner of Sutter and Taylor.
- 459. South side of Sutter, in front of House of Engine Company No. 3.
- 460. Northeast corner of Sutter and Hyde.
- 461. Southeast corner of Sutter and Larkin.
- 462. Southeast corner of Sutter and Gough.
- 463. Southwest corner of St. Mark's Place and Dupont.
- 464. Southwest corner of Stevenson and First.
- 465. Northeast corner of Stevenson and Second.
- 466. Northwest corner of Stevenson and Third.
- 467. Northeast corner of Stevenson and Fourth.
- 468. Northeast corner of Stevenson and Sixth.
- 469. Northeast corner of Stevenson and Seventh.
- 470. South side of Shipley, between Fourth and Fifth.
- 471. Southeast corner of Shipley and Fifth.
- 472. Southeast corner of Shipley and Sixth.
- 473. Southwest corner of Silver and Second.
- 474. Southwest corner of Silver and Third.
- 475. North side of Silver, between Third and Fourth.
- 476. Northeast corner of Sixteenth and Dolores.
- 477. Northwest corner of Sixteenth and Guerrero.
- 478. Northwest corner of Sixteenth and Valencia.
- 479. North side of Sixteenth, between Guerrero and Dolores.
- 480. North side of Sixteenth, in front of House of Engine Company No. 7.
- 481. Northwest corner of Sixteenth and First Avenue.
- 482. Northwest corner of Sixteenth and Potrero Avenue.
- 483. Northwest corner of Seventeenth and Guerrero.
- 484. Northeast corner of Seventeenth and Valencia.
- 485. Northeast corner of Seventeenth and Dolores.
- 486. Northwest corner of Seventeenth and Second Avenue.
- 487. South side of South Park Avenue, between Second and Third.

- 488. Northwest corner of Turk and Mason.
- 489. Southeast corner of Turk and Taylor.
- 490. Southeast corner of Turk and Jones.
- 491. Southeast corner of Turk and Leavenworth.
- 492. Northeast corner of Turk and Hyde.
- 493. Northeast corner of Turk and Larkin.
- 494. Southeast corner of Turk and Polk.
- 495. Southeast corner of Turk and Van Ness.'
- 496. Southeast corner of Turk and and Franklin.
- 497. Northwest corner of Tehama and First.
- 498. North side of Tehama, between First and Second.
- 499. South side of Tehama, between First and Second.
- 500. Southeast corner of Tehama and Second.
- 501. North side of Tehama, between Third and Fourth.
- 502. Northwest corner of Tehama and Fourth.
- 503. Northwest corner of Tehama and Fifth.
- 504. Northeast corner of Tehama and Sixth.
- 505. Southeast corner of Townsend and Third.
- 506. Southeast corner of Townsend and Crook's Alley.
- 507. Northwest corner of Taylor and Green.
- 508. Southwest corner of Taylor and Union.
- 509. Southwest corner of Taylor and Filbert.
- 510. Southwest corner of Taylor and Valparaiso.
- 511. Southwest corner of Taylor and Greenwich.
- 512. Northwest corner of Union and Battery.
- 513. Southwest corner of Union and Montgomery.
- 514. Southwest corner of Union and Kearney.
- 515. Southwest corner of Union and Dupont.
- 516. Northeast corner of Union and Dupont.
- 517. Southwest corner of Union and Stockton.
- 518. Southeast corner of Union and Stockton.
- 519. Southeast corner of Union and Powell.
- 520. Southwest corner of Union and Mason.
- 521. Southeast corner of Union and Jones.
- 522. Northwest corner of Union and Hyde.
- 523. Southeast corner of Union and Larkin.
- 524. Southwest corner of Vallejo and Front.
- 525. Southwest corner of Vallejo and Battery.
- 526. Northeast corner of Vallejo and Montgomery.

- 527. Northwest corner of Vallejo and Kearny.
- 528. Southwest corner of Vallejo and Dupont.
- 529. Southwest corner of Vallejo and Stockton.
- 530. Southwest corner of Vallejo and Powell.
- 531. Southeast corner of Vallejo and Mason.
- 532. Northwest corner of Vallejo and Hyde.
- 533. Southeast corner of Washington and Drumm.
- 534. Southeast corner of Washington and Davis.
- 535. Southeast corner of Washington and Front.
- 536. Southeast corner of Washington and Battery.
- 537. Southeast corner of Washington and Sansome.
- 538. Northwest corner of Washington and Sansome.
- 539. Southeast corner of Washington and Montgomery.
- 540. Southwest corner of Washington and Kearny.
- 541. Southwest corner of Washington and Brenham Place.
- 542. Northwest corner of Washington and Dupont.
- 543. Southwest corner of Washington and Stockton.
- 544. Southwest corner of Washington and Powell.
- 545. Southeast corner of Washington and Mason.
- 546. Southeast corner of Washington and Mason, on Mason.
- 547. Southwest corner of Washington and Taylor.
- 548. Northeast corner of Washington and Leavenworth, Suction.
- 549. Southwest corner of Washington and Hyde.
- 550. Northeast corner of Washington and Larkin.
- 551. Northeast corner of Washington and Polk.
- 552. Northeast corner of Valencia and Ridley.
- 553. Southeast corner of Seventeenth and Church. Total number of Hydrants, 553.

CISTERNS.

THE FOLLOWING IS THE NUMBER AND CONDITION OF FIRE CISTERNS.

No.	Built of	Location.	Capacity.	Remarks.
1	Brick	Powell, corner Filbert	20,000	Arched, in good order.
2	Brick	Powell, corner Green	16,315	Arched, in good order.
3	Brick	Powell, corner Broadway	14,738	In good order.
4	Brick	Powell, corner Pacific	30,000	In good order.
5	Brick	Powell, corner Jackson	30,000	In good order.
		Powell, corner Washington	30,000	In good order.
7	Brick	Powell, corner Bush	33,473	In good order.
8	Germant.	Stockton, corner Union Stockton, corner Green	30,000	Arched, in good order.
		Stockton, corner Vallejo	21,000 20,000	Arched, in good order. Arched, in good order.
		Stockton, corner Broadway	20,000	Arched, in good order.
		Stockton, corner Pacific	25,000	Arched, in good order.
13	Brick	Stockton, corner Washington	20,000	Arched, in good order.
		Stockton, corner Clay	20,000	Arched, in good order.
		Dupont, corner Union	20,000	Arched, in good order.
		Dupont, corner Green	32,000	Arched, in good order.
17	Brick	Dupont, corner Vallejo	30,000	Arched, in good order.
18	Brick	Dupont, corner Broadway Dupont, corner Pacific	35,000	Arched, in good order. Arched, in good order.
		Dupont, corner Jackson	28,275 25,000	Arched, in good order.
		Dupont, corner Washington	25,000	Arched, in good order.
		Dupont, corner Clay	15,000	Arched, in good order.
23	Brick	Dupont, corner California	30,000	Arched, in good order.
		Dupont, corner Bush	29,000	Arched, in good order.
		Kearny, corner Pacific	30,000	Arched, in bad order.
		Kearny, corner Merchant	30,000	Arched, in good order.
		Kearny, corner Sacramento	18,096	Arched, in good order.
		Kearny, corner California Kearny, corner Bush		Arched, in good order.
		Kearny, corner Post		Arched, in good order. Arched, in good order.
	Brick			Arched, in good order.
	Brick			Wood'n cover, in order
	Brick		32,000	Arched, in good order.
34	Brick	Montgomery, corner California	32,000	Arched, in good order.
35	Brick	Montgomery, corner Bush		In good order.
	Brick	Sansome, corner Pacific		In good order.
	Brick	Sansome, corner Bush	30,000	In good order.
	Brick		30,000	In good order.
40	Wood	First, corner Jessie	25,000 29,000	Useless. Arched, in good order.
41	Brick	Third, corner Mission	32,262	In good order.
42	Brick			Arched, in good order.
	Brick		27,000	In good order.
	Brick	Broadway, corner Ohio	40,000	In good order.
	Brick		45,000	Arched, in good order.
	. Brick		25,000	Arched, in good order.
	Brick	Sixteenth, corner Mission		Arched, in good order.
	. Brick	Sixteenth, corner Dolores	42,000	Arched, in good order.
	Brick		40,000	Arched, in good order. Arched, in good order.
	Brick			
	Brick		100,000	
53	Brick	Sixteenth, corner Folsom	100,000	
54	. Brick	Twentieth, corner Howard	100,000	
55	Brick	. Twenty-second, corner Shotwell	. 100,000	Arched, in good order.
5C	. Brick	. Columbia, corner Guerrero	. 100,000	Arched, in good order.
57	. Brick	Jackson, corner Jones	. 100,000	Arched, in good order.
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

FIRE APPARATUS AT STATIONARY POINTS.

There are apparatus located at the following points, for the more immediate protection of the neighborhood, and without organized companies:

One Hand Hose-reel with 700 feet of hose, at the Central Railroad stables, on Brannan street, between Eighth and Ninth.

· One Hand Hose-reel with 450 feet of hose, at San Francisco and Pacific Sugar Refinery, on the corner of Eighth and Brannan streets.

One Hand Hose-reel with 300 feet of hose, in charge of P. Finnegan, on Ellis street, between Powell and Mason.

One Hand Hose-reel with 250 feet of hose, at the corner of Vallejo and Montgomery streets.

One hundred feet of Hose, at the South Park Livery Stables.

One Hand Engine-reel with 400 feet of hose, on the Potrero.

One Hand Hose-reel with 500 feet of hose, at the Mission Woolen Mills.

Accompanying the above is the necessary supply of Blunderbusses, Spanners and Hydrant Wrenches.

There are also Battering Rams placed at the following points:

Corner of Richmond and Battery streets.

Corner of Richmond and Front streets.

Corner of Merchant and Front streets.

REVIEW OF THE AMOUNT OF HOSE IN AND BELONGING TO THE DEPARTMENT.

	Feet.	Feet.
Engine Company No. 1	600	
Engine Company No. 2	800	
Engine Company No. 31	,200	
Engine Company No. 4	600	
Engine Company No. 51	,450	•
Engine Company No. 6	900	
Engine Company No. 71	,000	
Carried forward	,550	

Brought forward	. 6,550
Hose Company No. 1	.1,100
Hose Company No. 2	
Hose Company No. 3	
Hose Company No. 4	
Hose Company No. 5	
Central Railroad Company's Stable	
San Francisco and Pacific Sugar Refinery	
Finnegan's Stables	
Vallejo and Montgomery streets	
South Park Stables	
Potrero	
Mission Woolen Mills	
Old West End Engine House	
Corporation Yard	
*	
Total	21,500
	21,000

RECAPITULATION.

Good Hose in service	Feet. Feet.
Inferior at Corporation Yard	. 4,250
At outside stations. Condemned	•
Total	. 21,500

TABULAR VIEW OF THE DUTY PERFORMED BY THE SEVERAL COMPANIES FROM JUNE 30th, 1867, TO JUNE 30th, 1868.

Name of Company.	Alarms attended.	Times in service.	Hours at work.
San Francisco Engine No. 1	265	55	57.40
San Francisco Engine No. 2	267	68	75.20
San Francisco Engine No. 3	268	36	40
San Francisco Engine No. 4	270	67	76
San Francisco Engine No. 5	264	83	80.47
San Francisco Engine No. 6	266	44	59.50
San Francisco Engine No. 7*	59	5	5.25
San Francisco Hose No. 1	267	66	85.20
San Francisco Hose No. 2	266	77	66.05
San Francisco Hose No. 3	262	52	64.45
San Francisco Hose No. 4	266	43	54.30
San Francisco Hose No. 5	265	19	29.20
San Francisco Hook and Ladder No. 1	267	113	186.30
San Francisco Hook and Ladder No. 2	265	101	141.50

^{*}Organized Apri! 15th, 1868. Instituted May 15th, 1868.

PAY ROLL OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT AS AMENDED BY AN ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE, APPROVED MARCH 9th, 1868.

1	Chief Engineer, \$3,000 per annum	\$3,000
2	Assistant Engineers, each \$1,680 per annum	3,360
1	Clerk, \$1,560 per annum	1,560
1	Corporation Yard Keeper, \$900 per annum	900
7	Enginemen, each \$1,680 per annum	11,760
	Drivers, each \$900 per annum	12,600
	Firemen, each \$900 per annum	6,300
	Tillermen, each \$900 per annum	1,800
	Stewarts, each \$780 per annum	3,900
14	Foremen, each \$540 per annum	7,560
	Extramen, each \$420 per annum	46,200
	Clerks (Extra), each \$60 per annum	840
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Total amount of Salaries	\$99,780

1

1

1

1

362

FIRES	AND	FIRE	ALARMS	FROM	JULY	1st,	1867,	\mathbf{T} O	JUNE	30тн,
1868, INCLUSIVE.										

Hall Bell Alarms	268	
Still Alarms	94	
Total Number of Alarms		362
CAUSES.		
CAUSES.		
Incendiary and Attempts	135	
Supposed Carelessness	77	
Unknown	41	
Chimneys	33	
Stovepipes	13	
Hot Ashes	11	
Matches	10	
Gas Lights	8	
Rekindling	6	
Accidental	4	
Defective Furnaces and Ranges	4	
Explosion of Lamps	3	
Spontaneous Combustion	3	
Malicious Mischief	2	
Fire Works	2	
Bonfires	2	
Boiler Explosions	2	
Drunkenness	2	

Asphaltum....

Boiling over of Vat.....

Candle

Sparks

LOSSES.

Month. * .	Total loss.	Insurance.	Amount of insurance paid.	
1867. July August September October	\$73,520 80 69,035 00 77,115 55 61,014 64	\$123,600 00 187,000 00 156,391 66 ³ / ₃ 262,650 00	\$36,955 05 48,138 33 ¹ / ₃ 45,324 88 39,053 01 ¹ / ₂	
November. December. 1868. January. February.	23,717 00 13,805 00 31,250 59 60,817 59	92,850 00 77,350 00 250,750 00 117,450 00	14,157 00 8,685 00 13,565 35 38,667 09	
March April May June	10,463 25 18,856 25 27,396 12 160,005 46	55,000 00 193,283 00 101,488 00, 273,200 00	11,326 25 23,007 12 90,531 28	
Totals	\$626,996 95	\$1,891,012 662/3	\$376,823 61	

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT

FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH.

Office of Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph, June 30th, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors
Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In compliance with Resolution No. 8,566 of your honorable body, I herewith submit my third annual report of the condition and workings of the Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868.

All the machinery of the Fire Alarm Telegraph has worked with remarkable regularity during the year. The apparatus connected with this Department is under the care and control of the Superintendent of Fire Alarms, and of a Standing Committee of the Board of Supervisors—Messrs. Shattuck, Clayton and Cavallier. A constant watch is kept at the Central Office, City Hall, night and day, by the operators. Each operator serves two alternate terms of four hours, each as Principal and the same as Assistant Operator, so that sixteen hours service in every twenty-four is required from each operator. No operator is permitted to sleep during his watch. Each operator is accountable to the Superintendent for any omissions or mistakes that may occur at the Central Office during his hours of duty.

An accurate account is kept of the time of giving each alarm, and the station from which it originates.

The meridian bells, six bells and twenty gongs at their various locations at Engine Houses and other localities are struck from the Fire Alarm Office at noon, every day (Sunday excepted). Arrangements have been made with Mr. Thomas Tennent to furnish standard time for the city. A chronometer has been furnished, and the rate and variation is given us three times a week, so that we are able now to give accurate time. As our facilities for communicating time are far superior to all others in the city, it is a desideratum that will be duly appreciated.

We have in operation seventy (70) Signal Boxes and about forty (40) miles of Wire. The number of Boxes should be increased to at least one hundred (100). An addition to the Boxes is now being made.

One new bell, weighing eight hundred and fifty (850) pounds, has been erected during the year.

The total number of alarms received by Telegraph and struck, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, were 267; distributed in months as follows: July, 30; August, 23; September, 31; October, 17; November, 19; December, 14; January, 16; February, 26; March, 17; April, 17; May, 24; June, 33. Of the above number 237 were actual fires; rekindling, 6; second alarm, 1; Chimneys, 17; bonfires, 4; stove-pipe, 1; false, 1. The highest number of alarms given during any month was 33, in June; the least in December, 14. The days on which alarms were given are as follows: Sunday, 42; Monday, 44; Tuesday, 34; Wednesday, 39; Thursday, 33; Friday, 38; Saturday, 37. The most alarms have occurred during the past year between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock P. M.—25; the least from 9 to 10 o'clock A. M.—2. The Boxes from which the largest number of alarms have been struck are Nos. 17, 19, 27, 32 and 61. Out of 70 Signal Boxes alarms have been received from all but 10.

The Police Telegraph is in daily use, but the instruments are poor and require replacing by others more reliable. The Telegraph would be a valuable auxiliary to the Police Department should better instruments be furnished. The line is being extended to the Almshouse.

The Signal Boxes are tested once in every two weeks. The striking machinery of the Bells is carefully examined every few days, so that it is scarcely possible for any serious derangement of the apparatus to occur.

Keys to the Signal Boxes are in the hands of the Police, and are also left in grocery stores and dwellings most convenient to the Boxes. The instructions to key-holders are the same as heretofore, viz.: Upon the discovery of or positive information of a fire near your Signal Box, turn the crank slowly and steadily twenty-five or thirty times; then wait a few moments, and if you hear no ticking in the Box, or alarm on the large Bells, turn again; if you still hear no alarm, go to the nearest Box and give the alarm from that. 1st. Never touch the crank except to give an alarm; 2d. Never signal for a fire seen at a distance; 3d. Be sure your box is locked before leaving it; 4th. Give an alarm for no cause whatever other than an actual fire; 5th. Do not give an alarm for a burning chimney; 6th. Touch no part of the Box but the crank. Upon a second alarm being given for the same fire, it will be considered a general alarm. Second alarms will be turned in only by the Chief Engineer or his Assistants. Alarms are transmitted to the Central Office from the Signal Boxes by turning the crank. Alarms are usually struck in thirty seconds from the time the crank is turned. Property owners and tenants are requested to inform themselves of the location of all the Boxes near their property; also, of the places where Keys are kept. Upon the breaking out of a fire see that the alarm is promptly and correctly given. Complaints concerning the workings of the Fire Alarm Telegraph, irregular striking of the bells or gongs, broken wires, etc., should in all cases be made at the Fire Alarm Telegraph Office, City Hall.

The Boxes are located as follows:

- 1. Corner Stockton and Francisco streets.
- 2. Corner Mason and Lombard streets.
- 3. Corner Stockton and Greenwich streets.
- 4. Corner Sansome and Greenwich streets.
- 5. Corner Battery and Union streets.
- 6. Corner Jones and Filbert streets.
- 7. Corner Union and Hyde streets.
- 8. Corner Powell and Union streets.
- 9. Corner Dupont and Green streets.
- 12. Corner California and Kearny streets.
- 13. Corner Front street and Broadway.

- 14. Corner Stockton street and Broadway.
- 15. Corner Leavenworth and Pacific streets.
- 16. Corner Mason and Pacific streets.
- 17. Corner Kearny and Pacific streets.
- 18. Corner Sansome and Jackson streets.
- 19. Corner Davis and Washington streets.
- 21. City Hall.
- 23. Corner Taylor and Clay streets.
- 24. Corner Powell and Clay streets.
- 25. Corner Dupont and Clay streets.
- 26. Corner Battery and Clay streets.
- 27. Corner Montgomery and Commercial.
- 28. Corner Leavenworth and Sacramento.
- 29. Corner Stockton and California streets.
- 31. California street, near Sansome.
- 32. Corner Drumm and California streets.
- 34. Corner Mason and Pine streets.
- 35. Corner Hyde and Bush streets.
- 36. Engine House No. 2, Bush street.
- 37. Market street, near Battery.
- 38. Corner Montgomery and Sutter streets.
- 39. Corner Stockton and Sutter streets.
- 41. Engine House No. 3, Sutter street.
- 42. Corner Geary and Mason streets.
- 43. Hook and Ladder No. 1, O'Farrell, near Dupont.
- 45. Corner Hyde and O'Farrel streets.
- 46. Corner Jones and Turk streets.
- 47. Corner Market and Powell streets.
- 48. Corner Kearny and Geary streets.
- 49. Corner Mission and Steuart streets.
- 51. Corner Folsom and Spear streets.
- 52. Corner Mission and Fremont streets.
- 53. Corner Folsom and First streets.
- 54. Engine House No. 4, Second street.
- 56. Corner Harrison and Second streets.
- 57. Corner Brannan and Second streets.
- 58. Corner Townsend and Third streets.
- 59. Corner Bryant and Third streets.
- 61. Corner Howard and Third streets.

- 62. Corner Fourth and Mission streets.
- 63. Corner Harrison and Fourth streets.
- 64. Corner Howard and Fifth streets.
- 65. Corner Mission and Sixth streets.
- 67. Engine House No. 6, Sixth street.
- 68. Corner Harrison and Seventh streets.
- 69. Corner Howard and Eighth streets.
- 71. Corner Mission and Eleventh streets.
- 72. Corner Mission and Thirteenth streets.
- 73. Corner Folsom and Sixteenth streets.
- 74. Hose House No. 5, Sixteenth street.
- 75. Corner Kearny and Union streets.
- 76. Corner Montgomery and Green streets.
- 78. Corner Folsom and Eleventh streets.
- 79. Corner Polk street and Broadway.
- 81. Corner Hayes and Franklin streets, Hayes Valley.
- 82. Pioneer Woolen Mills, North Beach.
- 83. Corner Eighth and Brannan streets.
- 84. Corner Market and Valencia streets.
- 85. Mail Company's Wharf, First and Brannan.

Persons interfering with or maliciously injuring the Telegraph apparatus, or giving false alarms through the Signal Boxes, are made liable to heavy penalties. It is also provided that when found necessary for any person or persons to remove, interfere with, or disturb any portion of the Telegraph lines, for removal of buildings, or other cause, due notice must be given to the Superintendent, or, in his absence, to the operator on duty, at the City Hall, between the hours of six o'clock A. M. and twelve o'clock M., stating the locality at which and the manner it may be necessary to disturb, interfere with, or remove the wire. The above provision does not give the protection to the Telegraph which it, needs. In a large number of cases house-movers undertake to get through the wires by themselves, without giving the notice required. The result is, our wires are often broken, thereby endangering that portion of the city through which the broken wire runs. Again, they frequently get through the wires without actually breaking them, but do other damage equally great, such as crossing the different wires, loosening them from their fastenings, and otherwise deranging them. These derangements are not, in some cases, discovered until too late to find the party doing the damage. Again, it frequently happens that a house is placed upon wheels, and when fully prepared to start for the Mission, or some point, necessitating the removal of six or eight wires, word is given us of their intention. It often occurs, when such notice is given, that all available help of the Office is engaged with other house-movers. The Fire Alarm Telegraph is at the present time an almost indispensable auxiliary to the Fire Department, and should be better protected than it is at present. I would recommend that the Ordinance regulating house-moving be so amended as to give the necessary protection.

Since the introduction of the Paid Fire Department false alarms have entirely ceased.

The officers and members of the Paid Fire Department have interested themselves to make its workings as effective as possible. No effort will be spared by those having it in charge to make it work in entire harmony with the Fire Department, and to the satisfaction of the public.

The expenditures of this Department have been as follows: Repairs and Extensions..... \$255 30 Bell, Bell-Tower and Architect's services..... 1,175 90 Material.... 323 20 Blacksmith's Bill..... 206 74 Bluestone.... 60 13 Wire and Keys..... 584 62 House Repairing..... 100 00 126 00 63 Poles..... Hauling and Setting same..... 90 00 Lumber 20 00 Zinc (500 pounds)..... 56 00 Sundries.... 142 52 Total.... \$3,140 41

Respectfully submitted,

M. GREENWOOD,
Superintendent Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph.

CORONER'S REPORT.

Office of the Coroner, San Francisco, June 30, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors
Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—I have the honor to submit the following Report of cases which came under my jurisdiction, from the 2d of December, 1867, to June 30th, 1868, as well as the cases under my predecessor, from July 1st, 1867, to December 2d, 1867, according to the records furnished me by him.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JONATHAN LETTERMAN, Coroner.

From the records turned over to me by my predecessor, I find the number of cases which came under his supervision, from July 1st, 1867, to December 2d, 1867, to have been 71.

Of this number the deaths from accidents were, viz:	
1867—July	10
August	8
September	4
October	5
November	3
Total	30

And from the following causes, viz:

Blow on the head	
Concussion of the brain	
Drowning	
Falling from a wall	
Gunshot	
Injury by falling off a building	
Injury of the spine	
Run over by cars	
Run over by a truck	
Total	30
TO THE	
The deaths by suicide were:	
1867—July.	4
August	3
September	1
October	0 1
TO MIDDE	
Total	9
And by the following means, viz:	(, ;
Gunshot1	
Hanging	1 2
Laudanum	
Strychnine	
- feet tereseemment common fund	
Total	9

The	e cases of murder were:	
1867_	–July	2
200.	August	0
	September	1
	October	0
	November.	0
	-	
	Total	3
Con	nmitted as follows:	
Abort	ion (supposed)	
	not (by whom unknown)1	
Infan	ticide1	
	_	
T	otal	3
	-	
	•	
The	deaths from other causes were, viz:	
1867-	-July	8
	August	5
	September	9
	October.	6
	November	2
	· ·	
	Total	30
Pro	duced as follows:	
Aneur	rism of the aorta	
Apopl	exy	
	xia	
Convu	lsions1	
	um tremens1	
	on of the brain1	
	itis2	
Heart	, disease of	
-0-		
	Carried forward15	

Brought forward	
Heart, hypertrophy of	
Heart, valvular disease of	
Hemorrhage from the lungs2	
Hydropericardium	
Inflammation of the lungs	
Miscarriage	
Phthisis pulmonalis	
Pulmonary apoplexy	
Unknown	
OHRHOWH	
m 1	90
Total	30
_	
NATIVITY OF CASES.	
4 1 12	-
Australia	1
California	6
Chili	1
China	• 2
Denmark	2
England	3
France	4
Germany	7
Ireland	15
Maine	3
Massachusetts	4
Mexico	1
New York	4
Nova Scotia.	1
Ohio	1
Pennsylvania	2
Russia	2
Scotland	1
Spain.	1
Sweden.	$\frac{1}{2}$
Virginia	1
Unknown.	7
опаноми	
Total	71
TOOM	1.1

5

6

11

6

87

46

The ages of the cases were as follows:	
Under one year 2	
Between one and five years 1	
Between five and ten years 3	
Between ten and twenty years 4	
Between twenty and thirty years10	
Between thirty and forty years	
Between forty and fifty years17	
Between fifty and sixty years 8	
Between sixty and seventy years 3	
Between seventy and eighty years	
Unknown	
Total	71
Number of inquests	
Number of autopsies	
Number of inquests and autopsies	
Number of cases in which neither inquests were held	
nor autopsies made	
Total	71
_	
-	
The number of cases which came under my supervision, December 2d, 1867, to June 30th, 1868, were 142.	from
Of these the number of deaths from accidents were:	
1867—December	3

1868—January

February

March....

April.....

May.....

June

Total....

Produced by the following causes, viz:	
Ambustio	1
Concussion of the brain	4
Dislocation of cervical vertebrae	1
Drowning	2
Fracture of leg	1
Fracture of skull	8
Fracture of spine	2 -
Hemorrhage	1
	1
	1'.
Rupture of the heart	1
et.	2
Suffocation	1
_	_
Total	46
·	
The number of suicides were, viz:	
1867—December.	. 2
1868—January	
February	
March.	
April	
May	
June	
Total.	. 13
Committed by the following means:	
Cutting the throat	2
	3
	3
Hanging	
	î
	1
	î
Strangulation	
Comments and the comments of t	
Total	13

The number of deaths from other causes were, viz:	
1867—December.	9
1868—January	19
February	5
March	8
April	12
May	8
June	16
Total	77
Produced as follows:	
Aneurism of the aorta	
Angina pectoris	
Apoplexy	
Asphyxia	
Asthma	
Cholera infantum	
Congestion of the brain	
Congestion of the lungs	
Convulsions	
Croup	
Debility	
Embolism	
Epilepsy1	
Exhaustion	
Fever (contimed) 1	
Fever (intermittent) 1	
Gunshot1	
Heart, hypertrophy of	
Heart, valvular disease of 1	
Hemorrhage 1	
Intemperance	
Marasmus 1	
Peritonitis	
Phthisis pulmonalis14	
-	
Carried forward70	

<i>Brought forward</i> 70	
Pneumonia 2	
Pulmonary hemorrhage 1	-
Premature birth 1	
Small-pox	
Wound (punctured)	
Total	77
	1
The deaths from causes unknown were, viz:	
1867—December	0
1868—January	3
February (human remains)	1
March	0
April (human remains)	. 1
May (human remains)	1
June	0
. m 1	
Total	6
	- 1
RECAPITULATION.	
Accidents	46
Suicides	13
From other causes	77
Unknown	6
Total	142
Of these there were born as follows:	
Belgium	
Bohemia. 1	
California14	
Canada 1	
Cape de Verde	
Cape de Verde	

NATIVITIES AND AGES.

Brought forward19	
Chili	
China	
Connecticut1	
England	
France 5	
Georgia	
Germany	
Ireland	
Maine 3	
Maryland 2	
Massachusetts 6	
Mexico 3	
Missouri 3	
New York12	
Nova Scotia	
Ohio	
Pennsylvania 1	
Prince Edward's Island 1	
Prussia 4	
Spain 1	
Scotland1	
Russia	
Valparaiso	
Vermont	
Unknown	
Total	14
The number of cases between the ages of—	
One and five years were	
Five and ten years	
Ten and twenty years	
Twenty and thirty years	
Thirty and forty years	
Forty and fifty years	
Carried forward110	

Brought forward110	
Fifty and sixty years17	
Sixty and seventy years 7	
Seventy and eighty years 0	
Eighty and ninety years 0	
Ninety and one hundred years 0	
Over one hundred (104) years	
Unknown	
Total	142
	112
	142
Number of inquests	38
Number of inquests	38 15
Number of inquests	38
Number of inquests	38 15 24
Number of inquests	38 15

JONATHAN LETTERMAN, Coroner.

HARBOR MASTER'S REPORT.

Harbor Master's Office, San Francisco, July 1, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors
Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In accordance with your directions I have the honor to submit the following report:

During the past year one section of the Bulkhead has been filled in, from Vallejo to Green street, and a wharf, 600 feet long by 60 feet wide, built outside and parallel with said Bulkhead. The Bulkhead from Pacific to near Washington street, outside of East street, has also been filled in with dirt and stone to a height of three (3) feet above high water mark. Greenwich wharf, at the end of Battery street, has also had an addition built to it, of forty (40) feet on the Bay front by one hundred (100) feet on the side of or end of said street. There has also been an addition built to North Point Dock of about one hundred and fifty (150) feet on the Bay or City Front by two hundred (200) feet on the end or shore side of the Dock.

The Lumber Association Dock, at the foot of Beale street, has had two (2) Wharves run out in the Bay from the City Front of said Wharf, one of which is one hundred and fifty (150) by eighty-two feet, and one is one hundred and fifty (150) by sixty (60) feet. On Berry street a Wharf has been run into the Bay two hundred (200) by forty (40) feet, and also one sixty (60) by forty (40) feet, which wharves will give ample accommodation for some time.

Five Wharves have been dredged to a sufficient depth of water for the largest ships, viz.: The Pacific Mail Company's Wharf, at the foot of Bryant street; Folsom street Wharf; Pacific street Wharf; Vallejo Street Wharf, and Cowell's Wharf.

You will perceive by the tabular statement annexed that 107 ships and vessels have arrived from foreign and domestic ports since the 1st day of December, 1867, or during my term of office; and as I have no books of the late Harbor Master, I can only give the amount collected and paid in by him to the City and County Treasurer, as I read the same from his monthly statements filed with the City Auditor.

During the seven months I have been in office the following vessels belonging to this port have been lost:

Schooner Andrew J. Wester, with all hands.
Barkentine Western Belle, with all hands.
Schooner Eliza Walker, with all hands.
Schooner L. C. Lane, lost at Little River, crew saved.
Schooner Sarah, lost at Cuffy's Cove, crew saved.
Schooner S. F. Blunt, lost at Timber Cove, crew saved.
Brig Hugh Barkley, lost at Umpqua River, crew saved.

The Harbor dues paid into the City and County Treasury by Marcus Harloe, late Harbor Master, for five (5) months, viz.: July, August, September, October and November, by monthly statements on file with the City Auditor, amount to \$9,642 62. My receipts for seven months, from December 1st, 1867, to June 30th, 1868, inclusive, by statements on file with City Auditor, amount to \$15,930—making a total of \$25,572 62 for the year ending June 30th, 1868.

Respectfully submitted,

JAMES HOUSEMAN, Harbor Master.

VESSELS IN THE COASTING AND BAY TRADE.

45 Steamers	22,466 tons.
11 Ships	8,360 tons.
42 Barks	16,626 tons.
19 Brigs	4,223 tons.
221 Schooners	11,115 tons.
70 Sloops	1,450 tons.
12 Barges	1,440 tons.
THE SAME	-
420 vessels aggregating	65,680 tons.
	No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other Designation, Name of Street, Name

There have been built, during the last seven months fifteen Schooners, whose tonnage amounts to 1,128 tons; also four Bay Steamers and one Ferry Boat, whose tonnage amounts to 1,224 tons.

JAMES HOUSEMAN, Harbor Master,

TONNAGE OF VESSELS ARRIVED FROM FOREIGN AND EASTERN PORTS FOR SEVEN MONTHS, ENDING JUNE 30TH, 1868.

Whence	Ste	Steamers.	02	Ships.	B	Barks.	F	Brigs.	Total tons.
11 E0LOGS	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	
Eastern States. Australia and New Zealand.	г :	2,143	61	69,508	12	7,078 6,119	77	935	79,664
Brazil Central America		25,242	1 6	1,042 1,385 4,971	14	5,047	: 20 cc	1,113	1,042 32,787 7,001
China. Fast Trdies	4	13,563	0 0 0I	2,995	40	1,711	· co	733	3,002
France. Germany				673	70 4	2,249	.23	508	2,922
Great Britain. Japan			17	16,476	27	13,260	:		29,736
México Peru	7	3,389	-	.009	4	1,294	٠.	698	5,552
Russian America and Amoor Biver. Sandwich and Society Islands. British Columbia and Vancouver Island.	e – –	2,821 1,077 179	717	394 1,038 5,541		4,607	01 41 H	246 636 309	3,461 7,358 6,355
Dpain					1	7.00			047
Totals	22	48,414	107	110,904	104	45,510	88	6,304	211,132

REPORT OF CITY AND COUNTY SURVEYOR.

Office of the City and County Surveyor, San Francisco, July 1, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors

Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In compliance with Resolution No. 6,963 of your Board I submit the following report of Surveys made and Certificates issued since December 2d, 1867—the day I entered upon the discharge of my official duties—to June 30th, 1868, the termination of the fiscal year:

•	Surveys made	627
	Certificates	403

In my next report I shall give in detail all important work that is now and may be in progress at the termination of the present fiscal year.

Respectfully submitted,

WM. P. HUMPHREYS, City and County Surveyor.

HEALTH OFFICER'S REPORT.

San Francisco, July 1, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors
Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In accordance with your instructions, I herewith submit my Report for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1868.

It is very gratifying to find from the vital statistics accompanying this Report, that although during a portion of the fiscal year, we have been visited with epidemic; the death record is but a fraction over that of the previous year, notwithstanding that the population of the city has increased thirteen (13) per cent. since my last Report.

Whether this sanitary condition is owing to climatic causes, or to the unwearied efforts of the Health Department, the effect is the same — a city free from miasma, and a death record that is lower than any reports I have received from other American It becomes my duty again to revert to the large destruction of infantile life. I say destruction advisedly, for in my last Report I warned parents of the carelessness—nay, the recklessness-of their conduct towards their offspring in the matter of scanty clothing on their extremities, and yet the record of the past year shows how utterly they neglected the warning. Of the zymotic class of diseases we have had a preponderance over last year, which may be attributed chiefly to the excessive humidity of the atmosphere; to the same cause we are also chiefly indebted for the appearance of small-pox; which is at this writing assuming a malignant type. At my request, early in June, the Board of Health met and devised such precautionary measures as they deemed proper.

The number of deaths for the year ending June 30th, 1868, were as follows:

Caucasian
Mongolian
African
Total
Males
Females

Total

TAB

INTERMENTS IN THE CITY OF SAN

					-				., .						_		
	Tota							1	GES								
W 1	Total	Unde	Betw	Between	Betw	Between	Between	Between	Between	Betw	Betw	Betw	Between	Between	Betw	Over	Unk
CAUSE OF DEATH.		Under 1 year.	Between I and	een 2	Between 5 and	een 10	een 15	een 2	een 30	Between 40	Between 50	Between 60 and	een 70	reen 80	Between 90	100.	Unknown.
			and 2	2 and 5	and 1	and	and	20 and	and	and	and	0 and	and	and	and	Over 100	
	:	<u> </u>	:	-	10	15.	20.	20.	40.	50.	60.	70.	80	90.	100	-	-
Aneurism of aorta Aneurism of arch of aorta Aneurism of abdominal aorta	30 6 3					1		2 1	12 2 2	12 1	2	1					
Aneurism of decending aorta Anemia	2 2 14	9	3			::	::		1	1				::	::	• •	::
Apoplexy of brain	51 5				1	i	1	6	16	10	10	4	2			•••	
Atresia rectum	1 11 4	1 1 4						2	2	4	2						
Abcess psoas	5 1 6				1	::	::	:::	3	1	:::		::		::		
Abcess of liver	1					::			3 1	3 1							
Abcess of uterus	1 1 1			i		::			····								
Angina pectoris	3 1 2				···i	::						2					
Aphtha Atelectasis pulmonum Ascites	3 22	3			····i					9	3	··· 1					
Brights disease. Bronchitis Cholera morbus.	27 18 5	11 1	1		ï			3	16	3 5	4	1					• •
Cholera infantum	52 30	40	11 7	1 16	5	::			2								
Convulsions infantile Convulsions puerperal Congestion of lungs	86 1 18	73	13	····	1	1		1			····						
Congestion of brain	33 66 8	10 12	6 15	29	7		1	1	2	2	1 2 4	• • •		1			
Cancer of brain	3						::		1	1		i	1				
Cancer not defined	3 2			2						1		··· 1					• • •
Cancer of stomach	6 10 1								2 1	1 6 1	3	1					••
Caries of shoulder blade	3					1			1			i					• •
Cyanosis	16 3 4	16			• • •		2		1		1						••
Carditis Cirrhosis Cirrhosis of liver	8 2 5					1	1		1	1 2	1	1					••
Child birth	5	1		:::		::		1									
Cystitis Concussion of brain Calculi visaca fellis	1 4 1				`i	1			1	1			1				

LE 1. FRANCISCO, FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1868.

S	SI	EX.	1	RACE.							WA	RDS.		,				Pub	Cası	Suic
S	Mal	Fer	Cau	Mo	Afr	1st	2d 1	3d 1	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	1161	12t1	lio In	alties	Suicide
	0	nal	1Cas	ngo	ica	Wa	Wai	Wal	W	W8	W	Wa	W	Wa	W	W	W	stit	3	
			lan	lian	n	rd.	d	d	urd.	Ird.	br	rd.	rd.	rd.	ard	ard	ard	utio		:
																		ano		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$																				
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	28	2	30			1	4		1		1		3			3		8		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9		5	• • • •	1	• • • •		• • •		• • •			• • • •		1	• • • •		3	• • • • •	
41 10 49 1 1 6 2 7 2 3 4 5 2 6 6 6 8 1	2		2															2		
41 10 49 1 1 6 2 7 2 3 4 5 2 6 6 6 8 1	4	10		::::			1	• • •	1 2	• • •		1			5		1	1		• • • •
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	41	10	49	1	1		6	2	7	2	3	4	5		6			8		
88 3 10 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 3 1 3 1 1 3 1	1				• • •		• • • •	• • •	1	• • •	• • • • •	2			2	1				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8	3	10		1	1	2			2	1		1		1			3		
1 1	5				• • •		···i			• • •					1			2		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1																	1		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1		1		1			1					2							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1														1					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	····i				:::		i									1				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1						ī													
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1	1		• • •		i									1	1			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1	1	2				1					1								• • •
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18	4	20	i	1	1	3		2			1	3		2	i		9		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	24	3				1				1	1		4		4	1		11		• • •
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9	2	5			2							2		1					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30		52 30		• • •		2	2					5			5	3	••••		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50	36	84	1	i	7	6	3	8	3	2	6	13	6	19	9	4			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1 9	16						1		• • • •					1				• • •
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	21	12	33				4	3	1	1	1	1	2	5	7	2	2	4		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				• • • •	1	1	9	2	4	1		5	9	4	15	7	7	1	• • • • •	• • •
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1	1	2									1			ĩ					
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2	1 2	3	• • • •			• • • •	1		• • • •			• • • •		1 2		•••			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9		3														2	1		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1	1 2	4	····i	···;			1		• • • •	1	1	1					3		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7	3	10			i						î			2	3		2		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 2	1	3	1					···i	···i						1		1		
1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Î	1													1				
1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12	4 2	3			1	1			• • • •		2	2	3	2	1	•••			• • •
1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	3	4											1	2		1			
1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6	2	6 2	2				1		1	1		1		· · · j		1	3		
	9	2	5				:						1		1					
			1			1		• • •		• • •			1		1	2	• • •	····i		
4 4	î												1							
	4	1	4	• • • •			• • • •	• • •	• • • •	• • •	• • • •	• • • •		• • • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • •	1	4	• • •

															_		_
	Tot							A	GES.								
CAUSE OF DEATH.	Total.	Under 1 year	Between 1 and 2	Between 2 and 5	Between 5 and 10	Between 10 and 15.	Between 15 and 20.	Between 20 and 30;	Between 30 and 40.	Between 40 and 50.	Between 50 and 60.	Between 60 and 70.	Between 70 and 80.	Between 80 and 90.	Between 90 and 100	Over 100	Unknown
Dysentery. Diarrhea. Debility general Diabetes Delirium tremens Dyspepsia. Drowning. Diptheria. Dentition. Dislocation of neck Disease of heart. Disease of spine. Disease of spine. Disease of chest. Disease of chest. Disease of uterus Exposure Exhaustion nervous Empyema. Embolia. Enlargement of heart Enlargement of heart Enlargement of iver Effusion on brain Enteritis. Endocarditis Endocarditis Endopericarditis Erysipelas. Epilepsy Fever, typhoid Fever, typhus Fever, scarlet Fever, puerpural Fever, gastric Fever, continued Fever, intermittent. Fever, congestive Fever, intermittent Fracture of skull Fracture of skull Fracture of spine Gangrene of lungs. Gangrene of lungs. Gangrene of lungs.	Section	: 22 16 20 2 6 13 2 1 1 2 1 1 8 8 2 1 3	7 1 3 8 8 9 8 9 1 1 1 2	33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 34 41 15 11 22	1 1 25 2 1 1 1 	15. —	20. 2	80. — 2 1 1 1	***		8 1 8 2 1 10 21 5 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 10.	70. — 1 1 4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	88. —	90	100		
Gunshot wound. Gastritis. Hydrocephelas. Hydrochorax Hepatitis. Hypertrophy of heart Hypertrophy of liver Hydropericarditis. Hemorrhage of colon Hemorrhage of bowels. Hemorrhage internal. Hemorrhage of unbilical. Hemorrhage of lungs. Hemorrhage of stomach Hysteritis. Inflammation of bladder.	3133455 55388255 16622 16622 16622 16623 16731 16731 16731 17731 1		14	1			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 5 2 1 1 1	1 2 9 4 1 5	14 10 44 10 5	5 6	1	1				

I. - Continued.

SE	x.	1	SACE.							WA	RDS.						Publ	Casu	Suic
Male.	Female	Caucasian	Mon	Afric	1st Ward	2d Ward	3d Ward	4th Ward	5th Y	6th Ward	7th Ward	8th Ward	9th Ward	10th	11th Ward	12th .	Public Institutions.	Casualties	Suicide
	ale	asian	Mongolian	African	Vard.	ard.	ard.	Vard	5th Ward	Vard .	Vard	Vard .	Ward.	10th Ward	Ward	12th Ward	tituti		
																	ons		
<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>
20 16 37	19 8	37 24	1 i0	1 	1	3 3 5	3 2	1	 1 1	1	9	2 3 5	2 3	11 3	2 4	3	3 4		
2 7	19	45 2 7						10		6	5			5	10		3 2 5		
29	····i	2 7 2 28 75 21 2		2				1			i							30	
36 9 1	40 12	75 21		 1	1 2	8 3		1	i	6 2	5 1	7	5	18 3	14 6	5	2 3		
43	1 22 2	62	1 1		2 1	11 1	i	 5 1		4	3	5	3	10 1	7	1 1	13	2	
3		62 5 3 1 2 1								1				1			· 1 2		
1 1		1			1		:::							1				i	• • •
3	····i	3 2							···i						···i		3		
1		1 1 2								····i									
1 49 2	1 26 2	71 4	2	2	7	11	3	6		4	5 1	6		16	8 3	2	7		
2 1 15	4 2				2	1	···i	····i	i	1		1 2	4	2 1	····i		3		
7 42 25	20 14	8 54 39	7	1 1	<u>4</u> 8	6 6	··· 2 2	7	1 1 1	4 4	3 2	1 2 6 2 1 3	1 3 1	1 5 3	1 5 1	2	3 14		
8	5	13 14			1		2	4	1			1 3	2	3 5	2				
2	1 2	1 4				2			• • • •						2				
2 2 1 2	 5 1	2 6 3 17 2 7			2	1			•••	1				1 2	2		····· 1		
17 2 4	3	17 2																17 2	
5	3	5												····i	1		5 4		
1 3 7	6	1 3 11		2							4	6						3	
31 5 32	14	45 5			2	2	3	2		2	10	4	2	12 1	5 1	``i	3		
23	2	36 23	1	1 2 1	1 2	1	1	1		1	1	1 2		1 1 3	····i	··i	27 13		
4 2 1 1	2	6		1	1		i				. 1		1	1	1		1 1		
1 1	1	1 2 5 2			1						1	1	····	1 1					
1 14	6 1 2	5 2 13	3		···· 1	2		1 3	2		1	1 1 1	1 1	1			5		• • • •
1	2	1 2 1															1 1		
1		1															1		

	1												-				
	Tota								AGE	8.							
CAUSE OF DEATH.	Total.	Under 1 year	Between 1 and 2	Between 2 and 5	Between 5 and 10	Between 10 and 15	Between 15 and 29.	Between 20 and 30.	Between 30 and 40.	Between 40 and 50.	Between 50 and 60.	Between 60 and 70.	Between 70 and 80.	Between 80 and 90.	Between 90 and 100	Over 100	Unknown
Inflammation of ear	1			1		-						-	-			-	1
Inflammation of lungs	170 87 15	37 22 13	18 24 	24 11 	10 7	1	4 2 	12 7	35 8 2	12 1 	11 3 	3 1	3	1 			
Injuries by truck	4	:::			1	::			¨i	1				::		1	
Injuries by railroad cars	3			1	i	• •	1		• • •	• • •	1	::	• •				
Injuries of head	1								1								
Injuries internal	2				2	::	•••		$\frac{\cdots}{2}$	1		::	::	::		::	1::
Injuries of spine	4									3	1						
Injuries caving of earth	3		• • •			• •	::		3		···i						1
Injuries falling from house	2 8						•••	···i	1		1	2					
Injuries falling of wall	3					::		1	3	2							
Injuries crushed by machinery	1 1	• • •						• • • •	• • •	··i		1					
Injuries cut by knife	1					::	::		i			::	::	::		::	
InertiaInfanticide	1	1 1	• • •	• • •		• •		• • •		• • •	• • •						
Jaundice	2	1			• • •	::	::	· · ·		¨i		::	::	::		::	1:
Laryngitis	1			3		::	i		1			::					1:
Leucocythemia	1								1				::				
Mal-presentation	1 16	1 3	6	4	3	::		:::					::		::	::	1::
Marasmus	57 4	47	5	1		::	ï	2	3 1	1	• • •		• •				
Mortification of shoulder blade	1										i.i						:.
Meningitis tubercular Malformation	47	3	10	12	11	6	3	2	• • •	• • •							
Mania-a-potu	5								3	1							
Nephritis	3	···i			1				1	1							1
Necrosis	2			1									1				
Nervous exhaustion	3	:::				::	::	i	···i	1 1					::		
Old age Occlusion of bowels	14 1	··· ₁											. 9	2	1 -	1	
Phthisis	324	11	2	4	2	7	16	85	98	66		9	::	::		::	
Paralysis	27 1			1	i		2	3	5	6	4	2	4	::		::	
Premature birth	24	24								 							3
Pleuritis	3 4			i	4		::	···i	1	1				::		::	
Peritonitis	22		1			1			12	5	1						
PyemiaPhlebitis	18 1					1	1	6	6	2	1		::	::	::	::	
Pamphigos	1	1]
Paraphlegia	1					1		···i		:::		1::	1::	::	::		1:
Purpura hemorrhagica	1	1															
Rheumatism Rupture of blood vessel	$\frac{1}{2}$:::			::	::		2				1::	::	::		
Retention of urine	1						1			1		١			1:.		

I. - Continued.

																			_
SE	x.	R	ACE.							WA	ARDS.						Puble Institutions	Casualties	Suicide
Male	Female.	Caucasian	Mongolian	Afr	1st	2d Ward.	3d T	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	11th	12th	o Ins	lties	de
	nale.	casi	ngoli	African	Ward	Vard	Ward	Ward	Ward	Ward	Ward	Ward	Ward	Ward	Ward	Ward	titu		
		nn.	an.	:	d .			rd	rd.	rd.	2	٦ <u>.</u>	rd.	rd.	rd.	rd.	tion		
																	82		
:				:													:		:
1		1								11			1						
106 58	64 29	151 85	17		10 2	21	2 1 1	19 10	3 2	1	11 6	13 8 2	12 8 2	22 20	13 19	10 1	23 11		
5	10	15 2				1	1		··i		1			5	3		···i		
4 3		4 3 1 1 2	2			• • • •												4 3	
1		1												• • • •	• • • •			1	
2	4	2																2	
4		4 3																4	
3		1																3	
8		8									• • • • •			• • • •		:::		8	
3		3						• • • •	• • •							• • •	• • • •	3	
1		1		• • •										• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	1	• • •
1		1									1								
1	1	2								1	1			• • • • •					
₁	1 2 1 0	1				1					1			1	1				
1	0	1					• • •	• • • •	• • •		• • •	• • • •				···i	1	• • • •	
7 39	9 18	16 57			1 5	2 5		2	:::	 1 1		1	2	 2 11	2 5	1 4	8		
3	1	4										1 9						4	
31	16	44	2	i	11	6	4	2	···.	6	5	4		3 1 1		i			
3 5 1 1 1 1 2 6		3 5			i			····· 1		,			1	1	1		3 1		
1	2	1		1 		1		1	• • •		1						1		
1	1	2				1 .		••••	• • •		• • • •						2		
2	1 8	3 12			2	···i	3			 i	i	 1 1	2	1 1 1	2		···i		
218	1	1		12		23		26	10		5			51	1 16		10		
23	4	26		1			2 2	1		7 2	14	26	18 1	4	1	5 1 	10 15		
12	12	0.4			1	3	2	2		···i			3	7	4	i			
2 4	11	3						····i		1 1 1 2		1	3 3	7 1 1 1 2			····i		
11 13	11 5	21 13	1 5			2		3	i	2	1	1	···i	1 2	5	1 1	1 6 12		
1		1 1															12 1		
1		i										i							
1 	i	1			1 1		:::												
1 1 1	····i	1 2										····i					1		
1 18	1 1 1	1 14	7	2								1			1		14		
10	. 0	1 12		. 4			1	. 2	1,	. 0		1		1		1	1 12		1

TABLE

										-							=
	Total.							1	AGES								
CAUSE OF DEATH.	1	Under 1 year	Between 1 and 2	Between 2 and 5	Between 5 and 10	Between 10 and 15.	Between 15 and 20.	Between 20 and 30.	Between 30 and 40.	Between 40 and 50.	Between 50 and 60.	Between 60 and 70.	Between 70 and 80.	Between 80 and 90.	Between 90 and 100	Over 100	Unknown
Suicide. Softening of brain. Scrofula. Suffocation. Strangulation hernia Strangulation hernia Strangulation. Scirrhus Tumor of brain. Tumor ovarian. Toxemia. Tympanitis. Trismus neonatorum Tabes Mescuterica Tetanus. Tetanus traumatic Ulceration of mouth. Ulceration of bowels Ulceration of stomach Uremia Unknown Variola. Variola confluent. Whooping cough	288 188 77 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 6 4 4 2 2 2 2 5 5 2 2 1 1 877 3 3 19 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 2	1 1 2 3 1 	4		1	.1111	2	5 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 4 1 3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 1 1 1 1 7	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2					
Total	2577	541	196	201	120	36	82	294	472	347	176	66	29	7	2	2	5

I. - Concluded.

SEX.	RACE.		W	ARDS.		Suicide Casualt Public
Female	Mongolian	2d Ward		9th Ward8th Ward	12th Ward 11th Ward 10th Ward	Suicide
25 3 17 1 17 1 18 2 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 2 4 1	28 1	1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 4 1 4 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 2 1 3 1 2 1 3	5 4 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \cdots & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \\ \end{bmatrix}$	1 1 2 5 1	28 11 28 3 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1

In the following tables will be set forth the ages of decedents in the different months, their sex, race and nationality, with the locality in which they died, noting the casualties and suicides.

TABLE 11.

AGES OF DECEDENTS IN THE DIFFERENT MONTHS.

	Total			186	7.					186	8.		
Ages.		July	August	September	October	November	December.	January	February, .	March	April	Мау	June
Under 1 year of age	541	71	48	41	47	49	53	35	36	27	32	32	75
From 1 to 2 years of age	196	26	10 11	14	13 19	11 14	12	12	15 15	15	13	29	26
From 2 to 5 years of age From 5 to 10 years of age	$\frac{201}{120}$	14 6	11	11 6	11		12 9	21 10	11	19 12	14 13	19 11	31 13
From 10 to 15 years of age	36	1	5	2		6 1 3	2	4	1	3	3	5	4
From 15 to 20 years of age	82	7	4	2 13	6	3	6	9	5	5	5	. 9	8
From 20 to 30 years of age	294	24	33	19	20	23	32	31	23	16	21	27	25
From 30 to 40 years of age	472	45	31	25	44	49	41	41	39	44	32	40	41
From 40 to 50 years of age	347	34	24	33	27	20	30	43	31	29	24	27	25
From 50 to 60 years of age	176	9	9	16	18	14	10	11	23	15	21	11	17
From 60 to 70 years of age	66	8	2	3	. 4	5	6	3	6	_ 6	9	5	9
From 70 to 80 years of age	29	1	1	4	4	1	3	5	1	2	4	2	1
From 80 to 90 years of age	7 2	1	1	• • • • •		• • • • •	1	2		1		1	
From 90 to 100 years of age	2							1	_ 1	1			
Over 100 years of age	5					1		1			1		
Ago unano with													••••
Total	2577	248	193	187	219	197	217	228	209	195	193	218	275

TABLE III.
SEX, RACE AND NATIONALITY OF DECEASED PERSONS.

Parameter and parameter and an analysis of the state of t	Total.			186	57.					18	68.		
SEX, RACE AND NATIVITY.	1	July	August	September	October	November.	December.	January	February	March	April	Мау	June
SEX. Male	1704 873	170 78	126 67	110 77	148 69	131 66	141 76	166 62	141 68	129 66	127 66	127 91	188 87
Total	2577	248	193	187	217	197	217	228	209	195	193	218	275
Caucasian	2329 171 77	219 4 25	176 15 2	166 15 6	201 9 7	185 5 7	195 19 3	210 16 2	184 18 7	177 13 5	177 13 3	191 21 6	248 23 4
Total	2577	248	193	187	217	197	217	228	209	195	193	218	275
Unknown	19 1491 1067	149 98 1	1	109 76 2	125 91 1	81	118 95 4	124 101 3	116 91 2	90	114 77 2	122 95 1	188 86 1
Total	2577	248	193	187	217	197	217	228	209	195	193	218	275

TABLE IV.

NATIVITIES OF DECEDENTS.

	Fotal.			186	7.					186	38.		
United States.		July	August	September	October	November.	December.	January	February	March	April	Мау	June
California Maine Ohio New York Illinois Connecticut Kentucky Massachusetts New Jersey Louisiana Maryland New Hampshire Pennsylvania Virginia Indiana Oregon Washington Territory Nevada Rhode Island Missouri Minnesota South Carolina Vermont Idaho Territory Alabama North Carolina	985 366 222 162 7 7 9 9 5 5 3 13 111 177 177 33 3 144 5 5 1 1 1 2 3 3 8 7 7 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	: 	766 2 3 3 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1	688 6 3 122 ····· 3 3 ···· 1 1 1 1 1 ···· 1 1 ···· 1 ·	86 4 14 15 22 2 11 3 4 4	76 2 2 2 13 1 1 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	755 3 1 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	69 77 4 13 2 5 1 1 6 3	72 1 4 4 9 9 1 1 1 7 7 2 3 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	644 233 991 1155 11122 444 22111 11111	67 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	84 22 1 16 3 4 1	: 131 3 24 1 10 11 22 22 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
Tennessee Arkansas. Wisconsin Iowa Michigan Texas. District of Columbia. Utah Territory. Georgia. Total	2 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	105	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	125	115	118	2 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	105	1 1 114	122	111

TABLE IV-Concluded.

NATIVITIES OF DECEDENTS.

	Total.			18	367.					18	68.		
Foreigners.	1	July	August	September	October	November.	December.	January	February	March	April	Мау	June
England Ireland New Brunswick China Switzerland West Indies Italy Canada Germany Chili Prussia Mexico Ascension Island Spain Scotland British Columbia Poland Nova Scotia Bavaria France Australia Sweden Western Islands Norway Hanover Argentine Republic Russia Japan Wales East Indies Belgium Portugal Central America Victoria, V. I. Denmark Sandwich Islands Peru Handus Hand	88 333 9 178 13 16 122 18 3 3 3 17 7 21 3 3 3 7 7 7 5 6 3 8 15 12 12 12 13 14 4 8 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	100 22 2	6 6 23 15 11 1 1 3 3 11 1 5 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1	6 20 22 15 22 11 1 1 1 3 3 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1	9 9 33 8 8 13 22 1 1 1 1 10 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 .	5 199 2 2 6 1 1 1 4 14 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1	8 27 1 19 2 3 3 1 7 7 4 4 4 5 5 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1	7 31 11 12 12 11 11 11 11 12 11 12 11 11 11	8 37 2 2 1 7 7 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	13 29 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 32 9 9 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 26 26 2 17 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	19911 229911 15521 16521 16521 17521
	19 1 1086	99	87 105	78 109	92 125	81 115	99	104 124	93	90	80 114	96 122	87 188
	1491 2577	249	192		217			228	209				

	Total		-13	18	67.					18	68.		
WARDS, HOSPITALS, CASUAL- TIES AND SUICIDES.		July	August	September	October	November.	December.	January	February	March	April	Мау	June
First Ward Second Ward Third Ward Fourth Ward Fifth Ward Sixth Ward Seventh Ward Eighth Ward Ninth Ward Tenth Ward Televenth Ward Twelfth Ward Twelfth Ward Twelfth Ward Casualties	121 209 67 221 49 149 136 216 129 374 205 74 484 105	8 20 7 20 7 19 13 24 12 43 18 3 3 22 16	8 16 7 18 6 8 9 13 6 40 14 5 30	7 17 5 17 5 7 8 18 10 32 16 2 35 7	6 18 5 10 5 18 11 26 15 33 14 3 44 7	14 19 5 11 4 8 8 17 7 27 17 4 51	16 15 5 18 4 9 10 15 17 23 19 12 45 7	9 18 13 24 1 13 9 17 9 41 14 7 43 8	7 19 6 19 8 8 11 18 4 31 15 8 41	10 18 4 18 7 6 20 11 26 20 6 37	8 12 20 3 22 3 14 13 26 20 5 33	15 11 4 20 3 15 11 8 12 33 28 7 44	13 26 4 26 3 14 19 26 13 37 20 12 50
Suicides	28 2577	248	193	187	217	197	217	228	209	195	193	218	275

TABLE VI.

LOCALITIES OF DEATH FOR EACH MONTH.

	Total			18	37.					18	68.	T	
Localities.		July	August.	Sep	October.	Nov	Dec	January	Feb.	March	April	May.	June.
			ust	September	ber.	November	December	nary .	February.	ch			
	:	:	:	7	:	.7	6		:	:	<u>:</u>	:	:
City Wards	1960	192		143	161	141	163	173		146	148		217
City and County Hospital	217	18	12	16	14	20	21	23	21	23	19	19	
U. S. Marine Hospital St. Mary's Hospital	40 76	1 5	3	2 9	9	6	5 9	5	1 6	5	3	2	6 9
French Hospital	39	2	3	3	9	A	2	3	1	2	A	K	9
German Hospital	44	3	4	4	2	8	4	4	2	2	4	2	5
Presidio Hospital	2								1	1			
Small-pox Hospital	8			• • • •									8
Female Hospital	1 21						• • • •	3			1		• • • •
Protestant Orphan Asylum	21	1	1	2	4	2	4	3	2	1	• • • •	• • • •	••••
Home for Inebriates	6	2	2			2							****
Fort Alcatrases	1				1								
Alms House	2	,				1				1			
Industrial School Pro. and Relief Soc'ty House.	1	• • • •	• • • •	• • • • •	• • • •	1		1	1	• • • •	• • • •		1
St. Vin de Paul Infirmary	7	• • • • •				****		****	5	• • • • •		1	1
Foundling House	12									1		7	4
Mt. St. Joseph's Infirmary	11											1	
Casualties	105	16	10	7	- 7	3	7	8	10	11	10	7	9
Suicides	28	6	3	1	2	2	2	2	4	1	2		3
Total	2577	248	193	187	217	197	217	228	209	195	193	218	275

RECAPITULATION.

The number of deaths in the city from July, 1867, to June,	
1868, reported at this office, were	2,577
White	
Copper	
Black	1
Total	2,577
Adults1,401	
Minors	
Total	2,577

If we deduct premature births, 24; cyanosis, 16; old age, 14; casualties, 105; suicides, 28; and deaths from unknown causes, 87—in all, 274—it will leave 2,303 deaths to be accredited to the city for the year.

Rating the population at one hundred and fifty thousand (150,000) and the deaths from registered diseases two thousand three hundred and three (2,303), we find the following percentage of deaths to the population:

Mortality—Per day	63
Per month	19111
Per year 2	2,303
Or per diem, one in	,445
Or per month, one in	$781\frac{1}{2}$
Or per year, one in	65,13

VACCINATION.

An alarming indifference to the necessity of early vaccination of children has long manifested itself among all classes of society, as the large number of children vaccinated since the appearance of the small-pox will testify; and still, I have reason to believe, that at least one-third of the children of San Francisco have not been vaccinated. The apathy shown by parents is more strange, considering that the city authorities provide free vaccinated.

nation from pure virus. It may be that the immunity from epidemic experienced by us causes a fatal sense of security until the cry is heard—Rachel weeping for her children. I, therefore, hope that in future parents and guardians will, in justice to the helpless infant, assist by vaccination to save them from that loathsome disease.

THE SMALL-POX

has just made its appearance, and has assumed a malignant or typhoid type. Several cases have resulted fatally before the eruption had been developed. In others, the moment the eruption did appear it assumed a livid, and, in some instances, an almost black hue with purpura hemorrhagica. These cases nearly all resulted fatally before any true vesicle or lymph was formed; but one of this peculiar livid type came under my observation which reached the supparative stage before death.

Previous to the prevalence of this epidemic, the other exaunthemeta—measles and scarlatina—prevailed to a considerable extent, and of a very grave type, showing that some peculiar metrological condition existed favorable to the development of the eruptive class of fevers. One fact worthy of note in this place and worth remembering by all why may read this Report, is that vaccination, when well performed, never failed to protect or so materially modify the disease that it leaves little or none of that frightful mutilation or disfigurement so common to genuine unmitigated variola. This cannot be too thoroughly impressed upon the minds of all—"the importance of vaccination"—as the only prophylactic against the spread and ravages of this pestilential scourge.

INFANTS UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE.

Of these tender buds five hundred and forty-one (541) have appeared to gladden the fond hearts of the authors of their being, but meteor-like have passed away, leaving a gloom behind. Between the ages of one and five, nine hundred and thirty-eight (938) have shown the promise of a bright dawn, but alas, the inexorable hand of death has beckoned them away ere life's morn had scarce begun. There must be a reason for this

slaughter of the innocents. Are our skies less sunny than in other climes? Is the air more impure than in other lands? What, then, is the cause of this decimation of our infant population? I answer, want of proper care. Mothers, on you rests the blame.

STILL-BORN INFANTS.

The number is still increasing. The reported of this year amount to two hundred and thirty-four, or within a fraction of twenty per month. This tells a sad story, and should awaken in the minds of the public solemn thought.

PHTHISIS PULMONALIS.

Of this disease there were three hundred and twenty-four (324) cases reported, about one-third of which died in the Hospitals. Of aneurism there were forty-one (41), and it is somewhat remarkable that exactly the same number of persons died from these two diseases last year. Of heart disease there have been sixty-five (65) cases since my last Report. The number of casualties have decreased since last year. The suicides have been less; and fewer deaths have occurred from the use of the demon rum. In conclusion, I would say, we have reason to be thankful for the mercies extended to us—a healthy climate, abundant crops, and those two greatest gifts of God to man, Liberty and Peace.

NECESSITY FOR A MARKET INSPECTOR.

Should any unprejudiced person take a stroll through our markets, they would be profoundly impressed with the fact that a great number of the zymotic diseases weekly reported at the Health Office, are in fact owing to the incipient and unwholesome meat, putrescent fish, and decayed vegetables, offered for sale. While we enjoy a healthy climate, and abundant edible resources, how is it that the olfactory senses and the unwary purchaser are subjected, the one to offensive effluvia and the other to the loss of both cash and dinner after culinary preparation? Now, all this could be avoided by the appointment of a proper and intelligent officer thoroughly acquainted with what is fit for human food, whose duty it should be to seize and con-

demn all unwholesome meats, etc., thereby preventing the cupidity of the vendor from causing disease or perhaps death to the unthinking or uninitiated buyer. This matter is worthy the consideration and action of the proper authorities, as we have the summer upon us, the season when all edibles are most liable to decay, and when unripe fruit and premature veal is criminally offered in our markets for sale.

Following is the number of nuisances reported at this office, with the action taken thereon:

Nuisances reported	954
No cause of complaint	
Remaining unabated	
Total	954

To effect the above results there were but thirty-four (34) arrests made for non-compliance with the law; and, in this connection, I would wish to say that the Health Inspector has been indefatigable in the execution of his duties, and has by his suave and affable manner done more good in the abatement of nuisances than by arresting a whole community, and it is but justice to say that there has been three times the number of nuisances abated than what appears on the complaint book.

SEWERAGE.

I have recommended sewerage as a sanitary measure in thirty (30) different streets, which your honorable Board have ordered to be built. I still protest against the order for connecting privy vaults with the street sewers, as I am satisfied the custom is highly prejudicial to public health.

I. ROWELL, M. D., Health Officer.

HOSPITAL REPORT.

CITY AND COUNTY HOSPITAL, San Francisco, July 1, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors
Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—I have the honor to present the Annual Report of the Hospital, from July 1st, 1867, to June 30th, 1868, inclusive:

Patients in Hospital, July 1st, 1867		
Patients admitted	1,753	
-		
To be accounted for		2,044
Discharged cured	1,217	
Discharged by request	248	
Died	218	
Sent to Stockton	10	
Sent to Almshouse	111	
_		1,804
	-	
Patients remaining in house, July 1st, 1868		240
	=	· · · · · · · · · · · ·
Average number of patients		261
Number of outside treatments		5,512
Children born—Boys.	19	0,014
Girls	20	
ошь	20	39
		00

Respectfully submitted,

WM. T. GARWOOD, M. D., Resident Physician.

NATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES.

Alabama 3	Missouri 7
Alaska 2	Mississippi 1
Arkansas 1	New Hampshire 6
California	New Jersey 11
Connecticut 14	New York
Delaware 5	North Carolina 5
District of Columbia 5	Ohio
Georgia 2	Oregon 1
Illinois	Pennsylvania41
Indiana6	Rhode Island 6
Indian Territory 1	South Carolina 2
Iowa	Tennessee 5
Kentucky 4	Vermont8
Louisiana	Virginia
Maine	Washington Territory 1
	washington reflicory
	Total
	10181491
Michigan 1	
FOREI	GNERS.
Ascension Islands 5	Italy 21
Austria 7	Jamaica 6
Australia 6	Malta 1
Azores 24	Mexico 16
Bavaria 5	New Brunswick 1
Belgium 2	New Foundland 1
British Columbia 1	New Grenada 2
Bolivia 1	Norway 18
Canada	Nova Šcotia 10
Cape de Verde 1	Peru 2
Central America 1	Poland 4
Chili	Portugal 5
China 7	Prussia 75
Denmark	Russia 8
East Indies 9	Sandwich Islands 12
England126	Scotland
Finland6	Spain 4
France	Sweden
Germany	Switzerland 14
Holland	U. States of Colombia 5
Hanover	Wales
	West Indies 4
Ireland	West Illules 4
Island of Manila 1	motol 1 050
Island of Martinique 1	Total1,256

TABLE I.

CAUSES OF DEATH.

			18	67.		4			18	68.			
Cause of Death.	July	August	September.	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	
bcess of thigh													-
neurism of aorta										1			
neurism of aorta, arch						1		- 1			1		
neurism of aorta, ascending							1	····i					
neurism of aorta descending	• • • •				1		2	1			• • • •		
neurism of aorta abdominal	• • • •		1	• • • •		1				····i		1	
Aorta, rupture of	• • • •			1	• • • •	• • • •	• • • • •			1		• • • • •	
Brain, disease of	• • • • •			1									
Brain, inflammation of											1		
Brain, softening of	1	3	2		2			1		1		1	
Burns, result of							1						
Cancer of duodenum						1						• • • •	
Cancer epithelial	• • • •				• • • •				1	• • • •	••••		
Capter of spleen											1	· · · i	
Cancer of stomach													
Cancer of uterus			1										
Cirrhosis				1				1					
Congenital malformation	• • • •			• • • •									
Congestive chill	• • • •					• • • •					• • • •	• • • •	
Colon, hemorrhage from	••••		1	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •							
Debility, general.	1											****	
Diabetis			1	1									
Diarrhœa chronic					1	1	1						
Propsy				1									
Dysentery		1											
Dysentery, chronic	• • • •		1	• • • •			• • • •		• • • •			• • • • •	
Empyema Endopericarditis	• • • •				1			1			• • • •		
Epilepsy							1	1			1		
Erysipelas													
racture of cervical vertebræ													
Fracture of skull Femur, necrosis of	1												
emur, necrosis of	• • • •					• • • •				1	• • • •		
Fever intermittent	• • • •	1	• • • •	• • • •			• • • •		1				
Sangrene				1							1		
Sastro enteritis											1		
Teart disease of			1						1				
Heart, disease of mitral valves Heart, disease of aortic valves Heart, hypertrophy of	1				1		1						
Heart, disease of aortic valves	1		1						1				
Hydrothorax	• • • •			1	1	1	1	····i	2	2	1		
Hydropericarditis	1		• • • •		1	1							
njuries, received by truck													
Kidneve disease of		}	1				1						П
iver, disease of	1	1	1	2	2	1		1				1	
Liver, disease of									1				1
Liver and spleen, disease of Lungs, gangrene of				• • • •		1							
Jungs, gangrene of	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •		• • • •	1		1				
Mania a potu	• • • •				1						1		
Menengitis				····i	1								
Morbus coxaria	1			1									
Paralysis	2		1	i	1			2		1		1	

TABLE I.-Concluded.

			18	67.					186	38.			Total.
CAUSE OF DEATH,	July	August	September.	October	November.	December	January	February	March	April	Мау	June	
Brought forward. Peritonitis. Pneumonia. Pneumonia, chronic Pneumonia, pleuro Premature birth. Pyemia. Rheumatic carditis Scrofula Spine, injury of Syphilis, secondary. Syphilis, tertiary. Tuberculosis. Variola confluent. Wound of chest, shot.	11 1 2 1	6	10	10	13 1 1 1 1 1 3	9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11 1 1 1 1 1 5	13 1 1 1 9	12 1 2 2 4	11	9 2 1 2 1 2	2 8	124 1 4 4 1 1 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Unknown, coroner's cases Total	16		16	13	21	22	20	25	1 22	18	17	18	222

TABLE II.

DISEASES OF PATIENTS.

													-
			18	67.					18	68.			Total
DISEASES OF PATIENTS.	July	August	September.	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	
Abortion, result of Abcess of axilla. Abcess of cornea. Abcess of cheek. Abcess of finger. Abcess of foot. Abcess of foot. Abcess of hand. Abcess of hand. Abcess of jaw. Abcess of knee. Abcess of leg Abcess of hee. Abcess of hues. Abcess of hues. Abcess of thumb. Amputated finger, right hand. Amputated finger, left hand.	1	1	1	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1	1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Carried forward	4	1	3	2	6	1		3	4	1	1	2	30

TABLE II.-Continued.

			18	37.					18	368.			Total
DISEASES OF PATIENTS.	July	August	September	October	November.	December	January	February.	March	April	May	June	al
		-	-	:	-		-		-	-	-	-	30
Brought forward Anchylosis of ankle	4		3	2	6		2	3	1	1	1	2	1
Anchylosis of knee									1				1 5
Aneurism of aorta	1	1 1	1	.,	···i	2	1			4		****	11
Aneurism of aorta, abdominal			1		î								3
Ascites				2		!	.,		• • • •			• • • •	1
Asphyxia		1				1	1						3
Bitten by dog				1									2 7
Blind	3	1 5	1 2	2	7	6	5	1 7	1 3	8	2 4		55
Bubo	1	1		. 1			2		3	1		1 .	14
Burn of back	• • • •		1			1							2
Burn of back and hip Burn of wrist				····i				1					1
Burn of face							1						1
Burn of body Brain, congestion of	····i						1						1
Brain, congestion of						1				i			1
Brain, softening of Brain, inflammation of		• • • •		1	• • • •			1	1	1		1	5
Cancer of axillary region												î	1
Cancer of lip													2
Cancer of rectum		····i											1
Cancer of side									1				1
Cancer of spleen											···i		1
Cancer of womb				i									1
Carbuncle of back		i		i						• • • •		2	2
Cirrhosis	····i			1									2
Cirrhosis Conjunctivitis	• 1	2			1		2		2	3	3	2	16 1
Contusion of arm.	. i	1	****	1		····i							4
Contusion of body and ankle		1											1
Contusion of chest and arm		1					• • • •			• • • • •	• • • •	• • • •	1 5
Contusion of face and body Contusion of finger	î					1							1
Contusion of finger				···· ₁					1		• • • •	····i	1 5
Contusion of foot		1	::::	1		1							4
Contusion of hand												1	1
Contusion of hip			2			• • • • •			1		•		2
Contusion of knee. Contusion of leg.		1	2					1			1		2 3
Contusion of scarp					.,				• • • •			2	2
Contusion of side		1							1	1			3
Choroditis		1									1	····i	1 3
Coxalgia			1			1				1		1	2
Cripple Debility, general Debility from fever. Deformity of foot	2	1	1					1				2	7
Deformity of foot			1				···i	• • • • •	1				3
Deformity of foot Dementia Destitution	1	1				1		2	2		i	1	9
Destitution Delivery, result of	3		• • • •	1	. 5	2	1	2	1	1	• • • • •	2	19
								_					
Carried forward	24	29	15	17	21	27	18	21	26	26	14	25	263

TABLE II - Continued.

			18	867.					18	68.			
DISEASES OF PATIENTS.	July	August	September.	October	November	December.	January	February	March	April	May	June	
Brought forward	24		15	17	21	27	18	21	26		14	25	
iabetes	1							1					
iarrhœaiarrhœa, chronic			1 2		1	2	1	···i			2		
islocation of ankle		1											
islocation of lens of eye		1 1											
islocation of left humerus									1				
islocation of right humerus									1				
islocation metatarsal kones ismenorrhagia	1		1										
ysentery	2	2	ī									3	
ysentery, chronic												1 1	
yspepsia	• • • •	1		1		1 1	1 2	1				1	
ropsy						1						1	
ndocarditis			1		1	1			1				
nlargement cervical glands					. 1		1				1		
pilepsypistaxis		3	1	2	1	4	1	2	3	1		1	
rysipelas of arm									1				
rysipelas of face					1			2	1	1	2		
rysipelas of leg													
rythema											1		
ever, continuedever, intermittent ever, remittent. ever, typhoidever,	9	10	17	94	19	11	11		8	6		14	
ever, remittent.		1	4	1	5	1	4		8	3	8 1	1	
ever, typhoid		1		1			1						П
istula of anus		1				1	• • • •						ı
istula of urethraissure of rectum					1			1				• • • •	
racture of cervical vertebræ								1					
racture of clavicle					1			1 1 1				2	ı
racture of dorsal vertebræ								1			• • • •	• • • •	
racture of femur		1	1	• • • • •		1	1	1	1				U
racture of fibularacture of humerus			1	1						1	2	1	
racture of maxillary inf		1		1									
racture of metacarpus						1		• • • •					
racture of metacarpus racture of patella. racture, result of racture of rib racture of radius. racture of tibla racture of tibla racture of tibla and fibula. racture of ulna racture of ulna and radius		1		1	• • • •	1							
racture of rib			1					1					
racture of radius			1										
racture of tibia	1				1					1		2	
racture of ulna and noula	1	1	• • • •		1	1				1			
racture of ulna and radius									····i				
angrene of feet			1								1		
angrene of lungs									1				
astritis		• • • •	1	• • • •	_~ 1	• • • • •	2	1	• • • •		• • • • •	• • • •	
œmoptisis	1				1		1			1		1	
angrene of lungs. astritis. conorrhoea. cemoptsis. eart, hypertrophy of eart, valvular disease of eart, valvular dis. of acrtic eart nitral valvular disease	2	2	3	3	4	2	6	4	5	2	3	4	
eart, valvular disease of						1		• • • •					
eart, valvular dis. of aortic	• • • • •				• • • •		i	1	3	4	1	1	
emorrhoids			1	- 1								2	
emorrhage of colon			1										
eart, witvalar dis. of aortic eart, mitral valvular disease æmorrhoids emorrhage of colonepatitis		1											
ernia								• • • •		1			
Carried forward	45	59	55	57	61	58	57	60	55	53	39	60	-

TABLE II-Continued.

			18	167.					18	68.			Total
		h .	70	0	l 19	Н		121	131	h			tal.
DISEASES OF PATIENTS.	July	August.	epi	October	000	December	January	February	March	April	May	June.	
		ust	em	bei	eml	in the	ar	uai	ch.	-		9	
			September		November.	er.	1:	3					
71.6	-	•			<u> </u>		-	-				•	
Brought forward Hernia, irreducible	45	59	55	57	61	58		60	55 1	53	39	60	659
Hydrocele		1	1									2	4
HydrothoraxInflammation of ancle	1			• • • •	• • • •				1	1		····i	3
Inflammation of foot						1	1	1	2				5
Inflammation of hand Inflammation of knee				···· ₁		····			····i	1	1	• • • • •	2 3
Inflammation of leg		i		1									2
Inflammation of scrotum Influenza					,		• • • •	_i			1		1
Injury of hip							i						1
Injury of spine						1							1
Insanity Intemperance, result of	1 4	1 1	2	4	2 3	2	2	2	3	2	6	····i	5 32
Iris, hernia of		1											1
Iritis			1	$\frac{1}{2}$	1				3		1		7 3
Jaundice							1						1
Kidneys, disease of, Bright's.									1				1
Laryngitis	1			1									2 1
Liver, hypertrophy of					1			1		1		1	4
Liver, disease of Lungs, solidification of	3 1	1	1	3	2	1	1	2		1	• • • •	• • • •	15 2
Luxation of clavicle									1				1
Luxation of ulna		• • •		• • • •	1			3		····i			1 5
Mania a potu		1		····i	····i		1				$\frac{\cdots}{2}$	i	7
Marasmus		1 1 2											1
Masturbation, effects of Menorrhagia				2								1	6
Meningitis				1									1
Moribund Necrosis of ankle joint	1						1			1	····i	• • • •	3 2
Necrosis of femur		1		1									2 2
Necrosis of humerus Necrosis of humerus and tibia				• • • •									2
Necrosis of metatarsal bones.		····i	i	····i	1			i					1 4
Necrosis of metacarpal bones					1	1							2
Necrosis of rib Necrosis of rib and sternum.													1 1
Necrosis of submaxillary			1										1
Necrosis of tibia		• • • •						2			• • • •		2 1
Neuralgia	····i				1	. 3	4	· · · · i	1		i	3	16
Neuralgia, syphilitic					1		1	1	1				4
Old age Opthalmia, gon					1			1 1					1 3
Orchitis	2	1		1		5	4		4	. 2	1	7	33
Orchitis, syphilitic Oterrhea	1			····i							• • • • •		1
Paralysis Paralysis of sphyncters		2	3		4	1		5	10	4	4	7	52
Paralysis of sphyncters					1		1						$\frac{2}{2}$
Paronychia Penis, odema of		1								2			1
Pericarditis										1			1
Phlebitis					1	····i	2		1			1	7
							-						
Carried forward	69	76	67	82	89	78	82	85	89	70	58	85	930

TABLE II-Continued.

TABLE II-Concluded.

Name of the state			18	67.					18	68.			Total
DISEASES OF PATIENTS.	July	August	September.	October	November.	December	January	February	March	April	Мау	June	11
Brought forware	130	126	121	145	159	144	147	157	146	140	108	189	1712
Wound of right arm, knife Wound of right arm, shot					• • • •					1	• • • •	:	1
Wound of abdomen, puncture							1		-				1
Wound of abdomen, knife	,					1							1
Wound of back, gun-shot Wound of chest, knife		• • • • •		1	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •			• • • •		2
Wound of cheek, knife											1		1
Wound of face, contused								1			1		2
Wound of foot, by pick Wound of groin, gun-shot	,	• • • •	• • • •	1			• • • •					• • • •	1
Wound of hand, knife		• • • •		···i		• • • •	• • • • •	3		• • • • •	1	• • • •	4
Wound of leg, knife				î									1
Wound of lip, knife											1		1 8
Wound of scalp, contused Wound of scalp, knife	2		• • • •	• • • •		2	1	• • • •		3	• • • •		1
Wound of skull, pistol shot											1		1
Wound of temple & shoulder											1		1
Wound of toe, contused Wound of thigh, shot				• • • •		• • • •	• • • •		3	1			4
Wound of thigh, contused										1			1
Wound of throat, glass										1			1
Wound of throat, knife			1										1 2
Wound of face, knife Wound of lip, contused					···i				2		* *.* *		1
Womb, disease of			1										1
m-4-1	7.00	100		110		1.0							1850
Total	132	120	123	149	191	147	190	161	191	149	114	190	T199

ALMSHOUSE REPORT.

CITY AND COUNTY ALMSHOUSE, San Francisco, July 1, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors

Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—I have the honor to present to your honorable Board the Report of the City and County Almshouse from its opening, September 12th, 1867, to June 30th, 1868, inclusive:

Number of inmates admitted—Males	
Females 37	
Total	268
Number of inmates discharged at their own request 56	
Number of inmates discharged by order of Hospital	
Committee 2	
Number of inmates discharged by order of Police	
Judge	
Number of inmates discharged by order of the Mayor. 2	
Number of inmates transferred to City and County	
Hospital	
Number of inmates died 4	
Number of inmates ran away 70	
Number of inmates remaining in House, July 1st116	
Total	268
-	
Average number of inmates	.1081
Respectfully submitted,	

GEO. F. HARRIS, Superintendent.

NATIVITY OF INMATES.

UNITED STATES.

California 10	New Jersey 2
Connecticut 2	Ohio 8
Illinois 2	Pennsylvania 10
Indiana 2	Rhode Island 2
Kentucky 1	South Carolina 1
Louisiana 3	Virginia 6
Massachusetts 8	New York
Maryland 6	
Maine 1	Total
FOREIG	INERS.
POWER	ATERO.
Canada 2	Malta 1
China 9	Nova Scotia
Chili 5	Norway 4
Denmark 5	Prussia 8
England	Russia 1
East Indies 3	Scotland 10
France 10	St. Johns, N. B 1
Germany 12	Switzerland 3
Greece	Sweden 1
Holland 1	Victoria 2
Ireland 86	
Mexico 2	Total193
COL	O.R.,

COLOR.

