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CF PENTON CONTRACTOR

SCRIPTURE TRUTHS

DEMONSTRATED,

IN THIRTY-TWO

SERMONS,

OR

DECLARATIONS

O F

STEPHEN CRISP,

Late of COLCHESTER, in ESSEX, deceased.

CAREFULLY TAKEN IN

Characters or Short-Hand,

AS THEY WERE DELIVERED BY HIM AT THE PUBLIC

MEETING-HOUSES

OF THE PEOPLE CAPLES

QUAKER

In and about LONDON.

FAITHFULLY TRANSCRIEED AND PUBLISHED, TOGETHER WI

PRAYERS AFTER SERM

PHILADELPHIA:

PRINTED AND SOLD BY JOSEPH JAMES, IN CHESNUT-5

BETWEIN FRONT AND SECOND-SIREETS.

M.DCC.LXXXVII.

READER.

HO' the Writer of these Sermons doth out of Modesly decline to print his Name, yet he does assure the Reader, that he has not $in\ the$ leaft altered or imposed upon the Preacher's Sense, either in the taking or transcribing of them: And he does further declare, that he neither is, nor ever was, one of the People called Quakers, but always of another Perfuafion: Yet being willing, according to the Apoftle's Rule, to try all Things, he has sometimes been present at their Meetings; and having the Art of Short-Writing, he has taken many of their Sermons and Prayers from the Mouths of divers of their Preachers; and among others, those of Stephen Crisp, deceased; which, upon abbeared to him, as well as to emirfons of another Sect, to contain fo ofpel Truths, delivered with fuch Plainal and Demonstration, and generally le to the known Doctrines of Christithat it is hoped the publishing of them e useful to the World: And, that the i and Intent of them may be the more y comprehended, there is a Title given very Sermon, agreeable to the Subjectter chiefly treated of therein.

London, March, 1694.

SERMON I.

The Great Mediator of the Everlasting Covenant.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, APRIS

My Friends,

OW should we all admire the workings of the Holy Ghost! You may know from your own experience, that all the operations of the Holy Spirit, from the beginning, have been in order to the cleansing, and purifying, and preparing you for the kingdom of God. This experience is given to a little remnant, to know that the manner of his working, that the end, aim and design, of all the operations of his power, is for our good, and in order to our eternal happiness.

Now, this is a great engagement upon the minds of the people of God, diligently to wait upon him, that they may be opened more and more into the mystery of life and salvation, that hath been hid from ages and generations, and is

now revealed by his spirit.

And they that are thus exercised with the measure of grace given unto them, they do grow and encrease in holiness and righteousness, by the working thereof; and they encrease in knowledge in the great things of the law, and the mysteries of the kingdom of grace: By the eye which God hath opened, they discern, that the working of his power in all ages, has been for the extirpating, rooting out and destroying of that root of iniquity, that hath brought forth such a crop of fin and wickedness, which was not of his planting, nor of his creating.

For, from the beginning of the creation of God, unto this day, God hath had a fingular love and favour to the fons and daughters of men, as being (as, I may fay) the master-piece, or greatest piece of the creation, most nearly related to himself, created in his own image, in righte-

oufness

oufnefs and holinefs; and in that they now are not fo, but marred, and spoiled from bearing the heavenly image, is not the Lord's doing, but hath been wrought by the enemy both to God and man; yet the Lord continuing his love unto the work of his hands, hath from age to age revealed and made known his power, for the restoring and bringing back again lost man, fallen man, sinful man, to be reconciled unto him; that he may, as was intended, enjoy and possess the love and favour of his Maker; but there was no possibility found for his reconciliation with the holy God, but by making him holy: For as the making him unholy, seperated him from his Maker; so the making of him holy again, would unite him again unto his Maker: So that there must be a way and means for the reducing of him to his primitive state, before he could enjoy and obtain his primitive enjoyments; that is, the love and favour of God: And there hath been a general universal sense, upon the sons and daughters of men, of this alienation, and estrangedness from God; and they have put themselves upon divers ways and methods to obtain reconciliation, and to try if they could reftore them-felves; and they have found out ways, and tried and proved the inventions and imaginations of their own minds, in their fallen wifdom, what they might do to pleafe God, and be reconciled to him.

We are finners, and we will facrifice, we will bring a facrifice for our fins; and when men have brought a facrifice, it hath not been accepted, because there hath not been a Mediator known, that might mediate for them with the Lord; so that all the facrifices they have offered, have never been excepted with him, in order to an atonement and reconciliation. Now only those that have relation to the Mediator by faith in him, doth he intercede for, that he might present them again to God; and this hath been the difference between facrificer and facrifice, from the days of Cain and Alel, unto this day. Some have had relation to the Mediator in all their fervices and facrifices, and some have had relation only to the thing offered, and the service performed; but they have not in all ages sped alike: They whose service and worship was performed to God, with a relation to the Mediator, they

have found acceptance; and they who'e worship and service was performed only with a relation to the thing offered or done, that was but their own act, that was but their willworthip, and that was always turned back again upon them; for there is no name given under Heaven, by which any can be fared, but only the name of Jefus Christ; that is the Mediator of the new covenant, for the old one was broken: And when Auren was et up to be an high-priest to God, he was appointed to offer facrifices for the fins of the people, and he that committed a fin, was appointed by the law to bring an he-goat of the flock unto the door of the tabernacle, and to deliver it to the priest, and he was to make an offering for the fin committed after such and such a manner, and it was to be an atonement with God for him: So here was feemingly, a reconciliation by a facrifice; and some saw no farther than the bringing of a goat, and a ram, and the performance of the priest's office, and they counted all was well: And others law farther, long before the apostle spake or wrote it, it was not the blood of bulls or geats, nor the tlood of a ram, that could purge away fin from their confiiences. And after the apostle had opened the mystery of Divinity, who had a divine and piritual skill, in unfolding the restoration of mankind, he declared plainly, that when the offering was made by Aaron for finners, even then there remained still a conscience of sin; for it was not possible that the blood of bulls and goats, should take away sin: So that their outward performances, and their outward services, they did but point out the Mediator; they had a pointing finger, as it were, to the real, true and everlasting Mediator, Christ Jesus; who is made a Mediator betwixt God and man; that by and through him, man might be again reconciled to God.

So that now in these gospel-days, wherein God is opening the mysteries of life and salvation, to the intent and purpose, that the sons and daughters of men might be restored again into their primitive enjoyment of the savour of God; now in these days, it is the duty of all Christians, and of all that are seeking the welfare of their immortal souls, to have their eyes and hearts unto Jesus, as unto one that is able to reconcile them unto God; to him it is committed, to him wildom and power is committed, and to him authority is

committed,

committed, that he should be an everlasting high-priest; and that all the services, and all the worship and religious performances that people offer up to God, should be in his name, that so by him they might be recommended to God: For none will find acceptance with the Father, unless in all their performances they have an eye unto him.

So that it comes plainly to pals, according to that short and confident affertion of the author to the Hebrews, that without faith, it is impossible to please God: But it is possible to offer factifices without faith, and possible for people to perform religious services without faith, as woful experience hath taught us in our days, that many have been exercised in a kind of religious service, that never in their lives had faith enough to believe the things that they pray for, and they are without faith. When people pray to God to fend his Holy Spirit into their hearts, that they may keep his commandments to their lives end, and have not faith to believe it, and when they pray, Thy will be done on earth, as it is in Heaven, it is a religious performance; but if it be not done in faith, it is but an encreasing in fin, and an addition to sin. Where is the man that is exercised in praying to God, that believeth that ever such a thing is like to come to pass? Go where you will in this or the other nation, and enquire of people about their faith; they believe there is no possibility of extirpating and rooting out of fin, while they live upon the earth; therefore all their prayers for it are vain, and their faith a vain faith: And it is high time in fuch a day as this, when men are faithless and unbelieving, to preach up the object of faith, the Lord Jesus Christ. People are of divers faiths, and of divers beliefs; but we have found by experience, that they do them no good, they do not bring a thing to pass, that of necessity must be brought to pass, before they can be reconciled to God; their faith doth not cleanfe the heart, nor extend fo far as to believe that ever they shail Le cleanfed; in all the worthip and religion that they perf form, they come not to this faith, that they shall be made clean: All that is done is but in fin and uncleanness; they cannot bring a clean facrifice out of an unclean veffei: And our Lord Jesus Christ saith concerning this subject, an evil tree cannot bring forth good fruit; but there must be good fruit

fruit brought forth; how must we do it? Make the tree good, and the fruit will be good. When mens vain janglings about religion and religious fancies come to an end, then all this religion will appear to be in vain, and will not answer the end for which it is performed, till men believe that it will make the tree good, and cleanse the heart, and transform men by renewing the spirit of their minds. So that religion must begin within; and it is not our changing of forms of worship, from one form to another, and taking up this and the other opinion, that doth change our hearts. Sad experience doth teach us, that men may carry over their old lusts into a new religion; we can carry over our old inclinations into our new opinions: For though the form of worship be changed, the heart remaining unchanged, and the lusts unmortised, their religion is in vain, let them be of what persuasion they will.

Now the remedy of this great calamity, that hath overfpread all forts of people; for there is no fort of people, but there are those among them that are under this great calamity, of holding the profession of godliness with an ungodly mind, and the profession of truth with a faise and

treacherous spirit.

And for the remedying of this, there is but one way that all men be brought off from having their eye unto their performances, and to the doctrines and tenets that they hold, and do, as the apostle saith, fix their eye upon Christ, and look upon Jesus. This is the first thing that must begin our religion; for Christ must be the Alpha of our religion, as well as the Omega of it. If I begin not there, let me begin where I will, I begin wrong; let me begin at the most serious and found doctrine, and at the most apostolical religion; if Christ and his apostles were here upon the earth; if I walked among them; if I believed all they said and did, I should begin wrong, if I did not fix mine eye upon Jesus Christ, that is the taker away of sin, and is the sanctifier of the soul by his Spirit. There must be the beginning, and there must be the conclusion; he is the author, and the sinisher of all true saith. There are authors of other faiths: Men have their different faiths, and creeds, and articles, and they have exposed and imposed them too; but this is the worst of it, none of

already.

them are right; let them be exposed and imposed with ever so much sorce and violence, none of these will cleanse the heart; but that faith which is delivered over by Christ Jesus, that hath the quality of cleansing and purifying; that is the faith when all is done, that will do the work; that is it that will save and sanctify, and do the business that all the world is about. Every one would have a reconciler with God, and sin rooted out, and be as God would have them be; this is the public profession of Christendom; at least they would find out something by which it might be done: Altho' many are willing enough to continue in sin and drunkenness, whoredom, lying and hypocrity; these are a fort of fools, that make a mick of sin, and that swim in the stream of pleasure; and what care they, so long as they make a profession of christianity?

But I am speaking of a people that are struggling under their corruptions; that would mortify sin, and serve God in holiness and righteoutness, and do God's will on earth as it is done in Heaven; and do it not inform, but would have power to do it; and they have tried several ways to do it, and it is not done; and many have been at this work till grey hairs are upon their heads, and it is not done. Now God hath given Christ to make reconciliation; now how can we, that have the love of God extended to us, but extend our good-will to our friends, and signify to them, that all the travel and pains they are at, and all the prayers they make, will do nothing till they have their faith fixed upon Jesus, that is able to save and deliver them, and save to the uttermost all that come to God

But here some will object and say, it is true what you say, but is it needful to preach such doctrines to us? for we all believe in Christ, that is, the only Mediator and Saviour. We know that Christ Jeius is the only Mediator, and that unless he commends us to God, we cannot be accepted of him. This is our general doctrine, therefore what need it be urged and pressed upon us, that are come into the faith

Let me fearch into the matter; it is of greater importance than to fearch into a bargain of worldly things. Men would fain have others open and discover to them wherein

they

they may be cheated, to prevent their being imposed on in a worldly bargain. I hope then they will hearken to know how, and wherein they may be deceived by them elves, and deceived by others in matters of eternal concernment. There are no Protestants, but they reject any Mediator but Jelus Christ, and believe that no Mediator can reconcile them to God, but Christ alone, and they fay he is the object of their faith. I would ask them this question, whether they believe in Christ at a distance, or as present, really present with them? If their faith be historical and at a distance, that they believe in Christ, as one born of the Virgin Mary, and was crucified and dead before they were born, and arofe again, and a cended into Heaven, and is fet at the right hand of God, if the reason of my belief be, that I have heard of this relation of Christ, or whether the reason be, because by his Spirit, he hath visited me in this age; the one is, I believe, because good men have told me so; but the other is, I believe, because, by this Spirit he hath promised to send, to lead me into all truth, he hath vifited me. Now let me examine whether I am aware of such a spiritual visitation, by this quickening Spirit, which is the Lord from Heaven, and not only the Lord in Heaven. Whether I am aware of such a quickening power and virtue, which I have received upon my spirit, that he is not only at the right hand of God on high in Heaven, but is now come to knock at the door of my heart, and hath raifed in me a life, as opposite to fin, as his was. Let me consider if I be aware of a secret touch of his quickening virtue upon my foul, whereby he hath begotten me into a life opposite to sin; so that if sin remains, it remains as a burthen, and oppression upon me, so that I am a fufferer; for as much as I am quickened, and made fenfible of a better life, of a godly life, I would fain be at it, and live in it, but iniquity, lust and corruption lie in the way. He that hath quickened me fo far, as to bring me to a sense of the burthen of sin, my faith tells me, he will take the burthen off, else my faith will do me no good, if corruption still prevail upon me, if my faith tells me this, it will tell the wickedest man in the world as much; but if my faith tells me I am a finner, and my fins confift of this and the other evil thing I do, and am inclined to do, it tells

me again, that he that hath quickened me, and brought me to a len'e of fin, he can take the burthen off from me.

Here now is a true faith, that begins in conviction, and ends in true conversion; this is the word of faith, delivered to the faints, and which we are to preach. They faid of old, that the word of faith, they had to preach, was that which was nigh in their mouth, that they might receive it, and do it. I have fomething nigh that reproves me for fin; if I be obedient to it, then faith gives me victory over that which is finful, for which the world reproveth me; and as I fee faith gives me victory over any corruption, which I have been struggling under, I am encouraged to fix my faith upon him that hath thus quickened me: So that this is the difference between faith in Christ at a distance, and faith that quickeneth me by God's Spirit; that Spirit that hath been so much slighted in our days, by the highest notionists in our age; they supposed it to be a meer siction; some have mocked and derided, and others have been discouraged to speak of the Spirit of Christ, and his operation upon the foul; some have declared both in the press and pulpit, that they have had no experience of the touches of God's Spirit upon their fouls. But our experience hath brought us to another degree of knowledge. We know, and you may know if you please, and that before you fleep, that there is a way opened, God has made way for his Spirit to reach the spirits of men, to signify immediately to their spirits without means, herein thou doest wrong, and herein thou mayest have life, and seek after it. Now the Spirit that thus worketh, is the Spirit of Christ, the Spirit that proceeds from the Father and the Son, that voice in men that tells them they might believe and be faved. When he comes, saith Christ, he will lead you into all truth. How thall the world know this is he? He shall co-vince them of fin. If there be any convincement that arifeth in man of this and the other fin, it must be from the way the Holy Spirit hath upon their spirits; he hath a way to speak to men, and every one that is a lover of his own foul, is bound to hearken to that voice.

In the latter days, faith the Lord, when I shall raise a prophet in the midst of you, whosever will not hear that prophet, shall be cut off. All commentators agree on this text,

that

that that prophet was no other than Christ Je'us; it was not John the Baptist, nor Paul, nor Peter; but Christ that was promised to be raised. There was such an absolute command went along with that prophecy, that all jnould hear him, and it had a threatening at the end of it, that all that will not hear him, shall be cut of. Are they not whore-mongers, and drunkards, and liars, that will not hear this prophet? They will not hear him, because they love their fins. What becomes of them? They are cut off from the enjoyment of the love and favour of God, and when they draw nigh to God in prayer, and other religious exercises, it is with them, as it was with Can, fin tree at the door. When they come into a fform at fea, or are arrefted with fickness, and death looks them in the face, they would have peace, but there is diffre s, and trouble in the room of it. What is the matter? Wast thou not baptised in the Christian faith? Did not the minister tell thee, that thou art a child of God, and an inheritor of the kingtom of Heaven? Alas! my fin lies at my door; O! that I had time to live a better life! What ails thy life, man? My life hath been a life of deceit, lust, and vanity, corruption and hypocri'y. Did not thy teacher teach thee, that a believer hath no guilt upon him, but that all his fins are pardoned from the day he became a believer? This doctrine will not hold in a from, tho' it will do in fair weather; when men are swimming in their pleasures, it will serve them; but when they come to deal with their Maker, no faith will ferve them, but that which purifies the heart, and that which makes a change from the earthly image to the heavenly.

It were better for you and I, and every one of us, to take the e things into confideration, while we have health and strength, and while some sand (as I may so spéak) is in our glasses, to consider what is my faith? What is the object of it? Have I a dependency upon my duties, and alms, and good deeds? They will fail me. But if my dependency be upon Christ as a Saviour, and a Sanctifier, and my fanctification is carried on gradually, he that hath begun a good work in me will perfect it. And if the reason of my going to meetings, and going into my closet, and bowing mytelf before the Lord, is to keep close to him that carries on the work of

fanctification, he will work all my work in me and for me. I cannot expect to live in the world, but I shall meet with temptations; the Devil will tempt me, but my Saviour will be nigh me, as nigh to me as the Devil can be; if I will keep close to him, he will keep close to me. My Father, faith Christ, is greater than I, and none is able to pluck you out of your Father's hands. I must expect to be tempted; for the adversary the Devil goes about like a rearing lion, seeking when he may devour. Alas! faith one, though I have made fome progre's in the work of 'anchification, yet for all that, he may one day berray me. Am I grown strong enough to resist his temptations? and wife enough to fore ee all his gins and traps, which he lays to enfhare me? But I know who can fee them, and defeat them. I have my faith fixed upon one that can bind the frong man, and cast him out. The life that I now hve, is not in my own parts, and by my own understanding and sense: But the life that I now live, in the flesh, I live by the faith of the S n of God: This is that faith that gives me victory. The apostle had a battle for it; I have fought the good fight; and henceforth is laid up for me a crown of righteoulness, and not for me only, but for all them that leve the appearing of our Lord Jesus Christ; and that come to have familiarity with Christ, with his Spirit and truth, with his grace and word, in their hearts: Though the'e are feveral expressions, they all fignify one immortal seed of life, by which men are united to God: It is a leaven there, to leaven them into the Divine Nature.

Whenever such a one is tempted, he resists not the tempter in his own power, but he waits to scel the arisings of that life, and power, and virtue that was in Christ Jesus, and is in him still: He waits for that power, that in the name of Christ he may say, get thee behind me Satan. Being sortified by Christ's name, and armed with his power, what is it that a Christian cannot do? What valiant, noble and wonderful things have they done, that have been shielded with this faith? See the eleventh chapter of the epistle to the Hebrews. All the repetitions of that chapter, from one and to the other; in all of them the apostle ascribes all the valiantness and courageousness of those noble asts, to the power of saith. They looked to Jesus, before ever the Virgin

Virgin Mary brought him forth out of her body. The prophets did earnestly seek to know those things, which the Spirit of Christ that was in them, did signify unto them, that there was to be this great Prophet, before ever the Vugin Mary was born: So that Christ was always the object of a true believer's faith. Though under the law they had an high-prieft, and he was placed at the altar, and they had offerings burnt upon it, yet they had an eye unto Christ, they had an undervaluing of all that their facrifices could do for them. If they wouldess have had burnt offerings, faith David, I would have given them; I would not have withheld them from thine a tar; thou shouldest have had enough of them. He was bold to say, in respect of acceptance and reconciliation, burnt offerings and facrifices then wouldest not; a body hast then prepared me; for it is written in the volume of the book, I come to do thy will, O God. He had an eye unto Jesus that was to come, upon whom help was laid: There was a Redeemer, that should come from Zion, and a law-giver from Jerufalem. They had an eye beyond facrifices, unto Christ. In all ages the people of God have had the answer of their fouls, which is reconciliation, and the favour of God: They that had this answer, never had it but by Christ. No man can be accepted with God, can ever have the defire of his foul answered in peace and reconciliation with God, until his faith be placed on Christ Jesus: Neither can any man have faith in Christ at a distance, and thereby be reconciled unto God, but must know his Spirit. I must have an experimental knowledge of his power and wildom, and this I cannot have without his Spirit: Let me believe ever so othordoxly, except I have the Spirit of Christ, it will do me no good, it will be no advantage to me.

This is the word, that was in my heart as a well-wisher to the souls of all men: As God hath done good to my soul, so I cannot but wish well to the souls of others; that as he hath sound out a way for my redemption and salvation, so likewise I wish the same for others that are bond-men and bond-women, and under the power of their corruption. God's work hath been to destroy the bondage and the oppression, and to destroy the tyrant that reigns over the souls of people; God having made them for his glory, and the Devil has stolen them away: That they do not that which

pleafeth

pleaseth God: But God's good pleasure is, that all may be saved, and come to the knowledge of the truth: And God so loved the world, that he gave his only begitten Son, that who soever believeth in him, should not perish, but have everlasting life: And he is called, the Lamb of God, which takes away the sins of the world. He can take away fin; if my fin do not obstruct my faith and confidence in him, he will take it away; and if he takes that away, then he makes the tree good. Nothing hinders us from the enjoyment of God, but fin; and if Christ will take it away by the blood of his cross, no matter for all the scorn, contempt, hardship, reproach and per ecution of this world; no matter, for he hath not deceived us, but told us before hand, if we will be followers of him, and be led by him, we must expect these things; sufferings, reproaches, per ecutions, disdain and envy. The things come not uncertainly upon us; the world loves its own, and cannot love them that are not of it; but they that are not of the world, may be brought to the terms of God, and they may not be any longer in the world. Christ prayeth not that his disciples may be taken out of the world, but kept from the evil: So that Christ is a Mediator, and a propitiation for all men; and he is working by his Spirit for the redemption of all men, that to as many as believe in him. to them he gives power to become the Sons of God.

The sum of all this is, that we have an opportunity put into our hands; we cannot deny it; you must all upon search, consess, that the grace of God doth often work in your hearts against any corruption, against any evil: Let not this price be put into your hands in vain, as into the hands of sools. If I knew that this and that was a fin, I would leave it; let us be of that mind, and we shall soon I ow it; and then say, if I knew such a thing to be a fin, and could get a thousand pounds by it, I would not do it. Why should st thou love fin for profit or pleasure? I am sure it is an ill bargain when it is done. Whatsoever I am convinced is

a sin, I will not do it.

Refolve upon this, and then the grace of God will be at work; we shall soon see that we must leave off sinning. There is such a thing I must leave; God hath set up a jadgment in my mind against it; though it bring profit and pleasure, away it must go. Here is a step, a following step,

to follow Christ. He that will deny himself, will follow Christ: My Redeemer thews me this to be an evil, I will not do it, but follow him, and imitate him. Here the foul is led flep by flep, even by Christ, the Captain of our Salvation, till it is gradually cleanfed from fin, and reconciled unto God; and this can be done by no other means; for prayers and alms will not do it; all that can be done by us will not do it; none can do it but Christ alone, that God hath laid help upon, that you may all wait for the Divine operation of his grace in your hearts. That is it which we labour and. travel for, as knowing that God hath wrought wonderfully by it, for the redemption of all those that love him more than they love their pleasures, more than they love their fins. It must be concluded, that following of him, and leaving father and mother, husband and wife, children, brethren, and fifters; all these things as they stand in competition with him, and the obedience of his Spirit, must be looked upon as nothing to him: Then above all things, I must not displease him: He can speak peace, and none can take it away; and if he take it away, none can give it. If we follow Christ, when this is done, then all is done according to the will of God; then the bleffing descends upon the whole creation; then every man will speak truth to his neighbour, and every man will govern his family with discretion; fo God is glorified, and his name comes to be exalted; who is worthy to be beloved, adored, and exalted above all bleffings and praises. To him be glory, who is God over all, blessed forever and ever. Amen.

His PRAYER after SERMON.

MOST glorious God of life and power, and of everlasting kindness; a God of long-suffering and patience, else we

had not been here at this da ;.

Lord, we are monuments of thy mercy! thou hast spared us long, and hast called unto us in a day when we turned away our ear from thee: Thou hast stretched forth thy hand all the day long, and thou hast gathered a little remnant of the lost sheep of the house of I race to partake of thy pastures of life; and now all our souls have been greatly refreshed and comforted

forted, fince we came to understand and comprehend with the rest of thy saints, the height, and length, and breadth, and depth of thy love, which in the Son of thy love, thou haft revealed to us.

And, bleffed Father of Life! our fouls do breathe and cry unto thee, on the behalf of strangers, which are aliens from the commonwealth of Israel, that are yet breathing and enquiring

after thee, asking the way to Zion.

O Lord! remember them and hear their cry, and let their fighing and complaining enter into thine ears; that all they, in whom thou haft begun to kindle halv defires after thee, may have them grow into a flame, to burn up all enmity to thee; that fo they may be purefied by thy juguents, and receive of thy heavenly grace. This is the way which thou haft used with thy children; thou hast commanded them to worship thee in thy dwelling-place; that haft taken them into thy haufe, and fed them with thy finest wheat, refreshed them with thy loving kindness, and filled them with thy Holy Spirit.

Dearest God of Love! this is the design and purpose of our meeting together, that we may enjoy the prefence, and feel the operation of thy word, and have communion with thee, and thy Son Jesus Christ, through thy Holy Spirit; the way into rest and life is with thee. Thou earst open, and none can thut. Lord! open the hearts of this people, to receive of thy goodness, and receive of thy blessings; that so every one may be sensible, that thou art at least knocking at the door of their hearts, that thou mightest have an entrance, and bow the hearts and wills of all, to receive what thou giveft and haft to offer; to receive the word of life, by which thou art quickening them, and kindling holy defires after thyfelf, that every one may recive the truth in the love of it: That so bleffed God of Life! thy glorious work of redemption may be carried on, and we may all feel it carried on in our fouls.

Hear thy poor people that are crying unto thee, the God of Gods in Zion! that are sensible of their weakness and feeblenefs, and how unable they are to overcome the enemies of their fouls: Arife in thy power, O Lord! and thefe enemies shall be svattered; let the souls of thy people be raised from the duft, and delivered from their fin, that they may rejoice

and praise thy name for their deliverance.

Righteous

Righteous God of life! our eyes are unto thee, to set forth thy g'ory, for thou hast made bare thine arm for the salvation of the poor and needy souls, and thou hast been stretching forth the cords of thy love to gather them that were scattered; and hast been bringing home to thee, those that were hurried away in

a dark and cloudy day.

Thou hast made us sensible of thy operations; and hast confirmined thy servants to labour in the word and doctrine, for the gathering of such home; that so they and we may enter into thy holy covenant, and may sound forth thy praises to the ages and generations to come: That so, Holy God of Life and Live! thou that hast saved us with a marvellous salvation, mayest receive for all thy mercies, and blessings to thy children, praises, glory, hence, and thank giving; for thou alone art worthy, who art God over all, blessed forever. Amen.

SERMON II.

HEART PREPARATION for receiving the Gospel.

Preached at DEVONSHIRE-HOUSE, FEB. 12, 1687.

T is in my heart at this time, to defire that every one's heart were prepared to be made a partaker of the ble-fings of the go pel; for there is a certain preparation that every one must witners in themselves, before they are capable of receiving divine bleffings; for in all ages of the world, the bleffings of the Lord have been manifold, and his arm hath been always stretched out in all ages, to the sons and daughters of men, that are fensible of the love he hath unto them; and where these tenders of the love of God have met with prepared hearts, they have received it to their eternal welfare: But this hath been the lamentation that hath been taken up upon the greatest part of mankind, that they have not been prepared to receive the love of God; their hearts and minds have been fo filled with the love of visible things, and carnal objects, that they have not been truly fenfible of the riches of the grace, mercy, and love of God unto them.

Now, it was faid of old by the prophet, that the preparation of the heart is of the Lord; and there is something that belongs to us on our part, that we may attain this preparation, that we may be brought into this spiritual frame of mind; and that is, by returning to the Lord, for people to think upon his name, and have regard to his appearance: And although this is not the work of nature, for by nature the minds of people are abroad, and they are crying out as the Psalmist speaks, who will shew us any good? Yet to help that defect, the Lord hath been pleased to send forth his grace and his truth, and to call unto the fons and daughters of men, that they might seek after him, that they might seek the Lord while he is to be found; and they that hearken to his voice, they will readily confess, that there is nothing doth so well fatisfy an immortal foul, as to be gathered into fellowship with its Maker; and that one time or other, it is the defire of all men and women, that they might attain peace with the Lord; and they know there is no peace to the wicked; they know wickedness will remain until it is abolished and destroyed; and they know it is not in their power to destroy it; and therefore of necessity there must be a waiting upon the Lord, who is Almighty, that he may reveal his power in our weakness.

And they that are thus prepared in their minds, meet religiously together, with expectation from God; that he, according to his promise, will appear, and reveal his arm, and do in them, and for them, that which they cannot do for themselves; this is a fit occasion for people to meet together, and to have their expectation from God, and say, Lord, thou knowest my weakness, and thou knowest the enemies I have to deal withal; thou knowest I am not able to overcome them: Therefore we are now met together, in the presence of the Lord, to wait to receive at his hands, that power, that life, that virtue, by which we may be made more than conquerors. Such a religious meeting thus gathered together, hath a promise; I will be in the midst of them, saith the Lord; and therefore, having a promise, we may reasonably expect that we shall be made partakers of the living virtue and power, by which we may do that, which of ourselves we cannot do.

And, friends, it is my foul's defire, that you were all thus qualified, that every one had an evidence in himself of this right preparedness; for where the eye is abroad upon any visible thing, that it seeks satisfaction in any thing below the Lord himself, it will wear away and wax old. All those objects that people fix their mind upon, they will wax old; but they whose defires, and the breathings of whose souls are, that they may grow into acquaintance with their Maker, this will never wax old. When peoples minds are fixed, as the people of the Lord of old were, when they made a comparison between the state of their minds, and the minds of others, and signified it in these words, they are saying; they are crying (that is, they that are of the world) who will shew us are crying (that is, they that are of the world) who will shew us any good? But for our parts, our cry is, Lord lift up the light of thy countenance upon us, and we will be more glad of that, than they can be with all the increase of corn, and wine, and oil.

Now they that feel in themselves that the reason of their meeting together is to enjoy the light of God's countenance, and to partake of the blessings of God, they have their expectation from God, their minds are retired into God; knowing right well, that if the tongues of men and angels are moved to declare the heavenly and divine mysteries of the kingdom of God, they cannot be edified or benefited by them without the divine help and assistance of God's Spirit; for there is a feel upon them, and none can open that seed but the is a feal upon them, and none can open that feal, but the Lyon of the tribe of Judah; he only is found worthy to unfeal the mystery, and unfeal the divine blessings that are with the Lord: So that people must come to that retiredness of spirit, to that resignation of soul, to be as a little child waiting upon the Lord, crying out unto the Lord, that he will prepare them, that he will make them hungry, and then feed them, that he will raise a thirst in them, and then satisfy them with that he will raise a thirst in them, and then satisfy them with those divine springs of life, which through the Lord Jesus Christ are opened to every one that believeth. So far as your minds are stayed and settled in waiting for the Lord, so far you will feel in yourselves an openness and readiness, that if the Lord speaks, you are ready to hear him, ready to submit to his word, ready to obey him; there will be such an openness in the mind, not to the words of any man, but unto the word of God

God, to receive that; for where the words of men are received, though never to excellent, they convert not the foul, but the word of the Lord is pure, converting the foul. And this word is that which is able to quicken those that are dead in fins and tre passes, and bring them to be made partakers of life. For it is not an increase of knowledge that will do the turn, but it is the increase of life and virtue, the increase of godEne's, and submitting our wills unto him that made us: It is this that will do our turn, this will bring peace to the foul, and bring us into the favour of God, through our Lord Je us Christ. Now, that you may all feel that which prepares the heart for this refignation, and quietness, and subjection, you must wait upon the Lord, that you may be made partakers of the bleffings of his everlafting go pel, and of his divine presence: This is that which is most profitable, most advantageous: And then the Lord will open to you the windows of Heaven, and rain down these blessings upon you, whereby you will be comforted and refreshed, far beyond all the works that we can do; for it is an inward work that must be done upon the foul, to convert people that have been alienated and estranged from God, and bring them to a reconciled state, through the Lord Jesus Christ, whereby they may partake of the divine virtues, which sanctify and justify the soul in the fight of God.

His Prayer after Sermon.

MOST g'orious and powerful Father! thy arm of power is made bare in this our day, to bring salvation to the poor.

O Lerd! thou hast lifted up the light of thy countenance upon

a people that have waited for thy glory and thy salvation; a little remnant whom the good of this world could not satisfy; but O Lord! in an acceptable time, thou hast brought thy salvation near; and the light and brightness of the everlasting gospel, thou hast commanded to shine into the hearts and fouls of the mourners and bowed-down ones, who are seeking the living God, not among the outward forms and ways of men.

But, O bleffed Father of Life! thou hast now brought us to the day of thy power, and bowed our wills, and made us a willing people therein to serve thee, and to do thy will on earth, as it is

done in Heaven; and for that end, O Lord, thou hast put it into the hearts of thy people to wait upon thee, in whom all our fresh springs are, that from thee we may receive the renewing of

power from day to day.

In all the hours of our temptations and trials, our eves, O Lord, have been to thee and to thy power; and we acknowledge, to the glory of thy power and goodness, that thou hast been a God nigh at hand, when we have been seeking thee, and trustings in thee, so that we are a people set sible of thy power and presence with us; for that eye which they keepest open to thy children it brings thy glory to our view, and shews it breaking forth over the nations; and we have great joy and satisfaction in beholding the progress of thy mighty power in our day, how thou hast broken down and confounded, and art still breaking down and confounding, all the dark ineginations and decices of the sons and daughters of men, that have conspired to hinder the breaking forth of the glory of thy Son, Christ Jesus.

O powerful God of Life! arise more and more in the greatness of thy power and love, and make known thy counsel, and thy will among the inhabitants of the earth; and bow their minds, O Lord! and their wills, that none may dare to withstand thy appearance, less they be found fighters against God, and de-

stroyers of themselves.

O powerful Father! for this end, make bare thine arm unto the rulers and governors of these nations, that they may know thy counsels, and bow to thy heavenly will, and may promote thy law of righteousness in their own hearts, and the hearts of others; that by thy power, a bessel reformation may be wrought, and a stop put to iniquity; that it may not run down in a mighty scream, as it hath done in time past; but that truth and righteousness, and sound ju gment may be known in the earth: That they that hunger and thirst after righteousness, may have their sou's desires satisfied; and so praise and thanksgivings shall arise from their sou's to thee.

O powerful Father of Life! preserve and keep thy children, whom thou hast gathered, and purified, and to whom thou hast made known the way of life, and made them a willing people in the day of thy power, to do thy will, and to wait for the coming of that kingdom that they hast promised to establish under Christ Jesus, the King of Kings and Lord of Lords; and

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that it may grow, and increase, and be spread abroad upon the earth, and let every one desire to be the subject thereof.

Powerful Father of Life! the arm of thy power and invisible strength hath been revealed, that nothing hath been able to resist or stand against and prevail, by which thou art planting Zion and building Jerusalem, and establishing it: By the same power, let thy work be carried on, and let many be brought in to be subject to Christ, for the good of their immortal souls: As thou hast multiplied thy blessings upon us, so from day to day theu hast made us sensible of thy love unto us, owning us to be thy children and peculiar people, by thy presence in the midst of us, whenever we meet in thy name to wait upon thee, that so, Living Father, all thine, both here and every where, may be encouraged to attend upon thee, and to be faithful to thy power; that waiting for the opening of thy counsels, and the enlightening their understandings, they may be able to comprehend, with all faints, the height, and depth, and length, and breadth of thy love in Christ Jesus; that in the sense of the freeness and greatness thereof, all thy children here and every where, that in an everlasting covenant of grace thou hast gathered to thyfelf, may have communion with thee and thy Son and Spirit; and may return thee the honor, glory, and praise of all thy love, and mercy, and grace; for thou alone art worthy, who art God over all, bleffed forever and ever. Amen.

SERMON III.

The First and Great Commandment.

Preached at DEVONSHIRE-HOUSE, May 27, 1688.

HEN God gave forth his Law on Mount Sinai, which Israel was to hear and obey, the first and great commandment was, thou shalt have no other Gods before me. Here is the sum and substance of all true religion that ever was upon earth to this day. All the commandments, all the precepts, prophecies, and all the dealings of God with his people, from that day to this, have all been contained in this short precept, thou shalt have no other Gods

but me. And as long as Israel stood in obedience to this command, their blessings were multiplied upon them, their good things were increased from day to day; the Lord was with them, as long as they were willing to be his people; he appeared as their God, and as their defender wrought their deliverances, fought all their battles for them, gave them dominion and strength, courage and wisdom; ministered out of his treasury all good things unto them; for the great care of God Almighty was with all his people, he had regard to them, and visited them at all times, to keep them from idolatry; I am, saith he, a jealous God, take notice of me to be so; I am jealous of my name; if thou wilt be mine, thou shalt have no other Gods but me.

And all the precepts about offerings and sacrifices.

And all the precepts about offerings and facrifices, and making atonement for finners, and the divers fervices and worship, the various offices in the temple and fanctuary, they were all outward means appointed of God, to keep this outward church in an inward conformity to the command of God. This command was written in tables of stone, and these tables were laid up in the ark of God, and all this appertained to the first covenant, and typed and sigured out the dispensation of the new and everlasting covenant that God would make with his people, not like unto the old: How not like it? Not like it in the outward shadows, the types and the down of things have be availabled as God. and shadows of things, but he would bring forth the substance of all those shadows and types, and would alter the form and outward appearance of things; for as God is unchangeable, so is his law unchangeable.

Moses saith, the first and great commandment is, Thou shalt have no other Gods but me. This was put into the stone tables. Christ Jesus saith, the first and great commandment is, Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy soul, and with all thy mind, Matt. xxii, 27. This is put into the tables of the heart. So here is a difference between the first commandment by Moses, and the first commandment by Christ; they both acknowledge the first and great command to be the subjecting of the creature to him that made him, as his God, that he may only serve him, and that he may love him with his whole heart: The Jew could prove this by his stone tables, and Christ proves this by the slessly tables of the heart, for

The FIRST and GREAT COMMANDMENT.

there he is bound to love the Lord with his whole heart, and

to erve him only; him only shalt thou erve.

Now, here the Jews law is brought over to the Christians, in the greatest point of religion that ever was preached; shuts out all idolatry, all superstition, all variety of religions; all is shut out by this commandment, and the Christian that hath the law written in his heart, according to the new covenant, he can go as readily to it and read it, as ever the Jew could go to his stone table, and read the law there; you cannot deny, that if there be a thing written and engraven in my heart, I can go as readily to it as I can go to any book or table, tho I have the keeping of it: But the Jews had not the keeping of it, for generally it was laid up in the ark of God.

Now, friends, that which lies upon my mind to speak to you at this time, and that out of the great love that I have to all your precious and immortal souls, as God hath had love to wine, is, that you would all consider and weigh in the fear of the Lord, whose presence is among us, which of you, and how many of you are come to the obelience of this commandment: I do not doubt but the most of you can say them all, but a happy people are you if you can do one: I dare pronounce that soul a blessed soul, that can perform this one commandment, that can or dare stand before his Maker, and say, O Lord! I love thee with all my heart, with all my foul, and with all my wight; my love is withdrawn from all other things in compari on of thee; there is nothing in this whole world hath a place in my mind, but as it is in subjection to the love of thee.

Here is the first and great commandment, the unchangeable law, the law that was good in M ses' days, and good in Christ's days, and it holds good in our days; and indeed it is such a definitive law, that the breakers of it can neither be good Jews, nor good Christians. There is an absolute necessity lies upon us, of abstracting and drawing away our minds and fouls from all other gods, from all images and other dependencies and trusts that people are naturally liable to trust to, and to have their whole considence set upon the Lord; but alas! with grief of heart I speak it, there are but very sew that as yet have known the right giving forth of the law, and there are sewer that are subject to it. This law was not

given forth at first without thunder and lightening, and a terfible noise, and the mountain smoking (he that bath an ear to hear, let him hear) insoniuch as M. Jes himself said, he feared greatly, and he quaked exceedingly, because of the thunder of the Almighty, and the mountain that smoked and burnt with fire, so that Israel could not draw nigh.

Now I fav, there are but a few that have come to the knowledge of the giving forth of this law, that have certainly known those thunders, and that terrible work that the Lord of the whole earth makes, when he comes to fet up his law; for a great many that have come nigh to it, and might have heard and received the words of the law of God, they have gone backward, they have done like unto the Jews of old, though they had fuffered much, and gone through much, and had feen the wonders of the Lord; how he had led them and delivered them; yet when it came to this, that they must hear the voice of God, they faid we cannot bear it; we cannot endure it: We have devised for ourselves an easier way; for the voice of thunder and dreadful noises, put them into terror and quaking, and trembling, and great dread came upon them; but we have found an easier way, say they; what is that? Go theu, said they to Moses, and hear theu what the Lord saith, and come thou and tell us, thou shalt be a Mediator between us; let God speak unto thee, and do thou speak the fame to us, and we will hear thee.

Thus the Jews that were not come beyond the law of God written in tables of stone, they would not come to receive it in their hearts, as the Christian must; so Misses received the law from the mouth of God, and he was faithful as a servant in the house of God, and he ministered forth the law of God, his precepts, statutes and judgments, and testimonies; and he made them a book of laws for all of them to walk by, from the highest to the lowest; how they should act in criminal matters, and to do justice between man and man, and what they should do in the worship of God, and what they should do towards the prieft, whose lips should preferve knowledge for them; and fo he brought up a form of religion; but his work was according to the precepts of God; and he brought them into the form of national religion, and government, and national laws. And so Moses and the priest ruled over them; and

the priest offered facrifice for them, and made atonement for them, and Moses enquired of the Lord, and asked council for them, and taught and instructed them; and what became of all this at last? When this was done, the priest made atonement for fin, buthe could not pluck away the guilt of one fin; there remained the conscience of sin after he had made his offering; and Moses taught them the counsels of God, and the commands of God, but he could not bind their hearts to the obedience of them; for he declared openly against them, that they were a rebellious and sliff-necked people, notwith-standing they had a law without them. Indeed, time would fail me to run through the manifold miscarriages of the church of the Jews, in respect of their idolatry, in respect of their contempt and rebellion, both to God and his fervant Moses, who was to teach and to guide them: I say, the time would fail me to mention the manifold miscarriages that

happened among this people, that had a law and religion with-

out them, and a teacher without them.

Now in the fulness of time it pleased God in fending his Son, Christ Jesus, to raise up a prophet like unto Moses, in respect of saithfulness, though higher in respect of dignity; for Moses was saithful in all his house as a servant, but this man was faithful as a fon in his own house, in the house that he was heir of, that house wherein he was as King, even a priest, a prophet, and a ruler in. When the Lord fignified by the spirit of prophecy, the coming of the Just One, he signified to the people that his ministry should not be as that of Aaren; the people should not have their religion without them, and their laws and precepts without them, and their priests without them, and their worship and church without them; but that they should have it all within them. I will write my law in their hearts, I will put it into their inward parts, then they shall be my people, and I will be their God, and they shall not forsake me. Your fathers brake my old covenant, but I will make a new covenant in the latter days, a new covenant, not like that your fathers broke; they brake the law without them, but I will write my law in their hearts; this prophet that is like to Mo-fes, he shall teach my people, he shall be a leader to them, and guide them in the way they are to go, and shall be a captain for them.

them, to lead them to salvation; and it shall come to pass, in the them, to lead them to Jaivation; and it shall come to pass, in the day that I do this, if there be any that will not hear him, he shall be cut off from among the people. That is, the judgment that comes upon the contemners of the gospel, upon them that will not hear Christ Jesus, they shall be cut off from the people; from what people? From the people of God; they shall have no part of the privileges that are enjoyed thro' Christ; they shall be cut off from the benefits that others reap by their faith in Christ.

So that now we are to expect the operation and working of a ministry, that leads a people to an inward religion, a heart religion, where the heart is fixed entirely upon the true and living God, as the object of their dependence and trust; and they have no other. This is a strange word to flesh and blood; what, no other dependence then on the invisible God. dence than on the invisible God? Flesh and blood, and fensuality, can never come to this; this is a religion that hath been hid from ages and generations, and will be hid to all ages that ever shall be in the world, where sensuality prevails. What, will you have me to have my whole dependence for the comfort of my life here, and of the life that is to come, the other life, to have my dependence upon an invisible God, that invisible power that made me, and created the world? How is it possible for me to sequester myself, and draw myself off from all visible objects? I must trust to this, and trust to that: Flesh and blood can never attain to this, with all the wit and reason it hath; it can never separate itself from idols; they are little children; they are children of another birth, born of another seed, that keep themselves from idols. feed, that keep themselves from idols.

Friends, idolatry is a great deal more common, I find, than most are aware of. Am I commanded to love the Lord with all my heart, and foul, and mind, and might? What is left when the whole is taken away? If God hath my whole heart, what have I to bestow upon the world? What love, what affection, what eagerness, what fervency can I bestow upon the world, or any object in the world, when my whole heart, and soul, and mind, is gone before, is gone toward the Lord?

This is the first and great commandment; and the fe-

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cond is like unto it, that is, then finale love thy neighbour as the felf. Here it is that the law and the prophets, faith, creeds, prayer, religion and worship, all that ever was in the world, all are comprehended in this, theu shalt leve the world, all are comprehended in this, then shalt leve the Lord thy God with all thy heart, foul and strength, and thy neighbour as thyself. So what need is there for us to be disputing about religion; about this tenet, and the other tenet; this text, and the other text? For my part, I should only defire you to understand this text, and I should not doubt your going to Heaven. Here is the sum; here is all at once; here is the quintessence of all religion, of all types, shadows, sigures, ceremonies and priess-hood, and all that ever was or could be named and practifed in the world; all brought to this, the heart given up to G.d; our love fet upon him.

What, is this sufficient, will some say? This will make you a good moral man; but what is this to the Christian religion? You may be led into error, and become a he-

retic for all this.

How can this be, that I should not be of a found faith, but led into error and herefy for all this? When people let in error, and herefy, and unfoundness of faith, where do they let it in? Do they not let in the principles of error and herefy into their hearts? I believe this, and that, and the other error, that it comes into the heart, and bath a feat in the heart; but how can we let it into the heart, when the heart is given up to God? Cannot I keep out error and herefy, if I give up my heart and foul to him? Cannot I trust him with all?

This kind of talk of error and herefy hath come among men that have had the keeping of their own fouls: They have taken their own fouls into their own hands, and have ordered their religion themselves, or have had somebody to order it for them; and a great many of them have met together to make creeds, and catechisms, and confessions, and orthodox doctrines, that might certainly be professed and subscribed. So afterwards some have come and found fault with them; then they must have a council to try them; then thefe go off and are laid afide, and others are given in the room of them; so that these men

have fet up for themselves. These would not be under the government and prescription of God, as children under the government of a father; but they will set up reder the government of a father; but they will set up religions themselves, and say to the rest of the world, if you own any thing contrary to our principles, you are a heretic; and being a heretic, you are to be rooted out and cut off. Do not you read in the scripture, that whover hears not the Prophet that was to come into the world, should be cut off? What, will not you hear Christ speak in the church? Will not you hear Christ speak? The church cannot speak without a head; if you will not hear the church, you must be cut off. Then they have fallen to hanging, and burning, and killing, and destroying people, and nations not a few: And this comes from their making shifts, and creeks, and ordering religion themselves. ing faiths, and creeds, and ordering religion themselves: All their barbarous and inhuman crueities, martyring and dungeoning people, comes from their making faiths them-felves; and of all things nothing is more desperately wicked, and they did not know it. The heart is deceitful above all things, and desperately wicked, who can know it? Men know not how proud and arrogant they themselves are, and yet they would be ordering the hearts, and minds, and con-iciences of others; and out of this hath iprung all fupersition and idolatry, because men would not give up their hearts to God; thou shalt lave no other Gods but me. This commandment is great in itself; strict in the terms; theu shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and thy neighbour as thyfelf. Their neighbours could not see with their eyes; therefore they would be hanging, and burning, and destroying one another.

But, bleffed be God, who is now bringing forth true Christianity upon its old basis and foundation, whereon it was placed at first, for Christianity hath been justled off from its first foundation; for instead of loving God with all their hearts, and loving their neighbours as themselves, they hated them: Now this is the day, O friends! the weight of it is great; this I say is the day wherein God is bringing Chris-

tianity upon its old foundation.

I would not have you think that I am here judging our fore-fathers, that are fallen asleep, that, therefore, they are gone to Hell, because they saw not this day, and lived not to see that benefit of it that we enjoy; I am far from it: This was the thing that they believed and prayed to God for; they did not see this day outwardly, but they saw it by faith. When I was a child, I remember the people of God, when they met three or four together, they would rejoice in the hopes of what they foresaw; they gave thanks to God for the blessed days that he would bring forth, though they could not tell when; they did say, and believe, that God would scatter the sogs, and miss, and bring forth a happy day, wherein his people should have the gift of his Spirit: When they saw the impositions and perfecutions of those times, when they that did not conform, and comply, were cast into prisons, dungeons and gaols; well, it will not always be thus, say they, there is a day coming, wherein the Lord will fet his people free from all the yokes of oppression, and from the oppressor.

Indeed, my foul did rejoice in hearing the prophetical fayings of those good men, and I thought I might live to fee that day. Beffed be God that hath preferved my life to this day, and to this hour, to enjoy what they prayed for: They prayed to God to featter the mifts and fogs, that they might no longer cloud and darken men's minds, and hinder them from enjoying God's teaching. Eleffed be God, that we are now in the enjoyment of the prayers of the faithful, that left the world before we were in it. Now the day is come that

they prayed for, and enquired after-

How strangely doth the man talk, will some say, concerning the Christian religion; the Christian religion is all England over; go to any meeting in London, except one, and they will tell you they are Christians; I would to God they were; that is the worst I wish them all. But what should we talk of the Christian religion without the Christian life? except we find that amongst them, what signifies the name and profession of it? And the Christian doctrine is wanting in many places too. There is many in this city, urging this very command, of loving God with all their hearts, and their neighbours as themselves, as servently as I can do, or any body else; and yet they will tell you in the next breath, that no man in London, nor in the world, can do this; no man can possibly love God with all his heart; never a man can be found that can

perform

perform such an act, as to love his neighbour as himself: Not every neighbour, it may be, but some one choice associate he may pick out, that he can love, and bear with his infirmities and affronts, and love him as himfelf; love thy neighbour, that is every body, that there may be a good-will for all people throughout the whole race of mankind, peace on earth. good-will towards men: This is the fruit of the gospel. Christian words will not make the Christian religion, there must be a Christian life; but where shall we find that, or seek it?

I know not, I have nothing to do to judge any body, but there is one that judgeth who it is that liveth the Christian life, and who doth not? Who is this? what one is this? The HEAD of the Christian church: Why, is he here? Yes, the head of the Christian church is here, and he speaks and gives sentence; if you have an ear you may hear him, and if you will turn your mind inward, for he is an inward minister, every one of you, if you will turn your minds inward, he will tell you whether you live a Christian life, and what life it is you live: If there be a drunkard here, let him ask whether his life be a Christian life; will a man go away ignorant from this place, and have no answer? If there be a drunkard here, let him ask inwardly in his own bosom, Lord is my life a Christian life? I dare affirm, on God's behalf, he will have an answer, no, thy life is not a Christian life, but a shameful, beastly life, a brutish one.

Who told you that the Head of Christians, Christ Jesus, is present? Christ Jesus, is he present? How came he here? He is ascended up into Heaven such a day, say they, how came he here? Let him be ascended up into Heaven, yet he is not so ascended into Heaven as not to be here also; how should he fulfil his promise, if he be circumscribed in Heaven or earth? How should he make good his promise, if when two or three are met together in his name, he is not in the midst of them? Here now are many more than two or three met together in the name of Christ, and that hope for acceptance with God, through the Mediator, Christ Jesus; if you think that here are two or three met together in the name of Christ,

it follows that Christ is in the midst of them.

I know not what you may enjoy, some may possibly say, I do not find any such presence of Christ; I hear of the prefence of Christ in the sacrament, and I have heard talk of the presence of Christ at a meeting, but I have been at many a

meeting, and I never found fuch a presence of Christ.

Can you read the scriptures? Yes, I can read the scriptures as well as you but that cannot give me a sense of it; I do read the scriptures and believe them; but what signifies my reading the scriptures concerning the presence of Christ, if I have not a sense of it? I have been at many a meeting, but never had the sense of such a Divine Presence as you talk of, nor it may be at the sacrament neither: What is the reason thou hast no sense of it? If thou wilt take my counsel, and turn thy mind inward, and enquire whether the thing I speak of be true, whether there be such a voice as I speak of, that will tell thee what thy state is: If thou wilt be true to thyself, thou mayest know the Divine Presence, and thou mayest hear Christ speak.

The foul hath eyes, and ears, as well as the body. What eyes doth the apostic mean when he saith, the God of this world hath blinded the eyes of them that believe not, left the light of the glorious gospel of Christ, who is the image of God, should shine unto them? If the soul hath eyes, and ears, as well as the body, it can hear, and see as the body; as the bodily eye can see visible things, so the eye of the soul can see things that are invisible, and heavenly; you can hear my voice outwardly, and you may hear the voice of Christ inwardly. I have known some that have been so afraid to hear all of themselves, that they would not enquire; some have been so guilty in their own consciences, that they have been afraid of hearing ill, and would not enquire about themselves: So it is inwardly; some have been so conscious that their life and conversation is naught, that their life is a sinsful life, that they dare not put it to the question: It would certainly have been told them, thy life is not a Christian life; thou must mend thy life, before ever thou comest to have peace with God: If this should be thy portion and mine, that upon search we should find our condition bad, what harm is it?

I would put one question to thee, be serious in considering of it: We are all children of wrath by nature, none of us differ about that, and that unless we be born again, we cannot enter into the kingdom of God. The question is, whether I

am one of those or not? Suppose upon enquiry it be discovered to me that I am not, that is bad enough; this is hard, but not so hard as it is true; this is the thing which I would have you confider: Am not I in a better case to know that I am in a natural state, than to go on and perish to eternity?
As long as there is life, there is hope; as long as a man is upon the earth, and taking care for his foul, and enquiring about the state of his immortal foul, if his foul is not in a good condition, is it not better for him to know it, and to feek for a cure? For there is no greater infirmity and infelicity can be upon man, than to have some occult and hidden disease, that he cannot be made fensible of; for this wastes and spoils him, and he cannot be persuaded to look out for a remedy: So it is inwardly; if a man be ignorant of his condition, and go on to his dying day, and hour, and does not feek after a remedy, this man perisheth without all peradventure. you are in this enquiry, be content to be controlled, be willing to have the truth spoken, though it be against yourselves. I might instance in divers things that I have spoken of: If a man be satisfied that his life is not a Christian life; I say, if the swearer or liar, if the proud person, or the esseminate, as foon as they come to be satisfied that their life is not a Christian life that they now live, what can this man expect? What counsel should we give him, and what counsel should he take? I will go onin the way that I am in: What, after thou knowest thy life is not a Christian life? God forbid: Wilt hou go on and perpetrate fin upon fin, and heap up wrath against the day of wrath; I am a sinner, my life is unchrist an, I make account to live in fin, and die in fin; is this good policy? Consider another text which our Lord spake, if ye die in your fins, whither I go, ye cannot come.

O friends, lay these things to your hearts; what have I

to do but to tell you that the love I have in my foul for you all, makes me desire in my heart that you might be saved? This is the will of God, that you might all be faved, and come to the knowledge of the truth: Biessed are they that know the truth; the truth as it is in Jesus. Truth in the inward parts, hath a speaking voice; and if thou hearken to it, it will tell thee that thy state is naught. Canst thou believe the truth when he tells thee so, that

thy state is naught, and that thou art like to go to eternal destruction, unless there be repentance and regeneration to prevent it? Canst thou believe this doctrine, when it founds in thy own heart? If thou canst not believe it, unbelief will be thy ruin. The spirit of truth is come to convince the world of sin, because they believe not in Christ: He tells them their condition, and they will not believe him. The Spirit of Christ convinceth men of sin, and they believe him not. The spirit of truth convinceth thee of thy fin, but thou believest him not. If thou lovest thy pleasure, and thy profit, and thine honour, then thou lovest not God with all thine heart; and then thou art not a Christian, but out of covenant with God. Art thou senfible that thy condition is bad, were it not best to get it mended? After we are convinced of our own sinful state, is it not our best course to seek to have it mended? Who shall mend it? faith one; I have done all I can to mend my life, and I cannot mend it.

I have concluded fo in my younger years; I have fasted, and prayed, and spent time in hearing, reading, and meditation, and did all in my own power, and all to mend my state, but I could not mend it; and as I grew up in years, fin and corruption more prevailed, and there was no help; and I came so far as to believe there was no help, and that if God did not help me, I was undone to all eternity. I many times wished that I had never been born: I went to ministers and meetings, and to all forts of separate people, and to all manner of ordinances, and to all manner of means, to mend this bad heart of mine, to fee if I could get a power that would give me victory over my corruptions; but my arm was never fo long as to reach thereunto; it was far out of my power and

reach.

Many have fought to get this power of reforming their hearts and lives; to attain it by their own hands, by their own endeavours, but they could never do it; they could never better their condition, nor bring forth fruit worthy of amendment of life. I wish that every one was come to that pass, that they knew not which way to turn them; that they were come at last to their wits end: They

will

will come to it sooner or later; the sooner the better. I have done all I can; I can do no more; I am at my wits end, and I know not what to think, concerning my eterend, and I know not what to think, concerning my eternal state; I know not what to judge of it; I strive against my lusts and corruptions, but for all that they prevail against me: Temptations come before me, but I cannot conquer them. O I am glad when people come to that pass, that they know not what to do, but despair of their own arms, of their own strength, and their own wit, and despair of all other help in the world; I am glad of

I am not preaching up despair of God's grace and mercy; but let me tell you, when men despair of their own doings, and of all outward means, and helps, then they are sit objects for the mercy of God; and not till then: When the Lord looked, and saw that there was none to save and deliver, then his own arm brought salvation. God will not save till then; God will not reveal his power, till not tave till then; God will not reveal his power, till men have done with their own power; they will never trust God, while they think they can do something for themselves. All the forms of religion of the several people of this nation, will do them little good without the power. What is the meaning of that principle, to have such masses, and prayers, and performances? What is the meaning of it? Let us search to the bottom. They say we are sinners; when we pray to God for his blessing, and for salvation by Christ, there is this at the bottom, they think these duties and performances will be very helpful to their state; helpful towards the knowledge of it. ful to their state; helpful towards the knowledge of it: To speak plain English, these are their Gods. If I speak of prophane and wicked people, I would fay their lusts are their Gods: But when I speak of righteous people, that are meer formalists, then I say their duties, as they call them, are their Gods. When they have done all, they can do nothing for them, and then they have no Gods at all; then they are godless: And if God doth not help them, then they are undone to all eternity.

When poor creatures are cast out, as it were, into the open field, to the loathing of their persons, not salted at all, nor swaddled at all, but lying in the guilt of their blood: When I passed by thee, saith the Lord, and saw thee polluted in thy own blood, I faid unto thee, when they wast in thy blood, yea, when thou wast in thy blood, I said unto thee, live. When I passed by thee, and looked upon thee, behold, thy time was a time of love, and I spread my skirt over thee, and covered thy naked-ness; yea, I sware unto thee, and entered into covenant with thee, saith the Lord God, and thou becamest mine. What, was it a time of love, when I was fuch an object in mine own eyes, that I thought I was the most mise-rable creature in the world; one that could not make a good prayer, nor dispute for religion, nor perform any duty; a poor creature cast out into the open field, to the loathing of my person; lost all that I gained; my name was from annuig the living; my days were passed over in forrow, and I said there is nothing but darkness, and death, and mivery for me: I used all means, and tried all things, faving only a living trust in God alone, and that flan and blood cannot do. Flesh and blood cannot know him, therefore fieth and blood cannot trust in L 2. Alas! said I, I cannot trust in the Lord, I cannot cast my soul and all my concerns, my fame and reputation in the world, I cannot cast all upon the care of the Almight; I cannot know him, nor trust in him; how can I do it? nobody can do it. They that know my name, saith the Lord, they will put their trust in me: Never a truer word was speken; but how they should know God, and trust in him, I know not.

When thou comest once to this pass, to be at thy wits end, and not know which way to turn thee, nor to whom to run for help, or to ask counsel for thy soul's welfare, when thou art come to the end of all, and without hope, then God reveals himself by his Son Jesus Christ; Christ the Son of God, is known by our coming to him; but none can come unto Christ, except the Father which hath sent him, draw him: When the u hast done with thy Gods, and thrown away thy idels to the bats and moles, then thou wilt find the Lord; and thou wilt cry out, O! that God would have mercy upon me, and list up the light of his countenance upon me; I am a poor, miserable creature. There are many that make such a whining and complaining, that they take a pride in their very complaints,

plaints, their hypocrify is fo great. I have known some that have prided themselves in wording their condition, and expressing their miserable case before the Lord; but suppose thou canst not speak at all, but feelest thyself miserable, thou canst not express thy condition; at such a time as this, God was drawing thy foul to Christ Jesus, the Mediator of it: I have heard of a Mediator, and that there is Balm in Gilead for me; that there is a physician there; that there is one physician, even Jesus Christ, the Mediator of the new covenant; thou hast sinned against him, and grieved him, yet he stands with open arms for thee, ready to receive thee and embrace thee; where stands he? He stands at the door and knocks; it is a fmall matter, one would think, to let him in: Rev. iii, 20. Behold, I stand at the door and knock; and if any man hear my voice, and open the door, I will come in to him, and fup with him, and he with me. Here is good news for an hungry foul, if any fuch be here; Christ the Mediator, stands at the door and knocks, he will come in and fup with thee, if thou open to him; then we shall meet with the Lord's supper: This is the Lord, I will wait for him; he will bring his bread with him, the bread of life, and the wine of his kingdom, and the Lord's supper will be celebrated without cavilling and iangling.

Now, because we will not pervert the scripture, I would have you that understand books, read what commentators of this and former ages say upon this text; whether they do not deliver in their opinions, that this knocking at the door, is Christ calling the soul by his grace; and this door is the door of the heart, and Christ's calling the soul by his grace and Spirit, to let him in by faith: This is their judgment and sense, and their sense is mine; and I believe the genuine sense of this text, that Christ would have people think he is near to them, and would have them open their hearts, and receive

him by faith, to be a Saviour to them.

No; that, faith flesh and blood, I cannot bear, I cannot consent to have him for my Saviour, I will not let him in, for he is like *Micaiah* to *Ahab*, he never spake good concerning me: For if I have him for my Saviour, I must part with my lusts and pleasures; if there be any other Saviour, I will try, and not meddle with him; he will spoil all our mirth and

good fociety; he will tell me that every idle word that I shall speak, I must give an account thereof in the day of judg-ment: What, do you think that I can like such a Saviour? That I can live with such a one as will call me to an account for every word I speak; and that if I speak one idle word, judgment will come upon me? No, I will try one and another, rather than accept of him on such terms; I am one that am joined to such a church, and enjoy such and such ordinances, and such helps: I am in covenant with God, and under the feals of that covenant; I am baptized, and do par-take of the Lord's supper, which is another seal of the covenant; I hope it will go well with me. I will go fomething farther: Another faith, he must have a Mediator; I will go to the Virgin Mary, and offer fomething to her, and pray to her: Saith another, I will go to Saint James, and Saint John, and other Saints to intercede with God for me. They must have fome Mediator: This is the twisting and twining of the fons and daughters of men, to keep out Christ, the great Mediator, who came into the world for this purpose, to destroy the works of the Devil. Alas! I have nothing left but my bare life and living in this world; I have nothing left me but some little desire I had to please God, and that he will never judge and condemn me for; but my false dealing, and buying and feiling with deceit, he will judge this, and condemn me; and my discoursing of things without me; all my carnal friendship of the world, and my vain fashions, all this is corrupt and defiled; these he came on purpose to destroy; he came to destroy both the Devil and his works. What, can a man live in the world, and never join with the Devil? never fin at all? never do any thing that the Devil would have him to do? There is no perfection in this world; no living without fin here; then I am fure there is no unity with Christ here; and if there be no unity with Christ, then there is none with God the Father. What will become of thee now? What will all the pleaders for that opinion fay now? There is fomething stands between God and me, and I shall never have peace; and what is that? It is sin; I would have my fin taken away, else I had better never been born. Canst thou remove sin out of thy heart? I have tried, but I cannot do it; I have heard of Christ the Mediator

Mediator of the new covenant, he faith, he came into the world, and that for this purpose he was manifested, that he might destroy the works of the Devil. Now sin in my heart is the Devil's work, I will see if he will destroy that for me; I will trust and rely upon him, and see if his great power can

destroy it in me. Here people come rightly to believe in him that God hath sent, and trust in him, and he will take them in; and, like a Chirurgeon, he will rip their hearts, and let out their corruptions, though there hath been ever fo much rottenness; and he will heal them, and purify them, and pardon them, though they have been ever so wicked, if they come to him; when thy fins are set in order before thee, then thou criest out, O wretched man that I am! who shall deliver me from this body of death? Is it God that hath thought on me, and waited to be gracious, hath born my fins long? how wonderful is his patience towards me! All these things working in the foul, tends to beget a love of God, and fervent desires after being cleansed and purified from fin, and earnest prayer to the Lord, to make the holy fire to kindle that would burn it up: The more the soul trusteth in Christ, the more doth this heavenly fire burn up our lusts, and then a man feels a great change in his mind: The things, saith he, that I delighted in, are now grievous to me; I hope I shall never be found in those things again; my mind is now taken off them; who took it off? Didst thou not strive before to take it off? I did, but I could not do it. There are many, I believe, in this affembly, before the Lord, that are my witnesses in this matter, that when they came to Christ the Mediator, he changed their minds, and he untied the Devil's fetters; they were tied to their fins and lusts, but he hath unloosed them; they are ashamed of those things that they formerly took pleasure in. What fruit (saith the apostle) had you in those things, whereof you are now ashamed? So I say, what pleasure have you in sporting, and gaming, and drinking, and company-keeping? What pleasure have you to think on your wanton discourses? What pleasure in pride and vanity? What pleasure in wrath and bitterness of mind? And what pleasure in malice and envy? What pleasure have you in these things whereof you are now ashamed? So far as you

are convinced, you are ashamed to think of them; I am athamed to think that the Devil at such a time, by such a

temptation, should prevail over me.

I would to God you were all come to this, to be assumed, that you might remember your past evil ways and actions, with forrow and shame: There is a secret joy in this. Sure it is better to be assumed, than to continue in impudence. God hath wrought this change at last; and who shall have the glory of it? God shall have the glory of it; for his own works will praise him. What men do, many times they do for their own praise; but when they are at their wits end, and know not what to do, they cast themseives upon their Maker, to see if he will have mercy upon them; if not, they must perish: Then for what he doth, he gets the glory and the praise

There are some here, that are bound to praise God while they have a day to live, for what he hath done for them. They could never have loved God with all their hearts; but they would have continued frangers to God, and the Devil would have led them captive at his will. They would not have loved God with all their hearts, had not God first shed abroad his love upon their hearts, and constrained them to love him: It is he that

hearts, and constrained them to love him: It is he that hath first loved them, and wrought in them, both to will and to de, of his own good pleasure. Whatsoever we are, we are by the grace of God; this grace is magnissed in them that believe and obey the gospel.

My friends, we know there is so much peace and pleasure in the ways of God; so much soul-statisfaction in walking with God, and loving of him with all our hearts, I should be glad if every one of you were of the same mind, and had experience of it. We labour diligently for this purpose; and we would set before you these two things:

things:

First, how we may come to know our miserable state

by nature.

And what a bleffed and happy flate they are in, that have been converted and changed; that have been translated out of the kingdom of darkness, into the kingdom of God's dear Son.

Confider your state by nature is evil; we hope that many of you believe the reports of the golpel, concerning the goodness of the Lord, his great love in fending his Son into the world, to feek and to fave you that were loft, and that you believe in him. And we are persuaded, that by the foolinness of preaching God will save some of you, that you may be his redeemed ones, and trust to no other Saviour: For there is not any other name under Heaven, but the name of Jesus, by which we can be saved. He only can take away the fins of the world; his spirit searcheth the heart, and trieth the reins, which he promifed to fend into the world when he was about leaving of it. Now I dare proclaim that Holy Spirit to be the Spirit of the God of Heaven, that now fees what refolution thou art of, and what thou art now proposing to do; whether to go on in fin, or to return to God. This I can speak without blasphemy, it is God's Spirit that searcheth the heart, and knoweth thy thoughts and purposes, and convinceth thee of thy fin: God hath fent his Son Christ Jesus into the world to enlighten you, that by his light you may fee him; and that by his grace you might receive him; and that by his grace you might be faved.

To him I commit you all, and these words that we have spoken in the evidence and demonstration of the spi-

rit, according as he hath wrought in us.

I must tell you we were never called of God to study Sermons for you, nor to preach things that are made ready to our hands; but as the Lord our God hath wrought in us, and as God hath been pleased to make known his mind to us, and by his Spirit given us utterance, fo we speak, and fo we preach. You that are come to believe and receive the things of the Spirit, you will judge what I fay. I speak unto you that are spiritual; juige ye what I say, faith the apostle. So when I speak of divine and heavenly things, you that are spiritual, judge what I say? And as you come to judge and determine in yourselves that these things are true, you will feel the power of them in your own spirits, and we shall all be of the same mind; and as we have one God, we shall serve him in fincerity, and worship him with reverence. Then his name fhall

shall be exalted in the midst of us, and we shall edify one another in love, and we shall instruct one another, and call upon one another; come, let us go to the house of the God of Jacob, he will teach us, and preferve us in his way, and do us good, and keep us from all evil.

Turn your minds inward, and confider that God is a God at hand, ready to help you; and he requires no more of you than of other people in former times, to love the Lord with all your hearts, and to abstract and withdraw your mind from all other things that do come in competition with him; and be fure to have no trust or dependence but upon him; then fee what God will do for you: No tongue can express, nor pen write; nei-ther hath it entered into the heart of man to conceive, the things that God hath prepared for those that love him. That wildom and knowledge, that joy and peace, and consolation, that passeth all understanding, he will reveal and communicate by his spirit to them that love him, and trust in him, and rely upon him, and receive teaching from him; he will feed them with food in due feafon; he will bring the former and the latter rain, and they shall be as trees planted by the rivers of water, and bring forth fruit in

aue season; and their leaf shall not sade or wither.

This hath been Lenden's wonder, and England's wonder, how it comes to pass, that such a people's leaf hath not withered, nor faded, as many have done: Our root was by a river; if we had frood in ourselves; if our dependence and support had been upon doctrines, tenets, and commandments of men, then our leaf would have been upon the ground as well as others; but because we have been upon our root, Christ Jesus, that is always green, both in summer and winter, therefore our leaf hath not withered; to the praise of God, and to the honour of his name, be it spoken: He hath preserved us, for we have no power of ourselves, no more than others; but we trust in God, and have received power from God, to stand as witnesses for him; we have trusted in the Lord, and he hath stood by us, and delivered us, when we were compassed about with dangers and distresses; if we continue to trust in him still, he will bring us through all

The FIRST and GREAT COMMANDMENT, &c. 43

our trials and troubles, and he will be with us, and never leave us nor for sake us; if we take him for our God,

we shall never need any other.

We read that Senacherib, king of Affyria, fent Rabshekah to Jerufalem to Hezekiah, with a great army, faying, what confidence is this wherein thou trustest? And he spake also to the people, and cried with a loud voice, hear you the word of the great king of Assyria; let not Hezekiah deceive you, for he shall not be able to deliver you; neither let Hezekiah make you trust in the Lord, saying, the Lord will deliver us. Hezekiah went and prayed to the Lord, saying, O Lord of hosts, God of Israel, that dwellest between the Cherubins, thou art the God, the God alone of all the kingdoms of the earth; thou hast made Heaven and earth; incline thine ear, O Lord, and hear; open thine eyes, O Lord, and see and hear all the words of Senacherib, which he hath fent to reproach the living God, &c. And we read, that after he had presented his supplication before the Lord, the angel of the Lord went forth and smote in the camp of the Assyrians, one hundred four score and five thou-fand; and when they arose early in the morning, behold, they were all dead corps.

Thus you see what came of it at last; and thus it hath been in our day; they that trust in the Lord, he will deliver them, and they shall never be assumed nor confounded; but as for all other Gods, they that trust in them, shall be confounded and covered with shame, and they and their Gods will perish to-

gether.

And now, my friends, I befeech you all to have respect to this great duty of putting your whole trust in the Lord, who is the living God, and he will be always present with you, and work in you both to will and to do of his good pleasure; he will support and preserve you in all your trials and sufferings, that you may be vessels of honor, to bear his name in the earth, and so sound forth his praise to the following generations.

His Prayer after Sermon.

MOST glorious, infinite, Powerful Father! who haft created us, and given us life and breath, and lengthened out our time to this day, and hast long waited to be gracious to us, and art still waiting upon the sons and daughters of men, halding forth

forth the hand of thy love, and offering thy grace and tendering felvation unto them, and hoft brought a day of visitation upon the

inhabitants of this city and nation.

Glory, praise and thanks giving be to thee, O Lord! that by thy power, thou hast inclinear the hearts and consciences of the sons and daughters of men, to submit to thee, and bow their neeks to the beyed and easy yeke of thy S.n. Jesus Christ, that they may do thy will on earth, as it is done in Heaven. They that are travelling, and distributed, and afflicted in their souls because of their boning, do thou arise, living Father, and reveal, and distributed wer to them; shew them the exceeding greatness of the power, that they may trust therein, and be safe; make base thine arm for their salvation. Those that are slumbering in their profession, let them be awakened; and bring to thine heaven'y kingdom, those that have safed through thy resining sire, and when they hast c'eansed and sanstified.

Powerful Father of Life! carry on thy work among thy people every where: Gather them that are feathered, and bring back to these f, these that are wandering and out of the way, and seeking the living among the dead. Lord, teach them and let them hear a voice behind them, and guide them to the holy mountain; that they may be brought to the path of life, and to the place which thou hast provided for thy little flock to meet and feed tegether, offering unanimously the sacrifices of praise and thank giving, which they hast ordained and appointed in thine

house.

Bleffed and powerful Father! all thy little ones be pleased to surround with thine Almighty Power; and wherever they are, let them feel thy preserving hand, delivering them from the evil of the world: We pray not that thou showaest take them out of the world, but to preserve them from the desilements and pollutions of it: That holy people may serve thee the holy God, and bear thy holy name upon their hearts; that so it may be exalted and magnified above all, and humble thanksgivings and praises may be given unto thee, through Jesus Christ, for all thy love thou has marrissied, and for thy abounding mercies, and renewed severes which we have received at thy hands.

To thee, living Father, through Jefus Christ, thy well-heloved Son, in whom thou art well pleased, be all honour, praise and dominion rendered by us, and all thy people, from honcesorth, and

forever. Amen.

SERMON IV.

The STANDARD of TRUTH.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, May 29, 1692.

HERE is a universal standard of truth, that God hath set up over all the sons and daughter. he hath given the knowledge of it in, and through Jesus Christ; he hath dealt it out to them, that they may be capable of joining and adhering to the truth, and to be delivered from eternal condemnation. This standard and measuring-rule is revealed and manifested in every man and woman, by the light that thines in their hearts, by which they are able to discern, and to give a found and true judgment, (if they are but willing) upon all their own ways. A man or woman may know in every word they speak, in every action they do, whether they speak, and do, according to the truth, or whether they are justified by the truth, in what they fpeak and do.

I tell you, my friends, this is no small mercy, that mankind hath obtained at the hand of his Maker, that he is brought into a capacity of not acting blind-fold, but that he may fee his way, and his own inclinations, and pass judgment upon them, whether they are good or evil? Whether they will stand justified in the sight of his Maker, or whether

they will be condemned.

I confess, the veil of ignorance, that is come over the sons and daughters of men, through fin, transgression and rebellion, is very great. And I may fav, as the apostle said, fometime you were darkness: And what can darkness see? what can darkness discover? The Lord our God, that made us, hath not left us in that state of darkness, blindness and ignorance; but through the riches of his mercy and goodness, hath found out a way, to command that light should shine out of darkness, into people's hearts, for all that the Devil did to darken man, to alienate and estrange him from his Maker.

The fame Almighty Power, that faid in the creation, let there be light, and it was fo; he hath shined into our hearts;

and the way by which he hath done fo, is through the Mediator, through Jesus Christ the Redeemer, in whom the fulness of the Gu-Head dwells. He hath received power from his Father, not only to be a light and falvation, but to impart and communicate of that divine light unto them, even unto every one that cometh into the world; that so by means thereof, they may be delivered from their darkness, and ignorance of the mind of God, that they were liable to in the fall, and might be restored, through the Mediator, to a capacity of judging of their own actions, and of their own words, and ways, and inclinations.

This is the *standard* which God hath pitched in every one of our bosoms, for the trial of ourselves, either for our justi-

fication, or condemnation, of every word and action.

Now, to make every one fensible of the greatness of this bleffing, consider, it is not only given to augment and encrease knowledge, but it is given on purpose to allure and persuade men into a liking of truth, into a love of truth: The apostle esteemed it a wonderful mercy that came by Christ; he hath sent him to bless us, in turning every one of us from the evil of his ways: So that here is a capacity that the fons and daughters of men have, through the Mediator, of being turned from the evil of their ways and doings, to that

which is well-pleafing to God.

The next work, after God hath wrought thus mercifully for the fons and daughters of men, is, that they would be good to themselves, and merciful to themselves, and take pity of themfelves, by a due improvement of the grace, and mercy, and kindness of God, that he hath bestowed freely upon them; and in bringing all their deeds to that standard, all their words and actions to that rule; that so whatsoever they may be, or how many foever, if they do not answer that standard and rule, they may deny, withftand and refift them, that fo they may keep out of condemnation: For the apostle declares it plainly without scruple, there is no condemnation to them that are in Christ Jesus: If he had said to them that profess Christ Jesus, there had been a large latitude, especially for those nations; but the words are limited, and you will find them so; that is, to them the t are in Christ Jesus; and (as if he should say) that you may know rightly what I mean; I mean, such as walk not after the flesh, but after the spirit. They that are in Christ, walk after his Spirit; for, they that walk not after the Spirit of Christ, are none of his; but they that are his, walk after the spirit, the spirit of truth, and there is no condemnation to them.

It is not only the scriptures that ratify and confirm this doctrine, but you yourselves are all living witnesses of the truth of this, that so far as you do act and speak in obedience to the principle of truth, that God hath planted in you, you seel no condemnation upon you: Such a thing I did at such a time, and I had no condemnation: Why so? because I did it in obedience, and subjection to that measure of grace that God set up in me; and such a thing I did, for which I was condemned: Why so? because I did it according to the inclinations of my own corrupt mind, and in contradiction to the truth that opened in me.

My friends, I would have you in point of the doctrine of christianity, to be the better for what you read and hear: It is possible for me to preach the truth, and you may believe what I say, and you may read the Holy Scriptures, and have the belief of what you read; but if you come to a sensible feeling of the suffilling of things you hear, you will give a greater seal to the truth of the doctrine, than by all you have read and heard; and you will grow wise to salvation, by trying and experiencing the effect of every thing you understand; and not like the carnal men of this world, that have not faith, that mind only their worldly profits and pleasures, such are earthly, sensual and devilish; but I would judge of actions and words, according to truth, and according to the effect I find in me. I did such a thing, and I had peace in the doing of it; I feel no reproach, no condemnation upon me. Here is a way for people to grow up in the life of christianity; to keep to the standard of truth; for whether men will or no, they must do it at last, and may now, if they please, make a trial of their words and actions.

