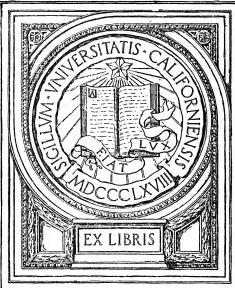
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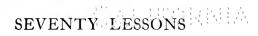


EDUCATION DEPT.

891

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IN

SPELLING

REVISED

A COMPLETE COLLECTION OF DIFFICULT COMMON WORDS, WITH PRONUNCIATIONS

AND DEFINITIONS

COMPILED BY

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NEW YORK :: CINCINNATI :: CHICAGO

AMERICAN BOOK COMPANY

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WILLIAMS & ROGERS

W. P. 39

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PREFACE

The following collection of words has been arranged for use as a text-book on the subject of spelling. The words have been selected with great care, two considerations having been constantly kept in view; first, that the word be in common use, and second, that it be one liable to be misspelled. No word has been selected simply because it is difficult. The spelling of English words is, at best, so arbitrary and inconsistent, that learning to spell only those words which occur in everyday life is a task of sufficient difficulty, without studying the curiosities of the language. Rules for spelling have been purposely omitted, as they are generally more a hindrance than a help in learning to spell.

The importance of the subject need not be urged; it may be said, however, that although spelling is only a small part of a complete education, it is of primary importance. Some learn spelling with much more difficulty than others, but it must be learned. Notoriously poor spellers almost invariably claim that it is not natural for them to spell, and this very idea is the principal cause of their deficiency; for they offer this as an excuse for all errors, and, therefore, never correct their mistakes. Suggestions regarding the use of the book will be found in the introduction.

INTRODUCTION

THE following suggestions regarding the study of spelling and the manner of using this book are offered with the hope that they may make the subject more interesting and the book more useful.

Spelling Blanks.—The lessons should be written in books prepared for the purpose, with blank spaces for rewriting all misspelled words. A convenient form of book is one made with twenty-five lines on a page. A lesson may then be written on the left side of two opposite pages, leaving the right side of each page blank for corrections. The misspelled words can then be rewritten directly opposite where they were first written. It is important that great care should be taken in making corrections, and misspelled words should not only be written correctly, opposite where they were first written, but should also all be written in one place, under the heading "Misspelled Words."

Definitions.— An accurate understanding of the meaning of words, and the ability to use the right word readily at all times, is one of the rarest of accomplishments. To assist in attaining this desirable end, it is evident that advanced pupils, at least, should study not only the spelling or form of words, but also the words themselves, their real significance and application. It is certainly an absurd waste of time and labor for advanced pupils to study the

spelling of words without having any knowledge of their meaning or use.

The use made of the definitions on the following pages will, of necessity, vary in different schools, but the importance of understanding the *meaning* of every word in the lesson should be impressed on the mind of the pupil.

Pronunciation.—Another very important branch of the study of words is pronunciation. Many words are misunderstood, misapplied, and misspelled through a lack of knowledge of their proper pronunciation; and besides, mispronunciation is in itself often a serious fault, as much to be avoided as misspelling.

It has not been thought necessary to indicate the pronunciation of every word, further than the accent, but all words or syllables liable to be mispronounced are respelled to show the correct pronunciation. Pupils should be instructed to observe carefully the pronunciation of every word in studying the lesson. A good way to increase the interest in the subject is to call on one or more of the class each day to pronounce the difficult words in the next lesson. Particular care should be taken that the words be pronounced correctly in giving the lesson.

Dividing Words into Syllables.—There is a great difference of opinion among scholars, writers, and lexicographers regarding the proper syllabication of a great many words. In the present revision of this work Webster's School Dictionaries and Webster's International Dictionary have been followed in this regard, as well as in spelling and pronunciation, because those dictionaries are the ones most widely used in schools.

Capital Letters. — The rules for the use of capital letters should be thoroughly learned by every pupil.

Corrections.—The saying, "He who never makes a mistake the *second* time never makes a mistake," is particularly applicable to the subject of spelling; for one who makes it a rule never to misspell a word but once, will soon never misspell a word.

Even the poorest spellers do not misspell every difficult word, but usually only a certain limited class of words; and the chief end and aim of spelling exercises should be the permanent correction of these errors. Whatever methods of correcting the lessons are used, the rewriting of all misspelled words at least twice, once directly opposite where they were first written, and again all together as before mentioned, should be insisted upon.

It is well to vary the method of making corrections. Pupils may be allowed to correct their work directly from the text-book, or exchange books and correct each other's work, checking the words misspelled. Another method is for the teacher to pronounce and spell the words correctly, each pupil checking the errors; or the books may be collected immediately after the exercise, and all errors and incomplete words checked by the teacher. In order that pupils may acquire the habit of care, it is advisable to mark mistakes of every kind, and also all changes, as errors.

The books should be examined after each exercise, to see that all corrections are properly made, and to mark the standing of each pupil.

Review Lessons.—It is very important that the work be frequently and thoroughly reviewed. The Review Lessons beginning on page 91 are to be used for this purpose. Other and more extended methods may be adopted as the circumstances permit.

The Proper Names, pages 102-104, should also be given with more frequency than the regular work.

Below is given a specimen page of a convenient form of spelling blank, showing one half of a written lesson, corrected.

LESSON 60. SEPTEMBER -, 19-.

_					=
	1	anvil	,	hypocris y	
	Z	hypocricy	V	ny poerisy	
	3	disappoint			
	4	oer		o'er ·	
	2 3 4 5	adjective			
	6	deceive			
	7	deceive ninetieth		_	
	8	rational			
	9	apology			
	10	holiday		1	
	11	pronunciation			
		century			
		horseradish	1	horse-radish	
	14	furnace	ľ		
		granary			
	16				
	17				
	18				
	19		1	besiege	1
	20		ľ		
	21				
	22		./	pshaw	
	23		V	Posse	
	24				
	25	beggar			

Advanced classes may be given two or more lessons for an exercise, and fifty of the most difficult words only, to be pronounced.

Teachers who find it desirable to require the pupil to write the definitions of the words, may use for this purpose the column designed for the rewriting of misspelled words, in which case the misspelled words will be rewritten on the last pages of the blank.

TABLE OF SYMBOLS USED IN PRONUNCIATIONS

ā as in fāte, lābor; ā as in senāte, prefāce; ā as in cāre; ā as in ām; ä as in ärm, fāther; a as in ask, sofa; a as in final, infant; a as in all, awe.

ē as in ēve, serēne; ė as in ėvent, sėrene; ĕ as in ĕnd,

bĕrry; ẽ as in hẽr; e as in recent, novel.

ī as in tīme; i as in idea; i as in pin.

õ as in note; ö as in obey, sorrow; ô as in lord; ŏ as in not.

oo as in fool; oo as in book; ou as in out; oi as in oil. ū as in ūse; ū as in ūnite; ų (= oo) as in rude; ų (= oo) as in push; ŭ as in ŭp; ū as in būrn.

 \breve{y} (= \breve{i}) as in pit \breve{y} .

' (for voice glide), as in pardon (pär'd'n).

g (hard) as in go.

 \underline{n} (= ng) as in bank, n, representing simply the nasal tone of the preceding vowel.

s (surd, or sharp) as in so, this.

th (surd) as in thin; th (sonant) as in then.

SEVENTY LESSONS

IN

SPELLING

LESSON I.

al'pha bet, the letters of a language.

shep'herd (shep'erd), one who tends sheep; a pastor. op'u lent, rich; affluent.

jo'vi al, merry; jolly.

ex cel', to surpass; to outdo. knowl'edge (nŏl'ĕj), learning; familiar acquaintance with facts.

ex hib'it, to show; anything prepared for inspection.

al'ma nac (al'-), yearly calendar of months, weeks, days, etc.

pur sue', to follow persistently.

at tor'ney (-tûr'nỹ), one who acts for another; a lawyer. yacht (yŏt), a vessel designed for pleasure.

ma chine' (-shēn'), combined pieces of mechanism.

e va'sion, the act of avoiding, or eluding.

pa'gan, a worshiper of false gods; a heathen.

sen'si ble, of good mental perception; judicious; discreet.

con ten'tion, strife; controversy.

wres'tle (res'l), to grapple and try to throw down.

di min'u tive, small; little. ze'nith, the point in the heavens directly overhead.

ac'ci dent, an unforeseen event; mishap.

reats diseases or injuries by manual operations.

swin'dle, to defraud; to
cheat.

ap par'ent, evident; clearly perceivable.

per en'ni al, unfailing; living more than two years.

dis a gree'a ble, displeasing; unpleasant.

re past', a meal; food; a feast.

es sen'tial, highly important; fundamental.

mal'a dy, disease.

ge og'ra phy, description of the earth's surface, and what is upon it.

syc'a more, a tree, sometimes called buttonwood.

ham'mock, a swinging couch or bed.

um brel'la, a portable protection against rain and sun.

night'in gale, a European bird that sings at night.

tend'en cy, inclination;
drift; bent.

ve'hi cle, a carriage on wheels or runners. ax'i om, a self-evident truth.

leg'i ble (lěj'-), capable of being read.

or'di nance, a law; an established rule.

cred'it a ble, deserving reputation or esteem.

in au'di ble, that cannot be heard.

hav'oc, destruction; devastation; waste.

def i ni'tion (-nish'ŭn), a distinguishing description; explanation of the meaning of a word.

villain (-lǐn), a basely wicked person.

laths (låthz), thin strips of wood.

lathe (lāth), a machine for turning.

ad ver'si ty, misfortune; calamity.

scythe (sīth), an instrument for mowing.

reign (rān), to exercise sovereign power.

rein (rān), a strap of a bridle.

deaf (def), lacking the sense of hearing.

LESSON II.

- ac com'mo date, to favor; to fit; to adapt.
- im per'a tive, expressive of command.
- a mel'io rate (-mēl'yō-), to make better.
- con gen'ial (-jēn'-), of the same nature or tastes.
- il leg'i ble (-lĕj'-), not readable.
- shipped, sent; dispatched. bou quet' (boo-kā'), a
- bunch of flowers.

 et'i quette (-kĕt), estab-
- lished society or court usage.
- rec om mend', to commend to another.
- com par'i son, a comparing; relative estimate.
- parch'ment, skin of sheep or goat prepared to be written upon.
- chim'ney, a passage for smoke; a flue.
- mis cel la'ne ous, of various kinds.
- ad'mi ra ble (-mǐ-rà-b'l), worthy of being admired; delightful; excellent.
- cat'a ract, a waterfall; a disease of the eye.

- whol'ly (hol'-), totally.
- lo'co mo tive, a self-propelling engine; moving from place to place.
- pre cise', strictly accurate; unequivocal.
- un nec'es sa ry, not essential.
- cat'a logue (-lŏg), a list of names.
- wol un teer', one who gives
 service without compulsion.
- nic'o tine (-tĭn), a poisonous alkaloid contained in tobacco.
- oc cur'rence, an event; a happening.
- ac cla ma'tion, manifestation of applause or assent.
- por'ridge, flour or meal boiled in water or milk.
- rec'i pe (res'-), a formula; a prescription.
- gas'es, elastic fluids having the form of air.
- hop'ing, expectantly desiring.
- sem'i na ry, an institution of learning; a school.
- en deav'or (-dĕv'ēr), strive to do; an effort.

co he'sive, having the power of sticking together. per'pe trate, to commit; to be guilty of.

ker'nel, a grain; a seed in a shell.

colo'nel (kûr'nel), commander of a regiment.

to-mor'row, the next day after this.

re ceive', to take; accept. vict'uals (vĭt''lz), food.

sure (shur), certain; confident; stable.

sa lu'bri ous, healthful; wholesome.

brig a dier' (-dēr'), commander of a brigade.

prej'u dice (-dis), unreasonable or biased judgment.

bleach, to whiten.

matu'rity, a becoming due; ripeness.

in flex'i ble, unyielding; firm; stiff.

rev'e nue, income, as of a state or government.

grate'ful, thankful.

dis ci'ple, an adherent.

daugh'ter-in-law, the wife of one's son.

mu se'um, a collection of curious things.

shov'el (shŭv''l), a tool for throwing earth, etc.

LESSON III.

in dict' (-dīt'), to accuse in legal form.

rheu'ma tism, inflammation of joints or muscles.

spec'i men, a sample.

to bac'co, a plant and its dried leaves.

tur'bine (-bĭn), a kind of water wheel.

proj'ect, a scheme; a
 plan.

mis'sile (-sĭl), a projectile. hom'i cide, the killing, or the killer, of a human being.

sen ti men'tal, having an excess of sensibility.

ras'cal, a scoundrel; an unprincipled fellow.

di vine', pertaining to God; sacred; a clergyman.

syl'la ble, a word or part of a word uttered by a single effort of the voice.

rag a muf'fin, a disreputable fellow.

- dil'i gent, industrious.
- pla'gia rism (plā'jà-), passing off another's writings as one's own.
- war'rior (war'yer), a soldier.
- alms (ämz), a gift or gifts for the poor.
- leech, a worm that sucks blood.
- me ri'no (-rē'-), a finewooled sheep.
- ruf'fian, a boisterous, brutal fellow.
- loz'enge, a small cake of medicine or confectionery.
- clem'en cy, mildness towards offenders; mercy.
- satch'el, a small bag for clothing or papers.
- mis de mean'or, a crime less than felony; misdeed.
- tril'lion (-yăn), in the U.S. a million millions.
- ad'age, a proverb a maxim.
- re trieve', to recover; to repair.
- em'pha sis, special effort of voice in speaking.
- right'eous (rī'chŭs), just;
 honest; upright; free
 from sin.
- czar (zär), an absolute

- monarch; title of the emperor of Russia.
- ap pa ra'tus (-rā'tŭs), machinery for a special purpose; a collection of appliances.
- vac'ci nate (văk'sĬ-), to
 inoculate with cow pox,
 by means of virus.
- cau'cus, a preparatory meeting for political purposes.
- zeph'yr (zĕf'er), the west wind; any soft breeze; a kind of yarn.
- di lem'ma, a perplexing state or alternative.
- syn'di cate, an association of capitalists to promote some business purpose.
- brief, short in time; a short legal statement of the law relied upon in trying a cause.
- chap'el, a place of worship.
- so'lo, a song or air for one voice or instrument.
- ex hil'a rate (ĕgz-ĭl'-), to cheer; to enliven; to stimulate.
- spig'ot, a plug to stop a hole in a cask or in a faucet.

des'ti ny, fate; doom.
per'son al, pertaining to a
 person.

clas'sic al, pertaining to ancient Greek and Roman literature, art, etc.

av'a lanche, body of snow or earth sliding down a mountain. vac'u um, an empty space. prev'a lence, wide extent or superior strength.

hus'tle (hŭs''l), to shake together; to jostle; to hurry. hei'nous (hā'nŭs), atrocious; very wicked.

fas'ci nate, to charm; to captivate.

LESSON IV.

choc'o late, a paste made from the cacao nut; a beverage.

rec'om pense, to repay.

cen'sus, an official enumeration of the inhabitants.

rep'u ta ble, estimable; honorable.

gran'deur, imposing dignity or magnificence.

tri'fle, to talk or act idly;
 a thing of little value.

o'pi ate, a narcotic.

ren'dez vous (-dě-voō), to assemble at a given place; a place of assembling.

buoy'ant (bwoi'-), having power to float; hopeful.

maj'es ty, grandeur; sublimity; a title of rulers.

i tin'er ant, traveling about; wandering.

hur rah', shout of triumph or encouragement.

ex ceed', to surpass; to outdo.

mete, to measure; a limit. ex ag'ger ate (ẽgz-ãj'-), to overstate; to heighten by representation.

wheth'er, which of two; if. dis ap pear', to go out of sight.

sleigh (slā), a vehicle for traveling on snow.

chore, a small job of work. mar'i ner, a seaman.

coun'ter feit (-fĭt), to imitate; spurious.

sin'ew, a tendon; strength; to knit together as with sinews.

cen'sure (-shur), to criticise adversely; blame.

sure'ty, a bondsman; bail.
au'di tor, a hearer; one
 authorized to audit accounts.

o'a sis, a fertile spot in a desert.

ex'em plary (ĕgz'-), serving for a model; commendable.

pell-mell', in utter confusion.

en cour'age (-kŭr'-), to embolden; to cheer.

qual'i fy, to furnish with ability.

weth'er, a male sheep.

tac'tics, the science and art of military and naval evolutions.

ac'me, the highest point.
waltz, a round dance; also
the music for it.

a ghast' (-gast'), struck with horror or amazement.

strych'nine (strĭk'nĭn), a poisonous compound.

tier (ter), a row in a series. ju've nile (-nil), pertaining or adapted to youth.

ce'dar, an evergreen tree.

Fah'ren heit (fä'ren-hīt), a thermometer scale introduced by Dr. Fahrenheit.

ar'se nal, a repository for military stores.

o'pi um, a narcotic drug.

a void', to shun; to keep at a distance from.

sten to'ri an, very loud. her'ring, a small sea fish.

till, up to the time of; until. un til'. till; as far as.

siege (sēj), a besieging.

in flam ma'tion, a redness and swelling with heat and fever.

prom'is so ry, containing a promise.

LESSON V.

sar sa pa ril'la, a tropical American plant.

chalk (chak), a soft white limestone.

serv'ant, one who labors for another.

o'ral, spoken.

de ci'pher, to make out the sense of; to interpret.

bron chi'tis (-kī'-), a disease of the bronchial tubes.

spec'u late, to consider;
to buy expecting gain.

- der'rick, a hoisting apparatus.
- span'iel (-yĕl), a kind of dog.
- ab'scess, a collection of pus. nois'y, boisterous; loud.
- scal'lop (skŏl'-), a shell-fish; a curved notch.
- ro sette' (-zĕt'), an ornament resembling a rose.
- a droit', having or showing skill.
- di vid'ing, parting; separating.
- shut'tle, a weaver's instrument.
- ci'pher, the character 0; secret written character.
- re ën force'ment, increase of force.
- be guile' (-gil'), to mislead; to delude; to amuse.
- res'pite (-pĭt), to reprieve; temporary stay of execution.
- dis cus'sion, debate; disputation.
- sua'sion (swā'zhŭn), a persuading; persuasion.
- al le'vi ate, to make less burdensome.
- mag a zine' (-zēn'), storehouse for munitions of war; periodical pamphlet.

- come'ly (kum'-), goodlooking; graceful.
- pen'cil, an instrument for drawing or writing.
- brooch (brōch), a breastpin.
- zo öl'o gy (zō-ŏl'-), the science that treats of animals.
- tu i'tion, teaching; price of instruction.
- cri te'ri on, a standard by which to judge; a test.
- il lu'sion (-zhŭn), misleading appearance.
- ref'er ence, the act of referring; allusion.
- rep'ri mand, to chide or rebuke; reproof.
- en'mi ty, hostility; hatred. car'rot, a vegetable.
- gaz et teer', a dictionary of geographical names.
- dis sen'sion, angry disagreement.
- am mu ni'tion, powder,
 balls, etc.
- por'ti co, a porch.
- pe cul'iar, unlike anything else of its kind.
- re pel', to drive back; to repulse.
- lu'bri cate, to make smooth or slippery.

- dex ter ous, skillful; expert.
- ep'i taph, inscription on a tomb.
- a bol'ish, to do away with utterly; to destroy.

of fen'sive, displeasing.

cat'e chism (-kiz'm), instruction questions bv and answers.

cyl'in der, a long round body of uniform diameter. seize, to clutch; to snatch. vin'e gar an acid liquor

LESSON VI.

haunt (hant), to visit persistently; a resort. rai'ment, clothing, bel'fry a bell tower. chat'tel, any movable prop ertv

min'i mum, the least possible quantity.

ex cite', to rouse; to stir up. im mor'tal, having unending existence.

ten'e ment. a house rooms for one family. con'scious (-shus), aware;

sensible. pre cede', to go before.

leg'a cy, gift by will, gourd (gord), a plant and its fruit.

priv'i lege (-lěj), a peculiar favor or advantage.

at tach'ment, adherence: affection; a legal process. de cease', death,

dis ease', malady. sol'emn (-ĕm), serious. differ ence variation von'der, at a distance within view.

ex'cel lence. unusualiv good qualities.

rouge (roozh), a cosmetic. allop'a thy, a system of medical practice.

prompt, ready; quick. bri'dle, the head harness o a horse: to restrain.

im ag'i na ry, existing only in the imagination.

dec'o rate, to adorn.

feign (fān), to pretend.

in ter lin e a'tion, writing between written lines.

cy'clone, a vast whirlwind thral'dom (thral'-), bondage: servitude

neigh/bor (nā/bêr), who lives near.

cor'dial (kôr'jal), hearty. climb, to ascend by means of hands and feet.

al'ways, forever.

sur vey', to view; to measure, as land.

cin'der, partially burned substance.

in con ceiv'a ble, beyond understanding.

un veil' (-vāl'), to remove the veil from; to disclose.

fea'ture (fē'tūr), a lineament of the face; trait.

mer'can tile (-tĭl), commer-cial.

hoax, to deceive; a trick.

cor nu co'pi a, the horn of plenty.

re mu'ner ate, to recompense; to pay.

none (nun), not one; not any.

cap'i tal, seat of government; large letter; money; pertaining to the head.

cap'i tol, a statehouse.

nec'es sa ry, requisite; essential.

oc'u lar, of or pertaining to the eye.

don'key, an ass. bludg'eon (blŭj'ŭn), a short stick; a club.

LESSON VII.

tac'it (tăs'-), implied, but not expressed.

spe'cie (-shǐ), coin; hard money.

in tes'tate, dying without having made a valid will. fo'li age, leaves of trees.

as sign'ment, a transfer of title or interest.

con cede', to yield; grant.
rhyme, correspondence of sound; to accord in sound.
rhythm, melodious flow of

rhythm, melodious flow of movement. boun'te ous, disposed to give freely; generous.

sub merge', to put under water.

am'pu tate, to cut off.

mem o ran'dum, a note to

help the memory.

in sep'a ra ble, that cannot be separated.

pro té gé' (-tā-zhā'), one specially cared for by another.

ex tinct', extinguished; dead.

as sent', mental concurrence.

as cent', a rising.
pop'lar, a kind of tree.
glu'cose, a kind of sugar.

ban'quet, a grand feast.

dis coun'te nance, to look upon with disfavor.

an tique' (-tēk'), ancient; of old fashion.

in cen'tive, that which is designed to incite to action.

ter res'tri al, pertaining to the earth.

ad he'sion, the act of sticking to anything.

prog nos'ti cate, to foretell by indications.

ce ment', to stick together; an adhesive substance.

mar'shal, an officer; to arrange.

mar'tial (-shal), warlike.
dis tin'guish, to recognize
by marks; to tell apart;
to confer eminence.

mir'ror, a looking-glass. challenge, to dare to contest; to object to.

mu'tu al, acting from each to the other; reciprocal.

in'ti mate, to suggest indirectly; to hint. ac knowl'edg ment, confession; avowal; recognition.

for'ti fy, to strengthen as with forts.

and'i ron, a support for wood in a fireplace.

re cede', to move back; to withdraw.

per'se cute, to pursue so as to injure; to harass.

ap pall', to terrify.

isth'mus (Is'-), a neck of land uniting larger lands.

dis be lief', a conviction that a statement is untrue. thumb (thum), a part of the

thumb (thum), a part of the hand.

id'i ot, one destitute of intelligence.

trans ferred', removed can'dor, frankness; sin cerity.

hick'ory, an American tree of the walnut family. ex cep'tion, that which is at variance with a rule; an objection.

las'so, rope with a running noose; to catch with a rope.

gauge (gāj), to measure, as barrels and casks; a measure.

LESSON VIII.

crim'son (-z'n), deep red color.

to'tal, the whole sum; full; complete.

in de ci'sion (-sĭzh'ŭn), want of firmness; irresolution.

piv'ot, a pin on which a related part turns.

trel'is, a frame of latticework for vines.

doc'u ment, a manuscript conveying information.

lan'guid, indisposed to effort; spiritless.

dis guise', to change the appearance of; to mask. I'so late, to place by itself.

sus pense', state of being uncertain; cessation.

cru'et, a bottle for vinegar,
 oil, etc.

spec'ta cle, a show; an aid
to the eyes.

ver'bal, pertaining to words; spoken.

e lu'ci date, to explain.

bil'lion, in the U.S. a thousand million.

la pel', part of a coat. al'ti tude, height, eleva-

al'ti tude, height, eleva tion. il le'gal, not lawful.
o'clock', time of day.
can'vas, coarse clot4.
can'vass, to examine; to

discuss; to solicit.

par tic'i pate, to have a

share in.

rec'og nize, to recall the identity of.

lu'era tive, profitable. pho nog'ra phy, shorthand writing.

clam'or, loud outcries.

ob'e lisk, a tall, slender pillar; the mark t...

a vid'i ty, eager relish; greediness.

in form'al, not in the regular form; without ceremony.

ex pel', to drive out.

func'tion, an office; duty; performance.

mor'tise (-tis), a hole cut into a timber to receive a tenon.

de pos'it, to place in a receptacle; that which is deposited.

car'bun cle, an inflammatory tumor; a precious stone. san'guine (-gwin), confident; deep red.

bowl, a dish; a large ball.

worst'ed (wust'-), a kind of woolen yarn.

in cred'i ble, impossible of belief.

sar'casm, a scornfully ironical expression.

al'der (al-'), a kind of tree. de form'i ty, a misshapen condition.

hoe'ing, loosening, scraping, or cutting with a hoe.

lynch, to put to death illegally for imputed crime. dai'ry, a place where milk is kept and made into butter or cheese.

di'a ry, a daily record; a book for record.

kan ga roo', an Australian quadruped.

ca the dral, the principal church of a diocese.

ad ver tise', to make known by a public notice; to announce through the press.

kitch'en, a room for cooking.

fa cil'i ty, easiness in performing; dexterity.

