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## STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1942

PART I
COMPILED FROM INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURNS, TAXABLE FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURNS, ESTATE TAX RETURNS, AND GIFT TAX RETURNS

UNITED STATES TREASURY DEPARTMENT BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE - WASHINGTON, D. C.

## U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT

## STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1942

PART 1<br>COMPILED FROM INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURNS, TAXABLE FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURNS, ESTATE TAX RETURNS, AND GIFT TAX RETURNS

## PREPARED UNDER DIRECTION OF THE

 COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE BY THE STATISTICAL SECTION, INCOME TAX UNIT

UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON : 1945

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C. Price 55 cents

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## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

> Treasury Department, Office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., November $16,1945$.

Sir: In accordance with section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, which requires the amnual preparation and publication of statistics with respect to the operation of Federal income tax laws, I have the honor to transmit herewith a report, "Statistics of Income for 1942, Part 1," setting forth by various classifications, data relative to the income, deductions, exemptions, credits, tax liability, and other pertinent facts reported on the individual and the taxable fiduciary income tax returns for 1942 filed in 1943. The report also contains tabulations of data from the estate tax ${ }^{\circ}$ returns filed in 1943 for the estates of individuals irrespective of the date of death, and from the gift tax returns for 1942 filed in 1943. There are included historical presentations of significant data reported on the returns filed for earlier years, and a synopsis of tax rates, credits, and other provisions of the Federal tax laws which affect the comparability of these historical data.

Respectfully,

> Joseph D. Nunan, Jr., Commissioner of Internal Recenue.

Hon. Fred M. Vinson, Secretary of the Treasury.

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## STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1942, PART 1

## INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURNS, TAXABLE FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURNS, ESTATE TAX RETURNS, AND GIFT TAX RETURNS

## INTRODUCTION

This ammal report, compiled from data reported on individual income tax returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, taxable fiduciary income tax returns, Form 1041, Federal estate tax returns, Form 706, and gift tax returns, Form 709, is prepared under the provision of section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, which requires the preparation and publication annually of statistics reasonably available with respect to the operation of the income tax laws, including classifications of taxpayers and of income, the amounts allowed as deductions, exemptions, and credits, and any other facts deemed pertinent and valuable.

The major portion of this report comprises income data and tax data tabulated from the individual income tax returns and the taxable fiduciary income tax returns for 1942. Because of the similarity of the individual returns, Form 1040, and the fiduciary returns, Form 1041, identical classifications are applied in most instances and data are tabulated together or in associated tables. The individual returns, Form 1040A, differ in many respects from returns, Form 1040, but are classified in so far as possible to correspond with the classifications for Form 1040, in order that a complete coverage of individual returns may be presented. The text relating to these income and tax data is followed by 19 detailed basic tables, some of which present composite data, while others present data for cach form of return, separatcly. In addition, there are four listorical tables giving a résumé of the income data and of the tax liability reported on individual and fiduciary returns since the inception of the present period of income taxation under the sixteenth amendment to the Constitution. No information is tabulated from the partnership returns of income, Form 1065; however, each partner is required to report on his individual income tax return his share of the profit from any partnership of which he is a member. Facsimiles of the 1942 income tax returns, Forms 1040, 1040A, 1041, and the partnership return of income, Form 1065, are inserted at the close of this report.

Data pertaining to the estate tax returns are compiled from returns filed during the calendar year 1943, irrespective of the date of death of the individual or the revenue act under which the estate is taxed. Data concerning the gross estate, deductions, specific exemption, estate tax, and tax credits, are presented in five tables by appropriate classifications, and a brief summary of all estate tax returns filed since September 9, 1916, completes the analysis.

Information regarding property transferred by gift during 1942 and the tax liability of the donor is tabulated from the gift tax returns and presented by appropriate classifications in five tables. In the sixth and last table, the number of returns, total gifts, net gifts, and tax are shown for each year since June 7, 1932, the effective date of the present period of gift taxation.

In order to facilitate the comparison, from year to year, of the data assembled in the historical tables, there is included at the end of this report, a synopsis of Federal tax laws relating to income tax, estate tax, and gift tax, setting forth for each of the revenue acts important provisions affecting the comparability of these historical data.

A preliminary report of statistics compiled from the individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns for 1942 was published June 26, 1944, and certain data from this complete report were made public in a press release on March 31,1945 , and in the Bulletin of the Treasury Department for April 1945.

## INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURNS AND TAXABLE FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURNS

## SUMMARY DATA

The total number of individual and taxable fiduciary income tax returns filed for the income year 1942 is $36,700,729$, comprising $20,513,207$ individual returns, Form $1040 ; 16,106,039$ optional returns, Form 1040A, filed by individuals whose gross income is from certain sources only and is not more than $\$ 3,000$; and 81,483 taxable fiduciary returns, Form 1041, filed for estates and trusts. As compared with the income year 1941, there is an increase of $10,745,928$ returns, or 41.4 percent. The increase in taxable returns is 57.6 percent, and in nontaxable returns 6.7 percent.

The total net income tabulated from these returns is $\$ 78,889,361,656$, an increase of $\$ 20,021,336,262$, or 34.0 percent over 1941. The tabulated net income includes gross income of $\$ 25,715,974,137$ reported on individual returns, Form 1040A, which do not provide for the reporting of net income. Approximately 64 percent of the increase in net income is reported on returns with net income under $\$ 3,000$.

There are $27,718,534$ taxable returns, of which $27,637,051$ are individual returns with $\$ 66,761,228,643$ net income and $\$ 8,823,041,463$ tax liability, and 81,483 are fiduciary returns with $\$ 299,632,860$ net income taxable to the fiduciary and $\$ 103,670,460$ tax liability. The total tax of $\$ 8,926,711,923$ is an increase of $\$ 5,018,760,922$, or 128.4 percent over the previous year. The average tax for taxable returns is $\$ 322$, as compared with $\$ 222$ for 1941 , and the effective tax rate is 13.3 percent, as compared with 8.5 percent for 1941 .

The normal tax and surtax liability of $\$ 7,165,172,425$ is reported on 16,333,146 individual returns, Form 1040, and 81,044 taxable fiduciary returns, Form 1041. The alternative tax of $\$ 443,592,738$ is reported on 12,507 individual returns, Form 1040, and 439 taxable fiduciary returns, Form 1041. An optional tax of $\$ 1,317,946,760$ is reported on $11,291,398$ individual returns, Form 1040A, in lieu of the normal tax and surtax.

Of the $8,982,195$ nontaxable returns, $8,819,059$ show net income of $\$ 11,828,500,153$-nontaxable because exemptions and credits exceed
the net income; and 163,136 show a deficit of $\$ 198,598,196$ - returns on which deductions equal or exceed total income.

For all returns with net income, the average tax is $\$ 244$ and the effective tax rate is 11.3 percent, as compared with the average tax of $\$ 151$ and the effective tax rate of 6.6 percent, respectively, for 1941.

The number of returns, amounts of net income, deficit, and taxes, for 1942 and 1941, together with the amount and percent of increase or decrease, are shown in the following table:

Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, 1942 and 1941: Number of returns, net income, deficit, and taxes
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

For footnotes, see p. 78.

## CHANGES IN LAW AFFECTING TABULATED DATA

The Internal Revenue Code is amended by the Revenue Act of 1942. Among the changes affecting the comparability of the income and tax data for individual and fiduciary returns with taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1942, with data for the previous year are:
(a) The minimum amount of gross income for which a return is required to be filed is reduced from $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,200$ for a married person living with husband or wife for the entire taxable year; and from $\$ 750$ to $\$ 500$ for a single person, a married person not living with husband or wife for any part of the taxable year, an estate, and a trust.
(b) The personal exemption is reduced from $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,200$ for a person who, during the entire taxable year, was head of a family, or was married and living with husband or wife; and from $\$ 750$ to $\$ 500$ for a single person, a married person not living with husband or wife
any part of the taxable year, and an estate. The credit on Form 1040 for a dependent is reduced from $\$ 400$ to $\$ 350$.
(c) The normal tax rate is increased from 4 percent to 6 percent, and the surtax rate of 6 percent of the first $\$ 2,000$ of surtax net income progressing to 77 percent of surtax net income in excess of $\$ 5,000,000$, is increased to 13 percent of the first $\$ 2,000$ of surtax net income progressing to $\$ 2$ percent of surtax net income in excess of $\$ 200,000$.
(d) The optional return, Form 1040A, is no longer permitted to be used by a taxpayer receiving rent and royalty income. The deduction on Form 1040A for a dependent is reduced from $\$ 400$ to $\$ 385$ and the marital status is determined as of July 1 instead of the last day of the taxable year as was the case last ycar. The optional tax is increased to reflect the changes in rates for normal tax and surtax.
(e) Personnel below the grade of commissioned officer in the military or naval forces of the United States exclude from gross income salary received from active service in such forces to the extent of $\$ 250$ if single and not the head of a family, or $\$ 300$ if married or the head of a family. The filing of returns is automatically postponed for all members of the military or naval forces serving outside the continental United States.
( $f$ ) Amortizable bond premium is a deduction against interest received; and medical, dental, etc., expenses paid during the taxable year not compensated for by insurance or otherwise are allowed as a deduction from gross income to the extent that such expenses excced 5 percent of net income computed without regard to the medical expenses. However, the medical expense deduction is limited to $\$ 2,500$ in the case of husband and wife who file a joint return, or the head of a family, and to $\$ 1,250$ for all other individuals.
(g) The definition of capital assets, as set forth in the capital gain and loss provisions of the Code, is changed to exclude real property used in trade or business.

The meaning of short-term, as applied to capital gains and losses, is changed from 18 months or less to 6 months or less and that of longterm from more than 18 months to more than 6 months. Only 50 percent of the gain or loss recognized upon the sales or exchanges of capital assets held more than six months is taken into account in computing net income; formerly $66 \frac{2}{3}$ percent of the gain or loss from sales of eapital assets held more than 18 months but not more than 24 months and 50 percent of the gain or loss from such sales held more than 24 months, were taken into account. Losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets are allowed as a deduction only to the extent of the gains from such sales or exchanges plus the net income computed without regard to such gains or losses, or $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smaller. Formerly, the short-term capital loss was allowed only to the extent of short-term gain; and long-term capital loss was allowed to the extent of long-term capital gain and to the extent of other income which ineluded the net short-term capital gain.
(h) In the computation of altermative tax, the rate applicable to long-term gains from sales or exchanges of capital assets is changed from 30 percent of the net long-term eapital gain to 50 percent of the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. There is no alternative tax in the case of a net loss from sales or exchanges of eapital assets, but the deduction for such a net loss is limited as described above.

## RETURNS INCLUDED

The returns included in this report are, in general, for the calendar year 1942. However, there are included returns for a fiscal year ending within the period July 1942 through June 1943, and returns for a part year with the greater part of the accounting period in 1942.

The returns from which data are tabulated are individual returns, Form 1040, 1040A, and 1040B, and fiduciary returns with net income taxable to the fiduciary, Form 1041, filed for estates and trusts. The individual return, Form 1040, is filed by citizens and resident aliens except that individuals whose gross income is not more than $\$ 3,000$ and is wholly from salaries and wages, dividends, interest, and annuities, may elect to file the optional return, Form 1040A. The latter form does not provide for reporting deductions or net income. Return Form 1040B is filed by nonresident aliens with business or office within the United States 'Tentative returns are not included and amended returns are used only if the original returns are excluded.

Statistical data are taken from unaudited returns, prior to any revision that may be made as a result of audit by the Bureau of Internal Revenue. Facsimiles of individual returns, Form 1040 and 1040A, and of the fiduciary return, Form 1041, are on pages 336-353a

Returns with net income of less than $\$ 500$ or with no net income appear in statistics for the reason that returns are required to be filed for (a) individuals and estates on the basis of specified amounts of gross income without regard to deductions or the amount of net income, (b) trusts with net income of $\$ 100$ or over, or with a nonresident alien beneficiary regardless of the amount of net income, (c) deceased persons, if the gross income in the period prior to death is equal to or in excess of the allowable personal exemption, and (d) taxpayers who change their accounting period, if the gross income during the interim equals or exceeds the allowable personal exemption.

TABULATED DATA
Statistical data for the individual returns, Forms 1040 (including 1040B) and 1040A, and taxable fiduciary returns, Form 1041, are presented in detail in the basic tables of this report. The text tables in some cases present a summary of data in the basic tables, and in other cases present data not elsewhere tabulated Data for individual returns with no net income, in both basic and text tables, are in aggregate, except in one text table on page 14, which shows an analysis of these returns by deficit classes.

Composite data for taxable individual returns, Form 1040, and taxable fiduciary returns, Form 1041, are tabulated in basic tables 1, 2,3 , and 7 and in three text tables on pages 3,18, and 32-34.

Data for taxable fiduciary returns, exelusively, are presented in detail in basic tables $2-\mathrm{B}, 7-\mathrm{B}$, and 10 . Also certain aggregate data for these returns are shown in basic table 8. Data for the taxable fiduciary returns are completely tabulated from each return, and include data from taxable returns for estates and trusts improperly filed on Form 1040. In tabulating data from the returns improperly filed on Form 1040, an adjustment is made whereby the amount distributable to bencficiaries (if any) is removed from other deductions and total deductions, and tabulated under its proper caption.

Data for individual returns, exclusively, are presented in detail in basic tables $1-\mathrm{A}, 2-\mathrm{A}, 3-\mathrm{A}, 4,5,6,7-\mathrm{A}, 9,11,12$, and 13 , the last three of which contain data for the optional returns, Form 1040A, only. Also, a limited number of items for individual returns are tabulated in basic table 8. Certain text tables present summaries of these basic data; other text tables present data with respect to patterns of income, number of dependents, and, for the first time, additional data regarding surtax, medical expenses, and gain or loss from sale of capital assets. Data are completely tabulated from a portion of the returns, Form 1040, while data for the remaining returns, Form 1040, and for returns Form 1040A are estimated from samples of such returns by methods described in the two paragraphs on estimated data, pages 7-8.

Data for individuals who reported on the optional return, Form 1040A, are tabulated separately from data reported on Form 1040. The optional returns, Form 1040A, for 1942, may be filed at the election of the individual if gross income is not more than $\$ 3,000$, consisting wholly of (1) salaries, wages, and compensation for personal services, and (2) dividends, interest, and annuities. It will be noted that receipts from rents and royalties are not reported on this form, as was allowed last year. Deductions and the amount of net ineome are not reported; therefore, a classification of the returns, Form 1040A, cannot be made on the basis of net income. Wherever the net income classification appears, data for the optional returns are shown in aggregate only. In tables showing both the aggregate data from Form $1040 A$ and detailed data from Form 1040, the amount of gross income reported on Form 1040A is tabulated as total income and also as net ineome; and the optional tax paid in lieu of normal tax and surtax is shown as total tax. The amount of personal exemption is ascertained from the taxpayer's status as indicated on the return. Earned income credit is estimated at 9.4 percent of the gross ineome (equivalent to 10 percent of the income after deductions aggregating 6 percent of the gross income). Three basic tables, 11, 12, and 13, and Part II in each of the two text tables on pages $46-47$ and $68-77$, present in detail, information from individual returns, Form 1040A, exclusively.

Data for individual returns, Form 1040, are completely tabulated from (1) returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over, (2) approximately 106,000 returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$ (taxable and nontaxable) which show total receipts of $\$ 25,000$ or more from a business or profession, and (3) returns with net defieit of $\$ 5,000$ or more as well as approximately 13,000 returns with net deficit under $\$ 5,000$. Data are estimated on the basis of samples, for individual returns, Form 1040, with net income under $\$ 5,000$ (taxable and nontaxable), other than those described in (2) above; returns, Form 1040, with no net income, showing a deficit of under $\$ 5,000$, other than those set forth in (3) above; and returns, Form 1040A (taxable and nontaxable).

Selection of samples.-The samples which provide the basis for the 1942 estimated data for individual returns are selected from the taxable and nontaxable returns filed in each of the 64 collection districts. The sample for returns, Form 1040, is approximately 3 percent each of the taxable and nontaxable returns in cach district. Unlike prior years, the 1942 sample for nontaxable returns includes the sample for returns with no net income showing a deficit under $\$ 5,000$. The
sample for returns, Form 1040A, is also approximately 3 percent each of taxable and nontaxable returns from every district.

The aggregate number of individual returns selected for the various samples is approximately $1,028,000$, consisting of (1) approximately 569,000 returns, Form 1040, with net income under $\$ 5,000$, (2) approximately 4,200 returns, Form 1040, with no net income showing a net deficit under $\$ 5,000$, and (3) approximately 455,000 returns, Form 1040A.

The number of returns in the samples for 1942 is somewhat smaller than that for 1941, when approximately 5 percent each of taxable and nontaxable returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, was selected The 1941 sample of nontaxable returns, Form 1040, did not include returns with no net income.
Estimated data, Form 1040A.-Estimated data for returns, Form 1040 A , are computed separately for the taxable and nontaxable returns in each State by applying to the various data in the sample of each gross income class of each family relationship, the appropriate ratio of the number of returns in the sample to the number of returns filed in each State. The total number of taxable and nontaxable returns filed in each State is secured from records of the Bureau of Internal Revenue.

Estimated data, Form 1040.-For returns, Form 1040, with net income under $\$ 5,000$, estimated data are computed separately for the taxable and nontaxable returns in each income class of each State. The total number of taxable and nontaxable returns filed in each State is obtained from records of the Bureau of Internal Revenue. From the total taxable and total nontaxable returns filed there is subtracted the number of taxable and nontaxable returns, respectively, from which data are completely tabulated. This results in the number of taxable and nontaxable returns in each State for which estimated data are to be computed. After separating the nontaxable returns into those with net income and those with no net income, estimated data are secured by applying to the various data of the sample in each net income class of the taxable and nontaxable returns with net income, and to the various data of the sample for returns with no net income in aggregate, the appropriate ratio of the number of returns in the sample to the number of returns for which data are to be computed.

The tabulated data in this report for the taxable returns in net income classes under $\$ 5,000$ are a combination of (a) estimated data for taxable returns, Form 1040, (b) the completely tabulated data from approximately 94,000 taxable returns, Form 1040, and (c) in tables showing composite data, approximately 69,500 fiduciary returns, Form 1041. The tabulated data for nontaxable returns in net income classes under $\$ 5,000$ are a combination of (a) estimated data for nontaxable returns, Form 1040, and (b) the completely tabulated data from approximately 12,000 nontaxable returns, Form 1040, with net income. The tabulated data for returns with no net income showing a net deficit under $\$ 5,000$ are a combination of (a) estimated data for returns, Form 1040, with no net income, and (b) the completely tabulated data from approximately 13,000 returns, Form 1040, with no net income. This is the first year in which data for the returns with no net income are estimated. The aggregate number of returns in the samples for returns, Form 1040, with net income,
together with the number of returns, Form 1040 and 1041, for which data are completely tabulated, is approximately 744,000 , representing 3.9 percent of the total number of returns, Form 1040 and 1041, in the net income classes under $\$ 5,000$.

Unlike 1941, no estimate is made of the number of returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$ on which salaries and wages are reported nor on which dividends are reported; neither is there available for 1942 the number of returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over on which each specific source of income and deduction is reported. No tabulation is available for the frequency of selected sources of income or loss distributed by net income classes and by size of the selected source of income or loss. The business activity reported by sole proprietors is not classified by industrial groups in this report.

## BASIC ITEMS

Net income, for individual returns, means the excess of total income over total deductions. Net income for fiduciary returns, means the net income taxable to the fiduciary, that is, the excess of total income over the sum of total deductions and amount distributable to beneficiaries. In the computation of net income, a net gain from sales or exchanges of capital assets is included in total income to the extent provided by law (regardless of whether the alternative tax is imposed) or, in the case of a net loss from such sales or exchanges, the loss is included in total deductions to the extent provided under the limitation on capital losses. Net income is not reported on the optional returns, Form 1040A, therefore, gross income is tabulated as net income.

Deficit, for individual returns with no net income, means the excess of total deductions over total income. In the computation of deficit, a net gain from sales or exchanges of capital assets is included in total income to the extent provided by law or, in the case of a net loss from such sales and exchanges, the loss is included in total deductions to the extent provided under the limitation on capital losses. Fiduciary returns with no net income are not tabulated in this report.

Surtax net income, for individual returns with normal tax and surtax liability, is the excess of net income over the sum of personal exemption and credit for dependents; for returns with alternative tax liability, the surtax net income is net income reduced by (1) excess of the net long-term capital gain over the net short-term capital loss, (2) credit for personal exemption, and (3) credit for dependents. Surtax net income, for fiduciary returns with nomal tax and surtax liability, is the excess of net income taxable to the fiduciary over personal exemption allowable to an estate or the credit allowable to a trust in licu thereof; for fiduciary returns with alternative tax liability, surtax net income is net income reduced by (1) excess of the net long-term capital gain over the net short-term capital loss, and (2) credit for personal exemption allowable to an estate or the credit allowable to a trust in lieu thereof.

Net income subject to normul tar.:, for individual returns, is the surtax net income less partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations, and earned income credit. Net income subject to normal tax, for fiduciary returns, is the surtax net income
less the fiduciary's share of partially tax-exempt interest on Govenment obligations and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan issociation.

Normal tax and surtas: liability is based on the net inecme. The nomal tax is 6 percent of the net income subject to nomal tax. Surtax is imposed on the entire suitax net income at graduated lates ranging from 13 percent on the first $\$ 2,000$ to 82 percent on sur tax net income over $\$ 200,060$. Normal tax and surtax liability is repor ted on (a) returns which show no sales or exchanges of capital assets, (b) returns with an excess of net short-term capital gain over net longterm capital loss, (c) returns showing an exeess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss, if the combined nomel tax and surtax is less than the alternative tax, and ( $d$ ) retums showing a net loss from sales and exchanges of capital assets.

Alternative tax liability is the sum of (a) the normal tax and surtax (partial tax) computed on net income reduced for this purpose by the excess of the net long-term capital gain over the net short-term capital loss, and (b) 50 percent of such excess. The normal tax and surtax rates are the same as stated above. The alternative tax liability is reported on returns showing an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss, but only if the alternative tax is less than the combined normal tax and surtax on net income which includes the net gain from sales or exchanges of capital assets.

Optional tax liability is the tax paid in lieu of normal tax and surtax by individuals who have income of $\$ 3,000$ or less from certain sources only, and who elect to file Form 1040A.

Total tax, as tabulated in this report, is the aggregate of normal tax, surtax, alternative tax, and the optional tax paid in lieu of normal tax and surtax and reported on the optional returns, Form 1040A. Credit for income tax paid at source or income tax paid to a foreign country or United States possession has not been deducted.

Personal exemption allowable for a single person, a married person not living with husband or wife, or an estate, is $\$ 500$; for a person who, during the entire taxable year, was head of a family or was marricd and living with husband or wife, the personal exemption is $\$ 1,200$. A credit of $\$ 100$ against net income is allowable for a trust in licu of personal exemption. If the marital status of an individual who files return, Form 1040, has changed during the taxable year, the personal exemption is apportioned according to the number of months before and after such change, whereas the marital status and personal exemption of an individual who files the optional return, Form 1040A, is determined as of July 1, 1942, without regard to any change that may have occurred during the year.

Credit for dependent of $\$ 350$ is allowable against net income reported on Form 1040, for each person (other than husband and wife) under 18 years of age, or incapable of self-support because mentally or physically defective, whose chief support was received from the taxpayer. If the taxpayer's status with regard to dependents changed during the year, the credit is prorated according to the number of months before and after such change when reported on Form 1040. A credit of $\$ 385$ is allowable against gross income reported on Form 1040A, for each dependent as of July 1, 1942, without regard to changes that occur during the year. In the case of a taxpayer who is the head of a family only by reason of one or more dependents for
$639257-45-2$
whom he would be entitled to credit, a credit is allowable for each of such dependents except one.

Earned income credit is 10 percent of the earned net income which cannot exceed $\$ 14,000$, or 10 percent of the net income, whichever is smaller. The carned income credit tabulated for the optional returns, Form 1040A, is estimated at 9.4 percent of the gross income (equivalent to 10 percent of the income after deductions aggregating 6 percent of gross income).

## CLASSIFICATION OF RETURNS

Individual returns are classified (1) as taxable or nontaxable, (2) as returns with net income or returns with no net income, (3) by geographic divisions, (4) by family relationship, (5) by patterns of income, and (6) by number of dependents. Taxable returns, Form 1040, are classified by type of tax liability and the returns with normal tax and surtax are segregated into two surtax net income classes. Returns, Form 1040, with net ineome are classified by net income classes; those with no net income are classified by deficit classes; and returns, Form 1040A, are elassified by gross income classes. Taxable fiduciary returns with net income are classified (1) by type of tax liability, (2) by net ineome classes, and (3) by geographic divisions. Data in this report are presented by these classifications but not all items are available for every classification.

Taxable or nontaxable.-This classification is based on the existence or nonexistence of a tax liability, regardless of the amount of net income.

Type of tax liability.-Returns showing either normal tax or surtax or hoth are classified as returns with normal tax and surtax, while returns showing alternative tax are classified as such.

Returns with net income or no net income.-Returns are classified as returns with net incone when total income exceeds total deductions and there exists a net income, whether or not there is a tax liability. Returns with no net income are those on which total deductions equal or exceed total income. Individual returns, Form 1040A, show gross income but no deductions, therefore are classified as returns with net income.

Net income classes.-Returns with net income are segregated into 49 net income classes based on the amount of net income, except that returns, Form 1040A, which do not provide for the amount of net income, are shown in aggregate. The number of income classes under $\$ 5,000$ is increased from 8 classes in 1941 to 15 classes in 1942, so that data may be presented in classes of $\$ 250$ intervals for the returns with net income under $\$ 3,000$, and in classes of $\$ 500$ intervals for the returns with net income of $\$ 3,000$ and under $\$ 5,000$.

Surtax net income classes.- Individual returns with normal tax and surtax are classified into two groups, depending on the amount of surtax net income. Returns with surtax net income not over $\$ 2,000$ are segregated from those with surtax net income over $\$ 2,000$, for the analysis of surtax net income in one text table.

Gross income classes.-The optional returns, Form 1040A, are segregated into 11 gross income classes of $\$ 250$ intervals based on the amount of gross income. This is an increase of five classes over those used in the basic tables last year. The $\$ 100$ interval classes used last year in special tabulations for returns, Form 1040A, are discontinued.

Deficit classes.-Individual returns with no net income are segregated according to the amount of net deficit, into 10 deficit classes for one text table.

Geographic divisions.-This classification consists of the 48 States, Alaska, Hawaii, and District of Columbia. The segregation of returns by States and Territories is determined by the location of the collection district in which the return is filed, except for the two divisions, Alaska and District of Columbia, the segregation of which is determined by the address of the taxpayer. The tabulation of income by this classification does not represent what may be called the geographic distribution of income. Income tax returns may be filed either in the collection district in which the individual or fiduciary resides or the district in which his principal place of business is located. There is no way to determine from the income tax returns the amount of income originating in the respective States or the amount of tax paid on that basis.

Family relationship.-The five classifications for family relationship, applied only to individual returns with net income, are based on the taxpayer's marital status. For the individual who filed Form 1040, the marital status is as of the last day of the taxable year. This is determined from schedule D and question 2, page 2, together with any other information concerning personal exemption and credit for dependents given elsewhere on the return. In case the individual elected to file Form 1040A, the marital status is as of July 1, 1942. The five classifications for family relationship are: Joint returns of husbands and wives, separate returns of husbands and wives, community property returns, returns of single persons who are heads of families, and returns of single persons who are not heads of families. Returns in each classification, except joint returns of husbands and wives, are classified also as returns of men or returns of women.

Patterns of income.-The classification, patterns of income, is based on the original source of income, that is, whether the income is from salaries and/or from other sources, and the amount of income from such other sources. On this basis, six patterns of income are established, as follows: Income solely from salaries; income from salaries and less than $\$ 100$ other income; income from salaries and $\$ 100-\$ 200$ other income; income from salaries and $\$ 200-\$ 500$ other income; income from salaries and $\$ 500$ or more other income; and income solely from sources other than salaries. This classification differs from the patterns of income used for classification of returns, Form 1040A, in the table shown on pages $53-55$ of last year's report.

Number of dependents classes.-The classification for number of dependents is applied only to the individual returns with net income and is based on the number of dependents for which credit is allowable against net income on Form 1040, or against gross income on Form 1040A. The eight classes are: No dependents, one class each for one through six dependents, and the last, seven or more dependents. This classification for number of dependents is similar to the classification, credit for dependents, used for the tabulation of returns, Form 1040A, on pages $57-64$ of last year's report.

The industrial activity of sole proprietors who report profit or loss from business or profession in 1942 is not classified. It is anticipated
that the industrial classification will be applied to the business activity next year.

## SIMPLE AND CUMULATIVE DISTRIBUTION BY NET INCOME CLASSES

The simple and cumulative distribution of number of returns, net income, total tax, with corresponding percentages are presented in basic tables 3 and $3-\mathrm{A}$. In basic table 3, composite data for the individual and taxable fiduciary returns, Forms 1040 and 1041, with net income, are tabulated by net income classes, while the data for individual returns, Form 1040, with no net income and for individual returns, Form 1040A, are shown separately in aggregate. Basic table 3-A presents the same distribution of data for individual returns exclusively. In the following table, data for the individual returns are tabulated by a limited number of net income classes.

Individual returns, 1942, by net income classes: Simple and cumulative distribution of number or returns, net income, and total tax, with corresponding percentage distribution; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income
[For deseription of items and elassifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-10]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Simple distribution |  | Cumulative distribution from highest income class |  | Cumulative distribution from lowest income class |  |
|  | Number | Percent of total | Number | Percent of total | Number | Percent of total |
| Returns with net ineome: Form 1040 A (est.) ${ }^{6}$ | 16, 106, 039 | 44.18 | 36, 456, 110 | 100.00 | 16, 106, 039 | 44. 18 |
| Form 10.10: Under 1 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 under 2 (est.) | ${ }_{7} \mathbf{3}, 156,597$ | 19.63 | 17, 166, 694 | 47.07 | 26, 452.013 | 72.56 |
| 2 under 3 (est.) | 5, 423, 622 | 14.88 | 10, 004, 097 | 27.44 | 31, 875,635 | 87.44 |
| 3 under 5 (est.) | 3, 41.5, 383 | 9.37 | 4,580,475 | 12. 56 | 35, 291, 018 | 96.81 |
| 5 under 10 | 779, 448 | 2. 13 | 1, 165, 092 | 3.19 | 36. 070, 466 | 95. 94 |
| 10 nuder 25 | 296, 217 | . 81 | 385, 644 | 1. 06 | 36, 366, 683 | 99. 75 |
| 25 under 50 | 63, 975 | . 18 | 89,427 | . 25 | 36,430,658 | 99. 93 |
| 50 muder 100 | 19, 416 | . 05 | 25,452 | . 07 | 36, ${ }^{3}$, 450, 074 | 99.98 99 |
| 100 under 150 | 3,484 | (7) 01 | 6, 036 | . 02 | $36,453,558$ $36,455,489$ | 99.99 99 |
| 150 under 300 | 1,931 | (7) | 2, 552 | (i) ${ }^{01}$ | $36,455,489$ $36,455,886$ | 99.99 99.99 |
| 300 mnder 500 | 397 | (7) | 621 | (i) | $36,455,886$ $36,456,072$ | 99.99 99.99 |
| 500 under 1,000 1,000 and over | 186 38 | (7) | 221 38 | (7) | 36, 456, 072 <br> 36, 456, 110 | 99.99 1000 |
| Total | 36. 456, 110 | 100.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Returns with no net income (est.) ${ }^{2}$ | 163, 136 | ${ }^{(8)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total, individual returns | 36, 619, 246 | ${ }^{(8)}$ |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes, sce.p. 78.

Individual returns, 1942, by net ineome classes: Simple and cumulative distribution of number of returns, net income, and total tax, with corresponding percentage distribution; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income-Continued
[For description of items and classifieations, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-10]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes | Net income |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Simple distribution |  | Cumulative distribution from highest income class |  | Cumulative distribution from lowest income class |  |
|  | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total | A mount | Percent of total |
| Returns with net income: Forms 1040A (est.) ${ }^{6}$ | 25, 715, 971 | 32.72 | 78, 589, 729 | 100.00 | 25, 715, 974 | 32. 72 |
| Form 1040: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 (est.) | 2, 101, $10,846,341$ | 2.68 | $52,873,755$ $50,772,184$ | 67.28 64.60 | $27,817,545$ $38,663,886$ | 35.40 49.20 |
| 2 under 3 (est.) | 13, 277, 213 | 16.89 | 39, 925, 842 | 50.80 | 51,941,099 | 6 6. 09 |
| 3 under ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (est.) | 12.426, 295 | 15. 81 | 26,648, 629 | 33.91 | 64, 387, 395 | 81.90 |
| 5 under 10 | 5, 210, 410 | 6. 63 | 14, 22, 334 | 18.10 | 69, 577, 804 | 89. 53 |
| 10 under 25 | 4, 392, 899 | 5. 59 | 9, 011,924 | 11.47 | 73, 970, 763 | 94.12 |
| 25 under 50 | 2. 162, 399 | 2. 75 | 4, 619,025 | 5. 88 | 76, 133, 102 | 96.87 |
| 50 under 100 | 1, 299, 298 | 1. 66 | 2, 456, 627 | 3.13 | 77, 432,400 | 98.53 |
| 100 under 150 | 419, 086 | . 53 | 1. 157,329 | 1.47 | 77, 851,486 | 99.06 |
| 150 under 300 | 383, 325 | . 49 | 738, 243 | . 94 | 78, 234, 810 | 99. 55 |
| 300 under 500 | 149, 964 | . 19 | 354, 918 | . 45 | 78, 384, 774 |  |
| 500 under 1,000 | 124, 240 | . 16 | 201, 955 | . 26 | $78,509,014$ $78,589,729$ | 99.90 100.00 |
| 1,000 and over . | 80, 715 | . 10 | 80.715 | . 10 | 78, 589, 729 |  |
| Total urns with no net income (est.). ${ }^{2}$ | 78, 589, 729 | $100.00$ |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total, individual returns. | 1078, 391, 131 | ${ }^{(8)}$ |  |  |  |  |


| Net income classes | Total tax ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Simple distribution |  | Cumulative distribution from highest income elass |  | Cumulative distribution from lowest income class |  |
|  | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total | A mount | Percent of total |
| Returns with net income: <br> Form 1040A (est.) 6 | 1,317, 947 | 14.94 | 8, 823, 041 | 100.00 | 1,317.947 | 14.94 |
| Form 1040: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 (est.) <br> 1 under 2 (est.) | 78,757 492,628 | .89 5.58 | $7,505,095$ $7,426,337$ | 85.06 S4. 17 | 1,396,704 | 15.83 21.41 |
| 2 under 3 (est.) | 960, 903 | 10.89 | 6, 933, 709 | 78. 59 | 2, 850,235 | 32.30 |
| 3 under 5 (est.) | 1, 371, 370 | 15. 55 | 5, 972, 806 | 67.70 | 4, 221, 606 | 47.85 |
| 5 under 10 ... | 894, 341 | 10. 13 | 4, 601, 436 | 52.15 | 5, 115,946 | 57.98 |
| 10 under 25 | 1,212, 417 | 13. 75 | 3, 707,095 | 42.02 | 6, 328, 363 | 71.73 |
| 25 under 50 | - 930,346 | 10. 54 | 2, 494, 678 | 28. 27 | 7, 258, 709 | 82. 27 |
| 50 under 100 | 728, 079 | 8. 25 | 1, 564, 332 | 17.73 | 7,986, 788 | 90. 52 |
| 100 under 150 | 278.427 | 3. 16 | 836, 254 | 9.48 | 8, 265, 215 | 93. 68 |
| 150 under 300 | 279, 825 | 3.17 | 557, 826 | 6. 32 | 8, 545, 040 | 96.85 |
| 300 under 500 | 117, 904 | 1. 34 | 278,002 | 3.15 | 8, 662, 944 | 98.19 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 98, 793 | 1. 12 | 160, 097 | 1.81 | 8, 761, 737 | 99.31 |
| 1,000 and over - | 61,304 | . 69 | 61, 304 | . 69 | 8,823, 041 | 100.00 |
| Total | 8, 823, 041 | 100.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Returns with no net income (est.) ${ }^{2}$ - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total, individual returns | 8, 823, 041 | 100.00 |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes, see p. 78.

## INDIVIDUAL RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

The individual returns with no net income are tabulated below, showing the two principal sourees of income and deductions by deficit classes. In all other text tables and in the basic tables showing data for returns with no net income, only aggregate data appear. Unlike former years, a portion of the data for the deficit class under $\$ 5,000$ are estimated as described on page 7 .

The two largest sources of income reported on these returns are "Salaries and other compensation" and "Rents and royalties," which account for slightly more than half of the total income. "Busimess loss" and "Loss from sales of property other than capital assets," the two largest items among the deductions, constitute somewhat more than two-fifths of the total deductions. The net loss from sales of capital assets, which is limited to $\$ 1,000$ or to net income computed without regard to capital gains and losses, whichever is smaller, is a relatively small amount among the items of deductions for 1942 and is not shown here.

Individual returns with no net income, 1942, by deficit classes: Number of returns, principal soures of income, total income, principal deductions, and deficit
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 78.

## SUTRTAX NET INCOME

Surtax net income is the exeess of net income over the sum of personal exemption and credit for dependents, and is the amount to which the surtax rates are applied. For the individual returns with normal tax and surtax lability, the number of returns with surtax, net income, personal exemption, eredit for dependents, surtax net income, and amount of surtax, are tabulated below by returns with surtax net income not over $\$ 2,000$ or over $\$ 2,000$. Both surtax net income groups are subdivided moto net income classes. Of the $16,333,146$ returns with surtax, $13,108,970$ returns show surtax net income not over $\$ 2,000$, on which the surtax rate is 13 pereent. Data in this table do not include that from returns with surtax net income used in the computation of alternative tax.

Individual returns with normal tax and surtax, 1942, by returns with surtax net income not over $\$ 2,000$ and surtax net income over $\$ 2,000$, and by net income classes: Number of returns with surtax, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, surtax net income, and surtax
[For description of items and elassifieations, and methods of tabulating aud estimating data, see pp. 5-10]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income elasses | Number of returns with surtax ${ }^{11}$ | Net income | Personal exemption | Credit fol dependents | Surtax net income ${ }^{11}$ | Surtax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Returns with surtax net income not over $\$ 2,000$ : ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 82, 380 | 23,934 | 3,224 | 214 | 20,496 | 2,685 |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est. | 751,545 | 475, 679 | 352, 206 | 1,133 | 122, 341 | 15, 832 |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 814, 697 | 712, 033 | 392, 523 | 9,491 | 310,019 | 40, 140 |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 795, 046 | 901, 521 | 467,069 | 17,347 | 417, 105 | 54,155 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 1,213, 938 | 1, 669, 023 | 1, 072, 956 | 25, 329 | 570, 738 | 74, 036 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 1, 440, 933 | 2,349, 868 | 1, 421, 694 | 138,427 | 789, 747 | 102, 414 |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 1,564,577 | 2,936,982 | 1,622, 719 | 264, 013 | 1,050, 249 | 136, 235 |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 1,540,906 | 3,268, 845 | I, 663, 008 | 373, 134 | 1,232, 702 | 159,699 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 1,366, 850 | 3, 240, 591 | 1,503, 423 | 412, 934 | 1,324, 234 | 171, 781 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 1, 050, 208 | 2, 751, 979 | 1, 223, 460 | 375, 829 | 1, 152, 690 | 149, 801 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 956, 734 | 2, 751, 127 | 1, 129, 388 | 365, 136 | 1,256, 603 | 163, 200 |
| 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 1, 188, 760 | 3,802, 052 | 1, 419, 027 | 588, 588 | 1, 794, 437 | 232, 738 |
| 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 289, 477 | 1, 065,393 | 346, 337 | 250, 111 | 468, 944 | 60, 692 |
| 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 44,936 | 186,684 | 53, 649 | 58, 774 | 74, 261 | 9,658 |
| 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 7, 433 | 34, 510 | 8,840 | 12,269 | 13, 401 | 1,767 |
| 5 and over. | 550 | 2,919 | 660 | 1,372 | 886 | 114 |
| Total | 13, 108,970 | 26,173, 137 | 12, 680, 184 | 2, 894, 100 | 10,598, 853 | 1,374,948 |
| Returns with surtax net income 0 ver $\$ 2,000$ : ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 10, 276 | 22,057 | 1,021 | 159 | 20, 877 | 2, 745 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 9,141 | 21,954 | 951 | 224 | 20,779 | 2. 764 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 84,309 | 221,899 | 40,362 | 580 | 180, 957 | 23, 861 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 110, 268 | 317,848 | 56, 205 | 3, 061 | 258, 581 | 34, 703 |
| 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 490, 103 | 1,611, 649 | 436, 414 | 14, 260 | 1,160,975 | 156, 575 |
| 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 614, 698 | 2, 300, 178 | 643, 040 | 92, 203 | 1, 564, 936 | 212,895 |
| 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 452, 459 | 1, 915, 425 | 483, 331 | 119, 195 | 1, 312, 899 | 182, 375 |
| 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 300, 887 | 1, 422, 189 | 323, 375 | 93, 189 | 1,005, 625 | 142, 640 |
| 5 and over. | 1,152, 035 | 13, 457, 083 | 1,179,633 | 387, 197 | 11, 890, 252 | 3, 516, 158 |
| Total | 3, 224, 176 | 21, 290, 283 | 3, 164, 332 | 710,069 | 17, 415, 882 | 4,274,716 |
| Grand total, individual returns with normal tax and suitax | 16,333, 146 | 47, 463, 420 | 15,844, 516 | 3, 604, 169 | 28, 014, 735 | 5,649,665 |

For footnotes, see p. 78.

## FAMILY RELATIONSHIP-INDIVIDUAL RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

The summary table below, for individual returns with net income, shows the number of returns and amount of net income classified by the family relationship of the taxpayer. Similar data are distributed by States and Territories in basic table 4 . The number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax, classified by family relationship and by net income classes, are tabulated in basic table 5. Individual returns with no net income are not classified by family relationship owing to the lack of sufficient data on which to base the classification. Returns, Form 1040, with net income, are classified according to the taxpayer's marital status on the last day of the taxable year, regardless of any changes that may hare taken place during the year. Returns, Form 1040 A, are classified according to the marital status on July 1, 1942, regardless of changes that may have occurred. Except in the case of joint returns of husbands and wires, the returns are also classified as returns of men or returns of women.

The community property classification is applied to returns showing community property income, filed in the States of Arizona, California,

Idaho, Louisiana, Nerada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, and Washington. The community property law in the State of Oklahoma was enacted during 1939, and a subsequent decision by the Supreme Court of the United States held that the election by a taxpayer to place income under the community property law of Oklahoma does not entitle him to report income for the Federal income tax on a community income basis. In the tables of this report, data are tabulated from unaudited returns and the income thereon is classified as reported by the taxpayer, regardless of the fact that subsequent audit of returns filed in Oklahoma may eliminate the community property income in that State.

Each return showing community property income, regardless of the amount of net income, is classified as a community property income return. The net income class for community property returns filed separately by husband and wife is based on the respective amounts of net income. In tabulating data for a joint return showing community property income with the tax liability apportioned equally between husband and wife, the items of income, deductions, and tax are divided to represent two returns which are classified as separate community property returns, and the net income class for each is based on one-half the combined conmunity property net income reported. The return of a married person not reporting community property income, filed in the States listed, is classified in the same manner as the return of a married person in other States, i. e., joint return of husband and wife or scparate return of husband or wife.

The unequal number of returns for men and women in the two classifications, "Separate returns of husbands and wives" and "Community property returns," is the result of (a) estimating the data from samples of returns for net income classes under $\$ 5,000$, in case the net income of one spouse is under $\$ 5,000$ and that of the other spouse is $\$ 5,000$ or over, and (b) insufficient data to identify the returns as separate returns, or community property returns.

Individual returns with net income, 1942, by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, and percentage
[For deseription of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]

| Family relationship | Returns |  | Net income |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Pcrcent of total | Amount (thousands of dollars) | Percent of total |
| Joint returns of hushands and wives, or of cither husband or wife when no other return is filed | 20,230, 892 | 55.49 | 48, 818, 442 | 62. 12 |
| Separate returns of husbands and wives: ${ }^{12}$ <br> Men ${ }^{12}$ | 988,890 | 2.71 | 4,859,582 | 6.18 |
| Women ${ }^{12}$ | 1, 100,643 | 3.02 | 2, 160, 896 | 2. 75 |
| Community property returns: ${ }^{13}$ <br> Men ${ }^{12}$ | 380,314 | 1.04 | 1,525, 680 | 1.94 |
| Women ${ }^{12}$ | 376,134 | 1.03 | 1, 457, 142 | 1.86 |
| Heads of families: <br> Single men and married men not living with wives |  |  |  | 3.46 |
| Single men and married men and married women not living with hus- | 1,360,991 | 3.74 3.13 | $2,720,801$ 1, 707,977 | 3.46 2.17 |
| bands <br> Not heads of families: | 1, 140,781 | 3.13 | 1, 707, 977 | 2.17 |
| Single men and married men not living with wives .-.- | 5, 326,465 | 14.61 | 8, 397, 631 | 10.69 |
| Siugle women and married women not living with husbands | 5, 551,000 | 15. 23 | 6, 941, 577 | 8.83 |
| Total individual returns with net income | 36, 456, 110 | 100.00 | 78, 589, 729 | 100.00 |

[^0]Income from the various sources tabulated in this report is the net amount, that is, the excess of gross receipts over the deductions as reported in the schedules on the returns, and the aggregate tabulated for each source is the sum of the net amounts of income from that source, except that "Salaries and other compensation" and "Other income," tabulated for returns, Form 1040A, are gross amounts. Dividends, interest, and annuities being reported in one sum on Form 1040A, cannot be tabulated in their proper sources inasmuch as none can be separated; therefore, the combined amount is tabulated as "Other income." Negative amounts reported under "Income" on Forms 1040 and 1041 are transferred in tabulation to deductions, and are included in the amount tabulated for a specified deduction or in "Other deductions." Deductions are reported only on returns, Forms 1040 and 1041.

Sources of income and deductions for individual returns, Form 1040, by States and Territories and by returns with net income or with no net income, and sources of income for individual returns, Form 1040A, in aggregate, are tabulated in basic table 6. Composite data pertaining to sources of income and deductions for taxable individual and fiduciary returns, Forms 1040 and 1041, and data for nontaxable individual returns Form 1040, with net income, are tabulated by net income classes in basic table 7, which also presents aggregates for taxable and nontaxable individual returns, Form 1040A, and for individual returns, Form 1040, with no net income. Data similar to those in basic table 7, are tabulated separately for individual returns and for fiduciary returns in basic tables 7-A and 7-B, respectively.

Unlike 1941, a frequency distribution for each specified source of income and deduction reported on returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over is not available for 1942 ; neither is the estimated number of returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$ on which "Salaries and other compensation" are reported, or on which "Dividends from domestic and foreign corporations" are reported. However, a frequency distribution for "Salaries and other compensation" may be obtained from the tabulation for patterns of income on pages 40-47, for "Net gain (or loss) from sales of capital assets" from the table presenting data for such gains and losses on pages 32-36, and for "Medical and dental expenses" reported on returns, Form 1040, from the table on page 38 .

The following table shows each source of income and deduction as reported on the individual returns, tabulated by returns with net income or with no net income, and as reported on the taxable fiduciary returns:

Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, 1942; individual returns by returns with net income and with no net income: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18-24]
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Sources of income and deductions | Total | Individual returns |  | Taxable fiduciary returns |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | With net income | With no net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| Number of returns | 36, 700, 729 | 36, 456, 110 | 163, 136 | 81, 483 |
| Sources of income: <br> Salaries and other compensation | 65, 617, 291 | 65, 557, 995 | 59,296 |  |
| Dividends from domestic and forcign corpora- | 3.123, 066 | 2,808,592 | 23, 928 | 290, 546 |
| Interest: ${ }^{15}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Bank deposits, notes, mortgages, corporation bonds | 930, 080 | 851, 012 | 13, 066 | 66, 001 |
| Partially tax-exempt Government obligations 16 | 86, 433 | 76, 387 | 685 595 | 9,360 |
| Taxable Government obligations 17. | 45,581 | 39,754 | 595 | 5, 233 |
| Dividends on share accounts in Federal satings and loan associations ${ }^{18}$ | 18,725 $1,900,016$ | 18,247 1.894 .824 | 44 33 | 61, 743 |
| Rents and royalties | 1, 9900,016 | $1,894,824$ 138,550 | 33,449 2,362 | 61, 743 |
| Net gain from sales of capital assets ${ }^{\text {l }}$ | 368, 680 | 316, 489 | 6, 766 | 45, 426 |
| Net gain from sales of property other than capital assets ${ }^{20}$ | 63,392 | 60, 596 | 839 | 1,957 |
|  | 9, 309,594 | 9, 252, 294 | 23,468 | 33, 832 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{22}$ | 3, 509,400 | 3, 470, 576 | 7, 181 | 31, 644 |
| Income from fiduciaries ${ }^{23}$ | 782,647 | 762, 001 | 4,970 | 15,676 |
| Other income ${ }^{24}$ | 6.14, 540 | 628, 801 | 4,839 | 10,900 |
| Total income | 86, 630, 357 | 85, 876, 118 | 181, 486 | 572, 753 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from sales of capital assets $1925 \ldots$ | 256,612 | 240, 421 | 12,192 | 3, 999 |
| Net loss from sales of property other than capital assets ${ }^{20}$ | 123, 029 | 82, 201 | 40, 104 | 724 |
| Business loss ${ }^{21}$ | 307, 199 | 181, 190 | 125, 349 | 660 |
| Partnership loss ${ }^{22}$ | 56, 818 | 38, 114 | 18,474 | 230 |
| Contributions ${ }^{26}$ | 1,450. 143 | 1, 445, 260 | 4,884 |  |
| Interest paid ${ }^{27}$ | 1, 167,963 | 1, 140, 209 | 18,669 | 9,145 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{27}$ | 2, 148, 268 | 2, 099, 568 | 27, 131 | 21,569 |
| Losses from fire, storm, | 133, 130 | 112, 839 | 20, 291 | (31) |
| Bad debts ${ }^{27}$ | 193, 882 | 162,649 | 31, 233 | (31) |
| Medical and dental expenses ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 656, 380 | 651, 255 | 5,126 |  |
| Other deductions ${ }^{30}$--...---- | 1,237,564 | 1, 132, 685 | 76, 6,90 | 28,189 |
| Total deductions | 7,730,988 | 7, 286, 389 | 380, 081 | 64, 515 |
| Amount distributable to beneficiaries | 208, 605 |  |  | 208, 605 |
| Net income or deficit | ${ }^{10} 78,690,763$ | 78, 589, 729 | ${ }^{\text {2 }} 198,598$ | 299, 633 |

For footnotes, see pp. 78-79.
Salaries and other compensation reported on individual returns include compensation of officers and employees of State and local governments or any agency or instrumentality thereof. Military and naval personnel of the United States, below the rank of commissioned officer, exclude from gross income compensation for active service of $\$ 250$ if single and not the head of a family, or $\$ 300$ if married or the head of a family. The compensation tabulated in this report for individuals and partners who received during the taxable year compensation for personal services covering three or more calendar years (previously five or more years) is the proportionate amount which would have been reported on the return for 1942 if the compensation had been received in equal portions in each of the years for which the personal service was rendered. According to section 107 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, the tax attributable to such
compensation shall not exceed the aggregate of taxes which would have been due had the compensation been received in equal portions in each of the years for which the personal service was rendered. The compensation tabulated for 1942 is the portion to which 1942 tax rates are applied, and the compensation and tax allocated to prior years are not included in this report nor in Statistics of Income, Part 1, for prior years.

Dividends from domestic and foreign corporations include dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loans associations issued on or after March 28, 1942, but exclude such dividends on prior issues and dividends of all kinds received through partnerships and fiduciaries.

Interest on bank deposits, notes, mortgages, corporation bonds, is the total interest received from these sources less the deduction for amortizable bond premium for the taxable year, in case the taxpayer elects to report on this basis. In previous years amortizable bond premium was not deducted from the interest received on bonds.

Partially tax-exemptinierest is that received on certain Government obligations issued prior to March 1, 1941, namely, United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in principal amount over $\$ 5,000$, and obligations of instrumentalities of the United States other than those issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act or that Act as amended. There is meluded interest on such obligations received through partnerships, estates, and trusts. This interest is subject to surtax only. For the first time a deduction for amortizable bond premium for the taxable year has been deducted from the interest received, in case the taxpayer elects to report on this basis. Formerly, the premium paid for bonds was not amortized against the interest received thereon.

Taxable interest on Government obligations is that received on Treasury notes issucd on or after December 1, 1940, and on obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, issued on or after March 1, 1941. Such taxable interest excludes that received through partnerships, estates, and trusts. Interest on such obligations has no exemption from the income tax. As in the case of other bond interest, the amount of amortizable bond premium has been deducted where the taxpayer elects to report on this basis. Last year this deduction was not made against interest income.

Dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations are only those received on shares issued prior to March 28, 1942, and include similar dividends received through partnerships, estates, and trusts. Such dividends are subject to surtax only. Dividends on shares issued on or after March 28, 1942, are subject to both normal tax and surtax, and are reported with dividends received.

Rents and royalties are, in general, the net amounts received from these sources. Depreciation, repairs, interest, taxes, and other expenses, in so far as the instructions on the return are observed by taxpayers, have been deducted from the gross rent received, and depletion from the gross royalties received. The net loss reported from these sourees is tabulated in "Other deductions."

Annuities reported as income are only the taxable portion of amounts received under an annuity or endowment contract. Amounts received to the extent of 3 percent of the total cost of the annuity are reported as income for each taxable year, until the aggregate of amounts received
and excluded from gross income in this and prior years equals the total premiums or consideration paid. Thereafter, the entire amount received is taxable and must be reported in gross income.

Net gain or net loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is the amount reported for the computation of net income and is a combination of net short- and long-term capital gain and loss, including loss from worthless stocks and bonds if thay constitute capital assets, and the net gain or loss from similar items to be taken into account from partnerships and common trust funds. The net short-term capital loss of the preccding taxable year (not in excess of net income for such year) has been deducted but only to the extent of net short-term capital gain of the current year. The deduction for a net loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets in the current year is limited to net income computed without regard to capital gains and losses, or $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smaller. The composition of the net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is shown in the text tables on pages 32-36. The amount of net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets for 1942 is not comparable with net capital gain or loss tabulated for 1941, as will be seen from the following description of the current year data.

The term "capital assets," as referred to herein, means property held by the taxpayer (whether or not connected with his trade or business), but not (1) stock in trade or other property which would properly be included in inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable year, (2) property held primarily for sale to eustomers in the ordinary course of trade or business, (3) property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation, (4) an obligation of the United States or any possession thereof, or of a State or Territory or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding one year from date of issue, or (5) real property used in trade or business. If stocks and bonds which are capital assets become worthless during the year, the loss therefrom is considered as from the sale or exchange of capital assets.

Under certain circumstances, property used in trade or business, which is defined in (3) and (5) above as not a capital asset, may be treated as a capital asset. 'This category includes such property as land, buildings, and depreciable property if used in business and if held more than six months. If the recognized gains from the sales or exchanges, and from involuntary conversions (through seizure, condemmation, destruction, or fure) of property in this category plus the recognized gains from involuntary conversions of any capital assets held more than six months, are greater than the recognized losses from such sales, exchanges, and conversions, then the net gain is to be treated as a long-term capital gain. If the recognized losses are greater than the recognized gains, the net loss is not considered a capital loss but is deductible in full.

For the purpose of computing net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets the law distinguishes between shortand long-term capital gain and loss and provides different rules for the treatment of each. The distinction between long- and shortterm gain and loss is based on the length of time that the asset is held before the sale or exchange. Short-term applies to the gain or
loss resulting from the sale or exchange of a capital asset held for not more than six months, and 100 percent of the recognized gain or loss thereon is taken into account in computing net short-term capital gain or loss. Long-term applies to the gain or loss resulting from the sale or exchange of a capital asset held for more than six months, and 50 percent of the recognized gain or loss thereon is taken into account in computing net long-term capital gain or loss. If the combination of net short- and long-term capital gain and loss results in a net loss, such loss is allowed as a deduction for the current year to the extent of such loss or to $\$ 1,000$, or to the extent of net income computed without regard to capital gains or losses, whichever is smallest; if the combination results in a net gain, the amount thereof is included in total income.

The net short-term capital loss of the preceding taxable year deductible from the short-term capital gain of the current year is the amount of net short-term capital loss carried over from 1941 (computed without regard to short-term capital loss of the previous year) which is not in excess of the net income for 1941, and which is used in the current year to the extent of the net short-term capital gain computed without the carry-over. Although this item is not tabulated in the basic tables showing sources of income and deductions, it does appear in the text tables showing analysis of the net gain or loss from sales of capital assets, on pages 32-36.

The amount of net loss from sales of capital assets, incurred in 1942, to be carried forward, under the capital loss carry-over provision of the 1942 act, is the excess of the losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets over the sum of (a) net gain from such sales or exchanges and (b) net income computed without regard to capital gains or losses, or $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smaller. This excess is the "net capital loss." The capital loss carry-over provision allows the "net capital loss" of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1941, to be carried forward as a short-term capital loss in each of the five succeeding years to the extent that such loss exceeds the "net capital gain" (i. e., net gain from sales or exchanges of capital assets plus net income computed without regard to capital gains or losses, or $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smaller), of any subsequent year intervening between the year in which the net capital loss is sustained and the fifth succeeding year. If there are losses carried over from more than one year, they are allowed in the order in which they arose. The amount to be carriced over into 1943 and subsequent years is not available.

Net gain or loss from sales of property other than capital assets is the net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of: Property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation; obligations of the United States or any of its possessions, a State or Territory or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not excceding one year from date of issue; and real property used in the trade or business of the taxpayer.

Business profit or business loss is the current year net profit or loss reported by sole proprictors and is obtained by deducting cost of goods and other business expenses from total receipts shown in the business schedule. Sole proprietors who have Government contracts report, for the first time, a deduction with respect to amortization of
emergency facilities based on a period of 60 months, provided the prescribed election is made. Compensation of the proprietor is not allowed as a deduction. The net operating loss deduction is not taken as a business deduction but is an allowable deduction against total income and is reported on the return in "Other deductions." The business activity of sole proprictors for 1942 is not classified by industrial groups and no data are available for total receipts.

Partnership profit or partnership loss, reported on the income tax return of the partner, excludes partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations and net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets, each of which is reported in its respective source of income or deduction. This item likewise excludes dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to March 28, 1942, which are reported in the schedule for interest on Government obligations but are tabulated separately. In computing partnership profit or loss, charitable contributions are not deductible nor is the net operating loss deduction allowed. However, the pro rata shares of contributions and prior year income and losses of the partnership are taken into account by each partner in determining his own contributions and net operating loss deduction, respectively.

Income from fiduciaries, reported on the income tax return of the beneficiary, excludes partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations and net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets reccived from common trust funds, each of which is reported in its respective source of income or deduction. This item likewise excludes dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to March 28, 1942, which are reported in the schedule for interest on Government obligations but are tabulated separately. The net operating loss deduction is allowed to estates and trusts generally, and is deducted in computing the net income to be distributed by the fiduciary. In the case of a common trust fund, however, this deduction is not allowable but each participant's share of prior year income and losses of the fund is taken into account in determining his own net operating loss deduction.

Other income includes alimony received, earnings of minors, recoveries of bad debts, prizes and sweepstake winnings, gambling profits, and all other taxable income or profit for which an entry is not provided on the return. The amount of dividends, interest, and annuities reported in one sum on the individual returns, Form 1040A, is tabulated as other income.

Total income in this report is the sum of the positive amounts reported under "Income" on the returns and tabulated as "Sources of income." Net gain from sales or exchanges of capital assets is included in total income to the extent provided by law, regardless of whether the net income is taxed at the normal tax and surtax rates or is subjected to the alternative tax. The method of computing the amount of such gain reported in total income is described under that source.

Contributions are those made by individuals to organizations created or organized in the United States or possessions thereof, or under the law of the United States, or of any State, Territory, or possession of the United States, and operated for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, educational, or public purposes. Individuals who are members.
of a partnership may include in their personal return the pro rata share of contributions made by the partnership. The amount of charitable contributions allowed as a deduction is limited, in general to 15 percent of the individual's net income computed without benefit of this deduction or the deduction for medical and dental expenses.

Interest paid is that paid on personal indebtedness and excludes amounts deducted in schedules for business or profession and for rents and royalties.

Taxes paid exclude (1) taxes assessed against local benefits, (2) Federal income taxes, (3) estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes, (4) taxes imposed upon the taxpayer's interest as shareholder of a corporation, which are paid by the corporation without reimbursement from the taxpayer, (5) income taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of United States if any portion thereof is claimed as a tax credit, (6) taxes deducted in the schedules for rents and royalties and for business or profession, and (7) Federal social security and employment taxes paid by or for an employee.

Losses from fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, or theft tabulated from individual returns, Form 1040, are those not compensated for by insurance or otherwise, and exclude amounts reported in schedules for business or profession and for rents and royalties.

Bad debts tabulated from individual returns, Form 1040, excludes those reported in schedules for business or profession and for rents and royalties.

Medical and dental expenses are allowed for the first time as a deduction from the total income of individuals filing on Form 1040. This deduction is allowed for expenses paid during the taxable year, not compensated for by insurance or otherwise, for medical care of the taxpayer, his spouse, or a dependent. Such expenses include amounts paid for diagnosis, cure, treatment, or prevention of disease, or to alleviate a defect, as well as amounts paid for hospital, health, and accident insurance. The deduction is limited to the amount of medical expenses in excess of 5 percent of the net income computed without regard to this deduction. The maximum deduction in the case of a joint return of husband and wife or the head of a family, is $\$ 2,500$, and in the case of all other individuals, $\$ 1,250$. Medical expenses are reported in "Other deductions" on Form 1040 but are tabulated separately. On page 38 there is a tabulation showing medical expenses and net income by income classes, from which the entire medical cost may be computed for individuals who were allowed a deduction for this expense.

Other deductions include alimony paid, net operating loss deduction due to the unabsorbed net operating loss from business, partnership, and common trust fund, for the two preceding taxable years, expenses incurred for the procuction of taxable income, or for the management and maintenance of property held for the production of taxable income, and other authorized deductions for which no entry is provided on the return. Gambling losses in excess of the gains from such transactions are not allowed. Currentyear net loss from rents and royalties reported in sources of income, are tabulated in other deductions.

Total deductions are the sum of the deductions reported on the return and the negative amounts reported under income, which amounts have been transferred to a specified deduction or to "Other
deductions." The net loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets included in total deductions does not exceed net income or $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smaller. The method of computing this loss is described on pages 20-21. Deductions do not include personal exemption or credit of $\$ 100$ allowed a trust in lieu thereof, credit for dependents, earned income credit allowed individuals, or the amount distributable to beneficiaries reported on fiduciary returns.

Amount distributable to beneficiaries tabulated from taxable fiduciary returns, Form 1041, is a deduction allowed in computing the net income of estates and trusts, consisting of (1) a deduction without limitation, in lieu of the deduction allowed individuals, for amount paid to or permanently set aside for organizations operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, educational, or public purposes, and (2) the amount of income for the taxable year which is to be distributed currently to beneficiaries by the fiduciary and the amount to be held or distributed as the court may direct. Such distributable amounts, not taxable to the fiduciary, are to be included in computing the net income of the beneficiary whether actually distributed or not. Consequently, the amount distributable to beneficiaries shown on these taxable fiduciary returns is reported on the income tax returns of individuals who are beneficiaries and on fiduciary returns filed for estates and trusts which are recipients of an amount distributable, if such individuals and fiduciaries are required to file a return. On the income tax return of each beneficiary (individual or fiduciary), the respective share of the amount distributable to beneficiaries is reported in "Income from fiduciaries" except that "Partially tax-exempt interest on Goverument obligations" and "Dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations" are reported apart in order that they may be combined with similar items for credit against the surtax net income before computing normal tax net income. Thus, in tables showing composite data from individual and taxable fiduciary returns, there is some duplication in these sources and in "Total income," in so far as they were distributable from taxable fiduciary returns. However, the duplication is only a negligible percent of the total income. It is impossible to determine the exact amount of duplication because (1) every beneficiary may not be required to file a return, (2) data for returns, Form 1040, with net income under $\$ 5,000$ are estimated on the basis of samples, and (3) data are not tabulated from returns of (a) charitable organizations, (b) nonresident aliens not engaged in trade or business within the United States, or (c) nontaxable fiduciaries and common trust funds some of which show an amount distributable to beneficiaries (individuals or fiduciaries) whose returns are included in this report, while others may show the receipt of an amount distributable from the taxable fiduciary returns tabulated in this report.

The table below, prepared from individual returns exclusively, shows, for a limited number of net income classes, the sources of income, total income, deductions, and net income, followed by a percentage distribution based onstat income. The frequency distribution of returns for each specific source of income and deduction is not available.

Individual returns, 1942; rcturns with net income by net income classes and returns with no net income in aggregate: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. b11 and 18-24]
[Net inceme classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes | Number of returns | Sources of income |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Salaries and other compexsation | Dividends from domestic and foreign eorporations ${ }^{14}$ | Interest ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Bank deposits, notes, mortgages, corporation bonds | Government obligations |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Partially tax-exempt ${ }^{16}$ (subject to surtax only) | Taxable ${ }^{17}$ (subject to norms tax and surtax) |
| Returns with net ineone: Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{6}$ | 16, 106, 039 | 25, 436, 793 | (32) | (32) | (32) | (33 |
| Form 1040: | 19, 184,979 | 33, 741, 818 | 859,076 | 509,086 | 37, 680 | 21,826 |
| 5 under 10 | 779,448 | 3, 007, 153 | 378, 133 | 119,438 | 10, 179 | 4,890 |
| 10 under 25 | 296, 217 | 1,972,991 | 548, 913 | 121, 778 | 13. 333 | 6,350 |
| 25 under 50 | 63,975 | 830,620 | 387, 514 | 56,173 | 8, 246 | 3,443 |
| 50 under 100 | 19, 416 | 399, 350 | 293, 145 | 26,720 | 4,119 | 1,924 |
| 100 under 150 | 3,484 | 88,999 | 112, 132 | 7,008 | 1,212 | 551 |
| 150 under 300 | 1,931 | 61, 272 | 106,077 | 6, 680 | 1,050 | 466 |
| 300 under 500 | 397 | 12,907 | 43, 155 | 2,186 | 444 | 151 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 186 | 5,044 | 47,215 | 1,691 | 122 | 128 |
| 1,000 and over | 38 | 1.047 | 33, 233 | 253 | 3 | 25 |
| Total .. .-.-.-.-.-.- | 36,456, 110 | 65, 557,995 | 2, 808,592 | 851,012 | 76,387 | 39, 754 |
| Returns with no net income (est.) ${ }^{2}$ | 163,136 | 59,296 | 23,928 | 13,066 | 685 | 595 |
| dual returns. | 36,619, 246 | $65,617,291$ | 2, 832, 521 | 864,079 | 77,073 | 40,348 |


| Not ineome elasses | Sources of income-Continued |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and luan associations ${ }^{18}$ (subject to surtax only) | Rents and royalties | Annuities | Netain <br> from sal.s <br> of capital assets ${ }^{19}$ | Viet gain [rom sal s of property other than capital assets ?0 |
| Returns with net ineome: Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{6}$ | (32) |  | (32) |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Form1 1040: } \\ & \text { U'nder } 5 \text { (est.) } \end{aligned}$ | 9,910 | 1,424, 528 | 105, 945 | 85, 391 | 40, 051 |
| 5 under 10 | 3, 112 | 196, 201 | 13, 049 | 38, 772 | 9,437 |
| 10 under 25 | 3,185 | 155, 959 | 10,616 | 47,039 | 7, 060 |
| 25 under 50 | 1,376 | 64,502 | 4,790 | 31,966 | 2, 123 |
| 50 under 100 | 631 | 30,659 | 2,440 | 28,373 | 1,171 |
| 100 under 150 | 15 | 8, 443 | 854 | 15,004 | 246 |
| 150 under 300. | 15 | 10,011 | 529 | 22,377 | 171 |
| 300 under 500 | 2 | 2, 513 | 167 | 9,183 | 35 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 1 | 1,848 | 97 | 15,286 |  |
| 1,000 and over. |  | 161 | 64 | 23,097 |  |
| Total |  | 1,894, 824 | 138, 550 | 316,489 | 60, 596 |
| Returns with no net income (est.) ${ }^{2}$ | 18, 44 | 33, 449 | 2,362 | 6,766 | 839 |
| Grand total, individual returns-- | 18, 291 | 1,928, 274 | 140,911 | 323, 254 | 61,435 |

For footnotes, see pp. 78-79.

Individual returns, 1942; returns with net income by net income classes and returns with no net income in aggregate: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Continued
[For description of items and elassifications, and methods of tabulating and cstimating data, see pp). 5-11 and 18-24]
[Net incrme classes ard nerey feures in the usar ds of dellars]


For footnotes, see pls. 78-79.

Individual returns, 1942; returns with net income by net income classes and returns with no net income in aggregate: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Continued
[For deseriptiou of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18-24
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes | Deductions-Continued |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Losses from fire, storm, etc. 2728 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bad } \\ \text { debts } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Medical } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { dental ex- } \\ & \text { penses }{ }^{29} \end{aligned}$ | Other <br> deduc- <br> tions ${ }^{30}$ | Total deductions |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Form 1040: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 5 (est.) | 95, 850 | 98,386 | 602, 994 | 897, 596 | 5, 617, 147 | 38, 651, 421 |
| 5 under 10 | 7, 301 | 19, 323 | 31, 171 | 91.981 | 633,652 | 5, 210, 410 |
| 10 under 25 | 5,115 | 21, 187 | 13,698 | -3, 126 | 517, 254 | 4. 392,899 |
| 25 under 50 | 2,381 | 11,121 | 2, 662 | 32, 183 | 239, 090 | 2. 162,399 |
| 50 under 100 | 1. 175 | 6, 462 | 648 | 17,946 | 142, 189 | 1, 299, 298 |
| 100 under 150 | +363 | 1, 834 | 62 | 6. 873 | 47, 598 | -419,086 |
| 150 under 300 | 439 | 2, 764 | 17 | 6,967 | 45, 493 | 383, 325 |
| 300 under 500 | 80 | ${ }^{606}$ | 1 | 2, 529 | 17, 149 | 149,964 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 118 | 626 | 1 | 2, 483 | 16, 841 | 124, 240 |
| 1,000 and over | 16 | 341 |  | 1,101 | 9,976 | 80, 715 |
| Total --.----------- | 112, 839 | 162, 649 | 651, 255 | 1, 132, 685 | 7, 286, 389 | 78, 889.729 |
| Returns with no net ineome (est.) ${ }^{2}$-- | 20, 2.91 | 31. 233 | 5.126 | 6.6.680 | 380.084 | ${ }^{9} 198,598$ |
| (irand total, individual returns | 133, 130 | 193, 882 | 656, 380 | 1, 209, 375 | 7, 666, 474 | 10 78, 391, 131 |

Individual returus, 1942; returns with net income by net income classes and returns with no net income in aggregate: Percentage distribution of sources of income, deductions, and net income, based on total income
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see plp. 5-1] and 18-24]

| Net incomé classes (Thousands of dollars) | Sources of income |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Salaries and other compensation | Dividends from domestic and foreign corporations ${ }^{14}$ | Interest ${ }^{15}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | Bank deposits, notes mortgages, corporation bonds | Government obligations |  |
|  |  |  |  | Partially tax-exempt (subject to surtax only) | Taxable ${ }^{17}$ (subject to normal tax and surtax) |
| Returns with net income: Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{6}$ Form 1040. | 98.91 | (33) | (32) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }^{(32)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Form 1040: Under 5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 under 10 - | 51.46 | 6. 47 | 2. 04 | 0.09 .18 | . 08 |
| 10 under 25 | 40. 18 | 11. 18 | 2. 48 | 27 | . 13 |
| 25 under 50 | -34. 59 | 16. 14 | 2.34 | 34 | . 14 |
| 50 under 100 | 27. 70 | 20.34 | 1.85 | . 29 | . 13 |
| 100 under 150 | 19. 07 | 24. 03 | 1. 50 | . 26 | . 12 |
| 150 under 300 | 14. 29 | 24. 74 | 1. 56 | . 24 | . 11 |
| 300 under 500 | 7.72 | 25. 82 | 1. 31 | . 26 | -09 |
| 500 under 1,000 1,000 and over | 3.57 1.15 | 33. ${ }^{\text {36 }} 64$ | $\begin{array}{r}1.20 \\ .28 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (7) .09 | $\begin{array}{r}\text {. } 09 \\ .03 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Total |  | 3. 27 | . 99 | . 09 | . 05 |
| Returns with no net income (est.) ${ }^{2}$ | 32. 68 | 13.18 | 7. 20 | . 38 | . 33 |
| Grand total, individual returns -- | 76.25 | 3.29 | 1.00 | . 09 | . 05 |

For footnotes, see p , 7 ;-79.

Individual returns, 1942; returns with net income by net income classes and returns with no net income in aggregate: Percentage distribution of sources of ircome, deductions, and net income, based on total income-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18-24]


For footnotes, see p.1. 78-79:

Individual returns, 1942; returns with net income by net income classes and returns with no net income in aggregate: Percentage distribution of sources of income, deductions, and net income, based on total income-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, sce pp. 5-11 and 18-24]


For footnotes, see pp. 78-79.
GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS AND INTEREST
Data pertaining to partially tax-exempt and taxable Government obligations owned and the interest received thereon, as reported in schedule A, Form 1040, by individuals with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over, are tabulated in basic table 9. Similar data, as reported in schedule B, Form 1041, by fiduciaries with balance income of $\$ 5,000$ and over, are tabulated in basic table 10. Balance income is the fiduciary income before deducting the amount distributable to beneficiaries, and is the excess of total income over total deductions. For
both tabulations these Government obligations and the interest thereon are classified according to the taxability of the interest for Federal income tax purposes, into two classes - partially tax-exempt and taxable. The amount of Government obligations owned is the amount owned on the last day of the taxable year. The interest received is interest on such obligations received throughout the year or acerued at the end of the year, before the deduction for amortizable bond premium. No data are tabulated for the wholly tax-exempt Government obligations or the interest thereon.

