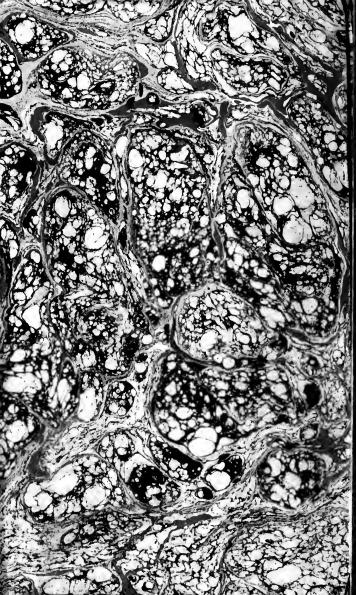
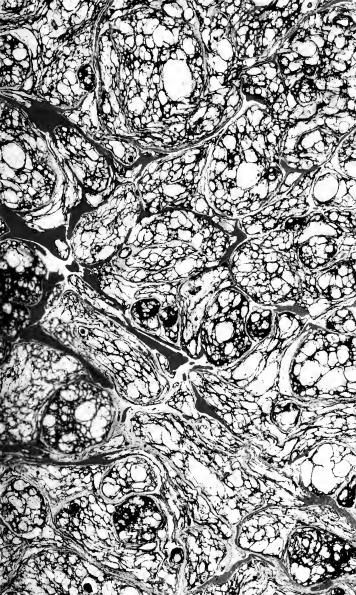


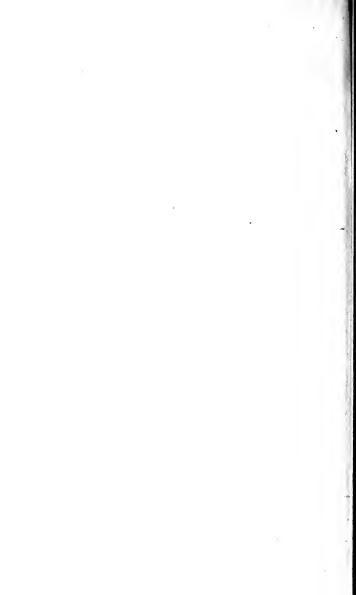
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A

Short and Plain Instruction

FOR

The Better Understanding

OF THE

LORD'S SUPPER;

WITH THE

Necessary PREPARATION required;

For the BENEFIT of

YOUNG COMMUNICANTS.

AND

Of fuch as have not well confidered THIS HOLY ORDINANCE.

To which is annexed

THE OFFICE OF THE

HOLY COMMUNION.

With proper Helps and Directions for joining in every Part thereof with Understanding and Benefit.

By the late Right Reverend Father in GOD, THOMAS, LORD Bishop of Sodor and Man.

THE THIRTY-SECOND EDITION, CORRECTED.

LONDON:

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1807.



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BENEFACTRESS.

MADAM,

You, but only by your good Works, you cannot be offended by this public Acknowledgment of the great Good You have done, and of the good Example You have given in an Age abandoned to all the profane and idle Ways of squandering Estates and Riches without the least

SINCE we are not permitted to know

Dread of an Account to be given for fuch

Talents received and abused.

^{*} A certain unknown Person, who within these sew Years had laid out very considerable Sums of Money in purchasing Bibles, and other Books of Devotion and Piety, for the Use of the People committed to the Care of the Author of these Papers.

Your commendable Zeal to restore and promote the Knowledge and Love of the Bible, at a Time when this facred Book is attacked by Infidels, and too much neglected by Christians, will, one would hope, be imitated, at least by all such as consider, that the Christian Religion at first, and afterwards the Reformation, which we all pretend to value, were carried on, and established, by publishing and dispersing the Scriptures in the Language of every Nation.—And, indeed, it is to be fufpected, that many of those, who now fet themselves so industriously to revile the Revelations and Doctrines of the Gospel, are in the Service of that Church which demies Christians the free Use of the Bible.

If this excellent Kind of Charity has fuffered in the Opinion of some, when they have not found the wished-for Effects of distributing good Books amongst the common People, it is much to be feared, that this has been too often occasioned by those who

who have had the Part of distributing them; For it will be found—That the best of Books, when lightly given, will be lightly valued, and as lightly made use of.

This, I hope, Madam, has in some Meafure been prevented by those who have been your Almoners; who have taken. Care to give some suitable Advice and Instructions how to make Use of your Charity to the Purposes of a Christian Life.

I have often considered and found by Experience, that there is no Way so likely to influence the Lives of Christians;—To inspire young People with a Sense of Religion;—To keep them from Backsliding; and to secure, if possible, the growing Age from the sad Contagion of the present; as by leading them very early to an Ordinance, in which all the Means of Grace and Salvation are exhibited to their View, and in order to which they are always required to consider their Ways;—To renew

their Purposes of Obedience;—And to beg those Graces which are necessary to sit them for Heaven and Happiness. I have, therefore, in the following Papers, endeavoured to make this holy Ordinance, and the Duties required, as plain as may be to the meanest Capacity.

And I hope I have taken Care, as on one Hand not to flatter Sinners, so on the other,—not to fill the Minds of young People with unnecessary Fears and Scruples, or with the Difficulties of a due Preparation, with respect to a Duty which ought to be the Practice of their whole Lives: As if nobody ought to go to this Sacrament, but such as are as perfect as ever they hope to be.

I have, therefore, in these short Devotions, consulted both the Capacities and Tempers of Young Communicants, for whose Use this is chiefly intended, who are apt to be impatient, and weary of longer Prayers.

And

And I would hope that the Specimen of Devotions, before and after the Communion, will not only answer that End, but will be of Use to lead Christians to make proper Reslections, when they read, or hears the Scriptures read, at other Times:—For want of which, these Holy Writings are too often read and heard without any great Benefit, and without affecting the Minds, or influencing the Lives of those that hear them daily.

Having observed with Concern, how often People distract themselves with turning to other Books of Devotions, when they should attend to the public Service of the Church; to prevent this, I have added the whole Communion-Service, with such short Observations, Prayers, Ejaculations, &c. as may be proper to help devout Minds, without diverting them from the Duty they are about.

And the Observations upon the Rubricks, upon the Commandments, and Warnings, &c.

which should be consulted at Home, will be of Use to shew those of our Communion, how well the Church has provided for the Instruction, Ediscation, and Salvation, of all her Members.

In fhort, there is nothing wanting to make this Holy Ordinance to be reverenced, and closed with, by all Persons, and upon all Occasions, but a true Understanding of its Meaning, and the Blessings annexed to it: Where this End is in any good Measure attained, either by this, or any other Books on this Subject, God will be greatly gloristed; which is the great End intended by the following Papers, and prayed for by,

MADAM,

Your Affectionate Friend, and

Servant in Jesus Christ,

THE AUTHOR.

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INTRODUCTION

TO THE TRUE UNDERSTANDING OF THE

LORD'S SUPPER:

WITH

PREPARATORY DEVOTIONS,

INTENDED FOR THE USE AND BENEFIT OF

YOUNG COMMUNICANTS.

SECT. I.

THERE are Two Holy Ordinances or Sacraments appointed by Jesus Christ, as most especial Means of obtaining Grace and Salvation: Which no Christian, who hopes to be saved, must wilfully neglect.

These are Baptism, and the Lord's Supper.

It must be supposed, that you have already been made Partaker of one of these B

two Sacraments;—viz. That of Bartism, by which you were admitted into the Congregation of Christ's Flock,—were restored to the Favour of God,—and had the Holy Spirit communicated to you, for a Principle of a new and spiritual Life; in order to awaken you, and to direct and assist that natural Reason, with which God has endued all Mankind.

But forasmuch as you have done many Things contrary to the Promise made in your Name, when you were baptized—and will stand in Need of greater Degrees of Grace and Assistance, to enable you to resist the Temptations of the World, the Flesh and the Devil, and to do your Duty in that State of Life unto which the Providence of God shall call you; You are therefore now called upon to be Partaker of the other Sacrament,—That of the LORD'S SUPPER; by which, upon your sincere Repentance, you may obtain the Pardon of all your past Sins, and such other Graces as you stand in Need of, to bring you to eternal Life and Happiness.

Take care, therefore, that you understand what you are called to, as well as you are able; and God expects no more.——

For if you go to the Lord's Supper with-

out

out confidering the Reason of that Ordinance, and the very great Concern you have in it-without feeing the Necesfity and Bleffing of a Redeemer, you will go with Indifference, and return without fuch Benefit, as you might otherwise hope for-

To prevent this, you should seriously consider what Account the Holy Scriptures have given us of the Condition we are in, both with respect to this Life, and the Life which is to come.

That is, That we are by Nature Sinners; and that as fuch, God cannot take Pleasure in us :--And that if we die, before we are restored to his Favour, we shall be separated from Him, and miserable for ever.

This will lead you to enquire, how the Nature of Man came to be thus disordered, and prone to evil; for you must not imagine, that God, who is infinitely good, created Man in such a State of Corruption, as you now fee and feel him to be; but that he must have fallen into this wretched Condition, fince he came out of the Hands of his Creator.

And so the Scripture informs us-In the Third Chapter of Genesis, we have this following Account of the State of Man, Before, and After, the Fall:

That Adam and Eve, from whom sprang all Mankind, were created in the Image of God; that is, holy and innocent; having a perfect Knowledge of their Duty, a Command of their Will and Affections, and a Power, through the Grace of God, to do what they saw sit to be done.

In this Condition they were placed in Paradife, in a State of Trial, with a Promise of immortal Life and Happiness, if they should continue to fear, to love, to honour, and obey their Creator; as also with an express Warning, of the dreadful Con-

fequence of their Difobedience.

Notwithstanding which Warning, they, through the Temptation of the Devil, transgressed the Commands of God; and, by doing so, they did not only forfeit all Right to the Promise of eternal Life and Happiness, but also contracted such a Blindness in the Understanding, such a Disorder in their Will and Affections, as all their Posterity seel to their Sorrow; and became subject to Sin, and the Punishment of Sin, which is Misery and Death.

Concerning the *Nature* and *Greatnefs* of this Sin, we are to judge of it by the Great-

ness

ness of the Punishment inflicted upon them, and their Posterity.—For God, being infinitely Just and Holy, could not inslict a Punishment greater than their Sin deserved.

Now this was the Occasion of that universal Corruption and Wickedness which you see and hear of in the World, and which you cannot but, in some Measure, feel in your own Nature;—For, as the Scriptures inform us, Gen. v. 3. Adam begat his Children in his own Likeness; that is, with such a depraved Nature as his was then become.

And now confider into what a fad Condition these unhappy Offenders had brought themselves; and remember that this is your own Condition, and the Condition of all their

Posterity.

The Law of Nature and Reason was infull Force, and could not possibly be dispensed with.—At the same Time they found, by sad Experience, that, as St. Paul describes the sallen State of Man; there was a Law in their Members warring against the Law of their Mind; so that the Good which they would, they did not; but the Evil that they would not, that they did, Rom. vii.

There could not fure be a Condition more deplorable than this:—To live only

to contract evil Habits; and, by doing so,
—To increase their Guilt,—To displease
their Creator,—and to leave an Offspring
as miserable as themselves.

This, therefore, gave Occasion to God to manifest another of his most glorious Perfections, that is, his infinite Goodness

and Mercy.

For God foreseeing this lamentable Condition into which they had fallen by departing from their Obedience, his Goodness had provided such a Remedy, as that neither they nor any of their Posterity should on Account of their Fall, be eternally miserable except through their own Fault.

He, therefore, in consideration of a Redeemer, one of the Seed of the Woman,
who should make full Satisfaction to the
Divine Justice for the Transgression, and
who should bruise the Head, or break the
Power, of that Serpent (the Devil) which
tempted them to Sin;—in Consideration
of this promised Seed, God entered into a
New Covenant with them, by Way of Remedy for what was past, and could not be
undone.

We have Reason to believe that this New Covenant was more fully explained to Adam, than is set down in this short Account given

given us by Moses, and as it is more fully explained in the Gospel; and which was to this Purpose:—That, on Condition of their sincere Repentance and sincere Obedience afterwards, they should be restored to the Favour of God; and after Death, to that Life and Happiness, which in their State of Innocence was promised to them without tasting of Death; which Favour they had forseited by their Disobedience.

And when we consider that our first Parents, now become Sinners, stood in Need of an Atonement, without which, while under the Displeasure of God, their very Lives must be a Burden; and it being decreed by God, as it afterwards appeared, that without shedding of Blood there was to be no Remission of Sin, i. e. without the Death of the Sinner, or fome one in his Stead; we do therefore conclude, that, at this Time, God did appoint Sacrifices, or Sin-offerings, to make an Atonement for the Soul, and to foreshew the Sacrifice of Jesus Christ (which we now commemorate) until he should be offered in Behalf of them, and all their Posterity.

And this appears from what follows in the next Chapter of *Genefis*, where we find Abel by Faith (that is, believing and depending upon this Ordinance of God, for the Remission of Sins, until the promised Redeemer should come; we find him) offering a Sacrifice which was acceptable to God, that is, a Sin-offering, which his Brother not doing was rejected.

But here take Notice, and remember, that these Sacrifices could not take away Sin, but only through Obedience to the Ordinance of God, and through Faith in

the promifed Seed.

They were, indeed, very instructive, and proper to lead Sinners to Repentance, and Amendment of Life, when they saw, that their Sins could not be forgiven, but by the Death of an innocent Creature, bleeding and dying before their Eyes, to make an Atonement for Sin.

And as all Good Men, before the Coming of Christ, did most religioutly keep up the Remembrance of the promised Seed, and obtained the Pardon of their Sins, and Acceptance with God, upon offering Sacrifices through Faith in a Redeemer which was to come;—so all Christians, since the Coming of that Redeemer, are obliged, as they hope for Pardon and Favour from God, to keep up the Remembrance of God's great Mercy, in sending us a Redeemer, and of what that Redeemer has done

to fave us; and this in the Manner which he himself hath ordained.

Now, that you may be more fensible of, and thankful to God for this his infinite Loving-kindness, and that you may be fully convinced of the Necessity and Blessing of a Redeemer, you ought to know and confider, that our Saviour and Redeemer came not, until Man had been tried in all Conditions,—In A STATE OF INNOCENCE UNDER THE GOVERNMENT OF HIS. OWN REASON—and UNDER THE LAW GIVEN BY Moses. All which Methods of Providence, through the perverse Will of Man, had been rendered ineffectual for the Amendment of the World--Notwithstanding which, such was the Goodness of God, that he fent, after all, his own beloved Son, to take our Nature upon him, and to affure Mankind of the tender Love which he had for his poor Creatures, which were ruining themselves, without perceiving the Danger they were in.

This was the Promised Seed!—promised to Adam, as He that should break the Serpent's Head, or Power of the Devil:—Promised to Abraham, as He in whom all the Nations of the Earth should be blessed:—Promised to the People of

B 5 Ifrael

Israel, as that Prophet whom they should hear and obey at their Peril:—Lastly, promised to David as one whose Kingdom should have no End.—And indeed it was with this Promise, that God supported the Spirits of all who seared him, and were in Fear for themselves, until the Fulness of the Time for his Appearance should come.

And now this Promised Redeemer being come, he first shewed by his own Example, recorded in the Gospel, how Men must live, so as to please God. And the Law of Nature, as well as the Law of Moses, having through Sin been much obscured and perverted, he explained them, and gave us such other Laws and Rules, as were absolutely necessary—to mend our Nature—to restore us to the Image of God—to keep us from backsliding, and—to fit us for Heaven and Happiness.

And because in the Decrees of God, as was before observed, without shedding of Blood there could be no Remission of Sin; and it being impossible that the Blood or Life of any other Creature, or of any mortal Man, could take away the Guilt and Punishment due to Sin; our gracious God, both to give to Mankind the greatest Token

of his Love, and at the same time to shew how great his Hatred to Sin is, by the Greatness of the Punishments it required, He sent his own Son to be the Propitiation for our Sins; that is, to make Satisfaction to his Justice, and to take off the just Displeasure which he had declared against Sinners.

And his Son (bleffed for ever be his Goodness) knowing how dreadfully sad the Condition would be of all such, who should live and die under the Displeasure of God, and what inconceivable Happiness they would deprive themselves of; he therefore, moved with Compassion for so great a Calamity, undertook to obtain their Pardon.

In order to this, he cloathed himself with our Flesh, that, as Man, He might suffer what our Sins had deserved; and, as he was the Son of God, he might make a sull and suitable Satisfaction to the Divine Justice, offering himself a Sacrifice for the Sins of the whole World: And for the Joy of delivering so many Millions of Souls from Misery, he endured the Death of the Cross, and all the Afflictions leading to it, which we find recorded in the Gospel.

And, by this worthy Sacrifice, all Man-B 6 kind kind are restored to the Favour of God, and put into a Way and State of Salvation; God having for his Son's Sake, promised to pardon all such as shall repent and forsake their Sins, and bring forth fruits meet for Repentance; as also to give his Holy Spirit to all such as shall sincerely desire him:—And, lastly, to make them eternally happy after Death, if during this short State of Trial, which is designed to mend our corrupt and disordered Nature, they endeavoured to observe the Rules which he has given them, and which are absolutely necessary to make them capable of Heaven and Happiness.

Stop here a while—and adore the infinite Goodness of God, who did not overlook lost Mankind, but fent his Son to re-

deem us.

He might in strict Justice have required Men to have lived up to the Law of Nature and Reason given in the State of Innocence, on Pain of being for ever separated from his Presence; But, instead of that, He has been graciously pleased to accept of our sincere though impersed Obedience, and of our sincere Repentance, when we have done amis, and return to our Duty.

Consider

Consider this seriously:—And you cannot bu express your Thankfulness after some such Manner as this:

The PRAYER.

RLeffed be God for ever for this Instance of his Love to fallen Mankind, in committing the miserable Case of his unhappy Creatures to no less a Person than his own Son!—We are not worthy of all the Mercies which Thou hast shewed thy Servants. -Grant, O God, that this wonderful I ove may not be lost upon me: But that knowing my fad Condition by Nature, I may be truly convinced of the Necessity and Bleffing of a Redeemer; and that I may, with a Heart full of Gratitude, join with thy Church in giving our devoutest Thanks to Thee, and in keeping up the Remembrance of what thy bleffed Son has done and fuffered for us: to whom, with Thee and the Holy Ghost, be all Honour, Praise, and Thanksgiving, for ever and ever. Amen.

SECT. II:

The End and Institution of the Lord's Supper.

ST. Paul concludes his First Epistle to the Corinthians with this remarkable Direction:—If any Man love not the Lord Jesus, let him be Anathema, Maranatha; that is,—Let him be separated from your Communion, as one under the Displeasure of God, and, without a timely Repentance, in no Possibility of being saved: Nothing being more grievous in the Sight of God, than for a Sinner to slight the greatest Instance of his Mercy that ever was offered to Man, as well as the only Means of his Salvation.

To prevent this, and to hinder Sinners from forgetting (which they are but too apt to do) this Token of God's infinite Love, and to fix the Love of Jesus Christ more surely in our Hearts and Memory, he himself hath taken Care, that his Love and Mercy, should throughout all Generations, be remembered; he did therefore ordain this Sacrament as a Memorial of our Redemption, and of his Love for us; as a Pledge

Pledge to affure us of it: and as an outward Means and Sign of testifying, as well as increasing, our Love to him.

The holy Apostles of Christ, who were present when he first administered this Sacrament, give us the following Account of

its End and Inistitution:

They fignify to us, in the first Place, that this Sacrament was ordained by Christ the same Night in which he was betrayed; and after they had observed the Passover, which had been ordained to preferve the Memory of their great Deliverance from the Bondage of Egypt, and which did prefigure, and was a Prophecy of a much greater Deliverance, which Jesus Christ was to be the Author of, not only for them but for all Mankind: and which Prophecy was furprifingly fulfilled by that People, without knowing what they were doing, when they crucified Jesus Christ, the true Paschal Lamb, the very same Month, the very same Day of the Mouth, and the very same Hour of the Day, that the Paschal Lamb was first ordained to be facrificed.