As for the most part of you, you are got past Pilate: Pilate could make that enquiry; what is truth? faith he: And I confess, it is not long ago, it is within the me-

mory of man, that a more ferious and better fort of peo-ple were fo confounded with the darkness and ignorance of those times, that they were ready to cry out, what is truth? and where is truth? Their eyes were so blinded, and things were so jumbled and confused by the disputations that men raised, that made things so dark people tations that men railed, that made things to dark people could not fee their way: But God who hath commanded the light to shine out of darkness, hath brought a glorious day; hath distipated, and scattered, and driven away a great deal of that fog and mist, that did overspread men's minds. As many as have sincerely sought the truth in the inward parts, they have found a divine principle of truth, that hath a self-evidencing quality in itself, to convince the minds and consciences of the sons and daughters of men, that it is the truth: And to this the Lord hath brought most of you, to be sensible of something that is truth in itself. There are many things that are true in the words of them; many true expressions; but there is truth in it-felf, the essential truth of God, which, as it is in God, is everlafting and eternal, and will ftand over all error, and falshood, and deceit: The truth, as it is in Christ Je-sus, is a standard and rule for men to act by; he hath given it to the fons and daughters of men; and as it appears in them, it is either a Judge to condemn them, or a Saviour to fave them from their fins, and to justify

Now, that which concerns us, is to find out the measure of truth, or manifestation, or principle of truth, which it hath pleased God to reveal in ourselves: And who oever will turn their minds a little while inward, into the ferious fearch and confideration, how the Lord hath dealt with them, they will find they are not quite destitute of truth. One that makes it his practice to lye, cheat and cozen, is not utterly destitute of truth; for there is a principle of truth in him, that doth check and reprove him for his thest, lying and salshood, and he lives under condemnation himself. He cannot draw near to the God of truth upon any occasion, but his lying and salshood stand in his way. Now, if so be, that this liar be made sensible of a principle of truth in him, and do but bring his words and actions to the truth, so much of it as he

knows will make him leave lying and deceiving, and to practife truth to escape condemnation; if he will but leave lying and falshood, and live in the truth, and speak the truth to his neighbour, he will find another state, condition and frame in his foul, than there was before: He is now more at peace, and hath a clear and ferene way, to come to God by prayer, and for pouring out his supplication, which he had not before; for he had barred up his own way by his fie, which lay continually at his door; if then defenct wel, fin hes at thy door, faith God to Cain : So, when you do wil, you cannot but know it; when you are drunk, or swear or tella lie, and deceive your neighbour, and carry on the defign of fir al profit, thou knowest it, whether men know it or to, and God that made thee knoweth it; and there thy fin lies at the door, and blocks and bars thee out, that thou canst not offer thy prayers to God with that clearness, as if thou hads spoken the truth: So that it highly concerns every one of us, to be waiting upon God, for the discovery of his truth to us; and then we must embrace, adhere and join to the truth, as our chiefest good.

But fome will fay, this adhering and joining to the truth, is a hard lesson: It is pretty easy to find out a principle of truth, that standeth against, and opposeth all manner of evil: Very sew, now a-days, will deny a settled principle of truth in all men, that judgeth falshood, and condemneth deceit, and witnesseth against it in others, and in themselves: But this same joining, and adhering to it, that cannot be done, with-

out a cross to a carnal mind.

Now, if the cross of Christ be not taken up, there is no good Christianity among us; where this is neglected, it spots and stains the profession of Christianity, because it is so directly opposite to the doctrine of Christ; he that will be my disciple, must; it is not, he may if he will; but, he must take up the cross of Christ, and follow HIM. There were a fort of people, that were never like to be made Christians, that would be exempt from taking up a daily cross; therefore he pressent it upon them to deny themselves, and take up his cross and follow him. No man is like to live a Christian life, without taking up a daily cross.

This I cannot do, fays one; I know how to carry myfelf

among Christians with seriousness, tobriety and watchfulness, without shaming any profession; but I cannot deny myself, I cannot contradict my own will: This is that which keeps a man from leading a Christian life, when he cannot deny himself, and take up his daily cross.

Now, it is come to this now a-days, when a light is broken forth, and men have a principle of truth in their own hearts, it comes to this; faith one, I ought to be holy in all manner of conversation, and to be watchful over my words, and have my conversation honest and just without deceit: See what a deal I know, yet I can never live this life, for all I know it to well; I cannot take up a daily cross, which is so much against the contrary inclinations working in me; then the question

I put to myself is, shall I take up a cross or no?

Here it comes to the point with every man or woman, after they come to the knowledge of this flandard of truth: If the world would but come to this rule and standard, there would be no more cheating nor cozening, no more fraud, deceit nor difficult tion, nor war and bioodified; but if men would, in every thing they do, answer the principle of truth in themselves, they would put the question to themselves, shall I take up my daily cross, or no? Shall I deny mysfell those pleasures that my conscience doth condemn; and those ungodly gains that I seek after by fallhood, by Izing, prevaricating and departing from the truth? Shall I do this, that I may be rich and great in the world, or shall I not?

You know what I fay, many of you, and have put this question to yourselves, and some have made a good answer to it: I will take up my daily cross, by the grace of God; this standard of truth shall be the rule of my words and

adtions, to my dying-day.

They that have learned this lesson, and obtained peace with God, through our Lord Jesus Christ, that have not only made a resolution, but performed it in act and deed, by the power of Christ's cross, they are purified, and fanctified, and washed from their old convertations, and have their convertation in Heaven; that is, live after a heavenly manner, live a godly life here upon earth, when they have come to this resolution, and also the practice of it.

I would desire, and it is my labour, that you that hear me

this

this day, who are aware of what I am speaking, viz. The STANDARD of TRUTH, the principle of Truth, that unerring Guide, which is placed in the confcience of every man, and justifieth, or condemneth, his actions and words. You who are come to be aware of this, that you may all come to this godly refolution in yourfelves, I would have this dispute carried on in every one's bosom. When the question is stated, I would have you really answer it; shall I guide my actions and words according to this unerring rule, or no? I cannot tell what to fay, fay fome, there is danger in it: What danger can there be to answer that which a man knows to be truth? I will tell you what danger: The world is perverse, and most men live out of truth, and the Devil is a cunning adversary, and he would have none live in it: He abode not in the truth; and he would not have us live in it, nor regulate our words and actions by the truth in our own fouls: What if most men in the world pervert the truth? What if so few walk in the narrow way, and so few come to life eternal; is that an argument that I must not come there? Should it not stir me up to greater diligence, that by any means I may be of the number of that few that shall obtain falvation, and not go with a great company in the way that leads to destruction? If we improve our times, and fealons, and opportunities, and mercies, and bleffings, that are vouchsafed to us, we at last may obtain life eternal.

But fome may fay, I must sit down in despair, for I cannot come thither of myself, though I do what I can to work out my own salvation. There is a decree against me; what, tho' I should pray ever so much, and spend my nights in grief and sorrow? If I be decreed to eternal damnation, there is no help for me, no hope that I should escape. And if I be decreed to salvation, though I take my liberty to sin, and be loose and wanton, as others, it cannot hinder me from

attaining falvation at last.

For this reason, many have laid asside the spiritual warfare against corruption, and their spiritual travel, that they will do nothing in order to their everlasting happiness; therefore they think they had as good take their pleasure: But, my friends, the case is not now so with us; let every soll among us praise the Lord for his mercy, in expelling that

thick

thick cloud of darkness, which is vanished and gone: This I know, and I hope you do all believe, that God doth every where, and in every nation, call finners to repentance, and that he delighteth not in the death of him that dieth, but rather that they would turn and live; and in order thereunto, he hach given his Son, Jesus Christ, to be a Saviour and a Mediator; and he hith fent forth the Spirit of his Son into our hearts, to give direction to us in our way: Now our duty is, to make improvement of those visitations of mercy, that God hath befored upon us, in order to our falvation, and not live in rioting and drunkenness, chambering and wantenness, stife and energing, and following the fashions of the world: But we must work out our own salvation with sear and trembling.

But some will say, is not this done already? Is it not already wrought by our Saviour and Mediator? Christ hath tasted death for every man, and laid down a price

for the foul of every man.

But yet there must be a change wrought in us; there must be a translation of our fouls, from one state to another. This is called in the scripture, regeneration, and being born again; this is called a being baptized into Christ, and described also by other expressions: But the matter is, to change thy life; for there is a finful fource of wickedness, that is stirred up by the motions of the powers of darkness, and our own concupilcence; but God is always ready to bring us under the government of his Holy Spece, that will lead us into all truth; and this cannot be done without a Cross. But the question lies here, shall I take up this Cross or no? If I do, it will crucify me to the world. Let me see; how much do I love the world? A great deal: But do I love the world better than my own foul? What will it profit me, to gain the whole world, end less my own soul? Or what shall I give in exchange for my ful? I cannot get to Heaven without denying suppose, let me take care of my immortal soul: I am a poor creature; I vill faive the Lord my Maker, and rate is my buttuess to glorisy and please him. He can franch me away by death when he pleaseth; therefore will I labeur, that my thoughts, words, actions and converiation, may answer to that rule that he hath set before me, as a standard of truth, to square and regulate my actions by. I will not live any longer in vanity, as many do; I do not know but my breath may be stopt to-day, before to-morrow; therefore to-day, while it is called to-day, I will hear God's voice, and not harden my heart, but receive that counsel, that is offered to me, for the benefit of my soul. I am bought with a price, I am none of my own; I will live to him that died for me: I have more reason to live to Christ, and serve him, that shed his precious blood for the redemption of my soul, and to be subject to him, than to be subject to Christ's enemy, to the prince of the power of the air, who rules in the children of disobedience. I will take up a resolution to serve God, but I can do nothing of myself; but the grace of God which brings salvation, will teach me to deny ungodliness, and wor dy luss, and to live rightcously, soverly and godly, in this present world. Take heed of being deceived and beguiled, for there is no way will bring you to Heaven, but a holy and undefiled way.

Therefore, come and take this frandard of truth in your hands, to guide you in your way, that you may neither turn to the right hand, nor to the left: This will thew you the way you should walk in, and be like the cloud and pillar of fire to the Ifraclites, in their journey to Canaan, which was a type of Heaven; the cloud they could fee by day, and the pillar of fire by night; fo this standard of truth will direct you in your travel to the heavenly Canaan. Let this be the rule and measure of your

thoughts, words and actions.

If a workman, that is a builder, hath a rule to work by; if he goes on, and never examines his work by his rule, but makes his eye his rule; if he doth not bring his rule to his work every little while, to fee whether his work be right; if he worketh on, and never minds his rule, what iad work will he make. But a prudent skilful workman will fay, I will not trust mine eye too much, but I will look to my rule, my rule will not fail me; if there be bad work, it will discover it to me, that I may mend it before I go any further. Thus a discreet

workman

workman will often bring his rule to his work, and use his line and plummet, that he may make it workman-like. He will say, if I let my rule alone, and not make use of it, but work as I please, and trust to mine eye, no wonder if I make bad work, and what I build fail

down again, and tumble about mine ears.

You to whom God hath given the standard of truth, as a rule and measure to govern your thoughts, words and actions by, let every thing be tried with it, before you die, and leave this world: If you do fo, and make this your daily practice, then ask yourselves, and you will be able to tell yourselves, and tell me, and say, I have now obtained more hopes of God's favour, and a greater sen'e of his love and goodness to me, than ever I had before. The apostle doth exhort us, to walk circumspectly, net as fools, lut as wife, redeeming the time. We have spent a great deal of time in vain, let us now be wife, and improve our time, for our eternal advantage; let us walk circumspectly, that is, look round about us, consider our ways, and try all our thoughts, words and actions, by the standard of truth. To-day (my friends) while it is called to-day, hear the voice of God, and harden not your hearts, and receive that heavenly counfel, that is tendered to you, that you may be partakers of the inheritance, among the Saints in light.

His Prayer after Sermon.

BLESSED and eternal Father! then hast brought forth thy glorious name, and revealed thy power and thy mighty arm; and then hast caused a remnant to bow and worship at thy appearance: Then art wonders it; thy mejesty is great; they that do beheld thee, will, with reverence, worship before thee. Thy power is gene forth, and hath reached the hearts of thy people; then hast humbled them, and subjected them to thy Divine, Almighty Power, that they might appear in the earth, to the praise and glory of thy great name.

And, O Lord, as then half begun e great work in the earth, fo then helf committed this work to the forwards and children, that bear the name among the fons of men, that they should show

forth

forth thy righteousness, among the inhabitants of the earth; and our south have said many a time, who is sufficient for these things? All our sitness and sufficiency, our meetness and preparation is from thee: Do thou reveal thy power, and make bare thy Almighty arm. We have found thy presence from day to day, and thou hast upheld them that know thy love.

O glarious God of Life! herein we have encouragement to go on in the work which thou hast called us to; hereby we are enabled to worship before thee, and to offer up living praises unto thy great name, for that refreshment and consolation, which

thou hast ministered unto thy people.

And, O Living Father! we have never waited on thee in vain; whenfoever we have met together in thy name, we have found thy Divine Presence, and the opening of the treasures of thy love, of thy wisdom, and of thy favour to thy children: So that from day to day, and even at this day, thou rememberest thy people, and thou givest them fresh occasion to draw nigh to thee, and receive their daily nourishment and strength, from the

operation of thy power.

O living God of Life! gather up the hearts of thy people more and more, and draw them into a nearness to thyself, that their understandings may be more and more opened to discern thy will, and subject themselves to thy wisdom, that every thought that is exalted against thy divine power, and living voice, in their own consciences, may be brought down; that so all the nations of the earth may bow before thee; that so thy truth may reign, and thy power may be exalted, and the righteousness which thou hast revealed, may shine forth more and more, in the brightness and glory of it, and enlighten those that are afar off, that they may be brought to seek after God.

And, Living God of Life! let those that are bowed down under the weight of sin, be supported and raised up; and those that are weary and heavy laden, let them have rest to their

Souls.

Powerful God of Life! keep thy people in a fresh and living sense of thy love, and of thy heavenly virtue, by which thou nourishest thy children, and satisfiest them from day to day; not only when they are met together, but when they are separated from one another. Let thy people be preserved from the evil of the world, while they are in it, and let thy wisdom

and power give them victory over it, that thou mayest have the g'ory of as thy mervies and biessings, vouchsafea to them. For thou alone art worthy, who art God over all, blessed forever, and ever. Amen.

SERMON V.

The Great Duty of Remembering our C R E A T O R.

Preached at DEVONSHIRE-House, April 6, 1692.

HERE is only one living and true God, Creator of Heaven and earth, whom we are obliged to serve and worship: I have so much charity as to believe, there are none among us, but will own and acknowledge this: And my soul witherh, that this obligation did always rest upon every one's mind, that they might remember their Creator, that hath given us all life and breath, and continued all our blessings to us; that so every one might apply their hearts unto that universal duty, that we are all convinced of.

And they that are thus employed and exercised, they are considering how, and after what manner, they may quit and discharge their duty, and perform the obligation that lies upon them, so that it may be accepted at the hands of God; I speak now of those that are considerate, not of those that go on in a form of religion, and matter not, nor regard whether they are accepted of God or no; but all that are conscientious towards God, they are desirous to serve God, and worship him, so as they may be acceptable to him, so to perform duties that they may receive their reward, and that encouragement that God in all ages hath discovered, and made manifest to be in his purpose towards them that truly serve him.

When people come to this confideration, how they may ferve God aright, and worthip him acceptably, the Lord is nigh unto them, to inftruct them, to teach them, and guide them in that way that is everlashing: And, bleffed be his holy

name!

name! a great many in our days, have met with this divine teaching and inftruction; and are taught in this age, as in former ages, to understand the worship of God that he requires; that is, in spirit and truth; and do find, that the Father doth seek such worshippers, and where he finds them, rewards them, and they have an answer of peace in their bosoms, and they are encouraged to go on in the worship and service of God, to the end of their days.

And it is a great mercy and benefit; a great bleffing that God hath bestowed upon a remnant, to open their understandings, to let them see and know the way of being near to God, that so they may know whom they worship; for you have read, there have been worshippers, that do worship they know not what: As our Saviour said to the woman of Samaria, you worship you know not what; we know what we worship: So all that are taught of God, do know which is the first lesson of Christianity, as the apostle saith; he that cometh to God, must first know and believe, that he is; that is, people must first be sensible, that there is a God, and that he is a rewarder of them that diligently seek him, before they

can rightly worship him.

Now, for want of this knowledge, the world is scattered, and people are divided into a great many forts of worships, and sashions, and ways of religions, for want of the knowledge of the true worship, of the true and living God; so that though men are universally convinced, that there is a God, and that a worship is due to him from every one of us; yet people are confounded, scattered, and divided about the performance of their great duty; and in the day that the Lord hath visited his people, he hath come to answer this doubt, and question for them; it hath been the great question of the world, and is still of many thousands; I know we should worship God, but I know not the way and manner wherein to find acceptance: The Lord hath answered that question in abundance; they that have ears to hear, let them hear what the Spirit saith; there is a short answer to it in all.

Let people profess what religion they will, there is no acceptance with God, but through Christ: So that if people come to be of this, and that, and the other profession, and

change their religion ever so often, and go from one religion to another, if they come not to Christ, they come not to him in whom they may find acceptance; in him God is pleased with every one; but out of him he is pleased with no one. The great mystery of religion lies in Christ; people must come to God, by faith in him; for without faith, it is impessible to please God. Let people perform ever to much service and duties, all must pass through the hand of the Mediator, before ever their performance will reach unto God, or before peace and comfort will reach to any man's foul. Therefore, it is the wifest way for every one, that would have acceptance with God, to come to him, in the name of the great Mediator. People would be glad to have acceptance with God, and not to have their fervices turned back upon them, as Cain's was: Now, every one that will have acceptance with God, must come this way; there is but one way, it is not the way that men have invented; fome by their works and merits, fome by their made-faiths, and madebeliefs, and by divers articles and principles, holding this principle, and the other principle; but our Lord and Creator, he hath found out one way, in his infinite wifdom, and unipeakable mercy to mankind, that was forever loft, and could never return to God, by all his facrifices, offerings and performances; he was never able to return into unity with his Maker, if God had not found out a way; and the way that God hath found out, is by his beloved Son Christ Jefus: God spared not: He spared not what? He spared not bis only begotten Son: Why, what did he do with him? He gave him for the life of the world; in him that God gave, there is life. It pleased the Lord that his Son should have life in him, as the Father had life in himself; for Christ was with the Father before the world began; in him was life, and the life was the light of men; John i. 4. It was no created life; that life that is in his Son, is not a created life, but is an eternal life, and it was given for the life of the world, and the life is the light of men: This is the true light, which lighteth every mon that cometh into the world. So that here is the dignity of that life which God hath bestowed upon us; we are endued with that life, which was with the Father through Jesus Christ, before the world was. Let us consider the eignity of that light, that we are lighted with.

The question is, whether we should obey this light, or no: It is the question of every one; I am enlightened, saith a man, shall I obey it, or no? If I obey, I must take up a cross, and part with my beloved lust and corruption. No doubt of that; we must persuade people to do that, before we can bring them to Heaven and happiness, and fellowship with God; it must not be by that way they lost it, but by the contrary way, by which God will bring men to happiness again. They lost it by transgression, and sinning against God; by this way and means men came out of the presence and favour of God; but what way shall they obtain it again? Shall it be by committing iniquity, and breaking God's law? No; here is the way that God hath sound out, to bring poor man back again to himself, by the sufferings and obedience of his Son, Jesus Christ: He hath given to him all power in Heaven and Earth, that all should be subject to him; here is a dignity which Christ hath obtained.

It comes to the question with us, whether we are enlightened? now we know we are enlightened; God hath bestowed something upon us, that wars and fights against sin and iniquity. How came we by it? Is it any faculty in nature? No; nature is corrupted and defiled, because the carnal mind is enmity against God; for it is not subject to the law of God, neither indeed can be; yet

there is fomething in me that answers the pure law of God, which makes me to hate things that are reprovable; that is, light: How came I by it? It is not natural; for then it would run parallel with the natural inclination that is in my foul, to lead me further and further from God. These are set in opposition one against another, the slesh and the spirit against the slesh. Here is part of an inward war, that you may all be sensible of. Now, these two warriors, the slesh and the spirit, make war one against ano-

fuch a principle in me, that strives against sin and corruption: How came you by it? If you believe the scriptures, I say, it is the life of the Son of God, that lighteth every man that cemeth into the world. Now, many that

ther, and one of them is overcome. It is true, there is

have

have rejected and despised the light, I believe they did not think, at the same time, to mock and make a scorn of the life of Jesus, tho' it was really so: But if people come to a true esteem and value of that light that God hath planted in the soul, they will give more reverence and respect to it. It is this that brings those that preach Christ, to preach him in those terms, and under those de-

nominations, that he is nigh them.

We do not doubt of Christ's being born of a Virgin, in the land of Canaan, and that he wrought miracles, and preached many godly fermons, and that he was crucified, dead and buried, and rose again from the dead, for these things are certainly true: But we would have him our Saviour in this age, we would have a nearer knowledge of him, and a femie and feeling of the virtue of that power, by which he saved them that lived in former ages: He is not a Christ and a Saviour of one age only, but of all ages to this day; from Adam, to the last man that shall live upon the earth. That age and generation that knoweth not Christ, will not be faved by him, if there be any age wherein he is not known: There is no other name under Heaven by which you can be faved. If you ask where is this Saviour? Say not in thy heart, who shall assend into Heaven? that is, to bring down Christ from whose; or, who shall descend into the deep, that is to bring up Christ again from the dead? The word is nigh thee, even in thy mewn, and in thy heart; that is the word of faith, which we preach. He is nigh thy foul, he is the Lord of life, and a quickening Spirit, if I know that quickening Spirit, after this I know the Lord Christ; when he comes to work in me by his power, changing my heart, and translating me from death to life, then I know the true Christ: God hath manifelted, in all ages, that it is the duty of people to come to the knowledge of the Son of God; for he hath fent forth his Spirit to teach us, and to lead us into all truth.

For when Christ was with his disciples, he told them that he would pray the Father, and he should fend the Spirit, the comforter; and when he came, he would be known by his divine and inward teachings and operations, guiding and leading them into all truth; that was his work to them: But what shall other folks do? He will be made known to others

too: When he comes, he shall convince the world of sin: So that his work to his disciples was, to lead them into all truth; and his work to the world is, to convince the world of sin: Who will deny, but that there is a Spirit in our age, as well as in other ages, that will convince men of sin? Is this the Spirit of God, that convinceth the world of sin, or is it the spirit of the QUAKERS only? When people come to consider really and truly, how they may serve God aright, they will find there is no serving God aright, unless they come to Christ the Mediator, that in and by him they may put up supplications to God; and through him, they may expect at the hand of God, peace and comfort; and there is no other way, nor ever will be.

The Jews, they had another way, they had an outward way of ferving God; this stood in divers offerings, sacrifices, washings and observations; this was a way of worship of God's own institution to that people; but what came of it? When the apostle came to grasp it, he said, the conters thereunto, were not made perfect: What were the transgressors of it then? They that would sin on, and continue in sin, and not bring a goat, or a ram, or other oblation; they that did observe it, and came up to the point of the law, they did bring their offering when they were convinced of their sin: If a man sinned, he was to bring an he-goat, and to bring it to the door of the tabernacle; but when he sinned, the conscience of sin, the guilt of sin remained upon him. For it was impossible, saith the apostle, that the blood of bulls and goats, and the ashes of a heiser sprinkling the unclean, sanstifieth, to the purifying of the sless, how much more shall the blood of Christ (who, through the eternal Spirit, offered himself without spot to God) purge your consciences from dead works, to serve the living God.

When there is no hope of atonement and reconciliation with God, by all those offerings under the law, he tells you of one offering of the Son of God himself, through the eternal Spirit, by which he became a propitiation; for this will do; if I believe that Christ offered an holy offering to the Father for my sins, I believe he offered his body, and that through the eternal Spirit, that he might be a propitiation for sin, and

take away fin, and have power over fin and death, and conquer death and darkness: The apostle drives the matter further; you must come to the inward work of this outward offering, this eternal offering, that was in due time offered to God; you must come to know the operations of it, by the sprinkling of the heart from an evil conscience: So that there was to be an applicatory faith for the offering of that. The way to a Saviour was not made by man, no more than the way of salvation by Christ was found out by man; no more than the application of the benefit is effected by man.

When it pleafeth God to call a people by his grace, he calleth them by his Son; not by this and the other form: No man cometh to me, faith Christ, except the Father, which hath fent me, draw him. The first thing that a man or woman comes to be aware of, is the secret sense and feeling of the Lord's Divine Power upon the heart, to seek Christ Jesus; as soon as they feel this, and embrace it, this is a token of the love of God. I hope all this congregation will acknowledge, that they have sometimes felt his drawings, and that they have not embraced and closed

with them to well as they ought.

When people are aware of these drawings inwardly to holiness and righteousness, and are sensible that they should, with care and attention, close with them, for the good of their poor souls; and that it concerns them to be happy in the other world that is to come, and therefore resolve to be led by these drawings of the Spirit of God, these are not weeds that grow in the fields naturally; these are Sparks of Divine Fire, kindled in the hearts of men by God himself: No man comes unto God, till God comes to him, and touches him, and gives him sense and motion: These are the motions and stirrings of God's Holy Power, in the hearts of many that are wicked and abominable; yet the Lord doth not despite the work of this own hand, but reacheth to such.

When the Lord meets with those that despise not, but highly prize this wonderful grace, and close with it, and are glad of it, such a one faith, I feared that the Lord had forgotten me, and had passed by me, and had done with me; but I see he visits me again, and he hath vi-

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fited my foul this day, inclining me to walk more answerably to his love; he hath doubled his power upon me, and hath kindled a holy fire in my heart, and caused me to seek after him; he hath touched my heart, and I will pour out my foul in supplication; seeing he hath touched me, he will take hold of me by his power, and he will keep me from being any more drawn away: I will live in the sense of his power and mercy, that keeps me night and day, that I may encrease in it, and grow in grace. When the Lord meets with fuch a one, he will draw him into the way that he hath appointed: None can come unto me, faith Christ, except the Father, which hath sent me, draw him. If I am drawn, into what form shall I go now? and what ordinance shall I take up now? This is all under feet; this is none of my work; I will come to Christ the Mediator, and he will take the government and rule of me: It is not my best way to study a form, and an outside religion; I will wait upon that power that hath thus touched my heart, that he may by degrees bring me to the obedience of Christ.

But some are ready to say, who, and what is this Christ Jesus that you are speaking of; that immediate Christ Jesus that is extant and present, that I am to have to be the object of my faith; that I may believe in him, and come to an acquaintance with him, that I may partake of the life of Jesus Christ, and have it communicated to my soul?

We have not a thought, or a word to speak, that may derogate from the wonderful grace of Christ, who died in his person on earth for the salvation of our souls: Yet we must know, that the Lord Jesus Christ may be spiritually present with us, and take the government of us, and we are to be subject to him: How shall this be? I am speaking of one that hath felt the Father's drawings, when he draws them to his Son, and draws them to something that is holy and pure: This God the Father hath begotten: We read in scripture, that God hath begotten Christ, who is the only begotten of the Father. It is strange, you will say, to speak of begetting Christ again, God begets Christ again, that is, spiritually; he being the sirst born in many brethren, in every true believer, and there is a travel of soul that Christ may be sormed in him. See what travel of foul the apostle Paul falls into the second time, for the Galatians. They were a brave people, they worshiped God in Spirit, and believed in Christ Jesus, and afterwards they came to be seduced by false prophets, and false teachers, that set them about their works, and told them they could not be justified and saved without their own works: These false teachers that came among them, were as bad as Popish priests and friars. It is not your obe-dience to Christ, and the Spirit, that will save you, you must be doing: So these poor people were deluded and bewitched; and to give you the apostle's own words, they were infatuated, and drawn away from the simplicity of the gospel, and they thought by the works of the law to obtain salvation: The apostle writes a letter to them, and tells them that he travelled in birth again, till Christ was formed in them. If this was not scripture, it would look like a strange work; there must be a forming of Christ, a birth there must be, and a begetting: Who must beget in this and that moment, but the same that begat from the beginning? the same is the Father, he begets Christ in all that believe and obey the gospel. He is begetting fomething in me that is holy, though I be unholy; the Father, by the operation of his divine hand, begets fomething in me that is holy. This I find, though I am not so good as I should be; I have that given me, that will tell me, that the more I adhere and join myself in my desires and affections to this good principle, the more I shall partake of the quality of it; this good principle, though it be like a little grain of mustard-seed, I cannot tell what to compare it to for littleness, in comparison of the great lump and mass of sin, corruption and filthiness, that wars against it; yet this will overspread all that is bad, and make me holy, as that is holy; pure as that is pure, and to have a love for him, from whom it came, even to Christ and God; it will gather the affections from corruptible things, and place them upon things above.

This faith tells people that it is the fubstance of things hoped for, and the evidence of things not seen; such a one lives by faith, such a one that comes to be joined to that, that is begotten of the sather, he lives by the faith of the Son of God, and can do nothing of himself, but through Christ that

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ftrengthens him; he fays unto God, I perceive I can do nothing without thee; I cannot pray unto thee, nor ferve thee; of myfelf I can do nothing acceptably, but through Christ the Mediator; such a one becomes like a little child, and he must be led; and who must lead him, but the Spirit of Christ?

You cannot preach, fays one to him, unless you be moved by the Spirit: You cannot pray until you be moved by the Spirit: How should I? No, without him I can do nothing, I cannot preach, nor pray, nor do any thing acceptable to God the Father, but by Christ; and he hath revealed him in me.

This is no new doctrine, we see the new and living way; it was an old way to old Christians, and a new way to the new; and so a thousand years hence, if the world lasts so long, men will see that they cannot do any thing pleasing to God, but as they are gathered into Christ; they will see their own righteousness, works and doings, will avail them nothing at all. This is all laid at the feet of Jesus, whom God hath exalted to be a Prince and a Saviour, to be Lord and King.

Now, my friends, we are engaged in this age, abundantly engaged, to offer thanks to God, through Jefus Christ, that he hath provided and opened a way for the sending forth the Spirit of his Son: And that God hath gathered a people, and hath made known to them the way of life, that they might walk in it; but there is no walking in it, but through a daily cross, and self-denial. It is not likely that a man should be brought back to God the same way that he went out from God; and the prophets and aposties do allude to this turning to God; when thou turnest aside to the right hand or to the lest, thou shalt hear a voice behind thee, saying, this is the way, walk in it. There is a voice, that calls to people in our days, to look behind them, for they are out of the way. This prophecy is sulfilled in our day; we cannot turn away from the good ways of God, but we may hear a voice behind us, saying, thou art sinning against God, and breaking the holy law of God. Now, if people return, it must be by the cross: I will not return to God, saith one; I have pleasure, profit, and honour, and whatsoever my heart can desire, in this evil way that I am walking in; if I return, I shall have nothing but shame and reproach; I shail be undone and ruined, and

I shall lose the favour and friendship of my friends and relations; I cannot return to God, but through a daily cross, and self-denial: What then? It is likelier to be the right way, by this bearing the cross. Christ tells us, if any will come after me, let him deny himself, and take up his cross and follow me. This voice of Christ calls me to repent and turn from sin, and giveth me a strong argument, that it is true; that it is the same way that will bring me back to God, by the Mediator. It brings its own evidence with it; we need no argument to prove that it is a right way; it is a right way, because it is the narrow way; it is the right gate, because it is the strait gate. Every body can walk in the broad way with ease, with out any cross.

When people are come thus far, that they are convinced of their duty, when they are called to amend their lives and conversations, to for sake their lives and turn to the Lord, this is the great question, have I power to do this? This question hath stumbled a great many, when they have some beginning thoughts of turning to the Lord; and at last they have settled themselves in a belief that they cannot do it; it is true, and nothing truer, that men, convinced of their sins, have not power to leave their sins of themselves; this is true, but not all the truth; to men that God convinceth of sin, he gives them power to be made willing to for sake their sins. He hath given power to all that are in Christ Jesus, to believe and become the sons of God; then they have denied ungodlines and worldly luss, if they be the sons of God, and live righteeusly, soberly and godly, in the world.

But what shall they do that are sensible they have not power to soriake their sin, till God is pleased to give them power? Such have nothing to do but to wait upon the Lord, for the giving of this power; and there is a duty incumbent on them then to answer this power. The apostle, upon this subject, reils us what people are to do for their own conversion. He ascribes the power of conversion to Christ Josus: The prophets and apostles, they tell us, there is something for man to do, that is, if he hath not power, he is to be willing to receive it. The apostle hath a notable

table expression to this purpose; he puts them in mind, how they used to do by the devil, when they were the devil's servants; they did obey his commands, and yielded their members servants to unrighteousness: How did they yield? They did it heartily, with pleasure and delight. Thus you did when you did not know the power of God; but now you are come to the knowledge of the power of God, yield not your members as instruments of unrighteousness unto sin, but yield your selves unto God, as those that are alive from the dead, and your members as instruments of righteousness unto God: Rom. vi. 12. Let your ments of righteousness unto God: Rom. vi. 13. Let your minds, and wills, and affections, be joined to that power which God visited you with; in love to God, give up your members as servants unto righteousness.

Here is something for man to do in the day of God's visitation; thy people shall be willing in the day of thy power; when they come to that and appearance that this shaws that

when they come to that, and experience that, this shews that they are the people of God: But they that are not a willing people, are none of God's people, God's people are so; and I pray God make you all so, to be a people willing to be God's people, when he gives you power, and it will not be long before he gives you power to forsake your sins, to forsake this, and the other foolish, proud and vain action and fashion; he hath made Christ Jesus to be Lord and King, and he shall reign over death; he hath made all things by and he shall reign over death; he hath made all things by Christ, and he is become the Saviour of all men, but especially of them that believe; so that I would have a special falvation, and thou wouldest have it too: Christ hath made a way, and opened a door for us to be faved, that we might have an abundant entrance into his everlasting kingdom: But I would have a special salvation, that would invest me with

the love of God in my heart, before I die; it is to be had through Christ, therefore to him will I come, to him must every one come, and every knee bow to his name, and every one must wait for his appearing in the Spirit. When Christ appears, truth stirs. Now, if a holy, divine life is in thee,

it is he; if a principle of truth stir in thee, it is he: The same Jesus, only in a smaller manifestation: He that is faithful in a little, he will make him ruler over much: This

vation; this is that which we preach in his name, and teftify and declare to all people, that there is no other salvation, no deliverance from death and hell, but by and through him; in him there is a reconciliation, and that peace which paffeth all underflanding, and power over all those things which have captivated us, and made us dilobey our great Lord and Maker: Let us wait for the coming of Christ; he is our King, our Lord and Law-giver, and he will fave us: This was the cry of his people of old, for the glorious and great falvation he hath given, and the work he hath wrought. Let the prayers and supplications of all people, that desire falvation, be put up more and more, that he will visit the earth, and give power from above, and bring us into that new and living way, which he hath confecrated for us, through the veil, that is to fay, his flesh; to whom be glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

His Prayer after Sermon.

OST bleffed and glorious Father, and Fountain of Life, and of all living Bleffings! whose glorious day dawneth; by thy power theu half brought the children of men out of darkness, that they might walk in the light thereof: Great joy, and strong confolation, hast thou brought unto thine Israel, unto the people that thou hast gathered by thy arm of power; thou hast made them, O Lord, to take great delight in thy ways; for thou hast caused the light of thy countenance to be lifted up upon us, and thy holy and divine presence hath gone along with us, from time to time, through all thefe states and conditions, and through all those trials and exercifes that we have met with, and that thou haft led us through.

The right hand of thy power, O Lord! hath been with us, and therefore we have not failed; and thy heavenly bleffings have been rained down upon us, that have made thy heritage to grow and become fruitful, to the honor of thy great name,

and the eternal confolation of our fouls.

Aut, therefore, O heavenly Father! in the confideration and feeling of the great things thou haft wrought for us, and for the continuance of thy love to us, our fouls are always

engaged to offer high praises, and humble thanksgivings to thy great name; and the supplications of our souls, whom thou hast quickened and brought to life, are daily poured forth upon thine altar, that as thou hast hitherto helped us, thy holy and divine presence and power may still accompany us to the end of our days; and that in all the exercises, and trials, which thou art pleased we should meet withal, we may find thy presence with us, that thy eternal, heavenly power may surround us, that so we may be more than conquerors, through Christ, that hath loved us.

And O powerful God of Life! our souls rejoice, and our hearts are made glad to behold the progress of thy power in our day, how thou hast brought down the mighty from their seats, and hast exalted those that are of low degree; how thou hast laid the mountains low, and exalted the inhabitants of the

vallies.

O bleffed Father of Life and Power! praises, praises wait for thee in Zion; and dear Father! by the operation of thy wonderful power; preserve and keep thy children, whom thou hast gathered into a living sense of thy presence, that they may bow before thee, and be exercised in a daily, holy, divine worship unto thee; that so, powerful God of Life! thou mayest daily pour down thy blessings upon us, and delight to manifest thyself to be our God; and let us live as becomes a people that

are gathered unto thee.

O Lord God Eternal! carry on thy great work in the earth, and make known thy power more and more; there are many breathing-ones, and many that cry to thee daily. Living Father! it is the operation of thy Spirit that hath raised these breathings, and kindled these desires in them, and it is thou alone who art able to answer them; therefore, living God and Father, they are committed to thee; the mourners, the boweddown, and those that are laden with sin and iniquity, and that grown under the pressure and burden of it, let their burdens be taken off, and the yoke of Christ, that easy yoke, be put on, and let none of thy commandments be grievous to them, that they may be made meet to enter into thy kingdom; let them be brought through the labour and travel of regeneration, and let none be exalted into the airy vision and sight of things, but by thy living power, be rising to eternal life in their souls.

And Lord, we pray thee, fit and prepare all thy people for the work and service which thou hast been pleased to call them to, that so thy name may be exalted over all, and thy truth spread more and more; and let all error and darkness be expelled, and let the power and influence of thy name be great in the earth, that all thy scattered people may be brought home, to reside in thy house, that there may be unity and concord amongst them, and they may all with one heart and mind, return, and ascribe praises and honour, and glory to thy holy name, for all thy blessings, mercies and living refreshments, that we have received at thy hands, for thou alone art worthy, and God over all, blessed forever und ever. Amen.

SERMON VI.

The DIVINE MONITOR; or, LIGHT from HEAVEN.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, June 19, 1692.

T is a great privilege to the fons and daughters of men, that it has pleafed God Almighty to open a way, how they may come to the true knowledge of himfelf. And O that there was a heart in every one of us, that could rightly prize this privilege as we ought to do! for in the knowledge of the true God confifts our true happiness; and without this, the mind of no man or woman can be good. There is nothing seasons the mind and soul of man, and prepares and fits it for an everlasting well-being, but the divine knowledge of the living God that made him. And there is a propensity in the soul of man, even since the fall, to return again to God, and to have that acquaintance and communion with the Lord that man had before he fell: And they that have regard to that inward spark of divine love, that they find in their own souls towards God, they will experience that the Lord is merciful and gracious, and propitious to that which is of himself

For tho' the foul is lost, and man is lost through transgression, and a great alienation has happened between him and his Maker, yet the mercy of the Lord endureth forever; and his kindness and favour to lost man is such, that he stretcheth out his hand all the day long, and presents and offers to the children of men a friendship and acquaintance, and a communion again with him. And tho' by sin and transgression, there is a rebellious nature grown up in the sons and daughters of men, yet the soul of man is not wholly so; there is something that strives and labours in a contrary way, and persuades the soul to turn again unto the Lord, and to wait for the knowledge of God; and whosoever hearkens with care and diligence, to that divine Monitor, that is daily drawing and persuading people to seek after God, they come to understand, that the Lord is not so angry with mankind, but his love, and mercy, and good will, reaches towards all the sons and daughters of men; and the bar that hinders their communion with God, and peace with God, it is not in the Lord, but it is in themselves; and therefore the remedy must be wrought in themselves.

This is evident to every eye, that there is fomething gotten into mankind, which the Holy God cannot own, and can never have fellowship with; that is, another contrary spirit hath wrought upon the souls of people, and hath seduced and drawn them out to that which is unholy and contrary to God, and the terms of God's covenant to mankind, which is, that he should forsake that which the contrary spirit hath wrought. Let the wicked forsake his ways, and the unrighteous man his thoughts. Why should he forsake his ways? Because the Lord never led him into those ways. He that made him, never led him into those ways; therefore the Creator cries out to him, let the wicked forsake his ways, and the unrighteous man his thoughts; I cannot have union with him, as long as he walks in his evil ways; I cannot dwell in his mind, so long as evil thoughts are in it: So may the Lord complain of the works which the devil hath wrought, that man is carried away from God, by his evil thoughts, and the works of the devil.

Why doth not God destroy those works, when he is Almighty, and able to do it? Very true, God is so; but he hath offered to mankind, through the son of his love, a way and means, how man may come to be purged, and cleansed from the evil that the devil hath wrought in him, and how he may come to be reconciled to God: God hath not chosen the way of coercion and force, and to work altogether by irresistible power, that man shall go to Heaven whether he will or no: There was no force used for his going to hell and darkness, but it was the choice of his will: The devil could not have forced him, and led him away out of covenant with God, he could not compel him to break the holy command of God; but not compel him to break the holy command of God; but the devil tempted him, and he yielded to the temptation, and now man is driven out of the presence of God; yet God hath found out a way for the sons and daughters of men, to turn again to him: What by force and coercion, and irresistable power? No, but the scripture saith, He hath offered life and saivation to all men: He hath freely given the Son of his love, out of his own bosom, who making himself an offering for sin, hath presented a way and means for man's returning again to God.

How doth God present Christ to us? He presents him

How doth God present Christ to us? He presents him to the view of every one's mind, to the understanding of every soul; he offers and presents him for salvation to the ends of the earth. There is a damnation come in by man's being subject to Satan, but salvation comes in by his being subject to Christ; as damnation came in by his being defiled, so salvation came in by his being cleansed: As the devil is the defiler, so Christ is the cleanser, and man is the object upon which both do work; and they that have been defiled and corrupted (as we all have) by the unclean Spirit, can any of us give a reason they should not be cleansed by the holy Spirit? We have lost our right to Heaven by sin and transgression, in the first Adam; and can any give a reason, why we should not be restored, and redeemed, by Jesus Christ, the second Adam? No reason can be given of our redemption, but that God is free in his love, and Christ in his offering: He hath offered himself a sacrifice for sin: Every priess hath something to offer; this man, the man

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Christ Jesus, offered himself, through the eternal Spirit, a sacrifice for sin; and now the sacrifice is effered, and a door is opened, and a new and living way consevrated through

the veil, that is to fay, his flesh.

Now, who can be wife enough to find out a reason, why all men enter not in at this door? For all men enter in at the other door, which the devil and Adam opened, to run from God; all could run in at that door. What is the reason, that all go not in at that door which Christ hath opened, and God hath revealed, and which cost Christ so dear to work our way back again, for mankind to return to God? If we go about to enquire into the reason, we shall find it very little, for there is all the reason in the world we should serve God, and seek our own happiness; there is all the reason in the world we should part with sin and iniquity, and with the devil's work, which he wrought, if we knew but how: Now this, I fay, is a great privilege, that God hath afforded to the fons and daughters of men, that they may know; for here the terms of the go pel and of falvation, are brought into a narrow compais, to a short sum, there need no catalogue of them; they that will be ruled by the wicked one, must have their part with him; and they that will be ruled and governed by the Holy One, shall have their part with him, that where he is, there they may be alfo.

Is this in the power of man's will? No, there lies the mischief in the will of man; for you cannot but know by experience, if a man may have his own will, he will always run headlong to destruction, and run in the way of wickedness: And if ever he comes to turn out of that way, into the way of righteousness, he must do it in a way that is a cross to his own will. Some have said, because we have spoken of the free grace of God, in a way that is universal, of his kindness to mankind, through Jesus Christ, they have said, that we hold free-will, that men might be saved if they would; but alas, we have tried it, and we have an universal knowledge, that is able to convince us, and all the world, that it is far enough from our own will. Man is far enough from being able to save himself, from being saved by his own will: He can run on to damnation, there is a current goes

with his affections, and with his corrupt defires, they go with the current and ftream; as long as a man goes on in fin, he fwims down the ftream.

Now many, after they have long gone on in fin, and their evil ways, they think of returning to God; for they think there is a better way, a furer and safer way for their souls, than to go on in wickedness: So there is; if there be so, faith the fincere foul, O that I might walk in it: Why doft thou not? I am convinced that I see a more excellent way than my way is, a better walking and conversation than my life is; but alas! it is too hard for me to walk in it: Why? what is the matter, what makes it hard? because of my own will; I cannot walk in it and have my will, I cannot walk in it, and enjoy my affections and defires, and my interest in the world: This is no wonder that thou tellest me; now thou art convinced of a better way, and wouldest walk in it, and thou canst not walk in it, but thou must take up a daily cross; we might all of us tell that, and read it before; I pray God you may come to read it within, what a cross it is you are to take up, and what way it is you are required to walk in; that is the way of God, the way that leads to Heaven, it is a narrow way; but the way that the devil would have you to walk in, is a broad way, there is no rab ia it.

O would you but once come to experience how hard it is to walk in that way that leads to life, you would find that you cannot do it without felf-denial: It comes to this point; I have read of it before, but now I find it fo. Such a man, or such a woman, will seriously apply themselves to live biameless, harmless, and inosfensive towards God and men; they will set a bridle, and a watch before their mouths, that they may not speak a vain word; they will take care of the frame and temper of their minds, that they sin nor in their thoughts, that they sin not with their lips, nor with their hands. This is not as I was wont to do; I was used to have my liberty; now I find myself yolted, I dare not sin against God: Now I find, by experience, what I heard before, that no man can follow Christ, without denying himself, and taking up a daily cross.

I would have you experienced in this work; wicked men think it a pleafant life, to follow the devil's work, and to walk in the broad way; but the way of felf-denial is uneafy, there is much ftrife and opposition in that way; If I have a mind to speak a vain word, I am limited; if I have a desire to wrong my neighbour, and cheat and defraud him, I am limited, I am not to do it, that belongs to the broad way: If a man will seek after the Lord, and walk in the way of holiness and righteousness, the end whereof is peace, he will find it is a narrow way, wherein he cannot enjoy his own will; such a one must be a David, who said, I behaved myself as a weaned child; that is, as one that is afraid to be beaten.

But thou wilt be ready to fay, I am a man, and not a child; I am come now to be a man, a man of parts; I have feen much, and read much, and would you have me become a child? How great a man was David: If you speak of a man, he was a man of dignity and honour, a man of valour and experience; yet when he speaks with respect to the frame of his mind before the Lord, he faith, he behaved himself as a weaned child, as one that seared to be beaten, feared to commit an offence; he feared the rod of his God upon him; he feared something of judgment upon his conscience. David was an old testament man, but he had regard to that which never waxeth old, which is the same in all times, new and old, Alpha and Omega. Christ Jesus was his leader, before he was born of the Virgin Mary; his word was a light to his feet, and a lanthorn to his paths: David had acquaintance with God, who did lift up the light of his countenance upon him.

And when Christ himself came to preach upon earth, he saith himself, every one that comes into the kingdom of God, must become as a little child. He must become as a little child in simplicity and subjection; he must be under government; he must become as a little child, or he must in no wise enter the kingdom of Heaven; they must not think to enter into Christ's kingdom because they are men; men of parts, men of courage, men of understanding, learned doctors, masters of liberal arts and sciences:

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These may help to make them men, but they must be children; all their wits, and parts, and manhood, courage and valour, will do them no good; for little children, babes and sucklings, may understand more than they of Divine Mysteries, and have greater communion and intercourse between God and their souls than they; so that all who enter into Christ's kingdom, must become like little children.

So that here is a way provided by Jesus Christ, for man to come again into the favour of God, which is by Christ alone, not by any thing that a man can do; Christ must be their leader and their counsellor, he alone can give them the true knowledge of God. No man can know the Father but the Son, and he to whom the Son reveals him. Men can never attain to the faving knowledge of God by study, and by disputation and reading books, and commentators, and observators of matters of religion. Time would fail me to speak of the multitude of books that have been written about the knowledge of God. You must come to Christ for divine knowledge; theology, the know-ledge of God, and divine and heavenly things, are from Christ: He shall have this divine knowledge, be he ever To simple, that comes unto Christ for it; he cannot have it any other way, for God hath ordained this way: Saith God, he shall have it of my Son, who is the Reconciler, the Re-liator between God and man, he shall be beholden to Christ for all. All men's own works and labours will not justify and save them, for God hath committed the whole work of falvation to Christ. One would think it should be no great matter for men to lay aside their own works and duties, and fubmit to Christ; but I tell you it is very hard, and I found it hard myfelf.

Men think by reading and learning, and hearing this and the other man's notions and opinions, they may be edified and profited, and come to the true knowledge of God; but while they are waiting upon God, in the way he hath appointed, they may receive knowledge from Christ, and he more certain and infallible in what they do know, than by consulving all the wife men and learned doctors in the world. For no man knows all at once; and no man

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knows all things neither: It is not a thing necessary that man should know all things in relation to God; for as he is in himself, he is incomprehensible: For no man knows the Father but the Son, and he to whom the Son shall reveal him; yet that which he knows of God, he may know it is certain and infallible.

Suppose a man know nothing of God, but that he is the fearcher of the heart, and trier of the reins. There are many that have tried this, and fay they know it, that yet doubt whether there be a God or no. But when God comes within them, and convinces them of fin, and searches them, and brings judgment upon them for what they have done, then they know infallibly, that God is the fearcher of hearts. This is not a man's work, this is the work of God; if I find God doth approach my spirit, I know it is: God's work; I have now got tome knowledge of God, how came I by it? Who gave it me? No one but he that hath all knowledge; he that was with the Father from the beginning, and was glorified with the Father before the world began, he gave me this know-ledge; and how did he give it thee? By his Spirit; for he hath fent forth the Spirit of his Son into my heart; and that Spirit of Christ searches the hearts, and tries the reins. He tells me this is evil that thou hast done, this is that which God that made thee hath against thee; this thou must forfake, and this thou must repent of; here I have an infallibility of what I know, but I cannot get rid of my

Now, if I can believe in the power by which my heart is fearched, and trust in him that hath begun to deal with me, then his work is not only to reveal his light to convince me, but to put forth his power to convert me; so that by the power of that truth by which my heart is searched, I come to be converted, and turned from my sin, and break off from it; and when I am broken off from it, I am sure, and have a certainty that it is so, that I am broken off from such a sin, and that my heart is turned against it; I am sure that now I hate it, and detest it, and that God hath turned my inclinations another way: I am sure this is God's work, I can witness this infallibly, that something is now done in

order to my redemption: But there is fomething yet remaining to be done: What then? I will go flep by flep; by following my guide, I shall be fure to be making some progress every day, to that state to which the Spirit of Christ will lead me: These persons come to a certainty of knowledge by their own experience.

Some will fay, take heed of being deluded and deceived by the Quakers; fo fay I too: Take heed of being deluded by any body; if any go about to perfuade thee, to believe that which thou knowest to be a lye, I am sure they are about to delude thee; I would have every one to have an

evidence in them elves of what they believe.

Doth a man believe that such a one is a drunkard, because the scriptures declare judgment against the drunkards? the scripture saith, we to the drunkards of Ephraim: There are judgments denounced against the drunkards in the old testament; consider the scripture doth not tell such and such by name, that they are drunkards; but the Spirit of God, by a work and operation upon a man's conscience, singles him out, and charges him with the guilt of drunkenness.

There is a great condemnation pronounced against whoremongers in scripture, but it doth not tell us who they are by name; but their consciences tell them so, and gives infallible judgment against them, and say, thou art the man, thou art a person that God doth judge and condemn; wheremongers and adulterers, God will judge; but that doth not concern thee, and affect thee, except thou be one; I may read this an hundred times in the scripture, and not have a restection in my own conscience, except I be guilty: But when God meets with a guilty person, and judgeth and condemneth him, there will be an infallibility in what such a one knows. If a whoremonger is restected upon by his own conscience, if his conscience tell him he is the man, if all the world should flatter him, and say he is not guilty, he would certainly know that they tell him a lye.

would certainly know that they tell him a lye.

So that here is no dependence upon any man's judgment, but upon an invisible judge in a man's own heart: Who thall delude and deceive this man, that hath this experimental knowledge? those persons will not deceive a man, that

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would turn him from the evil of his ways; these do not go about to deceive him, that will tell him he must hearken to that principle of truth and holiness in his own heart; they would deceive him that tell him he is converted when he is not, and leave him there: But when he is really converted and turned from sin to God, some will tell him he is deluded and deceived; I pray God every one of us may be so deceived: Saith the apostle, we are deceivers, yet true: All that are truly converted, though men cry out they are deceivers, though they are deceivers, yet true; they are come to the savour of the knowledge of God, through Christ; and so shall certainly come to be partakers of the inheritance that is undefiled, and that fadeth not away.

Friends, you know that this hath been the proposition of all the prophets, and apostles, from the beginning to this day; the thing that they have proposed to the sons and daughters of men, hath been to enquire after the knowledge of the true God: It hath been wonderful to confider, what the devil hath done to prefent divers doctrines that he hath found out, and stirred up others to invent a company of Gods, that other people have adored and worshipped. It is hard to find any nation that do not worship fome God; it is natural for man to defire to come to fome God, he thinks he must come to some God, and cannot be happy if he come not to GoD: But the devil hath invented many Gods, and set the people a worshipping of idols, the work of men's hands, such Gods that are so far from helping their worshippers, that they cannot help themselves, they cannot wipe off the dust from their own faces; and if they fall down, they cannot rife again.

But this is not our case, we have but one God preached among us, and but one Lord Jesus Christ, the Mediator bctween God and man: Our condition is happy, in having but one God, in comparison of theirs that have many Gods.

If the true God, that you worship, were but trusted in, you would be the happiest people in the world: If you do but search, you will find that the devil hath in this nation, and in this age, stirred up people to worship as many Gods, as he did in other nations in ancient times, among the Sidenians, and Amorites, and others.

But you will fay, we worship one God, and trust only in one God, and one Christ, and one Holy Ghost, the only

living an I true God.

Do not tell me what God a man professeth to worship, but what God he trustech in, that gives it the name: Whatfoever a man trusteth in, that he makes his God, whether it be gold or filver, or the honours and pleasures of this world, if he trusteth in the ethings, he makes them his God. Let a man but fearch and try himfelf, and he will find something hath got a place in his heart, that he cannot part with for Christ's sake. He will be ready to say, I cannot part with my house and land, with my wife and children, and my goods and possessions, because I have a confidence in them, and believe they will do me good, and be a defence for me; I trust that in times of peril those things may do me good. Here is a divine adoration, here is that trust, that confidence, that all true Christians ought to have in the true God, and this is placed in thefe earthly things. Now, wherefoever the trust and confidence is placed in transitory and earthly periffing things, these men trust in transitory Gods.

Nothing so shews that a man makes the Lord his God, as when he casts all care on him, and puts his whole trust in him, when he makes a profession and acknowledgment of his dominion and greatness, and of all his other perfections, that by his wisdom he can procure for them all that is good, and by his power, keep off from them, and secure them from evil. When I make the Lord my trust and resuge, and trust him for my God, I choose him before all the Gods of the Heathen, and trust in him above all things under Heaven, upon the account of the profundity of his wisdom, and the almightiness of his power: When a man hath this seme upon him, he will walk before the Lord with resignation of mind, and be willing to be at God's disposal, and he will not only give up himself to God, but he will hearken to him, and hear his voice when he speaks to him.

God, who at fundry times, and in divers manners spake in time past, unto the fathers by the prophets, hath in these last days speken to us by his Son: But, where is his Son, you will say? He is in Heaven; but though he is the high

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and lofty one that inhabits eternity, yet he dwells with meek, humble and contrite hearts, that tremble at his word. If I be one of the number of those that tremble at God's word, I have that promise that he will come home to me, and dwell with me. It is well for thee, if the over-ruling power of God hath prevailed upon thee, that thou canst be willing to be at God's disposal, and say, Lord, what wouldest thou have me to do?

Therefore, friends, I would advise you all to love your own fouls, that when God defires your hearts, you would give them up to him, that there he might delight to dwell, and have his habitation. Hearken to God's voice, and have regard to his word, which is a more fure word than any man's in the world. There is a more fure word of prophecy, faith the apostle, unto which you will do well to take heed. This will check you, and reprove you, when you do evil, and shew you wherein you have transgressed; and will encourage you, and be a comfort to you, when you do that which is good. This will make you wife to falvation, and thoroughly furnish you, and give you under-standing for every good work. This word will tell you, this you must not do, lest you offend God, and wound your_conscience, and grieve the Holy Spirit; this word will help you so to speak, as to administer grace to the hearers; such a one as hath regard to this word, hath a chaplain in his own bosom, that will direct and teach him how to steer his course, and order his conversation among men, and how to serve God acceptably. This High Priess's lips will preferve knowledge, even Jesus Christ the righteous, who speaks to us in his word; we can do nothing but by his direction: If you come to him to lead you into all truth, he will bring you to the Father, and reconcile you to him, that so you may obtain his favour and everlasting life. When one of Christ's disciples said, shew us the Father, and it sufficeth us, Jesus saith unto him, he that hath seen me, hath seen the Father, and how sayest thou then, shew us the Father? If you subject yourselves to Christ, and to the government of his Spirit, he will bring you to that life and immortality, that fadeth net away.

This hath been our labour and travel from time to time,

to preach Christ among you, and not to preach ourselves, and gather a church for ourselves, but to gather a people unto Christ, who is Lord of Heaven and Earth. We would preach Christ Jesus the Lord; we would not have you admire men's words and sayings, and charge your memory with them; but we would have you remember the words and sayings of Christ, who is the great Mediator, to reconcile man again to God, that you may know him by his power, working effectually in your hearts; we labour for nothing else, and we want nothing else. We are ambassadors for Christ, as though God did befeech you by us; we pray you, in Christ's stead, be ye reconciled to God: That you may so live, that whether you eat or drink, or whatsever you do, you may do it all to the glory of God, your great Creator, that hath given his Son to die for you, and redeem you from all iniquity, that you might be a peculiar people, zealous of good works.

Let God have all the honour and glory, for all his mercies and bleffings; let us render unto him hearty praifes, and thankfgiving, for his wonderful love, and acknowledge that it is a great privilege that we may obtain by Jefus Christ, even to be brought again to have the knowledge of

the living God, which we loft by our transgression.

His PRAYER after SERMON.

LORIOUS art thou in thy appearance, O Lord! and very wonderful is thy power, and thy ways past finding out: And in this thy glorious day, thou art opening a way for the sons and daughters of men, to turn to thee.

And, O Lord! these whose eyes thou hast opened, rejoice and are glad, because they have seen the way of thy salvation; and the breathings of their souls are, that their sect may be kept therein, and that they may make strait steps in their way

to thy kingdom.

O Lord! we are fensible that our strength, and our power, and our ability is only in thee; and therefore are the souls of thy children bowed and subjected to thee, waiting for the renewing of thy power, that as our temptations are renewed from day to day, thou wouldest make known thy power in us,

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that we may feel the stretching forth of thy hand to save thy

little ones, out of the hands of the destroyer.

And so, powerful God of Life! break forth more and more in thy glory, and make known thy power in expelling the clouds of darkness and ignorance, and bring the minds and understandings of thy people to know thee more and more, till they come to the bleffed inheritance, among the faints in light.

Holy and powerful Father! break in upon thy people by thy Almighty Power, and scatter the dark clouds of temptation, and cause the light of life to shine upon them; thou that hast commanded the light to shine out of darkness, do thou shine into the hearts of the sons and daughters of men; open their hearts, that they may receive the truth, and make tender their hard hearts, that they may live to thee that made them, and give a comfortable account to thee of their thoughts, words, and actions, and let them turn to the Lord before it be

too late to repent of them.

Powerful God of Life! thy mercy and loving kindness doth abound, to a little remant that do believe in Christ, and do trust in thy name; thou hast been with them in their fiery trials and tribulations, and to this day thou hast been the glory of our affemblies, and the joy of our meetings. We are sensible of thy holy power working in our souls, and of thy renewing thy love upon us: All that desire a full sense thereof, that are seeking and crying after thee for it, O let them be brought to a due sense of thee the living God! O arise for the help and the comfort of the sorrowful, the sighing and the needy soul: Pour forth the treasures of thy love upon them that follow hard after thee, and breathe for deliverance; that so, powerful God of Life! praises may arise to thee for all thy mercies, and abundant blessings, for thy goodness and loving kindness, bestowed upon us from time to time.

Most powerful God of Life and Light! let the eye of thy favour be turned upon this land of our nativity; spare the inhabitants of this city and nation, that they may feek after thee; let them know the weight of thy hand upon them, to bow them down to humility and brokenness of heart; give

them repentance for their sins.

Living God of Life! display thy power to all, from the highest to the lowest among us, and advance the kingdom of

our Lord Jesus Christ, to whom thou hast given a name above every name; and let his kingdom and glory be exalted over

all, and shine in the midst of us.

Bleffed Father of Life! give wisdom to our counsellors, that they may counsel for thee; make known thy will, and fend help from Heaven to all that stand in need thereof, and that wait upon thee for it; give them thy Holy Spirit, that they may be guided in thy way. Let thy Son Jesus Christ have the steering and governing of all things, and let glory be rendered to the great and worthy name, and keep us in the love of God and in union with one another; let the stroke of thy power ramain upon the hearts of all whom thou haft touched at this time; let them be bowed down always in thy holy worthip, and remain in a belief of thy truth, and cease to do evil, and learn to do well, and walk acceptably before thee, that so transgression may be finished, and fin and iniquity may be put an end to; and that truth and righteousness may be set up, and shine among us, and that our fuls may rejoice in thee, that we may magnify and praise thy power, and glorify thy name; for thou art worthy of all honour, praise and glory, and humble thanksgiving, for the manifestation of the love and power. All which we desire to offer thee through Jesus Christ, who art God over all, blessed forever and ever. Amen.

SERMON VII.

The Inward Preacher; or, the Office of Conscience.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, June 21, 1692.

My Friends,

A N Y have been fent among you, that from living experience have declared their testimony for the truth, that you might all be brought to wait for the testimony of truth in yourselves. This is that which

will stand you in stead, to know the testimony of truth in your own hearts to be for you; therefore you are to wait, especially at such times as these, to hear the voice of truth in your own souls: For whatsoever the preacher preacheth, if the truth in thine own heart doth not speak peace, it is not well with thee. Whatsoever testimonies are born of the truth itself; it is the truth that must bear testimony of thee, that unerring word, that gives to every one an insallible evidence of their peace with God, or against that which hinders them.

You know our labour hath been to perfuade all people to hearken to the truth in themselves, and to make it their business, and travel, and endeavour, that they might have unity with the truth in their own hearts, that their con-

fciences may not condemn them.

For fuch as you, in whom God hath raifed his witness, and hath exalted the truth for a judge, you are not ignorant, nor covered over with darkness, as many others are; you do not remain in doubt, but you know the truth, and have an answer of peace in well-doing, and a condemnation in evil-doing; not administered to you only by preachers without, but by the evidence and demonstration of the Spirit of God in your own hearts. This is that standing mystery which God hath raised, which can never be put down again,

of God in your own hearts. This is that standing mystery which God hath raised, which can never be put down again, but as each one may put it down in themselves.

I grant that men may put it down: You have read, and had it plainly witnessed to you, even killing the just, and crucifying the Lord of Glory; and of spiritual Sodom, and Egypt. These things you have read of, and you that are turned to the light, know the meaning of those sayings, by woful experience; for when ever you have turned aside, from a due subjection to the grace of God, by which we are convinced, then there hath been a piercing, and crucifying of the Son of God afresh, and vexing and grieving the Holy Spirit, by which you should be sealed to the day of redemption: Then there hath been anguish and tribulation upon your souls; and if this be minded, it will plant a fear upon your minds, and make you afraid to do the like again; but where this tribulation and anguish is neglected and put off, there a custom of sin takes away

the fense of sin. You know many have had more judgment at some time upon them for a vain word, or a vain thought, than afterwards they have come to have for the most abominable wicked action. How came this to pass? Was sin ever the better? Or hath it changed its nature? No; but they are further off from the sense of the evil of it. This is the word of truth, to which you must stand or fall; this is the stone, that whosoever falls upon it, shall be broken and tendered; but if they stay till the weight of truth fall upon them, it will grind them to powder. powder.

They will have a life of liberty, let the truth fay what it will: I will have my liberty, and use my tongue as I lift, I will be wanton and proud, and envious and mali-I lift, I will be wanton and proud, and envious and malicious, tho' I know these things be naught, and the witness in my conscience testifies that these things are wicked, and contrary to the will of God, yet I will have them: Whosever comes to this mind, the stone is near falling upon them, and they will be ground to powder; they are like to barren earth, which beareth thorns and briers, and is rejected, and is nigh unto cursing, whose end is to be burned. Therefore, friends, I entreat you to hearken to the word of the Lord, it is a holy word, and an old word; many have professed it: There are many preachers that will

have professed it: There are many preachers that will cry, hearken to the word of the Lord in such a chapter, and such a verse. My testimony this day is, hearken to the word of the Lord: But where shall we find it, some will fay? I tell you, it is written with the finger of God in your own consciences; and it is either for you, or against you. Let your profession among men be what it will, this Minister of the Covenant hath no respect of persons, or regard to profession; he will not excuse this or that or regard to proteition; he will not excuse this or that man, because he makes a greater profession of his name than others; this rather is his judgment, and his condemnation shall be more swift and sharp upon him that makes a profession of Christ's name. If judgment begin at the house of God, what will the end of them be that obey not the gospel of God. Those that take upon them a strict profession, they do greater dishonour to God, than those that cry out there is no reforming; there can be no live ing without fin: These profess what they do, and they do as they profess. But when people come to profess holiness and righteousness, and profess a power also by which righteousness is obtained, but live not strictly according to their profession; these are they that cause the name of God to be blasphemed among the Heathen, more than they that say there can be no living without sin.

Now this witness of God hath no respect to profession, but hath respect to the state and frame of the mind of a man or woman, that they serve God with, whether it be with sincerity and uprightness of mind, and with breathing desires, that they may know the good and acceptable will of God, and what is well-pleasing in his sight; and that they might perform that which is according to his heavenly will. Where this sincerity is, where this cry of the soul is, the Lord hath regard to it; but where people's religion is only to bear up a profession, and hold up an external fellowship and communion one with another; when this sincerity is wanting, the Lord abhors their worship, it is an abomination to God, and no benefit or advantage to themselves: It is not for the glory of God, that they make a profession, but for some design to themselves, and so they become abominable.

This was the state of Israel of old, and it is the state of a great many now, that think they do great matters, if they conform so far to the truth, as that outwardly they may not be charged with a lye, and that they are of such a society. It is well if some would come so far as to maintain their society with God's people, and their external profession; but if they have not regard to the truth in their own consciences, what is their profession worth? What will all thy unity with them signify? If there be a breach between God and thine own soul, who can heal that breach? What will the profession signify and amount to at last? But, go ye cursed into everlasting sire, prepared for the devil and his angels. And all the reason to be rendered for it, is this; depart from me, ye are workers of iniquity: He did not say in that sentence, ye are lyars, you never prophesied in my name, and I never preached in your streets; but allowing what they said to be truth, that they had made a profession, and

held communion with other Christians, allowing these things, yet notwithstanding it is, go ye cursed; and the reason of the sentence is, you are workers of iniquity.

Let the dread of the God of Heaven rest upon you. My friends, it is another thing to make a prosession of the Lord God of Heaven and earth, than most are aware of; let every one that names the name of Christ, depart from iniquity. What is iniquity? It is all things that men or women do to gratify their own wills contrary to the will of God; that is iniquity: Where had all men liberty? Where had Adam and his sons their liberty to sulfil their own wills, and to contradict the will of God? Yet nothing is more common in nations, countries and families, than for people to assume a liberty to perform and fulfil their own wills, and to bring about their own interest, designs and contrivances, though at the same time they are convinced wills, and to bring about their own interest, designs and contrivances, though at the same time they are convinced that it is contrary to the will of God. Where this liberty is taken, there iniquity is wrought; that is iniquity that is unjust, that which is committed against him upon whom we have all our dependence every moment for life and breath, for food and raiment, and every thing we enjoy; we have a dependence upon that God that made us, yet vain men and women assume a liberty of gratifying their own wills, and setting up for the field. wills, and fetting up for the flesh.

You may remember that passage of the good apostle, when he saw some libertine professors of Christianity, when he saw some libertine protestors of Christianity, grow loose and careless; they thought it was well they did acknowledge God in their meetings and worship, but as to the affairs of the world, they had forgotten that God was concerned in those things; the apostle takes notice of such libertine loosness, go to now, you that say, to-day or to-morrow we will go into such a city, and continue there a year, and buy and sell and get gain; whereas you know not what shall be on the morrow: For what is your life? It is even a vapour, that appeareth for a little while, and then vanisheth away: For that you ought to say, if the Lord will, we shall live and do this or that. You ought to live in subjection to him that made you, you ought to have regard to God's honour in whatsoever you do: Whether you eat or drink, or whatsoever you do, do all to the glory of God. Is

not this scripture? Is not this found amongst the apostle's writings? Do not we hold the name of Christians which was given to them at Antioch? Yea, we are called Christians, and these writings of the apostle are holy writings, and what then is the matter that we take fo little notice of them? That men do not apply these wholesome exhortations to the particularities of their conversation, but that they go from country to country, and from one place to another, and do what they please, without having any regard to give their subjection to the great God: This looseness hath brought into the minds of fome, fuch a liberty, that they live without God in the world; when they go fometimes to religious meetings, and when they hear the name of God mentioned, it may be there is a little awe upon their minds, and they have fome regard to that God that gave them breath and being, for the present: But if there be not religion, if there be not a tie (religion fignifies a tie, a being bound to God) if men be not bound and tied to God, by that which is made known to them, every one will defire that which is good in their own eyes.

Therefore it is necessary for you, my friends, above all people, you that are come to a measure of the minifiration of the Spirit, to know and to mind what it doth speak. Such a thing I did this morning, and I am reproved for it; such a thing I did well, and I am justified and warranted in the doing of it: Thus it is when a thing is well or ill done. Sometimes fome men act two or three days together, and never bring their actions to the rule; that is, like a man that is building and never minds his rule, fo what he builds up, tumbles down again upon his head. You know there is fomething in you that hath a fpeaking voice, an infallible voice, and gives judgment on your actions, and passeth a sentence, either of justification or condemnation upon you. If you would live so as to answer God in what you do, you need not fear answering men. I do not fear answering men in all I do or speak; if I do but answer mine own conscience, I fear no man, tho' he be of another persuasion and judgment opposite to me; if I keep peace in mine own conscience, I shall answer the principle of truth in my adversaries consciences, M tho'

tho' they hate me, and despise me, and seek occasion against me; if my actions answer the truth of God in mine own heart, they will answer the truth in any man's heart: This makes a man as bold as a lion.

When the people of God obtain a reputation, to be true and just, and holy and righteous, all men will expect holiness and righteousness at their hands. What if I profess to be one of these people? If I have not the truth in my own heart, tho' I put on this reputation as a cloak to hide my infincerity, the want of that truth takes away my courage. It is truth that hath a power in all men in the world, and it is the power of holine's and righteousness that makes wicked men afraid; and therefore the apostle argues upon that subject, the magistrate is cloathed with power. What power hath he? The power of justice, and the power of the sword. What sword hath he? A sword of justice; and he is a terror to evil-doers, but a praise to them that do well. It is true, if I have done evil, if I meet with a man that is but my equal; if in buying, and felling, and commerce, I have wronged him, and deceived him, tho' he knows not of it, yet I am afraid of him, I am fearful that he will discover me and find me out: But if I speak the truth, and do that which is honest in the fight of all men, I shall not fear any man: There is no nation under Heaven, but there is a principle of truth to be found among them in the hearts of men. If I act according to the principle of truth in mine own heart, there is the fame principle of truth in all men. If I walk up to the principle of truth in myself, I shall like-wise walk up to the principle of truth in all men's hearts; if mine own heart doth not condemn me, all the world cannot condemn me.

If professors were resolved to answer the principles of truth in their own hearts, and go thorough-stitch in their profession, they might live courageously: Truth will crown them with victory. But if they do not live according to the rule and standard of truth, they are like falt that hath lost its foreur, which is trodden under the feet of men. But where all are one in truth, they are gathered into the truth, and they will live according to it, so far as they

are convinced of it. If you would give them a world, they will not give away a hair's breadth of the truth which they have professed. When truth thus comes to have dominion, then truth shall overspread the earth, and the kingdoms of the world shall become the kingdoms of the Lord, and of his Christ, and righteousness shall rule, and the sceptre of it be swayed over the nations, and they that are found in it, shall have dominion, and they shall condemn hypocrities and dissemblers. Now if you would grow up in this dominion, you have an opportunity for it, because the truth is revealed in your own hearts.

They who undertake to walk in the truth, meerly from what they hear the ministers of truth preach, laying up in their minds a company of doctrines, notions and tenets, they will stumble and fall; but they that will hearken to the truth in their own hearts, and regard the voice of it in all their ways and undertakings; these have a minister at home with them, they have a chaplain in their own houses; if there be any thing they know not, and if they know not what to do, they ask the minister of the fanctuary; others will ask their ministers, but your minister is at home with you: Where hath God appointed any man to rule over your conscience? No, God hath appointed Christ only to rule and govern your conscience, to be the author of faith, and the finisher of it too: You that are come to the dispensation of the Spirit of Christ, keep to the testimony in your own hearts; then you have fellowship with one another in the truth; and you have cause to bless God for it, that God hath so opened the hearts of one toward another, that the suffering of one, is the suffering of all: But alas! who is in this fellowship? Only those that are in fellowship with the truth, in their own hearts, and really so: If a man shall break fellowship with truth in his own heart, he will make no bones of breaking fellowship with his brethere: As soon as men break fellowship with truth, they are unruly, heavy, no bones of breaking fellowship with his brethren: As soon as men break fellowship with truth, they are unruly, heavy, troublesome, and make no matter of splitting, and teaming, and rending of fellowship with others. How comes is to pass that thou hast done this: Thou did not the make

thou fearedst sinning against the witness of God in thine own heart. But when men have once made light of the great minister of the gospel in their own hearts, it is an easy matter to make light of the rest; if, as Christ saith, they have done so to the green tree, no wonder that they do so to the dry tree: If they aespise me (saith Christ) do you think they will love you?

It is most evident in a great many at this day, they dispute against truth, they have taken a liberty to speak contrary to the truth in their own hearts, and then they cry down the ministers of it: Do you think they do so that keep their sirst tenderness? When they were convinced, the power of the Lord rested upon them; when the power of the Lord first wrought upon you, and brought you to yea and nay, and to plain timple language and habit, this was with joy and delight for Christ's sake. They that keep up this tenderness and simplicity of mind, there is no scattering, nor rending, or tearing an ong them, they keep the unity of the Spirit in the

bond of peace, and they are kept together in one.

Friends, you have an opportunity in your hands, fee that you make use of it; you may bear up, and not be deceived by men, or devils, if you keep faithful to the principle of truth in your own hearts. Let what reproach and perfecution foever come, here is a standard, a foundation and a rule, for you to be governed by, every hour of the day; fearch your hearts, and try your consciences by it. As ye do this, and keep to the rule of the new creature, of the regeneration, being changed from a carnal birth to an incorruptible birth. If you be born of the incorruptible feed, the devil cannot corrupt you, evil passions cannot corrupt you; if you keep up that soundation that is incorruptible in itielf, then nothing will corrupt you, nor your ways and ranners: if you will live according to the implicity of the gotpel, you will ferve God, and be examples to others in the life of holiness and righteousness, and hereby God shall be glorified. This is that which will fline forth to the whole nation, and give a good report to truth: But if any that profess the truth, be found false to their profession, and be found unholy, and deceive and over-reach their neighbour, they lose by it, and the devil rejoiceth at it.

Thus

Thus we know the life of righteousness is brought forth through the Spirit of truth, and out-shines all, and will reach God's witness in them that are afar off, and bring them near; and happy and blessed are they that are found in this divine work, conforming their lives and conversations according to the new creature, peace be upon them, and upon the whole Ifrael of God. There is a minister that abides with you, that goes home with you, it is his testi-mony that you must stand or fall by: If any one should be a salie professor, and be cried up, if he be not sincere, he hath not peace; though he flutter awhile, and make a fnew, the worm of guilt gnaws and torments him; fuch as thefe have not peace with God, nor fellowship with the church: Though they feem to be alive, yet they are dead; as it was with the churches in Asia, they had a name to live, yet they were dead; though they have an empty name, such a one is a living man or woman, they are effected friends to the church; but though they are commended and cried up, and have a name to live, yet they are dead; there is a few names in Sardis which have not defied their garments, they shall walk with me in white, saith Christ, for they are worthy. I know thy works, that then heft a name that thou livest, and art deed. See what Christ, the bright Morning-Star, could do: He could look into a meeting, and tee whether few or many had only a name to live, or were really alive; if they were dead as to sincerity and truth, though they had been among the church, they would help to break it down, but not to build it up.

You that have this divine life still stirring in you, and seel the operation that sirst quickened you to God, prize this principle of the divine life above all: What is there can rob you of it? Value not the friendship of the world: Alas! what can it amount to? Count it as dung in comparison of Christ Jesus; look upon all things with a sound eye: Peace with God is of that concernment, that you cannot be happy here or hereaster, without it; the friendship of the world I can be without, and the customs and sainions of the world I can be without, I can spare these things; but the savour of God I cannot be without, and growth in grace and the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, and

a fincere prosession of the gospel; I cannot be without these

things.

My friends, though you do not make a shew and flutter in the world, as some others do, yet your glory is within; they that are living members of this divine body, the glory, and beauty and brightness of such, appears in the fight of God. If you grow in grace, you will be a comfort to one another; and as the apostle speaks, you are our epistle written in our hearts, known and read of all men. The Lord preserve and keep you simple, keep you in all sincerity, in that truth that hath wrought in your own hearts, that you may have acquaintance with your teacher, that he may not be driven into corners; for you may do it, and stop his mouth, and silence him too. If you let your perverse will rule, you may slav the just; but there will come a day of his rising, then down you go. Whatsoever men may get by it at present, when truth riseth, when the Just One that was slain hath a resurrection in them, then most certain down they go. While you have an opportunity in your hands, and an interest in the covenant of life, walk with God according to the counsel and dictates of his Holy Spirit, that you may be brought to a heavenly sellowship, and to partake of the good things that God hath prepared for his children.

My friends, pray prize your feafons, let no day slip, for fear you mits a day at last; wait upon the Lord, and let his fear and a holy awe be always upon your hearts: Then peace will be upon you, and there will be acceptance of all that you do. Mark the perfect man, and behold the upright, for the end of that man is peace; when he can reflect upon his past life, and say, I have walked before the Lord with a perfect heart, and done that which is good and well pleasing in his sight, and have not turned aside to the right hand or to the lest, but the Standard of Truth hath been the guide of all my spiritual and temporal actions. If truth hath been thy guide here, then truth shall be thy portion hereafter. It truth guide thee in thy way, then thou shalt rejoice with the faints, and receive an inheritance with the people of God, and enjoy that glory and selicity which God hath prepared for them that love him.

His PRAYER after SERMON.

EVERLASTING, glorious, eternal God of Life! whose kingdom ruleth over all; thy kingdom is an everlasting kingdom; a glorious, blessed day hath dawned, wherein thou art making thyself known to the sons and daughters of men; and thou hast opened an eye in a remnant (which the God of this world had blinded) to see the glory of this day. For tho we have lived without God in the world, yet thou art near to us, and thou hast called us to repentance, and inspired our souls with a desire to thee, and to the remembrance of thy name: Praise and everlasting thanksgivings belong unto thee, who art the author of our salvation; who hast reached out thy hand and laid hold upon us, and sought us out when we sought thee not, and hast made known thy power and love for our redemption and salvation; and thou wilt make it known more and more to every upright, sincere mind.