Partially tax-exempt Government obligations are securities the interest on which is subject to the surtax only. They include (1) United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to March 1, 1941, and (2) obligations of instrumentalities of the United States issued prior to March 1, 1941, other than those issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act or that act as amended. The amount of partially tax-exempt Government obligations owned includes the taxpayer's pro rata share of such obligations held by partnerships and fiduciaries, and the partially tax-exempt interest includes the interest thereon received through these entities. Interest on an aggregate not to exceed $\$ 5,000$ principal amount of United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to March 1, 1941, is exempt also from the surtax. Interest received on the excess of $\$ 5,000$ principal amount of these bonds is reported as a source of income on the face of the return and tabulated as "Partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations" in basie tables 7, 7-A and 7-B. However, it is not possible to reconcile the amount of partially tax-exempt interest tabulated in the net income classes of $\$ 5,000$ and over in basic tables $7-\mathrm{A}$ and $7-\mathrm{B}$ with that in tables 9 and 10 , respectively, because the partially taxexempt interest tabulated in tables $7-\mathrm{A}$ and $7-\mathrm{B}$ is taken from the face of the return and is only the amount of interest subject to surtax after deducting the amortized bond premiun, while partially tax-exempt interest shown in tables 9 and 10 is taken from the interest schedule, showing interest before the amortization of bond premium, which, in addition to the amount reported on the face of the return for sartax purposes. also includes the amount of interest on a principal amount not exceeding $\$ 5,000$, which is exempt from the surtax.

Taxable Government obligations are securities the interest on which is subject to both the normal tax and the surtax. They include (1) Treasury notes issued on or after December 1, 1940, and (2) obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, issued on or after March 1, 1941, the interest upon which shall have no exemption from Federal income tax as provided in section 4 of the Public Debt Act of 1941. Interest received on such obligations is reported as a source of income on the face of the return, after deducting the amortizable bond promium, and tabulated as "Taxable interest on Government obligations" in basic tables $7,7-\mathrm{A}$, and $7-\mathrm{B}$.

The data tabulated in basic tables 9 and 10 do not represent a complete summary of Government obligations owned or the interest received thereon by individuals and fiduciaries, in view of the fact that (a) the returns from which these data are tabulated do not include individual returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$, or fiduciary returns with balance income under $\$ 5,000$, and (b) the schedule for interest on Government obligations, from which these data are tabulated, is an informational schedule wherein the data occasionally
are incomplete or entirely omitted. In addition, inconsistencies occur, such as interest reported for which no corresponding principal amount owned is shown, or the principal amount owned may be reported with no corresponding interest shown. Bond holdings vary during the year; therefore, the amount of obligations reported as of the end of the year may include obligations on which no interest was received and, similarly, the interest reported may include interest on obligattions which were sold prior to the end of the year.

## NET GAIN OR LOSS FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF CAPITAL ASSETS

There are 341,043 individual and fiduciary returns which show a net gain from sales or exchanges of capital assets of $\$ 368,680,165$, reported in income, and 475,575 returns which show a net loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets of $\$ 256,612,126$ as a deduction from income. Both amounts are after the deduction for the capital loss carry-over from a 1941 net short-term capital loss which camnot exceed the net income for that year and can be deducted only to the extent of the current year net short-term capital gain.

In the two following tables, certain details concerning the net gain or net loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets are shown as reported in the summary of capital gains and losses, schedule F, Form 1040, and schedule E, Form 1041. In the first table, data are composite for individual and taxable fiduciary returns, Forms 1040 and 1041, while the second table contains details from individual returns, Form 1040, only. In each tabulation, data reported on returns with a net gain from sales of capital assets are tabulated separately from data reported on returns with a net loss from sales of capital assets. The net gain from sales of capital assets is reported in total income even though the alternative tax is paid on the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. The net loss from such sales reported in total deductions is limited to the amount of net income (computed without regard to capital gains and losses) or to $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smaller. A complete description of net gain and net loss from sales of capital assets is given on pages 20-21. The net gain or net loss from sales of capital assets for 1942 is a combination of the net short-term and long-term gains and losses, whereas for 1941, the net short-term capital gain and the net long-term capital gain or loss were reported separately, the net long-term capital loss having been wholly deductible.

For the year 1942, 100 percent of the recognized gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets held not more than six months is taken into account in computing short-term capital gain or loss, while only 50 percent of the gain or loss recognized from sales or exchanges of capital assets held more than six months is taken into account in computing long-term gain or loss. As a result of the percentage application, there is reported in total income a net gain (short-term and long-term.) from sales of capital assets of $\$ 368,680,165$, of which $\$ 36,585,913$ is net short-term gain and $\$ 332,094,252$ is net long-term gain. Since only 50 percent of the recognized gain or loss from sales of assets held more than six months is taken into account, an amount equal to the net long-term gain, $\$ 332,094,252$, is excluded from total income. Application of the percentages in respect to capital losses results in a net loss (short-term and long-term) of $\$ 519,147,016$, of which $\$ 14,214,202$ is net short-term loss and $\$ 504$,-

932,814 is net long-term loss. Since only 50 percent of the recognized gain or loss from sales of assets held more than six months is taken into account, an amount equal to the net long-term loss, $\$ 504,932,814$, is not allowable as a deduction. Due to the limitation on capital losses allowed as a deduction in computing net income (section 117 (d) of the Code), there is eliminated $\$ 262,534,890$ of the $\$ 519,147,016$ net loss mentioned above, making a total of $\$ 767,467,704$ capital losses not allowable as a deduction in computing net income. The amount of "Net capital loss" to be used as a carry-over against "Net capital gain" in any of the next five succeeding taxable years is not a vailable.

Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, 1942, by returns with net gain or with net loss from sales of capital assets; returns with net income by taxable and nontaxablc returns and by net income classes; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income: Number of returns, net gain from sales of rapital assets, net loss from sales of capital assets before and afier staintory limitation, net shoriterm capital gain or loss, net long-term capital gain or loss, and net short-term capital loss of preceding taxable year deducted
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 67, 10 and 20-21]
[[Net ircone classes and money figures in the usands of doltars]

| Net income classes(1) | Return | a with net gains | from sales of cap | ital nssets |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Net gain from | Short-te | $\mathrm{crm}^{34}$ |
|  | Number of returns | assets ${ }^{19}$ (item 8(a), p. 1, <br> Forms 1040 and 1041, or item 3, col. 5(a), Sch. F, Form 1040, and Sch. E, Form 1041)(col. $4+6$ minus col. 5 and 7) | Net short-term capital gain (after net shortterm loss of preceding taxable year) (item 1, col. 5(a), Sch. F, Form 1040, and Sch. E. Form 1041) | Net sliortterm eapital loss (item 1, col. 5(b), Sch F, Form 1040, and Sch. E, Form 1041) |
|  | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Taxable indlvidual and fiduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |
| U'nder 5 (est.) ------------------------------ | 208, 451 | 84, 862 | 10,577 | 381 |
| 5 under 10 | 45, 440 | 43, 214 | 6,491 | 219 |
| 10 under 25 | 30, 664 | 53, 292 | 8,367 | 299 |
| 25 under 50 | 9, 822 | 35, 958 | 4, 055 | 202 |
| 50 under 100 | 3,765 | 32, 46.6 | 2,911 | 98 |
| 100 under 150 | 82t | 16,433 | 1,647 | 45 |
| 150 under 300 | 550 | 24,708 | 1, 282 | 57 |
| 300 under 500 | 139 | 11,933 | - 94 | 24 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 81 | 21,018 | 603 | (3) 8 |
| 1,000 and over- | 25 | 25, 214 | 35 | (33) |
| Total taxable returns | 299,758 | 349, 098 | 36,062 | 1,333 |
| Nontaxable individual returns: <br> With net income: ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| W'ith no net income (est.) ${ }^{2}$--------------------- | 4,304 | 6,766 | + 513 | 17 |
| Total nontaxable returns.----------.--- | 41,285 | 19,582 | 1,885 | 28 |
|  | 341, 043 | 368,680 | 37,947 | 1,361 |

For foot notes, see pp. 78-79.

Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, 1942, by returns with net gain or with net loss from sales of capital assets; returns with net income by taxable and nontaxable returns and by net income classes; also aggregate for individual returns with no ret income: Number of returns, net gain from sales of capital assets, net loss from sales of capital assets before and after statutory limitation, net short-term capital gain or loss, net long-term capital gain or loss, and net short-term capital loss of preceding taxable year deducted-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 67. 10, and 20-21]
[Net ircome classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


Forfootnotes, sce pp. 78-79.

Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, 1942, by returns with net gain or with net lass from sales of capital assets; returns with net income by taxable and nontaxable returns and by net income classes; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income: Number of returns, net gain from sales of capital assets, net loss from sales of capital assets before and afier statutory limitation, net short-term capital gain or loss, net long-term capital gain or loss, and net short-term capital loss of preceding taxable year deducted-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 6-7, 10 , and $20-21$ ]
[Net income elasses and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes | Returns with net loss from sales of capital assetsContinued |  |  |  | Net short-term capital loss of preceding taxable year dedueted from short-term eapital gain ${ }^{35}$ (item 1, col. 2, Sch. F, Form 1040, and Sch. E, Forni 1041) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Short-term ${ }^{34}$ |  | Long-term ${ }^{34}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Net short-term capitalgain (afternet short-term loss ofpreceding tax-able year)(item 1, col.5(a), Seh. F,Form 1040,and sch. E,Form 1041)(11) | Net short-term capi-tal loss(item 1, col.$5(b)$ Sch.F, Form1040, andSeh. E,Form 1041)(12) | Net long-term eapi-tal gain(item 2, ccl.5(a). sch.F. Form1040, andErh. F,Form 1041)(13) | Net longterm capital loss (item 2, eol 5(b), Sch. F, Form 1040, and Form 1041) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Retums with net gain from sales of capital assets | Returns with net loss from sales of capital assets <br> (16) |
| Taxable individual and fiduciary returns with net income: <br> Under 5 (est.) <br> 5 inder 10 <br> 16 under 25 <br> 25 under 50 <br> 50 under 100 <br> 100 under 150 <br> 150 under 300 <br> 300 under 500 <br> 500 under 1,000 <br> 1,000 and over: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2, 631 | 9,291 | 457 | 184, 895 | 169 | 480 |
|  | 1, 707 | 3,547 | 419 | 84. 106 | 165 | 355 |
|  | 2, 250 | 4,330 | 470 | 89,091 | 241 | 448 |
|  | 1,388 | 2,016 | 220 | 40, 085 | 138 | 256 |
|  | -665 | 1,113 | 113 | 18, 164 | 45 | 26 |
|  | 212 | 490 | 26 | 5, 356 | 34 | 71 |
|  | 76 | 170 |  | 5. 544 | 10 | 20 |
|  | 36 | 32 | (33) | 1.056 | 27 | 18 |
|  | 18 | 53 |  | 577 |  | 11 |
|  | 31 |  |  | 495 |  |  |
| Total taxable retur | 9, 014 | 21, 045 | 1,719 | 429, 369 | 830 | 1,920 |
| Nontaxable individual returns: <br> With net income: 5 Under 5 (est.) <br> With no net income (est.) ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 182 | 1,747 | 10 | 51, 218 | 6 | 69 |
|  | 95 | 713 | 6 | 26,080 |  |  |
| Total nontaxable returns <br> Grand total | 277 | 2, 460 | 16 | 77, 299 | 6 | 69 |
|  | 9, 291 | 23, 505 | 1,735 | 506, 668 | 836 | 1,959 |

For footnotes, see pp. 78-79.

Individual returns, 1942, by returns with net gain or with net loss from sales of capital assets; returns with net income by taxable and nontaxable returns and by net income classes; also aggregate for returns with no net income: Number of returns, net gain from sales of capital assets, net loss from sales of capital assets before and after statutory limitation, net short-term capital gain or loss, net long-term capital gain or loss, and net short-term capital loss of preceding taxable year deducted
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. C-7, 10, 20-211
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands ol dollars]


| Net income classes(1) | Returns with net gain from sales of capital asssets-Continued |  | Returns with net loss from sales of capital assets |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Long-term ${ }^{34}$ |  | Number of returns <br> (8) | Net loss from sales of capital assets ${ }^{18} 25$ (item 8 (a), p. 1, Form 1040) | Net loss from sales of capital assets before statutory limitation (item 4, col. 5(b), Seh. F, Form 1040) (c)l. $12+14$ minus col. 11 and 13) |
|  | Net longterm capital gain (item 2, col. $5(\mathrm{a})$, Sch. F, $\underset{1040)}{\text { Form }}$ <br> (6) | Net longterm capital loss (item $2, \mathrm{col}$. 5(b), Sch. F, Form 1040) <br> (7) |  |  |  |
| Taxable individual returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 64, 142 | 1,003 | 257, 568 | 117,782 | 183, 824 |
| 5 under 10 | 33, 591 | 773 | 66, 765 | 39, 215 | 83,056 |
| 10 under 25 | 40, 515 | 955 | 50, 444 | 34.142 | 87,841 |
| 25 under 50 | 29,023 | 525 | 15,880 | 11, 5 f0 | 39,098 |
| 50 under 100 | 25,928 | 192 | 5,695 | 4,460 | 17,601 |
| 100 under 150 | 13,558 | 74 | 1,166 | 957 | 4. 913 |
| 150 under 300 | 21, 452 | 62 | 592 | 531 | 4, 591 |
| 300 under 500 | 9,115 | 2 | 120 | 117 | 1,050 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 15,239 | 4 | 69 | 60 | 607 |
| 1,000 and over | 23,063 |  | 9 | 163 | 467 |
| Total taxable returns | 275.626 | 3,590 | 398.311 | 208, 988 | 423,053 |
| Nontaxable individual returns: With net income: ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With no net income (est.) | 11,610 6,352 | $\begin{array}{r} 155 \\ 83 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55,105 \\ & 13,315 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31,433 \\ & 12,192 \end{aligned}$ | 52, 773 26.692 |
| Total nontaxable returns | 17.962 | 238 | 68, 420 | 43,626 | 79,465 |
|  | 293, 588 | 3,828 | 466, 731 | 252, 614 | 502, 518 |

For footnotes, see pp. 78-79.

Individual returns, 1942, by returns with net gain or with net loss from sales of capital assets; returns with net income by taxable and nontaxable returns and by net income classes; also aggregate for returns with no net income: Number of returns, net gain from sales of capital assets, net loss from sales of capital assets before and after statutory limitation, net short-tcrm capital gain or loss, net longterm capital gain or loss, and net short-term capital loss of preceding taxable year deducted-Continued
\{For deseription of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and cstimating data, see pp. 6-7, $10,20-21]$
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 78-79.

Data from individual returns, Form 1040, showing a deduction for medical and dental expenses, are tabulated below. Medical expenses are not leported on the optional Form 1040A. The deduction for medical expenses (allowable for the first time in 1942) is limited to such expenses in excess of an amount equal to 5 percent of net income computed without the deduction; however, the maximum deduction is $\$ 2,500$ on a joint return of lusband and wife, or on a return for the head of a family, and $\$ 1,250$ on returns for all other persons.

There are $3,842,183$ returns with net income and 5,593 returns with no net income showing a deduction for medical expenses. The total deduction is $\$ 656,380,273$. In order to determine the entire amount of medical expenses paid during the year by individuals filing these returns, the deduction for modieal expense, $\$ 656,380,273$, should be added to the net income of $\$ 8,261,254,668$, making an income of $\$ 8,917,634,941$ before deduction for medical expenses. Medical expenses cqual to 5 percent of this sum, $\$ 445,881,747$, are disallowed as a deduction according to the provisions of section $23(\mathrm{x})$ of the Code. These disallowed medical expenses when added to the allowable deduction of $\$ 656,380,273$ show that the total medical expenses actually paid during 1942 by individuals filing these returns were a minimum of $\$ 1,102,262,020$ - minimum beeause there may be cases in which the limitation of the maximum deduetion was effective. This computation does not give consideration to medical expenses paid by approximately sixteen and onc-half million other individuals who filed Form 1040, but whose medical expenses did not exceed 5 percent of net income computed without regard to such expenses and therefore were denied a deduction for income tax purposes; neither does this computation give consideration to medical expenses of individuals who file Form 1040A.

Individual returns, Form 1040, 1942, by net income classes: Number of returns, medical and dental expenses, and net income
(For deseription of items and elassifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 6-8, 10,23 , and 37 ]
[Net inceme classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes | Number of returns | Medical and dental expenses ${ }^{29}$ | Net ineome |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Taxable individual returns with net income: |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.) | 12,752 | 2,329 | 3,740 |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 182, 509 | 21,288 | 116, 153 |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 197, 501 | 22,446 | 172, 535 |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 171, 748 | 22, 616 | 195, 129 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 275, 821 | 41.364 | 380, 531 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 353, 225 | 52, 236 | 576, 749 |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 387, 313 | 57, 425 | 727, 311 |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 367, 409 | 54, 712 | 778,632 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 319, 397 | 49,485 | 756, 838 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 248, 742 | 38, 808 | 651, 704 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 205, 823 | 33, 353 | 591, 145 |
| 3 nuder 3.5 (est.) | 264, 751 | 42,919 | 852, 471 |
| 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 131, 318 | 23, 591 | 488, 024 |
| 4 under 4.5 (est.). | 64, 411 | 14, 596 | 2-1, 796 |
| 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 37, 316 | 9,055 | 176, 147 |
| 5 under 6.-- | 37, 617 | 11, 803 | 204, 659 |
| 6 under 7 - | 19,315 | 7, 517 | 124, 764 |
| 7 under 8. | 11, 595 | 5, 161 | 86, 524 |
| 8 under 9 | 7, 592 | 3. 702 | 64, 369 |
| 9 under 10 | 5,472 | 2, 990 | 51, 816 |
| 10 under 25 | 18, 554 | 13,698 | 268, 777 |
| 25 under 50 | 2, 363 | 2, 662 | 78, 127 |
| 50 under 100 | 441 | 648 | 29, 102 |
| 100 under 150 | 47 | 62 | 5,502 |
| 150 under 300 | 12 | 17 | 2, 534 |
| 300 under 500 | 1 | 1 | 349 |
| 500 nnder 1,000. |  | 1 | 625 |
| 1,000 and over- |  |  |  |
| Total taxable returns | 3, 323, 746 | 534, 482 | 7,656, 054 |
| Nontaxable individual returns: With net income: ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } 0.5 \text { (est.) } \\ & 0.5 \text { under } 0.75 \text { (est.) } \end{aligned}$ | 103,167 29,454 | 28,250 8,636 | 38,922 18,407 |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.). | 49,937 | 14, 250 | 44, 533 |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 116, 160 | 25, 635 | 131, 799 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 71, 492 | 14,355 | 99, 661 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 62, 083 | 11, 342 | 98.766 |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 49, 239 | 8, 033 | 89, 322 |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 22,348 | 3,799 | 48, 158 |
| 2.25 nuder 2.5 (est.) | 5, 097 | 991 | 12, 171 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 5. 400 | 785 | 13.945 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 2, 619 | 461 | 7,347 |
| 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 1,299 | 213 | 4, 112 |
| 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 142 | 23 | 512 |
| 4 under 4.5 (est.) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total | 518, 437 | 116,773 | 607, 655 |
| With no net income (est.) | 5,593 | 5,126 | - 2,454 |
| Total nontaxable returns. | 524, 030 | 121, 899 | 10605.201 |
| Grand total | 3, 847, 776 | 656, 380 | 108, 261, 255 |
| Individual returns with net ineome | 3, 842, 183 | 651, 255 | 8, 263. 709 |
| Individual returns with no net income (est.) | 5,593 | 5,126 | -2. 451 |

For footnotes, see pp. 78-79.

PATTERNS OF 1NCOMF
Of the $36.619,246$ returns filed by individuals for the current year, $27,322,569$, or 74.6 percent, of the returns show income classified in the two patterns of income, (1) income solely from salaries and (2) income from salaries and less than $\$ 100$ other income. The total income reported on the returns showing these two patterns of income is 63.4 percent of the total income reported on all individual returns.

The number of returns, amount of salaries, all other income, and net income are classified by six patterns of income in the following table, which is presented in two parts: Part I for all returns, showing data for returns, Form 1040A, in aggregate and data for returns, Form 1040, by net income classes; Part II for returns, Form 1040A, showing data tabulated by gross income classes. The net income classes for returns, Form 1040, and the gross income classes for returns, Form 1040A, are identical with those used in the basic tables of this report, except that the higher income classes are grouped. Data are completely tabulated from returns, Form 1040, with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over, while data for the remaining returns, Form 1040, with net income (taxable and nontaxable), returns, Form 1040, with no net income, and data for returns, Form 1040A (taxable and nontaxable), are estimated in the same manner and from the same samples as the data for such returns tabulated in other text tables and in the basic tables. The selection of samples and method of estimating data are described on pages 6-7. This tabulation is more inclusive than the special tabulation published on pages 53-55 of last year's report, which presented an analysis of the income reported on individual returns, Form 1040A, but the patterns of income for the current year are not comparable with those of last year.

 of salaries, all other income, and net income.
ns, and methods of tahulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18]
PART 1-A1.L RETURNS
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Let income classes | , |  |  |  | Patterns of income |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total |  |  |  | lneome solely from salaries |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns <br> (2) | Salaries and other eompensation <br> (3) | All other income (4) | Net income <br> (5) | Number of returns <br> (6) | Salaries and other compensation <br> (7) | Net income <br> (8) |
| 1 | Taxable individual returns with net income: Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{6}$ Form 1040: | 11, 291, 398 | 18,308, 157 | 227, 319 | 18,535, 476 | 9, 812, 354 | 15, 843, 433 | 15, 843, 433 |
| 2 | Inder 0.5 (est.). | 82, 380 | 15. 299 | 19,630 | 23, 934 | 30. 833 | 13, 230 | 9, 856 |
| 3 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 751,545 | 38.4, 904 | 212, 944 | 475.679 | 408, 179 | 324, 304 | 2600,456 |
| 5 | (1.75 under 1 (est.) 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 814,697 795,046 | 642,759 $\times 13,376$ | 214, 854 | 712, 033 | 509, 316 | 531, 297 | 445, 394 |
| 6 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 1,213, 938 | 1, 453, 240 | 525, 626 | 1, 669, 023 | 644, 556 | 1, 039.582 | 8,6, 481 |
| 7 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 1, 440,933 | 2, 129, 747 | 623,307 | 2, 349, 868 | 791,516 | 1, 506, 276 | 1, 291, 038 |
| $\stackrel{8}{9}$ | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 1,564,577 | 2, 722,557 | 688, 918 | 2, 936,982 | 877.753 | 1,901f, 626 | 1, 647, 357 |
| 9 10 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 1,551, 182 | 3.092. 806 | 694, 864 | 3, 290, 902 | $\times 76,217$ | 2, 120.650 | 1, 2588,599 |
| 10 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | $1,375,991$ | 3, $08.7,513$ | 696, 50:2 | 3. 262, 545 | 752, 556 | 2,038, 992 | 1, 777,035 |
| 11 12 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 1,134.517 | 2. 770.0 .17 | 610, 755 | 2, 973, 878 | 612,407 | 1,825,625 | 1, 604, 471 |
| 113 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 1,067,002 | 2. $\times 69.561$ | 569. 115 | 3, 068.975 | 594, 890 | 1,900. 254 | 1,712, 390 |
| 14 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 1, 904,175 | 2. $953,85 \mathrm{~K}$ | 749, 274 | 3, 465, 571 | 927.167 435,303 | 3, 267,436 | 2, $988.5,749$ |
| 15 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 497, 395 | 1,715, 109 | 6.06, 541 | 2, 102, 109 | 199, 851 | 918, $87 \%$ | 843, 094 |
| 16 | 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 308, 320 | 1,082, 624 | 527, 299 | 1,456, 693 | 101, 855 | 522,979 | 480, 525 |
| 17 | 5 under 6--.. | 321, $4 \times 6$ | 1, 155, 931 | 80.4,695 | 1,750,656 | 80, 677 | $4 \times() .743$ | 436. 886 |
| 18 | ${ }_{6} \mathrm{i}_{\text {mader }} 7$ | 142.086 | 678, 280 | 6.43, 846 | 1, 177,00. | 32, 649 | 232, 899 | 210,352 |
| 19 | 7 under 8 | 121, 872 | 484, 790 | 536, 070 | 910.040 | 17,778 | 146, 767 | 132, 436 |
| 20 | \& under 9 | 86, 830 | 374, 119 | 4,52, 540 | 736.074 | 10, 708 | 100. 657 | 90, 766 |
| 21 22 | 9 under 10. | 67, 174 | 314, 034 | 389, 758 | ¢i36, 629 | 7,631 | 79,826 | 72, 258 |
| 22 | 10) under 25. | 296, 217 | 1,972,994 | 2, 937, 158 | 4,392,899 | 22, 434 | 345, 099 | 314, 005 |
| 23 24 | 25 under 50 | 63, 975 | \$30, 620 | 1, 570, 869 | 2, 162, 399 | 1, 884 | 64, 380 | 59,515 |
| 24 | 50 under 100 | 19,416 | 399, 350 | 1,012, 136 | 1,299, 298 | 224 | 15. 151 | 14, 067 |
| 25 | 100 under 150 | 3, 484 | -8, 999 | 377, 685 | 419, 086 | 21 | 2, 620 | 2, 475 |
| 26 | 150 under 300. | 1,931 | 611, 272 | 367.545 | 383, 325 | 3 | 618 | 578 |



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|  |  |  |  <br>  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 9 \\ & 9 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ | － |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  <br>  |  | 10 10 0 ain 0 0 | \％ －1 0 0 8 |


| 家安水 |  |  |  <br>  |  | 等 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



For footnotes，see pp．78－79
 639257－45－4
 also aggregate for individual returns with no net income；Part $I I$ ，returns，Form $1040 A$ ，by gross income classes： of salaries，all other income，and net income－Continued
［For deseription of items and classifications，and methods of tabulating and estimating data，see pp．5－11 and 18］
［Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

| Patterns of income－Continued |  |  | $\stackrel{\theta}{*}$ |  <br> $\rightarrow$ にががに <br>  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 2 |  <br>  |
|  |  |  | 三 |  <br>  |
|  |  |  | $\stackrel{\cong}{\cong}$ |  <br>  <br>  |
|  | 若 |  | $\stackrel{31}{c}$ |  <br>  $=$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \text { 8 } \\ & \text { 픞 } \end{aligned}$ |  | E |  <br>  <br>  |
|  |  |  | $\hat{E}$ |  <br>  － |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S } \\ & \text { WE } \\ & \text { E } \\ & 3 \\ & z \end{aligned}$ | 3 |  <br>  <br>  |
|  |  |  | § |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 26 | 150 under 300 | 2 | 330 | ${ }^{(33)}$ | 312 | 1 | 185 | (33) | 182 | 26 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27 | 300 under 500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | 500 under 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28 |
| 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nontaxable individual returns: With net income: ${ }^{\dot{b}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | Form 1040: | 171,734 | 261,035 | 1,315 | 265, 900 | 40,522 | 9,941 | 2,954 | 64,682 | 31 |
| 32 | Forminder 0.5 (est.) | 28, 746 | 18,693 |  | 11,127 | 18, 428 |  |  | ¢, 638 | 32 |
| 33 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 9,87316,964 | 9,180 20,665 | 450 | 6,227 | 6,833 |  | 1,735 | 10,930 34 |  |
| 34 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) |  | 62, 070 | 1,099 2,725 | 50,995 | 12,304 | 13, 201 | 4, 683 |  |  |
| 35 36 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 27,844 | 44, 621 | 1,421 | 50, 995 38,753 | 16,778 | 25, 186 | 2, 504 | 23,425 36 |  |
| 37 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 24, 237 | 44, 290 |  | 35,829 | $\begin{aligned} & 15,682 \\ & 13,933 \end{aligned}$ | 26, 677 | 2, 3603,997 | ${ }_{25}^{25,867}$ |  |
| 38 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 20,91311,168 | 26, 625 | $\begin{array}{r}1,141 \\ \hline 924\end{array}$ | 23,878 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) |  |  | 491 |  | 7,777 | 17, 375 | 1,058 | 16,571 39 |  |
| 40 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 2, 2, 697 1,585 | 7,059 | 94 | 6,433 | 2,175 | 6, 237 | , 298 | 5,170 40 |  |
| 41 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 1, 225 | 4, <br> 3, <br> 3 <br> 193 | 56 <br> 71 <br> 1 | 3, 535 | 1,723 | 4, 2,728 2, | 243 | 2, 756 |  |
| 42 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) |  |  | 70 | 2,994 | $\begin{array}{r} 480 \\ 81 \end{array}$ | 1,607 | 6512 |  | 43 |
| 4 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 122 | 3,144 | 3 |  |  | 322 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 298 \\ & 154 \end{aligned}$ | 4 |
| 45 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 20 | 89 | 1 | 84 | 38 | 149 | 6 |  |  |
| 46 | 4.5 under 5 (est.). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47 | Total | $\begin{array}{r} 363,033 \\ 4,186 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 54 \mathrm{f}, 959 \\ 6,262 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14,726 \\ \quad 179 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 507,129 \\ \quad 4,298 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 168,694 \\ 2,232 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 238,240 \\ 2,484 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24,573 \\ 292 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 226,801 \\ 82,436 \end{array}$ | 4748 |
| 48 | With no net income, Form 1040 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49 | Total nontaxable returns | 367, 219 | 555, 221 | 14,905 | ${ }^{10} 502,831$ | 170,926 | 240, 724 | 24, 865 | ${ }^{10} 224,365$ | 49 |
| 50 | Grand total | 3, 266, 360 | 7,951, 146 | 116, 648 | ${ }^{10} 7,411,747$ | 1,011,527 | 2, 510, 012 | 148,499 | ${ }^{10} 2,370,412$ | 50 |

For footnotes, see pp. 78-79
Individual returns, 1942, by patterns of income and by taxable and nontaxable returns-Part I, all returns with net income by net income classes; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income; Part II, returns, Form 1040A, by gross income classes: Number of returns, amount of salaries, all other inrome, and net income-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18] PART I-ALL RETURNS-Continued
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes | Patterns of income--Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Income fr | om salaries inc | $\begin{aligned} & \text { and } \$ 200- \\ & \text { ome } \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 500$ other | Income fr | nı selaries inc | nd $\$ 500$ or me | more other | Income | lely from s <br> than salari | urces other |  |
|  |  | Nimber of returns <br> (17) | Salaries and other compensation <br> (18) | All other incorne <br> (19) | Net income <br> (20) | Number of returns <br> (21) | Salaries and other compensation <br> (22) | All other income $(\mathbf{2 :})$ | Net income $(24)$ | Number of returns <br> (25) | All other ineome <br> (26) | Net income <br> (27) |  |
| 1 | Taxable individual returns with net income: <br> Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{6}$ <br> Form 1040: | 132. 475 | 212. 803 | 40, 530 | 253.332 | 58, 128 | 67,398 | 49,452 | 116, 850 | 72,9:32 | 89, 990 | 89.990 |  |
| 2 | Tinder 0.5 (est.) .... 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 1.315 | ${ }_{12}^{2228}$ | 9. 307 | 4688 | ${ }^{658}$ | 361 | 1.105 | 13, 207 | 44, 105 | 17,865 | 11,788 |  |
| 3 4 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 29.476 29.012 | 13,648 21,476 | $9,191)$ 10,241 | 18.531 | 21.663 | 6,031 | 15.357 | 13, 6,53 | 227, 753 | 154,029 | 112,070 | 3 |
| 5 | 1. under 1.25 (est.) | 29.012 36.645 | 21,476 38,935 | 10,241 10,675 | 25,350 42,169 | 28,433 37,607 | 11, 679 | 22, 384 | 24,947 | 164, 466 | 176, 370 | 142,897 | 4 |
| 6 | . 25 moder 1.5 (est.) | 69,959 | 96.015 | 10, 21,586 | 96, 497 | 37,611 83,465 | 23,84 61,871 | 36,830 83,261 | 114. 724 | 152, 760 | 2]1, 1385 | 171, 009 | 5 |
| 7 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | ¢6. 010 | 141),478 | 27,882 | 140, 463 | 101.272 | 93,317 | 108, 538 | 114. 16.198 | 251.582 | 408,951 471.569 | 314,906 406,655 |  |
| 8 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 96,007 | 182, 832 | 29, 592 | 180,572 | 113,833 | 125, 088 | 134,690 | 214, 69:) | 234,911 | 47, <br> 5078 <br> 070 | 106,655 439.872 | 8 |
| 9 10 10 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 998.527 | 218, 539 | 30, 9:31 | 209. 394 | 117, 811 | 137, 131 | 155, 1332 | 250. 241 | 207,932 | 490, 32.5 | 440.810 |  |
| 11 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 12, 918 | 224,961 | 32. 310 | 220, 430 | 114.397 | 173, 052 | 149. 28.5 | 293, 369 | [146, 747 | 496, 460 | $442.88 \%$ | 10 |
| 12 | 2.5 nuder 2.75 (est.) 2.75 muder 3 (ust.) | 81.455 65.570 | 214. 1947 | 24, 93.3 | 213, 1834 | 97, 6.64 | 168.872 | 127.332 | 256, 546 | 149, ¢4¢ | 414,797 | 392.821 | 11 |
| 13 | $\because$ ander 3.5 (est.) | 1100, 032 | 329, 168 | 30,946 | 1822. 495 | 80.219 139.837 | 29f, 009 | 126,728 | 259.013 | 125, 443 | 407.886 | 360, 313 | 12 |
| 14 | 3.5 under 1 (est.) | 59,890 | 224, 635 | 19,426 | 223, 0.51 | 139.808 99,438 | 295, 24093 | 205, $\times 71$ | 452, 376 | 189.681 129.943 | 694.545 512.636 | 612.781 | 13 |
| 15 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 33, 193 | 145, 40) | 10.912 | 140, 213 | 39, 669.905 | 243, 183,738 | 160,075 |  | 129.943 $0.4,214$ | 512.636 | $4 \times 5.210$ | 14 |
| 16 | 4.5 inder 5 (est.) | 21,599 | 103, 159 | 6,890 | 99,218 | 47, 512 | 146, 2\%2 | 134, 286 | 227,846 | 76,063 | -281. 471 | 399, 179 | 15 |
| 17 | 5 under 6 | 22, 2118 | 125, 125 | 7,170 | 122, 295 | 67, 689 | 235, 351 | 193, 74. | 369, 814 | 98.034 | 599.497 | 359,778 534,543 | 16 17 |
| 18 | 6 under 7 | 12, 118 | 84, 0×1 | 4,108 | 78,276 | 46, 929 | 189,635 | 166),409 | 303, 891 | 66,000 | 477, 203 | - 427,206 | 18 |
| 19 20 | 7 under 8 | 7.744 | 61, 520 | 2. 741 | 57, 803 | 34, 736 | 162, 307 | 137,002 | 259, 725 | 47,583 | 394,989 | 355, 511 | 19 |
| 20 | 8 inder 9 | 5.31² | 48,440 | 1,926 | 44, 999 | 26, 910 | 113, 213 | 119,570 | 228, 186 | 35,059 | 329, 991 | 355, 297120 | 20 |
| 21 | 9 under 10 | 3, 931 | 40.033 | 1,480 | 37.278 | 22, 045 | 130,606 | 109.417 | 209.008 | 27, 409 | $2 \wedge 8,176$ | 259, 779 | 21 |
| 22 | 10 under 25 | 13, 599 | 207, 387 | 5,030 | 192, 326 | 118, 689 | 1, 137, 546 | 918, 290 | 1,804.585 | 122, 960 | 2,011. 734 | 1,821,913 | 22 |


| 25 under 50 <br> 50 under 100 <br> 100 under 150 <br> 150 under 300 <br> 300 under 500 <br> 500 under 1,000 <br> 1,000 and over. | $\begin{array}{r} 1,388 \\ 178 \\ 15 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | 48,426 12,100 1,850 1,236 | 573 59 5 2 | 45,185 11,304 1,748 1,052 | $\begin{array}{r} 32,929 \\ 10,699 \\ 1,894 \\ 1,871 \\ 200 \\ 99 \\ 24 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 661,528 \\ 358,251 \\ 82,741 \\ 58,903 \\ 12,541 \\ 5,044 \\ 1,047 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 598,108 \\ 447,647 \\ 174,719 \\ 182,522 \\ 73,562 \\ 72,249 \\ 64,216 \end{array}$ | $1,119,845$ 716,064 227,510 211,212 75,919 66,619 58,289 | $\begin{array}{r} 26,214 \\ 8,122 \\ 1,540 \\ 849 \\ 196 \\ 87 \\ 14 \end{array}$ | 972,025 <br> 594, 413 <br> 202, 960 <br> 80, 643 <br> 63, 789 <br> 25, 529 | 885, 819 <br> 545, 017 <br> 185, 710 <br> 73, 694 <br> 57, 621 <br> 22, 420 | 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total taxable returns | 1, 100, 571 | 3,002. 823 | 350, 837 | 2, 967, 275 | 1,582, 753 | 5, 092, 458 | 4, 979, 287 | 8, 725, 008 | 2, 992, 244 | 12, 150, ti31 | 10,882, 475 | 30 |
| Nontaxable individual returns: <br> With net income: s <br> Form 1040A (est.) B <br> Form 1040: <br> ............... | 43,329 | 58, 565 | 13,327 | 71,892 | 14, 143 | 12,735 | 11,036 | 23, 771 | 22, 588 | 17,056 | 17, 056 | 31 |
| Under 0.5 (est.) 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 40,964 15,825 | $\begin{array}{r} 14,331 \\ \mathbf{8}, 601 \end{array}$ | 13,143 5,232 | $15,847$ | 44, 409 | 14, 482 | 31, 441 | 15,6.50 | 462, 705 | 264, 288 | 156, 676 | 32 |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 28,976 | 25, 545 | 9,244 | 25, 742 | 43, 428 | 19,017 | 40, 912 | 38,762 | 271, 597 | 284, 943 | 240, 390 | ${ }_{34} 3$ |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 56, 296 | 60, 114 | 18,012 | 63, 405 | 87,596 | 46,577 | 96,510 | 98,540 | 388, 734 | 480, 185 | 434,969 | 35 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 30, 345 | 40,101 | 9,280 | 42, 233 | 49,678 | 32,903 | 48, 134 | 68,768 | 191,964 | 295, 968 | 264, 554 | 36 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 24,999 | 37, 867 | 7,760 | 40, 073 | 41, 039 | 32, 710 | 46, 188 | 65,996 | 127, 831 | 222,388 | 205, 513 | 37 |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 21, 520 | 38, 879 | 6,692 | 40, 113 | 30, 194 | 29,012 | 36,561 | 55,947 | 89,046 | 177. 213 | 165, 073 | 38 |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 13,765 | 28,690 | 4,386 | 29,339 | 16, 213 | 19, 058 | 20, 965 | 34, 820 | 46, 853 | 106, 474 | 99. 615 | 39 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 4, 160 | 10,003 | 1,176 | 9, 899 | 6, 449 | 8. 6.56 | 7,555 | 15. 383 | 18,945 | 48,455 | 44,947 | 40 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 2, 802 | 6, 968 | 857 | 7, 258 | 4,728 | 7,703 | 5, 945 | 12. 243 | 12,493 | 34, 591 | 32, 328 | 41 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 1,923 | 5,339 | 587 | 5,514 | 2,973 | 5,469 | 3, 954 | 8,499 | 5,663 | 16, 846 | 16, 220 | 42 |
| 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 1,001 | 3, 196 | 318 | 3,230 | 2, 274 | 5, 182 | 2, 924 | 7,248 | 3, 887 | 12, 631 | 12,450 | 43 |
| 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 143 | 521 |  | 527 | 597 | 1,540 | 908 | 2, 246 | 1,163 | 4,335 | 4,190 | 44 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \text { under } 4.5 \text { (est.) } \\ & 4.5 \text { under } 5 \text { (est.) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 82 \\ 5 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 74 \\ 54 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 38 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 143 \end{array}$ | 20 36 | 18 179 | $\begin{array}{r}213 \\ 24 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 926 109 | 901 106 | 45 46 |
| Total <br> With no net income, Form 1040 (est.). ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 286,069 \\ 4,528 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 338,897 \\ 5,762 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 90,058 \\ 1,392 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 365,201 \\ 8,330 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 363,454 \\ 11,482 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 243,909 \\ 19,186 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 370,911 \\ 37,277 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 460,724 \\ & 841,485 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,821,960 \\ 122,089 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,111,723 \\ 83,050 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,807,503 \\ 929,290 \end{array}$ | 47 48 |
| Total nontaxable returns. | 290, 597 | 344, 659 | 91,450 | 10360,870 | 374, 936 | 263, 095 | 408, 189 | 10 419, 240 | 1.944,049 | 2, 194,774 | 10 1,678, 214 | 49 |
| Grand total | 1,391, 168 | 3, 347, 482 | 442, 287 | ${ }^{10} 3,328,145$ | 1,957,689 | 5, 355, 553 | 5, 387, 476 | $109,144,248$ | 4, 936, 293 | 14, 345, 404 | ${ }^{10} 12,560.688$ | 50 |

[For deseription of items and classifieations, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18]
[Gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]



In the table below showing the number of individual returns with net income by family relationship and by number of dependents classes, the family relationship classification is the same as that used for other tabulations in this report and is deseribed on pages 11 and 1516. Data are not a a ailable for returns with no net income because information regarding personal exemption and credit for dependents is insufficient for classification. On returns. Form 1040A, the number of dependents for which eredit is allowable is determined as of July 1, 1942, without regard to any change that occurred during the taxable year in the taxpayer's status with respect to dependents. On returns, Form 1040, the number of dependents for which creait is allowable includes dependents who received their chicf support from the taxpayer whether for the entire year or for only a part of the year. The number of dependents for which credit is allowable includes each person under 18 years of age, or incapable of self-support because mentally or physically defective, whose chief support was received from the taxpayer, except for a taxpayer who is head of a family only by reason of dependents for whom he woukd be entitled to credit, in which case the number of dependents for which credit is allowable is limited to one less than the actual number of dependents. This classification for number of dependents classes is similar to the elassification, eredit for dependents classes, used for a special tabulation of returns, Form 1040A, on pages $57-64$ of last year's report, exeept that last year's tabulation was based on the amount of credit for dependents.

The frequency distribution of returns by number of dependents is presented in two parts: Part I for all returns, showing data for returns, Form 1040A, in aggregate aud data for returns, Form 1040, by net income classes; Part II for returns, Form 1040A, showing data tabulated by gross income classes. The net income elasses and gross income classes are identical with those used in the basie tables of this report, except that the higher income classes are grouped. Data are completely tabulated from returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over, while data for the remaining returns, Form 1040, with net income (taxable and nontaxable), and data for returns, Form 1040A (taxable and nontaxable), are estimated in the same manner and from the same samples as the data for such returns tabulated in other text tables and in basic tables. The selection of samples and method of estimating data are described on pages $6-7$. It will be noted that this tabulation is more inclusive than the special tabulation of individual returns, Form 1040A, by credit for dependent classes in last year's report, to which reference was made in the preceding paragraph.
Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by family relationship-Part $I$, all returns by net income classes; number of dependents classes
[For deseription of elassifications and methods of tahulating and estimating, see text pp. 6-7 and 10-11]
PART I-ALL RETURNS

| Net ineome classes (Thousands of dollars) | All returns |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of dependents classes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | No dependents | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six | Seven or more |
| Taxable individual returns with net income: Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{6}$ | 11, 291,398 | 8,892,516 | 1,592,598 | 634, 9.4 | 152,539 | 19,551 |  |  |  |
| Form 1040: |  |  |  |  |  | 19,551 |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.) | 82,380 | 81.550 | 830 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 751,545 | 745. 706 | 5,632 | 207 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 795, 044 | 782,067 | 31,372 48,415 | 1,258 4,914 | 160 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 1,213,935 | 1, 133,961 | 69,590 | 9,741 | 6.46 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 1. 440,933 | 1, 015,650 | 401,084 | 22. 499 | 1,659 | 41 |  |  |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 1,551, 182 | 748,650 | 531,933 | 141, 480 | 3,659 | 140 |  |  |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 1,375,991 | 610, 064 | 398, 577 | 258, 754 | 104,859 | 3, 637 | 100 |  |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 1, 134, 517 | 480.560 | 318,991 | 219. 182 | 94, 368 | 20,828 | 588 |  |  |
| 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 1,0678, 1,688 | 456, 334 | 290,511 | 197, 727 | 8.4,912 | 33, 119 | 4,359 | 40 |  |
| 3.5 under 4 (est.) 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 904, 175 | 380.116 | 229, 143 | 174, 259 | 131, 7223 | 52, 28.8 | 20,934 | 3. 4.336 4.61 | 42 |
| 4 under 4.5 (est.) 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 497, 395 | 226, 639 | 119, 832 | 87, 120 | 39, 633 | 11,597 | 5,365 | 2, 558 | 1,891 1,651 |
| 5 under 6....... | 308, 320 | 144, 635 | 73, 308 | 54. 207 | 22,961 | 8, 016 | 2, 880 | 1,379 | 934 |
| 6 under 7 | 182. 08 \% | 180, 28.8 | 77, 4376 | 56.751 31,653 | 24, 122 | 8,391 | 2,793 | 1, 105 | 823 |
| 7 8 8 under 9 | 121,872 | 57, 829 | 2¢, 058 | 21,644 | 9,540 | 3, 198 | 1.031 | 341 | ${ }_{241}$ |
| 9 under 10 | 86, 8.30 | 41,932 | 19,952 | 14.729 | 6. 714 | 2, 400 | 700 | 244 | 159 |
| 10 under 25 | 296. 217 | 145,379 | 15.531 | 11.785 | 5,172 | 1,792 | 567 | 185 | 142 |
| 25 under 50 50 under 100 | 63, 975 | 32,457 | 12,973 | 10, 288 | 4,459 | 2, 703 | 2,722 | 231 231 | 506 144 |
| 100 under 150 | 19.416 | 10, 075 | 3. 773 | 3. 041 | 1,518 | 668 | 195 | 77 | 69 |
| 150 under 300 | 1,931 | 1,121 | 276 | ${ }_{281}$ | ${ }^{267}$ | 110 | $\stackrel{27}{27}$ | 16 | 17 |
| 300 under 506 | 397 | 250 | 48 | 44 | 25 | 23 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| 1,000 and over | $\begin{array}{r}186 \\ 38 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 107 \\ 24 \end{array}$ | 21 4 | 29 6 | 16 2 | ${ }_{2}^{6}$ | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Total taxable returns. | 27, 637, 051 | 18,601,036 | 5,312, 324 | 2. 611,675 | 819,851 | 214, 303 | 55, 148 | 15, 64.4 | 7,070 |

[For deseription of classifications and methods of tabulating and estimating, see text pp. 6-7 and 10-11.]
PART I-ALL RETURNS -Continued

|  |  |  |  | All | urns-Co | ued |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income classes |  |  |  |  | ber of dep | ents clas |  |  |  |
|  | eturns | No dependents | One | Two | Three | Fonr | Five | Six | Seven or more |
| Nontaxable individual returns with net income: ${ }^{s}$ <br> Form 1040A (est.) 6 | 4, 814,641 | 911, 280 | 1,227, 340 | 1, 168,977 | 752,516 | 443, 575 | 181,457 | 77, 181 | 52,315 |
| Form 1040: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.) <br> 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 752,555 303,579 | $673, \bigcirc 40$ 199,549 | 51,061 64,730 | 16,507 24.240 | 6,661 8,091 | 2,626 4,342 | 1,278 1,477 | 310 539 | ${ }_{6} 711$ |
| 0.5 under 0.75 under i (est.) | 484, 621 | 320, 304 | 97, 749 | 39, 199 | 15,622 | 6. 704 | 2. 633 | 1,54.5 | 865 |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 877, 700 | 608, 360 | 150, 767 | 72, 090 | 26,952 | 11.695 | 4,172 | 2. 120 | 1,544 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 510,448 | 3, 467 | 325, 780 | 110, 509 | 39,710 | 17. 221 | 7,578 | 3,901 | 2,282 3,303 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 416. 615 | 635 | 13.), 402 | 190, 008 | 51, 9,944 | 20, 652 | \%,699 10 | 3, 972 | 3,303 2,866 |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 337, 340 | 22 | 46 | 215, 512 | $\begin{array}{r}81,120 \\ 127 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 23,515 27,908 | 10,134 10,103 | +1,122 | 2. 866 <br> 2.889 |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 172, 1119 |  |  |  | 121.251 | 35, 223 | 11,005 | 4,233 | 2,930 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 55,563 43,060 |  |  | 21 | 2,172 | 22,994 | 12, 879 | 4,334 | 2.882 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 24, 197 |  |  |  | 21 |  | $15,39{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5,847 | 2,932 10,284 |
| 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 21, 296 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,012 | 10,284 4,503 |
| 3.5 under 4 (est.) | $\begin{array}{r}4,503 \\ 646 \\ \hline 185\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $4+503$ 646 |
| 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 185 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 185 |
| Total nontaxable returns with net income | 8,819,059 | 2, 717, 457 | 2. 1552.875 | 1,837.063 | 1, 115, 060 | 616.458 | 265, 812 | 123.075 | 91, 259 |
| 'Total individual returns with net income. | 36, 456, 110 | 21.318, 493 | 7,365, 199 | 4,448,738 | 1.934,911 | 830,761 | 320,960 | 138,719 | 98,329 |

Joint returns of husbands and wives, or of either husband or wife when no other return is filed

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Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by family relationship-Part I, all returns by net income classes;
[For description of classifications and methods of tabulating and estimating, see text pp. 6-7 and 10-11]
PART I-ALL RETURNS-Continued

| Net income classes <br> (Thousands of dollars) | Separate returns of husbands and wives ${ }^{12}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number ofreturns | Number of dependents classes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | No dependents | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six | $\begin{gathered} \text { Seren or or } \\ \text { more } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11,087 | 10,517 | 492 | 78 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | + $\begin{array}{r}19,160 \\ 23,198\end{array}$ | 17, 752 | - ${ }_{3}^{1.232}$ | ${ }_{385}^{176}$ | 39 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 32, 226 | 25,758 | 5. 601 | 978 | 89 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 42,873 45.069 | 32,115 <br> 31.485 | 8. 194 <br> 9,180 <br> 11.8 | - ${ }_{3,636}^{2.063}$ | ${ }_{768}^{501}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.). | 47, 791 | 31, 388 | 10.712 | 4.436 | 1,076 | 179 |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{2}^{2.25} 5$ under 2.5 (est.) | ${ }_{39,927}^{47,300}$ | 30,469 24.261 2,261 | M1, ${ }_{9}^{11,263}$ | - ${ }_{4}^{3,737}$ | ${ }_{1}^{1.614}$ | 157 <br> 298 | 60 20 |  |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 39,340 | 24, 567 | 9,233 | 3,689 | 1,198 | 555 | 60 | 38 |  |
| 3 under 3.5 (est.). | 64,349 77 | 36, 299 | 17,351 | 7,768 | 1,856 | 774 | 281 | 20 |  |
| ${ }_{4}^{3.5} 4$ under 4 (est.). | ${ }_{23,762}$ | 13, 879 | 5.136 | ${ }_{3,462}$ | 1. ${ }_{898}$ | 346 | 40 |  |  |
| 4.5 under 4.5 (est.) | 14,759 | 8,940 | 3,097 | 1,819 | 729 | 149 | 2 |  | 21 |
| 4.5 under 5 (--.---- | ${ }_{17} 186$ | \% 363 | 6.429 | 4, 013 | 1. 235 | +19 | \% | 2 | ${ }_{21}^{21}$ |
| 6 6uder 7 .-- | 13,204 | 6,386 | 3,139 | 2, 365 | ${ }^{042}$ | 281 | 60 | ${ }_{22}$ | 9 |
| 78 under 8 under 9. | 10,599 | 5,236 | 2. 485 | 1,794 | 758 | ${ }^{238}$ | 60 | ${ }^{16}$ | 12 |
| 9 9 under 10 under 25. | 9, 138 55,619 | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } 218 \\ 25,742\end{array}$ | 12.374 | 1,631 10,378 | 4.904 | 216 1, 561 | $\begin{array}{r}55 \\ 449 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}20 \\ 150 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{61}^{14}$ |
| 10 under 25. | 19,541 | ${ }_{8}^{8,737}$ | 4, 191 | 3, 572 | 1, 216 | 1, 432 | 257 | 87 | 49 |
| 50 under $100-$ | 7,326 1,423 | 3,314 676 | 1, 572 | $\begin{array}{r}1,305 \\ 247 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 710 145 | 295 59 | 93 12 12 | $\stackrel{28}{7}$ | 29 5 |
| (100 under 1150 | 815 | 377 | 142 | 152 | 86 | 38 | 13 | 4 | 3 |
| 300 under 500 | 150 | 82 | 19 | 18 | 14 | 12 |  |  |  |


| 500 under 1,000 1,000 and over... | 80 17 | 38 8 | 12 2 | 15 4 | 8 <br> 1 | 3 <br> 2 | 3 |  | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total taxable returns | 942, 754 | 612, 186 | 195,477 | 93, 918 | 29, 371 | 9,383 | 1,717 | 455 | 247 |
| Nontaxable individual returns with net income: s <br> Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{6}$ | 14,631 | 5,630 | 2,818 | 1,608 | 2,319 | 1,018 | 607 | 489 | 142 |
| Form 1040: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.). | 9, 305 | 8, 607 | 563 | 95 | 40 |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 5,979 | 4, 959 | 619 | 263 | 97 |  | 41 |  | -- |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 4. 156 | 2, 355 | 1,299 | 405 | 97 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 4, 681 | 3,086 | 948 | 439 | 165 | 22 | 21 |  | - |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 2, 282 | 54 | 993 | 839 | 300 | 96 |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 2, 128 | 46 | 621 | 913 | 343 | 205 |  |  |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 802 |  |  |  | 591 | 1 | 130 |  | 20 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 172 |  |  |  |  | 98 | 53 |  |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 128 |  |  |  |  |  | 86 | 21 | 21 |
| 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 81 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 81 |
| 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 |
| 4 under 4.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.5 under 5 (est.). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total nontaxable returns with net income | 46, 136 | 24,738 | 7,861 | 5,213 | 4,608 | 1,910 | 990 | 510 | 306 |
| Total individual returns with net income | 988, 890 | 636, 924 | 203, 338 | 99, 131 | 33, 979 | 11,293 | 2,707 | 965 | 553 |

For footnotes, see p. 78.
Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by family relationship-Part $I$, all returns by net income classes:
[For description of elassifieations and methods of tabulating and estimating, see text pp. 6-7 and 10-11.]
PART I-ALL RETURNS-Continued
Separate returns of husbands and wives 12-Continued


500 under 1,000
1,000 and over．
Total taxable returns
Nontarable individual returns with net ineome：：
1040 A （est．）${ }^{6}$
$1040:$
nder 0.5 （est．）客

1.25 under 1.75 （est．）
（＇TSコ）$\frac{2}{}$ topun g2＇



Tsみ）g．．opupu
Total nontaxabl

## Total individual refurns with net income

Total nontaxable returns with net ineome

For footnotes，see 1． 78.
Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by family relationship-Part 1 , all returns by net income classes; 40 A by gross income classes: Frequency distribution of returns by number of dependents classes-Continued [For deseription of classifications and methods of tabulating and estimating, see text pp. 6-7 and 10-11]
PART I-ALL RETURNS-Continued

| Net ineome classes <br> (Thousands of dollars) | Community property returns ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Number of dependent classes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { No depend- } \\ \text { ents } \end{gathered}\right.$ | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six | Seven or more |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Form 1040: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 1,327 | 1,205 | 121 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 3,158 | 1,959 | 998 | 201 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 4, 629 6,971 | 2, 875 4,112 | 1. 1744 | 280 | 116 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 24, 593 | 18,787 | 4,319 | 1,203 | 244 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 42,739 | 26, 888 | 13.352 | 1,971 | 447 | 81 |  |  |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 29,356 | 19,435 14,523 | 15, 10.216 | 4,142 | , 804 | 202 | 40 |  |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 14,323 | 7,410 | 4,555 | 1,571 | -619 | 95 | 83 |  |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 13, 199 | 6, 080 | 4, 229 | 1,982 | 751 | 144 | 11 |  |  |
| 3 under 3.5 (est.)- | 19,898 | 9, 858 | 6. 348 | 2. 512 | 948 | 88 | 99 |  | 42 |
| 3.5 under 4.5 (est.). | 12, 299 | 5,569 | 4. 144 | 1,686 | 738 | 114 | 10 |  | 37 |
| 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 7,110 | 3, 396 | 2, 120 | 1,187 | 249 | 113 | 40 |  | 2 |
| 5 under 6 -- | 13, 558 | 6, 332 | 4,520 | 1,737 | 760 | 166 | 31 |  | 5 |
| 7 under | 9,398 | 4, 103 | 3, 121 | 1,443 | 532 | 139 | 41 |  | 5 |
| 8 under 9-- | 4,782 | 2,069 | 1,544 | 1, 794 | ${ }_{287} 19$ | 100 65 | 16 15 15 |  | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ |
| 9 under 10 under 25 | 3,824 | 1,665 | 1,155 | 668 | 267 | 51 | 11 |  | 6 |
| 10 under 25 under $50 .$. | 17,349 | 7,687 | 5, 028 | 2,997 | 1,231 | 304 | 65 |  | 6 |
| 50 under 100 | 3,795 1,192 | 1,642 523 | 1.003 | 696 240 | $3+3$ 85 8 | 71 48 | 30 10 |  |  |
| 100 under 150 | 214 | 100 | 43 | 4 i | 13 | 6 | 2 |  | 5 |
| 150 under 300 | 119 | 51 | 31 | 19 | 15 | 2 | 1 |  |  |
| 300 under 50 | 27 | 13 | 6 | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |  |


For footnotes, see p. 78.
Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by family relationship-Part I, all returns by net income classes, 040 A by gross income classes: Frequency distioution of returris by number of dependents classes-Continued
PART I-ALL RETURNS-Continued


For footnotes, see p. 78,
Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by family relationship-Part I, all returns by net income classes;
Part II, returns Form 1040 A by gross income classes: Frequency distribution of returns by number of dependents classes-Continued
[For deseription of classifications and methods of tabulating and estimating, see text pp. 6-7 and 10-11]
PART I-ALL RETURNS—Continued



[^1]Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by family relationship-Part 1 , all returns by net income classes;
Part II, returns Form 1040 A by gross income classes: Frequency distribution of returns by number of dependents classes-Continued
[For deseription of classifications and methods of tabulating and estimating, see text pp. 6-7 and 10-11]
PART I-ALL RETURNS-Continued

| Net income classes <br> (Thousands of dollars) | Heads of families ${ }^{36}$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single women and married women not living with husbands |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number of returns | Number of dependents classes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | No dependents | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six |  | Seven or more |
| Taxable individual returns with net income: <br> Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{6}$ | 206, 584 | 171,567 | 32, 388 | 2,384 | 163 | 82 |  |  |  |  |
| Form 1040: |  | 99 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.) --- 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 100 518 | 99 402 | 116 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) -- | 3,382 | 2,943 | 439 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) 1.25 under 1.5 (est.)- | 13,366 | 12,290 | 1,036 | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) - -------- | 48,097 | 45, 856 | 2,035 10,484 | 205 | 39 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 under 2 (est.). | 32, 252 | 23, 480 | 7,556 | 1,177 | 39 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 22, 383 | 15, 312 | 5, 610 | 1,421 | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 13,602 | 8, 851 | 3,292 | 1, 166 | 293 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 9, 389 | 6, 242 | 2,340 | 582 | 204 | 21 | 18 |  |  |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) - 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 7,611 | 5,470 | 1,557 | 428 | 78 309 | 60 | 18 |  |  |  |
| 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 12,684 | 8,771 4,370 | 2, 722 1,215 | 792 490 | 309 102 | 49 |  |  | 41 |  |
| 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 6,181 | 4,370 | 1,215 | 490 | 102 178 | 21 |  |  |  |  |
| 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 4,019 2,830 | 2,426 1,989 | 1,077 | 317 220 | 178 | 21 |  |  |  |  |
| 5.5 under 5 (est.) | 3,387 | 2,197 | 822 | 234 | 81 | 28 | 17 |  | 3 |  |
| 6 under 7 | 2,134 | 1, 352 | 534 | 182 | 44 | 15 | 5 |  | 1 |  |
| 7 under 8 | 1,406 | 872 | 352 | 131 | 34 | 11 | 4 |  | 2 |  |
| 8 under 9 | 1,086 | 680 | 279 | 88 | 27 | 8 | 1 |  | 1 | $2$ |
| 9 under 10 | 850 | 510 | 222 | 83 | 21 | 8 | 4 |  | 2 |  |
| 10 under 25 | 3, 666 | 2,224 | 923 | 358 | 99 | 47 | 10 |  | 4 |  |
| 25 under 50... | 743 | 422 | 183 | 78 | 37 | 17 | 3 |  | 1 |  |
| 50 under 100 100 under 150 | 185 25 | 74 14 | 50 6 | 48 3 | 5 1 | 6 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |



## For footnotes, see pp. 78-79,

Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returrs and by family relationship-Part $I$, all returns by net income classes; [For description of classifications and methods of tabulating and estimating, see text pp. 6-7 and 10-11]
PART I-ALL RETURNS-Continued

| Net income classes(Thousands of dollars) | Not heads of families |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number of returns | Number of dependents classes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | No depend- ents | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six | Seven or more |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Form 1040: <br> Under 0.5 (est.) <br> 1. 259 <br> 40 $\square$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 269, 117 | 268, 082 | 995 | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.75 under 1 (est.) | 252,779 | 242,366 | 10, 113 | 300 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.). | 216,503 | 201, 608 | 13,751 <br> 13 <br> 188 | 1, 514 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 184,343 $142,6.49$ | 166,753 <br> 128,174 <br> 18 | 13,788 10 1086 | 3, 714 | 88 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 118, 454 | 105, 420 | 9,746 | 2,632 | 597 | 59 |  |  |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.). | 90, 562 | 79,776 | 7,860 | 2. 187 | 447 | 292 |  |  |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 69, 608 | 62,319 | 4. 876 | 1.815 | 461 | 97 | 40 |  |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 51,787 | 46,108 | 3. 732 | 1,434 | 474 | 39 |  |  |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.). | 61,038 | 53,578 | 5,242 | 1. 611 | 445 | 97 | 65 |  |  |
| 33 under 3.5 (est.) | 128.3xt | 115,866 65,231 | 8,258 5,016 | 3,072 1,256 | 588 304 | 465 | 100 80 |  |  |
| 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 42, 002 | 38, 117 | 2,504 | 1,063 | 222 | 41 | 55 |  |  |
| 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 22.066 | 20, 1158 | 1,584 | 331 | 21 | 1 | 40 |  |  |
| 5 under 6... | 19,880 | 17, 939 | 1. 338 | 455 | 112 | 22 | 9 |  | 2 |
| 6 under 7-..- | 11, 400 | 10, 307 | 773 | 238 | 53 | 20 | 5 |  |  |
| 7 under 8 . | 7.499 | 6, 784 | 495 | 166 | 37 | 9 | 4 |  | 2 |
| 88 under 9. | 5,376 4,286 | 4,846 <br> 3,864 <br> 1 | 374 293 | 123 94 | 26 25 | ${ }_{6}^{5}$ | 1 |  |  |
| 10 under 25. | 19,030 | 17,114 | 1, 308 | 441 | 116 | 29 | 11 |  |  |
| 25 under 50 | 4,340 | 3, 842 | 317 | 135 | 32 | 6 | 4 |  | 3 |
| 50 under 100 | 1,451 | 1, 292 | 89 | 36 | 18 | 8 | 3 |  | 3 |
| 100 under 150 150 300 | 280 | 246 | 24 | 9 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 150 300 under 300 under 500 | 183 38 | 163 33 | 6 3 | 10 2 | 1 | 3 |  |  |  |


| 18 2 | 15 2 | ---..... | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4, 812, 103 | 4, 565, 638 | 189.925 | 44, 743 | 9,367 | 1.913 | 419 | 82 | 16 |
| 233, 846 | 167, 349 | 31,401 | 22, 126 | 7,832 | 3,650 | 947 | 501 | 40 |
| 236, 974 | 233, 181 | 2,876 | 759 | 103 | 55 |  |  |  |
| 20, 908 | 9, 342 | 9,659 | 1,709 2,764 | 157 | 4 | 40 |  |  |
| 13,934 5,683 | 1,816 | 8, 491 | 3,618 | 721 | 266 | 80 | 21 | 41 |
| 1,349 |  | 75 | 162 21 | 776 370 | 203 | 112 | 21 |  |
| 573 |  |  |  | ${ }_{20}$ | 338 | 181 |  | 34 |
| 103 |  |  |  |  | 21 | 41 |  |  |
| 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 41 | 16 39 |
| 52 56 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 52 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 514, 362 | 412, 133 | 53, 056 | 31, 159 | 10,518 | 4,991 | 1,502 | 678 | 325 |
| 5, 326,465 | 4,977, 771 | 242, 981 | 75,902 | 19,885 | 6,904 | 1,921 | 760 | 341 |

ndividual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by family relationship-Part $I$, all returns by net income classes; $0 A$ by gross income classes: Frequency distribution of returns by number of dependents classes-Continued
[For description of elassifications and methods of tabulating and estimating, see text pp. 6-7 and 10-11]
PART I-ALL RETURNS-Continued
n

For footnotes, see p. 78.
500 under 1,000 .

[^2]Total nontaxable returns with net income. Total individual returns with net ineome.
Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by family relationship-Part 1 , all returns by net income classes,
Part II, returns Form 1040 by gross income classes: Frequency distribution of returns by number of dependents classes-Continued
0 A by gross income classes: Frequency distribution of returns by number of dependents classes-Continued
[For description of classifications and methods of tabulating and estimating, see text pp. 6-7 and 10-11]
PART II-RETURNS FORM 1040A

| Gross ineome classes (Thousands of dollars) | All returns |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Number of dependents classes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | No dependents | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six | Seven or more |
| Taxable returns: Under 0.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 1, 417,074 | 1, 399, 712 | 17,362 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 1,320, 694 | 1, 271, 766 | 48, 928 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 1, 355, 760 | 1,307, 795 | 41, 340 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 1, 314, 287 | 1, 122, 228 | 179.771 | 11, 226 | 1,062 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.). | 1, 246, 813 | 871, 383 | 360,905 | 11,370 | 3, 155 |  |  |  |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 1,178, 434 | 658, 514 | 335, 844 | 181,090 | - 2 2, 571 |  |  |  |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | $1,014,582$ 810,515 | 534,181 405,028 | 268,073 197,817 | 182,689 141,077 | 28,954 65,824 | 685 769 |  |  |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 810, 515 632,079 | 405, 028 320,749 | 194, 1958 | 100, 117 | 65,981 50,973 | 17,682 |  |  |  |
| Total taxable returns | 11, 291, 398 | 8,892, 516 | 1,592,598 | 634, 194 | 152, 539 | 19,551 |  |  |  |
| Nontaxable returns: 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.) 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) 0.75 under 1 (est.). | 318,003 398,557 | 206, 426 174,711 | 80,157 157,700 | 23,864 44,864 | 4, 363 12,298 | 2, 697 5,990 | $\begin{array}{r}372 \\ 1,958 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 124 691 | 345 |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 681, 926 | 342, 657 | 196, 583 | 94, 156 | 28,878 | 11,505 | 6,201 | 1,338 | 608 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 836, 918 | 41, 695 | 450, 245 | 194, 740 | 82, 187 | 37, 746 | 17, 854 | 6, 182 | 6,299 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 874,306 |  | 336, 293 | 297, 322 | 138, 272 | ${ }_{61,471}$ | 24, 583 | 10, 152 | 6, 213 |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 717,363 |  |  | 411, 641 | 172, 035 | 81,667 | 30, 051 | 12, 385 | 9,584 |
| ${ }_{2}^{2} 25$ under 2.25 (est.) | 417,681 257,876 |  |  | 99, 326 | 176,826 136,232 | 82,641 79,186 | 32, 372 | 16,311 12.280 | 10,205 8,005 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 257,876 103,098 |  |  |  | 136, 232 | 79,186 64,156 | 22, 173 | 12,280 9,929 | 8,005 5,703 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.). | 51,694 |  |  |  |  | 16,078 | 22, 474 | 7,789 | 5,353 |
| Total nontaxable returns. | 4, 814,641 | 911, 280 | 1,227, 340 | 1, 168, 977 | 752, 516 | 443, 575 | 181, 457 | 77, 181 | 52, 315 |
| Grand total. | 16, 106, 039 | 9, 803, 796 | 2, 819,938 | 1,803, 171 | 905, 055 | 463, 126 | 181, 457 | 77, 181 | 52, 315 |

Cross income classes
(Thousands of dollars)
Total taxable returns
Nontaxable returns: $s$
For footnotes, see p. 78.
Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by family relationship-Part $I$, all returns by net income classes; Part II, returns Form 1040A by gross income classes: Frequency distribution of returns by number of dependents classes-Continued [For deseription of classifieations and methods of tabulating and estimating, see text pp. 6-7 and 10-11] PART II-RETURNS FORM 1040A-Continued

| Gross income classes (Thousands of dollars) | Separate returns of husbands and wives ${ }^{12}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number of returns | Number of dependents classes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | No dependents | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six | Seven or more |
| Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.) | 3,227 | 3, 227 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.). | 10,726 | 10,726 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 15,026 20,997 | 13,817 <br> 17 <br> 808 | 1,209 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 20,997 | 17,808 25,913 | 2, 715 | 1,805 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) 1.75 under 2 (est.) -- | 43, 776 | 30, 675 | 8,364 | 3, 808 | 929 |  |  |  |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 49,518 | 30, fi81 | 14, 182 | 3,430 | 1,143 | 82 | -------- |  | ---------- |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 47,949 | 30,375 | 10,739 | 4,856 | 1,529 | 450 |  |  |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 37, 268 | 22,518 | 7,746 4,536 | 5,277 3,383 | 1,1510 | 576 409 |  |  |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 26,955 | 17,317 |  |  |  | 409 |  |  |  |
| Total taxable returns | 2\$7, 927 | 203, 057 | 54, 258 | 23, 033 | 6,062 | 1,517 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.) 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 2,365 4,482 | 2,303 3,327 | 1, 62 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.). | 1,320 | ----------- | 1,090 | 130 | 100 |  |  |  | --------- |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | . 958 | ----------- | 511 | ${ }_{2}^{243}$ | 204 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 1,700 |  |  | 1,235 | 245 1.372 | 220 | 98 |  | 61 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 1, 831 |  |  |  | 1.398 | 177 | 151 | 81 |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 857 |  |  |  |  | 621 | 158 | 78 | .- |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 281 | ------------ |  |  | - | -------- | 131 | 150 |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 175 155 | ------ |  |  |  |  | 69 | 152 | 7 3 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) -- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total nontaxable returns | 14,631 | 5,630 | 2,818 | 1,608 | 2,319 | 1,018 | 607 | 489 | 142 |
| Grand total | 302, 558 | 208,687 | 57,076 | 24,641 | 8,381 | 2, 535 | 607 | 489 | 142 |

Separate returns of husbands and wives ${ }^{12-C o n t i n u e d ~}$

| Gross ineome classes(Thousands of dollars) | Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of dependents classes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No dependents | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six | Seven or more |
| Taxable returns: <br> Under 0.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.) | 20,021 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | (88, 757 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 77,886 | 5, 321 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | (62, 868 | 5. 704 | 237 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 42, 227 | 5. 186 | 723 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) -- | 23, 098 | 3. 415 | 983 | 93 |  |  |  |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 11,198 | 1,471 | 347 | 95 |  |  |  |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 6, 190 | 659 | 274 | 90 |  |  |  |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 2, 885 | 465 | 155 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 1,735 | 124 | 82 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total taxable returns. | 316,865 | 22,345 | 2, 801 | 278 |  | ----- |  |  |
| Nontaxable returns:3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (eet,.) |  |  |  |  |  | --7---- |  | ------2-- |
| 0.5 under 075 (est.) | 16,909 | 1,621 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) 1 under 1.25 (est.) |  | 4, 804 | 235 | 230 | 115 |  |  |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) |  | 1,176 | 620 | 222 | 243 |  |  |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) |  |  | 501 |  | 110 | 11 |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) 1.75 under 2 (est.) | --------- | -------- | -------- | 50 | 44 |  |  |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) |  |  |  | 65 | 44 |  |  |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ---.----- |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total nontaxable returns | 20,726 | 8,204 | 1,976 | 567 | 512 | 11 |  |  |
| Grand total | 337, 591 | 30,549 | 4,777 | 845 | 512 | 11 |  |  |

[^3]Individual returns with net income, 1942 , by taxable and nontaxable returns and by family relationship-Part I, all returns by net income classes; [For deseription of elassifieations and methods of tabulating and estimating, see text pp. 6-7 and 10-11] PART II-RETURNS FORM 1040A-Continued

| Gross income elasses(Thousands of clollars) | Community property returns ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of dependents elasses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Nodelendents | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six | Seven ur more |
| Taxeble returns: Trider 6.5 (est ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crder (i.5 (est.) --- | ${ }^{202}$ | , 202 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) -- | 1, 281 | 1,281 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) 1.25 nnder 1.5 (est.) | 2,070 2. 439 | 1.483 1.833 | 501 | 105 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 31,433 | 18,339 | 10,261 | 2. 833 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 21, 156 | 13, 876 | 5, 389 | 1, 201 | 680 |  |  |  | - |
| $\frac{2}{2}$ under 2.25 (est.) | 11.275 | 7. 649 | 2. 461 | 763 | 294 | 108 |  |  |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 4, 8380 | 5, 318 | 1.810 1.020 | 36 t | 103 | 28 |  |  |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) 2.75 under 3 (est.) - | 2,423 | 1, 417 | + 310 | 139 | 57 |  |  |  |  |
| Total taxable returns | 84.855 | 54, 495 | 22,409 | 5, 913 | 1. 347 | 191 |  |  |  |
| Nontaxahle returns: ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 「'nder 0.5 (est.) 0.5 under 0.75 (est. | 34 | 50 194 | 150 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 80 |  | 50 | ------- |  |  |  |  | ---------- |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) -- | 124 |  |  | --....- | 23 | 41 | 60 |  |  |
| 2 under 2.85 (est.). | 52 |  |  |  |  | 52 |  |  |  |
| 2.25 under 25 (est.) . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) - .-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total nontaxable returns. | 723 | 244 | 200 |  | 73 | 146 | 60 |  |  |
| Grand total. | 85, 578 | 55, 239 | 22, 609 | 5,913 | 1. 420 | 337 | 60 |  |  |

Community property returns ${ }^{13}$-Contimued

| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number ofreturns | Number of dependents classes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No dependents | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six | Seven or more |
| 198 | 108 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 981 | 981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2, 175 | 1.735 | 440 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2, 430 | 1,890 | 4.480 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32,107 21,918 1 | 24, 249 $1 \times .050$ | 6, 0.549 2. 6.51 | 1, 309 | 4.31 |  |  |  |  |
| 10,976 | 9.806 | - 742 | 295 | 99 | 34 |  |  |  |
| 7.349 | 6. 239 | 820 | 216 | 44 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85, 150 | 69, 146 | 12.493 | 2.875 | $f 02$ | 34 | ....--- |  |  |
| 446 | 350 | 42 | 54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 124 |  | 124 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100 |  |  | 15 | 20 | 65 |  |  |  |
| 52 |  |  |  |  |  | 52 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 876 | 350 | 217 | 6.9 | 123 | 65 | 52 | --- | -.------... |
| 86.026 | 69.496 | 12,710 | 2,944 | 725 | 99 | 52 |  |  |

Cross ineome elasses

(Thousands of dollars)

0.5 113der i (est

Tavable returns:
Total taxable returns.
Contaxable returns: ${ }^{5}$
I'nder 0.5 (est.)
0.75 under 1 (est.)

