



## SHOR'T STILK心

# SHORT STALKS： 

 のに
## HUNTING CAMPS

NORTH，SOUTH，EAST．AND WEST

EDW゙ART NORTII RUXTON

## with numerous illustrations

<br>

Commright, 18: ? by
(r. I'. I'TMAM's Sods

ELH゙, (RD Stanford

## PREFACE

Mose of the papers whin I have collected in this volmme have appeated lefore in varions magazines and jomrnals. My thanks are esperially due to the Editors of the Vinetecnth Centmi! The New Reviene. The Fiched newspaper. and The . If pine . Joneral, for their permission to reprint them.

All but one of them describe the dase and death of wne wihd ammal. Perhaps the criticism will be mate that it is sat that a man "amot enjoy himself in foreign (wontries withont killing something. I freely armit that it is a pity. lout I cammot deny that, to most of us, the phrsuit of areatures whith are hard to aatch, whether batterthes or haffilloes. is very pleasamt. If the prodatory instinets. whirh we have inheriten one of my ane othes
 his gam" - "ammen he altagether erambated. I maty at least nrge, in mitigation. that in all these journers, spearling wer more than a gramer of a senturs. I am persomally respmsible for the wath of losis tham eighty fomernoted amimals.

I do not profess to be a distinguished sportsman, such as those who have devoted years to the pursuit of great game; nor am I competent to instruct aspirants to that title. If I remember rightly, only one of my trips has exceeded the limit of six weeks. My only excuse for writing a book on such subjects, is the keen enjoyment which I take in reviving the memory of the scenes described in it.

Mr. J. E. Harting has most kindly corrected my imperfect olservations from the point of view of a trained naturalist.

I must acknowledge the assistance which I have derived from the art of the wood-engraver, to which my book will owe any charm which it may possess. First and foremost to Mr. Edward Whymper, whose work is almost good enough to convert a bad book into an attractive one, and in the next place to Mr. Lodge, whose birds are a triumph, I am grateful for the pains they have taken to carry out my ideas. To Mr. W. Biscombe Gardner I am indebted for two or three admirable pictures, which make me desire more from the same workshop. Mr. (G. H. Putnam has procured for me some beautiful examples of the skill of American artists. These have been reproduced by the "half-tone" process, and it must be admitter, that for certain subjects it treads hard upon the heels of the older and more laborious method.

Characteristic drawings of unfamiliar wild animals are hard to get. Several of mine are from the veteran
pencil of Joseph Wolf，which is a gmamater of faithful study：

In experlitions surh as these ererything depemts men the choice of a parther．In this resper I hame alsays heen singulaly fortmate．I hatre taken liberties with the features of some of them－hoth my own companions． and others，racy of the soil．I like to reall these my friends in association with the incidents in whirh thes shared．＇To their congenial society I owe the chief part if the hightuess of those holiday hours，and if there is surh a thing mowadays as a dedication，to them I heredes addres it．

The final revision of these pages has been made muter the shatow of a persomal ralamity，which has darkemer my house，and with whieh a light－hearted whme like this may seem out of keeping．But，apart from the cireumstance that the son whom I have last towk a keen interest in its preparation，I have fomm it a relicef from tha heart－arhe to recur in memory to joyom latomes．in sombe of which he was a happy and stremons paricipatas：
E. N. BUNTON.


## （ONTENTS

（＇ll．IJTVI：I
1＇M11
1
（＂IISI＇TEV \｜
 ..... $: i j$
（＇II IJ＇TVİ III
 ..... $7:$

 ..... $1 \because \cdot$

Tいに：Fった ..... $1.5!1$

 ..... $1!: \%$

 ..... $\because \because!$
Benti IlUNTLNE： ..... こ．5
CH」PTER IX
A TANTALISIN：（JUEST ..... $\because 79$
CHAPTER X
RENNDEFR S＇TALKING ..... 8.3
CHAPTER XI
THF：IZZAISI ..... 349
CHAPTER XII
Peake ANI PANSKA ..... 370

## LISTOE ILIUSTRSTIONS

FULL PAGE
The simelinian \oulln ..... $1!1$
 ..... $5 \%$
LIt taker us for a lisal ..... 70
1 flat Crawl ..... s1
The Challenge ..... $8!$
The Tetons from Ludialo Fork ..... 97
Thay mast be hereabouts: ..... $11!$
The Ineent from oted Metili ..... $1:!$
'The bimbary Slael' ..... 1:3.
 ..... 154
skrernt ..... 175
A Rance for Life ..... 14!
The salt Lake lown Maimun barla ..... $1!17$
A 'Tomkoman shepluma ..... $\because 6$
 ..... $211!$
I Liknly spot ..... 214
('Yil ensimers the Wrater-smbly ..... ご!
latle ('ant litake ..... $\because \because$.
Our ('alal] ..... 
He masel straisht towarls 11 : ..... $\because 6!$
 ..... $: 01$
The lirimber ..... 
The Itera datterel buwn the 'lill ..... :35
The dignille de limmations ..... : 4 4
Jaknh invites u- to leap ..... $: 3!2$

## IN THE TEXT

12A温
(inestin . . . . . . . . . .
I Ninagho . . . . . . . . .
(imi . . . . . . . . . . . .
An Ohl Chamois llunter . . . . . . . . .
The Limmeraceicr . . . . . . . . 48
Ambleats . . . . . . . . . .
Mnlian birk . . . . . . 78
The Tetons wrel the loivide . . . 87
An Lmdian Arrow-lmat . . . . . 05
Cris . . . . . . . . 106
Smoday Dinner . . . . . 121
An Arable Ceitonn . . . . . . . . . .
Milli, . . . . . . . . . . . .
Alılulalı . . . . . . . . . . .
The Alscrian linzzami . . . . . . . . . . .
The Caperatilzie . . . . . . . . . . 9 ?

'Tump . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Tohn Wiallan with Peyas aml Laft . . . . . . . .
Ermest is stalked . . . . 184
llazel-ronse . . . . . . . . . . . 2
The Grillon Valtur" . . . 1990
Buabrar . . . . . 201

The Wall Creerer . . . . . . . . . . . 39
(Y1il . . . . . . . . . . . . 4
Fallimg bex . . . . . . . 246

(reali . . . . . . . . . . . .
'The lisg lleat . . . . . . . . 80
Jani . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Mrredl's Momat . . . . . . . . . . .
The（imeat Bustard ..... $\because 16$
Ore＇Touth of Niature ..... $\therefore 17$
The（＇aravan learber ..... ：3！！
Arahus ..... ：ロン
 ..... $3: 17$
＇lhe breche ..... 3.51
川に ..... $\because 4.1$
Jakul， ..... ：34；
＇The Anthor ..... ：3！！！

## 1

## 

 more comfortalde, it is a master passion with somb of ws to emancipate omselven from bablon, aml fom time 10 time to escape from this eomplex rivilisation to somm badmand lamd, theme to become for a few week happe
 mimater thase molle ereatures as to semel the time in killing something. the deeption is mone perfert. Unis happines is complete if the amimal to he lumted lives in a



I fit of this mumbehable lomging hat siryed me at the begiming of 1889 and the pationtar explow whirh






forgotten. People congratulated the victors and condoled with the victims, but nobody pitied the High Sheriff, so he consoled himself in his own way. On the following morning I packed up my camping outfit, and, accompanied by two kindred spirits, fled to the land of the free. To a busy man the scope for this sort of thing is limited. If six weeks be the outside of his tether, dreams of Arctic bears or Oevis Poli are unattainable and unreal. Time and distance have to be considered ; but Scandinavia, the Alps, the Pyrences, the Mediterranean Istands, can be reached within six days even in their remoter parts, and open out possibilities of elk, reindeer, chamois, bear, ibex, and deer of several kinds. Of all these I possessed memories and trophies, and besides, the season for them was over. But there is another land of forests which I had for long marked down in my agenda, and gathered stray scraps of information about, as a stuirrel hoards his acoms-no doubt, with all the pleasures of anticipation. This was the istand of Sirdinia, where dwell many wild animals-red deer, fallow deer. hoar, ducks, and longlitls immomerable; but, chief of all, in the wildest parts, the curly-homed mouflon, desired by many sportsmen, serionsly honted by few, and obtained by very few.

The old numbers of the Fied had been ransacked, travel books searched, II.B. Il.'s consuls resident on the island written to, still the information about these particular animals was meagre and contradictory. The authorities all differed as to what was the close season for the monton, but they all concurred in saying that it didn't much matter. They were also unamous in declaring that the method of hunting them was by driving, whereas

I was convinced that. being sheep, they most feed in the open, and therefore might be honestly spied and stalkind. Possessed by this idea, I had mgaged ('elestim, kemest of chamois hanters. .heeriest of companions - though her knew no work wider than his own momatan vather. Ilis friend Benjamin hand begged to be allowed to comm tow,

(Elestix.
rontent to be hewer of wod and drawer of water without pay if only he might see some new thing. Thase fwo

 along the mathle hatls.

Ny immediate companime were (i - . one of thas
 with their customers fom days a week, and $\mathfrak{F}-$. wf the
numerous amy of Anglo-American cowboys who return to Bond Street and Lecestershire when the autumn " rommel-up," is over. After being clothed and in his right mind for two months, his soul hungered for scalps and the war-path. I was due back within sin weeks to receive one of I Ier Majesty's judges at Assizes. So there should be no avoidable delays-and of course delays occured, perverse and irritating.

Instead of following my own instincts as to ronte, I took adrice-always a mistaken thing to do-and thereby lost, for hunting purposes, three whole days. But, as every expedition has its share of bad luck, perhaps it was as well to take ours in this way. Our intention was to be landed at a small harbour within easy reach of the range where we desired to hunt; but when, the moming after leaving Leghorn, we got among the islands in the Straits of Bonifacio, the Tramontana wind hew so furionsly that it became certain that no landing could be effected between the sheltered harbour of 'Terranora, at the northern end of the island, and that of Cagliari at the other extremity. Uur phan of campaign had to be changed at an homrs notice, and a landing effected at Terranova, many weary leagues from our hunting groum. Not liking the look of the trattoric, where we supped, we got the statiommaster to lend us an cmpty room in his station. Here we spreml our mattresses and waiterl for the morning train. Heavens ! how the wind hissed all night! It was some consolation that no lamding would have been possible on the open coast.

The carly train took us through a broken rocky country, the little ravines covered with cork and arbous. It would be picturespue if it were not mared ly momerons
straight stome walls. umber which the hittle smokerentoment rattle cowed from the stom. In sumberats the lame
 ings of primeval sads-ronical stome towers, reflow with

. NLRAWHO.
the mase of three or fond milleminms-intw which ther retisen with their familice on the apmand of Phemidems.
 is quite manthomed. and vere likely wome.
A. we mex to a higher low the show fill havily.


 if thersent mothimgera. It was momery an forate of the wather which we were to andure with few respite fin a month.

Foiled in our first attempt to reach our destination by water, we now proposed to enter the hill country from a certain point on the railway, whence the map indicated a road of some sort in the direction we desired. Fortune, for the moment, seemed to favour us, as we found a fellowtraveller who knew the country we proposed to traverse. He warned us of malvicenti, but my companions were a sufficient bodyguard, so we telegraphed inguiries for a vehicle. When we reached the station from which we hoped to start, a message met us that this road was blocked with snow-drifts, and that there were no means of entering the mountains that way. We could only bow to the perversity of fate, which doomed us to spend our precions days in wandering round the charmed circle of our land of promise, while we gazed wistfully at the leaden clouds which covered the Paradise. There was nothing for it hut to re-enter the train and continue the joumey to Cagliari at the sonthern extremity of the island. We now descended to the great plain of Oristano-chocolatecoloured and dank--and traversed it from end to end. It is a pestilential hotbed which has helped to give the island a had name for two thonsand years. Miles away the mountains rose with sudden steepness from the plain, as they do on the Italian littoral. We passed several stegmi, or brackish lagoons, covered with wild fowl, which would have stirred our sporting instincts if we had not been thinking of higher game, and cursing the fate which kept us at arm's length. The matives pop at them all day and sometimes kill them, for they brought ducks for sale to the carriage windows, along with fresh-gathered oranges.

The next morning saw ms again on board the train-
 miles into the mombtans. It fhe teminms wormat the

 which we were invited to stom omb tive selves. 10 limst
 heary bribury we gnt oum rifles allowed and surb a minimmon of equipment as would serve at a pimeh. 'The mest wias letit forlorn on the plat forms and did not rejoin us for a week.

Somehow we all squeezel in-six inside two in the compre. driver amd romdurtor in front of that-anm started for a twenty homs' contimoms drive. We saved our lives by walking neally all the way : and this was not diflicult. as we were always cither diving into a labine or elimbing out of whe. 'The roall contimally retmens mon itself, and short whts were mmmons. Is we rose, the cultivation became samticr, and the merequide or serub more frepuent. till it rovered the whole hillside. Tha prombation is "xecedingly thin, and the houses are all huldled together for mutnal protection in little towns, separated by long intervals. In the evening we stopped at sum a one and the romblutor wired an inguiry as to the state af the romb. somewhat to omerelief. the amswer eame hatek that there Wias too much show to traverse it in the might, and six feen two inches was alle to stretel itself on the llat. 'The
 as inded we formd all thesimli- and put head and wine
 stores two botles of that tratrellers friend. batish jam.

a jovial meal. The jam took the priest's fincy immensely, and his conversation was confined to blessings on that condiment and curses on Garibaldi, whom he seemed to think still a militant encmy of the Clmorh. One of the bottles was broken and the glass scattered among the contents, and we told the priest it was "molto pericoloso" for him to eat it, but I fincy he elected to chance it after we had left. In the room where we slept were the first sigus which we had seen of the caccia grossa for which we were enduring so much-skins of boar, mouflon, red and fallow deer. It is not correct in Sardinia to offer any payment for such casual hompitality, but a little keepsike to the signoriure, who waits in the background with curions eyes, is taken in goorl part.

In the morning we resumed our journey on the frozen road, and passed through some grand ilex woods-alas: rapidly disappearing before the charcoal-bumer. Once in the snow we fomed tracks of moutlon, or were they tame pigss? I am not sure, but they served the purpose of raising our spirits. The horses, which are small, lut wellbred and wiry, did their work well, and in due course we reached the little town which was to be the hase of our operations. It is piled on the steep side of the momatan, facing a lovely view of purple plain and distant sea. We were greeted by the lind-hearted sportsman who is fimiliarly known in these parts as Signor Carlo. Blessings on his head for the good things he showered on ns, not only then and there, but during the whole time we were in the mountains! What bread, short in the grain, white and tender! what succulent kids, what honey, more divinely flavoured tham that of Hymettus; and above all, what
 follownes hand dromk six hometred hottles! Diat it was


The next moming, being smatay, the whole malde fepmation were on the little lia\%\%a. 'The women sem to be kept in almost Grintal seehnsion. 'Thn mational
 low above the waist and too chilly below it. A beary Phrewian cap. fin wastorat, aml the miversal hoolont "aponc. ronstitute the uper part, while holow there is mothing lat a short linen pedterat amb gaters. Nearly all were a have kafer, filly two feet lomg, amosis the


 the Vediteramean has see its seal on the physimmomice of
 reporlace, after manly semerations, their respective types. distinet. amd aprarotly mmixel. Nomithstambing the
 formel them miversally evil. though we were alviaed mot th atre a latree smm of momer with us, aml it womla


 The omly appoard to manamthes haloits which we rexpri-
 walking. alome and matment. on the hill. When dhem - 中ortamen whisted to him th halt. and apmomhing with


tained an English shilling, with which booty they retired. apparently weli pleased with the result of their little game of brag. When he wanted to examine their guns, they sprang back, spured by guilty conscience. This very mild case of highway robbery came round to the ears of the carabinicri, though we had carefully concealed the incident from them. They professed great indignation that we had not reported it, and the row waxed so hot that at one time we thought we were to be locked up for having been robbed. Ultimately they offered to intern the whole comntryside in their villages as long as we remained! The only recent crime of which we heard in the neighbourhood was recorded by a little cross on the road, a mile from the cantoniera where we stayed. Here, a merchant, returning with the proceeds of a sale of wine, had been murdered for his money the previous summer. There was a hue and cry, and a demand for justice, and somebody was shot "at sight" by one of the cambinieri a month afterwarls. As far as I could learn, there was only the barest suspicion against this man, lout if he hadn't murdered the merchant, perhaps he had "booed the police." The catabiniero was decorated! The custom of the remetettr has been almost stamped out, and what remains is merely a residue of commonplace sordid crime, and very little of that. As impulsive as children, the Sarts are also as susceptible to praise or blame. If the least thing went wrong I have seen them blubber like overgrown bablies, with heaving shoulders and streaming eyes. Our coachman, on one oceasion having to get an extra luad up a rather stee $ן$, hill, was so overcome by such a paroxysm that he actually rolled off the box from sheer
imability 10 hold himself mpright. I amm aliand it rammot he said that they are as simple as dovers. Nany of them

 ol'sins, and I fonfers I liked them.

The bagmage bears traces of the same mised orion an the people, and many Smane worls are wsed; lout then hamber years of stamish oreapation has left the most marked impression. Sume of our part! who knew spmish amd no ltalian had no ditficulty in making themselves morlevistorl.

We hat intended to establish a eamp in some valley high mp in the best monflon ranges, hat one (amp) equipage hatd had to be left behind with the halk wf om heavy lageage, so that wntil it arrived this seheme was ont of the guestion: amt thongh we heginn with two or there brilliant dalss, for the rest of ome stay the weather wind such as to make form walls amd a ronf a necessity of axistente I hateseaid that there were mo honsen outside of the villages and towns. The exceptions to the rule are the cerntomiores. 'These houses ato phared alout ten miles apart on the Govarmment romb, whirh mow thatese the
 For the aceommandation of the rantomieri wha keep the


 height of nearly four thonsaml feer, and rlase under somm

 miles farther and 'The mearest halitation. a small village
of five or six houser, was six miles ofti. Thlis cothtomione contained a failly comfortable room, reserved for the nse of the engineer of the road on his perionical visits, and this, ly leave of the head ofticial at Cagliari, we used. It was furnished with a rough table and two camp bedstearls, and we soon felt quite at home. 'The two cantonicri ghartered here had each his separate tenement under the same roof, and as their abodes contamed the only fireplaces, we had to mix a great deal in the family circle. I daresay we were ats great a misance to them as they were to us, hat we made very free with the family heartl. and were always greeted with a friendly invitation to take the warmest phace. Here every evening we had a jovial hunting symposium, as we dried ourselves and our telescopes. The man himself, with his wife and progeny, retired at night to an inner room; but the hospitality of the kitchen was extemded indifferently to carabinieriseveral of whom slept there every night-goats, dogs, and casual wayfarers. I used to get up carly, and it was alway's a difficulty to pick my way to the fireplace across the floor, which was literally covered with the sleeping figmes. As soon as we satw these surroundings, we of course expected to be devoured: hut during our stay of four weeks I only once caught a flea, and that was a verg little whe-in fact, a mere kid, not worth hunting. Perhap they were hibernating, and in wamer weather this kime of erecian might be more livels.

We had added to our party two Sards-Gigi and Enricetto-repated to be knowing hunters. They wertheery companions and willing workers, and never lost their tempers, hut their ideas of the art of venerie differed
from ours. (higi hand lost the fingers of his laft lamel he an explasion of dyammite at the mintes. fatt the ramanimes mamber was mancollonsly has amd madinl. Ho was a rapital shot. and at orlal loums womld he wat ant the hill for

1.11.1.

 Want it l mean the stowking: the stump was sommel


saw any wild anmal-an inconvenient practice during a stalk. The worst thing he did was to break up one of my moufton heads and take it out for his luncheon. After this we chiefly used him to fetch supplies from the nearest town, at a distance of serenteen miles; and he and his horse seldom failed to perform the doulle joumey in the day, and to return laten with huge demijohns of wine and sacks of breard.

On the first evening our anticipations were raised to the highest pitch ly the accounts which the carabinieri gave of the moutloni. or "mutli" as they familiarly styled them, which they saw daily from the road-an account which we thought too gool to be true, but which our own experience afterwards confirmed. And now arose a tremendous controversy as to how they ought to be hunted. One writer says, "These animals are ahmost impossible to get except by driving them, and this is a rery uncertain proceeding." With the last part of this statement I agree. As to the first 1 believed there was a better way. I had come to stalk them, amd stalk I would. The Sards on the other hand rehemently maintained that their method had always been pursued; that it was to fly in the face of Providence to try any other. and that none but a pestilent radical would suggest such a thing. Willing to humour them I stooped to conquer. On the first day we would go all together, and the Sards were to show hs how to hunt mouflon, but I secretly determined not to let pass a fair chance of a stalk.

We started before daylight. Indeed, if I may make a harmless hoast, I saw every sumise during the five weeks I remamed in the istand-that is to say, when there was
one. Nor will amy one be sureessful at this spert when does not do likewise. But I am boumd to confess there were so many mornings when the sky shook out the feather beds, instead of protucing any sun at all, that the conceit does not amoment to much. We asecmed a ridge immediately behind the honse, and followed its arest. The snow. in spite of the three previons line days. still lity everywhere exept on some routhern slopes. Alternate sum and frost hard proluced a crust mon its surface, in phanging through which our feet mate a temble noise, which did not promise well for "still hanting." However. What ever its disadrantages, one leams more of the hathis of an animal in one day on the snow, than in three without it. And. oh! the exhilaration of that moment! Here was fresh "sign." In the neighbourhood of one of these clean
 were immediately hos, motwithstading the impatiene of the natives, who thonght this a needless waste of time A few mimutes later those hessed work. " 1 have them." from Celastin. brought us all. cager worshippers, to his suld. There they were sure anough- foum hrown spots on one of the southern slopes a mile or mone distant. We. ham never seen monflom hefore, hat there was mo mistaking the idnatity of the amimal. The seme were septical ame said it was impossible to see montlon at that distanme, hat that ther might be pigs. It was werth the delay of a few mimute to give these equthemen alestom, so we carefully
 peephow. Da mach man amme the look. it was ammsing to wateh his face. Ite would anply his ege with an axpession of smperilims pity for our erentity: Ifter:a
long gaze this wouk suklenly give phare to an eager look, while the glass was convulsively clutehed; then a broad grin and a volley of smothered oaths follower?. Ross's 30 -inch stalker was a new revelation to them, and visibly altered their attitule towards us. From that moment they recognised that we did know a thing or two which they had not dreamed of in their philosophy.

These mouffon were close above the high road, and as they would obvionsly be put away l,y the first person that passed along it that morning, we did not attempt to stalk them. especially as they were all females or kids, and were separated from us by a deep valley. We went on along the ridge till we came to another favourable wying-pace, and again called a halt. Again the telescope, or rather the practised eye behind it, was successful. This time the mouflon were in a shallow hollow in the ridge uron which we stood, and hy dropping down to our left and lieeping along parallel to the ridge, we could reach them in twenty minutes. The Sards assumed an air of profomel wisdom, and showed how they were to be driven. I peinted out how they might be approached with certainty if they remained where they were. We compromised. They were to place themselves and the other gons as though for a drive, and I was to make the stallk. A long tramp, throngh drifted snow took us to the rock which we had marked as overlonking the macy"in where they were. Lying flat on the top of it, we scamed the slope below as with infinite preanations. There was nothing to be seen but the morry"in, which was here so high and dense that it might have concealed a hombed. I sent Celestin to a point on the ridge three hundred yards farther back,

Which commanded the slope from a different angle, and whenee I hoped he might see them. lont while he was gone I continned to watch the waving owert below me. and at last saw a little lrown pateh in the dank green. This presently dereloped into the head amd shoulders of a mouflom. It was a longs shot, hat I had had plenty of time to get my ham steady. She fell stone dead in her thacks. At the somm another, danker and mone comspienous, jumped up and stood for a moment: I rammed in a second cartridge, and as he moved off I felt sume I had hit him. As a matter of fact, he hand received as deadly a wound as the other, and hard fallen within ten yarks, hut the covert was so dense that I was some time finding him. This was a hantsome young male. The other, I regret to ray, was a female, but it was the first one I saw, and thongh this chance came thus carly, I could not tell that I Whould have amother. After this we always let the ewes alone. The natives make no such distinction, but fire a darge of slugs into the brown at shot range, as they are driven be the pmatr. Two of those sulsequently killed fer her had wombt thas given.
sotrimmphant a begiming was beyond the dreams of arabice lacidentally it rased us seremal peas in the ratimation of the natives, and proven to them the colicary of our methor. The ereat ditineulty was th temeh the impertane of finding the same before the gatme fomed them. But from this time ('elastin's superime kill was recounsed.

 herel of mouthon enntaining somb aront mates, wh the farther silhe of the vallore. They were lying in some thin
covert, and the master ram lay on the top of a rock, only his dark brown shoulder and fine head being visilble. In accordance with our plan for the day, while two of us were "posted," the third took the stalk, but this was a very different business from the first trial. For the first time we discovered the exreeding shiftiness of the wind among these hills. A back current carried a warning message to the herd, and F-_ got only a long rmming shot. The Sards said it was all the fault of this beastly stalking.

I came home by myself, following the stream, where the macquid was tallest and the snow was most drifted. When these long flexible shoots are bowed down by masses of snow, and interlacer, they constitute a temper-trying obstacle comparable only with the leg-föhen of the Eastern $A_{p}$ ps. On the way I saw another lot of mouflon which I had unwittingly disturbed in my struggle throngh the covert. Now it is not to be supposed from this grand day's sport that it is easy to put salt on the tails of these wily beasts. To some extent, as often happens, we exhansted our luck on the first day, and we did not get amother chance for many days.

Tor enable sportsmen to appreciate the difficulties of the sport, let me endeavour to describe this little wild sheep, and his ways and surroundings. The moufton is a small edition of the big-horn sheep of the Rocky Moumtains. Though only about a fifth of the size, he carries the same sturdy body on short legs. Like that animal. his horns spring well back, and then curve downwards and forwards, parallel with his checks: and like him, instead of the wool of a sheep, he has the close hair of a decr. The colour of the ewes is also the same


gray dun as the Oies montana, but the rams are distinguished by the rich dark brown of the shoulders and a black fringe of longer hair helow the neck. On either side he bears a conspicuous gray sadtle-mark, which some have supposed that nature intended as a target. If so, it is like the false portholes painter on iron forts to deceive the enemy-too far back and too high. The belly is a pure white. His meat is excellent when well humg, but in Febrnary very lean. I saw no herd of more than twelre. 'The old rams were sometimes solitary, but more often in small companies ly themselves. The young rams were often in the company of the ewes. It seemed to us that there was a preponderance of males, and we were told that the shepherds who bring their flocks to the hills in the spring, kill many ewes and kids at that season; lont this disparity may be only apparent, as the ewes are easily missed with the glass.

IHe stands alout the height of a Sonthdown sheep, lont lie camies a head that seems large, ont of proportion to his horly. 'The following are the measmements of our two best heads:

| Length round outer curve | 2988 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Span across homs | 17 心21 |
| Gioth of home at hase | 9 \& 10 |

It will be seen that as regards length and span they are not far inferion to big-horn sheep, lout the girth and weight are much less. I harl no means of weighing those we got, but our chamois hunter thonght the weight of the best about twiee that of a large buck chamois, which wonld bring it to about 100 lhs .

I believe the mouthon, as I know him, is confined to the istants of sambinia and Comica. There ane mondmo in Ceprus, and also in the momentains of 'lumis, lout they are distinct speries from the Sardinian animal, and from one amother.

Takie him all rouml, the (his mesimon is ont of the best hamls at kepping a whole skin of amy wikl amimal that I have hanterl. Rase is not the wom for hime Ho is up to ath the trickis of the trade and sureral mote. One writer states that to approach the rams is "not moareomp:mied by danger." If to his wher gool phalities this stmery hitte shecp ahled that of oreasionally showing fight, he woukd indeed be perfect. 'To saly that "they frepuent the precipitons huffe, where even chareoalburners find it diftioult to set foot," as another writer avers, combers a wrong impression. 'Thongh he lives (1) gromed more or less stemp it in eary, and he han 110) oreasion for amy remankatle feats of agility. (on the "ther hame, his best satiguand hes in the demse mency"in which rovers the hills. It this devation it is exelasively "ompusiel of the tall "hruyere" heather, from which the so-ratled "briatroot" pipes are mate. This grown from two th six feet high. If this avert were comtinmons, it womlat of comse be impossible to see an amimal which stants litule wer two leet, hut much of it has heen bome ame there are matural penings besides. It is in these openings that he mast be sought when feed ing. Sos all wihd sheep are constitutionally restlese, and never remain fong in ane pace, it will be moterstome how diftioult it is, even when they hase been spent, (1) hold them with the erlasis. They are constantly dis-
appearing in the macquir, and have to be refound again and again before a stalk can be successfully effected. When they are alarmed or ". at gaze," they have a habit, or at least the rams have, of placing themselves in the middle of a bush of macquid, or in the shadow which it casts. The ewes, who are naturally less conspicuous. do this in a less degree. The montlon are also assisted by the wonderful alertness of their eyes. I do not think that they see at a great distance, but they detect an exceedingly slight sign at a moderate range. On one occasion I got up to a small band at so high a level, that there was no covert at all except that of rocks. They were two hondred yards off at least, and feeding away, and, the grom being bare. I could see that there were no outliers---that fruitful source of unaccountable alarms. Yet the moment I looked over with all the usual precautions, my cap, which closely matched the rocks, was "picked up," and the alarm commmicated to the whole lot. No deer or chamois that I am acquainted with would have detected so slight a movement at that distance. 'This experience was repeated on several occasions. The Sards have a fable relating that a hair, which fell from the head of a hunter, was smelt by the wild boar. while the stag heard it, and the mouflon saw it. When startled they whistle as a chamois, and as a Highland sheep occasionally does.

Une of their favourite devices is to seck for spots on the lee side of a ridge where the currents of air meet. Here, in otherwise favourable positions, they are quite unapproachable. And the worst of it is, there is no means of funding it out until the stalker, after sur-
momnting all other dithenties, arrives within two hombed yands, omly to find the treatherons wind tirkling the bateks of his ears. Well he kinows that he will presembly find their couches warm but empty. I also fande, though I cammot prove this meammess agamst them, that they prometise an artful dorge which is not manown to red deer. This is to rimele round an oljeet whirli has exeited some surpicion matil they get the wime of it.

Many of wor longest and most interesting dals were spent in vainly trying to defeat ratit of this kime ame to circmonent some strateqical position that ultimately proved impregnable. It last they begin to feed; finding light compens us to chamething, a flat crawl through thin maraplia, a shopicions ohe ewe in the waty, who will kepl looking batek instead of attending to her supper, finally a long rumaing shot in the fating light withont result-sume such rerond wits a liequent experience, but such days are not failure.

The gromed on which we found them may he despribed as broken rather than mountamous. The valley in which we chietly hunted is a wible tratet bounder on cither side by consirlemble ridges, and rontaming quite a maze of shallow enries, atlouthng excellent shelter in all weathers, but where the wime was most agoravatiog for the stalker. Most of the valleys hereabouts contain groves of time old ilex in the hollows. These ilex woods contain splanelid timber of that species, as well as oaks. I saw one of the former in the hollow of which four men ronld eatily have lain abseast. But the lestrmetion of them is most malancholy. The perstareli or shepherds seem. out of pure wantomnes's, to bilal their fires under the finest trees of
the grove, and it was a common sight to see such giants thus done to death and stretching their gaunt arms to the sky, or overthrown by the wind. On the day fullowing the one above describer, I went some miles down the road and explored carefully a valley thus wooded. The ilex were splendid to look upon; but though I tramped for many miles throngh the snow, there was not a single track of mouflon to be foumd, and the reason was sufficiently obvious. The ilex produce an immense crop of acorns, and large droves of tame pigs are bronght into the woods under the charge of pastorali. The moutlon therefore quit the neighbouhood of these forests. Now our pet valley was free from such woods, with the exception of some small groves too remote for it to be worth while to lning the pigs so far, and which were given over to the wild boar. They had trodden the snow like a farmyard.

These boar lie too close in the daytime to stalk, and. as a rule, can only be driven; but on several occasions we caught glimpses of them, and once, by a fortmate chance, bagged one while stalking moutlon. We were all together on that day, and were spying for mouflon from some high rocks. One of our men was at the bottom of the slope four or five hondred yards off, and started a fine boar from a bunch of serub. He came out into the open and stood half-way down the slope, unconscious of our mesence as we were of his, until Emricetto jumped up, yelling "Cimyhiale! cinghictle!" (wild boar) at the top of his voice, and waving his arms. This was the Sard notion of the best way to get a quiet shot. The boar started at his best speed, and tore across the slope below us as if he had for-

Gotten something, his stmmpy hlack hoty phoghtmer up

 lead" with it. I rushed hark amd haid hold of the lims


 the hoar was strablat below ws, womes at areat pate through some burnt mereyere, where he showed phamly agamst the snow amonw the linels stems. I fired a lengith ahcat of him. Some one said " I' fermoto," amt the hrast seemed to staken his para. belote I rondal loml my single harrel again. F- got in two more shots, and at the last, as it appeared, piggy rolled over among the meregucr. When we got down to him he wats still sitting
 stork limmy planted aganst his side, so that he conk not
 hanting-knife. He Wats a time boar. about as bigg as they make them in this istame thomgh less than the vize they attain on the mainlaml. (Only one hollet han strmek him. and patsed clean through. (at eombe we assmmed that this was fi__s last shot, but after the ". irallork" we followed the track hatekwats and fommed that the boom begam one hambent yourds from where he fill. It was theredore plam that the fatal shot might have heen tired
 ever masolred if it hat mot hern for a drams pieee of evidence. We ramper the boar to the top of the rider. amb, some fimblel eleansing heimen neeossary, a small battered piece ot erpper was fomme in his livel. Now

F $\qquad$ shoots with a solid bullet, whereas 1 used an express, the bullet of which carries a copper tube in the hollow. The bullet had passed through, but it had left behind this ummistakable "certificate of origin." Poor' cowboy:

We were obliged to bow down in the house of Rimmon, and, for the satisfaction of our Sards, devote a day or two to the caccia grossa which they esteem so much. I motley band of peasants, accompanied by a varicty of dogs, appeared at an early hour one morning hy agreement. Some who came from a distance had camped for the night in the woods. 'They were very keen and confident, and expected no pay beyond a supply of wine and a share of such game as might be killed. All had gums, but in a more or less ricketr condition. The barrels of some were badly cracked, which was not to be wondered at, for the muzzles were "stopperer" with plugs of grass when not in use, and doubtless these trivial obstacles were occasionally forgotten. I was told of one man who shot with an ancient piece which hat a distinct elbow in the barrel. This slight blemish, he said, had been made by his grandfather, so that only the owner should possess the secret of shooting with it.

Before each drive there was a great deal of voluble diseussion, not to say quarrelling, as to how the drives were to be taken, and who were to act as beaters. About a third were told off for this purpose, while the remainder, with ourselves, occupied the "posts" on the ridge above the drive, or on the slope which was to be driven. I confess I envied the beaters, for we were soon chilled to the bone at the posts. They did not appear to attach much
importance to driving down wind. 'The beaters kept up a diseordant din, but the dosis did most of the work. We mate four or five drives that day; boan of monflon were seen in most of them, hat only one of two smap shats were obtamed, and the result was mil. 'They sidy a small pigs passed within twenty yands of mo withont my knowing it. 'The following dar we heove down to the little village whence most of these men eame, amd took some likilylooking phares an another ramge. 'The resmlt was no better. If we made any serptical rematris as to any drive, We were greeted with, "Ceri-ultor!" (with (mphatsis)
 seendo). This indeed was a formula with which we grew very familiar while we remaned in saminia, lut after this experience, we diel not pursue the mative fomm of mont, if such it can be called. Jerlaphs we were mburliy: rertain! y many boan are killed in this waty, hat I believe very fuw monllon. This is borme ont by the following, whid is given hy Mr. Temmant as the average ammal bag on the Nanguis of lateonits estate, one of the largest and best-preserved on the istand:- Xoullon, 5 ; red derer, 10 : fallow deer, 40 ; boar, S5; patridges, 500 : hames, 150 : rablits, 300 : wonleock, 160 : smipe. 1:3: duck. 100 : fual, 50 ; plover, $30:$ hastards, 5. There are a few red deer on these ranges, and the simets would occasionally point out an old montlon thatel in the snow which hand been enkirged hy the smo, and assent that it was a red deer. I saw no gemmine fresh red wers trates myrati, but the axceptionally severe weather hat, perhaps. dhiven them away from the high bround. Fiallow deer must also be sunght it a lower level.

Returning from that experlition in the evening in the little waggonette we had hired, we had an object-lesson in the obstinacy of Sard horses. Such a pair of jibbers I never saw before. After a series of tremendous struggles, during which we progressed about a mile in an hour, we gave it up and walked home. The driver arrived there at mitnight leading his horses. The next day he made another attempt, but ultimately he was beaten, and had to walk twelve miles to fetch another pair.

After this we returned with renewed zest to our own methods, thanking our stars that we were not dependent upon a mixed rabble of Sards for our sport. It was not all phain sailing, however, for the weather again turned abominably rough, and remainer so, almost without intermission, for the rest of our stay. Une does not expect to find the Arctic regions within one hundred and fifty miles of Africa. Daily we had to face heary falls, of snow and hail, which condemned us to a voluntary imprisomment for hours together muder some hospitable rock, waiting for such a clearance as would make it possible to use the telescope. But our worst enemy was the wind. So thrashing, hammering, persistent a gale I never tried to stand against. The windows of the cantoniera were partly blown in, and the fine powdery snow poured in through the broken panes for several days contimunsly, while outside nothing was to be seen but whirlwinds of snow and columns of spray one humdred feet high, literally torn up from the surface of the little river. Even when the snow ceased to fall, the wind was so high that it caught it up in wreaths, and filled the air with the fine particles like a fog, so that no use could be made of the glass. Nor was this the worst of it ;
fors. thomish we fared the wather, and ley pationce surceeded in fimbing the same, some shmbering curront of air, Whinlig romed the comies amd relomading from the difls, would nary a waming to theiremers. fiom whaterem fuarter we attempted to approach, and time after timu gond stallis were spoiled. Still we were oftem reminded of

 light the low eombtry whieh lay herom the intheme of this centere of stoms. More ratuly we chjoged a wheld day"s respite, which we thought hearenty by contmat, amd in rome sheltered rorner we would pretem to take a midday siewa after the mamer of these parts. with the hean pillowed on a hand of wild thyme, and its seent filling the mostrils.

On such a day we had one of the prottiest of stalks. We hand epied from the top of a ridge twond stagers-rams of puite execptional puality-on the shope helow us. There were blinking of rettling for the day amd the watmes with whirh the somght a reterat was highly instometive Ater treing sereal spots they asemuled the opperite Ane, aml at last lay down within shot of the bo of it. but so calrefally comeated that thomgh the lay on som and wher the sermh was thin, if ther gumernl telesedpes harl mot watehed ewey mose, we shomle eertamy have last them when thes "comblem." We harl men to get





as our quarry, and reached the bottom in safety. Thence a shallow ravine led us easily to the top of the ridge under which the moufton lay, and following it along to the wellnoted point above them, and finding the wind there sure and steady, we felt pretty safe of a fair shot. I crept down the hill till I was nearly level with the rams, and could just make out a pair of horns. $\mathrm{G}-$ _ , who was to take the shot, got straight above them and much nearer. We stayed like this for twenty minutes waiting for them to rise, when suddenly, without warning, rhyme, or reason, they sprang from their heds and bounded down the slope without a pause. G-- got in a futile rumning shot. I was too astonished even to do that. The canse remains to this moment a mystery, but there is one hypothesis which fits the casc. We had left Gigi forty yards behind on the other side of the ridge with strict injunctions not to move. I hope I am not doing him an injustice, but it is just possible that, as we had so long passed out of his sight, overcome hy curiosity, he came orer the ridge to see what had become of us. If he did so, it is certain that the rams would see him before he saw them. When we returned to the spot where we had left him, he wore an exceedingly imocent expression, hat he did not inquire if the shot had been successful.

The contomier was not attractive by daylight. Even at the worst of the weather we went ont on the off chance, and by sheer persererance sometimes got a stroke of luck and confuered fortme against odds. On one of the most mpromising of days we struggled against the gale to our farourite spying-place. On the ridge we found that, even if the falling snow would have allowed a clear sight,
the wind was too high to hold the glass steady. So we descended into a deep valley at right amgles to the comper of the wind, and somght a hig rock. Here we built a lage fire, and, baking alternate sides of our bodies, wated to see whase pratience would first give out.

For five hours we wated for a chance, and then gave it up, and followed the strean homewarts, hat kept a Inight look-out as we passed retain deep hollows on the shettered side, well knowing that, in weather like this, all the living things in the valley must be concentrated in such spots. We ham passed several of these, and were nearing the high roal when Colestin, who was in front, Wropped on the track. We followed his example and felt for our glasses, now almost useless from hamp. High up the slope he had seen a moutlon, and we now mate ont four comming old rams, the same, as we believed, whom we hat seen on previons accasions. hut who had always duded us. They were sheltering moter a steep slope where the patches of heather were quite six feet high, whirh aldcoluted for their choice of the spot. Getting into a hollow we wont straight up at them, with vory faint expectation of getting within showting dixtance. Perhaps there thombth that moterly would be fool mough to be hanting on surh a dar: It any bath they were less vigitant than mestal. Though the wind semed to be whinge abont in creve direction we got right up to them hefore they were ejmment." It was impossible to tell exarty where they were, and the first sign I saw
 I had just time to shout to (i- Wh lowk ont. When


The leader had his heels in the air before he could cross it. G-_'s shot also seemed to tell. Then I tried to get into a sitting position for a steady shot when they shoud reappear in the next opening, but 1 forgot how steep the hill was, and rolled clean over backwards, heek over hean, and only recorered myself to fire a futile shot. Again I got into position with the bead on the sky-line, feeling sure that one or another would turn there to look for his scattered companions. Exactly so! A massive pair of shoulders and horns clear cut against the sky ! (lick-I had forgotten to put a cartridge in. Egregious duffer! fat-head! tender-foot: Pile on the epithets-you will never have such another chance. Casting a hasty glance at the dead mouflon we followed up the trail, and soon fomm blood on the snow, which quickly led us to the body of another: We had two beauties at any rate, but we ought to have had the lot.

These two had heads which are not easy to beat, but there were two or three veterans about, with heads as wide and strong, anl, in addition, with the outward turn of the tips of the horns, which gives such a character to some of the Asian sheel, and, more rarely, to the American bighorn. We were greedy for one of these, and for many days comuted all clse as "trash;" but they set quite as much value on their trophies as we did. One day we spied such a one, well placed on the opposite slope of a deep valley. He had others nearly as good in his company as wroll as some ewes, but we recked not of them. A solemn resolution was agreed to, to spare no time or trouble to get this fellow ; and having so resolved, we immediately broke it. The first difticulty was
to got down the shope below us, which Nats in view. Wia sught to hare refmod atomg the ridge for a mile to where a hollow wonld have covered us. but to satse a quarter of am hour we rlipped it. I famed there wis a little maine betw as. hut the shope pmoded painfulls smooth, and the rovert was masmally thin ame the show ahomimally white. Having got a thite of the way down in salfety slithering dos-iterere, we rould not slither up agam, and hanl to risk it. Now these mafty shep patctised a dirty little trick, which we obsemed on more than one previons oceasion. They really sam ats all the time. lont poretonded that they did not, and remained apparently unconscions matil we disappeared from their sight into the gully of the stream, when they instantly departed. Fortumately we hat left benjamin on the top of the ridge with a toleseope to guard agamst sum a rontingency. Finding them gome we now signatled him to join us. He had seen that their hembe were tumed towideds as, hat thay did not wen rise from their beds matil ther thonght their departur would he mobserved. They then separated into won parties, hut Benjamin hand kept his ghass on the patriard amb two the others who aceompanided hime Ha repertad that they hand passal over a shoulder of the mountain twands a eertain deep combe which we know
 as we should have done in the first instamer. and at length reathen the rim of this hasin. From here, after a bobs seareh. we again disenvered them. 'Th approwh was a difterent hasims in this rommar hotlow. Fon somal
 and homilly cold work was this dat rawling in powdery
snow ; but it was impossille to get nearer than a quarter of a mile. We had left Benjamin at the point where we had refound them, with instructions to hold them with the glass. Once he thonght they had discovered us. for all their heads went $u$, together; but, turning his glass towards the quarter at which they were looking, he discovered the cause in a large hoar snouting about the serub. In the meanwhile there was nothing for it but to wait till they fed into a more accessible place. This they at length did, feeding down the stream till a friendly shoukler hid them. Then we jumped up and ran along the hill as quickly as our stiffened limbs could travel, till we got right above them. The supreme moment seemerl to have arived. They were quictly feerling through some tall macquia towards a clearing. We slid down a hollow which faced this opening, and waited seventy yards from it. First came a suspicions old ewe gazing about. Now they were all in the open except the big one. Last of all he trotted out, and turned to graze on the edge of a steep bank, the whole length of his broad back exposed to us. What a gramd troplyy he will make set up in Wrand's hest style! It was just the loveliest clance I ever saw, and after such a stalk too! I whispered to F-_ to take him so. There was a crash of lead on ep lintered rock-twenty hounds, and he wats gone. Alas that the mimute trembling of some superflums erratio nerve should spramer all that lahour, forethonght, endurance, and science! Wall, I know whereabouts he is. ant--I hope to look him ul again some day.

It would be extremely interesting to me, but I feal tedions for the reader. to descrite other stalks. successtul
or the reverse. I will content myolf with sinving that
 nine mouflon and one boar, all ley fair stalking.

I will romblate this dapter with a sugestion or two that may be wisefal to any one who may follow in our fontstepe If he muleritands stalking, by all means let him take a teleseone. Which must le used with imdustry amd persecrance. Som lat him be content with lowing the groum orer ance or twice. In surh covert ann animal may be hidden one mimete and exposed the next. If he mast drive, let him aroid suromding himself with a tibe of matives. 'lun or three are enough to drive a widn area fin sheep. Let them drive, white he puts himself in the best post. His indivithal damee will be as good or better than if the ridger were lined with impetnons natives. The homeduaters shombl be as far as posible from a town. I fow talian digats cambed in the perket are the beat paseunt. Ther best season for stalking montom would pobably be the smmer. When they are high un on the feak: where the rorks are nealy bare : hat there may be danger of ferer mat (0.twher. Smplies shombld be ferford mory two or there days from the mearest town be a man

 amb werything paid for through him. If the opertaman
 "und his awn jumbent, he will maje himself. If he
 th some wher apually gend. W: should I fime him in me


## II

## LECOLLEUTOONS OF CHAMOIS HUNTING:

(OF the varions forms of stalling which I have tried, none. in my opinion, will bear comparison with the chase of the chamois-Antrlope rupicapra, the only representative of the speries in Europe.

The main element in all forms of sport is that the interest should be sustamed. This is not possible with any grame that lives ehiefly in dense covert. If the sportsman is so fortmate as to get a chance at such ferometurer, it comes suddenly, withont waming, and often withont generalship on his part. Chamois, on the other hamd, live on ground which, as a rule, can be thomoghly surveyed with a telescope. Spying is in itself an art, the perfection of which is only attainalble by long pactice, combined with exrellent natural vision, but ronsiderable proficiency may be attained he an amateme possessed of a good instrument, and who is not content to look over his gromm but sererehes it minutely and patiently. Whem he has attained even a morlerate degree of skill, he has ymatified himself for one of the highest pleasmes of hunting. Moreover. he will not have reached finality, but will find that he
"an impore himself almost indelmitely mat her perfioms feats which he would hase previnustre thomeh impusibile.