White248	Copper	9
Black		

OCCUPATION OF INMATES.

Actress	11	Miners 20
Brickmakers	6	Moulders 2
Butchers	5	Merchants 6
Baker	1	Macl inist 1
Boilermaker	1	None 51
Barkeeper	1	Potter 1
Barber	1	Peddler 1
Boatman	1	Painter 1
Coopers	4	Ragpicker 1
Currier	1	Surgeon 1
Cabinetmakers	6	Soldier 1
Clerks	3	Shepherd 1
Cooks	8	Seamstress 3
Carpenters	9	Stableman 1
Druggist	1	Shoemakers 2
Domestics	9	Sailors
Engineer	1	Tailors 2
Farmers	9	Teamsters 2
Gardeners	4	Teachers 2
Glassblower	1	Turners 3
Gunsmith	1	Waiters
Hatters	2	Weavers 2
Laborers	58	Washerwoman 1
AGES	OF	INMATES.
From 1 to 9 years	7	From 60 to 69 years 28
From 10 to 19 years	10	From 70 to 79 years 9
From 20 to 29 years	22	From 80 to 89 years 3
From 30 to 39 years	72	From 90 to 99 years 1
From 40 to 49 years	73	Over 100 years 1
From 50 to 59 years	42	Average age, 45 ¹ / ₃ years.
	bes	sides watches and jewelry, \$50 00
		\$643 07

Of the 268 inmates admitted, only 98 were in possess	sion of
coin or valuables.	
	\$6 56 \{
Average for the 268	2 30
Smallest sum taken from any one single inmate	10
	13 30
All moneys taken from the inmates is returned to th	em on
their leaving the house.	
BY WHOSE ORDER ADMITTED.	
His Honor, the Mayor	131
Hospital Committee	12
Resident Physician City and County Hospital	125
Total	268
Number of inmates re-admitted after being discharged or	
ran away—	
First time	268
Second time	21
Third time	6
FARM.	Acres.
House, lot and grounds	
House, lot and grounds	
House, lot and grounds Pasturage Potatoes.	. 20
Pasturage	.20 .15
Pasturage Potatoes	. 20 . 15 . 35
Pasturage Potatoes Oats Vegetables	.20 .15 .35 .5
Pasturage Potatoes Oats	.20 .15 .35 .5
Pasturage. Potatoes. Oats. Vegetables. Total.	.20 .15 .35 .5
Pasturage. Potatoes. Oats. Vegetables. Total. ESTIMATED CROPS.	.20 .15 .35 . 5 —
Pasturage. Potatoes. Oats. Vegetables. Total. ESTIMATED CROPS. Potatoes, bushels.	.20 .15 .35 . 5 — .80
Pasturage. Potatoes. Oats. Vegetables. Total. ESTIMATED CROPS. Potatoes, bushels. Vegetables, bushels.	.20 .15 .35 .5
Pasturage. Potatoes. Oats. Vegetables. Total. ESTIMATED CROPS. Potatoes, bushels. Vegetables, bushels. Hay, tons.	.20 .15 .35 .5
Pasturage. Potatoes. Oats. Vegetables. Total. ESTIMATED CROPS. Potatoes, bushels. Vegetables, bushels. Hay, tons. LIVE STOCK.	.20 .15 .35 . 5 — .80 300 300
Pasturage. Potatoes. Oats. Vegetables. Total. ESTIMATED CROPS. Potatoes, bushels. Vegetables, bushels. Hay, tons. LIVE STOCK. Horses	.20 .15 .35 .5 — .80 .300 300 50
Pasturage. Potatoes. Oats. Vegetables. Total. ESTIMATED CROPS. Potatoes, bushels. Vegetables, bushels. Hay, tons. LIVE STOCK.	.20 .15 .35 . 5 — .80 .300 .300 .50

REPORT

OF THE

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

Office of the Industrial School Department, August 1, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors
Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—Responding to Resolution No. 8,566, passed by your honorable body, June 29th, 1868, I respectfully present for your consideration the Report of the President of this Department to the Board of Managers, together with those of the Secretary and Auditor.

Your obedient servant,

JAS. S. THOMSON, Secretary Industrial School Department.

PRESIDENT'S REPORT.

To the Board of Managers
Of the Industrial School Department:

Gentlemen—In presenting a report of the condition and operations of this institution for the past year, I regret to state that the number of its inmates has considerably increased. The report of the Secretary, Mr. J. S. Thomson, which I append, will

give you details of the number and character of the inmates of the school, and affords a clue to the causes which have led so many of these unfortunate children to be placed under the kind and protective restraints of this institution. The facts and figures of the Secretary's Report leave no room to doubt that parental neglect is the root of the tree that produces such a prolific crop of degradation, vice and crime, among the members of our young community. The laxity of the parental and municipal care of the rising generation in this city is cause for serious alarm to every parent. The publicity with which places of infamy are conducted in the leading thoroughfares of the city, and the facility with which the wretches who pander to the baser appetites of the most depraved of men escape punishment, are a disgrace to those entrusted with the duty of guarding the public morals. Who can doubt that the majority of the unfortunate girls now in this school owe their degradation to this laxity of morals among those in authority? The idea of the contaminating influence of vice is beautifully and truthfully expressed in the lines of Pope:

> "Vice is a monster of so frightful mieu, That to be hated needs but to be seen; But seen too oft, familiar with its face, We first endure, then pity, then embrace."

To you, gentlemen, is entrusted the difficult task of remedying the evils society fears, yet cultivates. Our labors and responsibilities would be lightened greatly if parents and guardians would exercise the same restraints in their homes that we exercise in this institution.

Here, many of the unfortunate children first experience the effects of the law of kindness, and learn to submit to reasonable, wholesome restraint. Here, under a uniform, consistent and agreeable system of industry, they are taught the rudiments of the law of self-respect, and the means by which they may realize an honest self-maintenance when sent into the world to struggle for a livelihood. The duty of teaching them these things could be much more effectually performed at home, and would be, if fathers and mothers more generally comprehended the parental responsibility.

While it must be a source of pain to every christian heart to

know that such an institution as the Industrial School has become a necessity through the vitiation of public morals, it is a source of hope and pleasure to them to know how diligently, zealously and effectively the officers of this institution have performed their responsible duties, and the extent of the good work they have accomplished.

The records of the school show how many of the boys and girls who have been its inmates have been snatched from the paths of ruin and disgrace, and sent on their way rejoicing on the high

road to moral and social prosperity.

The great increase in the number of girls admitted into the school, and the absolute necessity for the most rigid separation of the sexes in such an institution, requires that a separate building be erected for the girls' department as soon as possible. With such an addition to the buildings, the girls would be better accommodated than at present. More teachers could be advantageously employed, who could come more directly in contact with the children, and become better acquainted with their habits, feelings and modes of thought, and to enlist their attention in such things as will enlarge their understanding, give them a hopeful view of life, and thus allure them into the paths of usefulness and virtue. Experience has convinced me that kindness is far more effectual as a reformer than coercion. For this reason, I recommend the immediate erection of a separate building for the accommodation of the girls confined in the school. There is abundance of room and building material on the land belonging to the institution for that purpose, and there is no reason to doubt that the city and State authorities will make sufficient appropriations to defray the expenses for erecting such additional accommodations.

The Managers, the children and the public generally are under many obligations to the clergy of nearly all denominations, and to the Sisters of Mercy for their valuable assistance in the moral and religious training of the children. Mr. W. O. Andrews and many kind christian ladies and gentlemen are entitled to thanks for their assistance in organizing and conducting the Sabbath schools, and teaching the unfortunate children the truths of Scripture and the loving mercy of God.

I regret exceedingly that the private business affairs of my

worthy predecessor as President of the Industrial School Department, William G. Badger, Esq., have deprived the institution of the efficient services of that gentleman. The children, officers and managers of the institution are under great obligations to him for the watchful care he ever exercised over their interests, and his uniform kindness toward all. His active christian charity, great knowledge of human nature, and excellent business habits, rendered him exceedingly well qualified to fill the position of presiding officer of such an institution. Under his judicious supervision, assisted by the Board of Managers, a system of government for the school has been perfected, by which the moral as well as the physical training of the children is attended to.

It is proposed, as soon as the necessary funds are available, to erect workshops, in which the children shall be taught such useful trades as will enable them to earn an honest livelihood when they leave the school. It is but little use to teach children of their class how to read, write, sing, etc., if we do not afford them opportunities to obtain a living when they are cast on the world to look out for themselves. Not a few of the inmates of our State Prison owe their degradation to a defective education, which omitted the essential qualification of knowing how to make an honest living.

There are a number of occupations which the boys and girls in the school might be taught with profit to the institution and advantage to the children. At present, for want of suitable workshops, only shoemaking and tailoring can be taught. These occupations, though restricted for want of room, effect a considerable saving in the expenses of the institution. All the clothing, boots and shoes, worn by the children are made by themselves. The articles made in these workshops will compare favorably with similar articles made anywhere, affording an illustration of the value of the labor of these children when properly directed. Nearly all the vegetables used in the institution are raised by the boys; all the washing and ironing is also done by the children.

There can be no doubt that with more extended means for instructing them in the useful arts, they and the State would be benefited.

During the last session of the State Legislature, the Hospital

Committees of both houses united in recommending that the boys confined in the State Reform School at Marysville, be transferred to this institution. Acting on this recommendation, the Legislature passed an Act to carry it into effect. This Act was approved by his Excellency, Governor Haight. The Commissioners appointed by the Legislature to see the provisions of the law properly executed-Doctors Hubbard and Sharkey-have since placed twenty-eight of the boys from the State Reform School in charge of the officers of this institution. These children have been treated with the same kindness and consideration as the others confined in this school. It is most earnestly hoped that the great improvement in their condition may have the effect of inducing them to behave in such a manner as will enable the officers of the school to make a favorable report of their conduct, for their own good as well as for the credit of this institution. Since the transfer of these children, his Excellency, the Governor, has become a member of the Board of Managers of this department. The State, in consideration of such transfer, donated the sum of \$10,000 to this institution. This amount, with an additional sum of \$1,000 per month granted by the city and county of San Francisco, makes the revenue of the institution amount to upwards of \$3,000 per month. For the liberal increase of their resources, the Board of Managers feel deeply grateful, as it enables them to pay off a portion of the debt of nearly \$20,000, incurred during the past two years in making necessary repairs, improvements and additions to the buildings to meet the increased number of inmates of the school. Had the State made appropriations for that purpose, we should have been enabled to have erected workshops, which, as already shown, are imperatively necessary, in order to make this great reformatory establishment what so great a State as California requires.

The following contract between the Industrial School Department and the State authorities will give the terms and conditions under which such transfer and appropriation were made:

CONTRACT.

WHEREAS, in and by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to provide for the inmates of the State Reform School, approved March 30th, 1868," J. M. Sharkey and Lorenzo Hubbard were approved.

pointed Commissioners to contract with the authorities of the Industrial School at San Francisco, for the care, maintenance and instruction of the boys or inmates legitimately of the State Reform School, on such terms and conditions as they might be able to effect, subject, however, to the limitations imposed by said Act.

And whereas, said J. M. Sharkey and said Lorenzo Hubbard, as such Commissioners, have covenanted and agreed with the Industrial School Department of the city and county of San Francisco, for the care, maintenance and education of the inmates of the State Reform School as hereinafter named:

Now, this Indenture witnesseth: That the said Industrial School Department of the city and county of San Francisco, in consideration of the covenants and agreements hereinafter contained, and of the payment by the State of California of the moneys hereinafter expressed, have covenanted and agreed, and do hereby covenant and agree with the State of California to receive, in the Industrial School of the city and county of San Francisco, all the boys and inmates of the State Reform School at Marysville, Yuba county, California, and to care for, maintain and instruct the said boys and each of them, for the full term of one year and eleven months, from the first day of May, A. D. 1868.

Said boys and inmates shall have at all times during the continuance of this agreement, maintenance of good and sufficient quality and quantity, medical attendance, medicines and instruction, and shall be treated in all respects as other inmates of said Industrial School, and shall be cared for, provided for, and governed by virtue of and under the regulations and rules governing said Industrial School, and not otherwise.

The Board of State Medical Visitors shall at all times during the continuance of this agreement, have the right to visit said Industrial School for the purpose of ascertaining the condition and treatment of the inmates thereof, received and cared for under this agreement.

The State of California, in consideration of the foregoing covenant and agreement of the said Industrial School Department, to pay to said department the sum of fifteen dollars in gold coin per month for each boy or inmate of the said Reform School who may be received and maintained by said Industrial School Department pursuant to the terms of this agreement, for the term of one year and eleven months from the first day of May, A. D. 1868. Payments to be made monthly under such regulations as the proper authorities may prescribe; and to be paid to and received by said Industrial School Department in full for all the charges, claims and demands of said Department upon the State of California for the care, maintenance and education of said boys and each of them.

In witness whereof, the said Industrial School Department has caused these presents to be subscribed by its President and Secretary in duplicate, and the said J. M. Sharkey and Lorenzo Hubbard, Commissioners as aforesaid, have hereunto set their hands in duplicate, this sixteenth day of April, A. D. 1868.

(Signed.)

JACOB DEETH,

JAS. M. SHARKEY, LORENZO HUBBARD. JAS. S. THOMSON, Secretary Industrial School Department.

President Industrial School,

To the Superintendent of the institution, Col. Joseph Wood, much credit is due for the general efficiency in every department. The excellent order throughout, the clean and neat condition of the buildings, the comfortable and tidy appearance of the children, the flourishing state of the farm and gardens, the excellent condition of the property of the institution generally, all combine to prove that he has labored diligently and faithfully in the discharge of his arduous duties. Captain Morrill and his assistants, who have had charge of the educational department, are also entitled to commendation for the zeal and ability with which they have discharged their duties. Under their management, the advancement of the scholars has been eminently satisfactory. The school under their charge will compare favorably with any in the State for discipline and proficiency.

Mrs. Wood, the matron, and Miss Hutchinson, the teacher of the girls' school, also deserve much credit for their successful efforts to teach those placed under their charge how to respect themselves and others, as well as to become useful members of society.

The general conduct of the children in the school, it affords me much pleasure to state, has been exemplary. The few exceptions to the general good behavior, show how difficult it is to eradicate the effects of early training in vice and ignorance.

The salubrious location of the school, the considerate care of its managers, and the skill of its medical attendants have been clearly shown during the several years of its occupancy. During the past season, when sickness was unusually prevalent among the homes of the poor and negligent in the city, scarcely any sickness, and not a single death, occurred in the school. There have been but five deaths within its walls, three boys and two girls, since it was opened, May 17th, 1859, a period of nine years. The children are much better cared for than the majority of them would be at home.

Dr. Benjamin D. Dean, the visiting physician, deserves much praise for his unremitting attention to the welfare of the children in this school.

The Visiting Committee have been diligent and faithful in the performance of their duty. Their frequent visits to the institution at all seasons, have insured vigilance and attention on the part of officers and inmates of the school.

The Finance Committee, the Committee on Buildings and Grounds, the Judiciary Committee, the Executive Committee, the Committee on Instruction, all deserve my most profound consideration for the efficient manner in which they have exerted themselves for the benefit of the institution and its inmates.

I am under many obligations to Mr. James S. Thomson, the efficient Secretary of the Department, for his assiduous attention to the duties of his office, and for the interest he has taken in the welfare of this institution.

From those lately under our charge, but now widely scattered on the land and sea, is conveyed the pleasing intelligence of their welfare, prosperity and happiness, and the satisfactory assurance that the friends of humanity and reform are not called to look in vain for the fruits of their labor, and will have the consolation that they have been the means of saving some of our youth from ruin and disgrace to glory and immortality.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

JACOB DEETH,

President.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

Office of the Industrial School Department, San Francisco, June 6, 1868.

To the President and Board of Managers
Of the Industrial School Department:

Gentlemen—Herewith please find statistical tables, showing the progress of the institution during the year ending this day.

Since the opening of this institution, May 3d, 1859, there have been committed as follows, viz:

Boys	 595
Girls	 143

Of this number there have been re-committed— Boys	
Girl 1	33
Making the whole number of commitments since May 3d, 1859—	
Boys	
Girls	771
-	
Remaining in the institution June 6th, 1867	188
Committed during the year ending June 6th, 1868— Boys	
Girls. 14	
Recaptured—	114
Boys	5
Returned, who had been absent on leave—	
Boys	
Returned, who had been indentured—	51
Boy	
Girl 1	2
m 1	
To be accounted for	360
Absent on leave—	
Boys	
Indentured—	62
Girls	3
Discharged—	
Boys	
	50
Carried forward	115

Brought forward	
Escaped (and not recaptured)— Boys	
Deceased—	
Boys	
Girl	1
	137
Remaining in the institution, Ju	
Boys	
	360
	_
NATI	VITY.
Maggachugotta 10	England
Massachusetts	England 5 Ireland
New York	
New York	Ireland
New York .11 New Jersey .3	Ireland 1 Canada 2 Australia 1 —
New York 11 New Jersey 3 Pennsylvania 4 Maryland 1 South Carolina 1	Ireland 1 Canada 2 Australia 1 G. Britain & Dependencies 9
New York 11 New Jersey 3 Pennsylvania 4 Maryland 1 South Carolina 1 Georgia 1	Ireland 1 Canada 2 Australia 1 G. Britain & Dependencies 9 France 1
New York 11 New Jersey 3 Pennsylvania 4 Maryland 1 South Carolina 1 Georgia 1 Florida 3	Ireland 1 Canada 2 Australia 1 G. Britain & Dependencies 9 France 1 Germany 1
New York 11 New Jersey 3 Pennsylvania 4 Maryland 1 South Carolina 1 Georgia 1 Florida 3 Louisiana 4	Ireland 1 Canada 2 Australia 1 G. Britain & Dependencies 9 France 1 Germany 1 Mexico 1
New York 11 New Jersey 3 Pennsylvania 4 Maryland 1 South Carolina 1 Georgia 1 Florida 3 Louisiana 4 Ohio 2	Ireland 1 Canada 2 Australia 1 G. Britain & Dependencies 9 France 1 Germany 1 Mexico 1 Chili 1
New York 11 New Jersey 3 Pennsylvania 4 Maryland 1 South Carolina 1 Georgia 1 Florida 3 Louisiana 4 Ohio 2 Wisconsin 2	Ireland 1 Canada 2 Australia 1 G. Britain & Dependencies 9 France 1 Germany 1 Mexico 1 Chili 1 Argentine Republic 1
New York 11 New Jersey 3 Pennsylvania 4 Maryland 1 South Carolina 1 Georgia 1 Florida 3 Louisiana 4 Ohio 2 Wisconsin 2	Ireland 1 Canada 2 Australia 1 G. Britain & Dependencies 9 France 1 Germany 1 Mexico 1 Chili 1 Argentine Republic 1
New York 11 New Jersey 3 Pennsylvania 4 Maryland 1 South Carolina 1 Georgia 1 Florida 3 Louisiana 4 Ohio 2 Wisconsin 2 Iowa 1	Ireland 1 Canada 2 Australia 1 G. Britain & Dependencies 9 France 1 Germany 1 Mexico 1 Chili 1 Argentine Republic 1 China 1 Philippine Islands 1
New York 11 New Jersey 3 Pennsylvania 4 Maryland 1 South Carolina 1 Georgia 1 Florida 3 Louisiana 4 Ohio 2 Wisconsin 2 Iowa 1	Ireland 1 Canada 2 Australia 1 G. Britain & Dependencies 9 France 1 Germany 1 Mexico 1 Chili 1 Argentine Republic 1 China 1

AGES.

. AGE	25.
Six years old	Thirteen years old 14
Seven years old 4	Fourteen years old 13
Eight years old1	Fifteen years old 8
Nine years old 2	Sixteen years old 13
Ten years old	Seventeen years old 5
Eleven years old11	Eighteen years old 1
Twelve years old 20	
Total	
	CONTROL SOCIAL SOCIALI SOCIAL SOCIAL SOCIAL SOCIAL SOCIAL SOCIAL SOCIAL SOCIAL SOCIALI
CAUSES OF C	COMMITMENT.
Leading an idle and dissolute life	
Leading a dissolute and vicious	life 1
Misdemeanor	
Ungovernable	
Grand larceny	
Petit larceny	
Burglary	
Disturbing the peace	
Vagrancy	
Assault and battery	
Total	114
I Otal	112
THE WITTON	COMMITTERIAL
	COMMITTED.
Police Judge	67
Police Judge's Court	
County Court	
Transferred from State Reform	School
Total	

TABLE I.

SHOWING THE NUMBER OF COMMITMENTS FOR EACH MONTH DURING THE PAST YEAR, AND PREVIOUSLY.

		YEAR.	PREVI	1	
'Months.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	TOTAL
June, 1867	2 .		43	14	59
July	3	2	53	21	79
August	4		40	8	52
September	4	1	46	10	61
October	10		50	4	64
November	11	2	49	8	70
December	11	2	26	10	49
January, 1868	3	4	52	8	67
February	9		36	4	49
March.	5	1	41	6	53
April	26	1	41	13	81
May	12	1	50	24	87
	14	-	00	21	
Totals	100	14	527	130	771

TABLE II.

SHOWING THE NUMBER OF DISCHARGES FOR EACH MONTH DURING THE PAST YEAR, AND PREVIOUSLY.

Months.	PAST YEAR.		PREVIOUSLY.		TOTAL	
- 1	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	101111	
June, 1867	6		13	5	24	
July	1	2	5	9	17	
August	4		9	8	21	
September	2		8	3	13	
October	3	1	17	1	22	
November	6		10	2	18	
December			18	5	23	
January, 1868	5	1	19	1	26	
February	2	1	- 11	1	15	
March	3	2	13	1	19	
April	3	2	13	4	22	
May	3	3	21	10	37	
Totals.	38	12	157	50	257	

TABLE III.

SHOWING THE NUMBER OF PERMITS OF ABSENCE GRANTED FOR EACH MONTH DURING THE PAST YEAR, AND PREVIOUSLY.

Months.		PAST YEAR.		PREVIOUSLY.	
		Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	TOTAL
June, 1867	8		36	12	56
July	5		67	28	100
August	5	1	33	8	47
September	7		32	10	49
October	5	1	23	10	39
November	4		39	6	49
December	6	1	49	7	63
January, 1868	4 4	1	28	9	42
February	4		39	13	56
March	11	1	42	6	60
April	5	1	43	6	55
May	7	1	45	33	86
Totals	71	7	476	148	702

TABLE IV.

SHOWING THE NUMBER OF INDENTURES FOR EACH MONTH DURING THE PAST YEAR, AND PREVIOUSLY.

PAST YEAR.		PREVIOUSLY.		Total	
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.		
		•4	4	8	
		4	1	5	
	i	4	2	7	
		6	'	6	
	,	2	2	4 5	
		2	î	3	
	1	1	1	3	
		4	4	4	
	1	5	2	8	
	3	44	21	68	
	Boys.	Boys. Girls.	Boys. Girls. Boys.	Boys. Girls. Boys. Girls. 4 4 4 3 1 4 2 6 2 2 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 4 4 1 5 2	

TABLE V.

SHOWING THE NUMBER OF ESCAPES FOR EACH MONTH DURING THE PAST YEAR, AND PREVIOUSLY.

Months.	PAST YEAR.		PREVIOUSLY.		TOTAL	
MACAT ZARDI	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	TOTAL	
June, 1867	3		23		26	
July			11		21	
August	1		19	3	23	
September	6		25	1	32	
October	5		12	1	18	
November			10	2	17	
December	2		5	3	10	
January, 1868			19	1	22	
February	3		14		17	
March			32		32	
April	. 6		20		26	
May.			31		38	
Totals	50		221	11	282	

TABLE VI.

SHOWING THE NUMBER OF DEATHS FOR EACH MONTH DURING THE PAST YEAR, AND PREVIOUSLY.

Months.		PAST YEAR.		PREVIOUSLY.	
2020/42109	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	TOTAL
June, 1867					
July	1				1
August			1		1
September			1		1
October			1	٠	1
November		1	1		2
December			1		1
January, 1868	2				2
February					
March					
April					
May			3		3
Totals.	3	1	8		12

TABLE VII.

SHOWING THE DISPOSAL AND EMPLOYMENT OF THOSE WHO LEFT DURING THE PAST YEAR, AND PREVIOUSLY.

Disposition.	PAST	YEAR.	PREVI	OUSLY.	TOTAL
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Discharged	i				
Discharged— Delivered to friends	21	3	123	29	176
Attained their majority		9	18	22	
Sent to Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylum	10		10		65
Sent to Protestant Orphan Asylum			4	• • •	1 5
Sent to the "Home"	1	• •	2	i	3
Absent on leave—	• • • •		4	1	0
With baker			1		1
With butcher			2		2
With calker.			4		1
With carpenters			3		3
With coal-miner.					1
With collector.		1 ::	i		1
With cooper		1 ::	1		1
With dress-maker			1	i	1
With druggist			i		. 1
As errand boys			2		2
With expressman			1		1 1
With farmers			29	1	33
With file-cutter			1		1
With fruit-dealer			1		1
With glass-blower			ī		Î
With hotel-keeper			1		1
At house-wifery		1		29	30
With iron-worker		1	1		1
With marble cutter			1		l î
With merchants		1	6		6
With metal-roofer			1		ľ
With milliner				1	1
With physicians	. l		1		$\overline{2}$
With plasterers			2		$\frac{1}{2}$
With plumbers			2		$\overline{2}$
With relatives		5	139	55	246
With shipsmith	. 1				1
With shoemakers			2		2
With steamboat-man			1		1
With tinsmith			1		1
With undertaker			1		1
With wire-workers			3		3
With wooden ware manufacturer			2		2
At sea (merchant service)	. 1		17		18
At sea (whaling service)			15		15
At sea (naval service)			31		31
In United States Army			10		10
Removed to City and County Hospital.	. 2		1		3
Removed to Magdalen Asylum				6	6
Carried forward	. 96	18	430	144	688

TABLE VII-Concluded.

Disposition.	PAST	YEAR.	YEAR. PREVIOUSLY.		
2101001210111	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	TOTAL
Brought forward	96	18	430	144	688
Indentured—					
To barber			1		1
To brewer			1		1
To broker			1		1
To carpenter			1		1
To dairyman			1		1
To engineer			1		1
To farmers			31		31
, At house-wifery		3		19	22
To machinist			1		1
To surveyor			1		1
To tailor			1		1
To tinsmith			1		1
	18		47		65
	3	1	8		12
Totals	117	22	526	163	828

TABLE VIII.

SHOWING THE AGES OF THOSE COMMITTED DURING THE PAST YEAR, AND PREVIOUSLY.

AGES.	PAST YEAR.		PREVIOUSLY.		TOTAL	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.		
Less than one year				1	1	
Three years old			3	1	4	
Four years old			3	3	6	
Five years old			7	3	10	
Six years old	1		16	7	24	
Seven years old	3	1	11	3	18	
Eight years old	1		35	5	41	
Nine years old			32	10	44	
Ten years old	20	1	46	10	77	
Eleven years old	11		44	10	65	
Twelve years old	18	2	62	7	89	
Thirteen years old	12	2	60	6	80	
Fourteen years old	10	3	71	15	99	
Fifteen years old	7	1	55	19	82	
Sixteen years old	9 5 1	4	41	20	74	
Seventeen years old	5		31	10	46	
Eighteen years old	1		9		10	
Unknown			1		1	
Totals	100	14	527	130	771	

TABLE IX.

SHOWING THE NATIVITY OF THOSE COMMITTED DURING THE PAST YEAR AND PREVIOUSLY.

NATIVITY.		PAST YEAR.		OUSLY.	TOTAL
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Alabama			2		2
California	49	6	115	19	189
Connecticut			3	1	4
Delaware			1		1
Florida	3				3
Georgia	1		2		3
Illinois	١		4		4
Indiana			1		1
Iowa	1		2	1	4
Kentucky			1	* .	1
Louisiana	4		24	2	30
Maine	.;		5	2	7
Maryland	1	1 :	5	1	7
Massachusetts	9	1	53	11	74
Michigan			2	1	3
Minnesota	• • •		5		1
Mississippi	• •		6	i	5
New Hampshire.			1	-	i
New Jersey.	3		10	2	15
New York	9	2	110	21	142
Ohio	2		4	2	8
Oregon			2	1	3
Pennsylvania	1		18	4	26
Rhode Island			2		2
South Carolina	1		3		4
Tennessee			5		5
Texas			3	1	4
Vermont			1		1
Virginia			3	1	3
Wisconsin	2	1	4		6
District of Columbia			1	- ;	1
Territories			4	1	5
Natives	89	9	403	71	572
21001100			100		014
Argentine Republic	1				1
Australia	_ 1		23	6	30
Austria			1		1
Belgium	• •		1		1
British Guiana	• •		1		1
Canada	• •	2	5 2	3	10
Chili	ï	• •	5		6
China.	1	• •	8	31	40
England	3	2	15	2	22
France	1		3	4	8
Carried forward	8	4	64	46	122
0.4					

TABLE IX-Concluded.

Nativity.	PAST YEAR.		PREVIOTSLY.		TOTAL
110111111		Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	TOTAL
Brought forward	8	4	64	46	122
Germany	1		10	3	14
Ireland		1	_ 11	3	15
Italy			7	1	8
Jamaica	• •		1		1
Macquarie Islands. Mexico	1		18	4	23
Newfoundland		• •	10	_	1
New Granada			2		2
Philippine Islands	i				1
Peru			i		1
Poland			1		1
Prussia			1		1
Scotland			4	1	5
Switzerland				1	1
Turkey	• •	• •	1		1
Vancouver Island		• •	1		1
Total Foreigners	i1	5	124	59	199
Total Natives.	89	9	403	71	572
Total	100	14	527	130	771

TABLE X.

SHOWING THE CAUSES OF COMMITMENT OF THOSE RECEIVED DURING THE PAST YEAR, AND PREVIOUSLY.

1					
Causes of Commitment.	PAST YEAR.		PREVIOUSLY.		TOTAL
		Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	,
Leading an idle life			41	12	53
Leading an idle life, and addicted to pilfering Leading an idle and dissolute life	57	14	$\frac{1}{372}$	107	550
Leading an idle, criminal and dissolute life		14	314	107	1
Leading a dissolute and vicious life	1				1
Dissolute and untruthful. Manifesting vicious tendencies.				1	1
Burglary	1		3		4
Forgery Arson in second degree			$\frac{2}{1}$		2
Grand larceny	2	• •	7		9
Petit larceny	34		84	3	121
Attempt to commit grand larceny Attempt to commit petit larceny			1 3		3
Disturbing the peace	1				1
Malicious mischief. Misdemeanor.	i	• • •	1 4		5
Assault and battery	1		1		2
Ungovernable	1 1		.,		1 5
Vagrancy. For protection.			3	4	7
	100		F00	100	771
Totals	100	14	528	129	771

TABLE XI.

SHOWING THE DOMESTIC CONDITION OF THOSE COMMITTED DURING THE PAST YEAR, AND PREVIOUSLY.

Domestic Condition.	PAST	PAST YEAR.		PREVIOUSLY.			PREVIOUSLY.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	TOTAL			
Lost father.	17	3	149	24	193 •			
Lost mother	15	1	65	10	91			
Lost both parents	. 8	3	59	18	88			
Parents living.	45	4	183	54	286			
Parents living, but separated	14	2	68	19	103			
Unknown	1	1	6	2	10			
M-4-1-	100	14	F90	107	PP 4			
Totals	100	14	530	127	771			
					-			
Deserted by father	10	2	42	13	67			
Deserted by mother	2	1	10	2	15			
Deserted by both parents			9	2	11			
Father intemperate			7	5	12			
Mother intemperate			20	15	35			
Have stepfathers	5	1	28	5	39			
Have stepmothers	2		3	5	10			
Father insane			2	1	3			
Mother insane.			7	2	9			
	1	1		-				

TABLE XII.

SHOWING HOW LONG THOSE WHO WERE DISCHARGED, INDENTURED, ESCAPED OR DIED, HAD BEEN IN THE INSTITUTION.

,					
TIME.		PAST YEAR.		PREVIOUSLY.	
		Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	TOTAL
One month or less.	4	1	19	9	33
Two months			9	4	13
Three months	1		9	3	13
Four months.		1	13		14
Five months			11		11
Six months	3		16	2	21
Seven months			8		8
Eight months	1	::	4	2	7
Nine months.			$\bar{7}$	1	8
Ten months	i	1	8	4	14
Eleven months	ī		3	1	5
Twelve months.	5		4	5	14
Thirteen months	1		7	3	11
Fourteen months	1		12		13
Fifteen months.	i	1	7	5	14
Sixteen months	2) -	10	2	14
Seventeen months.	1	i	5	1	8
Eighteen months.	2		4	3	9
Nineteen months.	1		4		5
Twenty months	1			i	2
Thomas and the second s	1			1	4
Carried forward	26	5	160	46	237

TABLE XII-Concluded.

	PAST	YEAR.	PREV	IOUSLY.	
TIME.			-		TOTAL
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
7 7 7			100	10	
Brought forward	26	5	160	46	237
Twenty-one months		1	3	1	5
Twenty-two months	1		2		3
Twenty-three months	14		4		4
Twenty-four months	1	1 :	4	10	15
Twenty-five months	1	1	4	1	6
Twenty-six months	• •		2	1	3
Twenty-seven months			3	1	4
Twenty-eight months			3	1	4
Twenty-nine months	i		3		3
Thirty months	1		2		3
Thirty-one months	• •	• • •	3	1	4
Thirty-two months	1		4		4
Thirty-three months	1		3		4
Thirty-four months	• •	1		3	7
Thirty-five months	• •	1	3	1	5
Thirty-six months.	• •	• •	1	2	3
Thirty-seven months	$\dot{2}$	• •	1 2		1
Thirty-eight months	2	1/1	3		4
Thirty-nine months.					3
Forty months	1 1		4		5
Forty-one months	2			1	2
Forty-two months.	_	1	2		5
Forty-three months	1				1
Forty-four months			2		2
Forty-five months	1 4		2		2
Forty-six months.	1	• •	1 1		2
Forty-seven months	2			• •	3
Forty-eight months.	-:	3	4		7
Fifty months	1	• •	4		5
Fifty-one months.	1		$\begin{array}{c c} 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$	• •	3
Fifty-four months	2	• •	1		3
Fifty-five months.	1	• •	1	• •	2
Fifty-six months	-	15.5	3		2
Fifty-seven months	1 1	• •	0		4
Fifty-eight months		• •	3	• •	1
Sixty months	1	• •	1		4
Sixty-one months	1111		1	1	2
Sixty-two months		• •	1	• •	1
Sixty-three months.		• •	1		1
Sixty-four months	1	• •	1		2
Sixty-six months	1		2	• • •	2
Sixty seven months	**.	1	4		3
Seventy months.		1		• • •	1
Seventy-two months.	3	14			3
Eighty months.	1	1	• • •		2
Eighty-four months	2		1		2
Ninety months		- * *	1	0	1
Ninety-one months			1	}	1
Ninety-two months			1		1
Ninety-nine months	1				1
Totals	50	10	954	60	398
Totals	59	16	254	69	000

TABLE XIII.

SHOWING THE WEEKLY REPORT OF THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN IN THE INSTITUTION, WITH THE AVERAGE NUMBER, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 6th, 1868.

DATE.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	DATE.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
June 7, 1867	168	20	188	Dec. 13, 1867	166	25	191
June 14, 1867	171	20	191	Dec. 20, 1867	163	25	188
June 21, 1867	163	20	183	Dec. 27, 1867	172	26	198
June 28, 1867	159	20	179	January 3, 1868.	170	25	195
July 5, 1867	154	19	173	January 10, 1868	172	28	200
July 12, 1867	152	20	172	January 17, 1868	172	26	198
July 19, 1867	154	20	174	January 24, 1868	172	27	199
July 26, 1867	156	21	177	January 31, 1868	170	28	198
August 2, 1867	153	21	174	Feb. 7, 1868	172	28	200
August 9, 1867	152	20	172	Feb. 14, 1868	177	28	205
August 16, 1867.	150	20	170	Feb. 21, 1868	176	27	203
August 23, 1867.	149	20	169	Feb. 28, 1868	178	27	205
August 30, 1867.	150	21	171	March 6, 1868	180	27	207
Sept. 6, 1867	151	21	172	March 13, 1868.	179	27	206
Sept. 13, 1867	152	23	175	March 20, 1868	180	27	207
Sept. 20, 1867	151	23	174	March 27, 1868.	175	26	201
Sept. 27, 1867	153	23	176	April 3, 1868	173	27	200
October 4, 1867	153	23	176	April 10, 1868	171	27	198
October 1, 1867	154	23	177	April 17, 1868	175	28	203
October 18, 1867	158	22	180	April 24, 1868	191	27	218
October 25, 1867	155	22	177	May 1, 1868	192	27	219
Nov. 1, 1867	160	23	183	May 8; 1868	192	27	219
Nov. 8, 1867	164	23	187	May 15, 1868	197	27	224
Nov. 15, 1867	167	23	190	May 22, 1868	194	26	220
Nov. 22, 1867	166	22	188	May 29, 1868	194	26	220
Nov. 29, 1867	162	24	186	June 6, 1868		27	223
Dec. 6, 1867	164	24	188	Yearly ave			220
			200	20011	200, 1		

Respectfully, etc.,

JAMES S. THOMSON, Secretary Industrial School Department.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

Office of the Industrial School Department, San Francisco, August 1st, 1868.

To the Board of Managers of the Industrial School Department:

Gentlemen: I beg leave to submit the following Report of the receipts into and demands on the Treasury, for the year ending June 6th, 1868.

RECEIPTS IN TREASURY.		
Cash on hand, June 7, 1867	\$161	20
Received from City and County Treasury, .		
amount appropriations of \$2,000 per		
month, from July, 1867, to March		
27, 1868, both inclusive, (8 months,		
27 days,) as authorized by Act ap-		
proved March 20th, 1866 \$17,741 94		
Received from City and County Treasury,		
amount appropriations of \$3,000 per		
month, from March 28th to June,		
1868, both inclusive, (3 months, 4		
days,) as authorized by Act approved		
March 28, 1868 9,387 10		
<u> </u>	27,129	04
Received from Members	850	
" for work in Shoe Shop, etc	427	38
" from Ins. Co's, for loss by fire.	699	00
Total receipts	\$29,266	62
		-
DEMANDS ON THE TREASURY.		
Groceries and Provisions.	. \$6,750	12
Clothing		
Furniture		38
Improvements and Repairs		90
Farm		
Shoe Shop		
Printing and Advertising		25
Books and Stationery		50
Fuel and Lights		
Salaries		
Miscellaneous	-	
Total demands audited	,	
Cash on hand June 6th, 1868	. 1,071	63
	\$29,266	62

Respectfully submitted,

JAS. S. THOMSON,
Sec'y and ex officio Auditor Ind. School Dep't.

OFFICERS OF THE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

PRESIDENT, 1868-9,
JACOB DEETH.

VICE-PRESIDENT, 1868-9, EDWARD BOSQUI.

Managers, 1868-9,

CHARLES D. CARTER, HENRY A. COBB, ALFRED F. DURNEY, JAMES R. KELLY, EDWARD MARTIN, RICHARD O'NEILL.

Managers, 1868-70,

HENRY L. DAVIS, BENJ. D. DEAN, M.D., HENRY H. HAIGHT. THOMAS H. HOLT, L. W. KENNEDY, JOHN SWETT.

Appointed from Board of Supervisors,
P. H. CANAVAN, MONROE ASHBURY,
CHARLES CLAYTON.

SECRETARY,
JAMES S. THOMSON.

TREASURER,
THOMAS B. LUDLUM.

STANDING COMMITTEES — BOARD OF MANAGERS, 1868-9.

Buildings and Grounds.—Henry L. Davis, Chairman; Richard O'Neill, Edward Bosqui.

Finance and Auditing.—Charles D. Carter, Chairman; Edward Martin, Henry H. Haight.

Instruction.—Charles D. Carter, Chairman; John Swett, P. H. Canavan.

Judiciary.—Monroe Ashbury, Chairman; Leonard W. Kennedy, Thomas H. Holt.

Executive.—Benj. D. Dean, M.D, Chairman; Charles Clayton, James R. Kelly.

Escapes.—Benj. D. Dean, M.D., Chairman; Richard O'Neill, John Swett.

Visiting.—Henry A. Cobb, Alfred F. Durney.

Trades.—Edward Bosqui, Chairman; Charles Clayton, Edward Martin.

Commitments.—Edward Bosqui, Chairman; Charles D. Carter, Monroe Ashbury.

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

SUPERINTENDENT,

JOSEPH WOOD.

PRINCIPAL TEACHER AND DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT, JOSEPH C. MORRILL.

MATRON,

MRS. R. A. WOOD.

First Assistant Teacher	.WILLIAM D. WALKER.
Second Assistant Teacher	. WILLIAM W. HOLDER.
Female Teacher	.MISS JANE HUTCHINSON.
Music Teacher	. Washington Elliot.
Janitor	.WILLIAM HASTY.
Assistant Janitor	.Frank Wadsworth.
Farmer	JAMES W. ROWAN.
Watchman	JAMES P. STILL.
Foreman of Shoe Shop	HENRY HARBOURNE.
Foreman of Tailor Shop	. HENRY SMITH.
Carpenter	.LABAN PATRIQUIN.
Nurse and Seamstress	.Miss Jane Lewis.
Cook	. CHARLES DUMONT.
Laundress	Mrs. Charles Dumont.
Physician	BENJAMIN D. DEAN.

ADDRESS OF REV. JAMES EELLS, D.D.,

At the Celebration of the Ninth Anniversary of the Industrial School, May 18th, 1363.

The glory of christianity has been, that with anxiety and care it has always sought to relieve, and elevate, and bless, those whom selfishness would disregard. Other systems of religion have been distinguished for neglect of the dependent, the infirm, the aged, and children. Christianity has demanded that they be treated with benevolent concern; and in so far as it has shown interest in children, has this been one prominent element in its success, whether it be as respects the Church, or the State. The reason is plain. has thus been laying a firm and reliable highway on which to advance. has been gathering the materials with which to build. It has been providing the aliment upon which to grow. The problem that has engaged the men of thought in every generation, has been respecting the improvement and elevation of the race. How shall the evils that abound be remedied? How shall society be freed from the depraved elements it contains, and be made beautiful and delightful? How shall the great interests of philanthropy, of government, of religion, be rendered safe and permanent? These are the questions that have long been asked, nor have they lost their interest with the lapse of time. We walk around the temple we would all like to see an abiding and magnificent structure, though we really see it rocked by every storm, and almost shaken down by every convulsion of the earth, and each one has a scheme by which to effect the end. One says, "Put up a marble front, and put in plate-glass windows-that is what it needs." Another says, "Add to its height, and make it more elegant within, as well as more spacious." Another says, "Prop it up with butments, and repair the damages that have already occurred." But the true way is, to build beneath it, while we may, a better and more solid foundation. Then, marble and plate glass, and increase of dimensions, and improvements of all kinds, will add to its worth, till we have the splendid temple we desire.

That human society may be, what those who really love the race have longed that it shall be, some propose that more inducements be offered, for all classes to gain wealth, believing that the poverty of the many is the cause of the most serious evils. Others, that more stringent laws be made against vice, believing that legislation can make virtue universal. Others, that the paths of honor and respectability be rendered more attractive and inviting, believing that thus they would soon be throughd by those who would delight to walk in them. Others, that reforms be inaugurated, books be circulated, distinctions be broken down, and that men be taught that depravity is a curse, and doubting that, old habits will yield at once to the gentle influences thus brought to bear on them. But the true way to change society so that improvement will be abiding, and radical, and universal, affording opportunity for all other advantages that are valuable, is to work first, and thoroughly, at its foundationto give right principles, and intelligence, and the stimulus to what is noble and good, to the children of our people. Nor, is it either benevolent or safe, to discriminate in such interest, against the poor, or the vicious. No class,

in a country like ours, can be neglected without damage that all must feel, for we are interlinked by the very relations made necessary by our government, and that each care for all is a demand of our whole political economy. Yet it is not this consideration that should be chief with a christian people, nor am I willing to believe that only prudential reasons were effective in creating this noble institution, for the reformation of children who have been subjected to temptations to evil, which few of us ever knew. I rather look upon the spectacle before me to-day, as the result of christian and philanthropic interest in those who may be rescued from a life of sin, notwithstanding they have borne some of its curse. I recognize in it the features of our Lord's benevolence, who found none unworthy of his sympathy, and reward enough for his attempt. to bless, if in any respect the blight of evil was removed, and its power broken. An old story has come down to us, that "Jesus one evening arrived at the gates of a city, and sent His disciples forward to prepare supper, while He, Himself, intent on doing good, walked through the streets into the marketplace. At the corner of the market, He saw some people gathered together, looking at an object on the ground, and he drew near to see what it might be. It was a dead dog, with a halter round his neck by which he had been drawn through the dirt; and a viler, more unclean thing could hardly meet the eyes of man. Those who stood by looked on with abhorrence. 'Faugh!' said one, 'how it pollutes the air!' 'How long,' said another, 'shall this foul beast offend our sight!' 'Look at his torn hide,' said a third, 'it is utterly worthless.' 'No doubt,' said a fourth, 'he has been hanged for thieving!' Jesus heard them, and looking down compassionately on the dead creature, He said, 'pearls are not equal to the whiteness of his teeth!' Then the people turned towards Him with amazement, and said among themselves, 'Who is this?this must be Jesus of Nazareth, for only He could find something to pity and approve, even in a dead dog,' and being ashamed, they bowed their heads before Him, and went each on his way." How much more did He who was the friend of those whom others despised, regard the living immortal beings whose very degradation awakened His pity—the possibility of whose rescue called forth His eager and continued help! Nor is it the least beautiful, or worthy, or suggestive record of Jesus Christ, that He manifested the deepest interest in children. He knew their relation to the future, as well as the bearing of good influences on their personal character and destiny. The children whom He blessed were chiefly of the poor, the classes whom Jewish grandees regarded as of no importance to mankind. Indeed, from the materials that all others had rejected. He undertook to rear the temple of His praise, and He proved what philanthropy, and patriotism, and religion have alike accepted since, that there is no field so hopeful, or so broad, as that in which they strive to save and educate, and prepare for the future, those children, who without such help would be ruined themselves, and would ruin others. Here, vice is anticipated and prevented. Here, riots and anarchy are checked at their fountain. Here, the attempt is not made to rush on the thick bosses of the giant's buckler, but to strangle the infant Hercules in his cradle, before he can defy our opposition.

I am sorry for the man who does not feel an interest in such a work, even were no other good to result than the relief of so many young hearts from present suffering, and the sending far out upon the path of life that sacred and beautiful light we all so highly prize—the memory of a happy childhood. To add so much to the aggregate happiness of the world - to bring in the sunshine, if only for the season, where would have been the reign of gloom, would be worth all the cost. But when we take within the range of vision the bearing of a work like this upon all great human interests, to say nothing of what is eternal and past computation, and allow what may be within the lifetime of these children to send back its radiance upon this charity, it grows upon our sight, till he is to be pitied who desires no share in so blessed a means of good. There are some men, on whose hearts, as on the doors of their offices and shops, we find written "No admittance except on business;" but they take no rank among the true nobility of our race. There are men who ask when any appeal is made to them on behalf of others, "what effect will a response have on my prospects, my coffers, or my fame?"-but the very question reveals a selfishness that we never honor. There are men who go through the world wrapping close around them the cloak of exclusive meanness, and reckon themselves fortunate, in proportion as they come in contact with none of their needy fellows, whose condition pleads for help-but we lay such men in their graves, "unwept, unhonored and unsung." There are others, who can be moved to acts that seem benevolent, only by the offer of reward in return, of thanks, or praise, or money-who keep an account with the world, and make all others debtors to themselves, in the ratio of what they have contributed to them. But there are some-would there were more-there are some, as such monuments of disinterested philanthropy as this on which we look to-day most clearly prove-who seek no reward from without, though no call from those whom they can help is ever unheeded, but they rejoice in every opportunity to relieve themselves of the pressure of obligation to do good. They are like the loaded fruit tree, which yields its luscious burden, asking no thanks, but the privilege of bearing another season-like the full clouds that pour forth their treasures for their own comfort - like the great powers of nature, on which the Creator has written lessons of benevolence, that should not be lost, as they seem urged by a debt to one another, the discharge of which is essential to their own free and harmonious action. Oh! it is refreshing, when on the highways of life, where we are jostled so frequently by the rigid selfishness that abounds, and men treat their fellows so generally as though they had no worth, unless they can be used by them, to meet one of these universal debtors! His heart warms towards everybody. He seeks some mode of blessing all around him. He finds the means of showing others, that love is the quality that stamps nobility upon man, and though it may sometimes flow out upon unworthy objects - though it may excite the ridicule of those who boast that they are wiser in the world's ways, and make what they call their wisdom into locks and bolts, with which to fasten in their nobler nature-still, heaven and all the good rejoice that not all such men are gone!

Humanity never wears such a celestial mien, as when it is arrayed with the

beauty of such a spirit. Nor does one who has himself struggled up to wealth or fame, ever shine with so much of the true glory of elevation, as when he stoops to lend a hand to some other struggler, who but for such sympathy and aid might sink down in despair and perish in the wreck of character and hopes. Such a man was Clay, where from the height in which he might have been content, he bent to help upward that brilliant Kentucky orator, Richard H. Menefee, whom he found a poor and friendless boy in the mountains, whose rugged barriers he had never passed. Such a man was Amos Lawrence, whose judicious gifts, stimulated some of the noblest merchants in Boston, when as portionless and patronless lads, they launched upon the whirlpool of a city life. Such a man is George H. Stuart, whose name is spoken almost with tears of respect and love by scores of those now rising on the slopes of renown and wealth, whom he has literally rescued from the tide of vice and crime by which in the tender years of childhood they were swept along. Such men there are on this distant coast, as is demonstrated on every side by tokens of their influence, and never were they needed in greater numbers, or with larger hearts. I never envy the rich, when I look upon their splendid palaces, and equipages, and estates, or when I fancy them calculating their interest and numbering their bonds-but when I think of the rewards that are possible to them, these always stir a fever in my blood-while I am thankful for the compensatory words addressed to all, "If there be first a willing mind, it is accepted according to what a man hath, and not according to what he hath not." And when I see one rich who really knows how to use his money - who makes it bring him its full value, who adds to the worth of dollars by all their freight of usefulness, and relief, and satisfaction, and blessing which they bear cut to others, and by all the return of worthy self-regard, and proof of good accomplished, and thanks from those relieved - I rejoice that he has been prospered, and pray that he may have more. In this new country we need wealthy men, who shall have broad views and genuine liberality. We have the foundations to lay of the grandest superstructure civilization has ever beheld, and they are to be envied who comprehend the work, and both by what they give and by what they do, have a share in it. A part of that work is before us here, in the moral and intellectual education of those whose training elsewhere would fit them to be only a tax and evil in the years to come. In a state of society like ours, composed of such elements, there are always peculiar temptations to vice-a larger number than elsewhere, who are in danger of early shipwreckand the wisdom can hardly be overestimated which established an institution so soon, the healthful effects of which have been already so manifest. In some respects there is reason for congratulation that in a certain sense it has been taken more directly under the patronage and supervision of the State. Regarded as a matter of economy and governmental policy, there is nothing more worthy of legislative and executive care, than a school with such purposes and results. Yet, it would be occasion for real regret if the assumption of some responsibility respecting it on the part of the State, should alienate from the school the interest and support which individuals have heretofore bestowed on it. As an institution founded and maintained, for the most part,

by voluntary means—supervised by men of different views, yet having a common love for this christian charity, it has had success that may well excite the congratulations of all who know the facts. Let us hope that tho e who have been so long identified with it, will not cease to bestow upon it both their money and their care; and that though such offices as they have rendered must be at no little cost to selfishness, they will not refuse to continue what these hundreds of boys and girls who have already found a home within these walls, will sometime acknowledge to have been of untold worth to them. Nor can I refrain, just at this point, from saying a word in reference to the strictures that have been made upon the management of the school, amounting in some cases to severe criticism and actual blame. Probably the gentlemen who have had control during the year would not claim that in all respects their course has been free from opportunity for fault-finding. Where so many interests and sentiments are represented, this would be impossible, and this would be the first instance in the history of charitable institutions, if all concerned were perfectly satisfied with the acts throughout a year of those having it in charge. But we should remember that nothing is easier than to find fault, and that it is much more difficult to build up than to throw down. If those who have the work to perform do not build according to our wishes, we may exert our influence to change the policy; but men who give time and labor in such public service, are entitled to public confidence and generous support until there is clear proof that they are unworthy of it. This is too valuable an institution to be assailed without good cause, while its very value should lead us to watch very narrowly the manner of its administration.

For my own part, there are no men whom I more profoundly respect than those who try to do something for God and man, in these underground places where there are few to look on and praise. Yet they have a reward that none can estimate, if they really apprehend it. As I have been listening to these songs that form so pleasant a feature in these anniversary exercises, they seemed at first but the beautiful notes of children's music, to be soon forgotten-but, as I thought on them a moment, they seemed to change into strains sent back from the future in which these children are to have their stations, to cheer those in their service who seek to prepare them for a life amid such scenes. As I looked upon these faces, at first they seemed only like the thousand others that one meets with the passing feeling that they are of little worth—but as I thought longer, and studied closer the line traced by the soul on these not yet fully developed features, the image of God shone out on each countenance, and their Maker's commendation seemed to be uttered for the cheer of those who would make them worthy of the likeness. It is this nobler, more magnificent, more glorious reward, for the maintenance of such a charity as this, that I like to contemplate. The advantage to the State I fully appreciate. The advantage to society I would not fail to note. But, transcendant, beyond any conception of such lower good, though connected with it, is the priceless advantage possible to these children themselves, whom Providence has in a measure thrown upon public sympathy and care, for the impress they are to wear forever! There is no compensation for money and labor here

bestowed, like that arising from the reflection upon what they would have been, and what they now may be. A poor mechanic died in Brooklyn, of whom none knew that he had done much for others' welfare. A few friends bore his body to Greenwood, and were about to leave the grave after it had been filled, when a man whom none of them knew came up to its head, and as his tears watered the gift placed a bouquet of flowers on the fresh earth. They asked him why he showed this interest in the dead, and his only answer was, "He who lies there once helped me when I needed help," then left the group. I know not that I speak your sentiments, but for myself, I would rather have that monument upon my grave, than the most grand and costly shaft of marble, or of brass, in all that splendid city of the dead. It would be more noble, more beautiful, more abiding, with its simple inscription, "He helped me when I needed help." I will desire no worthier proof for you who take interest in these whom multitudes would leave to perish, that your regard for them is not forgotten, than the future confession of some rescued boy or girl, that through this school of reform and culture, you brought them help, without which they would have passed a life of vice, if not of crime. Your names may not be connected with the confession, but He who knows the bearing and results of all acts will see that you have the honor and the reward.

RULES OF INDENTURING.

- 1. Applications in writing for indenturing or adopting pupils shall be presented to the Board of Managers, and be determined by them, regard being had to the moral character of the applicant, and, as far as practicable, to the capacity of the pupil for the employment proposed.
- 2. The contract of indenture shall be executed in duplicate by the President of the department and the applicant, and shall contain the following provisions:

That the pupil shall, at all times, have liberty to communicate freely with the Board.

That the Board of Managers shall have the right, when in their judgment there is sufficient reason therefor, to cancel the indenture and receive back the pupil.

That written notice shall immediately be given to the Board, in case the pupil shall leave service before the expiration of the term.

That the pupil shall not be put to service with any other person, nor the indenture assigned without written consent of the Board.

That the indenture shall terminate upon the death of the master or mistress.

That upon the expiration of the term of indenture, the master or mistress shall pay to the pupil not less than twenty-five dollars, and give him or her an entire new suit of clothing, of proper kind.

- 3. No person adopting a pupil shall be at liberty to transfer him or her to any other person, without written consent of the Board. A transfer without such consent shall entitle the Board at once to take him or her back to the institution,
- 4. No female pupil shall be indentured to any unmarried man, or to serve in a boarding house or hotel, or in any establishment where spirituous liquors are sold. And if, during the term of her indenture, any master of a female pupil shall employ her in any place or manner which, in the opinion of the Board, would be likely to injure her moral character and reputation, the Board shall have the right to cancel the indenture, and take her back into the institution.

These provisions, in addition to those above stated, shall be inserted in every indenture of a female pupil.

5. A printed copy of these rules shall be furnished to every one to whom a pupil is indentured.

LICENSE COLLECTOR'S REPORT.

Office of the Collector of Licenses, San Francisco, July 13, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors
Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In compliance with Resolution No. 8,566, passed by your honorable body June 29th, 1868, I respectfully submit the following Report of Quarterly and Annual Municipal Licenses sold during the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1868.

Very respectfully,

E. P. BUCKLEY, Collector of Licenses.

GENERAL FUND.

Quarterl	y Licenses.		
1	Race	\$15	00
28	Laundries	96	00
14	Shipping Offices	140	00
11	Expresses	177	50
24	Street Musicians	210	00
29	Runners and Soliciting Agents	250	00
27	Assayers	272	00
163	Real Estate and House Brokers	430	00
63	Powder and Pyrotechnics	492	50
42	Merchandise Peddlers	1,200	00
	_		
402	Carried forward	\$3,283	00

LICENSES.

402	Describt formand	9 002	00		
	and the second s				
	Slaughterers of small and large Stock				
	Market Stalls				
1,020	Meat Shops and Bakeries	2,133	00		
1,213	Hotels, Restaurants and Lodging				
	Houses	2,203	50		
314	Dances				
	Pawnbrokers				
	Meat, Fish and Produce Peddlers				
011	includ, I isli alici I locaco I occiois		-		
4 510				¢07 064	15
4,512				\$27,864	40
	STREET DEPARTMENT FU	ATD.			
Annual	STREET DEPARTMENT FUL Licenses.	ND.			
	Laundry Wagons, Sprinklers, and				
	Hand Carts	\$107	00		
133	Licensed Drivers	133	-		
	Pair of new Numbers for Vehicles				
		#10	00		
190	Coaches, Hacks, Omnibuses and	0.45	00		
	Coupés		-		
	Double Wagons and Trucks		50		
912	Grocery, Milk, Baker and Market				
	Wagons	1,309	00		
1,998	Single Wagons, Trucks, Drays and				
	Carts		45		
305	Street Railroad Cars (paid quarterly)				
		,,,,,		11,031	45
1 195			-	11,001	10
4,435	TT 1 1			490 005	00
	Total amount			\$38,895	90

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S REPORT.

Office of the Public Administrator, San Francisco, July 1, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors
Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—Herewith I submit a Report of my operations as Public Administrator, showing the names of all estates administered by me, the value of property belonging thereto, and the amount of expenditures in each case, for the year ending June 30th, 1868.

Respectfully yours,

WM. A. QUARLES,
Public Administrator.

ESTATES ADMINISTERED UPON.

Estate of Pierre Maige, deceased Dec. 31, 1864.

Letters of Administration issued July 23, 1867.

No property has come to the hands of the Administrator.

Estate of Celina Bouclet, deceased July 11, 1867.		
Letters of Administration issued July 23, 1867.		
Total value of Estate	\$1,571	95
Expenditures by Administrator	325	00
Commissions 4 per cent. on amount received.		

Estate of C. Ericksen, deceased March 19, 1867. Letters of Administration issued July 30, 1867. Total value of Estate
Estate of Pierre Loubet, deceased July 7, 1867. Letters issued July 30, 1867. Total value of Estate
Estate of Patrick Byrne, deceased June 19, 1867. Letters issued July 17, 1867. Total value of Estate
Estate of Francois Grandeau, deceased June 14, 1867. Letters issued July 15, 1867. Total value of Estate
Estate of Samuel Trask, deceased July 17, 1867. Letters issued July 30, 1867. Total value of Estate. \$2,681 59 Expenditures. 552 83 Commissions, 4 per cent.
Estate of Julius Sturm, deceased July 17, 1867. Letters issued August 8, 1867. Total value of Estate. \$4,815 68 Expenditures 2,531 93 Commissions, 4 per cent.

Estate of Thomas Smith, deceased July 13, 1867. Letters issued August 8, 1867. Total value of Estate	
Estate of Maria Mack, deceased August 17, 1867. Letters issued September 5, 1867. Total value of Estate. Expenditures. Commissions, 4 per cent.	\$410 67 410 67
gan de antique de de de la constante de la con	9
Estate of Christine Lenglet, deceased Sept. 1, 1867. Letters issued September 13, 1867. Total value of Estate Expenditures Commissions, 4 per cent.	
Estate of David S. Lindley, deceased May 3, 1867. Letters issued October 17, 1867. No property discovered.	
Estate of Edward A. Magrath, deceased Sept. 16, 1867.	
Letters issued October 17, 1867. Total value of Estate Expenditures Commissions, 4 per cent.	\$790 70 446 70
Estate of Jean B. Delabigne, deceased, Oct. 3, 1867. Letters issued November 9, 1867.	
Total value of Estate Expenditures Commissions, 4 per cent.	\$850 38 413 30

364 15

Estate of H. C. Korf. Letters issued September 19, 1867. No property discovered.		
Estate of George Martin, deceased October 15, 1867. Letters of Administration issued Nov. 11, 1867. Total value of Estate	\$715 182	
Estate of Peter Bradley, deceased October 9, 1867. - Letters of Administration issued Oct. 22, 1867. Total value of Estate. Expenditures.	\$729 206	
Commissions, 4 per cent.		
Estate of Frederick R. Reichel, deceased Nov. 19, 1867. Letters issued December 4, 1867. Total value of Estate. \$2 Expenditures Commissions, 4 per cent.	28,634 7,693	
Estate of Benoit Georg, deceased November 9, 1867. Letters issued November 22, 1867. Total value of Estate. Expenditures. Commissions, 4 per cent.	\$714 224	
Estate of Jochim Wiese, deceased Sept. 2, 1867. Letters issued December 5, 1867. Total value of Estate.	31,847	20

Expenditures....

Commissions, 4 per cent.

T	
Estate of J. C. Matayron, deceased Dec. 9, 1867.	
Letters issued December 29, 1867.	0.0
Total value of Estate\$254	
Expenditures	69
Commissions, 4 per cent.	
Estate of J. O'Hern, deceased November 10, 1867.	
Letters issued December 12, 1867.	
Total value of Estate	65
Expenditures	
	00
Commissions, 4 per cent.	
r.	
Estate of E. Barbaoch, deceased December 16, 1867.	
Letters issued January 28, 1868.	
Total value of Estate\$514	65
Expenditures	
Commissions, 4 per cent.	10
Commissions, I por contr.	
Estate of George W. Cornell, deceased Nov. 29, 1867.	
Letters issued January 28, 1868.	
Total value of Estate\$126	00
Expenditures 110	00
Commissions, 4 per cent.	
•	
Estate of James Brokaw, deceased Dec. 22, 1867.	
Letters issued January 11, 1868.	
	19
Total value of Estate\$166,081	19
Administration transferred to Abraham Brokaw,	
brother of deceased.	

Estate of John P. Krider, deceased January 13, 1868. Letters issued February 14, 1868. Total value of Estate	\$1,135 71 338 01	
Estate of Thomas Fagan, deceased January 25, 1868. Letters issued February 13, 1868. Total value of estate Expenditures Commissions, 4 per cent.	\$610 90 220 50	
Estate of Owen C. Nolan, deceased February 5, 1868. Letters issued February 25, 1868. Total value of estate	\$1,133 93 348 95	
Estate of Herman Greenhood, deceased Aug. 15, 1867. Letters issued February 25, 1868. No property discovered.		
Estate of G. W. Gipson, deceased February 1, 1868. Letters issued February 29, 1868. Total value of Estate	\$180 10 119 50	
Estate of Samuel Kerr, deceased January, 1868. Letters issued January 26, 1868. Total value of Estate	\$90 50 65 00	

Estate of Daniel T. Raymond, deceased Feb. 15, 1868 Letters issued February 27, 1868. Total value of Estate. Expenditures. Commissions to be adjusted.	\$8,306	
Estate of Michael McDonough, deceased Nov. 1, 1868 Letters issued February 25, 1868. Total value of Estate Expenditures Commissions, 4 per cent.	\$1,31 6	
Estate of Wm. Kolshorn, deceased February 15, 1868. Letters issued March 3, 1868. Total value of Estate	\$2,700	
Estate of Thomas Grispin, deceased August 8, 1867. Total value of Estate	\$56 15	33 00
Estata of William Langthorne, deceased Nov. 18, 1867. Total value of Estate	\$120	00 00
Estate of Zenas Spinney, deceased Feb. 18, 1868. Letters issued March 10, 1868. Total value of Estate	\$175 175	

Estate of Charles Thompson, deceased March 25, 1868.		
Letters issued April 16, 1868.		
Total value of Estate	\$438 90	0
Expenditures	222 50	0
Commissions, 4 per cent.		
Estate of John Lister, deceased Feb. 25, 1868.		
Letters issued April 16, 1868.		
Total value of Estate	\$226 08	5
Expenditures	121 00	0
Commissions, 4 per cent.		
, - <u>F</u>		
· ·		
Estate of John Keating, deceased April 25, 1868.		
Total value of Estate	\$40 00	0
Expenditures	17 50	0
_ *		
Estate of Pierre Beaumont, deceased March 16, 1868.		
Letters of Administration issued April 16, 1868.		
Total value of Estate	\$297 30	0
Expenditures	97 69	3
Commissions, 4 per cent.	0, 00	
outilisticity, I per cells.		
and the second second		
Estate of Peter McManus, deceased August 6, 1867.		
Letters issued April 21, 1868.		
Total value of Estate	\$7.508 55	5
Expenditures	766 91	
Commissions, 4 per cent.	100 01	
Commissions, a por cent.		

Estate of Patrick McManus, deceased Feb. 4, 1868. Letters of Administration issued June 8, 1868. No property received.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

WM. A. QUARLES, Public Administrator.

POUND MASTER'S REPORT.

Pound Master's Office, San Francisco, July 31, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors

Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In compliance with Resolution No. 8,566, I herewith submit to you the following statements of the Public Pound from July 1st, 1867, to June 30th, 1868:

1867—July	\$33 00
August	34 00
September	34 00
October	49 00
November	52 00
December	16 00
1868—January	15 00
February	25 00
March	32 00
April	78 00
May	49 00
June	23 0

Total receipts from July 1, 1867, to June 30, 1868..\$440 00

REPORT OF THE DOG POUND.

I herewith submit to you the following Report of the Dog Pound from July 1st, 1867, to June 30th, 1868:

Months.	Impounded.	Returned.	Killed.	Cash Received.
July, 1867.	322	30	292	\$150 00
August, 1867	365	28	337	140 00
September, 1867	296	26	270	130 00
October, 1867	301	28	273	140 00
November, 1867	117	10	107	50 00
December, 1867	51	7	44	35 00
January, 1868	198	11	187	55 00
February, 1868	187	13	174	65 00
March, 1868	282	16	266	80 00
April, 1868	232	14	218	70 00
May, 1868	299	21	278	105 00
June, 1868	162	8	154	40 00
Totals	2812	212	2600	\$1060 00

JOHN SHORT, JR., Pound Keeper.

SHERIFF'S REPORT.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
City and County of San Francisco.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors
Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In compliance with Resolution No. 8,566, I beg to report to your honorable body the condition of the Sheriff's Department.

RECEIPTS.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, the Sheriff's receipts have been less than in the last preceding year, which is mainly to be attributed to the General Bankrupt Law. Since it has been in full operation, attachment suits and Sheriff's sales under execution have considerably decreased in number, and it was from these, to a great extent, that the Sheriff's receipts were previously derived.

During the said fiscal year, the receipts and payments into the Treasury have been as follows, viz:

By Henry L. Davis, Esq., my predecessor in the office		
of Sheriff	\$4,889	97
And by myself, as per monthly statements filed in the		
office of the Auditor	4,684	59

Total.....\$9,574 56

EXPENSES.

Besides the bills for books, stationery and printing for the use of my office, allowed by your Honorable Board and paid by the Treasurer, my said predecessor and myself disbursed in all the sum of \$628 50 during said fiscal year for taking to the Insane Asylum, Stockton, 149 insane persons, viz:

My said predecessor for 50 insane persons	
In all, as aforesaid\$628 50)

This is exclusive of the transportation charges of the California Steam Navigation Company.

COUNTY JAIL.

STATISTICS FOR SAID FISCAL YEAR.

,	
Prisoners in Jail July 1, 1867	.125
Received for murder	. 9
Received for attempt to commit murder	
Received for manslaughter	. 1
Received for mayhem	
Received for abortion	
Received for rape	. 3
Received for attempt to commit rape	
Received for arson	
Received for counterfeiting	. 2
Received for indecent assault	. 4
Received for assault with a deadly weapon	. 15
Received for burglary	
Received for grand larceny	. 62
Received for threats to kill	. 1
Received for forgery	. 4
Received for felony	
Received for conspiracy	. 7
Received for robbery	. 11
Carried forward	311

Brought forward	.311
Received for malicious mischief	. 15
Received for obtaining goods falsely	. 3
Received for embezzlement	. 1
Received for insane	
Received for assault and battery	. 98
Received for petit larceny	.235
Received for misdemeanor and vagrancy	
Received for safe-keeping	. 55
Received for witnesses in criminal suits	. 10
Received for assault	
Received for indecent exposure	
Received for contempt of Court	
Received from State Prison for new trial	. 1
Received in civil suit cases	
Received for sodomy	. 3
In all	
Males, 803; females, 182.	ann ann
DISPOSED OF AS FOLLOWS:	
47 7	10
Almshouse	
Conveyed to Insane Asylum	
Transported to State Prison	
Legally discharged at the expiration of sentence	
Escaped from Jail yard	
Magdalen Asylum	
Died	_
Industrial School.	

 Returned to City Prison.
 3

 In Jail July 1, 1868.
 132

In all, as above.....

PRISONERS UNDISPOSED OF.

For murder	2
For manslaughter	1
For arson	1
For counterfeiting	2
For indecent assault	2
For assault with a deadly weapon	1
For burglary	11
For grand larceny	13
For threats	1
For felony	6
For obtaining goods falsely	2
For assault and battery	3
For petit larceny	65
For misdemeanor and vagrancy	19
For witness in a criminal suit	1
For indecent exposure	2
Total	132

In the second Annual Report of the California Prison Commission, under the head of "Fallen Women," page 17, the following recommendation is made, viz: "I have to repeat the recommendation presented in my last Report, that a place be provided for the women known as 'common drunkards,' who spend the most of their lives in the County Jail, that shall be to them a home, where they can be sentenced on very long terms and be taken care of until reformation has apparently taken place, with cells for the confinement of all women convicted of offenses now punishable by imprisonment in the jail. If an arrangement talked of by the Board of Managers of the Industrial School-that of erecting a separate building for the girls-should be made, it could be planned so as to embrace everything necessary for carrying out the suggestion made in this paragraph, without interfering at all with the institution in regard to its primary object or bringing the younger inmates into dangerous association with the older ones. The better way would be to have a place entirely distinct for the women and the older girls now in the school, and to provide for the younger ones elsewhere—perhaps, at the Home of the Ladies' Protection and Relief Society, or Magdalen Asylum.'

I would respectfully call the attention of your honorable body to said recommendation, and urge the carrying out thereof.

Respectfully submitted,

P. J. WHITE, Sheriff.

REPORT

OF THE

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Office of Superintendent of Public Schools, San Francisco, July 1, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors
Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In compliance with law and general usage, I have the pleasure to present to your honorable body the following Annual Report of the financial and general condition of the Public Schools for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868.

The year just closed has been one of unusual progress and prosperity in our schools. They have greatly increased in the number of scholars in attendance and in efficiency of instruction. Last year the average number of scholars in attendance was 10,177, requiring a corps of 225 teachers; while this year the average number of pupils attending the public schools has been 11,871, requiring 272 teachers to instruct them—thus showing an increase of 1,694 pupils and 47 teachers.

The health of both pupils and teachers has been unusually good. In consequence of our salubrious climate, and the vigilant care exercised by the teachers in carrying out the sanitary regulations of the Department, but few deaths have occurred among the children during the year.

SCHOOL STATISTICS.

It is an important question to what extent of minuteness schoo statistics are beneficial to the cause of education or interesting to the public. The subject has excited much interest and attention all over the country for several years. Our National Government, in response to a general sentiment and desire for a more uniform system of public instruction in every part of the Union, has organized a National Bureau of Education at Washington for the general dissemination of school statistics and educational information, which it is hoped will prove a permanent benefit and blessing to the cause of public instruction.

School statistics should not be too meagre or general in their character, or so minute as to confuse important and desirable facts with useless details. It is necessary that the public should be informed of the character of the schools, and how the public funds have been expended, in order to enlist their interest and support. Especially is it important that school officers should have a thorough knowledge of the details of the department to enable them to intelligently discharge the important trusts committed to their charge. Since I have but lately entered upon the duties of my office, I do not propose in this report to enter into any lengthy discussion upon the importance of public instruction, or recommend many radical changes in the present organization or management of our public schools. This organization is the result of nearly seventeen years' labor and experience of our ablest teachers, combined with the wisdom and experience of the best educators in other cities and countries. It now commands the respect and confidence of our citizens at home and the praise and admiration of strangers from abroad; any change would, therefore, be unwise and dangerous, until demanded by the progressive wants and future interests of our rapidly increasing population.

The following statistics have been carefully compiled from the records of the Department. They will represent the expenditures of the Board of Education and the comparative standing and progress of the public schools during the year. In the Appendix will be found a complete statement of the attendance of pupils in the different schools, the cost of tuition of each pupil for the last year, and the names of the teachers engaged in the various schools of the city for the present year.

FINANCES.

SCHOOL FUND, 1867-68-RECEIPTS.

From Taxes	\$280,344	65
From Poll Tax		
From Dog Tax	1,779	00
From State Apportionment		04
From Sale of House on Silver street		00
From Evening Schools		00
From Rent of School Property		00
From Proceeds of Musical Festival Lincoln School		00
From Proceeds of Concert Washington St. School	l	
for Library Fund		00
From Rincon School Library Fund		25
From Proceeds North Cosmopolitan School	284	75
From Fees from County Clerk for changing name.	. 17	50
From Fines, Police Court	. 12	50
		4.0
Total	\$339 956	19

DEMANDS AUDITED UPON THE SCHOOL FUND OF 1867-68.

0.7	First Quarter.	Second Quarter.	Third Quarter.	Fourth Quarter.	Total for the Year.
Salaries of Teachers	\$57,712 73	\$60,094 91	\$62,228 64	\$61,046 78	\$241,083 06
Salaries of Janitors	3,431 13	3,793 43	4,362 23	4,234 00	15,823 79
Marshals and Insurance	3,540 71	144 11		1,076 00	4,760 82
Clerk and Carpenters	1,200 00	1,063 33	1,200 00	1,200 00	4,663 33
Lights	140 82	141 97	237 00	221 36	741 78
Water	56 25	19 00	24 00	28 00	127 25
Furniture	5,337 52	10,272 33	2,927 37	1.394 10	19,931 32
Books and Supplies	2,810 62	4,096 00	2,743 71	1,223 01	10,873 64
Rents		827 50	887 50	985 00	4,302 74
Fuel		1,550 08	2.440 10	344 50	4,334 68
Teamster			163 33	200 00	363 33
Repairs	1,255 41	4,704 96	4,113 16	3,365 90	13,439 43
Incidentals	- 420 50	431 00	421 38	472 50	1,745 38
Improvement of Streets	1.879 90	2,219 54	1,004 48	750 69	5.854 61
Improvement of Lots	80 00				2,987 37
Purchase of Lot					2,500 00
Totals	\$79,468 33	\$93,113 24	\$84,429 32	\$76,698 64	\$333,529 53

Total demands audited on the School Fund 1867-68. \$333,529 53 Transfers to Sinking and Interest Funds......... 42,863 20

Total Disbursements from the School Fund....\$376,392 73

RECAPITULATION.

SCHOOL FUND 1866-67.

standing demands, June 30, 1867.. \$1,748 69

Cash on hand after payment of all out-

Total receipts for the year	339,956	19	
Demands canceled which were audited			
upon Funds of former years	210	34	
To balance (audited demands unpaid			
June 30, 1868, which is the de-			
ficiency for the fiscal year 1867-68,			
less \$76 82, the cash on hand in			
Treasury, June 30, 1868	34,554	33	
Disbursements for the year			\$376,392 73
Cash on hand June 30, 1868			76 82

\$376,469 55 \$376,469 55

According to the foregoing statement, it will be observed that there was at the close of the fiscal year 1867-68 a deficit in the School Fund of \$34,554 33. This deficit was mainly caused by the extraordinary expenditures for printing and supplies; also for repairs on old School buildings and for costly furniture required to supply the new Primary School houses, erected during the year. The item for furniture was \$19,931 32, while there were expended for repairs \$13,439 43, amounting in the aggregate to nearly the whole deficit of the year. There were \$5,854 61 appropriated for grading and improving street in front of School property, which was an expense that should never have been paid from the School Fund. The Board of Education was relieved from this tax upon its finances by a special Act of the last Legislature. There were also \$42,863 20 transferred from the School Fund to form a Sinking Fund, and to pay the interest upon the School Bonds which have been issued to raise money to erect school houses, etc. This transfer for the next year will amount to \$46,610, which will seriously cripple the finances of the Department. The city should provide for its payment from some other source, as the income of the School

Department should not be burdened with expenditures which more properly belong to the General Sinking Fund.

Formerly, it has been customary to provide for the payment of any deficit in the School Fund by issuing School Bonds, the principal and interest of which are made payable from the income of the School Department. The present Board of Education being strongly opposed to taxing the future income of the School Department by issuing any more bonds, resolved to apply to the last Legislature for an increase of the School Tax of five cents, to provide a fund to pay this deficit of last year. This was granted, and the amount has been added to the usual tax of 35 cents on every hundred dollars, which will account for the slight increase in the School Tax this year. At the same time, the following Legislative provisions were passed prohibiting the Board of Education from incurring any deficit in the future. Section 4 of this Act provides that "It shall be the duty of the Committee on Finance and Auditing of the Board of Education, during the month of July of every year, to make an annual estimate of all revenue and disbursements of the School Department for the current fiscal year, specifying separately the amount of funds necessary to defray the different items of expenditures for the first and last half-year; and in no case shall it be lawful for the said Board to exceed, during the first half-year, the estimated items of expenditures for that period, or, in the entire year, the revenues for school purposes. All surplus or unexpended funds of any half-year shall be available for expenditures of the following half-year. The Auditor and Treasurer shall conform strictly to the provisions of this section."

In accordance with the requirements of this Act, the Committee on Finance and Auditing prepared the following Report of the receipts and disbursements of the School Department for the fiscal year 1868-9:

ESTIMATE OF THE PROBABLE RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1868-69, AS PER REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE, JULY, 1868.

RECEIPTS.

From City and County Taxes, estimating the School Tax on \$85,000,000 of property at 40 cents on every

hundred dollars\$	340,000 00
From State Apportionment, as per estimate of State	
Superintendent	60,000 00
From all other sources	5,000 00
-	

From which deduct the indebtedness of the fiscal year 1867-68 remaining unpaid, to wit, \$34,554 34, leaving a balance of \$370,645 66 to defray the expenses of conducting the School Department for the fiscal year 1868-69.

\$405,000 00

DISBURSEMENTS.

	First Six Months.	Second Six Months.
Teachers' salaries estimated	\$135,000 00	\$138,000 00
Janitors' Salaries estimated	8,500 00	8,500 00
Marshal's salary estimated	1,400 00	
Clerk's salary fixed	900 00	900 00
Carpenter's salary fixed	600 00	600 00
Lights estimated	375 00	375 00
Water estimated	75 00	75 00
Books and Supplies estimated	5,000 00	3,000 00
Rents estimated	3,600 00	3,600 00
Fuel estimated	2,000 00	3,000 00
Incidentals estimated	1,250 00	1,250 00
Officers of Board and Sundries	3,017 83	3,017 83
Transfers to Sinking and Interest Fund	46,610 00	
Total	\$208,327 83	\$162,317 83
		208,327 83
Total for the year		\$370 645 66

According to this Report, there cannot be any danger of being compelled to close the schools in the future for want of funds to defray the current expenses, since ample provision has been made for each item of expenditure. The Report has been adopted by the Board of Education, and is now a law, equally binding upon the Auditor and Treasurer, as upon the officers of the School Department. The sum of \$273,000 has been appropriated for the first and last half of the fiscal year for teachers' salaries, which is an increase of \$31,916 94 over the expenditure for the same purpose last year. This amount will be necessary in consequence of the large increase of children requiring additional teachers.

Owing to the great increase of the current expenses and the transfer of \$46,610 to the Interest and Sinking Fund, no provision has been made from the General School Fund for furniture and repairs. This is to be regretted, since it will be necessary to draw largely upon the Special Building Fund for these items of expenditure.

SPECIAL BUILDING FUND FOR 1866-67.

STATEMENT OF PROCEEDS OF SCHOOL BONDS AUTHORIZED BY ACT OF MARCH 17th, 1866.

[Amount of School Bonds authorized, \$275,000.]

The pr	oceeds from the sale of these Bonds have been as follows:
1866.	
June 23.	From sale of 45 Bonds, at 81
	cents\$36,450 00
June 23.	From sale of 30 Bonds, at 82
	cents
	\$61,050 00
July 31.	From sale of 20 Bonds, at $81\frac{5}{8}$
T 1 01	cents\$16,325 00
July 31.	From sale of 15 Bonds, at 825
July 31.	cents
July 31.	cents
	41,318 75
1867.	11,010 10
Jan. 23.	From sale of 50 Bonds, at $83\frac{1}{2}$ cents 41,750 00
April.	From sale of 10 Bonds, at 86 cents 8,600 00
April.	From sale of 40 Bonds, at 85 ¹ / ₃₂ cents 34,012 50
	Interest on 50 Bonds, from January 14,
	date of bid, to February 18, date of de-
	livery 284 13
1868.	
May.	From sale of 50 Bonds (last lot) at 95 cents 47,500 00
To	otal proceeds to June 30, 1868\$234,515 38

STATEMENT	OF DISBURSE	MENTS OF	PROCEEDS (OF SCHOOL
BONDS	AUTHORIZED	BY ACT OF	F MARCH 17TH	1, 1866.

Appropriated for deficiency, 1865-66	\$76,324 5	5
Appropriated for building expenses, 1865,		
1866	6,138 0	0
-		- \$82,454 55
Expended for the erection of School Buil	ldings an	d
purchase of Lots (which was reported to	your hor	1-
orable body by my predecessor, J. C. Pel	ton, Esq.	,)
from July 1, 1866, to June 30, 1867		.\$106,376 31
Expended for the erection of School Build		
chase of Lots, repairs, etc., from July	1, 1867, t	0
June 30, 1868, as follows:		
Buildings—		
For Filbert and Kearny streets	\$8,000 0	0
For Pine and Larkin streets	8,000 0	
For Tyler street	4,370 0	
For West End	1,585 0	
For balance on Shotwell street	2,000 0	
For balance on Eighth street	2,000 0	
For balance on State Normal School	_,	
additions	1,700 0	0
Filling portion of lot on Pine and Lar-	2,	*
kin streets, to prepare for School		
building, 75x120 feet, at \$2 50 per		
front foot	187 5	0
For building sidewalk in front of Eighth	20. 0	
street School.	200 0	0
For planking Spring Valley School yard	650 0	_
For planking yard and extra work, Ty-	000 0	0
ler street building	396 2	5
For extra work Shotwell street	324 6	
For extra work Eighth street	240 0	
For extra work State Normal School	33 5	
For extra work Filbert and Kearny	00 0	
streets	2,126 3	9
For extra work Pine and Larkin streets	520 0	
2 of Cauca work I the and Darkin Streets	020 0	
Carried forward	\$23,333 1	7
· ·		-

Brought forward	\$23,333	17		
For building sheds Pine and Larkin				
streets	322	70	142	
For building sheds and fence Filbert			-	
and Kearny streets	271	00		
For building sheds and fence Eighth				
street	200	00		
For bill of Wm. Patton, architect	550			
For extra work West End	210	-		
Tot canti work word interest in the			\$33,886	87
Lots—			φυυ,000	01
For lot of land on Clay street, near				
Powell, 26; x75 feet	\$1,800	00		
	ф1,000	UU		
For lot of land on Silver street, 24x70	2 000	00		
feet	3,000	00		
For three lots of land on Valparaiso	2 00	0.0		
street, each 40x60 feet	760	00	× × 00	00.
			5,560	00.
Total demands audited upon proceed				
Bonds		\$	3228,277	73
			7 × 16 × 17 × 17 × 18	
RECAPITULATION.				
RECAPITUDATION.				
Total proceeds of Bonds to June 30, 1868.\$	234,515	38		
Total disbursements of proceeds to June				
30, 1868		\$	228,277	73
Cash on hand, Building Fund, June 30,		•		
1868			6,237	65
Totals\$2	84 515 9	38 \$	234 515	38
π. ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο	,010		_01,010	

The following table, which has been carefully prepared, will show how this fund has been expended for the benefit and accommodation of the Public Schools:

PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDINGS ERECTED FROM THE PROCEEDS OF SCHOOL BONDS ISSUED IN 1866-67.