O powerful Father of Life! how hath thy power and goodness been revealed on our behalf for thine own name's sake? Thou hast shood by us in all our trials and exercises, and we have found thee a God nigh at hand, and thou hast brought a remnant to desire nothing so much as the enjoyment of thy presence; thou hast brought them to be sensible, that without thee they can do nothing; therefore, in all our assemblies and meetings, we desire to be acquainted with thy power, to hear thy word which speaks life to our souls, by which we may

live.

And dear and powerful Father! the continuation of thy goodness among us, doth greatly engage the hearts of thy children, to offer up praises and thanksgivings to thee. Thou hast inclined the minds and hearts of thy people to wait upon the, and hast opened their understandings to receive thy heavenly truth, and those rich and heavenly treasures which thou offerest them, and hast provided a cup of salvation to refresh the poor and needy soul.

O Living God of Life! reach forth thy hand, to support and save those that are breathing after thee, that are sensible of the want of thy presence, and are frequenting the assembles of the people, with a hope and desire that they may enjoy a

blessing from thee.

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Living God of Life! touch their hearts with the singer of thy power, let them know that thou art ready to open the trea-fure of thy love, and life unto them, through the Lord Jesus Christ, that their souls may be comforted, and they may offer up sacrifices of thanksgiving. And let all thy children every where, render to thy name, through Jesus Christ, blessing, and honour, and praise; who art God over all, blessed forever and ever. Amen.

SERMON VIII.

SAVING FAITH, the GIFT of GOD alone.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, March 8, 1687.

My Friends,

TOU that are made partakers of that precious faith, which hath brought you to an expectation of that redemption and deliverance that comes alone by Christ Jesus, your minds should be continually exercised in that faith which God hath given you, for it is a great gift, a bleffed gift that he hath given to us to believe. This never came of ourselves, never was there a true believer in Christ Jesus, but he received his faith of God, it was the gift of God, it was given to him to believe. Other forts of believers there are in the world, that can communicate their faith one to another; but they are true believers that have their faith communicated to them by the Spirit of Jefus Christ, it is given to them that believe; and because it is so excellent and so heavenly a gift, and hath such large privileges belonging to it, it is necessary that every one that receives it, should have a continual exercise in it; that you may know what it is, and what it doth for you, and so come to be experienced Christians. Now all that are partakers of it, they do believe, and know in whom they have believed, and for what they have believed, even for the faving of their

The true faith, that is the gift of God, it is not at all thort

fhort of a complete faving of their fouls; they that truly believe, their faith stands in one that they know is able to save to the utmost; and so a true believer hath a great comfort in his faith above all other believers in the world; for he knows that his faith reaches to a complete redemption, unto a complete fanctification, unto a complete fitting of him for the kingdom of God.

Now there is no fuch faith that ever was made by men, there is no fuch faith that all the wife and learned men upon the face of the earth, have either preached or given forth to be received; for if you come to confider the divers forms of faith that men have ministered, they will fall short of faving their souls, they fall short of redemption, they fall short of sitting and preparing them for the kingdom of God, and so they have not that comfort, that satisfaction, and that

inward refreshment that belongs to the others, or that accrues to their souls, that have the faith of Ged's elect.

And herein hath been the privilege of the people of God in all ages, as well as in our age; their faith hath had a farther extent, it hath reached farther in order to the good of their souls, than the faith of all others hath done: What comfort can a serious Christian take in a faith that falls fhort of righteousness and redemption? Would faith that falls short of righteousness and redemption? Would it not make a man or woman's heart ach, to think I am a believer, but yet I have no faith that reachest to fanctification, and holy living, and redemption from sin? All my faith leaves me a sinner all my days; to my dying hour there is no mastery to be had, no getting victory over sin, it will prevail over me as long as I live.

This is not that precious faith that God's elect have been made partakers of, that works effectually in their souls; this is not that faith that can minister real comfort to the poor soul that is laden with injustive and weary of sin.

poor foul that is laden with iniquity, and weary of fin; the faith that falls short of fanctification, and redemption from fin, is such a faith as God never gave his people; it came some other way into the world, and it hath captivated most of the sons and daughters of men, and they have expelled the true faith (as much as in them lies) that saving faith that purifies and cleanses men from sin, and gives them victory over the world, and have got another

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faith in the room of it; and they live in their fins, and in their lufts and concupifcence, and still remain in cap-

tivity.

But God was pleased to hear and answer the cry of the souls of a remnant (for which many of us have cause to magnify the name of our God) when we had traveled from mountain to hill, to seek where true comfort might be sound, where one should say to us that we should overcome. We know there is no eating of the tree of life until we do overcome; nor entering into God's kingdom till we be cleansed. Some laid an impossibility in our way, which made many a one to mourn. What, must we never be cleansed? Must this crooked heart, and perverse will, always remain? Must I be a sinner and a believer? A sinner, and call myself a child of God? How can these things hang together? These have made many to faint in their minds, and to say as David did in his distress, one day I shall perish by the hand of Saul. One day this corruption will be my ruin; for all my prayers, and hearing, and other duties and performances, this sin will be my utter ruin at last.

After many have mourned, and been afflicted, by reafon of the burden that was upon them, it hath pleafed the
Lord to visit a remnant, and to open their hearts to make
known the precious faith, the faith of God's elect, the faith
that was once delivered to the faints. Is this the faith that
is worthy of an earne't contending for, and preaching for,
and suffering for? Who was ever so mad, as to suffer for
such a faith as will leave a man under the power of fatan, and his own lusts? No wonder that such have a faith
that is not worth contending and suffering for. Who will
expose themselves for such a faith that will never do them
a kindness? Now that faith which belongs to a purified
soul, to one that is fanctified, that faith delivered to the
saints, it is called a shield; when once a Christian comes
to make use of this faith as a shield, he will find the
power of it. A shield is that which is worn by persons
that are among enemies; it is for the desence and safeguard of one that is beset with enemies; and a good

Christian is fo fituated.

There is a fort of blind Christians, friends to the world, their christianity is worldly, and their faith worldly; but all true Christians are in the midst of their enemies, inward and outward; and if they had not the shield of faith to defend them, they would certainly be wounded every day, they would be slain and lose their lives: The faith that is called a shield, it is that by which a Christian is to be defended and saved from harm designed against him every hour; for the devil goes about like a roaring lion, continually seeking whom he may devour. The apostle speaks more particularly to believers; the devil, your adversary, he is an adversary in himself, but more especially your adversary that are believers; that have believed to the saving of your souls. You that believe that Christ is sent of God, endued with power sufficient to break his head, and power to redeem you out of his service and bondage. There is a fort of blind Christians, friends to the world, and power to redeem you out of his fervice and bondage, the devil will be your adversary: Let him be so, if I have but my shield. This is that which if a man use, he will quench all the fiery darts of the devil.

If a man come once to receive the faith, the true faith, faith in the power of God, this faith will remain victorious over tempration; but if thou dost not keep thy faith in a continual exercise, thou dost not deserve the name of a true believer: If a man receive the true faith, and grow careless in his christian exercise, will not this adversary, the devil, be about his ears? Will not he send forth his fiery darts at him; his temptations, and finares, and gins, to entangle him, tho' he be a believer, if he doth not keep in the continual exercise of his faith? But a true Christian, that feels the power of the grace of God, and is in the continual exercise of true faith, he is like a watchman or fentinel, that hath his armour on, and his shield ready, he knows he is on the borders of his enemies quarters, and he keeps himself in perpetual watchfulness, in daily expectation of the devil's fiery darts; he keeps his shield in readiness; I see a temptation lies in such a thing, but I see the Lord's power is able to keep me out of it. I see there is profit or pleasure in the snare; it is a hook that is baited, but I see the hook through the bait, blessed be God; and I have a considence in his

power, and that he is able to keep me from that thing, for all the baits of profit, pleasure, or the friendship of the world.

A believer keeps in the exercise of his faith, and considers that his salvation is nearer than when he first believed; the people that believe, are not prefently feved, the work of salvation is to be wrought after they believe; for without faith, it is impossible to please God, nevertheless the soundation of God standard sure, it is sounded upon the power of God; when a man believeth, the work is begun; tho' fome foolish professors tell us, that the work is done when the act is only in the mind; they will tell you what day of the month, and such a day of the year their conversion was wrought; but they know not what they say. A man may possibly know when it was brought about: A man may know about the time when God communicated faith to him; but he must know after he is a believer, then begins the work of falvation, the believer is to be faved from this or the other enemy; he is not prefently faved from all, there must be a warfare, a fighting the good fight of faith, before these enemies of his falvation are overcome; the devil will not give over because I am a believer, and because Christ promised to break his head; the seed of the woman shall breik the serpent's head. I am now but putting on my armour; the battle is not fought; I have not yet gone through the peril of the fight; I am now buckling on my armour; when the fight comes, if I have not my shield and my armour ready, I may be sain for all this; some have made shiptwreek of faith, they have not held it, nor kept the saith, but given it away: But saith the apostle, I have fought the good fight, I have kept the faith, I have gotten the victory.

So people, after they are believers, they must wait to have their faith screngthened by renewed manifestations of the same power in which it first stood: They must wait upon the Lord, and he will renew the strength of their faith, zeal and courage; and as temptations are renewed, they have new courage, and new strength and new ability, and all by this divine, spiritual and Christian exercise; they every day come to fee the work they believed, that which their faith tended to, see the work in some measure wrought, they

fee fome enemy of their fouls brought down and slain, and they see their souls come up to a little more dominion than they had before; they see the devil's power is weakened more than before, and that he hath not so much power as he hath had over them. These things are some encouragement to raise up in a true Christian, living praises to God; seeing, by believing, he hath found thus much encouragement by the working of the word, why should he not wait on the Lord for the accomplishment of this work, that he may believe to the faving of his soul, that he may come to receive the end of his hope and faith, the salvation of his soul? Now, by thus keeping their saith in exercise, they know that their salvation is nearer now, than when they sirst believed. It is not so with every one, for many that have believed, their salvation is farthest off, because of their negligence, professing one thing with their mouths, and doing another thing in their practice; there are some things which they believe and profess, and yet do the contrary; that puts their salvation further off, and draws them secretly into desponding, and into a losing their courage and zeal for God; the custom of sinning hath at last taken away the sense of sinning. It is so with a man when he and zeal for God; the custom of sinning hath at last taken away the sense of sinning. It is so with a man when he sirst transgresset the rule, he is somewhat tender, and doth it with some regret; but after he is come to a custom of doing it, he is pretty well at ease, and so by degrees he goes on towards the state of being past feeling. At last such sinners come to dying; they were dead once before, and were quickened through the operation of the Spirit of Christ Jesus; they were quickened, and if they shall die again, if you die a second time, pray remember it is a second time; you that are careless and ready to die, remember it is the second death that you are going to; and consider that if you die the second death, you shall have no part of the first resurrection: Better such had never been born at all, than after they have lived in hope, to lose it again. This is after they have lived in hope, to lofe it again. This is that which was upon my heart to commend unto you, that you may partake of this precious faith, that hath a tendency to the faving of the foul, and fitting you for the kingdom of God. Hath God given you to believe? And will you not believe that you shall live without sin?

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If you come to obtain this precious faith, you will believe that you shall come to live without sinning against God, and have the light of his countenance shining upon you. He that truly believeth, his faith reacheth to this, and he will say to himself, I am saved a little from the liberty of my tongue, and from many sins of an evil practice: God hath redeemed me from my vanity, pride and passion, and other things that were troublesome, the Lord hath redeemed me from them; I see the work is going on, and I am nearer to the kingdom of God than when I sirst believed; I have gotten victory over many of my spiritual enemies, and I hope the Lord will carry me on, and keep me by his power through saith unto salvation: Hitherto the Lord hath helped me, I have not fought in vain, I have not been beating the air, but God hath given me victory over the tempter inwardly and outwardly, so that he could not prevail, whilst I kept the shield of faith over my head; but when I have been careless, and not exercised my faith as a shield, I have been weak as other men. men.

Men.

You are not called to weakness and feebleness, but to the power of God, that you may be exercised in it, and by it be kept from the evil of the world: There is a possibility of being kept, if you be faithful to him that hath called you, that is, Christ Jesus, the Captain of our Salvation, if you follow him step by step, and do not run headlong all at once; when you see a great deal of sin and corruption before you, and seek to master it in your own strength, you will lose the victory: The same word that sheweth us our sin, sheweth us our own inability to overcome it, and that we can do nothing without divine assistance; tho' we lie long struggling under the weight and burden of sin, we cannot of ourselves get victory over it, we cannot bring judgment into victory, God must have the glory of it. If you keep to Jesus, he will carry on the work; you did believe in him, for he did work this taith in you, and he will carry on his own work, and his own work shall praise him. All others that talk of saith, and make an empty profession, they dishonour God; they talk of persection, and living without sin, but

but never experience it, and so bring dishonour to God: If you wait to see this work carried on; if you believe and exercise your faith for the overcoming of your fins, and perfecting holiness in the fear of God, you will hereby bring glory to God, who alone is worthy of all praise; who is God over all, blessed for ever more. Amen.

His Prayer after Sermon.

MOST bleffed, holy, and unchangeable Lord God! thou haft vifited us by thy dear Son and our Saviour Jefus Christ, to gather us to be a people unto thee, who once

were not a people, and once not gathered.

Everlasting Father! thy mercy is great, and thy good-ness is great, and to be greatly prized by us all; thou hadst compassion on us to help us when we could not help ourselves; and thou hast laid help upon one that is mighty and able to save to the uttermost all that come unto thee by him.

Blessed God, and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ! we give thee thanks for thy abundant mercy and goodness extended to us. Lord God Eternal! extend thy mercy more and more; and visit the children of men in all nations with

the knowledge of thy truth.

Blessed Father of Life! we pray and cry to thee, that thy work may go on, and that it may prosper and encrease, and let the day of thy visitation be extended, and reach sorth thy Almighty Arm, that the children of men may be gathered unto thee.

Bleffed Father of Life! thou hast shewn mercy to our souls, and we have seen the goings of God in his sanctuary; thou hast, by an out-stretched arm, gathered us to be a people to thyself; thou hast appeared for thy people in all ages, and thou hast saved them out of oppression, and stilled the sury of the enemy. Thou hast cut Rahab, and wounded the dragon, and made way for thy people Israel, that they passed through the Red-Sea as on dry land. Lord, do so for thy people spiritually in our day, and make way for them, and open the door that thy gospel may spread, and run, and be glorisied, and have a free course among us; and

that thy worship may be set up, and pure incense may be offered up to thee. O Lord! this is the cry of thy servants, and the voice of their supplications to thee, that thy spirit may be poured out abundantly and operate upon them, that

thy word may be profitable and welcome to their fouls.

Blissed Father of mercy! thou hast blessed thy children and people with spiritual blessings in Christ Jesus. Thou hast given us thy pleasure this day; and blessed be thy name, thou hast refreshed our souls at this season; let our praises ascend as a sweet smelling savour, and acceptable service to thee: And for all thy mercies and renewed savours and blessings to us, and to all thy people, both here and every where, let thanksgiving and living praises be rendered to thee; for thou alone art worthy of all blessing and praise, who art God over all, blessed forever. Amen.

SERMON IX.

TRUTH'S TESTIMONY

AGAINST THE

POWER of SIN and SATAN.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, June 3, 1688.

My Friends,

OD hath made you witnesses of the great work of this day; the Lord I say hath given you eyes to see, and ears to hear, and hearts to understand the great work of the day; he hath called you forth, that you may be faithful witnesses every one in your measure of that which he hath brought to pass in your sight, for he hath revealed his power, the eternal power by which the world was made, he hath revealed and manifested that power for the raising up of life, for the subjecting and bringing under death, and the power of it; for a great while a testimony that hath been born in the nation hath been unto death; he that hath the power of death,

that is, the devil, he hath had a great many to found out his power, to declare the continuance of it, that death must reign, and darkness must continue, and that the kingdom

of the man of fin will never be brought down.

But now in our day, glory to God on high, here is another found come forth, the Lord Jehovah hath ttered his voice, and who can but prophecy! The word oppophecy is given of God, and many are raifed up to ublif hit, and to found forth the name of the Lord in he extirpation, the ruin and destruction, that is and shall brought upon the kingdom of iniquity, upon the kingdom of the man of sin, and to prophecy and declare in the name of the Lord, that righteousness shall run down like a stream; this is the gospel, the glad tidings that we receive from God, and minister unto you, that you might believe, and that believing you might come to wait upon the Lord, and behold the accomplishment of it.

For, my friends, herein hath confifted all the labour, travel and exercise, of the servants of the Lord; and for this cause have we suffered many things, and gone through many trials, because we have stedsastly believed, and therefore have we spoken it; that the Lord will, by his Almighty power, lay waste, destroy and bring to an end, that power, that the wicked one, the devil, hath had upon the minds and spirits of the sons and daughters of men, and that he will set up and establish, in the very same soul, a law of righteousness, and a law of truth, and will cause the beauty of holiness to shine forth through them, where iniquity hath lodged,

where the wicked one hath ruled.

Now you that have believed this testimony, you have Now you that have believed this tellimony, you have received it, as glad tidings unto you, for you are weary of that old fervice, you are oppressed under the power of that strange prince. There was a kind of spirit and power that had ruled over you, that neither gave you life nor breath, nor had done any good thing, and yet you were subject; and many there were, who through the grace of God, came to see that a state and condition of sin and iniquity was not a happy state; and by a secret kindling of the spark of God's love in your souls ere you knew him, there was a cry raised to be delivered, if it be possible. If was a cry raised to be delivered, if it be possible. If

there be any deliverance, O why may not I be delivered! If there be any redemption, why may not I be redeemed! If there be a power that can fet me free from the fervice of this wicked one, why may not I be fet free?

Ah. friends! remember the days and nights in which these living cries run through you, then you were poor in-deed; then you were humble and broken, and the Lord beheld you in those days, he saw your state and condition, he faw how helplers you were, and did not he arife to help you? Did not a power spring forth in the day of your humility, in the day of tenderne's, by which you became able to make war against the lusts of your own hearts, and did not you overcome and prevail in your war? Did not you make a progres by the power and by the grace that first raifed desires in you? And as you made this progress and gained ground, as I may fay, of your own corruptions, your feith came to be firengthened, and you were confirmed in the belief and in the obedience of the truth; and the more you trusted and relied upon him, the more did he manifest his power in you; he made known his ability and his strength in your weakness, so that you did become living witnesses, every one in your measure, that there was such a power; and that that power was able not only to lave from a little, or from a few, but was able to fave to the uttermost, to fave our of all that was polluted and defied, and to cleanse and purify the confcience from all dead works, and to enable you to ferve the living God.

Now the Lord having thus established you, and confirmed you by his power, that you were sound in the faith, and firm in the believing of the truth, my friends, all the labour, and travel and doctrine, and exercise of the preachers of the go pel, to those who were converted and confirmed, became very acceptable. So we preach, and so you believed; here was a unity in our faith, here grew up a sellowship, a communion in the saith, and the Lord became gloristed in the assemblies not only of those that preached, but of those that heard, because each one had a place in the body, and each one had a savour of the word of life by which the

body was nourished.

Now, my friends, that which lies particularly upon me

to leave with you for my testimony (and I pray God that it may be placed in the hearts of all you that have believed) is, that you may all wait upon the Lord, to see all that brought to pass which you have believed: For I take notice by the eye that God hath opened in me, by which he hath made me to take care of his flock, and sometimes put his word in my mouth, that I may speak a word in due season: I say, by this eye, I take notice of many that have received this precious faith, and thereby have believed the great and high state; their faith reached so far, they knew that power to be able to bring them into a perfect dominion over their lufts; and passions, and corruptions, and over the spirit of the world, over pride, over anger, over all things that are opposite to the divine life; their faith is as sound as we can preach it in respect of the extent of it, but their faith hath not reached thus far in its operation upon their hearts; they have not had the power going on, to accomplish and fulfil that which remains.

Are there not some here and there that are settled in the belief of the truth, but are got into an ease from the labour of the truth? But if I be found in the faith, my underftanding is opened; I do not only believe this matter, but have inward evidence and demonstration, that I am certain, past all doubt and question of it, that the Lord reveals his power in them that believe, that purifies them, and makes them every whit clean; and here I have a fellowship and communion with them that preach, and them that believe.

But, my friends, all this will not give you communion with God; though there is communion with the church of God, with respect to men, who are come into one faith and doctrine, yet for fellowship with God, it stands in a life beyond all doctrines, and beyond all words and expressions; therefore your business and mine, and every one's, is what we undertook when our faces were first turned to God, that we may be followers of Christ in the regeneration. For many may be firm in point of doctrine, and yet may not follow Christ Jesus: Many hold the truth, but do not hold it in righteousness, but unrighteousness.

Now, my friends, have a care, your religion and your

fouls

fouls eternal welfare are concerned. This doctrine I leave fouls eternal welfare are concerned. This doctrine I leave you in charge in the name of the Lord God: Flatter not yourselves any one of you, because of the soundness of your belief, but look for soundness of heart, and for a right ipirit to be created in you, a spirit that can no way endure any thing that the light of Christ hath made manifest to be evil; if it be truth you own, then exercise faith upon it, and whatsoever sin or temptation assaults you, say, I shall overcome in the name of the Lord Jehovah; I shall bring thee under, be what lust, passion, or corruption soever thou wilt, in the name of the Lord, I shall overcome thee, and bring thee under. and bring thee under.

and bring thee under.

Travel on in the faith committed to you, and you will be more than conquerors; you will not only grow into external fellowship with the people of God in the fight of men, but into fellowship with the church of the first-born, whose names are written in Heaven; and your communion will not be in words and doctrines, and principles of faith; but your communion will be with God the Father, and his Son Jesus Christ; and so in all your meetings together, the joy of the Lord will be your strength, and the joy of his great falvation your covering, and he will manifest his gracious presence with you; and that power which hath kept you to this day from your childhood, and preserved you in all your battles and conflicts with the world, and strengthened and encouraged you when you went sometimes forrowing and mourning night and day, and fearing lest you should not overcome your adversaries; that power that hath kept you hitherto, will do greater things for you than you have yet been witnesses of. you have yet been witnesses of.

Therefore, dear friends, this I would leave with you, there is nothing will keep you and me in that little time that remains to us here to spend on earth, but that which will keep us in the exercise of faith towards God, and his Son Jesus Christ, who is able to save us to the untermest: Let us wait to see the power of God for sanchification and holiness; that will reach as far as saving us from our

fins.

This hath been the greatest reproach that ever our adversaries have thrown upon us, that there are some amongst

us that talk of believing in the power of God, and talk of an ability to overcome their fins, and living a holy life, and living without fin, while they themselves live in it. This is the greatest reproach that ever our adversaries have thrown upon us: Whosoever have been the cause of this reproach, God will require it of them, for the Lord is jealous of his name and glory; and he will have the praise and honour that is due to his great name, for working in us both to will and to do of his good pleasure, saith the apostle; tho' I know nothing of myself, yet am I not hereby justified. When you come to that, that you can-not charge yourselves, then the Lord will not charge you; but take heed that therein you place not your justification, hereby you are not justified.

Therefore have an eye to Jesus, the author and finisher of our faith. He begins the work of faith, and he will carry it on until he be the finisher of it, and the justifier of it; he is the Mediator of the New Covenant, that alone justifies the children of God. Depend not upon your own holiness and righteousness for justification; keep your eyes to Jesus the author of your faith, who will be also the finisher of it; keep your hearts with all diligence, and walk humbly with God, watching lest your adversary that you have overcome, prevail against you. By going from the power, there is no fafety for the flock, but only while they keep in the shepherd's fold; be faithful and keep yourselves in the love of God, and he will be present with you, and keep you to be his witnesses to the end of your days, and will raise up another generation to be witnesses to his power, when he hath taken you to himself.

To that mighty power of God I commit you, for pre-ferving you in humility of mind and foul; and my prayer for you shall be, that you may go on, and make a progress in the good ways of the Lord, until his work be

finished in you.

His Prayer after Sermon.

II OLY and powerful God of Life! who are the Creator of us all; in whom we live, and move, and have

our being; thou hast made us all for the purpose of thy praise and glory, that we might serve thee in the land of the living, among the sons and daughters of men; and not only so, but thou hast given us thy Holy Spirit, as thou didst to the people

of old.

O living God of Life! thou hast ordained a remnant to give up themselves to be led by it; thou regardest them, and art with them, and they enjoy from time to time thy hely presence, which makes glad their souls; and they have sellowship and communion with thee, and thy Son, through thy Spirit, by which they are quickened to offer up pure and living praises upon thine altar.

O living God of Love and Life! thou hast shed abroad thy love upon their hearts, by which they are enabled to pray for enemies, that they may come to erjoy salvation, and the plea-fures which are at thy right hand, which are infinitely better

than all the pleasures of this vain world.

Holy and powerful Father! have respect to all our souls, and touch all our hearts with a sense of thy divine love, that we may feel the cords of thy love drawing our souls nearer to thyself, and assuring us that then half a gracious purpose to save us.

O powerful God of Life! shew forth thy power, that our hearts may be touched and quickened thereby, to come to fear thee, and reverence thy name, and be acquainted with thy operation in our own hearts, that they may be humbled and broken before thee, and bow down and worship in sincerity and uprightness: That so holy God of Life! if it be thy pleasure, none may depart out of this affembly without some sense of thy love, and feeling of the powerful drawings of thy grace, and without being raised up to purity of heart, and convinced of the evil of every thing that is contrary to thee, and ferve thee in holiness and righteousness, and pursue it with all their hearts, and minds, and soul, and strength, that thou mayest have mercy upon them, and pardon their iniquity, and love them freely, for fo thou haft ordained in thy Son Jesus Christ, that we may receive remission of sins through the belief of thy everlashing truth.

And holy, powerful, God of Life! that all thy people may partake of holiness and sobriety, to the praise of thy name, and that they may all come to obtain a victory over

all those spiritual enemies that war against their souls, that thy holy work of redemption and regeneration may be carried on, to the praise of thy grace, and the exaltation of thy holy name, to whom praise, honour, and wisdom belong, and pure and humble thanks givings; and unto thee, the living God of Life, we defire to offer up our praises and adorations, for thou alone art worthy; who art God over all, bleffed forever and ever. Amen.

SERMON X.

Bearing the Cross of Christ, the true Mark of a Christian.

Preached at DEVONSHIRE-House, October 12, 1690.

E that knoweth the day of the Lord, and the stretching forth of his arm, is quickened to feel the power that is in Christ Jesus, the Head of the Church; that so he may be enabled, through his power, to bring forth fruit unto God. The eye of the Lord is upon you all, and he expects at the hand of every one, that they bring forth fruit unto God, that according to the aboundings of his mercy towards you, and of his patience and long-fuffering concerning you, there might at last be an answer in the soul of every one, unto the mercy and goodness of God. They that do not know and experience this, that the long-fuffering and patience of God leadeth unto repentance, they know no part of Christianity; let them make their profession ever fo high, and proclaim their notions ever fo loud, they that know not the work of repentance in their hearts, as yet, need to learn the first principle of the Christian religion. You know it hath been the custom of people to learn their children principles, and they that have learned their principles, they go for Christians, whether they repent or no; though they go on in fin and iniquity all their days, yet they go under the reputation of Christians; and it is high time to examine and find out (if you can) a reason for this, that a man shall be accounted a Christian upon any other terms

now in this age, than the Lord Christ did preach and publish in the days of his slesh; for he did absolutely deny that any man could be his disciple, without taking up a daily cross, and without self-denial: Now how should a man at this day be a Christian, or a disciple of Christ, without taking up a daily cross, and without self-denial?

It may be some will tell you, that they are baptized into the Christian faith, and have been taught, and have made a

profession of Christian principles, and affociated themselves among those that make profession of Christ; but here is not a word of a daily cross in all this, nor of self-denial; so that they would have you to understand in this, that the terms of Christianity are changed, and that men may be Christians without the terms of Christ, or at least reputed so.

Christians without the terms of Christ, or at least reputed so.

And this hath been occasioned by the great apostacy that hath been brought into the church by a long night of darkness, and the revealing of Antichrist. Antichrist hath been discovered and revealed, and hath set up, in despite of Christianity, a false Christianity; and there came in the terms of a man's being accepted, and being reputed a Christian upon Antichrist's terms: And if you will conform to do thus, and say so, you shall be admitted into the Christian Society. Now all these terms of Antichrist, have been such things as an unregenerate man could conhave been fuch things as an unregenerate man could conform to and comply with.

And the opening of this door, hath let into the church and the opening of this door, hath let into the church abundance of hypocrites and evil-doers, who were in too unregenerate a flate to conform to those things that were required; for in the public society of Christians, it was not said, you must be regenerate, and take up a daily cross, and deny yourselves, and walk as becometh faints, and so behave yourselves that God may be glorified, and the profession of Christianity honoured by you. These were the terms of old; but there are other terms of being Christians, which are of a later data.

being Christians, which are of a later date.

Now this apostacy hath prevailed and spread over whole nations and countries, not a few, so that whole kingdoms have become Christians upon these latter terms, and God is greatly dishonoured among us, and Christ the Holy One most horribly prophaned. It is not so common among

Heathens and infidels, to find people wronging and deceiving one another, and killing and deftroying one another; and yet it is the practice of many that are called Christians: These are the fruits and effects of those latter times of Christianity. Now seeing it is thus, which no mortal man can deny, I have this question to ask, and I desire that you would seriously weigh it in your hearts and souls, both while you are together, and when you are separate one from another, whether it is not high time for all of us to return again to the first terms of Christianity, and one from another, whether it is not high time for all of us to return again to the first terms of Christianity, and to reckon no man a Christian, let him profess what he will, saving such a one as doth know and witness, that the long-suffering, and patience, and goodness of God, doth lead him to repentance; and saving such a one as hath so much faith towards God, that for love to God he will deny himself, and take up his cross, and be a follower of Jesus in that way and life he lived in.

It is high time for all of us to return again to the terms of Christianity, that were set up by a higher authority.

of Christianity, that were set up by a higher authority than ever Antichrist had, and before Antichrist was revealed; for tho' it is true that Antichrist hath obtained vealed; for tho' it is true that Antichrist hath obtained power on earth, to establish his fort of Christianity, that is, without the cross, and a fort of religion whereby they indulge themselves in whatsoever pleaseth their carnal hearts, and corrupt minds; yet Antichrist hath not all power, he is not Almighty; I hope neither Antichrist, nor the beast, nor the dragon, nor the false prophet, nor the whore, have all power on earth, though they have a great deal, and by that power they have established laws, decrees, canons, and innumerable things about religion; and some cry, this is the way you must walk in; others cry, the way to Heaven lies here, and here you must travel if you will come thither: Some cry, this is truth; others say, it is error: So that the world is divided; Antichrist's government in the world is divided; and when the house is divided against itself, there is hopes that it will fall at divided against itself, there is hopes that it will fall at laft.

But there is one, to whom all power in Heaven and Earth is given and committed; and his Christians are not divided among themselves, but they are of one heart, and

of one mind; and he that hach all power in Heaven and Earth committed to him, can crush and bruise that power that others have. Herod had some, and Pilate had some; but saith Christ, your power is limited, this is your hour, and the power of darkness; and thou hadst not had power, saith Christ to Pilate, were it not given thee from above; here is power given to the dragon, to the salse prophet, and the beast, to speak great things; but this power of Antichrist is going away; Christ Jesus was sent into the world in his day, to bring people back again to God, and to primitive Christianity and obedience, and to the first terms of society and communion, and to a fellowship in Christ Jesus through the Holy Ghost.

Now if we had set up a way of religion, as other folks

Now if we had fet up a way of religion, as other folks have done, which is contained in some canons, articles, doctrines, and such and such commandments of men; and if men will confess these articles, and obscrve these canons, they shall be of our fociety; then we should have done like the rest of the fallen Christians; but we have declared from the beginning, that professing our doctrine, and the principles of religion, doth not give any man fellowship and communion with us; but our communion is in the felf-denying life, and a daily cross, in opposition to sensual lust, vanity, pride and bitterness of spirit, corruption, enmity and wrath; this hath brought us to a holy fellowship and communion in the Holy Chost, and to live in unity from one head, which is Jesus Christ; so that there is not this man's church, and the other man's church among the people of God.

Do you read in the primitive times, that Paul had his Do you read in the primitive times, that Paul had his church, and Peter his church, and James his church, and Jude his church? Indeed they had their meetings as we have now, in many cities and countries among the Jews and Gentiles; but these holy aposles that were the first publishers of the everlasting gospel, after their great Lord and Master, Jesus Christ, they never did appropriate any church to themselves, that was not their business; but our work and business, saith the aposle, is to gather you to Christ, and present you as a chaste virgen to Christ; our work is, to turn you from darkness to light, that you may walk

walk in it, and be the children of it; our work is, to build you up as a spiritual house, to be presented to Christ the Mediator.

This is primitive Christianity that hath its foundation in holiness and righteousness, sincerity and truth, not in words, and terms, and articles, and canons, and decrees, and other observances; this is not the foundation of true Christianity. nor will it ever be, the devil's kingdom must be destroyed, it is shaking, for he in whom we believe, hath power from his Father to break the devil's head, Antichrift and the dragon's head. Christ Jesus is signified by divers names, the second Adam, Lord from Heaven, the Way, the Truth, and the Life, but he is the same Christ; so Antichrist is expressed by several terms and names, but he is the same power of darkness, he hath made the nations drunk, to stag-

ger and destroy, and devour one another.

This hath been done in the fallen state of Christians, and the defign which the Lord Christ hath in sending his ministers and workmen to labour among you, is to restore men to the first Christianity, and to bring men to God; that religion is not made up of doctrines, articles, canons and decrees of men, but it hath the word of God for its foundation; he that hath an ear to hear, let him hear: There is some spirit, and power, and visible work in a true Christian, which the false Christian never had. The false Christians have taken the name and profession of Christ, and their fruits have been dithonourable to him; they might as well make profession of Antichrist and satan, they have a form of godliness, they have some of the word, but they deny the power. What is their religion and outward profession, when they want the internal life, and the motions of the Holy Spirit; if they bring forth the curfed fruits of the flesh, enmity, wrath, lust and corruption, which belong to the fallen nature and unregenerate state?

The apostle takes notice of this deceit and hypocrify in religion, which was growing up before he died; men having a form of godliness, and denying the power thereof, from such turn away. If there be any brethren that walk disorderly, have no company or fellowship with them, if you would have the holy name of Jesus free from scandal.

This hath been the defign of all the faithful ministers of Christ, to keep their holy profession of the name of Christ free from reproach; that the holiness of God's ways might be feen in the holy lives of the professors of them. Till men come to know this, and take up their daily cross, and exercise felf-denial, their Christianity is good for nothing; I would not have you trust in it; neither in articles, tenets, or observations; but see how with your lives you answer your profession: Christ was hely, harmless, undefiled, separate from some challenged. And why should not Christians be so too? How can Christians be followers of Christ, and not separate from sinners? Christ was so. He went one way, and finners went another; they followed their fins and lufts, but he followed the work his heavenly father fent him about. If thou art a follower of Christ, thou art worthy of the name of a Christian. Do drunkards and swearers follow Christ? Do the wanton and proud follow him? Do the unclean and hypocrites follow him? you know they do not, why do you call them Christians? This is a reproach and shame to the holy name of Jesus, and to true Christianity, that any of these folks should be called Christians, but such as are followers of Christ, who are hely, harmless and undefiled, and Separate from finners.

This feems a strange kind of doctrine, yet if it had been preached in the primitive time, there were people that would have received it as apostolical doctrine, that a man should crucify the slesh with the affections and lusts: For faith the apostie, mortify your members which are on earth; if you, through the spirit, do mortify the deeds of the body, ye shall live; but if ye live after the slesh, ye shall die. And to be carnally minded is death, but to be spiritually minded is life

and reace. This was found doctrine then.

Now come and tell a man he shall certainly perish and come to damnation for all his profession, if he does not mortify the deeds of the flesh; if he lives in sin and dies in it, he is like to perish: How many have been hauled to gaols and dungcons, only for preaching this doctrine, and when we were first tent to preach, we durst not do otherwise? And God did not send us to preach till he had washed us, and fancished us, and fatted us for the work of the ministry.

Now

Now when we saw in the holy scriptures, that God did work upon others by his Spirit, before he sent them to preach the gospel, was not here sufficient authority given to preach the downfal of sin, and destruction of it? One would think that such a one, thus called and sent of God, had as good authority to preach the everlasting gospel, as the laws enacted by all the princes of the world could give him; a man sure that hath an authority for preaching the gospel, would not need to wait for orders and approbation; he would not stay for an induction. The apostle Paul took it for a commission that was creditable, when he tells you of he would not fray for an induction. The apoilte Paul took it for a commission that was creditable, when he tells you of his mission, it was not by man, but by the will of God, that he was called to preach the gospel. If we should say we were made preachers, if you ask by whom, not any man in the world can tell you; but we were made preachers many years ago: Not by man, or by the authority of man, but by the will of God. What was your commission? to turn men from darkness (that darkness we had formerly lived in) to turn them from darkness unto light, and from the power of Satan unto God. The apostle sums up his commission in a sew words; the Lord told me I must turn men from darkness to light. This is our commission that we have received from

God in this age, to turn men from darkness.

But some will say, that we have not human learning and qualifications for the work of the ministry: To this I anfwer, if I heard a man swear or tell a lie, I could tell him fwer, if I heard a man fwear or tell a lie, I could tell him that this was not of God, I have learning enough to know, and tell men that, and fay, whoring, drunkenness, and swearing, and lying, were works of the slesh, and fruits of the devil's power; I would have you turn from these works to the power of God. What is that power of God? I will tell you, it is a manifestation of grace in your hearts, that will draw you away from the love of all these things; the grace of God, is the power of God to salvation to them that believe: To as many as received Christ, to them he gave power to become the sons of God; to such as believed in his name. Such Christians will shew forth the power and life of religion in their conversations: So that here is a sufficient authority, no want of authority.

ficient authority, no want of authority.

I have been formetimes examined by what authority do

you preach? By the highest authority in Heaven and earth, by the authority of God that came by Christ, the Redeemer. What do you preach? Truth in the inward parts, grace and truth, and against all filthiness of flesh and spirit.

As long as Antichrist hath a rule, you must not preach down sin without authority; you must have power, you must be ordained, and have an induction before you undertake to preach the go'pel, and preach down fin and wickedness: The devil hath got such power and rule, that some tell us, that no man can live without sin; if it please God here and there to raise a man and bring him to a holy and righteous life, this man wants a patent, a commission, an induction, an ordinance to preach and cry down sin in other solks; what commission had the Psalmist when he said, Come, all ye that fear the Lord, and I will tell you what he hath done for my feu'.

Is it not high time for people that have evidences of the love of God thed abroad upon their hearts by the Holy Ghost, to bear their testimony against sin and wickedness? Is it not high time for every one's mouth to be open, to testify against such a horrible mist of darkness that is come over men; to testify against hypocrity, uncleanness, and

unrighteousness?

It was the great design of the primitive preachers of the gospel, to cry down that which some ministers cry up, so that Christianity is not like what it was, for then they told them that there was no happiness but by breaking off from sin by repentance. No possibility of salvation without confessing and forsaking sin, and trusting in the mercy of God through Christ for the pardon of it. Tell them of the mercy of God and the blood of Christ they will tell you that cy of God, and the blood of Christ, they will tell you that they cannot be cleansed from all sin, they cannot live without sin. How comes it to pass that there are ministers that preach an impossibility of living without fin, when we are affured in the holy scriptures, that without holiness no man shall ever see the Lord? And that there shall in no wife enter into the kingdom of God, any thing that defileth, neither what soever worketh abomination, or maketh a lie? Rev. xxi. 27. How comes this, that ministers preach an impossibility of living without sin? Will any of you, saith he, be so prefumptuous

fumptuous as to fay a man may live without fin? I will prove it from good authority, both from fcripture and the fathers, that no man in the world can do it.

If any fet themselves to it in their own strength, the devil will make sools of them; some indeed have gone about it in their own power and will, and have cloistered themselves up in monasteries, and shut themselves up between two walls, that they might be separated from all society, and live without sin; they would do it in their

own power, and the devil is ftronger than they.

Let me tell you, men of the greatest wisdom, courage and strength, of the most excellent natural parts that any man can have, are not able to grapple with their enemy the devil by their own power; there are feeds of fin, and lust, and concupifcence fown in all their hearts; so far this is right and found doctrine, that no man can do any thing in his own power and strength. But here is the mistake; a man hath been a long time wrestling with his sins and lusts, to get the victory over them; but by woful experience he finds his weakness and infufficiency; he is funk in his harness, and so hath given over the battle, saying, I shall never overcome the devil and his temptations, my fins and lusts are too hard for me, I despair of ever overcoming them in my own strength, by all that I can do; that is true enough, but must thou needs perish because thou canst never overcome thy corruptions? If ever I be faved, it must be the free grace of God, that must save me. How canst thou come to lay hold of the free grace of God? I am told I must lay hold on Christ by faith, who is the Mediator between God and man, and is my only Redeemer; there is no falvation in any other: This is very well; now thou art a believer, what dost thou expect, what dost thou hope that Christ will give thee? He will not give me power over my corruptions, fo as to live without fin, that is more than I hope for; but I expect that Christ will reveal his power in me, and give me fo much strength and power against my lusts and corruptions, that they may not have dominion over me: Now if you tell me that you hope for strength and power from Christ against sin, satan and corruption, do you now tell

me that it is still impossible? It was impossible before indeed to live without sin, when thou didst trust in thine own strength; but now, when thou comest to have grace and assistance from the Lord Jesus Christ, the Son of God, and Saviour of the world, that giveth thee ability to withstand temptation, and overcome thy corruptions, and the lusts of thy own heart, is it impossible still to live without sin? Then thou mayest say, the devil's slave I am and must be; for there is no other power in Heaven or earth for thee to lay hold of, if thine own power, nor Christ's power neither can do; then thou dost say, that the devil is Almighty. Thus they tell us, when Christ hath revealed his power, it is impossible still.

If I should call this antichristian doctrine, I could make it

If I should call this antichristian doctrine, I could make it out. Bleised be God, I do believe that Christ is able to preserve me from the devil's temptations, and all his instruments, if I believe; though I could not do it in mine own power, yet by Christ's power I may be preserved an hour without sin: If so, then a day, and if one day, then a thousand days, if I live so long; Christ hath promised that he will bruise Satan, and tread him under seet, and destroy his works, and judge you whether sin be not the devil's work; shall I despond, or despair to have the devil's work de-

stroyed in me?

Here is ground for you all to believe, he that hath faith may lay hold of this power which is offered of God; therefore lay hold of it, else your religion will be good for nothing. This is the enjoyment of a true believer, that he receives power from Christ to deny himself; therefore all their pretended Christianity and professions at the day of judgment, will melt away like snow. These canons, articles, forms, liturgies, these will melt away when the day of the Lord comes to burn upon them; none but they that feel the redeeming virtues of the blood of Christ, that have their souls filled with the love of God; and they that will part with whatsoever they love in the world, for Christ's sake, shall be accepted.

I am not for fetting up this and the other fect or opinion; if it be among those of my own profession, if they profess holiness, and bring forth unrighteousness, it is all one; I

fhall

shall not value their profession. There are many in this city and nation, that have sheltered themselves under the profession of truth, and talk of perfection, and have brought their lusts and imperfections with them: Here Antichrist is trying another game to bring them under a profession that will serve his turn; the devil will allow men profession, if they will live according to their own hearts lusts, so that they may save his head from the blow that God's power will bring upon it, so that they may dishonor the holy name and religion they make profession of; thus saith the apostle, I have told you often, and now tell you weeping; they were Christians, so called, to whom he spake, but they were enemies to the cross of Christ, not to the profession of Christ; he did not say they were strangers to the cross of Christ, but enemies to it; they let it fall, they kept the name, word and doctrine up, but they let the cross fall; how much were these Christians worth? ture but a little.

Nay, Antichrist hath been so silly, that because the words are so put upon the cross, no being disciples of Christ without the cross; the words of scripture are so put upon it. Thinks Antichrist, I shall never persuade the people to be at ease, unless I give them a cross; therefore he sets them a making crosses. They must be baptized with the cross; they say we deny not the cross of Christ, we hang it about our necks, we set it up in our meetings and academies, and many princes, and wise men, and learned men, have been so bewitched and drunk with delusions, that they have called this the Christ which they have made with their own hands; they have made Christs, and prayed to them; and all their religion hath been putting together crosses, crucifixes, forms and liturgies, which they have made with their own hands.

Here is Christianity in an empty profession, but where is the soul of it? I would enquire for the life of it, I would see Christianity living in love to God above all, and loving our neighbours as ourselves. When this Christianity comes, there will be no killing one another, nor persecuting one another, nor fulfilling the lusts of the slesh, nor pleading for it neither.

Bleffed be God, that our eyes have feen the witneffes

raifed, and life from Heaven come into them; and now religion begins to have a life and foul, and shews itself in a little remnant: There is a people raifed by God that feel life in their worship, in their families, in their conversations, and in their behaviour towards relations, they do what they do as to God. Many lads and lasses, menfervants and women-fervants, they do their work and fervice, not barely to please their master and mistress, but to please God. The life they live is by the faith of the Son of God; they live as becomes the members of his body. Husbands love their wives, not simply because they are their wives, as the men of the world do, but they do it upon the account of inward religion, and of the divine fellowship and communion they have in Christ Jesus. Hufbands should love their wives as Christ loved his church, and laid down his life for it; fo a man should love his

wife, and be tender over her, and minister to her.

The life of Christianity hath taught us to behave ourfelves so as God may have glory, and Christianity be restored to its ancient lustre and beauty that it had in for-

mer times.

But some will say, do as well as you can, men will never love you; if you have the soul of Christianity, you shall be reviled and scandalized. Men will make works against you, and strow papers against you, and set the magistrates against you; live as well as you can, they will follow you and disturb you.

This is more than you know. If a man once comes to feel the life of Christianity working in him, and the power of it keeping him from doing evil, and wishing evil to his enemies, and disposing his mind to a frame of praying for them, inclining him to pity them; if a man comes to this state, he is at peace in himself, and enjoys tranquillity of mind; he looks up to the Mediator, Christ Jeius, and feels an answer of peace in his own soul, and is come to rest in himself.

Now concerning perfecution, hatred and enmity, between the woman's feed and the serpentine seed, and how long it will last. God whom we serve, did say to the devil in Paradise, I will put enmity between thee and the woman, and between thy seed and her seed; it shall bruise thy head, and thou shalt bruise his heel. So that it is not to be expected, that the feed of the ferpent (those that are born of that feed) can love those that are born of the woman's feed. It is possible, that those that are born of the feed of the serpent, should be translated and brought out of that corrupt state; but it is impossible that those? that are born of the flesh, should love those that are born of the spirit, while they continue in their unregenerate state, but persecute them. It is like a natural instinct, as for water to run downward, and fire to sly upward. Were not all men and women born children of wrath, and naturally enemies in their minds to Christ Jesus? And did he not die and fusfer for them all? So that the very nature of the thing is the very reason why Christ died to redeem those that were his enemies to be his friends.

Suppose I, or any other to be a member of Christ, and men do persecute me, and revise me, and hate me, should I not love them, and do good unto them, when I see one infinitely better than either you or I, do it for us? when we were enemies, Christ hath sent his Spirit into our hearts, that we might become friends of him, and of him that sent him: This is the effect of the righteousness of Christ, and of his innocence, that enemies may become friends; thus have many been brought to a friendship of truth, that were enemies to it; if we could not fuffer for the testimony we have received of God, what were it worth? But seeing God hath not only given us to believe, but to suffer for his name, many have been turned by this means from darkness to light, and many more will; the light breaks forth apace, notwithstanding there hath been so much ado to stop it.

It hath been the design of many learned men of this nation, how shall we stop these men's mouths that preach the doctrine of truth in the inward parts, the light within, and Christ within them? I will not repeat the many laws that have been made against them that will not preach lies, but the power of Christ and his truth; now what will you do? You cannot lay hand on them as you used to do; no, but we will reproach them with the tongue, we will render them odious to the government, as persons that wil overturn church and state, and that preach false doctrine; and when all is done, and they have said their worst, people will still believe that sin and wickedness is hateful to God, that God takes no delight in sin, and that the devil will lead us to sin; he that keeps most from sin, keeps most out of the devil's clutches; and he that lives most holy, is most like to God.

These things we will preach, and we will go on in this testimony, that the best way that man can take, is to break off their sin by repentance, and turn to God, their Maker, with their whole hearts, and they will look to their ways, and search, and try and examine their hearts, and if they see evil, to keep out of it; this is such a thing, as there is no withstanding of it, it will go through this nation, and all the nations of the earth.

What if a company of people should combine together, and say, we will not have the sun to shine upon the city of London; what course must we take? When the sun is down, we will build a bank or high wall to intercept its light; but notwithstanding all their endeavours, when the sun riseth, it will get over their high banks and wall; so all their designs, and all the contrivances against the light of the gospel, and against Christ the Son of righteousness, and against the Spirit of Christ, the light will ascend and get over the heads of them all, and it will consound them, and break through all opposition.

I exhort you all, my friends, that laying afide all doctrines, and tenets, and contrivances among Christians, to come to this simple thesis and position; it is no matter what I profess of religion, if my life is not answerable to it, if there be not a love to God, and my neighbour, and to mine own foul; there is no life nor power in my profession of religion. I will rest satisfied in the measure of knowledge that God hath given me; I must not do to my neighbour what I would not have my neighbour do to me; I must be upright and sincere towards God; God will not accept of any worship from me, when I am unclean in body and in mind too; we must see that we be purified, for God will not accept of an offering from an unclean heart; you cannot bring a clean thing out of an unclean, faith our Lord Jesus Christ,

Christ, the great preacher of truth and righteousness; I must first make the tree good, before the fruit will be so; you and I are these trees; till we have something good in ourselves,

we cannot bring forth good fruit.

Therefore you must have respect to the principle of sanctification in your own hearts, and turn to what you may feel an experience of in yourselves, some principle of grace and light in your hearts, that can distinguish between good thoughts and evil thoughts. Is this good for me to do? I will go on in it with faith and courage; but if it be evil, I will not touch it, though there be profit and pleasure to allure and draw me to it; I will not touch it, though I might gain the world by it.

Here is Christianity with life and foul in it; we have been scandalized as if we preached up error for justification: We fay there is no justification without fanctification; so you that know the power, live in it; and you that desire to know, turn your minds to the light and grace of God, and you will feel the power that will oppose fin in its motion, and it will never trouble you in its act and workings. If I would not do ill to my neighbour, and I judge such a motion when it is suggested, it will never trouble my conscience, because when the devil moved me to it, I rejected it, I would not follow him. It is no fin to be tempted; for our Saviour, that was perfectly holy, and free from all fin, was yet tempted; he had motions in his mind, but he withstood them, and resisted the devil in all his temptations; Christ was tempted that he might be able to succour us when we are tempted; and he will do it for all those that wait for him.

Therefore, friends, trust in the name of the Lord, and you shall feel the stirrings of that power, that hath called you out of darkness into the marvellous light of the sun of righteousness wherein you live, and which will shine to his immortal glory and praise, and the everlasting comfort of your immortal fouls.

SERMON XI.

The Spirit of Christ the only true Guide.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, October 10, 1690.

O U that are met together in the name of the Lord, and have your expectation from God, and are really waiting to receive a bleffing from his bountiful hand; you are they to whom the Lord will communicate the good things of his kingdom, and inftruct you in the divine knowledge which the wisdom of this world cannot find out; you shall have your portion in the blessings prepared for you, and laid up in Christ for you, to be handed forth to you from day to day for your support. And hereby you have been preserved and kept alive unto this day. You have received your nourishment, and divine and spiritual refreshment, always in the presence of God; when you have been out of his presence you have met with troubles, and darkness hath gendered upon your minds, and veiled and clouded your understandings, that you have been sometimes in danger to lose your way, until you have returned again unto the great shepherd and overseer of your souls, by whom you have had access unto God. You that have had these experiences, O let your hearts and fouls be engaged to continue together in one heart and one mind, ferving the Lord and waiting upon him for fomething that may do you good; that may ftrengthen and confirm you in the bleffed truth.

For there are a great many that are convinced, that do vet want establishment: There are a great many that know the truth, yet cannot be brought to abide in it, but are fometimes drawn out of it, and then they meet with trouble in their minds, and distress and anguish lay hold upon them, and they do not enjoy that tranquillity and peace, and that inward joy which they believe others do enjoy at the same time; and which they might have enjoyed if they had abode stedsast in the truth. Now what is it that will establish such a one, but their waiting upon God The SPIRIT of CHRIST the only true GUIDE. 127

to receive power from him to refift the temptations, and the manifold wiles and fnares of their foul's enemy, whereby they are daily in danger to be drawn away from God; drawn out of the way?

You know, friends, how the Lord brought us into this exercise of waiting upon him, by making us sensible that there was none could help us but him. Teachers we have always had, and men that have spoken of God, spoken of his power, and spoken of his wisdom; but how to dwell in that power, and stand established in it, so as at all times to refift the power of the wicked one, is what no man can help us to; and upon this account it was, that the Lord's people were fain to cleave close to him, and by faith to have their dependence upon him; and cry in their fouls, Lord, unless thou establish me, I shall never be established.

The confirming power that stays and settles their minds upon the Lord, it comes from him, it is handed to us through the Lord Jesus Christ, whom we have believed in; they that kept their faith in him have had longings and breathings of foul, that they might receive fome divine bleffings by him, and through him. So that they that meet together in this mind, they find a fettlement in the truth, as it is manifested and revealed in them, and goes down into the deep where unity is known, where they are of one mind, and the foul is made capable of putting forth strong cries to God, and living breathings and prayers to God, that he will teach them how they shall profit, how they shall grow they shall fetter him, and hence the in their grow, how they shall ferve him, and honour him in their day; that he will reveal his power in them, to expel any darkness or veil that hath been gathered upon their minds, that doth hinder them from beholding so much glory and excellency in the truth, and in the ways of God, as some they have beheld. And so these are travellers that are travelling with the Lord in faith, to receive a bleffing at his hands. Their minds are not left to this, or that, or the other man, or to meer words or visible things; but they feel the word of truth answering the truth in themfelves; and they receive a comfort and benefit, because they find a bleffing to arise in them. These words reach my foul

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foul; these administer help to me, and I am comforted in them, because I find those works working in me, or wrought in me.

For, alas! my friends, many of you know, that there are fome who hear the word, and the declarations in the word are but founds unto those who have no experience of the work that is signified by the word; many such people do hear the lovely found, and they are affected many times to hear talk of the work of regeneration, and of the enjoyments of God's people, and how they are borne up in all their trials by an inward and divine power, and how they are always kept alive to God, and preserved in his living presence; but this doth not bear them up in a time of trial; but if a trial or an affliction comes, they sink under it, and they are filled with anguish and perplexity; so that the word barely heard spoken, and not rooted in the mind, doth not minister to the work; the words spoken do not carry that kind of operation upon them as to witness an inward work wrought upon them.

But where there is an effectual work and operation in the foul, it continues in its labour and travel from death to life. And as those heavenly things, those divine operations of God's power are spoken of, there is an amen in your fouls, saying as far as you have travelled, thus hath God dealt with me, he hath indeed by his power carried some beyond my state and condition, and my faith is hereby strengthened, and my hope is consirmed. He that hath begun a good work so gloriously in my foul, will carry on his own work, and bring me to higher attainments, and surther experiences that some of his servants bear witness of.

So that now being exercised, the work goes on, and the pleasure of the Lord prospereth in Christians, that when they meet together in the name of the Lord, they know for themselves that the Lord is present with them, they know what the word of the Lord is unto them; if they hear the word preached to another state and condition, yet they abide in and keep that which makes manifest to them in their own state: And this suffers not the soul to be carried away with the word, and sight and vision of a higher state than their faith can witness to; and they keep low, and hum-

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ble and tender, and have a care of their own fouls; as the apostle when he was come to glorious and high attainments in the work of the Lord, yet he would not glory of any thing, but what the grace of God wrought in him: We do not

boast of things that are not wrought in us.

It is possible for the creature to gather in, and comprehend the form of things, that they have not the work of in them; and a great many have done so to their great damage, and some, it is to be feared, to their utter ruin. They have comprehended high things, and the notions of great attainments; they have heard them declared and spoken of thus, and so some have in their speculations declared to others their conceptions about those things, yet those things were never wrought in them; they could preach of humiliation, when the root of pride was not removed; they could preach of regeneration, and the old man not put off, and the new man created in righteousness not put on. All this kind of preaching hath been in the world, and is still too much in the world, but it hath not produced and brought forth any profit and advantage to the soul, either to preacher or hearer; for it hath not been accompanied with a divine and heavenly blessing; but the true ministry ordained of God brings forth a work of holiness and righteousness in the soul.

And therefore every one that God hath thus reached, and hath opened your understandings, and hath made you capable of comprehending and understanding divine things, take heed lest by the subtlety of Satan, and the wiles of your great enemy, you be at any time listed up, and exalted in your minds, in the notion of the things that you have not attained; not that you should not so understand the things of God that God openeth to you, as they are many times opened to the creature, before the work of them is in the heart of the creature: And why so? why are they opened to me? It is for thy encouragement, that if thou dost hold on, and be stedsfast in waiting upon the Lord, these things God hath in store for thee.

Now the creature waits, and faith, though I have not attained fuch things as I have feen, yet the very fight of them encourageth me to wait upon the Lord, that I may expe-

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rience the witness of them in myself: There are many that have some taste of great joy, and apprehensions of heavenly things, which they have not attained, but they know what they are waiting upon God for; not that they may have a little joy, which passeth through them, but come to have that joy and tranquillity which will accompany them in all their doings, and their whole conversation. God hath opened many things to you, and you have feen the way of righteoutness which he hath cast up for you; and many have taken strait steps to themselves, till they have attained to fay, now my falvation is nearer than when I at first believed. Let fuch go on and follow that guide by which they have been directed, and they shall at last attain to a surther state, not only to know that their falvation is now nearer than when they at first believed, but that they may come through the Divine Spirit of grace that they followed, and to closely cleaved to, as their bleffed guide in their way, to have an entrance administered to them abundantly into the salvation of God, whereby they may fit down, in the kingdom of God, with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, and have a wall about them, which is the falvation of God.

Here is a great encouragement for finners, and upright ones, to follow on to know the Lord, and then they are fure they shall know him, for they shall behold his glory, and their souls shall be satisfied, for nothing else will

fatisfy them.

People may have great openings, and great discoveries of things, and may have delight and joy in the opening of things, as it was with the disciples, when Christ our Lord conversed with them in the sless, he opened many things to them, and they had great joy and comfort in those things which he opened to them, yet there was something wanting to suffice them. Philip said unto Christ, Lord shew us the Father, and it sufficeth us: John xiv, 8. There was something further to be discovered and revealed, so that they could not find their souls to be satisfied and sufficed, till they had it. Christ gave them such an answer as relates to that ministration that we are now under; he that hath seen the Son, hath seen the Father. Now they had seen Christ daily, and conversed with him,

and

The Spirit of Christ the only true Guide. 131 and had eat and drank with him in that fleshly and bodily appearance wherein he conversed with them; but they had not a fight of the Eternal Son of God in a spiritual manner, as he was the Son of God, and their Saviour; they had not seen him so. And he that hath seen Christ in

a spiritual manner, hath seen the Father also.

So it is with us in our day. We have, in our profession, the teaching of this and that man. We have conversed with Christ, as it were, to his stessily appearance. We have read the history of his bith, and of his life and great miracles, and of the great love he had to mankind, by which he laid down his life for them. We have been conversing with Christ as to his fleshly manifestation; but confider whether there doth not, till now, remain an empty place in our fouls, fomething that is not sufficed and sa-

What would you have? Have you not scripture? Read you not there of the birth, life, death, resurrection and ascension of Christ? I would still have something more, for that will not suffice me; I would have pardon of sin, and my peace with God, and the light of his countenance lifted up upon me, and surther manifestations of Christ to my foul. We can never fee the glory of God, but in the face of Jefus Christ. This is the discovery that Christ makes to the foul that believeth in him; this is that which gives satisfaction.

A Christian's work is to be conversing with him, and exercifing his mind under the gathering and teaching of him, that can lead him to the Father. None but Christ can do that, lead them to the Father, and shew them the Father; and he hath in our day revealed himself, and made himself manifest by his spirit, that spirit, by which we come to know his holy teaching, reproof and instruction, daily discovered in our souls. The spirit is our guide; that spirit we are led by, and are to walk in. Let men go under what form and denomination they will, they that have not the spirit of Christ, are none of his, until they come to be guided by his spirit.

People are not led into sin by the spirit of Christ;

People are not led into iin by the ipine of they will tell you these are the devil's temptations, and the

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the frailty of our nature, and the corruption of our hearts, by which we are led into fin; it is not the fpirit of Christ. It would be a horrid thing for men to say that the spirit of Christ led them into sin; there are sew or none so wicked as to say so. The business we are to do in the world is, to obey the will of God: And where the understandings of men are so illuminated, that they are satisfied in their minds, that God hath been pleased to give them a manifestation of the spirit to profit withal; all those that have this spirit of Christ, are directed by it to do the will of God, and to deny their own wills, and the will of others, that would draw them from their duty that they owe to God in their generation.

It is an excellent state and condition for a man to be guided by the spirit, and to be brought under the government of Christ, who is the way, the truth, and the life. So that they that come under this government, are directed and pointed out every day to do the will of God. This thou must do, and God will be pleased with thee; and this thou mayest not do, for if thou doest it, the Lord will be angry with thee; it is sin against God. So that we have a heavenly advantage of being taught of God by his spirit, to have the divine and heavenly teaching of the spirit of God revealed in us; if we are at a loss, or make a question, or dispute about a matter, the spirit will lead us into all truth, if we give up ourselves to his guidance

and teaching.

This hath been our defire and labour many years, not to draw people to observe what we say; for who can direct another man in all things relating to the service of God? If we were ever so certain ourselves, we could not convey certainty and infallibility upon all occasions to another, if we should speak ever so much, and be ever so conversant with them. Therefore our work is, that all people, in all things relating to their souls, might have recourse continually to the infallible teacher and guide, which God, through Jesus Christ, hath made known to them. If people be ruled by this, they cannot but live in unity, and love one another; they will not fall into malice, contention, and hatred one against another. It is impossible

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The Spirit of Christ the only true Guide. 133 for nations to make war, and destroy one another, if they would be guided by the unerring spirit of Christ; for how should it contradict itself? For how can any thing agree with the standard of truth, which Christ hath set up, that acts in contradiction to it? For nothing is truth but what concurs with it; therefore it must needs agree with itself. If we be directed by the spirit, we shall call that good which is really good; and that evil which is so. If there be thousands directed by the spirit of Christ, which leads into all truth, that which is good to one, is so to all; and that which is evil to one, is so to all. We must suffer know what is good, and then receive power to do it. If we come to be instructed by the unerring spirit, to know what is the good and acceptable will of God, we shall receive daily power from him to do the will of God; we shall all speak the same thing, and be of the same mind, and live in love and unity. There is no evil wilfully done against God, where the spirit of Christ, the gospel spirit, comes to prevail upon us; it will bring us to a peaceableness of spirit, to live in love and unity. And the great work we have in the world, will be to do the good and acceptable will of God, both with respect to our solemn worship of God, and our duties towards our neighbours. Then there will be tranquillity, peace and joy, and comfort to all the churches of Christ that are under his government. And it is given to the sons and daughters of men every where when they come under the volce.

and comfort to all the churches of Christ that are under his government. And it is given to the sons and daughters of men every where, when they come under the yoke of Christ, and take up a daily cross, and live in self-denial; this will bring peace and concord among them.

Many will come to our meetings, and spend a little time to hear what we say. We exhort them to give up themselves to the peaceable government of the spirit of Christ, that will finish transgression, and make an end of sin, and bring into the soul (where sin reigned) everlassing righteousness. Where there is a great deal of pride, malice and envy, the spirit of Christ will root it up; and all that evil that the enemy hath planted in men, he will pluck it up, and bring in everlasting righteousness, and plant love in the same soul, and establish and settle it. Such a one will have more joy, pleasure and delight, under

der the government of the spirit of Christ in one day, than any one can have that is governed by the evil spirit in a thousand days.

You say the manifestation of the Spirit is given to every man to prefit withal; what profit shall we get? How doth it appear, that the manifestation of the Spirit is given to profit withal? Because there is that life and grace stirring in the heart that makes it profitable, and truth doth so prevail, that it makes us do those things that are good and profitable, and to avoid those things that are reprovable. If thou wouldest hearken to the spirit, that is the reprover, that convinceth of sin, thou must turn away thy mind from that which will lead into those things that are reproveable, otherwise thou wilt be under condemnation in thine own Losom.

When the Spirit of Cod illuminates men to fee fin, the evil of fin, he will give them power against it; but when they come to receive power against it, and stedsastness in the ways of God, what will be the effect of that? If I become righteous, and live a not the, and my companions be wicked, they will mock me, and reproach me, what benefit shall I have by being righteous? I see evidently I shall lose many advantages which I might otherwise reap, and reach with mine own hand. I must for sake my profits and pleasure, and other delights of this world.

The disciples said to Christ, we have forsaken all, and followed thee; what shall we have? People before they would forsake all would have something in the room of it. Christ tells them, that he that hath forsaken all, sather and mother, brother and sister, and house and land, for his name sake, shall have in this life an hundred sold, and in the world to come, eternal life. What is the meaning of that, they shall have in this life an hundred fold? Christ that is truth itself, that cannot lie, hath promised, that they that forsake all, shall receive an hundred fold: Now people are ready to grasp at it; they think it is something that will answer the loss of what they part withal; what thou receivest in this promise, must not be of the same fort and kind with those things thou didst part withal; but when thou hast parted with all for Christ's sake, and the gospel,

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thou shalt receive that which thou shalt acknowledge is an hundred fold better, and will make thee an hundred fold richer and happier, and it will give thee an hundred fold more than all that thou hast parted with could give thee.

If we part with fin, we part with that which brings bon-dage and fear of death; having parted with that, then thy fear and bondage is gone, and thou livest then the rest of thy life-time at liberty: But this is not all, thou livest in the enjoyment of the favour of God, thou shalt have the sense of his love, and the comfort of his Holy Spirit, and you shall live in peace and righteousness, and treasure up to yourselves glory, honour, immortality, and eternal life; whereas before you did treasure up only wrath against the day of wrath, and the revelation of the righteous judgment of God; thou shalt receive an hundred fold, that which is an hundred fold better. Those that part with the things that are reprovable, and do what Christ in his day performed, the good and acceptable will of God, the enjoyments that he hath in Christ, and the comfort, peace and tranquillity he enjoys, is an hundred fold better and more delightful than all the pleasures of fin, and the pleasures and delights of shows, and fights and plays, and comedies, which vain men entertain themselves with in their carnal state. A carnal man cannot understand and discern the things of God, and the pleasures that are to be had in his holy ways; he only looks at the things that are feen, which are temporal, and not at the things that are not feen, which are eternal.

But, my friends, those things which are unseen, are not so unseen, but that when a man hath an eye opened within him of the same nature with those things, he can see them: Blessed be God that we have an eye opened to see spiritual things, to see the heavenly treasure, and enjoy it in these

earthen vessels.

For all that have an ear to hear, it would be a profitable change to part with all that is evil in the fight of God, and put themselves under the yoke of Christ, and receive a principle of grace which he will communicate to them, that they may do the good and acceptable will of God, and so may enjoy an hundred fold, and have comfort, peace, and joy before they go hence, and are no more seen.

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You to whom God hath fo graciously and mercifully appeared, that have an understanding, and a taste and feeling of those things which are divine and spiritual, and which pertain to life and godliness; of all the people in the world, you are an engaged people to serve the Lord; great obligations lie upon you, that you should abide and continue in that which God hath revealed and discovered to you; I in that which God hath revealed and discovered to you; I mean grace: For you will never grow, till you be under the government of the grace of God, that grace that appeared to you before you came to the knowledge of God and his ways, that hath been with you in your travel from death to life, and from darkness to light. Prize it as a heavenly jewel, as that which contains in itself all those things that your foul stands in need of. If you have any strength to resist temptation, it is from the grace of God that you receive power to withstand temptations; if you have any living openings in your hearts, it comes to you from that grace that is in Christ. When this, and that, and the other prophecy of the prophets of old is opened to you, prophecying and foretelling that state and condition which you are travelling towards, how the Lord will subdue your enemies under you, you are encouraged hereby to go on cheerfully in your way, to that rest which you are travelling to. are travelling, to.

There are many of those that believe the truth, who are not come to establishment; and they will find the reason and not come to establishment; and they will find the reason and cause in themselves. Do but ask and enquire how it comes to pass, that such and such are established, and not subject to sear, and horror, and perplexity, as I am? a little thing will turn me over, and shake and unsettle my mind; this hath been the cause, want of keeping close to the grace of God in your conversation in the world. When you, and your children, and servants are governed by the grace of God in all you undertake, then the devil will endeavour to bring you into darkness, and bring discomposure upon your spirits; for the purpose of Christ Jesus, our Saviour, is to settle you; and the purpose of the destroyer is, to discompose and unsettle you, and to marry you to this and the other changing thing; if he can fix your hearts upon this and that object, then there is instability upon The SPIRIT of CHRIST the only true GUIDE. 137 upon the foul; take away that thing, and it brings difturbance upon you. If thou hast any object that thy mind is fet upon, thou wilt be much disturbed at the parting with it; but whose fault is that? The truth manifested unto thee from the beginning of thy conversion, did engage thee to separate thyself from all visible, sensible things, that God might have thy heart and chief love. If he had been thy God, nothing could disquiet thee, when separated from thee. If ye will have other Gods besides him, you will lose your Gods; and when they are taken from you, you will be like Micah, and say, ye have taken away my Gods, and what have I more? Judg. viii, 24. The reason of your discomposure, and anguish, and sorrow, was this; when you had some other Gods besides the Lord, and your hearts did cleave to some temporary thing, and the trial came that you had to part with it, you could not bear it.

If you would live a ferene life, a life of tranquillity, fet your minds upon nothing but upon the Lord, let him be the object of your fouls love; live in the light of his countenance, and you may always rejoice: Confider, as for temporals, you hold them of the Lord; God gives you this husband, that wife, that child, that estate, God hath entrusted you with it? but not so, but he that hath it must part with it, and be bereaved of it when God pleaseth. Now, if you give up your hearts to God, here will be your establishment and settlement, and you will have an abundant entrance into the everlasting kingdom of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. And would we seek to know and feel wherein the communion of the faints stands; doth it not stand in partaking together of the bread of life, which our father giveth us from Heaven? The father spreads a table for us in the fight of our enemies, and we are fatisfied. They that come to partake of this table of the Lord, find strength and refreshment; so do I, and also my brethren and fisters that fit at the same table. We are daily confirmed and ftrengthened by what we receive from God, and enjoy there; here is our heavenly fellowship and society; and where there is this root of love, love cannot be wanting in the branches: There must be a departing from the bread of

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life, before there can be any jarring and contention among the members of the same body, for we receive life from the same head, from which all the body, by joints and bands, having nourishment ministered, are knit together, and encrease with the encrease of God, and are built upon the foundation of the apossless and prophets, Jesus Christ himself being the chief Corner-Stone, in whom all the building fitly framed together, groweth unto a Holy Temple in the Lord.

Now that you may be all preserved in Christ, this is the end of our labour, that so every one that hath begun in the spirit, may go on in the spirit, and never look for perfection in the sleih: That you that have begun in humility, tenderness, and brokenness of heart, may in that meet together at times and seasons, and have daily the presence of God among you, and have the bread of life, which will nourish you to life everlasting, and that you may shew forth to the world, the glory, brightness, and excellency of that holy life, which in Christ Jesus is manifested to you.

SERMON XII.

PURE and Spiritual Worship.

Preached at DEVONSHIRE-HOUSE, November 12, 1690.

HE worship of God, of the Great God, is pure; he is a holy God, of surer eyes than to behold iniquity; and all they who will worship God, whose souls are breathing to have a return of a testimony in his sight, must offer up pure worship, and it must come from that which is pure: For that purpose, the greatness of the love of God is made manifest in Christ Jesus; and there is a dissusing of his grace and virtue in the hearts of the sons and daughters of men, whereby he hath laid a foundation for his own worship; because his worship must be pure. Therefore he hath freely given unto us, through his son, the knowledge of that pure principle of life and grace, from whence, and out of which, all true worship doth ipring, and all true honour to God ariseth; and real obedience to his

holy will springs forth out of that which is from himself. And therefore all that will be worshippers of God aright, must first know and be sensible wherein the ability and capacity stands, that may enable them to do so great and so good a work. Some have conceived it to stand in their own will, and according to the working of their own will, they have framed worships, religions, and observations, thinking thereby to please God: But you know the apostle in a few short words, lays down a positive Christian doctrine, without

faith it is impossible to please God. Now this doth declare and fignify, that there must be fomething upon which this faith must work, that must be the object and foundation of it: Faith as it worketh in the creature, worketh upon fomething; it lays hold on fomething in which there is a capacity of pleafing God. Now if we are all by nature children of wrath, and that no one of himself can please God, then there must be fomething that is supernatural, that must be the object of that faith by which men alone can please God; and this must be made manifest to the creature for its help, to be its director and supporter in that work that is too mighty for himself, too great a work for a man or woman, too deep, too profound for any man's abilities, power, wisdom, and acquirements, that he can attain to in this world, to worthip God aright. To worthip God, that is to perform a pure worship to a pure God; who can bring a clean thing out of an unclean? Now if we are all obliged to bring a clean worship, a pure worship to a pure and holy God, who hath created us and all things, where shall we have it? Not out of an unclean heart, not out of a defiled mind; there is no bringing it forth from thence, for that is the state and condition that men are fallen into by fin, in which their minds and confciences are defiled, their hearts are polluted, and their affections depraved and fet upon wrong objects; and in this state none can serve God aright: That which is pure and holy must be first made known, revealed, discovered, and believed, before people can perform a right worthip to God.

And therefore in vain is it, to go and drive people to this and that worship, and force people to this and that service

and conformity, upon the account of the worship of God. This is vain worship; when they have done all, it is not acceptable to God; the poor creature hath no return from the Lord, for God accepts no fervice or worship, but only through his Son. And if so be, men cannot pray and preach in the spirit of his son, and cannot present their complaints and supplication to God, but by the assistance and help of his bleffed Spirit, there is no reafon in religion why people should expect a return and answer from God of the prayers they make. For it is the general doctrine of *Christendom*, that Christ Jesus is appointed of God for a Mediator between God and man, and all the acceptance we have, or defire to have, must be through him: And therefore if we pray without him, and perform this and the other duty without him, it is contrary to the doctrine of Christianity, to think that ever we should have acceptance in God's sight.

Therefore there is a necessity for every man and woman that defires to be religious, that hath a religious mind, and is willing to worship God, and serve God aright, there is a necessity that they come to the knowledge of Christ, who tells us that he is the way to the Father. They that go any other way, go a wrong way; but they that go unto God by Christ, they do receive from him power to draw near to God; and through him they receive from God all those blessings that their souls send in near to

bleffings that their fouls stand in need of.

So here would be an end of all religions the world is full of; of all the several worships that men have made. They have invented and found out several ways for people to worship and serve God. This and the other ceremony; this and the other observation and method of preaching and praying. If all this be without the affiftance and divine help of the Mediator, through whom alone we can justly expect acceptance at God's hands, it is all good for nothing. Therefore the first lesson of a Christian in point of worthip, is, that he come to the knowledge of Christ, by whom, and through whom, he may expect tavour with God.

Now fome people fay, we are already come to the knowledge of Chrift; we have read the relation in the goipel of his conception, birth, life and death, refurrection and ascension. Now where this belief doth give a man this kind of Christian knowledge, it doth open a door and way for him into the presence of God. This is a question that ought seriously to be considered; for if we err in this question, we err in all: This is like stumbling at the threshold, and never coming into the house. If we mistake in laying hold of Christ, we mistake in our worship, and in all matters that relate to life and salvation.

For if we must have another fort of knowledge of Christ, than we can have from the reports of others; if I must have Christ revealed in me before I can have the hope of glory; if I must have the spirit of Christ in me, to help me to put up my requests and supplications, before he can present them to the Father, then all literal knowledge me to put up my requelts and supplications, before he can present them to the Father, then all literal knowledge and faith cannot stand men in any stead; this is evident by the testimony of all the writers of the New Testament. Christ and his apostles did concurrently signify, that the hope of a Christian, the power and strength of a Christian, all lies in this, that they had known the revelation of Christ, and the powerful operation of the spirit working in them; this was that which was well pleasing to God. Many scriptures might be spoken of, but you know the scriptures, and can read them, and see in them the concurrent testimony of all holy men to this day, that the knowledge they had of Christ was a divine knowledge, a spiritual knowledge; it was a knowing him after the spirit; it was a revelation of Christ in them, that separated and distinguished them from reprobates; even the knowledge of God through Jesus Christ their Lord. Why should not we come to this knowledge as well as they? The Lord is the same, and his power is the same, and his arm is not shortened. We may see as much need of divine affistance, and divine love, as ever men did; we can perform no duty, either of prayer or preaching, without divine affistance; not so much as a figh or groan, that may have acceptance with God, without the help of his Spirit. The Spirit helpeth our infirmities, for we know not what we should pray for as we ought, but the Spirit itself maketh intercession for us with groanings which cannot be uttered: Rom. viii, 26. If we go about the duty of prayer prayer

prayer without divine affiftance, we fee what fad work we make of it; if we pray not in the spirit, and with the understanding, how can we receive the thing we pray for? But if we pray in the spirit, and with the understanding also, then the spirit helps our instructies; the spirit that came from God brings us the things we stand in need of. So that a Christian hath a foundation for his worship

So that a Christian hath a foundation for his worship and Christian performance; what is that foundation? Nothing that is corrupt, if it be, it is good for nothing; for nothing that is corrupted and that desiles, can be acceptable and pleasing to God; we are all polluted and desiled by nature; how can carnal men worship a Spiritual God? Carnal men that are in death and darkness, cannot worship that God that is light, and dwells in light, that is inaccessible, that is of purer eyes than to behold iniquity. Carnal men want a foundation for their worship, and will until they come to that foundation that God hath laid.

Now, that I may speak intelligibly what the Lord hath laid upon my heart, I would say thus: There is an universal benefit and privilege distributed and given freely of God, unto the sons and daughters of men, in their natural state, through his Son, Jesus Christ, in that he hath caused his light to shine, and his grace to be extended to every man; for the grace of God, which bringeth salvation (for it is not by works) hath appeared unto all men, and bringeth light, by which every man may see how to worship God; God hath enlightened every man, and this light comes by Christ the Mediator; this Mediator is the way that men must walk in, if they will come back again to God; for men are run out and departed from God; if men will draw near to God, and take some soot-steps towards the kingdom of God, from the kingdom of sin and satan, they must mind the way, the way must be their director, they must not go which way they list.

This is that which was prophefied of Christ; saith God, by the prophet Isaiah, I will give him for a leader. I would fain return to God, and go out of the kingdom of sin and satan, to the kingdom of God: God hath given Christ to lead me; if

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knew what way he would lead me in, I would go that way. As foon as a man takes hold of Christ, his grace, and spirit, and life, he will be ready to fay, I am corrupt; my fenses are corrupt, my mind is depraved, my conscience defiled and polluted; but I have found out something that God hath bestowed upon me, that is effential, holy and pure, that did never confent to my corruption, but is a witness for God against it: Here now a Christian lays hold on Christ, the leader; which way will he lead me? If thou layest hold of this guide, he will lead thee out of evil, he will teach thee to cease to do evil, and speak evil: This light will lead thee to nothing that will dishonour God, or defile thine own foul: But this is not all, we must not only cease to do evil, but we must be doing something; there must be a breaking off from pride, foolish jesting, evil communication; but this is not all that he will lead me to; let us learn that lesson, cease to do evil. This doctrine was preached before Christianity was preached, as it is now preached; the prophets of old preached this doctrine to the Jews that were under an outward administration, cease to do evil, and learn to do well, then I will plead with you, and discourse with you, saith the Lord: Come now, let us reason together, saith the Lord, though your sins be as scarlet, they shall be as white as snow; though they be red like crimson, they shall be as wool.