LESSON IX.

ver'dict, the decision of a jury; a judgment.

im pet'u ous, excitable;
hasty; impulsive.

i'vo ry, substance composing the tusks of the elephant, walrus, etc.

su per fi'cial (-ffsh'al), pertaining to the surface; shallow.

cu'li na ry, pertaining to the kitchen or to cooking.

cham pagne' (shăm-pān'), a sparkling or effervescent wine. syn'the sis, a putting together.

bar'rack, a building for lodging soldiers.

part'ner. a partaker or sharer.

sol'ven cy, ability to pay all debts.

a pos'tro phe, the mark 'indicating an omission.

per'me ate, to pervade.

in tel lec'tu al, mental.

gen e al'o gy (-ăl'-), record of individual or family descent. ver'ti cal, plumb.

cleat, a strip of wood or metal for fastening or strengthening.

min'ion (-yun), a servile favorite; a small printing type.

con tu'sion, a bruise.

for'mi da ble, tending to excite fear or apprehension.

tep'id, moderately warm.
re luc'tance, unwillingness.

ar rears', debts overdue.
mu'ci lage, a sticky fluid.
cho'ral (kō'-), pertaining
to a choir.

sac'ri lege (-lĕj), the profaning of anything sacred. eel, a snakelike fish.

im pel', to drive or urge forward.

di vis'i ble, capable of being divided.

ra vine' (-vēn'), a deep, narrow gorge.

cor'o ner, an officer who investigates the causes of other than natural deaths.

mac ad'am ize, to pave with small broken stone.

en core' (än-kör'), call for a repetition.

to geth'er, not apart.

ges tic'u late, to make gestures.

im pan'el, to enroll as jurors.

rise, to ascend; to go up.

lon gev'i ty (-jěv'-), length

of life.

an'ec dote, a short story.

sed'en ta ry, requiring much sitting.

com'merce, traffic or trade on a large scale.

dis cre'tion (-krěsh'ŭn), prudence; liberty to act.

un par'al leled, without an equal; matchless.

un prej'u diced, free from bias.

max'i mum, greatest attainable quantity or value.

a cad'e my, a school.

vit'ri ol, sulphate of a metal.
dig'it, a finger; one of the
ten figures.

sim plic'i ty, plainness; artlessness.

ig nite', to kindle; to take fire.

pre pos'ter ous, absurd.

LESSON X.

de fault'er, one who fails to account for funds intrusted to him.

brev'i ty, conciseness.

gal'lant ry, courageous or chivalrous bearing.

clause, part of a sentence.

des sert', pastry, etc.,
served at the end of a
meal.

des'ert, a dry and barren waste.

im per'ti nent, impudent;
irrelevant.

af fil'i ate, to associate with; to adopt.

pal'a ta ble, agreeable to the taste.

alread'y, previously.

launch, to push into the water, as a ship; a large open boat.

par'lance, speech; talk. aq'ue duct, an artificial channel for water.

brogue, dialect pronunciation of English.

stu'di ous, devoted to study.

mor'sel, a bite; fragment. tur'nip, an edible root. re ëcho, to echo back. vein, a blood vessel; a mineral seam or layer.

cor'al, a kind of rock.

su'mac (su'măk), a kind of tree.

re du'pli cate, to repeat; to multiply.

a bil'i ty, power; capacity. shoe'ing, the act of putting on shoes.

in ac'cu rate, not correct.

hy me ne'al, relating to
marriage.

fam'ine, scarcity of food.
bul'wark, a defensive
 wall; to protect.

mis'cre ant, a vile wretch. gran'ite, a kind of rock.

en gi neer', one who manages an engine or practices engineering.

un daunt'ed, fearless.

hy drau'lics, the science of the motion of liquids.

corpse, a dead human body.

gal'ler y, an elevated floor with seats; a balcony.

co öp'er ate (kō-ŏp'-), to act with others; to work together.

re plen'ish, to fill again.

hem'i sphere, a half sphere. dis cern' (dĭz-zern'), to perceive.

wom'en (wim'-), plural of woman.

su per sede', to set aside; supplant; displace.

fee'ble, weak; infirm.

con ta'gion, communication of disease by contact.

im pos'tor, one who deceives by false pretenses.

form'al, regular; ceremonious.

at'ti tude, posture; position.

in sane', mentally deranged; crazy.

ar'chives (-kīvz), public records, or the place where they are kept.

dis miss', to send away.

in'ter val, space between things; time between events.

LESSON XI.

con tin'gent, possible, but not certain; dependent.

ap pari'tion, an appearance; a specter.

in dif'fer ent, neither particularly good nor bad; passable; feeling no interest.

skel'e ton, the bony framework of an animal body; an outline.

res'i dence, an abode.

trans gress', to break or violate (a law).

bois'ter ous, violent; noisy. ne go'ti ate (-shĭ-), to treat for by conference; to bargain; to sell.

op ti'cian, a maker or seller of optical instruments. tel'e graph, a device for transmitting messages; to announce by telegraph.

es'say, an attempt; a short treatise.

sanc'tum, a sacred spot; a private room.

pro tract', to prolong.

belle, a conspicuously attractive young woman.

mer'ri ment, mirth; hilarity; frolic.

hymn (him), religious song. au'ger, a tool for boring holes.

ex ec'u tor, one who executes the will of another.

sus pi'cion, a suspecting; distrust. in'tri cate, complicated.
bom'bast. inflated or ex-

travagant language.

gen'er ous, giving or bestowing heartily; liberal.

ef face', to blot out; erase. cay'ern, a caye.

dis'tance, length of space between two points.

pref'er ence, choice of one thing rather than another.

con'so nant, in harmony with; an alphabetic sound. e nough', sufficient.

for'ceps, surgical tongs or pincers.

eighth, next in order after seventh.

con ceal', to hide; secrete.
fres'co, painting on plastered walls and ceilings.

de ni'al, contrary assertion; refusal.

a'the ism, disbelief in God. set tee', a long seat with a back. fau'cet, a spout fitted with a valve.

bis'cuit (-kĭt), a kind of bread or cracker.

in flu en'tial, having influence; potent.

ex cres'cence, an unnatural growth, as a wart.

ceil'ing, overhead covering of a room.

cel'lar, a room under a house.

mis spell', to spell incorrectly.

weird (werd), supernatural; unearthly.

or'ange, a tropical fruit.

si mul ta'ne ous, happening at the same time.

lis'ten (lĭs''n), to hearken. plaid, checkered cloth.

sci at'i ca (st-), neuralgia of the hip or thigh.

prov'en der,foodforcattle.
prov i den'tial, effected by
 the care of God for his
 creatures.

LESSON XII.

blur, a blot; to obscure. fli'er, one that flies.

ga zette', a newspaper; to announce officially.

fem'i nine (-nĭn), relating to woman; womanly.

in e'bri ate, to make drunk; a drunkard.

- de scend', to go down.
- fos'sil, petrified form of a plant or animal.
- e'qui nox, the time at which the sun crosses the equator.
- clum'sy, awkward; ungainly.
- e pis'tle, a written message. be queath' (-kwēth'), to leave by will.
- paid, discharged; recompensed.
- vag'a bond, a vagrant.
- par'cel, a small bundle; a portion.
- or'phan, a child who has lost one or both parents.
- ad journ' (-jûrn'), to put off to another time; to defer; to suspend business.
- gaunt, lean; wasted.
- lad'ing (lād'-), loading;
 freight.
- hon'or (ŏn'-), to regard with deference; a nice sense of right; esteem.
- ex haust' (ĕgz-), to drain wholly; to tire out.
- cav'al ry, troops that serve on horseback.
- thief, one guilty of stealing. bade (băd), ordered; directed.

- vet'er i na ry, pertaining to treatment of diseases of animals.
- ra'di um, an element which emits peculiar radiations.
- pre pos sess', to preoccupy the mind; to impress favorably.
- ar'se nic, a mineral poison.
 en thu'si asm, ardent zeal;
 lively interest.
- quo'tient, the result obtained by division.
- mal'ice, active ill will.
- re mit'tance, the sending of money or credit; the sum or thing remitted.
- ste're o type, a metallic cast used in printing; a fixed representation.
- e quiv'o cal, of doubtful meaning; ambiguous.
- soph'o more, a college student in his second year.
- as sid'u ous, devoted; unremitting; diligent.
- dis cour'te ous (-kûr'-), impolite; uncivil; rude.
- reck'on, to count; compute; calculate.
- sal'a ry, wages; pay.
- con va les'cent, recovering health.

so ci'e ty, union of persons in some common interest; fellowship.

fiend, an intensely malicious person; devil.

cor'po ral, relating to the body; a military officer.

ven'ti late, to cause a circulation of air; to expose to examination.

trai'tor, one who betrays.

fa ce'tious, merry; jocular.
de fi'ance, a defying; a
 challenge.

quin'sy (-zỹ), a throat disease.

in fin i tes'i mal, inconceivably small.

cru'el, disposed to give pain; inhuman.

em bez'zle, to appropriate fraudulently.

LESSON XIII.

gar'ri son, to man with troops; troops stationed in a fort.

in ter rupt', to interfere with; to break into.

pre pon'der ance, superiority in weight, influence, etc.

cas'si mere, a thin twilled woolen cloth.

pit'tance, a small charity gift; a trifle.

ba rom'e ter, an instrument for indicating atmospheric pressure.

sol'i tude, loneliness; seclusion.

ju ris dic'tion, lawful right to exercise authority; extent of legal power. ad mo ni'tion, kind reproof.

dis burse', to spend or pay out.

pe'dal, of or pertaining to a foot.

fe ro'cious, savage; fierce. cart'age, the act of carrying in a cart; a charge for carting.

mar'riage, the act or state of being married.

ex cheq'uer (-chěk'er), the treasury of a state.

as so'ci ate, to bring together; a companion; partner.

triv'i al, of little importance.

al'most, nearly.

hos'pi tal, an institution for the care of the sick.

fin an cier' (-sēr'), a manager of financial affairs.

pit'i ful, calling forth pity.
sec're tary, one who at-

tends to another's correspondence.

am bi'tion, an eager desire for fame or power.

cas'ti gate, to punish by blows.

li'cense, permission; excess
 of liberty.

ore, metal in native form.

pneu mat'ic (nû-), pertaining to, or containing, air.

bev'er age, liquid for drinking.

league (lēg), an alliance; three miles; to unite.

three miles; to unite. ter'race, a raised bank.

char'la tan (shär'-), a pretender; a quack.

li'bra ry, a collection of, or a place for, books.

cur'ren cy, that which circulates as money; circulation.

ha rangue' (-răng'), a forcible speech; to address earnestly. op'tion, right or power of choosing.

ex'ca vate, to hollow out.

ac qui esce' (-kwĭ-ĕs'), to

manifest assent.

com bus'ti ble, that may be burned.

phys i ol'o gy, the science of organic functions.

af'fa ble, courteous in intercourse.

mon'arch, a sole ruler; a sovereign.

diph'thong (dĭf'-), union of two vowels into one sound or syllable.

os'cil late, to move backward and forward.

else'where, in some other place.

a'pex, the summit; highest point.

wind'lass, a machine for raising weights.

squeak, to make a shrill noise.

im'ple ment, an instrument, tool, or utensil.

beam, a large timber; a ray of light; to shine forth.

o be'di ence, compliance with authority.

LESSON XIV.

- es'sence, that which constitutes the nature of a thing.
- scut'tle, to sink a ship by making holes in the bottom; a coal hod.
- af fair', anything done or to be done: concern.
- flim'sy (-zv), weak; light. cul'ti va tor, a husbandman: a kind of plow.
- sap'phire (săf'īr), a precious stone.
- cre'dence, belief based on other evidence than personal knowledge.
- in'sti gate, to incite to do. ves'ti bule, an antechamher.
- bu'reau (-rô), a chest of drawers: an office.
- hack'neved, worn out; commonplace.
- cha'os (kā'-), a condition of disorder or confusion.
- guard'i an. one who has the care of another.
- eu'lo gy, laudation of a person's life or character. ser e nade', evening music in compliment to some
 - person.

- co a li'tion, a union. mov'a ble, that may be moved.
- in dis creet', injudicious.
- lin'e a ment, feature; outline.
- berth, sleeping place in a ship or car; a situation.
- birth, a coming into life.
- sa ga'cious (-gā'shŭs), keen of penetration and judgment: shrewd.
- com mence'ment, beginning: the celebration of the completion of a course of study.
 - flex'i ble, capable of being bent.
 - an ni ver'sa ry, annual return of the day on which an event occurred or is celebrated.
- ep'i lep sy, a chronic nervous disease.
- cau'tious, careful; watchful.
- fab'u lous, not real; fictitious: incredible.
- dea'con, a church officer.
- quad'rant, quarter of a circle.
- bux'om, plump; vigorous.

pre'mi um, a reward; percentage above par.

mi'cro scope, an instrument to aid the eye in examining minute objects.

pen in'su la, land almost surrounded by water.

sou ve nir' (soo-ve-nēr'), a reminding keepsake.

ec'sta sy, overpowering joy.

for bear'ance, patient toleration of offenses.

trans mis'sion, a sending; dispatching.

di ver'sion, a turning aside; amusement; pastime. in ex cus'a ble, not to be justified.

in sol'vent, bankrupt. fi'nal, conclusive; last.

eth'ics, the science of human duty.

chlo'ro form, a liquid used as an anæsthetic.

fierce, ferocious; violent. bowl'der (bōl'-), a large roundish stone.

in ev'i ta ble, unavoidable. fil'ial (-yal), of, or befitting, a child

a child.

cav'i ty, a hollow opening.

per se ver'ance (-vēr'-),

persistence in undertak
ings.

LESSON XV.

too, also; in addition.
two, twice one.

to, in the direction of; opposite to from.

ar'du ous, involving great effort.

cyn'ic, a morose person; a snarler.

bur'y, to cover out of sight. un con cern', freedcm from anxiety.

ca na'ry, a kind of wine; a kind of bird.

ea'sel, a folding frame. dis par'age, to speak of

slightingly.

pri va teer', a private armed ship licensed to take prizes.

res'o lute, determined; fixed in purpose.

de lir'i um, a wild wandering of the mind.

ad min is tra'tor, one who administers the affairs of an intestate.

- cy'press, a kind of tree. ex as'per ate, to enrage.
- sac ri le'gious (-lē'jŭs), impious; profane.
- pique (pēk), to irritate;
- ex cept', to leave out; to exclude.
- ac cept', to take when offered; to promise to pay (a draft).
- shoul'der, a part of the body; to raise to the shoulder.
- pe ti'tion, request; prayer.
 bul'lion, gold or silver in
 mass.
- an ni'hi late, to destroy utterly.
- neu'tral, taking no part on
- either side.
 niece (nēs), daughter of a

brother or sister.

- ad join', to join to; to be contiguous.
- or'a tor, an eloquent speaker.
- har'mo ny, agreement of musical sounds; accord.
- af fi da'vit, a voluntary sworn written declaration. ten'ant, one who occupies
- the premises of another.
- fra'grant, sweet-smelling.

- toi'let, dress.
- im pos'si ble, that cannot be.
- es'ti mate, to form an opinion about value, size, etc.; approximate amount.
 - or'na ment, an adornment; to adorn.
- corps (kor), a body of troops.
- sieve (siv), a device for sifting.
- e con'o mize, to use frugally.
- car'tridge, a charge for a firearm.
- out ra'geous, grossly injurious; atrocious.
- ac crued', accumulated.
- cem'e ter y, a place for the burial of the dead.
- in ter cede', to mediate; to interpose.
- di men'sion, any measurable extent.
- ap'pe tite, craving or relish for anything.
- in fe'ri or, lower in quality or rank.
- tom'a hawk, an American Indian hatchet.
- ow'ing, being indebted; imputable.
- in'no cent, guiltless.

LESSON XVI.

squeal, to cry shrilly.
em'bry o, undeveloped rudiment of an animal or plant.

ge om'e try, a branch of mathematics.

cul'prit, a guilty person.
trough (trŏf), a long tray.
flue, a passage for smoke.
el'i gi ble (-jĭ-), legally
qualified; desirable.

ho me op'a thy, a school of medicine.

bot'a ny, the science of plants.

par quet' (-kā'), the main floor of a theater. a ver'sion, dislike.

vague (vāg), indefinite. im mor'al, dissolute.

tar'la tan, a fine muslin.

sphere, a globe; round of
duty.

cro'ny, an intimate companion.

dis creet', prudent; wary.
as sure', to make sure; to
 assert to positively.

co los'sal, of immense size or extent.

op po'nent, one who opposes.

Sab'bath, a day of rest or repose.

com'ic al, calculated to produce mirth; funny.

in debt'ed, having incurred a debt; owing.

his'to ry, a systematic account of past events.

myr'tle, an evergreen shrub.

ab'sti nence, self-denial. ex'er cise, to put into action; activity for physical benefit.

il lus'trate, to explain by means of figures, examples, etc.

stag'nant, not moving; impure because motionless.

in'ter est, to secure the attention of; compensation for the use of money.

ging'ham, a cotton cloth. ex cus'a ble, pardonable.

cru'ci fy, to kill by nailing to a cross; to mortify.

fic ti'tious (-tĭsh'ŭs), imaginary; not genuine.

dis o bey', to neglect or refuse to obey.

vi cin'i ty, adjacent territory; proximity. weap'on (wep'-), an implement for offense or defense.

sym'bol, emblem.

twelfth, next after eleventh. lu'cid, mentally sound; clear; reasonable.

cam'bric (kām'-), a kind of linen or cotton cloth.

tomb (toom), a place for the deposit of the dead.

par'a graph, a distinct part of a printed or written discourse. au then'tic, true; certain; genuine.

in es'ti ma ble, that cannot be estimated.

car'ri on, dead and putrefying flesh.

e vap'o rate, to convert into vapor.

rec'on cile, to restore to friendship; to make agree.

jui'cy (jū'-), abounding in juice.

pal'pa ble, capable of being felt; obvious.

LESSON XVII.

res'er voir (-vwôr), a receptacle for liquid or gas.

e nun'ci ate (-shǐ-), to utter; to announce.

ad dress', to speak to; to superscribe; a superscription; manners.

pre ëm'i nent, superior; distinguished above others. dis pel', to drive away.

in dom'i ta ble, unconquerable.

a mal'ga mate, to mix; to blend; to unite.

hand'ker chief (hăn'kērchif), a cloth for wiping the face or nose. re mon'strate, to expostulate.

gen'ius (jēn'yŭs), high independent intellectual power; a person of superior faculties.

cal'um ny, false and malicious accusation.

o'ver alls, trousers worn over another pair.

mor'phine (-fin), the narcotic principle of opium.

con sol'i date, to make into a coherent mass; to combine.

de funct', deceased; a dead person.

ba rouche' (-roosh'), a twoseated, four-wheeled, falling top pleasure vehicle.

con fi den'tial, trusted;
private.

guar an tee' (găr-), or guar'an ty, a promise to answer for another's performance of a duty; to warrant.

bank'rupt, insolvent; to make insolvent.

re veal', to disclose.

big'a my, the crime of having two living husbands or wives.

yield, to produce; the amount produced.

as cer tain', to find out with certainty.

plan'et, a celestial body revolving around the sun.

chap'lain (-lǐn), elergyman for regiment, ship, etc.

per'fi dy, treachery; violation of faith.

pro pi'tious (-pĭsh'ŭs), favorable; kindly disposed.

in ex haust'i ble, that cannot be exhausted.

ef fect', to bring to pass; result; consequence.

af fect', to influence; to change; to assume.

par'a dise, place of bliss; heaven.

in an'i mate, destitute of life or spirit.

Cath'o lic, universal; not partial; pertaining to the Church of Rome.

ap pli'ance, thing applied; an instrument; a means.

morgue (morg), a place where bodies of persons found dead are exposed for identification.

prai'rie (prā'rĭ), a large
 tract of grass land without
 trees.

lunch'eon (-ŭn), a light meal.

pha'ë ton (fā'-), a kind of pleasure vehicle.

bro cade', a fabric woven with raised figures.

ex com mu'ni cate, to exclude from communion.

du'ra ble, able to last.

in tro duc'to ry, serving as an introduction; preliminary.

gim'let (gim'-), a small tool for boring holes.

rar'e fy (răr'-), to make less dense.

in ju'ri ous, hurtful; pernicious. cym'bal (sim'-), a musical instrument.

per cus'sion, a sharp collision causing a sound or report. ech'o, a reflected sound.
sanc'ti fy, to make holy;
to make sacred.

fe lic'i ty (-lis'-), bliss; happiness.

LESSON XVIII.

du'te ous, dutiful; compliant; obedient.

oc ca'sion, an incident; favorable opportunity; to cause incidentally.

bris'tle (bris's'l), coarse, stiff hair, as of swine.

aus pi'cious (as-pIsh'ŭs), presaging success; favorable.

col'or (kŭl'er), hue; paint. dul'ci mer, a stringed musical instrument.

in her'it, to receive as an heir.

sew'er (sū'ẽr), covered conduit for drainage.

duit for drainage. twitch, to jerk; a jerk.

ex po si'tion, exhibition; explanation.

rep'tile (-tĭl), a creeping animal, as a snake.

am bas'sa dor, a representative of the highest rank to a foreign government li'bel, a defamatory writing; to defame by writing. gos'sip, idle or familiar talk; groundless rumor.

loi'ter, to linger; to lag.

ac cu'mu late, to amass; to collect.

mis in ter'pret, to interpret wrongly.

trea'son, disloyalty to one's government.

con demn' (-děm'), to pronounce guilty or wrong.

fraud'u lent, deceitful; unfair; trickish.

me dic'i nal (-dĭs'-), healing; curative.

ac cuse', to charge with wrongdoing.

sub'urbs, outskirts of a city.

com'ment, to make observations or criticisms; a remark or criticism.

bol'ster (bōl'-), to prop up;
to support; a pillow-

pal'ate, roof of the mouth.
du'pli cate, a counterpart;
 a reproduction.

so pra'no (-prä'-), the highest female voice.

bal'co ny, a railed or balustraded platform.

par'tridge, a game bird. cor rode', to eat away gradually, as with rust.

ex traor'di na ry (-trôr'-), very unusual; wonderful.

un de'vi a ting, straightforward; unvarying.

in co her'ent (-hēr'-), loose; unconnected.

dis'ci pline (-plin), to train to obedience; to punish; training.

des'pi ca ble, contemptible; vile.

or'i fice (-fis), a small opening into a cavity.

con sist'ent, accordant.
as par'a gus (-păr'-), a

garden vegetable.

seam, a line of junction; a thin mineral layer; a scar; to join by sewing together.

hes'i tate, to stop or pause; to falter.

cham'pi on, to uphold; one holding first prize.

serge, a kind of twilled woolen cloth.

home'stead, home or seat of a family.

kiln'-dry (kĭl'-), to dry in a kiln.

dis sent', to differ in opinion.

o pin'ion (-yŭn), a conclusion not based on positive knowledge.

in iq'ui tous (-ĭk'wĭ-tŭs), wicked; criminal.

franc (frank), a French coin worth about 19.3 cents.

can'cer, a malignant growth or tumor.

LESSON XIX.

dodge, to evade by starting suddenly aside; an artifice.
a skew', awry; oblique.
i'vy, a climbing plant.
li'lac, an ornamental shrub.

serv'ice a ble, that can be made of service; durable.

in ter sperse', to distribute scatteringly. dis trib'ute, to divide among several.

con grat'u late, to wish joy to.

grat'i fy, to indulge; to please.

