



SKETCHES

AND

BUSINESS DIRECTOR

BOSTON

AND ITS VICINITY.

FOR

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INTRODUCTION.

This Publication is issued as a volume representing the Institutions and Business Interests of Boston and New England, for distribution in Public Houses, Steamboats, and other public places, throughout the Union and the British North American Provinces. The work originated in an experienced want of such a publication, which the present Publishers were asked to supply.

The volume was commenced previously to the business revulsions of 1857, and has struggled with the disasters of the times, in common with the community it represents. Lashed by adverse gales, and nearly whelmed in surging seas, our gallant craft has yet moved steadily on, and brought us at last safely to the end of our voyage. That we have escaped the fate of those whose story is, "they started on their course, and were never heard of more," is due, under Providence, only to the staunch materials of which our bark has been constructed.

Metaphor aside, we trust this volume will be found to present some evidence of the inherent power and energy of New England capital and labor. Arrested in its career of prosperity by the shock of universal disaster, the industry of the people is employed in pulling down old structures and building up new, breaking down old barriers, and opening new and commodious streets, filling up tide wastes, and establishing square miles of magnificent habitations.

That this indomitable spirit of enterprise will realize its share in the prosperous future, can be but self-evident to all who know its past manifestations, shown in statistics of accumulated wealth, and the network of inland communication it has largely assisted in creating. Let it finish the sagacious purposes to which it is now devoting itself, and maintain its place in modern systems of ocean-navigation, and its destiny no prophecy is at present competent to portray.



SKETCHES OF BOSTON

AND VICINITY.

HISTORICAL NOTES.



OSTON was settled in 1630, by the Puritans from England, of whom it was remarked by the historian, Hume, that "it is to this sect, whose principles appear so frivolous, and whose habits so ridiculous, that the English owe the whole freedom of their constitution." "We shall take the compliment," says Dr. Priestly, "and despise the reflections."

The primary cause which led to the various settlements in New England, of which Boston soon became the metropolis, was religion. "It was not," in the language of J. Q. Adams, "the search of

gold—it was not the pursuit of wealth—it was not the spirit of adventure—it was not the martial spirit of conquest, which animated our English forefathers to plant themselves here in a desert and barren wilderness, to lay the foundations of the mightiest empire that the world ever saw. It was religion. It was the Christian religion, purified and refined from its corruptions by the fires of persecution. The first colonists were indeed of that class of emigrants from their native land driven away by oppression; but in the settlements of Plymouth and Massachusetts, the stern and severe impulses of religion were tempered by the tenderest and most attractive sympathies of English patriotism. The Plymouth colonists had been fugitives from the north of England, who, from time to time, had escaped by crossing the North Sea to Holland, in numbers

sufficient to form an English Church at Leyden. They had fled from their country for the enjoyment of religious liberty in peace. But with that religion was inseparably connected the code of Christian morals in its simplicity and in its purity, - a code, above all others, resting upon the fundamental principle of the natural equality of mankind. The English Puritan found in Holland a refuge from the persecutions of his own countrymen, but he found not his English home - he found not the same system of pure morals to which his sonl was bound. In the lapse of time he found that his children were leaving him and losing the name of Englishmen; and notwithstanding all that he suffered from the injustice of his countrymen, so intense was his attachment to the name of England, that, interdicted as he was from returning to her boson, he determined to seek, beyond the Atlantic Ocean, at the distance of 3000 miles, in the most desolate region of the New Hemisphere, a spot of earth where he could make for himself an English home, and find or create in the wilderness a New England, as the only consolation accessible to his heart for the loss of the old."

During the season of 1630, 17 ships were employed, and they carried over not far from 1500 souls. "Many of them," says Bancroft, "men of high endowments, large fortune, and the best education; elergymen who ranked among the most eloquent and pions in the realm, embarked with Winthrop for their asylum, bearing with them their character, which was to be the basis of their liberty. The land was planted with a noble vine, wholly of the right seed.

Religion did not expel the feelings of nature." "They constituted a corporation to which they themselves might establish at their pleasure, the terms of admission. They held in their own hands the key to their asylum, and maintained their right of closing its doors against the enemies of its harmony and its safety."

Such were some of the impulses which led to the early settlement of New England. The settlement of Plymouth was ten years previous to that of Boston, but during this ten years the inhabitants of Plymouth Colony did not exceed 300.

The growth of the Massaehusetts Colony was much more rapid. In ten years 20,000 inhabitants had arrived, and 300 ships had been employed in their transportation. The early settlements were mainly in and around Boston, and near the seashore. Boston thus soon became the metropolis and centre of Massachusetts Colony, although Salem, Charlestown, and Newtown, (now Cambridge,) were, for a short time, formidable rivals. It was at this epoch that the foundation of those institutions were laid under which we now live.

"An affectionate and respectful remembrance of those worthies," says Judge Davis, "who here laid the foundation of our multiplied enjoyments, is a debt of gratitude. We possess a good heritage, and it should heighten our sense of obligation to recollect that a generous foresight was a distinguished characteristic of our ancestors. An ardent desire to lay the foundation for the best interests of posterity, influenced all those plans of policy so expressive of their wisdom. In every stage of their enterprise they were prompted by an enlightened humanity and a prospective reference to the happiness of their descendants." The government which was then formed, he continues, "though popular in its construction, was influenced in its most important operations, by the wisdom, public spirit, and foresight of superior minds. In their extending settlements every suitable provision was made for the maintenance of civilization and order. Activity, energy, industry, and harmonious concert animated the whole community. A happy mediocrity prevailed, equally removed from excessive opulence and the depression of poverty. A salutary and permanent diffusion of the gladsome light of literature was in the very infancy of the colonies, secured by the establishment of Harvard College, the child of their fondest hopes, and ever the cherished ornament of the country. A legal provision for schools, in concert with the general disposition of parents, produced an extensive inculcation of the minor branches of learning. The civilization and religious instruction of the natives was pursued with laudable assiduity." "The few exceptionable features, which may appear to views induced by a more large experience, and more liberal conceptions, are of inconsiderable import, when compared with the great and manifest benefits derived from the steady prosecution of their system of policy. Never, perhaps, has been exhibited a more rapid progress of society, a more successful application of those moral elements in the economy of nations, which are the best and surest source of general felicity."

"The whole territory of New England was purchased for valuable consideration by the new-comers, and the Indian title was extinguished by compact, fulfilling the law of justice between man and man. The most eminent writer on the law of nations, of modern times, Vattel, has paid a worthy tribute of respect to our forefathers, for their rigid observance, in this respect, of the natural rights of the indigenous natives of the country. It is from the example of the New England Puritans, that he draws the perceptive rule, and he awards to them merited honor for having established it."

It was always the custom, and soon became the law in New England, that "none of the brethren shall snifer so much barbarism in their families, as not to teach their children and apprentices so much learning as may enable them perfectly to read the English tongue." "To the end that learning may not be buried in the graves of our forefathers," it was ordered "that every township, after the Lord hath increased them to the number of fifty honseholders, shall appoint one to teach all children to write and read; and when any town shall increase to the number of one hundred families, they shall set up a grammar school; the masters thereof being able to instruct youth so far as they may be fitted for the university."

In six years after the settlement of Boston, the colony voted a snm for the establishment of a college. "In these measures," says Bancroft, "especially in the laws establishing eommon schools, lies the secret of the success and character of New England. Every child, as it was born into the world, was lifted from the earth by the genius of the country, and, in the statutes of the land, received as its birthright, a pledge of the public care for its morals and its mind."

The constant succession of stirring events which occurred in the Massachusetts colony, from its first settlement to a period succeeding the Revolution, was such as to keep the minds of its citizens ever active. The trials attending their first settlement developed all their energies. In six or eight years, the Pequot war, which led to the destruction of the Pequot nation, first called forth their military power. Their religious discussions, not to say dissensions, added not a little to the mental activity of these times.

From the revolution in 1661, to 1686, a stubborn conflict was going on with the English government for the preservation of their charter, which finally resulted, in 1689, in an insurrection in Boston, and in what was called the New England revolution. Boston was the centre of this revolution, which soon spread to the Chesapeake.

Then came the tremendous crisis of King Philip's war, in which there was scarcely a family that had not lost a father, brother, or son. The sacrifice of life and property was greater in 1685-6 in Massachusetts, in proportion to population and wealth, than that afterwards sustained in the eight years' War of Independence. This she met mainly from her own resources. She was chided by Lord Anglesey, in 1676, for not calling upon the crown for assistance and protection. "It seems as if Massachusetts was disposed," says Palfrey, "at whatever cost, to avoid receiving anything that could be called favor from a foreign government, whose control over herself she was always intent on limiting as far as possible. In short, they chose to take care of themselves, though they could ill afford it, and to give the king as little right as possible to appeal to their gratitude when they should be disposed to try any bolder experiments on his authority."

The Salem witchcraft and its attending circumstances, in 1691-2-3, was a dreadful passage in a majestic current of events. "Deplore as we may," adds Mr. Palfrey, "the grievous infatuation, still more even than we lament and condemn that, may we find cause to applaud the brave and constant spirit that never would quail before the awful delusion that possessed it. It was no less than the powers of darkness that these men believed were their assailants. They imagined the Prince of Hell, with his legions, to be among them, the Lord's host, seeking whom he might deyour: and they gave place to him for subjection, no, not for an hour. Set upon by invisible and supernatural foes, they thought of nothing but prompt defiance, inflexible resistance, and the victory of which God would give his people. They would have made bare the arm of flesh against the Serpent in bodily presence, could he have put on an assailable shape; as it was, they let it fall without mercy on those whom they understood to be his emissaries."

Next came the succession of French and Indian wars, which lasted from 1675 to 1763. In 1677, Massachusetts purchased the province of Maine for £1250. "In a pecuniary point of view," according to Bancroft, "no transaction could have been for Massachusetts more injurious, for it made her a frontier State, and gave her the most extensive and most dangerous frontier to defend." The territory of Maine was then claimed to the St. Lawrence, and Massachusetts felt in honor bound to protect her own soil. Her legislature, by a majority of one, determined on the expedition against Louisborg, and levied over 3000 volunteers, while Connecticnt furnished 516, New Hampshire 304, and Rhode Island 200; which led to its capitulation. She sent over 7000 men into these wars—from two to three times as many as all the other colonies together—which

forever broke down the power of France on this western continent.

The scenes and trials of the Revolution are known by heart, and it is nnnecessary to reproduce them. Boston being then the metropolis of Massachusetts, and of New England, was the centre in which a vigorous fermentation was always going on, and opinions were matured. She is therefore completely identified with the early history of the country—"a history incomparably precious to the New England man, as being that of his own great race; inestimably precious to the wise of every lineage, as being full or rich instruction and example."

"It is impossible for a discerning man to turn over the records of Massachusetts," says Palfrey, "and not find delight in the exhibition there held up of much that is most vigorous and excellent in human nature. They are the records of a people generally prudent and clear-sighted through the whole period of its history; but which, hasty and mistaken, as at one period, or sagacious and rightly judging, as at another, has always been firm and brave—always true and loyal to the convictions of the time."

If Boston is indebted to any one thing more than another for her prosperity, and for the position which she occupies among the cities of the world, it is to the early and constant provision which she has made to the cause of education.

Her schools now present, in the opinion of experienced educationists, a course of instruction adapted to the wants of the mechanic and business man, as thorough and complete as that of the average of the colleges in the United States

Notwithstanding the strong religious tendencies of the early settlers, they paid much attention to the military, which was fostered with the greatest care. As an evidence of this, the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company was formed in 1638, eight years after the settlement of Boston. By the charter, which is signed John Winthrop, Governor, and Thomas Dudley, Deputy Governor, it was called the Military Company of Massachusetts, and it is the oldest military company in the United States.

The practice of having a sermon preached before them on each anniversary has been handed down to the present day. The first of these sermons which was printed was in 1672. The celebrated Cotton Mather preached before them in 1691.

On Monday, April 24, 1704, John Campbell published in Boston, the first newspaper ever issued in America. That first paper may now be seen in the cabinet of the Antiquarian Society, at Worcester. It was called the Boston News Letter, and was regularly published by different proprietors for nearly 72 years. It was the only paper printed in Boston during the siege.

A paper called the Courant was published in Boston by

James Franklin, who, being put under bonds for good behavior, in consequence of certain articles, left out his own name in the imprint, to evade a certain law, in 1722, and inserted his brother's, Benjamin Franklin. This is the first time that great man's name, probably, ever appeared in print. He was then a minor, and an apprentice to James. The Courant, which was publicly denounced by the celebrated Dr. Increase Mather, was printed on a half sheet of Crown paper, in Queen street. The printing office was in a building on the easterly corner of Court street and Franklin avenue.

The first Business Directory ever issued, appeared in the Boston Almanac for 1841.

The first canal in the country was made within ten miles of Boston, in nine years after Winthrop and his associates sailed into the harbor, (1630.) It was made by the inhabitants of Dedham, from Charles River to the Neponset, for water power, which it now supplies to four large manufacturing establishments, and other mills.

The first railroad in the country was also constructed within ten miles of Boston for the transportation of Quincy granite.

· CHURCHES IN BOSTON.

Gerry, E. J.,

Hepworth, George H.,

CLASSIFICATION, MINISTERS, AND LOCATION.

BAPTIST.

Neale, Rollin H., Somerset Street. Belcher, James, Baldwin Place. Belknap Street. Charles Street. Stockbridge, John C., Bedford, corner Rowe Street. Stow, Baron, Duncan, John, Broadway, South Boston. Eddy, Daniel C., Harrison Ave. cor. Harvard St. Kalloch, I. S., Tremont Temple. Bowdoin Square. Murdock, J. N., Foliambe, S. W., Central Square, East Boston.

Crane, D. M., Merrimac Street.
Stowe, Phineas, Lewis, corner Commercial Street.

Williams Hall.

Grimes, L. A., Southac Street.

Davis, S., South Boston Point.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Lowell, Charles, Lynde Street. Bartol, Cyrus A., ""

CONGREGATIONAL ORTHODOX.

Blagden, G. W.,
Manning, J. M.,
Stone, Andrew L.,
Adams, Nehemiah,
Johnson, Edwin,
Field, George W.,
Dexter, H. M.,

Washington, corner Milk Street.

" " "
Park, corner Tremont Street.
Channey, corner Essex Street.
Bowdoin Street.
Salem, corner N. Bennet Street.
Washington, corner Pine Street.

Kellogg, Elisha,
Richards, George,
Haskell, T. N.,
Kirk, Edward N.,

Porter, Charles S.,
Graves, John L.,

Summer, corner Sea Street.
Winter Street.
East Boston.
Shathurton Place.
Broadway, South Boston.
Shawmut Avenue.
Free Chapel.

CONGREGATIONAL UNITARIAN. Robbins, Chandler, Bedford Street. Tremont, corner School Street. Lothrop, Samuel K., Brattle Street. Hanover, corner Clark Street. Dewey, Orville, Summer, corner Bedford Street. Gannett, E. S., King, Thomas Starr, Hollis Street. Dawes, Thomas, Hawes Place Church, S. Boston. Alger, William R., Bulfinch Street. Barrett, Samuel, Chambers, corner Allen Street. Harrison Ave. cor. Beach Street. Winkley, Samuel H., Pitts Street. Hale, Edward E., Washington, cor. Castle Street. Barnard, Charles F., Warren Street. Cruft, Samuel B., Suffolk, corner Rutland Street. Parker, Theodore, Musie Hall. Clarke, James Freeman, Indiana Place. Ellis, Rufus, Chauncy Place. Cudworth, W. H., Maverick, East Boston.

Hanover, corner Salem Street.

Canton Street.

EPISCOPAL.

Smithett, William T., Salem Street.
Eastburn, Manton, Summer Street.
Smith, John C., " "

Clinch, Joseph H., Broadway, South Beston. Wells, E. M. P., Purchase Street.

Mason, Charles, Temple Street.

Tremont, near Winter Street.

Randall, George M., Stickney, M. P., Robinson, J. P., Richmond Street.

Evans, S. J., Paris, eorner Decatur, E. Boston.

Commercial Street.
West Concord Street.

Knight, Cyrus F.,

Trobe Concord Re

METHODIST.

Heigh, Wm. C., Hanover Street. Bromfield Street. Thayer, L. R., Taylor, Edward T., North Square. Church Street. McCurdy, C. L., North Russell Street. Dadmun, J. W., Fourth Street, South Boston. Field, Chester, Tupper, Samuel, Mcridian Street, East Boston. Warren, Henry W., Shawmut Avenue. Bennington Street, East Boston. Lewis, T. W., West Centre Street. Freeman, T.,

PRESBYTERIAN.

Blaikie, Alexander, 16 Summer Street. Freeman Place.

Johnson, H. H., Meridian Street.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

Fitzpatrick, J. B.,
Healey, James A.,
Tucker, H.,
Roddau, J. T.,
Lynch, Chas.,
Moran, M.,
McElroy, J.,
Roccofort, A.,
Franklin Street.

" "
"
"
"
Lyncher, H.,
" "
"
"
Endicott Street.

Endicott Street. Steinbacker, N., Wiget, B. F., 66 Northampton Street. Lynch, Thomas, 66 Lyndon, P., Broadway, South Boston. McNulty, T., Flatleigh, J., Moon Street. Haskins, George F., Brinoni, Charles, " 44 Donahoe, J. W., Reiter, Ernest, Suffolk Street. Fitton, James, East Boston. " Healey, P., Purchase Street. Lyonnet, J. L., Harvard, corner Albany Street. Williams, J. J., 44 McCarty, Chas., St. Augustine's Church, Dorehester Street. Tucker, H., Cambridge Street.

UNIVERSALIST.

Streeter, S.,
Gaylord, N. M.,
Miner, A. A.,
Dean, W. W.,
Thayer, T. B.,
Talbot, J. W.,

Bennet, corner Hanover Street.

" " " "
Broadway, South Boston.
Warren Street.
Ritchie Hall.
Concord Street.

OTHER DENOMINATIONS.

Quaker, Milton Place. Christian, Tyler, corner Kneeland. Edmunds, E., Worcester, T., Swedenborgian, BowdoinStreet. Uebelaeker, A., Lutheran, Shawmut Ave. c. Walth. Second Advent, Chapman Hall. Grant, M., Schwarz, L. B., German Protest. Shawmut n. Pleasant. Himes, J. V., Second Advent, Hudson, eor. Kneeland. Straight, F. W., Free-Will, North Bennet. Jacob, B. E., Polish Jewish, 73 Warren Street. German Jewish, Pleasant Street. Schoninger, J., Boyden Luman, Union Evang. Bennington, E. B.

VIEWS OF THE CHURCHES.

CONGREGATIONAL UNITARIAN.



FIRST CHURCH.

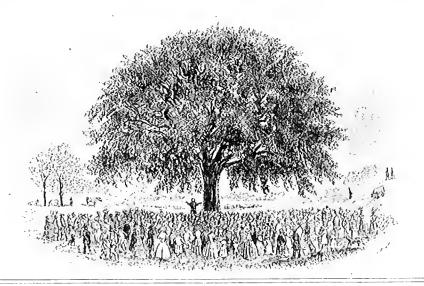
CHAUNCY STREET.

On the 27th day of August, 1630, John Winthrop, first Governor of Massachusetts, Thomas Dudley, who for a long time was deputy-Governor, and afterwards Governor of the Colony, Isaae Johnson, "a gentleman of family and fortune," and John Wilson, a minister of religion, with about

ninety-two others, men and women, entered into a covenant as a Church of Christ, and first met for religious services under a large tree which stood in what is now Charlestown, having installed Rev. John Wilson as teacher. In a few weeks, or months, the larger portion of worshippers removed their place of worship to Trimotane or Boston, and erected their first meeting-house on the South side of what is now State street. The second was built in Cornhill, and was consumed by fire Oct. 2, 1711. Rebuilt on the same spot in 1712; was dedicated May 3, 1713, and for many years known as the Old Brick. It was taken down in 1808. The fourth or present meeting-house was erected in Chauncy Place, and dedicated July 21, of the same year.

The ministers have been as follows: -

Rev. John Wilson, installed Nov. 23, 1632; died Ang. 7, 1667. Oct. 17, 1633; Dec. 23, 1652. John Colton, John Norton, July 23, 1656; April 5, 1663. John Davenport, Dec. 9, 1668; Mar. 15, 1670. Sept. 22, 1710. Dec. 9, 1668; James Allen, Apr. 10, 1670; Dec. 28, 1674. John Oxenbridge, Joshna Moody, May 3, 1684; July 4, 1697. John Bailey, July 17, 1693; Dec. 12, 1697. Benj. Wadsworth, ord'd Sept. 8, 1696; Mar. 12, 1737. Thomas Bridge, inst'd May 10, 1705; Sept. 26, 1715. June 18, 1769. Thomas Foxcroft, ord'd Nov. 20, 1717; C. Chauncy, D.D. "Oct. 25, 1727; Feb. 10, 1787. John Clark, D.D. " July 8, 1778; April 1, 1798. Wm. Emerson, install'd Oct. 16, 1799; May 12, 1811. " Oct. 17, 1814. John L. Abbott, ord'd July 14, 1813; " N. L. Frothingham, " Mar. 15, 1815; resig. Mar. " Rufus Ellis, present pastor, installed May 4, 1853.





SECOND CHURCH.

DEDFORD STREET.

The history of the Second or Old North Church is interesting and eventful. It has always maintained a position of influence among the churches in Boston; has passed through many vicissitudes, and has numbered amongst its pastors and members some of the most distinguished men of New England.

It was gathered on the fifth day of June, 1650, but the foundation of its first church edifice was laid a little earlier, in 1649, at the head of North Square. This house was burned in a great fire, Nov. 27, 1676.

The Second Church has gathered into itself, at different periods, two other churches. In 1779 it formed a union with what was called the New Brick Church, founded in 1721, by a number of seceders from the New North, who were dissatisfied with the call of Rev. Peter Thacher from his society at Weymouth; and in 1854 it purchased the beautiful house of worship in Bedford Street, belonging to the "Church of the Savior," and united with the small but most excellent society by which that noble edifice had been erected.

In the war of the Revolution, while Boston was occupied by the British, the Old North Church, which had stood about a hundred years, was torn down, and burnt by the soldiers for fire wood; it being built of fine oak timber.

The new brick church in Hanover Street was taken down in March, 1844, and a new building erected in its stead, which, on account of a division of feeling, wholly sectional between the North End and South End portions of the parish, was sold to the Methodists in 1849; the church, and nearly all the congregation, removing with the pastor, first to the Masonic Temple, afterwards to the Chapel in Free-

man Place, and finally to the present edifice in Bedford Street, This edifice was dedicated Nov. 10, 1852, and was built at the cost of \$70,000. It is in the early English style of ecclesiastical architecture, and consists of a nave, with side aisles, a chancel and a tower. The nave is separated from the aisles by columns bearing arches, over which is a clerestory, pierced with triangular trefoil windows. The aisles are lighted with lancet windows; and in the front is a large triplet. The windows are of stained glass, richly ornamented. The roof is left open to the ridge. The inside length, from the front to the rear of the chancel, is 104 feet, and the width is 59 feet. There are 182 pews, which will accommodate about 1000 persons. The material of the church is freestone. There is a chapel in rear of the church which will accommodate 300 persons. Both church and chapel are finished in the best taste. H. & J. E. Billings were the architects.

The church is now in a very flourishing condition, and the congregation is one of the strongest and healthiest in the city.

PASTORS.

Rev. John Mayo, ordained Nov. 9, 1655; dis. 1672.

- " Increase Mather, D.D., ord. May 27, 1669; ob. Aug. 23, 1723.
- " Cotton Mather, D.D., ord. May 13, 1685; ob. Feb. 13, 1728.
- " Joshua Gee, ord. Dec. 18, 1723; ob. May 22, 1748.
- " Samuel Mather, ord. June 21, 1732; dis. Dec. 21, 1741.
- " Samuel Checkley, Jr., ord. Sept. 3, 1747; ob. Mar. 19, 1768.
- " John Lathrop, D.D., ord. May 18, 1768; ob. Jan. 4, 1816.
- " Henry Ware, Jr., D.D., ord. Jan. 1 1817; dis. Oct. 3, 1830.
- " R. W. Emerson, ord. March 11, 1829; dis. Oct. 28, 1832.
- " Chandler Robbins, ord. Dec. 4, 1833; present pastor.



BRATTLE SQUARE CHURCH.

It was in the year 1697, when the population of Boston numbered but a few thousands, that Thomas Brattle conveyed a piece of land to an association of persons for religious purposes. The church rose a frail wooden structure, and was finished in the year 1699. It was called the Manifesto Church, from a document or manifest, in which, contrary to the principles professed by the Puritan Churches of that time, the founders of the society advocated a freer institution, afterwards adopted by almost all our Congregational Churches, which allowed the right of voting for the choice of minister not only to communicants but to all contributing to the support of the public worship; besides tolerating the reading of the Scriptures in church and the baptising of children whose parents were not members of the church in full.

Rev. Benjamin Colman, D.D., became the first minister. Ordained in London be entered upon his pastoral duties Aug. 4, 1699, and was connected with the church for a period of half a century. Rev. William Cooper was united with him as colleague from May 23, 1716, to Dec. 20, 1743.

Rev. Samuel Cooper, the son of this latter, also settled as colleague with Dr. Colman, was their next pastor. During his ministry the plan of erecting a new and more commodious edifice was proposed by a number of pious and liberal members of the society. In accordance with this design the old building was taken down in May 1772, and on its foundations rose the existing church, at the cost of £8,000, of which Gov. John Hancock contributed one-eighth. Dr. Cooper closed his long and able ministry by his death in Dec. 20, 1783.

The following ministers respectively labored with the church from that period.

Rev. Peter Thacher, from Jan. 12, 1785, to Dec. 16, 1802.

- " J. S. Buckminster, from Jan. 30, 1805, to Jan. 9, 1812.
- " Edward Everett, from Feb. 8, 1814, to March 5, 1815.
- " John G. Palfrey, from June 19, 1818, to May 22, 1830.
- " S. K. Lothrop, D.D., present pastor, ins. June 18, 1834.



NEW SOUTH, OR CHURCH GREEN.

The first known meeting of the proprietors of this church was at the tavern called "The Bull" on the 14th July, 1715. On the 20th Sept. of the same year, they petitioned the town for a parcel of land called "Church Green" for the purpose of creeting a church thereon. A more suitable place could not have been obtained; and by situation and name it was doubtless intended for the use made of it. The building was dedicated on Jan. 8, 1717, and the Church Covenant was signed April 15. A new and the present edifice was dedicated on 29th December, 1814.

The location of this church is one of the most beautiful in the city. The church itself is built of white hammered granite; and its graceful steeple, 190 feet high, is one of the handsomest structures in the city.

PASTORS.

Rev. Samuel Checkley, ord. April 15, 1719; died Dec. 1, 1769.

- " Pennel Bowen, ord. colleague Apr. 30, 1766; dis. May 12, 1772.
- " Joseph Howe, ordained May 19, 1773; died Aug. 25, 1775.
- " Oliver Everet, ordained Jan. 2, 1782; dis. May 27, 1792.
- " John Thornton Kirkland, ord. Feb. 5, 1794; dis. Nov.14,1810.
- " Sam'l Cooper Thacher, ord. May 15, 1811; died Jan. 2, 1818.
- J. W. P. Greenwood, ord. Oct. 21, 1818; dis. June 24, 1821.
 Alexander Young, ord. Jan. 19, 1825; died March 16, 1854.
- " Orville Dewey, present pastor, settled 1857.



CHAPEL IN FREEMAN PLACE

FEDERAL STREET CHURCH.

This society commenced under the Presbyterian form in the year 1727; and for some time they met in a barn which they had converted into a place of religious worship. They exchanged this humble place of meeting for one more imposing which was erected on the spot occupied by the first in 1744. This in turn gave place to another of the gothic style, built of brick surmounted by a wooden spire, which was dedicated Nov. 23, 1809. This edifice, being located in the centre of extensive business improvements, disappeared in the spring of 1859. A new building is to be erected by the church on the new lands west of the Common. The society now occupy the Chapel in Freeman Place, represented in the above engraving.

August 6, 1786, by the vote of the society, they forsook the Presbyterian form, and adopted the Congregational, to which order the church now belongs.

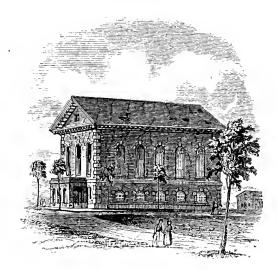
The first pastor was Rev. John Moorhead who was settled March 31, 1730; his ministry continued till his death, Dec. 2, 1773.

Rev. Robert Annah, Rev. Jeremy Belknap, D.D., and Rev. John S. Popkin, D. D., successively labored with the church to the ordination of the lamented Dr. Channing. Rev. Mr. Annah was installed 1783, and dismissed 1786;

Rev. Dr. Belknap, installed April 4, 1787, and died June 16, 1798; Rev. Dr. Popkin was ordained July 10, 1799; dismissed Nov. 28, 1802.

June 1st, 1803, Rev. Mr. Channing commenced his pastoral connection with the church. He is extensively known at the present time as a writer of no common order; his works show marks of great learning and profundity of thought, and are not less remarkable for purity of diction and chasteness of expression. He died Oct. 2, 1842.

Rev. Ezra S. Gannet, present paster, was ordained June 30, 1824.



FREE CHAPEL:

OR, SUFFOLK STREET CHAPEL.

The Free Chapel on Shawmut Avenue, corner of Rutland Street, formerly called the Suffolk Street Chapel, (that being the name of the street at the time of its erection, but since changed to Shawmut Avenue,) is one of the chapels connected with the ministry at large, established under the anspices of the "Benevolent Fraternity of Churches," and mainly supported by it.

This chapel was built in the year 1839. It was dedicated February 5, 1840. It is the largest of the chapels connected with the ministry at large, and was built at a cost of 15,000 dollars on land that was given by the city, according to a grant in 1806, to the first religious association who should erect a church thereon. The congregation previously worshipped in a hall, at the corner of Canton Street, and before that in the upper room of the primary school house in Northampton Street, where it was originally gathered, and which was first opened for religious services July 16, 1837.

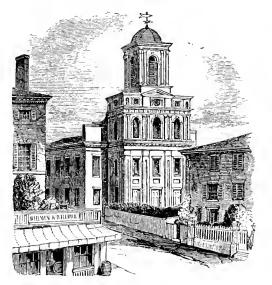
Rev. John T. Sargent was the first minister, who was ordained for the ministry at large in October of the same year. He continued in that ministry till the close of 1844, when he resigned his office.

Rev. Joseph Harrington, Jr., sueeeeded Mr. Sargent, supplying the pulpit of the chapel by quarterly engagements, through the year 1845.

Rev. Samuel B. Cruft, the present incumbent, succeeded Mr. Harrington, and commenced his labors as minister at large January 1, 1846.

NOTE. — The following announcement appears in the newspa pers as this page is passing to the electrotyper: —

"CHURCH ENTERPRISE. We understand that a committee of the Thirteenth Baptist Society, now worshipping in Williams Hall, have made an offer of \$25,000 for the stone chapel on the corner of Rutland Street and Shawmut Avenue, now used as a mission church by the Unitarians. The offer has been accepted by the committee who have the matter in charge, and the matter now only awaits the approval of the two societies."



WEST CHURCH.

LYNDE STREET.

This church was gathered Jan. 3d, t737, consisting of seventeen members. The first edifice, small and of wood, was finished in April, 1737. To have a more suitable place of worship the erection of a new building was proposed, and April 4, 1806, was laid the corner stone of the present edifice, which was dedicated Nov. 27 of the same year. It is situated in Lynde street and contains 164 pews.

The first pastor, Rev. Williams Hooper, from Scotland, was ordained in May, 1737, and resigned in 1746.

The second pastor, Rev. Jonathan Mayhew, D.D., from Martha's Vineyard, was ordained June 17, 1747, and died July 9, 1766.

The third pastor was Rev. Simeon Howard, D.D., from Bridgewater (West Parish), he was ordained May 6, 1767, and died Aug. 13, 1804.

The two present colleague pastors are, — Rev. Charles Lowell, D.D, ordained Jan. 1, 1806. Rev. Cyrus Augustus Bartol, ordained March 1, 1837.



TWELFTH CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

CUAMBERS STREET

In 1823 several gentlemen having conferred together on the subject of the increasing population of Boston, resolved to attempt the formation of a new society of liberal Christians, and the erection of a suitable meeting-house for their accommodation. They caused a subscription paper to be circulated which soon received the names of 102 persons who were willing to share in the expense of the undertaking, provided the location of the contemplated edifice should be in the western section of the city, where, it had been ascertained, many families resided that were unable to find seats in any neighboring church of their own faith. The corner stone of the building was laid, with appropriate ceremonies, May 10, 1824; and on the 14th of June the proprietors were incorporated by the Legislature as the "Twelfth Congregation Society in the City of Boston." Early in the autumn of the same year, the structure was completed at a cost of 34,000 dollars; and it was solemnly dedicated to the worship of God on the 13th of October. This meeting-house is pleasantly situated on Chambers Street, between Allen and McLean Streets, and is shaded by trees on three sides. It contains 150 pews, in which a thousand persons may be seated, and also a commodious vestry.

A church composed of members of the new society was formed, January 12th, 1825, according to congregational usage; and on the 9th of February the present pastor Rev. Samuel Barrett, D.D., was ordained.

In 1827 a Sunday School was organized, and, about the same time, two associations for benevolent purposes.



SOUTH CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

CORNER OF WASHINGTON AND CASTLE STREETS.

An association of citizens founded a society with this title in 1827. The corner stone of an edifice was laid on the corner of Washington and Castle Streets, Aug. 7th of that year. The building, which is of brick, was dedicated Jan. 30, 1828, Rev. Dr. Henry Ware, Jr., preaching the sermon. Rev. Mellish Irving Motte, the first pastor, was ordained May 21, of the same year, Rev. Dr. Channing preaching the sermon. The church body was organized, and the names of 23 persons were enrolled as members, two days before. Mr. Motte's ministry continued about fourteen years. Rev. F. D. Huntington was ordained Oct. 19, 1842, Rev. Warren H. Cudworth on the 17th of March, 1852.

Edward E. Hale, the present pastor, was settled in 1856. The church has been repaired, and its sittings have been increased, within a few years. It now accommodates about a thousand persons. There are 184 pews.



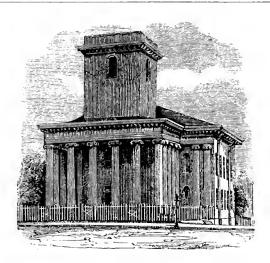
EAST BOSTON CHURCH.

MAVERICK, CORNER OF BREMEN STREET, EAST BOSTON.

Efforts were made to establish regular Unitarian worship in East Boston as early as A. D., 1835. Services were holden in a school-honse in Paris Street. No regular church organization was entered into, however, until the year 1845. Rev. Leonard J. Livermore was the first pastor. He was ordained March 24th, 1847, and resigned in the year 1851.

During the year 1852 efforts were made to procure funds sufficient to erect a place of worship, which proved successful. The edifice rose at the cost of \$11,000, and was dedicated Dec. 29, 1852. It is a modern structure of wood, 60 feet by 44, with a room 20 by 25 called the "Parish Parlor."

Rev. Warren H. Cudworth, present pastor, was ordained on the 17th of March, 1852.



KING'S CHAPEL.

The society worshipping at King's Chapel was formed in June, 1686, being the first Episcopal society in New England. The first church, which was of wood, was completed in 1689, and stood on the spot covered by the present church. In 1710 it was enlarged, but, falling into decay, it was determined to rebnild it of stone, and the present honse was erected and opened for public worship August 21, 1754. Feb. 20, 1785, the proprietors voted that it was necessary to make some alterations in the Liturgy, and, June 19, 1785, the present amended Liturgy was adopted, and, without any material modifications, has been since retained. The connection of the church with the American Episcopal Church was terminated in 1787, on the ordination of Rev. James Freeman

CLERGY.

Rev.	Robert Rateliffe	Rector,	sct.	1686,	left	1689.
1.6	Robert Clark,	Assistant,		4.6	4.6	44
44	Samuel Myles,	Rector,	64	1689,	died	1 1728
44	George Hatton,	Assistant,	6.6	1693,	left	1896.
+4	Christopher Bridge,	44	"	1699,	rem	ov'd 1706.
4.4	Henry Harris,	4.6	44	1709,	died	1 1729.
**	Roger Price,	Rector,	"	1729,	resig	gn'd 1746.
4.6	Thomas Charles Howard,	Assistant,	"	1731,	died	1736.
"	Addington Davenport.	44	"	1737,	1eft	1740.
4.6	Stephen Roe,	"	u	1741,	rem	ov'd 1744.
44	Henry Caner,	Rector,	"	1747	left	1776.
44	Charles Brockwell,	Assistant,	"	1747,	died	l 1755.
66	John Troutbeck,	16	+4	1755,	left	1775.
**	James Freeman,	Reader,		1783	2.	

 Rev. James Freeman,
 Rector,
 set. 1787, died 1835.

 " Samuel Cary,
 Asso.min.,
 " 1809,
 " 1815

 " Francis W.P.Greenwood, Rector,
 " 1824,
 " 1843.

" Ephraim Peabody, " 1816.



BULFINCH STREET CHURCH.

This society was formed in 1822. The corner stone of the church edifice was laid Oct. 7th, 1822. Its dedication took place on the 7th of May, 1823. The honse is of brick, and is 74 by 70 feet. The proportions and arrangements of the interior are in good taste, and are considered creditable to the architect. The basement contains two very commodious vestry rooms, arranged for the accommodation of the Sunday School connected with this society, which is quite large, and also for the evening lectures, the sewing circle, and church meetings.

The society was incorporated Jan. 21, 1823, by the name of the Central Universalist Society. By a unanimous vote of the proprietors, in March, 1838, application was made to the Legislature for a change of name, for the reason, as set forth in their memorial, "that the term Universalist, as now theologically defined, expresses a meaning inconsistent with their faith." The petition was granted, and they were authorized to take the name of "Bulfinch Street Society."

PASTORS.

Rev. Paul Dean, installed May 7, 1823; resigned May 3, 1840.

- " Frederick T. Gray, installed Nov. 26, 1880.
- " Wm. R. Alger, present pastor.



HAWES PLACE CHURCH.

SOUTH BOSTON.

This congregational society was incorporated in the year 1818. The church was formed Oct 27, 1819. The present place of worship is a neat wooden building, 60 feet by 46. It was built in 1832, and dedicated Jan. 1, 1833.

The first minister, Rev. Mr. Wood, was ordained Nov. 13, 1821, as an Evangelist from a council assembled at Weymouth. He died in 1822 without sustaining a pastoral relation to the society.

Rev. Lemuel Capen was invited to become the second pastor of the church. He accepted, but in consequence of his connection with the public schools he performed his ministerial duties without a formal installation from Jan. 28, 1823, to Oct. 31, 1827, when he was installed as pastor. He left in 1839.

Rev. Charles C. Shackford, ordained May 19, 1840.

- " Geo. W. Lippitt, ordained 1844, left 1850.
- " Thos. Dawes, present pastor, was ins. May 22, 1854.



THE CHURCH OF THE DISCIPLES.

INDIANA PLACE.

The church was founded in 1841. It first worshipped in Ritchic Hall, Amory Hall, and the Masonic Temple; and afterward erected the chapel in Freeman Place (named after the late Rev. Dr Freeman, of King's Chapel,) which it occupied until, in 1850, on account of the sickness of the pastor and other reasons, its public worship was suspended, and its chapel sold to the Second Church. It now worships in Indiana Place.

The condition on which men worship in this church is that one shall declare his "faith in Jesus as the Christ, the Son of God," and his purpose of "uniting with the church in the study and practice of christianity."

This church has from the first held social religious meetings for the culture of christian thought and affection. In its liturgy it has introduced something of the Episcopal, Methodist, and Quaker services, combining congregational singing and responses with extemporary and silent prayer. It has also been, to a great extent, a free church, meeting its expenses by a voluntary subscription.

Rev. James Freeman Clarke, first and present pastor.



HOLLIS STREET CHURCH.
HOLLIS STREET.

This church, situated in Hollis Street, was formed in 1732. The founders of it were Gov. Belcher and William Paine, Esq. The house was dedicated on the 14th of June, 1732. The first pastor of this church, Rev. Mather Byles, D. D., was ordained Dec. 17, 1732, and ministered 44 years. He was dismissed 1776 on account of his clinging to principles unpopular with his flock.

The next pastor, Rev. Ebenezer Wight, was ordained Feb. 25, 1778, and was dismissed in September, 1788, at his own request.

The original church was destroyed by fire in 1787, and a larger one built on the same site in 1788.

The third pastor, Rev. Samuel West, was installed in 1789, and died in 1808.

The fourth pastor, Rev. Horace Holley, was installed May 8th, 1809. Soon after his installation the present edifice was built, the old church not being large enough. Dr. Holley was dismissed at his own request Aug. 24, 1818.

The fifth pastor, Rev. John Pierpont, was ordained April 14, 1819. His ministry lasted almost twenty years, when he was dismissed at his own request.

The sixth pastor, Rev. David Fosdick, was installed May 3, 1846. His ministry lasted not quite two years. He resigned.

In 1853 the old pulpit was removed and a new one substituted; also a marble font was placed in the church, of great value, the gift of A. W. Thaxter, Esq.

The pews are 168 in number, and nearly all are sold or rented.

The present edifice is $79\frac{1}{2}$ feet by 76 exclusive of the ower.

The steeple is 196 feet high. Rev. Thos. Starr King,

ins. Dec. 6, 1848.



THIRTEENTH CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.
HARRISON AVENUE, CORNER OF BEACH STREET.

The corner stone of the first edifice (called from its location the "Purchase Street Church,") was laid Sept. 7, 1825, near the head of the wharf where the vessels laden with tea lay on the memorable night of Dec. 16, 1773. This structure was of rough granite, and covered a space of 81 feet by 74. It was dedicated Aug. 24, 1826. In the year 1843 it was put in complete repair. But, a few years later, the site being regarded as inconvenient by a majority of the worshippers, the building was sold to Roman Catholics. A new and handsome house, 162 feet by 107, was reared on the corner of Harrison Avenue and Beach Street, and was dedicated May 3, 1848, where the society now worship. The corner stone was laid May 3, 1847. Rev. George Ripley was ordained Nov. 8, 1826, and was dismissed, at his own request, March 28, 1841, when he left the ministry.

Rev. James I. T. Coolidge, was ordained Feb. 9, 1849, and resigned in 1858.



NEW NORTH CHURCH.

HANOVER, CORNER OF CLARK STREET.

The New North was the fifth congregational church built in this city. The first house was dedicated May 5, 1714. It was enlarged in 1730 to nearly double its original size. The second, which is the present, was dedicated May 2, 1804;—its cost was \$26,570.96.

PASTORS.

Rev. John Webb, ord. Oct. 20, 1714; died April 16, 1750.

- " Peter Thacher, Colleague, inst. Jan. 28, 1720, died March 1, 1739.
- " Andrew Eliot, D. D., ord. April 14, 1742; died Sept. 13, 1778.
- " John Eliot, D. D , ord. Nov. 3, 1779; dicd Feb. 14, 1813.
- " Francis Parkman, D. D., ord. Dec. 8, 1813; res. Feb. 1,
- " Amos Smith, colleague, ins. Dcc. 7, 1842; res. June 1,
- " Joshua Young, ord. Feb. 1, 1849; res. June 3, 1852.
- " Arthur B. Fuller, ins. June 1, 1853.



PITTS STREET CHAPEL.

PITTS STREET.

The first chapel was erected in Chapel Place, Friend Street, and was called Friend Street Chapel. The first service was held therein Nov. 10, 1827. The present Chapel was erected in Pitts Street, in 1836. It was dedicated Nov. 13, 1836, and has since been the home of the Congregation. The object of the building and ministry connected therewith is not exclusively for the benefit of the rich or the poor, the ignorant or learned, Orthodox or Baptist, Unitarian or Trinitarian; but for all having no connection with other societies. It is conducted under the auspices of the "Benevolent Fraternity of Churches."

MINISTERS.

Rev. Dr. Tuckerman, set'd Dec. 2, 1826; cont'd until May, 1840.

- " C. F. Barnard, " 1832; " Jan., 1836.
- " F. T. Gray, " Oct. 5, 1833; " Nov. 20, 1839.
- " C. A. Bartol, " 1836; " " March, 1837.
- " R. C. Waterston, Nov., 1839; " 1845.

" Sept., 1846.

" S. H. Winkley, present pastor, settled September, 1846.

" A. Bigelow, D. D., settled May, 1845;



WARREN STREET CHAPEL.

WARREN STREET.

This Institution, established A. D. 1835-6, through the liberality of several private individuals, and placed under the charge of Rev. C. F. BARNARD, is devoted to the general objects of the Ministry at Large, particularly in their relation to the young. It contains various free schools for instruction in Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, and Sewing, intended for those who cannot obtain such advantages elsewhere, and open at such hours as their convenience requires.

The following letter from Boston to the National Intelligencer, gives an interesting History of the Warren Street Chapel:—

Boston, April 23, 1859.

On the south side of Warren, just out of Washington street, stands a large plain brick structure, three stories in front and four in the rear. (We give the precise locality for the benefit of visitors from abroad.) On the left of the entrance is a small garden with a fountain; and on the right Within the admirably-planned building a conservatory. are accommodations for the janitor and his family, washing and bathing-rooms, a half a dozen or more ample schoolrooms and parlors, neatly fitted up, hung with maps, pietures, and medallions, and adorned with casts of appropriate pieces of statuary. The chapel proper, on the second floor, will seat an auditory of five or six hundred persons. It has a small, sweet-toned organ, sittings for the choir, and a simple mahogany desk pulpit at one end. In the corners are kneeling Samuels and other fitting figures, and on the walls, choice engravings. This place of worship, like all the rest of the building, has been arranged with a nice regard to

convenience, simplicity, and correct taste. There are two libraries — one for adults and the other for children; also, cabinets for minerals and shells, and cases of curiosities.

What is this Warren street Chapel (that is the not very descriptive name which it bears) for, what is done under its roof, what is its history, and how is it sustained? In the first place, on week days there are several schools, e.g. a charity school of pupils gathered up from the streets, cleaned np, elothed, and taught, and fitted for the public schools, or otherwise provided for to save them from ruin; sewing schools, daneing schools, and evening schools for adults. On Sundays there are Sunday schools, two regular services for children, and sometimes a third for their parents and others who may choose to attend. Oceasionally, courses of lectures are given. But this is not all. At certain seasons, such as Thanksgiving, Christmas, New Year's, there are juvenile parties, when the whole house is bright and alive with joy and frolic. At other times, as on May Day and Fourth of July, the Chapel gets up fêtes in Faneuil or the Music Hall. Formerly it furnished on the national holiday the elaborate and very heautiful floral processions. These were sneceeded by floral fairs in the Public Garden. But the growth of the city and the increased cost and labor necessary to make them profitable, together with the risk of bad weather, caused their discontinuance. They are still remembered as beautiful shows that had a refining effect on occasions that are apt to be noisy and coarse.

The history of this institution may be briefly told. The Rev. Charles F. Barnard, a quarter of a century ago, was the associate for a short time of the late Rev. Dr. Tuckerman, the first city missionary. From his experience in this relation he was led to consecrate himself to the work of a visitor of the poor. Entering upon his duties as one of the ministers of the Fraternity of Churches, an association formed by the Unitarian churches to support the ministry at large, he soon became satisfied that he could do the most good by confining his attention almost exclusively to the young. The "Fraternity" did not yield to his wishes, and so, in business phrase, he "set up for himself." Sympathizing friends came to his aid, and in due time the Chapel was built by subscription. One thing brought on another; and the result is the institution as it now exists - still under Mr. Barnard's supervision, zealously seconded all along by the hearty cooperation and efficient services of a corps of volunteer teachers, advisers, and contributors of both sexes. Mr. B. of course has his heart, head, and hands full. He visits the siek, earries them to ride, and furnishes them with medicines and delicacies; he preaches; he oversees the schools; he marries his scholars now and then as they grow up to manhood and womanhood; and he buries those who are ealled hence-the Chapel having its earefully kept "lot" at Mount Auburn. No man in the city works more diligently than he, or, to all appearance, with more loving devotion to his Christian task. It seems to be his life; and he is always at his post, always up and doing. He, we venture to say, has no ennui from "unused powers," no leisure for morbid feelings, no uncasiness for want of something to do. He and his coadjutors, who deserve a large share of the praise it has earned, have managed the Chapel for more than two score years, and brought it to its present estate. Of course they can now report fruits, and ask from year to year permission and material aid to enable them to go on with their enterprise.

It appears by the last report that nearly a thousand children and other persons have enjoyed the advantages of the Chapel in some or all of its departments during 1858-9. We are told that of more than six thousand young persons who have been connected with the Chapel not one has as yet been known to be a violator of law, or seen as an offender in any court of justice. We have heard of some of these graduates, so to speak, who, becoming prosperous men, have gratefully remembered, by donations, the school that helped them out of early ignorance and poverty. We know of well-to-do men of business, musicians, vocalists, and artists, good citizens, faithful wives and mothers, ever ready to confess their indebtedness, directly or indirectly, for their start in life, to the Warren Street Chapel. The Chapel was not "got up" according to a preconceived and carefully prepared plan. Those concerned have, in great measure, been carried forward step by step, following out providential hints, trying experiments in a practical common sense way, building all the while better than they knew, and astonished at times, we doubt not, both at their venturesomeness and their prosperous career. The Chapel has been, to a considerable extent, self-supporting; obtaining from floral sales, festivals, and concerts no inconsiderable portion of the needed income. The Chapel has always eschewed sectarianism. Some of its operations, especially those having reference to amusements, have been looked upon occasionally as injudicious. But it has lived down jealousy and distrust, and obtained a fair repute and popularity with people of all classes and denominations. The Chapel is not exclusively an institution for the poor - meaning by that term destitute objects of charity - it aims also to benefit those who, "to put a fine point upon it," are in less favored cireumstances as regards the means of a true culture for themselves and their children. The Chapel, in a word, is a sort of educational institution, furnishing to such as want them, in part or in whole, the benign influences of the church, the home, and the school. It would teach the young whom it gathers in, make them or help them to be good, minister to their happiness, cultivate their tastes, give them innocent recreations, awaken in them the desire to learn and to be useful, and train them in loyalty to truth and virtue.

Doubtless the Chapel has its faults and makes its mistakes; but we apprehend that there are few institutions in Christendom that could present a cleaner or a more interesting record of experiences and success.

If there were a Warren Street Chapel in every ward in our cities, as one of its friends once said, they would do more than any other instrumentality to prevent poverty, ignorance, vice, and crime. The Chapel, however, cannot, we suppose, be copied or transplanted. It is a speciality which has not been fabricated, but which has grown up and become what it is by a process of development. Still this sketch of it, which has told but a portion of its story, may furnish some valuable suggestions to practical philanthropists elsewhere, and enable them to go and do somewhat likewise.

Yours, &c.,

S.

P. S. We ought to have stated that, under the auspices of the Chapel, there are various executive agencies for benevolent purposes. One of these the last year provided places for sixty-two girls. As evidence of the systematic and careful management of the Chapel, we may add that in the circulation last year of 1549 books none have been lost, that only four volumes have disappeared since 1852.

TWENTY-EIGHTH CONGREGATIONAL SOCIETY.

MUSIC HALL.

This society was founded in 1845, and settled Rev. Theodore Parker, its first and present Pastor, in 1846.

HANOVER STREET CHAPEL.

HANOVER STREET.

Rev. E. J. Gerry, present Pastor, settled in 1858.

CANTON STREET CHURCH,

CANTON STREET

Founded in 1857.

Rev. George H. Hepworth, Pastor, settled in 1857.

This society is erecting a new church edifice.

WASHINGTON VILLAGE CHAPEL.

WASHINGTON VILLAGE.

Edmund Squire, present Pastor, settled in 1857.

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.



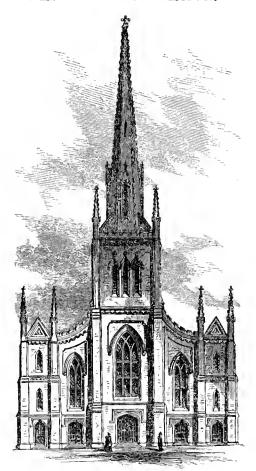
FRIENDS' MEETING HOUSE,

MILTON PLACE-IN FEDERAL STREET.

There are but few Quakers in Boston. They occasionally hold meetings here, but the persons composing these meetings are generally residents of other places; they are chiefly from Lynn.

Their meeting house is quite small, built of stone, and is a very neat edifice. It is in Milton place, situated a little back from the street. Like the Friends themselves, it is so quiet and retired that a person might pass through the street a number of times, and not observe the building. In Bowen's picture of Boston, it is stated: "From the year 1664 to 1808, the society of Friends held regular meetings in Boston. They built the first brick meeting house in the town, in Brattle street, and another of similar materials in Congress street. The former was sold in 1708; the latter was erected prior to 1717, and stood till April, 1825, when the building was sold and demolished. Connected with this house was a burial ground, in which the dead of the Society were interred. Their remains were removed to Lynn in the summer of 1826. The land was sold in 1827, and the stone building opposite the west end of Lindall street occupies the site of the old church."

BAPTIST DENOMINATION.



FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,

SOMERSET STREET.

This Church was first gathered in Charlestown, on the 28th of March, 1665; at that time it consisted of nine members. Their first house of worship was built in 1679, on the corner of Stillman and Salem streets, in Boston. In 1771 a new house was erected on the same spot, which was occupied by the society till 1829, when they removed to the church on the corner of Hanover and Union streets, where they remained till 1854.

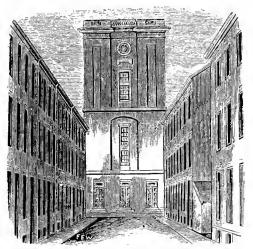
On the 12th September, 1853, was laid the corner stone of their new church in Somerset street. This building is of brick, covered with mastic. It is of the Gothic style of architecture, and is 94 feet long by 70 wide, in front. The spire is of wood, covered with copper, and is 200 feet high.

The church will seat a thousand persons. The lot on which it stands cost \$35,000, and the edifice, including the organ and other fixtures, about \$45,000, making in all \$80,000.

PASTORS.

Rev. Thomas Gold from 1665 to 1675.

- " John Russell from 1675 to December, 1680
- " John Emblem from 1684 to 1702.
- " Ellis Callender from 1708 to 1726.
- " Elisha Callender from May, 1718, to March, 1738.
- " Jeremiah Condy from February, 1739, to August, 1764.
- " Samuel Stillman from January, 1765, to March, 1807.
- " Joseph Clay from August, 1807, to October, 1809.
- " James M. Winchell from March, 1814, to February, 1823.
- " Francis Wayland, Jr., from 1821 to 1826.
- " Cyrus P. Grosvenor from January, 1827, to 1830.
- " William Hague from February, 1831, to June, 1837.
- " Rollin H. Neale from September, 1837, present pastor.



BALDWIN PLACE BAPTIST CHURCH.

This church was organized July 27, 1753. At its formation it consisted of seven members. The first Meeting House was dedicated March 15, 1746, enlarged in 1788, and again enlarged in 1797. The corner-stone of the present edifice was laid May 28, 1810, and the house was dedicated January 1, 1811.

PASTORS.

Rev. Ephraim Boand, ordained Sept. 7, died June 18, 1765.

- " John Davis, ordained Sept. 9, 1770, dismissed July 19, 1772.
- " Isaae Skillman, D. D., commenced his labors in September, 1773, without a formal installation; dis. Oct. 7, 1787
- " Thomas Gair, installed April 22, 1788, dicd April 27, 1790.
- " Thomas Baldwin, D. D., inst. Oct. 11, 1790, d. Aug. 29, 1825
- " James D. Knowles, ord. Dec. 28, 1825, dis. Sept. 20, 1832.
- "Baron Stow, installed Nov. 15, 1832, left July 1, 1848.
- " Levi Tucker, D.D., settled Dec. 31, 1848.
- " T. F. Caldicott, ordained in 1853.
- " James Belcher, settled 1858.

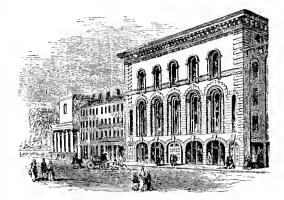


FIRST INDEPENDENT BAPTIST CHURCH, BELKNAP STREET.

This Church was constituted under the title of the "African Baptist Church," on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1805 It was incorporated under its present title, A. D. 1838.

Rev. Thomas Paul, installed 1805, dismissed 1829.

- " Washington Christian, installed 1832, dismissed 1822.
- " Samuel Gooch, installed 1832, dismissed 1834.
- " John Given, installed 1834, dismissed 1835.
- " Armstrong Archer, installed 1836, dismissed 1837.
- " George H. Black, installed 1838, dismissed 1841.
- " J. T. Raymond, from 1842 to 1847.
- " W. B. Serrington, from 1847 to 1849.
- " A. T. Wood, installed 1850, left 1850.
- " Wm. Thompson, settled Oct., 1850.



TREMONT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH

TREMONT TEMPLE.

This Society was founded in 1839.



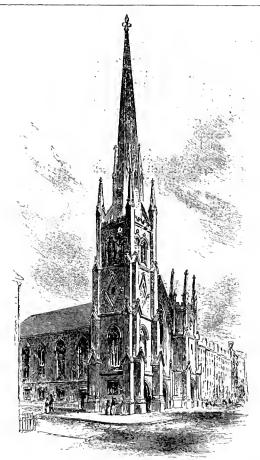
CHARLES STREET BAPTIST CHURCH.

This Church, consisting originally of nineteen members from the Second Baptist Church, and of five from the First, was constituted Aug. 5, 1807. On the same day the Meeting House was dedicated to the worship of God. It is built of brick, and exclusive of the tower is 75 feet square. It is an elegant edifice, adorned with a cupola and bell, and cost \$27,000. That portion of the street on which this Church was built, was reclaimed from the flats. The bell here used was the first used in Boston by the Baptists.

On the 5th of October, 1807, Rev. Caleb Blood, of Shaftsbury, Vt., accepted an invitation to become its Pastor, and the relation between Mr. Blood was dissolved June 5, 1810. Rev. Daniel Sharp, D. D., entered on his pastoral labors on the first sabbath in March, 1812, although he was not installed until the 29th of April, 1812.

Dr. Lowell, of the West Church, is the oldest pastor in Boston, now officiating. Settled in 1806. Dr. Sharp, of this Church, at the time of his death, was the next. Settled in 1812.

Rev. J. C. Stockbridge, present Pastor, was installed in 1853.



ROWE STREET BAPTIST CHURCH.

. This Church, formerly the Federal Street Baptist Church, was formed in 1827. The house in which they then worshipped, was commenced in 1826, and stood in Federal street, near Milk street. In 1845, that building was demolished, to give way to the stately warehouses which now occupy the spot.

On the 27th April, 1846, the corner-stone of the present edifice, in Rowe street, was laid, and it was dedicated on the 7th of April following. It is of the pointed Gothic style of architecture; built of dark red sand-s'one, having a tower at the corner, surmounted by a spire, rising to the height of 175 feet above the sidewalk. The interior of the building is finished with black walnut, and contains 158 pews.

The succession of pastors is as follows:

Rev. Howard Malcom, from Nov. 13, 1827, to Sept., 1835.

- Geo. B. 1de, from Dec. 30, 1835, to Dec., 1837.
- " Handel G. Nott, from May 23, 1839, to May, 1840.
- " Wm. Hague, from Sept., 1840, to 1848.
- " Baron Stow, D. D., the present Pastor, was settled 1848.



SOUTH BAPTIST CHURCH.

BROADWAY, CORNER OF C STREET, SOUTH BOSTON.

On the 28th of Angust, 1828, nineteen individuals were recognized as a Branch of the Federal Street Baptist Church. This Branch became independent March 1, 1831; then consisting of 52 members.

The branch originally met for public worship in a small house formerly occupied by the Methodists. They were aided for several years by the "Baptist Evangelical Society." Their present house was dedicated to the worship of God, July 22, 1830. It is on the corner of C street and Broadway. The building has nothing remarkable in its appearance, though to the antiquarian there are interesting associations connected with its history.

PASTORS.

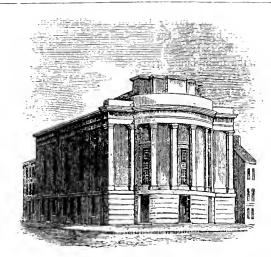
Rev Thomas Driver, ordained April 16, 1829, dis. April 1, 1830.

- " R II. Neale, installed Oct. 1830, dismissed March 19, 1834.
- " Timothy R. Cressy, inst. May 25, 1834, dis. June 22, 1835
- " Thomas Driver became pastor again, Oct. 14, 1838, to 1843.
- " Duncan Dunbar, from 1344 to 1815.
- " George W. Bosworth assumed the charge Feb. 22, 1343.
- " J. A. Goodhue.
- " John Duncan, settled 1858.

HARVARD STREET CHURCH,

CORNER OF HARVARD STREET AND HARRISON AVENUE.

This Church was constituted March 27, 1839, consisting of one hundred and twenty-one members, derived chiefly from the various Bap ist churches in the city. As they met at first in Boylston Hall, they took the name of the Boylston Street Church, which has been changed to that of the



Harvard Street Church, since their removal to the new place of worship. From Boylston Hall they moved to the Melodeon, and thence to the new Church.

The eorner-stone of the Church was laid in May, 1842. It will accommodate between 1100 and 1200 persons.

PASTORS.

Rev. Robert Turnbull, installed Aug. 25, 1839.

- " Joseph Banvard, settled in 1846.
- " A. II. Burlingham.
- " Daniel C. Eddy, settled in 1856.



BOWDOIN SQUARE BAPTIST CHURCH.

at first in Boylston Hall, they took the name of the Boylston Street Church, which has been changed to that of the beautifully opening to the view from all the streets which

radiate from the square. It is 98 feet in length, inclusive of the tower, by $73\frac{1}{2}$ feet wide. Its front, with its tower and its six turrets, is of granite. The tower projects 10 feet from the main building; is 28 feet square, and 110 feet high. Its cost, including furniture and organ, was upwards of seventy thousand dollars.

The Church was constituted Sept. 17. 1840, with 137 members.

PASTORS.

Rev. R. W. Cushman, installed July 8, 1841, left July, 1847.

- " Pharcellus Church, D. D., installed Sept., 1848.
- " Wm. H. Wines, settled in 1852.
- " John N. Murdoch, settled in 1858.

CENTRAL SQUARE BAPTIST CHURCH,

CENTRAL SQUARE, EAST BOSTON.

Founded in 1844. Rev. S. W. Foljamhe, present Pastor, settled in 1839.

UNION BAPTIST CHURCH,

MERRIMAC STREET.

Founded in 1845. Rev. D. M. Crane, present Pastor, settled in 1858.

BOSTON BAPTIST BETHEL,

LEWIS, CORNER OF COMMERCIAL STREET.

Founded in 1845. Rev. Phineas Stowe, present Pastor, settled in 1845.

TWELFTH BAPTIST CHURCH,

SOUTHAC STREET.

Founded in 1848. Rev. Leonard A. Grimes, present Pastor, settled in 1848.

THIRTEENTH BAPTIST CHURCH,

DOVER, CORNER OF WASHINGTON STREET.

Founded in 1856. See Note on page 18.

ORTHODOX CONGREGATIONAL.



THE OLD SOUTH CHURCH.

WASHINGTON STREET, CORNER OF MILK.

The Old South is the oldest of the Orthodox Congregational churches in this city. It was organized, May 16, 1669. In 1815, all the original Congregational churches of Boston had departed from the faith of the fathers. During Rev. Mr. Huntington's ministry, the "American Education Society," and the "Society for the Religions and Moral Improvement of the Poor," were established principally by his influence. More than a hundred years ago, this church made appropriations for the distribution of bibles, to help sustain feeble churches, and to educate young men for the ministry. This church was a bible, missionary, and education society, long before these modern organizations existed.

The first house of this society was of cedar. Their wooden house was taken down in 1729; and religious services were attended in the present house, for the first time, on the 26th of April, 1730. This house is eighty-eight by sixty-one feet. It contains internal evidence of having been built in the early part of the last century. It has a sounding-board, and two tiers of galleries. This house has many interesting historical associations connected with revolutionary times.

"Here was delivered, in defiance of the threats of authority, and in presence of a marshalled soldiery, Warren's fearless oration, on the anniversary of the massacre of the 5th of March. 1770. Here were repeatedly held the meetings of

oppressed freemen, which called forth those peals of patriotic eloquence which moved the whole country, and shook the British throne."

During the siege of Boston, the British cavalry here learned to exercise; and a grog-shop was kept in the first gallery. There was nothing sacred about the building, because it was a dissenting meeting-house. Before the revolution, it had often been thronged with multitudes of eager listeners to the holy man of God, George Whitefield.

PASTORS.

Rev. Thomas Thatcher, the first pastor, was installed, Feb. 10, 1674; deceased, Oct. 15, 1678. Aged 58.

Rev. Samuel Willard. Installed, April 10, 1678; deceased, Sept. 12, 1707. Aged 67.

Rev. Ebenezer Pemberton. Ordained, Aug. 28, 1700; deceased, Feb. 13, 1717. Aged 45.

Rev. Joseph Sewell, D. D. Ordained, Sept. 16, 1713; deceased, June 27, 1769. Aged 80.

Rev. Thomas Prince. Ordained, Oct. 1, 1718; deceased, Oct. 22, 175%. Aged 72.

Rev. Alexander Cumming. Installed, Feb. 25, 1761; deceased, Aug. 25, 1763. Aged 36.

Rev. Samuel Blair. Installed, Nov. 26, 1766; dismissed, Oct. 10, 1769.

Rev. John Bacon. Installed, Sept. 25, 1771; dismissed, Feb. 8, 1775.

Rev. John Hunt. Ordained, Sept. 25, 1771; deceased, Dec. 30, 1773. Aged 31.

Rev. Joseph Eckley. Ordained, Oct. 27, 1779; deceased, April 30, 1811. Aged 61.

Rev. Joshua Huntington. Ordained, May 18, 1808; deceased, Sept. 11, 1819. Aged 33.

Rev. B. B. Wisner, D. D. Ordained, Feb. 21, 1821; dismissed, Nov. 12, 1832.

Rev. S. H. Stearns. Ordained, April 10, 1834; dismissed, March 8, 1836.

Rev. G. W. Blagden, D. D. Installed, Sept. 28, 1836. Rev. Jacob M. Manning, colleague, installed, 1857.

PARK STREET CHURCH.

PARK STREET, CORNER OF TREMONT STREET.

This church was gathered February 27, 1809. At its organization it consisted of twenty-six members, twenty-one of whom came from other churches. Dr. Griffin was its first pastor. He was bold and fearless in declaring the doctrines, as they were held by the fathers of New England. The ears of Bostonians had so long been accustomed to smoother things, that they tingled when they heard the gospel in its primitive simplicity and purity. The character of this infant church was formed under his ministry. The influence which this church has exerted upon the city, the country, and heathen world is principally owing to his ministry. This church has enjoyed repeated times of refreshing from the presence of the Lord. During the year



1812-13, the Holy Spirit was specially present with the Word. In 1822-23, one hundred and forty-four were gathered into the church. Again, in 1827-28, one hundred and thirty-four made a public profession of religion. In 1842, one hundred and one persons were received into the bosom of this church.

PASTORS.

Rev. Dr. Griffin was installed, July 31, 1811; dismissed, April 27, 1815.

Rev. S. E. Dwight was ordained, Sept. 3, 1817; and dismissed, April 10, 1827.

Rev. E. Beecher was ordained, Dec. 27, 1826; and dismissed, March 22, 1830.

Rev. Joel H. Linsley was installed, Dec. 5, 1832; and dismissed, Sept. 28, 1835.

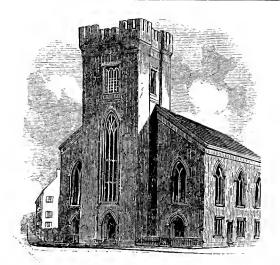
Rev. Silas Aiken was installed, March 22, 1837; and dismissed, 1948.

Rev. A. L. Stone was installed, Jan. 25, 1849.

UNION CHURCH.

ESSEX STREET.

This church was originally gathered by Rev. James Sabine and the house dedicated, in 1819. A difficulty arose between some members of the church and their pastor, and a majority of the church and pastor left the house. After this, a minority of the church was organized, June 10, 1822. The infant church made application to the Old South and Park Street churches for assistance. Several members from these churches volunteered to go to their assistance, — connected themselves with them. Hence they called themselves the "Union Church."



On the 12th of November, 1822, the church unanimously made choice of Rev. Samuel Green, of Reading, to become their pastor; and he was installed March 22. In the revival of 1823-24, between eighty and ninety were admitted to this church. In the visitation of the Spirit in 1827-28, one hundred and eighteen were gathered into the church as the fruits of this revival. In 1842, sixty-six professed faith in Christ.

Rev. Nehemiah Adams, D. D., was installed Mar. 26, 1834. In 1841, the house was remodelled; and both its exterior and interior appearance was much improved, at an expense of fifteen thousand dollars. The basement part now contains a large and compositions vestry and other rooms.

PHILLIPS CHURCH.

BROADWAY, SOUTH BOSTON.

This church was gathered Dec. 10, 1823, — consisting at that time of thirteen persons. Rev. Prince Hawes was installed, April 28, 1824. A house of worship was erected at the junction of Broad and II Streets. Mr. Hawes was dismissed, April 18, 1827; and on the 2d of November, of the same year, Rev. Joy II. Fairchild was installed. The place of worship being too small, a larger one was erected on the same location, and dedicated May 4, 1836. The house is built of wood, and has one hundred and four pews on the lower floor; and will accommodate, including the gallery, seven hundred persons. Mr. Fairchild was dismissed, May 16, 1854.

PASTORS,

Rev. William W. Patton. Settled, Jan. 18, 1843; dismissed, Jan. 6, 1846.

Rev. John W. Alvord was settled, Nov. 1846; dismissed in 1852. Rev. Charles S. Porter was installed, Feb. 22, 1854.



BOWDOIN STREET CHURCH.

This church was gathered, and house erected in Hanover Street. The church was organized July 18, 1825. The corner-stone of the meeting-house was laid, June 20, by Rev. Dr. Wisner; and an address was made by Rev. Samuel Green. On the 10th of January, 1826, Rev. Lyman Beecher was installed pastor. The house was destroyed by fire, February 1, 1830. The new house was creeted in Bowdoin Street, and the name changed from Hanover to Bowdoin Street Church.

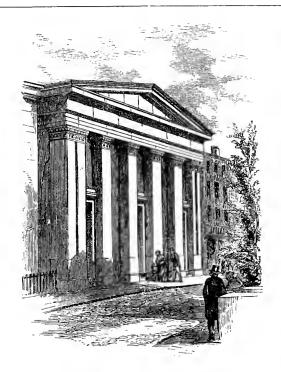
During the six and a half years of Dr. Beecher's ministry, four hundred and eighty-five members were received into the church. During the ten years of Rev. H. Winslow's ministry, seven hundred persons were admitted to the communion of the church. It is a remarkable fact, that, under the ministry of the first and second pastors of this church, the average number per year was not far from seventy. The greatest number received in any one year of Mr. Winslow's ministry was one hundred and sixty; and the least, forty-three. This church has sent forth her members to aid in planting and strengthening Pine, Salem, and Winter Street churches; the Eliot, in Roxbury; the Winthrop, in Charlestown; the Evangelical, in Cambridgeport; the Mariner's Church; the church in East Boston; and the church in Chelsea.

PASTORS.

Rev. L. Beccher was installed, Jan. 10, 1826; dismissed, Sept., 1832.

Rev. Hubbard Winslow was installed, Sept., 1832; dismissed in 1845.

Rev. J. B. Waterbury, D. D., was installed, Sept., 1846. Rev. Edwin Johnson, settled in 1859.



MOUNT VERNON CHURCH.

ASHBURTON PLACE.

During the year 1840-41, several brethren of the Orthodox Congregational churches were impressed with the importance of forming a church to secure the services of Rev. E. N. Kirk. These brethren held several meetings for consultation and prayer. Twenty-five brethren, and twenty-two sisters, were organized into a church, at Park Street Vestry, June 1, 1842. On the same day, Mr. Kirk was installed as their pastor. They worshipped a year or more in the Masouic Temple.

On July 4, 1843, the corner-stone of the Mount Vernon Church was laid; and it was dedicated, January 4, 1844. The dimensions of this building are seventy-five feet by ninety-seven; containing one hundred and thirty-two pews on the lower floor and fifty in the gallery, in which one thousand two hundred and seventy persons may be conveniently seated. The basement story contains, besides the general committee rooms, a commodious chapel, sixty-eight feet long by forty-eight broad, which will accommodate six hundred persons.

On the first of June, 1852, ten years from the organization of the church, there were connected with the church five hundred and seventy-five members; making an annual increase of fifty-two.



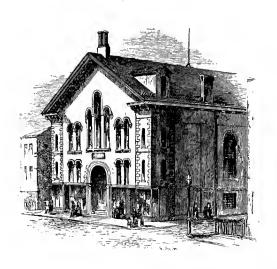
CENTRAL CHURCH.

The congregation which now worships in Central Church, in Winter Street, was originally gathered, with a view to occupy the Odeon, which was formerly used as a theatre. Several members of the Evangelical Congregational churches, in the eity, agreed with the Academy of Music to occupy it as a place of worship on the Sabbath. A meeting was called, May 6, 1835, at which, after mature deliberation, it was judged expedient to form a new church. The church was organized, May 11, embracing sixty-three members. Rev. William M. Rogers was installed pastor, August 6, 1835.

On May 27, 1841, the corner-stone of the Winter Street Church was laid with appropriate religious services. The Central Congregational Society was legally organized, December 7, 1841. On December 24, the Franklin Street Church assumed the name of "Central Congregational;" and on December 31, 1841, the church edifice was dedicated to the worship of God. Before the church left the Odeon, a deep solicitude was felt that they might enter the new house with right feelings. They ardently desired that the glory of God might fill the house. The church then numbered two hundred and eighty members. God was pleased graciously to visit this church with special tokens of loving kindness. During the first year of occupying their new house, two hundred and three were gathered into this church.

Rev. George Richards was settled as colleague pastor, Oct. 8, 1845.

Rev. William M. Rogers died, Aug. 11, 1851.



PINE STREET CHURCH.

The corner-stone of this meeting-house was laid June 20, 1827. The church was gathered Sept. 2, 1827, eonsisting of forty-five members. This church was formed by a colony from other churches. The house is eighty feet by seventy-one: it contains one hundred and eighty-two pews, and large rooms in the basement story.

PASTORS.

Rev. T. H. Skinner, D. D. Installed, April 19, 1827; dismissed, Aug. 27, 1828.

Rev. John Brown. D. D. Installed, March, 14; dismissed, Feb. 16, 1831.

Rev. Amos A. Phelps. Installed, Sept. 13, 1831; dismissed, March 26, 1834.

Rev. Artemas Boies. Installed, Dec. 10. 1834; dismissed, Nov. 9, 1840.

Rev. Austin Phelps. Ordained, March 31, 1842; dismissed, 1848.

Rev. H. M. Dexter was installed, April 18, 1849.

MARINERS' CHURCH.

SUMMER STREET, CORNER OF FEDERAL STREETS.

In 1818, Rev. Dr. Jenks commenced his labors among seamen, under the patronage of the "Boston Society for the Religious and Moral Instruction of the Poor." He preached half of the Sabbath at a hall over the arch on Central wharf. He continued his labors until 1826. In



1828, the "Boston Seaman's Friend Society" was formed. On January 1, 1830, the Mariners' Church was dedicated; and, the 20th of the same month, a church of nine members was gathered. Rev. Stephen Bailey officiated as seaman preacher from 1826 to 1828; Rev. Jonathan Greenleaf from 1828 to 1833; Rev. D. M. Lord was installed in 1834, dismissed in 1848. Rev. G. W. Bourne was installed, February 15, 1849; dismissed, March, 1854. Connected with this establishment is a Sailor's Home, capable of accommodating a large number of the sons of the ocean. Two or three years ago, the church and home were both destroyed by fire. The home has been rebuilt; and a church purchased, lately occupied by the Christian Society. Elijah Kellogg, pastor, settled in 1855.

MAVERICK CHURCH.

EAST BOSTON.

The Maverick Church, East Boston, was gathered in May, 1836, and consisted of ten members. It was recognized by the sister churches, May 31, 1836, by the name of the First Congregational Church in East Boston, which name was afterwards changed to the present. The society worshipping with the church was incorporated by the legislature in 1838, by the name of the Maverick Congregational Society.

The present large and commodious house of worship was built in 1844-45, and dedicated, February 6, 1845.



PASTORS.

Rev. William W. Newell was settled July 19, 1837; resigned, May 11, 1841.

Rev. A. A. Phelps. Settled March 2, 1842; resigned, April 29, 1841.

Rev. Robert S. Hitchcock. Settled Nov. 1846; resigned, Oct. 16, 1850.

Rev. Rufus W. Clark. Settled Dec. 3, 1851. Rev. T. N. Haskell, settled in 1858.

SHAWMUT CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,

SHAWMUT AVENUE.

For several years before this church was gathered, a Sabbath Evening Lecture had been maintained in a hall not far from the place where the present church is located. The church was organized with fifty members, Nov. 20, 1845, under the auspiees of the City Missionary Society, and worshipped in a chapel erected by that society until the fall of 1851. They moved into their new house of worship, November, 1852. It is built on Shawmut Avenue, nearly fronting Blackstone Square, in one of the most pleasant parts of the city. It is of the Romanesque style, and reflects much credit on the designer, J. D. Towle, Esq., architect of the city. The edifice is built of brick, with a mastic front, one hundred feet deep by sixty-six broad. The spire rises to the height of one hundred and ninety feet. This church is universally admired; and its internal arrange-



ments are well fitted for the various purposes of a church edifice. The auditory is seventy-five feet by sixty-three, and contains one hundred and forty pews. The prospects of the society are very encouraging.

Rev. George H. Oviat. Settled, Nov. 20, 1845; dismissed, March 28, 1849.

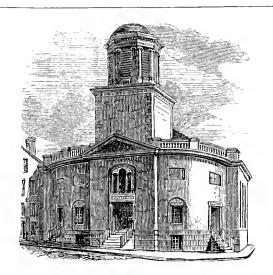
Rev. William C. Foster. Installed, Oct. 25, 1849; dismissed, Dec. 30, 1851.

Rev. Charles Smith was installed, Dec. 8, 1853.

PAYSON CHURCH.

SOUTH BOSTON.

The Payson Church, in South Boston, was organized on the 16th day of July, 1845, consisting of fifty-six members, all of whom were previously connected with the Phillips Church. The late Rev. William M. Rogers preached the sermon on the occasion. Rev. J. II. Fairchild was installed as pastor of said church on the 19th day of November, 1845. Dr. Woods, of Andover, preached the installation sermon.



SALEM CHURCH.

SALEM STREET

A meeting of the friends of the Redeemer was held March 21, 1827, to consider whether it was not expedient to erect another house of worship. It being doubtful whether it was most needed at the north or the south part of the city, it was resolved to erect two, one on Pine and the other on Salem Street. The corner-stone of Salem Church was laid, July 17, 1827. Ninety-seven persons were organized into a church, Sept. 1, 1827.

PASTORS.

Rev. Justin Edwards, D. D., was installed pastor, Jan. 1, 1828; dismissed, Aug. 20, 1829.

Rev. G. W. Blagden was installed, Nov. 3, 1830; dismissed, Aug. 1836.

Rev. J. H. Towne was installed, June 2, 1837; dismissed, Jan., 1844.

Rev. E. Beecher, D. D., was installed, March 13, 1844. Rev. George W. Field, settled in 1856.

EPISCOPAL CHURCHES.

Episcopaey did not obtain "a local habitation and a name" in the city of Boston until the year 1687. There were several influential members of that communion residing here previous to that date; but, owing to the strong opposition manifested towards the Church of England by the Puritans and their descendants, the Episcopal liturgy was not publicly used until the year just mentioned. The Rev. Robert Rateliffe had arrived in Boston in May, 1686, but it was not till the March following that he was permitted to hold public services; and it was only by the influence and

authority of Governor Andros that this privilege was at length, and with some difficulty, obtained. Three years afterwards the Episcopalians were enabled to erect the first church of that order in Boston,—a wooden edifice,—on the spot now occupied by the Stone Chapel, and known as King's Chapel. This building was much enlarged in the year 1710; and, in 1749, the present stone edifice was commenced. Here the sacraments and ordinances of the church were regularly administered, until the troublous times of the Revolution. The chapel was closed from the period of the evacuation of Boston by the British troops, until about 1782, when it fell into the hands of the Unitarians, in whose possession it has ever since remained. With its history subsequent to 1775, this portion of the work has nothing to do; it will be found under the proper head.



CHRIST CHURCH,

SALEM STREET.

Notwithstanding the enlargement of King's Chapel in 1710, it was soon found inadequate to supply sittings for the increasing number of Episcopalians in Boston; and, on the 15th of April, 1723, the corner-stone of a new church, to be named Christ Church, was laid by the Rev. Samuel Niles, then rector of King's Chapel; and the building was opened for public worship on the 29th of December, of the the same year, by the Rev. Timothy Cutler, D. D. It is a brick edifice, situated on Salem Street, near Copp's Hill; in length, seventy feet; in width, fifty; and, in height, thirty-five. On the western end is a tower twenty-four feet square, surmounted by a steeple which rises to the height of one hundred and seventy-five feet from the sidewalk.

This steeple was blown down in the memorable gale of October, 1804; and the present one, in which the symmetry and proportions of the former are carefully preserved, was erected in 1807, and thoroughly repaired in 1847. The tower contains a set of eight finely toned bells, which were placed there in 1744. The following persons have successively filled the office of rector of this church:—

Rev. Timothy Cutler, D. D. Settled, Dec. 29, 1723; died, Aug. 7, 1765.

Rev. James Greaton. Settled, May 30, 1760; left, Aug. 31, 1767.

Rev. Mather Byles, Jr. Settled, Sept., 1768; left, April, 1775. Rev. Stephen Lewis. Settled, Aug., 1778; left, Sept., 1784.

Rev. William Montague. Settled June, 1787; left, May, 1792. Rev. Wm. Walter, D. D. Settled, May 29, 1792; died, Dec. 5, 1800.

Rev. Samuel Haskell. Settled, May, 1801; left, Sept., 1803. Rev. Asa Eaton, D. D. Settled, Aug. 23, 1803; left, May, 1829. Rev. Wm. Croswell. Settled, June 24, 1829; left, June, 1840.

Rev. John Woart. Settled, Nov. 1, 1840; left, Nov., 1850.

Rev. William T. Smithett. Settled, Jan. 6, 1852, - present rector.

TRINITY CHURCH.

SUMMER STREET.

In about ten years after the building of Christ Church, it was found that a third church was required to furnish accommodation for the Episcopal families residing in what was then the southern section of the city. Accordingly on the 15th April, 1734, the Rev. Roger Price, then rector of King's Chapel, laid the corner-stone of an edifice, to be named Trinity Church, in Summer Street, at the corner of Hawley Street. It was of wood, and was first opened for divine service in about four months from its commencement. This building was taken down in August, 1828; and the present church, built of rough granite, in the massive Gothie style, was consecrated to the worship of God on the the 11th of November, 1829. It is as an elegant and substantial structure, capable of seating about one thousand two hundred persons. The woodwork of the interior is painted to imitate oak, and the walls are beautifully frescoed. Among other mural tablets which decorate the interior is one designed and executed by Brackett, to the memory of the late Bishop Griswold, whose remains are deposited beneath. The organ, built at a cost of about ten thousand dollars, is a remarkably rich toned and powerful instrument.



The succession of ministers in this church runs as tolows:--

Rev. Addington Davenport. Settled, May 8, 1740; died, Sept. 8, 1746.

Rev. Wm. Hooper. Settled, Aug. 28, 1747; died April 5, 1767. Rev. William Walter, D.D. Settled, April, 1767; left, 1775. Rev. Samuel Parker, D.D. Settled, 1774; died Dec. 7, 1894.

Rev. John S. J. Gardiner, D. D. Assistant minister, 1792; rector, 1805; died, 1830.

Rev. George W. Doane, D.D., Assistant minister, 1828; rector, 1830; left, 1833.

Rev. John H. Hopkins, D.D. Assistant minister, Feb., 1831; left. Nov. 1832

left, Nov., 1832.
Rev. Jonathan M. Wainwright, D.D., Rector, March, 1833;

left, Jan., 1837.

Rev. John L. Watson. Assistant minister, June 1, 1836; left April, 1846.

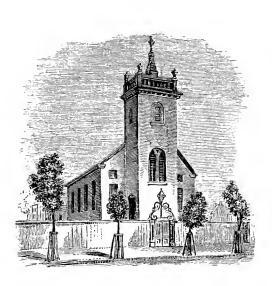
Rt. Rev. Manton Eastburn, D. D., Bishop of the Diocese rector, Dec. 29, 1842, is the present rector.

The Rev. Thomas M. Clark, D.D., also held the office of assistant minister from May, 1847, to 1850, and the Rev. John C. Smith is the present assistant.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH,

SOUTH BOSTON.

In the interval between the years 1734 and 1816, no additional church edifice was erected for Episcopal worship in the city of Boston. In fact, the number of churches of that denomination had diminished in that interval; for it was during this period that King's Chapel passed into Unitarian hands. Those who were connected with that church, and who still held the Trinitarian faith, instead of erecting another edifice, united themselves with the congregations of Christ Church and Trinity Church; so that, from 1782 to 1816, there were only these two Episcopal churches in



Boston. In the latter year, a small Episcopal society was organized at South Boston, under the name of St. Matthew's Church; and from March, 1816, till June, 1818, their services were held in a schoolhouse, and principally conducted by lay readers. Indeed, no settled elergyman was connected with this parish till the year 1824, though several ministers officiated temporarily in the church for longer or shorter periods. On the 24th June, 1818, St. Matthew's Church was consecrated to the service of God, by the late Bishop Griswold. In the autumn of 1831, the building was considerably enlarged. It is a brick edifice, centrally situated on Broadway, between D and E Streets, and contains sittings for about 450 persons. A new and more commodious building is much needed by this society. The following is the list of ministers who have been connected with this church: -

Rev. John L. Blake. Settled, June, 1824; resigned, June, 1832. Rev. Mark A. De Wolf llowe. Settled, Aug., 1832; resigned, October, 1832.

The church was then closed till February, 1834.

Rev. E. M. P. Wells. Settled, Feb 1834; resigned April, 1835.
Rev. Horace L. Conolly. Settled May, 1835; res., May, 1838.
Lev. Joseph H. Clinch. Settled, June, 1838, is the present rector



ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

TREMONT STREET.

About the period of the completion of St. Matthew's Church, a project was put on foot for the erection of a costly edifice, to be situated on Tremont Street, between Winter Street and Temple Place, and facing the Common and the Subscriptions to the building fund were State Honse. commenced in March, 1819; and the corner-stone of St. Paul's Church was laid, with appropriate solemnities, on the 4th of September in the same year. The church was consecrated on the 30th of June, 1820, by Bishops Griswold of Massachusetts, and Brownell of Connecticut, assisted by several of the elergy. It is built in the Greeian style of architecture, of the Ionic order. The body of the church is 112 feet long, 72 feet wide, and 40 feet high, from the floor to the top of the cornicc. The walls are of a fine grey granite; the portieo, and the columns which support it, are of Potomae sandstone, laid in courses. This portico projects 14 feet from the end wall, and rests upon six finely proportioned Ionic columns. The interior of the church has been greatly improved and beautified, at a considerable expense, within a few years past Four persons only have held the office of rector since the erection of this edifice.

Rev S. F. Jarvis, D.D. Settled, July 7, 1820; resigned, Aug. 22, 1825.

Rev. Alonzo Potter, D.D. Settled, Aug. 26, 1826; resigned, September 6, 1831.

Rev John S. Stone, D.D. Settled, June 19, 1832; resigned, Jonuary 7, 1841.

Rev. A. H. Vinton, D.D. Settled, June, 1842.



GRACE CHURCH.

TEMPLE STREET.

After an interval of ten years from the erection of St. Paul's Church, a new Episeopal society was organized in Boston, under the name of Grace Church. In the first years of its existence, from 1829 to 1835, its growth was very slow. For the greater portion of that period, the public services were held in Amory Hall, which was found amply large to accommodate the ordinary congregation. At length, by great exertions, and by the noble efforts of some of the leading members, a sufficient sum was raised to warrant the commencement of a building for the exclusive use of the society; and the corner-stone was laid on the 30th of June, 1835. On the 14th of June, 1836, Grace Church was solemnly consecrated to the worship of God, by Bishop Griswold. From that period its growth has been rapid, and it is now in a highly prosperous condition, the number of communicants being about 350.

Grace Church is situated on Temple Street. The front is of Quincy granite, in the Gothic style of architecture, of which it is considered to be a very correct specimen. The interior of the building is beautifully frescoed. The basement contains a spacious lecture and Sunday-school room.

The elergymen who have held pastoral relationship with this church were at first settled only for brief periods. The following have been regularly instituted as rectors:—

Rev. Zachariah Mead. Settled, April, 1834; left, 1836. Rev. Thos. M. Clark. Settled, Nov. 13, 1836; left, Sept., 1843. Rev. Clement M. Butler. Settled, May 24, 1844: left, Feb. 21, 1847.

Rev. Charles Mason. Settled, Sept. 1, 1847; present rector.



CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH.

FLORENCE STREET.

In September, 1843, an Episeopal society was organized in Boston, composed principally of a few of the members of Grace Church, who resided in the southern part of the eity, under the title of the Church of the Messiah. For a period of about five years, the congregation met for public worship in a commodious hall, at the corner of Washington and Common Streets. The present church edifice, situated on Florence Street, was consecrated by Bishop Eastburn, on the 29th of August, 1848. It is built of brick, with a handsome freestone front, in the Gothie style of architecture, after a design by Billings; and is beautifully finished in the interior, with open-work roof and stained glass windows. It is a neat, commodious, and substantial building; eapable of accommodating a congregation of about 700 persons. It is a flourishing and prosperous society, and has in connection with it a very interesting Sunday school, numbering about 250 scholars, under the instruction of a numerous and efficient body of teachers.

This church has had but one rector from its first organization to the present day, the Rev. George M. Randall, who entered upon his duties in May, 1844.



ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH.

PURCHASE STREET.

A free church for the poor was built in the year 1845, by the name of St. Stephen's. In strict order of time, this ehurch, perhaps, should take precedence of the two last mentioned, for it had, in fact, a corporate existence, under another name, so far back as 1830, in which year, an Episcopal city mission was established under the pastoral care of the Rev. Asa Eaton, D.D., formerly rector of Christ Church. This continued until the year 1836, when a free chapel was opened in Common Street, into which the City Mission became merged and incorporated. For the better accommodation of this congregation St. Stephen's Church was built. The corner-stone was laid, in Purchase Street, near Summer Street, on the 24th March, 1845, by Bishop Eastburn, and solemnly consecrated by him on the 5th of October, 1846. The funds for its erection, amounting to \$17,000, together with the additional sum of \$10,000 for its endowment, were the generous donation of the Hon. William Appleton. The endowment fund was further increased by a bequest of \$5000, made by the late Edward Tuckerman, Esq.; and thus, the seats are made free for ever to all who desire to worship God according to the rites of the Protestant Episcopal Church. The design of the building was furnished by Upjohn. A house of refuge for the poor is also connected with this church. The Rev. E. M. P. Wells, D.D., has been the minister of this chapel, since the year 1844.



CHURCH OF THE ADVENT.

GREEN STREET.

In September, 1844, an Episcopal parish, by the name of the Church of the Advent, was incorporated; and commenced public services in a hall at the corner of Causeway and Lowell streets, about the beginning of the year 1845. Towards the close of the year 1847, the Congregational meetinghouse in Green Street, near Bowdoin Square, was purchased by this parish at a cost of \$25,000, and thither the congregation removed in the ensuing November. They have it in contemplation to creet a more commodious edifice, whenever the building fund shall have reached the required amount. The Church of the Advent, soon after its organization, invited the Rev. William Croswell, D.D., to become their rector, who entered upon his duties in Nov., 1844, and who fell, struck by death, while concluding the services of the church, on Sunday, the 9th of November, 1851. He was succeeded by the Rt. Rev. Horatio Southgate, D.D. Rev. M. P. Stickney, the present rector, was settled in 1853.



ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

EAST BOSTON.

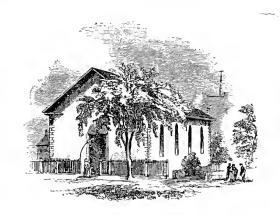
On the 25th of November, 1845, a society was organized at East Boston, in connection with the Protestant Episcopal church, under the title of St. John's Church. It was, at first, composed of only seven members. They met for public worship in a small store, under Ritchie Hall, which they continued to occupy until 1848, when they removed to a more convenient room, in which the public services were held until May, 1852. On the 11th of November, 1850, the corner-stone of the present edifice was laid at the corner of Paris and Decatur streets. This Church, which is of wood, was nearly completed, when, in a violent gale in April, 1851, it was levelled with the ground. Another effort was immediately made for its reconstruction, and in May, 1852, it was sufficiently advanced towards completion to enable the congregation to meet in the basement. On Sunday, the 16th July, 1854, the body of the church was, for the first time, used for the celebration of public worship.

The Rev. Nathaniel G. Allen was the rector of this parish from October, 1848, till April 17, 1853. Rev. John Irwin was the next rector. Rev. Samuel J. Evans, the present rector, was settled in 1857.

SEAMEN'S CHAPEL.

COMMERCIAL STREET.

In the early part of the year 1845, a free missionary Episcopal chapel, for seamen, was opened in Boston, in a hall fitted up for the purpose, at the corner of Ann and Ferry Streets, and placed under the pastoral care of the Rev. John P. Robinson. In the autumn of 1849, a more convenient and commodious room was procured in Ann Street, near Blackstone. The Rev. W. Robinson's connection with the mission having been dissolved in November, 1851, he was succeeded by the Rev. Christian Wiltberger, who entered upon his duties in the following Spring.



ST. MARK'S CHURCH.

CONCORD STREET

A society of Episcopalians was organized, as St. Mark's Church, on the 4th of April, 1851, and held their first services in the wardroom of Ward XI., in the Franklin schoolhouse. The building represented in the engraving was erected by the Shawmut Congregational Society, in 1845, and was purchased by the congregation of St. Mark's Church, in September, 1851, and immediately occupied by them, in consequence of the schoolhouse in which they had previously met, having been destroyed by fire in the previous August. It is a neat wooden building, situated on West Concord Street, capable of seating about 400 persons. The Rev. Patrick H. Greenleaf was connected with this society from its formation till June, 1853 Rev. Cyrus F. Knight, the present rector, was settled in 1857.



ST. MARY'S CHURCH.

RICHMOND STREET.

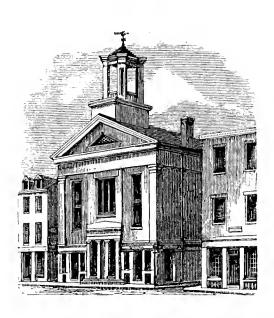
An Episcopal church, under the title of the Free Church of St. Mary, for seamen, was organized in the latter part of the year 1851, and a Methodist house of worship situated in Richmond Street, was purchased and fitted up for the performance of public worship. It is a small, but neat wooden building, large enough to contain a congregation of about 500 worshippers. The Rev. John P. Robinson is the chaplain.

UNIVERSALIST CHURCHES.

FIRST UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.

HANOVER STREET.

In the year 1785, the society of the late Samuel Mather sold their place of worship to Shippie Townsend and others. In 1792, the then proprietors voted to enlarge the house. In 1793, Rev. John Mnrray, who had preached for the society for several years, was installed as pastor. In 1806, the society was incorporated by an act of the legislature. In 1838, the old house was removed, and a new and commodious brick church erected on the same spot. It was dedicated on the first day of January, 1839.



From this society, in about half a century, have emanated several other societies, who have erected for themselves places of worship in the city and vicinity, all of which are fully attended.

PASTORS.

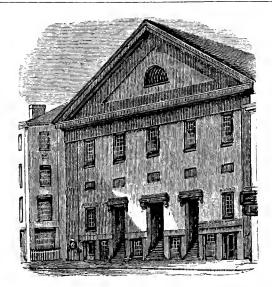
Rev. John Murray. Installed, 1793. Rev. Edward Mitchell. Installed, 1810. Rev. Paul Dean. Installed, 1813. Rev. Sebastian Streeter. Installed, 1824.

Rev. N. M. Gaylord, colleague. Settled, 1855.

SECOND UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.

SCHOOL STREET.

The Second Universalist Church, standing in School Street, was consecrated October 16, 1817. Rev. Hosea Ballou was installed on the 25th of the following December; having commenced his labors in the church the sabbath following its dedication. The church was formed the third sabbath in December, 1817.



The house is a plain brick building, without a steeple, 75 feet long and 67 broad. With the corner-stone a silver plate was deposited, being the gift of Dr. David Townsend, bearing the following inscription:—

"The Second Universal Church, devoted to the service of the true God, Jesus Christ being the chief corner-stone, May 19th, 1817."

Rev. Alonzo A. Miner, present pastor. Settled in 1848.



FOURTH UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.

SOUTH BOSTON.

This edifice is situated at the corner of B Street and Broadway. It was built and is now occupied by the

"Fourth Universalist Society," which was gathered in April 1830, under the labors of Rev. Benjamin Whittemore, who was installed, April 10, 1833. Rev. Thomas D. Cook, installed in 1844. Rev. Calvin Damon was installed July 18, 1852. Rev. William W. Dean, present pastor, was settled in 1855. The society was organized May 30, 1831, and incorporated April 19, 1837.



FIFTH UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.

WARREN STREET,

The Fifth Universalist Society was formed January, 1836. It worshipped in Boylston Hall three years, when it removed to the meeting-house erected for its use in Warren, near Tremont Street. The house was dedicated in February, 1839.

The meeting-house is built of brick, with a granite basement, and contains 162 pews, and will seat about 1,100 persons. It is furnished with a fine-toned organ. In the basement there is a large vestry and three schoolrooms.

The Church, which originally consisted of eighty-five members, was formed in 1837. There are connected with the society two sabbath schools, also two female charitable associations.

PASTORS.

Rev. Otis A. Skinner. Settled, January, 1837; resigned, April, 1846.

Rev. J. S. Dennis. Installed, January, 1847; resigned, June, 1848.

Rev. Ot's A. Skinner. Re-installed, March, 1849. Rev. Thomas B. Thayer. Settled, 1857.



SIXTH UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.

EAST BOSTON.

This society was founded in 1840, and the building erected in 1842, on the corner of Webster and Orleans Streets

Rev. J. W. Talbot, the present pastor was settled in 1857.

CHURCH OF THE PATERNITY.

CONCORD STREET.

Founded in 1859.

METHODIST EPISCOPALIAN.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

HANOVER STREET.

The first Methodist sermons preached in Boston, so far as any record has been preserved, were by the Rev. Mr. Boardman, in 1771. Mr. Boardman was the colleague of Mr. Fillmore; and the two ministers were sent to this country by the Rev. John Wesley, at the request of the small body of Methodists already gathered in the city of New York. A society was formed at the time; but for want of pastoral care was ultimately dissolved. In 1784, Rev.



William Black, who had been, heretofore, preaching in the British Provinces, visited Boston and remained about three months. He held his services in what was then ealled the "Sandemanian Chapel," in Hanover, near Cross Street. Large congregations attended upon his ministry; and many referred the commencement of their religious life to his powerful discourses. With the departure of Mr. Black, these persons united with the established churches in the city; and no organized monument of his devoted labors was left behind.

On the 9th of July, 1790, Jesse Lee, a Virginian, a Methodist preacher of remarkable presence, endowed with a strong mind, capable of extraordinary physical endurance, and "full of faith and the Holy Ghost," having entered New England a year before, upon a preaching tour, stood behind a table, under the arms of the old elm tree, upon Boston Common. With a powerful but musical voice, he sang a hymn; and four persons arrested by the novelty of the scene, drew near as he knelt down upon the table, and stretching forth his hands, offered up a prayer with peculiar

unction and power. It was at the close of a warm afternoon, and crowds were beginning to gather upon the Common to enjoy the shade and air of its sheltered walk, when their steps were arrested by the voice of prayer, and an immense mass of people gathered around the simple stand of the speaker, and listened to his earnest, extemporaneous discourse. One who heard that discourse has preserved his impressions of it in a permanent form. "When he entered upon the subject matter of his text," says Ware, in his memoir, "it was with such an easy, natural flow of expression, and in such a tone of voice, that I could not refrain from weeping; and many others were affected in the same way. When he was done, and we had an opportunity of expressing our views to each other, it was agreed that such a man had not visited New England since the days of Whitefield. I heard him again; and thought I could follow him to the ends of the earth."

Mr. Lee continued some time in the city, preaching in private houses, and upon the Common, to the spiritual profit of many persons; but no permanent public edifice could be obtained for their gathering. A small church was finally constructed; and public services were held in the house of Mr. Samuel Burrill, on Sheaf Street. Rev. Jeremiah Cosden became, soon after, their minister; and successful effort was made to secure the use of a public school-house; from this, however, they were finally removed, — objection being made to the early hour at which they rang the bell and assembled for worship on Sabbath morning; the church following then the custom of Mr. Wesley to have preaching at five o'clock in the morning. They next hired one of the rooms in the "Green Dragon Tavern," which stood near the corner of Union and Hanover Streets.

Compelled to leave even these uncomfortable quarters, they hired one room after another at the "North End," until in the year 1794, the little band numbering about forty-two in its membership, resolved to build a house of worship.

The indefatigable Lee, sought aid for the struggling enterprise at the South; and on the 5th of September, 1795, a lot of land was purchased, upon what was afterwards called Methodist Alley, and is now known as Hanover Avenue. A wooden building, forty-six by thirty-six was erected upon this site and dedicated amid the rejoicing of the little flock, by the Rev. George Pickering, of precious memory, on the 15th of May, 1796. It was a rough shell of an edifice, but to the troubled and persecuted society, it was a haven of unspeakable rest. The huilding was not fully completed until 1800. The little society had received an important accession about the time of the erection of the church in the person of Col. Amos Binney, whose noble and generous character, business talents, social position, and sincere piety, were of inestimable value to the struggling church. From an exceedingly small and problematical ex-

periment, Mr. Binney lived to see the denomination permanently established in Boston and throughout New England.