Now, after the Paschal Supper, as the Apostles relate it—Jesus Christ took Bread, and blessed it, and brake it, and gave it to his Disciples, saying, Take, eat: This

is my body, which is given for you: This do in Remembrance of me. He took also the Cup, and gave Thanks, and gave it to them saying, Drink ye all of This; for this is my Blood of the New Covenant, which is shed for you, and for many, for the Remission of Sins: This do, as oft as ye shall drink it, in Remembrance of Me: for as oft as ye shall eat this Bread, and drink this Cup, ye do shew the Lord's Death till he come.

In obedience therefore to this Command of Jesus Christ who has delivered us from a much greater Bondage than that of Egypt—The Christian Church keeps up the Memory of his Love, his Sacrifice, and his Sufferings, and Death, after this solemn.

Manner:

First, as an Acknowledgment, that our Lives, and that all we eat or drink to preferve them, are owing to the Bounty of God, we present upon his Table, by the Hands of his own Minister, a Portion of his Creatures, the best we have for the Support and Comfort of our natural Life, namely, Bread and Wine.—After this the Bread and Wine are consecrated, the Bread is broken, and the Wine poured out, to represent the Death of Christ whose Body was broken, and whose Blood was shed for us.

Then

Then the Minister of GOD, as the Steward of Christ's Houshold, applies these Blessings to every Person, who receives this Sacrament, in this devout Prayer:—The Body and Blood of Christ, which were given and shed for Thee, preserve thy Body and

Soul unto everlasting Life.

And we may be affured of it, that this Sacrament will be to every worthy Communicant, what the Tree of Life would have been unto Adan and Eve in Paradise:—
And that as they, had they continued obedient, would have been in no Danger of temporal Death: even so we, while we feed on this Bread, now endued with a Lifegiving Spirit, and live as we ought to do, are in no Danger of Death eternal.

These being *Pledges* to assure us, that as certainly as Bread and Wine do nourish our Bodies, so do these seal to us all the Benefits, which Jesus Christ hath purchased for

us, by his Sacrifice and Death.

And when any Christian does wilfully, and for want of Faith, deprive himself of this Spiritual Food, he falls, as our first Parents did, into a State purely natural, and destitute of the Means of Grace and Salvation.

 \mathbf{For}

For the Happiness of the World, and of every Soul in it, depends upon the Sacrifice of Christ; of which we are bound to keep up the Remembrance after this solemn Manner.

That, whenever we pray for any Favour or Bleffing, we may remember to do it in his Name:—That, whenever we are so unhappy as to have done any Thing which may displease God, we may remember to pray to be forgiven for Christ's Sake.

For God grants whatever we ask, and which he sees to be for our Good, when we ask in Faith, that is, in his Son's Name; and therefore the Church concludes all her Prayers in these most prevailing Words:—

For Jesus Christ's Sake.

In one Word, we do by this Sacrament keep up a continual Correspondence with our Lord in Heaven, and holy Communion with him, and with all the Members of his Body, which receive Nourishment and Growth from him, as the Branches from the Tree in which they are grafted, and from which when they are separated, they can bear no Fruit, and are only fit to be burned.

As every Christian is obliged, at the Peril of his Soul, to observe it, so the Duty

must be such, as every one, even the most unlearned, may understand, if it is not his own Fault.

And so indeed it is: For as an Israelite Levit. i. 4. under the Law, being obliged to lay his Hand upon the Head of his Sacrifice, confessing his Sins, and laying them, as it were, upon that Creature—as he did easily understand, that this was to shew him, that Death was the due Reward of Sin; that this ought to humble him before God, and to give him the greatest Abhorrence of Sin, which could not be pardoned but by the Loss of the Life of an innocent Creature.

As this was plain to the meanest Israelite, even so the most unlearned Christian, when he considers, that our Lord Jesus Christ became a Sacrifice for us, and that on him all our Sins were laid,—on him who knew no Sin;—he will easily understand how sad our Condition was, which required such a Sacrifice:—That this therefore ought to humble us,—to lead us to Repentance,—to make us fearful of offending God,—and to abhor those Sins which cost Jesus Christ his Life, before God could be prevailed with to pardon them.

He-will also easily understand, that the Love of Christ, and the Remembrance of his Death, ought to be very dear to us; and that the oftener we remember it in the Manner he ordained, the more Graces we shall receive from God: The firmer will be our Faith, the surer our Pardon, and the more comfortable our Hopes of meeting him not as an Enemy but as a Friend, at whose Table we have been so often entertained.

And now, if you have considered what you have read with any Degree of Attention, you will pause awhile,—until you have expressed your Gratitude for this Mercy, after some such Manner as this following:

The PRAYER.

O Jesus who hast loved us, and washed us from our Sins, and purchased us by thy own Blood,—and didst ordain this Sacrament; in order to secure us to thyself, by a grateful Remembrance of what thou hast done and suffered for us, make me truly sensible of thy Love, and of our sad Condition, which did require such a Sacrifice.

May I always receive this Pledge of thy Love,

Love,—The Offers of Mercy, Pardon and Grace, tendered to us in this holy Ordinance, with a thankful Heart, and in Remembrance of Thee, our great and best Benefactor; in Remembrance of thy holy Example,—Of thy heavenly Doctrine,—Of thy laborious Life,—Of thy bitter Passion and Death,—Of thy glorious Refurrection,—Of thy Ascension into Heaven,—and of thy coming again to judge the World!

And may I never forget the Obligation Thou hast laid upon us, to live as becomes thy Disciples; and to forsake every Course of Life contrary to thy Gospel: Cease not, O Lord, to love us; and by thy Grace vouchsafed in this Ordinance, cause us to love Thee with all our Hearts. Amen.

SECT. III.

How a Christian ought to prepare himself for this Sacrament.

AS the above Account of this holy Ordinance is easy to be understood, even by the most unlearned Christian: so the Preparation required is such, as will neither puzzle

puzzle the Understanding, nor burden the Memory, nor take up too much of the Time, of those that are engaged in the most necessary Employments of Life.

The Church had Regard to all her Members, when she gave this short, and plain Direction to such as prepare to go to

the Lord's Supper:

That they examine themselves,

Whether they repent them truly of their former Sins?

Whether they stedfastly purpose to lead a

new life?

Whether they have a lively faith in God's Mercy through Christ?

Whether they have a thankful Remem-

brance of his Death? And

Whether they be in Charity with all Men?

Now, forafmuch as all Christians, who are capable of examining themselves and their own Consciences, are bound, as they hope for Salvation thro' Christ, to go to this Sacrament: And because young People are often at a Loss how to examine themselves upon these several Heads: Here follow a few plain Directions, which they that can read, should read with Care; and they that cannot, if they have a true Concern

cern for themselves, will find some good Christian, who will be glad to read it to them, and do thereby a Work which must be well-pleasing to God.

The FIRST HEAD on which you are to examine yourfelf, is, concerning your RE-PENTANCE.

BY what you have already heard concerning the Fall of Man, you understand how all Men became subject and prone to Sin; and you cannot but feel it to be so by sad Experience. We are affured also, and this by the Spirit of God, that without a fincere Repentance no Man must hope to be saved.

Now by Repentance you are to underfland a Man's condemning himself, for having done any Thing displeasing to God: —either such Things as God has forbidden, to keep us from ruining ourselves; or by omitting such Duties as he has commanded, in order to sit us for Happiness when we die.

So that if either the Fear of God's Difpleafure, or a Love of Him who has been so good to you, will weigh with you, you will will most heartily condemn yourself for every Thing you have done contrary to his Will and Command.

You will also beg him most earnestly to forgive you what is past; and you will promise and resolve, through his Grace and Help, not wilfully to offend him again.

And, lastly, you will not forget to pray for his *Grace* every Day of your Life; without which your best Resolutions will come

to nothing.

This is that Repentance concerning which you are required to examine yourfelf, before you go to the Lord's Supper.

Most People, it is true, are ready to own, that they are Sinners, and cry, Lord forgive us; and this too often without any great Concern, or Purposes of Amendment.

But this you will not think fufficient, when you feriously consider, that the *End* and *Punishment* of Sin are not to be seen in this Life.

If, therefore, you stand in any Fear of the Judgment of God, set yourself seriously to consider your past Life; see whether you have not lived, or do not now live, in

any

any known Sin, or evil Habit: Of Lying
— for Example: or Swearing — or
Drinking — or filthy Talking; — Of Uncleanness, — of keeping loose and profane
Company — of following unwarrantable
Pleasures and Diversions, or — of leading

an idle, useless, sinful Life.

If this has been your Case, resolve to break off all these, and all such-like evil Ways, which are displeasing to God; condemn yourself for having so desperately broken the Commands of one who can destroy both Body and Soul in Hell: Consider the Vows that are upon you,—and despise not the Goodness and Forbearance of God, which is designed to lead you to Repentance.

If you ask when you are to begin this necessary Work (if it is not already begun) the Answer is short: The very Moment you ask the Question;—and this, because if you find an Unwillingness in yourself to set about it now—that Unwillingness will every Day increase: Very probably you will never repent, unless God by his Judgments, or by the Sight of Death, shews you your sad Error, when it may be too late to be of any real Use to you.

Now, if these Considerations affect your C Heart,

Heart, as sure they will if you have any Regard for your Salvation, represent your Desires to God in some such Words as these following:

The PRAYER.

BLeffed be God, who by his Grace, and by the Voice of his Church, hath called me to Repentance! Discover to me, O thou Searcher of Hearts, the Charge that is against me, that I may know, and confess, and sorfake the Sins I have fallen into.—Give me that true Repentance, to which thou hast promised Mercy and Pardon, that I may amend where I have done amiss, and that Iniquity may not be my Ruin.-And, O bleffed Advocate, who ever liveth to make Intercession for us, I put my Cause into thy Hands; let thy Blood and Merits plead for me, and by thy mighty Intercession procure for me the Pardon of my past Offences.—That thou mayest say unto me as thou didst unto the Penitent in the Gospel—Thy Sins are forgiven;—so that I may go with a quiet Conscience to thy holy Table. Amen.

SECT. IV.

Concerning the Purposes you are to make of leading a New, that is, a Christian Life.

IN the first Place, take especial Notice, that God accepts of our Repentance on this Condition only, that we may afterwards glorify him by an holy Christian Life.

And as he delivered the People of Ifrael from Bondage, not that they might do what was right in their own Eyes, but that becoming an holy Nation, they might be an Honour to their Deliverer,—Deut. xiv. 2.—Even fo Christ has redeemed us from the Bondage of Sin and Satan, that he might redeem us from this present evil World, and purify unto himself a People zealous of good Works.

And as the former perished, that is, all such as did not answer the End of their Deliverance, so most surely shall we do, if

we do not obey our Redeemer.

Your Duty to God, your Neighbour, and Yourself, you have known from a Child:

—Be affured of it, you will meet with Temptations from the Devil, the World,

and your own corrupt Heart, both to neglect and transgress the Commands of God.

It will be absolutely necessary therefore, that you arm yourself betimes, both with holy Resolutions, and with this holy Ordinance, which you are preparing to go to, that you may be able, through the Grace of God, to go on in the Way of Salvation.

Now your Duty to God is—To believe in Him, to fear and to love Him, with all your Heart and Soul; forasmuch as you stand indebted to Him for all you have, or value, or hope for, in this or the next

Life.

Do but confider how you would behave yourfelf, if you were but half fo much obliged to any Man on Earth!—How dearly would you love him!—How often would you think of him!—How would you frive to please him!—How would you be grieved, if you should be so unhappy as to offend him!—How foon and earnestly would you beg his Pardon, to be restored to his Favour!

Now, if you thus love God, it will appear in fuch Inftances as these: You will have

have a very great Regard for every Thing that belongs to him:—You will not use his Name to any idle or wicked Purpose:

—You will religiously observe the Day consecrated to his Honour and Service:

—You will carefully attend the House and Worship of God:—And behave yourself with Reverence and Devotion, while you are in his Presence.—You will hear his Word with Attention, and have a great Regard for his Ordinances, and for the Persons whom he hath appointed to administer them.

If you truly fear God, you will part with any Thing as dear as a Right Hand, or a Right Eye, rather than provoke Him who can destroy both Body and Soul in

Hell.

If you believe Him to be the Fountain of all Good, you will pray to Him daily.

—And if you put your whole Trust in God, as it is your Duty to do—you will endeavour to be pleased with all his Dealings with you—You will never murmur at the Ways of his Providence, nor suffer your Heart to fret against the Lord——And especially you will never attempt to better or secure your Condition by any evil Ways:—Believing assuredly,

that God can and will make you full Amends in the next Life, for what you want or fuffer in this, in Submission to his Will.

Lastly, your Duty is to be thankful to God,—The Way to be so is, to look upon every Mercy you receive as the Gift of God:—Every Danger you escape, as owing to his Care and Providence:—every good Thought, every good Purpose, every Occasion of doing Good, as the Effect of his good Spirit.

Think, and act, and purpose thus:—And it will be as natural to thank God for all the Dispensations of his Providence, as it is for you to beg any Blessing from him,

which you stand most in need of.

Stop awhile — until you have confidered these Things, and until you have expressed your Sense of them in this following Prayer:

The PRAYER.

THIS is indeed the first and great Command, To love Thee, O God, with all our Heart; for on this depends our Salvation. But even this must be the Gift of thy Grace; For this Grace 1 now apply to Thee, to make my Love and Fear of Thee the governing Principle of my whole Life;—That I may always do what I believe will please Thee:—That I may carefully avoid what I know will offend Thee:—And that I may live as having Thee the constant Witness of my Thoughts, Words, and Actions.

Give me a stedsast Faith in thy Word and Promises; a firm Trust in thy Power:

Let the Fear of thy Justice keep me from Presumption, and a Sense of thy Goodness from Despair.—Defend me from all those bewitching Snares which destroy our Love of Thee; from worldly Cares; from all sensual and sinful Pleasures; from evil Company; from soolish Diversions; and from every Thing that may make me forget, that thou alone art worthy to be feared and loved: Grant me these Mercies for thy Son Jesus Christ his Sake;—whose Love and Death we are going to commemorate. Amen.

SECT. V.

Your Duty to your Neighbour and Yourself.

THIS is the Second Great Command, and will require the most solemn Resolutions you can make, before you go to the Lord's Supper.

Consider therefore whether you can fin-

cerely refolve as follows:

I dare not, I will not be indifferent how I lead my Life.—I know what God has commanded me, and I purpose sincerely to do it.

I will, in the first Place, be obedient to the lawful Commands of my Superiors, and especially to those who watch for my Soul.

—I do sincerely purpose in all my Dealings to remember the Command given me by my Saviour—Thou shalt love thy Neighbour as thyself.——And therefore I will make a Conscience of doing the least Wrong to any Man;—of using any Deceit or Fraud, or Oppression; or of taking Advantage of the Ignorance, Mislakes, or Necessity, of my Neighbour; knowing assured by that he who wrongs his Neighbour,

bour, does the greatest Injury to himself.
—And if at any Time I am convinced that I have done him any Wrong, I will make him Satisfaction, as far as I am able, without being forced by Law,—To do unto others what I would they should do unto me.

To this End, I will endeavour to live peaceably and charitably with all People; —avoiding all Malice and Revenge, and Evil-speaking, and Contention, as much as possibly I can.—And I will speak Truth at all Times, and especially when I am called to my Oath, whether it be for, or against any worldly Interest.

As TO THE DUTY I OWE TO MYSELF

—I am convinced, that—my first
and great Concern ought to be,—To take
Care of my own Soul.

I do therefore stedsastly purpose to lead a serious Life, as one under the Sentence of Death ought to do:—To be sober, temperate, and chaste; that, when I die, I may be admitted into the Paradise of God, where no unclean Thing must enter.

To this End, I resolve to keep a Watch over myself, that I may avoid all such Company, such Pleasures, and Diver-

fions, as may make me lose the Remembrance of Death, and the Account I must

give.

I will endeavour to be content with my Condition, not coveting what is another Man's, neither envying the *Prosperity*, nor taking Pleasure in the *Calamities*, of my Neighbour.

And forafmuch as a Life of *Idleness* and *Luxury* is hateful to God, I will strive to do my Duty in the State of Life in which his Providence has placed me; not flattering myself, that *I do no Evil*, when *I do no Good* in my Generation,—lest the Sentence upon the unfruitful Tree be passed upon me,—Cut it down, why cumbereth it the Ground?

These Duties I will endeavour to perform, as a proof of the Love and Reverence I bear to God, who is so good as to accept of my Repentance, and a sincere

though imperfect Obedience.

And if through Weakness, Temptation, or sjudden Surprize, I shall be so unhappy as to forget any of these Resolutions, and sall into Sin, I will, as soon as I perceive it, beg God's Pardon, and be more careful for the Time to come.

Now if your Conscience can witness for

for you, that you piously purpose to live after this Manner, you may safely go to the Lord's Table, and the Blessing of God will go along with you.

Go no further till you have confidered those Purposes again; for they are to be the Purposes of your whole Life, and of

every Day of your Life.

And then address yourself to God,—that through his gracious Assistance, they may make the more lasting Impression upon your Mind.

The PRAYER.

GRacious God, who hast given us Precepts, and an Example to walk by, let the Remembrance of them be always seasonably present with me—Give me Grace to practise them conscientiously,—to reverence my Betters, and all that are in Authority,—and especially such as are ordained to pray for, and to bless us in thy Name.—Let my Love for Thee and for my Neighbour, keep me from all Acts of Injustice, or Injury, to his Body, or good Name;—Let me never wilfully vex or trouble him;—never covet what is his, or envy his Prosperity.—May I ever be ready to help and comfort

fort all such as are in Distress! Give me Grace to be faithful in all Things committed to my Trust;——that I may never pervert Truth and Justice;—never propagate Slander, or raise evil Reports, nor ever tempt others to Sin.—Give me the Spirit of Temperance and Chastity, and grant that I may never provoke Thee by any Instance of Uncleanness to shut me out of Heaven, where no unclean Thing can enter.—Give me Grace so to order my Conversation, that I may encourage others to live as becomes the Gospel of Jesus Christ; for whose Sake I beg to be heard. Amen.

SECT. VI.

The next Thing you are to enquire into is, Whether you have A LIVELY FAITH in God's Mercy through Christ.

NOW because so very much depends upon our having such a Faith—the Holy Ghost has given us all the Arguments,—all the Assurance,—that our Hearts can desire. God so loved the World, that he spared not his own Son (saith the Apostle) but gave him up for us all.

Rom.

Rom. viii. 32.—Can there be a greater, a furer Pledge of the Love of God for his poor Creatures?—He made him to be Sin (that is, a Sin-offering):—He delivered him to Death in our Stead:—Can we, after this, doubt of, or diffrust, the Mercy of God?

Observe the Method St. Paul takes to confirm our Faith, by giving us the strongest Proofs of our Acceptance with God. God, saith he, commended his Love to us, in that while we were Enemies, we were reconciled to him by the Death of his Son—Much more, being reconciled, we shall be saved by his Life.—Rom. v. 10.—What may we not, after this, hope for from God?

In short, Jesus Christ has redeemed us from the Curse of the Law.—Thro' him we have Peace with God.—Rom. v. 1.— This is the only Foundation of our Faith, our Hope, and Confidence.—He is our Sacrifice, our Mediator, our Advocate; the Knowledge of which ought to remove all Occasions of Despair and Fear, from the Displeasure of God.

Indeed if we should attempt to go to God, without an Interest in Christ, we could hope for nothing but to be rejected;

but

but when we go to him, as redeemed by his own Son—and represent to him, as we do in this holy Sacrament, what he has done and suffered for us, we approach him as entirely reconciled to us.

But then you must remember, that he gave himself for us, and hath redeemed us from the Power of the Devil, for this End, that he may purify unto himself a People confecrated to his Service.—Consecrate therefore yourself to Jesus Christ, and with faithful Abraham stagger not at the Promises of God; but go to this Sacrament with a full Assurance of Faith, that God will pardon your Sins, and give you all the Graces you shall stand in need of.—Only remember, that this Faith itself is the Gist of God, and must be prayed for, for Christ's Sake; which you may do after this Manner.

The PRAYER.

I Befeech Thee, O God, by that Love which moved Thee to give thine own Son for lost Mankind, give me a Faith in thy Promises for his Sake, as firm as thy Word, on which my Faith is grounded: And let me never presume upon thy gracious Promises, without sincerely endeavouring

vouring to perform the Conditions on which they were made, and without being zealous of good Works, for which we were redeemed.—May the Remembrance of our Saviour's Love, and of thy great Mercy, be ever feasonably present with me, to keep me from Despair! And may my Faith in thy Promises support me in the Hour of Death!—May my Redeemer be my Resuge, his Blood and Merits plead for me, that I may have my Lot and Portion with those whom he hath purchased with his most precious Blood! Amen.