1 under 1.25 (est.)
1.25 under 1.5 est.
1.75 under 2 (est.)
2 under 2.25 (est.)
under 2.25 (est.)
2.25 under 2.5 (est.
2.25 under 2.75 (est.
2.55 under 3 (est.)

Total nontaval le returns.
Grand total.
For footnotes, see p. 78.
Individual returns with net income, 1942 , by taxable and nontaxable returns and by family relationship-Part $I$, all returns by net income classes; 40 A by gross income classes: Frequency distribution of returns by number of dependents classes-Continued

| Gross income classes(Thousands of dollars) | Heads of families ${ }^{36}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number of devendents classes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No dependents | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six | Seven or more |
| Taxable returns: <br> Under 0.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 45, 357 |  |  |  | --- - |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 47, 339 | 14,288 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 41, 226 | 29, 397 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 34, 151 | 23, 598 | 8, 289 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 28,672 | 18, 630 | -8,723 | 360 |  |  |  |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) 2.75 under 3 (est.). | 18,860 | 13,564 | 5, 426 | 2, 134 |  |  |  |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 15,095 | 9,643 | 3,765 | 1.719 | 737 |  |  | --.......... |
| Total taxable returns. | 231, 310 | 109, 134 | 26, 203 | 4. 217 | 737 | --- ---- | - ------ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.) - |  | ${ }^{8} 842$ | ${ }_{2} 219$ | 329 |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 14, 954 | 16, 829 | 3, 617 | - 395 | 744 |  | 124 |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) - | 37, 495 | 31,321 | 9,590 | 2. 304 | 921 | 461 | 115 | 345 |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 65, 036 | 12, 700 | 15, 596 | 5,721 | 1,217 | 1,096 | 122 |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 804 | 6i3, 225 | 8,332 | 7,023 | 2,982 | 1,699 | 117 | 117 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) |  | 33, 407 | 18, 4,60 | 6,965 | 3,906 | 879 | 586 | 293 |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | ---- |  | 20, 205 | 6,625 | 3, 195 | 2, 041 | 799 | 266 |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) |  | --*----- | 3,656 | 7, 205 | 2, 259 | 920 | 836 | 418 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) |  |  |  | 3,492 | 3, 690 | 724 | 80 |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  | 1,694 | 1,159 | 391 |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.). |  | -. -- --. |  |  | 349 | . 653 | 334 | 171 |
| Total nontaxable returns. | 1251.334 | 188. 224 | 79.245 | 40.059 | 20.957 | 9.032 | 3,504 | 1,610 |
| Grand total. | 351, 644 | 297, 354 | $165,44 \mathrm{~s}$ | 44,276 | 21,694 | 9,032 | 3, 504 | 1,610 |

Heads of families 30 -Continued

| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of returus | Number of dependents classes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No dependents | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six | Seven or more |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61,554 | 61. 554 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55, 838 | 47, 701 | 8, 137 |  |  |  |  |  | ---- |
| 43, 319 | 29, 674 | 13,645 5,676 | 1. 239 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22, 12,299 | 15,591 8,808 | 5, 67 2,522 | 1,899 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6,447 | 4, 452 | 1,995 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,691 | 3,787 | 413 | 246 | 163 | 82 |  |  |  |
| 206, 584 | 171,567 | 32, 388 | 2, 384 | 163 | 82 |  |  | -------. |
| 2,669 | 1,748 | 376 | 435 | 110 |  |  |  |  |
| 58,936 | 31, 565 | 18,565 | 6,946 | 1,364 | ${ }^{496}$ |  |  |  |
| 154, 810 | 86, 806 | 48,538 | 14, 513 | 3, 340 | 1,037 | 461 | 115 |  |
| 199, 299 | 121, 654 | 50, 981 | 22, 761 | 3,164 | 974 550 | 365 |  |  |
| 77,849 33,879 | 520 | 71, 564 | 3, 78.85 | 1, 5330 | 550 |  | - | --- |
| 33,879 7,500 |  | 23,305 | 5,966 | 2,774 | 866 |  |  |  |
| 1,972 |  |  | 698 | 1,123 | 151 |  |  |  |
| 70 |  |  |  |  | 58 |  | 12 |  |
| 537, 577 | 241,693 | 213, 329 | 62,969 | 14, 299 | 4,117 | 1,605 | 165 |  |
| 744, 161 | 413, 260 | 245, 717 | 65, 353 | 14, 462 | 4, 199 | 1,005 | 165 |  |

Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by family relationship-Part $I$, all returns by net income classes, Part II, returns Form 10.40.1 by gross income classes: Frequency distribution of returns by number of dependents classes-Continued

| Gross income classes(Thousands of dollars) | Not heads of families |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of dependents classes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | No dependents | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six | Seven or more |
| 'Taxable returns: Under 0.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 468.797 | 468.797 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 521, 362 | 517, 222 | 7.140 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est .) | 479, 002 | 461, 411 | 17.591 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 359.147 | 368,711 | 17, 115 | 3, 321 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 323, 953 | $307,9+9$ | 11, 788 | 3,154 | 1,062 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) 2 inder 2.25 (est.) | 259, 859 | 245, 422 | 10,032 | 3, 569 | ${ }_{8}^{836}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 200,032 161,666 | 188,424 151,806 | 8,083 6.263 | 2,572 | 762 1.259 | 191 |  |  |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 119,408 | 110,833 | 5, 180 | 2,901 | 329 | 165 |  |  |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 89, 100 | 83, 877 | 3,422 | 1,146 | 573 | 82 |  |  | ...- .--- |
| Total taxable returns. | 3, 015, 326 | 2, 9011, 4.52 | 86,614 | 18,821 | 4,821 | 618 |  |  |  |
| Nontaxable returns: 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Inder } 0.5 \text { (est.) } \\ & 0.5 \text { under } 0.75 \text { (est.) } \end{aligned}$ | 104. 544 | 103, 263 | ${ }_{10}^{733}$ | 438 | 110 |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) <br> 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 80, 194 | 64.086 | 10, 418 | 4.450 5.870 | 744 | 372 | 124 |  |  |
| 1 inder 1.25 (est.) | 11.708 | - ------ | 20,2.0 | 5. 879 9.949 1,910 | 691 1.281 | 5it | 230 |  | - .----... |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 4. 616 |  |  | 1,410 | 2, 856 | 233 | 117 | 121 |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 2, 6335 |  |  |  | 2. 150 | 293 | 98 | 94 |  |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 1,480 |  |  |  |  | 1.450 | 15 | 15 |  |
| 2 minder 2.25 (est.) - 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 756 |  |  |  |  | 484 | 184 | 88 |  |
| 2.25 inder 2.5 (est.) 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 164 |  |  |  |  |  | 64 | 60 | 40 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) 2.75 under 3 (est.) - | 98 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 98 25 |  |
| Total nontaxable returns | 233, 846 | 167,349 | 31,401 | 22, 126 | 7.832 | 3,650 | 947 | 501 | 40 |
| Grand total. | 3,249, 172 | 3,071, 801 | 118,015 | 40,947 | 12,653 | 4,268 | 947 | 501 | 40 |

Gross income classes
(Thousands of dollars)

For footnotes, see p. 78.
Not heads of farnilies-Continued

| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of returns | Number of dependents classes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No dependents | One | Two | Three | Four | Five | Six | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Seven or } \\ & \text { more } \end{aligned}$ |
| 508, 715 | 508, 715 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 810, 967 | 800,745 | 10,222 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 739, 214 | 715,434 | 23,780 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 485, 427 | 468. 174 | 14, 825 | 2.428 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 298,071 | 287, 748 | 8,921 <br> 5,666 <br> 1,68 | 1, 1,023 | 186 |  |  |  |  |
| 75, 773 | 72. 165 | 3, 144 | $2 \times 56$ | 178 |  |  |  |  |
| 43, 008 | 41, 055 | 1,674 | 180 | 99 |  |  |  |  |
| 22,358 14,349 | 21.711 | 329 | 236 | 82 |  |  |  |  |
| 14,349 | 13, 641 | 626 | 82 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3, 158, 335 | 3,082,966 | 69, 187 | 5,637 | 545 |  | .-. |  | -. .-. |
| 26,087 | 25, 185 | ${ }_{21}^{902}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38, 195 |  | 30, 905 | 6, 2,484 | 460 | 346 |  |  |  |
| 9,157 1,925 |  |  | 8,090 1,325 | 880 425 | 187 | 58 |  |  |
| 1 115 128 |  |  |  | 243 | 285 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 115 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 155, 060 | 79,302 | 53,015 | 18,883 | 2,752 | 1,050 | 58 | --. |  |
| 3,313,395 | 3, 162, 268 | 122, 202 | 24, 520 | 3,297 | 1,050 | 58 |  |  |

## Footnotes for text tables

(Facsimiles of Forms 1040, 1040A, and 1041, to which references are made, appear on pp. 336-353)

1 Net income is the sum of (1) net income on Form 1040, (2) gross income on Form 1040A, and (3) in tables including fiduciary returns, Form 10il, the net income taxable to the fiduciary,
${ }^{2}$ Returns with no net income (deficit) are those wherein total deductions equal or exceed total income. Unlike former years, data are estimated for a portion of these returns.
${ }^{3}$ Total tax is the aggregate of normal tax, surtax, alternative tax, and the optional tax on Form 1040A, paid in lieu of normal tax and surtax.

For 1942, the alternative tax is reported on returns showing an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss, but only if sueh tax is less than the combined normal tax and surtax computed on net income which includes the net gain from sales or exchanges of capital assets. For 1942, the alternative tax is the sum of a partial tax (normal tax and surtax) eomputed on net income reduced for this purpose by the excess of net longterm capital gain over the net short-term eapital loss, and 50 percent of such excess.
${ }^{5}$ Nontaxable returns with net ineome on which personal exemption, eredit for dependents, and earned income eredit exceed net income or, on Form 1040A, gross income.
${ }^{6}$ Form 1040A (optional return), w'hich may be filed by individuals whose gross ineome is from certain sources only and is not more than $\$ 3,000$, does not provide for reporting the amount of net ineome Gross income is tabulated both as total income and as net income.
${ }^{7}$ Less than 0.005 percent.
${ }^{8}$ Not computed.

- Defieit.
${ }^{10}$ Net ineome less deficit.
${ }^{11}$ Returns with surtax net income exclude returns with the alternative tax.
${ }^{12}$ An unequal nuniber of separate returns is the result of (1) use of the sample as the basis for estimating data for returns in net income classes under $\$ 5,000$, when the net income of one spouse is under $\$ 5,000$ and that of the other spouse is $\$ 5,000$ or over. and (2) certain cases in which insufficient data make it impossible to identity the returns as separate returns.
${ }^{13}$ See pages 15-16 for explanation of community property returns.
14 Dividends received include dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued on or after March 2S, 1942, but exelude sueh dividends on prior issues and dividends of all kinds received through partnerships and fiduciaries.
is Interest received from honds is the net amount after dedueting the amortizable bond jremiun for the taxable year. This deduction was not made against interest in former years.

16 Partially tax-exempt interest is that receired on certain Government obligations issued prior to March 1, 1941, namely, United States savings houds and Treasury bonds owned in excess of $\$ 5,000$, and ohligations of instrumentalities of the United States other than those issued under the Federal Farm Loan Aet or that Act as amended. This interest is subjeet to surtax only. The amount reported includes such interest received through partnershijs and fiduciaries.

17 Tavable interest on Government obligations is that received on Treasury notes issued on or after December 1, 1940, and on obligations of the United States or any ageney or instrumentality thereof, issued on or after Mareh 1, 1941. This interest is subject to both normal tax and surtax. The amount
reported excludes such interest recelved through partnerships and fiduciaries.
${ }^{19}$ Dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations are only those on shares issued prior to March 28, 1942, and include such dividends received through partnerships and fiduciaries. These dividends are subject to surtax only. Dividends on shares issued on and after that date are reported with dividends receised from corporate stock.
19 The amount reported as net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is the amount taken into account in computing net income and is a combination of short-term and long-term capital gains and losses, worthless stocks aud bonds which are capital assets, and each participant's share of eapital gains and losses to be taken into account from partnerships and common trust funds; also the net short-term capital loss of the preceding taxable year (not in excess of net income for such year) has been deducted but only to the estent of net short-term capital gain of the current year. For definition of rapital assets, see text pages 20-21.
${ }^{20}$ Net gain or loss from the sales of property other than eapital assets: (1) property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation, (2) oblizations of the United States or any of its possessions, a State or Territory or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, issued on or after $\lambda 1$ arch 1, 1911, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding one year from date of issue, and (3) real property used in trade or business.
${ }^{21}$ Current year net profit or loss from business or profession (sole proprietorship). (Net operating loss deduction is reported in "Other deductions.")
${ }_{22}$ Partnership profit or loss, as reperted on the ineome tax return of the partner, excludes (1) partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, and (2) net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets, each of which is reported in its respective source of income or deduction, and (3) diridends on share aceounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to March 28, 1942, which are remorted in the schedule for interest on Government ohligations but are tabulated separately. In computing partnership profit or loss, charitable contrihutions are not deductible nor is the net operating loss deduction allowed. However, the pro rata share of contributions and of prior year income and losses of the partnership is taken into acconnt by each partner in determining his own contributions and net operating loss deduction, respeetively.

23 Income from fiduciaries, as reported on the income tax return of the bencficiary, excludes (1) partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, and (2) net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets received from common trust funds, each of which is reported in its respective source of income or deduction, and (3) dividends on sharo accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to March 24, 1942, which are reported in the schedule for interest on Government obligations but are tabulated separately. The net operating loss deduction is allowed to estates and trusts generally, and is deducted in computing the net income to be distributed. In the case of a common trust fund, however, this deduction is not allowed, bui each participant's share of prior year income and losses of the fund is taken into account in determining his own net operating loss deduetion.
24 Other income includes alimony received, earnings of minors, prizes, sweepstakes, gambling profits, ete. The amount of dividends, interest, and annuities reported in one sum on the individual returns, Form 1040 A , is tabulated as otlier income.

25 A net loss from sales or exchanges of eapital assets is allowed only to the extent of the net income computed without regard to capital gains and losses, or

## Footnotes for text tables-Continued

(Facsimiles of Forms 1040, 1040A, and 1041, to which references are made, appear on pp. 326-353)
$\$ 1,000$. Whichever is smaller. (This limitation does not apply to returns with fiscal years ending in the period July through November 1942.)

26 Contributions include each partner's share of the charitable contributions made by the partnership of which he is a mernber.
27 Such deductions exelude amounts reported in the sehedules for (1) rents and royalties, and (2) business or profession.
${ }^{23}$ Losses from fire, storm, shipwreck, war, or other casualty, or from theft, not compensated for by insurance or otherwise.

20 Medical and dental expenses paid for eare of taxpayer, his wife, or a dependent, not eompensated for by insurance or otherwise, which exceed 5 percent of the net income computed without the deduction. This deduetion is limited to $\$ 2,500$ in the case of husband and wife who file a joint return, or a head of a family, and to $\$ 1,250$ for all other individuals. Medical expenses were not allowed as a deduction in former years.

30 Other deduetions inelude alimony paid, net operating loss deduction, expenses ineurred for the management and maintenance of property held for the production of taxable ineome, ete. The current year net loss from rents and royalties reported in sources of income is tabulated in other deductions.

On fiduciary returns the amounts of losses from fire, storm, etc., and bad debts not compensated for by insurance or otherwise, are reported in other deductions.
${ }^{31}$ Included in other deductions.
${ }^{32}$ Included in other income.
${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 500$.
34 Short-term applies to gains and losses from the sales and exchanges of capital assets held not more than 6 months, and long-term applies to gains and losses from sales of such assets held more than 6 months.
${ }^{33}$ Net short-term capital loss of preceding taxable year deducted under the carry-over provision of the 1942 aet. The net short-term eapital loss carried over from 1941 (computed without regard to shortterm capital losses of the preceding year) cannot exceed the net income for 1941, and ean be dedueted in the current year only to the extent of the net shortterm capital gain computed without the carry-over.
${ }^{36}$ If an individual is head of a family only because of dependents for whom he would be entitled to credit, the number of dependents classes represents one less dependent than actually exists because the number of dependents is based on the number of dependents for whom credit is allowable.

The mimeograph bulletin for Number of Income Tax Returns by States, Counties, Cities, and Towns was not compiled for the individual returns for 1942. Copies of the 1941 bulletin may be secured without cost from the Bureau of Internal Revenue, Washington 25, D. C., upon request.

COMPARABILITY OF INCOME TAX LIABILITY AND TAX COLLECTIONS
The total income tax liability reported on individual retmens and taxable fiduciary returns differs from the amount of Federal ineome tax collected from these sources during any given filing period. Several factors are responsible for the difference between the tax liability reported on the 1942 returns filed in 1943 and the amount of tax collections for the calendar year 1943, among which are the following:

1. Taxes collected at soure during 1943, on aceount of the withholding tax on wages in excess of exemptions, at the rate of 5 percent from January through dune and 20 pereent thereafter, are taxes on 1943 income and will be a credit against the tax liability for that year.
2. Collections during the latter part of 1943 for payments on decianations of estimated tax for 1943, on income not subject to withholding tax, also are taxes on 1943 income.
3. Collections inchude penalties, interest on delinquent payments of taxes, and payments of additional assessments resulting from an audit of the returns, none of which are included in this report.
4. Delays in tax payments due to financial embarrasement, death, liquidation of business, delinquent returns, or other causes, result in the collcetion of taxes pertaning to returns for prior rears.
5. Tax collections include taxes on retums, Forms 1040C, 1040D, 1040 NB , and $1040 \mathrm{NB}-\mathrm{a}$, whereas data in this report exclude data reported on these returns. Forms 1040 C and 1040 D are returns for departing aliens; Forms 1040 NB and 1040 NB -a are for nomesident aliens not engaged in trade or business within the United States and not having a place of business therein.
6. The tax credit for income taxes paid to foreign cometries or possessions of the United States is not deducted from the tax liability tabulated in this report. Income taxes paid to foreign countries or possessions of the United States may be included in deductions from total income or applied with limitations as a credit against the Federal income tax. (The amount of tax credit for foreign taxes paid, arailable only for individual returns for the years 1925 through 1930, appears on page 9, Statistics of Income for 1930.)
7. The tax credit for income tax paid at souree on tax-free covenant bonds is not deducted from the tax liability shown in this report. The tax paid at source on such bonds is included in the collections for corporation income taxes.
8. The Current Tax Payment Act of 1943 cancels a portion or all of the 1942 tax liability of those individuals who are taxpayers in both 1942 and 1943 and whose 1942 tax liability is less than their 1943 liability, as follows: The entire 1942 tax if the liability is $\$ 50$ or less; $\$ 50$ of the 1942 tax if the liability is between $\$ 50$ and $\$ 66.67$; and 75 pereent of the 1942 tax if the liability is more than $\$ 66.67$. However, the cancellation was not effective until September 1, 1943, previous to which date payments were made on the 1942 tax liability.

## HISTORICAL DATA

## INDIVIDUAL RETURNS AN1) RETURNS OF FIDUCIARIES

A résumé of significant data from the individual income tax returns and returns of fiduciaries, for each year since the inception of the present period of income taxation, is presented in basic tables 14, 15, 16, and 17. These tables are prepared from data in the reports, Statistics of Income, published annually since 1916, in accordance with provisions of the various revenue acts, and from data in the Annual Report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for 1914-1916. The number of returns and tax tabulated for income years 1913-1915 are as reported by the Commissioner for the fiscal year ended June 30, immediately following, and the net income is estimated from the number of returns filed and the average net income for each income class. The amount of tax tabulated as surtax is technically "additional tax" for 1913-1917.

Historical data for 1916-1936 are tabulated for individual and fiduciary returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, including individual returns with no net income for 1928 and thereafter. Data for 1937-1940 are tabulated from individual returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, with net income and with no net income, and from taxable fiduciary returns for estates and trusts, filed on Form 1041 or filed improperly on Form 1040, including for 1937 nontaxable fiduciary returns for estates and trusts which were filed improperly on Form 1040. Data for 19411942 are tabulated from individual returns, Form 1040, with net income and with no net income, optional returns, Form 1040A, with gross income not over $\$ 3,000$, and taxable fiduciary returns, Form 1041.

Basic table 14 shows historical data for the number of taxable and nontaxable returns, net income or deficit, various types of tax, and the tax credits; in basic table 15 the number of returns, net income or deficit, total tax, and effective tax rate are tabulated by net income classes; in table 16 the sources of income and deductions are tabulated for all returns and for returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over; and in table 17 the number of returns, net income or deficit, and total tax for each State and Territory are shown for the 10 -year period ending with the current year.

Changes in the provisions of the Federal income tax laws under which the returns are filed interfere with the comparability of the statistical data over a period of years. The major provisions of the Federal tax laws from 1913-1942 are summarized on pages 312-327. The changes in law aflecting income tax data for 1942 are set forth briefly on pages $3-4$. Revisions in the income tax return forms to incorporate changes in the law may eliminate, combine, or introduce items which make it impracticable or impossible to present comparable data from year to year.

## CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES

In the interpretation of historical data for capital gains and losses, a survey of the income tax provisions affecting the gains and losses resulting from sales and exchanges of capital assets together with the method of tabulating these data, will be helpful. Chart D, on pages $324-327$, presents a résumé of the changes in tax laws pertaining to gains and losses on sales of capital assets, and in basic table 16,
which shows sources of income and deductions, the amounts of net gain and net loss from sales of capital assets are presented as tabulated in previous reports.

The revenue acts in effect from January 1, 1922, through December 31, 1933, provide for the special taxation of the net gain resulting from sales or exchanges of capital assets, and the revenue acts in effect from January 1, 1924, through December 31, 1933, provide for a tax credit on account of the net loss resulting from sales or exchanges of such capital assets. Under these acts, the term "Capital assets" means property held by the taxpayer more than two years (whether or not connected with his trade or business), but does not mean (1) stock in trade or other property which would properly be included in the inventory of the taxpayer if on hand at the close of the taxable year, (2) for the years 1922-1923, property held for personal use, or (3) after January 1, 1924, property held primarily for sale in the course of trade or business.

In presenting these data in Statistics of Income, "Capital net gain" is tabulated as such and included in "Total income" and" Net income" for returns with net income for the years 1922-1933. "Capital net gain" for returns with no net income is tabulated as such for the years 1928 and 1929 ; is included in "Profit from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc.," for 1930-1933; and is included in "Total income" and "Deficit" for the entire period 1928-1933.
"Capital net loss" for which a tax credit of $12 \frac{1}{2}$ percent is taken is not tabulated and is not taken into account in computing "Total deductions" or "Net income" for 1924-1933. "Capital net loss" when reported by the taxpayer as a deduction (a) in computing "Net income" is included in "Other deductions" for 1924-1928, and in "Net loss from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc.," for 19291933, and (b) in computing "Deficit" is included in "Other deductions" for 1928 and in "Net loss from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc.," for 1929-1933. "Capital net loss" not taken into account by the taxpayer as a deduction in computing "Net income," and for which no credit of $12 \frac{1}{2}$ percent is taken, is not included in "Total deductions" for 1924-1933; and "Capital net loss" not taken into account in computing "Deficit" is not included in "Total deductions" for 1928-1931, but for 1932 and 1933 is tabulated in "Net loss from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc.," and both "Total deductions" and "Deficit" are adjusted to correspond.

The capital net gain and loss from sales of capital assets prior to 1934 include the taxpayer's pro rata share of capital gain or loss of a partnership in which he is a member and of an estate or trust under which he is a beneficiary, when the tax or the tax credit is computed at $121 / 2$ percent.

Under the provisions of the Revenue Acts of 1934 and 1936 (in effect January 1, 1934, through December 31, 1937), the definition of capital assets is expanded to include asset's of the taxpayer, regardless of time held, instead of assets held over two years. Certain percentages of the gain or loss recognized upon such sales or exchanges are taken into account in computing net income. These percentages, which vary according to the period for which the assets have been held, are: 100 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held not orer 1 year, 80 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held over 1 year but not over 2 years, 60 percent of
the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held over 2 years but not over 5 years, 40 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held over 5 years but not over 10 years, and 30 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held over 10 years. The deduction for net capital loss (that is, after the percentages are applied and after subtracting the capital gains to be taken into account) is limited to $\$ 2,000$, or the amount of the net capital loss, whichever is less.

The net income reported on individual income tax returns, Form 1040, for the taxable years 1934-1937, and fiduciary income tax returns, Form 1041, for 1937, includes net carital gain or less computed in accordance with the limitations stated in the preceding paragraph. The net capital gain or loss, as reported for this period, excludes that received through partnerships and fiduciaries. It is not possible, by using the net capital gain and net capital loss on the returns for these years, to adjust the "Total income," "Total deductions," and "Net income" so that they will be comparable with these items as tabulated for prior years. Moreover, net capital gain or loss reported on returns for 1934-1937 is not comparable With "Profit or loss from sale of real estate, stocks, and bonds, etc.," "Capital net gain," or "Capital net loss" reported on returns for prior years.

Under the provisions of the Revenue Act of 1938 and of the Internal Revenue Code as originally enacted, the definition of capital assets is the same as that under the provisions of the Revenue Acts of 1934 and 1936, except that property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation is excluded; and securities (stocks and bonds) which became worthless during the taxable year are considered as loss from sale or exchange of capital assets. The Revenue Act of 1941, amending the Code, excludes from capital assets an obligation of the United States or any possession thereof, or of a State or Territory or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, issued on or after Narch 1, 1941, on a diseount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding one year from date of issue.

The percentages of the recognized gains or losses from the sales or exchanges of capital assets to be taken into account in computing net income for the years 1938-1941 differ from the percentages of gains or losses from such sales to be taken into account for 1934-1937, and the periods of time for which the assets were held are reduced from five to three. The percentages, varying according to the time the assets were held, are: 100 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held 18 months or less; $66 \frac{2}{3}$ percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held over 18 months but not over 24 months; 50 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held over 24 months. The net capital gain or loss is separated into shortterm and long-term. Net short-term gain or loss is that from the sales or exchanges of capital assets held 18 months or less, and net longterm gain or loss is that from the sales or exchanges of capital assets held over 18 months. Net short-term gain, net long-term gain, and net long-term loss are taken into account in computing current year net income. Net short-term loss, however, is not deductible in computing current year net income.

The net short-term capital loss sustained in any taxable year 1938-1941, while not deductible from income in the year in which the loss is sustained, may be carried over to the next succeeding taxable
year and treated as a short-term capital loss (section 117 (e) of the Internal Revenue Code). The amount carried over cannot exceed the net income for the year in which the loss is sustained, and can be deducted only to the extent of the net short-term capital gain of the year in which the deduction is permitted. The carry-over is restricted to one year. The deduction on account of net short-term loss under the capital loss carry-over provision, is first reported on returns for 1939.

In comparing "Net short-term capital gain included in total income" and "Net income" on returns for the years 1939-1941 with similar items on returns for 1938, it should be noted that the amounts for 1939-1941 are after the deduction for net short-term capital loss of preceding taxable year, whereas, in 1938, such a deduction was not allowable. The item "Current year net short-term capital gain" published in Statisties of Income for 1940 and 1941, is comparable with "Net short-term capital gain before deducting prior year net shortterm capital loss," published in Statistics of Income for 1939, and with "Net short-term capital gain" published for 1938. The item" "Net short-term capita! loss of preceding taxable year deducted," published for 1940 and 1941, is comparable with "Prior year net short-term capital loss deducted," published for the first time in 1939. Net long-term capital gain and loss for the years 1938-1941 are comparable.

The amounts of "Net short-term capital gain" and "Net long-term capital gain (or loss)" shown on the returns and tabulated for the income years 1938-1941, are not comparable with "Net capital gain (or loss)" for the income years 1934-1937 because, for 1938-1941, the periods of time for which the assets were held and the percentages of recognized gain or loss to be taken into account are changed; worthless stocks and bonds are included; the net short-term loss is excluded since it is disallowed as a deduction in any current year; and for the years 1939-1941 the capital loss carry-over is deducted from the short-term capital gain. Moreover, for the years 1938-1941, the net short-term capital gain and net long term capital gain or loss include the net gain or loss to be taken into account from partnerships and common trust funds, whereas, for 1934-1937, the net capital gain or loss excludes such gain or loss from partnerships and all fiduciaries. It is not possible, by using the "Net short-term capital gain" and the "Net longterm capital gain (or loss)" to adjust "Total income," "Total deduetions," and "Net income" for the income years 1938-1941 so that they will be comparable with these items for the income years 1934-1937.

The Revenue Act of 1942 excludes real property used in trade or business of the taxpayer from the definition of capital assets; changes the periods of time for which an asset is held in determining shortterm and long-term gain or loss; and changes the percentages of recognized gain or loss to be taken into account as follows: 100 percent of the gain or loss from sales of eapital assets held six months or less (short-term) and 50 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held more than six months (long-term). The "Net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets" reported on the returns and tabulated for 1942, is a combination of the net short- and longterm capital gains and losses, including worthless stocks and bonds which are capital assets, and the net gain or loss to be taken into account from partnerships and common trust funds; also the net short-term capital loss carried over from 1941, not in excess of the
net income for that year, has been deducted but only to the extent of net short-term capital gain for 1942. However, the allowable deduction for a net loss from sales of eapital assets is limited to the amount of such net loss, or to the net income computed without regard to capital gains or losses, or to $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smallest. The net gain or loss from sales of capital assets reported and tabulated for 1942 is not comparable with that from similar sales reported for 1938-1941 because of the changes in the periods of time for which the assets were held and in the percentages of gain or loss to be taken into account, the combination of short-term and long-term capital gains and losses, and the limitation on the deduction allowable for capital losses. Neither is it possible to adjust "Total income," "Total deductions," or "Net income" for 1942 so that they are comparable with such items for the years 1938-1941.

A summary of the provisions of the various revenue acts, relating to the gains and losses on sales of capital assets, the tax on capital gains, and the tax credit for capital losses, is presented in Chart D, pages 324-327.

## SOURCE BOOK OF STATISTICS OF INCOME

The Source Book is a scries of mpublished solumes containing comprehensive compilations of data which supplement the published reports, "Statistics of Income." The Source Book is maintained in the Statistical Section, Income Tax Unit, Bureau of Internal Revenue, and is arailable for research purposes to officials of the Federal and State Govermments and to qualified representatives of aceredited organizations upon the presentation of a written request addressed to the Commissioncr of Internal Revenue.

The following data from individual income tax returns for 19271941 (except Form 1040A for 1941) are classified by States and Territories, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes: The sources of income, deductions (as published for each year in the Statistics of Income), total income, total deductions, net income, personal exemption and credit for dependents (combined for 19271932 and shown separately thereafter), carned income credit for 1934-1941, net loss for prior year for 1927-1932, hormal tax, surtax, $121 / 2$ percent tax on capital net gain for 1927-1933, $12 \frac{1}{2}$ percent tax credit for capital net loss for 1927-1933, tax credit for carned income for 1927-1931, alternative tax for 1938-1941, and total tax. The number of returns with net income and the amount of net income for 1927-1941, personal exemption for 1937-1941, and credit for dependents for 1937-1941 are classified by States and Territories, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship. The amount of Government obligations owned and the wholly and partially tax-exempt interest received thereon as reported on returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and orer for 1932-1941, are classified by States and Territories and by net income classes. It is planned to transcribe into the Source Book data tabulated from the returns for 1942.

## PARTNERSHIP RETURNS OF INCOME, 1917-1942

Partnership returns of income, except for the war excess-profits tax of 1917, are not subject to direct assessments of Federal income tax.

However, every domestic partnership and every foreign partnership doing business in the United States or having an office or place of business therein is required to file a return of income on Form 1065 (facsimile on pages 354-361). "The term 'partnership' includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or other unincorporated organization, through or by means of which any business, financial operation, or venture is carried on, and which is not, within the meaning of this title, a trust or estate or a corporation * * *" (section 3797(a)(2), Internal Revenue Code). The distributive share of net income or net loss of the partnership (whether distributed or not) is reported on the individual income tax return of each partner according to his proportionate share, and the income or loss thus reported is tabulated elsewhere in this report as a source of income or deduction, in so far as it is reported on individual returns, Form 1040, and fiduciary returns, Form 1041, for the income year 1942.

Data have been compiled from partnership returns of income, Form 1065, only for the income year 1939 and published in a Supplement to Statistics of Income for 1939, Part 1. The tabulations therein present by industrial groups the receipts and deductions, ordinary income or deficit, income and deductions not included in computing ordinary income, gross receipts from business, cost of goods, gross profit or loss from business; also there are distributions of the returns by gross receipts classes, by ordinary net income or deficit classes, by types of partnership, and by number of copartners. Copies may be secured from the Superintendent of Documents, United States Govermment Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C., at a cost of 15 cents.

The number of partnership returns, Form 1065, filed for the income years 1917 through 1942, shown below as reported by the collectors of internal revenue, include calendar year returns, fiscal and part year returns filed during the succeeding calendar year regardless of month in which the income year ended, and delinquent returns.

| Income year: | Number of partnership returns | Income year: | Number of partnership return: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1917 | 31, 701 | 1930 | 244, 670 |
| 1918 | 100, 728 | 1931 | 230, 407 |
| 1919 | 175, 898 | 1932 | 216, 712 |
| 1920 | 240, 767 | 1933 | 214, 881 |
| 1921 | 259, 359 | 1934 | 221, 740 |
| 1922 | 287, 959 | 1935 | 222, 293 |
| 1923 | 304, 996 | 1936 | 237, 367 |
| 1924 | 321, 158 | 1937 | 261, 470 |
| 1925 | 309, 414 | 1938 | 273, 361 |
| 1926 | 295, 425 | 1939 | 290, 876 |
| 1927 | 282, 841 | 1940 | 372, 796 |
| 1928 | 272, 127 | 1941 | 453, 911 |
| 1929 | 263, 519 | 1942 | 490, 320 |

## BASIC TABLES

## INDIVIDUAL RETURNS AND TAXABLE FIDUCIARY RETURNS

Number of returns, net income, and tax-by States:

1. Individual and taxable fiduciary returns.

1-A. Individual returns.
Tax analysis-by net income classes:
2. Individual and taxable fiduciary returns.

2-A. Individual returns.
2-B. Taxable fiduciary returns.
Cumulative distribution of number of returns, net income, and taxby net income classes:
3. Individual and taxable fiduciary returns.

3-A. Individual returns.
Number of returns and net income-by family relationship:
4. Individual returns-by States.
5. Individual returns-by net income classes.

Sources of income and deduction:
6. Individual returns-by States.
7. Individual and fiduciary returns-by net income classes.

7-A. Individual returns - by net income classes.
7-B. Taxable fiduciary returns-by net income classes.
Number of returns, net income, and tax - by States:
8. Individual returns-by net income classes; taxable fiduciary returns-in aggregate.
Government obligations and interest-by net income classes:
9. Individual returns.
10. Taxable fiduciary returns.

Optional returns, Form 1040A:
11. Sources of income, exemption, credits, and tax-by States.
12. Number of returns and gross income-by States and by family relationship.
13. Sources of income, exemption, credit, and tax-by gross income classes and by family relationship.
Table 1.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, and individual returns with no net income, 1942, by States and of returns, net income, and tax; for returns, Form 1040A: Number of returns, gross income, and tax; and for returns with no net income: Number of returns and deficit
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]

|  | 䔍 | * |  <br>  <br>  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  <br>  |
| Individual returns, Form 1040A³ |  | E |  <br>  <br>  |
|  |  | $\hat{E}$ |  <br>  <br>  |
|  |  | © |  <br>  $-$ |
|  |  | © |  <br>  <br>  |
|  |  | E |  <br>  <br>  |
|  |  | © |  <br>  |
| 㐌 |  | 16 |  <br>  <br>  |
|  |  |  |  <br>  <br>  |
|  |  |  |  <br>  |
|  |  |  |  <br>  |
|  |  |  |  |


|  <br>  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \underset{\sim}{8} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  <br>  <br>  |  |
|  <br>  ज बN゙がべが | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { B } \\ & \text { N- } \\ & \cdots \end{aligned}$ |
|  <br>  <br>  तi $-\overrightarrow{~ N ~}$ |  |
| サー <br>  <br>  ๗か स～が i $-i$ |  |
|  <br>  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ |
|  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \\ & \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
|  <br>  o N － | ＋ |
|  <br>  <br>  <br>  |  |
|  <br>  <br>  <br>  |  |
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[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11.]



Table 2.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1942, returns with no net income; and taxable returns by type of tax liability-Part I, all alternative tax: Number of returns, net income or deficit, personal exemption, credit
[For deseription of items and classifications, and methods
PART I-ALL


For footnotes, see p. 228.
by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; aggregate for individual returns; Part II, returns with normal tax and surtax; and Part III, returns with for dependents, earned income credit, taxes, average tax, and effective tax rate
of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
RETURNS

| Earned income credit ${ }^{8}$ (individual returns) | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Returns with normal tax and surtax ${ }^{9}$ |  | Returns with alternative tax ${ }^{10}$ |  | A verage total tax (col. 7 $\div 2$ ) | Effective tax rate percent (returns With net income) (col. 7 $\div 3$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns | Normal tax and surtax | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Alternative tax |  |  |
| (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| \$1,742, 334, 748 | \$1, 317, 946, 760 |  |  |  |  | \$117 | 7.11 |
| 2, 393, 47,5676 939 | 4, 355, $21,176,601$ | 102,992 | $\$ 4,355,598$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | 14.88 4.39 |
| 71, 203, 287 | 55, 270, 262 | 822, 258 | 55, 270, 262 |  |  | 67 | 7.69 |
| $90,152,124$ | 75, 210, 765 | 800,683 | 75, 310,765 |  |  | 94 | 8.28 |
| 166, 902, 267 | 99, 756, 965 | 1,218, 170 | 99, 756, 965 |  |  | 82 | 5.96 |
| 234, 986, 771 | 137, 715, 236 | 1, 444, 331 | 137, 715, 236 |  |  | 95 | 5.85 |
| 293, 698, 160 | 183, 329,967 | 1,567,340 | 183, 329,967 |  |  | 117 | 6.23 |
| $329,090,187$ $326,254,477$ | 218, $9594,818,553$ | 1, 553.404 | 218,954, 859 |  |  | 172 | 6.64 7.25 |
| 297, 387, 840 | 236, 841,802 | 1, 136, 178 | 236, 841, 802 |  |  | 208 | 7.95 |
| 306, 897,487 | 271, 176,782 | 1, 068, 425 | 271, 176, 782 |  |  | 254 | 8.82 |
| 535, 639,065 | $536,033,315$ $377,269,994$ | 1, 681, 188 | 53, 033.315 |  |  | 319 | 9.89 |
| 197, 321 , ${ }^{\text {a }}$, 077 | $377,269,994$ $264,444,843$ | 906,118 498,822 | 377, $2649,444,843$ |  |  | 416 530 | 11.19 |
| 132. 509, 670 | 198, 693, 712 | 309, 573 | 198, 693, 712 |  |  | 642 | 13.58 |
| 149, 052, 228 | 263, 691, 935 | 323, 540 | 263, 691, 935 |  |  | 815 | 14.97 |
| 93, 187, 853 | 197, 714, 890 | 183, 585 | 197, 714, 890 |  |  | 1,077 | 16. 66 |
| 68, 287,453 | 165, 1494,643 | 123,043 | $165, ~ 894,643$ <br> 144 <br> 181 |  |  | 1,348 | 18.06 19.40 |
| $52,826,162$ $44,351,732$ | 144, $1381,464,937$ | 87,769 67,848 | $144,381,811$ $132,464,937$ |  |  | 1,645 | 19.40 20.60 |
| 36,697, 281 | 119, 723, 465 | 52, 329 | 119, 723,465 |  |  | 2,288 | 21.83 |
| 31, 490, 231 | 110, 856, 496 | 42, 058 | 110, 856, 496 |  |  | 2,636 | 22.95 |
| 27, 024, 607 | 102, 921, 061 | 34, 164 | 102, 921, 061 |  |  | 3, 013 | 24.13 |
| 23, 849,418 | $95,808,134$ | 28, 200 | 95, 808, 134 |  |  | 3, 397 | 25. 19 |
| 21, 058, 092 | 91, 471, 383 | 24, 015 | 91, 471, 383 |  |  | 3,809 | 26. 29 |
| $69,741,505$ $38,728,757$ | $393,876,960$ $316,544,375$ | 77,677 39,201 | 392, 206, 186 | 260 2,257 | \$1, 670,774 | 5, 054 | 29.34 |
| 23,881,785 | 261, 070,802 | 23, 000 | 241, 467, 998 | 1,866 | 19,602, 804 | 10,499 | 38.46 |
| 26, 289,469 | 394, 217, 832 | 23,959 | 355, 275, 586 | 2,638 | 38, 942, 246 | 14,822 | 43.12 |
| 14, 231, 106 | 292, 873, 368 | 11,994 | 257, 311,140 | 1,680 | 35, 562, 228 | 21, 418 | 48.09 |
| 8, 733, 152 | 225, 323, 058 | 6,886 | 195, 946, 688 | 1,063 | 29, 376, 370 | 28,346 35,600 | 51.92 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5,555,662 \\ & 3,711,260 \end{aligned}$ | 172, $1382,524,405$ | 4, 163 2,719 | $148,926,370$ $118,182,323$ | 684 | $23,625,785$ $20,342,082$ | 35,600 <br> 43,194 | 55.04 57.76 |
| 2, 527,529 | 111, 104, 945 | 1, 828 | 93, 695, 874 | 355 | 17, 409, 071 | 50,896 | 60.08 |
| 1, 842, 793 | 94, 856, 634 | 1,335 | 79, 480, 884 | 272 | 15, 375, 750 | 59, 027 | 62. 20 |
| 4, 069, 654 | 286, 404, 543 | 2,902 | $233,970,297$ 109,399 | 683 284 | $\begin{aligned} & 52,434,246 \\ & 32.137 .071 \end{aligned}$ | 79,890 121,075 | 66.40 71.06 |
| $1,338,725$ 600,315 | $\begin{array}{r} 141,536,787 \\ 87,669,608 \end{array}$ | 885 405 | $\begin{array}{r} 109,399,716 \\ 67,713,467 \end{array}$ | 284 130 | 32, 137,071 | 163,875 163,86 | 73.80 |
| 305, 241 | 58, 486,581 | 214 | 45, 783,925 | 67 | 12,702, 656 | 208, 137 | 76.30 |
| 294, 163 | 70, 507, 359 | 194 | 53, 189, 692 | 72 | 17, 317, 667 | 265, 065 | 77.65 |
| 164,838 | 51, 962, 771 | 102 | 36, 490, 081 | 47 | 15, 472, 690 | 348, 743 | 78.66 |
| 138,867 | 68, 652, 601 | 88 | 44, 259, 653 | 58 | 24, 392, 948 | 470, 223 | 77.86 |
| 53,689 <br> 21,194 <br> 10 | $35,175,974$ $18,596,235$ | 35 10 | $24,567,302$ $10,496,981$ | 18 | $10,608,672$ 8,099 | 663,698 978,749 | 79.61 82.95 |
| 10, 100 | 11, 583,455 |  | 4,701, 271 | 5 | 6, 882,184 | 1,447,932 | 81.37 |
| 2,093 | 7, 301, 003 |  |  | 4 | 7, 301, 003 | $1,825,251$ | 77.04 |
| 1,400 | 4, 786, 344 |  | 2, 991, 493 | 1 | 1,794, 851 | 2, 393, 172 | 65.03 |
| $\begin{array}{r}\text { 3, } \\ \text { 2, } 700 \\ \hline 28\end{array}$ | $13,863,867$ $9,215,492$ | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,589,017 \\ & 4,703,678 \end{aligned}$ | 4 1 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,274,850 \\ 4,511,814 \end{array}$ | $2,772,773$ $4,607,746$ | 63.32 <br> 82.28 |
| 5, 850, 335, 114 | 8, 926, 711, 923 | 16,414, 190 | 7, 165, 172, 425 | 12,946 | 443, 592, 738 | 322 | 13.31 |

Table 2.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1942, returns with no net income; and taxable returns by type of tax liability-Part I, all alternative tax: Number of returns, net income or deficit, personal exemption, credit
[For description of items and classifications, and methods
PARTI-ALL

|  | Net income classes ${ }^{3}$ (Thousands of dollars) <br> (1) | Number of returns <br> (2) | Net income ${ }^{\text {? }}$ (3) | Personal exemption ${ }^{\text {s }}$ <br> (4) | Credit for dependents ${ }^{6}$ (individual returns) <br> (5) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nontaxable individual returns: With net income: ${ }^{11}$ | 4,814 | \$7, 180, 498, 093 | \$5, 476, 763,000 | 3, 604, 819, 081 |
| 52 | Form 1040: | 4,814, | \$7, $180,498,093$ | \$5, 4.6, 763, 000 |  |
| 53 | Under 0.5 (est.) | 752, 555 | 269, 519, 083 | 485, 861, 317 | $41,489,943$ |
| 54 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 303, 579 | 191, 461, 822 | 313, 846, 677 | $56,233,290$ |
| 55 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 484, 621 | 428, 944, 089 | 551, 293, 677 | 94, 084, 302 |
| 56 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 877, 700 | 989, 028, 570 | 1, 042, 140, 223 | 155, 782, 120 |
| 57 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 510, 448 | 707, 673, 885 | 613, 896, 325 | 273, 981, 961 |
| 58 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 416, 615 | $666,349,758$ | 498, 620, 896 | 286, 999, 342 |
| 59 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 337, 340 | 625, 895, 777 | 104, 52S, 425 | 296, 639, 769 |
| 60 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 172, 110 | 368, 048, £40 | 206, 819, 026 | 203, 295, 995 |
| 61 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 55, 563 | 132, 170, 025 | $66,618,221$ | $85,762,848$ |
| 62 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 43, 060 | 111, 383, 923 | 51, 622, 309 | $70,032,837$ |
| 63 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 24, 197 | $69,310,364$ | 29, 137, 055 | $46,335,054$ |
| 64 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 21, 296 | 68, 059, 487 | 25, 529,027 | 49, 930, 253 |
| 65 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 4,503 | 16, 570, 465 | 5, 397, 072 | 12, 457, 300 |
| 66 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 646 | 2, 710, 843 | 774, 082 | 2, 195, 892 |
| 67 | 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 185 | 875, 129 | 222, 595 | 691,819 |
| 68 | Total, returns with net in- | 8,819, 059 | 11, 828, 500, 153 | 9, 773, 069, 927 | 5, 280, 731, 806 |
| 69 | W' ith no net income, Form 1040 (est.) ${ }^{4}$ - | 163, 136 | $12 \mathrm{198}, 598,196$ | (14) | (14) |
| 70 | Total, nontaxable returns $(68+69)$ | 8,982, 195 | ${ }^{13} 11,629,901,957$ | (14) | (14) |
| 71 | Grand total (51+70 or $72+$ 73). | 36,700, 729 | ${ }^{13} 78,690,763,460$ | (14) | (14) |
| 72 | Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income (51+ 68) | 36, 537, 593 | 78, 889, 361, 656 | 34, 397, 011, 195 | 10, 196, 458, 447 |
| 73 | Individual returns with no net income (est.). ${ }^{4}$ | 163, 136 | $12198,598,196$ | (14) | (14) |

For footnotes, see p. 228.
by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; aqgregate for individual returns; Part II, returns with normal tax and surtax; and Part III, returns with for dependerts, earned income credit, taxes, average tax, and effective tax rate-Con.
of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
RETURNS-Continued


Table 2.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1942, returns with no net income; and taxable returns by type of tax liability-Part I, all alternative tax: Number of returns, net income or deficit, personal exemption, credit
[For deseription of items and classifications, and methods
PART II-RETURNS WITH

|  | Net income classes? <br> (Thousands of dollars) <br> (1) | Number of returns <br> (2) | Net income ${ }^{2}$ (3) | Personal exemptions <br> (4) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Taxable individual and fiduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |
|  | Under 0.5 (est.) | 102, 992 | \$29, 279, 972 | \$5, 469, 657 |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 762, 671 | 482, 5577,357 | 355, 558, 413 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 822,288 | 718, 624,547 | 394, 866,165 |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 800, 683 | 907, 815, 592 | 468, 788, 419 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 1,218, 170 | 1, 674, 840, 960 | 1, 074, 217, 127 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 1, 444, 331 | 2, 355, 399, 013 | 1, 422, 710,143 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 1, 567, 340 | 2, 942, 164, 072 | 1, 623, 535, 928 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 1, 553, 404 | 3, 295, 631, 621 | 1,664, 684, 829 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 1,377, 853 | 3, 266, 958,997 | 1,504, 927, 606 |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 1, 136, 178 | 2, 978, 284, 820 | 1,264, 274, 269 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 1,068, 425 | 3, 073, 060, 655 | 1,186, 004, 349 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 1,681,188 | 5, 421, 258, 587 | 1, 856, 096, 863 |
|  | 3.5 tinder 4 (est.). | 906, 118 | 3, 372, 830, 080 | 989, 890, 456 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 498, 822 | 2, 108, 168, 078 | 537, 377, 421 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 309, 573 | 1, 462, 693, 760 | 332, 548, 179 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 323, 540 | 1,761, 931,885 | 338, 148, 969 |
| 17 | 6 under 7. | 183, 585 | 1, 186, 692, 620 | 187, 761,778 |
| 18 | 7 under 8. | 123, 043 | 918,775, 917 | 124, 959, 820 |
| 19 20 | 88 under 9 | 87,769 67,848 | $744,049,221$ $643,002,136$ | $88,370,001$ $68,142,440$ |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 52, 329 | 548, 472, 111 | 52, 286, 866 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 42, 058 | 482, 969, 521 | 42, 024, 902 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 34, 164 | 426, 550, 090 | 33, 841, 145 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 28, 200 | 380.344. 019 | 28, 035,256 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 24, 015 | 347, 973, 301 | 23, 948, 620 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 77, 677 | 1,337, 360, 380 | 77, 075, 121 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 39, 201 | 873, 227, 630 | 39, 129, 674 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 23, 000 | 627, 677, 839 | 22, 766, 107 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 23,959 | 822, 9¢1, 882 | 23, 655, 285 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 11,994 | 533, 737, 428 | 11, 815, 600 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 6,886 | 375, 906, 994 | 6, 827, 310 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 4,163 | 269, 151, 576 | 4,073, 122 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 2,719 | 203, 292, 544 | 2, 634,932 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 1,828 | 154, 786, 046 | 1,780, 822 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 1,335 | 126, 549, 901 | 1,317,977 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 2,902 | 348, 143, 095 | 2, 803, 316 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 885 | 150, 613, 200 | 859, 119 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 405 | 89, 473, 276 | 404, 383 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 214 | 58, 548, 989 | 198, 053 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 194 | 66, 594, 469 | 186, 366 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 102 | 45, 291, 375 | 99,325 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 88 | 53, 354, 589 | 87, 083 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 | 35 | 29, 182, 929 | 31, 067 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 10 | 12, 269, 785 | 8,950 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 3 | 5, 430, 917 | 3,600 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 1 | 3,769,516 | 100 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 1 | 4, 107, 298 | 600 |
| 40 | 5,000 and over - | 1 | 5,375, 334 | 1,200 |
| 50 | Total, individual and fiduciary returns with normal tax and surtax. | 16, 414, 190 | 47, 727, 135, 924 | 15, 864, 228, 733 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.
by taxable and nontaxuble returns, and by net income classes; aggregate for individual returns; Part II, returns with normal tax and surtax; and Part III, returns with for dependents, earned income credit, taxes, average tax, and effective tax rate-Con.
of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
NORMAL TAX AND SURTAX ${ }^{\circ}$


Table 2.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1942, returns with no net income: and taxable returns by type of tax liability-Part I, all alternative tax: Number of returns, net income or deficit, personal exemption, credit
[For description of items and classifications, and methods
PART III-RETURNS WITH

|  | Net income classes ? <br> (Thousands of dollars) <br> (1) | Number of returns <br> (2) | Net income ${ }^{2}$ (item 19, p. 1, Form 1040; item 18, p. 1, Form 1041) <br> (3) | Excess of net long-term capital gain over net shortterm capital loss (item 2, Sch. F, Form 1040; item 2, Sch. E, Form 1041) <br> (4) | Net income rednced hy excess of net long-term capital gain over net shortterm capital loss (col. 3-4) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Taxable individual and fiduciary returns with net income: <br> Under 0.5 (est.) |  |  | . |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) -- |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) -- |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | 5 under 6.---.--- |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | 6 under 7 |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | 7 under 8 . |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | 8 under 9 |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | 9 under 10 |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | 10 under 11 |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 11 under 12 |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | 12 under 13. |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | 13 under 14 |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 14 under 15 |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 250 | \$5, 043, 274 | \$185, 794 | \$4, 857, 480 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 2,257 | 51, 023, 137 | 3,129,904 | 47, 893, 233 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 1,866 | 51, 143, 928 | 4,230, 212 | 46, 913, 716 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 2,638 | 91, 198,445 | $9,420,466$ | 81, 777, 979 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 1,680 | 75, 272,340 | 9, 124, 846 | 66, 147, 494 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 1,063 | 58, 038, 002 | 7, 164,352 | 50, 873, 650 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 684 | 44, 323, 739 | 5, 775, 322 | 38,548, 417 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 488 | 36, 516, 639 | 5,063, 308 | 31, 453, 331 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 355 | 30, 138, 673 | 4,091, 306 | 26, 047, 367 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 272 | 25, 947, 825 | 4, 197, 220 | 21, 750, 605 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 683 | $83,179,904$ | 14, 044, 526 | 69, 135, 378 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 284 | 48, 565, 413 | 11, 04C, 528 | 37,524, 885 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 130 | 29, 325, 692 | 7,593, 646 | 21, 732, 046 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 67 | 18, 107, 655 | 4,474, 542 | 13, 633, 113 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 72 | 24, 203, 523 | 5, 849, 726 | 18.353, 797 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 47 | 20, 767, 501 | 4, 618, 904 | 16, 148,597 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 58 | 34, 820, 924 | 13, 718, 526 | 21, 102, 398 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 | 18 | 14,999, 835 | 5, 853, 908 | $9,145,927$ |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 9 | 10, 148, 186 | 1,610, 188 | 8, 537, 998 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000. | 5 | 8, 804,915 | 1, 980, 962 | 6, 823, 953 |
| 46 |  | 4 | 9, 476, 690 | 2, 527,350 | 6,949, 340 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 1 | 3, 590, 629 | 3, 549,450 | 41, 179 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 4 | 17, 787, 661 | 13, 950, 820 | 3, 836, 841 |
| 49 | 5,000 and over | 1 | 5,825, 005 | 1,545,282 | 4,279,723 |
| 50 | Total, individual and fiduciary returns with alternative tax. | 12,946 | 798, 249,535 | 144,741, 088 | 653, 508, 447 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.
by taxable ani nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; aggreyute for individual returns; Part II, returns with normal tax and suriax; and Part III, returns with for dependents, earned income credit, taxes, average tax, and effective tax rate-Con. of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
ALTERNATIVE TAX ${ }^{10}$


TABLE 2-A.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable income; and taxable returns by type of tax liability-Part I, all returns; Part II, Number of returns, net income or deficit, personal exemption, credit for dependents,
[For description of items and classifications, and methods
PART I-ALL

|  | Net income classes (Thousands of dollars) <br> (1) | Number of returns <br> (2) | Net income ${ }^{7}$ (3) | Personal exemptions <br> (4) | Credit for dependents ${ }^{6}$ <br> (5) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Taxable individual returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ <br> Form 1040: | 11,291, 398 | \$18, 535, 476, 044 | \$8, 747, 982, 300 | \$1, 307, 776, 138 |
| 2 | Under 0.5 (est.) -------------- | 82, 380 | 23, 933, 763 | 3,224, 090 | 213,788 |
| 3 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 751, 545 | 475, 679, 393 | 352, 205, 994 | 1,132,515 |
| 4 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 814,697 | 712,032, 874 | 392, 522, 970 | 9,491, 227 |
| 5 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 795.046 | 901, 521, 244 | 467, 069, 068 | 17,347, 129 |
| 6 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 1,213,938 | 1,669, 022, 665 | 1,072,955,976 | 25,328, 657 |
| 7 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 1, 440, 933 | 2, 340, 867, 714 | 1,421, 694, 274 | 138, 426,845 |
| 8 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 1,564,577 | 2,936, 981, 603 | 1.622, 718, 892 | 264, 013, 498 |
| 9 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 1,551, 182 | 3.290, 901, 874 | 1,664, 029. 538 | 373, 293, 069 |
| 10 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 1, 375, 991 | 3, 262, 544, 765 | 1, 504, 373. 335 | 413, 158, 503 |
| 11 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 1,134, 517 | 2,973, 878, 402 | 1,263, 822, 053 | 376, 409, 220 |
| 12 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 1,067, 002 | $3,068,974,871$ | 1, 185, 593, 530 | 368, 196, 606 |
| 13 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 1,678, 863 | $5,413,700,618$ | 1, 855, 441, 130 | 602, S47, 546 |
| 14 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 904, 175 | 3. $365,570,681$ | 9,99, 377, 223 | 342, 313, 371 |
| 15 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 497, 395 | 2, 102, 109, 263 | 536, 979, 489 | 177, 969, 365 |
| 16 | 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 308, 320 | 1, 456, 698,900 | 332, 214, 829 | 105, 458, 015 |
| 17 | 5 under 6 | 321, 486 | 1,750,655, 638 | 337, 629, 629 | 110, 727, 179 |
| 18 | 6 under 7 | 182, 086 | 1,177, 007, 213 | 187, 369, 171 | 61, 270, 988 |
| 19 | 7 under 8 | 121, 872 | 910, 040, 414 | 124,646, 112 | 40, 785, 695 |
| 20 | 8 under 9 | 8¢, 830 | 736, 077, 180 | 88, 122,616 | 28,602,934 |
| 21 | 9 under 10 | 67, 174 | 636, 629, 197 | 67, 966, 004 | 22,352, 241 |
| 22 | 10 under 11 | 51, 727 | 542, 175, 320 | 52, 132, 305 | 17,078, 775 |
| 23 | 11 under 12 | 41,566 | 477, 339, 338 | 41, 893, 019 | 13, 896, 342 |
| 24 | 12 under 13 | 33, 715 | 420, 937, 751 | 33, 728, 880 | 11, 111,313 |
| 25 | 13 under 14 | 27, 849 | 375, 617, 464 | 27, 944, 989 | 9, 358, 914 |
| 26 | 14 under 15 | 23, 723 | 343, 745, 719 | 23, 873, 462 | 7,995, 940 |
| 27 | 15 under 20 | 76,847 | 1,323, 700, 834 | 76, 972,315 | 25, 625, 481 |
| 28 | 20 under 25 | 40, 790 | 1909, 382, 471 | 40, 937, 582 | 13, 857, 482 |
| 29 | 25 under 30 | 24, 456 | 667, 669,597 | 24, 376, 049 | 8, 146, 478 |
| 30 | 30 under 40 | 26, 111 | 897, 564, 807 | 25, 949, 133 | 8,652, 031 |
| 31 | 40 under 50 | 13,408 | 597, 164, 336 | 13, 275, 892 | 4,530, 830 |
| 32 | 50 under 60 | 7,808 | 426, 341, 334 | 7, 772, 201 | 2,550,623 |
| 33 | 60 under 70 | 4,762 | 308, 043, 464 | 4, 701, 403 | 1,619,939 |
| 34 | 70 under 80 | 3, 127 | 233, 819, 308 | 3, 067, 138 | 1,033,011 |
| 35 | 80 under 90 | 2, 144 | 181, 603, 683 | 2,093, 894 | 656. 877 |
| 36 | 90 under 100 | 1,575 | 149, 489, 744 | 1,572. 431 | 542,331 |
| 37 | 100 under 150 | 3,484 | 419, 086, 115 | 3, 407,549 | 1,109, 009 |
| 38 | 150 under 200 | 1,139 | 193, 923, 982 | 1, 114,347 | 382, 685 |
| 39 | 200 under 250 | - 522 | 115, 788, 469 | -518,481 | 173, 166 |
| 40 | 250 under 300 | 270 | 73, 612, 119 | 254, 704 | 86, 311 |
| 41 | 300 under 400 | 253 | 86, 136, 805 | 254,425 | 82, 671 |
| 42 | 400 under 500 | 144 | $63,827,025$ | 137, 125 | 40, 126 |
| 43 | 500 under 750 | 134 | 80, 978, 421 | 129, 250 | 46, 018 |
| 44 | 750 under 1,000 | 52 | 43, 261, 667 | 45, 267 | 22, 225 |
| 45 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 19 | 22, 417, 971 | 17,675 | 3,850 |
| 46 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 8 | 14, 235, 832 | 7,200 | 2,596 |
| 47 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 3 | 7,374, 824 | 2,300 | 1,546 |
| 48 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 1 | 3, 590, 629 |  |  |
| 49 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 5 | 21, 894,959 | 3,500 | 700 |
| 50 |  | 2 | 11, 200, 339 | 2,400 | 1,837 |
| 51 | Total, taxable individual returns. | 27,637, 051 | 66,761, 228,643 | 24, 604, 123, 139 | 4,915, 726, 641 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.
returns, and by net income classes; aggregate for individual returns with no net returns with normal tax and surtax; and Part III, returns with alternative tax: earned income credit, taxes, average tax, and effective tax rate
of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5 -11]
RETURNS

| Earned income - credit ${ }^{8}$ | Total tax 1 | Returns with normal tax and surtax' |  | Returns with alternative $\operatorname{tax}{ }^{10}$ |  | A verage total tax (col. 7 $\div 2$ ) | Effective tax rate, percent (returns with net income) (col. $7 \div 3$ ) <br> (13) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns <br> (8) | Normal tax and surtax <br> (9) | Number of returns <br> (10) | Alternative tax <br> (11) |  |  |  |
| \$1, 742, 334, 748 | \$1, 317, 946, 760 |  |  |  |  | \$117 | 7.11 | 1 |
| 2, 393, 376 | 3, 771, 283 | 82, 380 | \$3, 771, 283 |  |  | 46 | 15. 76 | 2 |
| 47, 567, 939 | 20, 513,895 | 751,545 | 20,513, 895 |  |  | 27 | 4.31 | 3 |
| 71, 203, 287 | 54, 472, 141 | 814, 697 | 54, 472, 141 |  |  | 67 | 7.65 | 4 |
| 90, 152, 124 | 74,351,522 | 795, 046 | 74, 351, 522 |  |  | 94 | 8. 25 | 5 |
| 166,902, 267 | 98, 901, 522 | 1,213, 938 | 98, 901, 522 |  |  | 81 | 5.93 | 6 |
| 234,986, 771 | 136, 862, 410 | 1,440,933 | 136, 862,410 |  |  | 95 | 5.82 | 7 |
| 293, 698, 160 | 182, 512, 932 | 1,564, 577 | 182, 512, 932 |  |  | 117 | 6.21 | 8 |
| 329, 090, 187 | 218, 188, 841 | 1, 551,182 | 218, 188, 841 |  |  | 141 | 6.63 | 9 |
| 326, 254, 477 | 236, 185, 423 | 1, 375, 991 | 236, 185, 423 |  |  | 172 | 7.24 | 10 |
| 297, 387, 840 | 236, 066, 947 | 1,134, 517 | 236, 066, 947 |  |  | 208 | 7.94 | 11 |
| 306, 897, 487 | 270, 461, 714 | 1,067,002 | 270,461, 714 |  |  | 253 | 8.81 | 12 |
| 535, 639, 065 | 534, 661, 342 | 1,678, 863 | 534, 661, 342 |  |  | 318 | 9.88 | 13 |
| 325, 722, 057 | 375, 91¢, 530 | 904, 175 | 375, 918, 530 |  |  | 416 | 11.17 | 14 |
| 197, 521, 077 | 263, 295, 127 | 497, 395 | 263, 295, 127 |  |  | 529 | 12. 53 | 15 |
| 132, 509, 670 | 197, 495, 174 | 308, 320 | 197, 495, 174 |  |  | 641 | 13. 56 | 16 |
| 149, 052, 228 | 261, 373, 909 | 321, 486 | 261, 373, 909 |  |  | 813 | 14.93 | 17 |
| 93, 187, 853 | 195, 641, 044 | 182, 086 | 195, 641, 044 |  |  | 1,074 | 16. 62 | 18 |
| 68, 287, 453 | 163, 915, 363 | 121, 872 | 163, 915, 363 |  |  | 1,345 | 18. 01 | 19 |
| 52, 826, 162 | 142, 513, 544 | 86, 830 | 142, 513, 544 |  |  | 1,641 | 19.36 | 20 |
| 44, 351, 732 | 130, 896, 831 | 67, 174 | 130, 896, 831 |  |  | 1,949 | 20.56 | 21 |
| 36, 697, 281 | 118, 110, 454 | 51,727 | 118, 110, 454 |  |  | 2, 283 | 21. 78 | 22 |
| 31, 490, 231 | 109, 358, 332 | 41,566 | 109, 358, 332 |  |  | 2,631 | 22.91 | 23 |
| 27, 024, 607 | 101, 368, 630 | 33, 715 | 101, 368,630 |  |  | 3,007 | 24.08 | 24 |
| 23, 849, 418 | $94,456,112$ | 27, 849 | 94, 456, 112 |  |  | 3, 392 | 25.15 | 25 |
| 21, 058, 092 | 90, 219, 373 | 23, 723 | 90, 219,373 |  |  | 3. 863 | 26. 25 | 26 |
| 69, 741, 505 | 387, 831, 185 | 76, 603 | 386, 264, 216 | 244 | \$1,566, 969 | 5,047 | 29.30 | 27 |
| 38, 728, 757 | 311, 072, 832 | 38,624 | 294, 031, 196 | 2,166 | 17,041,636 | 7,626 | 34. 21 | 28 |
| 23, 881, 785 | 256, 539, 361 | 22, 638 | 237, 451, 466 | 1, 818 | 19, 087, 895 | 10, 490 | 38.42 | 29 |
| 26, 289, 469 | 386, 793, 178 | 23,537 | 348, 821,913 | 2,574 | 37, 971, 265 | 14,873 | 43. 09 | 30 |
| 14, 231, 106 | 287, 013, 341 | 11, 774 | 252, 447, 238 | 1,634 | 34, 566, 103 | 21,406 | 48. 06 | 31 |
| 8, 733, 152 | 221, 342, 343 | 6,782 | 193, 013, 156 | 1,026 | 28, 329,187 | 28,348 | 51.92 | 32 |
| 5, 555, 662 | 169, 554, 319 | 4,098 | 146, 600, 361 | 664 | 22,953, 958 | 35, 606 | 55.04 | 33 |
| 3, 711, 260 | 135, 042, 306 | 2,658 | 115, 491, 326 | 469 | 19, 550, 980 | 43, 186 | 57.75 | 34 |
| 2, 527, 529 | 109,128, 783 | 1, 803 | $92,422,134$ | 341 | 16, 706, 649 | 50, 900 | 60.09 | 35 |
| 1,842, 793 | 93, 010, 923 | 1,312 | 78, 101, 318 | 263 | 14, 909, 605 | 59, 055 | 62.22 | 36 |
| 4, 069, 054 | 278, 427, 358 | 2, 829 | 228, 065, 473 | 655 | 50, 361, 885 | 79,916 | 66.44 | 37 |
| 1,338, 725 | 138, 043, 158 | 871 | 107, 636, 522 | 268 | 30, 406, 636 | 121, 197 | 71.18 | 38 |
| 600, 315 | $85,446,569$ | 400 | 66, 838, 030 | 122 | 18, 608, 539 | 163, 691 | 73. 80 | 39 |
| 305, 241 | 56, 335, 009 | 205 | 43, 894, 942 | 65 | 12, 440, 067 | 208, 648 | 76. 53 | 40 |
| 294, 163 | 67, 217, 848 | 188 | 51, 507, 428 | 65 | 15, 710, 420 | 265, 683 | 78.04 | 41 |
| 164, 838 | 50, 686, 365 | 99 | 35, 669, 727 | 45 | 15, 016, 638 | 351, 989 | 79. 41 | 42 |
| 138, 867 | 64, 074, 967 | 86 | 43, 321, 221 | 48 | 20, 753, 746 | 478, 171 | 79.13 | 43 |
| 53, 689 | 34, 718, 493 | 35 | 24, 567, 302 | 17 | 10, 151, 191 | 667, 663 | 80.25 | 44 |
| 21, 194 | 18, 596, 235 | 10 | 10, 496, 981 | 9 | 8,099, 254 | 978, 749 | 82.95 | 45 |
| 10, 100 | 11, 583, 455 | 3 | 4, 701, 271 | 5 | 6, 882, 184 | 1, 447, 932 | 81.37 | 46 |
| 2,093 | 6, 250, 070 |  |  | 3 | 6, 250, 070 | 2,083, 357 | 84.75 | 47 |
| 1,400 | 1,794, 851 |  |  | 1 | 1,794,851 | 1, 794, 851 | 49.99 | 48 |
| 3,700 | 13, 863, 867 | 1 | 3, 589,017 | 4 | 10, 274, 850 | 2, 772, 773 | 63.32 | 49 |
| 2,528 | 9, 215,492 | 1 | 4, 703, 678 | 1 | 4,511,814 | 4, 607, 746 | 82.28 | 50 |
| 5, 850, 335, 114 | 8,823, 041, 463 | 16, 333, 146 | 7,081,148, 311 | 12, 507 | 423, 946, 392 | 319 | 13.22 | 51 |

Table 2-A.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable income; and taxable returns by type of tax liability-Part I, all returns; Part II, Number of returns, net income or deficit, personal excmption, credit for dependents,
[For description of items and classifications, and methods
PART I-ALL

|  | Net income classes (Thousands of dollars) <br> (1) | Number of returns <br> (2) | Net income ? <br> (3) | Personal exemption ${ }^{5}$ <br> (4) | Credit for dependents ${ }^{\circ}$ <br> (5) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nontaxable individual returns: <br> With net income: ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 52 | Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ <br> Form 1046: | 4,814, 641 | \$7, 180, 498,093 | \$5, 476, 763, 000 | \$3, 604, 819, 081 |
| 53 | Under 0.5 (est.) ---------- | 752,555 | 269, 519, 083 | 485, 861, 317 | $41,489,943$ |
| 54 55 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 303,579 | 191, 461, 822 | $313,846,677$ <br> $551,293,677$ | $56,233,290$ |
| 55 56 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 484, 621 | 428, 944, 089 | $\begin{array}{r} 551,293,677 \\ 1040140=293 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 94,084,302 \\ 155,782,120 \end{array}$ |
| 56 57 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 877, 700 | 989, 028,570 | $1,042,140,223$ | $155.782,120$ |
| 57 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 510, 448 | 707, 673, 885 | 613, 896, 325 | 273, 981, 961 |
| 58 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 416,615 | $666,349,758$ | 498, 620, 896 | 286, 999, 342 |
| 59 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 337, 340 | $625,895,777$ | 404, 528, 425 | 296, 639, 769 |
| 60 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 172, 110 | 368, 048,840 | 206,819, 026 | 203, 295, 995 |
| 61 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 55, 563 | 132, 170, 025 | 66, 618, 221 | 85, 762, 848 |
| 62 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 43,060 | 111, 383, 923 | 51, 622, 309 | 70, 032,837 |
| 63 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 24, 197 | 69,310, 364 | $29,137,055$ | 46, 335, 054 |
| 64 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 21, 296 | $68,059,487$ | 25, 529, 027 | 49, 930, 253 |
| 65 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 4,503 | 16, 570,465 | 5, 397, 072 | 12, 457, 300 |
| 66 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 646 | 2,710, 843 | 774, 082 | 2, 195, 892 |
| 67 | 4.5 under 5 (est.). | 185 | 875, 129 | 222, 595 | 691, 819 |
| 68 | Total, nontaxable individual returns with | 8,819,059 | 11,828, 500, 153 | $9,773,069,927$ | 5, 280, 731, 806 |
| 69 | With no net income, Form 1040 | 163, 136 | $12 \mathrm{198}, 598,196$ | (14) | (14) |
| 70 | Total, nontaxable indidividual returns $(68+69)$. | 8,982, 195 | ${ }^{13} 11,629,901,957$ | (14) | (14) |
| 71 | Grand total $(51+70$ or $72+73)$. | 36,619, 246 | 1378,391, 130, 600 | (14) | (14) |
| 72 | Individual returns with net income $(51+68)$. | $36,456,110$ | 78, 589, 728, 796 | $34,377,193,066$ | 10, 196, 458, 447 |
| 73 | Individual returns with no net income (est.). ${ }^{4}$ | 163,136 | $12198,598,196$ | (14) | (14) |