It shomld heremembered that at chammis, exom when at
 he cath see so the rath loe seem. I used to be astmishod at the ease with which somm of my haters have, at a distanme
 the gray matise on its face-the mory visible pate of its benty. Vet I have myedf, when in gond paratien, acemplished the feat.

So seat is the powe of atome shertase that I An not remember ever to have haw a hamk days dhamos.
 when the mountains have herome sheorded in mist eaty in the day. This diligent the mox inspirtiog features of the sernt. Many a delightinl hour of amicipation have I ment in watehing : herd. or perhaps mone than ane, while wating for them to settle for the dare, diseussing the best line of appornd, amd impursing unen the memory the sationt features of the groum in their meightmonnemt : and this is mot wasted time. for these ammals and surethest that it is often neressary (1) wait till mown before the real lathour of the day commences.

 ame the dpine (lyh) is atambing poof that healaby Englishmen are foml of dambering for its own sake. N the same time it is a mistake tosuphese that the eonsen-

in difficulties ${ }^{1}$ are often realised. Chamois are, as a rule, found at an elevation of from six to cight thousand feet. and to not affect the tops of peaks, or very break-neck places miless they have been alarmed. Some mandis pas are encountered, but as a rope is a himdrance, and is seldom carried, no one but a fool would court really bad places which might be turned.

Neither is the sport a very arduous one. The distances to be traversed are not really great, and though there is always a sharp burst of cimbing of from one to three thousand feet-for the approach has almost invariably to be made from above-the ground must be

1 I may be permitted to cull a few specimens from the literature of the sulject, which accounts for the glamour which suromms it in the pmblic mind. One old German whiter says that "the most dangerons chase of all is that of a chamois. 'The lomer must manage all alone, as meither man nor dog cam le of any rervice to him. His a coutrements consixt of an abl coat, a lag with ify berenl, cheese, and meat: a gun, his humting-knife, and a pair of irons for the fert. He then drives the chamois from one chas to the other, making them always mount higher, climbe after them, and whot, them if he can, or if he fints it necessary ; hat if that should not toe the base and he hat driven one of far that it is monger able to ehnde lim, he apmathes quite close, futs his hanting-knife to its side, which the chamois, of itw own aceord, fushes into its body, and then falls down headlong from the rock." There is nothing impossible in the followinge, imel I should be som? to deny the trutli of it, but I have not lat the grool fortume to ofserve such a gatme of "lear-frog" myself. We reat of chamois chasing a suow-fieht, "that thay hasten their tight in the following mamer. The last chamois jump: on the back of the one before him. pases in this way orer the back of all the ethere, ant then phates himself at their heat. The last but one does the same, and the others follow in order : and in this manner they have soon paseel orer sull at fied of show:" Such writers do, howerer, oecasimally hit uron the truth, as, for instance, where mo of them says, "It is their immer heat whith impels then to seek these phaces where show is to the fomme." A friend of mina once took the temperature of a frestly-killed chamois, amb it stonl at $130^{\circ}$ Fahrenheit. I ann ashamet to saly that I have never verified this experinent.
constantly re-surveyed, and the position of the wame
 I find the yielding boge of sweden, on even the lomg heather of seotland much mone trying to the wind and museles.
 form another inspiring remont which in totally wanting, \&ily in the leaden-colomed shopes amd peat hogs of a Sooteh deer forest. Sor loubt sienteh deer stalking has some of there chames, or ham them in the days of St. John amd somper. but those seven-stramd fences have taken the Havour out of it. It seems a work of smperemgation to eibeumvent an animal whirh you have alleatly riremmArpibed with an impassalde wire ellebostre.

Then there is the real skill repuined to hit so small an amimal. 'The vital patt of a ehamois is sommely barer than this book. 'That mats seem to the reater at sutherent mark, but when it is cxartly the same mist roblom ats its
 assure him that it is momariably eaty to miss. It is 110 Ponsolation when !on hear the explamation at yome ellow,
 amb thamb low bon wanted only half ant ind to makr an cxerllent shot. 'There are some perple whon bever miss. I


 misaing a stag. Ile asward me that he hat a private "nem! who must have tampered with the sights of his ritle. 'That is abont the tallest exales l ever heard, hat in "hamois hanting a man mast be bolder even than that to
find reasons for all the misses which he is certain to make. When his invention is at fault, it is best to go amd shoot at a stone till he has restored his confidence.

Another attraction of chamois hunting is that it takes you to the momatains at the time of year when they put on their most gorgeons rament. At the latter end of September the corridors of the hotels are empry. Yet it is not till then, when the mild sumshine, even at mideday, casts those wonderful purple shatows, that the infinite varicty and delicacy of form of the everlasting hills stand revaled in clearest definition, often rembered yet more clear by a soft powdering of fresh snow resting on every ledge. Then who can measure the glories of an Alpine sunset, when the pink snow-flush is framed in golden hirches? Large patches of these clothe the hills-acres of them together-and out of them tower the great Arolla pines, black by eontrast. The larches have hardly turner, but at a lower level on the Italian slopes, the beeches, though still green for the most part, carry fiery points; and under your feet, that close-growing bilberylike plant which is. I think, the Treccinimm, loms to a scarlet so pure and brilliant, that l hase often mistaken it for the blood of a chamois of which I was in search. It is not surprising then that, when the pursnit of new peaks and passes-the craze of my satad days-began to pall a little, 1 aldopted with enthosiasm the chase of the nimble mountain antelope, which combines a mild form of mountaineering with all these delights.

Most of the chamois humting which I have done has been within easy distance of the Engadine. The people of Graubunden are jealons of their sport being shared by


 man who ham gome oun with a loral hamter, amd to sere that be did mot fire the shot. I trust ful Smerian ome




 muked in amother 100 frames penalty. having beon informed agamst he his own guile. who took hall the fine. This exelnsiveness is of long standing. Von 'Tsehndi mentionsome. (bomi. Who loredel it wer these valleys at the fommenement of this centary and at whose dond was laid the dixalpearame of mot a fiew Italians amb whers. Wha had trepased on his preseres mever to retmon. Porsomally I douln the amthemticity of these homelhirsty deents a beltef in which wat perhate fostered be himself to keep off intrules fiom his domain: and I am indimed (1) think that his worst reme wat inotlante lainge It least that is my inforence firm the following history of
 permission to acompany him on a hanting expedition. If - -roms to hasw been in at terithe fright of this monster of Framkenstom. Wha anted the part to perfection all the
 arame of the horers whith he molument:-

- At one time Lan\% ant ('olani wome both lying down


loud rushing sound, and at the same time a cry burst from Colani. Lenz drew back and saw above him an enormons Limmergeies, which in another instant would have shoved him down the precipice. Colani's shout had saved him from certain leath. Soon he spied ont five chamois in a soot, one of the most difficult and dangerons that can be conceived. Colani had only been there once before in his life, he said. However, straightway he buckied his gm on his shoulder, and reached the narrow gallery of a vast perpendicular rock, which sank to immeasurable depths below: The loose earth slipt from under them at every step. The ledge became narrwer and narrower. Oljects bencath appeared like the smallest specks. As they went on, vast chasms intervened from time to time, giving them sudden glimpses of the world below, and at last the path seemed to disappear altogether. 'Now. look sharl,' shouted Colani, and catching hold of a jutting tooth of rock, he swong himself over to the opposite side, leaving his companion to do the same. Lenz imitated him with the comage of despair, and rather, as it would seem, to the astomishment of Colani, who quictly remarked, ' I lid not think we should both have stood here together. And now; he said, 'for the chamois; we have got round them famonsly.' In half an hour they reached the top of the monntain, where they had seen the animats. Two were lying at their feet among the Alpine roses, on the bink of a precipice. Lenz's licart beat as he fired orer Colani's shoulder. One of the amimals sprang into the air and rolled backwards down the precipice; Colani's shot missed, his gan being poised on a tottering picce of rock. Lenz wished to go down and secure his prey, but Colani with-
hed him, alding. with what lemz thomght a ginily look Whaterer descends into that grave is buried sate emomgh. Many vears before, al lanter of the (irisoms land disappeared there keaving no trate behime. Lenz decentes the spot seemed to him to smell of haman hlood.
"They next reached a valley full of blocks of stome. and shat in hy perpendioular rocks. In elamboring over some fragments. Colani eamgh sight of some olject, threw himself down behimd a stone, and motioned to len\% to do the same. Jle matr mo answer to his eompamion's inpulies. but looked up thoush his 各lasis amd muttered an imprecation, at the same time elenching his fist ranvulsivety. Lemz pereeived at lengh a haman figme high up among the rocks. 'The fieve expmesiom amd angry wome of his guide filled him with strange mingivings. 'Remember I am eome to shoot ehamois aml not men, he remarked stembl After a while the strange hamter dis-
 and they fusherl at full speed up the hills: taking only ten minntes to aceomplish what wats lastally the work of half an hour. 'They sank down cxhansted for a moment, hut presently the st mage reappeared, and (oblai deliberately
 phrting the weapon aside, I allow mo momer betore m! wes. Colani rast atemible slance at him, lut presently



 time the attrition wit all the mations has fut a perlish on the suffare. Sut thirty years ang, it sometimes tow the
form of rather masterful self-assertion. I remember Herr G-_. Who afterwarts blossomed into a wealthy hotel pronietor. but who did not then wear a black coat, exhibited his dawning civilisation by amouncing, in the course of the telble whote, that beer was not to be drumk at dinner, and that if any one wanted it he must talke it in the public beer saloon. Now we Britishers did not all want to drink leeer, for lis Valteline "Montagner" was excellent, but we declined to he coerced into consuming it. We rose en masse from the table after somp, and adjourned to the tap-room. There we solemnly drank our beer and returned for the next course. This form of strike was successful. and the bloated rapitalist. who by the way was a sery gool fellow, was brought to his knees.

On account of the local jealousy which I have hinted at I have gencrally hanted on the Italiam side of the frontier, but my tirst expedition was near Zernetz. It Was a sulden thought. We were not properly equipped. We used borrowed guns of the country, and naturally we came back after two days, having caught nothing but bad colds. There had been a heary fall of snow; the tracks of chamois were everywhere, and though I failed to get a shot, I was badly infected with the buck-fever. This result wats contributed to by the stirring reminiscences of my excellent friend Herr $\mathrm{S}-$ of Pontresina, furmerly President of the Graubimden. Who accompanied us on that occasion. His large collection of chamois heads testifies to the zeal with which this fine old sportsman liunted them in years gone by. ${ }^{1}$
${ }^{1}$ I can only remember one of these tales. He was following with one companion, in the depth of winter, the bloody trail of a wounded chamois.

It the first aldertmity I repeathed ther exproment.





















now is, for there was only an old-fashioned, woodenwalled inn. I made, in spite of the regulations, a preliminarv canter in the well-known Tal Rosegg. For the past ten years or more this valley has been constituted a sanctuary for chamois by the wise provisions of a Federal law. It that time they were searee, but after a long search we spied three. The day was stormy, and under these circumstances the wind is always uncertain, and our stalk failed in consequence. However, I established, by a fluke, a reputation as a shot, which many misses never completely effaced. Returning along the mule-path, a marmot was observed outside his hole. As I sat rlown to shoot, he scuttled into it. but presently reappeared, cautionsly showing his head and shoulders-a small mark-but I took pains with the shot and slew him at the door of his house. Presently the same thing happened again among some rocks, but this marmot showed only his head as he watched our morements. Besides, the shot was a long one, but by a fortumate accident this hullet also sped truc. Ever after, my hunter attributed my misfortumes to anything lout the true cause.

The valley of Livigno is a wide open pasture, with rounded green hills on either side, very fat and productive, and maintaining a considerable population. In its upper portion there is much high ground and some excellent corries, but the best ground is below the village. Were the river enters the wild Spoil ravine, the lofty sides of which ate composed of dolomite, which prothres rock scencry of the most contorted and bizarre characterisolated columns, terraces, mysterions hollows and clefts, Hying buttresses, like those on Milan Cathedral-though
the ruin of rooks is so ereat. that a doser romparisen would be fomm in the remains of the temple of the sim at Kamalk. Mostriking of all, water sponts out in certain plates in finthertiod stremms from the fire of shem difts. Then this kimt of rock is stained with orhere and rusect. and lights mp stamgely mader the mysurions ghow of sumset. The slopes are clothed with dense pateches of
 of which are a favomite hame of chamois. Owing to the inarcessible chameter of this babe, the whole valley of Livigno, though geographially on the nowthern sidu of the wateralierl, and in the map projeding like a peninsula into Switzortaml. has alwars belonged pelitically to laty.

It the dime of which $\mid$ write there were man! lammergeter in Livighe. It is monvalats a very rate
 mone momerons agles by its great size and a tail honger in propertion to its hely than theirs, as well as her mome pribted wings.

There are ahrays rmmoms thying about of heare in the

 once raw the skin of a newtr-killed ome. a dark pelt with a tione of eray on the life of the hatis. lout I mex anemmered whe in the flests.




 we prot up at the litte lowernta in the viltage. It amelt
of cheese and required heary dustings of "Keating;" but its hospitality was of the heartiest, and indeed the whole commmity regarded us as their guests. Sylvestre, the landlore, was especially genial in his greeting, thonght


The bämablabler.
I am bomm to say he tried to make hay on the rare occasions when strangers chanced to shine upon him. The result of this was that each year, as the day of our departure drew near, a slight cooness arose between us owing to the consciousness, which both of us hart, of the
imevitalle row over the bilt. To put ur at the village imvolved a hom walk to war hamting !romme and we
 louts. supplemented bey andall ringe tent.

Gur favomite (amp was about six miles down the
 the river. in whiet there wore some ver nier hathing
 it mabined us to ser both sites of the valley fiom the neighbermood of ramp.

In thase eaty dins my primipal hanter wats Sinats, a leam ohl man. Whan lived on the Julia l'ass, with long: Wank hairs a shrivellad face stamed to a dark dhocolate mond. and at ereat howked mese like some hime of pres. Which wat strich! in chataters. He wate bery peor, lat hatt was owing to his pasion for hanting. whiel he prefored to more profitable acelubations. In the winter
 sumetime be set fall-haps for marmots. Ho was alvalis ratching something. hat he whe tok me that the hametest work of all wat pouthishing. 'To my suphion ingnity lar mplied that the hotels will only buy them alive amt that involsed rambing ont his back a large emelosed
 replemisher with fresh water. the wite a past master in
 Hem, and very serome when the lathe missed. on whid


 fath in the arembery of my hombin! hut combined with :
profound distrust of express riffes. "Z"l viel fulter" was always on his lips after some fatally bad shot on my part. On a puestion of wind, or the proper line of approach, he scouted all advice. Indeed he would allow of no difference of opinion in his own department.

I think his success was mainly due to his patient, or What sometimes seemed to me-when boiling over with ardour-his dawding ways. "Semper lemtem"" was his tantalising answer to all my urgent suggestions of prompt action : for he talked a mixture of German and Italian as well as a hyorid putheis called Romansh, which is supposed to be debaser Latin. I remember once finding chamois guite early in the diay in a very good place. He had not seen them, ant kept mooning around all day at a low level. Quite late we mounted, and of course found them where I had indicated. I missed them, and my temper was not improved by his sententious remark: " See what a good thing it is to wait. You are sure to see them at last." For all this I am bound to say his judgment was generally correct. He had a great hulking son, who was also an able hunter, but was even a gruffer and a rongher (cul) tham his father.

Another of my fivourites was old bernarde, a tall, lantern-jawed, and clean-shaven native of Livigno. Who, of all the Italiams 1 ever met, was the slowest of speech and the most preternaturally grave. I never could divest myself of the idea that he was a Methodist preacher, and this was borne out by the dark clothes which he habitually wore. He wats inferior in skill to Spinas, but the natives of this valley hont but little, and leare it to the
 momitains lo tre their lark there.
 mot. Which I mathe in the company of whe or wher of
 than all down here womld make a very momotomotis "hapter.
 allil th prescoll a faithfal pirture I monst mot omit all memion of the wher sut. lowerer paintial the bask mas.

 is whan reath of the ememed I hatre heseribed. We. stated some after : was. and were lin along the path lowfor the day ant mally dawnent. So it gent light. the man
 (1) His a hack, which I rombl mot sine without at telesenper
 wed farres all. It seemed strage that he should remain
 (1) pernde parsing that way.

Wratempted the salk, hat hand hardle stanten hefine
 hant gen timel of lomig lowked at amil with a shrill whith.





 mext rilise we should metamly ser mone" Commerthe" as
he eatled them，as they wouk have come down for the salt． I di，not then know what he meant．Sure enongh when we cautionsly looked over，there，on a wide green phatean， four hundred yards in diameter，was a herd of no less than twenty－four chamois．Some were chasing one another at full gatlop round this park－like space；others butted one amother．or in sheer exuberance of spirits spang into the air and pironetted on their himd－legs；while grave seniors， tor shd to dance．looked on with the same air of super－ cilious approval which grandfathers like myself assume at a ghillices ball in Scotland．It appeared that earlier in the summer，goats are herded on this open space，and， after they hate been driven down．the chamois are attracten by the remains of the salt which is sureal for them．Sometimes such sal：lächener，or saltheks，oecur naturally．It is not on my conselcuce that I distmbed this fimily party for while we were making the necessary detour，they betook themselves to the woods for their mid－day siesta，we knew not whither．

I have several times been the witness of such a fromere spied．They generally choose a wide patch of snow，in an open valley where they camot be casily approached． Once，I am ashamed to say，I successfully stalked such a party．They were so ocoupied，that 1 succeeded in crawl－ ing down to them in full view．Chamois hunters do not understand this kind of that crawling，and gencrally will not attrmpt it，as there is in most cases such almolinnt rock covert that there is no need for it ；but it is often cffective when dhanois are feeding，and the light is not too good，if you let yoursclf dombill on your back，feet fore－ most，and only move while their heads are dorin．







 a cone of bom! substame which lives liom the skall. sume
 muml wits pivot.
'Tu retmon to the dis in puestion-while Geof and
 fiather up. We now fomme ourselves ant the mber at the



 mone an rhamois withtraw thomselves intoromeralment.






 $\therefore$ ※口




chamois which you have found. The proper way is to take some conspicuous olject which any one can identify in a moment, and lead up from it by a chain of minor oljects to the precise spot you wish to indicate : something like the following :-" You see the green alp at the top of the wood. Follow ul the comloiv to the left of it till you come to a dead tree. T'o the left of that is a cliff with a black shadow shaped like a camel, and just below the camel is a rock with a narrow gray streak. They lie ten yards to the left of that." In this way one is led by the hand as it were, step by step, to the presence of the chamois. "See." says Joham, "I will show you with my stick." But the stick is useless as a pointer, for it is bent by Toham's fiftecn stone of weight. *Stay, I will point the riffe." and he draws a bead on them, and puts his head on one sile so that I can look along the sights. Now I see where he means, and pick them up with the glass-a doe, a kid. and a two-year-old. Presently we find six more: then another lot of three. The last were low down and as it was getting late we chose them for attack.

It was a long and rough descent into the ravine, and we had to go down stream to a hidge. After half-im-hour of ascent at Johamis pare I began to be sorry I had come. but I was not really pumped till the leeffoflow was reacher. The flexible stems of this curious dwarf fir (the Pionsimuthow is, I think, its corrert name) are every winter hent flat under the weight of snow. and never quite recover their erect position, hut remain partly recumbent and interlaced, each stem growing down the slope. It is easy enough to gustraight down through it, and not rery difticult to climb, staight mp, hat to cross it diagomally is a trial to
one's tempers. It is a perfeet net-wonk of intertated hanches, too thick to pust aside too thin to hear sumb
 wong moment, and if you arall moler them they pull four "ap off", and catch the rifle which hangs at your batk. In a thick grove of it you cammot see thate yards in amy direction except towards the valley. I suppose it was sume instinct. Which lower amimals like myself do mot ponseses, that gumbed Johallun to the right spot, but we foumb omrshers at last at the top of the eliff muler which the thamois had been lying. Ther hat moved, amb for some time we hat to crawl about through the banches. pering down through peep-holes in the deep firinge which projects beromed the upler edon of the eliff. At last Jaham sioned that they were below us. I struggled to his site, and though al win 1 sin one of them for a moment, hat he had moved befine 1 could get the rifte into my ham, and the handere hid him from me. Then Joham pointed out amother right moler me. I hail to
 -hiser amd hombed offe, su that he was at onee hidden. Wepmand though tha thicket to a mone open plare. amd. as we reandon it. I ealught sight of the bown flamk of another which was making off though the rovert amel

 There was the howely tank of the tirst dammes. The poor haist hard mon gom far: hat ham lifi momgh laft w
 a sight of his heal. amb tinitum him with a butlet thromgh llo nerk.

I hate carrying my riffe, and never do so if I can help it ; lut the excepition is when my hunter is otherwise well loaded with the results of a successful stalk. Then it feels as light as a feather. The leff-tofiren no longer ruftes, amd you step airily over the moneris pers, which you distinctly funked in the morning. In a huried shot like the abore I do not pretend to be always able to distinguish the bucks. I am guilty of the death of many a geises. In the above case my second beast was only half grown, but his cutlets served with cream-make a note of itwere enough to make one devote oneself to shooting nothing but kids.

Along the broken gorge of the Spöl there is a mulepath, but the difficulties of the ground compel it to cross and recross the torrent, if I remember rightly, no less than six times in four miles. These bridges are an important aid to chamois hunting, as it is necessary to survey the Hank of the valley which it is designed to hont from a spying-point on the opposite side. This route is supposed to be practicable for the roughest kind of berg-ureden, but on one occasion. when we were driven by bad weather to escape by some means, and had loaded our possessions on such a vehicle, we went very near to losing the whole of them, and the horse into the bargain. The actual torent bed is so deep and narrow in places, that a moderate spate will raise the surface of the water forty or fifty feet in two or three hous. It was in such a pare that wild shouts were heard in front, and on romming a corner, we saw the hind wheels of the leref-uragen already on the water-worn slope of rocks below the path, while the borly of the machinc literally overhung the gorge. The foremost man


was tearing at the horse's heard, and madly shouting to it to make fresh efforts to sare itself from destruction, while the terrified lrute. fully aware of its danger, was stroggling on the brink. The second chariotece had got his feet planted against a rock, and was holding like grim death hy a rope to the himder part of the waggon. One shaft was over the horse's head, and the whole was at such an angle that all our gools, inchuling our weapons, must, even as it was, have tipped into the glacier torrent, wholly past recovery, if we had not taken the precaution to cord a big mattress on to the top of them. Rushing forward, we seized every available gry rope or holding-place, and presently by main force hoisted the crazy thing into stable equilibrium.

To show the abundance of chamois in those days, I may make an extract from my joumal of the history of two successive days, which also happened to be the first days of the experition of that year. We left Pontresina at some unearthly hour, and drove to the entrance of the Yal del Fain. There was a sharp frost and the little stream was frozen nearly hard. We walked to the head of the valley, seeing nothing on the way till we had crossed the firontier, when we almost immediately made out two little lots, of two and three chamois respectively. As they were in different directions. R ——and $S_{\text {pinas went after }}$ one, while G ——and I with Joham tried for the other. Refore we hat gone very far these disappeared, but about one ordock 1 satw a lot of ten at a greater distance. Just then, howerer, om: attention was taken off by seeing the other farty, who had rome round the other side of the mountain, and were sigalling to us that there was something on
the eliff below us. We climbed amtionsly down peering ahout. but could see mothing till we got neaty 10 the bottom, where we came upon them lying right below as. (: ——hath the shat, hut, unfortunately, for somer reasm Which I camot remember, hatd Spinas's rifte instead of his own. and missed cleam. These native weapons are mostly furnished with a hair trigger, which is very pazaling to ally one who has mot practised with it. They eane right牱 past us, and gatce me a good rmming shot which I "ught to have done something with. Retmonge we agin malle out ome herd of ten on the top of a hill, amd a single one in another diection. The herel heing on the hest walking ground, we went for them. The stalk was a simple one, and we arrived within a hmolded yards of them. To ereep forwarl inter position I hate th show myself on the sk-line. Which shonk alwas be aboided if possille. 'Therengeis. of doe sentinel, instantly saw me, amd twisted sharp romm to have a better look. 1 hark. which lat nearer. stom me, hat the next instant he sumber into the air amd fell deal. My semomb hot, as the ran, (ntanced from in rock with " "ping" just in fiont of the mose of ond of them, and I hearel it haz anems the valle?
 whw han been fombing telime the rime. He galloned up. stomel fon a moment, giving me a apital (hatnere, on that I







Herr S ——. who was always most solicitous for our welfare, had on this occasion-this was after Pontresima had developerl, and when his son hat legwn to keep a hotellent us his lealing chef, a very smart young man, whose ahility with the saucepan was beyond question, and who was supposed to be fired with ambition to distinguish himself in la cherssis. We camped that night in a hut which was deciledly dranghty. Alphonse's comage seemed to be evaporating, and our suppr was not a success. The next morning there was no appearance of breakfast or cook. If had decamped in the night, and the following evening was discorered in ber at Pontresina. Another cook was despatched to us, with less artistic soul for sauces, hut with more pluck. He had served in the French army, and was great on his feats of arms and veneric. hoon after his arrival, he borrowed, manown to us, an old fowling-piere from the cure. There was an air of repressed mystry about him as he prepared us for our erening meal, and the climax was reached when le set before us, with a tremendous flomish, a tom-tit and a chaftinch on toast. and expuisitely garnished.

The day following the one just described was, I think, the most disastrous I ever experienced; but I look upon the reater as my father confessor, to whom I am boum to makre a cleam hreast of it, whatever the result may be to my reputation. At ten o'clock I saw a chamois looking at us a duarter of a mile oft. He thought we were not peasant rompany, and went over into the next valley with there others. We followed, and foum them again lying down straght below. I crawled up to the edge, and thought I was going to distinguish myself, hom, owing
 Thinking ther were about to start. I was in rather ton



 the sights. I all ashamed tor sily it is mot the mbly
 asainst me. 'The shot distmbed a lot of eleven and another of two. The latter went amd lay dewn in agood plate atml wo mater an exellent apmotrla. There they were. Hot mome than difty ratels off. one feeding and the wher linge down. I wis determined I would mol lne in
 the sidge, with my lese inswit\%ernmel and my ritle in laly.
 formel an boll wers. De wis, homever, of a diftimont



 times on whe site, sometimes on the other. The wind wis
 betome I lonked wer: I had a lang amd dimstont.aml dial mot know whether he was hit wot. matil. followine the




 reei: ytur si 110 izzanel verant tomber within lifty
metres of where he's tire'd at, he's aussi bon que mancueid."

The valley of Livigno is so ent off from the rest of the worlh, that the village priest is physician of the bodies as well as the souls of his flock. Wore than unce I have ham to call in his services. My companion in 18 th, who was rather inexperienced, was suffering from an ailment familiar to Alpine climbers fresh out from England. Unknown to me this hat contimed for several days. Omr remedies were not sufficiently potent, and prompt measures were necessary, or ow hunting ground must be abondoned in search of medical aid. I sought the tonsmed apothecary, who received me with delightful bonhomie in his den. Which smelt, about half and half, of ohd hooks and rhmband. In my finest Italian I furnished the learned man with a diagnowis of the case. Seizing my laud, the cure assured me that I need be in mo further anxiety; that he had the very thing, aremedy which was suro, surw.

I suppose that the present generation has advanced lexomd Seidlitz powders and knows not that ancient remedy. For the benefit of fin-de-siede youths, I mas mention that the powders in question were contained in white and blue papers, and that it took one of each colour to make a dranght. This was what the Padre produced, hout in parcels of so portentons a size as were never seen before, dombtless designed for the iron stomachs of his momitaineers. One would sar that such a mass of ebullescent matrial could not be administered to an ordinary mortal without something haprening, lint if this doulbebarrelled remedy failer, I was to try another shot at : oclock in the morning. At 6 A.s. I think half the
imbabitamto of the valley had assembled outside. Ther wire nos dombtandme for ond own sakes that we shomblaman.

 hime more than mortal pralitics. There conlat not come to land's of to Exam: whe shomh they mot assemile to wath this contest berween the pries amb the devil! There was something tike an weer mased, when, at 6.30 . I ammoneen that the pritest hand exoredise the devil.

The next betasion when I ronsulted me revemer
 boother and I ware camped at the lower emb of the spal Ravines and went as ksual in different dientions, thomgh (m) the same site of the valley. Vomm spinas amd I hat a lomg wallk wer the hill without secing anthing, amt rat her late in the day apied a phemed hack close to the lop of the li\% Diavel, the highest peak hereahouts-tom far an: if it hand bund an omplinaly dhamoix, but this heast was woth ant exmptimal effort. Torat a long stary shot, after a demondons dimble we loim. then refomed him, hat amme un", lim sudtenly in a pesition where he mast inevitah!
 the - wot befine this halpenem (for a chammis when he gete lhe wiml
 down. I all hat minerd him. hat mot quite liardened with his honly. we made show pureresis home and it was neally dark when we mathed the mlen of the eliff which



right, and still higher than we were. "That is your father with the other Herr." " Yere they are rery late, hat they will get down an casier way." The way down this part of the cliff is extremely intricate. It is composed of what I ran best describe as haded-aked slopes; that is, shoots of mul amd shaly material, so baked ly the sum as to afford very inseme footing, and without hig hobnails they are decidedly dangerons. la this ase the slope was divided by several horizontal lines of low eliff. only to be negotiated here and there, and the sorub made these spots difticult to find. In the fanding light we lost the way more than once, and it was pitch dark before we got to the mule-path. As we tramper along it. I fincied I leard another shout behind ns, and then 1 saw a light glimmering in the woots above the line of our deseent, and where no light shouk be. Tohamn said it must be made ly sume woolenters, amd that the other party would be surely back in camp before us. A two-mile walk hronght us there, but they had not returned, and I now felt sure that they had tried for the same passage as ourselves and failent to find it: and it was clear that they conld not get down safely without a lantern. As a matter of fare they atso were burdened with a heary huck. They had given up the attempe to descend when I first saw their light, and were now making the best of it muder a rock, where I should have done better to have left them: but that I could not tell. Snatehing up the lantern we huried down the valley agam. At the bridge we again saw the glimmer in the wool, and a distant answering shout assured us that we were not mistaken in the identity of the party. Lighting the lantern, Johann and another man started to pick out the difficult way while I waited
 to the eamp. Hown after home patsed amel they dial mot






 they sat. roaked and shivering. for the rest of the night. 'Twontr-fom homs later, my bother wat smonaly ill, and developed asprere attak of drsentery. 'This was heyomel the healing permer of the priost, amt, making an ambntance
 F'mbtresina, where for a formionht I numed hime matil he


The mext time I visited the valley the pent prisest wis
 molde.
 Whanois homting. thongh I onte home myself mather batly.







 maself as usual with astirk. 'The hottom of the stope

my foot striking heavily against a rock at the bottom. I felt that I had received a very severe how, but it did not bring me down. and l still lan on, but at last was brought to a stambstill her the sharp pain in my foot, and looking down, I found a cut extending literally from the toc to the heel of the boot, as clean as if it hat been done with a razor, and the hood straming from it. Fortunately for me this happened on the watershed, between Italy and the Engadine. With some difficulty, after linding up the foot with handlierchiefs, I was able to holble down to a path and sond for a horse. It was nealy two months before 1 conld use the foot properly, amd though it is eighteen years sinee, I still cary the scal:

White 1 am upon the chapter of acridents, I may mention an adrenture which befell me some thinty years ago in this neighbourhood, though it had nothing to do with chamois hunting. We had mate a successful first ascent of one of the peaks of the Bernina Range and were returning down its northern slopes, which afford a grand series of glisswetes. There was a hot sonth wind hlowing, and the snow was exceptionally soft and wet, so that only the steepest slopes gave sufficient impetus. One. of the necessary pitch, was soon found. As we carcered down the slope, ar cushion of snow was raised under our linees and in front of our feet, and this gradually extended till we were arrying along with us quite a considerable avalanche, of the consistency of a hran mash, which surged round us up to our waisti, but instantly solidified when we came to a halt.

One of our grinles was in the habit of carrying a large
natutioal telesonpe in the siderpocket of his mat, and in



 herame exialent that the matter wan hopelosis. 太lash - How is the roldent of medimms, amd patienere was somb exhamede as well as amimal heat, besides, wore weather

 peated expostmations hated falled. Wo tive tied omsedres tosether, amd left them to their fimitess searely. lowe sently we rame to amother slope whirls appeated to be wen longer and mone inviting thatn the last. Owing to a light haze, the cold of it was not distinetly visible. but as
 and we startad in full emotidence that we hand only to


 holt it was tor late. 'Thorr hehime me were mot ryally
 he vame into violent enllision with m! batek. I wias mot








righted myself we were fir down the slope, slithering away still. the centre of a great wave of show. As soom as 1 could get my head ap. I counted the heads of my combpamions, and, to my horror, there were only fom of us. Howerer. the surpense was not of long duration, for, looking hack, the face of the missing member presently appeared. looking lenignly down on us from the etge of the herg-selw, Ond. On impetus had carried us weer it, lout loe had stopped himself against me and hroped straight into the chasm, which was fortmately choked nearly to the brim with snow that had precented us. The height of the drop was some five-and-twenty foet, and the rope was hroken in several places, but happily the pulpy condition of the snow prevented further mischief, except a few abrasions aml hatk eyes.

Gne of my expeditions was spoiled by an incident which, though not so serious, was searcely less amoying. I had handed my single Hemry rifle to a group of peasants in a urith shous: who were anxious to examine it. Somehow or other they must have loosened the screw which retaims the striker in its patce. 'The next stalk I had I made a beautiful approach, got within fifty yards of the wholly monsorious hert, and, as I pushed the rifle forwards for the shot, I notien a bank hole where the striker should be. Carefnlly withtrawing myself, for an hour I searched the ground 1 had passed over, but in vain. I was obliged to retire leaving the chamois modisturbed. I had Irought with me a spare striker which Andreas, another of my hunters, who is a blacksmith by trade, as well as a most skilful imd patient stalker, spent the next day at the local forge in ingenionsly fitting into the phace. Unfor-
tumately it proved tw be one whid belomgent twather
 fire altogether. or hang subatly as to amomet th the same thinge The results were ablublated to sume the lempere 1 !


 When the riflemisend liwe Wie wer ahde to krep him in




 shouting distance. 'The whithe of alame ho bate whon






 sommely ant water in it. only a waste of loose stomes.
 them amd looks inky hatek. Noan the foon of it wo rpiod
 valley below them, and then monnt the slopestill wr wror
 Wias a moisy prorerliner. as stomes kept hoplobs down in
 "f the edge of the glaver, we kiotimg along high alove them on the look-out fire a rhane to ent in in fromt of them. It last a latrouring ambloir took ns down to within a little of the garier. But her this time a light mist hand driven up, amd we hat a dillionlt! in makinge







 Was inn almmet impussible distamer. lomt it wate my lats



 lionl.

disposition, and are always the best leasts, are often to be found quite low down ; lont as they are experienced old hands, they know well what precautions to take to save their skins. One especially nolle fellow, with a very fine head, lised on a scrubly slope of the mountain within easy shouting distance of the châlet of Campoggiolo. He had frequently excited our coretous instincts. but he was very crafty and we never got a shot at him. The natives were almost inclined to regard him superstitionsly, as we were by no means the only honters who had tried in vain to outmanoure this crafty old general.

One day in the year in question I hard not left the bottom of the valley for three minntes, to make the aseent of this hill, when I heard the shrill hissing whistle which sends the heart into the month of every chamois hunter, and my haggy hack friend, whose form I knew so well he examination throngh the ghass, sprang away not twenty yarts off. Hoping for another sight of him, I threw myself on the groum into shooting position. I had searcely done so when he sprang on a rock thirty yards off, and surveyed us for several seconds. There could be no doulst of him this time. I could lay the bead against any part of his black neck or shoukler which I chose, and I even think that, in that hrief secomd, I mate up my mind on what part of my watls I would hang his head. A mocking click was all that followed. I was near enomgh to this ohd burk to see him wink, and I believe he did wink, bofore he slowly turned and sprang out of sight. I will conchade this rhapter with the memoralde words with which bernardo consoled me on that occasion-.. Ila che rolete? "dicerolo!"

## 111

## THE RotKY MolNTMINs

Fors peans 1 ham massed the project of a humting trje to the liorky Monntains and derived andless excitement aml phatime from the contemplation of what I amblather reand as mome than a vision. It hast a farmathemoment














 hamine dimate in the wold. which many mils did mot
exhanst. Across the Athantic we sailed a time mee aganst the Shwide and lustral. We won ly half an hour, which was inspiniting, thongh the speed was not comparable to that attamed nowalays. For the continental jommey one makes a gool start in the "C'hicago Limited," but it gradually dimimishes in speed and eivilisation as it approaches the watershed. We prassed thromgh a "hot smap," lut there wat an antidote to the intense heat, hy help of which we not only endured but even enjoyed it. This was to sit in the smoking saloon of the train in a cane-barked rhair. With both feet ont of the window. so that the fifty-mile-an-hour breeze, entering by the boots. paserl in a southing emrent up the legs, permeated the small of the bark. and escaped lechind the ears. All thr passengers din it. at least all the male ones, and every window wiks dronated with theso patent ventilators.

Arriven at liawtins a station on the " L'nion l'acifie," at $:$ A.ar. of the formeth dar, we found that the mail for Fort Wrashakiestated fom homs later. A raphensmes of tramsactions with the lowal banker, who had to be roused from his bed for the propose, and we were ready at seven. The vehicle. locally known as a "mod watoron," Was a small edition of thr" Deadwour" comeh whirh burned so much powder a few seasons ago at West K M msington. It was not showr, but han ned to be very tomsh. (fur course of thirty-six homs, w themeabouts, orel sage-bush plans amd ridges. Was not dirtated hy any consideration of gramlents. Dry watercommen of gulches were taken at a canter, with a swoop of which the Switchback Railway gives a faint idea, and a bounce which drove the tops of our heads agamst the roof, fortmately made of mothing harder than




 aldition to our stppore after which for two hessed loms:

 man aneomplishins the distanme to the emfines of eivilisation inthe fourtern dars whirla I hat allowed. Iont we rearbled

 be casily beaten.
 hat othumise reall for whaterom might tombly, wo were





 ment rations. and that in the meallwhile the silviate.










Shoshone Indians, on whose reservation we were; and yet under this fostering system this tribe are actually on the increase. One of two things. Either a great and industrious nation must be content to have on its hands. in perpetuity, a weak and thriftless race as a pensioner at full wages, or when, as has recently happened at l'ine Ridge, the pinch comes, there will be cattle-stealing, reprisals and a final massacre. Doultless there have heen pilfering, bhuders, misunderstandings, and cruelty on the part of some of the American agents, lout against these should be set the persevering efforts of the Govermment to reclaim a treacherous and untameable race. The Indian question is one of the few ".rmall grits," in the vast Anerican wheel.

The contre of activity was not in the so-c:alled "Fort," which consisted of a railed-in enclosmre and the officers' quarters lout at the traders' store, which was constantly surrombled ly a group of syuaws and ponies, while their lords inside bartered their "ration certificates" for all sorts of articles. useful or otherwise-hut never for whisky. The sale of that article is an offence visited with the severest penalties on the trader, and here at any rate the law seemed to be rigidly obeved.

Here also we found our "outfit"-an clastic term by which. in this case, I mean the persomel of our expeditionloafing aromm. They harl started with our pack train nime days liefore from lawlins, and had arrived two days since. Thoy (omsisted of Boh, the "Juss" hunter, Madden, the packer, amd Cris. the cook. In addition to these I engaged "Shoshone Dick." a local hunter, as guide as mone of the others knew the country where we were going. English
 whith the ram engage at shont motien mast he whemat of
 this temperary work ame the aram of the peputation. Wis Neme not exmpt from this experionce.
 hut mot a livels rompanion: mor did herem to think it of

 were to pomment the hoses in the moming, amd pack the beasts of harten when we were on the mareh. He last his hases often. hat merer his tempert

Diek wats of a mone mememial loje. Ite was sail th hase been the only survion of the famons Nomom
 the bultas. Wha were believent thate been prompted bex the prophet of Ltah to that shamefold deed, amd hat lived with them erer since. This. at least, was the story as it Wian tohl to me. As might have been expeded, Diek hat litale of the vamish of rivilisation alont him. hot though
 coppod in every partiontar the sait amd mammen of his fostru-parents, his white skin and high epiris alone contradi•ting his hringing-u!.
(rise was supped to low the remk, lant he was the worst row of the party, but exopting mberlf ; amb, as the sergel porsed. We could hatw well spated his sumbers.
 comblition of life in a bew comatry, wrem man is experem
 is mot the hasinges of those alomethim to help hime ant

It is at first a little startling when this principle is observed ly your own servants. Whom you pay to look after you: but an Englishman who wishes to enjoy himself out West hat hetter fill in with this riew of life. treat his men on


INHIAN HCK.
equal terms, and expect no personal service. His clums efforts to fend for himself will be openly ridiented, but secretly resperted.

They hat pitched our camp a mile beyond the Fort, on the banks of one of the mmerous forks of the Wind River. for the sake of better feed for the horses. Thither, after paying our respects to the commanding ofticer. we presently cantered out, fill of the first glamour of expectation,


 of :umbers. Which was perhaps to be acomated for be the

 and the artagements wow mot somplete an they should hate beem. The wiggon, which was watompamy us for ninetre miles to the etge of the thimk timber. had met heen chenged. Madden, whon had informed me har had " made lis pile" hut losi it in mining spentations. lath mot par vided himself will a horsw, as it was his hosimese to do: and, in fact, was wating for ms artial to bomow money tw hay unc. The tente, wh whel we hat two were watheng in luttom flape amb. themg ventilation in deximalde. an "pen window six ind hes deep all renm the hotem of som house is treing to eity-hed preple when the thermencter

 sathe feet almse the real.




 all mate gent on the following day. The next momingl



 themsetsen to bremght. Then the parking have to ber
carefully apportioned, and, after they are fastened on with the " diamond" hitch. examined, to see that the balance is right. After thred hours hard work we pulled out and took the shortest rut to the Wind River, which we were to follow to its sourer, and beyomm.

Mrxican satdhes are maversally nsed, and are comfortable rinling when son get the knark of it, which consists in lengthening the stimms and strablitening the knee. In ignorance of this "tip" the "tender-foot" soon finds himself tender elsewhere. I was slow to learn to (anry my legs like an inverted $V$, and suffered accordingly. Nom were my raw plates soothed by the remark: "You felless shonk learn to ride afore yer rome hunting:" but it would take worse experiences than this to spoil the keen delight of the first fer diys' ride in the roisp aris, and above all, of the first (amps. One of the earliest of my minor misfortunes was to crush the life out of my wateh with my knee, when I thonght I was only squeezing my air-bed. Thenceforth there was only one sonnd timepiece in the party, and that had lost the minute hamd ; but it is astonishing how soon you ean dispense with the fringe of civilisation when you try. One train consisted of four riding horses for ourselses, five pack horses, two pack mules, amt six horses belonging to our three menseventeen in all.

Onr phan was to cross the ridge which constitutes the backhone and watershed of the continent, and thence make a rapid dash, lightly laden, to the Geyser Basin in the National Park, which, at that time, had been but radely approached from the south. Afterwards we proposed to return to the basin of the Wind River to hant.

 "xplomer hand given me, and had douide.el ment the Therworber late at the head of the linal sumbe of the
 mone than wo me thee parties of whites. promised the most



 of rere matich dimensions. But, wing the the finge of Anse timber with whith this part of the Main bivide is londtel. its paratge was at that time impessible for wherls. amblall we conk do was to semd mp the haviest of and
 the farthest randere the river-and there make a depere to which we could return later ons.














on the third day out from Washakie, we rode for a dozen miles mp one of the momerous forks, and camperl in the heart of the hills.

Now, at least, we hoped to reap the first-fruits of our long journey. In the morning we started in two directions - (ierald with Dick. I with Bol. Boiling with ardom as I was, it was rather thying that my man, in a fit of obstinacy, declined to follow me at a greater rate than a walk. As our chief aspirations were for "hig-horn" sheep, we mate for the top of a high ridge in front of us. But there were no traces of them, at least, none of recent date. and indeed at that time-e 28th August-they must generally be songht for much higher. Some few fresh traces of elk were enough to raise my spirits. but I soon made up my mind that decr-stalking on horselack was a mistake-or, at least, that I did not like it. It was all very well when game was "rery plentr." Then. if you disturb nine-tenths of it, it matters little. Enough remains. But, when it hecomes scarce and shy, the heary tramp of a horse, and, if in timber, the frequent cash of a dry snag, disturls everything for a mile in front. Of course if you want to hunt at a distance from camp, it is well to ride out to your ground. I good hanting horse, if the reins are thrown wer his heat, will remain where he is left, or thereabouts, amb, while he quietly grazes, will aroid entangling his feet in them. As Bob always remaned gltued to his homse in spite of my expostulations, I gencrally, after this, took Dick, or stalked alone ; which, though I did not pretend to their knowletge of wooderaft, is infinitely more interesting. On the present orcasion, too, I discarded further assistance, :and semting Puh hack with my horse, took a line of my own.

Thar timber grew in thick grover, on the shones of

 "park" of entass, now bumed to a light bown. Apat from hanting it is allualsa ardightful experience to stom for the tirst time through such pathlese womes. ame makn arpuaintance with the things that fly and ran-the weentdemeks, a litte beast like a mamot, the squiberes aml their miniature striped ambergrts, the rhipm"nks, who suluaked at me from arry fallen trea. I fomm lange xthes and stumps: which hat been overmand ly beation the gruhs that lin mader them, hat san mothing larger than the alowe-mentioned amimats till rather late. when. feom a high ridere, a sued far below a hed of prong-homed antedne. The! lay wedl on the way the camp, and would at leas affind fireh meat, even if theirs was mot the trophy that I deximed most keenly: so donon I went for an hom throngh the pine forest durng which time they were, af couser, wat of sight; hut emorging from the cotert 1 disenvered them asain, ferting on a slope of sage hersta.






Arival at campl fomml han mod hem the firet th


 The bull her hat akthall! seromed wat mot the firet. The



The stath had been succersful. The momath wat laid low.
 loe hall caldefally haid down his rille th gloat, with the mom fiedom, wer its graml perpertims. and, rounting the puints, he trew his knife in whotux fashims. and leant
 thenat. But at the first tourh of the kaife the amimal men *hwty to his feet, made a lunge at his enemy, which mast have hat serions onsempenes if it hat mot been for the barricale between them, amd mate aft. Fianey the ratued revalsion from trimph to dexpair when it was ratient that
 when bick came up ann attempt was makle th tanck hime

 Fintmon, however. tork pity an the rombs hanter, amt - hewed him amother bull on the way home, which he easily
 drammbint.