		Ma	C			Ca	Capacity.		Cl	Cos
Name of Building,	Location.	terial	Date o	Architect.	Grade of School.	No.	No. of Seats.	f Contract	Cost po assroc	st per
		used	of ct.			of sses.	Gr. Pr.			seat.
Spring Valley	Broadway, bet. Polk and Larkin.	Wood	1865. Sept. 30	S. C. Bugbee	Grammar	4	240	\$7,800 00	\$1,950 00	32 50
Market Street Primary	Market Street Primary Corner of Fifth and Market	Wood	1866. May 29	S. C. Bugbee	Primary	12	- 12	720 5,744 00	470 66	7 97
Tehama	Tehama, bet. First and Second	Brick	June 30	S. C. Bugbee	Primary	17	10:	1020 25,850 00	1,520 58	25 33
Synagogue	Broadway, bet. Powell and Mason Brick Aug. 31	Brick /		Wm. Patton	Primary	12		720 12,910 00	1,075	83 17 93
Spring Valley Addition	Broadway, bet. Polk and Larkin.	Wood	Wood Oct. 15	S. C. Bugbee & Son Primary	Primary	4		240 4,975 00	1,243	75 20 71
Filbert Street	Filbert, bet. Jones and Taylor	Wood	Wood Oct. 26	Wm. Patton	Primary	11	99	660 16,000 00	1,500	00 22 00
Union Alteration	Union, bet. Kearney and Dupont Brick		Dec. 3	Wm. Craine Grammar	Grammar	73	120	1,811 00	902	50 15 08
Post Street (Cohn Building)	Post Street (Cohn Building) Post, bet. Dupont and Stockton.	Brick	1867. Jan. 10	Wm. Patton	Gram. and Prim	15	360 5	540 13,227 00	881	80 14 70
Center Building.	Shotwell, bet. 22d and 23d		Aarch 26	Wood March 26 S. C. Bugbee & Son Gram. and Prim	Gram. and Prim	20	240 2	240 8,000 00	1,000	00 16 66
ling	8th, bet. Harrison and Bryant		Wood April 8	S. C. Bugbee & Son Primary.	Primary	00		8,000 00	1,000	99 91 00
Pine and Larkin Streets	SW. corner of Pine and Larkin	Wood	April 9	S. C. Bugbee & Son Primary	Primary	00		480 8,000 00	1,000	00 16 66
Filbert and Kearny	NW. cor. of Filbert and Kearny Wood April 25.	Wood 4		S. C. Bugbee & Son Primary	Primary	00	**	480 8,000 00	1,000	00 16 66
State Normal School Addition	State Normal School Addition Market, bet. Fourth and Fifth		farch 14	Wood March 14 S. C. Bugbee & Son Primary.	Primary	4	5	240 2,700 00	675	00 11 25
West End		Wood	Wood July 22	S. C. Bugbee & Son Primary	Primary	-	:	75 1,585 00		21 13
Tyler Street	. Tyler, bet. Scott and Devisadero Wood July 24 S. C. Bugbee & Son Primary	Wood	ruly 24	S. C. Bugbee & Son	Primary	4		240 4,370 00	1,092 00 18 30	18 30
						118	19 096	6135 \$128,972 00		

Total number of classrooms provided in new buildings, 118; total number of seats, 7,095; at a total cost of \$123,972, exclusive of valuation of Post Street and Synagogue Buildings, which were obtained by the Board of Education in exchange for a part of the School Lot corner of Fourth and Harrison Streets.

+ Full capacity, without reference to the present number of pupils.

Notwithstanding the Board of Education has within the last two years erected sixteen new Public School buildings, with a capacity to seat 7,365 pupils, the Department is compelled to rent the following buildings to accommodate the increasing number of children daily applying for admission to our Public Schools: The Synagogue on Mason street, near Geary, with four rooms, accommodating 240 pupils of the Cosmopolitan Schools; German Church on Geary street, near Powell, with three rooms, which accommodate 180 of the Cosmopolitan pupils; Bethel Church, corner of Drumm and Sacramento streets, with five rooms and 180 pupils in attendance; building on the corner of Bryant and Second streets, with two rooms, which will accommodate 120 pupils; School building connected with the St. Joseph's Church, on Tenth street, with six rooms, which accommodate 423 pupils; one room on the corner of Sixteenth and Shotwell streets, which accommodates 60 primary pupils of the Mission School; one room on the corner of Folsom and Twentysecond streets, which accommodates 60 primary pupils of the Shotwell street School; a small building near the Ocean House, which accommodates the children of the families living in that part of the city and county; one room near the corner of Eighth and Bryant streets, which accommodates 60 pupils of the Eighth street Primary School; one room in Pixley Hall, corner of Polk and Pacific streets, with accommodations for 60 primary pupils of the Spring Valley School.

From the foregoing statement, it will be observed that the School Department is now renting inferior accommodations for 1,408 pupils, at a monthly expense of \$568. The Committee on Finance has set apart \$7,200 for rents, which will be required to furnish room for all who will apply during the year.

SPECIAL BUILDING TAX.

To meet the wants of our increasing population, the Board of Education, at the last session of the Legislature, secured the passage of a law authorizing the Board of Supervisors to levy an assessment of five cents on every hundred dollars valuation of property, to raise a "Special Building Fund" for the purpose of erecting and repairing school houses. This tax, according to the estimate of the Auditor, will amount to \$42,500, which, added

to \$6,237 65, the surplus of the School Fund of 1866-7, will give the Board of Education a Building Fund of \$48,737 65. This, it was hoped, would be ample to meet the increasing wants of the Department, but owing to the large increase in the number of teachers and pupils in our public schools, the general school fund will barely meet the current expenses. It will therefore be necessary to draw largely upon the Building Fund for furniture and repairs, thus rendering it impossible to erect, during the coming year, more than a plain wooden building for the Girls' High School, and a three-class room structure for the colored school.

I exceedingly regret that the Board of Education has not ample funds to erect suitable and commodious school buildings, for the accommodation of every pupil applying for admission.

NEW SCHOOL HOUSES REQUIRED.

A large Grammar School building is very much needed in the vicinity of Tenth and Harrison streets. Another Primary building is also required in the Tenth District, to relieve the crowded condition of the Lincoln and Fourth street Primary schools, and to accommodate the large number who cannot now be received for want of room.

RINCON GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

A large Grammar School building, for girls, should be erected as soon as possible, to accommodate the increasing population of the Seventh, Ninth, and Tenth Districts. The present building was erected for a Primary School; the rooms are, therefore, not large enough to conveniently seat full classes of large Grammar pupils. Four of the classes are now placed in small cottages detached from the main building, which makes it exceedingly inconvenient for teachers and pupils.

The crowded condition of the Primary Schools in the Rincon District should receive the earliest consideration of the Board of Education. Two hundred and forty pupils are now crowded in the Bryant street Engine House, a building totally unfit for school purposes, and from which we may be compelled to remove at any moment. If a new building is erected for the Grammar School of this District, the old house will afford ample accommodations for the present for Primary pupils.

COSMOPOLITAN SCHOOLS.

Increased accommodations are immediately required for the South Cosmopolitan School. The present buildings on Post street are badly arranged for Grammar and Primary pupils, upon the same premises. The lot is not large enough to afford decent yard room, in consequence of which the Board is compelled to rent two adjoining lots for the boys' play ground, at an extra expense of \$45 per month. A permanent building should therefore be erected for the Grammar Department, apart from the Primary.

When the Girls' High School building is completed, the seven classes which are now taught in rented rooms in the Geary street church and the Mason street synagogue, can be transferred to the present High School building, corner of Bush and Stockton streets.

MISSION DISTRICT.

As soon as a Grammar School is established in the vicinity of Tenth and Harrison streets, another large Grammar building should be erected somewhere between the Mission and Shotwell street schools to accommodate all the Grammar pupils in that portion of the city. The present buildings would then afford ample room for the Primary pupils.

PRESIDIO ROAD.

A Primary building of not less than four class rooms will soon be required near the corner of Davidson and Union streets. The Spring Valley building is too far from the centre of the district to accommodate the large number of children living near the Presidio.

OCEAN HOUSE.

A school house of not less than two session rooms should be erected for this increasing section of the county. The present rented building is too small, and so badly arranged as to be entirely unfit for school purposes.

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO.

A two class-room building should be erected at once in South

San Francisco. The citizens in that section of the county have just cause for complaint at the neglect which they have received from the School Department. They bear the same burden of taxation as those of other parts of the city and county, and are entitled to equal consideration with those living in the more thickly settled portions of the city.

In addition to the 1,408 pupils now attending school in unsuitable buildings rented by the city, the census returns show that there are 1,824 children between five and six years old who will, during the next year, become of legal age to attend school. There are also 16,109 children under five years of age who will, within a few years, be knocking for admission to our Public Schools. This large number, in connection with the rapid immigration which is daily pouring into our city from every part of the world, should admonish our city and State legislators to make wise and liberal provisions for the education of these wards of the commonwealth, who will soon be called upon to direct and control the future destiny of cur country. It is admitted by all, that as every civilized nation increases in population, it is certain to advance in wealth and prosperity; we should therefore welcome this increase of our educational responsibilities and burdens with pride and pleasure as the elements of our future greatness and perpetuity.

EXPENSE OF TUITION.

As it may be interesting to know how much the liberality and bounty of San Francisco has been taxed for the support of her Public Schools since their commencement, under the present organization, I have carefully compiled the following statement of the yeariy expenditures of the School Department since 1852:

1852	\$23,125 00
1853	35,040 00
1854	159,249 00
1855	136,580 00
1856	125,064 00
1857	92,955-00
1858	104,808 00
	1.50.00
Carried forward	\$676.821 00

Brought forward	\$676,821	00
1859	134,731	00
1860	156,407	00
1861	158,855	00
1862	134,567	00
1863	178,929	00
1864	228,411	00
1865	346,862	00
1866	361,668	00
1867	507,822	00
1868	376,392	00
Total	3,261,465	00

This statement includes, in addition to the current expenses of the School Department, all the money expended for the purchase of school sites and the erection of school houses, which will explain the great difference in the total disbursements for school purposes in different years. For instance, in 1867, when the Board of Education erected nine new bildings, the total expenditure was \$507,822—nearly double the amount of the previous year. The real expense of tuition, based upon the teachers' salaries since 1852, has been \$1,627,336.

An unfavorable opinion exists among a portion of the com-

munity in regard to the management of our Public Schools. It is charged that, while the city has been liberal in taxing every one for the cause of education, yet, in consequence of the extravagance of the Board of Education, the Department has been constantly embarrassed for want of funds. Objections have also been made in regard to the expense of tuition here in comparison with Eastern cities. While it may be true that the tuition per scholar is greater in San Francisco than in some of the older cities, yet, if we carefully investigate the facts, we shall find that the yearly expense of educating a child in our Public Schools is less than it is in New York, Boston and many of the large cities of the Eastern States. The whole number of pupils attending Public Schools during the year was 17,426, with an average number belonging of 12,661. The current expenses of conduct-

ing the Department for the same time, including teachers' and janitor's salaries, fuel and rent were \$265,544, being \$20 98 for each pupil under instruction for the whole year, and \$15 23 for each scholar attending a longer or shorter period.

In New York in 1864 the cost per scholar was about \$22. In Worcester, Mass., in 1867, the annual tuition was \$15 34. Tn Brooklyn in 1866 the annual tuition per scholar was \$14. In Milwaukie in 1860 the tuition was \$15 34. The city of Boston, which is famed for economy combined with wisdom and liberality in managing public affairs, expends annually \$25 88 for the education of each youth attending the Public Schools. While the expense of tuition in San Francisco compares favorably with the cost of education in Eastern cities, yet it is not a just criterion by which to approve or condemn the management of the Board of Education. There are many expenses attending the organization of our Public Schools in California where prices are so high, which are not incurred in conducting schools in Eastern cities. The true standard by which to judge of the necessary expense of education here, is a comparison of the cost of tuition in our private and public schools, where the salaries and the cost of living are the same, and where in private schools competition has reduced the charges to the lowest living rates. According to their published rates, the tuition for each pupil in private schools is from \$3 to \$12 per month, making an average of \$6 50; this for ten months will amount to \$65, which is nearly three times the sum expended in our public schools. It is true that the schools of San Francisco have been established and maintained at no small cost. The price of planting thus early upon these Pacific shores the seeds of knowledge and prosperity has necessarily been expensive. Many mistakes may have been made through inexperience and want of system, incident to every new enterprise, but upon a broad view and a just estimate of the part we should take in shaping the civilization and future destiny of this western world, I think the charge of extravagance is unjust and unwarrantable. A rich harvest for every dollar expended will be reaped through future ages in the general intelligence and patriotism of a great and prosperous people.

SCHOOL CENSUS.

The census taken during the month of June shows the of youth in our city to be as follows:	number
Total number of white children under 15 years of age	39,728
Total number of white children between 5 and 15 years	
of age	23,227
Total number of negro children between 5 and 15 years	
of age	142
Total number of Indian children between 5 and 15 years	
of age	17
Total number of white children under 5 years of age	16,034
Total number of negro children under 5 years of age	75
Total number of Mongolian children under 15 years of	
age	233
Total number of white children between 5 and 6 years	
of age	1,824
Total number of white children between 6 and 15 years	
of age, who have attended public schools at any time	
during the school year	13,576
Ditto, negro children	68
Ditto, Indian children	1
Total number of white children between 6 and 15 years	
of age, who have attended private schools at any time	
during the year	3,996
Ditto, negro children	10
Ditto, Indian children	2
Total number of white children between 6 and 15 years	
of age, who have not attended school at any time dur-	0.004
ing the school year	3,324
Ditto, negro children	41
Ditto, Indian children	1
Total number of Mongolian children between 6 and 15	0
years of age, attending school	9
Total number of deaf and dumb children between 5 and	54
21 years of age	54
Total number of blind children between 5 and 21 years	35
of age	99

These figures are encouraging, and show that our city is rap-27 idly increasing in population. Last year, the whole number of children, of all races and colors, under fifteen years of age, was 34,889; this year, the total number is 39,728—an increase of 4,839. Last year, the whole number between five and fifteen years—the legal age for drawing public funds from the State—was 20,432; this year, the total number is 23,619—making a gain of 3,187.

The following is a comparative statement of the children of all ages and colors under eighteen years of age, from 1859 to 1865, inclusive. Since 1865, the census has only been taken of children under the age of fifteen:

	1859	.13,858
	1860	-
	1861	.20,933
	1862	. 22,044
	1863	. 25,952
	1864	.30,480
	1865	.32,529
\mathbf{U} n	der fifteen years of age:	
	1866	.30,675
	1867	.34,889
	1868	.39,728

ATTENDANCE.

The whole number of pupils enrolled in all the schools during the last year was 17,426; the average number belonging was 12,661, and the average daily attendance was 11,871. As there was no record kept in 1866-67 of the whole number attending it will be impossible to compare the present with the past year. Last year the average attendance was 10,177; this year it is 11,871, an increase of 1,694 pupils during the year. The number of new pupils enrolled who have not before attended the city public schools during the year was 5,716; the number of pupils received by transfers from other schools was 2,980; the number of pupils re-entered, 6,636; number left during the year, 7,484; the total number of days attendance in all the public schools during the year was 2,339,817; total number of days absence in all the schools, 159,711; total number of tardinesses during the year, 63,534.

The following is a comparative statement of the whole number enrolled, and the average attendance of all the public schools, since 1852, as reported by the State Superintendent:

		Average Daily
	No. Enrolled.	Attendance.
During the year ending October 31, 1852	2,132	445
During the year ending October 31, 1853	2,870	703\frac{1}{3}
During the year ending October 31, 1854	4,199	$1,011\frac{1}{2}$
During the year ending October 31, 1855	4,694	1,484.
During the year ending October 31, 1856	3,370	2,516
During the year ending October 31, 1857	4,637	2,155
During the year ending October 31, 1858	5,273	2,521
During the year ending October 31, 1859	6,201	2,829
During the year ending October 31, 1860	6,108	2,837
During the year ending October 31, 1861	6,674	3,377
During the year ending October 31, 1862	8,203	3,794
During the year ending October 31, 1863	8,177	4,389
During the year ending October 31, 1864	10,981	5,470
During the year ending October 31, 1865	*	6,718
During the year ending October 31, 1866.	*	8,131
During the year ending October 31, 1867	*	10,177
During the year ending October 31, 1868	17,426	11,871
Tr : 1:0: 1 7 7 1 17	11	

It is gratifying to record such a rapid growth in our juvenile population. These figures show not only a great increase of the population of the city, but also, that our public schools are rapidly advancing in the estimation and favor of the public.

PERCENTAGE OF ATTENDANCE.

The following table presents the percentage of attendance in the different Public Sahools during the year:

John John Committee of the Committee of	
Boys' High School	.981
Girls' High School	
Lincoln Grammar School	
Denman Grammar School	
Rincon Grammar School	
Union Grammar School	
Washington Grammar School	
Mission Grammar School	

^{*} No record of whole number enrolled.

Spring Valley Grammar School	$93_{\frac{9}{10}}$
Cosmopolitan Grammar School	
Shotwell Street School	
North Cosmopolitan School	
Tenth Street School	
Union Primary School	
Fourth Street Primary School	
Powell Street Primary School	
Pine and Larkin Primary School	
Broadway Primary School	
Hayes Valley Primary School	
Eighth Street Primary School	
Spring Valley Primary School	
Tehama Primary School	
Cosmopolitan Primary School	
West End Primary School	
Lincoln Primary School	
San Bruno School	$.90^{\frac{1}{10}}$
Fairmount School	
Potrero School	
Pine Street School	98
Tyler Street School	872
Bryant Street School	
Ocean House School	
State Normal Training School	93.9
City Normal Training School	924
Drumm Street School	95-7
Hyde Street School	88‡
Colored School	902
Chinese School	663
Percentage of attendance in all the Schools	$.93^{3}_{5}$
The following is a statement of the percentages of a	ttendance
of all the Public Schools since 1860:	
1860	
1861	
1862	
1863	.91
1864	.92

1866	 98	$\frac{1}{2}$
1867	 	34
1868	 98	35

These figures present the most valuable statistics of the School Department, since the degree of punctual and regular attendance is the best evidence of the success and efficiency of our Public Schools; they are particularly gratifying, in comparison with the attendance of the older organized schools in Eastern cities. In San Francisco the per cent. of attendance is $.92_5^3$; in Boston it is $.92_3^1$; in New York, .90; in Louisville, Kentucky, $.86_5^3$; and in Albany, New York, it is .71.

NATIVITIES.

Since it may be interesting to the future scholar and historian to know the different elements of our cosmopolitan society, I have requested the teachers to keep a record of the nativities of the pupils attending the Public Schools, from which I have compiled the following table:

UNITED STATES.

		•	
Vermont	27	Wisconsin	71
New Hampshire	18	Illinois	128
Maine	172	Michigan	38
Massachusetts	1020	Minnesota	35
Rhode Island	35	California	9243
Connecticut	60	Iowa	38
New York	1714	Missouri	58
New Jersey	90	Tennessee	25
Pennsylvania	214	Ohio	83
Delaware	14	Nevada	28
Maryland	49	Indiana	21
Virginia	23	Oregon	84
North Carolina	4	District of Columbia	20
South Carolina	15	Washington Territory	11
Georgia	9	Kansas	1
Florida	4	Arkansas	2
Alabama	7	Nebraska	3
Mississippi	16	Dakota	1
Louisiana	75	Utah	5
Texas	11	Alaska	2
Kentucky	29	At Sea	15 .

FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

England	.137	Denmark	2
Scotland	. 23	Russia	1
Ireland	. 75	France	31
Australia	.152	Spain	1
New Zealand	. 1	Portugal	1
Mexico	. 74	Norway	2
Lower California	. 1	Sweden	1
Central America	. 3	Switzerland	5
British America	. 3	Italy	13
South America	. 33	China	4
Canada	. 57	New Foundland	1
New Brunswick	. 18	Prince Edward's Island	1
British Columbia	. 24	Society Islands	1
Nova Scotia	. 13	West India Islands	5
Germany	.142	Sandwich Islands	16
Poland	. 2	Unknown	14

NON-ATTENDANCE AND TRUANCY.

Irregular attendance and truancy are growing evils in our Public Schools, which should command the deepest interest and careful solicitation of every citizen of San Francisco. I allude to them at the present, not that they exist to a greater extent here than elsewhere, but because now is the time to adopt some means to remedy these crimes, which, in all great cities, are fruitful sources of youthful depravity and corruption. During the last year there have been in all the Public Schools 159,711 absences; 63,534 cases of tardiness; 917 instances of truancy; and 85 suspensions.

The census returns for June, 1868, also show that of the 23,386 children between six and fifteen years of age, who should be attending school, there are 3,366 who have received no educational advantages during the year. It is safe to estimate that at least 1,500 of these have received a fair business education, and have left school to engage in some trade or occupation to earn their own livelihood, or to assist in supporting others. After deducting this number, there still remains 1866 wandering in our streets, subjected to all the evil influences of a life of

vagrancy and crime. They prowl around our Public Schools and initiate the pupils in truancy and vice. While much good may be accomplished by teachers and school officers, by earnest and judicious appeals to parents in behalf of the best interests of their children, yet I think that the increase of truancy and vagrancy can only be prevented by strict and efficient police regulations. I cannot, therefore, too strongly urge upon the Board of Supervisors the necessity of appointing one or more truant officers, whose special duty shall be to investigate all cases of truancy in our Public Schools. They should also visit the homes of all children leading idle and vagrant lives, in order to induce their parents to assist in reforming and educating them. Since our police records show that there is a large number of youth in San Francisco growing up in crime and ignorance, who require the watchful care of the officers of the law, I desire to call the special attention of the Board of Supervisors to the able Report of Assistant Superintendent Calkins of New York, in regard to the statistics of the work performed by the truant officers of that city: "There are five police officers who are specially detailed to visit the Public Schools throughout the city to take the names and residences of such children as the Principals have good reason to believe are truants, and then to visit their homes, confer with the parents or guardians of these children, showing them the importance of regular school attendance and the evils of truancy. In many cases this course is found to be all that is required to effect a reformation of the pupils. Sometimes it is necessary to arrest a few of these truants and conduct them to school. Others, who have become more confirmed in their evil ways, are committed to the Juvenile Asylum.

"Through the kindness of Captain B. G. Lord, of the Sanitary Department of the Metropolitan Police, I have obtained statistics of the work performed by the truant officers for the past year. During the year 1863, the names and residences of 5,613 children were reported to these officers. On visiting their homes it was ascertained that 1,968 were absent from school for the following reasons: Transferred to other schools by their parents; withdrawn from school; kept at home by sickness, poverty or other reason—therefore not to be classed as truants. Through the exertions of the officers, 3,092 children were induced to at-

tend school regularly; 156 confirmed truants were committed to the New York Juvenile Asylum."

Speaking of the benefits of truant officers and the necessity of establishing truant schools, the same officer remarks as follows: "As now, the knowledge that proper officers are continually searching for absentees from school, already exerts a most salutary influence in deterring from truancy, so the existence of a truant school and a proper execution of the law against idleness and vagrancy, would induce multitudes who now totally neglect all means of education to avail themselves of the facilities in our free schools." Since these remarks will apply with peculiar force and interest to San Francisco, I desire to commend the subject to you, gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors, hoping that you will at once authorize the appointment of proper officers to put a stop to truancy and vagrancy, which are corrupting and demoralizing the youth of our city. The old adage that "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," will apply with peculiar force to the education of the young. We are, therefore, called upon by every consideration of economy and humanity to exercise greater vigilance and authority in the government and training of a large class of lads growing up in our streets without any wise parental care and authority, or they will become a disgrace and terror to society and a burden to the State.

NEW COURSE OF STUDY AND REVISED MANUAL.

Since the charge of over-working the children attending our public schools has been so often preferred against the officers of the School Department, I desire to refer, for the information of the public, to the revised course of study which has lately been adopted by the Board of Education, for the Grammar and Primary Schools, and which is published in the Appendix to this Report. This course includes ten grades—four in the Grammar and six in the Primary Departments. It will require eight years to complete it, so that pupils entering at six years of age can graduate from the Grammar Schools at the age of fourteen. By a careful reference to this course, it will be observed that, while it is full and complete, it is so gradual that it can be readily mastered in eight years. Compared with the courses of instruction in Eastern cities, it is the most simple, and at the same time the most comprehensive and practical which has yet been published.

Several important changes have been introduced, especially in regard to the methods of teaching geography and arithmetic. Local geography has been introduced in the lower grades, and every pupil will in the future be well informed in regard to the geography of his own State and the Pacific coast before leaving the Primary School. Analytical arithmetic, which, in the old course of study, required much of the pupil's time, has been omitted in the lower grades of the revised course, and in its stead has been introduced the ordinary computation of numbers required in business life—such as the use and application of the table of Federal money, computing the value of bills of merchandise and the method of reckoning simple interest in California. The whole course is peculiarly adapted to the wants of the youth of San Francisco, and will, I predict, meet the approval of teachers, pupils and parents.

The Manual of rules and regulations of the School Department, has also been revised during the year. It now contains a full digest of the powers of the Board of Education and the rights of parents and pupils. The duties and responsibilities of the different teachers have been more clearly defined, which will render the organization and government of the Public Schools much easier and more effective.

TEXT BOOKS.

But few changes have been made in the text books used in the public schools during the year. In order to save as much expense as possible to parents, the Board of Education has endeavored to exercise the utmost care to reduce the number of books used in the different series, and to allow the introduction of no work of a sectarian or political character, which could offend the sentiment or wound the feeling of any large class of our citizens.

The school room, above all other places, should be kept free from all the bitter and exciting issues, which separate society in opposing sects and parties, and which should be discussed and settled upon the forum or in the pulpit.

SCHOOL MEDALS.

In June, 1865, James Denman presented to the Board of Edu-

cation the sum of \$1,000, to establish a Medal Fund, the proceeds of which were to be expended annually in procuring medals for the most deserving pupils attending the Denman School. As this was the first medal fund established for the benefit of any of the public schools of San Francisco, I desire to insert the report of the special committee appointed by the Board of Education to prepare rules and regulations for founding and awarding the medals:

To the Board of Education:

Gentlemen-Your Special Committee, appointed July 11th, 1865, to superintend the founding and inauguration of the "Denman Grammar School Medal," having finished the duties assigned them, beg leave to present their report:

James Denman, Esq., Ex-Superintendent of Schools, and the first teacher in the old school bearing his name, having been solicited by the late Superintendent, Mr. George Tait, and some members of the Board, to make a donation to the Department in trust, the interest or revenue arising from which should be used annually for the purpose of providing medals for the pupils of the school under his charge, in consideration of the Board of Education conferring his name upon said school, met the application with liberality, and very generously donated the sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for that purpose.

Notwithstanding the Board unanimously accepted the gift with a vote of thanks for the liberal donation, yet your Committee in consideration of the conflicting opinion in regard to the propriety and usefulness of offering prizes or rewards of merit in schools, have completely investigated the subject of school medals in the older settled communities of the East, and find that their introduction is generally approved.

In nearly all the countries of Europe, it has been the custom for centuries past, in the higher institutions of learning, particularly in the government schools, to establish medals as rewards of merit, and incentives to emulation and excellence. .

The system there has met the approbation of the greatest educators, and received the approval of successive ages, until it is now everywhere regarded as a part of their institutions of learning.

The Franklin Medal, established in Boston, by Benjamin Franklin, who donated to his native city for that purpose £200, was the first one established in the United States.

Its success and usefulness in stimulating the youth in the schools of that famous city to an honorable ambition to excel in everything, which can elevate the mind and character, has never been seriously questioned.

The long list of distinguished names of those who are enrolled in the catalogue of the Franklin Medal Scholars, is now regarded by every friend of education as the proudest monument to the wisdom and goodness of the great benefactor.

As the Franklin Medal is only awarded to boys, it was resolved by the Common Council of Boston to offer a City Medal to the girls. This medal was presented regularly for several years, until, on account of the opposition of a few, who regarded any awards of merit in school as wrong, and having a pernicious tendency, its issue was discontinued.

It was urged that, since all could not receive them, no discrimination should be made in favor of any, for fear of exciting jealousy and indifference, instead of worthy ambition and emulation.

After a few years' discontinuance, the City Medal was again inaugurated, and has met with universal favor and approbation since that time.

In many of the public schools of Chicago, and in other Eastern cities, school medals have been founded by the liberality and wisdom of private citizens, and your Committee confidently hope that the "Denman Medal," the first inaugurated on the Pacific Coast, may be the means of inducing some of the wealthy and benevolent citizens of San Francisco to imitate the wise example set them, and establish similar medals in each of our well organized public schools. It would be a monument to their memory, more noble and enduring than all the preferments of wealth.

The Committee were some time in doubt, whether to invest the amount received from Mr. Denman in United States bonds or city securities. It was finally decided to purchase Railroad seven per cent. gold-bearing bonds of the City and County of San Francisco, to the amount of one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, as a permanent fund, the interest of which shall forever be set apart for the purpose of procuring the yearly medal.

These bonds, which we herewith present to your honorable body, were purchased at seventy-eight (78) cents on the dollar, which brings the amount expended for this object to seven hundred and eighty (780) dollars. The other expenses incurred by your Committee, in connection with the preparation of the medals, and paid out of the original donation, are as follows:

Paid for preparing and engraving the dies. Paid for bullion for gold medal. Paid for bullion for silver medal. Paid for engraving letters on medals. Paid for burnishing and putting rings in medals.	\$125 00 20 00 21 80 15 00 13 20
Total expenses. Expended for purchase of bonds.	195 00 780 00
Entire amount paid out	\$975 00

which leaves a balance on hand of \$25, which is herewith presented, and may be used for the purchase of medals at the close of the present school year.

Your Committee are greatly indebted to the Hon. R. B. Swain, Superintendent of the United States Branch Mint in this city, who, upon learning that it was impossible to execute the work of preparing the dies and stamping the medals in San Francisco, except at the Mint, kindly consented to do the work free of charge.

The medal is the size of a double eagle, having on the front a neat engraving of the Denman Grammar School Building, surrounded by the words, "Denman Grammar School Medal, 1865." On the reverse side are the words, "awarded to," inscribed on a neat scroll, under which the name of the recipient, and the date when awarded, is to be engraved in old English script.

The engraving of the dies and medals was executed by Wm. E. Goldsmith, who deserves much credit for the superiority of his workmanship and liber-

ality of his charge.

We do not propose to recommend any set rules for the distribution of the medals in the future, except that no scholar shall be entitled to one, unless she has been perfect in deportment during the year, and has not been absent or tardy except in case of sickness. We also recommend that the President of the Board of Education, the Director of the District, and the Master of the School, shall constitute a Committee to determine and award in future one gold medal to the first or best scholar in the graduating class, and one silver medal to the first or best scholar in each of the other classes in the building, who has not received one in a lower class, and as many silver medals to the scholars of the graduating class as are deserving of the same, or the funds will warrant. No scholar shall receive more than one silver medal, but the number of times she may have been entitled to receive one, on account of highest standing in her various classes, shall, if desired, be engraved on the medal before leaving school.

The engraved dies, from which the medals are struck, are herewith presented to the Board, and we recommend that they be placed in the iron safe of the Department, for safe keeping.

In conclusion, we recommend that, if this report shall receive your approval, it be spread upon the minutes of the Board for reference.

Respectfully submitted,

M. LYNCH,
A. C. NICHOLS,
W. A. GROVER,
Committee.

San Francisco, October 23, 1866.

Following is a list of Medal Scholars of the Denman Grammar School, since the organization of the Medal Funds:

DENMAN SCHOOL-MAY, 1866.

GOLD MEDAL.

Miss Annie Compton.

SILVER MEDALS.

First Class—Angie Crary, Louisa Templeton, Belle Baxter.

Second Grade Classes—Carrie H. Smith, Adella Curtis.

Third Grade Classes—Sarah B. Everding, Alexandrina Lyons.

Fourth Grade Classes—Isabella Vizzard, Matilda Clement, Mary E. Donnelly, Candace Jenner.

Fifth Grade Classes—Emily J. Johnson, Jennie C. Miller, Mary A. Lumsden.

Sixth Grade Class—Lelia R. Curtis and Carrie Hogg, for prompt and faithful performance of monitorial duties.

MAY, 1867.

GOLD MEDAL.

Niniama R. McLane.

SILVER MEDALS.

First Class — Clara B. Earle, Mary N. Kline, Charlotte A. Ogilvie, Evelyn G. Blethen, Alice McAteer, Julia I. Haste, Elizabeth O. Traver, Jennie F. Tennent, Annie M. Houseman, Hettie N. Perkins.

Second Class-Alice M. D'Arcy.

Third Grade Classes—Emma Kipp, Mary Alrutz, Rosetta Moore.
Fourth Grade Classes—Flora Brandenstein, Maria V. Moss,
Rosa Clement, Ellen Lemmon.

Fifth Grade Classes-Ella H. Morrison, Lucy Little.

Sixth Grade Ctasses—Camina A. Fenkhausen, Lizzie Harris, Alida Andrews.

Seventh Class-Maggie T. Moroney.

MAY, 1868.

GOLD MEDAL.

Clara B. Morrow.

SILVER MEDALS.

First Class—Ella F. Badger, Ella F. Cottle, Alice M. D'Arcy, Maria F. Eckley, Grace A. Griffin, Emma A. Hall, Josie E. Moroney, Bertha Raphael, Etha F. Sproul, Winnie G. Smith, Lora A. Smith, Ida F. Taylor.

Second Grade Classes-Pauline Raphael, Mary D. Bonner.

Third Grade Classes—Rebecca Keesing, Annie L. Lucksinger, Maria Moss, Mary A. Batten.

Fourth Grade Classes—Mary E. Land, Ella C. Stedman, Fannie Cheney, Alice Green.

Fifth Grade Classes — Minnie A. Reeve, Maggie Hutchinson, Etta L. Paddock.

Sixth Grade Class-Margaret J. Caldwell.

LINCOLN MEDAL.

In December, 1866, the Lincoln Medal was founded, through the influence and exertions of Ira & Hoitt, Esq., Principal of the Lincoln School, who raised the sum of \$1,687 25 by public exhibitions of the school and private subscriptions. The rules for awarding the Lincoln and Denman School Medals are nearly the same. The following is a list of the Medal Scholars:

MAY, 1867.

GOLD MEDAL.

Charles W. Northup.

SILVER MEDALS.

First Class—Walter Dickins, Daniel Bell, Charles E. Miller, Palmer Seamans, Louis Tobias, Samuel B. Christy, B. F. Langland, William M. Helman.

Bronze Medals—Edwin J. Knowles, Franklin A. Stohr, Joseph Hirschfelder.

Second Grade—Silver Medals: Peter Mitchell, Ferdinand C. Peterson. Bronze Medals: George E. Webber, Edward S. Wiswell, John Kretsinger.

Third Grade—Silver Medals: William R. Weir, Frank Haight, Henry Kustel, Charles B. Turrill. Bronze Medals: Joseph Greenberg, William C. Maurer, Eugene Stolz.

Fourth Grade—Silver Medals: William Baker, Andrew Moore, Alfred Tubbs, Osgood C. Wheeler, Warren J. Davis, Peter A. Wyer. Bronze Medals: Charles Newman, James Hochholzer, John V. Valentine.

Fifth Grade—Bronze Medals: Charles Hug, Jacob B. Wineshank, Charles Devlin.

MAY, 1868.

First Class—Silver Medals: William B. Anderson, John O'Neil, Ferdinand C. Peterson. Bronze Medals: Henry Gehrick, William P. McGrath.

Second Grade Classes—Silver Medals: I. H. Cutter, William Goodwin. Bronze Medals: J. Royer, C. Thompson, Charles Delmar.

Third Grade Classes—Silver Medals: William Allison, Charles Curtaz, Aug. Peach, George Messenger, Charles Lindburg, Charles Nelson. Bronze Medals: Frank Darling, T. Houseman, Charles McElwell, Gilbert Oakley, Frank Currie, James Johnston, John Grapel.

Fourth Grade Classes—Silver Medals: John Duane, William Fulton, James Knarston. Bronze Medals: Richard Schumacher, Charles Develin, Robert Moore, Swift Johnston, Robert Campbell, Rolland McMillan, Carroll Davis, Frank McCracken, Edward Cutter, William Cowperthwaite.

CO-EDUCATION OF THE SEXES.

Notwithstanding all that has been said and written in regard to the restraining and refining influences which the presence of girls in a school room throws over the boys, and the ennobling qualities which boys in the same class with girls have in developing a purer and nobler character in woman, yet there exists a prejudice in all of the great cities of the Union against the coeducation of the sexes, which is increasing with our increasing wealth and population.

In the sparsely settled districts in the country, where boys and girls are under strict discipline and government at home, and where there is not a sufficient number of pupils of either sex to organize a well graded school, it may be necessary for all to attend in the same building. But in a large city like San Francisco, where many of the children receive much of their daily education in the streets, and within the sight and under the influence of infamy and crime, parents have objections to placing delicate and refined daughters in the same class with rude and depraved boys, which all the beautiful theories of the optimist cannot overcome.

Boys require a different kind of education and government from girls, to make them manly and fit them for the sterner and more eventful duties of life. While it may be true that the sphere of women is as important to the happiness and prosperity of society as that of men, yet their duties and responsibilities are so different, that the instruction suitable to the one is entirely unfit for the other. In consequence of the strong opposition urged by many against our public schools, on account of teaching boys and girls together, I urged the Board of Education, in 1864, at the opening of the Denman School in the new building, corner of Bush and Taylor streets, to try the experiment of teaching them in different rooms. This change was so popular with the parents sending their daughters to the public schools, that upon the completion of the Lincoln building, the Board of Education organized the Rincon and Denman Schools exclusively for girls, and transferred the boys to the Lincoln School.

While this separation of the boys and girls into different schools has been opposed by a few, who think that the highest type of manhood and womanhood can only be developed by the co-education of the sexes, yet it has received the commendation and approval of nearly every parent and teacher interested in the prosperity of our public schools.

In order to complete the reorganization of the School Department, upon this basis of the separate education of the boys and girls, I presented, during the last vacation, the following communication for the consideration and adoption of the Board of Education, before the election of teachers for the following year:

"To the Honorable Board of Education:

"Gentlemen—Before commencing to elect teachers for the ensuing year, I desire to recommend for your careful consideration and adoption the following changes in the organization of the Washington, Union and Broadway Schools:

"First—That the Washington School be declared a Boys' Grammar School, the Broadway Primary School be changed to a Girls' Grammar School, and that the Union School be declared a Boys' Grammar School.

"Second—That the girls in the Washington and Union Schools be transferred to the Broadway Grammar School, and that a Grammar Master be elected in each of these schools.

"The separation of the sexes in all our Grammar Schools is demanded by nearly the unanimous sentiment of this community. This principle, which was adopted about four years since in three of the schools in the southern part of the city, has resulted in elevating and popularizing our School Department in the confidence and estimation of the public. I therefore sincerely hope and trust that the Board of Education will complete the organization of our Public Schools, by entirely separating the sexes in all except the outside schools where there is not a sufficient number of pupils to make the proper classification in separate schools."

This report received almost the unanimous indorsement of the Board, and the girls in the northern part of the city were transferred to the Broadway School, which was organized as a Girls' Grammar School, under the charge of Prof. W. J. G. Williams, Principal.

The Union and Washington Schools were reorganized as Boys' Grammar Schools, the former under the charge of Mr. T. S. Myrick, and the latter under Capt. L. D. Allen, Principals.

The boys and girls are now all taught separately, except in the suburbs of the city, where there is not a sufficient number of pupils to make a proper classification in different schools.

This has been the only radical change which has been made by the present Board of Education. It is one in which I have taken a deep interest, and for which I predict the most flattering and beneficial results.

CONSOLIDATION OF THE LATIN AND THE BOYS' HIGH SCHOOLS.

Believing in the principle that the public funds should be expended for "the greatest good to the greatest number," I have always been opposed to educating a few at great expense in Greek and Latin, while hundreds of poor children are denied the means of obtaining a primary education. That a large number of children have, until the last year, been denied admission to our public schools from the want of funds to furnish accommodations and teachers, the records of the School Department will conclusively show. There has, therefore, always been a strong prejudice among even the friends of the public schools against incurring the extra expense of maintaining a separate Latin School, while the Board of Education has been asking, at every session of the Legislature, for increased appropriations to pay "deficits," and to meet the wants of our rapidly increasing population.

To remove this source of opposition to our public schools, soon

after I entered upon the duties of my office, I urged the Board of Education to consolidate the Latin with the Boys' High School, and thus save the School Department the rent and expense of taking care of the Latin building and the extra salary of the teacher. This recommendation was almost unanimously adopted by the Board, and the pupils were transferred, in February, from the Latin building on Bryant street to the Boys' High School on Powell street. By this change the pupils are now better classified in their English studies, and are as well taught in the classics. They have, without any increase of expense to the Department, the advantage of one of the best laboratories and philosophical apparatuses on the Pacific coast. Before the consolidation, there were two teachers employed in the Latin School, with an average attendance of thirty-seven pupils, which would make the yearly tuition of each pupil, including rent and teachers' and janitors' salaries, \$125 50. The extra expense of teaching Latin and Greek to every boy now in the classical department of the High School is \$56 25, thus showing a yearly saving of \$69 25 in the education of each pupil. Since uniting the two schools, there is very little opposition to teaching Latin and Greek in our public schools. The parents and pupils are better satisfied, and I predict a greater sphere of usefulness and success for this department of public instruction.

SCHOOL DISCIPLINE.

The discipline of our public schools is generally good. Most of the teachers preserve good order, and enforce strict obedience, without being severe. While the principals are allowed to inflict corporeal punishment in extreme cases, to enforce submission and obedience to rightful authority, yet the members of the Board of Education have thrown every safeguard around the children entrusted to their care and protection, which is consistent with the best interest and future welfare of the pupils. Sec. 10 of the Manual of Rules and Regulations governing the public schools provides that: "The teachers shall practice such discipline in the schools as would be exercised by a kind, firm, judicious parent in his family, and they shall avoid corporeal punishment where good order can be preserved by milder measures. It is strictly enjoined upon all teachers in the schools to avoid all ap-

pearance of indiscreet haste in the discipline of their pupils; and in the more difficult cases that may occur to apply to the Superintendent for advice and direction."

I am a strong advocate and firm believer in the power of moral suasion over the youthful mind and heart; so much so, that during the last three years of my experience in teaching, I never allowed corporeal punishment to be inflicted in the school under my charge. Yet, I am not unmindful of the fact, that there is a large class of depraved and vicious lads growing up in San Francisco, without any parental restraint or authority, who can only be governed by the strong arm of force. I believe with Hon. John Swett, Ex-State Superintendent, that: "Judicious severity is in the end the truest kindness. Utopian systems of government, without punishment, never yet existed, and never will, except in imagination. Fear of punishment is a law of nature. Many parents object to delegating to the teacher the parental right of inflicting punishment. Some even doubt their own right, and settle quietly down into a state of passive non-resistance to their turbulent progeny. Were human nature divested of its animal attributes and passions—could it exist in a purely spiritual state — this fine-spun transcendental philosophy of the law of love might hold true; but, unfortunately, man's animal nature too often controls his moral, and spurns the restraint of his intellectual faculties—passion sways reason, and impulse rules principle."

In a public school of a hundred children, some have been reared under restraining influences of home; the life of others has been a moral blight. Some have been petted and indulged, until every capricious whim has become a household law; some have graduated in the street schools of cities and villages, adepts in all its varied accomplishments of profanity and obscenity; others have learned that courage and manliness consists in bullying smaller boys; others scorn all authority, parental and divine. Is it to be for an instant supposed that these pupils, with their varied characters and dispositions, can suddenly be transformed into mild, kind, peaceable, order-loving scholars, without resort to other means than gentle words? "When the moral faculties have been once warmed into life, then kindness and moral suasion will control, just as the wild horse, once bro-

ken in by a strong arm, can be led by a little child. Teachers have a right to expect that parents will co-operate with them in enforcing a school discipline in accordance with the dictates of common sense. The greatest lesson which the child has to learn in life is that of self-government, and if he cannot govern himself, the strong hand of power and punishment must be laid upon him, to remind him of duty, and compel him to do it."

MORAL TRAINING.

As moral training should form an important part in the education of the youthful mind and heart, I desire to say a few words upon this subject, which is so vital and interesting to all. That the moral culture of the youth attending our public schools receives all the attention which its importance demands, few will affirm; but I do most emphatically deny the charge so frequently made by sectarian bigots, that our public schools are Godless, and that the moral and religious culture of our youth is entirely neglected. While the Board of Education has wisely prohibited teachers from inculcating any sectarian or political doctrines in the schools, yet the education of the religious and moral nature of the children is carefully provided for by direct rules and regulations.

Section 5, of the code of rules governing the teachers and pupils, reads as follows: "Good morals being of first importance to pupils, and essential to their highest progress in useful knowledge, instruction therein shall be given daily in each of the schools. The pupils should be carefully instructed to avoid idleness and profanity, falsehood and deceit, and every wicked and disgraceful practice, and to conduct themselves in an orderly and proper manner; and it shall be the duty of the instructors to inculcate on all suitable occasions the principles of truth, virtue, and patriotism."

The law of California provides that no sectarian or denominational doctrine shall be taught in the public schools, but does not authorize or forbid the reading of the Scriptures. This subject is, therefore, left to the judgment and descretion of the teachers, who have, with few exceptions, refrained from using the Bible as a text book in the school room. In San Francisco, where the population is composed of all sects and classes of society, from every part of the world, with all the conflicting ele-

ments and prejudices of every creed, it is impossible to introduce the reading of any version of the Bible which is not objectionable to any large portion of the community. It may, therefore, be asked if the reading of the Scripture—which is the source of truth and morality—is not daily practiced, what moral and religious instruction is imparted to the youth? This can best be answered by a careful examination of the course of study and text books used in the school department. Through all the grades in which the pupils can read understandingly Cowdery's Moral Lessons has been introduced, to be used by teachers and pupils. The limits of this report will not permit me to speak of the praise and merits of this little work of 260 pages, or of its value in teaching the great lessons of morality and truth. If it could be placed in the hands of every parent as a precept and guide for the training of their children, I think teachers would find less trouble in managing them at school. It contains some thirty lessons on manners and morals, each lesson having a maxim which is illustrated by stories or anecdotes, followed by questions on the principles inculcated. The following are miscellaneously selected:

- 1. Do unto others as you would have them do to you.
- 2. Repay all injuries with kindness.
- 3. We must forgive all injuries as we hope to be forgiven.
- 4. Speak evil to no one.
- 5. Think the truth, speak the truth, act the truth.
- 6. Honor thy father and thy mother.
- 7. The noblest courage is the courage to do right.
- 8. The greatest conqueror is the self-conqueror.
- 9. Swear not at all.
- 10. Be faithful to every trust.
- 11. Be neat.
- 12. Right actions spring from right motives.
- 13. A person is known by the company he keeps.
- 14. Be kind to the unfortunate.
- 15. Be merciful to animals.
- 16. Live innocently if you would live happily.
- 17. The good alone are great.

Willson's Readers are used in all the classes of the Grammar and Primary Schools. Can any one assert that they teach no

morality and truth? Examine any of them carefully and they will be found to contain the most instructive and useful lessons in morals and and manners anywhere published in the English language. The following are a few of the lessons taken miscellaneously from the Second Reader:

Ten Commandments.
Praise ye the Lord.
The works of God.
Never tell a lie.
The angry boy.
God is near.
Don't kill the birds.

In the Third Reader are the following moral lessons and stories from the Bible:

Be honest and dare tell the truth.

The first temptation.

Earthly and heavenly interests.

Three lessons in industry: Little by little.

My mother's Bible.

The creation. Cain and Abel.

The wise sayings and advice of King Solomon.

Destruction of the wicked by the flood.

Worth of the Scriptures.

In the Fourth Reader, a book for the more advanced pupils, I find such lessons as these:

The curse of Cain.

Better than diamonds.

On good breeding.

Consider both sides of the question.

The hour of prayer.

Practical precepts.

These instructive and interesting stories are told in such a simple and pleasing style that they cannot help improving the youthful mind. Are they not as instructive and moral in their tone and character as the catechisms or articles of faith of any church, which are committed to memory as daily lessons in sectarian schools? While I am opposed to introducing sectarianism or politics in the public schools, yet I believe it is the highest duty of every teacher to inculcate on all occasions the great les-

sons of truth, morality and patriotism. But to secure such instruction, the teachers, and not books, must be the living presence whose example and influence should fill the school room with a moral fragrance and an atmosphere of truth which purifies and ennobles all within its influence.

I cannot forbear quoting the eloquent and truthful language upon this subject, by the Hon. J. M. Gregory, Superintendent of Michigan Schools: "No qualification of the teacher is so important as those moral attributes which win children by their kindness, and inspire them by their purity." There are teachers whose goodness is so evident, that vice feels abashed in their presence, and whose genuine kindness of heart is so genial, that every noble sentiment and every right affection flourishes spontaneously under their eye. "It is mean to lie to Dr. Arnold," said the boys at Rugby school. The open-hearted candor and the generous trustfulness of their great teacher, shamed them from their habits of falsehood. With a weak and selfish, or a passionate and fretful teacher, the very air of the school room will be haunted with a spirit of evil and misrule, and no amount of Bible reading and public prayers can make the moral influences good. The teacher who would successfully teach morals must keep in active exercise the kindliest feelings of the heart. Let him aim steadily and honestly to be what he would have his pupils become, and ask no more of goodness in them than he exhibits in himself. "Good government in schools is one of the most potential of all moral influences. And by government, I mean not merely the administration of justice or the repression of noise, but the maintainance of good order and regular system throughout all the exercises of the school. Neatness, order, and quiet—those are the evidences of good government, and these are all friends of virtue.

"The child that has been taught the great lesson of cheerful obedience to rightful authority, and has been trained to the wholesome habits of regular industry and good order, will easily be led to virtuous principles and an upright life. But, besides all these unconscious teachings, there are direct and conscious instructions in morals, which ought to find a place among the daily exercises of the schools. Not, however, in the form of homilies on the several virtues, or set lectures against vice, but

rather illustrative stories from history or experience, in which virtue and goodness shall shine out in human action, and vice may show its deformity in the wicked deeds of its votaries. The story of Washington's truthfulness aa a boy and patriotism as a man, of Joseph's forgiveness of his brothers, of Solomon's choice of wisdom rather than riches, of Grace Darling's heroism, and Lyon's bravery, will at once enlighten the judgment and inspire the heart. And let the pupil's conscience be trained to correct knowledge of right and wrong, by a skillful questioning upon the reasonableness and rectitude of the different examples given, or upon the common actions of life. The great moral sentiments of love and truth, love of industry, love of country, love of mankind, and love of God, should be as often as possible awakened in the heart, and opportunities be frequently contrived for the exercise of the virtues of benevolence, temperance, self-control, patience, charity, justice, forbearance, forgiveness, kindness, fortitude, etc. In their exercise, the pupil would learn their value and strengthen their power over him. By means such as these, daily pursued, the moral nature of the child will gradually unfold itself into settled principles of goodness, and be established in permanent habits of virtue.

"Our schools, adding this high moral culture to the intellectual training which they are beginning to conduct with so much skill, will crown their pupils with a better than a laurel wreath, and will give to society and the State citizens, whose virtue and intelligence will carry the great Republic along its pathway of empire and wealth, and work out even grander proofs of the ability of mankind to govern themselves."

SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

According to the revised school law of 1865–6, the sum of \$50 for every five hundred children between five and fifteen years of age is to be annually set apart from the State apportionment for the purpose of purchasing libraries for the public schools. How this fund should be appropriated and the libraries organized, is an important subject of discussion which it is difficult to settle. The need of good school libraries is evident and admitted by all, but whether it is better to establish a few large central libraries or to distribute the fund among all the different schools, is a

question in regard to which there is a great diversity of opinion. The Board of Education last year adopted the plan of dividing the money among all the schools, the primaries as well as the higher grades. But as the appropriation only amounted to about \$1,700 for the whole city, the apportionment for each school was too small to be of any practical use. I, therefore, desire to recommend that in the future the library fund be divided only among the High and Grammar Schools, which would make the apportionment for each school large enough to procure, in a few years, a valuable collection of books for each district. In order to insure parents and the public against the introduction of improper or objectionable works, the law provides that the State Board of Education shall recommend a suitable list of books from which to select libraries. This list, which was adopted about two years since, contains several hundred volumes of the most interesting works on education, history, travel, literature, arts, science, and children's fairy tales and story books. While the State Board has exercised great care in the selection of proper books, yet it is important that teachers should also use great caution and judgment in selecting such works as are adapted to the grade of instruction pursued by the youth under their charge. They should be able to use the library as an educational instrument, as well as the blackboard, the map, or the mathematical instrument. Children should no more be left to their own caprices in the selection of the books they read, than in choosing the studies which they pursue in the school room. Books are serviceable not simply because of the popularity and character of the author, the ability with which they are written, or the importance of the subject discussed, but rather in proportion as the reader gives them thought and investigation, and carefully selects and digests the subjects he investigates.

Let, then, the teacher be ever watchful to give the right direction to the youthful mind in all its investigations in the domain of truth or fiction. Let him recommend none but works which will enlarge the understanding and purify and exalt the affections. Then will our libraries prove a blessing to society and a benefaction worthy of the wise and liberal policy of the State in founding them.

EVENING SCHOOLS.

While the evening schools of San Francisco have done much good since their organization, still much remains to be accomplished in this important department of public instruction. During seven months of the year, there were five schools in operation, numbering 491 pupils, with an average attendance of 229.

They were held in the following school houses, viz.: four classes in the Lincoln Grammar building, Mr. R. K. Marriner, Principal; one class for foreigners, in the Cosmopolitan building, on Post street, Mr. W. W. Theobalds, Teacher; one class in the Broadway Grammar school, Mr. T. J. Leonard, Teacher; one class for females, in the Girls' High school, corner of Bush and Stockton streets, Miss E. A. Pitts, Teacher. A class for colored people was taught, a few months, by Mr. J. B. Sanderson, in the colored school building on Broadway street, but it was closed before the end of the year for want of a sufficient number of pupils.

Generally, the teachers have devoted themselves to their difficult work with commendable zeal, and have discharged their duty with fidelity and success. Most of the pupils during the last year have evinced considerable interest in their studies, and a greater desire for improvement in moral and intellectual discipline, than at any previous time. A few do not seem to appreciate the advantages which are so liberally offered to them. I would therefore recommend that stricter rules be enforced in regard to the discipline and attendance at these schools, so that the orderly and deserving pupils shall not be annoyed, and often compelled to leave school, in consequence of the noisy conduct of idle and vicious boys, who attend only for the purpose of mischief and insubordination. None should be admitted who are not twelve years old. Children under that age are too young to endure the fatigue of working all day, and studying from 7½ till $9\frac{1}{3}$ o'clock in the evening. If they are not employed in some necessary occupation, they should be compelled to attend the day schools. All applicants, before entering school, should be required to file a statement, that their object in attending the evening school is for the purpose of study and improvement, and that they will pledge themselves to attend regularly, and cheerfully obey all necessary rules and regulations for their government. If they are under sixteen years of age, their parents or guardians should be required to make similar pledges for them.

Governed by wise rules and regulations, and under the instruction of able and devoted teachers, the evening schools cannot fail to prove a great blessing to a large number of youth in San Francisco, who in early life have been deprived of the advantages of elementary instruction and culture. I therefore trust that they will continue to receive the fostering care and liberal support of the Board of Education.

COMMERCIAL EVENING CLASS.

The great success of the commercial schools in San Francisco demonstrates the necessity of establishing increased facilities for obtaining a commercial education. There is a large class of young lads who are compelled to leave school in early life to enter stores and offices, to support themselves or to assist in supplying the wants of a large family. Brought up in the busy mart of commerce and trade, they will, if the opportunity is offered to them, make our most active and successful men of business. It is for the purpose of securing the best possible business and commercial education for this class of young men, that I earnestly recommend the Board of Education to establish a commercial evening school, which, under the charge of some competent teacher, would prove a great blessing to many who have not the time to enter the commercial department of the Boys' High School, or the means to defray the great expense of a full course of instruction in schools conducted by private enterprise. I do not think the public funds could be applied to a nobler object or for a more worthy purpose.

HIGH SCHOOLS.

These schools have passed another year of great prosperity and usefulness. They deservedly sustain a high reputation for superiority of scholarship, thorough discipline and instruction. During the year the whole number enrolled in these schools was 261—120 in the Girls' High and Normal School, and 141 in the Boys' High School. A full statement of the organization and

success of the High Schools will be found in the able report of Dr. W. Ayer, chairman of the committee, which is inserted at the close of this report.

The Girls' High and Normal School has labored under great inconvenience and embarrassment on account of inferior school accommodations. The present building, corner of Bush and Stockton streets, is in every respect totally unfit for a High School, except as to its location, which is very central and easy of access to all parts of the city. I cannot, therefore, help regretting that your honorable body refused to allow the Board of Education the privilege of erecting a wooden building on the present lot, which on account of its close proximity to all the principal car routes will be the most desirable location in the city for the next ten years. Owing to the want of sufficient funds to erect a suitable and worthy brick edifice within the fire limits, the idea of obtaining a central location has been abandoned, and . the Board of Education has been compelled to select the lot owned by the Department, on Bush street, near Hyde, as a site upon which to erect the new edifice. Although this location is not as central as it should be, yet it possesses the advantage of being in a select and retired portion of the city, free from the busy noise and curiosity of the crowded streets.

The new building will be a neat, but plain three-story wooden structure, containing ten session rooms and a general assembly hall on the third floor. It will accommodate the pupils of the City Training School and the Girls' High and Normal School. While it is to be regretted that the Board of Education has not sufficient funds to erect a High School edifice worthy of the School Department, and one which would be an honor to the bounty and liberality of San Francisco, yet the plan of the new structure embraces all the modern improvements in school architecture, and will afford ample and pleasant accommodations for the young ladies for several years.

GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

The grammar classes of the English and Cosmopolitan schools have generally been taught by an able and efficient corps of teachers, who have labored faithfully and successfully during the year to discharge their responsible duties. There are 3,734 pu-

pils attending the grammar department of the public schools, requiring 76 teachers, with an average of 49 pupils to each teachr employed. At no time since the commencement of the public schools have the classes of the grammar department been under better instruction or a more perfect and effective organization. The course of study has been revised and simplified so as to meet the wants of the general mass of pupils who will receive all their scholastic education in the primary and grammar classes. now peculiarly adapted to the wants of the youth of California. Technical grammar has been omitted in the lower grades, and in its stead have been introduced frequent exercises in writing composition and abstracts of the daily lessons, which are much more practical and useful. The arithmetical course has also been made more efficient and useful, by omitting obsolete tables and abstract demonstrations and principles, which are of no utility in the ordinary affairs of life. The instruction in geography has been much improved by spending less time in learning the names of small towns which are never remembered after leaving school, and which only tend to confuse important facts with useless detail. More time and attention have been given to teaching the local and physical geography of the Pacific coast. The general geography of the world is taught in the higher grades by topical exercises, such as the principal mountain and river systems, plains and plateaus, the newest important mineral and vegetable products of the principal countries of the world, exports and imports of the great commercial countries, principal commercial and manufacturing cities of the world, and peculiar animals and products of the different zones and climes.

For a detailed statement of the condition of the different grammar schools, I desire to refer to the valuable remarks and suggestions of the committee on grammar schools; also, to the able report of the committee on classification, which was prepared by Dr. Washington Ayer, a gentleman who has devoted much time and interest during the last four years to the classification and instruction of the grammar and primary schools.

PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

Since the early training of the youthful mind and heart has such a powerful influence in moulding and shaping the future destiny of the youth committed to our charge, the importance of primary education cannot be overestimated. It is in the primary schools that the first lessons of human life and the rules of social intercourse and morality are impressed upon the plastic mind. How important, then, that these earliest impressions should receive the first and highest consideration in every system of education. The statistics of the school department show that the number of children enrolled in all the primary schools during the last year was 12,962, with a corps of teachers. This is more than three times the number of pupils in the Grammar and High schools.

According to the late census returns, there are also 17,930 children in the city under six years of age, who will be dependent for several years upon the instruction of primary schools. It is, therefore, a question of the highest importance how to elevate the standard of instruction and promote the welfare and usefulness of this department of our public schools. Acting in accordance with these views, I have devoted the greatest share of my time and attention in visiting and examining these classes, and I take great pleasure in reporting their excellent condition and flattering success. Greater improvement has been made during the last few years in primary education than in any other department of public education. The able corps of lady principals and assistant teachers have labored with a zeal and devotion in the discharge of their responsible and trying duties which should entitle them to the thanks and gratitude of every friend of education. While it may be true that some of the classes of our primary schools have not been so well taught as they should have been, yet, with few exceptions, the instruction and discipline will compare favorably with the training in any other city in the country.

The great want of suitable accommodations which for several years retarded the progress and efficiency of our primary schools, happily, for the comfort and welfare of the children, has not existed to any great extent during the last year. But while the large number of buildings erected during the year 1866–67 were ample for the primary pupils at the time, yet the large number of children now being taught in rented buildings and the 18,000 little ones in our city not old enough to attend school, should

warn us to renewed energy and effort to erect temples of knowledge for the mighty mass of juvenile population which is constantly rolling in upon us and demanding the means of intellectual culture and development, or, like the waters of the Nile, it will deluge us in an overwhelming number.

ORGANIZATION OF THE PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

There were at the close of the year 24 Primary Schools, including the colored and Chinese schools. These are divided into seven districts, which are under the general control and direction of the Grammar Master of each district, who is required to visit all the primary classes under his charge at least once a month, for the purpose of noting the methods of instruction and the general management and success of the schools; also to examine the various classes and recommend such changes and improvements as will secure a uniform system of instruction in accordance with the provisions of the New Manual of Rules and Regulations.

It is also made the duty of the Grammar Masters to carefully examine, semi-annually, for promotion, all the pupils below the sixth grade. The questions are all printed and prepared under the direction of the Superintendent, and are the same for all scholars of the same grade in the city. This system of examinations, which was first adopted about three years since, has resulted in establishing a more uniform and progressive system of instruction, which has elevated the character and increased the efficiency of the Primary Schools. The percentage of the examination of each class is carefully made out and preserved in the records of the Department, which is a great incentive to an honorable and worthy rivalry among the teachers to bring their classes to the highest state of excellence and success.

In all the large Primary Schools, with eight or more classes, there is an assistant teacher appointed for each class, which enables the Principal to give her entire time and attention to the supervision of the whole school. This wise and important regulation has been the means of securing greater uniformity and efficiency of instruction in the lower grades of the Primary Department. Owing to the small salaries paid to assistant teachers, and the rapid increase of the Public Schools, the Board of Edu-

cation has been obliged to employ a large number of young graduates from our High and Grammar Schools, who have never had any experience in the art of teaching. They often require as much instruction in the performance of their difficult duties as the little tyro under their charge; it is therefore exceedingly important to secure the most able and experienced Principals, and to give them ample time to initiate these novices in their new and responsible calling.

It gives me great pleasure to bear testimony to the zeal and ability with which most of our Primary Principals have discharged their duties. The quiet order and thorough discipline of our Primary Schools, the excellent scholarship of the pupils, and the high percentages of the semi-annual examinations speak volumes of praise for the ability and success of these devoted teachers.

COSMOPOLITAN SCHOOLS.

These schools have passed another year of usefulness and prosperity. They have been taught by able and faithful instructors, who have earnestly labored to elevate their character and enlarge the sphere of their usefulness.

The Cosmopolitan Schools were first opened about three years since, in a rented room on Tehama street, near First. They have since increased from one to thirty-four classes, numbering 2,242 pupils in the North and South Cosmopolitan Schools, requiring 40 teachers to instruct them. This rapid increase shows that the public demand the instruction imparted in these schools. It should therefore be a question of the highest consideration how to organize this important department of our Public Schools, so as to promote the best interest of the large number of children attending these classes. Their object should be more clearly defined by the Board of Education, so that parents can intelligently discriminate in regard to their value and usefulness. While our Public Schools for instruction in the English studies are so popular in the public estimation, it is to be presumed that parents send their children to the Cosmopolitan Schools for the purpose of educating them in the French and German languages. I therefore desire to recommend that less time be devoted to English studies, and that more attention be given to acquiring a

knowledge of these languages. Since children in early youth can learn a foreign language with about as much facility as they can their own vernacular, they should be taught to study and recite all their lessons in the language which they wish to acquire. If most of the branches now taught in English in the Cosmopolitan Schools were recited in French or German, I think the object of educating the pupils in these languages would be more easily and thoroughly accomplished, and in much less time than at present. With the present able corps of teachers, the Cosmopolitan Schools, if properly organized, will prove a great benefit to a large class of our citizens, who desire to give their children a liberal and finished education, which will fit them to adorn and elevate society.

DUTIES OF THE SUPERINTENDENT AND THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The duties of the Superintendent have become so varied and arduous, that it is impossible to discharge them with credit to himself or with profit and satisfaction to the public.

By law, he is required to keep himself acquainted with the progress of public education in other cities, to enable him to suggest improvements and remedy defects in the Public Schools of San Francisco. He is to advise the teachers as to the best methods of instruction and discipline; and for this purpose he is required to hold Teachers' Institutes. He shall exercise a general supervision over all the Public Schools, and visit and examine each of the 258 classes once in three months, which is an impossibility, if he performs a tithe of his other duties. He shall prepare and examine all the record books in the Department, and be always ready to render any aid or perform any duty required of him by the different Committees of the Board of Education. He shall also have a general charge of the disbursements of the Department, which now amount to over \$400,000 a year. But I do not speak so much of his duties which are defined by Statute as I do of the requirements of custom and public expectation. He should be always in his office to hear the complaints of disappointed and indignant parents, and decide trifling disputes which should never be known outside of the school room. He must listen to merits and claims of the numerous applicants for positions, from janitors to the the highest

offices in the Department, and receive the malediction of all disappointed candidates, and not unfrequently of the successful ones, if they succeed against his supposed opposition. In the language of my predecessor, "He must listen to everybody's wants and complaints; accommodate all and displease none; cater to caprices; combat, yet often succumb to prejudices; defy opposition, yet often yield to it; be everywhere; do everything and know everything; or else he is a very negligent, unfaithful, unkind, unjust, and short-coming Superintendent."

His real duties, that of superintending and supervising the instruction and education of the youth attending our Public Schools, must necessarily be very much neglected while attending to the other numerous duties of his office. It is true that popular elections and political influences have done much towards embarrassing the Superintendent in the proper discharge of his legitimate duties. But it is to be hoped that the law passed by the last Legislature, taking the selection of that officer from political conventions, and placing it in the hands of the Board of Education and Board of Supervisors, will do much towards relieving him from partisan pressure, which is certain to retard and embarrass the honest, faithful and independent performance of every public duty.

The rapid growth of the School Department, even under the most perfect organization, renders it necessary that he should be relieved of many duties now devolving upon him. I therefore desire to recommend the necessity of appointing a Deputy Superintendent to attend to the general duties and business of the office, so that the Superintendent may devote his entire attention to his appropriate and legitimate duties of visiting schools, advising with teachers and pupils, and supervising the organization and classification of the School Department. There is abundant labor to perform, which will profitably occupy the time and attention of both officers.

At the last session of the Legislature the Board of Education prepared a bill which provided for the appointment of a Deputy Superintendent and the reorganizing of the Board, making the term of election three years, so that not more than one-third of the new Directors should be elected each year, thus always retaining a majority of the old and experienced members in the

Board. This wise and meritorious bill, which passed the Assembly, was defeated in the Senate through partisan opposition and misrepresentation. But I hope and trust that some provision of this kind will receive the fair and liberal consideration of the next Legislature and become a law. According to the present statutes, one-half of the Board is elected yearly, but in reality there are always a majority; this year there will be nine members, or three-quarters of the Board elected. This constant change and introducing inexperienced members in the Board of Education will render the School Department liable to great changes and revolutions, which must endanger the stability and usefulness of the Public Schools. In this connection I desire to urge the propriety and justice of paying the members of the Board of Education for their services. Most of the members are actively engaged in some employment for a livelihood, and can therefore ill afford to spend their time from business to attend to the increasing duties of their office.

The School Department has now grown to such large proportions that it requires much of each Director's time and attention to properly discharge the duties of his office; especially is this the case with the members of certain Committees, such as those belonging to the Committee on School Houses and Sites, the Committee on Classification, etc. It is, therefore, neither just nor fair to expect their services unless they are properly remunerated. The public receives the benefit of their labor and should as liberally pay them in proportion to the duties required as other public officers are rewarded.

IMPROVEMENTS.

The general improvements which have been made during the year may be briefly stated as follows:

- 1. A more perfect system of Classification.
- 2. The separation of the sexes in the classes of all the larger Grammar and Primary Schools.
- 3. The revision of the Manual, which more clearly defines the rights and duties of teachers and pupils.
- 4. The introduction of a more practical and useful course of study peculiarly adapted to the youth of San Francisco.
 - 5. The organization of the City Training School for the pur-

pose of preparing and educating the young ladies of the High and Normal School for the profession of teaching.

- 6. Increased accommodations and completion of new school houses.
 - 7. The consolidation of the Latin and Boys' High School.
- 8. Renewed earnestness and zeal among the teachers to faithfully discharge their duties and promote the usefulness and welfare of the Public Schools.

The hearty co-operation of the teachers with the Superintendent and Board of Education to elevate the standing and promote the usefulness of the public schools, should entitle them to the praise and respect of parents and friends of education everywhere. For their courtesy, uniform kindness and assistance to me in the discharge of my laborious and difficult duties, I desire to return my warmest thanks and gratitude. The prosperity of our public schools is mainly due to their devoted labors. While school officers may do much in the cause of education, yet the real educators are the living, earnest and devoted teachers. Those who bear the toil and burden of the school room are the true benefactors of our race, and they should wear the crown.

To the President and members of the Board of Education, I would express many thanks for their generous approval and indorsement of my official labors as Superintendent. It is true, the organization and classification of our public schools have given rise to divisions and differences of opinion. I may have made many mistakes in my official acts, yet I think I can honestly say that I have ever striven to faithfully discharge my difficult duties with impartiality to all. I have been swerved neither by party prejudices, sectarian bigotry, nor the fear or favor of any.

CONCLUSION.

I have endeavored in this Report to present a correct review of the condition of the public schools and to give such statistics as would be of general interest to the community. The exhibit should inspire every one with confidence and hope for the future. In the retrospect of the past there is much to gladden the heart of every friend of education. The records of the School Department show that San Francisco is rapidly increasing in population and all the elements which constitute a great and prosperous city.

Since 1847, the number of children in our city has increased from 50 to 39,728, and the teachers from one to 284. While this rapid increase is unequaled in the annals of any city of the Union, yet we can congratulate ourselves that our progress in education and our provision for intellectual culture has kept pace with this rapid increase in population. Through all the struggles and revolutions that San Francisco has passed in its transition from the confusion and disorder consequent to the mingling together of so many discordant elements, to its present orderly and flourishing condition, our public schools have ever been regarded with pride and pleasure as the trust on which rested our future hopes of happiness and prosperity. With a past so full of progress, our future is radiant with hope and promise, if we pursue the same onward course we have commenced in erecting temples where our youth may come and drink from the fountains of knowledge and virtue "without money and without price." I cannot better express the great blessing of universal education than by quoting the language of the immortal Webster:

"Education, to accomplish the ends of good government, should be universally diffused. Open the door of the school house to all the children in the land. Let no man have the excuse of poverty for not educating his own offspring. Place the means of education within his reach, and if they remain in ignorance be it his own reproach. If one object of the expenditure of your revenue be protection against crime, you could not devise a better or cheaper means of obtaining it. Other nations spend their money in providing means for its detection and punishment, but it is the principle of our Government to provide for its never occurring; the one acts by coercion, the other by prevention. On the diffusion of education among the people rests the preservation and perpetuation of our free institutions. I apprehend no danger to our country from a foreign foe. The prospect of a war with any powerful nation is too remote to be a matter of calculation; besides, there is no nation on earth powerful enough to accomplish our overthrow. Our destruction, should it come at all, will come from another quarter. From the

"For the pupose of public instruction we hold every man subject to taxation in proportion to his property, and we look not to the question whether he himself has or has not children to be benefited by the education for which he pays. We regard it as a wise and liberal system of police by which property and life and the peace of society are secured. We seek to prevent, in some measure, the extension of the penal code, by inspiring a salutary and conservative principle of virtue and of knowledge in an early age. We hope to excite a feeling of respectability and a sense of character by enlarging the capacity and increasing the sphere of intellectual enjoyment. By general instruction we seek, as far as possible, to purify the whole atmosphere, to keep good sentiments uppermost, and to turn the strong current of feeling and opinion, as well as the censures of the law and denunciations of religion, against immorality and crime. We hope for a security beyond the law and above the law, in the prevalence of enlightened and well principled moral sentiments.

"We do not, indeed, expect all men to be philosophers or statesmen, but we confidently trust, and our expectation of the duration of our system of government rests on that trust, that by the diffusion of general knowledge and good and virtuous sentiments, the political fabric may be secure as well against open violence and overthrow as against that slow but sure undermining of licentiousness.

"We seek to educate the people. We seek to work upon the mind as well as on matter; and in working on mind, it enlarges the human intellect and heart. We know, when we work upon materials immortal and imperishable, that they will bear the impress which we place upon them through endless ages to come.

If we work upon marble, it will perish; if we work upon brass, time will efface it; if we rear temples, they will crumble to the dust; but if we work on men's immortal minds, if we imbue them with high principles—with the just fear of God and their fellow men—we engrave on those tablets something which no time can efface, but which shall brighten and brighten to all eternity."

Let, then, every friend of humanity and good government be urged on in this glorious work by every consideration of virtue, religion and patriotism. Let the sons and daughters of San Francisco be so trained and educated that they will intelligently discharge all the great duties of life and prove a blessing to the Commonwealth and an honor to our common country.

Respectfully submitted,

JAMES DENMAN.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON CLASSIFICATION, FOR THE GRAMMAR AND PRIMARY SCHOOLS, FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1868.

To the President and Members of the Board of Education:

GENTLEMEN — Your Committee, after due consideration, have made some modification in the course of instruction, which they trust will be equally practical without lessening the standard of any of the grades.

They have introduced Towne's Analysis of the English language into the Third Grade, to be continued as before in the Second and First Grades, and also, with the approval of the Board, have substituted Guyot's Intermediate Geography for Clarke's Grammar School Geography. No other change in text books has been deemed advisable.

Your Committee have also given much time and careful attention to the examinations and classification, and respectfully present the following report upon the standing of the different schools in this Department:

The percentage fixed for promotion in the Grammar schools was 70; in the

Primary schools, 80. Those pupils who had been in the school or in the class but a short time were not examined.

.The following shows the number of pupils attending Grammar and Primary Schools, May, 1868, and aggregate number promoted:

NAME OF SCHOOL.	Number Attending.	Number Examined.	Number Promoted.
Lincoln Grammar	908	612	442
Denman Grammar	680	398	284
Rincon Grammar	541	376	296
Washington Grammar	284	268	185
Union Grammar	422	422	90
Spring Valley Grammar	560	450	275
Mission Grammar	461	341	216
South Cosmopolitan	369	347	255
North Cosmopolitan	612	487	374
Shotwell.	363	276	217
Tenth Street	285	53	13
Tehama Primary	857	653	. 447
Lincoln Primary	729	594	395
Broadway Primary	629	433	356
Fourth Street Primary	535	365	219
Powell Primary	473 .	331	207
Union Primary.	470	339	293
South Cosmopolitan Primary	528	500	334
Eighth Street Primary	501	356	233
Pine and Larkin Primary	441	287	247
Hayes Valley Primary	256	175	121
Normal Training	254	254	160
City Training	248	188	122
Bryant Street Primary	213	181	102
Drumm Street Primary	141	94	30
Potrero Primary	77	55	10
West End.	30	27	9
Pine Street			
Tyler	96	66	18
San Bruno.	49	27	4
Fairmount	41	28	5
Ocean House	26	12	2
Colored	132	62	, 48

GRADUATES OF GRAMMAR SCHOOLS, 1868.

LINCOLN SCHOOL.

Americo Alex Gori, Geo. H. Fore, Daniel H. Everett, Henry P. Gehricke, Geo. D. Edwards, E. T. Brown, John A. Mattingly, David Meeker, J. J. O'Neil, Abraham Seligsohn, John U. Harbourne, Ferdinand C. Peterson, John C. Dunn, Peter J. Mitchell, J. Levingston, Geo. E. Peck, Chas. E. Wolfe, Richard S. Culverwell, Willie Steinway, Wm. H. Ware, Wm. B. Anderson, Vincent F. Valentine, Geo. W. Frank, Chas. Wright, Louis J. Frank, Harry J. Moors, Patrick W. McGrath, and Herdy Morrison—total, 28.

DENMAN SCHOOL.

Misses Clara Morrow, Maria F. Eckley, Marion Evans, Sarah Dobrzensky,

Josephine E. Lande, Bertha J. Cornwall, E. Lindberg, Maggie Carroll, Rosa Goldsmith, Katie Sherk, Ella Frances Badger, Katie May Simmonds, Mary D. Alrutz, Esther Frances Sproul, Winnie G. Smith, Katie C. Haun, Florence Cornwall, Theresa F. Stickle, Carrie Mills, Mary Carroll, Ida Florence Taylor, Rosina Maud Brady, Lora Smith, Bertha Raphael, Stella B. Wyche, Josephine Moroney, Aurora R. Bronsden, Annie R. Ashley, Marie Louise Woolsey, Alice Maria D'Arcy, Grace Adelaide Griffin, and Emma Fulton—total, 32.

RINCON SCHOOL.

Misses Laura Horn, Nellie White, Mary Mathews, Alice Hall, Martha Jones, Marietta Carleton, Katie Read, Annie Campbell, Maggie McNevin, Marion Thompson, Annie Evans, Annie Shea, Matilda Maguire, Eva Turner, Olive Parker, Irene Doyle, Mary McMillan, and Emma Tabor—total, 18.

WASHINGTON SCHOOL.

Misses Carrie Pinkham, Addie Rogers, Louise Porter Nichols, Maggie Bannan, Augusta Eastman; Masters Thomas J. Carroll, Benjamin P. Wall, Dominick W. Barrett, and James E. Clark—total, 9.

UNION SCHOOL.

Wm. Edward Dargie, Isaac E. Delavan, Peter J. Dunne, Joseph M. Robinson, and Edward C. Holmes—total, 5.

SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL.

Misses Kate Stanford, Minnie A. Hatman and Rachel Benjamin; Masters James D. Brown and Wm. P. Bullard—total, 5.

SOUTH COSMOPOLITAN SCHOOL.

Miss Annie Lee Gunn.

MISSION SCHOOL.

Misses Charlotte E. Ciprico, Annie O'Connor, Louisa Knowlton, Mary Gallagher and Mary L. Perry; Master Everett Nickerson—Total, 6.

Total number graduated from Grammar Schools in 1868, 104.

The number of children who were eligible to our schools during the year was 23,619; the whole number in attendance, 17,426; the percentage in attendance of those eligible was 74. This percentage places our city second on the roll of honor among all the cities of the Union.

Our public schools are so well managed that only a few private schools can be supported among us.

The average percentage of those eligible and who were in attendance at public schools here and in the East is as follows, viz.:

In Lowell, Massachusetts	80
In San Francisco	74
In Zanesville	65

In	Boston	60
In	Newark	55
In	Springfield, Buffalo, Troy and Syracuse	50
In	Chicago	50
In	Detroit	45
ľn	Milwaukie	40
In	Cincinnati	25

This showing is a just cause of pride to this Department, and is full of promise for the future enterprise, prosperity and happiness of the State. Enterprise and thrift are the handmaids of learning; where we find the most enterprise we also find the best schools and seminaries of learning. But, unless much time and careful attention are given to the subject of classification, the present prosperous condition of our schools cannot be maintained.

Yet, if we continue to educate the masses as we are now doing, and keep the subject of schools alive in the heart of the people, within the next decade of years, our steamers, our engines, our railroads and telegraphs will regulate the commerce of the world, and spread the golden mantle of prosperity over every sea and every clime. Then California will be known as the favored land of toil, and San Francisco hailed as the Queen of the West, where all the luxuries of the earth are centered.

In conclusion, your Committee present a few suggestions and consider some of the necessary conditions upon which our schools may be continued in the position of usefulness they now hold.

In the first place, we should carefully guard against misleading ourselves into expectations which cannot be met.

Theory and experience do not always move harmoniously together; the former is often the offspring of sudden emotion and indulges in impracticable speculations, while the latter acts as the corrective genius of error, and deals with facts.

Many things are theoretically true, yet practically false, and the discrepancies between theories and actual results may lead to great injustice, as sometimes is seen in the election and classifying of teachers and the promotion of pupils.

At our annual examinations we fix the per cent. required for promotion, and it sometimes occurs that the best pupils fail to reach the standard. In such cases we take the recommendation of the teacher as the best guide for promotion, and are seldom disappointed.

To secure the best interests of our schools we should legislate cautiously and wisely, and have our deliberations marked by a spirit of candor, and not be governed by the views of an ideal community, who reason out results that will follow any certain course of action without considering its relation to the whole.

We must take humanity as it is in the real live boys and girls which we meet in the street, and deal with them as they are; we must consider the circumstances, thoughts and feelings of parents and friends, and put their influence into the scale and carefully note the results; otherwise we can scarcely expect to have our schools continued to reflect the interests and wants of the public.

These things must have their influence upon the Committee in the full discharge of their duties, that the schools may prosper and the best results be realized.

Respectfully submitted.

WASHINGTON AYER, H. A. COBB, Chairman.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28, 1868.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON HIGH SCHOOLS FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1868.

To the President and Members of the Board of Education:

Gentlemen—In compliance with the requirements of law and the regulations of this Board, your Committee would respectfully present the following report upon the High Schools of the city:

During the past year the Boys' High School has been in charge of a very efficient corps of teachers, with Mr. Theodore Bradley, Principal; T. C. Leonard, Teacher of Mathematics; A. L. Mann, Teacher of Ancient Languages; J. M. Sibley, Assistant in the English and Commercial Department; and Mrs. C. L. Atwood, Teacher of Belles Lettres.

The whole number in attendance at the beginning of last year was 80; number in English at the close of the year, 71; number entered from Latin School, 32; number in Latin, at the close, 30; whole number in school, at the close, 101; percentage of attendance, 98.7; number in school this term, 132.

Of those who left the school during the past year, most secured good situations which their necessities prompted them to take; three left on account of illness, and one for bad deportment. With this exception, the general deportment of the students was excellent, and their progress praiseworthy.

The course of studies pursued in the English department, is adapted to the business wants of this community. During the past year exercises in the application of the sciences to the arts were introduced, which in future will vastly increase the usefulness of the school, and enable the student to apply his learning to the practical pursuit of life. For the suggestion and introduction of this course, we acknowledge our indebtedness to the present able Principal of the school; and its great importance cannot fail to secure the earnest support of all who will bestow their attention upon the subject of practical learning. So worthy have the graduates of last and previous years proved themselves, that they have reflected the highest credit upon the school and this department.

The numerous applications made by business men for our graduates must make the fact evident to all that the office which the school fulfills is eminently promotive of the interests of the city and State. They step from the school into the counting room, the machine shop, the office of the assayer, and the chemical laboratory, armed with those scientific instruments through which only can there be successful procedure in the various arts of life.

During the last examination, there were ten who graduated in the senior class, two in the junior and five in the commercial—about twenty-three per cent. of the whole school—which is equal to any of the schools of a similar grade in the East.

In Boston the per cent. of the graduates is 15; in Lowell, 19; New Orleans, 12; Springfield, Ill., 23; St. Louis, 7; Louisville, Ky., 5; Portland, Me., 8.

These facts are gathered from the different reports of 1863 to 1866, published in these cities, and give us encouragement to hope for the continued success of this school.

Our legislators, aided by our learned men and best educators, have anticipated the wants of California, and considered the important relations of science with mining and agriculture, and made provision for a Mining and Agricultural Chair in the University of the Pacific, where the young men may receive thorough instruction in these important branches of learning and manual labor.

In our High School we have taken the initiatory to this advanced University Course, in the application of the sciences to the arts; yet, with our present facilities, we cannot expect to go beyond the primary branches of the course; but if we only sound the key-note to the "Anvil Chorus," and the Song of Labor, our work will receive its reward in the future.