For footnotes, sec p. 228.
returns, and by net income classes; aggregate for individual returns with no net returns with normal tax and surtox; and Part 111, returns with alternative tax: earned income credit, taxes, average tax, and effective tax rate.-Continued.
of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. $5-11]$
RETURNS-Contínued

| Earned income credit ${ }^{8}$ <br> (6) | Total tax 1 <br> (7) | Returns with normal tax and surtax ${ }^{\theta}$ |  | Returns with alternative tax ${ }^{10}$ |  | Average total tax (col. $7 \div 2$ ) <br> (12) | Effectivetax rate,percent(returnswith nctincome)(col. 7 7 $\div 3)$$(\mathbf{1 3})$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns <br> (8) | Normal tax and surtax <br> (9) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { Ner of } \\ & \text { recturns } \\ & (\mathbf{1 0}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Alternative } \\ \text { tax } \\ (11) \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| \$674, 966, 821 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $2,050,948$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1,696,134$ <br> $3,498,423$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8, 271,519 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6,064, 686 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $4,516,865$ <br> 3,513 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 59 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 60 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 936,363 \\ & 637,307 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 65 |
| $\begin{gathered} 416 \\ 10,342 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 714, 252, 319 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (14) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (14) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (14) | \$8,823,041, 463 | 16,333, 146 | \$7,081, 148, 311 | 12,507 | 8423, 946, 392 | \$241 | 11.26 |  |
| $6,564,587,433$ <br> (14) | 8,823, 041, 463 | $\underline{16,333,146}$ | 7,081, 148, 311 | 12,507 | 423, 946, 392 | 242 | 11.23 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 2-A.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable income; and taxable returns by type of tax liability-Part I, all returns; Part II, Number of returns, net income or deficit, personal exemption, credit for dependents,
[For description of items and classifications, and methods
PART II-RETURNS WITH


For footnotes, see p. 228.
returns, and by net income classes; aggregate for individual returns with no net returns with normal tax and surtax; and Part III, returns with alternative tax: earned income credit, taxes, average tax, and effective tax rate-Continued
of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
NORMAL TAX AND SURTAX

| Credit for dependents ${ }^{\circ}$ | Earned income credit ${ }^{8}$ | Tax |  |  | A verage total tax (col. 7 $\div 2$ ) <br> (10) | Effective tax rate, percent (col. $7 \div 3$ ) <br> (11) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total normal tax and surtax (col. $8+9$ ) <br> (7) | Normal tax (8) | Surtax ${ }^{15}$ <br> (9) |  |  |  |
| \$213, 788 | \$2, 393, 376 | \$3, 771, 283 | \$1, 085, 817 | \$2, 685, 466 | \$46 | 15. 76 | 1 |
| 1,132,515 | 47, 567, 939 | 20, 513, 895 | 4,682, 321 | 15, 831, 574 | 27 | 4.31 | 2 |
| 9, 491, 227 | 71, 203, 287 | 54, 472, 141 | 14,332, 136 | 40, 140,005 | 67 | 7.65 | 3 |
| 17,347, 129 | 90, 152, 124 | 74, 351, 522 | 20, 196, 907 | 54, 154, 615 | 94 | 8.25 | 4 |
| 25, 328, 657 | 166,902, 267 | 98, 901, 522 | 24, 865, 236 | 74, 036, 286 | 81 | 5. 93 | 5 |
| 138, 426, 845 | 234, 986, 771 | 136, 862, 410 | 34, 448, 205 | 102, 414, 205 | 95 | 5.82 | 6 |
| 264, 013, 498 | 293, 698, 160 | 182, 512, 932 | 46, 278, 073 | 136, 234, 859 | 117 | 6.21 | 7 |
| 373, 293, 069 | 329, 090, 187 | 218, 188, 841 | 55, 745, 711 | 162, 443, 130 | 141 | 6.63 | 8 |
| 413, 158, 503 | 326, 254, 477 | 236, 185, 423 | 61, 639,870 | 174, 545, 553 | 172 | 7.24 | 9 |
| 376, 409, 220 | 297, 387. 840 | 236, 066, 947 | 62, 404, 618 | 173, 662, 329 | 208 | 7.94 | 10 |
| 368, 196, 606 | 306, 897, 487 | 270, 461, 714. | 72, 558, 327 | 197, 903, 387 | 253 | 8.81 | 11 |
| 602, 847, 546 | 535, 639, 065 | 534, 661, 342 | 145, 348, 672 | 389, 312, 670 | 318 | 9.88 | 12 |
| 342, 313, 371 | 325, 722, 057 | 375, 918, 530 | 102, 330, 691 | 273, 587, 839 | 416 | 11. 17 | 13 |
| 177, 969, 365 | 197,521, 077 | 263, 295, 127 | 71, 261, 823 | 192, 033, 304 | 529 | 12. 53 | 14 |
| 105, 458, 015 | 132, 509, 670 | 197, 495, 174 | 53, 087, 973 | $144,407,201$ | 641 | 13.56 | 15 |
| 110, 727, 179 | 149, 052, 228 | 261, 373, 309 | 68, 883, 464 | 192, 490, 445 | 813 | 14.93 | 16 |
| 61, 270, 988 | $93,187.853$ | 195, 641, 044 | $49,823,193$ | $145,817,851$ | 1,074 | 16.62 | 17 |
| 40, 785, 695 | $68,287,453$ | 163, 915, 363 | $40,314,640$ | $123,600,723$ | 1,345 | 18.01 | 18 |
| 28, 602, 934 | 52, 826, 162 | 142, 513,544 | 33, 736,695 | 108, 776, 849 | 1,6il | 19.36 | 19 |
| 22, 352, 241 | 44,351, 732 | 130, 896, 831 | 29, 867, 061 | 101, 029, 770 | 1,949 | 20.56 | 20 |
| 17, 078, 775 | 36, 697, 281 | 118, 110, 454 | 25, 977, 804 | 92, 132, 650 | 2, 283 | 21.78 | 21 |
| 13, 896, 342 | 31, 490, 231 | 109, 358, 332 | 23, 203, 909 | 86, 154, 423 | 2,631 | 22.91 | 22 |
| 11, 111,313 | 27, 024,607 | 101, 368, 630 | 20, 763, 681 | 80, 604,949 | 3,007 | 24.08 | 23 |
| 9, 358, 914 | 23, 849, 418 | 94, 456, 112 | 18, 693, 588 | 75, 762, 524 | 3,392 | 25. 15 | 24 |
| 7, 995, 940 | 21, 058, 092 | 90, 219, 373 | 17, 275, 475 | 72, 943, 898 | 3,803 | 26. 25 | 25 |
| 25, 607, 452 | 69, 574, 544 | 386, 264, 216 | 68, 104,356 | 318, 159, 860 | 5, 042 | 29.29 | 26 |
| 13, 283, 553 | 36, 876, 410 | 294, 031, 196 | 45, 767, 285 | 248. 263, 911 | 7,613 | 34.17 | 27 |
| 7,568, 287 | 22, 245, 590 | 237, 451, 466 | 33, 463, 206 | 203, 988, 260 | 10, 489 | 38. 43 | 28 |
| 7, 824, 433 | 23, 865, 203 | 348, 821, 913 | 44, 517, 669 | 304, 304, 244 | 14,820 | 43.14 | 29 |
| 4, 038, 059 | 12, 624,067 | 252, 447, 238 | 29, 230, 491 | 223, 216, 747 | 21, 441 | 48.18 | 30 |
| 2, 246, 481 | 7,659,340 | 193, 013, 156 | 20, 843, 229 | 172, 169,927 | 28,460 | 52.12 | 31 |
| 1, 402, 770 | 4,810, 469 | 146, 600, 361 | 14, 945, 981 | 131,654.380 | 35, 774 | 55. 32 | 32 |
| 890, 826 | 3, 189, 718 | 115, 491, 326 | 11, 273, 360 | 104, 217,966 | 43, 450 | 58.12 | 33 |
| 547, 769 | 2,130,665 | 92, 422, 134 | 8,684, 761 | 83, 737, 373 | 51, 260 | 60.54 | 34 |
| 447, 569 | 1,543, 091 | 78, 101, 318 | 7,110, 214 | 70, 991, 104 | 59,528 | 62.79 | 35 |
| 897, 016 | 3,322, 794 | 228, 065, 473 | 19, 384, 730 | 208, 680, 743 | 80,617 | 67.21 | 36 |
| 295, 432 | 1,033, 936 | 107, 636, 522 | 8, 519, 132 | 99, 117,390 | 123, 578 | 72. 63 | 37 |
| 134, 770 | 466, 757 | 66, 838, 030 | 5, 037, 758 | 61, 800, 272 | 167, 095 | 75. 69 | 38 |
| 66,095 | 237, 148 | 43, 894, 942 | 3, 292, 283 | 40, 602, 659 | 214, 122 | 78.33 | 39 |
| 61,291 | 217, 393 | 51, 507, 428 | 3, 743, 456 | 47, 763, 972 | 273, 976 | 79.84 | 40 |
| 33, 475 | 112, 700 | 35, 669, 727 | 2, 485, 290 | 33, 184, 437 | 360, 300 | 81.18 | 41 |
| 28, 167 | 92, 668 | 43, 321, 221 | 3, 075, 355 | 40, 245, 866 | 503, 735 | 82.94 | 42 |
| 13, 796 | 33, 139 | 24, 567, 302 | 1, 646, 415 | 22, 920, 887 | 701,923 | 84. 18 | 43 |
| 1,400 | 10,700 | 10, 496, 981 | 658,491 | 9, 838, 490 | 1, 049, 698 | 85.55 | 44 |
|  | 3,100 | 4, 701, 271 | 325, 452 | 4,375, 819 | 1,567, 090 | 86.56 | 45 |
| 700 | $\begin{array}{r} 300 \\ \mathbf{1}, 400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,589,017 \\ & 4,703,678 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 246,384 \\ & 322,322 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,342,633 \\ & 4,381,356 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,589,017 \\ & 5,375,334 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 87.38 \\ & 87.50 \end{aligned}$ | 47 48 49 |
| 3,604, 169, 016 | 4, 095, 801, 973 | 7,081, 148,311 | 1,431,483, 510 | $5,649,664,801$ | 434 | 14. 92 | 50 |

TABLE 2-A.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable income; and taxable returns by type of tax liability-Part I, all returns; Part II, Number of returns, net income or deficit, personal exemption, credit for dependents,
[For description of items and classifications, and methods
PART III-RETURNS WITH

|  | Net income classes (Thousands of dollars) <br> (1) | Number of returns <br> (2) | Net income (item 19, p. I, Form 1040) <br> (3) | Excess of net long-term canital gain over net shortterm capital loss (item 2, schedule F , Form 1040) <br> (4) | Net income reduced by excess of net long-term capital gain over net shortterm capital loss (col. 3-4) <br> (5) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Taxable individual returns with net income: <br> Under 0.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) -- |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | 5 under 6-..... |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | 6 under 7----- |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | 7 under 8....- |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | 8 under 9 |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | 9 under 10 |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | 10 under 11 |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 11 under 12 |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | 12 under 13 |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | 13 nnder 14 |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 14 under 15 |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 244 | \$4, 737, 977 | \$178, 630 | \$4, 559,347 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 2,166 | 48, 972, 386 | 2, 851,062 | 46, 121, 324 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 1,818 | 49, 854, 485 | 4, 085, 650 | 45, 768,835 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 2,574 | 88, 999, 890 | 8,903, 348 | 80, 096, 542 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 1,634 | $73,210,872$ | 8, 370, 086 | 64, 840, 786 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 1,026 | 55, 990, 393 | $6,393,244$ | 49,597, 149 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 664 | 43, 041, 460 | 5, 240, 530 | 37, 800,930 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 469 | 35, 090, 431 | 4, 528, 138 | 30, 562, 293 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 341 | 28,948, 063 | 3, 876, 452 | 25, 071, 611 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 263 | 25, 103, 864 | 3, 713, 960 | 21, 389,904 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 655 | 79, 731,918 | 12, 791, 014 | 66, 940,904 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 268 | 45, 727, 899 | 9, 709, 408 | 36, 018, 491 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 122 | 27, 482, 213 | 7,333, 630 | 20, 148, 583 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 65 | 17, 571, 198 | 3,981, 102 | 13. 590,096 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 65 | 21, 624, 501 | 4, 443, 086 | 17, 181, 415 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 45 | 19, 887, 630 | $3,706,800$ | 16, 180, 830 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 48 | 28, 747, 165 | 9, 435, 742 | 19, 311, 423 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 | 17 | 14, 078, 738 | 4,948, 080 | 9, 130, 658 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 9 | 10, 148, 186 | 1,610, 188 | 8, 537, 998 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 5 | 8, 804, 915 | 1,980, 962 | 6, 823, 953 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 3 | 7, 374, 824 | - 425,484 | 6, 949, 340 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 1 | 3,590, 629 | 3, 549, 450 | 41, 179 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 4 | 17, 787, 661 | 13, 950, 820 | 3, 836, 841 |
| 49 | 5,000 and over - | 1 | 5, 825, 005 | 1,545, 282 | 4, 279,723 |
| 50 | Total, individual returns with alternative tax. | 12,507 | 762, 332, 303 | 127, 552, 148 | $634,780,155$ |

For footnotes, see p. 228.
returns, and by net income classes; aggregate for individual returns with no net returns with normal tax and surtax; and Part III, returns with alternative tax: earned income credit, taxes, average tax, and effective tax rate-Continued
of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
ALTERNATIVE TAX 10

Table 2-B.-Taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 1942, by net income classes, and by type of tax liability-Part $I$, all returns; Part II,

[For description of items and classifications, and method of tabulating data, see pp. 5 and 8-10]


Table 2－B．－Taxable fiduciary returns with net income，1942，by net income classes，and by type of tax liability－Part I，all returns；Part II， ［For description of items and classifications，and method of tabulating data，see pp． 5 and 8－10］
PART II－RETURNS WITH NORMAL TAX AND SURTAX ${ }^{\circ}$

|  |  |  <br>  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  <br>  |
| 㥻 | 免 E |  <br>  |
|  | 葴 |  <br>  |
|  |  |  <br>  |
|  |  |  <br>  ஜ゙めのーデーシ |
| Net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  <br>  <br>  |
| 产㐌 |  |  <br>  |
|  |  |  |


Table 2-B.-Taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 1942, by net income classes, and by type of tax liability-Part $I$, all returns; Part II, returns with normal tax and surtax; and Part III, returns with alternative tax: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, taxes,
[For description of items and classifications, and method of tabulating data, see pp. 5 and 8-10]
PART III-RETURNS WITH ALTERNATIVE TAX ${ }^{10}$



Table 3.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1942, by net income classes: Simple and cumulative distribution of number of returns, net income, and total tax, with corresponding percentage distribution; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


Table 3.-Individual rcturns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1942, by net income classes: Simple and cumulative distribution of number of returns, net income, and total tax, with corresponding percentage distribution; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes ? | Net income ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Simple distribution |  | Cumulative distrihution from highest income class |  | Cumulative distribution from low. est income class |  |  |
|  |  | Amount <br> (8) | Percent of total <br> (9) | Amount <br> (10) | Per- <br> cent of total <br> (11) | Amount <br> (12) | Per- <br> cent of total <br> (13) |  |
| 1 | Individual and taxable fiduciary returns with net income: <br> Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ <br> Forms 1040 and 1041: | 25, 715,974 | 32. 60 | 78,889,362 | 100.00 | 25, 715, 974 | 32. 60 | 1 |
| 2 | Under 0.5 (est.) | 298, 799 | . 38 | $53,173,388$ | 67.40 | 26, 014, 773 | 32.98 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 674, 019 | . 85 | 52, 874, 598 | 67.02 | 26, 688, 792 | 33.83 | 3 |
| 4 | 0.75 under 1 (est.). | 1,147, 569 | 1. 46 | 52, 200,569 | 66.17 | 27, 836, 361 | 35.29 | 4 |
| 5 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 1, 896, 844 | 2. 40 | 51, 053, 001 | 64.71 | 29, 733, 205 | 37.69 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 2, 382,515 | 3.02 | 49, 156, 156 | 62.31 | 32, 115, 720 | 40.71 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 3, 021,749 | 3.83 | 46, 773, 642 | 59. 29 | 35, 137, 469 | 44.54 | 7 |
| 8 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 3,568, 060 | 4. 52 | 43, 751, 893 | 55. 46 | 38,705,529 | 49.06 | 8 |
| 9 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 3, 663, 680 | 4. 65 | 40, 183, 833 | 50.94 | 42, 369, 209 | 53.71 | 9 |
| 10 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 3, 399, 129 | 4. 31 | 36, 520, 153 | 46. 29 | 45, 768, 338 | 58.02 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 3, 089, 669 | 3. 91 | 33, 121, 024 | 41.98 | 48.858. 007 | 61.93 | 11 |
| 12 | 2.75 under 3 (est.)- | 3,142, 371 | 3. 99 | 30, 031, 355 | 38.07 | 52, 000, 378 | 65.92 | 12 |
| 13 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 5, 489, 318 | 6.95 | 26, 888,984 | 34.08 | 57, 489, 696 | 72.87 | 13 |
| 14 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 3, 389, 401 | 4.30 | 21, 399, 666 | 27.13 | 60, 879, 096 | 77.17 | 14 |
| 15 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 2,110, 879 | 2. 68 | 18,010, 265 | 22.83 | 62, 989,975 | 79.85 | 15 |
| 16 | 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 1, 463, 569 | 1.85 | 15, 899, 386 | 20.15 | 64, 453, 544 | 81. 70 | 16 |
| 17 | 5 under 6 | 1,761,932 | 2.23 | 14, 435, 817 | 18.30 | 66, 215, 476 | 83.93 | 17 |
| 18 | 6 under 7 | 1,186, 693 | 1.51 | 12,673, 885 | 16. 07 | 67, 402, 169 | 85.44 | 18 |
| 19 | 7 under 8 | 918, 776 | 1.16 | 11, 487, 193 | 14.56 | 68,320, 945 | 86. 60 | 19 |
| 20 | 8 under 9 | 744, 049 | . 95 | 10,568, 417 | 13. 40 | 69, 064, 994 | 87. 55 | 20 |
| 21 | 9 under 10 | 643, 002 | . 81 | 9,824,368 | 12. 45 | 69, 707, 996 | 88.36 | 21 |
| 22 | 10 under 11 | 54S, 472 | . 70 | 9, 181, 366 | 11.64 | 70, 256, 468 | 89.06 | 22 |
| 23 | 11 under 12 | 482, 970 | . 61 | 8, 632, 893 | 10.94 | 70, 739, 438 | 89.67 | 23 |
| 24 | 12 under 13 | 426, 550 | . 54 | 8, 149, 924 | 10.33 | 71, 165, 988 | 90.21 | 24 |
| 25 | 13 under 14 | 380, 344 | . 48 | 7, 723, 374 | 9.79 | 71, 546, 332 | 90.69 | 25 |
| 26 | 14 under 15 | 347, 973 | . 44 | 7, 343, 030 | 9.31 | 71, 894, 305 | 91.13 | 26 |
| 27 | 15 under 20 | 1,342, 404 | 1. 70 | 6,995, 057 | 8.87 | 73, 236, 709 | 92.83 | 27 |
| 28 | 20 under 25 | 924, 251 | 1.17 | 5, 652, 653 | 7.17 | $74,160,960$ | 94.00 | 28 |
| 29 | 25 under 30 | 678, 822 | . 86 | 4,728,402 | 6.00 | 74, 839, 781 | 94.86 | 29 |
| 30 | 30 under 40 | 914, 160 | 1.16 | 4, 049, 580 | 5.14 | 75, 753,942 | 96.02 | 30 |
| 31 | 40 under 50 | 609, 010 | . 77 | 3, 135, 420 | 3.98 | 76, 362, 951 | 96.79 | 31 |
| 32 | 50 under 60 | 433, 945 | . 55 | 2, 526, 410 | 3.21 | 76, 796, 896 | 97.34 | 32 |
| 33 | 60 under 70 | 313, 475 | . 40 | 2, 092, 465 | 2. 66 | 77, 110,372 | 97.74 | 33 |
| 34 | 70 under 80 | 239, 809 | . 31 | 1,778, 990 | 2. 26 | 77,350, 181 | 98.05 | 34 |
| 35 | 80 under 90 | 184,925 | . 23 | 1, 539, 181 | 1.95 | 77, 535, 106 | 98.28 | 35 |
| 36 | 90 under 100 | 152, 498 | . 20 | 1, 354, 256 | 1. 72 | 77, 687, 603 | 98.48 | 36 |
| 37 | 100 under 150 | 431, 323 | . 55 | 1,201,758 | 1.52 | 78, 118, 926 | 99.03 | 37 |
| 38 | 150 under 200 | 199, 179 | . 25 | 770,435 | . 97 | 78, 318, 105 | 99. 28 | 38 |
| 39 | 200 under 250 | 118, 799 | . 15 | 531, 257 | . 72 | 78, 436,904 | 99.43 | 39 |
| 40 | 250 under 300 | 76, 657 | . 09 | 452, 458 | . 57 | 78, 513, 561 | 99.52 | 40 |
| 41 | 300 under 400 | 90, 798 | . 12 | 375, 801 | . 48 | 78, 604, 359 | 99.64 | 41 |
| 42 | 400 under 500 | 66, 059 | . 08 | 285, 003 | . 36 | 78, 670, 417 | 99.72 | 42 |
| 43 | 500 under 750 | 88,176 | . 11 | 218,944 | . 28 | 78, 758, 593 | 99.83 | 43 |
| 44 | 750 under 1,000 | 44,183 | . 06 | 130,769 | . 17 | 78, 802, 776 | 99.89 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 22, 418 | . 03 | 86, 586 | . 11 | 78, 825, 194 | 99.92 | 45 |
| 46 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 14, 236 | . 02 | 64, 168 | . 08 | 78, 839, 430 | 99.94 | 46 |
| 47 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 9,477 | . 01 | 49,932 | . 06 | 78, 848, 906 | 99.95 | 47 |
| 48 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 7,360 | . 01 | 40,455 | . 05 | 78, 856, 266 | 99.96 | 48 |
| 49 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 21,895 | . 03 | 33, 095 | . 04 | 78, 878, 161 | 99.99 | 49 |
| 50 | 5,000 and over . ............ | 11, 200 | . 01 | 11, 200 | . 01 | 78, 859, 362 | 100.00 | 50 |
| 51 | Total returns with net income. | $78,8 \longdiv { 8 9 , 3 6 2 }$ |  |  |  |  |  | 51 |
| 52 | Individual returns with no net income (est.). ${ }^{4}$ | 12198,598 | (17) |  |  |  |  | 52 |
| 53 | Grand total. | 13 78, 690, 763 | (17) |  |  |  |  | 53 |

Table 3.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1942, by net income classes: Simple and cumulative distribution of number of returns, net income, and total tax, with corresponding percentage distribution; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 223.

Table 3-A.-Individual returns with nct income, 1942, by net income classes: Simple and cumulative distribution of number of returns, net income, and total tax, with corresponding percentage distribution; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp, 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 3-A.-Individual rcturns with not income, 1942, by net income classes: Simple and cumulative distribution of number of returns, net income, and total tax, with corrcsponding percentage distribution; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 3-A.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by net income classes: Simple and cumulative distribution of number of roturns, not income, and total tax, with corresponding percentage distribution; also aggrcgate for individual returns with no net income-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands or dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 4.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by States and Territories, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns and net income
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| States and Territories | Total |  | Joint returns of husbands and wives, or of either husband or wife when no other return is filed |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns <br> (2) | Net income <br> (3) | Number of returns <br> (4) | Net income <br> (5) |
| Alabama | 144, 328 | 418,728 | 102, 267 | 301,556 |
| Alaska | 18,382 | 60, 264 | 7. 600 | 27,908 |
| Arizona | 61,245 | 165, 978 | 29, 736 | 65, 548 |
| Arkansas | 111,573 | 269,078 | 81, 762 | 199,996 |
| California | 1,553,710 | 4,131,005 | 820, 024 | 1,924, 792 |
| Colorado. | 162,983 | 401, 406 | 106, 006 | 275, 694 |
| Connecticut | 356, 733 | 1, 172, 307 | 218,905 | 730, 048 |
| Delaware | 45, 180 | 154, 406 | 29, 152 | 90,605 |
|  | 149,413 | 474, 197 | 74, 400 | 260, 071 |
|  | 206, 948 | 574, 028 | 142, 541 | 391, 215 |
| Georgia | 176, 108 | 501, 558 | 110,395 | 334,989 |
| Hawaii | 52, 175 | 208, 635 | 28,617 | 113,457 |
| Idaho | 73,691 | 162,250 | 40, 022 | 76,903 |
| lllinois. | 1,489, 228 | 4, 004, 089 | 1, 009,907 | 2, 795, 740 |
| Indiana | 573,491 | 1, 373, 741 | 413,540 | 1, 040, 176 |
| Iowa | 459, 932 | 972,920 | 325, 395 | 750, 094 |
| Kansas | 298, 869 | 653, 766 | 227, 145 | 517,095 |
| Kentucky | 233, 368 | 534, 273 | 154, 849 | 378, 330 |
| Louisiana | 173, 217 | 460, 360 | 79, 061 | 163, 285 |
| Maine.- | 111,602 | 263, 737 | 67,341 | 175, 477 |
| Maryland | 343, 271 | 1,013, 404 | 229, 834 | 702, 274 |
| Massachuset | 743, 099 | 2,054, 503 | 474,332 | 1,380,389 |
| Michigan | 1, 078, 782 | 3,221, 228 | 757,685 | 2,354, 816 |
| Minnesota | 469, 961 | 983,084 | 330, 179 | 742, 641 |
| Mississippi | 87,788 | 234, 241 | 63,916 | 170, 867 |
| Missouri. | 547, 627 | 1, 304, 105 | 381,854 | 939, 229 |
| Montana | 86, 694 | 208, 799 | 55, 985 | 148,348 |
| Nebraska | 207, 249 | 447,660 | 152, 636 | - 350,202 |
| Nevada. | 27,935 | 84,283 | 15.316 | 39, 162 |
| New Hampshire | 67,622 | 158,584 | 46. 512 | 113, 652 |
| New Jersey .-... | 933, 641 | 2, 400, 021 | 594,933 | 1,655, 767 |
| New Mexico | 45,534 | -111,378 | 24,902 | 51, 124 |
| New York- | 2, 853, 170 | 7,551, 119 | 1,655, 262 | 4,676, 124 |
| North Carolina | 254, 411 | 566, 364 | 175, 602 | 404, 210 |
| North Dakota | 102, 827 | 187, 041 | 73. 761 | 148, 715 |
| Ohio .--- | 1, 286, 787 | 3, 446, 608 | 889, 291 | 2, 508, 365 |
| Oklahoma | 229,540 | 478,372 | 162.925 | 347, 158 |
| Oregon --- | 222, 613 | 618,706 | 152,800 | 450, 427 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,544, 225 | 4, 057,387 | 1,024, 858 | 2, 845, 430 |
| Rhode 1sland | 131,509 | 361, 277 | 85, 242 | 249, 432 |
| South Carolina | 115,970 | 273, 827 | 78, 522 | 202, 084 |
| South Dakota | 95, 694 | 167, 726 | 70,963 | 133, 916 |
| Tennessee | 215, 330 | 560,697 | 151,913 | 407, 180 |
| Texas | 734, 282 | 1,801, 512 | 444, 139 | 877, 083 |
| Utah | 84, 591 | 204,536 | 63,564 | 160,789 |
| Vermont | 46, 015 | 95. 038 | 31, 261 | 67,791 |
| Virginia | 281, 358 | 757. 218 | 183, 204 | 530,733 |
| Washington. | 346, 854 | 920,538 | 170,766 | 393, 488 |
| West Yirginia | 144, 351 | 360, 022 | 104,087 | 271,854 |
| Wisconsin ... | 529,564 | 1,189, 154 | 371,319 | 895, 142 |
| W yoming | 39, 601 | 198,596 | 28,362 | 73, 792 |
| Total, individual returns with net income, Form 1040. | 20,350, 071 | 52,873, 755 | 13, 114, 590 | 34, 905, 163 |
| Individual returns, Form 1040 A $^{3}$ (see basic table 12). | 16, 106, 039 | 25, 715, 974 | 7,116, 302 | 13, 913, 279 |
|  | $36,456,110$ | 78,589, 729 | 20,230, 892 | $48,818,442$ |

For footnotes, sce p. 228.

Table 4.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by States and Territories, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns and net income-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, sce pp. 5-11]
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| States and Territories | Separate returns of husbands and wives ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |  | Community property returns ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Men |  | Women |  | Men |  | Women |  |
|  | Number of returns <br> (6) | Net income <br> (7) | Number of returns $(8)$ | Net income <br> (9) | Number of returns (10) | Net income <br> (11) | Number of returns (12) | Net income <br> (13) |
| Alabama | 6,214 | 42,710 | 6,373 | 15, 701 |  |  |  |  |
| Alaska | 1,452 | 6, 769 | 1,867 | 3,522 |  |  |  |  |
| Arizona | . 694 | 2, 539 | 1, 119 | 1,773 | 8,810 | 37, 198 | 8,800 | 36,644 |
| Arkansas | 2,864 35,503 | 19.884 99.499 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2, } \\ 36,245 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8,080 71,409 | 131, 780 | 643, 502 | 126,440 | 586,493 |
| Colorado | 4,306 | 32. 261 | 4, 059 | 13. 287 |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut | 15,837 | 132, 563 | 16,626 | 50, 110 |  |  |  |  |
| Delaware | 1,746 | 25, 549 | 2, 221 | 9,109 |  |  |  |  |
| District of Columbia | 11,366 | 64, 961 | 11,885 | 28, 464 |  |  |  |  |
| Florida | 8,671 | 63.352 | 9,916 | 30,647 |  |  |  |  |
| Georgia | 6,511 | 53, 823 | 8, 686 | 21, 178 |  |  |  |  |
| Hawaii | 3,259 | 24,890 | 2, 539 | 7,568 |  |  |  |  |
| Idaho | 216 | , 418 | . 336 | 468 | 7,981 | 28, 927 | 8,174 | 29,350 |
| Illinois | 63, 365 | 421, 149 | 67, 626 | 162, 223 |  |  |  |  |
| Indiana | 21, 186 | 106,441 | 23, 971 | 47, 601 |  |  |  |  |
| Iowa | 7,786 | 42, 383 | 8,169 | 17,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Kansas | 5,625 | 35, 883 | 5,904 | 13, 620 |  |  |  |  |
| Kentucky | 5, 068 | 37,059 | 5,555 | 13, 052 |  |  |  |  |
| Louisiana | 7.028 | 13, 843 | 2,983 | 4,318 | 24,947 | 106, 024 | 23, 958 | 103,934 |
| Maine. | 3,287 | 18.817 | 3,451 | 7, 736 |  |  |  |  |
| Maryland | 14,554 | 97.146 | 14, 100 | 34, 624 |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts | 31, 099 | 210, 735 | 37.178 | 75, 337 |  |  |  |  |
| Michigan. | 41,944 | 267, 337 | 40,951 | 92, 593 | - |  |  |  |
| Minnesota | 9, 121 | 61,326 | 11,013 | 24, 373 |  |  |  |  |
| Mississippi | 3.489 | 23, 051 | 3. 371 | 10,277 |  |  |  |  |
| Missouri | 14,424 | 107. 311 | 15.072 | 39, 429 |  |  |  |  |
| Montana | 1,700 | 9,998 | 1, 862 | 5,418 |  |  |  |  |
| Nebraska | 3,502 | 23,345 | 3, 956 | 8,946 |  |  |  |  |
| Nevada | 449 | 2,875 | 429 2.128 | 1,130 | 3,370 | 14, 546 | 3,444 | 14,380 |
| New Hampshire | 2,105 39,631 | 12,532 223,361 | 2,128 42,680 | 4, 768 89,060 |  |  |  |  |
| New Mexico | ,609 | 1,419 | - 542 | 1.652 | 4,188 | 20,145 | 4,241 | 19,435 |
| New York | 136, 167 | 847, 766 | 131, 125 | 345, 635 |  |  |  |  |
| North Carolina | 7,357 | 58, 645 | 9,087 | 19, 452 |  | ------ |  |  |
| North Dakota | 1,033 | 5, 137 | 1,064 | 2,272 |  |  |  |  |
| Ohio- | 44,094 | 298, 120 | 53, 299 | 107, 169 |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma | 5,277 | 26,902 | 7,343 | 14,015 | 191,116 | 10 12,567 | ${ }^{10} 1,406$ | ${ }^{19} 11,458$ |
| Oregon | 11,664 | 61, 435 | 14,078 | 28, 347 |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania | 46,370 | 339, 632 | 48, 693 | 121, 801 |  |  |  |  |
| Rhode Island. | 5,100 | 34.499 | 5,360 | 12,884 |  |  |  |  |
| South Carolina | 3,221 | 20,986 | 4, 167 | 7,470 |  |  |  |  |
| South Dakota | 860 | 4,614 | 724 | 1,654 |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee | 7,431 | 53,801 | 7,759 | 18,249 |  |  |  |  |
| Texas | 9,901 | 21, 421 | 10,019 | 14, 229 | 70,396 | 333, 134 | 72,051 | 331,627 |
| Utah | 2, 645 | 13, 556 | 2, 802 | 5,801 |  |  |  |  |
| Vermont | 1,140 | 5, 954 | 1,425 | 3,418 |  |  |  |  |
| Virginia - | 8, 094 | 58,653 | 10, 013 | 25,600 |  |  |  |  |
| Washington | 3,433 | 9,929 | 3, 749 | 6,598 | 42, 148, | 169,679 | 41,594 | 163, 627 |
| West Virginia----------- | 4,395 | 25,632 | 5,192 | 10,350 |  |  |  |  |
| W isconsin | 12, 639 | 78,877 | 14, 290 | 27,494 |  |  |  |  |
| Wr yoming | 900 | 6,406 | 899 | 2,219 |  |  |  |  |
| Total, individual returns with net income, Form 1040 | 686, 332 | 4,257, 194 | 726, 358 | 1,689, 129 | 294, 736 | 1, 365, 721 | 290, 108 | 1,296,947 |
| Individual returns, Form 1040A ${ }^{3}$ (see basic table 12) $\qquad$ | 302, 558 | 602,388 | 374, 285 | 471,767 | 85, 578 | 159,959 | 86,026 | 160, 195 |
| Grand total | 988, 890 | 4,859,582 | 1,100,643 | 2,160,896 | 380, 314 | 1, 525, 680 | 376, 134 | 1,457, 142 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 4.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by States and Territories, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns and net income-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| States and Territories | Heads of families |  |  |  | Not heads of families |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single men and married men not living with wives |  | Single women and married women not living with husbands |  | Single men and married men not living with wives |  | Single women and married women not living with husbands |  |
|  | Number of returns <br> (14) | Net income <br> (15) | Number of returns <br> (16) | Net income <br> (17) | Number of returns <br> (18) | Net income <br> (19) | Number of returns <br> (20) | Net income <br> (21) |
| Alabama | 4,767 | 13,195 | 2,479 | 4,535 | 10,658 | 22, 363 | 11,570 | 18,668 |
| A laska | 385 | 1,179 | 51 | 117 | 6, 303 | 19,431 | 724 | 1,339 |
| Arizona | 1,126 | 2, 783 | 1,651 | 3,394 | 4,659 | 9,091 | 4,650 | 7,008 |
| Arkansas | 3, 349 | 7,632 | 2, 403 | 4,764 | 7,670 | 14,678 | 11,070 | 14, 043 |
| California | 31, 186 | 92, 718 | 28,396 | 61,651 | 177,909 | 389, 658 | 166, 225 | 261,283 |
| Colorado | 2,913 | 7,501 | 3,350 | 6, 199 | 19,799 | 34, 744 | 22,550 | 31, 721 |
| Connecticut | 12,284 | 37,904 | 8,076 | 18,517 | 41, 701 | 117, 099 | 43,304 | 86,066 |
| Delaware | 826 | 2, 963 | 1,091 | 2,258 | 4,218 | 12, 653 | 5,926 | 11,270 |
| Distriet of Columbia | 3,204 | 11, 423 | 5, 391 | 11,349 | 14,883 | 43, 638 | 28,284 | 54, 290 |
| Florida | 4, 058 | 11, 317 | 4,820 | 10, 407 | 15, 061 | 31,090 | 21, 881 | 36,000 |
| Georgia | 2, 892 | 9,576 | 5, 138 | 9,155 | 11,537 | 27,958 | 30,949 | 44,878 |
| Hawaii | 2,338 | 8, 654 | 491 | 1,853 | 12, 382 | 44, 236 | 2,549 | 7,978 |
| Idaho | 1,752 | 3, 744 | 1,215 | 2, 033 | 8,986 | 13,997 | 5, 009 | 6,412 |
| Illinois | 40,503 | 105, 544 | 25,614 | 51,388 | 142,984 | 271, 060 | 139,229 | 196,985 |
| Indiana | 11, 110 | 26, 618 | 8,466 | 14,550 | 43,929 | 72,764 | 51, 289 | 65,591 |
| Iowa | 8,311 | 17, 127 | 5,615 | 9,436 | 57,065 | 81, 788 | 47, 591 | 55,093 |
| Kansas | 4,273 | 9,811 | 5,257 | 8,210 | 24,908 | 39,754 | 25,757 | 29,392 |
| Kentucky | 6, 086 | 13, 883 | 5, 337 | 8,867 | 25, 826 | 43,797 | 30,647 | 39, 285 |
| Louisiana | 4, 138 | 11,366 | 2,117 | 5, 269 | 20,539 | 36, 484 | 8, 446 | 15,837 |
| Maine | 1,880 | 4,603 | 2,077 | 4,116 | 13, 699 | 23, 656 | 19,867 | 29, 333: |
| Maryland | 8,925 | 26, 840 | 6,169 | 13, 373 | 34, 332 | 83, 743 | 35, 357 | 55,403 |
| Massachuset | 22, 113 | 59,722 | 16,853 | 33, 523 | 68, 294 | 146, 186 | 93, 230 | 148, 611 |
| Michigan | 25, 529 | 75,000 | 14,099 | 27,835 | 118,284 | 288, 486 | 80,290 | 115, 161 |
| Minnesota | 10, 530 | 21, 102 | 7,132 | 11, 241 | 50, 624 | 65,120 | 51,362 | 57.281 |
| Mississippi | 1,683 | 4,741 | 2, 043 | 3, 309 | 6, 067 | 11,911 | 7, 219 | 10.085 |
| Missouri - | 11,441 | 27,082 | 8, 811 | 16,219 | 54, 179 | 91, 268 | 61,846 | 83, 566 |
| Montana | 1,917 | 4,868 | 1,221 | 2, 062 | 16. 778 | 29, 110 | 7,231 | 8,996 |
| Nebraska | 3,123 | 7,058 | 2, 878 | 4, 394 | 23,310 | 33, 326 | 17,844 | 20,391 |
| Nevada. | 527 | 1,669 | 139 | 450 | 2,919 | 7, 844 | 1, 342 | 2,228 |
| New Hampshir | 1,389 | 3,646 | 1,237 | 2,215 | 6,124 | 9, 641 | 8,127 | 12, 130 |
| New Jersey | 36, 247 | 89, 202 | 23, 065 | 40,475 | 84, 638 | 163, 150 | 112,447 | 139, 006 |
| New Mexico | 967 | 1,956 | 1,010 | 1,599 | 4,488 | 8, 143 | 4,587 | 5,905 |
| New York | 105, 139 | 271,044 | 73, 167 | 153, 665 | 352, 707 | 652, 924 | 399, 603 | 603, 962 |
| North Carolina | 5, 797 | 12,322 | 4,372 | 7,307 | 20,892 | 32,175 | 31, 304 | 32, 253 |
| Nortl Dakota | 2,237 | 3, 696 | 1, 033 | 1,629 | 16,933 | 18, 918 | 6,766 | 6,674 |
| Ohio | 27, 981 | 76, 124 | 22, 530 | 41, 188 | 109, 271 | 218, 554 | 140, 321 | 197, 087 |
| Oklahoma | 4,326 | 8,920 | 5, 023 | 8, 274 | 18.940 | 25,307 | 23, 184 | 23, 771 |
| Oregon | 4,310 | 11,578 | 2,719 | 5,127 | 20,402 | 39, 439 | 16, 640 | 22,355 |
| Pennsylvania | 50,519 | 127,691 | 35,837 | 65, 634 | 155, 955 | 306, 816 | 181,993 | 250,382 25,303 |
| Rhode Island | 3, 238 | 9, 228 | 2, 892 | 6,032 | 12,768 | 23,899 | 16,909 | 25, 303 |
| South Carolina | 2,540 | 6,519 | 2,130 | 3,566 | 8,488 | 14,742 | 16,902 6,116 | 18,461 6,651 |
| South Dakota | 2, 253 | 4,058 | 1,027 | 1,807 | 13,751 15,174 | 15,026 32,023 | 6,116 24,581 | 6,651 30,878 |
| Tennessee | 4,471 8,790 | 11,079 23,668 | 1,0001 12,723 | 7,487 24,434 | 15,174 48,265 | 32, 023 | 24,581 57,998 | 30,878 77,691 |
| Texas | 8,790 2,032 | 23,668 4,344 | 12, 723 | 24,434 1,802 | 48,265 4,889 | 98,226 8,281 | 57,998 7,690 | 77,691 9,962 |
| Vermont | 1,098 | 2,017 | 1,188 | 2,050 | 4,487 | 6,356 | 5,416 | 7,452 |
| Virginia. | 5,779 | 14,986 | 5,885 | 11,403 | 25, 333 | 56, 015 | 43, 050 | 59, 828 |
| Washington | 5,420 | 16, 329 | 4,813 | 9.394 | 45,775 | 107,342 | 29, 156 | 44, 153 |
| West Virginia | 3,157 | 7.679 | 2,421 | 4,340 | 11, 240 | 21, 610 | 13, 859 | 18,557 |
| Wiseonsin | 14,590 | 32,078 | 9,615 | 14, 600 | 52, 680 | 78, 709 | 54,431 3,287 | 62,255 4,602 |
| Wyoming | 980 | 1,848 | 583 | 1,297 | 4, 590 | 8,432 | 3,287 | 4,602 |
| Total, individual returns with net income, Form 1040. | 526, 429 | 1,367, 633 | 396, 620 | 765, 796 | 2,077, 293 | 4,052, 660 | 2, 237, 605 | 3, 173, 512 |
| Individual returns, Form 1040A ${ }^{3}$ (see basic table 12) | 834,562 | 1,353, 168 | 744, 161 | 942, 181 | 3,249, 172 | 4,344, 971 | 3, 313,395 | 3, 768,065 |
| Grand total | 1,360, 991 | 2, 720, 801 | 1,140, 781 | 1, 707, 977 | 5, 326,465 | 8,397,631 | 5, 551,000 | 6,941,577 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | * | Total |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net income classes <br> (1) | Number of returns <br> (2) | Net income <br> (3) | Personal exemption ${ }^{8}$ <br> (4) | Credit for dependents ${ }^{\circ}$ <br> (5) | Tax <br> (6) |  |
| 1 | Taxable individual returns with net income: <br> Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{1}$ <br> Form 1040: | 11, 291, 398 | 18,535,476 | 8,747,982 | 1,307, 776 | 1,317,947 | 1 |
| 2 | Under 0.5 (est.)-- 0.5 under 0.75 (est | 82, 380 | 23, 934 | 3, 224 | 214 | 3,771 | 2 |
| 4 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 814,697 | 712, 033 | 392, 523 | 1,133 9,491 | 20,514 54,472 | 3 |
| 5 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 795, 046 | 901,521 | 467,069 | 17,347 | 74,352 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 1,213,938 | 1,669, 023 | 1, 072, 956 | 25,329 | 98,902 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 1,440,933 | 2,349, 868 | 1,421, 694 | 138,427 | 136,862 | 7 |
| 8 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 1,564, 577 | 2,936, 982 | 1,622, 719 | 264, 013 | 182, 513 | 8 |
| 9 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 1,551, 182 | 3,290, 902 | 1, 664, 030 | 373, 293 | 218, 189 | 9 |
| 10 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 1,375, 991 | 3, 262, 545 | 1,504, 373 | 413,159 | 236, 185 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 1,134, 517 | 2, 973, 878 | 1, 263, 822 | 376, 409 | 236,067 | 11 |
| 12 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 1, 067, 002 | 3, 068, 975 | 1, 185, 594 | 368, 197 | 270,462 | 12 |
| 13 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 1, 678, 863 | 5, 413, 701 | 1, 855, 441 | 602, 848 | 534, 661 | 13 |
| 14 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 904, 175 | 3, 365, 571 | 989, 377 | 342, 313 | 375,919 | 14 |
| 15 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 497, 395 | 2, 102, 109 | 536, 979 | 177,969 | 263, 295 | 15 |
| 16 | 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 308, 320 | 1,456, 699 | 332, 215 | 105, 458 | 197, 495 | 16 |
| 17 | 5 under 6 | 321,486 | 1,750,656 | 337, 630 | 110, 727 | 261, 374 | 17 |
| 18 | 6 under 7 | 182, 086 | 1, 177, 007 | 187, 369 | 61,271 | 195, 641 | 18 |
| 19 | 7 under 8 | 121,872 | 910, 040 | 124, 646 | 40, 786 | 163,915 | 19 |
| 20 | 8 under 9 | 86, 830 | 736, 077 | 88, 123 | 28, 603 | 142, 514 | 20 |
| 21 | 9 under 10 | 67, 174 | 636, 629 | 67, 966 | 22, 352 | 130,897 | 21 |
| 22 | 10 under 11 | 51,727 | 542, 175 | 52, 132 | 17, 079 | 118,110 | 22 |
| 23 | 11 under 12 | 41,566 | 477, 339 | 41,893 | 13, 896 | 109, 358 | 23 |
| 24 | 12 under 13 | 33, 715 | 420, 938 | 33, 729 | 11, 111 | 101, 369 | 24 |
| 25 | 13 under 14 | 27, 849 | 375, 617 | 27,945 | 9,359 | 94, 456 | 25 |
| 26 | 14 under 15 | 23, 723 | 343, 746 | 23, 873 | 7,996 | 90, 219 | 26 |
| 27 | 15 under 20 | 76,847 | 1,323, 701 | 76,972 | 25, 628 | 387,831 | 27 |
| 28 | 20 under 25 | 40,790 | 909, 382 | 40,938 | 13, 857 | 311, 073 | 28 |
| 29 | 25 under 30 | 24,456 | 667,670 | 24,376 | 8,146 | 256, 539 | 29 |
| 30 | 30 under 40 | 26,111 | 897, 565 | 25,949 | 8,652 | 386, 793 | 30 |
| 31 | 40 under 50 | 13,408 | 597, 164 | 13, 276 | 4,531 | 287, 013 | 31 |
| 32 | 50 under 60 | 7,808 | 426, 341 | 7,772 | 2,551 | 221, 342 | 32 |
| 33 | 60 under 70 | 4,762 | 308, 043 | 4,701 | 1,620 | 169,554 | 33 |
| 34 | 70 under 80 | 3,127 | 233, 819 | 3, 067 | 1,033 | 135, 042 | 34 |
| 35 | 80 under 90 | 2,144 | 181, 604 | 2,094 | 657 | 109, 129 | 35 |
| 36 | 90 under 100 | 1,575 | 149, 490 | 1,572 | 542 | 93, 011 | 36 |
| 37 | 100 under 150 | 3,484 | 419, 086 | 3, 408 | 1,109 | 278, 427 | 37 |
| 38 | 150 under 200 | 1,139 | 193, 924 | 1, 114 | 383 | 138, 043 | 38 |
| 39 | 200 under 250 | 522 | 115, 788 | 518 | 173 | 85, 447 | 39 |
| 40 | 250 under 300 | 270 | 73, 612 | 255 | 86 | 56, 335 | 40 |
| 41 | 300 under 400 | 253 | 86, 137 | 254 | 83 | 67, 218 | 41 |
| 42 | 400 under 500 | 144 | 63, 827 | 137 | 40 | 50,686 | 42 |
| 43 | 500 under 750 | 134 | 80, 978 | 129 | 46 | 64,075 | 43 |
| 44 | 750 under 1,000 | 52 | 43, 262 | 45 | 22 | 34, 718 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,000 under 1,500. | 19 | 22,418 | 18 | 4 | 18, 596 | 45 |
| 46 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 8 | 14,236 | 7 | 3 | 11, 583 | 46 |
| 47 | 2,000 under 3,000- | 3 | 7,375 | 2 | 2 | 6,250 | 47 |
| 48 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 1 | 3,591 |  |  | 1,795 | 48 |
| 49 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 5 | 21,895 | 4 | 1 | 13,864 | 49 |
| 50 | 5,000 and over | 2 | 11, 200 | 2 | 2 | 9,215 | 50 |
| 51 | Total | 27, 637, 051 | 66, 761,229 | 24,604, 123 | 4,915,727 | 8,823, 041 | 51 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable rcturns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependcnts, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes | Total-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns <br> (2) | Net income (3) | Personal exemptions <br> (4) | Credit for dependents ${ }^{6}$ <br> (5) | Tax <br> (6) |  |
| 52 | Nontaxable individual returns with net income: 11 <br> Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ | 4, 814, 641 | 7, 180,498 | 5, 476, 763 | 3, 604, 819 |  | 52 |
| 53 | Form 1040: <br> Under 0.5 (est.) | 752,555 | 269,519 | 485, 861 | 41, 490 |  | 53 |
| 54 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 303, 579 | 191, 462 | 313, 847 | 56, 233 |  | 54 |
| 55 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 484, 621 | 428, 944 | 551, 294 | 94. 084 |  | 55 |
| 56 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 877, 700 | 989, 029 | 1,042, 140 | 155, 782 |  | 56 |
| 57 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 510, 448 | 707, 674 | 613.896 | 273.982 |  | 57 |
| 58 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 416. 615 | 666, 350 | 498, 621 | 286, 999 |  | 58 |
| 59 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 337, 340 | 625.896 | 404, 528 | 296. 640 |  | 59 |
| 60 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 172, 110 | 368, 049 | 206.819 | 203, 296 |  | 60 |
| 61 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 55,563 | 132, 170 | 66, 618 | 85, 763 |  | 61 |
| 62 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 43, 060 | 111,384 | 51, 622 | 70, 033 |  | 62 |
| 63 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 24, 197 | 69,310 | 29, 137 | 46, 335 | ---- | 63 |
| 64 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 21, 296 | 68, 059 | 25, 529 | 49,930 |  | 64 |
| 65 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 4,503 | 16, 570 | 5,397 | 12,457 |  | 65 |
| 66 67 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 646 185 | 2,711 | 774 223 | 2,196 |  | 66 |
| 68 | Total | 8, 815,059 | 11, 828, 500 | 9, 773, 070 | 5,280,732 |  | 68 |
| 69 | Total individual returns with net income ( $51+68$ ). | 36, 456, 110 | 78, 589, 729 | 34, 377, 193 | 10, 196, 458 | 8, 823, 041 | 69 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by nct income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued

For description of items and classification, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes | Joint returns of husbands and wives, or of either husband or wife when no other return is filed |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns <br> (7) | Net income <br> (8) | Personal exemption ${ }^{5}$ <br> (9) | Credit for dependents. ${ }^{6}$ <br> (10) | Tax <br> (11) |  |
| 1 | Taxable individual returns with net income: <br> Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ <br> Form 1040: | 3, 739,335 | 8, 174,938 | 4, 487, 202 | 1,057, 143 | 380,797 |  |
| 2 | Under 0.5 (est.) ---------...- | 381 | 138 | 75 |  | 11 |  |
| 3 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 3,237 | 2,139 | 1,767 | 3 | 61 |  |
| 4 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 8,731 | 7,797 | 5,971 | 166 | 292 | 4 |
| 5 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 107,852 | 130, 823 | 122, 544 | 739 | 1,232 |  |
| 6 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 595, 066 | 821, 381 | 707, 161 | 5, 049 | 16,368 |  |
| 7 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 911,495 | 1,489, 803 | 1,087,990 | 110,913 | 47,392 |  |
| 8 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 1, 108, 800 | 2, 084, 170 | 1,327, 331 | 230,127 | 88, 348 | 8 |
| 9 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 1,184, 684 | 2, 514, 144 | 1,417, 700 | 334, 597 | 129,687 | 9 |
| 10 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 1, 096, 109 | 2, 599,398 | 1,312, 784 | 380,961 | 156,760 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 936, 032 | 2, 454, 327 | 1,121, 537 | 351, 922 | 171, 872 | 11 |
| 12 | 2.75 under 3 (est.)- | 869,966 | 2, 501,821 | 1,042, 341 | 343, 302 | 196, 951 | 12 |
| 13 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 1, 340, 707 | 4,323, 154 | 1,606, 467 | 561,523 | 384, 231 | 13 |
| 14 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 707,997 | 2, 635, 112 | 848, 208 | 316, 806 | 268, 120 | 14 |
| 15 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 375, 495 | 1,586, 674 | 450,356 | 162, 261 | 182, 802 | 15 |
| 16 | 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 231, 018 | 1,091,041 | 276,893 | 95,932 | 137, 607 | 16 |
| 17 | 5 under 6-.---- | 216,796 | 1,179, 193 | 259, 807 | 93, 236 | 163,249 | 17 |
| 18 | 6 under 7 | 114, 089 | 737, 074 | 136, 802 | 49,447 | 114,362 | 18 |
| 19 | 7 under 8 | 73,415 | 547,990 | 88, 092 | 31,966 | 92, 693 | 19 |
| 20 | 8 under 9 | 50,242 | 425,845 | 60, 200 | 21, 898 | 77,916 | 20 |
| 21 | 9 under 10 | 37,685 | 356,946 | 45, 181 | 16,571 | 69, 659 | 21 |
| 22 | 10 under 11 | 27,993 | 293, 449 | 33, 550 | 12,364 | 60.933 | 22 |
| 23 | 11 under 12 | 22,088 | 253. 634 | 26,479 | 9, 886 | 55, 548 | 23 |
| 24 | 12 under 13 | 17, 153 | 214, 186 | 20,541 | 7,650 | 49, 452 | 24 |
| 25 | 13 under 14 | 14,02 | 189, 102 | 16, 803 | 6, 387 | 45, 683 | 25 |
| 26 | 14 under 15 | 11,749 | 170, 278 | 14,081 | 5, 403 | 43, 090 | 26 |
| 27 | 15 under 20 | 35,594 | 611,580 | 42,647 | 16, 181 | 173, 412 | 27 |
| 28 | 20 under 25 | 17,381 | 386, 750 | 20, 832 | 8, 162 | 129, 013 | 28 |
| 29 | 25 under 30 | 9,430 | 257, 202 | 11,307 | 4,311 | 96,966 | 29 |
| 30 | 30 under 40 | 9,026 | 309, 263 | 10,816 | 4,095 | 131, 297 | 30 |
| 31 | 40 under 50 | 4,168 | 185, 208 | 5,000 | 1,928 | 87, 991 | 31 |
| 32 | 50 under 60 | 2,232 | - 121,737 | 2,676 | 1,009 | 62,718 | 32 |
| 33 | 60 under 70 | 1,277 | 82, 623 | 1,531 | 615 | 45, 229 | 33 |
| 34 | 70 under 80 | 822 | 61.445 | 984 | 385 | 35, 343 | 34 |
| 35 | 80 under 90 | 530 | 45,063 | 636 | 230 | 26,944 | 35 |
| 36 | 90 under 100 | 367 | 34, 855 | 441 | 168 | 21, 543 | 36 |
| 37 | 100 under 150 | 736 | 88, 255 | 882 | 330 | 58, 423 | 37 |
| 38 | 150 under 200 | 224 | 38, 276 | 268 | 97 | 27, 236 | 38 |
| 39 | 200 under 250 | 94 | 20,910 | 113 | 47 | 15,547 | 39 |
| 40 | 250 under 300 | 43 | 11,764 | 52 | 21 | 9,012 | 40 |
| 41 | 300 under 400 | 59 | 19,834 | 71 | 28 | 15,532 | 41 |
| 42 | 400 under 500 | 24 | 10,543 | 29 | 5 | 8, 636 | 42 |
| 43 | 500 under 750 | 19 | 12,027 | 23 | 10 | 9,605 | 43 |
| 44 | 750 under 1,000 | 8 | 6,711 | 10 | 6 | 5, 386 | 44 |
| 45 | 1.000 under 1.500 | 3 | 3,749 | 4 | (21) | 2,751 | 45 |
| 46 | 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |
| 47 | 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | 4,000 under 5,000. |  |  |  |  |  | 49 |
| 50 | 5,000 and over. | 1 | 5,375 | 1 | 1 | 4,704 | 50 |
| 51 | Total | 13,884, 177 | 39, 097, 723 | 16,616, 183 | 4,243,878 | ,902,403 | 51 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for depcndents, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes | Joint returns of husbands and wives, or of either husband or wife when no other return is filed-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns <br> (7) | Net income <br> (8) | Personal exemption ${ }^{3}$ <br> (9) | Credit for dependents ${ }^{6}$ <br> (10) | Tax (11) |  |
|  | Nontaxable individual returns with net income: ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 52 | Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ <br> Form 1040: | 3, 376, 967 | 5, 738, 342 | 4,053, 050 | 3, 103, 869 | ------- | 52 |
| 53 | Under 0.5 (est.) .-------...- | 146, 699 | 45,936 | 171, 622 | 35, 420 |  | 53 |
| 54 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 196, 688 | 125, 461 | 231,475 | 41, 342 |  | 54 |
| 55 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 377,779 | 336, 220 | 449, 960 | 73,995 |  | 55 |
| 56 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 749, 847 | 845, 717 | 897, 749 | 136.937 |  | 56 |
| 57 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.). | 469, 657 | 651, 362 | 567, 171 | 254, 023 |  | 57 |
| 58 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 391, 483 | 626, 652 | 469,620 | 271, 165 |  | 58 |
| 59 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 324, 845 | 602, 712 | 389,981 | 285, 544 |  | 59 |
| 60 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) --.-.-.----- | 167, 247 | 357, 679 | 201, 172 | 197, 573 |  | 60 |
| 61 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) -------.--- | 53,979 | 128. 432 | 64, 780 | 83, 271 |  | 61 |
| 62 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 41, 864 | 108. 268 | 50, 245 | 67,942 |  | 62 |
| 63 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 23, 518 | 67,376 | 28,337 | 44,996 |  | 63 |
| 64 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 20,950 | 66.927 | 25, 147 | 49, 116 |  | 64 |
| 65 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) --.---------- | 4,361 | 16, 049 | 5, 226 | 12, 080 |  | 65 |
| 66 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) -.------------ | 646 | 2, 711 | 774 | 2, 196 |  | 66 |
| 67 | 4.5 under 5 (est.)..--------------- | 185 | 875 | 223 | 692 |  | 67 |
| 68 | Total | 6,346, 715 | 9, 720, 719 | 7,606, 533 | 4,660, 160 |  | 68 |
| 69 | Total, individual returns with net income $(51+68)$. | 20,230, 892 | 48, 818, 442 | 24, 222, 716 | 8,904,038 | 3,902,403 | 69 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data,see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by nct income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and inethods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes(1) | Separate returns of husbands and wives ${ }^{18}$ - Con. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Women-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns <br> (17) | Net income <br> (18) | Personal exemption ${ }^{6}$ <br> (19) | Credit for dependents <br> (20) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tax } \\ & \text { (21) } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Nontaxable individual returns with net ineome: ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 52 | Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ <br> Form 1040: | 31, 996 | 21, 294 | 19,198 | 6,144 |  | 52 |
| 53 | Under 0.5 (est.)-- | 17, 353 | 5,431 | 7,313 | 386 |  | 53 |
| 54 <br> 55 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 15,457 | 9,460 | 9, 838 | 854 |  | 54 |
| 55 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) -- | 10, 269 | 8, 978 | 8, 386 | 1,293 |  | 55 |
| 56 57 5 | 1 under 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 8, 098 | 8,994 1,764 | 8,289 | 1,283 |  | 56 |
| 58 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | $1{ }^{123}$ | +676 | +465 | 246 |  | 58 |
| 59 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 173 | 325 | 183 | 183 |  | 59 |
| 60 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 21 | 43 | 25 | 18 |  | 60 |
| 61 62 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 40 | 95 | 48 | 99 |  | 61 |
| 64 | 3.75 under 3.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  | 63 64 |
| 65 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  | 65 |
| 66 | 4 under 4.5 (est.)- |  |  |  |  |  | 66 |
| 67 | 4.5 under 5 (cst.). |  |  |  |  |  | 67 |
| 68 | Total | 85, 171 | 57, 196 | 55, 033 | 11,228 |  | 68 |
| 69 | Total, individual returns with net income $(51+68)$. | 1,100.643 | 2,160, 896 | 480, 286 | 47,698 | 469, 267 | 69 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. E-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes(1) | Community property returns ${ }^{18} 10$ Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Men-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns <br> (22) | Net income <br> (23) | Personal exemption ${ }^{8}$ <br> (24) | Credit for dependents ${ }^{6}$ <br> (25) | Tax <br> (26) |  |
| 52 | Nontaxable individual returns with net income: ${ }^{11}$ <br> Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ <br> 3----------------------- <br> Form 1040: | 723 | 797 | 434 | 500 | 52 |  |
| 53 |  |  | 444650 | 597 | 179 |  |  |
| 54 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) ---------------1-1 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,309 \\ & 1,068 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 54 |
| 55 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) | +334 | 292 | ${ }_{274} 6$ | 228 |  | 55 |
| 56 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 16394 | 176 | 13956 | 71 | -------------- | 56 |
| 57 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  | -------------- ${ }^{\text {- }}$ |  |
| 58 59 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 1 | -.......-.-.----- |  | - 2 |  |  |  |
| 60 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) |  |  | --...-.-.-.- |  |  | 596061 |
| 61 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 62 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  | 62 |
| 63 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  | 63 |
| 64 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  | 64 |
| 65 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  | 65 |
| 66 67 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  | 66 |
| 68 | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3, 692 | 2,482 | 2,110 | 1,135 | ---------- 68 |  |
| 69 | Total, individual returns with net income ( $51+68$ ). | 380, 314 | 1,525,680 | 216, 879 | 79,806 | 366, 540 | 69 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp.5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes(1) | Community property returns ${ }^{18}$ 19-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Women |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns <br> (27) | Net income <br> (28) | Personal exemption ${ }^{5}$ <br> (29) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Credit } \\ \text { for } \\ \text { depend- } \\ \text { ents }{ }^{6} \\ (30) \end{gathered}$ | Tax (31) |  |
|  | Taxable individual returns with net income: <br> Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  | 85, 150 | 159,329 | 51,090 | 7,772 | 16,472 |  |
| 2 | Form 1040: 0.5 (est.) |  | 130 | 12 |  | 22 |  |
| 3 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 1,249 | 816 | 491 |  | 56 |  |
|  | 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 3, 211 | 2, 874 | 1,756 | 61 | 179 | 4 |
| 5 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 6,079 | 6,873 | 3,572 | 293 | 529 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 7,269 | 10,035 | 4,527 | 599 | 869 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 24,047 | 40, 020 | 14,783 | 1,109 | 4,287 | 7 |
|  | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 41, 898 | 78, 843 | 25, 906 | 2, 030 | 9,146 | 8 |
| 9 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 40,825 | 86,520 | 25,670 | 3, 805 | 10,269 | 9 |
| 10 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 30, 033 | 71, 078 | 19, 151 | 2, 822 | 8,883 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 15, 399 | 40, 191 | 10,084 | 1,410 | 5,221 | 11 |
| 12 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 12,302 | 35, 316 | 8,406 | 1,113 | 4,750 | 12 |
| 13 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 17,049 | 54, 968 | 14, 833 | 1,606 | 7, 839 | 13 |
| 14 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 12,315 | 45, 659 | 8, 071 | 1,435 |  | 14 |
| 15 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 7,475 | 31, 640 | 4,955 | 1,769 | 5,079 | 15 |
| 16 | 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 6,679 | 31, 526 | 4,437 | 775 | 5,250 | 16 |
| 17 | 5 under 6- | 13, 583 | 74, 274 | 9, 105 | 1,411 | 13, 247 | 17 |
| 18 | 6 under 7 | 9, 425 | 60,988 | 6,377 | 985 | 11,609 | 18 |
| 19 | 7 under 8 | 6, 691 | 49, 975 | 4,534 | 693 | 10, 130 | 19 |
| 20 | 8 under 9 | 4,797 | 40,658 | 3, 261 | 518 | 8,696 | 20 |
| 21 | 9 under 10 | 3, 824 | 36, 247 | 2,556 | 398 | 8,191 | 21 |
| 22 | 10 under 11 | 3,015 | 31.591 | 2,053 | 330 | 7,469 | 22 |
| 23 | 11 under 12 | 2,372 | 27, 216 | 1,634 | 244 | 6, 731 | 23 |
| 24 | 12 under 13 | 1,963 | 24,499 | 1,341 | 193 | 6, 319 | 24 |
| 25 | 13 under 14- | 1,624 | 21, 914 | 1,091 | 162 | 5,903 | 25 |
| 26 | 14 under 15 | 1,353 | 19,580 | 943 | 136 | 5,458 | 26 |
| 27 | 15 under 20 | 4,348 | 74, 877 | 3,026 | 434 | 23, 071 | ${ }^{27}$ |
| 28 | 20 under 25. | 2, 204 | 49,046 | 1,492 | 229 | 17, 440 | 28 |
| 29 | 25 under 30 | 1,340 | 36, 574 | 911 | 137 | 14,465 | 29 |
| 30 | 30 under 40 | 1,421 | 48, 856 | 963 | 151 | 21, 465 | 30 |
| 31 | 40 under 50 | 751 | 33, 440 | 522 | 87 | 16,313 | 31 |
| 32 | 50 under 60 | 398 | 21,682 | 282 | 36 | 11, 363 | 32 |
| 33 | 60 under 70 | 242 | 15, 635 | 167 | 35 | 8,630 | 33 |
| 34 | 70 under 80 | 161 | 12, 051 | 112 | 20 | 6,998 | 34 |
| 35 | 80 under 90 | 117 | 9,918 | 81 | 11 | 6, 006 | 35 |
| 36 | 90 under 100 | 78 | 7,411 | 56 | 13 | 4,640 | 36 |
| 37 | 100 under 150 | 168 | 20,422 | 115 | 16 | 13,584 | 37 |
| 38 | 150 under 200 | 58 | 9,871 | 39 |  | 6,696 | 38 |
| 39 | 200 under 250 | 27 | 5,944 | 18 | 3 | 4,373 | 39 |
| 40 | 250 under 300 | 14 | 3,834 | 11 | 1 | 2,850 | 40 |
| 41 | 300 under 400 | 12 | 4,050 | 8 | (2) | 2, 834 | 41 |
| 42 | 400 under 500 | 11 | 4, 819 | 7 | (21) | 3, 818 | 42 |
| 43 44 4 | 500 under 750 |  | 2,402 4,184 | 2 | 1 | 1,794 3,097 | 43 44 |
| 45 | 1,000 under 1,500 |  | 4,184 |  |  | 3,097 | 45 |
| 46 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 1 | 1,666 | 1 |  | 1,438 | 46 |
| 47 | 2.000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | 3,000 under 4,000- |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 50 | 4,000 under 5,000. | 1 | 4,436 | 1 |  | 2, 227 | ${ }_{50}^{49}$ |
| 50 | 5,000 and over.. |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| 51 | Total | -. 371, 484 | 1, 453, 878 | 238, 454 | 31,859 | 342, 664 | 51 |

For footnotes, see p. 228s

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for.dependents, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, sce pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes.(1) | Heads of families ${ }^{20}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Single men and married men not living with wives-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { of }}{\text { Number }}$ returns <br> (32) | Net income (33) | Personal exemption ${ }^{8}$ (34) | Credt for dependents ${ }^{6}$ (35) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tax } \\ & \text { (36) } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 52 | Nontaxable individual returns with net income: 1 <br> Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ <br> -------------.....-- <br> Form 1040: | 462, 965 | 589, 083 | 555, 232 | 242, 065 |  | 52 |
| 53 | Under 0.5 (est.) ------------.....- | 8, 011 | 2.614 | 9,337 | 913 |  | 53 |
| 54 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 13,237 | 8.498 | 15, 273 | 1,399 |  | 54 |
| 5 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 23, 409 | 20.606 | 27, 545 | 2, 432 |  | 55 |
| 56 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 43, 177 | 48,543 | 51, 260 | 4,618 |  | 56 |
| 57 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 17, 970 | 24.927 | 21, 391 | 8,274 |  | 57 |
| 58 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) --------------- | 12,739 | 20, 134 | 15. 255 | 7,731 |  | 58 |
| 59 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) --...----....--- | 7, 369 | 13, 659 | 8. 850 | 6, 188 |  | 59 |
| 60 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) ---------------- | 3,134 | 6,694 | 3,743 | 3, 556 |  | 60 |
| 61 62 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) -------------- | ${ }_{732}^{947}$ | 2, 248 <br> 1,907 <br> 18 | 1,127 | 1,475 1,246 |  | 61 |
| 62 63 |  | 732 385 | 1,907 1,094 | 876 462 | 1, 2428 |  | 63 |
| 64 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 145 | 469 | 174 | 313 |  | 64 |
| 65 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 121 | 439 | 146 | 318 |  | 65 |
| 66 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  | 66 |
| 67 | 4.5 under 5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  | 67 |
| 68 | Total | 594, 341 | 740, 917 | 710,670 | 281, 256 |  | 68 |
| 69 | Total, individual returns with net income $(51+68)$. | 1,360, 991 | 2, 720, 801 | 1,622,903 | 419, 215 | 206, 106 | 69 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and fax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes(1) | Heads of families ${ }^{20}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Single women and married women not living with husbands-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns <br> (37) | Net income (38) | Personal exemption ${ }^{8}$ <br> (39) | Credit for dependents ${ }^{8}$ <br> (40) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tax } \\ & (\mathbf{4 1}) \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 52 | Nontaxable individual returns with net income: ${ }^{11}$ <br> Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ | 537, 577 | 579, 169 | 645, 092 | 155, 790 | 52 |  |
|  | Form 1040: | 11,348 | 3,827 | 12,945 | 1,162 |  |  |
| 53 <br> 54 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 21,973 |  | 25, 221 | 2,051 |  | 54 |
| 55 | 0.75 under 1 (est.). | 37, 262 | 14,056 | 43,672 | 3,318 |  | 55 |
| 56 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 61,693 | 69, 238 | 73,525 | 5,547 |  | 56 |
| 57 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 17, 126 | 23,606 | 20,45310,270 | 7,7444,787 |  | 57 |
| 58 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 8,574 <br> 2,834 | 13,488 |  |  |  | 58 |
| 59 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) |  | 5,2561,710 |  | 4,787 |  | 59 |
| 60 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 803 |  | $\begin{array}{r}3,396 \\ 950 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,005 |  | 60 |
| 61 | 2.25 under 2.5 (cst.) | 238159 | -559 | 285 | -399 |  | 61 |
| 62 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) |  | 419329 | 19113778 | 28527010 |  | 62 |
| 63 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 159 114 64 |  |  |  |  | 63 |
| 64 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 64 | 206 | 76 | 163 |  | 64 |
| ${ }_{66}^{65}$ | 3.5 under 4 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  | 65 |
| 67 | 4.5 under 4.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  | 67 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 69 | Total, individual returns with net income $(51+68)$. | 1, 140, 781 | 1,707,977 | 1,356, 316 | 220, 787 | 92, 886 | 69 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes(1) | Not heads of families |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Single men and marricd men not living with wives |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns <br> (42) | Net income <br> (13) | Personal exemption ${ }^{5}$ <br> (44) | Credit for dependents ${ }^{6}$ <br> (45) | Tax <br> (46) |  |
| 1 | Taxable individual returns with net income: <br> Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ <br> Forms 1040: | Taxable individual returns with net income: |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 2 |  | 1,299 | 462 | 304 | 2 | 34 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 269, 117 | 169, 711 | 134,590 | 167 | 5,655 | 3 |
| 4 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 252, 779 | 220, 300 | 127, 223 | 3, 058 | 15,695 | 4 |
| 5 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 216,903 | 242, 635 | 109,943 | 5,151 | 22, 704 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 184, 343 | 252, 797 | 94, 146 | 6,775 | 27, 300 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 142, 649 | 231, 193 | 73,432 | 6, 011 | 27, 419 |  |
| 8 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 118, 454 | 221, 465 | 60,466 | 5, 670 | 28, 144 | 8 |
| 9 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) ----------------- | 90,562 | 191, 923 | 46,434 | 4,836 | 25,512 | 9 |
| 10 |  | 69, 608 | 164,919 | 35, 521 | 3,400 | 22, 899 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 51, 787 | 135, 590 | 26,975 | 2,681 | 19,475 | 11 |
| 12 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 61, 038 | 176, 107 | 31, 233 | 3,455 | 26,387 | 12 |
| 13 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 128, 384 | 413, 982 | 65,375 | 6,171 | 65, 054 | 13 |
| 14 |  | 72,003 | 268, 544 | 36,784 | 3, 130 | 44, 243 | 14 |
| 15 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) ------------.-.-- | 42,002 | 177, 593 | 21, 452 | 1,913 | 30, 306 | 15 |
| 16 | 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 22,066 | 104, 621 | 11, 272 | 849 | 18,574 | 16 |
| 17 | 5 under 6------ | 19,880 | 108, 203 | 10,158 | 895 | 20,312 | 17 |
| 18 | 6 under 7 | 11,400 | 73,577 | 5,809 | 508 | 14, 650 | 18 |
| 19 | 7 under 8 | 7,499 | 56, 016 | 3, 826 | 337 | 11, 845 | 19 |
| 20 | 8 under 9 | 5, 376 | 45,544 | 2,742 | 239 | 10, 112 | 20 |
| 21 | 9 under 10 | 4,286 | 40, 622 | 2,177 | 201 | 9,486 | 21 |
| 22 | 10 under 11 | 3, 307 | 34,650 | 1,692 | 154 | 8,438 | 22 |
| 23 | 11 under 12 | 2, 596 | 29,813 | 1,322 | 128 | 7,596 | 23 |
| 24 | 12 under 13 | 2,159 | 26,950 | 1, 100 | 99 | 7,146 | 24 |
| 25 | 13 under 14 | 1, 792 | 24, 183 | - 916 | 79 | 6,667 | 25 |
| 26 | 14 under 15 | 1,487 | 21, 540 | 759 | 81 | 6,145 | 26 |
| 27 | 15 under 20 | 4,968 | 85, 495 | 2,546 | 250 | 26,874 | 27 |
| 28 | 20 under 25 | 2, 721 | 60, 797 | 1,394 | 156 | 21,987 | 28 |
| 29 | 25 under 30 | 1,672 | 45, 794 | + 856 | 88 | 18, 393 | 29 |
| 30 | 30 under 40 | 1, 741 | 59,891 | 892 | 116 | 26,655 | 30 |
| 1 | 40 under 50 | 927 | 41, 278 | 471 | 62 | 20, 321 | 31 |
| 32 | 50 under 60 | 560 | 30, 537 | 286 | 42 | 16, 152 | 32 |
| 33 | 60 under 70 | 341 | 22, 154 | 175 | 24 | 12, 406 | 33 |
| 34 | 70 under 80 | 265 | 19,752 | 134 | 19 | 11, 496 | 34 |
| 35 | 80 under 90 | 170 | 14,327 | 86 | 11 | 8, 702 | 35 |
| 36 | 90 under 100 | 115 | 10,860 | 60 | 17 | 6,835 | 36 |
| 37 | 100 under 150 | 280 | 33, 545 | 144 | 15 | 22, 343 | 37 |
| 38 | 150 under 200 | 101 | 17, 231 | 53 | 10 | 12,524 | 38 |
| 39 | 200 under 250 | 52 | 11, 500 | 27 | 4 | 8,489 | 39 |
| 40 | 250 under 300 | 30 | 8,119 | 15 |  | 6,301 | 40 |
| 41 | 300 under 400 | 20 | 6, 783 | 11 | 1 | 5,239 | 41 |
| 42 | 400 under 500 | 18 | 8,062 | 10 | 2 | 6,352 | 42 |
| 43 | 500 under 750 | 12 | 7, 350 | 6 | 1 | 5, 721 | 43 |
| 44 | 750 under 1,000 | 6 | 5,134 | 3 | 2 | 4,015 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,000 under 1,500 |  |  |  |  |  | 45 |
| 47 | 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |
| 47 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 1 | 2,181 | 1 |  | 1,893 | 47 |
| 49 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 1 | 4,373 | 1 |  | 2,184 | 49 |
| 0 | 5,000 and over |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| 51 | Total | 4, 812, 103 | 8,137,310 | 2, 420,487 | 111, 168 | 157, 434 | 51 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes(1) | Not heads of families-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Single men and married men not living with wives-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns <br> (42) | Net income (43) | Personal exemptions ${ }^{3}$ <br> (44) | Credit for dependents ${ }^{6}$ <br> (45) | Tax <br> (46) |  |
| 52 | Nontaxable individual returns with net income: ${ }^{11}$ <br> Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ <br> Form 1040: | 233, 846 | 135, 763 | 116, 923 | 46, 892 |  | 52 |
| 53 <br> 54 |  | 236,974 20,908 | 88,900 12,655 | 118,636 11,670 | 1,535 |  | 53 54 |
| 55 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 13,934 | 11,704 | 7,796 | 5, 869 |  | 55 |
| 56 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 5,683 | 6,304 | 3,329 | 4, 031 | ---- | 56 |
| 57 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.)- | 1,349 | 1,857 | 788 | 1,362 |  | 57 |
| 58 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 787 | 1,255 | 447 | 950 |  | 58 |
| 59 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 573 | 1,084 | 351 | 871 |  | 59 |
| 60 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 103 | 224 | 59 | 188 |  | 60 |
| 61 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 17 | 40 | 9 | 48 |  | 61 |
| 62 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 80 | 203 | 40 | 180 | ------- | 62 |
| 63 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 52 | 144 | 47 | 100 |  | 63 |
| 64 | 3 under 3.5 (est.)- | 56 | 189 | 34 | 157 |  | 64 |
| 66 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  | 65 66 |
| 67 | 4.5 under 5 (est.).--- |  |  |  |  |  | 67 |
| 68 | Total | 514, 362 | 260.321 | 260, 129 | 66,385 |  | 68 |
| 69 | Total, individual returns with net income ( $51+68$ ). | 5,326, 465 | 8,397, 631 | 2,680,616 | 177, 554 | 1,157, 434 | 69 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued
[For deseription of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes(1) | Not heads of families-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Single women and married women not living with husbands |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns (47) | Net income <br> (48) | Personal exemptions (49) | Credit for dependents ${ }^{6}$ <br> (50) | Tax <br> (51) |  |
| 1 | Taxable individual returns with net income: <br> Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ <br> Forms 1040: | $3,158,335$ | 3, 668,363 | 1, 579, 168 | 31,606 | 328, 250 | 1 |
| 2 |  | 2,235 | 810 249 822 | 542 196.944 | 8 | 47 8.596 | 2 |
| 4 | 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 391, 206 | 378, 144 | 196, 217 | 4,232 | 27,446 | 4 |
| 5 | 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 328, 166 | 366,632 | 164,979 | 6,610 | 34,770 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 218, 484 | 298, 251 | 110, 240 | 5, 800 | 32, 741 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 139, 776 | 225, 713 | 70,442 | 3,568 | 27.392 | 7 |
| 8 | 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 82, 046 | 153.104 | 41,692 | 2,088 | 19,770 | 8 |
| 9 | 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 53, 777 | 113,720 | 27, 313 | 1,398 | 15. 408 | 9 |
| 10 | 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 37,392 | 88,642 | 18,961 | 714 | 12,516 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 24. 697 | 64,684 | 12, 509 | 772 | 9,434 | 11 |
| 12 | 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 24.694 | 71,037 | 12, 448 | 491 | 10,822 | 12 |
| 13 | 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 35, 389 | 114, 074 | 17, 889 | 766 | 18, 105 | 13 |
| 14 | 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 21, 126 | 78,895 | 10,638 | 415 | 13, 152 | 14 |
| 15 | 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 14,277 | 60,455 | 7, 225 | 394 | 10,426 | 15 |
| 16 | 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 8.450 | 39,996 | 4,244 | 194 | 7,178 | 16 |
| 17 | 5 under 6 | 10,983 | 59,978 | 5, 533 | 261 | 11,373 | 17 |
| 18 | 6 under 7 | 7,253 | 46,933 | 3,649 | 193 | 9, 423 | 18 |
| 19 | 7 under 8 | 5, 161 | 38,581 | 2,600 | 145 | 8,216 | 19 |
| 20 | 8 under 9. | 3,947 | 33,437 | 1,989 | 113 | 7. 473 | 20 |
| 21 | 9 under 10 | 2,921 | 27. 716 | 1,470 | 93 | 6,497 | 21 |
| 22 | 10 under 11 | 2,423 | 25,372 | 1, 217 | 81 | 6,214 | 22 |
| 23 | 11 under 12 | 1,991 | 22, 874 | 999 | 70 | 5, 862 | 23 |
| 24 | 12 under 13 | 1,749 | 21,840 | 877 | 69 | 5,812 | 24 |
| 25 | 13 under 14 | 1,358 | 18, 722 | 699 | 62 | 5,181 | 25 |
| 26 | 14 under 15 | 1,154 | 16, 723 | 583 | 40 | 4,798 | 26 |
| 27 | 15 under 20 | 4, 011 | 69.211 | 2, 020 | 157 | 21,862 | 27 |
| 28 | 20 under 25 | 2,162 | 48, 221 | 1,091 | 96 | 17. 454 | 28 |
| 29 | 25 under 30 | 1,277 | 34, 828 | 640 | 55 | 13.984 | 29 |
| 30 | 30 under 40 | 1,545 | 53, 102 | 777 | 73 | 23, 639 | 30 |
| 31 | 40 under 50 | - 783 | 34,930 | 397 | 58 | 17,172 | 31 |
| 32 | 50 under 60 | 458 | 25, 086 | 230 | 24 | 13, 278 | 32 |
| 33 | 60 under 70 | 278 | 18, 024 | 140 | 20 | 10, 129 | 33 |
| 34 | 70 under 80 | 184 | 13, 772 | 94 | 12 | 8,049 | 34 |
| 35 | 80 under 90 | 125 | 10, 561 | 63 | 8 | 6, 438 | 35 |
| 36 | 90 under 100 | 87 | 8,242 | 43 | 9 | 5, 183 | 36 |
| 37 | 100 under 150 | 254 | 30,556 | 129 | 19 | 20,643 | 37 |
| 38 | 150 under 200 | 71 | 11,922 | 36 | 4 | 8, 560 | 38 |
| 39 | 200 under 250 | 31 | 6,879 | 16 | 4 | 5,143 | 39 |
| 40 | 250 under 300 | 19 | 5, 182 | 10 | 3 | 4,033 | 40 |
| 41 | 300 under 400 | 26 | 8,774 | 14 | 2 | 6,996 | 41 |
| 42 | 400 under 500 | 8 | 3, 605 | 4 |  | 2,956 | 42 |
| 43 | 500 under 750 | 16 | 9,536 | 8 | 4 | 7, 884 | 43 |
| 44 | 750 under 1,000 | 5 | 4,210 | 3 |  | 3, 578 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 4 | 5, 145 | 2 |  | 4,380 | 45 |
| 46 | 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  |  |  | ----- | 46 |
| 47 | 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 49 |
| 50 | 5,000 and over------ |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| 51 | Total. | 5, 026, 773 | 6,686, 305 | 2, 517, 793 | 60,992 | 848, 263 | 51 |

[^4]Table 5.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, net income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and tax-Continued
[For deseription of items and elassifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. $22^{8}$.