Is ramp wat bum well amplied with meat. Wr der


 Main Divite, from the hl| of whith it is diatant mbly a




 a mont hoppitahle widemme. and prover al sental hast, with more information, and mone ability tw impar it. Han is
usually found among the rougher Westemers. There were ratious stories of how he came to settle here. One was that he thus got out of the way of drink; another, that lie wats the "Jack the Ripper" of those days; lout I did mot invite his confidence. Apparently he supported limself exclusively by trapping, which art he told me he had taught himself out of books. He certamly drew no income from his gold mine, which was his special hobly, and which was for ever in his conversation. This was a claim which he hatd secured a short distance above his house, and to work which he tried to persuade us to invest our capital and bring out a company. There is gold throughout the Wind River mountains, and to "show the colour," i.e. tiny flakes of gold, it was only necessary to wash out the first handful of river gravel in a tin basin: but to do this on a large scale and profitably, in "placer" mining, it is necessary to find not only a good gold-learing leed of gravel, as Clarke had done, but a great fall of water which can be hrought in iron pipes and directed against the face of the gravel in a jet sufficiently powerful to break it up, and to wash away the superfluous stones and mod. These and other necessiny conditions were wanting in this case, so I was not temped, nor by other discoveries of his, which be imparted to me in solemn secrecy, and which afforded lim a great amount of imnocent satisfaction.

Amived here to our dismay we found no waggon. It tumed up, however. the following night. 'The way is an uncommonly rough one, and one of the horses becoming entangled in the hamess had been so injured that he had to be killed. We used the delay to pay a visit to Clarke's mine, and also to climb an outlying peak. where we hoped,





 (1)




 small propurtions. At midelary we begam torise into the
 fimmons struggh with a mate of shatg amd fallen stems.
 whirl hate hamt wat the life of the bees. leavine oml!


 and piled to the hasht of many fert as thomely ther harl





Whether hought about by matural canses, or the recklessness of man. will have to be paid for some day, for are we not within measumble distance of the inevitable worldwide timber famine? The present low price of timber is 110 proof of mamited abundance, hat is rather caused by the eagerness with which the merchants' vards are being glutted and the supply exhausted.

But the equanimity of the traveller is more likely to be disturbed by the immediate ditticulty of penetrating this cheroux de firise. The horses are elever at clearing single trees. These minor obstacles are surmounted with the minimum of effort, and withont much displacement of luggage, by a slow standing jump: but from time to time the arvalamte gets so pounded that there is no release without the axe. Jowever well thaned the horses may bo to kecp their hudens rlear of aceident. a mending somed is a frequent accompaniment, as some bundle, perhaps the tent, is raught by a snag. and suggests draughty nights thereatter and evenings spent in darning.

To such mishaps. and the fiequent attempt of one or another of the horses to break the line and find a way of his own, there is a rumming comment of Western language. This and the tramp of horves and snapping of dead wood keeps m, a chorus whirh is mather inspiriting to the man Who manages not to lose his temper every time his hat is swept off. or his last pair of stockings snagged. It maty be imagined that the coumse is a devions one, and that pogress is slow ; but, however time may fly. a halt is out of the question in such gromad. There is no space to pitch a tent, and the absence of feed would inevitably cause a stampede of horses in the night. It was late before we

reached the top of the pass and camped in a small open park. This was at a leight of fully ten thousand feet. and, when I returned from an evening stroll, ice had alreally formen in the bucket. All our blankets and every available gament were wanted that night. and the streams were frozen to the bottom in the morning. The descent froved mach easier than the ascent. It lay through open parks of grass with patches of cotton-wood, which became thicker and more freguent as we drew downwards. Passing one of these 1 caught a glimpse of a large amimal lying down with something like a young tree on the top of his head. I pulled up sharp, and a big bull ell, the first 1 had seen, sprang up. He got behind some trees before I could get off to shoot. but at least I had had my first sight of an elk, and I cory any one that moment. Half an hour later we jumped two others. This was too much, and, as we again wanted meat, we elected to make a short day, amd go into camp at once in a wide grassy hollow, on a chain of hills between "Buffalo Fork" and " Black Rock Creek," the waters of which ultimately find their way to the Pacific. After a feed I started out with Clarke on foot. We had hardly gone a mile, and were walking along a bare ridge with cotton-wood groves on each side, when he pointed out what he said was a liull de among the trees below us. I got out my field-glasses and made out a narrow perpendicular section of some large animal, which was all I could see for the tree-stems. It was a long shot, but I felt pretty sure of him if I could only avoid the trees. When I fired he of course disappeared, and Clarke said I had missed him, but I fancied I saw the lop of a thin tree shaking about as though
 we went down there wiss me lirst elk quite dearl, amd the

 temder. and rarrving mone than emough meat fors mat
 jourmey as well, his heall wats a poon onde and I could not resist the temptation of trying for a better one. So whila (lanke went for a homea to ramy the meat theamp, I went on with blomblhisty intent, hut was only rewarded hy jumphas amother and math hetter hall, who was too puick for me, and this hat the aftect of making me keener than ever. It is astomishing how silently these great ereatures
 a somme of muthed steps, then dead silence: hat if jon follow the wide-sparad foofprints shom that aped wat not retased. What they du with their horms when the stems are close ranked is a mystery
la the next days marela we shomla have reached the suake Rivar and Jarkson's lake, whenee we hoped that a three daty ride womkl bimg us to the (ieyser basin: but we were not destined to promed lin in this didertion. Is



 lame along the ritug hetween the 1 wo streams, agreeing to meet ond followers at their jumetion, whirh might he live



in two or three hours．After we hat walked a mile on two we saw a bull stamg at us a hmodred yarts away． The snow was falling thickly，so that he could not make us out phamly and while we made a careful inspection through the glass－for we now determined to be chary of shooting at amything that did not carry a good hearl－ he contimed at gaze．As he appeared to come up to the required standard 1 fired，but．owing to the dim light，hit him too high，and missed him altogether the secomd barrel． He went off－alas！Jadly womded－into the thick wood， where the snow did not lie and we vainly trice to trace him．I have mo justification to offer for firing this shot， for we had meat enough at the moment，lint 1 suppose there arr few Western sortsmen who have not been similarly tempted by a fine head，and Englishmen are not the worst offenders．While I rontinued the search I sut（ierald down to Buffalo Fork，where I made sure he would encometer the pack－tam，for the parpose of stopping it．We agread that he shomblhold a due northerly lime hy the compass．so that if 1 followed in the same course I shomblat strike the river at the same suot．At length I had to abamdon the search，and went down the stecp slope，compass in hand．Amived at the hottom I could neither see nor hear any signs of（ierald or the men．In vain 1 shouted．The whole valley，exerpt for the swind of the stream，seemed as silent as a monntain top）．I waded the river and crossed the valley，which was here wide and swamper．It was cat up by mumerons stag－ nant lagoons，and covered with a dense growth of willow． lout game trails，of which there were plenty．aftorded a che to the labyrinth，amd in due time I got across．Here 1




 I wamberel, now a mile down stram, bow a mile up.

 for lasime the ment for the time but | was quite mathe for

 of tarihle eontingemeior.

Stay twor there hours, to my weat miof, I heard his
 from whioh I hand eome and altor a long strogele with the
 land heen several miles down to the jumetion of the strams. hat hat no mone news of the park-tran than I hat. Wis wore uttory mystifent, hat, after ame mome walking down

 ath home the missing hame aly






 $\therefore$ that har hand to retmon on his trank manly to the

soaked and tired as we were, was out of the question, so we went into camp at once, and there were destined to remain for some time.

The weather now for a time completely broke up. Oring to the dense timber, which we knew covered the ranges that lay beyond, through which there was, at that time, no known track, and the serious delay which this involves with heavily-laden animals, we had intended to leave most of our horses and equipage, with two of the men, hereabouts, and to make a forced march from this point to the Geyser Basin, with little besides the clothes we stood in and the horses we rode, afterwards retmong on our tracks. But with snow lying deeply, an musual circumstance in the first week in September, it would have been hardly prudent to traverse the high-lying intervening ranges thas lightly equipped, and, our time being strictly limited, we could not afford a slower rate of progress. The Park was therefore struck ont of our programme, and we consoled ourselves ly the reffection that that region has become sally vulgarisen. After all, the wonders of nature that abide with a man are not those which he has read of in gride-books. These we half stale before they are seen. It is one's own casual discoveries, the unexpected, some mountain glory or vision of cloud and water, which paint the lasting pictures of which he never tires.

My chief troulle was that, at the Geyser Basin, we should have tonched the fringe of civilisation, and we lost the only opportunity of posting a letter. I therefore hribed Dick to undertake the journey and to be my postman. He returned to us in a remarkahly short time,
amed satid he had fomme two miners going that will In
 aspert athe wore the expersion of a dow who hat patid asurmeptions visit to the lamere I am incelimed to think hre fomme the weather tow mach for him. At ans rate lhe lettro wis never delivered.

We hand amimed with (lanke who haml lalt us to
 watnos of the firo lentre amother tributary of the suakn liser. Which we bolievod womld be good game puaters. $\therefore$ we romld now attord to take it easy. The delay was not without its compensations. Buthalon Fork is a lovely Valley and hatd at that time hear little visited ho whites. Whe when this inforener firom the entire absence of the remains of stanghered ammals. Sndeed, at the time of our visit this was true of the whole of this pate of the

 into it, and the momons puantity of show preapitaterl
 wore sial to makn it imporsible of raseleme in the winter. Ther tameness of the smaller amimals told the sambere freshime tale I lemomber a pine matin-sume me wf the shres of amimals-whirla remanmed at a distamme of





 of liall.

A few hmolred yands off a lorely little lake reflected the full height of the Teton Peaks - seprated from us by the wide flat of the Snake River valley. This was the only momntain which I saw which couk be describer ats Apine in elaracter. Indeed. this double peak is described by visitors to the Park, from which it is distinctly visible, as the Matterhorn of Ameria. There wat mot another of the so-called peaks which came in omr way, to the top of which I could not have sideden a horse with little trouble. On the lake in the foreground waled and paddled a great quantity of wide fowl--ranes. lucks, the heantiful green-winged teal-and a tiny white mak on the very imperfect photograph which I took represents two wild swans which lazily swam almost within gunshot, though my cameta was on so small a seale that my friends are secpitionl.

This ramera helped to periss the time, though it did not pronduce satisfactory results. We could not cary so fragile an article as a dark lantern, and as there was a faint light in the tent even at midnight, a change of plates had to be effected by the sense of touch inside a sewn-up blanket. On our return some strange results were developert-surh as a picture exposed on the back insteand of the fromt of the phate, and thas reversed. We tried to keep strict arcount of the slides which had been exposed-mot alwars with sucess. Gerald, retmrning to (almp, and fired with artistic ardour, would smerimpose a great visionary lomse or cooking pot, on the sky of a lowely lamdsame which had taken my famer an how before.

In spite of the weather we did some hanting, but


not much. It is nearly as easy to lead pack animals, loarled with wapiti horns, through such timber, erect and prone, as lay behind us, as to drag a flight of hooks through a knitted stocking, and we conld only afford to devote a single horse to this kind of luggage. There was therefore little temptation to hunt, except to keep ourselves in meat, for we could not carry off our trophies exeept to a very limited extent.

But though we did not burn much powder, some interesting days fell to our lot. During the whole of one day, we together followed an immense herd of wapiti, which the snow had apparently compelled to herd together and migrate to a lower level. It had also the effect of hastening the "whistling" time, and the woods resounded in this first week in September with the strange note. It was as if all the steamers, big and little, in New York harbour had got into a fog and were trying to avoid a collision. The guttural old hero of many fights was answered by the impudent squeal of an aspiring youngster. Hoarse or clear, deep or shrill, all combined to swell the chorus of many throats, amongst which, after a time, we fancied we began to recognise the characteristic note of certain individuals. The snow, as we followed in their tracks, was ploughed like a cattleyard. We hoped to "get in" and slay the monarch of the herd, but it was constantly on the move and covered a large area. In our attempts we were more than once baftled by some outlying young stag or cautious old cow, who barked her alarms. These warnings did not seem to quicken the pace of the main body, who at length gathered and halted on the top of a low hill, partly
bate of trees. Now was our moment, and we crept up centrextere right amongst them. Every minnte we would see a tawny flank among the trees within a few yards, hat I do not think we were detected. IVe eonld hear marl pushing and fighting going on on the bane top, where the big ones were assembled: hat thongh we onw ant then camgh sight of a fine pair of hotus orev the intervening helge of malergowth, we could not see emongh to pick and chonse. l'erhaps we onght to have run in among them and taken ome chance of picking out the higgest, or, as I have sometimes thought since, so great was the prencempation of the herd, we might have elimber one of the fir-trees withont being observen, and so commanded the semied mass in front; lut we hoped that in the frequent minhes of the ald halls to drive off the yomg ones, the "mastur" would come our way, and we lay゙ low. It last one, bigger than any we han yet seen, showed himself in hot pm:suit of a youngster. It was his bast eharge. Intw the jaws of death his hlind jeatomsy ramed him. He was a good bull, but I am convinced. though I never got a fair sight of his rivals at close fuaters, that he carried by no means the ehampion heard of sumb it heme. I afterwatds gut to the top of a hill whicle commanded the rountry, and mande ont the whole herd about three miles oft, Gathered in the flat river
 have heen guite two hmalred of them.

It is very intracsting and instrmetive thongh, wwing to the restlessuess of will amimals at such a time selfom proturtive of a tamghbe result, to follow their trathis in the show. I have a vivid recolleretion of a day I
spent in such solitary diversion. Early in the day I hit the fresh spoor of a heary bull, a cow, and two smaller ones, and lazily followed through all their wanderings. well knowing that I should almost certainly be "picked up" hy them as they lay at mid-day. After foilowing the trail for some distance, I found there were the tracks of two bulls instead of one, though I had not noticerl where the second had joined the company; and when. farther on. one of them liverged. I followed that. Hr took a circuit of a mile or more, then rejoined his own track and followed the rest of his family. In fact, it was one and the same bull whose double track hard puzzled me. and who, like a wise general, wanted to make sure of his rearguard. Perhaps he had caught a distant sight of me. At any rate, when the party lay down for the day. they were so placed as to command their own track without being seen. The loull had taken even greater care to hide himself, and when his consort was at last jumper, I failed to get even a glimpse of him. But. taking up his track again, I followed it, and found that, at this alam, he hard made a short eirenit till he got my wind, and then off at full speed. Retracing my steps. I foum that the stalker hat himself been stalked. I wolverine. an animal that is fond of doing his hunting leg deputy, wr mer contents himself with the scraps which he thinks the two-footed honter will leave him, had been cantiously tracking me. step be step. His footprints. Which are like those of a small bear, were very distinct in the melting snow, and showed that he had lept almost close to my heek. but had slunk out of the way when he san me coming lack. The intelligence of this anmal is
remankable．In liat，aneoming tormme of the histories



 steals the meat：

 some time from hehind a fillen tree hefore he ham shank allat．It is harelly neressaly tosat that smow trarking is


 faring sonth，on which were lanee mmoners of shed ellis homas．somo of which were of elame dimensions．\ans
 I suppose the wamenth al the situation mast tempt the ellis toreme hare in the shemline time．which is the month of Spril for the ald lalls．I den not knom whether the
 to ernceal these wiolemes of their presence．＇They are cotainly mate frepuently fomm．
 fre herond the sonpe al this elapter．hat it may he wroll to





 a minimum thirkmess of mearly an inth．（hn of ms
wapiti was struck as he fell be my second bullet full in the middle of the horn, between the bay and tray points, but such is its strength and elasticity that even a solid $\ulcorner 500$ missile failed to penetrate, only scooping out a carity about a third of its diameter in depth, and, springing to one side, carying away a great cantle of horn.

While on the subject of horns, I should like to say a worl on the setting of them up. Many heads are to my mind somewhat marred by the habit of mounting them with the horns nearly upright and the nose tucked in close to the neck, as if he were trying to see the top of his head in a looking-glass, or had adopted the detestable fashion of bearing-reins. This is no doubt done for the purpose of showing the full height of the homs, and also to avoid contact with the wall, but it is not natural. No stag could pass through brushwood in that attitude. He habitually lays his horns back over his flanks. Thus the facial angle should never be steeper than 45 degrees, but the truer attitude is with neck sloped a little downwards and the head nearly horizontal.

Among other ills to which flesh is heir the wapiti are occasionally attacked, and ultimately killed, by a very virulent form of scab. I believe it is contracted from the big-horns, who probably first took it from some herds of tame sheep. Once Gerald and I found a large stag, so freshly dead that the wet foam still lay on his lips. The ground and the surrounding scrub was trodden and torn by the poor tortured beast in his dying agonies. The disease must have been of rapid progress, for his horns were very fine, and could have only been grown by a healthy animal.


 thr surfice of the wallor with its llat tall.


 like implemont with mand amd amoins it in liont with lim like an apron, while ho walks oreet. I am reminderl of a Hibernim tenderfort, who, secing a beavers skin in "amp.


We ham with wa a simgle leatrer trap. which we warasiomally set. 'The lare is a mimute portion of the
 bearers. wroll kombing that they are pomsued for motain orgams. will matilate themselves whon hand prested. 'Yar exsener is rubbur on to twigs werhanging the water. 'The seent is ramed fiar down the stream: the hearar follows it Hpwiads to its sommer, amd gets rallogh in the tray, which is set mater the sumface amt firmly pegged. Only once wre we suceestal in secming a sperimun. Being short of meat at the time we cooked him. He was greasy ating, womially the tail. No aminal has heen more meroilasis hamiad for his roat than the beaver, amt the skilful pelt-hmoter, following wp




There are or wroe in 188t. a fer momer in thin part wt the Rocky Jommtans, thoush 1 had mot at that time

ing them there. Unce on Buffilo Fork my son got a distant glimpse of a cow with his spy-glass. I have no loubt le was correct, as weveral times saw the tracks, which are much larger than those of a wapiti, and a moose, male or female, is ummistakable.

We were snowed up, for eight days in Buffalo Fork, but, in spite of the fact that we were seldom dry, we ouly once lost our tempers. That was when we could get no Ireakfast becanse Cris had left the axe out, and the snow had effectually hidden it in the night.

From Butialo Fork we travelled south along the valley of the snake River, with the Tetons towering aloove us, and then turned eastwards again up the Gros Ventre River towards the Main Divide. Here we encountered two gold prospectors, the only human beings, meonnected with our party, that we salw for a month. They rode into our camp in a very dilapidated and half-starved condition. Thes had lost their way, and one of their horses was dead lame. The snow had driven the game from the country which they had passed through. Notwithstanding their povertystricken aspect. one of them proved to be a highly intelligent gentleman, who told me that he was Sheriff of Leadville, and was making this trip more for pleasure tham frofit, though always hoping to strike a good thing, stake out his claim, and make "a pile" on the mining market. As scores of wanderers like himself had even then prospected nearly every creck in the Rocky Momatains, it is not likely that much remains to be revealed, and what there is can only be made remmerative with heary machinery.

As I lay one day ventre-i-terere a bright object within two inches of my nose attracted my attention. It was a
heantifnlly-fomed anow-hend of tramparent ariate and mast hase bain there al least sineo the gencrat andoption of iron lis the lmbians two homberd rears ago. 'Jhis amd as smatl gold moger whirh my゚minimg friem presenterl tome at parting, were the only trophies I amied off from the Giros Ventre. 'Thas showsoman hatd elraned the game ont. and we were driven by the exhatustion of orm stores to move on to ment Clanke, who wias to join us at a certain trysting-place with a fiesh supply.

The Xain Divide here forms a broad hog-latek at at oreat elevation, fiom whieh rises the Union Peak. This is not guite the highest point of the eontinent, but it is the very crown and centre of the watershed. and from it the three Ereat riversmstems take their rise. so that it would not be impossible to find a proint whenee there sumblatls might he thrown, of which the tirst, melting. should memately find its way to the (indf of Nexien, the second would realeh the
 the same ocean two thonsame miles farther to the moth.

The wonded phatean on the bivile was ehamminely haken into open parks, and here amd there were lakes.



 at this time we were agalin shat of meat. With the smallest foresight this need hever have happenchl. lant tar Western palate ahbors any moat which is mot "hlomly Hesh." 'The reater will peracive that this expmession
convers a literal description. Our depraved appetites often longed for meat in a less crude condition, and we tried to save up for our own consumption what had been killed a reasonable time; but we were always informed that the "stinking stuff" had been left behind at the last camp, and no expostulation availed. Owing to this improvidence, we were sometimes needlessly sharl set when our larder just before had been overflowing.


CRIS.

Another of the amiable weaknesses of Cris, our cook, was to purloin the best of our stores for his own private consumption ; but his most objectionable characteristic was a very riolent and dangerons temper. One morning towarls the end of our trip, I was peacefully eating my porridge, when the ruttian set upon me in so insolent a fashion that Gerald knocked him down. This increased the blind rage of this Caliban, and he picked up a large knife


 received nothing hat gratiture if | hat then ame there rith

 him his due, amd bideling him "shere. from a rompari*om of motes with my friend. Mr. Theodore Ronsevelt, I have some reason to think that this miscrant is now doing his ten rears, having been one of a ham of theres whom that gentleman orertook and captured, and hrought down in the depth of winter, atter grarding them day and might. The tale is admimaly whe at length in Dis: Ponserettis chaming book on Ramedne life, but as that work is not very generally kown on this side of the Ithatie. I mat be permitted to give a brief sketch of the incident as: I han it from the anthor's ligs.

At his ranche on the Little Missumi, Mr. Rooserelt kepet a loat, the only craft of the kind on that part of the river. 'Three bad chatacters, for whom the country had berome ton hot, came down one night in a flatbothomed "scow," and, seizing the boat, proceded down
 the depth of winter wemed hapeless. But these were men

 started down stream in the wakn of the thiceres a takk all
 the river full of thatime masers of it. Imbent, this iow hat
 down past the rame a few days before, rimping the bank
from the cotton-trees on the bank and leaving banks of ice stranded along the erge. (On the third day's voyage, on rounting a corner, they perceived the smoke from the camp of the maramers, who had not reckoned on this determined pursuit. Catiously landing and areping up, the one man in camp 'quickly yiclded to a call to "throw up his hands." Then, lying in wait for the other two. they also, on their return from hunting, were in turn "beaded" and secmed.

Now the average Westerner would probably have used a short and sharp method with such evildocrs, but that was not Mr. Roosevelt's way. The real difficulties of the capture only now began. The problem was to bring three wholly reckless and menserupulons ruftians down to town in the depth of winter, guarding them day and night.

The first and perhaps the most effectual measure was to remove their boots. In those parts the ground is frefuently covered with a cactus, so dwarfed as to be ahost invisible, and covered with shimp spines, which will bring a man, who attempts to walk monod, to the ground with an involuntary yell. It was impossible to face the current, and the voyage had to be resumed down stream: but an mexpected obstacle was encomntered in the before-mentioned jam of ice, which they overtook, aud which was slowly areeping, like a plonghshare, down the hed of the river. Thus the party was forced to dawde down for eight days in the wake of the ice, with dwindling stock of provisions, at length reduced to a liftle flom without yeast: and never for a moment could the anxions watelh he relaxed. At length a manche was reached whence a rough waggon was oltained, in

Which this prodons freight was ampered to the town of



 smelden attack. or attempted exalpe.




 of linding his-hom sherp. hat the weather hat driven them all down into the timbur, in whirlo it was all hat imposible

 nothing alt surh a height, and therefore dropped down on the

 ahout the size of omr mommon rat. Wut with lang for and of


Un me of the atthents of the Wimal Rivor wr fomm








 h
to be no means of crossing without a detour, for which there was no time, but on the way home we hit a practicalle crossing. There was scarcely light enough left, lut we humied back along the opposite bank on the chance. My fricud had stopped whistling, but suddenly we canght sight of him, ant at the same moment he saw us. In the heat of his jealousy he mistook us for a rival, and instantly adrancel towards us. We crouched perfectly still among the $p^{\text {inne }}$ stems, in full view but saved from detection by the rimmess of the light. On he came with a most insolent and overbearing demeanour, challenging all the way, till he wats within tell yards, when he gave me a certain shot.

This was a goorl head, but I improved upon it a few days later: My hest I got with a pemny whistle. In company with Dick I reached at mid-day the edge of a loff overlooking a splendid basin a mile or two in diameter. It was so densely timbered that stalking was difficult, but the "calling" was in full swing, and we comnted on finding our game by the tell-tale signal. We had been late in starting, and the day was hot, and even the most amorous bulls had "puit" whistling to take a siesta. Dick said he would wake them, and proceeded to gather the dry stalks of a plant, out of which he extemporised a whistle, and sitting down with his legs dangling over the edge of a low cliff started a very passable imitation. I doubt whether any one can produce the exact thing. The choking, pig-like grunt which follows the whistle takes more wind than human hungs ran produce. But they were not particular in these parts, and the challenge was instantly answered by a good but not first-class bull, who presently showed himself in an opening, impatiently squealing defiance. Immediately
afterwarts another animal with a mulh deeper and more
 lively trio. which we kept of, in the hope of dawing the hig one from his coser. for I was sure fiom the volume of the mote amb the matlingese of the first elk to alpmond him. that this was the bose But her womblat shons and Mahomet had to go to the mommatin.

Hanking the ferition of the somud as well as 1 combld. I liven into the timbere When I hand ame an far as I danen, I sat down. for fear of jumping lim, and gand alow whistle. 'The lall rame straight towarts me sumpeimely. and without uttering a somd, and kepping himseld ow much mater sover that 1 could mot see him plamly. He stonged about twenty yands off. but rompletely hidden. and, after a panse calmly furned tail and walked shaty awaly without once giving a thance. Another cantions whistle must have stopped him. for when a few minute later. I followed, in spite of every prewation I jomped him from behime a group of pongig trees. amd thomgh is shalp shot at the yeltow math on his stroll duidemed his trot, he got off with a whole sking. It was mather a bat miss. hut it was hetter so, for if 1 hand hit him I might
 keenly disappointed and to hong for a mearer ampaintance.

 lis low for him. but I was tom impationt. amd bespan Danly. wherating my wouldaft. Dismissing Dick to tak the horses hack to ramp. I followied the dills trank on foot. He apreared to be acompamim he a single hime omly. sereral time: I heard his now familiar note, but I never
seemed to get to close quarters, and he was probably again jumped withont my knowing it.

Early were we in the saddle next morning. As the particular kind of dry stalk available for whistles was not always to hand, I borrowed a tiny tin whistle from one of the men. Riding ont for an hour or so, we tethered the horses and climbed to the top of a ridge which commanded the basin from another point. Ow puny note, favoured by the stilhess, was carriod far over the tree-tops. Instantly came back the decp-chested challenge, muttled by the trees, but loutly and confidently expressed, as though he had no doult at all about this strange thin-voiced rival. A minute or two later it sounded again, and then again, fach time nearer. Evidently he was coming rapidly in onr direction. The timber below our perch was dense. It is always difficult to look down into a wood, and clear patches were rare, besides which he now ceased to answer. It seemed that he coukd not get up to us, for our ringe fell away in a steep cliff on that side. Clearly, the only chance was to go down amd fund him. Dick sail 1 couldn't get down, but I wats in no mood to stick at triffes. Leaving him there, with instrutions to whistle cautionsly at intervals. I started, and, with the help of a projecting tree or two. was soon at the bottom. Pushing through the thicket to the nearest open patch, I instantly saw what was up) Three hundred vards off the ridge was broken down into a slope. My alk han made for this to get at his imaginary rival. and there he was, still accompanied by his single faithful hime, laborionsly making his way up it. No womler he had not answered, he was too hlown to do it, ant he was reserving himself for the encounter. He was
 all wror. fine he womld eome frombehind on lick, whom I could still hear ehaertully tombling above. It whatever




 of loide l commanded him in a whispered shout to "stop that whistling'" amd then drew out to at more open spot to mereive the momatreh. I Was only just in time. lla wis


 ratught sight of him. I was ready to take the limest chanere.
 helpit. But that rush mpstaims hament my heart athmonins. and the ma\%ze of my rifle oseillated like a pump
 of the upen ain: At hast hestome rigith, with wery sense On the alert. and faimy showing his shoulder betwern two trees. Se weft lappens with ofk, he diel mot seem to flanell the the sho but I knew it was well phanter. H1



 going to the hammtis of the wilpitio atm themselver with at leakt omm lan of the sume kimet.


into a fine pahmated top a variation which sometimes octurs whith the watiti, but never, so far as I have ohserved, with amy other red dees.

On one watsion I hand sent Dick home with the horses intemting to try for a bull which I had heard in the morning. and I was comfident that he would speak again before sumset. At last I heard him, amt the depth of his roice indicated a heary animal. but before 1 got near enongh to sight him, six shots were fired in rapid succession, and when I (ame up to the place, I foum the animal dead but no hanter visible. I knew rery well what had happencd. It was bick who could not resist the temptation. When I charged him with spoiling my sport he excused himself ly saying that he wanted "simms" for his symaw. The ladian women use nothing but sinews for all kinds of sewing: but in this case it was only an excuse for the calcass remained untonched till we left.

Wre soon tired of pursuing the wapiti, for, with a small ontfit, frepucnt kills mean wasted meat. We were still most anxions to secure some hig-horns, the otis moutare, the great wild sheep which is closely allied to the Oeis "mmon of the llimalayat.

No trophy is more coveted by American sportsmen than a big-horn ram. Ile is a trae sheep, but like a deer, alal in a lense coat of hair instead of wool. He carries a provision aganst cold which l have not obsemed in any wher animal. The hains of the neck, though presenting outwarlly a smooth sufface, are crimbled one wer the other, so that carch somate hair follows a zigzag line, thms chedosing more ain in the folds, and atfording a very nonconducting ""omforter." I bohd rock-chimber, yet on fin








 combertably on their homs hat furomeded ralmly on










 ?









found I had started an musually large bear. I never got a sight of him, and I am not sure that I should have carced to tackle him if I hatl. It is all lut impossible to walk sikently in snow that has melted and frozen again. I think we were rather mfortmate in that neither of us got a chance at a bear on this trip. Nor were any of the remains of kills: which we revisited tonched. Perhaps they were temporarily scare in that part. for bears shift their quarters a great deal. But with the best opportunities very few are killed by ordinary sportmen in fair hunting. The great majority one hears of are obtained with the assistance of a 60-1h, iron trap.

On my retmin to camp, I found that during the temporary absence of our men the fire had spead to the surrounding grass. The men were just in time to silve their bankets, hat one of the tents was burnt. and for the rest of the trip they had to shelter moder one of those make-shifts which Westerners so reality contrive. Another two minntes and every article which we possessed, except the clothes we stood in, would have gone up in smoke.

We now moved camp into the basin, determined to leave no stene monturned to secure a ram or two ; hat till the very last, thongh we salw some ewes on more than one occasion, and were frequently tantalised by fresh tracks in the timber; we got no chance at a ligig one. The last day before our intemded departure had arived. Gerad had searched in vain for most of the day, when Bol, by a fine piece of spying in the bight interval between two snowstorms, made out a band of old rams feeding in a conoul on the opposite side of the valley in which our camp was

 woing to the showstomens, ther at last wot wroll with
 hag two fine oht lams and sererny wommel thind. whioh he meonemed the lollowing diry 'This rhange of lark
 in the hepre that the somed fortane of the som misht be retemberl to the fither. Sext lay I wiss onee mene tam-
 into: timbered ernom. I did not sue them, lat the bommls
 in the smow . laft 100 dombt as to the rause of their depatime.

Amd now the last day amd my bast ehance hand amivel.

 hately leate two there home of margin hefore the salling uf the " ('marder." whirla we most rateh to keep puhlir

 minm to









piercing wind swept arross it and made it hard to persevere. Fine hail and cules of hom frost hown from the rocks smote our hands and faces, and now and again one had to patise on the lee side to take hreath. Dming one of these halts, on looking back along the ridge, we saw a band of ewes and small dams about fire humed yards off. and aparently following in our track. Some whiff of our taint hart disturbed them. Aware of danger, but not seeing us, they honched up, and I tried the shot as a last chance, hont without result. lint its echoes disturbed another lot of eight or nine, this time all ohd rams, at the very lootom of the next valley. After a bit they disappared hehind a rise, and. failing to see them reaplear, we assmmed that they hat remained there. There seemed to be nothing for it hut to tramp to the bottom, and this we did reluctantly as it lay right away from camp. Down we went for half an hour as hard as we could go, but when we reached the foot of the slope the sheep were nowhere to be seen. Giancing upwards, there they were, outlined against the sky on the top of the ridge, within a hamered yards of the point where we had left it, so that we lam not only had our tramp in vain, but lost a fine chance into the bargain. On our way down they must hase pasted pretty close to us, concealed in a hollow. Lp again we hat to go in the wost of tempers, but consoling ourselves with the assurance that we should be able to follow their tracks in the snow. Alas! when. after an hour's severe grind, we reached the point where they had disapeared, mot a"sign" remained. Though the weather wat dear the wime had smoothed away every trace. Wha commamied a widn atrat, hat the bame had wholly


disappeared. Ciloomily we turned downards and campwards.

However. luck most turn. and the nsual reward of perseverance was yet to be oms. At the upper enge of a curions castellated cliff, which formed a compicuous featwre from our camp, we came upon the tracks of another band, so burning fresh that it was ohvious they must be immerliately below us in some hoken recesses of the rocks which we could not command from above; and, in fact, while we peced about, a backward curl of the strong wind which was beating against the face of the cliffs must have carried a message to some of them. for one, fortunately a ram, marched ont into full view on the opmosite side of the amphitheatre, with deliberate step, but evilent signs of measiness. The next minute he was spiming backwards throngh the air with a bullet through his spine. Then-oh, glorious luck :-mot stepped another amm. wholly matware of the fate of his companion, and stood on the same identical shelf, and he also was "my meat." The third ram now appeared lower down, and making off at his best pace; but he was so inferior to the two which I had securet that I let him go. As long as he was picking his way down the rocks his movements seemed to me slow and clumsy, but the moment he cleared them how he did stretch himself out. and "dust" down that mountain ! And now a curious thing happened. The remainder of the herd were all ewes or little ones, and being deprived of their lealers, and apparently bereft of sense, gathered on a buttress just below us, and for some mimutes, though I stood up, shouted, amd threw stones at them, they seemed glued to the ground is thongh they were mader a
 amimal.

If was mo light matter, in omb exhallasterl aml half-

 able couldir. Where the powidery smow wis literally up to my mere: hat it wisc done at last, and the head and illeh

 amel the mext momames eastwant ha" with contented minds.



## IV

## on THE RLAE OF THE HENERT

The recent orening of hanch railways throngh the Atlas Mountains into the desert of Sahara has hrought within rearh of Tomdon a winter climate, almost as superior to that of the Riviem, or the Agerian littoral, as these are to our wwil: imfeed. if time-tables were strictly athered to, it is even now possible ley landing at the pert of Phillipville, one humbed and fifty miles cast of Algiers, to reach the oasis of biakia, which is well ont in the descrt, in little over three days foom Lemmen. If the Algerian trains could be persmader to travel at the modest speed of twenty miles an home, this would be accomplished with ease. Athough liiskia is not much more tham a humbed miles from the coast, the travedlew has there left behind him the momatains which attract and comblonse the moisture of the Mediteranama, and after the begiming of Jambary he call count on permmial smishine, except when-and this is schdom-a high wimf fills the air with a dust-fog almost as impermealle to the mas of the sum as a watery dom.

Ther dimate was mot, however. the ehief attrawtion which drew me thither with two compranions one Jamary.
 overlook the desett. there exists, the whole wiat form


























[^0]which professes to give a rescription of the fama of the province, does not mention the animal. An accomplished traveller told me that it was searee, " hut not puite so difficult to get as an Agerian lion." A friend who hat travelled through the southem ranges of the Atlas admitted that he had nerer heard of it. Can it be womdered at that I desired to secure so rate a trophy. and inderentally to use it as a peg upon which to hang a frosh series of experionces.

to wanker among momutains rately visiter, to pitch or strike my camp when aml where I pleaser, among al people who daily do the same?

Our experlition began with some misfortunes. A great Jamary stom in the Chamel had blown down some telegeaph fuste, and so lelayed om arrival in lamis that we missed the Marseilles express, and consequently the Algiers boat. It Marseilles we received a telaraph from my dear oht clenssent Celestin, who. on his way to meet us there, Was spized hy the fashonable complaint, and lay halfway from his momntain valley, helpless as a log. He did not









 nomth, whirh now tomamatos at biskm. Hably miles fallor.








 the strean which has mandmaned their ronts. Smome the










Wack on the plain. like nothing so moch a huge leeches surking at the juices of the momatain.

But we were mot thinking murlo of these things that night. What sportsman does mot semember the first eager lane with which be examines the new hunting gronnd! Are the widd amimale we have come so fall to seek still to lof fomm in those ditfs? I know that the were there ten years ago, hat men of kowledge hat assmed me that the mallaty mast have driven them away, am that I must go farther affich. We had get to leam that it is mot the lathit of this old-womd sheel to run away from dvilization. We has other means of putection.

Bernime the little im at the north and of the equ was a simmy ritge, which oftered a wood sping-point. From this orm telswopes presently sammed the eliftis of the Jelel Metlili. the highest peint in these parts. which rose to the nowth from a little pain to the height, I shombld julge, of five thousimd feet. There was no doubt alout the booken dhameter of its diffs. Their appeannee, at any rate, justifiod our herpes.

Two very dirty and rased Arabs, Ali and Abedullald. hand been fetched fiom the momitan itself with is view to being retaned ang gives, amd, while we suped, they interviewed 11 , shatting on their hams on the tiled flows: These ragmulfins gate an edge to our appetites ley assert-
 wh mate of the "1on", in the eliffis wher heen examining, amb the more bager we showed ourselves the higher rose their terms. Wo finally setted with them for three frame a laly at which price they proved distimetly deald.

Gemald started at a very bally hom with Anctrats amel











 as he was bil, ar retuming to the tents of his fiathers. Thas



 with whieh the lange is semmed. When they oped somme




 lar hal

 mear tha




later he arived at the rook where the pramer, which was now far away, had been bying, and hegan to throw rocks down. He finally rejoined the strangers. and appared to think that he was being congratulated on his spirit. Later on, fet mother wat spied lying faromably phaced on a cliff, but when the spot was reached it had gone, having pobablly hean the mailed boots on the rocks. This was a difficulty which we afterwards found it very hard to avoid.
ln the meanwhile the rest of us, with the mule train, followed a well-engineered path constructed by the Erench to give ease access to a tower of olservation which they have built on the lighest point of the mountain. After thee hours of steep ascent. We halted at a convenient phateau a little short of the summit. This was a most attrartive camping groumd, hat [ saw at a glance that. with uncertain weather, it would be fill tow exposed, expecially as one of our tents had been temporaty lost on the rallway, and our men would be very imperfectly sheltered by the make-shifts which we had low ing from El Kantara.

It commanded, however, a marvellous view. The Atetlili is the highest point for many miles, exeept to the north, in which direction we were slightly overtopped by the cedar forest ranges near Batna. To the east, but at a distance of many miles, the great mass of the Amres, wowned by the highest point in Algiers, the ('he llia, now white with snow, rose perhals three thonsind feet higher than where we stood. but to the sonth who can describe the wonderful expanse of the desert which lay fom thousind feet below ms! To my mind there is 110 panorama so interesting as a
-

birdseeye view over a plain from a considerable height. The phains of Lomburdy from Monte Rosa, of Spain from the Brêthe de Roland, have this haman interest, but in both these cases subsidiary, but still lofty ranges sere to break the comtrast. But bere we were on the top of a great cragge wall which rose straght from the plain. Trae, the latter was seamed he three low. rocky ridges which lay parallel to one another between us and biskia, but they were completely subordinated and looked like small puple islands rising ont of a golden sea. Over them one took in the whole plain. every inch of it to the very horizon. clear cut and level ats the sea itself. T'o the east, perhaps thirty miles offe, lay a large chott or salt marsh, but whether its shiming surfare was due to water or half-rhict salt I could not determine. 'The sumsets and smmises from this and smilar elevated camps were of marvellous interest and beaty, especially when a sea of cloud chang to the momatains, as sometimes hippened in the early moming. In the foregromel raggededged peak- with deep purple shatows, pierced the luminous mist: beyond, the shatowless, illimital, pe pain. The nights were not less beantiful. In still weather the air wat so clear that the stars shone with scarcely diminished brightness lown to the harizon itwelf, and one seemed eren to look down on them.

All the southern slopes of the Athas are singularly waterless, and the Metlili is no exception to the rule. Every drop for our use had to be brought up in barels on mule-bark. I wanted to seme the barrels back so as to have a fresh smply the next day ; so I poured the water into two of my canteen baskets which are lined with


 formel that the basket wore leaking batly and would





W11.1.11..










it．Indeed，the climan of nastiness was reached when the ugliest and dirtiest of them on his arrival at camp．hot amt thinsty，phuged his whole fare into it and hank freely．

As stom as we hat symared this amb other matters in camp amp pitched our only tent，Willin and I started for an exploration on our own aceoment．＇Though the best of the day was gone and we salw mothing，we fomm some fresh tracks ；and the tracks of the dromi are calculated to rejoice the heart of the hunter．for they are as large as those of the red deer；and ats（ielahl arived late in camp with an accomnt of what he had seen，our expectations were raised to the highest point．We har not yet realised that it was one thing to catch a glimpe of the amimal．amt quite another to put salt on its tail．

The next morming I went with Ambeats to the steepert part of the mountain．It is cut into a series of deep ravines which score the slope from top to bottom．At right angles to these rmo long lines of vertical strata from Which the softer limestone is wom away，leasing enomons shabs；the bigest slab of all forms a diff several humed feet high and two miles or more long．which rms along the face of the mountain．Just outside this is another simitar slab，or series of slats，only a fow yards in front of it，and almost as tall as the cliff itself，am seeming from a little distance to form part of it．Detween the two is a deep，narrow tremels，harely acessible here and there where the outer battlement is broken down．Lesser pates of rock project all over the momitain side，and afford splendid shate and hiding－pates for the aroni．Here and there are ragged bushes of thuja and clumps of alfa grass， like the prompras grass of our gartens but of smaller





 the ather siln wi the valler. winently lying in wait fan
























faces. like most African animals, and in marked contrast with the bold and high-l)ed expression of their smaller namesake of Surdinia and Corsica. Pliny describes the animal ar the "gat hant," which in also rathere apt. The pement mane amel samdy rolour I have alreaty meferred to. On the kones he has patches of bare callons skin after the manner of a Lamon cab-honse, which 1 suppose enables him to kneel and reanch his food on steep phares and in the creviees of the rockis. The Aralss saly that these amimals do not drimk more frequently than onere in five days, and this "mallas them to traverse long distances on these dhirsty Where. 'They are manown bearer to the coast, as, for instance, where the climate is moist enominh to support the roblar forests, bor do l believe they are erer fomed out of sight of the desert.

The katack of keeping himedf out of sight, and getting wot of it when surprised, is the most olsious chanacteristice of the amimal. The hal bits of the drabs, contimed thromgh comuthess gencrations, have helpen to form the halits of the "rowi. These nomad tribes piteh their tente necessarily within reach of one of the seanty onings of water. Here at might, within the cired endered by their hated greitomes and a smadl zerefor of loose thom bushes, theer hered their forks of geats. In the sath moming mamerous thin colmoms of blace smok mark the pesitions of such (ampse gemerally placed for shelter in dre waterember. With hanking of degs and shouting. the focks move off ul the mombtan, and as the day adramese they work enp and
 sion. 'The wikl sheep have no means of escaping fiom them, as erery momatain withan reach of water is smimaty

1111. 1: $11: 1: 51: 1-1111.1$
infested. They are thus constantly within sight and hearing of the Arals ant their goats and, having no meals of eacaping from their meighbomborl have developed the art of hiding themselves to an extraordinare begree, men their confidener in their own invisibility is mamiter. A practical illustration of this ocemred to me one arning when $[$ had sat in one place for twenty mimutes carcfully sping the smromming eometry. My boign of rantage was a knoll which commanted a small shallow hollow. in which there was not a vestige of cover recept the fow thin thuja boshes, which looked as if they rouk not hide a rat. It was mot till I row to shift my position that a female nowi and two yeanlings starten from these lushes. They had been lying within sixty yards of me and must have heen fully conseions of my presconee. la this and other respects the aromi is very like the Pyrenem ibex. which lives in simitan steep, lwoken rocks amd sconl, and which also relies on concealment in preference to flight. It hass moreorar the same inward turn of the tip, of the home to emable it to push thromgh the borsher. The borns of the Alpine ibex. Which lives among hare rocks. colve in one plane.

This halhe of oberving yom white he believes himself hidulen, is highly inconsenient to the sportsman. If la thinks himself monoticed. he remains till the coast is clear. If a bolt is necessary, he watches for the most farourable oppertunitre amd. like a woodrock. puts a rock or a tree. in a trice between limself and langer. From this it arses that one vious the game much more frequently than shots are whainme ame many of these are smap shots. My won expriene is sugestive I hunted on twenty-

 times, hat I ©
 disumber flem with the olass, mat this sickemed whe












 listullum?












climbing rocks at a step angle, prowided these ore partectly dry. The mefect is that these shapp-edged rocks ruin the best attachments in about two days, and repairs are not always possible. Boots were not the only article of attire which suffered. A single flat cramb downhill made ribbons of the toughest Itaris tweed. I was very soon scarcely decent, hut Cerald, with true filial piety, abstracted two large patches from one of Willie's coats, and sewed them on to the sitting place.

During the first few days the weather was treacherous. and it was a lear that our first amp was monable as long as our men were so hatly protected. The poor linen-eland Arabs looked expecially miserable and it was melancholy to see fhem serape a small hole, fill it with hot ashes and spluat orer it, making a sort of open-air 'Turkish bath be prealing ont their burnouses. and this at the best cond only have cooked ond ant. So we han to makn aramgements tormone amp to the foot of the momatain mat the weather improsed, and we cond recorer the missing tent. It was well we did so. for even three thomsand fect lower. and well muter the bee of the momatan. our teat pers with difticulte held the gromm. The wind howe the dust thenght the flape amt showstorms were frepurnt. The mombtain Wats coveren with wreathing stomberbonds and the pesition at the moment was so lapeless that we again sent for the mols amd pullen out for Elantara.

Wi and Mroulah took this oprortunity to strike for higher wages which was not surprising mader the ciremmstances: lut. as we hat no hope of hamting that day, it was a bally-rhonen oppertmity, and we told them to go to the -- landlow and be paid off. They went
 fallen wh their !formens ant the hill. I was mot sury 10


 Itathe he was gifted with wombernl wexight. and a das


11:1111111











and nearly all the men had already reached it. Willie and I were nearly in the rear of the line, when two fine ram monflons appeared within a few yards of the path. It was howing a gale of wind, and I suppose that this, and the fact that the gromed was covered with snow. had prevented their heang the tramp of the mules. As nsually happened our riftes were not to hame, and the anmals passed, as we found by their tracks, within six yarks of the tower withont any one there being aware of it. Again, an hom later. just as it was getting dark. I saw from the tower another moutlon cross an opening scarcely two humbed rands off. I rmshed out, hat there were nmmerons bushes to hirle him, and. the dankess coming on and doud, howing up, I could not sight him again.