This is the first lesson that a true Christian learns in his turning to God, in his change and translation, to cease from that which is evil: Here is a cessation of rebellion, and here is some hopes of being reconciled to God; a man hath been a rebel against his Maker, but he hath now received help to resist those temptations that prevail over him: But there is no worshipping yet, there is a forward mind in men to do something that is pleasing to God; but there are some that are not troubled at all for their evil ways, and dread not God's anger, but make a mock at sin, that draw others to it, and make themselves merry in it: And there is a sort so far touched with a divine sense of God's love to them, that they have also a sense of his anger and indignation, because of their sin; and they would be sain out of his anger; and who can blame them? When a man feels the

anger of God burning like a fire in his bosom, who can blame that man if he desire peace with God? If he be under a sense of the displeasure and indignation of the Almighty, he must not haste too soon out of that condition he is brought into; for this is God's purpose, and this is the fruit of all his troubles and afflictions, to take away sin: God hath no other end or design in the affliction that is upon him, than to take away fin; when God hath brought a people into a distressed and dejected state for their sin, the fruit that God expects, is the taking away of their sin, and he will hide pride from them, and humble them before him; if this be the purpose of God, that he intends to purge and purify his people; then faith the poor creature, if God defign to purify me from fin, then I will pray to God to support me, and bear me up under his indignation: That is the cry of the foul that he may not be brought too soon from under the judgment of God, but may be supported and hid in the hollow of God's hand, until the time of remission and refreshing comes, that he may behold the light of God's countenance.

Here is encouragement for every one that is acquainted with this divine principle of grace, that will be led by it, and follow it fo far as to be led out of evil; then they will and follow it so far as to be led out of evil; then they will be fitted to do something in the work of God; every sigh and groan that thou hast the assistance of the spirit of God to help thee in, is a part of worship: All thy brokenness of heart is part of worship; hereby thou acknowledgest the great God, that he is able to help thee on in thy way, and to pardon thy iniquity, and blot out thy transgression, and give thee all those heavenly blessings that thy soul doth stand in need of. Then thy soul will bow down to God in acts of holy worship, and say, with a humble considence and expectation, God will do all those things in me, and for me, that will promote my salvatithings in me, and for me, that will promote my falvation. It is nothing in religion for people to go from praying and preaching to finning; but God must have a holy facrifice, and that must come out of a pure heart. Now when a man is brought by the help of God, and by the divine assistance of the Mediator, Jesus Christ, to break off from his sin, then he stands fair to become a child of God,

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and to be a servant of God, and to do something for God in his generation, and to offer to God praise and thanks-giving, and to perform all other duties that God shall lead him into.

But fome will fay, what, must not we do any thing? I have deeply weighed that question, what a poor man or woman must do, that is come out of bondage. There is a propensity in people to be doing, they would fain do something, they would be doing; they say, what shall I do? If I do something that pleases not God, I had better let it alone; and I can do nothing acceptable to God without divine assistance: Such a one that sees his own impotency and inability will sast his care upon God and will say the fiftance: Such a one that fees his own impotency and inability, will cast his care upon God, and will say, the Lord is able to lead me and guide me: I am ready to do thy will, O God! Make it clear to me that this is thy will, and that this is that which thou requirest; I am ready to do it, though it be a cross to mine own will: He is ready to go on in God's way, in the way of Christianity; such a one that hath the true knowledge of Christ, if he speaks, the Spirit of Christ speaks in him; if he prays, it is through the assistance of the Spirit of Christ, through whom God alone is appeased and reconciled, and through whom they may receive a blessing from God's hands: But for men to run on in their own wills, and to do a thing because they will do it, they had better sit still; this doing in their own wills, hath filled the world with a fort of Christians that want acceptance with God, which is to be had alone through the Lord Jesus Christ; and the want of the guidance of God's Holy Jesus Christ; and the want of the guidance of God's Holy Spirit, is the misery and downfal of Christianity in our days.

Therefore it is our work and business to build upon that

foundation which God hath laid; no worship is pleasing to God, but that which arifeth from that spring that is pure and holy: If I cannot find that which will keep me from all pollution and defilement, if I cannot find that, I must stay till I can; to begin a worship and a religion without I know that it is acceptable to God, is but lost labour, and

time spent in vain.

Therefore, friends, let every one that desires to be religious, turn their mind inward, wait for the gift of God, which is effentially pure, that never did consent to evil,

that never mixed with the corruption of nature, but bears witness to the light, that will guide you and lead you, and conduct you first out of sin; then it will lead you into that worship and religion, and the performance of those things that are pleasing to God. They that are come thus to worship, they do not only know what the Lord requires of them, and when he requires it of them, but they are given up into the hands of God; they pray, preach, exhort, and live according to the will of God.

It is hard for people in a carnal state to believe this; but you that are believers, that are come to know the gift of God in yourselves, and the necessity of being ruled by him, you will believe us, for none else will believe us; let us preach to as many people and nations as we will, none will receive us as true ministers, but those that have the truth in their own hearts; if there be any that despiseth the grace of God in his own heart, he hates that which chides and reproves him; if there be such a man, he will hate me because I am a minister and a witness of the grace of God, and of that truth in the inward parts, which is the ground and foundation that man hath of acceptance with God. A wicked, carnal wretch will say, I hate such a one, I hate the light, that which checks me, and witnesseth against me; thou art such a one as bearest witness against me, therefore I hate thee: It is very true, it cannot be otherwise. Now our desire and labour is, that men may come to the love of the truth in themselves.

You know there are a great many other ministers, whose labour is to persuade people to believe what they say; to lay down a doctrine, and prove it by scripture and reason, and set it home upon their minds by such testimony as the scripture affords, and hereupon they prevail on the minds and judgments of people, to believe what they lay down.

It is easy to lay down a position, and prove it, and convince people that it must be according to scripture; but when a person is convinced of a principle of truth, he is not regenerated thereby, and come to God; therefore, though he cannot deny the doctrine of truth in words, yet he can deny it in works, and doth not rightly come

to love it. If people would believe what we fay, and observe what argument we bring to prove a position, they may be convinced of the doctrine of truth, and come to a profession of it, and yet be strangers to it, till they come to love it in themselves: If it were not for this, we would leave preaching, if God had not given a measure and manifestation of the spirit to every man to profit withal. You have it in yourselves, we are but as monitors to you, to put you in mind of it; you have so much business in the world, that you have not had leisure to take notice of it.

A man may have a rich jewel, and be poor notwith-

standing, till he come to know the value of it.

A man hath a rich and precious jewel; a pearl bestowed upon him, that would make him rich in faith and love to God, and qualify him for the kingdom of God, and make him an heir of it; but he knows not, nor understands the value of it, and esteems it not; therefore God hath raised up ministers to put you in mind of it, that you may be happy forever, and live in blessedness to all eternity; whosoever hath an ear to hear, let him hear; and when they hear what we fay, let them take the benefit of it to their own fouls. We bring not truth to you, but God hath bestowed it upon you; you will be rich indeed, if you do as a man that bought a field where the precious pearl was, and digged till he found it. Come to the foundation upon which you should build all your hopes of happiness, and depend not upon your own works, or religious performances, for acceptance with God; for there is no acceptance with God, but only through Christ, we are only accepted of God through him. Those that will become Christians indeed, and worship God as he hath ordained and appointed himself to be worshipped, they must come to the principle of light and grace in their own hearts, which they have in, and through Christ, and they will find acceptance with God.

SERMON XIII.

The DIVINE LIFE of CHRIST JESUS.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, March 16, 1691.

HE bleffed life of Chrift is not of this world; and it ought to be your care in all your religious asfemblies, that you be gathered into the inward, feeling fense, of this divine life; that you may feel your fellowship and communion in that life of Christ that is not of this world. And may all of you lay hold upon it; for this is the nourishment and the heavenly bread, with which the children of the kingdom are fed and nourished from day to day; there are many that feed upon words, that are not the children of the kingdom of God; but the begotten of God are come to know the virtue of the divine life, Christ Jesus; their feeding and their nourishment is by every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of God, and they grow up to life eternal by that divine and heavenly gift, that God the Father hath bestowed upon them, through his Son Jefus Christ; and they enjoy the communion of faints, through this divine Head of the Church, that communicates of his life and virtue through every member, by which they are fanctified, and every day more and more prepared for that living and eternal inheritance laid up for the children of God.

And when there are a people that are thus gathered into the life of the Lord Jesus Christ, they are able to draw nigh to God; they feel the power of entrance, because their fin is removed that did formerly lie at the door; and the way is opened and confecrated for them to draw nigh and partake of the table of the Lord, by which they grow stronger and stronger in his might and power, and are thereby enabled to perform the whole will of God, and that divine worship and religious service, which God requireth at their hands in their day.

For it is very certain, and we have found it by experience, that the words of our Lord to his disciples of old

are true; without me (faith he) ye can do nothing. For though people may meet together, and may pretend and fet up a form of worship, and of religion in their own fet up a form of worship, and of religion in their own wills, yet it all amounts to nothing, with respect to acceptance with the Lord; there is no return in their souls, no addition of life, nor encrease and growth of life; they are not nearer the kingdom than when they first believed, but many times further off; by leaning upon a formality, and not really entering into the work of God, nor travelling out of death into life; for there must be a path, and a travelling in it; the soul must have an exercise thro the power and life of Jesus, for the overcoming of death, that did separate from God, and a preparing for life, that life that unites us to God again: And when people are in earnest in this travel, they are resigned up to the government, direction and leading of him that is gone before, that hath made a way for us, and will further our progress towards the kingdom of God.

And, therefore, my friends, you know the way, and

And, therefore, my friends, you know the way, and know how the power hath reached to you, and hath opened your understandings that you may be faithful to that power in your own souls, and may have the use and true improvement of this, and all other such meetings as this, for the gathering of your minds out of all visible and changeable objects, unto that life which God hath revealed, that so in the exercise of it, you may hold your fellowship with God, and with one another; here is the bond of persection, here is that in which God hath created peace and rest and here is that in which God hath created peace and rest, and joy for his people; so far as every one is partaker of this innocent life, and feels himself changed into it, they are gathered into the church, and they are gathered into fellow-thip with the head of it, and are comforted in their membership, in their partaking together.

Though I be but a little one, yet I partake of the fame virtue which the Lord administered to the greatest faints, while I am a waiting upon him, and of the same divine consolation, and operation, and power that weaneth more and more from the world, and that which is corruptible, and raiseth up in me daily more and more fervent desires after that bread that perisheth not.

Now herein men and women have an evidence of that Christianity in themselves, the Spirit of God bearing record and witness with their Spirits, which all the loose professors of Christianity in the world are strangers to, their evidence in themselves, being against them; they seek to have evidence without them, and to gather up some kind of marks and tokens, and sayings, and sentences, from without them, to make them believe that they are in coverant with God, and that they are in a state of salvarian nant with God, and that they are in a state of salvation by Christ; but he that truly believeth, hath an evidence of his Christianity, and of his reconciliation with God; and he hath this evidence in himfelf, a divine, spiritual testimony that answereth to his own spirit, that witnesseth to him, that he is one of the children of God.

And my friends, to this you are called, whether you are come to it or no; it is this you are called to with a heavenly call, that you might no longer live in the rudiments of the world, to be feeking and looking here and there, for a ground of peace and of reft; a ground of hope, but may know and feel the fame thing, the fame ground of eternal hope that the faints of old had; what is that? what reason did they give and render of their hopes of eternal glory? The apostle tells you plainly the ground or reason of their hope of being gloristed in the world to come, was Christ in them the hope of glory. They witnessed that Christ gave his life for the world. Take the glorious testimony that the apostle did bear in one of his epistles; saith he, the life was manifested in me; it was not covered up or hidden, that people could not find it; God was pleased to bring it to light by the gospel; when a thing is brought to light, you may see it. This he affirmed in his day, and the same is affirmed in our day. The life is manifested; what life? Not the life of this world, but a life not defiled, not polluted, but the life that is of God, a heavenly life that is holy and pure; that life is manifested; we have seen it, and we exhort all to lay hold of it, to lay hold of eternal life: Some had a fight of it, that had not laid hold of it; they faw it in a vision, and they might say possibly, oh that I could live such a life, that there were no fin in me, in my words, or thoughts, or actions, what a gracious life would

that be! They had feen that life, they had tasted of it, but they did not lay hold of it, but let it go by them: Take heed of that, when you have seen it with open eyes. Blessed are your eyes, for they have seen, and your ears, for they have heard, saith Christ to his disciples: They saw that life that was holy, harmless and undefiled. Lay hold on this life, especially when you are thus assembled together, in a solemn manner in the presence of the Lord, waiting to behold it, and see it more and more discovered to you, and labour to have that gathering power that will bring you to it, that you may know the strength that comes by it to the soul. There is none of you, but what will meet with temptations in this world, that will draw you into death and darkness, to things that are carnal, and sensual, and devilish sometimes. How shall I stand if I be not centered in that life that was before the world began, and before the devil

There is none of you, but what will meet with temptations in this world, that will draw you into death and darkness, to things that are carnal, and sensual, and devilish sometimes. How shall I stand if I be not centered in that life that was before the world began, and before the devil was? If I labour to feel the influence of that divine power, that is able to keep me, my faith tells me so: I know that power is able to keep me, if I keep in the exercise of it. The trust of a true believer is, that whatsoever temptations and trials they are exercised with, they know one already come, in whom they have trusted, who is both able and willing to deliver them. So by this means he is kept harmless, and innocent, and blameless in his life and conversation. Thus you might be kept, if you would regard, and have respect to the life that is manifested in you.

Whosover comes to know, and feel and witness in their souls the discovery and revelation of the life of Jesus, they know there is in it a certain dominion over that which is contrary to it; and you have many of you had experience of the exercise of the power of God in your own hearts, that hath enabled you to reign over those things, that have formerly ruled over you: That you can now subdue vain thoughts, and evil desires, that you can withstand temptations that come from without, and from within. Now if you could do this, and if ever you have done it, you did it by that power that God discovered and revealed in you from Jesus Christ: You had not such hold of this once, before you believed, but by believing, the word of God sent it unto you; it being fixed by faith in the heart,

that faith which is of the operation of God: You could then do that which you could not do before, and forbear that which you was led away by. These experiences which God hath given you, should encourage you to hold on in your labour and travel, and engage you to grow in the grace of God, and in the knowledge of our Lord Jesus Christ. Whatsoever is propounded by men in the profession of religion, this ought to be our design and end, in the discovery that is made to us of the life of Christ; that we may grow in it, and live in it; (indeed there is great talking of it) but we should labour to shew forth the resurrection of that life

They that come to be baptized for the dead, are baptized into the death of Christ; the apostle tells you, in that he died, he died unto sin. There are none baptized for the dead, and made partakers of the death of Christ, but those that died unto fin, as he died. Though Christ had no fin, yet he died unto fin: What use did he make of this, that Christ knew no fin, but yet did take our fin upon him? He died unto sin, that they which did partake of his death, might be partakers of his resurrection: He liveth again,

and after death rifeth again.

Those that partake of this death unto sin, are crucified unto this world, and have taken up Christ's cross, and are dead to all the pleasures and delights of this world, which are withered away and come to nothing. What do they live to now? To righteousness, holiness, chastity, temperance; these are pleasant to them; these come to live to righteousness, through the power of him that loved them. to righteousness, through the power of him that loved them. This shews the glory and the power of the grace of God. It is the grace of God that worketh such a change in a man or woman. They that delight in fin and wickedness, in that which is corrupt and ungodly, they have no delight in this, no delight in sobriety, chastity, holiness, and purity of mind. In whom hath it wrought such a change? In all that are freely given up to it. Where any one is given up to that life, the grace of God hath the praise of it. This is the exaltation and praise of the power of God; so that others may find by this, that they may by it come to believe, and by beliving, to be saved. Thus the gospel hath gone forth, from one to many, and from these to many more, and is encreasing more and more; for grace, mercy and peace, are multiplied, by which the heritage of God, and so every man and woman that partake of this life, are gathered into fellowship.

So that your end in coming to these meetings, is not so much to hear what this, and that, and the other friend so that here what they are here in your solves.

fo much to hear what this, and that, and the other friend faith; but what you have in yourselves to witness to: The divine operations of the power of God in your souls, bringing down something that is to be brought down, and raising up something that is to be raised. Temptation to sin hath more prevalency upon me, than it hath upon this, and that, and the other man. I am not come to their degree, yet it is better with me than it was at my first convincement. If thou dost say this and deceive others, cry to God, and pray earnestly that all may be brought down which is contrary to his grace. If thou sayest and professes this, to strengthen that, which is known, by the light of Christ, to be against the truth of God, if at the same time there is a deceitful heart, how will this appear at the great day of God? The eye of God is upon thy hypocristy; he that never slumbers nor sleeps, he beholds thee, if there be any fin that thou wouldest keep and save alive. If thou be any fin that thou wouldest keep and save alive. If thou makest a profession, and notwithstanding sayest, this sin I will keep, the Lord pardon me in this thing; like Naaman, the servant of the king of Assyria, who said to the prophet, thy servant henceforth will neither offer burnt offering, nor sacrifice to other Gods, but unto the Lord. In this the Lord pardon thy servant, that when my master goes into the house of Rimmon to worship there, and he leaneth on my hand, and I bow myself in the house of Rimmon; when I bow myself in the house of Rimmon, the Lord pardon thy servant in this thing. He knew if he bowed not, the king would take notice of the alteration of his gesture, therefore he would bow in the house of Rimmon: That sin he would save alive under a profession: That hypocrify the Lord did abominate. the Lord did abominate.

Be upright in the fight of God, and be faithful to your own fouls; if it be so, then every sin will be a burthen, and you will long to be rid of it; if it be so, you know

whose hand it is that hath brought you so far; if you be really cordial, and give up yourselves to Jesus, that work which he hath begun in you, he will finish for you. He will sinish it for you, stand out with him in nothing; give up yourselves to him, and join not with his enemies; take heed of hearkening to them; take heed of every sin that will at last be a burthen and oppression to your fourls.

But if you live this heavenly life of Jesus, you will be set at liberty, to have dominion over sin, and to stand without guilt before the throne of God. Friends, let your hearts be deeply affected with the great mercies that God

hath bestowed upon you, and for his gift to you of that divine life that is acceptable in his fight.

Many things have been done upon the account of religion, and we could never be fatisfied whether they were acceptable to God; we could not be satisfied whether we did any thing pleasing to God: We may say of them as the apostle Paul did of the Jewish sacrifices, there remains a conscience of sin, an accusing contcience, that tells us, that guilt is not removed, nor the fin taken away, till the Lord opens this divine mystery to us, that our justifica-tion must be by faith in Jesus; that nothing could recon-cile us to God but the life of Jesus, and the merit of his death.

This life of Jefus was a holy, blamelefs, harmlefs, and innocent life, which life he gave for the world; which life is the light of men; and our fouls being turned to this life, we see the glory and the excellency of it, and defires are kindled in our hearts after it. Many have purfued, and laboured, and travelled, that they might come to the enjoyment of it. The very discovery of this life ought to be highly prized, and your souls affected with it; and when you have obtained it, you will fay, O! what a bleffed condition am I come into! that Christ hath manifested his divine power in me, not only in reconciling me to Gid, but taking away the conscience of sin; by that alone the accuser is cast out, and I may now sing to God, songs of deliverance. Now you taste of the mercies that God hath bestowed upon you; this will affect your fouls with a child-

like submission and subjection to him, that hath begun to fave and deliver you, that so you may resign up your-felves to his will, and for sake the world, and the things of it.

felves to his will, and forfake the world, and the things of it.

Now when these come to such a meeting as this, their minds may be retired, and they may be sensible of the power of truth upon their hearts; but for want of keeping their subjection to the divine power, that hath opened their understandings, when they come into the world again, they are ensnared and entangled, and many times, for want of watchfulness, through a looseness of mind, and unruliness of tongue, they run into anger and passion, and this grieves the Holy Spirit of God. And how should you come to God through the Mediator, when you grieve his Spirit, and quench the motions of it.

and quench the motions of it.

These things have been hurtful to many, that in their time might have been pillars in the house of God. Take time might have been pillars in the house of God. Take heed of this, and let the goodness of God dwell upon your minds, that you may feel and experience the inward administrations of it; there are many that are much affected with the outward ministry, and are very desirous to hear the servants of God declare the things that God hath wrought for them, and in them, and the wonderful things that God hath opened to them; yet when you have heard all that man can say about it, if the divine ministry of the word of God doth not make powerful impressions upon you, and sanctify and renew your souls, the outward ministry of the word will do you no good.

Now that you may be established in the truth that you have been taught, this testimony ariseth in me, to desire every one to heed and attend to the manifestation of this life of Jesus in yourselves. Whatsoever God hath bestow-

life of Jesus in yourselves. Whatsoever God hath bestow-ed upon me or another, you may perish for all that, and I am not the better for what God hath bestowed upon you, but may perish notwithstanding; but that God hath manifested eternal life to my soul, let that be every ones centre: This will make you holy and blameless, and preferve you in every state, and in the hour of temptation, and in the midst of snares; this will be a bulwark to you; this will be as the walls of Zion, which is the salvation of the Lord. That salvation of the Lord. That so you may be preserved sensible of

the goodness of the Lord: That grace, mercy, and peace may be multiplied in your bosoms; this will make you dear and affectionate one to another.

Though there may be an external fellowship among those that preach and profess the same doctrine, yet when they come off from that, when once men depart from the power of truth, they grow stubborn and rebellious; but when men come to be gathered into the inward fellowship that stands not in terms and words, but in the revelation of Christ, and in the participation of his virtue and goodness; the more you are united in this, the more you are knit one to another, and become useful and helpful one to another.

The Lord vouchsafe to every one of you a taste of his goodness, and you will prefer it above all that the devil has, and his instruments can present; and if you retire more into this heavenly and divine life of Jesus, you will feel and enjoy more peace and satisfaction, and true consolation in your souls, than I, or any man in the world can tell you of.

SERMON XIV.

The Kingdom of God within.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, July 26, 1691.

of the Lord, as a great and notable day; many of you are now living witnesses that the great and notable day of the Lord is coming, in which the accomplishment of great and notable things, the mighty works of God, which have been prophessed of, may be lawfully expected. It is the work of every Christian to wait upon the Lord in the light of this day, and to be acquainted with the works of the Lord, both inwardly and outwardly; for the day of the Lord is a day of power, and that power of God worketh wonderful things; and if we are not kept in the light of that day, the Lord may work great things, and we not

know it; we shall be looked upon as careless and negligent witnesses of the works of the Lord, as those that do not regard them. If you would be faithful witnesses, you must have regard to the works of the Lord, and the operations of his hands. One that is minded to be a faithful witness, he will take notice of what is faid and done; you are called to be witnesses of the works of the Lord Jesus Christ, and of his doings; you must stand where you may hear, and see, and understand what the Lord is about to do at this time.

In testimony and witness bearing, the greatest thing we have to expect in this day of the Lord, is, that God will set up the kingdom of his Son Christ Jesus; and unto this all the prophets did bear witness in their time, and now it is our turn to bear witness of it, by sensible and living experiences of the accomplishment of those things that they prophesied of, that the Lord will set up the kingdom of Christ, and bring down and lay waste the kingdom of Antichrist. This our Saviour taught his disciples to pray for, more than sixteen hundred years ago, that the kingdom of God might come; and all the true disciples of Christ ever since have prayed for the coming of this kingdom, and many of them have seen the coming of this kingdom, and others have died in the faith of it, and have been gathered into the kingdom of Heaven.

But, my friends, that which chiefly concerns us at this day, is to behold the kingdom of Chrift, the eternal Son of God, within us, to go forward and prosper; and the kingdom of Antichrist suppressed and destroyed, and utterly laid waste; and this is wrought two ways, first, inwardly;

fecond, outwardly.

First, inwardly; there is a great inclination in the minds of people, to look more at the operation of God's power in this great work outwardly, than to look at it inwardly, but unto that there must be a daily cross taken up, and it is my business at this time to tell you in the name of the Lord, that your duty and mine is to turn our minds to the working of the power of God in ourselves, and to see that other kingdom of the man of sin weakened and brought down within us; then there is no fear but he will carry on his work outwardly, and we shall see as much

of

of that work as belongs to our generation; but the great matter and chief government of you and me, is to see the kingdom of God set up within us, which stands in holiness and righteousness: Our business is to walk till we see the righteousness of this kingdom set up within us, in our hearts and souls, and to have a real change made.

We all know, and we must confess, that we have been subject to the man of sin, whatsoever we are now. We have feen the reign and government, the rage and tyranny of the wicked one, that hath led us into rebellion and difobedience to the Lord our Maker. How do we like that government, to be ruled by the devil, and to be led captive, and to be made to do his will, and to rebel against God that gave us our life, and breath, and being? How do we like the government of fatan? I hope we do none of us like it. It was so with me; and they that are under the tyrannical government of fatan, have many cries and withes in their fouls, that they were freed and delivered from it, and brought under the government and obedience of Christ Jesus; and that they were able to ferve God as they ought to do, that they might be translated from the kingdom of fin and satan, into the kingdom of the blessed and dearly beloved Son of God.

dom of the bleffed and dearly beloved Son of God.

This hath been the cry of some ever since they have known the word; and I am persuaded it is the cry of many at this day. I have good news to bring you; not that the day of your redemption draws nigh, but that it is come; the day of redemption is now come, and there are a great many blessing and glorifying the name of God that they are redeemed, and delivered from the bondage of corruption; and have more joy and delight in the service of God, that made them, than ever they had in the service of the God of this world.

fervice of the God of this world.

But may not fome fay, how shall this great work be wrought? For it is a great work, and we verily think that nothing but an Almighty Power can effect it. For there are many in this assembly have been trying to no purpose, and done what they could in their own strength, to deliver their own souls from death, and yet they find themselves in bondage still; nay, they have called in the

help and affistance of those that they thought to be stronger than themselves, and all have failed, and they are yet weak and entangled, and they cannot find themselves at liberty

to ferve the Lord as they ought to do.

I am of this mind, that nothing but the Almighty Power of God can do it; and when you have come to my experience, to know this as I have done, then I hope you will feek after that, and you will fee good reason for it; and you will then come to this profession, if the Lord puts not forth his Almighty Power, I must then perish, for there is no other power can deliver me. When you come to know this, what must you do? Why you must wait for the revelation of that power that will take you off from all trust and confidence that you have ever had in any thing else: A man that hath nothing to trust to but the Almighty Power, and mercy, and goodness of God, he puts his whole trust and confidence therein, or else he knows he must perish.

When a man or woman comes to this pass, that they have nothing to rely upon but the Lord, then they will meet together to wait upon the Lord: And this was the first ground or motive of our setting up meetings; and I would to God that this was the use that every one would make of them that come to them, then they would be justly and properly used, according to the end of the institution of them at first; we should use them as poor desolate helpless people that are broken off from all their own confidence and trust, and have nothing to rely upon but the mercy and goodness of God; and if he pleaseth to reveal his power among us, we know that he is able to save us. And when we have met with the revelation of God's power, and we have met together in simplicity of mind, the Lord was pleased to communicate his Spirit to us, and open a door for us, and discover and reveal to us that it was the day of his power: And when we came to examine ourselves whether we were willing in this day of God's power (for the prophet gives us a note of distinction between the people of God, and other people; thy people shall be usiling in the day of thy power; which is as much as to say, when God discovers and

reveals his power to them, fuch a people are willing to give themselves over to the government of it; when we found we were subject to it, we had joy in believing, before we attained the end of our hope; it was gladness to us we found ourselves willing; and I am persuaded that every one of you would be glad to find yourselves willing to part with that which you cry out against.

What a cry is there of our bondage and corruption, and of our being led captive by our lusts. We may heat such a cry from one end of the kindgom to the other: People cry out of the bondage of corruption, and of their subjection to fin and satan: I would they were in earnest; there is not that earnestness and reality in men and women that God looks for, and so there comes nothing of it. There is no redemption, and no deliverance; the Lord doth not hear them, though they come now a-days into his presence, to offer up their prayers. I would have you to be in good earnest, I wish well to you all; and it would be hard to say that you do not wish well to yourselves. Here lies your welfare, that you find yourselves willing to be subject to the power that made you; you have been subject doubtless to the power that destroyed you; that power that never gave you life and breath, and would be instrumental of your slears. The never of the Cod. that power that never gave you life and breath, and would be instrumental of your destruction: The power of the God of this world never did men good, but destroyed them, deceived them, and deprived them of their lives.

Now if there was but a willingness in every one of us, freely to give up ourselves to that power that created us, to obey his will, I am sure there is never a man or woman among us should long be without the knowledge of it. If I am but willing to be subject to the law of him that made me, it will not be long before he discover it to me, and reveal his power in me in the glory and excellency of it; that power which is more able to preserve me, than all the power of men on earth, or all the power of the devils in hell is able to destroy me. When the Lord shall discover and reveal his power in you, you will be willing to be subject to it.

to be subject to it.

But methinks the found and noise of flesh and blood grows loud here: I would be subject to God, but I would not have him cross mine interest, and deprive me of that I love and thirst after; I would not have him imbitter my carnal delights and pleasures, and undo me as to my reputation in the world.

You may see whence this comes, that you would make a bargain, and draw a contract with the God of your lives about these things; this is a nonsensical thing; because of all people in the world, you are a people that have had a veneration for the holy scriptures, the scriptures of truth, and have been acquainted with them as familiarly as with and have been acquainted with them as ramitarly as with any book in the world, wherein you find articles drawn, long ago fixed and fealed; and no new ones are to be drawn. If any one will be my disciple, John or Thomas, James or Peter, or whosoever he be, he must take up his daily cross, and deny himself, and follow me. Now here is a contract made, therefore turn aside from all kind of reason-

ing and confulting with flesh and blood.

If you will become spiritual, and partake of spiritual blessings and benefits, I would advise you to turn from bleffings and benefits, I would advise you to turn from all kind of reasonings that come from the pit of darkness, that hath thus far deceived you, and will ruin you forever, if you hearken to them. For affure yourselves, new gospel-terms no man can make; and if any come to preach new gospel-terms, count him a deceiver; for there is no possibility of being a disciple of Christ, but by taking up a daily cross, and denying ourselves, and following him as our leader and guide. To him I must go, and go in no other way, speaking nothing, and doing nothing but what is holy and pure; he must conduct me in my walking, guide me in my way, and justify me in it. This is to be a true disciple of Christ.

As soon as he comes to adhere, and join to the power

As foon as he comes to adhere, and join to the power of God revealed in his foul, he fees the coming of the kingdom of God; he fees it at a distance; he saith within himself, and makes this conclusion, I will follow my captain; I will become subject to the kingdom of Christ. If I obey this divine principle of the grace of God, and the gospel of Christ, I shall be his disciple. I read in his blessed book, that as many as are led by the Spirit of God, are the children of God. I am not to propose new terms, but to accept of the old terms of the gospel of Christ. I see that the kingdom of God is to be set up, and the kingdom of the devil to be brought down in me; if I sollow this divine principle, I shall never sollow the devil more; if he would have me lye, I shall refuse, and say I cannot; if he would have me run into vain and corrupt communication, and soolish jesting, that will be a bridle to me, that I cannot do it.

I speak now to persons that live under the light of the gospel of Christ, and that are subdued by his grace; I would speak that which all the logic in the world cannot overthrow; that which the most cunning logician, with all his wit and quirks, cannot refute and prove erroneous. If a man be led by the Spirit of God, he cannot lye; this is a common cure for all men; if I be led by the Spirit of Truth, and hearken to the principle of truth in my own soul, this will cure and heal me of the wounds and maladies of my corrupt nature, and set me at liberty

from my old master; I do not like his service.

I hope if any of you like the fervitude and bondage of fin and satan, you will desire liberty before you die: Why do not you desire it now? It may be thou thinkest to enjoy a little liberty, and reputation, and pleasure in fin for many years, for six or seven, nine or ten years, and then break off from it, and repent and turn to God: How dost thou know that thou hast ten days to live? It is of high concernment to every one of us to wait for a discovery of gospel liberty, and an ability and power in his soul, to enable him to break off from the servitude and bondage of sin and satan, that he hath so long lived under; and to wait upon God with patience, for the setting his soul at liberty, and setting up the kingdom of Christ within him, and pulling down the kingdom of satan, that he may be brought into the kingdom of Christ, that consists in peace and righteousness, and joy in the Holy Ghost. These are the things that follow one another; when righteousness is set up in me, I shall not be dissurbed, I shall have peace; and if I have peace I shall have joy, and this joy is in the Holy Ghost; the apostle saith the kingdom of God consists in these things.

Now

Now that every one might be persuaded that God hath given a measure of his grace to them, as well as to other folks, let them consider and say within themselves, God hath not shut me out of the number of his people: He hath knocked at the door of my heart, to bring me to repentance; he hath waited upon me so long, surely he hath a mind to save me: Would he call upon me, had he not intended I should repent and turn to him?

But where is the power? you will fay; knocking at the door of the heart, and checks of conscience, we understand them; but we understand not where the power is, to be

conformable to the will of God.

People will never understand it while they are in the kingdom of satan, and under the power of the prince of darkness; the apostle tells us, that the God of this world hath blinded the minds of them that believe not, less the light of the glorious gospel of Christ, who is the image of God, should shine upon them. If men saw the beauty of the gos el, they would run after it, and embrace it; therefore he devil blinds their minds, that they should not see the beauty and amiableness of the gospel, and like the terms of it: He hath the rule and government of the children of disobedience. So long as I live in subjection to that devilish, hellish power, which leads me forth into sin, I shall be a stranger to God's power, that would enable me to break off from it.

You never read in scripture of any that ever came to be saved by the power of God, but there was faith mixed with it, that came to join with that power of God. Our Saviour said to the impotent man, thy faith hath made thee whole; thy faith joining with that power of God: We shall be made strong in the Lord, and in the power of his might, and be able to withstand temptations.

As foon as the foul of man joins with the grace of God, he doth forfake the fervice of his old mafter and governor: Sin shall no longer have dominion over him; though he may meet with the same temptation, it shall not have the same power over him, but he will be enabled by the grace of God to withstand it, and overcome it. If you ask such a man, how it is that he overcomes that temptation that formerly

prevailed

prevailed over him, he will tell you, I have now an helper, I am now joined to the grace of God in my foul, therefore do I withstand temptations, and have power over them. Thus comes the kingdom of Christ to be set up in the foul, and this is that which will sit and prepare us for the everlasting kingdom of God. They that do wait upon God, shall see this work wrought inwardly in them, they know more by faith than they can see by sense.

I know, and am certain, that the power the devil hath in the world, shall be broken down, and righteousness shall be exalted, and justice and equity shall prevail in the nations. I shall not perhaps live to see it, but I may see it by faith; I have seen enough for my generation, and they that live in the next generation, shall see it also; for the church of God is the same from one generation to another. Now unto us it is given to see the things that in former generations were prophessed of, God having (faith the apostle) provided some better thing for us, that they without us shall not be made

perfest.

The church of God from one generation to another, have their measure and degree of service, and bear their proper testimony, and leave the rest to succeeding generations: It concerns us in our generation to see a change made inwardly in our souls, and the kingdom of Christ set up within us, and the kingdom of satan brought down in ourselves. This doth not concern my son or grandion only, but it concerns me, and when they grow up to mature age, in their time it will concern them: Therefore that which is most profitable to us, is, that we have such a station, and stand in such a place in our time, where we may see the work of God carried on.

I have confidered, many a time, that there are many brave men and women in this age, that might have been eminent witnesses of God in this world, and borne their testimony to his truth, but their faith hath been weak and inessectual: They have discovered their unbelieving hearts, and have joined with the common herd of the world, because they thought such great things could never be done, that the kingdom of satan could never be pulled down and destroyed, and the kingdom of Christ set up within us,

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but I would hope better things of you, things that accompany falvation; and that he that hath begun a good work in you, will carry it on to perfection; that living praises, and joyful thankfgivings, may be rendered to him who alone is worthy, who is God over all, bleffed forever; to whom be glory and dominion forever, and ever. *Amen*.

SERMON XV.

The Undefiled Way to Eternal Rest.

Preached at DEVONSHIRE-House, July 29, 1691.

My Friends,

HE Lord will be with all his people, that are undefiled in the way, that are spiritual travellers walking in that undefiled way, that leads to an undefiled rest. There are some that by this way are entered into rest, that rest which God hath prepared for them. We cannot apply to ourselves that promise that is made to us of entering into rest, unless we be real and true travellers in the way that leads to it, for if we do, we deceive our own souls.

Therefore you that have had a fight and vision of the way everlasting, that leads unto a holy rest, you are an engaged people to make strait steps therein, and to have it your daily care, and make it your continual business, to look that your goings and foot-steps are of the same nature and kind that the rest is that you desire to enter into: For it is an undefiled rest, that we all are, or ought to be travelling after; therefore every one of us must be undefiled in the way, and every foot-step must be of the same kind and nature, and separate from all that which desileth it and polluteth it; that so it may have a tendency to the bringing of the soul nearer to its rest.

This holy rest many travellers have attained by this holy ravel, and many are still in hope to attain it.

travel, and many are still in hope to attain it.

But now they that are sull of hope of attaining this rest, their foot-steps and goings are not of the same nature and

kind;

kind; they are not holy and pure, they are not undefiled: These have not their faces truly Zion-ward, though the face of their profession may stand that way; but the Lord looks at the heart of every one, and he knows which way the heart stands; they who have their hearts truly turned to the Lord, they have the mark of holiness in their eye, and the mark of purity and righteousness in all their undertakings, because they know there is no attaining to that divine rest, but by a holy way and travel; therefore their trust and reliance is alone on the Lord, that is to keep them in all their way; for if they be ever so clearly convinced that holiness and righteousness is their duty, and is the way whereby they may attain to the kingdom of God, though they are ever so fully convinced of it, yet there lies an impossibility of any walking therein without the divine assistance of the grace of God; for though they have been convinced by the appearance of his grace, and have had a light that openeth to them a fight of these things, it is not this fight and vision that will enable them to run the race that is fet before them.

For the manifold impurities and hindrances which are in our way, between our coming out of Egypt's land, the bondage of corruption, and our entering into the kingdom of God, are too mighty and too great for any man with his knowledge and strength to overcome. The children of Israel might as well have gone through the Red Sea, without the help of God, as the Christian traveller can go through the many difficulties, and the many impediments that he is to meet with in his way, without the affishance of God's

Holy Spirit.

My friends, it hath been a labour and travel at this time upon my mind, that all whom God hath so signally blessed with the knowledge of the truth, that you may fee your way, and most clearly know and understand, that your way leads to life eternal; that all and every one of you in your particular meetings, are to have a dependence upon that which

can help you in your way.

For I have feen too many that have had a wrong dependence, after they were rightly convinced, and after they have had a true knowledge of their way wherein they should walk; they have too much trusted to openings and fights which

which they have received; they have thought their mountain fo sure, and that their feet have been past stiding, that there hath grown up a state of presumption, that they have thought they should never turn aside, and have not had due regard to the renewing of the Divine Power of God in their souls, that God's children always must have. They have (as I may so say) forgotten what our Lord said, without me ye can do nothing: They have passed a sentence upon that doctrine in their minds, and they have thought they could do something; that they could withstand temptation; that they could do some work for God, and service to God, without the Divine Assistance of that power that did beget them; and alas! the least they have sustained hath been, that they have run into evil, and they have defiled their way, and run into temptations, though it hath pleased the Lord, whose mercy is infinite, to pull them many times back again out of the snare which they were sallen into, and to take them again, and to wash them, and cleanse them, and purify them, and set their feet on a sure place. This was more than they deserved; but his mercy, and goodness, and tenderness, is over all his works.

This he hath wrought for many a one; and not only once, but many times; it is hard venturing; it had been better if such a one had never fallen, or that their footsteps had never slid from the ways of the Lord, than after they are fallen, to be renewed again by repentance. It hath caused fore judgment, and condemnation, and anxiety of spirit; and they have given their old enemy an advantage to whisper in their ears; thou hast lost thy ground; thy sins are gone over thy head, and thou shalt never find repentance. These are the words of the wicked one, who seeks occasion against us; and through our carelesness, and not being watchful, we put an advantage into his hands. Now seeing you know he is vigilant, and seeks occasion that he may turn you out of your way, before you attain to the end of it, you ought to be vigilant to keep occa-

fions from him.

But some may say, how may I keep occasions and advantages from the enemy? I answer, the way hath been often told you, and I dare say most of you have tried it,

and found it to be true, that fo long as you have remained in a watchful flate and posture, and have had your minds exercised by the grace of God, by which you were convinced of your sin, and by which your duty was manifested to you, so long you gave the enemy of your souls no occasion; but the truth preserved you wherein you trusted, and wherein you hoped and waited for the virtue and power of it. Did you find want of ability then? Did the enemy prevail then? He did not cease to tempt when you was in the most watchful state of a Christian; the devil did not then cease to tempt you, but you found in you a power that resisted him, and said, get thee behind me, satan.

So long as you are upon your watch; fo far as you keep your mind fixed upon the Divine Power, fo long you are in a fure place; and whosoever turns aside from this, they suffer great harm and prejudice; and if ever they be restored again, it is with loss and damage, and fore exercise; and if they be not restored, they are lost to all eternity: Then it had been better for them not to have known the way of righteousness, than after they have known it, to turn from the holy commandment delivered to them. And then they said within themselves, this must be the way.

then they said within themselves, this must be the way.

Sirs, these things pertain to your everlasting welfare; I speak to you as a people that God hath abundantly loved; and it hath been far beyond any thing of desert. He hath made known his ways to you; the Lord may say, concerning you of this city, as of old, what could I have done more for my vineyard, that I have not done? So he may say concerning you, what could I have done more to make them a grown people, a holy people, an entire people, that they may bear my name, and walk before me in holiness and righteousness, all the days of their lives? What should have been done more for them?

But this is an exercise to us, whom God hath blessed, and set as watchmen, to behold and see the state of his people, and to feel and bear the burdens that are to be borne; and this is a great burden, that after all that God hath done, and that we do in the hands of God, all that is necessary for the welfare of the people, there are some

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that turn aside, and defile their way; and we testify in the name of the Lord, that whosoever walks in a defiled way, shall never come to an undefiled rest; therefore that you do not attain to that undefiled rest, it is because ye have been defiled: Seeing the holy conversation of the people of God is the effect of the working of his own power and Spirit.

Here comes the rest, by and through a Mediator, even Jesus Christ the righteous, who is the Mediator between God and man, and the leader of all his people in the way of holiness and righteousness, which he hath made manifest to them that believe and obey the power: And he hath purchased eternal salvation for all that believe and obey the gospel: But the transgressors do not obey the gospel; the Spirit of Christ doth not lead you to transgression; and the power and light that comes from Christ, doth not lead you to pride, vanity, envy and bitterness: Wherever these things are led into, there is another spirit, and that other spirit hath another tendency, it leads into the wrath of God.

And my friends, this is that which my foul defireth at your hands, and it is for your good and advantage; it is my duty to difcharge my confcience, and to speak plainly as the Lord shall give me utterance, to warn you that you abide in the truth; for if so be you be not saved, but will turn aside after your own hearts lusts, after your pride and the vanity of the world, and the lusts thereof, you may blame yourselves, and your iniquity will be your ruin. We that have given up ourselves to God for your sakes, and the churches sake, we speak these things which we have learned of God, and we earnestly press you that are convinced, that you walk in the truth which you have believed: There is no great need of more knowledge, and of the vision of heavenly and divine things; for abundance of you have seen more of the things of God, than ever you have have seen more of the things of God, than ever you have travelled and come up into. I would to God, that every one of you that are convinced, would come up to the meafure of the knowledge you have received. O! that you would answer the Lord's power, in opening and discovering his mind and will concerning your travel, and the things that belong to his everlasting peace, that your foot-steps Y

may be directed thereby. If you will walk in this undefiled way, you may lay down at night, and rife in the morning with peace, and in the favour of the Lord, and

have the answer of a good conscience in his sight.

The means that must help and conduct us in this way, must be that familiar converse that the soul must have with something greater than itself; the familiar converse that the soul must have with the Divine Power, with that manifestation of Divine Light and Grace, which, through Jesus Christ, God hath given unto you. For if a man prize and esteem the truth ever so much, and suffer ever so much for it, and love the minister ever so much, if he keep not a familiar converse with the truth, notwith-standing all his profession of love to the truths of the gospel, and the preachers of it, he will reproach it: Though he professes and says, I love thee, I love thee; though he hath suffered much in the way, yet if he love not the truth in his own heart, and desire not to feel the excellency and virtue of it, that man will certainly dishonour the truth, and residue the Hely Spirit of God.

and grieve the Holy Spirit of God.

We warn you to take heed of your way, and to your feet in your Christian walk, that you may come to have an abundant entrance into the kingdom of God. Pray to God that the work of regeneration may be wrought upon you, that you may be born into another feed, and partake of the divine nature: Then, though the devil assault you, he cannot overcome you; he will find nothing in you whereby to betray you into his hands, when that change is wrought, and when God hath made an alteration, and hach brought you out of the love of the world, and the love of earthly things, and set your affections above, where Christ sits at the right hand of God. Now you can say, here comes a temptation with this instrument, and the other instrument, and the devil lays things before me that he would have me to do, but I have no inclination to it, I have no mind to be sucking at the world's breasts; but my mind is set upon this, that I may reach acquaintance with God, who will be a present help to me, and tread down sutan under my sect.

There is need of your continual care and vigilancy, and

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that you watch and pray that you may not enter into temptation. It is not fo easy a thing for a man or woman while they are in this world to do any thing without sin; but God hath called you to a holy profession; out fin; but God hath called you to a holy profession; which is, that you should do all you can do, to do every thing you do without sin: For whether you eat or drink, or whatsoever you do, you should do all to the glory of God. This spirit we would have in you, and we would have all you that have received Christ Jesus, the Lord, to walk in him as you have received him: Then you shall be kept undefiled in the way, and delivered from temptation.

To this end you must be still, waiting upon the Lord, that you may have acquaintance with him from day to day; you are in the world, but you should not be of the world: The prayer of our Lord Jesus Christ, to his heavenly Father for his disciples, was not that he should take them out of the world, but keep them from the evil.

Merchants, tradesmen, and shop-keepers, have always something to do in the world, but they should pray earnestly that they may be kept from the evil of the world. There is nothing can be done in the world, but there is evil in it, which we shall be overcome by, if we do not

There is nothing can be done in the world, but there is evil in it, which we shall be overcome by, if we do not keep our watch. In the government of a family, there are occasions and provocations given to be passionate and surious; many occasions are given to men and women; but we should not be transported and overcome: Our profession obliges us, that when a child or a servant gives a provocation, we are not to behave ourselves unseemly, and unbecoming our holy profession; for it is not in their power, nor in the devil's power either, to kindle your wrath and anger into a slame: If you are upon your watch, and wait upon the Lord, he will give you wissom and strength to stand against all temptations whatsoever, and to order your conversation according to the will of God, and as becomes the gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ.

In merchandize, buying and selling, there are snares, and there is evil we may run into; but this is our comfort and joy, there is no coercion, we cannot be forced to sin, the devil can only lay a temptation before me; if thou wilt tell a lye, equivocate, dissemble, here is an advantage for

for thee; but the devil with all his fubtilty, power and allurements, cannot fay, thou shalt run into this fin, and be overcome by this temptation; for though of ourselves we can do nothing, yet in the name and strength of our Lord Jetus Christ, we can do all things; we can do that which is just, and stand over the temptation, and trample upon it, and not be overcome of evil, but overcome evil with god. When we have bought and fold, we may look back upon what we have done with pure minds, and clean consciences in the fight of God, and we may come off victors, and more than conquerors (over temptations) through Jesus Christ that hath loved us.

The more a Christian keeps himself unspotted, and the more watchful he is in his walking, he may go on from day to day, and see the snares of the devil, that lies in this vanity, and this and the other vanity and temptation,

and vet escape it.

I would I could say of some of you, that when the devil said a snare for you, you did not run into it when you saw it. I have known some that have had understanding enough, that they need not be told where the snare of the devil lies; yet so hath it been, the devil and their own hearts sufts have agreed together, and they have run into the snare. This is from the old confederacy that men have had with God's enemies; you are my friends, saith Christ, if you do what sower I commend you. If you are the friends of Christ, you will be his subjects, and yield obedience to him; when he shews them a snare they will keep out of it: This is the proof of a true Christian, that he will be true in a time of trial, and will trust in that divine power that keeps him out of the snare.

One thing more I would fay, that divine fellowship that you have with Christ Jesus, it consists in holiness of life and convertation, and the exercise of a good conscience towards God, and towards man. It is in vain to tell me that you will walk in unity with the truth, unless you have unity with the truth in your own hearts; you cannot deceive the Lord, nor long deceive his people either. Here is the fellowship that you are to live in all your days, to live

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in fellowship with the people of God, and communion of saints; can the saints have communion in any thing but holiness? and holiness is a blessed, sacred thing, it becomes the house of God forever; they that are saints, are sanctified and made holy; and he that sanctifieth, and they that are sanctified, are all of one; for which cause, he is not assault to call them brethren, Heb. ii. II. They that are sanctified are become saints, they bring forth the fruits of holiness and sanctification, and they are come into fellowship with God and one other. Every branch in me, saith Christ, that beareth not fruit, he taketh away; but every branch that beareth fruit, he purgeth it, that it may bring forth more fruit. That branch which beareth not fruit, is cast into the fire and burned.

There are some that bring forth fruit, but it is fruit to the slesh, and the wicked one, but I hope you are not of that number: These separate themselves from the life of the that number: These separate themselves from the life of the true vine; these have no sellowship nor true membership with the church of Christ, while they walk as captives to the devil, and sin; these are of the world, and not of the church. If you would have fellowship with the church, do not think to have it by outward conformity: Do not think that this will maintain your fellowship with Christ, without a life of inward holiness and righteousness; for that day you break with the truth in yourselves, you break off your fellowship with the church of God, and break your peace with God, and can no way be restored again to the favour of God, but by an unseigned repensance; for the mystery of saith is to be kept in a pure conscience: How is my conscience defiled, if I wrong not this, or the other man or woman? Some can hold the mystery of faith; so far as it consists in a profession, they can profess it, and they preach woman? Some can hold the mystery of faith; so far as it consists in a profession, they can profess it, and they preach it; but they have not held the mystery of faith in Christ, so as to receive life, and virtue, and comfort from him. You have got the history of words and doctrines; but as soon as you defile your conscience, by doing evil things, and depart from the principle of grace, you make shipwreck of sight. of faith.

But, my friends, as you have a mind to continue and abide in the faith, and in this travel and heavenly journey,

I would give you this as a certainty, it may do you good when my head lies low: The way to continue in the church of God, and communion of taints, and to retain your peace with God, is to keep a familiar converse with the truth in your own souls, and it will keep you from falling, and lead and guide you in your way, in your travel and journey to Heaven. As the mother, when the child cries after her, but cannot go, takes it by the hand and leads it, so if you keep close to the truth, it can lead you through all difficulties, through great business as well as little, and deliver you from snares and temptations, and when you are assaulted, it can bring you off clear. As for communion with God, and communion with the saints and people of God, it stands in that peace, and purity, and keeping a holy frame of mind in your heavenly travel, in the undefiled way, that will at last bring you to the undefiled everlasting rest that remains to the people of God.

SERMON XVI.

The DAWNING of the DAY of GRACE and SALVATION.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, August 2, 1691.

My Friends,

OU cannot but know and be fensible, that a gofpel-day, a day of grace and salvation, hath dawned upon you, and that the light of it hath broken through many clouds of darkness, which sometimes you could not see through. This is an inestimable and unspeakable mercy of God unto us, that the light of the gospel of salvation shineth upon a people, that without it must be miserable.

There hath been a very dark and cloudy day upon our fore-fathers, and also upon us, in the days of our ignorance. We are apt to wander hither and thither, and to

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be turned afide with the wind of mens' doctrine, that we could not find a rest, a home or a settlement for our souls, in order to eternal life. And there are many that have cried unto God, that he would please to reveal his way, and to make it known unto them; and they have been apt to covenant with the Lord, that if once they come to a certainty, they would walk in it. Unto such as these the Lord hath bowed his ear, and hath answered them; and in his answering the cry of the soul, he hath brought salvation near, and hath revealed the power by which he would bring it to pass, in every particular soul that receiveth the gospel of his Son.

But now friends, you that are fensible of this bleffed and glorious visitation of his gospel-day, in which falvation is brought near, it is needful for every one to examine their own hearts, whether they have really received the gospel; whether they have received and embraced the great bounty, and unspeakable blessings of the gospel, with which the Lord God of life hath visited us, or whether they have rejected it. For though it is our happiness to know the visitation of life, yet it doth not follow that every one that is visited will be made an heir of it; for there are many that fall short through their unbelief. There are many that have received the gospel, who do disobey the gospel of Christ, and so have not eternal life by it.

the gospel of Christ, and so have not eternal life by it.

When people come to this serious examination of themselves herein, then the light and grace, that comes from Christ unto every one of us, both to him that rejects it, as well as to him that receiveth it, that will make known to them their state and condition, with respect to the gospel of Christ. For there are a great many, that by an alienation of their minds from the light of Christ Jesus, are apt to be mistaken in their state, and to make a better judgment of themselves, and of their state inwardly, than really it will amount to in the day that the Lord searcheth and trieth them. But they that make a judgment of themselves, by the openings and discoveries that they have through the light of Chist Jesus (for so we are to do in this weighty matter) they make a judgment of their state and condition, according to the evidence that the Spirit

of God bears to their spirits; and this I hope you will all say is a most certain way. For if we go to compare ourselves one with another, and say, I am better than thee, and that man is better than I, here we are liable and subject to a great many errors, where there ought to be none. But if we come to measure and determine our present state and condition, by the evidence of the Spirit of God, bearing witness with our spirits, here we have a soundation to place an infallible and certain judgment upon dation to place an infallible and certain judgment upon. And they that are obedient to the gofpel of Christ, are capable of giving a found judgment of their state, because they are made partakers, through Christ, of that grace, and light, and truth, which they should be obedient to; and they are brought into a kind of knowledge and understanding of their duty, whether they do it or no. And this knowledge, and this understanding that God hath given them, makes them capable to pass a right judgment upon their own state. They will not call it a good state, if it be an evil state; and they will not call it an evil state, if it be a good one. They know it is good by the principle of truth in their judgment.

Therefore fince there are so many uncertainties in the world, and that men are so apt to take hold of an uncertain way of judging and determining, even in matters relating to their souls: There is a greater aptness in people to take hold of uncertainties, in judging about the matters of their souls, than in those things that relates to their bodies. Seeing people are so liable to it, it can do none of us harm to exhort one another, and move and stir up one another, to make a calculation of our states, by something that will not deceive. There are abundance deceived in this country, as well as other countries; we shall not need to go intry, as wen as other countries; we man not need to go me to foreign parts to find people deceived and deluded. It will not be amils to fay, the drunkard, the swearer, he har, the oppressor, the proud, and the malicious, are deceived: If they were not so, they would never be overcome by the wicked one; the author of all evil, he hath deceived them, in that they should think to go on in these things, and cry peace, peace, to one another, and in their own souls: This is a great delusion; and the devil is the

great deluder that they are deluded by: And it would be worth the while to find out that which would make a man think himself in a happy state, and hope to enjoy eternal life, with God and Christ; and when he goes on in fin and iniquity, it would be worth the while to find out the delusion.

There is nothing fo proper to turn every one to the grace of God, as to fearch their own hearts, and try their ways. This is that which will discover their thoughts, and make them known to themselves: This is God's grace and gift to men while they are yet sinners and disobedient; he doth not withhold his grace, but gives his grace, and light and truth, even to the rebelirous: He gives gifts to men, even to the rebellious, that he might have a place and dwelling among them, that they might know there is a God that searches the heart, and tries the reins, and judges all unrighteoufnels. If God hath given thee fo much grace, that he might have a dwelling in thy heart, should not that restrain thee from sin, that the devil, by his temptations, might not defile thee, and unfit thee for the kingdom of God? When the Lord comes to search the heart, it is in order to the purging of it, and the taking away of iniquity and fin, that would unfit thee for his kingdom. This is a better way, and more excellent than living to the flesh, and fulfilling the lusts thereof. Let people live ever so much to their own corrupt wills, in pride, wantonness, loofness, and the vanity of their minds, they will not find fo much true fatisfaction and delight, as in living a holy life, living in the scar of God, and avoiding sin, and keeping them elves from the temptations and snares of the devil.

This is a more excellent way; and it is our work and business to declare to people this more excellent way, which all, one time or other, will confess. This is irksome, some will say; this will abate my pleasure and delights in the world, and spoil my secular interest. If it were not for this reason, they would grant it were better to live a holy life, and to live in the sear of God, than live in the fervice of the devil; and their carnal interest lies in the way, and weights down the scale, but it is because thou joinest with it, otherwise the devil, and all the powers of hell,

could not weigh it down. If people would confider these things seriously, they would say, it is better to serve God, that made them, and gave them life, and breath, and being, than him that would destroy them; and then when they meet with the pleasures and delights of the world, that the devil lays before them, they would never weigh down the scale against a Divine Reason: If thou wilt give the hour to in add seriously according it. thy heart to it, and feriously consider it, it will weigh down the scale against all temptations to live in sin, and pleasure, and jollity. If thou wilt but join with this Divine Reason, that tells thee these carnal pleasures and enjoyments are not necessary for thy foul, but it is neces-fary to live a holy, heavenly life, and to serve the Lord that gave thee life, and breath, and all things; that hath vouch afed thee manifold preservations. If thou wilt but join with the Divine Reason, and hearken to that which opens the truth in thine own heart, all the devil can do, cannot make thee ferve him; for the devil hath no coercion, no power to force thee to commit fin; he cannot make a man work wickedne's against his will; he must cloud the understanding, and work upon the will, and allure and entice the affections by earthly things. So thou canst not be forced by the devil against thy will, to yield to his temptations, to commit any fin; but thou must say, I will do it.

I confess, when the undersanding is bribed, and the will allured and seduced by the devil's temptations, there is no withstanding them. But on the other hand, if men would give up themselves to the power of God, they would have Divine Assistance; and joining with that power, they would be more than conquerors. Therefore we cannot but be encouraged to keep in the way of the Lord, and have acquaintance with the power of God, which will preserve you, and give you victory over all the temptations and assaults of the devil; and without this power you cannot overcome; but if you have the assistance of this power, nothing will be too hard for you. When you are in straits, and in a helpless condition, you sometimes are ready to cry out, I shall not overcome my spiritual enemies; I shall never get victory over sin and the world,

the flesh and the devil; and I shall never be able to withfland his temptations, but they will prevail over me all my days. No wonder you make this conclusion, when you have parted with your trust and dependence on that power that is able to overcome the devil, and baffle him in your thoughts words and deeds.

You may be ready to fay, alas! of myfelf I can do nothing; I am not able of myfelf so much as to think a good thought; yet by Divine Assistance, I do many times think good thoughts. In me, that is, in my sless, there dwells nothing that is good. Not in my sless abstractly; separate from the power of God, and the Divine Assistance vouchfased unto me. In my sless dwells nothing that is good. But if you take me as one that hath faith in Christ the Mediator, this saith embraceth the tender of the love of God in the Redeemer. And when I have this faith, there dwells a good thing in me; and from this good thing that dwells in me, there flows forth good words and good actions; then you come to be acquainted with a power greater than your own; and if you trust in it, you will be able to withstand temptations. When you are tempted to any sin, you will not only be able to withstand the temptation, but to overcome it too, and to be more than conquerors in your spiritual warfare. This relying upon, and trusting in the power of God, is that which we call faith; and this faith is the operation of God.

To fpeak in plain words, God will operate upon thy mind, and make thee know, that this is his power, light, truth and grace, by which he would fave thee. And after God hath wrought and opened unto thee in this manner, it is thy duty then to belive in it, to put thy truft and confidence in it, to be delivered. But though faith be offered unto me, yet it is not forced upon me; God hath offered faith to all men, but he doth not force it upon any. All have an opportunity offered to them; if they will but join with it, they may have faith wrought in them, and be fitted and prepared for the kingdom of

God.

There are many that are convinced of the truth of the doctrine that we preach to them, but they do not get into

the power of the truth; they will hear us preach of the power of truth, and will hear what this man faith, and what the other man faith; and this will serve their turn, that they may talk of religion, and make a profession: But they do not feek after that power that should enable them to work out their own falvation. These persons grow in knowledge, but they do not grow in grace; they will embrace truth as far as doctrine and words will go; they have professed it, and they have suffered reproach for it, and yet they have not received the truth in the love of it; they cannot reach to the power of it; they glory in their knowledge and in their understanding, but they come not to that which sanctisses them; they are not able to resist the devil, and to stand against his temptations; when a temptation comes, they join with it, but they cannot withstand it: They come to the knowledge of truth in words, but they come not to the knowledge of the power of it in their hearts and minds, so as to make them prepared vessels for God's honour; God is more dishonoured by them than by those that never professed his name: They sall into the temptation of the devil, and never discern the operation of God's power in their own hearts.

Secondly, There is another error as great as this; there are a great many that when the Lord's power hath wrought in their hearts, and they have truth opened to them in the power of it, yet they have not believed in it, they have not had faith wrought in their hearts, they have not trufted in it, nor relied upon the power; fo they are weak and feebie, they have little faith, which is next to none at all. If they have ever fo much knowledge, how eafy can the devil tempt them to fin, if they have no faith; this is the victory, faith the apostle, that overcomes the world, even your faith. This is not my victory, that I see the subtility and wiles of Satan, and know much; but that which is my victory is my faith: My trust is in the power of Cod, and my reliance upon him who is God, mightier than all the strength of men and devils; that God who knows my heart. If I be faithful to him, and rely upon him by faith, I shall resist the devil, and withstanding his

temptations, obtain victory over them.

This

This power you may have by the gospel; but then you must be true to the power of it in yourselves; for I do distinguish between the gospel, as it is a doctrine and word preached, and an invisible, divine power working upon men by the preaching of the gospel; you will all hear the gospel preached, though you be ever so proud and high-minded, and you will say it is true; but you can never come to the saving knowledge of the gospel itself, till you find it working inwardly upon your elves.

We do not pretend to any power of opening mens hearts, as God opened the heart of Lydia; but when people come to wait upon God with a ferious and religious mind, you will find the power of the word working effectually upon you, and so the gospel will become the power of God to your falvation. This is, and shall be my prayer, for all religious assemblies, that the Lord will be pleased to teach them, by his invisible word, and beget living desires in them towards himself, and bring them to an esteem of holiness and righteousness, that they may adorn the gospel of Christ, by living gospel-lives; for want of this, what dishonour have men brought to God, and what reproach upon the gospel. O! that people would come to hear the word preached, with defire to profit by it, and fay, Lord, do me fome good this day, give me a powerful refreshing visitation at this time; give me some living experience of thy Almighty Power working upon my heart, that I may not be led by this man's word, or that man's opinion; for if they mistake, I shall be mistaken: But if I build my faith upon what God in his word reveals to me, I shall infallibly know what I am to believe and practife, and I shall receive from God fome good thing, and I shall know what is the good and acceptable will of God; I shall find that there is power in the gospel for building me up in the most holy faith, and that it is mighty, through God, for the pulling down of the strong holds of sin and Satan, and I shall see the salvation of God brought near to me.

When the gospel becomes the power of God, and worketh upon the hearts of men by the operation of the Divine Power, they may distinguish between that faith that is built upon the declarations of men, and that which is

wrought by the revelation and discovery of the mind of God in their fouls; this is that which we may bottom upon, and have an anchor fure and stedfast in our own fouls; when I depend upon Christ, the rock of ages, both of this age, and all other ages, my faith must be placed upon him; and when I hear the word of a man, I must have an eye to God, that he will reveal his power in my heart; this will make me believe in the Lord Jesus Christ, and receive that ingrafted word which is able to save my soul: I shall not only hear the word, but live in obedience to it. What signifies it to make a profession that I have the light within, if I do not give obedience to it? For without that, it is all hypocrify; all pretence to holiness, or righteousness, all mortification, is but hypocrify, any further than we find the power of truth making an impression upon our hearts and minds, bringing us to the obedience of faith.

Let them therefore that profess righteousness, live righteousness, live righteousness.

teously, and they that hear the gospel, live in obedience to it; and those that profess to be Christians, let them live like Christians indeed: When every one comes to know within himself, so far as the gospel hath shined upon him, that they have received the truth in the love of it, and love that they have received the truth in the love of it, and love the truth as it is in Jesus, and are obedient to the gospel, they shall know the salvation of it. There is a discovery of God's power in the gospel, and there is a believing of it, and trusting in it; this is that which belongs to a Christian, this is the beginning and the first step to a Christian life; we must believe in Christ; for uithout faith it is impossible to please God. He that believeth, should be careful to walk in the truth that he hath received, and then he shall have a testimony of the power and virtue of it in his own.

to walk in the truth that he hath received, and then he shall have a testimony of the power and virtue of it in his own soul. This virtue and power, if he joins with it, hath the government of his heart and life, and gives him victory over the world, and the temptations of Satan.

You know in the primitive times there were believers that not only held the faith, but lived by faith; and by that faith they got victory over all the allurements, and pleasures and vanities of the world. I have fought a good fight, saith the apostle, 2 Tim. iv, 7, 8, I have finished my course, I have kept the faith, henceforth is laid up for me a crown

of righteousness, which the Lord, the righteous Judge, shall give me at that day, and not to me only, but unto all them also that love his appearing. I have got the victory, and there remains an eternal weight of glory for me.

My friends, this is our ambition, and all our labour among you, that you may be built up in the most holy faith; that you may be brought home to Christ, in all your meetings and gatherings together: You should defire to be enriched with faith, and to have your own storehouse filled with all the fruits of the Spirit, and not only feek for the knowledge of the truth, but be subject and obedient to what you know, otherwife by your religion you will but hurt yourselves. And the apostle Peter, 2 Peter, i, 12, speaks of knowing the truth, and of being established in it, and of some that after they had escaped the pollutions of the world, through the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour, Jesus Christ, they are again entangled therein, and overcome, and the latter end with them is worse than the beginning; for it had been better for them not to have known the way of righteousness, than after they have known it, to turn from the holy commandment delivered unto them. There is a power goes along with the preaching of the gospel, that will enable you to do what you know; the gospel is a powerful doctrine, whether you know it or not, or whether you submit to it or not, yet pray remember that God's people are a willing people in the day of his power, they are a certain fort of people that are devoted to God, and submit all their worldly honours, interests, profits and pleasures, to the pleasure of God, and desire no other pleafure or happiness, but to enjoy his presence and favour; they are satisfied with this, and they are a happy people, being made a willing people in the day of God's power; they are willing to deny themselves, to take up a daily cross and follow Christ, and have falvation upon his terms.

There are a great many professors that have notions, and out-fide appearances, but they want that virtue, and life, and power, that should fettle them in religion, and a love of the truth. The Lord that knows our hearts, knows that our labour and travel among you hath been defigned for your good, and that our hearts defire is, that you may be

faved in the day of the Lord Jesus. We would have people confider, and attend and hear what God speaks, and remember what he hath taught you by the ministers of the gospel: We have all ears to hear, let us thank God for that; bleffed be God that there is a power and an ability of hearing with an outward ear; but there are many that will not fo much as give the hearing to what might be spoken to them from the Lord: He that hath ears to hear, let him hear what the Spirit' faith to the churches; and what he faith to his own foul; hear what the Spirit faith of your own state and condition; if it be good, bless God for it; are you in fo good a condition, that you have no trouble, no distress to lament, no wants to supply, blessed are you that have none; but if you find that you have done amis, and if the Lord should call you this night to give up your account, the Lord hath a great deal against you, I am fure; and I tell you it is your duty to turn to the Lord with unfeigned repentance, that through Christ Jesus, you may receive pardon and remission of all your sins, and hear what the Spirit saith to yourselves, and in yourselves.

Pray come and make it your work and bufiness the rest of the time you have to live, to work out your falvation with fear and trembling, that when Christ comes, you may say, come Lord Jesus, come quickly, purify me and sanctify me, and prepare me to be presented to the Father without fpit, and blamelefs; the day is coming that this will be the

defire of every one of you.

And it is the carnest breathing and defire of my foul, that every one of you may have an eye unto the Lord, and he will look down from Heaven, and have regard to the cry and the fighing of the needy foul. God will arise, and find out the people that breathe after him, and that desire to be reconciled to him, through the Mediator Jesus Christ; the Lord loveth to find out such a people, and I am glad to preach to fuch a people the glad tidings of the gospel, and to teach as God hath taught me; good and upright is the Lord, therefore will he teach and guide you in the way which you should go. Walk humbly with God; he will resist the proud, but he will give grace unto the humble. Walk uprightly before the Lord in this gospel-day that shines upon you; love the appearance of God, and prize it, though it hath not been so glorious to you, as to some others, yet despise not the day of small things: live in subjection to that grace that the Lord hath given you, and the Lord will give you more grace, and pour out his Spirit, and multiply his bleffings upon you; the Lord hath begun a good work in you, and he will carry it on to the day of Christ, and will vouchfafe to bring the glorious day of his vifitation upon you.

To the Lord I leave you, to his favour and protection I commit you; remember that there is no falvation but by Jesus Christ, and none to be had by Christ, till you come to believe in him; to him that fearcheth the heart, and tries the reins, that pardoneth iniquity, transgression and sin, for the sake of Christ Jesus, the Mediator, to him I do commit you, not doubting but that he that hath begun a good work in you, will at last complete and finish it to his own praise and your salvation.

SERMON XVII.

The Excellency of Peace with GOD.

Preached at DEVONSHIRE-House, August 5, 1691.

My Friends,

T is man's great happiness in this world to have acquaintance with God, with the Lord that made him, from whom he hath life and breath here, and his eternal welfare hereafter; this doubtless every one will acknowledge one time or other, that peace with God is a great jewel, and the best estate and riches. It is the great desire of every one that they may attain to this one time or other; and there is a great neglect of happiness among the sons and daughters of men, in not seeking of it, and not labouring

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to attain it while it is to be had; Oh! how many trifle away their time about fading and perishing objects, and they know at the same instant that they are yet destitute of the savour of God, and peace with him. Oh, friends! the very thoughts and confideration of the worth of this jewel, and of the misery of being without it, and the un-certainty of our time while it is to be attained, might put every one upon a ferious, diligent enquiry after the way and means whereby they might attain it, that so they might have a refting-place for their souls, and satisfaction to their inward man, that it shall go well with them, when time shall be no more.

And they that come to this confideration, and are refolved in their hearts and minds, that they will labour after this, and fet their whole endeavour after it, they will in the first place feek the kingdom of God, and the righteousness thereof: These do need a daily encouragement in their way to Heaven, and there is nothing on the Lord's part wanting to such souls, but that they may attain their desire.

But alas! this hath been, and is still the misery of thou-

fands, they are feeking after peace with God, but they err in the way to it, they do not feek in that way, nor take hold of those methods, by and through which God hath promifed peace; you shall scarce meet with any body, but they would have eternal life and peace with God; we shall not need to perfuade people to with for, and to desire to have peace with God when they shall come to die, and lay down their heads in the dust. There is not a Balaam, but he defires to die the death of the righteous, and that his last end may belike his: There is not a Scribe, or a Pharisee, or any that profess religion, but they are seeking eternal life. The Lord Jesus did witness concerning them, that they were an envious, proud, perfecuting people, yet that they did feek after eternal life, and they pitched upon some methods and ways whereby they thought to get and enjoy it; but all this was error still, they where out of the way of attaining it, and so are a great many people at this very day; they are in a state and condition wherein they are never like to enjoy it; the methods and the ways that they have chosen to themselves, to find eternal life by, and

And God hath been pleased to discover to us the many by-ways that people have chosen, and seek peace with God by; therefore we are willing at all times, to shew people their error in these great matters of highest concernment to them. If they did err in their way of seeking to obtain some earthly good, and missed their end, they know the price of it, it is but a loss of so much, which if they had taken a right course, they might have attained; but it is an unspeakable loss, an inestimable loss, if they lose peace with God, and all the pains and labour they are at to obtain it.

I befeech you, friends, confider these things, they are of great weight, and you will say so one day or other; for, saith our Saviour, what will it profit a man to gain the whole world, and lose his own soul? Or what shail a man give in exchange for his soul? O! How sad is it to consider, that a man hath not made provision for his soul, that he hath not a place of rest for his immortal soul, and that the arms of the Lord Jesus Christ are not open to receive his soul, when his body can retain it no longer! If this be a man's state when he comes to die, it had been better for him that he had never been born: Men may live and gather riches, and enjoy a plentiful estate; but if they be destitute of the savour of God, and peace with him, what will they do with these perishing enjoyments? They cannot possibly satisfy themselves with these transitory, visible things; but if these persons only mind their bodies, and neglect their souls, do they not live like the beasts that perish? The beast seeks after his meat, and when he finds it, he cats it with delight and pleasure, and in a little while he lies down and dies, and there is an end; so it is with careless souls, that have no regard to their future state; but they say, let us eat, and drink, and be merry, for to-morrow we shall die.

Oh! that every one of us did apply our hearts feriously to the consideration of the weight of these things that concern our eternal state; if persons did this, then they might come to an enquiry into their own souls, what method and way is most safe for the attaining of so blessed an end. For you know there are abundance of people, if you look up and down in the world, you will see

every body almost hunting up and down in some way of religion or other, and are engaged in religious performances: What is the matter? what would you have? We would have peace with God here, and everlasting rest hereafter in the kingdom of Heaven; that we would have. Thus have the nations been scattered and driven up and down in the pursuit of happiness and satisfaction.

There is a general belief amongst people, that there is a Heaven, and a Hell, and that they must have their part in one of them; there are none that desire a portion in the lake that burns with fire and brimstone. Those prophane wretches that cry to God to damn them, they do not mean what they speak, they would be saved for all that; every one will cry at last, Lord have mercy upon me, if he hath but time to say so: Let us cry, Lord have mercy upon me now; Lord bestow thy savour upon me; Lord lift up the light of thy countenance upon me; Lord touch my hard heart, and soften it and break it, by the power of thy Spirit; open mine eyes, that I may see the wonderful things of thy law; open mine ears, that I may hear thy voice. It is good for people to make use of time while they have it; whosoever calls upon the name of the Lord shall be saved, and God will pour out his wrath upon those that call not upon his name. He that calls upon the name of the Lord, shall be saved; and God gives great encouragement to people to seek after him. What mean you by seeking after God? I have gone

What mean you by seeking after God? I have gone to church, and said my prayers; I have gone in the way which my fathers have led me, and directed me, I hope I shall find mercy at last; I am a believer, I believe in Jesus Christ that died for my fins, and rose again for my justification; I hope, through the merits of Jesus Christ, I shall be saved. What mean you by seeking after the Lord? Do not we all hear of him, and pray to him every

day?

Is there any thing more common than this, that people speak to one another generally about? as for the general knowledge of God, you and I may see to our forrow, that a great many cry, Lord, Lord, that are never like to enter into the kingdom of God. If all that take the name of God in their mouths, should enter into the

kingdom

kingdom of Heaven, it would be a very foul kingdom: If all the drunkards and whoremongers of *England*, and all prophane ungodly persons, that will take the name of God in their mouths, should enter into the kingdom of Heaven, it would be a very unclean and impure kingdom; there is nothing enters there that is unclean, that is abominable, that loveth to make a lie. So that there must be some proposed to the the stall have an about be some more peculiar people that shall have an abundant entrance into the kingdom of God; and there must be something that will entitle them to it. For you may remember our Saviour saith, no man knoweth the Father but the Son, and he to whom the Son shall reveal him. So

remember our Saviour faith, no man knoweth the Father but the Son, and he to whom the Son shall reveal him. So much as may be known of God by works, you and I may know, without the revelation of Christ; we need not wait for this knowledge, we can have it by books; we can have it by Christ's revelation. Nothing would serve some in our Saviour's time, but eternal life; and our Lord Jesus bids them search the scriptures, for in them (saith he) you think to have eternal life, and they are they which testify of me. Yet for all the prosession they made, he tells them, no man hath seen God at any time, neither seen his shape, nor heard his voice; they were strangers to God, though they had a general knowledge of God.

So it is at this day; there is a general knowledge of God, and people hope to obtain peace with God, and eternal life. Their parents and their tutors have instructed them in the principles of Christianity, and about the attributes of God; but all this will not bring a man to a saving knowledge of God, and reconciliation with him: For a man that is as wicked as the devil can make him, knows these things, and yet may be a servant of the devil, and do his work; he is not born again, and become a child, by all his external knowledge. Now he that defires to come to the true, saving knowledge of God, our Saviour hath told us, that none knows the Father but the Son, and him to whom the Son will reveal him; this is Son, and him to whom the Son will reveal him; this is a fure way to come to the true knowledge of God, by Jesus Christ; he hath the key that openeth the heart, and he will bring us to the true knowledge of God the Father. Christ hath the key of David, which openeth, and

no man shutteth; and shutteth, and no man openeth. He can bring us to behold the glory of God in his own face; without him we are never like to come to the faving know-

ledge of God.

Poor man is in a lapfed, fallen state, he is fallen into sin, and is in a state of alienation from God, and therefore he cannot come to him but by a Mediator; there is one Mediator between God and man, the man Christ Jesus, and he must make peace for him, else he will never have it: How then shall we come to Christ, if he is the only means, and there is no other by which we may come to the knowledge of God, as the scripture speaks? Hearken to it, how may we come to Christ? I answer, you will never come to him; if he first come not to you, you will never be able to do it. It is not coming to Christ, when you fay, you do believe that Christ died and rose again, and ascended up into Heaven, and fits at the right hand of God, and lives forever to make intercession for his people, and to read those words and doctrines which he preached up and down at meetings, and solemn assemblies; but if you believe that he is the eternal Son of God, and the author of eternal salvation to all that obey him, you must come to him, and entirely give up your-felves to his glory and service; without this, you cannot come to him, nor will he bring you to the Father: Christ is come near to us, he stands at the door of our hearts, and he stands and knocks: Behold! that is a word that calls for attention, for people to take notice of. Behold, I ftand at the door and knock; what dost thou knock for? saith Christ, that thou mayest open the door of thy heart; for if any man open, I will come and sup with him, and he with me, and my Father will come to him, and we will make our abode with him.

Now people are loth to be at this pains and trouble, to open the door of their hearts to Christ, for they will not believe it is Christ that knocks, and that rebukes and checks them, when they refused to open to him; when they find something within that reproves them for their fin, and doth condemn them that they cannot be at quiet, they will never believe that this is Christ: How can this be Christ? they say, He is ascended up to Heaven, and he is at the right hand of

God the Father: Will you make me believe that this is Christ knocking at the door of my heart? I cannot believe it: But what saith our Saviour, unless you believe that I am he, you shall die in your sins: For there is nobody else can

help you out of them.

There is a two-fold confideration that we are to have of Christ; one is, as he was made of a woman, made under the law; and another confideration of Christ is, as he is the eternal Son of God. Men have very gross thoughts of Christ, to think, that because he is in Heaven, therefore he cannot be here too: They measure him by themselves; they know because a man is at London, therefore he cannot be at York at the same time. Thus these men object, if Christ is in Heaven, how can he be here? His doctrine and precepts are here, let us make use of them all; he will come again at the day of judgment; but this is a day of judgment: Doth not he judge you now? He is the judge both of quick and dead, and he is the fearcher of hearts, and the trier of the reins; so that thou canst not think an ill thought, but he will tell thee of it; he is nearer to thee than the wife of thy bosom, or thy husband that is near to thee: Husband and wife may think an ill thought, but they cannot tell one another of it; but Christ is one that comes so near thee, that thou canst not conceive an ill thought against thy neighbour, but he will tell thee of it.