Here we also give instruction in Commercial Law and Comity, and in all forms of business which engage the attention of the most active and progressive community in the world.

That the plan of the school may be made more successful, we would recommend that the Committee on High Schools be authorized to make such changes and additions to the laboratory as will facilitate the application of the sciences to the arts, and secure the best interests of the class.

We would also recommend the Board to secure an insurance upon all the philosophical apparatus and cabinet belonging to the school.

THE GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL.

This school has been under the care of Mr. E. H. Holmes, Principal; Mrs. S. R. Beals, Teacher of Belles Lettres; Miss S. A. Barr, Miss M. McKenzie, Assistant, and Madame V. Brisac, Teacher of French.

The school is in a flourishing condition, and is one of the most attractive features of our city, bearing equal importance with any of the schools in the Department.

At the commencement of the school year just ended there were in attendance, 113; at the close, 108. Of this number there graduated, 33. Average per cent. of attendance for the year, 98.3.

In connection with this school there are four normal training classes, where the senior class can receive instructions in the art of teaching.

During the past year this school has been in charge of Mrs. Du Bois, a very efficient teacher, and well qualified to fill the position.

The importance of this school with its normal training can scarcely be overestimated in its connection with the High School. Here the young ladies who desire to become teachers, receive their first great lessons in school government and method of teaching; and when they come to us, they come as experienced teachers asking for positions in the department, and are entitled to our consideration. Without this preparation it would be our duty to secure the services of strangers, who have had experience, whenever we could do so, instead of giving employment to the young ladies educated among us.

It is not expected that all who go through the full course of the High School will become teachers, or that they will avail themselves of the Normal course. It would, therefore, be justice toward those who take the Normal Training to lessen their studies in the other department, at the discretion of the Committee on High Schools, or as the Board shall direct.

The following is a list of the graduates for the year ending June 30th, 1868: Annie B. Earle, Mary Gallagher, Gertrude Soulé, Florence Ames, Maggie Gallagher, Pauline Wertzlar, Sarah Avery, Susie Earle, Lizzie Wells, Mary Stevens, Jennie Stanford, Annie Dowling, Mary Williams, Alice Gregg, Mary A. Thayer, Mary E. Bennett, Ellen Coffin, Georgie Morton, Carrie McEwen, Amelia Goldstein, Margery Robertson, Esther Seeligsohn, Anne Benson.

While this school is looked upon with pride by all our citizens as a place where their daughters can receive that instruction and moral training which will fit them for all the honorable walks of life, but little care has been bestowed upon their accommodation and the building in which they daily assemble.

Your Committee feel that the present accommodations for the High and Normal School in dark, damp and ill-ventilated rooms, afford a sad commentary upon the integrity and good judgment of this Board, and would urge the erection of a suitable building for the Girls' High School, without delay.

Respectfully submitted,

WASHINGTON AYER, A. W. SCOTT, J. F. MEAGHER.

San Francisco, July 14, 1868.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON GRAMMAR SCHOOLS FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH, 1868.

To the Honorable President and Members of the Board of Education:

Gentlemen—Your Committee on Grammar Schools would respectfully present the following report:

During the past year our Grammar Schools have, in most instances, been in charge of able and faithful teachers, and the result of the annual examination has, with few exceptions, been very creditable to the teachers and satisfactory to all friends of the schools. A tabular statement of the promotions and the average per cent. of the different classes will be found in the report of the Committee on Classification. The schools which have succeeded the best and are entitled to special consideration are the Denman, Lincoln and Rincon Grammar Schools.

About the close of the second term of the school year the Hon. John Swett was placed in charge of the Denman School, and under his care the school has maintained its reputation as a first-class Grammar School. And about the same time, Dr. William T. Lucky, a very accomplished gentleman, was elected to fill a vacancy in the Lincoln School, and the result of his labor has been most gratifying.

During the entire year the Rincon School has been under its former Principal, E. Knowlton, an earnest and faithful teacher. These schools being centrally located, possess some advantages over most of the others, as home influence and the comforts of social life, and we should feel greatly disappointed if any had fallen below its present standard.

The school at the Mission under Mr. E. D. Humphreys has also made very commendable improvement, and promises to take rank with any of the schools in the city. The Union School, under Mr. T. S. Myrick, and the Spring Valley School, under Mr. B. Marks, both old and efficient teachers, have met with success. The Mason Street School, under the care of Mr. J. Stratton, has been successful in the various classes, excepting in that of the First class.

We congratulate the public upon the great prosperity of the Schools, the general good health of the children, and that so few seats have been made vacant by death. The school rooms for the most part are light, airy and well ventilated, and great care is taken for their cleanliness.

The Assistant Teachers are earnest, faithful and accomplished ladies, and should receive every encouragement at our hands, and the hearty co-operation of the public.

The course of instruction has been carefully considered, and arranged in the different grades, so as to meet the wants of the masses and do the greatest possible good to the greatest number.

While the education of the youth of our city is a subject of the highest importance, and has awakened a deep interest in the community, comparatively few having children in the schools give their earnest support to the Teachers.

PARENTAL INFLUENCES.

Much complaint has been made to the Committee, that some parents never visit the schools only to find fault with the teachers, which they do in the presence of the class, thus encouraging a spirit of insubordination. The best efforts of the teacher may fail by the adverse influence of home upon the scholars.

The conversation of the parents about the school, the spirit they manifest towards the teacher, may determine the character of the scholar as obedient and zealous, or as unruly and indolent. Great care should therefore be taken,

lest unguarded and unqualified expressions shall induce the child to disobey. The parents should aways seek to secure hearty and exact obedience to the requirements of the school. To sustain the spirit of insubordination in the slightest degree may raise a spirit not easily subdued, that shall return again and again to torture the heart of the parent.

The training of home and that of the school should go hand in hand. The more attention bestowed upon one, the more prosperity will there be in the other.

Our schools are for the intellectual and moral training of the children of all sects and parties, and we must not suffer them to become paralyzed by any party zeal or prejudice, such as would lead to an unwise interference with the duty of the teacher.

Society looks to education for an enlightened moral sentiment which will impart security to property, to life, and the peace of a community, above and beyond the law. If parents would visit our schools more frequently, become familiar with their management, and view them in their moral aspect, we are sure they would find much less occasion to complain. If anything is really wrong, we ask them to co-operate cordially and wisely to put it right, and at the same time we would urge them not to withdraw their confidence, or suffer their feelings to rise and fall with the ebb and flow of party zeal.

Respectfully submitted,

WASHINGTON AYER, H. A COBB, WM. F. HALE.

San Francisco, July 14th, 1868.

APPENDIX.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION, OFFICERS AND STAND-ING COMMITTEES, FOR THE SCOOL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1868.

PRESIDENT.....THOMAS H. HOLT.

MEMBERS.

- 1st District—E. H. COE, Flint's Warehouse, foot of Battery street. Dwelling east side of Calhoun, between Union and Green streets.
- 2d District—THOS. H. HOLT, No. 605 Montgomery street. Dwelling No. 1803 Stockton street
- 3d District-WM. F. HALE, M. D., No. 520 Kearny street.
- 4th District—H. A. COBB, No. 327 Montgomery street. Dwelling No. 1413 Powell street.
- 5th District—WASHINGTON AYER, M. D., No. 408 Kearny street. Dwelling No. 227 Kearny street.
- 6th District—T. W. J. HOLBROOK, No. 424 Montgomery street.
- 7th District—J. F. MEAGHER, St. Mary's Cathedral, corner California and Dupont streets. Dwelling No. 61 Minna street.
- 8th District—A. WASSERMAN, No. 429 Sacramento street.

 Dwelling No. 515 Post street.
- 9th District—A. W. SCOTT, southwest corner Steuart and Folsom streets. Dwelling No. 19 Rincon Place.
- 10th District—A. K. HAWKINS, San Francisco Gas Works, corner Natoma and First streets. Dwelling No. 829 Howard street.
- 11th District—P. B. CORNWALL, foot of Market street.

- 12th District—JAMES A. ROGERS, northeast corner Pacific and Polk streets. Dwelling northwest corner Filbert and Octavia streets.
- JAMES DENMAN—Superintendent Public Schools, Office No. 22 City Hall.
- GEO. BEANSTON—Secretary of the Board of Education, No. 22 City Hall. Dwelling west side of Hollis street, between O'Farrell and Ellis streets.
- RICHARD OTT—Clerk of the Board of Education, No. 22 City Hall. Dwelling No. 218 Stockton street.
- JAMES DUFFY—Messenger, No. 22 City Hall. Dwelling Buchanan street, between O'Farrell and Ellis.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Nomination of Teachers—Directors Meagher, Cornwall, Holbrook, President, and Superintendent.

Rules and Regulations—Directors Hawkins, Meagher, and Scott. Classification and Course of Instruction—Directors Hale, Holbrook, Coe, and Superintendent.

High and Normal Schools — Directors Ayer, Meagher, and Hawkins.

Cosmopolitan Schools—Directors Wasserman, Cobb, and Ayer. Text Books and Music—Directors Meagher, Rogers, and Hawkins. School Houses and Sites—Directors Rogers, Cornwall, and Holbrook.

Evening Schools—Directors Hawkins, Wasserman, and Cornwall. Furniture and Supplies—Directors Hale, Coe, and Rogers.

Salaries and Judiciary — Directors Cornwall, Rogers, and Hawkins.

Finance and Auditing—Directors Scott, Meagher, and Ayer.
Teachers' Institute—Directors Holbrook, Hawkins, and Cornwall.
Printing—Directors Coe, Holbrook, and Scott.

Janitors-Directors Rogers, Hale, and Holbrook.

ż	
FRA	
SAN	
OF	
COUNTY	
AND	1868
CILX	30rH
THE	TINE
FOR	PINT
RETURNS	CISCO FOR THE SCHOOL VEAR ENDING 11NE 30
CENSUS	SCHOOL
OF	HE
REPORT	O FOR 7
SCHOOL CENSUS-MARSHAL'S REPORT OF CENSUS RETURNS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRAN-	CISC
L CENS	
SCHOO	

Number of blind children between five and twen- ty-one years of age		:	:		:			:	1			34		35				
Num er of deaf and dnmb children between five and twenty one years of age		:	:	:	:	:			I			53		54				
Number of Mongolian children between six and fifteen years of sge attending school					00			:	:		1			6				
Number of Mongolian children under fifteen years of age		٠.	:	I	159	12	14	:	13	20	20	9	:	233				
Number of children be- tween six and fifteen	Indian			:	:	:			:	:	:	Η	:		23,227	16,034	299	39,728
years of age who have not attended school at any time during the year	Negro	::	2	::	30	:		:	:	:	44	:		41				
-	White	186	. 361	16	248	82	141	236	394	225	926	369	110	3,324				
Number of children be- tween six and fifteen	Indian		:	:	:								:	2				
years of age who have attended private school at any time during the	N-gro			:	:	:	4			:	9		:	01				:
year	W.hite	273	432	12	292	19	137	360	558	259	606	436	267	3,996				:
Number of children be	Indian		:	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	-				
tween six and filten years of age who have attended public schools at any time during the school year	Negro		co	:	32	2	20	20	:	ಣ	ಣ		:	88				
	White	856	1,535	119	1,087	96	753	1,070	1,807	926	2,290	1,961	1,046	13,576				
Number of white children between five and six years of age		123	141	23	129	6	115	175	268	167	333	225	116	1,824	age age.			
Number of children under five years of age	Negro.	1	14	:	29		16	П	:	20	9	<u></u>	6.0	15	fifteen years of a			
	White	1,057	1,787	156	1,000	153	579	1,280	2,063	1,306	3,133	2,487	1,033	16.034	fteen ye	: : :	or age.	
Number of Indian child-	Total		1	. :	:	က	2	:	co	44	П	ಣ	:	17	nd fift	s of a	years	
ren between five and fifteen years of age who live under the guar- diansh:p of white per-	Girls		1	:	i	63	:	:	e3	41	1	00	:	15	five and five and five		er nve	
sons	Воуя		:	<u>:</u>				:	i						between f	ler fi	nun	
	Total	-	10		61	4	24	9	10	9	12	2	9	142	n bet	oun u	larei	Cotal
Number of negro child- ren between five and fitteen years of age	Girl	:	4	:	22	2	14	ಣ	23	5	1-	2	2	63	White Children	ildre	a Car	Grand Total
	Boys		9	:	39	2	10	හ	00	-	5	:	4	79	hite Clegro Cl	re Ch	BOUR	G
	Total.	1,487	2,465	166	1,721	247	1,146	1,824	3,116	1,706	4,430	3,061	1.858	23,227	Wh	Wh	INTOI	
Number of white child- ren between five and fifteeu years of age	Girls.	769	1,291	80	864	130	583	881	1,586	854	2,351	1,539	916	11,844	1			
	Boys.	718	1,174	98	857	117	563	943	1,530	852	2,079	1,522	942	11,383	-11			
		1st District	2d District.	3d District.	4th District	5th District	6th District	7th District	8th District	9th District	10th District	11th District	12th District	Totals				

SUMMARY OF THE MONTHLY REPORTS OF TEACHERS, FOR THE YEAR 1867–8, COMMENCING JULY 1st, 1867, AND ENDING JUNE 30th, 1868.

Whole number of days' attendance	2,339,817
Whole number of days' absence	
Whole number of tardinesses	
Whole number of pupils enrolled during the year	
Average number belonging	
Average daily attendance	
Percentage of attendance on av'ge number belonging	
Number of pupils received by transfers from other	
schools	2,980
Number of pupils re-entered	
Number left	7,754
Number of pupils entered, who have not before at-	
tended City Public Schools during the year	5,716
Number who were registered for admission	2,144
Total number of pupils suspended	. 85
Total number of instances of truancy	919
Whole number of days' absence, by Teachers	849
Whole number of times tardy, by Teachers	1,482
Time lost by tardiness	196 h. 50 m.
Time lost by absence during schools hours	.156 h. 55 m.
Number of visits to parents made by Teachers	. 3,734
Number of visits made by School Directors	. 2,027
Number of visits made by Superintendent	. 759
Number of school visits made by other persons	-12,643

REAL ESTATE OF THE SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

During the last year, the Board of Education has acquired ninety lots.

Seventy-three of these are in the western part of the city, west of First Avenue. The size of each lot is 150 by 240 feet, running from east to west, through the center of the block, each lot having a frontage of 150 feet on both streets.

Eleven of the lots are 150 by 200 feet; and beautifully located in the Potrero and Mission Surveys.

There are also six 50-vara lots located between First Avenue and the Charter Line.

This property has been set apart for School purposes by the Board of Supervisors, and is a portion of the Outside Lands belonging to the city. In a few years, the rapid march of improvements will make this an immensely valuable estate. It is a benefaction to the School Department worthy of the city of San Francisco.

Under the Van Ness Ordinance, there were set apart for School purposes eighteen 50-vara lots in the Western Addition, six at the Mission, and three lots, 100 by 200 feet each, in the Potrero Nuevo Survey. I regret to report that the title to some of this property is in dispute, and that the city will be compelled to obtain possession of it by litigation. Through the recommendation of John R. Jarboe, Esq., Chairman of the Committee on Judiciary, the Board of Education instructed the City Attorney and Superintendent to commence actions of ejectment against all parties holding adverse possession to any School property.

A general suit for all the city property was commenced before the expiration of the "Limitation Act," but, on account of his ill health and pressure of other business, the City Attorney has not been able to try these suits or press them to a final issue. As the city is now rapidly extending in the direction of this valuable property, it is exceedingly important that the title to it should be settled as soon as possible. Large and commodious school houses will soon be required on each lot, to accommodate the rapidly increasing population.

The following is a schedule of the School Property belonging to the Department:

LOTS DEEDED BY COMMISSIONERS OF FUNDED DEBT.

Fifty vara lot No. 301, corner of Bush and Stockton streets. Fifty vara lot No. 462, corner of Kearny and Filbert streets. Fifty vara lot No. 663, corner of Vallejo and Taylor streets.

One hundred vara lot No. 128, corner of Market and Fifth streets.

Lot on Fourth street, 80 feet by 125 feet, portion of one hundred vara No. 174, corner of Harrison and Fourth streets.

LOTS OBTAINED BY EXCHANGE.

Fifty vara lot No. 482, on Greenwich street, received in exchange for fifty-vara lot No. 695, corner of Stockton and Francisco streets.

Inner portion of one hundred vara lot No. 76, fronting on Vassar Place, Harrison street, near Second street (100 by 180 feet), obtained in exchange for fifty vara lot No. 732, corner of Fremont and Harrison streets.

Part of one hundred vara lot No. 274, 115 feet on Eighth street by 275 feet deep, received in exchange for one hundred vara lot No. 258, corner of Folsom and Seventh streets.

Part of fifty vara lot No. 157, on Broadway near Powell street (69\frac{1}{4} by 137\frac{1}{2}), received in exchange for portion of one hundred vara lot No. 174, corner of Fourth and Harrison streets.

Part of fifty vara lot No. 581, 70 feet on Post street, between Dupont and Stockton streets, received in exchange for portion of one hundred vara lot No. 174, corner of Fourth and Harrison streets.

Lot 100 feet on Tyler street, by 137½ feet deep, between Pierce and Scott streets, for lot No. 2, block 431, Western Addition.

LOTS OBTAINED BY PURCHASE.

Fifty vara lot No. 418, on Union, near Montgomery street. One half of fifty vara lot No. 121, on Powell, near Clay street. Lot on Mission street, 200 by 182, in block 35.

Part of fifty vara lot No. 1320, $97\frac{1}{2}$ feet on Bush street by $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet deep.

One-half of fifty vara lot No. 159, on Powell near Jackson.

Fifty vara No. 602, corner of Mason and Washington streets. Fifty vara No. 1023, corner of Bush and Taylor streets.

Lot on Broadway street, $39\frac{3}{4}$ by $91\frac{1}{3}$ feet; portion of fifty vara lot on the northeast corner of Powell and Broadway streets.

Lot on Tehama street, 28 by 75 feet, commencing at the southerly line of Tehama street, at a point distant 297 feet westerly from the southwest corner of First and Tehama streets.

Lot on Tehama street, 90 by 75 feet, numbered on the official map of the City of San Francisco as lots Nos. 46 and 47 of the one hundred vara lot survey.

Lot on Kentucky street, 50 by 100 feet, commencing at a

point on the western line of Kentucky street, distant one hundred feet southerly from the southwest corner of Kentucky and Napa streets.

Lot on Chenery street, 62 by 125 feet, commencing at a point on the east line of Chenery street, distant northerly 200 feet from the northerly corner of Randall and Chenery streets.

Also, lot on the San José Railroad, 62 by 175 feet, commencing at a point on the westerly line of the San Jose Railroad, distant 183 feet northerly from the northwest corner of Randall street and the San Jose Railroad.

Lot on Chenery street, 50 by 125 feet, being known as lot No. 8, in block 29, as laid down upon the map of the Fairmount Tract, San Miguel Ranch.

Lot on Silver street, 44 by 70 feet, commencing at a point on the northwesterly line of Silver street, distant 112 feet from the northwesterly corner of Silver and Second streets.

Lot on the corner of Pine and Larkin streets, 200 by 120 feet, portion of block 14, Western Addition.

Lot on Clay street, near Powell, 26² by 75 feet, adjoining Boys' High School lot on the south.

Lot on Silver street, 24 by 70 feet, with house and improvements; purchased of M. Kelsy.

Lot on Silver street, 20 by 70, purchased of Mr. Thomas Connell.

LOTS OBTAINED BY DONATION.

Nos. 13, 14, 15, 16, 26, 27 and 28, in block No. 85, Potrero Nuevo. Donated by Geo. Treat.

No. 4, in block No. 23, Bernal Ranch, 200 by 125 feet, West End Map, County Road. Donated by Harvey S. Brown.

Lot on the southwest corner of Kentucky and Napa streets, 100 by 100 feet, Potrero. Donated by Robert Dyson, J. W. Raymond, J. Ward, Samuel Gilmore, James L. Riddle, and C. G. Eaton.

Lots 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, Precita Valley Lands, on Adams street, near Eve street, 50 by 132 feet. Donated by Vitus Wackenreuder.

Lot on Vermont street, 120 by 200 feet, being a portion of block No. 127, Potrero Nuevo. Donated by Nathan Porter and E. D. Sawyer.

Lot on Bernal Ranch, 80 by 180 feet, designated on West End Map No. 2, as lot No. 4, block 27. Donated by Nathan Porter.

Lot on Filbert street, between Taylor and Jones, 100 feet front, portion of fifty vara lot No. 446; donated to School Department by the Board of Supervisors.

Lot on Shotwell street, $122\frac{1}{2}$ by $122\frac{1}{2}$ feet, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third streets. Donated by John Center.

Lot on Montana street, 200 by 120 feet, known as lot No. 4, block W, upon a certain map marked "Map of Lands of the Railroad Homestead Association." Donated by Association.

LOTS OBTAINED BY VAN NESS ORDINANCE.

In Mission Blocks-

Fifty vara lot in block No. 8. Fifty vara lot in block No. 21. Fifty vara lot in block No. 34. Fifty vara lot in block No. 61. Fifty vara lot in block No. 93. Fifty vara lot in block No. 104.

In Western Addition-

Fifty vara lot No. 2, in block No. 3. Fifty vara lot No. 6, in block No. 14. Fifty vara lot No. 5, in block No. 21. Fifty vara lot No. 5, in block No. 29. Fifty vara lot No. 2, in block No. 62. Fifty vara lot No. 5, in block No. 111. Fifty vara lot No. 5, in block No. 117. Fifty vara lot No. 5, in block No. 123. Fifty vara lot No. 2, in block No. 136. Fifty vara lot No. 2, in block No. 158. Fifty vara lot No. 5, in block No. 281. Fifty vara lot No. 5, in block No. 289. Fifty vara lot No. 2, in block No. 318. Fifty vara lot No. 2, in block No. 325. Fifty vara lot No. 6, in block No. 374. Fifty vara lot No. 2, in block No. 419. Fifty vara lot No. 2, in block No. 460. Fifty vara lot No. 2, in block No. 565.

In Potrero Nuevo-

Lot in block No. 39, 100 by 200 feet. Lot in block No. 46, 100 by 200 feet. Lot in block No. 163, 100 by 200 feet.

SCHOOL LOTS WEST OF FIRST AVENUE TO THE OCEAN.

The size of each lot is 150 by 240 feet, running from East and west through the center of the block, having a frontage of 150 feet on each street.

No. of Block in which each Lot is situated.	No of Block in which each Lot is situated.	No. of Block in which each Lot is situated.			
673	780	878	792	975	1209
678	872	963	696	1056	1276
375	957	1044	357	1132	418
278	1038	1120	260	1203	242
176	1114	1191	158	248	339
867	1186	1258	407	345	714
775	395	1264	152	708	810
953	164	1197	254	804	902
170	266	1126	351	896	987
272	363	1050	702	981	1068
369	690	969	798	1062	1215
684	786	884	890	1138	1146

LOTS BETWEEN FIRST AVENUE AND THE OLD CHARTER LINE; EACH LOT IS FIFTY VARA IN SIZE.

In block 523, on Page street, between Baker and Broderick streets.

In block 530, on McAllister street, between Baker and Broderick streets.

In block 541, on Sacramento street, between Baker and Broderick streets.

In block 546, on Pacific street, between Baker and Broderick streets.

In block 553, on Lombard street, between Baker and Broderick streets.

In block 657, on Haight street, between Lott street and Masonic Avenue.

LOTS IN MISSION SURVEY, WEST OF POTRERO AVENUE.

Lot, $117\frac{1}{2}$ by 150 feet, on Mission street, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets, in block No. 183.

Lot, 150 by 245 feet on Valencia and Bartlett streets, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third streets, in block No. 136.

Lot, 150 by 200 feet, on Bryant and York streets, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third streets, in block No. 147.

Lot, 150 by 200 feet, on Bryant and Colusi streets, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets, in block No. 178.

LOTS EAST OF POTRERO AVENUE TO BAY.

Potrero Survey, size of lots 150 by 200 feet. In blocks 373, 287, 265, 254, 226, 149, 122.

RECAPITULATION.

Number of School Lots west of First Avenue, 73.

Number of School Lots between First Avenue and Charter Line, 6.

Number of School Lots in Mission Survey, 4. Number of School Lots in Potrero Survey, 7.

SCHEDULE OF SALARIES FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR 1868-69.

No.		Salary per month.	Salary per, annum.	Totals.
	normal research			
1	BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL.	@000 99	00 500	
	Principal	\$208 33	\$2,500	
Ţ	Assistant	175 00	2,100	
	Assistants, each	150 00	3,600	
1	Assistant	100 00	1,200	
				\$9,400
	GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL.		1.	
1	Principal	208 33	\$2,500	
2	Assistants, each	100 00	2,400	
2	Assistants, each	90 00	2,160	
				7,060
	STATE AND CITY TRAINING SCHOOLS.			,
1	Principal	115 00	\$1,380	
1	Principal	100 00	1,200	
$\bar{2}$	Assistants, each	67 50	1,620	
3	Probationary Teachers, each	50 00	1,800	
	Trobactoriary Teachers, each	00 00	1,000	6,000
	GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.			0,000
9		175 00	Ø19 000	
1	Grammar Masters, each	175 00	\$18,900	
1	Principal	125 00	1,500	
2	Principals, each	100 00	2,400	
8	Sub-Masters, each	125 00	12,000	
9	Head-Assistants, each	83 33	9,000	
1	Head-Assistant	72 50	870	0
9	Assistants teaching 2d grade classes, each.	75 00	8,100	
38	Assistants, each	70 00	31,920	
6	Prob. Teachers, first grade, each	55 00	3,960	
1	Prob. Teacher, second grade	50 00	600	
	, 0			89,250
	PRIMARY SCHOOLS.			,
8	Principals, each	100 00	\$9,600	
	Principals, each	85 00	4,080	
9	Principals, each	75 00	8,100	
	Assistants, each	67 50	82,620	
	Prob. Teachers, first grade, each	55 00	18,480	
	Prob. Teachers, second grade, each	50 00	14.400	
21	From Teachers, second grade, each	90 00	14.400	197 000
				137,280
4	COLORED SCHOOL.	100 00	01 000	
1	Principal	100 00	\$1,200	1000
1	Assistant.	75 00	900	
1	Prob. Teacher, first grade	55 00	660	
				2,760
-	CHINESE SCHOOL.			
1	Principal	75 00	\$900	
		1		900
	SPECIAL TEACHERS.		Y I	
2	Teachers of Music, each	150 00	\$3,600	
2	Teachers of Drawing, each	150 00	3,600	
	0,			7,200
284				\$259,850
-				,

LOCATION OF SCHOOLS.

NAMES OF TEACHERS, NUMBER OF PUPILS ENROLLED DURING THE YEAR, THE AVERAGE ATTENDANCE AND THE MONTHLY EXPENSE OF TUITION, BASED UPON THE TEACHERS' AND JANITORS' SALARIES OF SCHOOL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1868.

Boys' High School.

Pupils registered, 124; average attendance, 83.1; number to each Teacher, 163; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$9 72.

TEACHERS.

Theodore Bradley	Principal.
Thos. C. Leonard	. Assistant.
John M. Sibley	
A. L. Mann.	
Mrs. C. L. Atwood	

GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL.

Location......Southeast corner of Bush and Stockton Streets.

Pupils registered, 120; average attendance, 105.7; number to each Teacher, 21_{10}^1 ; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$5 72.

TEACHERS.

Ellis H. HolmesPrincipal.
Mrs. Caroline R. Beals
Miss E. A. Cleaveland
Miss S. A. Barr
Mad. V. G. BrisacTeacher of French.

LINCOLN GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

Location......East side Fifth Street, near Market.

Pupils registered, 1,201; average attendance, 905.3; number to each Teacher, 45; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 85.

TEACHERS.

Bernhard Marks	Principal.
J. Phelps, D.D	Sub-Master.
Jos. D. Littlefield	
L. W. Reed	
Mrs. M. J. Sanky	Assistant.
Miss L. B. Jewett	

Mrs. C. S. James	Assistant.
Miss E. A. Shaw.	66
Mrs. E. F. Pearson	66
Miss M. T. Kimball	6.6
Miss C. L. Smith	66
Miss L. S. Swain.	
Miss S. G. Bunker	
Miss Grace Chalmers	
Mrs. B. F. Moore.	
Mrs. M. W. Kincaid	
Miss M. A. Salisbury	
Miss M. M. Guinness	
Miss Jennie Forbes.	
Miss Mary Pascoe	
Miss M. L. Jordan	
Miss M. A. H. Estabrook	
Miss Sarah L. Field	

DENMAN GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

Location......Northwest corner Bush and Taylor Streets.

Pupils registered, 954; average attendance, 686.5; number to each Teacher, 45³; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 84.

TEACHERS.

John Swett	Principal.
Mrs. E. M. Baumgardner	Assistant.
Miss C. M. Pattee	Assistant.
Miss Nettie Doud	cċ
Miss Jessie Smith	66
Miss Alice T. Kenney	6.6
Miss Ada Bowen	
Miss Annie M. Holmes	66
Mrs. E. P. Bradley	66
Miss A. T. Flint	
Miss L. L. Gummer	66
Miss Jennie Armstrong	6.6
Miss Fannie S. Howe	
Miss Mary J. Little	6.6
Miss Clara C. Bowen	66

RINCON GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

Location..... Vassar Place, leading from Harrison Street, between Second and Third.

Pupils registered, 707; average attendance, 513; number to each Teacher, 39²₅; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 82.

TEACHERS.

Ebenezer KnowltonPri	ncipal.
Miss Helen M. Thompson	sistant.
Miss Helen M. Clarke	
Miss S. M. Scotchler	66
Miss Mary E. Stowell	66
Miss Annie M. Dore	66
Miss Mary A. E. Phillips	. "
Miss Lizzie B. Easton	"
Miss Margaret Wade	"
Miss Clara Bucknam	66
Miss Lizzie Johnston	"
Miss Sadie Davis	66
Miss Augusta C. Robertson	66

Union Grammar School.

Location......North side Union Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.

Pupils registered, 533; average attendance, 383.6; number to each Teacher, 383; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$2 32.

TEACHERS.

Thomas S. Myrick	. Principal.
Philip Prior	Sub-Master.
Miss A. F. AldrichHead	d Assistant.
Miss Flora Smith	. Assistant.
Miss Annie E. Hucks	
Miss Nellie Baldwin	
Miss Lizzie White	
Miss Ellen G. Grant	
Miss Sarah E. Fox	
Miss Sarah Mayers	

MISSION GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

Pupils registered, 643; average attendance, 442.7; number to each Teacher, 49½; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 75.

	TEACHERS.	
Edwin D. Humphrey		Principal.
J. H. Sumner		Sub-Master.
Mrs. Frances E. Reynolds	S	Head Assistant.
Mrs. Mary Humphrey		Assistant.
Mrs. Elizabeth Varney		
Miss A. A. Rowe		
Miss Maria O'Connor	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Miss A. M. Jourdan		
Miss Anita Ciprico		
Miss Mary Stone		
South Cosmo	POLITAN GRAMMAR S	
Pupils registered, 514;		
each Teacher, 3910; month	0	
each reacher, 55 ₁₀ , month	ly fulfion of each I	արո, քո 55.
	TEACHERS.	
Henry N. Bolander		_
A. Coulon		
Miss Laura T. Fowler		
Miss Sarah Gunn		
Miss Lizzie Le B. Gunn		
Arnold Dulon		
Mrs. A. H. Hamill		
Mrs. A. H. Hamill Mrs. Louisa Dejarlais		
Mrs. A. H. Hamill		
Mrs. A. H. Hamill Mrs. Louisa Dejarlais Mrs. Emily Foster		
Mrs. A. H. Hamill Mrs. Louisa Dejarlais Mrs. Emily Foster		
Mrs. A. H. Hamill Mrs. Louisa Dejarlais Mrs. Emily Foster Broadway Gr		GIRLS.
Mrs. A. H. Hamill Mrs. Louisa Dejarlais Mrs. Emily Foster Broadway Gr	AMMAR School for hed June 6th, 1868	Girls.
Mrs. A. H. Hamill Mrs. Louisa Dejarlais Mrs. Emily Foster Broadway Gr Establis	AMMAR School for hed June 6th, 1868	Girls.
Mrs. A. H. Hamill Mrs. Louisa Dejarlais Mrs. Emily Foster Broadway Gr Establis Location	AMMAR SCHOOL FOR hed June 6th, 1868 h side Broadway Street, beto TEACHERS.	GIRLS.
Mrs. A. H. Hamill Mrs. Louisa Dejarlais Mrs. Emily Foster Broadway Gr Establis	AMMAR SCHOOL FOR hed June 6th, 1868 h side Broadway Street, betw TEACHERS.	GIRLS. Green Powell and Mason. Principal.
Mrs. A. H. Hamill Mrs. Louisa Dejarlais Mrs. Emily Foster Broadway Gr Establis Location Nort Prof. W. J. G. Williams.	AMMAR SCHOOL FOR hed June 6th, 1868 h side Broadway Street, betw TEACHERS.	GIRLS. GIRLS. Ween Powell and Mason. Principal. Head Assistant.
Mrs. A. H. Hamill Mrs. Louisa Dejarlais Mrs. Emily Foster Broadway Gr Establis LocationNort Prof. W. J. G. Williams. Miss Maggie McKenzie	AMMAR SCHOOL FOR hed June 6th, 1868 h side Broadway Street, beto TEACHERS.	GIRLS. GIRLS.
Mrs. A. H. Hamill Mrs. Louisa Dejarlais Mrs. Emily Foster Broadway Gr Establis LocationNort Prof. W. J. G. Williams. Miss Maggie McKenzie Mrs. L. A. K. Clappe	AMMAR SCHOOL FOR hed June 6th, 1868 h side Broadway Street, beto TEACHERS.	GIRLS. GIRLS.
Mrs. A. H. Hamill Mrs. Louisa Dejarlais Mrs. Emily Foster Broadway Gr Establis LocationNort Prof. W. J. G. Williams. Miss Maggie McKenzie Mrs. L. A. K. Clappe Miss Emily M. Tibbey Miss Phebe Palmer	AMMAR SCHOOL FOR hed June 6th, 1868 h side Broadway Street, beto TEACHERS.	GIRLS. GIRLS. B. Ween Powell and Mason. Principal. Head Assistant. Assistant.
Mrs. A. H. Hamill Mrs. Louisa Dejarlais Mrs. Emily Foster Broadway Gr Establis LocationNort Prof. W. J. G. Williams. Miss Maggie McKenzie Mrs. L. A. K. Clappe Miss Emily M. Tibbey	AMMAR SCHOOL FOR hed June 6th, 1868 h side Broadway Street, beto TEACHERS.	GIRLS. GIRLS. Principal. Head Assistant. Assistant.

Mrs. B. M. HurlbutAs	sistant.
Miss S. B. Cooke	6.6
Miss S. A. Kelly	6.6
Miss Ella J. Morse	6.6
Miss Mary A. Haswell	6.6
Miss Mattie Ritchie	66
Washington Grammar School.	

......Southwest corner of Mason and Washington Streets,

Pupils registered, 430; average attendance, 336.2; number to each Teacher, 42; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$2 05.

TEACHERS.

L. D. Allen	Principal.
Mrs. Lizzie G. Deetkin	Assistant.
Miss Jean Parker	Assistant.
Miss D. S. Prescott	66
Miss S. A. Jessup	66
Miss Helen A. Satterlee	
Miss Carrie M. Chase	

SPRING VALLEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

....South side Broadway Street, between Larkin and Polk.

Pupils registered, 662; average attendance, 459.4; number to each Teacher, 51; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 42.

TEACHERS.

Nosh F. FloodPrincipal.
Abel T. WinnSub-Master.
Miss Carrie P. Field
Miss Mary Murphy
Miss Frances Simon
Miss Augusta P. Fink "
Miss Annie E. Stevens
Miss Mary J. E. Kennedy "
Miss Esther Goldsmith "

SHOTWELL STREET SCHOOL.

Location......East side Shotwell Street, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third.

Pupils registered, 396; average attendance, 314.7; number to each Teacher, 3913; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 90.

TEACHERS.

Silas A. White	-
Miss Annie A. Hill	Head Assistant.
Miss Annie J. Hall	
Miss Bessie Hallowell	
Miss Hattie L. Wooll	
Miss Grace W. Wright	
Miss Rebecca P. Paul	
Miss Mary J. Morgan	
Mrs. Ellen M. Carlisle	

TENTH STREET SCHOOL.

Location......West side Tenth Street, between Folsom and Harrison.

Pupils registered, 407; average attendance, 286; number to each Teacher, 57; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 21.

TEACHERS.

W. J. Gorman	Principal.
Mrs. Margaret Deane	Assistant.
Miss Lizzie O'Callaghan	
Miss Margaret McAuliff	
Miss Mary A. Hassett	
Miss Kate A. Galvin	

NORTH COSMOPOLITAN SCHOOL.

Pupils registered, 778; average attendance, 579.8; number to each Teacher, 483; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 56.

TEACHERS.

Miss Kate Kennedy	Principal.
Miss Fannie Mitchell	Assistant.
Miss Rosa Levinson	Assistant.
Miss Agnes Chalmers	"
Miss Amelia Wells	
Mrs. U. Rendsburg	66
Mrs. Bertha Chapuis	66
Abraham Solomon	
Miss A. T. Campbell	6 6
Miss Jane E. Greer	

AII ENDIA.	110
Miss Fannie Soulé. Miss Naomi E. Hoy. Mrs, William R. Duane (Broadway). Miss Ida M. Friel (Filbert). Mrs. Laura T. Covington (Broadway).	6
TEHAMA PRIMARY SCHOOL.	
LocationSouth side Tehama Street, near First	t.
Pupils registered, 1,265; average attendance, 901.9; nur	mber
to each Teacher, 53; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 30.	
TEACHERS.	
Mrs. E. A. Wood	inal
Miss S. N. Joseph	a.
	6
Miss Carrie Barlow	6
Miss Mary F. Smith	c
Miss E. White	4
Miss Hattie A. Lyons	6
Miss Maggie T. Howard	6
Miss Helen A. Grant '	6
miss Abbie 5. Rose	6
Miss S. H. Whitney	
Miss J. A. Hutton	
Miss Ellen Gallagher.,	
Miss Gertrude Soulé	
Miss Maria L. Soulé	
Miss Maggie Hall	
miss patite trait	
Miss Roxa Cocks	•
LINCOLN PRIMARY SCHOOL.	
LocationSoutheast corner of Market and Fifth Street	8.
Pupils registered, 1,019; average attendance, 701.4; nur to each Teacher, 53; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 72.	nber
TEACHERS.	
Miss Kate M. SullivanPrinc	ipal.
Miss Carrie L. HuntAssist	
Miss Filena T. Sherman '	6

Miss Mary F. George	Assistant.
Miss Bessie Malloy	
Miss Katie B. Childs	. "
Miss Nellie A. Littlefield	
Miss Lydia A. Clegg	
Miss Christina McLean	
Mrs. Laura T. Hopkins	
Mrs. Kate McLaughlin	
Miss Martha A. Lawless	
Miss Gazena A. Garrison	. 66
Powell Street Primary School.	
LocationWest side Powell Street, between Jackson and Wo	ashington
Pupils registered, 579; average attendance, 436.3;	
each Teacher, 48; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1	
	υ .
TEACHERS.	D 1
Miss Carrie V. Benjamin	
Miss L. W. Burwell	
Miss Sarah E. Thurton	
Miss Julia M. Gelston.	
Miss Mary E. Morgan	
Mrs. E. S. Forester	
Miss Mary E. Tucker.	
Miss Alice C. Allen	
HISS HITCO C. HITCH.,,,,,,	•
Broadway Primary School.	
Location,	on Streets.
Pupils registered, 879; average attendance, 538.9;	
each Teacher, 44,0; monthly tuition of each pupil. \$1	61.
TEACHERS.	
Mrs. Wm. R. Duane	Principal.
Mrs. M. W. Phelps	
Miss Lizzie Overend	
Miss Annie E. Hucks	
Miss Nellie S. Baldwin	
Miss Fannie S. Howe	
Mrs. Belle M. Hurlbut	. "

MIIDADIA.
Nice Nom A Ti-1
Miss Mary A. Lloyd
miss mary Solomon
MISS M. A. Haswell
Miss Ella J. Morse
Mrs. E. Marcus. "
Union Primary School.
Location
Pupils registered, 785; average attendance, 442; number to each Teacher, 491; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 39.
TEACHERS.
Mrs. Aurelia Griffith
Miss E. Overend
Miss L. Solomon.
Miss Alice Stincen.
Miss Mary E. Perkins
miss E. O. Capprise
miss Henrietta Featherly
Miss Caroline E. Younger
South Cosmopolitan Primary School.
LocationNorth side Post Street, between Dupont and Stockton.
Pupils registered, 802; average attendance, 602.8; number to
each Teacher, 60_5^1 ; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 12.
Miss Minns Crof Principal
Miss Minna Graf
Miss Helen E. Roeben
miss oface Smith
Miss M. E. H. Dames
Miss E. Siegemann
Miss C. E. Campbell
MISS LIZZIE TOTK
Miss Sarah Miller
Miss Adele Koehncke
Mason Street Cosmopolitan School.
LocationEast side Mason Street, between Post and Geary.
TEACHERS.
Mrs. P. C. Cook

Miss V. Coulon Assistant. Miss S. E. Duff " Mrs. Marie Dupuy "
Geary Street Cosmopolitan School.
LocationSouth side Geary Street, between Stockton and Powell.
Miss E. A. D'Arcy. Principal. L. Michaelsen. Assistant. Miss Amelia Goldstein. "
FOURTH STREET PRIMARY SCHOOL.
LocationNorthwest corner Fourth and Clary Streets.
Pupils registered, 742; average attendance, 524.6; number to each Teacher, 47\(\frac{3}{4}\); monthly tuition of each pupil, \(\frac{\$1}{5}\)1.
TEACHERS. Mrs. L. A. Morgan Principal. Miss M. A. Stincen Assistant. Miss Anna Gibbons " Miss Chlora Comstock " Miss E. McKee " Miss Theodosia J. Carter " Mrs. R. F. Ingraham " Miss Hattie J. Estabrook " Miss J. B. Brown " Miss S. H. Thayer " Miss E. Cushing "
Normal Training School.
LocationSouth side Market Street, near Fifth.
Pupils registered, 313; average attendance, 238.7; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 35.
TEACHERS.
Mrs. C. H. Stout. Principal. Miss M. G. Heydenfeldt Assistant. Mrs. E. B. Jones "

CITY TRAINING SCHOOL.
LocationEast side Stockton Street, near Bush.
Pupils registered, 352; average attendance, 175; monthly fuition of each pupil, \$1 20.
TEACHERS.
Mrs. A. E. DuBois
Miss Annie L. Gray
MISS Alline D. Earle
Miss Susie H. Earle
EIGHTH STREET PRIMARY SCHOOL.
Location East side Eighth Street, between Harrison and Bryant.
Pupils registered, 688; average attendance, 423; number to
each Teacher, 42; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 61.
TEACHERS.
Miss E. A. Slavan Principal.
Miss S. E. Frissell
miss M. A. Humphreys
Miss S. E. Johnson " Miss S. S. Knapp "
Mrs. L. W. Wallace
Miss Annie Hazen
Miss M. A. Brady
Miss C. E. Swain
Miss Kate E. Gorman
PINE AND LARKIN PRIMARY SCHOOL.
LocationSouthwest corner Pine and Larkin Streets.
Pupils registered, 642; average attendance, 405; number to
each Teacher, 503; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 49.
TEACHERS.
Miss Hannah Cooke
Miss A. B. Chalmers Assistant.
Miss Kate Bonnell "
Miss Deborah Hyman
Miss L. A. Humphreys
Miss Frances M. Benjamin "
Miss B. A. Kelly
Mrs. J. H. Nevins

Spring Valley Primary School.
LocationSouth side Union Street, between Franklin and Gough.
Pupils registered, 157; average attendance, 92.5; number to each Teacher, 46; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 62.
TEACHERS.
Miss Jennie M. A. Hurley
HAYES VALLEY PRIMARY SCHOOL.
Location
Pupils registered, 454; average attendance, 255.7; number to each Teacher, 51,1; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 60.
TEACHERS.
Miss P. M. StowellPrincipal.Miss F. A. StowellAssistant.Miss H. P. Burr"Miss Kate O'Brien"Miss Mary Williams"
BRYANT STREET PRIMARY SCHOOL.
Location
Pupils registered, 338; average attendance, 207.6; number to each Teacher, 51,0; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 37.
TEACHERS.
Miss Jennie SmithPrincipalMrs. Theresa M. SullivanAssistantMiss Clara J. Dolliver"Miss Augusta S. Cameron"
Hyde Street Primary School.
Location
Pupils registered, 198; average attendance, 125.5; number to each Teacher, 41; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 49.
TEACHERS.
Miss A. M. ManningPrincipal.Miss Mary F. MetcalfAssistantMiss Mary E. Savage"

DRUMM STREET PRIMARY SCHOOL.
LocationNortheast corner Sacramento and Drumm Streets.
Pupils registered, 217; average attendance, 126.8; number to
each Teacher, 42; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 53.
TEACHERS.
Miss Annie M. MurphyPrincipal.
Mrs. Helen V. Shipley
Miss Carrie A. Menges
Potrero School.
Location
Pupils registered, 105; average attendance, 70.4; number to
each Teacher, 35; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$2 05.
TEACHERS.
Miss Annie S. Jewett
Miss Sarah E. AndersonAssistant.
The G
PINE STREET SCHOOL.
LocationNorth side Pine Street, between Scott and Devisadero.
Pupils registered, 107; average attendance, 69.9; number to each Teacher, 34%; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 93.
TEACHERS.
Miss L. A. PrichardPrincipal.
Miss Abbie F. SpragueAssistant.
Tyler Street School.
Location
Pupils registered, 144; average attendance, 77.6; number to
each Teacher, 38; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 93.
TEACHERS.
Miss Jennie E. Gunn
Mrs. Laverna Allen
WEST END SCHOOL.
LocationNear Six Mile House.

Pupils registered, 69; average attendance, 25.5; monthly tui-

W. W. Holder.....Principal.

tion of each pupil, \$3 25.

SAN BRUNO SCHOOL.

, SAN BRUNO SCHOOL.
Location
Pupils registered, 88; average attendance, 49.7; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$1 71.
Miss Marion SearsPrincipal.
OCEAN HOUSE SCHOOL.
LocationNear Ocean House.
Pupils registered, 23; average attendance, 17.4; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$4 31.
Albert LyserPrincipal.
FAIRMOUNT SCHOOL.
Location
Pupils registered, 57; average attendance, 29; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$2 93.
Miss Susan D. CareyPrincipal.
Colored School.
Pupils registered, 161; average attendance, 98; number to each Teacher, 323; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$2 41.
TEACHERS.
Mrs. Georgia Washburn Principal. Mrs. H. F. Byers Assistant. Miss Adrianna Beers "
Chinese School.
Location
Pupils registered, 179; average attendance, 38.8; monthly tuition of each pupil, \$2 06.
William M. DyePrincipal.
Special Teachers.
F. K. Mitchell Teacher of Music.
W. D. Murphy " " "
Hubert Burgess

REGULATIONS AND COURSE OF STUDY OF THE GRAMMAR AND PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

Section 1. The Grammar Schools for boys, and the mixed Grammar Schools (boys' and girls') shall each be instructed by a Master, a Head Assistant, and as many Sub-Masters and Female Assistants as the Board may determine. In the Primary Schools of eight or more classes, there shall be an Assistant Teacher appointed to take charge of each class, so that the Principal may spend her whole time in superintending the school. It shall be the especial duty of the Principals to see that Assistant Teachers faithfully conform in their teaching to the course of instruction adopted by the Board of Education; and they are authorized to visit the classes under their charge for the purpose of examining the scholars and giving directions to the Assistants.

- Sec. 2. Grammar Schools for girls shall each be instructed by a Master, a Head Assistant, and three or more female Assistants.
- SEC. 3. Every Teacher's desk shall be supplied with the following reference books: Willson's Manual of Instruction, Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, Calkin's Lessons on Objects, and Cowdery's Moral Lessons, and such works of reference as the Board may require.
- SEC. 4. In the Primary Grades, the specific directions of Willson's Manual relating to the use of Willson's Charts, Readers and Spellers, shall be followed in detail; and in Oral Instruction and other subjects the suggestions of the reference books shall be pursued as far as practicable.
- Sec. 5. For the purpose of allowing time to study in school, every grade shall be divided into two sections one section to study while the other is reciting. In general slate and blackboard exercises in Arithmetic, in Writing and Drawing, and written examinations, and such general exercises as require the attention of the whole class, both sections may recite together.
- Sec. 6. Not more than one-fourth of the time in any grade shall be devoted to the recitations in Arithmetic, and in grades below the Sixth, not more than three-quarters of an hour, daily, shall be given to Arithmetic.
 - SEC. 7. In all grades, excepting the lowest two, Friday may

be devoted to reviews, written examinations, declamations, reading of compositions and select pieces, and other general exercises; and during the last term of the year, there shall be at least one written examination in some study on Friday of each week.

- Sec. 8. There shall be ten grades in the course of study—four in the Grammar Department and six in the Primary Department. The regular course of study shall consist of eight years, so that children entering at six years of age may graduate at fourteen years of age.
- SEC. 9. There shall be registered in the Grammar Schools not less than fifty scholars to each teacher. In classes of the First, Second, and Third Grades, the average number belonging shall be not less than forty scholars. In classes of the Fourth Grade the number registered shall not be less than fifty-six scholars, and the average number belonging not less than forty-five; and in the Primary classes there shall be registered not less than sixty nor more than seventy pupils, and the average number belonging shall not be less than fifty-five.
- SEC. 10. Pupils admitted from the Primary Schools are expected to enter the Grammar Schools at the commencement of the term in July; but all other applicants found on examination qualified in all respects, may enter school at any time by applying to the Master. Pupils regularly transferred from one school to another may be admitted at any time, on presenting their certificates of transfer, without an examination. Monday morning should be specially set apart by the Principals for receiving and examining new scholars.
- Sec. 11. Lessons assigned daily to be studied out of school, shall not be longer than a pupil of good capacity, in the upper Grammar classes, can acquire in one hour and a half, and a pupil of the lower classes can acquire in one hour.
- SEC. 12. Within the two weeks preceding the last Monday in each term, the Master of each District shall visit each Primary in his School District, and examine the classes in the presence of their instructors, and he shall give certificates of promotion to such pupils as he may find qualified. If, however, the parent or guardian of any pupil not promoted on the examination of the Master, is dissatisfied with his decision, such person may apply to the Superintendent for another examination of said applicant.

- SEC. 13. Each class shall pursue the studies and use the text books assigned to its grade; but whenever it shall appear that a lower class has, in any particular branch of study, made the progress requisite for promotion to a higher grade, at a period earlier than the regular time for general promotion, then such class may, with the approval of the Superintendent, enter upon the study of one of the text books prescribed for the next higher class.
- Sec. 14. At the beginning of each school year, the Superintendent shall direct and supervise the organization of the several classes in the School Department, and see that none are retained members of any class who ought to be admitted to classes of higher grades.
- Sec. 15. Vocal Music shall be taught in all the grades of both departments under the direction of the Music Master, whose time shall be apportioned among the schools and classes of each district, by the Grammar Master of that district.
- Sec. 16. Map Drawing shall be required in all the grades in which Geography is studied, under the general direction of the Principals. Specimen Maps drawn during the year should be preserved by the teacher and credited at the annual examination for promotion.
- SEC. 17. Penmanship shall be taught as directed by the Principal of the District. In the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Grades, four regular lessons in copy books should be given each week. At least two copy books must be written through each term. The general principles of Penmanship shall be explained by the teacher of each class. One-half of the credits in Penmanship will be awarded for neatness and improvement made in copy books.
- Sec. 18. Vocal Music, Drawing, Map Drawing, Reading and Oral Instruction, Composition and Writing shall all be credited in the annual examination for promotion.
- Sec. 19. Physical exercises, such as are adapted to the several grades, and the different school rooms, shall be given by all the teachers in all the schools, at least once a day, and in the Primary classes twice each day, under the general direction of the Grammar Master of each district.
 - SEC. 20. During the entire course, particular and continued

attention shall be given to the spelling of all names used in the lessons of Local Geography. All difficult names must be written on the blackboard and copied on slates or in exercise books.

Sec. 21. In every grade, except the Tenth, the teacher shall review the course of study of the preceding grade, and the Oral Instruction of all the preceding grades.

Sec. 22. No pupil shall be admitted to the Girls' High School unless 13 years of age, and no girl under 12 years of age shall be admitted to the first class of the Grammar schools.

Sec. 23. No lesson to be studied at home shall be given to pupils in the Tenth, Ninth and Eighth Grades.

Sec. 24. For the purpose of saving time and teaching pupils to carefully express their lessons and ideas in written language, it is recommended that teachers require their classes to write their lessons on their slates. In the higher classes, after the lessons have been written, the scholars should exchange slates and correct mistakes according to correct answers, which should be dictated by the teacher. Review the lessons orally which have been written. Every alternate lesson could be profitably recited in writing.

Sec. 25. Scholars are responsible for the condition and neatness of their desks and the floor near them. Teachers are particularly required to enforce order and neatness in the school room, by precept and the example of keeping everything about their own desks in order. Principals are required to give daily attention to the observance of this rule.

REVISED COURSE OF STUDY FOR THE GRAMMAR AND PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

PROBATIONARY, OR TENTH GRADE.

Time for completing this Course, One Year.

For general directions in this grade, see Willson's Manual, First School Year, pages 289 to 294.

Reading.—Lessons from Willson's Charts, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4. Willson's Primer begun. For instructions in methods of teaching to be pursued in this grade, see Willson's Manual, pages 24 to 41, and 291 and 292; Calkin's Manual, pages 269 to 290.

Spelling.—From the Charts and Primer, as directed in Willson's Manual.

Language—Oral Composition.—By combining words and making short sentences, as directed in Willson's Manual, pages 24 to 41; also Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 219 to 230.

Be careful to correct all faulty expressions of the pupils, and require them to repeat their answers, using the correct language.

Printing and Drawing.—Printing letters on the blackboard, at least fifteen minutes by each division, daily. Printing on the slate, daily, at least fifteen minutes. One division shall be sent to the blackboard, while the other is at work on the slates. See page 26, Willson's Manual.

Drawing, both on the slate and blackboard, as directed in Willson's Manual, pages 51 to 55; Calkin's Manual, 94 to 98.

Numbers.—Counting, reading and writing numbers to 100. Adding and subtracting small numbers, not to exceed 4+10, both mentally and by writing them on the blackboard. Use the numeral frame. Roman numerals to XXV. Adding on the board and slate, columns of units not to exceed 5, to an amount not to exceed 25. For methods of teaching, see Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 138 to 174; and Willson's Manual, pages 30 to 32; Calkin's, 135 to 153.

Morals and Manners.—Taught by enforcing habits of personal cleanliness, neatness in dress, and obedience to parents; and by telling, not reading, simple stories to illustrate the virtues of honesty, truthfulness and kindness. Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 384 to 388, for practical exercises; Calkin's Lessons, pages 349 to 358.

ORAL INSTRUCTION—Color.—Teach the names of the Primary and Secondary colors on Willson's Color Chart No. 13, and teach pupils to distinguish the colors of objects. Willson's

Manual, page 92; Calkin's Manual, 112 to 116.

Parts of the Body.—See Calkin's Manual, pages 189 to 200. Objects.—Chair, watch, clock, pin, thimble, knife, cart, and all other objects named on page 308, Calkin's Manual. See Calkin's Manual, pages 291 to 308.

Animals.—See Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, 310 to 316; take dog, goat, cat and kittens, hen and chickens, and animals named on pages 315 and 316, in Sheldon's Manual.

Place.—Location of the school house, of the house of each pupil, the number of the house, and name of the street. Names of the five principal streets of the city.

General Directions.—Make two divisions of the class, and keep one at the blackboard, or occupied with their slates, while the other is receiving instruction in reading and spelling, or numbers, from the teacher. Physical exercises, according to Mason's Manual, must be given twice a day, five minutes each time.

The teachers of this grade are requested to study thoroughly and carefully Willson's Manual, Calkin's Object Lessons, Sheldon's Elementary Instruction—particularly the sections relating to the first lessons in teaching.

NINTH GRADE.

Time for completing this Grade, Five Months.

Reading.—Willson's Primer, completed. Use Charts Nos. 5 and 6, and review Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4.

One reading lesson from the Charts daily, and one from the Primer daily.

For detailed instructions, see Willson's Manual, pages 24 to 41, and pages 294, 295; paragraphs 25 and 37, with references. Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 231 to 248.

Spellling.—From the Charts and Primer, and from words printed on the board by the teacher. See Willson's Manual, pages 294, 295, paragraphs 25 and 37, with references.

Language.—Oral Composition, as directed in Willson's Manual, pages 24 to 41, at least fifteen minutes each day. Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 219 to 230.

Be careful to correct the faulty pronunciation and ungrammatical expressions of pupils, and particularly careful to require them to repeat their answers in sentences, using correct language.

WRITING AND PRINTING.—Begin script writing on the black-board, easy capitals, and small letters, followed by writing on the slates, at least fifteen minutes daily.

Writing from Chart No. 9. See Willson's Manual, page 294, paragraph 27. Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, page 258. First Step.

Drawing.—Both on the blackboard and slates, at least twenty minutes daily. Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 419 to 426. Calkin's, 94 to 98.

Numbers.—Counting by 1's, 2's, 5's and 10's to 100, and backwards; reading and writing numbers to 1,000; addition and subtraction tables to 6 plus 10, regularly and promiscuously. Reading and writing Roman numerals to 50. Tables to be printed on the board. The Abacus to be used in illustration of simple operations.

Pupils shall perform slate and blackboard exercises in adding columns of units to an amount not exceeding 100. Name and value of silver coins. For methods, see Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 168 to 179; Calkin's, 138 to 154.

Morals and Manners.—Continued as in the First Term. Tell stories from Abbott's Library Book, "Learning about Right and Wrong." Read five or ten minutes each day, from some interesting juvenile book from the School Library. Tell stories from Willson's Intermediate Third Reader. See Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, 389 to 391. Calkin's Lessons, pages 353 to 357. Teach ten maxims from Willson's Manual, or Sheldon's Elementary Instruction.

Colors.—The leading colors and shades, from Color Chart No. 13, matching and selecting colors from the box of color cards. Also, teach the color of familiar objects.

Size.—Length, the inch, foot and yard, taught by marking lengths on the blackboard, and by actually measuring with sticks, cut in lengths of a foot and a yard, measuring the length and width of the room, desks and other objects. Teach that 12 inches make one foot; three feet make one yard. See Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 200 to 207.

Place.—See Calkin's, 244 to 258; Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, 263 to 270, five lessons. Review of the Tenth Grade exercises. Ten additional names of streets, right and left hand, North, East, South and West. Location of any public buildings in sight of the school house. Tell the situation of the Bay of San Francisco; Goat Island; Alcatraz Island; North Beach; Rincon Point; the Presidio; the Protrero; Telegraph Hill; the Coast Range of Mountains and Oakland.

Parts of the Body.—Continued from the First Term. Calkin's Manual, pages 189 to 226.

Objects.—Review the exercises of the Tenth Grade, and take the following additional: glass, slate, water, milk. See Calkin's Manual, pages 308 to 317.

Animals.—Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, Second Step,

pages 316 to 320. Willson's Charts No. 15 and No. 1.

Plants.—Chart No. 21. Willson's Manual, pages 292, 294. See paragraphs 8 and 32.

Conversational Lessons from Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 26 to 32.

General Directions.—Review the work of the lower grade. Two divisions in the class.

Physical exercises twice a day, five minutes each time.

Teachers are required to carefully study the reference books.

No exercises to exceed fifteen minutes in length.

Review studies of the lower grades.

EIGHTH GRADE.

Time to complete this Grade, Five Months.

Reading.—Willson's First Reader, to page 47. Concert vocal exercises, on the vowel sounds, before each reading lesson. Drill exercises in rising and falling inflection, and emphasis. Calkin's Manual. 269 to 297.

Spelling.—Words from the Reader, and the names of common objects. Two short exercises daily—one oral, the other written or printed on the slate or blackboard.

Language.—Oral Composition, as directed in Willson's Manual; Conversational Lessons. Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 27 to 33.

Drawing.—For instruction, see Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 419 to 426. Use easy drawing cards, as may be directed by the Principal or Drawing Master.

WRITING.—Each division of the class must have an exercise of ten minutes at the blackboard, daily, and one of equal length on the slates. Short sentences from the Reader, to be printed or written on the slates and the board, and the lessons in spelling to be learned by printing or writing the words on the slates or board. Writing script letters, both capital and small letters. Teach the relative proportions of the small letters, as the height

of the letters m and d compared with h and b. Review of the Ninth Grade course.

Numbers.—Counting to 100 by 2's, beginning with one: as 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, etc.; and review counting on even numbers by 2's, 5's, and 10's. Reading and Writing to 10,000. Roman numerals to 100. Addition and Subtraction tables taught together to 10+10, regularly and promiscuously. Multiplication table: 2×1 to 2×10. Teach the use of the terms plus and minus, and drill the class in rapid mental combinations of small numbers: as, 4+2+2+3+1—3-2+4=how many? Calkin's Manual, 135 to 160. Tables to be printed on the board: blackboard drill in adding columns of units to an amount not exceeding 100; multiplication of units, the product not to exceed 20, in the form of written arithmetic. See Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 172 to 179. Teach pupils the sign of dollars, and how to write dollars, not to exceed \$10,000.

MORALS AND MANNERS.—Continue as in the Ninth Grade. Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, 389 to 390. Cowdery. Teach 10 new Maxims from Willson or Sheldon, and review the 10 learned in the previous term.

Oral Instruction — Forms.—Lines: straight, curved, parallel, perpendicular, vertical, horizontal, oblique, spiral and waving.

Angles.—Right, acute and obtuse; and plane surfaces, the square, the triangle, and the circle. For instructions, see Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 63 to 80; Calkin's Manual, 41 to 77.

Color.—Exercises on the Color Chart, reviewing the leading colors, tints and shades.

Size.—Square measure introduced by drawing a square inch, and a square foot, on the blackboard. Exercises in measuring the length of objects in the school room. See Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 200 to 207.

Place.—Calkin's 245 to 258. Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, 268 to 278.

Objects.—Review the work of the Ninth Grade, with the following additional: sugar, coal, sponge, india rubber. Calkin's, page 317 to 330.

Animals.—Review the lessons of the Ninth Grade. Willson's Chart, No. 15. Willson's Manual, pages 150 to 162.

Plants.—Names of plants from Chart No. 21, and names of plants which the children see at home, or in the gardens.

Local Geography.—Teach the following directions, both in the room and out of doors: North, East, South, West. Direction of the principal streets. Locate, in addition to the places named in the Ninth Grade, the following: Russian Hill, Rincon Hill, Mission Peaks, the Plaza, Union Square, Washington Square, the City Hall, Custom House, Post Office, United States Marine Hospital, the Lincoln School House, the Golden Gate, Pacific Ocean, Angel Island, the Shot Tower, Woodward's Garden, City Gardens, Lone Mountain Cemetery, Seal Rocks and Fort Point.

General Directions.—Review the studies of the lower grades.

Two divisions of the class.

SEVENTH GRADE.

Time to complete this Grade, Five Months.

READING. — Willson's First Reader, completed. Short exercises in vocal sounds, breathing, and inflection, of five minutes before each lesson. Punctuation marks and inflections. See Willson's Manual, page 301, paragraph 76.

Spelling.—Willson's Primary Speller, to page 40, to be used as directed in the preface by the author. Every work to be used in constructing a sentence, either written or oral; accent of syllables, and the marks used to distinguish the different sounds of the vowels, whether long or short. Short exercises daily, in spelling words in *common* use by children.

LANGUAGE.—Oral composition continued as in the Eighth Grade. Writing short sentences from Willson's Speller, in connection with the spelling lessons. Writing short sentences about animals or things. The pupils taught to use Capital Letters at the beginning of sentences, and periods at the close. Require pupils to answer questions by using a complete sentence.

WRITING.—Blackboard and slate writing daily. Proportions of the small letters taught by ruled spaces on the board. In classes where the pupils have desks, use a long slate pencil, and require it to be held like a pen. Begin to use paper, writing with a long lead pencil. The use of pencils to be followed by the use of a pen; blank books or paper used in this class. Gen-

eral exercises to secure freedom of movement with the hand and arm. For instructions for position at the desk, see Grade Sixth.

Drawing.—For instructions, see Willson's Manual, pages 51 to 54. Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, 426 to 433.

Numbers.—Robinson's Primary Arithmetic, to page 42. Counting by 3's, on odd and even numbers: as 1, 4, 7 and 2, 5, 8, 11, etc., and backwards by subtraction, as 99, 96, 93, etc. Review of counting 2's, 4's, 5's and 10's, and backwards. Problems to be solved with open books. Multiplication and division tables, singly and simultaneously, to 6 times 12, regularly and promiscuously. Reading and writing numbers to one million. Roman numerals of the Eighth Grade reviewed, and continued to 1,000.

Printing tables on the board and the slate daily. Rapid mental combinations of small numbers in Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division as in former grades. Examples in adding columns of units and tens on the board, the amount not to exceed 1,000. Teach pupils to read and write fractions not to exceed 10ths, and to perform slate and blackboard exercises, in Multiplication, the product not to exceed 100; as 24 multiplied by 4. Teach the form of writing examples in Division, using only unit figures for the divisor; as 3)36

Morals and Manners.—Begin to read from Cowdery's Moral Lessons, one lesson a week, of twenty minutes. Politeness of behavior should be strictly inculcated, and neatness of dress encouraged. Teach ten new maxims, and review those learned before.

Animals.—Review the exercises of the Eighth Grade. Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 320 to 324. Third Step. Chart No. 17. Teach the names of birds, and their most striking characteristics.

Plants.—Willson's Chart No. 21. Teach the names of plants and their most common uses.

FORM.—Square, parallelogram, right-angled triangle, pentagon, hexagon, heptagon, octagon, circle, semi-circle, ring, oval and ellipse. Review form in lower grades.

Color.—Review the charts on color, and teach the leading colors, tints and shades. Compare with the charts the color of articles of clothing, flowers, plants, etc.

Objects.—Salt, alum, honey, gum Arabic, wax, putty, mortar,

chalk, iron, gold, silver and copper. See Calkin's Object Lessons, pages 333 and 334.

LOCAL GEOGRAPHY.—Review the places taught in the lower grades, and in addition teach the direction and situation of Oakland, Goat Island, Mercantile Library, the largest church and school edifices, San Pablo, San Rafael, Petaluma, Vallejo, Benicia, San José.

Size.—Develop ideas of width, as wide and narrow; of thickness; of height, as high and low, tall and short; of depth, as deep and shallow. See Calkin's Primary Object Lessons, pages 168 to 171. Review size in lower grades.

Place.—Develop ideas of surface of the country by the children's own observation of land, water, hills, valleys and mountains. See Calkin's Primary Object Lessons, pages 263 to 265. Also Sh'eldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 271 to 284.

Calisthenic and Physical Exercises of five minutes, at least three times a day. Review studies of lower grades.

SIXTH GRADE.

Time to complete this Grade, One Term of Five Months.

Reading.—Willson's Second Reader. Thorough drill in inflection, pitch, force, pauses, emphasis and accent, of five minutes before commencing to read. Exercises in vocal culture in connection with reading lessons.

Thorough drill on the sounds of the vowels and consonants.

In this grade, the work of learning how to study lessons begins.

Secure the careful attention of the pupils to the *meaning* of their lessons by questioning them on the sense. Require the pupils to close their books and give the substance, first of a sentence, next of a paragraph, and finally of a page or the entire lesson.

Spelling.—Willson's Primary Speller, to page 60—omitting pages 49, 50, 51 and 55. Every word to be used in constructing a sentence, either oral or written, as directed in the Speller. Lessons of the Seventh Grade reviewed. Spelling of words in common use by the pupils.

Language.—Written and oral sentences, as directed in Willson's Manual. Short written extemporaneous compositions under the direction of the teacher. For suggestions, use Brookfield's Elementary Composition. Attention paid to spelling, capitals, periods, and the pronoun I as a capital letter. Require pupils to answer questions by using complete sentences. Be careful to correct all ungrammatical expressions.

Writing.—Exercises in writing on the blackboard, for the purpose of learning the proportions of the small letters and capitals. Writing in a blank book such exercises with a pen as will secure a free use of the fingers, hand, wrist and arm, and correct and easy positions at the desk.

Position in Writing.—Require the pupil to sit with the right elbow resting on the right-hand corner of the desk, the left elbow on the left-hand corner, the body facing the desk squarely, the weight thrown lightly on the left arm, and the book placed diagonally on the desk. This is, for most writing, the easiest and best position at the school desks.

Drawing.—Blackboard and slate exercises, using drawing cards selected by the teacher.

ARITHMETIC.—Robinsen's Primary, to page 64. Pupils to recite lessons with open book, and the tables to be printed by the pupils on the blackboard and slate. The analysis of problems not to be required, but pupils to perform on the blackboard, as well as mentally, the problems on each page, under the tables. List of "tables" to be learned: Avoirdupois Weight, United States Money, Time, Dry Measure, and Liquid Measure to gallons; Long Measure, learned by actual measurement on the board—12 inches 1 foot, 3 feet 1 yard, $5\frac{1}{2}$ yards or $16\frac{1}{2}$ feet 1 rod; Square Measure—144 square inches 1 square foot, 9 square feet 1 square yard, drawn on the board.

Blackboard drill in adding columns of units, tens, and hundreds, the amount not to exceed 1,000. Drill on the board in written multiplication, the multiplier being limited to unit figures and the multiplicand to six places.

Written division, using 2 for the divisor and three places for the dividend.

Subtraction, limited to four places, and the reasons for "borrowing" not to be required.

Numeration and notation to 1,000,000.

Roman Numerals to 1,000.

Counting or Adding, beginning with both 1 and 2, to 100, by 2's, 3's, 4's and 5's, and subtracting the same from 100. Rapid combinations of unit figures, in the four operations, both mentally and on the slate and blackboard, as $6\times4\div8+2\times4-2\div9+7\div3\times7-1\div10=\text{how many?}$

Teach pupils to read and write common fractions to hundredths, and decimal fractions to hundredths.

Teach pupils the use of the sign \$, and to read, write, and add dollars and cents.

No lessons in Arithmetic in this grade to be assigned by the teacher to be studied at home.

Manners and Morals.—Cowdery's Moral Lessons, one lesson of half an hour each Friday. The moral judgment may now be called into exercise to determine the right or wrong of actions, with some of the simple reasons for such opinions. Read from Willson's Third Reader, and from the Rollo Books in the library. Teach ten new Maxims, and review those of the previous grade.

Oral Instruction—Form.—Teach from the box of solids the following: Cube, pyramid, sphere, cone, cylinder, and review the work of all the lower grades.

Color.—Color chart, review of leading colors, tints and shades, the same as in Eighth Grade.

Objects.—Review the work of the previous grade, and take the following additional: Paper, leather, lead, egg, cheese, orange, apple, peach, pear. See Sheldon's Lessons on Objects, and Elementary Instruction.

Animals.—Extend and review the lessons of the Seventh Grade and lower grades. For suggestions, see Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, 324 to 358.

Plants.—Review and extend the lessons of the Seventh Grade. For suggestions, see Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, 359 to 384.

Teach the name of the President of the United States, the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor of the State, the Mayor and principal officers of the City of San Francisco.

Place — Local Geography.—Review the places named in the Seventh Grade, and locate the following additional ones: Mer-

cantile Library, Mechanics' Institute, Masonic Temple, Odd Fellows' Hall, the larger church buildings, San Pablo, San Rafael, Petaluma, Vallejo, Benicia, San José, Angel Island, Raccoon Straits, Golden Gate, Fort Point, Lime Point, Bay Counties, Upper Coast Counties, Lower Coast Counties, Mountain Counties, Gold producing Counties, Grazing Counties, Grain producing Counties, Location of Copper Mines, Quicksilvre Mines, Coal Mines, and Marble and Granite Quarries. Require the direction, by points of the compass, of all the places named in the lower grades, from the school house which the pupils attend.

Require the pupils to draw on a board on a large scale a rough outline map of the Bay of San Francisco and vicinity. Require the pupils to spell the names of all the places taught in Local Geography, by writing them on the slate or in exercise books.

Natural features of land and water. Distance in miles of places in the city from the City Hall, and of towns in the vicinity from San Francisco.

A globe introduced to the pupils, and the equator, axes, poles and daily revolutions, made familiar. Oceans and continents pointed out, and the location of California.

Time.—Teach the scholars to distinguish the time of day by the clock.

General Directions.—Physical exercises, breathing exercises, and concert vocal exercises, at least twice every day. General review of the course in the lower grades.

FIFTH GRADE.

Time to complete this Grade, One Year.

Reading.—Willson's Intermediate Third, one-half of the book. Concert vocal exercises on the elementary sounds, inflection, pitch and stress, five minutes at each reading lesson. The teacher is referred to Russell's Vocal Culture. Teach abbreviations as found in Sargent's Speller, the teacher to copy them on the blackboard. Scholars should not be required to purchase the book.

Spelling.-Willson's Primary, reviewed and completed, omit-

ting Lessons 98, 99, 102, and pages 76 to 80. Written and oral construction of sentences as directed in the Speller. Oral spelling, alternating with exercises in writing, both on the slate and with pencil and pen on paper. Weekly exercise in spelling the names of objects and places named in the course of oral instruction.

Writing.—Payson & Dunton's Copy Books as directed by the Principal. Particular attention given to the manner of holding the pen. Bad habits of position at the desk, and incorrect manner of holding the pen, to count as fifty per cent. of demerit in the examination in writing. Four lessons a week, and a fifth lesson in copying a corrected composition.

Drawing.—Under the direction of the drawing teacher. For suggestions in blackboard drawing, the teacher is referred to Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 433 to 441.

Language.—Oral and written sentence-making, in connection with Willson's Speller, as required under the head of spelling. One extemporaneous composition, time half an hour each week, on some subject presented and talked about by the teacher, as in oral instruction. One studied composition weekly, and presented each Friday, to be recopied as a writing lesson the following week. For suggestions use Brookfield's Composition, Sheldon's, Calkin's, and Willson's Manuals, and Quackenbos' First Lessons.

Require pupils to use correct language in recitation.

GEOGRAPHY.—Cornell's Primary to the Map of Asia.

Arithmetic.—Robinson's Rudiments to page 82, omitting Sections 74, 75 and 76, rules and definitions, and making practical operations the main object. Mental examples to be performed with open book. Class drill on the blackboard fifteen minutes, twice a week, on practical operations, dictated by the teacher in the four rules. Rapid mental combinations of numbers, class-drill twice a week, of ten minutes each. Rapid counting, class-drill, by 2's, 3's, 4's, 5's, 6's, 7's, 8's, 9's, 10's, 11's and 12's, to 100. Roman numerals reviewed. Continue the reading and writing of common fractions, not to exceed 100ths, and of decimal fractions, not to exceed 1,000ths. Addition and subtraction of decimals, and their multiplication by whole numbers, limited to small numbers, and simple operations. Similar exercises with dollars and cents.

LOCAL GEOGRAPHY.—Review of the course in the Sixth Grade. Rough outline map of California, drawn on the board by the pupils, and the following additional places located: Yreka, Crescent City, Red Bluff, Marysville, Grass Valley, Nevada, Sacramento, Stockton, San José, Santa Cruz, Monterey, Los Angeles, San Diego, and exercises in distances of those places from San Francisco. Locate the following places: Virginia City, Salt Lake City, Portland, Salem, Vancouver, Sitka, four Mountain Ranges, and seven principal rivers and bays of the Pacific Coast in the United States. Pupils should be taught to spell the names of all the places taught in local geography by writing them on the slate or in their exercise books.

Morals and Manners.—Cowdery's Moral Lessons; one exercise of half an hour each Friday; for suggestions in conducting moral lessons, see Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 402, 403. Teach ten new Maxims; commit to memory ten stanzas from the best poets.

ORAL INSTRUCTION.—General review of colors, form, size and place, as taught in the Sixth and Seventh Grades.

METALS AND MINERALS.—General properties, qualities and uses of the following: iron, gold, silver, lead, copper, salt, coal, granite, marble and slate, the objects to be presented to the class. For instruction and models, see Sheldon's Lessons on Objects, pages 132 to 168.

Animals.—Chart No. 16. Teach the names and most prominent characteristics and habits of the animals named on the Chart, omitting difficult technical names and classification.

GOVERNMENT.—Give short oral lessons upon the Monarchial and Republican forms of Government, and teach the names of the rulers of England, France, Prussia, Austria, Russia, Italy and Brazil.

Plants.—Willson's Chart No. 22. Take the Medicinal plants, and those used as beverages. For directions, see Willson's Manual, pages 249 to 266.

General Directions.—Some regular physical exercise, at least twice a day.

In schools for girls exclusively, the class should be provided with light wooden dumb-bells.

Short written examination at least once in two weeks.

Review the studies of the lower grades.

FOURTH GRADE.

Reading.—Willson's Intermediate Third Reader. Vocal exercises, as in the Fifth Grade, continued. See Russell's Vocal Culture.

Spelling.—Willson's Large Speller, to page 60. Particular and continued attention to be given to the oral and written construction of sentences, as directed in the preface; to the parts of speech, as directed after each lesson on the upper half of each page; and to the sounds of the vowels and their notation, as indicated at the head of each lesson.

The "lessons," on the upper half of each page, may be spelled orally, but the "exercises," on the lower half of each page, containing synonyms, must be written, and the phrases expanded into sentences. Abbreviations reviewed from Sargent's Speller.

Writing.—Three lessons a week in the copy books, and one in copying corrected compositions: half an hour each lesson. Faulty habits of position at the desk and holding the pen, to count 20 per cent. demerit of the credits allowed in examination.

Drawing.—As directed by the Drawing Teacher.

Language.—Require usually answers to be given by using a complete sentence. Correct faulty expressions, and require the pupil to repeat the correction. Oral and written exercises in sentence-making, as found in connection with Willson's Speller. Short extemporaneous compositions, or exercises on the slate, on simple subjects, taken from the topics of oral instruction, twice a week, half an hour each time. One studied composition every Friday, on some subject selected and talked about by the teacher. Teach the pupils how to write, fold and direct a letter, and require them to write composition exercises in the form of letters, until they learn how to do it correctly, by practice. All corrected compositions to be recopied in school, as a writing exercise. For topics, refer to Willson's, Calkin's, or Sheldon's Manuals; Lessons on Objects.

GEOGRAPHY—Cornell's Primary, reviewed and completed. Exercises on the Outline Maps. Five Lessons on the Globe, to explain the location of continents and oceans, latitude, longitude, meridians, parallels, poles, equator, and the revolution of the earth.

Local.—Review the exercises of the Sixth Grade. Require the pupils to draw on the board, and on paper, large sized maps of California. Locating, in addition to places named in the Fifth and Sixth Grades, the following: Sonora, Placerville, Watsonville, Napa, Brooklyn, Copperopolis, San Bernardino, Red Bluff, Visalia, Folsom, Redwood City. Locate the mountain ranges and principal rivers of the Pacific Coast. Teach the principal mineral and vegetable productions of the Pacific Coast, and the physical characteristics and climate of the country, and draw maps of the Pacific States and Territories.

Pupils should be taught to spell all the names of places taught in local geography, by writing them on their slates or in their exercise books.

ARITHMETIC.—Robinson's Rudiments, from page 82 to 153, omitting the black-lettered sections, 132, 138, 141, 142, 145, 150, 152, 162 to 165, with all examples involving their applications. Review the first 82 pages by taking the last five examples under each paragraph or section. Analysis not required in examination. Class-drill exercises on the board and slate at least every other lesson in arithmetic, of fifteen minutes. Teach the pupils the method of reckoning simple interest in California, in the common business form. Require the pupils to write promissory notes, orders, and bills, until every member of the class can write each form correctly and creditably.

Oral Instruction.—General review of the Color Charts, and the box of geometrical solids. See Sheldon's, Willson's, and Calkin's Manuals.

Metals and Minerals.—Review the lessons of the lower grades, and add the following: quicksilver, tin, zinc, brass, quartz, mica, sandstone, lime, asphaltum and chalk. See Sheldon's Lessons on Objects.

Animals.—Review and extend the lessons of the lower grades, and take up Chart No. 18: Fishes.

Plants.—Chart No. 22, Sections 7, 8, 9 and 10. See Willson's Manual, page 266 to 287.

General.—Teach and explain the principal trades, occupations and professions.

Morals and Manners.—Fifteen minutes every Friday. Cowdery's Moral Lessons, and selections from the School Library.

General rules of deportment in public places and at home. Habits of personal neatness. For suggestions, see Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, 384 to 418. Commit to memory ten stanzas from the best poets.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS.—Written examination in some one study of the course at least one hour every Friday, the credits to be added in the monthly report. General exercise of half an hour on Friday, in questioning pupils about the library books which they have read during the week. Declamations by the boys. Reading of compositions and recitations of poetry by the girls, at least half an hour, weekly—the class to be divided into suitable sections.

Review studies of lower grades.

THIRD GRADE.

Time, One Year.

Reading.—Willson's Third Reader. Concert exercises in vocal culture, weekly, on emphasis, pitch, force and inflection. Teach the scholars how to distinguish the vowel sounds in Webster's Dictionary. See Russell's Vocal Culture.

Spelling. — Willson's Speller, to page 90, expanding the phrases into sentences.

Classify the nouns, verbs and adjectives in the Exercises and Defining Lessons near the end of the Speller (adjectives), pages 150 to 156, Lessons 1 to 7.

Definitions, and use of capitals on page 167 of the Speller, and Rules, page 168.

Writing.—Four lessons a week, half an hour each; Payson & Dunton's Copy Books. One exercise in writing, weekly, in copying corrected compositions.

Drawing. - Under the direction of the drawing teacher.

Language.—Kerl's Common School Grammar, from page 70 to 121. Town's Analysis, to page 56, section 10. Sentence-making, as directed in Willson's Speller, constructing full sentences out of the phrases in the "Exercises," from Exercise 48 to 77. Short composition exercises on slates, twice a week, from fifteen minutes to half an hour each, to be written on topics assigned

and explained by the teacher. A studied composition to be required once a week on a subject assigned and explained by the teacher.

At least two composition exercises during each term, to be in the form of letters, properly folded and directed.

All compositions, after being corrected by the teacher, to be carefully re-copied by the pupil as an exercise in writing, in school.

Geography.—Guyot's Intermediate, to page 33—Nature of the country.

Local Geography.—Review the exercises of the Fourth Grade. Draw on a large scale, a map of California, and the Pacific States and Territories, using Clarke's Common School Geography. Oral instruction on the climate, surface, soil and productions of the Pacific States and Territories. Teach the spelling of geographical names—the same as in Fourth Grade.

ARITHMETIC.—Robinson's Rudiments, completed, and reviewed by taking the last five examples under each section, omitting the same sections as in the Fourth Grade, and also from page 153 to 167, and Article 195. Require the pupils to learn and recite all the black-letter definitions. Rules required for fundamental and fractional operations, but not required to be memorized in the exact language of the book. Blackboard and slate drill exercises of the whole class, at least twice a week, and fifteen minutes each time, or better still, ten minutes daily, after or before the regular recitation of the book lesson. Teach the California methods of reckoning simple interest, and require each pupil to learn to write readily and correctly, a promissory note, an order, and a bill. Rapid mental combinations of small numbers, involving the four rules, at least every alternate lesson in Arithmetic. Review of counting by 3's, 4's, 7's and 9's. Most of the work of this grade to be done at school. Not more than five problems shall be assigned to be worked at home, for any one lesson, and not more than three difficult problems.

Manners and Morals.—One lesson each week, on Friday, 20 minutes. Use Cowdery's Moral Lessons, and for suggestions, see Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 413 to 418. Commit to memory five short pieces of poetry from the standard poets—to be dictated by the teacher and copied by the pupils.

ORAL INSTRUCTION.—Review the Color Charts. See Willson's Manual, Sheldon's, and Calkin's.

Metals and Minerals.—Review the Exercises of the Fourth and Fifth Grades, and add the following: clay, borax, soda, potash, agate, gypsum, diamond, emerald, ruby, garnet and carnelian. For illustrations, see Sheldon's Lessons on Objects.

Animals.—Review the work of the previous grades. See Willson's Manual, pages 130 to 177.

Plants.—Review the work of the previous grades.

Color.—Review the Color Charts, Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Colors, and tints, hues and shades.

General relation of trades, occupations and professions to the industrial interests of the country.

General Directions.—Written Examination every Friday, of at least half an hour, on some one study of the course, the papers to be credited in the monthly report. Declamation for the boys, and select reading for the girls, every Friday; the class to be divided into suitable sections for the purpose.

SECOND GRADE.

Time, One Year.