.t'mos phere, the air surrounding the earth.

cha grin' (shà-), humiliation; mortification.

ream, 20 quires of paper. ig no min'i ous, disgrace-

ful; shameful.

flan'nel, a woolen cloth. rat'i fy, to sanction.

chan'nel, course of a stream; a groove.

in fu'ri ate, to enrage.

ex cla ma'tion, abrupt outcry; interjection.

mi li'tia (mĭ-lĭsh'à), citizens enrolled in a military organization.

av oir du pois' (-ẽr-dūpoiz'), a system of weights having 16 oz. to the lb.

u ten'sil, a thing serving a useful purpose.

a'bly, in an able manner.

pro fi'cien cy (-fīsh'en-),
 adeptness; skill.

dis com mode', to put to trouble.

in cor'po rate, to form into one body; to unite into one mass.

rough (ruf), not smooth.

dev'as tate, to lay waste; to ravage.

sub scrip'tion, a subscribing; sum subscribed; signature.

ap'er ture, an opening through or into.

dis sem'ble, to conceal by pretending something different.

in fer'nal, diabolical.

chro nom'e ter, a very exact timekeeper.

pet'ti fog ger, an inferior lawyer.

in fringe', to violate.

sep'a rate, to place apart;
to disconnect.

in i'ti a to ry (ĭn-ĭsh'ĭ-à-), introductory.

pro spec'tus, an outline of a plan or scheme.

in'ven to ry, a list of goods. change'a ble, subject to change; variable.

e nor'mous, extraordinary in size.

pan o ra'ma (-rä'-), pictures representing a continuous scene. con jec'ture, to surmise; an opinion or guess.

fac'ile (făs'îl), not difficult to do; pliant.

as'ter isk, a star * used in writing and printing.

cres'cent, growing, as the moon in its first quarter.

har'ass (hăr'-), to vex; to worry.

per ceive', to see; to discern.

break'fast (brek'-), the morning meal.

dec'i mal (des'-), a fraction having some power of ten for denominator.

a nat'o my, the science of the structure of organic bodies.

LESSON XX.

Chris tian'i ty (-chăn'-), the teachings and doctrine of Jesus Christ.

nee'dle, an instrument to sew with.

a'cre (ā'kēr), 160 square rods of land.

sump'tu ous, showing lavish expenditure.

pan a ce'a, a remedy for all diseases.

ex plic'it (-plis'-), plain; distinctly stated.

doc'ile (dŏs'îl), easily managed; teachable.

bev'el, slant of a surface. num'skull, a dunce.

leg'end (lěj'-), a narrative

mon'eys, sums of money, or any material established as a medium of exchange.

re bate', to make a discount from; a reduction.

il lit'er ate, having no book learning.

bass (bās), the lowest part in a musical composition.

sat'in, a soft glossy silk.
ab er ra'tion, a wandering
away; partial insanity.

or'tho dox, correct in doctrine.

twee'zers, small pinchers. a bey'ance (-bā'-), a state of suspension or temporary inaction.

su perb', grand, elegant.
plumb'er (plum'-), a worker in lead, especially in
pipes for drainage.

- po ta'to, a well-known edible tuber.
- ab'ject, base; hopelessly low; miserable.
- con ges'tion, an unnatural accumulation.
- mo men'tous, very important.
- a bom'i na ble, detestable.med'al, a piece of metal bearing a device.
- med'dle, to interfere officiously.
- con stel la'tion, a cluster or group of fixed stars.
- ab o rig'i nes (-rĭj'ī-nēz), the original inhabitants.
- flu'id, capable of flowing; not solid.
- gen teel', well-bred; refined.
- a bu'sive, insulting; harsh. com par'a tive (-păr'-), estimated by comparison; not positive.
- **klep to ma'ni a,** a morbid impulse to steal.
- ac cel'er ate, to quicken.

- hu'mor ous, whimsical; amusing.
- e ques'tri an, relating to horses or horsemanship.
- ac cli'mate, to adapt to a new climate.
- ac cept'a ble, worthy of being accepted; welcome.
- med'i cine, anything used in treatment of disease.
- neu ral'gi a, acute pain in the nerves.
- a chieve', to bring to pass; to perform.
- lat'tice (-tĭs), a network of slats or rods.
- sul'phur, a yellow nonmetallic mineral substance.
- ac qui si'tion, an acquiring; thing acquired.
- ac'id (ăs'Id), sharp; biting; sour; a sour substance.
- crouch, to stoop low.
- pal'li ate, to extenuate; to mitigate.
- clas'sify, to arrange in a class or classes.

LESSON XXI.

mon'o gram, a character composed of letters interwoven. ter'mi nate, to put an end to.
ad ja'cent, adjoining.

fac'tious (-shus), turbulent; active in promoting dissensions.

gi'ant, a very large man.

pho net'ic, representing sounds.

pre lim'i na ry, introductory.

tes'ta ment, a will; a part of the Bible.

sword (sord), a weapon.
fluc'tu ate, to rise and fall
 like waves; to waver.

a man u en'sis, one who writes what another dictates.

plane, flat; a carpenter's
 tool; to make smooth.

extol' (-tŏl'), to laud.

mil'li ner, a maker of women's hats, bonnets, etc.

pic tur esque' (pĭk-tūrĕsk'), fitted to form a pleasing picture.

i dol'a try, worship of idols.

be night'ed, involved in physical, intellectual, or moral darkness.

salve (sav), an ointment.
a'er ate, to expose to the
action of the air.

e nu'mer ate, to count or name one by one.

o'nyx (ō'nĭks), a kind of stone.

spi'ral, winding, as a screw.
af fa bil'i ty, ease and
courtesy of manner.

mag na nim'i ty, greatness of soul.

car'cass, a dead body.

lab'y rinth, involved and tortuous passages; a maze.

a do' (-doo'), unnecessary activity or ceremony.

stim'u lus, that which excites increased action.

contam'i nate, to defile by contact; to pollute.

hor'ror, excessive fear; terror; dread.

com pul'sion, constraint; coercion.

bliz'zard, a severe snow and wind storm.

dan'druff, scurf on the head.

rind (rind), skin that may be peeled off, as of flesh, fruit, or trees.

tor'por, stupor; dullness.

bul'le tin, news, orders, etc., placarded conspicuously.

ap pear'ance, external show; aspect; a coming into view.

cash'mere, a fine and soft woolen fabric.

hearth (härth), the stone of a fireplace.

lar'ce ny, theft.

but'ter ine, imitation butter.

pi'rate, a sea robber.

ir reg'u lar, out of the usual form.

de cap'i tate, to behead.

can'cel, to strike out.

cab'i net, a piece of furniture; an advisory body.

e man'ci pate, to set free.

cais'son (kās'sŏn), frame for laying deep foundations.

vi va'cious (-vā'shŭs), full of life and spirits.

in tel'li gi ble, capable of being understood.

LESSON XXII.

ca'pa ble, qualified; efficient.

ex tin'guish, to smother; to put out; to destroy.

ac'cess, approach; admission; a coming to.

chap'er on (shăp'er-on), an attendant or protector.

por'poise (-pus), a whalelike animal.

trow'el, a tool used by masons or gardeners.

an'swer (-sẽr), to reply; to
refute; a reply.

au'tumn (-tum), the third season of the year.

chem'is try (kĕm'-), the science of the composition and constitutional changes of substances. pul'pit (pul'-), a desk to
 preach from.

croup (kroop), a disease of the throat.

sol'dier (-jẽr), a person in military service.

chif fo nier' (shif-), an article of furniture.

com pli'ance, a yielding to a wish or proposal.

in vei'gle (-vē'-), to lead astray by hoodwinking.

let'tuce (-tĭs), a salad herb. chron'ic (krŏn'-), prolonged; inveterate.

rec're ate, to refresh after labor: to divert.

moun'tain, very high hill. cir'cu lar, round; an announcement. graph'ic, describing vividly.
pal'sy (pal'zy), paralysis.
de void', not possessing;
destitute.

clair voy'ant, one who discerns objects not present to the senses.

par e gor'ic, tincture of opium.

sanc'tion, to approve; approbation; support.

weath'er (wĕth'-), the state of the atmosphere.

man u fac'ture, to make; operation of making; article made.

cou'ple (kŭp''l), a pair.

col lat'er al, indirect; property hypothecated as security for debt.

dense, close; compact.

tech'ni cal (těk'-), pertaining to some particular art, science, or trade.

com mer'cial, pertaining to commerce.

com'pro mise, to settle by mutual concessions.

breech'ing (brich'-), a part of a harness.

prod'i gal, wasteful; profuse.

am'e thyst, a violet quartz.
fer'rule (fĕr'rĭl), metal ring
 on a cane, tool, etc.

fer'ule (fĕr'ĭl), flat stick for punishing children.

a bridg'ment, a shortening; contraction.

cup'board (kŭb'bērd), a closet for dishes.

pee'vish, fretful.

sus cep'ti ble, capable of being changed or influenced easily.

men'tal, of or pertaining to the mind.

guilt (gilt), criminality.

ab scond', to depart suddenly and secretly.

tour (toor), a journey; an excursion; to make a tour.

va'ri a ble, changeable.

hy poc'ri sy, feigning to be what one is not.

vane, a weathercock.

LESSON XXIII.

pal'lid, pale; wan.
ca lam'i ty, a great misfortune.

le'ni ent, merciful.
mo roc'co, a kind of
leather.

un der rate', to rate too low; to undervalue.

cleave, to cling to; to sunder forcibly.

be gin'ner, one who commences.

ac cede', to agree; to assent.

dis sim'i lar, unlike.

pre sump'tu ous, unduly confident or bold.

mi'nor, one under the legal age; less; smaller.

al'ien (āl'yen), foreign; one owing allegiance to another country.

suite (swēt), a train of attendants; a set of connected rooms.

ag'ile (ăj'îl), nimble.

port'a ble, capable of being easily carried.

re'gion (-jun), a portion of country; a tract.

tran'sient(-shent), passing;
fleeting.

val'iant (-yant), heroic; brave.

ant arc'tic, relating to the south polar regions.

prob'a ble, apparently
true; likely.

en hance', to make higher or greater in degree.

a dept', possessing a high degree of skill.

in sip'id, tasteless.

coarse'ness, roughness; lack of delicacy.

fir'kin, a wooden tub for butter, lard, etc.

pres i den'tial, of or pertaining to a president.

en'ter prise, an undertaking.

po lyg'a my, the having of more than one wife or husband at the same time.

a'gen cy, office or duties of an agent.

fet'lock, projection behind and above a horse's hoof.

rem'e dy, a medicine; to cure or heal.

con'fis cate, to appropriate by authority.

mag is te'ri al (măj-), authoritative: official.

in still', to inculcate gradually.

wit'ti cism, a witty remark. sen'ior (sēn'yēr), older than another.

o'val, a closed egg-shaped curve.

di vorce', legal dissolution of a marriage.

mer'oi ful. compassionate.

quit'claim, a full release; a kind of deed for land. com'pli ment, an expression of admiration.

com mem'o rate, to signalize the memory of.

nom'i nate, to name or designate.

et y mol'o gy, science of the derivation of words. con viv'i al, festive; social.
de cep'tion, act of deceiving or misleading.
quar'rel, an angry dispute.
ra'zor, a tool for shaving.

ra'zor, a tool for shaving. hub'bub, uproar; excitement

ap'o plex y, unconsciousness caused by hemorrhage in the brain.

LESSON XXIV.

gam'bol, to skip and sport about.

ba'sin, a small open dish; a hollow place.

stag'ger, to reel; to totter. chron'i cle, a register of events in order of time.

di rect'o ry, a book with names and addresses.

det'ri ment, something that causes damage.

de vice', a contrivance.

de vise' (-viz'), to contrive;
to bequeath.

rec tan'gu lar, having one right angle or more.

deign (dān), to condescend.
a'pron, a part of the dress;
 a cover.

naph'tha (năf'thà), a colorless. volatile oil. or thog'ra phy, the science of letters and spelling.

ven'ture, to risk; an undertaking.

hoist, to raise; a device for lifting.

ob'sc lete, out of use.

a nal'y sis, the resolution of a thing into its constituent parts.

plague (plāg), pestilence.
cash ier' (-ēr'), a custodian
 of money.

op'po site, in front of, facing; antagonistic.

gouge (gouj), a carpenter's
tool; to scoop out with e
gouge; to cheat.

dé bris' (då-brē'), accumulated fragments.

pi'geon (pĭj'ŭn), a bird.

a bun'dance, a plentiful supply.

rav'el, to take apart the threads of.

ca tarrh' (-tär'), inflammation of mucous membrane.

sluice (slūs), an artificial channel for water.

for'tu nate, favored; lucky; successful.

par'ti ci ple, a form of the verb.

blond, light colored; a person of fair complexion.

o rig'i nate, to bring into existence.

croc'o dile, a large reptile. re ferred', directed, or sent

away; assigned to; committed for examination.

ac cus'tom, to make familiar by use.

tru'ant, shirking duty or attendance; an idler.

in de fat'i ga ble, unwearied; persevering.

plac'id (plăs'-), unruffled; calm; serene.

crum'ple, to press into
 wrinkles.

ir re press'i ble, that cannot be restrained.

hu mil'i ate, to humble; to mortify.

re ceipt' (-sēt'), a written acknowledgment of something received; a recipe.

bat tal'ion, a body of infantry.

fal'chion (fal'chin), a short, curved sword.

fur'lough (-lō), a leave of absence.

so'cial (-shal), relating to society; companionable.

at tend'ance, the fact of being present; presence.

re spon'si ble, answerable; able to meet claims.

am a teur' (-ter'), one who practices an art for the love of it.

fas tid'i ous, hard to please; overnice.

ed'u cate, to develop mental faculties; to instruct.

LESSON XXV.

un in tel'li gi ble, not to ve understood.

gi gan'tıc, very large.

ker'o sene, illuminating oil produced from petroleum. sel'dom, not often.

- non'sense, that which is without sense.
- ei'ther, one or the other of two.
- dai'ly, happening every day.
- nov'ice (-ĭs), a beginner.
- an'ti dote, anything that will counteract; corrective.
- sched'ule (skěd'-), a list; an inventory; a time table.
- an'ti qua ted, grown old, or out of fashion; obsolete.
- ehro'mo (krō'-), a lithographed picture in colors.
- ac quaint'ance, knowledge resulting from association.
- un con'scious (-shus), not conscious.
- a cous'tic (-kous'tik), relating to hearing or sound.
- tra di'tion, oral account transmitted from age to age.
- gri mace', a distortion of the face.
- mus'cular, relating to the muscles; powerful.
- dis suade' (-swād'), to advise against.
- un prin'ci pled, destitute of conscientious scruples.

- bi en'ni al, occurring every two years.
- im mac'u late, spotless.
 pit'i a ble, deserving pity;
 wretched.
- grieve (grēv), to make sorrowful; to mourn.
- ir ra'tion al, contrary to or without reason; absurd.
- e rase', to rub out.
- ti'ny, very small.
- com mu'ni cate, to transmit; to impart.
- planned, designed.
- hon'ey suc kle, a climbing flowering shrub.
- con coct'ing, preparing;
 scheming.
- per sist'ence, perseverance.
- bay'o net, a weapon attached to the muzzle of a musket.
- tel'e phone, an instrument for transmitting speech; to speak through a telephone.
- tee to'tal er, an abstainer from intoxicants.
- in ter cept', to stop on the way.
- sur'name, the family name.
- veg'e ta ble, pertaining to plants; an edible plant.

plau'si ble, apparently true and fair.

ar ti fi'cial (-fish'al), made by art; not real.

om nip'o tence, infinite power

ex cru'cl a ting, causing or inflicting intense pain.

nerv'ous, having deranged or weak nerves.

can'non, a large gun.

im por'tant, of great consequence.

sys tem at'ic, orderly;
methodical.

bar ba'ri an, an uncivilized man; cruel; savage.

oys'ter, a salt-water bivalve.

can'on, a law; a rule.

skein (skān), one or more knots of yarn or thread.

LESSON XXVI.

guin'ea (gĭn'e), an English gold coin equal to about \$5.

yolk, the yellow part of an egg.

af fright', to alarm.

mag nif'i cent, grand; imposing.

con cen'trate, to draw together or to a center.

prim'i tive, first; earliest;
old-fashioned.

du'el, combat between two.
brit'tle, fragile; liable to
break.

math e mat'ics, the science of the relations between quantities or magnitudes.

ad vice', counsel; notice.

ad vise' (-vīz'), to counsel; to inform.

le git'i mate, lawful; genuine.

in i'tial(-ish'al), first; beginning; first letter of a word.

op per tu'ni ty, a convenient time or occasion.

boom'er ang, a curved wooden missile; a recoiling statement or proceeding.

car'pen ter, a man who builds houses or ships of wood.

here to fore', previously.

ba na'na (-nä'-), a tropical tree and its fruit.

gai'ter, a covering for the ankle; a high shoe.

or'chard, a collection of fruit trees.

e ter'nal, everlasting. cease, to leave off. thee, you.

be nev'o lence, love to mankind; charitableness. com'mis sa ry, an army subsistence officer.

al'ter (al'-), to change.
al'tar (al'ter), a place devoted to prayer.

hy e'na, a wild animal.
bur'gla ry, crime of feloneously entering a building.

ca noe' (-noo'), a boat propelled by paddles.

a dieu' (-dū'), a formal leave-taking; farewell.

this'tle (thĭs''l), a prickly plant.

lad'der, a frame for climbing and descending.there, in that place.

there, in that place.

rel'ic, that which remains after loss; a memento.

cas'u al ty (kăzh'-), an accident; death.

bush'el, a measure of capacity; four pecks.

fu'ner al, rites over the dead.

ev'i dence, testimony; ground of belief; to show. en com'pass, to encircle; to environ.

kid'nap, to steal a person. ex press'ive, serving to express; full of meaning.

press; full of meaning. fur'ther, more distant; to advance; besides.

brawn'y, muscular.

fer'vor, intense feeling. com plex'ion (-plěk'shŭn),

color of the face; aspect.

af'flu ence, a profuse supply, especially of riches.

ply, especially of riches. hag'gard, worn and gaunt in appearance.

fel'o ny, a high crime. me trop'o lis, a chief city.

LESSON XXVII.

car'ol (kăr'-), a song of joy.
in ca'pa ble, incompetent.
to ma'to (-mā'-), a plant
and its fruit.

bi og'ra phy, written account of a person's life, etc.

ven'er ate, to cherish reverently; to adore.

a sy'lum, a place of refuge; retreat: shelter.

tow'el, a cloth for wiping the hands and face.

as sault', attack.
cir cu'i tous, roundabout.
hyp'no tize, to induce a
peculiar form of sleep.

im par'tial (-shal), unbiased; just.

prin'ci pal, highest in rank; money at interest.

prin'ci ple, a fundamental cause or truth.

bus'y (bĭz'-), actively employed; diligent.

ap par'el, dress; clothing.
coch'i neal (kŏch'-), insect
used for making dye.

a wry' (à-rī'), distorted.

com men'su rate, adequate; proportionate.

dis syl'la ble, a word of two syllables.

ex per'i ment, a trial. dirge, a song or tune expressing grief.

pos'i tive, certain; actual.pol'y syl la ble, a word of many syllables.

ag'i tate (ăj'-), to disturb; to shake; to stir up.

cat'er pil lar, a larva or grub.

ap pro'pri ate, to set apart for a purpose; to take as one's own.

al'ka li, soda ash.

sum'ma ry, giving the substance of; an abridgment.

rol'lick ing, frolicsome.

all'spice, fruit of a West Indian tree.

lease, a contract for rent; to let; to take a lease of.

ir rev'er ent, lacking in respect to superiors.

al le ga'tion, positive assertion or declaration.

sta tis'tics, a collection of facts as to population, industries, etc.

lynx, a catlike beast.

al low'ance, that which is allowed; deduction.

tongue, the organ of speech and of taste; a language.

al though' (al-thō'), notwithstanding.

viv'id, very bright; intense;
clear.

or'de al, a severe trial or test.

bal'lot, a ball or ticket used in voting; to cast a ballot.

jus'tice, right; fairness; a magistrate.

ces sa'tion, discontinuance.

a lu'mi num, a light, malleable, ductile metal. re cu'per ate, to recover. hu mane', merciful; compassionate.

fer'tile (-til), rich; productive. sponge (spunj), a soft, porous substance.

a maze'ment, feeling of surprise and wonder. wil'y (wil'-), artful; sly.

LESSON XXVIII.

va nil'la, a plant and the bean which it produces.

cor po ra'tion, a society authorized to act as a single person.

cra'ni um, skull.

a'mi a ble, worthy of love; genial; gracious.

po'lar, pertaining to the poles of a sphere.

stal'wart, brave; bold; strong.

hy'drant, discharge pipe
for water main.

dis hon'or (-ŏn'ĕr), to bring reproach upon; disgrace.

in dul'gent, prone to humor; lenient.

al'li ga tor, a large lizardlike reptile.

e mer'gen cy, an unforeseen occurrence; pressing necessity.

fête (fāt), a festival.

am pere' (-pār'), the unit of electric current strength.

an æs thet'ic, that which produces insensibility.

gos'sa mer, a filmy substance like cobwebs; a waterproof garment. es quire', a title of dignity.

office, or courtesy.

bough, a branch of a tree. anx'ious (ănk'shŭs), great-

ly concerned; distressed. in trep'id, fearless and

bold.
clean'ly (klěn'-), in a clean
manner; pure.

fi'nite, limited.

ap peal', an earnest request for aid; to call on another for aid.

in cip'i ent, beginning. scis'sors, a cutting instrument.

par'al lel, extending, side by side equidistant.

a gree'a ble, pleasing; suitable.

im pru'dent, indiscreet.

ap pend i ci'tis (-si'-), inflammation of the vermiform appendix.

ses'sion, meeting of an organized body.

ex ten'sive, of great extent.

pi'e ty, reverence for God. ar'chi tect (-kY-), one who makes plans for buildings,

un err'ing, making no mistake: certain: exact.

pur'port, meaning; tendency.

vi'cious (vĭsh'ŭs), addicted to vice; corrupt.

ra'ti o (-shǐ-ō), the relation of degree, number, etc.

prom e nade' (-näd'), a walk for amusement or exercise.

sus'te nance, food. as sist'ance, help; relief. as sem'blage, a collection of persons or things.

pre'mi er, first in rank or position; prime minister.

schol'ar, a pupil; a student; a man of learning.

mil'i ta ry, of or pertaining to soldiers, or warfare.

un right'eous (-rī'chŭs), wicked: sinful.

a lac'ri ty, cheerful willingness and promptitude.

fur'ni ture, equipment as household articles; tables, desks, etc.

ghost (gost), spirit; specter; apparition.

an ti sep'tic, opposing putrefaction.

vi'tal, pertaining to erganized life; essential.

tro'phy (-fỹ), a token of victory; a memento.

LESSON XXIX.

mis'tle toe (mĭz''l-), an evergreen parasitic plant. vin dic'tive, revengeful.

a vail'a ble, capable of being used.

bruise, to batter; to dent; a contusion.

trag'e dy, a lofty or pathetic drama; a fatal and mournful event.

an nounce', to proclaim formally.

fir'ma ment, the expanse of heaven; sky.

aw'ful, dreadful; frightful.
re course', resort for help
in exigency.

ex po'sure, the act of exposing; exposed state.

con se quen'tial, self-important; resulting.

el lipse', an oval figure.
be hav'ior. conduct.

te na'cious, holding fast; unyielding.

cri'sis, a critical moment. ge ol'o gy, science of the structure of the earth.

dem'a gogue (-gŏg), an un-

proc'ess (prŏs'-), a method of operation; a legal writ. aye (äĭ), assent; yes; (pron.