This is the Lord Christ, as a Spirit, a quickening Spirit, who is made manifest in the stesh: He hath given to every man a measure of the Spirit to prosit withal: The grace of God which bringeth salvation, hath appeared unto all men. Notwithstanding the distinction of learned men between common grace and spiritual grace, this grace that brings salvation, hath appeared unto all men. This manifestation of the Spirit and light within, we have from Christ. These are the ways and methods that the Lord Christ hath taken to approach near to us. Now your own reason will tell you, if this be the way and means that Christ takes to approach near to us, we cannot take another way to approach to him: If Christ hath taken, I say, this way to approach to us, by the light and manifestation of his own Spirit, which convinceth us of sin: If this be Christ's way of coming to us,

there can be no other way of our coming to him, but by the same method of his grace. He saith, if you have the light, believe in the light. I have the light, I am enlightened, there is something that discovereth my evil thoughts: Why must I believe in the light? That you may be children of the light, as our Saviour speaks; they that are the children of the light shall have it for their inheritance; and they that are children of darkness, must have darkness for their inheritance: While we have the light, we must believe in it, and we shall be made children of the light: God hath fent his Son, and the Son hath fent his Spirit and his heavenly grace into our hearts, that we may draw near to him, and be directed how to attain acquaintance with him, and to do that which pleafeth God, and come to be in union with him, and do the works of God. This is that which God requires of us, that we will believe on him whom he hath fent; that we may embrace the light, and believe in the light, in the Lord Jefus Christ.

Pray what do you mean by believing? There is fomething within me checks and reproves me for fin, and calls me off from it, and bids me turn over a new leaf: Must I hearken to this? Is this that which you mean by believing? As to this degree of believing, they that reject it now, shall believe it heareafter; for all the world at last, and the damned in hell shall certainly confess that there was grace, and light, and means afforded to them, and they might have gone farther, and escaped that misery that they are fallen

But there is a more precious faith that I would have you partake of, a faith that worketh by love. Since the Lord hath been so gracious as to extend his mercy and love to me, I am so taken with the love of God, that I will be obedient to him; this faith that worketh by love, is the faith of God's elect; that by which we may obtain victory over our pasfions and lusts, and over fatan and the snares of the world; when we are come to close with the grace of God, and to believe in Christ, this is well: But we must also yield obedience and subjection. Yet when faith hath brought forth obedience, you cannot be justified by it, you cannot be faved by your obedience, but Christ alone: He is the author and finisher of our faith, and a Mediator from first to laft.

Now all that come to close with the appearance of Christ in their own heart, they have laid hold of the method appointed for their coming to him. It is Christ they must hear; he is come so near to men that they may hear his voice, and hear him tell us our very thoughts. Why should not i hear him when he checks me and reproves me for sin? He comes near and tells me that I have done amiss; Lord, I have done iniquity, I will do fo no more. Thus Christ converfeth with his people, and doth not only check and reprove them, when they do that which is evil, but perfuades them and enables them to do good. He is a Mediator, he is a middle person, and hath taken fiesh upon him, that he might reconcile them to God, that do believe in him.

Now, when we come to have acquaintance with God, and have chosen him to be our God, he teaches us to do what is good, and reproves us for what evil we have done. Who can choose a better guide, to lead him into acquaintance with God, than Christ that is conversant with us, piercing into our thoughts, and speaking to us? I may hear him with the inward ear of my heart; when I do evil he checks me for it, and tells me the thing I should feek is of inestimable value; and if through my unbelief and carelefness I miss of it, it had been better for me that I had never been born; now we are in the way of coming to receive the end of our faith, the falvation of our fouls, let us not neglect fo great falvation. No man can save himself, nor save the soul of his brother, nor find a ransom, nor procure an offering for the expiating of his fin; therefore let every one that would have his fin expiated and pardoned, and cannot be satisfied and quieted, till he hath peace with God; let him come to Christ, the Mediator, and come with faith and truth in the inward parts, and submit to him, and be willing to be ruled by him, then Christ will save him, and present him without spot and blemish to his father.

Consider that those that are the people of God, are led by the Spirit of God. They miss their way to reconciliation with God, that love any other way, or think to come to God any other way than by Jesus, the Mediator, their labour

bour will be lost: Therefore I must exhort and persuads you that are out of the way, that you would take God's method, and come into God's way. The terms, I have told you, are made already; the bargain is not to make now; I will give so much to be at peace with God, or I will part with this or the other thing that is dear to me. No, the agreement is made between God and Christ, and his covenant is ordered in all things, and sure; and his covenant stands fure with none, but those that are in Christ Jesus. There was a covenant made with Abraham; in thy feed shall all the nations of the earth be bleffed. The promife is made to the feed, that is, to those that are in Christ; the faithful are counted the feed; now the faithful are tho'e that are obedient to Christ, who is the feed of the promise, in whom all the families of the earth are bleffed. They must come to Christ the feed, they must not rebel against him; they must come to him, and believe in him; be there never so many nations and families in the world, the promise is not to them, but to as many as the Lord our God shall

Here is the way for people to lay hold of, for their coming into acquaintance with God, which is of fo great necessity before they die; they must come to Christ himfelf by his Spirit in their own hearts. We need not go to this and the other learned man, and enquire of this and the other fort of people; but we must cry to God for help and direction, and come unto him, and give up all the powers and faculties of our fouls to him, to be governed by him: God will have fervants that will be obedient to him; if ever we come to obtain falvation, we must have another master, ene is yeur master, even Christ; I must come under the government of Christ, and he must lead me, and rule me, if I will be a child of God.

When people come to see there is no effectual way, but submitting to the grace of God in their own hearts, and yielding themselves up to the dictates of the Spirit of Christ in their souls; when they come to this, there are many hazards and difficulties to be encountered with; there is the appearance of the crofs of Christ, and we must

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must take up this cross if we will follow Christ, and be obedient in all things unto him. This is that which will kill all my pleasure, lay waste all my religion, and destroy my hopes; I must be like a man that built a house without a good foundation; I must pull it all down again, and I must come to build up again upon a new foundation.

Here many have turned aside, the cross of Christ hath seemed to them so sharp, and hard and intolerable, that they could not bear it; they would not be at the charge of such a religion; what, must I part with all my delights, and my beloved lusts and pleasures, and all my interests in the world for Christ? I cannot part with these, these things lie in my way, I must rather lose my soul than part with what is so grateful to me, and join with the light of mine own conscience, and the truth in my inward parts; what, must not I have so much as liberty of thought? What, must my thoughts be regulated by that which is so cross and repugnant to my mind? Must I throw out all evil thoughts out of my heart, and suffer none but good thoughts to remain there? Who can stand here? Who can bear such strictness as this? Rather than endure this, I will choose to lose my soul; many have lost the truth on this account, and many are in danger to lose their souls.

If there be in you any defire of peace with God, that you may not go hence before you have attained it, take hold of the present opportunity; hardness of heart is a desperate plague, it comes from a long obstinate continuance in sin; when we have withstood the day of God's patience and long-suffering, and grieved the Holy Spirit of God; then God giveth us up to our own hearts lusts, because we will not hearken to the voice of the charmer, charm he never so wisely; when we stop our ears, and will not attend to the calls of God; when men will go on, and nothing can stop them, in the career of their lusts and pleasures, but they will retain their carnal delight and friendship with the world; this hardness of heart is a desperate plague; take heed of it, that it doth not overtake you, and bring ruin and destruction upon you: Consider the patience and long-suffering of God, and

let his goodness lead you to repentance: Consider God hath waited to be gracious to you, he hath exercised much long-suffering and patience towards you; whereas he might have cut you off long ago, and given you your portion with the damned in hell; but he hath hearkened to the Mediator that hath pleaded for you; he hath extended his patience and long-suffering to the wicked and rebellicus also; and for this reason, the apostle tells us, that Christ is the Saviour of all men, especially of them that believe.

Now the patience and long-suffering of God hath been lengthened out to all, and we have not improved it. Conscience hath been sensible of the inward strokes and rebukes of God for fin, and of the inward calls of his grace to bring us to repentance; but we have not regarded these calls, nor hearkened to the voice of God, so as to hear, that our fouls might live; O! let us not put off our repentance any longer; but to-day, while it is called to-day, let us hear his voice, and harden not our bearts, but be of a tender heart; let our hearts be softened, and tendered under the word of God, and under the strokes of his judgment. If ever the Lord bring you under a tender frame, you will receive the word of God with meekness, and mix it with faith; then it will work effectually to the amendment of your lives; it will work faith in those that are unbelievers, and strengthen the faith of those that believe. Then we shall have cause to bless the Lord, and praise and magnify his great name for his patience, long-suffering and mercy, which at this day he hath lengthened out, and graciously extended to us.

SERMON XVIII.

TRUE CHRISTIANITY.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, April 10, 1692.

HE institution of the Christian religion was for this purpose, that holiness and righteousness might be brought forth in the earth; that God, through his Son Josus Christ, might take delight in the sons and daughters

of

of men, that they might be reconciled to him; for that which the law could not do, by reason of its weakness, God hath had a purpose to do by his Son, and to him he gave all power in Heaven and Earth, that thereby he might be enabled to perform the great work of God, in establishing righteousness, and in bringing forth a holy people, to serve a holy God. This is the great bleffing that is come to us, and to all mankind, through our bleffed Lord and Saviour, Jefus Christ, that came to turn every one from the evil of their ways. That is the way and method by which our Lord Jesus accomplished the end of his coming, and the will of his Heavenly Father; Moses and all his washings, offerings, and facrifices, could not make clean and purge the conscience; and by all his offerings and facrifices, he could not reconcile us to God: But Jesus, by his once offering himself, did forever perfect them that are sanctified; and by one offering, reconciled us to the Father, and so brings forth a holy generation unto God, through regeneration and the fanctification of the Spirit.

And feeing the Lord hath been pleased in the riches of his grace to open this new and living way, for man's returning again into unity and fellowship with his Maker, the question, my friends, that I would put to you on the behalf of God, is, for all of you to consider, whether it is not best for every one of us to lay hold of falvation, to lay hold of that blessing wherewith the Lord hath blessed us, that so the principal institution of Christianity might not only be named and spoken of, but might come to be enjoyed and witnessed in every one of our own souls; and that all might wait with expectation on the Lord Jesus Christ, for sulfilling of

this great work in themselves.

There is a general notion among people, that Heaven is a holy place, and that nothing that is unclean can enter into it, to have a habitation there, when time in this world shall be no more with us; and that time which we have given us, I am sure is given us of God, as an opportunity of sitting and preparing us for his dwelling-place; and every day and hour of it ought to be employed in that great work, that so we might draw nearer and nearer to that state and condition that suits and besits that holy dwelling where saints and angels, for evermore, praise the great and glorious God: So that I

am persuaded vou believe, that you and all of us, are to be accountable to God for all the time he hath bestowed upon us, whether we use it to the purposes for which he hath given it, or whether we mispend our time upon those things that are not profitable to us; and upon these considerations, we had need all of us to take heed to our present state that we are come to, and are arrived at in the present time; as for the future time, that we all know we are not fure of; and the future flate that we may hope to come to, there is no certainty of it, unless there be an improvement of the Therefore every one should apply their hearts unto the seeking of wildom and understanding, and unto God, that he may give us to understand our state, and our present states or unstantials for the kingdom of glory and happiness, and of that holy dwelling we hope to enjoy forever.

If I will but turn my mind inward, to the serious consideration of my present state and condition, I can tell whether I am fit or unstate approach. College prospect and

ther I am fit or unfit to approach God's presence; and if I find I am unfit, I must have recourse to the divine working of that great power, which God hath ordained and appointed for this purpose; I must come to him to work all my works in me, and for me, according to his good pleasure; and that he will never do, unless it be by crossing me in my carnal pleasures and corrupt inclina-tions; for that which pleaseth man, doth not please God; And God will not revoke the holy scriptures, that tell us, that they which live in pleasure, are dead while they live; they that are indulgent to their own affections, and their own delights, and their own humours, they are not at all ready to please and glorify God; they are not fitted for it, therefore he never sanctifies, nor brings any into a true Christian state, but through a daily cross; so that if I am

not already fitted and prepared to do that which is pleafing to God, I may be fitted by taking up a daily crofs, to glorify God here, and enjoy him forever.

What those things are that you are to do, I need not tell you, nor what you have done. I judge no man: There is one that judgeth, he will tell you if you ask him, what your state and condition is; he will tell the

drunkard,

drunkard, if he ask him, whether he is fit for Heaven; and also the proud and haughty persons whether they are sit for Heaven: Let such as are guilty of these or any other sins, enquire of the oracle in their own bosoms, am not I sit for Heaven, notwithstanding all this? He will tell thee no, there is no unclean thing shall enter there, nothing that desiles, nothing that hurts or oppresses; the proud, peevish, malicious person, that is hurtful to others, that hurts his neighbour, is shut out. There shall in no wise enter into Heaven any thing that desileth, Rev. xxi, 27. For without are dogs, and forcerers, and wheremongers, and murderers, and idolaters, and whosoever loveth and maketh a lie, Rev. xxii, 15. None shall enter into the holy city of God, but those that are purished and purged from all iniquity: Therefore God hath sent his son Jesus, seeing none else could do it: Moses and the Prophets could not do it, therefore he sent Jesus to bless us, in turning every one of us from our iniquities, and from our evil ways; one man hath this evil way, another that evil way: It is all one to him; his work is to turn every one of us from our evil ways.

But why then (you may fay) are so few turned from their evil ways throughout Christendom, where Christ is believed in, professed, read and heard; that yet so few are converted and turned? for we see great numbers of liars, swearers, drunkards, and unclean persons among us, where Christ is cried up at a mighty rate, and yet people are not turned from the evil of their ways; there is

fomething sure that is the reason of it.

I would have all of you consider what the reason of it is, that those that profess to be Christians, are not turned from the evil of their ways; for Christ hath all power in Heaven and Earth committed to him, and he is able to do it, and he was sent from God on purpose to do it; but this is a certain truth, it is not done; and what is the reason of it? He came to his own, and his own received him not; what is the reason? He hath caused his grace to appear to every man in the world, and yet they are not taught by it. Here is an object of faith for all, and God hath offered faith to all men, since he hath raised

up Jesus from the dead, yet men have it not: What is the reason that this nation, as well as other nations, have been puzzled about it, to find out things that are so plain in scripture, in relation to the love of God to mankind, and in relation to Christ Jesus the Saviour, and so little of this work is wrought among us?

tle of this work is wrought among us?

Some fay there is never a man in the world turned from the evil of their ways; they live in fin, and they are under a fixed necessity of continuing in it, and lying under it all the days of their lives, for all this belief of the love of God, and the power of Christ, and the profession of it: Some fay there is never a Christian in the world can live one day without sin, but will desile himself with one thing or another; that the devil will prevail over men, and fin mix itself with our prayers and alms, and all our holy duties; fo that there is nothing clean; nothing pure that we can perform to God. There are others that are not fo rash in their judgment, and not so inconsiderate, but they will believe fome men and women may come to a power and ability to withstand satan, and resist him in his temptations; and that there are those that have been turned from the evil of their ways, but they are not; What is the matter? You have spent time about this, what is the reason you are not turned from the evil of your ways? The devil hath told the people in former days, that the reason why men live in fin, is, because God hath appointed it so to be: And that hath stopt the mouth of many a plain-hearted tender Christian; they have cried unto God under the weight of their fin, and they see no deliverance after all their prayers and tears, because they have been told they cannot do it, and that God hath appointed it should be so, and required them to do what they cannot do; and with some the custom of sin hath taken away the sense of sin, and they go on to perdition in their fecurity.

I hope, my friends, that God hath opened your eyes, and that you have better thoughts of God, than that he hath fet you a work and a labour to do, and by his eternal power and decree, hath ordained that you should never do it, but damn you after all. Consider, there are men and women in

bondage

bondage and captivity, and God hath fent his Son into the world to redeem them from all iniquity, and turn them from their evil ways; we are not turned, what is the reason of it? I beseech you in the love of God, be serious in this matter; ferious you must be, one time or other; when you come to the tribunal of God, there must be a reason given, or if not, you must be speechless; therefore find it out here. What is the reason that I am not turned from my evil ways, fince God hath sent his Son Jesus to do it, and given him

power to do it; why then is it not done?

Some persons upon enquiry, and after their search, have brought forth this reason: They have alleged the great power the devil hath: The devil is so strong, and hath fuch a power to darken their minds, and enchant their affections; he injects and brings things into their minds before they are aware of it. I confess this, and I will say a little to it, I will confess as much as the argument will bear, that the devil hath great power, and a way of injecting things into the spirits and affections of people: He is God's enemy and ours too, and he lies in wait, and will do as much as he can against us, that no one shall get to Heaven; if we come thither, it shall be against his will: I have heard some magnify the devil's power to fuch a degree, that he hath fuch power over a man or woman, that he is able to keep them in fin all their life, though God hath put forth the exceeding greatness of his power for their redemption: This is hard to believe, that the devil is stronger than Christ Jesus: Well, as great as his power is, we are in a capacity of knowing a greater power; the apostle did comfort the Christians, notwithstanding all the power the devil used with them to defile them, and keep them from inheriting the kingdom of God, I. John i. 4. You are of God, little children, and have overcome, because greater is he that is in you, than he that is in the world. I would have you believe this; I do believe it heartily, the devil only rules in the hearts of the children of disobedience; and he that hath the Holy Ghost in him, hath one greater than he that is in the world: If you believe this, then the question is thus far answered, that we have a Saviour, a Deliverer, that is more able to redeem us, than the devil is to keep us in bondage: I hope we are pretty well,

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now we know we have a keeper: We are assaulted with the devil's temptations, and they are powerful; how powerful? He hath so much power, as he finds in us an inclination to yield and join with his temptations: If he comes with a temptation to a man or woman that hath no inclination to that thing he tempts them to; if they hate that thing, then there is an end of it: The devil's power lies in this, when he brings a temptation that I have an inclination to, then he hath a party within me; if that be rooted out, what signifies his power, let him bring ever so many temptations?

There are many of you that understand what I say; if a temptation comes to a man to commit an act of uncleannes, if he be a chaste man, there is no inclination in him to yield to it, or join to it, he hates it, it is an abomination in itself, and grievous and provoking to God, if he doth it; a man abhors it, then what powerful temptation is it? If it light upon a man of an unclean mind, that is defiled in his heart, he hath not only the devil, but his own lust and corrupt inclination to contend with; but if a man believeth in Christ, he relies upon him, and he will fay, Lord, thou feeft I am under temptation; here is a great and powerful temptation, I can never withstand it, but I trust in thy name and power, do thou arife and deliver me from it: Thus when God doth arife, his enemies will be scattered; tho' the devil's power be great, yet there is a deliverer that is stronger than he: The reason of mens being overcome, doth not lie in the greateness of the devil's power, but in the frailty of our nature.

Some will fay, that our natures are so frail, weak and deprayed, that we can do nothing as as we ought to do; this is given for another reason, and there is truth in it, but that truth is but a delusion; they would excuse themselves when they have yielded to a temptation, I am weak and srail, I cannot resist the devil; though the devil is not stronger than Christ, yet he is stronger than I, he worketh with all his might, power, and subtilty to deceive me, and ensure me, and overcome me; I am a poor, srail creature, therefore I must yield to him: This is a carnal reason; as the I were to grapple with the devil in mine own strength, and to deliver my soul, as if God hath left me to myself: If thou say,

Lord, thou hast set me to grapple with the devil, and to withstand his temptations, Lord I am not able to do it myself; God will answer thee, I have laid help upon one that is mighty, that is able to save to the uttermest, all that come unto me by him; so that thou art not to overcome the devil by thine own power and ability: If any man reason thus, his reason is out of doors; for we are saved by Christ, therefore I cannot plead my own frailty, seeing God hath provided a rock for my defence that is stronger and higher than I, that I may trust and rely upon.

So that you fee the frailties of our nature is not a sufficient reason, we must seek further for it yet; and when ficient reason, we must seek further for it yet; and when we come to search narrowly, and to the bottom of our hearts, I will tell you here it rests; it hath its centre in the perverseness of the will that is in man, that is contrary to the will of God; it is the opposition of our will to the will of God; we may talk what we will of salvation and Christianity, that we have a mind to be saved, and go unto God when we die, and to enjoy the happiness of Heaven to eternity: We may talk thus; but as long as the perverseness of the will continues, I am the cause of my own ruin; if I grow in a profession, this perverse will, will grow up with me under that profession, and under any profession; change your judgment and opinion as often as you list, this will go along with you; the reason and the bottom of things will come to this, none can overcome the devil, nor be a disciple of Christ, without a daily cross. When people come to this, to see a necessity of taking up the cross of Christ, and denying themselves; when it comes to this, there are such shifts and felves; when it comes to this, there are such shifts and evasions, and arts that men have to cover themselves, to make them elves and others believe, that such and such a thing is confistent with the will of God, and that they may do it, and fave their own fouls; but they boast of their own deceit, and are glad that they can make a shift to deceive their own souls; so that there is no hopes of their ever being purged and cleansed, and of having any holy work brought forth by them; but when a man comes to be sensible of his spiritual condition, and is sincere and honest, he will be ready to say unto God, if I

be deceived in any thing, open mine eyes, Lord; if I indulge myself in any thing that hath a contrariety to thy holy will, Lord, I be each thee discover it to me; such a man will lay aside his own will, if it be contrary to God's will: Now here is one that is a very sit object for Christ to work upon; he will not be long before he be savingly convinced. When a man comes to the word, he is convinced of such an evil in his conscience, where nobody but God and himself were privy to it, or had any knowledge of it. It is discovered that he liveth in such a practice as is contrary to the mind of God. God hath convinced thee, that thou lovest it, and livest in it, and if thou wilt but break off that evil practice, that he hath sent his Son Jesus Christ to turn thee from every evil way, and to redeem thee from all iniquity.

This truth hath a savour in it; and if thou art sincere

This truth hath a favour in it; and if thou art fincere and upright, there is nothing for thee to fay or do, but to fet thyfelf against every thing that is contrary to the mind of God, and thou wilt have light from Heaven sent to guide thee and direct thee in thy way thither; if thou wilt but receive that grace that is freely given of God unto thee through Jesus Christ, he will certainly purge thee and cleanse thee from thy sin, and turn thee from every evil way, notwithstanding the perverseness of thine own will and the power of satan; and he will work in thy heart by his grace, till it hath brought thee off from thine iniquity, and wrought iniquity out of thee, and so bring forth

a holy work to God.

Without faith it is impossible to please God: We cannot please God without faith, nor with it neither, unless it be the gift of God. There is a great deal of faith in this nation, and in this city; but do you believe all their ways are pleasing to God? We must distinguish of faith here; when the apossle would give a description of saving faith, he tells you, that it is the operation of God; if I have not that operation, and a regard to it, how can I have that working? But since it is the dispensation of the gospel of Christ, and design of Christ, to turn people to the operation of God in their own hearts, we would have them believe it.

If there be a drunkard or a prophane person, if God work faith in his heart, he will be convinced and fay, what a stroke hath the Lord given upon my conscience, and he will see it is the Lord's work: Then believe, whoever thou art, and lay hold of this, for this is the operation of God upon a believing foul, the stroke of God's hand and the power of God, and then thou hast the work of faith, by which faith thou art enabled to keep thyself from that thing that God smote thee for, and before he gives thee over, the same hour thou wilt find the same hand fmiting thee for another sin; this will be like fire in thy bones, kindling up thy zeal and hatred against thy fin, and will kindle in thee a high fire of love to God, that hath not let thee lie in thy mifery, but minded thy condition, and had compassion on thee: This love God will shed abroad. which will run over thy heart, he hath shed abroad his love, faith the apossle, Rom. v. upon our hearts by the Holy Ghost, to constrain us to yield obedience; when thou fallest into the way of faith, which is the operation of God, the devil comes and knocks and bounces on this fide and that, but God will not fail to give thee power to withstand temptation.

The Lord Jesus Christ worketh in people's hearts, to turn them from the evil of their ways, that so he may bring forth holiness and righteousness, and redeem a people from under the bondage of sin, and sit them for the kingdom of his Father, and to use the apostle's words, present them before the throne of God, without spot and blameless; he will purify them, and sprinkle them from an evil conscience; their bodies being washed with pure water, he will sanctify the creature; his word is night hem, and in their hearts, he begins a work in many, and will carry it on in one, and in another.

Here lies the chief work, it is the good hand of God must work all our works in us, and for us, according to the good pleasure of his will: Work in you a willingness to bear the cross of Christ, and to deny yourselves; he will operate for you for this purpose, therefore you must commit your-

felves to him.

It is not our preaching which will convert men to God, but it is the work of God that is pure, which converts the

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foul to God, and that cleanfes, fits and prepares it for the kingdom of Heaven, Psalm xix. 7. We must come to the word of God, that will convince us, reprove us, strengthen, encourage and illuminate us, and do in us and for us all that we stand in need of: To him be all the praise that worketh all in you, and prepares you to be a peculiar people to himself. The word of his grace I commit to you all, take heed of doing any thing contrary to it; if you do, that which would be your comfort, will be your condemnation.

His Prayer after Sermon.

BLESSED God, and Father of Life! thou art glorious in holiness, infinite in power, the eternal God; thy dominion is an everlasting dominion, thy kingdom is without

O Lord! we bless and praise thy glorious name, that thou hast made known thyself among the sons and daughters of men; thou hast revealed to us in thy word the manner of thy kingdom among us, in setting up righteousness and truth,

and throwing down iniquity.

Powerful God of Life! Subject the minds and hearts of all thy people to thy divine power and pleasure, and let the dread of thyself rest upon our spirits, that every one of us may fear to sin against thee, and to do despite to thy Spirit, the Spirit of thy grace, that we may every one of us turn from our iniquities, the evil of our hearts and ways, that we may praise thee in the land of the living, and may become faithful witnesses of that salvation which thou hast wrought for us, and for all them that believe.

Powerful God of Life! the fouls of thy people which thou hast gathered out of the world, do praise and magnify thy name for what they have seen, and for what thou hast wrought; thou hast wonderfully appeared in thy love, and brought salvation near, and gathered many into it, it is become a wall and a bulwark to them, that they are defended from the evil

one, and from the evils of the world.

O dearest God of Life! raise up poor and needy souls out
of the dust, that they may serve thee, and obey thee, and do

thy will, and shew forth thy power and strength in their weakness and infirmity, that they may trust in thee, and re-

ly upon thee in the time of their distress.

Blessed Father of Life and Power! give grace to the humble and meek, and teach them in thy way. We have had experience, O Lord! of thy fulfilling thy promises; thou art still fulfilling of them to all that truly wait upon thee; thou hast begun a good work, carry it on to the praise and exaltation of thy great name.

Blessed Father! reveal thy power more and more in the nations round about, that they that long after the life of the Living God, may come and find thee, and behold thy divine appearance, through the Son of thy Love, in their own spirits, that so they may receive thy word, and thy word may quicken them, that they may stand up from the dead, and live; for it is the living, the living, O Lord! that praise thee, that honour thy name, that offer praise, and glorify thee.

O bleffed Father of Life! carry on thy great work with power throughout all the earth; gather a remnant of thy feed that are scattered, and bring them home into the kingdom of thy dear Son, that we may praise thee together, and

rejoice in thy name.

Dear Father! thou haft faved this nation, the land of our nativity, to this day, by a wonderful power, by thy powerful arm; our souls are deeply sensible of the stretching forth of thy Almighty Hand in our preservation at this day; so Living Father! if it be thy heavenly pleasure, lengthen forth our tranquillity, and the enjoyments of thy mercy and goodness to the inhabitants thereof, that they may learn to fear thee, and turn to thee with their whole hearts, and break off, by true repentance, from all those sins that grieve thy Holy Spirit; that so, Living Father of Life! they may come to walk in love and in union with thy heavenly power, and have concord one with another, and shew forth the power of thy grace manifested to them, and magnify thy love and power, and give thee honour and renown for that great salvation that thou hast wrought for them; that so thy great name may be exalted, and thy will may be done on earth as it is in Heaven; that the fouls of thy people may be refreshed

freshed with thy love, and the joys of thy presence, and the revelation of thy heavenly power; for this, we offer up to thee living praises, and Christian thanksgivings, in and through the Lord Jesus Christ; for thou art worthy of all praise, and glory, and dominion, forever, and ever. Amen.

SERMON XIX.

The Mighty Work of Man's REDEMPTION.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, Feb. 8, 1687.

My Friends,

E are met upon the most weighty affair that can be to every one of us, even to wait that we may have a true knowledge of the beginning, carrying on and perfecting the mighty work of redemption, that people may know that redemption is wrought in their fouls; for every ones foul hath been loft and captivated, and led away from the pure presence of God; all have been alienated by reason of sin, which hath been an univerfal wall of partition and hath excluded and shut out unholy fouls from the Holy God; all that have been defiled and polluted, they have been excluded from his dwellingplace, they have been driven out into the world, and the world hath become a world of mifery, and of distraction and confusion to the sons and daughters of men; there hath been anguish, tribulation and wrath upon all their souls, and an insensibility hath happened unto many, that they have not been apprehensive of the great depravation they have lain under, and they have not been sensible of the glory of that state and condition which they were to have enjoyed; and in that state of insensibility they have not fought after the Lord, but have been captivated and led away by divers lusts and pleasures, by which they have wounded their own fouls more and more.

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And in such a state as this it is, that the Lord hath sound us; he hath sought us out, and he hath sound us cast out into the open steld, and wallowing, as it were, in our own blood; and yet this hath been a time of love; and he hath manifested his love to us in this respect, in that he hath awakened us and brought us to a sense of our depraved and deplorable condition, and given unto a remnant to perceive, that there is a more excellent glory, a more excellent enjoyment to be had, than any this world can afford.

But a great many of those whose eyes are so far opened, that they can see and discern a more excellent glory, yet

that they can fee and differn a more excellent glory, yet they cannot receive it, for they are not in a capacity for the enjoyment of it; many have the glimmerings, and fome little fight of heavenly things, but they them elves are earthly: Many perceive there is a holy life, but it is not theirs, for their own life is unholy, and yet they know there is a life that is holy and pure. Hereupon defires are begotten, by the word of life in the fons and daughters of men, through the Lord Jesus Christ, the Mediator; by him desires are begotten in people that they might come to enjoy that life of holiness, that they might not only see a better state than what they do enjoy, but that they might come to enjoy it, and have it for theirs.

There is a universal defire in people that they might have eternal life, and they believe there is an eternal life to be enjoyed; but every one hath it not, and the reason is, because they are not fitted and prepared for the enjoyment of it; for it is a kind of treasure that is never put into an unclean vessel; there must be a cleanfing and purifying, that so earthen vessels may come to retain and hold this heavenly treasure; and when it comes to this, that people must be cleanfed and purified, here the world turns out to divers means and methods; fome have gone to outward washings, outward cleansings and observations of this and the other ordinance, and when all that hath been done, themselves being judges, they were yet unclean; when they have done all that lies in their power and ability, towards their washing and cleansing, and towards preparing themselves,

they have found fome fecret testimony in their own consciences that their hearts were still unclean, and that there was desilement still abiding and lodging in the secret of their souls; and this hath put a great many to a stand, what they should do; when they have come to the end of all, they know not what to do: Many have cried secretly, what shall we do to be saved? For all that we can do, cannot save us. We have retained this, and the other doctrine, sollowed this and the other way, and made many observations; but all this doth not cleanse our soul, nor purge our consciences from dead works, this will not bring us to the inheritance of that immortal life that will give us satisfaction. We hear many speak of satisfaction, and of joy unspeakable and su los glery; but here is a weight and burthen still lies upon our souls.

Therefore, my friends, that all fuch who are brought fo far, as to be under fuch a burthen and oppression, might be informed and come to understand, where the true rest is, and where that power can be found, that is able to answer those tender desires that are begotten in them; for this cause hath the Lord our God communicated and given the dispensation of the gospel of his son, unto a remnant whom he hath sanctified, that they might speak a word in scasson to the weary scul. This is not a day to make a mock of sin, this is not a day to make a covenant with death and hell, and to resolve to go on in a wicked life, and to continue

in it all their days.

But yet there are a fort of people that desire to have a word speke in season to them when they are weary. How many are there in our age and generation, that one may reckon of this number, that are sinners, and overcome by their lusts and corruptions, and by the temptation of satan and his instruments. But they are weary of it, it is a burthen to their souls, it costs them many a bitter tear, many a sigh, and many a fad and forrowful thought in secret, that they should have a sight of a more excellent glory, and of a better life than that of their own, and yet know not how to get into it.

My friends, that fame divine word of life, by which any of the people of the Lord, in any age, were ever reftored, redeemed

redeemed and purchased again to the Lord; that word of life must have been at work in their hearts, and hath been at work in them, or else thou hadst never been so far opened; there hath been fomething that hath unftopped thine ears, that thou mightest hear; and the reason of thy continuance in thy boals, after thy knowing something that might have freed thee, is, because thou hast not heartily closed with that which hath begun the work, which God, by his redeeming power, hath effected in the hearts of them that believe in Christ, and thereby an inclination is raised in people to feek after the Lord.

You know what the apostle faith, it is not of us so much as to think a good thought. But this all people will grant is a good thought, when a finner thinks of turning to God, and leaving his evil ways, if he had power and ability, and cries out, if I knew how to stand against temptation, I would cries out, if I knew how to stand against temptation, I would never sin against the Lord more; this must be a good thought in thy mind: How came it there? Who is the author of this thought, you will say? This ought to be attributed to the love of God in Christ, that he hath convinced and persuaded us; and that though there is sin and pollution, yet he hath not so forsaken us, as utterly to cast us off, he hath sent forth his quickening Spirit, that is, the Lord from Heaven, that he might stir up and quicken people to consider their condition, and bring them to a sense of their present state, that they may come into a better state than they are in at present.

at present.

If this may be granted, that the Spirit of God, and the grace of God, is the author of these desires, then it will be granted at the same time, that every one of you ought to be sensible, that such spiritual desires stirring you, are from the motion and operation of the Spirit of God that hath raised them in your souls; and then I hope you will grant, that if you had but joined with that Spirit, and with the assistance of that Spirit, all things would have been possible thereunto. So that here is the first thing that I would have every one satisfied about in their understandings, whether they are totally exempted from any such touches and operations of God or no; for it is said by some ignorantly, that a great part of mankind have never had any such divine workings of the Spirit

rit of God upon them, in order to their conversion; therefore it is not in vain for you to consider your state and condition; for if you, or I, or any here, be under such circumstances, that they never had, nor are ever like to have any such divine operations or touches of the spirit of life, in order to conversion, then I am sure you and I had better never have been born.

If you will consider with yourselves, and lay aside the disputes of doctors and learned men, you may know the things pertaining to yourselves. Things relating to others, I may let disputes alone about them; but as for things relating to my salvation, I must have a certain knowledge of them. It concerns you, my friends, to know within yourselves, by an infallible evidence of the Spirit of God, whether you have had such divine touches, workings and operations upon your hearts, as have inclined you to seek the Lord. I hope I may believe there are none here but have in their hearts an answer; I have had such touches and operations in me: This is great love from God; more than any tongue can set forth. You will be ready to say, I have not deserved this; I have not so behaved myself towards my Maker as to deserve that he should wait upon me, and call upon me. When wilt thou turn, and amend thy life, and hearken to him that made thee? When wilt theu leave serving God's enemy, and serve him that is thy rightful Lord?

So that now this is a great aggravation of our fin to continue in it, and yet to have a belief that God is still waiting upon us, and that he bath such a kindness for us, as now and then to touch our hearts by the inward operation of his spirit and grace, in order to conversion.

ration of his spirit and grace, in order to conversion.

Now when this is agreed, and men settle themselves in the belief of this, you know what the consequence will be. When I consider with myself, I that have been under these workings, have been rebellious, wicked and disobedient to God, yet the Lord is not so angry as utterly to cash me off, but is still waiting to be gracious, by the operation of his spirit, to gather me to himself, in order to fancisty me, and heal my backsliding, to cure my weak-

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ness and infirmities, and at the last to save me, and make me an heir of his eternal kingdom, what is the confequence of this love? Why, the next resolve must be this; I will either rebel against his grace, and resist his power, or I will submit to him; which of these is the best

way, the fafeft way? Are there not a great many in this age, that are as fensible of the workings of God's grace for their conversion, as ever you and I were; that are as sensible that God hath called them to holiness and righteousness, as any of us can be, and yet they have resisted the grace of God? They have said in their hearts, we will not submit to this power, that will rade us so hely and so mit to this power, that will make us fo holy, and fo watchful, and so careful, diligent and obedient, for this very reason, because it will cross my interest, it will cross my pleasure, it will hinder my preterment in the world, and my reputation among men; and for this reason I will not bear this yoke. I would be glad to hope there are none fuch here, that have made fuch a covenant with death and hell, and yielded themselves up to the devil, to serve

him all their days.

Let us, who are at this time, and at this meeting, under the operation of God's grace, and feel the Lord calling us by his grace, and working upon us by his fpirit; let us enter together into a holy, folemn resolution, that we will obey this good Spirit, and take him for our leader, and submit though is the state of mit, though it should be to a cross: Thus people will think, they will come to this resolution, when the work of redemption is begun in their souls, and when they are convinced of their fin, and their eyes are opened to fee the way of holiness; and though they never take a resolution to walk in it, yet every one shall be convinced, and see there was a better way than their own, and be convinced by the grace of God one time or other, that in respect of God's working of it, it is beginning; but in respect of men that should join with the operation of God, it is not beginning, for he hath no desire to those things which he doth not know, he still depends upon himself; but when the soul comes to be satisfied, that it is the visitation of God, and joins himself to him in a holy refignation of his own will, and faith, this is the Lord, he

is come to work upon me, he is come to change and alter the frame of my mind: It is the Lord, let him do what he will; here is a mind brought to submit to the grace of God, God is able to do that for him which he cannot do for himself.

When people come to the right object of their faith, and act their faith upon that object, they every day find a progress, a going forward in the work of grace, according to the work of grace in their souls; and there is a power that inclines them to believe; it is not for such to cry, if they had power, they would do more; he that hath the spirit of grace, the Spirit of Christ, that had all power in Heaven and Earth given to him, to put it forth on purpose for the bringing back of men and women home to God; he that hath this object of faith before him, he will not look for power in his own will and affections to redeem him, he expects a power to be daily ministered and dispensed to him, as he hath need of it, through the Lord Jesus Christ, who is present with him, in all his trials and temptations: He cries, here is a temptation that will carry me away, O Lord help me, put forth the arm of thy power and save me, plant thy fear in my heart and deliver me, their eyes shall see their Saviour, saith the prophet.

Thus when a man comes to be joined to the right object of faith, and doth exercise and put forth lively acts of faith upon Christ, his eyes shall see his Saviour; the light that shines into his heart, discovers to him the temptation, and it also shews him a Reedemer at hand; his Saviour is nigh him, and he trusteth in him, and relies upon him, and says, this word of God is in my heart, and I do really believe, that although the temptation that assaults me be strong, yet it shall not prevail; whether it be the profits, the pleasures, or the honours of the world. If I put my trust in this power, I cannot go near the evil; I am a Christian; I have entered into a covenant in Christianity, that I will join with nothing but what God approves of: Now when I have represented to my mind the temptation of the devil, and that evil which he sets before me, and I know it is contrary to the mind of God, how can I go into that evil, and break my covenant with

God, after I have entered into covenant with him, to love him, ferve him, and obey him? The power of grace up-on such souls, the operation of grace, is so powerful, that the temptation comes and goes, and they are saved and delivered out of it, because God helpeth them; but if they comply with the temptation, then tribulation, wrath and anguish, pursues all such as are rebellious and disobedient to the will of God.

Now this redemption is carried on gradually from day to day; the truth that thou believest, it operates by degrees; thou art delivered, first from one evil practice, and then from another evil work: But there is a great deal more; thou rejoicest and art glad, that thou art delivered from one fin; but thou wouldest be more glad to be delivered from them all. I speak to those that are serious for their immortal souls; when they see themfelves delivered out of one evil, that they were ready to run into, they would be glad if they were redeemed out of every evil; that their crossne's and peevishness, their frowardness and wantonness were removed: They should

be glad to be delivered from all their fins.

What do you think, fay fome, that a man, while he liveth here, may come to fee all fin, all evil and corruption brought under, and nothing but holinefs, righteoutnefs and truth remain in him; and that there shall be nothing but simplicity and innocence? Do you think that

fuch a thing can be?

Why should not I think so? You will grant me, that the power of grace is able to get such power and victory over sin and corruption, that you may come to hate it as much as ever you have loved it; if you grant me that, the consequence will follow, he that gave me victory over sin, can give me power over all sin. All Christians believe, that God's power is infinite; the scripture testifies, If all things to be possible to God, with whom we have to do. If all things be possible to God, fure this is possible; there is nothing so contrary to God as sin; and God will not suffer the devil always to rule his master-piece, man. Mankind is God's master-piece, the most eminent creature in this lower world, made after God's likeness; and though the devil hath brought men into his own likeness now, yet nothing can be more contrary to the mind of God, than that the devil should have the rule of us, for God would

have the government of us himself.

When we confider the infiniteness of God's power, for destroying that which is contrary to him, who can believe that the devil must ever stand and prevail? I belive it is inconfistent and disagreeable with the true faith, for people to be Christians, and yet to believe that Christ, the eternal Son of God, to whom all power in Heaven and Earth is given, will fuffer fin and the devil to have dominion over them; there is no other name under Heaven by which I can be faved, therefore I have put my confidence in him: If the devil must have the rule of me here, then I cannot be subject to Christ in all things; I may go to meetings, but can never mafter the devil and his temptations; this is as inconfiftent with the faith of a Christian, as light with darkness, and Christ with Belial. If Christians think themselves true believers, then let them fee how far their faith will reach, whether it be like that faith, which was once delivered to the faints, for by that faith their hearts were cleanfed, and they became free from fin, Rom. vi. 22. But now being made free from fin, and the servants of God, faith the apostle, you have your fruit unto holiness, and the end everlasting life; you were fervants to fin, but now you are free from fin; fo that this faith is but one, and if men have got another, it will do them no good: Take heed thou art not mistaken about thy faith.

I have heard fome learned men fay, that a believer is a fervant of fin, and he is ever like to be so; but he is not at the same time free from righteousness, for he hath the righteousness of Christ imputed to him, and God looks upon him as righteous in his righteousness; there cannot be a more anti-apostolical doctrine, I may be a servant of fin, and yet have the imputation of Christ's righteousness; I may be a fervant of fin, fay they, yet Christ is righteous, he is the righteousness of God, and he hath fulfilled the will of God, and hath purchased salvation for me, and he is the object by which I am made righteous.

Confider this, the imputation of Christ's righteousness

will never do me good, till I come to partake of his righteousness, till his righteousness be made my righteousness, in
me and for me. Christ is made to us of God, wisdom,
righteousness, sanctification and redemption; so that if a sinner, one that was a sinner the other day, come, through faith
in Christ, to have his heart cleansed and purged, and true righteousness planted in him, where sin was planted, there
sin, through the blood of Christ, is cleansed and purged
away.

So that Christ is made righteousness to me, and not his righteousness barely imputed and reckoned to me; Christ is my wisdom, I am a fool without him; Christ is made righteousness to me; for my good deeds and holy living cannot be acceptable to God till they be done in him, and commended to God by him; the proper work of faith is, to fix the soul on him that worketh all things in us and for us, that worketh in us both to will and to do, according to his good pleasure; and it is the good pleasure of God

that we should live in all righteousness.

They that come to receive this faith at first, have to receive it from an inward feeling; they have the operation of the word of God in them; so the apostle reckons faith, not because such a man heareth, and such a man believeth what such a man preacheth, but faith is the operation of God; you may hear me, and a thousand preach, and you may die unbelievers for all that, except you come to this, to know the operation of God, and the work of faith in you. How doth my heart close with this? How doth my foul join with this? What virtue and power do I feel in myself? it may be others that preach, feel the power, but do I feel it? if not, I come but to a noise and sound: If people feel not their hearts joining with the word preached, there comes no advantage to them; you read in scripture, that the word preached did not profit, because it was not mixed with faith in them that heard it: This is your case, you come to meeting, and you love to hear the doctrine of truth preached; I tell you, and I will speak plainly to you, unless you come to feel the operation of the word of truth in your hearts, you may hear the gospel, and the word of life preached to you, but it will not profit you much.

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How is it possible for a man to have a testimony against drunkenness, and yet be drunk? a testimony against un-cleanness, and yet be unclean? How can a man hear such a testimony and believe it, and yet commit the sin? He heard it, but did not feel the virtue of it within himself, and so he did not mortify the fin that he was inclinable to; but they that come to join with truth, and with meekness receive the ingrafted word, they find the power and ability of it, they find how able it is to fave their fouls, they find how it worketh, not only just when they hear it, but it goes along with them, and dwells with them, and they find the virtue of it overshadowing their fouls, with the dread and terror of the Lord, not with the words that a man speaks; I do not trust to them, but here is the power and the fear of the Lord, which will preferve my foul, and keep me in fafety; this is that which will keep my mind fixed upon him, and keep my mind inward, that I do not gaze about me; to that every one may have an infallible testimony of what they have heard and known.

I have known the doctrine of several sects that have been among us, and the main thing that many have gone from one people to another about, is this, that they might know what fuch a man holds forth more than fuch a one, and they think the truth is more perspicuous among such a people than other people; if you examine the matter, it is this, who preached and proved his doctrine best. Alas! if they did all concur together, and did preach as certain and infallible doctrine as ever Christ and his apostles preached, this will all do thee and me no good, unless we know the power. You know there were thousands that heard Christ preach, as you now hear me, and there were fome fo taken with him, that they went away, and faid, never man spake like this man. But were they all Christians? Did they partake of life by

him? No, some of them were ready to stone him.

Now bring this home and consider with yourselves, whether you are not some of you in the same state; when you hear truth preached, there is an assent and agreement with it in your minds; but when a command comes to be obeyed, and a cross to be taken up, and self-denial to be shewn, or some encrease of trade lies in the way, let truth go where it will, you must follow your interest; there wants somewhat to six you in the principle of truth, which is able to sanctify you and perfect you, that you may be reconciled to God through Christ.

They that are refigned and given up to truth, it is possible for them that they may be satisfied; they have an infallible testimony of the spirit of truth witnessing with their spirits, that such a thing is bad, and if they might get the whole world to do it, they will not. What is profit and pleasure to me? My pleasure is at God's right hand, and my profit is to get grace, and to have an abundant entrance into God's everlasting kingdom. Those that have the true knowledge of Christ, they have profit and advantage, pleasure and delight enough, which is hid from the world, and ever will be. They are for profit and pleasure, which they may have with a good conscience. Those things which God affords them as blessings in this world, they despise them not, but take them with thanksgiving, and use them for his glory: But if they cannot have profit or pleasure without sinning against the Lord and their own consciences, let those who will, take profit and pleafure.

They that come thus to close with truth, they have an infallible evidence within them; they do not conceive it is thus and thus, because such a man faith it is so; but they have an infallible evidence in themselves. This is the mind of the Lord; God hath signified it by his Spirit, and sealed it upon my spirit, and I cannot but

know it.

What, do you profess infallibility? Yes, else I would hold my tongue; if I did not know what I affert infallibly, I would never preach more; truth may be many times concealed. A man may have wronged and cheated his neighbour, and he not know of it; this man goes away, and his neighbour doth not reproach him; but when he comes to lie down in his bed, he hath a sting and a reproach in his conscience, I know I have done him harm. Is not this infallible? Let me consult some learned men, that I may know whether I have told a lie. I need not go to learned men and logicians, to know whether it was a lie; I am infallible in this, I know certainly it was not

a lie; I have a certain evidence, and if a thousand men tell me to the contrary, I will not believe them. If there be infallibility here, is there not then infallibility in the word of truth? Shall I question it, or doubt it, if I

have an infallible testimony of it?

Tho' men have ever so little proficiency, if they have it upon sure terms, and lasting soundations, let a thousand men come with all their logical skill and sophism, yet they can never remove a man from the witness in himself. The remnant that God hath brought to this foundation, they have a certainty and infallibility in their obedience, that they pay to the will of God, and in the comfort they have to the obedience of the law of God, which he hath written in their hearts. Let what will come, they can never be removed; for this exceeds all the precepts and doctrines of men; it is the precept and doctrine of Christ and his apostles. Let people read them, and endeavour to practise them: But here comes the testimony, the divine power by which the precept was given forth to them, and is now given forth again to thee and me, with the same liveliness and power. Let us perform them as did the primitive Christians.

Here now, comfort comes to flow forth from a settled foundation that shall never be moved. The winds have come and blown upon religion; let what wind will blow, that can blow, God hath built his church upon a rock, and it will remain unmoveable against all opposition; bleffed are they that are founded thereupon. Hath God fixed and established us in our society with one another, and with our Lord Jesus Christ? this is the soundation that God hath placed it upon. We defire that all men may come to the same stability and settlement, and never more to be tossed with the winds of doctrine, but be built upon Christ Jesus, the Rock of Ages, the rock of our ages, the rock of us and our children. That God will carry us on in this society, is the desire of our souls, for ourselves, and all our friends and countrymen. The way for you to be blessed, and to have an advantage for your immortal souls, by the testimony that hath been raised up, is, to have regard to the working of the fame power, that

you may come to partake of the benefit of those gifts and graces which God hath bestowed upon his church.

His Prayer after Sermon.

Now wonderful art thou in thy appearances to thy people in the day of thy power, in which thou hast stretched forth thine arm, and hast gathered a remnant of those that were scattered, and art yet gathering and bringing to thyself, those that have been driven away; and thou hast made known thy power and goodness in the hearts of the sons and daughters of men, that they might love thee. That thou mightest beget love to thyself, thou hast made known thy love to their hearts; if thou hadst not loved us first, we had never loved thee: But thou hast been shedding abroad thy love in our hearts by the Holy Ghost, to constrain us to love thee. Thy love is manifested to all that are breathing after thee, and none do breathe after thee, but through the life that thou givest them; and those that were dead in sins and trespasses, hast thou quickened, and we would send forth thy praises and thanks givings for the great things thou hast done for us in Jesus Christ. All thy works praise thee, and thy saints bless thee.

Holy Father of Life! encrease and multiply those graces and holy desires which thou hast begun to work in us, and pluck up every plant that thy right hand hath not planted. Let spiritual Sodom be burnt up, and all that are corrupt; let those things that thou hast planted spring up to the praise of thy name, and the salvation of the souls which thou hast ga-

thered.

O powerful God of Life! let thy bleffed presence and living fear be among us, that all thy children may offer praises, and the sacrifices of humble thanks givings upon thy holy altar.

Arise, O Lord! more and more in the greatness of thy power, and dispel the clouds of darkness that hath been upon the sons and daughters of men, and raise up in every one of us more and more holy desires and breathings after that life that is eternal. Those that have been scattered, let them be now gathered, and let those that have been driven away in a cloudy

and dark night, be brought to a glorious and bleffed day, wherein they may enjoy the gospel that brings light to dark fouls, that praises and thanksgivings may be offered up in thy house for thy holy presence with us, that we may be fed there, when we are assembled together in thy name, according to thy promise. Continue to be in the midst of us, that living praises and thanksgivings may be offered up to thee, through Jesus Christ; for thou alone art worthy, who art God over all, blessed for evermore. Amen.

SERMON XX.

The Word of God, a Christian's Life.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, March 14, 1687.

T was the doctrine of the great master of the Christian religion, the Lord Jesus Christ while he preaching and publishing, and making known the way of falvation among the fons and daughters of men; he then preached and declared, that it was not bread only by which a man lived, but by every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of God. Now the way and means of man's prefervation in life, in a living state, the method and course that the God of Heaven doth open to keep the fons and daughters of men alive, is by this word: Every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of God, hath a ministration of life in it; and, therefore, all that are defirous of the enjoyment of the immortal life, and of the preserving and encreasing of it, they are diligently to wait to be made partakers of this divine ministration. Outward bread is for outward pre-fervation, but man is made inward as well as outward, he hath a foul as well as a body. Now Christ, to signify to us, what the inward man is nourished and fed by, tells us, that man liveth not by bread alone, but by every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of God.

So now in this our day, as well as in former days, it hath pleafed God to give unto a remnant an experimental knowledge of the truth of this; that they have been

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quickened and made alive by the word of God; that is, they have heard, and felt, and tasted of the word of life that was with the Father before the world began, that hath been divinely ministred to them, by the mercy of God, through Jesus Christ; many that were dead in trespasses and sins, he hath said unto them, live. He hath given unto many an inward sense of their state, who sometimes had it not; he hath brought many a one to feel sin to be a burthen and an oppressing load, who sometimes before have taken pleasure and delight in it. This is a great change that is wrought in a man's mind, that he should come to be laden with that, burthened and oppressed by that, which was before his pleasure and delight; yet this great change hath been wrought in many a soul, by the operation of the word of God, of that inward word, that inward voice, when the Lord hath taken men in hand himself.

There are many have taken finners in hand, and have gone about to convince them and convert them, but they were not able to do it; but when the Lord hath taken men in hand himfelf, when his Creator hath undertaken to deal with him himfelf, then the man cries out, I am a worm, and no man; then he cries out under the fense of the judgment of God, then he cries out under the indignation of the Lord, which he hath kindled by his fins, he cries out for mercy, then he prays for remission, then he wishes that he had never provoked the Lord; for the word that goes out of the mouth of God, hath a mighty force and power upon the spirit of a man, so that he is converted and changed by it; as the prophet said of old, the word of God is pure, converting the soul.

phet said of old, the word of God is pure, converting the soul.

Now where any come to an experimental knowledge of the word of the Lord, of this inward voice, whereby God speaks to the sons and daughters of men, they have received thereby an infallible feeling of their own state and condition; this is the first lesson learned by it. They come to have a certain, infallible knowledge of their own state, and they are sure that they cannot be deceived; for it brings an evidence with it in their consciences, so that what over this word of life signifieth to a man, he hath the knowledge of the same thing evidencing it in his own conscience, as the apos-

tle faith, if our hearts condemn us, God is greater than our hearts, and knoweth all things. Now here is a way found out for men to obtain divine knowledge by a divine means; for the Lord speaks by his Spirit, and if men come to hearken to that voice, unto that speaking, they perceive readily what it faith unto them: The Lord tells people as well now as in former ages, what he hath against them; and this every one in the closet of their own hearts, come to understand. We read in the book of Revelations, what our Lord Jesus Christ appointed John to write to the seven churches in Asia, that he had few things against some, and many things against others.

Now that which is the defign of our meeting when we are affembled together, is, that we may know what the mind and judgment of God is, concerning ourselves: How shall we know that, unless we ask him, and come to wait upon him, and enquire at the oracle of counsel, that God hath appointed in the bosom of every man? For he signifies his mind unto the children of men, by that light and grace which Jesus Christ hath planted in them, he hath enlightened every man that comes into the world, with an undeceiving light, and he hath ministered of his truth and grace to every man; though the man be bad and untrue, and in the dark, and there be darkness in him, yet the light shineth in darkness. The man may be a false man, yet there is true knowledge in him; if this man hearken to the voice of truth, when the God of truth signifies what his mind and judgment is concerning him, and his present state.

So that there is an opportunity offered, and if a man believe the word of truth, which is administered to his own mind, he cannot say such a man hath deceived him, for it is truth itself which is signified to him which he believeth: For the truth is the object of his saith, and he believeth it of himself; he believeth that while he remains wicked in his unrenewed state, he is out of the covenant of God, and in the high road to destruction, if he doth not get out of it, and return to God, and mind his duty: He believeth this, and he believeth the truth: It hath been so with many, it hath been so with us all; this is the first kind of saith and belief that ever we receive; for when truth signifieth to us

our fallen state, our alienated state, when truth signifies and discovers to us the partition wall of sin and iniquity which we have builded up, whereby the glory and favour of God was hid from the soul, we believed this to be true; we would have been looked upon as heirs of God's kingdom, yet when we are come to hearken to truth, we find that we are children of the devil and do his works; shall a man believe this after he hath been forty years a prosessor of Christianity? If a man believe truth, there is no danger in believing it, tho' it be his own destruction that is threatened.

Now the great thing that I would have ushered into the hearts of men, is, that they may believe the truth for truth's sake. If men will believe the truth, they must believe many things against themselves, which they are not willing to believe; but saith Christ, no man can be my scholar, my disciple, but by denying himself.

I must deny myself, my pretensions to Christianity, my supposed saintship and title to the kingdom of God; now if I would be convinced that I am a wicked man, a prophane man, one that doth not live as becomes the gofpel, I must believe truth, the voice of truth being of infallible certainty; it is fignified divinely, by the immortal word that cannot deceive us; this ought to be the reason why people should believe the testimony of it, tho' it be against themselves; they that do so, presently come to find the effects of it, for they were in their sins and trespasses before, and so are still; they were before in a kind of liberty, in a kind of ease and indulgence of themselves, and still their fin remains in them, and they remain in it; but they are now under a fense of forrow, under a weight, under a burthen, under an oppression, which fignifies they are alive, and quickened; for (if you take an outward comparison) they remain not senseless and dead; now lay what load you will upon a dead man, he will neither groan, nor grumble at it; but if he comes again to life, he cries take off the burthen, the weight and oppression, that lies heavy upon me.

This is the difference between being dead in fins and tref-

This is the difference between being dead in fins and trefpasses, and being brought to life and sense again; this word of life that comes from the mouth of God, begets a sense in every one that receiveth it; it is of great service and use

to all people to be acquainted with it, that defire to be heirs of life eternal, that defire to be inheritors of the kingdom of God: But how should they come by it? They think by this and the other duty, and temporary performance, to obtain it; no, but if they will have life, they must have it from the God of life that created them, he must create them again to good works: They can have it but by one way, all must be brought to it that way; it cannot be by hearing a man preach; unless the spirit doth co-operate with the word of God, there is no possibility of being quickened, and necessity binds me to hearken and have regard to that one means: Now I fay to you, faith Christ, speaking of people's way of living to eternity, man liveth not by bread alone, but by every word that proceedeth cut of the mouth of God; now when we come to understand this text, as spoken by our Lord Jesus Christ, we did conclude there was a possibility of understanding and hearing that inward voice and word of truth in our own hearts, that God did speak to us by his Son, Jesus Christ, who enlightened us. Hereupon meetings were appointed at first, that the word should minister life in them, and life to them that attend them; and to this day our meetings are appointed for this purpose, that we may have the ministration of life and virtue, from Christ, the fountain of life and virtue, by whom we were to be quickened and strengthened, and by whom those that are dead in sins and trespesses were quickened.

Therefore I would have every one always to have a reverence to the word of life, that speaks in themselves; for, if we speak as we are moved by the Spirit of God, and utter those things by verbal testimony, which God hath made known to us; if you have not an oracle in your bosoms, if you do not at the same time perceive an echo of truth in your own souls, this will do you no good, but be an empty sound which will pass away again; but the mind that is serious and settled, in waiting upon God with an earnest desire, that it may receive benefit in going to this and the other meeting; such a one will say, I pray God bless this opportunity to me, that so I may receive benefit to my soul. Where people meet in this manner, they have not only an administration of doctrine from without, from this and the

other

other instrument, but they have a ministration of the word

of God in themselves, by which a man liveth.

Let us not be led and hurried away with the grand error of the times, the great error of this age, and of the ages bypast, that there is no possibility for people to understand and hear this voice of God, this inward voice. There are, say they, no immediate teachings now-a-days, no inspirations now-a-days; they might as well say, that there are no conversions now-a-days. I will prove it from the holy scriptures, that there is no man in this age, is like to be converted to God, or redeemed from his iniquity, and brought to the knowledge of his Maker, unless he have it by the inward working of the eternal God: Not by man's preaching and instruction, nor by reading all the good sermons that ever were preached, without the co-operation of the holy sanctifying Spirit, which begets life in them that believe; and if these men say none can be converted, then we must all go headlong to hell, even they and all.

These Quakers may say what they will, there is no immediate teaching now-a-days, no man can know the mind of God, nor understand the scriptures; none can open them

o you.

But, bleffed be God, this darkness is removed; this veil is gone over and taken away; the brightness of the glory of the gospel hath expelled this darkness, and thousands now-a-days do not only hear the minister reprove them, but they hear a voice within that doth reprove them for iniquity; and they find and feel a judgment and tribunal within themselves, and that God hath an immediate way of counselling and instructing them if they will hearken to him.

You that are under any fense of this, that are come to such an inward sense of the operation of the word of God, if you have heard it reprove you, exhort you, judge you and condemn you, consider that this word proceeded out of the mouth of God, and not out of the mouth of any man. You hear the sentence of God upon you in your own consciences: Whence comes it? This is out of the mouth of God. Every word that comes out of the mouth of God, administers life, sense and conviction; and you feel it and receive it, and

you may have a more familiar acquaintance with it. There is not a day or hour that passes over your heads nor mine, but if we attend to this inward voice, we may know what it speaks to us, by its counsels, doctrines, reproofs, convictions and illuminations; for the Spirit speaketh expressly, with an express signification, unto the spirit of man; and if he be under a temptation to tell a lie, and he comes to a little pause or question, whether he shall tell it or no; if he hearken to this inward word he will not pause long about it, but such a sentence will arise in him, as that in Joseph, how can I do this great wickedness, and sin against God? How can I speak a lie, tell a lie, when in so doing I sin against God? Here is a sentence of truth, wilt thou receive it or no? No sayest thou, I will venture to tell a lie; then shalt thou come into the rank of them that do despite to the Spirit of grace, and trample under foot the Son of God, and count the blood of the covenant an unholy thing. What sentence such shall have at the latter end, you may read at large in the holy scriptures.

Now there is a great necessity that every one be persuaded to hearken to this voice, not only at a meeting, but on all occasions they have in the world. I hope I speak to many serious and religious persons that are enquiring about their immortal souls, what may be best for their souls, whether it is better to go on in wickedness, or leave off; and that resolve and say, I would be glad to leave my fins as well as you, if I had power, and to live a holy life. As for the want of power, (that you have not power) I do not wonder at it; for until you come to an exercise of faith, in that which hath empowered the people of God, in all ages, I wonder not that you have not power. You say I am so weak, that I am overcome before I am aware; the devil is so subtile and cunning with his temptations, that I am surprized and snatched into temptations, and overcome with evil before I am aware: He is like a roaring lion, going about continually, seeking whom he may devour. But whom can he devour? Can he devour those that hearken and submit to the word of God? If he could, then none could escape him; if the devil could pluck out of God's hands, then nobody would go to Heaven, nor never shall, if he have power.

Where the devil finds any in their own hands, as suppose a religious person of this and the other religion, who never experienced any thing of this power of God, but trusteth to his duties and persormances, this man is in his own hand; now such a one the tempter hath power over: He can make him cheat his neighbour, and lead him into drunkenness and uncleanness sometimes, and into the greatest abominations; but if a man come into the exercise of faith and dependence upon God, and hath lest trusting in himself and saith, I see I cannot preserve myself from sin, I see a necessity of putting my trust in the Lord, and of waiting upon God's power to keep me: If the tempter come to such a one, he cannot prevail, all the devils in hell cannot stir him one jot; the devil may tempt him, but he stands in the power of faith; he knows his name, and saith, get thee behind me satan; when the devil comes before him, and lays a temptation before him, he casts it behind him; if the devil rise up against him, he can chain him down, he can say in the name of the Lord, get thee behind me satan.

This is the reason why many are tempted, and not over-taken; why many are tempted to sin and not overcome: How comes it to pass that we do not do every thing that we

are tempted to?

There is fomething that keeps us; the devil is not fo bad to tempt, but we are as bad in our own inclinations to yield to him; the heart is deceitful above all things, and desperately wicked; who can know it? There is more wickedness in it, than can be uttered. If people be tempted and not overcome, something must preserve them; if there be something that preserves a man from any evil, it can preserve him from all evil.

The reason why some people are led into temptation sometimes, and resist it, is because sometimes the temptation suits not their inclination; sometimes the reputation lies in the way, sometimes one thing, sometimes another: But when a thing they are tempted to, suits their profit and pleasure, then away with the sear of God, and nothing shall hinder them; I will have my pleasure.

But they that understand the keeper of Israel, and come to know his power lying in their hearts, these always bring their

deeds

deeds and temper before him, and they come to him for a verdict and judgment, and they ask, doth this tend to the honour or dishonour of God? Is it good or evil? The oracle of God in thy heart says do it not, it is evil, thou wilt kindle the indignation of the Lord against thee; what will it prosit thee to gain the whole world and lose thy own scul? or what wilt thou give in exchange for thy soul? Here is one at hand that can give counsel to all of us, at all times; this is he that we must advance; our labour and work upon the stage of this world, among the sons and daughters of men, is to advance the virtue and great authority of the mighty Counsellor, Christ Jesus; we do say and affirm, in the name of God, that the same light by which God hath brought us out of darkness into his marvel ous light, and from the power of the devil into the king on of his dear Son; the same power is extended to you, that you may be sanchified and saved from your sins.

One fect will fay, my tenets are so and so, and our ordinances are so and so, will you come over to us? You shall

be a member of our church.

Our duty is to come over to the grace of God that shines in our hearts; now we are witnesses for God, that he doth not desire the death of them that die, but rather that they would turn and live; for his word is gone forth, and his light shines, and his glory is riten upon the nations, that they that inhabit the earth may fear him. Fear God, and give glory to his name, for the hour of his judgment is come: Do you know that to be true? That you may not be deluded, you shall certainly know that the hour of God's judgment is come.

Thus when any one suffers him elf to be led away with the evil one, when he feels after that a remorie upon his own heart, he finds a secret judgment and tribunal set up in his own bosom, against whoredom, lying, drunkenness, fraud and other sins, he knows he hath done amiss; he is not going to a confessor, that will take off and remove the guilt from his conscience; he hath offended the majesty of the great God, and God hath signified it to him, is not judgment come, and hath not God set it up in his own heart? If through custom in sin thou losest the sense of his judgment, it is not because God hath determined to take advantage against thee,

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but because thou actest against thyself, and comest to be passe feeling; thou wast once under a sense of these things, and thou wast not past feeling; if thou at any time told thy parents a lie, thou hadst remorse; but now thou canst tell a lie, and not feel it, thou art past feeling; whose fault is this? The Lord would have brought thee to love the truth, but thou choosest lying; if thou perish, thy blood will be upon thine own head, the Lord is clear from it.

They that receive the word of God have life. Forman liveth not by bread alone, but by every word that proman liveth not by bread alone, but by every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of God. You are fensible of God's speaking this word to you: I exhort you all in the love of God, that you would prize this manner of speaking, and look upon it as the greatest mercy that ever you enjoyed, that God hath not given over speaking to you, and that conscience hath not given over speaking to you, and that the Spirit of the Lord doth yet strive with you; he will not always strive; you may be of that sort of sools before you die, that make a mock of sin, and be as trees twice dead, and plucked up by the roots. You that are sensible of this inward voice, prize it above all your mercies: health and wealth. and all other mercies, are not mercies; health and wealth, and all other mercies, are not worthy to be compared to this voice of God speaking in you: They that prize this, will never complain for want of power; they will find power in it; all the power in Heaven and Earth is contained in this truth that shines unto you. They that come to be exercised in this word, receive power from God, for God gives it to them; he gives them power by degrees (from being sons of Belial, sons of the devil) to become fons of God, even to as many as believe in his name. They that receive this truth, grow tender of a lie, of a vain word; they find themselves grow tender, feeling and sensible. Here is a token that the God of life is quickening them; I am now tender of speaking a lie to my neighbour; I will not do that thing to another, that I would not have another do to me; when you come to a tender state, which is far better than a hard-hearted state, you will have an evidence in yourselves, that man liveth not by bread alone, but by every word that proceeds out of the mouth of God.

Bleffed are they that God hath brought into acquaintance with his word; of all nations and people upon the earth, they are a bleffed people; though there are manifold bleffings that reach indifferently to all, the fun shines, and the rain falls on the evil and the good, and on the just and unjust; yet this is a bleffing that can only make the soul happy, that an intercourse between it and its Maker is open; that there is an open intercourse for the Lord to hear a man cry, and he to receive his word; all those that God hath brought into covenant with himself by Christ, he hath made sensible of this intercourse and way of God's speaking to his people, which he spake to them by in former days: Take heed that this way is not stopt up; you know by what it was opened, and what will stop it up again; when you were in much trouble and grief, you cried to the Lord, and he delivered you: But if I regard iniquity in my heart, said David, the Lord will not hear me: You cried to the Lord again, it may be, and he did not answer you; and the Lord cried to you and you answered him not, but hearkened to your suffs.

Yet the Lord by his long-suffering and patience hath won upon a remnant, and hath brought them over to believe and trust in his power, to remove out of the way that which hindered the intercourse between God and their souls. What a great stir was there in removing out of the way the pride, corruption, enmity, looseness, wantonness, and abundance more of evil things, that made the soul like a wilderness? What hacking and burning up was there? God's word, like a hammer, and like a fire, did break up and burn up these things; and the same word of God, like a sword, did cut down those sins and lusts which prevailed over you before: By this means God hath opened a way for you, to have access to him, and for his word to have access to you: When you come to the Lord in this way, you know you live by this word, and if you hear the word of the Lord spoken immediately to you, your joy and consolation encreaseth, and you have sweet communion and fellowship with God and Christ, and with one another, by this covenant of life. How came you

into it? It was by removing a great deal of rubbish out of the way. If you should let this rubbish grow up again, which kept you from the joy of the Holy Ghost, will it not do it again? If your pride, corruption, enmity, prejudice, looseness and wantonness, if these be suffered to grow up in any of you, they will do as they did before, they will separate you from the Lord and from one another: As the truth brought you to God and this heavenly fellowship with him, so if a wrathful mind and wanton spirit get up again, it will separate you from God, and scatter you from one another, then you will live in the outward life, and die to the inward one and perish: Remember you were told so. member you were told so.

Every one that goes from this living word, and fuffers any thing to arise of the old nature, so much as that riseth, so much will your way of intercourse with God be stopt; sometimes men cry to God, but they have a bar in their way; and they come for comfort to the throne of grace, but they cannot receive those ministrations of joy and peace, which they defire; their foolish hearts are dar-kened, and their minds blinded, and they will go on in darkness, and be left out of the holy covenant which God

hath called his people to.

You that God hath engaged to be his, by the operation of his power, O live in a holy fear and watchfulness; and know this, that let your understandings and gifts be what they will, you have nothing but what is given you; and what God hath given you, he can take away. Thou hast decked thyself with my flax, and my wool, and south the way slave and sold and other operators. with my silver and gold, and other ornaments, and followed thy lovers, therefore will I take them away from thee, and firip thee of all thou gloriest in. Those that forget God, of whom they had these things, that forget their brokenness of heart, and the subjection of their spirits to God; if they forget this, let them know, that let their parts be what they will, they will certainly wither, and their in-ward life will fail: You that have regard to your own fouls, and do desire heartily, at this time, to be quick-ened, and find that the Lord hath removed your dead-ness, and quickened and raised you to such a degree and

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measure of life, that you can say, I find communion with God, and sellowship with my friends and brethren in that one eternal life, I pray God you may continue in it long, and lay down your heads in this blessed, heavenly life. Now that you may so do, keep yourselves low and humble, and in the sear of God, and keep your ears always open to his word, and live as becomes those that are born again and begotten of God, and are brought to partake of the divine life. Let temptations surround you, that life will preserve you; he that never sinned is with you, to keep you from sin; and he that never deceived any, will keep you from being deceived. To his counsel and conduct, and to his divine care and protection, I now commit you.

SERMON XXI.

The Necessity of a Holy Life and Conversation.

Preached at St. MARTIN'S-LE-GRAND, March 26, 1687.

How happy are they that have bread in their own houses! and that can draw water out of their own wells! These have a blessed, glorious dwelling-place; these are the children that their father provides for: All the divine treasures and the riches of heavenly things are laid up for these; O that all that have a sight of this blessed state, were got into it! that their minds might not more wander; that people might not be scattered in their thoughts, that when they meet together, they might have their expectations entirely from that God whom they profess to worship. Lord, then hast faid that then wilt teach thy people thyself; here a cry goes up to the Lord, and their expectations through faith pitched upon God; they never meet in vain, but a well springs up, and the water of life comes to them, by which they meet with divine

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refreshments; for you know the promise that our Lord made to his disciples, he that drinketh of the water that I shall give him, shall never thirst more. Why, will once drinking serve, because I have tasted of the living water that the Lord Christ gives me; will that serve? No, but he giveth me a substantial river, that is the reason why I shall thirst no more; it shall be in me a well of living water, springing up to everlasting life; blessed are the witnesses of it; these are they that are satisfied concerning religion and doctrine; they are satisfied concerning worth. ship; they are looking after no new things; when they meet together, they meet in the name of the Lord, and they have their eyes to him, who is a fountain, and they difcern a brightness and a glory that is unspeakable; and the glory that is speakable, that appears many times thro' instruments, will not satisfy them; there is something beyond that, which must fatisfy; this will never do it; fuch as these will never be satisfied with hearing and seeing, till they come to hear and fee that which is unutterable, and then they are fatisfied: Christ had preached many fermons in the hearing of his disciples, and there were a great many faid, that there was never any spake like him, or preached like him; yet one of them that was the nearest to him, and most acquainted and intimate with him, after

fome years meeting and hearing of his fermons, he cries out, shew us the Father, and it sufficeth us.

My friends, this comes near to many of your states; many of you have heard long, and have heard the speakable word of God, that which could be uttered, that which could be spoken forth, by the demonstration of the Holy Ghost, by them that have received it of the Father; this Gholf, by them that have received it of the Father; this you have heard long, and yet there are many of you, that if you come to a ferious fearch, you will find a want; you will fill find that you have not that fatisfaction that puts you beyond doubt, beyond fear; there is fomething that stands in the way, that hinders your enjoyment of the unspeakable glory of the unspeakable word, and this will never be removed, but by your innocent submitting to the work of the power of God in your own hearts, that so you may not only be believers, but come to be really baptized, and then all is out of doubt; for our Lord faid, he that believeth, and is baptized, shall be saved; he doth not say he may be saved; but, he shall be

Woful experience hath told us in our days, that a great many have believed the truth, and yet they are never like to be faved, they have made shipwreck of their faith; but if they had been baptized, if they would have endured the baptifm, if they would have been buried with Christ in baptism, they should have been faved, every one of them; and now there are a great many that remain in the belief of the truth, and yet they are not baptized, they are not dead, not buried, notwithstanding they have received like precious faith with us, that faith which is of the operation of God, and that is like precious in its nature to all that do receive it, and would work the same effect in all too, if it were not obstructed; but notwithstanding they have received faith towards the saving of their souls, yet their fouls are captives, their fouls are fubject to lufts, and pleafures, and vanities, and unto empty and foolish things, and to passions and corruptions, after they have received

For if you take one that is a believer of truth, that is overtaken with his luft, and passions, and corruptions, he will commonly own that he believeth the contrary, he believeth that there things should not be, that it ought to be otherwise: This is the signification of truth against untruth; if it should be otherwise, why is it thus then? Why, he finds a life to fpring up in that which is corruptible, that is always contrary to the life of God, and at enmity with it: What shall I do? I believe the truth, I know it is an holy thing, it leads all that submit to it to a holy life, and there is this and that unholy thing, this and that corrupt thing remains, what shall I do?

It is an evident demonstration that thou wantest the baptism of him in whom thou believest; thou hast believed in Christ Jesus that cometh after John, and was before him; and now having believed in him, thou wantest to be baptized by him, and for want of that, the pollution and corruption that was in thy nature in the time of thy

alienation,

alienation, prevails still upon thee, contrary to thy faith; and there is no coming to obtain this baptism, but by sinking down into that which will slay thee, that which will kill thee: But there is such a shifting to save ones life, there are so many twistings and twinings of people to save their lives, that at last they lose them; but there are none that could ever find that life that is eternal, but those that are willing to be given up to the dead, and submit to this baptism, that is, by the Holy Ghost and by fire: These only do come to life, they come to the resurrection, for you never knew any that died this death but they rose again; it is as impossible for death to hold any one down that is buried in this baptism, as it was impossible to hold Christ down, when he was in the grave; the same power that brought again our Lord Christ from the dead, the same power it is that quickens us, while we remain in these mortal bodies, after we have sustained this death and crucisscion.

But who can believe this faying? For this is a hard faying, who can bear it? Is it not enough that I am a believer, which makes me a Friend, and entitles me to a community among you; and as long as I hold the truth, and profess the truth, I am looked upon as one of your society? This is very true; this doth entitle people unto the outward privileges of the Church of Christ; but there is another inner court, that lies under the angel's reed (the measuring-reed) that is to be measured; the temple is measured, and every worshipper in the temple is measured; there was an outward court, that was for representing the Church of God in general, from the particular; the outward court was not measured, that the Gentiles might come in; the unbaptized people, which were never regenerated, they might come so far as the outward court, but this did not entitle them to the privileges of the house of God, nor to any worship or sacrifice that was accepted upon God's altar.

It concerns

It concerns you and me, my friends, to be ferious about matters of this moment and importance, and not fpend our days, and, as it were, fpeak by rote, under an airy profession, though of truth itself, without considering what

progrefs you have made, what benefit you have obtained, and whether you are come not only to the shadow of good things to come, but to the very substance of the heavenly things; for the comers to the outward worship could never, with thise facrifices they offered, be made perfect; the comers thereunto were not made perfect, as to the things pertaining to the confcience, speaking there of the outward worship, Heb. x, 1; but coming to the heavenly things, whereof the other was but a shadow, they made people perfect, as to the conscience, and did bring them to salvation. The apostle alludes to this baptism, for he speaks in a figure of the eight persons that were saved in Noah's ark; then he brings down the allegory to christian baptism, not only the baptism of John, the fore-runner of Christ, that preached of Christ, but to the christian baptism it eif; by the like figure whereof baptism now saveth us, saith the apostle; not the putting away of the filth of the flesh, but the answer of a good conscience. What doth he mean by baptism saving us? He means, the answer of a good conscience towards God, through the resurrection of Christ from the dead; so that christian baptism did bring along with it the cleanfing and putting away of all fine out of the conscience, that might bring them under doubts and scruples; and then there is an arising of Jesus; the Saviour, in the conscience, the Mediator that brought them to answer for them in the fight of God; for if people be conscious of sin, and do leave off their sin, this doth not yet cleanse the conscience; for there still remains a conscience of sin; tis not the leaving off our sin that makes our atonement with God, or that expiates our guilt, or our atonement with God, or that expiates our guilt, or doth away the guilt of the fins that we have committed; but there must be a forsaking and a leaving off sin by the virtue and power of the spirit, by which we are enabled, not only to leave off sin, but are guided and directed to the Mediator, whose blood alone reconcileth us to God, and cleanseth us from all sin. If I should never commit a sin while I live, it is not this simply in itself that will make me have the answer of a good conscience in the fight of God; for there remains the guilt of sin contracted in the days of unbelief, which is a bar and hinderance, that

none can approach the Holy God, but in the atonement and falvation that comes by Jesus Christ; for all that believe and obey the gospel are accepted in Christ, and that upon the account of Christ's precious blood, that cleanseth us from all fin and unrighteousness. Whom doth it cleanse? Those only that forsake their fins, and by his power are brought to a holy life; they, by the virtue of his power, and the cleansing of his blood, come to have their former fins removed from them, as far as the east is from the west.

But what is this to them that remain in their fins? what is this to them that are not baptized for the dead? that have not put off the old man, nor put on the new man, but have only put on the name and profession of Christ, and put on the outside of him, his garment, but have not put him on, they are not created again in Christ Jesus unto good works, that they might walk in them? No wonder there remains a conscience of sin in them, there is a bar that hinders them from the fight of the glory of God, and from real and true satisfaction, concerning their atonement and reconciliation with God, and this hinders them ment and reconciliation with God, and this hinders them from the enjoyment of that peace that passeth understanding; and it is no wonder, because they are not come to this baptism that brings the answer of a good conscience in the sight of God; they are not risen with Christ; how should they? for they are not buried with him. Know ye not that so many of us (saith the apostle) as were baptized into Christ, were baptized into his death; therefore we are buried with him by baptism into death; that like as Christ was raised from the dead by the glory of the Father, even so we also should walk in newness of life, Rom. vi, 3. Here is a change sigured out between them that had partaken of the spiritual baptism, and were come again to the taken of the spiritual baptism, and were come again to the participation of life in the resurrection of Jesus Christ, and those that were not baptized.