In this old frame building on Hanover Avenue, nearly all the early preachers of Methodism of considerable note, occupied the pulpit in succession. Of the Bishops in the Methodist Episcopal Church, Asbury, Coke, Whatcoat and Hedding, were among its occupants; and of the ministry, the honored names of Lee, Pickering, Broadhead, Merwin, Ostrander, Wells, D'Sargeant, Kibley, Webb, &c., were numbered upon its list.

In the year 1828, the church occupying this edifice having constructed a new building upon North Bennet street, it was occupied as a Seamen's Bethel, by Rev. E.T. Taylor. Upon the erection of the present Bethel it was sold, used for a while as a school-house and afterwards removed to Causeway street, where it still preserves its old proportions and is used as a carpenter's shop. It would be an interesting movement, and honor to the Methodist Church, if this venerable and memorable edifice could be rejuvenated and applied to some religious purpose. It might be made a Mission Sabbath School, and thus become a sanctuary for the young, as it has been a tabernacle for the fathers.

In 1828 the church upon Hanover Avenue removed to their new building upon North Bennett Street, which was dedicated by Rev. S. Martindale, Rev. E. Wiley, now of Melrose, being the pastor of the church. It numbered at that time sixty members. During the whole history of this church, which as the successor of Methodist Alley has held the relation of parent to nearly all the churches of the denomination in the vicinity, it has been noted for its extensive revivals and spirited social meetings. The names of Bonney, A. D. Merrill, John Lendray, Fillmore, Abel Stevens, Sargeant, Pierce, Porter, and Trafton appear upon its records as successive pastors, and the place will ever be sacred in the memory of the denomination. In 1843 the church becoming so crowded, through the remarkable awakening of the preceding year, a lot of land was purchased upon Richmond Street, and an edifice erected for the accommodation of a new church. This enterprise was attended with prosperity, and a full and permanent congregation had been gathered, when, in 1849, the large gothic edifice, which had been erected at great expense by the Old North or Second Church, on Hanover Street, being offered for sale at a very low rate, the two churches, Bennet and Richmond Streets, united and consummated the purchase. In this noble and convenient edifice they nov. worship. The pastor at the time of the union was Rev. Mosely Dwight, who was succeeded by Rev. J. Cummings. Mr. Cummings' successor was Rev. E. Cook, under whose administration the mortgage which encumbered the building was removed, and this valuable and elegant structure, with

all its appurtenances, came without a burden into the hands of the trustees who hold it for its legitimate purposes. The building is 92 feet by 80 on the ground, and its spire rises 220 feet from the ground. Rev. Mr. Cox, an excellent, amiable, and experienced minister, was the next pastor of the church. Rev. Wm. C. High, the present pastor, was settled in 1859.

Its relief from debt will long save this church from the peril that threatens the churches at North End from the removal of the old population and the rapid encroachment of business. And long may it stand, its tall spire a grateful beacon to the returning sailor from the sea, and its ample and elegant accommodations offering a welcome to the rich or poor who may frequent its courts.

SECOND METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

BROMFIELD STREET.

On the 15th of April, 1806, the corner stone of the Chapel upon Bromfield street, was laid by Rev. Peter Jayne, and on the following November the edifice was completed and dedicated by Rev. S. Merwin. In the middle course of hammered stone on the foundation of this building, is a block taken from Plymouth rock. In 1835 the chapel was raised and a commodious vestry provided in the basement, and in 1849 the building was entirely renewed with the exception of the outer walls. It is one of the pleasantest and best arranged audience rooms in the city. It will comfortably seat one thousand people. There are a large number of rooms about the building adapted to the various purposes of a religious society, and well ventilated and commodious vestry, arranged for every want of the sabbath school and for social meetings.

Within a short time the Society has nobly subscribed an adequate amount to remove the encumbrance of a mortgage, so that they are permitted to enjoy the satisfaction of worshiping God in an edifice unincumbered by the claims of Mammon upon it. During the history of this church, about forty different elergymen have filled the pastoral office, following each other generally in biennial rotation, in accordance with the custom of the denomination. Many of these men were among the most marked members of the Conforence, and their labors have been eminently blessed of God in the increase and piety of the church. A large proportion of them have "ceased from their labors, and their works do follow them."

Rev. Lorenzo Thayer, present pastor, was settled in 1858.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

REVERE STREET.

In the early days of Methodism in Boston, the colored people were attracted to their religious services by their simplicity and warmth, and many of them were converted and became devotedly and intelligently pions. It was thought desirable at an early day that they should have public exercises among themselves, both for their own enjoyment and for the benefit of that portion of the city in which they resided. Col. Binney and Thomas Patten, Esq., were the first to set in motion a plan for the accomplishment of this purpose. A colored man by the name of Snowden, they heard of, as an interesting exhorter, and a devotedly pious man, connected with the Methodist Church in Portland, Me. For him they sent, and he at once entered upon the work of preaching to his brethren in private houses and wherever he could find opportunity. A building became an indispensable necessity, and the convenient edifice upon May Street was the result of the efforts of the brethren of the M. E. Churches to provide for their spiritual wants. Here preached and prayed and sang and shonted "Samy Snowden," a man of more than ordinary abilities, a good reasoner, a lively speaker full of original and subdued wit. His earthly labors ceased a few years since, and he died widely lamented by his white, as well as eolored, brethren. Rev. Elijah Grissam was his successor, a worthy man, a good minister, and a devout Christian. Rev. Thomas Freeman, present pastor, was settled in 1857. An interesting congregation meets on the Sabbath in the church, and a fine sabbath school, with white teachers, is also held. There are few more refreshing services held in the city, than some of the "Love Feasts" in Revere Street M. E. Church.

BETHEL CHURCII.

NORTH SQUARE.

About forty years since, a sailor, with a very marked face, and wonderfully expressive eye, but not a little rugged in his appearance, began to frequent the Methodist meetings in the chapel on Bromfield Street; and after very powerful impressions, and a deep work of grace upon his heart, he began to exhibit, in his somewhat rough and uncultivated style, extraordinary originality of thought, and a peculiar natural cloquence. The older members of the church, discovering the promise of usefulness, now but slightly developed, encouraged the exercise of his gifts, and aided him in his efforts to overcome the impediments arising from the utter absence of text-book training. In the warmth of a rich religious experience, even before he could



read or write, he began to exhort and preach in the surrounding towns with wonderful unction and with peculiar success. Finally, recommended by the official board of the ehurch, where he was spiritually born, Edward T. Taylor was received by the New England Methodist Episcopal Conference, and began his labors as a Methodist minister. About this time two members of this church, Wm Morley, Esq., lately deceased, and Thomas Patten, Esq., had their sympathies awakened to the spiritual wants of the seamen connected with the commerce of Boston. It occurred to these gentlemen that there was no one better adapted to this work than the zealous sailor who had been converted at their altar. Through their efforts, Mr. Taylor was appointed to this work, and commenced a career of almost unexampled usefulness and success among this interesting and too long-neglected portion of our community. When, in 1828, the Bennet Street Chapel was completed, it was proposed to devote the edifice upon Hanover Avenue to the purpose of a Bethel. A board of trustees, from the two Methodist Episcopal Churches in the city, was formed; and as the church was unable to make a gift of the property to this object, Mr. Taylor was commissioned to solicit subscriptions. When the plan was presented to the merchants of the city, it was received with peculiar favor; and, to seeure a more general interest, it was proposed to establish a society upon as liberal a basis as possible. This was the origin of the "Boston Port Society." Its members were selected indiscriminately, -- within and without the Methodist Episcopal Church. By the constitution of the society, no denominational ereed or church were to be established; but the spiritual interests of seamen were to be sought, and they were to hold their church relations whenever they elected to do so. In later years, however, an independent ehurch has been constituted, and all the ordinances of the Lord's house are administered by the pastor.

As the constitution now reads, and which is to be changed only by a large majority of the board, the pulpit is to be supplied by the New England Methodist Episcopal Conference; the minister, however, to remain permanently in his place, and not to be removed biennially, in accordance with the plan of the itinerancy.

In 1833, the spacious Scamen's Bethel which now commands and adorns the north-western portion of our city, its fluttering banner waving a welcome to the homeless sailor, was built and consecrated to its noble purposes. And here, for more than twenty years, this earnest and sincere laborer in Christ's vineyard, has been exercising, with untiring zeal, the extraordinary talents with which God has endowed him, for the benefit of his "brethren according to the flesh." Father Taylor, as he is now affectionately ealled by all elasses, is one of the oldest pastors of the city. Few men enjoy so wide or so enviable a celebrity. His monument will be composed of pearls, gathered from the sea. His memory will ever be as green as the ocean's wave, and tears, as briny as the deep, would fall from a thousand eyes, were the announcement of his departure from earth to reach the ear. Of late, his health has been delicate, and there are serious presages, written in the deepening lines upon that wonderful face, of the approaching release from mortal toils. May a life so valuable be still longer extended! One of the social gatherings in the vestry of the Bethel is thus described by a late visitor: -

"By invitation, I attended one of his Monday evening prayer-meetings, in the vestry of the Bethel, in August. The weather was oppressive, and, any where else, rather a heavy meeting might have been anticipated. I entered the consecrated place a little after sundown. A few faithful ones had assembled -- sailors with their wives and daughters -and a sprinkling of Christian strangers. All were seemingly wrapt in holy meditation. The Father not appearing, a simple and ancient song of Zion was commenced by a single voice, and speedily there was a chorus of praise. The soul of the Bethel now entered and took his place in the little sacred desk. He immediately gave out the beauiful hymn: 'Father, I stretch my hands to thee!' which was sung with the spirit. He then offered such a prayer as he is wont to offer - simple, touching, fervent, and in which the sons of the sea, upon water and upon land, had a large share of remembrance. He now made a very few remarks that were just to the point - timely, pertinent, affectionate, and earnest, and then called upon all present to tell what the Lord had done for their souls, and to tell whether they reeeived any food on the Sabbath that had just passed. There was an immediate response. A weather-beaten sailor arose, and, with streaming eyes, spoke of his late fall, and of his return to God, and of his determination to 'go and sin no more.' As the sailor sat down, Father Taylor both eneouraged and warned him. Others, also, arose, and added their share to the interest of the meeting.

An interesting sabbath school meet regularly upon the Sabbath. A large congregation of seamen, officers, and sailors, are always to be found here upon the Sabbath, when the beloved shepherd is at home; and with these a numerous miscellaneous crowd, of every class in the community, from the chief in the law to the highest orders in the gospel—strangers of almost every clime, and representatives of every form of faith. Who will fill such a place as this, when the attracting sun is removed from its present orbit!



THIRD METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

CHURCH STREET.

On the 4th of July, 1834, Rev. Abel Stevens preached the first Methodist sermon in the church edifice upon Church Street. The building had been erected for, and occupied by a Presbyterian church; but upon the withdrawal of its pastor, Rev. James Sabine, to the Episcopal church, the society relinquished its house of worship. About twenty-five members from the other churches united to form the original society. Mr. Stevens was succeeded in course by Messrs. Scudder, Oltheman, Porter, Peiree, Smith, Pickering, Merrill, Raymond, Crowell, and Cobleigh. The latter gentleman was called to a professorship in a college in Illi-

nois; and was succeeded by Rev. D. K. Banister, a clergy-man of peculiar excellence of character, a good preacher and a faithful pastor. Rev. Converse L. McCurdy, present pastor, was settled in 1858. In 1843, the building was thoroughly repaired, both internally and externally; and as the raising of the grade of the street has injured, in a measure, the light and comfort of the vestry, extensive renovations are proposed. This church has always been well attended, noted for its vigor and practical piety; the poor and the tempted have ever found efficient aid from its membership.



FOURTH METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

NORTH RUSSELL STREET.

In 1837, Rev. Mr. Stevens, then stationed in Church Street, preached the first sermon in the Wells' Schoolhouse, Blossom Street, before the little colony of Christians from the other churches, which ultimately became the Russell Street Methodist Episcopal Church. The church was organized under the pastoral care of the Rev. M. L. Scudder, and consisted of sixty members.

In 1833, an estate was purchased upon North Russell Street, upon the rear of which a commodious chapel was erected. In 1844, the building was enlarged and raised; the front lots covered with handsome edifices, and an arched entrance provided to the audience rooms of the chapel. Every convenience was provided for sabbath-school and social purposes, and the main hall is especially neat and commodious. Mr. Scudder, the first pastor, was succeeded, in time, by Messrs. Harcall, True Hatch Trafton, Rice, Cobleigh, and Adams.

Rev. John W. Dadmun, the present pastor, was settled in 1859.



FIFTH METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

D STREET, SOUTH BOSTON.

As early as 1817 or '18, Methodist services were held in private houses in South Boston. Thomas C. Peirce, afterwards a member of the New England Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, at that time a member of the Bromfield Street Church, and a lay preacher, commenced holding public services upon the Sabbath, in this part of the city; and, being a carpenter, he obtained subscriptions and erected a small, but convenient chapel, for the use of the congregation he had gathered.

Upon his leaving the city to join the conference, this small body of christians not being able to support a regular ministry, the building finally came into the hands of the Baptists; the South Baptist Church being gathered and formed within its walls. In the summer of 1834 Abel Stevens, then preaching at Church Street, was invited to hold religious services in private rooms. The interest which attended these exercises induced the friends of the movement to hire Harding Hall. This was first occupied Oct. 31st, 1834, and the church that was then constituted numbered but six members. In 1836 they removed to Franklin Hall, and in 1840 their numbers had increased to 103. At this time they enjoyed the earnest and devout labors of Rev. James Mudge, through whose zealons efforts a tasteful gothic edifice was erected upon D Street, and a new impulse was given to the society. In 1852 the congregation had so far increased as to require additional room for its accommodation, and under the direction of Rev. E. Cook, who was at that time the pastor of the church, and whose practical wisdom was peculiarly exhibited in the management of the whole matter, the house was enlarged and beautified, and the old encumbrance which had rested heavily upon the previous building, and all the

expenses of the renewal, were fully met by the sale of the pews, and the house was entirely relieved from debt. Its ministers have been Rev. Messrs. Tracy, Howard, Maeready, Mudge, Dunham, Savage, Pool, Degen, Cook, and Porter. Rev. Chester Field, present pastor, settled in 1859.



SIXTH METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

MERIDIAN STREET, EAST BOSTON.

In 1839-40 Rev. T. C. Peirce, then stationed in the Bennett St. M. E. Church, held evening services in East Boston in private rooms, and so much interest was felt in those gatherings that the ward room in Lyman School House was hired, and public services were held, first by local preachers in connection with such aid as was received from the pastors of the city proper. Rev. J. W. Merrill was the first minister from conference, and during his administration preliminary steps were taken for the construction of a chapel. In 1842 a small building was erected and dedicated for divine worship, which was occupied until 1845. This edifice is now used for a city school-house and stands on the junction of Meridian and Paris Streets. In 1845, under the labors of Rev. Joseph Whitman, a very extensive religious awakening occurred in the congregation, and the church was greatly increased in its numbers and pecuniary ability. At this time the present edifice standing at the junction of Meridian, Havre, and Decatur Streets was erected. The house is of brick, 73 feet long by 48 in width, with galleries, and is very neatly constructed with all the modern appliances for sabbath schools and business meetings. The church has enjoyed the labors, in addition to those referred to, of Rev. Messrs. Richards, J. A. Merrill, Hempstead, Porter, and McReading. Rev. Samuel Tupper, present pastor, was settled in 1859.



HEDDING METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

SHAWMUT AVENUE.

The Hedding Methodist Church was organized on the 15th of May, 1846. It was a colony from the Church Street Church, and was first gathered in a hall upon the corner of Shawmut Avenue and Canton Street, Rev. B. K. Peirce was the first pastor of the church. His successor, Rev. G. W. Frost, commenced the work of the erection of a building for public worship; but, his health failing, Mr. Peirce again resumed the charge. The present edifice, on the corner of Shawmut Avenue and South Williams Street, was finished and dedicated in 1849. It is a neat and commodious structure; but, as the lot upon which it stands is small, and forbids enlargement, the society are already looking for another locality upon which to erect a larger edifice. Mr. Peirce was succeeded, in course, by Rev. Messrs. Street, Dennison, and Pettee. Rev. Henry W. Warren, present pastor, was settled in 1859.



EIGHTH METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

BENNINOTON STREET.

In 1853, the edifice of the Sixth Church having become too small for the congregation, a colony from the Sixth Church was formed, a convenient hall was hired upon Bennington Street, and a church was constituted. Rev. Mr. Field, a gentleman of an amiable character and a fine preacher, was the pastor of this body.

Rev. T. Willard Lewis, present pastor, was settled in

CHRISTIAN DENOMINATION.

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

TYLER STREET, CORNER OF KNEELAND STREET.

This church was built in 1853. It is a plain substantial brick building, with granite base, furnished in a neat and appropriate manner, with a good organ. It cost \$21,000, and seats conveniently 600 persons.

This society was gathered in 1803-4, under the prea hing of Rev. Abner Jones; and July 1, 1804, seven believers were baptized and united in church covenant. Their first meetings were held in Friend Street; then in a hall in Bedford Street. In 1825 one of their number built a



church at the corner of Summer and Sea Streets, and let it to the society. Subsequently they purchased it, and continued to worship there until 1852, when they sold it to the "Boston Seamen's Friend Society," for a Bethel, and built as above described on Tyler Street. This house was dedicated Sept. 29, 1853.

This society take the scriptures for their discipline and articles of faith, believing that if all would do so, and unite on the Bible, there would be more union and less schism in the church. They take the name "Christian" because it is apostolic, and sufficient to distinguish Christ's disciples, and because it is also promotive of union.

They hold all Christians to be one in Christ Jesus; that they should worship and commune together as the disciples of one Lord, and brethren of one family. They believe in the divinity of Christ, and the efficacy of his atonement; that without a change of heart, and holiness of life, we cannot see the kingdom of God; and that the resurrection of the dead and future retribution are clearly taught in the Bible. The denomination numbers 1500 churches and 250,000 communicants. An institution of learning at Yellow Springs, Ohio, has recently been established by them, called "Antioch College." President, Hon. Herace Mann.

PASTORS.

Rev. Abner Jones, from 1803 to 1807.

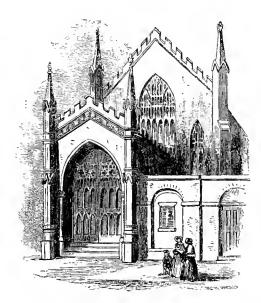
____Supplied from 1807 to 1816.

- " E ias Smith, from 1816 to 1817.
 - _____Supplied from 1817 to 1819.
- Simon Clough, from 1819 to 1824. Supplied from 1824 to 1825.

Rev. Charles Morgridge, from 1825 to 1826. Supplied to 1828.

- " Isaac C. Goff, from 1828 to 1829.
- " J. V. Himes, from 1830 to 1837.
- " Simon Clough, again, from 1837 to 1839.
- " Edwin Burnham, 1839 to 1840.
- J. S. Thompson, from 1811 to 1843.
- E. Edmunds, settled in 1843, and is the present pastor.

SWEDENBORGIAN.



THE BOSTON SOCIETY OF THE NEW JERUSALEM.

BOWNOIN STREET.

This society was instituted August 18, 1818, at which time it consisted of twelve members. In 1821 Mr. Thomas Worcester, then a licensed preacher, was settled as minister of the society, which office he still holds.

Though meetings were regularly held for public worship, no building was consecrated for that purpose by the society till the 11th of June, 1845, when the building which they now occupy, on Bowdoin Street, was finished and dedicated.

This building is admirably adapted to its use, the interior being tastefully finished in Gothic style, and containing 1000 comfortable seats. At the centre of the east end is a beautiful tabernacle, used as a repository for the sacred scriptures. A little to the right of the centre, and in front of the chancel, is the pulpit. The two corners of this end of the church are occupied by two chambers, extending from the floor to the ceiling. In the one at the right hand is a room

for the use of the minister, while that to the left contains the organ. Over the entrance in the west end is a large painted window, the light through which being mellow and soft, adds very much to the agreeable effect of the whole.

The members of the society, having arrived at mature years, have expressed their belief in the doctrines of the New Jerusalem, as revealed in the writings of Emanuel Swedenborg, and their desire to live according to them. The principal doctrines of the New Jerusalem are,

- 1st, That there is one God, who is the Lord Jesus Christ. 2d, That the sacred scriptures are divine truth.
- 3d, That a life according to the truths contained in the scriptures, because they are the laws of God, is the only means of salvation.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.



CATHEDRAL OF THE HOLY CROSS.

FRANKLIN STREET.

The first movements of the Roman Catholies to form a Society in Boston were in the year 1784. They were prompted by the Irish and French emigrants, under the pastoral charge of the Abbe La Poitrie, a chaplain in the French navy.

This Church was consecrated by Rev. Dr. Carroll, on the 29th of September, 1803. It was afterwards considerably enlarged by Bishop Fenwick, who also, in 1827, converted the basement into a Chapel capable of containing 2,000 children.

This Church is situated on Franklin street, is of large size, and capable of containing a very great number of persons. The architecture is of the Ionic order, after a plan given by Charles Bulfinch, Esq.

PASTORS.

Rev. Francis Matignon, D. D., from 1803 to 1810. Rt. Rev. Dr. Cheverus, from 1810 to 1832. Very Rev. William Taylor, from 1823 to 1825. Rt. Rev. B. Fenwick, installed Dec., 1825, died Aug. 11, 1846. Rt. Rev. John B. Fitzpatrick, succeeded Bishop Fenwick in 1846, and is the present Bishop.



ST MARY'S CHURCH.

ENDICOTT STREET.

This Church was consecrated by Bishop Fenwick, of the Roman Catholic Church, on the 22d of May, 1836.

This Church is situated on Endicott Street, at the corner of Cooper Street. It is built of rough stone, and is a beautiful and durable edifice. It has a spacious and convenient basement.

PASTORS.

Rev. William Wiley, from May, 1836, to April, 1837.

- " P. O'Beirne, from 1837 to 1838.
- Michael Healy, 1838 to 1841.
- " Thomas O'Flaherty, from January, 1841, to March, 1842.
- " John Fitzpatrick, from March 4, 1842, to 1847.
- " John P. Flood, from 1847 to 1849.
- " John E. McElroy, present Minister.



ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.
NORTHAMPTON STREET.

This Church was consecrated on the 11th of December, 1836, by Bishop Fenwick, for the use of the Catholics at the South end.

This Church is located at a section of Boston where the population, particularly the foreigners, are rapidly increasing. It is uniformly throughd with devoted worshippers.

First and present pastor, Rev. Thomas Lynch.



CHURCH OF ST. PETER, ST. PAUL, AND ST. AUGUSTINE.

BROADWAY, SOUTH BOSTON.

This Church was commenced in 1842, by Rev. Mr. Fitzsimmons, its first pastor, and was consecrated by Bishop Fen-

wick. It is a large granite structure, and will seat from twelve to fifteen hundred persons. In September, 1848, the church was destroyed by fire, leaving only the outside walls standing. The rebuilding of it was commenced the following season, but was afterwards suspended till the spring of 1853, when it was resumed by the Rev. P. F. Lyndon, the present pastor, and was consecrated on Thanksgiving day. Nov. 24, 1853



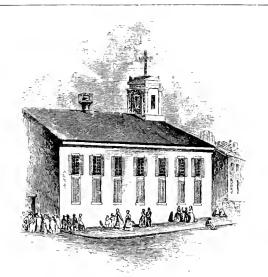
CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY.

SUFFOLK STREET.

This building was erected in 1842-3, the corner stone having been laid on the 29th June, 1842, by Bishop Fenwick. The people who attend religious service here are all of German origin, and number about 3000, some of them being residents of Roxbury and other adjoining towns.

In the vestry of this church and in the building adjoining are four schools, numbering collectively about 200 pupils, who are taught in German in the forenoon, and in English in the afternoon.

Ernest Reiter, present pastor.



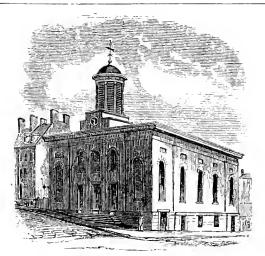
ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

MOON STREET.
Founded in 1844.
Rev. George F. Haskins, Pastor.



CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS.

Founded in 1844.
Rev. James Fitton, Pastor.



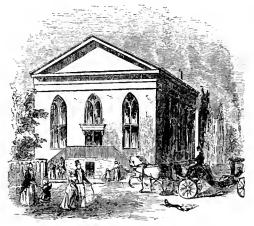
ST. VINCENT DE PAUL'S.

PURCHASE STREET.

This building is constructed of rough hewn granite, and eovers a space of 81 by 74 feet. It stands near Liverpool wharf, where the famous Tea vessels were moored during the memorable 16th of December, 1773.

Rev. J. L. Lyonnet, Pastor.

GERMAN LUTHERAN.



ZION CHURCH.

SHAWMUT AVENUE, CORNER WALTHAM STREET.

This Church was commenced in 1844, and finished and dedicated in 1846. The Society worshipping here are of the Evangelical Lutheran persuasion.

Previous to the erection of their church, the Society met, first in the Franklin School building, and afterwards in Boylston Hall. About 400 families are connected with this congregation, all of whom are German by birth.

The succession of pastors has been as follows: -

Rev. Henry Smith, from 1834 to 1836.

- " George M. Merz, from 1836 to 1840.
- " Jacob Branden, from 1840 to 1844.
- " Frederick Smith, from 1844 to 1849.
- " Frederick William Bogen, from 1849 to 1853.
- " John James Simon, Jan. 1853.
- " Armin Uebelacker, 1857.

GERMAN PROTESTANT.



GERMAN EVANGELICAL CHURCH.

SHAWMUT STREET, NEAR PLEASANT STREET.

Twenty years ago a few Germans resided in this city. Advanced in years, they felt very little cdified by hearing the preaching of the gospel in a strange tongue. This feeling led to an arrangement with a teacher of the German language to read with them the German and English Bible on the Sabbath, as a Sabbath School. The number of

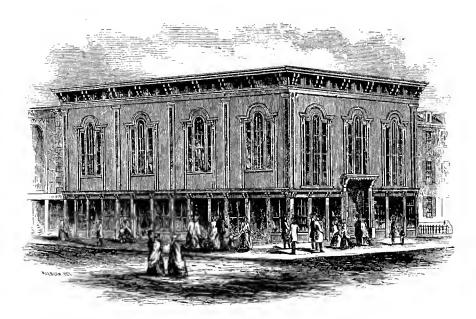
attendants increasing, they agreed to form a religious society, in which Catholics, Lutherans Reformed, and others joined, agreeing to differ in views, well contented if only the gospel could be preached to them in their native tongue. In this they succeeded in securing the services of the Rev. Mr. Schmidt. Their meetings were held in the Franklin School for a length of time. Prof. Schmidt, from some cause, felt not at home here, and left the congregation under the charge of another brother minister of the Lutheran Synod. When under the ministry of Mr. Merz, the Act of Incorporation, and the project of building a house of worship, was necessarily considered, the poorly cemented union in mere dollars and cents had come to its erisis.

Mr. Merz and some leading members of the same school, declared in their zeal that "the church should be Lutheran even if only three would remain with them." To this the more Calvinistic element of the society could not consent, feeling that the word "mine" was just as pretty as "thine"; that they were of the same Reformation family, hating its unfortunate extremes, modified through ages and experience, on the one hand, by Lutheranism, on the other by Zuinglianism, and from historical and natural reasons, now generally known as Melancthonian-Calvinism. In this common sense feeling fifty-two male members met the 8th of April, A. D. 1841, to form another society on a more liberal basis, and called the Rev. J. I. Kempl, from the Lutheran Synod, New York, to become their Pastor, who labored among them faithfully for seven years. So two societies were striving to build a church and maintain public worship, and all effort for their voluntary re-union, on the side of Rev. Dr. N. Adams and others, were in vain. The result was in favor of Mr. K.'s society, as the more "ready to make all becoming sacrifices for the sake of harmony, and desiring the countenance and aid of the Christian community," as it was expressed in a letter of recommendation, signed by twenty pastors of our city. The Mass. II. M. S. aided annually with \$150 or \$200 from that time, three or four churches gave together \$120, and an unknown friend a silver communion set. The society raised \$1200 among themselves, which paid for the present wooden chapel in Shawmut street, between Pleasant and Church streets, on land not paid for, and most unfavorably located for the share of missionary labors which has to be performed among the thousands of Germans now here, coming and going as soon as they can do better somewhere else.

The society is entirely composed of hard laboring people, not possessing private property, and numbering about 500 souls, children included, as soon as they can come to Sabbath School. Pastor's salary, music, and miscellaneous expenses amount to not over \$800 per annum.

Rev. L. B. Schwarz, Pastor.

SECOND ADVENT.



CHURCH OF THE ADVENTISTS.

CORNER OF KREELAND AND HARVARD STREETS.

This church had its origin in the "Second Christian Church," of this city, under the preaching of the doctrine of the Second Advent, by Elder Joshua V. Himes, who was the pastor of that society, then worshipping at the Chardon Street Chapel. The congregation had become so large that in the spring of 1843 the Chapel ceased to accommodate them, and the main body of the church, with its pastor, and some others who worshipped with them, removed to the Tabernacle, a large temporary building that had been erected for that purpose in Howard Street.

The Tabernacle was dedicated and first occupied on the 4th of May, 1843, from which time is properly to be dated the distinct existence of the Church of the Adventists. They remained there nearly three years, removed to "Central Hall," (Milk Street) in the spring of 1846, and in

July, 1848, returned again to the Chardon Street Chapel, where they continued till they removed to the Advent Chapel, ereeted for their use by the "Boston Advent Association," at the corner of Hudson and Kneeland Streets. A view of this Chapel is given above.

This church has encountered various vicissitudes and discouraging circumstances, but removed to its new place of worship, Elder Himes still being their pastor, under encouraging auspices.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENTISTS.

CHAPMAN HALL.

Founded in 1848.

Rev. Miles Grant, Pastor.

POLISH JEWS.



ISRAELITISH SYNAGOGUE.
WARREN STREET.

This building, which was erected in 1851, is a small wooden structure, tastefully decorated and pleasing in its appearance. It will seat about 500 persons, and has connected with it rooms for a school and for business meetings of the trustees of the society, and for other purposes. There are, also, in the rear, bathing rooms for the females of the society, after the ancient customs of the Israelites. The galleries of this church are set aside for the use of the females of the congregation, the body of the church being occupied exclusively by the males.

The Synagogue of the Israelites were first organized in Boston in 1843, and consisted at that time of ten members with their families. The name which the Synagogue adopts and by which they are incorporated, is "Ohebei Shalom," which being interpreted is, "Friends of Peace."

Connected with the Church is a school for their children, where they are taught in the ancient Hebrew as well as in the English language.

There are, also, two charitable associations made up of members of this Synagogue, the one for males and the other for females.

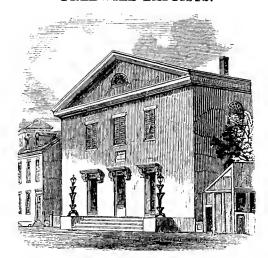
The services in their church are all conducted in the Hebrew language, and with all the ancient forms and ceremonies. They have the five books of Moses written on parchment, from which their Rabbi reads as part of their Sabbath service. At the present time the Rev. B. E. Jacobs officiates as their religious instructor, and also as teacher of their children in the Hebrew tongue. They give him the ancient title of Rabbi. Their Sabbath commences on Friday at Sundown, and ends at the corresponding hour on Saturday. Their numbers are quite rapidly increasing. They have a burial ground at East Boston.

GERMAN JEWS.

SYNAGOGUE OF THE ISRAELITES. PLEASANT STREET.

Under the ministerial charge of Rev. Joseph Schonenger.

FREEWILL BAPTISTS.



FREEWILL BAPTIST CHURCH.

NORTH BENNET STREET.

Rev. J. W. Holman eame to Boston in 1835, formed an independent church in that year, and united with this denomination. They became possessed of a house and worshipped in Causeway Street, but by some means it went out of their hands, and the church became scattered, and lost its visibility, till in 1843 its friends commenced again, and this church was organized Sept. 20th, 1844, of twenty-one members. They worshipped for a time in Marlboro' Chapel, and in Boylston Hall. In 1850 the church and society purchased the house where they now worship, of the Methodist Society, at a cost of \$14,000, situate on North Bennet Street.

Rev. Eli Noyes was the first pastor, from Sep. 20, 1844, to Feb. 2t, 1849, when he was dismissed. (He was their first missionary to India, and returning on account of ill health, soon commenced his labors with this people.)

Rev. Ransom Dunn was settled June 25, 1849, and remained till March 18, 1851. Left on account of ill health.

Rev. Daniel P. Cilley commenced his labors Oct. 4, 1851.

Rev. F. W. Straight, present pastor, was settled in 1858.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

COLLEGES OF NEW ENGLAND.

In New England are the following seats of learning:

MAINE.

Bowdoin College, Brunswick. Waterville College, Waterville.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Dartmouth College, Hanover.

VERMONT.

University of Vermont, Burlington. Middlebury College, Middlebury. Norwich University, Norwich. Massachusetts.

Harvard University, Cambridge. Williams College, Williamstown. Amherst College, Amherst. Tufts College, Medford. College of the Holy Cross, Woreester.

RHODE ISLAND. Brown University, Providence.

CONNECTICUT.

Yale College, New Haven. Wesleyan University, Middletown. Trinity College, Hartford.

In future issues of this publication, its originators trust that they may be able to present views and sketches of the New England Colleges complete. In the present issue, the following illustrated article is introduced, initiatory of the contemplated series.



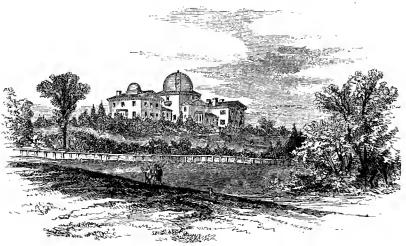
HARVARD UNIVERSITY, CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

(From the Boston Almanac for 1859)

HARVARD UNIVERSITY, CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

Harvard College, the oldest literary institution in the United States, was founded in 1636. The first class, consisting of nine members, graduated in 1642; one of whom

was the notorious Sir George Downing, who afterwards figured in England under Cromwell and Charles II. Henry Dunster was the first President, appointed in 1640, and the present incumbent is the eighteenth in succession from him. Dunster and his immediate successor, Chauncey, were educated in England; all the rest have been alumni of the College.



THE OBSERVATORY.

The Corporation, consisting of the President, Treasurer, and five Fellows, holds under the Charter granted by the Colony of Massachusetts Bay in 1650, and the Appendix to the same, granted in 1657. The name and style of the Corporation is "The President and Fellows of Harvard College."

Certain votes and acts of the Corporation, to be valid, must be confirmed or concurred in by another Board, the Overseers. This Board, in the beginning, consisted of the Governor and Deputy-Governor for the time being, and all the magistrates in the jurisdiction, together with the President of the College and "the teaching elders of the six next adjoining towns, - viz., Cambridge, Watertown, Charlestown, Boston, Roxbury, and Dorchester." When the Province became an independent State, it was provided in the constitution that the successors of the Governor, Deputy-Governor, and magistrates should be "the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Conncil, and Senate of this Commonwealth," who, together with the President of the College and "the ministers of the Congregational Churches," in the six towns above mentioned, were vested with all the rights pertaining to the Overseers of Harvard College. From 1810 to 1834, several Acts were passed, to alter and amend the "Constitution of the Board of Overseers." They resulted in substituting thirty permanent members for the ministers of the Congregational Churches in the six neighboring towns, fifteen ministers and fifteen laymen, to be elected by the Board itself. In 1851, the present organization was adopted. The Board now consists of the Governor, Lientenant-Governor, President of the Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth, the Secretary of the Board of Education, and the President and Treasurer of Harvard College, together with

thirty other persons, elected by joint ballot of the Senators and Representatives in General Court assembled.

Down to near the close of the last century, frequent grants were made by the Legislature in order to defray the eurrent expenses of the College, and to assist in ereeting some of the buildings which still remain. In 1814, ten thousand dollars a year for ten years, being part of a Bank Tax, was granted to the College; but this also was expended in buildings and otherwise, as directed or understood at the time. Almost the whole of the funded and productive property of the College, amounting, according to the last annual Report of the Treasurer, to about a million of dollars, is the accumulation of donations by private individuals, the friends of the College, since the present century began. It would be a great mistake, however, to suppose that this large sum is at the disposal of the Corporation, so that it can be used to lessen the expenses of edueation, or to meet incidental charges. The donations, with but few exceptions, are pledged to special objects, from which they cannot be diverted; and what is worse, many of them are inadequate to their respective objects, and require to be eked out from the general fund of the College, so that instead of relieving that fund, they may be said to act, in some eases, as a tax upon it.

The College yard contains a little more than twenty-two acres, and is bounded on all sides by public streets. Within this inclosure are most of the buildings occupied by the undergraduates as lodgings, or used for public purposes. They are as follows, arranging them according to the date of their erection:—

1. Massachusetts Hall, built in 1719-20, and occupied by students.



UNIVERSITY HALL.

- 2. Holden Chapel, built in 1744: used for Recitation and Lecture Rooms.
 - 3. Hollis Hall, built in 1762-63; occupied by students.
- 4. Harvard Hall, built in 1764, to replace the second Harvard Hall, which was burnt in January of that year. The principal story is used for a picture Gallery and Dining Room; the second story for Recitation and Lecture Rooms.
- 5. Stoughton Hall, built in 1804-5; occupied by students. The first building bearing this name stood between Massachusetts and Harvard; erected 1700, and taken down 1780.
 - 6. Holworthy Hall, built in 1812; occupied by students.
- 7. University Hall, built in 1812-13; used for Recitation and Lecture Rooms. The offices of the President and of the Regent are also in this building.
- 8. Dane Hall, built in 1832, and greatly enlarged in 1845. It contains the Library and Lecture Room of the Law School, and the offices of the Law Professors.
- 9. Gore Hall, built in 1839-42. It contains the Public Library of the University.
- 10. Boylston Hall, built in 1857-58, containing an Anatomical Museum, a Chemical Laboratory, and a Mineralogical Cabinet, with Lecture and Recitation Rooms.
- 11. Appleton Chapel, built in 1856-58; to be used exclusively for daily prayers, and worship on Sundays.

To these must be added the edifices owned by the College, and used for College purposes, outside the yard, —

12. Divinity Hall, erected in 1826, containing the Chapel, Library, and Lecture Rooms of the Divinity School, with



BOYLSTON HALL.

lodging rooms for the students. If, as is expected, the Divinity School should be separated from the University, this building will go with it.

- 13. Graduates' Hall, built in 1832, with large additions in 1845. The principal story is rented, with the exception of the steward's office, for business purposes: the two upper stories are mostly occupied by students.
- 14. The Observatory, built in 1845-46, to which is attached a dwelling house for the Observer.
- 15. Scientific Hall, built in 1848. It belongs to the Lawrence Scientific School, and contains a large and completely equipped Chemical Laboratory, and the Drawing and Recitation Rooms for the Engineering Department. Near it is a wooden building, which affords a temporary, but very inadequate, accommodation for the Muscum of Natural History.
- 16. Medical College, in Grove Street, Boston, erected in 1846. It contains the Library, Museum, Laboratory, and Leeture Rooms of the Medical School.

The University comprises: -

- 1. The College proper, or Academical Department, founded as above mentioned.
- 2. The Medical School, instituted in 1782 removed to Boston in 1810.
 - 3. The Divinity School, organized in 1816.
- 4. The Law School, instituted in 1817, but more liberally endowed and completely organized in 1829.
 - 5. The Lawrence Scientific School, founded in 1847.
 - 6. The Observatory, instituted in 1839, attached to the



APPLETON CHAPEL

Scientific School when that was first organized, but afterwards separated from it, and made a distinct department of the University, in 1856.

The order of studies, and the discipline and internal affairs of the several departments of the University, are regulated by their respective Faculties, subject to the control of the Corporation and the Board of Overseers.

The officers of instruction and government in the University at the beginning of the academic year, 1858-59, are as follows:—

James Walker, D.D., L.L.D., President.

William C. Bond, A.M., Director of the Observatory.

Joel Parker, LL.D., Royal Professor of Law.

John Ware, M.D., Hersey Professor of the Theory and Practice of Physic.

Converse Francis, D.D., Parkman Professor of Pulpit Eloquence and the Pastoral Care.

Theophilus Parsons, LL.D., Dane Professor of Law.

George R. Noyes, D.D., Hancock Professor of Hebrew and other Oriental Languages, and Dexter Lecturer on Biblical Literature.

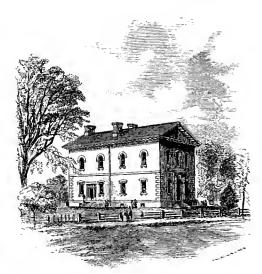
Emory Washburn, LL.D., University Professor of Law. D. Humphreys Storer, M.D., Professor of Obstetrics and Medical Jurisprudence.

Emile Arnoult, M.D., Instructor in French.

Frederick H. Hedge, D.D., Professor of Ecclesiastical History in the Divinity School.

John B. S. Jackson, M.D., Shattuck Professor of Morbid Anatomy and Curator of the Anatomical Museum.

John Langdon Sibley, A.M., Librarian.



SCIENTIFIC HALL.

Louis Agassiz, LL.D, Professor of Zoology and Geology in the Lawrence Scientific School.

Cornelius C. Felton, L.L.D., Eliot Professor of Greek Literature.

Oliver W. Holmes, M.D., Parkman Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.

Benjamin Peirce, LL.D., Perkins Professor of Astronomy and Mathematics.

Asa Gray, M.D., Fisher Professor of Natural History.

George Cheyne Shattuck, M.D., Professor of Clinical Medicine.

Francis Bowen, A.M., Alford Professor of Natural Religion, Moral Philosophy, and Civil Polity.

George E. Ellis, D.D., Professor of Systematic Theology in the Divinity School.

Joseph Lovering, A.M., Hollis Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, and Regent.

Henry W. Torrey, A.M., McLean Professor of Ancient and Modern History.

Jeffrics Wyman, M.D., Hersey Professor of Anatomy. John Bacon, M.D., University Professor of Chemistry in the Medical School.

Henry J. Bigelow, M.D., Professor of Surgery.

Henry L. Eustis, A.M., Professor of Engineering in the Lawrence Scientific School.

Evangelinus A. Sophocles, A.M., Tutor in Greek. Santiago Cancio-Bello, L.L.B., Instructor in Spanish.

Eben N. Horsford, A.M., Rumford Professor and Lecturer on the Application of the Sciences to the Useful Arts.

James Russell Lowell, A.M., Smith Professor of the



OORE DALL

French and Spanish Languages and Literatures, and Professor of Belles-Lettres.

Frederic D. Hnntington, D.D., Preacher to the University, and Plummer Professor of Christian Morals.

Ezra Abbott, A.M., Assistant Librarian.

Edward Hammond Clarke, M $\mathbf{D}.,$ Professor of Materia Mediea.

George P. Bond, A.M., Assistant Observer.

Francis J. Child, P. D., Boylston Professor of Rhetoric and Oratory.

George M. Lane, P.D., University Professor of Latin. James Jennison, A.M., Tutor in History, and Instructor

Josiah P. Cooke, A.M., Erving Professor of Chemistry and Mineralogy.

George Adam Schmitt, Instructor in German.

Luigi Monti, A.M., Instructor in Italian.

John Noble, A.B., Proctor.

William Watson Goodwin, P.D., Tutor in Greek.

Ephraim W. Gurney, A.B., Tutor in Latin.

Charles W. Eliot, A.M., Assistant Professor of Mathematics and Chemistry.

Edward Pearce, A.B., Tutor in Mathematics.

James Mills Pierce, A.M., Proctor.

Edwin Hale Abbot, A.B., Tutor in Latin.

Solomon Lincoln, A.B., Tutor in Greek and Latin.

Levi Parsons Homer, Instructor in Music.

William G. Stearns, A. M., Steward.

Elijah F. Valentine, Assistant Steward and Patron.

Candidates for admission to the Freshman Class in the College proper, or Academical Department, must pass a satisfactory examination in the following books, or in equivalents to the same:—

Latin Department. — The whole of Virgil; the whole of Cæsar's Commentaries; Cieero's Select Orations, Folsom's or Johnson's edition; Andrews and Stoddard's Latin Grammar, including Prosody; and in writing Latin.

Greek Department. — Felton's Greek Reader; Sophocles's Greek Grammar, including Prosody; and in writing Greek with the Accents.

Mathematical Department. — Davies's or Chase's Arithmetic; Euler's Algebra, or Davies's First Lessons in Algebra, to "The Extraction of the Square Root," or Sherwin's Common School Algebra; and "An Introduction to Geometry and the Science of Form, prepared from the most approved Prussian Text-Books," as far as the Seventh Section, or Hill's "First Lessons in Geometry."

Historical Department. — Mitchell's Ancient and Modern Geography; Worcester's Elements of History.

For admission to advanced standing, the candidate, whether from another College or not, must appear, on examination, to be well versed in the following studies:—

- 1. In the studies required for admission to the Freshman Class.
- 2. In all the *required* studies, and, if after the commencement of the Junior year, in one of the *elective* studies, already gone over by the class for which he is offered.

He must also pay to the Steward, at the rate of \$45 per annum, according to the standard to which he is admitted. Any student, however, who has a regular dismission from another College, may be admitted to the same standing, if, on examination, he is found qualified, without any peeuniary consideration. This charge for advanced standing is also remitted to indigent students.

Every candidate, before examination, must produce proper testimonials of a good moral character, and, if admitted, must give a bond for four hundred dollars to pay all charges accruing under the laws and eustoms of the University. The bond must be executed by two bondsmen, who must be satisfactory to the Steward of the College, and one of them must be a citizen of Massachusetts.

The academic year is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, with two vacations of six weeks each. Commencement is on the third Wednesday in July, and is followed by the Summer Vacation. Candidates for admission to the College must offer themselves for examination on the Monday before Commencement, or on the first day of a term.

The aggregate annual expenses of an undergraduate vary with the economy of the individual, and cannot be stated with much precision. The proper College charges, including what is paid for instruction, Library, and Lecture Rocms, amount to \$75 a year. Rent and care of room in the College buildings, \$20; in private houses the charge is higher. Text-books average about \$12. The price of board varies from \$2.75 to \$4 per week.

Pecuniary assistance is provided for meritorious students among the undergraduates. Ten of the best scholars, needing aid, receive annually \$300 each from the Trustees of the Thayer Fund. Ample provision is thus made for those

who stand at the head, or near the head, of their respective classes. There are also four Shattuck scholarships, yielding an annual income of \$150 each; the scholarship of the class of 1814, \$115; the Abbot scholarship, \$100; and two Saltonstall scholarships, \$90 each. Several other scholarships will become available in a few years.

Deserving students, whose rank is not such as to entitle them to a scholarship, receive aid from the beneficiary fund, —a consolidation of various bequests and d nations which have been made to the College from time to time for this purpose. The annual amount distributed from this source is about twelve hundred dollars, in sums ranging from twenty to forty dollars, according to the merits of the applicants. About the same sum may also be obtained, as a loan, from the Trustees of the Loan Fund, which was raised a few years ago by subscription among the friends of the College, for the accommodation of indigent and worthy students.

There are eight monitorships, with a compensation varying from twenty to eighty dollars a year; and prizes for excellence in composition and declamation, amounting in all to two hundred and seventy dollars annually; both of which may be considered as an addition to the beneficiary funds of the institution.

The expenses of members of the Professional and Scientific Schools need not exceed those of undergraduates, except where this is caused by heavier charges for instruction and apparatus.

In the Divinity School the charges for instruction, rent and care of room and furniture, and use of text-books, amount to \$75 per annum; but this is much more than offset in the case of indigent students, by an annual appropriation of about \$200 each, from beneficiary funds.

In the Law School the fee for tuition, including the use of the Law and College Libraries, and the text-books, is \$50 a Term.

In the Scientific School, if, as is usually the case, the whole time is given to a single department, the fees are,—

For instruction in Chemistry, \$50 a Term; with an additional charge of \$50 for Chemicals and the use of apparatus.

For instruction in Engineering, \$50 a Term.

For instruction in Botany, from April to the end of the Term, \$45.

In the other departments, the fees for special instruction are agreed upon with the Professors.

In the Medical School, the fees for the winter course of Lectures amount in all to \$80. A summer course of instruction by recitations and lectures, with daily visits at the hospital, has just been established, the fee for which is \$100.

Candidates for admission to the several schools must furnish satisfactory evidence of good moral character, and give

bonds for the payment of their term bills, as in the case of undergraduates. A deposit of money is sometimes accepted instead of a bond.

For admission to the Law School no examination is required; but the candidate, if not a graduate at some college, must be nineteen years of age. To enter the Scientific School, the student must be eighteen years of age. If he proposes to study Engineering, a knowledge of Algebra, Geometry, and Trigonomety is also required before admission. If he proposes to study Chemistry, the same, together with an acquaintance with Stockhardt's Elements of Chemistry, or some equivalent. Candidates for admission to the Divinity School, if not graduates of any College, must pass a satisfactory examination in the studies necessary to an English Education, and also in Latin and Greek.

The following is a summary of the students attending the several departments of the University at the commencement of the last academic year:—

Professional Students and resident Graduates, — Divinity Students, 17; Law Students, 121; Scientific Students, 61; Medical Students, 118; Resident Graduates, 8: 325.

Undergraduates, — Scniors, 89; Juniors, 94; Sophomores, 130; Freshmen, 96: 409. Total, 734.

The Public Library of the University is for the use of the officers and students in all its departments. It contains 80,000 volumes, together with a vast collection of unbound pamphlets. To this are to be added the large and very complete Law Library at the Law School, containing 14,000 volumes; the Theological Library at the Divinity School, containing nearly 11,000 volumes; the Medical Library, at the Medical School, containing 2,000 volumes; and the Phillips' Astronomical Library, at the Observatory, retaining 1,000 volumes. The Libraries of the Societies among the Undergraduates contain about 15,000 volumes. In all, 122,000 volumes.

The other means and facilities of instruction are among the amplest and most valuable in the country. They comprehend,—

- 1. Apparatus for illustrating the mathematical and physical sciences, and the application of science to the arts, including a complete set of the celebrated Olivier models.
 - 2. A Mineralogical Cabinet.
- 3. A Geological and Zoological Museum, collected by Prof. Agassiz: already in some departments unequalled by any in the world.
- 4. Two Anatomical Museums, the Boylston Museum at Cambridge, and the Warren Museum at the Medical College in Boston.
- 5. Two large and completely equipped Chemical Laboratories, one for the use of the Lawrence Scientific School, and the other for the Undergraduates. The Medical College in Boston has also a Laboratory.

- 6. A Botanic Garden, with a new Conservatory, much enlarged. The Garden contains about seven and a half acres, and encloses two dwelling houses, one for the Professor and the other for the Gardener.
- 7. The Astronomical Observatory, supplied with all the necessary instruments, among which is the Great Equatorial. A dwelling-house is attached to the Observatory, in which the principal observer resides.

The importance of attending to physical education is felt more and more. Through the liberality of its friends, it is expected that the College will soon be able to erect and furnish a Gymnasium, and thus provide the means of regular and systematic exercises in all seasons.**

The College belongs to no religious sect. A large proportion of the students live in the neighborhood, and are allowed to pass their Sundays at home. The rest attend worship either in the College Chapel, or in some church of their own denomination, where seats are provided for them free of expense. The Preacher to the University and Plummer Professor of Christian Morals is required, by the terms of his office, to use all "suitable means to warn and guard the studen's against the dangers to which they are exposed, to supply as far as may be their need of home influences, and to promote among them an earnest Christian faith and life."

MUSEUM OF COMPARATIVE ZOOLOGY.

In the preceding article on Harvard College, reference is made to the Geological and Zoological Museum, collected by Prof. Agassiz, and to its location in a very inadequate building near Scientific Hall. Since the publication of the article in the Boston Almanae, the collections of Professor Agassiz have received the merited consideration of the State and the public, and a sum amounting to over two hundred and twenty thousand dollars has been provided for the purposes of the Institution, of which the existing collection is the basis.

As this Institution promises to be of national interest and importance, and indeed a subject of interest to other nations, we give the annexed statement of its organization, collected from the "Boston Daily Advertiser."

The organization of the Museum of Comparative Zoology has involved several questions of grave importance, all of which have been most happily solved. The peculiar and separate interests involved in the matter made it specially important that the foundations should be rightly laid. The experience of the Dudley Observatory has shown the world the misfortunes that may arise when there is not a perfectly good understanding among all the parties con-

*The Gymnasium is now supplied.

cerned, even in the best of undertakings. The Museum of Comparative Zoology has been founded with a care and foresight which we feel sure utterly preclude the possibility of any future difficulty.

The Museum obtains its resources from divers quarters, as follows:—

- (1) The "Trustees of the Museum of Comparative Zoology," incorporated by the legislature of the last session, is a board of fifteen members, viz.: six State officers ex-officiis (the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Chief Justice, Secretary of the Board of Education, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives), Lonis Agassiz, and Wm. Gray; together with Dr. Walker (President of the University), and six gentlemen, who may be considered as representing the private donors. The State made a donation of \$100,000 towards the objects of the Museum.
- (2) The private subscription to the same object exceeds \$70,000.
- (3) William Gray, from the estate of the late Francis C. Gray, had previously made a donation of \$50,000 to the President and Fellows of Harvard College, in trust for the maintenance of such a museum; and the President and Fellows had formally accepted the trust, and bound themselves to certain conditions, placing this museum in the control of a particular Faculty, named by Mr. Gray, as described below.
- (4) The collection already made, it will be remembered, is stored in a building belonging to Harvard College, to which institution also about half of the collection itself belonged, having been purchased of Mr. Agassiz. (5) The other half belongs to Mr. Agassiz himself, until presented to the new organization.
- (6) The salary of Mr. Agassiz, moreover, is paid from the College funds.

And, lastly: -

The land upon which the proposed buildings are to be erected, five acres in extent, in the heart of the city of Cambridge, and consequently of very considerable value, is likewise presented, for the use of the museum, by the College.

It therefore became a very delicate matter to arrange properly the relations between the two great corporations, viz.,—the new corporation of TRUSTEES, who are the custodians of the State grant of \$100,000, and of the private grant of \$70,000; and the corporation of Harvard College, who are the custodians of Mr. Gray's donation of \$50,000, who pay Mr. Agassiz's salary, who give the land, and half the collection.

All parties have applied themselves to the solution of the problem with diligence, and with a single eye to promoting

the great objects of the institution. The Trustees appointed a committee consisting of Governor Banks, Chief Justice Shaw, Secretary Boutwell, and William Gray, to confer with the corporation of the college. The committee were met with great generosity by the college authorities; and the result of patient and eareful delibrations is a series of Articles of Agreement, which have been formally ratified by both corporations.

The Articles of Agreement are unalterable, except by eommon consent. They begin with a preamble, which, we believe, was drawn by Chief Justice Shaw, rehearsing with singular perspicuity the actual relations of the parties, declaring that the two corporations "mutually agree to unite the means with which they have been or may hereafter be respectively intrusted for that purpose, for the establishment, maintenance, and practical usefulness of the Museum of Comparative Zoology," and accordingly agree upon and establish a series of Rules and Regulations for the government, occupation, care, and management of the said institution.

The rules and regulations are based upon the following principles, which we believe will commend themselves as correct and just:—

I. The whole PROPERTY in the Museum — land, buildings, furniture, and collections, present and future — is vested in the TRUSTEES, in trust for the uses declared by the articles of agreement.

II. Each corporation—the Trustees and the college—retain and manage the funds which they now hold, according to the trusts on which the same were given.

III. Each corporation retains the power to appropriate from the funds under its control such sums as it may deem expedient.

IV. The Trustees erect the buildings.

V. The Lawrence Professor of Zoology in the Scientific School of Harvard University is the *Curator* or scientific head of the Museum.

VI. There is a special Faculty for the Museum, already appointed under Mr. Gray's trust: this faculty consists of the president of the university for the time being, and four other gentlemen, namely, Louis Agassiz, Jacob Bigelow, Oliver Wendell Holmes, and Jeffries Wyman. As vacancies occur in this Faculty, they are to be filled by the remaining members, subject to the approval of the college corporation. This Faculty is to spend the money appropriated by the two corporations for the increase of the museum; and to determine the use of the museum for scientific and general purposes.

VII. The salary paid to the professor by the College shall be regarded as full compensation for his services as Curator.

VIII. There is also to be an officer ealled the *Director* of the Museum, to be chosen solely by the Trustees. This officer is to fix the times, places, and manner, for the reception of visitors to the Museum; "and such arrangements shall be made with a view to secure to the public the freest enjoyment of and access to the Museum consistent with its use for scientific and educational purposes."

IX. At present the "Director" and the "Curator" are one and the same person, viz., Professor Agassiz. But, if at any future time these offices should be held by different individuals, it is provided that the "Faculty," subject to the articles of agreement, or such future articles as may be adopted by both corporations, shall define the relative duties of both officers, and superintend their execution.

The rules and regulations are twelve in number, but the nine heads which we have presented above embrace the principal points.

Cotemporaneously with the execution of these articles, the College Corporation makes a deed to the trustees of the land, about five acres in extent. This is the land opposite Divinity Hall, on the west side of Divinity Hall Avenue protracted, and extending as far as the estate of Mr. Palfrey, including the brook, to which Mr. Agassiz attaches great importance as affording a place for the preservation and cultivation of certain living specimens.

The plan of the building contemplates ultimately a very large structure, consisting of a main building three bundred and sixty feet in length and sixty in width, with a wing at each end, two hundred feet by sixty. The main building will be placed so that its principal front shall face a sort of court yard, enclosed by the wings; and Divinity Hall (but with a considerable space between) will make the fourth side of this area.

It is proposed only at present, however, to undertake the construction of one-half of the north wing, viz.: a building eighty feet long and sixty feet wide. This will contain all the necessary work-rooms of the Museum, besides a hall of sufficient capacity to contain the specimens now on hand. The expense of this building is estimated to fall within \$50,000, or considerably less than the funds now in the hands of the Trustees, from private subscription.

If it should not prove practicable to complete the building to the full extent contemplated, the north wing alone will always form a homogeneous and bandsome structure. There is no doubt that the Trustees will have ample funds for this purpose, as soon as the State grant becomes available.

The great enterprise is thus fairly underweigh; and Massachusetts has a STATE INSTITUTION, carefully and safely organized, of which the people may justly be proud.

A meeting of the Trustees of the Museum of Compara-

tive Zoology was held at the Council Chamber in the State House June 9th, Gov. Banks presiding. Mr. Ticknor, from the Committee of the Museum, submitted a report in regard to the wants of the Musuem before it can go into efficient operation for the purposes of public instruction. After confering with Prof. Agassiz, these wants were found to be two in number, as follows:—

"First, funds to purchase the materials needful for the preservation and arrangement of specimens already in possession of the musuem, and to pay the persons who will be employed in this service, not to exceed, in the aggregate, three thousand dollars, more than two-thirds of which will be expended in the purchase of glass jars; Second, funds to purchase in Europe specimens in Palæontology which he deems indispensable for proper instruction in such a museum,—to eost in the agregate not more than five thousand dollars."

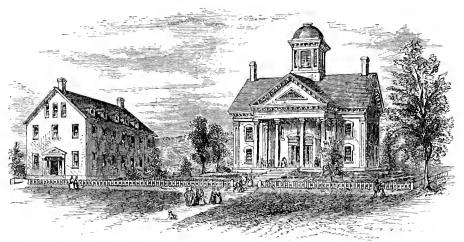
The committee submitted orders authorizing the disbursement of the sums mentioned above, and the report was accepted, and the votes proposed were unanimously adopted Professor Agassiz subsequently sailed for Europe. The building is commenced, and the opening of the Museum, under its new arrangements, will be anticipated with increased interest.

ACADEMIES AND SEMINARIES IN NEW ENGLAND.

In the New England States, there are about 241 Academies and Seminaries, located as follows:

ľ'n	Maine,			55
•••	New Hampshire,	·		31
	Vermont,			35
	Massachusetts,			85
	Rhode Island,			9
	Connecticut, .			26

In future editions, it is hoped that many of these Institutions may appear in illustration. The following view presents a specimen:—



BARRE ACADEMY, BARRE, VT.

BARRE ACADEMY,

The object of the course of instruction adopted at this Institution is to furnish the youth of both sexes the means of beginning and pursuing, as far as the student's connection with the school will permit, a sound and practical education; and, to accomplish more fully this design, two regular courses of study are prescribed.

The English Course embraces the ordinary branches; together with the higher Mathematics, Political Economy, Moral and Intellectual Philosophy.

The Classical Course comprises Greek and Latin sufficient to be well prepared for admission to any New

England College, Ancient Geography, History, Algebra, and Geometry.

In both these departments, Composition and Declamation constitute a part of the regular exercises.

Students who wish to remain and prepare themselves for advanced classes in College, or for teaching, can continue their course of study so far as it may be desired.

The Principal and his associate teachers exert themselves to make Barre Academy not only a *pleasant* but a *profitable home* for the student.

Application for further information respecting the school may be made to J. S. Spaulding, Principal, Barre, Vermont.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Side by side with the churches of Massachusetts have sprung up continuously, since the origin of her existence, her thousands of schoolhouses. We can only state, very briefly, the general features of the school system, and the latest statistics

The State laws require of the cities and towns to bestow upon every child school instruction. The limit of this requirement is very generally far surpassed by the voluntary action of the people.

The interest of the State in the system of education, is committed to the general management of a Board of Education, constituted as follows:—

Board of Education. — The Governor and Lieut.-Governor, ex-officiis; Isaac Davis, Worcester; Russell Tomlinson, Plymouth; Alonzo H. Quint, West Roxbury; Henry Wheatland, Salem; Ariel Parish, West Springfield; Cornelius C. Felton, Cambridge; Wm. A. Stearns, Amherst; Erastus O. Haven, Boston.

Secretary of Board of Education and State Librarian, George S. Boutwell, Groton. Treasurer of Board of Education, George B. Emerson. Assistant Secretary of Board of Education, Samuel C. Jackson, Andover.

The interests of the cities and towns are confided to School Committees, whose powers and duties are prescribed by law.

By a statute of 1859, the School District system hitherto existing is abolished, and the schools in each city and town are placed under the exclusive control of the School Committee. This statute takes effect in 1860.

A statute of 1859 requires of each School Committee to print its annual report in a prescribed form, and forward two copies to the Secretary of State. Thus is begun a valuable uniform collection, in convenient form for historical uses, as well as present diffusion of useful information.

The position of the State in relation to the Public Schools is shown by the following extracts, which present the substance of the twenty-second annual report of the Board of Education made to the Legislature of 1859.

NORMAL SCHOOLS.

"The Normal Schools which come under the particular supervision of the Board are accomplishing the great objects for which they were established, by sending out annually an able, accomplished, and efficient corps of teachers to labor in their profession in the schools of the State.

"The statutes of the Commonwealth require that all teachers should be of good moral character, have sufficient literary qualifications, capacity to govern, and be of good

behaviour. In addition to these qualifications, one of the great objects of normal school instruction is, to instruct the pupils in the art or science of teaching all the branches of study pursued in our common schools. Normal schools are no longer an experiment. They are fully established as part of the Massachusetts system of education.

"The Normal School at Westfield, under the charge of John W. Dickinson as principal, with three assistant teachers, has not been able to accommodate all who have applied for admission into the institution. This school receives young men and women, and at the last term fifteen persons were rejected for the want of room to accommodate them. The school contains one hundred and twenty-five scholars, a larger number than in any previous year.

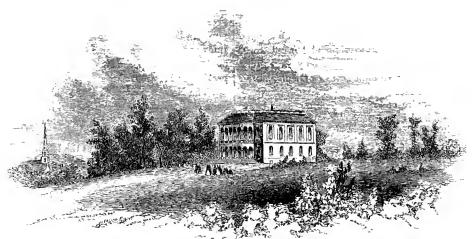
"At Bridgewater the Normal School is under the care of Marshall Conant as principal, with two assistant teachers. This school receives young men and women as pupils, and contained ninety scholars at the commencement of the present term, which is a greater number than in any former term.



NORMAL SCHOOL, SALEM.

"The Normal School recently established at Salem is exclusively for young women, and is under the charge of Alpheus Crosby, with three assistant teachers, and contains one hundred and nineteen scholars, which is a larger number than the school has contained since its establishment. These institutions, containing four hundred and nine pupils who are qualifying themselves for teachers, have able, competent, and efficient instructors. Yet the demand upon them for teachers for the common schools is greater than they can supply. At a future time it may be necessary to establish a fifth school for teachers in order to supply the demand of the public.

"The Normal School at Framingham, under the charge of George N. Bigelow as principal, with three assistant teachers, is exclusively for the education of young women as teachers, and contained at the last term seventy-five



NORMAL SCHOOL, FRAMINGHAM.

scholars, a larger number than at any former term since the school has been established at Framingham.

"It affords the Board great pleasure to say that these schools are progressing in the accomplishment of the great objects for which they were founded, and have been sustained; that they are enjoying public confidence, and are in a condition of unexampled prosperity."

TEACHERS' INSTITUTES.

"Massachusetts was the first State in the Union to afford legislative aid to teachers' institutes. Four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars were appropriated the last year by the legislature towards defraying the expenses of these gatherings of teachers. The expenditures have been \$3,500. Ten institutes have been held the past year in the following towns, viz.: Westborough, Milford, Spencer, Springfield, Adams, Gardner, Provincetown, Fairhaven, Bernardston, and Haverhill. The number of members has been fifteen hundred and forty-five, which is a larger number than in any former year, with one exception. The session of each institute continues for five days. The teachers are convened in these institutes in the different parts of the Commonwealth for the purpose of receiving instruction in the art or science of teaching. Learned men, skilled in didactics, are employed to attend and give instruction, and much valuable information is acquired by those who avail themselves of their advantages. It is not the intention that these institutes should in any manner conflict with the instruction given in the Normal Schools. To them we look with increasing confidence to educate thoroughly in the principles of the science of teaching.

SCHOLARSUIPS.

established forty-eight scholarships, to aid in educating and training young men for the office of principal teachers in the High Schools of the Commonwealth. The State was divided by the Board into forty sections, according to the statute; and in the selection of young men who have received the benefits of these scholarships, the Board have adhered strictly to all the provisions of law. The first selection of twelve young men for said seholarships was made in 1854, and twelve in each succeeding year, till the whole number was filled in March, 1857. In the first class of twelve who entered on the collegiate course in the autumn of 1854, four failed, either in consequence of change of purpose, moral obliquity, want of health, or because they fell below mediocrity in their standing in the college class. Of the twelve who entered college in 1855, seven have lost the henefits of the scholarships for some of the above causes. Of the twelve who commenced their college course in 1856, eight have failed. In 1857, of the twelve, four have failed to present to the treasurer of the Board the required certificate of the president. All the vacancies which have occurred in these scholarships have been filled by the Board. Still at the close of the college year in 1858, only forty out of the forty-eight presented the required certificates, and received their annuities. Those who first received the advantages of these scholarships, graduated the present year. None of them have as yet availed themselves of the benefits of the normal school instruction, as is provided for in the law ereating the scholarships. Although many of those who have been admitted to the advantages of these scholarships have failed to retain them, the Board would not recommend any relaxation of the requirements of the statutes. No one ought to hold the responsible position of a teacher in our "The legislature, by an Act passed the 27th of April, 1853, high classical schools, who is not a strictly moral man, and

who is not above mediocrity as to talent and scholarship. These scholarships are yet an experiment. If by means of them, twelve able, competent, accomplished, and well-qualified teachers can be furnished annually for our High Schools, it will be a great point gained in our system of popular education.

AGENTS OF THE BOARD.

"By a resolve of the legislature, passed April 3, 1857, the Board of Education were 'authorized to appoint one or more suitable agents to visit the towns and cities of the Commonwealth for the purpose of inquiring into the condition of the schools, conferring with the teachers and committees, lecturing upon subjects connected with education, and in general of giving and receiving information in the same manner as the Secretary of the Board would do if he were present.' By virtue of this authority, the Board appointed Rev. B. G. Northrop, of Framingham, who entered upon the discharge of the duties July 1, 1857, and has continued to act until the present time by reappointment. Cornelius Walker, Esq., of Boston, was appointed and entered upon the duties of his office, Oct. 1, 1857, and continued to act as agent of the Board by reappointment till April 1, 1858. General H. K. Oliver was appointed agent in September last, and has labored principally in the county of Essex. For an account of the acts and doings of these agents, the Board refer the legislature to the Report of the Secretary of the Board.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATIONS.

"On the 10th day of May, 1848, the legislature passed a law for the encouragement of teachers' associations in each county in the Commonwealth. The law authorizes "the governor to draw his warrant on the treasurer of the Commonwealth for the sum of \$50 in favor of each county association," whose president and secretary shall certify under oath that the asociation has held semi-annual meetings of not less than two days each for the express purpose of promoting the interests of common schools.

"Under the provisions of this statute, associations have been formed in most of the counties of the State. The meetings of these associations are attended by the secretary and agents of the Board when it is practicable. The advantages derived from these institutions are perceptible both in the teachers and in the schools which they represent. Much valuable instruction is given and received, and a greater interest is promoted in the cause of common schools.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

"In looking over the public schools of the State, the general aspect is cheerful and encouraging. While the legislature is aiding and assisting in their onward progress by

liberal appropriations, distinguished and enlightened individuals are giving their cordial co-operation and influence to accelerate their advancement. Towns and cities are exerting themselves to give them effect and power by providing for them all the necessary facilities for a thorough elementary education."

"It appears from the statistics that the number of children between the ages of five and fifteen years has only increased 1,856 in the last year, while the mean average attendance for the year in the public schools has increased 10,607,— a very gratifying result. The statistics also show that more money has been raised for schools; that teachers are better paid; that the number of schools has been augmented, and that the number of scholars attending schools has greatly increased.

"While we witness improvements in the system of eommon school education, the question will arise, To what extent is education to be provided for the rising generation? On the proper moral, mental, and physical culture of the future citizen hangs the fate of all that will render the State prosperous and happy. If it is true that men are eapable of self-government, that in our country the sovereignty is in the people, it is clear that the smallest amount of education should never be less than to qualify each citizen for the social and civil duties which he will be ealled upon to discharge as one of the sovereign people of this republic. In our system of education the moral element is too often neglected. If there was a more rigid observance of the requisitions of the law by all the teachers of the public sehools in the State in communicating moral instruction to all the pupils committed to their care, we should have less oeeasion for reform schools, prisons, and penitentiaries. Our system of education knows no distinction in social condition; it seeks all the youth between the ages of five and fifteen years, rich or poor, high or low, native or foreign, and seeks to give them that mental, moral, and physical culture which will qualify them to discharge the social and civil duties of citizens. For more full information relative to the common school system and its results, - the Normal Schools, Teachers' Institutes, Agents of the Board, and Teachers' Associations, the Board refer the legislature to the Report of the Secretary, and the numerous tables accompanying it.

SCHOOL FUND.

"The whole amount of the School Fund on the first day of June, 1858, was \$1,522,898.41, the income of which was about ninety-three thousand dollars. The nnexpended balance to be added to the principal was \$1,843.68.

"The Secretary of the Board has given the origin and history of the School Fund, and its salutary effect on the system of public schools, especially in securing reliable statistics and co-operation and harmony between the people of

	the State and the legislature. He shows the	utility of the
	fund, and the reasons why it should not be dir	
	increased. The Board cordially recommend to	the favora-
	ble consideration of the legislature the stateme	ents and sug-
	gestions of the Secretary of the Board, and o	
	proposition to increase the fund until the p	rincipal shall
	amount to three millions of dollars."	
	From the Report of the efficient Secretary of	of the Board
	of Education, Ex-Governor Boutwell, we sub	join the fol-
	lowing: —	
	"The following summary of statistics shows	the principal
	facts in regard to the common schools of the St	ate,—
	Number of towns in the Commonwealth,	332
	Number of Public Schools,	4,421
	Number of persons in the State between five	
	and fifteen years of age,	223,304
	Number of Scholars of all ages, in all the	
	Public Schools, in summer,	199,792
	Number of Scholars, of all ages, in all the	
	Public Schools, in winter,	218,198
	Average attendance in all the Public Schools	
	in summer,	154,642
	Average attendance in all the Public Schools	
	in winter,	175,526
	Ratio of the mean average attendance upon	
	the Public Schools, to the whole number	
	of children between five and fifteen, ex-	ļ
	pressed in decimals,	.74
	Number of children under five attending Pub-	
	lic Schools,	12,370
	Number of persons over fifteen attending Pub-	
	lic Schools,	16,894
	Number of teachers in summer, — males, 383;	10,001
l	females, 4,510: total, 4,893,	4,893
l	Number of teachers in winter,—males, 1,598;	4,000
	females, 3,482; total, 5,080,	5.080
	Number of different persons employed as	0.000
l	teachers in the Public Schools, during the	
١	year, — males, 1,691; females, 5,493,	7,184
l	Average length of Public Schools, seven	1,104
	months and thirteen days.	
l	Average wages of male teachers per month,	
l		Ø40.97
Į	including board,	\$49 87
	Average wages of female teachers per month,	19 63
	including board,	19 03
	port of Public Schools, including only wa-	1 941 959 09
	ges, board, fuel, and care of fires,	1,041,202 00
	Amount of voluntary contributions of board,	
	fuel, and money, to maintain or prolong	95 994 11
	Public Schools,	35,324 11

-	Amount received by towns and cities as their
	share of the income of the State School
	Find, 47,311 12
	Aggregate returned as expended on Public
	Schools alone, exclusive of the expense of
	repairing and erecting school-houses, 1,474,488 88
	Sum raised by taxes (including income of sur-
	plus revenue), for the education of each
	child in the State between five and fifteen
	years of age — per child, 6.04
	The law requires each town and city to raise by tax at least \$1.50 per child between five and fifteen, as a condition
	least \$1.50 per child between five and fifteen, as a condition of receiving a share of the income of the State School Fund.
	All the towns and cities that have made returns (all ex-
	cept Southwick) have raised \$1.50 or more for each child
	between five and fifteen.
	Number of towns that have raised the sum of
	\$3 or more per child between five and fif-
	teen,
	Number of Incorporated Academies returned, 70
	Average number of Scholars, 4,338
	Amount paid for tuition, \$84,401 00
Ì	Number of Private Schools and Academies, 672
	Estimated average attendance on Private
	Schools,
	Estimated amount paid for tuition in Private
	Schools,
	"It is reasonable to expect that the State will soon de-
-	rive an extraordinary revenue from the sale of lands in the
ı	city of Boston. The anticipated receipts are, for the most
	part, unpledged and unappropriated; and I therefore deem this a fit occasion to present a brief history of the Massachu-
	setts School Fund, its means of usefulness, and the impor-
	tance of its increase."
	"In January, 1833, the Honse of Representatives, under
	an order introduced by Mr. Marsh, of Dalton, appointed a
)	committee 'to consider the expediency of investing a por-
	tion of the proceeds of the sales of the lands of this Com-
	monwealth, in a permanent fund, the interest of which
Į	should be annually applied, as the legislature should from
	time to time direct, for the encouragement of common
	schools.' The adoption of this order was the incipient
	measure that led to the establishment of the Massachusetts
7	School Fund. On the 23d of the same month, Mr. Marsh
	submitted the report of the committee. The committee
3	acted upon the expectation that all moneys then in the
	treasury derived from the sale of public lands, and the entire
,	proceeds of all subsequent sales were to be set apart as a
3	fund for the encouragement of common schools; but as
	blanks were left in the bill reported, they seem not to have
L	been sanguine of the liberality of the legislature. The cash
L	and notes on hand amounted to \$234,418.32; and three and

a half millions of acres of land unsold, amounted, at the estimated price of forty cents per acre, to 1,400,000 dollars more; making together a fund with a capital of \$1,634,418.32. The income was estimated at \$98,065.09; it was also stated that there were 140,000 children the State, between the ages of five and fifteen years; and it was therefore expected that the income of the fund would permit a distribution to the towns of seventy cents for each child between the aforenamed ages. This certainly was a liberal expectation compared with the results that have been attained. The distributive share of each child has amounted to only about one-third of the sum then contemplated. The committee were careful to say, ! It is not intended, in establishing a school fund, to relieve towns and parents from the principal expense of education, but to manifest our interest in, and to give direction, energy, and stability to, institututions essential to individual happiness and the public welfare.' In conclusion, the committee make the following inquiries and suggestions: -

"' Should not our common schools be brought nearer to their constitutional guardians? Shall we not adopt measures which shall bind, in grateful alliance, the youth to the governors of the Commonwealth? We consider the application, annually, of the interest of the proposed fund, as the establishment of a direct communication betwixt the legislature and the schools; as each representative can carry home the bounty of the government, and bring back from the schools returns of gratitude and proficiency. They will then cheerfully render all such information as the legislature may desire. A new spirit would animate the community, from which we might hope the most happy results. This endowment would give the schools consequence and character, and would correct and elevate the standard of education.

"'Therefore, to preserve the purity, extend the usefulness, and perpetuate the benefits of intelligence, we recommend that a fund be constituted, and the distribution of the income so ordered, as to open a direct and more certain intercourse with the schools; believing that by this measure their wants would be better understood and supplied, the advantages of education more highly appreciated and improved, and the blessings of wisdom, virtue, and knowledge carried home to the fireside of every family, to the bosom of every child.' The bill reported by this committee was read twice, and then, upon Mr. Marsh's motion, referred to the next legislature.

"In 1834, the bill from the files of the last general court, to establish the Massachusetts School Fund, and so much of the petition of the inhabitants of Seekonk as related to the same subject, were referred to the Committee on Education.

"In the month of February, Hon. A. D. Foster, of Worces-

ter, chairman of the committee, made a report, and submitted a bill which was the basis of the law of March 31, 1834. The committee were sensible of the importance of establishing a fund for the encouragement of the common schools. These institutions were languishing for support, and in a great degree destitute of the public sympathy. There were no means of communication between the government and the schools, and in some sections towns and districts had set themselves resolutely against all interference by the State. In 1832, an effort was made to ascertain the amount raised for the support of schools. Returns were received from only ninety-nine towns, showing an annual average expenditure of one dollar and ninety-eight cents for each pupil."

"The subject of self-taxation annually is important in connection with a system of free education. It is the experience of the States of this country that the people themselves are more generous in the use of this power than are their representatives; and it is also true that when the power has been exercised by the people there is usually more interest awakened in regard to modes of expenditure, and more zeal manifested in securing adequate returns. The private conversations and public debates often arouse an interest which would never have been manifested had the means of education been furnished by a fund, or been distributed as the proceeds of a general tax assessed by the government of the State.

"I have no doubt that much of our success is due to the fact, that in all the towns the question of taxation and its amount is annually submitted to the people. It is quite certain that the sum of our municipal appropriations never eould have been increased from \$387,124.17 in 1837, to \$1,341,252.03 in 1858, without the influence of the statistical tables that are appended to the Annual Reports of the Board of Education; and it is also true that the materials for these tables could not have been secured without the agency of the school fund. Our experience as a State confirms the wisdom of the reports of 1833 and 1834; and I unreservedly concur in the opinion that a fund ought not to be sufficient for the support of schools, but that such a fund is needed to give encouragement to the towns, to stimulate the people to make adequate local appropriations, to secure accurate and complete returns from the committees, and finally to provide means for training teachers and for defraying the necessary expenses of the educational department." . . . "By the law of 1849, chapter 117, the income was to be apportioned among those towns which had raised by taxation the sum of one dollar and fifty cents for the education of each person between the ages of five and fifteen years. This provision is now in force." . . .

"The limitation of the Act of 1834, establishing the Fund, and of the Revised Statutes, was removed by the law of 1851, chap. 112; and the amount of the Fund was

then fixed at one million and five hundred thousand dollars. By the Act of 1854, the principal was limited to two millions of dollars."

"When the Fund was instituted, public sentiment, in regard to education, was lethargie, if not retrograding. The mere fact of the action of the legislature lent new importance to the cause of learning, inspired its advocates with additional zeal, gave efficiency to previous and subsequent legislation, and, as though there had been a new creation, evoked order out of chaos."

"By the institution of the School Fund provision was made for a system of annual returns from which has been drawn a series of statistical tables, that have not only exhibited the school system as a whole and in its parts, but have also contributed essentially to its improvement.

"These statistics have been so accurate and complete for many years, as to furnish a safe basis for legislation; and they have at the same time been employed by the friends of education as means for awakening local interest, and stimulating and encouraging the people to assume freely and bear gracefully the burdens of taxation. It is now easy for each town, or for any inhabitant, to know what has been done in any other town; and, as a consequence, those that do best are a continual example to those that, under ordinary circumstances, might be indifferent. The establishment and efficiency of the school committee system is due also to the same agency. There are, I fear, some towns that would now neglect to choose a school committee, were there not a small annual distribution of money by the State; but, in 1832, the duty was often either neglected altogether, or performed in such a manner, that no appreciable benefit was produced. The superintending committee is the most important agency connected with our system of instruction. In some portions of the State, the committees are wholly, and in others they are partly, responsible for the qualifications of teachers; they everywhere superintend and give character to the schools, and by their annual reports they exert a large influence over public opinion. The people now usually elect well-qualified men, and it is believed that the extracts from the local reports, published annually by the Board of Education, constitute the best series of papers in the language upon the various topics that have, from time to time, been considered.* By the publication of these abstracts, the com-

• An eminent friend of education, and an Englishman, speaking of the Reperts for the year 1856-7, says: "The views enunciated by yeur lecal

mittees, and indeed the people generally, are made acquainted with every thing that has been done, or is at any time doing, in the Commonwealth. Improvements, that would otherwise remain local, are made universal; information, in regard to general errors, is easily communicated, and the errors themselves are speedily removed; while the system is, in all respects, rendered homogeneous and efficient.

"Nor does it seem to be any disparagement of Massachusetts to assume, that, in some degree, she is indebted to the School Fund for the consistent and steady policy of the legislature, pursued for more than twenty years, and executed by the agency of the Board of Education. In this period Normal Schools have been established, which have educated a large number of teachers and exerted a powerful and ever-increasing influence in favor of good learning. Teachers' Institutes have been authorized, and the experiment successfully tested; agents of the Board of Education have been appointed: so that it is now possible, by the aid of both these means, as is shown by aecompanying returns and statements, to afford each year to the people of a majority of the towns, an opportunity to confer with those who are specially devoted to the work of education. In all this period of time the legislature has never been called upon to provide money for the expenses which have thus been incurred; and though a rigid scrutiny has been exercised over the expenditures of the educational department, measures for the promotion of the common schools have never been considered in relation to the general finances of the Commonwealth. While some States have hesitated and others have vascillated, Massachusetts has had a consistent, uniform, progressive policy, which is due in part to the consideration already named, and in part, no doubt, to a popular opinion, traditional and historical in its origin, but sustained and strengthened by the measures and experience of the last quarter of a century, that a system of public instruction is so important an element of general prosperity as to justify all needful appropriations for its support.

"It may, then, be claimed for the Massachusetts School Fund, that the expectations of those by whom it was established have been realized; that it has given unity and efficiency to the school system; that it has secured accurate and complete returns from all the towns; that it has, consequently, promoted a good understanding between the legis-

committees, while they have the sobriety indicative of practical knowledge, are at the same time enlightened and expansive. The writers of such reperts must be of inestimable aid to yeur scheelmasters, standing as they do between the teacher and the parent, and exercising the most wholesome influence on both. Let me remark, in passing, that I am struck with the pewer of composition evinced in these provincial papers. Clear exposition, great command of the best English, correctness, and even elegance of style, are their characteristics."

lature and the people; that it has increased local taxation, but has never been a substitute for it; and that it has enabled the legislature, at all times, and in every condition of the general finances, to act with freedom in regard to those agencies which are deemed essential to the prosperity of the common schools of the State.

"Having thus, in the history of the School Fund, fully justified its establishment, so in its history we find sufficient reasons for its sacred preservation. While other communities, and even other States, have treated educational funds as ordinary revenue, subject only to an obligation on the part of the public to bestow an annual income on a specified object, Massachusetts has ever acted in a fiduciary relation, and considered herself responsible for the principal as well as the income of the fund, not only to this generation, but to every generation that shall occupy the soil and inherit the name and fame of this Commonwealth.

"It only remains for me to present the reasons which render an increase of the capital of the fund desirable, if not necessary. The annual income of the existing fund amounts to about ninety-three thousand dollars, one-half of which is distributed among the towns and cities, in proportion to the number of persons in each between the ages of five and fifteen years. The distribution for the year 1857–8 amounted to twenty cents and eight mills for each child."

"It was contemplated by the founders of the School Fund, that an amount might safely be distributed among the towns, equal to one-third of the sums raised by taxation; but the State is really furnishing only one-thirtieth of the annual expenditure. A distribution corresponding to the original expectation is neither desirable nor possible; but a substantial addition might be made without in any degree diminishing the interest of the people, or relieving them from taxation."

"In view of the eminent aid which the School Fund has rendered to the cause of education, with due deference to the wisdom and opinions of its founders, and with just regard to the existing and probable necessities of the State, in connection with the cause of education, I earnestly favor the increase of the School Fund by the addition of a million and a half of dollars.

"Nor does the proposition for the State to appropriate annually \$180,000 in aid of the common schools seem unreasonable, when it is considered that the military expenses are \$65,000, the reformatory and correctional about \$200,000, the charitable about \$45,000, and the pauper expenses nearly \$250,000 more,—all of which will diminish as our schools are year by year better qualified to give thorough and careful intellectual, moral, and religious culture.

"This increase seems to be necessary in order that the Massachusetts School Fund may furnish aid to the common

schools during the next quarter of a century, proportionate to the relative influence exerted by the same agency during the last twenty-five years. Nor will such an addition give occasion for any apprehension that the zeal of the people will be diminished in the least. Were there to be no increase of population in the State, the distribution for each pupil would never exceed forty cents, or about one-fifteenth of the amount now raised by taxation.

"So convinced are the people of Massachusetts of the importance of common schools, and so much are they accustomed to taxation for their support, that there is no occasion to hesitate, lest we should follow the example of those communities, where large funds, operating upon an uneducated and inexperienced popular opinion, have injured rather than benefited the public schools. The ancient policy of the Commonwealth will be continued; but whenever the people see the government, by solemn act, manifesting its confidence in schools and learning, they will be encouraged to guard and sustain the institutions of the fathers."

In accordance with the suggestion of the Board of Education, the Legislature provided for the increase of the School Fund, in the following enactment:—

An Act to increase the School Fund, and to grant aid to the Museum of Comparative Zoölogy, Tufts, Williams, and Amherst Colleges, and the Wesleyan Academy at Wilbraham, out of the proceeds of the sales of the Back Bay Lands.

Sect. I. The avails of the sales of lands belonging to the Commonwealth in the Back Bay, shall be paid into the treasury, to be held, invested, and applied in accordance with the provisions of the resolves of the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, chapter seventy; and the moiety of such avails, which, by the provisions of said chapter, inures immediately to the use of the Commonwealth, and which by the ninety-sixth chapter of the statutes of the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, is styled the "Bay Lands Fund," shall be held, invested, and appropriated as follows, that is to say:—

I. The whole of such moiety, until the sum of three hundred thousand dollars shall have been so disposed of, shall be employed for the redemption of the scrip of the Commonwealth issued in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, in accordance with the provisions of the third section of chapter two hundred and thirty-five of the acts of that year.

II. After such sum of three hundred thousand dollars shall have been received into the treasury, one-half of the avails of the sales of such moiety, shall, as fast as received, be added to the Massachusetts School Fund, for the purpose of increasing the principal sum thereof.

- III. The remaining avails of such moiety shall, after being received into the treasury, be distributed upon the first day of August in each year, among the institutions hereinafter named, in the proportions following, that is to say,—
- 1. Twenty per centum of the avails of such moiety shall be paid to such persons as may at the present session of the legislature be incorporated as the "Trustees of the Museum of Comparative Zoölogy;" such payments not to exceed, in the aggregate, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars.
- 2. Twelve per centum of the avails of such moiety shall be paid to the treasurer of the trustees of Tufts College, upon the order of the trustees; such payments not to exceed, in the aggregate, the sum of fifty thousand dollars.
- 3. Six per centum of the avails of such moiety shall be paid to the treasurer of the corporation of Williams College, upon the order of said corporation; such payments not to exceed, in the aggregate, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars.
- 4. Six per centum of the avails of such moiety shall be paid to the treasurer of the corporation of Amherst College, upon the order of the corporation; such payments not to exceed, in the aggregate, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars.
- 5. Six per centum of the avails of such moiety shall be paid to the treasurer of the corporation of the Wesleyan Academy, in Wilbraham, upon the order of the corporation; such payments not to exceed, in the aggregate, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars.
- SECT. 2. No payment, as aforesaid, shall be made to either of the before-named institutions, unless, before the time for each payment, it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the governor and council, that there has been secured by subscription in aid of such institution, in cash, or bonds of unquestionable security, an amount equal to the amount then to be paid to such institution, according to the terms of this act; nor to either of the institutions hereinafter named, unless there shall have been established in such institutions the number of free scholarships set against their respective names, that is to say,—

In Williams College, three free scholarships.

In Tufts College, three free scholarships.

In Amherst College, three free scholarships.

The aforesaid free scholarships shall be under the control of the board of education, and may be filled and managed in such mode as now is, or may hereafter be, provided by law for the regulation of free scholarships established by the Commonwealth.

Sect. 3. All the avails of the moiety of the sales of the public lands, which, by the provisions of the seventeenth

chapter of the resolves of the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, inure immediately to the use of the Commonwealth, and the distribution of which is not otherwise provided for in this act, shall be added to the principal of the Massachusetts School Fund.

Sect. 4. The sum of one hundred thousand dollars shall be reserved, by the commissioners of the Back Bay, out of the moiety of the avails of the sales of lands, which by the resolves of the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, chapter seventy, may be drawn upon for the purposes of improvement, as set forth in said chapter; and the same shall be invested as a fund, the income whereof shall be appropriated to the support of the roads and bridges, which the Commonwealth has become bound to support by its contracts in regard to said Back Bay. And if, before the first payment shall be made to any institution of learning agreeable to this act, it shall be made to appear, to the satisfaction of the governor and council, that such amount cannot be spared from the moiety of the avails of such lands, subject to be drawn upon in favor of said commissioners, then the same may be reserved out of the other moiety of the avails of the sales of said lands, after payment of the sum of three hundred thousand dollars, as provided for in section first.

Sect. 5. This act to take effect from and after its passage. [April 2, 1859.]

We now present the following article from the "Educational Year-Book" for 1858, showing the system of Boston Schools:—

THE BOSTON SYSTEM OF FREE SCHOOLS.

[Prepared for the "American Educational Year-Book," by Hoa. Joha D Philbrick, Superintendent of Public Schools, Boston.]

"In the year 1635, the freemen of the town of Boston, in town meeting, agreed ' to entreat Philemon Permont to become schoolmaster for the teaching and nurturing of their children.' This was the origin of the present Public Latin School, and also of the system of Free Public Schools of the city of Boston. The school thus established was from the first a classical school, with a master able to fit youth for the University. Two more schools were established in 1682, 'for teaching boys to write and cipher;' and others were soon after opened to teach reading, spelling, and the elements of English grammar. No provision, however, was made for the education of girls at the public expense till the year 1789, when they were permitted to attend the 'reading and writing schools' for a part of the year. It was not till 1828 that females were allowed to attend the public schools during the whole school year. Primary schools were first established by public authority in 1818.

The English High School, designed for boys only, was established in 1821. The City Normal School, for the education of female teachers, was opened in 1852; and in 1855 was so far modified in its plan as to constitute also a High School for girls; and has since been denominated the Girls' High and Normal School.

"The selectmen of the town had the entire charge of the schools, and all matters pertaining to them, until the year 1792, when, in town meeting, twelve persons were chosen, who, with the selectmen, constituted the first School Committee of the town of Boston. On the adoption of the City Charter, in 1823, the aldermen took the place of the selectmen, as a part of the School Committee. The Board of School Committee remained thus constituted till 1835, when, by a special act of the Legislature, it was provided that twenty-four persons, annually elected by the people, two from each ward of the city, together with the Mayor as chairman, and the President of the Common Council, should compose the School Committee. The Primary Schools, at the time of their establishment, were placed under the control of a committee, consisting of one member for each school, elected annually by the School Committee. This Primary School Committee was abolished in 1855, and all the public schools of the city were placed under the management and control of a Board of School Committee, consisting of seventy-four members, viz.: six elected by the people of each ward of the city, to hold office for three years, two being chosen annually; and the Mayor and the President of the Common Council, - the Mayor being President of the Board.

"At the first meeting of the Board in each year, a Secretary is elected, and his salary fixed, and the following Standing Committees, consisting of five members each, are appointed by the President, viz., on Elections, on Rules and Regulations, on Salaries, on Accounts, on Text-Books, on School-Houses, on Musie, on the Latin School, on the English High School, on the Girls' High and Normal School; and also a committee, consisting of more or less members, on each district. In law the city is only one school district; but, for convenience in the management of the schools, the city is divided into as many districts as there are Grammar School Houses. The District Committees make quarterly examinations of the Grammar and Primary Schools under their charge, and report their condition, in writing, to the Board; they also nominate to the Board all the teachers appointed in their respective districts. All teachers are elected annually by the Board, and their salaries are fixed at the same time.

"The office of Superintendent of Public Schools was established in 1851. This officer is elected annually by the

School Committee. He has a seat with the Board, and makes a quarterly report in writing.

"The schools embraced in the system are as follows:—
"Latin, in Bedford Street, Francis Gardner, Principal; 1 sub-master, 4 ushers, 185 pupils. Candidates for admission must be ten years of age. The course is six years. Annual expense for tuition, \$8,974.74.

"English High, in Bedford Street, Thomas Sherwin, Principal; 2 sub-masters, 2 ushers, 126 pupils. Candidates for admission must be twelve years of age. The course is three years, with an advanced course of one year. Annual expense for tuition, \$9,025.89.

"Girls' High and Normal, in Mason Street, William H. Seavey, Principal; 6 female assistants, 143 pupils. Candidates for admission must be fifteen years of age, and not over nineteen. The course is three years. Annual expense for tuition, \$5,625.

"There are 19 Grammar Schools. Candidates for admission must be seven years of age. Boys are allowed to remain till fourteen years of age; girls, till sixteen.

GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

Name,	Location.	Principal.	Sub-Masters.	Ushers.	Female As-	Pupils.	Cost of Tuiton.
1. Eliot, Boys, 2. Franklin, Girls,. 3. Mayhew, Boys, 4. Hawes, Boys, 5. Boylston, B.&G. 6. Bowdoin, Girls, 7. Hancock, Girls, 9. Wied, Grifs, 10. Lymso, G. B.&G. 10. Lymso, G. B.&G. 11. Brimmer, Boys, 12. Brimmer, Boys, 14. Dwight, Boys, 15. Dwight, Girls, 16. Quiner, Boys, 17. Bigelow, Girls, 18. Chapman, B.&G. 19. Adams, B. & G.	Washington St., South Boston, Fort Hill. Myrtle St., Richmoad Pl., Blossom St., Tremont St., South Boston, South Boston, Common St., West Centre St., Springfield St., Springfield St., Springfield St., South Boston, South Boston, Springfield St., Springfield St., Springfield St., Springfield St., South Boston, South Boston, East Boston.	Samle L. Gould, Samuel Swan, Samuel Rarrett, Charles Kimball, Daniel C. Browa, George Allen, Jr., Reuben Swan, Jr., Robert Swan, Il. Il. Lincoln, J. A. Stearns, Joshna Bates, Jone Bates, Jone Bates, George B. H**de. C. E. Valendine, Joseph Hale, Joseph Hale, J. P. Averill.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 2	12 10 7 6 11 11 13 8 14 10 12 9 8 9 7 11 9	743 555 453 477 810 510 687 418 846 491 718 554 538 426 685 511 779 881	\$7,896.03 5,976.30 6,424.18 6,016.97 7,765.85 6,461.82 7,441.67 7,327.99 7,584.26 6,990.12 6,739.61 9,289.82 8,654.11 5,025.00 7,042.36

Part of the year.

"There are 215 Primary Schools, each school occupying a separate room, and being instructed by one teacher. These schools are kept in 83 different buildings. From one to ten schools are accommodated in a single building. The whole number of scholars in the Primary Schools is 12,573. Annual expense of tuition, \$77,089.77. Incidental expenses, \$28,812.49. Total expense, \$105,902.26.

"Number of Teachers. — High, 5; Latin, 6; Girls' High and Normal, 7; Grammar, 226; Primary, 215. Male, 54; female, 405. Total, 459.

"Pupils.— Latin, 185; High, 126; Girls' High and Normal, 143; Grammar, 10,229; Primary, 12,573. Total, 23,256.

"Expenses. — Salaries: High Schools, \$23,625.63; Grammar, \$122,668.42; Music teachers, \$2,718.75; Primary Schools, \$77,089.77. Total, \$226,102.57. Incidental expenses of High and Grammar Schools, \$43,957.10; of all the schools, \$72,769.59. Tuition and incidental expenses, \$298,872.16. Expended on school-houses during the year, \$52,099.26. Whole expenditure for schools, \$350,971.32. Cost of school-houses, including land and extensive alterations and repairs, to May 1, 1857: Grammar and High, \$1,135,726; Primary, \$521,000. Total, \$1,656,726.

"Rates of Salaries. — Secretary of the Board, \$800; Superintendent, \$2,500.

"The Salaries of the Masters and Assistants in these Schools are as follows:—

"Masters. — High, Latin, and Normal, \$2,400 for the first year's service, with an increase of \$100 for each additional year's service, till the salary amounts to \$2,800; Grammar, first year, \$1,600, with an annual increase of \$100, until it reaches \$2,000.

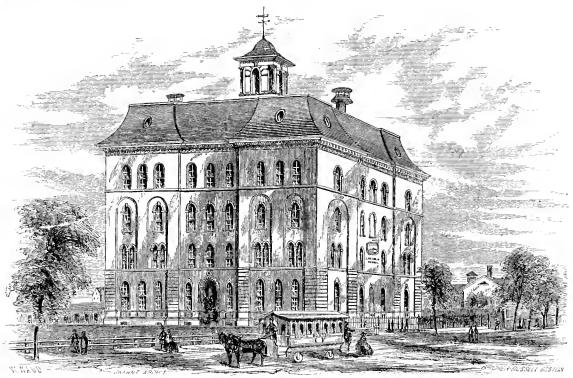
"Sub-Masters.—High and Latin, first year, \$1,600, with an annual increase of \$100, until it reaches \$2,000; Grammar, first year, \$1,200, with an annual increase of \$100, until it reaches \$1,600.

"Ushers. — High and Latin, first year, \$1,200, with an annual increase of \$100, until it reaches \$1,600; Grammar, \$800, with an annual increase of \$100, until it reaches \$1,000.

"Female Assistants. — Normal, Head Assistants, \$600; other Assistants, \$500. Grammar, Head Assistants, \$500; other Assistants, \$300 for the first year, with an annual increase of \$50, until it reaches \$450.

"The salaries of the Primary School teachers are fixed at \$300 for the first year, with an increase of \$50 per annum, until it amounts to \$450 per annum."

From the Report of the School Committee of 1858, we extract the following as a specimen of Boston school structures:—



THE LINCOLN GRAMMAR SCHOOL HOUSE.

THE LINCOLN GRAMMAR SCHOOL HOUSE.

"The Annual Report of the Board for 1857 contained a detailed description of the Dwight Grammar School House, accompanied by plans and a perspective view. The

Dwight was selected for the purpose of a description, because it was then the latest; and, besides, it was a good specimen of the most approved school edifices which had been erected in this city previously to that date. The class which it represents consists of the Lawrence, the

Winthrop, and the Adams Grammar School buildings, to which the new Franklin, on Ringgold Street, has since been added. These five structures are similar in respect to size, plan, and style of architecture. They are well adapted to our system of organization and classification of Grammar Schools; combining, in a high degree, economy of space with convenience of arrangement in regard to school-rooms, clothes closets, corridors, staircases, and warming apparatus. They are noble edifices, and are creditable to the city."

"In the design of the Lincoln School House, which is located on Broadway, near K Street, South Boston, it was the intention of the accomplished architect, J. G. F. Bryant, Esq., to combine all the advantages of the interior plan of our best buildings, with an effective and tasteful exterior, and this, too, without any material increase of expense. A comparison of the external view of this fine building, as exhibited in the cut, with the style of those before erected, will show the improvement in this respect which has evidently been achieved."

"It presents a correct and well-proportioned front; having a recessed centre and two slightly projected wings, with a high rusticated basement of freestone, and with arched openings throughout. The central doorway is a feature of considerable elegance; and the single, double, and triple windows throughout the front, are grouped with much propriety and harmony of effect. The introduction of a handsome balcony to the three central windows of the third story serves to mark aud emphasize that portion of the composition; and the bold and correct profile of the main cornice crowns the whole with a marked dignity of style, to which it is believed that none of the earlier structures of this class can lay any rightful claim. The crowning features of the building are its Mansard roof and its cupola; forming together the most pleasing and imposing parts of the structure."

"It has not yet been determined how many seats shall be placed in each room. This school-house, like all those which have been erected within the last ten years, is intended to furnish accommodatious in each room for one teacher and the requisite number of pupils. By the rules of the School Committee as they now stand, the maximum number of pupils to each teacher is 56; and, if this number of seats is placed in each room, the building will accommodate 784 pupils.

"The School Board, by a unanimous vote, gave to this school the name of "Lincoln," as a just tribute of respect and appreciation of the present worthy mayor of the city, who has presented, as a token of his interest in the school, a large and valuable tower clock, which is to adorn the cupola, and to teach the great lesson of punctuality to successive generations of pupils."

THE FRANKLIN MEDALS.