Table 6.-Individual returns with net income and with no net income, 1942, by States and Territories: Amount of each specificd source of income and deduction, net income, and deficit
[For description of items and classifications, axd methods of tabulating and estimating data, sce pp. 5-11 and 17-23]
[Thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, sec pp. 228-229.

Table 6.-Individual returns with net income and with no net income, 1942, by States and Territorics: Amount of each specified source of income and deduction, net income, and deficit-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. $5-11$ and 17-23]

| [Thousands of dollars] |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sources of income-Continued |



For footnotes, sce pp. 228-229.

Table 6.-Individual returns with net income and with no net income, 1942, by States and Territories: Amount of each specificd source of income and deduction, net income, and deficit-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 17-23]
[Thousands of dollars]


For fooinotes, see pp. 228-229.

Table 6.-Individual returns with net income and with no net income, 1942, by States and Territories: Amount of each specified source of income and deduction, net income, and deficil-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 17-23]
[Thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 228-229.

Table 6.-Individual returns with net income and with no net income, 1942, by States and Territories: Amount of each specified source of income and deduction, net income, and deficit-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 17-23]
[Thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 228-229.

Table 6.-Individual returns with net income and with no net income, 1942, by States and Territories: Amount of each specified source of income and deduction, net income, and deficit-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods o tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 17-23]


For footnotes, see p. 228-229.

Table 6.-Individual returns with net income and with no net income, 1942, by States and Territories: Amount of each specified source of income and deduction, net income, and deficit-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 17-23]
[Thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 228-229.

Table 6.-Individual returns with net income and with no net income, 1942, by States and Territories: Amount of each specified source of income and deduction, net income, and deficit-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5 il and 17-23]
[Thousands of dollars]

| States and Territories(1) | Deductions-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Taxes paid ${ }^{35}$ |  | Losses from fire, storm, etc. ${ }^{35}{ }^{36}$ |  | Bad debts ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | Medical and den. tal experses ${ }^{37}$ |  |
|  | Returns with net income <br> (44) | Returns with no net income <br> (45) | Returns income (46) | Returns with no net income (47) | Returns income <br> (48) | Returns with no net income (49) | Returns income (50) | Returns with no net in(51) |
| Alabama | 12,570 | 139 | 1,139 | 182 | 1,201 | 231 | 3, 520 |  |
| Alaska- | 5,414 | 31 | $\begin{array}{r}380 \\ 525 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 99 293 | ${ }_{723}^{218}$ | 6 19 | 481 2.023 |  |
| Arkansas | 8,827 | 71 | 1,044 | 44 | 736 | 139 | 2,564 | 3 |
| California | 172, 143 | 3, 042 | 9, 481 | 1, 142 | 15,392 | 3,697 | 63, 513 | ${ }_{24}^{248}$ |
| Colorado- | 18,993 37,210 | ${ }_{255}^{167}$ | 1,029 | 239 30 | 2, 1 2,436 | 376 | $\begin{array}{r}4,713 \\ 10,887 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 94 108 |
| Delaware | 4,357 |  | 180 |  | 378 |  | 1,201 |  |
| District of | 15, 254 | 55 | 756 | 68 | 1,205 | 207 | 5,169 | 18 |
| Florida | 20, 346 | ${ }_{133}^{891}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,894 \\ 908 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{138}^{422}$ | 2,710 1,263 | ${ }_{97}^{496}$ | 7,413 | 107 |
| Georgia | 4,462 | 8 | 226 |  | +297 | 144 | , 504 |  |
| Idaho. | 3,428 | 32 | 413 | 76 | 391 | 34 | 1,064 | (2i) |
| Illinois | 144, 720 | 862 | 11, 218 |  | $\stackrel{13,117}{2}$ | 1,279 | 51, 464 |  |
| Indiana | -43, 601 | ${ }_{590}^{206}$ | - | ${ }_{76} 274$ |  | ${ }^{420} 8$ | 14.422 | 142 594 |
| Kansas | 24,010 | ${ }_{27}{ }^{2} 6$ | 1,442 | 323 | 2,018 | 132 | 5,809 | 94 |
| Kentucky | 21, 299 | ${ }_{326}^{272}$ | ${ }_{1}^{901}$ | ${ }_{300}^{134}$ | ${ }^{765}$ | $\begin{array}{r}31 \\ 420 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4,925 4.721 | ${ }_{11} 1$ |
| Maise.- | 11,009 | 326 145 | 1,618 | 300 20 | 3,033 | ${ }_{5}^{420}$ |  | 1 |
| M aryland | 37, 723 | 159 | 2,020 | 1,545 | 2,532 | 392 | 7,918 | 97 |
| M assachus | 101, 281 | 1,004 | 3,987 | 161 | 6, 280 | 510 | 32, 050 | 461 |
| Michigan- | 136,018 ${ }_{4}$ |  | 3.745 <br> 1,441 <br> 1 | 831 <br> 159 | 4, ${ }_{3}^{4,570}$ | ${ }_{270}$ | 25, ${ }_{\text {237 }}$ |  |
| Mississippi | 41,803 | 89 | 1,489 | 101 | , 868 | 103 | 2,654 |  |
| M issouri. | 56,082 | 619 | 2,238 | 714 | 4.169 | 435 | 12, 829 | 53 |
| Montana | 5.019 | 24 | 284 | 55 | 530 | 211 | 1,799 | $17 \overline{7}$ |
| Nevada. | 1,980 | 21 | 499 | 215 | 411 | 50 | ${ }^{1} 974$ |  |
| New Hampshir | 7,367 | 120 | 296 |  | 289 |  | 1. 990 | 1 |
| New Jersey | 163,235 <br> 2 <br> 89 | 1,357 | 5, 1944 | 307 20 | 7,112 ${ }_{241}$ | ${ }_{1}^{1,657}$ | 40, ${ }_{905}$ | 394 |
| New York | 363, 498 | 5,698 | 17.511 | 5,975 | 31, 970 | 12,372 | 128, 059 | 827 |
| North Carolina | 25,746 | 245 | 2, 206 | 267 | 1,781 | 109 | 7.361 |  |
| North Dakot | 5,671 | 15 | ${ }^{420}$ |  | 897 | 15 | 1,563 | ¢ī |
| Ohio Ok (ahoma | - $\begin{array}{r}134,011 \\ 24,457\end{array}$ | 571 428 |  | 149 | ${ }_{1}^{7,943}$ | 8 | 5,938 |  |
| Oregon | 24, 093 | 246 | 1,741 | 612 | 1,870 | 409 | 6,359 | 68 |
| Pennsylvania | 160, 672 | 1,908 | 7,808 | 963 | 12,002 | 1,769 | 48,561 | 52 |
| Rhode ISland | $\begin{array}{r}15,109 \\ 7,843 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 187 | -946 | 52 | -1,654 | 167 | - 2,930 | 24 |
| South Dakota | 4,398 | 19 | 286 |  | 280 | 2 | 1, 133 |  |
| Tennessee | 17,610 | 886 | 1, 1444 | 1,444 | 1,459 | ${ }_{922}^{191}$ | 5, 622 | 134 |
| Utah | -7, 899 | 1, ${ }^{266}$ | ${ }_{6}$ |  | ${ }_{410}$ | 68 | 1,877 |  |
| Vermont | 3,488 | 15 | 200 |  | 110 |  | 942 |  |
| Virginia | 26, ${ }_{29}{ }^{290}$ | 96 76 | ${ }_{66} 96$ | $\begin{array}{r}85 \\ 175 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,436 <br> 1,678 | $\begin{aligned} & 136 \\ & 1326 \end{aligned}$ | 6,638 8,270 | ${ }_{(21)} 182$ |
| West Virginia | 23,241 14,006 | 250 | 1,684 | 134 | ,625 | 23 | 4,039 |  |
| Wisconsin W yoming | $\begin{aligned} & 52,664 \\ & 52,192 \\ & 2,19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,292 \\ 12 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,083 \\ & 131 \end{aligned}$ | 403 1 | 4,466 331 | 414 2 | 13,842 1,180 | 201 |
| Total, individual returns, Form 1040 | 2,099, 568 | 27, 131 | 112,839 | 20, 291 | 162,649 | 31, 233 | 651, 255 | 5,126 |
| Individual returns, Form 1040A ${ }^{3}$ (sec basic table 11) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total. | 2,099, 568 | 27, 131 | 112,839 | 20, 291 | 162, 649 | 31, 233 | 651, 255 | 5,126 |

For footnotes, see pp. 228-229.

Table 6.-Individual returns with net income and with no net income, 1942, by States and Territories: Amount of each specified source of income and deduction, net income, and deficit-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp, 5-11 and 17-23]
[Thousands of dollars]

| States and Territories | Deductions-Continued |  |  |  | Net income on returns with net income <br> (56) | Deficit on returns with no net income <br> (57) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Other deductions ${ }^{38}$ |  | Total deductions |  |  |  |
|  | Returns with net income | Returns with no net income | Returns with net income | Returns with no net income |  |  |
|  | (52) | (53) | (54) | (55) |  |  |
| Alabama | 9,651 | 527 | 51, 045 | 3,392 | 418, 728 | 1,985 |
| Alaska | 850 | 50 | 3,758 | 402 | 60, 264 | 177 |
| Arizona | 5,113 | 421 | 22, 701 | 2,292 | 165, 978 | 1,667 |
| Arkansas | 9,466 | 601 | 35,703 | 1,844 | 269,078 | 1,095 |
| California | 114, 485 | 7,669 | 601, 311 | 34, 925 | 4, 131,005 | 15,340 |
| Colorado. | 8,870 | 684 | 53,724 | 3, 570 | 401,406 | 1,747 |
| Connecticut | 13,615 | 555 | 131,923 | 3,132 | 1, 172, 307 | 1,467 |
| Delaware | 4,065 | 2 | 21, 685 | ,96 | 154.406 | - 60 |
| District of Columb | 6,028 | 226 | 56, 779 | 1,646 | 474, 197 | 930 |
| Florida | 18,916 | 1,245 | 90, 509 | 7,040 | 574, 028 | 3,433 |
| Georgia | 11,070 | ${ }^{(21)} 483$ | 65, 939 | 2,246 | 501, 558 | 1, 162 |
| Hawaii | 1, 105 | ${ }^{(21)}$ | 11, 963 | 188 | 208, 635 | 163 |
| Idaho. | 2,729 | 104 | 13, 226 | 1,770 | 162, 250 | 925 |
| Illinois | 87, 850 | 1,981 | 548, 614 | 16,004 | 4,004, 089 | 8,997 |
| Indiana | 29,445 | 836 | 170, 252 | 5, 358 | 1, 373, 741 | 3, 531 |
| Iowa | 24,569 | 925 | 107, 775 | 7, 817 | -972,920 | 4,700 |
| Kansas | 19,852 | 1,567 | 83, 235 | 7,620 | 653, 766 | 4,910 |
| Kentucky | 9, 202 | 477 | 69, 308 | 3,544 | 534, 273 | 2,000 |
| Louisiana | 16,308 | 1,770 | 71, 343 | 6, 866 | 460,360 | 3,736 |
| Maine | 4,277 | , 529 | 34,001 | 2, 092 | 263, 737 | 1,193 |
| Maryland | 14, 109 | 1, 503 | 119,287 | 6, 042 | 1, 013, 404 | 3,571 |
| Massachusetts | 36,546 | 1,596 | 317, 096 | 9,185 | 2, 054, 503 | 4,624 |
| Michigan. | 40, 071 | 1,198 | 360, 066 | 10, 452 | 3,221, 228 | 4,009 |
| Minnesota. | 17,878 | 1,051 | 128, 428 | 5, 539 | 983, 084 | 3,244 |
| Mississippi | 9,170 | 1,072 | 34, 510 | 3, 124 | 234, 241 | 1,737 |
| Missouri. | 26,645 | 1,305 | 181, 754 | 7,626 | 1,304, 105 | 4,437 |
| Montana | 4,273 | 749 | 18, 013 | 2, 162 | 208,799 | 1,227 |
| Nebraska | 10,981 | 976 | 46,516 | 3, 533 | 447, 660 | 1,887 |
| Nevada | 2,953 | 90 | 10, 623 | 1,277 | 84, 283 | 741 |
| New Hampshire | 2,951 | 179 | 22, 141 | 1,924 | 158, 584 | 1,182 |
| New Jersey .-.. | 55, 734 | 3,290 | 377, 049 | 15,258 | 2, 400, 021 | 7,833 |
| New Mexico | 2,666 | 276 | 11, 187 | 1,643 | 111, 378 | 1,154 |
| New York. | 165, 791 | 21,078 | 1,260,015 | 95.955 | 7, 551, 119 | 52, 182 |
| North Carolina | 19,418 | 305 | 94,705 | 1,816 | 566, 364 | 769 |
| North Dakota | 4,676 | 142 | 19, 653 | 1,448 | 187, 041 | 305 |
| Ohio | 44,556 | 2,012 | 415, 390 | 9, 664 | 3,446, 608 | 4,884 |
| Oklahoma | 23, 186 | 1, 446 | 86, 640 | 5, 511 | 478, 372 | 3, 431 |
| Oregon | 14, 136 | 894 | 76,892 | 4, 849 | 618, 706 | 2,647 |
| Pennsylvania | 75,415 | 3,277 | 566, 316 | 22, 551 | 4,057,387 | 10,808 |
| Rhode Island | 6,899 | 337 | 52,219 | 2,087 | 361, 277 | 1,025 |
| South Carolina | 8,857 | 496 | 37, 718 | 1,960 | 273, 827 | 1,049 |
| South Dakota | 2, 637 12,615 | 34 816 | 14, 085 | 1,088 | 167,726 | . 887 |
| Texas | 65, 612 | 816 5,789 | 73,606 267,891 | 6,312 23,504 | 560,697 $1,801,512$ | 2,491 11,969 |
| Utah | 3,508 | 5,404 | 26,694 | ${ }^{803}$ | 1, 204, 536 | -336 |
| Vermont | 1,927 | 96 | 12,014 | 741 | 95, 038 | 515 |
| Virginia | 9, 084 | 513 | 93, 727 | 1,750 | 757, 218 | 752 |
| Washing ton | 12, 822 | 345 | 81, 440 | 2,697 | 920, 538 | 1,720 |
| West Virginia | 7,864 | 1,632 | 47,900 | 4, 509 | 360, 022 | 2,438 |
| Wisconsin | 30,745 | 2,695 | 177,565 | 12,889 | 1, 189, 154 | 5, 105 |
| Wyoming | 2,086 | 445 | 10,454 | 1, 340 | -98,596 | 520 |
| Total, individual returns, Form 1040 <br> Individual returns, Form 1040A (see basic table 11). | 1,132, 685 | 76,690 | 7,286, 389 | 380,084 | $52,873,755$ $25,715,974$ | 198,598 |
| Grand total. | 1,132, 685 | 76,690 | 7, 286, 389 | 380, 084 | 78, 589, 729 | 198, 598. |

For footnotes, see pp. 228-229.
TABLe 7.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by net income classes, [-11 and 17-23]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]



Table 7．－Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns，with net income，1942，by taxable and nontaxable returns and by net income classes；
［For description of items and classifications，and methods of tabulating and estimating data，see pp．5－11 and 17－23］

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Table 7.-Individual returns and laxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by net income classes; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income: Number of returns, amount of each specified source of income and deduction, and net income or deficit-Continued.
[For deseripition of items and classifcations, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 17-23]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

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 net income or deficit-Continued.
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 17-23]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars.]


TABLe 7－A．—Individual returns with net income，1942，by taxable and nontaxable returns and by net income classes；also aggregate for individual income：Number of returns，amount of each specified source of income and deduction，and net income or deficit ［For description of items and classifications，and methods of tabulating and estimating data，see pp．5－11 and 17－23］
［Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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| 若 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  <br>  <br>  |
|  |  |  | E |  |


TAble 7－A．－Individual returns with net income，1942，by taxable and nontaxable returns and by net income classes；also aggregatc for individual ［For description of items and classifications，and methods of tabulating and estimating data，see pp．5－11 and 17－23］
［Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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|  <br>  バーiテiriries $\bar{\Xi} \overline{\mathrm{E}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Y } \\ & 0 \\ & \infty \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline 0 & 0 \\ \hdashline & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
|  － 0 me <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 2 \\ & n \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | ！ |  <br>  ค ーデー | $\begin{array}{ll} \stackrel{y}{c} & 8 \\ \infty & 0 \\ \infty \end{array}$ |  |  |
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|  Nㅓㄱ్ N8\％ <br>  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} N \\ \hline \\ 0 \\ \\ \text { n } \end{array}\right\|$ | ！ |  <br>  мनiनiniti |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty 8 \\ & \infty+8 \\ & 0_{\infty}^{\circ} 0^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
|  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & \infty \\ & \cdots \\ & \cdots \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ¢ |  <br>  § | $\begin{array}{ll} \infty \\ \\ \text { N్ర } \\ \text { Nิ } & \end{array}$ |  |  |
|  | Total，taxable individual returns． |  |  <br>  <br>  <br>  |  |  |  |

Table 7-A.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by net income classes; also aggregate for individual
 and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 17-23]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]



Table 7-B.-Taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 1942, by net income classes: income, amount distributable to beneficiaries,
[For description of items and classifications, and
[Net income classes and money

|  | Net income classes | Number of returns <br> (2) | Sources of income |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Dividends from domestic and foreign согрогяtions ${ }^{22}$ | Interest ${ }^{28}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Bank deposits, notes, mortgages, corporation bonds <br> (4) | Government obligations |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Partially tax-exempt 24 (subject to surtax only) | Taxable ${ }^{25}$ (subject to normal tax and surtax) |
|  |  |  |  |  | (5) | (6) |
|  | Taxable fiduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Under 0.5 | 20,612 | 32, 640 | 16,290 | 2, 089 | 1,472 |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75------------------------------- | 11, 126 | 11,925 | 5,324 | 624 | 443 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1. | 7,591 | 8,536 | 3, 810 | 4.55 | 303 |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 | 5,637 | 7,956 | 3, 073 | 437 | 234 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 4,232 | 6,166 | 2,390 | 326 | 192 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75------------------------ | 3,398 | 5. 903 | 2,049 | 315 | 159 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2. | 2, 763 | 5,194 | 1,708 | 208 | 139 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 2,222 | 4,771 | 1,706 | 242 | 105 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 1,862 | 4,154 | 1,358 | 144 | 99 |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 1,661 | 3,936 | 1,130 | 121 | 84 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3. | 1,423 | 4, 170 | 1,009 | 130 | 67 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 | 2,325 | 7,013 | 1,885 | 291 | 153 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 1,943 | 6,700 | 1,904 | 194 | 111 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 1,427 | 5, 203 | 1,313 | 180 | 88 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 1,253 | 8,477 | 1,257 | 213 | 85 |
| 16 | 5 under 6. | 2,054 | 9,966 | 1,956 | 281 | 126 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | 1,499 | 7,934 | 1, 461 | 214 | 108 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 | 1,171 | 6, 889 | 1,474 | 404 | 87 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 939 | 6, 468 | 1,091 | 144 | 93 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 674 | 5,150 | 748 | 130 | 67 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 602 | 5. 221 | 919 | 136 | 64 |
| 22 | 11 under 12. | 492 | 3,996 | 688 | 51 | 64 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 449 | 4,774 | 602 | 104 | 85 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 351 | 3, 901 | 723 | 91 | 47 |
| 25 | 14 under 15-...------------------------------ | 292 | 3. 110 | 440 | 122 | 45 |
| 26 |  | 1,090 | 18, 526 | 1,741 | 412 | 170 |
| 27 | 20 under 25. | 668 | 10, 836 | 1,579 | 382 | 134 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 410 | 8, 988 | 1834 | 123 | 81 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 486 | 12,600 | 1,593 | 246 | 94 |
| 30 |  | 266 | 7,978 | 1, 157 | 278 | 46 |
| 31 |  | 141 | 4,887 | 405 | 66 | 34 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 85 | 5,907 | 210 | 35 | 15 |
| 33 | 70 under 80. | 80 | 4,904 | 590 | 20 | 29 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 39 | 4.578 | 174 | 11 | 9 |
| 35 |  | 32 | 2,506 | 305 | 17 | 7 |
| 36 |  | 101 | 8, 613 | 799 | 79 | 36 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 30 | 3, 071 | 186 | 2 | 20 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 13 | 2,027 | 14 | 6 |  |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 11 | 2, 634 | 28 | 6 | - 4 |
| 40 |  | 13 | 3, 260 | 38 | 9 | 18 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 5 | 1,194 | 10 | 1 |  |
| 42 | 500 under 750.- | 12 | 1,855 | 2 | (1) 17 | (31) 4 |
| 43 | 750 inder 1,000 $\ldots$-- | 1 | 16 | 1 | (11) | (21) |
| 44 45 | 1,000 under 1,500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45 46 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46 <br> 47 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 1 | 6,015 |  |  | 6 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49 | 5,000 and over....... |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80 |  | 81,483 | 290,546 | 66,001 | 9,360 | 5,233 |

For footnotes, sce pp. 228-229.

## Number of returns, amount of each specified source of income and deduction, balance and net income taxable to the fiduciary

method of tabulating data, see pp, 5, 8-10, and 17-24]
figures in thousands of dollars]


Table 7-B.-Taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 1942, by net income classes: income, amount distributable to beneficiaries,
[For description of items and classifications, and
[Net income classes and money


For footnotes, sce pp. 228-229.

Number of returns, amount of each specified source of income and deduction, balance and net income taxable to the fiduciary-Continued
rethods of tabulating data, see pp. 5, 8-10, and 17-24]
figures in thousands of dollars]

Table 8.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and total tax
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]


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| ¢0¢\％Omの | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \% } \\ & \underset{\circ}{\infty} \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \check{\circ} \\ & \text { m } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & \text { n } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \end{aligned}$ |  | $\vdots$ |
| $\begin{array}{l:l:l} N & \infty \\ \infty & 0 & 0 \\ \infty & 0 & 0 \\ \infty & 0_{0}^{-0} \\ \hline N \end{array}$ | $\bullet$ $\rightrightarrows$ $\infty$ $\infty$ |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 00 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 華 } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { ल゙ } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{3} \\ & \underset{\sim}{4} \end{aligned}$ |
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Table 8.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and total tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]

|  | Net income classes(Thousands of dollars) | Alabama-Continued |  |  | Alaska-Continued |  |  | Arizona-Continued |  |  | Arkansas-Continued |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \operatorname{tax}^{1} \end{aligned}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Num. ber of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \operatorname{tax}^{1} \end{gathered}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{\text {? }}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| 69 | Nontaxble individual returnsContinued. <br> With no net income, Form 1010 (est.). 4 | 1,697 | 12 \$1, 985, 329 |  | 153 | 12 \$176, 716 |  | - 872 | ${ }^{12}$ \$1, 667, 170 | $\because$ | 1,124 | ${ }^{12}$ \$1, 094, 912 |  | 69 |
| 70 | Total, nontaxable iudividual returns (68+69). | 137, 064 | ${ }^{13} 195,440,287$ |  | 5,067 | ${ }^{13} 6,404,359$ | ---- | 34,410 | ${ }^{13} 44,871,966$ |  | 77, 739 | ${ }^{13} 101,371,776$ |  | 70 |
| 71 | Grand total, individual returns $(51+70$ or $72+73)$ | 386, 073 | ${ }^{13} 803,551,636$ | \$76, 833, 389 | 39,292 | ${ }^{13} 100,284,475$ | \$13,255,514 | 133, 333 | ${ }^{13} 281,921,029$ | \$31,323,794 | $187,460$ | ${ }^{13} 380,727,467$ | \$38,138,474 | 71 |
| 72 | Individual returns with net income ( $51+68$ ). | 384, 376 | 805, 536, 965 | 76, 833, 389 | 39,139 | 100, 461, 191 | 13, 255, 514 | 132, 461 | 283, 588, 199 | 31, 323, 794 | 186, 336 | 381, 822, 379 | 38, 138, 474 | 72 |
| 73 | Individual returns with no net income (est.). ${ }^{4}$ | 1,697 | ${ }^{12} 1,985,329$ |  | 153 | ${ }^{12} 176,716$ |  | 872 | ${ }^{12} 1,667,170$ |  | 1,124 | ${ }^{12} 1,094,912$ |  | 73 |
| 74 | Taxable fiduciary returns with net income. ${ }^{2}$ | 484 | 1, 843, 233 | 523, 106 | 20 | 54, 725 | 11, 015 | 186 | 491, 016 | 104, 187 | 295 | 1,329, 320 | 380, 678 | 74 |
| 75 | Total, individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, ${ }^{2}$ with net income $(72+74)$. | 384, 860 | 807, 380, 198 | 77, 356, 495 | 39,159 | 100, 515, 916 | 13, 266, 529 | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 132,647 \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ | 284, 079, 215 | 31, 427, 981 | 186, 631 | 383, 151, 699 | 38, 519, 152 | 75 |



| Net income classes(Thousands of dollars) | California |  |  | Colorado |  |  | Connecticut |  |  | Delaware |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Num* ber of returns | Net income ${ }^{\text {? }}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| Taxable individual returns with net income: Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1, 009, 472 | \$1, 756, 920, 292 | \$145, 311, 604 | 77,004 | \$124, 269, 204 | \$8, 891, 971 | 322, 726 | \$570, 248, 281 | \$49, 285, 216 | 35, 427 | \$62, 250, 858 | \$4, 996, 872 |  |
| Under 0.5 (est).. | 2, 851 | 827, 656 | 94, 638 | 467 | 119, 678 | 19,888 | 1,342 | 424, 667 | 74, 816 | 462 | 120, 549 | 18,881 |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 49,487 | 31, 320, 047 | 1,222, 075 | 6, 239 | 3,967, 433 | 155, 463 | 7,242 | 4, 685, 123 | 276, 201 | 1,687 | 1,022,641 | 38, 400 |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 54, 350 | 47, 599, 152 | 3, 441, 867 | 7,051 | 6, 171,357 | 467, 211 | 11,792 | 10, 359,984 | 926. 067 | 1,225 | 1,076, 486 | 88, 575 |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 59, 616 | 67, 433, 663 | 5, 596, 793 | 6, 496 | 7, 352, 990 | 665, 555 | 13,046 | 14, 697, 191 | 1,397, 556 | 1,786 | 2, 075,054 | 165, 459 |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) -- | 89,813 121,017 | $123,605,072$ $198,622,117$ | $\begin{array}{r}7,717,035 \\ 13,913 \\ \hline 85\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}9,845 \\ \hline 11\end{array}$ | 13, 606, 921 | 824, 240 | 17,150 | 23, 674,062 | 1, 919, 640 | 2,288 | 3, 164, 605 | 217, 404 |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 under 2 (est.).)-- | 121,017 157,601 | $198,622,117$ $296,651,391$ | $13,913,885$ $22,361,735$ | 11,981 13,165 | $19,545,031$ $24,666,037$ | 1, 220,757 | 19,085 22 2150 | 31, 153, 404 | 2, 418, 504 | 2,988 | 4, 868, 919 | 282, 511 | 7 |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 166, 897 | 354, 891,638 | 27, 636, 258 | 11, 145 | 23, 639,846 | 1,670,519 | $\xrightarrow{22,350}$ | 45, 730,934 | $3,171,533$ $3,471,242$ | 2,926 2,568 | 5, 543, 549 $5,431,194$ | 305,438 391,853 |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 147, 759 | 350, 277, 024 | 28, 993, 866 | 10,329 | 24, 530, 870 | 1,923,557 | 20,096 | 47, 672, 130 | 3,683, 412 | 2, 668 | 6, 328, 765 | 497, 495 | 10 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 107, 092 | 280, 703, 492 | 24, 050, 986 | 8,462 | 22, 246, 639 | 1, 929, 443 | 18,188 | 47, 732, 491 | 4,167, 279 | 2, 305 | 6, 027, 122 | 479, 738 | 11 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 102, 680 | 295, 355, 823 | 28, 109, 850 | 7,640 | 21, 940, 110 | 2, 104, 833 | 21,630 | 62,569, 918 | 6, 097, 885 | 2, 467 | 7, 100, 455 | 666, 945 | 12 |
| 3 under 3.5 (est.) | 139,559 | 448, 670,083 | 46, 961, 012 | 10,585 | 34, 066, 114 | 3, 512, 765 | 48, 808 | 157, 786, 294 | 17, 175, 791 | 5, 055 | 16, 309, 608 | 1,697, 052 | 13 |
| 3.5 under 4 (est.) | 58,103 | 215, 807, 045 | 25, 637, 880 | 5, 811 | 21, 626, 434 | 2, 544, 595 | 32,832 | 122, 557, 997 | 14, 485, 461 | 2, 180 | 8, 087, 212 | 947, 278 | 14 |
| 4 under 4.5 (est.) | 24, 402 | 102, 787, 617 | 14, 333, 389 | 3, 316 | 14, 019, 170 | 1, 841, 670 | 21,277 | 89,940, 308 | 11, 662, 235 | 1,579 | 6, 704, 092 | 823, 664 | 15 |
| 4.5 under 5 (est.) | 14, 634 | 69, 168, 600 | 10, 690, 281 | 2, 125 | 10, 076, 661 | 1, 389, 087 | 12, 253 | 57, 746, 043 | 7, 968, 234 | 1,064 | 5, 067,342 | 721,335 | 16 |
| 5 under 6. <br> 6 under 7 | 21,174 13,236 | $115,550,922$ $85,598,494$ | 19, 803, <br> $15,971,122$ <br> 12 | 2, 1,544 1,540 | $13,905,897$ $9,932,172$ | 2, 050, 301 $1,624,654$ | 9,219 4 4 570 | $50,071,796$ $29,515,828$ | $7,319,844$ $4,823,793$ | 1,021 | 5, 571, 932 | 821, 232 | 17 |
| 7 under 8 | 9, 234 | 68, 973, 357 | 13, 746,719 | 1,010 | 7, 563, 395 | 1,348,523 | 2,932 | 21, 897, 998 | 3,904, 060 | ${ }_{38 \text { ¢ }}$ | $3,686,592$ $2,856,592$ | 599, 5049 | 18 |
| 8 under 9 | 6,487 | 54, 987, 758 | 11, 639, 240 | 741 | 6, 279, 042 | 1, 201, 332 | 1,996 | 16,924, 146 | 3, 240, 824 | 304 | 2, 577, 745 | 490, 361 | 19 |
| 9 under 10 | 5, 086 | 48, 201, 586 | 10,769, 784 | 629 | 5, 958, 402 | 1, 221,490 | 1,551 | 14,713, 359 | 3, 007, 502 | 204 | 1,935, 903 | 395, 601 | 21 |
| 10 under 11 | 3, 977 | 41, 676, 246 | 9, 763, 830 | 450 | 4, 701, 213 | 1, 019,001 | 1,154 | 12, 113, 864 | 2, 624,921 | 194 | 2, 036, 104 | 437, 961 | 22 |
| 11 under 12 12 under 13 | 3,186 2,640 | $36,542,343$ <br> 32,917 <br> 544 | $8,960,719$ 8410 | 340 | 3, 906, 915 | 889, 954 | 940 | 10, 788, 329 | 2, 450, 017 | 156 | 1,786, 999 | 407, 152 | 23 |
| 12 under 13 <br> 13 under 14 | 2,640 2,205 | $32,917,544$ $29,759,703$ | $8,410,773$ $7,922,198$ | ${ }_{231}^{253}$ | 3, 152, 504 | 756,476 777,454 | 767 658 | $9,590,389$ $8,883,199$ | $2,308,817$ $2,216,479$ | 131 107 1 | 1,631, 164 | 386,353 359 | 24 25 |
| 14 under 15 | 1,819 | 26, 331, 567 | 7, 287, 531 | 183 | - $2,649,371$ | 726, 502 | 658 555 | 8,883, 199 | $2,216,479$ $2,094,263$ | 107 97 | 1,445, 319 | 359,201 | 25 |
| 15 under 20 | 5,865 | 100, 941, 826 | 30, 894, 794 | 566 | 9,699, 490 | 2, 814,684 | 1,853 | 31, 873, 598 | $9,292,332$ | 284 | 1, 400, 41926 | 1, 436, 216 | ${ }_{27}^{26}$ |
| 20 under 25 | 3, 036 | 67, 586, 383 | 23, 903, 283 | 327 | 7,263,323 | 2, 463, 689 | 993 | 22,144, 529 | 7,557, 491 | 160 | 3, 603,950 | 1, 241, 102 | 28 |
| 25 under 30 | 1, 806 | 49, 389, 313 | 19, 471, 115 | 178 | 4, 892, 915 | 1, 870, 372 | 592 | 16, 131, 435 | 6, 182, 251 | 110 | 2, 994, 814 | 1, 148, 842 | 28 |
| 30 under 40 | 1,995 | 68, 581, 783 | 30, 009, 069 | 170 | 5, 907, 964 | 2, 550, 797 | 689 | 23, 622, 126 | 10, 161, 906 | 94 | 3, 238, 723 | 1, 395, 668 | 30 |
| 40 under 50 | 1,081 | 48,039, 335 | 23, 361, 865 | 83 | 3, 680, 371 | 1, 762, 036 | 380 | 16,938, 196 | 8,132,054 | 60 | 2, 666, 498 | 1, 277,447 | 31 |
| 50 under 60 | 618 | 33, 666, 990 | 17,580,686 | 58 | 3, 172, 731 | 1,652,991 | 238 | 12, 989,027 | 6,751,423 | 38 | 2, 055,375 | $1,068,674$ | 32 |

Table 8.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; also aggregates for individual TABETurns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]


| W8ㅏㅇ우어엉 | $\ddot{\circ}$ | R | $E$ | ก | E | た |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\\| \begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \hline \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} n \\ 0 \\ \text { ion } \\ \text { on } \\ m \end{array}\right.$ |  |
|  ゆisisition － |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{8}{0} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 . \\ & 0.0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \infty \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ | $\\| \begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { n } \\ & \text { n } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\stackrel{\stackrel{\circ}{-1}}{\stackrel{\infty}{\text { స }}} \stackrel{\infty}{=}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { İ } \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & 08 \\ & \text { 今 } \end{aligned}$ | \|ll | 용 | $\\| \begin{aligned} & \\| \\ & 0 \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { むे } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\left[\begin{array}{l} 18 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 100 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 0 \end{array}\right.$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}\right.$ |
|  <br>  <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { N } \\ \text { N } \\ \text { N } \\ \text { N } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { s } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { E } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 良 |  |
|  |  |  | $\\| \begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | \|l |  |
| 쯍영 $్=0$ <br>  เ゙ジงデ | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline 8 & \text { N } \\ 0 & \text { N } \\ 0 & \text { N } \\ 0 & N \\ 0 & \vdots \\ 0 & = \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}\right.$ |
|  ๗゙ゥ゙ー | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll} \infty & \text { N } \\ \infty & 8 \\ \infty & \text { N } \\ \infty & \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \stackrel{\infty}{\sim} \\ & \sim \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | 8 |  |
| ： $1: \quad\|\quad\| \quad:$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { ed } \\ & i \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  ๕itigioiditi <br>  $\qquad$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 10 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\\| \begin{gathered} 0 \\ \text { H } \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  <br>  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { O } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  | \％ |  |

1.5 under 1.75 （est．）．
1.75 under 2 （est．）．－
2 under 2.25 （est．）．－－
2.25 under 2.5 （est．）．
2.5 under 2.75 （est．）．
2.75 under 3 （est．）．－
3 under 3.5 （est．）
3.5 under 4 （est．）．－－
4 under 4.5 （est．）
4.5 under 5 （est．） Total，nontaxable
individual re－ individual re－
turns with net With no net income，
Form 1040 （est．）4． Total，nontaxable individual re－
turns $(68+69)$ ． Grand total，in－
dividual re－ dividual re－
turns $(51+70$
or $72+73)$ ． or $72+73$ ）．

势 Individual returns with
 Total，individual returns
and taxable fiduciary returns，${ }^{2}$ with net in－
come $(72+74)$ ．

For footnotes，see p． 228.
Table 8．－Individual returns with net income，1942，by taxable and nontaxable returns，and by net income classes；also aggrcgates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income，by States and Territories：Number of returns，net income or
［For description of items and classifications，and methods of tabulating and estimating data，see pp．5－11］

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|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \text { \# } \\ & \text { O } \\ & . \sharp \\ & . \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{4} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  <br>  |
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Table 8.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]

|  | Net income classes (Thousands of dollars) | District of Columbia-Continued |  |  | Florida-Continued |  |  | Qeorgia-Continued |  |  | Hawaii-Continued |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Num. ber of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ |  | Net ineome ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| 69 | Nontaxable individual re-turns-Continued With no net income, Form 1040 (est.). 4 | 561 | 12 \$929, 968 |  | 3,854 | 12 \$3, 433, 238 |  | 1,484 | 12 \$1, 161, 949 |  | 83 | 12 \$63, 244 |  | 69 |
| 70 | Total, nontaxable individual returns ( $68+69$ ). | 52, 970 | ${ }^{13} 67,424.968$ |  | 134, 058 | ${ }^{13} 163,995,195$ |  | 141, 071 | ${ }^{13} 188,660,542$ |  | 25,709 | ${ }^{13} 43,333,118$ | --------..- | 70 |
| 71 | Grand total, individual returns $(51+70$ or $72+73)$. | 363, 482 | ${ }^{12} 801,889,417$ | \$105, 635, 485 | 408, 818 | ${ }^{13} 864,392,428$ | \$104,924,727 | 416, 531 | ${ }^{13} 874,721,411$ | \$99, 803, 694 | 164,368 | $13417,519,152$ | \$50, 259, 957 | 71 |
| 72 73 | Individual returns with net income $(51+68)$. Individual returns with no net income (est.). | 362,921 561 | $802,819,385$ 12929,968 | \$105, 635, 485 | $\begin{array}{r} 404,964 \\ 3,854 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 867,825,666 \\ & { }^{2} 23,433,238 \end{aligned}$ | \$104,924,727 | $\begin{array}{r} 415,047 \\ 1,484 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 875,883,360 \\ & 121,161,949 \end{aligned}$ | \$99, 803,694 | $\begin{array}{r} 164,285 \\ 83 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 417,582,396 \\ 1263,244 \end{array}$ | \$50, 259, 957 | 72 73 |
| 74 | Taxable fiduciary returns with net income. ${ }^{2}$ | 716 | 2,421,565 | 863, 504 | 1,072 | 5, 115, 261 | 1,780,927 | 727 | 3, 066,657 | 1,020,852 | 298 | 2, 373,137 | 1,032,063 | 74 |
| 75 | Total, individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns. ${ }^{2}$ with net income $(72+74)$. | 363,637 | 805, 240, 950 | 106, 498, 989 | 406,036 | 872, 940,927 | 106.705.654 | 415, 774 | 878, 950, 017 | 100, 824, 546 | 164, 583 | 419, 955, 533 | 51.292, 020 | 75 |

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|  | Idaho |  |  | Illinois |  |  | Indiana |  |  | Iowa |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| （Thousands of dollars） | Num－ ber of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Num－ ber of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ |
| Taxable individual returns with net income： <br> Form 1040A（est．）${ }^{3}$－ | 33， 216 | \＄57，956， 103 | \＄4，539， 655 | 928， 204 | \＄1，485，776， 533 | \＄102，696， 138 | 294，427 | \＄474，870， 158 | \＄28，545， 297 | ， 940 | \＄1 |  |
| Form 1040： |  |  |  | 7， 135 | 2，130， 978 | 341，066 | 2，512 | 663， 362 | 113， 398 | 970 | 310， 157 | 45，622 |
| $0.5 \text { under } 0.75$ | 2，088 | 1，319， 287 | 47，905 | 57， 235 | 36，277， 241 | 1，696， 767 | 20，478 | 12，796，093 | 565， 654 | 17，677 | 11，206， 521 | 413， 023 |
| 0.75 under 1 （est．）－ | 2，766 | 2，429， 772 | 173， 190 | 54， 070 | 47，210， 754 | 3，721， 784 | 18，422 | 16，150， 029 | 1，239， 200 | 17，916 | 15，613， 137 | 1，170， 780 |
| 1 under 1.25 （est．）－ | 2， 128 | 2，395， 534 | 175， 498 | 57， 882 | 65，826， 979 | 5，278， 357 | 20，316 | $23,394,560$ | 1，707， 794 | 17， 424 | 19，769， 761 | 1，621，677 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1.25 \text { under } 1.5 \\ & \text { (est.). } \end{aligned}$ | 3， 738 | 5，169， 190 | 300，655 | 92， 751 | 127，511， 081 | 7，320，000 | 34， 138 | 46，641， 081 | 2，401， 362 | 26，858 | 37，060， 975 | 1，931， 067 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \text { under } 1.75 \\ & \text { (est.) } \end{aligned}$ | 5，393 | 8，830， 801 | 603， 885 | 107，972 | 175，985， 545 | 9，349， 965 | 41，246 | 67，202，374 | 3，395， 992 | 31，618 | 51，516， 132 | 2，810，994 |
| 1.75 under 2 （est．）－ | 6，373 | 11，918， 468 | 1，043， 743 | 121， 163 | 227，370， 285 | 12，458， 838 | 46， 420 | 87，407， 098 | 4，657， 823 | 31， 634 | 59，286， 444 | 3，710， 869 |
| 2 under 2.25 （est．）－ | 5，740 | 12，148， 577 | ，936，958 | 121， 434 | 257，654， 089 | 15，359， 877 | 46，629 | 98，951， 650 | 6，140， 366 | 28， 787 | 61，041， 473 | 4，113， 826 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2.25 \text { under } 2.5 \\ & \text { (est.). } \end{aligned}$ | 4，775 | 11，289， 791 | 1，006， 928 | 108， 410 | 256，779， 755 | 17，301， 235 | 39，439 | 93，403， 003 | 6，126， 596 | 26，033 | 61，842， 387 | 4，606， 512 |
| ```2.5 under 2.75``` | 3，680 | 9，617， 148 | 914， 886 | 87， 105 | 228，327， 662 | 16，847， 238 | 32，609 | 85，369， 626 | 6，497， 886 | 19，549 | 51，187， 602 | 4，139， 945 |
| 2.75 under 3 （est．）－ | 3，945 | 11，400， 014 | 1，194， 062 | 80， 288 | 230，755， 396 | 19，158， 271 | 29，635 | 85，182， 098 | 7，090， 629 | 17，940 | 51，479， 887 | 4，508， 625 |
| 3 under 3.5 （est．）． | 4，894 | 15，700， 751 | 1，643， 665 | 118， 109 | 380，994， 385 | 36，050， 439 | 46， 131 | 148，561， 623 | 13，672， 138 | 24， 439 | $79,008,005$ | 7，658， 082 |
| 3.5 under 4 （est．）－ | 1，933 | 7，207， 918 | 916， 137 | 65， 551 | 244，094， 934 | 26，547，005 | 24，594 | 91，241， 491 | 9，723， 130 | 15， 127 | $56,658,750$ | 6，307， 139 |
| 4 under 4.5 （est．）－ | 896 | 3，830， 453 | 591， 270 | 36， 313 | 153，080， 972 | 18，673， 265 | 12， 133 | 51，308， 980 | 6，293， 390 | 9， 488 | 40，370， 581 | 4，925， 220 |
| 4.5 under 5 （est．）． | 600 | 2，859， 278 | 457， 790 | 24， 963 | 117，827， 367 | 15，378， 458 | 8， 083 | 38，142， 560 | 5，088， 756 | 7， 075 | 33，587， 778 | 4，428， 168 |
| 5 under 6－－－－－－－ | 798 | 4，363， 902 | 754， 413 | 24，681 | 134，416， 171 | 19，801， 949 | 7， 165 | 38，985， 355 | 5，676， 096 | 6， 444 | $35,157,425$ | 5，069， 465 |
| 6 under 7－－－－－－－－－ | 459 | 2，952， 091 | 553， 455 | 14，348 | 92，769，522 | 15，164， 725 | 3， 903 | 25，219， 393 | 4，104， 689 | 3， 582 | 23，131， 975 | 3，724， 634 |
| 7 under 8 | 302 | 2，255， 490 | 454， 488 | 9，907 | 73，958， 054 | 13，124， 372 | 2，529 | 18，872， 101 | 3，333， 018 | 2， 409 | 17，974， 325 | 3，153， 342 |
| 8 under 9 | 227 | 1，916， 276 | 404， 265 | 7，245 | 61，445， 887 | 11，735， 406 | 1，732 | 14，675， 684 | 2，791， 027 | 1，481 | 12，548， 663 | 2，365， 655 |
| 9 under 10 | 185 | 1，755， 411 | 388， 340 | 5，524 | 52，353， 738 | 10，630， 027 | 1，404 | 13，296， 458 | 2，689， 821 | 1，031 | 9，769， 692 | 1，988， 552 |
| 10 under 11－－－－－－－ | 141 | 1，483， 409 | 347， 577 | 4，262 | 44，696， 385 | 9，629， 012 | 1， 112 | 11，658， 246 | 2，506， 201 | 759 | 7，950， 314 | 1，692， 658 |
| 11 under 12－－－－－－－－ | 112 | 1，281， 054 | 314， 857 | 3，432 | 39，418， 604 | 8，942，094 | 912 | 10，483， 264 | 2，365， 765 | 574 | 6，586， 383 | 1，497， 132 |
| 12 under 13 | 49 | 614，245 | 158， 957 | 2， 652 | $33,108,056$ | 7，919，046 | 702 | 8，763， 361 | 2，084， 262 | 444 | 5，560， 854 | 1，316， 712 |
| 13 under 14 | 39 | 523， 479 | 142， 788 | 2，335 | 31，524， 825 | 7，841，935 | 571 | 7，690， 608 | 1，919， 275 | 320 | 4，245， 015 | 1，061， 234 |
| 14 under 15 | 57 | 824，580 | 230，926 | 2， 005 | 29，059， 363 | 7，547， 512 | 464 | 6，730， 817 | 1，743， 247 | 250 | 3，623， 027 | 936， 283 |
| 15 under $20 . .-$－－－－ | 130 | 2，240， 072 | 687， 126 | 6，359 | 109，654， 209 | 31，885， 069 | 1，576 | 27，135， 712 | 7，873， 966 | 862 | 14，743， 284 | 4，267， 789 |
| 20 under 25 | 56 | 1，259， 760 | 450， 388 | 3，389 | 75，512， 205 | 25，663， 105 | 771 | 17，139， 847 | 5，796， 694 | 415 | 9，250， 642 | 3，153， 646 |
| 25 under 30 | 53 | 1，439， 200 | 567， 941 | 2， 080 | 56，923， 012 | 21，792， 076 | 431 | 11，725， 162 | 4，474， 385 | 204 | 5，574， 399 | 2，136， 089 |
| 30 under 40 | 35 | 1，206， 602 | 532， 785 | 2，258 | 77，710，635 | 33，328， 835 | 506 | 17，271， 222 | 7，379， 932 | 206 | 7，124，975 | 3，077， 904 |
| 40 under 50．．．．－－－－ | 21 | 957，977 | 475， 318 | 1，148 | 51，254， 950 | 24，618， 413 | 231 | 10，372， 122 | 4，997， 778 | 89 | 3，997， 486 | 1，917， 167 |

TAble 8.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]


Table 8.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]

|  | Net income classes(Thousands of dollars) | Idaho-Continued |  |  | Illinois-Continued |  |  | Indiana-Continued * |  |  | Iowa-Continued |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax! |  |
| 72 | Individual returns with net income | 120, 987 | \$243, 543, 436 | \$24,099,944 | 2,716, 170 | \$5, 916, 280, 227 | \$683, 230, 839 | 1,001, 188 | \$2, 048, 452, 186 | \$188,775,972 | 636, 178 | \$1, 239, 319, 237 | \$108,225,723 | 72 |
| 73 | Individual returns with no net income (est.). 4 | 873 | ${ }^{12} 924,588$ | ---.-- | 9,240 | ${ }^{12} 8,996,954$ |  | 3, 334 | 123, 530, 944 |  | 6,216 | ${ }^{12} 4,699,946$ |  | 73 |
| 74 | Taxable fiduciary returns with net income. ${ }^{2}$ | 166 | 400, 174 | 86,741 | 7,235 | 27,977, 024 | 9,617,295 | 1,390 | 4,642,111 | 1,440, 820 | 2,374 | 5, 335, 665 | 1, 231,583 | 74 |
| 75 | Total individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, ${ }^{2}$ with net income $(72+74)$. | 121,153 | 243, 943, 610 | 24, 186,685 | 2,723,405 | 5,944, 257, 251 | 692, 848, 134 | 1,002,578 | 2, 053, 094, 297 | 190, 216, 792 | 638, 552 | 1,244, 654, 902 | 109, 457, 306 | 75 |



Table 8.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income, by States and Territories: Numbcr of 1 eturns, net income or deficit, and total tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]


Table 8.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; also aggregates for individual


Table 8.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and total tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp 5-11]

|  | Net income classes <br> (Thousands of dollars) | Maryland-Continued |  |  | Massachusetts-Continued |  |  | Michigan-Continued |  |  | Minnesota-Continued |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| 69 | Nontaxable individual returns-Continued With no net income, Form 1040 (est.). | 1,747 | 12 \$3, 571, 079 |  | 5,731 | ${ }^{12}$ \$4, 623, 699 |  | 4,660 | 12 \$4, 009, 302 |  | 3,603 | ${ }^{12}$ \$3, 244, 463 |  | 69 |
| 70 | - Total, nontaxable individual returns ( $68+69$ ). | 158, 598 | ${ }^{13} 220,024,141$ |  | 264, 929 | ${ }^{13} 343,670,275$ |  | 347, 370 | 13 494, 141, 362 |  | 229, 346 | 13 294, 195, 480 |  | 70 |
| 71 | Grand total, individual returns $(51+70$ or $72+73$ ). | 716, 953 | 131,612,132,864 | \$185,275,673 | 1,515,933 | 133,221,789,104 | \$362,346,454 | 1,786,939 | 134,443,312,137 | \$542,148,936 | 720,698 | 131,347,528,082 | \$119,317,615 | 71 |
| 72 73 | Individual returns with net income, $(51+68)$. Individual returns with no net income (est.) . 4 | 715,206 1,747 | $1,615,703,943$ 12 $3,571,079$ | 185, 275, 673 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,510,202 \\ 5,731 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,226,412,803 \\ \quad 24,623,699 \end{array}$ | 362, 346,454 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,782,279 \\ 4,660 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,447,321,439 \\ \quad 124,009,302 \end{array}$ | 542, 148, 936 | $\begin{array}{r} 717,095 \\ 3,603 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,350,772,545 \\ 123,244,463 \end{array}$ | 119, 317, 615 | 72 73 |
| 74 | Taxable fiduciary returns with net income. ${ }^{2}$ | 1,224 | 3, 226, 387 | 833, 560 | 5,656 | 21, 048, 662 | 7,172, 343 | 2,838 | 14, 2:4,319 | 5, 584, 820 | 2, 156 | 8, 385, 693 | 3,039,421 | 74 |
| 75 | Total individual returnsand taxablefiduciary returns, ${ }^{2}$ with net income $(72+74)$. | 716,430 | 1,618,930, 330 | 186, 169, 233 | 1,515,858 | 3,247, 461,465 | 369, 518,797 | 1,785, 117 | 4, 461, 565, 758 | 547, 733, 756 | 719,251 | 1,359, 158, 238 | 122, 357, 036 | 75 |



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|  | (Thousands of dollars) |  |

Table 8.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5 -11]


Table 8．－Individual returns with net income，1942，by taxable and nontaxable returns，and by net income classes；also aggregates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income，by States and Territories：Number of returns，net income or
［For description of items and classifications，and methods of tabulating and estimating data，see pp．5－11］

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Table 8.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]

|  | Net income classes(Thousands of dollars) | Nevada-Continued |  |  | New Hampshire-Continued |  |  | New Jersey-Continued |  |  | New Mexico-Continued |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| 69 | Nontaxable individual returns-Continued. With no net income, Form 1040 (est.) ${ }^{4}$. | 303 | ${ }^{12}$ \$741,198 |  | 810 | ${ }^{12}$ \$1, 182, 367 |  | 8,252 | ${ }^{12}$ \$7, 833, 060 | ----------- | 1,015 | ${ }^{12}$ \$1, 153, 936 | ----------- | 69 |
| 70 | Total, nontaxable individual returns $(68+69)$. | 8,458 | ${ }^{13} 10,502,732$ |  | 39, 184 | ${ }^{13} 49,521,487$ |  | 300, 556 | ${ }^{13} 368,099,518$ |  | 29,378 | ${ }^{13} 37,122,656$ |  | 70 |
| 71 | Grand total, individual returns $(51+70$ or $72+73)$. | 59, 412 | ${ }^{13} 136,207,132$ | \$17, 865, 450 | 147, 516 | ${ }^{13} 278,091,735$ | \$23, 987, 781 | 1,521, 189 | 13 3,297,533,585 | \$368,846,734 | 81,963 | ${ }^{13} 167,598,579$ | \$18, 066, 139 | 71 |
| 72 73 | Individual returns with net income ( $51+68$ ). Individual returns with no net income (est.) ${ }^{4}$. | 59,109 303 | $136,948,330$ 12 12 741,198 | 17, 865,450 | 146,706 810 | $279,274,102$ ${ }^{12} 1,182,367$ | 23, 987, 781 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,512,937 \\ 8,252 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,305,366,645 \\ 127,833,060 \end{array}$ | 368, 846, 734 | $\begin{array}{r} 80,948 \\ 1,015 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 168,752,515 \\ & { }^{12} 1,153,936 \end{aligned}$ | 18,066, 139 | 72 73 |
| 74 | Taxable fiduciary returns with net income. ${ }^{2}$ | 64 | 269, 578 | 81,657 | 301 | 671,542 | 163,598 | 2,754 | 13, 869, 709 | 6,552,165 | 135 | 350, 289 | 74, 997 | 74 |
| 75 | Total, individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, ${ }^{2}$ with net income $(72+74)$. | 59, 173 | 137, 217, 908 | 17, 947, 107 | 147, 007 | 279, 945, 644 | 24,151, 379 | 1,515, 691 | 3, 319, 236, 354 | 375, 398, 899 | 81,083 | 169, 102, 804 | 18, 141, 136 | 75 |


Table 8．－Individual returns with net income，1942，by taxable and nontaxable returns，and by net income classes；also aggregates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income，by States and Territories：Number of returns，net income or deficit，and total tax－Continued
［For description of items and classifications，and methods of tabulating and estimating data，see pp．5－11］

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| Net income classes（Thousands of dollars） | Oklahoma |  |  | Oregon |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Num－ ber of returns | Net ineome ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax 1 | Num－ ber of returns | Net incame ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ |
| Taxable individual re－ turns with net income： Form 1040A（est．）${ }^{3} \ldots$ | 61， 632 | \＄93，163， 325 | \＄5，018， 967 | 131，657 | \＄236，399， 666 | \＄18，832， 587 |
| Form 1040： Under 0.5 （est．） | 1，128 | 368， 022 | 53， 850 | 1，912 | 610，786 | 96， 257 |
| 0.5 under 0.75 （est．） | 12， 497 | 7，829，155 | 298， 603 | 7，259 | 4，556， 457 | 274， 820 |
| 0.75 under 1 （est．） | 9，786 | 8，474， 745 | 600， 021 | 6，714 | 5，887， 229 | 506， 531 |
| 1 under 1.25 （est．） | 9，126 | 10，480， 420 | 638， 137 | 7，924 | 8，983， 369 | 771， 343 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 （est．） | 16，859 | 22，981， 408 | 998， 979 | 10，981 | 14，989， 743 | 973， 309 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 （est．） | 20，329 | 33，093， 871 | 1，290， 744 | 13，095 | 21，406， 34.3 | 1，294， 448 |
| 1.75 under 2 （est．） | 17，928 | $33,684,63.4$ | 1，505， 341 | 15， 329 | 28，785， 099 | 1，824， 233 |
| 2 under 2.25 （est．） | 15，80． | 33，608， 778 | 1，765， 848 | 15， 874 | 33，659， 411 | 2，270， 565 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 （est．） | 13， 552 | 32，138， 741 | 1，971，306 | 15， 918 | 37，699， 578 | 2，751，621 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 （est．） | 8，118 | 21，273， 132 | 1，549，516 | 15， 152 | 39，766， 331 | 3，196， 275 |
| 2.75 under 3 （est．） | 6， 410 | 18，335， 847 | 1，474， 430 | 15，449 | 44，439， 219 | 3，981， 111 |
| 3 under 3.5 （est．） | 7， 749 | 24，930， 164 | 2，204， 832 | 24， 584 | 79，336， 044 | 7，679，318 |
| 3.5 under 4 （est．） | 4，255 | 15，817， 824 | 1，647， 824 | 12，845 | 48，084， 700 | 5，350， 081 |
| 4 under 4.5 （est．） | 2，072 | 8，747， 900 | 1，115， 272 | 7，452 | 31，492，051 | 3，932，733 |
| 4.5 under 5 （est．） | 1， 416 | 6，684，905 | 884， 168 | 4，319 | 20，437， 975 | 2，667， 829 |
| 5 under 6. | 2， 732 | 14，896， 531 | 2，197， 397 | 3， 402 | 18，528， 919 | 2，766， 821 |
| 6 under 7 | 1， 711 | 11，060， 830 | 1，834， 411 | 2， 015 | 13，041， 039 | 2，153， 380 |
| 7 under 8 | 1，076 | 8，047， 622 | 1，452， 276 | 1，353 | 10，119， 006 | 1，808， 269 |
| 8 under 9 | 824 | 6，986， 795 | 1，347， 639 | 1，033 | 8，756， 092 | 1，685， 096 |
| 9 under 10 | 666 | 6，295， 748 | 1，290， 606 | 775 | 7，341， 521 | 1，502， 129 |
| 10 under 11 | 454 | 4，754， 148 | 1，035， 527 | 556 | 5，837， 745 | 1，264， 926 |
| 11 under 12 | 377 | 4，329， 899 | 983， 892 | 478 | 5，483， 929 | 1，258， 628 |
| 12 under 13 | 304 | 3，786， 627 | 916，365 | 390 | 4，871， 441 | 1，166， 830 |
| 13 under 1t | 231 | $3,108,834$ | 777， 254 | 308 | 4，161， 723 | 1，037， 639 |
| 14 under 15 | 168 | 2，430， 762 | 637，619 | 237 | 3，433， 494 | 891， 134 |
| 15 under 20 | 606 | 10，459， 507 | 3，086， 412 | 939 | 16，180， 004 | 4，713， 186 |
| 20 under 25 | 273 | 6，064， 050 | 2，076， 438 | 467 | 10，405， 748 | 3，549， 651 |
| 25 under 30 | 218 | 5，944， 383 | 2，283， 386 | 260 | 7，115， 885 | 2，729， 210 |
| 30 under 40 | 208 | 7，228， 031 | 3，129， 819 | 300 | 10，310， 532 | 4，445， 795 |
| 40 under 50 | 109 | 4，791， 836 | 2，283， 727 | 155 | 6，923， 576 | 3，330， 695 |
| 50 under 60 | 43 | 2，345， 327 | 1，212，359 | 88 | 4，868， 864 | 2，549， 685 |
| 60 under 70 | 35 | 2，242， 360 | 1，219，507 | 49 | 3，161，653 | 1，751， 233 |
| 70 under | 20 | 1，490， 175 | 837， 229 | 30 | 2，280，070 | 1，318， 551 |

Table 8.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or

|  | Oklahoma-Continued |  |  | Oregon-Continued |  |  | Penusylvania-Continued, |  |  | Rhode Island-Continued |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Thousands of dollars) | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num - } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Net income ? | Total tax ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ |
| Taxable individual returns with net in-come-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Form 1940: <br> 80 under 90 | 15 | \$1, 274, 160 | \$756, 986 | 26 | \$2, 200, 579 | \$1,330, 183 | 176 | \$14, 867, 117 | \$8, 975, 256 | 14 | \$1,188, 474 | \$697, 993 |
| 90 under 100 100 under 150 | 13 24 | $1,235,569$ $2,855,087$ | $774,711$ | 41 | $2,295,526$ $4,921,632$ | $1,429,114$ $3,303,882$ 1 | 151 | 14.380, 465 | 8, 9655,363 | 10 | -931,592 | 583, 130 |
| 150 under 200 | 10 | 1, 796, 246 | 1, 269,351 | 10 | 1, 759, 569 | 1, 283, 103 | 109 | 18,286, 860 | 13, 019, 768 | 13 | 2, 208, 873 | 1,609, 808 |
| 200 under 250 | 6 | 1, 275, 713 | 965, 554 | 5 | 1, 153, 122 | 883, 436 | 38 | 8, 282, 474 | 6, 148,958 | 8 | 1, 720, 324 | 1, 248, 328 |
| 250 under 300 |  | 1. 551,602 1, 127,699 | 357,252 860,622 | 7 | $1,124,245$ $2,330,341$ | 882,627 $1,866,138$ | 21 16 | 5, 729,884 | 4, 484, 867 |  |  |  |
| 400 under 500 |  | 1, 497, 985 | 412, 218 |  |  |  | 21 | $\stackrel{5}{9,} 259,234$ | 7,606,084 | 1 | 391,011 | 318, 030 |
| 500 under 750 |  |  |  | 1 | 650, 672 | 546, 591 | 10 | 6, 430, 304 | 5, 155, 820 |  |  |  |
| 750 under 1,000 1.000 under 1,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 3 3 | 2, 568, 8141 | $1,838,902$ $3,294,936$ |  |  |  |
| 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,000 3,000 under 3,000 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2, 180, 886 | 1, 892, 871 |  |  |  |
| 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4, 542, 808 | 3,637,369 |  |  |  |
| 5,000 and over- |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 5, 825, 005 | 4, 511, 814 |  |  |  |
| Total, taxable in- | 218, 854 | 488, 490, 397 | 58, 869, 920 | 319,417 | 815, 790, 928 | 107, 851,023 | 2, 271,022 | 5, 437, 886, 362 | 704, 969, 448 | 213, 653 | 503, 861, 669 | 66, 950, 670 |
| Nontaxable individual returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Form 1040A (est.) ${ }^{3}$ - - | 56,448 | 82, 169, 307 |  | 35,328 | 54, 951, 399 |  | 498, 804 | 789, 552, 942 |  | 30, 762 | 45, 594, 092 |  |
| Form 1040: <br> Under 0.5 (est.) | 11,087 | 3, 877, 380 |  |  | 2, 582, 434 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 6, 773 | 4, 285, 293 |  | 3,003 | 1, 865, 211 |  | 17, 758 | 11, 144, 149 |  | 1,243 | 1, 7777858 |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) - | 9,399 | 8, 360, 595 |  | 4, 321 | 3, 803, 733 |  | 29, 184 | 25, 767, 858 |  | 1,558 | 1, 398, 105 |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 17,667 | 19, 818.649 |  | 7,547 | 8, 522, 089 |  | 60, 084 | 67, 824, 334 |  | 3, 380 | 3, 806, 772 |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.). | 9,482 | 13, 072, 348 |  | 4,059 | 5,602,432 |  | 32, 525 | 45, 330, 449 |  | 1,954 | 2, 731, 690 |  |


For footnotes, see p. 228.