SECT. VII.

Whether you have a thankful Remembrance of Christ's Death:—This is the next Thing you are to enquire into.

NOW this will always bear some Proportion to the Sense you have of the Evil he has delivered you from, and the Blessing he has by his Death procured for you.

Consider therefore yourself as a poor, finful, lost, undone Creature, without a Redeemer.—Consider what that Redeemer has done for you:—What he did,

did, and what he suffered, when he took upon himself to answer for the Sins of Men.

Confider that he was the Son of God; that He had done no Wrong, neither was Guile found in his Mouth; notwithstanding this, being to answer for Sinners, he was treated and punished as a Sinner deserves to be:—He was despised! Set at nought!—Persecuted and rejected by his own People, whom he came to redeem!

He was betrayed by his own Disciple; falsely accused!—Unrighteously condemned!—Unmercifully scourged!—Had a Murderer preferred before him!—Was crucified as a Malefactor; and in the very Midst of his Torments, was most inhumanly re-

viled!

Consider the Reason of all this.—It was not only to satisfy the Justice of God for the Sins of Men, and procure their Pardon upon their Repentance and suture Obedience; but also to shew Mankind, what Treatment Sin and Sinners, who have rebelled against their Maker, do deserve;—and to teach us, when God orders or permits us Sinners to undergo such Indignities and Afflictions in this our State of Trial, that we ought to take our Cross patiently

tiently as our Redeemer did; and be content, and even pleased, to sulfil the Will of God, in sollowing his Example in his Sufferings in this Life, that we may be Partakers of his Glory in the next.

In the next Place, consider the Blessing which Jesus Christ hath by his Death obtained for us.—He hath delivered us from the great Power which the Devil had over Mankind, by procuring us Grace to resist and overcome him.—He hath prevailed with God—to overlook the Untowardness of our Nature;—to pardon our greatest Offences upon our true Repentance:—And, being by his Death reconciled to God, we have, for his Sake, free Liberty to apply to him, as Children to a Father, for what we stand in need of.

He has also obtained for us the Assistance of an Almighty Spirit, to enable us to know, and to do, what is necessary to sit us for Heaven and Happiness:—And he has prevailed with God that these shall be our certain Portion, if we are not wanting to ourselves.—In one Word, Jesus Christ has entirely freed us from all Fears of what may come hereaster, if it is not purely our own Fault.

The

The most unlearned Christian may know what is required of him.

. The greatest Sinner may depend upon

Pardon on his Repentance.

The weakest Christian may rely upon all necessary Assistance. And the meanest Christian is sure not to be overlooked.

By all which you may perceive what Thanks you owe to God for your great and good Redeemer, and for what he has done and suffered for you;—which you will do well to express in some such Manner as this.

The PRAYER.

GIVE me Leave, O God, to mention before Thee the Death of thy Son, and the infinite Bleffings I have received thereby: Add this to all thy Favours, I befeech Thee, that I may never forget these Mercies;—never forget to be thankful for them;—but that I may preserve the Remembrance of them in the Manner which he hath ordained.—It thank Thee, O God, for that Word, in which thou hast caused these thy Mercies, and his Example, to be recorded.—Make me truly sensible of that Love which brought him down from Heaven;

—and how fad our Condition was, which required fuch a Sacrifice.—May I learn by his Patience, Humility, Self-denial, and Refignation, what Virtues are most acceptable to thy Divine Majesty!—And may I take him for my Lord and Master, and Teacher, and Example; and dedicate myself to Thee, and to thy Service, for his Sake! Amen.

SECT. VIII.

The last Enquiry you are to make, is, Whether you are in Charity with all the World?

Concerning which, take especial Notice, that the two great Ends of this Ordinance mentioned in Scripture are;

The First, To keep up the Remembrance of Christ's Death, till his Coming again.

The Second, To be a folemn Token of our Communion with Jesus Christ, and of our Union and Charity with all his Family.

To this End he has ordained, that as all Christians, high and low, rich and poor,

ſhall

shall make up one Body, of which he is the Head;—and one Family, of which he is the Master:—So they should all eat at one Table, of one Bread, as a Sign of that Love, and Peace, and Friendship, and Readiness to help one another, as Occasion shall require, and as Members of the same Body will naturally do.

And indeed your Acceptance with God, will very much depend upon your hearty Good-will for every Christian, and for all

Mankind.

Therefore you must take especial Care, lest there be any Person with whom you are not at Peace; -whom you cannot forgive, and pray for, and do him all the Good that can in reason be expected from you :- That you be disposed to make Satisfaction to any Person that has been injured by you, or who may have taken just Offence at your Words or Actions, this being a Duty which Jefus Christ himself has commanded, Matt. v. 23. And that you be ready to forgive every Person, who may have injured you, as you expect For-giveness of God:—Remembering the dreadful Sentence mentioned in Matt. xviii. Thou wicked Servant, I forgave thee all thy Debt: Shouldest not thou have had Compassion

on thy Fellow-servant, even as I had Pity on thee? And the Lord was wroth, and delivered him to the Tormentors.

And lastly, you are to take care, that you love, not in Word only, but in Deed, and in Truth; that is, that you do Good, as well as give good Words; and relieve Jesus Christ in his poor Members.

And believe it for a certain Truth, that a charitable and forgiving Temper is not near fo beneficial to any Body as to him that hath it; it being more bleffed to give than to receive; and to forgive, than to infift upon Satisfaction for Injuries and Wrongs done to us; Acts xx. 35.

This being fo necessary a Grace, you will not fail to beg of God most earnestly

to vouchsafe it to you.

The PRAYER.

THIS is my Commandment, that ye love one another as I have loved you.—Hear, O my Soul, what thy Saviour has commanded thee;—He who loved us, and gave himself an Offering and a Sacrifice to God for us.

May this thy Love, O Jesus be the Motive and Pattern of my Love, and Charity for all Mankind!—Where this hath

hath not been my Practice, I implore thy gracious Pardon; and befeech Thee to fortify my Soul against all Suggestions of Satan, or my corrupt Nature and blind Passions:—That I may always be prepared to go to thine Altar, with the same charitable Dispositions with which I desire and

hope to die.

Thou, O Jesus, madest thine Enemies thy Friends, by laying down thy Life for them.—Be thou my Advocate with God for Grace to follow thy heavenly Charity and Example, that I may overcome Evil with Good; that I, and all the Members of thy Family, may love as Brethren:—
That we may always meet at thy Table as sincere Friends, and part with true Love and Affection, as becomes thy Diciples. Amen.

SECT. IX

BY this Time you fee the Reason of this Institution; the Necessity, as well as the invaluable Blessing, of observing it religiously; and the Manner of preparing yourself for it, as often as you have an Opportunity.

And

And remember, that the oftener you look into the State of your Soul, in order to go to this Ordinance, the less Trouble you will have to make your Peace with God, when you come to die; and the less Danger you will be in of falling into a State of Sin and Security, which has been the Ruin of an infinite Number of Souls.

Besides this, you will have the greatest Comfort of Life, when you perceive that you are still growing in Grace, and tending to that Persection, which must fit you for Heaven.

On the other Hand, if you turn your Back upon this Ordinance, it must be because you will not be at the Pains to understand your Duty, your Interest, and your Danger.

You have not confidered, that there is no Pardon, no Grace, no Salvation, to be hoped for, but by pleading with God what his Son hath done, and fuffered, and merited for us, and in the Manner he has ordained.

And if you will confult your own Confcience it will tell you, that some of these are the true, though most wretched Causes of your Contempt of this Command of

your Saviour's:

Either you live in some known Sin, or ungodly Way of Life, which you cannot resolve to sorsake:—Or, you are not willing to renew your Vows made in Baptissin:—Or, which is generally the Case,—You have no real Concern for you Soul; only you delude yourself with some saint Purposes and Hopes, that some Time or other you will become a new Man.

In the mean Time you are guilty of a Sin too like the denying the Lord that bought you:—You bring an evil Report upon an Ordinance of Christ, as if it were not worth observing:—You harden wicked People in their Insidelity, and Neglect of their Salvation, by calling yourself a Christian, and living like an Heathen, in the Contempt of one of the greatest Means of Salvation:—You live in a State in which all your Prayers, whether public or private, whether for yourself or for others; will be rejected.

In fhort, you provoke God every Day more and more to withdraw his Grace,
——To leave you to your own corrupt Way of Living, till you have filled up the Measure of your Sins, and prepared for yourself

yourself a Sentence not to be heard without trembling,—I tell you that none of these Men that were bidden, shall taste of my Supper,——The Marriage Supper of the Lamb in Heaven.

How great then must the Sin of those be, who neglect to administer, and of those who turn their Backs upon this Ordinance, upon which our Salvation depends! It being the Blood of Christ which must cleanse us from all Sin.——I John i. 7.

AFTER all, this is not to encourage any Person to go to the Lord's Supper without a Wedding-garment, without a due Regard to the Duty.-For a Man may go fo unworthily, as to receive Judgment instead of a Bleffing: --- For Example, ---Such as live in any known Sin unrepented of; Such as are not fincerely resolved to live and be governed by the known Laws of the Gospel;——Such as live at Variance with their Neighbours, without being willing to be reconciled; Such as have done Wrong, and will not make Satisfaction, as they are able; Lastly, Such as go out of mere Custom, without considering the End or Benefit of the Ordinance; and

and return to their usual finful Liberties, as soon as the Service is over.

All fuch ought to know, that they went unworthily; and if they have any true Concern for their Souls, they will confider better, and lay themselves under stricter Obligations, before they go again to the Lord's Supper.

But then let them not, at the Peril of their Souls, deal deceitfully, and make this a Pretence of neglecting to go to this Ordinance for the future; lest they provoke God to leave them to themselves, which is one of the greatest Judgments that can befalthem.

On the other Hand, let not any well-meaning Christians be discouraged with Fears of having gone unworthily to the Lord's Supper; and so forbear, because they do not find all the Benefit and Change wrought in them, which they hoped for; but let them consider, that a State of Holiness and Persection is not to be expected at once, but by Degrees, and as we make good Use of the Graces, which the Holy Spirit from Time to Time vouchsafes to us:

A good Christian not being one who has

no Inclination to Sin, but one who, through the Grace of God, immediately checks and fuffers not such Inclination to grow into evil Habits.

God, who knows our Infirmities, will accept our *fincere Endeavours*, though attended with *Imperfections* and *Backshidings*, provided we condemn ourselves for them, and strive to amend.

And let us remember for our Comfort, that Jesus Christ himself pronounced all his Disciples (the Traitor excepted) to be clean, that is, qualified to receive this Sacrament, which he was going to administer to them, although he knew them to be subject to very great Failings and Instrmities; which soon appeared, when they all forsook him, contrary to their solemn Promises; but this they repented of, and were forgiven by their compassionate Redeemer.

If therefore you love God, and your Neighbour, though not so fervently as you could wish;—If you have a real Desire of being better than at present you find yourself to be;—If the Fruits of the Holy Spirit, though in a very low Degree, do appear in your Life;——Lastly, if you do daily pray for God's Grace, that you

may, in his good Time, be what he would have you to be, and do not live in any known Sin; by no Means forbear to go to this Ordinance, as often as you have an Opportunity; and depend upon God's Bleffing, and an increase of his Graces.

The PRAYER.

GRANT, O God, that I may never draw down thy Judgments upon myfelf, either by turning my Back upon this Ordinance, or by going to it without Thought, and unworthily. May thy Mercy pardon what is past, and give me Grace, for the Time to come, and consecrate my Life to thee, and to embrace every Occasion of remembering my Redeemer's Love, and thereby securing thy Favour, and my own Salvation! And, if it be thy Will, grant that I may always find such Comfort and Benesit in this Ordinance, as may encourage me to observe it with Joy unto my Life's End.

Give me leave to recommend to thine infinite Mercy the miserable Condition of all such, as neglect so great Means of Grace, and Salvation.—Awaken all Christian People into a Sense of this Duty:—Open their Eyes, and correct their Mistakes, that they

may

may be convinced, that this is the only Means of making their Peace with Thee, and of rendering their Persons and their Prayers acceptable to thy Divine Majesty, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

SECT. X.

EVERY well-disposed Christian, after he has thus far prepared himself for this Sacrament, will endeavour to keep the Thoughts of his Duty, and the Bleffing he hopes for, warm in his Heart, until the Time of Receiving.

Some of the following Scriptures, and Meditations upon them, may, through God's Grace, answer that End; nor will they take up too much Time, because some or more of them, as Occasion offers, may be devoutly used in the Midst of Business.

And this Method of Devotion is here proposed, to lead Christians to make proper Reflections upon other Parts of Scripture which they read or hear.

Rev. iii. 17. Thou fayest I am rich, and have need of nothing. And knowest not that thou

thou art wretched, and miserable, and poor,

and blind, and naked.

This is the fad Condition to which, as Sinners, we are subject; and it is thy Mercy, O God, that any of us are sensible of it. Preserve me, I beseech Thee, from that Blindness which would hinder me from seeing my own Misery; and from that *Pride* which would keep me from acknowledging it before Thee, who alone canst help me. O give me a true Sense of the Maladies I labour under, and keep me, for thy Mercies Sake, and for the Sake of Jesus my Redeemer.

Pfalm li. 17. The Sacrifice of God is a broken Shirit; a broken and a contrite Heart

God will not despise.

But most unsit is mine to be to God presented, until I have obtained his Pardon for the many Sins by which it has been desiled.

Jer. iii. 12, 13. I am merciful, saith the Lord; and I will not keep Anger for ever: Only acknowledge thine Iniquity, that thou hast transgressed against the Lord thy God.

I do acknowledge my Sin unto Thee, O God, and mine Iniquities will I not hide:

I do

I do therefore implore thy Pardon, and plead thy gracious Promife, with full Purpose of Heart, never again to return to Folly.

Jer. xvii. 9. The Heart is deceitful, and desperately wicked: Who can know it?

I cannot indeed answer for my own Heart; but there is nothing, O Lord, impossible with Thee: In Thee I do put my Trust; let me never be put in Consusion:

—Keep it ever in my Heart, what an evil Thing, and bitter, it will be, to for sake the Lord.

I John iii. 8. He that committeth Sin (who abandons himself to live in known Sin) is of the Devil;—is under his Power and Government.

Preserve me, gracious God, from so fatal a Blindness, to choose Satan for my Lord and Governor, instead of thy Blessed Son, who laid down his Life to redeem us from the dreadful Tyranny of the Devil.

he hath promised us, even eternal Life.

How infinitely good is God, to give us fo great Encouragement to fave ourselves

from Ruin!—Give me, I beseech Thee, a firm Faith in this Promise, that no Fears may terrify me, no Pleasures may corrupt my Heart,—No Difficulties may discourage me from serving Thee.

Matt. xvi. 24. If any Man will come after me, let him deny himself, and take up

his Cross, and follow me.

O my Saviour! who pleasedst not thyself, but tookest upon Thee the Form of a
Servant; let me not profess to follow Thee,
without endeavouring to follow the blessed
Steps of thy most holy Life.—Thy Patience, Meekness, and Humility: Thy great
Difregard for the World, its Pleasures,
Prosits, and all its Idols:—Thy sensible Concern for the Miseries of Men:
—Thy Unweariedness in doing Good:
—Thy Constancy in Prayer, and Resignation to the Will of thy Father.—Let
me part with any Thing as dear as a Right
Hand, or a Right Eye, rather than not sollow Thee.

Matt. vi. 24. No Man can ferve two Masters.——You cannot ferve God and Mammon.

May I never fet up any Rival, O God, with

with Thee, in the Possession of my Heart! May I never attempt to reconcile thy Service with that World which is Enmity with Thee!—Give me, I beseech Thee, the Eyes of Faith, that I may see the World, what in Truth it is,—The Danger of its Riches,—The Folly of its Pleasures,—The Multitude of its Snares,—Its deadly Poison, and certain Danger of drawing my Heart from the Love of Thee.

Matt. xxii. 37, 39. Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy Heart,—

And thy Neighbour as thyself.

O that the Love of God may be the commanding Principle of my Soul; and that I may have this comfortable Proof of his Love abiding in me, that I study to please him, and to keep his Commandments;—That my Love to my Neighbour may be such as God has commanded; That I may give and forgive, and love as becomes a Disciple of Jesus Christ!

I John iii. 14. We know that we have passed from Death unto Life, because we love the Brethren.

What it is to love my Neighbour as my self,

Thou, O Lord, hast taught me in thy holy Word;—Never to wrong or deceive him;
—Never to grieve him, or without a Cause to create him Trouble:—Never to treat him with Contempt and Scorn;
—Never to be pleased with his Missortunes and Faults;—But to rejoice in his Happiness, and help him in his Wants.—Give me, O Lord, this Proof of my having passed from Death unto Life.

Gal. iii. 13. Christ hath redeemed us from the Curse of the Law, being made a Curse for us.——That is, he was treated as one under the Curse of the Law, Deut.

xxi. 23.

How great was thy Mercy! when nothing could fave us from Ruin, but the Death of thy Son!—I fee by this, how hateful Sin is to Thee.—Make it so to me, I befeech Thee.—May I never flatter myfelf that thy Mercy will spare me, if I continue in Sin, when thou sparedst not thine own Son, when he put himself in the Place of Sinners!—May I never provoke thy Justice!—May I never forget thy Mercies, and what thy Son has done for me!

Tit. ii. 14. He gave himself for us, that he might redeem us from all Iniquity; and purify unto himself a peculiar People, zealous

of good Works.

Blessed be God, that I am united to this People by Baptism! Grant that I may never disgrace Thee, or my Christian Profession, by an ungodly Life.—O Thou, who hast redeemed us from Sin and Death, cause me to understand, to value, and ever remember, thy great Love; and to shew that I do so, by a Life consecrated to thy Service.

2 Tim. ii. 12. If we deny him, he will

also deny us.

How many deny Thee, O Jesus, without Thought, and without Dread! Do they know what they do, who lightly turn their Backs upon this Ordinance?—Who make a mock of Sin, which cost Thee thy Life?—Who are ashamed of Thee, and of thy Gospel, out of Regard to Men?—Who by their unchristian Lives do renounce thy Service?—Do they consider what it is to be denied by Thee?—That it is to have no Interest in thy Death, thy Merits, and Mediation?—Gracious God, deliver me from this dreadful Sin and Judgment!

Matt. xxvi. 35.——Peter faid, though I should die with Thee, yet will I not deny Thee.

Preserve me, gracious Lord, from a prefumptuous Opinion, and Dependence on my own Strength, without the Aids of thy Grace: Let me see, in this sad Instance, my Weakness without thy Assistance, and my Ruin without thy Help.

Luke xxii. 61, 62. And the Lord turned, and looked upon Peter; and Peter remembered the Words of Christ;—and went out,

and went bitterly.

O Jesus, look upon me with the same Eye of Compassion, whenever I shall do amiss, that I may see my Fault, and forthwith return to my Duty:—Let this Instance of thy Mercy be our Comfort, since so great and repeated a Crime did not exclude this Penitent from thy Mercy; but let not this make us fearless of offending Thee, lest we never repent.

Luke xxii. 3, 4, 5. Then entered Satan into Judas, and he communed with the Chief Priests, how he might betray him unto them:—And they covenanted to give him Money, &c.

If

If I should provoke Thee, O God, by resisting thy Holy Spirit, to leave me to my own natural Corruption and to the Power of Satan, I see in this wretched Man what Wickedness I am capable of.——Lord God abandon me not to my own Choices. Shut my Heart against that Covetousness, which was the Root of so great a Sin. Keep me from presumptuous Sins, lest they get the Dominion over me; and secure me under the Conduct of thy Holy Spirit, for Jesus Christ's Sake.

Deut. xvi. 16, 17. They shall not appear before the Lord empty. Every man shall give as he is able, according to the Blessing of the Lord thy God, which he hath given Thee.

Shall I appear before Thee, O God, worse than a Jew?——Can I give any Thing to thy Poor, but what I have received from Thee! How can I say that I love Thee much, if I give sparingly to them, whom thou hast appointed in thy Place to receive our Alms? Give me an Heart, O God, to give according to thy Blessing upon me, and as I expect thy Blessing upon myself and Substance.