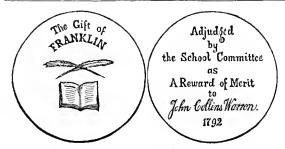
The Institution of the Franklin Medals took place in the year 1792, and have since been one of the most interesting, and we sincerely believe, useful features in the schools. These are of silver, six in number, presented on the day of the annual exhibition, to the most deserving pupils,—"general scholarship taken into consideration,"—in each of the respective boys' schools, that is full or nearly full. They originated from the following clause of the will of Dr. Franklin, who died April 17, 1790:—

"I was born in Boston, New England, and owe my first instructions in literature to the free grammar schools established there. I therefore give one hundred pounds sterling, to my executors, to be by them, the survivors or survivor of them, paid over to the managers or directors of the free schools in my native town of Boston, to be by them, or those person or persons, who shall have the superintendence and management of the said schools, put out to interest, and so continued at interest for ever, which interest annually shall be laid out in silver medals, and given as honorary rewards annually by the directors of the said free schools, for the encouragement of scholarship in the said schools belonging to the said town, in such manner as to the discretion of the selectmen of the said town shall seem meet."

This donation has been successfully applied. The fund amounts to \$1,000, which is invested in five per cent city stock. The interest is annually appropriated for purchasing medals, which are distributed in the schools.

A little more than two years after Franklin's decease, this gift became available, and a Committee, consisting of William Tudor, Esq., Rev. Mr. Clarke, and Mr. Charles Bulfinch, was appointed "to ascertain the expense of procuring medals to carry into effect the intention of the late Dr. Franklin, in his donation." The Committee reported in the matter, awarding twenty-one medals, — three to the Latin, three to each of the Grammar, and three to each of the Writing Schools. That report has been the basis of apportionment from that time to this, although the fund amounts to but \$1,000 vested in five per cent city stock, yielding only \$50 per annum, while the cost of the 68 Franklin Medals for 1848, amounts to \$136, — thus leaving more than one half the "Franklin" Medals to be paid for out of the city treasury.

We have thought it worth while to have a fae-simile of the original Medal engraved, from the drawing on record. On one side is an open book, supported by two pens crossed, encircled by the words "The Gift of Franklin." In June, 1795, it was determined that the device on those designed for the Latin Grammar School should be a "pile of books, the words — detur digniori — inscribed on the same side."



On the reverse of the original Medal, were the words found in the fac-simile.

The inscription on the reverse of the Latin Medals differed slightly from the others. It ran "Franklin's donation, adjudged by the School Committee of the town of Boston, to A. B."

We have inserted the name of Dr. Warren, because it stands as the very first on the record, he being then a pupil of the Latin School.

Through some means — eertainly not by the authority of the phraseology in the will, — the custom has been perpetuated of giving these medals to boys only. When Franklin went to the schools, to be sure, only boys attended upon them; but this makes no law against bestowing his medals upon female pupils. To remedy this inconsistency, the School Committee, in 1821, voted to give an equal number to the girls, calling them "City Medals."

A REMINISCENCE.

A good story is told of the Boston boys who attended the school that was kept in West Street, during the Revolution. In November, 1776, the General Court ordered four brass cannon to be purchased for the use of the artillery companies in Boston. Two of these guns were kept in a gunhouse that stood opposite the Mall, at the corner of West Street. The school-house was the next building, and a yard inclosed with a high fence was common to both. Major Paddock, who then commanded the company, having been heard to express his intention of surrendering these guns to the British army, a few individuals resolved to secure for the

country a property which belonged to it, and which, in the emergency of the times, had an importance very disproportionate to its intrinsic value.

Having concerted their plan, the party passed through the school-house into the gun-house, and were able to open the doors which were upon the yard, by a small crevice, through which they raised the bar that secured them. The moment for the execution of the project was that of the roll-eall, when the sentinel, who was stationed at one door of the building, would be less likely to hear their operations.

The guns were taken off their earriages, earried into the school-room, and placed in a large box under the master's desk, in which wood was kept. Immediately after the rolleall, a lieutenant and sergeant came into the gun-house to look at the eannon, previously to removing them. A young man who had assisted in their removal, remained by the building, and followed the officer in, as an innocent spectator. When the earriages were found without the guns, the sergeant exclaimed, "By G-, they're gone! I'll be d-d if these fellows won't steal the teeth out of your head, while you're keeping guard." They then began to search the building for them, and afterwards the yard; and when they came to the gate that opened into the street, the officers observed that they could not have passed that way, because a cobweb across the opening was not broken. They next went into the school-house, which they examined all over, except the box, on which the master placed his foot, which was lame, and the officer, with true courtesy, on that account excused him from rising. Several boys were present, but not one lisped a word. The British officers soon went back to the gun-house, and gave up the pursuit in vexation. The guns remained in that box for a fortnight, and many of the boys were acquainted with the fact, but not one of them betrayed the secret. At the end of that time, the person who had withdrawn them, eame in the evening with a large trunk on a wheelbarrow; the guns were put into it and carried up to a blacksmith shop at the South End, and there deposited under the eoal. After lying there for a while, they were put into a boat in the night, and safely transported within the American lines.

SOCIETIES, LIBRARIES, ETC.

Boston has always been noted for the multiplicity of its societies, for the furtherance of objects which commended themselves to the judgment of its citizens.

A large amount is expended through the agency of these societies for the benefit of the poor.

Shattuek's eensus for 1845 eontains a statement of the

donations made ehiefly within the previous twenty years, by "citizens of Boston, towards objects of a public nature, of a moral, religious, or literary character," prepared mainly by Hon. Josiah Quincy, and Hon. S. A. Eliot. The general summary of the statement adds up thus:—

1. For Theological Education	n and o	ther o	
jects of a religious chara	cter,		\$1,120,219.75
2. For purposes of instruction	n, .		1,116,128.16
3. For charitable purposes,			2,272,990.51
4. For miscellaneous objects,		•	438,321.39
Total,			\$4,992,659.81
This includes only donatio	ns of a	more p	oublic character.

This includes only donations of a more public character. Mr. E. estimates, that if it should include what flows in a more private under-current, it would make a near approach to that given openly, and would amount to nearly \$10,000,000. To this might be added what the city has given, in its corporate capacity, for the support of the sanc and insane poor, and for other charitable purposes.

PUBLIC LIBRARIES.

Boston has long been well supplied, as compared with other cities, with both public and private libraries. The most important is the library of the Athenæum. This, with that of the American Academy, which is in the same building, contains over 70,000 volumes.

The library at Harvard College has also over 84,000 volumes.

The different libraries very well represent the different branches of knowledge. That of Harvard College, the Historical Society, and of the Boston Library are rich in collections relating to the early history of the country, and particularly of New England. The State Library is one of the most complete in the country in its collection of statute law.

Several new libraries have been recently started, under favorable auspices, for the improvement of young men.

The new City Library promises to realize the expectations of its most sanguine friends. It has already a most valuable collection of books, and with every prospect of an increase, which will render it one of the largest and most useful in the country.

The following list embraces those among the most important:—

				\mathbf{Whe}	n founded.	No. vols.
Boston Athenæum,					1807	57,000
Boston Library, .					1794	14,000
Massachusetts Historica	l Soc	iety,			1794	12,000
American Academy,					1780	15,000
Mercantile Library,					1820	13,626
Mechanics' Apprentices	s,				1820	4,000
State Library, .					1826	8,000
Natural History Society	у,				1830	4,000
Bowditch Library,					1839	2,500
American Statistical As	ssocia	ation	Libi	rary,	1839	

	•			
	City Library,		1852	80,000
	Social Law Library,		1804	6,000
	Am. B. C. Foreign Mission,		1822	6,750
	The Prince Library,			1,800
	Medical Library,			
	Latin School Association Library,			1,000
	Genealogical Society Library, .			
	Horticultural Society Library, .			
	Musical Education Society Library,			
•	Mattapan Association Library, .			
	Civil Engineers' Library,			
•	Young Men's Chr. Asso. Library,		1851	
	Young Men's Chr. Union Library,		1851	
•	Mass. Charitable Mechanic Association	ı.		

LIST OF SOCIETIES, LIBRARIES, ETC., ALPHA-BETICALLY ARRANGED.

American Academy of Art and Sciences. Instituted, 1780. Rooms, Boston Athenæum. Library hours, 10 to 12, and 3 to 5.

American and Foreign Christian Union. 23 Chauncy Street.

American Baptist Missionary Union. Rooms, 33 Somerset Street.

American Baptist Publication Society. New England Agency, 79 Cornhill, Boston.

American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. Missionery House, 33 Pemberton Square.

American Education Society. Rooms, No. 15 Cornhill.

American Institute of Instruction.

American Oriental Society.

American Peace Society, No. 21 Cornhill.

American Phonetic Council.

American Pomological Society.

American Statistical Association. Organized, December 11, 1839. Rooms, 23 Channey Street.

American Sunday School Union, No. 9 Cornhill.

American Tract Society. Depository, 28 Cornhill.

American Unitarian Association. Founded, 1824. Incorporated, 1847. Depository, 21 Bromfield.

Association for Relief of Aged Indigent Females. Incorporated, 1849. Home, 55 Charles Street.

Asylum and Farm School for Indigent Boys.

Benevolent Fraternity of Churches.

Bethesda Society. Refuge in Rutland Street.

Board of Missions of the Episcopal Church, Diocese of Massachusetts.

Boston Aid Society for Discharged Convicts, No. $22\frac{1}{2}$ Winter.

Boston Athenæum. Instituted, 1804. Incorporated, 1807. Beacon Street.

Boston Dispensary. Instituted, 1796.

Boston Benefit Society.

Boston Burns Club.

Boston Chess Club. Rooms, 289 Washington Stree

Boston Lying-In Hospital.

Boston Medical Association. Instituted, 1806.

Boston Museum Dramatie Fund Association.

Boston Mutual Benefit Society.

Boston Port Society.

Boston Printers' Union.

Boston Total Abstinence Society. Organized, 1855.

Boylston Medical Society.

British Charitable Society.

Cape Cod Association.

Charitable Association of the Boston Fire Department.

Charitable Orthopedic Association.

Children's Friend Society. Rutland Street.

Children's Mission to the Children of the Destitute. Hall, 25 Eliot. No. 101 Camden.

Church Home for Orphan and Destitute Children. Organized, 1855. No. 18 Charles Street.

City Missionary Society. Office, 16 Tremont Temple. Congregational Board of Publication. Depository, Congregational Library Building, No. 23 Chauucy Street.

Congregational Library Association. Congregational Library Building, No. 23 Chauncy Street.

Convention of Congregational Ministers.

Dartmouth College Association. Meet Congregational Library Building, No. 23 Chauncy Street.

English High School Association.

Evangelical Tract Society.

Everett Literary Association.

Fatherless and Widows' Society.

Female Samaritan Society.

Female Orphan Asylum. Washington, eor. Asylum St. Fragment Society.

Franklin Club. Rooms in Tremont Temple.

Franklin Medical Scholars' Association.

Franklin Typographical Society. Incorporated, 1825.

German Immigrant Aid Society. Incorporated, 1848.

Harvard Musical Association. Library at the Athenæum, Beacon Street.

Handel and Haydn Society.

Homœopathic Medical Dispensary. Incorporated, 1856. No. 17 Tremont Temple.

House of the Angel Guardian. Attached to St. John's Church. Incorporated, 1853. Under the charge of Rev. George F. Haskins. The object of this establishment is to afford a refuge and a temporary home to destitute boys, who are there schooled, provided for, and instructed in their faith, till they can be placed or apprenticed to good masters.

Howard Benevolent Society.

Humane Society of Massachusetts.

Independent Mission Society.

Infidel Relief Society.

Irish Charitable Society. Instituted, 1736. Incorporated, 1823.

Ladies' American Home Education Society. No. 23 Albany Street.

Latin School Association. Instituted, 1844.

Marine Society. Office, 156 Commercial Street.

Mariners' Total Abstinence Society.

Mass. Anti-Slavery Society. Office, 21 Cornhill.

Mass. Baptist Convention.

Mass. Bible Society. Incorporated, 1809. Bible Depository, 15 Cornbill.

Mass. Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary. Infirmary Charles Street.

Mass. Charitable Fire Society. Instituted, 1794.

Mass. Charitable Mechanic Association. 13 Bromfield Street.

Mass. Charitable Society. Founded, 1762. Incorporated, 1780.

Mass. College of Pharmacy. No. 12 Temple Place. Instituted, 1823. Incorporated, 1852.

Mass. Colonization Society. Office, 81 Washington Street.

Mass. Congregational Charitable Society. Incorporated, March 24, 1786, "for relief and support of the widows and children of deceased ministers."

Mass. Evangelical Missionary Society. Instituted, 1807.
Mass. General Hospital. McLean Street. Incorporated,
1811.

Mass. Historical Society. Instituted, 1791. Rooms in the Society's building, 30 Tremont Street.

Mass. Home Missionary Society. Congregational Library Building, 23 Channey Street.

Mass. Homocopathic Hospital. Incorporated, 1855.

Mass. Homœopathic Medical Society.

Mass. Horticultural Society. Rooms, Horticultural Hall, School Street.

Mass. Medical Society. Incorporated, 1781. No. 12. Temple Place.

Mass. Medical Benevolent Society. Instituted, 1857.

Mass. Sabbath School Society. Depository, 13 Cornhill-

Mass. Society for Abolition of Capital Punishment.

Mass. School for Idiotic and Feeble-Minded Youth. Eighth, between M and N Streets, South Boston.

Mass. Society for Promoting Agriculture.

Mass, Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge.

Mass. Society for the Relief of Widows and Orphans of Deceased Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mass. State Temperance Committee. 11 Cornhill.

Mass. Teachers' Association.

Mass. Temperance Society.

Mass. Universalist Convention.

Mattapan Literary Association, South Boston.

Mechanic Apprentices' Library.

Mechanics' Institute.

Mechanics' Mutual Aid Society.

Mendelssohn Choral Society.

Mercantile Library Association. Rooms in Summer St.

Merchant Tailors' Association.

Mount Vernon Association.

Music Hall Association. Building, Winter Street and Burnstead Place. Erected, 1852.

Needle-Woman's Friend Society. Salesroom, 290 Washington Street.

New England Association of R. R. Superintendents.

New Eng'and Emigrant Aid Company. Office, No. 3 Winter Street.

New England Female Moral Reform Society. Temporary Home, 18 Kneeland Street. Intelligence Office, foot of Newton Place.

New England Female Medical College. College Building, Springfield Street.

New England Historic-Genealogical Society. Room, No. 5 Tremont Street.

New England Methodist Historical Society.

New England Methodist Education Society.

New England Non-Resistance Society.

New England School of Design for Women. Incorporated, 1853. 12 Temple Place.

Northern Baptist Education Society.

Parent Washington Total Abstinence Society.

Penitent Female Refuge. · Rutland Street.

Perkins Institution and Massachusetts Asylum for the Blind. Instituted, 1831. Located at South Boston. Salesroom, 20 Bromfield Street.

Phonographic Reporting Association. Established, 1845. Provident Association. Organized December 29, 1851. 10 Franklin Street.

Public Library of the City of Boston. Instituted, 1852. Sailors' Snug Harbor. Incorporated, 1852.

Scots Charitable Society.

Seamen's Aid Society.

Seamen's Friend Society.

Shawmut Association.

Society for Medical Improvement.

Society for Medical Observation. 12 Temple Place.

Society for Prevention of Pauperism. 10 Franklin Street.

Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, Piety. and Charity.

Society for Promoting Theological Education.

Society for the Promotion of Collegiate and Theological Education at the West. Office, 15 Cornhill.

Society for Propagating the Gospel among the Indians and others in North America. Incorporated, November 19, 1787

Society for the Relief of Aged and Destitute Clergymen. Formed, 1849.

Society for the Relief of Aged Indigent Clergymen.

Society for the Relief of Widows and Orphans of Episcopal Clergymen.

Society of Alumni of the Cambridge Divinity School.

Society of Natural History. Open and free every Wednesday, between the hours of 10 and 2, and 3 and 5, P. M. Rooms, Mason Street.

Society of the Cincinnati of Massachusetts.

South Boston Samaritan Society. Incorporated, 1852.

Southern Aid Society. 5 Tremont Street, Boston.

State Library. State House, Boston.
State Temperance Committee. 11 Cornbill.

St. Vincent de Paul's Orphan Asylum. Camden Street. Under the charge of eight "Sisters of Charity," who, besides attending to the daily wants and instruction of eighty orphan girls, maintain a daily free school for several hun-

dred children, The Asylum is supported entirely by the free donations of charitable persons.

Suffolk District Medical Society. 12 Temple Place.

Sunday School Society.

Sunday School Teachers' Institute.

Temporary Home for the Destitute. Established, 1847. Incorporated, 1852. No. 24 Kneeland Street. The principal object of this institution is to receive destitute children, and procure places for them in the country, where they may be brought up free from the temptations to vice with which they would otherwise, from the necessity of their position, be surrounded.

Trustees of Donations for Education in Liberia. Incorporated, 1850. 81 Washington Street.

United States Agricultural Society.

Universalist Sabbath School Union. Organized, Oct. 8, 1834. Room, No. 41 Tremont Street.

Washington Club.

Widows' and Single Women's Society.

Washingtonian Home. No. 36 Charles Street.

Young Catholic's Friend Society. Organized, 1835.

Young Men's Benevolent Society.

Young Men's Christian Association. Organized, December 29, 1851.

Young Men's Christian Union. Rooms in Bedford Street.

Young Men's Literary Union. 10 Tremont Temple.

MASONIC MEETINGS.

Grand Lodge of Massachusetts. 10 Court Street. Meetings, second Wednesday in December, March, June, September, and December 27.

St John's Lodge, 1st Monday.

St. Andrew's, 2d Thursday.

Columbian, 1st Thursday.

Mount Lebanon, 2d Monday.

Massachusetts, 3d Monday.

Germania, 4th Monday.

Winslow Lewis, 2d Friday.

Revere, 1st Tuesday.

Joseph Warren, 4th Tuesday.

St. Panl's Lodge, South Boston, 1st Tuesday.

Gate of the Temple, Sonth Boston, 4th Tuesday.

Mount Tabor, East Boston, 3d Tuesday.

Baalbee, East Boston, 1st Tuesday.

The whole number of Lodges in Massaehusetts, under the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge, exceeds one hundred.

Grand Royal Arch Chapter. Tuesdays preceding second Wednesday of March, June, September, and December.

St. Andrew's Chapter, 1st Wednesday. -

St. Paul's, 3d Tnesday.

St. John's Chapter, East Boston.

Grand Encampment of Knights Templars of Massachusetts and Rhode Island. Meetings in October, annually.

Boston Eneampment, 3d Wednesday.

De Molay Encampment, 4th Wednesday.

Council Royal Masters, 3d Thursday.

Masonie Board of Relief, 1st Tuesday in each month.

All the above meetings are held at Nassan Hall, No. 665 Washington Street, excepting those of the Lodges at South Boston, and the Chapter and Lodges at East Boston.

PRINCE HALL GRAND LODGE OF ANCIENT YORK MASONS

Quarterly meetings held on the 3d Thursday of March, June, September, and December.

SUBORDINATE LODGES.

Union Lodge, No. 2, 1st Monday in each month. Rising Sun of St. John Lodge, No. 3, 2d Monday.

Celestial Lodge, No. 4, 3d Monday in each month.

St. Stephen's R. A. Chapter, 3d Wednesday each month.

St. John's Eneampment of Knights Templar, No. 5, meet quarterly, on the 4th Friday of March, June, September, and December. All the above meet at 69 Haverhill Street.

ODD FELLOWS' DIRECTORY.

Places and Times of Meeting of Lodges and Encampments

Grand Lodge meets in Boston semi-annually, first Thursdays in February and August.

Grand Eneampment meets in Boston, annually, at Odd Fellows' Hall, Wednesday next preceding first Thursday in

Office of the R. W. Grand Lodge, No. 228 Washington Street.

Office of the R. W. Grand Encampment, No. 228 Washington Street.

Relief Committees of the Boston Lodges meet at No. 228 Washington Street, on the first Friday of each quarter.

PLACE AND EVENING OF LODGE MEETINGS.

Odd Fellows' Hall — Corner Rowe and Essex Streets:

Massachusetts Lodge, No. 1, Monday.

Montezuma Lodge, No. 33, Tuesday.

Tremont Lodge, No. 15, Wednesday.

Siloam Lodge, No. 2, Thursday.

Massasoit Eneampment, No. 1, 1st and 3d Fridays.

Tri-Mount Encampment, No. 2, 2d and 4th Fridays.

Ellison Hall - School Street, corner Chapman Place: Suffolk Lodge, No. 8, Tuesday

Oriental Lodge, No. 10, Wednesday.

Franklin Lodge, No. 23, Thursday.

Ancient Landmark Lodge, No. 32, Monday.

Covenant Hall - Shawmut Ave., Cor. William Street: Hermann Lodge, No. 133, Tuesday

Fraternity Hall - 120 Broadway, South Boston:

Bethesda Lodge, No. 30, Monday.

Mt. Washington Eneampment, No. 6, 2d and 4th Monday.

Orient Hall - 385 Washington Street:

Boston Lodge, No. 25, Monday.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE DIRECTORY.

The annual sessions of the Grand Division of Massaehusetts is held in Boston on the third Wednesday of October. Quarterly Sessions, location at pleasure, on the third Wednesday of January, April, and July.

SUBORDINATE DIVISIONS IN BOSTON.

Crystal Wave, No. 23, Fraternity Hall, South Boston. American, No. 76, Tuesday, 46 Washington Street. Old Bay State, No. 32, Wednesday, 46 Washington St. Massachusetts, No. 71, Thursday, 46 Washington Street. Shawmut, No. 1, Thursday, corner Shawmut avenue and South Williams.

Fidelity, No. 20, Monday, 1 Province Street. Crystal Fount, No. 16, Sa'urday, 1 Province Street. Island Home, No. 18, Friday, East Boston. Bethesda. No. 5, Friday, South Boston.

I. O. ORDER OF TEMPLARS OF TEMPERANCE.

Grand Temple meets semi-annual'y in May and November.

SUBORDINATE TEMPLES.

Tri-Mount, No. 1. meets at 46 Washington Street, on Friday evening.

Boston, No. 2, meets first Monday of each month.

Bay State, No. 3, meets at 46 Washington Street, on Monday evening

Shawmut, Social Temple, No. 1, meets third Friday of each month.

I. O. OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

Orient Lodge, No. 1, meets at 385 Washington Street, on Thursday evenings.

Franklin Lodge, No. 5, corner Dover and Washington Streets, on Monday evenings.

Fraternity Lodge, No. 10, meets at 385 Washington Street, on Saturday evenings.

Mt. Vernon Lodge, No. 12, meets Wednesdays.

ORDER OF UNITED AMERICANS.

The annual meeting of the State Chancery is held in Boston on the first Monday in October. Quarterly meetings in January, April, and July, and special meetings at pleasure.

STATE CAMP OF U. S. OF A.

The annual meeting of the General Camp is held on the third Thursday in January, and quarterly meetings on the third Thursday in April, July, and October, at Independence Hall, Boston.



BOSTON ATHENÆUM.

THE above illustration is a view of the front elevation of the new building erected for the Boston Athenæum, on the southerly side of Beacon, between Bowdoin and Somerset streets. It is 114 feet in length; of irregular breadth, covering the entire space between the street and the Granary Burving Ground; and 60 feet in beight. In the design of this building several objects were to be regarded :-First, a library; second, suitable places for the exhibition of works of art; and third, a museum for miscellaneous collections; beside the usual offices for such a building. The want of unity of plan, together with the extremely irregular form of the lot, and the slightly disproportionate height of the stories, made the design one of considerable difficulty, which was sought to be obviated in effect by presenting to the eye a succession of horizontal lines from the base upwards toward the cornice. The elevation is in the later Italian style of architecture, and resembles, in the general arrangement, some of the works of Palladio, though some of the details belong to a still later style. The material is of Patterson free stone, known here as "Little Fall gray rock," the color of which is a light gray, slightly varying in different stones, and the texture considerably harder than the free stones in general use. The building is 10 feet back from the street, and the ground space in front is surrounded by a bronze lacquered iron balustrade, with stone coping.

The basement story is constructed of solid masonry, supporting the first floor upon groined arches of brick; a room is here fitted up for the use of the janitor and his family. Here also are a furnace with flues, conducting the heat to all parts of the building; rooms for fuel, binding and packing books, apparatus for hoisting to the upper story, &c.

The entrance to the building is into the first story, by a doorway 14 feet high by 10 feet broad. It opens on a vestibule, or main entry, 32 by 28 feet, which contains staircases ascending to the upper stories, and lighted from the roof and large windows in front. From this vestibule, which is finished in beautiful style of architecture, doors open to all the rooms in the building.



In the first story is a hall 80 feet in length, used as a Sculpture Gallery, entered through the vestibule directly opposite the front door. It is surrounded by a row of iron columns opposite each window pier, for supporting the floors above. Fitting into these columns above are still others supporting the third floor, thus making continuous supports to the floors of each story, in addition to the walls. On the right of the vestibule are two apartments, used as reading rooms, one in the front for newspapers, the other in the rear for other periodicals. On the left of the vestibule is the Trustees' room. All these apartments are finished in appropriate ornamental style.

The second story is appropriated to the library. The main hall extends the entire length of the rear of the building, and is surrounded by an iron gallery, accessible by iron spiral staircases. It is divided by an archway, one copartment displaying the books in cases lining the walls, the other in alcoves between the pillars. It is highly finished, in Italian style, with decorated ceiling. For advantages of light, air, retirement, and an open southern aspect, this hall can hardly be surpassed. The foregoing is an interior view of this room.

In front of this hall are two rooms; one on the right is the librarian's room, the other on the left for miscellaneous collections, both finished like the library, with iron

galleries and spiral iron staircases. They are capable of containing 30,000 volumes.

The third story is used for pictures, and is divided into four apartments. The side walls are but 13 feet high, so that no picture can be placed too high to be seen distinctly. The light is admitted to each apartment by a skylight, and transmitted through a horizontal ground glass window.

The building is heated by a cast-iron steam furnace, requiring but one fire, and the hot air distributed and the various apartments ventilated by means of flues within the centre walls. The Cochituate water is carried throughout the building, which is furnished with water closets, and other conveniences connected therewith. Gas is also distributed throughout, and so arranged as to be applicable to the exhibition of works of art, as well as to ordinary purposes.

In the year 1848, the corporation purchased the library of General Washington, at a cost of upwards of \$4,000. This sum was contributed by about one hundred gentlemen of Boston, Salem, and Cambridge; seventy of whom subseribed fifty dollars each for this object. In the year 1846, the Athenæum realized the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, the gift of the late John Bromfield, "three fourths of its annual income to be invested in the purchase of books, and the remainder to be added to the capital." Mr. James Perkins gave for the use of the institution, in 1821, his own costly mansion in Pearl Street, which was occupied for library purposes until June, 1849, and which was sold in February, 1850, for the sum of \$45,000. Mr. Thomas H. Perkins and Mr. James Perkins, Jr., in 1826, gave \$8,000 each for the then library; and \$36,000 was afterwards subscribed by various citizens through the efforts and influence of Messrs. N. Bowditch, F. C. Gray, George Ticknor, and Thomas W. Ward. The total cost has been, for land, \$55,000; and for the building, \$136,000.

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

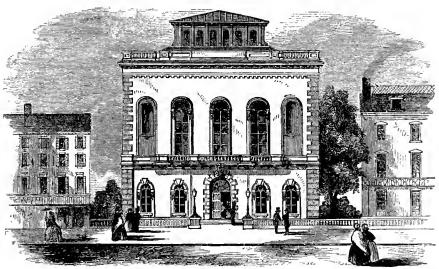
instituted, 1852.

TRUSTEES.— Hon. Edward Everett, President. George Ticknor, John P. Bigelow, Nathaniel B. Shurtleff, William W. Greenough, from citizens at large. George Dennie, from Aldermen. Philip II. Sears, from Common Council.

Superintendent. — C. C. Jewett.

LIBRARIAN. — Edward Capen. Samuel M. Bedlington, Assistant.

Although donations of books had been made to the city, and for several years Standing Committees of the City Council had been appointed with a reference to a Library



PUBLIC LIBRARY, BOYLSTON STREET

yet it was not until the year 1852 that a Free Public Library was really established for the use of the inhabitants of Boston.

At an early period after the formation of the Board of Trustees, Joshua Bates, Esq., a distinguished merchant of London, and a native of Massachusetts, evinced a great interest in the institution by presenting to the city the sum of fifty thousand dollars for a fund, the income of which should be expended in the purchase of suitable books. This and the thousand dollars previously given by Hon. John P. Bigelow, and the munificent gift of ten thousand dollars by Hon. Jonathan Phillips, and the bequest by the lamented Hon. Abbott Lawrence, of ten thousand dollars, form the four funds, which produce an annual income of \$4,260 exclusively for the purchase of books of permanent value.

By the munificence of other individuals who have had the interest of the Library at heart, among whom should be mentioned Mrs. Sally I. K. Shepard, J. Ingersoll Bowditch, Esq., and the lately deceased Samuel Appleton, Esq., and James Brown, Esq., a considerable amount has been received, which, together with a large portion of the annual appropriations of the City Council, has been expended for the more immediate purchase of books for supplying the current demand of those who now avail themselves of the privileges of the Library. A large number of books have also been received from liberal-minded citizens.

On the 17th of September, 1855, the corner-stone of the new Library Building was laid with appropriate ceremonies, by his Honor J. V. C. Smith, Mayor of the city, in presence of the Members of the City Government, the Com-

missioners and Trustees, the Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts, and several of the past worthies of the city and benefactors of the Library, and a vast concourse of the citizens generally. Addresses were made on this occasion by Hon. R. C. Winthrop, President of the Board of Commissioners, and his Honor the Mayor. The trowel used on this occasion was returned to the President of the Board, for preservation in the Library, and an instrument likewise used, combining the square, level and plumb, was presented to the Most Worshipful Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts, to be deposited in the archives of the Grand Lodge as a memorial of the event.

The corner-stone, laid at the north-east corner of the foundation, is a massive hammer ashler of Connecticut sandstone, weighing, by computation, about five tons, and measuring in length 5 feet 11 inches, in breadth, 3 feet 6 inches, and in height 3 feet 2 inches. The cavity in the bottom of the stone contains a metal box, in which the following articles were placed, and hermetically sealed by Dr. N. B. Shurtleff, in behalf of the commissioners, viz:—

1—A Crystallotype likeness of the Commissioners, in a group.

2—Crystallotypes of the Trustees of the Library, His Honor the Mayor, the Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, of the Board of Aldermen, and of the Common Council.

3-A complete set of the Silver and Copper Coins of 1855.

4-Franklin and City Medals.

5—Four Medals of the Humane Society of Massachusetts, presented by Hon. David Sears.

6—City Documents relating to the Library, embracing its history from its first conception to the present time; Municipal Register; By-Laws and Organization of the School Committee; Boston Directory; Boston Almanae; Catalogue of the Library.

7—Order of Exercises, &c., connected with the laying of the stone; copies of the Addresses of the Mayor and Mr. Winthrop.

8—A Silver Plate bearing the following inscription, engraved by E. W. Bouve, viz.:—

The Corner-stone of a Building for the

Public Library of the City of Boston, Laid on the 17th day of September, A. D. 1855, It being the 225th Anniversary of the day on which Trimountaine was first called Boston.

in

Presence of the City Council,
At the request of the Commissioners on the erection of the Building,
by

His Honor Jerome V. C. Smith, Mayor.

COMMISSIONERS FOR THE BUILDING.—Robert C. Winthrop, *President*; Samuel G. Ward, George Ticknor, Nathaniel B. Shurtleff, Charles Woodbury, Joseph A. Pond, Edward F. Porter.

TRUSTEES OF THE LIBRARY. — Edward Everett, President; George Ticknor, John P. Bigelow, Nathaniel B. Shurtleff, Thomas G. Appleton, Joseph Story.

LIBRARIAN. — Edward Capen.

Architect. — Charles K. Kirby.

A second box, constructed of lead, contained a copy of each of the newspapers of the day, and also the last weekly newspapers published in the city.

The building is 82 feet in front, 128 feet deep, and two stories in height, besides the basement. The lower or basement story is situated below the level of the sidewalk, and is lighted on all sides from an open area. The rooms in this story are used chiefly for storing and packing, and for the other conveniences of the Library, such as rooms for furnaces and fuel, and also apartments for the usual Library work.

The first story of the building contains the large hall of entrance, which opens directly into the room for the distribution of books to readers and borrowers. The room for distribution, which occupies the central part of the story on the first floor, also serves as a conversation room. This room is connected with a large Hall, in the rear of the building, having a gallery and twenty alcoves, calculated

to contain about 40,000 of the books most frequently demanded for use. On the front of the building, and entered only from the room of delivery, are two reading rooms, one on the cast for ladies, and one on the west, amply supplied with the periodicals of the day, for general use.

The second or principal story, which is the prominent feature of the building, is one large hall, approached by visitors only by the staircase in the Entrance Hall. This Hall, which by calculation will contain more than 200,-000 volumes, is planned with reference to a lucid arrangement of the books. Besides the aleoves on the floor, it has two galleries, each containing an equal number of aleoves. The Hall is so contrived that it has ten alcoves on each of its sides, and the same number in each of its gallaries, making 60 alcoves in all. Each alcove contains 10 ranges of shelves, and each range 10 shelves. The object of this decimal arrangements of shelves is to render the Library more manageable than it could otherwise be under any other arrangement, and also to simplify all the details connected therewith. This grand Hall is chiefly lighted from the ceiling, although the windows in the front and rear wall will admit much light.

Beneath the principal story, and immediately over the delivery-room, is an entresol or half-story, designed for workrooms and storerooms.

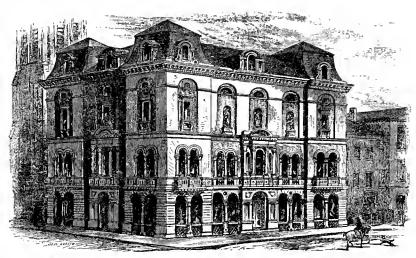
At the corners on the rear of the building are towers for stairs and other conveniences.

The building is constructed of the very best bricks that can be procured, and the ornamental portions are of sandstone. The whole building is strictly fire-proof, and particular attention is paid to the heating and ventilation. All the floors are constructed of bricks and iron, and no wood entered into their construction. The roof is covered with copper, and the gutters are of the same material and stone. Mr. Nathan Drake, the well known builder, had the contract for the walls and floors of the building.

NEW BUILDING OF THE MASSACHUSETTS CHARITABLE MECHANIC ASSOCIATION.

The official ceremonies connected with the laying of the corner-stone of this edifiee on the corner of Chauncy and Bedford Streets, took place September 30, 1857, in presence of the officers and many members of the Association, Mayor Rice, and several members of the City Council, and about 1000 spectators.

Pres. Wightman delivered an appropriate and interesting address, after which the corner-stone was duly laid. The stone, which was placed at the southeast corner of the building, is a block of New Jersey sandstone, weighing $2\frac{1}{2}$



NEW BUILDING OF THE MASSACHUSETTS CHARITABLE MECHANIC ASSOCIATION.

tons, and measuring 4 feet 4 inches in length, 3 feet 7 inches in hreadth, and 2 feet in height. Within a cavity in the lower face of the stone, was placed a box of copper, tinned inside and outside, which was exhausted of air and hermetically sealed, and contained the following articles:—

1. A silver plate, measuring eight and six-tenths inches, by five and six-tenths, upon which is engraved the following:—

Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association.
Instituted in Boston, March 15th, 1795.
Incorporated March 8th, 1806.
The Corner Stone of this Building for the Association,
Laid by the President,

Joseph Milner Wightman,
September 30th, A. D., 1857,
In presence of the City Government,
Alexander H. Riee, Mayor,
and the

Government and Members of the Association.
Officers for 1857. Joseph M. Wightman, President;
L. Miles Standish, Vice President; Osmyn Brewster, Treasurer; Joseph L. Bates, Secretary.

TRUSTEES. Thacher Beal, Holmes Hinkley, Otis Tufts, Isaac H. Hazelton, Benjamin Bradley, Samuel D. Bates, Simon G. Cheever, Theophilus Burr, Moses Hunt, Samuel H. Newman, Thomas Lyford, Jonathan Peirce.

BUILDING COMMITTEE. John H. Thorndike, Chairman; L. Miles Standish, Osmyn Brewster, Thacher Beal, Frederic W. Lincoln, Jr., Franklin Darracott, Daniel Davis, Hammatt Billings, Artist.

2. Constitution and list of Members of the Association.

- 3. Annals of the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic-Association, from its institution in 1795 to 1854. By Joseph T. Buckingham, eighth President of the Association.
- 4. Reports of the First and Eighth Triennial Exhibitions held by the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association, for the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, in 1837 and 1856.
 - 5. Illustrated Magazine of the Eighth Exhibition.
- 6. Copies of the Gold, Silver and Bronze Medals awarded at the Eighth Exhibition.
- 7. Copy of the Diploma awarded at the Eighth Exhibition.
- 8. Silver Coins of 1857—Dollar, Half Dollar, Quarter Dollar, Dime, Half Dime, Three Cent Piece.
- 9. New Cent, of an alloy of copper and nickel, first issued in 1857, and a copper cent of 1856.
- 10. Engraved certificate given to the subscribers of the Franklin Statue.
- 11. Memorial of the Inauguration of the Statue of Benjamin Franklin, in Boston, September 17th, 1856. Prepared for the City Government by Nathaniel B. Shurtleff, M. D.
 - 12. State Register for 1857.
 - 13. Beston Municipal Register for 1857.
 - 14. Boston Almanac for 1857.
- 15. Address of the President of the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association, on the occasion of the laying of the corner-stone.
 - 16. Boston Newspapers.

The structure will be an object of pride and honor to the Mechanic Association, and one of the ornaments of our

city. It is intended to be in good style, without any affectation of ornament whatever. The lower story is in one great room, for banking or other purposes; the second contains small halls, with library and committee rooms attached. The third story is devoted to the great hall for meetings of the Association, with rooms for the directors, &c.

The building is about 65 by 90 feet, and is of light freestone. The style is Italian - Romanesque - the windows arched, excepting in the angles of the third story. In the centre, on both fronts, is a projection of two stories, combining the doorway and principal windows in one composition, consisting in the first stages of panelled piers, bearing an arch above which is a cornice, and in the second of a window, with niches at each side, decorated with a Corinthian order. The other openings in the lower and second stories are double arched with columns and pilasters, with foliated capitals. In the third story, the centre space on Chauncy Street is occupied with three niches and pedestals intended for statues of Thought, Labor, and Charity, -the centre one, of course, being devoted to the virtue. On Bedford Street, the space is occupied by windows. The Hall is lighted by six windows, each a little more than a semicircle in form.

A rich cornice with modillions and dentils surmounts the building, which is covered at the angles with pavilion roofs of the mansard form, the faces broken with ornamental dormer windows, and in the centre by a receding roof not seen at all in the perspective from the street.

This Association holds a conspicuous position in the history and the progressive career of Boston. The venerable Joseph T. Buckingham, well known in his former long and able editorial career, thus speaks of the Association in the opening portion of its "Annals:"—

"The institution which is now known by the name of the 'Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association' was organized in the year 1795. From small and almost insignificant beginnings, it has become, in its maturity, powerful and important, and exercises an imposing and salutary influence on the civil, social and industrial condition of the city of Boston.

"During the troublous and perplexing times which preceded the Revolution, some of the mechanics of Boston performed essential service in resisting the oppressive measures of the British government; and the whole body of them, with a very few exceptions, were active and vigorous in opposition to arbitrary power. Without the advantage which might have been derived from a formal organization, as a party, they seemed to act, as it were, by intuition. Doubtless there were associations of individuals, — drawn together by feelings of common interest and a sense of com-

mon danger, - in which measures of resistance, perhaps of retaliation, were devised and matured. Meetings of 'Liberty Boys,' - choice spirits of the age, - were frequently held, in places not frequented by the public, the proceedings of which were not divulged, and whose decisions were known only by succeeding events. These secret and confidential assemblages of mechanics (called caucuses*) were upheld and encouraged by the Hancocks, the Adamses, the Otises, the Warrens, and others, whose counsels were considered as oracular. Such was the general and unlimited confidence reposed in a few of the most active and resolute, that the multitude generally adopted, without hesitation, the course of action which they seemed to have decreed. From the passing of the Stamp Act to the evacuation of Boston by the British troops, the mechanics were, proverbially, prompt, energetic, and efficient in the execution of all projects designed to secure personal freedom and political independ-

"After the revolutionary war and the acquisition of national independence, the mechanics of Boston acted a conspicuous part in the establishment of a constitutional government. In 1788, the Constitution of the United States was subjected to a long and elaborate discussion, in the Convention of Massachusetts. Its opponents were numerous, and its friends began to fear that it might be rejected. Some of those who opposed its adoption were heard to say that it would not have been adopted but for outside influence. The Boston mechanics were important agents in securing its ratification. They held repeated meetings at the Green Dragon tavern, passed resolutions adapted to operate on the convention, and adopted an address to that body, which was carried up and presented by a mass of mechanics and tradesmen, forming an imposing procession, led by Paul Revere and his associates. This manifestation of popular sentiment, operating on some of the leading members opposed to the constitution, it has been said, decided the fate of that instrument for Massachusetts."

The Triennial Exhibitions of American Manufactures and Mechanic Arts, given under the auspices of this Association, are of world-wide celebrity. From the Report of the Eighth Exhibition, in 1856, we make the following extracts:—

"These Exhibitions have now become one of the permanent institutions of our times. They afford an opportunity, not otherwise obtained, for the ingenious mind to become acquainted with the various improvements of the age; the latest discoveries in science, and the most recent application

• There is a current opinion that the word caucus originated from the fact that these secret meetings were frequently held to premises occupied by caulkers and gravers. I think I have seen in an old newspaper, of tory politics, a reference to a caulker's meeting.

of them to the useful arts are brought to view; and, by the system of awards, which stimulates to excellence, and by the report of competent and impartial judges, true merit becomes appreciated, while the worthless and impracticable is condemned.

"In addition to the social influence which the contributors themselves exert upon each other, by thus being brought together, they derive a direct pecuniary benefit, as their works are thus brought to the knowledge of the great mass of the people, and an easy market is secured for their introduction and sale.

"This Exhibition was the Eighth that has been held under our direction; and we may congratulate the Association upon its success. It exceeded all those that have been previously held, in the number and character of the contributions, as well as the patronage of the public. The space we occupied was larger than usual. In addition to Quincy and Faneuil Halls, the upper hall, with the adjacent armories, were devoted to the Musical Department, making a grand exhibition in itself; while such was the display in the Machinery Section - always one of the most interesting features of the Exhibition - that we were forced to curtail the space usually allotted to Agricultural Implements and Heating Apparatus. Although there was such a multitude of tastes and wishes to be consulted, yet, we believe that the contributors were generally satisfied and pleased with our arrangements for their benefit.

"The Exhibition was in operation three weeks, having been opened to the public on Wednesday, September 10th, and closed on the evening of October 1st.

"The number of contributors was seventeen hundred. The articles exhibited far exceeded this number, as many were included in one invoice.

"It was estimated that about one hundred and fifty thousand persons visited the Exhibition.

"Our reports are considered with many as standard authority in their several departments. They furnish, in themselves, a good abstract of the relative merit of the inventions and improvements of our day; and will be a lasting memorial and record of our encouragement of American Art, and of our efforts to reward the most meritorious of those who have been engaged in its service.

"It may be stated in this place, as an interesting and significant fact, that we have had, recently, many applications for complete sets of our Reports, from scientific men, who desired them to form a permanent place in their own libraries.

"The awards have been as follows: -

Gold Medals,				25
Silver "				168
Broze "				174
Diplomas,				375

"As a Diploma accompanies each Medal, the whole number of prizes awarded amounts to . 742

"A new and original Diploma, designed by Billings, expressly for the Association, will be given to the successful contributors. It will, probably, be one of the most elaborate and highly finished steel engravings that has ever been executed in this country."

Representations of the Medals awarded by the Association are appended:—



SILVER

AND

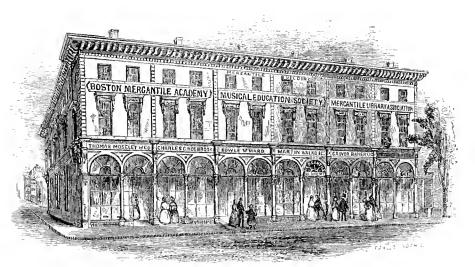
BRONZE MEDALS.





GOLD
MEDALS.





MERCANTILE BUILDING, SUMMER STREET.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

The new Rooms of the Mercantile Library Association are located in the building recently erected by Mr. Emery B. Fay, on the corner of Summer and Hawley Streets, a view of which is presented above. The whole building covers an area of 27,000 feet, or nearly five-eighths of an aere; and the Mercantile Library Association occupy about one-half of the second story — a space three times as large as its old quarters on Bromfield Street. The suit of rooms, which are twelve in number, were planned by Mr. Joseph R. Richards, architect, under the superintendence of a Committee of the Association, and have been finished expressly for the purposes for which they will be used. The entire arrangements reflect much credit upon the Committee, as well as upon the skilful architect. The

different apartments consist of a reading room, periodical room, conversation room, library room, directors' room, librarian's room, five committee, reception, and storage rooms, and a large hall for literary exercises, general meetings, &e.

The main entrance is on Summer Street; and ascending the broad stairway, and turning to the right, we enter the Reading Room, which is devoted exclusively to the display of newspapers. This room has four windows on the front, and is forty-two feet six inches on Summer Street, sixty-one feet four inches in depth, and nineteen feet four inches in height. The newspapers are arranged on stands or desks of about nine feet in length, each of which accommodates five newspapers, and is accessible on three sides, one end being placed against the wall. These desks extend into the room from the walls on three sides, the fourth wall being

left clear for easy access and egress to the other apartments; and they are planned to display conveniently about two hundred newspapers. The desks are of chestnut, varnished, but not painted - a material which has recently come into use for desks, bank counters, &c., and is much admired for its neatness and elegant finish. They are supported on an ornamental iron stand, designed and manufactured by Chase Brothers; they are of a suitable height to stand at and read, and are furnished, also, with high stools for those who are disposed to sit. Each desk is numbered, and a Directory is placed in a conspicuous locality, showing a classified list of the newspapers received, and the number of the desk where each may be found. The ceiling of this room is divided into three panels; and in the central one is an oval skylight of ground and stained glass, in the centre of which is a representation of the seal of the Association.

Over the passage way from the Reading Rnom to the Periodical Room, which is eleven feet wide and fourteen feet high, is an elegant clock, with two dials, and incased in white marble, which was manufactured by Howard & Davis, and presented to the Association by its efficient and worthy President, Mr. Carlos Pierce. Standing opposite this entrance, the beholder has an uninterrupted perspective through various rooms, of two hundred and seventeen feet.

The Periodical Room is thirty-two feet in length, by twenty feet six inches in width. The periodicals are arranged on narrow tables against the walls, and comfortable chairs are provided for the accommodation of readers. Passing through a second arched passage way of similar dimensions as the first, we enter the Conversation Room, which is twenty-seven feet seven inches in length, and twenty feet six inches in width. At the lower end of this room, a portion of its area is separated from the remainder by an iron railing, for the convenience of those who may be applying for books at the Library, which is located in the next room. Beneath a third arched passage way, similar to the two others we have alluded to, is situated the Librarian's desk; and two smaller side doorways are appropriated, one to an entrance for officers into the Library, and the other to a counter, on which is a book containing the charter, and by laws, to which every person who joins the Association is required to subscribe.

The Library Room is seventy-five feet four inches long, by twenty feet six inches wide, and is lighted by three skylights in the ceiling and two side windows. The books are arranged on the walls and on twenty-two alcoves extending from the walls on both sides, leaving a clear passage through the centre of six feet in width. The shelving has been so contrived that any book can be reached by a person of ordinary height, without the aid of stairs, ladders or

other such inconvenient appliances. The room in its present condition will contain twenty-five thousand volumes and its capacity for books can readily be doubled, if occasion should require it, by a second story of shelves, to which access could be had by means of a circular iron stairway and light gallery.

The Library, Conversation and Periodical Rooms are all finished eighteen feet in height.

Passing through the Library, we come to the Directors' room, eleven feet square, and the Librarian's private room, of the same dimensions, in which is a large brick fire-proof vault, for the safe preservation of the records and other valuables belonging to the Association. Over these two rooms is an apartment for storage, twelve by twenty-one feet.

The Hall for literary exercises and general meetings of the members, is fifty-four feet nine inches long, and fiftytwo feet three inches broad, exclusive of a receding platform, nineteen feet wide by eleven feet deep. The Hall is capable of accommodating nearly six hundred persons; its ceiling is finished in elaborate panel work, and ample arrangements have been made for ventilation. On both sides of the platform are anterooms, sixteen feet long by ten feet wide, and from each of the anterooms, doors open into the Library, the Hall, and upon the platform. Connected with these are private retiring rooms, with every convenience that adapts the Hall for public concerts, readings, and other like entertainments. The main entrance to the Hall is from Summer Street, by a broad and independent passage-way from the top of the staircase, which renders it unnecessary for persons to pass through the other rooms in order to enter the Hall. There is another entrance to the Hall from Hawley street; it can also be entered from the Library and from the Conversation Room. By the passageway just alluded to, ladies and others who come to the Library for books, and do not wish to pass through the Reading and Periodical Rooms, can reach the Librarian's desk.

The entire premises are heated by steam conveyed in pipes attached to the walls of each room near the floor; and the pipes are so arranged that the heat of each room can be properly regulated without regard to the other rooms. One of Ashcroft's steam ganges, placed in a convenient position for observation, indicates at all times whether the furnaces are properly attended to by those having charge of them in the lower apartments.

The arrangements for lighting the rooms are very admirable, skylights having been introduced wherever the Committee deemed the side windows to be insufficient. In the evening the Hall is lighted by four large chandeliers, over each of which is a ventilator communicating with a chamber that has an opening through the roof. The gas

fixtures in the Library are so arranged that no part of any alcove will be in shadow; the Conversation and Periodical Rooms are each lighted by a chandelier, and in the Reading Room every desk has its own gas fixture.

The Committee of the Association, under whose direction these rooms have been finished and furnished, are Messrs. Carlos Pierce, William A. Walker, James A. Woolson and Thomas J. Lee.

The Mercantile Library Association of Boston — the senior of all similar institutions in the other commercial cities of the Union — was founded in 1820, for the intellectual improvement of young men engaged in mercantile pursuits. Its principal growth has been during the last seven years; its membership now numbers two thousand, and is rapidly increasing. Among the many institutions founded in this city for intellectual, moral, and social improvement, none are exerting a better influence, or are more firmly established in the confidence and affections of the community, than the Mercantile Library Association. It enrolls among its benefactors the names of the Lawrences, the Appletons, the Perkinses, the Shaws, the Sturgises, and of other Boston merchants, all of which are fragrant with deeds of benevolence.

It has an invested fund of eighteen thousand dollars; and in addition to this, ten thousand dollars have been subscribed by merchants as a building fund, of which three thousand dollars have been paid in.

The spacious and convenient rooms, which we have described, and which the Association is now occupying, must greatly increase, during the coming year, the membership and usefulness of the Institution. Among its facilities for accomplishing the object it has in view may be mentioned the following:—

I. The Reading Room. Here are displayed, in the most convenient and attractive method, all the local news papers of Boston and its vicinity, the principal journals published in each of the New England States, and the leading papers in other States and in all the commercial cities of the Union. The London Times, the Journal des Debats, and other foreign journals, are placed on file immediately on the arrival of every steamer. Nearly two hundred newspapers are regularly received, and the Reading Room is the best in the city.

II. Periodicals. An excellent selection of the current American and Foreign periodicals is arranged in a room devoted exclusively to this purpose.

III. THE LIBRARY. Seventeen thousand volumes of standard and popular works are contained in the Library; and every new publication of merit is added immediately on its first issue. The new and complete catalogue of the Library, prepared on the most approved plan by the present

Librarian, Mr. W. F. Poole, has recently been published, in which a work can readily be found, if either its author, subject, or title is known. Mr. Poole, the accomplished Librarian, is the author of "Poole's Index to Periodical Literature," a work of great merit and utility, which has met with universal favor throughout the whole country. It is the unanimous opinion of those who are acquainted with this Library, that, for the purpose for which it is used, there is no better Library of its size in the country.

IV. LECTURES. A course of Lectures is delivered before the Association each winter, by the most talented speakers that money or influence can procure. Tickets admitting a gentleman and lady, are sold only to members. The popularity of these lectures has been so great that, although delivered in the largest hall in the city, it has been found necessary on several occasions within a few years, to establish two courses in order to accommodate all the applicants for tickets.

V. Classes. The government make arrangements by which the most accomplished teachers in the city, in the various departments of study, receive members of the Association as pupils on terms greatly reduced from the usual rates. Messrs. Hanaford & Payson, who occupy an elegant and commodious suit of rooms on the same floor, are the exclusive teachers of the Association in Penmanship, Bookkeeping, Navigation, and the higher Mathematics. Among the other branches taught are French, German, Italian, Spanish, and the ancient languages; elocution, horsemanship and gymnastics.

VI. LITERARY EXERCISES. During the winter, and a portion of the autumn and spring months, literary exercises are held on every Tuesday evening, in the hall of the Association, consisting alternately of debate, declamation, and composition, in which all members have the privilege of participating.

Any person who is more than fourteen years of age, may become a member by subscribing to the by-laws, and paying two dollars, his first year's assessment, in advance.

THE MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

This institution has rooms in the granite building in Tremont Street, near the Stone Chapel. The house is owned by the Society.

In 1790, the Rev. Jeremy Belknap and four others agreed to form such an Association. On the 24th of the next January, they and five more were fully organized. Their main object was to collect manuscripts and books to illustrate the history of their own Republic. Their beginning was small, but their progress, however gradual, has been successful. At present, the Society have about 7,000 printed volumes

and over 200 volumes of manuscripts. They have had issued from the press, 30 volumes of their Collections. Formerly it was their endeavor, more than now, to gather other relies of the past. Of these, the three following are selected.



This is the memento of a worthy pilgrim. It was owned by John Carver, who was among the most valuable men that left England and emigrated to Holland, for the conscientious enjoyment of their religion. He was a prominent member of John Robinson's Church in Leyden. He took an active part in obtaining the Patent, under which the settlers of New Plymouth eame over. When these were intending to land and dwell on Cape Cod, his name headed the subscribers to the constitution, which they adopted for their civil government. They unanimously chose him as their first chief magistrate. As the guide of so small a commonwealth, surrounded by imminent perils, and especially by that of being destroyed by the adjacent natives, whose wrongs from some of the white race filled them with a thirst for revenge upon the whole of them within their reach, he and his associates felt the need of arms to protect themselves and families. Hence the reason why his sturdy blade was not beat into a plough-share, but was worn by him as an instrument of defence. While ready to use it as he thought obligation might require, he was summoned, April, 1621, to enter on eternal realities, and as we trust, on the reward of a faithful steward.

The desk delineated in this cut was long used by the successive speakers of the Representatives of Massachusetts, in the old State House. It continued to be so employed till the new edifice of this name was prepared for the legislature, whose first session in the latter was January 11, 1798. The desk was then laid aside, as too antiquated for modern Speaker's desk, and Winslow's chair



taste. But, well for its preservation, members of the Historical Society had an eye of favor towards it, for the fulness of its past usefulness. They obtained it, and ever since it has held an honorable place. Were it endowed with speech, what thrilling tones of eloquence and what interesting facts could it repeat relative to the unwritten and forgotten proceedings of our colonial and provincial legis-

The second article is a large oak chair, fitted for the patriarchal table around which it was often placed. When our eyes behold it, we think of the many, once buoyant with the hopes of life, who rested upon it when fatigued, and were cheerfully refreshed from the hospitable board, and took part in the varied topics of social conversation, but who, long since, have gone the way of all the earth. Among these, was its worthy proprietor, Edward Winslow. The tradition is, that, made in London in 1614, it was brought over by him in the May-Flower among the effects of the first emigrants to New Plymouth. After having sustained the highest offices of the colony with honor to himself and usefulness to others, he died May 8th, 1655, aged 61, in the service of the crown, as commissioner to superintend an expedition of the English against the Spanish West Indies. The chair and desk are now in a good state of preservation, and are well worthy the attention of the antiquary.



Philip's Samp-pan.

This article of Indian antiquity awakens within us trains of thought which partake more of sadness than gaiety. It carries us to the royal wigwam at Mount Hope, in Rhode Island, introduces us to the family of its owner, busily occupied in satisfy-

ing their appetite with the corn and beans which it often presented as the products of their own culture and preparation. Around it, the joys of domestic intercourse, the expressions of affectionate hearts between children and parents, the gratulations of relatives and friends, abounded. But the crisis came, and the whole scene was converted to utter desolation. The proprietor of such a relic was Philip, the Sachem of Pokanoket, the youngest son of Massasoit. He succeeded his brother, Alexander, 1657, renewed friendship with the English, 1662, and began a desolating warfare with them, 1675. His principal object appears to have been to arrest the progress of Christianity among his own people and other tribes, and thus prevent assimilation to the principles and civilization of their European neighbors, and, as he feared, their final extinction. After the exhibition of much physical and intellectual power, he was compelled to flee before the superior discipline of his opponents. He took refuge in secret places around his home. He was discovered, and shot in a swamp, August 12th, 1676. His head was cut off, placed on a pole, and shown publicly at Plymouth, as the punishment of a traitor.

A recent Boston paper has the following: -

"We have before us a handsome volume of 412 pages, embracing a selection from the recent proceedings of the

Massachusetts Historical Society, and forming another of the rich contributions of the society to the Historical literature of the country. The work begins with the annual meeting of 1855, and concludes with the final proceedings of the year 1857-8, thus containing a complete account of the donations of the Appleton and Sears fund; of the Dowse library and fund; of the Belknap collection of books, manuscripts, &c.; of the recovery and publication of the Bradford manuscript; of the purchase of the building occupied by the Society; of the amendment of its charter; and of the adoption of the new code of by-laws.

"Among the papers of permanent interest preserved in this volume, aside from the regular proceedings of the Society, are the memoir of Samuel Appleton by Rev. S. K. Lothrop, memoir of Hon. Abbot Lawrence by Hon. Nathan Appleton, the paper contributed by Hon. Emory Washburn on the extinction of slavery in Massachusetts, Frothingham's memoir of William Parsons Lunt, D.D., Everett's eulogy on Thomas Dowse, and numerous others which have been read before the society. The publication of the record of proceedings in this form is an excellent index to the valuable manuscripts in the possession of the Society.

"The Massachusetts Historical Society, thanks to the liberal bequest of the late Samuel Appleton, is now in a position to greatly increase its usefulness. This fund will hereafter allow the society to publish annually a handsome volume from original manuscripts of permanent interest, as well as a volume of proceedings, another of which is now in press."

BOSTON SOCIETY OF NATURAL HISTORY.

The rooms of the Boston Society of Natural History are in the brick building adjoining the Boston Theatre, in Mason Street. They are nine in number. One of them is occupied by the librarian, and each of the others by objects

of interest in the different departments of natural history All who desire have free access to the cabinet every Wednesday; and strangers in the city, who cannot conveniently visit it on that day, can obtain admission at any time by application to an officer of the society. The main room, which is entered from the first floor, contains skeletons of different animals from all parts of the world, from that of the huge mastodon to the slender bones of the sprightly squirrel. In an ante-room are cases filled with rare specimens of geology and mineralogy. Around the main room is a light iron balcony, giving access to the glass eases, which are likewise filled with things strange and wonderful from all parts of the known world. Here are skulls and mummies, fishes and serpents, fossil remains and foot marks of those huge animals that walked, or birds that flew, before Adam arose from kindred earth. Ascending to the next story, we enter a room nearly filled with every variety of birds, from the albatross to the minute humming bird, while in the centre are long cases filled with eggs of the different species, and many kinds of nests. One of the anterooms is filled with shells, seemingly in endless variety, while specimens of moss, sponges, corals, and equatic plants enliven the collection with their singular beauty. Another anteroom is filled with fishes. In yet another room the various members of the serpent family are preserved.

The library belonging to the Massachusetts Society of Natural History contains several thousand volumes and a number of valuable manuscripts. The society hold monthly meetings, and several of their proceedings have been published. The institution now owns the building which was formerly occupied by the Massachusetts Medical College; but the building has been remodled, to adapt it to its present purposes. The whole estate cost about thirty thousand dollars, which was obtained by subscription from the liberal citizens of Boston.

THE MILITARY.

The First Division of Massachusetts Volunteer Militia comprises all the troops of this city, together with those in the counties of Norfolk, Plymouth, Bristol, Barnstable, Nantucket and Dukes, and is under command of Major General Samuel Andrews, of Roxbury.

DIVISION STAFF.—Lieut. Col. P. Stearns Davis, Division Inspector. Majors Henry C. Brooks, W. W. Clapp, Jr., Aides-de-Camp. Major Thornton K. Lothrop, Judge Advo-

cate. Major John R. Hall, Engineer. Major William Baker, Jr., Quarter-Master.

The troops organized within the City are the Divisionary Corps of Cadets and the First Brigade.

DIVISIONARY CORPS OF CADETS.

Lieut. Col. Christopher C. Holmes, Commanding. Major T. P. Rich, Lieut. Major A. Chas. Baldwin, Ensign

THE STAFF. — Capt. John Jeffrics, Jr., Adjutant. Lieut. M. W. Weld, Quarter-Master. Ezra Palmer, Surgeon.

This Corps is organized to drill as a Battalion, and has the following Company Officers: Joseph M. Churchill, William A. Bangs, Thomas C. A. Dexter, Charles R. Codman, Samuel M. Quincy, and Russell Sturgis, Jr., each with ratk of first Lieutenant.

FIRST BRIGADE.

Brigadier General, Wm. W. Bullock, of Cambridge.

THE STAFF. — Axel Dearborn, Brigade Major and Inspector. Capt. John Moran, Quarter-Master. Capt. Alvin Adams, Jr., Engineer. Capt. Solon Fisher, Aide-de-Camp.

This Brigade includes the Company of Light Artillery; the First Battalion of Light Dragoons; the Second Regiment of Infantry; and the Second Battalion of Infantry, composed and officered as follows:—

CORPS OF LIGHT ARTILLERY.

Major Ormand F. Nims, Commanding.
The Staff. — Dexter H. Follett, Adjutant. John P. Ordway, Surgeon.

FIRST BATTALION OF LIGHT DRAGOONS.

Major William F. White, Commanding.

THE STAFF. — Charles W. Wilder, Adjutant. Jonas C.
Gipson, Quarter-Master. Moses C. Greene, Surgeon.

The Companies of this Battalion are -

Company A, Capt. John H. Fellows; Company B, Capt. Thomas J. Pierce.

SECOND REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

FIELD OFFICERS.— Robert Cowdin, Colonel. Isaac S. Burrell, Lieut. Colonel. Joseph H. Chadwick, Major.

THE STAFF. — George W. Beach, Adjutant. Sidney A. Stetson, Quarter-Master. J. Henry Sleeper, Paymaster.

Samuel A. Green, Surgeon. J. Theodore Heard, Surgeon's Mate. Thomas B. Thayer, Chaplain.

The Companies of this Regiment are -

A - Boston Phalanx, Capt. Edwin L. Bird.

B - Union Guards, Capt. Edward Pearl.

C-Washington Guards, Capt. Walter S. Sampson.

D-Roxbury Artillery, Capt. Thos. L. D. Perkins.

F — National Guard, Capt. John W. Hyde.
G — Boston Fusiliers, Capt. Henry A. Snow.

I — Pulaski Guards, Capt. Clark B. Baldwin.

THE SECOND BATTALION OF INFANTRY.

______, Major. T. Bigelow Lawrence, Adjutant. ______, Quarter-Master. Charles E. Buckingham, Surgeon.

The Companies of this Battalion are —

A - Captain Ralph W. Newton, of Roxbury.

B — Captain Harrison Ritchie, of Boston.

The following Military Company, consisting mainly of Officers of other corps of Militia, exists in this city: —

ANCIENT AND HONORABLE ARTILLERY COMPANY.

Officers chosen, June, 1860.

Maj. Gen. John S. Tyler, Captain. Lieut. Edwin C. Bailey, 1st Lieut. George D. Wells, Esq., 2d Lieut. Major Samuel G. Adams, Adjutant. Capt. George H. Peirson, 1st Sergeant. Loring L. Fuller, Esq., 2d Sergeant. F. Peabody, Jr., Esq., 3d Sergeant. Lieut. Horatio N. Crane, 4th Sergeant. William P. Lee, Esq., 5th Sergeant. Samuel O. Aborn, Esq., 6th Sergeant. Sergeant Melzar Dunbar, 7th Sergeant. Lieut. Samuel N. Neat, 8th Sergeant. Captain John G. Roberts, Treasurer and Paymaster. George H. Allen, Esq., Clerk and Assistant Paymaster. Capt. Charles S. Lambert, Armorer and Quartermaster.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The city is divided into seven Fire Districts, and is supplied with a Fire Alarm Telegraph. The system and present organization is as follows:—

FIRE ALARM TELEGRAPH.

Office, City Building, 21 Court Square.

Joseph B. Stearns, Superintendent.

LIST OF SIGNAL STATIONS.

DISTRICT No. 1.—East and North of Leverett, Green, Court, and State Streets.

Station.

No. 1. - Faneuil Hall.

" 2. — Marshall Street.

" 3. - Richmond Street, east of Hanover.

- " 4.-Eastern Railroad Wharf
- " 5.- Constitution Wharf.
- " 6.-Charter Street, corner Phipps Place.
- " 7.—Cooper Street Church.
- " 8.-Boston and Maine Freight Depot.
- " 9.-Corner Lowel and Causeway Streets.
- " 10.-Corner Leverett and Vernon Streets.
- " 11.—Sudbury, eorner Hawkins Street.
- " 12.-Snowhill, corner Hull Street.

DISTRICT No. 2.— West of Leverett, Green, Court, Tremont, and Boylston Streets.

No. 1.—Church in North Russell Street.

- " 2.-West Cedar, eorner Cambridge Street.
- " 3.—Engine House, 4 River Street.
- " 4.-West Centre, corner Pinckney.
- " 5.—Reservoir, Hancock Street.
- " 6.—Corner Bowdoin and Cambridge Streets.
- " 7.—Albion Hotel.
- " 8 .- Poplar, corner Spring.
- " 9.—111 Beacon Street.

DISTRICT No. 3. — Between THE WATER, Beach, Washington, Boylston, Tremont, Court, and State Streets.

No. 1.—Old South Church.

- " 2.-Corner Broad and Central Streets.
- " 3.-Corner High and Belmont Streets.
- " 4.-No. 21 Purehase Street.
- " 5.-Corner Lincoln and Summer Streets.
- " 6 .- Dr. Cahot's, Winter Street.
- " 7.—Central Office, City Building.
- " 8.-148 Purchase Street.

DISTRICT No. 4.— Between Dover, THE WATER, Beach, Washington, and Boylston Streets.

No. 1.—Old Colony Depot.

- " 2.—Hydrant House, 2 Hudson Street.
- " 3.—Seneca, corner Harrison Avenue.
- " 4.-Indiana Place Church.
- " 5.-Engine House, 12 Warren Street.
- " 6.-Providence Depot.
- " 7.—Boylston Market.
- " 8.-Tremont, opposite Dover Street.

DISTRICT No. 5. - South of Dover Street.

No. 1.—Engine House, Washington, near Dover Street.

- " 2.—Shawmut Avenue, corner Waltham Street.
- " 3.-No. 5 Hydrant, Shawmut Avenue.
- " 4.-Corner Washington and Northampton Streets.
- " 5.-Police Station, East Dedham Street.
- " 6.—Chickering's Factory, Tremont Street.

DISTRICT No. 6. - South Boston.

No. 1.—Corner Broadway and Dorehester Avenue.

- " 2.-No. 2 Engine House, Broadway.
- " 3.-Lyeeum Hall.
- " 4.-Near corner Broadway and Dorchester Street.
- " 5 .- Engine House No. 14, Fourth Street.
- " 6 .- Washington Village.

DISTRICT No. 7. - East Boston.

No. 1.—East Boston Old Ferry.

Chief Engineer, GEORGE W. BIRD. Salary, \$1,200. Office, City Building. Assistant Engineers' Salary, \$250 each

At Large. — Charles C. Henry and William A. Green.

Dist. 1 .- Nathaniel W. Pratt.

- " 2-John S. Damrell.
- " 3.-David C. Meloon.
- " 4.—David Chamberlin.
- " 5.—Zenas E. Smith.
- " 6.-George Brown.
- " 7.—Joseph Dunbar.

GEORGE H. ALLEN, Clerk. Salary, \$800.

Foremen of Companies have a Salary of \$150; Assistant Foremen, Clerks, Stewards, and Leading Hosemen, \$125; Members, \$100; except the Companies in East Boston, in Northampton Street, and at South Boston Point, Foremen of which have \$100; Assistant Foremen, Clerks, Leading Hosemen, and Stewards, \$75; Members, \$60. Each Engine Company has about forty members; Ilook and Ladder twenty-five; Hose twenty.

No.	Name.	Location.
1.	Mazeppa,	Broadway, South Boston.
2.	Perkins,	Broadway, South Boston.
3.	Eagle,	Washington, near Dover.
4.	Cataract,	Foot Mt. Vernon.
E	Dutinguishou	Track

- 5. Extinguisher, East.
- Boston, Commercial.
 Maverick, Paris, East Boston.
 Dunbar, Meridian, East Boston.
- 11. Barnicoat, Court Square.
- 12. Tremont, Warren.
- 13. Webster, Chelsea, East Boston.
- 14. S. R. Spinney, Fourth, South Boston.

HOOK AND LADDER.

- 1. Warren, Friend.
- Washington, Paris, East Boston.
 Franklin, Harrison Avenue.

HYDRANT.

Washington, Salem.

. Union, Hudson.

4. Chester,

Northampton.

5. Suffolk,

Shawmut Avenue.

6. Deluge.

Paris, East Boston.

On the first of January, 1859, two Steam Fire Engines were added to the force of the Fire Department, in place of Nos. 6 and 7, whose companies were discharged on that day. Steam Fire Engine Eclipse, is located in Wall Street, and is managed by seven men and two horses, Moses B. Bell, Engineer. Steam Fire Engine, LAWRENCE, is located in Purchase Street, and is managed by seven men and two horses, Thomas Scott, Engineer.

Two additional Steam Fire Engines are soon to be added to the Fire Department.

The following descriptions of the Fire systems of London and St. Petersburg will be of interest in this connection.

(From the Boston Journal of May 19, 1859.)

THE LONDON FIRE BRIGADE.

A few days since Capt. George W. Bird, Chief Engineer of the Boston Fire Department, and Mr. George H. Allen, Secretary of the Board of Engineers, received from James Braidwood, Esq., Superintendent of the London Fire Brigade and Institution of Civil Engineers, a lengthy letter, accompanied by several documents relative to the Fire Brigade of that city—its management, efficiency, mode of operation, &c.—from which we gather the following facts, which may prove interesting to the firemen of this country, and at the same time give the public a correct idea of the management of fires in the great city of London, and aid the authorities of our own and other cities in forming a judgment whether or not they are behind the age in affording the means for the prompt extinguishment of fires:—

The population of London is stated at between 2,500,000 and 3,000,000 souls. The London Fire Brigade is composed of 1 superintendent; 4 foremen, each being appointed to a district, consisting of a fourth part of London, which he never leaves except on some pressing emergency, and who, in the absence of the superintendent, has the sole command of all engines or firemen within, or who may come within, his district; 12 engineers, each at 28 shillings (\$7) per week, and free house; 9 sub-engineers, each at 26 shillings (\$6 50) per week; 40 senior firemen, each at 24 shillings 6 pence (\$6 12) per week; 38 junior firemen,

each at 21 shillings (\$5 25) per week; and 14 drivers, making a total of 118 men and 31 horses. All these live at the several stations, and besides their board being furnished, they are clothed by the committee, and are always ready when their services are required; 4 extra firemen, 3 extra drivers, and 6 extra horses (the extra men live at the stations, and are clothed by the committee, but are only paid when required for duty, and at other times pursue their usual avocations); 27 large engines drawn by horses; 9 small engines drawn by horses; 2 floating engines worked by steam—one 40 and the other 80 nominal horse power; 28 hand pumps, one being carried in each engine. Thus it will be seen that the whole number of active members of the Fire Brigade is but one hundred and twenty-five men.

When an engine is sent to a fire, only four men and one driver are sent with it—the brakes being worked by the bystanders, who are paid one shilling for the first, and sixpence for each successive hour, besides being supplied with refreshments. Upwards of 600 bystanders have been thus employed at one time.

The principal fire engines are entirely in the hands of the insurance companies, and the principal protection London has against fire is entirely voluntary on the part of the insurance companies, there being no law to control or sustain the Brigade, and, with the exception of some fifteen or twenty, the parish engines are comparatively uscless at a serious fire.

The greatest possible assistance is given to the firemen by the police (nearly 7000 in number), in keeping back the erowd, &c. Each officer who discovers a fire, without his attention being ealled to it by any one, receives ten shillings (\$2 50) from the Brigade; so that there are upwards of 4000 men watching for fires throughout each night.

Floating steam engines have been in use on the river Thames for some considerable time past, and the principal difficulty in applying steam fire engines to the streets is the want of water, which is supplied to the inhabitants of London by eight or ten different water companies. The firemen consider themselves pretty well off when only four or five engines are required, but when ten or twelve are at work the supply is short.

The only ladders used are what is termed "the scaling ladder," which can be raised, at the most, to a height of only about forty feet, and when a fire occurs at about that height from the ground, it is generally attacked from the roofs of adjoining buildings, or by playing water from the ground.

Many of the implements used by the London Fire Brigade are entirely different from those in use in this country, while some of them are very similar. One of the principal

implements for the protection and saving of human life, is what is termed the "Fire Escape." The simplest and most complete implement consists of a main ladder thirty-two feet in length, fitted on the under side with a canvas trough, in which persons may slide with ease and safety from a window to the ground; to this ladder, and within eleven feet of the top is joined a second ladder, twenty-two feet in length, which is raised by a rope and lever on each side. A detached ladder, sixteen feet in length, is carried under the main ladder, and is found useful for first floor windows. The whole is mounted on a light carriage, and can be moved anywhere by two men.

Another "Fire Escape" in use, consists of seven lengths of scaling ladders, each six feet six inches in length, having wrought iron sockets fitting universally, by which any number of lengths may be immediately jointed to form a ladder the required height—the top ladder being fitted with two rollers to assist in raising it against a wall. A strong leather belt, a canvas bag large enough to contain a grown person, and a long stont line are also provided. This "escape" is also furnished with a strong "canvas jumping sheet," made with hand holes all round, into which, when securely held by from eight to twelve men, individuals may jump from any window with perfect safety.

The men arriving with the first large engine at a fire, each receive not exceeding thirty shillings (\$7.50); those with the second, each not exceeding twenty shillings (\$5), and those with the third, not exceeding ten shillings (\$2.50) each. These rewards average about two shillings and six pence to each fireman in the Brigade, which they receive from the local authorities, independent of the wages before stated. In cases of alarms from burning chimneys, these rewards are payable by the occupants of the premises in which such chimney stands.

The whole number of fires in London during the year 1858 was 1114, in addition to which there were 94 false alarms, and 112 alarms from burning chimneys, making a total of 1320 alarms, and being an average of nearly four alarms each day. Of these, but 32 buildings were totally destroyed, 385 were considerably damaged, and 697 were but slightly damaged. Of the 32 totally destroyed, 14 were from two to ten miles distant from the nearest station—13 were the workshops of carpenters and other dangerous places—3 fell down more from old age than the effects of fire—and of the remaining two, one was destroyed by an explosion of saltpetre, and the other by improdence in breaking open the shop front before the arrival of engines.

The entire expenses of the Fire Brigade for the year 1858 amounted to £19,506 15s. 6d., or less than \$98,000.

The expenses of the Boston Fire Department for the last year was \$109,000.

(Correspondence of the Springfield Republican.)

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT OF ST. PETERS-BURG.

A remarkable institution of St. Petersburg is the fire department, and one of the most farcical entertainments to be met with is the sight of a company, with its apparatus, going to a fire, and its management when arrived there. In the first place comes a herald on horseback and in uniform, dashing down the street at a full run, to announce the approach of the captain of the company. From an eighth to a quarter of a mile behind follows the captain himself, elad in full military dress, including a long sword and white kid gloves, and seated in a barouche drawn by three horses abreast, going at the top of their speed. Next comes a short platform wagon, also drawn by three horses, on the top of which stand half a dozen men and an engine, made precisely like a common garden pump, but having two and a half times the power of that worthy little machine. Behind these will usually be seen another wagon, carrying, in addition to fifty feet in length of two inch hose, as many soldiers in great coats and hemlets as can well pile on to it, and then four or five other double teams, carrying each one man, besides the driver, and a small-sized barrel lying flatwise and having a square hole in its top, for convenience of filling it by means of buckets.

A standing reward of about fifteen dollars to the company which first reaches a fire, causes the drivers to whip the horses into a furious eanter, and as the train dashes along the street, exciting the pride, admiration and awe of the untraveled natives, the whole sight is so Indierous that a spectator, who happens to have seen the fire brigades of other cities, can with difficulty repress such noisy laughter as puts him in danger of going to the lock-up for hoisterous behavior.

Once arrived at the fire, with melting horses and empty water casks, all interest in the burning appears to cease. The captain, in his earriage, takes up a position which affords the best view of the flames, while the men go deliberately about unbending the fifty feet of hose with its threeeighths of an inch nozzle, and, after everything has been arranged with military precision, the water easks are ordered off to the river to be filled. When one of these returns, it is connected with the pump, the brakes of which are set in motion at the rate of twenty strokes per minute (by actual timing of the watch), while the man holding the nozzle of the discharge looks out for some elevated position, from which he can throw water into the chamber windows, and if he fails to secure a convenient berth upon a pile of dry goods boxes or a cart's tail, the probability is that you will see him in the course of ten minutes in the second story of a neighboring house, with his hose passing upon the outside, and playing from the windows of one into the other. This plan works to the satisfaction of all concerned while the barrel of water holds out, but after awhile the "machine" begins to "suck air," and then comes a loud hurrah and cessation of operations till another cask can be backed up and attached to the suction of the Torrent, the Niagara, or the Cataract, or engine of whatever aspiring name happened to be imposed at its christening.

Of course, such apparatus and management as I have described can produce no effect upon the flames until after a building is burned out, and the fire becomes concentrated on the ground floor, when, if the house be narrow, the engines will play across horizontally, and most likely effect a small saving of charcoal. The walls of brick houses, being on an averge three feet thick, never fall down. I had noticed that while a portion of the men were toying with the pumps and water easks, another set went wildly to work, smashing all the windows and chopping holes in the roofs, while yet others rushed on in advance of the flames, pitching sofas, tables and pier glasses out of the second and third story windows on the pavements, the fall, of course, dashing everything in pieces. Such conduct in countries of older eivilization is usually esteemed the work of men laboring under the effects of temporary insanity, but after seeing it practised by regularly drilled firemen, whose

interest in saving property or even their own lives would never lead to any spontaneous action of that kind, I came to the conclusion there must be some philosophy at the bottom of it; an idea in which I was confirmed by careful inquiry of an intelligent Russian. According to h.s. account, the furniture of a burning house is thrown out solely with a view to prevent its feeding the flames, and full vent is given to the flames, by creating a draft through the windows and roof, in order that they may consume the timber work as soon as possible, and thus prevent the greater damage that would result to the walls from a confined and slower combustion.

But the Russians do not rely altogether upon the fire department. It is eustomary to invoke supernatural aid. As soon as convenient after a fire has broken out, ail the priests in the neighborhood assemble and march in solemn procession around the flames, bearing pictures of the saints and other insignia of office, and uttering prayers in the Sclavonie tongue. Great interest is felt, by residents of the vicinity, in the route which they take, because it is believed that the flames will not spread beyond it; but I am not aware that the priests themselves are at all particular on the subject, except to avoid intense heat, and follow on such streets and open spaces as are broad enough to make it tolerably certain the flames will not reach beyond them.

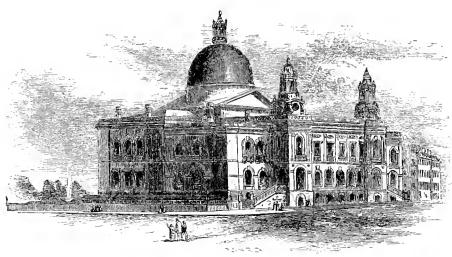
PUBLIC BUILDINGS, HOSPITALS, ASYLUMS, PENAL INSTITUTIONS, ETC.

THE STATE HOUSE.

This elegant and spacious edifice, situated in Boston, on elevated ground adjoining the Common, and near the centre of this ancient and flourishing city, was erected in 1795. The eorner-stone was laid on the fourth of July, by the venerable and patriotic Samuel Adams, then Chief Magistrate of Massachusetts (assisted by Paul Revere, Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons). He succeeded Governor Hancock, who died in October, 1793. Governor Adams made a short address on the oceasion of laying the eorner-stone, and said, "he trusted that within its walls liberty and the rights of man would be forever advocated and supported." The lot was purchased by the town of Boston of the heirs of Governor Hancock, for which the sum of £4,000 was paid. The building was not finished and occupied by the Legislature till January, 1798; when the members of

the General Court walked in procession from the Old State House at the head of State Street, and the new edifice for the government was dedicated by solemn prayer to Almighty God

The corner-stone of the present Capitol was brought to the spot by fifteen white borses, at that time the number of States in the Union. The building is seen at a great distance in all directions, and is the principal object visible when the city is first seen by those who visit it. The form is oblong, being one hundred and seventy-three feet in front, and sixty-one feet deep, or at the end. The height of the building, including the dome, is one hundred and ten feet; and the foundation is about that height above the level of the water of the bay. It consists externally of a basement story twenty feet high, and a principal story thirty feet high. This, in the centre of the front, is covered with an attic sixty feet wide, and twenty feet high, which is



THE STATE HOUSE (North View.)

covered with a pediment. Immediately above arises the dome, fifty feet in diameter, and thirty in height; the whole terminating with an elegant circular lantern, which supports a pine cone. The basement story is finished in a plain style on the wings, with square windows. The centre is ninety-four feet in length, and formed of arches which project fourteen feet, and make a covered walk below, and support a colonnade of Corinthian columns of the same extent above.

The largest room is in the centre, and in the second story; it is the Representatives' Chamber; and will accommodate five hundred members; and sometimes they have been more numerous. The Senate Chamber is also in the second story and at the east end of the building, being sixty feet by fifty. At the west is a large room for the meetings of the Governor and the Executive Council, with a convenient ante-chamber.

The building cost \$133,333.33, a sum indicating the pound, shilling and pence currency of that period. The cost of the alterations and repairs since then has probably exceeded that sum. Several attempts have been made to enlarge and remove the Capitol, without success; but on the 20th of May, 1852, a resolve was approved, providing for the appointment of a committee to procure plans and estimates for a fire-proof building to be erected in rear of the State House. That committee consisted of one member of the Senate, Edward L. Keyes, and two members of the House of Representatives, S. S. Perkins and P. W. Taft; who, at the next tession of the Legislature, submitted a report, accompanied by three plans, designed chiefly by them, and drawn by Messrs. Towle & Foster, architects. The

plans were consistent with each other, the most extensive comprehending the lesser, The Legislature adopted the most extensive one of the three, and appropriated the sum of sixty-five thousand dollars to carry it into execution. Charles H. Warren, A. W. Thaxter, Jr., and Samuel K. Hutchinson were appointed Commissioners to superintend the work of enlargement, and G. J. F. Bryant, architect. The Commissioners saw fit to change somewhat the plan of the exterior, as adopted by the Legislature, and to adopt a more costly style of building than was contemplated, and at the session of 1854, a further appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars was passed, making the sum of one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars, which is more by thirty thousand, than the first cost of the original building. The design of the enlargement was to obtain additional fire-proof room for the safety and security of the archives of the State; a library room sufficiently large and commodious to satisfy the wants of the present and future; additional accommodations for the several departments of the Government, including the agricultural bureau recently established. The plan adopted comprised ante, or Committee, rooms for the use of the Senate and Council, and Committee rooms for the general use of the Legislature. The dimensions of the Library are as follows: length 88 feet, width 37 feet, height 361 feet. It is fitted with galleries and alcoves, which will afford abundant space for the accommulations of many future years. The basement and fire-proof rooms beneath the library are of the same dimensions as the latter, with the exception of the height, and they will be sufficient to accommodate the agricultural department, and to afford room and security for the public archives. All the designs

of the plan, so far as providing accommodations are concerned, are fully carried out in the structure, which is completely fire-proof, and built in the most substantial and massive style. The wall of the basement story is of "rusticated dressed granite," and the others of brick. A large amount of iron is used in the structure, which gives it an air of grandeur and solidity. The form of the building, with the enlargement, and the style of the architecture, may be seen in the engraved representation.

The lot on which the State-House was built was conveyed to the Commonwealth by the town of Boston, on the 2d day of May, 1795. The Commissioners on the part of Boston to make this conveyance were William Tudor, Chas. Jarvis, John Coffin Jones, William Eustis, William Little, Thomas Dawes, Joseph Russell, Harrison Gray Otis, and Perez Morton. The ground is termed in the deed, the Governor's Pasture, or Governor Hancock's Pasture; and the dimensions were stated as follows:—Running eastwardly on Beacon Street, 543 feet 3 inches; thence northwardly, up a passage way to the summit, 249 feet; thence westwardly, to the northern corner of the lot, 235 feet 3 inches; thence to the first corner, 371 feet.

The purchase money was "four thousand pounds lawful money." The Commissioners or agents for the erection of the new State-House were named in the deed, viz.: Thos. Dawes, Edward Hutchinson Robinson, and Chas. Bulfinch.

Large sums have been expended in repairs on the State-House, both within and without, since it was erected, and in improving the grounds and fences about it; and it is now in a condition of great neatness and elegance.

On the 12th of June, 1827, the Legislature adopted a resolution "that permission be hereby given to the trustees of the Washington Monument Association to erect, at their own expense, a suitable building on the north front of the State-House, for the reception and permanent location of the Statue of Washington, by Chantrey."

The building was erected, and the trustees passed a vote as follows: "The Trustees of said Association do confide and intrust as well the said edifice, erected at their expense, as the noble statue, the work of the first artist in Europe, to the care and patriotism of the government of the State of Massachusetts, for the use and benefit of the people of said State to all future generations."



In pursuance of which, a resolve was passed on the 9th of January, 1828, "That the Legislature of this Commonwealth accepts the Statue of Washington upon the terms and conditions on which it is offered by the Trustecs of the Washington Monument Association; and entertains a just sense of the patriotic feeling of those individuals, who have done honor to the State by placing in it a statue of the man whose life was among the greatest of his country's blessings, and whose fame is her proudest inheritance."

This statue was procured by private subscription, and was placed in the State-House in the year 1828.

The costume is a military cloak, which displays the figure to advantage. The effect is imposing and good; but, instead of confining himself to a close delineation of features, the sculptor, like Canova, has allowed some latitude to his genius in expressing his idea of the character of the subject.

Several guns may be noticed standing near the statue. These pieces possess no historic interest, beyond that comprised in the following inscription, placed upon two of them, which were formerly possessed by the Concord Company, and afterwards exchanged by the State:—

"The Legislature of Massachusetts consecrate the names of Major John Buttrick and Capt. Isaac Davis, whose valour and example excited their fellow citizens to a successful resistance of a superior number of British troops at Concord Bridge, the 19th of April, 1775; which was the beginning of a contest in arms that ended in American Independence."

The statue of Webster by Powers occupies a conspicuous position in front of the State House. This statue has also been erected by means of private subscriptions.

The Massachusetts State Cabinet, under the charge of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, presents many interesting specimens, and is rapidly increasing. The collection of rocks, minerals, and fossils, was obtained during the Geological Surveys of Massachusetts, between the years 1830 and 1840, by Dr. Edward Hitchcock, State Geologist. Later additions have been made, and the entire collection has been re-arranged and re-labelled by him. Specimens of birds, animals, insects, and shells, have been carefully prepared and arranged, and an Aquarium commenced. Catalogues exhibit the collection in its various details. The Agricultural Library probably contains as perfect a collection as any other similar library in the country.

The view from the top of the State House is very extensive and variegated; perhaps, nothing in the country is superior to it. To the east, appears the bay and harbor of Boston, interspersed with beautiful islands; and in the distance beyond, the wide extended ocean. To the north, the eye is met by Charlestown, with its interesting and memorable heights, and the Navy Yard of the United States; the towns of Chelsea, Malden, and Medford, and other

villages, and the natural forests mingling in the distant horizon. To the west, is a fine view of the Charles River and a bay, the ancient town of Cambridge, rendered venerable for the University, now above two hundred years old; of the flourishing villages of Cambridgeport and East Cambridge, in the latter of which is a large glass manufacturing establishment of the highly cultivated towns of Brighton, Brookline, and Newton; and to the south, is Roxbury, which seems to be only a continuation of Boston, and which is rapidly increasing; Dorchester, a fine, rich, agricultural town, with Milton and Quincy beyond; and still farther south, the Blue Hills, at the distance of eight or nine miles, which seem to bound the prospect. The Common, stretching and spreading in front of the Capitol, with its numerous walks and flourishing trees, where "the rieh and the poor meet together," and the humblest have the proud consciousness that they are free, adds greatly to the whole scene.

Near the Capitol, on the west, is the mansion house of the eminent patriot, the late John Hancock, now exhibiting quite an ancient appearance; and on the east, about the same distance, was, until recently, situated the dwelling of the late James Bowdoin, another patriot of the Revolution, a distinguished scholar and philosopher; and who, by his firmness, in the critical period of 1786, contributed most efficiently to the preservation of order and tranquility in the Commonwealth.



THE HANCOCK HOUSE, BEACON STREET.

The annexed engraving exhibits a view of the mansion house of John Hancock, the celebrated Governor of that name, and whose bold and manly signature is so much admired on the charter of our liberties.

It is situated on the elevated ground in Beacon Street, fronting towards the south. The principal building is of

hewn stone, "finished, not altogether in the modern style, nor yet in the ancient Gothic taste." It is raised twelve or thirteen feet above the street; and the ascent is through a garden, bordered with flowers and small trees. Fifty-six feet in breadth, the front terminates in two lofty stories. While occupied by Governor Hancock, the east wing formed a spacious hall; and the west wing was appropriated to domestic purposes, - the whole embracing, with the stables, coach-house, and other offices, an extent of 220 feet. In those days, there was a delightful garden behind the mansion, ascending gradually to the high lands in the rear. This spot was also handsomely embellished with glacis, and a variety of excellent fruit trees. From the summer-house might be seen West Boston, Charlestown, and the north part of the town; the Colleges, the bridges of the Charles and Mystic rivers, the ferry of Winnisimmet, and "fine country of that vicinity, to a great extent." The south and west views took in Roxbury, the highlands of Dorchester and Brookline, the blue hills of Milton and Braintree, together with numerous farm-houses, verdant fields, and laughing valleys. Upon the east, the islands of the harbor, "from Castle William to the Light House, engaged the sight by turns, which at last was lost in the ocean, or only bounded by the horizon."

In front of this edifice is an extensive green, called "the Common," containing forty-eight acres, where, in the Governor's time, "an hundred cows daily fed." It was then handsomely railed in, except on the west, where it was washed by the river Charles and the Back Bay. The mall, bordering on the Common the east, is ornamented with a triple row of trees; and "higher the ladies and gentleman resorted in summer, to inhale those refreshing breezes which were wafted over the water." Upon days of election, and public festivity, this ground teemed, as it does now on similar occasions, with multiludes of every description; and here "the different military corps performed," as at the current day, "their stated exercise."

Governor Hancock inherited this estate from his nucle, Thomas Hancock, Esquire, who erected the building in 1737. At that period, the "court part of the town" was at the "north end," and his fellow-citizens marvelled not a little that he should have selected, for a residence, such an unimproved spot as this then was.

In the life-time of that venerable gentleman, the doors of hospitality were opened to the stranger, the poor, and distressed; and annually, on the anniversary of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, he entertained the Governor and Council, and most respectable personages, at his house. The like attentions were shown to the same military body by Governor Hancock, who inherited all the urbanity, generous spirit, and virtues of his nucle.

"In a word, if purity of air, extensive prospects, elegance and convenience united, are allowed to have charms," says one who wrote many years past, "this scat is scarcely exceeded by any in the Union." This statement, however, must be received with some qualification at the present day. The premises are not entirely as they were. It is true, there is the same noble exterior, which the edifice possessed at its erection, nor have any important alterations been made in the interior. The greater part of the flower garden remains in front; nor do we know of a want of pure air, elegance, or convenience in the establishment. But the "stables and coach-house" are not to be found; and the "prospect," though still very beautiful, has been materially abridged by the adjacent buildings.

The garden behind the mansion, glaeis, fruit trees, and summer house have all disappeared. Even "the high lands" beyond have been much reduced, to make room for public avenues and stately dwellings, in that part of the metropolis.

Every Governor of the Commonwealth, from the time of John Hancock to that of the present chief magistrate, has been lodged or entertained, more or less, in that hospitable mansion Indeed, it has a celebrity in all parts of the country; and most strangers, on visiting the capital of New England, endeavor to catch a glimpse of "the Hancock House."

The Legislature of 1859 adopted measures to purchase the estate of the descendants of Governor Hancock.

OLD STATE HOUSE.

STATE STREET.

The Old State House, so called from the time of building the present State House in 1795, was long the place in which the General Court of the Province of Massachusetts was holden. It was also formerly the place of the meetings of the city authorities, and for public offices. It is now occupied for business purposes.

CITY HALL.

This structure fronts on Sehool Street, and also forms a section of Court Square. It is devoted to the principal municipal offices, and meetings of the City Council. The Board of Aldermen meet every Monday afternoon, and the Common Council on Thursday evenings. The Mayor is usually in daily attendance during the forenoon.

The Franklin Statue occupies a prominent position in front of the City Hall, and the grounds are tastefully decorated.



FANEUIL HALL AND FANEUIL HALL MARKET.

FANEUIL HALL.

The History of Faneuil Hall, which has been very properly styled the "Cradle of American Liberty," is intimately connected with that of our country. The original building, commenced in 1740, was the noble gift of Peter Faneuil, Esq., to the town of Boston, for a town hall and market place. The inside woodwork and roof of this building were destroyed by fire on the 13th of January, 1761. It was again repaired in 1763, with some slight alteration in the work, but the size of the building remained the same, two stories high and 100 feet by 40. The enlargement, by which it was extended in width to 80 feet, and a third story added, was proposed by the selectmen, in May, 1805, and

completed in the course of the year. The building has a cnpola, from which there is a fine view of the harbor. The great hall is 76 feet square, and 28 feet high, with galleries of three sides upon Doric columns; the ceiling is supported by two ranges of Ionic columns; the walls enriched with pilasters and the windows with architraves, &c. Platforms under and in the galleries rise amphitheatrically to accommodate spectators, and, from trials already made on various occasions of public interest, it appears favorable for sight and sound.

The west end is decorated by an original full length painting of Washington, by Stuart, presented by Samuel Parkman, Esq., and another painting of the same size, by Col. Henry Sargent, representing Peter Fancuil, Esq., in full length, copied from an original of smaller size. Haly's picture of Webster in reply to Hayne has also been

Above the great hall is another, 78 feet long and 30 wide, devoted to the exercise of the different military eorps of the city, with a number of apartments on each side for depositing the arms and military equipments, where these of the several Independent Companies are arranged and kept in perfect order.

In the annals of the American Continent, there is no one place more distinguished for powerful elequence than Fancuil Hall. That flame which roused a depressed people from want and degradation, arese from the altar of Liberty in Faneuil Hall. The language which made a monarch tremble upon his throne for the safety of his colonies, and which inspired New England with confidence in a cause, both arduous and bold, unprepared and unassisted, against a royal bulwark of hereditary authority, had its origin in Faneuil Hall. Those maxims of political truth which have extended an influence over the habitable globe, and have given rise to new republies where despotism once held a court, glutted with the blood that would be free, were first promulgated in Faneuil Hall. Tyranny, with all its concomitant evils, was first exposed, and the great machine of human wisdom, which was to emancipate man from the rapacious jaws of the British lion, was put in active operation in Faneuil Hall. The story of our country's future greatness, her power, her learning, her magnitude, her final independence, was told prophetically in the same immortal ferm.

FANEUIL HALL MARKET.

Fancuil Hall Market occupies the lower story of Fancuil Hall, and of the building situated at the east end of Faneuil Hall, between two streets ealled North and South Market Streets. North Market Street is 65 feet wide, the South 102 feet, each street having a range of stores four stories high with granite fronts; the range of stores on the north side is 520 feet, and 55 feet deep; on the south 530 feet, and 65 feet deep (an arched evenue in the centre of each range, five feet wide, communicating with the adjoining streets); the facade of which is composed of piers, lintel, and arched windows on the second story. The roofs are slated, and the cellars water-proof. The height and form of the stores were regulated by the conditions of sale. The purchaser was required to erect, within a limited time, a brick store with hammered stone front (granite piers), in strict conformity with a plan drawn by Mr. Alexander Parris.

The first operation for locating and building this spacious

gust, 1824, by staking out the ground for the same, and for the North Market Street; the old buildings standing on the premises having been previously purchased by the city, but not removed.

Shortly after the razing of these buildings, the filling up of the docks, and other work, necessary for clearing the wide area, and preparing for laying the corner-stone of the structure, were simultaneously entered upon, and carried through, to the raising of the splendid dome, without the intervention of a single accident, or occurrence affecting human life.

The corner-stone of this building was laid with much ceremony. The plate deposited beneath it bears the names of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council, Building Committee, and principal Architect, besides the following inscription: - "Faneuil Hall Market, established by the City of Boston. This stone was laid April 17, Anno Domini MDCCCXXV. In the forty-ninth year of American Independence, and in the third of the incorporation of the city. John Quincy Adams, President of the United States. Marcus Morten, Lt. Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The population of the city estimated at 50,000; that of the United States 11,000,000."

In length, it is 586 feet 9 inches; in width, 50 feet, wholly built of granite, having a centre building 741 by 55 feet, prejecting $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet in the north and south fronts. From the centre buildings are wings on each side, 173 by 500 feet, the wing continues from a prejection of 6 inches, 46 feet 3 inches, and 51 feet in width, on each facade of which are 5 antaes, projecting 6 inches, finishing with a portice at each end of the building, projecting 11 feet 71 inches. The portices consist of 4 columns, $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet diameter at base, and 2 feet 10 inches at neek, each shaft in one piece, 20 feet 9 inches long, with a capital of the Grecian Doric. The columns support a pediment, the tympanum of which has a circular window for ventilation. The wings are two stories, the lower one 14 feet, the upper $14\frac{1}{2}$ feet, the lower windows have eirenlar heads. The building is finished with a Greeian cornice 16 inches in depth, and 21 inches projection, worked in granite. The roof is slated, and gutters copper. The height of the wings from the sidewalk to the top of the cornice is 31 feet.

The facade of the centre building, up to the under side of the second story windows, is composed of five recesses of piers and arches of grooved ashler, on the top of which are again formed recesses by antaes, supporting a frieze and cornice, similar to the wing building; in each recess is a circular headed window, the centre a Venetian; on the top of the cornice is a blocking course, and an octagon attic, 6 feet high, with two elliptical sawtells, surmounted and superb market house commenced on the 20th of Au- | by a dome covered with copper, and crowned by a lantern light. At each angle on top of the centre building is a pedestal, in which are placed the necessary flues.

The whole edifice is supported by a base of Quincy blue granite, 2 feet 10 inches high, with arched windows and doors communicating with the cellars.

The building is approached by 6 steps of easy ascent; each wing has 6 doors. The centre building in the north and south front, a pair of folding doors, enter a passage way of smaller dimensions to correspond.

The principal entrances are from the east and west porticos, which communicate with the corridor, 512 feet long, 12 feet wide, with entablatures, finished with a cove ceilling. The interior is divided into 128 stalls, and occupied as follows, viz.: 14 for mutton, lamb, veal, and poultry; 2 for poultry and venison; 19 for pork, lamb, butter, and poultry; 45 for beef; 4 for butter and cheese; 19 for vegetables; and 20 for fish.

On the south front are four doorways opening to staircases, leading to the second story, in the centre of which is a hall, 70 by 50 feet, having a dome, springing from four segmental arches, ornamented with panels and rosettes, in the crown of which is an elliptical opening, 14 by 12 feet.

The Trienuial Exhibitions by the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association are given in the halls of these structures, connected by a bridge, as seen in the engraving.

These exhibitions are of about three weeks duration, and are occurrences of extensive and popular interest.

LIST OF MARKETS IN BOSTON.

Blackstone, Blackstone, near North.

Boylston, Washington, corner Boylston.

Faneuil Hall, North and South Market Streets and Faneuil Hall building.

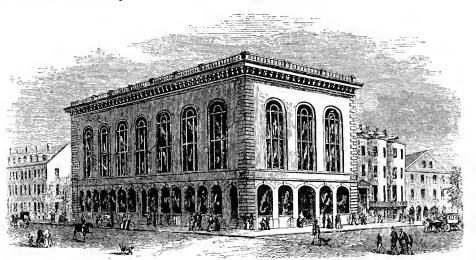
Franklin, 90 & 92 Blackstone.

Gerrish, Portland, corner Sudbury.

St. Charles, Beach, corner Lincoln.

The South Market, Beach, between Lineoln and South.

Washington, South Boston.
Williams, Washington, corner Dover.



VIEW OF WILLIAMS MARKET, CORNER OF WASHINGTON AND DOVER STREETS.

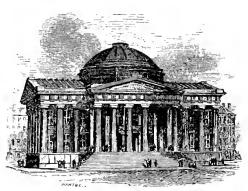
THE NEW CUSTOM HOUSE.

This building is situated near the foot of State Street, between Long and Central Wharves, and is in the form of a Greek Cross, the opposite sides and ends being alike. It is 140 feet long north and south, 75 feet wide at the ends, and 95 feet through the centre (the porticos 67 feet long projecting 10 feet on each side), and is from the side walk to the top of the entrance story floor 10 feet 4 inches; to the top of principal story floor, 26 feet 4 inches; to the eaves,

52 feet; to the ridge, 62 feet 6 inches; and 95 feet to the top of the skylight of the dome,

It is built on about 3,000 piles, fully secured against decay; the construction throughout is fire proof, and of the very best kind.

The exterior of the building is purely Grecian Doric, not a copy, but adapted to the exigencies and peculiarities of the structure, and consists of a portico of six columns on each side, on a high flight of steps, and an order of engaged columns around the walls, twenty in number, on a high



THE NEW CUSTOM HOUSE

stylobate, or basement; the order of engaged columns terminating with four antæ at their intersection with the porticos. The columns are 5 feet 4 inches in diameter, and 32 feet high, the shaft being in one piece, each weighing about forty-two tons.