READING. — Willson's Intermediate Fourth Reader, lessons twice a week. An exercise in vocal culture, fifteen minutes, once a week. The teacher is referred to Russell's Vocal Culture for the analysis and classification of elementary sounds, and for concert exercises in stress, emphasis, force, movement and pitch. Teach the pupils how to distinguish the vowel sounds, as marked in Webster's Dictionary.

Spelling.—Willson's Speller, from page 90 to 120, reviewing the work of the previous grade. Four lessons a week. Particular attention paid to accent, pronunciation, and the marks used to denote the different sounds of the vowels.

Definitions and Rules on pages 167 and 168. Defining Lessons (nouns) 7 to 14, pages 157 to 163, with a review of the seven previous lessons. Spelling of important geographical names on the Pacific Coast, one exercise of not less than 20 minutes, each week.

WRITING.—Four lessons a week. Payson & Dunton's Copy Books. Principles explained from the blackboard by the teacher. Incorrect manner of holding the pen and in sitting at the desk to be counted as demerits in the examination in penmanship.

Drawing.—First half year, linear drawing; second half year, for boys, ground plans, raising elevations, specimens, etc.; for

girls, pencil and crayon drawing.

Language.—Kerl's Common School Grammar, to page 227, and the work of the Third Grade reviewed. Teach Punctuation, pages 336 to 346, and False Syntax, pages 276 to 295. Town's Analysis, to page 105. Extemporaneous composition, three-fourths of an hour to an hour, once a week; a studied composition, once a week; both to be written on subjects assigned and divided into appropriate heads or topics by the teacher. All corrected compositions to be carefully re-copied by the pupils and returned to the teacher.

GEOGRAPHY.—Guyot's Intermediate, completed. Outline map of California, of Nevada, of Oregon, and Alaska. Review of the Local Geography of the lower grades. Outlines of the Physical Geography of the United States.

Teach the principal mountain ranges, rivers and plains, and the more important vegetable and mineral products of the different States.

Teach the scholars to spell geographical names in this grade, the same as in the Fourth Grade.

ARITHMETIC.—Robinson's Practical Arithmetic, to page 217, omitting as follows: Sections 86 to 90, 92, 93, 99, 189, 190, 191, 202 to 206, and 213 to 217 inclusive. In reviewing the work of the previous grades, take the important leading definitions in black letters. One full lesson of three-fourths of an hour each week, to be devoted exclusively to class drill at the blackboard, on practical questions involving the application of the principles which have been learned. Not more than five questions to be assigned for any one lesson, to be performed out of school. Review of simple interest, as taught in the previous grades, and exercises in writing promissory notes, orders and bill continued until practically learned.

Mental Arithmetic.—Colburn's Intellectual, section 4 to section 9. In the longer and more difficult operations, the ques-

tions to be recited with open book. Class drill in rapid mental combinations, as in the preceding grades. Counting to 100, beginning with both 1 and 2, by 3's, 5's, 7's, 9's, 13's, 14's, 15's, and 16's.

HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES. — Anderson's Introductory, through the American Revolution.

Physiology and Hygiene.—Taught under the head of oral instruction. In girls' schools, the teachers recommended to read from Miss Beecher's Physiology and Calisthenic Exercises.

Manners and Morals.—Use Cowdery's Moral Lessons. One lesson a week. For suggestions, see Sheldon's Elementary Instruction, pages 413 to 418.

ORAL INSTRUCTION.—Metals and Minerals.—Review the Exercises of the Third Grade, with the following added: specimens of gold-bearing quartz, lava, trap-rock, feldspar, hornblende, garnet, chalcedony, serpentine, asbestos, soapstone and emery. See Sheldon's Lessons on Objects.

Animals and Plants.—Review the work of the lower grades, continuing the use of Willson's Charts.

Sound.—Teach how sound is produced, and its general laws as taught in Parker's First Lessons in Natural Philosophy, pages 64 to 71.

General Directions.—Written review of one hour every Friday on some one study of the course, the result to be credited in the monthly report. Reading compositions, declamations and select pieces, weekly; the class being divided into suitable sections. Review studies of lower grades.

FIRST GRADE.

Time, One Year.

Reading.—Review Willson's Intermediate Fourth Reader, and use Russell's Vocal Culture.

Spelling.—Willson's Speller, completed and reviewed. Defining Lessons in fine print, 14 to 17, with a review of the preceding 14 lessons. Spell geographical names of the Pacific Coast, and the principal mountains, seas, rivers, bays, and commercial and manufacturing cities in the world. This exercise should be connected with topical geography.

Writing.—Payson & Dunton's Copy Books.

Drawing.—Lessons as arranged by the drawing teacher.

ARITHMETIC. — Robinson's Practical, completed, omitting in schools for girls, and for girls in mixed schools, paragraphs 270 to 291, 302 to 306, 325 to 351, 396 to 406, 429 to, and including, promiscuous examples. Principles and operations reviewed by slate and blackboard drill exercises. Not more than five problems to be assigned at any one lesson to be worked out of school. Pupils required to be able to write correctly, promissory notes with indorsements, and to make out bills, orders and other common business forms.

Mental Arithmetic.—Colburn's Mental, reviewed and completed.

HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES.—Anderson's Introductory, completed and reviewed. Important events in the history of California, taught orally. The teacher is referred to Tuthill's History of California.

Physiology.—Cutter's Elementary, completed.

NATURAL PHILOSOPHY.—Parker's Elementary, completed.

Book Keeping.—Payson & Dunton's, Single Entry.

Grammar.—Kerl's Common School, completed and reviewed. Town's Analysis, completed and reviewed. Extemporaneous composition exercises, once a week; studied composition once in two weeks, on topics assigned by the teacher. Analyze the Declaration of Independence, and the Constitution of the United States, applying the rules of punctuation and the analysis of sentences.

GEOGRAPHY.—Guyot's Intermediate, reviewed, last half year. Physical Geography of California and the Pacific Coast, reviewed.

ORAL INSTRUCTION.—Metals and Minerals.—Brief review of the list in the Second and Third Grades, using specimens from the cabinet: ores of silver, copper, and quicksilver, and such other cabinet specimens as the teacher may choose to take. Brief review exercises in geometrical solids, form, abbreviations, and color, as taught in the lower grades. Outline of the Government of the United States. General Geography of the world by topics, taking up the principal mountain systems and river systems, plains and plateaus; the most important mineral and

vegetable products of the principal countries of the world; exports and imports of the great commercial countries; principal commercial cifies and manufacturing cities of the world. Peculiar animals and products of the several zones. Pupils should be taught to spell the principal geographical names in the world, by writing them in an exercise book kept for that purpose. Give short lessons on the different forms of government, and teach the names of the principal rulers in the world.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS.—Written examination, once a week, on some study of the course, the results to be credited in the monthly reports of the pupils. Declamations and Readings at least once a month, and weekly, at the option of the teacher.

Review studies of the lower grades.

ERRATA.

Owing to the absence of the Superintendent from the city during the printing of most of this report, the following mistakes were overlooked:-

Page 395-Audited demands for the third quarter "\$84,429 32" should read "\$84,249 32."

Page 400, line 3-" \$76,324 55" read "\$76,316 55."

Page 403, lines 8, 12 and 14-insert commas after the word "rooms."

Page 405, line 22—"Davidson" read "Devisadero."
Page 406, line 17—"commonwealth" read "Commonwealth."

Page 415, line 14-insert a comma after "San Francisco."

Page 418, line 26-"completely" read "carefully."

Page 421-"Niniama R. McLane" read "Niniana R. McLane."

Page 429, line 9-insert a comma after "understandingly."

Page 437, line 24-"newest" read "most." On the same page the names of Committees should commence with capital letters.

Page 438, line 9-insert "180" after the word "of."

Page 442, line 20-omit comma after the word "pressure."

Page 443, line 7-"are" read "is."

Page 444, line 35-omit the words "of the past."

REPORT

OF THE

CLERK OF THE JUSTICES' COURT.

JUSTICES' COURT, CLERK'S OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO, September 12, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors
Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In compliance with a resolution of your Honorable Body, passed June 29th, 1868, I herewith transmit to you the following report of business done in said Court:

Whole number of suits brought from January 1st, 1868,	
to June 30th, 1868	1,174
Executions issued during the same period	155
Appeal cases to County Court	103
Whole amount of fees received and paid over to City	
and County Treasurer \$8,3	85 60

For the expenses of said Court I respectfully refer you to the Auditor, as I have no means of knowing.

Yours very respectfully,

GEO. L. WEDEKIND, Clerk of Justices' Court.

REPORT

OF THE

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC STREETS,

HIGHWAYS AND SQUARES.

San Francisco, August 15th, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors
Of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen—In accordance with Resolution No. 8,566 of your Honorable Body, I herewith submit my Annual Report for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1868, containing the statistics of the Street Department for that time. A comparison of the statistics for the year ending June 30th, 1864, when I entered upon the duties of the office, with those of the last year, shows, in a striking manner, the rapid growth of the city. This statement, in a tabular form, will be found at the end of this report.

The great increase in the grading and macadamizing shows the march of improvement in the newer portions of the city, and the consequent addition to the labors of the office.

The total length of the sewers at the former date was 62,686 lineal feet, whereas it now reaches 207,284 lineal feet, or (allowing for the instances where brick sewers have taken the place of redwood sewers which have been removed and have thus been counted twice), there are now more than 38 miles of sewers, of

which more than 27 miles have been constructed during the last four years.

The substitution of smooth wooden pavements for the noisy cobble stones on many of our principal streets, of circular corners for the old-fashioned square ones, and the use of pure cement mortar in the construction of sewers, have been among the most prominent improvements of the last few years.

Respectfully submitted,

GEO. COFRAN,

Superintendent of Public Streets, Highways and Squares.

ტ RADIN 4

1		100 000 000 000
	Remarks.	
	Cost.	\$564 20 274 06 613 47 11,993 62 6,936 22 6,936 22 638 05 2,501 36 89 50 89 50 1,195 98 1,195 98 2,827 74 1,195 98 2,827 74 8,119 62 8,827 75 8,119 62 8,827 75 8,119 62 8,927 75 8,927 75 8,119 62 8,927 75 8,928 42 8,928 42 8,938 42
	Cubic Yards.	4,387 617 2,495 516 1,8626 1,8626 5,888 5,888 4,482 7,374 11,389 19,576 1,497 6,629 1,048 6,087 1,048 6,087 1,048 6,087 1,048 6,087 1,048 6,087 1,048 6,087 1,048 6,087 1,048 6,087 1,048 6,087 1,048 6,087 1,590
	Streets Between.	Franklin to Gough. Jackson -o Hyda. Mission to Valencia. Mission and Sixteenth. Sixteenth to Seventeenth. Franklin to Gough. Howard to Folsom. Bush to Pine. Van Ness to Franklin. Taylor and Franklin. Taylor and Franklin. Taylor and Franklin. Taylor and Taylor. Taylor and Townser. Fillmore to Steiner. Vallejo to Card's Alley. Larkin to Polk. Fourth and Townsend. Polk to Fell. Fourth and Townsend. Polk to Fell. Say and Jones. Hayde to Larkin. Filbert to Greenwich. Filbert to Greenwich. Bay and Jones. Harrison to Bryant Second to Third. Bay and Leavenworth. Filbert and Buchanan. Devisadero and Ellis. Devisadero and CFlirs. Devisadero and GEllis. Third to Sacramento.
	Streets.	Lilly Crossing Crossing Mission Eddy Eddy Eddy Tegura Geary Crossing Crossing Grove Maiden Lane Sutrer Crossing Grove Maiden Lane Sutrer Crossing Crossing Grove Maiden Lane Buter Crossing Crossing Fine Crossing
	Date.	July 2d, 1867 August 16th July 13th July 13th July 13th July 23d July 24th July 17th July 17th July 11th July 11th July 19th July 19th July 19th July 19th August 18th August 18th August 16th August 16th August 18th August 18th August 18th July 19th July 19th July 19th July 26th July 19th July 26th July 2fth July 19th July 2fth July 19th July 2fth July 18th

2,729 94 106 33 106 33 106 33 106 33 106 33 107 20 108 27 108 20 108 20	330	\$168,119 00
284 284 284 285 285 285 285 285 285 285 285 285 285	2,833	587,698
Howard to Mission Fillmere to Devisadero Turk and Scott Turk and Steiner Turk and Steiner Fileert and Webb Sutter to Ellis Polk and O'Flarell Leavenworth to Larkin. Broadway and Hyde. Folsom and Fourteenth Fifteenth to Sixteenth Howard and Fifteenth Brannan to Townsend. Market to Mission. Howard to Folsom. Devisadero and Post. Pine and Van Ness Tyler to McAllister Howard and Spear. Beale to Stewart. Mission and Seventeenth O'Farrell to Ellis. Wan Ness to Franklin Mason to Taylor. Market to Mission Market to Mission First to Second. First to Second. First to Second.	Second and Brannan	Carried forward
Lafayette Turk Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Howard Crossing Broth Ritch Crossing Crossing Crossing Ritch Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Bitch Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Broth Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Broth Crossing Crossing Crossing Broth Crossing Crossing Crossing Broth Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Beale Brannan	CrossingBuchanan	
July 23d. August 2d. August 2d. August 2d. August 2d. September 12th. September 12th. September 25th. July 31st. July 31st. July 31st. July 31st. September 21st. September 21st. September 21st. September 21st. September 21st. September 2fth. October 10th. October 11th. December 12th. December 13th. December 13th.	January 10th, 1868 January 10th.	

GRADING-CONTINUED.

Remarks,	
Cost.	\$168,119 00 346 11 164 90 729 15 156 84 874 60 578 74 578 74 578 93 8,893 93 6,48 87 8,099 39 1,571 21 3,628 15 3,49 39 1,4628 15 3,49 39 1,405 23 12,451 29 67 06 64 40 103 31 79 79
Cubic Yards.	587,698 1,034 1,034 1,034 1,034 1,733 16,716 14,702 2,589 8,841 1,372 6,354 1,372 6,354 1,372 1,
Streets Between.	Brought forward Hayes to Fell. Holy var and Eleventh Polk van Ness. Turk and Buchanan Taylor and Francisco Geary to O'Farrell Van Ness to Franklin Bay to North Point Hyde to Larkin. Clay and Van Ness. Van Ness to Franklin Polk to Van Ness. Hyde to Larkin. Union to Filbert Turk and Webster Turk and Webster Yan Ness to Gough Francisco to Bay Fillmore to Steiner Vallejo to Green. Ellis to Turk. Turk to Tyler. Mason to Taylor. Kallis to Turk. Turk to Tyler. Mason to Taylor. Kallis to Turk. Larkin to Cemetery Avenue. Webster and Eddy. Bush, opposite Lyon Bush and Baker. Bush and Baker. Bush and Boderick.
Streets.	Gough. Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Van Ness Austin Leavenworth Crossing Grary Bay Crossing Crossing Hayes Hayes Reary Webster Webster Webster Webster Webster Webster Webster Webster Webster Crossing
Date.	January 16th January 18th January 18th January 30th January 25th February 8th February 24th March 13th March 13th March 21st March 20th May 5th May 5t

		5,253 97 2,017 38 2,017 38 2,017 38 2,299 60 1,501 45 2,362 28 205 55 75 24 77 9 8 1,266 70 8554 86	
137 311 308 500 705 969	363 93 2,759 9,888 27,628 378 24,560	15,155 10,327 10,327 1,629 10,483 15,153 1,222 1,222 1,291 1,291 8,779 9,198	21,125 21,126 1,764 4,888 34,493 2,441 15,345
Bush and Pierce. Bush and Steiner. Bush and Fillmore. Bush and Laduanan Bush at a Lagua Bush and Octavia	Bush and Van Ness. Bush and Polk. Sixth to Seventh. 275 feet west of Jones. Market to Howard. Jones to Leavenworth.	Succession of Personal Programment of Particular Statement of Guerrero Mission to Howard. 275 feet east of Ninth Bush to Pine. Devisadero and Clay. Devisadero and Sacramento. Devisadero and Pine. Bush to Modification. Devisadero and Pine. Hayes to McAllister. Devisadero on Broderick.	Third to Fourth Third to Fourth Devisadero to Broderick. Nineteenth to Twentieth Post to Turk. Dolores and Fifteenth Townsend and Fifth.
Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing	Crossing Crossing Stevenson. Antonia. Mission Seventh	Crossing Quince Twelfth Stevenson. Scott. Broderick Devisadero Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Webster Webster Prine	King Sutter Shotwell Steiner Crossing Crossing
	November 29th. November 29th. Pebruary 24th. March 4th. March 20th. February 18th.	April 8th April 11th April 11th April 17th April 17th May 2d. May 2d. May 2d. May 2d. May 2d. May 2d. May 2d. May 2d. May 2d. May 3dh	May 29th. May 29th. May 29th. June 11th. June 24th. June 27th. May 26th.

GRADING-CONCLUDED.

Remarks.		
Cost.	\$328,270 39 1,164 36 2,3291 37 2,3291 37 2,774 40 15,039 01 307 73 307 73 307 73 308 45 308 45 308 45 308 45 308 45 308 48 309 30 309 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3	3,867 37
Cubic Vards.	1,212,284 1,277 14,277 1,285 1,285 1,190 2,568 1,148 3,376 1,148 3,376 1,443 2,443 2,443 2,443 1,445 1	12,737
Streets Between.	Brought forward. Eleventh to Fifteenth Eleventh to Fifteenth Gough and Tyler Gough to Fillmore. Haight and Webster Haight and Buchanan. Haight and Buchanan. Haight and Cotavia. Mission and Twentieth Mission and Twentieth Mission and Twentieth Fost and Broderick Fost and Broderick Fost and Steiner Fost and Steiner Fost and Steiner Fost and Steiner Fost and Pierce. Taylor to Jones. Ninth to Tenth Howard and Tenth Broadway to Green Hyde and Vallejo Fourth to Fifth. Mission to Ridley Bush to Sutter Polk and Vallejo Fourth and Vallejo Fourth and Vallejo Pillmore to Devisadero	Turk to Tyler
Streets.	Polk Howard Gough Crossing Haight Crossing Hyde Crossing Hyde Crossing Hyde Crossing Hyde Crossing Hyde Crossing Hyde Crossing Hyde Crossing Hyde Crossing Crossing Hyde Crossing Hyde Crossing Crossing Hyde Crossing Hyde Crossing	Leavenworth
Date.	April 4th November 23d. November 19th. November 26th. November 26th. November 26th. November 26th. November 26th. December 6th. December 6th. December 6th. December 6th. December 6th. December 6th. January 14th. Rebruary 14th. Rebruary 14th. Rebruary 14th. Rebruary 14th. June 23d. June 23d. June 23d. June 23d. June 23d. June 23d.	May 18th.

929 75 2,203 52 2,345 60 2,365 75 5,574 05	\$468,734 90
3,582 767 5,484 11,204 9,278 18,426	1,623,010
May 18th. Crossing Tyler and Jones. May 18th. Crossing Leavenworth and Tyler. June 11th. Willow Avenue. Larkin to Polk. June 16th. Tyler. Taylor to Jones. June 17th. Jones. Tyler to Turk. June 24th. Fulton. Franklin to Van Ness.	Totals

MACADAMIZING.

Remarks.		,								rbs.	rbs.	rbs.	rbs.	curbs,	rbs.	rbs.	rbs.	rbs.	rbs.	
F			,							And curbs.	And cu	And cu	And cu	And cu	And cu	And cu	And cu	And cu	And cu	
Cost.	368 19					386 43				782 00		1,760 75	401 34	738 58	599 74	08 989	734 58	670 73	1,110 95	\$18,529 37
Square Feet.	3,636	19,630	27.300	3,630	32,913	5,034	38,080	3,893	17,117	11,550	11,550	22,550	4,574	10,656	7,674	10,656	10,656	10,656	15,984	267,739
Streets Between.	Howard and Fourteenth	Fifteenth to Sixteenth	Twentieth to Pwenty-first	Howard and Fifteenth	Tenth to Twelfth	Folsom and Eleventh	Dolores to Sanchez	Devisadero and Post	Tenth to Eleventh	Scott to Devisadero	Devisadero to Broderick	O'Farrell to Ellis	Mission and Twenty-second	O'Farrell to Ellis	Pine and Van Ness	Post to Geary.	Sutter to Post	Geary to O'Farrell	Gough to Octavia	Carried forward
Streets.	Crossing	Howard	Howard	Crossing	Folsom	Crossing	Seventeenth	Crossing	Howard	Post	Post	Devisadero	Crossing	Polk	Crossing	Polk	Polk	Polk	Haight	
Date.	July 31st, 1867	July 31st	August 30th	August 16th	August 19th	September 13th	September 26th	September 26th	:	October 12th		:	November 16th	December 24th	December 18th	December 24th	December 24th	December 24th	December 18th	

MACADAMIZING -- CONTINUED.

Remarks.	9	And curbs.	And curbs.	And curbs.	And curbs.	And curbs.	And curbs.	And curbs.	And curbs.	And curbs.	And curbs.	And curbs.	And curbs.	And curbs.	And curbs.					4	•								
Cost.	\$18,529 37	1,126 45		1,313 38	365 65		353 20	7	320 22	F	1,554 68		879 17				1,075 98				1,003 39	4							202 70
Square Feet.	267,739	4,020	4,020	15,984	4,020	11,384	4,830	2,707	4,675	17,377	27,300	18,700	10,656	8,040	31,969	15,984	15,984	15,984	15,984	4,020	15,984	15,984	43,818	9,369	14,880	14,880	10,656	10,656	4,020
Streets Between.	Brought forward	Haight and Gough	Haight and Laguna	Fillmore to Steiner	Pacific and Steiner	Hayes to Fell	Howard to Eleventh	Franklin to Gongh	Sixteenth to Mission	Mission and Valencia	Sixteenth to Seventeenth	Howard to Folsom	Bush to Pine	Fulton and Webster	Buchanan to Fillmore	Fillmore to Steiner	Steiner to Pierce	Pierce to Scott	Scott to Devisadero	Turk and Scott	Octavia to Laguna	Larkin to Polk.	Polk to Franklin	California and Van Ness	Polk to Nan Ness.	Polk to Van Ness	Sutter to Post	Geary to Post	Turk and Steiner
Streets,	T-:-1.1	rangutCrossing	Crossing	Pacific	Crossing	Gough	Crossing	Lilly	Crossing	Sixteenth	Mission	Fourteenth	Laguna	Crossing	Fulton	Turk	Turk	Turk	Turk	Crossing	Fell	Fine	California	Crossing	Sacramento	Pine	Laguna	Lagana	Crossing
Date.	1011	December 18th	December 18th	December 19th	January 2d, 1868	January 18th	January 18th	Triby 2d 1867	July 13th	July 12th	July 23d	July 24th	July 17th	July 26th	July 26th	:	:	:	August 17th	August 17th	September 6th	September 20th	October 3d	October 3d	October 15th		October 25th	October 25th	August 20th

	And curbs.	And curbs. And curbs. And curbs. And curbs.	And curbs.	And curbs. And curbs. And curbs. And curbs. And curbs. And curbs.
07 99 90 118 72 73 78 68	25 20 20 20 20 20 20	500000	300000000	00 86 44 44 25 25 83 83
		411 411 464 411	4411 4411 4411 140	140 648 345 1,400 1,403 354 354 354
ਜੰ ਜੰਜੰਜੰ	લેનેનેલેને			140 00 648 86 345 44 1,400 75 1,403 25 354 83
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000	828588		50 50 50 50 50 50
4,020 4,020 4,020 10,300 3,636 8,080 18,906 18,906 4,726	44,000 16,800 27,903 28,359 18,906	2,020 4,020 4,020 4,837	4,020 4,020 4,020 4,020 4,020 4,020	7,674 3,006 23,925 23,925 4,856 1,254,560
	ব			1,2
				•
	Folsom to Harrison Valencia to Guerrero Van Ness to Gough Buchanan to Webster Iruk to Tyler Larkin to Cemetery Avenue			ero.
a n teen klin y	on	ick.	re	and Franklin and Van Ness and Polk tri Devisadero terd bevisadero and and Thirteen
rree.	rris Jong Wel Ver	Baker Lyon Broderick. Devisadero Scott	Frierce Steiner Fillmore. Webster Buchanan Laguna Octavia Gough	unkli n Nell lk sade Der Thir
Thiell. d Lo For For For For For For For For For Fo	to History Co.	Se DEL		and Franklin . and Van Ness. and Polk to Devisadero. rick to Devisa rick to Bevisa rid and Thirtee arried forward
Turk and Pierce. Oak to Fell. Geary and Laguna. Howard to Folsom. Yan Ness to Franklin Eddy to Turk. Elils to Eddy.	Folsom to Harrison Valencia to Guerrero Van Ness to Gough Buchanan to Webster Lurk to Tyler	Bush and Baker Bush and Lyon Bush and Broderick. Bush and Devisadero Bush and Scott	and and and and and and and	Bush and Franklin
Turk and Pierce Oak to Fell. Geary and Laguna. Howard to Folsom. Folsom and Fourteent Van Ness to Franklin. Eddy to Turk. Ellis to Eddy. Websier and Eddy.	Folsom to Harrison. Valencia to Guerrero Van Ness to Gough. Buchanan to Webste. Turk to Tyler	Bush Bush Bush Bush Bush Bush	Bush Bush Bush Bush Bush Bush Bush Bush	Bush and Franklin Bush and Van Ness Bush and Polk Scott to Devisadero Broderick to Devisadero Howard and Thirteenth Carried forward
				: : : : : :
	oue.			
60 60 60 60	Eleventh Quinn Linden Avenu Eddy Webster	מל מל זל מל מל	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	00 00 00 00
Crossing. Gough Crossing. Lafayette. Crossing. Austin Webster. Webster. Crossing.	Eleventh Quinn Linden A Eddy Webster	Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing	Crossing	Crossing Crossing Crossing Post Crossing
Cro Cro Cro We We Cro	Edd Edd We			Cro
h. h.	29th	Soth.	29th. 29th. 29th. 29th. 29th. 29th.	29th. 29th. 29th. 26th. 26th. 23d
20th 25t, 25t, d st y 24 y 24 y 24 23d	th th th th	104040404040	34 04 04 04 04 04 04 24 24	313131313164
August 20th September 30th October 25th July 23d July 31st February 24th March 23d March 23d	March 9th June 15th. May 5th May 8th April 28th. November	November November November November	November November November November November November November	November November November November November
August 20th September 30th October 25th. July 23d July 31st February 24th. March 23d.	May May May May Apr	NAZAZ		NNNN

MACADAMIZING-CONCLUDED.

Remarks.	And curbs. And curbs. And curbs. And curbs.		Sidawelle of may'n	Sidewalks of mac'm.
Cost.	\$92,091 14 236 26 1,317 38 1,659 87 1,931 43 1,948 21 1,137 06	1,128 45 289 20 289 20 405 05 477 45 477 45		6,572 75 1,907 75 2,397 75 1,429 66 1,429 66 348 60 165 23
Square Feet.	1,254,560 3,006 22,774 25,663 21,636 21,753 15,984	15,984 4,020 4,020 4,020 4,574 4,574 4,780	17,150 21,710 4,850 4,780 18,438 3,281 3,281 46,800	81,900 23,100 44,000 10,656 21,312 4,020 3,994 1,997
Streets Between.	Brought forward Howard and Twelfth. Eleventh to Twelfth. Twelfth to Thirteenth Thirteenth to Fourteenth Fourteenth to Filmore. Webster to Fillmore.	Buchanan to Webster. Haight and Wuchanan. Haight and Wuchanan. Mission and Twentieth. Mission and Twentieth. Gough and Geary. Devisadero and O'Farrell.	Nineth to Tenth. Sixteenth to Seventeenth. Howard to Tenth. Broadway and Hyde. Hyde to Leavenworth. Post and Broderick. Post and Soott. Nineteenth to Twenty-second	Nineteenth to Twenty-second. Howard to Folsom. Mission to Howard. Bush to Pine. Bush to California. Broderick and Post. Steiner and Post.
Streets.	Crossing Howard Howard Howard Howard Howard Howard	Haight Crossing	Howard Valencia Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Mission	Mission. Eleventh Eleaenth Sout. Broderick Crossing Crossing.
Date.		November 27th November 27th November 27th December 6th. November 30th December 31st December 31st	February 3d. February 4th March 4th March 14th February 23d. February 27th February 27th March 20th	March 20th March 30th March 30th June 6th May 30th May 30th May 30th May 30th

00 11 11	733 83 785 86 893 69 1,088 55		333 80 1,756 80 878 80 3,864 48 339 22 475 87
7,572 23,959 23,959	10,656 10,656 28,359 15,600	10,656 10,656 28,359 28,359 4,726	4,726 44,800 11,328 56,718 4,726 7,570 2,056,782
00th Crossing Bth Post Post	6th	20th Scott 7 20th Scott 1 77th Haight 1 77th Crossing 1	Crossing Ridley Gough Webster Crossing Crossing

PAVING.

f	Kemarks.	1	
4	Cost	4,069 61 4,509 75 4,955 60 256 14 180 14	\$13,971 14
Square Feet.	Nicolson.	10,497 11,550 12,782 658 458	35,945
Square	Cobble.		
	Streets Between.	Clay to Wasnington. Powell to Mason. Dupont to Kearny. Opposite Quincy. Opposite St. Mary's.	Carried forward
	Streets.	Powell	
	Date.	July 2d. July 23d. August 5th. August 5th. August 5th.	

PAVING-CONCLUDED.

F	Kemarks.					۰		•													Old and new.								
															•						Old a							Old.	
-	Cost	\$13,971 14	239 80			1,588 47		1,298 42		912 75	_		1,300 23	5,413 72		-	12,513 87				71 76		6,955 17	1,138 05	12,467 94	280 15		51 96	1,624 25 3.971 95
Square Feet.	Nicolson.	35,945	615	589	589	4,020	4,020	3,282	15,984	2,582	8,354	3,282	3,282	13,864	11,550	3,282	31,799	10,106	11,550			:	:	4,020	31,621	751	15,984		4,020 9.778
Square	Cobble.						:	:				:					:			1,260	1,064	2,068	25,306					298	
Stracte Rotwoon	NITOGO TOOMGGIII	Brought forward	Opposite Brown's Alley	Opposite Central Place	Opposite Quincy Place	Bush and Jones	Bush and Taylor	Sutter and Taylor	Taylor to Jones.	California and Sansome	Montgomery to Sansome.:	Sutter and Powell	Sutter and Jones	Dupont to Stockton	Mason to Taylor	Mason and Sutter	Second to Third	Washington to Clay	Taylor to Jones	Green to Union	Opposite Jessie	Market to Mission	Howard to Folsom	Battery and Union	Fourth to Fifth	Merchant and Montgomery	Jones to Leavenworth	Opposite Clementina	Fost and Jones. Front to Davis.
1.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00			Fine	Pine	Pine	Crossing	Crossing	Crossing	Kushdsuğ	Crossing	Merchant	Crossing	Crossing	Bush	Sutter	Crossing	Brannan	Stockton	Sutter	Stockton	Second	Fourth	Second	Crossing	Market	Crossing	Post	First	Crossing
Date	1000	1	August 5th	August 5th	August 5th	August 10th	August 10th	August 13th	August L'th	August 21st	September 3d	September 5th	September 5th			:	:	:	:			November 6th	November 23d	November 27th	December 5th	December 3d	December 6th	٠	December 12th

4,535 95	3,930 75				3,265 75	_	_	-		1,691,75	_				1,624 25					3,291 93	@179 007 go	\$117,001 00
10,872	9,625	11,571	3,040	50,381	8,030		16,169			5,672	3,282		7,860		4,020	10,656		11,806	4,020		901 609	020,120
3,770	8,039		11 749			10,204		8,548	911	:		1,675		1,786			2,337			12,043	01 690	21,620
1. Battery		Sutter	February 7th Montgomery Bush to Pine	Market	13th Mason	:	Broadway	th Pacific	First.	March 3th Crossing Fremont and Folsom	Crossing	Crossing	Sansome	May 25th Crossing Commercial and Davis	:	Leavenworth	April 11th Crossing Clay and Davis	:	Crossing	Pacific.		Totals

PLANKING.

													•																		
Remarks.																															
Cost.	\$1,483 67	841 60							2,879 53		4,362 85					2,000 59						1,297 83					1,415 72			446 84	2,942 33
Feet.	43,725	19,906	19,906	38,982	96,985	-90,611	87,726	58,678	87,725	8,319	131,587	19,576	71,693	18,379	28,500	58,696	19,098	16,553	10,736	91,460	15,172	36,973	39,981	62,150	85,705	97,673	39,285	14,790	9,572	8,197	87,730
Streets Between.	Beale to Main	Beale and Mission	Main and Mission.	Geary to Post.	Sixth to Seventh	Fifth to Sixth.	Folsom to Harrison	Hyde to Larkin	Folsom to Howard	Vallejo to Card's Alley	First to Second	Ellis to Eddy	Bryant to Brannan	California and Drumm	Front and Davis	Mason to Taylor	Brannan and Sixth	California and Davis	Mason and Geary	Second to Third	Drumm and Sacramento	Sutter to Post	South of Howard	Fourth to Fifth	Folsom to Harrison	Sixth to Seventh	Bush to Sutter.	Drumm to East	Washington to Davis	Sixth and Jessie	Market to Mission
Streets.	Mission	Crossing	Crossing	Mason	Folsom	Howard	Spear	Eddv	Main	Maiden Lane	Brannan	Jones	Sixth	Crossing	Clay	Edďy	Crossing	Crossing	Crossing	Silver	Crossing	Powell	Hubbard	Jessie	Main	Howard	Jones	Jackson	Crossing	Crossing	Spear
Date.	July 16th, 1867	July 16th	July 19th	July 31st	July 29th	July 31st.	July 19th	September 16th	September 16th	September 24th	September 26th	October 12th	October 12th	:	:			October 26th	October 29th	November 4th	August 16th	August 23d	August 23d	September 27th	October 1st	October 12th	August 13th	August 15th	September 6th	September 9th	September 21st

Corners.	Old and new. Old and new. Between the tracks.	
2,245 92 2,407 54 1,089 75 1,089 75 1,089 75 1,089 75 1,375 88 690 87 2,695 84 1,1540 79 1,1540 79 1,1569 25 1,1569	2,428 46 685 16 685 16 2,410 54 3,238 20 3,420 43 496 53 525 48 952 77 782 11 804 98	#Ton',001 00
64,917 70,352 58,610 22,598 15,982 17,033 17,033 17,033 17,033 17,033 17,033 17,033 17,033 17,033 17,033 17,033 18,000 18,100 18	61,274 14,300 44,092 87,724 105,127 41,785 15,58 25,680 21,402 24,480	2,695,910
HARLIF OHASSISTING INCHES	Clay Mas Clay Clay 550 Mar Brot Dav Fols 275	Carried forward
Sixth. Sixth. Post. Taylor. Crossing. Leavenworth Crossing. Powell. Manket.	Drumm Lombard Crossing Natoma Beale Beale Crossing Crossing Fourth Clementina Crossing	
	February 26th March 10th March 11th March 23d November 16th November 9th November 9th November 9th November 18th November 18th December 18th	

PLANKING-CONCLUDED.

Remarks.	
Cost.	\$107,387 69 \$,933 16 \$,924 14 1,421 177 1,421 177 1,408 75 1,102 62 2,080 77 2,080 77 2,080 77 2,080 17 1,023 25 11,023 25 10,115 16 917 94 4451 28 4,451 28 4,689 52 4,689 52 4,
Feet.	2,893,916 113,345 113,345 116,714 116,736 116,734 116,734 116,734 116,734 117,571 12,738 119,620 119,6
Streets Between.	Brought forward. Seventh to Eighth. Green to Union. Taylor to Jones. Post to Geary. Sixth and Folsom. Drumm to East. Eighth to Ninth Howard and Stenart Howard to Folsom. Howard and Stenart Brannan and Second Howard to Mission. Taylor to Jones. West of Taylor. Sixth to Seventh. Greenwich to Lombard Taylor to Jones. Brannan and Fifth Mission to Howard Opposite Beale. Seventh to Eighth. Iff West of Sixth. Fifth and Harrison. Sixth to Sixth. Fifth to Sixth.
Streets.	Sonoma Place Sonoma Place Post. Taylor Crossing: Sacramento. Market. Leavenworth Leavenworth Crossing Market. Brannan Mainna Minna Minn
Date.	December 5th December 5th December 10th December 17th December 17th December 17th December 23d December 23d December 24th January 2d January 2d January 2d January 18th January 18th February 18th March 5th March 5th March 5th March 5th March 5th March 16th March 18th March 18th March 18th March 18th March 18th

2,394 30 2,394 30 2,394 30 2,244 10 778 19 5,167 35 3,929 54 770 62 1,544 60	1,563 06 1,563 06 1,563 06 1,563 06 1,589 17 1,589 17 1,589 17 1,481 02 1,686 04 1,689 84 1,689 84	\$237,482 30
131,175 44,388 64,932 64,932 18,901 23,091 87,862 109,451 16,249 39,599 20,767	14,423 44,738 44,798 46,376 91,087 83,734 28,192 57,593 136,960 38,979 14,423 15,557 7,754 28,698	6,384,339
	Φ	Totals
Harrison. Zoe. Tehama. Tehama. Tehama. Grossing. California. Fifth. Folsom. Crossing. Clay.	Crossing. Turk. Market. Market. Market. Pacific. Clementina. Crossing. Harrison Jones. Crossing. Crossing. Fine. Crossing. Willow Avenue	
	May 16th. May 21st. June 4th. June 4th. June 8th. June 8th. June 10th June 17th June 17th May 1st. May 1st. May 1st. May 1st. May 1st. May 1st. June 5th. June 11th	

SIDEWALKS.

Remarks.	New and old.			Old and new. Old and new.	Old and new.		V 	Old and new.
Cost.	\$802 00 1,429 70 1,017 50	1,150 00 1,278 25 858 00 1,495 69	2,200 00 1,032 75 1,287 00		1,818 30 468 91 625 75			2,520 00 1,155 00 2,520 00 1,563 10 729 61
Front Feet.	550 550 550	825 550 650	1,100 665.6 825	1,100 122.8 825 825	1,653 475 550	1,975 1,048 337.6 554	775.6 825.6 1,100 825	1,100 825 1,575 1,030 481.3
Streets Between.	Clay to Washington. Mission to Valencia. Beale to Main.	Mason to Fowell Octavia to Laguna Geary to Post	Folsom to Harrison. Hyde to Larkin. Hyde to Larkin. Hyde to Larkin.	Howard to Folsom Front to Davis Mason to Taylor Franklin to Gough	Second to Third. Sutter to Post. South of Howard.	Fourth to Fifth. Folson to Harrison Kearny to Dupont. Bush to Sutter	Taylor to Jones. Dupont to Stockton. Market to Mission. Mason to Taylor	Howard to Folsom. Byant to Harrison. Second to Third. Folsom to Harrison. Clay to Washington.
Streets.	Powell	Fell Mason.		Mann Clay Eddy Fell	Silver. Powell Hubbard.	Jessie Main Pine. Jones	Bush Bush Spear Sutter	Sixth Sixth Post Brannan Sixth
Date.	July 2d July 13th July 16th	July 23d July 23d July 31st	July 19th August 16th September 6th	September 15th September 11th October 12th	November 4th August 23d	September 27th October 1et August 5th August 13th	August 16th September 5th September 21st September 30th	September 30th October 4th October 18th October 15th October 29th

Corners. Corners. Old and new. Old and new. Corners. Corners. Old and new. 7 Corners. Old and new.	
1,240 75 1,240 75 1,240 75 1,240 75 1,042 35 1,021 77 1,022 473 1,332 16 1,235 60 1,235 60 1,034 80 1,034 80 1,034 80 1,030 87 1,030 87 1,030 88 1,030 88 1,	\$80,668 60
825 481 630 630 854.9 687.6 480 480 681.8 676.9 681.8 676.9 550 1,105 1,105 1,101 650 825 825 1,101 650 825 825 825 825 825 825 825 825 825 825	60,446.8
Taylor to Jones. Clay to Sacramento. Mason to Taylor. Flitteenth to Sixteenth. Facific to Broadway. Sacramento and Hyde. Sacramento and Leavenworth. Gough to Octavia. Leavenworth to Hyde. Leavenworth to Hyde. Leavenworth to Hyde. Larkin to Van Ness. Post and Polk. Ninth to Tenth. Mission to Howard. Broadway to Vallejo. Broadway to Vallejo. Hyde to Larkin. Larkin to Cemetery Avenue. Bush to Pine. Tenth to Twelfth. Clay to Washington. Mason to Taylor. Pacific to Broadway. 275 feet east of Third Green and Union. Howard and Folsom. Fourth to Fifth. Seventh to Eighth. Gereen to Union. Jones to Leavenworth. Jones to Leavenworth. Jones to Leavenworth. Front to Davis.	Carried forward
Sutter Yerba Buena Broadway Mission Hyde Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Crossing Mason Mission	
October 31st. November 5th. January 7th. February 11th. May 7th. May 7th. November 12th. November 12th. November 12th. January 17th. January 17th. January 17th. January 17th. January 17th. January 17th. May 7th. November 29th. November 29th. November 19th. May 7th. May 7th. May 7th. November 19th. November 19th. November 19th. January 16th. November 18th. January 16th. November 18th. January 16th. November 19th. December 11th. December 11th. December 11th. December 11th. December 11th.	

ALKS-CONCLUDED. M 国 SID

Remarks.	Old and new. Old and new. Corners. Corners. Old and new.
Cost.	\$80,668 60 416 24 416 24 416 24 416 24 417 50 417 50 417 67 417 67 41
Front Feet.	60,446.8 486.8 516.8 516.8 516.8 825 815 825 275 770 550 550 500 500 500 500 500 500 5
Streets Between.	Brought forward. First to Fremont Front to Davis Union to Filbert Kearny to Dupont. Jones to Leavenworth Jones to Taylor. Laguns to Buchanan Ellis to Eddy Bush to Pine. Eighth to Ninth Ninth to Tenth Vallejo to Green Larkin and Green. Broadway to Pacific Rearny to Dupont. Gough to Octavia. Laguns to Octavia. Laguns to Octavia. Laguns to Octavia. Laguns to Dupont. Greenwich to Lombard. Taylor to Jones. Kearny to Dupont. Fifth to Sixth. Webster to Fillmore Haight and Webster Larkin to Yan Ness. Kearny to Dupont. Kearny to Dupont. Larkin to Polyt. West of Sixth 175 feet. Vest of Sixth 175 feet.
Streets.	Mission California Larkin Commercial Sutter Eddy Haight Leavenworth Battery Brannan Howard Larkin Crossing Crossing Larkin Grossing Larkin Leaven Sutter Haight Lewis Sutter Sutter Sutter Sutter Lewis Sutter Lewis Sutter Lewis Sutter Lewis Sutter Lewis Sutter Backet Haight Crossing
Date.	December 24th. January 4th. January 10th January 20th January 20th January 24th January 24th January 24th January 24th January 31st. December 23d December 23d December 23d December 33d February 4th February 3d. February 3d. Annuary 3dth February 3d. February 1st. March 10th. March 10th.

Corners. Corners. Corners. Old and new. Old. Corners. Corners. Corners. Corners. Corners.	
2,514 28 1,073 75 2,752 89 1,116 73 1,116 73 1,116 73 1,128 90 1,243 92 1,243 92 1,243 92 1,243 92 1,243 92 1,243 92 1,609 66 1,609 66 1,781 38 1,274 40 1,018 71 1,612 40 1,018 71 1,613 12 1,613 12 1,6	\$39,787 63
1,560 1,100 1,650 1,650 1,650 1,650 34.4 1,030 1,030 1,030 1,650 34.6 34.6 34.6 34.6 34.6 550 550 550 550 550 550 1,030 1,030 1,650 825 825 827 827 827 827 827 827 827 827 827 827	105,000
Fifth to Sixth. Taylor'to Jones. Mason to Taylor. Sutsen to Post. Folsom to Harrison. Fourth to Fifth. Brouth to Fifth. Brouth to Fifth. Grouth to Fifth. Hyde and Union. Vallejo to Green. Hyde and Vallejo. Green to Union. Hyde and Green. Hyde and Green. Hyde and Green. Hyde and Green. Hyde and Sixth. Fifth to Sixth. Davis to Drumm. Davis to Pront. Taylor to Jones. Routh and Pacific. Broadway to Post. Fifth and Pine. Broadway to Post. Polk and Pacific. Polk and Pacific. Polk and Sixth. Fifth to Sixth. O'Farrell to Ellis. Mission to Howard. Bush to Sutter. Taylor to Jones.	Total
Brannan Union Valparaiso Taylor Taylor Fremont Brannan Harrison Leavenworth Hyde Crossing Hyde Crossing Hyde Crossing Tannan Hyde Crossing Tannan Tannan Hyde Crossing Tannan Tannan Tannan Clay Clark Fancisco Sansome Folk Market Broadway Polk Clorssing Crossing Sixth Jones Sixth Sones Sixth	
April 15th February 6th March 28th April 29th April 29th April 6th April 11th April 6th April 1th April 1th April 1th April 1th April 1th April 6th March 28th March 28th March 28th March 28th May 1st	

CURBS AND CROSSWALKS.

	ks.		•																						
s	Remarks.	Old and new.		Corners.	Corners.	Corners.																			
i c	Cost.	\$907 56	956 59	136 00	136 00		_	1,369 00	-			115 68			1,640 25				1,327 35	8 01	167 52	1 268 02	1,534 00		779 62
Lineal Feet.	Crosswalks.										:	134		6.27.5	:		104.3	:	192	:	:				
Linea	Curbs.	550	579.9				825	825	1.575	481	825				088	825		364		0.10	105.9	794.7	895	728.11	472.6
\$	Streets Between.	Clay to Washington.	Kearny to Dupont.	Pine and Quincy	Fine and St. Mary's Flace	Pine and Quincy Place	Taylor to Jones	Dupont to Stockton	Second to Third	Washington to Clay	Taylor to Jones	Opposite Jessie	Opposite Jessie	Howard to Folsom	Howard to Folsom	Jones to Leavenworth	Opposite Clementina	Front to Davis	First and Howard	Green to Union	Fine to Bush	From to Dunont	Tones to Leavenworth	Kearny to Dupont.	Kearny to Montgomery
ī	Streets.	Powell	Pine	Crossing	Crossing	Crossing	Bush	Bush	Brannan	Stockton	Sutter	Second	Second	Second	Second.	Post	First.	Pine	Crossing	Battery	Battery	Campornia	Sutter	Broadway	Sutter
	Date.	July 3d.		August 5th	August 5th	August 5th	August 16th	September 5th			:	:	:		:	December 6th	December 12th	December 13th	December 17th	December 17th	December 23d	January 4th	:		-

Old and new. Relaid. And corners.	
2,842 88 376 82 376 82 484 50 105 68 2,085 75 1,023 75 442 50 342 60 2,389 60 1,488 60	\$37,568 15
91 323 304.6 431	2,624.2
1,532.6 215.4 1,100 550 254.2 990 827	18,856.5
February 13th Market Fifth to Sixth February 18th Sutter Rearny to Dupont. March 7th First Opposite Tehana. March 23d Turk and Taylor March 25th Turk and Taylor April 29th Fremont. Folsom to Harrison Folsom to Harrison April 18th Bush to Pine. April 10th Sansome April 11th Crossing June 2d Sixth Pacific Taylor to Jones	Totals

BRICK SEWERS.

Cost.	\$5,502 50	296 58	3,714 35	5,260 75	1,775 95	1,868 75	613 75	2,756 50	593 25	1,760 87	3,176 02	1,750 95	1,918 50	1,804 95	\$32,793 67
Lineal Feet.	825	41.3	260	825	146.6	275		412.6		137.6	438	123.9	275	244	4,303.6
Streets Between.	Fourth to Fifth.	Fifth and Tehama	Mission to Howard	First to Second	Howard and Fifteenth	Geary to O'Farrell	California and Sansome	Taylor to Jones	Powell and Sutter	Vallejo and Mason.	Harrison to Channel	Mission and Beale	Fremont to Beale	Montgomery to Dunbar Alley	Carried forward
Streets.	Tehama	Crossing	Fifteenth		Crossing		Crossing	Turk	Crossing	Crossing	Eleventh	Crossing	Mission	Merchant	
Date.	July 10th.	July 10th.	July 10th.	July 23d.	July 27th.	July 12th.	August 3d.	August 23d.	August 23d	September 18th.	September 7th	September 25th	September 25th	September 24th	

CONTINUED. 1 W ER M 国 02 BRICK

					Kemarks.
	Dlomonth.	Brought forward	4,303.6	\$32,793 67	
:	Crossing.	Turk and Mason	nea	5,692 10	Comera
	Brannan	Second to Third.	825	5,770 85	COTTO
:	Crossing	Valencia and Fifteenth	146.6	1,778 95	
:	Post	Jones to Leavenworth	412.6	3,055 87	
:	Geary	Jones to Leavenworth	412.6	2,741 60	
:	Crossing	Geary and Jones	137.6	1,687 37	
:	Volleis	washington to Clay	672	1,910 50	
September 3d	Wo Alliston	Laubin to Doll.	270	1,913 25	
	Jessie	Fourth to Eifth	895	7,100 00	
	Crossing	Jessie and Fifth	41.3		
	Commercial	Davis to Drumm	275		
	Beale	Market to Mission	550	3,640 25	
	Market	Opposite Beale	09		
11st	Crossing	McAllister and Larkin	103	1.477 73	
	Laylor	Post to Geary.	275		
	Sixth	Opposite Minna.	41.3		
:	Beale	Howard to Mission.	550		
_	Crossing	Sutter and Mason			-
:	Battery	Bush to Pine.	275		
_	Broadway	Montgomery to Sansome	430.8	4,458 81	
October 15th	McAllister	Polk to Van Ness	384		7
October 15th	McAllister	Van Ness to Franklin	384.9		
24th	California	Front to Davis	275	2,009 50	
zeth	William	Geary to O'Farrell.	275	1,504.75	
:	O'Farrell	Opposite William	363%		
:	Kearny	Post to Geary.	275	1,888 16	
October Zota.	Kearny.	Market and Geary	343%	233 10	

2,197 87 2,818 73			1,593 13		1,317 00		1 590 77			3,723 60		1,591 10							0,413 20						2,968 00		\$168 604 73
193.9 413.4	122.6 252.6	550	1031/	137.6	68.9	412.6	199 6	137.6	275	550	68.9	122.6	275	382,11	37.6	275	412.6	103.6	820	171 10	137.6	275	415	276.6	275	275	91 859 11
McAllister and Van Ness Taylor to Jones	Eleventh and Harrison	Howard to Folsom	Franklin to Gough	McAllister and Franklin.	Commercial	Taylor to Jones	Green to Union	McAllister and Polk	Front to Davis	Mission to Howard	Davis to Commercial	Howard and Eleventh.	Tyler and McAllister	Kearny to Dupont.	St. Marks and Kearny	Bush to Pine	Gough to Octavia	McAllister and Gough	Fifth to Sixth.	West of Teylor	Eddy and Leavenworth	Ellis to Eddy.	Kearny to Dupont	Sutter to Post	Sansome to Battery	Bush to Pine	Commind formand
Crossing Pacific	Crossing.	Eleventh	McAllister	Crossing	Crossing	Eddy	Battery	Crossing	Commercial	Eleventh	Crossing	Crossing	Hvde	St. Marks.	Crossing	Sansome	McAllister	Crossing	Minna	Adelaide Place	Crossing	Taylor	California	Taylor	Broadway	Kearny	
November 14th	November 9th		November 8th				November 29th	November 30th.	December 31st			January 7th.	January 8th			-	_ '		January 14th	February 14th		6.0		94		February 17th	

ERS-CONGLUDED. M EE SS BRICK

Remarks.																				
Cost.	Later	00 00 0	1,865 89 2,959 00	565 04 1,271 45	2,023 00	_	1,879 39				1,600 28 2,006 50		3,761 03		1,755 37			1,711 15		
Lineal Feet.	21,852.11 275 66	34.4 103 82.6	276 412.6	30e	275	412.6	276.6	412.6	550	162.6	239.6 162.6	276	550	275	137.6	412.6	80.11	103.1	34.5	137.6
Streets Between.	Brought forward	Opposite Lewis Eddy and Jones	Pacific to Broadway. Jones to Leavenworth.	Opp. Quincy & St. Mary's Places Montgomery to Kearny	Pine to Bush	Mason to Lombard	Geary to Post	Jones to Leavenworth	Howard to Folsom	Howard and Sixteenth	Clay to Sacramento	O'Farrell to Ellis.	Tyler to Eddy.	Eddy to Ellis	Hyde and Eddy	Montgomery to Kearny	Commercial and Kearny	Clay to washington Post and Leavenworth	Hyde and Turk	Ellis and Leavenworth
Streets.	Kearny	Taylor. Crossing.	Mason O'Farrell.	California	Leavenworth	Lombard	Jones	Eddy	Sixteenth	Crossing	Kearny	Jones	Hyde	Hvde	Crossing	Commercial	Crossing	Crossing		
Date.	March 2d	February 25th February 19th	February 25th.	March 12th	March 21st	March 26th	April 2d	April 20th	April 23d	April 23d	April 30th	April 8th.	May 2d	April 16th	April 16th	April 21st	April Zist	April 25d.	May 4th.	May 7th.

1,868 25 1,313 74 420 04 1,872 43 416 17 2,795 27 2,807 25 1,501 44 2,229 00	\$237,798 45
137.6 341. 42.6 275.8 41.3 412.6 103.1 137.6	30,650.11
May 7th. Crossing Hyde and Ellis. June 3d. Pacific. Dupont to Stockton. June 5th. Fifth. Opposite Clementina. June 27th. Hyde. O'Farrell to Ellis. May 14th. Eddy. Leavenworth to Hyde. June 20th. McAllister Octavia to Laguna. June 2d. Crossing. McAllister and Octavia. June 24th. Crossing. Pine and Leavenworth.	Total.

REDWOOD SEWERS.

Remarks.	Cesspools, etc. Cesspools, etc. Reconstructed.	
Cost.	589 03 330 37 323 75 924 50 926 85 1,644 50 185 25 2,312 25 2,962 60 7,584 95 2,962 60 1,843 25 727 87 312 37 322 25	\$17,256 62
Lineal Feet.	136 68.9 68.9 275 68.9 275 560 175 560 826 560 826 826 826 826 826 826 826 826 826	3,717.3
Streets Between,	Front to the Bay Filbert and Buchanan Filbert and Steiner Filbert and Union Buchanan and Union Main to Spear Broadway and Leavenworth Broadway and Hyde Broadway and Hyde Broadway and Karison Sixth to Seventh Valencia to Mission 175 West of Sixth Harrison to Folsom Harrison to Folsom Harrison and Main Sixth and Folsom Sixth and Folsom	Carried forward
Streets.	Vallejo	
Date.	July 19th. July 19th. August 29th. October 5th. October 23d. August 14th. October 31st. October 31st. July 18th. September 11th. September 14th. September 14th. October 10th.	

REDWOOD SEWERS-CONCLUBED.

Remarks.	Corners.	
Cost.	\$17,256 63 863 66 2,039 00 1,050 50 1,986 60 2,475 92 743 39 1,157 05 3,227 00 3,227 00 3,227 00 1,160 94 1,560 194 1,560 194 1,5	\$41,423 73
Lineal Feet.	3,717.3 169 825 825 339 591.3 68.9 344.6 825 550 550 550 46.3 360 41.3 141.3 165 825	11,150
Streets Between,	Brought forward. Bith to Sixth. Chestmut to Francisco Opposite Main. 550 East of Sixth. Taylor and Francisco Taylor and Francisco Taylor and Francisco Taylor and Earlin Fourth to Fifth. Broadway and Larkin Broadway and Larkin Broadway and Harrison. Brannan and Fith. Drumm to the Bay Brannan and Fourth Brannan and Fourth Brannan and Fourth Brannan and Fith. Fith to Sixth. 360 East of Fifth. Fith and Harrison. Fitth and Harrison. Fitth and Harrison Fitth and Eolsom Fourth to Fifth.	Toral
Streets.	California. Folsom Taylor Market Clementina. Crossing Crossing Lewis. Harrison Crossing Crossing Fifth Crossing	
Date.	December 26th. January 10th. February 10th. December 38th. December 28th. February 10th. February 10th. April 6th. April 13th. April 17th. April 17th. April 27th.	

PILES AND CAPS.

Remarks.	Old and new. Old and new. West side. West side. East side. East side.	
Cost	\$357 50 38 84 39 84 31 80 2,553 00 507 00 63 00 647 00 63 00 647 00 1,400 00 302 90 7,98 58 6,440 00 2,317 75 334 13 3,140 00 2,885 75 4,885 75 4,8	\$26,744 86
Caps. Lineal Feet.	103 187 640 135 135 230 2,852 1,164 1,043	8,435
Piles. Number.	13 69 13 13 140 40 40 73 73 73	669
Streets Between.	Drumm to East. Pacific to Broadway Pacific to Broadway Pacific to Broadway Pacific to Broadway Broadway and Davis. Broadway and Davis. Broadway and Davis. Broadway and Davis. Pacific and Davis. Reunt to East. Steuart to East. Howard to Folsom. Howard to Folsom. Howard and Steuart Howard and Steuart Mission to Howard. Mission to Howard. Mission to Howard. Davis to Drumm. Davis to Drumm. Steuart and Folsom.	Total
Streets.	Jackson. Jackson. Davis. Davis. Davis. Crossing. Market. Market. Market. Steuart. Steuart. Crossing. Crossing. Steuart. Steuart. Steuart. Steuart. Crossing.	
Date.	August 15th August 15th November 9th December 4th December 4th December 4th December 23d December 23d January 2d	

RECAPITULATION.

FROM JULY 18T, 1867, TO JULY 18T, 1868.

O P TO O T I	ENOM SOLITET, 1601, 10 SOLITET,	• 0 0 0 •	
Work.	Measurement.	Amount.	Cost.
Grading	Cubic Yards	1,623,010	\$468,734.90
Macadamizing	Square feet	2,056,782	143,858 76
Paving	Square feet Cobble	91,620 $391,893$	172,087 88
Planking	One thousand feet	6,384,339	237,482 30
Sidewalks	Front feet	105,000	139,787 63
Curbs	Lineal feet.	18,856.5	37,568 15
Crosswalks	. Lineal feet	2,624)	
Brick Sewers	Lineal feet	30,650.11	237,798 45
Redwood Sewers	Lineal feet	11,150	47,423 73
Piles		(669	96 744 86
Caps	Lineal feet	8,425)	00 ±± 00
Total Cost			\$1,511,486 66

SUMMARY OF COST OF WORK DONE FOR EACH YEAR, FROM JULY 1sr, 1856, TO JULY 1sr, 1868.

ရာ	\$468,734 90	237,482 30	172,087 88	143,858 76	139,787 68	237,798 45	47,423 73	37,568 15	26,744 86		\$1,511,486 66
1867-8.							**)				9
1866-7.	327,333 39	96,897 26	117,594 74	117,271 89	90,154 65	156,745 92	49,578 20	47,423 60	884 08		\$1,003,883 73
¥ .									~		1
1865-6.	\$404,539 71	81,145 99	117,763 99	89,491 53	81,061 69	203,920 82	39,068 04	56,345 93	16,226 48	_	\$1,089,564 18
186	\$404		117	86	88	208	8	20	16		\$1,089
#Š	19 84	531 12	933 81	582 59	80 108	200 29	09 090	64 79	356 25	2,200 00	257 27
1864-5.	\$319,519	65,531	166,933	44,582	125,307	287,200	29,060	104,064	14,856	લ	\$1,159,257 27
1863-4.	\$209,114	59,545	79,537	12,261	49,588	173,389	27,975	49,350	1,664	:	\$662,423
1862-3.	\$141,759	61,329	42,089	43,188	30,801	116,709	21,640	18,217	12,133		\$487,865
1861-2.	\$226,788	39,248	20,542	1,436	16,251	61,915	4,881	7,778	2,607		381,446
1860-61.	\$41,593 \$200,815 \$226,788 \$141,759 \$209,114	27,036	26,278	4,718	6,388	30,830	1,897	9,572	634		\$308,168
1859-60.	\$41,593	68,452	30,805	1,853	5,475	22,633	3,398	7,088	23,010		\$46,259 \$204,304 \$308,168 \$381,446 \$487,865 \$662,423
1858-9.	\$7,732	25,501	5,754		54	4,883	670	195	1,070		\$46,259
1857-8.	\$3,556	39,242		:	:	:	:			:	\$42,798
1856-7.		\$45,303	2,138					:	Piles and Caps	Bulkhead	Totals \$47,433
			:	50	Sidewalks	Brick Sewers	Redwood Sewers	Curbs & Crosswalks	gc		
	Grading	ng	Paving	Macadamizing	alks	Sewere	od Sev	& Cros	ind Car	ead	tals
	Gradir	Planking	Paving	Macad	Sidewe	Brick	Redwo	Curbs	Piles a	Bulkh	To

Total length of Sewers constructed from July 1st, 1856, to July 1st, 1867	165,483.4 41,800.11
Total	207,284.3
The entire cost of Street Work from July 1st, 1856, to July 1st, 1867	1,511,486 66

COMPARISON OF WORK BETWEEN THE YEARS 1863-4 AND 1867-8.

Sidewalks Front feet 31,687 10 Brick Sewer Lineal feet 20,012 2 Redwood Sewer Lineal feet 7,646 Crosswalks Lineal feet 12,373 Curbs Lineal feet 13,564	rading anking ving acadamizing	c yardsthousand feet1,	1863-4. 655,100 364,920 290,523 176,727	6,384,339 483,513
Redwood Sewer Lineal feet 7,646 Crosswalks Lineal feet 12,373 Curbs Lineal feet 13,564	dewalks	t feet	31,687	105,000
	edwood Sewer	al feet	7,646	11,150
Caps. Lineal feet. 175	les		92	699

APPENDIX

T

THE MUNICIPAL REPORTS

OF 1867-8.

The foregoing pages contain Reports from the various Officers of the City and County, made in conformity to the requirements of the Consolidation Act, and the Board of Supervisors, showing the financial transactions and condition of the several Departments during the eighteenth fiscal year.

The various changes in the manner of administering the Municipal Government, which have occurred since 1846, when San Francisco was formally taken possession of, and Washington A. Bartlett appointed Alcalde, are fully shown in preceding reports.

Prior to the passage of the so-called Consolidation Act, in April, 1856, little care seems to have been taken to preserve the records and official papers, and as a consequence there is, in some instances, scarcely anything to show that certain Departments had an existence before that period. It is possible that this neglect may not have resulted in loss to the city nor to individuals, but certain it is, that it has occasioned no little annoyance in the various Departments.

Under the earlier system of our Municipal Government, there was scarcely any limitation or restriction of the powers of the Boards of Aldermen and Assistant Aldermen, and money was appropriated and expended by them in a manner which now seems extravagant; and it was doubtless a belief in the necessity of some restriction which led to the passage of the Consolidation Act, which makes all Officers responsible for the faithful performance of their duties and provides wholesome checks against extravagance and abuses of all kinds, by restricting the various Officers to the performance of well defined duties, and limiting appropriations for the various Departments to fixed sums.

The powers granted to the Board of Supervisors by the Consolidation Act are limited, and their duties circumscribed, affording scarcely an opportunity for extravagance or abuses of any kind; yet their powers so far have been adequate for nearly every purpose, and so complete has been the working of the system provided by this and amendatory Acts, that there is little reason to hope that a better can be devised.

It is claimed, and cannot well be refuted, taking into consideration the rapid growth and the consequent expense required for fire and police protection, lighting, cleaning and keeping in repair accepted streets, in the erection of buildings for public purposes, and the necessary provision made for the sick and indigent, that in the economical administration of her affairs, San Francisco will compare favorably with any city in the Union.

The average rate of taxation from 1850–1 to 1855–6, was \$3 16 on each one hundred dollars valuation of property, of which an average of 53½ cents was for State purposes; and since the consolidation of the City and County, the average has been \$2 77, of which the State tax averaged 84½ cents.

The improvements which rapidly, during the past year, changed, beautified and enhanced the value of property; the energy displayed by the various Railroad Companies, who seem to be striving to unite us with the East in the coming year; the enterprise of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and the promise of our manufactories, all assist in making this the entrepot of the Eastern and Western Hemispheres, and render our commercial importance secure; the wonderful agricultural resources of our State, more valuable than all our far famed gold mines, enriching and ennobling our toilers, promoting industry and frugality, concentrating our wealth for the still further development of the country, and giving us what is wanted—a permanent population. All these impress in their magnitude and progress, and enforce a belief in the certain realization of all hopes and wishes for the future greatness of our city.

The following pages present comparisons of the Revenues and Expenditures of preceding years, and various matters for future reference:

THE REVENUE.

A full statement of the receipts of the year is presented in the account of the Treasurer, included in the Auditor's Report. The succeeding tables will show from what sources revenue was derived, as well as present a comparison with the receipts of preceding years.

ASSESSMENT ROLL 1868-9.

The Assessment Roll of Real Estate was	\$63,576,179	00
The original Assessment Roll of Personal Prop-		•
erty was \$41,027,202 60		
The supplemental Assessment Roll of Person-		
al Property was		
Total Personal Estate	42,782,627	60
Compared Devil Devil and D	100 050 000	
Grand Total Real and Personal Estate	\$105,358,805	60
The Personal Roll is constituted as follows:		_
- Mortgages	\$9,722,330	41
Shipping	2,401,860	
Other Personal	30,658,437	
Total	\$42,782,627	60

ASSESSMENTS.

The Real Estate and Personal Property Assessment Rolls, since 1850–1, were returned as follows:

Fiscal Years.	Real Estate.	Improvements.	Personal Property.	Total Annual Amount.
1850-1 1851-2 1852-3 1853-4 1853-4 1854-5 1855-6 1856-7 1857-8 1858-9 1859-9 1860-1 1861-2 1862-3 1863-4	11,141,463 15,676,356 17,889,850 19,765,285 18,607,800 17,827,617 15,576,545 13,554,565 14,172,235 25,148,885 31,871,897 86,975,250	Included in Personal. \$6,158,300 9,159,935 8,394,925 8,345,667 7,394,296 5,946,585 6,523,985 (Incl'd'in real est'e mortg's 13,900,208	\$4,772,160 2,875,440 2,805,381 4,852,000 5,837,607 5,073,847 4,194,970 11,426,335 11,224,800 9,323,002 10,818,614 9,973,222 15,655,750 19,378,147	\$21,621,214 14,016,903 18,481,737 28,900,150 34,762,827 30,368,254 35,397,167 30,725,950 30,019,222 35,967,499 41,845,119 66,531,208 77,129,066
1864–5	47,292,903 49,138,027	11,621,662	21,822,000 39,264,247	80,736,165 88,402,274
1866-7 1867-8 1868-9	58,188,413		43,214,976 51,152,614 42,782,628	96,700,39' 109,341,02' 106,358,80'

^{*} NOTE.—Assessments upon improvements are included in Real Estate, and Mortgages in Personal Property Roll; the amount of the latter in 1867-8 being about \$24,000,000. The difference in the Personal Property Roll arises from sworn statements filed by the various Savings and Loan Societies with the Assessor, in consequence of which nearly \$16,000,000 of Mortgages held by them are not included in the Roll.

The Supplemental Roll returned by the Assessor in October is included in the total footing for the year.

RATES OF TAXATION.

Fiscal Years.	For State.	For City.	For County.	Annual Rates.
1850-1	\$0 50	\$1 00	\$0 50	\$2 00
1851-2	0 50	2 45	1 15	4 10
1852-3	0 30	2 45	1 66 1/2	4 41%
1853-4	0 60	2 00	1 281/2	3 881/2
·1854–5	0 60	2 15	1 10 1/2	3 851/2
1855-6	0 70	2 331/3	0 821/2	3 85 5-6
1856-7	0 70	1 60		2 30
1857-8	0 70	1 60	The city and county	2 30
1858-9		1 85	consolidated.	2 45
1859-60	0 60	2 56 9-10		3 16 9-10
1860-1	0 60	2 25	War Tax.	2 85
1861-2	0 62	2 25		2 87
1862-3	0 62	1 97%	0 15	2 74%
1863-4		1 20		2 10
1864-5		1 63		2 98
1865-6	1 15	1 97		3 12
1866-7		1 97		3 10
1867-8		1 87		3 00
1868-9	1 00	2 05		3 05

For the funds to which particularly apportioned in the last year, see Auditor's Report.

RECEIPTS.

Source.	Fiscal Yea 1861-2.	Fiscal Yea 1862-3.	Fiscal Year 1863-4.	Fiscal Year 1864-5.	Fiscal Year 1865-6.	Fiscal Year 1866-7.	Fiscal Year 1867-8.
Taxes Licenses Fees	\$857,482 4 132,278 1 95,071 8	1 160,686 7	9 129,409 13	117,173 00	\$1,361,876 26 118,052 50 116,977 86	125,664 30	138,380 67
Fines of Co'ts Harbor Dues. Rents	28,252 0 16,913 0 11,187 4	5 34,428 2 5 18,127 (5 20,297 25	21,242 00	20,136 85	19,035 30	25,573 57
Bonds Poll Taxes Int. on Loans	11,960 0 3,033 0	0 18,852 4				15,936 67	12,960 06
Sales of City Property Sundries				41,235 00	9,970 00	81,185 00 4,569 00	,
Collected for		9 \$1,334,681 3	\$1,010,759 36	\$1,483,088 00	\$1,774,871 58	\$2,036,506 43	\$1,935,184 10
California	303,526 0	2 520,960 4	7 685,712 66	952,579 00	944,812 35	987,105 77	1,031,669 54
Totals	\$1,467,276 6	1 \$1,855,641 8	\$1.696,472 02	\$2,435,667 00	\$2,719,683 93	\$3,023,612 20	\$2,966,853 64

The above is exclusive of Interest, and Loans from Sinking Funds repaid, and moneys received from the State for Armory Rents advanced, also of Receipts for School Apportionment, Hospital Dues, and Assessment Expenses.

The amount collected this year for the State, \$1,031,669 54, is subject to deduction for allowances made by the State as commissions for collecting, assessment expenses, and mileage, which aggregate \$31,536 58, as shown in the succeeding table:

STATE ALLOWANCES.

Fiscal Years.	Hospital Dues.	Assessment Expenses.	School Appor-
1861–62 1862–63 1863–64 1864–65 1865–66 1866–67	\$1,008 79 6,774 21 2,533 05 2,533 05	\$2,764 68 3,515 42 5,444 44 6,875 20 6,453 05 8,424 00 8,818 44	\$19,834 76 11,686 50 23,918 04 40,435 08 43,044 55 55,641 60 54,278 04

In settlement with the State during the year, \$22,718 44 was allowed as commissions for collecting and Treasurer's mileage.

EXPENDITURES.

		- 1
From August, 1849, to May 8, 1850	\$ 649,859	82
From May 8, 1850, to June 30, 1851	. 1,813,447	00
In Fiscal Year 1851-2.	456,332	00
In Fiscal Year 1852–3	1,009,029	00
In Fiscal Year 1853-4		
In Fiscal Year 1854–5		
In Fiscal Year 1855-6	856,120	
In Fiscal Year 1856–7	353, 292	
In Fiscal Year 1857–8	366,427	
In Fiscal Year 1858–9	480,895	
In Fiscal Year 1859-60.	745,014	
In Fiscal Year 1860–1	579.131	
In Fiscal Year 1001-1	. 919,131	
In Fiscal Year 1861–2.	591,656	
In Fiscal Year 1862-3.	700,364	
In Fiscal Year 1863-4	. 785,894	
In Fiscal Year 1864-5	. 915,325	
In Fiscal Year 1865-6	. 1,085,941	96
In Fiscal Year 1866–7	1,315,294	31
In Fiscal Year 1867–8	1,462,231	

The foregoing figures give the current expenses, exclusive of the purchase of Lots and the erection of Buildings for public purposes, amounting this year to \$90,555 55; Loans from Sinking Funds, Armory Rents advanced, and Loans in the matter of widening streets; also of the large sums paid in liquidation of the Bonded Debt.

In Auditor's Report, page 50, the various sources are presented comprising the Net Revenue, amounting in the aggregate to \$1,826,306 88; and on page 38 the Net Expenditure foots up \$1,788,586 07.

INDEBTEDNESS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO FOR BONDS OUT-STANDING JUNE 30, 1868.

Issued in	For City and School Purposes	Payable in	Annual Rates.	Annual Sinking Fund	In Circulation
1851	City	1871	10 per cent.		\$1,189,200 00
1855	City	1875	6 per cent.	\$30,000	236,000 00
1858	City and County	1888	6 per cent.	42,500	1,078,500 00
1860	School	1870	10 per cent.	5,000	54,500 00
1861	School	1870	10 per cent.	2,500	16,000 00
1862	San Francisco and San José		_		
	Railroad Company	1877	7 per cent.)		
1863	San Francisco and San José		}	25,500	257,500 00
	Railroad Company		7 per cent.)		
1863	City Slip	1883	7 per cent.)	42,500	6 801,500 00
1864	City Slip	1884	7 per cent.	42,000	28,000 00
1864	Central Pacific Railroad Co.	1894	7 per cent.	Commences.	400,000 00
	Western Pacific Railroad Co.	1895	7 per cent.	1873.	250,000 00
1866	School	1881	7 per cent.	15,000	243,000 00
	Total				\$4,554,200 00

The financial position of the City is now in an enviable condition. In the Report of the Auditor, from pages 74 to 76, is presented a detailed statement, showing that, deducting the amount of assets, the net amount of the Funded Debt at the close of the year was \$3,382,145 58.

The total amount of Bonds redeemed during the year was \$243,966 69, against an issue of \$50,000 (City and County School Bonds 1866-7), showing a net decrease of \$193,996 90 from the amount outstanding at its commencement.

COLLECTED FOR STATE.

	1			1	
Fiscal Years.	Property Taxes.	Poll Taxes.	Licenses.	Stamps, Etc.	Total.
1850–1	\$95,879	\$ 2,220	\$38,904		\$137,003
1851-2		2,180	21,665		102,520
1852–3	61,218	11.833	20,532		93,583
1853-4	188,559	3,828	17,852		210,339
1854-5		3,800	108,479		291,896
1855-6			11,431		180,019
1856-7		4,907	22,480		146,959
1857-8		3,640	54,323	\$39,751	322,073
1858-9		2,325	28,456	94,216	306,468
1859-60		1,826	33,000	90,409	317,433
1860-1		4,325	32,418	39,964	277,281
1861-2		8,075	27,653	28,237	303, 526
1862-3	390,655	48,229	24,619	57,457	520,960
1863-4	506,171	68,740	45, 421	65,380	685,712
1864-5		64,748	26,039	70,983	952,959
1865-6		40,626	29,425	79,784	944,812
1866-7		21,006	34,956	82,368	987,107
*1867-8		16,796	24,294	79,623	1,031,670

^{*}Note.-The amount paid on account this year was \$1,019,893 86.

The amount collected and paid on account by the City and County to the State, and the revenue from all sources paid into the State Treasury from the fiscal year 1864–5, is herewith presented:

Years.	Collected.	Payments.	State Revenue from all Sources.
1864-5. 1865-6. 1866-7.	944,812 35	\$918,301 87 949,611 29 980,212 33	\$2,592,955 48 3,012,233 71 5,640,133 73
	\$2,886,497 42	\$2,848,125 49	\$9,245,322 92

FINANCIAL CONDITION OF SAN FRANCISCO CITY AND COUNTY ON THE FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER, 1868.

In conformity to the requirements of an Act passed at the last session of the Legislature, the following statement was transmitted, by direction of the Board of Supervisors, to the Secretary of State:

FLOATING DEBT.
Floating Debt\$315,000 00
FUNDED DEBT, JULY 1, 1868. Bonds and Interest
Less Assets\$1,237,899 42
Net Debt
\$4,620,045 00
Rate of Interest 6 to 10 per cent.
DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY OWNED BY THE COUNTY.
Public Squares\$2,000,000 00
School Lots and Improvements
Fire Department Lots and Improvements
City Hall, County Jail, Hospital, Alms House, etc. Lots and Improvements 600,000 00
Reservations selected in accordance with the provisions of Order No. 800, esti- mated value
Total value. \$4,490,000 00
October 1, 1868—Cash in hands of County Treasurer, City and County money \$409,109 11
Value of Real Estate, 1868-9. \$63,576,179 00
Value of Personal Property, 1868-9 41,027,202 60
Total value of Property\$104,603,381 60
State and County rate of Taxation per \$100 valuation, 1868-9, \$3.05.
Amount of Taxes, 1868-9\$3,190,403 14

SPECIAL FEE FUND.

The Receipts and Expenses of all fee-receiving offices from 1861–2, included in the provisions of the various legislative enactments, are given in the following tables:

FROM 1861 TO 1868-RECEIPTS.

Offices.	1861-2.	1862-3.	1963-4.	1864-5.	1865-6.	1866-7.	1867-8.	Total.
Recorder's Office. County Clerk's Office. Sheriff's Office. Auditor. Tressurer. Tax Collector Glerk of Board of Supervisors. Clerk of Police Courk. District Attorney. Prosecuting Attorney.	\$34,605 00 22,553 72 11,287 54 4,709 95 9,554 19 9,317 05 1,337 75 1,337 75	\$33,633,75 22,637,84 5,847,86 11,891,05 14,542,98 898,50 1,110,00	\$34,534 25 28,676 40 11,095 49 3,980 00 12,538 14 13,953 29 471 50 658 50 1,020 00	\$37,702 00 33,618 80 11,038 72 2,488 16 12,843 29 16,729 55 752 00 555 00	\$37,348 50 13,022 55 2,472 50 12,517 44 15,517 44 15,517 44 15,517 44 15,517 44 1,764 00 1,402 10 2 2 0	\$43,237 25 36,616 95 16,720 73 2,524 00 13,118 73 16,133 30 854 65 1,740 00 64 00	\$51,501 50 41,300 00 9,574 56 2,670 00 13,779 44 17,757 70 1,930 50 100 33	\$272,562 25 217,233 41 24,711 45 24,711 45 24,711 45 24,28 103,575 20 4,456 20 9,091 25 4,367 40 8,385 60
Totals	\$93,921 45	\$100,913 53	\$106,927 57	\$116,575 12	\$116,484 36	\$131,009 61	\$147,573 73	\$813,405 37

SALARIES AND EXPENSES.

Offices.	1861-2.	1862-3.	1863-4.	1864-5.	1865-6.	1866-7.	1867-8.	Total
Recorder's Office. County Clerk's Office. Sheriff's Office. Auditor. Tressurer Tax Collector Clerk of Board of Supervisors. Clerk of Police Court. District Attorney. Frosecuting Attorney. *Justices Courts.	\$26,792 50 22,029 80 31,176 82 5,143 94 7,718 39 16,042 16 2,705 63 4,959 25	\$26,792 50 \$24,984 65 \$33,358 25 22,029 80 \$25,542 85 24,430 28 31,176 82 28,232 729 36 51,43 94 53 69 66 5,733 70 7,139 16,042 16 15,005 77 16,042 16 2,789 81 2,538 12 2,999 07 2,705 63 2,645 52 5,364 52 7,126 50	\$33,358 25 24,430 28 28,729 36 5,733 70 7,985 02 16,302 43 2,999 7,126 50 7,126 50	\$29,176 00 29,314 00 30,575 00 5,649 00 17,789 00 4,204 00 4,204 00 7,239 00	\$28,093 24 30,842 90 32,546 62 5,855 85 10,057 75 18,646 18 4,447 24 2,772 12 8,206 35 3,025 00	\$30, 427 59 31,031 39 31,031 39 41,037 10 6,055 45 10,044 30 19,217 05 5,423 39 5,423 39 5,642 00 3,000 00	\$37,184 14 40,794 47 33,467 06 6,226 78 11,364 37 21,771 90 5,308 93 2,700 02 6,535 87 6,535 87 16,361 99	\$210,015 37 201,085 69 216,714 38 40,034 38 64,486 08 125,773 39 27,778 39 18,797 15 46,064 49 9,026 49
Totals	\$119,358 35	\$114,883 41	\$129,225 86	\$136,286 00	\$144,492 25	\$143,675 73	\$184,715 53	\$975,737 00
4			See	1. 3 - 6	Count Dogge	Don't ato		

^{*}This amount is from the organization of the Courts, January 1st, 1868, and includes furnishing Court Rooms, Rent, etc.

COUNTY INDEBTEDNESS AND VALUATION OF PROPERTY.

The following exhibit of County Indebtedness and assessed value of Real and Personal Property throughout the State was reported back with other interesting statistics, by a Committee of the Assembly at the last session of the Legislature, as the financial condition of the various counties in 1867†:

			33	OF A	2 2 A	
			Rate		Assessed of Person erty.	
	~ .		Pe	es	es	
Correrance	County	Amount	er of	i se	se se	Motol
Counties.	Debts.	Funded.	Ce Ir	Pr	na	Total.
	Denisa	runded.	be of Inte Per cent.	10 4	1	
			Interest	ssessed Value Real Property	Assessed Value of Personal Property.	
			100	ty.	do do	
Trinity	\$70,000 00		10	\$239,994	\$373,407	\$613,401
Amador	99,152 10		10	1,157,697	889,246	2,046,943
Nevada	22,033 00		10	2,619,480	2,227,807	4,847,287
Alameda	34,000 00		10	4,813,295	1,856,705	6,670,000
Tuolumne	515,292 91	\$34,300 00	10	642,055	678,450	1,320,505
Shasta	52,799 00		10	• 372,915	651,867	1,024,782
Yelo	49,371 76		10	794,991	1,365,617	2,160,608
Sierra	50,695 00		10	628,962	1,010,134	1,639,096
Colusa	34,000 00		10	780,199	1,297,412	2,077,611
San Francisco	4,768,061 00	4,768,061 00	6-7-10	57,882,113	51,152,614	109,034,727
Merced	15,000 00			359,987	884,885	1,244,872
Calaveras	206,240 00	191,240 60	8-10	786,546	586,950	1,373,499
Siskiyou	61,618 10	61,618 10	10	468,350	1,110,185	1,578,535
Fresno	19,438 00	15,500 00	10	245,716	963,882	1,209,598
Santa Cruz	30,000 00	20,000 00	20		*1,441,739	1,441,739
El Dorado	262,715 14	187,573 04	10	1,391,213	1,540,725	2,931,938
Napa	175,000 00	149,500 00	10	2,252.134	1,075,138	3,327,272
Stanislaus	28,243 98			551,257	699,132	1,250,389
Sutter	5,595 90			368,854	1,363,172	1,732,026
Marin				1,529,964	709,109	2,239,073
Contra Costa	41,000 00	32,000 00	10	1,671,837	1,002,126	2,673,963
Monterey	20,000 00	20,900 00		739,068	671,509	1.410,577
San Mateo		100 000 00			*2,700,000	2,700,000
Los Angeles	177,000 00	160,850 00	7	1,257,942	1,298,141	2,556,083
Santa Clara	466,500 00	410 200 00	7-12	6,268,703	2,983,569	9,252,272
Sacramento	702,560 24 253,340 00	412,300 00 253.340 00	6 8	4,974,329	4,499,870	9,474,199
Mendocino	55,612 53	39,263 64	10	2,808,769 659,306	1,296,619 1,460,584	4,105,388 2,119,890
Del Norte	12,000 00	4,200 00	10	65,260	349,868	415,128
Klamath	22,655 47	13,652 19	10		*341,187	341,187
Alpine	10,000 00	10,000 00	6		*450,000	450,000
Butte	277,513 00	200,000 00	10		*5,128,358	5,128,358
Humboldt	20,000 00	200,000 00	10		*2,200,000	2,200,000
Inyo	20,000 00				*500,000	500,000
Kern	3,000 00				*819,825	819,825
Lake					*395,708	395,708
Lassen	16,300 00				*750,000	750,000
Mariposa	47,759 00	5,050 00	10		*1,237,470	1,237,470
Mono	15,000 00		10	127,085	132,580	259,665
Plumas	8,000 00				*1,192,521	1,192,521
San Bernardino	21,007 00	14,024 00	7		*695,201	695,201
San Diego	90,255 14	32,714 45	10		*585,383	585,383
San Joaquin	96,868 00	50,000 00	7-8-10		*5,275,016	5,275,016
San Luis Obispo	36,800 00	36,800 00	10		*758,330	758,330
Santa Barbara	40,000 00	40,300 00	7		*771,361	771,361
Solano	149,834 00	96,252 00	7-10		*3,044,120	3,044,120
Sonoma		16,500 00	10		*5,346,686	5,346,686
Tehama	98,746 00	100,000 00	10		*1,598,500	1,598,500
Tulare	52,000 00	81,000 00	10		*1,299,379	1,299,379
Yuba	187,400 00	183,400 00	10		*4,150,500	4,150,500
Totals	\$0,000,404,05	PT 010 400 40				2001 070 000
Totals	φυ,020,404 87	\$1,210,408 42				\$221,270,608

[†] Vide Evening Bulletin, September 21st, 1868. * Real and Personal.