What light there was after our amival we used in stufting $u^{\prime}$, the loopholes of the tower, as well as we could, with pieces of wool, tent covers, ete. as the wind literally screamed through them, and in sweeping out the snow which lay in fine powder on the tiled floor, with extemporised hrooms of thuja bushes. This huilding was devised solely for observation and defence, lont it has been disused he the authorities since they have cartied the telegraph to El Kantara, and the Arabs have taken andemtage of this to lont the place as far as they combla and especially to remove all the lorks. so an entrance was easily effected. It is a soliclly-built stone structure two storles high. each of which is apmoached by laders only. which "an be with hawn through trap-doons. At the top, angular projections of irom piesed for musketry command every side in case of attark. Each floor is also lompholed. On the top stome is a little stove, and there we established








 This lough !
 -xperted as the lall mathoial al pater.

















lint ond lack turneal at lart. It wan in what we rallont

who was accompanied by Ablullah that day，ecored the first success．Quite carly in the day he spied，at the botom of the corre，the head of a mouflon sticking out of a bush．The amimal wats so band to see that，when he took his glass off the spot，he could not refind him for a guarter of an hour．Soon after this he made out four others with him．The approarlh wats not very difticult if they conk get over a certain space which han to be crossed in riew．He himself went first，moving with extreme slowness and caution；but when Abdultah came to follow，the patience of that child of nature was not equal to the strain，and，when halfway across，he started ny and ran the rest of the distance．The sheep of course saw him and moved to a fall more impregnable position high up the opposite side．＇The hanters were，moreover； now fairly caught being in full view，and there they had to stily for four hours till the sheep lregan to feed．They then sowly erept back the way they hat come，and，making a great circuit of the worie，came down mon them from atove， and got at length within one humdred yards．There was a good ram with them，and Gerald thought he had picked out the very hair that he desired to hit．The beast，however， went off with the others as if nothing hat haprened．and the rummerg hot as usual，han wo effect．Fortumately the hill was nealy hare in this part，amb，as the ram followed the oppmsite firee，he rould he kept in sight．Seen through the glasi．When he ham run three humbed yards he showed signs of distress，and finally rolled over deal．The shot was exartly in the right place，having entered behim the shoukter amb passed out at his throat；but this animal atso might well have been lost if the ground ham not
 Undallah, after the mammer ol his kiml. wh will fall





 Wedili in vain, and mow that the momatan hand yinderl a single trophrs. Wr were quite rately to try fiestr sermes.


















 settled the question of ther preather of that animal in
the neighbourhool ; abo a femate erlmi. or momatain gatzelle, which had been snated by some hrals when feeding at night in their barler-fields. It is about twiee the size of the common gazelle of the plains (foredla donceas), and differs from it in the long, upright, and straight horns, as distinguished from the hyreshaped horns of the smaller species. The otme has long pointed ears, and very large and prominent back eyes. This beautiful animal excited us greatly. but, from what we were told of its rarity and the difficulty of finding it. we han not much hope of seemring a sperimen. I wan. however, destined to become acpuainted with it. Captain Ben Driz's enthasiasm for sort, as is the catse with mont of the better-clans Arabs was centred in hawking. Unfortunately we hat no oplortunty of seemer this rhatracteristic pursuit.

Owr movements were governed here, as elsewhere, by the scarcity of good drinking water, and we finally got leave to spread our mattresses in some spare rooms at the railway station, to which a fresh supply of the precious. lipuid was daily brought ley train.

The foot of the salt Momatain is distant about two miles across a stomy tract of desert. We were boh that it.s intricacies were so ergeat that it was impossible for a stramger to find his way, but there was 10 real ditticulty, and we should have done better withont the Aralb whom we took with us, as he was both stupid and lacked the keen sight of most of his race. 'The mountan, which is not more than three miles long, has the appearance of latving been dropped from above, and broken in the fall. Its chatic character is due to the solubility of the salt.
 the interior. so that it is honerombled with hollows insite amd out. 'The surfare is disintergated salt amd ranth. with a white salime exulation which makere the momatain eomtras strangly with the red rocks and yellow phain mamel it. ( Omo well into the momatain, the ennfusion of
 ('inculare craters abomal where the soil has fallen in, amb here amel there we came with startling sudelemess, upon
 transparent salt. "losely resembling the "monlons" of the
 fout to len feet in diameters and of many the botom was lost in gloom a humber feet or mone belows. 'Thery aro damgerons phares withont eare, where the a crmbling verge which frequently worhamge. The gromme wion


 soil exepet a phant like samphire ame another fleshyhatred phant: hat flocks of hatre rek-pigeons, which laced in the rlefts. gave some life to the seme. Bright-coloured


 of which wo sum sall plenty of tranks.



 ram of the salt Mombtain. all somme distance. Wr hat
hardly started for the stalk when a eurious and painful accident happened to me, which afterwards had unfortunate conserpuences. Slipping up, I brought my hand down on an edge of salt so sharp that it ripped the whole of the skin from the ball of my thmm, leaving nothing but bare flesh from the joint upwards. The mishap nearly caused me to faint at the time, and gave me great pain for several weeks afterwards.

It took us an hour or more to reach the top of the cliff, under a ledge of which we had seen the monfons lic down, and creeping down with extreme cantion, fon the slope was covered with loose stones, we reached the edge of a little bluff which commanded the spot, and there we waited for them to rise from behind the rocks where they lay, and show themselves. For nearly four hours te lay hroiling in the sm, hut our patience was in rain; for they had really changed their position before we arived. At last a great rattling of stones above us told only too well what had happened. They had moved to the left while we were making our stalk, but, a herd of goats entering the valley, they had retumed, but above instead of below us, and getting our wind, quickly took leave of that range. We returned in a despondent mood over the Salt Mountain, and followed the most beaten track I could find, where I expected to see nothing. Going round a corner we nearly stepped on a splendid feslital. I snatched the rifte from Andreas, and should have had an casy rumning shot, but the handkerchief which I had wound round and round my wounded thumb came in the way of the aligmment of the sights, and, before I could tear off the miscrable rag, he was round the corner, and though in three or fon seconds I
rearlach the spot. he exsily kept himself ant af aight in the




 killimg my first mouthom. beating the somomd liky a tramed settom amel with rifle in hamm, for it is impossihla (1) ser the momerons hollows, we fommed rome very liesta tracks. and following these came unon at small hame of

 (hap) shatow while we were in hright sum. 'The shat was a long amed moultfal one, hut, watiog motil they patnow a moment, I pieked wit the one which seemed to be the

 lofthamded comdition. I fumbled wrod the hammer and su
 which persented itself when they patmed for several









 luck nsually stamels as sefformblomed as the worloman
who complains of his tools, hut 1 certainly think that all the had luck whirh I ever deserved, and did not have. was concentrated on this trip.

While at El Outaja we made friends with the sheik of the village, a very dignified and courteous personage, who invited us to dinner, along with the stationmaster and a French gentleman who had lately arived to try an experiment in vine culture. We were received in a windowless room, with a handsome carpet and a good deal of furniture of a plain kind. His secretary sat at another table writing most of the time, for the village sheiks exercise magisterial functions. After a preliminary course or two of rather highly spiced viands, served in European fashion, the piece de résistencer came on. The table was cleared and a Hat iron dish, a yand in diameter, was placed there, after which two servants bore in a half-grown sheep, roasted whole, on a wooden spit. This was deposited on the dish and the spit withdrawn. The sheik then proceeded to pull off the choicer parts with his fingers and place them on our plates, after which we were expected to help ourselves in the same "go-as-you-please" fashion. It was not so nasty as it sounds, for it was roasted very brown and (risp). After this followed the great national dish of Kous-Kousol, signifying "generosity"-Hour moistened, and rolled by the hand into tiny balls like sago, then steamed and served with different sances or raisins. A wife is valued, to a great extent, according to her ability to make Kous-honsom. We had lots of Algerian wine, Which the sheik did not disdain to drimk himself. Dates and pomegramates finished the meal.

The language was a difficulty, but we learned something
about the palm-arowing industry. It all deperts on the
 whelr is a geat deal mome than the laml itself is worth.

 Patrs after it is phanted as astucker, amb, when onme it is in fall bearing. mily protace to the value of tern frandes per rears. 'The owner has then litale alse to do but to open his sluiers and sit in the shate.

Onf next move was to Biskia, whirh has bern ofton desmbibed. It is redolent of the dewert, for the drabs fiom thr eomatly, whirh may mean wor hambed miles somiln, come here to how amd sell. The siohts and smolls of the
 into ont solid mase are the leading eommonlity. The


 in the head, whieh they think improves their eroxight.


 on the hatek of the heint.

The thestonts of rivilisation dial mot detain ws. but we







a little soil they roughly terrace it and grow barley. 'To keep off birds and beasts thee build a little pyramid of stones painted white, to represent a crouching Arabl. Their villages harmonise so closely with the rocks that in a bad light yon may stmmbe on one, and fail to see it is a village at all. On one occasion such a mishap did oecur to two of our party. We had moved amp to the village of llammam, of which they knew the aproximate position. lout they missed it, and slept supperless on the hill. We pitched our first camp by a little ain. or spring, the thread-like trickle of which was sutticient for our wants. Hore. or hereabouts, we spent a week in a position even more commanding than the Atetili. Though we got two more sheep, our hunting adrentures dil not differ greatly from precious experiences. We varied our bag, howeror. loy stalking a very large boar in the open, a somewhat mommon experience, as those animals rarely leave the cover hy daydight.

A goatherd, with whom we carred on a pantomimic conversation on the hill, after describing the way in which the "oroni hide themselves, and then sneak away when you are gone, hard told us there were immense quantities
 repeated. screaming ont the last sylable and waring his allms.

As we were retmong to camp I sam lectoren no and the setting sum the dim outline of a large animat, which 1 towk fon a donkey of which there were several abont. Gerald contimed my impression, as he satid he salw it wag its tail. We walked an, hut presently I thought hetter of it anm took wit my glass. whom I fomm it was a largo


 breaktast. There wis no time to lose as the light wombly

 We lost sight of him in some rowgh grombl, athlappodehed

 into a hollow, amd we bexan to feal that he would set the wind. Ho was suoutimg about, amd at last wot his hat


 "p' and rans down into a little ravine. monter the cover at
 fille. as heing mome powerfal than his own, for ho mally Wias as lige as a domber in the looly. The light wian mow
 I :am inelimed to thimk that the smmlder was mistalien fon the wher emt. It amy rate the shot was erey lar bate











6 feet $-\frac{1}{2}$ inches. fair measurement, without strecteh of string or imagination.

The Arabs, to whom he was the accursed thing, did not at all approve of having to handle him. One of them pitconsly exhibited to me a spot of blood on his clothes, apparently thinking that his injured conscience should le compensated. I told him to wash it-l mean his hurnons. He secmed to think this was adding insult to injury.

One day we watehed a curions phenomenon from this range. A high wind began to blow from the sonth, and columns of dust, hundreds of feet in height, marched in stately battalions across the plain. Though we were three thousand feet above it, the air surrounding us gradnally thickened into a fog. dense enough to lot out everything a puarter of a mile off, hut of dust so fine as to be quite impalpable. In a short time it began to settle as a delicate hoom upon everything in the tent.

Returning to Biskra, our next expedition was to the castwards, to El Gattar, a pretty camp in a river bed. Athough for the most part dry, a small stream rose a short distance below, and fell into a natural bath of white rock fringed with maiden-hair fern. Dense masses of oleander surrounded it, and were the nightly roost of comntless desert sparrows. We pitched camp under a low white cliff, from the cramies of which miniature owls looked out. Our Arab followers thought there was something uncanny about the place, and tried to dissuade us ly saying that the cliffs would fatl upon the tents, or that the floods would come and wash us away. Nothing would induce them to sleep there themselves. The Arah whom we picked up hare for a local guide was the best
－perimen that wre encombered．Arbmet ben Nialel ly name，a womteons mammers．I suphose that he hat mevo been

 thing happened has seized my hamd and howed his heal が口 it：as，for instame，when l slipperl and rewored
 what he sald，on equally when I did mot．Nost allusively of all when I aflemed hime some tobateon and thin paper whirla I happened to have in my pocket：the elimax being rearbed when I lighted his regatete with my sm－
 pionsty refosed if ant of his friende had heen ber．When
 amxinus mot to shame my store with Achmet．I kinew he ham housht mothing with him．for they are the mont abstemions rawe and 1 hoped that his sepuphes would porse stronger than his appelite．With somberonformer． amd with a weat show of politencos，I hameled him my shes of moat．Well kowing that he hand sem them fryme
 I hisenit he milhled with extreme calltion，evilumty in









These same dates of Thggurt were a joy and consolation to us throughout the trip, but they had their troublons side. They had an awkwand habit of getting loose among the clothes, and equecially the hankets, and there dispersing themsnlves, till there was nothing left but the mere skeleton of a stone. There was no remedy except the Arab plan, to rub over the greasy stain with a handful of desert sand. Dry dirt is their only soap, and it is not ineffective.

From the adjoining range of Bou Arif we again took sportsman's toll, but the old patriarch ram for whom we lusted eluded us to the last. (only on the last diy. on ome way back to the ralway and civilisation, did a real bit of mexperted luck fall in our way.

Once, on the Ahmar Khatou range, I had caught a glimpse of a hert of gazelles, which from the length of horn of the leader I believe to have heen the large ronghcoated mountain kind. I was shifting amp and riding one of the mules when twelve of these lamdsome amimals crossed the track. Of comse the rifle was behind ambl. loy the time I went after them, I found an Arah with a gun as long as himself in front of me. He had aheady sureceded in showing himself to them, and further pursuit was useless.

We thought there was little chance of obtaining this covetal trophy, lont between onr last amp and El Outaja there is a hong red ridge callon "Ben a Chouf." on which we were told there were some of these rdmi. We were buy seeptical, as the rigue was a bow one, and there were Arals all orer it. for we conld see their fires on it at might. Still it lay on the way and we would try a drive.

Going formand to a peint alom twothind of the hagth of the riboge we dimbed op it, and pested omselves on the rooks arest, while our men drow it atome. I small herd of the eommon sazelle were seen to take to the plain, hut mothing (ame to the gems. ('limhing a high point which commanted the remainder of the rithere we sat
 form gatelles. which were assumed to be the eommon limet. (1) a stony phatean fall below us. In Xah womall wain Wathering hushwom for fuel in the same fichle of the thesope, and though mally at a somewhat hwer leved of the momatin. it alded a finther sire of exatement lest they thould got her wime. This wis amother instame of the wily in whirh these wild ammals frepuent the immediate
 the arothenes of their sumes.

I! (empmanions as they always did. wished me to takis the chander 'They stayed at the boge ant there are few
 a station which commande both the stallem amel the stallion?
 the wathers comblationte lae direetion of the amimats if they shmold mone during the prowers of the stalk-: a
 "xperimen when lamling h mistake.








 hat to take extreme premations mot to art them rallimes.





 I wated for the beatsto foed into the mext ravine. This they persontly did, and we. the stalkers. erplt forwald to a momml form whirh we loged to sur them reaplears. Here we wiated in sumpence and at lensith




 thow bommling forms, hat the warlles hand heard amt mot











naturalist describes it, the shouts expressed still greater triumph. My first shot hand passed literally through his heart, and out at the other side.

This was a soon finish, and made up our hag of large game to seven head; not a murderous one, but sufficient when the larity of the trophies is considered.

Six days later we were in London.


THE ALAERIAN BLZZARU。

## '

TIIE ELK
It in ermions that the largest of the wild amimats of Bimper, or, imbed, of ally part of the Northern Hemiphare untese an exeption be mate of the ahmost extinet Nonth American hison, should have received so little attention fiom that ulnguitus creature, the British portoman. This is the more stamge beratuse many of this enterprising (lase do not rount it tow murla troulde to cross the Atantir. (1) hant the same amimal. unthr the name of " movee." in the finests of (amamla. It rammet, therefore. lee the difticulty of his pursuit which deters them. Some faithful butates there are who may be looken fore with eertamy

 bot exon the sternes twhes of the part? whipe will server
 hats artied for them and for the flle. lime these are the



I do mot pretent that eth hamting is the prime of "purts: that designation must be reserven fin the chase of
thase amimals which are to be fomm on open gromme like the red deer．and，ahove all，the chamois，because in that rase the contest leetween the strategy of man and the instinct of the beast，the varying fortunes of the day，the complications of the scientific stalk，we visible and patent to the least experienced sportsman，and shared in hy him during the greater part of the daylight hours．On the other hamd，to the elk hmoter the golden chance for which he has toiled，while it seldom offers，may oceur suddents and almost without wanning．He monst work on in faith and not ly sight，and if for many hom＇s his dog leads him on a not too fiesh track of an old ox，he must bear in mind that all the time his quarry may be miles beyond his boundary，or may hare come round to leeward and be at that moment suiffing the tainted air，in which case the hunter will find it out，when he reaches the spot．ly the lengthence stride and mod－scattering hoof－manks of an elk that has been shoumt，to quote an expressive and only too fimiliar word firon the vernatular．

On the other hand，some sportsmen have surprising lack．I heard of a novice，whose host sent him out on the opening day of last season．He had not penctrated a handred yards into the forest before he disturbed a large boll elk，and fired a snal，shot at its retreating form． Hurrying forwand he oltained a second glimpse，and fired again，as he supposed，at the same elk．Latying on the Wog，he presently came up to the animal in its last gasp， and，a few yarts farther，a second in the same condition．

There are not many of ns who have fairy godmothers， or cally such straight powder as this，and the very uncer－ tainty and the rarity of obtaining a clear view of an
 siza of thase tranks，su far larger even than thase mame ly
 the elk an air of mystery which arlels a zest to his corpture．

 was surely matures tirst attempt in the direction of the wephant＇s trumk，adhe to the impression that he is the for－ Eotten remmant of a hagome period and of eontemporarios who mast be someht for in the roal－measures and hrish bogs．（）la bishop l＇ontopplalan ceredits him with surh lengh of leg．＂that a man may stamd upright moler his helly，＂hat this is of course an instance of the wamome Which surpoumts the ammal．

The whe makes his homu in the lommelless fonests of sume amd hime which elothe the contral plateat of the
 but are satred fiom it he the ever－varying views of lakes of all sizere，and rountles momber，which dat the woonts． by the hose which oner were lakes，by the wamens of mosers and lichens，formixhed forth hy evoly fallen amd








 attom
dwarf birch on the adjoining fjeld. In the densest groves of spruce a rapid seuttling of wings will indicate the presence of a corey of lijerpe or hazel-grouse, the smallest, and, perhaps, the handsomest of the grouse tribe, and, as some think, the best eating. They only fly up into the adjoining spruce. where the brown has of the breast, so


THE C.NEERCDILZIE.
ronspicuous when the hird is handled, hamonise perfertly with the twigs. On the logs the doulle smipe of slow and heary flight, and other long-shanks, give a chaming varicty to the lag.
ln the olden time the dk appears to have been hunted both by stratagem and with the assistance of dogs, for, in the Cientlomen's Recrection we read that when the hunters "have fomm the trees wheremoto they lean. they sor cut and saw them that, when the ells cometh, he overthroweth the tree and falleth with it, and being not able to rise is so taken alive. When they are chased eagerly and wan find no phace to rest themselves and lie serect. they run to the waters and therein stand, taking up

W:ater intu their momthe amd in a litule time dosu heal it that, spuinting it upon the doges the heat thereot su salleth them that they dare not come nigh ar apmomels them ant morr."

In sumblimaia, at the present dily there are iwo legitmate methorls of hanting the alk, ame in eately a traned dres is the assential eomedutar. lat the principles at his seremer difter matically in the foro styles. In ome case the bind-hnmel is held on a leash, amd depemels

 This method is gencrally pursued in Nomwity, and. imeled. is now. I holieve, the mbly one allowed there. The doges






















On the other hand, the lüs-lund, or ranging dog, is generally affected in Swerden. His business is to beat a tolerably wide area on each side as his master proceeds through the forest, but never so far that his bark will be ont of hearing. He is often of a lighter build, and more calculated for speed than his brother who works in harness. The loose hound has necessarily a large amount of discretion left to him, for, although he knows very well where his master is, by his trail which he contimually crosses and recrosses, he is frequently invisible to the latter for twenty minutes or half an hour at a time. When the dog finds elk, generally, in my experience, an ox, a cow and a calf, his am must be to hold them by barking round them, but without getting too close: so as to keep them at bay, until the honter, attracten by the sound, approaches near enongh for a shot. If, as generally happens, the elk break the bay, the dog endeavours again to head them and arrest their flightan exceedingly difficult thing to do if the amimals have suspicions of a two-legged pursucr : and, indeed, success in this form of hunting is seldom attained, except after a 1 run which tries the bottom of the stamehest wind. If the lunter possesses that attribute, I promise him some glorions experiences. On the other hand, the fonesses of vencric and the intelligence of the hound are best ohserved in following the gentler methorl.

Elk have increased of late years maler protective legislation, and large mumbers are killed by hoth the ahove methonls. A writer in the Field gives the official returns, which do not include those sumptitionsly takell out of season, at in 5 for Norway and 1782 for Sweden



My lits attempt for alk was mande in Nomwar. (on







jountey. Steaming up the Sound between the islands and mainland, we were overtaken at sunset by a dangerous fog, and han to lie to under the island of Smolen, and make up extemporised beds on board, for the ladies. At 4 A.m. the haze lifted sufficiently, and, after watering the engines at a stream which fell over a diff where the rocks dipped sheer into deep water, so that we could draw up alongside of them, we sailed up the still waters of the fjord. I shall not soon forget the lovely Sunday morning which greeted us. The sun shone brilliantly, and as we passed alternately barren cliff's, wooded hills, and green valleys, I pointed out to my daughters the scenes of past trimplis or failures. The glassy surface of the fjord was broken only by mumerons boats loaded with family parties, converging from all directions on the little church and the red and yellow homesteads of Kirkesater. On two previous occasions I had found bears numerons on these hills, and each time either I or my rompanion had secured one. This year my former hunter. Per Klonglevik, informed me that they had deserted the country, and two days' seareh confirming his statement, we sailed on to Throndhjem.

I had hired through a Norwegian agency an elk shooting near Levanger. of which more presently, lout, having in the comse of these preliminary wamderings encountered a Norwegiam who knew the district and gave me an unfarourable impression of it, I changed my plan, and proceeded first towards the Swedish frontier to the south-west of Throndhjem.

Our first halt was at Selbo, at the upper end of the large lake of that name, where we put up at the "Sima-
torimm," in reatity a capital homel. whome the lamallatymothery soml:—alternatry home wer ws with tomptime

'This was too rivilised for me, hat the lathdome assoring me that there wrar olk in the womes imel that her
 it a trial. 'The latter expression tegutes explamation.
 kill mar olk on his fomst holding: but in the great majority of atses these privilegen are like the atrertisements of some llighland frontetors--"ton deer mar be kilherl." It is omly on the hest sommel that they ate of

 permission, he hire or otherwine to hant orer many holdings. Imdeed. maless the rients ane lat, it is a rommmon patetier lot the lammers jointly to emombisson the most
 one who wons the best dow, fore that in the essontial coment. to ko their hunting for them- the rlk. When killed. heiner delivered to the fortmate mant on whose land




 caperially on the fore pall of his lenty I hamel hearl.




pression of energy not belied ly his performances. His short legs and powerful build enabled lim, when harnessed, to drag his master uphill like a young cart-horse. He was in able hunter too, and would have been worth the long price I paid for him but for one physical defect. He was in the habit of pulling so strongly at the rope, when on the track of clle, that he had injured his windpipe, and hat a chronic cough, which could not always be sulppressed at critical

moments, and he lost me some chances in this waty. Morally he was not a perfect character; at least he suffered from green-eyer jealousy. The last I heard of him was in the following laconir pistle received two years later: "Thmp is deard. He was with two powerful dogs, and he resented them. Une of the other logs is very sick." The last statement I can well believe. Dear old 'Tump: He was as affectionate as he was quarrelsome, and his caresses were as vehement as his onslanght.

I started from Selloo before daylight and drove nine
miles in a rarinte，then struek into the fir womels with

 their whereabroms varied aconding to the mede amd


 olk dog whirh I moticed is a lat he knows whore his
 ame such like whatales．The hamese romsints of a hoand strat alomg the spine．to whirh are attarhed two rollars． ond pixsing rommd his neek，the other mater the ehost． He prolls so hand that a simgle collan would elone him．There is amother alvantage．Thererel，heimes attanher to the himetermost rollar，is murla lese likely to entamede the doge lexs．

It is astiming moment for the olk abpinant when ha first finds the trateks amd other sions of his ghames．Not till then does he realise the hage amonsome of the heast． The merest trow will ant fail for mate the dhange in the demeanome of his dow when the batter wets the wimb． It wite not rex lomg before＇lomp exhibited surh
 the haver．The lomes hair on his batk stome mome
 whener rambe the taint，While his home tremhlend with





following them for a short distance in the hope of catching a first glimpse of the coveted game, we struck off airesh, hoping to hit on an ox.

The elk lies down from 10 A.me till abont 3 1.an, and, unlike deer in this respect, he rately changes his ronch during those hours. At this time it is of little use to continue the search. He has some craft in his stupid ohl head. and one of his trielis is to return on the lee side of his trank. so that any pursuer following is certain to give the wind. Besides, his hearing is very acute, and as he lies perden in thick serub, the hunter is almost certain to be heard before he is aware of the proximity of the game. These hours of waiting are very difticult to spend, and very trying to the patience. Sometimes a small pent-honse of birch faggots, into which one can just rawl. serves as a refuge, sometimes a more substantial hay-hat, but most frequently the hunter must sit "just there" among the spruces, and keep himself warm by collecting dead wood for a big blaze. On the present occasion we had a little diversion. Paohs sail: "We will have boiled tront for luncheon." I dil not know what he meant, but presently he led me to a small rivulet rumning into a lake, and legan working up it, scanning its miniature pools. Presently a wave aml the protruding fin of a gool-sized tront was seen, but the water was too shatlow for him to escape, and after a short lont exciting run we had him out on the lank. In a guarter of an hour we had two more, and the three averaged about a pound each. It was pleasint, but wrong. I only remember one similar hunt. That was after a large ecl, which we dislodged while tickling trout
mater the stomes. in a seoteh lomes. 'The ghillie coallent it



 soon hat them loffore ws. dizaing hot on the pank hed shelt.

In the aftemoon we again strmek spör, this time a holl, a cow, and a calt. 'Thery were travelling down wind, amd I had little hope of ans result, but I comtemted
 is mot difficult to measure he degree of fresthese of the track by the brhaviom of the dos. $\quad$ Ko is not content with mating the track itself, lat frepuently stands on his hime legs to smell at the twige whirh have been mibhled. Now
 the wind divert fiom the elk. If the seent wat very hot 'Tomp would ntter a somml which I ean only describe an a hatk in a whisper: I have known other elk dagis to do the simme.





 aml mis apetite was whetterl.





with this, he presses down the limber saplings ly the weight of his body, and standing over them browses them to the top. In hot still weather the elk sometimes leave the dense covert and frequent the more open fjeh. Once, when my son was shooting gronse on such ground, his setter drew up, to a bunch of young spruces, but suddenly leaving his point began barking furionsly. As the sportsmen hurried up, expecting to find some wild cat, or possilly a hear, a large bull elk rose up and calmly trotted away. Of course it was the day before the opening of the season.

My first experience was all very well for a begiming, but we wanted a willer range and more unsophisticated quarters. My Norwegian servant had already been sent on with the lnggage up the fine valley which here falls into the Selbo Vand. I was assured that the Tydal had not been visited by Englishmen for several years. The accommodation was said to be too rough for ladies, but they protested against the assumption, and we started in a stullierre and three kergole on the following day. The road is in the old-fashioned style, that is to say. like Gencral Wade's roads in the Highlands, it goes over hill ant dale instead of contouring them. This means finer seenery with diminished speed. At the second station where we changed horses, we noticed the heal and skin of a freshly-killed elk, shot, as we were told, ly a Swede who was hunting in the valley. A few miles farther on we encombered a cart with the huge catcase of another, the handiwork of the same man, and the farther we adranced the thicker grew the rumours of the prowess of this mysterious hunter. It each station we fomm that Dahl, the
"Folk," hard contimed his way, and if wr put our moses inside we conemoded in his jumtgment. It was mat the late eroning when we were appordhing the watemsald which sepatates Nowsery from Sweden. hat wo foumd him
 Wem, with homely folls. to whom the sight of Buglish lation was a mevelation. The river, aven of here a time forment, thity yads wite ram past the homse. The womed hills rose on wither side six or seven hambed fert to hare teps. Higher peaks stood farther bark. We dined aft aseren-pornd trout. This was not taken wot of the stremm. Wat neted in one of the momerons lakes which dot the woods. Subserpuenty ducke, mot malland. hat a diak hown kind, were hought to us, which were gen in the sime waty. 'This kime ate rather tame, and when there dind themselves enelosed in the rivele of the med. instrant of Hying, dive mater it and get their heads into the meshes. Dexept mills produche we comblat me *uphes from the fam, hat there we mamy remede in
 he Lapps. We sent up the the camp, filteen milas oft.
 which firmithed ne with the finest mat in the woml for : fantuight.







inches, and are generally inhabited. We were independent of them, having brought calico bed-bags. These are no weight to carry, and when stuffed with dry hay and laid on the floor make excellent lying. If not thus provided. a couple of reindeer skins form a mattress which is both clastic and free from vermin.

We arranged with the various owners that we might hunt where we liked, and it we killed an elk we were to pay twenty lirone, or about 22s., to whomsoever it might helong, besides the meat, reserving the skin and head for ourselves. We also sent for the usual hunter of reputation. Uc came, but would only consent to enter our service on condition of earrying his own rifle. I knew what that meant, and allowed him to depart. Thrown back on Tump and the light of nature, we made a poor hand of it. Our want of success was partly due to still weather, which is fatal to this kime of elk honting. Repeatedly we foom burning fresh tracks of elk which had doubtless been slivemt by us, hut we failed even to catch a sight of elk. After thin it began to snow, and continued to do so intermittently for three days. It was teribly wet work foreing one's way through the hireh saplingr, howed down and tangled by the mass of snow, but one learns more of the halits of an animal when hunting in snow than at any other time.

We sometimes took an off day at the birds, and on one of these occasions one of those incidents occurred which are pour rire afterwards, but very unpleasant at the time. The larlies accompanied us, and two of them went home at middaly: An hour later the third followed, receiving instructions to keep the wind on her left cheek

mutil she reached the edge of the valley, whence she would see the farm below. When I reached home at seven she had not returned. Calling a hasty council, for there wanted but half an hour of sunset, we organised search parties in three directions, who were to fire gums at intervals, and to listen for the lond cow-hom, which was to be the signal when she was found or returned. Happily we had scarcely reached the trees when she appeared at the upper end of the clearing. She had lost her direction in a sharp snowstorm, and had finally struck the valley some miles above Lovöen. Here it was narrow and rugged, and there was no apparance of the green fields which she expected to see. At first she thought she had struck the wrong valley, and the farther she followed it the more strange and inhospitable it seemer. She sat down to consider, and at last came to the conclusion that the waterfill she heard below could be none other than one which she had seen some days before, four miles above Lovöen. This determination she fortunately adhered to, and though the intervening ground was very rough, she nltimately came in sight of the homestead. It was a small matter, but the dismay of feeling lost is sometimes (10) trifte even to a strong man. Fortunately the poor chith kept her composure as long as it was necessary.

The topograply of the upper plateaux of Norway and sweden is very puzzling, as every ridge amd hollow resembles the next, and the timber impeles a general view. I have known eren matives completely at fault, and on one oreasion in Jemtlame even the Scormand of the beat, ley mistaking one lake for another, led a member of my party tew miles momy an error which cost him fom
houst walk in the dark, orer somm of the moghest gromme in Emrope. I have fomm that the best way th identify carch hillside is to impress mon the memony the pattem mank lye the ligher foliage of the deriduons trees amongs the tirs and to find fon each some fameiful resemblance, such as a cow's hom, a salucopan. or forked lightning.

In the meamwhile we kept hearing tantalising acomots, of further ancesses of the Swede whom I have alrearly mentioned. News of this kind travels fant in Norwall. Gnee we sent in vain to seck him. I second messenger wis mon succestinl, ime retmond with the mysterions man. Whom he this time we hed in peofomed respert.

 light blace eve of a colt. His wods are few and weighty. Ife also declincel to leare his gen at home, hat promised mot to use it except to prevolt the exape of an amimal. This was a reasomalde comblions, as be reedeed thirty berome from every man on whase lam he killed an ell: Noreover, he sald that he mast not have more fham one Englishman to acompany him at ame and he evidently monsidmed that we wore alout an math use in hanting as pormantualus, and he did mot want to have to carre mone than one. John wats the hero of mmerous elk hants. and conld command his own terms. With him were his two doges, "Povas" and "Laft." 'These dus. were past maters in the ant of lows hanting, amd he hand arfacel five humberl kione or mealy
 killed five atk that yeald. eath of which was worth fully E6. IT, was very partioular mot to allow his dogs to be
handled. I have known him, after some one had stroked them, to take an aromatic wisp of spruce twigs and wipe


JOHN WIILLAN WITH PEYAS AND LUFT.
them down, lest the elk should recognise the taint of man when the dog is baying round him.

I met him the next morning at the appointed rendezvous. The dogs were led until likely ground was reached.

Then they maged athont while we walked stembly on only oecasimally catching a orlimpor of thom. Nothing was seen in the morning, and at cleron wretted in a hokendwwn hay-hat for the long mid-tay halt, mande a fire, amd tried to dry ow wet athes. It is quite as important for the loose homm hunter to lie by for the midetay hours as in the more stealthe mothot of still hanting. lweanse-so theresalr-if and dis is started fiom his couch he will mot he bayed. In the aftermom we kept along a riblge, while the ders hanted the bireh wood below. Then we heard them fimd, lut imdistinctly, and after an exciting five mimutes of intent listening. we marle a rimut of the wood and fomm be the tatcks that the dogs harl rum an elk down to the riser, which he han arosion. They retmon to us, as these doss wouk mot eross a heary stream muless encouraged by their mastire
(lase to the has-hat. Whare we hat been lying for there homs, strames to saly we fomm agam, this time a sollatire ox. He also want down to the river, we after him. as hame as we eoulat mun. Just before he reathed it 1 ramght an inspiriting sight of him, with the ologes at his hoeds, hat too far off fon a shot. Weross the intermening bog he looked as hig amd as back as an chatant. As soon ats he erosed the river the dogs returned to us, ambl thought it was all wers, but just then 1 sam him again berome the river. arssing amother orening thee or form
 sat down, and aming well oner his shoulder wion the shot. but ther bullat strurk umber him. Xow at any rate he would make thatks. but, on the hare danace, we wadent the river. ame latil the doge on agam. 'To my surprise they quickly
bayed again. a short distance beyond the spot where I had viewed him, and it would appear that he could not have noticed my shot. We approached at a rum, and had got, as I should judge by the somel of the baying, within a homdred yards. when I trod on a stick, which loroke with a loud crack. John looked round at me with a blank expression and said, "Now he will suring," and sure enough the sound ceased, for when an ell is going his hardest the dogs pursue in silence. Again we started at our best pace in the direction which they had taken, and in a few minutes a faint and distant bay drew us on again, but the elk knew that the dogs were not alone, and wonk not be stopped. All this time my compraion, who cartied no ounce of superfluons flesh, was going well within himself, while I began to labour like a water-logged boat. I shall not soon forget the suffering of the next forty minutes, but I felt it was now or never, and, buoyed up at intervals by the faint sound far ahead. I struggled on, now across open bogs which were soft but not springy, now through masses of tangle and clumps of trees, till my feet were like lead, and J. was reducel at last to a walk. Now we find a harder piece of ground, as welcome as water in the desert, and by its help seem to get nearer to the retreating somnd. But we are again approaching the river, and I am almost thankful when John says, " He will cross it again, and then it is all up." He does cross it, and the dogs return to us. We throw ourselyes down, on our backs, on the bilberries, and gasp, while limbs stiffen rapidly. At last John remarks, "The Elg is lirenti too;" and indeed so ponderous a borly is not easily conveyed over several miles of such gromm. "Is it any good to cross the river again?"

 whe are as weary an omsores. and plamly show their dixappointment.
luft rlimhs on to a rock in minl-stram. ame whines
 We are reatued to a painfol walk, am the piek up a cold soent shwly: Smblenly they shont aheand amd in two mimutes have him again. with a sarage thmos. ame this time it doce not mose He thomght thate shakem them offe, iml stopped almost as som as the crosed the river.
 hat en sotily:" Wie steal up, pushing the fir bian hes asike. An broken stick this time; we treal like cats through the intorlang boughs. I see a great gray shomker and yellow horns. Hestamber to the knees in a small tarn, with his heal towards the hess, whate dancing and harking on the bank above him. Jy arm wave like the arm of as somphore and I feed that 1 aonh men hit
 "shont thromg the hameles or he will see ton." As I
 fonsurely I have missed hime but John daps me wh the


 whlore ox. panting out his life. while the dens math in amt




managed the ten miles' tramp home if it had not been for the supreme sense of virtuous toil rewarded.
'The next day we rode up-I could scarcely climb into the saddle-to gloat over the pize, photograph him, and bring him down. It took four horses fully loaded to do this, but the ground was unusually loggy. I have generally fonnd sledges a better means of tramsport when the ground is soft. Great was the rejoicing in Ole's house, on whose "right" the ell hat fallen, and his neighbours came in to congratulate lim. This is not to be wondered at, for a full-grown elk carries enongh meat to supply a family for the whole winter. It is generally minced up and made into sansages, which are hong on the rafters. In Sweden it is salted and smoked.

Two days later my son had another fine run, which was even longer than mine, but had a less fortunate result. I was myself in the woods at no great distance, and by a great piece of luck had heard the baying, and came in for the latter part of the rum. The ell was finally coursed out of the woods, and away into the high fjeld. where the dogs layed him among the rocks-a wikl scene. He was galloped to a standstill, and appeared to be "our meat," but just as John and Cyril got within range he slowly rounded a corner. Thinking he would get a standing shot on the other side of it, Cyril reserved his fire; when the corner was reached the animal had rounded another, andwe never saw him again. Whether, like St. Itubert's stag, he ranished when the fim was over, or had had time to get lis wind-the downhill track helping him-I know not; but the dogs returned almost immediately with a reproachful expression, which plainly said, "Why didn't you
shoot！＂and the erommel heing hard we failed to strike the

 Wi：alun at all．

This kime of fililme ammoral John axtremely．It wias







 at all，but that if l＇eyas were disappointed he would leave
 less；hat I omblat to qualify that hy salyorg that he wian an
 Bat of all the doge whirh I knem it was skit who dial the

 shot．＇The mesult he eonld not see，hat before lomg the dow





 －teps．led Gamal for whe the wommend alk wis stamtine．



proceeding. I have done it myself, but it is dull work-so dull that one of my companions caried a French novel to relieve the tedium, with the result here depieted. It is only


ERNEST IS STALKLD.
fair to say that Enenest, who is smart at a "back-hamder," dropped the amimal after all. The important peont is not to relax attention till the beaters actually appear, as elk moder these circumstances are very suspicious, and keep

Whe litto ahead of the men. The following letter from ome of me swedist dhmes who is experimend at this. at

 the finest elking weathere, i.e. with half al galde at mat

 There is a eotan figed there which farsomed that methoul. having a wide lake at its foot. amd steep irmmal above I sent buy two men the the ont of this fighl with orders to return along the wooded she with such breate as there was at their backs. (' - and I, after areful seareh, sefored two likely spots as patses. I phaned him high mp. Men
 high up as they an withont leaving covert. While I took upa post lower down, whonee I rouk command a long lowe Which ressed the drive After sitting immovable for an hour amd a half we beegan to hear the mem, amt shombly afterwads the cracking of a head stick hooke the atillows. I luped for bear. for it was a likely ane to temph brum. Then a shot from ('-_- athe followed hy the heallom! rushof a heary holy thengh the timber. I wated till the ment came up. as I milie a ruld mero toleave my fust








to be allowed to go. As I quietly followed, I presently diseovered that they had overun the track of the beast in their haste. The latter had turned short off to the right towards the lake. As I looked in that direction I perceived, about thirty yarts off. a gram pair of homs showing ahove the trunk of a fallen tree. At the same moment the elk must have discovered my presence, or noticed that he was discovered and prang to his legs, showing me a broadside of the largest dimensions. Without pansing he plunged down the betangled slope and disappeared. A minnte or two later the party of pursuit, having perceised their mistake, returned in hot haste, and I led them on to the true line. Down through trunks, rotting trees, roots and stones they stumbled and ran, for there was no time to lose. If the animal should gain the lake he would certainly rross it. They had scarcely left me when I thought Don might stop him before he took the water, so I let the old dog have his pleasure. Away he went like a streak of lightning, and presently I heard him and the two elk hounds lift up their voices, aml a few minutes later a double shot. Scrambling down the encumbered slope I emerged on the shore of the lake. ( - - and the two men were sitting on a fallen tree, all three blowing like whates. The elk lay about thirty yards from the shore, submerged, all but one of his sides and part of a horn. On this island the three dogs were standing, and making the hair fly right amd left, while now and again one or other got pushed oft into the water and scramblen up again. Tiring of this at length ther sat down side ly side facing me, and occasionally griming a growl at each other, for the space was too limited for a fight. Nothing

 wher mys smmmons.


 frepurat on theif reath. At the font of whe of these the


 pull on his heal, when one of the pins - aphan pope in

 bank side: it wats the near rein whicla hate wiven. If it hath heen the other, we must inevitahly have sone over on
 hitpened.



 distrust frome tha first. Dlis homse wiss splemblid. hat int the




 lival likn rahhits in stomn walls of harronks. 'The mext
 experixaro is, howner", asily miseer, amd as this rhapter is a truthful
record, I will confine the remainder of it to showing how this maty be done.

The first incident of the year was that one of my party stalked and shot a reindeer, as we were hard up for meat. The two Norwegians who were with us were much shocked at this high-hamded proceeding, and sat aloof on the top of the hill, as if we had shot Farmer Giles's cow, while we proceeder with the grallock. I sent a message to the Lapps, to whom the animal presumably belonged, and paid them about half as much again as it was worth.

On the opening diay of the season I was fortmate enough to kill a bull elk, and the following morning called upon an English gentleman who was fishing a neighbouring river, to leave him a portion of the meat. He asked me to join him in driving a certain large wooded istand of Which he had the shooting in the middle of the lake of Ann. I declined his invitation, as I had undertaken to cross the lake, a row of ahout nine miles, and ascertain if there was any good gronse ground on the farther side. Returning in the evening, the course took my boat quite close to the istand. As we approached a long tongue of it, which projected towards the mainland, I saw an elk splash throngh the shallow water towards this promontory. Thinking it was only a cow, I took no steps, but lay to to see it take the water. as its evident intention was to cross to the mainland, and drawing up near the point, we waited. In a few reconds there phuged into the lake, not a cow, hut an old bull, with a very fine head. Now, having refused my friend's invitation, I hesitated for a moment or two what I ought to do, but my scruples did not last long, and I told the boatman to bend to his oars. Tomp,

who was my companion for the day, was violently excited, ame T hat to hold him into the hoat with one hand lest he should jump overboard and be drowned hy his chain, while with the other I crammed bullet cartridges into my gun. The elk had about two hundred and fifty yards to swim. and I assumed that we should overhaul him with ease. The elk is, howerer, one of the finest of swimmers, and readily takes to the water. even when not pursuer. 'This one, the moment he realised that it was a race for life, put on a spurt which astmished me. Erery stroke drove his great heal and shoulders far ont of the water, which seemed to hiss past him as he pounded throngh it like an ocean steamer. By the time he was halfway across I saw that the race was a honeless one as far as I was concerned, and that it was now or nerer if I was going to shoot at all. The mark which he offered was so large that I marle pretty sure of hifting it at the eighty on minety yards' distance whirh he had now put between us. I stood up to shoot, and the shot looked easy, lut these light "prams," as they call the lake loonts, are far from stearly, and at this point we felt the full force of the south wind which blew up a fise-mile reach, amt drove hig waves before it into the narrow sound. The boat rolled and swayed with it, and the muzzle of my rifte dipped and rose like the yart-arm of a ship, now pointing at the sky and now at the water. In vain I tried to strady myself. My first bullet skimmed just over his nerk, my serond must have been very near, julging hy the spasmodic bound he gave jerking his body half out of the water: Before I could load again he tonchen terim firma, and in a cloud of spray raced ashore. I just got in my cartrirlges in time to give him a parting doulble,

 for it Wras mot the mainland．lant wian divilal fiom it hs another much maronter ehammal，and stoml hatking at the othere emf where the alk hand asian taken the water．It Wras pretty eleald that I had not hant him．＇This wis one
 visit him in his dreams．Mr．J．hatheren lring in will


 and Was forgivern．
 fon rearhing distant pants of the grombl．Sut when the wime is stromg it is sommetmes impossibla for a lonat to maker wise agamist it．I wrell remomblor whe wet

 whally fallentomake ansatren heame in the form on the
 took to shonting at the homse itselt．and a well－plamted
 Whe dens．








if he tries to get nearer, fires and misses. Strange to say the elk never stirs! The sportsman thereupon stallis up to within eighty yards and again misses! He then follows the lot which the dog is still baying, reaches them in half an hour, has a steady shot at forty yards at the cow (the or had left them), and misses! After this it would seem alout time to go home. Rowing down one of the lakes they drag the boat across a small portage to another. When they rome in sight of it they see a large ox swimming from one promontory to another, and alout two lumdred yarls off. 'Three shots, each nearer than the other, lout none quite near enongh! Hoping to get a better chance as the animal land, Infelix waits, but the elk swims behind a point of rock and lands at his leisure out of sight!

I will draw a veil over the sufferings of the actors in this tragedy, and I think I had hetter stop there.

H. HZEL -GTMOTSE.

## II

THE FATHER OF ALD THE（EOATS

IT was mot the semeh for forgoten sites on treasimes of mande．a passion which tompts so many haned aml anterpming men to visit lsia Minors．hat the desire to homt a fork－hamting ibex，welling on extain momatan rames in that eomatry．which took me there with two companims．Guce only daring the month which we spent
 a duty visit to the lime－lanlen waters，pink amed white terateres and mathynakeriven hasilicas of the amedent hatho（，f llicmandis．
 to hase deremed the title with which I hate hembed this





```
wh⿱⺈⿵⺆⿻二丨⿱刀⿰㇒⿻二丨冂大
```

                                    (H!sisi!! 118.
    [^1]some of which it still exists, its habitat ranges at the present day from the Agean Sea, through Asia Minor and Persia, into Afghanistan, and therefore in close proximity to the most forwad civilisations of ancient times. It is thus not surprising that the various breeds of tame goat, however modified by man, should in many respects "farom," as they say in the eastern cominties, this ancestry. The scimitar horn emrving over the back. the hack shoulder-

Anl again-




Ilimed 4. 10:.
" His pulished bow, firnioned of the homs of a haty wild he-shat, whom once on a time l'andarus himself, having wated ambushed for his coming out from the rocke, hit beneath the hereas, and piereed in the chese . . . The homs from off his head had grown sixteen palms ling." If the bard dil not carperate that must have heen a patriarela indeed-48 incluw: But Mr. Ledekker. who is an anthrity on the sulject, suppente him. He ays: "lu the mate the lume may attain a lenoth of sume 48 inchere mesured atomes the curve ; hat a sperimen is recorlen with a lensthe of 521 inches.