The roof of the building is covered with wrought granite tile, and the intersection of the cross is surmounted by a dome terminating in a skylight 25 feet in diameter. The dome is also covered with granite tile.

The eellar, which is 10 feet 6 inches high to the erown of the arches, is principally used for the storage of goods, which are conveyed to it through the basement story. The steam apparatus for warming the whole building (which it does effectually) is situated in the eellar, having easy access to the coal vaults under the sidewalk outside of the building.

The principal entrances to the basement story are at each end. They are for the receipt of goods for storage. Near the northwest corner, on the west side, is an entrance to the Night Inspectors' apartments, also to the private staircase leading to the Collector's room and the attic. South of the west portieo is the entrance to the heating apparatus room, and on the south end is the entrance to the Custom House Truckmen's room. This story contains rooms for the Night Inspectors, Custom House Truckmen, and Engineer of the Heating Apparatus, also three sets of Water Closets; the remainder is used for the storage of goods, weighers' tubs. &c.

The principal ingress to the entrance story is through the porticos, but it can be entered from the Collector's private staircase, and from two other private staircases from the basement. This story contains apartments and offices for the Assistant Treasurer, the Weighers and Gaugers, the Measurers, Inspectors, Markers, Superintendent of Building, &c. In the centre is a large vestibule, from which two broad flights of steps lead to the principal story, landing in two smaller vestibules therein, lighted by skylights in

the roof, and these vestibules communicate with all the apartments in this story. The several rooms are for the Collector, Assistant Collector, Naval Officer, Surveyor, Public Store Keeper, their Deputies and Clerks; and, for the facilities of doing business, this arrangement is not surpassed. The grand cross-shaped Rotunda, for the general business of the Collector's department, in the centre of this story, is finished in the Grecian Corinthian order; it is 63 feet in its greatest length, 59 feet wide, and 62 feet high to the skylight.

The dominical ceiling is supported on 12 columns of marble, 3 feet in diameter and 29 feet high, with highly wrought capitals; the ceiling is ornamented in a neat and chaste manner, and the skylight is filled with stained glass.

The building was commenced in 1837, and entirely completed in 1849; it has cost about \$1,076,000, including the site, foundations, &c. It was designed by A. B. Young, A. M., architect, and erected under his immediate supervision throughout. The execution of the whole was under the general direction of a Board of Commissioners, appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States. This Board consisted of Samuel S. Lewis, Esq., as chairman, Robert G. Shaw, Esq., disbursing agent and commissioner, and the Collector of the ports of Boston and Charlestown for the time being. Jonathan P. Robinson was Clerk to the Board of Commissioners. In one of the panels of the Rotunda is inserted a tablet of marble, containing the following inscription:—

"Boston Custom House Building. Authorized by the twenty-third Congress, A. D. 1835. Andrew Jackson, President U. S. A.; Levi Woodbury, Secretary of the Treasury. — Opened August 1st, A. D. 1847. James K. Polk, President U. S. A.; Robert J. Walker, Secretary of the Treasury; Marcus Morton, Collector of the Port; Sam'l S. Lewis, Robert G. Shaw, Commissioners; Ammi Burnham Young, Architect."

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE AND POST-OFFICE.

Passing up State Street, we soon reach the Exchange. It is a splendid building, fronting on State Street. The corner-stone was laid August 2, 1841; the building completed 1842, and cost, exclusive of land, \$175,000. The width on State Street is seventy-six feet, the height seventy feet, the depth two hundred and fifty feet, and it covers thirteen thousand feet of land.

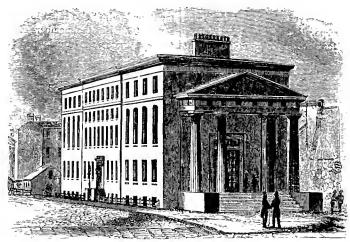
The front is of Quincy granite, and has six columns, each forty-five feet high in height, and weighing fifty-five tons. The staircases are of iron and stone, and the entire building is fire-proof. The front is occupied by banks, insurance and

other offices, and the rear is a hotel, while at the top is a Telegraph Station. There are three entrances, one on State, one on Congress, and one on Lindall Street.

The Merchants' Exchange is up stairs, and is a magnificent hall, eighty feet by fifty-eight feet, having its ceiling supported by eighteen imitation Sienna marble columns, with Corinthian capitals. There is a grand dome overhead, filled with stained glass. Here newspapers from all parts of the world are received, read, and filed. A Superintendent, Registrar, News Collecter, Boatmen, Messengers, &c., are attached to the room, and are in attendance from seven o'clock in the morning until ten at night. Vessels arriving are immediately registered, as well as shipping news telegraphed from distant ports. Clearances, invoices per railroad, ships, &c., are all entered, with the name of the con-

signee, on books kept for the purpose. Sales of stocks, cotton, &c., are also registered. Merchants, singly, are admitted to all the privileges of the room for eight dollars a year; firms of two persons, ten dollars, &c. These are called subscribers, and have the privilege of introducing strangers, whose names having been registered in a book kept for that purpose, are allowed to visit the room and read the papers during their stay in the city. The Board of Brokers have their rooms in the Exchange; and other portions of it are used for banking offices, brokers' offices, railroad offices, &c. The architectural beauty of the building, and the chaste but elaborate workmanship of its rotunda, are alone worth a visit.

The centre of the basement story is occupied by the Post Office.



COURT HOUSE, COURT SQUARE.

COURT HOUSE,

The corner-stone of this building, for the accommodation of the Conrts of Law of Boston, was laid on the 28th of September, 1833; Theodore Lyman being then Mayor of the city. The original cost of the undertaking was about \$179,000, but a further sum of \$17,000 was appropriated in 1839 for the purchase of land for the formation of a street and passages around the building, making the total cost of the ground and edifice about \$200,000. A portion of the land, however, on which the structure stands was formerly the site of the old Jail and belonged to the County, and its value is not included in the above estimate.

The building is situated in the centre of Court Square, between Court and School Streets, and is surrounded by a flagged pavement, which extends southerly along the

spacious area between it and the City Hall. The form of the edifiee is that of a parallelogram, extending in length 176 feet by 54 feet in breadth. The altitude is 57 feet to the cornice, consisting of a basement and three stories: the first story above the basement being 12 feet, the second 20, and the third 18 feet in height. The material composing the building is of cut or hewn granite from the Quiney quarry, and at each front or extremity is a handsome portico of the Doric model, supported by four columns of fluted granite each twenty-seven feet in height and four and a half feet in diameter. These pillars are in the solid mass, and weigh about 25 tons each. The northern end or front of the building is parallel with Court Street, but retired on a platform off the thoroughfare a few yards, while the sonthern front faces the rear of the City Hall or old Court House, and is approached from School Street through the

latter building and by avenues on either side of it. The main body of the new Court House is simple and unadorned, but the massive symmetry and superior design of the front entrances, tend somewhat to relieve the general plainness of its architecture.

The interior is plain and substantial, without presenting much novelty of plan in its construction. An entrance hall, communicating with the southern portico and opening upon side doors, traverses nearly the full length of the building: and staircases ascending to the right and left of the two portices lead directly to the galleries of the principal Court rooms; while the centre and side flights conduct to the various apartments in the several steries.

The Social Law Library room, on the second floor, is a comfortable and well-lighted apartment, and contains a good selection of Juridical Text-books, including writers in general law, and the English and American Reports. The society was first organized in the year 1804. At a later date, 1814, an act of incorporation was obtained, which granted to the proprieters, for the purpose of enlarging the collection, all sums of money which should be paid by way of tax or excise by persons admitted to practice as Attorneys of the Boston Court of Common Pleas.

For many years the Library, being but small, was kept in an office of a Member of the Bar, who acted as Librarian, and subsequently it occupied a closet adjoining a large room in the old Court House then used for meetings of the Grand Jury. At a later period the whole room was devoted to the Library, to which, when the present Court

House was built, a spacious apartment was appropriated, in which it has since been kept. A catalogue of the Library was printed in 1824. At that time the number of volumes was 1,473; in 1849, it had increased to 4,077; and in May, 1851, embraced about 4,200 volumes. A large number of the books, including some of the most valuable, were presented by the Hon. Charles Jackson; but the Library is also indebted for donations to other gentlemen. The names of the donors are given under the titles of the works presented by them.

The advantages of the Library are not confined to the Bar of Suffolk, but it is constantly and freely used by gentlemen of the profession from all the other counties in the State, by the Judges of the Courts, Members of the Legislature, and Judges and Jurists from all parts of the United States. The by-laws previde for the admission of new members on payment of \$25 a share and \$5 annual assessment, and admit also subscribers on payment of an annual sum of \$8. But the members of the Bar of other Counties (except these who usually practice at the Suffolk Bar) have the privilege of consulting the books of the Library at all times without expense. Each member is allowed to take from the Library one book at a time for a term not exceeding 24 hours, but no volumes are allowed to issue during the law term of the Supreme Judicial Court when the full bench is in session. The Librarian is appointed by the President and Trustees, who have the general management of the affairs of the society and direct in the purchase of books, &c.



UNITED STATES COURT HOUSE.

UNITED STATES COURT HOUSE,

TREMONT STREET, CORNER OF TEMPLE PLACE.

This building was formerly known as the Masonic Temple, situated in Tremont Street, on the corner of Temple place. It has been purchased by the Government, and fitted up for the Federal courts.

The corner stone was laid October 11, 1830, with appropriate Masonic ceremonies, by the Grand Ledge of Massachusetts. The Temple was dedicated May 30, 1832. It is sixty feet wide, and eighty and a half feet long. The walls are fifty-two feet high, of stone, covered with a slated roof, twenty-four feet high, containing sixteen

windows, to light the attic story. The gutters are of cast iron, and the water trunks are of copper. The basement is of fine hammered granite, twelve feet high, with a belt of the same. The towers at the corners next Tremont Street are sixteen feet square, surmounted with granite battlements, and pinnacles rising ninety-five feet from the ground. The door and window frames are of fine hammered granite, and the main walls, from the basement to the roof, are of Quiney granite, disposed in courses, in such a manner as to present a finished appearance to the eye. The blocks are triangular in shape, and there is probably no other such building in Massachusetts.

From the street are two flights of winding stairs in the towers, sufficiently spacious to admit a free entrance to the five stories of the building.

MUSIC HALL.

Until within the last few years, although a musical people, the city was sadly in want of a fitting place for concerts, &c. Now, however, we have a Music Hall of the first class, which we can refer to with pride, as an ornament to our metropolis and an index of the taste and liberality of Boston.

There has been no attempt at display on the exterior of the building, it being deemed important to reserve, as far as practicable, for the interior, the means contributed for the enterprise.

The hall is one hundred and thirty feet long, seventyeight feet wide, and sixty-five feet high, the proportion of length to width being as five to three, and of length to height as two to one. Two balconies extend round three sides of the hall.

The eeiling, which is forty feet above the floor of the upper balcony, is in general section flat, and connected with the wall by a large cove, in which are seventeen semi-circular windows, that light the hall by day. A row of gas jets, projecting from the edge of the cornice, just below these windows, light the hall by night.

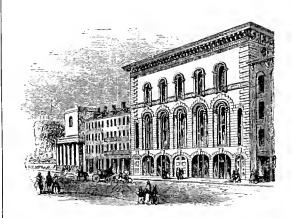
The floor is arranged with seats which will accommodate upwards of fifteen hundred persons, and there is sufficient room in the balconies for upwards of one thousand more.

The orchestral platform is raised five feet above the floor of the hall, and rises by a few steps to the organ. From each side of the orchestra to the floor of the lower balcony is a series of raised platforms for choristers, or for the audience, as may be required. The whole orchestra will accommodate upwards of four hundred persons.

The whole has been constructed with special reference to the science of acoustics, —a consideration of the utmost importance in a building intended for a music hall. The

architect, George Snell, Esq., has endeavored to combine in this structure the advantages which he has been able to discover by a careful personal examination of numerous music halls in Europe and America. This is of especial importance, as it is proposed to have one of the largest organs in the world placed here.

The entrances are from Winter Street, Bumstead Place, and Bromfield Street. Ample accommodations are afforded for drawing rooms, alcoves, offices, &c.



TREMONT TEMPLE.

This spacious edifice stands opposite the Tremont House, Tremont Street. Of a rich warm brown tint, produced by a coating of mastic, it presents a peculiarly substantial and elegant frontage. It is seventy-five feet in height, and, with the exception of ten feet by sixty-eight, which is left open on the north side for light, the building covers an area of thirteen thousand feet.

Passing through the great central doorway, we find ourselves in the spacious entrance hall. On the first floor we observe on our right and left hand two ticket offices, and a broad flight of stairs also on either hand, each of which at their summit terminates in a landing, from whence to right and left diverge two flights of similar staircases, one landing you in the centre of the main hall, and the other to the rear part and the gallery.

The main hall is a magnificent apartment. The utter absence of gilding and coloring on its walls renders it far more imposing and grand in appearance than if it had been elaborately ornamented with auriferous and chromatic splendors. It is one hundred and twenty-four feet long, seventy-two feet wide, and fifty feet high. Around the sides of it runs a gallery supported on trusses, so that no pillars intervene between the spectators and the platform, to obstruct the view. The front of this gallery is balus-

traded, and by this means a very neat and uniform effect is secured. The side galleries project over the seats below about seven feet. They are fitted with rows of nicely-cushioned and comfortable seats, and are not so high as to render the ascent to them wearisome in the least degree. The front gallery, though it projects into the hall only ten feet, extends back far enough to give it more than three times that depth.

Directly opposite this gallery is the platform, with its gracefully-panelled, semicircular front. This platform, covered with a neat oil cloth, communicates with the side galleries by a few steps, for the convenience of large choirs. There are also several avenues of communication from the platform to the apartments, dressing rooms, &c., behind, which are exceedingly convenient, and are far superior to the places of exit and entrance from and to any other place of the kind that we have ever seen.

From the front of the platform the floor of the hall gradually rises so as to afford every person in the hall a full and unobstructed view of the speakers or vocalists, as the case may be. The seats in the galleries rise in like manner. The seats on the hall floor are admirably arranged in a semicircular form from the front of the platform, so that every face is directed towards the speaker or singer. They are each one numbered, have iron ends, are capped with mahogany, and are completely cushioned with a drab-colored material. Each slip is capable of containing ten or twelve persons, with an aisle at each extremity, and open from end to end.

The side walls of the hall are very beautifully ornamented in panels, arched and decorated with circular ornaments, which would be difficult properly to describe without the aid of accompanying drawings; but as views of the interior of the Temple will soon be common enough, the omission here will be of little consequence. As we intimated, there is no fancy coloring; it is a decorated and relieved surface of dead white, and the effect, lighted as it is from above by large panes of rough plate glass, is beautifully chaste. The only color observable in the hall is the purple screen behind the diamond open work at the back of the platform, and which forms a screen in front of the organ.

The ceiling is very finely designed in squares, at the intersections of which are twenty-eight gas hurners, with strong reflectors, and a chandelier over the orchestra, shedding a mellow but ample light over the hall. By this arrangement the air heated by innumerable jets of gas is got rid of, and the lights themselves act as most efficient ventilators. The eyes are likewise protected from glare; and should an escape of gas take place, from its levity it passes up through shafts to the outside, and does not contaminate the atmosphere below. Under the galleries are

common burners. There are for day illumination twelve immense plates of glass, ten feet long by four feet wide, placed in the ceiling, in the spring of the arch, and open directly to the outer light, and by sixteen smaller ones under the galleries.

The whole of the flooring of the hall, in the galleries, the hody of it, and of the platform, consists of two layers of boards, with the interstices between them filled by a thick bed of mortar. The advantages of this, in an acoustical point of view, must be obvious to all. Another advantage is, that the applause made by the audience in this great hall does not disturb the people who may at the same time be holding a meeting in the other hall below, — a very important consideration.

There are eight flights of stairs leading from the floors of the main hall, and four from the galleries, the aggregate width of which is over fifty feet.

The Boston Young Men's Christian Association occupy several beautiful rooms up one flight of stairs, which are admirably adapted for their present uses and occupants, and are rented by the Association for twelve hundred dollars per annum, though it is estimated that they are worth at least fifteen bundred dollars; but the Temple is owned by a church who were very desirous that a religious association should occupy them. The great organ, built by the Messrs. Hook, is one of the finest instruments ever constructed in this country. Its bellows is worked by steam.

The Tremont Temple, besides the great hall, contains a lesser one, called The Meionaon, the main entrance to which is through the northerly passage way, opposite the doors of the Tremont House; this avenue is about seven feet wide. The southerly passage way serves as an outlet from this lesser temple.

Perhaps the reader, who may not have been initiated into the mysteries of Greek literature, may thank us for a definition of this strange-looking word, "Meionaon." It is so called from two Greek words, — meion, signifying less, smaller, and naon, temple, Lesser Temple. It is pronounced Mi-o-na-on. This lesser temple is situated back from the street, and directly under the great hall. It is seventy-two feet long by fifty-two feet wide, and about twenty-five and a half feet high. Not so elaborately adorned as its neighbor overhead, this hall is remarkably chastely and beautifully fitted up, and within its walls the religious society of Tremont Street Baptist Church worship. Its walls are relieved by pilasters supporting arches. The seats are similarly arranged to those in the hall above, and are equally comfortable and commodious in all respects. At one end is a platform, on which, on Sabbath days, stands a beautiful little pulpit, of dark walnut, and eushioned with crimson velvet. At the other extremity of the hall is a gallery for a choir; back of it stands a neat little organ. The place is beautifully adapted for sound, and competent judges say, from their own experience, that it is a remarkably easy place to speak in. From the hall to the outer door the way is through a broad passage way covered with Manilla matting let into the floor, so that little dirt can be brought in from the street; and, as the doors swing on noiseless hinges, no interruption from scuffling of feet or slamming can ever occur.

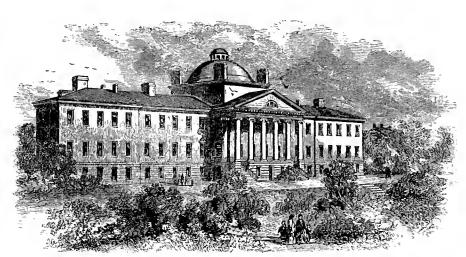
The cupola forms a spacious observatory, glazed all round, and from every window is obtained a charming view, the whole forming one of the most superb panoramas that we ever witnessed. From this elevated spot may be seen the adjacent villages and towns, the harbor and its islands the city institutions, churches, houses, and shipping. In short, the whole city and vicinity lies at our feet.

HORTICULTURAL HALL.

Nearly opposite the City Hall stands Horticultural Hall, a neat stone edifice; up stairs is the hall, which is lofty, large, and beautiful. It is used for horticultural, panoramic, and other exhibitions.

CLUB HOUSE.

The new Club House, situated on the northerly side of West Street, is worthy of notice among the improvements of the city. It is 38 feet in front, 80 feet deep, and 52 feet high. The front elevation is built of Connecticut freestone, in Italian style, and combines great architectural beauty. The first story is occupied by two stores, and a central passage to the second story, in which is a lobby, reading room, and three parlors. In the third story is a hall 35 by 63 feet, and 22 feet high.



VIEW OF THE MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL HOSPITAL.

MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL HOSPITAL.

The Massachusetts General Hospital was incorporated February 25, 1811: and entitled to an annual income not exceeding thirty thousand dollars, for the support and maintenance of a general hospital for the sick and insane persons. The act granted to the Hospital a fee simple in the estate of the old Province House, on the condition that \$100,000 should be raised by subscription within ten years. Large donations for this purpose were made by 1,047 persons in the year 1816, at which time the Trustees purchased

the lot on which the McLean Asylum was built, then in Charlestown.

The Hospital building had a front of 168 feet, and a depth of 54 feet, with a portico of eight Ionic columns, but was extensively enlarged in 1846.

It was built of Chelmsford granite, the columns of their capitals being of the same material. In the centre of the two principal stories are the rooms of the officers of the institution. Above these is the Operating Theatre, which is lighted from the dome. The wings of the building are divided into wards and sick rooms. The staircase and floor-

ings of the entries are of stone. The whole honse is supplied with heat by air flues from furnaces, and with water by pipes and a forcing pump. The beautiful hills which surround Boston are seen from every part of the building, and the grounds on the southwest are washed by the waters of the bay.

The premises have been improved by the planting of ornamental trees and shrubs, and the extension of the gravel walks for those patients whose health will admit of exercise in the open air.

By the Aet of June 12, 1817, it was provided that the stone to be furnished for the building should be hammered and fitted for use by the convicts of the State Prison. By the Act of February 24, 1818, establishing the Massaehusetts Hospital Life Insurance Company, it was provided that the corporation should pay to the trustees of the General Hospital, for the use of the Hospital, the third part of its net profits. By the Act of April 1, 1825, establishing the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, it was provided that one-third of its net profits should be paid annually to the Hospital fund. A similar provision was adopted in the charter of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company at Worcester, March, 1844.

THE McLEAN ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE.

This Asylum for the Insane was opened to receive boarders, October 1, 1818, under the direction of the Trustees of the Massachusetts General Hospital, it being a branch of that Institution. It is situated in Somerville, about one mile from Boston, on a delightful eminence, and consists of an elegant house for the Superintendent, with a wing at each end, handsomely constructed of brick, for the accommodation of the inmates. Though sufficiently near to Boston for the convenience of the visitors and trustees, who generally reside in the city, it is not directly on any of its principal avenues, and is sufficiently retired to afford the quiet and rural serenity which in all cases is found to be conducive to a calm and healthy condition of mind. The name of McLean was given to this Hospital in respect to John McLean, Esq., a liberal benefactor of the General Hospital.

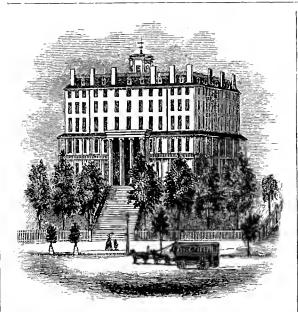
The Hon. William Appleton, of Boston, contributed \$10,000 in December, 1843, "for the purpose of affording aid to such patients in the McLean Asylum, as from straitened means might be compelled to leave the Institution without a perfect cure." On the 9th of November, 1850, the same gentleman contributed the further sum of \$20,000 for the purpose of erecting two additional edifices, sufficiently large to accommodate eight males and eight females, with such conveniences and facilities as shall enable each to have, not only the care, attention, and comforts, but the luxumes and retirement which they had enjoyed at home.

A large and handsome hall, fifty feet long by twenty-five wide and fourteen high, has been constructed, by raising a story upon one of the buildings of the male side, which furnishes ample room for two billiard tables, — ever an interesting and useful exercise for the insane; and also makes a sort of conversation and reading room, where patients from the different sections may meet for some hours in the day for recreation and intercourse.

It seems to be generally understood through the country that this institution is the most safe, as well as the most eeonomical, place of resort in all difficult and dangerous cases. especially such as require operation; one of the consequences of this general sentiment in regard to the Hospital, is, that many diseases are presented there which, in their nature, are incurable, - whence it has followed, that, as the reputation of the institution has increased the number of cases reported incurable or not relieved has also increased. The patients. under the daily eare of skilful, intelligent, and eminent surgeons and physicians, are watched over by faithful and attentive nurses, and in truth the minor officers and domestics. under the vigilant eye of the superintendent and matron, continue to give the sick poor all the comfort and relief, with all the chances of restoration, which the kindness of friends, or the influence of money, could command for those favored with both.

EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY.

This Institution was established in 1824, and incorporated in 1827. It is intended exclusively for the poor, and no fees are permitted to be taken. The new building erected, for its accommodation in 1849, is situated on Charles Street, a short distance southerly of Cambridge Bridge. It consists of a main building 67 feet front by 44 feet deep, and 40 feet 4 inches high, and two wings 25 feet front and 34 feet high, one 52 feet deep, and the other 63 feet. The front of the principal building is embellished by stone dressings to all the windows, doors, and cornices, in Italian style. The wings retire from the front 11 feet, and are perfectly plain. In the basement are the kitchen, wash-room, laundry, refectory wards, baths, store-rooms, &e. In the first story in the main building are rooms for the matron and committee, and receiving and reading rooms; in the wings are the male wards, with operating, anothecary, and bath rooms. In the second story are accommodations for the matron and private female wards. The building is heated by two furnaces, and provided with a thorough system of ventilation, and the whole surrounded by a spacious, airy ground, shut out from the street by a high brick wall. Edw. C. Cabot, Architect; Jonathan Preston, Contractor. Cost, land, \$25,000; building, about \$29,000; total, \$54,000.



PERKINS INSTITUTION, AND MASSACHUSETTS ASYLUM FOR THE BLIND

In the year 1828, the late lamented Dr. J. D. Fisher called the attention of the people of Boston to the neglected condition of the Blind, and made an appeal in their behalf. In consequence of this, several benevolent gentlemen associated themselves together, and, in 1829, were incorporated by the name of the New England Asylum for the Blind. During several years various attempts were made to put a school in operation, but they were not successful until the year 1832, when Dr. Samuel G. Howe undertook its organization, and commenced the experiment of instructing six blind children. Before the experiment was concluded the funds were exhausted, but it was persevered in to the end of the year, and then an exhibition of the pupils was made before the Legislature and the public, and an appeal was made for aid. This was premptly and generously met. The Legislature voted to make an annual grant of \$6,000; the ladies raised \$14,000 by a Fair in Faneuil Hall; contributions were raised in all the principal towns of the State, and finally Thomas H. Perkins offered his valuable mansion house in Pearl Street, provided the sum of \$50,000 should be secured to the funds of the institution. The condition was accepted, and the liberal merchants of Boston made up all that was needed.

Thus, as soon as it was proved that the hitherto neglected blind could be instructed, the public were called upon to provide the means. They did so, eagerly and generously; and rapidly laid abroad the foundation, and raised high the

walls of an institution which will probably endure as long as blindness is inflicted upon the community.

This institution may be considered as part of the Common School system of Massachusetts. All citizens having blind children may send them here and have them boarded and taught, not as a matter of charity, but of right.

As soon as the success of the enterprise was insured at home, efforts were made to extend the blessings of the system to the blind of the country generally, and the Director, with his pupils, visited thirteen other States, and exhibited their acquirements. In consequence of this, the Legislatures of all the New England States, and of South Carolina, made liberal appropriations for sending their blind to the new school; and the foundations were laid in Ohio, Kentucky, and Virginia, for what are now large and flourishing institutions for the blind, — New York and Pennsylvania having in the meantime moved of their own accord.

The readiness and eagerness with which the public came forward in answer to the appeal in behalf of the blind is creditable to the age and to the country.

The pupils in the School are taught reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, history, natural philosophy, natural history, and physiology. They are carefully instructed in the theory and practice of vocal and instrumental music. Besides this they are taught some handicrast work by which they may earn their livelihood. In this institution, for the first time in the world's history, successful attempts were made to break through the double walls in which Blind-Deaf-Mutes are immured, and to teach them a systematic language for communion with their fellow men. Laura Bridgman and Oliver Caswell are living resutations of the legal and popular maxim that those who are born both deaf and blind must be necessarily idiotic. They are pioneers in the way out into the light of knowledge, which may sollowed by many others.

In 1844 a supplementary institution grew out of the parent one, for the employment in handicraft work of such blind men and women as could not readily find employment at home.

This establishment has been highly successful. A spacious and convenient workshop has been built at South Boston, to which the workmen and women repair every day, and are furnished with work, and paid all they can earn.

The general course and history of the Perkins Institution has been one of remarkable success. It has always been under the direction of one person, Dr. S. G. Howe. It has grown steadily in public favor, and is the means of extended usefulness. In 1832 it was an experiment; it had but six pupils; it was in debt; and was regarded as a visionary enterprise. In 1833 it was taken under the patronge of the State; it was patronized by the wealthy, and enabled to obtain a permanent local habitation and a name.

In 1834, it had 34 pupils from Massachusetts, New York, New Hampshire, Connecticut, Ohio, and Virginia. The pupils remain f.om five to seven years, and are discharged. The average number is 100.

The building originally conveyed to the trustees by Col. T. H. Perkins for the uses of the Asylum, in the year 1833 was afterwards exchanged for the present building on Mount Washington, South Boston. This latter property includes about one acre of ground.

The terms of admission are as follows: the children of citizens of Massachusetts, not absolutely wealthy, free; others, at the rate of \$160 a year, which covers all expenses except for clothing. Applicants must be under 16 years of age. Adults are not received into the institution proper, but they can board in the neighborhood, and be taught trades in the workshop gratuitously. After six months they are put upon wages.

This department is a self-supporting one, but its success depends upon the sale of goods, at the depot No. 20 Bromfield Street. Here may be found the work of the blind; all warranted, and put at the lowest market prices; nothing being asked or expected in the way of charity. The institution is not rich, except in the confidence of the public, and the patronage of the Legislature.

It is open to the public on the afternoon of the first Saturday in each month, but, in order to prevent a crowd, no persons are admitted without a ticket, which may be obtained gratuitously at No. 20 Bromfield Street. A limited number of strangers, and persons particularly interested, may be admitted any Saturday in the forenoon, by previously applying as above for tickets.

The Asylum is yearly in receipt of \$9,000 from the State

Articles manufactured by the Blind and kept constantly for sale at the sales-rooms, No. 20 Bromfield Street: Mattresses, of all sizes, of superior and common Sonth Ameriean hair, Cocoannt Fibre, Cotton, Moss, Cornstalk, Palmleaf, Straw, &c.; Improved spiral-spring Mattresses, Palmleaf Palliasses, and Cushions of all kinds, made to order. Beds, of live geese and Russian feathers; the feathers are cleansed by steam. Comforters, of all sizes, wadded with cotton or wool, Sheets and Pillow Cases, Bed Ticks. Crash, Diaper, and Damask Towels, from \$1 to \$4 per dozen. Satchels and Travelling Bags, of all sizes, Entry Mats, Fine woven Mats of Cocoanut Fibre, with colored worsted bodies, equal to imported goods, and at less prices. Very heavy Woven Mais for public buildings. Also, Manilla, Jute, Palmleaf, and open-work Fibre Mats, of various qualities and prices. Sofas and Chairs repaired and restuffed, and Cane Chairs reseated. Particular attention given to making over, cleansing, and refitting old mattresses and feather beds.

The asylum realized, in the year 1847, the handsome

sum of \$30,000, by the will of the late William Oliver, of Boston.

The experience of the officers of the institution has induced the convictions,—1. That the blind, as a class, are inferior to other persons in mental power and ability; and 2. That blindness, or a strong constitutional tendency to it, is very often hereditary. The Superintendent says: "I believe that a general knowledge of the existence of this stern and inexorable law will do more to diminish the number of infirmities with which the human race is afflicted than any thing else can do.

"The experience of many years, an acquaintance with several hundreds of blind persons, and much personal inquiry, have convinced me that when children are born blind, or when they become blind early in life, in consequence of diseases which do not usually destroy the sight, the predisposing cause can be traced to the progenitors in almost all cases. Moreover, I believe that where the predisposing cause cannot be so traced, it is only in consequence of our ignorance, and not because there are exceptions to the rule.

"The hereditary tendency to disease among the progeny of persons related by blood, or of scrofulous or intemperate persons, or of persons whose physical condition is vitiated in various ways, is not seen at once, and may be entirely overlooked, for various reasons. In the first place, there may be only a strong tendency or predisposition to some infirmity, as blindness, deafness, insanity, idiocy, &c., which is not developed without some immediate exciting cause"

The two blind mutes, Laura Bridgman and Oliver Caswell, whose instruction was of course entirely different from that of the other pupils, have made very satisfactory progress. They each of them required special care, and the almost undivided attention of a teacher. They continue to be most interesting persons in their way; and would be distinguished anywhere, among youth with all their senses, for their happiness, gentleness, affection, and truthfulness.

Among the books published by this institution for the use of the blind are the following: The Bible, Lardner's Universal History, Howe's Geography and Atlas, The English Reader (two parts), The Pilgrim's Progress, Life of Melancthon, Constitution of the United States, Political Class Book, Principles of Arithmetic, Natural Philosophy, and Natural History, Book of Common Prayer, Tables of Logarithms.

NEW ENGLAND FEMALE MEDICAL COLLEGE.

The Trustees of this Institution have completed negotiations with the City Government for the purchase of the Hospital estate on Springfield Street, at the price of \$50,000, the papers having been signed, and the first payment

made. The land consists of a square of over 40,000 feet—nearly an acre—lying between Springfield and Worcester Streets, fronting on both, and in one of the finest sections of the city. At a fair valuation, it is doubtless worth \$50,000; and, as the building is a massive and noble edifice, costing over \$51,000, this is a most advantageous purchase for the College. By a vote of the Trustees, the grounds about the building have been named College Square. Trees will be set out and other improvements be made, including perhaps a fountain, by favor of the City Government, which has already shown its good will to the institution.

The following statement appears in the daily papers: -

"It is proposed to establish a Hospital for women and children in Boston, in connection with the New England Female Medical College. The objects aimed at are to afford to women, during sickness and in childbirth, a comfortable home, with medical attendance by their own sex, and to out-door patients dispensary treatment; to provide for female medical students the advantages of clinical instruction; and to give to those entering on the profession of nurses an opportunity of education for their duties. The Hospital will be under the care of Dr. Marie Zakrzewska, formerly of the Royal Hospital in Berlin, late Resident Physician of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children. It will be opened in June, 1859, in the house on Springfield Street, built by the Lying-in-Hospital Corporaion, and rooms will be furnished for the use of patients as fast as the funds contributed will permit. Subscriptions and donations in money may be sent to the Treasurer of the Executive Committee, Mrs. C. M. Severance, care of the Atlantic Bank, Boston, or to either of the Managers."



NEW CITY JAIL.

This building is located on Charles Street, on land reclaimed from the ocean, about 100 feet north of Cambridge Street, between that street and the Medical College, and the General Hospital on the north, and about as far from Cambridge Street as the New Eye and Ear Infirmary is south of it, so that all four of these public buildings are in the same part of the city. They are seen on the whole length of Cambridge Bridge, in approaching the city from the west. Coming in from Cambridge, the Eye and Ear Infirmary, a brick building, appears on the right of the eastern extremity of the bridge; the new Jail on the left, a centre with wings of split granite, facing the west; farther north, the Medical College, a brick building; and farther north still, the noble building, the General Hospital, a centre with wings, facing the south; all of them open to the water, and the pure air coming across it.

The jail is "cruciform" in plan, consisting of a centre octagonal building, having four wings radiating from the centre. The west wing measures 55 feet in width, and 64 feet in length, and of uniform height with the three other wings, the lower one of which contains the family kitchen and scullery of the jailor; the second story have the jailor's office, officers' rooms, and jailor's family parlors; the third story is devoted entirely to the sleeping rooms of the jailor's family and officers, and the fourth story is appropriated for the hospital and chapel.

The centre octagonal building measures 70 feet square, and 85 feet in height above the surface of the ground. It is but two stories in height, the lower one of which contains the great kitchen, scullery, bakery, and laundry, and is on a uniform level with the lower story of cells in each of the three wings, which contain the same. The upper story is finished as one "great central guard and inspection room," reaching from the ceiling of the first story up to the 100f of the building; this room measures 70 feet square, and contains the galleries and staircases connecting with the galleries around the outside of the cells in the three wings.

The north, south, and east wings, containing the cells, are constructed upon the "Auburn plan," being a prison within a prison; the north and south wings each measure 80 feet 6 inches in length, and 55 feet in width, and 56 feet in height above the surface of the ground; the block of cells within each of the north and south wings measure 63 feet 6 inches in length, 21 feet in width, and 54 feet in height, and are divided into five stories; each story contains ten cells, each of which measure 8 by 11 feet, and 10 feet high, thus giving to each of these two wings 50 cells.

The east wing measures 164 feet 6 inches in length, 55 feet in width, and 56 feet in height above the surface of the ground; the block of cells within this wing are 146 feet 6 inches long, 21 feet wide, and 54 feet high; it is also divided into five stories in height; each story contains 24 cells of uniform size with the cells of the northern and southern wings, before described, thus giving to this wing 120 cells.

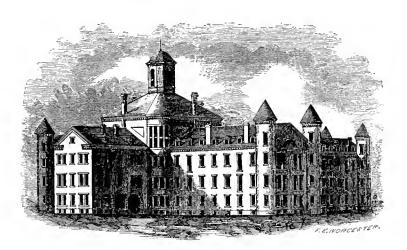
Street, between that street and the Medical College, and the spaces around the outside of each block of cells in the General Hospital on the north, and about as far from each of the wings (between the cell walls and the exterior

walls of the said wings) are "areas," which are open from the floor of the lower story of cells in each wing to the ceiling of the upper story. Galleries of iron extend the entire length of each of these spaces, outside of the cells, on a level with each of the floors. These galleries form a communication with other galleries, which encircle the interior of the "centre octagonal building," on the same uniform level with the other galleries. Each cell contains a window and a door communicating immediately with the galleries of the areas.

All the areas around the outside of the cells of the north, south, and east wings receive light from the great windows of the exterior walls. These windows are thirty in number, each measuring 10 feet in width, and 33 feet in height, beneath which other windows, 10 feet wide and 9 feet in height, are placed, thus yielding an amount of light to the interior of the cells probably four times as great as

any prison yet constructed upon the Auburn system. The jail kitchen and guard or inspection room, of the centre octagonal building, receives light from windows of uniform size, and arranged in the same manner as those windows in the exterior walls of the wings. The guard or inspection room receives additional light from circular windows placed above the great windows, and from a skylight in its ceiling. The various stories of the west wings are lighted from vindows arranged uniformly with those in the exterior walls of the wings.

The exterior of the structure is entirely of Quincy granite, formed with split ashler in courses, with cornices, and other projecting portions hammered or dressed; the remaining portions of the entire building, both inside and outside thereof, are of brick, iron, and stone, excepting the interior of the west wing, which are finished with wood



CITY INSTITUTIONS AT DEER ISLAND.

The general shape of the Deer Island Hospital is familiar to most of our readers. It consists of a large central building, with three wings, all of brick. It was built about 10 years ago, by the city, and was first used as an almshouse for State pappers. When, however, the erection of three State almshouses took place, under Gov. Gardner's administration, and the State assumed the charge of its own poor, it was no longer needed for that purpose, and it reverted to the city. The city proceeded to fit it up for a reformatory institution and hospital, and Dr. J. M. Moriarty was appointed Superintendent. It was occupied in this way in 1855.

About two years ago the east wing was completed. This is the largest wing, and is about 300 feet by 50, three stories high, with an attic. To this the House of Reformation for Boys was removed, and it was destroyed by fire Aug. 21, 1859.

The loss by the fire is about \$10,000. The city is its own insurer.

At the time of the fire there was very little wind, a most fortunate circumstance. If the wind, which was easterly, had been strong, or if the fire had been set, as was intended, at midnight, the whole edifice would doubtless have been destroyed, and there would have been a fearful loss of life.

A parallel to the recent destruction of the State Reform School was furnished by the burning of the City House of Reformation. Like the former fire, this was set by boys, and in just the same way.

The sister of one of the boys confined in this institution bad an interview with him on Monday last, and gave him a paper containing a full account of the burning of the Reform School, which gave him a hint how to go to work to destroy the institution in which he was confined.

This boy, Michael Riley, had himself been confined at Westborough, where he had made three unsuccessful attempts to burn the building.

The burnt wing was fitted up in the condition in which it was before the fire for a House of Correction, at a cost of about \$6000, but has never been used for that purpose. A little more than a year ago, however, the boys in the House of Reformation at South Boston were removed to this place.

In the north wing is the Almshouse, containing about 80 paupers, and the Boylston school (a school for poor Boston boys), containing about 50 pupils.

In the south wing is the School of Reformation for Girls, containing about 30 pupils.

Under the stories of the east, or burnt wing, used as a House of Reformation for Boys, is the House of Industry, which was occupied at night by about three hundred persons,—the men occupying five tiers of cells on one side of the wing, and the women five tiers on the other side. Altogether about seven hundred of these people inhabit the island.

The effect of the alarm upon the mixed and nondescript population of this nest of institutions, can better be imagined than described; but, in all the confusion and excitement that followed, no one was injured by the fire or otherwise.

CITY INSTITUTIONS AT SOUTH BOSTON.

The remaining City Institutions at South Boston are the House of Correction and the Boston Lucatic Hospital. These institutions occupy a contiguous location, on elevated ground, which must eventually be appropriated to other uses, as this section of the city developes its natural advantages.

FARM SCHOOL,

THOMPSON'S ISLAND.

The objects of this institution are, to rescue from the ills and the temptations of poverty and neglect those who have been left without a parent's care; to reclaim from moral

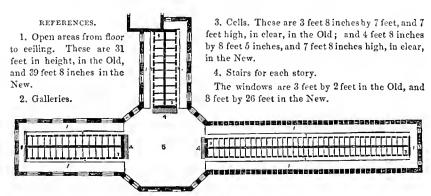
exposure those who are treading the paths of danger; and to offer to those whose only training would otherwise have been in the walks of vice, if not of crime, the greatest blessing which New England can bestow upon her most favored sons. The occupations and employments of the boys vary with the season. In spring, summer, and autumn, the larger boys work upon the garden and farm. The younger boys have small gardens of their own, which afford them recreation when released from school. In the winter season most of them attend school, where they are instructed in the learning usually taught in our common schools, and some of them are employed in making and mending clothes and shoes for the institution. The winter evenings are occupied with the study of geography and the use of globes, botany, and practical agriculture, lecturing on different subjects, singing, and reading. Every boy in the institution is required to be present during the evening exercises, if he is able. At the age of twenty-one each boy is entitled to a suit of clothes, and, if apprenticed to a farmer, to one hundred dollars in money in addition. The boys are all comfortably clad with woollen clothes, shoes, stockings, and caps, and appear to be as happy in their present situation as boys generally are under the paternal roof. They are well supplied with books, and required to keep them in order, - their library containing about four hundred volumes of well-selected books. Opportunities are occasionally offered to the friends of boys at the institution of visiting them on the island in the summer months.

STATE PRISON.

CHARLESTOWN.

The Boston Almanae for 185t gives the following descriptive information:—

A description of the New Jail in Boston, and of the Almshouse at Deer Island, was inserted in the Boston Almanae for 1850, in a notice of public improvements. There is considerable novelty in the construction of these buildings; and the plan has been so highly approved that it has been adopted in the enlargement of the State Prison at Charlestown, in the new Almshouse in Cambridge, in the new Prison at Dedham, and in the new Jail in Concord, N. H. Proposals are also made for buildings, on a similar plan, for Prisons, Houses of Rafuge, or Almshouses, at Northampton, Providence, New York, New Jersey, and Baltimore. They were designed and drawn by Louis Dwight, Secretary of the Prison Discipline Society, and G. J. F. Bryant, architect. A statement of the advantages which these buildings possess has been furnished us by Mr. Dwight, and is subjoined :--



(Ground view of the Dormitory Building, of 1823, and the Extension of 1853, including the Centre Building and the Left Wing, of State Prison, at Charlestown, Mass.)

PRINCIPLES OBSERVED IN THE PLANS.

In all the plans of these buildings there are certain great principles observed, among which are the following: —

- 1. Size. The size of these buildings allows from 600 to 1,000 cubic feet of space to each individual; besides their proportion of space in the eating-rooms, school-rooms, hospitals, and chapel.
- 2. Proportions.— The proportions are arithmetic and harmonic, a cube being their germ.
- 3. Concentration. These buildings are all in the form of a cross, having four wings, united to a central octagonal building; one for the superintendent and his family, and three of them for inmates; the kitchen being in the centre, in the first story of the octagon; the supervisor's room over the kitchen; the chapel over the supervisor's room; and the hospital over the chapel.
- 4. Extension. The parts, all radiating from a common centre, can be extended without disturbing the central arrangements and architectural design.
- 5. Convenience.— The keeper's or superintendent's office, eating room, and sleeping room, are all in proximity to the great central octagonal building; so that the keeper has eyelets and ready access to the kitchen, supervisor's room, chapel, and hospital, and all the wings; and he can go through the establishment without going out of doors. The inmates receive their food from a large central kitchen; the wings are all under supervision from one central supervisor's room. The inmates assemble in the chapel and hospital from all the wings without exposure, and without leaving the house.
- 6. Classification. The men and women, the old and young, the sick and well, can all be separated, in different wings, and different stories of the building; and all these classes can be kept distinct by placing them in different wings, by the power of central observation and control.

- 7. Supervision, outside and inside. All the areas, apartments, windows, walls, galleries, staircases, fastenings, external yards, and external yard walls, except the space outside at the ends of the wings, are under supervision from the centre. One man can do more, in these buildings, in consequence of the facilities for supervision, than many men can do in some of the old establishments containing an equal number of inmates.
- 8. Security against Escape. In prisons and Houses of Refuge, where security against escape is of great importance, the construction is such, that, if an inmate breaks out, he breaks in that is, if he escapes from his dormitory into the area, he has still another wall or grating to break, while at the same time, he is in sight from the supervisor's room. There is therefore very little encouragement to try to escape from the dormitories. And if the inmates are in the yards, gardens, or grounds around, the supervision extends outside so easily and perfectly, that it affords great security against escape.
- 9. Security against Fire. Although buildings according to these plans are not wholly fire proof, still the cell floors being stone or iron, the walls brick or stone, the galleries and staircases iron, the doors and gratings iron, the roof slate, and the gutters copper, much of the material is incombustible. Besides, the separate rooms or dormitories are literally fire proof; and the remaining parts are extensively exposed to constant observation; so that a fire, in its first beginning, is easily discovered and extinguished.
- 10. Warming by steam, hot water, or warm air.— The construction of these buildings is favorable to either mode of warming. If by steam, the steam may be generated in the centre building, and distributed, in one inch wrought iron pipes, under the windows, in four rows of pipes, one above the other on the upright wall, three inches apart, to be enclosed in a box eighteen inches square, made by the

floor for the bottom, the outer wall for the back, a board cover for the top, and an upright board for the front; the pure air to be received through orifices in the outer wall, and the warm air to be passed into the area through orifices in the front of the box. If the heating is to be done by hot water, substitute a east-iron pipe, six inches in diameter, near the floor and the wall, under the windows, within a box, similarly constructed to the box around the steam pipes. If the heating is to be done by warm air, place in the centre building, and in the areas, the Boston School Stove, or, which are on the same principles, Chilson's Furnaces, or any other heating apparatus which is, at the same time, a ventilating apparatus.

- 11. Lighting. Gas light in the areas will light all the dormitories, and, wherever distributed, will be easily supervised and controlled from the centre building.
- 12. Sunlight. Care is taken in these buildings to have a large surface exposed to the morning, noonday, and afternoon sun. This can be done with the large windows in the outer wall, but it cannot be done with a small window in each small domitory or cell. Much more sunlight can be brought to shed its healthful and cheering influence over the inmates of these buildings than if the windows in the external wall were as small as they must be if the rooms within were made of a small size and placed on the external wall.
- 13. Artificial Ventilation. Each small room, dormitory, or cell, is provided with a ventilator, starting from the floor of the same, in the centre wall, and conducted, separate from every other, to the top of the block, where it is connected with a ventiduet, and either acted upon by heat or Emerson's ventilating cap. Both at the bottom and top of the room there is a slide, or register, over orifices opening into this ventilator, which are capable of being opened or shut. These ventilators are intended to take off impure and light air. In the external wall are orifices, pitching outward and downward, to take off carbonic acid gas, which may be fatal to life if allowed to accumulate in the lowest part of the building. The large rooms are provided with such orifices by carrying every third or fourth window to a level with the floor. These means are used to take off the impure and light air, and the heavier and more fatal gasses. To supply pure air, all the heating is made by ventilating apparatus.
- 14. Natural Ventilation. Through the large windows, when opened, the air can have free course, with all the varying winds, throughout the building, from North to South, from East to West, from South to North, and from West to East, and obliquely in every direction, according to the direction of the wind, through the octagonal centre building.
 - 15. Water for cleansing and bathing. For cleansing,

- water is let on in every room, and furnished liberally in every story; and, in different parts of the building, large means are provided for bathing. Nothing is more indispensable, in the plans of such buildings, than convenient and liberal supplies of pure water for cleaning and bathing.
- 16. Employment. Large provision is made, in all these buildings, of floors and space for employment, under cover, with good and sufficient light, convenience, and supervision. In many old buildings there has not been employment, because there was no place suitable for it. This difficulty has received great consideration, and every effort has been made entirely to remove it, so that all the inmates of these buildings should be kept out of idleness, which is the mother of mischief. Labor is favorable to order, discipline, instruction, reformation, health, and self-support. But there can be but little productive industry without a place for it. Suitable places have been provided in all these buildings, whether prisons, almshouses, or Houses of Refuge, for employment.
- 17. Instruction. School-rooms, Privilege-rooms, Chapels, more private rooms and places, and comfortable large single rooms, are provided, in which all kinds of good instruction can be given.
- 18. Humanity. The humanity of these buildings is seen in there being sufficient space, large light, abundant ventilation, and airing in summer, good places of labor and instruction, and good hospital accommodation for the sick.
- 19. Care of the sick. The Hospital is large, light, convenient, easily accessible, well warmed and well ventilated; so that if suitable care is not given to the sick, it will not be because there is no place for it no suitable hospital accommodations.
- 20. Notifying in sickness. The separate rooms are so located and distributed, under supervision from the centre building, that a gentle knock on the inner side of the door of each separate lodging-room will be heard by the person on duty in the central room for supervision and care, and thus relief can be immediately secured; or, in case of a fit, or sudden and violent attack, without consciousness, the sick person will in all probability be heard, from any separate dormitory in either wing, by the person on duty in the supervisor's room in the centre building.
- 21. Level Floors. It is designed to have no stumbling place in either building; but, on the contrary, that the officers and inmates may walk over any part of the whole, by day and by night, on level floors. The stairs are the only places where it is impossible to make level floors.
- 22. Economy. Great economy is used in these structures; in the finish which is perfectly simple, unadorned and substantial affording no harbor for vermin, no place of concealment for fire, and yet durable and decent.

We have thus endeavored to give an outline of the principles which enter into these structures, of their adaptation to the purposes for which they are erected, and of the importance of carrying out the designs according to the plans.

A PRISON INCIDENT.

The recent tragedy in the Massachusetts State Prison brings to mind an anecdote we have heard related of Col. Austin, when he was Warden of the Prison:—

One of the convicts who was employed in the barber's shop, had threatened he would murder the Warden on the first opportunity. The threat came to the ears of Mr. Austin, who immediately proceeded to the barber's shop, placed

himself in the chair, and ordered the convict to shave him. The fellow immediately proceeded to his work, and shaved the Colonel very handsomely. After the process was over, the Warden addressed the convict, told him he had heard of the threats made by him that he would take the Warden's life on the first opportunity that offered, and he had given him a chance to do it, but he was afraid to. "Now," said the Colonel, "don't let me hear any more threats from you about taking the life of any one, for you know you dare not do it, and you know also that I am not to be frightened at any threat you may make." The convict was completely cowed, and never afterwards was a threat heard from him.—

Portland Advertiser.



NEW STATE ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE AT TAUNTON.

STATE CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

The State has under its control nine charmable establishments, viz:—Three Lunatic Hospitals—those of Worcester, Taunton, and Northampton; the Reform School for Boys at Westborough; three Alms Houses, at Bridgewater, Tewksbury and Monson; a Pauper Hospital at Rainsford Island; the State Industrial School, for girls, at Lancaster. Besides these, aid is granted by the State to the Asylum for the Blind, at South Boston; to the Asylum for the Deaf and Dumh, at Hartford; to the Massachusetts Eye and Ear Infirmary, at Boston; and to the School for Idiotic and Feeble Minded Youth, at South Boston.

THE STATE LUNATIC HOSPITAL,

WORCESTER, MASS.

This building was partly erected in 1831 and 1832, under an act of the Legislature, passed March 10, 1830, "for the

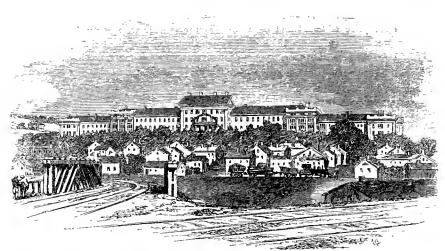
erection of a Hospital of sufficient dimensions to accommodate a superintendent and one hundred and twenty insane or mad persons."

The Board of Commissioners for the erection of this Hospital consisted of Horace Mann, Bezaleel Taft, Jr., and Wm. B. Calhoun. These gentlemen, together with Messrs. Alfred Dwight Foster, and F. C. Gray, formed the Board of Trustees for the year 1833, when the institution first went into operation.

The first patient received into the Hospital was on the 19th January, 1833. From that date until the close of the year there were 164 patients admitted, the average time of their residence there being six months in that year.

Thus in the first year it became erowded; and no less than 30 strenuous applicants were rejected for want of room. In that year Dr. Samuel B. Woodward became the Superintendent.

In 1833 and 1834, 272 patients were admitted and 154



THE STATE LUNATIC HOSPITAL, WORCESTER.

discharged; 70 were incurables, who had been previously inmates of jails, alms-houses, and houses of correction for periods ranging from 10 to 32 years. In 1834, 47 were received, and 46 applications were rejected for want of space. At that period the proportion of insane persons to the whole population was 1 in 1000.

In 1835 an extension was commenced, running back from the former building 134 feet, and 34 feet wide. This addition was occupied September 28, 1836, by the class of incurables, being adapted for the occupancy of 57 patients. A north wing, accommodating 59 persons, was finished in September, 1837.

The Legislature, in 1837, authorized the erection of a chapel, which was finished in the same year; also a washhouse and a building to contain a shoemaker's shop and a carpenter's shop.

In the year 1838 the Legislature granted the sum of \$8,000 to defray the current expenses of the Hospital; and \$2,500 for constructing and furnishing proper apartments for the sick.

In the year 1841 the Hospital realized the handsome bequest of Geo. S. Johonnot, being in cash, mortgages, and stocks, valued at \$45,843.72, subject to life annuities to twenty-three individuals, amounting to \$2,520 annually. The United States census of that period indicated that there were then in Massachusetts 1,271 insane persons, about half of whom were believed to be idiots. As the Worcester Hospital, the McLean Asylum, and the South Boston Institution, could accommodate 480 persons only, the Trustees, in their Annual Report for December, 1842, recommended the enlargement of the State Hospital so as to ac-

commodate those insane persons who could not then obtain Hospital room.

In pursuance of this recommendation, in 1843, the Trustees were authorized to erect additional buildings, sufficiently large for the accommodation of 150 insane patients, and to provide all necessary accommodations and furniture for the same.

This enlargement was commenced in the same year, and consisted of a wing extending 100 feet south, and 160 feet east, leaving an open court 64 feet wide between the old and new lateral wings; and was fully adequate for the further accommodation of 150 additional inmates. This new structure was ealled the Johonnot Hall, out of respect for the late George S. Johonnot, and his widow, Martha Johonnot.

Up to December, 1844, the whole number of patients that had been admitted into the Hospital was 2,013. Of these, 1,750 had been discharged or died, and 263 patients remained The ordinary charge at that date for boarders was \$2.25 per week.

In December, 1845, the Trustees reported that accommodations were then furnished for about 400 patients; that a bakery and laundry had been added to the buildings, and abundant water had been obtained from an elevation which allowed its distribution to all parts of the establishment.

On the 24th of June, 1846, the able Superintendent of the institution, Dr. Samuel B. Woodward, who had been connected with it since its commencement in 1832, resigned in consequence of ill health, and was succeeded by Dr. Geo. Chandler on the 1st of the following July.

In 1848, the affairs of the Hospital had become so fully

and economically administered that its receipts reached for that year the sum of \$45,406, being \$1,546 beyond the current expenses; although the price of board had been reduced from \$2.50 per week to \$2.33. In 1850 it was further reduced to \$2.25.

In 1847 additions were made to the Hospital by an extension of the north female Johonnot wing, toward the east.

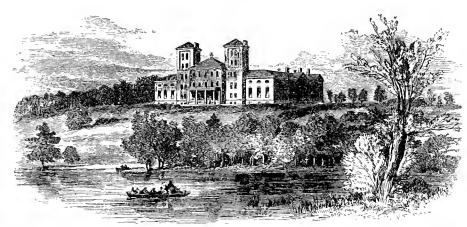
In December, 1849, there were 429 patients remaining in the Hospital under treatment. During the following year, ending December, 1850, 241 patients were admitted and 229 discharged, while 441 remained at that date. The average number for the year was 440; the largest monthly average number was 454.

The present buildings have an entire front of 520 feet.

There are five wings of 100 feet in length. The centre of the building is four stories high, with a front of 76 feet. The remainder are three stories high and 36 feet in width. The entire cost of the buildings, with the furniture and the several enlargements from time to time, was about \$157,600. The cost of the land belonging to the institution, 100 acres, has been \$13,500. Of these sums no less than \$47,318 has been derived from donations, principally by Mrs. Martha Johonnot.

The number of rooms provided for the use of patients in August, 1851, was 386. There are 41 rooms for other purposes.

The entire number of patients at the same time was 472, viz., 239 males and 233 females.



STATE REFORM SCHOOL, WESTBOROUGH.

STATE REFORM SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

WESTNOROUGH.

The building represented above was nearly destroyed by fire August 13th, 1859. The fire was set by a boy who took the straw from his bed and placed it in the ventilator in the upper story of the southerly wing of the building.

A locomotive was dispatched over the Agricultural Branch Railroad from Northborough to Marlborough; and brought up two fire companies and their apparatus. These and other firemen from the surrounding towns, rendered efficient aid in arresting the progress of the flames, which were not stayed, however, until the entire building, with the exception of one wooden wing, was consumed.

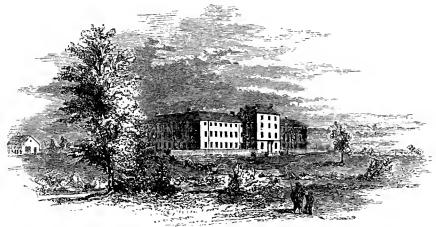
There were about five hundred and sixty boys in the institution, not one of whom escaped, having all been taken and confined in the barn.

By a resolve dated April 16, 1846, the Legislature made the first move towards the crection of a building for the "State Manual Labor School"; under which resolve, Hons. A. D. Foster, Robert Rantoul, and Samuel H. Walley, Jr., were appointed Commissioners. These gentlemen made their first report in 1847. They stated that an unknown gentleman, who, with a delicacy as remarkable as his munificence, had withholden his name, had given \$10,000 in aid of the enterprise, and tendered \$10,000 more in case the State should make an equal contribution. It was afterwards discovered that this generous benefactor was Theodore Lyman, Esq., of Brookline; and the sum of his contributions, when they were fully realized by the State, amounted, we believe, to about \$70,000.

The Commissioners, after consulting with Mr. Lyman, bought the Peters farm in Westborough, consisting of one hundred and eighty acres. Proposals for the erection of

the building were issued, and the lowest bid for erecting them—which was \$52,000—was made by Mr. Daniel Davies, of Boston, and was accepted; and the work was speedily accomplished. The building was originally designed for three hundred pupils. It consisted of a centre and two wings, of one hundred and sixty feet front and rear, and of two hundred feet in depth on each side. The wings were two stories each, the centre three, and the two towers five stories. The foundation was of stone, and the walls brick, with a slated roof. The centre was fitted up

for the superintendent and his family and assistants, and contained a commodious chapel. The east wing was occupied by the steward and his family, and in it were the kitchen and other working rooms and the hospital. In the west wing were two large school rooms and ranges of dormi ories. In the second story of the rear was the large workshop. The building cost, when finished and furnished, \$65,516. It has since been much enlarged and improved. The cost of the entire institution to the State up to last year was, for buildings and lands, \$165,000.



STATE ALMSHOUSE AT TEWKSBURY.

STATE ALMSHOUSES.

There are three State Almshouses in the Commonwealth for the reception and support of Paupers having no legal settlement within its limits, constructed of wood, on the plan represented in the accompanying engraving. One, for the district composed of Suffolk, Essex, and Middlesex Counties, is situated in the town of Tewksbury, Middlesex County, about twenty miles from Boston and seven from Lowell, at the junction of the Salem and Lowell, and Lowell and Lawrence, and Boston Railroads; one, for the district composed of the counties of Norfolk, Bristol, Plymonth, Barnstable, Dukes, and Nantucket, situated in the town of Bridgewater, Plymouth County, on the Fall River Railroad; one, for the district composed of the counties of Hampden, Hampshire, Franklin, Berkshire, and Worcester, situated at Monson, County of Hampden, at the junction of the Western and Amherst and New London Railroads. The buildings are so constructed as to form a square in the centre, with the exception of an opening of about twentyfive feet. The whole front, including the superintendent's part, which is in the centre, and four stories in height,

measures one hundred and ninety-eight feet, the side wings one hundred and twenty-five feet each, and the rear wing one hundred and twenty-nine feet. There is a cellar under the whole, a part of which is converted into a wash-room, bath-room, and bakery. Each building is capable of accommodating from six to eight hundred inmates, being also provided with apartments for schools, religious services, the superintendent and family, and also for the physician and officers of the institution.

Attached to the several buildings are farms, containing from one hundred and forty to one hundred and seventy-five acres each of land, well adapted to the condition and capacities of the inmates, who are required to perform such labor as such condition and capacities will permit. The out-buildings consist of barns eighty by forty feet, workshops two stories in height, seventy-five by thirty-five feet, cattle and carriage sheds, &c. The sum of \$190,000 was expended by the commissioners in the purchase of the farms, construction of the buildings, furniture, heating, plumbing, &c., the whole appropriation being \$210,000, which covered the expenditure for architects, commissioners, and \$10,000 for the repair and fitting up of the buildings

of the Commonwealth on Rainsford Island as a State Pauper Hospital. The act establishing the institution, and authorizing the construction of the buildings, was approved by Gov. G. S. Boutwell, May 20, 1852. The commissioners appointed to superintend the construction of the buildings, the purchase of the farms, &c., were Edw. L. Keyes, James J. Maguire, and David Perkins.

The act above mentioned provided also for the fitting up of the buildings at Rainsford Island for a hospital for the sick, and \$10,000 were appropriated and expended. The several buildings were opened for the reception of inmates on the first of May, 1854, by proclamation of the Governor, the several superintendents having been previously appointed. Previous to the adoption of the new system for the support of the State Paupers, the towns and cities of the Commonwealth were obligated to keep and maintain those paupers having no legal settlement, who should become proper subjects of aid within their limits, and were authorized to draw on the treasury of the Commonwealth for their support the sum of forty-nine cents per week for adults, and twenty-eight cents per week for children. The act of 1852 provides that thirty, days after the opening of the State institutions, no city or town shall receive any pay or allowance from the Commonwealth for the support of such State Pauper, provided (See. 4, Act 352, 1853), "If in any city or town there shall be remaining any, State paupers after the three State institutions for their reception are full, such paupers shall be placed in the district poorhouses, and such city or town shall receive payment for them from the treasury of the Commonwealth, until notified by the superintendent, to whom application has been made, that such pauper can be received. The superintendents, who are required to give bonds with surety, as the inspectors may require, are appointed by the Governor and Council, and their salaries are determined by the inspectors, subject to the approval of the Governor. It is the duty of the superintendent to receive all paupers as aforesaid, with a proper certificate of the Mayor of the city, or one of the Overseers of the Poor of the town, from which they may be so sent, and to provide for them according to law. Three inspectors are appointed to each institution, by the Governor and Council, who are to reside in the vicinity thereof, whose duty it is to establish rules and regulations for the proper management and government of the institution, subject to the approval of the Governor, and see that they are enforced, and one of them is required to visit each of the institutions at least once in each week. Their compensation is one hundred dollars per annum and travelling expenses. At least one member of each board is to be appointed annually. The inspectors have the power to bind as apprentices minors who are inmates of the institution under their charge; the same authority in causing the

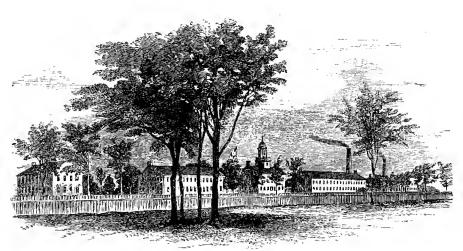
inmates of said institution to be returned to the place or county from which they came, as is now vested in the Overseers of the Poor in the several cities and towns.

Lunatics. - No city or town has a right to send to these institutions any lunatic, who, by reason of his insanity, would be dangerous at large. And if any inmate shall become such a lunatic, the inspectors may apply to two Justices of the Peace and of the Quorum for the county in which the institution is situated, who shall have the same power and authority in all respects, in regard to such application, and the commitment of such lunatic to either of the State Lunatic Hospitals, as Judges of Probate now have in regard to lunaties furiously mad; provided, that it shall not be necessary to give notice of such application to the officers of any town or city; and the expense of supporting such pauper in such hospital shall be charged to and paid by the Commonwealth. If any inmate of either of said institutions, above the age of sixteen years, shall leave the same without the consent of the inspectors, and shall, within one year from the time of such leaving, be found within any eity or town of the Commonwealth soliciting public or private charity, he shall, upon complaint and proof thereof before any Police Court or Justice of the Peace, be punished by confinement to hard labor in the House of Correction for the county in which he shall so be found, for a term not exceeding three months.

The buildings at Rainsford Island were designed to accommodate all foreign paupers arriving by water, who cannot, on account of sickness, be removed to one of the other institutions, and the city of Boston, and all the cities and towns in the Commonwealth, are authorized to send siek State Paupers to the Island, so far as there may be accommodation thereat not inconsistent with the original design above mentioned. This system was designed to establish a strict discipline among the paupers, to afford them better opportunities for instruction, and to enable them to do something in aid of their own support. It relieves the towns and cities of a considerable burden of trouble and expense, without, it is hoped, imposing a great additional expense upon the Commonwealth. Several hundreds who were receiving support in the poor-houses of the cities and towns at the time of opening the new institutions, left to be supported by their friends or relatives, or to take care of themselves.

UNITED STATES MARINE HOSPITAL AT CHELSEA.

This stately edifiee is located on an elevated site in Chelsea, overlooking the harbor and surrounding country. It was erected by the National Government, for the benefit of invalid scamen. It is a new structure, and is now occupied for the purposes to which it is devoted.



UNITED STATES ARMORY, SPRINGFIELD.

THE UNITED STATES ARMORY, SPRINGFIELD.

This is one of the many public works in our State that deserve a very eareful examination, accompanied with some knowledge of the extensive operations carried on, and of the results of the labor employed.

The armory, together with the offices and the various buildings for manufacturing and storage of the public arms, is situated on Springfield Hill, within the town of Springfield, and overlooking the valley of the Connecticut River for several miles. The general government here own 72 aeres and 2 rods of land on the hill; also, 19 acres and 66 rods for what are termed the upper and middle water shops, and 10 acres and 102 rods for the lower water shops,—making altogether 102 acres and 10 rods of public land.

The main building is the new Arsenal. This is 200 feet long by 70 feet in width, and 50 feet in height. This building is three stories high, and is sufficiently large for the storage of 100,000 muskets. The front of the building is ornamented by a pediment, 70 feet wide by 12 in depth. The tower is 89 feet high and 29 feet square, above which the flag-staff rises 60 feet.

Another prominent building, 400 feet long by 55 feet wide, and 2 stories high, is used for the storage of musket stocks and lumber. A sufficient supply of seasoned timber is kept for four years' manufacture of gun stocks. On the hill are erected ten dwelling houses and six workshops, all owned by the government.

The number of persons employed at the several workshops and as officers, was as follows:—

Superintendent 1	Mounting finishers, 3	Appendage filers S
Master armorer 1	Drillers,11	Polishers16
Military storekeeper 1	Turners 3	Stockers16
Clerks, 4	Grinders, S	Lock finishers 8
Inspectors,11	Barrel filers,	Arm finisher, 1
Machinists16	Appendage forgers, 5	Appendage finishers, 2
	Iron maker, 1	
Lock forgers, 7	Assistant forgers, 9	
	Anneaters, 6	
Ramrod forgers 2	Borers,14	Mason1
Mounting forgers,10	Millers,6	Laborers,
	Lock filers24	Total3-0
Borrel Bulgher, 1	Bayonet filers 6	1 20101

Which was the number employed in June, 1851. This is the smallest number employed during the year.

The manufacture of a single musket is effected by four hundred different operations, and the majority of the men employed engage in only one of the operations. A larger number of muskets was manufactured last year than any year previous; and a calculation based upon the number turned out shows that throughout the year of 313 working days, of ten hours each, a musket was completed every 8 minutes and 56 seconds. The various parts of the muskets pass, during their manufacture, through the hands of inspectors, who, with their gauges, determine the exact di-

mensions of every piece, and reject every one that is not exactly what is required. Thus, a hundred thousand muskets might be taken to pieces, and thrown promiscuously into a pile, and the whole taken up and put together again without the misfit of a single component to its appropriate place. Thus, too, when the arms are in use, there is never need of sending them to the armory for repairs. Hammers, screws, springs, &c., furnished from the armory as extras, will take the place of any damaged part precisely as if they were made for the arms to be repaired.

The process of manufacturing the musket barrel is one of extreme nicety, and is guarded by numerous tests. The bar, which is of the best Salisbury and Anerom refined iron, is cut into lengths weighing $10\frac{3}{4}$ pounds each. These are rolled into shapes, the edges rolled up, lapped upon each other, and then welded. These undergo an inspection, and the imperfect ones are rejected. When subjected to the powder test, each barrell is discharged twice; the first time by a charge of one-eighteenth of a pound of powder, one ball, and two wads,—the second containing one twenty-second of a pound of powder, one ball and two wads. Fifty-five barrels are usually loaded and discharged at the same time, in a building expressly used for this purpose.

Out of the whole number of barrels constructed during the last year, 5,774 were condemned as imperfect,—of which 451 were for defective workmanship, and 5,323 for defective material.

The following is the weight of a musket, in detail and total, expressed in pounds and hundredths of a pound:—

Weight of barrel,4.8	5
Weight of locks and side serews,	5
Weight of bayonet,	8
Weight of musket without bayonet,9.1	
Weight of musket complete, 9 8	2

It will be thus seen that a complete percussion musket weighs ten pounds, lacking eighteen-hundredths. This weight is less than that of the old flint musket.

The exact cost of a single musket, of the number manufactured last year, cannot be stated, the inventory being uncompleted; but the cost in 1850 was \$9,03½. The cost for last year will be less. In ten years, the cost of manufacture, per musket, has been reduced nearly one-half, it being in 1841, \$17,44.

PLACES OF AMUSEMENT, ETC.

BOSTON THEATRE,

361 WASHINGTON STREET.

The Boston Theatre is one of the finest places of amusement in the world, and by far the most beautiful in America. It is situated on Washington and Mason Streets. The entrance front on the former is a simple three story building, twenty-four feet in width, covered with mastic, and with no attempt at architectural display. On entering, the visitor ascends the inclined plane of a spacious and elegant outer vestibule, the walls of which, handsomely ornamented, support a finely-arched ceiling. Here we procure tickets, and enter the inner vestibule; before us is a circular staircase, nine feet in width; ascending, we find it conducts to the first and second circles. Entering the auditorium, we find it to be about ninety feet in diameter, and circular in form, except that it slightly flattens in the direction of the stage; the depth from the curtain to the back of the parquet being eighty-four feet. The front of the stage projects into the anditorium eighteen feet, and the height of the auditorium is about fifty four feet. There are proscenium boxes on either side of the stage, handsomely draped. A space of



ten or twelve feet from the parquet wall, and nearly parallel with the front of the first tier, is separated and somewhat

raised from the middle portion of the house, the whole parquet floor, however, being constructed in a dishing form, and varying several feet. Around the auditorium above are the first and second tiers, the gallery, and hanging in front, a little below the first tier or dress circle, is a light baleony containing two rows of seats.

In the parquet and balcony there are iron-framed chairs, cushioned on the back, seat, and arms, and so contrived that the seat rises when not in use; and the first and second tiers are furnished with oaken-framed sofas, covered with crimson plush, and the amphitheatre with iron-framed and cushioned settees.

The walls of the auditorium are of a rose tint, the fronts of the balcony and the second circle are elaborately and tastefully ornamented, and the frescoed ceiling embraces in its design allegorical representations of the twelve months. Adding to the effect of the painting, the ceiling is decorated with composition ornaments, many of them richly gilded. In front, over the stage, is a splendid clock, with a movable dial.

Returning to the vestibule, we turn to the right, under the arches, and reach the parquet lobby. Passing through this apartment, we reach the saloon and dressing rooms of this story. The parquet corridor is gained by turning to the left, through the arches, until we arrive at the foot of



the grand oaken staircase, which is built of solid oak, and seperates on a broad landing into two branches, nine feet in width, which terminates in the dress circle lobby. Opposite the staircase are open arches communicating with the grand promenade saloon, which is forty-six feet long, twenty-six feet wide, and tastefully finished with ornamented walls and eeiling, and is elegantly furnished. The corridors to the several stories extend entirely round the auditorium.



The stage side of the theatre is on Mason Street, and the doors and arches, breaking the sameness of the brick wall, comprise a passage leading to the carpenter's shop and works, a set of double doors for the introduction of horses, carriages, &c., should such ever be required for the purposes of the stage, a private door for the use of the actors, and an audience entrance at the corner of the building nearest West Street.

The stage is sixty-seven feet deep from the curtain, and, calculated from the extreme front, or foot lights, measures eighty-five feet. The curtain opening is about forty-eight feet in width by forty-one in height. There is a depth of some thirty feet below the stage, and the height from the stage to the fly floor is sixty-six feet. These distances allow the raising and lowering of scenes without hinges or joints, the use of which soon injures their appearance. There are seven rows of side scenes, or wings, with considerable space beyond the most remote, for perspective. The stage is provided with traps, bridges, and all imaginable contrivances for effect, and is believed to unite more improvements, and to be the best arranged, of any structure of the kind in this country.

The green-room, on the level of the stage, is a decidedly comfortable looking apartment, thirty-four by eighteen feet, neatly finished and tinted, handsomely carpeted, and furnished around the sides with euchioned scats, covered with dark green enamelled cloth. Adjoining it is a small "star' dressing room, appropriately fitted, and near by is an apartment for the manager, also a small property room. Above these are the actors' dressing rooms, furnished with water, heating apparatus, and all necessary conveniences; and still higher is the stage wardrobe room.

On the other side of the stage there are additional dressing rooms; above these a spacious property storeroom. Below the extreme front of the stage is located the usual apartment for the use of the orehestra, with side rooms for the storage of music, instruments, &c. Farther back is a large dressing room for the supernumeraries, and two or three stories of cellars arranged for the reception of scenes from above, and for a variety of other purposes. The walls separating the stage from the auditorium are of brick, and considered fire-proof, while the curtain opening is provided with a safety screen of iron net-work, balanced by weights, and managed with machinery so arranged as to be operated from either side of the curtain wall. Should any portion of the stage or its surroundings ever take fire during a performance, this curtain can be immediately lowered, and afford complete protection to an audience.



NATIONAL THEATRE.

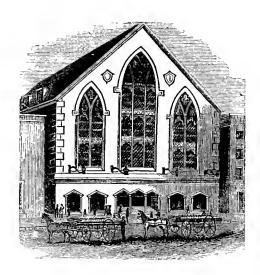
This establishment was erected during the summer of 1852, from a design by Billings. It is about 150 feet long on Traverse Street, by 84 feet front on Portland Street. The rear is on Friend Street. The building has a pleasing architectural front, covered with dark brown mastic. It is well situated on the junction of several great thoroughfares, and in the immediate vicinity of Charlestown, from which it probably derives a large portion of its patronage.

The Theatre has every convenience of ingress and egress. The principal entrance on Portland Street, is from three arched doors to the ticket office. Stairs to the right lead to the first floor; on the left, to the family circle or second tier; and from a door on the left of the front, to the upper tier or gallery.

The lobbies are large and convenient. The audience

portion of the theatre, or auditorium, is nearly a circle, of about 80 feet diameter. The whole lower floor is used as a parquette, or, as formerly called, pit; there is a division between what is properly called the parquette and the boxes, or dress circle, making the parquette itself about 50 feet diameter. The parquette has seats for a few over 400; dress circle the same number. The family or second circle has seats for between 500 and 600, but has held 700 persons; the gallery seats a few over 1,000 persons; making a total, comfortably seated, of about 2,500 persons.

The stage is 60 feet deep by 76 feet wide, and is well adapted to the class of performances usually played at this theatre, chiefly Melo-drama.



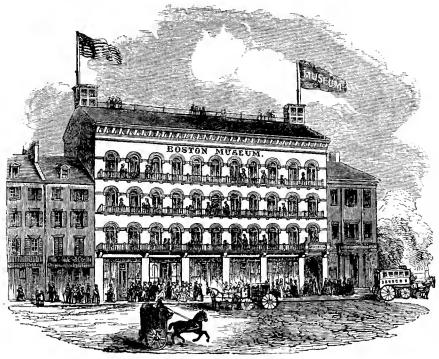
HOWARD ATHENÆUM.

The Howard Athenæum is centrally located, and fronts on Howard Street occupying the spot where once stood the house in which Governor Eustis died. The theatre, although not large, is one of the most comfortable places of amusement in the city, and is deservedly popular.

BOSTON MUSEUM,

TREMONT, NEAR COURT STREET.

Perhaps of all the places of public amusement in the good city of Boston, not one is so generally popular as this. Nor is its great success undeserved; for it has ever been the aim of its enterprising proprietor, Hon. Moses Kimball, while providing every possible novelty for the gratification of the masses, to carefully exclude every thing that could be in the slightest degree objectionable. Hence the



BOSTON MUSEUM, TREMONT STREET.

Museum has been the great family resort, as well as the visitor's choicest treat.

First, for its locality. On Tremont Street, between Court and School Streets, it stands, a spacious and superb building, its front adorned by elegant balconies and rows of ground glass globes, like enormous pearls, which at night are luminous with gas. Three tiers of elegantly arched windows admit light into the building, and we reach the interior by a bold flight of stairs.

At the summit of these stairs is an elegant ticket and treasurer's office, and adjoining it the entrance to the Grand Hall of Cabinets, which is surrounded by a gallery, and whose ceiling is supported by noble Corinthian pillars. Around the gallery front are arranged portraits of celebrated Americans. On the floor of the hall are statuary and superb works of art, and, arranged in glass cases, curiosities from all parts of the known world.

The galleries, reached by a grand staircase, are filled with the rich and rare products of many a clime; not an inch of space is thrown away. Ascending still higher, we find a superb collection of wax figures, singly and in groups; and surmounting all is an observatory, whence splendid panoramic views of the city, the harbor, and its islands may be obtained.

The Museum Theatre is one of the most beautifully decorated, best constructed, and well managed theatres in the United States. The visitor there has no rowdyism to fear, and nothing ever occurs, either in the audience portion or on the stage, to offend the most fastidious. As good order is maintained in Mr. Kimball's theatre as in any drawing-room in the land. The company, too, is always first rate. Some of our best actors have been trained on the Museum boards. But, besides having a stock company which cannot be surpassed, "stars" of the first theatrical magnitude are often engaged; and brilliant spectacles, with all the accessories of superb scenery, delicious music, gorgeous costumes, banners, and other appropriate appointments, are produced several times in each season, in all the magnificence that money and skill can accomplish, and are a marked feature of the place, that cannot easily be surpassed. Few persons who visit Boston, ever think of quitting without paying the Museum a visit, for it contains amusement and information for all.

The Museum building alone cost nearly quarter of a million of dollars, and covers twenty thousand feet of land, the whole of which, with its numerous cabinets, is crowded with every variety of birds, quadrupeds, fish, reptiles, insects, shells, minerals, fossils, &c. Then there is the

Feejee Mermaid, alluded to by Barnum, in his Antobiography, together with more than one thousand costly paintings, among which is Sully's great picture of Washington crossing the Delaware, portraits by Copley, West, Stuart, &c. In short, there are to be seen nearly five hundred thousand articles of every conceivable rare and enrious thirg of nature and art in the Museum, and all for the marvellously small sum of twenty-five eents. The theatre is open every evening, and on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.

ORDWAY HALL,

165 WASHINGTON STREET.

Ordway Hall is situated in Province House Court. The building is very old; and, when Massachusetts was a province, the colonial governors resided here. The king's coat of arms that once adorned this building, is still treasured in the rooms of the Massachusetts Historical Society, and seems to have suffered more from the tooth of time than the staunch old building it once adorned. Perhaps the smoke from Lexington and Concord dimmed its bright colors, tarnished its gilding, and caused it to be laid aside forever. The walls of this old bouse, that once echoed with king's decrees, eloquent speeches, and loyal toasts, now ring with the gay langh, tender songs, and humorous jests of the

negro minstrel. The hall has become deservedly popular, as order is preserved and all that may offend banished.

GRAND AQUARIA,

21 BROMFIELD STREET.

This is a magnificent display of some of the most fascinating phenomena of nature.

These Ocean Conservatories are filled with rare marine animals, imported and collected expressly for this establishment.

They present us with a perfect and striking illustration of life beneath the waters.

Visitors will find the microscopic department particularly interesting. The objects are numerous and frequently changed, so as to embrace a great variety. Some of those on exhibition are extremely beautiful, as for instance, a butterfly's tongue, a specimen of pepper wood, and salicine in polarized light. Another curiosity is the Lord's Prayer engraved on glass, presenting only a faint line to the eye, but distinctly seen under the glass. More than five thousand of the same size could be inscribed in a square inch-Some of the different substances for polarizing light, nitre, sugar, &c., are also beautiful in the varying combinations of color they afford.

Open daily (Sundays excepted) from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admission 25 ets. Children under ten years of age, 15 ets.

BOSTON WATER WORKS.

No improvement of greater magnitude or importance has ever been undertaken by the city than the Water-Works. Boston, though originally selected as a place of residence for its abundance of pure water, for many years has not contained within itself an adequate supply.

As early as Feb. 26, 1795, the Boston Aqueduct Company was incorporated for the purpose of introducing into the city the water of Jamaica Pond, in Roxbury. This pond, at its highest elevation, is 49 feet above tide-water, and is capable of a maximum daily supply of about 50,000 gallons. In 1845, the company had laid about five miles of 8 and 4 inch iron pipe, and ten miles of wooden pipe, conveying the water to nearly 3,000 houses. This was inadequate to meet the wants of the city.

At the taking of the census in 1845, a careful examination to ascertain the supply of water in Boston was made, with the following results:—

Classes of Houses.	Owned by occupant.	Not owned by occupant.	Total.
Inhabited houses,	3,201	7,169	10,370
Houses having wells,	. 1,986	3,301	5,287
Wells whose water is driokable, .	1,685	2,639	4,324
Wells affording a supply,	. 1,750	2,485	4,235
Wells whose waters will wash with son	p ₁ 75	139	214
Houses having cisterns,	. 1,631	2,811	4,445
Houses which take aqueduct water, .	973	2,237	3,210
Houses supplied with soft water, .	. 1,731	3,202	4,933
Houses having no wells,	1,215	3,868	5,083
Wells whose water is not driokable,	. 301	662	963
Wells which do not afford a supply, .	236	816	1.052
Wells whose water will not wash with so	ap, 1,911	3,162	5,073
Houses without drinkable well water,	. 1,516	4,530	6,046
Houses having no cisterns,	1.567	4,358	5,925
Houses which do not take aqueduct wat	er, 2,223	4 932	7,160
Houses not supplied with soft water, .	1,470	3,967	5,437

Various Commissions had been constituted by the city, at different times between 1825 and 1844, to examine the waters in the neighborhood, for the purpose of selecting one

which could properly be introduced into the city. None was, however, definitely agreed upon. In August, 1844, Messrs. Patrick T. Jackson, Nathan Hale, and James F. Baldwin were appointed Commissioners "to report the best mode and expense of bringing the waters of Long Pond into the city"; and they reported on the 9th of November following. At the next session of the Legislature, an act was passed giving authority to the city to construct the works, but, on submitting it to the people, the act was not accepted.

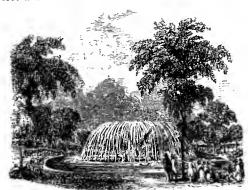
In 1845, another Commission, consisting of John B. Jervis, of New York, and Walter R. Johnson, of Philadelphia, was appointed to report the best sources and mode of supply. Their report was made November 18, 1845, and recommended Long Pond. An act, granting the necessary powers, with the authority to create a city debt of \$3,000,000, was passed by the Legislature, March 30, 1846, and accepted by the legal voters of the city, April 10, 1846. Other necessary preliminary measures were taken. Nathan Hale, James F. Baldwin, and Thomas B. Curtis were appointed on 4th May, 1846, Water Commissioners, and they entered immediately on the discharge of their duties. In consequence of the increased expenditures on the work, an additional act of the Legislature was passed May 1, 1849, authorizing an additional debt of \$1,500,000.

Long Pond, or Lake Cochituate, as it was named in 1846, lies in the towns of Framingham, Natick, and Wayland. The gatehouse of the aqueduet is in Wayland, near the Natick line. It contains 659 acres, and drains about 11,400 acres, and is in some places 70 to 80 feet in depth. It is divided into two sections by a dam at the wading place, on the highway across the lake from Framingham to Cochituate Village. The northerly section, connected with the aqueduct, contains about 200 acres; and the southerly section, which is held in reserve, to be drawn upon as wanted, contains about 459 acres. It will supply, according to the lowest estimate, 10,000,000 gallons of water daily.

Two Compensation Reservoirs, to supply the water rights on Concord River, instead of Long Pond, have been constructed. The Whitehall reservoir in Hopkinton, containing 576 acres, and capable of yielding, for three months, 12,000,000 gallons of water each 24 honrs; and the Fort Meadow Brook reservoir in Marlborough, containing 290 acres.

The range between high and low water will be about 1½ feet. At its highest elevation it will be about 12 feet above the bottom of the aquednet at the outlet, and 135 feet above high-water at Boston. At its lowest level the water will be 124.86 feet above high-water. The fall from the Lake to the Brookline reservoir is 4.26 feet, making the

height of the reservoir at its lowest level, 120.60 feet above high water mark. The reservoir will, however, retain the water safely, $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet higher, or 123 feet above high-water, or 16 feet above the floor of the State Honse.



The Fountain Basin on the Common is about $24\frac{1}{2}$ feet above high-water, or 96 feet below the minimum level of the Brookline reservoir, and a 3 inch jet has been raised thence 92 feet, or within 4 feet of its source, though that source is at a distance of $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles. In the lower parts of the city, the water, conveyed through a hose of the ordinary size of $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches, attached to one of the hydrants, will throw a column of water, without the aid of a fire engine, by the force of the head on the pipe, to the height of 75 or 80 feet.

The distance from the Lake to Beacon Hill Reservoir is as follows:—

From the Gatehouse at the Lake to the West bank of Charles River, near Newton Lower Falls, . 41,187 Thence to the West end of the Brookline Reservoir, 36,051

Total, from the Lake to Brookline Reservoir, . 77,238*

From West end Brookline Reservoir to the Gatehouse at the East end, 2,000

Thence to Beacon Hill Reservoir, 24,898

From the Lake to Beacon Hill Reservoir, . 104,136;

* Or 14.625 miles. + Or 5.094 miles. ± Or 19.719 miles.

The Brookline Reservoir is a beautiful structure, of irregular, elliptic shape. The land purchased, including the surrounding embankment, with the necessary margin for its protection, was 38 acres. The area of the surface of the water is about $22\frac{1}{2}$ acres. It is capable of containing about 100,000,000 gallons of water.

The Beacon Hill Reservoir is a structure of massive stone masonry. Its exterior dimensions are, on Derne Street 199 feet and 3 inches; on Temple Street 182 feet and 11 inches; on Hancock Street 191 feet and 7 inches; and on the rear of Mount Vernon Street 206 feet and 5 inches. Its height, from the foundation to the top of the coping, exclusive of the railing, is, on Derne Street, 66 feet, and on the rear of Mount Vernon Street 43 feet. The foundation or substructure which is to support the basin, or reservoir, of water, rests on arches of immense strength, $14\frac{3}{4}$ feet span. The laternal basin walls which are to retain the water are 12 feet within the faces of the exterior walls on the streets. They are raised from the bottom of the reservoir or basin to the height of 15 feet and 8 inches, including 20 inches of coping. The contents of the basin is equal to 2,678,961 wine gallons, and its mean horizontal section equal to 28,014 square feet. The line or level, at this reservoir, corresponding to the maximum level of the water in the reservoir at Brookline, which is about 123 feet above marsh level, or high-water-mark, run about 7 inches on the coping, or 14 feet and 7 inches above the bottom of the basin; and the minimum level of the Brookline Reservoir 21 feet below this line. It must be apparent that whatever may be the height of water at Brookline, it must, when flowing, be a lower level on Beacon Hill. The difference in the height of water in the two reservoirs will vary with the supply and discharge.

On the northerly side of the reservoir are two granite tablets, on which are cut the following inscriptions: -

BOSTON WATER-WORKS.

BEOUN AUG: 1846. WATER INTRODUCED OCT: 1848. JOSIAH QUINCY, JR., MAYOR. COMMISSIONERS, JAMES F BALDWIN, THOMAS B. CURTIS.

BOSTON WATER-WORKS.

THE RESERVOIR COMPLETED NOV , 1849. JOHN P. BIGELOW, MAYOR. W S. WHITWELL, EAST DIV. E. S. CHESBROUGH, WEST DIV. JOHN B. JERVIS, CONSULTING.

The South Boston Reservoir is situated on Telegraph Hill, the old "Dorchester Heights." It is entered by a 20 inch pipe from the main in Tremont, through Dover Street, over the South Free Bridge. The water is about 16 feet deep, of the same height as Beacon Hill Reservoir, and it will contain 7,000,000 gallons.

Reservoir in an aqueduct, excepting 965 feet across the valley of Charles River, where are two parallel iron pipes of 30 inches in diameter. There are two tunnels, one in Newton of 2,410½ feet, and another in Brookline of 1,123½ feet. The former passes through a hill 86 feet below the surface, at its highest elevation. The aqueduct is built principally of brick masonry, in an oval, egg shape, 6 feet 4 inches in height by 5 feet in width, and has a gradual fall for the whole distance, including the pipe section, of 31 inches to the mile, nearly. With this fall, and a depth of 3 feet 10 inches of water, when the conduit is two-thirds full, it is estimated to convey 11,000,000 gallons per day. From the Brookline Reservoir it has been conveyed to the city in two main 36 inch iron pipes. A third main pipe is now added.

In May, 1851, the Cochituate Water Board purchased the property of the Jamaica Pond Aqueduct Company (excepting a small lot of land) for the sum of \$45,000. This transfer of property and interest, was made by a corporate act of the latter to and confirmed by the individual transfer of shares held. This purchase was recommended by the Water Commissioners in December, 1846, at a cost not exceeding \$80,000. The receipts of the Jamaica Pond Company had been of late years \$38,000 per annum and the net revenue \$22,000.

In order to supply every portion of the city with the Cochituate water, pipes have been laid from the Fitchburg Railroad depot (Haverhill Street) to East Boston. This has been accomplished by placing pipes under the Warren Bridge leading to Charlestown, across Charles River, and under Chelsea Bridge, across Mystie River; then led into other pipes leading through Charlestown and Chelsea, and thence to the reservoir at East Boston.

The main pipe for the supply of East Boston is 20 inches in diameter, and commences at Haymarket Square. It crosses Charles River on the lower side of the Warren Bridge, partly on independent pile work, passing the draw by means of an inverted syphon, which leaves sufficient space for the largest class of vessels that can pass this bridge. Thence it passes through the Square and Chelsea Street in Charlestown, and thence across Mystie River, on independent pile work, by the upper side of Chelsea Bridge. In passing this stream, two inverted syphons were placed opposite the draws in Chelsea Bridge, one near the Charlestown shore, and the other near the Chelsea shore. The latter leaves a clear space of 50 feet, which is considerably more than the width of the draw opposite. The enlargement was made on account of the possibility of a larger class of vessels being built at Medford than has been constructed there heretofore. The main then passes along The water is conveyed from the Lake to the Brookline the Salem Turnpike, and through Williams and Marginal Streets in Chelsea, and about 400 feet beyond the grounds of the United States Marine Hospital it turns and crosses Chelsea Creek to the reservoir on Eagle Hill. The channel of this creek is passed by a flexible pipe, instead of a pile bridge and syphon near the East Boston Free Bridge, as it was originally contemplated.

From the Report of the Cochituate Water Board to the City Council of Boston, for the year 1858, we gather the following information:—

The daily consumption of water during the year 1858, (as appears from the Engineer's Report), was 12,847,000 wine gallons. Estimating the number of inhabitants at 173,000, the daily individual consumption averaged 73 gallons.

The subject of meters has received a good share of the attention of the Board; and it is a pleasure to state that Worthington's meters, which have been tested to a considerable extent, bid fair to be reliable. Made of iron, they are subject to corrosion; but made of composition, they are thought to be unexceptionable. The use of meters in several cases appears to be indispensable, and it is thought best, in replenishing the stock of the city, that an article worthy of confidence, both in accuracy and durability, should be obtained.

The whole length of pipe of 4-inch and upwards, laid in the city, is now a little over 122 miles.

The number of new stopcocks is 21, making the whole number 1,046.

The number of service pipes laid during the year is 842, making the whole number 21,326,

New hydrants to the number of 23 have been established in the different parts of the city, making the whole number 1.331.

The whole amount received for water rents during the year has been \$303,934.73.

The number of water takers is now 22,414, being an increase during the year of 812—a greater increase than has occurred in any of the last four years.

A statement of receipts and expenditures during the last year, by the clerk of the Water Board, or service clerk, is annexed. The whole amount of expenditures appears to be \$76,006.01, including cost of laying pipes over the Dover Street Bridge, \$5,752.70, which should properly go to appropriation for Bridges. Of this, \$47,561.41 was for the extension of the Works, leaving \$28,444.60 as the amount of the expenses of this department for the last year — being less than the expenses of 1857 by \$1,733.30. This is quite an auspicious circumstance, that while the Works have been extended, the expense of taking care of them is diminished.

The usual elassification of the various water tenants has

been prepared in a condensed form, and a statement of the amount paid by each class, the whole being collated with similar tables for the preceding year, is here inserted:—

1858	1857	1858		1858	1857	1858
15,260	15,645	16,553	Dwelling Houses,	169,129.69	176,118.49	189,620.78
3,515	3,618	3,744	Stores, Shops, Offices, Cellars,			
			etc.,	26,542.93	27,983,78	30,047,13
426	520	404	Hotels, Restaurants, Saloons,	11,065.53	12,224,90	12.274.07
648	687	702	Stables,	8,207.10	8,029,10	8,704.94
8	9	8	Railroads,	8,681.68	7,532.05	7,162 32
3	2	3	Ferry Companies,	2,712.16		1,966,90
30	31	82	Steamhoats	4,865.71	4,666.81	
720	740	698	Hose,	2,192.00	2,260,00	2,132.00
1	1		Motive Power,	516.23	,	
84	84	80	Sugar Refineries, Distilleries,			
			Breweries and Bakeries,	10.202.25	9,622,73	9,231.76
4	S	3	Gas Companies	621.22	538.34	641.44
			Other Manufacturing Purposes,	22,857.08	20,618.10	20,069.33
			City Buildings and other City			
			uses,	3,777.72	4,165.78	4,158.81
			Public Buildings, Charitable In-			
			stitutions, etc.,	1,989.95	2,109,84	2,813.15
			Shipping Contract with Water-			-,
			man,	4,387.30	3,899,24	3,832.93
			Street Waterers,		,	422.00
			Street Waterers (in Roxbury),	100,00		
			Building Purposes,	1,085.05	1.039.96	1,727.95
			Other Purposes,	1,010.24	4,924.75	1,495.49
				230,034.44	988 564 55	201 140 49
				0001003132	200,002,00	0011740142

The Report gives the following exposition respecting the cost of the Water works:—

"It has been noticed that the City Auditor has for several years been accustomed to regard, in his annual report, the cost of the Water Works as the amount of the water debt. And this has continually increased, because there has been no surplus receipts from water rents to diminish it. It is respectfully submitted that this is confounding two quite distinct things.

"The water debt is contracted under provisions of the acts authorizing the city to bring the water into the city, which has some special provisions in relation thereto. By sections 11, 12 and 13 of the water acts, as condensed in the City Ordinauces, the city was authorized to issue water scrip to meet the whole cost of the enterprise. In section 14, it is further provided, that 'the said City Council may, whenever and so far as deemed necessary, issue and dispose of notes, scrip, or certificates of debt, to meet all payments of interest which may accrue upon any scrip by them issued: provided, however, that no scrip shall be issued for payment of interest as aforesaid, after the expiration of two years from the completion of said aqueducts and other works; but payment of all interest that shall accrue after that time, shall be made from the net income, rents, and receipts for the use of the water, if they shall be sufficient for the purpose; and if not, then the payment of the deficiency shall be otherwise provided for by the City Council.' That is, 'otherwise' than by disposition 'of notes, serip or certificates of debt.' So that it seems as if

the city was prohibited after two years from paying the accruing interest by loans in any shape whatever.

"In conformity with the provisions of this act limiting the water scrip (which is regarded as synonymous with water debt) to the cost of the Works, and interest thereon for two years after their 'completion,' the Water Board passed an order March 20, 1851, 'that the construction account of the Water Works be closed on the 30th April (then next ensuing), and the Works be then considered as finished, and all expenditures made after that time be charged to the current expenses of the year.'

"From this action it would appear that the cost of the Works, as it should appear on the 1st of May, 1851, with two years' interest added to the same, would, under the act, constitute the water debt, whether it should be sufficient to cover the cost of the Works or not; and if there should subsequently occur a deficiency, it should 'be otherwise provided for' than by loan.

"Now it appears from the Auditor's account, distributed to the citizens, that the water debt, or cost of the Works at that time, May 1, 1851, was \$4,948,363.97; add two years' interest at \$4.85 (the average rate on the scrip), viz., \$239,995.65×2=\$479,991.30, and the water debt is obtainviz., \$5,428,355.27. And this is a maximum sum, not liable to increase under any circumstances contemplated by the act, unless by what will be noticed presently. Now if that sum be, as represented, the water debt, the interest upon it for the last year is \$263,275 23, and the expenses of the Water Department, as above stated, are \$28,444.60, making a total of the interest and expenses \$291,719.83, while the water receipts have been \$303,931.73, or \$12,211.90 more than interest and expenses.

"It is not pretended that the sums here used are entirely accurate — there is not time or opportunity to make them so — but they are sufficiently accurate to illustrate the principle involved.

"The scope and intent of the act (the Board admit) would justify and require the amount of the cost of the Works, as exhibited May 1, 1851, to be augmented by the cost of Jamaica Pond aqueduct, which was subsequently paid for, and by such damages as were subsequently paid, but previously incurred. Then on the other hand, that sum should be diminished by the amount of sales since made, say of the Jamaica Pond works, the reservoir and lands in Marlborough, Boon Pond, and appendages, buildings, privileges, land and wood, in neighborhood of the Lake and along the line of aqueduct to Brookline. If these items were properly made up, added and substracted, it is believed that the cost would be diminished by an amount varying from \$25,000 to \$50,000.

"And further, if the amount spent for new pipe, over Dover Street Bridge, were carried to its proper account,

there would be \$12,213.18 + \$5,752.70 = \$17,965.88 more, as the result of this year's receipts, to go as an off-set for so much of the water-debt."

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER AND KINDS OF WATER FIXTURES, CONTAINED WITHIN THE PREMISES OF WATER TAKERS, IN THE CITY OF BOSTON, IN 1857 AND 1858.

1857. 1858.
4,434 4,326 Taps. These have no connection with any drain or sewer.

25,207 26,631 Sinks.

6,573 7,729 Wash-hand Basins.

2,941 3,334 Bathing Tubs. Most of these have shower baths attached.

2,765 3,327 Pan Water Closets.

3,215 3,845 Hopper Water Closets.

173 Self-acting Closets.

573 654 Urinals.

1,566 2,015 Wash Tubs. These are permanently attached to the buildings.

20 12 Shower Baths. In houses where there is no tub.

9 Rams.

585 612 Private Hydrants.

77 Slop Hoppers.

47,888 52,744

9

RATES CHARGED ANNUALLY, COMMENCING JAN. 1.

Every dwelling house occupied by one family, \$6; by two families, \$8; by three or more families, except model houses, so called, \$10; also \$1 on every \$1000 (or fraction over \$1000), above \$1000 taxation.

In addition to the foregoing rates, to each dwelling house in which a water closet or bathing tub is used, \$5.

Model Houses, so called, \$3 for each tenement.

Hotels, taverns, and boarding houses (said boarding houses being taxed at more than \$15,000), for each bed for boarders and lodgers \$2, not including water for baths, or for uses without the house; no hotel, tavern or boarding house to be charged less than if a private dwelling house.

Each tenement occupied as a store, warehouse, shop, office, or for purposes not included in any other classification, and not requiring a more than ordinary supply of water, \$6 to \$25, and also, for each water closet more than one, \$5; and for each urinal or wash hand basin more than one, \$2.50.

Every private stable, \$6; each horse over two \$2.

Every livery stable, for each horse \$2.

Every omnibus stable, for each horse \$1.50.

Every truckman's stable, for each horse \$1.25.

No stable to be charged less than \$5.

The right to attach a hose of not more than five-eighths of an inch orifice, for washing windows, or sprinkling streets, in addition to the charge for other uses, not less than \$3; no hose to be attached, or used in any stable for

washing horses or carriages, or any other purpose whatever, except for extinguishing fires.

Refectories, confectioneries, eating houses, market, and fish stalls, provision shops, refreshment and oyster saloons, according to the quantity of water used — from \$6 to \$50.

Public baths, for each tub \$5.

Every printing office, according to the number of presses used, not including the supplying of a steam engine, from \$6 to \$40.

Every stationary steam engine working not over twelve hours a day, for each horse power \$6.

Every Railroad Corporation, for supply of locomotive engine, according to the quantity used, as ascertained by metres or otherwise, and also for supply of passenger stations.

Every steamboat, half a cent for each ton, Custom House measurement, at every time the water is used.

For building purposes, every cask of lime or cemeut used 5 cts.

Large quantities to Brewers, Distillers, and for other uses not specified under specific regulations, when the estimated average quantity consumed is less than 500 gallons per day, for each 100 gallons estimated daily consumption, \$15 per year; 500 to 1000 gallons \$12; 1000 to 2000 gallons \$10; 2000 to 10,000 gallons \$8. When the quantity used exceeds 10,000 gallons the price is fixed by the Water Register, but in no case at less than one cent the 100 gallons.