THE OUTSIDE LANDS.

The long vexed question of the title to this property, and its disposition, has at last been settled. "In early times, but few believed in the existence of a Pueblo here, and for that reason the lands around the city were entered upon by settlers, in the belief that they belonged to the United States, and steps were taken by the settlers to secure to themselves the rights given by Acts of Congress to settlers on the public lands, and disputes, squatter-riots and litigations were the order of the day. It was of course not desirable that this condition of things should continue, and as it was evident that it would take years to finally determine through the Courts whether the lands belonged to the City or to the United States, it was thought best for the City to assume ownership of those within the then charter limits, and grant them to the parties in the actual possession-thus making them taxable, and causing them to contribute to the support of the government. This was done; and the Legislature and Congress having confirmed the Act of the municipal authorities, the title became perfect in the possessors, notwithstanding the controversy as to the existence of the Pueblo. The wisdom of this course cannot be questioned; for it is apparent that otherwise the now populous district so disposed of would have remained to this day the same as it was at the time the grant was made-almost a waste, contributing nothing to the treasury, and constituting an impassable barrier to the growth of the city.

"The concession made to possessors by the Van Ness Ordinance, and the Acts of the Legislature and Congress confirmatory thereof, withdrew a formidable opposition to the claim of the City to four leagues as the successor of the Pueblo; but the controversy was still pending in the Courts of the United States till late in 1866.

"On the 8th of March, 1866, for the purpose of ending the litigation and settling the title to these outside lands, Congress passed an Act relinquishing to this City all the right of the United States in the land described in the decision of Judge Field, in trust to be conveyed to the parties in possession thereof at the time of the passage of the Act—subject to the direction of the Legislature as to terms, conditions, and quantities. In consequence of the passage of that Act, and because the United States had no interest afterwards, the appeal from Judge Field's decision was dismissed. If that Act had not been passed, the appeal would have been prosecuted, and in all probability would have been still undecided.

"After the passage of this Act by Congress, and before the dismissal of the appeal by the United States, the Board deemed it important that some action should be taken preparatory to the meeting of the next Legislature. That action, of course, had to be shaped by considerations of public good—the chief public advantages to be sought being settlement of titles, and the increase of revenue by opening up for taxation all lands occupied and claimed by individuals. As the Act of Congress recognized the rights of possessors, it was evident that they would not abide by any action of the Board not in conformity to that Act; and as the decree of the Circuit Court would not conclude them from questioning the source of title, it was evident that the only dispo-

sition of the lands which would not result in almost interminable litigation, would be such as conformed substantially to the terms of that Act."

In order to meet those wants, Orders No. 733 and 748 were passed, under the provisions of which Supervisors R. P. Clement, Frank McCoppin and Charles H. Stanyan were elected a Special Committee, on the 15th day of October, 1866, and thereupon commenced the duties devolved upon them, presenting a report on January 21st, 1867, recommending a plan for the subdivision into blocks of all the lands described in Section 1 of Order No. 733, which was approved by Resolution No. 6,404, and said Committee in compliance with Resolution No. 6,551 (approved February 26th, 1867), entered into a contract with William P. Humphreys and Georgé C. Potter to make the surveys, measurements and the map or maps of the Outside Lands required by said Order, at a cost of twelve thousand dollars.

The first petition for a confirmatory title to land was filed January 28th, 1867. The total number filed and referred by the Board has been ten hundred and fifty-four, of which some twenty were withdrawn in instances where erroneous descriptions or sale of lands were made.

Of the applications thus submitted up to this time, deeds were issued to some two hundred purporting to convey the City's title to lands held under the Van Ness Ordinance.

On December 2d, 1867, the present Board elected a Committee on Outside Lands, consisting of Supervisors Charles H. Stanyan, A. J. Shrader and R. Beverly Cole; and on* the 23d, Supervisor Stanyan introduced a general Order providing for the settlement and quieting of titles to land, which was passed for printing. The Board having at informal meetings, on invitation of the Committee, discussed and considered the Order in connection with a prior Order introduced December 2d by Supervisor Ashbury, amended its provisions, and on January 13th, 1868, Supervisor Stanyan reported back the Order from the Committee with amendments, as the result of the deliberations of the Board, which were adopted. The Order finally passed by a unanimous vote and was numbered eight hundred (800); submitted to and approved by His Honor the Mayor on the following day.

The provisions of Order No. 800 differed from that of Order No. 733, inasmuch as it provided for making the reservations selected for public purposes absolute, allowed the Board to make the several selections irrespective of the claimants in undivided tracts, and that the residue of the lots and lands should be assessed to pay the cost of the reservations; the appraisements and assessments to be made by a Committee to be chosen by the Board.

In pursuance of Section 13 and to carry out the provisions of Order No. 800, the following members were chosen: Charles H. Stanyan, Chairman; A. J. Shrader, R. Beverly Cole, Monroe Ashbury, and Charles Clayton.

Supervisors Stanyan, Shrader, Cole and Ashbury were elected on January 20th, 1868, and at the next meeting, on the 27th, the Committee was filled by the election of Supervisor Clayton.

^{*}Note.—By Resolution No. 7,809, approved December 24th, twenty-five hundred (\$2,500) dollar was appropriated to pay for survey of the Pueblo Lands, by the United States Surveyor-General for California, necessary to obtain a patent for said lands from the United States.

Pending the ratification of the Order by the Legislature, a proviso was inserted by the Judiciary Committee of the Assembly, which it was thought would deprive the City of getting possession of her reservations until compensation was made, and defeat the intent and object of all efforts to settle this question.

At a meeting held March 22d, 1868, at the instance of Supervisor Ashbury, a resolution was telegraphed to the San Francisco delegation requesting them to use their influence to procure the objectionable proviso stricken out, notwithstanding which the bill passed the Legislature, but by request of His Honor Mayor McCoppin and Supervisor Ashbury, the Governor withheld his approval of the bill until a supplemental bill was passed, doing away with the effect of the aforesaid amendment, and defining the manner of collecting the assessments for cost of reservations. These Acts were both approved March 27th, 1868, and complete what was necessary to fully, fairly and finally settle the question of titles to Pueblo Lands. The Map of the Outside Lands was completed, presented, and two reports (the Committee disagreeing as to the boundaries of a Public Park) were submitted to the Board of Supervisors on May 18th, 1868.

The map remained in the Clerk's Office for public inspection from that time until June 18th inclusive, notice of the same being published in all the daily papers during said period.

At meetings held by the Committee (in pursuance of Resolution No. 8,514 of the Board) on June 18th and 19th, of which public notice was given, all persons who desired and had filed petitions or protests in relation to the reservations prior to the 19th were heard in the matter, and on June 22d, the Committee presented their final Report as to changes in the location of reservations.

Action on claims for land outside the Charter Line has been deferred until the Committee who are now appraising the reservations and the value of lands complete the assessment. So far they are steadily progressing, being busily engaged from day to day, anticipating the completion of their labors prior to December next.

In Section 11 of Order No. 800, it was provided that no claim should be delineated on the map unless all taxes were paid prior to April 1st, 1868, for the five fiscal years preceding the year beginning July 1st, 1866. Under this and a similar provision of Order No. 733, nearly \$60,000 has been paid.

For public reference, and to preserve so far as possible in a convenient form all important action in relation to these lands by the Legislature and the Board of Supervisors, the following is herewith presented:

FINAL DECREE CONFIRMING THE CLAIM OF THE CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO TO ITS PUEBLO LANDS, ENTERED MAY 18th, 1865.

THE CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO VS.
THE UNITED STATES.

The appeal in this case taken by the petitioner, the City of San Francisco, from the decree of the Board of Land Commissioners to ascertain and settle private land claims in the State of California, entered on the twenty-first day of December, 1854, by which the claim of the petitioner was adjudged to be valid, and confirmed to lands within certain described limits, coming on to be heard upon the transcript of proceedings and decision of said Board, and the papers and evidence upon which said decision was founded, and further evidence taken in the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of California pending said appeal—the said case having been transferred to this Court by order of the said District Court, under the provisions of section four of the Act entitled "An Act to expedite the Settlement of Titles to Lands in the State of California," approved July 1st, 1864—and counsel of the United States and for the petitioner having been heard, and due deliberation had, it is ordered, adjudged, and decreed, that the claim of the petitioner, the City of San Francisco, to the jand hereinafter described, is valid, and that the same be confirmed.

The land of which confirmation is made is a tract situated in the County of San Francisco, and embracing so much of the extreme upper portion of the peninsula above ordinary high-water mark (as the same existed at the date of the conquest of the country, namely, the seventh of July, A. D. 1846) on which the City of San Francisco is situated, as will contain an area of four square leagues-said tract being bounded on the north and east by the Bay of San Francisco; on the west by the Pacific Ocean; and on the south by a due east and west line drawn so as to include the area aforesaid, subject to the following deductions, namely: Such parcels of land as have been heretofore reserved or dedicated to public uses by the United States; and also such parcels of land as have been by grants from lawful authority vested in private proprietorship, and have been finally confirmed to parties claiming under said grants by the tribunals of the United States, or shall hereafter be finally confirmed to parties claiming thereunder by said tribunals, in proceedings now pending therein for that purpose; all of which said excepted parcels of land are included within the area of four square leagues above mentioned, but are excluded from the confirmation to the city. This confirmation is in trust, for the benefit of the lot-holders under grants from the Pueblo, Town, or City of San Francisco, or other competent authority, and as to any residue, in trust for the use and benefit of the inhabitants of the City.

FIELD, Circuit Judge.

San Francisco, May 18th, 1865.

GRANT BY CONGRESS.

Chap. XIII.—An Act to Quiet the Title to Certain Lands within the Corporate Limits of the City of San Francisco.

[Approved March 8th, 1866.]

Be it enacted, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, in Congress assembled, That all the right and title of the United States to the land situated within the corporate limits of the City of San Francisco, in the State of California, confirmed to the City of San Francisco by the decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of California, entered on the eighteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, be, and the same are hereby relinquished and granted to the said City of San Francisco, and its successors, and the claim of the said city to the said land is hereby confirmed, subject, however, to the reservations and exceptions designated in said decree, and upon the following trusts, namely: that all the said land, not heretofore granted to said City, shall be disposed of and conveyed by said City to parties in the bona fide actual possession thereof, by themselves or tenants, on the passage of this Act, in such quantities and upon such terms and conditions as the Legislature of the State of California may prescribe,

except such parcels thereof as may be reserved and set apart by ordinance of said City for public uses; provided, however, that the relinquishment and grant by this Act shall not interfere with, or prejudice any valid adverse right or claim, if such exist, to said land or any part thereof, whether derived from Spain, Mexico, or the United States, or preclude a judicial examination and adjustment thereof.

The following decision of the Supreme Court of the United States re-affirmed all former decisions confirming the Pueblo Lands to the City of San Francisco:

J. B. Townsend and J. P. Powelson, plaintiffs in error, vs. George G. Greeley. December Term, 1866.

Mr. Justice Field delivered the opinion of the Court.

This is an action of ejectment to recover the possession of a tract of land situated in the corporate limits of the City of San Francisco, in the State of California. The plaintiff in the Court below, the defendant in this Court, claims to be owner in fee of the premises, by virtue of an ordinance of the Common Council of the City, passed on the 20th of June, 1855, and an Act of the Legislature of the State, confirmatory thereof. At the time this ordinance was passed the City of San Francisco asserted title, as successor of a Mexican Pueblo, established and in existence on the acquisition of the country by the United States, to four square leagues of land, embracing the site of the present City, and had presented her claim for the same to the Board of Land Commissioners, created under the Act of March 3d, 1851, for recognition and confirmation, and the Board had confirmed the claim to a portion of the land and rejected the claim for the residue. The portion confirmed included the premises in controversy in this case.

By the second section of the ordinance the City relinquished and granted all the title and claim which she thus held within her corporate limits, as defined by the Charter of 1851, with certain exceptions, to the parties in the actual possession thereof, by themselves or tenants, on or before the first day of January, 1855, provided such possession was continued up to the time of the introduction of the ordinance into the Common Council, or if interrupted by an intruder or trespasser, had been, or might be recovered by legal process.

The party through whom the plaintiff in the Court below traces his title was in such actual possession of the premises in controversy at the times designated by the ordinance; at least the jury must have found under the instructions of the Court that he was in such actual possession, and in this Court the finding must be taken as conclusive.

We have not looked into the rulings of the Court below upon this matter, and therefore do not intimate, nor have we any reason to suppose that error intervened. We have not looked to those rulings, because if error was committed, it would not constitute ground of reversal.

The 25th section of the Judiciary Act of 1789, under which alone this Court has jurisdiction to review the final judgments and decrees of the highest Courts of a State, provides for such review only in three classes of cases:

First—Where is drawn in question the validity of a treaty or statute of, or authority exercised under, the United States, and the decision is against their validity.

Second—Where is drawn in question the validity of a statute of, or an authority exercised under, any State, on the ground of their being repugnant to the Constitution, treaties or laws of the United States, and the decision is in favor of their validity; and

Third—Where is drawn in question the construction of any clause of the Constitution, or of a treaty or statute of, or commission held under, the United States, and the decision is against the title, right, privilege, or exemption specially set up or claimed by either party under such clause of the Constitution, treaty, statute or commission. And in these cases no error can be regarded as ground of reversal except it appear on the face of the record, and relate to these questions of validity or construction.

The inquiry then is, whether error was committed in the disposition of any questions of this character arising upon the record.

The defendants in the court below alleged in their answer to the complaint—the designation applied in the practice of California to the first pleading of a civil action, whether at law or in equity—in substance as follows: That by virtue of the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, between the United States and the Republic of Mexico, the ownership and fee of the premises in controversy passed to the United States; that by force of the Act of March 3, 1851, to ascertain and settle private land claims in California, and the final decree of the Board of Commissioners created under that Act, the ownership and fee of the premises vested in the City of San Francisco; and that by various mesne conveyances and ordinances of the City, and Acts of the Legislature of the State, they passed to one Mumford, under whom one of the defendants holds as tenant, and for whom the other has acted as agent.

On the trial the defendants produced the petition of the city of San Francisco to the Board of Land Commissioners for confirmation of the claim asserted to four square leagues; the decision of the Board confirming the claim to a portion of the land; the dismissal of the appeal on the part of the United States by order of the District Court, in March, 1857; the recovery of a judgment against the City; the issue of an execution thereon; the purchase of the premises by one Wakeman; the delivery of a Sheriff's deed to him; and the transfer of his title by sundry mesne conveyances to Mumford.

Upon objection the evidence thus offered was excluded on various grounds, and among others that the title of the City to the premises was not the subject of seizure and sale under execution. This ruling denied the position assumed by the defendants in their answer respecting the operation of the treaty, the Act of Congress, and the decision of the Board in passing a fee simple title to the City; for if the City had in this way, or in any other way, become invested with a title in fee simple at the time the judgment was docketed or the execution was issued, there could be no question that the title passed by the Sheriff's sale and deed.

The treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo does not purport to divest the Pueblo, existing at the site of the City of San Francisco, of any rights of property, or to alter the character of the interests it may have held in any lands under the former government. It provides for the protection of the rights of the inhabitants of the ceded country to their property; and there is nothing in any of its clauses inducing the inference that any distinction was to be made with reference to the property claimed by towns under the Mexican Government. The subsequent legislation of Congress does not favor any such supposition, for it has treated the claims of such towns as entitled to the same protection as the claims of individuals, and has authorized their presentation to the Board of Commissioners for confirmation.

Nor is there anything in the Act of March 3, 1851, which changes the nature of estates in land held by individuals or towns. One of the objects of that Act was to enable claimants of land, individual or municipal, by virtue of any right or title derived from Spain or Mexico, to obtain a recognition of their claims, and when these were of an imperfect character, to furnish a mode for perfecting them.

Thus the Government provided for discharging the obligation of protection cast upon it by the stipulations of the treaty, and at the same time for separating private lands from the public domain. Ry proceedings under that Act, imperfect rights-more equitable claimsmight be converted by the decrees of the Board or Courts, and the patent of the Government following, into legal titles; but whether the legal title thus secured to the patentee was to be held by him charged with any trust, was not a matter upon which either Board or Court was called upon to pass. If the claim was held subject to any trust, before presentation to the Board, the trust was not discharged by the confirmation and the subsequent patent. The confirmation only inures to the benefit of the confirmee so far as the legal title is concerned. It establishes the legal title in him, but it does not determine the equitable relations between him and third parties. It is true if a claim were presented by one designating himself as trustee, executor, or guardian, or if such relation of the claimant to others appeared in the examination of the case before the Board or Courts, the decree might declare that the confirmation was to the claimant in such fiduciary character. But if the trust was not stated, and did not appear, the legal title was none the less subject to the same trust in the hands of the claimant.

By the laws of Mexico, in force at the date of the acquisition of the country, Pueblos were entitled for their benefit and the benefit of their inhabitants to a certain use of lands constituting the site of such pueblos and towns, and of adjoining lands, within certain prescribed limits. This right appears to have been common to the cities and towns of Spain

from an early period in her history, and was recognized in the laws and ordinances for the settlement and government of her colonies on this continent. These laws and ordinances provided for the assignment to the pueblos or towns, when once established and officially recognized, for their use and the use of their inhabitants, of four square leagues of land.

It may be difficult to state with precision the exact nature of the right or title which the pueblos held in these lands. It was not an indefeasable estate; ownership of the lands in the Pueblos could not in strictness be affirmed. It amounted in truth to little more than restricted and qualified right to alienate portions of the land to its inhabitants for building or cultivation, and to use the remainder for commons, for pasture lands, or as a source of revenue, or for other purposes. This right of disposition and use was, in all particulars, subject to the control of the government of the country.

The royal instructions of November, 1789, for the establishment of the town of Pictic, in the Province of Sonora, were made applicable to all new towns which should be established within the district under the command of the General of that province, and this included California. They gave special directions for the establishment and government of the new pueblos; declared that there should be assigned to them four square leagues of land, and provided for the distribution of building and farming lots to settlers, the laying out of pasture lands, and lands from which a revenue was to be derived, and for the appropriation of the residue to the use of the inhabitants.

It is evident from this brief statement that these lands were not assigned to the pueblos in absolute property, but were to be held in trust for the benefit of their inhabitants.

This is the view taken by the Supreme Court of California after an extended and elaborate consideration of the subject.*

This view was also taken by the Circuit Court of the United States, in the final decree confirming the claim of the City to her municipal lands. Since the trial of the present cause in the Court below, the appeal taken by the City from the decree of the Board of Commissioners has been heard by the Circuit Court of the United States, to which the case was transferred under the Act of July 1st, 1864.† That decree declares that the confirmation "is in trust for the benefit of the lot-holders, under grants from the pueblo, town, or City of San Francisco, or other competent authority, and as to any residue, in trust for the use and benefit of the inhabitants of the city." From this decree the United States and the City of San Francisco appealed, the United States from the whole decree, and the City from so much thereof as included certain lands reserved for public purposes in the estimate of the quantiy confirmed, but during the present term of this Court both parties have, by stipulation, withdrawn their objections, and their respective appeals have been dismissed. It is therefore now the settled law that the municipal lands held by the City of San Francisco, as successor to the former pueblo existing there, are not held in absolute property, but in trust for its inhabitants. Trust property, thus held, is not the object of seizure and sale under judgment and execution against the trustee, whether that trustee be a natural or an artificial person.

Judgment affirmed.

ACT CONFIRMING ORDINANCE NO. 800.

AN ACT to confirm a certain Order passed by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

[Approved March 27th, 1868.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Whereas, the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco passed an Order numbered eight hundred, which said Order was approved by the Mayor and President of the Board of Supervisors on January fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and which is as follows:

^{*}Hart vs. Burnett, 15 Cal. 530; Fulton vs. Hanlow, 20 Id., 480.

[†] Statutes at Large, Vol. 13, p. 333; 3 Wallace, p. 686.

ORDER No. 800.

An Order for the settlement and quieting titles to land in the City and County of San Francisco, situate above high-water mark of the Bay of San Francisco and the Pacific Ocean, and without the corporate limits of the City of San Francisco.

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

Section 1. Immediately after the passage of this Order the Board of Supervisors shall proceed to devise and adopt a plan for the subdivision into blocks and lots of all the lands not reserved to the United States, situated on the Peninsula of San Francisco, and within the present corporate limits of said city and county, and above the natural ordinary high water mark of the Bay of San Francisco and the Pacific Ocean, as the same existed on the seventh day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and without the corporate limits of the City of San Francisco, as defined in the Act to reincorporate the said City, passed by the Legislature of California on the fifteenth day of April, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, so far as said Board may deem such subdivision necessary; and to select and set apart for public uses such lots and portions of said land as said Board may deem necessary, subject to the limitations and provisions hereinafter in this Order contained.

SEC. 2. After the adoption of the plan provided for in section one of this Order, the Board of Supervisors shall cause to be made a map of said lands, according to said plan. Such map shall show the streets and public highways, the blocks formed by the intersection of the streets and public highways, and the lots into which said blocks shall be subdivided; and upon such map shall be designated the lots and portions of land set apart for public uses, and the particular use for which each lot or portion of land shall have been set apart.

SEC. 3. Upon the completion of the map provided for by section two of this Order, it shall be deposited for public inspection in the office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, and there remain for a period of thirty days; and notice shall be published in three of the daily papers during the whole time that said map shall so remain in said office.

SEC. 4. Any person having or claiming any interest in any portion of said lands, under and by virtue of any of the provisions of this Order, may at any time before the completion of said map, or while the same shall remain in the office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors for public inspection, present to the Committee on Outside Lands, hereinafter in this Order provided for, a description and diagram of the lands in which he shall so claim an interest, and have the same delineated on said map; but no claim shall be delineated upon said map by said Committee unless all taxes shall have been paid thereon for five fiscal years preceding the year beginning July first, eighteen hundred and sixty-six.

SEC. 5. After the said map shall have remained in the office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors for the said period of thirty days, as provided in section three of this Order, the Board of Supervisors may examine the objections, if any, made thereto, and may make such alterations in the location or designation of any lots or portions of land set apart for public uses as may be necessary to obviate any objections which the said Board may deem just and proper.

Sec. 6. As soon as the alterations provided for in section five of this Order shall have been made and delineated on said map, the said map shall become and be the official map of said lands; and the portions of land thereon designated as public streets and highways, and the tract or portion of land set apart and designated on said map as a public park, and the tract or portion of land set apart and designated thereon as a cemetery, and lots for a hospital, city hall, county jail, public schools, fire department, city library, or other public purposes, shall be deemed absolutely dedicated as such.

SEC. 7. No lot set apart for public use, other than for a park, plaza, cemetery, or public square, or for the erection thereon of a city hall, or buildings for a city library, hospital, county jail or an asylum, shall exceed in extent two fifty-vara lots; and no tract or portion of land set apart for a plaza or public square shall exceed in extent four whole blocks, formed by the intersection of the main streets of the plan; and the tract or portion of land set apart for a cemetery shall not be less in extent than two hundred acres; and the tract or portion of land set apart for a public park shall not be less than one thousand acres.

SEC. 8. No person shall be entitled to receive compensation for any lot or portion of land

set apart for public use, unless his claim shall have been delineated on the map hereinbefore in this Order provided for, nor until all conflicting claims to such lot or portion of land shall have been finally determined; and no person shall be entitled to receive compensation for any portion of land included in any street or highway.

SEC. 9. All that portion of land described in section one of this Order, which lies south of a line drawn due south eighty-one degrees and thirty-five minutes east, magnetic, through Seal Rock, and west of a line easterly not less than two hundred feet from ordinary high water mark, is hereby reserved and set apart for public use as a public highway.

Sec. 10. After the Committee hereinafter provided for in section thirteen shall have made their final report upon the said map and reservations, and the report shall be ratified by the Board of Supervisors, it shall be the further duty of the said Committee to make a just appraisement of the lands reserved for public uses other than for streets and highways, and to make a just and equitable assessment of the value of the lands so reserved, rateably and equitably upon and to each piece and parcel of land delineated on said map, according to the appraised value of said lands (exclusive of the lands reserved for public streets and highways). They shall make their report in duplicate, under their hands, or the hands of a majority of them, one copy of which said report shall be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, and the other copy of said report shall be filed in the office of the Clerk of the appraisements or assessments who shall be interested in any of the lands to be affected; and in case any member of said Committee shall be so interested, the Board of Supervisors shall appoint some other member to act in his place in making said appraisements and assessments. The said Committee shall be sworn to faithfully discharge their duties.

SEC. 11. Upon the payment to the County Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, of the amount assessed by the Committee provided for in section thirteen of this Order, upon the lands as provided for in section ten of this Order, the City and County of San Francisco hereby relinquishes and grants all the right, title and claim which the said city and county now has or may hereafter acquire as the successor of the pueblo of San Francisco, or as the grantee or patentee of the United States in and to the lands hereinbefore in this Order described and not excepted or reserved, or intended to be excepted or reserved, by any of the preceding sections or provisions of this Order, and which may not be set apart for public use under any of the preceding sections and provisions, and upon which shall be paid, previous to the first day of April, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, all taxes which have been assessed thereon during the five fiscal years preceding the year beginning July first, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, unto the person or the heirs and assigns of persons who were, on the eighth day of March, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, in the actual bona fide possession thereof, by themselves, or their tenants, or having been ousted from such possession before or since said day, have recovered or may recover the same by legal process. And it is hereby declared to be the intent and object of this section to pass the right, title and claim of the said city and county in and to every tract or portion of said and delineated on said map, except the portions that are or may be reserved as aforesaid, possessed by one person, unto the possessor thereof in severalty, and every separate tract or portion thereof, except the portions that are or may be reserved as aforesaid, possessed by by more than one person jointly or in common, unto the possessors thereof jointly or in common.

SEC. 12. The grants and relinquishments by this Order made shall be subject to the selections, reservations, and conditions hereinbefore in this Order made and provided for.

SEC. 13. A Committee of five members of the Board of Supervisors shall be chosen by said Board, whose duty it shall be to prepare and report to the Board the plan provided for in section two of this Order, to supervise the making of the map provided for in section three, to select, set apart, and designate the lots and portions of land hereinbefore provided to be set apart for public use, and generally to superintend the carrying out of the provisions of this Order; all the acts of said Committee to be subject to the approval of the Board of Supervisors.

Sec. 14. The Committee aforesaid shall receive a reasonable compensation for their services, to be determined by the County Judge.

SEC. 15. Whenever a survey shall be required to determine the boundaries of any claim or portion of any claim, whether ordered by the Committee or requested by the claimants, the expenses of such survey shall be borne by such claimants; and no survey shall be received by the Committee except it shall have been made by the City and County Surveyor, or a surveyor designated by the Committee; and the amount of compensation for such survey shall be fixed by the Committee at a reasonable rate, not to exceed the ordinary charges for such services.

SEC. 16. The Board of Supervisors shall provide, by order, for the distribution and payment to those entitled thereto, of the moneys assessed for the cost of reservations, and which shall have been paid to the City and County Treasurer under the provisions of section eleven of this Order.

SEC. 17. Nothing in this Order contained shall have the effect to annul or invalidate any action or proceeding heretofore had or commenced under the Orders which are by this Order repealed; and it shall not be necessary to do anew, under this Order, anything therein provided for which is also provided for in the Orders aforesaid, and which has been done under and in pursuance of the provisions of said Orders, and have been ratified by the Board of Supervisors; and all proceedings commenced under said Orders relating to maps and surveys, and not yet completed, shall be continued and completed under this Order.

SEC. 18. Order Seven Hundred and Thirty-three, and all Orders and parts of Orders and Resolutions, so far as they conflict with the provisions of this Order, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 19. This Order is subject in all its parts to ratification by the Legislature, for which application shall be made by the Board of Supervisors.

Be it therefore enacted. That the within and before recited Order be and the same is hereby ratified and confirmed, and all proceedings heretofore had and which have taken place or shall hereafter take place under its provisions, are ratified and confirmed in all respects. Provided, That after the Board of Supervisors shall have set apart a tract of land for a cemetery as provided in said Order, and shall have set apart a tract of land for a public park as therein provided, the said Board may, if in their judgment the same would be better for the public health or convenience, by a vote of at least ten members, and with the approval of the Mayor, exchange such lands so set apart for cemetery purposes for other lands, not less than two hundred acres in extent, to be used as a cemetery, and they may also exchange said lands so set apart for a public park for other lands for the purposes of a public park, and not of less extent than one thousand acres. But no person in actual possession of any of the lands mentioned in the first section of said Order, on the said eighth day of March, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, and on which five years taxes shall have been paid, as provided in such Order, shall be dispossessed of any of said lands, under any Order heretofore or hereafter made by said Board of Supervisors, for the reservation of any of said lands for public uses, except for streets, until compensation shall have been actually made to such person, as provided in said Order number eight hundred, and until such compensation shall have been made such person shall be allowed to continue in possession of such lands so possessed by

SEC. 2. This Act shall take effect from and after its passage.

ACT MODIFYING THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT APPROVING ORDER NO. 800.

AN ACT further to provide for the ratification and confirmation of a certain Order passed by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco, and to modify certain provisions of the same.

[Approved March 27th, 1868.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Nothing in the provisions of a certain Order passed by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco, numbered eight hundred, and entitled "An

Order for the settlement and quieting titles to land in the City and County of San Francisco, situate above high water mark of the Bay of San Francisco and the Pacific Ocean, and without the corporate limits of the City of San Francisco," nor in the provisions of any Actonfirming, or purporting to confirm the same, shall authorize the said Board to exchange any lands set apart and reserved, or to be set apart and reserved for a cemetery or a park, nor deprive the said Board of the power of taking immediate possession of any lands hereafter reserved for public use under the provisions of said Order number eight hundred, or by virtue of the terms of an Act of Congress, approved March eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, entitled "An Act to quiet the title to certain lands within the corporate limits of the City of San Francisco."

SEC. 2. Whenever the report of appraisement mentioned in section ten of said Order number eight hundred shall have been made and filed, as therein provided, it shall be the duty of the City and County Recorder to make out, certify and deliver to the Tax Collector of said city and county a copy of the same, which copy shall be deemed and held to have the same force, effect and validity in regard to the sums therein assessed, as an assessment roll duly approved by the Board of Equalization in regard to State and county taxes. The said Tax Collector shall proceed to collect the said several sums of money assessed in said report in the same manner as State and county taxes are collected by him in said city and county; and all the provisions of the various Acts relating to the collection of the public revenue in said city and county not inconsistent with the provisions of said Order number eight hundred, nor the provisions of this Act, shall apply to the collection of the sums of money so assessed as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. This Act shall take effect from and after its passage.

MAJORITY REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON OUTSIDE LANDS UPON THE RE-SERVATIONS OF LAND FOR PUBLIC USES.*

[Filed May 18th, 1868.]

Mr. President—The Committee on Outside Lands have performed the duty imposed upon them by section two of Order No. 800, and have caused to be made according to the plan heretofore adopted by this Board, and now present a map of the Outside Lands, showing the lots and portions of land set apart for public use, and showing also all the claims made by individuals up to the present time.

The duty of preparing this map, and of making the necessary selections for public use, has been much more laborious, and has taken much more time than was anticipated, either by the public or your Committee; yet a glance at the map will convince any one that the time and labor have not been expended in vain; that it cannot fail to be of great utility hereafter as a muniment of title to all the lands which shall pass to individuals by operation of Order No. 800, as well as for the protection and preservation of the City's right to the reservations.

The map in connection with the accompanying schedule exhibits fully the conclusions made by your Committee in regard to all the questions before them; but a general statement of those conclusions, and the reasons which led to them, will aid the Board in its consideration of the work of the Committee.

ENGINE LOTS.

The lots set apart for the use of the Fire Department number 32. They have been selected at convenient distances from each other, so that every house which shall be creeted hereafter on the outside lands may be reached from some one of them within a minute from the time of an alarm. The lots vary in size from 25 by 80 feet to 30 by 120 feet.

SCHOOL LOTS.

The aggregate area set apart for school purposes is about 71 acres, consisting of 98 lots.

^{*}A description of the Reservations accompanied the Report.

All the lots in the new survey extend through the middle of the blocks, and have a frontage of 150 feet each on two streets. Those in the old survey are six in number and 137½ feet square. Those on the Potrero are 150 by 200 feet, and number eleven. The lots are selected with a view to cheap improvement and easy access; and the size and form are such as to give the greatest accommodation at the least expense.

HOSPITAL LOT.

The lot for a hospital is located at the point deemed the most suitable of any within the city and county for the purpose.

Besides the advantage of being to the leeward of present and prospective populous districts, it has these positive advantages:

- 1. It has a western frontage and inclination, so that the principal parts of the hospital will have the full benefit of that most important of sanitary agents, sunshine.
- 2. It is protected from the direct force of the westerly winds, but not so much as to be deprived of sufficient and pure air.
- 3. The soil is firm, so as to be easily kept clean and free from dust; and fertile, so as to be capable of cultivation.
- 4. It is near to Islais creek, and is sufficiently elevated to have perfect drainage—a consideration of first importance.
- 5. It is nearest that part of the city where the principal manufactories will be located eventually, and where accidents requiring immediate surgical attention will most frequently happen.
- 6. It fronts on one of the finest avenues of the city—Potrero Avenue—100 feet in width; and has a commanding view of a large portion of the city—a desideratum of great importance to patients confined within the limits of a hospital.

LOTS AND BLOCKS FOR MISCELLANEOUS USES.

The map shows selections for various uses: public squares, lots for asylums of various kinds; for a city hall and library; for the use of the Academy of Sciences, etc.: and the propriety of the various selections sufficiently appears from the map, and needs no special notice in this report.

CEMETERY.

It is a fact that there is no place within the city and county really suitable for a cemetery, and none that ought to be used for the purpose. Still a public burial place is a necessity, and your Committee unanimously agreed that the tract designated was the best for the purpose, and least objectionable of any at our disposal. It is sheltered from the wind to some extent; has a beautiful view; is susceptible of cultivation, and has a firm clayey soil, which is much better in a sanitary point of view than a light or sandy soil.

PARK.

Your Committee have been able to agree unanimously upon all reservations except that for a park.

At the commencement of our labors upon this subject each member had a plan of his own; and after the fullest discussion, and the most sincere and earnest effort on the part of every need to reconcile conflicting opinions, and to do away with the various objections urged against the several plans, we have been compelled to report the map with only a majority in favor of the park as thereon designated.

Your Committee were unanimous upon the following propositions:

- 1. That the park should not be more than 1,000 acres in extent.
- 2. That it should extend to the ocean beach.
- 3. That it should be situated so as to include at least a part of the tract finally selected by a majority of the Committee.

And it is proper that the general reasons which made those propositions acceptable to the Committee should be stated before we enter upon the consideration of matters upon which there was not a unanimous agreement.

First—As to the extent of the Park. San Francisco is peculiarly favored in being permit ted to take without cost to her, any quantity of land deemed necessary for the purpose of a

grand park—and not less favored in having a tract of so great extent and of such varied topographical formation from which to make the selection. A large portion of the outside land is suitable for park purposes. The formation is such that, with very little expenditure beyond the cost of cultivation and of road making, a great variety of scenery and landscape may be obtained in a comparatively small compass.

But the expense of cultivation and the cost of roads and paths will necessarily be great; and the cost of maintenance and police will also be great. It is not to be expected that a public park can be cultivated and maintained and policed in San Francisco at anything like so cheap a rate as in New York. The high price of labor here, which will doubtless exist for many years, and the scarcity of water and the necessity of irrigation, will make our ordinary expenses for those purposes greatly in excess of those of New York.

During the first two years of the existence of Central Park and when less than one-half of the 768 acres was improved, New York paid for expenses—other than cost of construction and improvements—more than \$500,000 per annum; and the cost of improvement and construction during the same period was over \$1,300,000 per annum—at least five times as much as we are likely to be authorized to extend for similar purposes during any one year for 20 years.

If we are correct in these views, then 1,000 acres is as much as will ever be properly improved and cultivated. We ought not to reserve more than will some day be wrought to a high degree of beauty; and it would be better for the city, better for the park to have too few acres than too many. If any portion reserved should not be properly cultivated, if it should remain a waste, it would be an injury instead of a benefit—instead of an ornament it would be a disgrace to the city.

Again, a park of 1,000 acres is sufficient and will be sufficient for all the people that can live within a convenient distance of it. If the time shall ever come when such a park shall be too small to accommodate all of the inhabitants, that will be the time for the creation of another one near the suburbs.

Second—As to the ocean boundary or terminus. The object of a public park is such that it should unite, as far as possible, every element of natural beauty, and combine every means of recreation and enjoyment. With the eastern portion of the park cultivated and decorated in the highest style of landscape gardening and architecture, the now desert and drifting dunes transformed, as it is now demonstrated they may be, into pine forests, and the drives and riding paths connected with one of the finest beach drives in the world, every phase of attraction and usefulness of which such a place of recreation is capable, will be presented.

Third—As to the general locality of the Park. Once admitting the necessity of uniting the park and the ocean beach, the general location of the park is fixed so as to include at least a part of the valley at the eastern extremity of the main tract. This valley presents a topographic character susceptible of being wrought into the greatest variety and beauty of natural scenery at the least expense—comprising as it does fertile soil, bearing even now, without cultivation, a great variety of shrubs and flowers; water easily obtainable; picturesque hills, some of sufficient height to command a view of the ocean and the Golden Gate; charming vales, rocky points; depressions capable of being changed to sylvan lakes; winding ravines almost completely fitted by nature for roads and paths, and serving the purpose of the artificial way suggested by Mr. Olmstead in his report to this Board on the subject of a park; and level prairies which only need protection and water to be green lawns the year round. The ease with which this beautiful valley may be transformed into a delightful park is manifested in the beauty, variety and thriftiness of the indigenous flowers and shrubs with which it is clad.

Besides, there is no other tract of any considerable extent at our disposal furnishing direct and easy communication with the beach—none possessing so great a variety of topography, and at the same time protected from the winds, of good soil and easy of access, from the settled portion of the city and county. The irreconcilable disagreement in opinion occurred when we came to fix the form and define the boundaries of the park. The reasons by which were reconciled the differences in opinion at first existing among the members of the majority, may be briefly stated:

First-As to the width and eastward extension of the main Park. Having determined that

the Park should connect with the beach, and that it should not include more than about 1,000 acres, the eastern extension and the width become dependent upon each other, subject to certain conditions, some of which we deem imperative, and all worthy of consideration.

- 1. The width should be sufficient to afford a variety of scenery, and permit the creation of rural retreats and places of sylvan seclusion. This condition is not met if the park is less than half a mile wide. Central Park of New York is a few feet over half a mile; and a map of it shows that the width is none too great for proper arrangement and decoration.
- 2. The main park should not extend so far east as to complete the barrier between the eastern and western portions of the City. The Government Reserve, extending from the bay on the north to the cemeteries, is and will always remain impassable. From the Reserve to Fulton street there is a line of cemeteries. Across that line no streets, in addition to the one now open, can ever be extended. The one now open, for the reason that it passes through a cemetery, is unsuited and ought not to be used for general travel and business communication. Of course the park cannot be used for purposes of business and traffic. It therefore becomes absolutely necessary to leave sufficient space somewhere between the hills on the south and the cemeteries on the north for business communication between the two sections. For this reason alone we deem it wholly impracticable to extend the eastern line of the main park further east than Stanyan street. Indeed, it is a question whether it would or would not be better to make First Avenue the eastern boundary.
- 3. To the east of First Avenue nearly all the land is held in small lots by persons intending them for homesteads. The land is now of great value, and upon some portions of it valuable improvements have been made. This is not of itself a reason why that land should not be included in the park, if the park would in any manner be incomplete or insufficient without it; but it ought to be sufficient to solve a doubt otherwise existing in regard to the eastern terminus. All land taken must be paid for and by a comparatively small number of people, owners of not a great quantity of land. We should, therefore, always keep in view the requirements of the park in the first place—reserve as little land of present high value to pay for and preserve as much for assessment and taxation, as possible. Fixing the eastern boundary at Stanyan street, the cost of the park will be less than one-half what it would be if extended to Baker street; and the amount of property preserved for taxation will be of more value, and for the next ten years will pay more taxes, than would the whole of the outside lands if that property were included in the park.
- 4. It might at first appear to some that the park is too far from the populous parts of the city. There would not be much force in the objection even if the park were created for the present rather than for the future; for the eastern line is but about half a mile further west than it would be if brought down to the charter line; and it is only as far from the City Hall as is the Mission Church; and only one mile and one-eighth from the present centre of population. But the park is not created for the present, and it is reasonable to expect that by the time the eastern half of it shall be improved, that half will be the centre of population.

Second—Generally as to the form, location, and extent of the Park as reported. The main tract exhibited on the map contains 998.8 acres, and is about 3.1 miles long and exactly half a mile wide. The wide avenue or entrance is about four-fifths of a mile long, and 275 feet wide, and contains 24.36 acres. The hill to the southward of Haight street contains 66.30 acres.

The arable land included within the Park is about 350 acres. No better soil than these 350 acres can be found in the whole city and county—none better suited in any respect for Park purposes. If it should be claimed that the amount of fertile land is too small, we should answer that it is as great as the City will be able to improve, and as great as the people will require until the sands may be reclaimed.

We speak of the reclamation of the sands as a fact certain to be accomplished; and are justified in so doing by the result of efforts to the same end in France and the Eastern States, and by the gratifying success of the experiment of Mr. Rousset upon a tract adjoining the Park. The reclamation of the sands to the west of the Park and the cultivation of a pine forest so as to break the wind and prevent the further encroachment of the sands upon the fertile land, would be a necessity, even if the Park were wholly east of the dunes; and it is

proper and right that the City should bear the expense of that reclamation and improvement.

The Park, as reported, contains about 145 acres more of the sand, and but little, if any, less of fertile soil than it would contain if it extended from the ocean to the charter line with such width as to include only 1,000 acres.

The avenue leading to the main tract is of itself a park of considerable extent; and with such arrangement and cultivation as it is capable of, and bordered as it surely will be at an early day with elegant private residences and grounds—will furnish one of the most delightful places of resort for a walk, or ride, or drive, that can be found in the vicinity of any city. And this strip, owing to its form and the character of its soil, may be easily, cheaply and quickly improved. A single year from the time this Board shall have authority to expend \$50,000 upon it will be sufficient to make it a pleasant place of resort, and five years will change it into one of the most delightful retreats. This consideration, so obvious to every one, is a sufficient reason for the adoption of a plan which shall present such a tract, capable of being immediately improved so as to appear o be finished. No part of an open tract three or four times as wide, could be brought into a state of apparent completeness in ten years from the time work should be begun on it.

Mr. Olmstead, in his report to this Board, concludes that in the plan of any pleasure grounds for San Francisco, the following conditions should be observed: That the ornamental parts should be compact, guarded from the direct action of the northwest winds, conveniently entered, rich in detail, pleasant to the eye, and fitted to an extensive system of walks, and rides, and drives, and resting places; that the resting places should be sheltered as much as possible from the wind, and of such plan that their public use can be conveniently regulated without cumbrous, unusual or very expensive police arrangements, and be easily kept clean and free from dust; that no grounds should be selected for such object which is already of great value, yet the neighborhood should be of a character which will ultimately invite the erection of the best class of private and public edifices; that entrance to it should be practicable, and no great distance from that part of the town already built up; that it should extend in the direction in which the city is likely to advance, or should be so arranged that an agreeable extension can be readily made in that direction hereafter; that it should have such form that when the city shall be much enlarged, it may so divide it that it shall be a barrier to conflagration; that it should not present any insurmountable obstructions to the ordinary ways of passage or business transportation between different parts of the city, nor block the city railroads, nor greatly disturb buildings already erected, nor otherwise cause heavy loss or depreciation of value to the existing property of citizens.

Some of these conditions are matter of arrangement and detail rather than of location; but so far as they depend upon location or form of boundaries, they are met as nearly as it is possible to meet them, by the Park as delineated on the map.

To recapitulate: The hill known as "The Island," in the centre of the main tract, and the hills to the northwestward overlooking the ocean, with the hills on the south and east, nearly enclose the eastern half of the main Park, and so protect it, to the utmost possible extent, from the winds.

The wide avenue reaching almost as far east as we are permitted to go, and connecting by broad streets with the general street system to the eastward, furnish a convenient entrance, capable of the highest order of ornamentation and cultivation.

The great length and width of the main Park, and the width of the main entrance, together with the natural topography of the whole tract, fits the ground to an extensive and intricate system of rural rides, drives, walks, and resting places and play-grounds.

The fertile portion of the grounds selected are, as we have shown, the cheapest suitable for the purpose; and the neighborhood is of a character which even now invites the erection of the best class of edifices.

The entrance is through the lowest pass of the Lone Mountain range of hills, and is reached by an easy grade, commands a full and perfect view of the present city, and the bay to the east and south.

The direction of the Park is the only practicable one. It is the only direction in which a connection with the ocean beach could be made, and the tendency of population is undoubtedly in the same direction.

The form is such that while it does not interrupt communication with the business portion of the city, (as it would if the entrance were wide,) it does completely separate the northern portion of the outside lands from the southern.

It does not injuriously affect the value of property anywhere, and does not confiscate an unnecessary amount of land of present great value.

With these remarks the result of the labors of your Committee is submitted. We trust that it may receive the same full and candid consideration as the questions involved have received from every member of your Committee; and if it shall receive such consideration, we believe that it will be approved by the Board and the public.

C. H. STANYAN, Chairman, A. J. SHRADER, R. BEVERLY COLE.

MINORITY REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON OUTSIDE LANDS AS TO THE BOUNDARIES FOR A PUBLIC PARK.

[Filed May 18th, 1868.]

To the Honorable President and Board of Supervisors :

Mr. President-The undersigned, members of the Outside Lands Committee, beg leave to make the following report, to wit:

First—We recommend the following boundaries for a Public Park: Commencing at a point on the south line of Haight street, distant 248.9-100 feet west of the west line of Devisadero street; thence by the following courses and distances:

South 63° 50′ east 200 feet; south 7° 49′ east 100 feet; south 35° 10′ east 100 feet; south 88° 36′ east 100 feet; south 54° 35′ east 100 feet; south 28° 03′ east 100 feet; south 13° 42′ west 150 feet; south 38° 06′ west 100 feet; south 34° 58′ west 100 feet; south 40° 39′ west 150 feet; south 59° 16′ west 100 feet; south 51° 59′ west 300 feet; south 23° 57′ west 501.6 feet; north 83° 00′ west 100 feet; north 76° 30′ west 100 feet; north 75° 20′ west 100 feet; south 84° 32′ west 100 feet; north 84° 10′ west 100 feet; south 75° 20′ west 100 feet; south 84° 32′ west 100 feet; north 85° 18′ west 100 feet; north 61° 28′ west 100 feet; north 63° 53′ west 100 feet; north 65° ast 242.6 feet; north 82° 19′ east 123 feet; north 42° 01′ east 79 feet; north 41° 7′ west 128 feet; north 19° 25′ west 119.6 feet; north 14° 18′ west 156 feet; north 00° 7′ east 71 feet; north 03° 24′ east 95 feet; north 23° 26′ east 281 feet; north 21° 32′ east 100 feet; north 39° 25′ east 240 feet; north 22° 34′ east 165 feet; north 55° 29′ east 139.6 feet; north 39° 25′ east 240 feet; north 21° 01′ east 86 feet; north 01° 55′ west 72 feet; north 30° 45′ east 1125 feet, to place of beginning, containing 66 acres.

Second-Commencing at the southwest corner of Fell and Broderick streets, distant 481 feet 3 inches west from the westerly line of Devisadero street; thence at right angles westerly along the south line of Fell street 1,856 feet 3 inches, to the east line of Masonic avenue; thence at right angles westerly along the east line of Masonic avenue 687 feet 6 inches, to the south line of Grove street; thence at right angles westerly along the south line of Grove street 3,525 feet, to the east line of First avenue; thence at right angles northerly along the east line of First avenue 130 feet, to the south line of D street; thence at right angles west erly along the south line of D street 15,250 feet, to within 200 feet, more or less, of high water mark of the Pacific Ocean; from thence in a southerly direction along the line of the Reservation for a Public Highway on the ocean beach to the centre of the block between G and H streets; from thence in an easterly direction, and parallel with G and H streets, 16,550 feet; thence at right angles northerly 950 feet, to the north line of Haight street; thence at right angles easterly along the northerly line of Haight street 2,480 feet, to the east line of Masonic avenue; thence at right angles northerly along the east line of Masonic avenue 687 6 inches, to the north line of Oak street; thence at right angles easterly along the north line of Oak street 1,856 feet 3 inches, to the west line of Broderick street; thence at right angles northerly along the west line of Broderick street 275 feet, to the place of commencementcontaining 977 acres; making in all reserved for a Public Park, 1,043 acres. As to all the other

reservations we agree with the majority of the Committee, as submitted in their report. These amount to 324 acres, making in all 1,367 acres reserved for public uses, deducting one-third for public streets, we have 912 acres which will have to be paid for by a tax assessed upon all the lands delineated on the Map of Outside Lands, rateably and equitably upon and to each piece and parcel of land so delineated. The whole amount of Outside Lands, as delineated on the map, amount to about 8,400 acres; deducting the amount reserved for public streets and highways, will leave 5,600 acres, upon which the value of the reservations will have to be assessed.

In selecting ground for a Public Park, it is our duty to so contrive it that a portion of the land selected can be made enjoyable at an early day. It should be centrally situated and accessible to the present population of the city. Frederick Law Olmstead, in his report in regard to a Public Pleasure Ground for the City of San Francisco, says: "In any Pleasure Grounds for San Francisco, the ornamental part should be compact, should be guarded from the direct action of the northwest winds, should be conveniently entered, should be rich in detail, close to the eye, and should be fitted to an extensive system of walks, rides, drives and resting places; these latter should be sheltered as much as possible from the northwest winds and should be easily kept clean and free from dust." The best and only place for such a pleasure ground on the Outside Lands is a valley commencing immediately west of the Charter Line of 1851, between Grove and Haight streets, and extending in a westerly direction, about one mile, to First avenue. This valley contains about 120 acres of low, level land, with good soil and an abundance of water near the surface. It is centrally situated and accessible at all times, it is unusually protected from the northwest winds by the high hills that bound it on the north and west. Here, in the dryest season, trees, shrubs and plants will grow and flourish without irrigation better than anywhere else in the Outside Lands. Here a beautiful Pleasure Ground can be made in a few years for a small outlay, which the citizens of San Francisco will regard with pride and satisfaction. By constructing three or four artesian wells, with wind-mills, an abundance of water can be had for irrigation. This valley, which is included in the boundaries recommended by the undersigned, well improved, will be all the Park that the city will require for many years. It remains for this Board to say whether this beautiful valley shall be reserved for a Public Pleasure Ground or given over to speculators in Outside Lands.

Respectfully submitted,

MONROE ASHBURY, CHAS. CLAYTON.

FINAL REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON OUTSIDE LANDS AS TO CHANGES IN RESERVATIONS FOR PUBLIC USE, ETC.

[Filed June 22d, 1868.]

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco:

GENTLEMEN—Your Committee, having carefully examined all petitions and protests that have been presented to them, and also having heard many of the protestants personally, in relation to the reservations selected by them and delineated upon the Map of the Outside Lands—which said map having been exposed for public inspection for the full period of thirty days' time within the Office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in and for the City and County of San Francisco, in the City Hall, in conformity to the requirements of Order No. 800 of this Board—beg leave to report as follows, to wit, in favor of granting the following petitions:

Petition of L. Eoff, to change reservation of school lot from block No. 158 to No. 95.

Petition of Adelia D. Clark, to change reservation of school lot in block No. 684.

Petition of McKeon and Pritchard, to change reservation of school lot in block No. 541.

Petition of Thomas Byrne, to change location of school lot in block No. 136, by removing the same fifty-five feet northerly to avoid disturbing house and improvements.

Petition of Eberhard W. Park, to reduce in size school lot in block No. 178, taking fifty feet from off the front on Bryant street, running back westerly one hundred feet (50 by 100 feet from the north line of lot as now delineated).

Petition of E. J. Foster, to reduce in size school lot in block No. 260 one-half, leaving it 150 feet front on west Twenty-fourth street by 120 feet in depth.

Petition of Sullivan and Lies, to strike out reservation of school lot in block No. 867.

Petition of J. Spotiswood, to change location of fire engine lot from block No. 507 to the center of block No. 507, to front on the south side of O'Farrell street, between Baker and Broderick.

Petition of Robert White, to change location of fire engine lot in block No. 184, by moving the same so as to commence 325 feet south of Twenty-fifth street, on the west line of Valencia street, running thence north 25 feet, to avoid disturbing house and improvements.

Petition of George Hudson and others, to have a street, sixty-eight (68) feet wide, declared open from Twenty-fourth street to Twenty-sixth, along the line of the old San José road.

Petition of Giles H. Gray, to have New Cemetery Avenue reduced in width to 68 feet and 9 inches, the reduction to be made from off the west line of the avenue as at present delineated on the map.

Petition of William H. Brown and others, to change the location for a Woman's Hospital from block No. 538 on Bush street (changed at request of Mr. Milo Hoadley, who was present in person at the meeting of committee on the 19th inst.) to the two middle fifty-vara lots of block No. 579, bounded on the east by Baker street, on the west by Lyon, on the north by Clay, and on the south by Sacramento, the said two fifty-vara lots in block 579 belonging to said M. Hoadley.

Petition of Thomas Boyce, to change the location of reservation for the Academy of Sciences from block No. 642, said location to be changed to a lot beginning on the east line of First Avenue 100 feet north of the north line of Point Lobos Avenue, running thence east to Mears street and along the line of Mears street and First Avenue, for quantity equal to two fifty-vara lots, same being the property of E. Franklin, he, the said Franklin, having petitioned the committee to make such change.

Petition of J. DeForest and A. N. Tilden, to change the boundaries of the Park reservation south of Haight street to conform to the following courses and distances, to wit: Commencing at the center line of Baker street at its intersection with the south line of Haight street; thence south 67° 58′ east 100 feet, south 86° 31′ east 100 feet, south 58° 62′ east 75 feet, south 24° 31′ east 125 feet, south 38° 56′ east 100 feet, south 46° 43′ east 100 feet, south 36° 52′ east 270 feet, south 30° 20′ west 300 feet, south 58° 53′ west 450 feet, south 24° 39′ west 344 feet, south 46° 10′ west 550 feet, north 86° 55′ west 115 feet, north 72° 27′ west 100 feet, north 49° 30′ west 100 feet, north 13° 55′ west 100 feet, north 53° 14′ west 170 feet, north 22° 34′ west 130 feet, north 11° 8′ west 190 feet, north 15° 8′ east 510 feet, north 52° 15′ east 378 feet, north 28° 8′ west 60 feet, south 76° 43′ west 100 feet, north 35° 40′ west 88 feet, north 67° 5′ west 100 feet, north 1° 42′ west 167 feet, to a point on the south line of Haight street; thence along the south line of Haight street north 80° 45′ east 865 feet to the place of beginning—containing 40.46 acres. Also, to open a public highway 80 feet wide around the same to intersect the south line of Haight street.

Petition of E. L. Sullivan and others, to reduce the size of the reservation around Mountain Lake from thirteen acres to conform to the following described boundaries, to wit: Beginning on the southerly line of the United States Government Reserve at the most easterly point of Mountain Lake, running thence east along said line of the Government Reserve two hundred feet, thence southerly to a point where a line drawn easterly and westerly parallel with the most southerly line of blocks, as delineated (such line to be two hundred feet south of the most southerly point of the lake) would intersect; thence westerly along the last named line to a line which, if drawn north and south, would be two hundred feet west of the most westerly point of the lake; thence northerly at right angles and along the last named line to the said line of the United States Government Reserve, and thence easterly along the Government Reserve line to the lake.

Petition of Lies and Sullivan, to close all of the streets delineated on the map lying south of Waller street, and between Stanyan street on the west and Park reservation on the east.

Petition of Rev. Bishop J. Alemany, to open Ellis and Broderick streets through his property—Juniper Park or Square—and to close the circular streets as delineated on the map. Petition of P. H. Blake and others, to change the width of Fulton street as delineated to

68 feet and 9 inches, from the southeast corner of Masonic Cemetery to First Avenue, reduction in width to be added to the blocks along the north line of Fulton street.

Also, in favor of establishing the width of old Cemetery Avenue at 60 feet, from Geary to Bush streets, and that the land lying between the old and new Cemetery Avenues, and Bush and Sutter streets, be used as a public square, and that that lying between Sutter and Post streets, and the old and new Cemetery Avenues, be used for street purposes.

Also, to have erased from the map the reservations of school lots, respectively in blocks Nos. 577, 582, 588, 594, 606, 600, 612, 618, same being embraced within the lines of the Park reservation; and instead of those erased and changed by petitions, to locate school lots each 137½ feet square from the center of blocks No. 815 on Clay street, No. 810 on Broadway street, No. 811 on Pacific street, and No. 848 on Clay street, making the whole number of lots reserved for school purposes, ninety-one.

Also, to authorize and direct Messrs. Potter and Humphreys to indicate on the Map of Outside Lands the frontage and depth, in feet and inches, of all the reservations made for public uses where such reservations are less or more than one whole block in extent, with reference to streets and boundaries of blocks.

Also, to change the names of "West 2nd," and all intervening streets parallel thereto west to the Pacific Ocean, from "Streets" to "Avenues," retaining the same numerical order and designation as 2nd Avenue, 3d Avenue, etc., etc.

Also, to extend the west line of the Park Reservation west to the Pacific Ocean.

Adversely to the following petitions:

Petition of Sweeny and Baugh, for change of Cemetery Reservation.

Petition of Peter Donahue, for change of Park Reservation.

Petition of Treat and Morganthau, for change of Hospital Reservation.

Petition of Mission View Homestead Association, for change of school lot in block No. 122, Potrero.

Petition of J. Friedman and Margaret Doyle, for change of school lot in block No. 530.

And your Committee recommend that the Map of Outside Lands heretofore reported to this Board be changed accordingly.

C. H. STANYAN, R. BEVERLY COLE, A. J. SHRADER, MONROE ASHBURY, CHAS. CLAYTON.

Resolution No. 8,565 (adopted June 22d, 1868), approving and adopting the final Report of Committee, reads as follows:

Resolved, That the Report of the Committee on Outside Lands, in relation to alterations of the Map of Outside Lands, be and the same is hereby adopted and approved; and that the said Committee be and is hereby authorized and instructed to cause the alteration specified in the said Report to be delineated or said map, and to make the said map in all things (except as to the alterations above referred to) conform to the Report of a majority of said Committee presented with the said map on the 18th day of May, 1863.

On June 29th, 1868, Supervisor Stanyan presented the following communication and report:

Office of the Survey of Outside Lands, San Francisco, June 29th, 1868.

C. H. Stanyan, Esq., Chairman of the Committee on Outside Lands:

Sir—We hereby certify that the Map of the Outside Lands has, by the direction of the Committee on Outside Lands, been made in all things to conform to the instructions given to the Committee by the Board of Supervisors in Resolution No. 8,565, passed June 22d, 1868.

Very respectfully,

POTTER & HUMPHREYS, Surveyors of the Outside Lands.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

MR. PRESIDENT—Your Committee on Outside Lands respectfully report they have caused the Map of the Outside Lands to be made to conform to the instructions given to the Committee by the Board in Resolution No. 8,565, passed June 22d, 1868, in reference thereto, and the said map is now the Official Map of said lands.

C. H. STANYAN, R. BEVERLY COLE, A. J. SHRADER, CHAS. CLAYTON, MONROE ASHBURY.

A difference of opinion existing as to whether the Reservations delineated upon the Map of the Outside Lands could be secured by the adoption of a resolution, or whether the same required to be by an "Ordinance," as expressed in Act of Congress, the matter was referred to the City and County Attorney, who submitted the following opinion:

OPINION OF THE CITY ATTORNEY ON THE PUEBLO RESERVATIONS.

CITY AND COUNTY ATTORNEY'S OFFICE, July 8th, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors:

GENTLEMEN—There has been referred to me for my opinion, the acceptance of the Map of the Outside Lands; and the question is asked, whether the same must be by resolution, or ordinance passed to print and signed by the Mayor, in order to secure the reservations made and delineated thereon. In regard thereto, I have to say: By Order 800 of this Board, and by an Act of the Legislature confirming the same, approved March 27th, 1868, it is provided, that the Board of Supervisors shall proceed to devise and adopt a plan for the subdivision into blocks and lots, of all that property commonly called "Outside Lands," so far as said Board shall deem such subdivision necessary, "and to select and set apart for public uses such lots and portions of said land as said Board may deem necessary, subject to the limitations and provisions hereinafter in this order contained." (Sec. 1.)

After this plan has been devised, the Board of Supervisors are to cause to be made a map of said lands acco. ding to said plan, which map is to show the streets, public highways, the blocks formed by the intersection of such streets and public highways, the lots into which such blocks shall be subdivided, and upon such map "shall be designated the lots and portions of land set apart for public uses, and the particular use for which each lot or portion of land shall so be set apart." (Sec. 2.)

Upon the completion of the map thus provided for, it is to be deposited for public inspection in the Office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, there to remain for thirty days; and notice of this during such time is to be published in three daily papers. (Sec. 3.)

For the period of thirty days, or until the completion of the map, any person interested in said lands may present his claims to the Committee on Outside Lands; and, on complying with certain conditions, have such claim delineated on such map. (Sec. 4.)

All these steps have been taken. The plan has been devised; the map has been caused to be made; the same has been deposited for public inspection, and persons interested have had their claims delineated thereon.

It is next provided, that when the map shall have so remained on deposit for thirty days, "The Board of Supervisors shall examine the objections, if any have been made, and may make such alterations in the location or designation of any lots, or portions of land set apart for public uses, as may be necessary to obviate any objection which said Board shall deem just and proper." (Sec. 5.)

This provision has also been complied with. Objections were made, and these were examined by the Committee on Outside Lands. The amended delineations were embodied in a report from that Committee, and adopted by a majority of the Board, on June 22d, 1868.

That the Board of Supervisors could, by adopting the Report of the Committee on Outside Lands, make the delineations of the Committee those of the Board—the alterations of the Committee those of the Supervisors—does not admit of a doubt. For it is specially enacted that "A committee of five members of the Board of Supervisors shall be chosen by said Board, whose duty it shall be to prepare and report to the Board the plan provided in Sec. 2 of this order; to supervise the making of the map provided for in Sec. 3; to select, set apart and designate the lots and portions of land hereinbefore provided to be set apart for public use, and generally to superintend the carrying out of the provisions of this Order; all the acts of said committee to be subject to the approval of the Board of Supervisors." (Sec. 13.)

The resolution passed by a vote of the majority of the Board on the 22d of June was to the effect, "that the report of the Committee on Outside lands be, and the same is hereby adopted and approved."

So, too, it was perfectly competent to instruct the Committee to "cause the alterations to

See Addenda for communication from Mayor, which should have preceded the City and County Attorney's opinion on the Pueblo Reservations.

reservations in the first instance of a surface of the first instance of the first insta

The reason that the distribution or payment is to be made by order is, that the word "order" is expressed in Sec. 16 of the Act: and the legal inference is that the word "order" having been expressed in section sixteen, and in no other section, that the word "order" is confined to section sixteen, and can be extended to no other section; that the word "order" having been applied to the subject of payment and distribution of assessment, and no other subject; that the word "order" is limited to the subject of payment and distribution of assessment, and can be applied to no other subject embraced within the Act. Expressio unius

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

MR. PRESIDENT—Your Committee on Outside Lands respectfully report they have caused the Map of the Outside Lands to be made to conform to the instructions given to the Committee by the Board in Resolution No. 8,565, passed June 22d, 1868, in reference thereto, and the said map is now the Official Map of said lands.

C. H. STANYAN, R. BEVERLY COLE, A. J. SHRADER, CHAS. CLAYTON, MONROE ASHBURY.

A difference of opinion existing as to whether the Reservations delineated upon the Map of the Outside Lands could be secured by the adoption of a resolution, or whether the same required to be by an "Ordinance" of the process in the following secure and the same required to be by an "Ordinance" of the same required to be by an "Ordin

said lands may present his claims to the Committee on Outside Lands; and, on complying with certain conditions, have such claim delineated on such map. (Sec. 4.)

All these steps have been taken. The plan has been devised; the map has been caused to be made; the same has been deposited for public inspection, and persons interested have had their claims delineated thereon.

It is next provided, that when the map shall have so remained on deposit for thirty days, "The Board of Supervisors shall examine the objections, if any have been made, and may make such alterations in the location or designation of any lots, or portions of land set apart for public uses, as may be necessary to obviate any objection which said Board shall deem just and proper." (Sec. 5.)

This provision has also been complied with. Objections were made, and these were examined by the Committee on Outside Lands. The amended delineations were embodied in a report from that Committee, and adopted by a majority of the Board, on June 22d, 1868.

That the Board of Supervisors could, by adopting the Report of the Committee on Outside Lands, make the delineations of the Committee those of the Board—the alterations of the Committee those of the Supervisors—does not admit of a doubt. For it is specially enacted that "A committee of five members of the Board of Supervisors shall be chosen by said Board, whose duty it shall be to prepare and report to the Board the plan provided in Sec. 2 of this order; to supervise the making of the map provided for in Sec. 3; to select, set apart and designate the lots and portions of land hereinbefore provided to be set apart for public use, and generally to superintend the carrying out of the provisions of this Order; all the acts of said committee to be subject to the approval of the Board of Supervisors." (Sec. 13.)

The resolution passed by a vote of the majority of the Board on the 22d of June was to the effect, "that the report of the Committee on Outside lands be, and the same is hereby adopted and approved."

So, too, it was perfectly competent to instruct the Committee to "cause the alterations to be delineated on the map," and to make the same conform to the majority report. (People vs. McCreary; manuscript decision of Supreme Court.)

The report of that Committee has since been filed, and therein it is stated that the alterations have been made on said map, and that the same has been made to conform to the majority report.

Is there any further step to take to make this map the official map of these lands? Is there any further thing to do in order to secure these reservations? Let the text of the Legislative enactment answer:

"As soon as the alterations provided for in section five of this order shall have been made and delineated on said map, the said map shall become and be the official map of said lands; and the portions of land thereon designated as public streets and highways, and the tract or portion of land set apart and designated on said map as a Public Park, and the tract or portion of land set apart and designated thereon as a Cemetery, and lots for a Hospital, City Hall, County Jail, Public Schools, Fire Department, City Library, or other purposes, shall be deemed absolutely dedicated as such." (Sec. 6.)

This language is too plain to be misunderstood. It is clear that everything has been performed necessary to create the map the official map of these lands, and to secure the reservations thereon delineated, unless there is some other portion of this Act, or unless there are other Acts, which overrule this section of the Statute of 1868, and set at naught the evident intent of the Legislature, thus pointedly expressed. Such other portion of the Act is said to be Sec. 16; and such other Acts are declared to be "The Consolidation Act," and the Act of Congress approved March 8th, 1866. Of these in their order:

I. Sec. 16 enacts that "the Board of Supervisors shall provide, by order, for the distribution and payment to those entitled thereto, of the moneys assessed for the costs of reservations, and which shall have been paid to the City and County Treasurer under the provisions of section eleven of this Order;" and it is argued that, if it be necessary for the Board hereafter to provide by ordinance for the distribution of the moneys assessed for the costs of reservations, "it would seem to be equally or more necessary to establish those reservations in the first instance by an ordinance describing the land dedicated to public uses, and adopting the map." If this argument had been, that it would seem to be equally or more "politic" or more "wise," instead of more "necessary," I might subscribe to it. But addressed to the question of "power," apart from the question of "policy" or "wisdom," such view is erroneous.

The reason that the distribution or payment is to be made by order is, that the word "order" is expressed in Sec. 16 of the Act: and the legal inference is that the word "order" is having been expressed in section sixteen, and in no other section, that the word "order" is confined to section sixteen, and can be extended to no other section; that the word "order" having been applied to the subject of payment and distribution of assessment, and no other subject; that the word "order" is limited to the subject of payment and distribution of assessment, and can be applied to no other subject embraced within the Act. Expressio unius

est exclusio alterius is the rule of law; exactly the reverse of what is claimed by the reasoning indicated.

II. Section sixty-eight of "the Consolidation Act," among other things, provides:

"Every ordinance or resolution of the Board of Supervisors providing for any specific improvement, the granting of any privilege, or involving the lease or other appropriation of public property, or the expenditure of public moneys (except for sums less than five hundred dollars), or laying any tax or resolution imposing a new duty or penalty shall, after its introduction in the Board, be published, with the ayes and nays, in some city daily newspaper, at least five successive days before final action by the Board upon the same; and every such ordinance, after the same shall pass the Board, shall before it takes effect, be presented to the President of the Baard for his approval. If he approves, he shall sign it; if not, he shall return it within ten days to the Board, with his objections in writing.

I am unable to see that this provision has any bearing upon the question. The resolution accepting the report of the Committee, and instructing the Committee to delineate on the map the alterations made and agreed upon, does not grant any "privilege," or involve the matter of a "lease," or authorize the "expenditure of public money." Nor does it lay any tax or assessment. It is true that hereafter there is to be made "a just and equitable assessment of the value of the lands so reserved, ratably and equitably upon, and to, each piece and parcel of land delineated on said map, according to the value of said land-exclusive of the lands reserved for public streets and highways." But when this is to be done, how to be done, upon what conditions to be done, is fully provided for by section ten. It is not to be done, or attempted, until after the Committee shall have made their final report upon the said map and reservations, and the report shall have been ratified by the Board of Supervi. sors. Then indeed, it becomes the further duty of the said Committee to make a just appraisement, assessment, etc. But to say that the "present" duty of accepting the report, is the "further" duty of making an assessment; to say that the thing to be done "now," as provided in section five, is the thing to be done "hereafter," as provided in section ten; to say that a resolution ratifying the report of the Committee, is a resolution to levy an assessment, when by the law itself it is provided as a condition precedent to the making of any assessment, that the report shall first be made and ratified, is to confound all distinctions of terms and obliterate all rules of construction.

It is, however, unnecessary to dwell upon this longer than to ask and answer this question. The Report has been made. The resolution accepting the Report, and instructing the Committee to delineate on the map the alterations, has been passed, and those alterations have been delineated on said map. Has such procedure made any assessment? Is there at this time any assessment of the value of the lands so reserved made upon any one piece of land delineated on said map? Has even the appraisement been made upon which to found the assessment? The answer to these inquiries can only be, that no such appraisement or assessment has resulted from the action of the Board in accepting the map and delineating thereon the alterations. Such appraisement and assessment remain "the further duty" of the Committee.

It is said, however, that this resolution "appropriates" public property. Such is not the case. That there is an appropriation of public property when these lands are dedicated to public uses may be admitted. But such "appropriation," such "dedication," is not effected by the resolution accepting the Report and causing the alterations to be delineated on the map. Such "appropriation," such "dedication," is effected solely by section six of the Order 800 and the Act of the Legislature.

It is true, that by accepting the Report of the Committee, and causing the alterations to be delineated on the map, a step is taken which leads directly to an appropriation of public property. But so was the devising and adopting a plan for the subdivision of this land, as provided in section one, a step leading directly to this result. So causing a map to be made, as provided in section two. So, on the completion of the map, the depositing it for thirty days in the office of the Clerk of the Board, and the publishing the notice in the papers, as provided in section three. So the delineating on the map the claims of persons interested, as provided in section four.

All these were steps taken for the purpose of appropriating these lands to public uses.

Had any one of them been omitted, the appropriation could not have been made, nor the reservations saved to the city.

The last step provided by section five, that of examining the objections and delineating the alterations on the map, is in itself no more an appropriation of public property than any one of these others, and is only brought into prominence because, instead of the first, it necessarily is the last. But it no more requires an order passed to print, and signed by the Mayor, to accept the map from the Committee, with the alterations to be delineated on the map, and to delineate them thereon, than it required an order passed to print, and signed by the Mayor, to hang up the map in the office of the Clerk for thirty days, to cause the map to be made, or to devise the plan for subdivision.

It must be remembered that it is not the Mayor, nor yet the Board of Supervisors, either separately or conjointly, who alone make this map the Official Map of the Outside Lands, or who dedicate to public uses any land carved out therefrom. It is the Legislature of the State of California, acting in conjunction with the Board of Supervisors, that accomplishes this work. The Legislature, by its enactment of March 27th, 1868, says to the Board, take ceatain steps, all of which are enumerated in the first five sections of the law. When you have taken them, then we, the People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows: "As soon as the alterations provided for in section five of this Order shall have been made, the said map shall become and be the Official Map of safd lands, and the portions thereon designated as public streets, park, cemetery, etc., shall be deemed absolutely dedicated as such."

To your Honorable Body has been confided the right of selection, the right to determine what shall be reserved, appropriated, dedicated, but that which makes the reservation, appropriation, dedication, is not the power of the city, but the power of the State. And, unless it can be shown that an order passed to print and signed by the Mayor is necessary to give efficacy to an Act of the Legislature, no such order is necessary to make this map the Official Map of the Outside Lands, or to cause the reservations made to be absolutely dedicated as such.

All the limitations in section sixty-eight of the Act of the Legislature, known as the "Consolidation Act," are limitations on the Board of Supervisors, but not limitations on the Legislature itself.

If Order 800 were only an ordinance of the Board, the limitation in the Consolidation Act in regard to appropriations of public property might be of effect. But being not alone an ordinance of the Board, but an Act of the Legislature of the State, the same is destitute of all application.

III. The Act of Congress, approved March 8th, 1866, remains for review.

It is urged, that because the title to these lands is derived from the United States through this particular Act, that the conditions named in that Act must be observed. One of those conditions is said to be, that all reservations made by the city must be by "Ordinance."

Three answers can be made to this objection, any one of which being correct is sufficient.

I. The inquiry at once arises, what is the meaning of the word "ordinance," as used in the Act of Congress?

It has been assumed, and does not seem to have been denied, that the Senators and Representatives in Congress assembled, when they used the word ordinance in this Act, must have meant an order passed to print, and signed by the Mayor. Such assumption is entirely unwarrantable; for the question is, not what the Board of Supervisors of San Francisco, nor the Legislature of the State of California, mean by the word "ordinance," but what is meant by the use of that word by the Congress of the United States.

As is said by the Supreme Court, in Perry vs. Washburn, in regard to the meaning of the word taxes. "Whatever view may be taken of taxes under our statute, and whether in the provisions for their enforcement they can be treated as debts due the State, the question still recurs, what did Congress intend by the Act under consideration?" (20 Cal. 351.)

To arrive at the intention of Congress, we must seek the meaning of the word "ordinance," as defined by authoritative writers and lexicographers, and the well settled rules of construction must be invoked and applied. Now, by the best general authorities, the meaning of the word "ordinance" is declared to be "a statute, law, rule, regulation, appointment." Yide Webster, Worcester, Johnson, Ash, Crabbe and Roget.)

By the best legal authorities ordinance is defined "a law or regulation of a municipal corporation." "In American law, an act or regulation," etc. "A law or rule." (Vide Burrill, Wharton and Bouvier.)

The rules of construction unquestionably are, even as touching the commonest con ract, a fortiori a statute—that words are always to be interpreted to the extent of their meaning. That they are to be held generic rather than specific, and thereby made to cover things collateral rather than identical. That interpretation is ever to be in favor of the comprehensive over the restrictive, the general over the particular sense.

Applying these definitions and these rules, it appears that Congress has said, in the Act approved March 8th, 1866, no more than this: that these lands shall be given to the bona fide settlers, etc., "except such parcels thereof as may be secured and set apart by law, rule, regulation, or appointment of said city."

It cannot be said that this is a forced definition, or a strained construction. That it is the mere meaning of a word in language as written and not as acted on, since it is its practical and every-day meaning in various cities. For while it is true that an ordinance by many municipal corporations is enacted, as with us, by a vote of the Supervisors, or Common Council, a passage to print and a signing by the Mayor; nevertheless, not a few municipal corporations create their ordinances simply by a vote of the Supervisors, or Common Council, without any further action whatsoever. An examination of the charters of such American cities as I have been able to find shows this to be the case in the proportion of three to five. Indeed, while desiring to avoid all affectation of learning, it is proper to say that the word "ordinance" originally meant a law or rule, enacted by the legislative body alone without the aid or assent of the Executive. It was this very feature which distinguished an ordinance from a statute. (Vide Coke Litt. 159, b 3 Reev. Hist. English law, 146; Barr on Stat., 41 note, X.) And this meaning has not been lost either in definition or usage. The fact that the word ordinance is followed by the words "of said city" does not impair the definition and construction herein adopted. The words "of said city" are not words of "restriction," but words of "description." They are not words of "condition;" they are words of "designation."

But it aids to uphold the definition and construction contended for to consider for a moment what this work of "reservation" is. It is not the city's parting with title to another, which might demand some solemn act. It is not even the city's creating title to herself, which perhaps should require an act more formal. The Act of Congress (as now decided) operates as an absolute grant of all the title of the United States in these lands, to the bona fide settlers, except such portions as may by the city for her own use be "reserved," i. e. "withheld," "retainel." The grant has already been made; the gift already bestowed; the title already created. It awaits action upon the part of the city to render the same perfect. But that action is simply one of "assent," of "choice," of "preference," and may be evidenced on the part of the city by any method which is capable of being understood.

To narrow down, then, the word ordinance by definition and construction, instead of enlarging it, in view of the inconsiderable matter which is to be performed by it, would be to sacrifice the spirit to the letter; the substance to the shadow.

(2). This Act of Congress, which declares that the city shall have such portion of the Outside Lands "as may be reserved and set apart by ordinance of said city," is, as to making the reservations, directory, not mandatory. Every element of a directory statute is contained in it, and every element of a mandatory statute is absent from it. The intent of the Act is to divest the United States of all its title, and to vest the same in the bona fide settlers and the city. The aim and the object of the statute are, for the United States to part with a large and valuable domain. The manner in which—the form in which—the same shall be acquired by the settlers or the city, is not of the essence. This of itself would make the statute directory.

But further, there are no negative words in the statute. The language used is in the permissive and not in the commanding sense. The words are, "such parcels thereof as may be reserved and set apart by ordinance of said city." To make this a mandatory statute, the word "shall" ought at least to have been inserted. The word being "may," to escape being held directory, it must be followed by negative words, as "such parcels thereof as

may be reserved and set apart by ordinance of said city, and not otherwise," or "by ordinance, and in no other manner." The city is not commanded to reserve any of this land. There is no duty enjoined on her by the statute to reserve any part of it. She may reserve a portion of it, or she may not; and what she may reserve she may reserve in such manner and form as to her seems meet and proper. At times it is difficult to determine whether a statute is mandatory or directory, and all the authorities may then with advantage be cited. But as no such difficulty is experienced here, I content myself by referring to the leading text book on the subject—viz: Sedgwick on Constitutional and Statutory Law, 368, et seq.

(3.) The third and last answer to be given to the objection, that the Act of Congress enacts that the reservations shall be made by "ordinance" of the city is, that the reservations have been made by ordinance; and that, if Congress commands the reservations to be made by one ordinance it certainly does not command them to be made by two. The ordinance to which I refer is that of Order 800. That ordinance has been passed by your honorable body, printed and signed by the Mayor; and that ordinance, so far as any ordinance can, has reserved these lands to the city.

At the time of its introduction, the Board of Supervisors had no power to enact it, but it has since been ratified and confirmed by the Legislature, which ratification and confirmation relate back to the time of its passage, and legalize it from the very date of its inception.

In this connection, it is said that the reservations are not in Order 800 described by metes and bounds. But by this it cannot be intended to refer to the Act of Congress, as commanding that the ordinance shall contain a description of the reservations by metes and bounds.

If it be conceded that Congress commanded the Board to reserve the lands by ordinance, it surely will not be contended that Congress commanded what such ordinance should contain. Congress did not dictate the terms of the ordinance. Congress did not draw up the ordinance for your honorable body to enact. Admitting that you must preced by ordinance, what that ordinance shall be, is left with you to determine. You have determined it, and give expression to that determination.

The objection must be independent of any Act of Congress, and this only; that Ordinance 800 is incompetent to reserve these lands for the want of sufficient description. This cannot be held to be true. There is a sufficient description. An ordinance need not be more particular in description than a deed, a will, or a contract, and it is well settled that reference to a diagram, a map, etc., in any of these instruments is sufficient. The objection is the want of certainty of description. But that is certain which can be rendered certain. And when it is enaeted, that all portions of land designated on the Official Map as reservations, shall be absolutely dedicated as such, and when all the reservations are designated thereon, neither the want of sufficiency nor certainty is perceived. Besides, if this objection of want of description is good to any one reservation, whether the Park, Cemetery, or lots for Hospital, City Hall, County Jail, City Library, etc., it is good for all the streets intended to be laid out on said lands. These are reservations as much as any one, or all of the others. They are called such in the statute, and in the ordinance; they are classed as such in the same sections.

I am not awars that any one proposes by another ordinance to describe therein all the "streets" by metes and bounds, but only reservations like the park, cemetery, etc., and yet if metes and bounds are necessary for one reservation, they are necessary for all. The objection would fail on the ground of "inconvenience" alone.

Limiting myself, then, to the question of "power"—and that, too, as directly and immediately presented—I am of the opinion that no further ordinance is needed to make this map the Official Map of the Outside Lands, or to secure to the city the "reservations" thereon delineated. Such further ordinance would neither help nor hurt the matter as it now stands, for the same is no longer capable of being improved or impaired.

Very respectfully,

HORACE M. HASTINGS, City Attorney.

The preceding opinion was presented and read July 13th, 1868, at which meeting Resolution No. 8,622 was presented by Supervisor Stanyan and adopted by a unanimous vote, to wit:

Resolved, That whereas the Map of Outside Lands, reported to this Board by the Committee on Outside Lands, on the 18th day of May, 1863, has been duly exhibited, considered, perfected and completed, as required by, and in conformity to, the provisions of Order No. 800; and the said Committee has made its final report upon said map, showing that the same has been made in all things to conform to the instructions given to the Committee by this Board in Resolution No. 8,565, passed June 22d, 1868; therefore,

Resolved, That the said final report of said Committee be and the same is hereby approved, ratified and adopted, and that under and by virtue of the provisions of said Order No. 800, the said map has become and is the Official Map of the Outside Lands; and all the lots and parcels of land set apart for public uses, as thereon designated, have become and are absolutely dedicated to the uses for which they have been so severally set apart and designated.

Supervisor Stanyan also introduced the following Order to avoid any doubt existing as to the legality of the proceedings, which was passed to print, finally passed July 20th, and numbered 823, submitted to and approved by His Honor, the Mayor, July 24th, 1868:

Approving the acts of the Committee on Outside Lands, and ratifying their final report on the Map and Reservations.

Whereas, the Board of Supervisors did, by Order No. 800, entitled "In Order for the settlement and quieting titles to land in the City and County of San Francisco, situate above high water mark of the Bay of San Francisco and the Pacific Ocean, and without the corporate limits of the City of San Francisco," provide for the making of a map of the lands described in section one of said order, and for the reservation of portions of said lands for public uses; which said order has been duly ratified and confirmed by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California; and,

Whereas, Said map and reservations for public uses have been made in conformity to the provisions and requirements of said order; and all the conditions and regulations provided in said order for the inspection of said map have been strictly and fully observed; and all the alterations made by the Board of Supervisors in the location and designation of lots set apart for public uses, have been made and delineated on said map; and the Committee on Outside Lands has made its final report upon said map and the reservations for public uses, showing that said map has been made to conform in all things to the alterations made by the Board of Supervisors, and to the instructions given to the said Committee in Resolution No. 8,565, passed June 22, 1883; and that said map has become, and is, by virtue of the provisions of said Order No. 800 and the Act of the Legislature ratifying the same, the official map of said lands; and the lands set apart for public uses, as thereon shown and designated, have become and are, by virtue of the provisions of said order and the Act of the Legislature aforesaid, absolutely dedicated to the uses for which they have been so severally set apart and designated; and this Board has adopted a resolution conforming to said report.

Now, therefore, to avoid any possible doubt of the legality, sufficiency and binding and conclusive effect of said Resolution,

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. All the acts of the Committee on Outside Lands in reference to the map of outside lands and the reservations, setting apart and designation of lots and lands for public uses, are hereby approved, and its final report upon said map and reservations, made June 22, 1868, is hereby approved, ratified and adopted, and the said map has become, and is hereby declared to be the official map of lands described in section one of said Order No. 800.

SEC. 2. All the lots and lands shown and designated on said map as set apart for public uses, including those for streets, have become, and they are hereby declared to be, set apart and absolutely dedicated, under and by virtue of the provisions of said Order No. 800 and the Act of the Legislature ratifying the same, to the particular uses for which they have been so severally set apart and designated on said map.