[^5]Table 8．－Individual returns with net income，1942，by taxable and nontaxable returns，and by net income classes；also aggregates for individual
［For description of items and classifications，and methods of tabulating and estimating data，see pp．5－11］

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TABLe 8.-Individual returns with net income, 1942, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and total tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net income classes } \\ & \text { (Thousands of dollars) } \end{aligned}$ | South Carolina-Continued |  |  | South Dakota-Continued |  |  | Tennessee-Continued |  |  | Texas-Continued |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ber of <br> Numreturns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ |  | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Net income ${ }^{7}$ | Total tax ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| 69 | Nontaxable individual returns-Continued. With no net income, Form 1010 (est.). ${ }^{4}$ | 892 | 12 \$1, 049, 283 |  | 1,433 | 12 \$386, 741 |  | 2, 172 | ${ }^{12}$ \$2, 490, 845 |  | 9,365 | 12 \$11. 968, 618 |  | 69 |
| 70 | Total.nontaxable individual returns ( $68+69$ ). | 95, 426 | ${ }^{13} 133,192,974$ |  | 61,613 | ${ }^{13} 73,864,041$ |  | 155, 921 | ${ }^{13} 204,170,439$ |  | 414, 785 | ${ }^{13} 496.810,002$ |  | 70 |
| 71 | Grand total,individual returns $(51+70$ or $72+$ 73). | 253, 861 | ${ }^{13} 470,529,928$ | \$38,261,978 | 129, 541 | ${ }^{13} 216,620,166$ | \$13,965,826 | 446, 648 | 13 921, 106, 289 | \$95,183,307 | 1, 327, 659 | ${ }^{13} 2,669,733,221$ | \$299,980,072 | 71 |
| 72 73 | Individual returns with net income $(51+68)$. Individual returns with no net income (est.). ${ }^{4}$ | 252,969 892 | $471,579,211$ ${ }^{12} 1,049,283$ | 38, 261, 978 | 128,108 1,433 | $217,506,907$ 12886,741 | 13, 965, 826 | $\begin{array}{r} 444,476 \\ 2,172 \end{array}$ | $923,597,134$ $122,490,845$ | 95, 183, 307 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,318,294 \\ 9,365 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,681,701,839 \\ 1211,968,618 \end{array}$ | 299, 980. 072 | 72 73 |
| 74 | Taxable fiduciary returns with net income. ${ }^{2}$ | 282 | 945, 247 | 255, 400 | 407 | 633, 199 | 102, 691 | 569 | 2, 754, 674 | 1,071, 924 | 2, 675 | 14, 810, 549 | 5,550, 813 | 74 |
| 75 | Total, individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, ${ }^{2}$ with net income $(72+74)$. | 253, 251 | 472, 524, 458 | 38,517, 378 | 128, 515 | 218, 140, 106 | 14, 068, 517 | 445.045 | 926, 351, 808 | 96, 255, 231 | 1, 320, 969 | 2, 696, 512, 388 | 305, 530, 885 | 75 |



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Table 8．－Individual returns with net income，1942，by taxable and nontaxable returns，and by net income classes；also aggregates for individual returns with no net income and for taxable fiduciary returns with net income，by States and Territories：Number of returns，net income or
deficit，and total tar－Continued
［For description of items and classifications，and methods of tabulating and estimating data，see pp．5－11］

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| $\begin{aligned} & \text { gy } \\ & \text { g } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  <br>  |
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| 200 under 250 |  | －－－－－－－－－－－－－－ | －－－－－－－－－－－－－ |  | 1，328，436 | 1，011， 240 | 1 | 226，945 | 173，712 | 39 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 250 under 300 |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  | 40 |
| 300 under 400 |  |  |  | 2 | 702， 344 | 2 |  |  |  | 1 |
| 400 under 530 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42 |
| 500 under 750 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 604， 972 | 506， 375 | 43 |
| 750 under 1，000 |  |  |  | 2 | 1，749， 883 | 1，486， 035 |  |  |  | 44 |
| 1，000 under 1，500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45 |
| 1，500 under 2，00） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |
| 2，000 under 3，003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 3，000 under 4，000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 4，000 under 5，000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 49 |
| 5,000 and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| Total，taxable individual | 241， 230 | 511，391， 726 | 52，923， 334 | 621， 164 | 1，393，698， 706 | 153，555， 193 | 48，799 | 117，362， 593 | 14，318， 216 | 51 |
| Nontaxable individual returns： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Form 1040 A（est．）${ }^{3}$ | 113， 922 | 174，242， 703 |  | 99，559 | 153，087， 101 |  | 8，195 | 11，696， 940 |  | 52 |
| Form 1040： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 （est．） | 4，141 | 1，431， 167 |  | 33， 391 | 12，216， 562 |  | 2， 079 | 704， 303 |  | 53 |
| 0.5 under 0.75 （est．） | 1， 424 | 900，633 |  | 10，315 | 6，459， 945 |  | 589 | 389，428 |  | 54 |
| 0.75 under 1 （est．） | 2，197 | 1，940， 175 | －－－－－－－－－－ | 16，912 | 14，971， 260 | －－－－－－－－－－－－－ | 1，141 | 1，038，506 |  | 55 |
| 1 under 1.25 （est．） | 5，999 | 6，792， 142 |  | 32， 660 | 36，885， 046 |  | 2，044 | 2，291， 931 |  | 56 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 （est．） | 3， 375 | 4，718， 968 |  | 22，943 | 31，896， 976 |  | 1，413 | 1，930， 697 |  | 57 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 （est．） | 3，138 | 4，974， 379 |  | 20，673 | 33，095， 347 |  | 1，411 | 2，286， 895 |  | 58 |
| 1.75 under 2 （est．） | 2， 799 | $5,175,611$ |  | 14，986 | 27，789， 436 |  | 823 | 1，548， 631 |  | 59 |
| 2 under 2.25 （est．） | 1，513 | 3，212， 073 |  | 9， 203 | 19，597， 961 |  | 471 | 1，023， 246 |  | 60 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 （est．） | 649 | 1，533， 785 |  | 2， 609 | 6，216， 604 |  | 117 | 277， 008 |  | 61 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 （est | 207 | 539． 198 |  | 1，500 | 3，867， 144 |  | 157 | 409， 100 |  | 62 |
| 2.75 under 3 （est．） | 246 | 707， 515 |  | 1，040 | 2，954， 024 |  |  |  |  | 63 |
| 3 under 3.5 （est．） | 202 | 635， 414 |  | 461 | 1，486， 397 |  | 39 | 128， 801 |  | 64 |
| 3.5 under 4 （est．） |  |  |  | 325 | 1，264， 198 |  | 39 | 141，790 |  | 65 |
| 4 under 4.5 （est．） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 66 |
| 4.5 under 5 （est．） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 67 |
| Total，nontaxable individual returns | 139，812 | 206，803， 768 |  | 266， 582 | 351，788， 001 |  | 18，518 | 23，867， 276 |  | 68 |
| With wo net income，Form 1040 （est．）${ }^{4}$ | 1，651 | $12.2,438,425$ |  | 5，550 | $125,105,013$ |  | 656 | 12519,703 |  | 69 |
| Total，nontaxable individual returns $(68+69)$ ． | 141， 463 | ${ }^{13} 204,365,343$ |  | 272， 132 | ${ }^{13} 346,682,988$ |  | 19， 174 | ${ }^{13} 23,347,573$ |  | 70 |
| Grand total，individual returns $(51+70$ or $72+73$ ）． | $3 \times 2,693$ | $13745,747,039$ | 52，923，334 | 893， 296 | ${ }^{13} 1,740,381,694$ | 153，555， 198 | 67，973 | ${ }^{13} 140,710,166$ | 14，318， 216 | 71 |
| Individual returns with net ineome（ $51+68$ ）．．．．－． | 381， 042 | $748,185,494$ | 52，923，334 | 887， 746 | 1，745，486， 707 | 153，555， 198 | 67， 317 | 141，229， 869 | 14，318， 216 | 72 |
| Individual returns with no net income（est．）4 | 1， 651 | $122,438,425$ |  | 5，550 | $125,105,013$ |  | 656 | 12519,703 |  | 73 |
| Taxable fidueiary returns with net income | 514 | 2，205， 973 | 772，050 | 2，337 | 5，438， 816 | 1，415， 014 | 132 | 476， 888 | 124， 355 | 74 |
| Total，individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns，${ }^{2}$ with net income $(72+74)$ ． | 381， 556 | 750，391， 467 | 53，695， 384 | 890， 083 | 1，750，925， 523 | 154，970， 212 | 67， 449 | 141，706， 757 | 14，442， 571 | 75 |

Table 9.-Individual returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over, 1942, showing partially tax-exempt and taxable Government obligations owned and interest received, by net income classes and by type of obligation [For description of items and classifieations, and methods of tabulating data, see pp. 6-10 and 29-31]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Net income classes

(1)} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Government obligations owned at end of year} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Interest received or accrued during the year ${ }^{11}$} <br>

\hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| Total $(\operatorname{col} .3+6)$ |
| :--- |
| (2) |} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Partially tax-exempt} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| Taxable |
| :---: |
| Treasury |
| notes issued |
| on or after |
| Dec. 1, 1940, |
| and obliza- |
| tions of the |
| United States |
| or any agency |
| or instrumen- |
| tality thereof |
| issued on or |
| after |
| Mar 1, 1941 |
| (6) |} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| Total ${ }^{42}$ (col. 8+11) |
| :--- |
| (7) |} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Partially tax-exempt} \& Taxable <br>


\hline \& \& | Total (col. $4+5$ ) |
| :--- |
| (3) | \& | United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to Mar. 1, 1941 |
| :--- |
| (4) | \& | Oblizations issued prior to Mar. 1, 1941, of instrumentalities of the United States other than those issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act or such act as ameuded |
| :--- |
| (5) | \& \& \& | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total }{ }^{42} \\ (\operatorname{col} .9+10) \end{gathered}$ |
| :--- |
| (8) | \& United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to Mar. 1, 194142 \& | Obligations issued prior to Mar. 1, 1941, of instrumentalities of the United States other than those issued under the Federal Farın Loan Act or such act as amended ${ }^{43}$ |
| :--- |
| (10) | \& | Treasury notes issued on or after Dec. 1, 1940, and obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof issued on or after Mar. 1, 1941 |
| :--- |
| (11) | <br>

\hline 5 under 6 \& 179, 765 \& 116, 081 \& 107, 519 \& 8.563 \& 63, 684 \& 5. 209 \& 3,935 \& 3,580 \& 356 \& 1,274 <br>
\hline 6 under 7 \& 151, 557 \& 99, 723 \& 92, 362 \& 7,361 \& 51, 834 \& 4,413 \& 3, 306 \& 2, 971 \& 335 \& 1,106 <br>
\hline 7 under 8 \& 120.862 \& 77, 872 \& 71, 666 \& 6, 207 \& 42,990 \& 3,944 \& 2, 988 \& $\begin{array}{r}2,729 \\ \text { 2, } \\ \hline 189\end{array}$ \& ${ }_{203}^{255}$ \& 959
814 <br>
\hline 8 \% under 9 \& 106, 995 \& 67, 509 \& 62, 846 \& 4,663 \& 34, 486 \& 3,055 \& 2, 319 \& 2. 136 \& 184 \& 736 <br>
\hline 10 under 11 \& 86.414 \& 56,060 \& 51, 720 \& 4, 340 \& 30,354 \& 2, 556 \& 1,952 \& 1,793 \& 159 \& 604 <br>
\hline 11 under 12 \& 84, 237 \& 54,019 \& 50, 658 \& 3, 361 \& 30, 219 \& 2,573 \& 1,981 \& 1,838 \& 143 \& 592 <br>
\hline 12 under 13 \& 81, 738 \& 53, 136 \& 40,311 \& 3, 825 \& 28,602 \& 2,489 \& 1,919 \& 1,714 \& 204 \& 570 <br>
\hline 13 under 14 \& 64. 834 \& 37, 555 \& 34, 464 \& 3,092 \& 27, 279 \& $\stackrel{2}{2} 588$ \& 1,969 \& 1,778 \& 192 \& 619
566 <br>
\hline 14 under 15 \& 66.838
252,000 \& 41,207
156,817 \& 38,126
145,428 \& 3,081
11,389 \& ${ }_{95,183}$ \& 2,030
7,750 \& 5,722 \& 1,347
5,184 \& 117 \& 2,028 <br>
\hline 20 under 25 \& 182,404 \& 107.807 \& -99, 014 \& 8,793 \& 74,597 \& 5,303 \& 3, 931 \& 3, 560 \& 371 \& 1,372 <br>
\hline 25 under 30 \& 135, 318 \& 80, 280 \& 74. 391 \& 5, 889 \& 55. 037 \& 4,168 \& 3, 131 \& 2,740 \& 392 \& 1,037 <br>
\hline 30 under 40 \& 197, 582 \& 114, 454 \& 10f, 786 \& 7,669 \& 8.3, 128 \& 5. 815 \& 4, 3302 \& 3, 962 \& ${ }_{253}^{340}$ \& 1,513 <br>
\hline 40 under 50 \& 139, 805 \& 79,365 \& 73, 334 \& \& 60,439
40 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 50 under 60 \& 93,775
70,349 \& 63,047

38,313 \& | 49, 648 |
| :--- |
| 36.457 | \& 3,398

1,855 \& | 40.728 |
| :--- |
| 32.036 | \& 2,396

1.871 \& 1,750
1,451 \& 1,595
1,323 \& 164 \& 647
421 <br>
\hline 70 under 80 \& 56,658 \& 28, 764 \& 27, 611 \& 1,153 \& 27, 894 \& 1,629 \& 1,299 \& 1,267 \& 32 \& 330 <br>
\hline 80 under 90 \& 38, 197 \& 15, 841 \& 14,685 \& 1,156 \& 22. 356 \& 1. 183 \& 867 \& 618 \& 248 \& 317 <br>
\hline 90 under 100 \& 32, 221 \& 16,544 \& 15,695 \& 849 \& 15,677 \& 777 \& 567 \& 534 \& 33 \& ${ }_{561}^{210}$ <br>
\hline 100 under 150 \& 94, 724 \& 38,589 \& 36, 887 \& 1,901 \& 56,136 \& 1,891 \& 1,340 \& 1,262 \& 78 \& 651 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}



For footnotes, see pp. 228-229.
 obligations owned and interest received, by net income classes and by type of obligation
[For description of items and elassifications, and methods of tabulating data, see pp. 5, 10, and 29-31]
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


| 100 under 150 | 4,828 | 1,756 | 1, 736 | 20 | 3, 071 | 134 | 98 | 96 | 3 | 36 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 150 under 200 | 1,083 | 123 | 123 |  | 960 | 23 | 3 | 3 |  | 20 |
| 200 under 250 | 1,416 | 230 | 230 |  | 1,186 | 17 | 10 | 10 |  | 7 |
| 250 under 300 | 370 | 280 | 280 |  | 90 | 10 | 6 | 6 | (21) | 4 |
| 300 under 400 | 201 |  |  |  | 201 | 26 | 9 | 9 |  | 18 |
| 400 under 500 | 35 | 35 | 35 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| 500 under 750 | 11,355 | 705 | 705 |  | 10,650 | 22 | 18 | 18 |  |  |
| 750 under 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  | (21) | (21) ${ }^{18}$ | (21) ${ }^{18}$ | (21) | (21) 4 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (2) | (2) |
| 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,000 under 3,000 | 106 | 6 | 6 |  | 100 | (21) |  |  |  |  |
| 3,000 under 4,000 | 5 | 5 | 5 |  |  | 6 | (21) | (21) |  | 6 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 and over. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 328,518 | 151, 320 | 134,017 | 17,303 | 177, 197 | 10,967 | 7,654 | 6,979 | 675 | 3,314 |

For footnotes, see pp. 228-229.

Table 11.-Individual returns, Form 1040A, 1942, with gross income not more than $\$ 3,000$, by States and Territories: Number of returns, sources of income, gross income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, earned income credit, and optional tax
[For deseription of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18-19]
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| States and Territories | Number of returns | Sources of income |  | Gross income | Personal exemption ${ }^{6}$ | Credit for dependents ${ }^{6}$ | Earned ineome credit ${ }^{8}$ | Optional tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Salaries, wages, ete. | Dividends, interest, and annui"ties |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama | 240, 048 | 385, 039 | 1,770 | 386, 809 | 241,036 | 110,763 | 36,360 | 13, 128 |
| Alaska | 20,757 | 39, 863 | 334 | 40.197 | 14,372 | 4,350 | 3,779 | 3, 923 |
| Arizona | 71. 216 | 116,684 | 926 | 117, 610 | 66, 222 | 26,427 | 11,055 | 5, 511 |
| Arkansa | 74,763 | 111.968 | 776 | 112, 745 | 73, 4 9 4 | 32,975 | 10,508 | 3,377 |
| California | 1, 277, 440 | 2, 107,508 | 42,858 | 2, 150,366 | 1,049, 720 | 272, 847 | 202, 134 | 145, 312 |
| Colorado | 117,083 | 179,529 | 3, 327 | 182, 857 | 105, 114 | 33, 154 | 17, 189 | 8,892 |
| Conneeticut | 379,978 | 647, 753 | 13,809 | 661, 561 | 208,902 | 72,937 | 62, 187 | 49,285 |
| Delaware. | 48,770 | 81,607 | 1,833 | 83, 441 | 42,246 | 13,712 | 7,843 | 4,997 |
| Distriet of Columbia | 213, 508 | 318, 175 | 10,447 | 328, 622 | 156, 426 | 35, 129 | $30,8 \cap 0$ | 24,432 |
| Florida | 198,016 | 289, 456 | 4,342 | 293, 798 | 188, 458 | 68,077 | 27, 617 | 10, 404 |
| Georgia | 238, 939 | 370,428 | 3, 898 | 374,326 | 228, 354 | 92.803 | 35,187 | 14, 277 |
| Hawaii | 112, 110 | 207,895 | 1,053 | 208, 448 | 88, 761 | 34, 822 | 19,641 | 15, 117 |
| Idaho | 47, 296 | 80, 459 | 834 | 81,293 | 42,125 | 16,467 | 7,642 | 4,540 |
| Illinois | 1,226,942 | 1,898, 271 | 13,920 | 1,912, 191 | 1,050,979 | 302, 956 | 179, 746 | 102, $6^{\circ} 6$ |
| Indian | 427, 697 | 672, 300 | 2,410 | 674, 711 | 395, 661 | 147, 4 - 0 | 63,423 | 28,545 |
| Iowa | 176,246 | 263, 470 | 2,929 | 266, 399 | 160, 724 | 59,783 | 25, 041 | 10.846 |
| Kansas | 144, 710 | 208, 823 | 1,144 | 209, 967 | 133, 709 | 49,557 | 19,737 | 7,481 |
| Kentucky | 179, 496 | 284, 272 | 2,807 | 287.079 | 178,965 | 88, 381 | 26, 985 | 8,671 |
| Louisiana | 206, 582 | 271, 793 | 1,097 | 272, 890 | 169,287 | 48, 542 | 25, 652 | 13, 153 |
| Maine | 114, 952 | 176, 114 | 4,055 | 180, 169 | 101, 312 | 35, 893 | 16, 036 | 9, 068 |
| Maryland | 371,935 | 595, 802 | 6,499 | 602, 300 | 322, 579 | 111, 731 | 56,616 | 32, 727 |
| Massachusetts | 767, 103 | 1,163,375 | 8, 535 | 1,171, 910 | 636, 657 | 178, 276 | 110, 160 | 63, 028 |
| Michigan | 703, 497 | 1,213,929 | 12, 164 | 1,226, 093 | 599, 522 | 220, 424 | 115,253 | 76, 354 |
| Minnesota | 247, 134 | 365, 506 | 2,183 | 367, 689 | 214, 178 | 71, 824 | 34, 563 | 16, 015 |
| Mississippi | 77, 774 | 111,280 | 626 | 111,906 | 73, 783 | 30,074 | 10,519 | 3,467 |
| Missouri | 348, 863 | 527,097 | 5,969 | 533,066 | 317, 464 | 101, 639 | 50, 108 | 24,587 |
| Montana | 63, 609 | 99, 682 | 1,418 | 101, 100 | 54,062 | 16, 766 | 9,503 | 5, 688 |
| Ncbraska | 114,974 | 163, 633 | 727 | 164, 360 | 102,589 | 35,732 | 15,450 | 6. 289 |
| Nevada | 31, 174 | 52,079 | 587 | 52,665 | 25, 250 | 7.065 | 4,951 | 3, 509 |
| New Hampshire | 79,084 | 119, 683 | 1,007 | 120,60 | 71, 111 | 25, 076 | 11,345 | 5, 105 |
| New Jersey | 579, 296 | 896, 337 | 9,009 | 905, 346 | 489, 311 | 143, 170 | 85, 102 | 49, 381 |
| New Mexico | 35, 414 | 56, 5.0 | 785 | 57, 374 | 34. 214 | 15, 926 | 5,393 | 2,211 |
| New York | 1,587, 427 | 2, 418, 898 | 32, 387 | 2, 451, 285 | 1,358,538 | 445, 061 | 230, 421 | 122, 202 |
| North Carolina | 249, 788 | 362, 789 | 1,904 | 364, 693 | 244, 316 | 120, 033 | 34. 281 | 8,999 |
| North Dakota | 24,018 | 31, 470 | 250 | 31,719 | 20, 596 | 8, 220 | 2. 982 | 1,039 |
| Ohio | 983, 352 | 1, 617, 724 | 16. 294 | 1,634,018 | 872,933 | 316, 349 | 153, 598 | 84, 01 |
| Oklahoma | 118, 080 | 174, 020 | 1,313 | 175, 333 | 115, 794 | 51,658 | 16.481 | 5, 019 |
| Oregon | 166, 985 | 288,905 | 2,446 | 291,351 | 143, 871 | 40,490 | 27,387 | 18, $8: 3$ |
| -Pennsylvania | 1,495, 295 | 2,468, 056 | 24,461 | 2, 402,517 | 1,377,797 | 538.993 | 234, 297 | 120,540 |
| Rhode Island | 131,086 | 206, 339 | 4,287 | 210, 626 | 108, 922 | 27, 282 | 19,799 | 13,371 |
| South Carolina | 136, 999 | 197, 077 | 675 | 197, 752 | 128, 42. | 61,074 | 18.589 | 5,681 |
| South Dakota | 32,414 | 49, 008 | +773 | 49, 781 | 30, 061 | 13, 206 | 4,679 34,113 | 1,713 14,395 |
| Tennessee | 229, 146 | 360, 264 | 2,636 | 362,900 880,190 | 221,182 547,017 | 93,220 201.937 | 34, 113 82,738 | 14, 395 |
| Texas | 584, 66,786 | 875,636 111,505 | 4, 554 1,128 | 880,190 112,632 | 547,017 62,446 | 201.937 28,515 | 82,738 10,587 | 32,352 5,043 |
| Vermont | 35, 821 | 55,067 | , 767 | 55, 834 | 32, 787 | 13,081 | 5,248 | 2,573 |
| Virginia. | 313, 100 | 507, 064 | 6.957 | 514, 020 | 291,943 | 115, 814 | 48, 318 | 24, 013 |
| Washington | 392, 735 | 658, 094 | 5, 621 | 663.714 | 314, 804 | 76, 209 | 62, 389 | 46, 643 |
| West Virginia | 236, 691 | 385, 039 | 3, 125 | 388, 163 | 243, 700 | 131, 733 | 36,487 | 11,605 |
| Wiseonsin. | 358, 182 | 551, 139 | 5,194 | 556, 332 | 317,857 | 111, 732 | 52, 295 | 25,056 |
| Wyoming | 27, 716 | 42, 301 | 333 | 42, 634 | 25, 170 | 9,324 | 4,008 | 1,810 |
| Total | 16, 106, 039 | 25, 436, 793 | 279, 182 | 25, 715, 974 | 14, 224, 745 | 4,912,595 | 2, 417, 302 | 1,317,947 |

[^6]Table 12.-Individual returns, Form $1040 \mathrm{~A}, 1942$, with gross income not more than $\$ 3,000$, by States and Territories and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns and gross income
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| States and Territories | Total |  | Joint returns of husbands and wives, or of either husband or wife when no other return is filed |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Gross income | Number of returns | Gross income |
| Alabama | 240, 048 | 386, 809 | 149,684 | 277, 116 |
| Alaska | 20,757 | 40, 197 | 4,362 | 9, 486 |
| Arizona | 71, 216 | 117,610 | 37,349 | 73, 437 |
| Arkansas | 74, 763 | 112, 745 | 44,000 | 79, 147 |
| California | 1,277, 440 | 2, 150, 366 | 452, 736 | 924, 282 |
| Colorado - | 117, 083 | 182, 857 | 54, 874 | 103, 984 |
| Connecticut | 379, 978 | 661, 561 | 114, 391 | 248, 311 |
| Delaware .-...... | 48, 770 | 83, 441 | 20, 265 | 41,363 |
| District of Columbia | 213,508 | 328, 622 | 49, 740 | 94, 589 |
| Florida | 198, 016 | 293, 798 | 106, 783 | 193, 465 |
| Georgia | 238, 939 | 374, 326 | 128, 249 | 239, 932 |
| Hawaii. | 112, 110 | 208, 948 | 34, 692 | 75, 298 |
| Idaho | 47, 296 | 81, 293 | 22, 572 | 46,387 |
| Illinois | 1,226, 942 | 1, 912, 191 | 496, 624 | 981, 773 |
| Indiana | 427,697 | 674, 711 | 216, 079 | 419, 508 |
| Iowa ... | 176, 246 | 266, 399 | 88, 730 | 164, 147 |
| Kansas. | 144, 710 | 209, 967 | 77,027 | 138,338 |
| Kentucky | 179, 496 | 287, 079 | 104, 753 | 197, 150 |
| Louisiana | 206, 582 | 272, 890 | 69, 822 | 114,440 |
| Maine -- | 114,952 | 180, 169 | 50,257 | 97, 761 |
| Maryland | 371,935 | 602, 300 | 161,911 | 315, 740 |
| Massachusetts | 767, 103 | 1,171,910 | 276,479 | 567, 853 |
| Michigan | 703,497 | 1, 226, 093 | 298, 316 | 622,523 |
| Minnesota | 247, 134 | 367,689 | 112, 364 | 217, 985 |
| Mississippi | 77, 774 | 111,906 | 43, 189 | 76,544 |
| Missouri-- | 348, 863 | 533, 066 | 164,804 | 307, 458 |
| Montana | 63, 609 | 101, 100 | 27, 487 | 54,816 |
| Nebraska | 114,974 | 164,360 | 56, 392 | 102, 457 |
| Nevada | 31, 174 | 52, 665 | 11,508 | 24, 010 |
| New Hampshire | 79, 084 | 120, 690 | 38,720 | 74, 761 |
| New Jersey--- | 579, 296 | 905, 346 | 219, 282 | 444, 001 |
| New Mexico | 35,414 | 57, 374 | 19, 566 | 37, 169 |
| New York North Carolina | 1,587, 427 | 2, 451, 285 | 645, 565 | 1, 235, 025 |
| North Carolina | 249, 788 | 364, 693 | 140, 413 | 250, 025 |
| Ohio -------- | 24,018 983,352 | - 31,719 | 10, 409 | 18,416 |
| Oklahoma | 118, 080 | 175,333 | 448,814 69,825 | 123, 336 |
| Oregon. | 166, 985 | 291, 351 | 74,946 | 158,220 |
| Pennsylvania | 1, 495, 295 | 2, 492,517 | 723, 455 | 1,449, 314 |
| Rhode Island | 131,086 | 210,626 | 41, 583 | 84,964 |
| South Carolina | 136, 999 | 197, 752 | 68, 182 | 122,892 |
| South Dakota. | 32, 414 | 49,781 | 17, 066 | 32, 277 |
| Tennessee | 229, 146 | 362, 900 | 121, 025 | 228, 416 |
| Texas | 584, 012 | 880, 190 | 312, 079 | 574, 868 |
| Utah. | 66, 786 | 112, 632 | 36, 105 | 72, 378 |
| Vermont. | 35, 821 | 55, 834 | 17, 869 | 32, 805 |
| Virginia | 313,100 | 514, 020 | 155, 100 | 304, 026 |
| Washington | 392, 735 | 663, 714 | 136, 905 | 287, 775 |
| West Virginia | 236, 691 | 388, 163 | 158,719 | 293, 219 |
| W isconsin | 358, 182 | 556, 332 | 171, 896 | 339, 661 |
| W yoming. | 27, 716 | 42, 634 | 13,939 | 27, 179 |
| Total | 16, 106, 039 | $25,715,974$ | 7,116,302 | 13, 913,279 |

Table 12.-Individual returns, Form 1040A, 1942, with gross income not more than $\$ 3,000$, by States and Territories and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns and gross income-Continued
[For deseription of items and elassifieations, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| States and Territories | Separate returns of husbands and wives ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |  | Community property returns is |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Men |  | Women |  | Men |  | Women |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Gross income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Gross income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Gross income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Gross income |
| Alabama | 2, 510 | 4,553 | 4,291 | 4, 750 |  |  |  |  |
| Alaska | 924 | 2, 074 | 1,055 | 1,589 |  |  |  |  |
| Arizona | 534 | 979 | 767 | - 776 | 2,335 | 4, 153 | 2, 424 | 4,320 |
| Arkansas | 27 477 | ${ }_{5} 873$ | 1,006 | 1,185 |  |  |  |  |
| California | 27,009 | 53, 966 | 34,330 1,823 | 48,259 2,310 | 38, 885 | 74, 165 | 40,206 | 76,258 |
| Colorado -- | 1,436 15,889 | 2,834 35,444 | 1,823 16,978 | 2,310 23,536 |  |  |  |  |
| Delaware. | 1,035 | 2, 432 | 1,525 | 1,881 |  |  |  |  |
| District of Columbia | 9, 239 | 17,303 | 10,994 | 16,402 |  |  |  |  |
| Florida | 2,991 | 5, 489 | 4,184 | 4. 607 |  |  |  |  |
| Georgia | 3,187 | 6, 046 | 6, 191 | 7.246 |  |  |  |  |
| Hawaii | 2,817 | 5,990 | 2, 479 | 3,398 |  |  |  |  |
| Idaho. Illinois | 228 29,193 | 388 59,073 | 262 39,580 | 49,659 | 1,257 | 2, 334 | 1,257 | 2,334 |
| Indiana | 10. 520 | 20,869 | 12,576 | 15,459 |  |  |  |  |
| Iowa. | 1,279 | 2, 451 | 2, 152 | 2, 361 |  |  |  |  |
| Kansas | 1,698 | 3, 147 | 2,244 | 2,399 |  |  |  |  |
| Kentucky | 652 | 1,135 | 1,293 | 1,389 |  |  |  |  |
| Louisiana | 10,829 | 17,119 | 747 | 654 | 1,750 | 2, 486 | 102 | 116 |
| Maine | 1,777 | 3, 663 | 2,334 | 2,940 |  |  |  |  |
| Maryland | 9,755 | 20,511 | 11,777 | 15.850 | ------- |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts | 16,646 | 33, 979 | 22,937 | 26, 437 |  |  |  |  |
| Michigan | 13, 845 | 31, 155 | 17,792 | 24,698 |  |  |  |  |
| Minnesota | 3,490 | 7,154 | 3, 861 | 4,386 |  |  |  |  |
| Mississippi | 700 | 1, 062 | 1,527 | 1,674 |  |  |  |  |
| Missouri. | 4,973 | 9,523 | 6, 709 | 8, 037 |  |  |  |  |
| Montana | 264 | 441 | 572 | 702 | -------- | - |  |  |
| Nebraska | 1,859 | 3,184 | 2, 366 | 2,809 1,306 |  |  |  | 2,731 |
| Nevada-...- | 585 2,030 | 1,266 3,563 | 2, 9365 | 1,306 | 1,444 | 2,842 | 1,378 | 2, 731 |
| New Jersey | 11,473 | 23, 576 | 16,116 | 19,987 |  |  |  |  |
| New Mexico | 441 | 701 | 401 | 506 | 241 | 469 | 161 | 284 |
| New York | 32,045 | 60,411 | 33,427 | 43,570 | -------- | ------ |  |  |
| North Carolina | 3, 299 | 5,863 | 6, 026 | 6, 186 | ----- |  |  |  |
| North Dakota | 196 | 361 | 111 | 141 |  |  |  |  |
| Ohio | 17,769 | 35,762 | 20,984 | 25, 280 |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma | 1,196 | 1,932 | 2, 005 | 2, 492 | 1948 | 1998 | 1948 | 1298 |
| Oregon .-.... | 2, 895 | 6,711 | 3,961 | 4,912 3085 | --------- | ----- |  |  |
| Pennsylvania | 20, 133 | 41,678 | 25,598 | 30, 857 | ------- |  |  |  |
| Rhode Island | 4,260 | 8, 872 | 4, 835 | 6, 102 | ---1-20 |  |  |  |
| South Carolina | 2, 189 | 3, 684 | 2,383 | 2, 589 |  |  |  |  |
| South Dakota | 195 | 331 | 195 | 242 |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee | 2,643 | 5, 402 | 4, 673 | 5, 372 |  |  |  |  |
| Texas | 5,404 | 8,883 | 8, 824 | 10,493 | 12,583 | 22,954 | 12,970 | 23,041 |
| Utah | 1,637 | 3,488 | 2, 036 | 2, 613 | -------- |  |  |  |
| Vermont | 844 | 1,859 | 1,111 | 1,521 |  |  |  |  |
| Virginia_-.- | 5,723 | 11,876 | 8,095 | 9,930 |  |  |  |  |
| Washington -- | 6,475 | 13, 160 | 8,936 | 11, 531 | 27,035 | 50,457 | 27, 480 | 51, 014 |
| West Virgiuia | 1,640 3,373 | 3, $105{ }_{\text {c }}$ | 2,598 | 2,972 |  |  |  |  |
| W isconsin | 3,373 357 | 6, 483 | 3,979 433 | 4,382 461 |  |  |  |  |
| Tot | 302, 558 | 602, 38: | 374, 285 | 471, 767 | 85, 578 | 159, 959 | 86,026 | 160, 195 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 12.-Individual roturns, Form 1040A, 1942, with gross income not more than $\$ 3,000$, by States and Territories and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns and gross income-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11]
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| States and Territories | Heads of families |  |  |  | Not heads of families |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single men and married men not living with wives |  | Single women and married women not living with husbands |  | Single men and married men not living with wives |  | Single women and married women not living with husbands |  |
|  | Number of returns | Gross income | Number of returns | Gross <br> income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of re- } \\ & \text { turns } \end{aligned}$ | Gross income | Number of returns | Gross income |
| Alabama | 13, 238 | 19,239 | 8,980 | 10,248 | 28,894 | 35,821 | 32,451 | 35, 083 |
| Alaska | 806 | 1,621 | 254 | 365 | 11, 202 | 21, 562 | 2,154 | 3, 501 |
| Arizona | 3,700 | 5,858 | 1,820 | 2,457 | 14, 109 | 15, 794 | 8,178 | 9,837 |
| Arkansas | 3,830 | 5,303 | 3, 547 | 4,026 | 9, 766 | 10,166 | 12, 137 | 12,044 |
| California | 55, 941 | 96, 671 | 58,405 | 76,813 | 353, 097 | 531, 375 | 216,831 | 268, 575 |
| Colorado | 5,319 | 8,142 | 5,874 | 7,386 | 25, 456 | 32, 631 | 22,301 | 25,570 |
| Connecticu | 17, 296 | 34,571 | 19, 207 | 28, 521 | 85, 872 | 142,970 | 110,345 | 148, 207 |
| Delaware | 2,954 | 5,185 | 1,931 | 2,465 | 11, 175 | 17,525 | 9,885 | 12,589 |
| District of Colv | 7,025 | 11,440 | 11,305 | 16,038 | 35, 516 | 49, 102 | 89,689 | 123, 748 |
| Florida | 9,088 | 12, 224 | 10,890 | 12, 296 | 33, 077 | 34, 640 | 31, 003 | 31,078 |
| Georgia | 12, 448 | 17,304 | 13,512 | 16, 503 | 30, 241 | 36, 129 | 45, 111 | 51, 167 |
| Hawaii | 8,958 | 18, 124 | 2,316 | 3, 714 | 47, 300 | 83, 831 | 13, 548 | 18, 592 |
| Idaho | 2,004 | 3, 331 | 1,390 | 1,766 | 13, 425 | 18, 632 | 4,901 | 5, 782 |
| Illinois | 58. 526 | 97, 725 | 60, 037 | 77,633 | 229, 436 | 294, 142 | 313,546 | 352, 187 |
| Indiana | 24, 448 | 38, 767 | 15,906 | 19,606 | 65, 487 | 76,349 | 82, 681 | 84,153 |
| Iowa | 6, 772 | 9,707 | 7, 723 | 9, 034 | 33, 891 | 41,640 | 35, 699 | 37, 059 |
| Kansas | 5. 020 | 6,975 | 5, 038 | 5, 892 | 26, 537 | 27, 503 | 27, 146 | 25,713 |
| Kentucky | 10, 030 | 15, 114 | 12,392 | 14,895 | 26, 790 | 32,805 | 23, 586 | 24,590 |
| Louisiana | 17,838 | 25, 834 | 3, 673 | 4,070 | 93, 498 | 101,842 | 8, 323 | 6, 330 |
| Maine | 6, 603 | 10, 512 | 5,175 | 6, 010 | 26,321 | 34, 254 | 22,485 | 25, 030 |
| Maryland | 18,395 | 30, 120 | 11,777 | 15, 628 | 84,978 | 117,695 | 73,342 | 86, 757 |
| Massachuset | 42, 137 | 71, 208 | 37,308 | 49,316 | 145, 717 | 181, 473 | 225, 879 | 241, 646 |
| Michigan | 30, 164 | 53, 837 | 21,429 | 30, 198 | 152,356 | 240, 108 | 169, 595 | 223, 575 |
| Minnesota | 6, 106 | 10, 160 | 9,924 | 12,575 | 47,841 | 53, 794 | 63, 548 | 61, 634 |
| Mississipp | 3, 198 | 3,908 | 3,146 | 3, 300 | 10,362 | 10,744 | 15,652 | 14, 675 |
| Missouri | 18, 522 | 27,636 | 19,337 | 22, 770 | 66, 342 | 83, 447 | 68, 176 | 74, 195 |
| Montana | 2,360 | 3, 750 | 1,830 | 2,370 | 20,895 | 26, 227 | 10, 201 | 12,792 |
| Nebraska | 3,755 | 5,479 | 3,723 | 4,377 | 23, 107 | 23, 559 | 23,772 | 22, 495 |
| Nevada | 960 | 1,628 | 716 | 974 | 10, 256 | 13, 264 | 3,389 | 4, 644 |
| New Hampshi | 3, 194 | 5, 044 | 2, 571 | 3,465 | 16,027 | 17,106 | 14, 277 | 14, 157 |
| New Jersey | 32, 228 | 56, 056 | 29, 781 | 39, 101 | 120, 632 | 155, 958 | 149, 784 | 166, 667 |
| New Mexico | 1,879 | 2,329 | 1,958 | 2, 473 | 5,102 | 5,907 | 5, 665 | 7,537 |
| New York | 113,133 | 181,867 | 95, 984 | 123, 129 | 331, 170 | 430, 196 | 336, 103 | 377, 087 |
| North Carolina | 11,000 | 14,046 | 17,857 | 18,970 | 28, 221 | 28, 981 | 42,972 | 40,622 |
| North Dakota | 906 | 1,220 | 908 | . 959 | 5, 669 | 5,718 | 5, 819 | 4,904 |
| Ohio | 48,745 | 86, 272 | 42, 158 | 55, 167 | 207, 015 | 288, 283 | 198, 467 | 230, 006 |
| Oklahoma | 4,960 | 6, 500 | 5,821 | 6,880 | 19,453 | 19,212 | 14, 721 | 14, 784 |
| Oregon | 5.815 | 10,096 | 4,515 | 5, 881 | 46, 105 | 70, 287 | 28, 748 | 35, 244 |
| Pennsylvania | 97, 594 | 162, 586 | 72, 631 | 91,175 | 248, 170 | 367, 614 | 307, 714 | 349, 292 |
| Rhode Island. | 8,266 | 14, 098 | 10,821 | 14, 002 | 22, 302 | 34, 052 | 39, 019 | 48, 537 |
| South Carolina | 7,490 | 10,264 | 9, 289 | 10, 074 | 33, 070 | 35, 555 | 14,396 | 12, 693 |
| South Dakota. | 1,266 | 1,961 | 1,403 | 1,703 | 6,351 | 7,171 | 5,938 | 6,095 47,209 |
| Tennessee | 13, 168 | 18,422 | 17,061 | 19,409 | 29,225 | 38, 669 | 41,351 | 47, 209 |
| Texas | 22, 849 | 30, 599 | 23, 691 | 26, 560 | 101, 997 | 102, 476 | 83,615 11,408 | 80,313 13,834 |
| Utah | 2, 721 | 4,548 | 2,154 | 2, 476 | 10,725 | 13, 295 | 11,408 | 13, 834 |
| Vermont | 2, 098 | 3,264 | 1,006 | 1, 183 | 5,849 | 7,561 | 7,044 | 7, 640 |
| Virginia | 18,892 | 27, 841 | 17,452 | 22, $09 \cdot \frac{1}{2}$ | 45, 161 | 62, 682 | 62, 677 | 75, 571 |
| Washington | 11, 616 | 19,350 | 10, 684 | 14, 330 | 94, 521 | 134, 209 | 69, 083 | 81, 888 |
| West Virginia | 14,446 | 21, 873 | 5, 307 | 6,262 | 28,830 | 34,954 | 25, 151 | 25,777 |
| Wisconsin | 13,275 | 21, 489 | 12,016 | 15, 04.? | 73, 299 | 87, 933 | 80, 344 | 81, 341 |
| W yoming | 1,580 | 2,068 | 528 | 597 | 7,334 | 8,128 | 3,545 | 3,618 |
| Total | 834, 562 | 1,353, 168 | 744, 161 | 942, 181 | 3,249, 172 | 4,344, 971 | 3, 313, 395 | 3,768,065 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 13.-Individual returns, Form 1040A, 1942, with gross income not more than $\$ 3,000$, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by gross income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, sources of income, gross income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and optional lax
[For deseription of items and classifieations, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18-19]
[Gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Gross income classes | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Sources of income |  | Gross income | Personal exemption ${ }^{5}$ | Credit for dependents ${ }^{6}$ | Optional tax |
|  |  | Salaries, wages, ete. | Dividends, interest, and annuities |  |  |  |  |
| Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 1,001, 160 | 628, 666 | 14,950 | 643, 616 | 502, 945 |  | 16, 211 |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 1, 417,074 | 1, 222,323 | 20,477 | 1,242, 800 | 716, 712 | 6, 685 | 77, 259 |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 1, 320, 694 | 1, 453,987 | 22, 427 | 1,476, 414 | 670, 595 | 18,838 | 124, 179 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 1,355, 760 | 1,834, 161 | 26,064 | 1,860, 225 | 957,905 | 21,017 | 136, 588 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 1,314,287 | 2,110, 217 | 27,671 | 2, 137, 888 | 1,055, 231 | 79,084 | 156, 208 |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 1,246,813 | 2, 303, 906 | 26, 243 | 2, 330, 149 | 1,133, 294 | 151,350 | 161, 200 |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 1, 178, 434 | 2, 477, 422 | 23,693 | 2, 501, 115 | 1,170,129 | 272,346 | 163,249 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 1,014,582 | 2,382,562 | 23,637 | 2, 406, 198 | 1,032,072 | 278,375 | 171,856 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 810,515 | 2, 100, 467 | 21,282 | 2, 121, 749 | 843, 270 | 262.002 | 161,089 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 632,079 | 1,794,447 | 20,876 | 1, 815, 323 | 665,829 | 218,078 | 150, 109 |
| Total | 11, 291, 398 | 18,308, 157 | 227, 319 | 18, 535, 476 | 8, 747, 982 | 1,307, 776 | 1,317,947 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.) | 157, 189 | 56,044 186,009 | 2, 253 | 58,297 189,692 | 93, 084 | 7, 590 |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 318,003 398,557 | 1845, 523 | 5, 397 | 1850,921 | 255, 428 | 125,076 |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 681,926 | 770, 836 | 12.025 | 782, 861 | 801, 744 | 216, 015 |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 836, 948 | 1,138, 467 | 7,120 | 1,145, 587 | 998, 306 | 543, 327 |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 874,306 | 1, 400, 336 | 6,252 | 1,406, 588 | 1,045, 881 | 701,962 |  |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 717,363 | 1,339,541 | 5, 854 | 1,345, 395 | 859.754 | 755, 268 |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 417,681 | 874,386 | 3, 888 | 878,273 | 500,143 | 537, 622 |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 257, 876 | 603,347 | 3,030 | 606.376 | 308, 841 | 373, 520 |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 103, 098 | 268, 272 | 1,261 | 269, 533 | 123, 544 | 183, 205 |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 51, 694 | 145, 875 | 1,100 | 146,975 | 61,922 | 101, 753 |  |
| Total | 4,814,641 | 7, 128, 636 | 51, 862 | 7, 180, 498 | 5, 476, 763 | 3,604, 819 |  |
| Grand total | 16, 106,039 | $25,436,793$ | 279, 182 | 25, 715, 974 | 14, 224, 745 | 4,912,595 | 1,317,947 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 13.-Individual returns, Form 1040.4, 1942, with gross income not more than $\$ 3,000$, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by gross income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, sources of income, gross income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and optional tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18-19]
[Gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Gross income classes | Joint returns of husbands and wives, or of either husband or wife when no other return is filed |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Sources of income |  | Gross income | Personal exemption ${ }^{5}$ | Credit $\stackrel{\text { for }}{\text { depend }}$ ents ${ }^{6}$ | $\underset{\text { ta: }}{\text { Optional }}$ |
|  |  | Salaries, wages, ete. | Dividends, interest and anuuities |  |  |  |  |
| Taxable returns: <br> Under 0.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,992 |
|  | 430, 637 | 701, 158 | 6,905 | 708, 063 | 516, 764 | 42.302 | 17,815 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 597, 520 | 1,112. 571 | 6, 614 | 1,119, 18.5 | 717,024 | 108, 699 | 38, 755 |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 729, 195 | 1, 542, 419 | 8,259 | 1,550,678 | 875, 034 | 232. 626 | 62, 197 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 671,027 | 1, 584, 366 | 8, 241 | 1, 592, 606 | 805, 232 | 242. 800 | 80, 658 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 572,128 | 1,490, 318 | 7,911 | 1, 498, 228 | 686, 554 | 233, 392 | 88, 135 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) <br> 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 459, 228 | 1,310,616 | 8, 660 | 1,319, 276 | 551, 074 | 197, 323 | 89, 246 |
| Total | 3, 739, 335 | 8, 123, 288 | 51, 6.50 | 8, 174,938 | 4, 487, 202 | 1, 057, 143 | 380, 797 |
| Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{11}$ Under 0.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.) | 13,619 38,735 | 4,295 23,929 | $\begin{aligned} & 276 \\ & 679 \end{aligned}$ | 4,571 24,609 | $\begin{aligned} & 16,343 \\ & 46,482 \end{aligned}$ | 4, 761 11,399 |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.). | 88, 526 | 76, 757 | 1,910 | 78, 667 | 106, 231 | 27.351 |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 327, 104 | 376, 583 | 6, 220 | 382, 809 | 392, 525 | 113, 976 |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 666, 437 | 910, 262 | 4, 436 | 914,698 | 799, 724 | 455, 101 |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 771, 381 | 1, 237, 547 | 4, 825 | 1, 242,372 | 925, 657 | 632,865 |  |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 674.045 | 1, 259, 392 | 5, 117 | 1, 254, 509 | 809, 544 | 709, 824 | -------- |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 398. 750 | 835, 214 | 3,480 | 838.695 | 478, 500 | 513, 224 |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 249, 019 | 582, 556 | 2,944 | 585, 500 | 298, 823 | 360,677 |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 99,414 | 258,691 | 1,232 | 259, 923 | 119, 297 | 176. 491 |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 49, 937 | 140, 901 | 1,687 | 141, 989 | 59,924 | 98, 201 |  |
| Total | 3, 376,967 | 5, 706, 128 | 32, 213 | 5, 738, 342 | 4,053,050 | 3, 103, 869 |  |
| Grand total | 7, 116, 302 | 13, 829,417 | 83.863 | 13,913, 279 | 8,540, 252 | 4, 161,012 | 380, 797 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 13.-Individual returns, Form 1040A, 1942, with gross income not more than $\$ 3.000$, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by gross income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, sources of income, gross income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and optional tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18-19]
[Gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Gross income classes | Separate returns of husbands and wives ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Sources of income |  | Gross income | Personal exemption ${ }^{3}$ | Credit for depend. ents ${ }^{6}$ | $\underset{\text { tax }}{\text { Optional }}$ |
|  |  | Salaries, wages, etc. | Dividends, interest, and annuities |  |  |  |  |
| Taxable returns: <br> Under 0.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.) --- | 3, 227 | 2,230 | 38 | 2, 268 | 1,936 |  | 27 |
| 0.55 under 1 (est.) - | 10, 726 | 9,478 | 38 | 9,516 | 6, 436 |  | 423 |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 15,026 | 16,752 | 172 | 16,924 | 9, 016 | 466 | 1,134 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 20,997 | 28,870 | 85 | 28,956 | 12, 598 | 1,410 | 2,341 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 32, 485 | 52,873 | 131 | 53, 004 | 19,491 | 3, 226 | 4,869 |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 43, 776 | 82, 156 | 212 | 82, 368 | 26, 266 | 7,225 | 7,973 |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 49,518 | 105, 008 | 342 | 105, 350 | 29, 711 | 9,548 | 10, 856 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | - 47,949 | 113, 153 | 685 | 113, 837 | 28,769 | 10, 334 | 12, 381 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 37, 268 | 96,963 | 512 | 97, 475 | 22, 361 | 9, 262 | 10,979 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) - | 26,955 | 76,816 | 392 | 77, 208 | 16, 173 | 6,494 | 9,182 |
| Total | 287, 927 | 584, 299 | 2,607 | 586,906 | 172, 756 | 47,965 | 60, 165 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 4,482 1,320 | 2, 1,165 | 1 | 2, 1,167 | 2, 792 | 635 | ----- |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | -958 | 1,060 | 4 | 1,065 | 575 | 619 |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 1,700 | 2, 295 | 3 | 2, 298 | 1,020 | 1,572 | --------- |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 1,531 | 2,492 | 10 | 2, 502 | 919 | 1,938 | --..------ |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 807 | 1,485 |  | 1,485 | 484 | 1,210 |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 857 | 1, 792 | 18 | 1,811 | 514 | 1,441 | --------- |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 281 | 664 |  | 664 | 169 | 599 | -----..... |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 175 | 450 |  | 450 | 105 | 407 | --------- |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.). | 155 | 437 |  | 437 | 93 | 360 |  |
| 'Total | 14,631 | 15, 420 | 62 | 15,482 | 8,779 | 9, 250 |  |
| Grand total | 302, 558 | 599,719 | 2,669 | 602,388 | 181, 535 | 57, 215 | 60,165 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 13.-Individual returns, Form $1040 \mathrm{~A}, 1942$, with gross income not more than $\$ 3,000$, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by gross income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, sources of income, gross income, personal exemption credit for dependents, and optional tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18-19]
[Gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Gross income classes | Separate return of husbands and wives ${ }^{18}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Sources of income |  | Gross income | Personal exemp-tions | Credit for dependents ${ }^{6}$ | $\underset{\text { tax }}{\text { Optional }}$ |
|  |  | Salaries, wages, etc. | Dividends, interest, and annuities |  |  |  |  |
| Taxable returns: <br> Under 0.5 (est. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 20,021 | 13,755 | 232 | 13,987 | 12,013 |  | 165 |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.). | 68, 757 | 60, 248 | 383 | 60, 630 | 41, 254 |  | 2,657 |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 83, 207 | 92,963 | 686 | 93, 649 | 49, 924 | 2,049 | 6, 335 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 68, 809 | 93, 073 | 1, 102 | 94, 175 | 41,285 | 2, 378 | 8,022 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 48, 136 | 76, 988 | ${ }_{4}^{561}$ | 77, 549 | 23,882 | 2, 553 | 7,507 5,325 |
| 1.75 under 2.25 (est.) | 13, 111 | 26, ${ }^{50} 83$ | 726 | 27, 558 | 7,867 | -943 | 3, 104 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 7,213 | 16,463 | 564 | 17,027 | 4,328 | 568 | 2,019 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 3, 505 | 8,716 | 394 | 9, 110 | 2, 103 | 299 | 1,124 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.). | 1,941 | 5,092 | 460 | 5,552 | 1,165 | 111 | 725 |
| Total | 342, 289 | 444, 890 | 5,583 | 450, 473 | 205, 373 | 11,082 | 36, 983 |
| Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 4,420 19,150 | 11,367 | 100 | 11,467 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2,652 } \\ 11,490 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1, 101 |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 5,384 | 4, 754 | 3 | 4, 757 | 3, 230 | 2,473 |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 2, 261 | 2,428 | 26 | 2,454 | 1,357 | 1,561 |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 622 | 799 | 58 | 857 | 1,373 | + 576 |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 50 | 81 | (21) | 82 | 30 | 58 |  |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 109 | 202 |  | 202 | 65 | 142 |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) <br> 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 31,996 | 21,018 | 277 | 21, 294 | 19, 198 | 6, 144 |  |
| Grand total. | 374, 285 | 465, 908 | 5,859 | 471, 767 | 224, 571 | 17, 226 | 36, 983 |

[^7]Table 13.-Indiridual returns, Form 1040.1, 1942, with gross income not more than $\$ 3,000$, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by gross income classcs, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, sources of income, gross income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and optional tax-Continued
ifor description 'of items and classifieations, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18-19]
[Gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Gross income classes | Community property returns ${ }^{18}$ : 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \end{gathered}$ | Sourees of income |  | Gross income | Personal exemption ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Credit } \\ \text { for } \\ \text { depend- } \\ \text { ents }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { tax }}{\text { Optional }}$ |
|  |  | Salaries, wages, ete. | Dividends, interest. andannuities |  |  |  |  |
| Taxable returns: <br> Under 0.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 202 | 139 | 3 | 143 | 121 |  | 2 |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) -- | 1,281 | 1,051 | 93 | 1,144 | 769 |  | 51 |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 2,070 | 2, 352 | 15 | 2, 367 | 1,242 | 226 | 134 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 2,439 | 3,356 | 1 | 3,357 | 1,463 | 274 | 253 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 31, 433 | 50,667 | 306 | 50,973 | 18,860 | 6,132 | 4, 167 |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 21, 156 | 39, 032 | 423 | 39, 455 | 12, 694 | 3,790 | 3, 747 |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 11,275 | 23, 555 | 231 | 23,786 | 6,765 | 2,041 | 2,472 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 7,746 | 18, 118 | 220 | 18, 338 | 4,648 | 1,444 | 2,037 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 4,830 | 12,234 | 418 | 12, 652 | 2, 898 | 833 | 1,483 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.).- | 2, 423 | 6,593 | 353 | 6,946 | 1,454 | 292 | 882 |
| Total | 84, 855 | 157,097 | 2,065 | 159, 162 | 50,913 | 15,032 | 15,226 |
| Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{11}$ <br> Under 0.5 (est.) <br> 15 <br> 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 344 | 222 |  | 222 | 206 | 58 | ------- |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.). | 50 | 49 | -------- | 49 | 30 | 19 | --------. |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  | -------- |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 103 | 176 | -------- | 176 | 62 | 139 | --------- |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 124 | 231 | --------- | 231 | 74 | 204 | --------- |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 52 | 104 | -----2- | 104 | 31 | 80 | -------- |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 723 | 797 |  | 797 | 434 | 500 |  |
| Grand total | 85,578 | 157,895 | 2,065 | 159,959 | 51, 347 | 15, 533 | 15,226 |

For footmotes, see p. 228.

Table 13.-Individual returns, Form 1040 A, 1942, with gross income not more than $\$ 3,000$, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by gross income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, sources of income, grosss income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and optional tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18-19]
[Gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


[^8]Table 13.-Individual returns, Form 1040A, 1942, with gross income not more than $\$ 9,000$, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by gross income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, sources of income, gross income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and optional tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18-19]
[Gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Gross income classes | Heads of families ${ }^{20}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single men and married men not living with wives |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Number of } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { retns } \end{array}$ | Sources of income |  | Gross income | Personal exemption ${ }^{5}$ | Credit for dependents ${ }^{6}$ | $\underset{\text { tax }}{\text { Optional }}$ |
|  |  | Salaries, wages, etc. | Dividends, interest, and annuities |  |  |  |  |
| Taxable returns: <br> Under 0.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.).- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 45, 357 | 62, 444 | 413 | 62, 857 | 54, 428 |  | 638 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 61, 627 | 100, 286 | ${ }_{610}$ | 100, 896 | 73, 952 | 5, 501 | 2, 575 |
| 1.75 under 2 2 (est.) | 71,223 | 132, 419 | 735 | 133, 154 | 85,468 | 11, 318 | 4, 849 |
| 22 under 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 66,048 56,395 | 139,393 132,590 | r $\begin{array}{r}664 \\ 1,031\end{array}$ | 140,057 133,620 | 79,258 67,674 | 15,468 <br> 14,309 | 6,512 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 39,988 | 104, 166 | 1,465 | 104, 631 | 47,986 | 11, 870 | 6,921 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.). | 30, 959 | 88, 167 | 702 | 88, 870 | 37, 151 | 9, 732 | 6,620 |
| Total | 371, 597 | 759, 464 | 4,620 | 764, 085 | 445, 916 | 68, 197 | 35, 894 |
| Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.)-- 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 3,435 | 1,192 | 24 | 1,216 | 4,122 | ${ }^{872}$ |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 82, 522 | 72,171 | 840 | 73, 011 | 99,026 | 25, 670 |  |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 131, 388 | 147, 595 | 1,433 | 149, 029 | 157, 666 | 39, 281 |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 83, 699 | 113, 472 | 474 | 113, 947 | 100, 439 | 46, 166 | -----7.-.- |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 64, 096 | 102, 260 | 296 | 102, 556 | 76, 915 | 44, 663 | ......... |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 33, 131 | 61,679 | 251 | 61,930 | 39,757 | 34,687 |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 15, 294 | 31, 872 | 126 | 31,998 | 18,353 | 19,507 | - ----.- |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 7,986 | 18,758 | 67 | 18,824 | 9, 257 | 11, 294 |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 3,244 | 8, 447 | 30 | 8,476 | 3, 893 | 5,744 |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 1,507 | 4, 271 | 12 | 4, 283 | 1,808 | 3, 028 |  |
| Total | 462, 965 | 585, 097 | 3,986 | 589, 083 | 555, 232 | 242, 065 | -------- |
| Grand total | 834, 562 | 1, 344, 561 | 8,606 | 1, 353, 168 | 1, 001, 148 | 310, 263 | 35, 894 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 13.-Individual returns, Form 1040A, 1942, with gross income not more than $\$ 3,000$, by taxahle and nontaxable returns, by gross income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, sources of income, gross income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and optional tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18-19]
[Gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Gross income classes | Heads of families ${ }^{20}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single women and married women not living with husbands |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Sources of income |  | Gross income | Personal exemption ${ }^{5}$ | Credit dependents 6 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Optional } \\ \operatorname{tax} \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | Salaries, wages, etc. | Dividends, interest, and annuities |  |  |  |  |
| Taxable returns: Under 0.5 (est. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) <br> 1 under 1.25 (est) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 55, 838 | 89,050 | 1,648 | 90,698 | 67, 006 | 3,133 | 2, 501 |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 43, 319 | 78, 595 | 1,955 | 80, 550 | 51, 983 | 5, 254 | 3, 149 |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 22, 506 | 46. 207 | 1, 261 | 47,468 | 27, 007 | 3,139 | 2, 536 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 12, 229 | 27, 923 | 918 | 28, 842 | 14, 675 | 1,663 | 1,914 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 6,447 | 16, 188 | 653 | 16, 841 | 7,736 | 768 | 1,310 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.). | 4,691 | 12, 551 | 948 | 13,499 | 5,629 | 663 | 1,151 |
| Total | 206, 584 | 354, 389 | 8,623 | 363, 012 | 247, 901 | 14,620 | 13, 404 |
| Nontaxable returns: 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.) <br> 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 2,669 58,936 | $\begin{array}{r} 840 \\ 37,777 \end{array}$ | 751 | 881 38,528 | 3,203 70,723 | 607 14,835 |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 154, 810 | 135, 276 | 2,076 | 137, 351 | 185, 772 | 36, 470 | - |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.). | 199, 299 | 219,907 | 4, 162 | 224, 069 | 239, 159 | 43, 011 |  |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 77.849 | 102, 852 | 2, 134 | 104, 986 | 93,419 | 33, 004 |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 33, 879 | 52, 547 | 1,120 | 53,667 | 40,655 | 18, 120 |  |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 7,500 | 13,515 | 454 | 13, 970 | 9,000 | 6,659 |  |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 1,972 | 3,826 | 263 | 4, 089 | 2, 366 | 2, 068 |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 426 | 986 | 19 | 1, 004 | 511 | 565 |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 167 70 | 427 |  | 427 197 | 200 84 | 336 |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.). |  | 197 |  | 197 | 84 | 117 |  |
| Total | 537, 577 | 568, 149 | 11,020 | 579, 169 | 645, 092 | 155, 790 |  |
| Grand total | 744, 161 | 922, 537 | 19, 644 | 942, 181 | 892, 993 | 170,410 | 13,404 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 13.-Individual returns, Form 1040A, 1942, with gross income not more than $\$ 3,000$, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by gross income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, sources of income, gross income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and optional tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18-19]
[Gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Gross income classes | Not heads of families |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single meu and married men not living with wives |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Sources of income |  | Gross income | Personal exemption ${ }^{3}$ | ```Credit for depend- ents 6``` | Optional tax |
|  |  | Salaries, wages, etc. | Dividends, interest, and annuities |  |  |  |  |
| Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 468, 797 | 293, 467 | 5,499 | 298, 966 | 234, 399 |  | 7,389 |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 524, 362 | 450, 772 | 7,186 | 457, 958 | 262, 181 | 2, 749 | 28, 716 |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 479,002 | 527, 603 | 8,245 | 535, 848 | 239, 501 | 6,772 | 45, 695 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 389, 147 | 526, 485 | 6,506 | 532, 991 | 194,574 | 9,147 | 53, 320 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 323, 953 | 517, 779 | 6,108 | 523, 887 | 161, 977 | 8,193 | 58, 137 |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 259,859 | 478, 523 | 6, 524 | 485, 047 | 129,930 | 7,576 | 57, 557 |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 200, 032 | 418, 791 | 4,698 | 423,488 | 100,016 | 6, 267 | 52, 893 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 161,666 | 378, 221 | 4, 647 | 382, 868 | 80, 833 | 5, 804 | 49, 688 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 119, 408 | 306, 970 | 5,415 | 312, 385 | 59, 704 | 4,862. | 41, 741 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.)- | 89, 100 | 251,681 | 4,089 | 255, 770 | 44,550 | 2,988 | 35,618 |
| Total | 3, 015, 326 | 4, 150, 290 | 58,918 | 4, 209, 208 | 1, 507, 663 | 54,359 | 430, 755 |
| Nontaxable returns: 11 ler |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 104, 80,194 | 43, 299 | 648 | 43,947 | 40,097 | 9, 109 |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 27,626 | 23, 257 | 185 | 23, 443 | 13, 813 | 14, 454 | ---.-.--- |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 11,708 | 13,070 | 93 | 13, 163 | 5, 854 | 10,013 | -.-.----- |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 4,616 | 6,150 | 6 | 6,156 | 2, 308 | 4,969 | --------- |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 2,635 | 4,206 | (21) | 4, 206 | 1,318 | 3,341 |  |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) - | 1,480 | 2,728 | 31 | 2, 759 | - 740 | 2, 297 | --.-.---- |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 756 | 1,577 | (21) | 1,577 | 378 | 1,303 | ---...... |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 164 | 384 |  | 384 | 82 | 386 |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 98 | 257 |  | 257 | 49 | 227 |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.). | 25 | 70 |  | 70 | 13 | 48 |  |
| Total | 233, 846 | 134, 157 | 1,606 | 135, 763 | 116,923 | 46,892 |  |
| Grand total. | 3, 249, 172 | 4, 284, 447 | 60, 524 | 4, 344, 971 | 1,624,586 | 101, 251 | 430,755 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

Table 13.-Individual returns, Form 1040 A, 1942, with gross income not more than $\$ 3,000$, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by gross income classes, and by sex and family relationship: Number of returns, sources of income, gross income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and optional tax-Continued
[For description of items and classifications, and methods of tabulating and estimating data, see pp. 5-11 and 18-19]
[Gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Gross income classes | Not heads of families-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single women and married women not living with husbands |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Sources of income |  | Gross income | Personal exemption ${ }^{5}$ | Credit for dependents ${ }^{6}$ | $\underset{\text { tax }}{\text { Optional }}$ |
|  |  | Salaries, wages, etc. | Dividends, interest, and annuities |  |  |  |  |
| Taxable returns: Under 0.5 (est |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 508, 715 | 318,939 | 9,174 | 328,113 | 254, 358 |  | 8,626 |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 810, 967 | 699,985 | 12,683 | 712, 668 | 405, 484 | 3,936 | 45, 373 |
| 1 under 1.25 (est.) | 739, 214 | 811, 848 | 13, 294 | 825, 143 | 369, 607 | 9, 155 | 70,730 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 485, 427 | 650,877 | 11,650 | 662, 527 | 242, 714 | 7,577 | 66,926 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 298, 071 | 469, 678 | 11,055 | 480, 733 | 149, 036 | 4,515 | 53, 907 |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 160, 453 | 289, 384 | 8, 891 | 298, 275 | 80, 227 | 3,184 | 35, 650 |
| 2 under 2.25 (est.) | 75, 773 | 152, 249 | 7,328 | 159, 576 | 37,887 | 1,634 | 20,050 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) | 43,008 | 94, 518 | 7,140 | 101,657 | 21,504 | 897 | 13, 304 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) | 22,358 | 53, 331 | 5,106 | 58, 437 | 11, 179 | 404 | 7,903 |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) | 14,349 | 36,397 | 4, 836 | 41, 233 | 7,175 | 304 | 5,780 |
| Total | 3, 158,335 | 3.577, 205 | 91, 158 | 3, 668, 363 | 1,579, 168 | 31,606 | 328, 250 |
| Nontaxable returns: 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 (est.) | 26, 087 | 8,281 | 1,159 | 9, 439 | 13,044 | 347 |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 (est.) | 79, 053 | 43, 060 | 1,048 | 44, 108 | 39,527 | 11, 323 |  |
| 0.75 under 1 (est.) | 38, 195 | 31,973 | 382 80 | 32,355 10 | 19,098 | 17,957 |  |
| 1 under 1.25 under 1.5 (est.) | 1,925 | 10,139 2,506 | 80 -10 | 10,219 2,516 | 4, 963 | 1, 804 |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 (est.) | 1, 528 | 856 |  | 856 | 264 | 719 |  |
| 1.75 under 2 (est.) | 115 | 208 |  | 208 | 58 | 146 |  |
| 2 nnder 2.25 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.25 under 2.5 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.5 under 2.75 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.75 under 3 (est.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 155, 060 | 97,023 | 2,678 | 99, 702 | 77,530 | 39, 830 | ------ |
| Grand total | 3, 313, 395 | 3,674, 229 | 93,836 | 3,768,065 | 1,656,698 | 71,436 | 328, 250 |

For footnotes, see p. 228.

## Footnotes for basic tables 1-13, pages 88-227

(Facsimiles for Forms $1040,1040 \mathrm{~A}$, and 1041, to which references are made, appear on pp. 336-353)
${ }^{1}$ Total tax is the aggregate of normal tax, surtax, alternative tax, and the optional tax on Form 1040A, paid in lieu of normal tax and surtax.
${ }^{2}$ The net income used for classification and tabulation of taxable fiduciary returns is the net income taxable to the fiduciary, that is, after deducting the amount distributable to beneficiaries (item 18, p. 1. Form 1041). Data for taxable fiduciary returns include those for estates and trusts, filed improperly on Form 1040, but which have net income taxable to the fiduciary. In tabulating data from these taxable returns filed improperly on Form 1040, an adjustment is made whereby the "Amount distributable to beneficiaries" (if any) is removed from deductions and tabulated as such in basic tables 7 and $7-\mathrm{B}$.
${ }^{3}$ Form 1040 A (optional return), which may be filed by individuals whose gross income is from certain sources only and is not more than $\$ 3.000$, does not provide for reporting the amount of net income. Gross income is tabulated both as total income and as net ineome.

4 Returns with no net income are those wherein total deduetions equal or exceed total income. Unlike former years, a portion of the 1942 data are estimated from a sample.

3 For 1942, the personal exemption allowed a person who, during the entire taxable year. was the head of a family or was married and living with husband or wife is reduced from $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,200$. and that of a single person, a married person not living with husband or wife, and an estate is reduced from $\$ 750$ to $\$ 500$. A trust is allowed, in lieu of personal exemption, a credit of $\$ 100$ against net income. The personal exemption tabulated for individual returns, Form 1040 A, is ascertained from the taxpayer's status which is indicated on the return.
${ }^{6}$ For 1942, the credit for a dependent is reduced from $\$ 400$ to $\$ 350$ for individuals filing on Form 1040 and from $\$ 400$ to $\$ 385$ for individuals filine on Form 1040A. There remains in effect the provision that, in the eqse of a taxpayer who is head of a family only by reason of one or more dependents for whom he would be entitled to credit, the credit is allowed for each of such dependents, except one.

7 Net income is the sum of (1) net income on Form 1040, (2) gross income on Form 1040A, and (3) in tables including fiduciary returns, Form 1041, the net income taxable to the fiduciary.
${ }^{8}$ Earned income credit is 10 percent of earned net income (not to excced $\$ 14,000$ ) or 10 percent of net income, whichever is smaller. The credit tabulated for the optional returns, Form 1040 A , is estimated at 9.4 nercent of gross income (equivalent to 10 percent of the income after deductions aggregating 6 percent of gross income).

- Normal tax and surtax are reported on (1) returns with neither a net gain nor a net loss from sales or cxchanges of capital assets, (2) returns with a net gain from such transactions, unless the alternative tax is imposed. and (3) returns with a net loss from similar transactions.
10 The alternative tax is reported on returns showing an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term eapital loss, but only if such tax is less than the combined normal tax and surtax computed on net income which includes the net gain from sales or exchanges of eapital assets. For 1942, the alternative tax is the sum of a partial tax (normal tax and surtax) computed on net income reduced for this purpose by the excess of net long-term capital gain over the net short-term capital loss, and 50 percent of such excess.
${ }^{11}$ Nontaxable returns with net income on which personal exemption, credit for dependents, and earned inconie credit exceed net income.

12 Defieit.
${ }^{13}$ Net income less deficit.

14 Not available.
${ }^{15}$ Includes also the normal tax reported on returns for a fiscal year ending in the period July through November 1942. The component parts of the prorated taxes are not available.
${ }^{16}$ Less than 0.005 percent.
${ }_{17}$ Not computed.
${ }^{18}$ An unequal number of separate returns is the result of (1) use of the sample as the basis for estimating data for returns in net income classes under $\$ 5,000$, when the net income of one spouse is under $\$ 5.000$ and that of the other spouse is $\$ 5,000$ or over, and (2) certain cases in which insufficient data make it impossible to identify the returns as separate returns.

19 See pp. 15-16 for explanation of community property returns.
${ }^{20}$ If an individual is head of a family only because of dependents for whom he would be entitled to credit, $\$ 350$ credit (or, on Form 1040A, $\$ 355$ ) is allowed for each such dependent except one.

## ${ }^{2]}$ Less than $\$ 500$.

${ }^{22}$ Dividends received include dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued on or after Mar. 28, 1942, but exclude such dividends on prior issues and dividends of all kinds received through partnerships and fiduciaries.
${ }^{23}$ Interest received from bonds is the net amount after deducting the amortizable bond premium for the taxable year. This deduction was not made against interest in former years.
${ }^{24}$ Partially tax-exempt interest is that received on certain Government obligations issued prior to Mar. 1, 1941, namely, United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in excess of $\$ 5,000$, and obligations of instrumentalities of the United States other than those issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act or that act as amended. This interest is subject to surtax only. The amount reported includes such interest received through partnerships and fiduciaries.
${ }_{25}$ Taxable interest on Government obligations is that received on Treasury notes issued on or after Dec. 1, 1940, and on obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, issued on or after Mar. 1, 1941. This interest is subject to both normal tax and surtax. The amount reported excludes such interest received through partnerships and fiduciaries.
${ }^{26}$ Dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations are only those on shares issued prior to Mar. 28, 1942, and include such dividends received through partnerships and fiduciaries. These dividends are subject to surtax only. Dividends on shares issued on and after that date are reported with dividends received from corporate stock.
${ }_{27}$ The amount reported as net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is the amount taken into account in computing net income and is a combination of short-term and long-term capital gains and losses, worthless stocks and bonds if they are capital assets, and each participant's share of eapital gains and losses to be taken inte account from partnerships and common trust funds; also the net short-term capital loss of the preceding taxable year (not in excess of net income for such year) has been deducted but only to the extent of net shortterm capital gain of the current year. The amount of short-term capital loss of the preceding year deducted is shown in the text tables on pp. 34 and 36. For definition of capital asset, see text p. 20.
${ }^{28}$ Net gain or loss from the sales of property other than capital assets: (1) Property used in trado or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation, (2) obligations of the United

## Footnotes for basic tables 1-13, pages 88-227-Continued

(Facsimiles for Forms 1040, 1040A, and 1041, to which references are made, appear on pp. 336-353)

States or any of its possessions, a State or Territory or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, issued on or after Mar, 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding one year from date of issue, and (3) real property used in trade or business.
${ }_{28}$ Current year net profit or loss from business or profession (sole proprietorship). (Net operating loss deduction is reported in "Other deductions.")
${ }^{30}$ Partnership profit or loss, as reported on the income tax return of the partner, excludes (1) partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, and (2) net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets, each of which is reported in its respective source of income or deduction, and (3) dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to Mar. 28, 1942, which are reported in the schedule for interest on Government obligations but are tabulated separately. In computing partnership profit or loss, charitable contributions are not deductible nor is the net operating loss deduction allowed. However, the pro rata share of contributions and prior year income and losses of the partnership is taken into account by each partner in determining his own contributions and net operating loss deduction, respectively.
${ }^{31}$ Income from fiduciaries, as reported on the return of the beneficiary, exciudes (1) partially taxexempt interest on Government obligations, and (2) net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets received from common trust funds, each of which is reported in its respective source of income or dednction, and (3) dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to Mar. 28, 1942. which are reported in the schedule for interest on Government obligations but are tabulated separately. The net operating loss deduction is allowed to estates and trusts generally, and is deducted in computing the incon.e to be distributed. In the case of a common trust fund, however, this deduction is not allowed, but each participant's share of prior year income and losses of the fund is taken into account in determining his own net operating loss deduction.
${ }^{32}$ Other income includes alimony received, earnings of minors, prizes, sweepstakes, gambling profits, etc. The amount of dividends, interest, and annuities reported in one sum on the individual returns, Form 1040A, is tabulated as other income.
${ }^{33}$ A net loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is allowed only to the extent of the net income computed withont regard to capital gains and losses, or $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smaller. (This limitation does not apply to returns with fiscal years ending in the period July through November 1942.)
${ }^{34}$ Contributions include each partner's share of the charitable contributions made by the partnership of which he is a member.
${ }^{35}$ Such deductions exclude amounts reported in the schedules for (1) rents and royalties, and (2) business or profession.
${ }^{36}$ Losses from fire, storm, shipwreck, war, or other casualty, or from theft, not compensated for by insurance or otherwise.
${ }^{37}$ Medical and dental expenses paid for care of taxpayer, his wife, or a dependent, not compensated for hy insurance or otherwise, which exceed 5 percent of the net income computed without the deduction. This deductinn is li nited to $\$ 2,500$ in the case of husband and wife who file a joint return, or a head of a family, and to $\$ 1,250$ for all other individuals. Medical expenses were not allowed as a deduction in former years.
${ }^{39}$ Other deductions include alimony paid, net operating loss deduction, expenses incurred for the management and maintenance of property held for the production of taxable income, etc. The current year net loss from rents and royalties reported in sources of income is tabulated in other deductions. In tables 7 and $7-\mathrm{B}$ other deductions include losses from fire, storm, etc., and bad debts not enmpensated for bv insurance or otherwise, reported on fiduciary returns.

## ${ }^{39}$ Included in "Other income."

${ }^{40}$ Balance income (item 16, p. 1, Form 1041) is the income before dednction of the amount distributable to beneficiaries and is the excess of total income over total deductions (items 11 and 15 , respectively, p. 1, Form 1041).