Fountains are only to be supplied with water at the discretion of the Cochituate Water Board; and are charged upon the estimated quantity used each day, for each 100 gallons' daily eonsumption, \$3 per year.

When water is required for purposes which are not specified in the foregoing tariff, the rates are fixed by the Cochituate Water Board.

Whenever two or more dwelling houses, or other estates, are valued together, for the assessment of taxes, it is the duty of the Water Registrar, under the direction of the Cochituate Water Board, to make a separate valuation of the same; and whenever a portion only of any estate is justly chargeable for any water rate, it is the duty of the Water Registrar to make a proper valuation of the said portion; and the Water Rates apply to such valuation.

The Cochituate Water Board have power to ascertain by metres the quantity of water used in any case; and the proprietors, or persons having charge of hotels, taverus, and boarding houses shall also have power to place within their premises, at their own expense, a sufficient water metre, to be approved by the Water Registrar, for the purpose of measuring the quantity of water by them respectively used. And when in any case the quantity used is so ascertained and measured, the Cochituate Water Board

may establish a water rate therefor, provided that the rates in no case be less than that charged to railroads, and other business requiring a large supply, for uses not specified under specific regulations.

The Cochituate Water Board have power to establish such regulations as they may deem expedient for the construction of water closets; the water not to be applied to any building unless water closets be made conformable to said regulations.

No charge is made for the right to insert a pipe of not more than one inch in diameter, at the expense of the water-taker, to be used only in case of fire.

N. B. The city reserve to itself the right, whenever it shall be deemed necessary, in order to keep up the supply of water for domestic purposes, to stop the supply granted for any other purposes.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO WATER TAKERS.

- 1. All persons taking the water, are required to keep the service pipes within their premises, including any area beneath the sidewalk, together with stop cocks and apparatus, in good repair, and protected from frost, at their own expense; and they will be held liable for all damages which may result from their failure to do so.
- 2. They are also required to prevent all unnecessary waste of water.
- 3. The Water Registrar may enter the premises supplied, to examine the pipes and fixtures, and to ascertain whether there is any unnecessary waste.
- 4. No alteration is allowed to be made in the pipes or fixtures inserted by the Board, except by their agents.
- 5. No water is allowed to be supplied to other parties not entitled to the use of it by the terms of these regulations, unless by special permission.
- 6. Use of the hand hose is restricted to one hour before 8 o'clock, A. M., and one hour after sunset.

FOUNTAINS.

A number of beautiful Fountains lend their attractions to the general gratification on public and other occasions. But the enormous consumption, or rather waste, of water so prevalent in the city, leads the authorities to restrict the flow of the public Fountains to special occasions.

There are Fountains in the following locations:-

The Common. Chester Square. Front of Dr. Lowell's Church. Haymarket Square. Exeter Place. Ashlaud Place. State House Grounds. The Public Garden. Union Park. Blackstone Square. Franklin Square.

The Fountain on the Common contains fourteen jets. The solid jet of three inches in diameter will throw the water, under favorable circumstances, to the height of

That of six inches attains to not much ninety-eight feet. over eighty feet. There is an intermediate one of four inches. A fourth, with the whole breadth of twelve inches, reaches but about forty feet. Then there are two hollow jets, one inclined to an angle, and the other vertical. The former of these is contrived to play against the wind. The other, when its plate is screwed on but loosely, tapers as it first rises, and expands afterwards to its original width. The effect of this may not be considerable, but it is curious and pleasing. The cross, one of the very finest of the patterns, divides its stream into four lateral branches, at right angles with each other; and the willow rejoices in nineteen divisions. The lily is a beautiful figure, composed of three side jets representing the petals, and an upright centre one representing the pointal of the flower.

[From the Boston Daily Advertiser of March 30, 1859]

DISASTER TO THE COCHITUATE AQUEDUCT!

"About half-past six o'clock yesterday morning, a serious aecident happened to the aqueduet conveying the waters of Lake Cochituate to this city, which will certainly limit our supply of fresh water for several days, and will eause great inconvenience to the largest consumers, and be attended with a heavy expense to the eity.

"At the point where the aqueduct strikes the Charles river, at the boundary between Needham and Newton, after considerable discussion as to the manner in which the river should be crossed, the following plan was finally adopted:-On the West, or Needham side, an embankment sixty feet high was raised, which was erowned with a gate-house of so id granite. Beneath this embankment, on the border of the river, the water leaves the subterranean duet of masonry which it has hitherto followed, and is earried to the opposite shore by means of two parallel iron syphons, 30 inches in diameter, resting upon an arched bridge. On the eastern bank the duet begins again, and continues to the grand reservoir at Brookline.

"It would almost seem as if the people of Boston, meeting with the Cochituate at every turn, 'free as air,' had come to think that it was as inexhaustible as that element, for it is notorious that the waste of the now precious fluid has been enormous. To off-set this waste, the aqueduet has been strained to its utmost capacity, and doubtless the strain proved too great in the neighborhood of this catastrophe.

"It is probable that there had been a leak in the aqueduet for some time, and that the escaping water had been gradually undermining the embankment. Yesterday morning the bank gave way, and, withthe heavy gate-house at its summit, slid into the bed of the river Charles. As the water rushed forth, it undermined the embankment and the masonry of the aqueduct, eausing them to continue to fall, actually in the Brookline reservoir, the greatest capacity of

until at last a deep ravine, about sixty feet wide and nearly eighty feet deep, had been formed, which extended back from the river a distance of nearly two hundred feet. The vast amount of water and gravel poured into the river eaused it to rise so suddenly as to overflow its banks, and to seriously damage the adjoining farm of Mr. A. C. Curtis. The mills at Newton Lower Falls were also stopped by the over-abundance of water.

"The seene of the disaster yesterday was picturesque in the extreme. It was as if some grand convulsion had oceurred, overturning the work of man and giving the face of nature a wild, primeval appearance. The seene was visited by thousands of people, among whom were the President and other members of the Water Board, the Mayor, President of the Common Council, City Engineer, the Superintendents of the two divisions of the Aqueduct, members of the City Government, &c. Mr. E. F. Knowlton, Superintendent of the Western Division of the Water Works, who resides at Newton Lower Falls, immediately despatched a messenger to the office of the Water Board in this city, and at once proceeded two miles up the line of the works to the nearest gate, which he shut, thus stopping the further flow of water from the Lake. Word was also sent to Mr. A. Stanwood, in this city, Superintendent of the Eastern Division of the Works, and he immediately repaired to the seene, where he met James Slade, Esq., City Engineer. A brief consultation was held, and Mr. Stanwood was despatched to Brookline, where a large gang of men were at work on the new main, whom he forthwith sent to the break, to repair damages.

"Hon. John H. Wilkins, President of the Water Board, gives the opinion that a temporary arrangement can be effeeted, by which the flow of water can be resumed in three or four days. It will occupy a much longer time to complete the permanent repairs. Meantime the heaviest consumers, as the sugar refiners, distillers, &e., will have to suspend operations, and it behaves everybody to exercise the strictest economy. The following notice was issued yesterday morning: -

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Owing to a breach in the Aqueduet at Newton Lower Falls, it becomes a matter of the most urgent necessity that every water taker shall use Cochituate water with the utmost economy. The high service will be exposed to imminent suffering, unless those upon the lower parts of the eity use the utmost moderation in their consumption.

> JOHN II. WILKINS, President of the Cochituate Water Board.

"The supply of water will be limited to the amount now

which is 100,000,000 gallons, but is probably not more than three-quarters full. The water in the city reservoirs will be held back for use in case of a great fire or other emergency. The capacity of the Beacon Hill reservoir is 2,678,961 gallons; of the South Boston reservoir, 7,000,000 gallons; and of the East Boston reservoir, 5,591,816 gallons. The average daily consumption of water during the last year was 12,847,000 gallons."



We append the following extracts from the Boston Daily Advertiser of April 1, 1859, presenting statements and conclusions of noteworthy value, respecting this memorable calamity:

"WATER. - The possibility that the supply of water may be eut off from our eity in a few days, is just near enough to show the value of a blessing, which has now become so familiar that its importance is scarcely realized, and to enforce a practical lesson of economy, which the Water Board have for years taught in vain. We trust that every water-taker in Boston now feels - as every one ought to feel - that he owes it as a duty to the community to practice rigid economy in the use of Cochituate water, in accordance with the request of the Water Board and of the Mayor. We know very well that it is not easy to bring home to each individual his share of a responsibility which he shares with many thousands of other persons, but still there is such a responsibility resting upon every person who now draws from the limited supply upon which we must depend until the injury to the aqueduct is repaired. We hope that every one will use as much eaution and forethought in avoiding and preventing any waste as if he could see the very family or person from whom his

negligence or wastefulness may, a few days hence, be instrumental in withholding the supply of this necessary of life.

"During the last year, the consumption of water in this city was about 73 gallons daily for every inhabitant, while the works were built with the expectation, justified by the experience of other cities, that 30 gallons would be an ample supply. For a short time after the introduction of the water, the consumption did not greatly exceed the estimate, but since that time it has rapidly increased, in spite of the constant warnings of the Water Board, and obviously without any necessity, until it has reached a point which twelve years ago was regarded as beyond the range of probability.

"It is now stated that the Brookline reservoir, at the time of the accident, contained 120,000,000 gallons; which, at the recent rate of consumption, at this season of the year, would searcely last nine days. It is quite likely that the mischief may be repaired within that time; but, still, it is hardly necessary to dwell upon the imprudence of calculating upon any exact period for the completion of such a work. Accidents may retard it, it may be found more difficult than has been anticipated, and a variety of circumstances, not now to be foreseen, may delay the renewal of our supply from the lake. By limiting the consumption of water for each person to the amount used when the works were first opened, or to the amount which it was estimated that each person would use when the works were planned, the Brookline reservoir could be easily made to hold out for three weeks at least, and give ample time for repairing the injuries in a thorough and satisfactory manner. Surely it is no great hardship for our citizens to exercise sufficient care to effect this moderate reduction of the daily consumption, in order to escape a complete cutting off of the supply.

"We must remark that it is to the want of a proper economy in the use of water, that the late disaster seems chiefly to be owing. It was intended when the aqueduct was built, that the depth of water flowing in it should not exceed four feet and four inches.

"The consumption of water has been so much greater than was expected, that during the last year the City Engineer in his report says, that 'the least water that has been run through it has been one foot six inches more than was originally designed'; for 143 days it was just full, and for 45 days there was a head, 'varying from two inches to one foot eight inches.' In 1857, there was a head for 187 days 'varying from four inches to two feet eight inches.' It is to this immense pressure, carried far beyond the limit which the aqueduct was intended to bear, and eaused by needless and culpable waste, that we may attribute, in good measure, the present difficulty."

[From the Boston Journal]

"THE CITY FATHERS PATRONIZE LAKE COCHITUATE — THEIR PILGRIMAGE AND ITS INCIDENTS. — Mayor Lincoln and a large number of gentlemen of both branches of the City Council, members of the Water Board, City Engineer, and officers of the Fire Department, accompanied by ex-Mayors Josiah Quincy, Jr., and J. V. C. Smith, together with a number of ex-officials of less repute, and many guests which it would be found difficult to classify, improved the beautiful weather of yesterday, for earrying out that well established annual institution - a visit to Lake Coehituate. A special train took the company to the spot. At the house of Mr. Knowlton, Superintendent of the Works, a collation and rest from a long tramp were enjoyed. The party then made an inspection of the new gate-house, which is in process of construction at the entrance of the viaduct, and which, together with the edge wall for the raising of the water of the lake, will be completed in two months. These improvements, it is said, will increase the capacity of the works for supplying the city, twenty-five per centum. The shores of the lake are freed from brushwood and litter, and appear to be in neater condition than ever before.

"The work of digging out the bed of Charles River at Newton Lower Falls, which was filled in with gravel by the accident to the water works of last Spring, is still going on, proving a more serious undertaking than was at first anticipated, and probably a month or more will elapse before the work is completed. It is thought, however, the whole expense, damages included, will not exceed \$12,000.

"After another brief season of refreshing at the house of the superintendent, the party left by special train for Newton Lower Falls, where, J B. Smith having gone before them, a fine dinner was served. While this last repast was in preparation, one member of the party might have been seen retracing the track of the railroad to secure a lost 'Panama,' which was found quietly airing itself on the sunny slope of an embankment half a mile behind. In the meantime another member of the party might have been seen in pursuit of a frog wherewith to decoy to his hook a tempting looking pickerel, and which astonishing to relate, did reward his skilful angle.

"From Newton the party proceeded to the Brookline reservoir, and observed the admirable operation of the cylindrical strainers, by which means small fish and vegetable fungi from the viaduct are not only prevented from going into the pipes, but are brought to the surface, and then casily removed from the water.

"The new main from Brookline to Boston is rapidly constructing; 600 feet were laid on Thursday. One quarter of its whole length has been laid, and it is thought the entire work will be completed by the first of November."

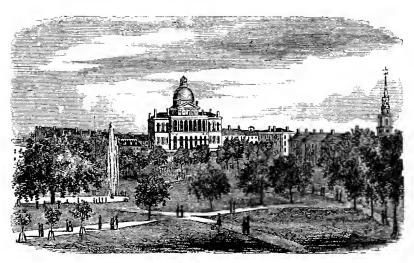
PUBLIC SQUARES.

BOSTON COMMON.

The first record relating to the Common is in 1640, as follows: Agreed from theneeforth, there shall no land be granted for house plots or gardens to any person, out of the open ground or Common field, which is left between the Centry Hill and Mr. Colbourne's except 3 or 4 feet to make up the street from brother Robert Malborn's, to the pound mouth. 1733, Trees planted in the Common, and a row of posts and rails ordered to be set up, and continued through the Common, from the Burying place to Col. Fitch's fence; leaving openings at the several streets and lanes. 1734, Voted, that the additional row of trees to be planted in the Common shall be on the west side of those already planted there, from the Burying Ground to Mr. Sheaffe's, and at such distance from the other row as the selectmen shall think fit. 1739, Street fenced out from Common Street to Beacon Street.

From 1734, the mall was used with two rows of trees for the recreation of the citizens until 1775, when many of the trees were cut down, and used by the British troops, together with the fences, for fuel. Upon the evacuation of the town by the British, and after the return of its citizens, a third row of trees was planted, and a fence of substantial posts and rails erected, the expense defrayed by subscription obtained by the exertion of Oliver Smith, Esq., and the work done under his direction. In 1794, a large field, south of the Common, was purchased by the town, of William Foster, Esq., and the mall was continued to Boylston Street.

About 1800, Charles Street was formed over the marsh land from Pleasant Street to Beacon Street, the expense defrayed principally by subscription obtained by the exertion of Charles Bulfinch, Esq., then Chairman of the Selectmen. The malls on Park Street and on Beacon Street were formed and planted in 1815, by the selectmen; the expense



BOSTON COMMON.

in part defrayed from the balance remaining on hand from the subscription for the defence of the town.

The mall on Charles Street was formed and planted and the crescent pond improved by direction of Josiah Quiney, Esq., Mayor of the city. Several transverse paths were formed, and their borders planted with trees under direction of T. Lyman, Esq., Mayor.

In 1836, the fences had so far gone to decay, as made it necessary to renew them, when it was determined by the city authorities to surround the whole Common with an iron fence; this was effected with great elegance and remarkable dispatch, with massive granite piers to the gates, and a rich iron paling, at the expense of \$\$2,500. \$17,000 of it was raised by subscription by the exertion of J. P. Bradley, Esq., from gentlemen residing in the vicinity. This work was completed, to the honor of all engaged in it, under the Mayoralty of S. T. Armstrong, Esq.; and this beautiful spot more than ever decorated and secured for the use and recreation of our citizens

			~							Feet.
The mall and fences of	n	Tr	em	ont	St	tre	et,			1677
On Park Street, .										429
" Beacon Street,										1611
" Charles Street, .										1400
" Boylston Street.										750
										5867

being one mile and one tenth in circuit, and enclosing 55 acres.

Attempts to possess the Common have been made at different times. In one instance, a citizen petitioned for half an acre for a building lot, but these attempts were all un-

successful. We may be permitted to record an act which came very near making it private property. The proprietors of the Rope Walks, in 1795, had the misfortune to have their property burned. The town generously offered them that portion of the Common which is now the Public Garden, rent free, for rebuilding, which offer was accepted. In 1819, the rope walks were again destroyed by fire, and the owners proposed to cut the land into building lots and sell it. To this the citizens strongly objected, and so intense was public feeling upon the subject, that it was left to referees, and as it appeared that the proprietors of the walks had ground for their claim, they were awarded the sum of \$50,000 to relinquish it, which the town authorities paid.

A clause was inserted in the City Charter, making the Common public property for ever, and placing it beyond the power of the city to dispose of it.

The Malls are wide, gravelled, and smooth, and are deemed the most delightful promenade grounds in the world. They are beautifully shaded by majestic elms and other trees, to the number of upwards of one thousand, some of which were planted over a hundred years ago.

The time-honored elm still stands, the most significant and attractive of all, and crowds on all public days pay it a special visit. It has been strengthened by the aid of art, and it is inclosed by a fence to prevent its admirers from plucking a remembrancer from its rough exterior. By its side lies the frog-pond, but not the one of yore. Cochituate Lake now pours her glistening stream upon its rocky bed, and its waters leap and seem to laugh for joy that they have come to visit the far-famed garden of liberty. The wants of visitors have been anticipated, and, to give all the privi-

lege of drinking the pure beverage, hydrants have been placed in different parts of the Common.

In early times the name of "Crescent Pond" was given to this sheet of water, and it has been known as "Quiney Lake," but none have been in so common use as that of "Frog Pond," which now claims precedence only by custom.

The Great Elm, for which the public authorities, from one age to another, have manifested a becoming regard, was probably planted by an ancestor of Governor Hancock's family, a Deacon Henchman. Many believe it is a native of the spot where it has grown to its present dimensions. Its age can never be satisfactorily ascertained, as the trunk was hollow many years, so that boys actually went in and out at pleasure, according to tradition, within fifty or sixty years. The concentric circles marking its growth are, therefore, obliterated. In height, the Great Elm is not far from 65 feet; extent of its branches, laterally, about 90 feet; and its girth, a little above the ground, nearly 22 feet.

It is difficult, also, to determine, with certainty, the age of the large trees on the Tremont side of the Common. Opposite the Granary Cemetery, the row of English Elms are said, on the authority of the late Major Bumstead, to have been planted in the year 1762, by Mr. Adino Paddock and Mr. John Ballard. Several of them measure nine feet in circumference, four feet from the ground.

The Jinko-Tree, a native of the East Indies, to be seen on the northerly side of the Common, nearly opposite Belknap Street, is said to have been introduced into Boston by Captain Isaiah Doane, from China, not far from fifty years ago. It was planted in his garden, which subsequently became the estate of the late Gardner Greene, Esq. The site of that garden is now Pemberton Square. When it was levelled, in 1834, to make the present improvements, the Jinko-Tree was purchased by the city and transplanted on the Common. For several years it seemed to languish so much that its life was quite despaired of; but it has become vigorous, and promises to be both a favorite and a curiosity.

THE PUBLIC GARDEN.

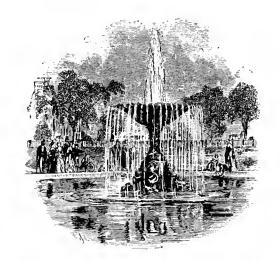
Opposite the lower portion of the Common, adjoining Charles Street, is the Public Garden. Beyond the Garden, toward the sonth-west, extends the Back Bay property, which is described in a subsequent page. In consequence of the vexed questions respecting the final disposition of the vast and complicated interests involved in the Back Bay property, but little progress has been made in the adornment of the Public Garden. These questions are all finally adjusted, and by an act of the Legislature, accepted by a vote of the citizens of Boston, the prescribed territory is to

remain open to the public use forever, being liable only to the occupancy of public edifices.

To Mayor Rice is due, in an eminent degree, the credit of measures, which at last resulted in removing the maze of difficulties, that for so long a time continued these open wastes. His enterprising efforts have received their reward in a comprehensive success; and although the city, in some of the minor details of final adjustment, may not have realized its full and reasonable desires, the vigilant devotion of Mayor Lincoln and his associates in the City Councils, to the interests at stake, is placed clearly in the record.

We may now hope to see a rapid progress in the maturing of those arrangements, which shall give to the public eye a feast of beauty, equally grateful and elevating to the taste.

BLACKSTONE SQUARE, on the west side of Washington Street, beyond No. 773, containing 105,000 feet of land, and now laid out with young trees, will soon be an ornament to this portion of the city. The fence is constructed of iron, and has a length of about 1,300 feet; the cost of which was \$5,000. Of this sum \$2,000 were contributed by the property holders or residents around the Square.



Franklin Square is opposite Blackstone Square, and contains the same quantity of ground, and is improved in the same style as the former. A Cochitnate fountain is provided in the centre of each square, at a cost of \$750 each, exclusive of the pipe and vase.

CHESTER SQUARE, near Northampton and Tremont Streets, contains 59,664 feet of land, with an iron railing 987 feet in length. The entire cost of this substantial fence was \$4,000, and that of the fountain about \$1,000. Northampton Street enters Washington Street at No. 798.

UNION PARK, formerly known as Weston Street, between Suffolk and Tremont Streets. It contains about 16,000 feet of land, liberally ornamented with trees, walks, and a Cochituate fountain.

WORCESTER SQUARE is another public improvement, located between Washington Street and Harrison Avenue.

The Square in front of Dr. Lowell's Church, corner

of Cambridge and Lynde Streets, has been recently rearranged. It is now surrounded by a heavy iron fence, 369½ feet long, which cost about \$5,000.

LOUISBURG SQUARE opens from Pinckney Street to Mount Vernon Streets.

Other tasteful grounds occasionally meet the view in various parts of the city. The City Hall in School Street, Ashland Place, Exeter Place, etc., may be stated. May their pleasing influences grow and continue.

STATUES OF DISTINGUISHED MEN.

Boston and its suburbs will, at the present rate of increase, soon become notable for its statues of distinguished men. The following is a list of those which have already been erected:—

Washington (by Chantrey), in marble, at the State House.

Webster (by Powers), in bronze, State House Grounds.

FRANKLIN (by Greenough), in bronze, School Street. BEETHOVEN (by Crawford), in bronze, Music Hall.

Bowditch (by Ball Hughes), in bronze, at Mount Auburn.

WARREN (by Dexter), in marble, Bunker Hill.

JUDGE STORY (by Story), in marble, Mount Auburn Chapel.

Governor WINTHROP (by Greenough), in marble, Mount Auburn Chapel.

JAMES OTIS (by Crawford,) in marble, Mount Auburn Chapel.

JOHN ADAMS (by Rogers), in Mount Auburn Chapel. HOSEA BALLOU, Mount Auburn.

Measures are also in progress for the crection of an equestrian Statue of Washington.

MEMORABLE LOCALITIES AND INTERESTING NOTES.

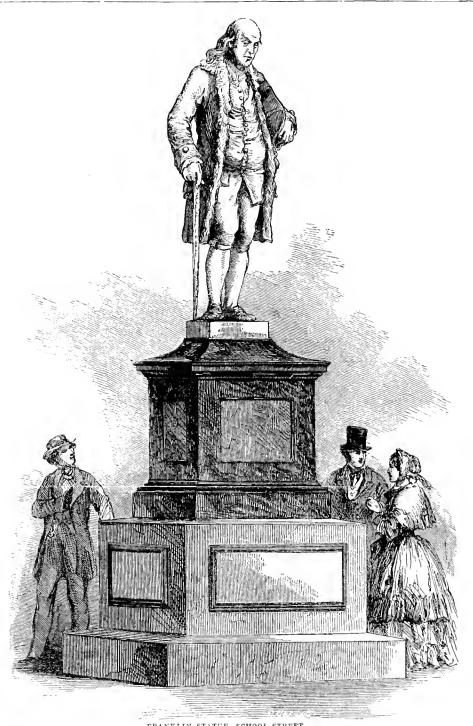
THE BIRTHPLACE OF FRANKLIN.

The following description of the house in which Franklin was born is taken from the "Franklin Statue Memorial," and is from the pen of Dr. Nathaniel B. Shurtleff.

"After leaving Washington Street, and proceeding a short distance into Milk Street, on the right hand, or southerly, side, will be noticed a lofty warehouse, built of granite in a durable form and manner, and bearing, in raised letters beneath its cornice, 'Birthplace of Franklin.' This building occupies the site of the old wooden house which tradition, supported by good testimony, asserts to be that in which Boston's most distinguished son was born, on the sixth of January, 1705-6, according to the old style of reckoning time, as entered in the town book of the records of births.

"The main house resembled in form many of the tenements of the olden time which have been preserved till now. Its front upon the street was rudely clapboarded, and the sides and rear were protected from the inclemencies of a New England elimate by large rough shingles. On the street it measured about twenty feet; and on the sides, (the westerly of which was bounded by the passageway and contained the doorway, approached by two steps,) the extreme length of the building, including a wooden leanto used as a kitchen, was about thirty feet. In height the house was three stories, the upper being an attic, which presented a pointed gable towards the street. In front, the second story and attic projected somewhat into the street over the principal story on the ground floor.

"On the lower floor of the main house there was one room only. This, which probably served the Franklins as a parlor



FRANKLIN STATUE, SCHOOL STREET.

and sitting-room, and also for the family eating-room, was about twenty feet square, and had two windows upon the street; and it had, also, one upon the passage-way, so near the corner as to give the inmates a good view of Washington Street, from which an aged lady, now living, remembers well to have seen Washington pass through that street in his last visit to the town. Besides these windows there had been others in the days of its early proprietors which opened upon the easterly side of the honse, the seats of which were retained until the destruction of the building. In the centre of the southerly side of the room was one of those noted large fireplaces, situated in a most capacious chimney, which are so well remembered as among the comforts of old houses; on the left of this was a spacious closet, and on the right the door, communicating with a small entry in which were the stairs to the rooms above and to the cellar, the latter of which was accessible to the street through one of the old-fashioned cellar doors, situated partly in the side

"On the ground floor, connecting with the sitting-room through the entry, was situated the kitchen, in a tenfoot addition to the rear part of the main building. The only windows from this part of the house looked back upon a vacant lot of land in the extreme rear of the lot which served as a yard and garden plat.

"The second story originally contained but one chamber, and in this the windows, door, fireplace and closet, were similar in number and position to those in the parlor beneath it. Some of the later tenants divided this room by a wooden partition, forming a small bedroom of the westerly portion, which received light only through the side window facing Washington Street.

"The attic was also, originally, one unplastered room, and had a window in front on the street, and two common attic windows, one on each side of the roof, near the back part of it. This room was, also, at an unknown time, divided by a partition into two apartments, one in front and the other in the rear.

"Sneh was, undoubtedly, the condition and appearance of the house at the time when the parents of Franklin dwelt within its walls, with their large family of children, several of whom received their first light beneath its roof; and such it continue'l about one hundred years after the Franklin's left it for a honse of their own, which stood at the corner of Union and Hanover Streets, and which was known by the name of the 'Blue Ball' until it was taken down on the 10th of November, 1858, to widen Union Street.

"But this old and much-honored building, though it had stood from the colonial period of Massachusetts history, through the provincial, and had withstood the effects of the revolution, nevertheless was destroyed at last, on Saturday,

the twenty-ninth of December, 1810. by fire communicated to it from the livery stable then situated at the corner of Hawley Street, and kept by Stephen L. Soper. At the time of the fire the house was owned and occupied by Mr. John S. Lillie, whose son, Mr. Thomas J. Lillie, was born in it, and remembers well every particular about the house, its interesting traditions, and final destruction. It was at this time that the Old South Meeting-house took fire, and was saved by the exertions of our aged fellow citizen, Isaae Harris, Esq., for which he received a silver testimonial"

THE LIBERTY TREE.

An Elm Tree, at the commencement of the American Revolution, stood in front of a grocery shop, which now makes the corner of Essex and Washington Streets, of great interest and notoriety. It was a wide spreading, beautiful object; and, from an early period in the history of Boston, was the centre of Sonth-End business. Several large elms grew near by, and the place was ealled the neighborhood of the Elms. August 14, 1765, this particular tree was selected for exposing the effigies of those men who had favored the passage of the odious stamp-act. On the 11th of September, a copperplate, 3 feet 6 inches by 2 feet 6 inches, was fixed to the trunk, bearing this inscription, in golden letters - THE TREE OF LIBERTY. Ever after. nearly all the great political meetings of the sons of liberty, were held in the square, under its waving boughs. The British made it an object of ridicule. They tarred and feathered one Ditson, whom the soldiers obliged to March in front of this tree.

During the siege of Boston, about the last of Angust, 1775, one Job Williams was the leader of a party which cut it down. It was planted in 1646, and stood 119 years, and finally, says the Pemberton manuscript, "bore the first fruits of liberty in America."

Hitherto the altereations between the people and those in authority, had been limited to angry words and language of defiance; but now the union for liberty was to be cemented by blood. The first victim was a boy of eleven years of age, named Christopher Snyder. He was killed by one Ebenezer Richardson, known as the informer, who had created a riot by attempting to pull down a pole on the top of which the faces of several importers were carved. He was killed on the 23d of February, and buried on the 26th. All the friends of liberty were invited to attend the funeral of this little hero and first martyr to the noble cause ! The corpse was set down under the Tree of Liberty. The coffin bore several inscriptions. On the foot, "Latat anguis in herba"; on each side, "Hæret lateri lethalis arundo"; and on the head, "Innocentia nnequam tuta." Four or five hundred school-boys preceded the body; six of the child's playfellows bore the pall. After the relatives, followed a

train of thirteen hundred inhabitants on foot, and the procession was closed by thirty chariots and chaises. A week after this event, the Boston Massacre occurred.

THE BOSTON MASSACRE.

This memorable event occurred in King Street, now State Street, in front of the present Merchants' Bank Building.

It originated in an attempt of three or four young men to force a passage by a sentinel, in which one of them received a slight wound. This encounter soon attracted a erowd, a part of which threatened an attack upon the sentinel at the Custom-House. On the alarm being given, a sergeant and six men were sent to his support; and the commander of the guard, Captain Thomas Preston, upon being informed of this, followed to prevent mischief. By this time the bells were rung, and people collected from all quarters. The soldiers were soon surrounded by men armed with clubs, and pressing close upon them, while those at a distance threw sticks of wood, snowballs, and pieces of ice at them. The erowd defied them to fire. Finally, thinking the order was given, they fired in succession from right to left. Three citizens were killed instantly, two received mortal wounds, and several were more or less injured. Upon this, the number increased to four or five thousand, and most of the troops were called out, or got under arms-Several officers were knocked down by the mob, and one very much injured. It was with difficulty that the Lieuenant-Governor, at the head of the 29th Regiment, persuaded the people to retire. A body of a hundred men, composed of some of the most distinguished inhabitant, remained and organized themselves into a Citizen's Guard. Captain Preston surrendered himself, and was committed to prison that night. The eight soldiers were committed the next day. At eleven o'clock in the morning of the next day, a town-meeting was held, and a committee was appointed to wait on the Lieutenant-Governor and Colonel Dalrymple, to express to them the opinion of the town, that it was impossible for the soldiers and inhabitants to live in safety together, and to urge the immediate removal of the former. The answer to this application not being satisfactory, the committee were sent back to the Lieutenant-Governor, armed with a more urgent remonstrance. After some cavils, the Lieutenant-Governor offered to remove one of the regiments, when Samuel Adams promptly replied: "If the Lieutenant-Governor, or Colonel Dalrymple, or both together, have authority to remove one regiment, they have authority to remove two; and nothing short of a total evacuation of the town by all the regular troops, will satisfy the public mind and preserve the peace of the province." Hutchinson, by the advice of the Council, complied

with this demand, and both regiments were removed to the Castle in less than fourteen days. The funeral so'emnities which followed the *massacre* brought together a great concourse of people. The four bodies were deposited in one grave.

The anniversary of the Boston massaere was commemorated the following year, and the first of the "Boston Orations" was delivered by Master James Lovell.

In November, 1772, the following proceedings took place at a town-meeting: —

"It was then moved by Mr. Samuel Adams, that a Committee of Correspondence be appointed, to consist of twenty-one persons,—to state the Right of these Colonists, and of this Province in particular, as men, as Christians, and as subjects: to communicate and publish the same to the several towns in this province and to the world, as the sense of this town, with the infringements and violations thereof, that have been, or from time to time may be, made. Also requesting of each town a free communication of their sentiments on this subject; and the question being accordingly put, passed in the affirmative, nem. con.

"Also voted, that James Otis, S. Adams, Joseph Warren, Dr. B. Church, Wm. Dennie, William Greenleaf, Joseph Greenleaf, Thomas Young, Wm. Powell, Nath. Appleton, Oliver Wendell, John Sweetser, Josiah Quiney, Jr., John Bradford, Richard Boynton, William Mackay, Nath. Barber, Caleb Daxis, Alex. Hill, Wm. Molineux, and Robert Pierpont, be, and hereby are, appointed a committee for the purpose aforesaid, and that they be desired to report to the town as soon as may be."

town as soon as any oc-

THE TEA-PARTY AND ITS RESULTS.

The English East India Company having obtained a license to export a quantity of tea to America, free from the payment of any customs or duties whatsoever, despatched the ship Dartmouth, which arrived in Boston on the 28th of November, 1773, with one hundred and twelve chests of tea.

Information of the intention of the company had been received long before the arrival of this ship, and caucuses were held in various parts of the town, to induce the consignees to make a public resignation of their commissions. The day after the arrival of the Dartmouth, the following notice was circulated in Boston and the neighboring towns:—

"Friends, Brethren, Countrymen!

"That worst of plagues, the detested TEA, shipped for this port by the East India Company, is now arrived in this harbor. The hour of destruction, or manly opposition to the machinations of Tyranny, stares you in the face. Every friend to his country, to himself, and to posterity, is now called upon to meet at Faneuil Hall, at nine o'clock, this day (at which time the bells will ring), to make a united and successful resistance to this last, worst, and most destructive measure of administration.

" Boston, Nov. 29, 1773.

The number of people brought together by this notice was immense, and the meetings were continued by adjournment during this and the following day. A watch was appointed to prevent the lauding of the tea, and it was "Voted, that it is the determination of this body to carry their votes and resolutions into execution at the risk of their lives and property,"

Another ship arrived on the 1st of December, and a brig about the same time. No preparation having been made by the owners and consignees for the departure of the vessels, another and fuller meeting was held on Thursday, the 16th of December, which remained in sessiou, with a short recess, until five o'clock in the afternoon. A refusal having been received at that time from the Governor of a permit for the vessels to pass the Castle, the meeting broke up with most admired disorder, and the multitude rushed to Griffin's wharf. Thirty men, disguised as Indians, went on board the ships with the tea. In less than two hours, two hundred and forty chests and one hundred balf-chests were staved and emptied into the dock. The affair was conducted without tumult, and no injury was done to the vessels, or the remaining cargo. No opposition was made to this adventure by the ships of war or the troops. The names of the adventurers have never been made known. This act led to the determination to subdue America by force of arms. On the 31st of March, 1774, the king gave his assent to the Boston Port Bill. On the 31st of May, the town passed the following vote: -

"Voted, That it is the opinion of this town that if the other colonies come into a joint resolution to stop all importations from Great Britain and exportations to Great Britain the same will prove the salvation of North America and her liberties. On the other hand, if they continue their exports and imports, there is high reason to fear that fraud, power, and the most edious oppression will rise triumphant over right, justice, social happiness, and freedom. And ordered, That this vote he transmitted by the Moderator to all our sister colonies in the name and behalf of this town."

General Gage arrived the same day, and on the 1st of June the Custom-House was closed. The solemoity of these sad times was increased by the occurrence of a fire, on the 10th of August, in which several persons perished. The new charter made it unlawful to hold any town-meetings, but the people of the country assembled at Dedham, and afterwards at Milton.

At the close of the year 1774, Governor Gage had under his command at Boston eleven regiments, besides four companies of artillery. In the year 1775, an association was formed in Boston, of upwards of thirty persons, chiefly mechanics, for the purpose of watching the movements of the British, the members of which watched the soldiers by patrolling the streets all night. It was this association that gave notice of the expedition to destroy the stores at Concord, preparations for which had been made in profound secrecy.

Towards the end of May, considerable reinforcements arrived at Boston from England, accompanied by Generals Howe, Clinton, and Burgoyne. On the 17th of June, the battle of Bunker Hill was fought. After which, Boston was effectually guarded and brought into a state of siege-No provisions were allowed to enter; the troops and inhabitants were reduced to great necessities, and the breaking out of the small-pox added to the general wretchedness.

On the 2d of July, General Washington took command of the American Army. Such was the scarcity of fuel during the following winter, that the Old North Meeting-house and above one hundred other large wooden buildings were taken down and distributed for firewood. The Old South Church was transformed into a riding school; Hollis Street, Brattle Street, the West and the First Baptist Meeting houses, were occupied as hospitals or barracks for the troops.

On the 18th of March, 1776, the British troops embarked and abandoned the town. The inhabitants of Boston speedily returned to their homes, and on the 29th of March, a regular meeting was held for the choice of town officers.

At the meeting for the choice of Representatives, in the ensuing May, it was unanimously resolved, to advise their Representatives "that, if the honorable Continental Congress should, for the safety of the colonies, declare them independent of the kingdom of Great Britain, they, the inhabitants, would solemnly engage with their lives and fortunes to support them in the measure."

The Declaration of Independence was made public at Boston on the 18th of July, with great parade and exultation. Although Boston contributed its full proportion of men and means to support the cause of the Revolution, it ceased from this time to be the seat of war. It remained firm in its determination to make no terms with Great Britain, unaccompanied with an acknowledgment of independence. But the intelligence of peace, which was received on the 23d of April, 1783, called forth the most lively demonstrations of joy and satisfaction. The adoption of the Federal Constitution was equally an occasion of rejoicing, and was celebrated by a numerous procession, composed of all classes and trades, with appropriate badges.

MOUNT WASHINGTON,

SOUTH BOSTON.

Here are still to be seen the famous entrenchments thrown up by the American army, which compelled the evacuation of Boston by the British troops. They were then termed the "Dorchester Heights."

COPP'S HILL.

COPP'S HILL, not far from the Fitchburg Depot, was formerly called Snow Hill. It came into the possession of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company; and when, in 1775, they were forbidden by General Gage to parade on the Common, they went to this, their own ground, and drilled in defiance of his threats. The fort, or battery, that was built there by the British, just before the battle of Bunker Hill, stood near its south-east brow, adjoining the burying ground.

Here the British eannonaded the town of Charlestown in 1775, during the memorable battle of Bunker Hill, when the village was principally destroyed by conflagration. They left the fort standing, which remained a favorite resort for the recreation of school boys till 1807.

The remains of many eminent men repose in this little cemetery. Close by the entrance is the vault of the Mather family, covered by a plain oblong structure of brick, three feet high and about six feet long, upon which is laid a heavy brown stone slab, with a tablet of slate, bearing the following inscription:—

The Reverend Doctors Increase, Cotton, and Samuel Mather were interred in this vault.

Increase died August 27, 1723, z. 84. Cotton "Feb. 13, 1827, "65. Samuel "Jan. 27, 1785, "79.

The whole is surrounded by a neat iron railing.

BUNKER HILL.

Bunker Hill Monument rises, lofty and grand, from the centre of the grounds included within the breastworks of the old redoubt on Breed's Hill. Its sides are precisely parallel with those of the redoubt. It is built of Quiney granite, and is two hundred and twenty-one feet in height. The foundation is composed of six courses of stone, and extends twelve feet below the surface of the ground and base of the shaft. The four sides of the foundation extend about fifty feet horizontally. There are in the whole pile ninety courses of stone, six of them below the surface of the ground, and eighty-four above. The foundation is laid in lime mortar; the other parts of the structure in lime mortar mixed with einders, iron filings, and Springfield hydrau-

lie eement. The base of the obelisk is thirty feet square; at the spring of the apex, fifteen feet. Inside of the shaft is a round, hollow cone, the outside diameter of which at the bottom is ten feet, and at the top six feet. Around this inner shaft winds a spiral flight of stone steps, two hundred and ninety-five in number. In both the cone and shaft are numerous little apertures for the purposes of ventilation and light. The observatory or chamber at the top of the monument is seventeen feet in height and eleven feet in diameter. It has four windows, one on each side, which are provided with iron shutters. The cap piece of the apex is a single stone, three feet six inches in thickness, and four feet square at its base. It weighs two and a half tons.

The monument was dedicated on the 17th of June, 1843. The President of the United States (Mr. Tyler) and his whole cabinet were present, and Daniel Webster was the orator.

Within the colossal obelisk is a beautiful model of Dr. Warren's Monument, which was removed to give place to the present one; and a simple marble slab now only marks the spot where a patriot fell, as Everett has beautifully expressed it, "with a numerous band of kindred spirits—the gray-haired veteran, the stripling in the flower of youth—who had stood side by side on that dreadful day, and fell together, like the beauty of Israel in their high places." He was buried where he fell, but his ashes now repose in "Forest Hill Cemetery."

In the top of the monument are two cannon, named respectively "Hancock" and "Adams," which formerly belonged to the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company. The "Adams" was burst by them in firing a salute. The following is the inscription upon the two guns:—

SACRED TO LIBERTY

This is one of four cannons which constituted the whole train of field artillery possessed by the British colonies of North America at the commencement of the war, on the 19th of April, 1775. This cannon and its fellow, belonging to a number of citizens of Boston, were used in many engagements during the war. The other two, the property of the government of Massachusetts, were taken by the enemy

Though this monument was built to commemorate an important event and a bloody battle, it is also a most lofty observatory. The view from the top, for extent, variety, and beauty, is certainly one of the finest in the world, and worth a thousand miles of travel to see. Boston, its harbor, and the beautiful country around, mottled with villages, are spread out like a vast painting, and on every side the eye may rest upon localities of great historical interest—Cambridge, Roxbury, Chelsea, Quiney, Medford, Marblehead, Dorchester, and other places. In the far distance, on the north-west, rise the higher peaks of the White Moun-

tains of New Hampshire; and on the north-east the peninsula of Nahant and the more remote Cape Ann may be seen. Wonders which present science and enterprise are developing and forming are there exhibited in profusion. At one glance from this lofty observatory may be seen several railroads and many other avenues connecting the city with the country; and ships from almost every region of the globe dot the waters of the harbor.

ORIGINAL NAME AND APPEARANCE OF BOSTON.

Its Indian name was Shamut, supposed by some to mean, "living fountain." There was one celebrated spring, that issued from the ground in what is now Louisburg Square, which was so good and copious, that Mr. Blackstone, who lived alone in Boston, prevailed upon Governor Winthrop's friend, Mr. Johnson, to move from Charlestown over to Shamut, and others soon followed. Wood, the voyager. says, 1633, " To the northwest is a high mountain, with three little hills on the top of it, wherefore it is called Tri-Mountain." Tremont, the name of a street, &e., is a corruption of trimountain. "From the top of this hill," eontinues the author, "a man may overlook all the islands which lie within the bay, and descry such ships as are on the sea-coast." The highest was afterwards denominated Beacon Hill, which was carted away to make Charles Street principally. Beacon Street had its name from being a path near the hill.

REV. WM. BLACKSTONE'S CLAIM TO BOSTON.

Mr. Blackstone, by possession, had an unquestioned proprietorship to the whole peninsula of Boston. It is not known what kind of bargain he made with Johnson, when he invited him over to Shamut to reside. In April, 1633, it seems the court recognized his ownership, a major part of which he might in some manner have disposed of, as it was ordered that "fifty acres of ground, to be set out for him, near to his house in Boston, to belong to him for ever." That survey embraced Leverett Street, up towards Cambridge Street, &c., says tradition. However, the next year, 1633, every householder agreed to pay six shillings apiece, to buy him out, all but six acres, where his house stood. With the money he purchased some cows, and moved near where Providence now is, on the Blackstone River, named for him.

THEN AND NOW.

Within the recollection of a gentleman who is scarcely seventy years of age, any and all the land in Beacon Street, from the State House to Charles Street, could have been readily purchased at seventy-five cents a foot, and possibly for much less. "However," he remarked, when speaking

of the fact — and it could not have been far from fifty years since that was the asking price — "I exclaimed, 'What are we coming to at this rate! What! four and sixpence a foot for land!'" Still later by many years, the house in Park Street owned by T. W. Ward, Esq., was for sale, and the same gentleman among others went to examine it. The price was twelve thousand dollars. "What!" said the surprised citizens, "twelve thousand dollars for a house! the age of luxury and extravagance is surely upon us." That same astonished gentleman, in the dignity of literary leisure, resides in a tenement valued at fifty thousand dollars, which might once have been purchased, it is presumed, for a trifling sum.

The father of the late Benjamin Ingersoll, Esq., one of those faithful carpenters of ancient times, who had an unsullied reputation as a mechanic, was applied to by a man to fence in a lot which he owned on the west side of the State House, where there was a luxuriant growth of whortleberry bushes. He did not consider the lot worth any thing, as there were only about two acres, but he thought he should like to know his boundaries.

Mr. Ingersoll erected a firm, substantial fence, accordingly, and carried in his bill. The owner was thunderstruck at the amount, and assured him that the fence should never have been made, had he supposed it possible to cost so much. Not a whit would the stanch old carpenter abate of the price. He had executed the job faithfully, and therefore demanded the money. After vainly endeavoring to reduce the sum, he offered the land to pay for the fence, which Mr. Ingersoll refused with indignation, fully agreeing with the owner that it was not worth a farthing. That same property, with the edifices upon it, is now actually worth near a million of dollars.



A RELIC OF NEARLY TWO CENTURIES.

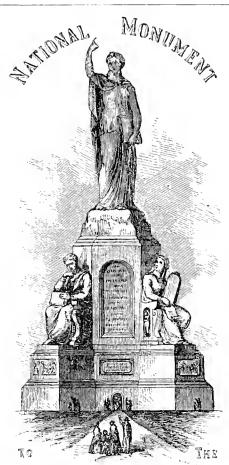
In 1679, the first fire-engine was procured, and the first fire company organized, the members of which were then, as now, exempted from training. Another terrible fire broke out at midnight, on the 8th of August of this year, and converted the town into a scene of desolation. Eighty and more dwelling-houses, above seventy warehouses, and several vessels with their cargoes, were consumed. The loss was estimated at £200,000, and it was supposed to be the work of incendiaries. After this calamity, a law was made to prevent the erection of wooden buildings.

The old house now standing at the corner of North Street and Market Square, a picture of which we give above, is one of the few specimens which remain to us, of the architecture of that time. It was built in 1680, soon after this fire.

The peaks of the roof remain precisely as they were first erected, the frame and external appearance never having been altered. The timber used in the building was principally oak, and, where it has been kept dry, is perfeetly sound and intensely hard. The outside is covered with plastering, or what is commonly called rough-east. But instead of pebbles, which are generally used at the present day to make a hard surface on the mortar, broken glass was used. This glass appears like that of common junk bottles, broken into pieces of about half an inch diameter, the sharp corners of which penetrate the cement in such a manner, that this great lapse of years has had no perceptible effect upon them. The figures 1680 were impressed into the rough-east to show the year of its erection, and are now perfectly legible. This surface was also variegated with ornamental squares, diamonds, and flowersde-luce. The building is only two stories high, and is about thirty-two feet long and seventeen wide; yet tradition informs us that it was once the residence of two respectable families, and the front part was at the same time occupied for two shops or stores.

PLYMOUTH, MASS.

Plymouth, the terminus of the Old Colony road, is thirtyseven miles from Boston, and is celebrated as being the landing place of the "Pilgrims," who disembarked here on the 21st of December, 1620. It is the oldest town in New England. Pilgrim Hall, the building most worthy of notice, contains a valuable painting representing the landing of the Pilgrims from the Mayflower. It is thirteen by sixteen feet, and is valued at three thousand dollars. The eabinet of the Pilgrim Society contains many valuable antiquities. From Burying Hill, in the rear of the town, which is clevated one hundred and sixty feet above the level of the sea, is a fine view of the village, the harbor, and the shipping beyond, with the coast for some miles in extent. " Plymouth Rock," a deeply interesting spot to New Englanders, is near the termination of Leyden Street. The town contains about two hundred ponds; the largest called Billington Sea, is about six miles in circumference.



FOREFATHERS.

We can do the reader no greater service than by commending to his notice "THE ILLUSTRATED PILGRIM ALMANAC," issued annually in aid of the Monument Fund, commencing with the year 1860. It is finely illustrated, and sold at all customary places for 25 cents

The Proprietors propose to make the work a permanent annual contribution to the History, Chronology, Social Customs, Lives, and Principles of the early settlers of our country, and of those illustrious successors whose efforts in the cause of freedom and self-government have made the United States the home of liberty, and the refuge for the oppressed of every nation and of every creed.

The issue for the year 1861 will be filled with original matter relating to our national history, and illustrated and printed in the best possible style. Records and illustrations of all the early discoveries and settlements, of pioneer life, routes, and voyages, of the Indian struggles, of the War of

Independence, and other specialities of national interest and importance, carefully collected from the original documents and the best authority, will make the Pilgrim Almanac a valuable volume for reference and preservation.

We copy from the Pilgrim Almanac for 1860:

"The design for the National Monument to the Forefathers, to be erected at Plymouth, eonsists of an octagon pedestal, on which stands a statue of Faith. From the four smaller faces of the pedestal project buttresses, upon which are seated figures emblematic of Morality, Education, Law, and Liberty. Below them, in panels, are alto-reliefs of 'The Departure from Delfthaven,' 'The Signing of the Social Compact in the Cabin of the May-Flower,' 'The Landing at Plymouth,' and 'The First Treaty with the Indians.' Upon the four large faces of the main pedestal are large panels, to contain records of the principal events in the history of the Pilgrims, with the names of those who eame over in the May-Flower, and below are smaller panels for records connected with the society and the building of the monument.

" A chamber within the pedestal, 26 feet in diameter, and well lighted, is to be a depository for all documents, &c., relating to the pilgrims and the society, including an accurate record of the receipts and expenditures for the monument, and a list of the names of subscribers of \$1 and over, arranged by states, counties, and towns, and alphabetically, so as to be easily referred to. In this chamber will be a stairway leading to the platform upon which stands the figure of Faith, from which may be seen all the places of interest connected with the history of the forefathers. The whole monument will be about 150 feet high, and 80 feet at the base. The Statue of Faith rests her foot upon the Forefathers' Rock; in her left hand she holds an open Bible, with the right uplifted she points to heaven. Looking downward, as to those she is addressing, she seems to call them to trust in a higher power. The sitting figures are emblematic of the principles upon which the Pilgrims proposed to found their Commonwealth. The first of these is Morality. She holds the Decalogue in her left, and the Scroll of Revelation in her right hand. Her look is upward, towards the impersonation of the Spirit of Religion above. In a niche, on one side of her throne, is a Prophet, and in the other one of the Evangelists. The second of these figures is Law. On one side of his seat is Justice; on the other, Mercy. The third is Education. In the niche on one side of her seat is Wisdom, ripe with years; on the other, Youth, led by Experience. The fourth figure is Freedom. On one side, Peace rests under his protection; on the other, Tyranny is overthrown by his prowess.

"The Statne of Faith will be 70 feet high, and the sitting

figures 38 feet high,—thus making it in magnitude the greatest work of the kind in the world; while as a work of art it will afford pleasure to every American citizen.

"The Pilgrim Society decided, in 1850, to erect a monument; after which and previous to the final acceptance of this design, the trustees had taken measures to procure a subscription,—and something more than twenty thousand dollars were subscribed; a considerable portion of which has been collected, and appropriated to the purchase of the estates in the immediate vicinity of the Rock, and upon Cole's Hill,—which it is proposed to clear up, grade, and finish in an appropriate manner. And over the Rock itself, to mark the spot of landing, and stand as a permanent record and guard, is to be placed a canopy of granite, the base course of which is now ready to be laid.

"Other sums, to the amount in the aggregate of about twelve thousand dollars, have been subscribed to the monument by individuals, since the design was accepted, and have been appropriated to the necessary expenses of preparing the work and advancing it to its present state. The foundation alone, which is now laid, has consumed some fifteen hundred tons of granite, and it will require between eleven and twelve thousand tons more to complete the work.

"Every person contributing five dollars to the Monument Fund becomes, by a special vote, a member of the Pilgrim Society, which now numbers about three thousand members, resident in every portion of the Union. The officers for the year 1859 are —

President — Richard Warren, of New York.

Vice President — James T. Hayward, of Boston.

Treasurer - I. N. Stoddard.

Secretary — Elliott Russell.

Librarian - Lemuel D. Holmes.

Trustees — I. L. Hedge; Abraham Jaekson; A. L. Russell; Winslow Warren; Timothy Gordon; S. H. Doten; Wm. S. Russell; E. C. Sherman; C. G. Davis; Thomas Loring; C. O. Churchill; G. G. Dyer; William T. Drew; William Thomas, of Boston; N. B. Shurtleff, do.; Samuel Nicholson, do.; J. H. Clifford, of New Bedford; George S. Boutwell, of Boston; Ichabod Washburn, of Worcester; W. Savery, of Carver."

The corner-stone of the Monument to the Forefathers, and the canopy over Plymouth Rock, were laid with imposing ceremonies on the 2d of August, 1859.

A few remarks upon the nature, extent, and cost of the work, will complete all that is necessary to be said in the present place. The Pilgrim Society, in determining to erect a monument to the Forefathers, intended to make a struc-

ture which should bear upon its face the avowed intention of its founders, and transmit to future generations not merely the facts that the Pilgrims landed upon the Rock of Plymouth, and there commenced the founding of this nation, - which might well be left to the records of history, but the regard in which their memory and sufferings were held by their descendants and heirs of the nineteenth century, who look back to them from an eminence of national prosperity, which shows a vast empire extending across a continent from ocean to ocean, filled with great cities, and decked, from border to border and from shore to shore, with splendid dwellings, magnificent churches, colleges, schools, and asylums for the unfortunate; noisy with ceaseless industry, rich with the sources of inexhaustible wealth, and presenting to the imagination, - even to the inevitable conclusion of thought, - a future, to which the wealth and prosperity and power and resources of the present are as trivial as the possessions of that strongsouled band of adventurous emigrants compared with our own.

It was naturally concluded that the memorial of such a nation to its founders should bear some proportion to its means, and to the grandeur of the event which was to be commemorated. It was thought that the expenditure of a sum representing one cent for each inhabitant might not be regarded as an extent of National Self-Sacrifice,—if that be the term,—too enormous to be borne, nor the amount itself altogether too magnificent to be expended; and, in view of the fact that the monument is to stand for centuries, ten years (the term of one-fourth of the existence of one generation) was not accounted too long a period to be occupied with the work. It should be borne in mind, that, travel with what success we may the career of national glory and progress, the landing upon these

shores of that hundred of self-exiled lovers of freedom will still be the starting-point of our history, — and that, grand as may be the events with which it is crowded, nothing will overshadow in pure, grand solemnity of thought and action, their determination to leave for ever the scenes of civilized life, to battle, perhaps, with famine and disease, — certainly with unused-to labor, to settle in a savage wilderness, — and all to plant the seeds of a pure faith and of universal religious, social, and civil freedom. History will look in vain for a greater event to chronicle, — art will never again for us have the opportunity or the occasion to embody themes so simply grand, so peculiarly significant. It is worthy, then, of all that art can offer as a testimony.

Nor will the generations which succeed us think greatly of our veneration for our forefathers, if, sounding it as we do from the extreme boundaries of the Republic, in our speeches and addresses, we stint with paltry pecuniary saving the stones which we raise to their memory, - and deny to their virtues, their sufferings, their labors, their wise forethought, the sum which we cheerfully give (and should cheerfully give) to rescue the dwelling and tomb of Washington from destruction, - or to build (as we should build) on spots made famous by the shock of battle, shafts which, meeting "the sun in his coming," proclaim that we owe our national glory in other directions to the sacrifices of those who have passed away; for never had a people more cause to be grateful to the memory of their founders, or more imperative occasion to obey with cheerful alacrity, love, and thankfulness, the command, "Honor thy father and thy mother!"

Contributions to the Monument Fund may be forwarded by mail to Rev. Willard M. Harding, General and Financial Agent, 289 Washington Street, Boston.

BOSTON IN DISTRICTS.

BOSTON, like many other large cities, has been, by common consent, divided into districts, with names indicating the location of each. Thus we have the North End, West End, South End, South Boston, and East Boston.

NORTH END.

The first section embraces the north end of the city, or all that part lying north of Faneuil Hall, and what was the Canal, or Mill-Creek. This is the oldest part, and formerly had the advantage of the principal trade. The streets here are generally narrow and crooked, and some of them remain much as they were when first constructed, on the model of the old towns in England. "The government of the town, soon after its settlement, endeavored to correct some of their early errors, yet they seem to have had an utter aversion to straight lines or right angles; and, though their moral walk was upright, they took little pains to make their crooked highways straight." This irregularity, however, was partly occasioned by the uneven surface of the ground when the city was first built, and it is by no means certain that this ancient disposition of the streets manifests a want

of taste, or has materially injured the appearance of the city.

On this subject a writer observes: "The forms and turnings of the streets of London, and other old towns, are produced by accident, without any original plan or design; but they are not always the less pleasant to the walker or spectator, on that account. On the contrary, had they been built on the regular plan of Sir Christopher Wren, the effect might have been, as it is in some new places, rather unpleasing."

In North Boston the buildings are mostly old, and many are built of wood, and exhibit the different styles of architecture used for a period of more than a century and a half. Except a portion of what was formerly the Mill-Pond, the only spot of land not covered by buildings at present is on Copps Hill, and the greater part of this is occupied for a burial-ground

The channel of Charles River runs close to the shore, and has depth and width sufficient to accommodate ships of the greatest burden.

WEST END.

This part of the city lies between the Common and and Canal Street, west of Hanover and Tremont Streets.

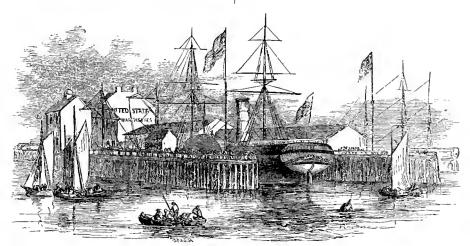
The buildings are principally of brick, erected in a handsome style, and are mostly used as dwellings.

SOUTH END

The South End comprises all the peninsula south of Snmmer and Winter Streets, and extends to Roxbury. Those buildings that have been most recently erected are of brick and granite, exhibiting an improved style of architecture. The buildings here, also, are generally occupied for dwellings, except the lower stories of those on Washington Street.

SOUTH BOSTON.

South Boston is that section of the city which is separated from the peninsula, or the ancient town, by an arm of the harbor reaching to Roxbury. It contains about 560 acres, and, except East Boston, is the newest and most unsettled part of the city. Within a few years the population has increased rapidly, and a considerable number of buildings has been erected, principally of brick. This once was a part of Dorchester, and embraces the hills formerly known as Dorchester Heights, so famed in the annals of the American Revolution.



VIEW OF GRAND JUNCTION RAILROAD WHARF, EAST BOSTON.

EAST BOSTON.

This is an island, formerly known as Maverick's, Noddle's, and Williams's Island. In 1814, the citizens of Boston erected a fort on its eastern extremity, which was called Fort Strong. In 1830, some eight or ten enterprising capitalists purchased this island, and commenced laying it out into streets and lots, with a view of making it an important part of the city.

Among the important improvements, we enumerate, — I. The introduction of the Cochituate water. II. The construction of the Grand Junction Railroad. III. The construction of the sea-wall across the basin, thus reclaiming a large quantity of low lands which were hitherto partially covered by the tide-waters. These lands consist of marsh and flats to the extent of about ninety five acres, lying between Westwood Island and the Eastern Railroad.

The Grand Junction Railroad can extend its track, whenever the public convenience shall require it, around 23,000 feet frontage of the deep water in Boston Harbor, the whole front of Chelsea and East Boston, from the free bridge in Chelsea Creek to Jeffries Point.

The Cunard line of steamers have their wharf at East Boston.

WARDS.

The City is divided into twelve Wards, which are delineated on the map.

[From the Boston Almanac for 1859.]

THE "BACK BAY" IMPROVEMENT.

HISTORICAL SKETCHES, DY CHAS. HALE, ESQ.

Nature so contracted the territorial limits of Boston as absolutely to force the reclamation of large tracts of land from the sea, in order to accommodate the ever-growing business and population of the large city which man insisted upon placing upon the three-hilled peninsula. The improvements which have already been effected in this way are considerable, and sufficient to change the whole shape of the original town; yet some of them were made so long ago, that the houses and stores built where water formerly flowed now seem to strangers, and to many residents, as if they had always been a part of the permanent structures of Boston. Some familiar names, however, betray the old land-marks. Thus "Canseway Street" includes a large and solid area that was the "Mill Pond," celebrated in Franklin's autobiography; "Beach Street" marks the ancient boundary of dry land, the whole "South Cove" being beyond, with its massive and numerous structures, bandsome dwellings, vast hotels, large workshops, and extensive railroad stations, standing where vessels lay within the memory of men still young; and water formerly washed each side of "the neck," then a narrow road, where now three or four broad avenues, with numerous stately houses intervening, connect the peninsula with the mainland beyond. The improvement of the "Back Bay," so called, is simply undertaking upon a grand scale the same thing that has been successfully done in a smaller way before; an enterprise for augmenting, by the hand of man, the territorial limits which nature contracted, to give room for the necessary expansion of a solid and substantial growth.

The "Back Bay" lies in the bend which the Charles River makes to the west of the peninsula of Boston, before its waters passing the northerly side of the city reach the east, where the mouth of the river may properly be said to be situated. Nearly half a century ago the "mill-dam," a the disposal of the commissioners for carrying on the im-

solid structure, was built—extending from the lower end of the Common, nearly in a due westerly line—for the double purpose of making a water power by means of a tide-mill, and also of making a roadway or thoroughfare for travel, for which a toll franchise was granted by the legislature. The legislature, in 1814, likewise granted to the mill corporation the perpetual right to flowage over the flats or lands enclosed by the mill-dam.

The improvements to which we have already alluded, as having been formerly effected in making reclamations of land from the sea, have generally been accomplished by the private enterprise of individuals or companies, with or without legislative aid, aeting, primarily at least, with a view to private profit, generally by making available the flats appurtenant to their own estates bordering on the water. But it was clear that the State itself possessed in such lands or flats an interest altogether too valuable to be overlooked. By the general principles of law, the State or the sovereign is the owner of the fee in all the land under water within three miles of the shore. But an ancient law of Massachusetts, known as the "colonial ordinance," commonly dated in 1641, but probably actually passed in 1647, gave up a great part of the sovereign claim, in favor of the private owners of lands adjoining the shore. By this ordinance, the State retains the fee only of such flats as are below lowmark, or one hundred rods (1650 feet) below high-water mark. All between were given up to the private owners of the territory along the shore, as an appurtenance of their upland.

Of course, there is not often a convenient opportunity for the State to fill up the flats of which it is the proprietor, until the private owners have in like manner improved their property which lies intermediate with the upland; and, until recently, no attempt was made by the State to reclaim in this way any of the lands belonging to it. But when the private owners in Boston had very generally exhansted their privileges, even as extended by the liberal grant of the colonial ordinance, the legislature was besieged with applications from private individuals or companies for grants of State flats, to be filled and sold for the benefit of the grantees. Several such grants were made.

In 1852, the State took the first step towards the improvement of its property in flats, for its own benefit, by the passage of resolves (May 20, 1852), for the appointment of three commissioners, with full power to determine and adjust the rights of the State and of all other parties or claimants in the lands and flats of the Back Bay, and to devise a plan for improving the territory, changing its uses from mill purposes to land purposes, for filling it up, laying it out in proper squares, &c. No money at that time, or at any subsequent time, has been placed by the legislature at the disposal of the commissioners for carrying on the im-

provement. They have been confined to such arrangements as they could make by giving a part of the property itself in exchange for such valuable interests as it was necessary to gain, or for such improvements as have been made. All that has been done, accordingly, has been done without the expenditure of a single cent from the State treasury, except for the compensation of the commissioners during the first five years; which amounted, altogether, to less than one thousand dollars per annum for that brief period. Even the small sums required on this account are now paid from the fund derived from the proceeds of sales, so that the prosecution of the improvement, while bringing substantial results to the State, entails no burden whatever upon its resources.

The first commissioners were Messrs. John A. Bolles, Giles H. Whitney, and Samuel Hooper, appointed, July 3, 1852, by Gov. Boutwell. Mr. Hooper, going abroad in 1853, resigned; and Simon Greenleaf was appointed by Gov. Clifford, Aug. 6, 1853, but did not accept the place. Joel Giles was appointed by the same executive, Sept. 30, 1853, and served a few months, when he resigned, and Wm. H. Swift was appointed, April 12, 1854, by Gov. Washburn. Ebenezer Bradbury was appointed in Mr. Whitney's place, by the same executive, Dec. 18, 1854. Gov. Gardner changed the board by appointing George Odiorne in Mr. Swift's place, and Edward C. Purdy in Mr. Bradbuty's place, Feb. 7, 1855; and Stephen P. Fuller in Mr. Bolles's place, and Thomas B. Hall in Mr. Odiorne's place, April 20, 1855. Gov. Banks appointed A. B. Ely in Mr. Hall's place, May 3, 1858; Franklin Haven in Mr. Fuller's place, Ang. 6, 1858; and Charles Hale in place of Mr. Ely, who resigned, Sept. 9, 1858. The present commissioners, accordingly, are Messrs. Haven, Purdy, and Hale. chairmen have been John A. Bolles, who served from the beginning to 1855, three years; Stephen P. Fuller, who served to 1858, three years longer; and Mr. Haven, the present chairman.

It would fill the whole of our little volume to recount in order and in detail the whole proceedings of the commissioners. We must content ourselves with a comprehensive summary of what has been done, and a survey of the main features of the enterprise as it now stands.

There were a little more than 200 acres of flats belonging to the State enclosed within the "receiving basin" of the mill-dam. It was acknowledged on all sides that these flats could be filled without causing the slightest injury to the harbor, since they were already ent off from the natural cbh and flow of the tide. Moreover, they lay in a most eligible position, in close juxtaposition to lands commanding from two to five dollars per square foot. Accordingly this was the spot selected for the first essay on the part of the

State to make available in money its immense riparian property.

Although the State owned a little more than 200 acres of flats in the Back Bay, yet, as we have already intimated, it had many years ago granted to the mill company the right of keeping them always covered with water. The multiplication of cheaper water powers in other places rendered the company not adverse to a negotiation, in which they agreed to abandon their tide-mill and to release the right of flowage to the commonwealth, in consideration of a grant of the fee of 100 acres of the flats. The Water Power Company and the commonwealth thus became nearly equally interested in carrying forward the improvement. It was further agreed that the whole should be filled up upon a uniform plan to be prescribed by the State commissioners.

A small piece of the territory was granted by the State to the city of Boston, as an addition to the Public Garden, in the necessary adjustment of many difficult and complicated questions between the State and the city, relating especially to drainage.

Seventy acres were claimed by the city of Roxbury, not merely as falling within its jurisdiction, but as belonging to it as property. This heavy shadow was finally averted from the enterprise by the decision, in the summer of 1858, of the Supreme Judicial Court, negativing the claim of Roxbury, and affirming the title of the State to all which it assumed to own.

We have already observed that the State Commissioners have the right to prescribe the plan for laying out streets and avenues over the whole territory, including not merely the lands belonging to the Commonwealth, but also those set off to the Water Power Company; and other riparian owners will be relieved from the operation of the right of flowage possessed by the Corporation upon condition of conforming to the same plan. Thus endowed with ample authority, the Commissioners have adopted a magnificent plan, by which one-third of the whole extent of the territory is generously devoted to public purposes. The streets are all parallel to, or at right angles with, the mill-dam, or Beacon Street, which may be considered as the base-line of the system. Boylston Street is continued westerly from its present terminus, parallel with Beacon Street. All the lands belonging to the Commonwealth lie between Beacon Street and Boylston Street, a space of about 1,300 feet In this space three great avenues have been laid out, extending westerly parallel with Beacon and Boylston Streets. Two of these avenues are 60 feet in width each, besides which the houses on each side will be set back 22 feet, making a total space of 104 feet between the houses. These avenues are named Marlborough Street and Newbury Street, in memory of the names which, in the ancient history of Boston, attached to parts of the great thoroughfare now known as Washington Street. Between them there extends westerly from a point marking the middle of the farther boundary of the Public Garden, a broad avenue which elaims admiration as the most splendid feature of the plan. It is laid out a mile and a half in length, with a width of two hundred and forty feet between the houses on each side. About half of this space, in the centre of the avenue, is designed to be set apart for four continuous rows of trees, forming a long park, with a drive-way upon each side. It is expected that stately and spacious dwellings will adorn this great avenue, and that it will become a favorite place for the display of taste and wealth in the construction of dwelling-houses. Next to the Public Garden is a street running at right angles to the three avenues which we have described, 80 feet in width, followed by others laid out in the same direction, at intervals of about 600 feet, across the whole territory. These streets are not formally named as yet; but it is not improbable that they may be named according to an alphabetical series, somewhat as follows, viz.,-Arlington Street, Berkeley Street, Clarendon Street, Dedham Street, Exeter Street, Falmouth Street, Gloucester Street, &c. Dedham Street forms a connection at Tremont Street with Dedham Street as laid out upon the city's lands. None of the other cross streets, as now laid out, join preeisely with others of the eity's streets.

The extent and character of the territory belonging to the State, after the conclusion of the arrangements above described, may be recapitulated as follows:-

The land which is included in the lots, exclusive			
the rear passage-ways, contains	2,453,730 s	quar	e feet
There are included in the passage ways,	198,170	**	46
There are appropriated to public squares to be or mented and enclosed,	313,632	¢¢.	"
There are appropriated for strects for public tra		•6	"
Making a total of	4,067,860	"	"

The first sale made by the Commissioners was effected in 1857, when the block fronting upon Beacon Street, 596 feet, and extending back 120 feet, between Arlington and Berkeley Streets, was sold to Messrs. Wm. W. Goddard and T. Bigelow Lawrence for \$70,000, whereof one-quarter was paid in eash.

In addition to this sale, the Commissioners, during the summer of 1858, have made sale of about 260,000 superficial feet of land to Messrs. Goss and Monson, the present contractors for filling. The price agreed upon is three hundred and five thousand dollars; and the Commonwealth is to receive payment for the same in the filling of this and | Water Power Company own a domain of equal extent, and

other adjacent land in the Back Bay. The sale is made upon the condition that no deed shall be given for any portion of the land thus sold, until such portion shall be paid for in money or filling, or the payment is fully secured. In accordance with this agreement, deeds have been given of four separate portions of territory, amounting in all to 118,-720 superficial feet, at the average price of the whole land thus sold, namely, a fraction less than one dollar and seventeen cents per foot. A part of the land thus conveyed has been paid for in filling, and the payment for the remainder is amply secured. It is computed that the proceeds of the entire sale to these parties will be sufficient to pay for filling the space between the Public Garden and a line drawn parallel therewith considerably beyond Berkeley Street; and will give to the Commonwealth, filled, completed, and ready for sale, upwards of three hundred thousand superficial feet of land, as valuable as any in the whole area of the Back Bay.

The lands thus conveyed to the contractors have been eonveyed by them to purehasers, most of whom propose to erect dwellings for themselves upon their lots. They include the whole of the block on Marlborough Street, between Arlington and Berkeley Streets, and portions of the blocks on Newbury and Boylston Streets, between the same streets, and at the west corner of Beaeon and Berkeley Streets. A large lot at the corner of Boylston and Arlington Streets has been purchased by several gentlemen conneeted with Dr. Gannett's society, now worshipping in Federal Street, as a site for a new church for that society.

The Commissioners have likewise recently made sale of lots of land upon Arlington, Marlborough, and Newbury Streets, and the grand avenue, at prices ranging from \$150 to \$3 per square foot, the aggregate proceeds of which sales have amounted to more than one hundred thousand dollars.

The whole quantity of "good and solid earth and clean gravel" which has been filled into the lands belonging to the Commonwealth in the Back Bay, according to exact measurements and computations, amounted, on the first day of November, 1858, to nearly one hundred and twenty thousand cubic vards. The contractors are pursuing their work with industry and energy. The material used in filling is excellent. It is brought from gravel beds in Needham, a distance of nine miles, first by the Charles River Branch Railroad to Brookline, and thence by a special track built for this service parallel with the Brookline Branch, Worcester, and Providence Railroads. The contractors have provided an ample equipment, and their ears are constantly running both night and day during the whole time, excepting the sacred hours of Sunday.

Besides the lands belonging to the Commonwealth, the

in addition thereto the "full basin," which at some future day is no doubt destined to be filled.

It is a part of the stipulations with the State that the tolls upon travel upon the milldam shall cease from and after May 1, 1863.

It is difficult, at this early day, to estimate the value of the State's property in these premises. We have already seen that the extent of land included in lots, exclusive of passage ways, is 2,453,730 feet. It would seem to be entirely safe to estimate the whole property at \$1.50 per foot, as it is not probable that any part of it will hereafter be sold for less than this sum. This would yield to the State \$3,750,000, or at least \$2,500,000 above all expenses of filling or otherwise. The event will probably prove that this estimate is altogether too moderate.

CONSERVATORY OF ART AND SCIENCE.

The Committee representing the various Scientific, Commercial, Industrial, Educational, and Art Associations, who petitioned the last Legislature for a reservation of Back Bay Lands, held their first meeting since the adjournment of the session on the afternoon of April 8, at the Library of the Boston Society of Natural History.

Mr. M. D. Ross explained the action of the Legislature in regard to the memorial, and the report of the Back Bay Committee, which reviews and approves the general plan of the Association of the Institutions, and finally recommends "that the reservation of the land prayed for in the memorial committed to them should be made, believing it will be of advantage to the State, both in an educational and financial point of view." Notwithstanding the favorable report of the Legislative Committee, the publication of a false report in some of the papers, and the fact that it was not deemed expedient to recommend immediate action, have given rise to the impression that the plan was not favorably received by the Legislature.

The Committee desire to correct this, and to state that they did not wish to press so important a subject, especially as the land could not be ready for occupancy the present year; they feel satisfied with the progress made, and confident that, after another year's labor, they shall be able to present to the next Legislature an additional array of facts and arguments that cannot fail to convince every one of the importance of the work they have undertaken, and thus to secure the establishment of these much needed educational institutions.

It was voted to print for circulation throughout the State the Memorial and the House Report, to request the friends of education throughout the Commonwealth to make themselves familiar with the plan as laid down in the Memorial

and amplified in the Report. They also solicit the cooperation of the citizens generally, to enable them to present a more completely organized plan at the next session of the Legislature, — any communications on the subject to be addressed to Dr. S. Kneeland, Jr., Secretary of the Committee, Boston.

It was voted to hold meetings on the first Monday of every month, at 3 P. M., at the Library of the Boston Society of Natural History, and as much oftener as circumstances may require.

The Committee, as now organized, consists of the following gentlemen: — Hon. Marshall P. Wilder, George W. Pratt, Samuel H. Gookin, Alfred Ordway, M. D. Ross, Hon. Alex. H. Rice, E. S. Toby, James M. Beebe, Prof. William B. Rogers, Dr. S. Cabot, Jr., Amos Binney, Dr. S. Kneeland, Jr., Charles L. Flint, B. S. Rotch, and J. D. Philbrick.

N. B. — Copies of the Legislative Report, including the Memorial, will be furnished gratis to Associations and individuals interested in the subject, on application to the Secretary.

[From the Boston Almanac for 1859.]

THE IMPROVEMENT OF FRANKLIN STREET.

"Art thrives most
Where commerce has enriched the busy eoast."

Courper.

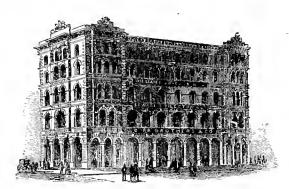
Commerce is the great change-maker of the world. She touches familiar objects with a wand more potent than that of Prospero, and straightway even the most solid of them are found to disappear. She passes, in her mighty sweep, over whole streets and squares, changing their aspect in a single season from the quiet and seclusion of domestic life to the hurry of business and the ceaseless rush of trade. Behind the wheels of her mighty ear spring up palaces of granite, almost as proud as any which the munificence of an Imperial treasury could create; and the eye, long accustomed to the unobtrusive structures of private residence, finds itself almost overpowered by the massiveness and grandeur of the edifices which her lavish hand is continually calling into existence to displace them. Enter any of the wellknown localities which her footsteps have invaded, and we look about us only to marvel at the completeness of the tranformation, and to wonder what seeming magie has effected so vast a change.

The past year has given us an instance of this mighty change, as remarkable and as complete as any which the history of our elly can show. "Franklin Place," once the residence of the wealthy and fashionable of the city is now no more. It has given place, since our last issue, to

"Franklin Street,"—a street composed on either side of stores and warehouses as stately and imposing as any of which the busiest marts of commerce can boast. An enterprise conceived with so much foresight and carried out with such liberality and taste demands a special record in our pages; and we have been at the pains, therefore, to secure a compendium of the various steps in this great improvement, with the conviction that it will prove of general interest to the community.

The first step in this great movement was commenced by the trustees under the will of the late Joshua Sears. By the decease of this well-known capitalist, in the winter of 1856-7, nearly two millions of dollars came into the hands of these gentlemen, to be invested in buildings, and in mortgages on real estate, located in the city of Boston. In compliance with the directions of the testator, in May, 1857, they purchased the Marshall estate, then bounded by the corner of Theatre Alley, at the price of seven dollars per foot.

During the summer after this purchase, the city authorities, in the execution of a long contemplated plan of improvement, laid out and extended Devonshire Street from Milk Street to Franklin Place, involving in this extension a large portion of the Marshall estate, taken from its eastern boundary. Bordering thus on a new and convenient avenue, the Trustees proceeded to erect on the remainder of the estate the noble edifice which forms the first of our series of illustrations.



View of Building 74 and 76 Franklin Street.

Built of Quincy granite throughout, this fine structure covers an area of 135 by 35 feet, and is six stories in height. Being intended, in some sense, as commemorative of the testator, from a portion of whose abundant wealth it was erected, a higher degree of ornament has been given to it than to any structure occupied for the purposes of trade in the city. The tooling of the piers of the basement, and the bold sweep of the arch mouldings which they support, are singularly fine and effective. The key-stones are orna-

mented with emblematical heads, designed, as well as all the other statuary and alto-relievos of the facades, by Hammatt Billings, Esq.; the general plans and drawings for the building being by G. J. F. Bryant, Esq., whose name we shall have frequent occasion to record in the course of our survey.

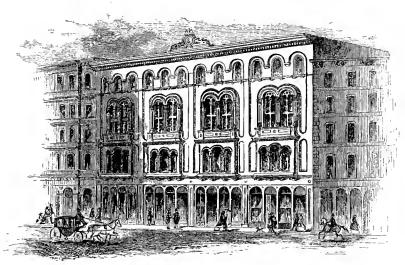
The building agents of the trustees, by whom the works were performed, were Messrs. Edwin Adams, Roberts, and Jacobs. The stone work was executed at Quincy by the Granite Railway Company, and in a manner which leaves little to be attained in the working of this stubborn but imperishable material. This palatial edifice has been leased, at a remunerative percentage, by Messrs. Burr Brothers & Co., E. G. Tileston, Wm. R. Lovejoy & Son, and C. II. Mills.

The building next above the one already described, and joining it on the westerly side, was erected by Mr. E. W. Pike, on an estate leased by him from Ignatius Sargent, Esq. It is a plain structure of undressed granite, and covers an area of about 86 by 46 feet.

In the autumn of 1857 the Sears trustees made a further purchase of the next estate but one on the west, the Tilden estate; and early in 1858 completed their acquisitions to the westward of the Marshall estate, between it and the Tilden estate, by the purchase of the Bradlee, Fay and Andrews estates, — all at the price of nine dollars per foot. Upon this large area, presenting a frontage on Franklin Street of no less than 120 feet, their architect, Mr. Bryant, has designed four stores of superior finish, which form the subject of our next illustration.

From their vast height, the largeness of their parts, and the complete uniformity of style displayed in them, these stores form the most conspicuous, and in many respects the most striking, edifice in the new street. There are, indeed, one or two faults of detail which might, perhaps, be objected to by a critical taste; but in general their air and style and effect are most satisfactory and imposing. The designs of the fronts are composed with a breadth and force which are admirably suited to the solid material employed in them; while their interior conveniences and accommodations are arranged with every improvement which the experience of the architect and builders could suggest.

The well-known firm of J. M. Beebe & Co. have leased the easterly half of this stately block for a term of years; and it is scarcely necessary to say that the business which they are able at once to remove to it is second in amount to that of no other concern of the kind in the United States, The westerly half will be occupied by the firms of Stanfield. Wentworth & Co., and Edwards, Nichols & Richards. This block has also been constructed by the building agents of the trustees, and the granite facade supplied by the Granite Railway Company.

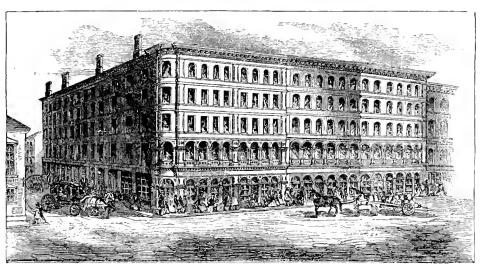


View of Block of Stores Nos. 52 to 66 Franklin Street.

The next property to the westward is owned by Mrs. of the family of Mr. W., and presents a frontage on Frank-William P. Winchester, and presents a frontage on Franklin Street of about 60 feet. We understand that a block is contemplated on this property, though we are unable to speak with any certainty as to its details or style, for want of information regarding them.

Proceeding still further up the street, we come to a very neat and pleasing example of a plain Italian style, in the block now in process of erection for the daughters of the

lin Street of 84 feet. When completed it will be one of the most tasteful and appropriate edifices in the whole range. The architect, Mr. Bryant, has evidently been seconded by the good taste, not less than the liberality of the owners, in his desire to secure a worthy continuation of the enterprise commenced below; and it is truly gratifying to observe such a commendable harmony of action in the carrying out of improvements conceived in the most broad and liberal late Thomas Wigglesworth. This structure covers about measure of public spirit. The granite was supplied by two-thirds of the mansion-house estate, long the residence | Messrs. Octavius T. Rogers & Co., of Quincy, who have

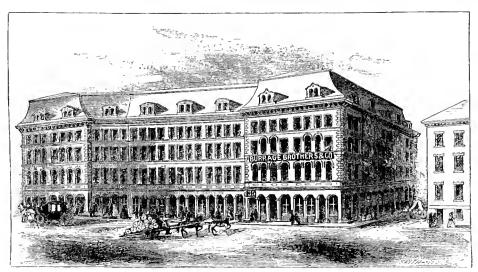


View of Block of Stores Nos. 30 to 42 Franklin Street.

furnished a rich and beautiful material; and the stores have been constructed by Messrs. Joel Wheeler & Sons, and Moses Standish. These stores, when completed, will be occupied by Messrs. Almy, Patterson & Co.; E. Allen & Co., and Gardner Colby & Co.

We have now arrived at the fine estate which bounds on the corner of Hawley and Franklin Streets, the truly elegant edifice erected on which, from the designs of Mr. Bryant, form the subject of the preceding illustration. This estate was purchased from the heirs of the late Mr. Wigglesworth, in the month of April, 1858, by Phineas Upham, Esq., at the rate of ten dollars per square foot; and such rapid progress has been made in the building, under the charge of Messrs. J. E. and N. & D. J. Brown, that it is now nearly ready for occupancy. The builders are Messrs. Joel Wheeler & Sons, and the granie work from the quarry of the Granite Railway Company. It is leased to Messrs. J. W. Paige & Co. and Pierce Brothers & Flanders. The style partakes slightly of the Venetian modifications of detail, and is finished in a very thorough and characteristic manner throughout. The cornice, in particular, merits the approbation of the amateur and architectural student; and there is a general air of unity in all the masses of the front which impresses the eye of the spectator in the most agreeable manner.

We have thus completed our hasty survey of all the improvements on the north side of the new street. It will be seen, upon a retrospect, that, with the single exception of the one estate for which the plans are understood to be now in preparation, the whole line of the street from Hawley Street, on the west, to the new extension of Devonshire Street, on the east, has been covered with eastly warehouses



View of Block of Stores Nos. 31 to 55 Franklin Street.

of granite within a period of little more than a year from Street, over which stood for so many years the apartments the date of their commencement. Such evidences of activity, energy, and comprehensive good taste should not pass unrecorded in our annual pages. The history of our growing city presents us with no records of such weighty and thoroughly successful achievements.

The south side of the street is not, however, to be considered as entitled to any secondary place in our survey. On the contrary, there has been even a more complete mutual understanding, and a more thorough harmony of action than on the north side; and the happy result is shown in the chaste and finely proportioned block of eight first-class stores which form the subject of the above illustration. It will be recollected that the erescent-shaped side of the street is bisected at a point near the centre by the opening of Arch

of the old Boston Library.

The block of stores already erected reaches, in one uniform facade, from Hawley Street to Arch Street, 220 feet in length, 108 feet in depth, and of five stories in height in addition to the basements and attics. It possesses a peculiar advantage in being surrounded on all four sides by thoroughfares, thus giving the utmost convenience of access for the requirements of wholesale business. Six of the eight stores in this block are planned so as to be used in pairs. The whole stand upon estates formerly owned by Messrs. John Bryant, Thomas A. Dexter, Thomas Wigglesworth, the Babcock heirs, Dr. George Bates, the heirs of Benjamin Bussey, and Hon. George T. Bigelow.

The buildings have been erected by the owners or pur-

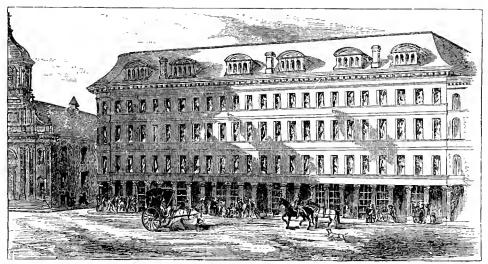
chasers of these various estates, as follows, viz.: John Simmons, the purchaser of the Bryant, Dexter, and Bigelow lots, and thus the owner of the two west as well as the two east stores of the block; the trustees of the estate of Bussey, on the lot before named as belonging to that estate, and also purchasers of the Bates estate, thus becoming the owners of the two stores next adjoining the two east end stores of Mr. Simmons. Thomas Wigglesworth is the owner of the store adjoining the two west end stores of Mr. Simmons; and the block is then completed by the store of Lemuel M. Standish and Charles Woodbury, purchasers of the Babeock estate, as thus the owners of the store located between that of Mr. Wigglesworth and the Bussey trustees.

This fine block may well be said to stand in the foremost rank among the palaces of trade. Its noble proportions, and the strength and massiveness of its details, will not be found to suffer in the least by comparison with its opposite neighbors. And the architect, Mr. Bryant, might be congratulated on the erection of this block alone, as having

completed a structure, for business purposes, such as ro city in this country can excel.

The construction of these buildings is in the hands of Messrs. J. E. and N. & D. J. Brown, with the exception of the store of Mr. Wigglesworth, which is in charge of the Messrs. Wheeler & Sons and Moses Standish. The occupants of these several stores will be the following well-known firms: of Mr. Simmons's two west stores, Jewett, Tebbetts & Co., and Burrage Brothers & Co.; of Mr. Wigglesworth's store, Woodman, Horswell & Co., and Dodge, Baldwin & Co.; of Standish & Woodbury's store, B. C. Howard & Huston; of the Bussey trustees's store, Denny, Rice & Co, and Austin Sumner & Co.; and of Mr. Simmons's two east stores, Wilkinson, Stetson & Co.

We next pass to the illustration which shows the equally imposing block on the other side of Arch Street, projected also by Mr. Bryant, and now in process of erection. It extends to Devonshire Street as laid out to Winthrop and Otis Places, on the "forked route" of Mr. Stetson, and



View of Block of Stores Nos. 57 to 75 Franklin Street. G. J. F. Bryant, Architect.

terminates the present improvements in Franklin Street in that direction.

This block embraces six stores, occupying the sites of the estates recently the property of William D. Sohier, Mrs. A. L. C. Dunlap, Mrs. William P. Winchester, Edward Wigglesworth, Ignatius Sargent, and of Harvard University. The stores on these estates are creeted by J. Bowdoin Bradlee, who purchased the Sohier estate, bounding on Arch Street, at twelve dollars per foot; by Mrs. Dunlap, the owner of the property next adjoining Mr. Bradlee; by William Sohier, trustee of the estate of Mrs. Winchester,

whose property adjoins that of Mrs. Dunlap, to the east part; and by Edward Wigglesworth, who erects three stores on such portion of his own estate and those of Mr Sargent and of Harvard College as remain after the laying out of the "forked route" extension of Devonshire Street, by the city.

These stores are already leased to the following parties: that owned by Mr. Bradlee to Frothingham & Co.; that owned by Mrs. Dunlap to Johnson, Sewall & Co.; that owned by Mrs. Winchester to Whitwell, Marsh & Talbot, and Whitney & Washburn; and that owned by Edward Wigglesworth to Converse, Harding & Co.

The builders in charge of the buildings are J. E. and N. & D. J. Brown for Mrs. Dunlap, Joel Wheeler & Sons and Moses S andish for Edward Wigglesworth, and Thomas J. Whidden and Carlisle & Cummings for Mr. Bradlee. The granite for the entire block, excepting the store of Mrs. Winchester, is supplied by Messrs. O. T. Rogers & Co., of Quincy; that for Mrs. Winchester being procured by the Granite Railway Co., of Quincy.

It may readily be conceived that the increase of valuation in the real estate of this street, and the permanent addition thus caused to the taxable property of the municipality, is indeed great. It has been estimated, by good judges, as high as \$2,500,000.

To John Simmons, Esq., must, in a great degree, be assigned the credit of the first conception of this great enterprise. The foresight and sagacity exhibited in the early purchases, by this gentleman, in Franklin Street, and the spirit which dictated the noble improvements commenced by him upon his newly acquired property, were not without their effect upon the other capitalists of our city, who knew that it must be safe to follow where a man of his long-tried experience had shown himself so willing to lead. His courage gave credit to the undertaking; and the community are indebted to him, more perhaps than to any other single citizen, for inspiring the confidence which of itself insures success to an undertaking of such magnitude and importance.

The trustees of the Sears estate have also been constantly in the field as purchasers, ever since the first conception of the enterprise. They have thus been able, it will be perceived, to secure some of the best estates at prices most favorable to the permanent investment of the large property which they represent.

To the efforts, also, of Joshua Stetson, Esq., the friends of the Franklin Street improvement must always aeknowledge themselves to be greatly indebted. To his persevering efforts in advocating the "forked route," for the extension of Devonshire Street, they owe the complete success of a plan which, in spite of much strenuous opposition, was at length almost unanimously adopted. It is believed that the experience of each succeeding year will show the vast superiority of this plan over any of the others which, for so long a period, have engaged the attention and divided the opinions of the city authorities. To the explanation, the advocacy, and the defence of this important measure, Mr. Stetson may be said to have given his whole energies; and, without his patience and assiduity, it is safe to assert that the measure would never have been successfully carried through. Nor has any one been more active or zealous than himself in ealing the attention of both eapitalists and tenants to the peculiar advantages of the Franklin Street property, or more influential in securing their co-operation

to complete, in a truly elegant style, the stately structures which adorn what is destined to be the principal dry goods business street of this metropolis.

Nor is our record complete without especial commendation of the very responsible and laborious services of Alderman Wightman (Chairman of the Committee on Streets), rendered in behalf of the interests of the city, yet with a just appreciation of public requirements. The community have received, in his zealous and successful endeavors, the results of a comprehensive sagacity, that will largely enure to the general welfare, both corporate and public.

It is highly possible that buildings of a similar character to these we have now described may yet be erected on the extension of Devonshire Street to Otis and Winthrop Places. The fine frontage presented by the opening of this new area offers peculiar advantages for stores of the best description; while the new buildings already under contract between Milk and Franklin Streets, on the one side of this portion of the new street, and the renovation, with iron and brick facings, of the large stores on the other side, will offer such inducements for business as will be likely to fill this street, also, with tenants of the best description.

It may be many years, perhaps, before any similar undertaking will be earried out, in our city, on so large a scale. In regard to this question, however, it must, after all, he said that "time alone can show." If the erection of so large a number of first-class stores should have the effect permanently to vacate others already occupied, there would be reasonable ground to anticipate such a result. But, on the other hand, it must be observed that the present action of the Commonwealth, in the filling of the Back-Bay lands in a superior manner, and the laying out of that vast area upon such a noble and comprehensive plan, - with its broad avenues, and its wide and airy house-lots, - will have an increasing tendency to draw away more and more of private residences to the new quarter, in each succeeding year. And to the sites of the homes thus deserted, if the past be any indication of the future, will succeed, as if by an inevitable law, a continual reproduction of THE PALACES OF TRADE.

TAXABLE PROPERTY ON FRANKLIN STREET.

The Assessors' books of 1859 show the amount of taxable property on Franklin Street, between Hawley and Devonshire Streets, to be as follows: The taxes assessed on the north side of the street amount to, real \$701,000, personal, \$1,225,000, and on the south side of the street to real \$730,000, personal \$1,220,000, making a total of property, real and personal, to the amount of nearly four millions of dollars. Several large firms have taken possession of their stores since the first of May, and are not included in the above, and three stores are not yet finished.

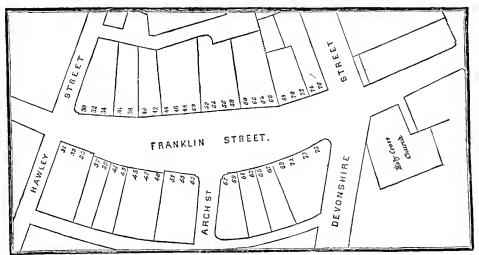


Diagram and official numbering of Franklin Street

LIST OF FIRMS REMOVING TO FRANKLIN STREET.

[Corrected September, 1859.]

- 31, 33 Jewett, Tebbetts, & Co.
- 35 Burrage Bros. & Co.
- 37 Woodman, Horswell, & Co.
- 39 Dodge, Baldwin, & Co. 41 B. C. Howard & Huston.
- 43 Allen, Whiting, Lane, & Washburn.
- 45, 47 Anstin Sumner & Co.
- 49 Denny, Rice, & Co.
- 51 J. C Howe & Co.
- 53, 55 Wilkinson, Stetson, & Co. 57 Whitney, Washburn, and Fogne.
- 59 Frothingham & Co.
- 61, 63 Johnson, Sewall, & Co.
- 65 Turrill & Metealf.
- 67 Whitwell, Marsh, & Talbot.
- 69 F. Skinner & Co.
- 71, 73, 75 Converse, Harding, & Co.
- 30, 32 Pieree Bros. & Flanders.
- 34 J. W. Paige & Co.
- 36 E. Allen & Co.
- 38 Almy, Patterson, & Co.
- 40 Stone, Wood, & Baldwin.
- 42 Gardner Colby & Co.
- 48, 50 Faulkner, Kimball, & Co.
- 52, 54, 56 Edwards, Ni hols, & Riehards
- 58 Stanfield, Wentworth, & Co.
- 60, 62, 64, 66 James M. Beebe & Co.
- 68 Frost & Kimball.
- " S. H. Pearee & Co.
- 70, 72 Dresser, Stevens, & Co.
- 74 E. G. Tileston & Co.
- " W. R. Lovejoy & Co. Charles H. Mills.
- " Revere Bank.
- 76 Burr Bros. & Co.

EXTENSION OF DEVONSHIRE STREET.

The extension of Devonshire Street is an improvement of great magnitude, or rather a portion of a grand enterprise, of which Franklin Street also constitutes a prominent feature. The full accomplishment of the improvements intended remains to be effected. But a brief period will see them finally developed. The credit of instituting these enterprising measures, is due to Mayor Rice, from whose inaugural address of January, 1857, we quote: --

"The great increase of business in the vicinity of Milk, Federal, Congress, and Pearl Streets, with the prospect of a similar increase in Franklin, Summer, and other street at an early period; the enlarged communication with Sonth Boston, — one of the most flourishing sections of our terri tory, - together with the prospective opening and extension of Albany Street, and the constantly increasing business of the great lines of railroads which terminate on the South Cove, render necessary some relief to the thoroughfares between these two sections."

"Among all the routes yet suggested, no one seems to possess more claims than the following: - Commencing at the square in Summer Street from which radiate Summer, High, South, Lincoln, and Bedford Streets, pass through Winthrop Place to Franklin Street, cross Franklin Street, and widen Odeon Avenne to Milk Street, and Devonshire Street to Water Street, thus forming a direct line from State Street to the Worcester Railroad, and thence by the eollateral streets east of the railroads, to South Boston; and by way of Winthrop and Otis Places, and Kingston and Albany Streets, to the Neek lands and Roxbury."

These improvements are now in progress.

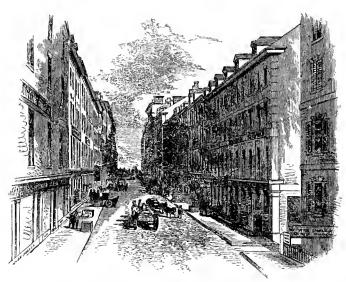
VIEWS OF BUSINESS STREETS.



View of Milk Street, from Pearl towards Washington Street.



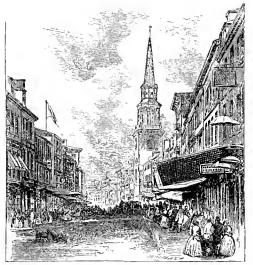
View of Milk Street, from Pearl Street to Central Wharf.



View of Pearl Street, from Milk Street.



View of Commercial Street northerly from Faneuil Hall Market.

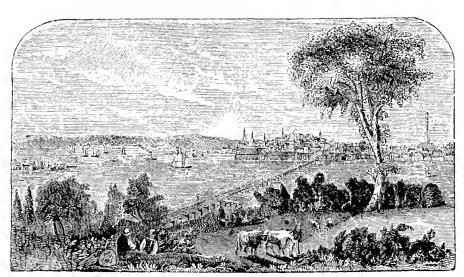


View of Washington Street, from opposite Franklin, embracing the Old South Church.



View of Summer Street, from Washington to Federal Street.

THE HARBOR OF BOSTON.



The Harbor extends from Nantasket to the city, and spreads from Chelsea and Nahant to Hingham; containing about 75 square miles. It is bespangled with upwards of 50 islands or rocks, and receives the waters from the Mystic, Charles, Neponset, and Manatticut Rivers, with several other smaller streams.

The most noted islands are Governor's Island and Castle Island, both of which are fortified: the former is now called Fort Warren, the latter Fort Independence. They lie about two and a half miles easterly from the city, dividing the inner from the outer harbor, about one mile distant from each other; and the only channel for large ships passes

between them. Belle Isle and East Boston lie to the northeast of the city on the Chelsea coast, which, together with most of the islands in the harbor, come within the jurisdiction of the city. Deer Island, about five miles east, and Long Island, about five and a half east by south, command the outer harbor. Thompson and Spectacle Islands lie southeasterly towards Squantum, and within the parallel of Long Island. Rainsford, or Hospital Island, is about one mile southeasterly from Long Island. Gallop, George, and Lovel's Islands, lie east by south, from seven to eight miles from Boston, and between Broad Sound and Nantasket Road. Pethick's Island lics south of Nantasket Road, or The Lighthouse Island, on which the Hingham Bay. lighthouse stands, lies south 69 degrees east, 82 miles. The Brewsters, Calf Island, Green Island, &c., lie northerly from the Lighthouse; forming a chain of islands, rocks, and ledges about three miles to the Graves Rocks, between which no ships attempt to pass.

The water in this harbor is of a sufficient depth to admit 500 ships of the largest class to ride at anchor in safety; while the entrance is so narrow as scarcely to admit two ships abreast. Boston is finely situated for commerce, and has more shipping than any other city in the United States, except New York. The wharves and piers are extensive, provided with spacious stores and warehouses, with every convenience for the safe mooring and securing of vessels.

The city exhibits a very picturesque and beantiful view when approached from the sea, and its general appearance is much admired by strangers.

ISLANDS IN BOSTON HARBOR.

The islands in Boston Harbor are delightful r sorts for citizens and strangers during the hot summer weather. If there are natural beauties, romantic elevations, or silent and wild retreats, in the vicinity of Boston, worth the poet's and philosopher's attention, they are in the harbor; but to be admired they must be seen. These islands are gradually wearing away; and, where large herds of cattle were pastured sixty years ago, the ocean now rolls its angry billows, and lashes with an overwhelming surge the last remains of earth.

From the appearance which the islands present at this period, these were once round, or in other words were nearly circular at the base, and rose above the water like a dome; but the northern blasts, in connection with the terrible force of the tides accompanying such storms, have completely washed away every one of them upon the north side, in such a manner that they actually appear like half an island—having had a vertical section; and hence there is a per-

pendicular bank facing the north, while the south and west gradually slope to the edge. To the east, the tide has made some destruction, but it bears no proportion to the north. This peculiarity is observable in all the islands which have soil. Towards the outer lighthouse, the islands are almost barren ledges of rocks, - having been washed of the earth from time immemorial. It is on the northeastern sides that the most danger is to be apprehended. Thompson's Island lying between the Castle and Moon Head, is secured by natural barriers, as the former receives and resists the force of the tide before it reaches Thompson's; but Long Island. although defended in a measure by Rainsford, Gallop, George's, and Lovel's Islands, has lost considerable soil. Spectacle Island, so called from i's supposed resemblance to a pair of spectacles, is sifting away by slow degrees, and nothing will prevent it.

GEORGE'S ISLAND.

This island is the key to the harbor, - commanding the open sea, affording one of the best places for fortifications of any among the number. There is an elevation on the east and northeast, nearly 50 feet above high water-mark, in some places, with an easy ascent towards the south and southwest to the channel. This is the property of the United States. Fifty thousand dollars have been expended by government for building a sea-wall on the northeast. A trench was dug at the foot, below the low-water mark, in which the foundation has been laid. This was made of split stone, of great weight, and bolted together with copper. We have never seen any masonry that would compare with it, in point of strength and workmanship. On this a second wall has been erected, equally formidable, on which the artillery is to be mounted. Under the superintendence of Captain Smith, whose good judgment has been exercised from the beginning, we may expect a fort in the onter harbor that will bid defiance to all the ships of war that ever sailed.