1 Pet. iv. 10. As every Man hath re-

ceived the Gift, even so minister the same one

to another, as good Stewards.

O God; thou hast taught us, that we are all but thy Stewards:——Keep me, I befeech Thee, from that great Injustice of defrauding thy Poor of their Right:—Give me Grace to moderate all my vain Desires and Expences, that I may have to give to them that need;—and that the Meafure of thy Blessings to me may be the Measure of my Charity to others.

31 . . .

ADMINISTRATION

LORD'S SUPPER.

INTRODUCTION.

THAT you may profit by the following Affistance, be advised to read the Communion Service, with the Directions and Meditations, fome Time before you go to the Sacrament, that you may attend to every Part of the Public Service without Distraction.

Whenever you have Time for your private Devotions, let them be so secret that no body

may be disturbed by you.

And if, instead of repeating the Prayers, and other Parts of the Service, after the Minister, as the Manner of too many is, to the Disturbance of fuch as are near them; if, instead of doing so, you would secretly say, AMEN, at the End of every Petition, you will find this the very best Way to keep your Mind intent upon

your Devotions.

If any Person, who is ordained to administer this Sacrament, shall think fit to cast his Eye upon this Book, I would beseech him to consider seriously, how many Communicants there are, who have no ordinary Way of coming to the Knowledge of this great Duty, or other Help to their Devotion, besides what the Church has provided for them in this Office: That therefore, in Compassion to such, this Service ought to be performed with the greatest Deliberation as well as Devotion, that the Unlearned, who are generally the greatest Number, may be edified as well as instructed.

THE

ORDER

FOR

ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

LORD'S SUPPER.

First Rubrick.

Observations upon it.

SO many as intend to be Partakers of the Holy Communion, shall signify their Names to the Curate, at least some Time the Day before.

IT is with great Reason that the Church has given this Order; wherefore do not neglect it.

Yow will have the Comfort of knowing, either that your Paster hath nothing to say against you; or, if he has, you will have the Benefit of his Advice; and a good Blessing will attend your Obedience to the Church's Orders.

Second Rubrick.

And if any of those be an open and notorious Evil-liver, or have done any IV rong to his Neighbour by Word or Deed, so that the Congregation be thereby Anded, Curate having Knowledge thereof, shall call him, Life. and advertise him, that in anywise he presume not come to the Lord's Table, until he has openly declared himself to have truly repented and amended bis former naughty Life, that the Congregation may thereby be satisfied, which before was offended, and that he bath recompensed the Parties to whom he hath done Wrong; or at least declare himself to be in full Purpose so to do, as soon as he conveniently may.

Observations.

If you are conscious to yourfelf (though your Pastor should not know it) that your Life has been such as hath given Offence or Scandal to your Christian Profession, do not go to the Sacrament, until you have given some plain Proof of your Repentance, and Purpose of leading a new

But then, as you hope for God's Grace and Mercy, do not put off the doing of this one Moment, lest you provoke God to leave you to yourself; for then you never will

repent.

Third Rubrick.

The same Order shall the Curate use with those betwixt whom he perceiveth Malice and Hatred to reign; not suffering them to be Partakers of the Lord's Table, until he knoweth them to be reconciled.

And if one of the Parties, so at Variance, be content to forgive from the Bottom of his Heart all that the other bath trespassed against bim, and to make amends for that he himself bath offended; and the other Party will not be persuaded to a godly Unity, but remain still in bis Frowardness and Malice; the Minister in that Case ought to admit the penitent Person to the boly Communion, and not bim that is obstinate; provided that every Minister so repelling any, as is specified in this or in

Observations.

The Lord's Supper being a Sacrament and Token of Reconciliation and Friend-fhip with God and Man, such as will not forgive the Injuries they have received, nor make Satisfaction for the Injuries 'they have done to others, must not presume to go to the Lord's Table, lest they receive a Curse instead of a Blessing.

But then fuch would do well to consider, that while they are under these bad Dispositions, they are at Enmity with God as well as with their Neighbour; and therefore are not qualified even to ask, much less to hope for any Favour from him:—There being no Merty for him, who will not shew Mercy to his Neighbour;—This being an express Condition of our Peace with God, Matt. vi. 15.

And we should always remember, that He that loweth not his Brother abideth in Death, 1 John ii. 14.

Mias And dare we delay to be at Peace with our Neighbour even one Day, if we can help the it? Rubrick.

Observation.

the next precedent Paragraph of this Rubrick, shall be obliged to give Account of the same to the Ordinary within fourteen Days after, at the farthest, and the Ordinary shall proceed against the offending Person, according to the Canon.

Fourth Rubrick.

The Table at the Communion time, having a fair white Linen Cloth upon it, shall stand in the Body of the Church, or in the Chancel, where Morning and Evening Prayers are appointed to be said; and the Priest, standing at the North Side at the Table, shall say the Lord's Prayer, with the Collect following, the People kneeling.

It may so happen, that you did not know that the Eacrament was to be administered, until you saw the Communion Table covered: However, if you have been a constant Communicant before, do not turn your Back upon the holy Ordinance; but say in your Heart.—I will most gladly close with this blessed Occasion of remembering the Death of my Redeemer.

of the Lord's Supper.

The COMMUNION SERVICE.

When the Minister begins, lay aside all other Books, and attend to the Service of the Church, than which there never was provided a better Help to Devotion.

OUR* Father which art in Heaven: Hallowed be thy Name. Thy Kingdom come. Thy Will be done in Earth, as it is in Heaven. Give us this Day our daily Bread. And forgive us our Trespasses as we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into Temptation; but deliver us from Evil. Amen.

The Collect.

Hearts be open, all Defires known, and from whom no Se-love and fear him, and keep crets are hid, cleanse the Thoughts of our pends.

Observation.

ALMIGHTY God, BEcause the Love of God will make all his Comunto whom all mands easy, and to be obeyed with Cheerfulness; we therefore beg of him to purify our Hearts by Faith, that we may his Commandments, upon which all our Happiness de-

The Lord's Prayer should always be said with the greatest Deliberation and Devotion: And especially at this Time, when we beg of God the Bread which must nourish us unto Life eternal, and all the Graces necessary to obtain that invaluable Bleffing.

Hearts

The Collect.

Hearts by the Inspiration of thy Holy Spirit, that we may perfectly love Thee, and worthily magnify thy holy Name, thro' Jesus Christour Lord. Amen.

Observation.

Rubrick.

Then * shall the Priest, turning to the People, rehearse distinctly all the Ten Commandments, and the People still kneeling, shall, after every Commandment, ask God Mercy for their Transgression thereof for the Time past, and Grace to keep the same for the Time to come, as solloweth:

Observation.

We see with what great Judgment thefeCommandments were appointed to be read in this Service, fince by the Law is the Knowledge of Sin: And when we are convinced in our own Conscience, that we have not kept a Law, which is Holy, Just, and Good, we shall then see the NEED, and the BLESSING of a RE-DEEMER; and how earnestly we ought to beg God, for his Sake, to have Mercy upon us; and to incline our Hearts to keep these Laws.

^{*} When it is considered how many People there are who have no other Way of coming to the Knowledge of their Duty; it will appear with what great Reason the Priest is required to read these Commands of God distinctly; and how religiously this Rubrick ought to be observed.

OBSER-

OBSERVATIONS and DIRECTIONS.

THAT you may obey the following Commands of God with Cheerfulness, you ought to be firmly persuaded,—That God, who standeth in no need of our Obedience and Service, hath given us these Laws merely for our own Good, to restrain the Disorders we are subject to, and to hinder us from ruining ourfelves.

Consider these Commands in this View, and as they are the Effect of the great Love of God for his poor Creatures; or else you will look upon them as a Burden, and obey them with an

unwilling Mind.

Prepare therefore to hear them with an Attention and Reverence suitable to Him whose Commands they are; and then you will be more sensible what a Blessing it is, that Jesus Christ hath by his Death delivered us from the Curse and Punishment due to those that break them;—having prevailed with God to accept of our Repentance, and to enable us by his Grace to observe them better for the Time to come.

Minister.

G O D spake these Words and said, I am the Lord thy God: Thou shalt have no other Gods but me*.

People.

Lord, have Mercy upon us, and incline our Hearts to keep this Law.

Minister.

Thou shalt not make to thyself any graven Image, nor the Likeness of any Thing that is in Heaven above, or in the Earth beneath, or in the Water under the Earth. Thou shalt Observations.

HEN you consider how aprevery Man is to have his Idol—something which he admires, or loves, or fears, or trusts in, or adores, more than the God who made and redeemed him, you will see the Reason and the Necessity of this Command; and will most heartily beg of God to keep you from such Idolatry, and that you may love him with all your Heart, and above all Things.

The Pronencis of all Nations to the vile Idolarry of making and worshipping Images, and the Creatures they represent, shews the absolute Necessity of the Authority of God, to prevent so great a Sin and Contempt of the Divine Majesty; and the Judgments that would follow.

not

^{*} The Law of Nature and right Reason, being the Law of Man in the State of Innocence, would still have been a sufficient Guide, had it not been much obscured, and almost blotted out, and rendered inessectual, by the Transgression of our first Parents, and the Wickedness of their Posterity. It was then that God republished these Laws by Moses in Writing, to awaken Men, and to be a standing Winness against all such as would not consult their own Consciences, and the Law written in their Hearts.

Observations.

not bow down to them. nor worship them: For I the Lord thy God am a jealous God, and visit the Sins of the Fathers upon the Children, unto the third and fourth of Generation them that hate me, and shew Mercy unto Thousands in them that love me, and keep my Commandments.

People.

Lord, have Mercy upon us, and incline our Hearts to keep this Law

Minister.

Thou shalt not take the Name of the Lord thy God in vain: For the Lord will not hold him guiltless, that tak eth his Name in vain.

People.

Lord, bave Mercy among Men. upon us, and incline our Hearts to keep this Law. Com-

At the same Time, God has given us the greatest Encouragement to obey this, and all his Commands; affuring us, that both we and our Children's Children shall reap the Bleffing of our Obedience.

Happy it is for the World that Men are restrained (as far as a Command, and the Fear of God, and his Judgments, will restrain them) from profaning his Name to idle and wicked Purpofes .--Were it not for this, all Reverence for Oaths, and for God himself, would be lost

E

03/er=

Minister.

Remember that thou keep holy the Sabbath-Day. Six Days shalt thou labour, and do all that thou hast to do: but the feventh Day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God; in it thou shalt do no Manner of Work, thou, and thy Son, and thy Daughter, thy Man-servant, and thy Maid-servant, thy Cattle, and the Stranger that is within thy Gates. For in fix Days the Lord made Heaven and .Earth, the Sea, and all that them is; and rested the feventh Day: Wherebleffed the Lord the feventh Day, and hallowed it.

People.

Lord, have Mercy upon us, and incline our Hearts to keep this Law. Observations.

When we consider how backward we are to learn our Duty, how apt to forget it, and unwilling to put it in Practice, we cannot but acknowledge the Necessity and Kindness of this Command; -which obliges every Man; who loves and fears God, to keep one Day in feven holy to the Lord; in order to preferve the Knowledge of the true God, and his glorious Perfections, and of our Creation and Redemption, that we may fear, and love, and adore him as we ought to do .- The Neglect of this Duty, commanded from the beginning, having, in all probability, been the Occasion of that deplorable State of Ignorance and Idolatry in the Heathen World; as it has been of very remarkable Judgments upon many of those among Christians, that have faned this Day.

And indeed to profane the Lord's Day, is, in a Manner, to deny the God that made Us, and the World.

Com-

Minister.

Honour thy Father and thy Mother, that thy Days may be long in the Land which the Lord thy God giveth thee.

People.

Lord, bave Mercy upon us, and incline our Hearts to keep this Law.

Minister.

Thou shalt do no Murder.

People.

Lord, have Mercy upon us, and incline our Hearts to keep this Law.

Minister.

Thou shalt not commit Adultery.

Observations.

The infinite Mischies occasioned by Undutiful Children, by Rebellious Subjects, by Unfaithful Servants, and by the little Regard had to those that watch for our Souls, shew the great Goodness of God; who, in order to prevent those Evils, hath given this Command, with a Promise of an especial Blessing to such as obey it.

Men must be abandoned to all Inhumanity, who do not acknowledge the great Mercy of God, in forbidding us, upon pain of his Displeature, to shorten our own or other Men's Lives, by Violence, Intemperance, or by such evil Usage, as may make their Lives miserable, and a Burden to them.

If the Sins of Whoredom, Impurity, and Uncleanness, and that Luxury, Drunkenness, and Sloth, which leads to them, had not been forbidden by God himself, the World would have set light by them; and, as bad as it was, would have been much more vicked.

Com-

E 2

Obser -

People.

Lord, Have Mercy upon us, and incline our Hearts to keep this Law.

Minister.

Thou shalt not steal.

People.

upon us, and incline.our Hearts to keep this Law.

Minister.

Thou shalt not bear against Witness false thy Neighbour.

People.

Lord, have Mercy upon us, and incline our Hearts to keep this Law.

Minister.

Thou shalt not cothy Neighbour's House; thou shalt not covet thy Neighbour's Wife; nor his Servant, nor

Observations.

Every one, whose Rights and Properties have been invaded by Violence, or Fraud, or Injustice, or Thievery, do easily see the Reason, and Goodness, and Necessity, of this Lord, have Mercy Law of God, and therefore ought to pray most earnestly that it may be religiously observed by themselves others.

> Evil-disposed People being capable of doing the greatest Mischief to the Estates, Reputations, and Lives of their Neighbours, by falle Oaths, and lying Stories, God hath most mercifully consulted the Good of Mankind, by a Law forbidding them, at their Peril, to ruin themselves and others by such wicked Ways.

The Wisdom of God, and his Goodness to us, appears in this Command:-Laying a Restraint upon the very evil Desires of our Hearts, because this is the Source and Spring of all Manner of Wickedness.

Observation.

nor his Maid, nor his Ox, nor his Ass, nor any thing that is his.

By this Law he shews us' that all our *Thoughts* are known to, and will be judged by him, at the great Day.

People.

Lord, have Mercy upon us, and write all these thy Laws in our Hearts, we beseech Thee.

WHOEVER considers the sad Effects of Men's Disobedience to these Laws, in the Lives of Idolaters, common Swearers, Profaners of the Lord's Day, undutiful Children, rebellious Subjects, Murderers of Men's Lives and Reputations, Whoremongers, Thieves, perjured Witnesses, and covetous Persons, and the Judgments that attend them, will have Reason to bless God, who has given us Rules to live by; and will most earnessly beg him to write and keep them in his own and all Men's Hearts.

Rubrick.

Then shall follow one of these two Colests for the King, the Priest standing as before, and saying,

Observations upon this Rubrick.

So great are the Bleffings of a righteous and peaceable Government, that we are commanded, in an especial Manner, to pray for Kings, and for all that are in Authority; for Them first, that remembering they are in the Place of God, they may endeavour to promote his Glery whom they represent, defend the Persons and Rights of Men, and punish Evil doers according to the Tenor of these Laws; and secondly, for Ourselves, that we may obey our Governors out of a Principle of Conscience, and in Obedience to God.

Communion.

Let us Pray.

ALmighty God, whose Kingdom is everlasting, and Power infinite, have Mercy upon the whole Church; and so rule the Heart of thy chosen Servant George, our King and Governor, that he (knowing whose Minister he is) may above all Things seek thy Honour and Glory; and that we and all his Subjects (duly considering whose Authority Authority he hath) may faithfully serve, honour, and humbly obey him in Thee, and for Thee, according to thy blessed Word and Ordinance, through Jesus Christ our Lord; who with Thee and the Holy Ghost, liveth and reigneth ever one God, World without End. Amen.

Or,

ALmighty and everlasting God, we are taught by thy holy Word, that the Hearts of Kings are in the Rule and Governance, and that Thou dost dispose and turn them as it seemeth best to the godly Wisdom; we humbly beseech Thee so to dispose and govern the Heart of George the Servant, our King and Governor, that in all his Thoughts, Words and Works, he may ever seek the Honour and Glory, and study to preserve the People committed to his Charge, in Wealth, Peace and Godliness. Grant this, O merciful Father, for the dear Son's Sake, Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Observation; &c.

Rubrick.

Then shall be said the Collect of the Day. And immediately after the Collect, the Priest shall read the Epistle. Then shall be read the Gospel, the People all standing up. And the Gospel ended, shall be sung or said,

We are all required to fland up at the Reading of the Gospel, to shew, that we have a very particular Respect for, and with Reverence attend to, every Thing that was said or done by, or recorded of, our most blessed Lord and Master.

I Believe in One God the Father Almighty, Maker of Heaven and Earth, and of all Things visible and invisible:

And in One Lord Jesus Christ, the only begotten Son of God, begotten of his Father before all Worlds, God of God, Light of Light, very God of very God, begotten, not made, being of one Substance with the Father, by whom all Things were made: Who for us Men, and for our Salvation, came down from Heaven, and was incarnate by the Holy Ghost of the Virgin Mary, and was made Man, and was crucified also for us under Pontius Pilate. He suffered and was buried, and the Third Day

Day he rose again according to the Scriptures, and ascended into Heaven, and sitteth on the Right-hand of the Father. And he shall come again with Glory to judge both the Quick and the Dead: Whose Kingdom shall have no End.

And I believe in the Holy Ghost, the Lord and Giver of Life, who proceedeth from the Father and the Son, who with the Father and the Son together is worshipped and gloristed, who spake by the Prophets. And I believe one Catholic and Apostolic Church, I acknowledge one Baptisin for the Remission of Sins, and I look for the Resurrection of the Dead, and the Life of the World to come. Amen.

Now you will have Time to say secretly;

Lord, increase my Faith:—Grant that I may die in this Faith, and in the Communion of thy holy Church; and be united to Thee, and to all thy Members, by a Faith and Charity that shall never end.

Observation.

Rubrick.

Then the Curate shall declare unto the People what Holiday, or Fasting Days, are in the Week following to be observed.

The Church having taken Care that her Clergy shall do. their Duy, in giving Notice of fuch Holidays, &c. as are to be observed; every good Christian will endeavour to observe them, not as is the Manner of thoughtless People, in Idleness and Intemperance; but in going to Church, and praising God for his Mercies vouchsafed us in Jesus Christ, and for his holy Apostles, by whose Labours we were brought from the Fower of Satan unto God.

Rubrick.

Then shall follow the Sermon, &c.

Observations, &c.

If you hear the Sermon with a religious Attention, you will be much better difposed to receive the Sacrament worthily.

Rubrick.

Then shall the Priest return to the Lord's give as I am able, according Table, and begin the Offertory, faying one or more of theje Sentences your Alms, fay, Lord, pardon fellowing, as he thinketh all my vain Expences; and most convenient in bis Discretion.

Now Say Secretly:-I will to the Bleffing of the Lord my God, which he has given me .- And when you give accept of this Testimony of my Gratitude, for what I have received from Thee.

Obser-

Com-

I ET your Light fo shine before Men, that they may fee your good Works, and glorify your Father which is in Heaven, St. Matt v. 16.

Lay not up for yourfelves Treasures upon Earth, where Rust and Moth doth corrupt, and where Thieves break thro' and steal: but lay up for your Treasures felves Heaven, where neither Rust nor Moth doth corrupt, and where Thieves do not break through and steal. Matt. vi. 19, 20.

Whatfoever ye would that Men should do unto you, even fo do unto them; for this is the Law and the Prophets. St. Matt. vii. 12.

the

Observations.

O Heavenly Father, give us all Grace, that we may honour Thee, both in our Lives, and by our Alms, and that thou mayest be glorified by those that receive them.

Magnify the Power of thy Grace, O God, upon us, in freeing our Souls from the Love of Riches, That we may have the greatest Part of our Treasure in Heaven; and that our Hearts may be there-

May this Rule of eternal Justice be ever present with us, that neither Self-love, nor Intereit, may lead us to tranfgress it.

Grant, O God, that we Not every one that may never build our Hopes of Salvation upon an outward faith unto me, Lord, Profession only, without a Lord, shall enter into Life of Holiness and good Works.

the Kingdom of Heaven, but he that doeth the Will of my Father which is in Heaven. St. Matt. vii. 21.

Zaccheus stood forth, and faid unto the Lord, Behold, Lord, the Half of my Goods I give to the Poor; and if I have done any Wrong to any Man, I restore four. fold. St. Luke xix. 8.