So it is now with every one that cometh to believe the truth, and make a profession of it; there is a way cast up, and there is a door opened for salvation; but the grand question that every one ought to enquire about, and put to themselves, is, what progress they have made in this way? Whether they are baptized yet or no? whether they have put off the old man with his deeds, and put on the new man and the new man's deeds, which are righteouf-ness and holiness? They that find, that though they are believers, they are short of this, they do also find that their shortness is their hinderance, their shortness in not coming up to the pattern that hath been shewed them, is their hinderance, so that they enjoy not the things here spoken of; the being under this sense, and really sitting under this fense in a meeting, though there should be no man speaking to them outwardly, yet being come to this faith, and made partakers of this baptism, people would find in their own bosoms the hidden word of life ministering to their condition; they would have enough, there would not be a famine of the word unto them, nor they should not need to be in expectation of going out to this or the other instrument, but they would be satisfied when they are met together with the presence of the Lord, that the Lord is in the midst of them, ministering unto them the word of life, in his operating and working, speaking in a tongue that every one can understand, speaking with a kind of voice and language, that every one may un-derstand his own state and condition; and this is the way that God brought up people from the beginning, to the knowledge of heavenly things, and opening of the mysteries of salvation; we had it not of men, but of Jesus our Lord; he was our great minister, we waited upon him, and trusted in him, and he taught us himself; he hath ministered to us at our filent and quiet waiting upon him, those things that were convenient for us; we might well say, he gave us our food in due season; he hath not only given strong meat unto men, but hath ministered of the sincere milk of his word unto babes, that lived in sincerity and self-denial, loving God above all things; and he taught and conducted us in our way, this way of fimplicity, until our understandings came to be opened, until our fouls came to be prepared to receive the mysteries of his kingdom.

In those days there were some that started up in know-ledge, and that built their nests on high, and took slax and

wool, and gold and silver, and decked themselves with them; but the Lord found them out, and brought them down, and took the crown from their head, and cloathed them with dishonour. So God doth from age to age; his judgments will begin at his own house: If you would grow in the grace and in the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, then grow in humility and self-denial, and keep a constant watch upon your hearts; examine your hearts, and commune with yourselves upon your beds, your hearts, and commune with your leves upon your beas, and be fill; take heed lest you fin against the Lord, and provoke him. There were some that provoked the Lord of old, and they committed two great evils: What be they? They have gone away, and forsaken the sountain of living water; as much as to say, they have not their dependence upon an invisible power, as they ought to have: For I am a living fountain, and it is by an invisible power that I am able to counsel, teach, direct, purify, and open their understandings; but they have forsaken me, that is one great evil; and the other is, they would not be without somewhat; they have forsaken the Lord, and they would have somewhat instead of God; they have digged to themselves broken cisterns, that will hold no water. And how many in this age have committed these two great evils !

My friends, examine yourselves; are there not many that have been guilty of these two great evils? They do not keep their close dependence, trust and reliance, upon the invisible power of God, as they profess they ought to do, but are hurried away from it; some by the love of the world, some by lusts and pleasures, some by passions, and others by worldly interests, are drawn away from the power, to do and say that which the power is against: Is not this a forsaking of the Lord the living sountain? What do they do then? Are they not for this and that, and the other man? for hearing this and the other man's word, and digging to themselves broken cisterns? And have they not their trust and considence in going to meetings, in commending this and the other way? Have they not their trust in their profession outwardly, when it ministers nothing to their souls, so that they secretly wither for all

this? If you had all the men and angels that were ever fent of God, appointed to preach to you, they could not minister life to you, unless there be that faith that stands in the power of God. The faith that stands in any man's words, will not overcome your lusts; but the faith that stands in the power of God, purifies the heart; it will not suffer any unclean thing there. As for preaching, let a man preach against this and the other lust and corruption, there it will remain for all his preaching, unless men know God's power and life, in which there is righteousness; for words and knowledge, and sight and speculation, will never give people victory over their sins.

Therefore you know, every one who is settled must be

Therefore you know, every one who is fettled must be settled where the soundation of religion is; it is not coming to meetings, and owning this and the other doctrine which is the soundation of our religion; God hath revealed his power to every one of us; God hath not given his Spirit to preachers and prophets only, for then there would be a samine of the word, as was in Israel, the priest's lips only preserved knowledge. If you did take away the priest, you did take away their knowledge. The prophets had the word of God, and they only spake the word of God. If the prophet was taken away, then the word of God was taken away. The Lord threatened to send a samine among them; they grieved and vexed, and killed and destroyed, the priests and prophets; therefore, saith the Lord, I will send a samine among you, not of bread, but of the word; and they shall go from city to city, and enquire for the word of the Lord.

Thus it was in the Jewish church; if there was a pro-

Thus it was in the Jewish church; if there was a prophet they would go thirty, forty, or a hundred miles to him that had the word of the Lord; they shall go from city to city, to enquire for the word of the Lord: But blessed be God we are come to another day, for now the word of the Lord is manifested in the hearts of all that believe; they know the word: I do not say all that believe do preach the word, or ought to preach; but the word preacheth to them; they are not as broken cisterns that can hold no water; when they find the word and hear it, they speak it presently; what is ministered to

their

their own condition, that they tell to other folks; when people come to the bleffing of this dispensation that God's word revealeth in their hearts, they then know what the fignification of it is, they understand the doctrine of it, the doctrine preacheth holiness to them; not that they should preach holiness and yet remain unholy; not that they should preach humility, and yet remain proud: it preacheth holiness, humility and singleness of heart to a remnant, that like good scholars and disciples learn the lessons and doctrine of the word of God.

Now when thou hast learned them well, and art come to fee the effect of the word, and dost bring forth the deeds and works which are the fruits of holiness, perfecting holiness in the fear of God, and with humility known and witnessed in Christ Jesus, and art not only meek in show, but meek and low in heart; when people come to be meek and lowly, and of a clear conscience, purged from all dead works to serve the living God; then if the Lord gives them a word of exhortation, of doctrine or counfel, it is very welcome, and it hath a favour through the bleffing of God, and they come by it to be built up in their most holy faith, and this word is brought forth in holiness and righteousness in their lives, and shews itself in a life of holiness; then thou wilt shine in thy conversation to all that thou conversest with, so that they may see thee to be fuch a man or woman as hast been with Jesus, and learned of Jesus, and received a word engrafted; when thou dost receive the word into thy heart, there is the engrafting of it: If it hath not root there, then, saith Christ, my word doth not abide in you. If you feel something of this invisible word in your hearts, it brings you to a resolution to serve God, and to keep yourselves from sin, and to answer the profession which you make of God; this is the effect of the word of God, if it doth abide in you. Doth it abide? You shall know anon or to morrow, so soon as a temptation comes to stir you up to pride or passion, to fraud or deceit, then you will see whether the word abide: If it abide, you fin not.

This is scripture, a certain fundamental doctrine, that may be as safely preached as any doctrine: If the word abide

in you, you fin not; what of that? let the word go, and you will fin, when ever you are tempted to it. I write to you young men, because you have overcome the wicked one, you are strong, and the word of God abides in you, and you have overcome the wicked one. We shall see as soon as a temptation meets with thee, whether the word abides in thee; if it abide, thou wilt not fin, but resist the tempter. Set thy foot upon the temptation, and go over it, and thou wilt have the dominion; and this will make thee a free man or woman, and thou wilt stand jast in the liberty wherewith Christ hath made thee free. The apostle supposeth them free, and that they have got dominion; then stand fast, saith he, in the liberty wherewith Christ hath made thee free. It is a liberty not of lust and fin, but a liberty of the soul; the soul now is not at the devil's will and call.

For it is a shame to the doctrine of Christianity, that we profess things, and yet deny them in practice: We profess that there is a power in Christ to keep and preserve us out of sin, and we profess to believe this power is communicated to them that do believe in the Lord Jesus Christ for their preservation; that is, he will not withhold it from them: We profess these things in the face of the whole world; and yet when the devil calls one man to covetoufness, and another to defraud his neighbour, and another to defile himself, he is drawn away thereby; what hypocrify is here to profess this, and act the contrary? I do not wonder that they that profess they cannot live a day without fin, that they should fall; but they that profess to believe there is power enough in Christ, and that it is offered to them, wickedness. They that are of an upright, fingle mind, would die before they would fin, knowing that God is Almighty, and gracious, and willing to bestow his power, and wisdom, and grace, upon them that ask it; they would die rather than fin against God presumptuously: let it cost me my goods, my estate, my liberty, or my life, how can I do this great wickedness, and sin against God? They love God above all; you never heard them complain that they wanted power. for the Lord is at their right hand, and they wanted power, for the Lord is at their right hand, and they shall -

fhall not be moved. They cannot fall; though they are tempted, they will not fall into temptation. They have power when they fee the devil before them, to put him behind them; the nobility of their extract, of their new birth and regeneration, puts such a temper and disposition into their souls, that they scorn to be at the devil's command, as if they were his children.

Oh! it is a noble and honourable thing to be a child of God, a very high dignity to be in such an honourable relation to God, and to have a right to the heavenly mansions, to sit down in heavenly places in Christ Jesus. I would to God you were all ready for it, that you had the wedding garment on, that you might not be bound hand and foot, and cast into utter darkness. What is the reason that you do not sit down in this heavenly frame and temper, and draw the westers of solvetion out of your own sould the the waters of falvation out of your own fouls; could the Lord do any thing more than he hath done, and could his fervants do any more than they have done for your help? Are not their labours demonstrations of it? We have been as epifties of Christ written in your consciences. We have been testifying that there is something wanting in too many, the want of refigning up themselves to the baptism of the cross. People are willing to be counted friends; but they are friends of God, that do whatsvever he commandeth them; that is the Christian lesson, not to say, I will be a friend to you, and a friend to the church, and to such a fort of people; but I will be a friend of God, and do whatfoever he commandeth me; whatfoever command God lays upon you, either to take up a crofs, or to deny yourfelves and follow him.

Learn this lesson, and you will be disciples indeed, and members of the church too; not members of a church privileged outwardly only, but members of a church of the first born, and you will have your names written in Heaven; when one comes to have his name written in Heaven, he comes to know his name, it is a white Stone, not a speckled one; they that have it, they know it, they are not ignorant of one another's names, that are written in this book; they have a fellowship that nobody can declare; their communion is in that bread and that cup: This is a cup of bles-

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fing indeed, and this hath bleffed us, and will blefs us. God will preferve a people in this fellowship. You that are at a distance now, you must come nearer to him; God will choose a people by whom his name shall be magnissed; because the love of God is shed abroad in our hearts, we cannot but desire this for all, especially for the housheld of faith; we cannot but desire their perfection, their growing up in the grace of God, that they might come to be partakers of Heaven. And in the next place, our love is to all people, every where; we would be glad that all were saved; they that despise us, when we are speaking of heavenly things, speaking like a child, like a stammering child, speaking of the glorious excellencies of God, of the loving kindness of God, speaking of those things which God hath spoken to our souls, they that despise these things, we would be glad that they might be saved: If they were partakers of these things, they would be glad as well as we, and they would be more really happy in respect of this world, for the time that they are to live here; they would live a happier life, even in this world, and they would have everlasting life in the world to come.

The love of Christ constrains men thus to judge, that every one that hath received like precious faith, ought to answer that grace and faith which God hath ministered to them in a holy life and convertation, and every one who is a stranger to this thing, ought to be of an enquiring mind, and an open heart, to wait for the day when God will visit them with the same grace; when you give up yourselves to a daily cross, as Christ's disciples, you will not be running after any one to teach you to know the Lord, for you will all know the Lord, from the least to the greatest; I that have been but a little convinced, shall I know the Lord? Thou shalt know the Lord, thou that art dead in thy sins and trespasses, thou that hast not known the blood of cleansing, thou shalt know the Lord to be thy judge, and thy law-giver, to teach thee how thou must live, walk and act; and is not that a good knowledge? This is the way they reckoned upon in old time, it is a notable expression, the Lord is our judge; there is the beginning, he began there, judgment began at the house of God; those

he brings into his house, he brings them under the discipline of his house, the Lord is our judge, he is our king and law-giver, and he will save us; this same exercise of discipline under judgment brought to them the saith and experience of his being their law-giver, and this brought them to a saith of the last sentence, we shall be saved; and the Lord answers such a people, that he will bring salvation to them, salvation shall be for walls and bulwarks: Did the people of this nation but know salvation was brought near to them, and that it was their bulwark, there would not be a crying up this and the other rotten thing for a bulwark.

We talk of a bulwark as well as others; we have a bulwark, bleffed be the God of Heaven, made of better ftuff than theirs; for it is the falvation of God which hath kept us from the pollution of fin, and from a running into all excess and riot that others have run into; it hath kept us from the evil, it hath kept evils out of us, and we have found that certainly true, that all things work together for good, to them that love God, and fear God; that all the providences of God together, have all wrought for our good; and this is the bulwark that we have trusted in, and it hath ferved hitherto, and it will ferve us and our posterity to the end of the world: This is a bulwark that will never be stormed, that will never be thrown down nor laid waste: Though all the powers on earth, and all the potentates in this world should agree together, they shall not prevail against it; we have falvation for walls and bulwarks; if I-be within these walls, salvation is round about me; if I am got into this eternal bulwark, I am safe from the devil and his instruments; here is a bulwark to be relied upon.

Many wonder we differ with them in some opinions; we have that confidence in this bulwark, that we desire not another; God will last and abide forever, so will this bulwark; all the care that I take, and all the care that you should take, is to keep within these walls: Do not fally out, if you go out, the devil is watching, and seeking continually whom he may devour; he will catch straglers; if people will go out for prosit, or for pleasure, or in-

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tereft, the devil will catch them; how can fuch people talk of falvation for walls and bulwarks? the devil hath got them in his fnare, and they are caught in drunkenness, uncleanness and other fins; the reason is, they have gone out of their bulwark, they have fallied out of their walls, for the devil could never have forced them out.

O take heed, fays the apostic, lest there spring up in any of you an evil heart of unbelief, in departing from the living God; as if he had said, you are Christians now, you are a people come to a good state in Christ; but consider you have no strength to stand but in him; no power to keep yourselves but in him; take heed, at all times, that there spring not up in you an evil heart of unbelief, in departing from the living God; take heed lest there spring up in you such a thought as this; I may take this pleasure, and the other prosit; consider that thou diest and witherest if thou depart from the living God; take heed of taking liberty above the sear of God: It is not our talk of salvation for walls and bulwarks, that will do us good, but our keeping within these walls.

I remember a notable faying of the apostle, which hath a great emphasis in it, and a great deal of doctrine; he writeth to the church, after they were become a people of professing Christians, take heed left you come to be beguiled by the serpent, as he beguiled Eve; he did not speak of Jezabel, a wicked woman; but he spoke of Eve, a good woman, created after the image of God, in righteousness and holiness; they were come to a life of sanctification, to a life that was hidden from ages and generations. You must look to yourselves, and look upon yourselves as in the state of your mother Eve, a woman brought forth in righteousness and holiness, that might have stood in that primitive state, notwithstanding all the subtilty of all the serpents in the world; but having hearkened to this old serpent, she was beguiled; there grew up a consultation in her reasoning part; it may be so as he saith, I will try.

So I say to you that are come to a state of sanctification, and in some measure to know the cleansing power of God, that you have not believed in it in vain, but

it hath effectually wrought some change and alteration in you, and is still carrying on the work of your salvation. Many temptations will attend you, and many snares will be laid in your way; but God hath preserved you to this day: I know the devil's wiles and temptations are manifold; they are fitted to every one's inclinations, sitted to every opportunity, and to every occasion in this world: Men are tried every way by the tempter, to see which way he may ensure them; he tries every way to ensure and entangle the simple, that he may turn them to the right hand or to the left, that their souls may be destroyed and perish.

I cannot speak to you by a more emphatical word, by a more familiar exhortation than this, take heed you be not beguiled as Eve was: Many will be tempted as she was, but I would not have you do as she did, and yield to the temptation: Take heed that you do not desile yourselves, but keep your garments white; you that have been washed and cleansed, labour to keep yourselves unspotted from the world; this is pure religion and undefiled, that which hath enlightened many a nation, and shall enlighten many of those whose religion is to be undefiled, and to keep themselves unspotted from the world. I pray God encrease the number of them, that so the blessed work of sanctification that hath begun in this way, may be carried on to his praise, and the salvation of our souls, to the spreading forth of his glory, and the exalting of his name; that the strangers which are scattered and desolate, may be brought into his holy way, and walk in it; that we all, in a fellowship together, walking in that holy way, may through the eternal Spirit, offer praise and thanksgiving to God, who is worthy to receive glory and honour, power and dominion, forever and ever.

SERMON XXII.

Baptism and the Lord's Supper afferted.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, April 15, 1688.

If any man hath not the Spirit of Christ, he is none of his.

F I should say no more, there is that in every one's conscience that will make application; if he that hath not the Spirit of Christ, is none of his, you may say, whose is he then? If they be none of Christ's that have not his Spirit, whose are they? They are all his whose Spirit rules them, every one of us doth belong to him whose Spirit ruleth over us, unto whose power we are subjected. You know this distinguisheth people in the world, one king knoweth his subjects from another king's subjects; they are under the obedience of this, that, and the other king or prince, his law is over them, they are subject to it; so here is a decision of all the people in the world, whom they belong to.

We, all of us, I hope, do expect there will be a decision at the day of judgment, and believe the things we read concerning it, that there will be a decision, and some will be placed on the right hand, and some on the left; some will have the sentence of, come ye blessed, and others the sentence of, go ye cursed; but now there is a way of sinding out the decision of the matter before we go out of the world, before the day of judgment, when there will be no remedy, what then is, must be and abide so; now there is no need it should continue so; if it be amis, it may be mended; if I do not belong to the right prince, if I be not under the right power and spirit, I may be, for now it is a day of grace, a day of mercy; I have been a rebel to the right prince, I may be pardoned and taken into savour; it is far better for people

to know their state now, than to know it then, because then there will be no remedy.

The apostle, in laying down fundamental, apostolical doctrines, that were to be believed and taken notice of, and are in our age, so that we may say, things written of old time, were written for our learning; he makes this affirmation and position of doctrine, he that hath not the Spirit of Christ, is none of his, he doth not belong to him; tho' he be called a Christian, he is not a Christian, if he hath not the Spirit of Christ; it is but a name he hath got, he hath not that which makes him essentially so, for nothing can make a Christian, but having the Spirit of Christ; therefore when they would vindicate their being Christians, they prove it thus; for he (speaking of God) hath sent the Spirit of his Son into our hearts, and we know the mind of Christ; we know him that is true, or we are in him that is true; these things, if they were right, if they were true, were evident demonstrations that they were a fort of men who depended more upon the Spirit and spiritual teachings, and spiritual guidance, than upon all the rules and methods of teaching that were in the world.

I speak of this, friends, because you know as well as I, how averse this age of ours hath been, to have any thing spoken of spiritual dispensations, or about spiritual teachings; though a man hath been counted formerly a wise man, a learned man, or a man of parts, if once he come to smatter out a little about inward teaching, it is enough to spot him, and make him ridiculed of his acquaintance, as if there were no such thing in the world: We have a book, called the bible, it is from one end to the other sull of such expressions, of being led by the Spirit; you have an anointing which teacheth you all things: The whole tenor of the New Testament is about spiritual teachings and divine operations, and of saith being the operation of God; and the Old Testament hath abundance of expressions by way of prophecy, that in the New Testament days, if people would look for the law of God, they must look for it in their hearts; and if they would know God, they must look to the Mediator, the Lord Jesus Christ: The

New Testament also directs us that way; Christians should be the most spiritual people in the world, that is the

guide, the rule.

But, fay they, the scripture is the soundation of faith and manners, belief and practice; this is too often but distimulation, and I am assaid it is to be sound in some; what, is the scripture the rule of faith? and may people believe what they find in scripture? Yes, but say some, it is best be aware for sear of error. What is in the scripture is serious, sound and orthodox, and did Quakers, think you, never find in scripture that people were to wait for the Spirit, and pray in the Spirit, and serve God in the Spirit, and that all religion that is not in power, is not available, did they not find it in scripture? And you that are not Quakers, did you ever read the New Testament? How came it to pass that ye never sound these texts? But some people read and read the New Testament twenty times over, and mock and deride, and persecute a man that shall speak of the Spirit's teaching.

I have admired at it, how intelligent men, to whom God hath given a competent understanding, should be so blinded; they have learned to read English, and they have read the New Testament over several times, and the Old Testament too, and they have read those sentences of Christ's doctrine, that do fo currently and unanimously speak of divine teachings and spiritual operations, spiritual worship and spiritual religion, that must have some motion and stirring of the Holy Ghost to be the original of it, and that all others are not acceptable to God; doubtless they have read these things, but I have often defired and do still defire that they would read it again once more, and try and fee what God will do; he hath oftentimes made use of the holy scripture as a means to awaken people and to open their understandings, and let them fee the mind of the spirit by which the scripture is written, and the next time if they can find scripture text and apostolical doctrine, to teach people to wait upon the Spirit,

It hath been hitherto looked upon as an invention, to speak of the teaching of the Spirit, and waiting upon the Spirit, and being moved by the Spirit. This apostolical doctrine, prayer and worship, hath Leen looked upon as an invention

I hope they will leave fcoffing and mocking.

that

that we have brought in: To look for the Holy Ghost in that way that was never known to our fathers, is a fantastical conceit of the Quakers, say they: To tell people they must be led by the Spirit in divine things, as in prayer and worship, and the like, that in these things they must wait for the Spirit, was there ever any man that was counted good for any thing that ever preached so, before they came? Do we read any such kind of thing in scripture?

O! the blindness that hath happened to this nation! I have confidered, not without admiration, how the devil (he is a Spirit too, and a wicked one) how he should have power to prevent our acknowledging the belief, sense and feeling of the Spirit of God now-a-days; there are thousands in this of the Spirit of God now-a-days; there are thousands in this nation that have formerly believed that it was as impossible for a man to believe the divine motions and strugglings of the Spirit of God in this life, as to raise their fathers and mothers out of their graves; some of their learned teachers have told us it is a whimsy and fancy, and that there was no inspiration of the Spirit now-a-days, but that it was a foolith fancy in us to wait for such a thing, it is needless, say they; there was an immediate teaching in the apostless days and they had the sense of the Spirit of Christ working days, and they had the fense of the Spirit of Christ working in them, to teach them to write letters and epistles to the church, which letters and epistles were written by the moving of the Holy Ghost, but we have no need of it now, the Holy Ghost hath brought order and government into the church, we have it now in black and white printed in our books, therefore fay they, there is no need of the Spirit, and peo-ple need not be acquainted with the operation of the Spirit now-a-days, in regard they have it in their books what manner of worship they must perform.

I grant them their due, that they have the direction of the scripture; I am able to understand that people are to worship God, and pray to him, and are to meet together and to observe this and the other doctrinal precepts there laid down; I confess I can make shift herewith to frame out a form of religion, and if I do not mistake in the opening and explication of the doctrine, I could make a right form too, but I am liable to mistake, another man that understands Greek better than I, saith that the Greek word ought to be translat-

ed fo, and the form ought to differ in fuch a respect; some fay the only way of government is by bishops, and the word bears it in the original, and another faith he hath stretched the word, for the word means presbyter; another saith presbyter signifies no more than choice of church elders and deacons, and such like, and this is all out of one book, the settlement of bishops, presbyters, and elders.

Here a number of form-makers all fall out about the meaning of the word; what remedy can any mortal man provide for this? We must not be killing and slaying one another about words; if I be an episcopal man and say the word signifies bishops, I may be a wicked man still; and if another say it must be presbyter, he may be a wicked man too, and if another say it should be pastor, elders, and deacons, he

may be a wicked man notwithstanding.

Thus they have rent and torn one another about church government; what remedy shall we have for this, that these quarrellings and contentions about terms and words may come to an end? Could a man prefcribe a more certain remedy for all these mistakes than this, if they had a measure of this Spirit which did work in the apostles when they wrote down these words, which the apostles had in writing them, then I fay they could tell you what the Spirit meant, for the Spirit is the fame and not changed, and the words are the fame to a small matter, so that if a man had that, he might end all the controversy; but where shall we have a man that hath this Spirit to end the controversy? There is none now-a-days fay the Protestants, and fay the Papists there is none but one that hath this infallibility; and many will not suppose that neither, for some of them say, that one man is as infallible as another man; there is a great difpute whether any one man be infallible, or a great many men together are infallible about doctrine and worship: This might be cured all at once if we could come to this conclusion. Papists, Protestants and Quakers, here is an end of all out-side worship, he that hath not the Spirit of Christ is none of his: If there be not Spirit in it, it is not Christ's religion and worship.

So that they that jangle and bark and bite, are without, among dogs and forcerers, that are strangers to the Spirit of

Christ;

Lord

Christ; there is a spirit in them that denies the Spirit of Christ, there is a Spirit that rules in them that are without the Spirit, for nobody that I know of, acts things without a spirit, and without being moved. What, are good and bad all moved by the Spirit, and yet are there no motions? I have sometimes turned the question upon people, and asked them if there were no motions of the evil spirit, hath it no such kind of insluence that it can move upon our spirits, that we can fensibly feel ourselves thrust forth to such an action? I never met any man that would deny it, they are so generally savourable to the wicked spirit; no man will deny but the devil hath a way of moving and stirring upon the spirit of a man, and to suggest to him such an evil thing, and as I have sometimes said, it is so received an opinion, that when the malesactor comes to be arraigned at the bar for some grievous crime, they lay the soundation of the indictment, such a day he was moved and instigated by the devil to do such a thing; here is a settled motion for the devil, for him to influence peoples spirits, but no way for the good Spirit of God to influence mens spirits; here is nothing left us but a bad instigation; but to know inward motions to good things, it is not to be expected now-a-days.

How should ever the cunning serpent, that would have power over the best of us all, be said to winnow us? Christ signified to Peter, a bold and resolute disciple, satan desires to have thee, and winnow thee as wheat; if the devil had power over every one, to make them his servants and slaves, what remedy have we but we must all perish and go headlong to hell with him, unless there be some way of resisting him? That is true, say people, the devil must be resisted; we find it in the New Testament, resist the devil; this is a good exercise; but tell me one thing, when I go about to resist the devil, must I resist him in my own power? If I was to say you might do so, you would say I was an erroneous preacher, and well you might: This is an old free-will doctrine, that a man may resist the devil by his own power, and escape his snares, and do the will of God: This hath been cried down by the doctors of the Church of England, and by most of all forts of Christians; and for our parts, since the

Lord hath opened our mouths, we did never speak a word in favour of it, as if we went about to resist the devil in our own strength; if we did, the devil would make sools of us: He that goes about to resist the devil in his own strength, will be entrapped and ensnared by him, in that men have a propensity to sin, and by his cunning and subtility, may be led into a snare before they are aware.

have a propensity to sin, and by his cunning and subtilty, may be led into a snare before they are aware.

Thus it is agreed on all hands, that our power, as men, is too weak to resist stands, that our power, or all go to hell; there is no medium between those two extremes, some extraordinary power must assist me, or else the devil will have me. If you will not admit of a supernatural power to come in to help me and you, we must all go to hell, there is no remedy: I will say my prayers, saith one; do so, yet in the best of your prayers there will be sin; and if I regard iniquity in my heart, the Lord will not hear me: I will go and hear fermons, say you; the very man that preacheth will tell you, that hearing of sermons will do you no good at all, unless there be motions of the Spirit of God, so that you will be wrapt from one thing to another, and have diversity of doctrines, and come to no fixednes; and while you concern yourselves about doctrines, all the while the devil prevails upon you; as for the tongue, he hath the rule of that, and as for the hands, he hath the rule of them, and makes you do those things that by his perpetual suggestions he moves you to; so that your going to church and saying your prayers signify nothing to bring you from under the wrath of God, and from the captivity of the devil: Hath not the devil those in captivity that go to church, and say their prayers, and give alms? These are things that you can do by your own power, the saying of your prayers, and fasting, and giving of alms, these things thou mayest do, the devil will not hinder thee, for he knows that these will not bring thee out of his clutches, nor out of his chains and fetters.

There is but one way and means by which the devil may be effectually resisted, that is by taking to our help one stronger than he; I have gone for help to many stronger than I, in my young days, that I thought to be stronger than I, in my young days, that I thought to be stronger than I, in my young days, that I thought to be stronger than I, i

Christians,

Christians, and many of them did afford their help in the work, by counsel, by persuasion, by exhortation and by doctrine, but all this did not do; and the reason was this, because the devil was too strong for me, and so he was for them. As long as you go for help to this and the other place, until you find one stronger than the devil, expect no deliverance or help from any thing in the world, but lay asside all confidence in the steps, in any many man on earth, or in all the doctors words and best preaching you shall hear, lay asside your considence in them, they will never do you any good in this respect, for they will never break your chains off; many are loaded with them, but some, I hope, are weary and heavy laden, and seel the weight of sin, I pray God increase the number; though it be a state of sorrow, it is better than the state of sools, that make a mock of sin; I would have you weary and heavy laden with your sins, and brought into this state, to see yourselves captivated by the strong power of darkness, and to see you are unable to deliver yourselves out of it by your own power.

For me to fall into the hands of a tyrant that is stronger than I, and no man to deliver me, how sad would it be. If I could find a man stronger than this tyrant, and that would kill him, I should be his servant, and have a better master: No man can kill this tyrant, that hath led me captive and made me a slave; if he say, be drunk, I must be drunk; if he bid me swear, I must swear: This is the slavery that the devil hath got his servants into, that whatsoever he saith, that they must do, if he bids them do it: O! wretched man that I am, who shall deliver me? I cannot deliver myself, and no man can deliver me; I would be acquainted with all Christians, if they could help me; I would try all religions that are this day in the world, to see if there be help for me: Many are oppressed with sin, and they go to and fro, to see what help can be given them, to free them from the bondage that the devil hath them in: This fort of people are to be pitied, and the souls of all good people will pity them, for such as these seek the living among the dead; they seek that to redeem them that cannot redeem them: We have sought, say they, for power and strength from them that had

not enough for themselves, they were captivated as well as we, and all this because we came not to him that is stronger than the devil. You will take the same course, and stay till grey hairs come, and you go down to the grave with forrow, unless you come to one stronger than the devil, and then trust in him, believe in him, and expect deliverance by him. The reason why people do not expect deliverance is, because these two things are thut out of their belief.

I. They believe not that a finful life will carry them

to destruction.

II. They think there is not any possibility in this world

to live any other than a finful life.

The devil hath brought men to this pass, that they live as easily in a sinful life, as a sish in the stream: We are in the way, say they; when we were baptized, we were initiated into the Christian church, we were baptized with the sign of the cross, that shews we are soldiers of Christ and bear his badge and banner upon us; and the man said at that time, I was made a child of God and an inheritor of the kingdom of Heaven; if this be not true, then I am cheated and deceived, for I am to believe this to be true; the church hath affirmed that these things are to be believed; and to question the veracity of the church, is to

question all.

I would question whether thousands find the truth of it. When thou wert baptized, there was a kind of covenant and bargain made for this child of God and heir of eternal life, that he should for sake the devil and all his works, and the pomps and vanities of this wicked world, and the sinful lusts of the sleth: And there is security given that this child shall never serve the devil and sinful lusts, and never be proud, but serve God and keep his commandments: Now this security being taken, then they suppose that this child will certainly be an heir of the kingdom of God. It is very true, stand to thy church; if this security that is taken for a child be but essectival, then there is no doubt of being a child of God, and an inheritor of the kingdom of Heaven. But if this security sail, is the church to blame if men's hopes to seternal life sail? Was it not my condition, that thou shouldest

forfake

fin: devil and all his works, and the pomps and vanities fin: icked world, and the finful lusts of the slesh, and if seak the bargain, and thy part of the covenant, and eternal life, who is to blame? Look to the security, and thou for sake the devil and all his works, and the mps and vanities of the world. But thou may est rather ay, I have enjoyed as many of them as I could; and for the lusts of the slesh, I have enjoyed as much of them as I can, and what, dost thou believe thyself to be a child of God, and an heir of the kingdom of Heaven, notwithstanding?

If I promise to deliver a man any particular kind of goods, upon the payment of so much money, if I fail in delivering the goods, he will not deliver the money; a man must forfake the devil and all his works, and never lust after the pomps and vanities of this world; that is a child of God, let us fee him grow up, and if he goes on to be faithful in this covenant till he die, I do not at all question but he will be an heir of eternal life; but when all this is broken, and the fecurity figrifies nothing, and the man is given up to ferve the devi', breaks all God's holy laws, erreth and strayeth from the way of God's commandments like a lost sheep, and graips at the pomps and vanities of the world, as much as he can, and thinks he gets no more than comes to his share; and when he shall indulge the lusts of his sleth, this is a child of the devil; he is a child of that Spirit that was a liar from the beginning. Never talk of being a child and an heir of God's kingdom, such a man is in fetters, he is to go along with the devil and his angels, and there is a kingdom prepared for them, and a kingdom of darkness, and he must have his portion with them in everlasting misery: Tophet is prepared of old for all the workers of iniquity.

What for those that are baptized? Yes, but do not you

deny baptism?

No, not I, I would have men and women baptized with a baptism that will do them some good. Some have seen the vanity and weakness of this kind of baptism, and called it baby baptism; and therefore would go and be baptized and plunged in the water over head and ears, but they came up again with the same heart and mind, and the same polluted soul. John baptized in Jordan, and all Jerusalem and Judea

came

came to be baptized or nim: There were a fort cas well as persons then that crucified the Lord Jesus Christ, a stronger did them harm in his life, but much good.

There were a fort cas well as persons then that crucified the Lord Jesus Christ, a stronger did them harm in his life, but much good.

This baptilm had never an apostolical patron, but prrow, another baptism that is so infallible a baptism, that if a trust were furely baptized withal, he was fure of Heaven, he woihe never need any other assurance of Heaven than to be bap? tized with the baptism of Jesus Christ: The lip of truth speaks of him, he that believeth and is baptized, shall be faved: He shall be awed in spite of the devil and all his temptations, in spite of persocutions and the stumbling-blocks laid before him. Here is a baj wifin worth a man's while, worth all his labour, if he could obtain it, he that cometh after me, faith labour, if he could obtain it, he that cometh after me, faith John the Baptist, he shall baptize you with the Hely Ghost and with fire; here is a baptism belongs to Christians, an ordinance ordained. Far be it from us to deny baptism; but we would light of the right, since there are so many sorts: This baptism is so right and certain, that it ascertains a man of his salvation, but it is done by the Holy Ghost and with fire: If it be by the Holy Ghost, then it is far enough off from us; for there is no Holy Shoft in our days, say some, so this baptism is ceased, and inspection is ceased. If the Holy Ghost and fire be the matter of baptism, the thing thou and I cannot be baptized because there is no working of the Holy Ghost and with fire; with fire for burning with the Holy Ghost and with fire; with fire for burning up our corruptions, and purifying our hearts. But the Holy up our corruptions, and purifying our hearts. But the Holy Ghost hath done working upon men, fay they; why then there is an end of baptism: A man is hungry, and when his time comes to eat, he hath no victuals, vet he fits him down as if he did eat; will this feed and nourish him? So men nowa-days, they have a baptilm wherewith they are baptized; but bapeilm with the Haly Ghoft and with fire, is the right bapti'm, therefore do not haptize until you find the Holy Ghoft, this will be far better; this is the baptifm that they which come to know it, are fure of falvation by it; for by this baption, they are borne up and tinctured in their fouls with he Divine Spirit of Christ Josus, proceeding from the Father if the Son, till they receive his likeness, and so die unte

fin: As ma as were baptized, were baptized into Christ's death. The offle openeth it, in that he died he died unto sin ince, but in it he liveth he liveth unto God; so that they that were baptized into Christ's death; and you that are dead no sin, how should you live any longer therein?

These that were bapted lived without sin; can that be true, that no one lived without sin but Christ only? Yes, true, that no one lived without sin but Christ only? Yes, faith the apostle, you that were free from sin, are alive to faith the apostle, you that were seen in sin, and now that righteensness; their life stood before in sin, and now that righteensness; their life stood before in sin, and now that life is taken away by baptism, and the went went with the six taken away by baptism, and the six taken away by baptism, and the six the six the six the six the six that we do not deny deny the Lor. This baptism, whoever comes to be baptism.

But we hear say, that you ht, God knows; the six we have never had such a those six the same have

But we hear fay, that youht, God knows; there we were had such a thor more; but people have nothing that our fouls long ast heir own, they have lost been making a kind of work of children do, who when a reality, and make shadows, are for service, they will make the like in sand and clay to the supper of the what a great thing it is to attal angelical opening, we spake then more lively and freshly man open to me, I stand at the door and knock, if a he with me. For the understanding of this text, go and exasee what the learnable commentators you can find, and apply this to the the commentators you can find, and apply this to the ed men fay of it; fee if they do not Christ, to let him inward call of the Spirit and grace of at those that wrote into our hearts; and would one think that dispensation of these things should be against the spiritue the door of the things? They fay that this knocking at the door of the heart fignifies the call of God's Spirit at it God knockheart. There are two forts of finners that a man that is eth at the door of their hearts; one is, weary

weary of his fin: For his part, he wisheth hat he might never fin more. As foon as he perceives he knock, and is called upon to let in the grace of God, to help him against temptation, he freely opens his heart to receive it, and faith, with all my heart I will entertain and welcome the grace of God; glad I am that God hath had so much patience towards me; and since God offers his grace, I will take it into my heart; the grace of Christ is the greatest jewel that I know, the grace of Christ is the course, and prayed, Lord is Honest Paul, he took this a temptation that trouble take away this tempter; here is yield, for all the device the me, and I am not willing to the Lord. yield, for all the devision that amount willing to the Lord, and before of follows me with it; he cried unto away the temptation; and im three times, earneftly, to take is sufficient for thee. What the Lord answers him, my grace thee, and trouble thee, habet matter if the tempter buffet into thy becaut? Thou art iff thou not received my grace me, and my grace is sufficient for thee. Let the tempter with its worst, keep thou cient for thee. Let the tempter it withstand and overco to the grace of God, and thou If a man openeth his some the temptation when it comes, then you shall find theart and receiveth Christ when he go and try him with the such an alteration in that man, that over him the last week, it ame temptation which prevailed

over him the last week, it e same temptation which prevailed as weak as water, and aso will not do fo now; though he be before, yet now having prone to corruption and iniquity as grace of God will define a faith begotten in him, that the fnares. Now this me end him, he keeps out of the devil's iniquity be purged out in truffing in this grace till his fin and there is a clean heart, now is the time to spread the table; and the dainties of at, and the heavenly guest is now come, his nourithment. the kingdom are brought to him for fup with him, and New, faith Christ, I will come in and fup with him, and my Father also will come, and we will body so long as the with us. This never happens to any ble must be cler the table and heart is foul; for the tathen will the Jin, and the devil and fin thrown out, and venant; forth-ord confirm and ratify, and feal the coman hath this lat here is a feal with a witness. When a testimony of the love of God, that God is reconciled

reconciled to him in Christ, then Christ will come in, and he will bring his Father, and they will sup with him; and this is that which will give complete satisfaction to such a soul.

All the tongues of men and angels are too short to speak pathese things, as they are in themselves, but they are all sanifested by the Spirit. All the mysteries of the kingdom of God, are manifested by the Spirit of God; now to say there is no Spirit to be regarded now-a-days, that is as much as to say, we must never regard the kingdom of God, for no man can discern the things of God but the Spirit of God, no man can tell what they be; as no man can know the things of a man but the spirit of a man.

But I must look to this and the other form, and mark, and methodize them, for we can know nothing of the

things of God themselves.

I hope you are all of another judgment, and believe that this is a trick and cheat of the wicked one; people do find the Spirit and will feel it if they will wait upon the motions of it. I do not only mean when you are here together, but when you are feparated one from another; when you feel the motions of this good Spirit, embrace them, and make them yours. This Spirit is a gift that is given; fo may a shilling or a piece of bread be held forth to a poor creature, but if he receive it not, he may perish for all that; it is not his, tho' I have appointed it to be his, and have seperated it from my other substance to be his. If he receive not what I offer and would give him, he may perish for all that.

Here is grace and truth comes by Jesus Christ, and God hath offered it to all men, in that he hath raised up Christ from the dead; the grace of God which bringeth salvation, hath appeared unto all men; but all men have not received it, therefore all men have it not; and they that have not the grace of Christ, and the Spirit of Christ, are none of his; but it doth not follow that they never will be nore of his. When they have received the gist by Christ, and say, I will be his sheep or lamb, they will come into his favour by that gist, and shall partake of the good things of his Father's kingdom; but till they have received this

gift, they are not the better for it, they have not any benefit by the death of Christ; they have no help, no benefit by it, except it be the patience and long-suffering of God, who for Christ's sake bears with their weakness, and waits to be gracious, and for Christ's sake offers them favour; but they are not come to the possession of it, till they open their hearts, and receive the grace of Christ; then they are convinced of Christ's end, and that there is a possibility of enjoying the Spirit of God, and of being taught and led by it.

Take this along with you, that it is your absolute and indispensable duty to wait from day to day upon the great God of Heaven, the giver of every good and perfect gift, that you may have that bleffed gift, that you may have the affishance of a greater power than your own to lead you out of fin into righteousness, that through Jesus Chirst

you may be acceptable to God.

SERMON XXIII.

CHRIST the WAY, the TRUTH, and the LIFE.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, April 18, 1687.

Fear the high places are not taken away; it hath been fo in all ages, and it is manifestly so in this day; where the heart is not rightly prepared for the Lord, there the high places are not taken away: For all the high places in the time of Israel's idolatry, they were ever set up when they departed from the Lord, and all the high places now they are up in a time of ignorance of God; when people have forgotten the Lord, then they exalt themselves, then pride, and arrogance, and every evil way prevails upon us; but when men come to seek the Lord with uprightness, that brings down their high conceits, that brings every one into humility; for every one comes to be convinced in themselves that none can find

the Lord, but as they are brought to be humble; nay, indeed, none feek after him aright but fuch, none have

the promise of finding him but the humble.

Therefore it is the duty of every one that is a real enquirer and feeker after God, to know the right preparation of mind, to know themselves in such a frame of fpirit, that they may feek in hope, that they may have a right and just expectation of finding him whom they are seeking after; for this hath been the reason that a great many have been frustrated in their endeavours, and in their purposes of seeking after the Lord, they have not been rightly prepared for him to manifest himself unto them, they have not known the preparation of his fanctuary; there was a peculiar preparation that was requisite to those that drew near unto the fanctuary of God, they were hallowed, that is, made holy, ere they drew near to the holy place; but alas! this hath been greatly neglected in our days, unholy people with unholy minds have been feeking after the Holy God, they have been enquiring after a holy way, and were not prepared to walk in it, there was nothing raifed in their minds, that was fit to walk in that way.

For fo long as men or women stand in unity with their lusts and concupiscence, with the spirit of this world, and the way of it, they are not capable of receiving that which should lead them into the way of holiness; nay, if it appears to them, they cannot receive it, for it is with them as with other guests, there be other lovers already let in, which employ the powers and faculties of their fouls, so that if the most beloved of all, the most excellent, if the chiefest of ten thousand do appear, they cannot see a comeliness in him. The prophet speaking of this state and condition of men, did prophefy concerning our Lord Jesus Christ, when we shall fee him there is no comeliness in him why we should desire him; and so it hath happened to a great many nowa-days, though the truth hath appeared to them, yet they have not looked upon it as a pleasant way, as a way defirable, but a way to be shunned if possible. What shifts have a great many people made to keep themselves, if possible, out of the way of truth, arguing for this and that,

and disputing for one way and another that was out of truth's way, out of the way of holiness. What was the meaning of all their arguments, but to tell us they might be happy, they might be faved, though they did not come into truth's way, and walk in truth's way? And though they did abide in those things, that were contrary to the testimony of truth in their own hearts, yet it might go well with them.

This is the strength of the arguments of all forts, of all persuasions in the world, that have been arguing them elves out of the truth, and would argue us out of the truth too, and would take the liberty to do those things which are not agreeable therewith; but now the reason of this is because the preparation is wanting, they are those that have no need of truth, and that have no need of God, and of a Saviour; but think they can make shift without them; he is not became the chiefest to them, they can abide in the high places, they can call upon the name of the Lord, and they can worship in the groves, and in the high places both together, like those nations that were brought to inhabit the kingdom of I rael when the ten tribes were carried away, they sent for priests to teach them, they sent back to the king of Assiral to send them some priests, to teach them to worthip the God of their country, and when the priest came to teach them, he taught them the ceremonies of the law, and the divers ob ervations that the Jews used to practise in that country, and so they grew into a formality of serving the God of I strael, they called upon the name of the Lord, and every nation worshipped their own Gods.

How is this nation, and the nations of Europe, now in-

How is this nation, and the nations of Europe, now inhabited with such a people that are called by the name of the Lord, but every one worshipping their own Gods; one makes gold and silver his God, another makes his pleasure his God, another his honour, another this, that, and the other lust, and they bow down to them, that is, they yield themselves to their lusts, concupiscence and corruptions, that they stand in unity with, but they call upon the name of the Lord too; they do apply themselves to some kind of form of worship, which they say is unto the immortal and invisible God; but alas! they come not to the know-

ledge of God by this. All that the priefts could do that the king of Affyria fent back, could not bring the Samaritans to the knowledge of the God of Ifrael, they only brought them to a report of such a God, that had set up such a law: They had the report of it, and for fear that the sions should tear them in pieces, they would enter into that form, but they worshipped their own Gods still.

So it is now, people do not come to the knowledge of the true God, the living God, by entering into any form of religion; for inflance, prayer, hearing of any ordinance or church-fellowship, these give not men the knowledge of God, there is but one way to come to that, but one only. Men have found a great many, it is past your skill and mine to reckon up the many ways that men have found out upon the face of the earth, how they might come to the knowledge of God, and to peace and reconciliation with him; but they have only placed the fool, and spent their time in vain, especially they that own the scriptures of truth to be a true and faithful record of the mind and will of God, they play the fool abominably; for the scripture that they give fo much reputation to in their profession doth testify the way is but one, and there is no other way for people to be reconciled to God, than by coming into Christ; to be found in him, to be regenerated and born into his nature, and have his qualities put upon them, that as he was pure, they may be pure; that he that sanctifieth, and they who are sanctified by him, may become both one, and so be reconciled to the Father through him. This you know is the common profession of Christendom, or at least of our nation. And in other nations, the common profession is, there is no Mediator but one, no Reconciler but one. Indeed some others hold there may be other Mediators, and that there are others that may contribute to them by their mediation, and by their prayers and merits, but the generality of the nations are otherwise.

Now for people to fall out, and fay, my way is best, and thy way is not best, and to fall into contests about many ways, when the scripture concludes there is but one way, is not well; we had better all agree about this doctrine, that there is no possibility of reconciliation with God, since we are

fallen out with him, and fince fin hath made a feparation, there is no way of being reconciled again to God, but by and through our Lord Jefus Christ; nor by him neither, unless we receive of his Spirit to quicken us; nothing can quicken us, enliven us, or recommend us to God, but the Spirit of Christ operating and working in our hearts, that

he may prepare us for the Father's kingdom. If people would agree upon this, there would be an end of all labour, and toil, and jangling about the right way, for the consequence and conclusion would be this: That the man who doth not know himself the sanctifying power of the Spirit of Christ Jesus, he is out of the way to reconciliation with God, let his form and profession be what it will: If therefore he be reconciled to God, it must be by and through the Mediator, and he will never recommend him to the Father till he hath made him a temple to let in the Spirit of Christ, to work in his heart, to sit him for the kingdom of God: And men have no other way to come to it; for though they be zealous in every prayer and form, it fignifies nothing to any great purpose, their hope will be frustrated; there is no other way, saith Christ, of coming to the Father, but by me; I am the way, the truth and the life. If I am out of the truth, I am out of the way; and if I am out of the way, then I cannot come to the end of the way. This is plain reasoning among men: If I tell a lie, that is our of the truth: If I have vain communication, or deceive or wrong my neighbour, that is out of the truth; if I am in that which is manifested in my conscience to be contrary to the truth, I am out of the way; though I be frict in that way, as to profession, yet I am out of the way to God, I am out of the truth; there is no way to God but by Christ, who is the way, the truth and the life; whoever is out of him, is out of the way; which made the apostle fay, that his labour, endeavour and defire was, that he might be found in Christ, not having his own righteousness, but having on the righteoufnefs of Christ Jefus.

Many men think to recommend themselves to God by their righteous, just and honest dealings, and doing wrong to nobody. This is good in itself, but doth not recommend us to God, unless it be done by the righteous and

holy

holy Spirit of Christ Jesus, unless it be of his working; he must have the working of righteousness and truth in us; he must plant it, and it must grow by his working, if it be acceptable to the Father; for without me, saith Christ, you can do nothing. A man out of Christ, a stranger to his Spirit, may do something, but nothing available to the well-being of his soul, 'till he have reconciliation by Christ Jesus: If he be reconciled to God, this Mediator must be the Reconciler, and he must sit and prepare him for reconciliation with the Father.

All the divisions, forts and fects of religion, must all come to an end; if this measuring line be laid to them, they all appear too short; and there is nothing will do a man good, but that religion that obligeth and ties him to the good pleasure of God, through the Spirit of the Mediator, which he feels working in him, by which he is raifed from death to some degree of life: When he is fensible what a burthen fin is to his life, that godly life which he hath, he is burthened with every fin, and oppressed with every vain thought, and every vain word, if he be not in some measure quickened, he is not sensible of this burthen; but being quickened, he is sensible of the burthen that lies upon his life, by reason of his sin; and then, being under the weight of his fin, he calls to God for his affiftance; he cries to God to help him; he now knows that he hath striven and laboured in vain. O God of all grace, if thou vouch fafest not help to my foul, if thou dost not interpose by the assistance of thy grace, I cannot overcome this fin. There is a continual cry to God for divine affistance, and as they cry to God for affistance, he ministers affistance to them, by which they are able to overcome the enemy of their fouls, and all temptations when they come: And when a man finds fuch divine affiftance, his faith is strengthened and confirmed, and so he fights the good fight of faith, and at last gets the victory; victory over his fin, and his own lufts, and concupifcence, and victory over the affaults and temtations of the adversary, and at last he comes, through the grace of God, to deny all ungedliness and worldly wifts, and to live righteoufly, soberly and godly in this present world.

Now when people do thus, it is by the grace of God. This life of righteourners, fobriety and godliners, is not the effect of their labour and exercise, and of their endeavours herein, but it is the effect of the holy Spirit that hath been the teacher. When you fee a man has become a good scholar, eminent in all forts of learning, you will conclude he did not attain to all this of himself, he did not learn this and the other language, this and the other art and science of himself; no, he had some judicious and able master and teacher, who communicated of his learning and knowledge to his disciple and scholar: This is the efficient cause of his improvement. Now if a man, by the grace and the Spirit of God, and the teachings of it, live a holy, godly life, this is the effect of something; he did not always live such a life, how comes he to live such a life now? Is it by his own industry, labour and exercise? No, it is by being exercised, taught and led by the Spirit of God; so that it is the effect of the grace of God that he should live such a holy life, this is the meritorious scanse of it, as he is a creature, and by this meritorious cause of it, as he is a creature, and by this only acceptable to God in Christ the Mediator.

Thus a man comes to be justified and accepted, not because he is a godly man, but is made so by the Spirit of God: You are not under the law, saith the apostle, but under grace: You are under the teachings of it, under the directions of it: Grace can reprove people; for that grace and that truth that comes by Christ, and manifests itself as a light in the hearts of transgressors, reproves their fin, and calls them out of it; it reproves them for it, and exhorts them to leave it, both at one time; fo that it, and exhorts them to leave it, both at one time; fo that we must acknowledge all our righteousness, holiness and obedience to be of God, and all that we do in order thereunto, as it is done by the teaching, by the influence and operation of the grace of God given us in Christ Jesus; it is the effect of him who is our Mediator, he worketh it in us, and for us, of his good pleasure.

If we be justified, we are not justified for a righteous, holy life, and for our obedience; but we are justified through Christ, who worketh a godly life in them that believe, so that a man is not justified by any other way or means; and all other

other ways a man takes of being reconciled to God, are vain and fruitless, and have been spoken against by all that were moved by the Holy Ghost in the New Testament. Saith the prophet, what, thall I come before the Lord withal? I am fallen under death and fin, and in a separation from God, I would fain be reconciled to him; what shall I do to be reconciled to God? He goes about to reckon without Christ, and without faith and holiness. Shall I take a thousand rams, and ten thousand rivers of oil? Shall I come nearer still? Shall I make an offering of the fruit of my body, for the sin of my soul? Shall I offer my first-born to God, that I may not be rejected and brought to a separation from him? Thus men when they come to be fenfible, do feel in them elves that all this is to no purpose: The answer comes, thou mayest live, but all thy contrivances about making an offering are vain: He hath shewed thee O man! what to do. It is not thy finding this way and that way, viz. thy rams, and thy oil, and thy first-born; it is no way of thy devising and imagining that can reconcile thee to me, I have shewed thee, O man, what is good. What is this that is shewed? It is comprised in a short compass, it is to love mercy, to do justice, and to walk humbly with thy God. Will this serve without offering rams and oil, and offering my first born? This will do if thou canst but love mercy when it is shewn thee; that is, embrace mercy, and love it. He hath shewed mercy to all men; then love it and receive it; do justiy, leave every thing that is unrighteous, and do that which is just in the fight of God, but do not boast of thy justice and righteourness, but walk humbly with thy God; here is the whole duty of man. Here is no dependence on dead works, or my own exertions, in order to my justification.

Indeed the confideration of these kind of lessons do

Indeed the confideration of these kind of lessons do corrupt some men, and put them upon doing this or that, and upon forbearing this or that, and hath brought many to confession and great abstinence, and put them upon great doings, thinking this would answer the justice of God; I have loved mercy, and given all I had to the poor. If I do justly, and abstain from this and the other liberty, if I walk humbly, that is, if I humble myself by

this and the other manner of pennance and contrition, then I do what God requires, and then I have pleafed God.

Now all that have gone this way to work, to do justly, and love mercy, and to make themselves humble, and humbled themselves in such a low manner, they have missed the mark. He hath shewed thee, O man! what is good; that it is impossible for fallen man to answer this himself; he may be convinced of his duty to do justice, but by his own power and strength he cannot do it; there are so many temptations from without, and so many from within, such a propensity in nature, that will prevail against all the bonds of charity that he can make.

Therefore is help laid upon one that is mighty; without the grace of God that comes by Christ Jesus, a man can never do right, though convinced: 'Tho' the Lord hath shewed him what is good, he shows us that we are unable of ourselves; he hath taken care to fend his Son : God hath fo loved the world, that he hath fent his Son into the world, that he might help those that have need of help, that every one that is in diffress might have an eye to Christ, the author and finisher of their faith; when men have a reference to their faith in Christ, this makes their duty acceptable; I cannot do it except the Lord strengthen me; therefore I will have respect to the Mediator, Christ Jesus, who was sent for a light into the world. God fends forth his grace for every one to lay hold on, who generally believe, that the they are unable to do what God requires, yet he will enable them to do it; for as many as received him, to them he gave power to become the Sons of God, tho' they were the devil's children before; he is the same yesterday, to-day, and forever. He abides always the fame in his grace to men, he is in his operation to them the same; he offers grace to them that are in a frame of mind to receive it; they may know that his power will give them ability, and that whatfoever they do of themselves will prove fruitless, because it is not done in Christ's name and power, and so not acceptable to God.

The greatest thing that we are to be concerned about, if we will be religious, and concern ourselves about divine matters, about the kingdom of God and the world to come,

is, to fee what frame of mind we are in at prefent, whether the high places are taken away, whether we are not exalted in our own conceits of knowledge and wisdom, and reckon not to be beholden to him for his grace. and reckon not to be beholden to him for his grace. If we be highly conceited, and think we can stand upon our own legs, the high places are not taken away: Men are not in this state prepared to seek the God of their fathers; therefore, let every one turn to God, and see how it is with you; see whether there be a mind brought low enough to be subject to Christ, and to the gracious teach-

ings of his Spirit.

A man may fay, I can make a fermon, I can make a prayer and exhortation, and I can make a book, and fend it abroad, I can do all this by my own parts and abilities; fo thou mayeft, and mayeft make it all full of good words, but thou canst never make it acceptable to God; for without me, saith Christ, you can do nothing. Thou must have the assistance of the Spirit of Christ, else thou canst not make a good prayer part a good book. thou canst not make a good prayer, nor a good book, nor any thing good; God esteems the very plowing of the wicked to be an abomination to him. Where the mind the wicked to be an abomination to him. Where the mind is not exercised by the Spirit of God, if he should pray from morning to night, and spend all his days in pennance, it will do him no good. If I, saith David, regard iniquity; you may think I am a man in savour with God, a man after God's own heart; yet if I regard iniquity in my heart, the Lord will not hear my prayer. What signifies prayers and sermons, made of good words, if they come not from a heart separate from iniquity? If it be not so, it will do no good at all, in point of acceptance with God tance with God.

O let the fear of the Lord enter upon every heart! wait all to feel the Divine Power of the Lord, that brings down every high thought, that fo you may look to the preparation of your hearts, that is a right preparation; when the people are so low, so broken and so tender, that they are nothing in their own eyes, but what the Lord will make them to be; then they are as clay in the hands of the potter, they are fashioned by his hands, and made the workmanship of God in Christ Jesus, the

one Mediator between God and man. They must bear the likeness of Christ Jesus, bear his Heavenly image, they must have his qualities, and have the same mind in them that was in him: I do always that which pleaseth my Father, saith the Lord Jesus Christ. Indeed he hath the doing of things in the hearts of men, and God is pleased with him, and where men have the doing of them themselves, they are thrown back as dung in their faces; where any rightly defire justification, where men have a right preparation of heart, so to seek the God of their fathers, as to find him and be accepted of him, it is through Jesus Christ, in whom he is well pleased.

In all your assemblies, prayers, exercises and meditations, you must be separated and drawn off from your former lovers, and you must be joined to him that God hath sent to be a leader and a guide unto you, then you will find daily his assistance; and as you have assistance from him, you will find acceptance with God, and he will shew you the Father, and that, and nothing else, will satisfy the foul hungering and thirsting after God. Shew us the Father, and it sufficeth us. So when Christ, the Mediator, comes to have wrought so far as the purifying of the soul, and the sanctifying thereof, and thereby fitted it for his giory, such holy souls shall behold his glory; for the Lord will give grace and glory, and no good thing will he withhold from them that walk uprightly.

That you may be brought to this state, and kept and preserved in it; that the Heavens may rain down fatness upon you, and that you may feel the living virtues that flow from Christ to every member, is the labour and travel of the servants of God, for their own souls, and the souls of others that are in unity and sellowship with the

Holy Spirit.

SERMON XXIV.

CAPTIVE SINNERS fet free by JESUS CHRIST.

Preached at DEVONSHIRE-House, April 29, 1688.

HERE is nothing will make people live to God, but that which they receive from God. For as all men are by nature in a state of death, so there must be something beyond nature to make them alive again; and this is what every one ought to wait upon God for, that you may seel something that is supernatural, and that you may be acquainted with God's gift; the gift of God, saith the scripture, is eternal life. Many find a life in this world, that is not the gift of God. The life that people have in fin, it is not the gift of God; the delights and pleasures of this world are become a life unto them. The world is that to which every one must die; they that are not dead to that, they all live to themselves, they do not live to God, for none can live to God, but by the life that comes from him. That which people receive of man, gathers them unto man; that which they receive of God, carries them to God.

So men have made gatherings, and have communicated of what they have to one another, and by virtue thereof, have made them a people: Many men have gathered many people, many churches, and they live to them that gathered them; they do not live to God, for want of receiving fomething from God, but all they that come to receive the gift of God, they die to the world, and they come to live fuch a life as the world doth not love, doth not care for, and hath no pleafure in: If you were of the world, faith Christ, the world would love you; but because you are not of the world, they hate you. How should this be understood, were not they some of the men of that generation? How doth he mean they were not of the world? Why, I have taken you out of it, saith he; and yet they were there still, and they were named by certain names, the sons of such and such men; yet for all that,

they

they were not of the world; and that which differed in them was, being made partakers of that life which the world knew not.

And fo there will be an enmity in the world against the life of holines; they will hate any body that lives in it; and as it was then, so it is at this day, they that are of the world, they hear and receive those things that are of the world, from the men of this world; but they that are of God, they hear them that are of God, and they receive the things of God, and their greatest comfort and joy that they have is in their communion with God in Christ Jesus, through whom, as through a conduit, the blessings of the father are ministered to them, and through whom, as from the fountain of life, their life is renewed from day to day.

But these things are hid from the world, from the wise and prudent of it; they cannot dig into the depth, nor ascend to this height; they cannot comprehend the length and the breadth of the things of God, which are in Christ Jesus; they may reach unto something of the love of God, that is in the creation; they can tell when the sun shines upon them, and when the rain falls upon their fields; and when it salis in due season they call it a blessing; and while the covenant with winter and summer remains, they look upon it as comfortable, and perhaps sometimes will bestow a saying, I thank God for it. All these things are beneath us, and there is neither love nor hatred known by them all. I saw the wicked, saith one, I beheld his dwelling place, and he flourished like unto a green bay-tree, and was wicked still, notwithstanding all this.

But now, they that fee where they live, that live to God, they can fay, that their leaf never withers, but they bring forth their fruit in due feafon; but he did not fo. But the wicked man that flourished like a green bay-tree, behold I locked, and he was removed, and his place was no more to be found: There came a blasting upon all his blessing and his flourishing came to an end; his riches perished, and his good things passed away from him. But the man whose delight is in the law of God, and makes it his pleasure both night and day, he is like a tree planted by the rivers of water, whose leaf never fades, and brings forth his fruit in due season.

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But this is hid; there is no body in the world but would have something of this life too; they would be sure of eternal life, but they would not die to the other life, they would not be crucified to the world, they would not be separated from their lovers; if they could get into the state of a righteous man, an hour or two before they die, when they are sure they shall die, it would please them; but to live that life that is to God, is to die to the world, and to part with that they have, their comfort, their joy, their peace and honour, and all their worldly enjoyments in it, before they can come to receive the gift of God, they think is hard: But they that look after it, and have a mind to find it out, without parting with the world's life, they deceive themselves.

Do not you fee how men have deceived themselves in these days? They have sought after the kingdom of God till they are scattered in their own way; they are quarrelling about their own way, as if they never had any scripture to be their rule: They cry the scripture is their rule; this is the way to eternal life, saith one; and this is the way, saith another; and the one and the other say all these ways are false saving their own; and all these contenders about the way to eternal life, they all say the scripture is the rule.

And yet the scriptures speak of the way too, and tell us

And yet the scriptures speak of the way too, and tell us the way plainly, the way to rest, peace and life eternal. If the scriptures had been silent in it, and had said nothing but of genealogies and histories of armies and wars, it had been something; but the scriptures of the Old and New Testament speak of a certain way to eternal life, and say it is the way of holiness, a way shall be cast up for the redeemed and the ransowed of the Lord to walk in, and the way-faring man, though a fool, shall not mistake in it. Though he never took a degree at the university, he shall not err in it; though he be a sool in the account of the world, and never understood Greek or Latin, yet he shall not err in this way.

The way that leads to the kingdom of God, is called the way of holiness; but while many have been reading in their books, they have been contending for a way of unholiness; no wonder then they have been quarrelling about

it, and have all missed it, and that in the main point of all: Let them make a way, which way they will, and frame it ever so wisely, according to the best wit they have, be it a way that hath all material qualifications that should make it a way of holiness, these men may walk in it, but they will never find the way to the kingdom of God, though they have sought it out: Go to one place and another place, and ask them what is your way? Our way, say they, is the right way, the most sure and certain way that can be found for people to walk in: But whither will it lead me? It will lead thee to the kingdom of God: That is it I would have; but will it lead me to holiness? No, never in this world, thou must never come to holiness; do the best thou canst do here, it is but sin; the best day's work thou makest is but sin; the best child of God on earth cannot live a day without sin: Do you hold out that in your way? Yes; then I have done with that, and must go to another people.

So many have gone many ways to the kingdom of God, and when the upflot is come, they have found every way a polluted way, a finful way; I know this way will never lead me to God; fin first led me from God; I had been well enough as I was created at first, if I had never sinned against God; a finful way will lead me from God. It is against common sense, and against rationality, to say we did first go from God by sin, and must go to God again by a sinful way. Who will believe that such a way will lead men to God's kingdom? and that any way will lead men

to God, that will not lead them to holiness?

The Psalmist saith, if I regard iniquity in my heart the Lord will not hear me; though a man keeps close to meeting, and ordinances, and duties, and performances, iniquity it seems remains still; there is no rooting it out in this world. This continuing and remaining with a man, makes all his performances, and duties, and prayers unacceptable to God; they are all turned back again upon him, and cast as dung upon his face, and true enough too; so that here is no coming unto God in this way; the comers thereunto know well enough they are not reconciled to God, if they are men that are conscientious.

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There are a fort of people so stupid and sordid in their judgment, that if a man tells them they are reconciled to God, they will believe him though conscience reproves them an hundred times a day. If the parson of the parish say, that he hath made this child an heir of the kingdom of God and an inheritor of eternal life; I know some have believed it forty years after, and have born themselves up upon this man's word all their life: Do you think there is any danger of me, that in baptism was made an inheritor of eternal life, and an heir of the kingdom of God? God hath not appointed ordinances in his church for nothing.

I fpeak not of such sordid hard-hearted people, that never entered into themselves to know how it was with them, whether they are converted; but I speak of sober conscientious people, that do not desire to be cheated in a point of salvation, though they have been deceived a great while, they may be undeceived: Then they must take this for certain doctrine, that nothing can reconcile them to their Maker but that which takes away sin. God hears not sinners, he will never be reconciled to a man in this world, as a sinner; but there are many thousands (blessed be God) in this age, as well as in other ages, that were sinners, and reconciled to God through Christ, and had remission of sin; but never any man in his sin was reconciled to God, though he did believe the truth, if he did not come to the fanctification of the spirit, he could never be reconciled to God.

So that there hath been, in all ages, a way of the working of the Spirit of God in the hearts of them that believe, to prepare them for the finless kingdom, for that glorious kingdom, into which nothing that hurteth, defileth or corrupteth, can enter. And because we cannot enter with corruption and defilement, he hath appointed the ministration of his Spirit to work out that which might hinder the cleansing of us from sin, that we might have an abundant entrance into his glorious kingdom; so that whilst they say there is an impossibility of living without sin, I had as lief they had said, there is an impossibility of entering into the kingdom of God; for never any shall come into the kingdom of God, but those that are without sin; for there is no purgatory after death.

The Papists have a better conceit than the Protestants in that respect: The Protestants conceive sin to be expelled at the point of death; and they say, all the sins of believers, all the guilt of fin, after we are believers, is pardoned, forgiven and done away, by the death of Christ upon the cross; we will have it, if we can get it. If men can imagine a way into the kingdom of God, they will have one. They believe that a man may fin and contract no guilt; and that he may fin till his dying day, and then all fin shall pass away, and he shall enter into God's kingdom. The Papists fay none can come to Heaven till they be purged from fin; and they fay God hath appointed a place for that purpose, and persons must go into purgatory, and they must lie there till they are purged, and purissed, and fitted for Heaven. Now, say the Protestants, truly; there is no such thing, we find no such thing mentioned in the scripture, therefore such a thing as this cannot be; for the apostle said, we have declared to you the whole counsel of God, and he speaks not a word of purgatory in all the New Testament. The Protestants have got a way to help themselves, and the Papists, also, to help themselves, and both lie under danger: As for the Papists, if their priests mistake, and there be no such place as purgatory, then they must be brought back to the doctrine of the scripture, which declares, that as death leaves us, so judgment shall find us; and as we sow so we must reap; if we sow to the siesh, then of the siesh we shall reap corruption. Then the Protestants, likewise, if they mistake in saying, a man may act fin and yet contract no guilt, then they must be brought back to the doctrine of the scriptures, that tell us, the Joul that sinneth must die: If a righteous man forfake his righteousness, and doth that which is evil, his righteousness shall be remembered no more, but in the sin that he hath committed he shall die.

This is found doctrine: I had rather trust the doctrine of the prophets and apostles than the doctrine of all others, either Protestants or Papists; and had rather depend upon their doctrine for falvation, that were inspired by the Holy Ghost, than upon those doctrines that say, there is no inspiration now-a-days. Some conceive this scripture

may be interpreted thus and thus; and others conceive it means fo and fo, but we must, say they, submit to better judgment: I am a fallible man, I submit it to better judgments. Now when people are concerned for immortality and eternity, to have such things dished out in such a manner, what souls are so dull but they would bestir themselves, and consider and look about them before they go hence, and how it shall go with them when they are gone?

We are now to work out our own salvation, that is on our part: None ever have wrought out this salvation, it is wrought out on God's part already, and it is to be made ours; he that is our Saviour, he hath suffered for our sins, and rose again for our justification; he was made to us, of God, wisdom, righteousness, sanctification, and redemption. Now wisdom signifies the opening of the counsel of God; righteousness signifies the subjection of our wills to the will of God; sanctification signifies obedience to the Spirit of Christ. Sanctification signifies obedience to something; to what? what shall we be obedient unto? What is our rule? He that is led by the Spirit of Christ is none of his; so that it is plain, fanctification signifies obedience to the Spirit of Christ, and redemption signifies buying again, or setting free from bondage.

We know when our friends are in captivity, as in Turkey, or elsewhere, we pay down our money for their redemption; but we will not pay our money if they be kept in their fetters still. Would not any one think himself cheated, to pay so much money for their redemption, and the bargain be made so that he shall be said to be redeemed, and be called a redeemed captive, but he must wear his setters still? How long? as long as he hath a day to live. This is for bodies; but now I am speaking of souls,

This is for bodies; but now I am speaking of souls, Christ must be made to me redemption, and rescue me from captivity. Am I prisoner any where? Yes; verily, verily, he that committeth sin, saith Christ, he is a servant of sin, he is a slave to sin: If thou hast sinned, thou art a slave, a captive, that must be redeemed out of captivity; who will pay a price for me? I am poor, I have nothing,

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I cannot redeem myself, who will pay a price for me? There is one come, who hath paid a price for me; that is well, that is good news, then I hope I shall come out of my captivity. What is his name, is he called a Redeemer? So then I do expect the benefit of my redemption, and that I shall go out of my captivity. No, say they, you must abide in sin, as long as you live: What benefit then have I by my redemption? I could have been in captivity no longer; if I had not been redeemed, I must wear my shackles and fetters still, and be subject to my old master and patron, and when he will have me be drunk, I must be drunk; and when he will have me be unclean, I must be unclean.

Thus many profest Christians there be (you see it with your eyes) that will tell you they believe all the articles of the creed, and they have been baptized into the Christian faith, and can rehearse all the principles of the Christian religion, and perform the duty of Christians in going to church, faying their prayers, and giving alms too it may be; they are fuch as would be called Christians, they would be called fo, yet they are not redeemed from their vain conversations; for what makes their thackles and fetters about them? When their old mafter bids them be drunk, they will be drunk; and when he bids them commit whoredom, or lie, or cheet their neighbour, they will do it: You do believe the devil leads you to this; you will not fay the Spirit of God led you to it. If one demand, how did you do it? You fay, the devil prevailed upon me: What, hath the devil power over men after they are redeemed? What fort of re-demption is this? Then comes in the old fhift again, we are redeemed from the punishment of our fin, but not from the act of it.

How if those that are called ranters had told me this tale, it had been like them; but when doctors of divinity tell as this tale, it is so unlike divinity, that it is carnal, sensual and devilish. To tell believers they are redeemed from the punishment of sin, but not from the act of sin; that this is the benefit which we receive from Christ's sufferings; that we may sin on, free cost; that there is no guilt contracted by it; will any man or woman, that understand they have a soul, venture their immortal souls on this divinity? I

hope

hope not. They will not venture their foul on this foundation-doctrine: I hope God will awaken the consciencies of people, that they will not hazard their fouls upon fuch a carnal, devilish soundation; that if the devil should preach, he could not preach a worse doctrine than this, to persuade Christians they may live in sin, and sin will not hurt them, nor impair or break their peace with God, and reconciliation with him.

I will tell you how it hath been with me; in my child-hood, if I had spoken a vain word, or a false word, I had contracted such a guilt thereby, that I was ashamed to draw near to God, to pray to him; I knew he would not hear liars, I knew there was no way to be accepted without repentance and amendment of life. I believe others have met with the fame dealing from God, by the fecret strokes of conviction that have come upon their hearts, when they have finned against God.

So that I am still of the mind, that the persons that depend upon this kind of doctrine, do at sometimes, especially when sickness comes, and death looks them in the face, or in times of common contagion or pestilence, at such a time they have a weight of guilt upon their consciences; for this doctrine will not support them at death, but that then they believe they have contracted guilt, or

committed fin.

I have wished many times that the Lord would open the eyes and hearts of the people of this city and of this nation, to see how miserably they have ventured their souls. Will merchants in this city ever venture their goods at such a rate as men commonly venture their souls? What, will they venture their goods in a ship without a bottom, before fhe goes to fea? Now this doctrine hath not a foundation; me goes to tea? Now this doctrine hath not a foundation; shall I believe a person that tells me I do not contract guilt, when I feel it upon my heart; when I commit whoredom and drunkenness, and cheat my neighbours, shall any one persuade me that I do not contract guilt?

O friends! we are speaking of great matters; it is about eternity, that we are speaking, it is about the hazard of eternal happiness; therefore I pray, let every one be serious, and consider what I say, for I speak in God's name, and on

your behalf: Men are to come to a true fearch in them-felves, what a life it is that they live. Many support them-felves by the doctrines and precepts of men, and they buoy themselves into conceits of salvation; let them examine whether it be a life that hath its support from the Spirit of God; this is material for every one to consider. There are none can live to God, but by the life they receive from God; the grace of God, which bringeth salvation, hath appeared to all men. Now here is an universal doctrine.

There are a fort of men in this city and nation that tell us, that faving grace is given only to the elect. Saving grace is given to all men; but you must construe those words, all the elect, where they are somewhat injurious, and would cast off the condition of the text, if they make and would cast off the condition of the text, if they make a distinction in the latter part of the sentence, for it will not be good sense: The grace of God that bringeth salvation, hath appeared to all the elect, teaching us to deny all ungodliness, &c. Here is us taken out of the all. The same grace, that is our teacher, appears to be the teacher of others, though they turn it into lasciviousness. The grace is the same, though they make many school-distinctions between common and saving grace. The apostle explains it, by telling what grace he means; the grace of God, which bringeth salvation, appeareth to all men, and that is by teaching us; what doth it teach? I pray consider it; it teacheth us to deny all ungodliness and all worldly lusts, and to live soberly, righteously and godly in this present world. Where is sin now, if a man be taught by this grace, and the dictates of it. Can a man live in sin, and grace, and the dictates of it. Can a man live in fin, and yet live righteoufly, foberly and godly too? Can a man live in fin, and yet deny all ungodliness at the same time? Where have men's understanding been, that cannot understand their mother tongue, and consider sense? Where are men's understandings that will say, I may deny all ungodlinefs and worldly lufts, and yet follow the lufts of my own heart? You would think I speak nonfense if I should speak thus; and yet we have been put off with such nonsen-sical stuff as this. We must pray to God to send his holy Spirit into our hearts, to enable us to live godly, righteous and

and fober lives, and at the same time believe that we shall

never do it, but that it is a business of impossibility.

Now when men come to lay these things together, and when they consider between God and their own souls, how it is with them, many are amazed to think they should ever be put off with such incongruous, disagreeing, and dissonant things, that are not consistent with one

But do you think it is possible for any man to live without sin? Yes, or else I would say it is impossible for any to be reconciled to God; for God will never be reconciled to sinners, as such; for his bargain and covenant is made of such kind of articles. Wash ye, make ye clean, put away the evil of your doings from before mine eyes. Cease to do evil; learn to do well, &c. Then come and let us reason together, saith the Lord; tho' your sins be as fearlet, they shall be as white as snow; tho' they be red as crimson, they shall be as wool, Isaiah i, 16, 17; still these are the terms, put away the evil of your doings, then patience, mercy and long-suffering, shall be extended to you; God will give grace and glory, and no good thing will he withhold; what, from those that say their prayers, or go to the church or meeting? No, but but no good thing will he withhold from them that walk uprightly; Plal. Ixxxiv, II. These are the men.

And when the Lord distinguishes by his prophet whom he

would have among them, he speaks of a fort of people that called upon the name of the Lord; those that feared the Lord, and spake often one to another; that is, of the goodness of God; they were a fort of people that trembled at the word of God; a sort of people that did not do as others did, hunt after pleasures, riches, and the honours of the world, but to be acquainted with the inward word that wrought upon their hearts; in that day that I make up my jewels, they shall be mine, saith the Lord. Whose shall the others be? Thou wilt own these for thine, but whose shall the others be, that think not upon thy name, and tremble not at thy word? There is a place for them too: Tophet is prepared of old, made both wide and large; the fuel thereof is fire and brimstone, and much wood,

all that are wicked, and that work iniquity. This is for

This is in the Old Testament; then comes the New Testament, in John's Revelations; there is a separation again: There are a fort of people which are called the true worshippers, and the angel was commanded to go and measure the temple, and those that worshipped therein: The outward temple was not measured, but lest for the Gentiles to tread in, and lest without the measure; for without are dogs and sorcerers, and whoremongers, and murderers, and idolaters, and whosever loveth and maketh a lie. And then the Lord speaks to his prophets in the Old Testament again; if thou put a difference between the precious and the vile, then thou shalt be as my mouth unto them; but if thou huddle them altogether, and sew pillows under elbows, then thou shalt

not be as my mouth.

So that in all ages God aimed at a separation of the state and condition of his people; and one fort of people were purified, through the fanctification of the Spirit, and belief of the truth; and another fort were unfanctified and unpurified, and remained in their fin; and the end of Christ's coming into the world, it was to call people to repentance; he came not to call the righteous, but sinners to repentance, and to leave off their fin. To as many as received him, to them he gave power to become the sons of God, to as many as believed on his name. Whose sons were the other? They made as high a rattle of profession as the other: He tells them who is their father, you are of your father the devil; and he did orderly prove it, and that was thus; that they did the devil's works, ergo, they were the devil's children. It was Christ himself, the greatest doctor of divinity that ever was in the world, that spake these words: And this is the manner of logic whereby he argues with the *Pharifees*, to make them believe that they were the devil's children; they that do the devil's works are the devil's children; but you do his works, therefore you are his children; fo they fought to kill him, they could not bear fuch arguments.

If one should go and search out a people in this city and nation, and see one man of this religion, another of

that

that religion, and pick them out, and use this argument with them: There is a man professeth high, he professeth a light within; if you look upon his deeds they are dead and dark, why then he is one of the devil's children: If you put me to prove this, I say he doth the devil's works, he is an extortioner, a deceiver, and a drunkard and unclean person, and doth the devil's works, and so is none of God's children. And so go to another sort and use this argument, it is safe enough, you can never fail in this kind of argument which Christ used; and if people would use it with themselves, and think themselves no better, then we should have people consess themselves the devil's children.

None come to be God's children, till they come to acknowledge their lost estate, their deplorable condition; that they are fallen from God, and through sin and iniquity are got into a nature that is at enmity with God; then they will cry out, who shall deliver me from this bedy of death, and childship of satan, this heirship of wrath? I am an heir of an inheritance; I am an heir of wrath, and I would sain part with this inheritance and heirship, and have an inheritance with the saints in light: We shall never know this, till we come to divinity without sophistry, and without tricks and quirks, and come to Christ's reasoning. He that doth the devil's work is the devil's child; then they will con'ess this is of the devil, and the other is of the devil. This is an evil work; and I see that I have need to be brought into another condition.