3), always; forever.

in fer ence, conclusion; deduction.

co ad ju'tor, an assistant.
sau'sage, a preparation of chopped meat.

ad van ta'geous (-jŭs), profitable; favorable.

con tra dict', to deny; to oppose.

fu'mi gate, to smoke; to disinfect.

am'i ca ble, friendly.

prey (prā), to procure food
by violence; plunder.

pray, to supplicate. scrof'u la, a disease.

u nan'i mous, sharing the same views; without dissent.

lil'y, a plant and its flower. lei'sure (lē'zhūr), time free from employment.

pam'phlet, a small unbound book.

en'vi ous, cherishing envy. a las', an exclamation of sorrow or regret.

scent, an odor; to perfume; to smell.

shac'kles, fetters.

ac cord'ing ly, conformably.

pen'e trate, to force into; to discern.

re cess', an alcove; an intermission.

pos sess', to have as owner; to own.

coun'te nance, the face; to approve; to abet.

de mean'or, bearing; deportment; behavior.

guess, to judge of at random, or on slight grounds. dis re spect'ful, discourte-

dol'lar, the monetary unit of the United States.

lab'o ra to ry, a chemist's workroom.

an'o dyne, medicine which relieves pain.

pa rade', pompous display.

frag'ile (frăj'îl), brittle;

LESSON XXX.

pe nu'ri ous, miserly.

a ë'ri al, pertaining to the
an.

ver ba'tim, word for word. ur'chin, a roguish boy.

ap prov'al, approbation. pref'ace, a brief preliminary explanation.

en dur'ance (-dūr'-), ability to bear; patience.

pneu mo'ni a (nů-), inflammation of the lungs.

he red'i ta ry, holding or deriving by inheritance.

i'ron, a metal.

fools'cap, a particular size of writing paper.

con trol' (-trōl'), to govern; to restrain; authority. riff'raff, rabble; rubbish.

pan'el, a rectangular piece of wood set in a frame; a list of jurors.

jan'i tor, a caretaker of a building; a porter.

so lic'it or, an attorney; a canvasser.

bal'ance, to make equal; to weigh; to adjust; a weighing apparatus.

ghast'ly (gast'-), deathlike; haggard; hideous.

a ro'ma, a spicy or other agreeable odor.

rav'en ous, voracious.

black'guard (blăg'gärd), a low abusive fellow.

heif'er (hĕf'-), a young cow.

mack'er el, a sea fish.
ca dav'er ous, ghastly.
ad here', to stick fast; to
cling.

fic'kle, changeable; inconstant.

rad'i cal, relating to the root; extreme.

ax'le (ăks''l), a shaft on or with which wheels turn.

ob'sta cle; a hindrance.

su prem'a cy, the state of being supreme.

sig'na ture, one's name written by oneself.

an tic'i pate, to foresee; to forestall.

def'i nite, determined with precision; exact.

treach'er y (trěch'-), perfidy; violation of faith.

co logne' (-lon'), a perfumed liquid.

sand'wich, two slices of bread with meat between.

cor'pu lent, fat; obese.
sym'pa thy, fellow-feeling;

compassion.

de fen'sive, serving to defend.

rig'ging, entire cordage system of a ship.

i o'ta, a small part; a jot. caus'tic, a substance that burns animal tissues; sarcastic.

u til'i ty, usefulness.
ab'sence, state of being
not present.

debt'or, one who owes.
a tro'cious, wicked; shocking.

met'al, gold, silver, iron, lead, etc.

flea, a pestiferous insect.
in suf fi'cient, not sufficient; inadequate.
cous'in (kŭz''n), a child of
an uncle or aunt.

LESSON XXXI.

phy si'cian, one who practices medicine.

dye'ing, coloring cloth, etc.
junc'ture, a joining; a
 point of time when conditions meet.

ca pri'cious (-prish'ŭs), fickle; whimsical.

pro fess'or, a high-grade college teacher; one who avows, as of a religious faith.

slos'sa ry, a vocabulary of peculiar words. val'en tine, a love letter of token sent on St. Valentine's day.

car'i ca ture, a ridiculous likeness; to burlesque.

fig'ur a tive, not literal] representing by a figure. fu'gi tive, fleeing, or hav-

fu'gi tive, fleeing, or having fled, as from justice.

pal'ette (-ĕt), thin wood tablet for artists' colors. an'i ma ted. endowed with

animal life; vivacious. guile/less, innocent; artless. though (tho), and yet; still; however.

biv'ouac (bĭv'wăk), to encamp temporarily.

asth'ma, a disease of the organs of respiration.

dis solve', to change from a solid to a liquid form.

oc'cu py, to hold possession of; to employ.

ir'ri ta ble, ill-tempered.
hal'i but (hŏl'-), a kind of
fish

me lo'di ous, musical.

cur'tain (-tĭn), a drapery; a screen.

su per scribe', to inscribe with a name or address.

ad'ver sa ry, an opponent. cir'cuit (-kĭt), a circular space; regular journeying.

sten'cil, a thin sheet with letters, etc., cut out for marking through.

ca'ret, a sign, ∧, indicating an omission.

car'at (kăr'-), one twentyfourth part (fineness of gold).

mam'moth, an extinct species of elephant; very large.

cu'po la, a dome. lu'di crous, laughable. sau'cy, insolent; impudent;
sprightly; pert.

mo'tor, a machine that imparts motion.

mon'o syl la ble, a word of only one syllable.

al'co hol, a colorless, volatile, inflammable liquid.

plan'tain, a perennial weed;
 a tropical fruit.

dem'on strate, to prove fully; to point out.

i de'a, a mental image, impression, or opinion.

rec ol lect', to recall to mind.

fa mil'iar, free; having intimate knowledge of; a close companion.

draw ee', one on whom a draft is drawn.

pre sump'tion, strong probability; overconfidence; arrogant conduct.

ap pren'tice, one who serves another to learn a trade.

char'i ty, kindly feeling to others; benevolence.

stam pede', to rush off in a panic, as cattle; a sudden flight through panic.

lon'gi tude, distance east or west from a meridian. cough (kaf), to expel air from the lungs noisily.de ter'mine, to decide; to settle; to resolve.

a'li as, an assumed name. quar'ry (quŏr'-), an excavation from which stone is taken; game.

LESSON XXXII.

prom'ise, a declaration binding him who makes it.

im pa'tient, restless, as for change or relief.

re li'ance, confident trust.
o bey', to do as told.

e clipse', to darken, as one heavenly body another; to surpass.

in ces'sant, unceasing.

tel'e gram, a message by telegraph.

in grat'i tude, insensibility to kindness or favors.

chintz, a kind of cloth.

meer'schaum, a white clay used for making to-bacco pipes.

cal'o mel, a preparation of mercury used as medicine.

re cruit', to repair with fresh supplies; to recuperate.

for bid'ding, repulsive.
court-mar'tial, court of military or naval officers.
mo las'ses, sugar sirup.

gra'vy, juice of roasting
 meat.

ve loc'i ty (-lŏs'-), quickness of motion; swiftness. de mor'al ize, to corrupt in

morals, discipline, courage, etc.

ju'bi lee, time of great joy. cir'cus, a hippodrome.

sal e ra'tus, cooking soda. el'e phant, the largest existing quadruped.

ten'sion, a stretching or straining; elastic force.

de'pot (-pō), a storehouse.
quar'an tine, to isolate so
 as to prevent contagion;

such isolation.
per spire', to sweat.

bag'gage, trunks, etc.
spu'ri ous, not genuine.

car toon', a drawing; sketch.

tam'a rack, an American tree; the larch.

em balm', to saturate with antiseptic drugs.

ne ces'si ty, that which is indispensable; need.

busi'ness (bĭz'nĕs), occupation; trade.

whis'tle, a shrill musical sound; an instrument for making such a sound.

bea'con, a signal fire.

gos'pel, glad tidings; the life and teachings of Jesus Christ.

sen'tence, to condemn to punishment; doom; a group of words making complete sense.

naugh'ty, perverse.
sub'ju gate, to subdue.

sub or'di nate inferior in rank.

clink'er, a cinder; slag.
com pel', to drive by force;
to constrain.

ir re triev'a ble (-trēv'-), that cannot be repaired.

fu'el, wood, coal, oil, etc., for fire.

rogue (rōg), a dishonest person; a knave.

man'u script, a book or paper written by hand.

bait, a lure; to feed; to tease.

del'e gate, a representative; to commit authority.

tran scend', to rise above in degree; to surpass.

ad mis'si ble, proper to be admitted; allowable.

LESSON XXXIII.

pa thet'ic, arousing tender emotions, as sadness.

ne go'ti a ble, transferable by assignment, indorsement, or delivery, as a negotiable note.

chow'der, a stew made of fish, vegetables, etc.

ben e fi'cial (-fish'al), conferring benefits; helpful.

de spair', loss of hope; to be without hope.

trop'ic al, pertaining to the tropics; very hot.

lu'na tic, an insane person. pe tro'le um, an inflammable mineral oil.

chan de lier' (shăn-dêlēr'), a frame for lights.

knap'sack (năp'-), a soldier's luggage bag.

tal'ent, mental ability; an ancient weight and denomination of money. in el'e gant, not elegant.
in sin'u ate, to introduce
 gently; to hint.

cro chet' (-shā'), to net with a small hook.

sub mis'sion, obedience;
yielding.

cab'bage, a garden plant. jaun'dice (jän'dĭs), a disease.

e las tic'i ty (-tĭs'-),springiness.

pes'ti lence, a fatal infectious malady.

there'fore, for this or that reason.

browse (brouz), to feed upon twigs, grass, etc. pin'na cle, turret; summit.

charge'a ble, capable of being charged.

o'dor, scent; fragrance.

fag'ot, a bundle of sticks.
pres'tige (-tij), influence
 coming from success, character, or deeds.

feud, vindictive strife.

tête-à-tête'(tāt-à-tāt'), face to face; a chat; a sofa.

char'ter, an authoritative document conferring certain privileges.

des per a'do, a man of desperate character.

chaise (shāz), a one-horse two-wheeled carriage.

ri dic'u lous, absurd; droll. a'gue (-gū), a disease.

neg'a tive, to reject; implying denial.

crease, the mark of a wrinkle or fold.

plea, entreaty; defense. hi er o glyph'ic, a symbolic character or writing.

in de struc'ti ble, that cannot be destroyed.

ar rive', to reach a destination.

plu'ral, denoting more than one.

æs thet'ic, pertaining to the beautiful.

pre ci'sion, exactness.
con'sum mate, to bring to
 completion.

re cite', to relate; tell over. em'i grate, to remove from one country to another.

im'mi grate, to come into a country to reside.

mu'ti late, to maim; to render imperfect.

bar'gain (-gĕn), a contract; a favorable purchase.

dom'i noes, a game.

col li'sion, a coming together violently.

LESSON XXXIV.

- veil (vāl), a thin cloth for covering the face.
- ir re proach'a ble, above repreach or criticism.
- ir re sist'i ble, that cannot be successfully resisted.
- ex ten'u ate, to lessen; to mitigate.
- sal'ad, a kind of food.
- pros'e cute, to follow or pursue; to sue.
- au'thor, a creator; one who composes a book.
- char'ac ter (kăr'-), a mark or letter; distinctive quality; a person; reputation.
- pul'sate, to beat; to throb. def'i cit, deficiency; lack.
- par ti'tion, a dividing wall; that which divides.
- bach'e lor, a man who has not been married; one who has taken first degree in arts.
- beef'steak, a slice of beef to broil or fry.
- seine (sān), a large fishing net.
- dy'na mite, an explosive compound.
- un change'a ble, that cannot change or be changed.

- lau'rel, an evergreen shrub. loathe, to abhor.
- in gen'ious (-jēn'-), skillful in originating.
- in gen'u ous (-jěn'-), artless; frank.
- eq'ui page (ĕk'wĭ-), an equipment; carriage, horses, etc.
- pom'ace (pum'-), substance of fruit after juice has been expressed.
- pum'ice, porous substance ejected from volcanoes.
- fuch'si a (fū'shī-à), a plant and its flower.
- sub'sti tute, to put in the place of another.
- tol'er ate, to endure or passively permit.
- co nun'drum, a sort of riddle.
- jaunt (jänt), to ramble; a short journey.
- chem'ic al (kem'-), pertaining to chemistry.
- par'a ble, a short descriptive allegory.
- di'a mond, a precious stone; a geometric figure.
- bor'ough (bŭr'ô), an incorporated town.

pa'tient (-shent), persevering; uncomplaining.

in cur'a ble (-kūr'-), that cannot be cured.

en'er gy, inherent force;
vigor.

con vey'ance, a transfer; a carriage.

lyre, a kind of harp.

li'ar, one who is untruthful.

in'fi nite (-nĭt), limitless.`
neg'li gent, careless; cus-

neg'li gent, careless; customarily neglectful.

u ni ver'si ty, an institution for teaching all branches of learning. es pous'al, marriage. al lay', to abate; to soothe. di ag no'sis, determining disease by symptoms.

pen'ance, suffering imposed as expression of sorrow for sin, or faults.

ap pease', to pacify.

as'sets, property applicable to owner's debts.

pen'sion, a periodical allowance for past services.

a non'y mous (-non'imus), without the author's real name.

e qua'tor, an imaginary circle around the earth midway between the poles.

LESSON XXXV.

nos'tril, one of the two channels through the nose. an tip'a thy, instinctive

antagonism or dislike.

prec'e dent, an instance
serving as a guide; custom.

pre ced'ent (-sēd'-), for-

pre ced'ent (-sēd'-), former; preceding.
co'pi ous, ample; plenteous.

co'pi ous, ample; plenteous.
pal'pi tate, to pulsate
quickly.

bil'ious (-yŭs), pertaining to bile.

gos'ling, a young goose.de mur', to offer objections.tar'iff (tăr'-), table of duties on imports or exports.

tan'gi ble, perceptible by touch.

re im burse', to pay back; to indemnify.

a nal'o gy, similarity without identity.

trans par'ent (-pâr'-), that can be distinctly seen through. suf'frage, the right to vote; a vote.

an'arch y (-ark-), want of government; social confusion.

con crete', to form into a mass.

con'crete, a compound of gravel or broken rock and cement; not abstract.

in con sist'ent, discordant: contradictory.

com mis'sion, to appoint; the act of doing; an apointed body; an allowance to an agent.

va'ry, to change partially;
to disagree.

i'cy, frigid; pertaining to ice. a byss', a bottomless gulf.

non pa reil' (-rĕl'), having no equal; a size of type.

coun'cil, assembly of persons for consultation.

coun'sel, consultation; advice; to give advice to.

sin'gu lar, standing by itself; peculiar.

e nig'ma, an obscure saying; a riddle.

per cent'age, rate or allowance per hundred.

cur'rent, circulating or circulated; moving.

cur'rant, a small fruit.

pop'u lar, pertaining to the people; pleasing to people in general.

mea'sles (mē'z'lz), a disease.

pres'ents, gifts; writings.

pres'ence, state of being present; nearness; personal appearance.

pres'ent, not absent; being in view.

pre sent', to introduce; to make a gift of.

ly'ing, telling a falsehood; reclining.

mam ma', mother.

mis'chief (-chif), damage; harm.

mis'chie vous (-chė-vus), making mischief.

syn on'y mous, expressing the same thing.

lux u'ri ant, exuberant in growth; profusely abundant.

pro nun ci a'tion, act or manner of pronouncing words; utterance.

cour'te ous (kûr'tē-ŭs), polite; affable.

di'a logue (-lŏg), conversation between two or more persons. drug'gist, a dealer in drugs.

ben'zine (-zĭn or -zēn'), a product of petroleum.

pas'sen ger, a person who travels, especially by some public conveyance. in vet'er ate, habitual.

LESSON XXXVI.

helve, handle of an ax.

o be'di ent, willing to
obey; compliant.
mis'er a ble, wretched.
re li'gion (-lĭj'ŭn), a system
of faith and worship.
good-by', farewell.

cis'tern, a tank; reservoir. tem'po ral, pertaining to worldly affairs.

im me'di ate ly, without delay.

re spect'ful ly, with respect; courteously.

re spec'tive ly, as singly or severally considered.

re spect'a bly, in a manner worthy of respect.

de fi'cient (-fish'ent), lacking; insufficient.

tab'er na cle, a portable shelter; place of worship. pur'chase, to buy.

gro tesque' (-těsk'), fantastic; uncouth.

pre'cious (presh'us), great price or worth. in def'i nite, without fixed boundaries; vague.

cal'dron (kal'-), a large kettle or boiler.

cel'e brate, to praise; to honor; to commemorate.

muf'fle, to wrap so as to disguise.

doz'en (dŭz''n), twelve.

sew (sō), to join with needle and thread. cheat, to defraud; to de-

ceive; a fraud. nei'ther, not the one nor the

other.
ca boose', a hands' car at-

tached to a freight train. im mense', very large.

stile, steps over a wall.

style, choice of words; manner.

sat is fac'to rily, in a pleasing manner.

ve'he mence, excessive impetuosity; violence.

pe rus'al, the act of reading attentively.

the o ret'ic al, speculative, as distinguished from practical.

straight, not crooked; direct.

crys'tal, a regular solid mineral body; clear.

cap'tain (-tĭn), a commander.

rec'ti fy, to correct; to refine by distilling.

con fec'tion er y, sweetmeats; candies.

em broid'er, to ornament with needlework.

su'i cide, self-destruction; a self-murderer.

con du'cive, tending to promote.

bal'sam (bal'-), a medicinal preparation; a gum.

col'lo quy, dialogue; conference.

cam'e ra, an apparatus used in photography.

hap'pily, joyously; fortunately.

sac'ra ment, a solemn religious rite.

bob'bin, a slender spool to hold weft or thread.

ce leb'ri ty, renown; a famous person.

gal'lon, a measure of four quarts.

dys pep'si a, difficulty of digestion.

in tim'i date, to frighten.

LESSON XXXVII.

me'di um, of middle place ordegree; instrumentality. cal'i co, a cotton cloth.

phar'ma cy, the art of
 compounding medicines;
 a drug store.

in de pend'ent, free.

thor'ough (thŭr'ō), leaving nothing undone; searching; complete.

be seech', to implore; to supplicate.

ju di'cious (-dĭsh'ŭs), prudent; discreet; wise.

ap prox'i mate, to carry or come near.

stat'ute, a legislative enactment; a law.

hi la'ri ous (-lā'rĭ-ŭs), boisterously merry.

fa nat'ic, one moved by intemperate zeal.

va'ri e ga ted, having diverse colors.

- def'er ence, respectful submission to another's judgment.
- re fus'al, a refusing; an option.
- par'af fin (păr'-), a waxy substance obtained from tar, petroleum, etc.
- su per in tend'ent. one who superintends; an overseer; a director.
- cer tif'i cate, a documentary attestation of facts.
- un scru'pu lous, not hesitating from motives of conscience: unprincipled.
- ges'ture, a motion expressive of sentiment.
- duc'at, a European coin.
- tes'ti mo ny, affirmation of a fact; evidence.
- pa ral'y sis, loss of muscular power; palsy.
- ca price' (-prēs'), a sudden change of mood, opinion, etc.
- rum'mage, to search bv overturning things; to ransack.
- in ter fere', to clash; to intermeddle; to interpose.
- bal'lad, a short popular narrative poem. rab'bit, a small animal.

- rab'bet, groove on the edge of a board.
- ab surd', unreasonable: nonsensical.
- fleece, the wool of one sheep; to swindle.
- dis in her'it, to cut off from hereditary rights.
- cre ma'tion, a burning, especially the burning of the dead.
- sup'ple ment, to supply what is lacking; matter so supplied.
- pu'ri fy, to make pure; to cleanse.
- bur lesque' (-lěsk'), a ludicrous representation.
- cus'tom er, a regular buyer.
- sur'cin gle, a girth for binding on a saddle.
- or'ches tra (-kĕs-), a band of musicians.
- im plic'it (-plis'-), implied; unquestioning.
- pal'ace, a royal residence. guest (gest), one entertained by another.
- guessed, judged of at random or on slight grounds; conjectured.
- ba'con, salted and dried flesh of the hog.

vault, to leap over; an arched roof or ceiling; place of burial.

tres'tle (tres'l), an open braced framework for bridge, etc.

flip'pant, trifling; shallow and impertinent; talkative. mor'al, pertaining to man's higher duties; virtuous.

leop'ard (lep'-), a ferocious animal of the cat kind.

ni'tro gen, a gas forming, with oxygen, the common air.

Zouave (zwäv), a soldier wearing the Arab dress.

LESSON XXXVIII.

in vis'i ble, that cannot be seen.

phase, a particular aspect. me'ter, a measure of length; an instrument for measuring quantity; rhythm.

shriv'el, to shrink or contract.

hos'tile (-tĭl), antagonistic. lin'en, cloth made of flax.

pro sa'ic, like prose; unimaginative; commonplace.

com'mo dore, an officer next below rear admiral.

re'gal, kingly; royal.

eas'y, not difficult; free from pain or care.

waive, to relinquish.

ed'i fice (-fīs), a building.

pro mis'cu ous, brought
together without order.

de scend'ant, offspring. in ter'pret, to explain the meaning of.

mas quer ade' (-ker-), a party of disguised persons; a sham.

buz'zard, a large bird.
con ven'ient (-vēn'yent).

handy; fit; commodious. screech, to shriek.

screech, to shriek.

ag'gran dize, to make great or greater.

ce're als, edible grains.

flor'id, having a bright color, especially red.

hy'a cinth, a flowering bulb.

dy'ing, expiring.

pyr'a mid, a solid tapering to a point from a base bounded by straight lines. ex or'bi tant, excessive. ac'cu ra cy, exactness; correctness.

ec'ze ma, a disease of the skin.

min'strel, a bard; a singer and harper.

hal le lu'iah (-yà), song of praise to God.

dan'de li on, plant with yellow flower.

gla'zier (-zher), one whose business is to set glass.

se cede', to withdraw from union or fellowship.

co quette' (-kět'), to trifle, especially in love; a flirt.

sta'tion er y, pens, ink, paper, etc.

sta'tion a ry, not moving; stable; fixed; not improving or getting worse.

ap pen'dix, something added; supplement at the end of a book.

pan'to mime, entertainment given in dumb show.

brand'-new', quite new.
post'al, pertaining to the
mails.

al'a bas ter, a fine-grained gypsum.

deuce, the two-spot of cards or dice.

re cur'rence, a happening again or repeatedly.

pla card', to post a notice; a printed announcement posted up.

con sen'sus, accord.

gal'lows, a framework used in executing criminals.

sem'i cir cle, a half circle. jean (jān), a kind of twilled cotton cloth.

pro cras'ti nate, to put off from day to day.

in dis pen'sa ble, absolutely necessary.

LESSON XXXIX.

mor'tar, vessel in which drugs, etc., are crushed; sand, water, and lime mixed; a short cannon.

del'i cate, fine, dainty; nicely adjusted; frail.

blun'der, a gross mistake.

tem'per ance, habitual moderation.

au'di ble, capable of being heard.

cir'cum stance, an attendant thing; a fact.

be troth', engage to marry.

por'ce lain (-lǐn), a translucent kind of pottery.

tax'i der my, the art of preserving and mounting the skins of animals.

com mo'di ous, convenient; suitable.

sub'tile (-til), refined;
acute; crafty.

ag gres'sor, the one who first attacks.

phe nom'e non, anything observable; an unusual occurrence.

lev'i ty, lack of mental gravity; frivolity.

blos'som, a flower.

vi o lin', a musical instrument.

dec'a logue (-lŏg), the ten commandments.

i den'tic al, absolutely the same.

mat'tress, a stuffed tick used for a bed.

co in cide', to agree; to concur; to correspond.

de te'ri o rate, to grow or to make worse.

pi'ous, religious; devout.

mag'is trate (măj'-), a public civil officer.

be nef'i cent, generous; doing good.

site, situation; position.

im peach', to call in question; to accuse.

dis pense', to deal out; to distribute; to forego.

pet'u lant, fretful; irritable.

con cus'sion, shock; agita-

per suade', to induce; to plead with successfully.

es pe'cial (-pĕsh'al), peculiarly worthy of note.

grey'hound, a tall, slender, swift dog.

pow'wow, an Indian medicine man; a noisy meeting.

in sur rec'tion, organized resistance to authority.

rite, a solemn ceremony.

per'ma nent, enduring.

de lib'er ate, to consider carefully; to ponder.

mur'mur, to utter in a low tone; to grumble.

bar'rel, a cylindrical vessel; a sort of cask.

su per sti'tion, absurd credulity regarding the supernatural.

re lieve', to free from; to alleviate.

ter'ri to ry, a region.

con sti tu'tion, organic law, or frame, of body, mind, or government.

ac com'plice (-plis), an associate in wrongdoing.

car'riage, a wheeled passenger vehicle; demeanor.

dumb (dum), speechless.

tri en'ni al, happening every third year, or continuing three years.

com'rade (-răd), a companion; a mate.

liz'ard, a reptile.

de mol'ish, to destroy by tearing down; to ruin.

LESSON XL.

nour'ish (nur'-), to maintain; to feed; to cherish. cre den'tial, a certificate of authority.

al li'ance, a league; union by agreement.

fi del'i ty, faithfulness.

con fes'sion, act of confessing; acknowledgment.

el'e gy, a funeral song.

pre dom'i nate, to have superior power or authoritv.

hor i zon'tal, parallel to the horizon; level.

re hearse' (-hers'), to repeat; to recite.

haugh'ty, proud and disdainful; arrogant.

ca pa'cious, capable holding much; roomy.

hom'age, respect exhibited by action; deference.

rar'i ty (răr'-), thinness: infrequency: something valued for its scarcity.

ep i dem'ic, widely spread, as a contagious disease.

post'script, something added to a letter after it is signed.

blas pheme', to speak impiously.

tra peze', a kind of swing used in gymnastics.

e quiv'a lent, equal in value.

crev'ice (-ĭs), a crack.

phre nol'o gy, a science which claims to determine mental character by the form of the skull.

ap plaud', to express approval with sounds.

gut'tur al, a letter pronounced in the throat.

wright, an artificer, as a millwright; a workman.

boy'cott, a combine to prevent dealings with a person.

sac'ri fice (-fiz), an offering to deity; something yielded for another.

whoa, stop; stand.

se vere', harsh; strict; hard. chas'tise ment (-tĭz-), infliction of punishment.

spe'cial ty (spěsh'al-), a
 special object of attention.
flour'ish (flŭr'-), to prosper;

to brandish.

for'feit (-fit), loss by way of penalty.

cen'tral, of or pertaining to the center.

nox'ious (nŏk'shŭs), hurtful; destructive.

cy'cle, a recurring period; a bicycle or tricycle.

pre dic'a ment, a trying position.

las'si tude, languor.

sur'face, the exterior.

dis sat is fac'tion, discontent; displeasure.

crim'i nal, one guilty of crime; relating to crime.

al lege' (-lĕj'), to assert to be true; to declare.

fore bode', to foretell; to presage.

lat'i tude, distance north or south of the equator; range or scope.

com'et, a nebulous heavenly body with a luminous tail.

pa la'tial, like or befitting a palace.

im pu'ni ty, exemption from penalty.

ob nox'ious, offensive; repugnant.

er'rand, a short trip to carry or do something; a message.

ed'i ble, eatable.

trib'une, an ancient Roman magistrate.

de moc'ra cy, government by the people.