CASTLE ISLAND,

On which stands Fort Independence, was selected as the most suitable place for a fortress for the defence of the barbor, as early as 1633. It was built at first with mud walls, which soon fell to decay, and was afterwards rebuilt with pine trees and earth. In a short time, this also became useless, and a small castle was built with brick walls, and had three rooms in it; a dwelling-room, a lodging-room over it, and a gun-room over that. The erection of this castle gave rise to the present name of the island. Great improvements are in progress here by the United States Government.

GOVERNOR'S ISLAND

Lies about one mile north of Castle Island, and was first called Conant's Island. It was demised to Governor Winthrop in 1632, and for many years after was called the Governor's Garden. It is now in the possession of James Winthrop, Esq., a descendant of the first Governor, excepting a part conveyed by him to the United States, for the purpose of constructing a fortress, now called Fort Warren. Its situation is very commanding, and in some respects superior to Castle Island.

NODDLE'S ISLAND

Was first occupied by Samuel Maverick. He was en it when the settlement of Boston commenced. He built a fort in which he mounted four eannens, and afterwards had a grant of it from the General Court. In 1814, a strong fortress was built on this island by the citizens, and called Fort Strong, in hence of the Governor. This island is now known by the name of East Boston.

POINT SHIRLY

Formerly had the name of Pulling Point. The name which it now bears was given to it by the proprietors as a mark of respect to the late Governor Shirly.

DEER ISLAND

Is a delightful island, and is owned and leased by the city. It was formerly a place of great resort in the summer season for parties of pleasure. It is now entirely occupied for the City Institutions. The general government for several years past have been building a sea-wall round it of a formidable character. The first appropriation of Congress towards the object was eighty-seven thousand dollars.

LIGHTHOUSE ISLAND

Was known for many years by the name of Beacon Island. The first lighthouse was erected in 1715. Pilots are established at this place, provided with excellent boats, and a piece of artillery to answer signals.

THOMPSON'S ISLAND.

This is a premontory, nearly a mile and a half long, jutting into the harbor, opposite Spectacle Island. The Boston Farm School Association have purchased this island, and established here their Farm School.

NIX'S MATE

Is an irregular, barren, and rocky hase of an island, between Gallop and Long Island Head, almost entirely concealed at high water. There is a beacon of split stone in

the centre, nearly forty feet square, fastened together by copper bolts, which perfectly secures it from the tremendous force of the waves in times of northeasterly gales. To speak more definitely, the shape is a parallelegram, the sides being 12 feet high, and ascended by stone steps on the south side. On the top of this is a six-sided pyramid of wood, 20 feet high, with one window to the south. This is the conspicuous part of the beacon, and serves as a prominent warning to seamen, to keep from the dangerous sheal on which it stands. At low tide, more than an acre of land is visible, and at high tide, only small boats can sail to the menument. A very aged gentleman states that he can remember when Nix's Mate was a verdant island, on which a large number of sheep were pastured. Forty-five years ago, although the soil is new completely gone, there was pasturage for fifty head of sheep, entirely above high-water mark.

Tradition says that the master of a vessel, whose name was Nix, was murdered by his mate, and buried on this island, some century and a half ago. The mate was executed for the horrid crime, but declared he was innocent of the murder, and prophesied that the island, as an evidence of his innocence, would be entirely washed away. He was executed nearly on the spot where the pyramid is erected. The total disappearance of the land, above water, has led many to believe the truth of his assertion, - that he was unjustly put to death. The circumstances were handed down from one generation to another, till the crection of the beacon, when by general consent, among seamen, it took the name of Nix's Mate. It was the custom about a century ago to hang pirates in chains on this island, to strike a terror to sailors as they came into port, that the influence might deter them from the commission of such wickedness.

ISLAND FORESTS.

An impression exists, that the islands in Boston Harbor were never wooded. The fact is, they were once covered by a fine growth of trees, which remained in their original viger and beauty, long after the settlement of Boston. On the 13th of January, 1638, 30 men went down to Spectacle Island to ent wood, fuel being very scarce in town. A great storm came up, which drove the boat still further out; and one of the number was drowned. In the year 1633, William Wood visited Boston, and subsequently wrote New England's Prospect. After a general description of the harbor, he remarks, in regard to the islands, that "the seamen, having spent their old store of wood and water, may here have fresh supplies from the adjacent islands, with good timber to repair their weather-beaten ships." Speaking of Boston, he says, " The greatest wants are wood and meadow ground, which were never in this place, being constrained to

fetch their building timber and fire-wood from the islands, in boats." Boston was undoubtedly originally covered with a wood, which had been hurnt off by the Indians, to clear the ground for planting corn, which was their custom. Mr. Wood introduces an observation in relation to the Neck: " The marshes being not half a quarter of a mile over, so that a little fencing will secure their cattle from the wolves."

DISTANCES BY WATER.

The "Gazette" publishes the following table of distances to different points on Charles River and down the harbor: -From Braman's Baths to Eustis's...... mile. .. 46 Ship Yard.....2 " Powder House......2½ " .. College Wharf......3½ " .. Gas Honse......41 " .. " Spring Hotel.....9 " Waltham Bleachery 1212 " 46 .. Cambridge Bridge " 66 .. 46 Chelsea..... 3 " .. 64 Medford Village..... " 44 Mystic Pond......121 " 46 .. Long Wharf to Castle Island 23 " . . " Governor's Island......2" " .. " Apple Island......31 " 44 " PointShirley...... 5 " .. " Bay View......31 " 66 " Squantum 5 " Long Island Light.....6" " Lower Light..................91 " ' Hull......91 " 4 4 " 66 . . " (ontside)......121 " 4.6 " " Dorchester.....6 " . . . 5 " Milton Lower Falls...... " " Chelsea Ferry " Chelsea Beach...... 4 " " Nahant " Tinker's Island......6 " .. " .. " Hull.....8 " Length of Mystic Pond.....2 "

MINOT'S ROCK LIGHTHOUSE.

Probably no work more assuredly illustrates the indomitable force of American energy, than the construction of this shaft on the ocean. To the extended sketch which follows we assign the space in our already swelling pages, convinced the first season's operations. The piles were erected in Sep-

that the record is a judicious investment in the interest of our readers.

[From the "Boston Journal" of Oct 2, 1858.]

The city government and invited guests will go down the harbor to-day, to ioaugurate with appropriate ceremonies the corner-stone of the new Lighthouse on Minot's Ledge. The steamer "Nantasket" has been engaged for the occasion, and will leave Liverpool Wharf at 10 o'clock, A. M., for Minot's Rock.

The occasion is one of much interest to the mercantile community of Boston. Minot's Rock is the outer of the Cohasset rocks, situated north from Cohasset, and a little less than three miles from the Glades. The distance from Boston is about seventeen miles, and from Boston Light something less than eight miles. The diameter of the rock at the top, which is exposed at extreme low water, is about thirty-five feet. The ledge extends in shore, affording an additional surface of rock, which is partially exposed at low water in calm weather. These rocks had long been the terror of mariners, and the repeated shipwrecks which occurred upon them attracted public attention to the necessity of a lighthouse to serve as a beacon of warning, and to aid the mariner in finding the entrance to the harbor in darkness and storm. Some eighteen or twenty years ago, the Boston Marine Society, and many of the merchants of this city, petitioned Congress for an appropriation to erect a lighthouse on the Cohasset rocks. The petition was ably supported by the Senators and Representatives from this State, but the subject was discussed for several sessions before it was acted upon. A plan was submitted by the late Captain Winslow Lewis for a granite lighthouse, upon a principle somewhat similar to that of the Eddystone light, in the British Channel. He proposed to erect the light on the ledge to the west of the outer Minot. His plan was favorably received, and was recommended by the Lighthouse Committee; but no appropriation was made to carry it into effect. Subsequently an appropriation was made to establish a light on Cohasset rocks; and the whole matter was committed to the engineer department, to carry out the project. This department adopted the plan of a iron pile lighthouse, three of which have been erected in England. It was a bold experiment, for the English lighthouses of the same pattern had been built in shallow water. The result was most disastrons.

The construction of the lighthouse was placed under the superintendence of Capt. W. A. Swift, of the topographical engineers. The work was commenced in 1847, and the drilling of the holes in the rock for the iron piles occupied the greater part of two seasons. The holes were drilled by machinery, which was twice swept from the rock during tember and October, 1848, and the lighthouse proper was placed upon the piles in 1849; the work being completed in the fall of that year.

The base of the structure was formed of eight heavy wrought iron piles, eight inches in diameter at the foot, and four and a half inches at the top. These piles were forged in two pieces each, which were erected one above the other, and connected by very stout cast-iron or gun-metal sockets secured in the strongest manner. The diameter of the structure at the base was twenty-five feet, and the piles inclined towards the centre so as to bring the heads within a circle of fourteen feet diameter. In the centre of the eight outer piles was a ninth pile, which was perpendicular, and a little larger than the others, being eight inches in diameter at the foot, and six inches at the top. The piles were secured and connected together at the top, at an elevation of sixty feet from the bed of the rock, by a cast iron cap, or spider, weighing five tons. These piles were also connected by cross braces. Below the pile heads, and enclosed within the piles, was a cellar or well-room for provisions, oil, &c. The keeper's house, above the spider, was octagonal in shape and fourteen feet in diameter, and upon the top of this was the lantern. The house and lantern were framed of iron. The entire height of the structure from the surface of the rock to the top of the lantern was about seventy feet, and it towered up fifty feet above the line of high-water mark. The weight of the whole structure was about seventy-four tons.

The light house was completed, as we have before stated, in the fall of 1849. Mr. Dunham, of West Bridgewater, was appointed keeper, with two assistants. But he soon became convinced that the situation was not an enviable one. The wind and waves shook the structure in an alarming manner. Brief paragraphs found their way into the newspapers which awakened the fears of many that the lighthouse would not stand. In the fall of 1850, Capt. Dunham resigned his post, from a feeling of insecurity, and from the meagreness of his salary; and Mr. J. W. Bennett was appointed in his place. Mr. Bennett did not give credence to the stories of the insecurity of the lighthouse. But he was soon convinced that not half of the real facts had been given to the public. Two or three severe gales ocentred during the winter of 1850 which shook the structure severely, and materially weakened it, carrying away nearly all the braces. Repeated representations of the dangerous condition of the lighthouse were made, but the anthorities were incredulous. On the 15th and 16th of April, 1851, a gale of more than usual severity prevailed on our coast, in which this lighthouse was swept away. Capt. Bennett, the keeper, was fortunately on shore at the time; but his two assistants, Joseph Wilson and Joseph Antonio, were lost in the light. The disaster ocentred at

the height of the gale. The light was seen at 11 o'clock on the night of the 16th, and the fog-bell was heard to toll with more than usual quickness. At daylight the next morning, such of the fragments of the lighthouse as would float strewed the beach to leeward. The massive structure which man, in the pride of his power and self-confidence, had placed to brave the fury of the elements, had vanished; and the mad waves leaped and tumbled wildly and in seeming exultation over its site.

The destruction of the lighthouse made the rocks more dangerous than ever, and a light-boat was soon moored outside of Minot's as a substitute. But the situation was too exposed for a light-boat, which, however, still gives warning to the mariner, although she has repeatedly been driven from her moorings. A petition was sent to Congress to rebuild the light, and an appropriation was made for building a substantial granite structure upon the site of the pile lighthouse. The work was placed under the superintendence of Capt. B. S. Alexander, and has already been in progress about three years; although there are but few days in the year on which the workmen have been able to work on the rock, and then only for a few hours.

[From the Daily Advertiser of Oct. 4, 1858.]

CONSECRATION OF THE MINOT'S LEDGE LIGHT-HOUSE.

On the invitation of Captain B. S. Alexander, under whose direction the work is going on, a party consisting of the City Government, a delegation from the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts Free Masons, and invited guests, numbering in all about four hundred, went down the harbor on Saturday in the steamer "Nantasket," for the purpose of laying the corner-stone of the lighthouse to be erected on Minot's Ledge.

It was intended that the company should go upon the structure, which is already several feet above low-water mark, but the sea was so rough that it was found impossible. The "Nantasket" accordingly put about; and, although Capt. Alexander soon came alongside in the government steamer, and nrged the party to turn about and go back, she continued on her way to Hull (where a telegraphic despatch was sent to the city for a special train of ears), and thence to Hingham. Being obliged to wait here for some time before the train arrived, the party paid visits to the old church, built in 1681, where "Old Hundred" and "Coronation" were sung, and to the old Lincoln family mansion. Embarking in the ears at half-past three o'clock, the party were soon conveyed to Cohasset, where a procession was formed, headed by the Brigade Band, which marched to the yard in which the construction of the lighthouse is earried on, and where the ceremonies of the consecration were immediately begunCaptain B. S. Alexander, of the United States corps of Engineers, was introduced by the Mayor, and spoke as follows:—

Mr. Mayor,—It gives me great pleasure to welcome you, and all these gentlemen present, to the Rock which has been the scene of our labors. The history of this Rock is no common one; it tells of shipwreck and disaster, of hairbreadth escapes, of suffering and woe. Standing like a watchful foe at the entrance to the harbor of Boston, to many of her sailors has it given the death-blow. The advance of science has taught man to convert such foe into a watchtower, that may ever staud pointing upward to its own glorious light, sending far into the dim ocean's distance its rays of hope and warning to the mariner. A lighthouse of iron was erected here some years ago, whose fearful fate all may remember. Now again we are erecting a lighthouse here, but this time of granite, - granite piled on granite; granite to build upon, the earth's sub-structure; granite engrafted and dovetailed into the foundation; and granite the whole. To give even more stability to this structure, each stone is riveted with galvanized iron bolts, cemented into their sockets. So may it stand, that "they that go down to the sea in ships" may see this signal-fire burning brightly to warn them from the countless rocks that echo with the rage that oft swells the bosom of old ocean.

At the commencement of this work we had nothing but money: no workmen, no shore establishment, no workshop, no tools, no machinery, no boats, no organization. In one year these all started into life. Tuesday morning, the first day of July, 1855, just as the sun tipped the wings of the morning sea-gull as it took its swift flight over the wave, we struck our first blow on the Minot. The first year, 1855, we worked on it 130 hours; 1856, 157 hours; 1857, 130 hours and 21 minutes; 1858, to September 30, 208 hours: making in all 625 hours, 21 minutes. At first the men were nervous with the natural fear incident to their seemingly dangerous situation; but no accident ever befalling any of their number, and seeing every precaution taken for their safety, this fear was soon dispelled, and they worked as cheerily as on land. And you now see before you, gentlemen, the result of the labors of as fine a body of workmen as it has ever been my fortune to meet with.

Many reflections arise in our minds as we stand on this structure. Boston lights her streets with gas; the United States Government, with protective care, lights our ocean highways not only for the benefit of the commerce of the Union, but for the commerce of the world; and it is a reflection worthy of this occasion to remember that it is our common government that has dotted our harbors with fortications, bristling with cannon; that has built our navy yards and ships of war; that can furnish you 300,000 stand

of arms in Massachusetts alone, giving you strength to bid defiance to the world; and lastly, it is our glorious Union that erects this structure.

At the conclusion of Captain Alexander's remarks, His Honor, Mayor Lincoln, responded:—

MR. ENGINEER, - In accordance with your courteous invitation, the City of Boston, represented by its official authorities, is present with you to-day to participate in those formal ceremonies with which, in conformity with a timehonored custom, you propose to inaugurate this great work. We rejoice in the opportunity thus afforded to express in behalf of the citizens of Boston their interest in this enterprise, and their feelings of obligation to the national government, which, as the guardian of the commercial interests of the country, has taken cognizance of the perils awaiting the mariner in these waters, and has resolved to alleviate them at whatever cost. We would also bear our testimony to the zeal and energy, the consummate skill and unwearied patience, which you and your associates have so far exhibited in the prosecution of the work. If it is your ambition to excel, no more honored triumph awaits any member of your profession than the successful consummation of the enterprise which now engages your thoughts and demands your best services. We trust that you will succeed; it will be an honor to yourself, to that class of practical men whose works testify to their worth, and to that department of government under whose orders you act.

GENTLEMEN OF THE CITY COUNCIL AND FELLOW-CITIZENS, — We have met to-day under peculiar eircumstances. The occasion which has called us together, and the place where we have assembled, have a novelty unparalleled in our municipal history. On a rock in the ocean, which has been a terror to many an anxious soul, we are quietly standing, and engaged in the consecration of a superstructure which shall render this spot a signal of hope and safety rather than gloom and despair. The sighs which have mingled with the gales that have swept upon many a winter's night over those rocks tell a mournful story of the past; we rejoice now in the hope that the future has a brighter prospect. And though the storm may rage, and the elements lash themselves with fury on these breakers, yet the good ship with its gallant crew shall pass harmlessly on to its destined haven.

There is no structure of human skill more deserving of commendation than a lighthouse. Every one of them is a monument dedicated to the best feelings of our nature. They are the warning beacons to save the mariner from destruction. They are the significant indices planted along the coast of the common brotherhood of man. These benefits are not enjoyed alone by the people on whose shores they stand; but every one whose business is on the great

waters, of whatever clime or nation, is gladdened by their cheerful light, and guarded in a safe path in seasons of peril and doubt. The maritime nations of antiquity erected on their shores temples to the gods, from the roofs of which sacrifices of fire were offered to appease the genius of the storm. We construct no temples dedicated to a heathen deity, but place along our borders sightly edifices tipped in the dark night with fire, which shall give the lost voyager a knowledge of his true situation, and thus enable him by the skill of modern seamanship to ride in safety superior to the elements; for he is warned of the danger that awaits him. These works have ealled forth some of the most marvellous achievements of human skill and industry. The natural obstacles to their construction have often almost baffled the ingenuity and wisdom of the most distinguished of scientific men. No prouder trophies of man's victory over nature can be found than some works of this kind in the European world. The Eddystone Lighthouse, on the coast of Cornwall, is the most remarkable structure of modern times Notwithstanding the difficulty of its construction, it has been found so secure that it is said its keepers feel themselves more safe within its walls in a gale of wind, than if they were on the neighboring coast. The Bell Rock Light, on the coast of Scotland, built by Robert Stephenson, is a work of equal magnitude; but it seems to be the destiny of our country to furnish the grandest achievement in this department of art. The very spot upon which we stand, we trust, is to be immortalized by the greatest work of this character in the world. The national government is pledged to its success, and we have sufficient faith in the resources of the nation, and in the skill and indomitable energy of onr engineer, to be assured that it will certainly be accomplished. Its importance to the navigation interests of Boston cannot be over-estimated. We have a harbor unsurpassed on the continent for its capacity and safety. Any measure which renders its approach less dangerous invites the mariner into its waters for shelter and business. The dreadful disasters and shipwreeks which have happened on this ledge have awakened the fears of the stoutest hearts. Happy is the omen of to-day, that such forebodings will disappear.

The erection of this edifice is a part of that great system of lighthouse illumination, organized a few years since, having for its object a complete and perfect cordon of lights all along the shores of our extended coast. Their benefits are not confined to the Atlantic States, but the whole country reaps their advantages. By the system of internal improvements, our railroads bring the interior into close proximity to the ocean. The revenues for the support of government are derived in a great measure from commerce. Self-interest, if not humanity, would justify the most liberal appropriation from Congress in its behalf. The oceasion

which has called us together is an evidence of the fact that the necessities of the case have been appreciated by the National Government; and they have generally taken the measures to afford relief. Something more remains to be done for the protection of our upper harbor. A bill has been reported, and now awaits the action of Congress; and we connot but hope that it will meet with that success which its merits deserve.

Let this work go on and prosper. May it stand for many generations, a rich legacy from the present age to those who shall come after us! Long may it remain as a guide into a safe haven, and cheer the home-sick voyager as he approaches his native shore! The labors of those who are engaged in its erection shall receive the benedictions of many who were ready to perish, and the sincere thanksgiving of grateful hearts, as long as its bright light shall loom over this vast horizon. Let us consecrate it with prayers to Almighty God, to Him "who ruleth the raging of the sea, and stilleth the waves thereof," - " whose dominion shall be from one sea to the other, and from the river unto the world's end." Without his blessing, all our labors are in vain. With that blessing may we not hope that this structure shall be like that house built by the wise man, "upon which the rain descended and the flood came, and the wind blew and beat upon it; but it fell not, for it was founded upon a rock"?

Rev. "Father" Taylor then offered a fervent prayer, and at its close an appropriate ode, written for the occasion by W. W. Wheildon, Esq., editor of the "Bunker Hill Aurora," was sung by a trio of male voices.

Hon. John T. Heard, Grand Master of the Massachusetts Grand Lodge of Free Masons, conducted the masonic ceremonies according to the prescribed formula. He also gave a catalogue of the number of occasions on which the fraternity had been called upon to officiate in the same manner, in the United States and Great Britain. He concluded his remarks with the following words:—

I congratulate you, Mr. Mayor, that the enlightened city over which you so happily preside, will enjoy so largely the economical and humane advantages to be derived from the establishment of a lighthouse on this, one of the most perilous localities npon these shores. Though the light here to be dispensed shall shine upon the flag of every nation that may visit these waters, yet no maritime port will reap its benefits to the same extent as that of Boston. Its navigation interests, which contribute so extensively to the welfare of our country, and minister so much to the intercourse and civilization of the world, justly merit the protection and fostering care of the Federal Government by all the means it can legally exercise.

Dr. Winslow Lewis was then introduced by Mr. Heard, as "the worthy son of one who was for a long time, and

most honorably, connected with the lighthouse service of the United States, and who was universally respected and esteemed by his fellow citizens."

Dr. Lewis replied: -

The allusion to the memory of my father in the address of the Grand Master will, I trust, serve as an apology for a very few remarks, not wholly inappropriate on this interesting occasion. His connection with the Order of Free Masonry for nearly sixty years, his official relation to the Grand Lodge of this State, is known to the whole fraternity. But here, on this spot, where we are called on as speculative masons to inangurate the commencement of a magnificent Pharos, some few statements of his long continned activity and devotion to the Lighthouse Department of the United States cannot be deemed wholly irrelevant.

For nearly half a century, he was connected in a greater or less degree with this establishment, extending along our whole Atlantic coast, and on the shores of our mighty lakes. In the course of this long period, he was the contractor and builder of more than 200 lighthouses, and ever obtained the confidence of the U.S. government. He suggested, many years since, as the only feasible plan, that an edifice of stone should be erected, similar to this, which we now trust with confidence will be successfully completed; and he offered to contract for the same, for the sum of \$250,000. He established the use of the lenses and parabolic reflectors which were in operation for so many years, until the brilliant discoveries of Fresnel again changed the mode of light, and the dioptric system was adopted in 1852. "The name of Leonore Fresnel," says a late work, "is classed with the greatest of those inventive minds which extend the boundaries of human knowledge; and it will at the same time receive a place amongst those benefactors of the species who have converted their genius to the common good of mankind; and, wherever maritime intercourse prevails, the solid advantages which his labors have procured will be felt and acknowledged." I therefore claim some humble tribute to the memory of a Boston merchant, for the services he has rendered the government and our mercantile interest, which will cause his name to be held in respect and veneration by all who have business on the great deep, and trust his name will long be remembered and associated with whatever is true and excellent in man, long after all the almost countless beacons which he has erected to warn the approaching mariner of his danger shall have crumbled into dust.

The commencement of a great work like this should have the befitting accompaniments for public ceremonial. It is proper that the city fathers of Boston should give their presence, and utter their congratulations that a grand and responded nearly as follows:—

monument of science and general ntility is to be placed near the commercial metropolis of New England, long we trust to direct a prosperous marine to a flourishing and happy city; that perfected science shall from this spot enable the anxious mariner to behold this warning beacon at a distance of thirty miles lit up by an apparatus than which, says the Encyclopedia Britannica, "there is no work of art more beautiful or more creditable to the boldness, intelligence, and zeal of the artist, - while all that decorated the noble structure of the Eddystone at its completion was a feeble light from tallow candles."

I congratulate my friend, the supervisor and director, on the success thus far attendant on his zeal, activity, and scientific judgment, so long and so well displayed in his laborions task. Being for two years a resident on the shore nearest this scene of his labor, and after having the privilege of standing on this rock and sharing with him and his fellow-laborers, at least their unwished for ablutions, I can render my testimony to the dangers encountered and perseverance manifested in the incipiency of this peculiar

The Eddystone Rock, on the coast of Cornwall, is 20 feet high from low-water mark. Bell Rock, in Scotland, has a large stony base. The lighthouse on the Skerryvore Rocks, in Argyleshire, has a base of 42 feet. But here the space is exceedingly limited, the edges of the ledge very irregular, and could only be cut at very low tides and with a smooth sea. Robert Stevenson had the great advantage, in the erection of Bell Rock Light, of placing near it a wooden barrack, and Allan Stevenson the same, while constructing the Skerryvore Light. Here no such aid could be obtained. The very slow progress of their work shows its difficulties. Eddystone was finished in two years, Bell Rock in two years and three months, and the Skerryvore in about the same period. The Minot's Ledge Lighthouse was commenced in 1855, and may be completed in two years from this time. No delays have interrupted its progress but those which have arisen from its formidable position, and all that indomitable will could effect has been done.

For all that he has so ably done, Capt. Alexander will deserve and receive the approbation of all. May its completion be as successful as its commencement! Though the storms may come, the tempests blow, may it prove that its foundation is not only on a rock, but on the firm basis which science and art have unitedly combined to produce! Long may it stand, a proud monument of the perseverance, liberality, philanthropy, and artistic skill of the United States, and the sagacity of an enlightened and judicious government!

Hon. Edward Everett was then called upon by the Mayor,

Mr. Mayor, Captain Alexander, Fellow Citizens: - I am greatly indebted to you for this kind reception, and I esteem it a piece of good fortune to have been permitted, by His Honor the Mayor, to be present on an occasion so interesting and important. The Mayor, however, is fully aware, that I have not come with any formal speech, fit to follow the gentlemen whose carefully prepared and eloquent addresses have furnished so much pleasure and instruction to the company. I can only offer you the unstudied assurance of my cordial sympathy; and that in a few words. The hour is speeding; the great eclipsing light of the heaven, after illuminating this hemisphere, has already sunk behind those western hills. His parting smile lingers upon them, but he has gone to kiudle another portion of his circuit into life and light while the dusky shadows of evening steal over us.

We have had a pleasant though somewhat "promiseuous" day; and I for one, Mr. Mayor, am not sorry to stand again on terra firma. I thought for a while, when you had us down in the outer harbor, that you had been learning a lesson from the sinking of the Atlantic telegraph; that, as they had laid that at the bottom of the sea, you were for laying the corner stone of your lighthouse below low-water mark. However greatly approving the enterprise, I must own myself too much of a landsman to have co-operated very efficiently in the undertaking; and I rather inferred, from the grave looks and long faces of several of our friends, that I was not alone in that disability. But we are once more on good firm land, and I think the most of us feel the better for the change of element.

We have come, sir, to express our interest in a great public work. Well do I remember that dreadful night, the 16th of April, 1851, when a furious storm swept along the coast of New England, by which houses were unroofed, steeples toppled down, and vessels driven on shore. In the course of that tremendous night, the lighthouse on Minot's Ledge disappeared. It was last seen at 3½ o'clock in the afternoon; and, between that hour and daylight the following morning, the ocean, driven in by the furious tempest, had heaved the lighthouse from the nine iron pillars on which it rested, and which it twisted like osiers, - had dashed it in fragments on the rocks, and with it the two brave men, who, in that awful hour, stood bravely at their posts. We have come now, sir, to repair the desolations of that hour, and to lay the corner-stone of a structure destined by that divine blessing which has been so fervently invoked by the reverend chaplain to resist the utmost violence of the winds and the waves.

It is a point second to no other on our coast, both for the amount of the commerce which passes it, North and South, to its destined markets, and for the perils which here await the mariner. If Minot's Ledge could keep a Minot's

ledger, in which the value of every eargo that passes it in either direction could be entered, and in which—on another page—could be recorded the fearful apprehensions and heart-broken lamentations of anxious and bereaved mothers, wives, sisters, and daughters, sorrowing for the delay of the loved ones, destined many of them never to return, it would furnish an illustration of the importance of a lighthouse on these mournfully notorious rocks, which would need no comment of mine.

It is a work of interest for other reasons, to which you, sir [Captain Alexander], have so pertinently alluded. We are assembled here to-day, not as citizens of Massachusetts. but as citizens of the United States. The lighthouse is for the more immediate benefit of the commerce of Massachusetts, but the expense is borne by the general government. The appropriations for its construction have been passed by the concurrent votes of representatives from the remotest parts of the Union. As the lighthouses off Cape Hatteras, on the Florida reef, and at the months of the Mississippi, have been erected by the votes of your representatives, and proportionably by the resources which you have furnished to the common treasury, so the noble and expensive structure whose corner-stone is now laid will be built with the concurrence and aid of your fellow-citizens who inhabit portions of the Union which the sun does not reach the same hour that he shines on you. In fact, it was primarily for the commerce of the country, and all the works and measures requisite for its growth and protection, that the Constitution of the United States was framed, and the present government established.

But you are not alone promoting the interests of our own vast country, in creeting this noble structure. As has been well stated by the gentleman who has preceded me, it is for the common benefit of the nations. The light which you kindle, you kindle not to guide your own vessels alone. The vessels of the friendly provinces on the North, from which we are happy to see a most respectable gentleman present on this occasion (Hon. Joseph Howe, of Halifax), and the vessels of the neighboring republic on the South, whose late President (Gen. Comonfort) also honors us with his presence, will equally share the benefit. Nay, sir, it will extend to the remotest regions of the civilized world from which a ship shall go forth to navigate our waters.

But I must not detain you, Mr. Mayor and gentlemen, at this late hour. Let me close by responding to the patriotic sentiment of Captain Alexander. As the costly and important structure whose erection he has so auspiciously commenced, has been founded and carried on under the auspices of the government of the Union, let it prove a symbol of that Union's duration and solidity. Owing so much of our prosperity to it, let us warmly cherish and support it. Let us remember that in the event of its rupture,—

which Heaven and its mercy avert!—the protecting power which now spreads its ægis over us, East and West, North and South, will be for ever gone; and as you have told us, sir, that the solid foundations of the structure you are rearing are linked and bolted together with dove-tailed blocks of granite and bars of galvanized iron, so as never to be moved, so may the sister States of the Union be for ever bound together by the stronger ties of common language, kindred blood, and mutual affection.

Addresses were also made by Hon. Linus B. Comins, member of Congress from the fourth district; Col. C. R. Train, of the Executive Council; and Hon. B. C. Clark.

The exercises were concluded by a benediction, pronounced by Rev. E. M. P. Wells.

Among the distinguished gentlemen present, besides those mentioned above, were Ex-President Comonfort, of Mexico; Hon. Messrs. A. H. Rice and J. V. C. Smith, of Boston; and many others.

At half-past six, the company took the cars for home, where they arrived at nine o'clock, after an hour's detention at Hingham.

The work on Minot's Ledge Lighthouse has now risen to the height of thirty-eight feet above the original rock, and is yet to go sixty feet higher. It is constructed of heavy blocks of granite, each dovetailed into the other, in each course, laid in cement and bolted together with heavy iron bolts. The courses are two feet in thickness; and, up to the height of forty feet, the work is to be perfectly solid, with a heavy iron post in the centre, firmly imbedded in the original rock below. Above the forty feet, where the diameter will be about twenty-seven feet, are to be six apartments, one above the other, with a lantern twelve feet in height surmounting the whole. Its appearance is and will be hereafter that of an immense granite post, in mid-ocean, sustaining its lantern on its top. The lighthouse, it is expected, will be finished during the year 1860.

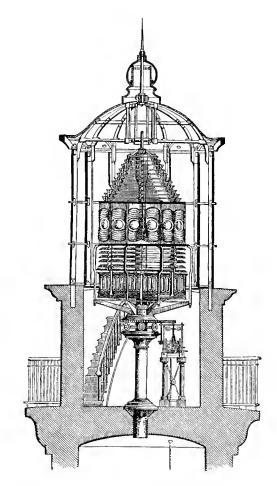
THE FRESNEL LIGHT.

From the Illustrated Magazine of the last Exhibition under the direction of the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association, we take the following description of the Fresnel Light, written by Hon. Joseph M. Wightman:—

This magnificent feature of the Exhibition is in the centre of the Rotunda in Quiney Hall.

The Association are indebted to the Lighthouse Board, at Washington, for the loan of this apparatus, which is to be erected on the coast of Maine, soon after the close of the Exhibition.

They also, with great courtesy, anthorized Captain Wm. B. Franklin, of the U. S. Topographical Engineers, who has charge of the erection of lighthouses in this section, to grant its use for this occasion, and to make all the necessary arrangements for its erection in the Hall.



Of this Light there are two kinds, viz., the Fixed and the Revolving. There are also six sizes, called "Orders," varying from two feet to fifteen feet in height, the larger being designated as the first order. The difference in the construction of the two kinds is in the central belt of glass. In the Fixed Light, this is in the form of a convex belt, or zone, which is of the same form entirely round the light; while, in the Revolving Light, this curved belt is ground into a series of separate lenses, the effect of which is to give, when rotated, a flashing appearance to the light, by which a pilot is enabled to distinguish one lighthouse from

another. Red and other colored glasses are also introduced for the same purpose.

Our engraving represents the form and construction of a Revolving Light, in which the peculiar belt of distinct lenses is shown, and also the wheel-work which causes the whole apparatus to revolve and produce the flashing. The omission of these lenses and the rotating apparatus would represent the Fixed Light on exhibition, and which we will now proceed to describe.

In size this is of the Second Order, and is about five feet in diameter, and twelve feet in height. In the centre, firmly secured to the base, is a large lamp, on the "Carcel" principle, baving three eoncentric wicks, of one, two, and three inches diameter, with a space between each wick for a current of air, which promotes combustion, prevents smoking, and renders the flame clear and brilliant. The oil is contained in a reservoir about one foot below the wicks, and is pumped up to the flame by four small diaphragm pumps which are operated by clock-work and the descent of a weight through the pillar under the eentre of the apparatus. This weight is about fifty pounds, and is wound up by the lighthouse keeper. The flame is in the centre of the principal belt of glass, in which the lenses are represented; and this, with all the subordinate prism-cut belts of glass above and below it, combines to so refract and reflect the light of the lamp as to throw out a flat ring of light, equally intense in every direction. All the light being thus, as it were, condensed into a flat ring as wide as the glass portion of the apparatus is high, is immeasurably superior in its effects to any arrangement of parabolic reflectors. For, however perfect the metallic reflectors may be made, the loss of light by absorption and other causes is

very great; whereas, the triangular glass prisms of this apparatus produce a total reflection,—the inner face of the prism refracting, the second totally reflecting, and the third or outer face a second time refracting, so as to cause the light to emerge in parallel and horizontal lines.

This beautiful system of illumination was invented in France by M. Fresnel, in 1819; and, when we consider the mathematical accuracy with which every curve and every angle of the glasses must be cut, each belt of prisms requiring to be cut with different angles according to their position and distance above or below the centre of the flame, we cannot but regard its construction as a wonderful triumph of genius and optical science. Nor is it more remarkable for its perfect adaptation to its purpose, than from the fact that it left the hands of its inventor at once so perfect in all its details, that experience has suggested no material improvements or alterations in its original construction.

From the great labor and care required in the construction of the Fresnel apparatus, it is necessarily expensive; the value of the one now on exhibition, although only of the Second Order, being about ten thousand dollars: but we are gratified to state, that, with a due appreciation of its advantages and merits, our government are actively engaged in placing this light in the various lighthouses on our coast. Several of them have been already located in our bay and harbor, and one of the First Order is now being placed in the Gay Head Lighthouse, on Cape Cod.

In the accompanying engraving is shown the lantern or frame of glass which encloses and protects the illuminating apparatus from the wind and weather. This is of the usual form; being a circular structure of iron, with the sides of plate glass, through which the light is transmitted.

THE SEASHORE, AND THE VICINITY OF BOSTON.

The vicinity of Boston presents a succession of the most beautiful and variegated scenery; interspersed with towns and villages, in which the wealth, industry, intelligence, comfort, harmony, and general happiness of the inhabitants is probably unsurpassed by any equal number of people, spread over an equal surface, on the face of the globe. In a brief sketch like this, it is impossible to more than glance at the numerous beauties and conveniences so liberally distributed around our favored city.

WAYS AND CONVEYANCES.

For an enumeration of the multiplied ways and conveyances in and out of Boston, the reader is referred to the

Business Directory which follows, under the head of Transportation. The Public Houses are given under the head of Public Houses in the Business Directory. The Bridges and Ferries are delineated on the map.

Proceeding over the Eastern Railroad, you have the beautiful and picturesque town of Lynn, with its splendid view from High Rock, presenting a panorama unsurpassed in the country, except by that from the dome of the State House in Boston; embracing the interesting peninsula of Nahant, with its extensive beaches, and other various natural curiosities. Next comes Salem, a beautiful and quiet city, one of whose chief attractions for strangers is its East India Marine Hall, containing a museum of curiosities

probably unsurpassed in America. Crossing the North River by an extensive bridge, you come to Beverly, and, by a branch, to Manchester and Gloucester, along whose picturesque and lovely shores many of the wealthy inhabitants of Boston have, within a few years, erected beautiful summer residences. A branch from Salem conveys you to Marblehead, the birthplace of Elbridge Gerry, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. From this town projects the beautiful peninsula of Manataug, surpassed in its local attractions only by those of Nahant. Another branch, from Salem, conveys the traveller to the flourishing town of Danvers, the birthplace of General Israel Putnam, of revolutionary memory, and of Hon. Daniel P. King.

The Maine Railroad furnishes access to Charlestown, our wealthy sister city, which can never cease to be interesting so long as Bunker Hill and its Monument of national pride shall continue to tower above the surrounding waters. The United States Navy Yard at this place is also an object of attraction. Beyond are Somerville; Malden, with its lovely villages, Melrose and Wyoming; Stoneham, South Reading, and Reading, with their delightful ponds and groves, around which many business men of Boston are fast fixing their abodes.

Between these railroads, a ferry conveys its passengers to Winnissimmet and Chelsea,—where the lovers of fine scenery may regale themselves with an extensive and variegated view from the summit of Powderhorn Hill, 220 feet in elevation.

The Lowell Railroad furnishes access to Medford, South Woburn, and Woburn, with their enchanting ponds and delightful retreats; while beyond lie the rich meadows and fertile farms of Burlington and Wilmington. A branch of the Maine Railroad also connects with Medford.

On the Fitchburg Railroad, we pass to Old Cambridge, ever memorable for its University, the oldest in the United States. Here is a house, once the residence of General Washington; here is Fresh Pond, furnishing ice in winter, and coolness and verdure in summer; and here is Mount Auburn, hallowed by the memories of the best and the loveliest in the land. Beyond are Watertown, where is the United States Arsenal; Walsham, with its splendid villas; and Weston and Lincoln, with their quiet scenery. On this route, too, is Old Concord, the Thermopylæ of America, where a daring few breasted the power of the greatest empire on earth. From this railroad, also, we branch off to Lexington, the sister of Concord, who boldly

sustained her share of the dangers and glories of that event-ful day.

The Worcester Railroad. — Within the past year, a branch road has been opened from the Worcester road to the beautiful town of Brookline. 'This town is famed for its many splendid cottages and residences, mostly the abodes of gentlemen retired from active business. Brookline affords one of the pleasantest rides anywhere in the vicinity of Boston. The roads are good, and lined with many beautiful hedges and rows of towering elms. After leaving the Brookline branch, the road passes through Brighton, the site of the annual Cattle Fair, of Winship's beautiful gardens; and Newton, the ancient Nonantum, with its picturesque falls on the Charles River. Beyond are the towns of Needham and Natick, the "Place of Hills," memorable as a favorite residence of the Nipmuc Indians, into whose expressive language the Rev. John Eliot translated the whole of the Bible. It is in the towns of Natick, Wayland, and Framingham, that Lake Cochituate, or Long Pond, is situated, whence originates the Boston Aqueduct.

The Providence Railroad carries us to Roxbury, the birthplace of Gen. Joseph Warren; and, by a branch, to Dedham, the scene of the commencement of King Philip's war, in 1675, and the birthplace of Fisher Ames. These towns are favorite resorts for the merchants and other business men of Boston, many of whom have therein pleasant and convenient cottages and villas.

The Old Colony Railroad takes us to Dorchester, an old and beautiful town; to Milton, by a branch, where are the Blue Hills, towering more than 700 feet in height, where the first paper-mill in New England was erected, and where Gov. Hutchinson, the historian of Massachusetts, had his abode. It also conveys us to Quincy, famous for its granite, and for giving two presidents to the United States. Finally, it conveys us to Plymouth, first in our historical recollections.

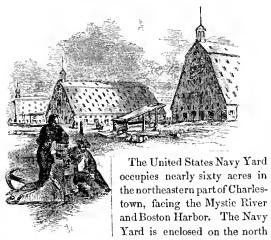
Branching off from the Old Colony Railroad, the South Shore Railroad takes us to Hingham and Cohasset, whence by easy conveyances we reach the Glades, or the Nantasket Beach. This beach is some five miles long, and should be visited by all lovers of ocean grandeur.

The fine steamer "Nantasket" plies between the city and Hingham, stopping at Hull, also a pleasant resort. Her landing in Boston is at Liverpool Wharf.

The steamer "Nelly Baker" plies between Long Wharf, Boston, and Nahant, giving a very pleasant trip in the harbor.

THE NAVY YARD.

CHARLESTOWN.



by a wall of durable masonry. The enclosure embraces a bandsome dwelling-house for the Commandant, and several arsenals, magazines, rope-walks, warehouses, ship-houses, and a capacious dry dock.

The Dry Dock is worthy the attention of every visitor to the city. This great work was begun in the year 1827-8. It was built of hewn granite, and is of the following dimensions:—

	FŁ	In.
From the outside of wing walls to the water wal	ls 5	9
Thence to the beginning of napes for turning gat	es 21	3
To point of mitre sill	21	8
To line of heclposts of turning gates	14	0
To gutter (the bottom and side walls being curv	ed) 18	0
To face of return walls	4	0
To centre of semicircular head of dock	206	0
To head of dock, within the coping	43	0
To extreme end of backing at head	7	3
Total	340	11

The whole stone work in the dock amounts to about 500,000 cubic feet. This stone was quarried at Quincy.

The frigate Constitution was the first vessel that entered the Dry Dock for repairs. This took place on the 24th of June, 1833.

The following public vessels have been built at this station: —

Vermont, 74 guns, in 1848; Virginia, 74 guns; Independence, 54 guns, in 1814; Cumberland, frigate, 44 guns, in 1842; Warren, sloop of war, 20 guns, in 1826; Falmouth, sloop of war, 20 guns, in 1827; Cyane, 20 guns, in 1837; Plymouth, sloop of war, 20 guns, in 1843; Marion, sloop

of war, 16 guns, in 1839; Porpoise, brig, 10 guns, in 1836; Bainbridge, brig, 10 guns, in 1842.

The seventy-four-gun ship Virginia is yet on the stocks. The old frigate Constitution was launched in October, 1797, at the Union wharf (now termed May's wharf), Boston.

All the above-named vessels of war are now in the naval service. Others have been built at this Yard, at various periods, but are no longer in service.

MOUNT AUBURN CEMETERY.

CAMBRIDOE.

A visit to Mount Anburn is one of the indispensables to a stranger sojourning in or near Boston; and few places present, within an equal space, either to citizens or strangers, a more varied combination of elements to attract attention and awaken thought. It was the first rural cemetery of any magnitude in the country. The spot was selected by one thoroughly alive to the beauties of nature, and neither care nor expense has been spared in the efforts to enhance its great natural advantages.

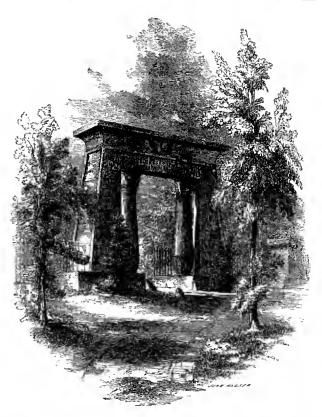
Mount Auburn originally comprised an area of 72 acres. Two additional purchases have enlarged it to $126\frac{1}{3}$ acres. It was consecrated in the year 1825. The address on that occasion was delivered by the late Hon. Judge Story, then President of the Society; and prayers were offered by the late Rev. Dr. Henry Ware and Rev. John Pierpont, with an impressive hymn by the latter. The first interment was the body of the venerable Hannah Adams, deceased Dec. 15, 1831, aged 76 years. Among the earliest, was the lamented Dr. Spurzheim.

The Gateway is on the road from Old Cambridge to Watertown, at the distance of about 4 miles from Boston. Cars rnn from the station in Bowdoin Square every fifteen minutes during the day, and till 11½ o'clock in the evening.

FOREST HILLS CEMETERY.

WEST ROXBURY.

In the season of verdure and flowers few more agreeable drives can be found in the vicinity of Boston than through the streets and avenues that lead to this cemetery, in the neighboring city of Roxbury. There are beautiful views in every direction from the elevated grounds. But from no direction is the cemetery noticeable at any distance, except perhaps on the southeastern side. It is shut out from the world, a calm retreat, though near the rapid tide of life.



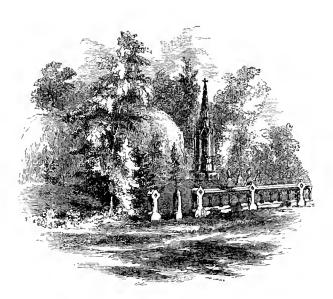
The main entrance to the cemetery is reached from the highway, Scarborough Street. The carriage-way is through an Egyptian portico, copied from an ancient portico at Garsery on the upper Nile. Upon the outer architrave of the gate-way is inscribed, "Though I walk through the Valley of the Shadow of Death, I will fear no evil." On the interior architrave are the words, "I am the Resurrection and the Life. Consecrated June 28, 1848."

The south-eastern entrance is from Canterbury Street, through a gateway similar to that on the southern side. The scenery in this vicinity is of the most rural kind. There is a broad plain, or intervale, lying between the Blue Hills on the one side, and the range of which Forest Hills compose a part on the other, showing well-cultivated farms, waving fields extending up to the woodland at the base of the Blue Hills, and here and there unassuming farm-houses and generous barns; while in the distance, just seen over the woods, is one of the villages of Milton. The open and cultivated portion of the cemetery grounds extends down to and forms a part of this intervale; and, when it shall be laid out and improved, it will form one of the most attractive and beautiful sections of the cemetery. It is well

worth more than a passing glance to behold from the rising ground on this side the charming landscape which is here spread out, especially when the morning or evening sun throws lengthened shadows on the plain. Shut in by the dark background of the Blue Hills, and the woods and eminences on either side, it is a picture of peace and quiet rural life such as is seldom seen in such close proximity to the metropolis.

On the south-easterly side the cemetery grounds do not extend to any public street, but an avenue thirty-three feet wide is laid out from Walk Hill Street to the boundary of the cemetery, where there is an entrance through a gate supported by Egyptian piers. This avenue is shaded on each side by thickly growing evergreens, and from it the visitor enters at once upon one of the most beautiful parts of the cemetery.

From the main entrance three avenues diverge towards different parts of the eemetery,—that on the right, however, being designed to open into lands which have not yet been added to the grounds. Chestnut Avenue, which leads to the left, passes over a gentle elevation, and thence through the vale of Lake Dell towards Consecration Hill. On the



right hand of this avenue, before reaching Lake Dell, rises a rocky eminence, called Snowflake Cliff, from a beautiful wild plant which grows at its base. This cliff is steep and craggy on the northern side, and is thickly covered with trees and underwood; but on the southern side, where some beautiful burial lots have been laid out, the ascent is quite easy.

Lake Dell is a natural pool thickly overshadowed by trees which grow from its banks. On either side an avenue is

laid out; and from these the wooded hills rise, enclosing a most quiet and beautiful dell, suggesting the name of the pond. A receiving-tomb is placed in this locality.

From the eastern and of Lake Dell, Magnolia Avenue leads to the summit of Consecration Hill, which rises in an angle of the cemetery, and touches its northern and eastern boundaries. As its name indicates, the consecration services were performed here, at the foot of its southern slope, while the audience were rauged upon the hill-side. Consecration



Hill is one of the highest of the Forest Hills, and from its summit is a beautiful prospect. Through the vistas of the trees there are charming views of the Blue Hills and the intervening valley, and in other directions of hills and plains, of farm-houses, villas, and cottages, with here and there a church spire rising above the distant woods. It has been suggested, that, when the funds of the cemetery should permit it, a durable stone tower might be erected here.

Following to Rock Maple Avenue, the visitor is led from the eastern end of Lake Dell around the base of Mount Warren, which rises on the right, for the most part regularly but steeply, with here and there large boulders protruding above the surface. The side of Mount Warren is clothed with a thick growth of wood; and this avenue, in the afternoon especially, lies in deep shadow under the foliage. Curving around the foot of the hill, it is a pleasant approach to some of the more attractive spots in the eemetery, and leads directly to the pleasant dell at the foot of Mount Dearborn and Fountain Hill. In this dell there is a little nook, which seems almost a grotto under the overhanging foliage of trees and shruhs that grow on the precipitous sides of Fountain Hill. The deep shadows seem to spread a refreshing coolness around, and invite one to rest on the garden-seats, which are disposed on one side, while on the other is a rustic fountain, - a natural spring, over which is erected a covering of rough stones. The stones are clothed with lichens, and in the interstices are planted moss, brakes,

and other wild plants, the whole forming a pretty rustic monument. On the upper stone is fixed a bronze plate bearing the following words, by which the refreshing waters of the spring utter a lesson, which, perhaps, is not always unheeded by those who linger about this beautiful spot: "Whosoever drinketh of this water will thirst again; but the water that I shall give will be in him a well of water springing up into everlasting life."

From the Fountain Dell a steep path (Sweet Brier) leads up the southern side of Mount Dearborn, and then up its more gentle western slope to the top. As seen from the plain on the west side of the hill, it appears to be only a slight elevation, but it rises to a considerable height above the low land on the opposite side. On the summit is the monument erected by his friends and fellow-citizens as a tribute to the memory of Gen. Dearborn, who with untiring devotion originally laid out the cemetery grounds, and developed and increased their beauty. It is an elegant Corinthian column, of white marble, on a base which extends by scrolls on each side to smaller pedestals bearing funeral urns. The shaft is of convex flutings, the capital is elaborately and well wrought, and is surmounted by a funeral urn with flame. On the front of the base is a raised tablet inscribed as follows. "H. A. S. Dearborn, Obiit Julii 29, 1851, Ætat. 67." On the opposite side, in a panel, is the brief but expressive Latin inscription, "Ossa in terra quam dilexit, coluit, ornavit, cives et amici mœrentes condimus."





At the foot of Mount Dearborn, on a little path to the right of the ascent to the Dearborn Monument, is a little memorial to Mercy L. Doane, consisting of a head and foot stone connected by a mound enclosed with wire basketwork. The whole is exceedingly chaste and appropriate. Upon the headstone is sculptured an angel with clasped hands, and a Bible, with two paragraphs from the Scriptures. The footstone, in the form of a scroll, bears names and dates.

From the dell which divides Mount Dearborn from Mount Warren, an avenue leads by a somewhat steep ascent to the top of the latter, which is, in fact, rather table-land than a hill. A more pleasing approach to it is from the main entrance, by Locust Avenue to Mount Warren Avenue. This hill has become one of the most beautiful and attractive portions of the cemetery; nearly all of its surface, except the



steep slopes on the north and east, being laid out in burial lots, and tastefully embellished. On the summit of Mount Warren is the burial lot of the Warren family. The ashes of General Warren, with others of the family, have recently been taken from their original resting-place, deposited in urns, and re-interred in this lot; so that these grounds are in fact the shrine which contains the sacred remains.

On one side of this lot is a stone bearing the name of Dwight. It is a marble block, on the front of which is a beautiful alto-relievo of Christ blessing little children,—wrought in Rome by an Italian artist. On the reverse is a cypher and inscription.



On Grape Path, seen northerly from Mount Warren Avenue, will be noticed the beautiful figure here represented. The pedestal bears this inscription: "I am the Resurrection and the Life." "Because I live, ye shall live also."

One of the most picturesque groups of rocks is on the lot of General William H. Sumner, called Sumner Hill, on the western slope of Mount Warren. They have not suffered by the hand of art, and the lot is one of the most beautiful and appropriate in the whole cemetery.



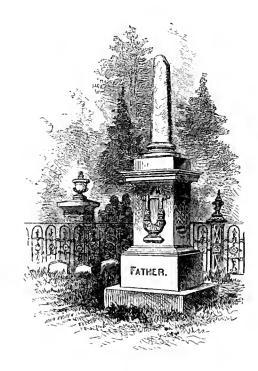
On Pine Avenue is a large and beautiful lot, bearing the name of Perkins. The lot is enclosed by a hedge of arbor-vitæ, within which are walks and flower borders; and in the rear, under the rock which forms the back part of the lot, and shaded by evergreens, is a secluded nook for a chair. The centre of the lot is again enclosed by an iron paling, within which is a monument of polished granite. It consists of a massive base, or pedestal, on two sides of which, in basso relievo, are winged heads surrounded with clouds, and on another side an inscription. The base is heavily moulded, and is admirably wrought. On it stands a large, plain cross. The design is simple, but elegant and costly; and in point of taste and execution this monument is excelled by none in the cemetery.

On the west of Mount Warren the ground falls away as far as the cemetery fence, and beyond; and a dell is here formed which will some time be a beautiful part of the grounds. Clematis Path now leads through the upper portion of it up to the plain towards the Eliot Hills. At the back of the lots which front on one side of this path, there is a terrace of rough stone-work, in the interstices of which are planted brakes and other wild plants, with moss, which give it a rustic finish and beauty.

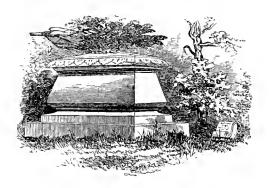
The Eliot Hills, which take their name from the Apostle Eliot, are four eminences in the southwestern part of the cemetery; or, more correctly, there is but one hill, having small ridges or undulations near its summit. A large part

of this hill is of rocky formation, and was somewhat rough and unpromising in its original aspect for cemetery purposes. But it has changed to a most attractive spot, and some of the most finished and beautiful lots have been laid out upon its sides. From some of its shady paths you can look out over the garden-like grounds of the plain or gentle slope below; but there is no extensive prospect, except from the northern side, where a pleasant view opens towards Brookline, and through a narrow vista far away to Cambridge and the hills beyond.

The summit of this hill is of solid rock. Here it is proposed to erect a monument to commemorate the virtues and labors of the devoted Eliot, who, for nearly six years, was the pastor of the First Church in Roxbury, who with so much of self-sacrifice and untiring energy sought to civilize and Christianize the savage, and who so truly earned the noble title of "Apostle to the Indians."



On Narcissus Path, on the lot of C. Whitmore, is a massive pedestal with the broken shaft of a column. On one side of the pedestal is a harp with severed strings, and the other faces bear inscriptions.



On Wabon Path is an elegant monument, which, on aecount of its position, being raised above the lots on White Oak Avenue by a walled terrace, attracts the eye at some distance. It is in the lot of Samuel Guild, and bears simply the name in deeply-cut letters. It is a white marble sarcophagus with a wreath of ivy on the top, and oak leaves bending over the verge. On the same lot is a scroll bearing the name of Samuel Guild, Jr.

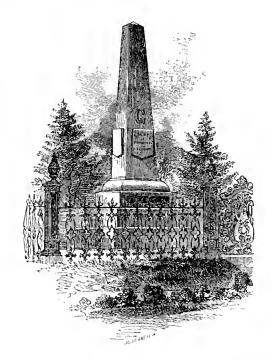


Near this, on White Oak Avenue, in the lot of N. P. Lovering, is a fine piece of sculpture, one of the most beautiful monuments in the cemetery. It is the statue of a child re-

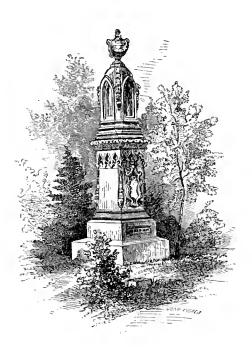
clining as if asleep, its head resting upon one arm. The expression of the face is very sweet, and the posture easy and natural. It was executed in Italy, and is such a piece of work as too seldom adorns our burial-places. On the base are the words, "She is not dead, but sleepeth." The monument is erected over the grave of a beloved child.



Towards the Walk Hill entrance, in a small triangular lot, is the figure of a Newfoundland dog, well executed in red sand-stone. He lies as if watching. On the base is the name of Barnard.



On Cherry Avenue is a massive granite obelisk, bearing the name of Thomas Sinclair. It is a plain but elegant monument, finely wrought. Cherry Avenue brings the visitor to the top of Fountain Hill, named from the spring at its base, before alluded to. Here is located the Commissioners' office. On the side of the Fountain Dell this hill is very precipitous, and thickly covered with trees and underwood. The eastern and southeastern slopes are quite steep, but much less rugged and precipitous Down its sides paths lead to Fountain Dell, and towards Lake Hibiscus, which can be seen gleaming through the foliage. Towards the south a path of more gentle descent, overlooking the lake, leads down to the grounds in the vicinity of the Field of Machpelah. For a portion of the distance the outer side of this path is supported by a rough wall, through which aborvitæ and other trees have been made to grow, the roots being planted below the wall. These trees, when they shall attain a larger growth, will add much to the picturesque beauty of this hill-side. The prospect from Fountain Hill is not very extensive; but on the south you can catch glimpses of a pleasant landscape, and there are on the opposite side views of beautiful spots in the cemetery grounds, down the gentle slope towards the Eliot Hills, and on Mount Dearborn.



On this avenue is also the elegant monument of Jonathan French. It is of white marble, and is highly finished with

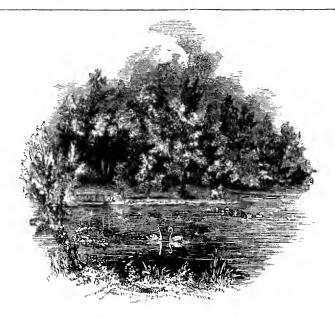
Gothic ornaments. The pedestal has a richly sculptured cornice, and in front is a shield with scroll-work, at the bottom of which are branches of oak with leaves and acorns; at the corners are inverted torches. On the pedestal rests an arched tablet or block, with Gothic panels and crockets. It is surmounted by an urn, draped and wreathed with flowers. The whole is elaborately and elegantly wrought, and the monument is one of the finest in the cemetery.



At the corner of Hemlock and Cherry Avenues, in the lot of John H. Gray, is a large marble shield, ornamented with scroll-work, leaves, and poppy-flowers; and there is also a scroll on which lies a wreath of roses, in marble.

Towards the west this hill extends out into a table land or rather a ridge, which slopes very gently down to the foot of Eliot Hills. The southern side of this ridge has been built up with a wall of rough stone-work, which forms a terrace extending from Fountain Hill nearly to the southern entrance of the cemetery. Along this terrace there is a beautiful prospect towards the south, looking directly over the Field of Machpelah to the hills and woods which stretch away to the Blue Range.

Cypress Hill, which is the first elevation on the open portion of the cemetery, immediately overlooks the quiet plain of "Canterbury," and a portion of the neighboring cemetery of Mount Hope. Here a large enclosure has been selected for the Boston Firemen, which is to be adorned with a monument worthy of the Department.



Lake Hibiscus, already an attractive feature, promises to be one of the chief beauties of Forest Hills. It lies a short distance east of Fountain Hill, and is approached by avenues from different parts of the cemetery. This pond is excavated in what was formerly a meadow, supplied with copious springs of water.



On Fountain Avenue, nearly midway between Lake Hibisens and the Field of Machpelah, is a beautiful monument. On a handsome marble pedestal is a small statue of a female weeping over an urn wreathed with flowers, and beside which lies a funeral torch. The posture of the figure and the expression are very good, and the work is well executed. On the pedestal are graven the words, "My Husband and Child." It was erected by Mrs. J. L. Loveland.

One of the attractive features at Forest Hills is the profusion of flowers which bloom in some parts of it, making it in truth a garden cemetery. In most of the borders attached to the lots there are flowers in more or less abunddance; besides which there are numerous triangles formed by the intersection of avenues or paths, and other spots not quite adapted to burial lots, which are prepared as flower borders, or are planted with various flowering shrubs. Then, again, within many of the lots affection has planted beautiful flowers over the grave; so that the bloom of the garden may be considered as one of the characteristics of the grounds, a beauty which meets the eye on all sides, and lends a peculiar charm to the place.

The gentlemen whose names are appended are the present Board of Commissioners, viz.,—Alvah Kittredge, Francis C. Head, Jouathan French, William J. Reynolds, Linus B. Comins.

The grounds of Forest Hills embrace 104 acres, I quarter, and 6 rods, which cost \$36,894.67.

A finely descriptive volume of 240 pages illustrated, entitled "Forest Hills Cemetery," may be obtained at this office (16 Devonshire Street). It contains a narrative of the establishment of the cemetery, of the consecration, with the eloquent Address by Rev. Dr. Putnam, a map, &c. Those interested in the cemetery should secure a copy before it goes out of print. Price seventy-five cents.

Visitors from Boston take the cars at the Providence Railroad Station in Pleasant Street, near the foot of the Common, for Forest Hills Station. An omnibus also connects with the cars of the Metropolitan Railroad, for Forest Hills, twice a day.

MOUNT HOPE CEMETERY.

This cemetery is situated in Dorchester and West Roxbury. It was formerly owned by a corporation, who retained it seven or eight years, without making much progress in the way of improvement. It was finally sold to the City of Boston for \$35,000,—the whole lot consisting of about eighty-five acres. Part of this is open, cleared land, undu-

lating and pleasantly disposed; and the remainder, at the time of the city's purchase, was rocky, uneven, and covered with a good growth of cedar and pine. Most of the grading has been done in the latter part, and with great taste and success. The stone, being wholly granite, is easily blasted, and works to excellent advantage in constructing the walls enclosing the whole lot, and in forming beds for the paths. Without these handy quarries the requisite improvements could not be made, unless at a far greater expense. All the good trees are retained which can be, while the young of other varieties, especially of maple, are judiciously transplanted. The grading seems to be of the most thorough character; while, as to plan, Mr. Haggerston consults the face of Nature, instead of trying to dictate to her with pencil and paper. The result is, - not only more available ground is saved, but there is a more harmonious arrangement of every thing, as if the walks, the lots, and the newly planted trees were only what Nature would have done, if she had seen fit to do any thing more.

One hundred and fifty lots have been graded, and onethird of the number sold. Five thousand trees have been set out by the front wall, three rows deep, and along several of the avenues. These trees are now in vigorous and promising growth. Hereafter it is proposed to set out two rows of trees on the outside of the front wall. An elegant gateway of granite and iron has been erected at an expense of \$2900. Upon each of the massive posts at the entrance is sculptured the appropriate emblematical figure of an inverted torch. Near the westerly extremity of the cemetery, close by the margin of a beautiful pine forest, excavations are in progress, with the view of converting a portion of this surface into a pond. Several copious springs in the locality make the project entirely feasible, and when the plan is carried out it will prove a delightful addition to the attractions of the cemetery.

Communication with Mount Hope is cheap and convenient. The trustees have arranged with the Metropolitan Railroad Company to run cars twice a day in connection with omnibuses from Jamaica Plain. The first car leaves Boston daily, at 9 A. M., and the second at 2 P. M. Coaches to connect with the metropolitan cars leave Mount Hope at half-past 12, and at half-past 5 o'clock, daily. The fare each way is fifteen cents, and the route affords a cheap and delightful excursion to any one.

WOODLAWN CEMETERY.

Woodlawn Cemetery is about four miles north of Boston, and two miles from Chelsea. An omnibus for Woodlawn starts from Brattle Street, Boston, every fair day in summer (Sundays excepted), at two o'clock, P. M. It returns

from the cemetery at five o'clock, P. M., and is at present connected with the Chelsea omnibus.

The best mode of reaching Woodlawn now is to cross over the Chelsea Bridge or Chelsea Ferry, and, after continuing in the main street for a quarter of a mile, to turn off to the left into Washington Avenue, which leads directly to the cemetery.

This cemetery is destined to occupy a high place among the rural beauties of the country.

SUBURBAN DRIVES.

The environs of Boston abound in pleasant roads for a drive out of town. Brookline, Jamaica Pond, the heights of Roxbury, and Dorchester, present attractions of natural and cultivated scenery, with fine residences interspersed, which is equalled in few places, if indeed it be in any. The village of Dedham, located by the side of Charles River, ten miles from Boston, is adorned with lofty rows of elms, that impart an enchanting effect to its quiet streets and squares. Shawmut Avenue, extending from Boston to Dedham, is the only avenue from the city not encumbered with a railway track.

[From the "Boston Joannal," July 15, 1853.]

ROUTES TO THE WHITE MOUNTAINS.

One of our most esteemed fellow-citizens, in a communication which we publish to-day, gives a graphic account of a visit to the summit of Mount Washington, which he made some forty years ago in company with other well-known citizens. This interesting narrative contrasts strongly with the accounts which our editorial brethren are giving of their recent ascension. Compared with the difficulties which were experienced forty years ago in reaching the summit of Mount Washington, or even in travelling through the mountain region, the journey and the ascent are now very easy. There is now no difficulty worth mentioning. Then there was no well-trodden path to the summit, and the mountain itself could be approached only after a toilsome journey through the woods. The first bridle path to Mount Washington was cut in 1821, since the visit of our correspondent; and it is only at a comparatively recent period that a bridle path has been made to the summit. Neither of the present paths present any serious difficulties. Trees have been felled, overhanging branches lopped off, and the rough places made smooth, until now the fatigue of continnous climbing up, up, up, is the only hardship which is encountered; and even this is obviated by taking one of the sure-footed mountain ponies.

It is only within the last fifteen or twenty years that the White Mountains have become a popular place of summer

resort. Visited, it is true, they have been for more than half a century; but the mountain region was comparatively little known to the pleasure-seeking public until within the time we have mentioned. Probably no one circumstance contributed in a greater degree to direct the steps of summer tourists to these mountains than the letters which were written by Capt. John S. Sleeper, the former editor of the "Journal" (now Mayor of Roxbury), and published in the columns of this paper during the summers of 1839 and 1840, if we recollect aright. Capt. Sleeper is an enthusiastic lover of the mountains, as well as an ardent disciple of Izaak Walton. His letters gave graphic pictures of almost all the natural curiosities which have since become famous, and introduced to the public the Crawfords, father and son, who have become scarcely less noted as the pioneers of the mountains. The first engraving of the greatest natural enriosity in this part of the country, the Old Man of the Mountains, in Franconia Notch, was given in these letters, - at least we have no knowledge of the publication of a portrait of the massive features of this guardian genius of the mountains before that period. The setting of the tide of summer travel towards the White Mountains dates from the publication of Capt. Sleeper's letters, and it has been steadily increasing, and must continue to increase in future

But it was our purpose in this article merely to give a brief view of the different routes to the White Mountains, in answer to questions often propounded to us, and for the benefit of the tourist to that region. There are four principal approaches to the mountains, viz., by way of Gorham, Lake Winnipiseogee, Plymouth, and Littleton.

1. The Gorham Route. The tourist from Boston proceeds to Portland, by the Eastern or Boston and Maine Railroad, or by steamboat, and takes the ears on the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railroad; reaching Gorham, if he leaves Boston in the morning, by 5 o'clock P. M. He is here on the northerly side, and in view of the White Mountain range, and can stop at the Alpine House, or take stage to the Glen House at the very base of Mount Washington, a distance of eight miles. From the Glen House he can ascend Mount Washington by a bridle path over the route of the much-talked-of earriage road, -an enterprise which proved a complete failure. There is much fine seenery and many objects of interest in the vicinity of the Glen and Alpine Houses. Continuing his journey, the tourist takes the stage down the Pinkham Notch and valley of the Ellis River to its junction with the Saco, and up the latter river to the White Mountain Notch. The distance from the Glen House to the Crawford House, at the northern gate of the notch, is thirty-six and three-quarters miles. From Gorham the distance is forty-four and three-quarters miles. From the White Mountain Notch, he shou'd proceed to the Franconia

Notch, twenty-six and a half miles further, returning by Plymouth or Littleton.

2. The Lake Route. Tourists by this route take the ears of the Boston and Maine or the Lowell Railroad to Concord, N. H.; thence over the Boston, Concord, and Montreal Railroad to the Wiers, situated upon Lake Winnipiseogee, where a pretty steamer, the "Lady of the Lake," is in readiness to take them to Centre Harbor, affording a fine view of the most delightful lake seenery in America. Dinner is served on board the boat, or tourists can wait until they reach Centre Harbor, where there is an excellent hotel, the Senter House, overlooking the lake, kept by Messrs. Gilman & Huntress. We should advise our friends to tarry here a day at least, and visit Red Ilill. But those whose time is limited can take stages to Conway, the gate of the mountain region, distant from Centre Harbor thirty miles, where they stop for the night; and thence by stage through the White Mountain Notch to the Crawford House, mentioned in route number one, distance thirty-three miles. There is another route over the lake, by the way of the Boston and Maine and Cocheeo Railroads, to Alton Bay, and thence by steamer.

The tourist by either of the above routes, after reaching the White Mountain Noteh, can stop at Gibbs's Crawford House,—orat Brabrook's White Mountain House, a well-kept hotel, four and three-quarters miles beyond,—and ascend Mount Washington by the old bridle path over Mounts Clinton, Pleasant, Franklin, and Monroe, or be conveyed in wagons over the new carriage road. The distance by the former road is nine miles, and this is by far the most pleasant route for those who can endure the fatigue of a long ride in the saddle. By the new road, which starts from a point near the site of the old Fabyan Hotel, the ascent can be made in carriages to within a mile and three-quarters of the summit, whence a bridle path makes the remainder of the journey comparatively easy. This is the easiest route to the top of Mount Washington.

- 3. The Plymonth Route. Passengers by this route proceed as in route number two, but without stopping at the Wiers, to Plymouth, N. H., where they arrive at about one o'clock. Here they dine at the Pemigewasset House, after which they take stages for Franconia Notch. The distance to the Flume House, at the entrance of Franconia Notch, from Plymouth, is twenty-four miles. The ride up the valley of the Pemigewasset is one of the most charming which can be enjoyed in the mountain region. The Flume House is delightfully situated, and commands a view of the valley for a distance of twenty miles. Proceeding through the Franconia Notch five miles further, we come to the Profile House, which is probably the best-kept public house in the mountains.
 - 4. The Littleton Route. Tourists by this route proceed

as in routes two and three, but again taking the cars after having dined at Plymouth, continue over the Boston Coneord, and Montreal Railroad to Wells River, and thence over the White Mountains Railroad to Littleton, which they reach at about 5 o'clock P. M. After supper at the Union or at the White Mountain House, stages start for Franconia Notch, a distance of twelve miles, or for the White Mountain Notch, distant eighteen miles. Littleton may also be reached by the Northern and Passumpsie Railroads, the time occupied on the route, and the fare, being the same as by the Boston, Concord, and Montreal; but, the distance being greater, passengers who take this route do not have time to dine.

Each of the routes mentioned has its advantages and disadvantages. If the tourist has time for a long trip, he can see the most of the mountain region by entering it at Gorham, and proceeding by stage through the Dixville Noteli and White Mountain Noteh to the Franconia Noteh, and home by way of Littleton or Plymouth. But this route does not include a trip upon Lake Winnipiseogre, without which a tour to the mountains would be incomplete. Hence many prefer route number two, entering the mountain region by way of Lake Winnipiseogee, Centre Harbor, and Conway, and proceeding through the White Mountain Noteh to Franconia Notch; returning by way of Plymouth or Littleton. This is the favorite route for those whose time is limited, and is the one which we should recommend to those who wish to see the principal points of interest in the mountains without earing to visit every part. We ean scareely imagine a finer trip than route number two. The third and fourth routes are very pleasant ones, and embrace much beautiful and grand scenery. The third is the shortest and most direct route to the western side of the mountain region; and the fourth, though longer, is less fatiguing, there

being less staging. But there are some advantages in entering the mountain from the southern or eastern side. The tourist obtains better views of the scenery, and hence the current of travel generally sets towards rather than from Franconia and Littleton.

A very pleasant trip for those who lack the time or means to see the White Mountains proper, is that mentioned in route three. The Franconia Notch is the most beautiful portion of the mountain region; and in its vicinity the tourist finds the greatest natural curiosities, including the Old Man of the Mountains, Echo Lake, the Flume, the Pool, &c. There are two first-rate hotels at the Franconia Notch, the Profile and the Flume House; the former kept by Hivam Bell, and the latter by A. P. Dunton Here many days might be spent to advantage From this point the visitor may ascend Mount Lafayette, the view from which many consider to be superior to that from Mount Washington, on account of the comparative isolation of Lafayette.

No one need be afraid of staging in the mountains. Bet ter teams or more careful drivers are not to be found in the United States. Daily lines are run between all the principal points, and there is every facility for making speedy and safe trips. Although the roads are rough and hilly, accidents are unknown, the powerful breaks holding the wagons and coaches even on the most steep acclivities. The magnificent scenery of the whole region amply repays the fatigue of stage travel.

No one should go to the mountains without a copy of the "White Mountain Guide," recently published by Edson C. Eastman, of Concord. A new map of the mountain region, made from actual surveys, is invaluable to the White Mountain tourist. It gives a topographical view of the whole region. Published by Crosby, Nichols, & Co.

MANUFACTURES COMMERCE, WEALTH, POPULATION, ETC.

[From the Boston Almanac for 1857.]

MASSACHUSETTS, AND HER BUSINESS RESOURCES.

BY OTIS CLAPP, ESQ.

The State of Massachusetts has long been regarded as the manufacturing district of the Union. Her geographical position, the habits and character of her population, fit them in a peculiar manner for a manufacturing and commercial people.

After the passage o. the tariffact in 1816, which was against the wishes of Massachusetts, some of her energetic

citizens turned their attention to manufacturing; and, from that time to the present, manufacturing in its various branches has been constantly and regularly extending, until the annual aggregate value of the productions of the State is rising of three hundred millions of dollars.

The State has collected and published its industrial statistics on three occasions. The first was in 1837, which then exhibited

The last return makes a volume of 672 pages, and has

been recently printed. It shows an increase in ten years of 138 per cent. Although the amount returned may seem large, it is apparent that it is much too small, for the reason that many articles are omitted, and others underrated. The reason assigned by the Secretary of the Commonwealth for underrating is the impression of an "intimate connection" between answers to questions and the "assessment of taxes." For these reasons the Secretary, under whose directions the statistics were compiled, says: "Had those branches which were overlooked been included in the returns, and honest and truthful answers obtained in all cases to the questions proposed, I am fully persuaded, that, instead of \$295,000,000, we should have had an aggregate of at least \$350,000,000, or considerable over \$1,000,000 per day for every working day in the year."

The following table will show the amount of production in each of the several counties:—

Barnstable,	\$3,092,442.11
Berkshire,	12,756,264.99
	29,328,374.18
Dukes,	762,232.20
	39,848,019.47
Franklin,	5,038,250.84
	12,120,444.68
Hampshire,	7,022,878 81
	58,205,633.71
Nantucket,	1,608,800.03
	24,244,054.53
Plymouth,	12,884,702.05
Suffolk,	48,188,956.32
Worcester,	40,719,627.78
Total, \$295,820	

The largest branch of industry in the State is that engaged in the manufacture of Boots and Shoes. The amount returned is \$87,489,923. We are assured by some of the oldest and most experienced dealers that the amount would reach at least \$50,000,000. It extends into every county in the State. Nearly twelve million pairs of boots, and over thirty-three million pairs of shoes, were manufactured; which gave employment to 67,827 hands, 32,826 of whom were females.

The next branch in importance is COTTON, which amounts to upwards of \$26,000,000. The investments are \$31,961,000, and the number of hands employed 34,787, of whom 22,850 are females. This does not include Calico, which is valued at \$5,143,000 in addition.

The following list embraces thirty-six of the most important branches, and will serve to show, to some extent, the variety and amount of the manufacturing industry of the State, viz.:—

Boots and Shoes,	\$37,489,923
Cotton,	26,140,538
Horses, Oxen, Cows, and Calves,	15,423,521

Woollen Goods,	\$12,105,514
Leather, Tanned and Curried,	10,934,416
Clothing	9,061,896
Нау,	8,702,317
Sperm and Whale Oil and Bone	7,766,996
Soap and Tallow Candles,	7,720,533
Sperm Candles and Oil,	6,813,291
Rolled and Slit Iron and Nails,	5,512,816
Calico,	5,213,000
Bleached and Colored Goods,	5,111,200
Straw Bonnets, Hats and Braid, and Palm	
Leaf Hats,	4,905,553
Vessels,	4,643,450
Paper,	4,141,847
Machinery,	4,089,590
Chairs and Cabinet Ware,	3,969,982
Lumber,	3,664,462
Bakers' Bread,	3,592,609
Hollow Ware and Castings,	3,256,538
Steam Engines and Boilers,	3,255,000
Alcohol and other Distilled Liquors,	3,153,828
Corn, Indian and Broom,	3,061,731
Firewood,	2,960,915
Mackerel and Cod,	2,829,640
Glass,	2,618,125
Bricks,	2,627,165
Potatoes,	2,521,906
Cordage,	2,478,410
Railroad Cars, Coaches, and other Vehicles,	2,352,955
Musical Instrumeots,	2,295,680
Butter, Cheese, and Honey,	2,161,845
Chronometers, Watches, &c.,	2,105,200
Sugar, Refined,	2,056,430
Flour,	2,040,040

The United States Census Report of 1850 gives a great variety of statistics respecting the industry and wealth of the country. Among its tables is one entitled "Product of Manufactures, Mining, and the Mechanic Arts," in which the annual product is given as \$1,013,336,463 for all the States and Territories. The amount for Massachusetts is \$151,137,145, or about one-seventh part; while her population is only about one twenty-third part.

In this table, the "Capital Invested" is returned as \$527,209,193. The amount returned for Massachusetts is \$83,357,642, or about one-sixth part.

The whole amount of "Raw Material" is returned at \$554,655,038. The amount returned for Massachusetts is \$85,856,776, or about one-sixth.

The annual wages are returned as \$229,736,377. Amount returned for Massachusetts, \$39,784,116, or about one-sixth.

The number of "Hands Employed" is 944,991 (of which 225,512 are females). The number returned for Massachusetts is 165,938, or about one-sixth.

The annual product of the "Cotton Manufactures"

is given as \$61,869,184, of which \$19,712,461 is set down to Massachusetts, or nearly one-third.

The capital invested is \$74,500,931, of which \$28,455,630, or over one-third, is in Massachusetts.

The number of establishments in the State is 213, and the number of hands employed 28,730, of which 19,437 are females.

The number of bales of cotton consumed in the United States is 641,240, of which 223,607 are consumed in Massachusetts, or over one-third.

The value of the "raw material" is \$34,835,056, of which the amount returned for Massachusetts is \$11,289,309, or about one-fourth.

Of 121,099 tons of Coal used in the manufacture of Cotton, 46,515 tons were used in the Massachusetts manufactories.

New Hampshire stands next on the list; and her investments and products are about one-third those of Massachusetts, and those of Rhode Island about one-fourth.

Of "MANUFACTURES OF WROUGHT IRON," which include nail factories, spikes and tacks, the annual product is given as \$22,629,271, of which \$3,908,952 is set down to Massachusetts, or about one-sixth.

A table on the "FISHERIES OF THE UNITED STATES," gives as the annual product, \$10,000,182. Of this, \$6,606,849 is returned for Massachusetts, or about 66 per cent of the whole amount. The amount of capital invested is \$8,966,044, of which \$5,582,650 is set down to Massachusetts

The IMPORTS in 1850 are given as \$178,138,318, of which \$30,374,684 were to Massachusetts, or about one-sixth. In 1855 they were \$261,468,520 of which \$45,113,-774 were to Massachusetts, or over one-sixth.

The Exports for 1855 were \$275,156,846, of which \$28,190,925 were from Massachusetts, or over one-tenth.

The TONNAGE of the United States, in 1855, was 5,212,001 tons. The tonuage in Massachusetts, 979,200 tons, or more than one-sixth.

The tonnage of vessels built in the United States in 1855 was 583,450, of which 79,669 were built in Massachusetts, or nearly one-seventh.

The tonnage in the Whale Fishery in 1855 was 186,778 tons; of this there were in Massachusetts 152,648 tons, or over 80 per cent.

In the Cod Fishery, the tonnage was 8,986.93 tons. The amount in Massachusetts was 2,403.53 or more than one-fourth

The tounnge of the Mackerel Fishery was 21,624.89 tons. The amount in Massachusetts was 13,709.28 tons, or more than one-half.

The tonnage which entered in the United States in 1855 was 5,945,339 tons. Of this there entered in Massachusetts 836,929 tons, or about one-seventh.

In "Woollen Manufactures," the product is \$43,-207,545; of which Massachusetts supplies \$12,770,565, nearly one-third. She has 119 establishments.

The investments are \$28,118,650, of which Massachusetts furnishes \$9,089,342, nearly one-third. Of 70,862,829 pounds of wool, Massachusetts consumes 22,229,952 pounds, nearly one-third.

The "raw material" is valued at \$25,755,991, of which \$8,671,671, over one-third, is returned to Massachusetts.

Of 39,252 hands employed, 11,130 belong to Massachusetts, not quite one-third.

Of 46,370 tons of coal used in the manufacture, 15,400 tons were used in the Massachusetts establishments.

Under the head of "DISTILLERIES AND BREWERIES," the whole number is 1217, of which but 27 are in Massachusetts. The capital invested is \$8,507,574; \$584,700 of which belongs to this State. Of 41,364,224 gallons of whiskey and high wines returned, but 120,000 gallons, about one-thirty-fifth part, is made in Massachusetts; but in the manufacture of rum she has the questionable honor of standing at the head of the list, having made 3,786,000 gallons, out of 6,500,500, or considerably more than one-half.

The value of the Churches in the United States is \$89,983,028. Those in Massachusetts \$10,504 88, or about one-eighth part.

The accommodations in Massachusetts are for 695,183, or 89 to each square mile.

The average value of churches in the United States is \$2,357, while the average in Massachusetts is \$7,112. Average accommodations in United States 376 persons, in Massachusetts 471.

The receipts for Postage in the United States the last year were \$6,294,791, of which \$532,184 were in Massachusetts, or about one-twelfth part. Her rank among the States is No. 3; New York being first, and Pennsylvania second. The receipts in Pennsylvania are only \$51,000 more than in Massachusetts.

The cost of mail transportation in Massachusetts was \$153,091, a little more than one-fourth part of the receipts; while in a number of States the cost of transportation is double that of the whole receipts.

Of 254 DAILY NEWSPAPERS published in the United States, 22 are printed in Massachusetts, or about one-eleventh part. The whole annual circulation is 235,119,866, of which those in Massachusetts circulate 40,498,444, or about one-sixth part.

The Circulation of the Newspaper and Periodical Press in the United States is 426,409,978 annually, of which Massachusetts contributes 64,820,564, or about one-seventh part.

The annual circulation of scientific periodicals is returned 4,893,932, of which Massachusetts is 2,033,260, nearly one-half.

Under the head of "Publications, and their Circulation in the Principal Cities," the number of publications in Boston is returned 113. Annual circulation 54,482,644; the largest of any city except New York, which is 78,747,600, and the number of publications but 104.

Annual circulation to each white inhabitant in Boston, 404, which heads the list. New York is but 157, and Philadelphia 125.

Public Libraries. The number returned is 1217, of which 177 are in Massachusetts, about one seventh. The whole number of volumes is 1,446,015, of which 257,737 are in Massachusetts, or over one-sixth.

The whole number of Volumes in College Libraries is 942,321, of which 141,400 are in Massachusetts, a larger number than in any other State, and about one-seventh. The number of volumes in the Public School, Sunday School, College, and Church Libraries, is 4,636,411. Of this number Massachusetts has 684,015, about one-seventh.

The taxation for Public Schools in the United States is \$4,653,096. The amount raised in Massachusetts is \$935,141, or one-fifth part of the whole. The whole amount raised in the United States from public funds and other sources is \$9,529,542. Of this sum Massachusetts contributes \$1,006,795, or not quite one-ninth.

Under the head of "Farming Lands and Improvements," some interesting facts are given. The whole number of farms and plantations is 1,449,075; while the number in Massachusetts is but 34,069, about one-forty-third part.

Acres of improved land, 113,032,614; acres in Massachusetts, 2,133,426, one-fiftieth part.

Cash value of farms, \$3,271,575,426; eash value in Massachusetts, \$109,076,374, one-thirtieth part.

Value of farming implements and machinery, \$151,587,-638; value in Massachusetts, 3,209,584, about one-fiftieth art.

The value of LIVE STOCK in Massachusetts was returned at \$9,647,710; while 19 States had a larger amount, and 10 States had over \$20,000,000 each, and four States over \$30,000,000 each.

Of Indian Corn, Massachusetts raised in 1850, 2,354,490 bushels of the 6000 million bushels produced in the United States. Her rank is No. 23 in the amount of production. Ohio ranks first, and Kentucky second; their production being over 59 million bushels for the first, and 58 million for the second.

Of BUTTER AND CHEESE, Massachusetts produced 15,159,512 pounds, and only four States produced a greater amount, one of which was Vermont.

Dairy products amounted to \$2,373,299 in Mas-achnsetts; and this was exceeded by but two States, viz., New York and Pennsylvania.

The amount of produce of her Market Gardens was \$600,000, which is only exceeded by the States of New York and Pennsylvania.

Of Nursery Products she stands at the head, the amount being \$111,814.

Value of Orehard Products \$463,995, which ranks as No. 6.

The following table will show at different periods of time the population and valuation of Massachusetts, viz.:—

1800.	Population,	423,245.	Valuation,	\$5,186,139.90
1810.	44	472,040.	"	7,308,810,71
1820.	44	523,287.	44	9,218,656 09
1830.	44	610,408.	"	208,908,107,54
1840.	"	737,619.	44	299,878,329,31
1850.	44	994,514.	44	597,336,995,46
1855.	"	1,133,120.	44	, ,

Within the limits of Massachusetts are thirteen cities. The following table gives their names, population, and valuation:

	Population.	Valuation.
Boston,	. 160,508	\$248,721,100.00
Lowell,	37,553	16,497,395.10*
Salem,	. 20,934	13,454,738,70*
Charlestown,	21,742	8,624,696.00*
Cambridge,	20,473	10,608,787.70*
Roxbury,	. 18,477	16,686,400,00*
Worcester,	. 22,286	18,905,100,0)
Springfield,	13,788	6,375,453 50*
Newburyport,	13,354	4,437,670 55*
New Bedford,	20,389	14,489,266,00*
Fall River,		9,888,070.00
Lynn,	15,713	4,148,989,00*
Lawrence,		5,903,716.20*
* Valuation of 1850		

There are also twenty-seven towns with a population of over 5000, and forty-seven towns with over 4000. All of these cities and towns are centres of important and thriving branches of industry.

BOSTON

Stands at the head of the list in the variety and extent of its manufactures. The statistics of industry for 1855 give manufactures under 128 different heads; and there are also many subdivisions under separate heads.

LOWELL

Stands next. The following table will give some idea of its principal manufactures:—

neipal manufactures:—	
The number of Cotton Mills is 3	5
The number of Spindles, 350,34	8
Cotton consumed,	4 lbs.
Capital invested, \$9,490,00	0
Sheetings, Shirtings, Printing Cloths,	
Drillings, Tickings, &c., 98,647,35	9 vds.
Value do., \$7,494,22	9
Calico printed,	0 vds.
Value do.,	0
Wootlen Mills,	5
Wool consumed,	-
Broadcloth made, 126,279	
Value do.,	
Cassimere made,	
Value do., \$737,58	
Satinet made,	
Value do., \$225,99	
Shawls made, 10,16	
Value do.,\$35,00	
Flannel or Blanketing, 600,00	
Value do.,	-
Value do., 5102,00	,,,
Mills for making Carpeting,	2
Wool consumed, 1,994,0	00 lbs.
(This we are informed is Scoured Wool,	
and must have required over 3,500,000	
pounds, in the condition in which it was	
purchased.)	
Carpeting made, 1,223,66	54 yds.
Value do, \$900,0	00
Establishments for making Worsted Goods,	2
Yarn made, and not made into cloth, 75,0	00 lbs.
Value of Yarn, \$27,0	
value of fain,	00
Cotton, Woollen, and other Machinery,	
value,	00
Steam Engines and Boilers, value, 117,0	00
Chemical Preparations, value, 100,0	
	55 prs.
Value do., \$131,8	
Clothing, value, 450,2	00

LAWRENCE

Is one of the new manufacturing cities. Its water-power has been created by a stone dam thrown across the Merrimack River at an expense of \$750,000. It has six Cotton Mills.

No. of Spindles,	127,644
Cotton consumed,	7,544,704 lbs.
Cloth made,	19,981,015 yds.
Value,	\$1,888,015
Flannel made,	196,000 yds.
Value,	\$21,000

It has five Woollen Mills, with 103 sets of machinery.

Wool consumed,	2,2t8,534 lbs
Woven and Felt Beavers, value,	\$107,800.62
Cassimere made,	147,217 vds.
Value do.,	\$87,321.65
Satinet, value,	\$80,054,40
Felting, Cloth, and Carpets, value,	\$87,368.08
Fancy Plaids, 147,428 yards, valued at	\$73,714
Flannel,	2,073,315 yds.
Value do.,	\$696,950
Shawla made,	161,934
Value do ,	\$647,736
Carpeting, 75,000 yards, value,	\$45,000
De Laines, 3,216,998 yards, value,	\$536,000
Cotton and Woollen Machinery, value,	\$220,000
Steam Engines and Boilers, value,	\$270,000
Paper Manufactories, 3; Value of Paper,	\$300,000
Cotton Ducking, 1,100,000 yards, value.	37 /
Cotton Ducking, 1,100,000 yards, value,	\$200,000

LYNN

Has long been known as the great centre for the manufacture of Ladies' Boots and Shoes.

The whole number manufactured of all kinds is: Boo's, 3,274,893 pairs; Shoes, 6,000,700 pairs.

The value of the two was \$4,165,529; and the number of persons employed was 15,566, of which 11,021 were females.

There is a Silk Manufactory, which turned out 8000 pounds of Sewing Silk, valued at \$85,000.

These are the leading articles, though statistics are given of articles under sixty-four different heads.

SPRINGFIELD

Has one Cotton Mill, with a capital of \$250,000, which consumed 277,852 pounds of Cotton, which was made into 633,057 yards of Sheeting.

One Woollen Mill, which made 52,000 pounds of Wool into 62,000 yards of Cassimere, valued at \$46,500.

One Forge for making Car Axles, &c.

Three Furnaces for making Hollow Ware, Castings, &c., valued at \$156,936.

Three establishments for making Cotton, Woollen, and other Machinery, valued at \$215,000.

Two establishments for making Steam Engines and Boilers, valued at \$160,000; two for Mechanies' Tools, valued at \$54,000; two for Chemical Preparations, valued at \$54,000; one for Paper, valued at \$60,000; one for Fire Arms, valued at \$40,000; one for Gold and Silver Ware, &c., valued at \$155,000; Tin Ware, \$70,000; Boots and Shoes, \$59,000; Flour, \$50,000; Snuff and Cigars, \$65,000, &c. &c.

At the United States Armory were made 11,000 Percussion Muskets, valued at \$116,875; 2000 Cavalry Musketoons, valued at \$21,700; 22,388 extra Cones, 14,003 Hammers, for altering Muskets; 20,206 Wipers, &c., &c.

FALL RIVER

Is one of the new cities, and is largely engaged in manufactures. There are eight Cotton Mills, with 106,584 spindles, eonsuming 4,286,000 pounds of Cotton, and making 21,985,000 yards of Cloth, the value of which was \$1,189,250; also 150,000 pounds of Knitting Cotton, value, \$40,000;—capital employed, \$1,365,000; number of hands, 1,711.

There are here two Calico Manufactories, which printed 19,000,000 yards of Calico, valued at \$1,330,000.

An establishment for making Linen, which made 1,600,000 yards, valued at \$240,000.

A Rolling Mill, which manufactures 1,800 tons of Iron, valued at \$135,000. It has one hundred Nail Machines, which made 1,000,000 pounds of Nails, valued at \$444,000; two Furnaces for making Hollow Ware and Castings, — manufactured 2,037 tons, valued at \$152,600.

There are three establishments for making Cotton, Woollen, and other Machinery, employing 150 hands, whose manufactures amounted to \$200,000

NEW BEDFORD.

This city has long been the head-quarters of the Whale Fishery. The following facts will show the extent of this branch of business:—

Vessels employed in Whale Fishery,	311
Tonnage of do.,	104,690 tons.
Sperm Oil imported,	1,352,106 gallons.
Value of do.,	\$2,011,257.68
Whale Oil imported,	5,483,780 gallons.
Value of do.,	\$3,214,866.02
Whalebone imported,	1,646,200 lbs.
Value of do.,	\$650,249
Capital in the Whale Fishery	\$9,827,100

There is one Cotton Mill which consumes 1,200,000 lbs. of cotton, and makes 2,500,000 yards of cloth, at a value of \$350,000.

Other statistics are embraced under sixty-two heads

CAMBRIDGE

Is the seat of a great variety of manufactures, and of large value.

The value of Glass manufactured is \$620,000. Capital invested, \$575,000.

Value of Britannia Ware,	\$40,000
Do. Starch,	14,000
	,
Do. Brushes,	191,000
Do. Railroad Cars,	134,200
Do. Oil,	126,000
Do. Linseed Oil,	90,000
Do. Soap (8,164,200 lbs.),	680,200
Capital invested in do.,	1,300,000
Do. Tallow Candles,	94,000
Do. Cabinet Ware,	128,000
Do. Leather, Curried,	90,000
Do. Bricks (26,200,000),	1,834,000
Do. Snuff, Tobacco, and Cigars,	388,700
Do. Stone, Quarried,	69,000
Do. Type made,	71,000
Do. Ice (60,000 tons),	30,000
Do. Printing and Binding,	175,000
Do. Confectioncry,	110,000
Do. Penrhyn Marble,	125,000
&c., &c.	

ROXBURY.

Among the articles manufactured in this place are —

1ron Castings,	\$178,000
Steam Engines,	168,000
Fire Engines,	50,000
Starch,	117,000
Chemical Preparations,	150,000
Cards,	75,000
Lead,	150,000
Railroad Cars	49,500
Oil,	37,000
White Lead,	150,000
Camphene Fluid,	175,000 gallons.
Glue and Gums,	\$100,000
Leather, Curried,	372,000
Patent Enamelled Leather,	400,000
Stone, Quarried,	100,000
Casks,	60,000
Distilleries,	450,000
Beer,	50,000
Bakeries,	236,000
Morocco,	60,000
Copal Varnish,	35,000
India Rubber Goods,	450,000
Papier Mache,	29,000
Oakum, Bone Mill, Tallow, Rosin, Tur-	pentine, &c., &c.

NEWBURYPORT

Has six Cotton Mills, with 64,640 spindles, and consumes 1,890,600 pounds of Cotton, which is made into 10,501,835 yards of Sheets, Shirtings, Drillings, and Printing Cloths,

the value of which is \$790,273. Capital invested, \$1,180,000. Hands employed, 1,320.

Here also is some Ship-Building, fifteen vessels having been launched during the year, valued at \$650,000.

Fifty-six vessels were employed in the Mackerel and Cod Fisheries, with a tonnage of 3,857 tons. Mackerel taken, 7,995 harrels, valued at \$86,000; Codfish taken, 15,000 quintals, valued at \$30,000. Cod Liver Oil manufactured, 450 barrels, valued at \$9000; capital invested, \$138,000.

TAUNTON

Is also largely engaged in manufacturing. There are five Cotton Mills, which consume 1,426,355 pounds of Cotton, and make 4,331,504 yards,—of which 1,785,000 yards are Jeans,—and 693,504 yards of Cotton Flannel. Value of cloth, \$354,415. Hands employed, 536.

A Woollen Mill, which consumes 90,000 pounds of wool, and makes 90,000 yards of Cassimere, the value of which is \$95,000.

A Rolling, Slitting, and Nail Mill, which manufactures 1,565 tons of iron, valued at \$140,850.

Four Furnaces, for making Hollow Ware and Castings, which made 1,410 tons, valued at \$122,000. Hands employed, 119.

Two establishments for making Cotton, Woollen, and other Machinery, employing 480 hands, manufacture to the value of \$340,000. Capital invested, \$250,000.

Two establishments for making Steam Engines and Boilers, having a capital of \$275,000, manufactured to the amount of \$325,000.

One factory for making Screws turned out 400,000 gross, valued at \$150,000, employing 290 hands.

Tacks and brads were made, to the amount of 1,635 tons, valued at \$312,500. Capital, \$172,000. Hands employed, 195.

One Copper Factory manufactures 1000 tons of Copper, valued at \$500,000. Capital, \$240,000. Hands employed, 90.

Britannia Ware is made to the value of \$99,000, employing 160 hands.

Also establishments for the manufacture of Shovels, Spades, Forks, and Hoes, Paper, &c., &c.

HOLYOKE

Is one of the new towns made by damming the water of Connecticut River, and thus gaining a large water-power. There are here three Cotton Mills, with 53,000 spindles, which consume 4,267,985 pounds of Cotton, which was made into 12,517,119 yards of cloth. Of this, 970,000 yards were made into Cotton Cassimeres for "pantaloonery," 8,199,370 yards into Sheeting and Shirting, and the

remainder into Lawns, Jaconets, Checks, and Brilliants. Value of the cloth, \$1,161,178.36. 108,000 pounds of Yarn were also made, valued at \$20,000. The capital invested is \$1,600,000, and the number of hands employed is 1,493.

An establishment employing 300 hands is in operation, for making Cotton, Woollen, and other Machinery, which has a capital of \$305,000, and turns out manufactures to the value of \$325,000.

Also, a Paper Mill, &c., &c.

CHICOPEE

Has eleven Cotton Mills, with 81,958 spindles, which consumed 6,451,966 pounds of Cotton, and which was made into 25,848,583 yards of cloth, valued at \$1,508,564. Capital employed, \$2,400,000. Hands employed, 2,341.

One Woollen Mill, which consumed 40,000 pounds of Wool, and made 45,000 yards of Cassimere, valued at \$35,000.

There are also establishments for the manufacture of Steam Engines and Boilers, Paper, Railroad Cars, Fire Arms, &c.

The Ames Company, in addition, with a capital of \$250,-000, make all kinds of Machinery, Swords, Belts, Trimmings, &c., &e.

GLOUCESTER

Is the leading town in the Mackerel and Cod Fisheries. The number of vessels employed is 282, which is nearly one half of the whole number in the State; tonnage, 19,374 tons.

The number of barrels of Mackerel taken out was	43,201
The amount of Codfish taken (in quintals) was	97,950
Value of the Mackerel,	\$388,809
Value of the Codfish,	\$293,850
Value of the Cod Liver Oil,	\$1.020
Capital invested,	
Hands employed,	

The above relates mainly to the productive industry of the State of Massachusetts. A very large proportion of these productions, as well as those of the other New England States, concentrate in and find their natural outlet from Boston. Boston is thus the business centre for a large proportion of the manufactures of New England.

This is shown by the fact stated in the last Report of the Board of Trade, that the value of domestic cotton manufactures disposed of in Boston in 1855, by first hands, was \$46,700,000.

The value of domestic manufactured Woollens disposed of in Boston in 1855 was \$22,000,000, making a total of the two of \$68,700,000.

The amount of the Cotton and Woollen production of Massachusetts for 1850 has been given above, but this contains but a portion of what is owned and controlled on Boston account.

In the eensus for 1850 the Cotton manufacture is thus set down:—

Bales of Value of Raw Hands Products. Establishments. Capital. Cotton. Material. emp'd. **\$61,869,184** In the U. States, 1,094 **\$74,500,931** \$34,835,056 92,286 641,240 In N. England, \$23,801,004 61,893 42.040,178 53,832,430 430,€03

From this it appears that considerable more than one-half the Cotton manufactures and investments are in New England, and at least one-half of the whole are on Boston account.

The Woollen manufactures show a similar result. In 1850 there were in the

Pounds of Hands Establishments. Capital. Products. empl'd. Wool used. United States, \$28,118,650 1,559 70,862,829 39,252 \$43,207,545 N. England, 17,667,892 43,118,059 26,077,812

Of all the Wool imported for the last three years, 60½ per cent was imported into Boston, as appears by the reports of the Secretary of the Treasury, viz.:—

These facts will show that Boston is the business centre for at least one-half of the domestic manufactured Woollens of the country.

Boston is the great market for Boots and Shoes in the United States, and it is believed more are sold here than in any other city in the world. A large amount are manufactured on Boston account in Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont.

The wholesale Clothing business of Boston now gives employment to near 50,000 persons, and the annual production is estimated at \$12,000,000.

The wholesale Furniture business of Boston for 1855 is estimated at \$4,500,000.

The wholesale Grocery business for the same period was \$25,000,000.

The importation and sale of Medicines, Paints, and Dye Stuffs, were \$14,000,000.

The consumption and exports of Iee amount to about 200,000 tons annually.

The sales of India Rubber Goods amounted in 1855 to \$2,200,000

Of Glass, to over \$2,000,000.

The Bookselling and Publishing business amounted to \$5,500,000.

The last Report of the Boston Board of Trade, from which many of the above facts are taken, makes the following remarks with regard to Dry Goods, which are equally applicable to other branches:—

"The statistics of the Dry Goods importing and jobbing trade show clearly that this important branch of business is decidedly on the increase in this city, from year to year; not in the number of new houses, however, so much as in the amount done by those already established. branch of trade has secured such an amount of capital and talent, as to place Boston upon a permaneut basis, as one of the best distributive points on the sea-coast, for foreign as well as domestic fabrics. It certainly is not to be woudered at l No city has superior facilities for the importation of foreign goods, and no other one has equal opportunities for obtaining its supply of American manufactures; and when we consider how large a portion of the dry goods consumed in the country is of American production, the great advantages concentrated here for making our city an extensive market for the sale of dry goods generally will readily appear. The great and growing States of the West are seeing it, and turning their attention more and more every year to Boston for supplies. Our dry goods trade with the West has doubled in the last three years, quadrupled in the last five, and is twenty-fold greater than it was ten years ago; and instead of being overlooked and neglected now, as it used to be, is become well known and highly appreciated."