The following thonss some light on the methed of hanting:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { (H!ns, ! 9. 1: } 1 .
\end{aligned}
$$

 of the momatans, to furnish dimmer for matre. Staightwey we tork us
 in thete companies, we shot, and speedily Heaten gave ns gane enough to our miml. Twelve shifs there were that followed me, aml to each there fell ly lot nine goats. But for myself alone I chose ont ten."
stripe of the old males, the beard, not womb ly all eperies
 heorntr stome-to which has heen lomg attrihnted many healing promerties, lut especially as an antillote to poison -is fommd in the stomath of this amimat.

Ss an oht 'lark put it to me, " Why do you come all the wial fiom Englame to shoot a little goat not woth two merljits?" The traest answer would perhaps be that the ohd "hilly" of the apeceres, who wats at that time raged at the Zan, wist a particman friend of mine. His high-bred aplearamee and pugnarions habits, ame the fiat that he Wits occasionally, when in his tamtroms, chained up to aroid his damagmg attatros on his prison-damaging that
 he wias a gentleman of chameter whose argmantane it wis lesirable to make Be that as it may, a hombing exper dition to ohtain this gat had long heen among my keenlylasimed projeets.
 who hano somoht out the hamats of the ammal, I hat an acematre semeral knowledge of the tanges where he must












THE SALT LAKL FBOM MALMUN D.AGH.






 hambed miles from the mast. I haped that, wher ont the

 this dial mot prose to loes.




















of the "Suut Dagh" or Milk Mountain, three leagues away. If there came a shower of rain, which happened later, it lay in a thin sheet of water over the whole area and tramsformed it for the time into the semblance of a bank-full lake.

In three places at the edge were swamps, where a scanty supply of undrinkable water oozed from the base of the mountain and was trodden into mud. For along this strip of plain was carried not only the newly-opened railway, but an important caravan route, and traius of eamels, donkeys, and bullock-carts with solid wooden wheels were continually parsing. The harsh "klonk-klonk" of innumerable wild geese, and the plaintive notes of culew and plover, constantly arose from these swamps, and to them also must have come the ibex for their only drinking place, for the whole face of the mountain was as dry as a captain's biscuit. On one occasion one of our followers saw some drinking there in broad daylight. At sumrise a filint umpleasant odour always came up from these marshes, suggesting a liberal use of quinine ; but we were assured that at this elevation-between two thousand and three thousand feet-we need not fear fever. While pitching our camp, we were engaged in clearing the projecting stones from the sites of the tents. One of my followers was busy over a particulally obstinate one with his heary irom-shod alpenstock, and at length tumed up, with much labour, a large living tortoise, which had buried itself there for the winter. It lay on its back, meekly kicking its legs in the air, while the Frenchman blushed up to the roots of his hair with surprise and disgust. Above, on the higher rocks, were a great number of eagles and vultures. On one occasion
 a great rane wherlang in similan fashom, with his long





THE (indFon bubilum.
with a rlums plange of winger. 'Then they would wallale to the outer edge amb stretrle out thedr calaverons white necks. 'There holes in the clifts are very conspienoms landmatisi from afire, owing to the profuse way in wheln the bind whitewasher his domstep and the wall of rove below. Cireat mombers of parminges lived on the lower rlifts. Duming the hear of the dary they liry dase ambly were perforty silent: but abont ant home bofone sumset they womld all wake smmbonly into lifo, as if at a grom signal, and hegin strattiog and talking so that you might think it Was No. 15 ('ommitter-loom.
basinles our three selocs. my party momprised Celostin, my compranion on many surly thip. What has appared hefore in these pages, amt benjamin-both hailing from
the Pyrences. Our following, as happens on these trips, was rather a large one, and the commissariat required some foresight and generalship, for the country does not produce much that is acceptable to European palates.

Our cook, who was distinguished by the title of IIcelji. having once visited Mecea, seemed to think that all further effort in life was unnecessary, and that Providence would send whatever it was fated that we should receive; but his manners, I must say, were beautiful, and he had a sweet, responsise smile. Omar, a fine young Turk from the neighbouring village, knew something about hunting, and I got very fond of him, though our communications were confined to dumb-crambo. During the whole trip 1 only encomtered one Turk whose behaviour was rough. Indeed, he was a Turuk. The genuine Turk has nearly always the mamers of a courtier. This exception was Meflut, mother hunter of repute from Chardak, whom we employed for certain drives, and whose whole manner expressed the rooted opinion that dogs of Christians were only fit to act as "stops" for the likes of him; but even he softened to the diplomatic flatteries of Findlay, who addressed him constantly as " my pet lamb," " my suckinglove." My preconceived notions of Christian and Turs received a rude shock. Up here there were searcely any native Christians, but nearer the coast they abounded. A more villainous-looking lot I never saw, but it was probably only the semm that gathered at the railway stations, and one should not generalise in this way.

But I havestill to describe the most important member of my statf. I hat heard before my arrival that a "retired brigand" han been secured for our service and protection.

This description wats literally true，hat wr hand mu reasun to pegret the ardection．We pirked up ond＂Bomba＂at a

 ＊revelese cloak that hong down him shomblems，that as the


13いで，







company withal. A popular farourite throughout that country, his moral weight would certainly carry him in at the head of the poll if there were a School Board election. I never found out his real name-" Bouln" means father, and is simply a familiar term of affection, much as you say " (irand old Man." He would sit all day smoking cigarettes in the tent, with a benign smile on his face, but any little emergency galvanised the phlegmatic cavass into an energetir leader of men, whose word was law with high and low, and he never failed us. His Martini rifle was rarely laill aside, and he would without doubt have used it in our behalf if necessary. It would have taken him some time to use up all his cartridges, which he carried in an enormous belt right round his rather stout person.

When he got to know us pretty well I drew his story from him one night, with the assistance of the Greek stationmaster. He told it in a matter-of-fact style, without apparent regret, and at the same time without atticetation or "side." It was afterwards confirmed by prople of authority ; besides, I never knew him to tell a lie. Very likely he minimised his little escapades.
"Why did you take to the mountams. Bouba ?" He gave a fat chuckle. "It was because of a woman. There was a girl that I was intimate with-I was very fond of her. A man came and took her away. I went after him to his house and struck him." (He did not say what he struck him with, lut I believe that, as a matter of fact, he shot him at sight.) "Two days afterwards he happened to die. Then the authorities tried to catch me, lut I was always escaping out of the back-door and coming back at night. So when they found they could not catch
me they put my father in prison, and then me bother: amd I thomght I had better gotute analy. I was for me sear her mysalf about the momntans. pirking ul what I could get. I could not at first fimt amy companions that were any gool for that sent of work. Then wame the time fin the comsaption. Inaly ran away to waipu being drawn, so I got seme good men. There were nine of as. amd I was captann. but we hand no gims. 'lhore was a fonest with satw-mills. Ghe of the mill-owners who was Enemy to the wther tod me that this ane han many rithes. We went to his honse me night and demamed them. Hu sam the hat not gat any. Then we mate him sign a home (1) prome them: and as the first mill-onmer had toll und wrongly, we compelled him to join in the bomb-so it wats quite fair to both. We got those rithes all right ame rart pitges. I wats a higand eight rats. I newer kithed ally one fin money: hut if any one would not stop, or if he was guing to give information the anthorities of comese wh hant to kill him. If one of us were wombled we did onn best to cally him off, hut if this were impossithe"-here he made a signifiant gesture ateros his thmat. "But we all knew that was mecessary. It wonld never do to hatioe a wommed man to fall into the hamls of the soldiers. He might botay the rest of wis. (buce a man asked us all to his homse to supper. Then he semt to the

 we rame bark amd slit his mon aml "als." (This her sall in at tone of rightenns imblation, as if he womld widmely likn (0) do it agam.) ". We need to stop mompants am camedrivers, amt the villagers bate us what we wanted
herame they were afiaid. If a person had not anything we let lim go."

- What was the best catch you ever made?"

He grimed at this, and after thinking a bit, sain: • We once stopped the Imperial Post and got $\pm \mathbf{2} 000$. Then they sent a large number of soldiers after us. There was amother hand of brigands-eleven of them. We helped one another, but did not gencrally act together ; but this time we all combined. The soldiers came up, lout we were behind rocks. We killed twenty-five of them, and not one of us was tonched. The afterwards killed seven more." For having won this victory he evidently considered that he had deserved well of his comntry. "But," I sairl, " they surely couldu't have tried very hard to get hohl of yon!" * Well, perhaps not always. I used to send money to the big oftirials, but the sergants aml people like that I dirl not are for. When we ran short of cartriclges for the Martinis I sent $£ 50$ to a colonel in the army whom I knew. and he sent me a fuantity of army cartridges."
"When the Govermment foum they could not catch us. they offered a free pardon to all who would come in, and I gave myself up and was pardoned. I afterwards helped to hunt down the other brigands. Two of my companions were killed at this time; others dien, and some are still alive. After this another Governor was appointed, and hecause I would not give him money he put me in prison and charged me with slitting a man's nose and other things. I was in prison thirteen months, while the Governor was trying to get a case against me. He foum a person without a nose, but the man would not give evidence against me. He sail he did not know how it had been slit. but he
supposed he hanl been born so. 'This wis becanse I hand sent him a large sum." Hare the statiommaster put in the following original ohservation: "In this ermbtiv the man who is rich is imoent like one pigeon." "At last Mr. P got me out. It wats all folly, but I shomla never have gone to the momatains hat for that woman. The genteman mentioned was romereded with the Otto man Railway. bemba han mate himself extremely useful to this ('ompamy, amd its congincers, in making their cextonsion, wwed murh to his inthonee. In fact, he is corerss th
 Su one womld hesitate to trust him with a hamderd pemmes ar any other sum, and a mone suitalle cheperon for yomg laties combled not be fomm. 'That is the stomy an he told it (1) ns, amd I have mo dombt it is in the mand true.

There dones not appear to be any hrigambage in that gate of the combty now, though the Aghat of the village
 ahout, whom no bullet could pemetrate. This story han afomblation in fade as we afterwimd discovered, but it is too commonplate th le wenthy of narration.
 mose than an hom's walk from our camp for the gento imhalited omly the sterp side of the momentan-it will he. theught that the task of serming an arteruater momber of






assisted by surrounding conditions. Not only are these rocks cut up into immumerable clefts and ravines, but they are covered by a thin forest of stone pines, noble trees of a pale green colour, not mean and dishranched like those of Italy. but driving great wedges of root into the rocks, and spreading like Scotch firs into lofty and massive trees of varied outline. Between them a shorter and denser growth of eypress and deciduous barberry, now dying off in scarlet and ormge. This covert, though not quite continuous, mate hiding for the ibex very easy. Nor was this all. The rock is a kind of pudding-stone, and the round embedded pebbles constantly work out and lie in mstable banks, wherever the angle of solid rock indmits of it. The least touch, and down they clatter, starting others. During the first fortnight the drought and heat were excessive. This not only drove the animals to the innermost recesses for coolness, hut made the stones more resonant; and the air being dead still, the least noise travelled far. Even the fallen oak-leaves ${ }^{1}$ were so crisp and dry that they crackled like parchment. Like all animals that live in good covert, these goats have great confidence in its protection, and we san them more often near the foot of the cliff, within hearing of the drovers on the highway, than at a higher elevation. The best which I secured I killed within easy shouting distance of the railway.

But this conficlence is accompanied by exceeding watchfulness, and their natural alertness is indefinitely increased ly the constant harrying of the natives. The

[^2]

bands, consisting of from four to ten almost always, according to our observation, posted a sentinel, and more than one promising stalk was spoilt by this inconvenient precaution, the sentinel posted above having been previously invisille to us. On one occasion one of my companions olserved a very complete system of reliefs. Each member of the band took its turn on a commanding rock for aloont ten minutes by the watch, standing immovable while the others fed helow. At the end of that time he would go down, and another instantly mounted to the coign of vantage and took his place; lut the most remakalle part of it was that the tims seemed to be taken in order of seniority, beginning with the kids, followed by the ewes and young rams - the oldest patriarch, who hat by that time finished his meal, being last of all; hat he shirked his duties, for he distinctly took a prostprandial nap. Another trick of theirs which I twice olserved old solitery males to be guilty of, was. if they saw, or thonght they suw, mything suspicions, to mount a prominent watch-tower, and, after a note or two of alarm and waming-a kind of cough which might spell the letters lo-u-r-r-up rapidly repeated-calmly lie down amd await events. Woe betide the hunter who, lolled into hope, then attempted a scientific stallk, for his labour would he surely wasted. I remember once to have nearly circumbented a buck chamois who thus flouted me. He salw the tops of our caps against a patch of snow before we saw him, and bombled away. hut stood three humbed yards off' whistling. Then he lay down, still whistling and watching. The fatal thing would have been to withdiaw. It was necessany to give him something to look at. Leaving


my hunter where he was, with instructions to keep his cap gently moving, I drew back with infinite preciution ; then, making a detour, got within easy distance of my friem, still lying there and whistling, crept into a beautiful position, ant-missed him clean :

But to return to our goats. The only methot of lumting them practised lyy the inhalitants is to drive them to certain posts occupied by the guns; but though we were not above tiying this and every method, and did stoop to conquer in this way when we got tired of the other, it is not interesting, and the more crafty individuals, especially the old rams, will not be driven. We preferred stalking, and did so with great perseverance, and, for the reasons given, with singularly little result-at least at first. The best chance was during the two hours following sumise, and a similar period before sunset. We had therefore to be astir early, and the camp-fire shone red before we returned. The telescopes were in continual use during the day, though, as is the case in all timbered countries, I found a powerful opera-glass often more effective for spying corries where it was all-important not to show over the sky-line. Notwithstanding the facilities for hiding, our industry with the glasses was rewarded by finding the animals almost daily, but the conditions above deseribed generally defeated the stalk. That is to say, when we reached the spot the goats had moved, amd even a slight change of position on such gromd made picking them up again before we were ourselses spotted by the quary exceedingly chance work. In the end I thought that what the American still huntor's call "sitting on a log" - in other words,
 means: hut fire that I had mot the patienere.

 the elifl. with some good hacks in it, ant ant down to the
 Amberl within showting distamere we romld see al femald am two kits feeding among the tren meall perpention-
 amed make wot the bucks. when one of the kink beem to show sighs of measimes. Perlaps it wats the ary of
 of we than I sate him oment for and the setting sum was Ahming full upen us. Then ther hegaln to move ofl. and for a moment I saw the burks, distingushable be their size amb darker colour. I ham m! heal on ont of them. but the shot was long amd the light in me erex. sumbr. I sall to myself. they wont helieve that bombstor. Hoping ther womld stop, ame that I shond betue my position, I withhed mer fire. There did sten
 we arrived hear the spot they had disappeated. amt. the







 mos findmath which I hand.

I had heard that some of the railway officials were going to have a drive, so I went up early and posted myself at a high elevation where I could command a good deal of the clitt. 'There I spied a land of four, comprising two small bucks. They were quite puiet, and lay down in a good place, and I got quickly within fifty yards of one of the bucks. He went off with the rest at the shot, and Celestin, who followed what he thonght was the track, could find no trace of hlood, and declased that I had missed. As the shot was a perfectly easy one I could not think of any excuse to accombt for it. In a very depressed condition we climbed up to another high point and stayed there some hours watching. At last we saw two ibex coming away from the drive, and climbed down quickly on the chance of cutting them off; and now a wonderful piece of luck, the only one that fell to my lot on this trip, happened. While sitting and waiting l looked round and foumd we had returned to almost the identical spot of my first stalk. At that moment 1 heard stones rolling below, and, looking over the edge, saw my beast of the morning rolling over and over, yuite dead. It was scarcely a score of yards from where I had lost sight of him. He appeared to have been deal some time, and it was the most extmordinary chance which led us back to the identical spot at the fortmate moment when his hody rolled down, as we should never have seen lim except for the movement of the stones attracting our attention.

The beaters now began another drive the reverse way, and across the gromed where we were. We lay low and let the men pass us, which of course they did withont seeing us, then got on to a prominent rock to see what
 Is I experted, the ihne kept mandrg latek. It wias amions
 hant just pasiont. They linew perferety woll what wian by. frisist rambe thae withim shat of me, hat they were all
 harks with othos, bery low down. 'These bast we were fommately able tokep in vew. and sam them lia down.

 lont I was very stealy. Howerer. off he went like
 meither combl we fiml amy hood. I conld not see lome
 motired fhat they were a lome fime arriving there, as


 lollowial on their lime. There wate a litale hollow hehime


 hut of enmse l knew lemmit le benlly wommed. 'Thon






 mather atamem than the fimales: hat the ohlast males

 gives them a very mant apramane It is a sight to stim the heart of a hanter to see suld a one smming himsilf
 bembing his hem to the gromm amd drivige his swom-like Wark homs into some hoth, of whith he "makes hay" in about two minutes. I only onee got a dance at one of these eramd old ${ }^{\circ}$ billies." amd that I mudhled. We hand taken refuge from a shap shower. in at case, wrather shelf On the dift, protered ly a bong werhamging rork. The main drifted in, aml Celestin carried my rifle to one amb where it was mowe sheltered. Wre made a fire at the other end. amd I was sitting over it with my back to the riew. When, with a fixed stare. Oman pmintm with his finger wer my shomber. There about a
 I have described, with hatek harns which ramed hamk
 tikn that on the momatain. He was quite masuspieions. amb ralmle moving Nown the focke on aremont of the hand weather I supmes. Ridking disonvery. I erept to the

 ramber. amt sat down for the shom. Ho wats stowly stalking duwn the rovke. hut ath whin (asy rame I





hopelens task in the complications of this hill. In the course of the search we got wet thongh, and in trying to dry my coat over the fire Celestin burned the back of itmy best "go-to-meeting" one, as it happened; but I would have given twenty coats to get that beast.

That was not the only piece of bad luck which I hadfar from it. Once in a drive I was posted on the edge of a ravine; there were eddies of wind about this ravine, and in the middle of the drive a puff in my lack warned me that if I stayed where I was I might spoil sport. I therefore withdrew to a less exposed post a humdred yards behind. I had scarcely settled there, when two capital males came and stoor within fifty yards of my first position. It was still a possible shot, but a long one, and intervening trees now made it necessary to shoot quickly or not at all.

The cartridge missed fire. There was no time to change it, as they were just moving, but, hastily cocking the rifle, I tried the same cartridge again. That time it went, but wide of the mark-a miss, but excusable under the circumstances. They went up to Findlay, who got them both, a calital right and left. These were the best two we got, and I fear I was envious.

The Turks are very excitable when they see game, and should never be allowed to remain near you at your post if it can be avoided. One who accompranied a member of my party to his post, and who could not be persuaded to take his departure, rose in his place on seeing ibex aproaching, and began frantically gesticulating and pulling at the Effendi's sleeve and lwinting ont the game which that sportsman had perceived long before. Natur-

 withis vaice.




心!

















 in pirma.。



＂Maimun Dagh，＂we struck our camp and joumeyed thither．At the foot of this range was a charming village， with a copious stream，which sprang full－loodied from the living rock and worked mumerous small mills，the splash－ ing of which，and the greenery of the walnut－trees，were refreshing after our arid experiences．Every vilhage has its guest－house，and this one was comfortable，and the Agha or headman hospitahle．Indeed，that virtue，accord－ ing to our experience，is miversal among the Turks in the country districts．When any distinguished or very holy persons are received as guests in the villages of the Turko－ mans，who must not be confounded with the Thrks，I was credibly informed that the hospitality of these people extends to lengths which are surprising to our ideas of the exclusiveness of the harem．

The Agha＇s friends were not less pleased than he to see the foreigners eat．The host likes not only to enter－ tain the stranger，but to show off the latest lion to his friends．These Turks are themselves very abstemious， and our appetites seemed to astonish them．＂Hearen he praised！the Effendi wants more meat！What an apuetite！＂they said．Bouba＇s customary evening greet－ ing，＂May your food sit heary on you，my lords！＂Was another sign of this friendly interest，and not the brutal curse which it sounds like．

A word here may not be out of place about the varions rates which inhalit this land．Turks，＇Turkomans，Cir－ cassians，Yuruks，differ in their customs and modes of life；each race，gencrally speaking，living in villages apart from the others．The＇Turks，according to our experience， exhibited a more sincere and dignified，if less ostentations，
hopitality, ame a mone rigid ohservane of the Musintmath code of retigion. that their methbours. of the
 scattered atwout this pate of the comintre. Thase we sam

 demamd, amd, whatered the lasw, they hahitually xall them. Gur frimed the statiommaster sad he hamd hat a commission to buy ar many as he could at els a hearl. amd whinn a fiow dats a gint of sisteen hat heren oftemed find twenty medjints: !5 does mot seem deat, hat pertalis the
 presemt from their would-he soms-in-lan, and the eredit of
 Who are the momatamers ame shepheres of this combtres. are sain thesteal their wives. hut this mast be a risk! frocess. Thes are momadie, and their hark gomes hair tents and condicuons: hat the climate comple them to

 theatrang attank are bather alaming to a straber: but I alwas fomm a stout stiok a suttionent pasport. They



 mentinnal. When we hate him fanewell, dhat a bated of





Yuruks are responsible for the terrible destruction of the forests by fire. This is not accidental, but done of set purpose to improve the grazing. From some of our camps we could, every hight, see two or three of these fires raging.

Accorting to our hosts, no stranger had ever hunted on that mountain. They assured us there were plenty of Kergeek on it. Some Suruks whom we met the next morning bringing wood down the mometain said the same, but when I showed them a picture of the ibex, I saw that they looked doubtfully at it. The fact is, the term Foyeet is used raguely, and is gencrally applied to the largest horned animal in the district. We were assured that there was plenty of water on the mountain, but it took us four hours of stiff walking up, a rough path to find the first sign of it. When reached it proved to be a tiny mud pool no bigger than a soup-plate, from which the faintest trickle oozed a wray, losing itself in slime. Alongside lay a rely ancient and disused trough formed of a hollowed trunk, dry and eracked. It was mpromising, but this camp was so beantiful that it was worth an effort to make it habitalle. By clearing ont the little pool and puddling the trough with mut, we at length got a tiny trickle of clear water, enough for drinking, thongh not for washing. If we han gone farther we should have fomul plenty of water, but not so faroumble a camp. It was at an elevation of about five thonsand feet, and at the upper edge of a gorge or chnom, fifteen hmdred feet deep. The position overlooked an extensive forest of stone pines, the finest trmuks we had yet seen.

Having settled the water, we began collecting wood,


and while so engaget, a shout from one of my companions ralled me to look at a fresh track he had found. There was no mistake about it. It was that of a red deer, but half as large again as any stag's slot which I had ever seen. 'This was intleed a find upon which we harl not reckoned, for few thavellers have had the luck even to see the hig red stag of Asia Minor.

But duty before pleasure. I had come here for ibex. and must first ascertain if there were any on the mountain. That afternoon was devoted to a very careful search with the telescope of the mprer part of the mountain, lout we saw nothing, and from this and the complete absence of tracks we soon came to the condusion that they were a myth. By the time I had satisfied myself on this point there was only an hour of daylight left, but I hurried down to a point which commanded a wide extent of the forest. Here I had scarcely opened my glass before I made out a stag and a hind feering at the bottom of the valley below us. Celestin was greatly excited, having never seen any game larger than chamois and certain other rock-skippers which he had pursued in my company. Everything seemed to farsour the stalk. We got quickly down under the shelter of trees, and had arrived within three hundred yards when the hind started. The fact was, the wind, which had been blowing up the valleys all day, at sunset changed its direction. The stag hatd not yet canght the taint, and stool a while. I could see that he was large in the body. but the light was too dim to make out his head. I tried a despairing shot, but the distance was too great and I could searcely see the bead. It was a had chance and, alas: I never had the luck to get a better. Three times

 torestoms, is a somm caloulated tomake a man impationt fiot the mext moming. It wats the oth of November. Which is rather late fier these demonstations, amm, ats amathe af
 comtimmed th give out such signals we might have dome bevter.

It ham been lome in upon as at mid-tay that the armal of the camels with oum "plugate that night was
 well on momitain pathe, amd one of the paty was sont hanck to hing on by some means or other, something to
 when we heard our mesenger shouting, fon he lion misomb the tratk and got entamger among the trees. Half ant
 donkey lanten winh certain necessaries. hat we hal little to coser war horlins that night. and but wer-morh to put inside them. Boubal land to spat moter the wander of his doak, which gave him the wedl-known hat tike aldyeatmee of atragiv dexerando and "xplained with at ertin that he
 that is, hefore a patemal invermment interferen with his lime of busines. We filled our lamelrem-lages with pinn-


 tried the same material for their hents amb their atman


a hollow for the hips. In theory it is aumirable, but in practice exasperating.

The nest day was a blank, and the following one promised to be another. Cyril and I had long returned to camp. It was pitch dark and raining hard. Bonba was in a state of trepidation that Findlay and Celestin would spend their night in the open, and wanted to start search-praties. A good motherly old lrigand was Bonba! In vain I assured him that my Pyrenean conld find his way on amy monntain in the dark. At last a loud "whoop" procdaimed at once their return and the cause of the delay. When they stumbled into the red glow, drenched with the rain. this was soon explained. Findlay hat slain the stag of stage. "Mais que j’arais peur quand je l’ai vu!" said Celestin. He had made out with a glass from a long distance a single tine of a horn in a thicket of young fir-trees, but for some time was uncertain of its nature. Then the stag removed all doubt by rising and showing himself as he crossed an opening. In time they reached the place, but could see nothing till Celestin suddenly met him face to face in the thicket, and shonted to Findlay, "L'amimal! Le monstre! Tirez! tirez!" lout "l'mimal" was off, and this was easier said than done. For a moment he showed himself, and Findlay missed him clean. Now what did this polite stag do but cross the stream and calmly mount a knoll, where he stood, fully exposed, as long as you please, at fifty yards. That shot told. The stag went off, hut they soon foumd blool. Then followed a most exciting stern chase for the hest part of half a mile, the great beast labouring on through the thicket in spite of his deadly wound, while Findlay struggled after, in vain secking a chance to plant a second bullet in
a montal phate. It is to bre feared that somme that har
 Onme he meatmed his lameth - whimb is ahmost halfWan hodwoen six ame sevon leet-in asteam, and hant

 pleatumble asouriations with it. Mis ratritus were mearly exhansted. when a smay shot strmek the back of the

 ratroth the initiated. The head "amied fourteen prints. hat


 helief. has heen seen in 11 estern Europe, at lemet for man!

 sathered during several eenturies. ean perhaps matrla it with one or lwo. I la mot think the weight ronlal hatro

 Which is romsilemally mone than domble that of aroul
 Hatus." on thistrip. biat, then, the last time we lat been
 the other wior.

 lomak put his head inte the tent and satel thome was at


this，the depredator carried off in the night the whole of the remaining renison in camp．The following day Findlay secured another stag，a much smaller one，the venison of which was placed for security in the centre of the eamp．The fox again retumed at dusk，and was shot dead by the camp fire，within five yards of us all！

Our host from the village below thought it a necessaly act of hospitality to come up and remain at our camp during the whole time of our stay．Notwithstanding the rain，which here came down in toments for two nights，he sat through it a picture of serene patience．Itis followers were not so well off，especially his black servant，for there was un room in the tents．Hearing talking in the night，I looked ont，and saw this wretched negro sitting in the drenching rain，and carrying on a loud conversation with himself to keep himself warm．

The big stag was our erowning success，and if we could have spared more time we might have repeated it；for， though the forest was fairly dense，they were not so wary as the ibex．At least I thought so then．As Bouba said．＇• Ill animals are Sheitan（Satan），but these stags are not quite such Satams as those Satans of goats．＂ The fact was that these same＂Satans＂were the object of my jouncy，and whereas up to that time we had done scarecly anything with them，I was very mowilling to return home beaten by a mere goat．We，therefore， perhaps forlishly，left the red deer and sought out the goats again．That my amour propre was saved the following total bag will show．Seven ibex，two red stags，one widd hoar（a very fine beast killed in a canc－ brake on the plaim）．On our return to Smyma，we found


[^3]our deeds celebrated in the local Greek "Daily," a quotation from which shall conclude this chapter:



 кеияин..

Which Cyril thas freely rendered: "'There are wild goats and deer up, there, and yet you slow-bellied Ephesians let these English Barbarians come here and show you the way to catch them."


JUNK 'TAKES WELL-EARNED RELOSE.

## III

## THE PYRENEAN HBEN

 rapidly to the lowlants. hat its roft limestme hat been
 thus formed are of extramdinate lepth amd steepmos. I hasw heard the vallew with whirh I am must familian.


 the valley widnos in whe place intuas small lowe ame park-












But the feature of the valler is the wonderful wall which encloses it. I know no cliffs so tall and so mcompromisingly sheer as thove that hem it in. Some of them "rechang so far at the top, that a stone, droperd from the elge. will not tonch for a thousam feet. In the carly spring ther carre a fringe of pendent icicles, sometimes fifty feet long, and these huge spears, lonsened los the smi, descend with a prolonged whiz and crash audible for miles. The reason for this overhanging character of the cliff's is. paradoxical an it may seem. the softness of the strata composing them. heranse. when a stratum of greater density overlies less durable material, the latter gets weathered till the upper shelf projects. Also while some strata are harder than the average. others are so mucla more frialle that even the most perpendicular cliffs are seored horicontally ly what appear from below to be faint lines. lut are really narrow gallerics or grooves, along which an active animal, and sometimes a man, may pass in safety. This feature hat an important hearing on the partionlar sport deseribed in this chapter.

Sometimes these galleries extend backwards into the rock, forming consideralle caves, of the shape of a halfopened orster, in the face of the cliff or more often at it. late. In summer the spaniards often select such a one, if it happens to be in an arcessible position, and here a consideralle fook muler its sheltering reof. Well I remember one which 1 reached in the company of al lady who is an exeellent rlimber. It was high up on the face of one of the tallest cliffs and looked out from it like a wimlow in a wall. It was approachel hy a narrow overhmes shelf which leal acroses the eliff. We sat at the back in the
 thomathed feet. The fance sull was how with the stom wombeal, and a continumbe showe of dropse intensely

 amb sureamed. lant this was only the foregromm. Wha were high emong to dwate the chage rige whidh fomm the sombern side of the vallers and the we swept as
 below ma like a map.

Thu huge battlement which emompasses the valley sometimes projerts into it in towning promontories, like that whirh forme the bakerromel in the illastration. and whirh is commeded with the mand mass hehind it he a natrow isthmus of fork. Sumedimes the wall recerles intu
 the same lapetese fiont whe the etmber. Only in ome sor for many miles is it sufficiently honk down to afford a didieult aceese to laman feet amd hatud. In ome other pare the berken statease ahove so mealy apmander that





 the shepherls. Wha smmmer in the upper revions. mathe






OUR CAMP.
hamber on his hatek. Just at the most awkyand atep. Whare
 pers, he nervously glanced mpands. The next momand I Was comsedous of a boly--whether man or beast I rombly not bin a moment tell. for I wats myself elingimelike a lly
 tomk wis more than an hour of ratref hamting for trates of hlowl amd hair on the shetres of that rlitf. hefone wro
 humberl ford lower.
 same level line, tivided from one amother her stoping
 he followed fon long distames withomt the possibility of ascomding on dexembling fiom one to amother.

All the Promean strame are lowely owine to thr
 water, aml, fiom the lime we other pathtieles held in
 hlue. In this valley. the artion of the water hat polished


 $\therefore i \%$ 。







very nervous britge. Two fir stems, sile ly side, han been thrown across a rocky place just helow camp, with the thin end of one of them against the hase of the other. The effect of this was. that while one foot rested on a rigid foundation. the other danced and swayed uncontrollahly, and the white water tearing below did not temd to allay the involuntary trembling of the knees.

On a little platform overlooking the river and the little park of heeches, there is a tolerable hay-loft or ban, the only huilding of which the valley can hoast, and there is rom besides to pitch the tents. Of late rears the hut has heen extended. and divided hy two pratitions so that it affords very fair quarters.

The slopes of this valles, and of one or two others like it, are the home of the Pyrenean ibex. one of the rarest of animals and most difficult to obtain. ${ }^{1}$ Unlike the Alpine ibex. which inhalits open cliffs. the Spanish goat taker full advantage of the covert afforded lie the denseserul). This variation of habit results in a different rurvature of the horns, the points of which in the Pyrenean bouquetin are hent towirds each other over the back-i form designed

[^4] Who wrote at the hergmange of the remblore xats that "despair sometimes impels the ibus to fiace his rash
 hean known to throsi himself headlomg uponthe hanter. so that both have molled wer into the abses beneath. ant mismathy perished." Inowerar that may be, that these


 of a mate. Owing to the hollows in the rowks. and the veretation whirla corers them. it is all hat impossible to
 ing that is pratised. is the drive theme. The grms are

 "pen shot many be obtamed. 'The bles are finlly ips to croy print ol the wame amel it is lant adelom they van lo
 speakins. several are viewed ha the hoaters. Thongh a



 ham!






at the camp. two or three thousand feet below. There is nothing to be done in these circumstances but to wait for the moming light. when his master ascends to the spot, or as near to it as he can get, and encourages him by his voice to venture a leap, in which case the dog, who has really as many lives as a cat, generally gets down unharmed, but the eagerness of the chase sometimen leads to sudden death. and I have known them to disappear altogether, leaving their fate a mystery.

The Baspue Spaniards wear a kind of cloth sandal, a strip of the material being hount over their feet and round the ankles. This gives them a remarkable elinging power on rocks. and however arduons the beat, and difficult the climhing. ther never , whink their task. The frontier Frend men affect to deapise their neightoms over the border. " (ee mandits Expagnok," are worts always on their lips, hut this feeling is not justifiod ly any inferiority of racequite the contrary. These mominmeers are a sturdy and agile people. with an air of antique grace, which would make them very dhaming fellows indeed if it were not for their abominatle languge. The village, which is situated a few miles nearer the plain, has its mmional institutions tolerably complete. When strangers are in the valley, a depotation, comsisting of the Mayor and his depoty, rommonly waits upon them to bid them weldome. Inded the whole parish council, or whatever they call themselves, seemed to enjoy us as much as if we had been a direns. Tha right to sport in the valley was clamed bey the commme. and on one oceasion the Mayor, doubtless eqged on he his followers, emdeavoured to extort from us more rent than he had limself agreed upon. The tisk








 haveling ar beater. 'Tor the patetial areomplishmente of



 at the siele. towether with at long sixh wound romm the Wimist. Whirh is frepuently malle me of to lowere ant



I rammon say am mammomed of ibex drivilly amb












logs which proceeded from no canine throats. The one hallucination may have been suggested ley a little pebble hopping down from the cliff ahove, or the rumbling of stones in the torrent below, the somed of which comes up to you at intcreals, now faint and now strong, then for a long period altogether inamblibe. The baying of the dogs is what you are listening for, so the illusion is natural, lont the real thing is mmistakable, and, if you liear it, pull fouself together, for a dun-coloured body may pring arross the couloir which you are commanding, either alove or helow yon, and won't wait till your hand stops trembling. Much more frepuently nothing happens at all, and the tension of you heart-strings is finally put an end to be a sulden amd mexpected yell fiom a beater, whirh nearly ramks them ontright. He appears romel a comer of rock and looks romed in a bewiklered way, for thongh he knows you are there, he camot see you till you rise stiftly and stretch the arhing jointe, with a sense of relief that that pename is over at any rate.

Some interest is afforded by the birds and lesser animals. Flights of thrushes coming from the direction of the drive afford the first indication of the apporach of the beaters, though these are still inandible. As yon are stationary and nearly the colour of the rock, the live things do not see you, ind consequently come very close. A squirel pattering over loose stomes is a good imitation of the soum makle by the larger animal which fou are expecting. They are mostly coal black, with a slight tinge of gray on the tail-a very pretty species. Whem at lant they discover the enemy, they chatter amgrily. Dusky jays express their views on things in general in the same way
as their hate-winger mosins dowith we The lithe wall repper is one of the prettiest hiots:- hark and oray. with hrillian ariman wings and beak emven like a combers.
 botterth:- ame this resemblane is collanmed ly his hathit of - preating his winge in the sun when he alights. bigese





 monere at farions amber before we hatl left it for lise



 hameknome momut in me hall.

The first time I actually got an ibex it gave me long warning of its approach, as the shope consisted of loose stones, and I conld judge by the sound, of the epot, ahout eighty yards lelow me, where it would eros. I fired the moment it appeared, going at a gool pace ; the goat turned and sprang downwards ont of my sight, but I had seen the hair fly from the shoukler, amd knew that ibex wan "my meat." The next gun, who was placed a hundred and fifty yards below me, fired almost at the same moment. He shouted-"I have got him!" I rplied-" My ibex, I believe"-when the drive was over we both hmried to the spot and met over the body. "It fell to my shot"- "But it was my shot she got; you will find the bullet in the off shoulder which you could not see"—and so it proved.

Like most amimals driven in this way, they seem more or less ronscions of danger in front, and their aim is always to break back; conseapuently a drive seldom takes place without the beaters sceing more than the gmo. "Walk in line with the beaters" may be said, but the beaters are often not within hearing of one another, and the ground is so complicated and difficult that even a practised monntaincer, unless he were familiar with its intricacies, would be sure to get into trouble. I have howerer sometimes thought that one might do something loy sneaking about early and late among the cliffs, in the company of some native familiar with their feeding groums, but 1 have never heard of any one trying this. My first ibex was only a female, and it was long lefore I got her a mate. My son hatd another a few days later; after that we left the ladies alone, and of course as they were not wanted,
lhey when rame and remtialingly whemed themathers that




 ginns went in haste. In the meanmhile I vimbed ut the sereme fomm m! pest helns. and awaited them in har hasin at the rop of it mater the elitf. One of the beatere hand


 shom! - Make haste-ha will he some here, dese her ()l: : Father of devils: he is arone, amel I rould hatro tolubed hime with my stive; he went quite shaty tow."

 fornts and I semmed torommand exery inelo of the inter-

 | allegh the thick of a stern as it disappeared in the seruh. The touth is, there was a theht depmesome which aposed




 hy a rorky hammone




Pyrenean ibex, I suffered tribubations indeed, but I will drink the litter dranght over again to the dregs. My lnother and I had gone to what we thought were to be our posts, but there was a misumberstanding. When the beaters came up, we were told that we ought to have been at the "ascade" posts much farther on. There was not much daylight left, hut, instructing the beaters to come on in an hour and a half, we hurred slown into the main valley and up a lateral one and arrived at our posts very hot and thisty, just after the time appointed for the drive to begin. Now it is a recognised rule that one should never leave his post dming the progress of a drive, but on the day in question, literally the only occasion when I trangressed, my thinst overcame me; the river was scarcely two hundred feet below. I thought nothing could possibly come yet, and dimbed down to it. As I was stooping to drink, I saw a hary ohe gramdfather of goats standing within ten farts of my deserted post. I seized my riffe but the hammer was locked, and before it was ready, the beast hand sprung down out of my sight and gone on towards my hrother: The next moment his rifle rang out, lout ineffectually, for the old billy raced back along the line by which he had come, just showing me the ton of his bark for a moment. That was an muluck spot for me. It was just there on another oceasion that I was standing ly one of the beaters who had come up to me. The drive heing over, we were talling together without any attempt at concealment, when I saw a young male ibex standing within a stone's throw, and apparent! meonscions of our presence. I made sure of him that time but the cartridge snapped. I had humt some hundreds of similar ones that




 a heal worth rombting. It ratme in thin wis. 'There is.

























what hoken down，and there were several possible router which the ibex might take．Of these．I was placed in the most likely post－the highest－on the ledge itself． My view was bemmed by an angle of diff thirty yards in front of me，roumt which the little shelf wound．and which


CYRIL．
hid everything except a portion of the main cliff half a mile off，and across this the faint line of the ledge was drawn as with a ruler．We had agreed to watch this point carefully with a glass，so as to be forewaned of anything which might alproach that way．Cyril，who was posted a hundred feet below me，took five－minute turns with me at this task，and we signalled to one another with a silent motion of the hand．After a comple of hours of this inclustrious watch，a slight drizzle came on which for the time partly obscured the middle distance．When it had parssed，I resumed the watel but conled not tell if，in the meanwhile，anything had passed the point in
yuction, and was mow prhaps appuaching just rambly the ammer.


 won ritle. Lasally her the bearded patriarely rome on
 ho sill me stemtily aneme the distamt eliff, instemb of wathong the foregromml. still he wat proof agamet the temptations, so amxions was he that I shomble seenre the tirst homours. In vain he tried ley a faint whistle to attrant meatemtion. The goat pased on out of his sight twames me. Then followed an agonion perion of sus-

 the shot did bot follow, aml he supmed I must somehow have let the hast pass me. At last the rifle rang out. He beat the stones datter as the amimal baced hatek the


 di-tant ditf. I had mans rails lefone lammed the salkers










With that short gallop peculiar to an animal shot in the heart, he tmmed and fled. hut fell and died on the ledge; fumed half over, slic a yard or two ame shot out of my view. No one uttered a
 somed for a few minutes, hoping that the second ibex must follow the same way; but whether he hat found some means of escape from the trap, which was beyond the power of his less agile compranion, or whether he had left it before we closed the door', I do not know. When it was clear that there was nothing more to come, we woke the echoes. The poor wh veteran hat fallen fully five humdred feet before he strinck, and with such force that his body bomeded fully as far again down the slope. Of course the homs were hoken but were recovered after a short searth among the rocks. He was eleven years old by the rings of his homs, and weighed ten stone clean, or about the size of a red hind. IIis meat was the driest and toughest I ever hoke my teeth against. The arrident to his fetlock joint had apparently happened many years before. There was a somm of revelre in the hut that night, and the Mayon danced his stateliost measure.
 writen to me hat exednent gertoman wha knew the vallory many geats before I did. He han wommed amel
 it where is hatel taken refige high on the fine of the


 arguainted with. I disl mot ans the men. It is alome
 has and effect erom on Frameons heand. Mirhed ham to give

 rearesses in the fire of that gruesme elift ; the bempertin was tot to he fomm. Ome thance remained amd that was on what we wall tha bank rormethe of the Chotome.
 foon widn, at a hoight of at heast a thonsamb feet abow

 I thought her hand mot fomm the bemputim. hat it appeamed
 lying in a hole in an awfal place. hat conld men ine neat

 Amodingly: whon pimed. up they went agin. amd dix-





instead of taking the usual, and what we believed to be the only pans, he marle straight for the face of the precipice itself, and wo saw him appear, like a fly on a window-pane, apparently ghed to the smooth rocks, along which he passed at a termible height to a little ghostly ledge we had not noticed before, high above the chambie is concher. Hope he lay down, and from below we conld only see his head and neck. Francois and Antonio managed to get to within one hundred yards of him, but not an inch farther. Seeing that nothing could now be done to get him down, we determined to send a riffe up to François, and make him finish the poor brute. This we did, sending three cartridges. The first two had no effect and it was not to be wondered at, for Antonio hat to hold Framenis by the belt when he fined, and all he conld see was his head and neck. At the third shot the bouquetin swerved violently, though still nutouched, staggered, sent two or three rocks whirling as pionecrs, in his endeavonr to recoser his balance, lost it, and the next moment was flying like a little leaf through the air. It was a sickening sight. So murh choes the precipice overhang, that he appeared to us to be flying away from its side: six or seven humdred feet he fell before he tonched anything and he only touched twice, cach time bounding high into the air, and revolving like a Catherine wheel with the violence of the fall, before lie got to the footom: a fall of at least a thousand on twelve hundred fect. both horns were smashed off elose to his head, but are none the worse themselves. and his skull Was smashed into atoms.'

A few days after my first sucocoss. I had another stroke of goor fortume. 'The posts used for a certain drive being
limited in number, aml the eromad to be driven heing

 mas, that the ehame of exting a shat semmed hopeless. I lonked my bille amd deroted my whole energies to kerping




 a junior member of m! family " the corner," amd then, thinking it a coll ome, mosed om:


 honse. and had just time to malore and enok the rifle, when
 I was at the moment struseling in the mialst of a demer thieket of fommer hereh stems. the hameher of whioh phite
 veriest satay shot in the woml. By the merost Hake I happermed to enver his shomblar. and in fermer moments than it takes to write Has line tha dog was tearimes at the






 ages.

Since the date of this donble success of mine several well-appointed parties have visited the district expressiy to hunt them, but, if I am correctly informed, their efforts were fruitless except in one case-that of an Englishman who killed a femalo ibex, while his servant got a young malr. The natives of this valley, knowing how small is the chance, searcely evel attempt to hout them fon themselves.

In the course of one of my risits to the valley. I made a discovery which is worth recording. Masses of a very beautiful white dafforlil with drooping flowers were growing on elevated platforms. I remembered to hase seen it in collections at home, and, though I could not put a name to it. I recognised it as a scarce species. I lug up a duantity of bulbs with my alpenstock, and when they flowered the following rear, it proved to be Nencissus moschatus, a dafforlil figured by lialkinson, a writer of the time of Uneen Elizalneth, and described by him as coming from Spain. It has been in cultivation in this comntry or in Treland, probably during the whole of the intervening period, but mitil I found it, its halitat was not known. A drawing of my flowers appeared in a gardening newspaper. and I wats besieged with inguiries as to the locality. but I only imparted the secret to two well-known enthusiasts, who together made a journes to olvain it. Unfortunately, some brigand diseovered the native who harl heen with me when I made the find, and bribed him so heavily that he dug up, 10,000 hullse, and made a small fortunce.

When I first knew this distriot, there were a goont many hears about. They aprear to have now deserted it,
hut at that time one hamel almost haily of sume ratil whirh there hat athompted, of perpetrated ment the dowks. The






 I has


 withont a -lomt :licli.


was in a neighbouring valley, and the post, reputed to be the best, was a little hollow, orergrown with box bushes. situated ahore one cliff, and below mother. From it one looked down into the depths of the valley, and י1 at grant cliffs, but the immediate surroundings were in gloom and overshadowed hy masses of box. It was rather an exciting spot, for the risible space was so small that it wats obrious, that if a bear eame that way he would infallibly be almost on your lap, before he would be seen. I remember the first time I occupied this position expecting this to happen every moment, and indsed the tracks showed that "Nicholas" frecquently passed that way. I had sat there for three hours with senses keenty alert, and fancring all the time that I was the first human being who had ever entered that cerie spot, when I spied something white on the ground. It proved to be a fragment of the Times newspaper. After this, my sentiments were of a less exalted nature. The nearest approach that we made to secing Bruin ourselves in that drive, was that, on one oceasion, one of the beaters-the most infirm, who for that reason was at the hottom of the line, where the slope was casiest-nearly trod upon a large bear, who sat up aml stared at him for some moments, hefore he quietly strolled off in the opmosite direction to that of the hunters in ambush.

I never sall a bear at the post I have deseribed. hat once an izzard ran up against me there to its own hurt. This particular wood was a sure find for one or more of these ammals, which were always old male solitaires. Just ly this post, I once foum the trunk of a fir-tree, against which a bear had sat up, and rubbet his back.

 allaill llw meall size.
 killed a laree female. as lowk womld hase it, the day
 shot, ambl, lollowing up the homely tark, antered a pateh of tall bex hushes. so demse that he hat to amal in wh hamds and kines. The doge who had been following up the line.
 behisereet hackes amd trembling limbe, that the bear was Whe at hamd. This was a very risk procedinge the mose so, ate when the shot was tired. she hatl at coll at her sile but she wombl not fine her detemined pursmer: and bolted into the open where Mr. I' , Who wate stationed (1) the whers side of the river. finished her with a welldirected whot.