LESSON XLI.

prec'i pice (pres'i-pis), a high, steep cliff.

peer, an equal; a nobleman. fab'ric, texture; cloth.

de li'cious (-lish'ŭs), highly pleasing to the senses. gnaw (na), to bite or wear away with the teeth.

rout, a rabble; defeat.

route (root), a course or way traveled.

pro pel', to drive or urge
forward.

prep a ra'tion, a preparing
or fitting.

mas'sa cre (-kẽr), butchery; to butcher.

bal'last, heavy matter to keep a ship steady.

pa poose', an Indian babe or young child.

con tempt'i ble, mean; despicable; vile.

re prieve' (-prēv'), delay of punishment.

suf'fo cate, to stifle; to choke, as with gas or smoke.

in im'i ta ble, that cannot be imitated.

Pres by te'ri an, a member of the Presbyterian church.

in el'i gi ble, legally or otherwise disqualified.

traf'fick ing, bargaining;
 dealing; trading.

cov'et ous (kŭv'-), inordinately desirous.

as cend', to move upward.

in'va lid, one enfeebled by illness.

in val'id, having no force or weight.

pre scrip'tion, a directing; a medical recipe.

a me'na ble, liable to be called to account.

reg'i ment, a body of troops.

for'eign (-ĭn), of another country; not to the point.

in ter mit'tent, ceasing at intervals.

prof'it a ble, producing or resulting in profit.

il lus'tri ous, celebrated; distinguished.

ped'i gree, one's line of ancestors.

ver'i fy, to prove true. pu'er ile, childish; weak. av'e nue, a wide street. jeop'ard y (jěp'-), hazard;

danger. cer'tain (sẽr'tĭn), sure; un-

deniable.

ste're o scope, an optical instrument.

pul'mo na ry, of, or affecting, the lungs.

neph'ew, son of a brother or a sister.

ac ces'so ry, aiding.

dis fran'chise, to deprive of the privileges of a citizen.

au to mo'bile (-bil), selfpropelling; a self-propelling vehicle.

a'ër o naut, a balloonist.

pul'ver ize, to reduce to powder by beating, etc.

pre cep'tor, a teacher.
e'go tism, self-conceit.
pit'e ous, exciting pity or
sorrow.

mes'sen ger, bearer of a message.

re lapse', to return to a former condition.

an'nals, a record by years.

LESSON XLII.

peel, to strip off bark or skin.

peal, a loud, prolonged, sonorous sound.

pic'nic, an outdoor pleasure party.

an'gu lar, having angles.

fru'gal, exercising economy; saving.

bi'as, prejudice; diagonal. pu sil lan'i mous, mean-

spirited; cowardly.
scen'er v, a landscape

view; theatrical scenes.

lem on ade', a drink of lemon juice with water and sugar.

in dus'tri ous, diligent.
rap'tur ous, joyous; ecstatic.

scaf'fold, a temporary platform or staging.

frig'id (frĭj'-), cold. al to geth'er, wholly.

prac'ti ca ble, feasible.
doc'trine. a tenet of a

doc'trine, a tenet of a body; a particular belief.

im'pi ous, wanting in veneration for God.

rec og ni'tion, the act of recognizing.

u'ni form, not varying; like, as in dress.

poi'son, a substance that destroys life or health; to administer poison.

cir cum'fer ence, boundary line of a circle or sphere.

re mem'brance, a remembering; a memorial.

val'id, capable of being
 proved; sound.
pierce, to penetrate.

gnash (nash), to strike or grind the teeth together.

in stan ta'ne ous, acting or occurring instantly.

re pulse', to repel.

no'ta ry, an officer who has authority to protest paper and take acknowledgments.

par'a sol, a small umbrella. sub stan'tial (-shal), solid; of real worth.

ma'jor, greater; a military officer.

e lim'i nate, to cause to disappear; to set aside; to excrete.

tai'lor, a maker of men's clothes.

stand'ard, a test; an upright support; a banner.

ad'mi ral, a naval officer of hignest rank.

re splen'dent, vividly bright; shining.

en'vi a ble, of a nature to excite envy.

breathe, to respire.

salm'on (săm'ŭn), a fish.
hu man'i ty, mankind collectively: benevolence.

nav'i gate, to go in a ship; to manage a ship.

res'tau rant (-tō-), an eating house.

hogs'head, a very large cask.

wretch, a base person.
re turn', to come back.
pil'lar, a column; a post.

e lab'o rate, studied; carefully wrought out.

re verse', to turn back; opposite side; misfortune.

ga rage' (-razh'), a building where automobiles are kept.

mys'ter y, something unknown or incomprehensible.

LESSON XLIII.

o bit'u a ry, relating to a person's death.

in ef fi'cient, not competent; remiss.

os ten'si ble, professed; seeming.

de stroy', to ruin.
con dense', to bring into a
smaller and denser state.

me rid'i an, noonday; an imaginary circle around the earth through the poles.

lull'a by, a cradle song.
con nois seur' (kön-nïs-sûr'), a critical judge of art.

au da'cious (-dā'-), bold; venturesome.

eq'ui ta ble, just.

con sci en'tious (-shǐ-ĕn'-shŭs), governed by conscience; faithful; upright.

in teg'ri ty, honesty; probity.

ma'ni ac, one violently insane.

ad mit'tance, access.

con stit'u en cy, a following; a clientele.

ad ver'tise ment, notice through the press.

strength, the quality of being strong; power.

wheel'bar row, a onewheeled hand vehicle.

sen'ate, a legislative body.
con vert'i ble, capable of
being changed.

il lu'mi nate, to supply with light.

rem'nant, what is left.
deg ra da'tion, loss of rank
or value; abasement.

bru'tal, inhuman; cruel.
glim'mer, to shine faintly;
an unsteady gleam of light.

ere (ār), sooner than; before.

niche (nich), a recess in a wall for a statue; a nook.

co part'ner, a partner in business; a sharer.

in con'stant, changeable.
del'i ca cy, fineness; daintiness.

cred'u lous, believing on slight evidence.

tinc'ture, a solution; a tinge.

eye'let, a small hole, usually for lacing, etc.

un'du late, to move as waves.

con serv'a to ry, a room or a house for plants; an art school.

leg'is la ture, a lawmaking body.

de sir'ous, experiencing a wish or craving.

jamb (jăm), side of a doorway, window, or fireplace.

de light'ful, affording delight; charming.

freight (frāt), goods composing a load; price paid for transportation.

qua drille' (-drĭl'), a square dance.

u'su ry, illegal interest.

ex pul'sion, an expelling or being expelled.

lig'a ment, a connecting tie; a bond.

de lin'e ate, to draw in outline.

il log'ic al, contrary to sound reasoning.

meth'od, a regular order; a way; a system.

shriek, to cry shrilly; a shrill outcry.

knack (năk), dexterity.

di am'e ter, the distance through the center from side to side.

LESSON XLIV.

pyr o tech'nics, art o making fireworks.

dis as'trous, calamitous. dy'na mo, an electrical

machine.

mul'ti ple, manifold; an exact dividend.

suf fice' (-fīz'), to be sufficient: to satisfy.

for'ci ble, vigorous; energetic.

per'jure, to swear falsely; to forswear.

dis si pa'tion, the act of scattering; excessive vicious indulgence.

quo'rum, number of members sufficient to act.

par a pher na'li a, trappings or ornaments.

pa trol' (-trol'), a guard; to go around or over, as a sentinel. au'di ence, an assembly of hearers; a hearing.

rhet'o ric,theart of oratory,
 and of prose composition.

in stall', to place in office; to establish.

cour a'geous (-jŭs), brave; resolute.

glyc'er in (glĭs'-), a sweet, oily liquid from fat.

on'ion, an edible bulb.

ec cle si as'tic al, of or pertaining to the church.

fa tigue' (-tēg'), weariness; to tire.

ap'pli cant, one who applies; a petitioner.

poul'tice (pōl'tĭs), a mollifying application for seres, boils, etc.

gas'o line (-lin or -len), a volatile product of petro-leum.

eaves, edge of a roof bri gade', a body of troops. per pet'u al, unceasing. eight'i eth, next in order after seventy-ninth.

ath'lete, one trained in acts of physical exercise.

in trin'sic, inherent; real; true.

be lieve', to credit; to receive by faith.

con geal', to freeze; thicken.

e lec tri'cian (-trish'an), one versed in electricity.

knead (nēd), to mix and work into a mass.

in'fi del, lacking the true faith; an unbeliever.

a rith me ti'cian, one who is skilled in arithmetic.

* lec'tro type, a metallic copy of any surface, usually copper-faced.

dom'i cile(-sil), a residence.
ri'val, a competitor; an antagonist: competing.

fore'head (fŏr'ĕd), the upper part of the face.

Prot'es tant, a member of a Protestant church.

fash'ion, the prevailing mode; to shape.

ad'a mant, a very hard stone; impenetrable.

pro vi'sion, something provided; food.

al le'giance (-jans), the obligation of fidelity; loyalty.

re source', means of supply; money; device.

pos'si ble, able to happen; practicable.

fif'teenth, fifth in order after tenth.

gram'mar, the science of language.

in'cense, a mixture of gums, spices, etc.; to perfume with incense.

e lev'en, ten and one.

for'ti eth, tenth in order after thirtieth.

LESSON XLV.

bar'ri er, something that bars out, or obstructs.

nau'se a (-shē-à), sickness of the stomach; loathing. health'y, having health. in con ven'ient, not suitable; not convenient.

mal'le a ble, capable of being drawn out by hammering or pressure. ac cess'i ble, capable of being reached, or entered. to bog'gan, a kind of sled. zeal'ous (zĕl'-), incited by zeal; enthusiastic.

ly ce'um, a literary association; a lecture room.

hur'ri cane, a violent gale. cede, to yield or give up; to pass title to.

ig'no rance, lack of knowledge.

po lice', to guard with policemen; civil officers.

pi az'za, a veranda; a porch.

gor'geous (-jŭs), very showy; magnificent.

wal'let, pocketbook.

gra tu'i tous, given voluntarily; without cause.

gra'tis (grā'-), for nothing. con'gress, a meeting; the United States legislature. im'i tate, to pattern after. par'lia ment (-lĭ-), a legis-

lative body, especially the British.

por'trait, a likeness of a person.

im ma te'ri al, unimportant; spiritual.

ac count'ant, one skilled
in bookkeeping.

slight, of small importance; an intentional discourtesy.

dig'ni ty, noble bearing; impressiveness; high rank con cise', brief, yet comprehensive.

va ri'e ty, the absence of sameness; difference.

preach, to discourse publicly on religious topics.
os'trich, a large bird.
man'tel, the shelf above a

fireplace.

can'ni bal, a human being
who eats human flesh.

im mov'a ble, that cannot be moved: fast.

dis sect', to cut or take apart for examining.

brig'and, a robber.
im per cep'ti ble, undis-

cernible; insensible.
mon'o tone, a single un-

varied tone or sound.
con'se crate, to set apart

as sacred.
re frig'er a tor, an icebox;

that which cools.

psalm (säm), a sacred song.
im pe'ri al ism, a policy

of territorial extension. gov'ern or, one who gov-

erns or controls.

di ur'nal, happening daily. re sem'blance, likeness. dox ol'o gy, a short hymn of praise to God.

pleu'ri sy, inflammation of the pleura. in ad'e quate, insufficient. in ac cess'i ble, not to be reached.

stitch, a feature of sewing. crit'i cise, to examine critically; to judge severely.

LESSON XLVI.

sor'rel, an herb; a yellowish brown color.

ir'ri gate, to water artificially, as lands.

in ci den'tal ly, casually.

ex on'er ate, to relieve from blame.

♥o ra'cious, greedy in eating; ravenous.

al pac'a, a kind of sheep; a kind of cloth.

stir'rup, the foot holder of a saddle.

heir, one who inherits. in dig'nant, incensed.

cu'ri ous, eager to know; strange; novel.

in dul'gence, a humoring; favor granted.

ir rep'a ra ble, that cannot be repaired.

foun'tain, a spring or jet of water; source.

in jus'tice, want of justice; violation of rights.

slay, to kill.

pol'i cy, prudence in affairs; a course of action; a contract of insurance.

in clem'ent, not mild; rigorous, as climate.

phlegm (flěm), mucus of the air passages.

chasm (kăz'm), a deep, yawning hollow or rent.

in'no cence, the state of being innocent.

vig'or, physical force; strength, or energy.

di plo'ma, a certificate conferring some honor or privilege.

con ces'sion, a grant; a granting or yielding.

ter'ri ble, dreadful; formidable; frightful.

phy sique' (fī-zēk'), a person's physical structure.

venge'ance (věnj'ans), retributive punishment.

haz'ard, risk; peril.

vas'e line, a yellowish product of petroleum.

col'umn (-um), a vertical supporting shaft; a vertical series, as of figures.

mo not'o nous, uttered in one key; wearisome.

in sur'ance (-shur'-), guaranteed indemnity for loss or injury.

plen'te ous, abundant.

vo cab'u la ry, an alphabetical list of words.

ab'so lute, free from limitation or dependence; peremptory.

ver'i ly, in truth.

se'rum, the watery part of blood, milk, etc.

re'al ize, to perceive as a reality; to gain; to get.

sin cere', real; true; genuine.

par'ox ysm, a violent fit. te'di ous, tiresome.

dis as'ter, an unfortunate event; calamity.

ho'sier y (-zher-), stockings, etc.

il lib'er al, stingy; mean. ar'gu ment, a reason of-

fered; a plea.

brag'gart, a boaster. av a ri'cious (-rĭsh'ŭs).

greedy of gain.

im mer'sion, an immersing; state of being deeply engaged.

cof'fin, a burial case.

de co'rum, propriety of conduct, speech, etc.

pla teau' (-tō'), an elevated plain.

LESSON XLVII.

fal'li ble, liable to error. hy'brid, produced from a mixture of two species.

phan'tom, an apparition; a
 ghost.

a cute', having fine discernment; intense.

in ter vene', to separate by coming between.

nup'tials, marriage.

home'ly, plain; not handsome.

bap tize', to administer baptism.

an tag'o nist, an opponent; an enemy.

ex'qui site (-zĭt), fine; dainty: refined.

phrase, a concise expression.

hy dro pho'bi a, canine madness.

main tain', to sustain; to keep up.

thrash, to separate grain from straw; to drub. at'las, a volume of maps.

in tol'er ant, bigoted.

pen'du lum, a body suspended so that it can swing to and fro.

ob'li ga to ry, binding in law or conscience.

ex pe'di ent, serving to promote a desired end.
ex ist'ence, being; life.

lar'ynx, upper part of the windpipe.

mien (mēn), look; bearing. au'thor ize, to empower. ger'mi nate, to sprout.

knob (nŏb), a round protuberance; a round handle.

scoun'drel, a rascal.
main'te nance, the act of

main'te nance, the act of maintaining.

ab sorp'tion, an absorbing

or being absorbed.
cra vat', a neckcloth.

u surp' (-zûrp'), to seize and hold illegally.

jog'gle, to shake slightly.

ec lec'tic, selecting from various systems; choosing. lus'cious, delicious.

con ceit'ed, having unwarranted self-esteem.

in can des'cent, white or glowing with heat.

cel'er y, a salad herb.

be reave', to deprive, especially by death.

mor'ti fy, to humiliate; to putrefy.

ste nog'ra phy, shorthand.

que'ry, to question; to doubt; to inquire about. cal'cu late, to compute; to

plan.

min'i a ture, a portrayal of anything on a small scale.

mo nop'o ly, an exclusive right.

ad'e quate, equal to what is required.

scheme, a plan; a project. ap'pli ca ble, capable of being applied; suitable.

cus'tom a ry, usual.

rai'sin, a dried grape.

hu'mor ist, a facetious person.

su per'flu ous, more than is required.

LESSON XLVIII.

- mys te'ri ous, unexplained; obscure.
- e qui noc'tial (-shal), relating to the equinoxes.
- plain'tiff, one who brings a lawsuit.
- con cern', to pertain to; to disturb; an affair.
- con sign'or, one who consigns anything.
- mer'chan dise (-dīz), goods; wares.
- ma lig'nant, tending to cause death; threatening. haul, to drag; a pull.
- ab hor'rence, extreme detestation.

for'ay, a raid.

gnat (năt), a small fly.

- an'te lope, a kind of deer.
- el o cu'tion, art of public speaking.
- com pete', to strive after the same thing as another.
- ar raign' (-rān'), to call to account, as a prisoner.
- pred e ces'sor, one who
 precedes.
- dif'fi dent, timid; self-distrustful.
- coun'ter pane, a coverlet. cin'na mon, a spicy bark.

- ma la'ri a, noxious exhalations; a disease.
- Bap'tist, a member of the Baptist church.
- lig'num-vi'tæ, a tree and its wood.
- ab bre'vi ate, to shorten; to curtail.
- strat'e gy, the science of military operations.
- chauf feur' (shō-fēr'), the driver of an automobile.
- pho tog'ra phy, the process of producing pictures from nature by light on chemically prepared surfaces.
- ep'och, a time from which succeeding years are counted.

lose, to suffer loss.

- loose, unbound; slack; to release.
- ig no ra'mus (-rā'-), an ignorant person.
- jour'nal, a diary; a newspaper.
- wea'sel (wē'z'l), a small, very alert animal.
- cor re spond'ence, communication by letters; similarity.

- ma hog'a ny, a tropical wood.
- o ver seer', one who oversees; a superintendent.
- a'que ous, pertaining to water.
- cou'pon (koo'-), an interest ticket on a bond.
- ra'di us, a semidiameter of a circle or sphere.

per i to ni'tis, a disease. tor'toise (-tis), a kind of

turtle.

chief, principal; leader.
horse'-rad ish, a plant and
its root.

mor'tal, subject to death; destructive to life.

clique (klēk), a faction; a small exclusive set.

dai'sy, a plant and flower. ra'tion al (rash'-), endowed with reason; reasonable.

ec cen'tric, peculiar; not in the center.

al'ter nate (ăl'-), to happen or to act by turns.

al ter'nate (&l-), being or succeeding by turns; a substitute.

pe cun'ia ry, relating to money.

LESSON XLIX.

gra'cious, full of grace, kindness, or love.

pleas'ant (plĕz'-), pleasing.
crunch, to crush between
the teeth noisily.

rec'ti tude, uprightness.

tre men'dous (-dŭs), aweinspiring; dreadful.

hor'ti cul ture, the science of cultivating gardens.

bay'ou (bī'oo), a sluggish arm of a river or lake.

ad di'tion, a branch of a rith metic; anything added.

gi raffe' (jĭ-răf'), a longnecked animal.

de gen'er ate, to become worse or inferior; to deteriorate.

pre ced'ing, going before, as in time, place, or rank.

beau, a fop; a lover.

req'ui site (rěk'wĭ-zĭt), necessary; essential.

cha rade' (shà-), a kind of enigma.

e lec tric'i ty, a subtila force or power.

pro pri'e tor, an owner.

dough'nut, a cake cooked in lard.

am'bu lance, a carriage for the sick or wounded.

nick'el, a whitish metal.

cit'i zen, one who owes allegiance to a government.

en am'el, an external coating for ornamentation.

ci'der, apple juice.

mul ti plic'i ty (-plĭs'-), a state of being many; a multitude.

ex pe di'tion, a journey for a definite purpose; promptness; haste.

ob liv'i ous, abstracted; lost in thought.

ar'bi tra ry, capricious; despotic; tyrannical.

lan'guage, speech.

des'ti tute, entirely lacking; very poor.

bur'i al (bĕr'rĭ-al), a burying; a funeral.

rem i nis'cence, that which is recalled to mind. con cil'i ate, to placate;

to mollify.

frol'ic, a prank; to play mirthful pranks.

lien (lēn), a legal claim.
ve ran'da, an open portico or gallery.

buf'fa lo, a kind of animal. a pol'o gy, a defense; an excuse.

glimpse, a sight for an instant.

mus'cle (mŭs''l), an organ composed of contractile fibers.

dis perse', to scatter.

av'er age, a mean or medium; to find the mean.

be siege' (-sēj'), to beset or harass; to hem in.

sol'id, not a fluid; firm.

ap pur'te nance, that which belongs to, or is a part of.

ought, to be bound by duty.

du'bi ous, doubtful.

swath (swath), a row or line of mowed grass.

ap pre'ci ate, to see the full value or import of. is'let (ī'lĕt), a little island.

dis o be'di ence, neglect or refusal to obey.

tor'ture, agony; to pain extremely.

LESSON L.

pier, a support; a wharf.
ca rouse', to engage in a
boisterous revel.

pol'i tics, science of government; party intrigues.

ta bleau' (-blō'), a living picture.

com plete', perfect; finished; to finish.

el'o quence, art of speaking effectively; oratory.

pa ro'chi al (-kĭ-), pertaining to a parish.

por'ous, having pores.

fun da men'tal, primary; essential.

a poth'e ca ry, a druggist.hand'some, agreeable to the eye; comely.

ex tem po ra'ne ous, offhand; done without preparation.

rus'tle (rus''l), a low rattle, as of dried leaves.

chis'el, a wood-worker's tool.

peace'a ble, inclined to peace; serene.

con'tra ry, the opposite;
 opposing.

lic'o rice (-ris), a plant having a sweet, juicy root. bam boo'zle, to hoodwink.
no to'ri ous, well-known,
especially unfavorably.

dam'ask, a fabric having raised patterns.

ob'vi ate, to remove, as a difficulty.

col'lar, an article of apparel.

mer'ce na ry, greedy; sor-did.

de ceive', to mislead.

con nu'bi al, pertaining to marriage.

nui'sance (nū'-), something troublesome or annoying.

gut'ta-per'cha, hardened
juice of an evergreen tree.

con sec'u tive, successivecy'a nide, a chemical compound.

ex pan'sion, an expanding; enlargement.

au'to graph, one's own signature.

fu'ture, time yet to come.

spir'it u ous, containing alcohol; spiritual.

bos'om (booz'ŭm), the breast; cherished.

clap'board (klăb'-), a lapping weatherboard. re cip'ro cate, to give and take mutually.

sub'se quent, following in time.

bier, a carriage for the dead. af fec ta'tion, artificial appearance; false pretense.

scan'dal, malicious defamation; disgrace.

ca reer', a course of activity; procedure.

ex pe'ri ence, something undergone or enjoyed; knowledge gained by trial. smug'gle, to import or export unlawfully.

mul'ti tude, a great number.

proph'e cy (-sy), inspired foretelling; a prediction.

proph'e sy (-sī), to predict; to foretell.

clan des'tine (-tĭn), kept secret for a purpose.

se rene', clear; calm.
fa'vor ite (-ĭt), a person or

thing particularly liked. par'ti cle, a minute part.

LESSON LI.

an'chor -(-kẽr), an instrument for holding a vessel.

scarce, not plentiful.

ob'sti nate, stubborn.

ache (āk), continued pain.
sur'ro gate, a probate
judge; a deputy.

con sent', compliance; to
comply; to concur.

ben e fac'tor, one who confers a benefit.

im'mi nent, impending.
er ro'ne ous, incorrect;
mistaken.

mas'cu line (-lĭn), male; manly or manlike.

dam'age, injury; penalty.

choir (kwir), a band of singers.

quire, twenty-four sheets of paper.

ves'tige, footprint; trace; remains.

bi'cy cle (-sĭ-), a twowheeled vehicle.

sleight, dexterity.

brick'kiln (-kil), a furnace for burning brick.

hal loo', to shout.

lin'i ment, a liquid application for bruises, etc.

ob lique' (-lēk'), slanting. cred'i ble, believable.

knoll (nöl), a round hillock.

chest'nut, a tree and its nut; light brown.
daz'zle, to blind temporarily with brilliance.
friv'o lous, petty; trivial.
pre oc'cu py, to occupy

ea'ger, ardently desirous.

before another; to engross, as the mind.

vin'di cate, to defend with

success; to prove to be just or valid; to justify. tran scribe', to copy. in im'i cal, unfriendly. con'tro ver sy, dispute. hov'er (hŭv'-), to hang fluttering in the air.

me chan'ic, an artisan.

rasp'ber ry (răz'-), a bush
and its fruit.

pa ren'the sis, an explanatory clause; the marks (). trea'tise, a discourse on a

particular subject.

i'ci cle (-si-), a pendent mass of ice.

land'scape, view of a stretch of country.

bale, a large package of goods.

tri'umph, a victory, or rejoicing over a victory.

fla'grant, notorious; heinous.

con ver'sion, change.
whole'some, healthful.

ar is toc'ra cy, hereditary nobility; chief persons.

leav'en (lev'-), fermenting dough.

el'e ment, a component part; rudiment.

liq'ui date, to settle.

gym nas'tics, athletic exercises.

er y sip'e las, a disease.
con'ju gal, relating to
marriage.