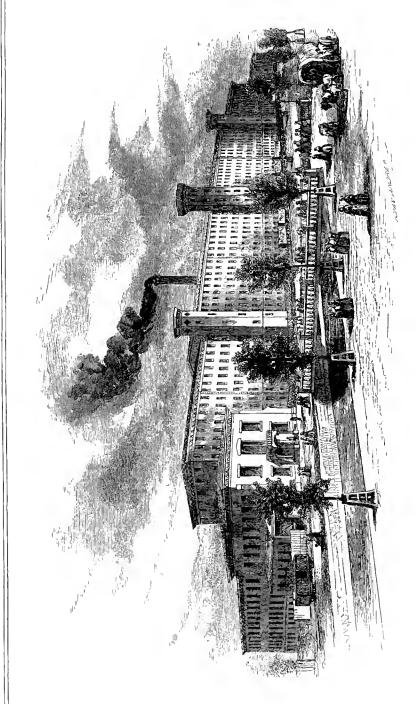
Ship-building has been earried on largely in Boston.

The number of vessels launched in Boston and vicinity in 1855 was 44. Tounage, 45,988 tous.

In addition to this, there were ou the stocks at the close of the year, 22 vessels, measuring 27,877 tons.

The amount invested in ships belonging to the district is between \$20,000,000 and \$25,000,000.

The long-voyage trade is largely in the hands of Boston merchants. Out of 175 ships which arrived in the United States in 1854, from beyond the Cape of Good Hope, 105 arrived in Boston; and, out of 154 which arrived in 1855, 86 came into Boston, 7 into Salem, and 54 into New York. Of the 54 which arrived in New York, 14 from China were owned in Boston. Of 76 vessels which arrived from Calcutta, 66 came to Boston.



VIEW OF THE

PACIFIC MILLES

AWRENCE, MASS.

THESTEAM FLEET OFBOSTON.

The number of steamships forming regular lines of com- | freight for ports on the James River, or to be forwarded by munication between Boston and other ports in the United States and British-American Provinces has now become so great, that it may not be amiss to present some account of the various lines, and the steamers which compose them.

With southern ports our communication is now frequent and quite thorough.

To Savannah, Ga., the side-wheel steamship "Joseph Whitney," Capt. Winslow Loveland, makes two trips a month; connecting there with the Georgia Central and numerous other railroads to all parts of the South and Southwest. This steamer is owned by the Merehants' and Miners' Transportation Company (described below). Capt. Erastus Sampson, at the foot of Central Wharf, is the Boston agent; and Messrs. Crane & Graybill are the agents at Savannah. The "Joseph Whitney" will leave this port on Monday afternoon.

To Charleston, S. C., we have now a first-class line of large screw steamers, one of which will leave each port every ten days. They are the "South Carolina," Capt. R. A. Baxter, and "Massachusetts," Capt. F. A. Sampson, built in this city, by Harrison Loring. The former has made a successful trip out and back, and left this port again on Thursday evening. The "Massachusetts" will start upon her first trip on Monday, 23d inst. These steamers are owned by the Boston and Southern Steamship Company, which was incorporated by the last Legislature. The greater portion of the stock is held in this city. E. S. Tobey, Esq., is President. Messrs. Phineas Sprague & Co. are the agents here, and John W. Caldwell & Son are the Charleston agents. From Charleston, freight is forwarded to all points by the South Carolina Railroad, and by steamers to Florida and Havana.

To Norfolk, Va., and Baltimore, Md., rnn three sidewheel steamers of the Merchants' and Miners' Transportation Company, of which Thomas C. Jenkins of Baltimore is President. The stock is held in Baltimore and Boston, the larger proportion in the former city. The vessels now constituting the line are the new iron steamships "Benj. Deford," Capt. W. A. Hallett, and "S. R. Spaulding," Capt. S. Howes; and the wooden steamship "William Jenkins" (mate to the Joseph Whitney), Capt. G. H. Hallett. The last-named has just been taken off to receive a new boiler, at Wilmington, Del., but will resume her place about the first of September. One of the other two leaves Boston every

railroad to North Carolina, Tennessee, &c., and then proceeds to Baltimore, where direct connection is made with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroal for all points at the West and Southwest. This is a favorite route for passengers in the summer months. The "Benj. Deford" leaves the foot of Central Wharf at 4, P. M., to-day. Capt. Erastus Sampson is agent in Boston, A. L. Huggins in Baltimore, and John Williams, Jr., at Norfolk.

The Philadelphia and Boston Steamship Line was the pioneer of the southern lines from this port; having been established in March, 1852. The proprietors were Messrs. Phineas Sprague & Co., Sprague, Soule, & Co., and Henry Winsor; and the first steamships were the "City of New York "and the "City of Boston." The former has recently been transferred to a new line to Virginia, and the latter has been sold to the United States Government. The line now consists of the "Phineas Sprague" (980 tons), Capt. Matthews; the "Cambridge" (850 tons), Capt. Howes; and the "Kensington" (1050 tons), Capt. Baker, - all screw steamers. One steamship leaves every five days. The "Phineas Spragne" sails from hence this afternoon. The agents of this line are Messrs. Sprague, Soule, & Co. in this eity, and Henry Winsor in Philadelphia.

The steamer "City of New York" has been running to Norfolk and City Point, Va.; connecting at the latter place with lighters for Richmond. The people of Richmond were backward in extending their patronage to the vessel, apparently disappointed because there was not water enough in the river to allow her to go up to their eity. She has now been chartered to the United States Government, to take the Commissoner upon the reciprocity treaty on a voyage to the British Provinces, but will probably resume her trips to Virginia in September. Messrs. P. Sprague & Co. are her agents in Boston.

Before another year rolls round, we shall doubtless have a line of steamships in operation to New Orleans. The Union Steamship Company was incorporated a year ago, with a capital of \$400,000, for the purpose of establishing a line of steamships between a "port or ports in this Commonwealth and New Orleans, or any port or ports in the Gulf of Mexico." A bill passed the last Legislature, increasing the capital to \$700,000, and authorizing the steamships of the company "to touch at, and ply to and from, any port or ports in Cuba," and the ports before author-Saturday, - stopping at Norfolk to land passengers and lized. The company has been organized with Mr. James

Lawrence as President; and the company have, through their committee, prepared specifications and plans for two steamers. The steamers are to be screw propellers, and two splendid boats, or more, will inaugurate the line.

To New York, we have no direct steam lines; the freight being mostly sent to Providence, Fall River, Stonington, or Norwich, and forwarded thence by steamboat. There are one or two lines of sailing vessels to New York; and, if the eanal aeross Cape Cod shall ever be completed, we may expect to see a direct line of steamers to New York.

Going East, we have several steam lines, as follows: -

The Portland Steam Packet Company, whereof Charles Fobes, of Portland, is President, employs three steamboats, - the "Lewiston," "Montreal," and "Forest City." One of these is kept as a spare boat, and one of the others leaves Boston and Portland every evening at 7 o'clock (exeept Saturday and Sunday); making connections with the Grand Trunk Railroad for all parts of Canada and the West. William Weeks, at the end of Central Wharf, is the Boston agent.

The propeller "C. W. Dexter" makes three trips a month from this port to Gardiner, Hallowell, and Augusta, Me.; leaving Boston on the 5th, 15th, and 25th of each month. that our steam fleet will steadily and constantly increase. She is owned by parties in Augusta. She leaves Bostou to-day. Stinson & Co., 150 State Street, are her agents.

To Hallowell and intermediate ports is now running the steamer "State of Maine," of the New York and Fall River line, which has been chartered by the owners of the Kennebee line, to take the place of the "Eastern Queen," which was destroyed by fire a few months ago. The "State of Maine" has been running between this city and the Kennebee since April 15. The "Eastern Queen" had been running about two years. The line was established in 1836, and is owned by private individuals in this city and on the Kennebec. The steamers touch at Bath, Richmond, Gardiner, and Hallowell.

The steamer "Menemon Sanford," which runs to Bangor and intermediate ports, is owned in New York by the family of the late Menemon Sanford, for whom she is named. Her burthen is 960 tons. She has been running for six years between Boston and Bangor, and is under the command of Capt. Edward H. Sanford. She stops at Rockland, Camden, Belfast, Searsport, Bucksport, Winterport, and Hampden.

There is a regular semi-weekly communication between Boston and St. John, N. B., the steamers the "Eastern City" and "Admiral" stopping at Eastport and Portland, Me., on their trips each way. They also connect at St. John with a steamer for Windsor, from whence a railroad runs to Halifax. One steamer leaves each port every Monday and Thursday.

The serew steamer "Eastern State," owned in Yarmouth, N.S., leaves this city every other Tuesday for Yarmouth and Halifax. She connects at Halifax with a steamer for St. John's, N. F., touching at Sydney, Cape Breton; and every four weeks with a steamer for Bermuda.

All the steamers to which we have alluded above are doing a very good business; and there is every prospect

Besides the movements of these steamers, other steamers, ferry and tug boats, are constantly plying about in our harbor, giving animation to the scene as viewed from any of the wharves. The favorite steamer "Nelly Baker" makes three trips a day to Nahant, stopping at Long Island, and carrying large numbers of passengers, who wish to flee from the heat and noise of the city. Steamers run also daily to Hingham, Hull, and Gloucester. The ferry-boats running to East Boston and Chelsea keep the waters agitated; and numerons tug-boats, from the "R. B. Forbes" down (ten in all), are constantly plying about, lending their aid to the winged messengers of commerce.



THE OLD ELM TREE ON BOSTON COMMON.

Dr. N. B. Shurtleff contributes to the Boston Journal the following account of the great elm blown down on Boston common in the storm of Friday uight:

The gale struck the venerable old-elm tres with such force as to cause the northerly half of its large branches to burst the iron hands which for years have bound them to the trunk, and fall to the ground, car-

rying a portion of the trunk with them.

There is not a native Bostonian who will not deplore the loss of this tree. It is associated with the sports of childhood, and is as familiar to the sight as the dome of the State House. It has grown up with Boston from its earliest infancy, and seems as much a part of it as the very peninsula upon which the city is founded. It is a tree which has a history, which is concisely related by our fellow-citizen, Dr. Nathaniel B. Shurtleff, in the following interesting sketch, prepared at our request:

It is not often that an occurrence of such small importance as the destruction of a tree will cause so much sorrow and regret as will the dismemberment of the great tree of the Boston common, which event occurred yesterday, the twenty-ninth day of June, at about 61 o'clock in the evening. During the afteruoon the appearance of the heavens indicated a storm of no ordinary character-and indeed it came, and few will ever forget it, for the injury it has done.

The great fall of water, together with an uncommon gust of wind, broke down the limbs of many trees throughout the city, not even sparing those of Paddock's Mall, which had so recently escaped the threatening axe. The great tree, the pride of Bostonians, and perhaps the most noted of its kind on the continent, suffered with the others; and, after standing for centuries, the oldest of the traditionary relies of the days of our forefathers, was in a few moments shorn of its beauty and its magnificent proportions, to linger out, it is feared, a few years longer, a maimed end displeasing existence, the evidence only of the violence of the storm which has destroyed

Much has been said and written about this noted elm, the product of our own iadigenous forests. has had its rivals; among which has been the farfamed elm of Pittsfield, remarkable for its gigantic beight, and for having a trunk one hundred and fourteen feet high below its first branch; and the Aspinwall elm in Brookline, famons for its enormous and wide-spreading roots, and for the great size of its trunk. But both of these, also, have been shorn of their glory by storms that have passed barmlessly by

Although the tree attained a great age, and an uncommon size, it was more for its beautiful propertions and graceful limbs, thau for age or size, that it gained its notoricty among those who had paid par-ticular attention to the trees. But the tree has associations connected with its history which will always keep it in remembrance. During the revolu-tionary struggles of America this tree was one of the places of constant resort of the Sons of Liberty, who frequently caused it to be illuminated with lanterns on evenings of rejoicing and on festal occasions; and it also served the purpose of exhibitions of popular

feeling and indignation, for many has been the tory who has been hung in effigy from its branches. Very near this tree occurred the first duel in Boston, be-1 tween Benjamin Woodbridge and Heury Phillips, so: graphically described by Mr. Sargent in his "Dealings with the Dead;" and beneath its branches have heen enacted many a scene of youthful valor, in days that have been loug past, on the helidays of election and independence.

It would be difficult to affix to the tree evon an approximate age. It' has been known as far back as tradition can go, and is represented on the oldest map of the town known to exist. It is reasonable to believe that it was growing before the first settlement of the peningula. In the year 1855 it was accu-

rately measured by the city engineer, who recorded the following dimensions: " Height, 721 feet; height of first branch from the ground, 161 feet; girth one foot above the ground, 221 feet; girth four feet above the ground, 17 feet; average diameter of greatest extent of branches, 101 feet." Earlier measurements show that the tree continued to grow as long as it stood. The latest measurement, taken by the writor last spring, gave 24 feet girth at the ground, 18 feet 3 inches at three feet, and 16 feet 6 inches at five feet showing an increase of only about five inches in girth in sixteen years.

Many of the old inhabitants can well remember when there was a cavity in the trunk sufficiently large to allow boys to socrete themselves in it; but this has almost entirely been closed up hy the good treatment and care which have been given to the tree. this has almost entirely been closed up by the good treatment and care which have been given to the tree. In the summer of 1831 the tree was much injured by the violence of a storm, and its largest limbs were so much cleft asunder as to allow them to rest their branches upon the ground; but they were subsequently, at much cost and laber, restored to their former position, and were sustained in place by iron bolts and braces.

The exact amount of injury the tree has sustained by the storm of yesterday cannot be estimated. Its beauty has been destroyed without hope of renewal; and it is extremely doubtful whether anything can he dene to save the part that now remains standing.

As soon as the storm abated, the rumor that "The old elm tree is blewn down" spread rapidly through the city, causing hundreds of citizens to go to the spot and see for themselves. To their regret, they found the rumor but too true; and very many who visited the locality of the venerated tree secured portions of the fallen limbs, to preserve among the choicest of the relies of olden time.

The late Dr. John C. Warren, formerly president of the Boston Society of Natural History, published in 1855, for circulation among his friends, a small quarte volume, describing the elm, in which he says that there is nothing improbable in the belief that it is more than two hundred years old. He says:

"But, as it was certainly the Groat Tree in 1729 and 1722, we may indulge the belief, that it sprung up previous to the settlement of Beston ; that it cast its protecting shade over the heads of our earliest American ancestors; and that even the native inhabitant of the soil enjoyed the protection of its widespreading branches.

"This tree, therefore, we must venerate as a visible relic of the Indian Shawmut; for all its other native trees and groves have been long since prostrated; the frail and transient memorials of the aborigines have vanished; even the bills of Trimonutain cannot be distinguished; and this native noble elm remains to present a substantial association of the existing with the former ages of Boston."

Broad street was laid out, and the building erected thinks the senior Mr. May commenced occupancy of the store when it was completed. This will give fifty the store when it was completed. This will give fifty the store when it was completed. This will give fifty in comething at which to marvel in this capticious age.

The something at which to marvel in this capticious age.

The something at which to marvel in this capticious age.

The store of the venerable gentleman whose name it emphasis of the venerable gentleman whose name it hears, the public papers of Boston. Who, in passing up to down State street, and seeing those words in the head of this paragraph, does not acquire an interest in Samuel May? [New Hampshite Statesman.

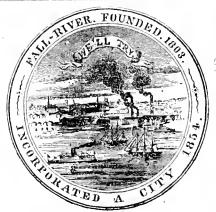
"SAMUTEL MAY—1797." These are the words upon a faded egn at the west corder of State and Broad upon the erreds. Boston. We first saw them there along the while sgo, and mever make a visit to the city without five booking up, to see if they yet remain. The old sign was there lest Thoseday and more than that, we just swas there lest Thoseday and more than that, we just show the morphalt, that the May still lives, at the age head of nincty, and was, when we last saw him—a year of nincty, and was, when we last saw him—a year of the soil of nincty and one of nincty and the sactive prime. The busis will have a business the busis.

SAYB

we speak,

5

EULDING IN CHELSEA. Nathan Mathows, Esq., has just completed a landsome block of twenty brick a houses on the weant land in front of Medford street. We house seventy new brick houses have been erected to during the pest seven mouths. Generally the law Universellst church is finished outside, lead the large vestry will be ready for the Society, who I have bold their meetings at the City Hall, in two of which was 6 Government having thought, he fitted up ngaged in the naval sortion are sent home The old United States Marine Hospital, which are cleaned seme years ago.—the Government has reacted seme years ago.—the Government built a new one.—will, it is thought, he fitted built a new one.—will, it is thought, he fitted says in for the men who are engaged in the naval sick, or wounded in engagements with the robeis.



(198)

FORT INDEPENDENCE, IN BOSTON HARBOR. Mr. Editor: A paragraph in the Transcript a few evenings since, mentioning the action of Mayor Wightman in regard to the "Defence of Boston," calls to mind thu efforts of the early inhabitants who labored so assiduously for the same end. Believing that some account of their labors will prove interesting at this time, I send you a brief sketch of the successive fortifications erected on Castle Island, where Fort Independence now stands. The materials for this sketch were gathered with no little pains from a great variety of authorities, and the statements may be verified by consulting the records of the General Court.

I often wonder why the antiquarians of Boston have never turned their attention to this subject Many years ago, a writer in Silliman's Journal gave the world an account of the "Forts and Fortifications around Boston," and described with much care the different earthworks thrown up in this vicinity during the Revolutionary period; but scarcely a dozen lines have ever been written directly upon the subject before us. A volume greater in interest and importance than many of those published by the Historical Society could he composed of materials which are every year becoming more inaccessible. Who will undertake this work? B. F. D.

Charlestown, Aug. 28, 1861.

CASTLE ISLAND FROM 1633 TO 1645.

The first movement toward the fortification of Boston harbor was made in the year 1633. About that time the citizens fearing some act of hostility on the part of Cardinal Richelieu, it was thought expedient to build a fort at Nantasket Point. Accordingly, on the twenty-first of February, Governor Winthrop went down to that place, accompanied by a party of gentlemen, including "three ministers," for the purpose of laying out the plan. On the third day after their departure they returned and reported the project uscless. The Governor and his party were detained there two nights by a heavy gale, and slept in a hovel on some straw pulled from the thatch, ching out their scanty rations with a "poor kind of muscle." But though there was no immediate cause for alarm, and as Hubbard the historian tells us, they were "more afraid than hurt," it was decided by the General Court on the fourth of March following to fortify the island now known as Castle Island, and orders were issued to build a fort "40 ffoote long and 21 ffoote wide."

July 29th. The Governor and Council, attended by the ubiquitous "Ministers," visited the island and prepared everything for the work, adding to the plan two "platforms" for heavy guns.

Sept. 3d. The records of the court show another order to build a platform on the northeast side of the island, and "a house to defend it." This first structure was of mud. No great progress however, could have been made in the work, as on March the fourth of the following year, orders were issued to "finish the eastle," and authority vested in the constables to press men for that service. The clergy took great interest in the project, and the Rev. Mr. Wilson, according to Johnson's Wonder-working Providence, "gave bountifully for this wilderness work" (1000 pounds.)

The scanty records inform us that Captain

Simpkins was the first commander. After him came one Gibbon, who in the year 1635 was succeeded by Lieut, Morrison.

January 12, 1637. At this early duy the fortification had so far fallen to decay that the authorities deemed it useless to be at any further expense, and ordered the munitions of war collected there to be sold. On the second of May following the Court officially gave notice that no further liability would be incurred, but added that if any private parties saw fit to rebuild the defences they were at liberty to do so. A month later, however, seeing a disposition on the part of muny inhabitants of Boston and vicinity to take some action, the Court receded so far as to appropriate one hundred pounds for repairs. Accordingly the guns were soon in working order again, and on the twentieth of June, while the gunners were at practice, an unlucky shot cut down an "honest passenger" standing on the deck of a ship coming up the harbor.

The next January two hundred and fifty pounds additional were voted for the Castle, and Captain Sedgwick was appointed to the command.

June, 12, 1643. At this date the fortifications had again fallen to decay, and were so far neglected that when Monsieur La Tour's ship, the Clement, sailed up the harbor, there was no one left to return her salute.

Sept. 7th. The court again ordered the munitions of war to be sold, and the island reuted until required for use.

March 7, 1644. The General Court granted one hundred pounds toward building a new fort, on condition that Boston and the neighboring towns assume the pecuniary obligation, and prosecute the work of huilding. This new structure was to be not less than fifty feet square on the inside, the walls to be ten feet thick, and the whole to remain the property of the Colony. Five barrels of powder were also granted. The towns accepted the proposition and immediately hegan the work. The Commander's commission, embodying a complete set of instructions, is an interesting document, and may be found in Colony Records, vol. 2, p. 63. It appears that the garrison was to consist of not less than twenty men in summer and ten in the winter.

November 13th. Captain Daveuport was appointed to the command. Fifty pounds were ap. propriated for his house, and he was also to have one-third of the island for his own use.

May 14, 1645. Captain Davenport was notified that he could expect no regular Chaplain for the that he could expect no regular Chaplain for the garrison, but that "the Lord having granted him able gifts," he was expected to perform the duties of that office and take care of the garrison as his own family. His pay was to be one-half in "corne," and one-half in "beaver and shop commodities."

modities."

October 18. Buston and other towns having failed to carry on the work at the Castle with sufficient despatch, the Court "thinke it meete" to fine them twenty pounds apiece. It was also ordered to press men for military duty at the

CASTLE ISLAND. Mr. Editor:—I am greatly obliged to your correspondent, "Antiquarian," for pointing out the omission of the name of Captain John Larrabee, in my sketch of the Colonial History of Castle Island. I must now, however, examine his own statement, which is evidently incorrect. "Antiquarian" says that Capt. Larraincorrect. "Antiquarian" says that Capt. Larrabee had charge of the Island from 1712 to 1762. Drake, in his History of Boston, falls into the same error. A careful examination of the Colony

parish in this eity :--- '' Mister Moderator-in consekens ob de full attendos at dis meetin', I moobe de meetin' nex Wensday ebenin' am postponed to dis Monday ebenin' for de chois ob directors."—Boston Ledger. was made and carried at a recent meeting of a coloured AN ORIGINAL POSTPONEMENT.

in the gale in 1960; for celebrating the Feures of July in 1860 it paid \$13,555; \$13.175; for selvols in 1860, \$628, The city of Boston paid \$119.54 for repairs on the 'Old Elm' for damage for the Prince of Wales's reception, 549, a larger amount than was ever exunpromising, and the vessel sent to their relief aspect of affairs induced the Pilgrims to appoint a day of public Thanksgiving, which was observed colonists were short of food, their crops looked plies were received from England, and the changed in the same month as the first Fast day. Let us people will be repeated in this country the present month, and that hefore l'ebruary we shall have a Fast was observed, the crops revived, their suphope that this pleasant experience of the Plymouth in July, 1623. from England was driven back three times. by the to "eheer our hearts," mouth Pilgrims took place

Long Island, 43 do. (Light House) Lovell do., 63 do. Nahant, 93 (part of Lynn)

| Bird's do. 14 do. | Calledo. | N. Calledo. | A. Calledo. | Calle

House, 84 do. (n. G. Brewster)

pended before in one year,

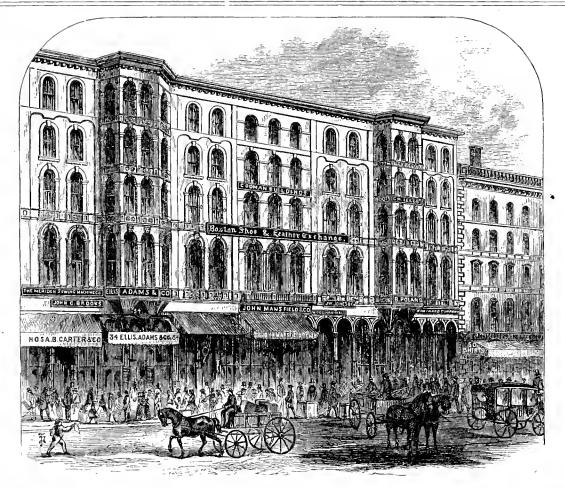
aves do., 9 do. ngham, 12 miles (Landing) ili, 9 do.

Alderton Point (part of) 94 miles Apple Island, 3 do.

ISLANDS AND PLACES. DISTANCES FROM LONG WHARF,

real Thanksgiving hill was Lieutenant of the Castle from Jan. 16, 1710, till Nov. 28, 1720. At this latter date the muster rolls of the garrison show that John Larrabee had only risen to the position of Quarter Gunner. It is not until June 16th, 1725, that he William Dummer, Lieutenant Governor of the office of Commander was a sinecure appears from to spend at least three days in every week at the it does not appear from the records that Captain far the he fact that the incumbent was obliged by law appears as Licutenant of the Castle." The Hon Province, was made commander in the year 1721. Larrabee was ever commander. How

Charlestown, Sept. 9, 1861



THE BOSTON SHOE AND LEATHER EXCHANGE,

48 HANOVER STREET, BOSTON.

ESTABLISHED, 1859.

This Exchange was established by the Boot, Shoe, and Leather Trade of Massachusetts, as a head-quarters for the trade in Boston, and as affording conveniences for bringing the manufacturer

and jobber in direct contact with each other.

This Exchange is the only one of the kind in America; is adapted to all the wants of the Trade; contains filea of all the principal Commercial Journals and Traders' Circulars of the United States, Canadas, and Europe; also, models of new inventions, machines in operation, specimens, plans, &c., of especial interest to those in any way connected with the Boot, Shoe, and Leather Trade.

MANUFACTURERS AND INVENTORS. — Manufacturers of any description of Shoe Machinery will find the Exchange Hall a desirable place to exhibit their inventions, either in model or actual operation. Storage for the same can be had in the building at a low rate

ing at a low rate.
OFFICES FOR THE TRADE. — Rooms and Offices in the Exchange

Building will be let to manufacturers for the storage and exhibition of samples on the most favorable terms. A large portion of the rooms in the Exchange which is fitted up for that purpose are already occupied by some of the leading above manufacturers of the State.

INVITATION TO STRANGERS. — Merchants visiting Boston are cordially invited to make this Exchange their head-quarters, and use its Reading-Room and other facilities free of expense.

use its Reading-Room and other facilities free of expense.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. Manufacturers and dealers in Boots and Shoes, Hides and Leather, will find this extensive establishment a most convenient centre to meet their business connections; and for the general privileges of the Exchange, entitling the subscribers to free access to its Reading-Room, General Record, and other sources of information, the subscription fee will be FIVE DOLLARS PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

For further information, apply at the Exchange, to

Albert Litch, Supt.

Former Panics. The first time the banks in Wallation and Taxation of Boston.—The Boston suspended specie payments was May 12th, Valuation and Taxation of Boston.—The between the State of Massachusetts and the five our readers who were in business at the time, as and polls, estimated and levied by the Assessors of the Union, which is worth examining. The one of great excitement. There was a meeting in city of Boston in the several Wards for the years 1860.

Mayor presided, and State street was filled with:

Massachusetts and the five its form the census of 1850 present a comparison between the State of Massachusetts and the five one of great excitement. There was a meeting in city of Boston in the several Wards for the years 1860

The area of Massachusetts is about 7800 square form the original provious, at which the and 1861 is as follows:

Mayor presided, and State street was filled with:

Real Estate, Personal Estate, Polls, Massachusetts has eleven members of the Union. excited people until after midnight on the night after suspension. Until this time the citizens of Boston felt much pride in the fact that the banks here did not suspend when similar institutions at the South and in the middle States failed in 1814, during the war with England, and also passed. safely through the panies of 1822 and 1825. The papic of 1837 began at the South on May 4th, andwas eight days in reaching Boston. By the returns of the associated banks in this city, made June 10th, 1837, it appeared that the specie in the Boston baks (except the Massachusetts) was only \$972,776. Specie was at a premium of eight. per cent., and fractional bills were in great demand in business circles. This suspension continued about a year in Boston and New York. In 1839 the banks of Baltimore and Philadelphia, Rhode Island and Connecticut, again suspended, but, those of Boston and New York continued to pay specie.

The panic in 1837 hegan in the "Cotton States," and in the chief cities of the South nine-tenths of the merchants failed-indeed the whole South was prostrated by the crisis. Cotton fell in price during the early part of the panic from seventeen to ten cents a pound, and tobacco and sugar inthe same proportion. The crash of this memorable year was so extensive on this side of the Pro rata \$8 90 per \$1000. Atlantic, that the banks of Montreal and Quebec It will be seen from the above tables, that there is The total of the supposed species permant five days of the total of the supposed species permant five days of the total of th

Forty days afterward the first named stock had fallen to 51, and the latter to 75. The Philadel of twenty-eight cities and towns within a radius Georgia, 58; Florida, 4; Alabama, 26; Mississ phia banks suspended payment on the 26th of of about twelve miles of Boston, including the 25—total, 128.

September; those of Louisville October 1st; those metropolis: of New York October 13th, and the Boston hanks on the 14th. The great disturbing cause in 1857_ was said to be the demand for specie for export, which could only be checked by a contraction of bank credits. But the crisis of the present year was not occasioned by any demand for gold from abroad. On the contrary, as soon as the state of affairs here was known, gold immediately flowed to New York and Boston from foreign ports, as a handsome profit was made thereon. It is thought. in financial circles, that unless some exciting political difficulty arises, the money market will improve nearly as rapidly as the panic came upon the country-so that money will be pleaty at the legal rates after the second week in January.

THE CITIES OF MASSACHUSETTS. For convenient reference we publish below the population of thirteen of the largest places in Massachusetts, as reported by the United States Census, just completed. Taunton is the only place in the list not under a city government:

Boston	Satem 99 956
LOW01136.848	Lypn 19 108
Cambridge26.074	Lawrence 17 690
Roxhury	Taunton 15 78h
Charlestown 25.075	Sprincfield 15 200
Worcester24.963	Fall River 14.026
New Bedford22,309	

	1860.		
	Real Estate.	Personal Estate.	P
1	\$7,673,300	\$2,848,600	
	5 364,500	725 800	
3	6 911.000	3,243,300	
4	38,259 300	36 972,000	
5	5,595,000	2.324,900	
	27,453,300	23.276.400	
7	16,624 900	23 897,800	
8	11,724,200	4,955 900	
9	8.770 900	3,173,000	
10	7.456,900	2.631.700	
1I	19 428 800	6.321.800	
12	8,629,200	2,548,500	
	\$163,891,300	\$112,969,700	34
Pro rata	\$9 30 per \$1000		
TIO LUCK	φυ σο per φroσο	•	
110144	186		
Wards.	186 Real Estate.	l. Personal Estate.	I
Wards.	186 Real Estate.	1.	1
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Wards. 1 2 3	186 Real Estate\$7.475 7005,496 8006 536,700	1. Personal Estate. \$2,586,400 673,000 2,932,200	1
Wards. 1 2 3	186 Real Estate\$7.475 7005,496 8006 536,700	1. Personal Estate. \$2,586,400 673,000	I
Wards. 1 2 3 4 5	186 Real Estate\$7.475 7005,496 8006 536,70038 933 9005 612 800	1. Personal Estate. \$2,586,400 673,000 2,932,200 33,265,400 2,245,200	1
Wards. 1 2 3 4 5	186 Real Estate\$7.475 7005,496 8006 536,70038 933 9005 612 800	1. Personal Estate. \$2,586,400 673,000 2,932,200 33,265,400	1
Wards. 1	186 Real Estate\$7.475 7005,496 8006 536,70038 933,9005 612 80027,237,800	1. Personal Estate. \$2,586,400 673,000 2,932,200 33,265,400 2,245,200	1
Wards. 1 2 4 5 7	186 Real Estate. \$7,475 7005,496 8006 536,70038 933,9005 612 80027,237,80016,981,20011,550,700	1. Personal Estate. \$2,586,400 673,000 2,932,200 33,265,400 2,245,200 23,127,800 23,324,200 4,630,900	1
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Wards. 1 2 4 5 7	186 Real Estate. \$7,475 7005,496 8006 536,70038 933,9005 612 80027,237,80016,981,20011,550,700	1. Personal Estate. \$2,586,400 673,000 2,932,200 33,265,400 2,245,200 23,127,800 23,324,200 4,630,900 3,829,700	I
Wards. 1	186 Real Estate. \$7.475 700 5,496 800 6 536,700 38 933,900 5612 800 27,237,800 16,981,200 11,550,700 10,125,800 7,703 800	1. Personal Estate. \$2,586,400 673,000 2,932,200 33,265,400 2,245,200 23,127,800 23,324,200 4,630,900	I
Wards. 1	186 Real Estate. \$7,475 7005,496 8006 536,70038 933,9005 612 80027,237,80016,981,20011,550,700	1. Personal Estate. \$2,586,400 673,000 2,932,200 33,265,400 2,245,200 23,127,800 23,324,200 4,630,900 3,829,700 2,569,800	1

1 Opons i
Hosten
Chelsea, North Chelsea and Winthrop 14,860
Rexbury 25,137
West Konbury 6,311
Derohester 9.76)
Quipcy 6 778
Brookline 5,164
Cambridge
Charlestown 25,075
Malden 5,866
Medford 4,842
Melrcse 2 540
Semervi'le 8,025
Biglctree 3,468
Dedham 6 332
Militon 2 66)
Weymouth 7,712
1.yln
Saugue 2,0%
Lexington 2 330
Newton 8 385
West Cambridge 2 68?
South Reading
Storeham 3,110
Waltham 6,397
Watertown 3,271
Weburn 6.287
Winchester
Relmont 1,200
Brighton 3,376
m
Total401,849

The whole population of the State is ascertained Florida, 3564; in Alabama, 33,618; in Mississi to be 1,231,496. In 1855 the State census reported 13,324—total, 106,880.

MASSACHUSETTS AND THE SECESSION STATES

Massachusetts has elsven members of the House

Polls. Massachusetts has eleven members of the House 3566 of Representatives, based on white population. 3620 The five States have the following number, based 2226 upon white population and "three-fifths of a 3192 other persons;" South Carolina, 6; Georgia, 6; 2202 Florida, 1; Alabama, 7; Mississippl, 5—total 27. 2262 The population of Massachusetts in 1859 was 2557 994,499; that of South Carolina was 668,507, of 2175 which 274,503 were white and 384,904 colored; 1998 Georgia, 903,154—521,472 whites and 381,682 colored; Forida, 86,513—47,203 white and 39,310 colored; Forida, 86,513—47,203 white and 39,310 colored; Mississippi, 615,596—295,718 white and 319,878 colored. Total, 1,555,570 white and 1,456,876 (698 colored—3,024,268.

The bank capital of Massachusetts in 1859 was \$64,519,200. That of South Carolina was \$13,583, Polls, 480; of Georgia, \$9,302,400; of Florida, \$230,000; 3288 of Alabsma, \$4,900,000; Mississippl, \$800,000—3629 total, \$28,80,850.

2254 The value of the productions of Massachusette 2755 in 1850 was \$151,137,145. The value of products 2233 in South Carolina was \$7,063,573; Georgia, \$7,083, 2429 525; Florida, \$668,338; Alabama, \$4,538,878; Mis-2398 sissippl, \$2,972,038—total, \$22,329,292.

2398 sissippl, \$2,972,038—total, \$22,328,292.
2000 The capital invested in manufacturing in Massac, 1926 chusetts is \$83,357,642. In South Carolina the 2372 amount is \$6,056,865; in Georgia, \$5,460,483; in 4456 Florida, \$547,060; Alabama, \$3,450,606; Missussipply, \$1,833,420—total, \$17,384,434.

Massachusetts employs in manufacturing 165,936 and 193,037 persons; South Carolina, 7009; Georgia, 8378; Florida, 991; Alabama, 4936; Mississippl, 3173—total, 24,487.

Atlantic, that the banks of Montreal and Quebec It will be seen from the above tables, that there is The total of post office receipts in Massachusetts is suspended specie payment five days after those of an increase in the valuation of real estate of \$3,444, \$607,249; expenditure, \$449,627—cxcoss, \$177,622. Boaton. It is noteworthy that stocks did not suf-600, and a decrease in personal estate of \$5,024,400. In the five States the table stands thus: South feet the great fluctuations at this time that they making a net loss on both of \$1,579,800 for the year-068; deficiency, \$211,522. Georgia—receipts, \$168 did during the financial troubles twenty years The total valuation of real and personal estate for 665; expenditure, \$338,180—deficiency, \$189. In 1857 the panic may be dated from August rants in 1860 was \$2,530,000; this year they are for 24th, on which date the Ohio Life and Trust Com-\$2,400,000. There is an increase in the number of sissippi—receipts, \$162,402,403,403. The returns of the United States Cansus of the Illinois Central 101. Towns. The returns of the United States Cansus of the Illinois Central 101. Towns. The returns of the United States Cansus of the Illinois Central 101. Towns. The returns of the United States Cansus of the Illinois Central 101. Towns. The returns of the United States Cansus of the Illinois Central 101. Towns. The returns of the United States Cansus of the Illinois Central 101. Towns. The returns of the United States Cansus of the Illinois Central 101. Towns. The returns of the United States Cansus of the Illinois Central 101. Towns. The returns of the United States Cansus of the Illinois Central 101. Towns. The returns of the United States Cansus of the Illinois Central 101. Towns. The returns of the United States Cansus. The total of post office receipts in Massachusetts is

Patents issued in 1859 to citizens of Ma.

The capital invested in churches in Massacht amounts to \$10,504.888. Ditto in South Caro. (\$2,181,476; in Georgia, \$1,327,112; Flo. \$192,600; in Alabama, \$1,244,741; in Mississif \$832,632—total, \$5,788,551.

The money expended in the Sunday Sc cause in Massachusetts in 1850 amounted to \$ in South Carolina the total is \$807; in Geo \$751; in Florida, \$16; in Alabama, \$842; in sissippi, \$211—total \$2,597.

The number of public libraries in Massachu , The number of public horaries in massachu '18 1462, containidg 684,015 volumes. The n ber in South Carolina is 26-volumes, 107,4 in Georgis, 38-volumes, 31,788; in Forida, 'tvolumes, 2660; in Alabama, 56-volumes, 20,62 in Mississippi, 117-volume, 21,737-total, 244 librics, containing 184,230 volumes.

The number of copies of newspapers and of periodicals published in Massachusetts amount 64,820,564. In South Carolina the number is 7.1. 590; in Georgia, 4 070,868; in Florida, 319 800; Alabama, 1,822,741; in Mississippi, 1,752,504-total, 15 911,533.

The number of white adults in Massachuset who cannot read and write is 1055. The num in South Cerolina is 15,580; in Georgia, 40,790;

to be 1,231,446. In 1850 the State census reported 13,321—1008, 100,800. the population of Massachusetts to be 1,132,530. The number of pupils in public schools in Massachusetts to be 1,132,530. The number of pupils in public schools in Massachusetts is 176,475. In South Carolina the number is 17,838; in Georgis, 32,705; in Fiorida, 1878; in Alebams, 28,380; in Mississippi, 18,746—total, 99, 947.-N. Y. Evening Post.

STREETS, COURTS, PLACES, ETC.

Ast., f. First st. to Dorch. ave.
Acorn, Willow to W. Crdar
Adams, f. Sudbury to Ivera
Adams, pl., Bridge street
Adams pl., f. F., near 3d st., S. B.
Ætna pl., 36 Kingston
Albact, I. T. School
Albauy, f. Beach to Toy
Albacy, pl., f. Albauy, n. Harvard
Albact, pl., f. Albaton
Allen pl., 36 Allen
Allen pl., 38 Allen
Allen pl., 39 Allen
Allen pl., 39 Allen
Allen pl., 39 Allen
Allston pl., f. Allston
Alma pl., f. Allston
Alma pl., f. Allston
Alma pl., f. Webster, o. Lamson
Alton pl., pl. Shosmm
Ans pl., f. Webster, o. Lamson
Alton pl., pl. Shosmm
Ans pl., f. Showmutav. n. Arnold
Andover, f. 60 Causeway to Milnot
Andover, f. 60 Causeway to Milnot
Andover, f. 61 Causeway to Milnot
Andover, f. 62 Lin Inover
Archipl, f. 221 Unnover
Archipl, f. 221 Unnover
Archipl, f. 221 Unnover
Annold, f. 1225 Wash. to Sh'mutave.
Ash. f. 60 Oak to Bennet [Somerset
Ashburton pl., f. 84 Swab. to 319
Harrison avenue
Asylum, fr. 54 Wash. to 191 H'n av.
Atlantic, f. 4th to Telegraph Hill
Athens, f. 20 to Dorchester st.
Auburn ave., f. 101 Poplar
Asylum, fr. 54 Wash. to 191 H'n av.
Atlantic, f. 4th to Telegraph Hill
Athens, f. 20 to Borchester st.
Auburn, f. Hiighton st. ov.
Auburn ave., f. 101 Poplar
Avery pl., north side Avery
Avon pl., 234 Washington
Baldwin st., Boston whi. fr. A
Baldwin pl., 100 Salem
Barret, f. 71 North to 6 Fulton
Barret, f. 71 North to 6 Fulton
Barret, f. 72 Stellow
Barter pl., fr. 33 Eliot
Barett, fr. 73 Stellot
Bartet, fr. 65 Mash. to Summer
Barton, f. 115 Leeveret to Lowell
Bath, f. 68 Mils to Wash.
Benont to to, f. 231 Harvard
Bay, 62 Fayette
Bay View, at S. Boston Point
Benont pl., f. 82 Bennet t

Briggs pl., f. 30 Shawmut ave.
Brighton, f. Allen to L. R. R. Depot
Brighton st. v., L105 Brighton b. Au.
Brighton st. v., L105 Brighton b. Au.
Brighton st. pl., opp. 67 Brighton
Brighton st. 90 Washington
Brood, f. 123 State to Sea, ft. Sum'r
Broodway, f. Dorchester av to S.
Boston for Dorchester av to S.
Boston for Dorchester av to S.
Brookline f. 503 Harrison av. to Tic.
Brookline East, fr. 1967 Washington
Brookline West, fr. 1071 Wash.
Brooks, from Condor to Border
Bulfinch, f. Bowdoin og. to Allston
Buffnich pl., from Bulfinch
Bunstead ct., f. Boylston b. Wash,
Bussier pl., from Bulfinch
Bunstead pl., 112 Tremoat
Burroughs pl., f. Hollis
Bussey pl., opp. 5 Arch
Butter sq., Chatham
Buttrick pl., opp. 5 Arch
Butter sq., Chatham
Buttrick pl., to Morgin
Byton, f. River to the water
Canbridge et. pl. 217 Cambridge
Camden, f. 1169 Wash. to Trem.
Camden pl., f. 1072 Washington
Cambridge et. pl. 217 Cambridge
Camden, f. 1169 Wash. to Trem.
Camden pl., f. 1072 Washington
Canton (East), f. 930 Wash'too
Canton (West), f. 1037 Wash.
Canton (West), f. 1037 Wash.
Canton st. et., West Canton
Carlion pl., f. 85 Eliot
Carnes ct., f. 15 Hawkins
Carroer pl., 68 Salem
Carter pl., f. 40 Carver
Castle (Cest), f. 726 Wash. to 161
Harrison avenue
Castle (West), f. 165 Wash. to Tre.
Castle (Cest), f. 726 Wash. to 161
Harrison avenue
Castle (West), f. 165 Wash. to Tre.
Castle (Cest), f. 726 Wash. to 161
Canbridge
Central, f. 32 Kilhy across India
Central sq., junction Aleridian and
Central sq., junction Aleridian and
Central sq., f. 158 Cambridge
Central, f. 32 Kilhy across India
Central sq., junction Aleridian and
Central sq., file St. Hawkington
Chaplep pl., (N.), 167 Friend
Chaplep pl., (1), 167 Friend
Chaplen pl., Causeway
Charter, f. 394 Hanover to Comm'l
Chatham, f. 21 Merchants row to
Commercial Commercial Chatham row, f. 12 Chatham Chauncy, from 43 Summer to 32 Chatham row, f.12 Chatham Chauncy, from 43 Summer to 32 Essex
Cheever ct. f. Summer st. E. B. Chelsea, f. May'k sq. to br. E. B. Chelsea, f. f. 124 Chelsea, E. B. Chelsea, f. f. 124 Chelsea, E. B. Chelsea Ch. F. L. Chelsea Ch. E. Chelsea Ch. F. L. Chelsea Ch. B. Chelsea Ch. F. L. Chelsea Ch. Chelsea Ch. F. L. Chelsea Ch. Chelsea Ch. F. L. Chelsea Ch. Chelsea Ch. F. 230 Shawmit ave. to Trem. Chester 14, f. 230 Shawmit ave. to Trem. Chester 14, f. 8 Walnut to Chas. R. Chestnat pl., f. 63 Chestuut Chessman pl., 250 Hanoward Chesrian pl., 250 Hanoward Chesrian pl., 250 Hanoward Chesrian pl., 250 Hanoward Church, f. Boylston to Tremoot Church, f. F. Soldon to Courts, G. Laffen pl., 40 Pleasant Clapp, f. Goddard to Seventh Clapp, f. Goddard to Seventh Clapp, f. Goddard to Seventh Clapp, f. Salventh to Millex Clitton at, f. Suffolk to Millex Clitton, f. S. Merch, row to Mercantie wht. Collamore pl., f. 69 Salem College ct., t. 8 Truit Colony, f. Swao to the water Colony pl., f. 230 Meridion, E. B. Columbia, f. 75 Bedf'd to 96 Essex Commerce, f. 7 Commercial; Commercial, f. State to Charles-town bridge
Commercial st. av. f. 478 Comm'l Commercial st. av. f. 478 Comm'l Commercial st. f. 476 Comm'l Commercial pl. 448 Commercial Commercial pl. 448 Commercial Common, f. 641 Wesh. 1280 Trem. Concord (R.), 404 Wesh. 1280 Trem. Concord (R.), 404 Wesh. 1280 Trem. Concord sq., 728 Tremont Condor, f. Border to Knox Cocords, 7.28 Tremont Condor, f. Border to Knox Coogress, f. 31 State to Broad Congress sq., betw. 9 & 31 Cong. Cooledge pl., opens 105 Bolton Cooper, f. Cha's'n to Salem Cooper, f. Salem, f. Sencell Hall Cornhill, f. 234 Mad. to Court Corn contr. S. side Fancull Hall Cornhill, f. 27 Wash. to Court Corn contr. S. side Fancull Hall Cornhill, f. 27 Wash. to Court Corning, f. 39 Lowell to 88 Leveret Cotting, f. 530 City Hall to Court sq., f. Gity Hall to Court cove, f. East to Lehigh Cove pl., f. 64 Wash. to Court sq. Court sq., f. City Hall to Court Cove, f. East to Lehigh Cove pl., f. Cove Creek sq., betw. Union & Bl'kstoon Creek sq., betw. U Dorchester, I. 1st to Dorch. Inde Dove, f. Dorchester, n. 2d Dove (East), f. 814 Wash. to S. B. bridge West), f. 881 Wash. to Dover pl., f. E. Dover to Harr. av. Dupon Pince, f. Southse Dwight, f. 11 Shawm't av. to Trem't Eat, f. 1st to 8th Eagle, f. Border to Chelsea Eagle, f. Border to Chelsea East, f. South to 2% Federal East, f. Low to 2% Federal East, pl., opp. 16 East Eastern ave. f. 293 Commercial E. Brookline, f. 2956 Wash. E. Conton, f. 399 Wash. to 433 Harr. E. Castle, f. 726 Wash. to 161 Har. a. E. Chester, f. 1030 Washington E. Dover, f. 814 Wash. to Har. av. E. Leoox, f. 1034 Washington E. Dover, f. 814 Wash. to Har. av. E. Leoox, f. 1034 Wash to Har. av. E. Leoox, f. 1038 Wash to E. Dover, f. 184 Wash. to Har. av. E. Leoox, f. 1868 Wash. to E. Conner, f. 1876 Wash. to Har. av. E. Conner, f. 1884 Wash. to Har. av. E. Sumner, f. 1885 Wash. to Grant av. E. Sumner, f. 1895 Wash. to Grant av. E. Sumner, f. 1896 Wash. to Grant av. E. Sumner, f. 1896 Wash. to Har. av. E. Sumner, f. 1897 Wash. to Har. av. E. Sumner, f. 1897 Wash. to Har. av. E. Sumner, f. 1897 Wash. Eaton, f. N. Russell to 46 Chambers Eaton pl., f. 8 Gouch Eaton pl., f. 8 Gouch Eaton pl., f. 8 Gouch Eaton, f. N. Russell to 46 Chambers Eaton pl., f. 8 Gouch Eddy pl., f. 141 Tyler Edgeyorth pl., f. Paris, F. B. Edinbore', f. 59 Essex to Beach Elektif, f. Dorch av. to S. E. Pint Elow, f. Chelsea, n. Wesley Fillot, f. Plessant to 44 Wash. Elot pl., f. 41 Fliot, n. Tremont Ellery, from Dexter Elm, from 73 Hanover to Dock sq. rioreace, 1. 778 Wash. to 226 Harrison averue
Ford pl., f. Everett
Fort av., f. 237 Harrison averue
Foster pl., 6 Foster
Foundry, 6 Foster
Foundry, 6 Foster
Foundry, 1. Federal treet bridge
Foster pl., 6 Foster
Foundry, 1. Federal treet bridge
Foundry, 1. Federal treet bridge
Foundry, 2. Federal treet bridge
Foundry, 3. Federal treet bridge
Franklin, 6. However
Franklin, 6. Hw Wash. to 65 Federal
Franklin, 7. 124 Wash. to 65 Federal
Franklin, 7. 124 Wash. to 65 Federal
Franklin, 7. 124 Wash. to 65 Federal
Franklin, 8., 599 Wash. n. cem.
Freeman pl., 5 House, 10 Federal
Freeman pl., 5 House, 10 Federal
Freen, 12 House, 12 Ho Hancock, f. Mt. Vernon to 48 Camb. Hancock av., f. Beacon, n. St. Ho. Hancock row. f. Marshill to Crk sq. Hanover, f. 87 Cot to Chelsea ferry Hanover ct. (N. 22) Hanover Chelsea ferry Homer, on 4th Sectioo, E. B.
Hooton et., f. Everett
Boward, f. 82 Court to Bulßneh
Hoyt's place, 69 Joy
Hudson, f. Beach to Curve
Hudson, f. Hudson
Huffpl, f. Tyler, n. Curve
Hud, f. 164 Salem to 590 Com?
Hud at et., f. 4 Hull, o. Salem
Hum shrey pl. E. side Himiton et.
Hum rewellpl., f. Marion, n. Princeton, E. B.
184, South Boston, next to H
Indian, f. Long wf. to India wf.
Indiana, f. 750 Wash to 151 Har.
Indiana, f. 750 Wash to 151 Har.
Indiana, f. 164 Camb. to Myrtle ave.
1rving pl., opp. 15 Irviog
Ivers, f. Hawkins to Merrimao
Jackson av., f. Charter to 494 Com'l
Jackson av., f. Charter to 494 Com'l
Jackson ex., f. Charter to 494 Com'l
Jackson ex., f. Charter to 494 Com'l
Jackson ex., f. Charter to 494 Com'l
Jackson ox., f. Charter to 495 Com'l
Jackson ox., f. Chart Kingston ct., f. 63 Kingston
Kirkland, f. Pleasant to Indiana
place
Kneel'd,f.53 Washington to 33 Fed
Kneel'd,f.53 Washington to 33 Fed
Kneel and pl., from Kneeland street
Knowlton, f. Teiegraph
Knox, r. 25 Fayetie
Kuhn pl., f. 247 Tremont
L st., next to K, South Boston
La Fayette av, f. 140 Frince to End't
La Grange pl., 523 Washington
Lamson, f. Belmont sq. to Ever'tt
Lamson ct., f. Lamson
Lamson ct., f. Lamson
Lancaster, 4.59 Ner'z' to 59 C'sew'y
Lancaster ct., 51 Ner'z' to 59 C'sew'y
Lancaster ct., 51 Ner'z' to 59 C'sew'y
Lancaster ct., 52 Ner'z' to 59 C'sew'y
Lambert ct., 52 Ner'z' to 50 C'sew'y
Lambert ct., 52 Ner'z' to 59 C's

Leveret et., 60 Leveret
Lewis, f. 210 Comm't to North
Lewis, f. E. B. ferry to Summer
Lexington, f. Border-to Eagle
Lexington, p. Border-to Eagle
Lexington, p. Lexington
Liberty, f. Preble (Bat'ym'ch
Liberty eq., june. Kilby, Waf'r &
Lime, f. Charlet to Stay Com't
Limerick pl., f. 453 Hanover
Lincoln, d. S. Sum'r to Lehigh
Lindoln, pl., f. S. Sum'r to Lehigh
Lindoln, pl., 188 Cambridge
Linden pl., 29 Allen
Lindoln, f. Boddard to Seventh
Linwood pl., 16 South
Liverpoof, f. Summer to Central eq.
Livingston, f. 83 Bright'n
Livingston, pl., f. f. Livingston
Lombard place, 82 Prince [E. B.
London, f. Sumner to Benniugton,
London et., f. 190 London, E.
Louisiana pl., f. friberion to Marion
Loviet pl., f. 76 Washington
Loviet pl., 176 Washington
Loviet pl., 176 Washington
Loviet pl., 176 Washington
Loviet pl., 182 Causeway to Brighton
Lowell pl., 632 Boylston, n. Trem't
Lowell, f. J. Lowell, place
Lubec, on 4th Section, E. B.
Lucas, f. 819 Wash. to Tremont
Lyman, f. 21 Leverett to 16 Greeo
Lynde pl., 32 Lynde
Lynde pl., 32 Lynde
Lynde pl., 50 Prinsen
Lynde, pl., 160 Prinsen
Madien pl., 60 Priesant
Madden pl., 60 Madien
Maden pl., 61 Madden
Maple pl., 12 Harrison av.
Marble ct., f. 46 Lynde
Marginal, f. Lewie to Jeff's, E. B.
Marginal, f. Lewie to Jeff's, E. B. eticave. A. f. 6 Pitts to Prosp.
Margin (S., f. 46 Pitts to Prosp.
Margin (S., f. 16 Pitts to Prosp.
Margin (S., f. 16 Pitts to Prosp.
Margin (S., f. 16 Pitts to Prosp.
Margin (S., f. 18 Pirchae
Marion, f. St Pleasant
Margin (S., f. 18 Pirchae
Marion, f. St Pleasant
Marion, f. Chelses to White, E. B.
Market (N.), N. side Quincy mrkte
Market (R.), N. side Quincy mrkte
Market (R.), S. side Quincy mrkte
Market (R.), F. side Quincy mrkte
Market (R.), S. side Quincy mrkte
Market (R.), S. side Quincy mrkte
Market (R.), S. side Quincy mrkte
Market (R.), F. side Quincy mrkte
Market (R.), S. side Quincy mrkte
Market (R.), S. side Quincy mrkte
Market (R.), S. side Quincy
Market (R.), S. side Quincy
Market (R.), S. side (R.), S. side (R.), S. side
Market (R.), S. side (R.), S. side
Monogate, S. side
Monogate, S. side
Monogate, S. side
Monogate, S. side
Mono Mt. Vernon av., f. 103 Mt. Ver. to Pinckney Mt. Vernon pl., f. Hancock av. Mt. Warren, f. Fourth, n. Dorch. Mt. Washington av., t. ft. Kuccland to Boston wf. Mulberry pl., 25 Portland Munroe pl. ft. Tyler, n. Kneeland Murray tourt, from Orleans, oear Webster

Murray pl., 57 Prince Myrtie, f. Hancock to May Mystic, f. Malden to Brookline
N st., next to M, S. Boston Pt.
Napier, f. 112 Lev't to 99Bright'n
Napier st., lift. 11 Napier
Nashua, f. 56 Causeway to Minot
Nashua to, f. 47 Nashua
Nashua pl., f. 27 Nashua
Nassau, f. 103 Harr. av. to Ash
Nassau pl., f. 1 Nassau
National, f. Fourth, n. Dorchester st.
New, f. Summer to Maverick
Newbern pl., 61 Carver
Newbury pl., 61 Carver
Newbury pl., 61 Carver
Newbury pl., 61 Carver
Newbury pl., 58 Wash
Newbarn bl., 158 Wash
Newborn cl., 158 Tyler, n. Oak
Newborn cl., 189 Washington
Nortolk av., 183 Washington
Nortolk pl., 390 Washington
Nortolk, f. Union to 930 Com'l
N. Bennet, 5. 388 Hanover to 151
Saiem
N. Bennet pl. 8 N. Bennet Saiem
N. Bennet pl. 8 N. Bennet
Northampton, 1181 Wash.
N. Bennet pl. 45 Friend
N. Centref, 165 Hanover to 78 Nth
North Chapel pl., 45 Friend
N. Centref, 165 Hanover to 78 Nth
North Chapel pl., 45 Friend
N. Charles, f. Liviogation to water
N. Federal et., I. Union to Bitstone
North Grove, f. 189 Cambridge
North Hanover, f. 180 Sainbridge
North Hanover, S. Showhill to Hull
N. Market, N. Saie F. H. market
N. Hudson, c. C. A. N. Morgin
N. Market, N. side F. H. market
N. Russell, f. 29 Camb. to Eaton
Norwich, fr. Mystic to Harr. nve.
North sq., bet. Han'r, Fleet and
Noyce pl., 110 Saiem
(North sq., bet. Han'r, Fleet and
Noyce pl., 110 Saiem
(North sq., bet. Han'r, Fleet and
Noyce pl., 110 Saiem
(North sq., bet. Han'r, Fleet and
Noyce pl., 110 Saiem
(North sq., bet. Han'r, Fleet and
Noyce pl., 110 Saiem
(North sq., bet. Han'r, Fleet and
Noyce pl., 110 Saiem
(North sq., bet. Han'r, Fleet and
Noyce pl., 110 Saiem
(North sq., bet. Han'r, Fleet and
Noyce pl., 18 Washington
(Old, Ed. 29 Washington
(Old Harbor, 50 Washington
Olive pl., 29 Washington
Olive pl., 29 Washington
Olive pl., 29 Washington
Oliver, f. 103 Milk to Wash. pl.
Oliver pl., 29 Washington
Orange (E.), 6 182 Harrison av.
Orange to 187 Harrison av.
Olis pl., Summer, op. Kingston
Oxford, f. 41 Essex to Beach
Oxford, f. 18 Harrison av.
P street, across 4th, S. B. Point
Page's ct., f. 218 Hroadway
Paine pl., 286 Washington
Paris, E. Summer to Rennington
Paris, E. Garris, d. Decetur, E. B.
Park, f. Tremont to Beacon
Park pl., Hanover, n. Board al,
Park sq., Plessant, c. Boylston
Paris, f. Summer to Romer
Payen et., f. 114 Broadway
Pearl, f. Ox Milk to Broad
Park pl., Hanover, n. Board al,
Park sq., Plessant, c. Boylston
Paris, f. Green to 87 Merrimae
Pitte, f. Tremont to Seacon
Park pl., Hanover, n. Border
Perperell pl., f. 12 Dorch. av.
Percival pl., f. 12 Droch. av.
Percival pl., f. 12 Droch. av.
Percival pl., f. 12 Droch. av.
Percival pl., f. 12 Droch

Prince on, f. Meridian to Chelsea Prospect, f. 21 Lyman to Merimac Prospect et., f. S. Margin, n. Prosp. Prospect et., f. S. Margin, n. Prosp. Providence, f. Pleasant to water Province, f. School to 28 Bromdeld Province, f. Both School to 28 Bromdeld Province, f. Both School to 28 Bromdeld Province, f. De Councy court, fr. 185 North Quincy, f. D to E. Quincy court, fr. 185 North Quincy, f. D to E. Quincy court, fr. 185 North Quincy pl., High, near Wash. sq. Kamsom et., 18 Cotting Reed, f. Northampton to Rox. line Revero pl., f. 14 Charter Reverset. et. cl. School to Evere Reverset. et. Premont Richmond, f. School School Province Reverset. et. Premont Richmond, f. School Province Reverset. et. Charter Reverset. et.

Sudbary, f. Court to 30 Portland Sudbary, e., N. end Sudbary suffolk, f. Satisf to Dover Suffolk, f. Satisf to Sudbary Sudbary, f. Satisf to Sudbary Sudbary, f. Satisf Summer Sudbary, f. Satisf Summer Summer, f. 25 Wash, to water Summer, f. 25 Wash, to water Summer, f. 25 Wash, to water Summer Jh., f. 16 East Summer Summer Jh., f. 16 East Summer Summer, f. Satisf Summer, f. F

Trenton, f. Meridian to Engle
Troy, f. 244 Harrison ave
Trumbull, f. Newland to Trem.
Tackerman, Dorch, opp. Jenkins
Tudor, fm. B to Dorchester street,
between 6th, and 7th ats, S. B.
Tufns, f. South, op. East, to Linc'n
Tyler, f. Beach to Curve
Tyler et., Harrison av., op. Pine
Tyler, f. Haen to Curve
Tyler et., Harrison av., op. Pine
Tyler pl., fm. 30 Tyler, n. Kneel'd
Union, f. Dock eg. to Haymark't sq.
Union et., f. Everett, E. B.
Union Park, fr. Shawmut ave., opp.
Union Park st., f. 1035 Wash.
Union pl., 29 Wall.
Unity, f. Charter to Tileston
Unity et., sy Unity
Upton, f. 590 Tremout to Shawmut
avente. Upton, f. 590 Tramout to Shawmut Upton, f. 590 Tramout to Shawmut 1400 M. South at pl. 1400 M. South at pl. 1410 M. South at pl. 15 Trem. Vernon, f. 161 Lev't to 70 Lowell Vernon pl. 23 Charter (Castle Village, f. opp. 27 Dover to West Village, f. N. Castle to Orange Vinal place, from Harrison ave. Vincent ct., f. 9 Harvard Vine, f. N. Russell to N. Grove Vine at pl., f. 3 Vine Walnut, f. 38 Beacou to Mt. Ver-Well, f. Camseway to Minot Walnut, f. 38 Beacou to Mt. Ver-Well, L. Camseway to Minot Walnut, f. 38 Beacou to Mt. Ver-Well, f. Camseway to Minot Walnut, f. 38 Beacou to Mt. Ver-Well, f. Camseway to Minot Walnut, f. 39 Beacou to Mt. Ver-Well, f. Camseway to Minot Walnut, f. 597 Wash. to Ward, f. Dorchester to Preble Ware pl., f. 24 Richmond
Warren, f. 897 Wash. to Eliot
Warren, f. Warren to 69 Pleas.
Warren sq., f. Merrimac to Friend
Washburn pl. f. 74 Chacter
Washburn pl. f. 74 Chacter
Washburn pl. f. 74 Chacter
Washburn pl. f. 75 Chacter
Washington sq., for For Hill
Washington sq., or For Hill
Washington place, South Boston,
Silver, acar A
Water, f. 129 Wash. to 37 Broad
Waters court, f. 131 Endicott
Wattlet, f. Sullivan
Waverly pl., 18 South foxb. line
Waverly pl., 18 South foxb. line
Waverly Terrace, Shawanut ave., n.
Unity
Webster pl., f. 171 Webster, E. B.
Webster pl., f. 710 Webster, E. B.
Webster pl., f. 19 Fleet
Well, f. Custom House to Whr,
Welley place, 73 Joy
Wendell, f. Oliver to Hamilton
Wendell, f. Preble
Wesley, f. Chelsea to Meridian,
E. B.
Wester pl., 238 Hanover
West, f. 333 Wash, to Tremont E. H. Wesley pl., 288 Hanover West, f. 333 Wash. to Tremont Western av., f. Charles, over the river to Brookline West Brookline, f. 1071 Wash.

W. Canton, f. 1057 Wash, to Trem.
W. Castle, f. 763 Wash, to Tremont
W. Cetar, f. 67 Chestmit to 293
Cambridge Control, f. 159 Cambridge to 65
W. Chester Park, f. 785 Tremost
W. Lenox, f. 1183 Wash, to Trem.
West Newton, f. 1078 Wash.
West Orange, f. 757 Wash.
West Orange, f. 757 Wash.
West Orange, f. 757 Wash.
West Springheld, f. 1133 Wash.
West Waltham, f. 987 Wash.
West Worlector, f. 1115 Wash.
West Waltham, f. 987 Wash.
West White, f. Bord. to Trent. Wilberforce pl., f. Southac, n. W. Wilberforce pl., f. Southac, n. W. Wilberforce pl., f. Southac, n. W. Williams of the first plane for the

Allen's, Sumner, E. B.
Alger's, Fourth, c. Foundry
Arch, Broad, 2d N. Fort Hill wf.
Aspinwall's Mast Y'd, 419 Com'l
Aspinwall's f. New, E. B.
Atkins, 5:11 Comm'l
Adantic Steamship wf., Margin'l
Bartlett's, 501 & 511 Commercial
Battery, 3:85 Commercial
Boleher's, f. Border, c. Central sq.
Blake's, P. street
Boole's, at Jeffries point, E. B.
Boston, 1st, S. B. near Bor. av.
Bow ker's, Border, opp. Central sq.
Binke's, P. street
Boole's, at Jeffries point, E. B.
Boston, 1st, S. B. near Bor. av.
Bow ker's, Border, opp. Central sq.
Brimmer's T. f. Long wf.
Brome's (S.), f. Broad
Brown's (S.), f. Broad
Carlon's, S. Commercial
Brown's (S.), f. Broad
Carlon's, F. Sumner, E. B.
Chambellio's, Com'l, n. Clarter
Child's wf. Harr, av., n. bridge
City, Comm'l, opp. F. H Mark't
Clapp's, 1.529 Commercial
Comercial, opp. 170 Commercial
Comercial, opp. 170 Commercial
Conley's, f. 193 Commercial
Conley's, First, n. Dorchester
Constitution, 411 Commercial
Conley's, First, n. Dorchester
Constitution, 411 Commercial
Condey's, Condor st.
Cunard, Marginal, opp. Orleans
Cunningham's, Sumn. op, Border
Curitie's, E. B.
Curité's Border, n. White, E. B.
Darton's, Border, n. Lexington

WHARVES IN BOSTON HARBOR.

WHARVES IN

Derby's, next W. of Cragie's br.
Dolbeare's, Broad, next Liverp' wf.
Dolbeare's, Broad, next Liverp' wf.
Dmke's, 249 Federai (to Webster
E. Boston, f. ferry line W. of Lewis
East Boston Ferry, E. R. R. wf.
Eastern Packet Pr. op. 144 Com'l
Eastern R. R., 255 Commercial
Eastern R. R., 265 Commercial
Eastern R. R., 484 Com'l
Eastern R. R., 485 Com'l
Eastern R. R., 265 Commercial
Eastern R. Steamboal, 40 Com'l
Eastern R. R., 265 Commercial
Farwell, Sea, noxt 8. B. free br.
Fernald's, Border, R. Lexing'n
Ferry, foot Lewis, East Boston
Fiske's, 436 Com'l, opp. Foster
Fletcher's, 228 Cageeway
Fort Hill, Broad, opp. Belmont
Foster's, Broad, foot of Fort Hill
Francis, 239 Federal
Gardiner's, Border, opp. Cent'l sq.
Grand June. R. R. and Depot Co.,
Marginal
Goodnow, Canseway, n. C. R. br.
Goodnow, C. Canseway
Hall's, Border, opp. Cent'l sq.
Grand June. R. R. and Depot Co.,
Marginal
Goodnow, C. Canseway, n. C. R. br.
Goodnow, C. C. Br.
Goodnow, C. Canseway, n. C. R. br.
Goodnow, C. Canseway, n. C. R. br.
Goodnow, C. C. Canseway
Goodnow, C. C. C. R. br.
Goodnow, C. C. Canseway
Goodnow, C. C. C. R

Joselyn, foot Maverick, E. B.
Kelly's, Marginal, a. Jeffries
Kelly's Marginal, a. Jeffries
Kelly's Marine Hallway, Sumner
aear People's Ferry
Lewrence's wf, 555 Commercial
Leighton's, Causew'y, op. Medf.
Lewis, next N. Commercial wf.
Lincoin's, June. North & Com'l
Liverpool, Broad, op. Pearl
Lombard, f. Sumuer, opp. Paris
Long, from foot of State
Maine, Broad, E. end Summer
Marine Railway, Com'l, tt.North
Martin's, 329 Federal
Maverick, f. Sumoer, N. side
McHugh's, 429 Federal
McKay's, Border, neor Eagle
Mercantile, from Clinton, includes
Eastern & Philadel. Packet Piers
Miller's, f. New, E. B.
Monk's, from 1st, oear E Comm'l
Mann's, 40 Federal
A. Nickerson's, fr. Border, n. Lex.
E. Nickerson's, fr. Border, n. Lex.
E. Nickerson's, fr. Border, n. Lex.
E. Nickerson's, fr. Border, N. E.
Pricker's, Broad, next N. Arch wf.
Packard's, Broad, next Pier, IJT ComPiper's, 230 Federal
Pope's, Harr, av, n. E. Dover st.
Pratic & Osgood's, Border, n. Entaw
Prentice's, 330 Broad
AND OFFICES.

Raymond's, foot of Livingston
Ripley's, 475 Comm'l, n. Foster
Rowe's, ext South of Indiaer
Roby's, Causew'y, next Goodnow's
Russia, Broad, opp. Congress
Russia, Broad, opp. Clark
Shackford & Co.'s, Border, foot of
Lexington
Shaw's, next E. old Cha's'n br.
Simpson's, fo Margin, J. Geries
Spear's, 3d N. of Liverpool wf.
Stetson's, foot I and let
Russian Stetson's, foot Stetson's, foot Stetson's, foot of Foplar
Wale's, 272 Federal
Wale's, 272 Federal
Week's, foot of Summer, E. B.
Wilder & Bosworthe, 343 Fed'r'l
Wilder & Bosworthe, 343 Fed'r'l
Wingsie's, rear 501 Federal
Woodbury's, 88 Rodred, E. R.
Woodbury's, 88 Rodred, E. R. Winnishmer Ferry, Notth chu Hanover Wood's, Charles, near May Woodbury's, 88 Border, E. B. Wooley's, Condor st. Young's, 415 Commercial Young's, Coador, near the bridge

Halls.

Halls.

Amory Hall, 323 Wash., c. West
Assembly Rooms, 3 Winter
Assembly Rooms, 3 Winter
Asseciation Hall, 126 Hanover
Association Hall, 126 Hanover
Association Hall, 126 Hanover
Association Hall, 126 Hanover
Association Hall, Wash., c. Boyleton
Bennington Hall, Bennlagton, b.
Central square, East Boston
Bowdoin Hall, Bowdoin square
Boylston Hall, over Boylston Mkt.
Brooks Hall, Browdway, n. E.
Bumstead Hall, Bumstead place
City Hall, betw. Courtsq. & School
Chapman Hall, Chapman place
Chester Hall, Hanover, c. Court
Concord Hall, Hanover, c. Court
Concord Hall, Washington, c. Essex
Fathell, Hall, 3 West Concord
Essex Hall, Washington, c. Essex
Auch, Hall, Broadway, c.E., S.
Mayerick Hall, Broadway, c.E., S.
Maverick Hall, Broder, cor. Maverick, Hall, Border, cor. Maverick, Hall, Border, cor. MaVerick, E. B.
Meionian, Tremont Temple
Minot Hall, Water St. & Bumstead
place
Nasau Hall, Wash, c. Common

place Nassau Hall, Wash. c. Common Ordway Hall, r. 165 Washington

HALLS, BUILDINGS, AND OFFICES.

Plymouth Hall, 86 Cambridge Quincy Hall, over Fanculi, Hall market Redman Hall, 561 Washingtoo Ritchie Hall, Maverick eq., E. B. Stacy Hall, 46 Washington Sturtevant Hall, over Sturtevant House, Eas Boston Sumner Hall, Elbow st., E. Boston Thorndike Hall, 10 Summer Tuckerman Hall, Washington, c. Essex Williams Market Hall, Washington, c. Cspace, ton, corner Dover Winthrop Hall, 13 Tremont row

Buildings, Blocks, &c.

Buildings, Blocks, &c.
Albany block, Albany, c. Kneeland
Albany build'g, Court, c. Builfineh
Barker's build'gs, Dorch, av., c. 4th
Batterman Block, Llaconi, c. Essex
Bickum's block, foot Koox st.
Blanchard's block, Court, n. Han.
Blancy's block, Bremen, n. Porter
Brazer's build'g, 27 State, c. Dev'sh.
Bumstead block, r. 409 Wash.
City Exchange, 12 & 14 Devoushire
Columbia building, a Columbia
Commercial bl'k, Com'l, c. Rich'd
Cong. Library Build, Chauncey
Coolidge building, Bowdoin sq.

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Custom House block, Long wharf
perby Range, Court, head Sudbry
Essex building, opp. 88 Essex
Gore block, Green, cor. Pitts
Gray's build's, 50 Court, c. Court sq.
Hasking's build, Court, c. Howard
Hichborn block, 83 North, c. Barrett
Holmes's block, Haymarket sq.
Joy's building, 81 Washington
Liberty Tree block, Wash. c. Essex
Lincoln Block, Lincoln, a. Essex
Malone blik, Washington, between
Worcester and Concord
Maverick block, Maverick sq., E.B.
Medical College, North Grove
Merchants' Exchange, 55 State
Monk's Building, 8 Congress sq.
New England block, Blackstone
Nies block, Mayorick sq.
New England block, Blackstone
Nies block, Congress sq.
New England block, Blackstone
Policy Block, Congress sq.
New England block, Blackstone
Nies block, Dividing, Powoshire, a.
State—Coagress squera
Railroad block, Lincoln, op. Worcester depot
Railroad Block, Lincoln, op. Worcester depot
Railroad Exchange, Court square

cester depot Railroad Exchange, Court square Richards block, 1161 Washington Ritchie block, Maverick 84., E. B. Scollay's building, Co'rt. op. Trem. Shoe & Leather Exch. & Hanover Suffolk building, rear 60 State

Thorndike build'g, State, c. Cong. Traveller building, 31 Stato Union building, 49 State U. S. Warehouse, Union wf. Washington building, 221 Wash. Winthrop bl'k, Maverick sq., E. B.

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City Registrar, 6 City Hall awenue
Corn Exchange, 13 Comm't Hall awenue
Corn Exchange, 13 Comm't Hall awenue
Corn Exchange, 13 Comm't Health office, 16 Niles Block
Light Inspector and Engineer, 13
Tremont Temple
Ministry at Large, 2 School
Navy Agent's office, 31 Comm't.
Probate Office, Court Square
U. S. Appraisers' Office, 177 State
U. S. Court House, Tremont, cor.
Temple place
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Webher & Clifford, 131 Congress
Waterman T., Fullon, c. Richm'd
Webher & Clifford, 131 Congress
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Waterman T., Fullon, c. Richm'd
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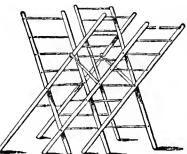
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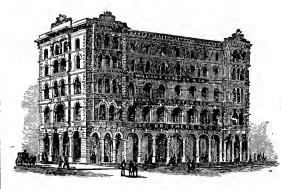
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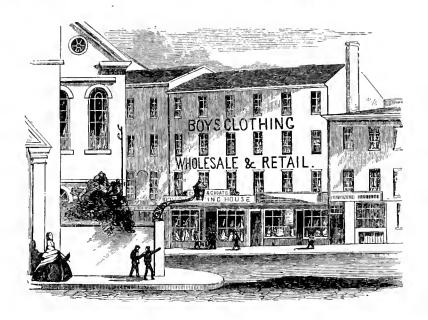
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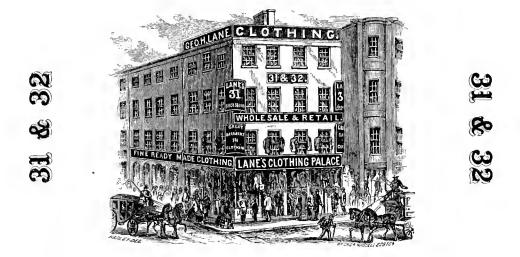
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We respectfully solicit a call when in our market.

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Begs to announce to her patrons the arrival of her Spring Fashions and Fabrics, of her own importations, which are now ready for the trade.

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Dresses, Basquines, Chesterfields, Cloaks, and Mantillas

Manufactured to order in the most unique style; and elegant fits, so much sought for, WARRANTED.

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She offers beautiful new SPRING SUITS, of a variety of beautiful new fabrics, which will be sold by the yard or made up to order at the establishment. Every variety, from the most economical to the most elegant Embroideries for Infants. Also,

THE WHOLE WARDROBE COMPLETE.

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Bolton Charles, 312 Hanover
Bornstein J. L. 60 North (Wash.
Bowmen Henry L. 12 North & 512
Buck Jacob, 108 Blackstone
Burhank Geo. & Wash
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Nelson E. 708 Wash. and 2 North
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Simmons, Piper & Co. Oek Hall, 34
Somerfield M. 98 South
Somerfield Simon, 51 Friend [shire
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Will give their personal attention to compounding Physicians' Prescriptions, and to the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS; SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, from the best American and Foreign Manufacturers; Prout's Tooth and Hair Brushes, Perfumery, &c., &c.

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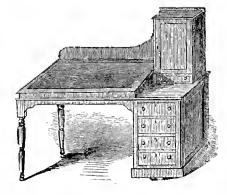
Aodrews Geo. L. 75 State Ashburner Sam'l, 11 R. R. Exch'ge Blake & Darracott, 3 Phenix build. Boydeo Urish A. 10 Joy's build. Briggs Luther, 20 Joy's building Copeland R. Morris, 50 School Dearborn W. L. I Commercial whf. Doane T. & J. jr. 4 Cornhill cont Fuller J. F. 13 Doane Fuller S. P. 18 Doane Gavett Joseph, 4 Court Harris Robert L. 4 Court Hawkes C. W. 39 Mass. block Henck J. B. 41 State Lincoln Ezra, 4 Conrt Noble John, 5 Maverick square Nott G. H. 2 Change avenne Nott Samuel, 2 Change avenue Parker William, 41 Sute Parrott William, 25 Tremont Poole H. W. 42 Niles Block Sanborn Dan't A. 22 Congress Shedd & Edsou, 42 Court Siede Jas., Probate huild. Court sq. Stearns N. W. 3 Siate Stone Geo. A. 26 Kilby Tuffs Alfred, 4 Cornhill ct. Whittiagton G. N. 3 State Wilson Walter M. 29 Dorches. a ve

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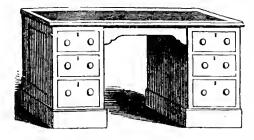
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Dane, Dana & Co. 12 S. Market
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Davis T. H. State
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Deasnore A. M. 34 Central
Deasnore A. M. 34 Central
Deasnore A. M. 35 Central
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Flint, Peabody & Co. 134 State
Fogg Francis A. & Co. 130 Central
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Lewis Daniel & Co. 99 State
Lewis Bichard, 25 Doone
Lewis Bichard, 25 Doone
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Lincoln J. M. 140 Commercial
Lincoln J. B. 50 Commercial
Lincoln J. B. 50 Commercial
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Locke J. 11. 99 Fulson
Locke, Bosson & Cabot, 167 Cong.
Locke J. 11. 99 Fulson
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Mayo & Chepin, 162 Commercial
Mayo J. K. 48 India
McClennen J. H. 128 State
McKay D. II. 130 Comm'l
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Mixer & Gibert, 44 Broad
Morse Sidney B. 9 Phonix bulld.
Mowry N. B. 43 Commercial
Mullin F. B. 82 Commercial
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Mullin F. B. 84 Commercial
Mullin F. B. 85 Central wharf
Page, Bichardson & Co. 114 State
Page Thomas, 188 State
Paine Wm. R. 86 Broad
Parker & Manson, 27 India

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Sillow W. & Co. 16 Central wharf
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Sillow W. & Co. 16 Central wharf
Stevens Samuel, 208 State
Sillow W. & Co. 16 Central wharf
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Surette & Whilmey, 62 Commercial
Swoy H. J. 145 Congress
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Ward Chas. T. 18 Lewis wharf
Ward G. H. 193 State
Weld W. H. 193 State
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Weldon W. jr. 18 Milk
Wenzell Henry, 230 State
Weston Wm. B. 39 State
Weston Wm. B. 47 Central wf.
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Arnold Howard 18 42 Court
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Arnold Howard 18 42 Court
Angell Geo. T. 45 Washington
Arnold Howard 18 42 Court
Austin A Willard, 39 Court
Austin A Willard, 39 Court
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Bacon Chas. H. 27 Court
Backer C. H. 27 Court
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Ball Joshua D. 40 State
Bancrott George, Joy's bdg. room 12
Banfield E. C. 46 Court
Bange Edward, 39 Court
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Bartlett Sidney, 16 Court
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Battlett Sidney, 17 6 Court
Bastettel Sidney, 1

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Bennett Josiah K. 20 Court
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Choute Chas. P. 1 Court
Chauder Robit. S. G. 12 Niles block

Clarke Thos, W. 27 Niles block
Cobb M. G. 18 Old State House
Codman Robert, 46 Court
Cottia A. B. 33 School
Conley F. T. 9 Scollay's Building
Converse Josbua P. 19 Court
Cooke Benjamin F. 0 Tremont
Cooke Josish P. 9 State
Cooley G. W., 33 School
Coolidge David H. 4 Court
Coolidge Horace H. 11 Court
Coolidge Horace H. 11 Court
Coolidge J. R. 66 State
Copeland Geo. W. 28 State
Cottrell A. 46 Court
Cragin L. S. Jr. 1 Traveller bld.
Crane David F. 2 Court
Cragin L. S. Jr. 1 Traveller bld.
Crane David F. 2 Court
Crocker Uriel H. 10 Court
Crocker Uriel H. 10 Court
Crocker Uriel H. 10 Court
Curtis B. R. 34 School
Curtis Charles P. 16 Court
Curtis George T. 34 School
Curtis H. 19 Kilby
Curtis B. R. 34 School
Curtis H. Pelham, 16 Court
Curtis Googe T. 34 School
Curtis H. Pelham, 16 Court
Cushing Caleb, 12 Niles block
Cushnian A. S. 34 School
Cutter I. J. 46 Washington
Dame Abraham A. 19 Mass. block
Dame Chas, C. 46 Washington
Dame Chas, C. 46 Washington
Dame Charles P. 16 Court
Dana Elevard A. 19 Court
Dana Elevard A. 19 Court
Dana Elevard A. 19 Court
Davis Aug. B. 6 Sinte
Dana Class, F. 46 Court
Davis Mark, 18 Joy's building
Davis W. N. 68 Cornhill
Dean Benj. 42 Court
Debon W. N. 68 Cornhill
Dexter Wim. S. 49 State
Denond Charles, 4 Court
Derby E. Hasket, 46 Court
Derby E. Hasket, 48 Court
Derby E. G. 80 Court
Derby E. Hasket, 48 Court
Derby E. S. 49 Court
Derby E. G. 80

Dyer M. jr. 20 Court
Evan James, 19 Old State House
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Ely A. B. J. Travelier building
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Field Justin, 9 State
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Fiske Edward, 5 Court
Fiske Edward, 5 Court
Fiske Edward, 5 Court
Fiske Edward, 5 Court
Fiske John M. 46 Court
Flanders Geo. M. 3 State
Fletcher Richard, 46 Wash.
Fox James A. 42 Court
French Asa, 5 Tremont
French Henry F. 81 Washington
Fuller Richard F. 10 State
Gardiner Wm. 46 Court
Gilbs Anory, 7, 23 School
Gilchrist D. 5, 10 Railroad Ex.
Giles Jofe, 5 Tremont
Gleason Horace, 9 State
Godshury John, 8 Railroad Exch.
Goodrich C. B. 30 Court
Groun G. H. 20 Court
Groun G. H. 20 Court
Gray Horace ir. 39 Court
Gray Horace ir. 39 Court
Gray John C. 30 Court
Gray John C. 30 Court
Gray John C. 30 Court
Gray William, 30 Court
Gray William, 30 Court
Green H. W. 41 State
Greene H. W. 50 Court
Hallet Wm. H. 17 Miles block
Hale Geo. S. 4 Court
Hall Franklin, 52 Wush.
Hall Thomas B. 30 Court
Hallet B. F. 11 Niles block
Hallett B. F. 11 Niles block
Hallett B. F. 11 Niles block
Hallett B. W. 35 Court
Harding W. P. 60 Court
Harding

Head Edw. F. 30 Court
Heal, John P. 46 Court
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Herrick H. G. 25 Court
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Herrey Henry E. 46 Washington
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Hill Inamilton A 33 Court
Hill Clement H. 30 Court
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Hobbs Co. M. 52 Washington
Hobbs C. G. 28 Niles block
Hobbs Co. M. 52 Washington
Hobbs C. M. 52 Washington
Hobbs C. M. 52 Washington
Hobbs C. G. M. 52 Washington
Hobbs C. M. 52 Washington
Hobbs C. G. M. 52 Washington
Hobbs C. M. 52 Washington
Hobbs W. J. M. 52 Court
Hodmer G. S. State
Hodges Edward F. 42 Court
Homer George F. 4 Court
Homer George F. 4 Court
Hubbard W. M. J. 30 Court
Hubbard W. M. J. 30 Court
Huddinson C. H. 11 Scollay's building
Humphrey James, 93 State
Hundington Ches. W. 31 Wash,
Hurd Ches. H. 42 Court
Hutchins Horace G. 5 Court ag.
Hutchinson H. D. 20 Court
Hutchins Horace G. 5 Court
Jackson A. 47 Court
Jackson John G. 47 Court
Jackson A. 47 Court
Jackson John G. 47 Court
Jackson John G. 47 Court
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Johnson Henry A. 46 Cront
Johnson Mosee, 17 Joy's building
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Judson W. H. 96 Tremont
Keith J. M. 42 Court
Lebad W. S. 72 Court
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Lowell John, 5 Tremon
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Lebad W. S. 72 Court
Mason David H. 20 Court
Mason Hould H. 20 Court
Mason David H. 20 Court
Mason Lyman, 20 Court
Mason Lyman, 20 Court

Pearson Eliphelet, 24 O. State Honse Peirce R. N. 35 Court
Pelton F. W. 5 Niee block
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Richardson Wm. A. 85 Washington
Richardson Wm. A. 85 Washington
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Sanger Geor. 2-3 Court
Sanger Geor. 2-4 Court
Sanger Geor. 2-5 Court
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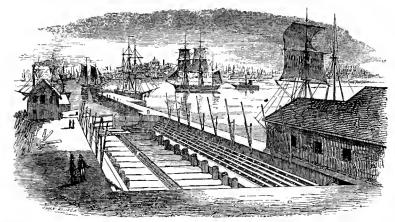
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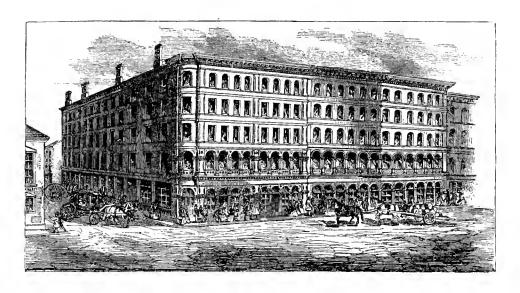
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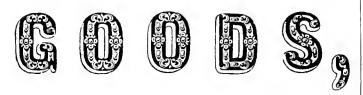
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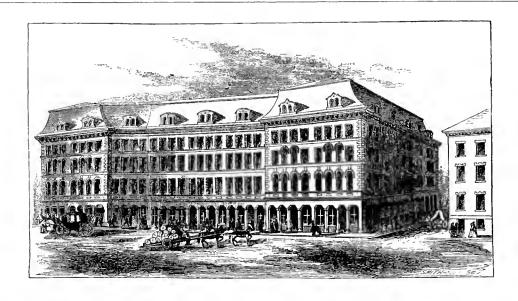
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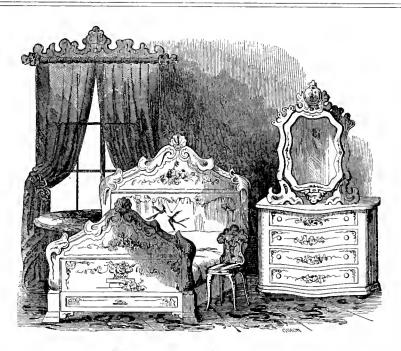
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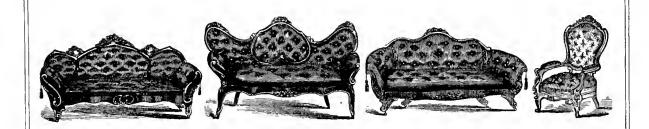
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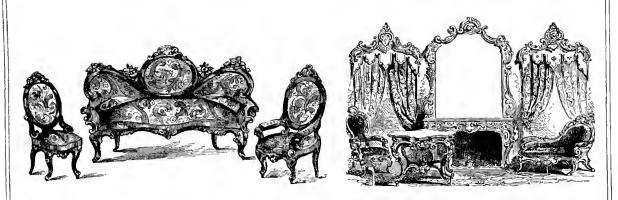
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State State
Vincout W. H. 28 State
Vincout W. H. 28 State
Ward J. H. 68 State
Ward J. H. 68 State
Webster D. W. hassem't Old S. Ho,
Westgate Joseph E. 17 Killby
Whitney & Stephens, 2 Congress
Wood C. A. 1 Phæulx building
Woodward Daniel, 68 State

Labordon S. 28 State
Ward J. H. 68 State
Webster D. W. hassem't Old S. Ho,
Westgate Joseph E. 17 Killby
Whitney & Stephens, 2 Congress
Wood C. A. 1 Phæulx building

Isinglass or Mica.

(For Stove and Furnace Doors, Lanterns, &c.)

Ruggles Geo. H. (wholesale and retail), 21 Union st., up stairs

Iron Bedsteads.

Ruchanan John C. 103 Northamp. Chase Bros. & Co. 15 Winter

٤

Ice Dealers.

F. W. PEARSON & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN



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AND

SWEET'S WHARF, CHARLESTOWN.

ADDISON GAGE & CO.

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AND

DEALERS WHOLESALE

IN

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BOSTON.

ADDISON GAGE.

CHAS. O. GAGE.

Bright H. O. & J. J. 271 Washington Ouge A. & Co. 70 State Hill John, 103 F. H. Market Hovey, Drew & Co. 70 State Kenny & Peirce, 107 F. Hall M. Pearson F. W. & Co. 70 State Reed & Bartlett, 92 State Russell, Conant & Co. 92 Stata

Iron and Steel.

Ayling H. A. 94 Water (Fulton Blodgett, Richardson & White, 70 Bradlee J. 134 Friend Bray E. W. 13 Fulton Bullard, Abbott & Co. 51 Kilby Butcher W. & S., Butler & Sise, agents, 120 Milk (cast steel) Cammell Chas. & Co. 152 Congress Coffin W. E. 80 Water & Sise, agents, 120 Milk (cast steel) Cammell Chas. & Co. 152 Congress Coffin W. E. 80 Water & State Dyer M. 25 Eastern avenue Earl, Smith & Co. Gilmore & Skinner, agts, 24 Fulton (ateel & files) Ellis, Newell & Co. 35 India Fuller & Dana, 34 Fulton Oay, Macson & Co., Fulton, c. Cross Gould Jacob S. & Co. 13 Fulton Hinckley Daniel & Co. 31 Central Hosmer Zelotes & Co. 33 Batterymarch Co. 15 European Co. 15 Europe

Japanners.

Bennett W. R. & Co. 8 Wilson lane Blakemore Wm. 18 Avery Mason & Co. rear 413 Wash.

[See Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware.]

Ware. 1
Ware. 1
Ware. 2
Ware. 2
Ware. 2
Ware. 3
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Ware. 3
Ware. 3
Ware. 4
Washington C. & Co. 3
Washington C. & Washington C. & Washington C. 3
Washington C. & Washin

Manufacturing.

Manylacturing.

Bell J. G. 4 Comhill court
Crosby R. 22! Wash.
Davis J. C. 113 Washington
Drowne Thos. S. 151 Wash.
Essenden W. B. & Co. 151 Wash.
Glover M. C. 22! Wash.
Glover M. C. 22! Wash.
Green H. T. 32 Washington
Guild Henry, 2 Winter
Harrod & Mudge, 220! Washington
Hersey Benj. 89 Washington
Hinds Frederick, 251 Wash.
Hood B. W. & Co. 129 Wash.

Howland & Bates, 8 Court avenue
Johnson & Duckrell, 1 Snmmer
Lennie, Price & Co. 143 Wash.
Manning James, 255 Washington
Martin V. 32 Washington
Meek Samuel, 4 Court avenue
Morgan A. 215 Washington
Morse H. D. 145 Washington
Munroe C. A H. 89 Washington
Munroe C. A B. 89 Washington
Neilson Wm. 31 Salem
Ripley N. L. 221 Washington
Scakett, Davis & Co. 123 Wash.
Shreve, Brown & Co. 226 Wash.
Taft Edwin W. 7 Tremont row
Wienhold J. 2 Province, c. School

Jewellers' Findings.

Bates Adolphus H. & Co. 265 Wash. Dennison E. W. 163 Washington Holland T. R. 12 School

Jewellers' Travs.

Hughes J. A. & Co. 151 Wash.

Junk Denlers.

Junk Benlers.

Ballou G. & A. 837 Commercial
Barlow & Hawes, Lincoln, c. Essex
Barnes D. jr. & Co. 337 Commercial
Brackett M. 572 Harrison av.
Brown A. R. 257 Causeway
Charter Janues, 289 Commercial
Collinson Joseph. 344 Eroad
Collinson Joseph. 344 Eroad
Collinson Joseph. 344 Eroad
Collinson Joseph. 345 Eroad
Collinson Joseph. 346 Eroad
Collinson Joseph. 347 Eroad
Collinson Joseph. 348 Eroad
Cutting J. C. 372 Broad
Ducky John, 329 Commercial
Doffey & Locke, 225 Causeway
Downs A. P. & Co. 84 Fulton
Dunhar E. P. & Co. 287 Comm'l
Fanning R. C. 383 Commercial
Farron William, 91 Cross
Fines & Lodge, 140 Fulton
Gorman J. 201 Congress
Hambita Wm. A. 344 Broad
Haskins & Montague, 163 Broad

Hove & Presby, 307 Broad [State Kent E. T. & Co. 112 Havorchill & 23 Kright Hiraco, 61 Eits Kright Hiraco, 62 Europe Kright Hiraco, 62 Europe Kright Hiraco, 62 Europe Kright Hiraco, 63 Erodd Russell Amos, 94 Eichmond Rutter Wm. 344 Broad Schultz H. 197 Congress Southward T. W. 310 Commercial Stockwell George, 163 Fulton Timson & Titcomb, 463 Eroad Timson Geo. W. 413 Broad

Joiners. (House and Ship.)

Bailey Job F., Liverpool wharf Cleaves S., Border, opp. Lexingt'n Donnell H. D. 188 Brad Gallup W. H. 318 Commercial Hayward & McLaren, G'S Sumner Hovey Rob't H. 92 Richmond Kent B. B. 312 Commercial Manson, Peterson & Co. 88 Border Parnell & Jones, Maverick wharf Pettengill & Donnell, 301 Comm'l Byder Whitmao L. 307 Comm'l Sargeat Wm. 3 Cotton place Simmons Chas., Weeks wf. E. B. Turner Otls, Kelley's wharf, E. B.

Iron Fence Building.

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ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKS,

No. 15 Winter Street, . . . Boston.

The subscribers offer for sale a large variety of useful and ornamental articles of their manufacture, among which are durable and beautiful GARDEN DECORATIONS, such as Vases, Fountains, Rustic Chairs and Settees, Summer Housea, Arbors, Trellises, &c. Also, IRON FURNITURE, comprising Folding Bedsteads, Hat, Coat, and Umbrella Stands, Shelf-Brackets, &c. Particular attention is given to the manufacture of

IRON FENCES,

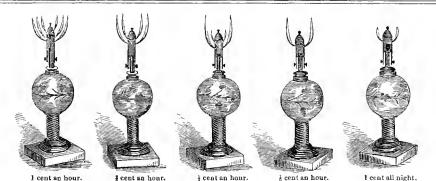
For enclosing Cemetery Lots, Churches, Public Squares, Private Dwellings, &c.

This is the only Iron-Railing Establishment manufacturing their own Castings in Boston; and our facilities for producing this description of work are unsurpassed in regard to style, workmanship, and price. Castings of every description made to order, and for sale, from our own patterns. Catalogues forwarded on receipt of three post-office stamps.

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-& KINNE'S

Each burner is regulated, by a touch of the hand, to burn two, four, or six brilliant jets. Six jets will burn an hour at a cost of one cent, or two small jets all night for a cent; making a saving of 25 per cent over any other way of burning the fluid.

Any concussion or breakage of the lamp will immediately extinguish the light, which renders the Lamp the safest known kind for the purpose designed.

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General Agents for the sale of Burners, Lamps, and Rights.

R. S. MERRILL & CO., 79 Water Street (Kerosene Oil and Lamps).

Bateman's Gas Lamp Co. 4 Court av. Belcher & Co. 283 Washington Bigelow & Roblisson, 48 Kilby Boston Faucet Co., Gore block, Green, and 111 Haverhill Carleton William, 12 Beach Dodge E. P. 8 Tremont Greene Chas. A. 34 Washington Lavery Richard, 8 Eliot Marsh Geo. 105 Court Ochs Isadore, 43 Kingston (tubes) Sargent, Crossman & Co. 14 Central Sumners & Co. 137 Washington Tarbell & Wyman, 37 Central

Lamp Shades.

Shaw W. F. 176 Wash. (patent ventilating light reflectors)

Laces, Embrolderles, &c.

Lacces, Embroidertes, &C.

Baldwin E. S. 373 Washington
Beckett J. M. 74 Hanover
Gilbert A. Madawe, 493 Wash.
Holmes G. 391 Washington
Howard B. C. & Co. 41 Franklin
Mudge A. C. 224 Washington
Oudkerk L. 56 Milk
Piere J. M. 255 Washington
Richardson C. B. 156 Hanover
Starratt Benjamin, 148 Hanover
Starratt Benjamin, 148 Hanover
Starratt Senjamin, 148 Hanover
Tenney & Nash, 18 Lincoln
Wright & Furber, 12 Summer

Lead Plpe, Sheet Lend.

Cordwell R. H. & Co. 306 Comm'l Smith Stephen, 25 Faneuil II. sq. Stearns George L. 129 Milk

Leather Dealers.

[See Boots & Shocs, also Hides.]

(See Boots & Shoes, also Hides.)

Arnold E. B. 134 Pearl
Billings Horace, 56 Elm
Blake S. P. 34 Pearl
Boos J. 37 Faneuil Hall square
Brogs Fowler, 57 Hanover
Brooks & Mecuen, 107 Milk
Carroll & Thayer, 31 Elm
Child Jos. Jr. 3 Blackstone (linings)
Child Wm. C. 88 Pearl
Choute & Commings, 93 Pearl
Coble B. 55 Elm
Cobl B. 55 Elm
Cobl B. 55 Elm
Cobl B. 65 Elm
Cobl B.

Nichola C. W. P. 105 Pearl
Nickerson M. C. 64 North
Noble & Brooke, 110 Milk
Parker Jas. 85 Kilby
Pollard S. O. & Co. 4 Blackstone
Pratt & Brooke, 190 Milk
Rand H. C. & Co. 45 Merchants row
Sawyer W. 3 Blackstone
Sewall & Chase, 64 High
Rand H. C. & Co. 65 Kilby
Sloane J. 6 Barrett
Staw, Taylor & Co. 85 Kilby
Sloane J. 6 Barrett
Stevens C. C. 36 Fulton
Stimpson J. C. 68 Pearl
Sumner J. 105 Pearl
Thorndike S. W. 124 Cross
Tidd & Blake, 94 Pearl
Tidd & Blake, 94 Pearl
Tirtell Wilson, 158 Pearl
Tuttle William, 36 Pearl
Tuttle William, 36 Pearl
Viall John, 15 Shoe and Leather
Wellerstein & Kunst, 165 Pearl
Westcott Stephen & Son, 44 Fulton
White A. L. 11 Blackstone

Ladies' Dress Caps. Bradley C. 3 Winter

Land Warrants.

Blake P. 18 Doane Gilley J. E. M. 8 Old State House Woodman Horatlo, 25 R. R. Exch.

Lauterns. (Street.) Washburn J. W. 28 and 66 Union

Lapidarys.

McCarthy Joseph, 41 Canseway Reynolds S. jr. 121 Court

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Lime and Sand.

Brigham T. J. & Co. 252 Federal
Chamberlio C. P. & Co., Cambridge, cor. Charles
Dodge P. S. 394 Federal (house sand)
Dodge P. S. jr., Vinal's wf. (house Harles Cornelius, 123 Commercial
Hoxie T. W. & Co. 43 Long wharf
McCrillie & Morse, Northempton,
c. Harrison avenue
Piper Solomon & Co. 230 Federal
Wingate Wm. A., Lehigh, c. Fed'l
Wood Wm. S. 10 Charles
Young & Co. 70 State & 445 Com'l

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Laundry.

Bowen H.M., N'thampt'n, n. Wash.

Law Blanks.

Darling C. K. 15 Exchange

Lard Manufacturers.

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STATE LIQUOR AGENCY, EDWARD F. PORTER, Commissioner, 22 Custom House Street, Boston.

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Sole agents for the sale of the celebrated "Salmon Weesp" and "Anchor" brands of GIN, "St. George" and "Hope" RUM, and "Chenery's Napoleon" and "Bouzy" brands of CHAMPAGNE.

C. & Co. have direct correspondence with the first Brandy Honses in Cognac and La Rochelle, and, having also an agent in London, are enabled to obtain the most choice qualities of OLD LONDON DOCK BRANDIES, JAMAICA SPIRIT, MALT WHISE STREET WINES S WHISKEY, WINES, &c.



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DEODERIZED ALCOHOL, highest proof, constantly on hand.

Particular attention paid to export orders.