Who goeth a Warfare at any Time of his own Cost? Who planteth a Vineyard, and eateth not of the Fruit thereof? Or who feedeth Flock, and eateth not of the Milk of Flock? I Cor. ix. 7.

If we have fown unto we should reap your worldly Things? I Cor. IX. II.

Observations.

If thou, O God, givest me Ability, give me an Heart to be both just and charitable, that thou mayest say unto me, as thou didft unto this Publican, Salvation is come to thy House.

Shall the Soldier, the Hufbandman, and the Shepherd, all have their Wages, and thy Ministers only, O Jesus, be grudged theirs? God forbid! Vouchsase unto me, and to all Christians, a better Mind, I beseech Thee.

May the Good Spirit of you spiritual Things, God bless the heavenly Seed is it a great Matter, if fown by his Ministers, that both they and we may reap the Fruit of their Labour.

Do ye not know, about holy Things, live of the Sacrifice? And they who wait at the Altar, are Partakers with the Altar? Even fo hath the Lord also ordained, that they who preach the Gospel, should live of the Gospel. 1 Cor. ix. 13, 14.

He that foweth little, shall reap little; and he if we reap not a plentiful that foweth plenteoufly, shall reap plenteously. Let every Man do according as he his difposed in his Heart; not " grudgingly, or of Neceffity; for God loveth a cheerful Giver. Cor. ix. 6, 7.

in the Word, minister which we can give to thy ministers, equal to the Blef-fings which we receive from eth, in all good Things. them, who minister unto us Be not deceived, God the Means of Grace and Salis not mocked; whatfoever a Man fow-

Observations.

Since Thou, O Jesus, hast that they who minister ordained this, far be it from me to envy, or to deprive thy Servants of the Right which thou hast given them.

> It will be our own Fault, Crop.

"Let us proportion our Alms to our Ability, lest we provoke God to proportion his Bleffings to our " Alms." Bishop Beveridge.

Let him that is taught | There is nothing, O God, for vation.

Obser-

eth, that shall he reap-Gal. vi. 6, 7.

While we have Time. let us do Good unto all Men; and especially unto them that are of no Man can work. the Houshold of Faith. Gal. vi: 10.

Godliness is great Riches, if a Man be content with that he hath, for we brought nothing into the World, neither may we carry any Thing out. I Tim vi. 6, 7.

Charge them who are rich in this World, that they be ready to give, and glad to diftribute, laying up in Store for themselves a good Foundation against the Time to come, that they may attain eternal Life. Tim. vi. 17, 18, 19.

Observations.

Blessed be God, that I have yet Time! Lord give me an Heart to do Good, before the Night cometh, when

Give me, O God, a picus, and a contented Mind; and for the rest, Thy Will be done.

Bless God, ye that have Riches, if he has given you Grace and Power to give hem with a liberal Hand, and cheerful Heart, without which they will be the Occafion of certain Ruin.

God is not unrighte-ous, that he will forget thou makest thyself a Debior

Love, which Love we Goodnefs! have shewed for his Name's Sake, who have ministered unto the Saints, and yet do minister, Heb. vi. 10.

To do Good, and to distribute, forget not; for with fuch Sacrifices them for jefus chrift's sake. God is well pleased. Heb. xii. 16.

Whofo hath this World's Good, and feeth his Brother have Need, and shutteth up his Compassion from him, how dwelleth the Love of God in him? 1 70hn iii. 17.

Give Alms of thy Goods, and never turn thy Face from any poor Man; and then the the Great Day. Face of the Lord shall not be turned away from Thee. Tob. iv. 7.

Observations.

your works and La- to us, for what we give to bour that proceedeth of thy Poor. and to thy Ministers—How great is his

> May our Pravers and our Alms, go up before I hee, O God! And gracioufly accept

Thou, O God, canft fupport all thy Poor without our Assistance; but it is by them that thou trieft our Faith, and our Love for Thee.

Give me, O Lord, a true Compassion for the Miseries of others, that thou mayest have Compassion on me, at

Be merciful after thy Power. If thou haft much, give plenteously: If thou hast little, do thy Diligence gladly to give of that little; for so gatherest thou thyfelf a good Reward in the Day of Necessity. Tob. iv. 8, 9.

He that hath Pity upon the Poor; lendeth unto the Lord: And look, what he layeth out, it shall be paid him again. *Prov.* xix. 17.

Bleffed be the Man that provideth for the Sick and Needy: The Lord shall deliver him in the Time of Trouble. Psalm xli. 1.

Observations.

I thank Thee, O God, that thou judgest not by the Greatness of the Gist, but by the Heart, and the Ability of of the Giver; and wilt reward accordingly.

To thy Account, O God, I place my Charity to the Poor thou fendest unto me; and I know that I shall be no Loser.

Keep me, O God, from all idle and vain Expences, that I may always have to give to him that needeth. At the Hour of Death, and in the Day of Judgment, good Lord deliver me.

Rubrick.

Observation.

are in Reading, the Dea-Comfort of seeing your Alms cons, Churchwardens, or Minister, in order to bring other fit Persons appoint-down his Blessing upon youred for that Purpose, shall self, and upon the rest of receive the Alms for the your Substance and Labours, according as you have been a niggardly, or a cheerfal tions of the People, in a Giver. decent Bason, to be provided by the Parish for that Purpose; and reverently bring it to the Priest, who shall bumbly present and place it upon the boly Table.

Whilft the Sentences You will now have that

Rubrick.

Observation.

And * when there is a Communion, the Priest till this Time, placeth the Sheal then place upon the Lord's Table, in the Sight of Table so much Bread the Communicants, as a publick and Wine as he shall Acknowledgment, that our think sufficient: after Lives, and whatever is necessary for their Preservation, which are owing to the Gift of God.

Obser-

^{*} If this Rubrick is not strictly observed, as in many Places it is not, the Intent of the Church is defeated, and a very inftructive Circumstance is omitted.

Rubrick.

which done, the Priest

Let us pray for the whole State of Christ's Church militant here on Earth.

Observation.

We are now going to exercise another and most extensive Branch of Christian Charity towards the whole Church of Christ; which you should seriously attend to, that you may add (secretly) Amen to every Petition.

A Lmighty and everlasting God, who by thy holy Apostle hast taught us to make Prayers and Supplications, and to give Thanks for all Men; we humbly befeech thee most mercifully sto accept our Alms and Oblations, and to receive these our Prayers, which we offer unto thy Divine Majesty; befeeching Thee to inspire continually the Universal Church with the Spirit of Truth, Unity, and Concord; and grant that all they that do confess thy holy Name, may agree in the Truth of thy holy Word, and live in Unity and godly Love. We befeech Thee also to save and defend all Christian Kings, Princes, and Governors; and especially thy Servant GEORGE, our King, that under him we may be godly and quietly governed: And grant

grant unto his whole Council, and to all that are put in Authority under him, that they may truly and indifferently minister Justice, to the Punishment of Wickedness and Vice, and to the Maintenance of thy true Religion and Virtue. Give Grace, Ó Heavenly Father, to all Bishops and Curates, that they may, both by their Life and Doctrine, fet forth thy true and lively Word, and rightly and duly administer thy holy Sacraments. And to all thy People give thy heavenly Grace, and especially to this Congregation here present, that with meek Heart, and due Reverence, they may hear and receive thy holy Word, truly ferving Thee in Holiness and Righteousness all the Days of their Life. And we most humbly befeech Thee, of thy Goodness, O Lord, to comfort and fuccour all them, who in this transitory Life are in Trouble, Sorrow, Need, Sickness, or any other Adversity. And we also bless thy holy Name, for all thy Servants departed this Life in thy Faith and Fear; befeeching Thee to give us Grace, fo to follow their good Examples, that with them we may be Partakers of thy heavenly Kingdom. Grant this, O Father, for Jesus Christ's Sake, our only Mediator and Advocate. Amen.

Observations.

Rubrick.

giveth IV arning for the Celebration of the holy Communion (which he shall always do upon the Sunday, or some Holiday immediately precedread this Exhortation through your whole Life. following.

If you feriously attend to the following Exhortations When the Minister or Warnings, you will learn what you ought to do, in order to be a worthy Communicant.

And you would do well to read them over again, when you return home, that you may fix them in your ing) after the Sermon Memory, and that they may or Homily ended, he shall be a standing rule to go by

God's

DEarly * Beloved, on _____ Day next, I propose through Truth, that such as are not religiously disposed to go to this Ordinance, are unquali-

· When it is confidered how many poor Christians there are, who have little or no other Means of coming to the Knowledge of this Ordinance, and the Manner of preparing themselves for it, but by what they learn from hearing these Exhortations; every Pastor will think himself obliged in Conscience, and as he values the Edification of his Flock, to read these Exhortations with the greatest Deliberatien, and with an Affection that shall even force the Attention of his Hearers.

Communion.

Observations.

God's Affistance, to ad- fied to ask or receive any Blef. minister to all such as shall be religiously and devoutly disposed, the most comfortable Sacrament of the Body and Blood of Christ, to be by them received in Remembrance of his and meritorious Cross Paffion; whereby alone we obtain Remission of our Sins, and are made Partakers of the Kingdom of Heaven: wherefore it is our Duty to render most humble and hearty Thanks to Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, for that he hath given his Son, our Saviour Jesus Christ, not only to die for us, but also to be our spiritual Food and Suftenance in that holy Sacra-Which being fo ment. divine and comfortable

dangerous to them that

fing or Fawour from God.

That therefore you may lay hold on every Occasion offered you-Confider ferioufly what you are called to.

First, To obey an express Command of Jesus Christ, by whom alone you can hope for Salvation.

2dly, To testify to the World, that you belong to him; and to join with his Family in order to recount and acknowledge the most inestimable Bleffing, which he hath purchased for his Church.

And 3dly, To devote yourself to him, and to his Service, who is continually interceding for all fuch as go unto God by him.

And very many will be the Benefits of embracing every Occasion that is offered you.

You will not easily fall into a State of Sin and Security, being so often put in Mind of the Danger of goa thing to them who re- ing carelessly and unpreceive it worthily, and fo pared.

Obser-

will presume to receive it unworthily; my Duty is to exhort you, in the mean Season, to consider the Dignity of that holy Mystery, and the great Peril of the unworthy receiving thereto fearch of: and fo and examine your own Consciences (and that jefty, and in Time gain you not lightly, and after the Manner of Dissemblers with God; but (b) that ye may come a heavenly Feast, in the Marriage-garment required by God in holy Scripture, and be received as worthy Parholy of that Table.

The Way and Means thereto is: First, To examine your Lives and Conversations by the Rule of God's Commandments, and whereinfoever ye shall perceive yourselves to have offended.

Observations.

You hear in what a good Preparation confifts-In confessing your Sins to Almighty God, with full Purpose of Amendment of Life: -- In exercising the Duties of Charity: In giving and forgiving, &c.

All which being done in Obedience to the Command of Christ, must needs be acceptable to the Divine Maall those Graces which you can defire or stand in Need of.

And, for your Comfort, remember that if you are holy and clean to fuch prepared, as you ought to be, for this Sacrament, you are prepared for Death, and for a bleffed Eternity.

> Confider how many there are, who, to their Sorrow, are deprived of this Means of Grace and Salvation :--And how many, thro' a most stupid Ignorance and Negligence, deprive themselves of it:-And you cannot but give God Thanks, both for the Opportunities which he affords you, and for the Graces he gives you by your resolving to close with them.

offended, either by Will, Word, or Deed, there to bewail your own Sinfulness, and to confess yourselves to Almighty God, with full Purpose of Amendment of Life. And if ye shall perceive your Offences to bel fuch as are not only against God, but also against your Neighbours, then ye shall reconcile yourselves unto them, being ready to make Restitution Satisfaction, according to the uttermost of your Powers, for all Injuries and Wrongs done by you to any other; and being likewise ready to forgive others that have offended you, as you would have Forgiveness of your Offences at God's Hand; for otherwise the Receiving of the holy Communion

doth nothing else but increase your Damna-

tion.

Observations.

But still take care, that you go not with an evil Conscience, as Judas did; with any bad Design of Malice in your Heart;—or while you live and resolve to die in any known Sin unrepented of.—Or,

Laftly, Without fully purposing, through the Grace of God, to lead a Life becoming a Christian.

Observations.

tion. Therefore, if any of you be a Blasphemer great Hazard you run of goof God, an Hinderer or Slanderer of his Word, Malice or Envy, in any other grievous may be permitted to Crime; repent you of vour. your Sins, or else come not to that holy Table; lest after the taking of that holy Sacrament the Devil enter into you as he entered into Judas, and fill you full of all Iniquities, and bring you to Destruction both of Body and Soul.

And because it is requifice, that no Man should come to the holy Communion but with a full Trust in God's Mercy, and with a quiet Conscience: therefore, if there be any of you who by this Means cannot quiet his own Conscience herein, but further Com-Counsel; let

Confider therefore the ing to the Sacrament, while you live in any known Sin: You will provoke God to an Adulterer, or be in leave you to yourfelf, and to or that evil Spirit, who is continually feeking whom he

> Do not despise so kind an Offer as the Minister of God now makes you, if you have any Doubt upon your Spirits, the Advantage being greater than you can at present imagine.

You will give him an Opportunity of convincing you of Sins, which, perhaps, you were not before aware of, and which may arise in Judgment against you; or clearing up some Doubts, which might proceed from a difordered Mind or State of Health, rather than from an evil Conscience.

him

And

him come unto me, or to some other discreet and learned Minister of God's Word, and open his Grief that, by the Ministry of God's holy Word, he may receive the Benefit of Absolution, together with ghostly Counsel Advice, to the quieting of his Conscience, and avoiding of Scruple and Doubtfulnefs.

Observations.

And do not entertain a Thought so injurious to the merciful Promise of your Saviour to the Pastors of his Church, St. John xx. 23, or imagine, that the Absolution given by his Minister, after he hath inquired into the Motives and Manner of your Repentance, according to the Rules of the Gospel, do not imagine, that this will be of no Avail to the Health of your Soul, and to the Comfort of your Mind.

Communion.

Rubrick.

Or, in Case he shall see the People negligent to come to the Holy Communion, instead of the former, he shall use this Exhortation:

Observations.

No Minister of God must fay, that he cannot get such a convenient Number as the Rubrick requires to communicate with him as often as he himself is disposed, until he can truly say, that he has applied to his People more than once, in the Words of this Exhortation following—And until he has begged of God to teuch their Hearts

Obser

Observations.

with a Sense of their Duty and Danger, as he promises, and will not fail to do, considering how very much depends upon so facred and saving an Ordinance.

Communion.

DEarly beloved Brethren, on-I intend, by God's Grace, to celebrate the Lord's Supper; unto which, in God's Behalf, I bid you all that are here present, and befeech you for the Lord Jesus Christ's Sake, that ye will not refuse to come thereto, being fo lovingly called and bidden by God himself. know how grievous and unkind a Thing it is, when a Man hath pre-Feast rich decked his Table with all Kind of Provision, so that there lacketh nothing

Pious Reflections.

When the tender Love of God will not prevail with Christians to consider their Ways, they will learn from this Exhortation what they must expect from the despised Offers of Mercy.

Say therefore to yourfelf, Why am I so earnestly, so lovingly invited? Why is my Paster, why is the Church, so much concerned for my going to the Lord's Supper?—Is it not because she knows, that this is the most acceptable Way of serving God, of securing

Pious Reflections.

nothing but the Guests to fit down, and yet they who are called (without any Cause) most unthankfully refuse to come. Which of you in fuch a Case would not be moved? Who would not think great Injury and Wrong done unto him? Wherefore, most dearly beloved in Christ, take ye good heed, lest ye, withdrawing yourselves from this holy Supper, provoke God's Indignation against you. is an easy Matter for a Man to fay, I will not communicate, because I am otherwise hindred

with worldly Business.

But fuch Excuses are

not fo easily accepted

God. If any Man fay, I

am a grievous Sinner,

and am therefore afraid

then do ye not repent

come,

before

wherefore

allowed

and

fecuring his Favour, and my own Salvation?

Is it not because she would have me to look into the State of my Soul, as I must do before I go to this Sacrament, that I may not live in the Way to Ruin, till I am surprised by Death, and utterly unprepared for the Ac-

count I must give?

Shall my Saviour's and his Minister's Love and Care be lost upon me?—Is this the Way to shew my Thankfulness for the Mercies I hope for on Account of his Death?—Is He the better for my Services? Or do I not, indeed, serve myself most, when I obey his Commands, and accept of his Invitation?

They that be auhole, indeed, need not a Physician: but dare I say this is my Case, when I so sensibly feel the Corruption of my Nature, and how much I stand in Need of Help?

Must I be invited, intreated, compelled, to give God Thanks for the greatest Bleffing he ever bestowed on Men?—And to lay hold on the only Means of making my Peace with Him?

Doth it repent me, that I

F 2 W

Pious Reflections.

was dedicated to God in Baptism?

How shall I tremble, if I should be required to renounce my Saviour, and all my Hopes in his Death?

What can be more like it, than frequently turning my Back upon this Ordinance, when I am invited?

How many Tears did it cost St. Peter, for saying, that he was not Christ's Disciple? Will it be accounted a less Crime in me to deny him in Deed, by refusing to join myself with his Disciples?

What if this should be the last Opportunity that God will vouchsafe me? This having been the Case of many before me.

Can I expect to be received, after fo many avilful Neglects, when I am compelled by Death to flee to Jesus Christ for Help and Comfort, when I shall most stand in Need of it?

Let me consider what I am invited to: To thank my Saviour for my Redemption:—
To engage Him to be my Advocate with God for my Pardon:—To declare my Love and Charity for all Mankind.

and amend? When God calleth you, are ye not ashamed to say, you will not come? When should return God, will ye excuse yourselves, and say, ye are not ready? Consider earnestly with yourfelves, how little fuch feigned Excuses will avail before God. They that refused the Feast in the Gospel, because had bought Farm, or would try their Yokes of Oxen. or because they were married, were not fo excused, but counted unworthy of the heavenly Feaft. I for my shall be ready! and, according to mine Office, I bid you the Name of God; I call you in Christ's Behalf; I exhort you as you love your own Salvation, that ye will be Partakers of this holy

Com-

Pious Reflections.

Communion. the Son of God did vouchsafe to yield his Soul by Death upon the Crofs for your Salvation; fo it is your Duty to receive Communion in membrance of the Sacrifice of his Death, as he himself hath commanded. Which if ye shall neglect to do, confider with yourselves how great Injury you do unto God, and how fore Punishment hangeth over your Heads for the fame; when ye wilfully abstain from the Lord's Table, and feparate from your Brethren, who come feed on the Banquet of that most heavenly Food. These Things, if ye earnestly consider, you will by God's Grace return to a better Mind: For the obtaining

And as kind, which he has been for good as to redeem:—And to declare my Resolutions of living as becomes a Christian.

It is true, I am unrowrthy (and who is not of himself unworthy of God's Mercy?) and so am afraid of going unprepared: But then I will consider that these very Fears of offending God are some Degree of Preparation; and to resuse, when I am invited, will but increase my Guilt.

I will therefore go, that I may obtain Grace to be better prepared, every Time I have an Opportunity of going to this Sacrament.

taining whereof, we shall not cease to make our humble Petitions unto Almighty God, our heavenly Father.

Rubrick.

At the Time of the Celebration of the Communion, the Communicants, being conveniently placed for the Receiving of the Holy Sacrament, the Priest shall say this Exhortation:

Observations.

If you feriously attend to the following Exhertation, you will be better able to judge how well you are prepared;—You will see the Benefits you may depend on by a worthy Preparation, and the Evils you expose yourself to, by going rashly, or out of mere Custom, to this holy Sacrament.

Communion.

DEarly beloved in the Lord, ye that mind to come to the holy Communion of the Body and Blood of our Saviour Christ, must consider how St. Paul exhorteth all Persons diligently to try and examine

examine themselves, before they prefume to eat of that Bread, and drink of that Cup. For, as the Benefit is great, if, with a true penitent Heart and lively Faith, we receive that holy Sacrament, (for then we spiritually eat the Flesh of Christ, and drink his Blood; then we dwell in Christ, and Christ in us; we are one with Christ, and Christ with us;) so is the Danger great, we receive the fame unworthily:-For then we are guilty of the Body and Blood of Christ our Saviour: we eat and drink our own Damnation, not confidering the Lord's Body; we kindle God's Wrath against us; we provoke him to plague us with divers Diseases, and fundry Kinds Death. — Judge therefore

Directions and Devo-

Here fay fecretly, May it be according to this Word to me and to every Soul here prefent.