LESSON LII.

am mo'ni a, a colorless, pungent gas.

im promp'tu, without preparation.

di'vers, sundry; several. cred'it or, one to whom another is indebted. per ni'cious, very injurious; malicious; mischievous.

mass'ive, ponderous. re pug'nant, offensive. en cir'cle, to surround. gua'no (gwä'-), a fertilizer. par'a chute (păr'a-shut), an umbrellalike contrivance for making a descent from a balloon.

ser'geant (sär'jent), a military officer.

fi'nis (fī'-), the end. tithe, a tax of one tenth. con spir'a cy (-spĭr'-),

plot.

in'fa mous, disreputable. alm'ond (ä'mund), a nut. for'ger y, an article bearing a false signature; thing

forged.

cou'ri er (koo'-), a messenger sent in haste.

ob'lo quy, infamy. civ'il ly, courteously. o'ri ole, a song bird.

sar'dine(-dēn), a small fish.
pa cif'ic, inclined to peace.

an nu'i ty, an annual allowance.

I'll, contraction of I will or I shall.

aisle, a passage in an assembly room.

mir'a cle, a supernatural event.

bril'lian cy, sparkling brightness.

tat too', to color the skin indelibly.

an te ced'ent, being, occurring, or going before. cor'nice (-nis), finish at eaves of a building, etc.

col'league, a professional or legislative associate; a partner.

un de ceive', to free from deception or mistake.

tap'es try, woven hangings, ex'tir pate, to eradicate. ex trav'a gant. immoder-

ate; wasteful.

re'qui em, a hymn for the dead.

fi nan'cial, monetary.

rep re hen'si ble, censurable; worthy of blame.

tem pes'tu ous, violently stormy.

cor'ri dor, a wide gallery or passage.

dis crep'an cy, disagreement.

pa'tri ot, one who loves his country.

ag grieve', to cause grief or sorrow to.

wield, to use with full command.

in ex pe'ri ence, lack of experience.

ran'dom, having no definite aim or purpose. fal'ter, to waver.

ac com'pa ni ment, an attendant or incidental thing.

cal'cu lus, hard substance formed in various parts of the body; a method in mathematics.

LESSON LIII.

de ri'sion, ridicule.

in ter'ro gate, to put questions to.

ar'ro gant, haughty.

mort'gage, a lien on land given as security.

beech, a forest tree.

beach, a sandy or pebbly shore.

so lil'o quy, a talking to oneself.

an'guish (ăṇ'gwĭsh), mental or physical distress.

si'lence, stillness.

em'a nate, to issue forth;

syl'van, forestlike.

droll (drol), comical,

as cend'en cy, superior influence; power.

diph the'ri a (dĭf-thē'-), a disease of the throat.

pau'per, one dependent on charity.

in ci'sion, a gash; a cut. Chris'ten dom, Christian countries collectively. pan'sy, a flowering plant. lieu ten'ant, a military officer.

as tron'o my, the science of the heavenly bodies.

bran, husks of ground grain.

sur'plus, excess above what is required.

ar range', to put in order. wrin'kle (rin'k'l), a crease. mem'o ra ble, noteworthy. dor'mi to ry, a building for lodgers; a bedroom.

joc'und, mirthful; jolly. e lix'ir, a cordial.

knuc'kle (nŭk'k'l), finger
joint.

in cen'di a ry, one who maliciously fires a house; seditious.

neigh (nā), a cry of a horse. gen til'i ty, refinement of manners.

dif'fi cult, not easy.

gla'cier (glā'shēr), a stream or field of ice.

jun'ior, the younger of two.

mort ga gee', one to whom a mortgage is given.

co erce', to compel to or restrain from action.

suc ceed', to follow; to accomplish what is undertaken.

de layed', deferred; hindered.

com pen'di um, a brief comprehensive summary.

ve loc'i pede (-lŏs'-), a vehicle propelled by the feet.

men ag'er ie, a collection of wild animals.

ac'tu al, real; existing.
im pass'a ble, that cannot
be passed through.

rec i proc'i ty (rĕs-iprŏs'-), interchange.

ex te'ri or, the outside; external.

Gyp'sy (jĭp'-), one of a wandering race, living by fortune telling, etc.

la'bel, a slip affixed to anything indicating contents, etc.

com prise', to include; to
comprehend.

in cor'ri gi ble, depraved beyond hope of reform.

LESSON LIV.

al ly', one joined to another to assist; to unite.

ped'es tal, base of a pillar, statue, or the like.

ty'phoid, a kind of fever.
ret'i cent, reserved; not
 talkative.

in del'i ble, that cannot be effaced.

civ'i lize, to reclaim from savagery.

knick'knack (nĭk'năk), a showy trifle. passed, did pass; went by. con de scend', to yield to an inferior; to deign.

past, not present or future; time gone by.

ab struse', hard to be understood; obscure.

man'age, to control; to regulate; to direct.

woe'-be gone, overcome with woe or grief; immersed in sorrow.

ar til'ler y, cannon, mortars, etc.

se'ri ous, grave; earnest.

- con fed'er a cy, a league; an alliance.
- chi rog'ra phy (kf-), one's own handwriting; penmanship.

pal'try (pal'-), trifling.

an'vil, an iron block on which metal is hammered.

grav'i ty, tendency of
 bodies toward the earth;
 seriousness.

chi rop'o dy (kf-), the art of treating diseases of the hands and feet.

ter'mi nus, end; limit.

chirp, the sharp, quick sound of a bird or insect.

/n tu i'tion, quick perception or insight.

de'i ty, a god or goddess; a divine person.

De'i ty, the true God.

wor'thy (wûr'-), meritorious; estimable.

e lec tion eer', to be active in a canvass for votes.

ru'mor, a flying report.

an'cient (ān'shent), old; belonging to the remote past.

vogue (vog), the prevalent way.

chol'er a (kŏl'-), a disease. pip'pin, a kind of apple.

- as pir'ant (-pir'-), one who
 seeks earnestly; a can didate.
- yoke, a connecting frame for draft cattle.

squir'rel, a small animal.

gran'a ry (grăn'-), a storehouse for grain.

au'to crat, an absolute sovereign.

of fi'ci ate, to act as an officer or leader.

nine'ti eth, next after the eighty-ninth.

fif'ti eth, next after the forty-ninth.

wig'wam, an Indian abode. tyr'an ny, arbitrary use of power: despotism.

com mit'tee, a person or persons appointed to do certain things.

lit'er a ry, pertaining to, or versed in, literature.

a nom'a lous, abnormal; irregular.

ra'di ant, beaming with brightness.

chil'blain, itching sore resulting from exposure to cold.

in au'gu rate, to induct into office; to originate.

ear'nest, zealous; fervent.

LESSON LV.

- o paque' (-pāk'), impervious to light.
- an'gel, a heavenly spirit.
- aux il'ia ry, a helper; an
 associate; supplementary.
- ox'y gen, a gaseous, colorless element in nature.
- ben'e fit, advantage; to help.
- singe'ing, scorching.
- e lec trol'y sis, chemical decomposition by the action of electricity.
- con vulse', to cause spasms; to agitate greatly.
- tres'pass, to intrude offensively or unlawfully.
- dis ap point', to fail to fulfill expectations; to frustrate.
- a pos'tle (-pŏs's'l), a messenger commissioned as by divine authority.
- proph'et, one who prophesies.
- e rad'i cate, to root out; to extirpate.
- us'age (ūz'-), treatment; uniform practice.
- com pe ti'tion, rivalry.
 stu pen'dous, of prodi-
- stu pen'dous, of progious size or degree.

- en'vel ope (or en vel'op),
 a wrapper or case; an inclosing cover.
- en vel'op, to surround or enshroud; to wrap up.
- an'ces tor, one from whom descent is derived.
- E pis'co pal, pertaining to the Anglican church.
- rep e ti'tion, a repeating; iteration.
- cli'ent, one in whose interests a lawyer acts.
- mu nic'i pal (-nĭs'-), of a town or city, or its government.
- ca tas'tro phe, a fatal conclusion; a disaster.
- ran'som, price paid for release from captivity.
- beau'te ous (bū'-), beautiful.
- tun'nel, an artificial subterranean passage; to make a tunnel.
- dic'tion a ry, a book of words and their definitions, etc.
- e ma'ci ate (-shī-āt), to waste away in flesh.
- quad'ru ped, having four feet; a four-footed animal.

in com'pe tent, unable to do properly what is required.

beg'gar, one who begs; a mendicant.

per di'tion, utter destruction; ruin.

cler'ic al. pertaining to the clergy, or to a clerk.

sug'ar, a sweet substance.

de fend'ant. one called upon to answer to a charge.

suc cumb' (-kŭm'), to yield. ac quit'tal, a formal release from a charge.

as suage' (-swāi'), to allay. hic'cough (-kup), a short, catching sound from the throat.

stur'geon (-jun), a fish.

cen ten'ni al. the hundredth anniversary of an event.

fric as see', a way of cooking fowl, rabbit, etc.

o pos'sum, a small quadruped.

lam'en ta ble, pitiable.

pre co'cious, having mental faculties prematurely developed; too forward.

crys'tal lize, to form into crystals.

arch an'gel (ärk-), an angel of highest rank.

re cep'ta cle, that which holds or contains other things.

prod'i gy, a person thing of remarkable qualities or powers.

LESSON LVI.

con'fer ence. a meeting for consultation: a serious conversation.

bac te'ri a. microscopic vegetable organisms.

fort'night, two weeks.

vet'er an. one experienced: old in service.

cer'e mo ny, a formal act, rite. or observance.

com pla'cen cy, self-satisfaction: serenity.

nat'u ralize, to make ox become as if native

salt'cel lar, a small tablevessel for salt.

bru nette' (-nět'), a woman with dark complexion.

creek, a small stream.

sum'mit, the highest point.

rel'ish, pleasure; to enjoy. cam paign' (-pān'), a series of military c rerations; any organized political, social, or commercial contest.

fa'tal, disastrous; mortal;
 deadly.

de fal ca'tion, an embezzlement; deficit.

pro hib'it, to forbid. cap size', to overturn.

ros'y, rose-red.

sub ter ra'ne an, below the surface of the earth.

com'e dy, a humorous drama.

ad'jec tive, a word used to limit or qualify a noun.

pe ri od'i cal, a publication appearing at regular intervals.

con fla gra'tion, a general burning; an extensive fire.

re it'er ate, to say repeatedly.

fought (fat), did fight. con'science, moral sense.

un for'tu nate, having ill fortune; unlucky.

pros'o dy, the science of poetical forms.

re vere', to venerate.

fur'nace, an apparatus for heating, smelting, etc.

un cou'ple (-kŭp'-), to disconnect.

fac sim'i le, an exact copy. sub pœ'na, a writ commanding attendance at court.

e van'gel ist, a preacher of the gospel; a revivalist. con spic'u ous, clearly visible; prominent.

may'or, chief magistrate of a city.

cal'en dar, a table showing the days, weeks, and months.

ag'gra vate, to make worse or more offensive.

hy'gi ene, science of health. di'a lect, local peculiarity of speech.

an i mos'i ty, hatred.

ex pi ra'tion, termination. par'ti san, an adherent of a party or faction.

pshaw (sha), an exclamation of disapprobation or disgust.

birch, a kind of tree.

cod'i cil, a supplement to
 a will.

jeal'ous (jěl'-), suspicious of a rival; envious.

syn'o nym, a word having a meaning similar to or precisely like that of another. at tack', to assault.
ex cess'ive, beyond due
bounds.

LESSON LVII.

ge ra'ni um, a plant and its flower.

depth, deepness; distance from the surface down.

ag'o nize, to distress; to be in agony.

ven due', an auction.

slug'gard, a lazy person.

big'ot ry, obstinate and intolerant zeal.

fron'tier, the border of a country.

ny'phen, a mark (-) to connect syllables or the parts of a compound word. de scribe', to represent by

words; to sketch.

gaud'y, showy; flashy.
o va'tion, an enthusiastic

popular reception of a person.

a'pri cot $(\bar{a}'$ -), a fruit of the plum kind.

rhu'barb, a plant.

pis'tol, a small firearm. dun'geon (-jŭn), a prison. ben e dic'tion, a blessing

ben e dic'tion, a blessing. stu'pe fy, to make stupid. min'now (-nō), a small fish. car'bine, a short gun.

spec ta'tor, a beholder.

de pre'ci ate (-shǐ-), to lower the price or value of.

in sen'si ble, deprived of feeling; indifferent.

cour'te sy (kûr'-), graciousness; civility.

va lise' (-lēs'), a traveling bag.

scourge (skûrj), a whip; cruel punishment.

hy'dro gen, a gas.

myr'i ad (mĭr'-), a large number.

vi cis'si tude, change. mim'ick ing, ridiculing by imitating.

brid'al, pertaining to a bride or a wedding.

hem'or rhage (-rāj), bleed-ing.

awk'ward, ungraceful.

chi can'er y (shǐ-kān'-), the use of mean artifices; trickery.

du'ti ful, obedient.

as sas'sin, one who kills treacherously.

hap'haz ard, mere chance, vis'i ble, that may be seen. ef'fi ca cy, effective energy. in ju di'cious (-dĭsh'ŭs), imprudent.

scru'ti ny, close examina-

cran'ber ry, a scarlet sour berry.

fi'er y, pertaining to fire.

ex ploit', an heroic act; to put to use.

er'ror, a mistake; a fault; want of truth.

in di vis'i ble, that cannot be divided.

fu'ri ous, full of fury.

scab'bard, a sheath; case. ob'se quies, burial service. choose, to select.

re vise', to change or correct.

LESSON LVIII.

rob'in, a kind of bird.

pret'ty (prĭt'-), handsome.
stom'ach, an organ of the
body.

riv'et, a metallic pin with heads; to fasten with rivets.

breadth, width.

Bib'li cal, of or pertaining to the Bible.

rou tine' (roo-ten'), a course.

gui tar' (g1-), a musical instrument.

pe'o ny, a plant and flower.
rinse, to cleanse by flooding
with water.

weight, heaviness. rob'ber, a plunderer.

cho'sen, selected.

search, a quest; to seek or look over carefully.

ru'di ment, a first principle or element.

sec'ond, next after first; a unit of time.

ob'vi ous, plain; evident. sen'ti nel, a soldier on guard.

taunt, to reproach insultingly.

sig nif'i cant, important.
ep'i thet, a specially appropriate descriptive adjective.

sir'loin, a loin of beef. liq'uor (-ẽr), a liquid; intoxicating liquid. sher'bet, a flavored water ice.

hid'e ous, shocking or
 dreadful to the eye or ear.
un wield'y, unmanageable;
 bulky.

sem'blance, pretense.
de lin'quent, neglectful of

duty.

sim'i lar, resembling. clothes, garments; dress. ap prais'er, one who estimates or values.

gew'gaw, a showy trifle.
cal lig'ra phy, beautiful
 pen manship.

syn op'sis, an abstract.
ex treme', at the outmost
point, edge, etc.; utmost;
greatest.

sub'stance, the material part; that which is essential.

cab'in, a small room; hut.
con'se quence, result; importance.

un war'rant a ble, indefensible; unjustifiable.

re buff', sudden repulse.

sas'sa fras, a tree.

con'quer (kŏn'ker), to overcome; to vanquish.

cop'y ist, one who copies. ex pense', cost; outlay.

stretch, to extend; expanse.

mar'tyr (-ter), one who dies or suffers for principle.

va'por, mist; a liquid
 changed to a gaseous form.
en gross' (-grōs'), to oc cupy completely; to transcribe

daub, to smear. fra ter'nal, brotherly.

LESSON LIX.

punc'tu al, prompt.
height (hīt), altitude.
stud'ied, planned; did
study.

in tox'i cate, to inebriate;
 to exhilarate highly.

am big'u ous, obscure; equivocal; doubtful.

fra'cas, a noisy quarrel. tur'pen tine, a resinous juice from various trees. ju'ni per, an evergreex shrub and its berry.

ex ter'mi nate, to destroy. com'pe tent, having sufficient authority or ability. an nul', to cancel.

res'cue, to set free from
peril; to deliver.

pro ceed', to go forward.

cam'phor a product of the

cam'phor, a product of the wood of an Asiatic tree. wiz'ard, a conjurer.

wiz'ard, a conjurer. sal'a ble, that may be sold.

zinc, a metal. in vin'ci ble, unconquer-

in vin'ci ble, unconquerable.

sher'iff, a civil officer.

zig'zag, having a series of short alternating turns.

her'o ine (hĕr'-), a female hero.

sym'me try, harmonious proportion.

ac cor'di on, a musical instrument.

hol'i day, a day of exemption from labor.

lac'er ate (lăs'-), to tear rudely or raggedly.

guid'ance, a leading.

her'e sy (hĕr'-), opinion contrary to accepted belief. per pen dic'u lar, straight

up and down.
rus'set, reddish brown.

a massed', accumulated. de ci'sion, determination; firmness.

pomp'ous, ostentatious.

tour'na ment (toor'-), a test of skill with several competitors.

qui'nine (kwi'-), a medicine from cinchona bark.

tough (tŭf), not brittle; tenacious; hardy.

ag'ri cul ture, cultivation of the soil.

post-mor'tem, after death. hy poth'e sis, a logical supposition.

pick'er el, a kind of fish. el'e gant, refined; polished. po ten'tial, existing in possibility only.

daugh'ter, a female child. in'stinct, a natural spontaneous impulse.

in stinct', animated from within; alive.

per'fo rate, to bore through; to penetrate.

dis crim'i nate, to note the difference between; to distinguish.

fath'om, a measure of six feet; to find the depth of. ped'a gogue (-gŏg), a

schoolmaster.
cen'tury, one hundred

consecutive years.

mos qui'to (-kē'-), a pestiferous insect.

LESSON LX.

ir res'o lute, not decided in mind; vacillating.

the ol'o gy, that science which treats of God and His attributes.

ef fi'cien cy, effectiveness. tel'e scope, an instrument for viewing distant objects.

hip po pot'a mus, a large amphibious animal.

cu'cum ber, a vegetable.

spon ta'ne ous, self-generated; voluntary.

leth'ar gy, sleepiness; dullness; inattention.

arc'tic, far northern;
frigid.

in fal'li ble, exempt from liability to error in judgment.

ty pog'ra phy, the art of printing with types.

ga'ble, the triangular end wall of a house.

is'land (i'land), a tract of land surrounded by water. pen i ten'tia ry, a prison.

in'sti tute, an institution; to establish.

un ruf'fled (-f'ld), calm; tranquil; composed.

sheaf, a bundle of grain.
sov'er eign (sŭv'er-in), a
supreme ruler; princely.

seis'mic (sis'-), of or pertaining to an earthquake.

chord (kôrd), a harmonious combination of sounds; string of a musical instrument.

em'is sa ry, a secret agent; a spy.

syn'a gogue (-gŏg), a Jewish house of worship.

li'chen (lī'kĕn), a kind of flowerless plant.

anx i'e ty (ăn-zī'-), uneasiness or distress of mind.

ness or distress of mind. van'i ty, ambitious display;

shallow pride.

dom i neer', to rule arbitrarily.

mus tache', beard growing on the upper lip.

juice, sap; fluid of fruit, meat, etc.

ve ra'cious (-shŭs), truthful.

horde, a wandering troop or gang.

hoard, to gather and store away.

dor'mant, sleeping.

af firm'a tive, affirming or asserting; that which affirms or asserts.

glis'ten, to shine.

as sess', to tax; to value; to estimate.

jos'tle, to push or crowd.
lau'da num, a tincture of
 opium.

cur'va ture, a curving. sat'ire, a sarcastic speech or essay.

mas'sage, a rubbing or kneading of the body, as a remedial measure. drop'sy, a disease. as sail'ant, one who attacks.

psy chol'o gy (st-kŏl'-), science of the powers and functions of the soul.

bro chure' (-shụr'), a pamphlet.

e'gress, a place of exit. hu'mid, moist.

car'ti lage, gristle; an elastic tissue.

quer'u lous (kwĕr'-), fretful; complaining. sa lute', to greet.

de mise', to bequeath; to bestow by will; death.

REVIEW LESSONS

LESSON LXI.

fraud'u lent, deceitful; unfair; trickish.

pal'ate, roof of the mouth. ex traor'di na ry (-trôr'-),

very unusual; wonderful. dis'ci pline (-plin), to train to obedience; to punish;

training.

con sist'ent, accordant.

dis sent', to differ in opin-

ion.

can'cer, a malignant growth or tumor.

serv'ice a ble, that can be made of service; durable.

in ter sperse', to distribute scatteringly.

at'mos phere, the air surrounding the earth.

ig no min'i ous, disgraceful; shameful.

flan'nel, a woolen cloth.

chan'nel, course of a stream; a groove.

ex cla ma'tion, abrupt outcry; interjection.

av oir du pois' (-ēr-dūpoiz'), a system of weights having 16 oz. to the lb.

u ten'sil, a thing serving a useful purpose.

pro fi'cien cy (-fĭsh'en-), adeptness; skill.

sep'a rate, to place apart; to disconnect.

in i'ti a to ry (In-Ish'I-à-), introductory.

change'a ble, subject to change; variable.

cres'cent, growing, as the moon in its first quarter.

har'ass (hăr'-), to vex; to worry.

ex plic'it (-plis'-), plain; distinctly stated.

doc'ile (dŏs'il), easily managed; teachable.

leg'end (lĕj'-), a narrative based on tradition.

per ceive', to see; to discern.

ab er ra'tion, a wandering away; partial insanity.

- ad ja'cent, adjoining.
- plumb'er (plum'-), a worker in lead, especially in pipes for drainage.
- ac cept'a ble, worthy of being accepted; welcome.
- med'i cine, anything used in treatment of disease.
- a chieve', to bring to pass; to perform.
- class'sify, to arrange in a class or classes.
- ad'mi ra ble (-mǐ-rà-b'l), worthy of being admired; delightful; excellent.
- lab'y rinth, involved and tortuous passages; a maze.
- con tam'i nate, to defile by contact; to pollute.
- bliz'zard, a severe snow and wind storm.
- com pli'ance, a yielding to a wish or proposal.

- tor'por, stupor; duliness.
- bul'le tin, news, orders, etc., placarded conspicuously.
- can'cel, to strike out.
- te gin'ner, one who commences.
- ac cede', to agree; to assent.
- tran'sient (-shent), passing; fleeting.
- prob'a ble, apparently true; likely.
- en hance', to make higher or greater in degree.
- in still', to inculcate gradually.
- chron'i cle, a register of events in order of time.
- naph'tha (năf'thà), a colorless, volatile oil.
- a nal'y sis, the resolution of a thin r into its constituent parts.

LESSON LXII.

- op'po site, in front of, facing; antagonistic.
- a bun'dance, a plentiful supply.
- re ferred', directed, or sent away; assigned to; committed for examination.
- plac'id (plăs'-), unruffled calm; serene.
 - ir re press'i ble, that cannot be restrained.
 - re ceipt' (-sēt'), a written acknowledgment of something received; a recipe.

cir cu'i tous, roundabout. at tend'ance, the fact of being present; presence.

ba na'na (-nä'-), a tropical tree and its fruit.

bus'y (bĭz'-), actively employed; diligent.

ir rev'er ent, lacking in respect to superiors.

sta tis'tics, a collection of facts as to population, industries, etc.

va nil'la, a plant and the bean which it produces.

scis'sors, a cutting instrument.

par'al lel, extending side by side equidistant.

ar'chi tect (-ki-), one who makes plans for buildings.

un err'ing, making no mistake; certain; exact.

sus'te nance, food.

as sist'ance, help; relief.

a lac'ri ty, cheerful willingness and promptitude. be hav'ior, conduct.

te na'cious, holding fast;

te na'cious, holding fast; unyielding.

proc'ess (prŏs'-), a method of operation; a legal writ. ad van ta'geous (-jŭs),

orofitable; favorable.

ob'sta cle, a hindrance.

lei'sure (lē'zhūr), time free from employment.

lab'o ra to ry, a chemist's workroom.

an'o dyne, medicine which relieves pain.

pan'el, a rectangular piece of wood set in a frame; a list of jurors.

ad here', to stick fast; to cling.

fic'kle, changeable; inconstant.

su prem'a cy, the state of being supreme.

sig'na ture, one's name written by oneself.

de fen'sive, serving to defend.

dye'ing, coloring cloth, etc.
ab'sence, state of being
not present.

lu'cra tive, profitable.

met'al, gold, silver, mon, lead, etc.

in suf fi'cient, not sufficient; inadequate.

ir'ri ta ble, ill-tempered. mon'o syl la ble, a word of only one syllable.

al'co hol, a colorless, volatile, inflammable liquid.

in ces'sant, unceasing.

plan'tain, perennial weed; a tropical fruit.

rec ol lect', to recall to mind.

fa mil'iar, free; having intimate knowledge of; a close companion. charge'a ble, capable of being charged.

ri dic'u !ous, absurd; droll. crease, the mark of a wrinkle or fold.

in de struc'ti ble, that cannot be destroyed.