Whe only hand ally member of my party a sureese, with bears and that was in a drive for ibex. In hother was posted at the fomt of a diffi, where it projeded in at shamp
 ibex. hut at sume height almee it. an the fare of the diffe, there was amother altemative monte which ham to be Emarded. Ohd Antomis was phemed here with orders on

 beat was withim atard on two of him that, foredting his
 his rivkety wh piene which was lomkerl with hurk shon, into the flamk of the amimal. Ther beate fin beald it wats,

remarkable part of it was that my brother never heard this shot. Whether it was that he did not conscionsly distinguish it from the shots which the beaters fired at intervals, or that he was so intent on the baying of "Tembelle," who Was obriously pushing something in his dirertion, I do not know, lout so alrupt is the grooving of this mountan that I have known more than one case of this puzzling phenomenon of smothered shots. The first wiming of which he was afterwards conscious was a scrambling soum above, followed by a flying leap of some heary borly, and a crash on the slope of loose stones where he was sitting. He hart fired his shot which had finished the husiness. and the bear lay dead before him lefore he hand fully realised that it was a bear at all. It was a rather small bear, and had probahly heen considerably disalbed by the rarge of shot, which accounted for this rude and rery chmey desent. There wats more rejoicing among the peasints over the death of this their enemy, than orel a dozen ibex ; and as the panting beaters granually assembled, they made the valley ring again with aries of "LOsoo L'Onso!" We ate a part of this little gentleman, but he was less juicy than a bibseryfed cousin of his in Norway, into whose steaks I had harl the pleasure of sticking a fork some years before.

Once more we thought we were in for a chance. The way to our posts lay through the dense covert near the base of a faromite drive, which we called "The Great Chaos." There, in a muddy place on the narrow track was the imprint of the chanacteristic plantignale foot, so fresh that the water was still oozing into it. Without stopping to scrutinise it too closely-what else but a bear could have any business in such a place? -we pressed on








 smalight, amd imviting us with a shall welome to the ferast.

 at at ereat height above the valles. eommambed a rugend

 as farombable a chancer for ibex as heme is in the valley. 'The roaremd swish of the water, and the wildueso of the epot


 the persible operming ate vigitatly kept moter review,










pressure on the trigger，but something in the chmainese of the gait arrests me；then the lash of a long tail．Bless－ ing－on that tail ！－think what a fate it saved me from－ if it had not been for that，I should have gone down to my grave as the man who shot the cow：How that cow got there puzzles me to this moment．

Talking of cows，I once found a heifer at a lower level bont in a more awkward fix．She had been stretching up after the young leaver，but，slipping，hand welged her head between two beech stems，which sprang V－shaped from one stool．When I discovered her，her head was fointing down the hill，but in her struggles．her body also ham worked round the tree and down the slope，till it was a miratle her neck had stood the strain．When we found her，the last therer of life ham nearly gone，and her eves and nose were alrearly dy－blown＇．Releasing her with rome diftioulty，we poured the contents of a whinky flask down her throat，and to our astonishment，she presently came to，hut with a crook in her neck which she probably has still．${ }^{1}$

[^5]
## VIII

## REAR HUNTING:

Thes Reader may think that the last whater has been peaching on the domain of this une. hat it will be seen that While the healings of my thapere relate to the different wild amimals, the chapters themsedves refer th dist ine localities. and I mow pasis to a region two thousamd miles to the month of my last despribed uround.

Nealy every Englidman who take al gun to Nomaty has a latent "xpectation of shoming a bear. 'There is a sery ohd store of one of ome combtromen which is callonlated to dispel these illusions. It is emment in a hamder

 one in the subuthe of Christiania. Thare ane immen liw

 homerar mine.




of about twenty farmers, each of whom is entitled to kill two deer. I need hardly say that the right to kill, is by no means equivalent to the power to kill. Indeed, I doubt if there were forty deer in all that part of the island. They live in rather dense woods of Scotch fir, dwarfed ly the Atlantic gales, and it is not possible to do much without driving, which has few attractions for me. But I may say in passing, that these deer reach heary weights and carry fine heads, and that the islamders are particularly unsophisticated and hospitable. At the end of three weeks our stalking-if poking about the wools on the chance of a snap shot, at the stern of some animal of indeterminate sex, can be so dignified-had not been particulanly successful, and we came to the conclusion that homting the red deer in this wise was not a nolle sport at all. Besides, exciting rumours reached us of bears on the mainlandthere are none on the island-and we determined to try pastmes new.

Crossing the island, we hired a fishing-loat, and sailed across the sound which separated us from the continent towards the narrow entrance of the Hevne Fjord, then up its quiet reaches till we came to a green patch denoting a habitation of some sort. This fjord is less stern and forbidding in character than most of the show fjords farther south, but to my mind is more vanied and lovely.

We landed at the farm to pass the night and make inquiries. From the heights alove it, I remember seeing a strange sight. We looked down on the still waters of the fjord, here about two miles wide. Halfway across it there appeared a distinct wave, apparently propelled ly the nose or fin of some large submarine creature. It moved on for
a lall mile twame the shore below he kemping atmight comser : hat the leviatham, Whaterem it was that ratusent







 should be. Their sumbe is confioment if the abounter great shats of fish, on the principle that
"Great llam have little lleas
I pon than harks to lite 'em,
And little theas have lessar theas,
And so ull infinitum."

These the haml inat atsat mate I mean the fishers Only if ther tims. le the shateming of thein limes, that the kivelien is rime they fle away. Finatly when the ammal andars.












"credible facts which he has gathered from many corroborating accounts;" but he is very shy of "pportsmen's and anglers' histories, which ought not to be almitted as anthentic." In the former category he places mermen and maidens which also inhalit these waters. These are said to swear roundly in the Danish language, and when the boatmen " grow apprehensive of some danger and begin to retire, the monster blows up his cheeks and makes a kind of roaring noise, and then dives under the water, so that they see him no more." It is of course the mermen only who behave in this vulgar manner. The mermaidens, aceorling to our right reverem historim, are not guilty of any more forward conduct than "rolling their eves about strangely"-perhaps he meant winking-" as if it was out of surprise to see what they had not seen before," and of "making lamentable cries."

While I am delving in this mine, I may as well gather from it some particulars of the natural history of the bear, the subject of this chapter. Says the Bishop, "When he goos out in the spring of the year he is fomm to be fattest. Arcording to the common saring, he has sucked his paws. He sucks them till they make a white froth which makes them sore and temler. He is at this season lime, and hops about for some time, and of this the huntsmen take alvantage. His stomach is also sick at this season, and drawn up of his long fasting; and to cure it he looks out for an ant's hillock of which he swallows up the whole. 'This scours his inside, and cleanses amb strengthens his stomach." But according to the Bishop there are times when the bear is moll better able to take care of himself. for we are told, " he will tire off a gun



 in this his life is lost: the hear lates his stime and pullis the hatir and flesh over his head and ears, fite amd all." but
 It appeats that the hear hats a pardioubar distibe to a cont with a hell romml her merk. .. It this bell he is mightily
 that it shall never spak or ves him aman." Whan he
 he will en ator it if it be only to rest himedf; if he wets in he will sit in the stern quite puict and feareable: the fimmer. hmmeres, soes mot carre to led hime in if he call play his was list "mombla." llowerer, the heal is sombetmes
 ©


 to lowk for his dem, he womld lake a kide on abopas if









"That the bear, when mortally wounded, makes for the lake and there disappears, has long been a general belief among the people of Norway. . . . While the drag net was being used in a forest lake a sumken $\log$ was drawn up from the bottom, with the skulls of three, if not four, bears firmly attached to it, the fangs being deeply embedded in the wool itself." According to Turberville "When a bear is hurt sore and escapeth the huntsman, she will open and stretch her wound, yea, sometimes she will draw out her own guts and bowels, to search them whether they be pierced or not: and by that measure many of them die when they might well escape." The same writer gives the following adyice to begimers "If two men on foot have boar spears or javelins, or short pitch-forks, would stick well one to mother's defence and revenge, they may kil a great bear: for $y^{e}$ beare is of this nature, that at every blowe she wil be revenged on whatsoever come next to hands. So that when $y^{e}$ one hath striken $y^{\prime \prime}$ beare, she wil rimme upon him ; and then if the other strike quickly, she wil returne to him again. So that the one may alwaies help and snccour the other."

There were no bears in the neighbourhood of the homestead where we first halted, but there were reports of their presence farther up, and we ultimately ran these rumoms to ground at a farm called Klonglevil, many miles up the fjord, where lived the noted bjorn shuter, Per Klonglevik, who hat killed no less than eleren bears in his time. He supported himself on his little croft, but his passion was to hunt all linds of fur, and in the spring he migrated to Nordland for seals and otters. Most of the bears he had killed were murdered half asleep in their winter hies,
inded it is in that way that mearly all those remorded are obtanter.

With what foor applianees this is done the following incilent, which wits tohl to me, will show. Ole amt Magnus, two mere lanls, went up on to the fjeld to shout reper about the time of the first show. Finding the footprints of a bear they traked him to a hole umber the rows, where it was evident that he hand just enseoned himself for the winter. They hat nothing but small shot in the gum which they carricel, but, cautionsly retreating to a safe distance, they mate a fire, amt, metting some of the shot in an oh pipe howl, frolued some rongh hullets with which they loaded their piece. Amed with this and a long pole they retmand to the attark, and, while one stom over the lmle, the other sommed it, and vigorously prodded at the seoping beatut: Presently there wats a bite, and so vigor(Hs: a demonstration, that Ole retreated to a sale place, but Mignus stome his gromml. ame sucecsatully discharged his piece into the head of the heast.

Aceording to leter the chance of our finding a hear at that time of the year was mot very groul; hat of their presence he quickly aftered prow ly showing us his stomis whith han been pulled alrout a few mights hefore, and other amd ummistakathle tranes whirh the perpetratom of the mischief hat left behima.

The next monng we were ofl cally. all form of us following in the wake of ohl Pers. This wats not the way to kill bears, as the chamees of disturbing a wila amimal, carrying eare so well strmg as a beare, is as the spatre of the number of the paty. lint this was maly at trial trip.
'The ohd man bore an emomons single-hametled rithe,
weighing 20 llss. ant carrying a $4-0 z$ bullet. It had been for several gencrations an heirloom in his family, and he looked doubtfully at our express riftes, the bore of which he kept contemptuously measuring with his little finger.

Bears are passionately fond of all kinds of beries which ripen in this month of September, and they greedily devour hilberries, bheberries, cramberies, raspberries, and moltehar or cloulberies. We therefore crept stealthily about, to the various points which commanded the banks and hollows where such berries aloounded, and especially the copses where the rowan grew. Many of these trees were found lnoken and bent down, for the salke of the scarlet clusters which adorn them, for, if there is a dessert which Bruin prefer's to all others, it is these. But of the bears themselves we saw none that day, and this was not suprising. 'Thereafter we never went more than two together: Bears do most of their feeding and travelling-often for long distances-at night, and during daylight are on foot for a short time only, morning and evening. The intervening hours are spent in some secure ambuscade whence they can make a rapid retreat thromgh the thicket if disturbed. For this reason we made two distinct expeclitions each day-at the earliest dawn and again aloont sunsetamd devoted the middle of the day to replenishing the larder with ptarmigan or grouse, from some beat which we had thoronghly honted. On the third day news was brought to us of a large luear having attacked a horse on the other side of the fjord. That "Nicholas" occasionally does this with success has been frequently attested. Old Lloyd describes his method of proceerling, which is "to grasp the neck of the horse with one arm and to arrest its
 always himgs him to the eromed with a jark." I should thimk that a homse in sood condition would, with his heent rember a good aceome of a bear which attempted this trick,

 dant this is mot his method of defolue. That anthor salys: - Iforscos show a great deal of comate when ther fieht with the wolves amd beas:, whidh they are oft mhiged to do, pationlant? the latter, ford when a home peremes ant of them near, amd has a mate with him, he prots the weaker behind hime and antarks his antagonist with his forestergs Which he uses like drometicks tostrike withal, ame romes
 Who hats the double strength gets the whantige and reperially if the hase happerne tor turn ahont to kiek with


 of a fricme of minu a mes ald was shot from whese

 The state of her wher proved that she hat heren sumktine a calf. in defemting which she hand pertaps reweded here womml, hut which hant porbahl! fallan a victim !menth--tamdins.

Whatever the trmb of the partiontar tate which rearhere


 the next monning hat it was mot m! 1 mon then with lers.

Leaving what was supposed to be the most likely fjeld to the other party, accompanied by my consin and a young farmer, I followed the track along the bottom of the valley for some distance, hoping that fortune would send something in our way. The lower slopes were covered with a forest of spruces, but between that and the sky-line there was a considerable belt of rough mountain side, less densely clothed, and which coukd be fairly well surveyed with the glass. Each slope as it came into view was carefully examined. At length we reached a little knoll, in the middle of the valley, which commanded both sides. Stretching ourselves on the soft carpet of heather, and basking in the sun which was alteady high, we toyed with our telescopes withont much expectation, for it was now nearly bear's bedtime. I was sweeping my glass rather vaiguely over the ground above us, when my attention was arrested by the rounded back of some whitish amimal, feeding far up the mountain side. "A sheep," I said to myself; but what should a sheep be doing up there and alone too? Besides it was too big for a sheep, and yet it seemed too white for a bear; but at that moment the beast turned broadside and disclosed his proportions. It was a bear! How B—_ jumped when I told him! But there was no question about it. He was plainly visible to the naked eye-a great walloping whity-brown bear:

And now in a moment we were in a frantic state of excitement. How to get at him? It would take us fully half an hour to climb up through the forest, and during that time the animal would be concealed from us, and might chamge his position or retire altogether: He was evidently busy feeding, and had now reached a long flat
sope which looked as if it womld oreapy him somm time． If we went up a little to the left of this we slowlal be mader the wind，ame might hope to emonnter him，if he continued his present eomrse．It wisi everything to cower the intervening oromme in the shortest possihle time．＇The young peasint did not seem anxions to imphove his ac－ ＇fuallanter with bean，besites which，like most Nownerians， he wore very dark and eonspicnons elothes．So we left lim behime，witl orders to remain where he was，and if necessary to signal the mosements of the bear．Ily young companion and I were both in first－rate conditions and we Went up thromgh that wood at a pace which would be hame to beat．In twenty minutes we mant have got up nearly athousamt feet，and it was mom of the greatest romsequenee
 there wats a ruely rimge lase to us which rose alowe dhe thps of the trees．＇This we chmbed amblergery atamed the
 libemb，whowits still busy with his bucakfast and romained neand in the prsition whiel he hate veenpied when we left the bottom of the valley Diving ance more into the


 seen：lant mow the bear hand entirely disappeated．IVe
 where le hand heen leeding hat ronlal make ont mothims．


 inspertion．Jlier a long seamely I made vat a bateh of
something which might be bear's fiur, and, after keeping it in view some time, it moved, and, soon after, the bear showed himself once more in the open. He was now not more than two hundred yards from us, on a ridge similar to the one where we omselves lay, and between us there was another and rather lower ridge, divided from us and from him by decp and narow rocky gullies. While we were considering our next step, he drew towards us and descended into the second ravine and out of our sight. We immediately drew to the elge of the first ravine whence we coukd command the intervening ridge, which we expected him to cross. Once we heard him crashing throngh hushos, and then for minutes which seemed ages we neither heard nor saw anything, till l began to fear that he had crossed, some way above or below, and out of our sight; for we could not command more than about a hundred and fifty Gads up or down the slope. I was aftaid to move on, lest he should come wer upon us, while we were struggling among the scrub and rocks of the ravine immediately below us. Anxionsly we debated the question and decided to give him only two minutes more before we went to seek him: hut before that time had expired we satw the gray top of his head, as he moved straight towarls us with that swaying motion peculiar to the amimal-his head close to the gromod, and now and again sucking ule great monthfuls of berries on either side of him. He was not more tham sixty yards off; I got my bead upon him and kept it there as long as he moved forward towards us. At length, some bunch of fruit more tempting than the rest calused him to turn broadside, with his hearl down the hill, and I let him have it behind the shoulder. It was a

relief when the riffe cracked and the mental strain was over, whether I had missed him or not. But then I knew for certain that I had not missed him. When the smoke cleared - it was before the days of Schultz or E.C.-the bear appeared rumning straight towards us, quite maware of the quarter whence he had been stricken, and it almost looked as if he were charging us. Now he reached the opposite erge of the ravine beneath ns and began climbing down its face, but lurching so heavily that I could hardly keep myself from shouting, for I satw that he had the lead in a vital spot. Telling my companion to reserve his fire for close fuarters, I gave the enemy a second barrel which made him reel again. At the bottom of the ravine he reared up on his hind-legs, clasping a poomg tree and swaying it to and fro in his struggles with death. Two more shots and then he rolled over. As we ran towards him we danced and yelled and shrieked as if we were dementert. But we had sense enough to draw near with some care and from ahove, as he lay on his side apparently in articulo mortis. Temderly approarhing I tried to turn him wer with my foot, when he smdenty raised himself on his fore-feet, with a very unpleasiment rattle in his throat, and tried to scramble up the hill after us. For this we were prepred and springing back I finished the business with a shot through his forehead. We proceeded to examine our prize. Though I have litherto spoken of it as a male it proved to be a shebear four years old, and five feet long from the nose to the tip of the tail. Now that we came to imspect her closely her light oolour was even more strange than it appeared on the hill side. Seizing her fore-patw wo dragged her down
 whers fon a sater bedow. They were almost as delighted
 We sut her down into the valley, there was a shont form the top at the ridere ahote 16 atme there were the wher



 With their grasios they hat mate ont the lowly of the hear in the midst of the group, and more amsworins whone went my from us to assme them there wian bu delasion.
 firm with all the permp amd rimemmstance beditting ond inportant victory 'Then wr hat atmand skiming in the preseme of tha whole puphlation: I morry folt muself so hisg a man before om sinme. I wats told that I most

 two days' jommey, amd themutialion of my trolly h the extration of two of the delws. I preform to foreso








 withe wht Passou.

What Norwegian sportsman of the last generation does not remember that old ship? She plied from Inull to Throndhjem, threading the islands for the last quarter of the way, and dropping or picking up her ardent passengers at various outlandish points. How jealously they guarded the sectets of the rivers and fjelds, and yet how friendly they were! If I remember rightly she had been once cut in half and mended again to suit the passenger traffic. In the winter she returned to her vocation of carrying stockfish to the Mediterruncan, and you would have known that too without heing told. In spite of the tumbling seas on the Dogger, and the fat pork, and greasy stewards, which things were a snare for weak stomachs, those of her patrons who have not gone on a longer voyage must have memories of jorial hours on her salted decks. The last 1 salw of the old ship was the tips of her masts sticking up in one of the narrow channels hetween Stavanger and Bergen. Once more and for the last time she broke her back, but it was on a rock and in a snowstorm. She was past patching that time and her old bones were to be put up to anction on a certain day at twelve oblock. But at ten collock she had chated the hammer by knocking herself down for nothing, and sinking in deep water. Howerer that was years after the date of which I am writing.

The next time I visited my bear-gromed, we disembarked at Christiansund, and hired a little steam launch which carried us through the night up, the long amd narrow strat of the Vinge Fjord, the head of which is divided he a few miles of isthmus from the Herne Fjort. When the little engine stopped its panting. We beakfasted in the

 quickly deroming the news whioh ther ham bromeht
 fommel that their aroombts wore bot exagereated as there
 day after our arrial that we werr trying atomg hos－
 sides．hat upen at the top－a small platere，lat a faromite
 with lea alonse one fank，（ieat with the lad on the wther．


 alvancing to the wimdward of it．But l＇er sall it wisk mo


 she－hear amd her half－atown enh salloged ont of the hollow
 humberl simets fiom wis：I levelled my piere，lut lem


 ham smelt wis and were hammen for the next parish．＇Thers



 sommething moving in thr horlar．Is we stealthily

us from the opposite direction; drawing behind a bush I waited with my rifle ready. There was a faint rustle and Geof appeared with his riffe presented at my head. We had been stalking one another.

After this we shifted our gromed to Krokstarl on a branch of the fjord that rums far up into the momentain. and here, unlike the genemally soft tone of this foord, tall cliff's hang over still and inky waters. 'This moving about from famm to farm is very pleasant. The quality of the quarters varied, but, though we never knew what we should find, we were always sure of a cordial reception. Here in this darksome comer of the world there was quite a fleet of herring-looats, which were busy day and night, and with good results, to judge from the boats, nearly growale full of silser treasure, which were being rowed across to the larger smarks, for conveyance to Thromthjem. These fish we called fat herrings and they deserve the title. They were entirely withont roe and all the oily juice of their bodies was roncentrated in the flesh. I want some seientific man to tell me why they don't make maiden herrings like that on our coasts, amd why we are condemned to eat them only when in an interesting condition.

The attractions of this beautiful place were further cmhanced by vast flocks of gulls continually in motion, and shoals of porpoises, justly called craciutore di more. who were also engaged in chasing the hemings. I wat told that a whale occasionally follows the shoals into these narrows, and it is recorded that"sometimes he swallows such vast flamtities, that his belly will hardly contain them, and is even realy to lmot. Which canses the whale to set up a hideons roar."





 the eliff :med I s:aw hime momere.

Wir dill mot howera relmon from that wapelition

 beald. When we reakhed the ford of the mombtain the







and crossed the intervening crest. Guided by loud talking we quickly found the other party. Geof had seen something through the tree-stems and pulled Per down into the bilberry bushes. From this place of concealment they made out two bears, as usual husy with the fruit. Keeping very flat he crawled forward. Then one of the animals moved towards him and gave him a good chance. He took a steady aim behind the shoulder, and knocked him right over. But, as he was about to fire his secomet shot at the other bear, the first gathered himself together. rose up, shook himself, and made off. A second shot failed to stop him. Loading as he went Geof ran forward as fast as the roughness of the ground would permit, and actually overtook the bear, or at least got near enough to perceive the wound in its side; but the meeting was so sudden and mexpected to man and heast that, while the latter slid off the edge of the rock like oil, two more bullets went over his back. He was evidently severely wounded but he had now reached the edge of a steep declivity down which he went, sliding, rolling and tumbling. and was instantly lost to riew.

Geof was under that common delusion that the lost bear was of very large size. The next hom was therefore ahmost to exciting to be pleasant. We hunted every cramy of that cliff, never knowing from moment to moment whether the infuriated beast would not spring out upon us. At last darkness drove us down, and in a very depressed condition of mind we rowed away to our night's quarters. But the first streak of dawn fomed us on the spot again, reinforced by a company of peasants. and we carefully quartered the ground. This measure
prosed effeetmal, and in a pharter of an hour we of them hat remoced the blond-stamed back, amb, following it up, hand fiomm the bear, guite deand, at the finot of the eliff. The only disembanting thing abont it was that it pored to be a mere hobbledehoy of a hear after all.

I did not hase an ofportmity of revisiting that combtry for a good many years, and when I did so, I leaned that the hears had left their odd hamate, and this information wats completely confimed by as sareh of all the fatromite phaces. There was no sign of a bear having been there for rears. It was difficult to areoment fire this for they hat beem little homed. Derhaps it was a bad year for frome 1 daresay they are bark there bey mow ame if aty of my reaters shombloe tempted th visit the phace, I hope he will bet me know the rexult.

I will romeloule this dapter with a story which wan toh me he an Englidman, long resident in Sambinatia, and for when reatity I will roudt. It shmes that thongh
 happen. 'Two pathers, Nils and Lats, were out atter elk in the winter. The dog in Lars's dhare was drawing on somethime. Nila kept some waty the teft on a parallel


 hear datged him, and, before his friend amhl intervom. hard an manded him that he died the same evemime. With with grief fon his friem, Nik started with a deg to aveme his death. 'The task should be easy, for the bear hand gome

returned. Three days later a seard party fomm himbitten and clawed to death. Stramge to say his gun had not been discharged, and still more strange, his log had also been killed hy the hear. who had himself sucembed to his wound, and lay dead a few yards farther. Thus of all those concerned in this tragedy there was no survivor.

## IN

## A TANTALISING OUES'T

 tributed arer the peninsmbas. The essential conditions of its existence-forest sollosion, and above all rmming Water-ate comblined in ermparatively few of the elevatmed rames of the combtry. In a former dapter I have recortent atrip whirh I mate for the purgese of hamting the wida ?nat on the of that country, and how, in the comse of our search for that animal, we, by chamere, hiseovered amomtain ame a forest where the real deer existed in tolerabla mumbers. Our stay thome hand heen necessandy restricter to afen days, amd during datt time my rompanion
 warying a grand heal of fourtern points, while mither me
 sums of the dere. Which are I think, even latere than the

 was mot to be expectent that I shomlat at down pationtly mader this rehuff. la the alutumn of lat sear. I
revisited the same range, in the company of Mr. A. E. Pease, in the confident expectation of securing some trophies. In this, however. for rarious reasons, we were completely unsuccessful, althongh, on several occasions we nearly grasped the prize. I appreciated more tham


THE SIG HEAD.
ever the ease with which my companion, Findlay, in the previons year, came, saw and conquered, where I, after infinite toils, had twice to retire, confessing myself routed; and, to show that I am not jealous, I here insert a picture of his hig head, literally copied from a photograph of it taken immediately after it was brought into camp.
（）ur finlure will mot perhaps make our experienere the leses interesting to sportsmen．The rometitions of this
 smegest to those who may follow ns，the hest means of wereoming them ；for thongh this rhapter may real like an apologr for one defeat，I do not pretend that we did mot make mistakes．What Nimmod so imspired as not to dos so？I only say that in addition to any ermos of judgment wr may hate made，we had more than ome $\therefore$ hame of biad luck．

The Continental jommers the triple royage，the Elmpses of Corfu，Ithens，and Smyrnat need not be dwelt ryon．Let me begin lis deseribing the gromme we designed to hunt．Anmptly，wut of the hevel pain，springs one of the Jisidian ranges，the＂White Jnomtan．＂so called fiom its twin peaks of limestonce． which rise，to a hejght of 7000 ft．，gimunt amel hame hy eontrast with their lower slopes，the last－maned being smmbehmed from the eypress and sombly oak which，on this side，elothe the bate of the lange．Its leating feature is a ravine of extramdinamy depth dividing these peake． and literally releaing the mountain to its roots．＇The tool Which has cotred this marow groove is a littlestream which reems quite out of proportion to the work it has areom－ plisherl．It pmsues its silent way ：3000 feet below the clouhle smmmit，amd theomeh depths which never see the smo，while mothing that has mot wings ran follow its course thromghout．It artanlly dixalyeats from view before it
 fictomite sesont of wilat hoare manks the plater where

another on either side of it, are honeycombed with holes and caverns, and show how the water has gradually melted ont a way for itself through the soluble limestone.

A rough pass crosses the mountain at a great height above this ravine, and near the highest point of the path we pitched our first camp. Our pack train, which comprised a varied assortment of horses, camels, and donkeys, had dawdled loy the way. This was the more trying to our patience as a thunderstorm was gathering and growling behind us. Just as we reached the camp it burst upon us, and in a few moments the ground was white with large hailstones. Hastily pulling one of our little tents from the back of the amimal which carried it, we held it up-there was no time to pitch it-and as many as could gained a partial shelter by crouching inside; but such of our packages as were not waterproof were presently reduced to draggled rags, and our bread to sodden pulp. 'This dusting was not the pleasantest form of greeting, but it was soon over, and the bushes around were presently arayed in a strange assortment of garments, British and Oriental, steaming in the setting sun. We had no reason to grumble, for thenceforth for twenty-eight days we enjoyed a heavenly climate, once only similaty broken. Frosts at sumise, fresh sparkling momings, then four hours of blazing heat for salamanders who liked it, or, for those who did not, a soft bed of pine-needles in the cool shade among the fir-tree columms, and the sweet resinous smell which the sun distils from them. Then again, the cool shade of the momntain, for the sum dipped early behind the lofty ridges. while, for two hours more,
its shafts of light contimmed to stream throngh the wat
 happened. the fwin peaks were (apped with lariol stmm clonds, the level lats were deflerted downwatels, and dispersed in prismatic colours.

Fioms omb elevated ramm we werlooked the rommtiy beyond the White leaks-a weat expanse of lown hills. wf rommed form, ame genemally free fiom rocke, hat noreped fiom top to lostom with a viat pine fonest romplicated has momeroms hollows, pockets. and deep marrow ravines. at the hotlom of which trickled tiny streams wonerally half blocked with fallen stems. leyomd. lay

 rame of momatams. most of them of a miform light wris.
 view. fin it demoted thoir waterless amb treeless rombli-
 all lif.


 trate is markerl ly wike patches wh whitemed stoms.
 litteren with rotting hamelere, amd the ahmision of light
 This fomen. like reve other in Tomkery is raplilly dis-
 rike into these hills, I rommterl thity dombers, of homses.


cut down to furnish perhips a single joist, or even left to rot if not precisely to the mind of the woorman.

Such wats our hunting ground. We knew there were red deer there, and were eager to begin, but before doing so, let me describe the persomel of our party. It must be admitted, that on this occasion, our following was too large, and the consequent increase of luggage wan a serions impediment. The supposed difficulties of the country arcounted for this. Nerertheless, it was a mistake which I here place on record as a warning to others.

On Celestin, who has appeared before in these pages, I, of course, placed my chief reliance ats a stalker: I had also engaged a countryman of his who combined the joint functions of hunter and camp servant. To Achmet, a Suruk, who summers his groats in these mountains, we looked for local knowledge. He has the reputation of being a great hunter. Careful ross-examination clicited the candid confession that he had only killed three deer in his life, all hinds. Indeed, he admitted that he hatl found them so difficult to get, that he harl given u, trying on his own accomot. ${ }^{1}$ Achmet had. howerer, some knowledge of the hames and habits of the denizens of the forest, and he kept our spirits up he his samgune lelief in the power and accuracy of our rifles, and ow infallibility as hunters. If he heard a stag roar, he danced a trimmphal pas seul: " Inshallah, we will have his head to-night."

[^6]boula，the erst－white bigame whose carly exapandes hate been described he me in a former chapter，ated as ow general adviser and proteron．Then there were the intepmeter and the rook．The selection of levantine servants is always a lottery，and in this case we drew a bamk as well as a prize．Frameois，a smyminte，acted as our interpreter，hut wats really to assume at a moment＇s


JJNI．
motice all wher finmotions，such as tailor，watherwomans kitehem－maid．postman，beater，and even on one oecasion． relieved me from murh pain loy his skill as a whoporlist． In odd dini，whom we hived as ronk．We amperd deal weight．He hat never kamt to haik at camp fire，which is mather an essential begiming．amd his somb swatedy somed above the mysteries of filt！fi．that miversal

washing of pots and pans, or indeed of any ablutions at all, he could not see the necessity, because, as he said, "They dirt themselves to-morrow." But besicles this he had the most muddled mind I ever encomntered. Standing erect, among a chaos of utensils, on his shoulders an wh soiled blanket which he wore day and night, he would slowly revolve on his axis with a vacant, searching expression on his face, while he vainly endeavoured to recall where he had last mistaid the handle of the frying-pan, or some equally essential article. Why we kept him on I do not know, except that he could never have found his way lark alone, and that we regarded him as a sort of court fool, whom we carried for our amusement. His pigeon English was ectainly worth preserving. In reply to a ravenous sportsman as to what he had got for dimer: "I know ; chickens. One chicken cooks you: one chicken eats men with pilaff; one chicken soups." "But, Jani, we are getting rather tired of chickens." "Buy sheep upstains" (on the momtain). "And how fir may that be?" "Two o'clock to mother small comtry-half a strect." That is obscure, but we, who understood the workings of his mind, knew that he meant, "two hous to the next village-quite a short journey." At last, one day, he dishained even the slight preparation indicated above, and remained rolled op, in his old hanket. When roused he excusel himself: "Something twist in stomick; he very smart." I gave him a rousing dose of castor oil and cssence of ginger. after which, if not very smart, he was rather smarter than before. He harl a private remedy of his own which he thus described :-" He makey very hot rocks in fire; one for belly, one for what you call
derriere." We discomated the patate of this hastio rame which, howerer combuthor, was an imansenient Whe for the couk.

Last, hut mot last, I maty memtion my Neal doys "smmke," a Nomegian elk-homed. Wha I hoped wonk
 métere is to indiate he his mamer the presene of deer










therefore, soon learned to keep pretty close to heel when we approathed a village. In the plains "Smoke's" heary fur coat was monsited to the climate, and his drooping spirits were reflected in the attitude of ears and tail. On the hills all this was changed. His eager face was the picture of alertness, and the curl of his grand old tail, like a ligg steel watelh-spring, showed that he respected himself and knew what was expected of him. In a day or two he was familiar with all the signs of game, and the roar of a stag ohrionsly caused the same shiver in the small of his back as it did in mine. When he heard it, he would cock his head on one side, and think how nice a broiled steak would be. Then he would look up at me, and say quite plainly: "If they were only in an open place now, about forty yards off, and feeding." At night he regarded himself as our protector from all kinds of vermin, and lay at our feet until the first signs of dawn appeared, and I told him that I was about to perform my toilet.-a very lorief one, by the way, on a frosty morning.

At the first sign of dawn on the morning after our arival we were really for the start, but the cold steam ralused by the storm of the night before, settled round us in a thick fog. At last the smo dispersed it, and we started in opposite directions. Scarcely five lumdred yards from (amp) Celestin and I found a little opening on a ridge where grass and herbs grew rank and strong-a farourite feeding ground, for it was tracked in every direction. Nor were those proofs wanting which, we are told, the henbourer of old was wont to

> "Offer on bended knee
> To the Ladie of high degree."
 I may mention here that we ramstantly mot with surh



 feed ont the herves of the jumiper. Whieh elothes the hisher rarise of the mombtain. But an hain first das what rand


There were some sheltered hollows just below whirh

 with the light breez in and filles. Now "smoke" berimsto






 a losime motion. 'Then he pull: wh his emal, amel, as an







some hard gromul. Half an hour was spent in making a careful cast below, in what seemed to be their direction, lont we failed to recover the line. All this time the dog continued to have the wind, lout doubtfully, and as he kept eycing the ground above him we took the hint and tried up the hill again. Perhaps we had rather relayed our caution. May be we came too suddenly over the erge of a little gully. filled with a growth of yomg firs. Something started helow us. "Mais cogez donc. Tivez vite!" But whatever Celestin saw was invisible to me, and it is no gool shooting at a fir chump. We sat down and lunched, and out of our leather cups hank the waters of disappointment. Alas ! before we had done, we had to drain them to the dregs. Celestin, meanwhile. consoled himself hy apostronhising the stag and his relations. It is his halhit to hurl oppohnous quithets at any amimal in which he is interested, and the more he respects its intelligence, the stromger the language. Once, when on a visit to me in Englame, he was taken, among other sighte, to see the Law Comers. Murb impurssed liy the jutge on the Bench. he felt that he was experted to say something. ILe summed my his impressions in four words, which, in his mouth, fal from indicating any contempt of Court expressed both reverenow amd astomishment-" Meris lo rience cechom!"

I may mention that C'elestin, as is matmal for a chamois hmoter, has little faith in the log. He places his ehief reliance on the telesenpe. In my judgment, in a forest such as we were hunting in, it is almost uselesis. It is true that there are vistan and mame openimgs whith may be survere and where deed may be orasionally

- pied, hat ther do mot amomut to atenth of the sulfine.

 amb, in the manmwhile, it is pratically rertain that 1 lars will have mover, if only a little; and. withont a komwlerlge of their exatet pasition. there is wery pubability of " jumping" them. I do mot disemel the elass, lout. in
 proferenee. (on the other hamel, one monst atmit. that unless perferty thamed, his impatience maly wet the hetter of his discretion at a aritical moment. ame the rhame mars he epoited ly an moontrotlathe whimper.

Bat lot ansu down and find the thaters of the deer that




 herl which as stay has just vateated when he wine jumperl












been ejected by steel springs, and came lown with all four feet close together, and driven decply into the pine neerlles. He must have stood like that, rigid, for an instant, then took two long swift strides. That was perhaps the moment in which Celesting got a glimpse of him, lout if I had seen him I conld not have got a shot, for he stopped again almost instantly behind a big pine stem: again five or six strides and he stopped behind an impenetrable sereen of romg fir-trees. Now his retreat was assured, and he took it leisurely. Dropping his tell-tale head, he softly pushed his way through the close-ramked stems. Apparently, he soon forgot his fright and hegan feeding about. Probably he only took us for woolcutters, some of whom he sees and hears every day. The deer are momolested by them, and are consequently little alamed at their aproach, but they are continually mover by them, and become "skulkers," a habit which makes them more difficult for the hanter to come at. Here, our friem stopled and vicionsly pumished a young tree. reducing it to matchwool and twisted fibere, no doubt saying to himself, that that was what he would like to do to the heastly twolleqged reatures who harl disturbed his siesta.

In this kime of hunting there is first of all the diffieulty, which is common to all woodland stalling, of lowating the game lofore aprowhing it. In sootland the deer-stalker is prawtially certain to see the decr before he can be seen. Not only that, hat he pends an hour in arranging the exart comse of his stalle, and before he starts he tranes his anproch from ridge to hollow, from hollow to peat-hag, even to the very rock from which he intemle to shoot. In a forest like this, on the other hand, he camot see a
 bility of edting within carshot of the dere berfore it is

 of their either seding or smelling him first. In most ases they take their have without his eser becoming awate of their proximity, mates he shomld presentle come amons tracks, very depp at the toe, and with the dide sattemed aromat-a sure amd certain sigh that those who mate them departed in fear: Unkess this is the rase, deen are neser in a hume Even when in motion, their gat is a
 as gene as stimbling still. When lying it is needters th
 unlasis a man hat heen hought up to hunting in wouls.
 his siow and it done not werom them that dhe cres of a

 other alsantages an a peetatory aminal, man is a mond
 on any kimd of gromad. In deer-xalking in open combtry Where he rand disenver the game from a distance, la rountrame this divahbity lomaking to himself fom lens. whewewh tomake his fimal apponem.

He is alse, fire his weight, the most misy of amimals. Ite makn more fuss with his two legs than anshime else embwed with form, and that hringes me the ereatest
 the air. In seamelinavia, where dlis are humed in forst nealy, hut mot quite, as densi, it is masilemed hapelens to
go but on a still day. Here we heard sarcely a whisper in the trees the whole time. But in another sense these woods are musually " noisy," from sticks and stones, amt crisp dry leaves which strew the gromed. If you imitate the deer and lie low, you may hear every leaf that falls within thirty yards, and a tom-tit alighting on a twig makes quite a commotion. You realise how difficult it would be for a matn to approach within shooting distance without detection, umless he should come up behind a ridge. "Smoke" repeatedly showed that he could hear an aproaching footstep long before 1 could, and a deer's sense of hearing is doubtleas fully as acute as a dog's.

It must not be supposed that the deer are ans plentiful here as in a sootch forest ; there are comparatively few. Tranks there are in plenty, but it loes not do to get much excited over tracks. One deer makes a goorl many in the course of a night. I attach more importance to the frequency of "beds" and to trees which have been pmished by the horns of stagis. Both birds and leasts of prey doubtless take toll of the fawns. There is a large black eagle whose table -like nests built on the flat tops of fir-trees, were very conspicuons from above. Then there is a smaller kind, of a lighter colour, which builds in great numbers in the diffe. There are also many small beasts of prey. I secured a curious little polecat, but that was on the pains. His body is mottled yellow and brown like a tably cat. He has a well-defined white band across his forehead, and his furry ears, which he carries upright like those of a marmoset monkey, are also white. I learn from Sir $\mathrm{IV}^{\text {. }}$ 11. Flower that it is the "marbled polecat." I saw



 indirated the Weasel tribe. We all stated in parsuit amb
 Thar ebrions patt of it wias that the matives who wer with

 as ant inhahitant of the lavant. I have mande mams
 those whatare familiar with the remains seatterel almot
 ar" known. | have not leen able do lean of ansthing like

















his body; and when he feeteth the senyme work he rumeth to chase and heat himself, in such sorte that nothing remayneth in his letly, coming forth by all the conduits and pores that nature hath mate in him, and by this means he reneweth his force and heateth himself, casting his haire." That deer do pursue and kill snakes there is confirmation from modern olservers.

Pliny's statement of the swimming powers of these amimals is perhaps the most remarkable part of his account of them. He says: "They pass the seas, swimming by flocks and whole herds, in a long row, each one resting his head upon the buttocks of his fellow next before him. And this they do in comse, so as the foremost retireth behind to the hindmost by fums, one after another, and this is ordmarily observed hy those salors that pass from ('ilicia to (ypross; and yet in their swimming they desery no land by the ere, but only by their smelling have an aim thereat."

We soon realised the difficulties of our quest, but we perseverel, hoping to fluke something. If the sport is a tantalising one, the excitement is pretty constant. As 1 have no trimmph to record, I must deseribe one or two oceasions when I only just missed securing it. After a long day, spent in futile search for a stag which Alfred had mortally wounded and lost the night before, we retumed to camp by separate rontes. We knew there were deer in the valley which I intended to try, for as we had gone up that way in the morning, and were approaching a little opening, we were hrought up stamding ly the smell of deer, pungent and momistakable - a rampant smell, which cansed me instantly to cock my rifte. 'They were gone - how long since, it was

 sulsergent wecasions my hostrils were assalled in thr same Was, and a bor tantalising thing it wis. I have heand of

 just like that. I was ranfident that the deer hamb remanem on that side of the valler: fore the "pposite side hat leen weompied during the day ly a moisy eompany of wool-- mittris.
 What light ain there was shifted to our baters, amd to aroid
 akong the forment bed at the bottom. " Sumbe" smblenly pathent amd mate that waly motion of his mose ats if he were drinking amt , wallowing the airs, while he lomked
 stre for he conlal not we the wiml dieret. We han just basien whe of the stere gullios that rum stright mp and down these stoper. They always ematan ramk homban amb are farmmite fertime placen, so that I lelt sume that the dere if dere there were. Were somewhere in it. Whe

 a higher peint. Still. the dog was doulafol, as was shon
 companion, who is withont experiomer. but fomd of matimes
 bot konw if I madr ant answer to this will fropmad, fotally fardign to the primeiples of a limul-hmel. If I lin | suppuse I was mixumlerstomel. Intont on tha gromml
before me, I did not olserve what B—— was doing. The next moment, to my horror, the dog trotted past me freed from his cond. I turned and asked B- what he had done, wherempon he began calling him back; but it was too late. At that moment "Smoke" shot ahead like an arow, and ten seconds later was heard harking furiously at the heels of a deer, which rushed with tremendous datter up the slope. I sat down hoping to see under the branches. One vision of brown lide I han - too lnief to shoot. Achmet satu: "Boyonour:" ("horns") and with a pantomimic action of his ams indicated a pair of antlers. He was probably right, for it was a solitary deer, but 1 could not see them. Now this insane act of ll-—'s was a great misfortune, for it not only lost me a first-rate chance,-I must in two minutes have looked down on the stag's lnoad bark as he wats hasy feeding in the bottom of the gully,lont it was certain to ruin the steadiness of the dog. Sore in spirit I stumbler campwarts. "Smoke," meanwhile, was waking the echoes. When he picked up my track aml rejoined me, three-quarters of an hour later, I had to give him a thashing, for his good, but it was sadly against the grain, for his fault was no fault of his.

Now we had agreed to move our camp that day from its clevated position to a little meadow which we knew of by the side of the main stream. This reached, we found, to our disgust, no signs of our people, and it was now nearly pitch dark. I thought something had prevented the removal, and that we must climb, a thousand feet higher to the old camp. We expended nearly a box of matches in examining the horse tracks ly the stream. I thought they were all old. Achmet declared them to be fresh. At last he


 (1) meall that he would phetre his ald anat that his riew








 mot try.

 'The areitemt hat mo worse result than this:- Itfentis faromite tia of llat powder was smashed amd all his buscesions were permanted with its rombentr. lathe

 for when the hig wis operned the insidions dast gror him such atr attark of asthmat that he dial mot ampletry.


We hatel timed ome visit to make the most of the

 seremed to me that the latter torm jis a misummer as a



paratively few of the stags seemed to roar at all, at least during daylight. One reason of this may have been that there was at this time a goorl moon, and when this is the case deer do most of their feeding at night and lie very quict during the day. Then a roaring stag is generally a travelling stag, amd, therefore, a difficult beast to come at I heard the first on September 28, in the big ravine far below our first camp. A few hours later he was heard and seen by one of our party, miles away, and the next day he was far in :mother direction. I had no doubt of his identity. He was in the first access of passion, alone, but seeking the hinds. Of course 1 hoped to become better accuainted with the voice of this chammer.

An extensive hill rises about a thonsand feet ahove our second camp. It is a faromite resort of deer, but much of it is covered with a growth of yougg firs twelve or fonteen feet high, which are even more difficult to traverse and to see throngh than the bare stems of older trees. We soon found inn opening where deer had fed that morning, and where their fragrance still hung in the air. The tracks tending in the same direction as the dog indicaterl, we allowed him to lead us. Over ridge and dale he took us. 'There wits dearly something in front, but he hesitated a good deal as if something prazled him. At last he showed sigus of great impatience when we reached the edge of a basin, full from side to side of young fir-trees. As it was a hopeless pance to get a shot in, I sent Celestin round to drive it towarls me, lont when he rejoined me it was to tell me that the dows still hamkered after something beyond. To cut a longs story shomt, he led us, at length, into the middle of a fine soumer of hog'. "Smoke" must not be blamed for
this．Ite had mever smelt widd hate before and he hat （10）reason to think that pork womld be less acemptable than venison．The lamily faty wore all so busk chesed in turning up the gromm with their lomg hark smouts that I might have taken my time and pirked ont any une． hut I wass so disgusted at this deseent to the ridiculous． that I tiond willy at a stock youmg porker and missed him Wram．I think that，at this time of the yare these pies fome un from the marshes on the plain for a kimb af mash－
 the blare pine hambs．
（On a sulserpment werasion I was mome bertmate．I jumper a hige solitary hoar fom a mass of fallow timber

 him．I suftly erept hark to his side amt mande ont a large hark something which seemed to lor stamding amd listen－ ing．Therw was a slight motion，and I instamly pullem the
 with the dim outline．Howione a ameful examination of the trmak failed to reveal a bollet mank．Sn wa lail
 tion．but premtly taking to it mome kimlly．lod ns ant the

小机。





some way his opinion was confirmed by the faint sound of a stag's challenge far up the glen. I believe him to have been the Don . Jam I have already mentioned. He had found his wives but was roaring lustily for more. I judged from the intermittent and gasping sound, that he had rivals and was busy defending his rights. I afterwards found, near his track, part of a brow antler broken offa significant trophy of battle,-but I had not the luck to see an encounter. On subsequent days we ame across the tracks of many solitary stags-large amimals too. They were not roaring, and I infer from this that they had been defeated and were not in the hmour to assert themselves.