Suffer us not, O God, to draw these Judgments upon ourselves, by going presumptuously to thy holy Table.

therefore yourselves. Brethren, that ye be not judged of Lord: repent you truly for your Sins past; have a lively and stedfast Faith in Christ our Saviour; amend your Lives; and be in perfect Charity with Men; so shall ve be meet Partakers of those holy Mysteries. And, above all Things, ye must give most humble and hearty Thanks to God the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost, for the Redemption of the World. by the Death and Pafof our Saviour Christ, both God and Man; who did humble himself, even to the Death upon the Cross, for us miserable Sinners, who lay in Darkness and in the Shadow of Death, that he might make us the Children

Directions and Devo-

be I am, indeed, a miserable the Sinner! God be merciful to

I believe; Lord, increase my Faith.

Blessed be the glorious Trinity for our Redemption!

In these thy Sufferings, O Jesus, I see the Punishment due to Sinners.

Directions

of God, and exalt us to everlasting Life. And to the End that should always remember the exceeding great Love of our Master, and only Saviour Jefus Christ, thus dying for us, and the innumerable Benefits, which by his Blood-shedprecious ding he hath obtained for us; he hath instituted and ordained holy Mysteries Pledges of his Love, and for a continual of Remembrance Death, to our great and endless Comfort.

To him, therefore, with the Father and the Holy Ghost, let us give (as we are most bounden) continual Thanks, submitting ourselves wholly to his holy Will and Pleasure, and studying to serve Him in true Holiness and Righteous-

Directions and Devo-

Blessed be thy holy Name, for this Instance of thy Love and Concern for Sinners, less they should forget themselves, and Thee!

May I never forget this valuable Bleffing!——May I never neglect this Way of preferving the Remembrance of it!

Righteousness all the Days of our Life.

Communion.

Rubrick.

Then shall the Priest fay to them that come to receive the Holy Communion:

Communion.

VE that do truly and earnestly repent you of your Sins, and are in Love and Charity with your Neighbours, incend to lead a new following the Life. Commandments of God, and walking from henceforth in his holy Ways; draw near with Faith, and take holy Sacrament to your Comfort, and make your

Directions and Devo-

I do fincerely repent, and I am forry for my Sins.

with I forgive as I hope to be and forgiven.

This I purpose by the Grace of God to do.

May

your humble Confession to Almighty God, meekly kneeling upon here present.

May it be to mine, and to the Comfort of every Soul here present. your knees.

Directions and Devo-

Communion.

Rubrick.

Then shall this general Confeshon be made in the Name of all those that are minded to receive the holy Communion, by one of the Ministers, both he and all the People kneeling bumbly upon their knees, and saying,

Observations.

This most excellent Form of Confession may be made use of in private, by every one who is preparing himself for the Sacrament.

ALmighty God, Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, Maker of all Things, Judge of all Men; We acknowledge and bewail our manifold Sins and Wickedness, which we from Time to Time most grievously have committed, by Thought, Word, and Deed, against thy Divine Majesty, provoking most justly thy Wrath and Indignation Indignation against us. We do earnestly repent, and are heartily forry for these our Misdoings: The Remembrance of them is grievous unto us; the Burden of them is intolerable. Have Mercy upon us, have Mercy upon us, most merciful Father; for thy Son our Lord Jesus Christ's Sake, forgive us all that is past; and grant that we may ever hereaster serve and please Thee, in Newness of Life, to the Honour and Glory of thy Name, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Rubrick.

Then shall the Priest' (or the Bishop present) stand up; and turning himself to the People, pronounce this Absolution:

A Lmighty God, our Heavenly Father, who of his Mercy hath promised Forgiveness of Sins to all them, that with hearty Repentance, and true Faith, turn unto him; Mercy upon you; pardon and deliver you from all your Sins: confirm and strengthen you all Goodness; bring you to everlasting Life, thro' Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Devations.

May this Pardon, O God, rest upon my Soul, and seal the Forgiveness of all my Sins!

Then shall the Priest say:

Hear * what comfortable Words our Saviour Christ saith unto all that truly turn to him.

Communion.

COME unto me all that travel and are heavy laden, and I will refresh you. St. Matt. xi. 28.

God fo loved the World, that he gave his only-begotten Son, to the End that all that believe in him should not perish, but have everlasting Life. St. John iii. 16.

Devotions.

Make me, O Jesus, truly fensible of my fad Condition, That I may more gladly go to Thee for Help.

I believe: O Lord, increase my Faith, that I may ever love and obey Thee, who hadst such Love and Concern for me to save me from perishing.

Hear

These most comfortable Words should always be read with great Deliberation, that the People may have Time to reslect upon them; and to apply them every one to the Comfort of his own Soul; and to prevent all unreasonable Fears and Doubts of God's gracious Pardon and Acceptance.

Devotions.

Hear also what St. Paul faith:

This is a true Saying, and worthy of all Men to be received, that Christ Jesus came into the World to save Sinners. 1 Tim. i. 15.

I receive this Truth, O Lord, with a thankful Heart.

O let not that Compassion be lost upon me, which moved Thee to come into the World to save Sinners.

Hear also what St. John faith:

If any Man fin, we have an Advocate with the Father, Jesus Christ the righteous, and he is the Propitiation for our Sins. I John ii.

I have finned, O bleffed Advocate; and do therefore put my Cause into thy Hands, that by thy Blood and Merits, and powerful Intercession, thou mayest procure my Pardon.

After which the Priest shall proceed, saying,

Lift up your Hearts.

Answ. We lift them up unto the Lord.

Priest. Let us give Thanks unto our Lord God.

Ans. It is meet and right so to do.

Then shall the Priest turn to the Lord's Table, and say,

IT is very meet, right, and our bounden Duty, that we should at all Times, and in all Places, give Thanks unto Thee, O Lord, Holy Father, Almighty and everlasting God!

Alases 1

Here shall follow the proper Preface, according to the Time, if there be any specially appointed; or else immediately shall follow:

Communion.

Therefore with Angels and Archangels, and with all the Company of Heaven, we laud and magnify thy glorious Name, evermore praising Thee, and faying, Holy, holy, holy, Lord God of Hosts, Heaven and Earth are full of thy Glory. Glory be to Thee, O

Lord most

Amen.

Directions and Devo-

If this Form of praising the Most High God were oftener in Christian Mouths than it is, it would most certainly render them more worthy both to join in this Service here, and in Heaven, with the Angels of God, hereafter.

Proper Prefaces.

Upon Christmas-Day, and feven Days after.

Because Thou didity of the give Jesus Christ the ine only Son to be born as at this Time for us, who by the Operation of the Holy Ghost was made very Man, of the Substance of the Virgin Mary his Mother, and that without Spot of Sin, to make us clean from all Sin. Therefore with Angels, &c.

These short Prayers following may be made use of in your private Devotions, either in Church or at Home.

BEcause Thou didst
the give Jesus Christ
ine only Son to be
born as at this Time
for us, who by the
Operation of the
FORM in me, O God, by
the Power of the same
Spirit, all the Graces and
Virtues which thy Holy Son
came to teach us, when he
clothed himself with our Flish,
in order to restore us to thy
Favour, and to sit us for
Heaven.

Upon Easter-day, and seven Days after.

BUT chiefly, are MAY that all-powerful Spirit, which raised up we bound glorious Refurrection of thy Son Jefus Christ our Lord: For he is the very Paschal Lamb which was offered for usand bath taken away the Sin of the World; who by his Death hath destroyed Death, and by his rifing to Life again, hath restored to us everlasting Life. Therefore with Angels, &c.

Devotions.

lefus our Lord from the praise Thee for the Dead, raise me from the Death of Sin unto the Life of Righteoufnefs; that living in thy Favour, I may die in Peace, and rest in Hope of a blessed Refurrection!

Upon Ascension-Day, and seven Days after.

THRO' thy most dearly beloved Son Jesus Christ our Lord, who after his most glorious Resurrection, manifestly appeared to all his Apostles, and in their Sight ascended into Heaven, to prepare a Place for us; that where he is, thither we might also ascend, and reign with him in Glory. Therefore with Angels, &c.

Devotions.

St. John xii. 26.

Where I am, there also shall my Servant be.

GIVE me, O God, such a lively Faith in this Promise, as may influence my Will, my Heart and Life—That, devoting myself entirely to thy Service, and following the holy Example of thy Son, I may, thro' his Merits and Mediation, be made eternally happy.

Upon Whitsunday, and six Days After.

THROUGH Jesus Christ, my Lord, according to whose most true Promise. Holy Ghoft came down as at this Time, from Heaven, with a fudden great Sound, as it had been a mighty Wind, in the Likeness of fiery Tongues, lighting Lord. Amen. upon the Apostles, to teach them, and to lead them to all Truth; giving them both the Gift of divers Languages, and also Boldness with fervent Zeal, constantly to preach the Gospel unte all Nations: whereby we been brought out of Darkness and Error,

Devotions.

I Adore thy Goodness, and Mercy, O God, for the invaluable Blessing of the Gospel, established in these Nations by the Power of the Holy Ghost-----May the same good Spirit Sanctify, goand preserve vern, Church! Keep all her Members from the Spirit of Error and Delufion !-Guard her Faith against the restless Attempts of Satan and his Agents; and lead all in the Way of Life eternal, through Jesus Christ

into the Clear Light and true Knowledge of Thee, and of thy Son, Jesus Christ. Therefore with Angels, &c.

Upon the Feast Trinity only.

WHO art One O Eternal God, who hast God, One Lord; not One only Perfon, but Three Perfons in One Subthe Glory of the Father, the same wel believe of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost, without any Difference or Inequality. Therefore with Angels, &c.

Devotions.

manifested thyself to us Christians, by thy mighty Love to lost Mankind; accept of my devoutest Thanks, O Father, for fending thy Son to redeem us;stance. For that For thy Compassion, O Jesus, which we believe of in laying down thy Life for us ;-And for thy Grace, O Holy Ghost, to make us fit Objects of the Divine Mercy.

After each of which Prefaces shall immediately be fung or said as above.

THerefore with Angels, and Archangels,

Rubrick.

Then shall the Priest kneeling down at the Lord's Table, say, in the Name of all them that shall receive the Communion, this Prayer following:

Directions.

When the Priest acknow-ledges, in the following humble Form, his own and the Communicants Unworthiness, and God's unmerited Kindness, in admitting them to his lable; make this Act of Humility your own by attending to it most devoutly.

Communion.

WE do not prefume to come to this thy Table, O Merciful Lord, trusting in our own Righteousness, but in thy manifold and great Mercies. We are not worthy so much as to gather up the Crumbs under thy Table. But thou art the same Lord, whose Property is always to have Mercy. Grant us, therefore, gracious Lord, so to eat the Flesh of thy dear Son Jesus Christ, and to drink his Blood.

Blood, that our finful Bodies may be made clean by his Body, and our Souls washed through his most precious Blood; and that we may evermore dwell in him, and he in us. Amen.

Rubrick.

When the Priest standing before the Table, hath so ordered the Bread and Wine, that he may with the more Readiness and Decency break the Bread before the People, and take the Cup into his Hands, he shall say the Prayer of Consecration as solloweth:

Directions.

Here there will be a decent Pause, when you will have Time privately to offer this short Prayer for yourself, and for all present.

Devotions.

THE good Lord pardon me, and every one here present, who hath prepared his Heart to seek the Lord, though he be not cleansed according to the Puriscation of the Sanctuary! 2 Chron. xxx. 18, 19.

ALmighty God our Heavenly Father, who of thy tender Mercy didft give thine only Son Jesus Christ to suffer Death made there (by his one Oblation of himupon the Cross for our Redemption, who self once offered) a full, perfect, and sufficient Sacrifice, Oblation, and Satisfaction

for the Sins of the whole World, and did institute, and in his holy Gospel command us to continue a perpetual Memory of that his precious Death, until his coming again; hear us, O merciful Father, we most humbly befeech thee, and grant that we receiving these thy Creatures of Bread and Wine, according to thy Son our Saviour Jesus Christ's holy Institution, in Remembrance of his Death and Passion, may be Partakers of his most blessed Body and Blood: Who in the same Night that he was betrayed took Bread, and when he had given Thanks, he brake it, and gave it to his Disciples, saying, Take, eat, this is my Body, which is given for you, do this in Remembrance of me. Likewise after Supper he took the Cup, and when he had given Thanks, he gave it to them, faying, Drink ye all of this, for this is my Blood of the New Testament, which was shed for you, and for many, for the Remission of Sins: Do this as oft as ye shall drink it, in Remembrance of me. Amen.

Directions and Devotions.

Say fecretly,—Send down thy Spirit and Blesling upon this Means of Grace and Salvation, which thou thyself, O Jesus, hast ordained.

Rubrick.

Then shall the Minister first receive the Communion in both Kinds himself, and then proceed to deliver the same to the Bishops, Priests, and Deacons, in like Manner (if any be present) and after that to the People also in Order into their Hands, all meekly kneeling.

Directions.

While the Minister and others are receiving the Communion, you may employ the Time you have to spare in reading some of the Scriptures following, and the Meditations upon them.

Remember that no Posture can be too humble, when we are to receive a Pardon, and a Pardon which must deliver us from Death eternal.

DEVOTIONS.

St. Luke xv. 2. The Pharifees murmured, faying, This Man receiveth Sinners, and eateth with them.

I THANK thee, O fesus, for this Instance of thy Charity for Sinners: I do indeed confess, that I am one of that wretched Number; and do beseech Thee to receive me, though a very unworthy Guest, that I may eat at thy Table, and be Partaker of thy Favours.

St. Matt. xx. 32, 33. Jesus said, What will ye that I should do unto you? The blind Men said, Lord, that our Eyes may be opened.

O LORD, Thou knowest the Defires of my Heart; for it is thy Grace that has wrought them in me, and besides Thee there is none else that can help me:—I pray Thee, therefore, that thou wouldst have Compassion on me, as Thou hadst on these blind Men:—
That the Eyes of my Mind may be opened:—
That I may recover the Light which Sin hath deprived me of:—That I may see the great Goodness of God, in sending Thee to redeem

redeem us:—That I may fee the due Reward of Sin in thy Sufferings and Death:—And that I may follow thy boly Example all the Days of my Life.

St. Mark ii. 17. I came not to call the Righteous, but Sinners to Repentance.

O LORD who hast called us to Repentance by thy Word and by this Ordinance, call me also by thy Grace; but call me so powerfully, that I may not turn a deaf Ear, and that I may not resist thy Call. I am forced indeed to bring my Sins along with me; but it is to crucify them with Thee, and with a full Purpose, through thy Grace, never to return to those Sins I have repented of.

St. John vi. 58. He that eateth of this Bread finall live for ever.

O JESUS, who hast made the Life of our Souls to depend upon this Bread, grant that I may never render myself unworthy to receive so great a Blessing, or deprive myself of it by my own Negligence.—Make it a Principle of immortal Life to me, by uniting me to Thee, and to thy Body, that I may be made Partaker of a divine Nature.

Exod. xii. 23. When he feeth the Blood (of the Paschal Lamb) on the Door, he will not suffer he Destroyer to come in to smite you.

O JESUS, the true Paschal Lamb, who by thy precious Blood hast paid the Debt due to the Divine Justice, and hast delivered us from the Power of the Destroyer! Let me never want this Token of my Redemption, this saving Mark of thy Almighty protection, against the Power of the Devil, who is continually seeking whom he may devour.

and so let bim eat of that Bread, end drink of that Cup.

THAT I am invited to thy Table, is not because I am worthy, but because Thou, O God, art infinitely good and kind. Pity my Infirmities, which are known to Thee, and accept of my impersest Obedience to this Command.—I acknowledge my Unworthiness:—I place all my Hopes in thy Mercy and Promises in Jesus Christ: I sincerely purpose to lead a Christian Life, and to use all Diligence to make my Calling and Election sure: With these Purposes I go to thine Altar, trusting in thy Goodness for the Pardon of my Defects, and for an Increase of all those Graces that are necessary to make me more worthy to eat of that Bread, and drink of that Cup.

Devotions:

When the Minister delivereth the Bread to any one, he shall say,

THE Body of our Lord Jesus Christ, which was given for thee, preserve thy Body and Soul unto everlasting Life!—Take and eat this in Remembrance that Christ died for thee, and feed on him in thy Heart by Faith with Thanksgiving.

Amen.—May it be unto me according to thy Word, a Seal of my Pardon, and a Pledge of my Salvation!

Rubrick.

And the Minister that delivereth the Cup to any one, shall say,

THE Blood of our Lord Jefus Chrift, which was fhed for thee preferve thy Body and Soul unto everlaiting Life! -Rubrick.

Life!—Drink this in Remembrance that Christ's Blood was shed for thee, and be thankful.

Devotions.

Amen.—May the blood of Christ cleanse me from all Sin! And may the Remembrance of his Death be ever seasonably present with me.

Bleffing, and Honour, and Glory, and Thanksgiving, and Power, be unto God, and unto the Lamb, for ever and ever! Amen.

Communion.

Rubrick.

Then shall the Priest fay the Lord's Prayer, the People repeating after him every Petition.

Directions.

Now return to your Seat that you may not hinder others from coming to the Altar.—At the End of the Service you will find proper Meditations wherewith to entertain yourself, until all have received the Communion.

OUR Father which art in Heaven, hallowed be thy Name. Thy Kingdom come, Thy will be done in Earth, as it is in Heaven. Give us this Day our

Now, being made one with Christ, and Christ with us, we have full Liberty to apply to God as our Heavenly Father, and to hope for all the Bleffings which a tender Father knows to be necessary for us.

Daily Bread. And forgive us our Trefpasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into Temptation. But deliver us from Evil: For thine is the Kingdom, and the Power, and the Glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

Observations and Directions.

After shall be said as followeth:

O Lord and Heawe thy humble Servants entirely defire Service, with the greatest Sincerity and Devotion. thy Fatherly Goodness mercifully to accept this our Sacrifice of Praise and Thanksgiving; most humbly befeeching Thee to grant, that by

Now join with the Church venly Father, self, your Spirit, Soul and Body, unto God, and to his

the Merits and Death of thy Son Jesus Christ, and thro' Faith in his Blood, we and all thy whole Church may obtain Remission

Remission of our Sins, and all other Benefits of his Passion. And here we offer and prefent unto Thee, O Lord, ourselves, our Souls and Bodies, to be a reasonable, holy, and lively Sacrifice unto thee; humbly befeeching Thee, that all we, who are Partakers of this holy Communion, may be fulfilled with thy Grace and heavenly Benediction. And although we be unworthy, thro' our manifold Sins, to offer unto Thee any Sacrifice, yet we befeech Thee to accept this our bounden Duty and Service; not weighing our Merits, but pardoning our Offences, thro' Jesus Christ our Lord; by whom, and with whom, in the Unity of the Holy Ghost, all Honour and Glory be unto Thee, O Father Almighty, World without End. Amen.

Or this:

A Lmighty and everliving God, we most heartily thank Thee, for that Thou dost vouchsafe to feed us, who have duly received these holy Mysteries, with the fpiritual Food of the most precious Body and Blood of thy Son our Saviour Jesus Christ; and dost assure us thereby of thy Favour and Goodness towards us; and that we are very Members incorporate in the mystical Body of thy Son, which is the blessed Company of all faithful People; and are also Heirs through Hope of that everlasting Kingdom, by the Merits of the most precious Death and Passion of thy dear Son. And we most humbly beseech Thee, O Heavenly Father, so to assist us with thy Grace, that we may continue in that holy Fellowship, and do all such good Works as thou hast prepared for us to walk in, through Jesus Christ our Lord, to whom, with Thee, and the Holy Ghost, be all Honour and Glory, World without End. Amen.

Then shall be said or fung.

GLORY be to God on high and in Earth Peace, Good-will towards Men. We praife Thee, we blefs Thee, we worship Thee, we glorify Thee, we give Thanks to Thee

Observation.

After the Example of our Bliffed Lord, who, when he had inflituted and ordained this Sacrament, fung an Hymn; so do we praise God the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, for our Redemption, in this most excellent Hymn.

for thy great Glory, O Lord God, Heavenly King, God the Father Almighty.