LESSON LXIII.

pre ci'sion, exactness.

con'sum mate, to bring to completion.

bar'gain (-gĕn), a contract; a favorable purchase.

ir re proach'a ble, above reproach or criticism.

beef'steak, a slice of beef to broil or frv.

un change'a ble, that cannot change or be changed.

in gen'ious (-jēn'-), skillful in originating.

con'crete, a compound of gravel or broken rock and cement; not abstract.

in con sist'ent, discordant; contradictory.

mea'sles (mē'z'lz), a disease.

ly'ing, telling a falsehood; reclining.

syn on'y mous, expressing the same thing. lux u'ri ant, exuberant in growth; profusely abundant.

def'i cit, deficiency; lack. ben'zine (-zĭn or -zēn'), a product of petroleum.

re li'gion (-lĭj'ŭn), a system of faith and worship.

in def'i nite, without fixed boundaries; vague.

pur sue', to follow persistently.

at tor'ney (-tûr'nỹ), one who acts for another; a lawyer.

sen'si ble, of good mental perception; judicious; discreet.

es sen'tial, highly important; fundamental.

tend'en cy, inclination; drift; bent.

leg'i ble (lěj'-), capable of being lead.

of fen'sive, displeasing. en deav'or (-děv'ēr), to strive to do; an effort.

in dict' (-dīt'), to accuse in legal form.

re trieve', to recover; to repair.

ex hil'a rate (ĕgz-ĭl'-), to cheer; to enliven; to stimulate.

rec'om pense, to repay.
prev'a lence, wide extent
or superior strength.

fas'ci nate, to charm; to captivate.

ex ag'ger ate (ĕgz-ăj'-), to overstate; to heighten by representation.

mar'i ner, a seaman.
sure'ty, a bondsman; bail.
ju've nile (-nil), pertaining or adapted to youth.
prom'is so ry, containing a

promise.

oc cur'rence, an event; a happening.

de ci'pher, to make out the sense of; to interpret.

ref'er ence, the act of referring; allusion.

dis sen'sion, angry disagreement.

chat'tel, any movable property.

con'scious (-shus), aware; sensible.

priv'i lege (-lĕj), a peculiar favor or advantage.

de cease', death.

seize, to clutch; to snatch.

solemn (-ĕm), serious. ex'cel lence. unusually

good qualities.
thral'dom (thral'-), bond-

thral'dom (thral'-), bondage; servitude.

con cede', to yield; grant. nec'es sa ry, requisite; essential.

LESSON LXIV.

in sep'a ra ble, that cannot be separated.

re cede', to move back; to withdraw.

per'se cute, to pursue so as to injure; to harass. trans ferred', removed. dis be lief', a conviction that a statement is untrue. rec'og nize, to recall the identity of.

in de ci'sion (-sĭzh'ŭn), want of firmness; irreso lution. mor'tise (-tis), a hole cut into a timber to receive a tenon.

san'guine (-gwin), confident; deep red.

in cred'i ble, impossible of belief.

fa cil'i ty, easiness in performing; dexterity.

in tel lec'tu al, mental.

re luc'tance,unwillingness. mu'ci lage, a sticky fluid.

sac'ri lege (-lěj), the profaning of au7thing sacred.

im pel', to drive or urge forward.

di vis'i ble, capable of being divided.

un par'al leled, without an equal; matchless.

im per'ti nent, impudent; irrelevant.

pal'a ta ble, agreeable to the taste.

shoe'ing, the act of putting on shoes.

gal'ler y, an elevated floor with seats; a balcony.

hem'i sphere, a halfsphere.

dis cern' (dĭz-zern'), to perceive.

su per sede', to set aside; supplant; displace. sus pi'cion, a suspecting; distrust.

ef face', to blot out; erase. bis'cuit (-kit), a kind of bread or cracker.

ex cres'cence, an unnatural growth, as a wart.

ceil'ing, overhead covering of a room.

cel'lar, a room under a house.

mis spell', to spell incorrectly.

fem'i nine (-nĭn), relating to woman; womanly.

de scend', to go down.

fos'sil, petrified form of a plant or animal.

par'cel, a small bundle; a portion.

ar'se nic a mineral poison. mal'ice, active ill will.

re mit'tance, the sending of money or credit; the sum or thing remitted.

sal'a ry, wages; pay.

con va les'cent, recovering health.

ven'ti late, to cause a circulation of air; to expose to examination.

fa ce'tious, merry; jocular. mar'riage, the act or state of being married. as so'ci ate, to bring together; a companion; partner.

li'cense, permission; excess of liberty.

bev'er age, liquid for drinking.

pit'i ful, calling forth pity.cur'ren cy, that which circulates as money; circulation.

ha rangue' (-răng'), a forcible speech; to address earnestly.

LESSON LXV.

ac qui esce' (-kwĭ-ĕs'), to manifest assent.

com bus'ti ble, that may be burned.

es'sence, that which constitutes the nature of a thing.

ec'sta sy, overpowering joy.

in ex cus'a ble, not to be justified.

per se ver'ance (-vēr'-), persistence in undertakings.

sac ri le'gious (-lē'jŭs), impious; profane.

bul'lion, gold or silver in mass.

er'rand, a short trip to carry or do something; a message.

il lus'trate, to explain by means of figures, examples, etc. sieve (siv), a device for sifting.

in ter cede', to mediate; to interpose.

Sam'e ra, an apparatus used in photography.

fic ti'tious (-tĭsh'ŭs), imaginary; not genuine.

vi cin'i ty, adjacent territory; proximity.

sym'bol, emblem.

in ex haust'i ble, that cannot be exhausted.

par'a dise, place of bliss; heaven.

prai'rie (prā'rĭ), a large tract of grass land without trees.

re lieve', to free from; to alleviate.

ac com'plice (-plis), an associate in wrongdoing.

car'riage, wheeled passenger vehicle; demeanor. nour'ish (nur'-), to maintain; to feed; to cherish.

al li'ance, a league; union by agreement.

rar'i ty (răr'-), thinness; infrequency; something valued for its scarcity.

blas pheme', to speak impiously.

e quiv'a lent, equal in value.

crev'ice (-ĭs), a crack.

sac'ri fice (-fiz), an offering to deity; something yielded for another.

se vere', harsh; strict;

chas'tise ment (-tiz-), infliction of punishment.

for'feit (-fit), loss by way
 of penalty.

cy'cle, a recurring period; a bicycle or tricycle.

prec'i pice (prěs'ĭ-pĭs), a high, steep cliff.

al lege' (-lĕj'), to assert to be true; to declare.

as cend', to move upward.

fore bode', to foretell; to presage.

lat'i tude, distance north or south of the equator; range or scope.

de moc'ra cy, government by the people.

pro pel', to drive or urge forward.

prep a ra'tion, a preparing or fitting.

con tempt'i ble, mean; despicable; vile.

in im'i ta ble, that cannot be imitated.

in el'i gi ble, legally or otherwise disqualified.

traf'fick ing, bargaining; dealing; trading.

im pos'si ble, that cannot be.

a me'na ble, liable to be called to account.

in ter mit'tent, ceasing at intervals.

shriv'el, to shriñk or contract.

ed'i fice (-fis), a building.

LESSON LXVI.

pro mis'cu ous, brought
 together without order.
de scend'ant, offspring.

mas quer ade' (-ker-), a party of disguised persons; a sham.

con ven'ient (-vēn'yent), handy; fit; commodious. ag'gran dize, to make great or greater.

ce're als, edible grains.
flor'id, having a bright
color, especially red.

hy'a cinth, a flowering bulb.

pyr'a mid, a solid tapering to a point from a base bounded by straight lines.

ex or'bi tant, excessive.
se cede', to withdraw from
union or fellowship.

re cur'rence, a happening again or repeatedly.

pro cras'ti nate, to put off from day to day.

in dis pen'sa ble, absolutely necessary.

tem'per ance, habitual moderation.

por'ce lain (-lǐn), a translucent kind of pottery.

sub'tile (-tĭl), refined;
acute; crafty.

mat'tress, a stuffed tick used for a bed.

co in cide', to agree; to concur; to correspond.

be nef'i cent, generous; doing good.

per'ma nent, enduring.
dis pense', to deal out; to
distribute; to forego.

pet'u lant, fretful; irritable.
per suade', to induce; to
plead with successfully.

bar'rel, a cylindrical vessel; a sort of cask.

crys'tal, a regular solid mineral body; clear.

con fec'tion er y, sweetmeats; candies.

su'i cide, self-destruction; a self-murderer.

con du'cive, tending to promote.

phar'ma cy, the art of compounding medicines; a drug store.

in de pend'ent, free.

be seech', to implore; to supplicate.

gal'lon, a measure of four quarts.

dys pep'si a, difficulty of digestion.

def'er ence, respectful submission to another's judgment.

re fus'al, a refusing; an option.

su per in tend'ent, one who superintends; an overseer; a director. cer tif'i cate, a documentary attestation of facts.

un scru'pu lous, not hesitating from motives of conscience; unprincipled.

ges'ture, a motion expressive of sentiment.

pa ral'y sis, loss of muscular power; palsy.

ca price' (-prēs'), a sudden change of mood, opinion, etc.

sup'ple ment, to supply what is lacking; matter so supplied. in ter fere', to clash; to intermeddle; to interpose.

bur lesque' (-lĕsk'), a ludicrous representation.

cus'to mer, a regular buyer.

sur'cin gle, a girth for binding on a saddle.

or'ches tra (-kes-), a band of musicians.

im plic'it (-plis'-), implied; unquestioning.

mys'ter y something unknown or incomprehensible.

LESSON LXVII.

phase, a particular aspect.
leth'ar gy, sleepiness; dullness; inattention.

jeop'ard y (jĕp'-), hazard;
danger.

cer'tain (ser'tin), sure; undeniable.

neph'ew, son of a brother
 or a sister.

nei'ther, not the one nor
the other.

niece (nēs), daughter of a brother or a sister.

cir cum'fer ence, boundary line of a circle or sphere. prej'u dice (-dis), unreasonable or biased judgment.
pul'ver ize, to reduce to

powder by beating, etc. re mem'brance, a remembering; a memorial.

val'id, capable of being proved; sound.

re splen'dent, vividly bright; shining.

res'tau rant (-tō-), an eating house.

pal'ace, a royal residence. in vis'i ble, that cannot be seen.

ad mit'tance, access.

- con dense', to bring into a smaller and denser state.
- in teg'ri ty, honesty; probity.
- con stit'u en cy, a following; a clientele.
- il lu'mi nate, to supply with light.
- de sir'ous, experiencing a wish or craving.
- il log'ic al, contrary to sound reasoning.
- pyr o tech'nics, art of making fireworks.
- dy'na mo, an electrical machine.
- par a pher na'li a, trappings or ornaments.
- rhet'o ric, the art of oratory, and of prose composition.
- in trin'sic, inherent; real;
 true.
- syn'a gogue (-gŏg), a Jewish house of worship.
- gram'mar, the science of language.
- ac cess'i ble, capable of being reached or entered.
- par'lia ment (-lĭ-), a legislative body, especially the British.
- im per cep'ti ble, undiscernible; insensible.

- chit'i oise, to examine callically; to judge severely.
- ir rep'a ra ble, that cannot be repaired.
- in'no cence, the state of being innocent.
- per ni'cious, very injurious; malicious; mischievous.
- venge'ance (věnj'ans), retributive punishment.
- fal'li ble, liable to error.
- main'te nance, the act of maintaining.
- mis cel la'ne ous, of various kinds.
- ab hor'rence, extreme detestation.
- pred e ces'sor, one who
 precedes.
- dif'fi dent, timid; self-distrustful.
- ab bre'vi ate, to shorten; to curtail
- o be'di ence, compliance with authority.
- o ver seer', one who oversees; a superintendent.
- cor re spond'ence, communication by letters; similarity.
- per i to ni'tis, a disease.
- ec cen'tric, peculiar; not in the center.

PROPER NAMES

LESSON LXVIII.

Aar'on. Al ex an'der. Al giers' (-jērz'). An nap'o lis. Ann Ar'bor Ar i zo'na. Ar'kan sas (-sa). Aus tra'li a. Boi'se (boi'zā), Bo lo'gna (-lon'ya). Bor deaux' (-dō'). Brook'lyn. Brus'sels (brŭs'selz). Cæ'sar (sē'zar). Cai'ro (kī'rō) in Egypt: (kā'rō) in Ill. Cal i for'ni a. Can a jo har'ie (-hăr'-). Can an dai'gua (-dā'-). Cay enne' (kā-ĕn'). Chau tau'qua (shā-ta'-). Ches'a peake. Chey enne' (shī-ĕn'). Chi ca'go (shǐ-ca'gō). Cic'e ro (sĭs'-).

Cin cin na'ti (-nä'tǐ).

Cleve'land. Co logne' (-lon') Col o ra'do (-rä'dō). Con nect'i cut (kon-net'ikŭt). Del'a ware. Des Moines' (de moin'). Dub'lin. Du buque' (-būk'). Eau claire' (ō klâr'). Ec ua dor' (-dor'). E'gypt (-jĭpt). E liz'a beth. Es'ki mo. Feb'ru a rv. Flor'i da. Gal'ves ton Gen e see'. Geor'gi a. Gib ral'tar (ji-bral'ter), Glouces'ter (glos'ter). Hai'ti (hā'tĭ). Hal'i fax. Ha'vre (hä'ver). Ha wai'ian (hä-wī'van). Hi ma'la ya (hǐ-mä'lā-yā)

LESSON LXIX.

Ho no lu'lu (hō-nō-loo'loo.) Il li nois' (-noi' or -noiz'). In di an'a. In di an ap'o lis. I tal'ian. Ith'a ca. Ja mai'ca (-mā'ka). Je ru'sa lem. Kala ma zoo'. Lack a wan'na. La fa vette' (la-fa-vět'). Leip'zig (lip'-). Lin'coln. Los An'gel es (-ĕs). Lou i si a'na (loo-e-ze-ä'nå). Ma cau'lay. Ma drid' (in Spain, Mad'rid in U.S.). Man hat'tan. Mar seilles' (-sālz'). Mauch Chunk (mak chunk'). Mas sa chu'setts. Med i ter ra'ne an.

Mich'i gan (mish'-).

Min ne ap'o lis.

Min ne so'ta. Mis sis sip'pi. Mis sou'ri. Mon te rev' (-rā'). Mont pe'li er. Mont re al' (-al'). Mo roc'co. Mos'cow (-kō.) Nar ra gan'sett (năr-). Ne va'da (-vä'då). New'found land (-fund-). New Jer'sey. Ni ag'a ra. Ni ca ra'gua (nē-ka-rä'gwa). O'ma ha (-ha). Or'e gon. Osh'kosh. Pan a ma'. Penn svl va'ni a. Phil a del'phi a. Plym'outh (plim'ŭth). Po to'mac. Pough keep'sie (pô-kĭp'-Prov'i dence. Que bec'. Qui'to (kē'tô).

LESSON LXX.

Ra'leigh (ra'lĭ). Rhine Rhode Is/land. Rich'mond. Ri'o de Ja nei'ro (rē'ō dā zha-na'rô), Roch'es ter. Roths'child. Rus'sia (rŭsh'a). Sac ra men'to. St. Au'gus tine (-tēn). Sam'u el. San Fran cis/co. San Jo se' (sän hō-sā'). San ta Fe' (-få'). Sat'ur day. Sa van'nah. Sche nec'ta dy (ske-). Schuy'ler (skī'-). Schuyl'kill (skool'-). Seine (sān). Shang ha'i (-hä'i). Span'iard (-yerd). Steu ben'. Sus que han'na. Swit'zer land.

Syr'a cuse (sĭr'-). Tal la has'see. Ten nes see'. Ten'ny son. Ter're Haute (těr're hōt'). Thack'er ay. Thames (těmz) in England: (thāmz) in Connecticut. To le'do. To pe'ka. To ron'to. Tuc son' (tū-sŏn'). Val pa rai'so (-rī'sō). Ver sailles' (věr-sä'y'). Ve su'vi us. Vi en'na (vē-). Vir gin'i a (-jĭn'-). Wau'ke sha (-sha). Wednes'day (wěnz'-). Wilkes'bar re (-băr-ri). Wil la'mette (-lä'-). Wis con'sin. Worces'ter (woos'-). Yo sem'i te. Yp si lan'ti (ĭp-sĭ-lăn'tĭ). Zu'rich (zoo'rik).

SUPPLEMENTARY EXERCISES

WORDS COMMONLY USED IN BUSINESS

FIRST EXERCISE.

inventory.
freight.
remittance
invoice.
judgment.
telegram.
wholesale.
account.
genuine.
syndicate.
jobber.
merchandise.
correspondent.
assets.

address.

surplus.

resources.

accrued.

acknowledgment recommend. competition. negotiable. acceptance. insurance. convenience dunning. defalcation. financier concern. disbursements sne. business. warranty. concede. respectfully.

commercial.

valid
owing
injunction.
dividend.
currency.
bargain.
advice

settlement.
certificate.
insolvency
rebate.
debtor.
compromise.
advertisement

SECOND EXERCISE.

lease. teller. quotations. ledger. execution. gauging. assignec. tariff. preferred. attachment. coupon. payee. classification. manifest liabilities. reference. plaintiff. creditor.

allowance. confidence. package. shipped. consignee. experience usury. certified. expense. immediate. appraisal. commodities. receiver. guarantee. remunerate. concession. mortgage. accommodation. commerce.
collector.
maturity.
approximate.
conveyance.
propagate.
monopoly.

deficit.
balance.
indemnity.
capital.
void.
indenture.
consclidate.

THIRD EXERCISE.

interest. calendar. voucher. statement. compliments. bankrupt. promissory. collateral. weight. affidavit. damage. deferred. copyright. notary. administrator. mucilage. lien. liquidate.

proceeds. ratify. license. partnership. counterfeit. abbreviate. infringement. embezzlement. protest. compensation. indorsement. auditor. discrepancy. commission. stenographer. iournal. herewith soliciting.

pecuniary.
confidential.
premium.
barrel.
chattel.
deposit.
bushel.

tonnage.
average.
baggage.
schedule.
responsibility.
discretion.
amanuensis.

TEST LESSONS

FOR FINAL REVIEW

LESSON A.

excellence.
preference.
cemetery.
catarrh.
independent.
specimen.
privilege.
apoplexy.
paroxysm.
assets.
opportunity.

hypocrisy.
precision.
implement.
vaccinate.
promissory
chronicle.
reciprocity.
perseverance.
equivalent.
aqueduct.
mucilage.

recommend.
enthusiasm.
sacrilegious.
site.
separate.
tenant.
prejudice.
parachute.
intellectual.
dessert.
commencement.

promenade.

admittance.

comrade.

monopoly.
obstacle.
catechism.
discipline.
variety.
negotiable.
twelfth.
beginner.
pronunciation.
ascertain.
lucrative.
architect.
physician.
definition.

LESSON B.

pursue.

vehicle.

villain.

accommodate.

abolish.

miscellaneous.

victuals.

occurrence.

disciple.

prairie.

diligent.

exhilarate.

grandeur.
reference.
cylinder.
calendar
asthma.
supersede.
ballast.
delirium.
annihilate.
impossible.
appetite.
abstinence

vicinity.
initiatory.
harass.
amateur.
teetotaler.
parallel.
absence.
fugitive.
despair.
ridiculous.
mischievous.
paralysis.
exorbitant.

ineligible.
gratuitous.
reminiscencs.
icicle.
illegible.
tyranny.
competent.
prevalence.
rendezvous.
exceed.
exaggerate.
inflammation.
together.

LESSON C.

dissension.
seize.
transferred.
genuine.
genealogy.
sacrilege.
pierce.
simplicity.
diminutive.
optician.
excusable.
excrescence.
stereotype.

sophomore.
convalescent.
interrupt.
exchequer.
license.
charlatan.
acquiesce.
oscillate.
automobile.
souvenir.
perennial.
disparage.
ragamuffin.

affidavit.
accrued.
eligible.
fictitious.
gauge.
chaplain.
accumulate.
despicable.
iniquitous.
serviceable.
militia.
ntensil.

ventilate.
pneumatic.
illiterate.
orthodox.
neuralgia.
testament.
idolatry.
labyrinth.
stimulus.
appearance.
intelligible.
inveigle.

LESSON D.

consonant.
underrate.
dissimilar.
commemorate.
providential.
naphtha.
sluice.
referred.
humiliate.
persistence
plausible.
magnanimity
banana.
burglary.

abridgment
positive.
summary.
statistics.
bulletin.
leisure.
pamphlet.
signature.
palsy.
obsolete.
capricious.
dissolve.
ludicrous,
alcohol.

meerschaum.
jubilee.
petroleum.
chandelier.
pestilence.
feud.
ridiculous.
mutilate.
deficit.
bachelor.
fuchsia

vehemence.
variegated.
prosaic.
accomplice.
inimitable.
indefatigable
integrity.
preparation.
pitiable.
boycott.

LESSON E.

allegiance.
toboggan.
caterpillar.
parliament.
pleurisy.
criticise.
irreparable.
physique.
sustenance.
acute.
baptize.
exquisite.
cardinal.
Protestant.
pecuniary.

bivouac.
frolic.
nuisance.
obstinate.
liniment.
erysipelas.
chargeable.
miracle.
extravagant.
emanate.
diphtheria.
elixir.
vaseline.
auxiliary.
trespass.

inaugurate.
incompetent.
fricassee.
subterranean.
subpœna.
facsimile.
indelible.
vicissitude.

hemorrhage.

prodigal.

heresy.
lacerate.
infallible.
nonpareil.
unscrupulous
studious.
religion.
necessary.
detriment.

LESSON F.

Cincinnati. Louisiana. Illinois. Massachusetts. Ann Arbor. February. Hawaijan. Los Angeles. Boise. Mississippi. Omaha. Chautauqua. Missouri. Nevada. Santa Fe. Delaware.

Mediterranean. St. Augustine. Tennessee. Nicaragua. Ouito. San José Wednesday. Yosemite. Worcester. assassin. describe. financial. singeing. mosquito. martyr. bicycle.

114 SEVENTY LESSONS IN SPELLING

suicide.
surcingle.

icy.

dyeing.

laboratory.
pneumonia.

busy.

persistence.

surna**me.**

owing.

censure.

bouquet.

hypothesis.

mimicking.

lose.

petulant.

misspell.

LOCAL WORDS

E

116 SEVENTY LESSONS IN SPELLING

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 1
H
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APPENDIX

RULES FOR THE USE OF CAPITAL LETTERS.

Rule I. — Every sentence should begin with a capital letter.

Rule II. — Proper nouns — as names of persons, places, months, days of the week, etc. — should begin with capital letters.

Ex. — John, Sunday, July, New York, Mr. James A. Jones.

The names of the seasons—spring, summer, autumn winter—do not begin with capital letters except when they are personified.

Rule III.—Every line of poetry should begin with a capital letter.

Rule IV. — Every direct quotation should begin with a capital letter.

Ex. — He asked, "Who will go with me?"

A direct quotation is one in which the exact words are quoted.

Rule V. — Titles of honor or distinction, used alone or accompanied by nouns, should begin with capital letters.

Ex. — Mr. Smith; Dr. Jones; Hon. Henry Wilson.

Rule VI. — All words denoting the Deity should begin with capital letters.

Ex. — God; Lord; Creator; the Almighty; the All-wise; Infinite One; Supreme Being; Most High.

Personal pronouns or common words referring to the Deity, are usually capitalized, as: "The unseen *Power* above"; "the *Judge* of the world."

Rule VII. — Words derived from proper nouns should begin with capital letters.

Ex. — American; Roman; Scotchman; Spanish; English.

Rule VIII. — Names of things spoken of as persons should begin with capital letters.

Ex. — "The Morn, in russet mantle clad —."

"When Music, heavenly maid, was young —"

Rule IX. —Words of special importance, words used as names of particular objects or localities, and the important words in a heading, should begin with capital letters.

Ex. — Niagara Falls; the Tariff Bill; the White House; the Western States.

North, south, east, and west, are capitalized only when referring to some particular locality: as, "The North and the South are one."

When there is a question as to which should be used, a capital or a small letter, use a small letter.

Rule X. — The pronoun I, and the interjection O, should be capitals.