We now got to a higher level to approach more rapidly. Each time we sumounted a ridge amd looked into the corrie below it, we had to wait for another signal to assure ourselves that the stag was beyond the next shoulder, for this sound is not one which is easy to locate. After passing successively five or six ridges and comies, we made swe that the sound proceeded from just beyond a steep rise which faced us. What with the labour of climbing it and the exritement of the moment, by the time we had reached the top my heart felt like bursting its bounds. We knew that we must be close to our quarry, and "Smoke" amply confirmed this, for the previons misteaching now showed itself. He was pulling fmiously on his cord, so that Celestin had all he rould do to hold him, and I Was trembling lest he should make some more andible demonstration. No dould 1 ought to have retired for some distance, amd waited for the next challenge. It is so casy to be wise after the event. What 1 did was to

 ha the somml of the strosele hehimel me, and that whirh


 of the simu thrown well hare frhimet two attontive
 puick shot misht have sot his rifle oft, hat that 1 am mot.
 Whipped romml and wis himden he amsh. It the kimm
 as lanld to the erlae of the next hollow. 'Ther arer wore crashing thromgh it, invisilite lome. In a moment they

 do 1 siry my stag! the stars hat omeht to have heren mine. (1)! what a heal he hanl! l’at hom long womlal















LOVE ANO WMB.














 for Wrore strolling flown homd stront. and hall then lain
 his. ratrs.













ammal is moving below them. ${ }^{1}$ In America, squirrels act in the same way, and are often a useful guide to the whercabouts of game. As the shouts of the men were not yet audille I was sure that there were deer on the move. The chattering company gradually ascended the hill towards me, till they stopped a little below, and just beyond a ridge, after which they gradually dispersed. I drew my inferences that something had come up to that point and stopped there. The men had had orders to bring the valley down, and then to swing up the side of the hill towards my post. To my disgust, when they had accomplished the first part of their task, they omitted the second. I stayed where I was for another hour, vainly hoping that they would carry out their orders. Then with my glass I made out one of the 'Turks far helow me, busily engaged knocking crab-apples off the trees. It was useless staying where I was, so I steered straight for the place where I had last heard the jays and there fond the fresh bed of a stag, and tracks showing that he had vacated it in haste, probalbly when he ham me descending the stony conloir. A 'Turk often begins a joh well but seldom completes it.

All these days my companion, whose superior energy deserved and obtained more exciting adrentures than my

[^7]wwn Weas even more fortmen thath I with the pathis of 'Tantalas. I will resign some pages to his parallal exprombers. He writes:-

 of youme pines on the opposite side of the valley we were
 two morr, restims, and whisking their eats in at pallo of thirk seruh. It this time of rear it was hiohly improhahle that they wonld be matcompanaied bex a malre alminer. so

 within three hambred vards of where we hat mandient them, amd waited amd watrhed. hut only to disumer ultimately that thes had moved em. Nodouht, in spitu of om


 their wonted para. Wir follownd their trank for at whla.
 they wre simple, masphisticated heasts fire whom the




 (1) his.




hind and calf stood 'at gaze,' with great wondering cyes. The calf, which was quite as big as a Scotch hime, would have been a welcome addition to our larder, hat I had no intention of disturbing the valley on the first day with the report of a 500 rifle, sare for a master stag. I retumed to the tents full of sanguine expectation.
"The following morning I set out with Achmet and C'elestin. The T'urk took me from $5.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. till 10 o'clork on the track of a ligg stag, down the long slope of the gorge below our encimpment, up the opposite momntain, orer rocks and through dense forest, till with the heat, already great, and the long climb, I should have called for 'time had I not been excited by the slot of the stag which was. to my imagination, as hig as that of a shorthorn luall.
"At list Achmet stopped, sat lown and said, witlo a little chuck of his chin, 'yol! ! yol!' (no good) a conclusion to which I had come some time before. For an hour we carried ou a conversation it leufient Prodigne, assisted by my limited Turkish vocabulary, white the Turk smoked cigarettes made from my tolaceo, and then we resumed the chase and all hut secured a prize.-' Ill buts' seemed to be my fate in the Ak lighl.
"About milday we were elambering orer some hot glaring white rocks as softly as we rond, to the edge of a patch of wood that filled a deep savine. On reaching the first chmp of trees Achmet seemed to know instinctively that there was game in front, he bent forward over a rook. pulled aside a hig hranch of a fir tree and stood like a pointer. By the movement of his fingers 1 saw he wanted me to (raw up; I did so inch by inch amd distinguished. fifty or sixty yarls helow me, in ihe trees the white patch





 thromgh the trase ont of my sight. We followiod fias in

 stoml with lical lowored amd open montl. W゙a lay down well hidhlon to wateh him. With my alasis. lhe dark red
 painly visible and when he hay down I thought the eme
 shwly matr his way up the side of the ravint halting
 sky-lime, in pite of the grat heat l man like a lamplighter over the shang rorkis, hat whem I reathed the spot where













"On the last day of september, I started in the dark, and, winding unsard through the forest, reached the highest ridge of the momatain in time to see all the glories of an eastern sumise amongst its white crags and black pines. We had hardly begun the descent on the farther side when a solitary hind trotted ont into full view and, after returning our gaze for some moments, trotted away, having once more reminded us how easy it was to be amongst the deer withont knowing it.
"Soon afterwards the distant bellow of a stag reached us, and we made for the corrie whene the somed came; he repeated his challenge, and at length we got so near that my heart jumped every time he lifted up his voice. We lay down and presently saw a hind's head appear on the skline above us. She apparently aproved of the prospect and came out. Then another fullowed, and another, and lastly a pair of great antlers like a withered tree showed above the ridge. We crawled down into a gnlly and laid our phan for a stalk. The ground for once was nearly free from trees, but eovered with masses of rock, and cairns of loose stones, intersected with little ravines. Achmet conducted me rapidly and skilfully across the open. displaying the dash that is sometimes ersemtial to success when deer are on the mose, or in a wooled country where they may at ally moment disannar from view. When moter the cover of rorks, he wouk rum as mimbly and silently as a cat, his feet leing whod with goat skin, white he turned to me every minnte, patting the sole of ome of his feet as a sign to me to make less noise. We quickly arived within a hundred yands of the stag, ant there below me I could see the arows of his homs, with fom on five 'croches 'on top' of cach, showing
 mover anf parallal with hime, in the hope he wonld enme up into vicw, hut he disappeared down al stated on another ran to rat him ofir at the next lavine.


 he wats moning shan! thromgh thich trees sixty yamb hemeath me. Jow often hase I wixhed for far retmon of that moment amb with what remonse I have thomght over the mess I matre of this wollem apportmity

- | call sex it all now the great heast passing hetween two thees. his mose near the grombl, semting the himbs





 it math have heme dur tor the very ime wh the animal-











struck，and he broke into a trot and in another minute was orer the sky－line out of sight．I confess those last shots were the height of folly，for had I refrained he might have lam down in view．Achmet，who han beaten his breast with dirgust at my first shot，Wan now full of astonishment at seeing my hullets strike so hard right arross the valley，the lange of his own medieval weapon being alout forty fards with＇Turkish powiler． After we hand searehed the ground to recover my empty frass cartridge cases，which wele treasmes in his eyes， we stmed on a long and weary，lont，alas！useless search for the stag．
＂ －ome days later［ memly attaned success，but not fuite，with the higgent stag l haml seen．Benjamen and I had heard him roating about moon，and had got within 400 yards of the gromp of pines whence the somud reached ns，when a himb emerged and lay down in view of us．We followed her eximple，and were stretehed there on onr filles for two hours in a roasting Asiatic sum．nor conld we move a hamk without her turning her head and ears towards us．It was an intense relief when，at length． she g̈ot up to feed amd quictly hedded down out of om sight． We then took off our boots．elambered down the rocks to the trees，and as the bellowing grew louder and lomer I assured myelf that we were fast apporablitg the monster whosesixteen foints［ han ionnted homs hefore．C＇antionsly we worked our way，close together，throngh the trees． benjamen in the alet of hrawing aside at thick braneh to allow of our stepping over a fallen giant of the forest， disoovered to my gaze three great himds within twenty－ five yards of us．There they were all eyes and ears．and



 of the disapmating tris. Latring the deat himl. I ram



Lange befone we reathed familian eromal. night fed amd with it a dremehing thmoler shmer. What a jommery




 fanimis light-handed expmations hat we were low and
 of the diredtion of the ramp, amb aldmately pulling and












 - till. 'The amimal. pulally with am mklin! of damer.
had dropped his head and crept away like a smake in the grass．Achmet＇s belief in the penetration of my weapon was such that 1 ronk not conviner him that it was useless for me to try and shoot him in the heal through the top of the ridge．Such was my share in the tantalising dis－ appointments of our quest，but I felt that，in spite of my two had shots，had we had the slightest tum of luck，we should have secmred gramd heads of what must，I think， be the most beatiful deer in the worta．＂

Disheartened by our failures，we felt that we must try some range where the forest was less dense，and the conditions more firvourable to success．Such a one we believed we knew of in the Emir Dagh．Bouba had visited it in the early spring．He hatd seen deer there，and，as a proof，had brought bark some horns． It took us four days to reach it，for our pack train con－ tamed some somy amimals．Alfied，who knows a goorel horse when he sees it，was mounted on one which hand seen twenty－three summers，cach of which had left its sears on its knees or elsewhere．Then there were all the other delays which arise in a comntry where procrastina－ tion is the rule of life．The Tomks hare a sarying which aptly expresses thein attitude towards amy one in a hamy． ＂Let us put it moder the enshion of the divam，＂equiva－ lent to the Parliamentary expression－＂that it do lie on the talle．＂

Owr way lay along a rlain of elevated phains，flamked by harren mountains，and separated from one another bey low rocky passes．It followed，for the most part，one of the ancient trande ronter to Konia．Camels pass all day in long strings，grunting umeder their loads，as they have








NITEA







but is difticult to see exept when ferenting about smenet．This ther do in a line like tame geese on a common：yet they are log mo means mwary．On the apporbl of langer，first one and them another stretwes ont his great wings，showing an expance of white；then after a banse the start ruming amd flaprong till the get mongh way on to begin their heary flight．This is so sow that they are sometimes oonsed and pullod down by


THE GREAT LESTMALD．
Erevhomms．Samt－grouse shoot by with the arowy flight of bue rom－pigeons．I arions phemomenon of the
 no doult，be one of thase whirlwind which sometimes oreur in abmomally sill weather．It may have been twenty miles off，we farther，and was mushroom－shated like the colmmo of smoke in a comsentional eruption of Visurins，hat much more airy and tramsparent than that． and it appeared to be stationary．

Tos sase the time ocrupied by pitching amt striking （amb，moming and erening．we resorted to the viltage















the stables，which are generally under the same roof，and of burnt camels＇dung，which is the only fuel in these villages of the plan，and it will be seen that a man must harden his heart to enjoy himself．Your welcome is， however，nearly always cordial．When yon are estal）－ lished the villagers troop in，to the number of a dozen or more，and seat themselves without restraint．Their man－ ners are romrtcons，but they show their friendly feelings towards strangers，chiefly，by telling pleasant lies．As one is truly a guest of the village，it is impossible to resent this very natural attention．

Travelling in the interior，is，at the present time， perfeetly safe，and there are no thieves hecamse there is mothing to steal．Seareely any of these small cultivators carry guns．I hart a revolver somewhere in my laggage， but I was far too murh affaid of it to loarl it．Such orgmised hrigatage as there is．takes place within rearth of hig rities like Constantinople．Salonika，aml Smyrna，where the semm of the Levant congregates，and where information of possilde good hambe may he obtainerl． Osman was the last professional gentleman who exploited the country near the latter city．To save further trouble the authorities emolled him and his whole hame ats gendames，but the proverbial rule did not work well in this rase．Ther began，like the law ofticers of the crown， to combine a little private practice with their ofticial duties． Smmoned to Smyma to account for this．they came to the Konak，lut with revolvers roncealed in their leets． When their arguments failed to convince，they used more forcille ones amd shot two on thee policemen amd pertat tor：in the court－honse itself．But somelody hat taken

 theme It the eme of two mimutes there wine monely left (1) he halleme















mystery was imparted by a low-lying dond of smoke which hid the town, and floated away in the shape of a gigantic ostrich feather. The only substantial things visible were the frowning black pramicl amd immmeralle white minarets which projected throngh the hase haze, while their bases were shrould be it. Othman, found of the Ottoman rare, arose like a meteor from somewhere within sight of this slender tower of rock-fit trpe of his dyasty-ever threatening to fall, lout sared ly the incerness of its mass, it lasts on throngh the ages.

Two long days in the saddle took us within sight of the desired haven. Eigerly we scamen, through our glasses, the distant ontline of the range, to try to make out the character of the groumt. The fourth moming found us at its base. The rest of the day was spent in stumbling up a dry water-course at the bottom of a narrow gorge. This natural staircase was the only access for horses to the upper part of the mountain. At length, we emerged upon a broken platean, and, after winding about for some time among rocky eminences, legan to skirt along the northern slopes near to the highest summit, amb overlowing the great salt desert which lies in the middle of Asia Minor. The sun was near its setting, but we conld not see any dead woon about-a prime necessity of a hasty camp, - hor any water. Notwithstamting this, our dirits rose, for the ground looked attractive. The slopes were seored by nomerous deepravines, and hollows covered with patches of oak, while on the ridges were wide stretches of the finest mountain pasture-first-rate stalking gromol. Delusive hone! The next minute my heart sank for 1 saw a large flock of sheep. I knew very well what that
meant. Wrahat eome all that way formothing. Presently.
 with them. A capital phace for dere, dombthest, but mow later in the yan when the Howes go down. lint ond immerdiate concern was to fiml wool amd water. It hast
 we discovered a heap of ehipson a little patean where we cond pitch a tent, ame immediately called a halt, and bumbled the parks on the ermmel. White we sent off two men to seek fin water in the valley. hat han they returnel. with chough fordrinking, and we mate ouscher (combintalle.

In the morning. inguiry of the shepherts confirmed our impression as to the deer. They were mo donht somewher on the ramge, for we subsequently, salw somb homs in one of the villages, but it is reve extemive, and the valleys were ton deep the ore patek tain along it, patallel with its axis. There seemed to be no ohere conse but 10 go down on the morthern side, and up agan at some wher foint. I distant part of the momatan was pointed out th us where there wore . sheforn choli" (plenty of stags). It lomked guite (llose, lut it tomk nis a day and a half to reach. Them was said to he a lomes Who knew it well, aml was a mighty homer, aml wo wion out of oun way to fiml his village. Ite was engigen in thrashime and his wife, a regular termagath. Nedared in


 amb attomed to bull hatex." That is what shandmed to

it back into his tent. This is what they call the suljection of women in Turkey. At last, the sight of silver appeased her, and he was allowed to come, but she liept his $y^{\prime \prime \prime}$. When we reached the fresh huting-ground, it was only to repeat the same disheartening experience. Here, too, were flocks of sheep, and this, apparently, our luruk expected, for having got his dollar, he deserted in the evening. We honted the surrounding ground diligently for two days. A few stale tracks only were found, and they were made by "travellers." We could hear no roaring. Perhaps we ought to have made another attempt, but at the time it seemed to us the most sensible course to return whence we had come.

This chapter is ahready mouly long, and I must draw a veil over our further labours. When the month which we had allowed ourselves in the comtry had expired, we were still without any of the royal antlers which we had dreamed of. It was very litter. Shall we atmit defeat, or try again?


AlRABAS.

## $\therefore$

## 

Nindon amel reimber were the ohjere of ms lirst trip to
 wf llotsi in sumblal. We hoped to be in time for the emb of the salmon fishing. but the season hath been all ealy ome. alded the salmon were all red and sleepr at the bottom
 that that is a fate of any significaner. for l herer wis a fortmate fishermant. I habhtmally masole myself ly the profomad buliefthat the salmon fisher wes his ocrotsiomal stacesses to rimembstances orer which he has mo anthol Whaterer. 'To me the strange thing is that the most

 grmerally Itfitw the whllin.






experiment, because the Sundal valley is rather populous for Norway, and the hunting expeditions of these people are sufficient to scare most of the reindeer to less accessible places, even though, as far as 1 could lean, but few were hrought to lag. More could not be expected with the native pop-gun, which at the time of which 1 am writing was generally the handiwork of the local blacksmith. Go back three or four hundred years, and it requires an effort of the imagination to estimate the craft and patience which it must have taken to secure so wild an animal. That the pursuit was attempted I once found presumptive proof, for 1 picked up an iron arrow-head among the bare stones near the top of one of the highest peaks in those parts. It could hardly have been used for any other purpose. I hat little expectation of success on this first trip. Nevertheless, I hoped to gather some hints, and experience that would be useful for a more extended sojourn on the fjeld, which we proposed to make in a few days.

I was accompanied by an excellent stalker, a farmer from a neighbouring valley, named Tostin, of whose reputation I had heard from a friend, who, fortunately for us, was free from the jealonsy with which one Englishman in Norway generally regards another if he happens to be on the look-out for sport, and also by his dog "Barfod," a splendid specimen of the Finnish or Esquimaux breed, to which all the dogs in Northern Europe approximate. It is characterised by short upright ears, an alert expression and a tail that curls like the horn of an old Highland ram. The vital parts are protected from the cold by a dense ruff of hair. The tail also carries a splendid brush and this is not for ornament alone, for when the dog sleeps you notice
that he uses it fon a respitator. "Barrion" was the size of a mollie. but coal batr all wer. exept for one white foot which gate him his name. His tine fur seemed to be the object of his especial pride, and three or four times a day. he deancel himself in the smow, satering it about. amd ruhbing his barls on it till his coat shome agram. The expersion of "Barforis" faere showed that he was as homest as the day, and as shrewd as a Sootchmam, ambl. hesides atl these qualitien, he pessersed a forr-madhing power of smell, hy the help of which he womld not only imdiate the presence of deer at a distance of three or form miles. if the breeze and the matme of the gromed were farmarable, hut his master combled firm his mamer whether it was the deer themselves that he winded, ar only their tranks. Wheover, he wats as mute as an moteraker when the rase rexpured it, hat when the occasion wath past, an garulous amd as herery as a fox-hunter after a good rom. provided the stalli hald been surecospul. Besides" Barfod" I hired two inferion beings who professed to have local knowledge, but who I shonld judge han never been on the feld before.

At daybuak next moming, we arembed amall lateral vallery and after passing a group of wete is-as the Norwegians call their summer dhatets-where I proposed to pasis the might, struck mp a steep ascent, and in half an home came wht on the edge of the dreary fjed. This comsiots of a vast phatean of heather amd rook. cut thromgh at rare intervals, ley the deep tremelh of a rultivated vallerlow bige amb shallow valley altemating for forty miles. with here and there a small half-fimed indaier, we litale lake, still mearly doked with the wintor sumw. In places.

edges and chifis, lout I suppose the level is nowhere less than three thousand, or more than six thousand feet, and for the most part the outlines are romnd and tame. In the sheltered places a few patches of grass are found, and cows are hrought up for a few weeks in the year. and temed by a solitary girl.

The high fjell is singriarly haren of life and the reinteer and ptamigan have it ahmost to themselves. The chicf exreption to this rule is the little lemming, clad, like the Pope's Guard, in livery of yellow and black. These miniature blunt-headed marmotsthey are only about four or five inches long. inchoding their stumpy tails-as though conscious of the reproductiveness of their race, are ready to sacrifice their tiny individual lives with wanton courage. As you walk the moor, a chirp crescendo, full of anger and defiance. attracts your attention. Looking ahout, you will perceive this tiny David, bolt upright, ant challenging Goliath. Yery likely he will be standing by his hole, but he will scorn to fly from dog or man. I have known them thus on a high road to contest the way with an adrancing cart. mutil the whed crushed the fearless little soul. 'They vary enomonsly in numbers in different seasons, and their sudden appearance in lordes aceomests for the superstitions anent them, to which old writers have given curchey ; e.g. of their fall from the clonds which Olams Magnus accomnts for, in that "like frogs and other small creatures they may in their embryos be attracted to the clouds, and, being then come to maturity, may drop from them."

Their inordinate increase in certain years, and the

 ande told me that, in a hat lemming year, owing to the eomphete destration af all edible hemberg on the momm-


 ofl amoss comatry in eompart bodies. So whetarle delers them. The mistating amy latres a wasted tratk hehind it. Jndtitmes perish he the waly, ather devomed by the

 a remmant of them. in dur time to the high fjelds whemere they rimme.

In hmoting reimlear Norwegims rely ahmost entimely "pontheir dogs for fimling the deer, as such athing as a telesope wis, a quater of a centmy ano. mannown in the remote listriets. There is some seme in this. for there atre inmmmeralile hollows on the phatratu whied eambot be
 of heing on the smons. 'The hantere methol is to keop a
 that somber on later the dog will rateh the seent of a hered. in which rase he will imbleate it ly his mammer. It lhe







appeared on the sky-line, followed by another and another, till there were seven of them. That was my first sight of wild reindeer. I was eager to start in pursuit, but 'Tostin declared that these deer were too distant to reach that day, so we proceded in the same way as before, alternately walking and smoking pipes on rocks, the while taking no particular ohservation, but learing everything to the dog. I had no great expectations, and therefore was not disappointed that, for a long time, nothing came of it.

We were sitting down for the twentieth time to shelter ourselves from a passing shower, "Barfod" was lying in his farourite position with his head between his paws watching his master's face, when suddenly he jumped up, ran a few steps towards the wind. sat down on his haunches. and cagerly snuffed the air, his hair on end, and his whole body trembing with exeitement. There was evidently something up, and Tostin assured me that it certainly meant deer. I lowered my voice, fancying that the dog would not show so much excitement mess the herd were close at hand, hat this was a very needless precaution. "Barforl" was called in and tied to a cord, which his master hed in a tight grasp. He paused once or twice turning his hearl about. Then, as though he had made up his mind about the right direction, he bounded on, tugging at the string. We followed as fast as we could walk, along an ahmost level show gully. Several ridges were topped withont seeing mything, till at last I began to get very much hlown, and to think the dog was hmbugging ns, for it was difticult to believe that he had winded anvthing at such a distance. After ruming and walking for three'quarters of an hour. and covering, I should suppose, fully
three miles, as the crow flies, from the spot where the dog first detected them, Tostin, who was now some way ahead of me, suddenly crouched down, and got behind a rock. I followed his example, and creeping up to him, took one look. There they were sure enough-eight or nine deer, slowly feeding away from us about three humdred yards off.

A ridge of rock filvoured us, and we worked up to them behind it. At last Tostin said, "Now look over and you will see the buck." I did so, and there he was plain enough, but too far for a fail shot, at least I had not sufficient confidence in myself to try him at that distance. It was my first chance at reindeer, and I determined to make sure of a bag, which indeed the state of our larder made highly desirable. A pretty good himd stood broadside on, about one humdred yards off, and I felt that she was to be the victim. As the smoke cleared off she lay kicking on her back. I shall not apologise for this mugallant action. In Norway the pot is the first consideration. Besides I wanted to shoot a reindeer anyhow.

Unlike the red deer, the hinds carry homs of their own. They are said to carry them some months after the bucks have shed theirs, and at this time, as I am told, they inflict condign punishment on their lord. He is a faithless brute and doubtless deserves it. For every chance you get at a buck you get ten at hinds. I do not think that five per cent of the deer we saw in Norway were bucks. The reason of this is perhaps, that their skins are thicker, and they can withstand the attack of the mosquitors. Thercfore while the hinds are driven to take refuge in high ground, the bucks can afford to remain
in the vallers where the food is beher amd the veretation sufiarient to hinle them.

Wraretmond to the setore and seleding the meatost latt. I matrehed in amel took possession to the consiblamble astonishment of the far-haimen romme danghtor of likimes Whase domain it was.as I was totally mable at that time
 she ousht to be at my intrasion. But she mante at virtur of neersity ambrotited to the domain of amother sistore of the eraft, presently mombing to himg me the onc luximy common to all in Somale -alle of (offee from lerries forsted at the moment. Emmm between two stomes. amt semed with campled sugiar.

The mext lay I tonk mother lomes streteln wer the
 Hoass. Where I wats weleomed for my meat if mot for
 in smalal, for the salmon still pefomed the wrovelling Wram to the paintal fly amd wo mate preparations lion -pemting the rest of ont time on the feleld.
 amd hoated as lar as the month of amother valley. the










Three generations, besides several poor relations, herded together, without a sign that they had ever had any communication with the outer world. Indeed, in these remoter valleys they seem almost independent of all produce save their own. Oatmeal and milk summed up the total of their bodily needs. They seemed to have nothing on earth to do but to cook and eat heavy messes of poridge. It must be frightfully unsatisfying to judge by the frequency with which they recur to it. So entirely did they live on spoon meat that there was not a fork in the house. This indifference to good food must I think be, in part, due to sheer laziness. To eat flesh you must, at least, first eatch your beast. The Norwegian therefore contents himself with oatmeal which needs only to be warmed and stirred. Perhaps for the same reason, and on account of emigration, laloour is dear in Norway where everything else is cheap. 'To hire a man for a day costs as much as a sheep. However, every man is " jack of all trades," and every household is self-supporting. To them the Englishman who is unable to cobble his own boots is a sulject of melancholy interest, that one should be sunk so low. I once sent a small cask of beer to Norway, which the voyage had put into such a forward condition that I had a difficulty in drawing it. They thought a brewer who did not know how to tap his own beer an extraordinary phenomenon !

During visits made to Norway in more recent years I was struck by the adrance made by the Bönder, or farmerpeasant class, in their standard of comfort. Owing to improved communications many articles of food formerly manown to them, and especially good white flow which
they rammot proluce themsines, pernetrate to the serdmand valleys.

In the midst of all the squalor there wats ome feature Which wits then common to most firms anay from ther high roads, but would pertaps be rady ohserved mow. owing to the pertina ions researehes of anlectars. 'Tlus only investment that they sermed to know for their salsings was in silver phate. This house was particulanly rich; I mate a bid for a massive wh tamkand of 'fatant deviee to the old miser of a grandfather, and he would have sold it directly if it hadn't been for his relations. He did run out with it on the morning of our departure when he thought no one wats looking. He rame wut Wearing only his shit, which semmet to have been in use as long as the tamkard, and the jelea that he and aneestoms such ats he, had been using the latter for all sort of purposes for many gencrations, was too much for me and l rejected it. He dial howerersell me a silver belt, which, as I afterwards heard, did not belong to him.

The first night that we were here a bear edimbed into a meighbouring fohl and killed three shemp. The peonde wre in grat excitement amt a deputation wated unn ns. to beg us to try to kill him. They poreeded to drive som mites of the serub on the side of the valles. 'The lwar rould mot eseape uphill beason of a steep samp of mok Which extomentang the sides of the hill, and there was
 beast hat beom comstantly seen rossing at this pares, and

 ought certamly to come to be killed, but he failed to show
himself. Subsequent experience has led me to the conchusion that a bear seldom spends two nights ruming in the same bed, or even in the same valley, especially when his conscience is burdened with a crime like the aloove, and also that he is as a rule far too cmming to be driven to guns. If the peasants see a bear twiee in the year they think he is always thereabouts, and they are very ready to turn out for a drive, both becanse they enjoy the lark themselves, and because they like to keep the Englishmen in the pace.

On the third morning the weather cleared and we were able to go up, to the fjeld. We sent omr luggage on a pony to a certain seter, and soon reached a high point whence we could survey a large area. The were not long in finding a herd of deer disporting themselves in the middle of a snow-firld, hut while we were discussing how best to get at them, they suddenly galloped off and we satw them no more. I believe they winded the pony who was in the raller. Before long we made out three more a great way off. We had to goover some rough ground and so lost sight of them, but ahout mid-day we found them again. They were half a mile off, in the middle of a little plain at the bottom of a valley, so that we were fully exposed to view if we moved towards them, but by moving in line on hands and knees, and stopping when they looked up, we got, after an hours crawling, to a big rock within four humdred yards of them, behind which we could again stame upright. Beroud that, there was not a stick or stone to cover ns, and there we had to wait, hoping that the deer would shift to better ground, or that something would turn up, but for many hours ther refused to move. Tre began to lee amxions, as we were far from our

 yot conld determine to my own sttistadion whetre deer


 hole in their eyolids, for hix in al sumstorm.

It was membly six belock before they pose amb fod fowimds more meven gromme. We crawled difty fompls hearer, aml waited againg Fiather than that
 hehind as shelf of rock. We jomped uje, aml ran down the hill as hated as we could. amd got within lather

 knork wrer aseromi. 'The stalle hath lasted fiom first to last seven hours; it was a six miles walk over heather

 as the tiay settlenent was ealled, but wore lather aghast When we fomm how very limited were both loadd and loking. We tried several saters atterwamls, but is leserpetion withis onc will suftion for all, though I confers that it was mot ome of the best seedments of its rlatr.
 stones the ehinks of whiolt were stufter with moss. amd



 -tamling room, aml I am comrineed that, with the whoke
of our party inside, the door could not have been shut. An immer chamber about the same size was filled with utensils and the protuce of the season. I believe that eventually our men slept in this place, on the top of the cheeses. When we afterwards visited another suter we touk the hint from them, for this inner room is always kept clean. The floor makes a capital bed when well covered a foot deep with reindeer moss and heather, and Kemy and I just filled it from wall to wall. I would only warn others from my own painful experience, that a column of milk-pails cight feet ligh in the neighhouhoor of one's head is not a very stable piece of furniture.

On arriving at Holbne, we turned out some of the men, that we might make our way to the fire with our frying-pan, a fortunate purchase from Sundal, withont which we should have been badly off indeed. I had besides one of those neat little copper toys called, I think, a Russian Stove. The spirit lamp vaporises some more spirit which is contained in an inner ressel, and which rushes out through a narrow orifice as a long tongue of superheated flame. This plays on the copper lid of the thing and would doubtless cook a lark or piece of bacon in a few minutes, if the handle did not get so hot that it was invariably upset on the floor. Besides the spirits of wine always gets among the venison in some mysterious way. This is tantalising to such appetites as we had developed, but, on the other hand, the ambitious little roar which the baby furnace makes while it does all this, is distinctly comforting. Our frying-pan was a much more substantial piece of furniture, fifteen inches in diameter. It was filled every morning with collops cut fresh from the carcase of a
windeer，which lise realy to hamd on the roof of the sutere and with plenty of butter，this made an exellent fiy． It wats cur mamstay for breakfast and dimmer amd also cold for luncheon，and it is the best tribute I wan piy to rein－ deer venison，to sily that we only got a little tired of it at the and of a fortmight．Kemme generally had the allvam－ tage when it was set hetween me．Ile alwily got to the middle of the pan first．ime encroandied upom my sild of it．


KDNざ。

Pontumately I foum in the intricacies of me alparatus a

 fister．hat I could detert amb piek ant all the tember hits．
 fosere．We felt the wath of head veremoth．The matione



The cake is fired for about 45 seconds on an iron plate. It is of the texture of hrown paper and is like that to eat, with the addition of a certain flabliness due to the moisture which it puickly absorbs. We were also rather hard $u$, for something to drink. We had one bottle of brandy which was reserved for cold days on the high ground: also half a poumd of tea, which we managed to spread orer the whole time in infinitesimal doses. 'Towards the end it did get very weak, lout by boiling it at the end of dimer in a venisony pot, we infused a little spurions colour.

The grand ditticulty is the fire, if, as in this case, the suter is too far from the valley to bring up wood, for then, the only fucl is dwaf creeping plants, harelly thicker tham a pencil, and full of moisture. But a great deal may be done by kepeng up a great blaze for a little time, so as to warm the hearthstone which gives out its heat slowly. Then if a fresh lieap of sticks is laid ready, after a time they hecome sufficiently dry to mak another blaze.

But to return to that night at Hoblme. After smper. we inguired for our bedroom, and were vaguely directed to a hig hollow rock that lay somewhere near. We sallied forth in quest of it, and found a goor many rocks about the height of one's shins, with sharl erges. and well conrealerl, hut the night was too dark to find the particular one that we wanter.

There was howerer an ohd seter close ber, which had heen long deseltert. and here we deposited ourselves and luggage. The cows had adopted it for their own, so we enjoyed a rich carpet, but we rigged up a shelf with an ohd door, amt I slept as well as I could, with the conscious-
 hand wotted awne fom botween the somes. amd the wind












 milk. weam amd rhesu-the kimd wambilly manle aml






 sume to lilae it.





 knockinglim wiel with thr sermal hamel. Is we wialked
home. I heard behind, and quite close to us, a kind of croak. Which is the sound the deer make when they are startled. This deer must have followed us, having lrobably seen something moving in the valley and mistaken us for his relations. He was wildly alamed when he found out the !fencherie of which he had been guilty, and went off like the wind, so that our riftes could not be got out of their casss before he was out of range.

The next day was a blank, and the next after that 1 wats obliged to stay in the sator and muse myself, for the wok I had contracted the first might hand become serions, and I dared not face the biting wind on the high gromd, till it got better. I improved my knowledge of the languase, ly consulting the seter woman about the economy of cheese-making, but most of that weary day was spent within the four walls of our windowless hat. There was a small quantity of rice among our stores. and I tanght myself how to make a rice pouding, by in exhanstive series of experiments carried ont upon infinitesimal portions of rice. I extemporised a Turkish bath, by raking ont the fire, and sitting in the fireplace, while I exhamsted our literature by the light that came down the chimmes. I slamped the holes in the wall, which ocomped more of the time than anything else. Tailoring. cobling. wool-arring were sucessively tried by the meagre light-anything to pass the time-but the bitterest pill of all was, when after fourteen long hours. Kenny came bark, for I heard that I had missel the most interesting and sureessful stalls of our trip.

One of the men. whom we had sent inte the valley two days before, ham told 1ss, on his retum, that he had
seen the watcke of four harer deer which he heliomed to be bures (they tumed out aftemamals to he very old
 Which them wias me rext. but that hy whirle they hanl entered. On the following dise we hat lowked for onn-
 On the moming in puestion. When the paty wror alposite the vatles, the dog winder them. apmemely not far oft. Ite quickly howsht them into sight of the deer. 'They
 to try to aret neaner. Instead of lying down as might have hern experedel. for it was now ten oielock, they kepe feeding on right up the hill, aml 'Iostin remanked with a grin, hat. if they wemt om. hley would get into al place where they combenty womm hatek the same wity, and that would be in the fire of the hanters. They were mow on a steep slope, lomming the hase of a broulish rifge wheh



 being alde to sere them. ther took the thp wif the momer tain before them like at lomip field. Ahe firn ment on








cliff, get beyond them. Kemy was to stay with the other man, and so get the deer between them. As soon as they attempted to turn back they were to show themselves, and keep them on the ridge as long as possible. The plan succeeded perfectly. Tostin had my breechloader, at that time quite a novelty, and, with the maccustomed facility, he was rather reckless of his bullets, which began to sing past his compamions' ears. 'The poor brutes were quite pounded, and did not know which way to go. Before they could get past Kenny, three of them lay dead on the ridge. The fur made a bolt to get back, but he cut her off, and put a bullet into her as she passed within thirty yards, which quickly brought her to a standstill. He had them all fom lying dead within two hundred yards of each other. It was not till then that he found that they were all hinds. This was rather a damper, but at least the meat wats very welcome in the households to which it found its way.

The next day we went down into Eikisdal to spend Sunday at 'Tustin's farm in the hope that my ailments would yield to a wamer climate. This valley forms a very deep trench. There were no preliminary slopes, but, after walking for several miles over fjeld more or less level, we came suddenly to what seemed the edge of an enomous rent in the lifls. In front of us, the cliffs were broken at one point by a gap which admitted of a steep zigzag path being carried down its side, throngh a tangled copse of crecping birch. At first, clouds filled the valley and prerented our seeing to the bottom, but as we got below these, we saw the inky smface of a lake extending for several miles. It fills the ralley from side to side, and washes the base of the precipices. On the opposite side, back sheer
 sblemdid waterfall mate one leap from the sk-lime to


 moan river.

It is this peraliar romformathan, of vallers wi extat
 wile extent of hatean, whirl makes the Nomerian high ljele so diflerent fom momotains of the momal trex. 'The

 wi space be will be disapperinted. It is featmeness 10 a ervater degree than amy hill eromtry whioh I komw. (of
 of this is fomme in the himets amd beastis, which ermmally
 thoush I will mot dent that the whitr-winged willwgronse is a petty bind.





 with finff strean in it for mor tate.






We rowed to the head of the lake, and 'Tostin's farm was close by, in the middle of a fertile little plain, or rather a plain which would be fertile, if a little more sumshine could reatch the bottom of the valley. Tostin was a prosperons man, his ficlds carry gool drops and many beasts. His range of farm buildings was extensive. The honse itself was one of the best I came across. Inside there were large well-furnished rooms, pictures on the walls, and newspapers lying about, beds clean and comfortable, but alas: the table carried nothing but a snow-white tablecloth and silver spoons. Whose brightness mocked our emptry stomarth. There wis nothing in the house to cat lout oatcalke, coffec, and milk products. However, it wats some change to have the venison we had brought with us cooked ly other hands than our own, and to miss the familiar flarour of ow fre-pan.

Tostin's pay for one day would have covered our bill for board and longing for two nights at a roudside station, but it was not sufficient to tempt him away from home when we returned to the field. He rejoined us later on, hat, for the time, he found pottering over his umripe gats, and eating grnel, more interesting. Certamly, the corn ham't the slightest tinge of yellow uron it, but he said it never did get riper in that valley. So for the time we harl to content ourselves with a young and inexperienced hunter. Up to this time wo hat shot eight neer in six days, but Kenny's great conp hand exhausted all our luck. Thenceforth, we had nothing but failures. For eight days we failed to bag a single deer, though we saw them nearly every day. We moved from sater to seter, lnt nothing reversed the the of mis-
 ringe which there were mily wo wase of rachimg. Wi-

 all reason, hay dombled hatek past the driver amd wemt Wown he the way he hat come up. Amother time we womded one out of a hert, which fill oxer a puecipier where it was mot pesibhaterecorer him at least so Thestin sad. 'Twier the wime rhopped romed to our hacke just as we were apmodhing dect. Once a thick fog eame on Whon the dow was leating us up to dece amd they saw n. b before we salw them. Once only I made a downight miss.and as it is nisual to athribute that sort of misfortune to some extrameons canse, I will saty that 1 shet ore his batk wwing to a stitl merk.

It last war time wate up, aml we haml to got aron to
 lant flamtars ont the fjeld were at a pleatiant plate be the
 chamge in omr lamery.

The late day came. we hat twenty miles to walle to


 Am:






herd of eleven deer in front of us, galloping off as hard as they conld. having taken the alarm before we saw them. They were led ly the finest buck I saw all the time we were out, and I could have cried when I saw them going. We sat down and watched them go. They settled down into a long swinging trot till they disippeared over a ridge about two miles off. It was likely to be the last chance, and it was worth making a special effort to come at them ; so we made a circuit of some miles to be sure of getting to leeward of them. and then quartered the gromed up, the wind, in a series of long swinging zigzags. This was a protracted business, for the dog, who was a very inferior specimen to "Barfod," seemed to have some family cares on her mind, and took no interest in the proceedings. Thns, we lad to trust antirely to om own senses. After some hours of this scarch I began to despair, but at kength Bjomen, who was in front, stooped stealthily, after peering orer a ridge, and there, as good luck would have it, were the missing herd.

They harl recovered from their fright and were lying down ley a little lake basking in the sum. We left the dog in 'harge of Bjornen's son, and got up within fair distane sheltered ley a rock. Here I left Bjomen, and drawing myself hy my ellows through the grass for another thirty yards, reached mother rock just big enough to lide me. and lay quite flat. Resting on my ellows, I rould look over and survey them. The whole herl, except their leader, lay exposed to riew on a littlr knoll. He was conched on the farther side of it, and I could only see his horns, and orcasionally his head and part of a great shaggy neck, when he lazily mised his nose to smff the breeze.

Ans one of the others rould be onvered by the beat as they las. lout I hald to wait thel the master starem me at far chamer he rising. 'Tlar fawne of wheh them were twor there. were atspationt as 1 , and seremal thans got up amd trich to rouse thair dams, hut 1 had to wait mone than two homs for my oprotuntr.

Now prohaps sume mats think that lying on your eflows in the sum is an agmathle way for a las man to pasc his times. so it is for a lew mimutes. 'Jre it line an hour, and ron will alter your opinim. Lntess your musdes are math of sted the will roflose ang longer to ramy the weight. Vour head will be suffered to sink on four hamd amb your thonghts will wamker anthere mat sou prembly forget where you are. That at hast was what happened twor. Itow longig had hern dozing I du not kinw, hat something mosed me with a stant, amd in : moment I readisad that I had all but lust my chamer.

The herd had risen, and were trotting down the other site of the kindl, all but the hig bork, who fontumatels still remained for his final streteh. Sis he tumed to follow, the sabre me a fail boatwide for one moment, and I fired. Ther all went uft in a mob tomether. For a moment I thomght I mus hate mised him, form the way he bele after them. hut amothing apamodic in his. gallop mandre me
 watherl for then tw thy the wox hill. When ther canme in sight, the huck wis mot with dham. aml for a motanty




in doing so, he rolled over and died. Ay bullet had been well phaced for it had cut the heart and passed through his borly. I foumd it under the skin on the opposite side. Yet he had run two hundred yards hefore he fell. He was a gramd stag in the body, amd his homs though small in proportion, had sixteen points. We secured the meat from maramers under a heap of bigstones, to be fetched subsequently, but, as we were detemined to have something to show, we cut off the head and a haunch as trophies. Bjomen carried the haunch, and I hope he liked it, for I foum the head quite as much as I could manage for a rongh walk of fifteen miles, but I would rather have sat on the horns all the way home than left them behind. We found Kemy at Lœesjevork in the Romsdal, and the next morning took to the road again, and in five days were in Englamel.

Nowndays, I believe that one has to pay a heary license, amounting to $£ 11$, for the privege of shoting reimleer, or any other wild bird or beast on "public" lants. This restriction is aimed at foreigners and especially Enghishmen, but if further protection is needed for the reindeer, it is a pity that the existing laws are not enforced against the natives, who, with all their excellent qualities, are the worst poachers and pot lumters in the word. Though I have only once been out reindeer hunting since the experiences here described, it ranks high in my estimation of wild sports.

## 


 pore of the persistemer of the rate that, mowithetamime the enommons senhegical period which most hatre dapert sime the two bamenes of the fimily were separated he the
 shobtly. The lacial makes of the leyencan amimal are rather datker than those of its empenere and in all its patso it is prithas somewhat smaller. (eperdally in the horns which are mare stemter. but this is moly part of a genaral law mater which remam mamats. sum an the



 the lattor allul the i\%\%and.




their methods would be despised as murorthy, in regions where the honourable rules of the chase are as much regarded as they are with us. A gemsen-jüger prides limself on his fine rifle-shooting, and practises the art every Sunday in friendly rivalry with his neighbouss, but the chessen drizards will tell you that there is a better chance of killing two at a shot if you use a charge of buckshot, and that the herds are tamer in the spring when the lids are ruming at the sides of their dams.

My first introduction to the izzard was, in fact, in the month of March. I paid a hriof visit to the charming village of Gavarnic without any inlea of hunting at that time. There is a finely-engincered road to it, one of Nipoleon's llI.'s extraragances, hut more excusille than some of his follies, for it was constructed to please his wife. 'This, and the miracles of Lourdes have had a rulgarising effect on Gavarnie since I first knew it, and at the present time the hunter who regards his bag, will do wiscly to scek more unsophisticated 'fuarters. But this remark requires explanation. It is almout twenty-five years since a lady in gatuze wings apreared to a shepherdess at that hamlet. The minacle was entorsed by the Pope and all his cardinals, and has brought much pelf to the coffers of the church, an well as to the ecstatie damsel's consins and aunts, who adrertise themselves as such over the doors of the wine-shops. The peterins flork in thousands from every part of Catholic Europe, and great numbers of them find their way up, twenty-eight miles fanther, to Gavaruic. This has not improved its moral atmosphere, but it is still delightful quarters. and the eternal featmes are always there.

The ehief of these is the Cibute of that ilk, a wombert amphitheatre of black alifs, smommed los smow-fiols and the arr-looking erests of the ramge. It the time of my lirst visit the fimons waterfall. wf no ereat volmme.
 falls over this elill, was frozen to its walle like a whitr cortain, while great shoots of smow, that harl poumed from above lay in dirty white shoper at the bottom wit the alswes.


 ome spirits, amd athomed myself to be persmaded to attempt a stalk on the following dar, thomeh (iatrambe was shombled in show, amd lwas serptial as to the possibility of getting alont in the higher comicrs. Dating no weapon,


 chisit. It smowed so heasjly in the momaing that we did
 of two houms a point wat reached whirll oratonked tha
 solitary buck izzard diaporting himedf on the moks. wias half indined to think that he wias at tamm omm jomt




 sern thr hark, hat he wist mowhore visible :mm it was

we had to wait for an hour, sitting in a biting wind, with snow well above the knee, till he chose to appear. This at last he dicl, feeding below us and we ruickly got on better terms. as it was easy to aproach silently through the flowry snow. I never felt mach more hopeless of doing any good, for my fingers were almost without feeling, and the flakes, whirh now fell again, piled themselves on the rib, of my gun faster than I could shake them off. However, I had got to let off that gun at that izzard. and I was guite relierod when I had pulled the trigger aml got it over. The poor little rock jumper raced, with a frantic scamper. down the snow slope, but ahmost instantly rolled orel with a hole right through him which might hare been made ley a drowharl. My bourgeois weapon had carriod true.

The ground which the Pyrenean chamois frequents is certanly stecper and the dimbing more difficult, at least on the Gpanish side, than I have fomed it in the Alps when similarly engaged. There are also long lines of cliffer which camot be negotiated except at rertain points, few am far betwern, and which therefore involve hong detous. These cliffs are often more than sheer; ther overhang at the top. or, as one of me party, somewhat given to exaggeratim, desribed them-" they are not on steep after all, only that the slope is inside out." A deal or wounded izzard sometimes falls orer them, and gets smashed out of all recognition. Gerald had to make a cirenit of thee hours to reach one which hand thas eseaped him, and fomed it already amexed by binds of per ; a circumstance which mattered the less as there would have been mothing fit to cary home in any rase.

I will mot weary the realer with anythimg like a commerted acount of my izand homts of which I have majey many sme that, or 1 should rum the risk of repeating mum of what I hase said in the chapter on Hamons, hat a few selactions from my motes will sumb to give some then of the eport.

I thimk the fellowing was one of the mos saried amd
 Whe party of thee left our headquaters at 4 A.s.. amd, apponting a rembezons at the litale hambet of Bowhere
 followed a formth-athe ordinary muld path. Ily come laty throngh the "bredne," the ambens squate nimbe in the erest of the rimge which is visible for so many leagus. both on the Fermely amd spanish side. 'To reach it one marchere stmight at the wall of the (ibyue, whenee, to the minitiated, there seems 16 exit: hat acress the righthame part of the diff ther is a maton diagonal lentge which is almost imvisithe fiom below, but up which there is in reality a famons matmal



 them, lill they laty Jown ant we beram the stallk. We hatd 10 mose :mong some rock whirh wor in their viow, and I thimk they may hate soed somethime. It ally rate
 the valley in which we were the all isinated peak or


round the corner. We now took up their tracks in the


THE BKECHF:
snow, but the farther we followed them round the peak, the more the wind was at our backs. I was just making










 liat sume of him as I pulled the uixger but at that moment







 Amminatin! the worl. mone than wh ims other spot










window, especially when the columns of cloud boil upwards from the hot caldron of Spain, is of extrardinary interest and charm, though these vapours are always regarded with suspicion, for they are the most frequent marplots to the sport. On the present occasion we had no intention of remaining, for many hours of the roughest rock tramping lay between us and our night's lodging.