When people come to an acknowledgment of the truth, and of their own condemnation, then they are one step towards redemption and salvation. No one ever took a step towards their salvation, till they acknowledged their own condemnation. He that sanstifies, and they that are sanctified, are all of one; and they that are joined to the Lord, are one Spirit. An evil tree, saith Christ, cannot bring forth good fruit. When Christ spake this, he spake it to men and women, and he spake it of men and women, and not of trees: And when he said, no man can gather grapes of thorns, nor sigs of thisses, he speaks of a generation of men: As if he had said, this thorn must be translated and changed into another nature before it can

bring forth grapes; and this thiftle must be changed into

another nature before it can bring forth figs.

There must be a change in the nature of man before there can be a change of the fruit and effect of his doings; what sever he sows, that he shall also reap; what sever a man doth in the body, he must give an account thereof at the day of judgment; for the books will be open-ed, and men judged according to the things written in those books. If there be a book for thee and me, I will warrant thee there is a great deal in it; there is a recorder and a clerk for the book, which God hath opened in every man's conscience; and there is set down every man's transgressions and his sins: Saith one, thou hast written my transgressions as with the point of a diamond; thou hast engraven it so deep, that it seems impossible that it should ever be blotted out again: Some have had their fins so deeply engraven in their conscience, that they have thought they would never be blotted out, they were written as with the pen of a diamond.

When people fee and confider that they have ventured their fouls upon fuch flight grounds, I hope they will be awakened to feek after rightcoufness; when they fee there is nothing good in them: Where there is any thing good, it is God that hath given it to them. Some will fay, if I be perverse, corrupt and wicked, I cannot help it, therefore I must be beholden to my Maker to help me, else I must never be helped. Now, because God knows that we are helpless, he hath laid help upon one that is mighty, that is, our Lord Jesus Christ; and Christ hath sent forth his Spirit into the world to convince the world of sin, and to lead his people into all truth: And this grace that comes by Jesus Christ hath been so universally shewed, and so univerfally extended to all men, that I never met with a man yet that had none of it: But let them be as bad and as dark as they could, yet the light of Christ shined in that darkness, into the darkest heart, that ever I met with in all my life: He sheweth men, that his light shineth in darkness, and the darkness cannot comprehend it.

Therefore the work that God hath set us about, and

the fervice which he requires at the hands of many of

us, is to turn men from their own darkness unto the light of Christ their Saviour, and from the devil's power, that hath enslaved them, to the power of God that can redeem them; and yet we are far enough from that which they call free will; it is God's will that every one should be saved: But some will not be saved, they will keep their own wills and not resign them up to God; they have a free will to go to destruction. As for salvation, if they will obtain it, they must part with their own wills, and they must take a yoke and burthen upon them, before they can be saved: If people can have their wills, they will not take Christ's yoke upon them: He that will be Christ's disciple must deny his own will and take up his daily cross; these are the terms of the gospel.

But you will fay, no man, by all the power he hath, can redeem himself, and no man can live without sin.

We will say amen to it: But if men tell us, that when Gods power comes to help us, and to redeem us out of sin, that it cannot be effected, then this doctrine we cannot away with, nor I hope you neither. Would you approve of it if I should tell you, that God puts forth his power to do such a thing, but the devil hinders him? That it is impossible for God to do it, because the devil doth not like it? That it is impossible that any one should be free from sin, because the devil hath got such a power in them, that God cannot cast him out?

This is lamentable doctrine: Hath not this been preached, this doctrine of impossibility of living without sin? It doth in plain terms say, though God doth interpose his power it is impossible, because the devil hath so rooted sin in the nature of man. Is not man God's creature, and cannot he new-make him, and cast sin out of him? If you say sin is rooted deeply in man, I say so too; yet not so deeply rooted but Christ Jesus is entered so deeply into the root of the nature of man, that he hath received power to destroy the devil and his works, and to recover and redeem man into his primitive nature of righteousness and holiness; or else it is salse, that he is able to save, to the uttermost, all that come unto God by him. We must throw away the bible, if we say that it is impossible.

ble for God to deliver man out of sin. Is not Christ entered into the root of our nature? And hath he not taken upon him the seed of Abraham, after the flesh? Hath he not entered into the root of all men's natures, and tasted death for every man, that he might quicken every one that is dead in sins and trespasses? All these things speak the love of God to mankind, in order to their salvation.

Much might be faid to these things, these clouds of error and darkness that have overspread the nation; yet, this I say, if one were to speak of it ever so long, it must be by the eye that God gives you, that you must see it; it is he that opens the hearts of men as he did Lydia's: If there had not been the power of God that reached her heart,

Paul could not have opened it.

When all is faid that can be faid, the counsel of God which hath sounded in your ears, is recommended to you, that every one may retire in quietness and silness of mind to wait for the feeling of that quickening power of the Spirit of Christ that is sent into the hearts of men; that it may open your eyes to see your present state; then you will see a better state, a further state, and when you see with your inward eye that your state is not so good as you would have it to be, then trust and rely upon the all-sufficient and powerful operation of God's Holy Spirit to mend your state, and give you power over your corruptions, and to go on from one step to another, towards the cleansing and fanctification of your souls, so that you may receive something from God to enable you to live to God; for all that you receive from men will only make you live to men, but that which you receive from God, will help you to live to God; that will purify you and sanctify you, and make you clean through the word: So through the word you will come to cleanness, purity and holiness: And when you are come to the way of holiness, you may believe you have got into the way of God's kingdom, and never till then.

It is not enough to make a profession, but we must live up to the profession of that religion that we make; it is not holding this tenet and the other tenet, and saying, this minister, I am sure, preacheth the truth; thou mayest be The SHEEP of CHRIST hear his VOICE. 291

a child of the devil for all that. I now speak indifferently to all people, without respect to any fort: They that believe they are walking towards the kingdom of God, and yet their way is not a holy way, they have cheated themfelves, and deceived their own fouls, and they had need look about them and take heed what they do; the glass is running, and time is hasting away, and our life may end we know not how soon. It is good to prize and improve time, while you have it, and bring your deeds to the light; fee what reproofs, instructions, counsels and openings you have met with from the Lord, and fee how you have answered and been obedient to them, and so you will come to take a found and infallible account of your condition; and if it be not so good as it should be, wait upon the Lord to mend it; he that made you can mend you, he that made your ears, must unstop your ears to hear the word of God.

To that power that carries on the works of fanctification and redemption by his word, to that word I must leave you, and to his spirit I commit you. This word will be with you, and if you part not with it, it will not part with you; it will go with you to your houses, and to your shops, and to your beds; it will lie down with you at night, and rise with you in the morning: To that end, Christ is a leader and governor, and the captain of our falvation, to lead the van, and carry you on in the way of falvation; and as many as follow Christ, and are led by the Spirit of God, they

are the children of God.

SERMON XXV.

The SHEEP of CHRIST hear his Voice.

Preached at DEVONSHIRE-House, May 10, 1688.

My sheep (faith the true shepherd) hear my voice.

HE sheep of the true fold hear the voice of Christ, the good shepherd, and know the voice of strangers too: But, saith he, the stranger they will not follow. This scripture hath been a mark of distinction in all ages, that

hath been peculiarly bestowed upon the people of God, that they have had a discerning knowledge to make a certain distinction between them that were of God, and those that were of the world: Now they that are of God hear us, saith the apostle.

Now, that you may all find in yourselves this peculiar gift of God, to be able to understand and discern between the precious and the vile, that you might know the ministration of life from the ministration of death, you must all be gathered inwardly into that which you have received of God; for they that are only exercised with gifts and parts, and acquirements that appertain to this world, they have been always subject to delusions, apt to be led away into a bypath and crooked way, that leads to destruction: But they that are under the government and direction of the gift of God, they have been able thereby to make such a distinction of voices, and of sounds, that they have been pre-

ferved from the delufions of the age.

This was the difference of old between the prophets of God and the false prophets, between the apostles of our Lord Jesus Christ, and the false apostles; the difference was not so much in their words, for they had in a great measure the same words; if the true prophets used to say, thus saith the Lord, the false prophets would say so too; if the true prophets declared against sin, the false prophets likewise would do so; for the false prophet stole his word from his neighbour: But the greater matter by which the people of the Lord were preserved, was, that hidden and divine wisdom they received of God, by which they discerned the voice of the spirit from the voice of strangers, from the voice of them that were of the slesh; and that was the cause that the Christians in the primitive days did not adhere to, and follow those sales apostles that came to them in their own names, and held a form of godliness, but denied the power of it.

But they among them in whom their witch-crafts did enter, they went away from the spirit, and sought to be made perfect in the flesh; they went to the outward observation, and to the beggarly rudiments of things that perish with the using, and from the law of the spirit of life

in Christ Jesus.

And as it hath been in those ages of which we have read, so it comes to pass in this our age, in which a dispensation of the spirit of truth is manifested and revealed unto the children of men; there is a remnant that have received the testimony of eternal life, and have believed the testimony, and waited on him of whom the testimony is born, not to have life by the testimony, but to have life in him; so they receive their life by the ministration of the Spirit of Christ, and they live to God, and others who have received no life from him, but have a life in the words, and sounds, and noises and terms, and distinguishing phrases of things, their life lies there, they live not to God but to themselves, their glorying is not in the cross of Christ, but in the words and outside of things; so that every one had need, at such a time as this, to approve their hearts unto the Lord; who knows the inside of people's profession, the inside of their religion, that knows how the heart is concerned towards God, and what they say and do upon the account of his service, so that all that are met together might come to receive more and more of the life and virtue that sanctifies the soul of him that receiveth it.

For, alas! my friends, it is not the gathering together of the most excellent words about religion, and about worship and service, which will approve any man in the sight of God; that is but the painting of a sepulchre, and covering the rottenness that is in many; but the Lord sees into the inside of every professor, and whosoever names the name of Christ and departeth not from iniquity, they do but take his name in vain, and contract a guilt upon their own souls; so that every one that seemeth to be religious, ought to enquire whence their profession springs; if it springs from a real posession of a measure of that which sanctifies the life, and shews itself forth, in its working and operation, many times abundantly more, than it doth in word and profession; it manifesteth itself in holiness and righteousness, to the honour of God; it is the aim and design of all such to exalt the name of him whom they profess, by holiness and righteousness shining forth in their works, for it will never thine through words alone; many good words may be spoken, yet God not glorified, but his

name may be dishonoured by them; but whosoever comes to feel that which is life in themselves, they know what will honour God, they feel the birth immortal that is of God, of his own begetting by the word of truth.

This living birth is that which brings forth living praises; the other is but flesh, that which is born of the flesh is flesh, and it glorifies the flesh, and when the flesh is most of all glorified, most of all exalted, it is then but as the flower of the field, it is then cut down and withereth; the sun of righteousards suines with the beams of the everlasting glory of God, and causeth it to wither and come

to naught,

So friends, let your minds be gathered inward, that you may be able in your own felves, by virtue of the divine gift of God, to diffinguish between the voice of the true shepherd, and the voice of a stranger, so that your minds may not follow a strange voice, that you may follow the Lord with your whole heart, with a full purpose of heart; for there is a real word of prophely discovered in the inward parts, which doth distinguish between the precious and the vile in every one's particular; and that which is precious in one, it answereth to that which is precious in another; and that which is vile in one, it answereth to that which is vile in another.

For there is an inward and sceret mystery of iniquity, as well as a mystery of godlines. The mystery of godlines is when God is manifested in the steps, the mystery of iniquity is, when the wicked one is making himself manifest, and appears and discovers himself in the steps, that he

may rife up and glory in the flesh.

Now the etetnal truth, which never changeth, this is that which giveth a difference, this hath always put a difference between the true and false prophets, the true and false apostles, and between the true and false ministers; the difference hath not been so much in words as in power, as the apostle speaks concerning some in his days, that had endeavoured to deceive, and to draw men aside from the simplicity of the gospel; when I come, saith he, I will know. Now, he does not affert, that he will pay particular attention to their words, whether they were judicious or no;

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for he fays, I will not know their words, but their power. How should he know their power if he were not in the power himself? Now this divine power, as every one acquaints himself with it, it worketh unto the fanctification of them, when they have fellowship with the stirrings and movings of all others that are partakers of it: This is that which will establish and confirm your minds in the true faith and simplicity of the truth, that you turn not aside to the right hand or to the lest. If you have regard to the principle of divine truth that you have received from God, then you can receive confirmation from any one that hath a measure according to it. There is a measuring line, and the reed of the sanctuary, that measures them with one reed and one measure, and every one answereth to that measure, according to the stature and degree of growth of the grace of God they arrive to; and now they are come to a fixed foundation.

Others there are in the world, that have laid their foundation upon this creaturely help, and the other creaturely help, upon this man, and the other man; but now true Christians come to have their foundation, their rooting and building upon Christ Jesus, upon that word of life that first of all gathered their minds into a desire after holines, into a desire after acquaintance with God that made them.

You that are true Christians can remember, how you were begotten, and that which did beget you; that word of God that is incorruptible, that is immortal, that was not of a dying quality, that need not be supported by this, and that, and the other means, but it hath its support in itself, it hath its nourishment in itself, and it grows up in itself, and every one that receiveth it they grow up in it, until they come more and more to partake of the life and qualities of it; that as he is, so they may be in the present world.

But this is never known, but where the word of God hath its free passage: Many have tasted of this word of God, and by tasting of it, have been acquainted with the power of the world to come; they knew well enough the power that would bring forth another world, a new Hea-

ven, and a new earth, and righteousness in it; many have felt the power that have never continued to fee the working of it, never continued to fee and witness what this power would work; going aside from the power of the world that was to come, they have never seen the coming of it, but their foolish hearts have been darkened again, and their imaginations have grown vain, and they have conceived to themselves a false liberty to the slesh, and their wills have been strong, and have prevailed over them; that though they had tasted of the powers that did belong to the world to come, they never faw the working and operation of that power to bring to pass that which by fight and vision they did behold.

Therefore it is needful for every one of you, in every flate and condition the Lord hath brought you into, to keep yourselves in a deep humility; to know the afflictions, temptations and trials you are under, and to exercise your minds, not only on account of what you have got over, but let every one know the state and condition in which at prefent they are labouring; for when some come to look at what fufferings and difficulties they have got over, they are apt to be exalted above measure, and lifted up in their minds; let every one consider what is their present state and work; their help lies in that condition. Some have always a foundation of their faith present with them, that they may feel the object of their faith where they hope for help, where they hope for comfort and strength to be present with them.

Now every one that believeth in the word of God, their care is, that they may know this word of God, that they may hear it, feel it, and behold the beauty of it under the exercises of it; how it conducts and leads, how it counfelleth and adviseth, that so, in all things they are to pass through, they may not be as those that have run into it; as those that do this and that of their own wills, but may

be properly followers of fomething.

I go into this, or that, or the other thing, not to do mine own will; I do not run into it, but I am led into it; my leader goes before me, the word of God, that hath conducted me and led me: I am a follower of God

in all his dispensations, and in all his leadings and guidings; I am to follow him, for he teacheth me his way, he instructeth me in the true way: The best of all his scholars and disciples, they are to be led and guided into that work and service they are to do, that they may run into no irregularily or absurdity, for he will lead you into holiness, righteousness and humility, where all become the servants of God in Christ Jesus, and servants to one another: There is a mutual concord and harmony in the work of this spirit in the service of this power where every one this spirit, in the service of this power, where every one finds what they are appointed and directed to, and all the members of the body of Christ know they ought not to be disjointed and rent, and separated one from another, but tied together in joints and bands, to edify one another in the love of God; so that here is one spirit that hath

been the guide of this one people in all ages.

Many people have been guided by many guides, and they have been feattered, divided and feparated one from another, and have been under this, that and the other name; but all God's people have been guided by the Spirit of Christ, that universal Spirit that is one with God. In the Old Testament times, and the New Testament times, they were all led by the universal Spirit of Christ, and they were of one heart, and of one mind, serving the Lord; there was a concord and unity among them; and if at any time any discord or division happened, it was because the roaring lion that goes about continually seeking whom he may devour, had found some or other that he might devour, and draw into his fnares and gins; for there are fome that he may, and fome that he may not. Who are they that this roaring lion may destroy? The devil knows who those are that he may prevail upon; he knows that those which are in the hands of God are out of his reach: My Father, saith Christ, is greater than all, and none shall pluck them out of my Father's hands; yet doubtless those that are in the Father's hands are tempted and tried, the roaring lion goes about feeking to devour them if he might; a man that he devours, he swallows up with prejudice, enmity, covetousness and pride, and he will lead him into any evil thing; he hath many gulphs to swallow men up
P p in.

298 The SHEEP of CHRIST hear his VOICE.

in, but if he meet with one that is kept in God's hands, he knows fuch a one is out of his reach, and he is not able to catch him.

If he meet with a man that he can prevail over, as he did over our father Adam and mother Eve, fuch as are in their own hands, that stand upon their wit and parts, and knowledge and eloquence; those that stand upon these things as their soundation, they are in their own keeping; these are they whom he may devour and catch, and ensure in one or other of his gins, and swallow them up in one of his gulphs and temptations: But seeing God hath opened and manifested these things by his Spirit, and seeing the secret wiles of satan are discovered and made known by the shining of his light, how ought every one that is a believer of the truth, to depend upon God for his protection, and be careful that he goes not out of his Father's hands, that he never trust himself to his own keeping for his security and preservation, lest he meet with a temptation that may swallow him and devour him.

I remember our Lord Jesus Christ when he was upon earth, he put his disciples in mind of what happened long before, remember Lor's wife: You may take notice of her, the power of God took hold of her and brought her out of Sodom, and was leading her to a place of safety, but she had something of Alam's apostacy in her nature, she looked back, and was turned into a pillar of salt. Our Saviour was pleased to make use of this passage that happened some hundreds of years before, to shew how she sailed of coming to the place of safety, though she was led out of Sodom by the hands of one of the angels of God. Ot remember her, she was turned into a pillar of salt, and this remains in-

thructive to this day.

If we remember where our fafety is, and from whose hands we must expect it, we need not go to look at Let's wife. We have feen many in our days that have stood fair for redemption, they have had a power revealed to them, that is able to redeem them, and save them to the uttermost; but afterward by exalting themselves above this power, and taking the government of themselves into their own hands, they have robbed God of his glory, and he

hath

hath withdrawn himself from them, and then it was with them as with Soul, when the Lord departed from him, the evil spirit entred into him.

We have before our eyes from day to day, those that have known the beginning of the redemption of God's power, and have been in a great measure brought out of Sodom, and out of the way of Egypt, and they have had opened to them the mystery of the kingdom of God for their encouragement, but at last they have taken and arrogated those gifts to themselves, and looking upon themselves as far excelling others, magnifying their parts as if they were their own, when they were the gifts of God. Then the Lord hath lest them, to let them see whether they could stand of themselves, and they have fallen, and been taken in the gins and snares of the devil, who, like a roaring lion, is going about continually, seeking whom he may devour.

Now, my friends, it greatly concerns us all to know what resuge we have to sty to, in a time of trial; we have a time of trial now, tho' not a time of external suffer-

Now, my friends, it greatly concerns us all to know what refuge we have to fly to, in a time of trial; we have a time of trial now, tho not a time of external fuffering and perfecution, and enduring hardship yet upon us, to try our faith and trust in God; yet we have no reason to be secure, carless nor remiss in our present duty, nor to put the evil day far from us, but to be in the exercise of humility and watchfulness as becomes Christians; for there is now as much danger and peril in this time of liberty

and tranquillity, as there was before.

If any one in the time of perfecution and fuffering hath faid within himfelf, I had better give over and part with the truth, and forfake the ways of the Lord, and give over my testimony for his name, for I shall be undone and ruined in the world; this man by his carnal fears hath lost his

testimony.

So likewise if a man in this time of liberty and freedom of serving the Lord, and bearing testimony to his name, if he shall not entirely trust in the Lord, to carry him on in his work and service, and continue his dependence upon him, and wait for the assistance of the Holy Spirit of God to work in him to will and to do of his good pleasure, this man shall lose his testimony, as well as the other: Therefore, let every one of you keep up a dependence upon God's

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Holy Spirit for carrying on the work which he hath begun in your fouls; confider what work it is that Christ is now at in every one of you; I know what his work was when I was first convinced, he was burning up and hewing down every thing that hindered his carrying on the work of fanctification and redemption, and firmness and stability in the

covenant of life and peace. And now our meeting together ought to be in the name of Christ; I hope it is so with most of you: I hope it is not to fee and hear what this or that man faith, but to know within yourselves what part of the work of redemption the Lord Jesus Christ is carrying on, that you may join with him, and be a willing people in the day of his power, and say as Paul, Lord, what will thou have me do? If thou wilt have me part with my all, Lord here it is, I offer it up; and if thou wilt have any service done, Lord here I am, speak, for thy servant heareth; let there be in every one of you an attentiveness, and an humble waiting upon the Lord, and fay as the Pfalmist, behold, as the eyes of servants lock unto the hands of their masters, and as the eyes of a maiden unto the hands of her mistress, so our eyes wait upon the Lord our God until he have mercy upon us.

Whenever a Christian hath his dependence upon God's wifdom and power, fuch a one shall never want wildom, the Lord will give him wildom to preserve him against all the wiles of fatan; and he shall never want power, for the Lord will enable him to fulfil and perform what he requireth of him; he shall be replenished with judgment and understanding, ability and power, to direct him into the good ways of God, and to enable him to walk in them.

It is the earnest desire of my soul, that every one of you may be exercised in those things which are profitable for you, and which may be comfortable to your friends and brethren; that you may all grow up into a flability and fledfastness in the good ways of the Lord, that you may not be thaken and toffed with every from and tempest; that when there comes a time for the trial of your patience, and fortitude and courage, you may not be toffed to and fro like children, but be freefast and unmoveable, always abounding in the work of the Lord, that so living in all holy

obedience

obedience and patience, and continuing in well-doing, you may have a conflant supply of strength and power from God ministered unto you by his Holy Spirit.

SERMON XXVI.

No True Worship without the Right Knowledge of God.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, May 24, 1688.

My Friends,

HERE is no man can truly worship God, till he comes to a measure of certain knowledge of him; for all the worship in the world where the veil of ignorance still prevails upon the mind, is all abominable; there is no acceptance with God: There must be a knowledge of God before there can be a true worshipping of him; for they that worship before they know God, they worship they no not what; they worship a God they have heard of, but do not know; so every one that would be a true worshipper, must first come to that which giveth a true knowledge, that raiseth up a certainty in the mind, this is the Lord, we will trust in him; this is our God, and we will serve him.

And that all people might come to this certainty of knowledge, therefore it is that God hath fent forth his Spirit, that the things of God might be communicated by the Spirit of God, for without the affiftance of this Spirit, men feek after the knowledge of God in vain; if they feek after the knowledge of God, they cannot find it, and if they feek after the worship of God, and after acceptance with God, they cannot find it; so that all religion, and religious performances, that people are exercised in, where the spirit of truth hath not the beginning, they will all prove fruitless in the end.

There are wife men in the world, who have employed their

their wisdom to find out the true God; but God in wisdom hath ordained, that the world by all their wisdom shall not know him; so there is an end of all their labour: How shall they know him then? As none can know the things of a man, save the spirit of man that is in him, so none can know the things of God, but the Spirit of God; so that they that resist the guidance, direction and counfel of the Spirit of God, are like unto those that would enter into a house or palace, and remember not the door that leads into it.

People would fain come into the divine knowledge and into the understanding of divine mysteries, but they would come by it another way; they would study for it, they would learn it by arts and sciences, they would attain it by their own industry; and herein they labour to excel one another. If there comes a man among them that tells them, friends you are all out of the way, then they are angry, and instead of enquiring what is the way, they are angry that their way must be rejected. Friends, you will never come to the knowledge of God but by the Spirit of God; then they mock, and then they scoff and scorn the doctrine of the Spirit, for the teaching of the Spirit hath been the common scorn and derision of our age.

It is so in our day with many; if they cannot come to the knowledge of God any other way but by the Spirit, they would deny to make use of that, to be subject to that, and these put their trust in their own power and industry, to find out the mystery of the knowledge of God; so they are ever learning, but are never able to come to the knowledge of the truth: How should they? How can a people come to a knowledge of the truth, without the spirit of truth that reveals it? Can any come to the knowledge of Christ unless he that sent him reveals him? Where are people's books? where are their bibles? where is their rule (they call it so) that all their endeavours for many ages have proved fruitless in respect to the knowledge of God?

This is but your fay fo, fome may fay; how doth it appear that we have not attained to the true knowledge of God? and to the true worship, and to the true religion?

I will tell you how it appears; for all, in all ages, that

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have attained to the knowledge of God, they have been made partakers of his divine nature and his divine qualities; they have brought forth a fort of fruit in their lives and conversations, that hath been of the same nature, it hath been holy and divine. They have known the sanctifier, and they have been a sanctified people, so they have become one with him, and have shewn forth the beauty of holiness in their lives, that is a demonstration that may shew the knowledge of God, for without it they live another life, an unholy one, a corrupt one, a life of self-love, a life of pride, vanity and enmity, and that they never had from God, but from another root; a life of iniquity and sin, it came from another seed; so that they are still without the knowledge of God.

And again, all that have come to the knowledge of God, they have trusted in him; that people cannot do now-a-days, except here and there a few that do know him; the generality of the age they cannot trust God; they must have something else to rely upon, and trust to, for in him they cannot trust. Now the Lord said by the prophet of old, they that know my name will trust in me; that is enough if people know God, whom to know is eternal life, even to know thee the only true God, and Jesus Christ whom thou hast fent: This is life eternal; if people were come to this divine knowledge, they would never take care or study for any refuge, or fet up this, or that, or the other thing to lean upon. A rich man he trusteth in his riches, one trusteth to one thing and another to another, but they would trust in the living God, and he should be their God and their rock, and they would venture their concerns upon him, both in this world and that which is to come, if they did but know him. People may talk as much as they will, but he can never, properly, be faid to be my God, and thy God, till we cast our care upon him, and can venture our concerns upon him, both in this world and that which is to come; and can fay, he is our God, and our reliance and dependence is upon him.

Now this is the effect and consequence of this know-ledge of God; such as come to partake of it, they shall have no need to be bid to worship him. You shall have

no need to make a law, that this people shall worship the God that they know; there needs no law to command the people of God to worship him; his law is written in their hearts; and they that know him, will worship him. There was never any man on earth, that had the knowledge of the true and living God, that needed be put upon worshipping him, that needed a law to oblige him to it; for the very knowledge that is given of God through Christ, this brings forth naturally an adoration of the invisible power which men put their trust in; it produceth an adoration that is true worship; it causeth an humble reverence of that power; it brings the foul upon its knees, as it were; it brings the foul to floop and bend, and bow upon all occasions to God, as his God: It raiseth his expectations to receive counsel, and judgment, and understanding, from him, as the fountain of wisdom; and hereby people are taught to worship in the right divine knowledge.

But to tell men of the worship of God before they know

him; though you make as many laws as you will to force them to worship that God they do not know, yet you can never do them any good, nor make their worship acceptable, nor make them devout; you can never bring devotion, nor divine adoration into their hearts, by all the laws

that you can make.

But there is a spirit of life that sets the soul at liberty from its sormer bondage to sin and satan; and when this law comes to be revealed in my heart, what saith this law? Worship God, give honour and glory to him. This law saith, submit thyself to him that redeemed thee, thou art his, thou art no more thine own; this law being written in the heart obligeth a man to a true worship, and to worship God in spirit and truth, for this man hath done imagining among the Heathen, that there are Gods many, and Lords many: He hath done imagining what God is, and where he is, for he is now come to know him; he is instructed beyond the best scholar in Athens, let him be ever so mean and despicable in the world; if it be ever so poor a lad or lass, they are beyond the best scholar in Athens; for the best scholar there came only so far as to contradict their fellow scholars: Some of them were for Mars,

and some for Jupiter, some for one God and some for another: These scholars, by some beam of divine light shining in them, had come to perceive that the influences that were in Mars, Jupiter and Venus, and the Sun and Moon, and other planets, they received them from an higher power, that is, God. They denied not that these plates had power and influences given to them; sometimes they are called heavenly bodies; the sky, or canopy of Heaven; and sun, moon and stars are called heavenly bodies, they have power and influences; but this was given them, and that power must be greater than theirs from whom they receive their power, virtue and influence, even that God who is the maker of all things. The scholars at Athens understood so much, as to see there was a God greater than the planets which the nations worshipped; they thought that God was to have an altar as well as Jupiter and Mars, and those other Gods, and therefore they built an altar to the unknown God, whom they ignorantly worshipped.

If thou and I are come to the knowledge of the true God, then we must know more than these scholars of Athens, who erected an altar to the unknown God: When the apostle came to preach divinity among these scholars of Athens, who were masters of arts and sciences, he preached to them, saying, that unknown God, whom ye ignorantly worship, him declare I unto you; we do not need to declare to you the Gods of the nations, for you worship them, but to declare to you the unknown God whom ye ignorantly worship; these were the great scholars of Athens that the apostle spake to: What dost thou declare of God? He is the God that made the world and all things therein, seeing that he is Lord of Heaven and Earth, and dwelleth not in temples made with hands, neither is worshipped with mens hands, as though he needed any thing, seeing he giveth to all life and breath, and all things, and hath made of one blood all nations of men to dwell upon the face of the earth, and hath determined the times before appointed, and the bounds of their habitations, that they should seek the Lord, if haply they might feel after him, and find him, though he be not far from every one of us; for in him we live, move and Q q.

have our being; for as certain also of your own poets have said, for we are also his offspring; for as much then as we are the offspring of God, we ought not to think that the Godhead is like unto gold, or silver, or stone graven by art and man's device.

Here is a way of learning, you need not turn over books any more; if I would know the true God, I must know who gave me life and motion, and who created me, he is not far from me; and how should I find the knowledge of him? feel after him, if haply you may find him; for he is not far from any of us; in him we live, and move, and have our being; we cannot live without him one moment; he giveth life, essence and power, to all creatures in Heaven and Earth; we must have him with us, or we cannot live; I die as soon as my life departs from me, so do you; if my breath and life continue with me, it is by the power of him that giveth it, in whom I live, and move, and have my being; still it is in him that first gave it.

Here all the great scholars and philosophers were counfelled to feel after him; so are all people now-a-days: This is our butiness, when we go to preach the know-ledge of God to them that want it; our commission runs not, that we must read such a book, such an author, and turn over such a leaf, and there you shall have a discovery, and a fair demonstration of the attributes of God, of his wisdom, power, goodness, mercy, omnipotence and omniscience; our commission runs not that way, but our commission runs thus; that we turn people from darkness to light; and from the power of satan to God; to turn their minds from that which may hinder the knowledge of Christ, from darkness, blindness and ignorance; God is not far from them; perhaps they might find him, if they did seek after him.

There are a fort of men now-a-days (fuch as were in former times) that fay unto God, depart from us, we defire not the knowledge of thy ways; fuch a fort of people are dark, and blind and ignorant, and are like to continue fo, that fay to God, depart from us; God is come to them, but they bid him depart from them: We are

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fent to these people that are dark and ignorant, and have not the true knowledge of God, though they have abundance of notions, hear-fay knowledge, learning and speculation; our business is to convince them of their ignorance, and to turn them from darkness to light.

There are a people that have mocked and scoffed at us many years; what, fay they, is there a light within? Must we go to the light within? Hath every body a light within?

Yes, I believe so; and you must believe so too, if you will believe the scriptures. Christ is the true light, and he hath enlightened every man that cometh into the world. If he did light them, how did he do it? I will tell you, say they; he spake a great many gracious words, and some-body hath writ them down. What, will this prove the light within? Because we have got a New Testament, and Christ hath spoken a great many gracious words, and they are written down and recorded, doth this prove the light within? No, people might have been in darkness still, for all the books of the New Testament, and the Old Testament too, and for all the books in the world; for they would never have conveyed light into the hearts and consciences of men, if God had not placed it there.

Indeed these books may be instrumental, and God doth make use of them as a means for the conveying of light and grace, and working of true conversion; but the holy scriptures cannot do it of themselves, unless there be a coacting and co-operation of the Spirit of Christ with them; without this spirit they cannot convey saving light to us; how prove you then a light within? The apostle tells you, if you will believe him, 2 Cor. iv, 6; God, who commandeth the light to shine out of darkness, hath shined into our hearts, to give the light of the knowledge of the glory of God, in the face of Jesus Christ; so that every one that retireth into himself, will know quickly, and underftand his error, and confess that there is a light within, and that by this rule, because there is something in the heart, that makes manifest that which is reprovable; if they do or fay a thing reprovable, that which manifesteth a thing is light; that which manifesteth dark words or works, is light.

Now when they have found this light within, the next question in controversy is, whether this will give men sufficient light for the true knowledge of God; whether this be sufficient to bring a man to life and salvation?

I am of that judgment, that it is sufficient; and I believe it heartily, and preach it boldly in the name of the Lord, that the light that shines in your hearts, shines there to give you the true knowledge of God, in the face of the Mediator, the Lord Jesus Christ. You cannot believe this, you will fay, for you have had this ever fince you was a child, and you know not the least good it hath done you; all our learned men and ministers, go to what fort you will, they speak very slightly of it; this light within is nothing but natural conscience, a poor light, it is but an ignis fatuus, that will mislead us. But let me tell thee, the reason why it doth thee no more good, is, because thou hast been loose and wanton, and vain, and wouldest not receive the reproofs of it; reckon up the time, and call to mind, when thou didst receive the reproofs of it, then it did thee fome good, and brought thee to remorfe, and brought anguish and forrow, and trouble into thy mind, and brought thee to a right fense of what evil thou hadst done; but if thou didst not regard it, no wonder it did thee no good; its reproofs and counfels were like the feed fown by the high way, the fowls of the air gathered it up, and it did not grow; that is, the devil plucked it up, and then the foul lay as feed that brought forth no fruit to God, and the devil might have what advantage he would.

I will tell you the reason why so many learned men, men of great abilities, speak so slightly and meanly of it, because it hath done them no good, inward nor outward, that they know of: How should it do you good when it hath done them none? The reason why it doth them no good, is because they do not believe in it; and did Christ ever do any body good that did not believe in him? He gave men power indeed to become the sons of God, the greatest good that they are capable of; but it was to those that be lieved on his name: Were all they the sons of God that heard Christ preach? No, some were

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the devil's fons; our Saviour tells them, that they were of their father the devil, and they did his works; they came to meetings and heard Christ preach; he discoursed to them, but it did them no good, for they did not believe on his name.

And then it appears in the next place, that if this light be taken heed to, and if men come to be taught by it and receive instructions, they would then have it all for nothing, they would have it all for God's sake; all the counsels and understanding of divine mysteries, all the openings of God, and all their knowledge of God would be obtained without charge: What then would become of the trade of preaching Christ, and the attributes of God; then their of preaching Christ, and the attributes of God; then their filver-shrine-trade will be spoiled, and then their Diana is gone; and this light hath done them no good inwardly because of their unbelief; and it doth them no good outwardly, because it spoils their preaching trade, because it teacheth men for nothing, but teacheth them, for God's sake, the light of the knowledge of God, that shines in the face of Jesus Christ, wherein are the openings of the mysteries of the kingdom of God.

So that if any come to know the virtue and the power that turneth men from darkness to light, they are come to

that turneth men from darkness to light, they are come to another state, and turned from the power of satan to the power of God; and when the power of God is revealed in them, then they say, this is my God; now I know the true God; they speak as those that are acquainted with him; this is life eternal to know thee the only true God, and Jesus Christ whom thou hast sent: It is not to know him at a distance, but as always present: The soul comes to be acquainted with God, as familiarly as a man is acquainted with his friend, and better too: A man that is acquainted with his friend, only knows some things pertaining to him; but those that are acquainted with their Maker they know the whole counsel of God, so far as belongs to their peace; therefore it was not in vain said of old, acquaint thou thyself with him, and be at peace: Be but acquainted with that inward power that knows thy thoughts, and then nobody need to preach a sermon to thee of the omnipresence of God; nobody need make

thee a doctrine of it, and offer reasons and motives for thee to believe it; it is all foolish labour; I know that God is with me, and near me; I feel him in me, and with me, at my down-lying and up-rising; when I am in my shop and about my business, he is with me in all places; and such a man is also well instructed about the omniscience of God; God's knowing every thing; I have learned that since I came to know him, all the doctors in Europe can tell me no more than I know in that point; the Lord observeth all my goings, and numbereth all my steps; Lord, thou makest manifest the thoughts of my heart, thou searchest my heart, and tryest my reins. Here is God's omniscience and knowing all things. Here is divinity growing out of the life.

Then the wisdom of God is infinite; so are all God's attributes infinite, incomprel enfible and unspeakable, they are all so in him, but he makes manifest a measure of his wisdom; he brings a man from being such a fool as he was before, to become a wife man; he was such a sot and fool as to become drunk and tumble in the dirt; he could not stand upon his legs, but now he is become wise and sober: Another was so foolish as to defile himself and wallow in his uncleanness; now such a man comes to true wisdom, it begins in the fear of God, the fear of the Lord is the beginning of wisdom: What doth his wisdom do? It keeps him out of the dirt; it makes him live, first as a man then as a Christian, to live righteously, soberly and godly, in this present world: It leads him into the knowledge of the mysteries of the kingdom of God; to know and comprehend with all saints, what is the heighth, and length, and breadth, and depth, and to know the love of Christ which passeth knowledge: This is more than bare sobriety and moderate living; such are taught to live soberly, righteously and godly, to live by faith, and to be led into the knowledge of the mystery of the kingdom of God; to know the Lord Jesus Christ to their justification. This is the learned and the misser to the learned and the learne is the learned and the wife man; he hath got the substance as well as the shadow; he hath the marrow as well as the bone; he is reconciled to God, through Christ; he hath remission of sins through Christ Jesus, that died for him and rose again.

When you come to be partakers of this, it will do you good; notions will not do it; when you come to know God for yourselves, and understand him for yourselves, to know him as your Saviour and Redeemer, that hath rescued you from the snares of the wicked one; whoever doth this, they will worship God; when they have this know-ledge of him, they will bow to him, they will be like those of old that faid, he is our judge, he is our law-giver, he is our king, and he will fave us: There arose a testimony in the hearts of good people of that age, that God was their judge that judged them, their law-giver that directed them, how they should make their way to him; that he was their king, and ought to rule them, for he must save them.

So when people come to know God for themselves, to be inwardly acquainted with God for themselves; when a company of these souls meet together, when they have been at this school, and learned this lesson of divinity, they then sit down and wait upon the Lord, that God that fearcheth the heart and trieth the reins, and observeth how they do service for the honour of his name, and they receive spiritual gifts from him to their edification and comfort, and they receive judgment from him when they do any

thing contrary to his mind.

The Lord Jesus Christ is the Minister of the Sanctuary which the Lord hath pitched: If men have a church, as they call it, they must have John or Thomas for their minifter: We know who is the minister of such a place; but here is a minister set up in God's sanctuary, this priest's lips shall preserve knowledge. All that come to God's church are taught of this priest, he is a high one, the high priest of our prosession, we have not such another; he is not set up by a carnal commandment; his induction came not from any priest in this world, but his induction came from the God of Heaven and Earth; his Father fet him up for a priest; he comes by a Heavenly induction and commission, he is a priest forever, after the order of Mel-chisedeck, not after the order of Aaron: If you come to God's church, you may hear this minister.

Some have called a house of stone, or wood, a church,

but that will not do now, therefore there are people that but that will not do now, therefore there are people that know better than they, who see churches gathered of living stones; men and women are gathered to these churches. Now the apostle saith, the church is in God, the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ: If you will come to church you must come to Jesus Christ, the church is in God, the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, the general assembly, the congregation of his faithful people. What do you mean by a church? Ask a learned man, that understands Greek and Hebrew, what is the meaning of the word? A church, saith he is the congregation of the faithful it is an assemfaith he, is the congregation of the faithful, it is an assembly of the faithful people congregated together. Where must they meet? they must meet in the general affembly of the first-born, whose names are written in Heaven. The Hebrews were come to that church, though they lived many hundred miles asunder, in Afia, Cappadocia and Bythinia: You are come to the general assembly of the first-born; there is a priest, there is the high-priest of our profession, the Lord Jesus Christ, who is a priest after the order of Melchisedeck, not after the order of Aaron. How long is this priest like to stay in his priesthood? Forever; he is a priest forever, not after a carnal commandment, but according to the power of an endless life.

The priests that were after Aaron's order, they could

not continue: Death fnatched one away, then they must have another priest; but here is one that hath a priesthood higher than the Heavens, by the power of an endless life: Here is the priest of God's church, and the teacher of God's people; so that when God's people come to church, that is, to God the Father, there Christ teacheth them, according to the old prophefy, I will teach my people

myself.

We have laboured to bring people to this teaching, that they might come to the knowledge of the living God. Now there needs none to teach them, for they are taught of God; bleffed be God, our labour hath not been in vain, we fee the fruit of our labours, and are fatisfied. We have been labouring to bring men to know the Lord; now all shall know the Lord, from the greatest to the least, and bow before him, and worship him; they hear that their

high priest's lips shall preserve knowledge. If they do amiss, he chastiseth them for it; if they do well, then he comforteth them by his Spirit: Now our labour is, that all may be brought to this, and that every one may know the Lord, and may fear him and serve him, and worship him in his temple: Our bodies are a temple for that use, to worship God in; know you not that your bodies are temples of the Holy Ghost? you must worship in yourselves, you must go into yourselves, you must know the exercise of the grace of God in yourselves, and the workings of the spirit of truth in yourselves, and that your souls in your bodies may be bowed to the power of the spirit, and that your worship must be in the spirit; you must pray in the spirit, and give thanks in the spirit.

Though those that set up worship in the church, talk of divinity and religion in every part of it, yet the substance of all the shadows of the law are sulfilled in the gospel; the substance of all the modes, and rites, and forms of religion, are sulfilled in the gospel-way: So then let every one compare and examine their state, and consider how the case stands between them and their Maker, what knowledge they have of God, and what trust they have put in him, that so they may be persuaded and prepared to come within the pale of this church. But you must first come out of the world, else you can never come into that church that is in God; if you be in the world, you must go to the world's church, and be the members of the world's church; and you shall have this for your pains, the world will love you; but if you come out of the world's church into God's church, the world cannot love you.

Be as good as thou wilt, thou canst never be so good as Christ Jesus, and they loved him not, because he was not of the world; if you were of this world, saith Christ, the world would love its own; but since you are not of the world, I have taken you out of it, therefore the world hates you; if they do so to the green-tree, what will they do to the branches? are you better than I? saith our Saviour; the servant is not greater than his Lord: Those that are the disciples of Christ must be content to be persecuted, revised and hated for his name's sake; for thus they treated him

who was holy, and harmless, and undefiled, who gave them a good example, and who did them no hurt, but did them good; yet the world hated him, and it is but reasonable to expect that you should suffer from the world in the same manner, and bear it at their hands.

If you come to this church that is in God the Father. and Jesus the Mediator, the church of the first-bern that are written in Heaven, and come out of the world's church, then the world will be about your ears; all the world will fet themselves against this church, against the woman that shall bring forth a birth, that shall rule over the nations: There appeared a great wonder in Heaven, a woman cloathed with the sun, and the moon under her feet, and upon her head a crown of twelve stars, and she being with child cried, travelling in birth, and pained to be delivered. And there also appeared another wonder in heaven (a terrible thing) and behold a great read dragon, having feven heads and ten horns; and the dragon flood before the woman that was ready to be delivered, to devour her child as foon as it was born: And she brought forth a man child, that was to rule all nations with a rod of iron, and her child was caught up to God, and to his throne. When the dragon was ready to devour this birth, God took it into his own care, in spite of the devil and all his instruments, and he will fave the child and preserve the woman; he that sits in Heaven will laugh at his enemies and defeat them. There is a place appointed for the woman in the wilderness, where she is preserved by the Almighty Power; where she is nourished for a time, and times, and half a time, from the face of the ferpent; but she must come out again after some time, in spite of the devil and all his instruments, of all his dragons and serpents: The woman must come out of the wilderness, and the man-child must

come down with great power, to rule the nation.

This hath been accomplished, say some, above fourteen hundred years ago; and if you will take their word, the church hath been come so long out of the wilderness. But the church that they speak of, hath it not wanted holiness and righteousness? Hath it given glory to God on high, with peace on earth and good will to men? No,

their

their church hath lived in tyranny and barbarous cruelty, and shedding of blood. They say the church was in the wilderness in *Dioclesian*'s time, and when *Constantine* came to the empire then she came out of the wilderness.

to the empire then she came out of the wilderness.

If it had been a holy church, we should have seen the man-child come down from God, and holiness and righteousness would have run down like a mighty stream, and truth would have filled the whole earth. All these things have not yet been fulfilled, for we have seen the professors of truth fallen in the streets; they have been perfecuted and troubled, and thrown into prisons and dungeons; but there is a better church somewhere to be found.

I read of the holy church, the lamb's wife, the spouse of Christ that hath been shid somewhere, a great while, in some corner or other in the wilderness; but she will come forth again out of the wilderness, leaning upon her well-beloved: She doth not come leaning on this prince and the other potentate: She comes not out of the wilderness leaning on captains, generals and armies, but leaning on Christ her well-beloved, the immortal, invisible power of the Son of God; she trusteth in it.

All the other churches, I have read of, they have leaned upon one prince or potentate, or one emperor or another, and they have relied on these great men as on their bulwark; but this church that comes out of the wilderness, will come leaning only upon her well-beloved, the Lord Jesus Christ, who is the author and finisher of her faith; she will put her trust in him, for he will deliver his church from all her enemies: And though the serpent cast out of his mouth water as a flood, after the woman, that he might cause her to be carried away of the flood, yet the Lord will cause the earth to help the woman, and the earth shall open her mouth and swallow up the flood which the dragon cast out of his mouth. Let the dragon do what he can to destroy the woman and her seed, she knows what her beloved can do, he will command the earth to open and swallow up the flood, and she shall go dry through it.

How happy are they that lean upon Christ their well-beloved! The church of Christ in all ages hath leaned upon him, and he hath founded his church upon a rock, so

that

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that the devil and all his instruments, and the very gates of hell shall not prevail against her. The members of this church have Christ Jesus for their teacher, and they receive counsel and direction from him: He is their priest and teacher, and he teacheth them by his spirit and his word, which he hath placed in their hearts, and given them an understanding to know him that is true: Christ's word you must keep to, if you will be true scholars. This is true divinity; if you will have the mysteries of the kingdom of God communicated and opened to you, give heed to his word, and that truth that is in your inward parts: Attend to that light and that grace that is manifested in your hearts, and the Lord will shew you more of the power and efficacy thereof; and if you be faithful in a little, he will make you rulers over much; live answerable to the understanding and knowledge that God hath given you, and if you be faithful in a little, he will communicate more and more of his mind and will to you; and if you be led by the spirit of truth, you will trust in it, and hearken to it, and understand the language of it in your own hearts; and if you be a willing people in the day of God's power, God will work all things in you and for you, and work in you both to will, and to do, of his good pleasure.

SERMON XXVII.

GOD'S WONDERFUL LOVE to MANKIND.

Preached at St. MARTIN'S-LE-GRAND, November 9, 1690.

T is our great concern, while we are in this world, to promote the glory of God, and to work out our own falvation, to endeavour, as much as in us lies, to be fentible, and to help one another to be fentible of the love of God to us: This is the only thing that can give us true comfort, to have a fense of the love of God to us in Christ Lesus:

Jesus: There is nothing more certain than that all of us are partakers of the love of God, which is imparted to us daily, and we live not a day without it; but we may, if we have not a care, live many days without it, and without the comfortable fense of it; and that is the reason, that a great many of the sons and daughters of men, do shew forth in their lives, so little love to God, because they have so little tense of his love to them; for the apostle John, that had attained to a great knowledge and experience in Chriftianity, plainly declareth, that the reason of that love that we have to God is, because he first loved us; and I do not believe that any man can have any true love to God, that is not fensible of the love of God to him.

And as for those temporal blessings that we enjoy in this life, as health and strength, and our very breath and being, and well-being, that every day and hour are continued, they are from the love of God to us, and the lengthening out of our lives and vouchsafing us opportunities for the good of our souls, are evident tokens of God's love and good-will to us. Where these things are not considered and regarded, men live like the beasts that perish, and regard not him that made them, but go on in disobedience to him, and dishonouring of his great name, and heaping up wrath upon their own fouls: And thus doth every man, while he remains in his natural state and condition; for there is in every man by nature the feed and root of all fin and rebellion against God, which makes him return evil to God for the good he doth to us.

And I believe we are all of us fenfible, in some meafure, of the depravity that is fallen upon all mankind, and of that enmity to God, and that aversion that is in men to the doing the will of God, and that impotency and inability that is in every man to the reforming of his ways, and the changing of his heart, and leaving off his corrupt and vicious inclinations, without the divine help and assistance of the grace and Spirit of God.

Now they that are thus far sensible of their alienation,

by nature, from the Lord, and are also sensible, that the time they have here, is the only time they have for their preparation and being fitted for that everlafting kingdom,

which we all would enjoy; how ought this to affect the mind of every one, that while they have time, they might prize it and improve it, and come to an inward sense of the love of God, that so they might have a love raised in their hearts again to God? For people will never be obedient unto God, till they love him, nor ever love him, till they are sensible of his love to them.

Therefore, that which is the means and way of God's making himself known to the sons and daughters of men, that means, and that way, every one ought to embrace; every one ought to be acquainted with it, and have the exercise of their minds in it, that so we might come to

the knowledge of God, and might know, by an experimental and fensible feeling, the kindness of God to us.

And truly friends, they that are minded to spend their time, and exercise themselves, in the consideration of the mercy and kindness of God, they have work enough for their whole life-time, to consider and contemplate the manifold mercies of God bestowed upon them; for we have our life and breath from him, whom the whole world obeys, and ferves; God, that made all living creatures, hath created us, and preferved us; he hath had long-fuffering and patience towards us until now, and he is yet mindful to do us good, which is evidently manifest by the invitations and promises he hath made us, and the workings of his Holy Spirit that he hath made us acquainted withal.

For who is there in this affembly, that God hath not made fensible of the tenders of his grace, and invitations to repentance and reformation, that they that live loosely and vainly in the world, might turn to the Lord with all their hearts, and consider their ways and doings? God hath waited to be gracious to the sons and daughters of men, and his mercy and patience hath been beyond all human patience, beyond the patience that ever you did bestow upon any, this the Lord hath bestowed upon you; therefore I entreat you, in the love of God, let this consideration sink deeply into your spirits, that you may be affected with the kindness of God, and his patience towards you, and his long-suffering, while you have been sinning against him.

But fome will fay, how shall I know this? After what manner may I experience this love of God to me? How may I be sure that the Lord hath a love for me?

My friends, it is not only temporal kindness that we enjoy from God; it is not only the lengthening out of our days, that is an evident token of the love of God to us; but there is a demonstration and manifestation of it, that is univerfally extended to the fons and daughters of men, in that he hath fown his word in them, and hath fown his truth and his grace in their hearts, that every man, tho' he may be ever fo wicked, ever fo foolish and vain, yet he hath many times checks and reproofs in his own heart: I know it, and I doubt not but you do.

Pray whence comes that principle which doth stop you in a course of sin, and check and reprove you for sinning against the Lord? If you attend to it, and consider it, you will find it proceeds from God; it comes from him, from him comes our life and breath; then people should be incited to receive the grace of God; the favour and mercy of God which he hath bestowed upon them, in order to their falvation. The scripture tells us, that grace and truth came by Jesus Christ. If thou hast any good, it came by Jesus Christ; and if thou hast any truth, it came by Jesus Christ, who is the sountain of truth, and the sountain of the grace of Cod in it is he has the code. tain of the grace of God; it is he by whom God hath made himself known to the sons and daughters of men; it is Christ alone, that God hath ordained to be a Mediator between God and man, that so he might be the minister of an everlasting covenant, which we are brought into with God; so that now people should come to the consideration of the way and means that God hath ordained for their redemption, namely, that he hath given Jesus, that great and unspeakable gift of his love and kindness, to the fons and daughters of men; here is grace and truth, that came by Jesus Christ: How is it come? It is come into my heart. Tho' sin, and lusts and corruptions, perhaps, have a place in many, yet Christ hath a place too; he hath made his grave with the wicked, and was numbered with the transgressors; he was like the seed that lies under the clods, and is the least of all seeds, yet when it

comes

comes out of the ground, it rifeth high, and spreads abroad its branches, and brings forth fruit; this love of God, this unchangeable holy truth, is in every one; why then should not every man be ruled and governed by it?

But some men will say, is truth better than falshood,

and grace better than lust and corruption?

You may see that, by the light that is discovered in the inward parts: Let every man turn inward to the grace of God, turn to that light that shews itself in the creature, and fee what it will do for us: This is the doctrine that the apostle was sent withal; he was sent with a commission to turn men from darkness to light, and from the power of satan to God: Why did he do it? It was for this end, that men might have remission of sin, and that they might come to an inheritance among them that are sanctified by faith in Christ Jesus our Lord; so that this gospel is the fame that it ever was, though men have divers ways of preaching, and several methods and ways of declaring the truths of the gospel; blessed be God the apostolical doctrine is preached again, and the bleffed gospel hath the fame power attending it that was in former days, and may have the fame effect; and that this may be the portion of every one of you, is the end of our labour. And we have in our eye but two things.

First, to discharge a good conscience in the fight of God, who hath given us his word to preach, and to turn men from darkness to light, and from the power of satan to God; that we might keep ourselves free from the blood

of all men.

Secondly, another end is, the defire that God hath placed in our hearts, that all men every where might be faved; this is God's will; if any be damned it is their own will, and the devil's will; this is God's will, that none should perish, but that all should come to repentance and be eternally faved. Now in this work of your falvation, we would have regard to him that fent us to preach the ever-lasting gospel, and we would discharge ourselves faithfully, and be made manifest in your consciences, that the benefits of the gospel might come to be yours; that you might answer the purpose of God, in sending Christ to be

the Saviour of mankind; you must turn from sin to God, and then you will find the bleffing that comes by Jesus, which is to turn every one from his evil ways.

You may read this in a book, and you may also plain-

You may read this in a book, and you may also plainly read it in your hearts: The Lord Jesus Christ hath given you light to distinguish between good and evil; if you do good, you may make a comfortable restection upon yourselves, and this will be your rejoicing, the testimony of your conscience on that account; but if you do evil, though all men do justify you and commend you, yet you will be condemned in yourselves; so that you have that in yourselves which distinguisheth between things that differ in their nature and kind, and you have a little that differ in their nature and kind, and you have a little enlightening by the knowledge and understanding you have received concerning the things that are pleasing and displeasing to God; if after you know this, you will go on in a way displeasing to God, he will at length be too hard for you, and plunge you down into the abyis of his wrath to all eternity.

After persons are satisfied and enlightened with the light of Christ, and come to the experience of things in themselves, they will love the light and walk in the light; but there are many in this age that have read the scriptures plentifully, and yet still go on in a way of sin, they cannot love the light that reproves them; he that doth evil he hates the light, and the dawning of the day is as the shadow of death to him, and it brings nothing but condemnation upon such persons, so that they do not love the light, though it is evident they have it and enjoy it; and it shall be their condemnation whether they will or no; if they do not love the light and embrace it, it will never be to their falvation.

God hath given Christ to be a light to the Gentiles, and his falvation to the ends of the earth. He is the light that enlightens every man that comes into the world; the apostle John tells you the genealogy of the word of God; in the beginning was the word, and the word was with God, and the word was God; and the fame was in the beginning with God; all things were made by him, and without him was not any thing made that was made; in him was life,

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and the life was the light of men; the life of the eternal word was the light of men; what men do you mean? I answer, he is the true light that lighteth every man that cometh into the world. He extendeth his light to every man, but it is condemnation to every man so long as he continues to be a sinner against God: This is the condemnation, that light is come into the world, and men love dark-

ness rather than light, because their deeds are evil.

Now all men are by nature dead in fins and trespasses; after our first parents fell into sin they were dead to God; in the day that thou eatest thereof thou shalt die; when they had eaten the forbidden fruit, they did not die as to outward appearance, but they died as to that communion they had with their Maker; in this dead state lie all the fons and daughters of Adam; but, as our Saviour speaks, though they be dead, they shall live again; Christ is the Lord from Heaven, a quickening Spirit; this is the object of our faith that hath been extended and offered to mankind ever tince the fall; there is no name under Heaven, no other power or spirit by which a man can be saved; this great Mediator, the eternal Son of God, is the light that lighteth every man that cometh into the world: Faith in Christ is the same that ever it was, notwithstanding the many forms of worship among the sons of men; some of God's fetting up, and fome of men's fetting up; yet among all these, the object of faith is the same, and faith the same.

In the 11th chapter of the Hebrews, that little book of martyrs, the apostle there gives you a catalogue of the mighty things that have been done by the faith of God's people; he begins with Abel; by faith Abel offered a more excellent facrifice than Cain, by which he obtained witness that he was righteous, God testifying of his gifts; and by it, he being dead, yet speaketh; by faith Enoch was translated that he should not see death, and was not found, because God translated him, for before his translation, he had this testimony, that he pleased God; and so the apostle there goes to Noah, Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, Joseph and Moses:

And what shall I say more, saith he, for the time would fail me to tell of Gideon, and of Barak, and of Sampson, and Jeptha, of David, Samuel, and of the prophets, who through

through faith subdued kingdoms, wrought righteousness, obtained promises, stopped the mouths of lions, and quenched the violence of fire, escaped the edge of the sword, out of weakness were made strong, turned to slight the armies of the aliens. All these great and noble things were done by faith; it was the aspect their souls had upon Christ the Mediator between God and man; it was their trust and reliance upon God through Christ the Mediator that did support and uphold them in all they did and suffered. This faith is still the same.

There are many faiths in the world beside, but they will prove but the faith of hypocrites. Some have a faith, that if they do this and the other work, they say you may trust your souls upon these good works; but this is not the faith of *Abraham*, the father of the faithful. But some called Christians are gone so far in the doctrine of merits, that they think they can do enough for their own falvation, and for their friends and relations too; that there may be more merit still over and above, that others may have benefit by the merit of their works of supererogation: But this is not the faith of Abraham, and other faints, by which they wrought fuch wonders in the world. I would not have men trust at all in their own works for falvation, but trust in Christ alone, who is able to fave, to the uttermost, all that come to God by him.

But some will object that we are taught the doctrine of

faith in Christ, and justification by him.

Well, for my part, my tongue shall as soon drop out of my mouth, as oppose the doctrine of being justified by faith in Christ. But, let me tell you, this may be misapplied: If a man believe that he is justified by faith in Christ, and yet knows, in his own conscience, that he is condemned, he believeth a lie; he is seduced and deceived. A man cannot be justified by Christ, when the Spirit of Christ condemneth him: Such a one, when he comes to lay down his head upon his dying pillow, all his faith will fly away. I have met with fome inftances, lamentable inftances, of those that were called Christians, that have made a profession of religion, and at last have laid down their heads in forrow. If this be your mis324 GOD'S WONDERFUL LOVE to MANKIND.

take, confider, while you have time, that you may die

in peace.

Now the proposition and tender of the love of God to mankind, hath always carried that limitation with it, that every one in the world ought to observe; if a man hope to be faved by Christ, he must be ruled by him: It is contrary to all manner of reason, that the devil should rule a man, and Christ be his Saviour: The whole tenor of the New Testament is against it (pray read it as oft as you please, for it is a good exercise) you will find the true Christian's faith to be this, that he that hath faith in Christ hath an operation upon him for the clean-fing his heart, and purifying and purging his conscience from dead works, that he may serve the living God; though he hath been a servant of the devil, it will make him leave his former fervitude, and bring him under the influence of another law, the law of the spirit of life in Christ Jesus, which will make him free from the law of sin and death. The apostle sets down the several conditions he had passed through; I was alive without the law once; he thought himfelf a man, a brave man, a man of understanding, that had profited among the Jews; I was alive, having respect to that law which should have been my governor; but when the commandment came, fin revived and I died. He had read the law, the commandment, many times, and had been at the reading of it in the *synagogue*; but there was a comming of the commandment which he had not been acquainted with; there was a writing of the law of God in his heart; when he came to this inward work upon him, where was then the life he lived? When the commandment came fin revived, and I died: There was a profefsing life he formerly lived, but he was slain by the power of the commandment, it laid him in the dust as a slain man; when he was in a flain condition he found out that law in him that was the law of fin and death, and this caused a combat and a war in him; I find a law, faith he, that when I would do good, evil is present with me; for I delight in the law of God in the inner man; but I see another law in my members warring against the law of my mind, and bringing me into captivity to the law of sin, which

which is in my members: Now this brought him to a poverty of spirit, into a sense of his miserable condition, and then he cries out, O wretched man that I am, who shall deliver me from this body of death!

Now some people in this day, they are like the apostle, they have a law in their members warring against the law of their minds; the good that they would do they do not, and they can go no further: But the apostle Paul did reach surther, though he did not in that state know deliverance, yet he had a faith that he should be delivered, and that he should not be miserable all his days. Thus having led the Romans into the several states through which he passed, he brings them to a surther state, the law of the spirit of life in Christ plus hath made me free from the law of sin and death: Ind now there is no condemnation to them that are in Christ sesses. How shall we know this? They walk not after the sless, but after the spirit. Now Paul was come to that sanctified state, that state of freedom and liberty which Christ Jesus will bring all those unto that believe in him.

Holy men, in former days, did experience and find a great strife and warfare in their own hearts, they would all do well, and exercise a conscience, void of offence, towards God and towards man; but there is a law of fin that wars in their members; if we yield to it it leads to fin and death; but if we yield ourselves to the law of the spirit of life, there is a power that is derived from the Mediator, that will translate the soul out of the kingdom of darkness and sin, which the devil is the prince of, and bring it into the kingdom of God's dear Son.

and bring it into the kingdom of God's dear Son.

There must be a real change wrought in us before we can come to God, and to fellowship and communion with God, which alone can make the soul happy. Let this be the exercise of every one of us to adore and magnify the great mercy and the kindness of God, that he hath not withdrawn his spirit from you, but hath placed a monitor in your bosoms that calls upon you to cease to do evil, and learn to do well, and to consider that the wages of sin is death: Here is a sin, I may commit it; there is a temptation before me, but I know there is a bait and

a hook; I may fwallow it if I will, but if I do, it will be my ruin: Would I come to eternal death, and have my portion with liars and wicked persons in the kingdom of darkness, where the worm dieth not, and the fire is not quenched? Or would I have my portion with faints and angels? If I would have my portion with the blessed in the kingdom of God when I die, I must walk in the way that leads to it; but the gate is strait and the way narrow, and few there be that find it; labour then to be one of those few.

But what fignifies our labour (fome may fay) if we can do nothing that is good, not so much as think a good thought? What figures our labour? All the labours and endeavours in the whole world cannot make a man happy.

I now speak to a people to whom God doth vouchfafe the help and affiftance of his grace and Spirit, and the visitations of his love and power; you must now endeavour to do fomething; if a man endeavour, with the help of God, he may do a great deal of good, and shun a great deal of evil: Though all our endeavours, in our own power and ftrength can fignify nothing, yet they are required by God, and by joining them with his grace, and laying hold of opportunities, by divine affiftance, we may do what God will accept. But if a man do any thing in his own power and strength, whether prayer, hearing, reading, meditation, or any other duty, he had as good let it alone.

I would confider you as those that God hath followed with his grace and the manifestation of his spirit; this is given to every man to profit withal, and every man hath opportunity to work with it; but he must work while it

is day, for the night cometh when no man can work.

Let every one of us that are now met together, labour to be fensible of the love of God to us, and love him above all, and express our love by a willing and persevering obedience, that we may have the love of God fined abroad upon our hearts by the Holy Ghoff, and offer up living praises to him through Jesus Christ, who hath loved us, and washed us from our sins in his own blood, and hath made us kings and priests unto God and his Father: To him be glory and dominion forever and ever. Amen.

SERMON XXVIII.

SALVATION from SIN by JESUS CHRIST.

Preached at DEVONSHIRE-House, August 9, 1691.

T is a general doctrine in the world, that no man by any means can ever be fet free from fin in this life: This is univerfally received among almost all Christians, in all churches; and though they differ ever so much in other things, yet they agree in this; so that this doctrine hath got a sway in the world, and it is accounted a great delusion and a herefy, and a grand error for any to question the truth of it.

Now while a man is of that belief, that there is an impossibility of living without sin, and of breaking down the kingdom of satan in any one soul in the world, how can men hope or believe that righteousness should prevail in the heart of one man? There is neither king nor beggar, nor bishop nor a gospel minister, but the devil must have a rule and government in him, so long as he lives in the world. As long as this is believed, it is not possible that the other belief should take place; it is madness to think that I must be under the rule and government of satan if I am under the government of the Son of God. And it is still greater madness to say, that Christ and the devil are both my governors and rulers: It is prodigious folly and madness to speak after this manner.

This belief prevails over all men; over the wife, and mighty, and noble, and learned, that they can never be freed from the power of fin in this world, but that the devil will lead them into fin every day; let men be ever fo fober, ever fo abstemious in their lives; let them spend ever fo many hours in prayer every day; let them come to meetings and hear fermons, and write them, and repeat them, and do what they will, here is a bar of unbelief that lies in the way, that makes men depart from the living God, and his power, and lose the benefit they shall receive from Christ: And therefore they go to ob-

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tain it another way, that is, to have the righteousness of Christ imputed to them, and they shall be pure and holy in the sight of God, when they are polluted in their own eyes; and when they see their daily failings, infirmities and corruptions, yet God may not see them; but that he sees them holy, just and righteous in his Son.

What strange kind of doctrine is this? I must presume that God will see me in his Son, Jesus Christ, when I never was in Christ: How can this be? He that is in Christ, is a new creature; old things are done away, and all things are become new: But if there be old things remaining still, and I am not become new, shall I presume that I am in Christ, and that God will see me in his Son? When people come to use the understanding that God hath given them, they will look upon themselves as barred out by their unbelief, that the nations have drunk in; and it is as fweet to them as the honey and the honev-comb.

But, bleffed be God, many have vomited it up already; If they would have placed this doctrine upon man's natural ability, I would have faid Amen to it. I know there is none of us all have a natural ability and power to deis none of us all have a natural ability and power to deliver his own foul from fin and fatan; but when they come to place it upon God, that though the Lord make bare his arm, and reveal his power; though they come to have the grace of God, that still they could not be delivered from fin, this hath blasphemy at the bottom of it. The other reflected upon man's power; this reflects upon the power of God Almighty: That the devil hath got such a power over us, that God hath not power over us, nor can have power and dominion over us, so that of a whole nation he cannot have one man to serve him.

Much might be said in answer to this: When men are

Much might be faid in answer to this: When men are once willing to ferve God, they will be willing to leave the fervice of the devil. There is no way to answer that good wish, but by wating upon God for the revealing of his power: I pray God that when you come to a meeting, you may fay, Lord, let thy power go forth upon my heart; let thy arm be made bare, and deliver me from the power and deriving of fine. Some will for the feel College. power and dominion of fin. Some will fay they feel God's

power in a meeting; I feel the power of God working upon my heart, in order to the taking away fin and transgression, and giving me victory over it, through the Lord Jesus Christ. If they feel this power of God upon them, it is their duty to believe it and depend upon it: If I believe it, I must wait for the dictates of it, and believe that I shall be able to do all things through Christ that strengthens me: Then faith will come forth into works, and ap-

pear to be a living faith. You may remember what the apostle James saith, as the body without the Spirit is dead, fo faith without works is dead also. As foon as a man comes to join with the mighty power of God, he will be able to withstand temptation: Îf he comes into evil company, he will deny them and not comply with them; he will find then something of a power and ability to ferve God; though he is not come to perfection, yet he is walking in the way of holiness, and preffing forward towards the mark of the high calling of God in Christ Jesus: He will say, I have got a little nearer than I was towards the place where I would be, towards that life which I would live and die; then let death come when' it pleafeth God, it shall be welcome.

This is the wickedness of many in the world, they will not live fuch a life as they would be willing to die in. They cannot come at it unless it be given them to believe, for it is the gift of God; they must come to their governor and leader, which goes before, to the gift of God, which is eternal life; then let death come when it will, if I have the

gift of eternal life.

It is a miferable thing to think that there are many that have not laid hold of eternal life: It is manifested, that we may lay hold of it, there is a hand of faith joining with it. When a man comes to lay hold of eternal life, this life will purify him and fanctify him, at least by degrees, till he be wholly fanctified in body, foul and spirit: This is that which the apostle writes in one of his epistles, your falvation is nearer than when you at first believed. When they first believed, their salvation was a pretty way off. He describes salvation to be the end of their saith and hope. When a man comes to be delivered from his sins, he

shall serve God without fear; but when a man comes to

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live by faith, he shall overcome; he is a good soldier of Jesus Christ, and he must fight valiantly under his banner, till he gets a victory over all his enemies, and then his falvation is much nearer than when he at first believed.

I would I could fay so of some of you; for I fear your falvation is farther off: Some go straggling here and there, as sheep not having a shepherd; this is that which my spirit is exercised with. You that are travellers towards the kingdom of God, it is the wonderful grace and mercy of God, that ever it should come into your minds to seek the kingdom of God, and the righteousness thereof. They that have obtained this mercy from God, shall receive and enjoy other mercies, better mercies; blessed are they that hunger and thirst after righteousness: That is one mercy; but there is another mercy, they shall be silled; they shall be fatissied: When a man comes to this, he must take up a daily cross, and exercise self-denial; but if he follow Christ, he shall be fatissied; he shall then have nothing but peace and joy; he shall then sing praises and glory to God in the highest, and to the Lamb forever.

There is none can understand the glory that is laid up for those that take up their cross and follow Christ, and love his appearing. This is the greatest blessing that God doth give unto his people, he hath sent his Son Jesus to bless us, and turn us from our iniquities. This is a blessing indeed. Take heed that you do not admit of any new terms: Do not think to bring God Almighty to new articles, the terms are declared and concluded on already: If you will obtain the blessing, you must be turned every one of you from your iniquities: The terms are already made, the law of God must be written in the heart and inward thoughts, and you must close with that power that will write the law in your hearts, and by travelling towards the kingdom of God, you will see the coming of that kingdom in you.

It was the joy of my foul, that I saw the kingdom of Christ would be set up in my heart, before it was set up there; then I saw the Lord's wonderful work, and there was a great alteration in me, when the Lord was pleased to wean me

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from the world's breast, and take off my heart, and wean it from worldly lusts, from the world's joys, and pleasures, and fashions, and the world's honour and reputation: I say the Lord was pleased to wean me from these things, and brought me to a holy refignation, to give up my heart to him: If I have joy, it must be from the Holy Spirit; if I have pleasure it must be in the presence of God, who in the multitude of my thoughts within me made his comforts de-light my foul; and if he bring not comfort to you, you will never have it; you cannot expect it till you do believe; and when you have faith, you can feel the kingdom of God within you: There must be the new birth, the work of regeneration, for except a man be born again he cannot fee the kingdom of God; there must be a translation from death to life, there must be a turning out of the old bottom and a fixing upon a new bottom, upon Christ Jesus the

rock of ages; there must be a subjection to his holy power and government, else you cannot see the kingdom of God.

Many have gone on in a profession many years, and never saw the beauty of it; and every little trisle in the world hath diverted them, and drawn them away. This and the other pleasure hath drawn away their hearts, they have seen the glory of the world, which hath captivated them: But those that make a profession of the truth, and have seen the beauty and glory of the kingdom of Christ, they should be shy of returning to the world again, for the apostle saith, it happened to them according to the true proverb, the dog is turned to his own vomit again, and the fow that was washed to her wallowing in the mire; it had been better for them never to have known the way of righteousness, than after they have known it, to turn from the holy commandment delivered to them: They made a profession, and were members of a visible church, and had a name to live, but they were inwardly dead, the fight of the kingdom of God is not given to such, but unto babes, that have a divine birth, and that desire the sincere milk of the word, that they may grow thereby. God hath hid these things from the wise and prudent, and revealed them unto babes.

I speak to those who are here this day, that would receive some kindness from God, and that defire the knowledge of his ways, and that the mysteries of his kingdom may be revealed to you, let your minds be retired and you shall find the great things belonging to your peace made known to you. We have spoken much of this, but I would not have you know it only by our sayings, I would have you go into yourselves, to see whether God hath not bestowed this grace and blessing upon you: If God hath given you grace, do not turn it into wantonness; do not abuse the grace of God. What is it that you do when the grace of God hath convinced you, that such and such a thing is sin, and if you do it, it will turn to your ruin? Dare you venture to commit sin after you are convinced of it? O take heed of doing despite to the spirit of grace, and of grieving the Holy Spirit, whereby you are sealed to the day of redemption.

I wish that the weight of this consideration might lie upon you, and that a holy dread and awe of God might be wrought in your hearts, that you might be kept from sinning against God. You know there is a general outcry against presumptuous sinning, sinning against light: Why should not we all cry out against it? It is a most dreadful thing for any man to sin against his knowledge and conviction; if any of us have been guilty of sinning against light, let such a one say, I have done iniquity, I will do so no more, but enter into covenant with the Lord, and say, O Lord, so far as thou hast revealed thy will unto me. I will obey it: I will delight to do thy will of

fay, O Lord, fo far as thou hast revealed thy will unto me, I will obey it; I will delight to do thy will, O God, tho' I cross mine own will. Whatever I cross I will not cross God's Holy Spirit, by which I may be sealed to the day of redemption; I will never do this though I hazard my chief interest in the world: This is the temper of a true Christian, and I pray God make you all of this mind. this mind.

And now my friends, you that defire to fee this great work wrought in yourselves, commit the whole work to God, and trouble not yourselves about it. I am sure God will carry on his own work, and bring down the devil's kingdom, and rebuke that unclean spirit that is gone forth over the whole nation, and pour out abundantly of his Holy Spirit to carry on a glorious reformation. This I

believe

believe God will certainly do, from what he hath wrought in my own foul. I know not what instruments are to be employed in the work, I leave that to the Lord; but the kingdom of Christ shall be advanced, and it shall be outwardly, and a besom of destruction shall sweep away all his enemies from the earth, and the wrath of God shall burn against them; but there is an obduration hath been upon the nations of the world, and something hath stood in the way in all generations.

But, however, I am fure we all may well fay, that Christ is the Saviour of all men, but especially of them that believe. He hath saved this city and nation from the plagues and vengeance that hang over us. Many years the Lord hath spared us, and waited to be gracious for a long time, to see if we will at last turn to him. How long the Mediator will intercede on our behalf, we cannot tell; there is a time when the long-suffering of God will come to an end. God hath brought a scourge upon the nations round about us, and the slames of his wrath hath kindled upon them, and destruction hath overtaken them; how soon it may be our lot, we know not; all our money, our silver and gold, and valour and courage, will not be able to ward it off, if the Lord but blow upon us. It is even at the door; there is but one way to save us, and that is turning to the Lord, and crying to the Lord for the continuance of his mercies and long-suffering, and patience towards us. In this cry to the Lord, let us all unite, that are lovers of the nation, and let us join our earnest supplications in this work, seeing the Lord hath made us the monuments of his mercy and preserving goodness.

We have been continually furrounded with war and blood, and flames and destruction; and the cry of the orphans hath been heard from other nations. And while they have been confumed with flames, and deluged in streams of blood, we have fat under our own vines and fig-trees; but judgments hang over the nation, and whether they will fall or not, the Lord knows: But what shall we do for the good of our nation, and cities and families, but labour every one, in the fear of God, to reform our lives,

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and to take heed that we fin not against the light, lest we die, and perish in the middle of those terrible judg-

ments that hang over us.

Let us turn from our evil ways, and depart from all iniquity, that the kingdom of Christ may be set up in ourselves. It is the righteous in the nation that the Lord looks at, and for their fakes he will spare a nation. If there be a people among us that walk in humility, and lament and mourn for the abominations committed in the midst of us, God will have regard to them, and he will hear the

Friends, you that cannot make use of sword and spear for the saving of a nation, you may do good by your prayers, and turning to the Lord with an unseigned heart, and let your sincerity appear before him. If I would take a common prayer-book in my hands, and pray ever so devoutly and solomaly, if I have some what will be a devoutly and solomaly. devoutly and solemnly, if I be not sincere, what will that do? Or, if I pray without a book, or if I pray without a form, or reject the form that others have made for me, what will this avail? But the cry of the poor, and the fighing of the needy, and the effectual fervent prayer of the righteous, hath availed much for the saving of this nation many years.

Therefore, I exhort you all, as you love the nation, and as you love yourselves, and your families and relations, sin not against the Lord; for he is now setting up righte-ousness, equity, and justice, and it shall prevail in the na-tion. God hath been pleased to gather in many, that have been enemies, that are now turned from sin to God, and led by the truth: And it is their greatest joy, that now they are no longer fervants of fin, but are now become the

fervants of God.

Now truth will prevail, and righteousness go forth as the morning sun, and we hope the Lord will shew mercy to us for the glory of his own name, though we are an unworthy people: It will be matter of joy and gladness to us, if the kingdom of God be come; then we may say our prayer is answered. We have often prayed, thy kingdom come, and thy will be done in earth as it is in Heaven. If the will be some than Learn do mine own will no longer of God be done, then I can do mine own will no longer, then I can be led away by fatan no longer; the devil will

have little power, if I do God's will on earth, as it is done in Heaven; then praises will arise in the hearts of every one that delights to do the will of God, and God will carry on his work for the glory of his own name, and for the redemption of his people, that Christ may be preached for falvation to the ends of the earth.

SERMON XXIX.

The Acceptable Sacrifice.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, July 3, 1692.

L L people that would worship God and meet together for that purpose, they had need have a great reverence upon their minds, and a holy fear upon their spirits, that when they enter into the house of the Lord, and draw nigh to the living God, they might not offer the facrifice of fools, but may offer to God that which may be acceptable to him. For all worship, and all religion, and all offerings and oblations that ever were offered to God by any people, they have had a return unto the offerers and worshippers, either of acceptance or rejection. Many you know have been rejected tho' they have offered, and many have been accepted of God, and their offerings have been a sweet smelling favour in his nostrils; and, I hope, we are all of that mind, that we would be glad to have our worship, and fervice and offerings to God, accepted in his fight, and that our present assembling together might be for the better, and that every one might have an answer of peace, and of acceptance in their bosoms; but that can never be unless men be qualified and prepared in their drawing nigh to God, and in all our offerings and worship that we perform, our hearts be prepared according to the preparation of the fancluary, the preparation of God's dwelling and holy place.

The worshippers must be holy; there must be the fear of God, and a reverence of the great God upon their minds,

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before people can offer an acceptable facrifice unto him, as the holy apostle faith, Heb. xi. 6: He that cometh to God, must believe that he is; which fignifies, that a preparation ought to be in the minds and hearts of people that would draw nigh to God; or perform any service or worship to God, they must have the knowledge of the God whom they worship, they must first know that he is, and that he is a rewarder of them that diligently seek him. Here is a qualification for worshippers, for religious persons; as they expect when they must be qualified accordingly, there must be an awe upon their minds.

I am in the presence of God, I have an expectation from God, that he will open his abounding treasury, and mi-God, that he will open his abounding treatury, and minister some good unto me, or else to what purpose do people draw nigh to God? It is because they would have something of him; but they must come in an humble petitioning frame; he giveth grace to the humble. It is the losty, the proud, those that exalt themselves, the sat and the full, that want nothing. These, saith the prophet, the Lord beholdeth as ar off. A proud man or woman cannot draw nigh to God, the Lord looks upon them as ar off; nor do they partake of those divine and heavenly comnor do they partake of those divine and heavenly comforts and bleflings, and counsels and instructions that the humble mind hath the promise of and will certainly enjoy, the humble, God will teach, he will instruct the meek in his way; but what is this to the lofty mind? What is this to one that is exalted, and conceited and puffed up, and reckons himself full and wanting nothing, while he is swimming in the streams of pleasures of this world, and savours only the things of the earth, the pleasures of a sensual mind? These persons are not hungry, and so they are not fed; they are not thirsty, and so they never obtain that which can fatisfy the soul. Our Lord Jesus Christ pronounced a blessing upon them that hunger and thirst; but what is that to them that are full and lack nothing?