O Lord, the only-begotten Son, Jesu Christ; O Lord God, Lamb of God, Son of the Father, that takest away the Sins of the World, have Mercy upon us. Thou that takest away the Sins of the World, have Mercy upon us. Thou that takest away the Sins of the World, receive our Prayer. Thou that sittest at the Righthand of God the Father, have Mercy upon us.

For thou only art holy: Thou only art the Lord: Thou only, O Christ, with the Holy Ghost, art most high in the Glory of

God the Father. Amen.

Direction.

Rubrick.

Then the Priest (or Bishop, if he he present) shall let them depart with this Blessing:

Receive this Bleffing as coming from God himself, with all imaginable Devotion.—The Reason and Manner of receiving this Blessing, see below *.

THE Peace of God which passeth all Understanding, keep your Hearts and Minds in the Knowledge and Love of God,

* The following Blessing, with which the Priest dismissed the People after the daily Sacrifice, by God's especial Order (Numb. vi. 24.) was this—The LORD bless thee, and keep thee!—The LORD make his Face to shine upon thee, and be gracious unto thee!—The LORD list up the Light of his Countenance upon thee, and give thee Peace!

And with what Devotion they received this Bleffing, we are told, Eccluf, 1. 21.—The Priest listed up his Hand over the Congregation, to give the Bleffing of the Lord with kis Lips; and they bowed themselves down, that they might receive

the Bleffing from the Most High.

And, left any one should think too lightly of this Bleffing, because pronounced by a poor Mortal like himself, it is added, (Numb. vi. 27.) (I the Lord) will bless them:—Showing, that the Effect of the Bleffing does not depend upon Man, but upon the Ordinance of God, from the Mouth of his own Minister, whom GOD hath chosen to bless in the Name of the LORD, Deut, xxi. 5.

God,

God, and of his Son Jesus Christ our Lord! And the Blessing of God Almighty, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost, be amongst you, and remain with you always! Amen.

COLLECTS.

ASSIST us mercifully, O Lord, in these our Supplications and Prayers, and dispose the Way of thy Servants towards the Attainment of everlasting Salvation; that among all the Changes and Chances of this mortal Life, they may ever be desended by thy most gracious and ready Help, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

O Almighty Lord, and everlasting God, vouchfase, we beseech Thee, to direct, sanctify, and govern both our Hearts and Bodies in the Ways of thy Laws, and in the Works of thy Commandments, that through thy most mighty Protection, both here

here and ever, we may be preserved in Body and Soul, through our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. Amen.

GRANT, we befeech Thee, Almighty God, that the Words which we have heard this Day with our outward Ears, may, through thy Grace, be so grafted inwardly in our Hearts, that they may bring forth in us the Fruit of good Living, to the Honour and Praise of thy Name, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

PRevent us, O Lord, in all our Doings with thy most gracious Favour, and further us with thy continual Help, that in all our Works begun, continued, and ended in Thee, we may glorify thy holy Name, and finally by thy Mercy obtain everlasting Life, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

ALmighty God, the Fountain of all Wisdom, who knowest our Necessities before we ask, and our Ignorance in asking; We beseech Thee to have Compassion

passion upon our Infirmities; and those Things which for our Unworthiness we dare not, and for our Blindness we cannot ask, vouchsafe to give us, for the Worthiness of thy Son Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

A Lmighty God, who hast promised to hear the Petitions of them that ask in thy Son's Name, we beseech Thee mercifully to incline thine Ear to us, that have made now our Prayers and Supplications unto Thee: and grant that those Things which we have faithfully asked according to thy Will, may effectually be obtained, to the Relief of our Necessity, and to the setting forth of thy Glory, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Rubrick.

And note that every Parishioner shall communicate at the least Three Times in the Year, of which Easter to be one, &c.

Observations, &c.

THREE TIMES A YEAR.

God forbid that any good Christian should make this an Excuse for receiving no oftener, if he has an Opportunity! And Woe be to that Pastor, who will not give the well-disposed Part of his Flock, more frequent Opportunities of tellifying their Love to Jesus Christ!—Of increasing their Graces, and securing their Pardon and Salvation!

DEVOTIONS

AFTER THE

SACRAMENT.

RITHER

IN THE CHURCH OR AT HOME.

AFTER you have received, and are returned to your Seat, you may (as you have

Time) continue your Devotions.

And remember, that now is the proper Season to beg of God the Graces and Blessings you most desire; whether for yourself—for your Friends—or for your Enemies, who should always have a

Place in your Prayers.

And be not under any Concern for suitable Words to make known the Desires of your Heart.—God is our Father, and will understand his Childrens' Meaning, however impersectly expressed.—You know how the humble Publican was heard, tho' he said no more than—God be merciful unto me a Sinner!

The

The following Scriptures, and the Meditations upon them, may help your Devotions, either now or at any other Time, to obtain the Graces you stand in Need of;—To preserve in your Heart a Spirit of Piety; or to keep in your Mind the Vows that are upon you.

A short Form of Thanksgiving *.

These v. 18. In every Thing give Thanks; for this is the Will of God.

O Lord and Father, I am not worthy of the least of all the Mercies which Thou hast shewed thy Servant; neither can I render due Thanks and Praise for them; but, O God, accept of this my Sacrifice of Praise and Thanksgiving.—For this, and for all thy known and unobserved Favours of Nature and of Grace, I bless thy good Providence; beseeching Thee to

pardon

^{*} If Christians would but accustom themselves to render to God the Glory of his Mercies.—To take Notice of, and to give him Thanks for, the many Favours, Deliverances, Visitations, or Chassifements, they every Day meet with, they would most surely engage the Divine Goodness and Providence to multiply those Blessings upon them, which they put a Stop to by their Ingratitude.

pardon my Ingratitude, and that I have passed so many Occasions without observing, and without acknowledging, thy great Goodness to thy unworthy Servant.—For when I consider my Dependance upon Thee,—for my Life,—for my Perservation,—and for the Means of Grace and Salvation which Thou hast afforded me, I cannot but be very thankful.—As long, therefore, as I live, I will praise Thee.—Glory be to God my Creator,—Glory be to Jesus my Redeemer,—Glory be to the Holy Ghost my Sanctifier, my Guide, my Comforter!—All Love, all Praise, and Glory be to God most high! Amen.

St. John xvi. 23. Verily verily I say unto you, Whatsoever ye shall ask the Father in my Name, he will give it you.

IN all Humility, O Heavenly Father, I lay claim to this thy Son's most faithful Promise, confirmed by his Oath.—In his Name, and for his Sake, I befeech Thee to give me an Heart truly sensible of his great Love in paying the Debt due by me, to thy Divine Justice; and grant that

that the Merits of his Death and Sacrifice

may not be lost upon me.

Give me a faving Faith and Knowledge;

—A fincere Love for Thee, and for thy holy Word;—An hearty Defire to please Thee;—A Fear of offending Thee;—A Zeal for thy Glory, and a great Regard for every Thing that belongs to Thee.

Give me such a Love for my Neighbour as Thou hast commanded; a due Regard for my Betters, and an utter Abhorrence of all Manner of Fraud, Injustice, and Wrong.

Give me a tender Conscience, a meek and quiet Spirit, a charitable, an humble, and a contented Mind

contented Mind.

Give me a just Sense of my own Infirmities, a Dread of sensual Pleasures, a Power over my Appetites, and a Fear of the World, and its Idols.

Leave me not to my own Choice;— Keep me from Pride, and from presumptuous Sins:—From wicked Principles, and wicked Company; and from the Vices of the Age and Place I live in.

Make me ever mindful of my latter End, and of the Account I must one Day give of my Life, and of the Talents with

which Thou shalt entrust me. --- And grant that I may lead an innocent and an useful Life, by doing Good in my Generation.

Take Possession of my Soul, until I am restored to thy divine Image, from which I

am fadly fallen.

For these, and for all the Graces I stand in Need of, I plead thy gracious Goodness, and my Saviour's Merits' and Promise to all that ask in his Name: And I know Thou wilt not deny me, because the very Will to ask these Mercies is from Thee, and thy good Spirit. Amen.

Rom. viii. 32. He that spared not his own Son, but delivered him up for us all, how shall he not with Him also freely give us all Things?

THIS is indeed, O God, a fure Pledge of thy infinite Love for thy poor Creatures.—Upon this I depend, When my Heart is in Heaviness.—This is my Refuge, when I remember my Sins and thy divine Justice. O make me truly fenfible of this thy great Love: And give me the Graces which that Love fees needful for me, for Jesus Christ's Sake, the Son of thy Love. Amen.

St. Luke xxiv. 26. Ought not Christ to have suffered these Things, and to enter into his Glory?

IT was necessary for Thee, O Christ, to suffer, because Thou tookest upon Thee to answer for Sinners; and to shew us what Treatment our Sins deserve. O make my Sufferings in this Life, in Union with thine, acceptable to God; and enable me to bear them, as Thou didst, with Patience and Resignation, this being the only Way to Glory. Amen.

2 Cor. v. 15. Christ died for all, that they which live should not henceforth live unto themselves, but unto Him which died for them.

FROM this Moment, O Christ, I consecrate that Life to Thee, which Thou hast redeemed from the Slavery of Sin and Satan, by thy most precious Blood. Fortify my Soul, I beseech Thee, against all the Tempitations of the World, the Flesh, and the Devil, by the Remembrance of this thy

thy Love; that I may live to Thee, and to the Glory of God. Amen.

2 Cor. vi. 16. Ye are the Temple of the living God: as God hath said, I will dwell in them, and walk in them; and I will be their God, and they shall be my People.

MAKE me, O God, truly fensible of this great Honour and Blessing of being the Habitation of thy good Spirit; of the Holiness required of me, and of the great Danger of profaning a Temple consecrated to Thee.—Make me worthy of thy continual Abode and Presence. Take Possession of my Heart and Soul; and let me know, that Thou dwellest in me, by the Fruits of thy Spirit. Amen.

Heb. xii. 1, 2. Let us run with Patience the Race that is set before us looking unto Jesus, &c.

GRANT, O God, that I may bear all the Troubles of this Life with a meek and patient Spirit, without repining at what Thou shalt appoint for the Punishment of Sin, and for the Salvation of the Sinner.

I will look unto Thee, O Jesus, when Thou wast in the Place of Sinners, with what Patience Thou didst bear the Scorn the Indignities, the unrighteous Judgment, the miserable Death of the Cross: And this, by thy Grace, shall be my Pattern. Amen.

St. Luke xxiii. 41. We receive the due Reward of our Deeds: but this Man hath done nothing amis.

I Confess, O God, with this Malefactor,
That whatever I suffer in this Life,
I suffer most justly for my Sins! And
therefore, with the Submission of a penitent Criminal, under the righteous Sentence of Death, I offer my Life a Sacrifice
of Obedience to thy Divine Justice, in
Union with that of my Saviour's, at what
Time and in what Manner to Thee shall
seem meet; trusting in the Merits of my
Redeemer, at the Hour of Death, and in
the Day of Judgment. Amen.

St. Luke xv. 6. I have found my Sheep which was lost.

O Good Shepherd, I thank thee for thy tender Care and Concern for thy lost Sheep.—I had indeed been for ever lost, had not thy Love sought and sound me, when I was astray: For thy Goodness Sake keep me, for the Time to come, from wandering from Thee, and from thy Fold. Amen.

St. John v. 14. Behold thou art made whole: Sin no more lest a worse Thing come unto thee.

LORD, the Frailty of Man without Thee cannot but fall: In all Temptations therefore, I befeech Thee to fuccour me, that no Sin, no Evil Spirit, may ever get the Dominion over me. Amen.

St. Matt. xxvi. 41. Watch and pray, that ye enter not into Temptation.

MAKE me, O Lord, ever mindful of my Infirmities and Backflidings, that I may be more watchful, and more earnest for Grace, for the Time to come; that H

the Adversary of my Soul may never find me off my Guard, or from under thy Protection.

St. Luke xi. 13. Your heavenly Father will give the Holy Spirit to them that ask him.

O Heavenly Father, let it be unto thy Servant according to this Word. Abandon me not, I befeech Thee, to the Opposition that I shall at any Time make to thy Holy Spirit, that I may never render myself unworthy of so great a Blessing.

St. John viii. 51. If a Man keep my Saying, he shall never see Death.

O JESUS, who hast made known to us another Death besides that which separates our Souls from our Bodies, let thy Grace and Mercy deliver me from the bitter Pains of eternal Death. Amen.

St. Matt. xi. 29. Learn of me, for I am meek and lowly in Heart: And ye shall find Rest unto your Souls.

O Heavenly Master and Pattern, how am I astonished, when I consider thy Humility, thy Poverty, thy Meekness, thy Resignation,

fignation, in the Midst of Injuries, Oppression, and Wrongs! It must be thy Almighty Grace which must enable me to follow thy Example, and submit to this Way of Peace, to which our Nature is so averse: For this Grace I now pray, through thy Merits and Mediation, O Jesus. Amen.

St. Luke xxiii. 34. Jesus said, Father, forgive them; for they know not what they do.

WE do not indeed confider what we do, when we provoke that Justice which could not be appeased, but by the Death of the Son of God!——If I have any Enemies, O God, I beseech thee for them after this Example, not for Judgment and Vengeance, but for Mercy; for their Pardon, and for their eternal Happiness. Amen.

St. Luke xiii. 26, 27. Then shall ye soy, We have eaten and drank in thy Presence, &c.—But he shall say, I tell you, I know you not; depart from me, all ye Workers of Iniquity, &c.

LET me not depart from thy Table and Presence, O Lord, without obtaining the Grace to lead a godly and a Christian Life;—That I may escape this terrible and just Judgment to be passed upon all those who enjoy the Means of Grace and Salvation, without being bettered by them, but continue to lead unchristian Lives. Amen.

St. John i. 12. As many as received him, to them gave he Power (and Right) to become the Sons of God, even to them that believe on his Name.

I Will not live in Sin; knowing, O God, that I am accounted thine.—O Jesus, who hast obtained for us this mighty Privilege, give me Grace to live, as becomes the Child of so great, so good, so holy a Father;—That I may never abuse this Mercy, nor forseit the Right of the Inheritance of the Children of God, by Insidelity,

fidelity, or Disobedience to the Commands of my Heavenly Father. Amen.

St. John xiv. 27. My Peace I leave with you; my Peace I give unto you.

IT must be thy Spirit, O Prince of Peace, that must put us into Possession of this thy last and dying Legacy. O give me this Peace which the World cannot give; Which passeth all Understanding!—The Peace and Pleasure of being in the Favour of God !-And that I may possess my Soul in Peace, in the Midst of the Temptations, and Troubles, and Allurements, of this prefent evil World. And let this Peace, which thou hast purchased with thy precious Blood, be with me and with thy whole Church eyermore. Amen.

CONCERNING

SPIRITUAL COMMUNION.

THE* Church, for the Comfort and Advantage of fuch Christians as through any just Impediment are hindered from receiving the Lord's Supper (in the Manner which she has appointed, that is from the Hands of Christ's own Minister) has given us this Instruction:

"That if we do truly repent of our Sins;—Have a lively Faith in God's

"Mercy through Christ, with a thankful

Remembrance of his Death, &c. we do

" eat and drink the Body and Blood of Christ, profitably, and to our Soul's

" Health, although we do not receive the

" Sacrament with our Mouth."

They that composed this Rubrick, had, it is very probable, an Eye to the daily Sacrifice, which under the Law of Moses, was offered for the whole People of Israel; at which all such pious Persons who could

^{*} See the Second Rubrick after the Office of the Communion of the Sick.

not possibly be present, yet offered their daily Prayers to God in Union of Spirit, and in Virtue of that Sacrifice offered in the Temple, and which, no doubt of it, were accepted of God.

Now, for a fmuch as very many pious Souls do labour under this fad Impediment, especially in many Country Churches, where the Sacrament is but too feldom administered: To supply this Defect, some such Help as the following may be made use of, on the Lord's Day, or on any other Holyday, in order to preserve in our Minds—
The Memorial of our Redemption; To improve our grateful Affections towards our Redeemer, To keep up a continual Correspondence with Heaven, To preserve in us a Spirit of Piety, Devotion, and Charity, that we may always be prepared to receive the Lord's Supper, whenever we shall have an Opportunity of doing it, in Public, as a public and folemn Acknowledgment of our being in Communion with Christ, and with every Member of the Church of Christ; and which no good Christian will neglect, on any Pretence of Spiritual Communion.

* St. Luke xxii. 19. Do this in Remembrance of me.

O Good Saviour, I will, through thy Grace do this in Remembrance of Thee, and in Obedience to thy Command, as well as I am able.

I do therefore this good Day join in Desire and Spirit, with every Christian Congregation in the World, which truly

celebrates this holy Mystery.

With them I join in giving my devoutest Thanks to thy Almighty Father, and our gracious God, who did not overlook lost Mankind; but sent Thee, his only Son, to redeem us.

With them I call to Remembrance what thou hast done and suffered for us;

Thine Incarnation,—Thy laborious Life,
—Thy bitter Passion,—Thy Death and Resurrection,—The great Deliverance

^{*} We do not want Examples for recommending this Spiritual Communion. The learned and pious Bishop Taylor—The worthy and ingenious Author of the Unbloody Sacrifice—The devout Author of the Spiritual Combat, &c. have proposed some such Help as this, for the Use and Comfort of those devout Souls, who are deprived of this holy Sacrament in the Church. And to those we are indebted for this Intimation, &c.

Thou

Thou hast thereby wrought for all Mankind; and the Obligations Thou hast laid

upon us.

I acknowledge and receive Thee, O Jesus, as our heavenly Teacher:—as our Example and Pattern;—as our only Mediator and Advocate with God;—and as the Sovereign Judge of all Mankind.

With thy Church I join in pleading the Merits of thy all-sufficient Sacrifice with thy eternal Father;—I rely upon that Sacrifice for the Pardon of all my Sins;—for the Assistance of the Divine Grace;—for Deliverance from the Corruption of my own Nature, and from the Malice and Snares of the Devil;—for the Fellowship of the Holy Ghost; and for a blessed Resurrection; the Lord Almighty, for thy Sake, being reconciled unto me.

I devote my Spirit, Soul, and Body to Thee, and to thy Service, befeeching Thee to give me Grace, never wilfully to

depart from thy Laws.

I join with thy Church, and plead the Merits of thy Sacrifice, for all Estates and Conditions of Men; that none may deprive themselves of that Happiness which Thou hast purchased by thy Death;——For

all Christian Kings and Governors ;for all Bishosis and Pastors; that they may preserve the Sacred Rights committed to their Trust; -for all that strive to propagate thy Gospel;—for a primitive Zeal in all that fear thy Name; -for all that fit in Darkness, are in Error, or are destitute of necessary Means of Instruction; -- for all that fincerely feek the Truth; -for all Sinners, that they may have Grace and Strength to break the Bonds; -----for all that are in Adversity; for all that suffer wrongfully, or that are deprived of their just Rights; -for all that are in Pain of Body, or Anguish of Mind and Spirit; --for all that are tempted, or in Danger of falling into Despair;—for all that are in Slavery, under Perfecution, in Prison, or in Poverty; ---- for all Persons and Places in Distress by the Sword, Pestilence, and Famine *; -for all that are in their last Sicknefs, that they may omit nothing that is necessary to make their Peace with God; -for all Widows and fatherless Children;

^{* 1} Macc. xii. 11. We remember you in our Sacrifices, and in our Prayers, as Reason is, and as is becomes us to think upon our Brethren.

----for all that call upon God, and have none else to help them; -----for this Land, and this Church, that the Lord may avert the Judgments which we justly deferve; ----for our Friends, our Relations, our Benefactors, and for our Enemies; for all that have defired our Prayers, and for the whole mystical Body of Christ: ---Befeeching the Almighty God, the Creator and Redeemer of all, to have Mercy upon all whom he has made and redeemed, and to give unto All Grace and Help, according to the Necessities they labour under,—for thy Sake, O Lord Jefus, to whom with the Father, and the Holy Ghost, be all Honour and Glory, Dominion and Power, for ever and ever. Amen.

WHEN we consider the Time when Christians are taught to say this Prayer, we shall have Reason to sear, that too many continue to repeat it all their Lives, with as little Consideration, Understanding, and Devotion, as they first learned it.

This will make a short and plain Paraphrase on this Prayer, both useful and acceptable to such as desire to understand what they pray

for.