From the Breche you look out to the south orer a wild waste of rocks and snow, below which a tremendous range of cliffs walls in Spain. Out of this tableland, if I may call it so by contrast with the precipices, though it is in reality broken up by many deep ravines, rise several isolated peaks. IFigh up on the face of one of these, the Pic Royo, we made ont a lot of izzards. They appeared to be quite mapproachable, as they commanded the whole of the comparatively level ground between us. However, inder cover of some big rocks we approached to within about six hundred yards, hoping that they would come down on to better stalking gromed. In this we were disippointed and we could not afford to wait. Beyond there was no covert whatever to conceal us. We were now on a ridge of rockis, coloured red and ochre, which were precisely matched by a suit of Harris tweed which I happened to be wearing. Feeling sure that it woukd puzzle the izzands, I determined to try how near I could get by boldly walking forward, although I had no expectation of getting within shooting distance. Learing Celestin behind, I proceeded to adrance towards them in a stooping position, and hauging my arms so as to look as much like a four-footed mimal as I could. The moment I left the hig rock they salw me, and all stood up, staring intently in my direction.

I kept steadily on till I hand diminished the distame by ome half, the igramels all the while eontimmeng stand at Gate, but quite mable, wwing to the carions hammory of
 fine. When I got within what I judered to be three humbed
 reded by hare shale. It was eleal that, with at different backeromme I must be instimtly ilentified. Now it so haplemed that, a few days before, I hatl beem shooting a riftomateh at a target, amd knew exactly what my - 400 Henry could do at this very distane, althongh it has only one fixed sight. Besides, the izzands offored an momatly elear mark, standing, as they were, rigil as carved stones against the white shops of the peak: amb, ats it was hopeles to get amy nearer, I thought I would tre the shot: hut I was considerahly sumpised When the smoke cheared, and revealed the one I hat seleeted lying stone dead. It was a sight to see the rest of the here sattur with tremendons lears, and anempanied b the bomming stones which they distmbed and al clome of dust, bomel amd slicle down the eliff touredels me. for apmantly they conld mot beliex that the shot eonld have prowerted from the dim amd diatimt where which they hat bom wathang. That was I thimk the bomges sucerestul *hot I exom mande which was mot all absolnte flake.
 Westined to ald to his loarl. Afor amothe two homs Hamberinge amt just hefone we bexam the stem wist part of





THE HERD CHATTEAEO DOWN THE CLIFF.
roukl. While he makd a eirenit ame mosed them. This satheme we maried ont. hat the ed dat mot take the expertend direetion. I ram alome hehind a ridee to cut them oft, hat I could mot get within two handred yands of them. 'There hand seen me. hat thought the were fir enough to be safe. and bunched up. 'The dixtance was really too far for anything like a safe shot, amd I hat monsiness to fre it, but. enewraged lo my previns skill or good hack. I sederted a niere hack ame fired. Thes mathed of helter-skelter and I *upused I hat missed, as, perhips I deserved to do; hut ten mimuter later, when I reached aspot which fiaed the stope where the ham been, I tomed my ghass on to it white wating for (endestin to eome up, and there lay the bedy of the hurk where it had fallen, stome dead to the shot. behime the wek on which it had been stamting, amb whirl harl eompletely enmeralen its hody from the tiring puint. Celstinsumehow managed to pile all thecemimal:on to his harks. and for al olw dixtane lant with latome-

 thentand feet of thesernt and the way was mond. but it was lightomm be a ghorions mon, whase beame

 (ompanions.

I think this wat withort exopetion the low have

 hand given tromble of rather ant mmexal kime. It hand


down to fetch it, and did not reappear for an hour, when he returned without the huck. He had followed it by the bloody trail which its body had made as it slid downwards, until the cliff got too steep for him. From this point he could see to the base of it, and the small snow-field which sloped away from it, but nothing of the buck. 'To reach the bottom they hat to make a detour of two hours; but when this was accomplished, there were still no signs of the dead izzard. At last they ame to the conclusion that he must have fallen behind the snow, which had melted away from the rock, leaving a cleft, into which they conld neither see nor descend; hut there remaned one more chance of reaching it. liy great good luck the stream which fell down the rock had wom a way for itself under the snow. Proceeding to the foot of the slope they cautiously crawled, on all fours, up the tumned, and, after a difficult piece of underground clambering, found their quarry and brought it once more into the daylight.

So far as numbers were concerned. I once hat a still better day than the above. On the platean above mentioned there are several curions deep crater-like hollows which ought to be lakes, but that the water, which flows into them, escapes through subterramean passages in the soft limestone. I formd a herd of izzards in the loottom of the largest of these, which is about half a mile in diameter, and perhaps 500 ft . deep. I killed one at the first shot, and as there was no escape for them racept by monnting the steep slope opposite to me, they kept stopping and giving me a semon, third and fourth chance, so that I had three lying dead before they got out of ramge. I had killed
another in the mornings, so there wits meat in ramp that nixht. I was certandy in exedlent form that yaur but lest I should seem tor boast, I may mention that a
 than the other. and mised them all:

If a ferson is willing to face donbtfol weathers, he mar often have the finestisent late in the yeare, when the buskin are on the move. They are then sometimes setnced
 of mistaken itentitr. My firemd sam fumbles me with the following note of such an experienee:
 stalking: hat if its rastomary stomes are suspended. the patient sportsman may xally out with an assumed prospert of sport. If ha shombl be fatomed with still bright fiosty Weather, and fresh white smow, mon which tratks can be piekerl up at ant distamee the eream of the reatom lies hefore him. For about this date a mew olament entors into the simme. Wren the most whmish old sultmites seck to "join the laties. The weighty old eraty-fare now sallies forth in quast of the fair: and his weakness
 It mats seem unferling to take mhemtage of his mas indiscretioms - hat that these wereanions may be protitah! thomed to aconnt the followime will shas.

- It wast the last work in (betoher-atormy wather hand





seen a herd. Sure enough they were there, or thereabouts, lut the stalk failed, imd they went away-mphill as though to cross into another valley. We watched them top the ridge, going very slowly in the deep snow, and made sure they would stop, a little way over on the other side. We were just aloont to make after them, when we spied, very high up on the opposite side of our valley, two splendid bucks. Une was a lord among izzards. His head was good, but what especially distinguished him was his size and colour. His haunches and shoulders were so grizzled as to be almost white, while his barrel was black like a bear, and the long histles stood up-a wiry fringe along his back. There was only one way up, and the wind was pufling this way and that, in an aggravating mamer.
"But it was my last day, so we hardened omr hearts and determined to try it. Sometimes we were on good gromm, sometimes on batl, -and the wind all over the phace. I had not much faith in it. Suddenly, howeres, the buck we were in search of rose, and disappeared wer some rocks. We could not tell whether he har got wir wind or had merely risen to feed; but we feared the wonst and hmried on to see. Sure enongh they had gone. We were just begimning to sigh over our ill fortme when my hanter touched me and pointed. Crossing a wite corrie there he was-the hig fellow-stancling on a pak of hack rock, staring hard in our direction and giving vent to a suceession of surnised whistles. 'Sapristi'-- Ill! le grond coquin. Refardez-le! il lest pes sît-il woms conit diatie femellos, rous et moi pare expmple! Tenes
 risite!' Aud belohl! one loud whistle and with every
hair on his back ered, he wheded about and started in our diecetion with the air of sudden impule whel comes wer a man when he catches sight of his laty-lowe. fon whom he has heen wating impatiently at we tratingpate. How he did gallop on the roeks and seramble thromg the soft show, sometimes up to his neek! som a buttress of rock hid him from onr sight. We jumper up amd ran for a rock whith commanded the spot whew he should wappear. Minutes semed homs. till we heard the slight ratale of falling stones. Presently his heal andeared and then his berly rame in sight. Ho was lowking ahout cagerly for his inmmorald hat he was not reeded with the calres which he expected. Bangr a putl








 (1) it, party wing to its :








metres. That was, I think, ann exageration. and there was nothing tolnoast of in the fact that it was my turn to have a stroke of luck, and that I succeeded in hitting the one I aimed at. He rose, stmmbled a few stepr, then lay down, and I had no difficulty in mitmately recovering him, though I had to shoot him agam. But in the meanwhile the strange part of it was that his companion, who lay within two yards of him, never moced to the shot, thongh the echoes of it reverberated round him like thonder. Loading again 1 amed at this sleeping beauty, but failed to find the mark a second time. This bullet must have splashed the snow all over him and he fled like the wind, but even now he did not know whence the sound ame. and galloped straight towards ns round the face of the cliff. I thought I was sure of him too, but he followed a little comice below me, and the werhanging eliff hid him from view, so that I never saw him again. I have no doubt that the indifforence of this izzard to the sound was due to his mistaking it for filling rocks. There had been a heavy fall of snow, which was molting very rapidly at the time, causing lig stones to rash downwards every few minntes.

I do not wish it to be thought that there was anything extrordinary in the long and fortumate shots which I have recorled. Every sportsman can recall penty such, and there is no partioular credit to be attached to them. Some would sat the contrary. But I have selected such instances for description because, howerer much they may have been due to chance, the trimmph at the time was sweet, and made the impression of those dars more vivid tham others.

There was a bery old buck whid inhablited the
 went in pursuit of him, but he as oftern dumed hes at he had thate in the cave of mans other spotsmem, mation amb fonewn. I hand been first tokt of his existomen las Vietor Browke who had known him for four or fise grant before I did. amd he was quite a voteran whon he was dirst ohserved. He ham been christened he that apentsman
 stump, as if he hat just ame out of Noalh's Ark, tha rest of that limb having been loft hehime in a pervions encomater; hat he knew very well how tomake the hest nsw of this limited number. and there was no fathoming
 hand been partly wenn or broken awil! Now womber if the matives regarded him with semi-superstitions atme, for low had been repeatedly shot at amd seomed the hear a chammed life. It womld till this volume if I Aetathel all the attempts we made to seedme this child of than mise amt the shifts amt expertients he msed, to makn himsidf
 (acratis motes the areonm of the last sumber attempt that we mate to sumber his remerathe heall. Thatt was

 copion him.
 mater the his ditl. Wie mght thater ond met them if (acont hand med math a misake athout the wiml. Which enst


which we found soon after．Long we wought him in vain， and，at lengtl，climbed to a spot which commanded the other face of the ridge．＇Ihence we made ont a solitciire who looked like the＇Suldier，＇lout as he was a long way off， and lying down，we could not identify him in the usual way．Now an unfortunate thing happened．We acci－ dentally startled a small band which han not previonsly been seen by us，and I rashly took a long shot at them． doing no good，and of course disturbing the soliturer． Immediately we turned our glasses towards him．It wes the three－legged one himself．Je had three others with him，a very good buck，a doe and a kid．We watched them till they lay down on the long slope of snow and loose stones under the clift＇s which overlook the pass．＇This is very bad stalking ground from the smoothness of the slope and the noise made in walking on the shoots of stones．The two bucks lay down together at the bottom of the snow sope，near to which there is a pile of rocks which have fallen from above，and slid down the snow．The approach might have been managed very well if it had not been for the doe and kid，which lay down in a commanding position，and one in which they must get the wind of any one coming up，behind the stony hmmock．The weather looked so uncertain that something had to be dared．If we waited till they fed in the erening．the gathering clouds would probably interfere，so I had to take the risk of their being put away by the doe when she got my wind． by descending to the path which crosses the pass，and remomting，I soon approached the position I desired，but， as I expected，started the doe in doing so．Fortmately the bucks did not，at first，see her go．Now ly mapl

 distant, and I begian to hope that the ehanter wats within
 thongh the eompanion hation weme an easy shot, -innt

 might hate killed the other with ease, hat wated, hoping that the where of m! desire womle stame aml show himseeff. I thomeht he womlal do this as soon as rither of
 alone the rocks above, hut insteal of that, when the ohe fellow at last rose, he perversely moved off mater raver of the stones, and I could not eateh sight of him antil he hat reachad too long a ramge amd wats grang hamt. A
 husintes. It a homdred amd filty yands the rhanmer in remote imeled, amd he would not halt till he had trehted that interval. I wave him one mome pating maserabe at that loms ramere and kinorked thr show all over him, hat that Wias all."










the spectre of the Brocken. I could not be mistaken in his identity for I could plainly see the stump of his missing leg, but the eurtain came down again before anything could be done. We moved on however through the mist. As if hy magic it suddenly lifted. Again I cunght a glimpse of a huck just about where the "Soldier" had been, but he saw me as quickly as I saw him, and was over the edge before I could draw a bead. I ran forward, peered over, and could hear him rattling below. As he reached the bottom he stood a moment and gave me a fair view with a good hackground of snow. I saw the hair fly to the butlet. The buck stumbled, recovered himself, ran a few yards, and fell over dead. The invulnerable lay stricken at last, and the stalwart who had defied us so long was, as I supposed, overthrown ; but before descending to possess myself of him I took a look at him throngh my ghass. Lo amed behold he had gut four legs, and, thongh the higgest izzard I ever shot-he weighed 60 lbs - - he was, comparatively, a young buek. Now whether the *od Soldier" renewed his routh like Fanst, in the persm of this vigorous young buck, or whether he went up to the haprey hunting grounds as one of the clond forms which Hoated aromed ns, according to my information, from that day he was moer seen again by living man.

Before I conchude this chapter it may be worth while to give a linint to future sportsmen. In the transit across France, cartridges, and the means of passing them through the donomes, are ahwas an anxiety. I once hatd a bad quarter of an hour at Paris. When I went to seek my luggage the usual long bench was searched in vain. At length I discovered it, set by itself

 shler myself umber arest．He taxed me with carreing dangerns explosives and deseribed my bag as mow betem than an infermal mathine．Then waxing more mhate le deseribed．with tremombonsation．how it ham spit fire amel
 captor to the contemmed erll as I suphest，and in my preseme the adectsed bag was examined．Formmately I Was able th show that all my artridges were still intand． hat I conk not deny the palpable exidenes of fire．I＇lti－ mately to my surpise I got off with a mpmamel，amd it War mot matil some dive later that I disoovered that my whole stock of cigar－lights was missing：

Aldine aseents have been done to death, amd perbals this chapter will be gencrally skipped by readers who may have struggled so fir in my book. Yet I calnnot deprive myself of the pleasme of recalling just one or two labmions but delightful lays of struggle, which I serent in the company of frients, no less enthasiastic than myself, and in the eapture-not of wild beasts-hout of virgin peaks and passes.

There was a wonlerful freemasomy among the worshippers at those shrimes, and it wonld be impossible to exagserate the devotion and enthriarm of the votaries during the "sixties." It was the decate following on the formation of the Alpine Club. Within that period, nearly every peak and passage of any importance was discussed at bome, minntely examined on the spot, attacked, and finally connuered. At that time I was one of the worst rictims of this smmer matheses, and spent hours (aht, how delightfully !) at the little ('lub room in cager controversies with others like-minded with myself, while I wasted my suhstane on arery kimd of printed or graphic puldication



 amd with heates to devine, amd torammamal. On the lip




 is. nelvilllls.








 vivil impmesion wh my mind.





 Witherallery.



risible. Without an hour's delay, we seized the occasion, drove off down the valley, and a few hours later found ourselves at the little Pavillon de Belle Vue, on the Col de Toza, which ridge divides the northem from the western face of the great massif of Mont Blanc. That mountain has been almost vulgarised by two generations of the showman's business, but I have often thought that, of all the ranges which 1 linow, it is the most impressive. The pure and stately dome of the monarch contrasts so gloriously with the graceful spires of the attendant aiguilles, which rank themselves around their lord. Of these, the Aiguille de Bionnassay, which is the most conspicuons and seductive of the group, of those that are visible from the approach to Chamouni fiom the west, was, at the time of which I write, nearly if not quite, the highest Alpine peak which remained unscaled. Our intention was to endeavour to ascend the peak by its north-western face, and if successful, follow the long curved arête which connects it with the Dôme du Gouter. We expected difficulties which would only yield to a determined attack; but we harl tested one another's powers, and I had the utmost confidence in my compamions, than whom it would have been difficult to find any more averse to turning their backs on an incomplete undertaking. Our guides, Cachat and Payot, though not in the first rank, were, like most Chamouni men, excellent icemen.

With in hour or two of daylight to spare, we proceeded to examine the face of the peak which we hoped to sublue, and which now came in sight. A well-regulated mountain onght to consist of rocks and snow in reasonable proportions, so that if the conditions of the one are unfarouralble, resort may be had to the other medium. In this case,
there was mes stry eption. The ratime fare whirh was
 in smonh sopes all the highest angle comsiotent with


 these, the shpes of alder and didter show were semen with

 asemblame mather pazlin! phaces.
 bakes phate on these werasions. with the lime convidion





 of the ditarion dee busems, and which he mefused to tidel himedf. stoper all furthem par.











say breakfast-with an appetite at 11 p.an., still more difficult to sleep, throngh the intervening homs. Thas it was not a rery hilarious party that started soon after midnight on a very dark night; nor were ow spirits stimulated by the weather. The clonds looked oily, and the watery moonlight behind them showed that they were streaming overhead at a great rate, straight from the tormal phans of Lombardy. Such a southerly wind, as all momtancers know, was certain to give us trouble.

In bat weather mountancering is mecrtain and often risky, so that aseents which in clear weather are comparatively simple, become, under other conditions, most formidathe. On the other hand, the momtain ghom, the sudden lifting of the curtain, the visions of fairy light seen through the rifts, the mysterions depths half reveated, make it far more interesting.

At first, the route lay orer grassy alls, and we hand only to stem towards the frowning masses dimly seen in firont. I always fomm that in these ghostly walks before cock-row, the time passed quickly enough, powided that the pace were not forced ; and in what semed a short spare of time, we were skirting the base of the Aiguille du Gouter. Wha hat mgaged a hamger-on of the little imm, whos local kmowleng was supposed to lor equal to kecping us in the little goat-tand which leads towards the Giacier de biommassay; hat when we got among the rows, either the darknesis was tow much for him, or he passed beyond his ken, so that we presently fomm ousslyes phanging and stmmbligg wer hidfen obstarder. He hopelessly lost his way, ant wr our tempers. So we sent him bark to his matural fimetion - deaming boots. Bat now we romblal



 hase of the great frozen lyramil, with whirl we wore to try comblusions.

Emer surb rimematamese it is eremerally the lest

 as meaty as posihle; for this reasom. hatt the allole of at

 better surver the slopes on either silde, amd take allomater of any ficcomalle combination which may prexnt itsolf.
 forming the western harior of the elacior. It was of a fomminable chamater, hat $I$ am inclined tathink flat wn

 than the one we aldpted. On the other hamd. we misht





 rontimmally plomgin! lownmianls.




remtered viscid by the warm moist weather. Under, and among the leaning cliffis we cut our tortuous way upwards, with a sense of relief as each somre of danger was passed. At length, we had sublued them all, and there lay between us amd the ridge, nothing but a slope of hard ine of great steepness and unknown length. It was only a question of the sturliness of our men, when we shonld suceed in sumoming it. In turn they took the lead and wielded the axe.

Ifour after hom, with a muscular vigour, only to be foum in countries where every peasint is a woodman, the ringing strokes succeded one another monotonously, and the fragments of ice hissed past the string of patient followers. In rutting up an ice-slope of this length, it is necessalry to economise time and latrour as much as possille, and the steps are hacked out as far apart as is comsistent with safety. This necessitates a camped position for each member of the party, for one leg is always doubled up sharply, with the knee nearly at the level of the stomach, white the other remains stretched at its full length. The best way to pass the tedioms homs, and to prevent the imagination dwelling ton fixedly on the obvious possibilitien of the situation. is to work away with the axe, and improve the steps which the pioneer has begm. To most Englishmen rocks seem more comfortalle. It is the pitiless ice with its expuisite lines, curving over to the unknown, which damests the nerves. At least that is my experience, and I do not think it is possible for the most practised momataineer to find himself on such a slope without some tremors. The rope gives confidence, amd at that time I used tomaintain that it gave security
 proved that, on a slope of surlo sterpmest, the mistakn of ane mary involve the destruetion of all.

It length. He moment of relief amived, when the fire of iee to which we hat hern clinging. heginn to assumm :
 were able to stamel uphight with a toleralole semse of smpront. Snow romld lice, amd in the sufter material wro
 wht the ridue,

Thometh the namow edge on whirh we now stome still lan mp:anks, amd romved out of sight to an maknown distamere, there alleared mo obstarle likely to stop ns. Wre hand hern soing for arer hours, abmost withont at hatt. amd fors seren hours the jerewall had herde wis in its toils, lat mow, for thr moment. the tenson was at an

 luxtury of a streteh, ant foreover sumewhat fiem the
 but thr semse that wrewer loumd to win hat a still mone restomative aftert.



 that lias.




small account, compared with those already orercome, and the sconse of overlooking looth sides is only comparable to the exaltation of the skater when he first succeeds in batancing himself on the outside edge. In this case, we had quite enough excitement to keep our powers on the stretel, for now a fresh trouble met us.

A heary thunderstorm had for some time been cracking and growling helow ms. We stood as it were, on an istamd with a curdling sea of thmoder-cloud at our feet, not inky as such a one appars from below, but brilliantly illuminated from above. This light was so strong that it sublued the flashes of lightning, and we could only see those that were near us and on the edge of the cloud. They appeared from our position to take a horizontal course. Some of them were instantly succeeded by rending explosions which seemed to send a vibration through the mountain itself, as the shock of a broadside wave shodders throngh an ocean liner. It was still more trying to the nerves when our axe-heads began to hom andibly with the stream of dertricity passing through them into spare, and the loose hair moder our eals becane distinctly sensitive to the same mysterious influme Such an experience has ocemed to most Alpine climbers, and to myself on more than one weasion, but never under such startling cireumstancer.

Quite suddenly, the storm rose and enveloped us, and the air became thick with a towmente of snow, driven bofore such a wind as is only felt on the loftier ridges. It sermed like some live and angry beast, which strove to coml us off the crest. Last I should seem to exaggerate in this, I may remind the reater that we were within a mile of the Posse da Domanaire, where some vears after-


 hatat of sumpasing fing hanl spent itself, amd somb-

 -hoked amd wholly dazal her the whimling mist of smomdust.

The summit of the Biommasiay is not a meedle, as the mame imples hat a sembita-shaped ridere. We were mrevan whind point in this ridye wias the atotal stmmit: but a partial rearime which oerorred a few mimutes later remorad all dombt that we hatl pasind it, whent the relieate white hame-for sum it lowked like-fell amis. in fiont, mel then dived dommomatis to derembe the great
 is emmected with fle bome. It was lig this highw: that wor had hoped tor escaper almed we hatd rexpereded tha














 bidding could mot le pased in the daylight that manamed, while, to be whertaken ly nightfall in that sitnations and in such a wind, would be to be "anght in atal foom which there wats for weape. On the other hamb, of retmon the
 ferewall by the statease we had constructed, would lo. mas that the stope wer hidelen moler show, to cour disaster.

But aut ciam imeniam. ant faciom. 'There was me altemative but to find, or make, a way down the diff on whe right. It was impossible to ser from above what this might kend us into, or how long it would take. But wo hand a colerable contidence in being able to extricate wuselves by one or wher of the couldois with whinh it was
 were slippery with fresh show, and intensely moten. Howerer, with aution it and be donce. There was alwats some solid point or shelf on which one or more of the links of our haman cham comble steme themedres, while


 and he repratemly last his lonting, and stanterl with greal
 mpre, which we kipt as talut as pusille. Th ther couste of




 loosernel be the wind aml the meltin! sum: which shot
over our heals every few minutes，or struck the rochon nem us，刕ancing into space with a highly suggestive whiz． But we had chosen onr route on a ratefne estimate of the balame of risk，and as we could not aroid these missiles， we grew callous to them．

Aly recollection of the next form homs is dim．I only know that when at longth darkness overtook ns．we were still entangled on this grim fares，and high chough to look wrer the Col de Niage．We had had no temptation to dawde，so that if in that time we hate only marke fifteen hombed feet of perpendicular deseent，it was herause the place was undeniably treacherous and nisty． The spon we had reached was about two－thirds of the way down the back face immediately below the summit．The positions of Mont blanc and the Dome are dimly seen to right and left of it respectively．

When light at length failed us，we had perforce to stop． I shelf was found，if that can be so described，which wats not flat，lat tipped at an angle that necersitated great cantion throughout the night．Our clothes were soaked with perspiration and the fine penctrating snow．Any gament which we took off froze in a few mimates to the rigidity of a board．Such meat as we had left wats also fiozen；but we had little indination for food，for our drink was exhamsted．A stream which we could hear somewhere below us，lont could not reach，made this more tantalising．This somed gradually died ont，as its sources were dammed by the frost．Fortumately for us it was， relatively，a warm night，that is to say，it would，with a clear sky，have been much colder，hat the wind had moder－ ated，and，is it blew from the south，a camope of＂lome


 :




 which were in invorse popention to the dypressinn of
 hationg been still:








[^8]run the gauntlet of a double row of smatly-dressed, supercilious beigneuses, was a more terrific experience to modest men, than any we had encounterel. ${ }^{1}$

After the expedition above described, we were again imprisoned at Chamouni for tell days by stress of weather, bargaining for artificial agates, cating heary dimners, racing to the Montanvert against time ; and feeding our imaginations on all sorts of ambitious schemes against neighbouring

mac.
passes and peaks, the broad bases of which were all that we were permitted to see. At length, we became almost callous to misfortune. We gave up even our daily constitutional in the rain, and sought refuge from our despair in gambling and tobacco.

During part of this time, we were enlivence by a strike of our guides-a strike, not for a rise of wages, but against the employment of non-mion men. We had one day found foung Taugwald from Zermatt, outside the hotel, and looking out for a return job. As he was a strong land, we engaged him as our porter. He was one of the
${ }^{1}$ This was the scene of the tragedy of last July, when nealy the whole series of buildings was swept away in five minutes ly a flood which came down the gorge ahost withont warning.
 whirh hat happemed al few work hefone amd of which all mens minds wer full.
 Zamatt lowking ill and razal at the losis of his hoother
 the men who hand heen with him at the time of his death.
 Fremelmen, who are alsiay jablous of the (icmonn suides. The mext moming our men eame to as, amd deliberately
 refered to, at the same time dmamling his dismissal. They reckened that we could mot do without them, and indeed we shond have prefored to retain them, hat we could mot desert Tangwald in surll a strat. Thery were rather astomished when we paid them ofld, hut our prompt
 rumour, at labst in ('hamomi. Carhat eventhally beged to be taken watain, and we allowed him tor rejoin. but in a subordinate position.

In the meamwhile, the resomees of eivilisation wer
 acomplishen his miswon in extmondianty quide time:




 knew. Ily arrisal junt in time for amother patial clearallos of llar weatlul.

of Capua, and took the path to the Pierre Pointue, which is on the ronte for the ascent to Mont Blane. with a vague idea of formg onr way somewhere, over the highest part of the chain, and descending on the Italian side to Courmayeur. As we walked, our plan took shape, and ultimately we determined to go over the Dôme du Gonter and descend by the southern Glacier de Miage. The host of the Pierre Pointue was prepared with "encore un gigot,"


JAKOB.
as he always was, because experience tanght him that the enduring Englishman would be persuaded to hay it. White waiting for this, we amsed omselves by examining the wonderful assortment of gaments which were then considered necessary to a successful arcent of Mont Blanc. The most remarkable of these was a kind of kintted helmet of medieval shape and ferocions apearance. I have the best reason to remember it, for once, when I was very


 thmater nose, whirh wian rooked into a resumblamer to a woll-humber catlet.
some after wo took to the iere it beranme rear blat


 Wrastood ontside, for the rueks were rovered with fiesh show, and no appetite eomlel stame the stale "oncentrated


 1noかision hill at ('hammmmi.
 sot ont the the fore shes of the bome hy sume stele woks, fomming the mommemement of the eliff whirla, higher
 beramse, being the most dimere we thometht it womld be








 now elased in upon lis. It was on these wide white hills that Ilr. Southeship su grallantly fommh for his life this
summer, and lost. This ridge and the adjacent ice-laden valley, an area scarcely larger than Hyde Park, might be deseribed as the Gelemed of the Alps, so fatal has it been to travellers.

We were puzzled by one of those semi-trausparent mists which admit a good deal of diffused light, but are a decided relief from the full blistering glare of the sun. It is altogether rather a cheerful atmospheric condition than otherwise, but it effectually obscures your rision of distant objects. Unce we were brought to a stamdstill hy finding ourselves on a romed hill, which might or might not lee the top of the Dome. The slope fell awily in front of us, and we could not see enough to pronomee whether the next rise was the Dome or the Bosse. We rightly decided that our hill was a spurious imitation, and started again up the next slope. In another half-hour a break in the cloud showed us our position. We were a feew hundred yards from the top, of the Dôme, and had worked round to the west side of it, so that we were opposite to, and on a level with the Aiguille de Biommasay.

We were also now able to smrey the comnecting ridge for which we hat felt such a repmgatuce, when on the Aiguille at its other extremity. It certamly seemed to us that we had been well advised not to cultivate a closer acquaintance on that occasion. By the map it must be nearly three thousind yards in length. It was important to us to find its junction point with the louttress which comes down from the Dôme to mect it, because we knew that this spot had been reached from the south, by a branch of the southern Miage Glacier, which offers a perfectly



 seen throrgh stry a reit, hat we kiph an in what wor

 We sought. In tha latter aba we should withont komwing it return to the motheme side of the elatin, down the





 thomeamd feet. befone we rombl beath the main ire-stream of








 tomptatinn.





in front, when Grove's hat blew off, and trunded downwards. We were carefully watching where it would go, with a view to recovering it at the bottom, when it suddenly disippeared, and we then noticed what seemed to be a faint line drawn across the néré at that place, and that beyond it. what appeared to be the continuation of the slope was of a yellower colour than the snow close at hand. In a few minutes more we were near enough to see that the line was the edge of a cliff of some sort, and that the yellow néé beyond was, in fact. many hundred feet below it.

The whole glacier seemen to have slipped away from its source, cansing a fanlt, to use a geological term, -a cliff of ice, stretching in a curved line. without a hieak, completely across the stream. For the greater part of its height it was not perfectly precipitous, and was so much broken that it seemed just possible to eut a way down it, hot its upper portion was a shere glass wall. The rocks on hoth sides had our first attention, hat they were almost as steep as the ice, and there was no footing (1) them. We minfatened ourselves from the rope and ran up and down the edge, each on his own accoms. looking for some means of escale, and finding none: and then we followed Jakols or Cachat ahout, in hopes of hearing some word of consolation from their oracular lips. At one place the eliff was vertical for only thirty feet, on thereabouts, and it would have been possible to drive in an axe. and lot ourselves down, but the landing lelow, in that place. was hardly less precarioun than the wall itself. There was another phace nearer the side of the glacier which to my eyes seemed so hopeless that I scarcely looked twice at it-a great three-cornered sérec, which had
 a rift in the face of the eliff whiels mioht or mieht mot rxtemt to the fowt of the wall. Twice daknh las down om his stomarh ame peeved wro the edge at this phare. hat
 amb wome bati to the plate where the elifl wis lowest and in which ('arhat seemerl to phare most reliance. An wh
 that is proposed and do mot advame something rertanin. "ou mast fail in yom flams." .Jakoh, if he hat mever mat Hermotur, had imbibed the maxim. (Hew more he rotumerl, hem hatek a few steps for a shont run, amd bollly leapt from the edge on to the séper. From thener he wis better ahlo to jutwe of the possibility of manes
 on us to follow. I anfess that I dichat like thix loap into the mbenown. Ify artist has perhaps somewhat exayserated it, for in itsulf the olasm was easy to spming acooss. Dut the ereat hamk of ioe had sumk as well an sppatater, and it was seraral fect hown than that from













JAKOH: INVTES I'S TO JEAP.
*ame to an end. Jakob proceeded to ant diagomally down-
 Wits slow work. amt the smonth blat wills drew latredy (1) omb stock of vital heat.
'There is mo fommation for the popmbar definition of



 of feet abore the limits of what is wemerally valled wrés.
 stow is ever mone than a tew feet thire ant the wot of the denser matemial. The weet of the wathere is so quirkly
 bance to show that nome lat a fresh heakemo exhibite the "時 ire.

All this time that we worked downmiarls. or father that






 of thar rplit. Whirh we romlal rasily have ramberl. the rlitl




 monntanmering skill, ghite the deftelemere of the man!
really scientific dodges to which he har recourse that day. I camot tell how he defied the laws of gravitation while he cut the necessary supports for us. and while we were waiting round the corner, but as each of us came to pass the difficulty, he found, first a series of big pigeon-holes for his feet in the perpendi-ular wall, then a corresponding series of little ones above the level of his head for his left hand, and finally, a third series of small deep holes in the opposite wall. which was distant six or seven feet. The use of these last was to bring out the capabilities of the axe as a thim leg. This was held at arm's length against the opposite wall, the holes being intended to present the point slipping. We were then able ly its means to jam ourcelves against the ice, and move along, tripod fashion. till. on reaching the edge, a big red hand was thrust round the corner, amb seizing ours, drew us romed into broad daylight, on to a small platform of limited character on the outside, and one by one we emergen like rabbits a hundred feet lower than where we had entered.

We had only gat about a third of the way down the diff. but what remained. althongh it was hardy less sheer, and gave ample opportunity for the display of Jakotis ingemuity and sticking powers. offered some slight shelves and peints of suport. and after our late trimmph we hardy believed in anything which rould stop' him. 'There wan obviomsty mly one possille way, and that Cachat stremonsly maintained was impossible. He detached himself and went to look for a better, but eame back in ten minutes and in silence resumed the repe.

After three homes of ingenious mancures and cramping positions, and mastorly (omblinations of finger-holds.

 to deprome on the stability of whe (whirl is the somet of





 till we were out of their ramge. We kept down the millle of thr (ilarior whose fortmes wo had mattingly followed. insteard of those of the Miame (ilariers into Whose derpstraght trough it fours. Some we rame to the top of ath berfall. 'This was mot aplatemtly af ally











 W゙に :


 abratt in the might. a most impultant. if mot rasinl ial
condition. The only phace in sight was a morame some way down the glacier, on its opposite lank, if we could got there in time.

After three more homs on the rocks. we gat down to the level ice-stream, with a short half hour of daylight left to make the best we romld of, and we did make the best of it. We started off at a romm trot, and kepet it up as long as the nature of the glacier permitted; and even when it didnt, the pace was not slackened, for we made up our minds at all hazards not to improve on our night on the rocks of the Biomassaly, les spenting this one on the ghen gacior. Once, we were nearly floored he a long higghlit at right angles to our course. It scemed rather hroad for a jump, but time pressed, and no other means of escape except a long detom presenting itself. there was no help for it. There was barely rope enongh between us, but as each man jumped, the next on the line followed as near as he dared to the edere, to allow an much tether as possible. while he himself was held up bey those behind. The rope was severely strained at earh successive leat, and one or two of us were nearly jerked off our legs into the abses. Only poor Cachat, who was last, had no one to restrain him from behind, and was obliged to spread limself flat on the ice and anchor his arm in a hole to aroid this catastrophe. This was the last obstade, and throwing off the rope, we strolled across a level slope of ice which separated us from the moraine, congratulating ouscles on the superior nature of our accommotation. One big rock ham attracted ow attention when yet a great way off, and to our delight we fomel it partly hollow underneath. Here we atalhished ourselves, after pulling out




 to find ants.

 and the fall moon buse. The lisht was so brilliant that

 1 think we shonlal havestarad whore wrower But wo

 surle a degrer, that, in the hope at finding some lower




We now sot wh to the lowest spou of the hattress whieh divides the (ilacior du Dome from that of the Nopthem
 he a how in the domptive light of thr monn and in whe





 Frome that tima I lommomber mothing hat mans ath un-


all fear of glacier pools and lonse stones lening at an end， I believe I went womdly asleep as I walled，amd dremt comfortable dreams of trout，and cutlets，and champagne． Once or twice 1 faintly suggested spending the rest of the night where we were，but the idea was treated with scom by my more persistent compraions，and I trudged on， a hungry somnambulist，until at last hroad daylight and pleasant anticipation quickened the slecpy blood and lifted the heary evelids．At half－past five we entered Bertolini＇s，and then－may his shadow never grow less －my dreams were more thim realised．

After this the weather forbade any more high expedi－ tions，and I retumed home over the pass of Mont Cenis in the diligence，enjoying by the way an experience which， 1 venture to think，is rather uncommon．At Susa I secured my place in the coupé the other corner being occupied by a neat little French damsel．Two is company but three is none．At the last moment a German bagman got in and wedged himself between us．Mis diameter was large，and his odour of ganlic offended me．Indeed his presence there at all was superfloons．I hoped to console myself with sleep，but this was impossible，for these two talked incessantly the whole night through． she was a dressmaker，and he＂travelled＂in riblons and buttons，so ther had a bond of mion to start with．More and more voluble wased their talli as we toiled mp the zigzags；and as we rattled down on the French side their mutual confidences became quite embarassing to a shy man like mysclf．Finally，about six o＇clock in the morning，totally disregarding my presence，he offered her his hamd ：mnd lis fortune．If he did not throw himself into
 Wats impossible. At this point I was almost imelimel to intervere ame implome her to refuse the berne, hat it wis matheressary. Alter an ansions minnte of smoperse, she comty dismissed hime if that he a corred expmession when her lover remamed neeessarily glaed to her side for amother two hombs. Ilapply his diseomsolate position redueded him to silence for a time, so that I sept. amd was only rensed hy a fiesh disenssion ahout res benerfenes ol. luglueis, and especially



## INJEN

```
A1mm1.1 \11, 1:0
```



```
    (0)
```



```
    Bon\mp@code{Am}|, 1.O
Aloum| Namd-llis-a|, :%!!
```



```
dilin Mailway. 1:%
dfor Emam, 1:O
```



```
.1li. 1:;
```





```
lm|mal- ,i-, 1:%
```





```
|:%h lim|.F. 1&
Al:tos, :%|:
```




```
        1:;
```



```
fon, 1こ:%
```



```
111\cdots11-1:0-
```



```
    |I|.|\..., |:O|
|mi- Mmmatma, 1:`. 1 |O
```



```
    -yMul, :%%1
```





```
* lanfonl.":O-1
```






.- buvin!. $3: 3$


.. In Ania Mimor. ㄹ-!
-. Smady m, 11 :









linlon- 11!





1.1. $11 \%$








lon |lil 1 SI
1Mu1.1. $\because=111 . \because$


Rowlow lindmal. :an

Brigamdage，10，20：， 31 S
Domke，Sir Victor：kills a hear，2－8
birumere heath．2l
Bumalo Fonk，！o
Bustarl，the（ireat， 316
Fimotil monsin，8，26
Caclat．37：
（anliario ©
（＇ancls，20：3，814
（＇amp in the lymeres，es？
，$A$ dry，： 20
（ampogerola，7ロ
rintminter． 11
（＇apreailzie＇， 161
Cumat＂ymyrus， 193 at seq．
，．，Malvits of，208
（＇arallinimer， 10
（＇artrider hangs fire，$\overline{\text { G }}$
Cartridges．passage of，thongh Framer $8: 88$
Caves hased for shelter，200
（＂）rstil，：3，199，284， 290
（＇hamois，sh at sity．
Chamomi innides：preforence of be orn rowks，355，：95
Chamlake，1！
＇hurli＂，14！
（heese，Nomerian，：30？
（Vort，or salt masth， 180
（＇lutistiansuml， $27=2$
（＂ircassians，$\because]$
（itenlar hallons in limestane．Bta
＇lankers rand h，s．
1 lifis． 230
（＇olani． 11
（ind le Voza ：37：
robnur of dothes decerimes the izzames ：？it
（＇anstantinombe 196
Comk，al finth－hartml， 60
（ommithes．2：3：3
C＇orsiean finte，the，es 8
（＇utton－worel，s：

（ris． 77,106
（row，Jean lialtixta，885
＇yplian monthon． 21
MTES，14！

Diamel，l＇it\％，（is：

1）ogs，Nombsian，824

Dogs，distaner at which they wind deer， $3: 8$
，．Fim mimber hanimg，set

Womble suiju，］6：
Joumplas pime， 83
Driving rins in Nomay．18，

，．Spout．Blo
EMGIEs，19S，已94
Litmi．14t．104
Eikislal，： $\boldsymbol{q}^{2}$
Electrioity，stream of ambille．：$⿱$ Es
El fiattar， 152
Elk，the， 159 at seq．
，，Dosis． 1 （i：3
．，Infiving， 184
．，F゚いoll of，1ヶ1
．，Gromml，description of， 161
．．Hallits af， 170
．．Ilearing bii， 170
．，latellinence uf．1s：
，Smontre of 164
．，＂Rights，＂ 167
．，，（＇ost to hiow，171
．．Sigu， 169
．．Simimming，188，1！11
Emil 1minh．：3］
Emicettr．1：
Filemes timber．87， 13.
Fuf hervinss．27t
frshtml，124
Fires，ancidmatal，in Smmima． 116
Felut，：3：

Flea－powder，2eas
Fleas，1：
Francois， 28.
（i，Malixhm，：3．50
límellat domers， 111
，．K゙ゥが風，1！
Gense wild． 1 as


fionf，27：
Gusam lasin．80，！ 1
（igi，1थ）
（ilismatle，fif

（irambe Muhtes．：3－

bas V＇entre．as

$1111.81,200$
It：1mmam，lid



WMaption of シalt Monm． tain，1：1



110．1．：： $2:$ ：
11．11111．：3：．


11：以n，…7


．．Jnting．ョ：


．．Malnit－ 1 ： $2: 3$
．．Skill in commalmat．2：
11，x，••：





－Di－timbtion butworn blamin ：1111．：： $1!1$
．．Fallin！e over elill，：atis


．1．ni．シー．



Lumtlanl，1－7


Khan，： 1 ！
Kirliouthr，loti




がいたい。11い。こ！！
トしいがーが，ごっ！






livizun． $1 /$

l．ix－hum！14i

1ヵットリー 17：


Mathan，－！
Manman Dash，1：7
Main livith，ath．－1，10．
Malmial， $1: 1$
Mulicimti．is
Marmant，1；



Oin－lires．211；

．．Conis，B！日



．．la，matom for stalkillis．


．Wriving：：



Monntain liaran．1：









1ロッド，：1゙








＂Ohd sumbr，＂the 365
Oristanor，if
Otlmant ：$: \geq 0$
Oris mmhtom． 111 it setg．


Oxemlal，：3：3］
1＇ank Jomses，79，ss
Pallar culture， 1 ！！
，＇There，mose math hy lease of， 12.
lantridmes． 1 ！！！
Piestumelle en！
l＇ayot，：3：
lhotograjhy，amatemr，！ 6
l＇iem I＇ointur． 306



l＇isilia，足 1



Pompises whang homings，254
l＇riest ol Livigm，（i2
l＇rounsil．a，：3：8
Promem strontus， $2: 3:$

liats， 109
Rianlins．of

，．Anciunt recomle of，2！9．
－banls matro bey a gombindica－ tion of momblurs， 294
．．B Mhavour when started， 291
．．biftioulty of limding homs， 2－4
．．litticulty of hanting， 292
，On llitheren，2．5
， ，laning，z9！
－Simdinian，$\because$－
．．Surrll for wombled， 309
－．Sincll of，296
－．The lis heml，こと0
，．＇Tharelling stags，：300

．．skins．usiof as maftresses， 17．1
＇Timme，17：188
Rocks，resmannow of，in Atlas Somatams， 137
Rocky Momntains，7：it sem．

Fiomstal．： 15
Rooswert，Mr．Theodure， 10 ל
．，（＂ipture of thiceres by， 107

Sífors．3：3：
sige bush．S；
Hents， 75

，．C＇limato of， $1 \because 2$
心alt lake， $1: 9$
，，Lick．： 2
．．Mountailu，143，141
Situl langlage， 11
Simlinil，］it seq．
Simelinian hemb，\＆
．，liam．，こう
．．lillis．2li
．．lailway，
sillo， 166
shem Jmms． 101
Sherntills． $17: 3$
Shoshme lick， 7


s！myma， $1!7$
shake liver，！ 1 ， 104
Showstom，胥
Sulitmio chammis，a，il
，Lives in wouls，$\because \because$
．．Restlesshess in ontoner， 361
sonthemly wiml，effect of，：3：t
Sbanish momatainems， $2: 36$
Valleys，deserijution of 230
Siduts， 49

suving，15，： 0
N＂o！ni，is
Ste：ull－limuch， 1 （is

Stillmess of the alir． $24+3$
Stome pinses． 206
Strike of gruides， 38.1
Strikn af rille．Jose of． 68
Sumbal．：3： 1
Susw，：98
Sunt Dagh， 190
Tinssm，コンフ
Tangwalal，：8
T：arus．19．，
Tertanova， 4
Teton Paks，ot，94
The Altaldi，3：3：
Thander－shower， $28: 3$

 ご：




Tintill，：$\because=1$


Trumt，10：






．．lomatanimation of，：3］
ノ゙ソにハ PにしK． 100

ド：in！．$\therefore$
l：morner． 111
Vimuin，：37


Van TMmli， 11

Vilturn l！



．．Bull，maltimes at．100
．．Emathlo lime as
 $10=$




．．With palnatminather． 111
W゙ahakin Fom，－－
Wians，Nillimlt！with，l：il
．．sammitur． $1: 4$
Winturnm paitialits lim limh mat， 10.5


Wimf liver．－
．．．．N＂mutains，－
What：way． 101






[^0]:    
    
    
    

[^1]:    
    

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ According to Herodotus, "The Plocians were made aware of the approath of the Persians on the montain-path to 'Thermonglae ber the mone of the "ak-leaves as they were trampled by the soldiers in the stillness of dawn."

[^3]:    

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Other range in 'entral and suthem Spain are inhabited la a ravety of the sume animal, somewhat smalles as I moterstand, hat otherwise cosely
     Lydekker who in an authority on the sulpeet, "there is evilence that in Amblusia the species has existed since the Ploistocene epoch, its fusil remains oecming in the caves of Gibaltar in company with those of an "xtinet rhinoceres and other mammals." The younger Pliny appears to have known the anmal. His thandator muless lim: "There is in Spane a kind of a masmones, not altogether make to sheed, having a shag mose like the hair of gots than a fleece with sheepes wooll. The least hath a most tember hem, and therefore in his pasture is forced to feed with his tail to the sme" Philemon Hollami's Tramsation, a.b. 1601.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ An accilent of this kind haprenel some years aso to a red deer in Wimkor Pak，and terminated fatally．When discovered the animal was dent．

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ It would appar that others are not more fortmate, for I couk hear of $n 0$ horns in the villages, and very few pairs find their way to Smyrna or Constantinople. This is, perhaps, in part accounted for by the custom, Which, I moderstand, nevails anong the villagers, of fresenting any shed horms which they may obtain to the mosigues.

[^7]:    1 since writing the above I find that wh Thonerville mate much the same onservation more than there humbed yars aro. Hne writes, "you shal see by exprience $y^{t}$ if there be any pese, or javes, or such harles. which chatter at them [the deer] and disenver them, they will streight way return mitn their thicket to hyde themselves for the shame and feare that they have:" and again - Fiurdermore if in casting abonte the covert, he heare cither pes, fayes, or such bydes wombering. . . that is a twen that the harte is yet an forote."

[^8]:    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    