SEC. 3. A written description of the land reserved and set apart for public uses (except those for streets) as shown and designated on said map, shall be made and properly au-

thenticated by the Committee on Outside Lands and the Surveyors, and filed in the office of the City and County Recorder, the said description to conform in all respects to the designation and delineation on the map.

DESCRIPTION OF RESERVATIONS.

For the following description of Reservations, the compiler is indebted to the courtesy of P. W. Van Winkle, Esq., Clerk of the Outside Land Committee:

ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.

Beginning on the east line of First avenue, 100 feet northerly from northerly line of Point Lobos avenue, thence northerly along said line of First avenue 157 feet 7 inches; thence at right angles easterly 240 feet, to westerly line of Mears street; thence southerly along said line of Mears street 157 feet 7 inches, and thence westerly to the beginning; being a portion of Block 647.

ASYLUM FOR FOUNDLINGS.

Beginning at northeasterly corner of Point Lobos and Thirtieth avenues, thence northerly along said line of Thirtieth avenue to southerly line of Clement street; thence easterly along said line of Clement street to westerly line of Twenty-ninth avenue; thence southerly along said line of Twenty-ninth avenue to northerly line of Point Lobos avenue, and thence along said line of Point Lobos avenue to the beginning; being the whole of Block 210.

CEMETERY.

CITY HALL AND LIBRARY.

Beginning at intersection of the easterly line of Treat avenue and northerly line of Twenty-sixth street, running thence northerly along said line of Treat avenue to southerly line of Twenty-fifth street; thence easterly along line of Twenty-fifth street to westerly line of Harrison street; thence southerly along line of Harrison street to northerly line of Twenty-sixth street; thence westerly along the northerly line of Twenty-sixth street, to the beginning; being the east half of Block 180.

COUNTY JAIL

Beginning on easterly line of Rhode Island street, 133 feet southerly from southerly line of Colusi street, running thence southerly along said line of Rhode Island street 300 feet; thence at right angles easterly 200 feet, to westerly line of De Haro street; thence northerly along said line of De Haro

street 300 feet, and thence westerly at right angles 200 feet, to the beginning; being portion of Block 152.

HOME FOR INEBRIATES.

Beginning on easterly line of Tenth avenue, 225 feet northerly from the northerly line of Point Lobos avenue, running thence northerly along said line of Tenth avenue 150 feet; thence easterly at right angles 240 feet, to westerly line of Ninth avenue; thence southerly along said line of Ninth avenue 150 feet, and thence westerly at right angles 240 feet, to the beginning; being portion of Block 190.

HOME FOR VETERAN SOLDIERS.

Beginning on the easterly line of Twenty-third avenue, 225 feet northerly from northerly line of Clement street, thence northerly along said line of Twenty-third avenue 150 feet; thence at right angles easterly 240 feet, to westerly line of Twenty-second avenue; thence southerly along said line of Twenty-second avenue 150 feet; thence westerly at right angles 240 feet, to the beginning; being portion of Block 160.

HOSPITAL.

Beginning at the intersection of easterly line of Potrero avenue and northerly line of Nevada street, thence northerly along said line of Potrero avenue to southerly line of Sierra street; thence easterly along Sierra street to westerly line of Nebraska street; thence southerly along Nebraska street to northerly line of Nevada street, and thence westerly along said line of Nevada street, to the beginning; being all of Blocks 79, 80, 88 and 89.

LADIES' RELIEF SOCIETY.

Beginning on easterly line of Nineteenth avenue, 225 feet northerly from northerly line of California street, thence northerly along said line of Nineteenth avenue 150 feet; thence easterly at right angles 240 feet, to west line of Eighteenth avenue; thence southerly along said line of Eighteenth avenue 150 feet, and thence westerly 240 feet, to the beginning; being portion of Block 89.

PARK.

Beginning at the northwest corner of Baker and Fell streets, running thence northerly along Baker street to southerly line of Fell street; thence westerly along Fell street to westerly line of Stanyan street; thence northerly along Stanyan street to southerly line of Fulton street; thence westerly along said line of Fulton street to its intersection with the southerly line of D street; thence westerly along D street to the Pacific Ocean; thence southerly along the shore line of said ocean to a point or projection of the northerly line of H street; thence easterly to and along said line of H street to the westerly line of Oak street; thence northerly along Stanyan street to the northerly line of Oak street, and thence easterly along Oak street to the point of beginning—1,013 9-100ths acres. Also, beginning at the point of intersection of the centre line of Baker street with the southerly line of Haight street, running thence the following courses and distances: South 67° 59', east 100 feet, south 86° 31', east 100 feet, south 52° 8', east 75 feet, south 24° 31', east 125 feet, south

 38° 50′, east 100 feet, south 46° 43′, east 100 feet, south 36° 52′, east 270 feet, south 30° 20′, west 300 feet, south 58° 53′, west 450 feet, south 24° 39′, west 344 feet, south 46° 10′, west 550 feet, north 86° 55′, west 115 feet, north 72° 27′, west 100 feet, north 49° 30′, west 100 feet, north 13° 55′, west 100 feet, north 53° 14′, west 170 feet, north 22° 34′, west 130 feet, north 11° 8′, west 190 feet, north 15° 8′, east 510 feet, north 52° 15′, east 378 feet, north 28° 8′, west 60 feet, south 76° 43′, west 100 feet, north 35° 40′, west 88 feet, north 67° 5′, west 100 feet, north 90° 45′, east 865 feet, to the point of beginning—36 22-100ths acres. Total, 1,049 31-100ths acres.

PUBLIC SQUARE.

Beginning at the intersection of northerly line of W street and easterly line of Twenty-eighth Avenue; thence northerly along said line of Twenty-eighth Avenue to southerly line of V street; thence easterly along said line of V street to westerly line of Twenty-sixth Avenue; thence southerly along line of Twenty-sixth Avenue to northerly line of W street, and thence westerly along said line of W street to the beginning; being all of blocks 1,241 and 1,242.

PUBLIC SQUARE.

Beginning at the southeasterly corner of Bush street and New Cemetery Avenue, running thence easterly along Bush street 83 feet 3 inches to westerly line of Old Cemetery Avenue; thence southerly along Old Cemetery Avenue 278 feet ½ inch to the northerly line of Sutter street; thence westerly along Sutter street 42 feet 1½ inches to said line of New Cemetery Avenue; thence along last named line northerly 275 feet to the beginning.

PUBLIC SQUARE.

Beginning at the intersection of northerly line of T street and easterly line of Twenty-fourth Avenue; thence northerly along said line of Twenty-fourth Avenue to southerly line of S street; thence easterly said line of S street to westerly line of Twenty-second Avenue; thence southerly along said line Twenty-second Avenue to northerly line of T street; thence westerly along said line of T street to the beginning; being all of blocks 1,124 and 1,125.

PUBLIC SQUARE-MOUNTAIN LAKE.

Beginning on southerly line of United States Government Reserve 200 feet easterly from easterly point of Mountain Lake; thence south 3° 15′ east to clear point of said lake (200 feet distant) 747 feet; thence south 86° 45′ east 1,942 feet; thence north 3° 15′ west 285 feet; thence north 76° east 581 feet; thence south 151 feet, and thence north 67° east 1,465 feet to the beginning; containing 19.93 acres more or less.

WOMAN'S HOSPITAL,

The two middle fifty-vara lots of block No. 579, bounded on east by Baker street, on west by Lyon street, on north by Clay street, and on south by Sacramento street; said lots having a frontage of 137½ feet on Clay and Sacramento streets.

SCHOOL RESERVATIONS.

[Middle 50-vara Lots in Blocks.]

Block 523—Fronting 137½ feet on the southerly side of Page street, between Broderick and Baker.

Block 530—Fronting $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet on the northerly side of McAllister street, between Broderick and Baker.

Block 546 — Fronting 137½ feet on the northerly side of Pacific street, between Broderick and Baker.

Block 553—Fronting $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet on the northerly side of Lombard street, between Broderick and Baker.

Block 657 — Fronting 137½ feet on the southerly line of Haight street, between Lott street and Masonic avenue.

Block 810 — Fronting 137½ feet on the north side of Broadway street, between Walnut and Laurel streets.

Block 815—Fronting $137\frac{1}{2}$ feet on the south side of Clay street, between Walnut and Laurel streets.

Block 841—Fronting 137½ feet on the north side of Pacific street, between Cherry and Maple streets.

Block 848—On southerly line of Clay street, beginning 220 feet westerly from southwesterly corner of Clay and Cherry streets, running thence westerly 137½ feet and southerly 137½ feet.

[Size of Lots, 150 by 240; all located in the centre of Blocks.]

Block 152-150 feet front on Thirtieth and Thirty-first avenues, between Clement and California streets.

Block 164—150 feet front on Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues, between Clement and California streets.

Block 170—150 feet front on Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues, between Clement and California streets.

Block 176-150 feet front on Sixth and Seventh avenues, between Clement and California streets.

Block 242—150 feet front on Forty-second and Forty-third avenues, between A street and Point Lobos avenue.

Block 248—150 feet front on Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh avenues, between A street and Point Lobos avenue.

Block 254-150 feet front on Thirtieth and Thirty-first avenues, between A street and Point Lobos avenue.

Block 266—150 feet front on Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues, between A street and Point Lobos avenue.

Block 272—150 feet front on Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues, between A street and Point Lobos avenue.

Block 278—150 feet front on Sixth and Seventh avenues, between A street and Point Lobos avenue.

Block 339-150 feet front on Forty-second and Forty-third avenues, between B and C streets.

Block 345-150 feet front on Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh avenues, between B and C streets.

Block 351—150 feet front on Thirtieth and Thirty-first avenues, between B and C streets.

Block 357—150 feet front on Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth avenues, between B and C streets.

Block 363-150 feet front on Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues, between B and C streets.

Block 369-150 feet front on Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues, between C and B streets.

Block 375—150 feet front on Sixth and Seventh avenues, between B and C streets.

Block 395—150 feet front on Fifteenth and Sixteenth avenues, between C and D streets.

Block 407—150 feet front on Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth avenues, between C and D streets.

Block 418-150 feet front on Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth avenues, between C and D streets.

Block 673—150 feet front on First and Second avenues, between I and J streets.

Block 690—150 feet front on Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues, between I and J streets.

Block 696 — 150 feet front on Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth avenues, between I and J streets.

Block 702—150 feet front on Thirtieth and Thirty-first avenues, between I and J streets.

Block 708-150 feet front on Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh avenues, between I and J streets.

Block 714—150 feet front on Forty-second and Forty-third avenues, between I and J streets.

Block 780—150 feet front on Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues, between K and L streets.

Block 786—150 feet front on Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues, between K and L streets.

Block 792 - 150 feet front on Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth avenues, between K and L streets.

Block 798—150 feet front on Thirtieth and Thirty-first avenues, between K and L streets.

Block 804 — 150 feet front on Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh avenues, between K and L streets.

Block 810—150 feet front on Forty-second and Forty-third avenues, between K and L streets.

Block 878—150 feet front on Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues, between M and N streets.

Block 884-150 feet front on Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth avenues, between M and N streets.

Block 890-150 feet front on Thirtieth and Thirty-first avenues, between M and N streets.

Block 896—150 feet front on Thirtieth and Thirty-first avenues, between ${\bf M}$ and N streets.

Block 902—150 feet front on Forty-second and Forty-third avenues, between M and N streets.

Block 957—150 feet front on Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues, between O and P streets.

Block 963-150 feet front on Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues, between O and P streets.

Block 969-150 feet front on Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth avenues, between O and P streets.

Block 975-150 feet front on Thirtieth and Thirty-first avenues, between O and P streets.

Block 981-150 feet front on Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh avenues, between O and P streets.

Block 987—150 feet front on Forty-second and Forty-third avenues, between O and P streets.

Block 1,038--150 feet front on Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues, between Q and R streets.

Block 1,044-150 feet front on Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues, between Q and R streets.

Block 1,050-150 feet front on Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth avenues, between Q and R streets.

Block 1,056—150 feet front on Thirtieth and Thirty-first avenues, between Q and R streets.

Block 1,062-150 feet front on Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh avenues, between Q and R streets.

Block 1,068—150 feet front on Forty-second and Forty-third avenues, between Q and R streets.

Block $1{,}114-150$ feet front on Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues, between S and T streets.

Block 1,120-150 feet front on Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues, between S and T streets.

Block 1,126—150 feet front on Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth avenues, between S and T streets.

Block 1,132—150 feet front on Thirtieth and Thirty-first avenues, between S and T streets.

Block 1,138-150 feet front on Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh avenues, between S and T streets.

Block 1,144-150 feet front on Forty-second and Forty-third avenues, between S and T streets.

Block 1,191—150 feet front on Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues, between U and V streets.

Block 1,197—150 feet front on Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth avenues, between U and V streets.

Block 1,203-150 feet front on Thirtieth and Thirty-first avenues, between U and V streets.

Block 1,209—150 feet front on Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh avenues, between U and V streets.

Block 1,215 -150 feet front on Forty-second and Forty-third avenues, between U and V streets,

Block 1,258—150 feet front on Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues, south of W street.

Block 1,264—150 feet front on Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth avenues, between W and —— streets.

Block 1,276—150 feet front on Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh avenues, between W and ——streets.

[School Reservations of Irregular Size.]

Block 260—150 feet front on Twenty-fourth avenue, between A street and Point Lobos avenue, having a depth of 120 feet.

Block 678 (portion of)—Beginning at a point on the easterly line of Seventh avenue, distant 225 feet northerly from northerly line of J street; running thence northerly along said line of Seventh avenue 150 feet; thence easterly at right angles 240 feet to the westerly line of Sixth avenue; thence southerly along last named line 150 feet, and thence westerly 240 feet to the beginning.

Block 775 (portion of)—Beginning at a point on the easterly line of Eighth avenue, distant 225 feet northerly from northerly line of L street; running thence northerly along said line of Eighth avenue 150 feet; thence easterly at right angles 240 feet to westerly line of Seventh avenue; thence southerly along the last named line 150 feet, and thence westerly 240 feet to the point of beginning.

Block 872 (portion of)—Beginning on easterly line of Thirteenth avenue, distant 225 feet northerly from northerly line of N street; thence northerly along line of Thirteenth avenue 150 feet; thence easterly at right angles 240 feet to westerly line of Twelfth avenue; thence southerly along last named line 150 feet; thence westerly 240 feet to the beginning.

Block 953 (portion of)—Beginning on the southerly line of Ninth avenue, distant 225 feet northerly from northerly line of P street; running thence northerly along said Ninth avenue 150 feet; thence easterly 240 feet to the westerly line of Eigth avenue; thence southerly along Eighth avenue 14½ feet to the westerly line of San Miguel Ranch; thence southwesterly along said line of ranch 147 feet five inches, and thence westerly 181 feet 11 inches to the point of beginning.

Block 1,186 (portion of)—Beginning on the easterly line of Fourteenth avenue, distant 225 feet southerly from southerly line of U street; running thence southerly along said line of Fourteenth avenue 150 feet; thence easterly 92 feet 6 inches, to westerly line of San Miguel Ranch; thence in northerly direction along last named line 161 feet 2 inches; and thence westerly 152 feet 10 inches, to the point of beginning.

Block 1,282 (portion of)—Beginning on the easterly line of Forty-third avenue, distant 225 feet southerly from southerly line of W street; running thence southerly along said line of Forty-third avenue 35 feet 7 inches, to the "Four-league line;" thence easterly along last named line 240 feet 5 inches, to westerly line of Forty-second avenue; thence northerly along said line of Forty-second avenue 44 feet 2 inches; and thence westerly 240 feet, to the point of beginning.

/3

[School Reservations in Mission and Potrero Survey.]

Block 122 (portion of)—Beginning on the easterly line of Vermont street, distant 141½ feet northerly from northerly line of Nevada street; running thence northerly along said line of Vermont street 150 feet; thence easterly 200 feet to westerly line of Kansas street; thence southerly along last named line 150 feet, and thence westerly 200 feet to the point of beginning.

Block 136 (portion of)—Beginning on the easterly line of Valencia street, distant 55 feet southerly from southerly line of Twenty-second street; running thence southerly along said line of Valencia street 150 feet; thence easterly 250 feet to Bartlett street; thence northerly along last named line 150 feet, and thence westerly 250 feet to the point of beginning.

Block 147 (portion of)—Beginning on the easterly line of Bryant street, distant 185 feet northerly from northerly line of Twenty-third street; running thence northerly along said line of Bryant street 150 feet; thence easterly 200 feet to westerly line of York street; thence southerly along the last named line 150 feet, and thence westerly 200 feet to the point of beginning.

Block 149 (portion of)—Beginning on the easterly line of Kansas street, distant 141 feet 6 inches northerly from northerly line of Colusi street; running thence northerly along line of Kansas street 150 feet; thence at right angles easterly 200 feet to westerly line of Rhode Island street; thence southerly along last named line 150 feet, and thence westerly 200 feet to the beginning.

Block 178 (portion of)—Beginning on the easterly line of Columbia street, distant 185 feet northerly from northerly line of Twenty-sixth street; running thence northerly along said line of Columbia street 150 feet; thence easterly 100 feet to westerly line of Bryant street; thence southerly along last named line 100 feet, and thence westerly 200 feet to the point of beginning.

Block 183 (portion of)—Beginning on the westerly line of Mission street, distant 185 feet southerly from southerly line of Twenty-fifth street; running thence southerly along said line of Mission street 150 feet; thence westerly 117½ feet; thence northerly 150 feet, and thence easterly 117½ feet to the point of beginning.

Block 226 (portion of)—Beginning on the easterly line of Arkansas street, distant 141½ feet southerly from southerly line of Nevada street; running thence southerly along said line of Arkansas street 150 feet; thence easterly 200 feet to westerly line of Connecticut street; thence northerly along last named line 150 feet, and thence westerly 200 feet to the point of beginning.

Block 254 (portion of)—Beginning on the easterly line of Connecticut street, distant 141½ feet northerly from northerly line of Colusa street; running thence northerly along said line of Connecticut street 150 feet; thence easterly 200 feet to westerly line of Missouri street; thence southerly along last named line 150 feet, and thence westerly 200 feet to the point of beginning.

Block 265 (portion of)—Beginning on the easterly line of Missouri street, distant 141½ feet northerly from northerly line of Sierra street; running thence northerly along said line of Missouri street 150 feet; thence easterly 200 feet to westerly line of Texas street; thence southerly along last named line 150 feet, and thence westerly 200 feet to the point of beginning.

Block 287 (portion of)-Beginning on the easterly line of Texas street, dis-

tant 141½ feet southerly from southerly line of Nevada street; running thence southerly along said line of Texas street 150 feet; thence easterly 200 feet to westerly line of Mississippi street; thence northerly along last named line 150 feet, and thence westerly 200 feet to the point of beginning.

Block 373 (portion of)—Beginning on the easterly line of Minnesota street, distant 141½ feet northerly from northerly line of Sierra street; running thence northerly along said line of Minnesota street 150 feet; thence easterly 200 feet to westerly line of Tennessee street; thence southerly along last named line 150 feet, and thence westerly 200 feet to the point of beginning.

RESERVATIONS FOR FIRE ENGINE LOTS.

[Size, 25 by 80 feet.]

Block 54—Beginning on the easterly line of Folsom street, 247 6-11 feet northerly from Twenty-second street; running thence northerly along Folsom street 25 feet; thence at right angles easterly 80 feet; thence southerly 25 feet, and thence westerly 80 feet to the beginning.

Blocks 179, 180—Beginning on the easterly line of De Haro street, 420 6-11 feet northerly from Nevada street; running thence northerly along De Haro street 25 feet; thence at right angles easterly 80 feet; thence southerly 25 feet, and thence westerly 80 feet to the beginning.

Block 184—Beginning on the westerly line of Valencia street, 195 feet northerly from Twenty-sixth street; running thence northerly along Valencia street 25 feet; thence at right angles westerly 80 feet; thence southerly 25 feet, and thence easterly 80 feet to the beginning.

Blocks 217, 218—Beginning on the easterly line of Wisconsin street, 420 6-11 feet northerly from Colusa street; running thence northerly along Wisconsin street 25 feet; thence at right angles easterly 80 feet; thence southerly 25 feet, and thence westerly 80 feet to the beginning.

Blocks 391, 392—Beginning on the easterly line of Tennessee street, 420 6-11 feet northerly from Sierra street; running thence northerly along Tennessee street 25 feet; thence at right angles easterly 80 feet; thence southerly 25 feet, and thence westerly 80 feet to the beginning.

Block 507—Beginning on the southerly line of O'Farrell street, 193 9-11 feet easterly from Broderick street; running thence easterly along O'Farrell street 25 feet; thence at right angles southerly 80 feet; thence westerly 25 feet, and thence northerly 80 feet to the beginning.

Block 524—Beginning on the northerly line of Page street, 193 9-11 feet easterly from Baker street; running thence easterly along Page street 25 feet; thence at right angles northerly 80 feet; thence westerly 25 feet, and thence southerly 80 feet to the beginning.

Block 544—Beginning on the northerly line of Washington street, 193 9-11 feet easterly from Baker street; running thence easterly along Washington street 25 feet; thence at right angles northerly 80 feet; thence westerly 25 feet, and thence southerly 80 feet to the beginning.

Block 555-Beginning on the northerly line of Francisco street, 193 9-11

feet easterly from Baker street; running thence easterly along Francisco street 25 feet; thence at right angles northerly 80 feet; thence westerly 25 feet, and thence southerly 80 feet to the beginning.

[Size, 30 by 120 feet.

Block 173—Beginning on the westerly line of Ninth avenue 285 feet northerly from Clement street; running thence northerly along Ninth avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles westerly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence easterly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 183—Beginning on the westerly line of Second avenue 285 feet northerly from Point Lobos avenue; running thence northerly along Second avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles westerly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence easterly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 258—Beginning on the westerly line of Twenty-sixth avenue 285 feet northerly from A street; running thence northerly along Twenty-sixth avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles westerly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence easterly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 373—Beginning on the westerly line of Eighth avenue 285 feet northerly from C street; running thence northerly along Eighth avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles westerly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence easterly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 378—Beginning on the easterly line of Fourth avenue 285 feet northerly from C street; running thence northerly along Fourth avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles easterly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence westerly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 401—Beginning on the westerly line of Twenty-first avenue 285 feet northerly from D street; running thence northerly along Twenty-first avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles westerly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence easterly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 413—Beginning on the westerly line of Thirty-third avenue, 285 feet northerly from D street; running thence northerly along Thirty-third avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles westerly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence easterly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 424—Beginning on the westerly line of Forty-fourth avenue, 285 feet feet northerly from D street; running thence northerly along Forty-fourth avenue 30 feet; thence at right rights westerly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence easterly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 674—Beginning on the easterly line of Third avenue, 285 feet northerly from J street; running thence northerly 30 feet; thence at right angles easterly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence westerly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 681—Beginning on the easterly line of Tenth avenue 285 feet northerly from J street; running thence northerly along Tenth avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles easterly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence westerly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 693—Beginning on the easterly line of Twenty-second avenue 285 feet northerly from J street; running thence northerly along Twenty-second

avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles easterly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence westerly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 705—Beginning on the easterly line of Thirty-fourth avenue 285 feet northerly from J street; running thence northerly along Thirty-fourth avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles easterly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence westerly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 716 – Beginning on the easterly line of Forty-fifth avenue 285 feet northerly from J street; running thence northerly along Forty-fifth avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles easterly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence westerly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 913—Beginning on the westerly line of Forty-fourth avenue 285 feet northerly from O street; running thence northerly along Forty-fourth avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles westerly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence easterly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 924—Beginning on the westerly line of Thirty-third avenue 285 feet northerly from O street; running thence northerly along Thirty-third avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles westerly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence easterly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 936—Beginning on the westerly line of Twenty-first avenue 285 feet northerly from O street; running thence northerly along Twenty-first avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles westerly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence easterly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 1,115—Beginning on the westerly line of Thirteenth avenue 285 feet northerly from T street; running thence northerly along Thirteenth avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles westerly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence easterly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 1,123—Beginning on the easterly line of Twenty-second avenue 285 feet northerly from T street; running thence northerly along Twenty-second avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles easterly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence westerly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 1,135—Beginning on the east line of Thirty-fourth avenue, 285 feet northerly from T street; running thence northerly along Thirty-fourth avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles easterly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence westerly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 1,146—Beginning on the easterly line of Forty-fifth avenue, 285 feet northerly from T street; running thence northerly along Forty-fifth avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles easterly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence westerly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 1,224—Beginning on the westerly line of Forty-fourth avenue, 285 feet northerly from W street; running thence northerly along Forty-fourth avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles westerly 120 feet; thence southerly 30 feet, and thence easterly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 1,261—Beginning on the westerly line of Twenty-first avenue 285 feet southerly from W street; running thence southerly along Twenty-first avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles westerly 120 feet; thence northerly 30 feet, and thence easterly 120 feet to the beginning.

Block 1,273—Beginning on the westerly line of Thirty-third avenue 285 feet southerly from W street; running thence southerly along Thirty-third avenue 30 feet; thence at right angles westerly 120 feet; thence northerly 30 feet, and thence easterly 120 feet to the beginning.

RECAPITULATION.

RESERVATIONS.

AND MALE VALUE OF THE PARTY OF	
Park—Hight Reservation, 36.22; Main Park, 1,013.091,049.31	acres.
Public Squares 35.46	66
Other Reservations	66
Cemetery 200.00	6.6
Ninety-one School Lots	66
Thirty-two Engine Lots	66
Total	66.
Outside Lands—West of Charter Line of 1851, exclusive of streets . 5,088	acres.
Streets—West of Charter Line of 1851	66
Outside Lands—Mission and Potrero Survey	"
Streets-Mission and Potrero Survey	66
Directs Mission and I office Survey	
Total	ω,

ORDER NO. 748.

Order No. 748, although passed by the Legislature, failed to receive the Governor's approval. This Order was framed by Supervisor McCoppin, and passed by the Board, to simply give a written evidence of title, the necessity of which is fully shown in the following extract from a Report of the Committee: "The deeds issued under Order 748 do not and cannot conclude the rights of third parties; but where there is no controversy as to title, they give, not a title (that was vested long ago), but a written evidence of title. The want of a record title has long been felt by the holders of property under the Van Ness Ordinance. The evidence necessary to prove up possession under that ordinance being all parole, it becomes more difficult to furnish it each succeeding year, and it is evident that unless some effort be made to gather up and preserve, in an authentic form, such proofs of possession as the ordinance contemplates and the Courts require, the title to all this land will in a short time rest upon tradition alone."

ORDER NO. 748.—TO EXPEDITE THE SETTLEMENT OF LAND TITLES IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, APPROVED DECEMBER TWENTY-SECOND, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-SIX.

Whereas, The duly constituted authorities of the City of San Francisco, and of the City and County of San Francisco, have by ordinances and orders ceded the lands of said city and county to the parties in the possession thereof, subject to the exceptions and reservations in said ordinances and orders contained:

And whereas, it is desirable that all parties should be quieted and secured in the possession of the lands rightfully possessed by them to which the City and County of San Francisco claims title; now, therefore,

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. Upon receiving a petition from any person or persons claiming that they by themselves, their tenants, or the persons through whom they claim or derive possession, have been from and including the 8th day of March, 1866, and still are in the possession of any of the lands without the corporate limits of the City of San Francisco, as defined in an Act to re-incorporate said city, passed by the Legislature of the State of California on the fifteenth day of April, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, and described in the decree of Justice Field, of the United States Circuit Court, confirming the claim of the City and County of San Francisco, entered November second, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of the State of California; or upon receiving a petition from any person or persons setting forth that said petitioners by themselves, their tenants, or the persons through whom they claim or derive possession, have been from and including the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, to and including the twentieth day of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, and still are in possession of the land described in said petition, embraced within the corporate limits of the City of San Francisco, and above high water mark, as defined in the Act to incorporate said city, passed by the Legislature of the State of California on the fifteenth day of April, eighteen hundred and fifty-one; and such petition in either case setting forth that such lands have not been sold, leased, dedicated, reserved, or conveyed by authority of the said City and County of San Francisco, or the United States, to any one or for any purpose, and asking for a grant from said city and county, the Board of Supervisors shall proceed to act thereon as herein after provided. This petition shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of the party in whose behalf the petition is presented, or by some one acting as his agent and conversant with the facts detailed in the petition. [Amended April 9th, 1867.]

SEC. 2. All petitions mentioned in the first section of this order shall be referred to the Committee on Outside Lands. Said Committee shall appoint a Clerk, who shall be a Notary Public, to perform the duties herein prescribed. The party presenting the said petition may appear before said Clerk, and make proof, verbal and documentary, of the truth of the matters alleged in his petition. Copies of the documentary evidence shall be filed with said Clerk, and the oral testimony shall be reduced to writing by said Clerk, and subscribed by the witness. The proofs of the petitioner being closed, the said Committee shall proceed to consider the same, and shall make such report and recommendation thereon as to them shall seem just and proper in the premises. The said Committee shall file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors the testimony taken as aforesaid, together with the report of the said Committee; and said report shall be submitted to the Board of Supervisors for their approval, and if in their judgment the claim of the petitioner is well founded, they shall, by an order entered in their minutes, adjudge and award a grant of such lands to the petitioner or petitioners therefor, less the amount reserved for public use. The said Board shall thereupon give public notice of their award, by a notice published at least once a week for three successive weeks, in some daily newspaper published in the City and County of San Francisco, which notice shall specify the name of the applicant, the date and filing of his petition. and the tract of land awarded, by a good and sufficient description thereof. Proof of publication of such notice shall be made in the manner now or hereafter required by law for the proof of publication in civil process. The Clerk of the said Committee shall be allowed the same compensation for taking the oath or affirmation of witnesses, and for reducing the testimony to writing, as is now allowed by law to Notaries Public for like services in taking depositions. The compensation herein allowed to the Clerk of said Committee shall be paid to said Clerk by the party presenting the petition.

SEC. 3. Upon receiving proof of the publication of the notice provided for in the second section hereof, it shall be the duty of the aforesaid Committee of the Board of Supervisors, or any three of such Committee, to execute, acknowledge, and deliver to the party or parties presenting the aforesaid petition, a deed of conveyance of the tract or lot of land as aforesaid

adjudged and awarded to the petitioner; provided, the petitioner or petitioners shall, before receiving a deed as aforesaid, be required to quit-claim and peaceably deliver the possession of all land claimed by said petitioner or petitioners, reserved by the Commissioners, acting under Ordinance Eight Hundred and Twenty-two (822), and all those lands which shall be reserved by the Committee of the Board on Outside Lands, for the use and benefit of the City and County of San Francisco; provided, however, that in case a suit shall be pending between the petitioner and some third person, involving the right of possession of the tract, or some portion thereof petitioned for, and such third person shall file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors a copy of the complaint filed in such action before the deed shall have been executed and delivered to the petitioner, then, and in that case, the deed shall be withheld until such suit shall be finally determined; and there shall thereafter be executed a deed of conveyance of so much of the tract of land as shall be involved in the said suit, to the party in whose favor the said suit shall be finally determined, as aforesaid: provided, further, that the expenses hereinafter provided for shall be paid before such conveyance shall be delivered.

SEC. 4. Upon the filing of a petition as hereinbefore provided, the petitioners shall deposit with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors a sum of money sufficient to pay for the publication of the notice hereinbefore provided, notarial fees, and other expenses incident to the granting of the prayer of the petitioner.

SEC. 5. A conveyance, executed and delivered in pursuance of the provisions of this order, shall operate to grant, convey, remise, and release to the party, his heirs, and assigns named therein, the lands in such conveyance described, and all the estate and interest, present and future, of the said City and County of San Francisco in and to such lands.

SEC. 6. No conveyance of any such lands made as hereinbefore provided, shall be deemed to conclude the rights of third persons in the lands so conveyed. [Amended May 7th, 1867.]

ORDINANCE NO. 822.-VAN NESS ORDINANCE.

[Approved June 20th, 1855.]

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of the Mayor to enter, at the proper Land Office of the United States, at the minimum price, all the lands above the natural high water mark of the Bay of San Francisco, at the time of the admission of California into the Union as a State, situate within the corporate limits of the City of San Francisco, as defined in the Act to incorporate said City, passed April 15th, 1851, in trust for the several use, benefit, and behoof of the occupants or possessors thereof, according to their respective interests.

SEC. 2. The City of San Francisco hereby relinquishes and grants all the right and claim of the said City to the lands within the corporate limits, to the parties in the actual possession thereof by themselves or tenants, on or before the first day of January, A.D. 1855, and to their heirs and assigns forever; excepting the property known as the Slip property, and bounded on the north by Clay street, on the west by Davis street, on the south by Sacramento street, and on the east by the water lot front. And excepting also, any piece or parcel of land situated south, east, or north of the water lot front of the City of San Francisco, as established by an Act of the Legislature of March 26th, 1851; provided, such possession has been continued up to the time of the introduction of this Ordinance in the Common Council: or, if interrupted by an intruder, or trespasser, has been, or may be, recovered by legal process; and it is hereby declared to be the true intent and meaning of this Ordinance, that when any of said lands have been occupied and possessed under and by virtue of a lease or demise, they shall be deemed to have been in the possession of the landlord or lessor under whom they were so occupied or possessed; provided, that all persons who hold title to lands within the said limits by virtue of any grant made by any Ayuntamiento, Town Council, Alcalde, or Justice of the Peace, of the former Pueblo of San Francisco, before the seventh day of July, 1846; or grants to lots of land lying east of Larkin, and northeast of Johnston street, made by any Ayuntamiento, Town Council, or Alcalde of said Pueblo, since that date, and before the incorporation of the City of San Francisco by the State of California; and which grant, or the material portion thereof, was registered or recorded in a proper book of record deposited in the office, or custody, or control, of the Recorder of the County of San Francisco, on or before the third day of April, A.D. 1850; or by virtue of any conveyance

duly made by the Commissioners of the Funded Debt of the City of San Francisco, and recorded on or before the first day of January, 1855, shall, for all the purposes contemplated by this Ordinance, be deemed to be the possessors of the land so granted, although the said lands may be in actual occupancy of persons holding the same adverse to the said grantees.

- SEC. 3. The patent issued, or any grant made by the United States to the City, shall insure to the several use, benefit, and behoof of the said possessors, their heirs and assigns, mentioned in the preceding section, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if it were issued or made directly to them, individually and by name.
- SEC. 4. The City, however, as a condition annexed to the next two preceding sections, reserves to itself all the lots which it' now occupies, or has already set apart for Public Squares, Streets, and sites for School Houses, City Hall, and other buildings belonging to the Corporation; and also such lots and lands as may be selected and reserved for streets and other public purposes, under the provisions of the next succeeding sections.
- SEC. 5. The City shall have the right to proceed to lay out and open streets as soon as the Corporation may deem it expedient, in that part of the City west of Larkin street, and southwest of Johnston street, and reserves the right to take possession of such land as it may be necessary to occupy for that purpose, without compensation; and to assess, in the manner provided by the present, or any existing Charter of the City, upon the lands bounded on such streets, the whole expense of laying out, opening, grading, or constructing the same; and payment of the cost of said improvements shall be deemed a charged upon the lands mentioned in this section, to which the City of San Francisco relinquishes her right and title by the second and third sections of this ordinance.
- SEC. 6. The City shall also have the right to select and set apart from the lands west of Larkin street, and southwest of Johnston street, as many lots, not exceeding one hundred and thirty-seven and a half feet square each, as the Mayor and Common Council may by Ordinance determine to be necessary for sites for school houses, hospitals, fire engine houses, and other public establishments necessary and proper for the use of the Corporation; and may lay out and reserve upon the said lands, at convenient and suitable points and distances, public squares, which shall not embrace more than one block, corresponding in size to the adjoining block; provided, that the selection shall be made within six months from the time of the passage of this Ordinance; and that the city shall not, without due compensation, occupy for the purposes mentioned in this section, after the laying out of the streets aforesaid; more than one-twentieth part of the land in the possession of any one person; and that such possessor shall voluntarily assent thereto, or refusing to do so, shall not be entitled to the benefit of any concession contained in the second and third sections of this Ordinance.
- SEC. 7. The lots and lands reserved for the use of the Corporation, under the provisions of the next preceding section, shall be selected in localities likely to be most convenient and suitable for their respective uses, and in such proportion to the quantity in the possession of the respective occupants as to make the apportionment as nearly equal as circumstances will admit.
- SEC. 8. The selection of said lands and lots shall be made by a Commission, to consist of three persons, who shall be chosen by the Common Council, in joint convention, who shall report the same to the Common Council for its approval; and upon such approval, deeds of release to the Corporation for the lands thus selected shall be executed, acknowledged, and recorded, in which deeds shall be specified the uses for which they are granted, reserved, and set apart respectively.
- SEC. 9. Although the City hereby renounces in favor of the actual possessors, in accordance with the provisions of section two, any right or claim of its own, nothing in this Ordinance is intended to prejudice any other outstanding title to the said lands adverse to the said possessors.
- SEC. 10. Application shall be made to the Legislature to confirm and ratify this Ordinance, and to Congress to relinquish all the right and title of the United States to the said lands, for the uses and purposes hereinbefore specified.
- SEC. 11. Nothing contained in this Ordinance shall be construed to prevent the City from continuing to prosecute to a final determination her claim now pending before the U.S. Land

Commission, for Pueblo lands, for the several use, benefit, and behoof of the said possessors mentioned in section two, as to the lands by them so possessed, and for the proper use, benefit, and behoof of the Corporation as to all other lands not hereinbefore released and confirmed to the said possessors.

SEC. 12. That all Ordinances, or parts of Ordinances, conflicting with this Ordinance, or any part of its provisions, be and the same are hereby repealed.

ORDINANCE NO. 845.

Providing for Selecting and Designating Public Squares and Reservations for Hospitals, Fire Engines, and School Purposes, and for adopting the Plan of Streets, in the Western and Southwestern portion of the City, according to the provisions of Ordinance Number-Eight Hundred and Twenty-Two, and confirmatory of said Ordinance Number Eight Hundred and Twenty-Two.

[Approved September 27th, 1855.]

The People of the City of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. Under and by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance of the Common Council, Number Eight Hundred and Twenty-Two, entitled "An Ordinance for the Settlement and quieting of Land Titles in the City of San Francisco, approved June twentieth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five," the Board of Aldermen and Board of Assistant Aldermen shall meet in joint convention at their next regular meeting after the passage of this Ordinance, and proceed to elect three Commissioners, who shall have the powers, and proceed to discharge the duties specified in section eight of said Ordinance Number Eight Hundred and Twenty-Two.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the City Surveyor, acting in conjunction with the said Commissioners, and with their concurrence, to furnish, by way of recommendation, to the Common Council, within one month from the date of their appointment, a plan for the location and dimensions of the streets to be laid out within the city limits, west of Larkin, and southwest of Johnston streets, upon which plan shall also be designated the lots and grounds selected by the said Commissioners for the use of the city under the provision of the afore, said Ordinance Number Eight Hundred and twenty-Two; provided, that the compensation of said Commissioners shall not exceed the sum of one hundred dollars each, payable when the Common Council may legally make an appropriation therefor.

SEC. 3. The said Ordinance Number Eight Hundred and Twenty-Two, referred to in the preceding section one, is hereby re-ordained, ratified, and confirmed in all its parts.

In pursuance of the preceding ordinances the Common Council on the 12th of November, 1855, in Joint Convention, elected three Commissioners to make the reservations, to wit: Horace Hawes, Charles H. Gough, Michael Hayes.

The Committee thus appointed were required to report their action within six months from its passage; but the time for making such report was subsequently extended, by ordinance, until April 20th, 1856.

Under date of April 19th, 1856, this report was made, signed by Michael Hayes and C. H. Gough, and certified to by John T. Hoff, City Surveyor, as follows:*

To the Honorable Common Council of the City of San Francisco:

GENTLEMEN—The undersigned Commissioners, appointed to select, under the provisions of Ordinance No. 822, Lots and Squares for School, Fire, Hospital, and other public purposes in that portion of the City west of Larkin and southwest of Johnston streets, and to lay out the streets therein, beg leave to make the following report:

^{*} This report has been lost, but is here reproduced from Dwinelle's History of San Francisco.

Your Commissioners, after a patient and thorough examination of the land, have adopted the accompanying plan or map thereof, showing the streets so laid out, and the Lots and Squares selected for the above public purposes, and recommend its adoption as the Official Map of the portion of the City above mentioned. Your Commissioners found that it was impossible to perform the work assigned them without a partial survey being first made; and as no provision was made by the City for defraying the expenses of such survey, they became responsible for the hire of the chainmen, flagmen, and other expenses incidental to the survey, expecting to be reimbursed by subscription, which has been partially done. The annexed schedule, marked "A," shows the total amount of their disbursements in making the survey:

The number of School Lots selected is twenty-eight (28); their size one hundred and thirty-seven and one half feet by one hundred and thirty-seven and one half feet (137½ feet by 137½ feet), except those located on the Potrero, which are one hundred feet by two hundred feet (100 feet by 200 feet). The number of lots for Fire purposes is twenty-five (25); their size thirty feet by one hundred and thirty seven and one half feet (30 feet by 137½ feet), except those located on the Potrero, which are thirty feet by one hundred feet (30 feet by 100 feet). Six (6) Squares or Plazas are selected; size, four (4) blocks, containing about twelve acres each (12 acres), and four (4) Squares, size, two (2) blocks, containing about five (5) acres each; and one lot for Hospital, size, two (2) blocks. Perhaps more Lots and Squares have been selected than are necessary for the above purposes, yet the selection of the above number was deemed advantageous, since, as a city enlarges so do her wants.

Ordinance No. 822 gave your Commissioners the power to take only the one-twentieth (1-20th) of the land of one person for School, Fire, Hospital, and other public purposes. In a great many instances they found, in laying out the lots for such purposes, that, in order to place them at proper distances from each other, they would fall entirely upon the land of one person, or cover his house or yard; and, moreover, in many cases such persons did not own more than one block. In order, then, to avoid such difficulties, we were forced to locate some of the Public Lots and Squares in places different from those originally designated.

Your Commissioners also made a personal inspection of all the Lots and Squares selected for public purposes, and ascertained from most of the owners thereof that they would deed the lots to the City, whenever called upon, provided the City would deed to them her right and title to the balance of their claim. The time is passed when it is necessary to support this course by argument. The city has pledged its faith by Ordinance No. 822; the measure has become part of the settled policy of the Corporation, and yet the parties interested have not reaped the benefit of it. Your Commissioners would therefore recommend the appointment of two or three suitable persons, with authority to receive the deeds of the Lots and Squares selected for public purposes, and to deed the right and title of the City to all parties in possession, as contemplated by Ordinance No. 822.

All of which is respectfully submitted, April 19th, 1856.

All of which is respectfully submitted, April 15th, 1660

JOHN T. HOFF, City Surveyor.

MICHAEL HAYES, Commissioners.

LIST OF RESERVATIONS DELINEATED ON VAN NESS MAP. PUBLIC SQUARES AND HOSPITAL LOT.

Names.	Between what Streets Located.	Acres	100ths
Alta Square	Scott, Clay, Steiner and Jackson	12	69
Alamo Square	Hayes, Fulton, Steiner and Scott	12	
Alcatraz Square	Franklin, Jefferson, Gough and North Point	5	88
Buena Vista Park	Alta, Utah, Vermont and Napa	4	41
Franklin Park	Center, Hampshire, Santa Clara and Bryant Avenue	4	41
Hamilton Square	O'Farrell, Scott, Post and Steiner	12	69
Hospital Lot	Ridley, Scott, Waller and Steiner	8	65
Jackson Park	Mariposa, Carolina, Santa Clara and Arkansas	4	41
Jefferson Square	Tyler, Eddy, Laguna and Gough	12	69
Lafayette Park	Sacramento, Gough, Washington and Laguna	12	69
	Chestnut, Laguna, Webster and Bay		69
	(-)		-
	Total	103	90

ENGINE LOTS.

In Mission Blocks-Lots 30 by 1371/2 feet.

- Lot in Block No. 5. on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets.
- Lot in Block No. 36, on Sixteenth street, between Valencia and Guerrero streets.
- Lot in Block No. 44, on Bryant street, between Ninth and Tenth streets.
- Lot in Block No. 67, on Valencia street, between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets.
- Lot in Block No. 86, on Nineteenth street, between Dolores and Church streets.
- Lot in Block No. 98, on Sanchez street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets.

In Potrero Nuevo-Lots 30 by 100 feet.

- Lot in Block No. 15, on Columbia street, between Napa and Butte streets.
- Lot in Block No. 102, on Nebraska street, between Santa Clara and Sixteenth streets.
- Lot in Block No. 269, on Texas street, between Solano and Mariposa streets.

 In Western Addition—Lots 30 by 137½ feet.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 10, on O'Farrell street, between Larkin and Polk streets.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 41, on Chestnut street, between Polk street and Van Ness avenue.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 49, on Pacific street, between Polk and Van Ness avenue.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 56, on Bush street, between Polk and Van Ness avenue.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block 66, on McAllister street, between Polk and Van Ness avenue.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block 153, on Ellis street, between Gough and Octavia streets.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 183, on Bay street, between Octavia and Laguna streets.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block 192, on Vallejo street, between Octavia and Laguna streets.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 213, on Waller street, between Octavia and Laguna streets.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 236, on California street, between Laguna and Buchanan streets.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block 283, on McAllister street, between Buchanan and Webster streets.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block 309, on Post street, between Webster and Fillmore streets.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 322, on Green street, between Webster and Fillmore streets.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 351, on Clay street, between Fillmore and Steiner streets.

- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block 374, on Kate street, between Fillmore and Steiner streets.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block 379, on Hayes street, between Steiner and Pierce streets.
- Lot in 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 416, on Greenwich street, between Pierce and Scott streets.

SCHOOL LOTS.

In Mission Blocks-

- Middle 50-vara Lot in Block No. 8, on Harrison street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot in Block No. 21, on Mission street, between Ridley and Hermann streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot in Block No. 34, on Fifteenth street, between Howard and Mission streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot in Block No. 61, on Nineteenth street, between Howard and Mission streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot in Block No. 93, on Church street, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot in Block No. 104, on Sixteenth street, between Sanchez and Noe streets.

In Western Addition-

- Middle 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 3, on Grove street, between Larkin and Polk streets.
- 50-vara Lot No. 6, in Block 14, on southwest corner Larkin and Polk streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block 21, on Broadway street, between Larkin and Polk streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block 29, on Francisco street, between Larkin and Polk streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 62, on Eddy street, between Polk street and Van Ness avenue.
- Middle 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block 111, on Bay street, between Franklin and Gough streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block 117, on Union street, between Franklin and Gough streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block 123, on Washington street, between Franklin and Gough streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot No. 2, in block 136, on McAllister street, between Franklin and Gough streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 158, on Sutter street, between Gough and Octavia streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block 281, on Turk street, between Buchanan and Webster streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot No. 5, in Block 289, on Page street, between Buchanan and Webster streets.
- Middle 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 318, on Jackson street, between Webster and Fillmore streets.

Middle 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 335, on Greenwich street, between Webster and Fillmore streets.

Middle 50-vara Lot No. 6, in Block 374, on Fillmore street, from Kate to Ridley streets.

Middle 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 419, on Green street, between Pierce and Scott streets.

Middle 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 431, on Eddy street, between Pierce and Scott streets.

Middle 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 460, on Pine street, between Scott and Devisadero streets.

Middle 50-vara Lot No. 2, in Block 465, on Jackson street, between Scott and Devisadero streets.

In Potrero Nuevo-

Middle Lot in Block No. 39, 100 by 200 feet, fronting on York and Hampshire streets, between Butte and Solano streets.

Middle Lot in Block No. 46, 100 by 200 feet, fronting on Hampshire and Jersey streets, between El Dorado and Alameda streets.

Middle Lot in Block No. 163, 100 by 200 feet, fronting on Rhode Island and De Haro streets, between Solano and Mariposa streets.

The Report was received and read in Board of Assistant Aldermen, April 21st, 1856, and laid over for further consideration.

On the 5th of May ensuing, a Joint Resolution, No. 532, passed the Common Council providing for the appointment of a Committee of three from each Board to meet daily, for one week, at the office of the County Surveyor, for the purpose of receiving objections to the recommendations of the Commissioners and Surveyor. The Committee appointed consisted of Aldermen Corser, Greene, and Bryant; Assistant Aldermen Bartlett, Dow, and Wilson.

The Committee gave public notice of the same by advertising, and on the 3d of June following made the following Report to the Common Council:

To the Honorable Common Council of the City of San Francisco:

Your Committee, appointed to attend at the City Surveyor's office, and receive objections to the adoption of the Report of the Commissioners appointed to lay off the Western Addition, and the plan drawn by the same, beg leave to report:

That they have attended to this duty, and up to the present have heard but of three complaints. In view of the large number of persons interested, your Committee must regard this opposition as entitled to slight regard, and believe the plan meets with the general favor of the people of that part of the city.

They, therefore, respectfully recommend that the accompanying ordinance be adopted, which legalizes said plan, and makes provision for its being carried into effect.

Your Committee would further recommend, that the City Surveyor be instructed to report to the Common Council the names proposed for the different streets and squares, and that the same be first confirmed, or other names adopted in their place, before they be officially placed on the map.

C. J. BARTLETT, CHAS. WILSON, WM. H. DOW, CHAS. H. CORSER, W. GREENE, G. W. BRYANT. Owing to the change in the form of government, which occurred soon after the rendering of this report, final action upon the ordinance was not taken by the Common Council; but in the Board of Supervisors succeeding (then composed of Justices of the Peace) on the 16th day of October, 1856, an Order was adopted, bearing date October 16th, 1856, ratifying and confirming the Report of the Commissioners, as follows:

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. That the Plan or Map of the Western Addition, reported by the Commission created under an ordinance of the last Common Council of the City of San Francisco, be adopted by this Board, and be declared to be the plan of the city, in respect to the location and establishment of streets and avenues, and the reservation of squares and lots for public purposes, in that portion of the then incorporated limits of said city, lying west of Larkin and southwest of Johnston streets.

Be it therefore enacted, That the within and before recited Order and Ordinances be and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed; and all the land entered, or to be entered, in the United States Land Office, in pursuance of section one of the first recited of said Ordinances, in trust, shall pass and inure to, and be deemed to have immediately vested in the occupants thereof, for their several use and benefit, according to their respective interests, in execution of the trust designated in an Act of Congress entitled "An Act for the relief of citizens of towns upon the public lands of the United States, under certain circumstances," approved May twenty-third, one thousand eight hundred and forty-four; as extended and applied by an Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for the survey of public lands in California, the granting of pre-emption rights therein, and for other purposes," approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and fifty three; and it shall be the duty of all Courts and officers to take judicial notice of the said Order and Ordinances, as hereinbefore recited, without further proof, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if they were public acts of the State Legislature.

Sec. 2. That the grant or relinquishment of title made by the said city in favor of the several possessors, by sections two and three of the Ordinance first above recited, shall take effect as fully and completely, for the purpose of transferring the city's interest, and for all other purposes whatsoever, as if deeds of release and quit claim had been duly executed and delivered to and in favor of them individually and by name; and no further conveyance or other act shall be necessary to invest the said possessors with all the interest, title, rights, benefits and advantages which the said Order and Ordinances intend or purport to transfer or convey, according to the true intent and meaning thereof; provided, that nothing in this Act shall be so construed as to release the City of San Francisco, or City and County of San Francisco, from the payment of any claim or claims, due or to become due this State against said city or city and county; nor to affect or release to said city and county any title this State has, or may have, to any lands in said City and County of San Francisco.

On the 11th of March, 1858, the Legislature by enactment ratified and confirmed Ordinances Nos. 822 and 845, and also the Order of the Board of Supervisors making the reservations.

BOUNDARIES OF THE CITY UNDER ACT TO REINCORPORATE. [Passed April 18th, 1851.]

On the south by a line parallel with Clay street, two and one-half miles distant, in a southerly direction from the centre of Portsmouth Square; on the west by a line parallel with Kearny street, two miles distant, in a westerly direction from the centre of Portsmouth Square. Its northern and eastern boundaries shall be coincident with those of the county of San Francisco.

GRANT BY CONGRESS.

[Approved July 1st, 1864.]

Section 5. And be it further enacted, That all the right and title of the United States to the lands within the corporate limits of the City of San Francisco, as defined in the Act incorporating said city, passed by the Legislature of the State of California, on the fifteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, are hereby relinquished and granted to the said city and its successors, for the uses and purposes specified in the ordinances of said city, ratified by an Act of the Legislature of the said State, approved on the eleventh of March, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, entitled "An Act concerning the City of San Francisco, and to ratify and confirm certain ordinances of the Common Council of the city," there being excepted from this relinquishment and grant all sites or other parcels of land which have been, or now are, occupied by the United States for military, naval or other public uses, or such other sites or parcels as may hereafter be designated by the President of the United States, within one year after the rendition to the General Land Office, by the Surveyor-General, of an approved plat of the exterior limits of San Francisco, as recognized in this section, in connection with the lines of the public surveys; and provided, That the relinquishment and grant by this Act shall in no manner interfere with or prejudice any bona fide claims of others, whether asserted adversely under rights derived from Spain, Mexico, or the laws of the United States, nor preclude a judicial examination and adjustment thereof.

STREET GRADES AND LINES.

In this connection it is, perhaps, rather unfortunate that the topography of the northern and western portions of our city was not considered when streets were laid out and grades established. The expense consequent upon opening streets and rendering property accessible has been large, onerous and attributable in the main to a want of forethought in establishing grades without regarding the effect upon surrounding property.

The grades established within the lines of Johnson and Larkin streets by Ordinance No. 608 of the Common Council, approved July 10th, 1854, and subsequent enactments are herewith presented.

TABLE OF GRADES FOR THE CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

The base or zero is six feet and seven-tenths above an ordinary high tide mark on a pile at the boat-stairs, corner of Pacific and Davis streets. The top of the wharf at that point is one foot and one-tenth above the base, or seven feet and eight-tenths above ordinary high tide. The base is actually the same as Mr. Hoadley's, but calculated from ordinary high tide, instead of an arbitrary extreme high tide.

a	Height above	1	Reight above
Streets.	Base, in feet.	Streets.	Base in feet
Devisend Pine	outBase.		y and California 7.5
	nia	66	Sacramento 6.75
	nento	- 44	Clay 6
		56	Washington 6
	agton	44	Jackson 6
	n	44	Pacific 30
		66	Broadway
	vay	44	Green170
)	06	Union220
	2.50	46	Filbert180
	nia 1.50	66	Greenwich130
" Sacram	nento 0.75		Lombard 12
" Clay	Base.	66	ChestnntBase.
" Washin	ngton "	66	Francisco "
	n 44	Kearny and	Geary 25
" Pacific.		86	Post 39
	vay 44	4.6	Sutter 39
)	66	Bnsh 39
		"	Pine 39
		**	California 35
			Sacramento 28
	vich	44	Clay 28
	5	66	Washington 28
	4	44	Jackson 20
	rnia 3.16	44	Pacific
Bacia	mento 2.5	66	Broadway 60
Clay	1.75	44	Vallejo. 142
VV 8ISTI	ington 1.75	66_	Green
Jacks	on 1.75	6.6	Filbert
	C 4	44 "	Greenwich
	lway 12	66	Lombard
	jo 10	66	Chestnut 12
	1 5	46	FranciscoBase.
	rt 2.5	66	Bay "
	wichBase.	**	North Point "
	ard"	Dupont and	O'Farrell 32
	er	4.6	Geary 40
	1	**	Post 45
	5.5	44	Sutter 50
" Calif	fornia 5	66	Bush 65
	amento 4.25	46	Pine 94
	3.5	44	California 86
	hington 3.5		Sacramento 68
	son 3.5	**	Clay
	fic 12	-	Washington 64
	dway 35		Jackson
	ejo 28		Pacific
- Gree	n 21	**	Broadway
-0110	on 14		Vallejo
FIID	ert 8		Union
Gree	nwich 4		Filbert
Lom	bardBase		Greenwich
Cnes	tnut		Lombard
	Post		Chestnut110
	Bush 20		Francisco
	Pine		Bay
			10

^{*}Act of the Legislature, approved March 24th, 1868.

		Height above		Height above
Stre	cets.	Base, in feet.	Streets.	Base, in feet.
	and North Point		Mason and	Sutter115
	Beach		**	Bush
Stocktor	and Ellis		66	Pine214
"	O'Farrell Geary		"	California275
	Post		**	Sacramento
44	Sutter		46	Clay
44	Bush		64	Jackson
46	Pine		**	Pacific
44	California		**	Broadway
66	Sacramento		66	Vallejo
66	Clay		66	Green
66	Washington		66	Union
66	Jackson		64	Filbert
.6	Pacific		-6	Greenwich
44	Broadway	84	16	Lombard 12
66	Vallejo	86	16	Chestnut 8
66	Green		66	Francisco 5
Stockton	and Union		44	Bay 4
. "	Filbert		66	North Point 2
66	Greenwich		66	BeachBase.
66	Lombard		66	Jefferson"
44	Chestnut		Taylor and	Tyler 36
66	Francisco	27	16	Turk
66	Вау		46	Eddy
46	North Point		66	Ellis
44	Beach	Base.	46	O'Farrell 65
Powell a	nd Eddy	25	66	Geary 80
46	Ellis		44	Post
66	O'Farrell		66	Sutter135
44	Geary	58	44	Bush
66	Post	74	66	Pine213
06	Sutter	92	66	California
46	Bush		66	Sacramento
66	Pine		66	Clay268
66	California		•4	Washington
4.	Sacramento		66	Jackson238
4.6	Clay		64	Pacific
44	Washington		66	Broadway 220
44	Jackson		65	Vallejo280
66	Pacific		44	Green
66	Broadway		44	Union
66	Vallejo		66-	Filbert
46	Green		66	Greenwich
64	Union		64	Lombard
**	Filbert		44	Chestnut
•4	Greenwich		66	Francisco 6
66	Lombard		**	Вау 3
66	Chestnut		66	North Point 2
66	Francisco		66	BeachBase.
66	Bay		44	Jefferson"
"	North Point			Callister33
"	Beach			vler
	Jefferson			urk
Mason ar	nd Turk		1	ddy40
66	Eddy			llis
46	Ellis			'Farrell 80
**	O'Farrell			
"	Geary			eary 95
	Post	82	, P	ost128

^{*}Act of the Legislature, approved March 3d, 1868.

TABLE OF GRADES.

Streets.	Height above		Street	Height above
Jones and Sutter	Base, in feet.			ls. Base, in feet. Geary
"Bush		LIJUE		Post
" Pine				Sutter
" California		-		Bush190
"Sacramento				Pine
				California210
Clay				Sacramento240
Washington				Clay270
Jackson				Washington255
Facilite				Jackson235
Droadway		-		Pacific
Vallejo			66	Broadway190
" Green " Union				Vallejo
Ошоп				
T HDer to				Green
Greenwich				Union
Lioinparu			66	Filbert280
Оперения			66	Greenwich
" Francisco			66	Lombard
Day				
" North Point				Francisco140
* Beach			44	Bay 90
generaun				North Point 57
Leavenworth and McAllister		1		Beach 24
" Tyler		\$		JeffersonBase.
1 urk		Larki	n an	d Market 50
" Eddy				McAllister 44
" Ellis			" 1	Tyler 58
" O'Farrell		1	• 6	Turk
"Geary			44	Eddy 80
" Post		1	4.	Ellis 85
" Sutter			44	O'Farrell 90
" Bush			66	Geary105
" Pine			64	Post115
			66	Sutter130
" Sacramento			44	Bush
" Clay			46	Pine160
" Washington			44	California180
" Jackson		1	66	Sacramento200
" Pacific	245		44	Clay220
" Broadway			44	Washington210
" Vallejo	244		44	Jackson 196
" Green	295		66	Pacific:182
" Union	266		44	Broadway
" Filbert	205		66	Vallejo
" Greenwich	182		66	Green190
" Lombard	162	1	41	Union220
" Chestnut	136		44	Filbert228
" Francisco	90		6.6	Greenwich236
" Bay	58		66	Lombard
" North Point	25		44	Chestnut
" Beach			6.6	Francisco
" Jefferson			44	Bay 91
Hyde and McAllister			44	North Point 58
" *Tyler			66	Beach 25
" Turk			66	JeffersonBase,
" Eddy		East.		.Throughout "
" Ellis				.Throughout "
" O'Farrell	95			From Market to Folsom "
40.3. W. 004 J.Il-01-				

^{*}Order No. 824, approved July 21st, 1868. †Order No. 763, approved March 19th, 1867.

	Height above Base, in feet.	Streets.	Height above
Streets.			Base, in feet.
Spear and Harrison	Dase.	Fourth and King	
Diyano		" Berry	
Main and Market	46	" Channel	
" Mission		Fifth and Market	
nowaru		" Mission	
FOISOIII		nowaru	
" Harrison		Folsom	
" Bryant		narrison	Base-
Beale and Market		" Bryant	
MISSION		Brannan	
LLOWER C	2	" Townsend	
F 0180III		" King	
" Harrison		" Berry	
" Bryant		" Channel	
" Brannan		" Hooper	
Fremont and Market		Sixth and Market	36
" Mission		" Mission	30
" Howard	4	" Howard	10
" Folsom	20	" Folsom	5
" Harrison	60	" Bryant	2
" Bryant	20	" Brannan	Base.
" Brannan	Base.	" Townsend	
First and Market	5	" King.	46
" Mission		" Berry	
" Howard		" Channel	
" Folsom,		" Hooper	
" Harrison		" Irwin	
" Bryant		" Hubbell	
" *Brannan		" South	
" Townsend		Seventh and Market	
Second and Market.		" Mission	
" Mission		" Howard	
" Howard		" Folsom	
" Folsom		" Harrison	
" Harrison			
		Dryant	
Dryant		Бганнан	
Drannau		Townsend	
110 w H3CHU		King	
. Aing		" Berry	
" Be ry			
Third and Market		" Hooper	
" Mission		" Irwin	
" Howard		" Hubbell	
" Folsom		" South	
" Harrison	13	Eighth and Market	43
" Bryant		" Mission	
" *Brannan	12	" Howard	20
" †Townsend	11	" Folsom	15
" King	2	" Harrison	10
" Berry	Base.	" Bryant	5
" Channel		" Brannan	Base.
Fourth and Market	30	Ninth and Market	50
" Mission,		" Mission	
" Howard		" Howard	
" Folsom		" Folsom	
" Harrison	2 (2)	" Harrison	
" Bryant		" Bryant	
" Brannan		" Brannan	
" Townsend		LA COLUMNIA	
20 masoliu			

^{*}Act of the Legislature, approved March 2d, 1868. †Order No. 728, approved September 18th, 1868. *Order No. 714, approved July 16th, 1868.

An Act of the State Legislature, approved April 25th, 1862, created a Board of Civil Engineers for re-survey of the City—by which Act the Board was composed of George C. Potter, City and County Surveyor, Milo Hoadley, and Thaddeus R. Brooks, who organized and entered upon their duties on the eighth day of May of that year. The Act referred to conferred upon the Board of Supervisors, upon recommendation of the Engineers, power to change the grades of streets previously established; also to establish grades in that portion of the City west of Larkin and south of Johnson streets, which had not been previously done.

The Engineers recommended many changes of street grades in that portion of the City north and east of Larkin and Johnson streets, which, owing to the opposition of property-owners, have in only a few instances been carried out. These are of Kearny street, from Vallejo to Green streets; the crossings of Harrison, Spear, Main and Beale, Clay and Jones, Pacific and Front, Broadway and Front, and Vallejo and Front streets. In all of these changes it was reported by the Commissioners appointed by the County Court that no damages had been incurred by the property-owners from the changes, or they were made by their unanimous consent.

Under the operations of the Van Ness Ordinance, ratified by State legislation and subsequent enactments, a large portion of the lands held under said title has been settled, and now forms an integral part of the City.

The profiles of the streets surveyed, showing the configuration of the land, the elevation above base of the grades established, the official map of the city, and a Block Book* of streets within charter limits of 1851, showing deviations from rigid lines, are filed in the office of the City and County Surveyor, all of which were legalized by an order approved January 26th, 1866, entitled—

ORDER NO. 684,

Establishing the Lines and Grades of Streets and Public Highways in the City and County of San Francisco, and the Legal and Official Plan and Map of said City.

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

Whereas, Under and by virtue of an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entetled "An Act to establish the lines and grades of Streets in the City and County of San Francisco," approved April 26, 1862, and the Act amendatory thereof, the Board of City Engineers therein mentioned and constituted, having completed their Survey, Maps and Profiles, and a Book explanatory thereof, called the Block Book, and having delivered the same with their Report, according to law, to this Board.

And this Board having thereupon published a notice for three weeks, stating that such Report had been made, and that the same with the Survey, Maps, Profiles, and Block Book aforesaid, were open for public inspection in the Office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors; and notifying any property owner dissatisfied with said Survey, Maps, Profiles and explanatory Block Book, or either of them, within said three weeks, to file in the Office of the Board of Supervisors, with said Clerk, objections, in writing, to the same, or to the establishment of the aforesaid grades and lines; stating specifically the grounds and reasons

^{*}A certified copy of the Block Book is now being made to be be deposited in the Hall of Records.

of said objections, which published notice contained a tabular statement of the respective grades as indicated by said Survey, Maps and Profiles;

And the said Report, Survey, Maps, Profiles and Block Book, having been kept open for public inspection in the Office of the Clerk of said Board of Supervisors during the period of the publication of said notice;

And said period of three weeks having expired, and no written or other objections to said Survey, Maps, Profiles and Block Book, or either of them, having been filed;

And the said Survey, Maps, Profiles and Block Book, having been finally submitted to said Board of Supervisors, it is now ordered:

- SECTION 1. That the Survey, Maps, Profiles and Block Book, aforesaid, be and they are hereby approved and adopted, and that said Maps, Profiles and Block Book do stand as the legal and valid official plan of the City and County of San Francisco, to determine the lines of the streets and the grades thereof, as provided by the Acts of the Legislature aforesaid.
- SEC. 2. That the lines of the streets in those portions of the City and County of San Francisco, as delineated in the aforesaid Block Book, shall be run in accordance with the distances from the monument of re-survey lines to the respective corners as fixed and indicated in said Block Book; and every survey hereafter made shall conform thereto, and shall be plotted in said Block Book, as an official record of such survey.
- SEC. 3. That the lines of streets and sizes of blocks in all the other portions of the City (not included in said Block Book) shall be run in accordance with the distances and dimensions marked on the General Map of the City and County of San Francisco, made by said Board of Engineers, in connection with the "Monument Map" of said Board of Engineers, as regards the location of the monuments and stakes with the lines of said streets.
- SEC. 4. The respective grades of the streets, as indicated by said Surveys, Maps and Profiles, and hereby determined, are specially shown by the following tabular statement, viz:

STREET GRADES WEST AND SOUTH OF JOHNSON AND LARKIN STREETS.

[FROM JOHN TO TURK.]

Turk	
McAllister	
Fulton	
Grove 822 828 828 828 838	
125525455554555	
Hayes 282222000000444	
Felt 252222860	
Oak	
Page 255505555544	
Haight 05594449505884	
Waller 252555569859	
Kate. : Reserve	
Channel	
Thorne, 10th.	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
Wood, 11th	30. 24. 16. 9. 9. 42.
Brown, 12th	5025
Ellen, 13th	
Potter	
Brady	26
Hermann	- 245
Ridley	· 26.82
Tracy, 14th	48 H 2 L 2
Sparks, 15th ZSEE	36881 2881 2881 2881 2881 2881 2881 2881
	8282210.8488884 ::
	 658882113158885
	2222222222222
1	, co
Napa, 20th	2288888888824 :: 65888882388826 ::
1	28688448884844
John, 22d	
STREETS. Street cott cott ience ience ience ience ience ience ionce io	olores alencia alencia alencia los de

*Order No 822, approved June 30th, 1868, establishes the grade of the crossings of Capp and Nineteenth 36 feet; Capp and Twentieth 49 feet, and Capp and Twenty-first Streets 52 feet above base.

STREET GRADES WEST AND SOUTH OF JOHNSON AND LARKIN STREETS-CONTINUED,

[FROM EDDY TO MARKET.]

	·
	Market
	Lewis
	Tonquin
	Jefferson
	Beach
	North Point.
	Bay
	Francisco
	Chestnut
	Lombard 33222888888888
	Greenwich
	Filbert
	Union
100	Green
-	Vallejo
	Broadway : :: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
	Pacific 8 2888382828288899999999999999999999999
	Jackson 2 :222222222222222
	Washington 5 3778 37878888888888888888888888888888
	Clay
	Sacramento 88 : 17.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2
-	California 28
	Pine
-	Bush 25551242588951125868
-	Sutter
-	Post
-	Geary
	0'Farrell
-	Ellis
	Eddy
	STREETS, ry Avonue ck ck circ in n n n ss
	Cemeter Commerce Commerce Commerce Commerce Control Baker Baker Baker Steiner Steiner Steiner Steiner Steiner Steiner Steiner Caguna. Cagu

SEC, 5. All Orders and Resolutions, and parts of Orders and Resolutions, conflicting with this Order, are hereby repealed.

STREET GRADES.

At the last session of the Legislature the following Act was passed, and approved March 28th, 1863, authorizing the Board of Supervisors to modify and change the grade of streets upon petition of the owners of three-fourths of the property to be affected:

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco are hereby authorized and empowered, upon petition of the owners of three-fourths of the property to be affected thereby, said property to be ascertained and indicated by said Board of Supervisors in the manner provided in the first subdivision of section two of this Act, to change and modify the grade of any street or avenue, or of any part of any street or avenue, in said city and county, as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The grade of any street or avenue, or portion of any street or avenue, the grade of which has been fixed by ordinance, shall not be altered or changed except upon an adjustment of the benefits and damages, and the proceedings shall be as follows: First-The Board of Supervisors upon the receipt of a petition in conformity with the provisions of section one of this Act, shall publish in the official newspaper of said city and county a notice of their intention to make such change. Said notice shall be published for thirty days, and shall describe the proposed change and designate the limits within which the lots of land to be benefited shall be assessed to pay any damages that may be awarded by reason of the change. Second-Within twenty days of the first publication of said notice, any person claiming that he or she would sustain damages, by reason of such change, shall file a petition with the County Clerk, addressed to the County Court, setting forth the fact of his or her ownership, the description and situation of his or her property, its market value, and the amount of damage, over and above all benefits, which he or she would sustain by reason of the proposed change, if completed, asking the appointment of Commissioners to assess such damage, which petition shall be verified by the oath of the petitioner or his or her agents. Third-On the filing of such petition the said County Court shall take jurisdiction of the proceedings, and the County Clerk shall immediately give notice thereof to the President of the Board of Supervisors. Fourth-At the expiration of the time of publication of said notice, and at the time indicated by said notice, or at such other time to which it may be continued, the County Court shall appoint three citizens, who are freeholders in said city and county and competent judges of the value of real estate therein, and are not interested in said proceedings, as Commissioners to assess the benefits and damages to each separate lot of land within the limits designated in the notice. Fifth-The Commissioners shall be sworn by the County Judge to make the assessments of benefits and damages to the best of their judgmant and ability, without fear or favor, and that they have no interest in the controversy, nor in any of the land within the limits designated, which oath shall be filed with the County Clerk as a part of the proceedings, a copy thereof and of the order of appointment, certified by the Clerk, may be delivered to said Commissioners as their authority. Sixth-Said Commissioners shall visit and inspect the premises to be assessed, and the premises for which damages are claimed, with a Committee from their body, appointed for that purpose by the Board of Supervisors. Seventh-Said Commissioners shall have power, and it is hereby made their duty to examine, under oath, which any one of them is hereby authorized to administer, any witnesses produced before them, by any party, touching the matters to be investigated, and such other witnesses as they may deem necessary, to fully acquaint themselves with the actual amount of benefits and damages which will result to the respective parties interested in the proposed change. Eighth-Said Commissioners having determined the damages which will be sustained by each petitioner, over and above all benefits by the completion of the proposed change, shall proceed to assess the whole amount thereof, together with the costs, charges and expenses of the proceedings, including the compensation to the Commissioners for their services, to be taxed and allowed by the County Judge, ratably upon the several lots of land benefited within the limits designated

in said notice, so that the same shall be distributed according to the benefits produced by such change as nearly as possible. Ninth-Said Commissioners shall make their report in writing, and shall subscribe the same and file it with the County Clerk; in their said report they shall describe each piece of property which will sustain damage, stating the amount of the damages which it will sustain over and above all benefits, and they shall also give a brief description of each lot benefited within the designated limits; the name of the owner, if known, and the amount of benefit assessed against the same. In case the three Commissioners do not agree, the award agreed upon by any two of them shall be sufficient. On the filing of said report the County Clerk shall notify the Board of Supervisors, in writing, of the fact; and thereupon the said Board shall by ordinance confirm or reject said report. If they confirm it, the grades of the streets shall be changed as contemplated, and the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors shall notify the County Court that the Board have confirmed the report. 'The County Court shall thereupon enter up judgment against each lot assessed for benefits, describing the same as accurately as can conveniently be done. Upon which judgment an order of sale may issue by order of the Court, commanding the Sheriff of said city and county to collect the amount therein mentioned by sale of the lot assessed, in the mode prescribed by law for the sale of real estate, the proceeds to be paid by the Sheriff to the Treasurer of the City and Connty of San Francisco, who shall place the same to the credit of the Street Department Fund; and the same shall be paid, and the Treasurer of said city and county shall pay the amount collected, for damages into the County Court, which shall hold, invest and distribute the same in the same manner, as provided in section nineteen of an Act entitled "An Act to declare and regulate the power of the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco to take private lands for certain public improvements, and to prescribe the manner of its execution," approved April 4th, 1864. All such judgments shall be in favor of the City and County of San Francisco, and shall be a lien upon the lot until the same is paid; but no sale shall be made nor execution issued until the County Court shall determine that said work has been completed.

SEC. 3. Before entering up judgment, the Court shall fix a day for hearing parties who may feel aggrieved by reason of any of the proceedings; but no objections shall be considered except such as are specifically set forth in writing by the parties; and all errors, omissions and irregularities not specifically set forth shall be deemed to be waived. Any party dissatisfied may, within thirty days after judgment against him or his lot, or the order to pay the damages assessed, appeal to the Supreme Court to review the matter complained of, and the appeal shall be taken in the manner and with the same effect as prescribed in, and in all respects be in conformity to "An Act to declare and regulate the power of the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco to take private lands for certain public improvements, and to prescribe the manner of its execution," approved April 4th, 1864, and all subsequent proceedings shall be in conformity therewith and with the same effect.

SEC. 4. All acts and proceedings under this law shall be liberally construed, and the judgments and proceedings of the County Court shall be construed like judgments and proceedings of courts of general jurisdiction.

SEC. 5. The Sheriff shall collect fees for the execution, in case an execution issues, as in other cases, but each party may pay to the Treasurer the amount of the judgment against him, and the Treasurer's receipt being produced to the County Court, satisfaction of the judgment shall be entered by the Clerk. The Clerk shall not charge any fees for the proceedings unless execution issues, in which case he shall be authorized to charge five dollars for each execution, to be collected by the Sheriff on the execution.

SEC. 6. This Act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Under the provisions of this Act the following Street Grades have been established, viz:

		Hei	gh	t above	B
	Streets.		ij	in Feet.	
Capp	o and Nineteenth			36	
Capi	and Twentieth			49	
Cap	p and Twenty-first			52	
Hyd	e and Tyler			53	
Larl	in and Tyler			58	

Another Act, passed and approved March 28th, 1868, authorized the Board to appropriate a sum, not to exceed twenty thousand dollars, to establish the lines and grades of Streets and Avenues, and placing suitable monuments to perpetuate the same in the following Districts, viz:

District No. 1—That tract lying east of Potrero avenue, south of Mission creek, west of the water front and north of Precita creek.

District No. 2—That tract west of Potrero avenue, south of the charter line of eighteen hundred and fifty-one, produced westelry to the westerly line of Douglas street, easterly of the westerly line of Douglas street continued to Figg or Twenty-seventh street, northerly of Figg or Twenty-seventh street and Precita creek.

District No. 3—That tract west of the charter line of eighteen hundred and fifty-one, easterly of Douglas street, southerly of the northerly boundary of the San Miguel Ranch, and northerly of the southerly line of Twenty-second street extended to the westerly line of Douglas street.

District No. 4—That tract lying southerly of the water front, westerly of Devisadero street, northerly of Geary street, easterly of Cemetery avenue and Government Reserve.

District No. 5—That tract lying westerly of the charter line of eighteen hundred and fiftyone, northerly of the San Miguel Ranch, easterly of westerly line of West Eighth street, southerly of the Government Reserve and Lone Mountain Cemetery, and that part of Geary street easterly of Cemetery avenue.

VALUATION OF REAL ESTATE AND IMPROVEMENTS BY WARDS.

The assessed value of real estate and improvements thereon, by wards, for the last two years is shown by the following exhibit:

Wards.	Valuation, 1867-8.	Valuation, 1868-9.
First Ward		\$3,552,470 2,172,300
Third Ward	7,548,950	8,900,408 3,018,142
Fifth Ward. Sixth Ward.	6,196,400 2,912,300	7,345,750 3,347,432
Seventh Ward	. 5,725,425	3,525,385 5,645,984
Ninth Ward. Tenth Ward. *Eleventh Ward.	. 7,234,510	6,666,091 5,483,150 9,585,731
Twelfth Ward		4,333,336
Totals	\$57,880,468	\$63,576,179

^{*}The assessed value of all Outside Lands, in the year 1868-9, is included in the valuation.

FIRES AND FIRE ALARMS.

During the year closed the number of Fires and Alarms was greater than in that preceding, being three hundred and fifty-five against two hundred and sixty-five in 1866-67, yet the aggregate of losses claimed is \$256,121 less than that of the former year.

The following presents an abstract of the Report of John L. Durkee, Fire Marshal, to the Board of Underwriters, showing that during the last year incendiarism has been alarmingly on the increase, the number of Fires from that cause being ninety-two, while that of the preceding years 1866-67, 1865-66, were respectively sixty-seven and thirty-seven. The conviction of persons for the crime of arson seems to be, by the Report, reserved for the future, as, notwithstanding the exertions of the various Departments interested, no conviction has been had in those cases where the guilt of the persons arrested was apparently beyond doubt.

Causes of Fires and Alarms.	Nos.	Loss.	Insurance.	Amounts Received.
Attomata	16			
Ather	10	\$1,470 00	\$30,400 00	\$1,250 00
Ashes	1	10 00		φ1,200 00
Bonfire	4	10 00		
	1	580 00	3,000 00	580 00
Boiling Fat	36			
Carelessness with Fire		54,820 12	176,425 00	22,759 45
Carelessness with Candle	12	4,642 59	205,500 00	3,225 59
Carelessness with Lamp	6	11,599 00	26,700 00	7,596 00
Carelessness with Matches	2	27,195 00	29,400 00	14,918 00
Carelessness with Stove	1	663 00	20,000 00	663 00
Children with Matches	14	19,035 25	23,000 00	7,435 25
Chimneys.	16			
Defective Stovepipe	4	1,085 00	6,900 00	1,880 00
Defective Chimneys	21	19,842 05	59,000 00	7,842 05
Defective Range	1	3,886 00	10,450 00	2,886 00
Defective Furnaces	2	264 65	105,000 00	14 45
Drunkenness	2	75 00	1,100 00	75 00
Explosion of Boiler	1	5 300 00	7,000 00 -	300 00
Fireworks	7	1,796 05	15,300 00	251 05
False	11			
Gas Light	6	1,881 34	49,300 00	1,881 34
Incendiary	92	191,136 28	458,338 00	120,494 36
Kerosene Lamp	1	5 00	200,000 00	220,202 00
Malicious Mischief	1	11 11 1		
Naptha Stove	- 3	152 50	47,500 00	132 50
Rekindling	6	102 00	11,000 00	102 00
Supposed Carelessness with Fire	16	69.928 82	110,733 00	38.034 19
Supposed Carelessness with Candle	2	5,160 00	7,600 00	4,660 00
Supposed Carelessness with Matches.	4	900 00	12,600 00	370 00
Spontaneous Combustion	3	1,151 61	59,400 00	
Sparks from Furnace	2	20 00	55,400 00	1,026 61
Sparks from Chimneys	2	910 00	4 000 00	010 00
Second Alarms	1	910 00	4,900 00	210 00
Unknown	47	000 407 00	200 666 66	100 100 55
CHRICHII	47	203,487 89	398,666 66	139,138 77
Total	355	\$606 006 OF	@1 001 010 00	\$956 000 O1
	.000	\$020,990 95.	\$1,891,012 66	фэ 10,823 бL

INCENDIARY FIRES.

Boarding House 1	
	Jewelry Store 1
	Lodging Houses 3
	Lodging House and Restaurant 1
	Lodging House and Saloon 1
	Milliner's Store 1
Clothing Stores 5	Restaurant 1
Crockery Store 1	Shoe Store 1
	Saloons 3
	School 1
	Second-hand Store 1
	Ships 2
	Saloon and Dance Hall 1
	Store 1
	Store House 1
	Silver Plater 1
	Trunk Manufactory 1
	Tanneries 2
	Tailors' Shops 2
Grocery Stores 2	
General Store 1	Variety Store 1
Grist Mill 1	Wood Shed 1
Hoop Skirt Store 1	Total
Carried forward48	
Carried forward48	
ATTEMPTS :	TO SET FIRE.
Carpenter Shop 1	Brought forward10
Dwellings 5	Shoe Manufactory 1
Dwelling and Butcher Shop 1	Store 1
Drug Store 1	Tenement House 1
Grocery 1	Tannery
Lodging House 1	
Torbing Torontillian	Unoccupied 2
_	Unoccupied2
Carried forward10	Unoccupied2
_	Unoccupied2
Carried forward	Unoccupied2
Carried forward	Unoccupied
Carried forward	Unoccupied.
Carried forward	Unoccupied. 2
Carried forward	Unoccupied.
Carried forward 10 MATERIAL OF B Frame 328 Brick 44 Iron 1	Unoccupied. 2
Carried forward	Unoccupied. 2
MATERIAL OF B Frame 328 Brick 44 Iron 1 Carried forward 373	Unoccupied. 2
MATERIAL OF B Frame 328 Brick 44 Iron 1 Carried forward 373	Unoccupied. 2
MATERIAL OF B Frame 328 Brick 44 Iron 1 Carried forward 373	Unoccupied. 2
Carried forward 10	Unoccupied. 2
Carried forward 10	Unoccupied. 2
Carried forward 10	Unoccupied. 2 Total. 18 UILDINGS BURNT. Brought forward. 373 Adobe. 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Carried forward 10	Unoccupied. 2 -
Carried forward 10	Unoccupied. 2
Carried forward 10 MATERIAL OF B' Frame 328 Brick 44 Iron 1 Carried forward 373 SIZE AND STYLE 01 Frame, One-story 130 Frame, Two-story 10 Brick, One-story 2 Brick, Two-story 20 Brick, Three-story 18	Unoccupied. 2
Carried forward 10	Unoccupied. 2
Carried forward 10 MATERIAL OF B' Frame 328 Brick 44 Iron 1 Carried forward 373 SIZE AND STYLE 01 Frame, One-story 130 Frame, Two-story 10 Brick, One-story 2 Brick, Two-story 20 Brick, Three-story 18	Unoccupied. 2

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF MONTHLY LOSSES, INSURANCE AND AMOUNTS PAID FROM JULY 18T,

1868.

TO JUNE 30TH,

1864,

00 35 23,007 12 39,053 01 14,157 00 38,667 09 7,413 25 11,326 25 90,531 28 \$36,955 05 \$376,823 61 13,565 JULY 1, 1867, TO JUNE 30, 1868. Paid. 00 00 00 273,200 00 77 \$693,818 34 \$208,026 48 \$883,118 44 \$1,645,025 \$539,814 31 \$626,996 95 \$1,891,012 66 \$123,600 00 00 99 00 117,450 00 00 101,488 00 Insurance. 262,650 92,850 77,350 250,750 55,000 193,283 156,391 12 59 25 90 55 8 00 59 25 160,005 46 80 64 69,035 77,115 61,014 23,717 13,805 60,817 10,463 18,856 24,396 31,250 Loss. \$73,520 44,530 75 25 89 22 36 66 66 20 11,239 10 \$58,288 86 27 81 JULY 1, 1866, TO JUNE 30, 1867. 88,898 50,277 43,242 33,551 35,774 2,986 48,839 19,829 Paid. 102,354 125,100 93,300 194,300 56,050 \$81,900 234,325 Insurance 227,800 135,900 185,300 205,450 24,500 60,280 75 75 66 20 15,479 10 \$1,753 00 \$366,317 75 \$261,750 00 \$106,992 75 \$100,488 86 38 89 27 81 36 66 24,164 62,405 75,956 14,441 82,974 213,446 107,013 Loss. 83,084 43,381 7,331 00 00 33,085 87 4,082 00 50 84 00 00 17,437 42 10,078 00 4,772 10 JULY 1, 1865, TO JUNE 30, 1866. 6,721 2,761 4,750 4,528 5,486 Paid. 161,725 00 00 8 00 8 65,610 00 42,950 00 19,900 00 19,500 00 00 34 Insurance. 26,000 (12,000 14,933 35,850 19,000 14,600 11,227 00 00 10 00 00 42 20 19,292 00 20 50 38,918 00 14,833 79,148 11,011 12,371 5,392 5,070 26,827 \$296,239 07 \$714,125 \$150,542 82 \$593,791 Loss. 3,388 1,168 00 00 93 17,224 12 25 00 02 25 75 20 41,145 60 JULY 1, 1864, TO JUNE 30, 1865. 7,838 4,864 7,026 3,164 36,382 Paid. 896 26,877 2,131 10,400 5,600 61,900 107,425 127,500 91,150 31,900 38,900 143,450 61,350 Insur'ce \$15,000 19,550 44,949 12 6,664 75 8 00 55,898 00 00 \$4,640 00 02 25 2,005 00 5,375 00 14,402 93 9,426 38,277 17,860 Loss. 6,661 080,08 May Totals... July September January ... February .. April June.... MONTHS. October ... November December. March August ...