So my friends, in this and all other religious affemblies, a great care ought to be upon every one, that their coming together to wait upon the Lord may be in that reverence and fear, and that hope and expectation at the hands

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of God, that they might be bettered by it, or else they all lose their labour, as Cain did; he would be an offerer, he offered facrifice, but was not accepted; because his er, he offered facrifice, but was not accepted; because his mind and heart was not right before the Lord, his facrifice was rejected. It was before he had killed his brother; he had great guilt upon him, before he had killed his brother; he wanted the qualification of well-doing; if thou dost well, shalt thou not be accepted? But if thou dost not well, sin lies at thy door. He was got into evil doing, and an evil mind hindered his acceptance with God; so it doth with all men and women in the world that meddle with religious worship, and facrifice to God, if they meddle with evil doing. There must be a taking off the mind from the evil of sin and corruption, and the mind must be brought over to something that they have received from God be-

over to fomething that they have received from God before ever they can be accepted.

You know the general doctrine of all Protestants is, that we have no acceptance with God but through Jesus Christ; we have no way to please God, nor can do any thing that shall be acceptable in his sight, but thro' one only Mediator. Now if I should go to worship God, or perform any religious duty without respect and deference to the sense and participation of the virtue and power of that only Mediator, how can I be accepted? And it hath pleased God out of his infinite love to mankind, to send this great Mediator into the world, that every man that comes into the world is made a participant of something of the life and virtue of that Mediator. So you read, John i. 4'. into the world-is made a participant of something of the life and virtue of that Mediator. So you read, John i. 4'. in him was life, and the life was the light of men, the true light that lighteth every man that cometh into the world; and that with respect to men whether they are good of no, both good and bad, though all men are bad by nature: So that tho' they are children of wrath, and heirs of eternal damnation in their natural state, by reason of sin, yet for all that this one Mediator, in whom this light hath ships that fourth his light among that this light hath shined, hath sent forth his light among the sons and daughters of men, that is, the light of men, that enlightens every one. So there is an offer made of something that presents itself to the view of every man that is good; if he apply his mind to it, he may have that good that

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that comes by Jesus Christ; he may draw nigh to God; as bad as he is, he hath some good, that God hath bestowed upon men good and bad. There is no man such a liar, but he hath some truth in him; there is no man so ungodly, but he knows that which is pure and holy, that which hath reproved him, checked and convinced him of his ungodlines. This presents itself to the view of every man and woman, and calls them to repentance.

Now for men to make a shew and pretence to worship, and not have regard to the glory of God, how can they draw nigh to God, or God draw nigh to them? Our Lord Jesus Christ saith, that where two or three are gathered together in my name, I will be in the midst of them; but if people meet together in their sin and wickedness, if they have a loose and vain mind, and intend to go on in wickedness and sin, if they meet, they meet not in Christ's name, but in the devil's name, and he is in the midst of them, and he works and rules in the hearts of the children of disobedience. So that this hath been the ground and reason why abundance of meetings upon this account have been fruitless as to the benefit of their souls, and the expectations of people have been frustrated as to their salvation; they have not met with that in which the blessing is, and to which the promise is made. The promise is not made to people that the devil rules; there is no promise to such but the promise of eternal wrath to be executed upon them, with the devil and his angels to all eternity; if you can make that a promise.

The promise of life and salvation which is recorded by the prophets and apostles, it hath always relation to the seed that are in covenant with God. In this the covenant stands, saith God to Abraham, Gen. xvii. 7. I will establish my covenant between me and thee, and thy seed after thee in their generations, for an everlasting covenant, to be a God unto thee, and to thy seed after thee. The covenant is made to Abraham and his seed, that is, with Christ Jesus the Mediator. It is he that brings to God, those that trust in him and come to him, he that cometh to him, he will in no wise cast out; they that do not come to Christ, are cast off already. All men, by nature, are cast

away already; if any of them will be faved, it is by coming to Christ, who is able to fave, to the uttermost, and to make peace for them, and of twain to make one new man;

and to make peace between God and the foul.

and to make peace between God and the foul.

There is a necessity for all people, that have any sense of their natural state and condition, that according to nature have no title to the kingdom of God, to be reconciled to God. By nature they cannot make a claim to righteousness and life; they connot reconcile themselves to God by all their works; saith the prophet Micah, will the Lord be pleased with a thousand rams, or with ten thousand rivers of oil? Shall I give my first-born for my transgression, the fruit of my body for the sin of my soul? He hath shewed thee, O man! what is good: And what doth the Lord require of thee, but to do justly, and love mercy, and walk humbly with thy God? They that will be saved, must lay hold of salvation in that way and method that the Lord God of Heaven and Earth hath prescribed. He hath prescribed a way for every body to be saved. He hath prescribed a way for every body to be saved; he would not have any one to perish, but that all should come to repentance, and obtain everlasting life. God should come to repentance, and obtain everlasting life. God hath made a way that will serve every body alike; thou-sands as well as ten; and all the world as well as one man. Now the way that God hath made, is turning out of the state into which they are fallen, and forsaking that governor that rules in the hearts of the children of disobedience, and closing with Christ, whom God hath appointed to reign in every ones heart. People in Christendom will say, they have closed with Christ. Do not you hope to be saved by Christ, on the terms of the covenant? It is not crying, Lord, Lord, but doing the will of God; the terms are, all men must believe in Christ, the eternal Son of God; and through the power of that faith they have in him, he comes to rule over them, and they become subject to him. And if a beliver be not subject to Christ, he is all one as if he was an unbeliever; circumcision, or uncircumcision, avails not any thing, but a new creature; and faith which worketh by love.

The covenant doth not stand in meer words; if I con-

The covenant doth not fland in meer words; if I conform to fuch articles, then I am a Christian; if I believe all the articles of the creed, then I am a Christian, and a child of God. If a man will fay, I believe, his fay so is not sufficient. The condition of the covenant that God hath made, is, that Christ shall rule and have the government of those souls that he presents to God: How should it be otherwise, seeing he is not to present any to God that are unclean? Christ hath no commission to present any to God in their uncleanness and wickedness. He that believeth, must be cleansed and purified by him: If so, then that cannot be done, but by ruling over them. If they had the rule of themselves, they would be polluted, and be like water, whose current is stopped with dirt and mud, not running in its own proper stream. People will commit sin, when they have the rule of themselves; but when Christ presents people to God, and when they come to be led by him, they are cleansed and purified.

When the apostle describes true saith, he doth it by this quality and property of it, it purifies the heart. All other saith is but the hope of the hypocrite; but real saith is the operation of God, saith the apostle; and that saith worketh in an unclean heart to the cleansing of it, and in an impure heart to the purifying of it: If the heart comes to be purified, then it must needs follow that the conversation must be pure also. No one doth an ill work, or speaks an ill word, but it is from an evil heart. Now if the axe come to be laid to the root of the tree, and the word of the Lord operate in the heart powerfully, if ever so much evil be in it, the axe when laid to the root of the tree will cut it down; the power of God will execute judgment upon every thing that is contrary to him; Christ is holy, harmless, and undefiled, and separare from sin and sinners; and though he extend his life and virtue to the life and soul of the most wicked man in the world, it never joins with their uncleanness, but keeps immaculate and undefiled in the heart of the worst of men.

Now this immaculate power that comes from Christ, it will purify the hearts of men, and preferve them from evil thoughts, words and actions. This is the manifestation of the one Mediator that they must be governed by, else they

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cannot be presented spotless to God the Father. There is a necessity of coming to a Saviour otherwise than by words and profession; we must come to him and heartily words and profession; we must come to him and heartily join with him; we have all joined with the devil, he hath suggested, moved, and instigated, and people have followed his instigations and motions; there is no man but is sensible of a devilish motion, why not then of a divine motion? Though now it is become a bugbear to say, we are moved by the Spirit of Christ, why not by that Spirit, as well as by the spirit of the wicked one? No man doubts but that there are motions of the devil which they are sensible of the sensitive that here are some and with him. fible of, that fometimes they have joined with him, and fonetimes they withfland him. What is the reason that men should join with evil motions? There is no just reason for it. The reason why you and I withstand the motions of the devil, is because we find another motion conveyed into our hearts by the Spirit of God; if a man hath one motion to commit uncleanness, he hath another motion to keep himself pure; if he hath a motion to speak a lie, he hath another motion to speak truth; there are two movers at the same time, in the same heart, which shall we join with? Shall I join with the devil's motion? If I find any thing of the love of God in my heart, it will conftrain me to mind the good motion, and make me withftand the evil motion; fo that the moving of the Spirit of God is not fuch a wonder.

There are none who have not had bad motions in them, and they have also motions of the Spirit of truth; they have met with evil motions, and they have admired them too much, then it is time to repent; if there be a distinction between a motion of the Spirit of truth, and a motion of the spirit of error, then I may boldly say, it is our duty to join with the Spirit of truth, and not with the spirit of error; if there be a defire in us to be saved from the wrath to come, then the way to be saved from God's wrath is to be saved from the cause of it; take away the cause and the effect ceaseth. The cause of God's wrath being kindled against man is sin, for God had no wrath against man when he first made him; for he made him after his own image, and gave him power to continue in

that holiness and righteousness, wherein he created him; but he fell, and was cast out of paradise, and an angel was sent with a flaming sword that turned every way, to keep the way of the tree of life. Thus man fell under the wrath of God by his sin; but how shall I have the wrath of God allayed? By breaking off from sin, and returning to God again.

This looks like a covenant of works, fay fome; do you fay I must break off from fin, and so escape the wrath of

God?

Yes, I do; but no mortal man can break off from fin but by joining with the Mediator, he is the author of eternal falvation, he worketh in us to will and to do, and enableth us to work out our own falvation; it was fin that drove man out of paradife, and brought upon him the wrath of God. Sin is the devil's work; now that Christ might be a Saviour to us, he will destroy the devil's work; for this purpose, saith the apostle, the Son of God was manifested that he might destroy the works of the devil. Now the devil was not the destruction of man simply in himfelf, but by tempting him to sin, which is the devil's work; and Christ was manifested, to destroy the devil's work; that propensity to sin that is in the nature of man, which makes him rebel against the mind and will of God. Christ the eternal Son of God became man; he took the nature of man, that he might bring man again to his primitive state, wherein he was created after the image of God.

Now how doth the devil perform his works? doth he do

Now how doth the devil perform his works? doth he do his works coercively? No, he useth no irresistible force. But doth Christ the Mediator work coercively, with an irresistible power and force, to bring a man again to God? No, no more than the devil did to beguile man from God. Man might have stood and continued in his state of innocency if he would; he might join with evil, and yield to the temptation of the devil, if he had a mind; he knew if he gave over his mind to evil, he should be ruined; and it proved so. Man was resolved to try what it was to yield to the devil, and obey him. He told them that if they did eat of the forbidden fruit they should be as Gods, but they became more like the devil; this they got by be-

ing

ing obedient unto him, not that the devil laid an irrefisfible force upon them, you shall eat of the fruit of this tree; but there was only a presentation of it to them, and with that he prevailed, and so came to the destruction of mankind.

Christ the Mediator, in order that he may prefent us to God, comes himself and presents his commands to us, and his command is, that we must break off from that fervitude and subjection that the devil hath brought man into, and there must be a subjection unto Christ; we must believe in Christ, and hearken to the word of God, and break off from sin; but where is the power? If God would have me holy, let him make me holy; if he would have me pure, let him make me holy; if he would have me pure, let him make me so, and give me ability to do that which of myself I cannot do; when it pleaseth God to give me grace and captivate my will, I shall become a good Christian. Now here is a great mistake, that people should think they must wait for an irresistible power to bring them back to God; there is a presentation of love and mercy, and earnest invitations, and the long-suffering and patience and goodness of God's long waiting upon sinners. God, who commanded light to shine out of idarkness, hath shined into our hearts, to give the light of the knowledge of the glory of God in the face of Jesus Christ, 2 Cor. iv. 6. What shall I do with the light that shines into my heart? I will shut mine eyes against it; I love darkness rather than light, and evil more than good; this light will lead me to holiness and righteousness, I will quarrel with it, it comes to bereave me of my comforts in this world, of my merry companions, and of all my bravery, I will not hearken to it. Alas! for these; this is the condemnation, that light is come into the world, and men love darkness rather than light, because their deeds are evil, saith our Saviour. If I had not come and spoken to them, they had no sin, but now they have no cloak for their sin. have me holy, let him make me holy; if he would have their fin.

Here is the gospel preached by Christ himself; here is the presentation of an opportunity for every man and woman to return again; but I must be in the way of returning, that is, by joining with that which presents to me holiness, righteousness, chastity and humility, that presents

and offers to the foul all the virtues and graces that are in Christ, and shews it the light and grace that comes from Christ. Now this light and grace shewing itself to my foul, I have a view of. Hast thou a view of it? Hast thou feen purity, humility, fobriety, meekness, and self-denial, and an heavenly frame of spirit in thyself or some-body else? How dost thou like it? I like it not at all; I love to have honour and dignity, power and dominion, and my elbow-room in the world; I love not this meekness, humility and strictness of life, that a man must have a care what he speaks, and set a watch upon his lips, and upon his heart, tongue, and hands, I do not like this kind of life.

If thou dost not like a good life, somebody will like it, and live in it; and notwithstanding all thy vapouring, thy hating, and despising it, when people come to live this kind of ife, they will outlive thee; thy proud life, they reigning life, and thy having elbow-room in the world, will at last come to be limited; the hand of God is against it, and it will bring down the pride of man. When thou comest to lie upon thy dying pillow, expecting every moment to expire, and breathe thy last, then thou wilt say, O that I had been more ferious, and lived more like a Christian; lived a godly life, and given up my heart to God, and been more watchful over my thoughts, words and actions! There is such a friend of mine, that hath lived better than I; if I had lived fuch a life as he hath lived, I should have had more comfort; and they that are despisers of the godly, tho' they do not like such a life now, they will like it then.

Friends, you that are lovers of your fouls, and meet to-

friends, you that are lovers of your fouls, and meet to-gether that you may become better, and have expectation and hope, that you shall receive comfort and benefit by your meeting together, I tell you, as a servant of God, and a lover of yours, it is but a little while, and you will wish that you had chosen the most holy, harmless, innocent life, that ever you saw yourselves, or heard of from any body else; and you will wish that you had been more watchful over your thoughts, words and actions. There is a day, a day approaching, when we must give

an account for every thing that we have done, whether good or evil; you must give an account for your cursed debauchery; for your swearing, lying, and inordinate passions; you must give an account for every vain thought,

and every idle word.

If this will certainly come to pass, how shall I prevent these idle words and evil actions? Wherewith shall a young man cleanse his way, saith the Psalmist? By taking heed thereto, according to thy word. I am not as those that say lo here and lo there: I do not say, you must come and learn truth of me, but if you find it, you must find it in yourselves: What if I live in the truth? That will not ferve thee; and if I have in the truth? That will not ferve thee; and if I he a holy man, that will not fanctify thee; thou must hearken to truth's speaking in thyself; thou mayest hear it speaking in thine own heart; you may hear it call you to righteousness and holiness; and if you hear it, you may do it too, if you please; for there is a power that goes along with it.

I know enough, thou wilt say, but I cannot do what I know; I have not power. What ails thee that thou hast not power? If I had power then would I absent from

not power? If I had power, then would I abstain from all sin, and break off from my evil ways; but the devil throws this object and the other object in my way, and by his temptations he doth ensure me, I have not power to resist: Would you have me do more than I can do? and as long as I have not power I am to be excused.

Now here is a device of the devil to keep people in his net still. If men would be true to themselves, they would not be long without power: If thou art convinced of the evil of thy ways, and that it is thy duty to break off from fin, there is a power offered to thee, that, if thou joinest with, thou mayest overcome all temptations, and forfake thy fin: I would have you all prove, and fearch, and fee whether I fpeak truth or no; I am perfuaded there is not a man or woman here but they have fometime abftained from an evil work, which they were tempted to. How were you reftrained; because you knew it was an analysis work and the standard had not a goorn evil work, you durft not do it; the devil had not a coercive power to force you to do it; I knew it was an evil thing, and I joined with that in my mind which diffuaded X x

me from it; and I prayed to God to give me power to abstain from it. The devil tempted thee on still, who helped thee against the temptation? God restrained thee by his grace. Will not he be a present help unto thee? he is the same yesterday, to-day, and freezer; depend upon him still, and he will be always ready to help thee, and support thee, and strengthen thee, and thou shalt be kept from sin in an hour of temptation: Consider that all power in Heaven and Earth is given to Christ, and if he be able to keep thee thou shalt not fall into it; those that come unto me, saith Christ, none shall plack them out of my hands, and my Father is greater than all. If thou comest unto Christ, he will in no wife cast thee out, and if thou depend upon him, he will preserve thee, and none finall be able to pluck thee out of his hand. If thou join with the truth, and with that which is holy, thou shalt have strength and ability to withstand temptation and overcome it; and (I may speak with reverence) Christ hath bound himself to those that trust in him; those that keep the word of my patience, I will keep them in the hour of temptation. If I keep waiting upon his power, that is ready to help me, and have a mind to be purified and fanctified, and to have righteousness brought into my soul, and have mine eyes unto God, and my expectations from him, he will work in me to will and to do of his good plea fure.

Now here people have a fixed foundation for their faith; but there is no working at this rate without bearing a daily cross. There are a great many can receive the truth in words, and receive doctrines, and tenets, and that with delight; but there is no practifing holiness and righteousness without a daily cross and self-denial. There are a great many who have come to truth, as far as it stands in words, but when it comes to something that they must do, to speak the truth, and live in the truth, they meet with so much of the temptation of the devil, so much lust and corruption, and ungodliness in themselves; they meet with such evil things that their souls join with and yield to, that they cannot go on in the ways of holiness, unless they look up to Jesus, and have an eye to their Saviour,

and

and take up his cross and follow him. Whatsoever reproaches, sufferings, and persecutions they endure, they must have a godly resolution to follow the Lord Christ, and say, I will obey his commands, he shall have the rule and government of my life, and be the guide of my way; whatsoever stands in my way, I will take up my cross and deny myself; without this there is no good Christianity in the world.

There are a great many that feem to be religious and are professors of the truth: We all know there are many professors of the truth in notion, and with some zeal will talk of it; but they do not know how to live and walk in the truth, they do not live uprightly and honessly in it; they do not keep their words; they do not live justly and honessly with all men, nor do unto others as they would have others do to them: They can tell how to speak and act; then why do they not do it? They have got a notion that they are above the cross of Christ, and self-denial is far below them. People will not live in the truth.

This is wanting in the whole world: If we look around we shall find a great many are illuminated; there is abundance of knowledge and understanding among prosessors, abundance of learning, and great numbers of learned men: What is the reason that oaths, and curses, and all manner of wickedness run down the streets like a river; there is pride, and wrath, and envy, and revenge, and violence to be sound among us, as if it would draw down vengeance upon us. They have heard preached in pulpits much of holiness, humility, patience and meekness, that a meek and quiet spirit is an ornament of great price: Men have heard much preaching against pride, prophaneness, and drunkenness, and uncleanness, but they have heard it like a tale that is told, not much concerned about it, and have given little credit or regard to what they have heard of these things. Why are people so wicked? The reason at last results in this, men are lovers of pleasures more than lovers of God, they are not the servants of Christ, but serve divers lusts, and pleasures, and are led captive by the devil, at his will; and so they go on in iniquity. No laws can restrain

restrain and curb them, when the law of Christ is not written in their hearts; but when men come to see a necessity of self-denial and taking up the cross, this will produce a reformation.

This is what I labour for, and all good men and women will do it: It is time to try for reformation. Vain fashions, and garbs, and pride have been cried up, why should not we cry for reformation before the wrath of a provoked God is kindled against us, and his vengeance poured down upon the nation? We must reform our lives. How shall men reform, you will say? By getting the law of God within their hearts, that is pure, and holy, and heavenly, that will be as a light to mens feet, and a lanthorn to their paths: Now till people come to this they will go on in sin and iniquity, till they be swept away with some overslowing and dreadful judgment.

So that, my friends, in the fear of God, and out of love to you, I feek that you may be brought to God, through Christ; that you may live in the love and fear of the Lord, and, when you come to die, you may have rest and peace for your souls. There is no rest for those that are evil-doers; there is no peace, saith my God, to the wicked. The ungodly cry, peace, peace, and talk of peace, but there is no peace for them, but they shall have for their portion tribulation, and wrath, and anguish; this shall certainly come upon every one that doth evil. It is no matter what religion you are of, if you do not

obey the truth, but live in unrighteousness.

Now, friends, my exhortation to you all is, that you will return to the truth in your own hearts, and do it while you have time. I am not perfuading people to love my opinion, but to love God's truth in their own hearts, to love it and obey it, and you cannot do this unless you resolve to take up a daily cross, and be followers of Christ, who is gone before to prepare a place for them that are his true disciples; and then he will present them to God, as holy, harmless, and undefiled, for these are heirs of that everlasting kingdom, which God heth prepared for them that love him.

SERMON XXX.

CHRIST the WAY to ETERNAL LIFE.

Preached at GRACE-CHURCH-STREET, May 6, 1688.

HE desire of all nations is come; that which all people desire in their own way, is come in God's way; for all nations and all people on the earth desire eternal life; they would all be happy in the other world, and in order thereunto, they have fitted themselves with divers ways and methods, in which they have proposed to themselves the enjoyment of eternal life; but by reason of the darkness that is in them, they have erred in their ways, they have been scattered, they have been driven and tossed hither and thither, and can never agree about

the way that leads to eternal life.

This comes by reason of the great darkness that is over the fons and daughters of men in general, in which they have lost their way, and are endeavouring to find it again: But the subtle adversary led them out of the way, and as long as he leads and they follow, they will never find the right way: The great calamity that is come upon the world in this respect, is very greatly to be lamented; for when the eye of the mind is opened, to behold the universal state of mankind, and to see how they are scattered hither and thither, and often left in confusion, by the craft and delufion of the wicked one, and that none of the ways that they have found, are like to bring them to the proposed end, because they are defiled, because they are unholy; this hath bowed down the spirit of the Lord's fervants many times, and a great cry hath arisen in the hearts of those that have seen the fruition and enjoyment of life eternal; O, that the fons of men might hear! and O that they might confider their ways before they come to their latter end! for mark friends, this you may take for a certain doctrine, and a fure rule in judgment, concerning all the ways that the fons and daughters of men walk in; if they be unholy, they will be unprofitable; the

way of the Lord was, and is, and ever will be the way of holiness, and the people that walk therein, they were, and are, and they will always be a holy people; now the fons and daughters of men have not gone to measure their way by this rule, but the greatest endeavours that ever have been in the world, from the beginning (the greatest endeavours that men did undertake) were to see how near they could approve their doctrine and practice with the fcriptures of truth, and that hath been the bone of contention, that they have stumbled about from one generation to another, one crying my way is right; and here they have been contending, disputing, and jangling and debating one with another, and could never agree, and could never come to that understanding, which is given by the Holy Spirit, that moved holy men to write the Holy Scriptures of truth; if they had, it is manifest they would have agreed, for this one spirit must agree with itself, and will give judgment according to its own righteous judgment: Men being alienated from the life of God, by evil works, and by the suggestions of satan, they have not known the way of peace and have not same to that known the way of peace, and have not come to that which is the desire of all nations, as now in the sulness of time, the Lord God eternal, who created the Heavens and the Earth, the fea and the fountains of water, he hath looked down and beheld the miferable calamitous state of the fons and daughters of men, and he hath feen how they have been fcattered and driven to and fro by idle shepherds, and how every one hath indulged himselt in his own way, though unholy and impure; and it is because of the darkness of the night of ignorance that hath been over the people; and therefore in his infinite love and mercy, he is rifen, and hath brought forth his light and his truth, that the nations might be enlightened, that they might come and fee with a divine eye that the truth is but one, and the way but one, and all that do really defire to be inheritors of eternal life, must come to walk in that way. So that people are never brought back again out of that way wherein they have been scattered and driven about, till they come to fee the way they practife to bring forth iniquity; they fee there is no light to be had in them.

them, they see the anger of God kindled, and the indig-nation of God poured out by reason of sin and unholiness. Now when they come to be convinced by the light of

Now when they come to be convinced by the light of Christ Jesus of their disobedience, then they come to feel and find a principle, a feed and root that gives them a law which they should obey, and hear the right law-giver, and have respect unto him: Here is the revelation of Christ Jesus by his Spirit, and this extends itself in its operation and working to the sons of men, to them that are afar off, as well as to those that are nigh; therefore our continual exhortation, from time to time, according as the spirit hath given us utterance, is not so much to make profession of this and the other doctrine of Christianity, as to persuade all men every where that they bemake profession of this and the other doctrine of Christianity, as to persuade all men every where, that they believe in the light, and hearken to the voice of the light in their own consciences, that they hearken to that which is purely of God in themselves, as we know, whosoever comes to love the light of Christ Jesus, wherewith they are enlightened, it would discover doctrine to them, and make known faith and practice too; it will lead them in the way everlasting, it will open their understanding far above all preaching this and the other doctrine and tenet.

What signifies it to shew colours to the blind, or to speak words to the dead; till men come to have their

speak words to the dead; till men come to have their fenses opened, that they may discern things belonging to the spirit of truth, the carnal man cannot understand the things of the go pel of Christ, the carnal man is not subject to the law of God, neither indeed can be; there must be something done in the soul, to bring it out of its carnality, and bring it to something that is spiritual, before it is capable of understanding the things of the spirit: Therefore when our minds can witness what we came hither for, when we meet to serve and worship God, we shall have a hope to receive fome illumination, fome refreshment, fome comfort, or some knowledge of things divine; it is in vain to attend religious doctrines with an irreligious mind. It is my judgment of charity, that every one that comes hither, hath some expectation of illumination in their understandings, some gift, or some instruction; this they may receive from the God of Heaven, by the ministry of those who must be the mouth of God, to speak to them in his name: When people are thus prepared, and their minds fixed to hear the truth; if they do not find it in themsolves, if they come not to a sense of the word of life in their own hearts, their hearing cannot give them life. We are commending ourselves to every man's conscience; let your minds be turned inward, search and consider, is there a light that enlightens every man that comes into the world? Is there a defire of eternal life manifested in me? Is there that in me that puts me upon obedience to God, to mend my life and conversation, that I might be recommended to God? Is there fomething in me that checks me when I fpeak amis, and do amis? I do appeal to the witness of God in you; if that be so, then believe me for the word's fake, the testimony of God in your hearts.

Let us next consider, whether we had best agree on this

conclusion, that God hath enlightened us, and whether we had not best obey that light; this is the best way, let us put the question, and wait for an answer from ourselves. There is much indeed to be said on the other side: If I should hear and obey that by which I am enlightened, if I should hearken to the reproof of my own conscience, I should lose a great deal of the pleasure and of the comfort of the world, I should lose a great deal of the profit which I gain in my trade and calling, and of the delight and pleasure I have with my neighbour.

This is not to be denied; I would have things put in the balance; I grant you will lose some pleasure, and ungodly gain, and the friendship of the world; but pray consider, and let us go through the account: If thou obeyest this light of Christ Jesus, this is God's way of drawing thee nearer to himself, to make thee an heir of his eternal kingdom; whereas by thy indulging thy carnal parts, thou wilt lose thy immortal foul; if thou shouldest gain the whole world, and lose thy own foul, what will gain the whole world, and lote thy own fold, what will it profit thee? Thou shouldest consider, why I am enlightened; how comes it to pass that my nature is evil, and I am fallen from my primitive state, from the knowledge of God, and from the enjoyment of his presence, and communion with him? How comes God to take notice of me, and to enlighten me and kindle in me a defire of returing to him? why should he do this for me? Thou wilt never find a reason in thyself of this extraordinary kindness, of this singular mercy of God to thee; it is because his mercy moved him, and it was his compassion that stirred him up: He hath sent his Son Jesus Christ into the world, that men might have light in and through him, and have it abundantly. The mercy of God is a fountain from whence all this slows to us; if this prevail not upon thee, no argument will: What, was it meer mercy, meer grace, that God was not willing to see me perish, and run headlong to destruction? He was loath to execute his wrath upon me, therefore he found out a way by which I might return to him. This made a good man cry out, behold! what manner of love is this, wherewith the Father hath loved us? Here is the grace of God; here is the good will of God; here is the way; a way, what way? A way of coming to God; a way of being again reconciled unto God, whom we had provoked by our fins; a way of enjoying eternal life again, after we had lost all pretence to it.

The next question is, who will walk in the way that leads to eternal life? We would all have eternal life; it is the universal consent of all nations; all would have eternal life; but the question is, who will walk in the way that leads to it? Some of the nations round about, and many in this nation, they will walk in their own way, and yet they would have eternal life; but their way must be of the same nature and quality with the life they would have; if the way they walk in be not of the same nature and quality, it will not lead to it. Let every one examine their way; let every one examine their progress, and their lives and footsteps in this world; if they sow to the sless, they shall of the sless reap corruption; and if they sow to the spirit, they shall of the spirit reap life everlasting; a suitable fruit to that life they live, and the way they walk in. If we conclude with reason; with pure, sound reason, we must conclude it is better for us all to walk in the way of holiness; and we shall have more reason to believe that we shall have life eternal, than in

walking in an unholy way, therefore we should be resolved to walk in the way of holine's; and if people are brought to this, it is an easy thing to draw them to confession: You say true, it is better to walk in a holy way than an unholy way; but alas! we have not power so to do; we are feeble, weak, dark and ignorant; and we have many lusts, temptations and impediments, lying in our way, that it is not possible for any to walk in that way; we know the way, we understand the way well enough; you would have us walk by the light of Christ, and the dictates of our own consciencies, then we should never be condemned for any thing we do, but we should stand in an openness of access to God; when a man sinneth against God, sin lies at the door; but they that sin not, have an access to God. Alas, these things cannot be done! What can

a poor creature do that wants power?

My friends, this excuse must go no further; let us try and consider in the presence of God this day, the powerful God that is the assister of his people; let us try how far this will go, I have no power of myself; all good men grant it to be true, you have not power to walk in the way of holiness: But let us ask another question; doth God require of thee and me to walk in the way of holiness, and doth he deny power to us to walk in it? We cannot walk in the way of holiness, but by the operation of his power working in us, unto the extinguishing of the life of fin and corruption, that hath hindered us all this while; God knows we cannot do it ourselves. Christ tells his disciples, without me ye can do nothing, nothing good, nothing that is right. This being concluded on, all power comes from God; the next question is, how, and which way must we receive power from God greater than our own power? Which is the way of people's receiving power from God? You have read how people came to have power; to as many as believed, to them he gave power to become the sons of God. What signifies this to them that do not believe? If believing be the way to obtain power, it is nothing to those that do not believe; there faith is necessary, in the first place, for obtaining of this power: This is a great mystery, such an odd faying, that the world

world knows not what to make of it: Believers, we are all believers; I believe the truth of the principles of the Christian religion, and I believe all the articles of the creed: To talk of believing at this time of the day, we have believed this twenty, or thirty, or forty years, but the first act of faith is yet to be done after your sense: It is true, with the greatest part of the nation; the first act of faith is not yet begun, for their faith is men's faith: We are for the faith that was delivered to the saints; it is the gift of God, it comes from the operation of God; fo that I may conclude, whosoever remains a stranger to the operation of God, he is a stranger to the true faith; and they who estrange themselves from that which God worketh, are strangers to the operation of God. Therefore, till people's minds are turned to Christ, whom God hath sent, who is appointed to be for salvation to the ends of the earth; till men come to reduce the government both of the foul and body to him, as the captain of their falvation; till they come to be thus refigned, they cannot come to the true faith.

Now when God worketh this resignation in us, a man will reflect upon himself and say, alas I have been mine own keeper too long, I fee I have gone off from God, now I will return to him, and refign up myself to the Lord, that he may work in me what he pleaseth to work: When men come to this refignation of soul, they have faith given them, they must believe God will never leave them nor forsake them, but he will magnify his power in their weakness; I will rest my soul upon him, and cast my care upon him that careth for me; it is not faith barely in words, and in the articles of the creed, but it is a faith in the Son of God, to whom all power in Heaven and Earth is given; I may expect a share of it, he will give me a little, if I come to him for it; and if I be faithgive me a little, it I come to him for it; and it I be faithful in a little, he will give me more; the reason why you want power, is, because you want faith; and the reason of your want of faith, is, because you want a resignation to the will of God; you will be your own carvers, and your own keepers and guides. When you come to this resignation to the will of God, God will give you power,

and then you will find him the God of all grace; you are what you are by the grace of God, and by his power, and by that power you will obey his will: Here is faith that giveth glory to God, to that God that takes an unholy man and makes him holy; how doth he this? By his holy fpirit, which is as fire that burneth up that which is corruptible; then the man is well (I fpeak according to the dictates of the spirit) when he is reconciled to God by Christ Jesus, the Mediator between God and man, the Mediator of the new covenant, who maketh our peace. That you may come to the knowledge of the day of the Lord's vifitation, is what our fouls labour and travel for, that you may be in the unity of the same spirit after the desire of all nations is come; he is come to you, that you may all fay within yourselves, salvation this day is come to our houses, and into our hearts.

SERMON XXXI.

CHRIST ALL in ALL.

Preached at DEVONSHIRE-House, June 10, 1688.

HE Lord Jesus Christ is the light, life and virtue that can only satisfy. Christ is all in all.

There is nothing can satisfy the souls of the upright, unless they feel life and virtue to flow from Christ Jefus; and this, whether it flow instrumentally or immediately, always comforteth; it always refresheth the up-

right in heart.

Therefore all they that defire fatisfaction to their fouls, that meet together upon that account, they ought to have their eyes turned to the Lord, that they may be capable to underfland the ministration of the spirit, whether in themselves, or through any other. For while they are exercifed outwardly, and the dependence of their fouls is upon that which is outward, there remains a veil upon the mind, that they many times hear excellent things spoken of the kingdom of God, but they understand them

not, because they are alienated and estranged in their minds from that of God in themselves, that should give them an understanding. We never pretend to give people an understanding, we have always said, that is the work of God. We have spoken many things of the kingdom of God, excellent things have been revealed to us by his holy spirit, and the same spirit hath given us utterance, to speak of the great things of the law of God; yet many, that have been constant hearers of these things, remain ignorant, and are insensible, because they are not exercised in their own measure of the grace and light of the Lord Jesus Christ, by which they should receive and understand them. This hath made me often lament the case of many

Christ, by which they should receive and understand them. This hath made me often lament the case of many of the people of this city and nation, who are daily hearers of the word of God preached, and retain it not in their hearts: The sowers are gone out to sow, but many receive it in the high-way-ground; the way that every thing can pass in, there they receive the word sown, and the devil catcheth it away; and though they have heard excellent things, of the strength, ability and power of God, that he ministreth to his people, they remain so weak and so feeble, that they are blown away with every blast of the adversary, with every temptation, and with every snare and gin that is laid for them, they are catched, and ensured, and taken; and so these come to meetings again ensnared, and taken; and so these come to meetings again and again, one year after another: I might say unto you, wherefore do you come? It may be you may say, we desire to be satisfied; we desire satisfaction for our souls. Do you so? Then I tell you, you may come all the days of your life, and want it, and lay down your heads in forrow at last for all that. For all the words in the world will never communicate that heavenly life and virworld will never communicate that heavenly life and virtue which brings true satisfaction to the soul, unto any, except to those that have an exercise in their own mind and spirits, in that which they have of God; they must first be brought to know the way they should walk in, and to believe that is the way: When people believe this is my way, the light within is my way, the grace of God is my way; that searches and tries my heart, that is my way I must walk in, speak in, and think in, and do all

that I have to do in; when I believe this is that way, then this belief obligeth men to take heed to their ways, to their footsteps. And here they that are thus exercised, are in a tender care every step they take in their way; and so perhaps they may receive great benefits by hearing the reports they do daily hear from those that were in the way before them, and have travelled further in it, than they ever yet have done. The experiences of the fervants of the Lord, are daily helpful to them, and they are daily comforted, strengthened, and confirmed, to hear how they have sped, that have travelled through their condition, and through their present state; the helps and advantages they have met with, will do thee good, and comfort thee: But what is this to those that are not in the way, that have not faith in the way? Tho' they have a clear belief of the doctrine and way itself, yet they are not exercifing them-felves to walk therein; for they do but as the rest of the world, faying, this good man, and the other good man, made a good sermon. Why was it good? Not for any good they found by it, but because he raised his doctrine well, and proved it from the scripture, therefore we are obliged to believe it.

But now this good doctrine, if it be ever fo good, and ever fo firmly proved, it brings forth no fruit to the amendment of life, faving in them that believe, faving in them where there is an exercise in the sear of God, where people are concerned for their soul's satisfaction. For they that look for true satisfaction by this, or that, or the other way of the world, they spend their days without satisfaction, and so at last they die in forrow; and so it will be to the end of this, and all succeeding generations.

And therefore, my friends, though I confess it is not a grief to me, but a joy, to see people willing to hear the truth, and to come together in great assemblies; tho I say, this is not a grief, but a joy, for I am not about to discourage them that do so: Yet I must be plain with you; I know what I say, and you will know it too one day, that all this meeting together, and gathering in great assemblies, and hearing what is preached to you, with ever so great delight to your minds, it will do you no good,

unless

unless you believe in the grace of God, that hath been ministered to you through Jesus Christ. And when people come to this foundation, and build on it, and grow every day more and more diligent in the exercise of their minds towards God, and examine their way, and examine their footsteps, how they have walked yesterday, how they have walked this day, and how their minds are exercised at this present time, whether they have answered the grace of God; when they come to be thus exercifed, they will look upon themselves as bound in duty to give account to God every moment, for their thoughts, words and actions. When they are thus exercised, then let them come to meetings in the name of God, and hear the experiences of them that have gone before them, and treasured up sayings in their hearts for their encouragement, and they will find this will be a help to them: But if people go and build a religion upon the sayings of this and that man; nay, were it upon the sayings of Christ himself and his apostles, if they were here to preach to them, and build a religion upon their words, and sayings of them. ings, and doctrines, without the operations of the Spirit of God upon their hearts, inclining them to holiness and righteousness, this religion will do them no good: By this, to make the best of it, they might make a shift to reach to a form of godliness; people conforming themselves outwardly, to the outward precept or command from without, it might amount to a form of godliness; yet it might be supposed and granted, that the power of God, the power of divine life and virtue, where it comes, it doth sanctify and season the mind, and bring men into an awful reverence of the living God, their Maker, that they might stand in awe, and not sin against him; for here is the life of religion.

This hath a great difference from the manner of building men in religion, that many have been acquainted withal. They tell us, our fathers before us were built up in these forms, and modes, and methods of religion; they received fo many doctrines, ordinances, facraments and articles; and when these are received, believed and professed, there's a faint for you, there's a child of God, and a member of the church. How came he to be so? He was instructed in all the principles of the Christian religion, and subject to all the ordinances of the church, saith one; and saith another, he could speak excellently concerning the doctrine of our religion; therefore he is certainly a child of God, and a member of Christ; but all this acceptation of the principles of the Christian religion, of doctrines, and ordinances, and sacraments; all this will not amount to the purifying of the heart, and cleansing and purging of the conscience; nay, it would not come to a far less matter, to the bridling of the tongue; but they would be in a passion upon the least provocation, and upon the least disgust and distaste given them, their tongues would run over into wrath, and into wantonness, and prophaneness; and upon any occasion and provocation given, their corrupted words would prevail, and lead them into deceit and covetous practices; and though the fruits and works of the old man remain, yet they will follow the principle of the regenerate, as far as they consist in words.

If our Lord Jesus Christ say, except a man be born

If our Lord Jesus Christ say, except a man be born again he cannot enter into the kingdom of God, then this old corrupt birth will preach a termon upon this text, and profess it. How many have taken upon them to preach a fermon, upon some excellent sayings of Christ, that never knew what regeneration was; for the new birth always hath a new life; but they have lived the life of carnal corrupt sallen man, and yet preach a sermon upon regeneration: Thus the minister hath done, and the people have believed him, and have been gathered into such and such a church; for most put themselves into one church or other; they have been covenanted Christians, members of a church; but they have wanted that which makes a Christian, a religious man, viz. the answer of a good

conscience.

A true Christian, he is bound to be an obedient child unto God, that begat him of his own will, by the word of truth; and such a one may be in expectation of an answer of peace from God, through Jesus Christ, in whom he hath believed, and by whom he is reconciled to God. If you take away this new birth, and this new nature,

and

and an answer of peace, from God to the foul, then tell me what the Christian religion is, more than the religion of *Heathens* and *Pagans*, that worship stocks and stones? of Heathens and Pagans, that worship stocks and stones? All the rest is but talk, and men are never a whit the better for it: One man may excel another in talk and discourse: A debauched man many times hath been able to talk at a great rate, and to speak notable things; and some have been ready to say, it is a pity a man of such excellent parts should lead a wicked life: But alas! if such a one can talk of the power of God still, and the devil hath power over him; or if he speak highly of the wisdom of God, yet he himself plays the sool abominably; so that by such a kind of life, and such a kind of religion, people never attain to satisfaction; after forty, or sixty years spent therein, they must after all, lay gion, people never attain to fatisfaction; after forty, or fifty, or fixty years spent therein, they must after all, lay down their heads in forrow, when they have been conflant keepers to the church, and sayers of their prayers, and receivers of the facrament, and stedsastly believe the articles of the creed, and make profession of all the parts of the Christian religion; yet after all, they must lay down their heads in forrow: Why, what is the matter? what did they want? They wanted faith in the power of God, that should enable them to overcome their sin, and live in obedience to God; and they wanted to their outward profession, the answer of a good conscience, and justification through Christ the Mediator.

They talked of redemption through Lesus Christ but

They talked of redemption through Jesus Christ, but were never redeemed from their sins: This is so evident and plain, that there is no speaking to the contrary: If you see a drunkard, or a swearer, or an unclean person, and if he shall preach, and make an excellent sermon of the redemption that there is in Christ, and therein tell you, what great benefits they receive by Christ, that are true believers; and that Christ is a Redeemer, and redeemeth them from the curse of the law, and from the guilt of sin, and reconcileth them to God; so that he that was under the curse of the law, and an heir of wrath, is now a child of God: Now if you come to examine this man, and ask him, whether he is redeemed, and delivered from sin, so that fin hath no more dominion over him, he will

tell you, no: What not redeemed, when thou hast been a believer thus long? Art thou still under the bondage and captivity of sin? Then thou art under the government of some other master than Christ; some other master hath rule over thee, if thou art not redeemed from thy swearing, lying, drunkenness, and uncleanness; if thou art ied to these things, thou art under the power and government of some other master than Christ. Now this hath startled people, when they have been thinking, that they have been baptized persons, and professing Christians, and they have flattered themselves with a groundless considence, let me die when I will, this night, or to morrow, I shall be saved by Christ; I am an heir of the kingdom of God: Let me tell thee, thou dithonourest the name of God by thy presumption.

When people come to examine matters, and read over the book of their confciences, and fee what fervants they have been to the devil, how the devil hath led them up and down at his will, those that were covenanted Christians, followers of Christ; when the devil hath said to them, follow me, then sayest thou I will; when the devil faith, follow me to this and the other evil thing, I see I cannot resist; I cannot withstand the temptation; I was overtaken, and surprised, and led away by such an allurement, and entinared by it: I pray thee leave off prosessing, for thou disgracest the Lord Jesus Christ; he and his disciples did not so: He was tempted as thou art, and his disciples were tempted as thou art; so were Christians of old time; and Christians that live in the present time do meet with many temptations, but they are not at the devil's beck and call. as thou art.

The apostle Paul, in one passage of his life, we find came to be awakened and startled: There was a light from Heaven shone about him, he heard the voice of Christ speaking to him, Saul, Saul, why perfecutest thou me? and he said, who art thou Lord? and the Lord said, I am Jesus whom thou persecutest; it is hard for thee to kick against the pricks; and he trembling and assonished said, Lord, what wilt thou have me to do? Acts, ix. 4. He was brought to this pass after his convincement, but before that he was overcome and led captive; and when he would do good,

evil was present with him: To will, saith he, is present, but how to perform I know not; but he did not call this a happy state. He did not say then, I am in a good condition, when I am led captive by the devil at his will: The good that I would do, I do not, and I am carnal, and fold under sin: He doth not say, this is a good condition, I am fatisfied with it; fee what he calls that condition; he gives it a more right name than many do now-a-days, that fay, this is the state of God's children; that the best of all God's children have not power to live without fin, and overcome all their corruptions, that they fin in their best duties, and can do nothing but sin, and that fin mixeth itself in all their holy duties and performances: Many of their ministers tell them, that if they think they can perform any duty without fin, they deceive themselves, and run the hazard of being accurfed. But they learned not this of Christ, but of some other master. Paul gave this state another name; I would you were as wise when you are in this state and condition. O wretched man that I am, who shall deliver me? I see a wretchedness in this condition; I fee, if I be not delivered out of it, I must perish to all eternity. This is not a state to live in; who can live at ease in such a condition as this? Who can but cry out, who shall deliver me from this body of fin and death? Alas! we hear no such cry now among priests or people, and separate congregations: I fear this cry is almost lost among us, unless it be some few that hear the voice of God, and feel such a stroke of the divine power as Paul did, and answer to the heavenly voice. I confess that I myself have heard such a cry, and have been sensible of my wosul captivity and bondage, by reason of sin. And though I had a mind to do good, I could not do it; it was my defire that I might fin no more, I would not fin against the Lord, if I could avoid it; and when I would do good, I found that evil was present with me; but I was far from fitting down there, and faying, this is the state and condition of God's people; it is as well with me as it was with the apostle Paul, therefore I will sit down in this state: The people of God cannot find satisfaction in such a state as this; though I confess, that God's peculiar

people at first came to this state, for their conviction; and the opening of their minds, and enlightening their under-flandings, to see the evil of their ways; but they do not come to this state, as to their rest, and then persuade themfelves that they are in the condition of the children of God; but they give their state a right name, and cry out, O wretched man that I am! what a miserable condition am I fallen into! I did not fee it before: Now my eyes are opened, now my understanding is illuminated, now I see that the corruption of my nature prevails against the grace of God; and when I would join with the grace of God, and the motions of his Holy Spirit, the enemy is present to lead me away; I am not now in a happy state, but I am fo far advanced that I am convinced of my miserable and wretched state and condition; if some way or other benot found for my deliverance, I shall never see the face of God with comfort. Then arises that cry, who shall deliver me? Thus the apostle Paul (Rom. vii.) sets forth the state of his convincement, and how miserable a condition he was in: Then he goes further, and tells you how it was with him: I thank God, through Jefus Christ our Lord. O! I have cause enough to thank God, I am not a wretched man now, I am not carnal, fold under fin; I am not led captive by the devil at his will now. Why how so? the aposse saith, the law of the spirit of life in Christ Jesus, hoth set me free from the law of sin and death. Here is something to glory, and to comfort the soul in: The law of the Spirit of life triumphed in his foul, and delivered him from the law of fin and death, and redeemed him from the power of fin, and made him ferve God with freedom and liberty. I thank God, through Jesus Christ our Lord: I would have all come to this, to thank God; not only in words, but in reality, in deed and truth. For one may teach a parrot to talk over these words; but it is the law of the spirit of life in Christ Jesus, that will make you free from the law of fin and death.

This is a hard lesson, therefore you must go home into your own consciences, before you can make a right judgment of things, and give a right answer to yourselves. The law of the spirit of life will set thee free from the

law of thy passion, and of thy pride and covetousness, and sensuality, and the law of thy carnal inclinations. Art thou set free from these?

Now when people come to examine themselves, they have no way to slee to, but they must take up a daily cross, and trust to the Lord Jesus for their deliverance; who hath enlightened them, to see their wretched and wosul state; and illuminated their understandings, that they might come to him, in order to their being delivered from the dominion of sin.

The greatest part of the world think this is a thing impossible, and therefore do not hope to be set free from the bondage of their fins. Which of these ways is it that thou takest? I am afraid many of you have taken the wrong way: I judge no one in particular, but I speak this in

faithfulness and love to your fouls.

If there be any here, that are fensible of their sins, and in a captivated state under sin and satan, who have despaired of ever being set at liberty, and have said, it is a vain thing to expect it; for some learned men have told them, that there is no deliverance from sin in this world, therefore it is in vain for me to strive, in vain for me to engage myself in a continual care and conslict, in a continual warring and watching against sin; for this deliverance can never be obtained in this life: It is in vain to seek for a thing that can never be sound, and to strive for that which can never be obtained. If there be any such here present, I have this to say to them, that the Lord, in his infinite mercy, hath done two great things for you, to help you out of this despair, of obtaining a full deliverance from the bondage of your sins.

First, God hath placed a witness for himself in your bofoms, in your consciences. Let me ask you, have ye not got victory over many sins and temptations, that you have been assaulted with, from your childhood to this day? I might challenge any person in this assembly, when a temptation hath been presented before you, hath there not been something within you, to tell you of the danger of complying with it? Hath not thy conscience warned thee, and called upon thee, O take heed, do not this evil thing, do not cheat thy neighbour, do not commit this fin; whether drunkenness, or uncleanness, or whatsoever sin thou wast tempted to: Now, didst thou join to that voice in thine own conscience? And did it not help thee over the temptation? And when thou didst escape the sin, wast thou not glad of it? and didst thou not rejoice that thou obtainedst victory over it? Satan laid a snare, and an opportunity before me, to commit such a sin; but I did not join with it, and now I am glad of it. It was not only the devil's fault, for he came to his own, but there was an evil inclination in my heart to it: How came it to pass thou didst not do it? I knew it was a sin against the Lord. How didst thou know that? I knew in my conscience, that if I did it, I must sin against light, and against conviction, and against grace received; and that was the reason I did not do it. Thus thou acknowledgest thine own conscience helped thee against the temptation.

Now I appeal to ail your consciences, that hear me this day, whether God hath not done this kindness for you; and there is none here but hath been some time helped out of temptation? I do not believe that ill of any, that they comply with all the temptations they meet with, but the light in their consciences hath shewn them the evil of sin, and they have been kept out of it, and they have

been glad of it afterwards.

Now this is one great kindness, which God hath done for every one of you, in order to help you out of this despair

of being delivered from your fins.

Despair in the common notion of it, is that which makes a man doubt of his eternal salvation: I shall go to hell when I die; there is no mercy for me. This despair hath so wrought upon people, that many have lost their wits, and common sense, and at last made away with themselves; many have been distracted and undone in this world, while they lived in it, and at last have dispatched themselves out of it. And there is another despair; a despair of getting victory over their corruptions, and obtaining a freedom from sin: This latter despair, this nation is generally fallen into; though the effects of the other despair is lamentable to behold, the effects of this will be as bad one day, if not

prevented by rectifying that mistake men lie under. Why shouldest thou despair of the power of God to help thee, and of the grace of God, and of the good will of God for thy deliverance? if thou wilt not join with the grace of God, and the power of God that is ready to help thee, and give deliverance from thy sins, the consequence will be dreadful at the last. Therefore believe in that grace of God, which hath helped thee against some temptations, and given thee victory over some sins, that it will, if thou faithfully join

with it, give thee victory over all.

Secondly, Confider God hath done another kindness for thee, he hath sent his light and truth into thy heart, to engage thee in a war against sin: There are a great many faithful soldiers of Christ, that have sought this battle before you, and have obtained the victory, and they will tell you, they never went out to war in their own names, but in the name of the Lord JEHOVAH: When they relied upon him, and in meekness and fear waited upon him, he gave them power to overcome; and they were made conquerors, and more than conquerors; for they have overcome those enemies, that sometimes overcame them; and Christ hath fixed and settled them in this conquest, never to be overcome more. Here is both an outward and an inward evidence: The outward evidence will do you no good, till you come to lay hold of the inward evidence in your own hearts; then the outward evidence that God sends, will be serviceable to you.

Therefore, my friends, I tell you (as I faid before) nothing will fatisfy the foul, but the virtue and life that flows into it from the fountain of life; here is the way to it. If you should hear of a treasury, and store of bread laid up for all that are willing to come to it; if you knew not the way to come to it, and were ready to perish with hunger, what a cry would there be among you! If a man should come and tell you where there is such a treasury of bread, when you are ready to perish with hunger, and tell you the way to it is intricate and narrow, but that he himself hath been there, and that he can tell you the ready way to it, and that he himself had relief and supply, and great plenty bestowed upon him, and that he

would bring you thither, O how welcome would fuch a one be to you! O that you were as wife in fpiritual things, and as much concerned for your fouls, as you are for your bodies, and would take the advice of Gods ministers! They would turn you to the light within; the grace of God in your own hearts, which you are partakers of; and speaking to you in the name of God, desire you to follow the duties of your own consciences, and you will come quickly where there is bread enough. By that light within, you will see your state is not so good as you imagined it was. This oracle within, is that which you must live with, and dwell with; you must go home with it, and lie down with it, and you must rise with it, and follow the dictates of it; if you do so, before the week be out, you will have experience to tell me, if I should come and ask you, I have got more victory over my sins, by following the dictates of the light of the grace of God within my own bosom, than by all my reading, hearing and praying, and performing other duties.

Make a trial of this, and you will find the presence of God with you, and that he is a God at hand, and not afar off; and if you buckle on your spiritual armour, the captain of your salvation will not be far off, but be present

before you.

Therefore keep your eye unto Jesus, the author and finisher of your faith, and you will be able to do all things through Christ that strengthens you; and you will be able to conquer those sins and temptations that have conquered you.

May the law of the spirit of life in Christ Jesus, break down the body of sin and death, and bring you into the glorious liberty which God hath prepared for his chil-

dren.

SERMON XXXII.

CHRISTIANS should often think on the NAME of the LORD.

Preached at Devonshire-House, July 17, 1692.

HE people of God in former ages, did often think upon the name of the Lord: I would it might be the daily practice of all that make profession to be the people of God in our days, to think often upon the name of the Lord. This you know is an inward exercise, invisible and known to none but God; he only knows when you are met together, whether you are thinking upon his name, whether the exercise of your minds is upon his power, or upon whatsoever else your minds are engaged. They whose exercise and desire is, to feel God's power, and to be acquainted with his name, the Lord is night to them, to reveal his mighty power, and his name to them, and they are a people that partake of his goodness and of his virtue, and have an experimental knowledge of the divers administrations of both his judgments and mercies to their own souls, and so they can proceed from thinking to speaking of the goodness of God from the experience that they have in themselves, that the Lord is good to them.

For all that some do in their manner of speaking of God and his goodness, and crying up the name of the Lord, it is all worth nothing, it is but noise: But every one that partakes in his own foul of something of the divine virtue and goodness that flows from God levisibly to him through Jeius Christ, he hath affurance in himself that he speaks the truth: It is not meer words, made ready to his hand, but it is his own knowledge and experience of that which God hath wrought in him by his own Spirit; there are none that think upon the name of the Lord, and his power, and the working of it, but they are able to speak of it effectually and truly.

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I know it hath been, and is the practice among many, that they are able to speak of God's goodness from what they find in the writings and sayings of some that lived before them, that did bear an honourable testimony of God's goodness in their religion; and they learn to say it over again in their particular age: But what hath this tale that they have told, wrought? This report they have made, how God was with the Christians of old, the primitive Christians and martyrs; they have told a tale of these things, and what hath it effected? It hath either brought forth Christians, or it hath not.

The way for people to be grounded and fettled in divine knowledge, is for every one to speak what they know: And if they know nothing of these things, to say nothing of them. And the way for them to come to receive divine knowledge, is, by thinking, by meditating, by considering of that converse that God hath with their own fouls; for there is a way provided for all men to converse with God that made them: Every man and woman may ask questions of him, and may have answers from him, if they have patience enough to wait for them; every foul here present, that with seriousness of mind shall ask of God what their state and condition is, if they were to die presently, God will tell them, he will answer them; he will shine unto them by the light of his Son Jesus Christ, and let them know whether they are in the gull of bitterness, and in the bonds of their iniquity still, or whether they are redeemed out of it, and brought into covenant with himself: But will you believe his answer? I would have no man go about to ask fuch a question of God unless he hath a mind to believe the answer that God giveth him. To what purpose should men ask, if they ask amiss? If they ask without faith, they do not believe except the answer please them.

Many, in our days, have put up their petitions and prayers to God, that he would discover to them the state and condition of their souls: The Lord hath answered them, and notwithstanding all the profession that they have made of his name, and of their faith in his Son Jesus Christ, and of the work of redemption, yet he hath often declared

thou art still unredeemed, thou art still in thy fin, and thou art still unredeemed, thou art still in thy sin, and lusts, and concupiscence prevail over thee; thou art still in bondage. This is God's answer to many; but there is something ariseth in their minds, that they are not willing to believe this; I would think better of myself than this: What if thou dost think better of thyself? Thou art never the better, for the word of the Lord stands sure. There is no removing of it; there is no denial of the touch. If this truth and the stands are all the world are not the touch. truth. If this truth condemn thee, all the world cannot justify thee; and this truth by which God condemns the finner is in the finner's own heart: What will he do with it? It is in the finner's confcience; it doth not only condemn him by book, out of this chapter and that verse, out of this author and the other author, but he is condemned by God's true and faithful witness, in his own conscience. Thou wilt not believe it; but if thou believest not this, then thou remainest in thy unbelief of the truth; and nothing else but believing it can save thee; no counsel else can deliver or redeem thee.

So that the best advice and counsel that I can give a people in this case, is this; that when they come to such a religious meeting as this is, they would come with a mind prepared and fitted to think upon the Lord; to think upon his name, and the way by which he brings people to himself; for no man can be called a child of God, that doth not partake of his nature. If a man be ever so wise, and rich, and great in the world; if he be a prince or an emperor, without this he is a child of wrath. Now if these children of wrath meet with something that convinceth them; children of wrath meet with something that convinceth them; if they are touched and become a sensible people, then crowns and diadems are nothing to them. Such a one will say, if I be a child of wrath, a captive to sin and my own lusts and concupiscence, yet for all that I will go to a religious meeting, where I hope the word of God will be preached; I hope to meet with something there that will do me good; and I have a desire that I may be translated out of a natural state, from being a child of wrath, to be brought into the kingdom of God. It I have this desire in me, God that made me, wrought it in me; for by nature we cannot so much as think a good thought. When men think of being better, and of amending their ways, and doing their fouls good, these are very good thoughts in themselves. When such thoughts are begotten in any men's hearts, I would have them to ascribe them to the grace of God, and nothing esse. Preachers may do much where these desires are begotten; but it is not in their power to beget these desires.

Many have come to a meeting with loofe, prophane and wandering minds; and though many good things have been fpoken to them, it hath not reached fo far as to beget good defires, their hearts have been fo alienated from the grace of God in themselves, which is the great superior worker, to which we are but fervants and ministers; there is none can beget any thing, but he in whom all power is. They that are under the power of darkness, the devil begets in them wantonness and vanity, prophaneness and hardness of heart. Some go away from a meeting without being touched and perfuaded, and they have no good hope of being better: But where people are really touched in their spirits, with a desire after something that will do them good, they must come to the fountain of good, the God that made them, and they must think upon him; if they cannot fee his glory, and hear his voice, yet they can think upon him. This is the least duty of a Christian, to think upon the name of the Lord, when their minds are exercised about divine matters, about the state and condition of their poor fouls. If I die this night, what will become of me? This and that fin I have committed; how thall I be able to answer to God for one of a thousand of all my loofe thoughts, words and actions? They that come to a confideration of this, and a due sense of their state and condition, though it is such a state that they do not like; though it is not fuch as it ought to be, yet notwishfranding it may be better; they may be brought out or it into a better condition.

New this is the duty of all, to wait upon God, the fountain of all good, that they may receive something from God, for every good and perfect gift comes from above, from the Father of lights, the Father of thy light and my light, that light comes to us from the Father of lights: If

we have any perfect gift bestowed upon us, it is bestowed by God; therefore you will grant that we are all obliged, from the greatest to the least, to wait upon him, if we have the least expectation from God, by meeting, otherwise

we had better keep away.

But I am apt to judge that the most here are come with some desire, that if it please God they may receive benefit by their meeting: Where shall they have it? They say, it such a man preacheth, then I can edify much by him: This is a great mistake; for, let who will preach, there is nobody can receive any benefit, but it must be from the Lord, as the fountain of good; for the best preachers in the world are but instruments in the hands of God; if God doth not bless his labours, the preacher can do nothing to the souls of people; he can sound the truth in their ears outwardly, but he can reach no further, God only speaks to the heart. If thou mind the preacher and not God that made thee, all his preaching will do thee no good; it may indeed help thee to a notion or speculation, but that comes not to the inside, that will be no better, the inside wants mending.

There are great deformities, scars, spots, stains, wounds and lameness upon the souls of men, by reason of their sins, lusts and corruptions; and there wants a remedy, and there is no physician of value but God that made us after his own image. The devil hath brought in deformity, he hath made one proud, another cruel, another wanton, another an oppressor, another malicious; this is all the devil's work: And for this end Christ Jesus came into the world, that he might destroy the works of the devil. He came to destroy pride, malice and lust; these are the devil's works, that Christ came to destroy: Why doth he not do it? He will destroy all the devil hath wrought in every man that will be subject to him: Can a chirurgeon set a

bone, if the patient be not subject to his hand?

But this is far beyond all comparison; Christ hath received all power in Heaven and Earth, yet he always looks for a willing people; he sends the day of his power upon a people, and he worketh upon their hearts by an invincible power; he makes them willing to be helped, and mended,

mended, and healed, and cured, and then he cures them. I dare fay, there is not one here that is willing to be reformed, and to submit to Christ to be faved and redeemed by him, but he will do it; he that is willing and obedient, shall eat of the good of the land, and shall know the good of redemption. See whether it be come to a state of redemption; here is universal grace offered; for the light of Christ Jesus enlighteneth every one of you; it shews you your lost state and condition: When we see our condition bad, that it is not as it ought to be, who would not have it better?

What means prayer, that Christian duty? What shall we pray for? Must not people be sensible in themselves what they should pray for, before they come to pray? And what is it that will make them sensible but the light and grace of God? They see their own wants when God worketh saith in their hearts, and they believe that God can supply those wants. Why should I go to a beggar, to pray him to give me an hundred pounds? I believe he cannot do it, therefore I will not pray to him for it: Now necessity brings people to prayer, but there must be faith in him to whom we pray, that he is able to supply our wants, and relieve our necessities. Upon this account the apostle saith, he that cometh to God must believe that he is, and that he is a rewarder of them that diligently seek him. He must first know that there is a God to come unto, and then that he is a rewarder.

Here is the foundation of all true religion and true worship; they that go to God and say their prayers, and join
with others in saying their prayers, if they have no sense
of God, they had as good hold their tongues, for their praying is to no purpose: They that pretend to believe in God,
without an experimental power of God working upon their
hearts, their belief is not worth a straw; without their respect to the power of God, all their belief is nothing; but
if they know that God hath such an operation upon them,
that no man or woman in the world can discover that to
them, that God discovereth, then they know that God
is the searcher of hearts and the trier of the reins, Jeremiah, xvii. 10.

Suppose

Suppose I know that there is a God, and at the same time I believe that he will never hear me; that I am a reprobate creature, and that he bath cast me off forever, and that he hath fealed condemnation upon me, to all eternity. What reason hath such a one to pray? This is a desperate condition. But while we believe there is a God, and that he is a rewarder of them that diligently feek him, it is not in vain to pray; yet there is something antecedent too to prayer; there is knowledge, and faith by reason of that knowledge, that God is a rewarder: He that hath this, let him pray in God's name. But what must he pray for? He must not offer the sacrifice of fools; he must have regard to his lips; if it be mental prayer, he must pray for that he stands in need of; it is for something he prays, that God hath revealed by his Holy Spirit; this he stands in need of; it is fomething that he needs; it is power to overcome confuption, and power to overcome temptation, that he stands in need of; he stands in need of a Mediator to procure for him the pardon of his fins: These things he stands in need of, then let him pray; he that is afflicted, let him pray.

So that if a man or woman go to prayer, they must pray to God, in the belief of his goodness and mercy, that he will bestow some blessing upon them, that may be for the better, that may be for their good. When they come to a meeting, to worship God, and hear the word spoken outwardly, they must pray for something that may be for their good; Lord give me something that may support my soul, and something that may enable me to withstand temptation. People should have their minds thus exercised, and they should think upon the name of the Lord according to their particular necessity; they should pour out their supplication to the Lord: This is such worship as God looks for, and such as he is pleased with; he will deliver those that thus pray to him out of temptations, so that they shall not prevail over them: One man's temptation is of one fort, and another's of another fort, but they are all delivered by the grace of God, and helped over them, upon their prayer to God; for they find by experience that he is a God hearing prayers.

Now

Now, when we have prayed, what is the next work? It is to wait for an answer of our prayer. I prayed the other day to God for power to withstand such a temptation; when that temptation comes again I do expect that God will answer my prayer. Dost thou so? Then I pray thee have an eye to the same grace of God that convinced thee, and shewed thee the temptation; and have thy saith exercised upon that grace of God, and thou wilt find it sufficient for thee, I will warrant thee: Let the devil come with a temptation ever so suitable and subtil, keep thine eye upon the grace of God, and it will deliver thee. This was the case of Paul; when a messenger of satan was sent to buffet him, he besought the Lord thrice: The temptation did attend him, and God gave him an answer of his prayer; my grace is sufficient for thee. As if he had said, let the devil come with ever so much power he shall never overcome thee.

I speak to those that are well skilled in this kind of work, and have met with sharp temptations, and sometimes perhaps they have been overcome by them, and at other times they have withstood them: What is the difference; why, one while they are loose and careless, and did not pray for the assistance of divine grace; another while they kept close to it, and were delivered.

Therefore when you come to meeting, with a defire to receive benefit from God, with your expectations Godward, to receive comfort from the hands of the Lord, let your eye be upon him, and the working of his grace in your own hearts, and hearken to that voice that is within you, and it will be more effectual than mine. If you find the work of grace in you to be the fame thing that I speak of, then believe me for the truth's-sake; believe me because you find the same work and testimony within yourselves. And I am persuaded there is no one here, but sometime or other have withstood that temptation which they have met withal. Pray tell me how they did it? Why, the temptation came unto me, and it pleased God to show me the evil of it, that it was a bad thing if I yielded to it. How didst thou resist it? had not the devil a coercive power over thee, to force thee to it, whether

thou wouldest or not? That God that shewed me the evir of it, delivered me from the evil; I was not judged and condemned in myself, because I found myself delivered from it; there are none of you, if you would not be lazy and idle, but you might be delivered every day, and have experience in your own souls, that when the devil comes and tempts, the Lord is at hand to deliver you by his

and tempts, the Lord is at hand to deliver you by his grace and power.

So that the only way for people to be preferved from fin and iniquity, is to have a reverent respect to that grace of God which they have already received. I would have that vain conceit, that hath long reigned in the world, taken out of your head. When you see a wicked husband, wise, or child, you say, if they had grace they would be better; I say they have some degree of grace already; God hath sent forth his grace and truth, to teach men to deny imgodliness, so that I would not pray that God would give my husband, wise, or child, or friend grace, but that he would break their hard hearts, that they may submit to the grace of God that is already bestowed upon them. I believe there is not a person here that is utterly void of all grace; but they walk not according to it, they trample upon it: For every one being endued with a measure of grace, through Christ, our duty therefore is to have a reverential regard to the grace of God, that we have received.

What grace have I received from God, may some say? I have received so much grace from God (thou mayest truly say) that I can tell when the devil brings a temptation to me; when he tempts me to uncleanness, thest, wrath, malice, or to deceive my neighbour, I have so much grace that I can tell I am tempted in such a respect; the grace of God shews me this is a temptation of the devil: But the question is, whether I am subject to the grace of God, and love his grace better than the profit or pleasure of a temptation? It comes as a bait, but the devil cannot make me do that which he tempts me to; it is not in the power of all the devils in hell, or of his fervants on earth, to make me do this evil thing: The light of my own conscience shews it to be a temptation. Now I am free and at my choice, whether I will love the profit and pleasure 3 B grace and power.

to judge whether you joined with the temptation; You that have done the one and the other, tell me which is the best bargain; when you have joined with the temptation, that you might have the profit and pleasure of it, or joined with his grace, that thereby you might have resisted the temptation; You that have done the one and the other, tell me which is the best bargain; when you have joined with the temptation, that you might have the profit and pleasure that came along with it; or when you joined with the grace of God, that shewed you the evil and danger of the temptation. The same God speaks to you that spake to Cain, if thou doest well, shalt not thou be accepted? and if thou doft not well, sin lies at the door. If thou hast yielded to a temptation, sin lies at the door, there is a breach made between God and thy foul.

The same man at another time, having smarted so deeply for it, being judged by his own conscience, when he meets

for it, being judged by his own confcience, when he meets the temptation again, he faith, let the profit or pleasure go where it will, if I yield to this temptation I cannot go to God but as a criminal to a judge; let the profit or pleasure be what it will, I will not join with this temptation. Can the devil force thee to comply with this tation. Can the devil force thee to comply with this temptation? No, if thou be true to the grace of God in thy own heart, it will make thee able to refift the strongest devil in hell. Christ hath purchased for the sons and daughters of men a power to withstand the devil's power, and all his devices and temptations, and you shall obtain victory, and have dominion over them. If you have a mind to grow in this dominion, when the devil comes to tempt you, resist him, and you shall, through the power of Christ, he applied to overcome.

be enabled to overcome.

If fatan tell thee of the profits and pleasures of this world, remember that the world passeth away, and the lust of it, but peace with God endures forever: By the grace of God you will be able to overcome the devil and all his angels. This power is given to all that besieve and obey the gospel: If you would have benefit by it, you must be exercised in resisting of temptation, and have regard to the

grace of God, and the workings of it in your own hearts; and then you will be able to fay, when a temptation comes, promising profit and pleasure, how can I do this great wickedness, and sin against God? Turn your eye to God's favour, which is better than life, and you will be more than conquerors; you will say the fear of God seized upon my soul, and the grace of God came to my assistance, and was as a bulwark against temptation. Here praises will go up to God; here will be occasion for thee to speak good of his name. Remember what David said; my soul, praise the Lord, that hath delivered me from the horrible pit. Thus David and the saints of old praised God in their day, and why should not we? They breathed forth living praises and thanksgivings for the deliverances wrought for them; and shall not we do it?

Now this cannot be done without thinking upon his name, the name of that God that made us: Here I live in the world, I live and breathe still, I have health, and ftrength, and an estate, how came I by all this? Did I make myself? No, there is a God that gave me life, and breath, and being; he holds forth the hand of mercy to gather me to himself, and to redeem me from all iniquity, that I might serve him without fear, in holiness and righteousness, all the days of my life: If I believe this, I shall rejoice in him, and love and praise him, and daily wait upon him for the accomplishment of his work. He desireth not the death of sinners: If you believe the Almighty, it is impossible for him to lie, all things are possible to him except that; he faith, he would not the death of him that dies: What would he have then? He would have you turn and live: What means doth he use? What I would have done I would use means to accomplish it. You would fay, what means hath he not used? What is it that God doth more with for than that men would repent, return and live, and be happy forever? He hath created them, and given them life and breath, and continued his grace to them, that they might have time to prepare for eternity; and he hath given his good spirit to instruct them, but they have rebelled against him. He hath sent forth his word, the gospel of salvation, which hath been preached to them; and he hath waited to be gracious, and evercifed much patience and long-suffering towards them; so that I may say, what means hath he omitted? He hath planted them as a vineyard, in a very fruitful hill; and he hath senced it, and gathered out the slones thereof, and planted it with the choicest vine, and built a tower in the midst of it, and made a wine-press therein, and he looked that it should bring forth grapes, and it brought wild grapes. Judge, I pray you saith the Lord, between me and my vineyard: What could have been done more to my vineyard, that I have not done in it?

But notwithstanding all your unfruitfulness, the day of your visitation is continued, the Lord is willing to shew mercy to your souls. This is all the Lord your God requires of you, that you would think upon his name, believe in him and trust in him, and wait upon him for the operations of his grace in the use of his ordinances, and your attendance upon them, and hearkening to his voice, and obeying it, and so to hear that your souls may live.

I will affirm, that there is none of you here present, whether you be Quakers or no, but you may meet with the divine operations of the power of God in your own hearts, if you will regard it, and when you meet with these operations and regard them not, I cannot help it; if you will resist the good things of the Spirit of God, I cannot help it; if you will be of that mind, always to resist the Holy Ghost; if as your fathers did so do ye, then you must all perish, both you and your fathers; there is no escaping but by being subject to Christ Jesus, and his quickening Spirit; if there be any divine operations that you meet with in your own hearts, let me persuade you to submit and have regard to them; for I know the devil is near at hand; and when people meet with divine operations in their souls, that humble them and bring down their pride, and convince them of the danger of their condition, he lies in the way and suggests some poisonous thing that takes off the edge of these operations, that they may dislike them: It is true, they meet with the convictions of sin; but they reckon they have that saith and belief in Christ, that doth in the sight of God obliterate all their sins that can be laid to

their

their charge, both past and to come. If I would look, fay they, to the divine operation, or any thing wrought in me, it were enough to make me mad; I look wholly to the merits of Christ; my mind is wholly fixed upon him who is the author of eternal falvation; his meritorious sufferings and obedience can obliterate and blot out all my fins.

My friends, I tell you, many a poor foul hath iplit upon this rock by undervaluing the divine operations of the Spirit upon their hearts; they make a false and wrong applica-tion of the merits of Christ, which indeed are so great that nobody can overvalue them; but we must not make a false application of them, for this purpose was the Son of God manifested, that he might destroy the works of the devil; he takes away the guilt of fin, not that you might live in it still: Whosoever believeth in Christ, shall have power over their fins and not be under the dominion and power of fin; fin shall not have dominion over you; for you are not under the law, but under grace. But God be thanked, you were the servants of sin; tho' you have obeyed from the heart, the form of doctrine which was delivered you: Being then made free from sin, ye became the servants of righteougness, Rom. vi, 14, 18.

But thou wilt fay, I am guilty of a great deal of fin already,

what shall become of me for the guilt I have contracted? If we confess and forsake our sins, he is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness; and the blood of Jesus Christ his Son clean-seth us from all sin; I John, ix, 9. Here is a true application of Christ, his merits and righteousness; when there is a confessing of sin to God, and a forsaking of it, here is an offering and a sacrifice made to God by our Lord Jesus Christ for the expiation of sin; he hath by his precious blood purchased the pardon of all my sins, that he might present me to God without spot or blemish; here is a true application of the righteousness of Christ; but how can I apply it to myself while I live in sin?

Here God's witness in the conscience of a sinner pleads against the finner; when he endeavours to believe that his guilt is taken away, and all his fins, past, present and to come, are pardoned, while he continues to live in fin, and fin

hath yet dominion over him.

Take heed you split not upon this rock; if you be humble Christians, you will think upon the name of the Lord; and when ye find the operation of God's power begetting good defires in you to hate fin and love righteousness, you will then believe; you will then pray to the God of all grace; for the prayer of the faithful is acceptable to him: The effectual fervent prayer of a righteous man avails much, James v, 16.

Let your supplication therefore be poured forth unto God, to endow you with power and wisdom to subdue all your spiritual enemies, and to conquer your concupiscence, and the inordinate desires and affections of your own hearts, that you may take up the cross of Christ and sollow him as your great pattern, and in his name, and by the help and affiftance of his Holy Spirit, you may know how to overcome all temptations.

His Prayer after Sermon.

OST glorious Lord God! wonderfal is thy great over all, which thou haft revealed and made manifest in this thy blessed day. Thy arm, O thou Almighty God! is stretched forth; thou hast touched a remnant with a sense of thy divine love, whom thou hast gathered unto thy name; thou hast revealed thy great salvation, and therewith thou hast made glad the souls of thy children; thou hast endeared thyself unto us by the discovery and manifestation of thy abounding love, who didst love us, when we were strangers, and didst preserve us when we were enemi es, and brought a glorious day of visitation upon us, and opened our eyes to behold the light thereof, so that we were a people engaged to speak good of thy name. Thou hast declared and manifested to the sons and daughters of menthy good will, and thy universal grace that thou art daily extending to them, that all may be made partakers of the riches of thy house, and of thy great salvation which by the Lord Jesus Christ thou hast ordained.

And, O thou powerful God of Life! fince the day that thou first gathered us, thou hast been with us, thou hast been our guide, and our eyes have been towards thee for instruction, thou hast taught us and led us in the way in which thou wouldest have us to walk; thou hast led us, O Lord, in the way everlasting with the poor, the humble and the meek of the earth; and thou hast placed our feet, O Lord, near the everlasting mountain, which thou hast exalted upon the high hills of the earth, and thou hast revealed the glory and the splendor of thy house, thy holy dwelling place, and hast raised breathings in the hearts of thy people, that they may dwell in thy courts forever: And now, Holy Father! thou haft gathered a remnant, and brought a peculiar people to trust in thy name; but still we do all that we do by thee; thou must be our keeper, thou must be our preserver, therefore we wait upon thee; we expect all from thy hand, therefore our applications are unto thee, that from day to day, and from time to time, we may find thy living presence in the midst of us.

And, O living God of Life! thou hast given thy children large experience that thou art a God nigh at hand to us, in

Il our trials, in all our exercises; as our eyes have been innea to thee, thou hast preserved us, and revealed thy heavenly power, O Lord, in preserving and delivering thy church and people, that they may bear a testimony in their generation for thy great love, and the great salvation that thou hast wrought for them and made them partakers of.

Now bleffed God of Life! the defires and supplications of thy people are unto thee, for the glorifying of thy power,

and the exalting of thy glorious name.

O Lord! let the mighty operation of thy power bow down all stout and stubborn ones, that have rebelled against thee, and that have withstood the tenders of thy grace, and the motions and strivings of thy Holy Spirit: Thou art able to bow them, and to break their stony hearts; thou art able to speak effectually to their souls, and to make them submit themselves to thee.

Holy and living Father! let the progress of thy word and gospel be great in our day; let it have a free course and spread itself mightily to those that believe not, to beget a seed of faith in their souls, that they may believe in thy name, and trust in thy power, and wait to see the great work of redemption wrought for the salvation of their immortal

fouls, before the day of their visitation goes over.

Powerful God of Life! thy little remnant which thou hast redeemed, keep them by thy power, and preserve them in uprightness and cleanness of mind; preserve them in the places and stations wherein thou hast appointed them to dwell, that so in all the trials, and tribulations, and distresses, that may come upon them, they may be quiet and still, and in patience possess their souls; and let them have strong consolation in that everlasting covenant which in thy Son thou hast made with them, and revealed to them; and let them not be moved and toffed with the hurries of this world, with the tumults and diforders that evil men make in it, and the storms and the tempests that are raised; but let their hearts and minds be stayed upon thee, that they may know how to behave themselves towards thee and one another, and towards all thut are without, and thereby glorify and magnify thy great name by the beauty of holiness shining in their conversations, which may reach the consciences of

men that all that see them may say, these are the plants thatthe right hand of God hath planted, and fee the fruits that are brought forth from that root of life revealed m Christ Jesus.

N Powerful God of Life! carry on thine own work in this city and the whole nation, and in other places among the people which thou hast chosen and gathered to thyself out of

the world.

Powerful God of Life! remember those that groan in of thymaking their moan to thee, that they cannot lay hold colation that ation for their souls: Prepare them for that cond day wrestling with thee by earnest prayer, but what all all their wrestling south and any constitution south Il all their wrestling signify, except thy word and the power of thy grace affift them, and teach them to lay hold of thy Strength, that they may fight the good fight of faith, that they may get the victory, and rejoice in thy Salvation, and see the glory of it? Thou seest how the children of men are working and contriving divers ways for their own falvation; make them to know that all their or a ways and inventions are in vain.

Bleffed God of Life! confound the devices of the ungodly that feek to lay waste thy heritage; and all those that theu hast gathered by thy word, do thou preserve them, that they may serve thee with sincere and upright minds all the days of their lives; and offer up daily thanksgivings and living praises to thee, the true and living God, and Jesus Christ whom thou hast sent, through thy eternal Spirit, who alone art worthy, God over all, bleffed forever and ever. Amen.

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