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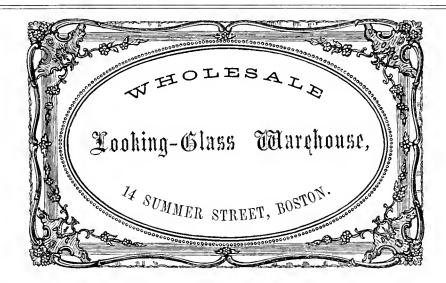
Andrews Chas. W. 99 Union
Andrews & Robinson, 25 Cengress
Atkins H. & Co. 37 South Market
Bailey A. J. 68 Water
Bannon John, 63 Causeway
Banchors John, 63 Causeway
Banchard, Gilson & Co. 162 State
Blias H. C. B. 31 North Market
Blanchard, Gilson & Co. 162 State
Blias H. C. H. 18 Coffees
Bliss H. C. H. 18 Coffees
Borlean & Co. 57 Chatham
Bolles Joseph, 281 Causeway
Brown Elizaheth, Dorchester ave.
corner Fourth
Brown J. 106 Lincolo
Brown & Alexander, 314 Comm'l
Brown J. 106 Lincolo
Brown & Alexander, 314 Comm'l
Bunday & Stedman, 41 Broad
Burbank L. E. 90 Blackstone
Burnham H. 115 Merrimac
Campbell Geo., L. 1 South Market
Carr U. W. 123 Haverhill
Carruth D. J. 51 Blackstone
Carter, Myers & Co. 62 Portland
Caswell J. S. 30 Brattle
Chamberlin J. H. Cause'y, c. Canal
Cook & Carthell, 29 Devonshire
Collins James, 84 South
Commercial
Cook & Carthell, 29 Devonshire
Collins James, 84 South
Commercial
Couse W. & Co. 11 N. Market
Crabbie M. & R. S. 52 Elm
Cross Amos W. 182 Commercial
Curmings Gibert, 182 Comm'l
Curtif Charles S. 17 Charlestowa
Daly Jr. H. 184 Carnhridge
Darling Aaron T. 26 & 234 Federal

Davis H. W. & Co. 107 Haverhill Davis John, 54 Long wharf Dearbord J. S. 236 Commercial Deland & Snow, 34 Elm Denton Win. 24 Broad Derby Oliver C. 9 Congress sq. Doherty M. 72 Endicot Haverhill Dower & Lawrence, 17 N. Market Dudley J. H. & Co. 149 Milk Duabar T. J. & Co. 70 Broad Durkin P. 398 Federal Enis James, 74 Eliot Felbel Julius, 135 Blackstone Fern O. L. 12 North Market Flebel Julius, 135 Blackstone Fern O. L. 19 North Market Flebel Julius, 135 Blackstone Fern O. L. 19 North Market Flebel Julius, 135 Blackstone Fleming B. 38 Charlestown Fletcher J. 19 Fulton Fletcher J. 19 Fulton General Greek Commercial General Fletcher, 119 Fulton General Greek Commercial General Fletcher, 119 Fulton General Greek Gre

Kent Joha. 23 Haverhill
Kinsman J. A. 43 State
Lang A. 392 Commercial
Lang Lang M. 392 Commercial
Lang Lang M. 492 Commercial
Mackinitre J. 61 Blackstone
Mackining Jas. Harvard. c. Albany
Mackining Jas. Harvard. c. Albany
Mackining Jas. Harvard. c. Albany
Martin Janue & Co. 194 Cross
McCarthy Maurice, 170 Blackstone
McCarthy J. & D. 166] Blackstone
McCarthy J. A. D. 166] Blackstone
McGrady J. H. 144 Broad
MicLean T. E. 2 Franklin avenne
McHon John & Co. 3 Holia wharf
Messenger R. E. 140 Lincoln
Myers Edward & Co. 23 Portland
Myers Edward & Co. 25 Portland
Myers Edward & Co. 26 Portland
Myers Edward & Co. 27 Portland
Myers Edward & Myers Myers Myers Myers Myers Myers
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Robinson T. W. & Bro. 9 Lindall Sampson S. 233 Broad Sanders Joseph, 158 Broad Sangene Chaa. 287 Causeway Sawin G. H. 2 Faceuil Hall sq. Scanlio J. V. 4 Lewis Scanlio J. V. 4 Lewis Scanlio J. V. 4 Lewis Scanlio H. 2 Faceral Scaver F. R. 924 Kneeland Sherburne Joseph A. 318 Wash. Shields Peter, 129 Cross Smith Geor. 254 Commercial Smith Geor. 254 Commercial Smith Halph & Co. 20 Exchange Smith Geor. 254 Commercial Smith Halph & Co. 20 Exchange Smith T. L. 61 Clinton. Smith

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MANUFACTURERS OF

LOOKING-GLASSES,

PICTURE-FRAMES, AND MOULDINGS,

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PICTURE-GLASS,

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Frome Makers and Gilders.

Andrew J. R. 3) Beach
Arms Thomas A. 70 Washington
Barnes H. 125 Washington
Barnes H. 125 Washington
Batchelder & Hyde, 28 Bromfield
Beal & Hooper, Haymarket sq.
Cabot Jos. F. & Bro. 87 Sudbury
Childs Alfred A. & Co. 19 Tremont
Conant Albert & Co. 12 Marshall
Downing & Collins, 99 Court
Godfrey Edw. 2 Lincoln
Godfrey F. 12 Franklin
Hermann G. 415 Washington
Lohrer Oscar, 415 Washington
Meyer C. E. 139 Friend
Muller Frederick, 2 Bedford
Peirce John P. 326 Hanover
Rogers Samuel, 18 Court
Ross & Hatchman, 490 Washington
Sowle & Jenks, 14 Summer

Stromberg F. C. 210 Hanover Tupper J. C. 19 Hawley Williams & Everett, 234 Wash. Wright Adam, 19 Harvard place

Locksmiths, &c.

Locksmiths, &c.

Bacon Steuben T. 32 School

Booth G. C. 106 Court

Coffin G. S. 10 Friend

Colburn Edw. 54 Devonshire

Colman Henry, 8 Water

Crane A. B. 502 Wash.

Foye N. W. 800 Washlogton

Francis A. J. 7Chapman place

Gannon James S. foot Finckney

Hall Wm. & Co. 27 Dock sq.

Hill A. N. 67 Hawley

Hobart R. 22 Pleasant

James Geo. E. 45 May. sq. E. B.

Jones Henry, 26 Exchange

Lyon Matthew, 23 Summer
Mayo Asaph, 62 Cong.
Mellen W. J. 11 Water
Patch Sidney, 84 Merrimac
Penniman E. M. 153 Wash.
Pool Geo. F. 43 Causeway
Rose J. W. 146 Fourth
Snath Chas. H. 65 Ellot
Stevens C. H. 2 Water
Thaxter & Sevens, 81 Cornhill
Thaxter David, 4 Harrison avenue
Tompkins. H. 16 Washington
Tuckerman G. W. 100 South
Weymouth C. L. 65 Levert
Willcutt Andrew J. 526 Wash.

Lightning Rods.

Leland & Hartshorn, 91 Wash. Greutt W. A. 77 Cornhill

Locomotives.

Boston Locomotive Works, 380 Harrison avenue Globe Locomotive Works, First, corner A

Lozenge Manuf.

Chase & Co. r. 48 Congress

Leeches. (Foreign.) Daley Elizabeth A. 18 Oak

Leather Shoe Binding Manufacturers. Merriam & Norton, 12 Pearl

Leather Goods. Stevens Fred. 46 Kilhy

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Lumber.

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Hard-Wood Lumber.

Bearse Gwen & Co. 220 Federal Clark Wm. H. & Co., Boston wf. Folling George, 100 Beach Guild Aaron, Lehigh, pp. E. Orange Holland Thomas H. 300 Harr. ave. Kelly D. D. 79 Sumer, E. H. (ship) Stearns A. T. 23 State Weller John, Lehigh, n. South

Lithographers.

Bufford J. H. 313 Washington Cole Joseph F. A. 25 Wash. 25 Wash. 25 Wash. 25 Wash. 25 Wash. 26 Wash. 26 Wash. 26 Wash. 26 Wash. 27 Washington Jenkins F. A. 40 Devonshire Meisel Buthers, 27 Phonix build. Powers & Weller, 265 Washington Prang & Mayer, 34 Merchants row Sharp Wm. C. 231 Washington Trouvelot L. 215 Washington Vanderlop W. C. 215 Wash.

Lock Manufacturers.

Edwards & Kershaw, Gore block Howe L. I. 140 Congress Robinson E. 4 Washington Robinson G. W. & Co. 49 Richm'd Tuck J. W. 1 Phænix building

Line and Twine Manufacturers.

Gilbert A. & Co. 43 Commercial Ross & Pearce, 7 Liberty square

Lithotypers.

Cowles & Co. 17 Washington

Markets.

Markets.

BLACKSTONE, Blackstone, n. North
HOYLSTON, Wash, cor. Boylston
FANEUL HALL, N. & S. Marketats,
and Fancuil Hall building
FRANSILIN, 90 & 92 Blackstone
GEBRISH, Portland, c. Sudbury
REVERS, Bowdoin square
St. Charles, Beach, cor. Lincoln
THE SOUTH MARKET, Beach, between Lincoln & South
WASHINGTON, South Boston
WILLIAMS, Wash, corner Dover

Market Men.

Provisions.
Allen J. H. 20 Gerrish and 15 Williams
Barnes Z. S. 12 St. Charles
Bemis George, 39 F. H.
Beding John, 5 Blackstone
Bemis George, 39 F. H.
Bernis L. 12 Blackstone
Bickford J. H. 18 New Fen. Hall
Bird H. 33 F. H.
Bird Z. B. 16 New F. H.
Blake C. W. 6 Blackstone
Brigham George H. Washington
Brigham Hubbard, 1 Boylston
Brown George H. Washington
Brown George H. Washington
Brown George H. H.
Cassell J. 8 Williams
Chamberlin C. P. 2 St. Charles
Clarke Wm. G. 11 Blackstone and
9 Revere
Coggin James, 18 F. H.
Crane J. 14 Gerrish
Crosby George, 60 F. H.
Damon G. A. 8 Blackstone
Davis & Atwood, 65 F. H.
Davis W M. 16 Gerrish
Davi S. H. 16 Gerrish
Davi S. H. 16 Gerrish
Davi S. H. 10 Gerrish
Davi S. H. 10 Gerrish
Druy Charles S. 3 F. H.
Dunnels H. P. 21 Gerrish
Dyer E. D. 7 F. H.
Dunnels H. P. 21 Gerrish
Dyer E. D. 7 F. H.
Eaton W. D. 8 Boylston
Flicther J. V. 66 Faneuil Hall
Pletcher Gliman, 15 Blackstone
Gardacr & Hinda, 16 Blackstone
Glins Sira J. H.
Gross I. S. 64 F. H.
H.
Gross I. S. 64 F. H.
Hall David, 4 Boylston
Hill J. W. 4 New F. H. Provisions. Allen J. H. 20 Gerrish and 15 WilHiscock & Winslow, 9 F. H.
Holbrook J. S. S St. Charles
Holden, Bullard & Co. 49 F. H.
Homes W. H. 12 New F. H.
Hoogs S. F. 83 Blackstone
Horton W. 16 New F. H.
Hostor Olana B. St. Charles
Kimball R. S. St. Charles
Kimball R. 37 F. H.
Kimball W. 15 New F. H.
Kingsbury B. H Williams
Kittridge S. F. & E. L. 8 L.
Learned S. S. 50 F. H.
Learned S. Wheeler, 19 F. H.
Learned & Wheeler, 19 F. H.
Locke H. 4F F. H.
Locke H. 4F F. H.
Lock H. 4F F. H.
Lock H. 49 F. H.
Lock H. 49 F. H.
M. 18 Blackstone and 9 New
Helville, John. 28 New F. H.

Mead B. 3 Blackstone and 9 New F. H.
Melville John, 28 New F. H.
Melvin Wölliam, 16 F. H.
Merrow J. F. 24 New F. H.
Merrow J. F. 24 New F. H.
Merrow J. F. 24 New F. H.
Mills B. T. 2 Boylston (basement)
Norse L. F. 4 Blackstone
North C. H. 29 F. H.
Oilver D. M. & Co. 26 F. H.
Payson John F. 75 F. H.
Pearson John, 56 F. H.
Pearson John, 56 F. H.
Peck O. 9 Boylston
Perry C. D. 20 Gerrish and 15 Williams
Pierce H. A. 11 Revere
Pike N. C. 7 Boylston
Popp John S. 12 Gerrish
Potter & Snow, 61 F. H.
Pritt A. & Co. 11 New F. H.
Frindle B. C. 10 New F. H.
Frindle B. C. 10 New F. H.
Robbins Nathan & Son, 33 F. H.
Robbins Nathan & Son, 33 F. H.
Robbins Mathan & Son, 33 F. H.
Robbins Mathan & Son, 33 F. H.
Robbins Off, H. 27 New F. H.
Russell G. S. 2 Boylston
Russell J. J. F. H.
Russell G. S. 11 Son S. H.
Russell G. S. 2 Boylston
Russell J. J. F. H.
Sanderson J. G. 58 F. H.
Sanderson J. G. 58 F. H.
Simonds G. H. 57 F. H.
Simonds G. H. 57 F. H.
Sanderson J. G. 58 F. H.
Severance J. B. 78 F. H.
Simonds G. H. 57 F. H.
Sandery H. W. 2 Williams
Smith, Hill, & Co. 2 Bevere
Squire Josh, 29 F. H.
Stackple A. S. 31 New F. H.
Steary E. S. F. H.
Stengey F. E. 31 New F. H.
Steary E. S. F. H.
Stengey H. H. 30 F. H.
Treat A. & A. 2 Blackstone
Welston S. 29 New H.
Trucker Issae, 10 Boylston
Welston S. 29 New F. H.
Trucker Issae, 10 Boylston
Whitton George, B. Blackstone
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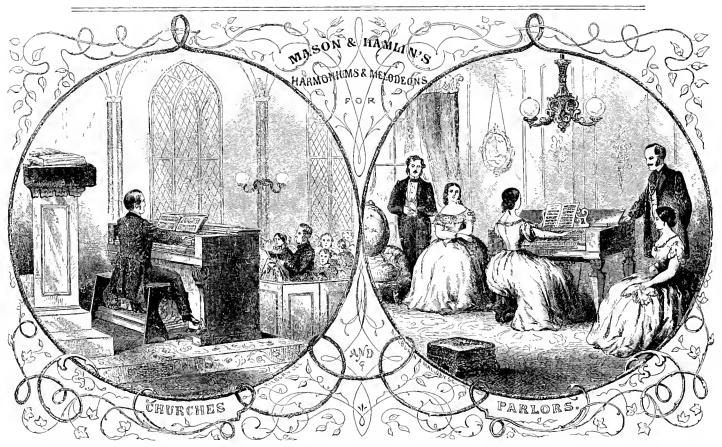
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Wethern Geo. Mr. 20 Hanover
Whaples N. 163 Winter
Whate Harriet O. 619 Washington
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C. Si-eper, proprietor, 93 Hanov'r
Williams C. Mrs. 21 Summer
Wood C. T. 52 Cambridge
Worsley Mrs. S. 102 Hanover

Worsley P. 100 Hanover Young Nell Mrs. 20 Broadway

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Frost George & Co. 31 Milk
Griffiths C. W. & Co. 16 Milk
Lewis, Brown, & Thompson, 183
Washinctor, 15 Milk
Article A. & Co. 201 Wash.
Plimpton, Stephenson & Co. 193
Devonshire
Prescott Brothers & Co. 23 Milk
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Wellington, Wood & Quincy, 106
Devoushire
Wetherell & Johnson, 37 Milk

Morocco Case Manu-facturers.

Bates A. H. & Co. 263 Washington Thaxter Joshua, 17 Franklin

Morocco Lenther Dent-

Bassett Cushman, 102 Milk
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Fernald William R. 38 N. Market
Hall Geo. S. 6 Pearl
Hartshorne & Co. 74 Pearl
Hunt John, 72 Pearl
Lear P. 48 Hanover
Leman N. R. jr. 77 Kilby
Lillie & Smith, 24 Exchange
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Peverar & Co. 63 Kilby
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Dane W. C. & Co. 31 Exchange
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Good win G. C. & Co. 11 Marshall
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King Octavius, 654 Washington
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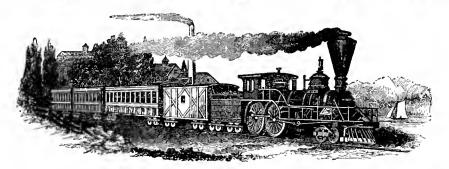
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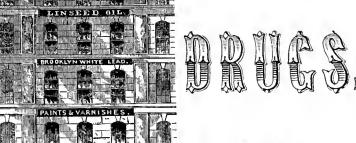
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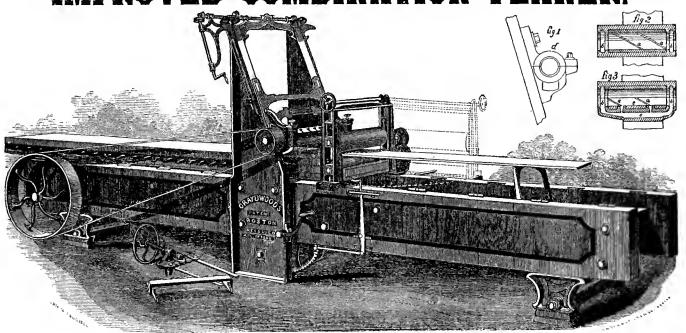
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IMPROVED COMBINATION PLANER.



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The above cut represents our Machines with the Woodworth Attachment; the whole forming a combination of the Woodworth and Daniels Planers, with Iron Posts and Patent Boxes (a section of which is shown in the above cut), and can be readily changed from one to the other, simply by removing the dogs from the bed, and swinging the rolls round in front of the cutter-head, or back on the side of the Machine, as the case may require. G. & W. are also manufacturers of all kinds of Wood-Working Machinery.

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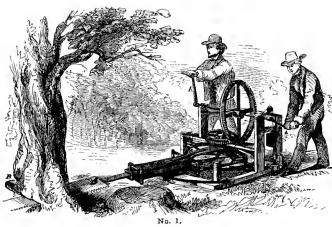
A MACHINE FOR FELLING TREES,

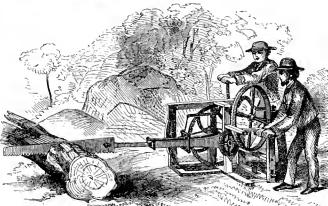
Cross-Cutting and Buck-Sawing.

PATENTED, AUGUST, 1859, BY

COL. JAMES HAMILTON,

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.





No. 2.

The attention of the Public, especially Lumber-Men, Ship-Builders, and Farmers, is called to this Machine, of which the accompanying onts are representations, in its different positions.

No. 1. For Felling Trees. It is well known, that, in chopping down trees with the axe from two to three feet, according to the size of the tree, of the most valuable part of the lumber is lost, while by this machine the tree is felled within five loches of the ground; and, by removing the soil sufficiently to avoid duiling the saw, it can be cut as low as desired. Four men can do the work of ten men with axes, in the forests, and two men can do the work of four. It will be recollected that the butt must be squared, or cross-cut, before the log is ready for the mill: and the sinels appreciation of felling recollected that the both must be squared, or cross-cut, before the log is ready for the milt; and the single operation of felling the tree with this machine leaves the log already squared. The land is left smooth, thus facilitating entityation, and greatly increasing its value. The surface of the stump, heing left flat and level, is porous and spongy, so that by the action of the elements it soon decays; but when cut by the axe, with its pores sealed up, and surface rendered smooth, the stump defies dissolution, and remains for years an unsightly and inconvenient chieft. inconvenient object.

No. 2 represents this Machine in its position of Cross-

Cutting. It operates with equal facility whether the log lies flat on the ground or is elevated several feet above it. The

flat on the ground or is elevated several feet above it. The advantage gained over a common cross-cut saw, used by two men, is, that the saw works with greater rapidity, and, by having greater power, is fed faster.

The Machine has Attachments for cutting wood into short lengths. For this purpose it can be worked by one or two men; and, when not employed in the forests, it may be used to advantage in cutting of all the firewood required in a neighborhood. It is readily adapted to the several kinds of work for which it is intended, requiring less than five minutes for the occessary change of position; and practical experiment has proved its complete success and efficiency.

It will be observed, by reference to the cuts, that the power is spplied by two cranks, AA, which are sufficiently elevated above the ground to be conveniently worked. The machine is furnished with two hendles, by means of which it is easily carried about by two men, and performs its work with great

carried about by two nice, and performs its work with great expedition and entire safety. A wedge, of peculiar shape, accompanies each machine, which is driven into the kerf, as the saw proceeds, and thus prevents the tree from settling down or binding the saw, and also forces the tree to fall in the desired direction.

This machine is very simple in its construction, not liable to get out of order, and moderate in cost, and is confidently commended to those interested in forest and timber lands, and to all engaged in the lumber husiness, as effecting a great

and important saving of time, labor, and material.

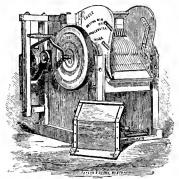
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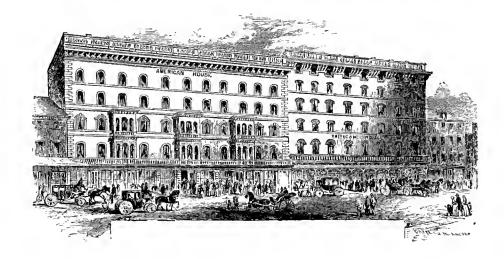
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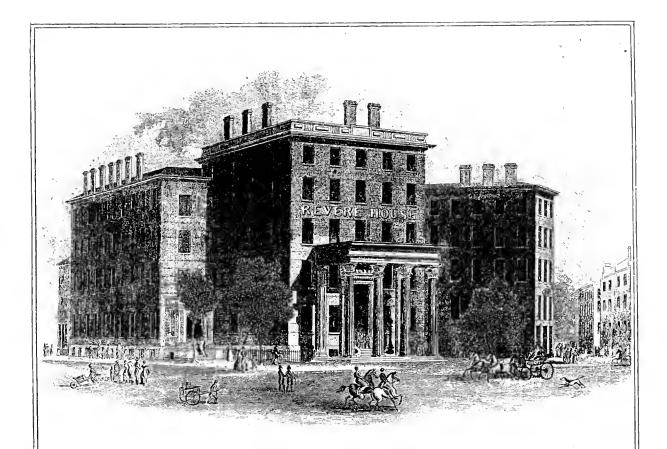
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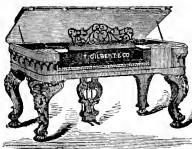
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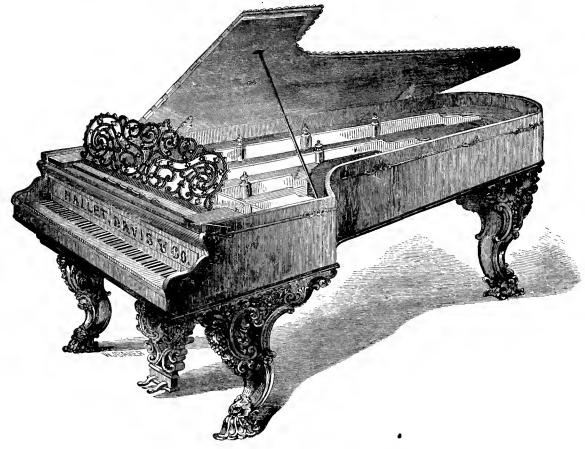
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Ridgway P. R. 16 Tremont
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Rice Wm. E. 7 Davis
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Romer C. 10 Sampson Z. 10 Sampson Z

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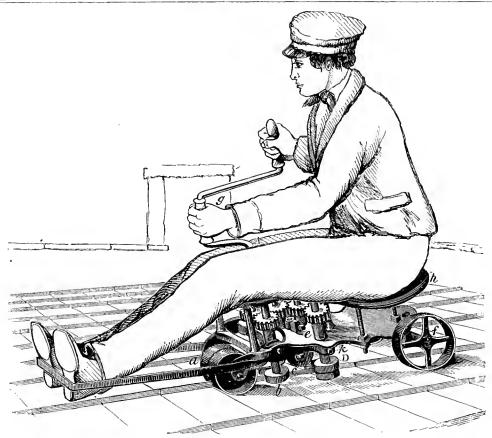
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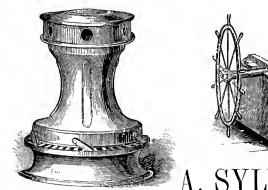
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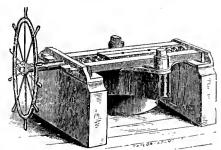
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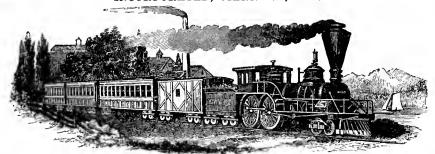
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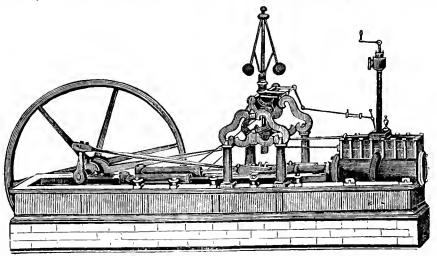
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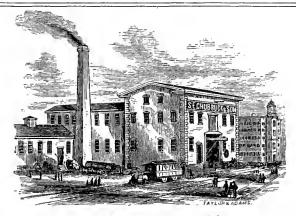
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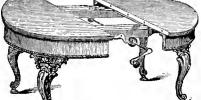
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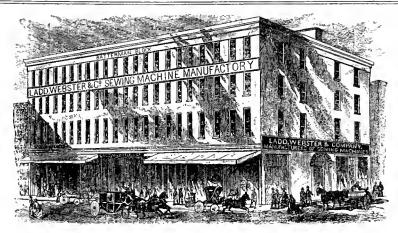
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Pearl
Wheeler & Wilson, J. E. Root,
Wilder J. C. 39 Summer
Scwing Machine Nec-

Sewing Muchine Nec-

Toman M. & C. H., Shoe & Leath.
Exchange (wax thread)
Morse S. O. 17 Harvard place
Spring C. & A. 17 Harvard pl.
Patch C. & Co., Haymarket sq. cor.

Sewing Machine Thread and Silk.

Messinger & Brother, 19 Milk (silk) Ross & Pessee, 7 Liberty square Charlestown

Sewing Muchine Work.

Sewlog Machine Work.
Bakman Myra, over City Scales,
Haymarket sq.
Bollman L. 29 Sandes,
Hollman L. 20 Sandes,
Hollman E. C. P. H. 289 Wash.
Ferpuson J. 26 Sandes
Griffin Daniel, 31 Exchange
Harris A. 29 Sande
Kenney P. H. 94 Blackstone
Moffitt J. E. & Co. 229 Washington
Payson R. & G. 31 Exchange
Stanley L. M. 215 Wash.
Steward & Preble, 16 Howard
Trucy & Haverson, 37 Exchange
Vieta E. B. Mrs., Portland, corner
Sudbury. Sudbury. Wehber Henry, 8 Monk's b.

Sewing Silk Manufac-turers.

Messiager & Brother, 19 Milk Morton Norman, 156 Washington Rook C. & Co. 13 Milk Warner & Suydam, 81 Milk

Shipsmiths.

Basecti Z. Ja Eastern aveaue Bridge T. A. 293 Broad Bridge W. D., Merginal, E. B. Godbold & Son, Battery whf. and Merginal, E. B. Gold J. C., Border, c. Lexiogton Googins M. 63 Sunner, u. London Hatbaway J. & Co., People's Ferry aveaue, & Border, Exts Boston Henderson & Hunter, Sumner, n. New

nendersoo & Hunter, Dunner, a. New
Howe, Averila & Co. 59 Eastern av. and Tufts whf. E. B.
Jenkins Horatio, 356 Commercial Lauphin David, 5 Mt. Wash. ave. Leman G. H. & J. G. 236 Broad, and Grand Junetion whf. E. B.
Lewis J. W. 88 Richmood Martin Jeremiah, 176 Broad Meadum J. S., Border, a. Eutaw Nason, Cleveland & Co., 547 Commercial, and 29 Border Richards D. W. 501 Commercial Ryder E. H. rear 264 Commercial

Shook Maoufacturer.

Morse A. P. 27 Foster's wf. and 9 India wharf

Show Cards.

Marshall J. P. C. 323 Washington Miller & Folsom, 116 Court

Slik Fringe and Trim-ming Manufacturer.

Hubhard & Merrill, 145 Wash. Rook C. & Co. 13 Milk Walker Samuel, 43 Kingston

Siik Goods, &c.

Chace D. K. 9 Morton place Dariah & Garratt, 58 Franklio Horton Wm. H. & Co. 58 Milk Pearce S. H. & Co. 68 Franklio

Shipwrights& Calkers.

Shipwrights & Calkers.
Adam H. K., Sargent's wharf
Badger & Bailey, r. 205 Commercial
Beadle Joho 2d & Co. 33 Eastern av.
Brown & Lovell, 63 Sumner, E. B.
Burchsted & Leavitt, 188 Broad
Darton Wm. 398 Commercial (wf.
Delano B. F. & Co. head Lincoln's
Dillaway William jr. 42 Eastern av.
Dillon James, 222 Broad
Dillor John, 222 Broad
Dolliver & Sleeper, 57 Eastern ave.
and Snelling's Dock, E. B.
Ellis Wm. J. Border, n. Lexington
Foster & Leighton, Thif's wharf
Gove, Chout & Muson, Marginal,
E. B.
Holmes J. R., New, n. Sumner

Gove, Choate & Mason, Margnaa, E. B.
Holmes J. R., New, n. Sumner
Hyland H., Marginal, n. Jeffries
Kelly D. D., Kelly's witt, Sumper
Kibbler & Rice, Maverick wharf
Ladd & Piper, foot Sumner, E. H.
Pratt J. Jr, Border, foot Cexington,
Sanpson A. & G. T., Border, E. B.,
and 377 Commercial
Samson & Weston, 317 Comm¹
Simpson & Weston, 31 India
Snelling J. 329 Con'l, & ft. Sumn'r
Whidden A. G. & S. H., Weeks wf,
Wilson & Costigan, r. 314 Comm¹

Ship Mauling Office.

809 Commercial street

Silver-Plated Goods.

Manufacturers.

Lindsay J. N. & Co. 19 Water Rogers Bros. Manufacturing Co. 145 Washington Rogers, Smith & Co. 145 Wash.

Clapp William, 307 Washington Coleman Lewis & Co. 75 Milk Henius David, 54 Milk

Slafe Denlers.

Wilhur A. & Co. 3 Tremont row.

Sinters.

Slaters.
Brown & Hawley, r. 26 Kingston
Coyle Thorms, 75 Charles
Donald Peter, rear 47 Kingston
Duncan Archibald, 12 Curve
Farquhar John, 18 East
Glass Jomes, 141 Congress
Harrigan J. 517 Tremont & 23 State
Hawkins & Hawley, 68 Tyler
Norton D. 5 Harverd
Ruckerby Daniel, 205 Cambridge
Riley Hugh, 100 Beverly
Tillson D. & Son, 188 Friend
Warner Richard & Soo, Marg'l, E.B.

Sullmakers.

Sulinnkers.

Amerige Henry, I Commercial wf. Bangs Louis, 454 Federal Blaney T. R. 234 Commercial Bleeland San'! A. 288 Broad Bromade A. & B. C. 33 Long wf. Chandler E. 31 Commercial Chandler E. 31 Commercial Chandler & Couseos, 97 Comm'! Child & Crocker, 2 North Market Clapp George F. 21 Commercial Crocker & Otis, 29 Commercial Pollano Nathanniel, 67 w barf Devereux J. N. 122 Central Dunbam J. 81 Commercial Everdean & Hooton, 7 Lewis wift Chair John & Co. 270 Broad Haynes George A. 304 Comm'! Hutchinson & Hall, 101 Commercial Nemps. 33 Commercial Holmone Hall, 101 Commercial Kingnan Geo. & Co. 79 Clinton Lumprell & Marble, 257 Comm'! Loring Jona. & Son, 300 Commercial Comps. Cushing, 86 Commercial Lothrop John, 418 Commercial Martin Henjamin T. 21 Comm! Martin Jus. 114 Commercial Martin Henjamin T. 21 Comm'! Martin Jus. 114 Commercial Windemanns J. H. 39 Commercial Windemanns J. H. 39 Commercial Southward & Co. 30 Commercial Finkant Benj. F. 33 Sunmer, E. B. Pinkham Edwin, 233 Commercial Southward & Co. 30 Commercial Southward & Co. 30 Commercial Southward & Co. 30 Commercial Wilker Gardner, 152 Commercial Southward & Co. 30 Commercial Southward & Co. 30 Commercial Wilker Gardner, 152 Commercial Southward & Co. 30 C

Surveyors of Work.

Granger David, 17 Old State H. Thomson Wm. V. 23 State

Salt Stores.

Baker & Downes, 42 Long whf. Baker & Goodwin, 184 State Bent & Blake, 48 Long wf. Clark Albert P. 218 State Nickerson Edward G. 42 Long wf. Oakes Edward & Co. 51 Long wf. Oakes James, 45 Long wf. Oakes James, 45 Long wf. Facus Paul, 228 State Thacher B. & Co. 9 Central

Sash Makers.

[See Doors, &c.] Bickum J. K. 470 Tremont Colby Philip N. 421 Tremout Feeley Patrick, 428 Tremout Patch F. 64 Albany Whiting G. R. 2 Creck square Woods S. A. & Co., Page's Mill, First, a. E

Saw Mills.

Globe Locomotive W'ks, First, c.A

Sawing and Planing.

Boston Planing & Moulding Mill, 383 Federal Coolidge C. C. & Co. 19 Hawley Cummings & Rapp, Charles, cor. Cambridge (sweep and tret) Curtis & McNutt, 458 Harr, uv. Gray J. J. & Albany (sweep Æfret) Houseon & Herce, Lirst, p. B. Keating J. F., Merrimac, C. Cause'y Knowlton G. K. Il Haverhill Knowlton W. H. & Co. r. & Sumoer, E. B. Littlehale & Drake, 10 Beach Manson, Peterson & Co. 88 Horder Menoughton D. 383 Federal Page C., First, o. E. Penk & Co. & Zhbany Robertson John A. 383 Federal Page C., First, o. E. Shiel Patrick, 50 Albany Smith Geo. L. I. Andowy Wiston & Bisbee, Causewe, Friend Wood & Chester, 21 Harvard place

Sculptors.

Ball Thomas, 16 Summer Brackett E. A. 24 Tremont row Stepbenson Peter, 6 Hotel Pelham

Ship-Chundlers.

Ship-Chandlers.

Bailey James, 282 Commercial
Baker J. dah., 88 Commercial
Baker J. & Co. 79 Commercial
Baker J. & Co. 79 Commercial
Banchard Bro. & Co. 29 Commercial
Blanchard Bro. & Co. 29 Commercial
White Fanklin, 61 India
Dillaway Win, II. 42 Eastern are.
Durham & Sagreot, 295 Commercial
Dillaway Win, II. 42 Commercial
Gammans J. jr. 160 Commercial
Gammans J. jr. 160 Commercial
Howland, Hinckley & Co. 174Coml
Lovell & Holbrook, 120 Commercial
Mickerson Jos. & Co. 55 Comm'
Rich John, 168 Commercial
Saow & Ryder, 71 Commercial
Teoney & Co. 6 Central whf.
Whitoa, Browne & Wheelwright,
31 Commercial

Ship Builders.

Briggs E. & H., G. foot K. S. Boston Curtis Paul, Border, n. White Gardiner C. F. & H. D., Kelley's wharf, Marginal, E. B. Hall Samuel, Border, E. B. Jackson R. E. 165 Border Laskey Willium, Border, n. Lex-ington, E. B. McKay Donald, Border, n. Eaglo

Shipping Offices.

Shipping Offices.

Berry Peleg G. & Co. 234 Comm'l Bowen John, 223 Commercial Butters & Wright, 129 Commercial Curraut J. F. 279 Commercial Fluker Josiah C. 146 Comm'l Fogg L. G. 252 Commercial Grant P. W. 216 Commercial Harris C. 172 Commercial Harris C. 172 Commercial Harris C. 172 Commercial Littlefield C. A. 236 Commercial Martin T. G. 244 Commercial Martin T. G. 244 Commercial Martin T. G. 244 Commercial Savyer Wm. N. 185 Commercial Savyer Wm. N. 185 Commercial Williams J. E. 172 Commercial Yates L. D. 248 Commercial Yates L. D. 248 Commercial

Ship Stores.

Ship Stores.

Billings George, 93 Com'l wharf
Bilss, James, Russia wharf
Bilss, James, Russia wharf
Bilss, James, Russia wharf
Bild Comercial what of the state of the second what fell with the second which was the second what fell with the second which was the second what fell with the second which was the second which which was the second which which was the second whic

Settee Manufacturer. Hubbard J. C. 701 Washington

Silver Pinters.

Silver Pinters.

Sosto Faucet Co., Gore block,
Green, and 111 Haverhill
Bourne & Mitler, 413 Washlogton
Brigham & Barrher, 52 Albamy
Carleton A. D. 4 Woshington
Chamberlain J. F. 104 Woshington
Green & Adams, 24 Hawley
Haven's S., 76 Washington
Hillman John J. 24 Sudhury
Holt Justic E. 66 Union
Lindsay J. N. & Co. 19 Water
Lyoos & Vialle, 10 Washington
Unrub J. B. 5 Bromfield

Silversmifis.

Clark M. B. 4 Harvard place
Crosby, Hunnewell, & Morse, 240
Washington
Dodge T. 32 Snöbury
Farriagton & Hunnewell, 89 Wash.
Gordon & Co. 6 Court ave.
Haddock B. 13 Court square
Harding Newell & Co. 12 Court sq.
Laforne V. 5 Water
Pear & Bacult, 7 Avery
Tifft, Whiting & Co. 145 Wash.
Wendt J. R. 32 Washington
West Chas. 7 Court avenue

Sonp Maoufacturers.

Cushing H. Lincoln, 25 Kilby Dewing S. 130 Llocoln Hill Soap Works, 10 India Sauger Henry, Border, E. B. Safford Geo. W. & Co. 82 Sudbury

Soap and Candle Manu-facturers.

Elliott I. J. & Co. 159 Milk Jackson E. & Co. 22 Chatham and W. Newton, near Tremont Jackson Wm. & Co. 22 Chatham J. nes C. L. & Co. 4 S. Market Morrill J. Jr. & Co. 3 Chatham Winchester E. A. & W. 16 South Market Market

Soapstone.

Chandler N. B. 21 Hawley Chilson Gardner, 99 Blackstone Dunklee B. W. & Co. 113 Blackstone Foote George H. 5 Provioce Garland John, 4 Creek square Hamblet James, 118 Haverbill Maine Wm. II. 87 Haverbill Millard C. J. 64 Harrison avenue

Sofa, Couch, and Chair Manufacturers.

Beal & Hooper, 4 Holmee' block Caryl Heory, 91 Merrimac Forster, Lawrence & Co. over B. & M. R. B. Depot Holmes F. M. & Co. 188 Hanover Small wood E. A., Beach, c. Lincoln Wetherbeel, W. & Co. 185 Merrimac Willis R. B. 3 Adams

Spirit Levels.

Mulliken & Stackpole, Lancaster, c. Causeway

Spring Manufacturers.

Spring McIniter Cr.
Alden William E. 12 Charlestown
Beal & Hooper, Haymarket square
Brewster Charles W. 55 Sudbury
Dodd G. H. 58 Medford
Goodyear Geo. A. 12 Charlestown
Merrill E. R. 8 Merrimae
Plimpton C. G. & H. M. 92 Milk
(carriage)
Timmins 11, 6 Charlestown
Tuttle J. D. 161 Dorchester avenue
Wilkinson J. W. 251 Broad

Sugar Refineries.

Adams S. H Gouch and 18 India

HOOPER, LEWIS & CO.

(SUCCESSORS TO BENJAMIN LORING & CO.)

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Allen & Co. 74 State
Bu2in & Ellsworth, I Cornhill
Brooks J. D. F. 563 Washington
Brown & Taggard, 25 Cornhill
Brown George B. & Co. 94 Stato
Chase, Nichols & Co. 43 Wash.
Crosby, Nichols, Lee, & Co. 117
Washington

Cutter, Tower & Co. 89 Devonshire Darling C. K. 15 Exchange Degen & Co. 456 Washington Eayra & Fairhanks, 136 Wash. French & Co. 89 Wash. Gay Aaron R. 130 State Groom Thomas & Co. 82 State Hallgreen & Warren, 14 Exchange

Hayden & Randali, 23 Cornhill Hill Wm. H. & Co. 32 Cornhill Hooper, Lewis & Co. 120 State Marsh H. F. 17 Cornhill Mayhew & Baker, 208 Washington McAdems J. & Co. 49 Commercial McAdems W. 16 State Mudge Alfred & Son, 34 School

Prince J. T. 7 Kilby Simpkins S. O. 132 State Tewksbury William P. 362 Wash. Whittemore J. M. & Co. 114 Wash. Zahm Herman F. 286 Wash. Storage Agents. Lane E. 38 Lowell kerson's wharves, East Boston

Sewing-Silk and Machine-Twist Manufacturers.

MESSINGER & BROTHER, 19 Milk Street.

Spring Bed Mannfac-turers.

Bryant & Fisk, 81 Cornbill Craig & Co. 89 Union Elliptie Spring Bed Co. 85 Brattle Kendrick H. P. 9 Gore block Osgood H. B. 5 Holmes Block Putnam John, 438 Washington Tucker's, 9 Gore block Wing & Mores, 29 Brattle

Sproul's Bathing Floid.

Prescott J. H. agent, 60 Cambridge (for rheumetism)

Stables. (Livery.)

Baker C.& J.F. & Co. 7288 Broadw.
Bangs F. A. & Co., E. Sumner, c.
Orleans
Barroard J. F. & Co. 680 Wash.
Barton Alex. 774Wash., opp. Cherry
Batchelder's Hixon, Beach, n. Covo
office, 15 U. S. Hotel
Batchelder B. T. 48 Devonshire
Bonney David, 812 Washington
Briggs F. 19 N. Bennet
Browa & Severence, Chas. c., Cheat.
Cook George, 220 Congress
Crockett S. 43 Bromfield
Daily U. J., Cambridge, c. Garden
Davts Richard, 31 Kingston
Dean Nathaniel, 245 Friend
Davis Richard, 31 Kingston
Dean Nathaniel, 245 Friend
Dexter Alven, Bumstead court
Dexter A. & J. H. rear 415 Wash.
Drury E. 26 Franklin (place
Fales Gro. H. 9 & 11 Van Rensselenr
Foss A. 18 Fortland
Foss & Co. T. Court
Goodale E. 475 Hanover
Gordon Amos W. 39 Paris, E. B
Gould E. 17. Harvad
Gragg Oliver, 18 West
Hackett C., Tyler, n. Curve
Harwood John N. J. Hamilton
Healey E. 201 & 243 Tremont
Holmes & Smith, 260 Hanover
Jefferds S. S. 2 West
Kent W. D. & E. R. 5 Eliot
Knights A. & Bro. 6 Fleed
Lang J. E. F. Lenner Broadway
Long J. Evener Broadway
Long J. L. L. Long J. L. Long J. L. L

Sale.

Barnard W. jr. & Bro. 185 Friend Eowers J. F. 38 Endicott Boynton P. 72 Charlestown Butter Dan'l H., Travers c. Canal Crossman Jesse, 231 Friend Dean & Burgess, Market, c. Canal Hanson J. L. Friend, c. Market Hickok & Frosser, 233 Friend Keating J. F. & Co. 71 Causeway Savage Geo. G. 504 Portland

Boarding. Cotting J. F. 79 Cansewey
Darley R. H., Northampton, near
Washington
Graves W. 32 Joy
Hale J., Sudhary, c. Hawkins
Lang J. C., F. near Broadway
Nims N. E. 22 Chardon
Place M. 19 Lancaster
Sherburoe G.W., Endicott, c.Still.
Winship A. B. 8 Lime
Wright A. L. 27 Green

Stair Bullders.

Stair Builders.

Annable D. 134 Charlest'n
Applia B. 51 Beverly
Badger Wm. F. 432 Tremont
Byrne J. 455 Themore
Harding & Palme, 35 Charlestown
Hawes Edw. W. W. 41 E. Orange
Hawes N. 1; 41 E. Orange, n. Albiny
Hogan & Wetherbee, 431 Tremont
Hunt Benjamip, 899 Washington
Jacobs Joshua & W. C. 144 Friend
Kelley John C. 13 Albion
Leach S. 485 Tremont
Locke Harvey, 142 The
District Harvey, 142 The
District Harvey, 142 The
Moore Alpheus, 29 Charlestown
Moulton G. orge, 64 Albany
Porter James, 444 Tremont
Sloan & Walker, 152 Tyler
Smith Dennis, 25 Dediam (E. B.
Smith J., Bremen, n. E. Sumner,
Smith J. Jacobs, 814 Harrison ave.
Titcomb Boht, G., Firet, near B
Whetter John D. 213 Friend

Steam & Walter Gauge.

Steam & Water Gauge.

Am. Water and Alarm Gauge Co. 6 Charlestown Ashcroft E. 11. 82 Sudbury Whiteley E. 65 Charlestown

Steam Pipe Fitter.

Boston Belting Co., Tappan, Mc-Burney & Co., agents, 37 Sum-mer (patent rubber) Norcross E. P. 28 Devonshire

Stoneware.

East Boston Pottery Company, Condor, E. B. Wells D. D. 27 Haverhill

Straw, Wool, and Palm lints.

Rice Charles & Cook, 84 Pearl

Straw Goods. [See also Millinery Goods.]

Allen, Bahcook, & Co. 35 Milk (manuf.) Carpenter, Plimpton & Co. 61 Milk Harper & Lovett, 312 Washington (Fayal)

Steam-Heating Appara-tus and Gas Pipe.

Braman, Perham & Co. 8 Charlest'n Bruman, Perham & Co. 8 Charlest'n Chubbuck S. E. & Son, Tremont Street (near Chickering & Son's pianoforte manufactory) Paul Geo. K. & Co. 64 Union Pike W. G. & Bro. 20 Haverhill Walworth J. J. & Co. 18 Devon-shire

Stucco Workers.

Avery Alden, 237 Harrison avenne Briggs & Russell, foot Chestnut Camphell Alexander, 130 Shawmut Camphell Alexander, 139 Shawmut avenue Cleary Lawrence, 25 Boylston Johnston Alexander, 2 Pleasant Kelley Philip, 31 Bromfield Kettelle Samil, var 5 Mill's Kettelle Samil, var 5 Mill's Langaga 4 n. 6 Heller Mossement) McCann Peter, 39 Portland Tobey Jas. W. 472 Treanont Tolman S. P., Kingston, Eddford Walmsley H. 299 Cambridge & 23 State

Submarine Armor.

Hale A. & Co. 23 School

Sugar Mills.

Globe Locomotive Works, First,

Sarveyors of Lumber.

Of Oak & Ship Timber. Brooks Chas. 14 Bremen
Brooks S., Saratoga, n. Merldien,
E. H. [square
Drew John B., Border, n. Central
Leavitt Gad, Webster House
Sparrell E. K. 36 Saratoge, E. B.

Of Pine Lumber.

Of Pine Lumber.

Ahhott Timothy, 21 Broadway
Bullard Francis, 206 Albany
Bullard Charles, 14 Fayette
Cross Martin II. 43 Lexington
Davis George, 7 West Brookline
Fowler Erns. J., Marginal, E. B.
Hall George, 32 Maverick
Hight Wm. T. 30 Princeton
Keith Wm. 4 Lyndehoro' piace
Lefavor John, 9 Centre, E. B.
Marston Josiah, D., c. Quincy
Milliken Thomas, 8 Dix place
Page George, 230 Fourth
Prescott B. G. 122 Lexington
Wade Shadrach, 10 Senaca
Waldron Samuel, 131 Fourth
Willett Edward, 35 Forter

Of Mahoganu and Cedar.

Of Mahogany and Cedar,

Bryant Nath'l, 31 Dover

Surveyor of Real Estate,

Wadaworth A. 74 City Exchange

Tags for Marking Goods.

Dennison E. W. 163 Washington Holland T. R. 12 School

Bradford M. L. & Co. 142 Wash. Brigham & Loker, 265 Washington

Tallors' Trimmings.

Skinner E. & Co. 26 Milk Wheelock E. W. 87 Devonshira

Taxldermists.

Gidney P. M. 54 Court Mann & Biewster, 16 Tremont

Telegraph Offices.

American Telegraph Co. 31 State Cape Ann, 31 State Cape Cod Telegraph, 31 State N.Y. & N.F. Union, 31 State Scituate, 31 State

Trunk Mukers.

Clark A. A. jr. 33 Henover
Clark A. A. jr. 33 Henover
Cummings, Rich, & Co. 84 Union
Daggett Frederick K. 6 Cross
Enster S. & Son, 31 Congress
Hohart Raiph, 28 Pieasant
Horton C. 24 Union
Horton K. jr. 73 Heren
Horton K. 14 Union
Horton K. jr. 73 Heren
Horton K. 15 Heren
Horton K. jr. 73 Heren
Horton K. jr. 73 Heren
Horton K. jr. 73 Heren
Horton K. Jr. 74 Heren
Horton
Horton K. Jr. 75 Heren
Horton

Tea Dealers.

Ten Deniers.

Adams A. H. 143 Milk
Adams, Fessenden & Co. 177 Court
Arshowe & Co. 21 Union
Bracketts & Osborn. 59 Broad
Hammer E. C. 102 Fulton (packer)
Hense G. B. 30 Union
Higgins, Flint & Co. 141 Milk
Kimball, Harris & Co. 41 Liberty sq.
McGregor James & Co. 18 Central
Roberts & Webster, 95 Blackstone
Tute R. & Co. 16 South Market
Wheeler M. 40 Fortland
Whytal Thosa. C. 198 & 694 Wash.,
110 Court, Union, c. Hanover, 39
Beach, and 17 Meridian

Thrend, Ynrus, &c.

Ahrend, Rhfus, &C.
Adam R. B. 24 Pearl
Chase & Shorey, 163 Washington
Cohn James F. 1691 Wash.
Cohn Oliver, Leveret, c. Green
Dearborn Dyson, 14 Winter.
Dix & Evons, 27 Winter
Gardner T. O. & Co. 39 Milk
Green F. A. 297 Washington
Hills Elizabeth C. 59 Beach
Morse J. C. 99 Devonshire
Richardson H. 163 Washington
Shepard E. N. 3-9 Washington
Ware E. G. jr. 9 E. Dedham
Whitney N. D. & Co. 193 Wash.

Tin Toys and Tin Ware. Lauterhach H. C. 113 Congress

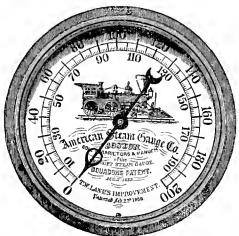
Tinsmiths & Sheet Iron Workers.

Tinsmiths & Sheet Iron Workers.

Acres George T. 263 Commercial Baxter Wm. 8-9 City Hall av.
Brown George, 150 Handauer Chaele Moses, 50, 150 Handauer Chaele Moses, 50, 150 Handauer Chaele Moses, 50 H

AMERICAN STEAM-GAUGE CO.

NO. 4 CHARLESTOWN STREET, BOSTON.



SOLE PROPRIETORS

MANUFACTURERS

BOURDON'S

PATENT

Steam-gauge,

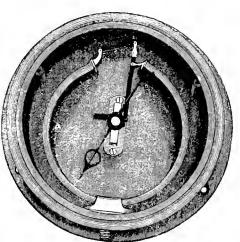
Known as the Ashcroft Gauge.

AND OF

Lane's Improvement on the Bourdon;

E. G. ALLEN'S PATENT STEAM GAUGES,

Formerly made and sold by the National Steam-Gauge Company.



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High-Pressure, Low-Pressure, Back-Pressure, Locomotive, and Vacuum

GAUGES.

OP EITHER OF THE ABOVE PATENTS.

Water-Gauges, Steam-Whistles, Gauge-Cocks, Oil-Cups, Spring Balances, &c.

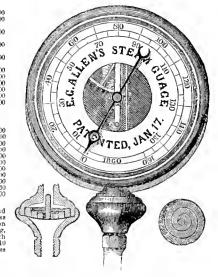
SCALE OF PRICES.

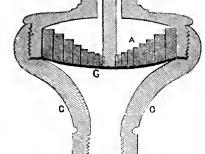
	1200	raon	•	ana	Lane's Improvemen	t.	
No.	1. Brasi	Case,	81	in. Di	al, Engraved,	\$50	00
	1.		81	**	Plaia		00
	2	44	6	64	Lane's Imp't, Locomotive,		
			•		Steamhoat, or Stationary,	25	00
	2.	**	ôž	**	Old Style, High or Low		
			•		Pressure, or Vacuum,	25	00
	3. Iron	Case,	62	**	Old Style, High or Low		
			•		Pressure, or Vacuum	22	00
	4. Brass	Case,	6	44	Old Style, High or Low		
					Pressure, or Vacuum	20	-00
	4. 5.	**	в	4.9	Lane's Imp't, Locomotive,	25	00
	5.	61	61	**	Stationary	17	00
	S. Iron	Case,	5€	.,	Old Style, Stationary,	12	00
	8. Iron	**	5		Lane's Imp't, Stationary	15	00
	7. Bras	в Сазе,	3	44	For Back Pressure, &c.,	10	00

and a second		
No. 0. Brass Case, 5] In. Dial, Stationary,	8	16 0
I. Iron Case, 5		12 0
2. " 6 " "		17 0
		20 ti
2. " 63 " Locomotive		25 0
		20.0
3. Brass Case, 81 " Engraved,		50 0
3. " 81 " Plain		40 (8
4. " 10 " Engraved		60.0
 δ. " 10 " Pressure and Vs 	cuum	70 0
6. " 131 " Pressure & Two	Vacuums, 1	20 0

A Vacuum and Pressure Gauge, Revolution Counter, and Chronometer Time-Piece, in one case, 20 luch ring, Brass Case, \$20. Two Vacuums and one Pressure Gauge, Revolution Counter, and Chronometer Time-Piece, to oce case, 20 luch ring, Brass Case, \$50. A Clock and Counter, in one case, 10 luch Dial, Brass Riso. A Clock, or Counter, separate, Brass Case, 10 luch Dial, \$80; \$3 inch Dial, Brass Case, \$70; 72 luch Dial, Brass Case, \$80.

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A is the volute Steel Spring.
B and C are the Couplings that hold the Spring.
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Possesses decided advantages over all other kinds now in use, and

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It is sold on three months' trial, and warranted to give entire satisfaction, or all the purchase-money will be refunded, upon receipt of the store. By introducing water-pipes into the store, water may be heated for hathing purposes as perfectly as by any range, and at much less cost.

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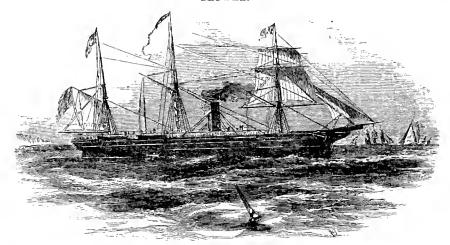
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CAPT. F. A. SAMPSON,

Will constitute a regular line between Boston and Charleston, on and after 15th June instant, leaving each port every ten days, as

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They will form a connecting line with the SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD; and goods will be forwarded to all points in the Southern and Southwestern parts of the country, by that and connecting roads, at through rates of freight, relatively as low as by

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These Steamships have been built in Boston, under special contract with this Company, and are commanded by gentlemen of well-known reputation and experience. They are constructed of iron, with water-tight compartments, in a very thorough manner, and with particular reference to strength and safety. The cabins are eight feet high (with separate ladies' cabin), are very commodious in their plan and arrangements, elegantly furnished and fitted, and offer an attractive opportunity to those who desire a short

ace passage of eighty or ninety hours.

The patronage of those engaged in the trade is solicited in behalf of this effort to establish a regular and reliable facility of communication, the necessity of which has so long been apparent, as an indispensable means of promoting the business interesta of New England and the Southern States.

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To Liverpool from Boston, 1st Cabin \$110, 2d d To Halifax from Boston, "20,"	do. \$60. To Liverpool from New York, First Cabin, \$130
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Saturday, July 14, 1860. Saturday, August 13, Wednesday, August 22, Wednesday, August 22, Saturday, August 25, Wednesday, September 1 Wednesday, October 39, Wednesday, October 17, Saturday, October 6, Wednesday, October 17, Saturday, November 2, Wednesday, October 17, Saturday, November 1, Wednesday, September 18, Saturday, December 18, Wednesday, Jacenry 9, Saturday, January 26, Wednesday, Jacenry 9, Wednesday, Jacenry 9, Wednesday, March 5, Saturday, February 9, Wednesday, March 5, Wednesday, April 31, Saturday, March 23, Wednesday, April 3, Wednesday, April 3, Saturday, March 9, Wednesday, April 3, Wednesday, April 3, Saturday, March 24, Wednesday, March 25, Wednesday, March 25, Wednesday, March 26, Wednesday, March 26, Wednesday, March 26, Wednesday, March 26, Wednesday, March 27, Wednesday, March 28, Wednesday, October 19, Wednesday, October 19, Wednesday, November 18, Wednesday, March 28, Wednesday, November 18, Wednesday, March 28, Wednesday, November 18, Wednesday, March 28, Wednesday, March 28, Wednesday, November 28, Wednesday, March 28,	1860. Saturday, July 7, 1860. Wednesday, Angust 1, 1860. Saturday, Angust 4,
Saturday, March 9, Wednesday, April 17, Saturday, April 20, Wednesday, April 17, Wednesday, April 18, Saturday, April 20, Wednesday, May 1, Saturday, May 4, Wednesday, May 18, Wednesday, Muy 18, Saturday, June 1, Wednesday, June 22, Saturday, June 15, Wednesday, July 10, Saturday, June 23, Wednesday, July 10, Saturday, July 21, Wednesday, July 11, Saturday, July 21, Wednesday, July 21, Saturday, July 21, Wednesday, July 21, Saturday, August 24, Saturday, September 7, Wednesday, September 8, Saturday, September 7, Wednesday, September 18, Saturday, September 7, Wednesday, September 8, Saturday, September 18, Saturday, October 18, Wednesday, September 18, Saturday, November 18, Saturday, November 18, Saturday, November 18, Saturday, November 18, Saturday, December 14, Wednesday, January 8, Saturday, January 11, Iss2. Saturday, January 11, Saturday, January 25, Saturday, January 25, Saturday, January 25, Saturday, January 22, Wednesday, January 22, Saturday, January 22, Saturday, March 5, Wednesday, March 5, Saturday, April 16, Saturday, April 16, Saturday, March 5, Wednesday, July 21, Saturday, July 12, Wednesday, July 23, Saturday, July 12, Wednesday, July 24, Saturday, July 12, Wednesday, July 24, Wednesday, J	T.

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BOSTON, AUGUST 1, 1860.

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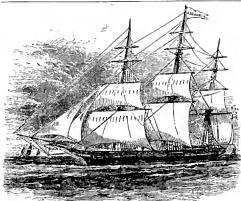


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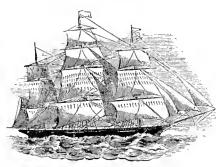
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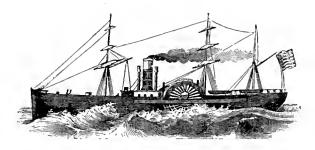
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The new Iron Steamers S. R. SPAULDING and BEN DEFORD, and the Steamer WM. JENKINS, ply regularly between the ports of Boston, Norfolk, and Baltimore, having superior accommodations both for freights and passengers. Through rates given to Richmond, City Point, Petersburg, Portsmouth, and to all the principal points on Railroads from Norfolk, and their connections in North Carolina and Tennessee, and to all points South and West via Baltimore and Ohio, and Pennsylvania Railroads.

Passage, including Staterooms and Meals, \$12.

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NORWICH STEAMBOAT LINE.

INLAND ROUTE FOR NEW YORK.



Cars leave Boston & Worcester Railroad Station, Albany St., at 5.30 P.M., daily (Sundays excepted), for Steamer

CONNECTICUT, Capt. Wm. Wilcox, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

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Making sure connections with Railroads South and West. Conductors accompany passengers through to New York, Tickets, Berths, and Staterooms, and THROUGH TICKETS for all the principal places South and Southwest secured at the Railroad Station, and at the office of the Adams Express Co., 84 Washington Street.

For Fall and Winter Arrangements, see Daily Papers and Railway Guides.

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Cars leave BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE RAILROAD, Boston, DAILY (Sundays excepted),

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Connecting at Stonington with Steamers PLYMOUTH ROCK, Capt. STONE, or COMMONWEALTH, Capt. WILLIAMS, for NEW YORK, landing at Fier 18, foot of Courtlandt Street,—connecting with all the Railroads South and West, and Hudson River Boats.

Leave NEW YORK Daily (Sundaya excepted), for Newport, Providence, Taunton, New Bedford, and arriving in BOSTON about 5.30 A. M., in time for trains for the East, the Canadas, and the White Mountains, and all places for pleasure as well as business travellers, and giving passengers time for breakfast in Boston.

The Alexander accompanies the Passengers' Baggage between Boston and New York.

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AND FROM NEW YORK, VIA FALL RIVER AND NEWPORT.

THE FIRST-CLASS STEAMERS,

METROPOLIS.

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Cars leave the OLD COLONY AND FALL RIVER RAILROAD DEPOT, corner of South and Kneetand Streets, EVERY HAY (Sandays excepted), at 5.30, P. M., connecting with the above Steamers at Fait River.

Passengers by this Route can take the 4.45, P. M., Express Train, and arrive in Fall Biver one hour before the Steamhoat Train, giving time to secure State-Rooms, and make other preparations for the passage. This Line has a decided advantage over all others; being much less of railroad—ooly 5.8 miles, occupying only one hour and forty-five minutes, arriving at Fall River at 6.55, P. M. Passengers then immediately go on hoard one of the elegant and commodious Steamers, suppera being served to all who wish soon after getting on hoard, and arrive at Newport about 8, P. M., only three hours from Boston, giving passengers a fine view of the river and larbor of Newport. They then have a good night's rest, and arrive in New York early the following morning, refreshed and ready for the duties of the day, as much as though they had remained at their own homes. This is admitted by all as the most desirable route for comfort and case between Boston and New York.

This Line also connects with all the Southern and Western Bouts and Roads from New York, going West South, and South-West

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THE BOATS OF THIS LINE LEAVE PIER No. 3, NORTH RIVER, NEW YORK, AT 5 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

For BOSTON, EVERY DAY, except Sundays, stopping at Newport, and connecting with the Old Colony and Fall River Railroad at Fall River. Ample time will be given to take breakfast on heard the Eost, leaving on the 8 train and arriving in Boston at 9.50; connecting with the Roston and Maine Italianced, the Cocheco Rallroad, at Dover, N. It., and the Steamer Lovie at Alton Bay, through Lake Winnipiseegee to Centre Harbor, thence by Stage to the White Mountains. It also connects with the Grand Trunk Railroad, at Pertland, Mer., Island Frend. Gorbam, and the White Mountains, via Boston and Maine and Eastern Railroads, and Portland Boats, and by the Eastern Boats for the Kennebec and Penobscot rivers

Also, by Steamers ADMIRAL and EASTERN City for St. John, N. B., Eastport, and Calais.

Tickets, State-Rooms, and Berths secured at No. 11 State Street, and at the Depot, corner of South and Kneeland Streets, Boston.

Tickets, State-Rooms, and Berths secured at No. A Baggage-Master accompanies the passengers through.

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BOSTON, HINGHAM, AND HULL.

STEAMER



NANTASKET,

A. L. ROUELL, Captain,

Leaves Liverpool Wharf, Boston, three times a day from June 15 to September 15, and the remainder of the season once a day.

FARE, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS EACH WAY.

N. B. — This Steamer on her trips is constantly passing among the Islands, and in view of the Fortifications, in Boston Harbor; and strangers visiting Boston should not fail to take this delightful trip.

FOR NAHANT,

(LANDING AT LONG ISLAND,)

FROM END OF LONG WHARF.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE SEASON.

THE FAVORITE STAUNCH AND FAST STEAMER

NELLY



BAKER,

Capt. A. W. CALDEN,

WILL MAKE THREE TRIPS A DAY BETWEEN BOSTON AND NAHANT, AS FOLLOWS:

Leave LONG WHARF, BOSTON, at 91-2 A. M., 21-2 and 61-2 P. M. Leave Nahant at 8 and 11 A. M., and 5 P. M.

FARE, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

SUNDAYS, -Leave Boston at 10 1-2 A.M., 2 1-2 and 6 1-2 P.M. Leave Nahant at 9 A.M., 12 M., and 5 P.M. FARE, FIFTY CENTS EACH WAY.

The Boat connects at Nahant with Coaches for Lynn. THROUGH TICKETS, 40 CENTS. Excursion and Picnic Parties accommodated upon liberal terms. First-class Yachts and Sail Boats can always be had of Capt. Joseph Johnson. Nahant Wharf, at moderate rates. Private Cottages, upon Nahant House Grounds, assigned for exclusive use of Excursion Parties. Refreshment Saloon, Bowling Alleys, Billiard Room, and Shooting Gallery, open at all hours.

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Incorporated, June, 1831; opened for travel, July, 1834.

OFFICERS.

GINERY TWICHELL, President. [Office at Depot.] E. B. PHILLIPS, Superintendent. [Office at Depot.] E. S. PHILBRICK, Assistant Supt. and Engineer. [Office at Depot.] GEO. S. HALE, Clerk and Solicitor. [Office, 4 Court Street.] DAVID WILDER, Jr., Auditor. HORACE WILLIAMS, Treasurer. [Office at Depot.] [Office at Depot.]

DIRECTORS.

GINERY TWICHELL. DANIEL DENNY. NATHANIEL HAMMOND. B. F. WHITE. EMORY WASHBURN. ISRAEL LOMBARD.

ISAAC EMERY. PETER T. HOMER. D. WALDO LINCOLN.

BOSTON AND WORCESTER RAILROAD.

TARIFF. - SINGLE, PACKAGE, AND SEASON TICKETS.

WORCESTER TRAINS.

Between Boston and	Single '	TICKETS.	SEASON TICKETS.	BETWEEN BOSTON AND	SINGLE	Тіскитэ.	SEASON TICKETS
DETWEEN DOSION AND	1st Class. 2d Class.		3 Months.	DETWEEN BOSTON AND	1st Class.	2d Class.	3 Months.
Brighton, Newton Corner, Weat Newton, Grantville, West Needham, Natick, Saxonville, East Holliston, Holliston, Metcalf'a, Bragg'a, Milford,	25 30 40 45 55 65 75 80 85 90	15 20 25 35 40 50 65 75 80 85 90 100	\$16 00 18 00 20 00 20 00 21 00 25 00 27 00 33 00 31 00 36 00	Framingham, Ashlaod Cordarille, Southboro', Westboro', Grafton, Milibury, Worester, Framingham Centre, Fayville, Southboro' Centre, Marlboro', Northboro',	75 85 85 95 115 130 135 75 85 85	60 70 80 80 90 110 125 125 75 85 85	\$30 00 33 00 34 00 35 00 36 00 37 00 38 00 38 00 38 00 39 00 30 00 30 00 31 00 32 00 33 00 34 00 35 00

SPECIAL TRAINS.

Newton and Sax	onville	Train	18.	Brookline Branch Trains.				
BETWEEN BOSTON AND Single Packages SEASON TICKE Tickets, for \$3.00. 3 Months.				BETWEEN BOSTON AND		Packages for \$3.00.	SEASON TICKETS*	
Cottage Farm, Cambridge Crossing, Brighton, Newron Corner, Newtonville,	15 15 20 25	36 30 30 20 18	\$11 00 12 50 13 50 15 00 16 50	Milldam,, Longwood,, Brookline,	10 10	36 36 36	\$11 00 11 00 11 00	
West Newton, Auburndale, Riverside, Lower Falls,	28 30 20	16 15 14 12	17 50 18 00 18 00 19 00			::		

Season Tickets are sold subject to the following Rules and Conditions, which form part of the Contract of Sale.

All Tickets will be made to terminate on the last day of March, June, September, and December. They must in all cases be prepaid.

For not exceeding ONE month, 50 per cent of quarterly rates. For over one, and not exceeding TWO months, 75 per cent of quarterly rates. For over two, and less than THREE months, same as three. For over three, and less than TWELVE months, quarterly rates. For TWELVE months,

10 per cent discount from quarterly rates. Season Tickets are not transferable. No allowance made for absence or non-usance.

Persons passing over the road without a Ticket are liable to a penalty; they also forfeit their claim to a Season Ticket.

Persons under eighteen years of age, whose sols business is to acquire an aducation, will be furnished with a Scholar's Ticket, to be used for that object only, at 60 per cent the above quarterly rates.

Holders of Season Tickets must present their Tickets for inspection, when so required by the Conductors, or pay the regular fare in the train, which will not be refunded.

Season Tickets are subject to the general regulations of the road, and do not cuttle the holder to carry with him any thing but his own personal baggage.

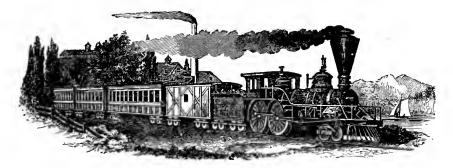
N. B. — The Corporation is not bound to advise season tickst holders of the expiration of their tickets.

E. B. PHILLIPS, SUPT.

FOR

NEW YORK AND ALBANY.

THROUGH IN EIGHT HOURS.



BY EXPRESS MAIL TRAINS,

WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS,

VIA

WORCESTER AND SPRINGFIELD.

Leave Boston and Worcester Railroad Station, Albany Street, for New York, at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.

For Albany, at 6 and 9 a.m., and 1.30 and 3 p. m.

New York Passengers by 9 a. m. Train are due in New York at 4.45 p. m.; those by 3 p. m. Train sup at Springfield, and are due in New York at 11.10 p m.

Albany Passengers dine and sup at Springfield, and are due in Albany at 3.30, 4.30, 1050 p. m.

EVENING TRAINS leave Albany for Niagara Falls, Buffalo, and the West at 5 and 11.15 p. m. Also for New York, via Norwich, by Steamers C. Vanderbilt or Connecticut, daily (Sundays excepted), at 5.30 p. m.

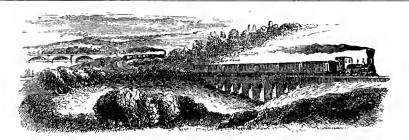
New York Sunday Mail Train at 6.30 P. M.

Tickets for the West and for New York, via Springfield, obtained at the Office of Boston and Worcester and Western Railroad, No. 19 State Street; and for New York, via Norwich, at 84 Washington Street; and for all routes at the Ticket Office of Boston and Worcester Railroad, Albany Street, Boston.

For Fall and Winter Arrangements, see Daily Papers and Railway Guides.

E. B. PHILLIPS,

Supt. Boston & Worcester Railroad.



NEW YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

The Best and Most Comfortable Route to the West. Baggage Checked Through to all Principal Places.

Through Tickets, Freight Contracts, and Reliable Information to be had at

15 STATE STREET.

BOSTON.

O. W. ABBOTT,

Freight Agent.

JOHN S. DUNLAP,

New England Agent.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD LINE.

The Surest, Quickest, and Safest Route from the East to the West, and from West to the East.

CHANGES ALL MADE IN UNION DEPOTS.

Baggage Checked to Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, and all Principal Points in the Great West.

As a Freight Line this has no superior, with less transhipments and quicker dispatch than any other line For Through Tickets, Freight Contracts, and reliable information, apply at the Company's office,

BASEMENT OLD STATE HOUSE,

Head of State Street, Boston.

GEO. O. BRASTOW,

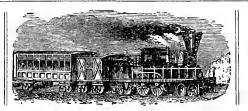
H. W. KEYES,

Freight Agent.

Passenger Agent.

BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE RAILROAD.

Passenger and Freight Stations, on Pleasant, opposite Eliot Street, Boston.



Incorporated,

1830.

Opened for Travel.

1835.

OFFICERS.

CHARLES H. WARREN, President. [Office, Passenger Station.]

D. NASON, Supt. [Office, Passenger Station.] H. DALTON, Treas. [Office, Passenger Station.]
EDWARD PICKERING, Clerk. [Office, 20 Merchants' Exchange.]

DIRECTORS.

WILLIAM APPLETON. JOSEPH GRINNELL.
JOHN BARSTOW. SAMUEL T. DANA.

GEO. W. HALLETT. J. HUNTINGTON WOLCOTT.

from

cars

Supt.

NASON,

å

SEASON TICKETS.

BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE RAILROAD.

PASSENGER TRAINS,

In Summer, leave Boston and Providence three times every day, stopping at way stations. In addition, the New York STEAMBOAT TRAIN leaves Boston every evening

Shore Line Express Train via Providence, Stonington, New London, and New Haven, to New York, — running time eight hours. By this route, passengers are transported through, without change of cars. See advertisement in the daily papers for further particulars.

A STEAMBOAT

Leaves New Bedford Mondays and Saturdays at 2 P. M, and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 11 A. M., for Wood's Hole, Holmes's Hole, and Edgartown.

Usual time of passage from Boston to Edgartown, 4¼ hours. Distance, 85 miles.

RATES OF FREIGHT.

Fron 9 to 15 cents per 100 lbs.

Stations.	Miles.	Fares.	For 3 mes. only.
Boston,			
Rosbury,		··· \$0 10	\$7 (0
Boylston,			9 00
Jamaica Plain, · ·			9 00
Forest Hill,	41		10 00
Monterey,	61		12 00
Hyde Park,	61		12 00
Readville,	81	-0111	14 00
Green Lodge,	112		19 00
Canton,			19 00
Sharon,	174		23 00
Foxboro',	\cdots $21\frac{1}{4}$ \cdots		28 00
Mansfield,			28 00
West Mansfield,			35 00
Attleboro',	31		
Dodgeville,	321		
Ea.Junct. & Heb			42 00
Pawtucket,			47 00
Provideoce,			47.00
Frovideoce,	**** 403	1 00	47 00
DEDE	AM BRAN	CH.	
Boston,		. •	
Roxbury,		···· \$0 10	o= 00
Boylston St		10	\$7.00
Jamaica Plain, .	···· 31 ····	j ö	9 00
Junction,		12	9 00
South Street,			10 00
Central,		18	12 00
Highland,			
West Roxbury		50	14 00
Dedham,			14 00
1 '	-		16 00
STOUGHT	CON BRAN	CH.	
Roxbury,	2	•••• \$0 10	
Boylston St.,			
Jamaica Plaiu, ·	ğı		
Forest Hill,			
Mouat Hope,			
Monterey,	61		
llyde Park, ····	71		
Readville,	81		
Green Lodge,			
Chatan		45	

SEASON TICKETS

or before the last day of the term. issued for three months only, commencing with the first day vance. Passengers are requested to give them up on

They are not transferable. No allowance will be made to owner of ticket for disuse of any personal cause, or for discontinuance of trains or change in the time of running them.

any time to show their tickets on of all who fail be refunded will not to collect full fare have been equest to that

Nortoa, 28 Craue's, 31

Taunton, 36 ...
My rick'a, 41 ...
Howland'a, 48 ...
Slab Bridge, 51 ...
New Bedford, 55 ...

NEW BEDFORD AND TAUNTON BRANCH RAILROADS. Boston to

Mansfield, 24 \$0 85

OLD COLONY & FALL RIVER RAILROAD.

Depot,
Kneeland Street,
corner of
South Street,
Boston.



opened for Travel, November, 1845.

OFFICERS.

ALEXANDER HOLMES, President.

[Office at Passenger Station]

JOHN M. WASHBURN, Treasurer.

[Office at Passenger Station.]

JAMES H. BEAL, Clerk.
[Office, 66 State Street.]

JOSEPH S. BEAL, Auditor.

[Office at Passenger Station.]

DIRECTORS.

ALEXANDER HOLMES. FRANCIS B. CROWNINSHIELD.

RICHARD BORDEN.
PETER H. PEIRCE.
WILLIAM J. WALKER.

C. C. GILBERT.
JAMES H. BEAL.

OLD COLONY AND FALL RIVER RAILROAD.

ED OVE DOOMON TO	1	1	6 1	ASON TIOLET	ra.	FROM BOSTON TO	'			EASON TICKET	rs.
FROM BOSTON TO	MILES.	FARES.	1 Year.	6 Months.	3 Months.	FROM BOSION 10	MILES.	FARES.	1 Year.	6 Months.	8 Months.
avin Hill,	3	80 10	\$40.00	\$24.00	814 00	Kingston,	331/	21 10	\$ 125 00	\$75 00	844 00
Iarrison Square,	4	12	45 00	27 00	16 00	· Plymouth,		1 20	135 00	81 00	47 00
eponset,	. 5	15	50 00	30 00	18 00	East Bridgewater,	25	80	100 00	60 00	35 00
ranite Bridge	616	15	57 50	32 00	18 00	Randolph	15	45	72 00	42 00	25 00
filton Lower Mills,	73%	20	60 00	33 00	19 00	East Stoughton	163/	50	75 00	45 00	26 00
lattapen,	834	20	62 50	35 00	21 00	North Bridgewater,	2032	65	85 00	51 00	30 00
forth Quincy,	51%	18	55 00	83 00	19.00	Campello,	213/	70	90 00	54 00	32 00
Vollaston,	61%	22	60 00	35 00	20 00	Keith's,	25%	75	98 00	58 00	34 00
uincy,	8	25	63 00	38 00	22 00	East and West Bridgewater	25	80	100.00	60.00	35 00
fraintree,	1034	30	65 00	39 00	23 00	Bridgewater,	27	85	105 00	63 00	37 00
onth Braintree,	11%	35	70.00	42 00	24 00	Titicut,	3034	1 00	1t0 00	66 00	38 00
outh Weymouth,	15	50	77 00	46 00	27 00	Middleboro',	3432	1 10	120 00	72 00	42 00
orth Abington	38	60	85 00	51 00	30 00	Haskins's,	369%	1 10	125 00	75 00	44 00
Abington,	19%	65	50.00	54 00	32 00	Myrick's,	42	1 20	125 00	75 00	44 00
outh Abington,	21	70	95 00	57 00	33 00	Assonet,	45	1 30	130 00	78 00	45 00
orth Hanson,	23	75	100 00	60 00	35 00	Terry's,	473/	1 35	185 00	81 00	47 00
lanson,	2434	80	105 00	63 00	37 00	Somerset	48%	1 40	135 00	81.00	47 00
ialifax,	283%	90	110 00	66 00	38 00	Miller's,	5032	1 50	135 00	81.00	47.00
lympton	30	1 1 00	120 00	72 00	42.00	Fell River	598/	1.50	140.00	84.00	49.0

SEASON TICKETS via Branch and Main Line, either way, from Bridgewater and East Bridgewater, \$105 a year; \$63 six months; \$37 three months, Scholars and Children under 14 years of age, half price; between 15 and 18 years, three-quarters of the above prices.

Connects at Braintree with South Shore Rallroad; at Middleboro' with Caps Cod Railroad for Yarmouth, Hyannis, and Nantucket. Also with Fairhaven Branch Railroad for New Bedford and Fairhaven; at Myrick's with New Bedford and Taunton Railroad; and at Fall River with steamers "Metropolis," "Bay State," and "Empire State," for Newport and New York.

SCENERY.

It cannot be desired that the scenery on every section of this route is unsurpassed. The surface of the country for the first ten miles is beautifully variegated, presenting a continual succession of picturesque views of the country, the city, and the sea. Its bill-tops and valleys are decked with a plendid dwellings and tasteful cottages, and nowhere can be found the union of town and country more complets.

RESIDENCES.

Dorchester, Milton, and Quincy afford locations for some of the most delightful and healthy residences. Savin Hill, Harrison Square, and Neponset, from their proximity to the city, and their attractive scenery, have become favorite places of residence.

PLYMOUTH

Presents great inducements for individuals seeking health or pleasure. The Samoset House furnishes excellent accommodations; then there are Plymouth Rock, Pligrim Hall, and the graves of the Forefathers, calculated to awaken pleasant recollections. The numerous ponds in the vicinity of the village afford good fishing, and the beach and roads through the woods are delightful places for a drive.

ATTRACTIONS.

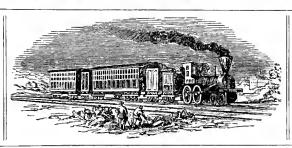
An occasional ride in the cars as far as Beaintree will amply repay one for the trifling sum exacted for farc. In passing through the village of Quincy, the vecerated mansion of the "Elder Adams," and afterwards the residence of the "Old Man Eloquent," can be seen.

BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Passenger Station

Haymarket Square,

Boston.



Opened for Travel to

Andover, 1836;

Dover, N. H., 1841;

S. Berwick, Me., 1843.

OFFICERS.

H. B. WILBUR, Treasurer. [Office at Passenger Station.]

FRANCIS COGSWELL, President. [Office at Passeng r Station.]

WILLIAM MERRITT, Supt. [Office at Passenger Station.]

JAS. C. MERRILL, Clerk.

[Office, 39 Cou t Street.]

JOHN S. EATON, General Ticket Clerk. [Office at Passenger Station.]

DIRECTORS.

FRANCIS COGSWELL (Andover). JAMES H. DUNCAN (Haverhill).

PETER T. HOMER (Boston). DANIEL M. CHRISTIE (Dover). HENRY SALTONSTALL (Salem).

G. W. KITTREDGE (Newmarket). ISRAEL M. SPELLMAN (Camb'ge).

MAINE RAILROAD TARIFF. BOSTON AND

		ı	SEASON TICKSTS.	1		1	DEASON TRUKETS.	l .
STATIONS.	MILES.	FARES.	Per Quarter.	STATIONS.	MILUS.	FARES.	Per Quarter.	
morrillo	9	#0.0s	48.95	Newton	41	41.15	\$30.00	
edford	5	10	11 00	East Kingston				In both Winter and Sum-
alden,	5	12	11 00	Exeter	50	1 35	32 25	
elrose,	7			S. Newmarket,	54	1 45		mer, Trains usually leave
oneham,	8		13 25	P. & C. Junction	55			Boston ou the main road
reen wood,	9		14 00	Newmarket,				boston ou the main road
uth Reading			15 00	Durham	62			twenty-five times a day, and
ading			10 20	Daves				twenty-nite times a day, and
ilmington Inoc.				Somersworth				arrive as often, at various
llard vale		60		Great Falls	74		35 75	
dover	23	65	22 50	Salmon Falls	74	1 90	35 75	hours between 6 o'clock, A.
wrence,				S. Berwick Junc			35 75	
orth Audover	28			North Berwick,				M., and 10 o'clock, P. M.
adford								
verbill,	33				88			
Κ1030Ω,	37			Doubles d				
	merville,	merville, 2 2dford, 5 tiden, 5 1rose, 7 non-ham, 8 een-wood, 12 ilmington, 15 ilmington Juce, 11 llardvale, 21 dover, 23 weenle, 26 orth Audover, 28 adford, 33 verbill, 33 kinson, 37	merville, 2 2 \$0 05 2 dford, 5 10 05 40 2 12 15 2 15 05 2 12 15 05 2 1	### Per Quarter. ### Per Quar	### TATIONS. #### Per Quarter. STATIONS. ### STATIONS. #	### ACTIONS. #### Per Quarter. STATIONS. ####################################	STATIONS	RTATIONS

All Quarterly Tickets terminate on the last days of February, May, August, and November.

Medford Branch Railroad. - Trains run to and from Medford, a distance of five miles, eight times a day each way. Fare 10 ceets, or 12

Medford Branch Railroad. — Trains run to and from Medford, a distance of five miles, eight times a day each way. Fare 10 eeots, or 12 Tickets for \$1. Time, 15 minories. Season Tickets, \$11 per quarter. This is beautiful village, and a desirable place for summer residence.

Advantages of a Residence on this Route. — Somerville, Medford, Maiden, Melrose, South Reading, and Realing, towns within the range of the special as well as the longer trains, possess many advantages for country residences, either through the warm season or the whole year, not exceeded by those of any other towns in the vicinity of Boston. The cheapness of the fare, the number of trains, both early and late, in connection with the convenient depot at Boston, reader this railroad a desirable channel of intercourse between the city and country. That the alvantages of these places are appreciated, is evident from the increasing demand for residences on this route, the demand for house-lots, and the staady rise in the value of the land.

Five Railroad Routes to the White Mountains, by the way of Boston & Maine Railroad.

NORTHERN ROUTES.

Route by way of Lawrence, Manchester, and Concord, N. H.; Boston, Concord, & Montreal R. R. to the "Weirs;" thence by Steambost to Centre Harbor; thence by Stages to "Crawford's," &c., or by Railroad to Plymouth and Littleton; thence by Stages to "Flume House," &c. Care leave Boston at 1.30 A. M., for Plymouth, Littleton, "Flume House," &c. Also, at 12 M., for Centre Harbor, Plymouth, &c.
Also, via Northern, and Connectiont & Passumpele R. R. to Wells River; then e via White Mountains R. R. to Littleton; thence by Stages to Fran-

conia, "Faybian's," &c. Cars leave Boston at 7.30 A. M., for Barton, St. Johnsbury, Franconia, Littleton, &c., direct

EASTERN ROUTES.

Route by Haverhill, Exeter, and Dover, N. H.; thence by Cocheco Railroad to Alton Bay; thence by Steamer "Dover" to Wolfborough and Centre Harbor; thence by Stege to Conway, White Mountains, &c., direct. Cars leave Boston at 7:30 A. M., 12 M., direct, and 3 P. M. for Alton Bay.

Route by Haverhill, Exeter, and Great Falls, N. H.; thence by Great Falls & Conway R. R. to Union Village, N. H.; thence by Stages to Ossipee, Conway, &c. Cars leave Boston at 7:30 A. M. and 3 P. M., for Union Village.

Route by way of Lawrence, Exeter, and Dover, N. H., and Portland, Ma.; thence by Grand Trunk Railway to Gorham, N. H., near the base of Mt. Washington. Cars leave Boston at 7:30 A. M. for Gorham, N. H., Montreal, and Quebec, direct; and at 7:30 A. M., 3 and 5° P. M. for Portland.

Tickets for all the above Rontes, over the Boston & Maine Railroad, which is the only Railroad leading to all the White Mountain Routes may be had at the Boston & Maine Railroad Depot, in Haymarket Square, Boston. Also, Tickets for Stations on the above Railroads, for the Vermont Central and Ogdensburg Railroads, for Montreal, Ningara Falls, and places on Lakes Ontario, Erie, and Michigan.

WILLIAM MERRITT, SUPT. B. & M. R. R.

. This Train runs on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, to connect with Steamer "Daniel Webster" for Bangor, during the summer months.

AGENTS.

Allen & Weltch, 129 State
Bartlett C. L. 16 Broad
Bates E. C. & 1. G. 39 State
Brewer C. H. 83 State
Chandler E. B. 70 Washington
Clark Wm. B. 54 Kilby
Faxon F. G. 54 Kilby
Ferris John, 10 North Market
Galligher James, South, c. Beach
Goodwin W., Lincoln's whar!
Haselline Wm. B. 13 Foster's wf.
Hocking John, 35 State
Keyes Branin W. basement Old
State House
Kidder G. 65 State
Kidder G. 65 State
Kidder G. 65 State
Kidwar G. 65 State
Lawrence & Hyan, 4 Broad
Lynde L. T. 127 Commercial

GENTS.

| Mayo H., opp. 6 Central wharf Mills James, 19 State
Mills L. 5 State
| Mills L. 5 State |
| Phillips I. C. 6 Devonshire |
| Place J. H. 31 State |
| Potter Moses, 77 Wesh. |
| Presby John O. 15 State |
| Bandall P. K. 21 State |
| Ray M. L. 2 Albany |
| Richardson L. D. 6 Devonshire |
| Ryan E. 2 Albany |
| Richardson L. d. 6 Devonshire |
| Ryan E. 2 Albany |
| Sampson E., end Central wharf |
| Shiverick Geo. Il State |
| Southwick J. H. 15 State |
| Spatch Julius 2 Albany |
| Stone Nathaniel, 13 Foster'a whf. |
| Wesk Wun. end Central wharf |
| Wilder J. M. 86 State |
| Wilder J. Wilder J. Wilder |

RAILROADS BUNNING FROM BOSTON.

RAILROADS RUNNING FROM BOSTON.

Boston and Lowell Railroad—Passeuger Station, Causeway, corner Audover; Freight Station, foot of Lowell street, Boston. F. B. Crowninshield, President. Office, 5 Tremont st. Thomas G. Sfevenson, Cashier, Office 5 Tremont st. Geo. Stark, Manager, and John B. Winslow, Supt. of B. & L. and Nashua & Lowell K. R., Officer at station. Chosen 1st Wednesday in January.

Boston and Mana Railroad—Station in Haymon. Horse B. Wilbox, F. Boston, Railroad, Station and Mana Railroad. Railroad—Passenger and Freight Stations, on Pleasant, opposite Eliot street, Boston. Chas. II. Warren, President, Office passenger station. Daniel Nason, Superintendent, Office passenger station. Henry Dailton, Treasurer, Office passenger station. Eloward Fickering, Clerk, Office 20 Merchants Exchange.

Boston and Worcester Railroad—Passenger, Office assenger station. Edward Fickering, Clerk, Office 20 Merchants Exchange.

Boston and Worcester Railroad—Station, corner of Lincoln and Beach streets, Boston. Ginery Twichell, President. E. B. Phillips, Superintendent, Horace Williams, Tressurer, Office at Station, David Wilder, Jr., Auditor, Office at the station. E. S. Phillips, Superintendent, Horace Williams, Tressurer, Office at Bowy, proper and Superintendent and Engineer. Chosen List Wednesday in February. Boston. Frieght—Fassenger Station. Causewed, pp. Bayme, President. John B. Parker, Tressurer, Office 15 Phamix Building, Jeremish Prescott, Supit, Office atstation. Frieght station at Charlestown. J. J. Switt, President. W. B. Steams, Superintendent, Office at passenger station. M. D. Benson, Treasurer and Clerk, Office at passenger station. Chosen last Tuesday in January.

Other Railroads Having Office Station, Fressurer, Office at passenger station. Treasurer, Office at passenger station. These of the Station of Causeway and Haverhill, and extension of Beverly street. Freight station, Cove st., Boston, Alexander Holmes, Fresident. John M. Washburn, Treasurer, Office at passenger station. Chosen last Thursday

OTHER RAILROADS HAVING OFFICES IN BOSTON.

Buffalo, Bayou, Brozos and Colorado Railroad-John Angier, Tress.,

OTHER RAILROADS HAVING OFFICES IN BOSTON.

Buffalo, Eapon, Brozos and Colorado Railroad—John Angier, Treas., 34 School.

Burlington & Missouri River Railroad Co.—48 City Exchange. John N. Denison, Secretary and Treosurer.

Cheshire Railroad—From South Ashburnham, through Keene, to Bellows Falls. Office 55 State st. Thomas Thacher, President. F. W. Everett, Treasurer. Chosen 2d Wednesday in May.

Concord Roilroad, N. H.—From Nashua to Concord, N. H. Office 7
Merchants Exchange, Hoston. N. G. Upham, President. N. P. Lovering, Treasurer.

Connecticul & Pussumpsic Rivers Railroad—From White River June., Vt., to the Canada line. Office No. 7 Merchants Exchange, Boston. Henry Keyes, Newhury, Vt., President. N. P. Lovering, Treasurer.

Chosen in July.

Grand Junction Railroad—Office 13 Exchange street, Boston. David Kimball, Fres. Geo. W. Gordon, Treasurer. Chosen in May.

Grand Junction Railroad—Office 13 Exchange street, Boston. David Kimball, Fres. Geo. W. Gordon, Treasurer. Chosen in May.

Hambool & St. Joseph Railroad—B. S. Watson, Treas. of the Fiscal Agency, 45 City Exchange.

Lacad Clerk, 56 Merchants Exchange.

Michigan Centual Raivaad—J. W. Brooks, President. Isaac Livermore, Treasurer, 34 City Exchange. Chosen in June.

Middleborough and Tavanton Railroad—J. B. Tobey, President. Edward Pickering, Clerk and Treasurer, 8 Merchants Exchange.

Northern Railroad—Grom North Braintree to Cohasset. Office, 254

State street. Wm. Humphrey, President. Samuel Eldridge, Treasurer, 7 Niles Block.

Tamion Eranda Railroad—John M. Glidden, President. Edward Pickering, Clerk and Treasurer, Thesident. Edward Pickering, Clerk and Treasurer, 50 Repeated. Samuel Eldridge, Treasurer, 7 Niles Block.

Tamion Eranda Railroad—W. A. Crocker, President. Edward Pickering, Clerk and Treasurer, Office 6 Merchanis Exchange.

Vermont and Canada Railroad—Lucius B. Peck, President. Glice, 254 State street. Wm. Humphrey, President. Gliman Davis, Treasurer, 10 Repeated Messachusetts Ruilroad—From Fitchburg to Brattleboro'.

Vermont and Canada

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Dorchester. — Yom Broad, c. State St., to Dorchester, Millon, Wash-

Broadway-From Summer Street to South Boston.

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BUNNING WITHIN THE CITY. Concord St. to foot of State St.
Dover St. to Charlestown Bridge.
Chelsea Ferry to Scollay's Build.
Dover Street to Lowell and Eastern Depots.
East Boston, from Eliot and 56
Court Street.

FROM BOSTON TO

Grove Hall, — Scollay's Bullding.
Somervelle (Spring Hill), — Scollay's Building, Court Street.

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lexandria	Mercantile whf.	Lubec	T wharf
ustralis	India wharf	Mobile	Long wharf
ustralia	Commercial whf.	Mobile	Rowe's & Com'l
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taltimore	Balt, Packet pier	New Bedford	India street
Raltimore	End Central whf.	Newburyport	N. side Cent'l wf.
Raltimore	East. Packet pier	New Haven	India street
Bangor	N. side Cent'l wf.	New Orlcane	L'g & Rowe's wf.
Bangor	Packard's wharf	New Orleans	Commercial whf.
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Belfast	City whert	New York	Mercantile whf.
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astine	Mercantile wf.	Plymouth	Long wharf
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Charleston Charleston	Lewis wharf	Portsmouth	N. side Cent'l wf.
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Inlifux	Fort Hill wharf	St. John's, N. F.	Packard's whi.
Iallowell	T wharf	Troy	Long whuri
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Kennebunk	.T wherf	Wellfleet	East. Packet picr
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Bradfurd C. R. 103 Hanover Eldredge John F. 42 Milk Flint J. S. 36 Court Fowle C. L. & Co. 282 Washington Homer Win. P. 50 Federal Horkeimer W., Norfolk place, opp. Adams House Kimball C. M. 631 Washington Mardea G. H. over City Scales, Haymarket sq. (manufr.) Marden & Hartshorn, 164 Court Suares M. S. 469 Washington Wieczorek Hugo, 18 Avery

Yankee Notions.

Beebe James M. & Co. 60 Franklin

Yeast Powder.

Preston & Merrill, 57 Purchase

LILLIE'S PATENT

WROUGHT AND CHILLED IRON SAFES.

IMPROVED PATENT LOCK.



Over 40 of these Safes in New York City Banks.





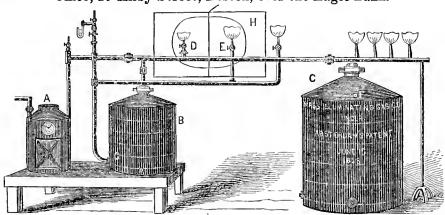
presenting a portion of Chilled Iron left out, to show Wrought Iron Bars.

SCALES. IMPROVED STANDARD HOWE'S

FRANK E. HOWE, 203 Broadway, N. Y.; LINDSAY I. HOWE, 140 Congress St., Boston.

MASSACHUSETTS ILLUMINATING GAS COMPANY,

Office, 16 Kilby Street, Boston, over the Eagle Bank.



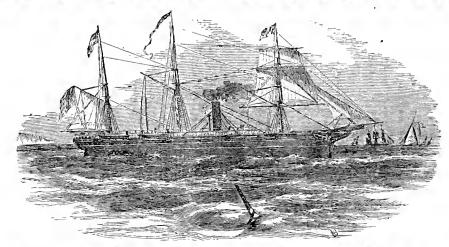
This Company is owner of ABSTERDAM'S PROCESS FOR ADDING CARBON TO COMMON COAL GAS, for the State of Massachusetts, gives notice to all consumers that this improvement gives
more light, brilliant, steady, without flickering, with a saving of one half the quantity, thus reducing the expense of
gas fifty per ceat. This Company place their APPARATUS into all establishments, and furnish the materials and labor
at their nom expense, and receive as their only compensation one half the savings. Families and others consuming from
\$50 to \$200 per annum, can make special contracts for any term of time without a division of savings. The same
advantages are offered to large consumers.

The plate above is a prospective elevation of the APPARATUS.

A, gas proof meter; B, apparatus; C, larger size apparatus; D, burner consuming three cubic feet per hour; E, a burner consuming six cubic feet per hour; F, inlet for the carbon oil twice a year; G, inlet of gas to the apparatus (partaking of the vapors of
the oil) to the burners; H is the photometer. This arrangement demonstrates that the light from a three-foot hurner of carbonized
gas gives much more light than a six-foot burner which consumes double the quantity of common coal gas. The introduction of
this improvement of gos throughout the state will be of great advantage to consumers, and eventually benefit the present gas companies, extending as it will the number of consumers, it being an acknowledged fact, that this improvement in coal gas makes the
use of coal gas more convenient and more economical than all other known modes of illumination, and must increase coal gas
companies in every town.

PROOF OF SAVINO. — Every consumer can tell the quantity of gas he now uses per hour by his own meter. This Company, a placing their apparatus in any establishment, change the burners to consume but one-half the quantity of carbonized gas per hour, which can be tested by the same meter, and which will give more than EQGAL LIGHT, with one-half the quantity of gas (steady, — without flickering, — without the impurities of carbonic acid), consequently, with a SAVING OF FIFTY PER CENT; the gas bills giving the true amount of savings. This improvement is offered to consumers, and is placed free of expense (the Company dividing the savings with the consumer.) Many private families are now using the apparatus for the advantages it gives for light, not taking note of its economy. Without change of burners, the light is as three to one, with fifteen per cent less consumption.

IRON SHIP BUILDING.



HARRISON LORING, CITY POINT WORKS, SOUTH BOSTON,

BUILDER OF

Iron Steamships; Stationary and Marine Engines; Boiler and Tank Work, of every description; Sugar-Cane Mills; Pumps; Presses; Shafting, and all kinds of Mill-Gearing.

ALSO,

Loring's Improved Revolving Bleaching Boilers, for Paper-Mills.

The conveniences and facilities at the CITY POINT WORKS, for the above work, are not surpassed in America; having a water-front of five hundred and fifty feet, and seven acres of land, upon which are erected two large Ship-Houses, in immediate connection with the extensive Boiler, Blacksmith, and Machine Shops, which are supplied with the best tools in the country.

Having a Pier over seven hundred feet long, can offer great inducements in repairing Steamships, and other marine work, in the most efficient manner, and with great dispatch; and will further state, to persons desiring to examine my Works, that the Iron Steamships SOUTH CAROLINA and MASSACHUSETTS, and the machinery of U. S. sloop-of-war HARTFORD, are some of my recent construction.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, I hope by strict personal attention to insure its continuance.

OFFICE AT THE WORKS.

Boston, July 7, 1860.

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S. H. GREGORY & CO.

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Washington Building (opposite Franklin Street),

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Embrace the Largest and most Elegant stock in the Union, all of our own importation.

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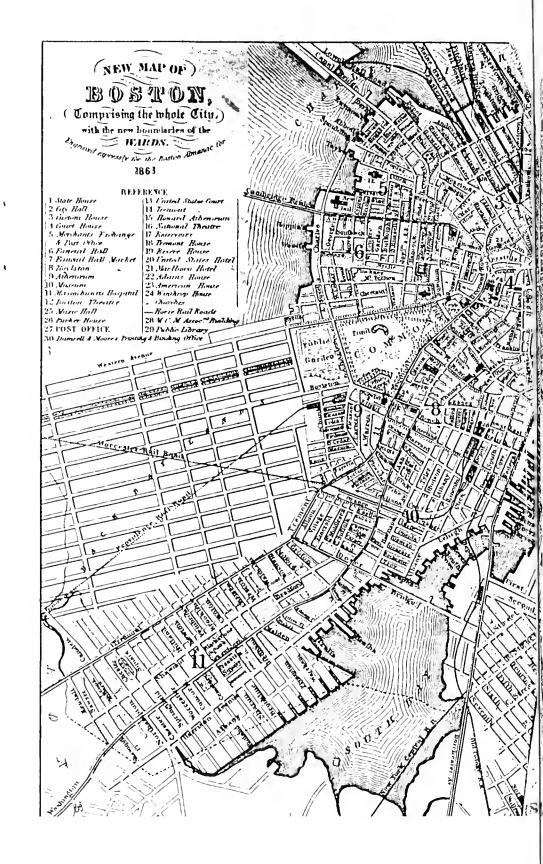
Are of New and Desirable Styles, from the Cheapest to the most Elegant.

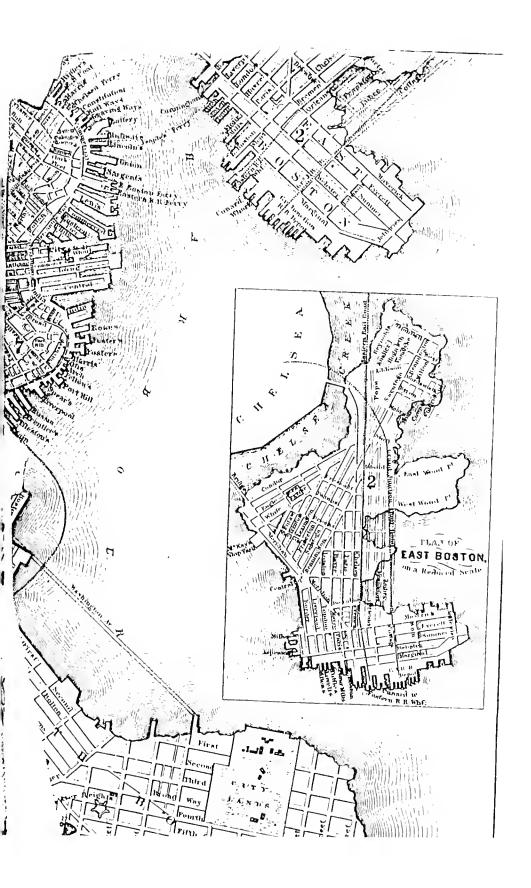
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