FIRE LIMITS.

By the passage of Order No. 798, approved January 21st, 1868, some changes have been made in the boundaries of that portion of the city within which wooden buildings are prohibited from being erected. The district is now bounded by a line commencing at the intersection of Market and Davis streets, and running thence along the westerly line of Davis street to Clark street; thence along the southerly line of Clark street to Front street; thence along the westerly line of Front street to Vallejo street; thence along the southerly line of Vallejo street to Battery street; thence along the easterly line of Battery street to Broadway; thence along the southerly line of Broadway to Stockton street; thence along the easterly line of Stockton street to Clay street; thence along the southerly line of Clay street to Dupont street; thence along the easterly line of Dupont street to Bush street; thence along the southerly line of Bush street to Stockton street; thence along the easterly line of Stockton street to Market street; thence along the southeasterly line of Market street to Fourth street; thence along the northeasterly line of Fourth street to Folsom street; thence northeasterly along the northwesterly line of Folsom street one hundred feet; thence northwesterly and parallel with Fourth street, to a point within one hundred feet of Market street; thence northeasterly and parallel with Market street, to a point within one hundred feet of Third street; thence southeasterly and parallel with Third street to the northwesterly line of Folsom street; thence northeasterly along said line of Folsom street to a point one hundred feet northeasterly from Third street; thence northwesterly and parallel with Third street to a point within one hundred feet of Market street; thence northeasterly and parallel with Market street to a point within one hundred feet of Second street; thence southeasterly and parallel with Second street to the northwesterly line of Howard street; thence northeasterly along the said line of Howard street to a point one hundred feet northeasterly from Second street; thence northwesterly and parallel with Second street to a point within one hundred feet of Market street; thence northeasterly parallel with Market street to a point within one hundred feet of First street; thence southeasterly parallel with First street to the northwesterly line of Howard street; thence northeasterly along the said line of Howard street to a point one hundred feet northeasterly from First street; thence northwesterly and parallel with First street to a point within one hundred feet of Market street; thence northeasterly and parallel with Market street to the northwesterly line of Beale street; and thence to the point of beginning.

JUSTICES' COURT.

Under the Act approved March 24th, 1866, there were chosen at the General Election, September 4th, 1867, five Justices of the Peace, to compose a Justices' Court in and for the City and County of San Francisco:

JAS. C. PENNIE,

T. W. TALIFERRO, OSCAR T. SHUCK, P. B. LADD, GEORGE LEVISTON, Their term of office commenced on the first day of January, 1868, and continues for two years. Under the provisions of the law, the Board of Supervisors appointed Jas. C. Pennie, Presiding Justice for one year; Geo. L. Wedekind, Justices's Clerk; also, Samuel C. Harding and M. Harkans, Constables for the term of two years.*

The Court fees are payable into the Special Fee Fund of the City Treasury, from which the salaries of the Justices, Clerk, and Constables are to be paid. The salaries (fixed by the Act) are:

and statuted (made by the rice) are.	
Presiding Justice, per annum\$	3,000
Four Justices of the Peace, each per annum	2,400
One Court Clerk, per annum	2,400
†Two Constables, (one additional, if required,) each per annum	1,200

In case of three constables being appointed, the salary of each is fixed at \$1,000.

The Board of Supervisors have provided, in the building on the northeast corner of Montgomery and Jackson streets, suitable rooms for the Clerk's Office, Court Room, and separate rooms for offices or chambers for each of the Justices of the Peace, for the transaction of their official business.

The Presiding Justice and Clerk are required to be in attendance at the Clerk's office daily, non-judicial days excepted, from the hour of 9 a.m. until 5 p.m., and at such other convenient hours as may be required by urgent official business; and the other Justices to be in attendance at their respective offices or chambers, for the dispatch of official business, daily, from the hour of nine a.m. until five p.m. Unless otherwise ordered by the Board of Supervisors, leave of temporary absence may be granted by the Mayor to the Clerk or any of the Justices, when such absence will not materially prejudice or delay official business; but absence for more than two hours in a day, or for more than four days in one month, is to be charged with a proportionate deduction of salary.

The Court and Justices have the powers and jurisdiction heretofore exercised by the several individual Justices of the Peace in the City and County; and it is provided that all actions, suits, and proceedings, whereof Justices of the Peace and Justices' Courts in said City and County have jurisdiction, shall be commenced, entitled and prosecuted in said Court. The Court to be always open, non-judicial days excepted, and causes therein to be tried before the presiding Justice, or before any one of the Justices before whom the original process is made returnable, or to whom the cause may be assigned or transferred for trial, or before any three Justices of the Peace constituting the Court in bank; but the Court in bank has exclusive power to hear and determine all applications for new trial.

It is made unlawful for any Justice or Constable to collect or receive any fee or compensation whatever (other than the salary allowed out of the Treasury) for any official services; but all fees or moneys legally chargeable for such services are to be paid into the hands of the Justices' Clerk, and by him paid into the City Treasury.

^{*}In addition, the Constables are allowed thirty dollars per month for keeping a horse, when used in the performance of their duties.

[†]A Janitor is also allowed, at a salary of seventy-five dollars per month.

The Fees paid into the Treasury for the six months ending June 30th amounted to \$8,385 60. The Expenses were as follows: Salaries, \$9,497 50; furnishing Court Rooms, rent, stationery, etc., \$6,864 49; total, \$16,361 99

Under the former law providing for Justices of the Peace and Constables for each Township, the returns made by them to July 1st, 1867, for each receipts, not payable into the City and County Treasury, being in lieu of fixed salaries, were:

Dates.	Justices of the Peace.	Constables.	Total.
July 1st, 1865, to January 1st, 1866. January 1st, 1866, to July 1st, 1866. July 1st, 1866, to January 1st, 1867. January 1st, 1867, to July 1st, 1867.	16,568 75 16,438 87	\$7,134 67 8,275 48. 7,971 06 7,022 14	\$21,327 77 24,844 23 24,409 93 16,861 89

THE REGISTRY LAW,

Is generally conceded to have been necessary legislation for maintaining inviolate the rights of our citizens in the exercise of the elective franchise, and, although amended in some particulars at the last session of the Legislature, still it is, perhaps, unfortunate that some plan was not adopted, which, preserving the main features of this law, would have obviated its rather cumbrous and expensive workings.

The expenses incurred incidental to holding the elections under the provisions of this Act, with the number of voters enrolled and the number voting, are herewith presented.

REGISTRATION AND ELECTION EXPENSES.

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1866-7.	1867-8.
Registering (County Clerk)	\$4,137 50	\$1,687 50
Enrolling (Assessor)		370 00
Printing Great Register		1,646 46
Printing Poll Lists	1,547 16	1,965 07
Copying Poll Lists	499 50	420 05
Blanks and Stationery	424 65	620 37
Advertising	1,924 40	1,664 25
Clerks of Election	2,006 00	2,394 00
Judges of Election	2,325 00	3,030 00
Extra Clerks		1,331 00
Election Expenses (allowance of \$75 for each District)		2,493 75
Rent of Offices		1,023 00
Duplicate Statement Election Returns, etc	24 25	
Totals	\$17,137 81	\$18,645 45

ELECTIONS.

WARDS.	Munnicipal, September 5, 1866.		General, September 4, 1867.		Judio October		Presidential, November 3, 1868.	
	Number Enrolled.	Number Voting.	Number Eprolled.	Number Voting.	Number Enrolled.	Number Voting.	Number Enrolled.	Number Voting.
First Ward	1,056	976	1,736	1,196	1,677	895	2,600	1,832
Second Ward	1,053	912	1,533	1,125	1,547	958	2,186	1,576
Third Ward	667	551	1,180	700	1,200	541	1,800	1,145
Fourth Ward	1,000	914	1,396	1,201	1,410	988	1,630	1,474
Fifth Ward	816	727	948	818	969	684	1,664	1,225
Sixth Ward	991	853	1,407	1,004	1,389	889	1,697	1,334
Seventh Ward	1,528	1,333	2,556	1,744	2,590	1,387	4,919	2,688
Eighth Ward	1,979	1,756	2,808	2,349	2,775	1,898	3,944	3,200
Ninth Ward	969	834	1,452	1,108	1,477	846	1,976	1,788
Tenth Ward	2,749	2,492	4,970	3,339	4,987	2,615	6,851	5,011
Eleventh Ward	1,343	1,291	1,987	1,705	1,939	1,334	3,084	2,832
Twelfth Ward	822	752	1,385	1,183	1,369	836	2,232	1,669
Totals	14,973	13,371	23,558	17,472	23,327	13,871	34,583	25,774

The following figures, given for comparison, show the vote at the two preceding elections held for Electors of President and Vice-President:

ELECTIONS FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT.

Date.	1st Dist	2d Dist	3d Dist	4th Dist	5th Dist	6th Dist	7th Dist	8th Dist	9th Dist	10th Dist.	11th Dist	12th Dist.	Total
Nov. 6th, 1860.	1,034	1,552	1,280	1,018	1,414	1,033	1,662	801	1,805	1,822	684	314	14,419
Nov. 8th, 1864.	1,769	1,329	1,475	1,579	1,652	1,365	2,510	2,483	1,333	3,344	1,380	821	21,030

THE BOUNDARIES OF THE CITY AND COUNTY,

As prescribed in Section 1 of the Consolidation Act, are as follows: Beginning in the Pacific Ocean, three miles from the shore, and on the line (extended) of the United States Survey, separating townships two and three, south (Mount Diablo meridian), and thence running northerly and parallel with the shore so as to be three miles therefrom opposite Seal Rock; thence in the same general direction to a point three miles from shore, and on the northerly side of the entrance to the bay of San Francisco; thence to low water mark or the northerly side of said entrance, at a point opposite Fort Point; thence following said low water mark to a point due northwest of Golden Rock; thence due southeast to a point within three miles of the natural high water mark on the eastern shore of the bay of San Francisco; thence in a southerly direction to a point three miles from said eastern shore, and on the line first named (considered as extending across said bay); and thence along said first named line to the place of beginning. The islands in said bay, known as Alcatraces and Yerba Buena, and the islands in said ocean, known as the Farallones, are attached to and form a part of said City and County.

WARDS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.

In pursuance of authority granted by the Legislature, a number of the Wards have been subdivided so as to constitute twenty-one Election Districts, for greater convenience of voters, a polling place or precinct being designated in each District.

The following shows the boundaries of the Wards and Districts as now established:

FIRST WARD.—Washington street on the south, Kearny street on the west, and the bay of San Francisco on the north and east. Islands in the bay attached to First Ward.

Second Ward.—Kearny street on the east, Vallejo street on the south, Larkin street on the west, and the bay of San Francisco on the north.

THIRD WARD.—Washington street on the north, Kearny street on the west, California street on the south, and Market street and the bay of San Francisco on the east.

FOURTH WARD.—Vallejo street on the north, Kearny street on the east, Washington street on the south, and Larkin street on the west.

FIFTH WARD.—California street on the north, Kearny street on the west, and Market street on the south and east.

SIXTH WARD.—Kearny street on the east, Pine street on the south, Larkin street on the west, and Washington street on the north.

SEVENTH WARD.—Harrison street on the south, Second street on the west, Market street on the north, and the bay of San Francisco on the east.

Election District No. 1.—Howard street on the south, Second street on the west, Market street on the north, and the waters of the bay on the east.

Election District No. 2.—Harrison street on the south, Second street on the west, Howard street on the north, and the waters of the bay on the east.

Eighth Ward.—Kearny street on the east, Market street on the south, Larkin street on the west, and Pine street on the north.

Election District No. 1.—Post street on the south, Larkin street on the west, Pine street on the north, and Kearny street on the east.

Election District No. 2.—Market street on the south, Larkin street on the west, Post street on the north, and Kearny street on the east.

NINTH WARD.—Harrison street on the north, Seventh street on the west, and the bay of San Francisco on the east.

TENTH WARD.—Market street on the north, Seventh street on the west, Harrison street on the south, and Second street on the east.

Election District No. 1.—Howard street on the south, Fourth street on the west, Market street on the north, and Second street on the east.

Election District No. 2.—Harrison street on the south, Fourth street on the west, Howard street on the north, and Second street on the east.

Election District No. 3.—Howard street on the south, Seventh street on the west, Market street on the north, and Fourth street on the east.

Election District No. 4.—Harrison street on the south, Seventh street on the west, Howard street on the north, and Fourth street on the east.

ELEVENTH WARD.—Seventh street on the east, by Market street and Ridley street in a direct line to the Pacific Ocean on the north, by the Pacific Ocean on the west, and by the line of San Mateo County and the bay of San Francisco to the line of Seventh street on the south and east.

Election District No. 1.—On the east by Seventh street to Mission creek, on the south by Mission creek and Sixteenth street to Dolores street, on the west by Dolores street to Market street, and westerly and northerly by Market street to Seventh street.

Election District No. 2.—On the north by Sixteenth street to Dolores street, on the east by Dolores street from Sixteenth to Ridley street, on the north by Ridley street and a direct line to the Pacific Ocean, on the west by the Pacific Ocean, on the south by San Mateo County line, on the east by the San Bruno road, on the north by Serpentine avenue from the San Bruno road to Folsom street, thence on the east by Folsom street to Sixteenth street.

Election District No. 3.—On the north by Mission creek and Sixteenth street to Folsom street, on the west by Folsom street to Serpentine avenue, on the south by Serpentine avenue from Folsom street to the San Bruno road, thence along the San Bruno road to Precita creek, on the south by Precita creek, and easterly and northerly by the waters of the bay to Mission creek.

Election District No. 4.—On the west by the San Bruno road to San Mateo County, on the south by the line of San Mateo County to the bay, thence easterly and northerly by the waters of the bay and Precita creek to the San Bruno road.

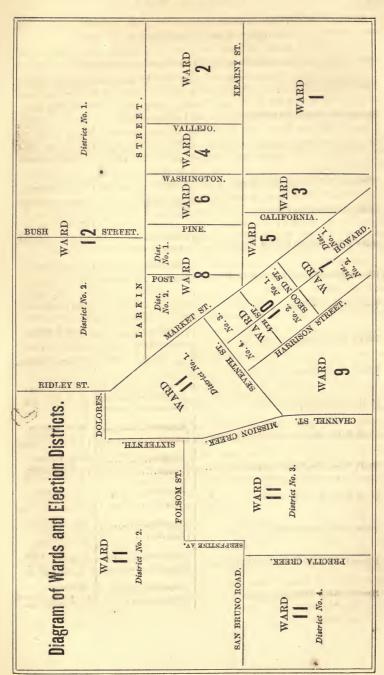
TWELFTH WARD.—Larkin street on the east, by Market street and Ridley street in a direct line to the Pacific Ocean, and the bay of San Francisco on the west and north.

Election District No. 1.—Larkin street on the east, Bush street on the south, the Pacific Ocean on the west, and the bay on the north.

Election District No. 2.—Bush street on the north, Larkin street on the east, Market street to Ridley street, Ridley street in a direct line to the Pacific Ocean on the south, and the Pacific Ocean on the west.

CITY AND COUNTY OFFICERS ELECTED NOVEMBER 3, 1868.

Chief of Police	. PATRICK CROWLEY.
Tax Collector	.ALEX. AUSTIN.
Auditor	
Superintendent of Public Streets, etc	
City and County Attorney	Jos. M. NOUGUES.
Public Administrator	JACOB BENJAMIN.
Fire Commissioner	



OFFICERS OF ELECTION.

First Ward—Election District	Inspector	Jno R. Holland. Jno D. Connelly. (B. Shellard.
Second Ward—Election District	Inspector	M. C. Conroy.
Second ward—Election Distriction	(sudges	Henry McNevin.
Third Ward—Election District	Inspector	Richard Chute. § H. G. Langley. § Sam. Rainey, Jr.
Fourth Ward—Election District	Inspector	George Corbell. {Leander Quint. {A. F. C. Engert.
Fifth Ward—Election District	Inspector	Carlton W. Miller. M. Winn. R. Perrin.
Sixth Ward—Election District	Inspector	Geo. O. Whitney. Jas. C. Harvey. W. C. Reed.
Seventh Ward—Election District No. 1	Inspector	W. H. Boland. (C. Tully. (R. S. Cutter.
Seventh Ward—Election District No. 2	Inspector	J. W. Angell. Cyrus Palmer. J. C. Hubbard.
Eighth Ward—Election District No. 1	Inspector	Scott Tidball. {Jacob Lynn. } Frederick Teese.
Eighth Ward—Election District No. 2	Inspector	Jos. Napthaly. Miles Jewett.
Ninth Ward—Election District	Inspector	J, M. Buffington. W. B. Larzalere. Thomas Boyce.
Tenth Ward—Election District No. 1		T. D. Murphy. A. D. Miesegaes. D. S. Hutchinson.
Tenth Ward—Election District No. 2	··· {Inspector	P. H. Lawler. (A. Wentworth. (N. N. De Young.
Tenth Ward—Election District No. 3	Inspector	Peter N. Ryan. A. B. Andrews. Thomas Kiernan.
Tenth Ward—Election District No. 4	Inspector	John Hammill. (A. R. Smith. J. M. Farrell.
Eleventh Ward—Election District No. 1	Inspector	George T. Knox. J. M. Johnson. W. W. Lawten.
Eleventh Ward—Election District No. 2	Inspector	Wm. Shelly. [J.T.McGeoghegan J. B. Houghton.

OFFICERS OF ELECTION-CONCLUDED.

Eleventh Ward—Election District No. 3		
Eleventh Ward—Election District No. 4	Inspector	William Larmour. James Monroe. C. L. Ross.
Twelfth Ward—Election District No. 1		
Twelfth Ward—Election District No. 2	Inspector	Chas. P. Kimball. E. Heath. Thomas Bolster.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

The members of the Board of Health, organized in conformity with the provisions of an Act of the State Legislature, approved April 2d, 1866, are as follows:

Frank McCoppin, Mayor President.

, , ,	
Dr. C. C. Gordon	Quarantine Officer.
Dr. Jonathan Letterman	.Coroner.
JAMES OTIS, Esq	. President Chamber of Commerce.
MONROE ASHBURY	Chairman of Committee on Health and
	Police of the Board of Supervisors.
CHARLES L. WIGGIN	Clerk.

OFFICIAL FEES.

The following table is presented, showing the returns made by officers in the City and County of San Francisco, for six months ending January and July, 1868, respectively, not payable into the City and County Treasury, being in lieu of fixed salaries:

TABLE OF RECEIPTS.

	Receipts from July 1st, 1867, Receipts from January 1st to January 1st 1868. July 1st, 1868.							
Offices, and Names of Officers.	Amount	Amount Received.	Total.	Amount Charge- able.	Amount Received.	Total.	Total Amount.	
COURT COMMISSIONERS.	\$120.20	\$1 067 20	\$2,106 50	\$22.40	\$1 997 00	\$1,390 40	\$2 406 00	
John L. Love	ψ100 ZU	φ1,501 00	φ2,100 00	\$30 ±0	\$1,007 00	\$1,000 40	\$5,450 50	
Notaries Public. J. W. McKenzie O. V. Sawyer	101 50	1,260 00 1,222 50	1,222 50			1,421 00	2,681 00 1,222 50	
Thomas A. Lynch R. P. Lewis		790 50 1,431 00	892 00 1,431 00		1,473 25	1,473 25	892 00 2,904 25 1.055 75	
Wm. Hueffner J. F. Miliken W. H. Chevers		1,055 75 993 50 352 60	1,055 75 993 50 352 60		1,162 50 2,608 25	1,162 50 2,608 25	2,156 00 2,960 85	
Paul Neuman	23 50	724 50 636 25	724 50 659 75	49 50	719 00 1,497 25	719 00 1,546 75	1,443 50 2,206 50	
E. V. Joice		1,200 50 1,240 15	1,200 50		1,317 00 1,357 50	1,317 00 1,357 50	2,517 50 2,597 65	
F. J. Thibault E. V. Sutter		2,035 50 780 50	780 50		3,206 00 1,780 50	3,206 00 1,780 50	5,241 50 2,561 00	
W. W. Lawton	48 00	1,271 00 552 00	1,271 00 600 00	13 50	751 75	765 25	1,271 00	
S. Hermann J. H. Blood. Jno Gorman.	125 50	1,548 50 1,456 00 921 00	1,548 50 1,581 50 921 00	275 00	2,043 50 1,545 50	2,043 50 1,820 50	3,592 00 3,402 00	
Frank V. Scudder Philip Mahler				25 00	121 25	146 25 52 75	146 25 52 75	
Michael Meagher					103 00	103 00	103 00	
* JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.								
R J. Tobin	70 00	1,569 50 2,750 50					1,639 50 2,750 50	
J. C. Pennie T. S. Miller	684 00	2,297 50 938 50	2,291 50				2,291 50 1,622 50	
*Constables. M. Harkans	60 75	1,185 75	1,246 50				1,246 50	
S. C. Harding John Groesbeck	331 37 434 62	2,182 93 741 75	2,514 30				2,514 30 1,176 37	
J. A. Cardinell		805 75	805 75				805 75	

^{*}Under the operations of the new law organizing a Justices' Court from January 1st, 1868, fees are paid into the Treasury.

Several removals and new appointments have been made during the year, and several officers have failed to make returns, which accounts for the difference of receipts.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

The present Board organized on the first Monday in last December, the retiring members, after making appropriate remarks, introducing their successors.

The retiring Mayor and the Mayor elect had both been connected with the City Government for years; Hon. H. P. Coon having filled positions of honor and trust before assuming the Mayoralty, to which office he was elected in 1863, and re-elected in 1865, taking his seat for the first time as Presiding Officer of the Board on July 1st, 1863.

Hon. Frank McCoppin, a member of the Board from November 24th, 1860, having been repeatedly re-elected as a representative of the Eleventh Ward. Both gentlemen possessing in an eminent degree those qualifications and characteristics in which people reposed with confidence, their whole public course being such as to justify the marked preference shown in their elevation to the highest office in the municipality.

The following synopsis of their remarks on this occasion may be found interesting, as reflecting in a measure their opinions on topics which have engaged the public mind. Hon. H. P. Coon addressed the Board as follows:

GENTLEMEN—The next act in the order of business is for me to vacate this seat, and in doing so I will only be complying with a very proper custom in making a few remarks. The last four and a half years has been the most important period of the history of San Francisco. The population has increased upwards of 30 per cent. It might not look a rapid growth, but it really was so. Look at New York, and compare the two cities. It took the latter city two centuries to gather the population we have collected in eighteen years. The assessed value of our property has increased \$30,000,000 in four years. Our streets have been largely extended in all directions; hills have been leveled and valleys filled up, and many locations which were entirely unoccupied are now built over and become populous neighborhoods. Agriculture within a circuit of one hundred miles of the city has taken a wonderful stride, as it had indeed throughout the whole State. California productions are already supplanting importations. Circumstances are favoring the creation of a great foreign commerce. I allude to the China Mail line. Manufactures also have been established, and though still in their infancy, if any of you will make a list of the articles in common use and mark those which are manufactured here, you will be astonished to find how numerous and various they are.

Population has increased largely, but the number of children has even increased amazingly, and with that increase public schools have kept pace. Accordingly, as population, families and schools have increased, so have churches in a corresponding rate to population.

There have been since I entered upon office some untoward events, which at the time filled the minds of all with dread. At the beginning of my term of office, so great were the apprehensions of breaches of the public peace, and also of the appearance of hostile privateers in our very barbor, that my attention was continually occupied in considering the gravest subjects and discussing precautionary measures.

In addition to National dangers and troubles, there were other causes calculated to lay me under the deepest anxiety. On the second evening in which I sat in this seat, a writ of mandamus from the Supreme Court to compel us to satisfy certain final judgments, amounting to \$1,500,000, was served upon the members and myself. Most of you will remember the intense feeling of the people on this question, and the intense opposition of the majority of the press and the public to any satisfaction being given by us to these demands. On one hand the popular opinion was opposed to obedience to the Court, and on the other hanl was a peremptory order to make satisfaction on penalty of imprisonment. We called our fellow

citizens together and showed them the true position, and while all were convinced that a great wrong had been done the city, it was generally conceded that we had no alternative but obey the order of the highest Court in the State. I might speak of the great labor of signing the bonds, in which and on the coupons I was required to sign my name 80,000 times; but it was not the physical labor which I felt—it was the mental anxiety that I might not be able to satisfy public expectation in the onerous and responsible position which I occupied.

I reciprocate the feelings so kindly expressed towards me by the late member (E. N. Torrey) for the Sixth. He was Chairman of the Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph Committee and Paid Fire Department Committee, and brought both schemes to a successful conclusion. We see the advantage of the first every night, when the alarm bells in five districts of the city give instantaneous and simultaneous notice on the breaking out of a fire, however distant from the centre it may be. The other change followed quickly from the volunteer to the paid service of the Fire Department. The subject was comparatively new and untried. There was great excitement, and in many quarters serious opposition, and even danger of violent resistance. Preparations had to be made against every contingency and difficulty that might arise. The time came, however, and owing to the good sense and respect for order of the retiring department, when the hour approached for taking possession of the property and inaugurating the new system, we found no obstacle to our doing so.

There have been certain questions affecting labor, and causing conflict of opinion and even disturbance, which have imposed labor and responsibility on the authorities. The question of wages at one time excited a portion of the public to that degree, that every preparation had to be made for the suppression of an outbreak. Subsequently the Eight-hour Law caused a somewhat similar excitement, and also the Chinese labor question. All these matters have thrown additional work on the guardians of the public, who are sworn to protect the lives and property of the citizens.

Then, there was the proper care of the poor and of the indigent sick. San Francisco is peculiarly situated. Not only has the city the charge of all the sick and poor arriving by sea, but most of those of the northern States and of the greater part of the interior Counties are thrown upon us. I have often moved our delegation to the Legislature to frame some plan by which San Francisco could be relieved of the unjust burden of maintaining the sick and poor of the State. But nothing has yet been done. I commend the matter to you and my successor in office.

I congratulate the friends of humanity that the Almshouse has been completed, but already we find in its management the same evil we have found in the Hospital. Recently my attention was called to a case of deliberate fraud upon the taxpayers of this city, by a person from another county imposing upon us the cost of maintaining one of his relatives. While we are obliged to house and care for the poor stranger landing on our shores, it is impossible we should relieve the interior counties of the burden of their own sick and indigent.

Public health has during the last year or two occupied more attention in this Board and in the press than during any former year, and much has been done to check the spread of contagious diseases. The registry of deaths has worked, on the whole, to the satisfaction of the public, and as a statistical work was of great value in judging the sanitary condition of the city. But some of the public and writers of the press have urged upon me the duty of addding registration of births to the duties of the Health Officer. I commend the propriety of completing the sanitary statistics by the addition of a register of births to that of deaths, as in other cities.

The vaccination law of the State has not been fully carried out, but all medical men in the city will bear me out in the assertion that the only safeguard against the introduction of that loathsome disease, small-pox, is to vaccinate every Chinaman before he is allowed to land. The Board of Health has ordered inquiries in China, and they have received information that very few of those people are protected by innoculation or vaccination from this disease, and the inquiries made by the English Colonial authorities at Hongkong resulted in the same conclusion.

I congratulate the city on the final settlement of the city's title to the outside lands, in which matter I and the ex-City Attorney, Mr. Sanders, have labored hard. The doubt still

remaining about the final disposition of the balance, after the proper reservations have been made, will, no doubt, shortly be satisfactorily settled.

Regarding the past, I wish to say that I invited Frederick Olmsted, the landscape architect and engineer, who laid out the Central Park of New York, the Brooklyn, and many other parks, to make a careful inspection of this peninsula, with the intention of getting from him plans for a public park. I conducted Mr. Olmsted over every part of surrounding country, and promised to send after him maps and other memoranda to guide him in making the plans in New York. The Board appropriated \$500 for this purpose, from the only source from which they could take the money. Unfortunately the communication in which the maps and memoranda were sent to Mr. Olmsted, were delayed in the Express Office, and reached Mr. Olmated so late that his plans did not arrive here in time to be submitted to the last Legislature. I make this explanation more full than I otherwise would have done, because I and other members of the Board have been unjustly criticized by the press for want of energy in this matter. Perhaps I do not regret this delay now, because the park matter has taken a new shape. I hope the new members will meet the expectations of the people in this affair, by providing a park not only sufficient for the present, but large enough for the future. The experiments which have been made so far successfully, in imitation of those which have answered so well in France, of raising a peculiar species of pine on these drifting sands, may enable us to raise a pine forest in a portion of our park, through which meandering drives and shady bridlepaths may be cut, which will give us an unique and beautiful pack. Those portions of the land which are more cultivable will suffice to exhaust all our genius for horticulture and landscape gardening.

The questions of water and gas and the furnishing of these necessaries of a large city in sufficient quantity and at reasonable prices are important, as are also the grandianship of the city funds and the management of the debt. On these topics I have not time to dwell, and must leave them to my successor.

I have been elected to office several times, and never by a party vote. I have never sought office on any occasion, and I am glad to say this because it accords with my own self-respect, and I would rather have made any sacrifice than not to have been able to say it, or have obtained office in such a manner that I should forfeit the good opinion of my fellow citizens by accepting it. Whether now, after so long a service, I have that good opinion which it has been my aim to secure, they may judge.

Of my successor, I have to say that, endowed by his Creator with remarkable abilities, possessed of great tact and readiness, and singularly fitted by seven years' experience of city business for this office, if he does not prove bimaself an able and popular Mayor, it will be his own fault. I pesdict for him great success in office, and believe that he will establish a reputation with its fellow citizens that will endure for all time.

On leaving this seat, gentlemen, I bid you all a sincere and hearty farewell, and introduce one whom you know well, and who has been elected by his fellow citizens as my successor.

Mayor McCoppin thereupon addressed the Board as follows:

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, OFFICERS AND GENTLEMEN—The law, as you are awars, withholds from your President a vote, and custom a vote in your deliberations. I do not propose nor do I desire to change this custom; but on this occasion I may, I think, deflect a little from the ordinary course of events in this chamber.

I can say unaffectedly that I feel considerable difficience in assuming the duties and responsibilities of the office of Mayor, and in presiding over this honorable hody, many of whose members have the advantage of a larger experience than I. It is well, however, for the people to know that I am surrounded by men upon whose whalom and discretion I can always rely. As an old member of this Board, I hid the new members a cordial welcome. They come to us fresh from the people, and must therefore be familiar with their wants and wishes, and it will be my pleasure, as it is my duty, to aid them at all times, so far as I may be able, in effecting such legislation as may seem most conductive to the welfare and happiness of their respective constituencies, and the community at large.

But, before turning our attention to the future, I desire to say a few words relative to the

past. The memories of the last seven years—a period which in California seems very long—come crowdlng fast upon me now. Many of my old comrades, who occupied seats here during a portion of that time, have gone to their final home. Bell, Gavin, Lynch, and Fairman, we shall meet here no more, and some of the survivors, who were their colleagues, are scattered over the face of the earth to-day. These things admonish us that we cannot be always here.

For the President and members of this Board, who, having completed their terms, go hence to-night, I cherish none but sentiments of high regard. Some of them are peculiarly endeared to me by long association as co-workers in this chamber, and I can say in truth that, so far as I know, the public interests have not suffered at their hands. For the years of faithful, valuable, and oft times thankless service which they have rendered, the community is greatly indebted to them, and in going hence they carry with them my warmest wishes for their future welfare and happiness. I take this occasion to thank them for their uniform kindness to me. Always hitherto in a minority, politically speaking, yet nothing that occurred here has ever reminded me of that fact, and their example of magnanimity will not, I assure them, be lost upon me. The duties which may devolve upon me as Mayor I shall, to the best of my ability, discharge in an impartial manner, and not in a narrow, partisan spirit. It will be my aim and ambition to represent all the people of San Francisco, and in so doing I feel that I shall be acting in consonance with the noble party that elected me.

With your approbation, I shall ask the Legislature to relieve me of the duty of presiding at your meetings. No public interest can possibly be advanced by my presence here. The presiding officer of every other legislative body known to me has at least a casting vote in case of a tie, while here the Mayor is a mere spectator of your transactions, and not a participator therein. And as it is his duty either to approve or veto all the measures which you pass, he ought to be able to bring his mind to their consideration without prejudice, which is not always possible after witnessing the feelings and the passions developed when they are under discussion. The Mayor, by being present, may unconsciously become the partisan of either side. For these and other reasons which it would be tedious to mention at this time, I am clearly of the opinion that this Board should be permitted to choose from among its own members a permanent presiding officer. I am also of the opinion that the Board ought either to be enlarged considerably or another Board be created. As at present constituted it is too small. The city has outgrown in some respects the Act of 1856, known as the Consolidation Act. That Act was framed with reference to the requirements of the city at the time of its passage. Then the city was but half its present size, and the assessed value of all its property was little more than \$30,000,000. Now the assessment exceeds \$100,-000,000. Whilst this city has doubled in population, and almost quadrupled in wealth, its government has, so to speak, remained stationary. In no other city of equal or approximate size in the United States is the governmental power lodged in the hands of a single body of men. Usually, the responsibilities of a municipal government are divided between two bodies, having co-ordinate power; but it has been suggested that under our Constitution we can have but one Board of Supervisors for each county. Sections 4 and 5 of Article XI of the Constitution of this State read as follows:

"Section 4. The Legislature shall establish a system of county and town governments, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable throughout the State.

"Section 5. The Legislature shall have power to provide for the election of a Board of Supervisors in each county; and these Supervisors shall jointly and individually perform such duties as may be prescribed by law."

If we cannot have two small governing bodies—each to act as a check upon the other—then, I say we ought to have one large one. The governing power of this municipal corporation may be said to rest in the hands of seven men. Seven votes will pass any measure, except when a veto is interposed—then eight suffice; and I have yet to see any measure of importance defeated by an exercise of the veto power. The difference between seven and eight votes is so small as to be hardly perceptible, to those who seek to effect any particular legislation.

There are now seventeen election districts in this City and County, and each district ought,

in my opinion, to have one Supervisor. In a board of seventeen members, it would require nine votes to pass a resolution or ordinance, and, in the event of a veto, twelve would be necessary.

The retiring Board has acted with commendable liberality in its endeavors to settle the title to city property. The duty of making reservations for public purposes devolves upon the Board. These reservations ought to be sufficiently large to satisfy the reasonable expectations of the public, and so located as to afford no just ground for popular complaint. One thousand acres for a Park, and two or three hundred for a city cemetery, together with suitable lots for school and engine houses, library and hospital, would amply supply not only the present but future wants of the city. I have already suggested that Order 733 ought to be amended so as to require those persons who hold the remainder of the Outside Lands to pay for the portion reserved for public uses. Thus amended, there would, I think, be little opposition to its ratification by the Legislature. The sooner the titles to our land are settled the better it will be for all. Give us, at least, a perfect title to our homes, since without it we cannot prosper or be happy. The enduring prosperity of this, as of every community, depends much upon the character of the tenure by which property is held. Make it secure, indisputable, and the people become anchored to the soil. Rich citizens make rich cities, but you cannot have the former unless, by your laws, you guarantee them in the perfect enjoyment of their property rights. The city itself is most interested in this question, because as soon as these titles are quieted and settled, confidence will be restored, values will increase largely, improvements will follow, and the revenue of both City and State will be immensely increased. I speak in the interest of the city, and not in my own, except as one of the people, in what I have said upon this subject, because I do not own a single foot of the land in question.

In conclusion, gentlemen, I have only to add that, inasmuch as you make all rules for your own governance here, the responsibility of maintaining the honor, the dignity and good name of this body devolves also upon you.

The Board, as then constituted, was composed of the following gentlemen:

MAYOR AND Ex-OFFICIO PRESIDENT-FRANK McCOPPIN.

MEMBERS:

*1st Ward-P. H. DALY, 2d Ward-JOHN HARROLD, 3d Ward-EDWARD FLAHERTY, 9th Ward-A. J. SHRADER, 4th Ward-R. BEVERLY COLE, 5th Ward-MONROE ASHBURY, 6th Ward-D. D. SHATTUCK,

7th Ward-CHARLES CLAYTON, 8th Ward-J. B. E. CAVALLIER, 10th Ward-EDWARD NUNAN, 11th Ward-P. H. CANAVAN, 12th Ward-CHAS. H. STANYAN.

STANDING COMMITTEES:

Judiciary-CAVALLIER, ASHBURY, STANYAN. Finance and Auditing-CLAYTON, HARROLD, SHRADER. Fire and Water-SHRADER, FLAHERTY, HARROLD. Streets, Wharves, Grades and Public Squares - STANYAN, CANAVAN, FLAHERTY.

^{*} Deceased, December 10th, 1867.

STANDING COMMITTEES-Continued.

Public Buildings-HARROLD, COLE, CAVALLIER.

Health and Police-ASHBURY, COLE, NUNAN.

License and Orders-NUNAN, CANAVAN, FLAHERTY.

Hospital-COLE, HARROLD, STANYAN.

Printing and Salaries-SHRADER, CAVALLIER, SHATTUCK.

Industrial School--CANAVAN, ASHBURY, CLAYTON.

Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—SHATTUCK, CLAYTON, CAVALLIER.

Street Lights-FLAHERTY, SHATTUCK, NUNAN.

*Outside Lands-STANYAN, SHRADER, COLE, ASHBURY, CLAYTON.

RULES OF PROCEEDINGS.

- 1. In case the President shall not attend, the Clerk, on the appearance of seven members, shall call the Board to order, when a President *pro tem*. shall be appointed by the Board for that meeting, or until the appearance of the President.
- 2. In case the Clerk should be absent, the Board shall appoint a Clerk protem.; provided, such substitution shall not continue beyond the day on which it is made.
- 3. Whenever it shall be moved and carried that the Board go into a Committee of the Whole, the President shall leave the chair, and the members shall appoint a Chairman of the Committee of the Whole, who shall report the proceedings of the Committee.
- 4. The Rules of the Board shall be observed in the Committee of the Whole, except the Rules regulating a call for the ayes and noes, and limiting the time of speaking.
- 5. On motion, in Committee, to rise and report the question, it shall be decided without debate.
- 6. No amendment shall be allowed, in the Board, on any question which has been decided in Committee of the Whole, unless by consent of two-thirds of the members present.
- 7. The Clerk shall make a list of the Orders, Resolutions, or Reports on the table, which shall be considered "the general orders of the day."

THE ORDER OF BUSINESS,

Which can not be departed from, except by the consent of seven members, is as follows:

^{*}Elected January 20th and 27th, 1868, under provisions of Order No. 800.

- 1st. Calling the Roll.
- 2d. Reading the Minutes of last Meeting.
- 3d. Quarterly—the requisitions of Section 66, Article V, of the Consolidation Act.
- 4th. Presentation of Petitions.
- 5th. Presentation of Bills and Accounts.
- 6th. Reports of Committees.
- 7th. Communications and Reports from City and County Officers.
- 8th. Disposition of Proposals for Street Work.
- 9th. Orders, Motions, or Resolutions.
- 10th. Unfinished Business.
- 11th. Special Orders of the Day.
- 12th. General Orders of the Day.
- 8. If any question under debate contains several points, any member may have the same divided.
- 9. When any question has been put and decided, it shall be in order for any member who voted in the majority, to move for the reconsideration thereof; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be made after the Order, Resolution or Act shall have gone out of the possession of the Board; and no motion for reconsideration shall be made more than once upon the same question.
- 10. A motion to refer or lay on the table, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendments to the main question.
- 11. It shall be the duty of the Clerk to issue such certificates as may be directed by Orders or Resolutions, and to engross all Orders, Resolutions or Acts, requiring the signature of the President, to the end that they may be placed on file, in addition to the records required to be kept by the Act creating this Board.
- 12. All accounts and bills presented shall be referred to Committees, that they may report on the same before action is taken by the Board.
- 13. The President shall preserve order and decorum, and shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Board.
- 14. Every member previous to his speaking, shall rise from his seat and address himself to the President, and no motion shall be in order if made while the mover is seated or out of his place.
- 15. When two or more members shall rise at once, the President shall name the member who is to speak first.
- 16. No member shall speak more than twice on the same question without leave of the Board; nor more than once until every member choosing to speak shall have spoken; nor longer than five minutes, except by permission of the President.
- 17. No question, on a motion, shall be debated or put, unless the same be seconded. When a motion is seconded, it shall be stated by the President

before debate, and every such motion shall be reduced to writing, if any member desires it.

- 18. A motion having been stated by the President, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the Board; but it may be withdrawn at any time before decision or amendment, with the assent of the second.
 - 19. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received, unless

1st. To adjourn. 4th. To postpone to a day certain.

2d. To lay on the table. 5th. To commit or amend.

3d. The previous question. 6th. To postpone indefinitely.

Which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are arranged.

- 20. A motion to adjourn, and a motion to fix the time of adjournment, shall be decided without debate.
- 21. The previous question, until decided, shall preclude all amendments and debate to the main question, and shall be put in this form, "Shall the main question be now put?"
- 22. Every member who shall be present when a question is put, shall vote for or against the same, unless the Board shall excuse him, or unless he be immediately interested in the question, in which case he shall not vote; but no member shall be permitted to vote upon a question when a division is called unless present when his name is called in its regular order.
- 23. A member called to order shall immediately take his seat, unless permitted to explain, and the Board, if appealed to, shall decide on the case, but without debate. If there be no appeal, the decision of the Chair shall be submitted to.
- 24. Upon a decision of the Board, the names of those who voted for and those who voted against a question shall be entered upon the minutes, not only in the cases required by laws, but when any member may require it; and in all appropriations of the public moneys the *yeas* and *nays* shall be called by the Clerk, and recorded.
- 25. All appointments of officers shall be by ballot, unless dispensed with by the unanimous consent of the Board; and a majority of all the members of the Board shall be necessary to a choice.
- 26. No member shall leave the Board during its session without permission from the President.
- 27. All Committees shall be appointed by the Board, unless otherwise ordered. Committees appointed to report on any subject referred to them by the Board shall report a statement of facts, and also their opinion thereon, in writing; and no report shall be received unless the same be signed by a majority of the Committee.
- 28. Every remonstrance, or other written application, intended to be presented to the Board, must be delivered to the President, or any member, not

later than three o'clock on the day on which the Supervisors convene, except on extraordinary occasions; and the President, or member to whom it shall be given, shall examine the same, and indorse thereon the name of the applicant, and the substance of the application, and sign his name thereto, and deposit the same in the office of the Clerk of the Board, so that the members may examine the same before meeting; only the indorsement of such remonstrance or application, shall be read by the Clerk, unless a member shall require the reading of the paper, in which case the whole shall be read.

- 29. The members of the Board shall not leave their places, on adjournment, until the President leaves the chair.
- 30. Members in speaking of each other shall designate them by the number of their respective Ward.
- 31. Seven members shall constitute a quorum to transact business; and no Regulation, Resolution, Ordinance, or Order of the Board shall pass without the concurrence of at least that number of members, but a smaller may adjourn from day to day.
- 32. Should there arise any questions or points of order not embraced in the Rules, the Board shall be governed by the rules of the Senate, and the authorities set forth in Cushing's Manual.
- 33. Every order shall embrace but one subject, and the same shall be expressed in its title.
- 34. The ordaining clause of the City Orders shall be: "The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:"
- 35. Two-thirds of the members of the Board shall be required to alter, suspend or repeal any of the foregoing Rules.

WIDENING KEARNY STREET.

At last, the property condemned for the widening of this street has been cleared from all incumbrance, and from Broadway to its intersection with Market street is now a fine avenue of seventy-five feet in width. Delays have attended the progress of this much needed improvement, annoying as well as injurious to those who were prompt to conform to all the requirements and decisions of the Commissioners. The consequent litigation impeded, and the long interval in which the opinion of the Supreme Court was waited for, began to create a doubt as to whether or no the decision might not alone prevent the street for years being widened, but ruin those who had been no less quick to execute as to conceive.

At the beginning of this year it became apparent, from the fact of several assessments for benefits having been paid under protest to the Tax Collector, that, unless the Legislature authorized the Board to advance sufficient money

to provide for the deficit thus caused, the work would be delayed and great damage would be done to those property owners who (with a few exceptional cases) had shown a praiseworthy desire to expedite this improvement by putting up costly buildings before the land had been legally taken, and which from the condition of the street were not available for business purposes. The Board appointed, on January 6th, a Special Committee, consisting of Supervisors Clayton, Cole and Cavallier, to whom all matters in this connection were referred. The Legislature, in pursuance of resolutions passed by the Board, authorized by a special Act a transfer of \$40,000 from the General Fund for that purpose. Thus was removed the only obstacle to the early completion of this work.

The total amount of excess for benefits over awards for damages and incidental receipts collected by the Tax Collector, was \$579,975 52, of which sum \$35,536 03 was paid under protest, and has been retained by him, awaiting the termination of suits, of which the following have been commenced—by F. A. Hihn, for \$6,015 36, and by Bucknall et al., for \$18,193 10; and which the Special Committee, in compliance with Resolution No. 8,715, employed the Hon. Alexander Campbell, Sr., to defend. The expense of this improvement for Commissioners, counsel fee, and incidental expenses, amounted to \$38,747 66.

By the passage of Order No. 806, approved March 16th, the sum of \$420,-377 09 was paid to the several parties legally entitled to receive the same, and the balance due for land taken, \$116,395 85, was paid into the County Court, the rights and interests of the persons claiming being doubtful in the opinion of the Board, statements being filed in said Court of the facts in each case. By Orders No. 807 and 808, approved April 7th, the land was then declared taken, and the former owners given thirty days' time in which to remove the buildings and materials on that portion of the street; and on May 18th, by the passage of Order No. 815, the Superintendent of Streets, etc., was directed to remove all buildings or obstructions remaining on the land so taken.

Through an oversight in the matter of establishing a grade consequent upon the widening, which has been obviated to some extent by the passage of Resolution No. 8,789, authorizing the property owners to repave and curb the street to grade recommended by the City and County Surveyor, and a decision of the Supreme Court in reference to the Nicolson Pavement Company, the street has not as yet throughout its length been so improved as to invite the business and make it the thoroughfare which, in a few months, it will become.

EXTENSION OF MONTGOMERY STREET.

The proceedings necessary to be taken by the Board in extending this street and Connecticut street were finally completed in November last, and a certified copy of the same filed in the County Court on the 13th day of January, 1868.

The following gentlemen—R. H. Sinton, D. J. Oullahan, and A. M. Hay—were appointed, on April 17th, 1868, by the County Court as Commissioners

to ascertain and report the damages and benefits accruing from said improvement. So far they have appraised the damages and completed maps of the property from Market to Brannan street, and are about commencing to appraise the benefits along the line of the new street.

In the month of July a writ of certiorari was issued out of the Twelfth District Court to review the proceedings had in the Board of Supervisors, and the action of the County Court in the appointment of Commissioners, which as yet has not been heard.

PUBLIC STREETS.

A full statement of the work done in grading and improving streets is presented in the Report of the Superintendent, together with a comparison of the cost and amount of work done in former years, pages 508 to 540, and present a marked evidence of the general prosperity of the city in the large number of streets which have been opened and graded during the last year. Under the law property owners have the power to prevent the grading of any street in the first instance. It must, therefore, be that when the owners consent to so much improvement, the expense of which must be borne by themselves, that the people are prosperous, and that an active demand exists for unimproved real estate.

As there seems to be some public misunderstanding of the power of the Supervisors over streets, it may not be inappropriate to remark that the Supervisors can only order a street graded when a majority of the property owners do not protest; and for all work so ordered they are required to advertise for proposals, and after the award is made the property owners have the privilege of doing the work themselves at the price at which it is awarded. In such work property owners have, therefore, ample opportunity to protect themselves against abuses by the Supervisors, if any should occur. They have the same power to protect themselves on all other kinds of street work. It is true that the Board of Supervisors have the power (except grading) to order necessary work, notwithstanding the protest of property owners. The necessity of their having that power is obvious. It is only after a street has been accepted that the city becomes responsible for its improvement and repair.

The following amendments to the Street Law passed at the last session of the Legislature:

CHAPTER CCCXX.

AN ACT to amend an Act entitled an Act amendatory of Article Fourth of an Act entitled an Act to repeal the several charters of the City of San Francisco, to establish the boundaries of the City and County of San Francisco and to consolidate the government thereof, approved the nineteenth day of April, eighteen hundred and fifty-six repealing sections thirty-six to sixty-four, inclusive, and Acts and parts of Acts amendatory and supplementary thereof, and substituting this Act for said Article Four, approved the twenty-fifth day of April, eighteen hundred and sixty-two.

[Approved March 26, 1868.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows: Section 1. Section six of said Act is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 6. Before giving out any contracts by the Board of Supervisors, for doing any work authorized by section three of this Act, the Board of Supervisors shall cause notice to be conspicuously posted in the office of the Superintendent of Public Streets and Highways, and also publish for five days, inviting sealed proposals for the work contemplated. All proposals offered shall be delivered to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, and said Board shall, in open session, open, examine and publicly declare the same, and award said work to the lowest responsible bidder; provided, said Board may reject any and all bids, should they deem it for the public good, and also the bid of any party who may have proved delinquent or unfaithful in any former contract with said city and county. All proposals shall be accompanied with a bond in the sum of one thousand dollars, signed by the bidder and two sureties, who shall be residents and freeholders of said city and county, and who shall each justify in the above amount over and above all debts and exemptions, conditioned to pay to the Street Department Fund the full sum of one thousand dollars as liquidated damages, if the bidder to whom the contract is awarded shall fail or neglect to enter into a contract as hereinafter provided. It shall be the duty of the City and County Attorney to sue on said bonds in the name of said city and county, and to pay the amount recovered over to said fund. The Board of Supervisors shall have power to relieve the contractor from the performance of the conditions of said bond when good cause is shown therefor. All persons (owners included) who shall fail to enter into contracts as herein provided, or to complete the contracts entered into, are hereby prohibited from bidding a second time for the same work; and in case of owners, they are hereby prohibited from electing to take the same work a second time and from entering into any contract concerning the same. Notice of such awards shall be published for five days. The owners of the major part of the frontage of lots and lands liable to be assessed for said work shall not be required to present sealed proposals, but may, within said five days after the first publication of notice of such award, elect to take said work and enter into a written contract to do the whole work at the price at which the same may have been awarded. Should said owners fail to commence the work within ten days after the first publication of the notice of said award, and prosecute the same with due diligence to completion, it shall be the duty of the Superintendent of Public Streets and Highways to enter into a contract with the original bidder to whom the contract was awarded, and at the price the same may have been awarded him; but if said bidder neglect, for fifteen days after the first publication of the notice of said award, to enter into contract, then the Board of Supervisors shall again publish for said five days and pursue the steps required by this section, the same as in the first instance. If the owners who may have taken said contract do not complete the same within the time limited in the contract, or within such further time as the Board of Supervisors may give them, said Superintendent shall report such delinquency to the Board of Supervisors, who may re-let the urfinished portion of said work, after having pursued the formalities of this section as stated aforesaid. All such contractors shall, at the time of the execution of the contract, also execute a bond to the satisfaction of said Superintendent, with two or more sureties, payable to the City and County of San Francisco, in such sums as the said Superintendent shall deem adequate, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract, and the sureties shall justify, before any officer competent to administer an oath, in double the amount mentioned in said bond over and above all statutory exemptions. Any person suffering damages by reason of the breach of said contract may sue on such bond in his own name. It shall be the duty of the Superintendent to collect from the contractors, before the contract is signed by him, the cost of publication of the notices required under the proceedings prescribed by this Act.

SEC. 2. Section eight of said Act is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 8. Subdivision One.—The expenses incurred for any work authorized by section three of this Act shall be assessed upon the lots and lands fronting thereon, except as hereinafter specially provided, each lot or portion of lot being separately assessed, in proportion to its frontage, at a rate per front foot sufficient to cover the total expense of the work.

Subdivision Two.—The expense of all improvements (except such as done by contractors under the provisions of section fourteen of this Act), until the streets, street crossings, lanes, alleys, places or courts are finally accepted, as provided in section twenty-one of this Act, shall be assessed upon the lots and lands as provided in this section, according to the

nature and character of the work; and after such acceptance, the expense of all work thereafter done thereon shall be paid by said City and County out of the Street Department Fund; and if said fund shall not be sufficient to defray such expenses, the Board of Supervisors may transfer from the General Fund to the Street Department Fund sufficient money to meet any deficiency.

Subdivision Three.—The expense of work done on main street crossings, except such as are provided for in subdivision eight of this section, shall be assessed upon the four quarter blocks adjoining and cornering on the crossing; and each lot, or part of a lot, in such quarter blocks, fronting on such main street, shall be separately assessed, according to its proportion of frontage on the said main streets.

Subdivision Four.—Where a main street terminates at right angles in another main street, the expense of the work done on one half the width of the street opposite the termination, shall be assessed upon the lots in each of the two quarter blocks adjoining and cornering on the same, according to the frontage of such lots on said main streets, and the expense of the other half of the width of said street upon the lots fronting on the latter half of the street opposite such termination.

Subdivision Five.—Where any small or subdivision street crosses a main street, the expense of all work done on said crossing shall be assessed on all the lots or portions of lots half way on said small streets to the next crossing or intersection, or to the end of said small or subdivision street, if it does not meet another.

Subdivision Siz.—The expense of work done on the small or subdivision street crossings shall be assessed upon the lots fronting upon such small streets on each side thereof, in all directions, half way to the next street, place or court, on either side, respectively, or to the end of such street, if it does not meet another.

Subdivision Seven.—Where a small street, lane, alley, place or court terminates in another street, lane, alley, place or court, the expense of the work done on one half the width of the street, lane, alley, place or court opposite the termination shall be assessed upon the lots fronting on such small street, lane, alley, place or court so terminating, according to its frontage thereon, half way on each side, respectively, to the next street, lane, alley, place or court, or to the end of such street, lane, alley, place or court, if it does not meet another; and the other one half of the width upon the lots fronting such termination.

Subdivision Eight.—The maps now in the office of the said Superintendent of Public Streets and Highways, showing the street crossings or spaces formed or made by the junction or intersection of other streets with Market street, other than at right angles, also showing other street crossings adjoining fractional or irregular blocks (all of which crossings or spaces are colored on said maps and numbered from three to one hundred and fifty, inclusive), and heretofore certified by said Superintendent-one adopted by a resolution of the Board of Supervisors, number fifteen hundred and seventy-eight, approved on the sixteenth day of December, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and the other adopted by a resolution of the said Board, number three thousand two hundred and eighty-four, approved on the twenty-first day of March, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, which resolutions are copied on the face of said maps respectively-shall be deemed and held to be official maps for the purposes of this Act, and the same are hereby approved; and the expenses incurred for the work done on the said crossings or spaces formed by the junction and intersection of East street with Market street, and of other streets with Market street, and not squarely in front of and not properly assessable to lots fronting on such streets, and for work done on said other street crossings and spaces, all of which are colored on said maps, shall be assessed on the contiguous, adjacent and neighboring irregular or quarter blocks or lots of land which are of the same color as the crossings or spaces, and which have a number thereon corresponding wich the number of the crossing or space on which the work has been done.

Subdivision Nine.—In all the streets constituting the water front of the City and County of San Francisco, or bounded on one side by the property of said city and county, or crossings cornering thereon, or on the water front, the expense of work done on that portion of said streets, from the center line thereof to the said water front, or to such property of the city and county bounded thereon, and of one-fourth of their crossings, shall be provided for by the said city and county; but no contract for any such work shall be given out except to the

lowest responsible bidder, after an observance of all the formalities required by this Act. Subdivision Ten.—Where any work mentioned in section three of this Act (sewers, manholes, cesspools, culverts, crosswalks, crossings, curbings, grading, piling and capping excepted) is done on one side of the center line of said streets, lanes, alleys, places or courts, the lots or portions of lots fronting on that side only in front of which said work is done shall be assessed to cover the expenses of said work according to the provisions of this section.

Subdivision Eleven .- The assessment made to cover the expenses of the grading mentioned in the proviso in section four of this Act shall be assessed upon all the lands, lots and portions of lots fronting on either side of said street, lying and being between the said main street crossings, in the manner provided in subdivision one of this section. Before any work is done under a contract to complete the grading of a partially graded street, lane, alley, place or court, under the provisions of section four of this Act, the City and County Surveyor shall ascertain, as near as possible, the number of cubic yards of grading done previous to the letting of the contract in front of each lot or parcel of land fronting upon the work under contract, and also ascertain the number of cubic yards of grading necessary to complete the grading included in the contract, and certify such estimates to the Superintendent of Public Streets and Highways before the completion of the work included in said contract. And when any owner of a lot or lots fronting on said partially graded street, lane, alley, place or court, has graded a part of the same and desires credits for grading done by him previous to the publication of the notice of intention, he shall file with the City and County Surveyor, previous to the completion of the grading under contract, a certificate of the City and County Surveyor in the office when the work was performed, certifying the number of cubic yards of grading done by him or those through whom he claims or deraigns title; provided, however, that he shall not be allowed any credits at any time for any embankment made above or excavations made below the official grade; but the cost of removing such embankment or filling in such excavations shall always be charged exclusively to the owner or owners of the lot or lots of lands fronting thereon, in addition to the pro rata rate which may be assessed to them. If the credit for grading, so certified as aforesaid, in cubic yards or measurement, equals the proportional amount of grading which such owner would be obliged to do if no grading had been done on such street, lane, alley, place or court, then such owner and his lot or lots shall be exempted from assessment for the remaining work; and if the grading done by such owner is less than his proportional share, then the work required to be done in front of his lot or lots, according to the original profile of the land previous to any grading thereon, shall be included in the assessment; and the work certified as aforesaid to have been done by him at his own expense shall be credited to him at the contract rate. provided, that in making the assessment to cover the expense of any work mentioned in this section, the said Superintendent may deviate from its provisions and assess such lots and lands fronting on any street, lane, alley, place or court, as he may decide liable to assessment for said work, which decision may be appealed from as hereinafter provided.

Subdivision Twelve.—Section one of an Act entitled an Act amendatory of and supplementary to an Act to provide revenue for the support of the Government of this State, approved April twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, approved April nineteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, shall not be applicable to the provisions of this section; but the property therein mentioned shall be subject to the provisions of this Act and to be assessed for work done under the provisions of this section.

SEC. 3. Section eleven of said Act is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 11. The contractor or his assigns, or some person in his or their behalf, shall call upon the person assessed, or their agents, if they can conveniently be found, and demand payment of the amount assessed to each. If any payment be made, the contractor, his assigns, or some person in his or their behalf, shall receipt the same upon the assessment, in presence of the person making such payment, and shall also give a separate receipt if demanded. Whenever the persons so assessed, or their agents, cannot conveniently be found, or whenever the name of the owner of the lot is stated as "unknown" on the assessment, then the said contractor or his assigns, or some person in his or their behalf, shall publicly demand payment on the premises assessed. The warrant shall be returned to the Superintendent within ten days after its date, with a return indorsed thereon, signed by the

contractor or his assigns, or some person in his or their behalf, verified upon oath, stating the nature and character of the demand, and whether any of the assessments remain unpaid. in whole or in part, and the amount thereof. Thereupon the Superintendent shall record the return so made, in the margin of the record of the warrant and a sessment, and also the original contract referred to therein, if it has not already been recorded at full length, in a book to be kept for that purpose in his office, and shall sign the record. The said Superin. tendent is authorized at any time to receive the amounts due upon any assessment list and warrant issued by him, and give a good and sufficient discharge therefor; provided, that no such payment so made after suit has been commenced, without the consent of the plaintiff in the action, shall operate as a complete discharge of the lien until the costs in the action shall be refunded to the plaintiff; and he may release any assessment upon the books of his office on the production to him of the receipt of the party, or his assigns, to whom the assessment and warrant was issued; and if any contractor shall fail to return his warrant within the time and in the form provided in this section, he shall thenceforth have no lien upon the property assessed; provided, however, that in case any warrant is lost, upon proof of such $^{
m l}$ oss a duplicate can be issued, upon which a return may be made with the same effect as if the original had been so returned. After the return of the assessment and warrant, as aforesaid, all amounts remaining due thereon shall draw interest at the rate of one per cent. per month until paid.

SEC. 4. Section thirteen of said Act is hereby amended so as to read as follows;

Section 13. At any time after the period of fifteen days from the day of the date of the warrant as hereinbefore provided, or if an appeal is taken to the Board of Supervisors as is provided in section twelve of this Act, any time after five days from the decision of said Board, or after the return of the warrant or assessment, after the same may have been corrected, altered or modified, as provided in section twelve of this Act (but not less than fifteen days from the date of the warrant), the contractor or his assignee may sue, in his own name, the owner of the land, lots or portions of lots assessed, on the day of the date of the recording of the warrant, assessment and diagram, or on any day thereafter during the continuance of the lien of said assessment, and recover the amount of any assessment remaining due and unpaid, with interest thereon as hereinbefore provided; and in all cases of recovery under the provisions of this Act the plaintiff shall recover the sum of fifteen dollars, in addition to the taxable cost, as attorney's fees: provided he shall waive the percentage on recovery as provided by law. Suit may be brought in any Court in said city and county. The said warrant, assessment and diagram, with the affidavit of demand and non-payment, shall be prima facie evidence of such indebtedness, and of the right of the plaintiff to recover in the action. The Court in which such suit shall be commenced shall have power to adjudge and decree a lien against the premises assessed, and to order such premises to be sold on execution as in other cases of the sale of real estate by the process of said Courts; and on appeal, the appellate Court shall be vested with the same power to adjudge and decree a lien, and to order to be sold such premises on execution or decree, as is conferred on the Court from which an appeal is taken. Such premises, if sold, may be redeemed as in other cases. In all suits now pending, or hereafter to be brought, to recover street assessments, the proceedings therein shall be governed and regulated by the provisions of this Act, and also, when not in conflict herewith, by the Civil Practice Act of this State. This Act shall be liberally construed to effect the ends of justice.

SEC. 5. Section fourteen of said Act is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 14. The Superintendent of Public Streets and Highways may require, at his option, by notice in writing to be delivered to them personally or left on the premises, the owners, tenants or occupants of lots or portions of lots liable to be assessed for work done under the provisions of this Act to improve forthwith any of the work mentioned in section three of this Act in front of the property of which he is the owner, tenant or occupant, to the centre of the street or otherwise, as the case may require, or to remove all filth and dirt from the street in front of his premises; and by a like notice to be served personally upon the President or any officer of a railroad corporation or company, or to be left at the office of said corporation or company to require such corporation or company to improve forthwith any work mentioned in this Act which said corporation or company are required by law to do and perform; said notice to specify what improvement is required or work is to be done. After the expiration of three days, the said Superintend-

ent shall be deemed to have acquired jurisdiction to contract for the doing of the work, or making the improvements, or the removing the filth and dirt required by said notice. If such improvement or work of cleaning be not commenced within three days after notice given as aforesaid, and diligently and without interruption prosecuted to completion, the said Superintendent may enter into a contract with any suitable person applying to make said improvements or to do said cleaning, at the expense of the owner, tenant or occupant, or railroad corporation or company, as the case may be, at a reasonable price, to be determined by said Superintendent; and such owner, tenant or occupant, or railroad corporation or company, shall be liable to pay the same. After the certificate referred to in section fifteen shall have been recorded, the sum contracted to be paid shall be a lien, the same as provided in section ten of this Act, and also a lien upon the franchise and property of said corporation or company, and may be enforced in the same manner as other assessments.

SEC. 6. Section fifteen of said Act is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 15. If the expense of such improvements, or removing such dirt and filth after the completion thereof, be not paid to the contractor so employed, or his agent or assignee, on demand, the said contractor or his assigns shall have the right to sue the owner, tenant or occupant, or railroad corporation or company, under the provisions of this Act, for the amount contracted to be paid, and the certificate of the Superintendent that the work has been properly done, and that the charges for the same are reasonable and just, shall be prima facie evidence of the amount claimed for said work and of the right of the contractor to recover for the same in such action.

SEC. 7. Section sixteen of said Act is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 16. In addition, and as cumulative to the remedies above given, the Board of Supervisors shall have power, by resolution or ordinance, to prescribe the penalties that shall be incurred by any owner, tenant, occupant, or railroad corporation or company, neglecting or refusing to make improvements or remove dirt and filth, as provided for in section fourteen of this Act; which fines and penalties shall be recovered for the use of the city and county, by prosecution in the name of the People of the State of California, as in other cases provided for in subdivision eleven of section fifteen, chapter four hundred and ninety-three, on page five hundred and forty-four of the Statutes of said State, approved May eighteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and may be applied, if deemed expedient by the said Board, in payment of the expenses of any such improvements when not otherwise provided for.

SEC. 8. Section nineteen of said Act is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 19. The records kept by the Superintendent of Public Streets and Highways, in conformity with the provisions of this Act, and signed by him, shall have the same force and effect as other public records; and such records, or copies thereof duly certified by said Superintendent, may be used in evidence with the force and effect as the original assessments, diagrams and warrants. The said records shall, during all office hours, be open to the inspection of any citizen wishing to examine them, free of charge.

SEC. 9. Section twenty-two of said Act is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 22. The said Superintendent shall keep a public office in some convenient place, to be designated by the Board of Supervisors, and his office shall be kept open as in this Act required. He shall not, during his continuance in office, follow any other profession or calling, but shall be required to devote himself exclusively to the duties of his office. He shall be allowed, at the discretion of the Board of Supervisors, not more than eight deputies, to be by him appointed from time to time. Four of said deputies shall receive a salary not exceeding one hundred and fifty dollars each, and four a salary not exceeding one hundred and twenty-five dollars per month. It shall be lawful for the said deputies to perform all or any of the duties conferred by this Act upon the Superintendent of Public Streets and Highways, under the direction of the said Superintendent, except the acceptance or approval of work done. The Superintendent of Public Streets and Highways, or his deputies, shall superintend and direct the clearing of all sewers in the public streets, and the expenses of the same shall be paid out of the Street Department Fund in the same manner as provided for the improvements of streets that have been finally accepted as in this Act provided.

Sec. 10. All Acts and parts of Acts, so far as they conflict and are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed. This Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Batrick H. Daly.

The Board of Supervisors, in the year closed (December 10th), lost by death Mr. Patrick H. Daly, Representative of the First Ward.

At a special meeting, held on Wednesday evening, December 11th, 1867, convened at call of the Mayor, the announcement of his death was made by Mr. R. Beverly Cole, Supervisor of the Fourth Ward, who spoke at length, eulogizing the character of the deceased, and presented the following Preamble and Resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Providence has removed from our midst one of the members of this Board, P. H. Daly, Supervisor of the First Ward, who honorably filled that position during the last year, and who gave promise of future usefulness and ability in the faithful and untiring discharge of the duties of his office, and who by a vote of this Board was recently elected a member of the Board of Fire Commissioners, only entering upon the discharge of the duties of that office one week before his death, and that an office for which by long service in, and familiar acquaintance with the requirements of the Fire Department, he was peculiarly adapted to fill; and whereas, in all his relations with this Board he ever evinced a kindly disposition, as well as a manly and independent spirit of determination for the right, setting all personal feelings and partialities aside, and being apparently inspired with a noble and high ambition for the public good Therefore, in view of this sad event, which so suddeply comes upon us, be it

Resolved, That in the decease of Patrick Henry Daly, Supervisor of the First Ward, this Board has lost a valued member, and the community a prominent and influential citizen, as well as the residents of the First Ward a faithful representative, and an energetic advocate of their interests.

Resolved, That the members of this Board sincerely condole with the family of their departed associate in the great affliction which has fallen upon them.

Resolved, That a copy of these proceedings be transmitted by the Clerk to the family of the deceased, and be entered on the minutes of the Board.

Resolved. That the Chamber of the Board be draped in mourning for thirty days, and that this Board do now adjourn to meet in special session on Thursday, the 12th instant, at one o'clock P. M., to attend, as a body, the obsequies of the deceased.

The Board then adjourned.

James W. Bingham.

On April 23d the Board of Supervisors lost by death Mr. James W. Bingham, who had filled the position of Clerk of the Board from September, 1861. Possessed of an intimate knowledge of municipal affairs, and rare qualifications of mind, he discharged his varied and onerous duties with marked ability, while his well-known courteous disposition earned him an enviable reputation amongst our citizens.

At a special meeting convened at call of the President, on Friday, April 24th, 1868, the sad event was communicated to the Board by Mr. Charles Clayton, Supervisor of the Seventh Ward, who presented the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased the Almighty in his providence to remove from our midst by death, Mr. James W. Bingham, who for seven years past has ably filled the position of Clerk of this Board; therefore, be it

Resolved, That in the death of Mr. Bingham, this Board has lost a faithful, efficient and zealous officer, who, by his unremitting attention to the duties of his office, his amiable disposition, and his fidelity to the public interests, merited and received the esteem and approbation of all who knew him.

Resolved, That the members of this Board most sincerely condole with the bereaved widow and orphans of our deceased friend, in the great affliction which has befallen them, and earnestly hope they may receive that consolation from above which no earthly power can bestow.

Resolved, That a copy of these Resolutions be forwarded to the family of the deceased, and be entered in the minutes of this Board.

Resolved, That the Chamber of the Board be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days, and that this Board do now adjourn, and that the members be requested to meet, in the Chambers of the Board, to morrow, the 25th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., to attend as a body, the obsequies of the deceased.

The Board then adjourned.

Bernard S. Blitz.

On July 14th, the Board of Supervisors lost another old and valued officer, Mr. Bernard S. Blitz, who filled the position of Sergeant-at-Arms from 1861, until his death. He was well and familiarly known for many good qualities, uniting with an obliging and kindly disposition, rectitude of purpose and indomitable courage in the performance of his duties as a public officer.

At a regular meeting, held on Monday evening, July 20th, 1868, pursuant to adjournment, his death was announced by Mr. A. J. Shrader, Supervisor of the Ninth Ward, who presented the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, In the inscrutable disposition of the Almighty, there has been removed from among us Bernard S. Blitz, who, during the long period of his official connection with this Board, has so faithfully filled the position of Sergeantat-Arms; and,

Whereas, It is a duty we owe to his memory to place upon record our appreciation of his services in his intercourse with the members of this Board; be it, therefore.

Resolved, That this Board has lost an honest and faithful officer, zealous and cheerful in the discharge of his duties, ever polite and agreeable in his relations with all with whom those duties brought him into contact.

Resolved, That we most sincerely condole with the widow and relatives of our deceased friend, and commend them to the Great Creator for consolation in this, their great affliction.

Resolved, That a copy of these Resolutions be transmitted to his widow, and be entered on the minutes of the Board.

SCHEDULE OF OFFICERS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY, SHOWING ANNUAL SALARIES PAYABLE FROM THE TREASURY, FEES OR PER DIEMS, IN THE YEAR 1867-8.

	Annual Compen- sation.	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
THE TOOL OF	Fees, or per Diem.	Fees on poll tax collections, and \$200 per month \$175 per month \$150 per month \$1	
	How appointed.	Elective By Mayor Elective By Auditor Elective By Treasurer "" "" Elective By Tax Collector "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	99
THE THEORY I THE OW THE DIRECT THE	Отсев.	Mayor, ex officio Pres. Board Superv'rs. Mayor's Clerk. Auditor's Clerk. Treasurer. Deputy Treasurer. License Notice Server. License Notice Server. L	; ; ;
	Names.	Frank McCoppin. Charles L. Wiggin. Henry M. Hale. J. Pettee. O. Kloppenburg. A. A. Hobe. B. de Clairmont. H. C. Simons. H. Pieper. Charles R. Story John Hann. E. L. Hall. E. J. Lee W. L. Higgins. W. L. Higgins. W. L. Higgins. W. P. Merriam. E. Bonnell. P. O. Barry R. R. Wells. W. L. Ozareau. C. M. Boyd. C. M. Borry. C. M. Boyd.	R. D. Blauvelt, Jr.

	\$300 2,100 1,800 1,800 800 800	2,2,100 1,2,100 1,800 1,800 1,800	1,800 1,2,4,000 1,2,4,000 1,800	1,900 5,000 4,000 3,400
Twelve cents per folio.	Registration fees 25c per name &		Six cents per folio. Enrollment fees 25c per name and	
By Recorder Twe	Elective Reg By County Clerk.	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Elective. Six By Assessor.	Elective By Board of Supervisors
Clerk of Becorder	Porter, Hall of Records. County Clerk. Deputy Clerk.	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	ppying Clerks Assessor sputy Assessor	Uraughtsman County Judge Probate Judge Judge Police Court. Clerk Police Court.
G. W. Green M. H. Lincoln W. H. Lincoln W. J. Bromley T. M. Young G. Edwards Henry Cassey	е.	A. J. Jeghers. William Harney. O. Weil. P. S. O'Reilly. S. O'sbourne. J. D. Ruggles.		A. D. Miesegaes Dra E. W. McKinstry Co. Selden S. Wright Pro R. R. Provines Jud John H. Titcomb Cle D. Louderback, Jr Pro

[&]quot;Also allowed by Act of 1868, Statutes, page 39, fourteen Under Field Deputies for three months and four Office Deputies from February 1st until Assessment Roll is completed and handed over to the Auditor. Salaries, each \$150 per month.

SCHEDULE OF OFFICERS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY-CONTINUED.

Annual Compen-	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
Fees, or per Diem.	Elective By District Attorney By City and County Att'y By Gourt By Court Elective Elective By Board of Supervisors. Elective By Board of Health By Board of Supervisors. By Clerk, approval of Brd Elective By Superintendent. Elective By Board of Education Elective Elective Elective Elective By Board of Education
How appointed.	Elective. By District Attorney Elective By Goutt By Goutt By Goutt Elective By Health Officer By Board of Health By Board of Health Elective By Clerk, approval of Brd Elective By Board of Elective By Board of Supervisors. By By Clerk, approval of Brd Elective By Board of Supervisors. By By Clerk, approval of Brd Elective By Board of Education Managers Indust'l School
О-Шоев.	District Attorney. Clerk of District Attorney. Clity and County Attorney. Reporter County Court. Reporter Fourth and Twelfth District. Coroner. Harbor Master Health Officer. Clerk. Clerk. Clerk. Clerk. Clerk. Clerk of Board of Supervisors. Deputy. City Surveyor Superintendent Streets and Highways Deputy Superintendent Streets. """ """ """ """ """ """ """
Names.	H. H. Byrne C. Carvalho C. Carvalho J. L. Sharpstein Charles Carvalho John Lussey George Hall George Hall George Hall J. Letterman W. P. Scott D. G. Clement W. A. Quarles John A. Russell Thos. H. Reynolds. Wan. P. Humphreys George Cofran B. A. Robinson D. S. Dikeman D. S. Dikeman D. S. Dikeman D. T. Van Orden J. N. Burson H. L. King, Jr. James Derman George Beanston Joseph Wood

\$8,400 1,1,1,200 1,20	3,000 1,500 1,680 1,680 1,560	006
Counsel fees \$100 per month and \$1,500 each. \$1,500 per month for horse feed and \$10 per month for horse feed and		
ard of Supervise	By Fire Commissioners	"
Hospital. Hospital.	the state of the s	Corporation Yark Keeper
P. J. White. G. T. Knox. Justus Struver W. M. Kelly W. M. Relly R. Brown R. Brown A. P. Greene. B. Dougherty H. C. Boyd. C. G. Beard. Mrs. Emily Short. E. P. Buckley. Cornelius Hoyer. C. C. Shattuck R. C. Dyer. C. J. Shattuck R. C. Dyer. G. J. Buckley R. C. Dyer. G. J. Shattuck R. C. Dyer. G. J. Morrison. J. B. Coffee. Wm. T. Garwood. F. A. G. Soulé.	Vm. H. Johnson Pad Fire Department. R. E. R. Whitney H. W. Burckes G. H. Ackerson William Martin	Thomas Sawyer

SCHEDULE OF OFFICERS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY-CONCLUDED.

Annual Compen- sation.	\$1,800 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,200	300	4,000 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,800
Fees, or per Diem.		Fees and	\$1,500 each.
How appointed.	By Board of Supervisors	2 2 2	Elective
Offices.	FTRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH. Monroe Greenwood Superintendent Chas. F. Simmons. Stephen C. Fleld Stephen C. Fleld C. Wood F. G. Wood E. G. Woo	John Short, Jr Pound Keeper. P. J. Cody Road Master, First District. J. S. Dyer Road Master, Second District. Police Departs.	P. Crowley P. Crowley Captain of Police J. McElroy I. W. Lees P. R. Hanna W. Cullen Clerk And 79 Officers
Names.	FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH. Monroe Greenwood Chas. F. Simmons. Stephen C. Field. D. W. Swain. F. G. Wood	John Short, Jr Round Keeper P. J. Cody Road Master, Fin J. S. Dyer Road Master, Se Police Depart.	P. Crowley. Wm. Y. Douglass. J. McElroy. I. W. Lees. P. R. Hanna. W. Cullen. And 79 Officers.

MEMBERS AND MEMBERS ELECT OF THE BOARD OF SUPER-VISORS — 1868-69.

The new Board will be organized on Monday, December 7th, 1868, and will consist of

Mayor and Ex-Officio President......Frank McCoppin.

MEMBERS.

1st Ward, HENRY WINKLE.	7th Ward, RICHARD RING.
2d Ward, John Harrold.	8th Ward, J. B. E. CAVALLIER.
3d Ward, EDWARD FLAHERTY.	9th Ward, A. J. Shrader.
4th Ward, R. BEVERLY COLE.	10th Ward, EDWARD NUNAN.
5th Ward, Monroe Ashbury.	11th Ward, P. H. CANAVAN.
6th Ward, D. D. SHATTUCK.	12th Ward, Chas. H. STANYAN.

RESOLUTION No. 8,566.

RESOLVED, That the Heads of the following Departments be, and are hereby, requested to report to this Board, on or before the first day of August ensuing, the condition of their respective Departments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, embracing all their operations and expenditures.

Auditor,	Treasurer,	Pound Keeper,
Assessor,	Sheriff,	City and County Attorney,
Tax Collector,	County Recorder,	Industrial School,
County Clerk,	City and County Surveyor,	Police,
Streets,	License Collector,	Coroner,
Fire Department,	Public Schools,	Public Administrator,
Hospital,	Funded Debt,	Health Officer.
Almshouse,	Harbor Master,	Justices' Court.
•	Fire Alarm and Police Telegr	anh

And that all portions of said Reports be published in a volume, in accordance with the requirements of Section 73 of the Consolidation Act. The Clerk of the Board is hereby instructed to send a copy of this Resolution to the Head of each of the enumerated Departments.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, June 29th, 1868.

Adopted by the following vote:

Ayes — Supervisors Harrold, Flaherty, Cole, Ashbury, Shattuck, Clayton, Cavallier, Shrader, Nunan, Stanyan.

Absent - Supervisor Canavan.

JNO. A. RUSSELL, Clerk.



ADDENDA.

JOHN A. RUSSELL, Esq., Clerk of the Board of Supervisors:

Sir: I have noticed, upon looking over the Appendix to the Municipal Reports for the Fiscal Year ending June 30th, 1868, just issued, that you have omitted to publish a communication of mine to the Board of Supervisors, dated June 29th, in which I gave my reasons for ruling, as President of the Board, that a Resolution purporting to reserve certain lands for public purposes, under the provisions of Ordinance No. 800, should be passed for printing before its final passage, as provided in Section 68 of the Consolidation Act, and also by the Act of Congress of March 8th, 1868. A majority of the Board then overruled that decision, but at a subsequent period passed an Ordinance making the Reservations, as I contend, in a legal form, and thus ended the controversy. Had you not published the opinion of the City Attorney (see Appendix, page 568), in answer to the missing communication, I should not have noticed the omission.

Very respectfully,

FRANK McCOPPIN.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 30th, 1868.

The communication referred to was received and read in Board of Supervisors June 29th, 1868, and should have, in order to give a full history of the proceedings in the matter of Outside Lands, preceded the opinion of the City and County Attorney on the Pueblo Reservations, on page 568. As it was, through inadvertence, overlooked by the compiler, it is herewith presented.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO, June 29th, 1868.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco:

Gentlemen:—At the last meeting of your honorable body, I decided that Resolution No. 8,565, adopting the map of the Outside Lands, should be passed to print for five days before final action could legally be taken thereon, which decision or ruling you thought proper to set aside; and inasmuch as very important interests must depend upon the validity of that Resolution, should it be adopted in the manner then proposed, I beg leave most respectfully to submit for your consideration the reasons that influenced me upon that occasion. The 68th Section of the Consolidation Act provides that, "every Ordinance or Resolution of the Board of Supervisors, providing for any specific improvement, the granting of any privilege, or involving the lease or other appropriation of public property, or the expenditure of public moneys (except for sums less than \$500), or laying a tax or assessment, and every Ordinance or Resolution imposing a new duty or penalty, shall, after its introduction in the Board, be published, with the ayes and nays, in some city daily newspaper at least five successive days, before final action by the Board upon the same, and every such Ordinance or Resolution, after the same shall pass the Board, shall, before it takes effect, be presented to the President of

the Board for his approval." The Resolution now pending before your honorable body contemplates the adoption of the Map of the Outside Lands and the absolute dedication of land for public uses. There is nothing in the Act of the Legislature ratifying Order 800, nor in the Act supplemental thereto, nor in any other Act known to me, that repeals that provision of Section 68 of the Consolidation Act to which I have invited your attention, and the last named Act expressly provides that, "the powers of the Board of Supervisors are those granted in this Act, and they are prohibited to exercise any others." I hold, that, as Resolution No. 8,565 has for its object the disposition of public property, real property, the laying of a tax or assessment, and the imposition of new duties and penalties, it must assume the form of an Ordinance and be passed in the manner required by law. Section 16 of Order 800 says that "the Board of Supervisors shall provide by Order for the distribution and payment to those entitled thereto of the moneys assessed for the cost of the reservations, and which shall have been paid to the City and County Treasurer under the provisions of Section 11 of this Order."

If it be necessary for the Board hereafter to provide by Ordinance for the distribution of the moneys assessed for the cost of the reservations, it would seem to be equally or more necessary to establish those reservations, in the first instance, by an Ordinance describing the land dedicated to public uses and adopting the map. It is impossible to read the Act of Congress of the 8th of March, 1866, an Act which has since been construed by the Supreme Court of the United States, and which Act alone confers upon your honorable body the power you are now about to exercise, without coming to the conclusion that the reservations can only be made by Ordinance.

That Act reads as follows: "Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That all the right and title of the United States to the land situated within the corporate limits of the City of San Francisco, in the State of California, confirmed to the City of San Francisco by the decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of California, entered on the 18th day of May, 1865. be and the same are hereby relinquished and granted to the said City of San Francisco and its successors, and the claim of the said city to said lands is hereby confirmed, subject, however, to the reservations and exceptions designated in said decree, and upon the following trusts, namely, that all the said land not heretofore granted to said city, shall be disposed of and conveyed by said city to parties in the bona fide actual possession thereof, by themselves or tenants, on the passage of this Act, in such quantities and upon such terms and conditions as the Legislature of the State of California may prescribe, except such parcels thereof as may be reserved and se apart by Ordinance of said city for public uses." And it will be remembered that the Supreme Court of the United States has held, in the case of "Grisar vs. McDowell." that the title of the city to the Pueblo Lands rests upon the decree of the Circuit Court, as modified by the Act of Congress just quoted. The Act of Congress gives the city the power to make reservations for public uses, but it seems to me this power must be exercised in the mode and manner prescribed by the Act itself. Evidently, then, the reservations for public purposes ought to be made by Ordinance. Whatever differences of opinion may exist in regard to the boundaries of the proposed Park, there appears to be none as to the reservations for other purposes, and I hope, therefore, that the city's title to these will not be endangered, which certainly must be the case should your honorable body insist on reserving them by a Resolution, instead of an Ordinance, as the law requires.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,

FRANK McCOPPIN, Mayor.