Ex. -- "O, that I had the wings of a dove!"

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN WRITING AND PRINTING

A

A or a. Adjective; answer; acre; alto; in commerce, accepted.

a. or @ (L. ad.) To or at.

A. B. (L. Artium Baccalaureus.) Bachelor of Arts.

Abbr. Abbreviated; abbreviation.

Abp. Archbishop.

Abr. Abridgment.

acc. Accusative.

Acc., Acct., or a/c. Account.

Acct. cur. Account current.

Acct. Sales. Account of

A. D. (L. anno Domini.)
In the year of our Lord.

Ad. or adv. Advertisement; adverb.

adag. (It. adagio.) A slow movement, in music.

ad inf. (L. ad infinitum.) Without limit.

ad int. (L. ad interim.) In the meanwhile.

Adjt Adjutant.

ad lib. (L. ad libitum.) At pleasure.

Adm. Admiral; Admiralty. Admr. Administrator.

Admx. Administratrix.

Adv. Advocate: advent.

e. or et. (L. etatis.) Of age; aged.

Af. Africa; African.

A. F. A. M. Ancient Free and Accepted Masons.

Ag. (L. argentum.) Silver.

Agt. Agent.

Ala. Alabama.

Alex. Alexander.

Alt. Altitude.

A. M. (L. Artium Mayıster) Master of Arts — (L. ante meridiem.) Before noon. — (L. anno

fore noon. — (L. anno mundi) In the year of the world.

Am. or Amer. America; American.

Amt. Amount.

an. (L. anno.) In the year.

Anon. Anonymous.

Ans. or ans. Answer.

Antiq. Antiquities.

Ap. Apostle; April. Apo. Apogee.

App. Appendix.

Apr. April.

Aq. (L. aqua.) Water.

A. R. A. Associate of the Royal Academy.

Arch. Architecture.

Arith. Arithmetic.

Ariz. Arizona.

Ark. Arkansas.

Asst. Assistant.

Astrol. Astrology.

Astron. Astronomy.

Att. or Atty. Attorney.

Atty. Gen. Attorney-General. Au. (L. aurum.) Gold.

Au. (L. aurum.) Cold.
Aug. August.

Aug. August.

A. V. Authorized version.
Av. or Ave. Avenue.

Av. or Ave. Avenue.

Avoir. Avoirdupois.

B.

b. born.

B. A. British America;
Bachelor of Arts.

Bal. Balance.

bar. Barleycorn; barrel. Bart. or Bt. Baronet.

bbl. Barrel.

B. C. Before Christ.

B. C. L. Bachelor of Civil Law.

B. D. Bachelor of Divinity.

Bds. (Bound in) Boards.

bgs. Bags.

B. I. British India.

Bib. Bible; biblical.

Biog. Biography.

Bk. Bank; book.

bkts. Baskets.

B. L. Bachelor of Laws.

b/l Bill of lading.

bls. Bales.

Bor. Boron; borough.

Bot. Bought.

Bp. Bishop.

Bque. Barque.

Br. Brother; brig.

Br. or Brit. Britain; British.

Brig. Brigade; brigadier.

Bro. Brother.

b/s Bill of sale.

bu., bus., or bush. Bushel. B. V. (L. Beata Virgo.)

Blessed Virgin.— (L. bene vale) Farewell.

bas. Boxes.

c.

c. Cent or cents.

C. Carbon; centigrade; church.

c/o In care of.

Cal. California; calendar.

- (L. calendæ.) Calends.

Can. Canada.

Cap. Capital. — (L. caput.)
Chapter.

Capt. Captain.

Cash. Cashier.

Cat. Catalogue.

Cath. Catholic; Catharine. C. C. County Commis-

sioner; County Court; contra credit.

cc. Cubic centimeter.

C. E. Civil Engineer.

cent. (L. centum.) A hundred.

ef. (L. confer.) Compare.c. f. i. Cost, freight, and insurance.

C. G. Coast Guard; Consul-general.

C. G. S. Centimeter, gram, second.

C. H. Courthouse; customhouse.

Ch. Church; chapter.

Chal. Chaldron.

Chanc. Chancellor.

Chap. Chapter.

Chas. Charles.

Chem. Chemistry.

Chron. Chronicles; chronology.

Cit. Citation; citizen.

Civ. Civil.

C. J. Chief Justice.

ck. Cask; check.

Cl. Clergyman; clerk.

cl. Cloth.

Clk. Clerk.

C. M. Common meter.

cm. Centimeter.

C. O. D. Cash (or Collect) on delivery.

Col. Colonel; Colossians.
Coll. College; collector;

colleague.

Colo. Colorado.

Com. Commissioner; Commodore; committee; commerce; commissary; commonwealth.

Comdg. Commanding.

Comp. Compare; comparative; compound.

Con. (L. contra.) Against; in opposition.

Cong. Congress; Congregation; Congregationalist.

Conn. Connecticut.

Const. Constable; constitution.

Contr. Contraction.

Cor. Corinthians.

Cor. Mem. Corresponding Member.

Cor. Sec. Corresponding Secretary.

C. P. Court of Probate:

Cr. Credit; creditor; chromium.

cres. Crescendo.

C. S. Court of Sessions;Clerk to the Signet.—(L. Custos Sigilli.) Keeper of the Seal.

Ct. Count; Court.

ct. Cent.—(L. centum.) A hundred.

cts. Cents.

cwt. (L. centum, 100, and E. weight.) A hundredweight.

Cyc. Cyclopedia.

D.

d. Day; died; dime; daughter; deputy; degree.—(L. denarius or denarii.) A penny, or pence.

d. or dol. Dollar.

Ban. Danish; Daniel. dat. Dative.

D. B. Day book.

D. C. District of Columbia.
 — (It. Da Capo.) Again,
 or From the beginning.

D. C. L. Doctor of Civil (or Canon) Law.

D. D. (L. Divinitatis Doctor.) Doctor of Divinity.

D. D. S. Doctor of Dental Surgery.

Dec. December; declination; declension.

def. Definition.

Deft. or deft. Defendant.

deg. Degree.

Del. Delaware; delegate.

Del. or del. (L. delineavit.)
He, or she, drew it, — affixed to the draughtsman's
name.

Dem. Democrat; Democratic.

Dep. or Dept. Deputy; department; deponent.

diff. Different; differs. Dft. or dft. Defendant.

dft. Draft.

D. G. (L. Dei gratia.) By the grace of God.

diam. Diameter.

Dict. Dictionary; dictator.

Dig. Digest.

Dis. or Discount.

Dist. District.

Dist. Atty. District Attorney.

Div. Dividend; division; divide; divided; divided; divisor.

D. L. O. Dead Letter Office.

D. M. Doctor of Music. dm. Decimeter.

D. M. D. Doctor of Dental Medicine.

do. (It. ditto.) The same. dols. Dollars.

doz. Dozen.

D. P. Doctor of Philosophy. Dpt. Deponent; department.

Dr. Debtor; Doctor.

dr. Dram, drams.

Dram. Pers. (L. Dramatis Personæ.) Characters of the play.

dwtf. Daily [and] weekly till forbidden.

dwt. (L. denarius and E. weight.) Pennyweight.Dyn. Dynamics.

E.

E. Earl; east; English.ea. Each.E.C. Eastern Central (Post-

al District, London).

Ecclus. Ecclesiasticus.

Eclec Eclectic.

Ed. Editor; edition.

E. E. Errors excepted; ells English.

E. E. and M. P. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.

e.g. (L. exempli gratia.) For example.

E. I. East Indies, or East India.

Elec. Electricity; electrical.

Encyc. Encyclopedia.

E. N. E. East-northeast.

Eng. England; English;

engineer; engraver.
eq. Equal; equivalent.
Esq. or Esqr. Esquire.
et al. (L. et alibi.) And else-

where.—(L. et alii or aliæ.)
And others.

etc. or &c. (L. et cœteri, cæteræ, or cæteræ.) And others; and so forth.

et seq. (L. et sequentes, or et sequentia.) And the following.

Ex. Example.

Exc. Excellency; exception.

Exch. Exchequer; Exchange.

Exec. or Exr. Executor.

Execx. or Exx. Executrix.

Exad. Exodus.

Exp. Export; exporter.

E. & O. E. Errors and

omissions excepted.

F.

F. Fahrenheit; France; French; Friday; Fellow; fluorine.

f. Feminine; franc; florin; farthing; foot; folio.

Fahr. or F. Fahrenheit.

F. A. S. Fellow of the Society of Arts; Fellow of the Antiquarian Society.

fcp. Foolscap.

Fe. (L. ferrum.) Iron.

Feb. February.

fem. Feminine.

Fig. or fig. Figure; figures; figuratively.

fir. Firkin.

fl. Florin; flourished.

Fla. Florida.

fo. or fol. Folio.

F. O. B. or f. o. b. Free on board.

Fr. France; Francis; French.

F. R. C. S. Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.

F. R. G. S. Fellow of the Royal Geographical Society.

F. R. S. Fellow of the Royal Society.

F. R. S. E. Fellow of the Royal Society, Edinburgh.

F. R. S. L. Fellow of the Royal Society of Literature; Fellow of the Royal Society, London. F. S. A. Fellow of the Society of Arts.

Ft. Fort.

ft. Foot; feet.

fth. Fathom. fur. Furlong.

G.

G. German; guinea; gulf.

g. Gram; guinea.

Ga. Georgia.

Gal. Galatians. gal. Gallon; gallons.

G. A. R. Grand Army of the Republic.

G. B. Great Britain.

G. B. & I. Great Britain and Ireland.

Gen. Genesis; General. gen. Genitive; generally.

Geo. George.

Geog. Geograph v.

Geol. Geology; geologist. Ger. or Germ. German.

G. M. Grand Master.

Gov. Governor.

G. P. O. General Post Orfice.

gr. Great; gross; grain; grains.

G. T. Good Templars; Grand Tyler.

gtt. (L. guttæ.) Drops.

H.

H. Hydrogen.

h. High; height; harbor; husband; hour; hours.

hdkf. Handkerchief.

H. E. Hydraulic engineer.Hebr. Hebrew; Hebrews.

hf. chts. Half chests.

Hg. (L. hydrargyrum.) Mercury.

hg. Hektogram.

H. H. His Holiness (the Pope); His (or Her) Highness.

hhd. Hogshead.

H. I. H. His (or Her) Imperial Highness.

History.

H. J. S. (L. Hic jacet sepultus.) Here lies buried.

H. M. His (or Her) Majesty.

H. M. S. His (or Her) Majesty's steamer, ship, or service.

Hon. Honorable.

Hort. Horticulture.

H. R. House of Representatives; Home Rule.

H.R.H. His (or Her) Royal Highness.

hund. Hundred.

I.

I Iodine; island.

ib. or ibid. (L. ibidem.) In the same place.

id. (L. idem.) The same. i. e. (L. id est.) That is.

I H. S. (L. Iesus [or Jesus] Hominum Salvator.) Jesus the Savior of Men.

Ill. Illinois.

Imp. Imperial; Emperor.imp. Imperative; imperfect.

in. Inch; inches.

incog. (It. incognito.) Un-

Ind. Indiana; India; Indian; index.

ind. or indic. Indicative. Ind. T. Indian Territory.

inf. Infinitive.
in lim. (L. in limine.) At
the outset.

in loc. (L. in loco.) In its place.

Ins. Inspector.

inst. Instant,—the present month; institute; institution.

int. Interest.

interj. Interjection.

in trans. (L. in transitu.)
On the passage.

Inv. Invoice.

I. O. G. T. Independent Order of Good Templars.

I. O. O. F. Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

I. O. U. I owe you, -an acknowledgment for money.

i. q. (L. idem quod.) The same as.

Is or Isa. Isaiah.

Isl. Island.

It. or Ital. Italian; Italic. Itin. Itinerary.

J.

J. Judge: Justice.

 $\frac{3}{a}$ Joint account.

J. A. G. Judge Advocate General.

Jan. January.

Jap. Japanese.

Jas. James.

J. C. JESUS CHRIST; JUStice Clerk; Julius Cæsar.

Ino John.

Jonathan. .Tona.

Jos. Joseph.

J. P. Justice of the Peace. J. Prob. Judge of Probate.

Jr. or jr. Junior.

Jul. July; Julius; Julian.

Jun. or Junr. Junior.

Jur. Jurisprudence; Jurist.

K.

K. Knight; King.—(L. kalium.) Potassium.

Kans. Kansas.

K. G. Knight of the Garter.

kq. Kilogram.

km. Kilometer.

Knt. or Kt. Knight.

Ky. Kentucky.

L.

L. Lord; Latin; Lady; low; lake: line.

l. Liter.

L.,l., or $\mathscr{L}.$ A pound sterling. lb. or to. (L. libra.) A

pound, in weight.

La. Louisiana. Lat. or L. Latin.

Lat. or lat. Latitude.

 $l/_c$ Letter of credit.

l. c. Lower case. - (L. loco citato.) In the place before cited.

Ld. Lord.

Ldp. or Lp. Lordship.

lea. League.

led. Ledger.

Leg. or Legislature.

L. I. Long Island: Light Infantry.

lib. (L. liber.) Book.

Lib. Library; Librarian.

Lieut. or Lt. Lieutenant. Lit. Literature.

lit. Literally.

LL. B. (L. Legum Baccalaureus.) Bachelor Laws

LL. D. (L. Legum Doctor.) Doctor of Laws

Lon., lon., Long., or long. Longitude.

Loq. (L. loquitur.) Speaks. L. S. Left side. — (L. locus sigilli.) Place of the Seal. L.S. D. or l. s. d. (L. libra. solidi, denarii.) Pounds. shillings, pence.

M.

M. Monday; Marquis; Monsieur; morning. - (L. mille.) Thousand. — (L. meridies.) Meridian; noon. M. or m. Masculine: moon:month, months: minute. minutes; mill, mills; mile. miles. m. Meter; married.

M. A. Military Academy; Master of Arts

Mad. or Mme. Madam.

Maj. Major.

Manuf. Manufacturing. Mar. March.

mas. or masc. Masculine. Mass. Massachusetts

Math. Mathematics.

Matt. Matthew.

M. B. (L. Medicinæ Baccalaureus.) Bachelor of Medicine

M. C. Member of Congress: Master of Ceremonies: Master Commandant

M. D. (L. Medicinæ Doctor.) Doctor of Medicine

Md. Maryland.

Mdlle. Mademoiselle.

M. E. Methodist Episcopal: Military or Mechanical Engineer: Most Excellent.

Mech. Mechanics.

Med. Medical; medicine.

Mem. Memorandum: remember.

Messrs. or MM. (F. Messieurs.) Gentlemen; Sirs.

Meth. Methodist.

Mfq. Manufacturing.

M. G. Major General.

Mar. Monsignor.

Mich. Michigan; Michaelmas.

Mil. Military,

Min. Minute.

Minn. Minnesota.

Miss. Mississippi.

Mlle. Mademoiselle.

MM. Their Majesties.—(F.
Messieurs.) Gentlemen.
mm. Millimeter.
Mme. Madame.
Mmes. Mesdames.
Mo. Missouri.
mo. Month.
Mod. Modern.
Mon. Monday.

Mont. Montana.

M. P. Member of Parlia-

ment; Member of Police.

Mr. Master, or Mister.

Mrs. Mistress, or Missis.

MS. Manuscript.

MSS. Manuscripts.

Mt. Mount, or mountain.
Mus. D., Mus. Doc., or Mus.

Doct. Doctor of Music.

N.

N. North; new; nitrogen.
n. Noun; neuter; nail; nails.
N. A. North America.
Nat. National; natural.
Nath. Nathaniel.
Naut. Nautical.
N. B. New Brunswick.
(L. nota bene.) Note well, or take notice.
N. C. North Carolina.
N. Dak. North Dakota.
N. E. Northeast.

Nebr. Nebraska.

nem. con. (L. nemine contradicente.) No one contradicting; unanimously.

nem. diss. (L. nemine dissentiente.) No one dissenting.

neut. Neuter.

Nev. Nevada.

N. F. Newfoundland.

N. H. New Hampshire.

N. J. New Jersey.

N. Mex. New Mexico.

n. l. (L. non liquet.) It appears not; the case is not clear.

No. or no. (L. numero.) Number.

nol. pros. (L. nolle prosequi.) Urwilling to prosecute or proceed.

nom. Nominative.

non con. Not content; dissenting.

non pros. (L. non prosequitur.) He does not prosecute,—a judgment entered against the plaintiff when he does not appear to prosecute.

non seq. (L. non sequitur.)
It does not follow.

Nos. or nos. Numbers.

Nov. November.

N. P. Notary Public.

N. S. Nova Scotia; New Style (since 1752).

N. T. New Testament.

n. u. Name unknown.

N. W. Northwest.

N. Y. New York.

N. Zeal. New Zealand.

Ο.

O. Oxygen; old.

%. Per cent.

ob. (L. obiit.) Died.

obj. Objective; objection.Obs. Observation; observatory; obsolete.

Oct. October.

O. F. Odd Fellow.

O. K. All correct.

Okla. Oklahoma.

Ont. Ontario.

O. S. Old Style (previous to 1752).

O. T. Old Testament.

oz. Ounce; ounces. [The z is here used to represent the character 3, anciently an abbreviation for terminations.]

P.

P. Phosphorus.

p. Page; pint; pole; piano.

Per.

Pa. Pennsylvania.

par. or ¶. Paragraph.

par. or ||. Parallel.

payt. Payment.

P. B. (L. Philosophiæ Baccalaureus.) Bachelor of Philosophy.

Pd. Paid.

P. D. (L. Philosophiæ Doctor.) Doctor of Philosophy.

P. E. Protestant Episcopal; Presiding Elder.

P. E. I. Prince Edward

Island.

per an. (L. per annum.)

By the year.

per cent. or per ct. (L. per centum.) By the hundred.

Phar. Pharmacy.

Ph. D. (L. Philosophiæ Doctor.) Doctor of Philosophy.

Phil. Philip; philosophy; Philemon.

Pinx. or pinx. (L. pinxit.)
He, or she, painted it.

P. I. Philippine Islands.

pk. Peck.

pkgs. Packages.

pl. Plural; place.

Plf. Plaintiff.

P. M. Postmaster.—(L. post meridiem.) Afternoon.

P. M. G. Postmaster-General.

P. O. Post Office.

P. O. D. Pay on Delivery.

P. O. O. Post Office Order.

Port. Portugal; Portuguese. pp. Pages.

P. P. C. (F. pour prendre congé.) To take leave.

pph. Pamphlet.

P. R. Porto Rico.

pr. or \$\mathfrak{P}\$. (L. per.) By the.

pref. Preface; prefix.

prep. Preposition.

Pres. President.

Presb. Presbyterian.

Prim. Primary.

Prof. Professor.

vron. Pronoun.

pro tem. (L. pro tempore.) For the time being.

Prov. Proverbs; Provost; province.

prox. (L. proximo.) Next; Of the next month.

P. S. (L. post scriptum.) Postscript.

Ps. Psalm or Psalms.

ps. Pieces.

pt. Pint; part; payment.

Pub. Public; publisher.

Pulv. (L. pulvis.) Powder.

pwt. Pennyweight.

Pxt. or pxt. (L. pinxit.) He, or she, painted it.

Q. Question; query; Queen.

q. d. (L. quasi dicat.) As if he should sav.

Q. E. D. (L. quod erat demonstrandum.) Which was to be demonstrated.

Q. M. G. Quartermaster-General.

qr. Quarter (28 pounds); farthing; quire.

q. s. (L. quantum sufficit.) A sufficient quantity.

qt. Quart; quantity.

Qu. Queen; question; quarter.

Qu. or Qy. (L. quære.) Query.

Quar. Quarterly; quarter. Que. Quebec.

Ques. Question.

q. v. (L. quantum vis.) As much as you will. - (L. quod vide.) Which see.

R.

R. Réaumur; railroa .. -(L. rex.) King. — (L. regina.) Queen. — (L. recipe.) Take.

r. Rod; rood; resides.
Rad. (L. radix.) Root; rad-

ical. (L. radix.) Root;

R. C. Roman Catholic.

Rec. or R. Recipe.

Recd. Received.

Rec. Sec. Recording Secretary.

Ref. Reformed; reformer; reformation; reference.

Reg. Register; regular.

Rep. Representative; reporter; reported.

Rev. Reverend; revise.

R. I. Rhode Island.

Rom. Cath. Roman Catholic.

R. R. Railroad.

R. S. V. P. (F. répondez s'il vous plait.) Answer, if you please.

Rt. Hon. Right Honorable.

S

S. South; sign; saint; sulphur; Sunday; scribe.

s. Shilling; second; son.

\$. Dollar; dollars.

S. A. South America; South Africa; South Australia.

Sat. Saturday.

S. C. South Carolina.

s. c. Small capitals.

Sc. or Sculp. (L. sculpsit.)

He, or she, engraved it.

scil. or sc. (L. scilicit.) To wit; namely.

S. Dak. South Dakota.

S. E. Southeast.

Sec. Secretary.

sec. Second; section.

Sec. Leg. Secretary of Legation.

sect. Section.

Sen. Senate; Senator; Senior.

Sep. or Sept. September; Septuagint.

seq. (L. sequentes or sequentia.) The following; the next.

Serv. or Servt. Servant.

sh. Shilling.

sing. Singular.

sld. Sailed.

S. M. State Militia; Short Meter; Sergeant Major.

S. M. I. (F. Sa Majesté Impériale.) His, or Her, Imperial Majesty.

s. o. Seller's option.

Soc. Society.

Sol. Solomon; solution.

sq. Square.— (L. sequens.)
And the following.

sq. ft. Square feet.

Sr. Senior; strontium.

S. S. Sunday school; Saint Simplicius (the mark on

the collar of the Chief Justice of England).

St. Saint; street; strait.—
(L. stet.) Let it stand.
Stat. Statute; statuary.
Ster. or Stg. Sterling.
Sun. or Sund. Sunday.
Sup. Superior; supplement.
Supt. Superintendent.
Surg. Surgeon; surgery.
s. v. (L. sub voce or verbo.)
Under the word or title.

Under the word or title. S. W. Southwest.

Switz. Switzerland.

T.

T. Tenor; Tuesday; Territory.

t. Township; town; ton.

tal. qual. (L. talis qualis.)
Just as it comes; average
quality.

Tenn. Tennessee.

Tex. Texas.

Th. Thursday: Thomas.

Theor. or theor. Theorem.

Thurs. Thursday.

tier. Tierce.

t. i. d. Three times a day.

Tp. Township.

Tr. Translation; transpose; Treasurer; Trustee.

Treas. Treasurer.

Typ. or Typo. Typographer.

U.

U. K. United Kingdom.

ult. (L. ultimo.) Last; of
the last month.

ung. (L. unguentum.) Ointment.

Univ. University; Universalist.

U. P. United Presbyterian.U. S. United States.

U. S. A. United States of America; United States Army.

U. S. M. United States Mail.U. S. M. A. United StatesMilitary Academy.

U.S.N. United States Navy.

V.

V. Victoria; vanadium; Viscount.

v. Verse; verb; vocatives volume; violin; village.— (L. versus.) Against.— (L. vide.) See.

Va. Virginia.

V. G. Vicar General; Vice Grand.

Vice Pres. Vice President. vid. (L. vide.) See.

viz. (L. videlicet) Namely; to wit.

Vol. or vol. Volume.V. P. Vice President.V. R. (L. Victoria Regina.)Queen Victoria.

vs. (L. versus.) Against. Vt. Vermont. Vul. Vulgate.

vv. ll. (L. variæ lectiones.)
Various readings.

w.

W. West; Welsh; Wednesday; Warden.
Wash. Washington.
Wed. Wednesday.
wf. Wrong font,—in print-

wf. Wrong font,—in print-

W. I. West India; West Indies.

Wis. Wisconsin.W. Lon. West longitude.Wm. William.

W. M. Worshipful Master.

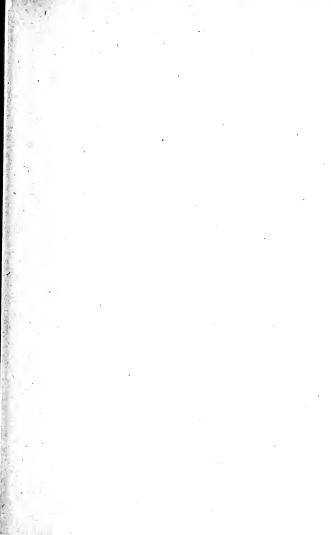
Wt. or wt. Weight.W. Va. West Virginia.Wyo. Wyoming.

Y.

Y. or Yr. Year. Yd. or yd. Yard. The. [The y in this abbreviation is a corrupt representation of Anglo-Saxon character th, introduced when the Anglo-Saxon alphabet was superseded by the Old English or Black Letter. in which y resembled the Anglo-Saxon characterth.] Y. M. C. A. Young Men's Christian Association.

Z.

Zn. Zinc.
Zoöl. Zoölogy; zoölogical.







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