4i Interest reccived from Government obligations tabulated in tables 9 and 10 , both partially taxexempt and taxable, is the amnunt of such iuterest before amortization of bond premium.
42 Includes interest on Trited States savings brinds and Treasury bonds issued prior to Mar. 1, 1941, on a principal amount not in excess of $\$ 5,000$ which is exempt from both the normal tax and surtax. (Data in table 9 , tabulated from line (e), column 3, schedule A, p. 2, Form 1040; data in table 10, tabulated from line (e), columns 3 (a) and (b), scherlule B, $] .2$, Form 1041.) Interest received on the principal amount in excess of $\$ 5,000$, which is subject only to surtax, is reported on line 5 (a), p. 1, Form 1040, and lines 5 (a) and (b), p. 1, Form 1041, and tabulated in the tables of this report showing sources of income as "Partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations."
${ }^{43}$ Interest on obligations issued prior to Mar. 1, 1941, of instrumentalities of the United States other than obligations issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act, or such act as amended, is subject to surtax only. (Data in table 9, tabulated from line (f), column 3, schedule A. p. 2, Form 1040; data in table 10, tabulated from line (f), colnmns 3 (a) and (b), schedule B, p. 2, Form 1041.) Such interest is reported on line 5 (a), p. 1, Form 1040, and lines 5 (a) and (b), p. 1, Form 1011, and tabulated in the tables of this report showing sources of income as "Partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations."

## HISTORICAL TABLES

## COMPOSITE DATA FOR INDIVIDUAL RETURNS AND TAXABLE FIDUCIARY RETURNS

14. Number of returns, net income, tax, and tax credits, 1913-42.
15. Number of returns, net income, tax, and effective tax rate, by net income classes, 1914-42.
16. Sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit, 1916-42.
17. Number of returns, net income, and total tax, by States, 1933-42.

Table 14.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1918-42: Number of returns, net income, tax before tax credits, tax credits, and tax; and individual returns with no net income, 1928-42: Number of returns and deficit
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | 1 | Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | Tax before tax credits ${ }^{3}$ |  |
|  | Total | Tasable | Nontaxable | Percent of total |  |  | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}}{\text { Normal }}$ | Surtax |
|  |  |  |  | Tax- <br> able | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { taxable } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| $1913{ }^{7}$ | 357, 598 |  |  |  |  | 3,900,000 | 12,729 | 15,525 |
| 1914 | 357, 515 |  |  |  |  | 4,000,000 | 16,559 | 24,487 |
| 1915 | 336, 652 |  |  |  |  | 4, 600, 000 | 23,996 | 43,948 |
| 1916 | 437,036 | 362,970 | 74,066 | 83 | 17 | 6, 298, 578 | 51, 441 | 121, 946 |
| 1917. | 3, 472, 890 | 2, 707, 234 | 765,656 | 78 | 22 | 13, 652, 383 | 156, 897 | 433, 346 |
| 1918. | 4, 425, 114 | 3, 392, 863 | 1, 032, 251 | 77 | 23 | 15, 924, 639 | 476, 433 | 651, 289 |
| 1919 | 5, 332, 760 | 4, 231, 181 | 1, 101, 579 | 79 | 21 | 19, 859, 491 | 468,165 | 801, 525 |
| 1920 | 7,259,944 | 5, 518, 310 | 1, 741, 634 | 76 | 24 | 23, 735, 629 | 478, 250 | 596, 804 |
| 1921 | 6, 662, 176 | 3, 589, 985 | 3, 072, 191 | 54 | 46 | 19, 577, 213 | 308, 059 | 411, 327 |
| 1922 | 6, 787, 481 | 3,681, 249 | 3; 106, 232 | 54 | 46 | 21, 336, 213 | 355, 410 | 474,581 |
| 1923. | 7, 698, 321 | 4, 270, 121 | 3, 428, 200 | 55 | 45 | ${ }^{9} 24,777,466$ | ${ }^{9} 10378,388$ | 910464,918 |
| 1924 | 7, 369,788 | 4, 489, 698 | 2, 880, 090 | 61 | 39 | 25, 656, 153 | 257, 795 | 437, 541 |
| 1925 | 4, 171, 051 | 2, 501, 166 | 1,669,885 | 60 | 40 | 21, 894,576 | 216, 360 | 432, 853 |
| 1926 | 4, 138, 092 | 2, 470,990 | 1, 667, 102 | 60 | 40 | 21, 958, 506 | 200,599 | 448, 330 |
| 1927. | 4, 101, 547 | 2, 440, 941 | 1,660, 606 | 59 | 41 | 22, 545, 091 | 215,817 | 511, 731 |
| 1928 | 4, 070, 851 | 2, 523, 063 | 1, 547, 788 | 61 | 39 | 25, 226, 327 | 281,895 | 688, 825 |
| 1929. | 4, 044,327 | 2, 458, 049 | 1,586, 278 | 61 | 39 | 24, 800, 736 | 162,332 | 582, 393 |
| 1930 | 3, 707, 509 | 2, 037, 645 | 1,669,864 | 55 | 45 | 18, 118, 635 | 129,475 | 316,816 |
| 1931 | 3, 225, 924 | 1, 525, 546 | 1, 700, 378 | 47 | 53 | 13, 604, 996 | 82, 302 | 186, 078 |
| 1932 | 3, 877,430 | 1,936, 095 | 1,941,335 | 50 | 50 | ${ }^{0} 11,655,909$ | 156, 606 | 239, 232 |
| 1933. | 3,723, 558 | 1, 747, 740 | 1,975, 818 | 47 | 53 | 11, 008,638 | 164, 277 | 244, 307 |
| 1934 | 4, 094, 420 | 1,795, 920 | 2,298.500 | 44 | 56 | $12,796,802$ | 123, 261 | 388, 139 |
| 1935 | 4, 575, 012 | 2, 110, 890 | 2, 464, 122 | 46 | 54 | 14, 909, 812 | 152,814 | 504, 625 |
| 1936 | 5, 413, 499 | 2, 861, 108 | 2, 552, 391 | 53 | 47 | 19, 240, 110 | 330, 197 | 883, 820 |
| 1937 | 6, 350, 148 | 3, 371, 443 | 2,978, 705 | 53 | 47 | 21, 238, 574 | 334, 550 | 807, 019 |
| 1938 | 6, 203, 657 | 3, 048, 545 | 3, 155, 112 | 49 | 51 | 18, 897, 374 | 228, 102 | 258, 209 |
| 1939 | 7,633, 199 | 3, 959, 297 | 3, 673, 902 | 52 | 48 | 23, 191, 871 | 286, 345 | 313, 518 |
| 1940 | 14, 665, 462 | 7,504,649 | 7, 160, 813 | 51 | 49 | 36,588, 546 | 388, 950 | 435, 331 |
| 1941 | 25, 854, 973 | 17, 587, 471 | 8, 267, 502 | 68 | 32 | 58, 868, 025 | 556, 019 | 1,927, 715 |
| 1942 | 36,537, 593 | 27, 718, 534 | 8,819,059 | 76 | 24 | 78, 889,362 | 1,445, 042 | 5, 720, 130 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-260.

Table 14.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1913-42:' Number of returns, net income, tax before tax credits, tax credits, and tax; and individual returns with no net income, 1928-42: Number of returns and deficit-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income 1 Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  | Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Tax before tax credits ${ }^{3}$ - Con . |  |  | Tax credits |  |  | Tax ${ }^{3}$ | Number of returns | Deficit |
|  | Alternative tax ${ }^{4}$ | Tax on capital net gain, $121 / 2$ percent | Total ${ }^{3}$ | 25 percent of tax on earned net income ${ }^{5}$ | 121/2 percent on capital net loss from sale of assets held more than 2 years | Total |  |  |  |
| $1913{ }^{7}$ |  |  | 28,254 |  |  |  | 28,254 |  |  |
| 1914 |  |  | 41,046 |  |  |  | 41,046 |  |  |
| 1915 |  |  | 67, 944 |  |  |  | 67,944 |  | -------- |
| 1916 |  |  | 173,387 |  |  |  | 173, 387 |  |  |
| 1917 |  |  | ${ }^{8} 795,381$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{8} 795,381$ |  |  |
| 1918 |  |  | 1, 127, 722 |  |  |  | 1,127, 722 |  |  |
| 1919 |  |  | 1,269,630 |  |  |  | 1, 269,630 |  |  |
| 1920 |  |  | 1,075, 054 |  |  |  | 1,075, 054 |  |  |
| 1921 |  |  | 719,387 |  |  |  | 719,387 |  |  |
| 1922 |  | 31,066 | 861,057 |  |  |  | 861, 057 |  |  |
| 1923 |  | 1038,916 | - 10882, 222 |  |  | ${ }^{11} 220,555$ | - 12661,666 |  |  |
| 1924 |  | 48, 603 | 743, 939 | 30, 637 | 9, 036 | 39, 673 | 704, 265 |  |  |
| 1925. |  | 117,571 | 766, 784 | 24,570 | 7, 659 | 32, 229 | 734, 555 |  |  |
| 1926 |  | 112, 510 | 761, 440 | 24, 647 | 4,322 | 28,969 | 732, 471 |  |  |
| 1927 |  | 134, 034 | 861, 582 | 24,915 | 6, 028 | 30, 943 | 830, 639 |  |  |
| 1928 |  | 233,451 | 1,204, 170 | 34, 990 | 5,126 | 39, 916 | 1,164, 254 | 72, 829 | 499, 213 |
| 1929 |  | 284, 654 | 1, 029,379 | 22, 062 | 5,378 | 27, 441 | 1,001,938 | 92,545 | 1, 025, 130 |
| 1930 |  | 65, 422 | 511, 713 | 24,886 | 10,112 | 34, 998 | 476, 715 | 144, 867 | 1,539, 452 |
| 1931 |  | 19,423 | 287, 803 | 17,491 | 24,185 | 41,676 | 246, 127 | 184, 583 | 1,936,878 |
| 1932 |  | 6,039 | 401, 877 |  | 71,915 | 71,915 | 329,962 | 206, 293 | 1, 490, 922 |
| $1933$ |  | 16,435 | 425, 019 |  | 50, 899 | 50, 899 | 374, 120 | 168, 449 | 1, 141,331 |
| 1935 |  |  | 511, 400 |  |  |  | 511, 400 | 104, 170 | 412,859 |
| 1936 |  |  | 1, 214,017 |  |  |  | 1,214, 017 | 94,609 73,272 | 391,353 296,632 |
| 1937 |  |  | 1, 141, 569 |  |  |  | 1,141, 569 | 83, 904 | 308, 518 |
| 1938 | 279, 522 |  | 765, 833 |  |  |  | 765, 833 | 100, 233 | 354, 156 |
| 1939 | 328, 832 |  | 928,694 |  |  |  | 928, 694 | 82, 461 | 284,327 |
| 1940 | 543, 772 |  | 1, 496, 403 |  |  |  | 1,496, 403 | 112,697 | 311,385 |
| 1941 | 1. 094, 587 |  | 3, 907,951 |  |  |  | 3, 907, 951 | 99, 828 | 292, 023 |
| 1942 | 443,593 |  | 8,926, 712 |  |  |  | 8, 926, 712 | 163,136 | 198,598 |

For footnotes, see p. 259-260.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-42; net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-42; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income, 1928-42
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes | Number of returns ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1914 | 1915 | $1916{ }^{14}$ | 1917 | 1918 | 1919 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 2 |  |  |  | 1,640,758 | 1, $1.16,938$ | 1,924, 8 87 |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ under 3 | 149, 279 | 127, 994 | 157, 149 | 560,763 | 1,932,336 | 1, 180, 488 |
| 5 under 10 | 127, 448 | 120, 402 | 150, 553 | 270, 666 | 319, 356 | 438, 851 |
| 10 under 25 | 58,603 | 60, 284 | 80, 880 | 112, 502 | 116, 569 | 162,485 |
| 25 under 50 | 14, 676 | 17,301 | ${ }^{23,734}$ | 30, 391 | 28, 542 | 37, 477 |
| 500 under 100 |  | 6, 847 | 10, 452 | 12, 439 | ${ }^{9,996}$ | 13, 320 |
|  | 1,189 | 1,793 | 2,900 | 3,302 | 2,358 |  |
| 150 under | 769 | 1,326 | 2, 437 | 2, 345 | 1,514 | 1,864 |
|  | 216 | 376 | ${ }_{714}$ | 559 |  |  |
| (en $\begin{aligned} & 300 \text { under } \\ & 500 \\ & 1,000 \\ & \text { under and }\end{aligned}$ | 114 |  |  | 315 |  | 189 |
|  |  |  | 206 | 141 |  |  |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income | 357, 515 | 336, 652 | 429, 401 | 3, 472, 890 | 4, 425, 114 | 5, 332, 760 |
| Net income classes | Number of returns ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1920 | 1921 | 1922 | 1923 | 1924 | 1925 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 9 | $\begin{array}{r} 402,076 \\ 2,471,181 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 368,502 \\ 2,523,150 \end{array}$ | 344, 876 | 98, 178 |
| ${ }_{2}^{1}$ under 2 | 2, ${ }_{2}^{2,571,950}$ | 2. ${ }_{\text {2. }}^{240,544}$ |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{2,413,8812,993}$ | 1,071,992 |
| 3 under 5 | 1, 337, 116 | 1,072, 146 | 1, 190, 115 | 1,719, 625 | 1, 800, 900 | 1,327,683 |
| 5 under 10 | 455, 442 | 353, 247 | 391, 373 | ${ }^{387,842}$ | 437, 330 | 503, 652 |
| 10 under 25 | 171,830 | 132, 344 | 151,329 | 170, 095 | 191, 216 | 236, 779 |
| 25 under 50 | 38, 548 |  | 3, 312008 | 12,452 | ${ }_{15,516}$ | ${ }_{20}^{29,958}$ |
| 50 under 100 | 12, 2191 | 1,367 | 2,171 | ${ }_{2} 1339$ | 3,065 |  |
| 150 under 300 | 1, 12,193 |  | 1,323 | 1,301 | 1,876 | 3,223 |
| 1500 under 5000 - |  |  | 309 |  |  |  |
| 500 under 500 | ${ }_{123}^{239}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,000 and over. |  |  | ${ }_{67}$ | $\begin{array}{r}141 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{75}^{242}$ | ${ }_{207}^{49}$ |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income | 7, 259,944 | 6, 662, 176 | 6,787, 481 | 7,698, 321 | 7,369,788 | 4, 171, 051 |
| Net income classes | Number of returns ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1926 | 1927 | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 119,513 $1,045,519$ | 126,745 | 111, 123 | ${ }_{903,082}^{126,172}$ | 150,000 909,155 | 185, 891 |
|  | 1837, 792 | 855, 762 | 8337, $7 \times 1$ | 810, 347 | 767 ,684 | 675,019 |
| 335 under5 | 1, 240, 400 | 1,269, 345 | 1, 192, 613 | 1,172, 655 | 1,070,239 | 912,630 |
|  | 560, 519 | ${ }^{567,700}$ | ${ }^{6288} \times 686$ | 658,039 | 550,977 | 417,655 |
| 10 under 25 | 246, 330 | 252, 079 | 270,889 | 271, 454 | 198, 762 | 137, 754 |
| 25 under 50 | 57, 887 | ${ }^{60,123}$ | 68, 048 | - 63,689 | 40, 845 | 24. 308 |
| 50 under 100. | 20, 520 | 22, 573 | 27, 207 | 24,073 | 13,645 |  |
|  | 4, ${ }_{3}^{4,267}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}7,049 \\ 5,678 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6, <br> 5,310 <br> , 310 | 2, ${ }_{\text {2, }}^{111}$ | 1,056 |
| 150 under 300 300 under 500 | ${ }_{892}$ | 1,141 | 1,756 | 1,641 |  |  |
| 300 under 500 |  |  |  |  | 318 | 149 |
| 1,000 and over | 231 | 290 | 511 | 513 | 150 |  |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income | 4, 138, 092 | 4, 101, 547 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,070,851 \\ 72,829 \end{array}$ | 4, 044,32792,545 | 3, 707, 509 | 3, 225, ¢24 |
| Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{6}$. |  |  |  |  | 144, 867 | 184, 583 |
| Grand total | 4, 138, 092 | 4, 101, 547 | 4, 143, 680 | 4, 136, 872 | 3,852, 376 | 3,410, 507 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-260.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-42; net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-42; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income, 1928-42-Con.
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes | Number of returns ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 359, 688 | 397, 676 | 320,460 | 299, 594 | 277, 803 | - 297, 143 |
| 1 Under 2 | 1,489, 589 | 1,480, 717 | 1,605, 095 | 1,777,931 | 2,111,789 | 2, 524,763 |
| 2 under 3 | 967,956 | 914, 198 | 980, 682 | 1, 123, 699 | 1,317,752 | 1,571,996 |
| 3 under 5 | 703, 755 | 599, 075 | 762, 536 | 873,673 | 1, 029, 144 | 1, 251,213 |
| 5 under 10 | 251, 014 | 229, 754 | 290, 824 | 339, 842 | 440,886 | 471,171 |
| 10 under 25 | 79, 210 | 75, 643 | 102, 892 | 123, 564 | 176,649 | 178,446 |
| 25 under 50 | 18, 480 | 18,423 | 20,931 | 26,029 | 41, 137 | 38,948 |
| 50 under 100 | 5,902 | 6, 021 | 6,093 | 8, 033 | 13,620 | 12, 318 |
| 100 under 150 | 995 | 1,084 | 982 | 1,395 | 2,606 | 2,269 |
| 150 under 300 | 595 | 695 | 690 | 896 | 1,544 | 1,358 |
| 300 under 500 | 140 | 141 | 116 | 206 | 330 | 312 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 86 | 81 | 86 | 109 | 178 | 162 |
| 1,000 and over | 20 | 50 | 33 | 41 | 61 | 49 |
| Total individual and taxable |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| fiduciary returns, with net income | 3, 877, 430 | 3,723, 558 | 4,094,420 | $4,575,012$ | 5, 413,499 | 6,350, 148 |
| Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{6}$ | 206, 293 | 168,449 | 104,170 | 94,609 | 73,272 | 83,904 |
| Grand total | 4,083, 723 | 3, 892, 007 | 4, 198, 590 | 4,669,621 | 5,486,771 | 6,434,052 |


| Net income classes | Number of returns ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 389, 871 | 374, 223 | 1,941, 122 | 1, 976, 368 | 3, 228, 706 |
| $1 \begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 2\end{aligned}$ under 2 | 2, 433, 949 | 3, 036, 444 | 5, 5 26, 595 | 5, 754, 402 | 7, 5 , 430, 627 |
| 3 under 5 | 1, 614, 982 | $2,060,540$ $1,468,402$ | 1,652, 825 | 2, 199, 668 | 3, 3 , 422,331 |
| 5 under 10 | 415,596 | 484, 698 | 539, 159 | 636, 901 | 785, 785 |
| 10 under 25 | 140, 781 | 164, 707 | 189, 291 | 243, 081 | 300, 161 |
| 25 under 50 | 26,336 | 31,992 | 37, 264 | 49,521 | 65, 137 |
| 50 under 100 | 7,259 | 9, 272 | 10,673 | 14,850 | 19,793 |
| 100 under 150. | 1,326 | 1,618 | 1,964 | 2, 784 | 3, 585 |
| 150 under 300 | 766 | 935 | 1,131 | 1,620 | 1,985 |
| 300 under 500 | 207 | 212 | 267 | 367 | 415 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 118 | 111 | 128 | 169 | 199 |
| 1,000 and over | 57 | 45 | 52 | 57 | 0 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns with net income $\qquad$ | 6, 203, 657 | 7,633,199 | 14, 665, 462 | 25, 854, 973 | 36, 537, 593 |
| Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{6}$ - .- | 100, 233 | 82, 461 | 112, 697 | 99,828 | 163, 136 |
| Grand total. | 6, 303, 890 | 7,715,660 | 14, 778, 159 | 25, 954, 801 | 36, 700, 729 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-260.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-42; net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-42; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income, 1928-42-Con.
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


| Net income classes | Net income ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 |
| Individual returnsand taxable fiduciary returns, with net incone: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 64,535 | 73, 742 | 86,892 | 106, 622 | 231, 140 | 264, 784 |
| 1 under 2 | 1,526, 832 | 1,499, 908 | 1,494,526 | 1,399, 430 | 2, 145, 834 | 2, 093, 292 |
| 2 under 3 | 2, 030, 901 | 1,958,595 | 1, 864, 162 | 1,641,594 | 2, 437, 251 | 2, 295,586 |
| 3 under 5 | 4, 648, 098 | 4, 572,596 | 4,151, 967 | 3, 515, 716 | - 2, 597, 915 | 2, 207, 458 |
| 5 under 10 | 4,282,520 | 4,481,576 | 3, 723, 763 | 2, 807, 00 I | 1,677, 039 | 1, 537, 875 |
| 10 under 25 | 4, 037, 853 | 4, 025, 233 | 2,922, 750 | 2,006, 721 | I, 160, 398 | 1,112,086 |
| 25 under 50 | 2, 326,503 | 2, 174, 458 | 1,383, 619 | 820, 648 | 629,639 | 630, 005 |
| 50 under 100 | 1,857,878 | 1,646,476 | 919, 040 | 528, 049 | 393, 206 | 401, 049 |
| 100 under 150 | 850, 451 | 770, 536 | 374, 171 | 196, 598 | 119,896 | 129, 159 |
| 150 under 300 | 1,157, 131 | 1,087, 410 | 419, 016 | 212, 059 | 118,008 | 139, 215 |
| 300 under 500 | 663,900 | 628, 229 | 207, 131 | 102, 186 | 52,469 | 54, 570 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 670,862 | 669,878 | 211,693 | 102,311 | 57, 874 | 56, 700 |
| 1,000 and over | 1, 108, 863 | 1, 212, 099 | 359,905 | 166,060 | 35,240 | 86,857 |
| Total individua! and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| taxable fiduciary returns, with net ineome. | 25, 226, 327 | 24, 800, 736 | 18, 118, 635 | 13,604,996 | 911,655, 909 | 11, 008, 638 |
| Individual returns with no |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| net income ${ }^{6}$-.-.-.-.-........- | 15499,213 | ${ }^{15} 1,025,130$ | 131, 539, 452 | ${ }^{15} 1,936,878$ | ${ }^{16} 1,480,922$ | $161,141,331$ |

For footnotes, soe pp. 259-260.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of rcturns, 1914-42; net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-42; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income, 1928-42-Con.
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes | Net income ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: 1 |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| Under 1--.---------------- | 211, 113 | 198, 900 | 187, 113 | 202, 401 | 259, 833 | 253, 911 |
| 1 under 2 | 2,277, 726 | 2,534, 828 | 3, 011, 409 | 3, 592, 283 | 3.430, 143 | 4, 327, 850 |
| 2 under 3 | 2,467, 851 | 2,831, 583 | 3, 325, 252 | 3,980, 864 | 4,091,500 | 5, 201,699 |
| 3 under 5 | 2, 839,348 | 3,249, 107 | 3.821, 708 | 4,646, 965 | 4, 317, 709 | 5, 434, 218 |
| 5 under 10 | 1,952, 891 | 2,2¢3, 402 | 2. 977,790 | 3, 170, 571 | 2, 783, 893 | 3, 241, 405 |
| 10 under 25 | 1,513.592 | 1,822.271 | 2. 628,692 | 2, 639,518 | 2,059, 779 | 2, 416, 728 |
| 25 under 50 | 708,530 | 882, 309 | 1, 400, 493 | 1, 319, 431 | 886. 398 | 1,079.972 |
| 50 under 100 | 405,976 | 535, 772 | -913, 518 | 824, 261 | 484, 768 | 617,798 |
| 100 under 150 | 117, 744 | 166, 379 | 311. 279 | 272,264 | 158, 413 | 193, 959 |
| 150 under 300 | 140, 860 | 179,911 | 307, 930 | 272, 724 | 154,996 | 187, 482 |
| 300 under 500 | 43, 832 | 77, 907 | 124, 523 | 117,477 | 78. 441 | 81,387 |
| 500 under 1,000...----------- | 59, 464 | 73, 811 | 122762 | 114,399 | 81, 396 | 74,090 |
| 1,000 and over.----------------- | 57, 775 | 73,630 | 107, 641 | 85, 416 | 110, 103 | 81, 370 |
| Total individual and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| turns, with net income | 12, 796, 802 | 14, 909, 812 | 19, 240, 110 | 21, 238, 574 | 18, 897, 374 | 23, 191, 871 |
| Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{6}$ | 15412,859 | 15381,353 | ${ }^{15} 286,632$ | ${ }^{15} 308,518$ | ${ }^{15} 354,156$ | 15 284, 327 |


| Net income classes | Net income ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: 1 |  |  |  |
|  | 1,525, 260 | $17,531,107$ $1,429,168$ | $25,715,974$ $2,120,387$ |
| 1 under 2 | 7,361, 338 | 8, 872, 128 | 10, 869, 168 |
| 2 under 3. | 12, 583, 632 | 11. 479,181 | 13, 294, 849 |
| 3 under 5 | 6, 014, 768 | 8,000, 997 | 12, 453, 166 |
| 5 under 10 | 3, 604, 433 | 4, 286, 515 | 5, 254, 452 |
| 10 under 25 | 2, 785, 641 | 3, 583, 574 | 4, 452, 963 |
| 25 under 50 | 1, 257, 686 | 1, 673,403 | 2, 201, 992 |
| 50 under 100 | 712, 495 | 994. 006 | 1, 324, 652 |
| 100 under 150 | 235, 754 | 333.998 | 431, 323 |
| 150 under 300 | 226, 596 | 322, 432 | 394, 634 |
| 300 under 500 | 101, 756 | 139, 765 | 156. 857 |
| 500 under 1,000. | 84, 224 | 115, 661 | 132,358 |
| 1,000 and over- | 95, 564 | 106, 091 | 86, 586 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduicary returns, with net income Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{6}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 36,588,546 \\ 15 \\ 311,385 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 58,868.025 \\ 15 \\ 292,023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 78,889,362 \\ 15 \\ 198.598 \end{array}$ |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-260.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net ineome classes: Number of returns, 1914-42; net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-42; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income, 1928-42-Con.
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes | Tax ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1916 | 1917 | 1918 | 1919 | 1920 | 1921 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: 1 <br> Under 1 $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 2 |  | 16,244 | 26,482 | 24, 696 | 36, 860 | 29, 161 |
| 2 under 3 |  | 9,097 | 35, 415 | 28, 258 | 45,508 | 20, 712 |
| 3 under 5 | 776 | 18. 283 | 82, 929 | 75, 915 | 83, 496 | 42, 744 |
| 5 under 10 | 6,301 | 44,066 | 93, 058 | 91,538 | 97, 886 | 68, 871 |
| 10 under 25 | 11,637 | 80, 695 | 142, 449 | 164, 833 | 172, 259 | 126, 886 |
| 25 under 50 | 11,603 | 76,593 | 130, 241 | 154, 946 | 154, 265 | 112,910 |
| 50 under 100 | 16, 299 | 85, 028 | 147, 429 | 186, 358 | 163, 718 | 115, 712 |
| 100 under 150 | 12. 423 | 55, 766 | 95, 680 | 118, 705 | 86. 588 | 52,330 |
| 150 under 300 | 24, 007 | 86, 718 | 136, 156 | 163,095 | 92.604 | 61, 496 |
| 300 under 500 | 17,951 | 50,228 | 79, 165 | 86,031 | 47,043 | 31, 860 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 20,902 | 59.349 | 69, 834 | 76,228 | 45, 641 | 25, 112 |
| 1,000 and over | 51,487 | 109, 425 | 88,885 | 99,027 | 49,185 | 31, 420 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income. $\qquad$ | 173,387 | 691,493 | 1, 127, 722 | d, 269,630 | 1,075, 054 | 719,387 |


| Net income classes | Tax ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1922 | . 1923 | 1924 | 1925 | 1926 | 1927 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: Under 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 247 | 317 | 146 | 69 | 56 | 40 |
| 1 under 2 | 27,081 | $\bigcirc 18,253$ | 10, 432 | 1,704 | 1.761 | 1,234 |
| 2 under 3 - | 20,730 | ${ }^{9} 16,606$ | 10.207 | 3, 809 | 4.217 | 3,970 |
| 3 under 5 | 47,533 | ${ }^{9} 46,048$ | 26, 865 | 8,326 | 7,245 | 6,508 |
| 5 under 10 | 70, 388 | ${ }^{\bullet} 54,075$ | 28,828 | 19,149 | 20,272 | 20,665 |
| 10 under 25 | 123, 576 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{103,1} 109$ | 78,069 | 74, 172 | 72, 465 | 74, 226 |
| 25 under 50 | 125, 697 | 103. 601 | 109,360 | 120,689 | 112,797 | 119,475 |
| 50 under 100 | 144,093 | 108, 879 | 136, 636 | 147, 843 | 140,947 | 156, 675 |
| 100 under 150 | 71, 337 | 55. 719 | 75,678 | 79,472 | 77, 900 | 87, 398 |
| 150 under 300 | 98, 810 | 62, 104 | 92. 481 | 103,059 | 103, 997 | 123,776 |
| 300 under 500 | 43, 488 | 31, 669 | 45,771 | 55, 722 | 55, 256 | 73,750 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 38, 559 | 25,498 | 42,585 | 53, 674 | 53,665 | 64, 265 |
| 1,000 and over- | 49, 518 | 35,788 | 47, 207 | 66, 867 | 81, 893 | 98, 657 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income. | 861,057 | ${ }^{\text {- }} 661,666$ | 704, 265 | 734, 555 | 732,471 | 830,639 |


| Net income classes | Tax ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1.....-----.............-- | 60 | 17 | 37 | 24 | 103 | 97 |
| 1 under 2 - | 1,550 | 553 | 1,269 | 943 | 12,254 | 10, 345 |
| 2 under 3 | 4. 317 | 1,404 | 3. 310 | 2, 466 | 9, 822 | 7,710 |
| 3 under 5. | 7,475 | 2, 413 | 5,352 | 3,832 | 20, 895 | 18,397 |
| 5 under 10 | 22, 896 | 9, 551 | 17,448 | 12,407 | 35, 615 | 35, 077 |
| 10 under 25 | 82, 758 | 59, 893 | 49,561 | 31, 897 | 50, 150 | 54,977 |
| 25 under 50 | 136, 568 | 113, 904 | 72, 708 | 40, 096 | 4.3, 546 | 52,355 |
| 50 under 100 | 194, 447 | 160, 814 | 87, 379 | 44, 780 | 47, 150 | 57,491 |
| 100 under 150 | 116, 855 | 99, 560 | 48, 749 | 23, 135 | 24,469 | 30, 369 |
| 150 under 300 | 182, 514 | 159, 221 | 62, 463 | 28, 793 | 31,912 | 40,412 |
| 300 under 500 | 113, 250 | 97,336 | 33,053 | 15, 411 | 18. 554 | 17,910 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 116, 424 | 106, 219 | 34.289 | 15,457 | 19,016 | 21. 221 |
| 1,000 and over | 185, 140 | 191, 054 | 61,098 | 26,886 | 16,476 | 27,759 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income. $\qquad$ | 1,164, 254 | 1,001, 938 | 476, 715 | 246, 127 | 329, 962 | 374, 120 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-260.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-42; net income, tax, and effective tax rate. 1916-42; also aggregatefor individual returns with no net income, 1928-42-Con.
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes | Tax ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | - 1937 | 1938 | 1939 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 111 | 125 | 331 | 468 | 719 | 744 |
| 1 under 2 | 8,659 | 10,058 | 14,010 | 17, 262 | 15, 202 | 21, 422 |
| 2 under 3 | 7,567 | 9,311 | 13,988 | 15,622 | 13, 789 | 21, 374 |
| 3 under 5 | 18,349 | 20,738 | 32, 232 | 38, 852 | 33, 920 | 47, 424 |
| 5 under 10 | 43, 086 | 48,728 | 79,369 | 83, 529 | 71,654 | 83, 430 |
| 10 under 25 | 83,960 | 103,754 | 175, 613 | 175, 709 | 134, 162 | 158, 156 |
| 25 under 50 | 84,907 | 106,670 | 191, 339 | 179, 395 | 120, 594 | 146, 937 |
| 50 under 100 | 84, 792 | 112,816 | 216, 045 | 194, 507 | 116,989 | 146, 686 |
| 100 under 150 | 38, 166 | 54, 132 | 116, 156 | 102, 062 | 58, 224 | 71,970 |
| 150 under 300 | 57,995 | 74,039 | 147, 381 | 131, 060 | 69,744 | 88, 234 |
| 300 under 500 | 20,854 | 37, 245 | 71,470 | 67, 459 | 39, 832 | 44, 237 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 30, 745 | 35, 323 | 78,945 | 74, 156 | 42, 353 | 44,598 |
| 1,000 and over | 32,211 | 41,499 | 77,138 | 61,457 | 48,035 | 53, 181 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income | 511, 400 | 657, 439 | 1,214, 017 | 1,141,569 | 765,218 | 928, 394 |
| Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  | 615 | 300 |
| Grand total | 511, 400 | 657, 439 | 1,214, 017 | 1,141,569 | 765, 833 | 928, 694 |


| Net income classes | Tax ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{1}$ <br> Under 3, Optional Form 1040A, not distributed |  | 328,479 | 1,317,947 |
|  | 2,115 | 11, 308 | 1, 80, 802 |
| 1 under 2 | 57, 727 | 140, 676 | 496, 013 |
| 2 under 3. | 49,826 | 298, 698 | 963, 892 |
| 3 under 5 under 10 | 78, 830 | 408,916 | 1, 376,442 |
| 5 under 10 10 | 119,541 | 406, 4988 | 904,148 $1,231,202$ |
| 25 under 50 | 270, 956 | 574, 217 | 1, 231, 948,162 |
| 50 under 100 | 251, 414 | 462, 842 | 742, 361 |
| 100 under 150 | 110, 629 | 181,958 | 286, 405 |
| 150 under 300 | 122, 832 | 187, 259 | 287, 693 |
| 300 under 500 | 61,041 | 83,779 | 122,470 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 51, 173 | 71,991 | 183,829 |
| 1,000 and over- | 66,619 | 65, 756 | 65, 346 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income <br> Individual returns with no net income | 1, 495, 930 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,905,625 \\ 2,326 \end{array}$ | 8, 926, 712 |
| Grand total | 1, 496, 403 | 3,907, 951 | 8,926, 712 |

For footnotes, sec pp. 259-260.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-42; net income, tax, and effective trx rate, 1916-42; also aggregate for individual returns with no net income, 1928-42-Con.
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes | Effective tax rate (percent) ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1916 | 1917 | 1918 | 1919 | 1920 | 1921 | 1922 | 1923 | 1924 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 2 |  | 0.66 | 1. 19 | 0.87 | 0.91 | . 81 | . 75 | . 49 | . 29 |
| 2 under 3 |  | . 44 | . 98 | . 74 | . 74 | . 39 | . 40 | . 27 | . 19 |
| 3 under 5 | 0.12 | 86 | 2.35 | 1. 68 | 1. 66 | 1. 05 | 1. 06 | . 71 | . 39 |
| 5 under 10 | . 61 | 2.41 | 4.34 | 3. 10 | 3.19 | 2. 90 | 2. 66 | 2. 04 | . 96 |
| 10 under 25 | 94 | 4.78 | 8.20 | 6. 83 | 6. 76 | 6. 48 | 5. 48 | 4.06 | 2. 73 |
| 25 under 50 | 1.41 | 7.34 | 13.32 | 12.13 | 11.80 | 11. 53 | 10. 40 | 7.67 | 6.84 |
| 50 under 100 | 2.25 | 10. 04 | 21.69 | 20.79 | 20.20 | 19.87 | 17. 89 | 13. 06 | 12.81 |
| 100 under 150 | 3.48 | 13.92 | 33.68 | 33.12 | 32.61 | 32. 00 | 27.42 | 19.85 | 20.04 |
| 150 under 300 | 4. 75 | 18. 27 | 44.64 | 43. 94 | 43.04 | 42. 14 | 37.03 | 23.83 | 24.69 |
| 300 under 500 | 6. 60 | 23.93 | 54.77 | 54. 08 | 52, 67 | 51.94 | 37.27 | 25. 42 | 26.73 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 8.14 | 27.63 | 58.65 | 59.42 | 57.08 | 58. 70 | 35. 81 | 26.81 | 26.87 |
| 1,000 and over | 11.09 | 35. 65 | 64.65 | 64.87 | 63.81 | 63. 59 | 35. 02 | 23. 53 | 30.27 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income | 2. 75 | 5. 06 | 7.08 | 6. 39 | 4.53 | 3. 67 | 4.04 | 2. 67 | 2. 74 |
| Net income classes | Effective tax rate (percent) ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1925 | 1926 | 1927 | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 2 | . 10 | . 10 | . 07 | . 10 | . 04 | . 08 | . 07 | . 57 | . 49 |
| 2 under 3 | . 19 | . 21 | . 19 | . 21 | . 07 | . 18 | . 15 | . 40 | . 34 |
| 3 under 5 | . 16 | . 15 | . 14 | . 16 | . 05 | . 13 | . 11 | . 80 | . 83 |
| 5 under 10 | . 55 | . 52 | . 53 | . 53 | . 21 | . 47 | . 44 | 2. 12 | 2. 28 |
| 10 under 25 | 2. 09 | 1.98 | 1.98 | 2. 05 | 1. 49 | 1. 70 | 1. 59 | 4.32 | 4.94 |
| 25 under 50 | 5. 94 | 5. 77 | 5. 82 | 5.87 | 5. 24 | 5. 25 | 4.89 | 6. 92 | 8. 31 |
| 50 under 100 | 10. 42 | 10.14 | 10. 20 | 10. 47 | 9.77 | 9.51 | 8.48 | 11.99 | 14. 34 |
| 100 under 150 | 13.87 | 13.66 | 13. 74 | 13. 74 | 12.92 | 13. 03 | 11.77 | 20.41 | 23. 51 |
| 150 under 300 | 15.73 | 15.72 | 15. 72 | 15. 77 | 14. 64 | 14.91 | 13. 58 | 27.04 | 29.03 |
| 300 under 500 | 16.40 | 16.24 | 17. 11 | 17. 06 | 15. 49 | 15.96 | 15. 08 | 35. 36 | 32.82 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 16. 39 | 16.88 | 16. 99 | 17.35 | 15. 86 | 16. 20 | 15.11 | 32.86 | 37.43 |
| 1,000 and over | 15. 83 | 16. 56 | 16. 42 | 16. 70 | 15.76 | 16.98. | 16. 19 | 46.75 | 31. 96 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income... | 3.35 | 3.33 | 3.68 | 4. 62 | 4.04 | 2.63 | 1.81 | 2.83 | 3.40 |
| Net income classes | Effective tax rate (percent) ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{1}$ <br> Under 3, Optional Form <br> 1040A, not distributed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5. 13 |
| Under 1----------------- | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.18 | 0.23 | 0.28 | 0.29 | 0.14 |  | 3. 81 4.56 |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ under ${ }^{2}$ | .38 .31 | . 40 | .47 .42 | .48 <br> .39 | $\begin{aligned} & .44 \\ & .34 \end{aligned}$ | .49 .41 | .78 .40 | $\begin{array}{r} .79 \\ 1.59 \end{array}$ | 7.25 |
| 3 under 5 | -. 65 | . 64 | . 84 | -.84 | .79 .79 | -. 872. 57P | 1. 31 | 5. 11 |  |
| 5 under 10 | 2.21 <br> 5.55 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2. } \\ \text { 5. } 69 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 2.676.68 | 2. 6.68 | 2. 57 |  | 3. 329.099. |  | 11.05 17.21 27.65 |
| 10 under 25 |  |  |  |  |  | 2. 57 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9.48 \\ 19.07 \end{array}$ | 27.6543.06 |
| 25 under 50 | 11.9820.89 | 12. 09 | 13. 66 | 13. 6623. 6023. | 13.60 | 13. 61 | 9. $\begin{array}{r}\text { 91 } \\ \text { 21. } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.07 \\ & 34.31 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 50 under 100 |  | 21.06 <br> 32.54 <br> 1 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 24.13 \\ & 36.75 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23.74 \\ & 37.11 \end{aligned}$ | 35. 29 | 46. 5654.48 | 43.06 56.04 |
| 100 under 150 | 32.4141.14 |  | 23. 65 | 23. 60 |  |  | 46. 93 |  | 66. 40 |
| 150 under 300 |  | 41. 15 | 47.8657.40 | 48.0657.45 | 45. 0050.78 | $\begin{aligned} & 47.06 \\ & 54.35 \end{aligned}$ | 54.21 | 54.48 58.08 |  |
| 300 under 500 | 41.1447.5851.70 |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 59.99 \\ & 60.76 \\ & 69.71 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 59.94 \\ & 62.24 \\ & 61.98 \end{aligned}$ | 72.90 78.08 |
| 500 under 1,000 |  | 51. 92$56.36$ | $\begin{aligned} & 64.31 \\ & 71.66 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 64.82 \\ & 71.95 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 52.03 \\ & 43.63 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60.19 \\ & 65.36 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 78.4575.47 |
| 1,000 and over | 55.75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net in-income......----.---- | 4.00 | 4.41 | 6.31 | 5.37 | 4. 05 | 4.00 | 4. 09 | 6. 63 | $11.32$ |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-260.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, ${ }^{1}$ 1916-42, and individual returns with no net income, ${ }^{8} 1928-42$; Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with net ineome of $\$ 5,000$ and over: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit

PART I.-ALL RETURNS
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Distribution | 1916 | $1917{ }^{16}$ | 1918 | 1919 | 1920 | 1921 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of returns. | 14 429, 401 | 1,832, 132 | 4, 425, 114 | 5,332, 760 | 7, 259,944 | 6,662, 176 |
| Sources of income: ${ }^{17}$ <br> Salaries, wages, commissions, etc. ${ }^{18}$ | 1, 851, 277 | 3, 648, 438 | 8, 267, 392 | 10,755, 693 | 015,322,873 | 13, 813, 169 |
| Business profit 18 |  | 2, 865, 413 | 3, 124, 355 | 3, 877, 550 | ${ }^{0} 3,215,555$ | 2, 366, 319 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{20}$ |  | 775, 087 | 1,214,914 | 1,831,430 | ${ }^{1} 1,706,229$ | 1, 341, 186 |
| Profit from sale of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc. $\qquad$ | 2, 637, 475 | 318, 171 | 291, 186 | 999, 364 | 1,020,543 | 462, 859 |
| Rents and royalties | 643, 803 | 684, 343 | 975, 680 | 1,019, 094 | 1, 047, 424 | 1,177, 958 |
| Dividends received ${ }^{21}$------ | 2, 136,469 | 2, 848,842 | 2, 468, 749 | 2, 453,775 | 2, 735,846 | 2, 476, 952 |
| Income from fiduciaries ${ }^{22}-$ Partially tax-exempt inobligations ${ }^{23}$................. | 379, 795 | 936, 715 | ${ }^{(39)}$ | ${ }^{(39)}$ | $\left.{ }^{(39}\right)$ | ${ }^{(39)}$ |
| Interest and other in- come ${ }^{24}$-..................... | 701, 084 |  | 1, 403, 486 | $\left\{\begin{array}{r}63,377 \\ 1,437,402\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 61,550 \\ \cdot 1,580,250 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 46,994 \\ 1,643,344 \end{array}$ |
| Total income | 8, 349, 902 | 12,077,009 | 17, 745, 761 | 22, 437, 686 | 26, 690, 270 | 23, 328,782 |
| Deductions: 17 <br> Net loss from sale of real |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from sale of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc $\qquad$ | (40) | (40) | (4) | (4) | (40) | (40) |
| Net loss from business ${ }^{\text {cot }}$--- | (40) | ( ${ }^{(0)}$ | $\left({ }^{40}\right)$ | (40) | ( ${ }^{(0)}$ | $\left({ }^{40}\right)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxes paid.-- | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) |
| Contributions ${ }^{25}$ |  | 245, 080 |  |  | 387, 290 |  |
| Other deductions ${ }^{26}$ | 2, 051, 324 | 885, 763 | 1,821, 122 | 2, 578, 194 | 2, 567, 351 | 3, 751, 569 |
| Total deductions | 2, 051,324 | 1,130, 843 | 1,821, 122 | 2, 578, 194 | 2, 954, 641 | 3,751, 569 |
| Net income. | 6, 298, 578 | 10, 946, 166 | 15, 924, 639 | 19, 859, 491 | 23,735,629 | 19,577, 213 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-261.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, ${ }^{1}$ 1916-42, and individual returns with no net income, ${ }^{6} 1928-42$; Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Continued

PART I.-ALL RETURNS-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Distribution | 1922 | $1923{ }^{\circ}$ | 1924 | 1925 | 1926 | 1927 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of returns. | 6,787,481 | 7,698, 321 | 7,369, 788 | 4, 171,051 | 4, 138, 092 | 4, 101, 547 |
| Source of income: ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries, wages, commissions, etc. ${ }^{18}$ | 13, 693, 993 | 14, 195, 356 | 13, 617, 663 | 9, 742, 160 | 9,994,315 | 10, 218, 450 |
| Business profit ${ }^{19}$ | 2, 839, 771 | 4, 722, 766 | 4,755, 483 | 3, 688, 804 | 3, 572, 895 | 3, 287, 421 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{20}$ | 1,427, 127 | 1,676, 409 | 1,810, 014 | 1,827, 025 | 1,732,581 | 1,755, 145 |
| Profit from sale of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc., other than taxed as capital net gain | 742, 104 | 863, 107 | 1, 124, 566 | 1,991, 659 | 1, 465, 625 | 1, 813, 396 |
| Capital net gain from sales of assets held more than |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rents and royalties | 1, 224,929 | 1.814, 126 | 2,009, 716 | 1, 471, 332 | 1,450, 760 | 1, 3081,186 |
| Dividends received ${ }^{21}$ | 2, 664, 219 | $3,119,829$ | 3, 250, 914 | 3, 464, 625 | 4,011, 590 | 4, 254, 829 |
| Income from fiduciaries ${ }^{22}$.. Partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations ${ }^{23}$ | 257,928 | 329, 124 | 310, 144 | 305, 806 | 333, 365 | 421, 481 |
|  | 33, 989 | 43, 711 | 29,645 | 25,651 | 36,782 | 47,479 |
| Other income ${ }^{24}$.-.......-.-- | 1,738, 601 |  |  |  |  | $\{1,675,916$ |
|  | 1, 738, 601 | 2, 177, 771 | 2, 281, 703 | 1, 814, 402 | 1,936, 604 | $\{350,981$ |
| Total income | 24, 871, 908 | 29, 247, 593 | 29,578,997 | 25,272,035 | 25, 447, 436 | 26, 208, 561 |
| Deductions: 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from sales of real |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| estate, stocks, bon etc. | (40) | (40) | $\left({ }^{40}\right)$ | (40) | 178, 216 | 227, 879 |
| Capital net loss ${ }^{28}$ |  |  | (40) | (40) |  |  |
| Net loss from business 18 Net loss from partnership ${ }^{20}$ | (40) | (40) | $\left({ }^{40}\right)$ | (40) | (40) | (40) |
| Interest paid.-. | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) |  |
| Taxes paid... | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) | (4) |
| Contributions ${ }^{25}$ | 425, 218 | 534,797 | 533, 168 | 441, 590 | 484, 205 | 507,705 |
| Other deductions ${ }^{26}$ | 3, 110, 478 | 3, 935, 330 | 3, 389, 675 | 2, 935, 868 | 2, 826, 509 | 2, 927,886 |
| Total deductions | 3, 535, 696 | 4,470, 127 | 3, 922, 843 | 3, 377, 458 | 3, 488, 930 | 3, 663,470 |
| Net income | 21,336, 213 | 24, 777, 466 | 25,656, 153 | 21, 894, 576 | 21,958, 506 | 22,545, 091 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-261.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, ${ }^{1}$ 1916-42, and individual returns with no net income, ${ }^{6} 1928-4$, : Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over: Number of relurns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Continued

PART I.-ALL RETURNS-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 259-261.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, ${ }^{1}$ 1916-42, and individual returns with no net income, ${ }^{8}$ 1928-42; Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Continued

## PART I.-ALL RETURNS-Continued

[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Distribution | 1931 |  | 1932 |  | 1933 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Individual returns and returns of fiduciaries, with net income |  | Individual returns and returns of fiduciaries, with net income | Individual returns with no net income | Individual returns and returns of fiduciaries, with net income |  |
| Number of returns | 3, 225, 924 | 184,583 | 3,877, 430 | 206, 293 | 3,723, 558 | 168,449 |
| Sources of income: ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries, wages, commissions, etc. ${ }^{18}$ | 8,325, 162 | 305, 684 | 8, 136, 717 | 219,716 | 7,390,356 | 174,581 |
| Bupiness profit | 1, 889, 759 | 73, 186 | 1, 294,952 | 54, 880 | 1,402, 923 | 51, 137 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{20}$------- | 729,523 | 47, 754 | 482, 863 | 28,612 | 603,725 | 31, 000 |
| Profit from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc., other than taxed as capital net gain. | 301, 664 |  | ( 112,814 |  | 419,591 |  |
| Capital net gain from sales of assets held more than 2 years ${ }^{27}$ | 169,949 | 29, 573 | ,074 | 20,602 | $133,616$ | 67, 470 |
| Rents and royalties | 770, 764 | 117, 059 | 529, 989 | 105, 609 | 447, 883 | 83,675 |
| Dividends received ${ }^{21}$ | $3,113,861$ | 485, 616 | 1,972, 133 | 216, 544 | 1,559, 046 | 152, 361 |
| Income from fiduciaries ${ }^{22}$-- | 369, 140 | 29,438 | 310, 949 | 18,843 | 276,067 | 19,846 |
| Partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations ${ }^{23}$ | 25,325 | 5, 138 | 29, 188 | 4,235 | 31,689 | 4,420 |
| Other taxable interest.------ | 1,337, 606 | ) 206,302 | $\{1,141,799$ | 131, 993 | 961, 732 | 107, 904 |
| Other income ${ }^{24}$ | 235,696 | ) 206,302 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1,131,602\end{array}\right.$ | 30,559 | 167, 197 | 33,423 |
| Total income | 17, 268, 451 | 1, 299, 750 | 14,392, 080 | 831, 592 | 13, 393,825 | 725, 817 |
| Deductions: ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from sale of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc | 1,160,765 | 1,818, 724 | 375, 445 | 835, 280 | 365,782 | 773, 899 |
| Capital net loss ${ }^{28}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from busiuess | 134,685 | 590, 123 | 112,659 | 519, 340 | 61, 985 | 181, 099 |
| Net loss from partnership ${ }^{20}$ Interest paid ${ }^{20}$ | (40) | (40) | (40) | $\left({ }^{40}\right)$ | 30, 507, 520 | 68,850 135,232 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{20}$ | (40) | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}197,133\end{array}\right.$ | \} (40) | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}177,758\end{array}\right.$ | 506, 258 | 171,387 |
| Contributions ${ }^{25}$ | 328, 300 | 25,629 | 304, 009 | 12,651 | 252, 251 | 29, 664 |
| Other deductions ${ }^{26}$ | 2, 039, 705 | 605, 019 | ${ }^{9} 1,944,057$ | 767,486 | 660,956 | 507, 017 |
| Total deductions | 3,663, 455 | 3, 236, 628 | ${ }^{\text {0 }} 2,736,171$ | 2,312,514 | 2,385, 187 | 1,867, 148 |
| Net income or deficit | 13,604,996 | 18 $1,936,878$ | ${ }^{\bullet} 11,655,909$ | 18 1, 480,922 | 11,008, 638 | 15 1, 141,331 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-261.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, ${ }^{1}$ 1916-42, and individual returns with no net income, 1928-42; Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Continued

PART I. $\sim$ ALL RETURNS-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes see pp. 259-261.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, ${ }^{1}$ 1916-42, and individual returns with no net income, ${ }^{6}$ 1928-42; Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and nct income or deficit-Continued

PART I.-ALL RETURNS-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, sce pp. 259-261.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, ${ }^{1}$ 1916-42, and individual returns with no net income, ${ }^{6}$ 1928-42; Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Continued

PART I.-ALL RETURNS-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Distribution |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-261.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, ${ }^{1}$ 1916-42, and individual returns with no net income, ${ }^{6}$ 1928-42; Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Continued

PART II.-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME OF $\$ 5,000$ AND OVER
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Distribution | 1916 | $1917{ }^{16}$ | 1918 | 1919 | 1920 | 1921 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of returns | ${ }^{14} 272,252$ | 432, 662 | 478, 962 | 657,659 | 681, 562 | 525,606 |
| Sources of income: ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries, wages, commissions, etc. ${ }^{18}$ | 1, 398, 329 | 1,794, 790 | 2, 103, 819 | 2,948,006 | 3, 367, 516 | 2, 831, 520 |
| Business profit 19 |  | ( 1, 062, 772 | 1,148, 297 | 1, 743, 800 | 1, 398, 069 | 816,040 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{20}$ | 2,386,905 | 581, 708 | 913, 853 | 1, 426, 072 | 1,261, 899 | 903, 571 |
| Profit from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc |  | - 217, 929 | 187, 406 | 677, 284 | 623,993 | 254,456 |
| Rents and royalties, | 516, 742 | 340,868 | 386, 474 | 445, 701 | 451, 878 | 420,932 |
| Dividends received ${ }^{21}$------ | 2, 098, 428 | 2,648, 155 | 2, 133, 209 | 2, 128, 291 | 2,363, 880 | 1,915, 138 |
| Income from fiduciaries ${ }^{22}$-- | 365, 326 |  | $\left({ }^{39}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{39}\right)$ | (39) | (39) |
| Partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations ${ }^{23}$ |  | 822, 480 |  |  | 60,432 | 40, 281 |
| Interest and other income ${ }^{24}$. | 627,943 |  | 799, 186 | 876,687 | 847, 894 | 732, 697 |
| Total incom | 7,393, 672 | 7, 468, 702 | 7,672, 243 | 10, 308, 411 | 10, 375, 561 | 7, 914,635 |
| Deductions: ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc- | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) |
| Net loss from business ${ }^{19}$-- | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) |
| Net loss from partnership ${ }^{20}$ - |  | (1) | ( | ( | ( | ( |
| Interest paid | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) |
| Contributions 25 |  | 186,907 | (40) | (30) | (11) | (40) |
| Other deductions ${ }^{26}$ | 1, 719, 764 | 458, 297 | 1, 142, 003 | 1, 598, 583 | 1,914, 150 | 1,552,857 |
| Total deductions | 1, 719, 764 | 645, 204 | 1,142, 003 | 1, 598, 583 | 1,914, 150 | 1,552, 857 |
| Net income | 5,673,909 | 6, 823,497 | 6,530,241 | 8, 709, 828 | 8,461,412 | 6,361,778 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-261.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, ${ }^{1}$ 1916-42, and individual returns with no net income ${ }^{6}$ 1928-42; Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Continued

PART II.-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME OF $\$ 5,000$ AND OVER—Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Distribution | 1922 | $1923{ }^{\text {® }}$ | 1924 | 1925 | 1926 | 1927 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of returns. | 594, 211 | 614, 403 | 697. 138 | 830,670 | 894, 868 | 913, 597 |
| Sources of income: ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries, wages, commissions, etc. ${ }^{18}$ | 2, 933, 454 | 3, 114, 006 | 3, 490, 916 | 4, 033, 811 | 4, 363, 395 | 4, 524, 276 |
| Business profit 10 | 1,012, 440 | 1, 057, 731 | 1, 290, 722 | 1,623, 638 | 1, 738, 523 | 1,704, 175 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{20}$ | 918, 183 | 921, 851 | 1, 112, 710 | 1.422, 799 | 1, 329, 786 | 1, 354, 422 |
| Profit from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc., other than taxed as capital net gain. | 490, 794 | 458, 184 | 770,026 | 1. 723, 438 | 1,224, 278 | 1,511,859 |
| Capital net gain from salesof assets held more than |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 years ${ }^{27}$ | 249, 248 | 305, 394 | 389, 148 | 940, 569 | 912,918 | 1,081, 186 |
| Rents and royalties | 482. 189 | 497, 624 | 570,427 | 679,569 | 689,981 | 644, 302 |
| Dividends received ${ }^{21}$-- | 2, 173, 499 | 2, 435, 137 | 2, 617, 871 | 3, 045, 368 | 3, 581, 362 | 3, 761, 910 |
| Income from fiduciaries ${ }^{22}$-- | 197, 189 | 233, 982 | 206, 972 | 248, 163 | 273, 252 | 329, 351 |
| Partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations ${ }^{23}$ | 30, 962 | 30, 465 | 29,645 | 25,651 | 36, 782 | 47, 479 |
| Other taxable interest.-.--- | 850, 935 | 864,514 | 932, 324 | 1, 084, 120 | 1,217,681 | $\left\{\begin{array}{r}1,115,925 \\ 185,099\end{array}\right.$ |
| Total incorne |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9, 333, 893 | 9,918, 886 | 11, 410, 761 | 14, 827, 127 | 15, 367, 957 | 16, 259,984 |
| Deductions: ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc- | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) | 122, 409 | 136,482 |
| Capital net loss ${ }^{28}$------- |  |  | (40) | (40) |  |  |
| Net loss from business ${ }^{18}$--- |  | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) |
| Net loss from partnership 20 |  | (1) | (1) |  |  |  |
| Interest paid | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) | (40) | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\left(\begin{array}{l}40\end{array}\right) \\ 440,974\end{array}\right.$ |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{28}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 440, 974 |
| Contributions ${ }^{25}$--- | $\begin{array}{r} 211,863 \\ 1,323,007 \end{array}$ | 238,378 | $\begin{array}{r} 254,072 \\ 1,405,532 \end{array}$ | 1, 293,401 | - 326,511 | 353,188 $1,265,148$ |
| Other deductions ${ }^{26}$ | 1, 323, 007 | 1,391,835 | 1,405.032 | 1, 756,030 | 1,091, 317 | $1,265,148$ |
| Total deductions. | 1,534, 871 | 1,630, 214 | 1,659, 605 | 2, 049, 431 | 2, 140, 298 | 2, 195, 792 |
| Net income. | 7, 804, 022 | 8,288,672 | 9,751, 156 | 12,777,696 | 13, 227, 659 | 14, 064, 193 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-261.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, ${ }^{1}$ 1916-42, and individual returns with no net income, ${ }^{6} 1928-42$; Part $I$, all returns; Part II, returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit - Continued

## PART II.-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME OF \$5,000 AND OVER-Continued

[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Distribution | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of returns | 1,010, 887 | 1,032, 071 | 810, 431 | 590, 731 | 356,442 | 331, 892 |
| Sources of income: ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries, wages, commissions, ete. ${ }^{18}$ | 5, 008, 286 | 5, 179, 041 | 4,407,606 | 3, 320,028 | 2, 057, 254 | 1,838, 646 |
| Business profit | 1,772, 255 | 1,836, 329 | 1, 215, 452 | 766, 730 | 354, 488 | 393, 815 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{20}$ | 1, 583, 322 | 1,497, 922 | 786, 931 | 492, 147 | 284, 624 | 401, 931 |
| Profit from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc., other than taxed as capital net gain | 2, 700, 557 | 2,044, 058 | 527, 653 | 196,574 | 71,643 | 308, 711 |
| Capital net gain from sales of assets held more than 2 years ${ }^{27}$ | 1,879, 780 | 2, 346, 704 | 556, 392 | 169, 949 | 50, 074 | 133, 616 |
| Rents and royalties | 637, 371 | 649, 124 | 479, 401 | 306, 336 | 160, 244 | 124, 144 |
| Dividends received ${ }^{21}$ | 4,009, 915 | 4, 247, 031 | 3, 708, 656 | 2, 583, 674 | 1,540, 625 | 1,199, 867 |
| Income from fiduciaries ${ }^{22}$ | 364, 889 | 422, 076 | 338, 400 | 280, 627 | 217, 610 | 182,735 |
| Partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations ${ }^{23}$ | 40, 553 | 40, 184 | 38, 134 | 25,325 | 29,188 | 31,689 |
| Other taxable interest | 1,230, 178 | 1, 257, 590 | 1, 018, 001 | 749,345 | 536, 541 | 422,731 |
| Other income ${ }^{24}$ | 196, 111 | 190, 110 | 130, 191 | 120, 845 | 67, 353 | 69, 656 |
| Total inco | 19, 423, 216 | 19, 710, 168 | 13, 206, 817 | 9,011, 581 | 5,369, 646 | 5, 107, 539 |
| Deductions: ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc...- | 129, 865 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital net loss ${ }^{25}$.........-.---- | (40) | 632, 693 | 947, 121 | 813, 503 | 174,627 | 152,959 |
| Net loss from business | $(40)$ | (40) | 105, 219 | 72, 125 | 46, 972 | 26,792 |
| Interest paid ${ }^{29}$.------ | 866, 058 | 856, 187 | 574,630 | 373, 603 | 250, 844 | 208,311 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{20}$ | 475, 422 | 479, 100 | 407,996 | 294, 165 | 230,543 | 200, 078 |
| Contributions ${ }^{25}$ | 390, 923 | 384,458 | 286, 218 | 202, 979 | 139, 846 | 111, 219 |
| Other dednetions ${ }^{25}$ | 604, 987 | 631, 836 | 364, 544 | 313, 573 | 283, 046 | 245, 065 |
| Total deductions | 2,467, 255 | 3,014, 274 | 2,685, 728 | 2,069,948 | 1,125, 878 | 960, 022 |
| Net income | 16,955,961 | 16,695,895 | 10, 521, 088 | 6,941,633 | 4, 243, 768 | 4, 147, 517 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-261.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, ${ }^{1}$ 1916-42, and individual returns with no net income, ${ }^{6}$ 1928-42; Part I, all returns; Part 1I, returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Continued

PART II.-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME OF \$5,000 AND OVER-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Distribution | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of returns | 422, 647 | 500, 115 | 677,011 | 705, 033 | 592,446 | 693, 590 |
| Sources of income: ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salarirs, wages, commissions, etc. ${ }^{18}$ | 2, 300, 256 | 2, 708,879 | 3,493, 623 | 3, 819, 979 | 3,309, 286 | 3, 714, 025 |
| Business profit | 568, 689 | 687, 467 | 1,021, 608 | 1,062,875 | 856, 740 | 1,071,024 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{20}$ | 438. 066 | 531, 620 | 791.010 | 827, 058 | 702,317 | 860, 453 |
| Net capital gain ${ }^{30}$---.-..........- | 160,218 | 399, 918 | 806, 916 | 325,270 |  | 86, |
| Net short-term capital loss of preceding year deducted ${ }^{31}$ |  |  |  | 325, |  | 17, 687 |
| Net short-term capital gain in total income ${ }^{31}$ |  |  |  |  | 101, 822 | 115, 284 |
| Net long-term capital gain ${ }^{31}$.-... |  |  |  |  | 282, 712 | 180,434 |
| Net gain from sales of property other than capital assets ${ }^{32}$ |  |  |  |  | 9,953 | 13, 421 |
| Rents and royalties---- | 165, 786 | 198,210 | 271,556 | 324, 869 | 298, 349 | 323, 491 |
| Dividends received ${ }^{21}$ | 1, 585, 042 | 1, 814, 184 | 2, 583, 888 | 2, 780, 529 | 1,662,511 | 2, 0.30,020 |
| Income from fiduciaries ${ }^{22}$ | 203, 854 | - 232, 324 | 691,024 | 703, 920 | 503, 905 | 591, 112 |
| Partially tax-exempt interest on Govermment obligations ${ }^{23}$ | 38, 044 | 43, 820 | 43, 627 | 47,955 | 46, 065 | 51,740 |
| Other taxable interest. | 453, 480 | 448, 022 | 445, 355 | 431, 923 | 350, 031 | 367, 806 |
| Other income ${ }^{24}$ | 99, 226 | 123, 234 | 108, 784 | 91,931 | 80, 427 | 76, 672 |
| Total income | 6,012,662 | 7,187,678 | 10,257, 390 | 10, 416. 309 | 8, 204, 120 | 9, 395, 482 |
| Deductions: ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from busincss .-... | 29,753 | 33, 713 | 45, 125 | 54,680 | 48, 185 | 49, 816 |
| Net loss from partnership ${ }^{20}$ | 15,178 | 13, 113 | 12, 551 | 16,535 | 15,377 | 16, 203 |
| Net capital loss ${ }^{30}$-_._-.-. | 90, 968 | 68,981 | 62, 828 | 139,832 |  | 16,203 |
| Net long-term capital loss ${ }^{31}$-...... |  |  |  |  | 246, 213 | 195, 107 |
| Net loss from sales of property other than capital assets ${ }^{32}$ |  |  |  |  | 9, 503 | 11,858 |
|  | 231, 267 | 240, 731 | 285, 260 | 265, 243 | 209, 986 | 222, 578 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{29}$--- | 232, 490 | 267, 571 | 353, 986 | 431,620 | 381, 403 | 392, 102 |
| Contributions ${ }^{25}$ | 129, 650 | 148, 180 | 202, 147 | 218, 614 | 177, 207 | 210, 003 |
| Losses from fire, storm, |  |  |  |  | 17, | 8,797 |
| Bad debts ${ }^{33}$--.-- |  |  |  |  |  | 51, 380 |
| Amount distributable to benefi- | 282, 591 | 319, 993 | 400, 864 | 68, 195 | 247, 306 | 170,759 |
| ciaries ${ }^{34}$-------------------------- |  |  |  | 105,529 | 70,751 | 92,687 |
| Total deductions | 1,011,898 | 1,092, 283 | 1,362, 762 | 1,600, 248 | 1,405, 932 | 1,421, 289 |
| Net income | 5,000, 764 | 6,095, 394 | 8,894, 628 | 8, 816, 061 | 6,798, 188 | 7,974, 192 |

For footnotes, see_pp. 259-261.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, ${ }^{\text {, }}$ 1916-42, and individual returns with no net income, ${ }^{6}$ 1928-42; Part $I$, all returns; Part II, returns with nct income of $\$ 5,000$ and over: Number of returns, sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Continued

PART II.-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME OF $\$ 5,000$ AND OVER-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, sec pp. 250-261.

Table 17.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1933-42, by States and Territories: Number of relurns, net income, and total tax

| Year | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{13}$ | Total tax | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{13}$ | Total tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Alabama |  |  | Alaska |  |  |
| 1933 | 19,962 | \$53, 673,478 | \$978, 404 | (42) | (42) | (42) |
| 1934 | 23, 072 | 69, 229, 199 | 1, 407, 104 | (42) | (42) | (42) |
| 1935. | 26,141 | 80, 443, 944 | 1, 701, 528 | (42) | (42) | (12) |
| 1936 | 31, 712 | 106, 647, 588 | 3, 434, 836 | (42) | (42) | (42) |
| 1937 | 39, 959 | 130, 127, 271 | 4, 155, 993 | (42) | (42) | (42) |
| 1938 | 39, 261 | 116, 163, 358 | 2, 715, 111 | (42) | (42) | (42) |
| 1939 | 49, 243 | 150, 021, 429 | 3,788,876 | 6,982 | \$17,669, 165 | \$307, 789 |
| 1940 | 99, 990 | 248, 275, 665 | 7, 774, 296 | 13,956 | 31, 382, 493 | 552,792 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1941 \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ | 209, 344 | 472, 167, 689 | 28,322, 609 | 25, 702 | 53, 281, 399 | 2,420,476 |
|  | 384, 860 | 807, 380, 198 | 77, 356, 495 | 39, 159 | 100,515, 916 | 13, 266, 529 |
|  | Arizona |  |  | Arkansas |  |  |
| 1933 | 8,588 | \$20, 851, 766 | \$265, 635 | 11,427 | \$29, 366, 515 | \$370, 043 |
| 1934 | 11,378 | 29, 802, 959 | 391, 723 | 13, 318 | 38, 885, 585 | 677, 515 |
| 1935 | 13,941 | 38, 298, 031 | 647, 859 | 14,085 | 43, 351, 163 | 796,832 |
| 1936 | 16,842 | 51, 444, 492 | 1,429, 247 | 16,587 | 61, 156,625 | 2, 073, 666 |
| 1937 | 20, 809 | $62,432,053$ | 1,542, 167 | 18,502 | 64, 054, 308 | 1,934, 035 |
| 1938 | 20,532 | $56,563,874$ | 1,048, 176 | 19,720 | 63, 377, 344 | 1,576,934 |
| 1939 | 26,073 | 69, 347, 814 | 1,289, 518 | 23, 203 | 75, 668, 690 | 1,902, 359 |
| 1940 | 42,932 | 101, 476, 402 | 2, 206, 813 | 49,60S | 124, 786, 767 | 3, 502,322 |
| 1942 | 76, 101 | 168, 460, 374 | 8, 939, 510 | 99, 264 | 239, 989, 987 | 16, 479, 669 |
|  | 132, 647 | 284, 079, 215 | 31, 427, 981 | 186, 631 | 383, 151, 699 | 38, 519, 152 |
|  | California |  |  | Colorado |  |  |
| 1933 | 286, 580 | \$785, 354, 006 | \$21, 444, 162 | 28,725 | \$74, 445, 866 | \$1, 710, 477 |
| 1934 | 315, 766 | 968, 067,116 | 33, 380, 393 | 31, 232 | 94, 502, 319 | 3, 281, 526 |
| 1935 | 367, 757 | 1, 172, 303, 199 | 42, 033, 332 | 33,475 | 108, 379, 317 | 4, 057, 259 |
| 1936 | 436, 128 | 1, 494, 599, 201 | 76, 428, 350 | 40, 332 | 146, 498, 541 | 8, 934, 634 |
| 1937 | 510, 224 | 1, 677, 450, 067 | 74, 835, 666 | 45,371 | 156, 162, 264 | 9, 010,069 |
| 1938 | 526, 593 | 1, 585, 719, 800 | 60, 127, 190 | 42, 132 | 130, 642, 002 | 5, 783, 308 |
| 1939 | 631; 218 | 1,892, 885, 029 | 60, 313, 285 | 55, 274 | 164, 977, 772 | 6, 133,523 |
| 1940 | 1, 205, 853 | 2,911, 717, 553 | 95, 024, 023 | 109, 226 | 266, 828, 094 | 9, 066, 207 |
| 1941 | 2, 056, 686 | 4, 602, 199, 961 | 296, 062, 463 | 178, 629 | 387, 201, 985 | 23, 908, 638 |
| 1942 | 2,836, 783 | 6, 303, 059, 271 | 771, 916, 092 | 280, 742 | 586, 459,816 | 66, 622, 294 |
|  | Connecticut |  |  | Delaware |  |  |
| 1933 | 81, 850 | \$257, 310, 810 | \$8, 691, 835 | 9,910 | \$45, 536, 527 | \$5, 042, 284 |
| 1934 | 91, 352 | 288, 693, 183 | 12, 325, 678 | 10,620 | 55, 073, 452 | 9, 312, 466 |
| 1935 | 100, 898 | 340, 303, 213 | 17, 227, 337 | 11, 371 | 64, 759, 925 | 11, 401, 715 |
| 1936 | 121, 805 | 439, 105, 953 | 35, 982, 854 | 13,739 | 96, 694, 780 | 25, 538, 755 |
| 1937 | 145, 363 | 484, 984, 394 | 34, 890, $7 \mathrm{C3}$ | 16, 836 | 104, 341, 692 | 25, 218, 817 |
| 1938 | 132, 395 | 409, 629, 026 | 20, 903, 630 | 17,061 | 85, 394, 790 | 14, 338,660 |
| 1939 | 167,869 | 527, 467, 309 | 27, 683, 915 | 20,658 | 118, 686, 148 | 28, 063, 602 |
| 1940 | 331, 727 | 855,451, 570 | 45, 538, 914 | 38, 422 | 156,873, 599 | 32, 986, 944 |
| 1941 | 591, 604 | 1,404, 359, 097 | 110, 590, 442 | 64,330 | 196, 183, 131 | 37, 653, 615 |
| 1942 | 738,943 | 1,841, 778, 292 | 254, 040, 169 | 94,520 | 243, 698, 958 | 43, 530, 044 |

## For footnotes, see pp. 259-261.

Table 17.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1933-42, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income and total taxContinued

| Year | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{13}$ | Total tax | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{13}$ | Total tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | District of Columbia |  |  | Florida |  |  |
| 1933 | 69, 967 | \$192, 795. 436 | \$4, 625, 042 | 28, 775 | \$84, 718, 099 | \$2, 671, 623 |
| 1934 | 82, 871 | 234, 925, 250 | 5, 653, 864 | 32, 550 | 112, 102, 614 | 5, 597, 287 |
| 1935 | 95, 271 | 268, 667, 106 | 7, 175, 849 | 38, 021 | 144, 693, 408 | 8, 933, 457 |
| 1936 | 106, 863 | - 327, 467, 666 | 13, 290, 899 | 44,048 | 197, 705, 207 | 18, 608, 221 |
| 1937 | 110, 658 | 329, 915, 913 | 11, 629, 939 | 52, 417 | 234, 630, 523 | 21, 286, 514 |
| 1938 | 113, 869 | 321, 127, 649 | 9, 696, 058 | 56,401 | 218, 938, 342 | 16, 004, 888 |
| 1939 | 115, 081 | 346, 904, 594 | 10, 655, 301 | 71,514 | 264, 894, 771 | 17, 521, 019 |
| 1940 | 162, 095 | 428, 901, 292 | 16, 132, 390 | 139,786 | 400, 773, 198 | 27, 896, 353 |
| 1941 | 250, 954 | 597, 869, 705 | 45, 522, 994 | 239, 019 | 603, 598, 281 | 54, 299, 263 |
| 1942 | 363, 637 | $805,240,950$ | 106, 498, 989 | 406, 036 | 872, 940, 927 | 106, 705, 654 |
|  | Georgia |  |  | Hawaii |  |  |
| 1933 | 32, 229 | \$94, 892, 882 | \$2, 062, 780 | 10,835 | \$34, 357, 940 | \$1,140, 546 |
| 1934 | 38, 137 | 122, 612, 284 | 3, 104, 301 | 11, 252 | 37, 515, 719 | 1, 563, 069 |
| 1935 | 46, 702 | 150, 963, 172 | 4, 149, 454 | 13, 262 | 46, 901, 822 | 2, 396, 253 |
| 1936 | 49,512 | 181, 626, 423 | 8, 478, 922 | 15,214 | 58, 737, 567 | 4, 408, 203 |
| 1937 | 56, 768 | 205, 053, 443 | 8, 370, 285 | 17,394 | 64, 824, 869 | 3, 709, 136 |
| 1938 | 58, 309 | 194, 543, 384 | 6, 903, 764 | 19,048 | 62, 683, 790 | 2,631,872 |
| 1939 | 69,914 | 237, 106, 692 | 8, 580, 794 | 22,873 | 73, 190, 340 | 2, 591, 262 |
| 1940 | 129, 411 | 360, 653, 957 | 14, 632, 879 | 42,952 | 110, 279, 004 | 4, 534, 185 |
| 1941 | 256, 867 | 6¢4, 987, 620 | 41, 699, 667 | 99, 426 | 222, 662, 948 | 13, 355, 554 |
| 1942 | 415, 774 | 878, 950, 017 | 100, 824, 546 | 164, 583 | 419, 955, 533 | 51, 292, 020 |
|  | Idaho |  |  | Illinois |  |  |
| 1933. | 6,072 | \$14, 582, 154 | \$130, 027 | 282, 360 | \$848, 918, 593 | \$28, 596, 559 |
| 1934 | 8, 932 | 23, 636, 891 | 281, 770 | 310, 456 | 1,006, 927.934 | 40, 398, 845 |
| 1935 | 11,005 | 29, 803, 013 | 351, 103 | 345, 857 | 1, 171, 833, 651 | 51, 134, 158 |
| 1936 | 14, 201 | 41, 692, 504 | 752, 433 | 418, 303 | 1, 599, 035, 105 | 102, 035, 920 |
| 1937 | 15,683 | 43, 335, 468 | 693, 336 | 505, 050 | 1, 804, 785,237 | 103, 228, 427 |
| 1938 | 13,245 | 34, 271, 316 | 442, 079 | 498, 614 | 1, 626, 760,418 | 69, 736, 533 |
| 1939 | 16,917 | 41,982, 669 | 623, 249 | 614, 599 | 1,988, 296, 321 | 81, 395, 696 |
| 1940 | 43, 430 | 83, 678, 316 | 1,138, 436 | 1,272,565 | 3, 315, 370, 138 | 134, 253, 501 |
| 1941 | 74, 915 | 152, 923, 387 | 5, 939, 624 | 2, 081, 848 | 4, 871, 223, 954 | $345,082,116$ |
| 1942 | 121, 153 | 243, 943, 610 | 24, 186, 685 | 2, 723, 405 | 5, 944, 257, 251 | $692,848,134$ |
|  | Indiana |  |  | Iowa |  |  |
| 1933 | 61, 675 | \$161, 600, 241 | \$3, 965, 454 | 40, 329 | \$96, 835, 681 | \$1, 441, 695 |
| 1934 | 69, 623 | 198, 442, 985 | 6, 881,939 | 47, 871 | 119, 454, 155 | 2, 005, 786 |
| 1935 | 82, 436 | 245, 979, 617 | 8, 487, 456 | 57, 788 | 148, 525,910 | 2, 790,513 |
| 1936 | 103, 303 | 332, 021, 225 | 15, 648,048 | 67, 345 | 184, 118, 458 | 4, 840, 561 |
| 1937 | 132, 218 | 401, 914, 365 | 15, 705, 078 | 72,359 | 196, 770, 959 | 4, 886, 074 |
| 1938 | 122, 018 | 344, 430, 550 | 10, 242, 508 | 75, 514 | 191, 016, 764 | 3, 497, 739 |
| 1939 | 156, 404 | $448,824,356$ | 14, 781,662 | 95, 830 | 241, 257, 434 | 4, 695, 424 |
| 1940 | 352, 182 | 813,411, 986 | 24, 227, 069 | 252, 638 | 477, 609, 036 | 8,500, 826 |
| 1941 | 683, 411 | 1,472, 442, 293 | 76, 461, 114 | 432, 255 | 803, 532, 729 | 30, 208, 239 |
| 1942. | 1,002,578 | 2, 053, 094, 297 | 190, 216, 792 | 638, 552 | 1,244, 654, 902 | 109, 457, 306 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-261.