THE LORD'S PRAYER EXPLAINED.

Our Father which art in Heaven.

I Befeech Thee, O Heavenly Father, not for myself only, but for all thy Children,—That we may all live worthy of the Relation which we bear to Thee;—That we may not sin, knowing that we are accounted thine: nor wilfully offend so great, so good, so tender a Father: But that we may love Thee, and fear Thee,

not as Slaves, but as Children: That we may put our whole Trust in Thee, and depend upon thine infinite Power, Wisdom, Goodness, and Promise, to take Care of us;
—That we may leave it to Thee to choose what is best for us; and bear with Patience and Resignation all thy fatherly Corrections:—And that we may serve Thee with Comfort and Pleasure all our Days, in Hopes of the Inheritance which Thou hast promised thy obedient Children.

Hallowed be thy Name.

THOU art worthy, O Lord, to receive Glory, and Honour, and Power; for Thou hast created all Things, and all thy Works praise Thee.—Fill our Hearts, O God, with a Zeal for thy Glory, that we may do Thee Honour, by leading holy Lives, and by paying a great Regard for every Thing that belongs to Thee;—Thy Name, thy Day, thy House, thine Ordinances, and thy Ministers:—And that others, seeing our good Works, may glorify our Father which is in Heaven.

Thy Kingdom come.

INLARGE thy Kingdom, O God, and deliver the World from the Dominion and Tyranny of Satan, that the Kingdoms of the Earth may become the Kingdoms of Jesus Christ.—Hasten the Time which thy Spirit hath foretold, when all Nations whom thou hast made, shall worship Thee and glorify thy Name. Bless the good Endeavours of those that strive to propagate the Gospel of thy Kngdom; and prepare the Hearts of all Men to receive it.—May all fuch as own Thee for their King, become thy faithful Subjects!-Vouchsafe to reign in our Hearts, and subdue our Will entirely to thine; -and prepare us by thy good Spirit for the Kingdom of Glory.

Thy Will be done in Earth, as it is in Heaven.

DISPOSE me, and all thy Children, O
Lord and Father, to submit cheerfully to whatever thy Providence shall
order

order for us:—Hearken not to the corrupt Desires of our Hearts; but to the Voice of thine own Wisdom, Goodness, and Mercy.
—Give us a true Knowledge of our Duty, and an Heart disposed to close with thy Will, whenever it shall be made known to us, and to perform it with Pleasure.—Subdue in us whatever is contrary to thy holy Will, that through thy Grace we may at last become perfect, as our heavenly Pattern is.

Give us this Day our Daily Bread.

WE look up unto, and depend upon Thee, O heavenly Father, for all the Necessaries and Conveniencies of this present Life.—And may our bodily Wants engage us to go daily to the Throne of Grace for the Wants of our Souls!——Let thy Blessing go along with our honest Endeavours, and keep us from all unjust Ways of bettering our Condition.—Give us Grace to impart to such as are in Want, of what Thou shalt give us more than our daily Bread; and, with all thy other Favours, give us, we beseech Thee,

The Lord's Prayer

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the Blessing of a thankful and contented Mind.

And forgive us our Trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us.

Forgive us those Sins, O heavenly Father, which separate us from thee:—
Forgive us every Day of our Lives; for every Day we stand in Need of Pardon:—
Give me, and all Christians, a forgiving Temper, that we may fulfil this Condition of our Pardon.—Thou art good and merciful in forgiving us: grant we may be so to others, remembering our own Insirmities. And may we all live in the same charitable Temper, in which we hope and desire to die.

And lead us not into Temptation; but deliver us from Evil

O God and Father, who hatest Iniquity and knowest our Insirmities, leave us not to the Malice and Power of the evil one, the Devil, to deal with us as he pleaseth;—nor to ourselves, and to our own corrupt Hearts and Lusts, lest we rashly run into Temptation.—Keep us out of the Way of Temptations, and under the Protection of thy good Spirit:—Suffer us not to be surprized by them, nor tempted above what we are able to bear.—Give us Grace to resist them, and to watch and pray daily, that we enter not into Temptation.

For thine is the Kingdom, and the Power, and the Glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

THE whole Creation is thine, and under thy Government.—Thine is the Power: Thou canst do whatever we pray for.—
Thou canst cause thy Name to be sanctified in all the Earth, and set up thy Kingdom in all the World, and in all our Hearts:—

162 The Lord's Prayer Paraphrased.

Thou canst cause thy Will to be done on Earth as it is in Heaven; and incline us all to submit to it.—Thou canst give us all Things needful both for our Souls and for our Bodies:—Thou, and Thou alone, canst forgive us our Sins, and dispose us to forgive one another:—Thou canst secure us in the Day of Temptation, and deliver us from the Power of the Devil.—To Thee, to Thee alone be the Glory to all Eternity.

SHORT'

MORNING AND EVENING

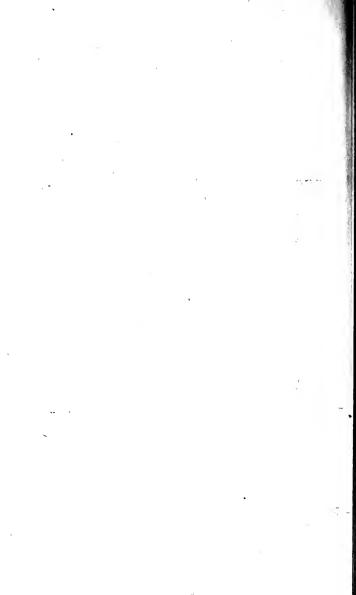
PRAYERS

FOR

FAMILIES

AND FOR

PARTICULAR PERSONS.



MORNING PRAYER

FOR A FAMILY.

Let some one of the Family that can read, say devoutly what followeth, the rest attending.

THE Lord hath brought us fafe to the Beginning of this Day: Let us therefore give Thanks for this, and for all his Mercies.

Let us pray, that we may live in the Fear of God, and continue in Love and Charity with our Neighbours.

That his Holy Spirit may direct and rule our Hearts, teaching us what we ought to

do and what to avoid:

That the Grace of God may ever be with us, to support us in all Danger, and carry us through all Temptations:

That the Lord may bless all our honest Endeavours, and make us content with what his Providence shall order for us:

And that we may continue his faithful Servants this Day, and unto our Lives End.

For all which Bleffings let us devoutly pray.

Then

Then all devoutly kneeling, let one fay,

O GOD, by whom the whole World is governed and preferved, we give Thee humble Thanks for thy Fatherly Care over us, befeeching Thee to make us truly fensible of thy Mercies, and thankful for them.

Give us Grace, that we may walk as in thy Sight, making a Conscience of our Ways; and, fearing to offend Thee, may never fall into the Sins we have repented of.

Enable us to resist the Temptations of the World, the Flesh, and the Devil;—
To follow the Motions of thy good Spirit;
—To be ferious and holy in our Lives;
—true and just in our Dealings;—
watchful over our Thoughts, Words and Actions;—diligent in our Business;—and temperate in all Things.

May thy Bleffing be upon our Perfons,
—upon our Labours,—upon our Subfrance,—and upon all that belongs to us!

Give us Grace, that we may honeftly improve all the Talents which Thou haft committed to our Trust:——And that no worldly Business, no worldly Pleasures, may divert us from the Thoughts of the Life to come.

Make us fensible and thankful for all thy Favours;

Favours; and mindful of the Wants of others.

By thy mighty Power defend us in all the Affaults of our Enemies: And grant that this Day we fall into no Sin, neither run into any Kind of Danger; but that all our Doings may be ordered by thy Governance, to do always that which is righteous in thy Sight.

May our gracious God give us what is needful for us, and Grace not to abuse his Favours; and withal, give us contented

Minds!

Give us in this World the Knowledge of his Truth, and in the World to come Life everlasting. Amen.

HEAR us, O God, not according to our weak Understandings, but according to the full Meaning of that Form of Prayer, which Jesus Christ hath taught us.

OUR Father which art in Heaven; Hallowed be thy Name. Thy Kingdom come. Thy Will be done in Earth, as it is in Heaven. Give us this Day our daily Bread. And forgive us our Trespasses as we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into Temptation; but deliver us from Evil.

For

For thine is the Kingdom, and the Power, and the Glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

THE Grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, and the Love of God, and the Fellowship of the Holy Ghost, be with us all evermore. Amen.

On Sunday Morning, let the following Prayer be added to your daily Prayers.

O LORD, who hast confecrated this good Day to thy Service, give us Grace fo to observe it, that it may be the Beginning of an happy Week to us, and that none of thy Judgments may fall upon us for profaning it. Fix in our Hearts this great Truth, that here we have no abiding Place, that we may feriously and timely provide for another Life; and grant that this great Concern may make us very defirous to learn our Duty, and to do what thou requirest of And bleffed be God, that we have Churches to go to; that we have Time to ferve our Creator; that we have Pastors to teach us! The Lord prosper their Labours, and give us Grace to profit by them; that they and we may enjoy an everlasting Sabbath with thy Saints in Heaven, for Jefus Chrift's Sake!

EVENING PRAYER

FOR A FAMILY.

Let one standing read, or fay devoutly, what followeth: the rest of the Family attending.

BY the Favour of God, we are come to the Evening of this Day: and we are fo much nearer our latter End.

Let us feriously consider this, and pray God to sit us for the Hour of Death.

Let us with penitent Hearts befeech him to pardon our Sins; and to deliver us from the Evils which we have justly deserved.

Let us resolve to amend where we have done amis, and pray God that his Grace may ever be with us:

And that we may be fafe under his Protection, who alone can defend us from the Powers of Darkness.

For all which Bleffings let us devoutly pray.

I

Then all devoutly kneeling, let one fay,

O LORD and heavenly Father, we acknowledge thy great Goodness to us, in sparing us when we deserve Punishment; in giving us the Necessaries of this Life; and in setting before us the Happiness of a better.

The merciful God pardon our Offences; correct and amend what is amiss in us; that as we grow in Years, we may grow in Grace; and the nearer we come to our latter End, we may be the better prepared for it!

In the Midst of Life we are in Death. Lord, grant that these Thoughts may make us careful how we live, that we may escape the bitter Pains of eternal Death.

Take from us all Ignorance, Hardness of Heart, and too much Carefulness for the

Things of this Life.

Make us an *Houshold* fearing God, fubmitting ourselves to thy good Pleasure, and putting our whole Trust in thy Mercy.

May God, whose Kingdom ruleth over all, bless our gracious King, and such as are put in Authority under him, that they may govern with Truth and Justice; and that we, whose Duty it is to obey, may do itsor Conscience-sake!

Grant

Grant that true Religion and Piety may be fecured and countenanced amongst us; and that *Impiety*, *Profaneness*, and *Infidelity* may effectually be discouraged, that thy Judgments may not fall upon this sinful Nation.

Continue to us, and to all the Reformed Church, the Means of Grace and Salvation. Cause that the saving Truths of the Gospel may be received in all the World; and that Christians may not content themselves with Shadows of Religion, but endeavour after that Holiness, without which no Man must see the Lord.

Remember, gracious God, for Good, all those that are over us in the Lord, who watch for our Souls, as they that must give an Account, that they may do it with Joy. We commend unto thy tender Compassion all that are in Error, and sincerely seek the Truth:——All such as are destitute of necessary Means of Instruction:—All that are engaged in sinful Courses, that they may have Grace and Strength to break their Bonds:——All that labour under Trials and Afflictions:——All sick and dying Persons, that they may omit nothing that is necessary to make their Peace with Thee, before they die——And also such

as never pray for themselves, that they may see, before it be too late, the Danger of living without God in the World. Vouchsafe unto us an Interest in the Prayers of thy holy Church throughout the World, which have been this Day offered to the Throne of Grace.

Let thy Blessing, O Lord, be with us; —Defend us from all Perils and Dangers of this Night; And grant, that when we depart this Life, we may rest in Peace, and in Hope of a blessed Resurrection, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

IIEAR us, O merciful God; not according to our weak Understanding, but according to the full Meaning of that Form of Prayer which Jesus Christ has taught us:

Our Father which art in Heaven, &c.

THE Grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, and the Love of God, and the Fellowship of the Holy Ghost, be with us all evermore. Amen.

On Sunday Evening, let the following Prayer be added to your daily Prayers.

ALmighty God, by whom all Things were made and are preferved, give us Hearts to know, and Grace to confider this, that we may chearfully commit ourselves, and all that belongs to us, to thy merciful Care; that we may ever look up to Thee for what we want; be thankful for thy Favours; never refift thy Dealings with us, or neglect the Means of Grace which thy Providence affords us. --- Bleffed be God, who giveth us what is ever best for us; who keepeth us from Dangers, and hath provided for us better than all our Works can deferve! The good Lord make us mindful of our Duty, that as we often hear how we ought to walk, and to pleafe God, we may continue to do fo unto our Lives End, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

PRAYERS.

FOR

PARTICULAR PERSONS.

Both Morning and Evening.

In the Morning.

Consider the Danger of going into an evil World, and then you will never fail to pray for the Bleffing, Protection, and Grace of God, every Morning of your Life.

Ps. cxvi. IVHAT shall I render unto the Lord for his Mercies renewed unto me every Morning?———I will offer the Sacrifice of Thanksgiving, and pay my Vows unto the Most High.

And may God accept of my most hearty Thanks for my Preservation and Refreshment, and for all the Bleffings of the Night

past, and of my Life past!

Poffess

Possess my Soul, gracious God, with such a Sense of this thy Goodness, and of my Dependance upon Thee for Life, and Health, and Prosperity and Comfort, that it may be my Delight, as it is my Duty and Interest, to serve and obey Thee.

And, that I may do this with a quiet Mind, forgive me the Sins of which my Confcience is afraid; and avert the Judg-

ments which I have justly deserved.

Give me Grace, that I may continue in thy Fear all the Day long; and that I may live and act, as having Thee, O God, the constant Witness of my Conduct; and that it may be the Purpose of my Soul never to offend Thee wilfully.

May thy restraining Grace preserve me from the Temptation of an evil World, from the Frailty and Corruption of my own Nature, and from the evil Principles and

Practices of the Age we live in!

Possess my Heart with a sincere Love for Thee, and for all Mankind; and grant that I may have this comfortable and sure Proof of thy Love abiding in me, that I study to please Thee, and to keep thy Commandments.

Give me a tender Compassion for the Wants and Miseries of my Neighbour, that

'I hou

Thou mayest have Compassion upon me, O God.

In all my Ways I do acknowledge Thee. Do thou, O Lord, direct my Paths, and teach me to guide my Affairs, my Defigns, my Words and Actions, with Charity, Difcretion, Justice, and Piety.

Shew me the Way that I should walk in, and give me Grace to follow the Conduct of thy Good Spirit, that I may do my Duty in that State of Life, in which

hy Providence has placed me.

Let me ever remember that the Night cometh when no Man can work; and that now is the Time in which to provide for

Eternity.

Grant, gracious God, that no worldly Pleasures, no worldly Business may ever make me lose the Sight of Death, or for-

get the Dangers that furround me.

Fill my Heart with the Dread of the Punishments prepared for impenitent Sinners, and my Soul with a Sense of the Bleffings which will be the sure Reward of all them that love Thee, and obey thy Laws.

Hear me, O heavenly Father, not according to my imperfect Petitions, but according

according to the full meaning of that holy Prayer which thy beloved Son hath taught us:

Our Father, which art in Heaven;—
Hallowed be thy Name.—Thy Kingdom come.—Thy Will be done in Earth, as it is in Heaven.—Give us this Day our daily Bread.—And forgive us our Trefpasses, as we forgive them that trespasses against us.—And lead us not into Temptation:—But deliver us from Evil:—
For thine is the Kingdom, and the Power, and the Glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

PRAYERS

FOR

PARTICULAR PERSONS.

EVENING PRAYER.

Every thoughtful Person, before he lieth down to sleep, will put himself under the Protection of God, who giveth his Angels Charge concerning his Elect, to preserve them from the Powers of Darkness, from the Dangers of the Night, and from all sad Accidents.

THAT it hath pleased God to add another Day to the Years of my Life, and that He hath kept me from the Dangers of an evil World:—For these, and for all his Mercies from Day to Day bestowed upon me, I bless his good and gracious Providence, most earnestly beseeching him to pardon my Offences of the Day past, and to grant that they may never rise up in Judgment against me.

Lord, the Frailty of Man, without Thee, cannot but fall: In all Temptations, therefore, I befeech thee to fuccour me, that no Sin may ever get the Dominion over me.

Give me a falutary Dread of the Corruption of my own Heart:—Make me truly fensible of the End of Sin, and mindful of my own Infirmities and Backslidings.

Vouchsafe unto all Sinners a true Sense of their unhappy State, a Fear of thy Judgments, and Grace and Strength to break

their Bonds.

Enlighten my Soul with faving Truth:
——Correct me in Mercy, and reduce me when I go aftray. Make me ever mindful of my latter End, and fix in my Heart a lively Sense of the Happiness and Misery of the World to come.

May the Thoughts of Death mortify in me all Pride and Covetoufness, and a Love for this World; and may my firm Belief of a Judgment to come, make me ever careful to please Thee my Lord and Judge, that I may find Mercy at that Day!

Grant that I may lie down to fleep with the same charitable and forgiving Temper,

in which I defire and hope to die.

And may the Almighty God take me, and all that belongs to me, under his gra-

C10US

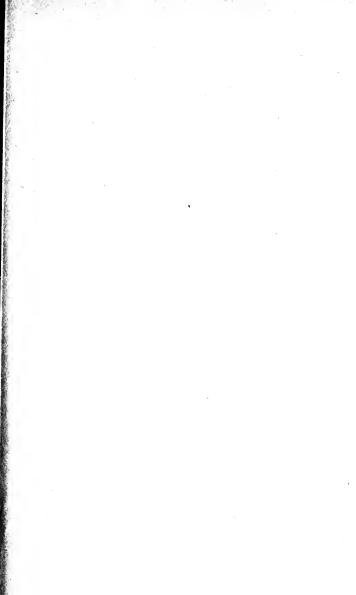
cious and powerful Protection! May he give his Angels Charge concerning us, and keep us in perpetual Peace and Safety, through Jesus Christ our Lord!

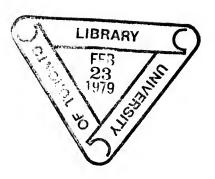
St. John xvi. 23. Verily I say unto you, Whatsoever ye shall ask the Father in my Name, he will give it you.

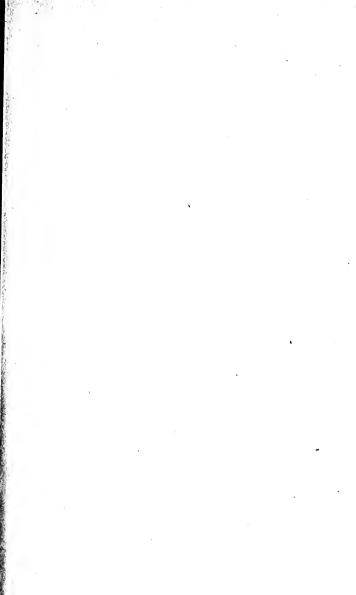
In thy Name, O Jesus, and in the full Meaning of the Words which thou hast taught us, I pray God, for thy Sake, to hear me, and to give me what is most convenient for me.

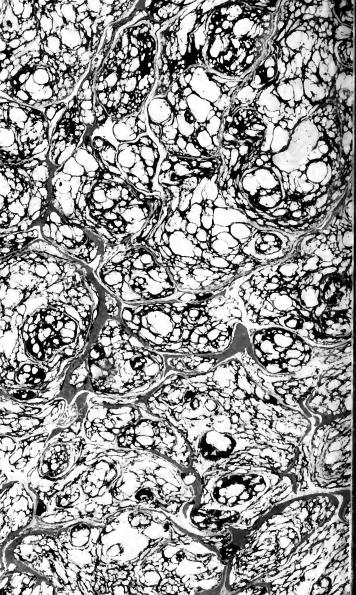
OUR Father, which art in Heaven; Hallowed be thy Name. Thy Kingdom come. Thy Will be done in Earth, as it is in Heaven. Give us this Day our daily Bread. And forgive us our Trespasses as we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into Temptation; but deliver us from Evil. For thine is the Kingdom, and the Power, and the Glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

THE END.









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