Table 17.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1933-42, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income, and total taxContinued

| Year | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{13}$ | Total tax | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{13}$ | Total tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Kansas |  |  | Kentucky |  |  |
| 1933 | 30,738 | \$71, 777, 244 | \$1,018, 001 | 32, 332 | \$90, 753, 614 | \$2, 024, 772 |
| 1934 | 35,600 | 91, 867, 863 | 1, 499, 250 | 35, 353 | 107, 389, 715 | 2, 726, 762 |
| 1935 | 39, 492 | 111, 404, 165 | 2, 041,689 | 39, 763 | 125, 101, 178 | 3, 742, 279 |
| 1936 | 47,374 | 145, 617, 405 | 3,944, 602 | 45, 189 | 157, 007, 367 | 6,581,929 |
| 1937 | 53, 182 | 154, 317, 290 | 4, 051, 195 | 51, 192 | 168, 058, 619 | 5, 723, 251 |
| 1938 | 52, 027 | 133, 806, 279 | 2, 657, 650 | 53, 701 | 159, 635, 556 | 4, 529,952 |
| 1939 | 60, 527 | 157, 366, 483 | 2,962, 121 | 64, 748 | 185, 600, 615 | 4,904,542 |
| 1940 | 129, 473 | 266, 463, 951 | 5, 266, 453 | 131, 909 | 321, 065, 255 | 9, 174, 993 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1941 \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ | 255, 045 | 520, 240, 526 | 23, 909, 297 | 262, 107 | 567, 446, 015 | 28, 997, 704 |
|  | 444,936 | 867, 304, 292 | 78,482, 951 | 413, 714 | 823, 624, 495 | 72,980, 406 |
|  | Louisiana |  |  | Maine |  |  |
| 1933 | 33, 094 | \$86, 809, 253 | \$1, 497, 560 | 19,435 | \$55, 819, 385 | \$1, 865, 414 |
| 1934 | 36, 871 | 106, 168, 279 | 2, 296, 812 | 20,584 | 63, 204, 584 | 2, 207, 930 |
| 1935 | 40, 123 | 122, 582, 017 | 3, 065, 551 | 21, 826 | $69,455,451$ | 2, 567, 514 |
| 1936 | 43, 728 | 160, 054, 669 | 8, 394, 930 | 25, 057 | 88, 859, 221 | 5, 181, 283 |
| 1937 | 54, 519 | 191, 658, 737 | 8, 172,372 | 28, 123 | $95,105,166$ | 5, 222, 014 |
| 1938 | 59, 127 | 192, 257, 708 | 6,512, 924 | 27,001 | 97, 911, 961 | 8, 058, 579 |
| 1939 | 70,752 | 228, 245, 691 | 7,304, 222 | 32, 296 | 96, 704, 495 | 3,669,831 |
| 1940 | 128, 202 | 324, 675, 957 | 111, 161, 532 | 70, 776 | 157, 544, 848 | 5,685,616 |
| 1941 | 230, 930 | 525, 798, 290 | 34, 083, 191 | 142,619 | 292, 822, 027 | 15, 094, 835 |
| 1942 | 380, 000 | 734, 199, 768 | 84, 800, 269 | 227, 041 | 445, 089, 118 | 43, 337, 543 |
|  | Maryland |  |  | Massachusetts |  |  |
| 1933 | 76, 409 | \$244, 613, 015 | \$8,488, 451 | 231,960 | \$682, 666, 696 | \$19, 763, 997 |
| 1934 | 84, 395 | 282, 624, 171 | 11, 040, 490 | 242,728 | 737,044, 841 | 24, 624, 216 |
| 1935 | 92, 550 | 316, 888, 322 | 12, 013, 217 | 257, 495 | 825, 327, 457 | 31, 804, 163 |
| 1936 | 105, 673 | 391, 588, 573 | 21, 594, 419 | 284, 320 | 988, 903, 808 | 58, 876, 192 |
| 1937 | 133, 183 | 457, 051, 802 | 21, 500, 438 | 314, 390 | 1, 053, 822,664 | 52, 381, 623 |
| 1938 | 135, 800 | 423, 887, 924 | 15, 225, 066 | 302, 590 | 868,958, 070 | 28, 746, 229 |
| 1939 | 161, 367 | 516, 644, 083 | 18, 564, 866 | 378, 791 | 1,141, 825, 236 | 42, 412, 146 |
| 1940 | 285, 629 | 723, 501, 295 | 28, 289. 655 | 670,697 | 1, 711, 246, 877 | 68, 768, 051 |
| 1941 | 508, 679 | 1, 211, 128, 298 | 81, 415, 112 | 1,177, 572 | 2, 596, 823,190 | 171, 174, 308 |
| 1942 | 716, 430 | $1,618,930,330$ | 186, 169, 233 | 1.515, 858 | 3,247, 461, 465 | 369, 518, 797 |
|  | Michigan |  |  | Minnesota |  |  |
| 1933 | 112, 053 | \$293, 131, 080 | \$6,660, 804 | 59,803 | \$163, 750, 734 | \$3, 817,982 |
| 1934 | 139, 329 | 418, 569,373 | 14, 866, 008 | 67, 297 | 196, 345, 236 | 5, 257, 595 |
| 1935 | 173, 799 | 568, 269, 799 | 28, 319, 046 | 72, 258 | 222, 817, 905 | 6,672,968 |
| 1936 | 239, 363 | 862, 577, 726 | 60, 302, 647 | 86, 294 | 296, 978, 853 | 13,676,938 |
| 1937 | 308, 486 | 984, 735, 767 | 51, 434, 533 | 107, 560 | 321, 717, 314 | 11, 908, 597 |
| 1938 | 275, 425 | 807, 129, 521 | 29,511, 649 | 108, 506 | 299, 991, 730 | 8,870,398 |
| 1939 | 374, 013 | 1,046, 908, 614 | 40, 142, 387 | 131, 798 | 364, 387, 683 | 11, 121, 493 |
| 1940 | 762, 766 | 1,953, 151, 128 | 78, 566, 087 | 303, 934 | 647, 369,887 | 17, 743, 488 |
| 1941 | 1, 371, 278 | 3, 369, 744, 012 | 220, 615, 906 | 510, 632 | 1, 044, 555, 906 | 51, 947, 088 |
| 1942 | 1, 785, 117 | $4,461,565,758$ | 547, 733, 756 | 719, 251 | 1,359, 158, 238 | 122, 357, 036 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-261.

Table 17.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1933-42, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income, and total taxContinued

| Year | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{13}$ | Total tax | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{13}$ | Total tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mississippi |  |  | Missouri |  |  |
| 1933 | 10,868 | \$24, 020, 766 | \$271, 063 | 93, 308 | \$271, 748, 278 | \$6, 848, 926 |
| 1934 | 12, 507 | 32, 578, 332 | 479, 717 | 98, 125 | 306, 041, 392 | 9, 353, 651 |
| 1935 | 13, 570 | 36, 878, 747 | 870,027 | 110, 370 | 358, 068, 146 | 12, 426, 233 |
| 1936 | 16,296 | 54, 516, 977 | 1, 740, 121 | 130, 521 | 462, 884, 942 | 24, 210, 538 |
| 1937 | 17,823 | 55, 867, 577 | 1,542, 247 | 145, 457 | 491, 815, 453 | 23, 083, 037 |
| 1938 | 19,881 | 57, 872, 070 | 1, 138, 139 | 144,996 | 452, 816, 402 | 18, 766, 176 |
| 1939 | 24, 269 | 73, 095, 660 | 1, 547, 500 | 168, 793 | 525, 689, 002 | 20,422,602 |
| 1940 | 47, 732 | 117, 402, 66 | 2, 843, 973 | 329, 338 | 801, 640, 942 | 31, 845, 090 |
| 1941 | 92, 262 | 224, 439, 070 | 14,693, 419 | 593, 756 | 1,343, 746, 540 | 87, 271, 056 |
| 1942 | 165. 731 | 346, 881, 342 | 37, 409, 871 | 898, 520 | 1,843,670,547 | 197, 960, 992 |
|  | Montana |  |  | Nebraska |  |  |
| 1933 | 11, 511 | \$29, 877, 422 | \$403, 887 | 24,939 | \$65, 022, 543 | \$1,133, 297 |
| 1934 | 16, 825 | 46, 594, 430 | 636, 102 | 26,781 | 77, 236, 225 | 1, 438, 974 |
| 1935 | 19, 924 | 56, 719, 731 | 981, 165 | 31, 253 | 93, 113, 326 | 1,795, 640 |
| 1936 | 23,916 | 68, 787, 896 | 1,410, 820 | 36,887 | 115, 137, 721 | 3, 222,455 |
| 1937 | 30,468 | 79, 583, 027 | 1,228,334 | 40,629 | 120, 277, 461 | 2, 951,028 |
| 1938 | 28, 037 | 71, 826, 749 | 1,019, 928 | 39,393 | 111, 243, 317 | 2, 328,080 |
| 1939 | 36, 277 | 94, 462, 635 | 1,456,442 | 47,610 | 134, 125, 986 | 2, 711,426 |
| 1940 | 65, 985 | 145, 148, 291 | 2, 474, 469 | 106, 211 | 227, 087, 232 | 4, 859, 798 |
| 1941 | 105, 770 | 226, 275, 606 | 9, 728, 989 | 181, 543 | 361, 130, 735 | 15, 970, 987 |
| 1942 | 150,523 | 310, 490, 539 | 32, 110, 436 | 323, 138 | 613, 789, 262 | 54, 917, 445 |
|  | Nevada |  |  | New Hampshire |  |  |
| 1933 | 3, 692 | \$9, 772, 417 | \$380, 800 | 15,458 | \$41, 555, 501 | \$833, 674 |
| 1934 | 5, 321 | 15, 236, 981 | 528, 009 | 16,785 | 48, 267, 423 | 1, 348, 492 |
| 1935 | 6,441 | 20, 681, 384 | 1, 363, 651 | 17,687 | 51, 553,939 | 1, 435, 182 |
| 1936 | 7,554 | 27, 045, 172 | 2, 226, 219 | 19,664 | 62, 819,698 | 3, 059, 299 |
| 1937 | 8, 944 | 31, 635, 125 | 2, 439, 872 | 21,641 | 68, 046, 171 | 3, 230, 495 |
| 1938 | 8,987 | 28, 129, 319 | 1, 718, 719 | 21, 118 | 59, 704, 177 | 1, 555,212 |
| 1939 | 11,089 | 34, 247, 513 | 1,927, 659 | 26,010 | 73, 902, 180 | 2, 625, 513 |
| 1940 | 20,716 | 53, 239, 834 | 3, 193, 649 | 53,634 | 117, 784, 805 | 3, 764, 102 |
| 1941 | 38, 911 | 87, 993. 929 | 6, 467, 669 | 103, 249 | 205, 391, 769 | 10,495, 564 |
| 1942 | 59, 173 | 137, 217, 908 | 17, 947, 107 | 147,007 | 279, 945, 644 | 24, 151, 379 |
|  | New Jersey |  |  | New Mexico |  |  |
| 1933 | 202, 190 | \$618, 361, 894 | \$23, 002, 182 |  | \$14, 268, 551 | \$165, 971 |
| 1934 | 210, 683 | 686, 065, 373 | 29,121, 247 | 7,647 | 20, 107, 880 | 277, 567 |
| 1935 | 223,489 | 737, 154,952 | 34, 603, 809 | 9, 272 | 25, 399, 852 | 364, 772 |
| 1936 | 260, 328 | 928, 153, 400 | 54, 395, 019 | 11, 222 | 34, 952, 886 | 799, 507 |
| 1937. | 297, 053 | 1,001, 637, 297 | 51, 563, 673 | 13,596 | 42, 469, 435 | 1, 141,400 |
| 1938 | 302, 957 | 928, 770, 742 | 36, 805, 520 | 13,726 | 39, 485, 826 | 829,246 |
| 1939 | 388, 932 | 1, 185, 305, 336 | 47, 478, 736 | 17, 178 | 49, 685, 489 | 1,360, 595 |
| 1940 | 734, 292 | 1, 850, 604, 062 | 74, 721, 669 | 29168 | 71, 150,098 | 2, 025, 510 |
| 1941 | 1, 221, 792 | 2, 895, 068, 871 | 190, 564, 604 | 52,018 | 118, 440,224 | 6,530, 142 |
| 1942 | 1,515, 691 | 3, 319, 236, 354 | 375, 398, 899 | 81, 083 | 169, 102, 804 | 18, 141, 136 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-261:

Table 17.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1933-42, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income, and total taxContinued

| Y̌ear | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{\text {13 }}$ | Total tax | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{13}$ | Total tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | New York |  |  | North Carolina |  |  |
| 1933 | 748, 054 | \$2, 598, 890, 660 | \$137, 414, 061 | 29,462 | \$91, 673, 065 | \$4. 121, 232 |
| 1934 | 807, 818 | 2, 811, 720, 784 | 166, 789, 731 | 32, 305 | 112. 913,710 | 6, 281,451 |
| 1935 | 852, 076 | 3, 106. 263,965 | 202, 971, 449 | 35, 813 | 124, 880,237 | 6, 419, 410 |
| 1936 | 976, 939 | 3, 864, 452, 725 | 348, 687, 146 | 42,075 | 156, 362, 4 4 2 | 10, 499, 380 |
| 1937 | 1,070,628 | 3, 875, 605, 654 | 296, 063, 388 | 48,645 | 175, 495, 057 | 10,582, 369 |
| 1938 | 1,065, 103 | 3, 426, 113, 310 | 186, 356. 667 | 50. 481 | 163, 558, 414 | 7, 773. 586 |
| 1939 | 1, 294. 244 | 4. 226, 671,066 | 215, 922, 746 | 61, 019 | 193, 275, 116 | 9, 162,604 |
| 1940 | 2, 180, 949 | 5, 864, 379, 657 | 323, 154, 620 | 128, 582 | 312, 865, 287 | 14, 021, 956 |
| 1941 | 3, 470, 004 | 8. 281, 375, 432 | 685, 148, 832 | 277, 997 | 604, 724, 450 | 39, 185, 785 |
|  | 4, 453, 391 | 10,046, 607, 207 | 1, 339, 958,890 | 504, 872 | 934, 111, 004 | 84, 377, 798 |
|  | North Dakota |  |  | Ohio |  |  |
| 1933 | 8,359 | \$16, 799, 800 | \$115, 100 | 181, 212 | \$511, 694. 014 | \$13, 237, 425 |
| 1934 | 9,733 | 22, 351, 926 | 183, 955 | 209, 589 | 631, 348,370 | 19, 761,006 |
| 1935 | 10, 039 | 23, 077,405 | 191, 412 | 246, 888 | 766, 528, 630 | 28, 981, 842 |
| 1937 | 10.809 | 26, 705,281 | 352, 2680 | 308, 789 | 1, $078,986,270$ | 58, 476, 868 |
| 1938 | 11, 457 | 27, 446, 660 | 280, 185 | 384, 903 | 1, $1,013,713,152$ | 59,702, 803 |
| 1939 | 13, 958 | 32, 695, 345 | 342, 058 | 442, 048 | 1, 315, 131, 522 | 48, 737, 911 |
| 1940 | 39, 235 | 75, 195, 319 | 754, 261 | 905, 162 | 2, 277, 910, 584 | 86. 651,151 |
| 1941 | 88, 219 | 150, 679, 130 | 3,703, 715 | 1,691,662 | 3, 895, 008, 254 | 242, 968, 668 |
| 1942 | 127, 323 | 219, 669, 243 | 14, 411, 195 | 2, 273, 920 | 5,095, 365, 152 | 566, 622, 916 |
|  | Oklahoma |  |  | Oregon |  |  |
| 1933 | 33, 221 | \$89, 908, 905 | \$1,608, 377 | 27,572 | \$66, 190, 038 | \$795, 893 |
| 1934 | 39, 279 | 120, 030, 049 | 3, 416, 992 | 27, 253 | 71, 076, 619 | 1, 084, 638 |
| 1935 | 44, 909 | 139, 147, 683 | 3, 433, 003 | 33, 273 | 91, 305, 901 | 1, 625, 697 |
| 1936 | 51, 277 | 170, 786, 455 | 6, 632, 281 | 37,778 | 118, 060, 934 | 3, 213, 027 |
| 1937 | 55, 323 | 190, 524, 308 | 8, 26.5, 541 | 51, 802 | 144, 034, 458 | 3, 251, 763 |
| 1938 | 56,083 | 170, 403, 396 | 5, 267, 186 | 53, 807 | 135, 376, 385 | 2, 423,702 |
| 1939 | 65,009 | 188, 767,262 | 4, 886, 474 | 66, 478 | 169,617, 500 | 3, 252, 522 |
| 1940 | 112, 417 | 278, 140, 347 | 8, 811, 931 | 123, 635 | 275, 685, 850 | 6, 845, 081 |
| 1941 | 212, 510 | 476, 375,398 | 28, 171, 568 | 232, 185 | 505, 238, 513 | 28, 219, 435 |
| 1942 | 348,322 | 656, 607, 850 | 59, 798, 217 | 390, 179 | 911, 806, 080 | 108, 304, 644 |
|  | Pennsylvania |  |  | Rhode Island |  |  |
| 1933 | 323, 960 | \$970, 250, 517 | \$32, 872, 779 | 29,489 | \$92. 589, 659 | \$3, 452, 803 |
| 1934 | 342, 308 | 1,067, 788, 870 | 44, 423, 725 | 31,235 | 104, 193, 731 | 5, 232, 124 |
| 1935 | 389, 944 | 1, 273, 383, 247 | 57, 052, 818 | 33, 009 | 113.640, 801 | 6, 002, 036 |
| 1936 | 470, 511 | 1, 604, 324, 714 | 104,979, 166 | 38,424 | 141.967, 609 | 10, 755, 927 |
| 1937 | 576, 291 | 1, 892, 696, 555 | 97, 339, 290 | 43, 273 | 151, 295, 024 | 10, 066, 754 |
| 1938 | 505, 049 | 1,562, 159, 923 | 63, 253, 811 | 41,590 | 122, 134, 507 | 5, 012, 419 |
| 1939 | 633, 833 | 1, 858, 299, 904 | 85, 926, 395 | 51, 297 | 156, 470, 599 | 7, 524,150 |
| 1940 | 1, 227, 243 | 3, 057, 110, 484 | 137, 957, 854 | 103, 271 | 250, 893, 802 | 12, 687, 863 |
| 1941 | 2, 229, 946 | 5, 076, 949, 977 | 338, 064,465 | 203, 347 | 455, 710, 079 | 32, 164,981 |
| 1942 | 3, 046, 124 | 6,571, 555, 466 | 713, 031, 694 | 263, 624 | 574, 851, 103 | 67, 980, 076 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-261.

Table 17.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 1933-42, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income, and total taxContinued

| Year | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{13}$ | Total tax | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{13}$ | Total tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | South Carolina |  |  | South Dakota |  |  |
| 1933 | 12, 656 | \$32, 131, 067 | \$450, 922 | 7, 555 | \$16, 519, 323 | \$188, 033 |
| 1934 | 14,937 | 41, 023, 968 | 735, 471 | 8, 302 | 20, 105, 511 | 225, 380 |
| 1935 | 16,826 | 47, 010, 243 | 802, 720 | 9, 582 | 24, 693, 550 | 345,333 |
| 1936 | 19,975 | 61, 786, 752 | 1,653, 997 | 10,724 | 27, 755, 966 | 431, 114 |
| 1937 | 23, 316 | 70,917,003 | 2, 001, 311 | 11,328 | 27, 870, 379 | 377, 107 |
| 1938 | 24, 097 | 67, 056, 883 | 1, 315, 342 | 11,801 | 28.073, 557 | 331, 776 |
| 1939 | 29,709 | 83, 913, 503 | 1,855, 174 | 14,526 | 34. 284, 574 | 483, 109 |
| 1940 | 63, 585 | 142. 394, 934 | 3, 711, 028 | 38,018 | 67, 425, 174 | 816, 372 |
| 1941 | 137, 616 | 280, 755, 314 | 13, 584, 385 | 79, 279 | 138, 574, 590 | 3,938, 206 |
| 1942 | 253, 251 | 472, 524, 458 | 38,517,378 | 128, 515 | 218, 140, 106 | 14, 068, 517 |
|  | Tennessee |  |  | Texas |  |  |
| 1933 | 33,464 | \$93, 395, 213 | \$1, 987, 598 | 105, 950 | \$299, 577, 627 | \$7, 160, 953 |
| 1934 | 37,938 | 115, 788, 720 | 3, 596, 105 | 118, 930 | 366, 713, 839 | 11, 312, 971 |
| 1935 | 42,341 | 135, 557, 076 | 3, 937, 433 | 131, 447 | 439, 162, 958 | 19, 498, 410 |
| 1936 | 48,048 | 173, 317, 393 | 7,342, 668 | 156, 855 | 569, 444, 419 | 27, 265, 553 |
| 1937 | 58, 598 | 195, 529, 330 | 7,567, 645 | 196, 415 | 725, 591, 822 | 33, 918, 378 |
| 1938 | 58, 132 | 186, 396, 193 | 6, 637, 134 | 206, 210 | 691, 247, 447 | 28, 144, 104 |
| 1939 | 71,606 | 229, 797, 922 | 8, 193, 196 | 237, 742 | $753,069,713$ | 24,570,598 |
| 1940 | 138, 602 | 357, 764, 786 | 14, 290, 918 | 457, 136 | 1,162, 277, 793 | 41, 051, 226 |
| 1942 | 262, 156 | 617, 697, 673 | 43, 140, 356 | 792,947 | 1, 836, 788, 121 | 126, 046, 068 |
|  | 445, 045 | 926, 351, 808 | 96, 255, 231 | 1,320,969 | 2, 696, 512, 388 | 305, 530, 885 |
|  | Utall |  |  | Vermont |  |  |
| 1933 | 10, 807 | \$26, 933, 168 | \$349, 519 | 9,375 | \$23, 937, 326 | \$339, 220 |
| 1934 | 11,458 | 32, 016, 329 | 468, 653 | 9,824 | 26, 565, 697 | 435, 666 |
| 1935 | 14,088 | 39, 902, 816 | 686,084 | 10,903 | 30, 293, 579 | 503, 958 |
| 1936 | 16,262 | 50, 926, 789 | 1,458, 140 | 12, 193 | 37, 146, 202 | 1, 195, 886 |
| 1937 | 19,892 | $59,614,157$ | 1,619,567 | 13, 874 | 40, 647, 118 | 1, 231, 377 |
| 1938 | 19, 278 | $53,219,070$ | 1, 059, 037 | 13, 683 | 36, 660, 627 | 777, 312 |
| 1939 | 23, 573 | 63, 010, 259 | 1, 180, 014 | 15,893 | 44, 833, 737 | 1,264,806 |
| 1940 | 39,460 | 94, 234, 638 | 2, 012, 409 | 34, 454 | 74, 476, 230 | 2, 281, 256 |
| 1941 | 77, 805 | $170,716,713$ | 7, 593, 133 | 58, 894 | 116, 618, 532 | 5, 457, 478 |
| 1942 | 151, 584 | 317, 873, 253 | 26, 555, 705 | 82,057 | 151, 261, 061 | 13, 287, 487 |
|  | Virginia |  |  | Wrashington |  |  |
| 1933 | 42,920 | \$117, 634, 811 |  | ${ }^{43} 54,539$ | ${ }^{43}$ \$131, 639, 579 | 43\$1,646, 568 |
| 1934 | 47, 814 | 139,932, 355 | 3, 665, 810 | ${ }^{43} 60,151$ | ${ }^{43} 153,639,087$ | ${ }^{43} 2,551,738$ |
| 1935 | 54,835 | 171, 203, 815 | $5,268,764$ | ${ }^{43} 69,919$ | $43197,923,584$ | ${ }^{43} 3,868,053$ |
| 1936 | 62,449 | 218, 974, 309 | 11,790, 832 | 4388,640 | ${ }^{43} 259,649,969$ | ${ }^{43} 7,875,628$ |
| 1937 | 71, 645 | $245,434,150$ | 12, 378, 744 | ${ }^{43} 104,356$ | ${ }^{43} 295,685,148$ | ${ }^{43} 8,315,210$ |
| 1938 | 72, 625 | 228, 428, 434 | 7,828, 571 | ${ }^{43} 106,982$ | ${ }^{43} 276,900,100$ | ${ }^{43} 5,167,854$ |
| 1939 | 90, 413 | 286, 121, 481 | 11, 040, 284 | 126, 577 | 323, 346, 938 | 6, 357, 209 |
| 1940 | 183, 289 | 477, 918, 446 | 20, 704, 365 | 247, 134 | 545, 693, 694 | 12, 821, 445 |
| 1941 | 368, 661 | 866. 514, 286 | $56,023,003$ | 465, 691 | 994, 896, 035 | 53, 073, 872 |
| 1942 | 595, 377 | 1, 273, 452, 309 | 131, 491, 751 | 740, 736 | 1.588, 820,645 | 181, 255, 234 |

For footnotes, see pp. 259-261.

Table 17.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income; 1933-42, by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income, and total taxContinued

| Year | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{13}$ | Total tax | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{18}$ | Total tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | West Virginia |  |  | Wisconsin |  |  |
| 1933 | 25, 837 | \$69, 425, 751 | \$1, 107, 746 | 89,739 | \$184, 154, 155 | \$3, 106, 227 |
| 1934 | 30, 297 | 87, 992, 253 | 1,674,942 | 92, 826 | 217, 350, 901 | 5, 009, 731 |
| 1935 | 37, 224 | 106, 920, 022 | 2, 276, 187 | 105,785 | $258,590,449$ | 5, 577,366 |
| 1936 | 47.527 | 145, 745, 636 | 5, 160, 600 | 124, 202 | 338, 951, 189 | 13, 615,062 |
| 1937 | 59,323 | 173.671,357 | 5, 203, 949 | 151, 820 | 403, 656, 499 | 13, 592, 844 |
| 1938 | 54, 014 | 146, 991, 478 | 3. 481.769 | 147, 609 | 355, 240, 809 | 9, 033, 882 |
| 1939 | 67, 914 | 183, 744, 030 | 4,060. 827 | 175,523 | 443, 387. 838 | 11, 533, 017 |
| 1940 | 125, 077 | 303, 720,764 | 7,578, 609 | 332, 382 | 727, 472, 132 | 19, 838, 907 |
| 1941 | 265, 409 | 577,631, 443 | 25, 183. 453 | 623, 766 | 1, 269, 509, 271 | 62, 328, 249 |
| 1942 | 381, 556 | 750, 391, 467 | 53, 695, 384 | 890, 083 | 1,750,925, 523 | 154, 970, 212 |


|  | Wyoming |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1933. | 6, 603 | \$16,095, 689 | \$452, 240 |
| 1934 | 7, 182 | 19, 035, 620 | 583, 601 |
| 1935 | 8, 739 | 23, 703, 202 | 646,357 |
| 1936 | 10. 702 | 30, 326, 918 | 1, 129, 801 |
| 1937 | 12, 247 | 35, 287, 480 | 1,061,452 |
| 1938 | 11. 769 | 31, 563, 520 | 476, 480 |
| 1939 | 13,735 | 38, 025, 545 | 1,161,482 |
| 1940 | 28,596 | 66, 439, 781 | 1,584,096 |
| 1941 | 48,361 | 108, 132, 635 | 5,723, 010 |
| 1942 | 67, 449 | 141, 706, 757 | 14, 442, 571 |

Footnotes for historical tables 14-17, pages 232-259
[Changes in the revenue acts affecting the comparability of statistical data from income tax returns are summarized on pp. 312-327]

1 Data for returns with net income for 1913-15 are secured from the annual reports of the Commissioner of Intermal Revenue; for 1916-36 tabulated from Forms 1040 and 1040A showing net inconte, filed for individuals and for estates and trusts; for 1937-42 tabulated from Forms 1040 and 1040A showing net income, filed for individuals, and from Form 1041 filed for estates and trusts with net income taxable to the fiduciary, as well as returns for estates and trusts filed (improperly) on Form 1040 except that for 1938 and subsequent years, only data for the taxable returns are included. (See also note 13.)
${ }^{2}$ Net income for 1913-15 is estimated from the number of returns filed and the average net income for each net income class, as shown in the ammual reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. (For subsequent years see note 13.)

3 Taxes for 1913-15 are tax receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30 immediately following the year indicated, as shown in annual reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, which receipts include fines, penalties, additional assessments, etc. Taxes for 1916 and subsequent years are tabulated from returns. (See note 13.) Amounts tabulated as surtax for 1913-17 are technically "additional tax." The altemative tax and total tax for 1938-41 include alternative tax for returns with no net income (sec note 6) and for $1940-41$ include the defense tax.

4 Alternative tax for 1938-41 is reported on (1) returns with net long-term capital gain when such altermative tax computed on net income excluding the net long-term capital gain, is less than the combined normal tax and surtax computed on net income including net long-term capital gain, and (2) returns with net long-term capital loss when such alternative tax computed on net income before deducting the net long-term capital loss, is greater than the combined normal tax and surtax computed on net income after deducting net long-term capital loss. The amounts tabulated for 1938-11 include
alternative tax on indisidual returns with no net income. For 1942 alternative tax is reported on returns showing an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss, but only if the alternative tax is less than the combined normal tax and surtax computed on net income which includes the net gain from sales of capital assets.
${ }^{5}$ For limitation of earned income credit, see p. 326.

- Data for the returns with no net income are not available for 1927 and prior years. Data for 1928-41 are tabulated from each return; data for 1942 partially estimated from a sample. For 1937 and subsequent years the number of returns include those showing total deductions equal to total income. Net deficit tabulated prior to 1940 is the current year deficit, i.e. before the deduction for prior year loss, which is allowable against total income in the period 1928-31. Net deficit for 1940-42 includes the net operating loss deduction of the preceding year. Alternative tax is reported on a negligible number of returns with no net income due to net long-term capital loss for 193841. On such returns the combined normal tax and surtax computed on ordinary net income exceeds 30 percent of the net long-term capital loss. This alternative tax is tabulated with that for returns with net income in table 14.

7 Returns for 1913 pertain to last 10 months of that year.
8 Total tax for 1917 includes war excess profits taxes of $\$ 101,249,781$ on individual and $\$ 103,887,984$ on partnerships.
${ }^{9}$ Revised:
1920: Certain sources of income for returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$ have been revised per Statistics of Income for 1935, Part 1, p. 42, note 4.

1923: Sources of income, deductions, net income, and taxes have been revised per Statistics of Income for 1925, pp. 25-29.

Footnotes continued on p. 260.

## Footnotes for historical tables 14-17, pages 232-259-Continued

[Changes in the revenue acts affecting the comparability of statistical data from income tax returns are summarized on pp. 312-327]

1929: Sources of ineome and deductions for returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$ have been revised per Statistics of Income for 1934, Part 1, p. 31, note 18.

1930: Other income, total income, contributions, other deductions, and total deductions for returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$ have been revised per Statistics of Income for 1937, Part 1, p. 47, note 25.

1932: Other deductions, total deductions, and net income for returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$ have been revised per Statistics of Income for 1935, Part 1, D. 31, note 6.
${ }^{10}$ Taxes before the 25 percent reduction provided by section 1200 (a), Revenue Act of 1924, effective for 1923.
${ }_{11}$ The 25 percent reduction in taxes for 1923 , provided by section 1200 (a), Revenue Act of 1924.
${ }^{12}$ Tax after the 25 percent reduction provided by section 1200(a), Revenue Act of 1924, effective for 1923.
${ }^{13}$ For individual returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$, the total number of returns is obtained annually from records of the Internal Revenue Bureau, but the distribution of returns by net income classes, as well as the amounts of net income and tax and their distribution by net income classes, are estimated based on samples for 1918-27 and for 1929, and are in part estimated and in part completely tabulated for $1917,1928,1930$, and subsequent years, except that for 1941-42 the return Form 1040A does not show the amount of net income, therefore cannot be distributed by net income classes. For such returns , the amount of gross income is tabulated both as total ineome and net income. Data for 1916 are completely tabulated from each return. The data for 1937 and subsequent years for fiduciary returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$ taxable to the fiduciary, are completely tabulated from each return. The net ineome used for classsification and tabulation is the net income taxable to the fiduciary, that is, after the deduction for amount distributable to beneficiaries. For returns Form 104G the net income tabulated prior to 1940 is the current year net income, i. e. before the deduction for prior year net loss, which is allowable against total income in the period 1922-31. Net income for 1940-42 is after the net operating loss deduction of the preceding year.

14 The number of returns for 1916 excludes the number of returns of married women making separate returns from husbands (288 returns show net income under $\$ 5,000$ and 7,347 show $\$ 5,000$ and over). The net income on returns filed separately by husband and wife is combined and the total tabulated as one return. For subsequent years the returns of married women filed separately are included in their respective net income classes regardless of the husband's income.

## ${ }^{1 s}$ Deficit.

${ }^{18}$ Data for 1917 exclude data for $1,640,758$ returns with net income under $\$ 2,000$ showing aggregate net income of $\$ 2,461,137,000$. The net income, total deductions, and other deductions have heen adjusted, to reflect the deduction for contributions. (In the Statistics of Income for 1917 contributions are not included in general deductions and have not been deducted from net income.)
${ }^{17}$ For 1916, income from the varions sources represents gross receipts, the deductions not haring been alloeated to the various solrces but included in aggregate under "Deductions." Beginning with 1917, income from the various sources is the net amount by which the gross receipts exceed deductions as reported in the schedules on the return. Net losses reported under sourees of income on the face of the return are transferred in tabulation to deductions, and are included in the amounts tabulated under speeified or other deductions. For individual returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$, the sources of
income and deductions are estimated on basis of samples for 1918-27 and for 1929; and in part estimated and in part completely tabulated for 1917. 1928, 1930, and subsequent years. For 1941-12 the optional Form 1040A does not provide for deductions or net iucome, therefore gross income is tabulated as net income. (See also notes 6 and 13.)

18 Salaries, wages, ete., reported only on individual returns, include "Professions and voeations" for 1916; wages and salaries of the indicidual, his wife, or dependent minors derived from business conducted as a sole proprietorship prior to 1924; and the taxpayer's earned income from partnership for 1916-26.
${ }^{19}$ Business profit or loss for 1916 excludes "Professions and vocations." Prior to 1924 salaries of the proprictor and members of his family were deducfible in computing business profit or loss if reported elsewhere as income.
${ }^{20}$ Partnership profit or loss excludes the partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations and dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to Mer. 28, 1942; interest on corporation bonds unon which a tax was paid at source for 1917 and 1920; salaries or earned income of the partner prior to 1927; dividends on stock of domestic corporations subject to Federal income tax prior to 1936; dividends on stock of domestic corporations not subject to Federal income tax for 1932-33; capital net gain or loss when the tax or tax credit is computed at 123 percent prior to 1934; and all net gain or loss from sales of capital assets for 1938-42. Amounts reported for the ycars 1918-21 include income from fiduciaries and income from personal service corporations except that dividends, partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, and in the case of fiduciaries interest from bonds upon which a tax was paid at source, received through these entities, are reported in their respective sources.
${ }^{21}$ Dividends received include stock dividends for 1916-19; domestic dividends received through personal service corporations for 1918-21; dividends from stock of foreign corporations deriving more than 50 percent of gross ineome from sources within the United States prior to 1934, and dividends from stock of domestic corporations subject to Federal ineome taxation prior to 1936 , both of which include such dividends received through partnerships and fidueiaries. Beginning 1936, dividends inchude all foreign and domestic dicidends except dividends on share aceounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to Mar. 28, 1942, and dividends received through partnerships and fiduciaries.
${ }^{22}$ Income from fiduciaries excludes the partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations and dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to Mar. 25, 1942; interest on corporation bonds upon which a tax was paid at source for 1917-20; dividends on stock of domestic corporations subject to Federal income tax prior to 1936; dividends on stock of domestie corporations not subject to Federal income tax for 1932-33; capital net gain or loss when the tax or tax eredit is computed at $121 / 2$ percent prior to 1934; and all the net gain or loss from sales of capital assets received from common trust funds for 1938-42.
${ }^{23}$ Partially tax-exempt interest (exempt from normal tax) is that received on certain Government obligations issued prior to Mar. I, 1941, namely, United States sarings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in excess of $\$ 5,000$, and from obligations of instrumentalities of the United States other than those issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act or that act as amended. For 1918-21 amounts include such interest received through personal service corporations, and for all years that reccived through partnerships and fiduciaries; for 1941 the amounts include also taxable interest on Government obligations and dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations, reported on nontaxable returns. The tabulated amounts for 1919-23

## Footnotes for historical tables 14-17, pages 232-259-Continued

[Changes in the revenue acts affecting the comparability of statistical data from income tax returns are summarized on pp. 312-327]
cover all net income classes; for 1924-31, net income classes $\$ 10,000$ and over; for 1932, $\$ 6.000$ and over; for 1933-39, \$5,000 and over: and for 1940-42, all income classes, except that tabulated amounts do not include such interest received by individuals filing Form 1040A.

24 Other income includes income from fiduciaries for 1917; partially tax-exempt interest on Government ohligations for 1917 and 1918; dividends from foreign corporations other than those with more than 50 percent of gross income from sources in the United States, prior to 1934; dividends from all foreign corporations for 1934 and 1935; diridends from domest ic corporations not subject to Federal income taxation for 1932-35; dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations for 1938-40; and all income except salaries, reported on Form 1040A for 1941-42.
${ }_{25}$ Contributions are reported only on indiridual returns. This deduction was not allowed in 1916.
${ }^{26}$ Other deductions exclude the prior year net loss allowed as a deduction in the years 1922-31, but include the net operating loss deduction in 1940-42, and on returns with net income include the amount distributable to beneficiaries reported on fiduciary returns for estates and trust prior to 1937.
${ }^{27}$ Capital net gain from sales of assets held more than 2 years including that received through partnerships and fiduciaries, taxed at $12 \frac{1}{2}$ percent in lien of normal tax and surtax for 1922-33; tabulated from taxable returns with net income of $\$ 30,000$ and over for 1922-23, and 1925-31; $\$ 25,000$ and over for 1924 ; and $\$ 15,000$ and over for $1932-33$. Such amounts arc reduced by losses in ordinary net income for 1921-33.
${ }^{25}$ Capital net loss from sales of assets held more than 2 years tabulated in other deductions for 192428 , and in net loss from real estate, stocks and bonds for 1929-33, is only the amount reported as a deduction in computing net income or deficit except for 1932 and 1933 on the returns with no net income there is included also the capital net loss reported in schedule 1) when not used as a deduction. Capital net loss in schedule $D$ for which the $121 / 2$ percent tax credit is taken is not tabulated as a deduction.
${ }_{20}$ Taxes and interest paid exclude amounts reported in schedules for business and for rents and royalties. A historical summary of taxes paid for the years 1927-32 and of interest paid for the years 1925-32, for returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over, showing separately the amounts reported in general deductions from total income and that reported in business deductions, is found in Statistics of Income for 1932, table $8-\mathrm{A}$, p. 80.
${ }^{30}$ Net capital gain or loss for 1934-37 is the net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets, regardless of time held, after certain percentages (see chart on pp. $324-335$ ) depending on the time the assets were held, and atter the limitation on the deduction for capital loss, have bcen applied. The net capital loss deduction is limited to $\$ 2,000$. A monnts reported exclude such gain or loss received through partnerships or fiduciaries.
${ }^{31}$ For 1938-41 short-term applies to sales of capital assets held 18 months or less and long-term applies to sales of such assets held more than 18 mouths upon which 6633 percent of the gain or loss on sales of assets held is months but not more than 24 months; and 50 percent $n$ f the gain or loss on sales of assets held more than 24 months, are taken into account. The net short-term cayital loss is not deductible in the current year but is carried forward to the succeeding yeat in an amount not in excess of the net income for the year
in which the loss is sustained and can be deducted only to the extent of the net short-term gain in such succeeding year. The net long-term capital loss is deductible from gross income. The amounts reported include the net gain or loss from such sales received through partnerships and common trust. funds.

32 For 1938-40 net gain or loss from sales of property used in trade or business of a character which is subJect to the allowance for depreciation; for 1941-42 also includes certain Government bonds which are not capital assets; and for 1942 includes real property used in trade or business.
${ }^{33}$ Reported on individual returns, Form 1040, and exclude amounts reported in schedules for business profit and rents and royalties. Lesses from fire, storm, shiprreck, or other casualty, or from theft, are those not compensated for by insurance or otherwise.
${ }_{34}$ The amount distributable to beneficiarjes reported on the taxable fiduciary returns, is a deduction allowed in computing the taxable net income of an estate or trust; included in other deductions prior to 1937.
${ }^{35}$ For 1942 short-term. applies to sales of capital assets held 6 months or less and long-term applies to sales of such assets held more than 6 months, npon which 50 percent of the gain or loss is taken into account. The net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is the net result of combining these short-term and long-term gains and losses, except that the net short-term gain is reduced by the net short-term capital loss carrierl over from 1941 in an amount not in excess of the net income for that year. However, the deduction for a net loss from sales or excharges of capital assets in the current year is limited to net income computed without regard to capital gains and losses, or $\$ 1,000$, whichever is sma!ler.
${ }^{36}$ Taxable interest on Government obligations is that receised on Treasury notes issued on or after Necember 1, 1940, and on obligations of the United States or any aqency or instrumentality thereof, issued on or after Mar. 1, 1941. The amount tabulated for 1941 is only the amonnt reported on taxable returns, Forms 1040 and 1041. Such interest reported on nontaxable returns, Form 1040, is tabulated with partially tax-exempt interest.
${ }^{37}$ Dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to Mar. 2s, 1912, including such dividends received through partnerships and fiduciaries. Such dividends are exempt from normal tax. The amount tabulated for 1941 is that reported on taxable returns only. The amount of such dividends reported on montaxable returns (with net income or with no net income) is included with partially tax-exempt interest.
${ }^{39}$ Medical and dental expenses in excess of an amount equal to 5 percent of the net income computed without the deduction. Maximum deduction is $\$ 2,500$ in the case of a head of a family or a joint return of husband and wife, and $\$ 1,250$ for all other individuals.
${ }^{39}$ Included in "Partnerstip profit."
40 Included in "Other deductions."
41 Contributions for 1920 which are not available for returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and orer, are included in "Other deductions."

42 Data not available; included in Washington.
${ }^{43}$ Includes Alaska.

ESTATE TAX RETURNS

## ESTATE TAX RETURNS

## SUMMARY DATA

There were 16,033 estate tax returns filed during the calendar year of 1943 , on which there is reported total gross estate of $\$ 2,637,838,621$, net estate of $\$ 1,405,400,259$, and Federal estate tax liability of $\$ 363,376,629$. As compared with the returns filed during the preceding calendar year, there is a decrease of 1,363 returns, or 7.8 percent; gross estate decrease of $\$ 99,294,273$, or 3.6 percent; net estate decrease of $\$ 130,935,046$, or 8.5 percent; and tax liability increase of $\$ 53,685,847$, or 17.3 percent.

The 846 returns filed for estates of nonresident aliens show gross estate of $\$ 10,471,359$, net estate of $\$ 8,703,178$, and tax liability of \$1,212,201.

The 15,187 returns filed for estates of eitizens and resident aliens show gross estate of $\$ 2,627,367,262$, which includes $\$ 175,027,678$ reported on the 2,461 nontaxable returns. The 12,726 taxable returns show gross estate of $\$ 2,452,339,584$, net estate of $\$ 981,019,104$ subject to basic tax and $\$ 1,396,315,950$ subject to additional tax, and tax liability of $\$ 362,164,428$. The tax liability consists of $\$ 10,279,253$ net basic tax, $\$ 351,603,433$ net additional tax, and $\$ 281,739$ defense tax which is effective only under the Revenue Act of 1940.

The effective tax rate for returns filed under all acts for estates of citizens and resident aliens is 25.9 percent; for returns filed under the 1942 act the effective rate is 21.8 percent; and for returns filed under the 1941 act the effective rate is 26.7 percent.

Tax credits for State inheritance taxes and for Federal gift taxes totaling $\$ 36,026,565$ are claimed against the gross basic tax; and a credit for Federal gift taxes of $\$ 284,897$ is taken against the gross additional tax. The aggregate tax eredits represent 9.1 percent of the total basic and additional taxes before credits.

## FEDERAL ESTATE TAXLAW

The Federal estate tax, imposed under chapter 3 of the Internal Revenue Code, is neither a property nor an inheritance tax. It is imposed upon the transfer of the entire estate, not any particular legacy, devise, or distributive share, and the transfer of property is taxable although it escheats to the State for lack of heirs. The estate tax consists of (1) the basic tax, (2) the additional estate tax, which is the excess of a tentative tax over the basic tax, and (3) the defense tax restricted to the estates of individuals dying in the period June 26, 1940, through September 20, 1941 (effective period of the 1940 act). Both the basic tax and the tentative tax are computed at graduated rates. The basic tax provisions specify rates from 1 percent of the net estate not in excess of $\$ 50,000$, increasing to 20 percent of the amount over $\$ 10,000,000$. The tentative tax provisions in effect on and after September 21, 1941, specify rates from 3 percent
on the net estate not in excess of $\$ 5,000$, progressing to 77 percent on the amount in excess of $\$ 10,000,000$. A résumé of the principal estate tax provisions, including rates, credits, and specific exemptions, applicable under each act from the Revenue Act of 1916 through the Revenue Act of 1942, is given on pages 328-331.

An estate tax return is required for the estate of an individual whose gross estate (as defined by statute) exceeds in value the amount of specific exemption allowable under the act in effect at date of death. On and after October 22, 1942, the effective date of the estate tax provisions of the Revenue Act of 1942, an estate tax return is required for the estate of a citizen or a resident alien, if the value of the gross estate at date of death exceeds $\$ 60,000$, while under the 1935 act a return is required if the gross estate exceeds $\$ 40,000$, and under the 1934 act a return is required if the gross estate exceeds $\$ 50,000$. Under earlier acts a return is required for the estate of a resident citizen and resident alien if the value thereof exceeds $\$ 50,000$ under the 1932 act, $\$ 100,000$ under the 1926 act, and $\$ 50,000$ under the 1924 or prior acts. Under the 1942 act, the increase from $\$ 40,000$ to $\$ 60,000$ in gross estate value for which a return is required is the result of an equivalent increase in specific exemption. The increased specific exemption compensates in some measure for the provision that life insurance not in excess of $\$ 40,000$ payable to beneficiaries other than the estate, formerly excluded, is included in the gross estate under the 1942 act.

An estate tax return is required for the estate of a nonresident alich who died on or after October 22, 1942, only if the part of his gross estate (as defined by statute) situated in the United States exceeds $\$ 2,000$ in value at time of death. However, if death occurred on or before October 21, 1942, a return is required if any part of the gross estate regardless of value is situated in the United States. The estate of a nonresident citizen who died prior to May 11, 1934, also is subject to the latter requirement.

The estate tax return for the estate of an individual who died on or after August 31, 1935, is due 15 months after the date of death. However, an extension of time for filing may be granted by the Commissioner. The return for the estate of a resident decedent must be filed with the collector in whose district the decedent had his domicile at time of death, and the return for the estate of a nonresident decedent must be filed with the collector in whose district the gross estate in the United States is situated. Approximately 85 percent of the returns for estates of citizons and resident aliens filed during 1943 were filed without extension of time. Regardless of when the return is filed, the estate is subject to the statutory provisions in effect at date of death.

Among the changes in the Intemal Revenue Code, as amended by the Revenue Act of 1942, affecting the comparability of data tabulated from returns filed under that act with those filed under carlier acts are:
(a) The requirement for filing a return for the estate of a citizen or resident alien is increased from a minimum gross estate value of $\$ 40,000$ at date of death to a minimum value of $\$ 60,000$; and a return is no longer required for the estate of a nonresident alien unless the gross estate situated in the United States exceeds a value of $\$ 2,000$ at date of death.
(b) The exclusion from gross estate of $\$ 40,000$ for life insurance receivable by beneficiaries other than the estate is no longer allowed.
(c) The specific exemption allowable in determining the net estate for the purposes of the additional tax in the case of a citizen or resident alien is inereased from $\$ 40,000$ to $\$ 60,000$; and a specific exemption of $\$ 2,000$ is deductible from the gross estate of a nonresident alien for purposes of both basic tax and additional tax.
( $d$ ) There is includible in the gross estate the entire community property held by the decedent and surviving spouse except such part thereof as may be shown to have been received as compensation for personal services actually rendered by the surviving spouse or derived originally from separate property of the surviving spouse. Previously community property was includible in the gross estate only to the extent of the decedent's share under State law.
(e) All property with respect to which the decedent had at time of death a power of appointment (with the exception of certain limited specified powers), whether exercised or not, is includible in the gross estate. Previously only property passing under gencral powers of appointment exercised by the decedent was includible.
$(f)$ There is disallowed as a deduction from the value of gross estate, the amount, if any, by which the deductions for funeral and administrative expenses, debts of the decedent, mortgages and liens, and support of dependents exceed the value of property subject to claims and includible in the gross estate.
(g) The net deduction for property previously taxed is computed in a manner which eliminates from the deduction the proportion thereof relating to property not subject to general claims.
(h) The tax credit for estate, inheritance, legacy, or succession taxes is limited to 80 percent of the basic tax before deducting the credit for gift tax, whereas prior acts limit such credit to 80 percent of the basic tax after deducting the gift tax credit.

## RETURNS INCLUDED

The estate tax returns used for this report are the returns filed for citizens and aliens during the calendar year 1943 regardless of the date on which the individual died or the revenue act under which the estate is taxed, excluding returns which show a total gross estate value below the statutory amount for which a return is required to be filed under the specific revenue act in effect at time of death. Of the total returns filed for the estates of citizens and resident aliens, 3,109 show date of death on or after October 22, 1942, and are filed under provisions of the 1942 act; 11,463 show date of death in the period September 21, 1941, through October 21, 1942, and are filed under provisions of the 1941 act; and the remaining 615 returns are filed under earlier aets- 350 being filed under the 1940 act, 223 under the 1935 act, 12 under the 1934 act, 16 under the 1932 act, 11 under the 1926 act, and 3 under the 1924 or prior aets. No returns were filed during 1943 for estates of nonresident citizens who died prior to May 11, 1934. No cognizance is given to the date of death shown on the 846 returns for estates of nonresident aliens.

The data for this report are taken from the estate tax returns as filed, prior to audit by the Bureau of Internal Revenue. The total estate tax liability tabulated herein differs from the collections of such taxes during 1943 by reason of changes made upon audit and because
extensions of time for payment, granted in exceptional cases for periods not to exceed 10 years in aggregate, may result in the tax being collected subsequent to the year in which the return is filed. Furthermore, collections include delinquent taxes, interest, and penalties, none of which are tabulated in this report.

## BASIC ITEMS

Gross estate consists of real estate, tangible personal property, and intangible personal property. Under each category there is tabulated the value of jointly owned property, property transferred during the decedent's life, property subject to and/or transferred under powers of appointment, property previously taxed, and all other property. The amount tabulated for each is the value of such property reported as a part of the total gross estate for tax purposes. In the case of jointly owned property, the entire property is prima facie a part of the decedent's gross estate. But it is not the intent of the statute that there should be included a greater part thereof than is represented by an outlay of funds, which, in the first instance, were the decedent's own, or more than a fractional part equal to that of each of the other joint owners if none of them have parted with any consideration in its aequirement. Whether the entire jointly owned property, or only a part, or none of it, enters into the makeup of gross estate depends on the actual circumstances of acquisition and of ownership. Property transferred during the decedent's life by means other than a bona fide sale for adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth is subject to estate tax if the transfer is one of several types which include transfers in contemplation of death; transfers conditioned upon the decedent's death; transfers under which the decedent reserved or retained the use or possession of the property or income therefrom; transfers under which the decedent retained the right to designate who shall possess or enjoy the property or income therefrom; and transfers under which the enjoyment of the transferred property is subject, at decedent's death, to change through the exereise of power to alter, amend, revoke, or terminate. All property subject to powers of appointment, with the exception of certain limited powers and certain powers created prior to October 22, 1942, is inchudible in gross estate, if the decedent had the power of appointment at time of death, or if he exereised or released the power duing his lifetime in contemplation of death, by a disposition intended to take effect at or after death, or by a disposition under which he retained possession or enjoyment of the property, or the right the income therefrom, or under which he retained the right to designate the persons who shall possess or enjoy the property or the income therefrom. However, if the decedent died prior to October 22, 1942, there is included only the property passing under a general power of appointment exereised by the decedent. Property previously taxed includes property received by the decedent by gifi within five yeas prior to death, or received by gift, bequest, or inheritance from any person who died within five years prior to the death of the decedent, or property acquired in exchange theeefor, with respect to which a deduetion is authorized because a gift tax was paid by the donor or an estate tax was paid in behalf of the prior estate.

For estates of individuals who died on or after August 31, 1935, the value of gross estate may be determined, at the election of the executor, either as of the date of death or as of the date one year after death. When the value as of the latter date is selected, it is referred to as the optional value. If the optional value is elected, property distributed, sold, exchanged, or otherwise disposed of within the year following death must be valued as of the date of disposition. For estates of individuals who died prior to August 31, 1935, the value of the gross estate must be determined as of the date of death.

Only the amount of taxable life insurance is included in the tabulated amount of gross estate. The gross amount of life insurance and the amount of tax-exempt life insurance are tabulated as information items. The tax-exempt insurance is life insurance receivable by beneficiaries other than the estate, not to exceed in aggregate $\$ 40,000$ for any one estate. Tax-exempt insurance is reported only on returns for estates of individuals who died prior to October 22, 1942.

Specific exemption of $\$ 60,000$ is allowable as a deduction in computing the net estate for additional tax in the case of a citizen or resident alien who died on or after October 22, 1942; $\$ 40,000$ if death occurred in the period August 31, 1935, through October 21, 1942; and $\$ 50,000$ if death occurred in the period June 6, 1932, through August 31, 1935. Also, a specific exemption of $\$ 100,000$ is allowable as a deduction in computing the net estate for basic tax. For the estates subject to both basic and additional taxes, that is, estates of individuals who died since June 6, 1932, the tabulated specific exemption is only that allowable for computing the additional tax. The specific exemption allowable in computing net estate of a citizen or resident alien who died prior to June 6, 1932, is $\$ 100,000$ under the 1926 act and $\$ 50,000$ under the 1924 or prior acts. A specific exemption of $\$ 2,000$ is authorized for the estates of nonresident aliens who died on or after October 22, 1942, in computing the net estate for basic tax as well as net estate for additional tax.

Property previously taxed, net deduction, is the deduction, subject to certain conditions and limitations, allowable when there is included in the gross estate of an individual, property received by him by gift from any person within five years prior to his death, or property received by gift, bequest, or inheritance from any person who died within five years prior to his death, or property acquired in exchange for property so received. The property respecting which the deduction is sought must have formed a part of the prior decedent's gross estate situated in the United States, or have been included in the total amount of the donor's gifts made within five years prior to the decedent's death. An estate tax or a gift tax actually must have been paid with respect to such property and such a deduction in respect of the property must not have been allowable in determining the value of the net estate of the prior decedent. This deduction is limited to the value of such property as finally determined in the case of the prior decedent or donor, or as it is valued in the gross estate of the present decedent, whichever is lower, and is further reduced by a proportionate reduction which is equal to that proportion of total deductions except property previously taxed, which the value of property previously taxed bears to gross estate. However, in the case of an individual who died on or after October 22, 1942, if the property previously taxed includible in the gross estate is not wholly
subject to general elaims, the computation of the net deduction gives consideration to the fact that certain claims are enforceable first, or solely, against specified property, and that the value in whole or in part of some property included in the gross estate (including property previously taxed), is exempt from claims of creditors. This is accomplished by two reductions in the amount otherwise deductible: First, before applying the proportionate reduction, the amount otherwise deductible is reduced by that portion thereof which represents the specific claims against the property previously taxed; and, second, the balance thus obtained is further reduced by the proportionate reduction as stated above except that the amounts therein represent only such amounts as are subject to general claims. For an estate subject to both basie and additional taxes, the use of a different specific exemption for the purpose of each tax eauses this net deduction for property previously taxed to differ also, in which ease the amount tabulated is the net deduction used in computing the net estate for additional tax.
Disallowed deductions constitute that portion of total deductions equal to the excess of the sum of funeral and administration expenses, debts of the decedent, mortgages and liens, and support of dependents over the value of property includible in gross estate subject to claims, and are disallowed as a deduction from gross estate in computing both the net estate for basic tax and the net estate for additional tax. This provision is applicable only to the estates of individuals who died on or after October 22, 1942.

Net estate is the excess of gross estate over allowable deductions. The value of net estate subject to the basic tax differs from the value of the net estate subject to additional tax owing to the different specific exemptions allowable which direetly affect total deductions and, as mentioned above, also result in different net deductions for property previously taxed. Estates of nonresident aliens have the same net estate valug for both basic and additional taxes.

Net estate before specific exemption is the exeess of gross estate over allowable deductions which exclude the tabulated specific exemption.

Net estate for basic tax is the excess of gross estate over the sum of the allowable deductions including the specific exemption of $\$ 100,000$ allowable to citizens and residents for the computation of basic tax. Net estate for basic tax applies to the estates of individuals who died sinee 10:25 a. m., February 26, 1926. The tabulated amount of net estate for basic tax also includes the net estate subject to tax for returns filed under the 1924 or prior acts which provide a specifie exemption of $\$ 50,000$.

Net estate for additional tas is the excess of gross estate over the allowable deductions including the specific exemption allowable to citizens and residents for the computation of additional tax, that is, $\$ 60,000$ under the 1942 act; $\$ 40,000$ under the 1941,1940 , and 1935 aets; and $\$ 50,000$ under the 1934 and 1932 acts. Net estate for additional tax applies only to the estates of individuals who died subsequent to 5 p. m., June 6, 1932.

Basic tax is computed at the basic tax rates which have been in effect since February 26, 1926. For purposes of the basic tax, a specific exemption of $\$ 100,000$ is allowable to citizens and residents, and $\$ 2,000$ is allowable to nomresident aliens if death occurred on or
after October 22, 1942. The tax liability for estates subject to the 1924 or prior acts is tabulated as basic tax.

Additional tax liability is in addition to the basic tax, and is applieable only to the estates of individuals who died subsequent to 5 p. m., June 6, 1932. The additional tax is the exeess of a tentative tax computed at the tentative tax rates, over the basic tax. The specific exemption allowable to citizens and residents for purposes of the additional tax is $\$ 60,000$ under the 1942 act; $\$ 40,000$ under the 1941, 1940, and 1935 acts; and $\$ 50,000$ under the 1934 and 1932 acts. In the case of nonresident aliens, a $\$ 2,000$ specific exemption is allowable under the 1942 act only.

Tax credits are allowable against the basic tax for State inheritance taxes and for gift taxes paid, while only a credit for gift tax paid is allowable against the additional tax. The credit deductible from the basic tax for estate, inheritance, legacy, or succession taxes paid to the States, Territories, District of Columbia, or (after June 29, 1939) United States possessions, is limited, under the 1942 act, to 80 percent of the basic tax before deducting the credits for gift taxes, whereas, under prior acts, the inheritance tax credit is limited to 80 percent of the basic tax after deducting the credit for gift taxes. The credits for gift taxes deductible from the basic tax are (1) the entire gift tax paid under the 1924 act on property includible in the gross estate and (2) that portion of the 1932 gift tax which does not exceed the proportion of the basic tax, reduced under the 1942 act but not under prior acts by the credits for the 1924 gift tax and for the State inheritance tax, that the value of the included gift bears to gross estate.

Only one credit, that for the gift tax paid under the Revenue Act of 1932, is authorized against the additional tax. Such credit cannot exceed the proportion of the additional tax that the value of the included gift bears to gross estate nor can it exceed the balance of the gift tax not already credited in connection with the basic tax.

Defense tax is applicable only to estates of individuals who died within the period June 6, 1940, through September 20, 1941 (the effective period of the 1940 act). The defense tax is 10 percent of the net estate tax otherwise payable.

Total tax liability as tabulated in this report is the sum of net basic tax, net additional tax, and the defense tax when applicable.

## CLASSIFICATION OF RETURNS

Estate tax returns are classified as returns for the estates of citizens anid resident aliens, and returns for the estates of nonresident aliens. Returns for the estates of citizens and resident aliens are classified (1) as taxable or nontaxable, (2) by the applicable revenue acts, (3) by geographic divisions, and (4) by gross estate classes. The taxable returns are further classified by net estate before exemption classes. Data are presented by these classifications in the estate tax tables, but not all items are available for every classification.

Citizens and resident aliens, and nonresident aliens.-Estates of citizens whether residing in the United States or abroad and estates of aliens residing in the United States at date of death are taxed under
provisions differing from those governing the tax liability of estates of nonresident aliens, and are segregated for that reason.

Applicable revenue acts.-Estate tax returns are classified according to the revenue act in effect on the date of death of the individual whose estate is reported, and without regard to the filing date. The five groups in this classification are returns filed under the Revenue Act of 1942, the Revenue Act of 1941, the Revenue Act of 1940, the Revenue Act of 1935, and the Revenue Act of 1934 and prior acts.

Taxable or nontaxable returns.-This classification is based on the existence or nonexistence of a tax liability. Returns are classified as taxable whether there is reported both an additional tax and a basic tax or only an additional tax.

Net estate before specific exemption classes.-This classification is applied only to returns filed under the 1935 and subsequent acts and is based on the sum of the net estate for additional tax and the specific exemption allowable in computing such net estate.

Gross estate classes.-This classification is applied only to returns filed under the 1935 and subsequent acts and is based on the value of total gross estate for the returns filed under the 1942 act and on total gross estate plus the amount of tax-exempt life insurance (receivable by beneficiaries other than the estate, not to exceed in aggregate $\$ 40,000$ for any one estate) for all other returns. The gross estate under the 1942 act includes all insurance.

Geographic divisions.-This classification provides for the distribution of the returns by the 48 States, Alaska, Hawaii, and District of Columbia. The segregation of returns by States and Territories is determined by the location of the collection district in which the return is filed, except for two divisions, Alaska and District of Columbia, the segregation of which is determined by the residence of the individual at time of death.

## NONRESIDENT ALIENS

Data tabulated from the 846 returns for estates of nonresident aliens are limited to the number of returns, value of gross estate, value of net estate, and the tax liability, which data are included only in the historical summary. Data for nonresident alien returns are not classified for the applicable revenue acts, or for size of gross estate or net estate. However, it was ascertained that 20 returns show over $\$ 100,000$ gross estate and 14 show over $\$ 100,000$ net estate, as compared with 21 and 18 returns, respectively, filed in the previous year.

Gross estate of a nonresident alien includes only property situated in the United States, but does not include the amount receivable as life insurance nor, in the ease of such an alien not engaged in business in the United States, bank deposits, or United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness issued prior to March 1, 1941. For the first time, a specific exemption of $\$ 2,000$ is allowable, in computing the net estate under the 1942 act, for monresident aliens who died on or after October 22, 1942.

ESTATE TAX TABLES
Estate tax tables 1 through 5 present data for estates of citizens and resident aliens. Data for estates of nonresident aliens are shown in aggregate in table 6 , which is a historical summary for all estate tax returns filed from September 9, 1916, through 1943.

Data for estates of all citizens and resident aliens are tabulated in table 1, by applicable revenue acts, and by taxable returns and nontaxable returns; and in table 5 by States and Territories. Data in table 2 and 3 for taxable returns, and data in table 4 for nontaxable returns, are limited to the returns filed for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after August 31, 1935.

Table 1.-Estate tax returns filed during 1943 for estates of citizens and resident of returns, items of gross estate,
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see p. 295.
aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns under the applicable revenue acts: Number deductions, net estate, and tax
thousands of dollars]

| Applicable revenue acts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Internal Revenue Code as amended by- |  |  |  |  |  | Act of 1932 as amended by 1935 act; ${ }^{1}$ the Internal Revenue Code; and the Code as amended by 1939 act (effective for estates of individuals who died in period Aug. 31, 1935, through June 25, 1940) |  | Act of 1932 as amended by 1934 act; ${ }^{1}$ and all prior acts (effective for estates of individuals who died before Ang. 31, 1935) |  |  |
| 1942 act for esta dividu died on Oct. 22 | effective es of ins who or after 1942) | 1941 act for esta dividua died Sept. througb 1942) | (effective es of ins who period <br> 1, 1941, <br> Oct. 21, | 1940 act for esta dividu died June through 19 | effective es of inls who period <br> 6, 1940, Sept. 20, 1) |  |  |  |
| Taxable | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { taxable } \end{aligned}$ | Taxable | Nontaxable | Taxable | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { taxable } \end{aligned}$ | Taxable | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { taxable } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Taxable | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { taxable } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 2549 | 560 | 9, ${ }^{8} 0$ | 1,683 | 237 | 113 | 141 | 82 | 19 | 23 |  |
| 389, 055 | 49, 134 | 2, 015, 583 | 109, 878 | 35, 251 | 8, 130 | 10,558 | 5. 327 | 1.893 | 2. 558 |  |
| 70,897 | 16,574 | 282,964 | 38,062 | 6,412 | 3, 490 | 4, 037 | 3, 363 | 504 | 1,312 | 3 |
| 58,833 | 14,740 | 233.057 | 31.820 | 5, 124 | 3, 203 | 2,999 | 3, 029 | 314 | 1,185 |  |
| 6,791 | 1, 466 | 27. 207 | 4,575 | 642 | 179 | 701 | 242 | 165 | 114 | 5 |
| 2,525 | 170 | 9,689 | 1, 233 | 323 | 109 | 300 | 50 | 25 | 13 | 6 |
| 2. 200 |  | ${ }^{9} 945$ | 12 |  |  | 4 | 42 |  |  | 7 |
| 2,548 | 198 | 12, 066 | 422 | 323 |  | 34 |  |  |  | 8 |
| 6,717 | 1,472 | 32,864 | 3,628 | 849 | 236 | 142 | 83 | 8 | 134 | 9 |
| 6,535 | 1,306 | 31, 602 | 3, 499 | 799 | 235 | 139 | 83 | 8 | 133 | 10 |
|  |  | 369 256 |  | 2 | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ ) | 2 |  |  |  | 11 |
|  |  | 52 |  |  | (17) |  |  |  |  | 13 |
| 87 | 125 | 585 | 7 | 18 |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| 311, 441 | 31, 089 | 1,699, 755 | 68, 189 | 27, 990 | 4,405 | 6,379 | 1, 882 | 1,380 | 1,113 | 15 |
| 42, 993 | 2,546 | 138. 000 | 3,769 | 2.338 | 40 | 270 | 60 | 27 |  | 16 |
| 2, 107 | 51 | 30.876 | 210 | 1, 105 |  | 10 | 13 | 4 | $\left({ }^{17}\right)$ | 17 |
| 17, 255 | 1.416 | 69.766 | 2,496 | 1, 096 | 40 | 199 | 47 | 24 | 14 | 18 |
| 23, 631 | 1,079 | 37,358 | 1,062 | 136 | 1 | 61 |  |  |  | 19 |
| 17, 082 | 1,602 | 151, 090 | 1,907 | 1,553 | 10 | 48 | 52 |  | 13 | 20 |
| 15.893 | 1,848 | 108, 064 | 3,585 | 1, 068 | 51 | 293 | 139 | 49 | 82 | 21 |
| 119, 801 | 11, 459 | 815, 188 | 25, 196 | 10,771 | 2, 665 | 1. 826 | 529 | 286 | 455 | 22 |
| 53, 013 | 5,952 | 226, 867 | 15. 358 | 6, 575 | 494 | 1, 356 | 272 | 206 | 125 | 23 |
| 21, 257 | 2, 251 | 99, 859 | 5,773 | 2,608 | 380 | 1,118 | 327 | 112 | 233 | 24 |
| 26, 104 | 3,876 | 59, 522 | 5,540 | 606 | 332 | 303 | 156 | 225 | 100 | 25 |
| 7,624 | 1,582 | 42. 914 | 4,247 | 404 | 183 | 464 | 120 | 60 | 8 | 26 |
| 7,674 | 972 | 58, 220 | 3, 813 | 2, 069 | 250 | 701 | 226 | 415 | 85 | 27 |
| 226, 528 | 56,565 | 802,680 | 137,985 | 17, 697 | 38, 913 | 7. 481 | 6,956 | 1,292 | 3,253 | 28 |
| 15, 549 | 2,824 | 95, 023 | 6,527 | 2, 312 | 769 | 509 | ${ }^{321}$ | 59 | -96 | 29 |
| 19, 288 | 12, 145 | 145, 012 | 45, 713 | 3, 180 | 33,417 | 1, 162 | 3,227 | 131 | 1,577 | 30 |
| 14 |  | 145 | 43 | (17) | 19 |  | 2 |  |  | 31 |
| 1,233 | 194 | 8, 585 | 842 | 282 | 30 | 67 | 35 | 1 | 25 | 32 |
| 31,884 | 7.645 | 127. 207 | 17,280 | 1,291 | 158 | 47 | 61 | 2 | 5 | 33 |
| 375 | 116 | 14, 927 | 1, 063 | 102 |  |  | 12 |  |  | 34 |
| 26,776 | 614 | 17,217 | 2, 034 | 85 | 34 | 33 | 2 |  |  | 35 |
| 966 | 1,795 | 13,725 | 2. 906 | 541 | 22 | 11 | 9 | 2 | 2 | 36 |
| 3, 767 | 5, 120 | 81, 338 | 11,279 | 564 | 101 | 3 | 39 |  | 3 | 37 |
| 5,619 | 156 | 35, 508 | 11259 | 1,152 |  | 55 | 30 |  |  | 38 |
| 152,940 | 33, 600 | 391, 200 | 67, 320 | 9, 480 | 4, 520 | 5, 640 | 3, 280 | 1, 100 | 1,550 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ 226,493 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 81 \\ 56,484 \end{array}$ | 802,680 | 137, 985 | 17,697 | 38,913 | 7,481 | 6,956 | 1,292 | 3,253 | 40 41 |
| 315, 502 | 26, 250 | 1, 604,103 | 39. 213 | 27,034 | ${ }^{18} 26,262$ | 8,717 | 1,651 | 1, 700 | 855 | 42 |
| 100, 952 |  | 867,653 |  | 11,616 |  | 416 |  | 381 |  | 43 |
| 162, 562 |  | 1,212, 903 |  | 17, 554 |  | 3,077 |  | 219 |  | 44 |
| 3,246 |  | 42, 385 |  | $664$ |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 45 |
| 2, 284 |  | 33, 149 |  | (1) 530 |  | 3 |  | (17) |  | 47 |
| 959 |  | 9,178 | ---------- | 134 |  | 2 |  | (1) 6 |  | 48 |

Table 1.-Estate tax returns filed during 1943 for estates of citizens and resident of returns, items of gross estate, deduc
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see p. 295.
aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns under the applicable revenue acts: Number tions, net estate, and tax-Continued
thousands of dollars]

| Applicable revenue acts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Internal Revenue Code as amended by- |  |  |  |  |  | Act of 1932 as amended by 1935 act; 1 the Internal Revenue Code: and the Code as amended by 1939 act (effective for estates of individuals who died in period Aug. 31, 1935, through June 25 , 1940) |  | Act of 1932 as amended by 1934 act; ${ }^{1}$ and all prior acts (effective for estates of individuals who died before Aug. 31, 1935) |  |  |
| 1942 act for esta dividua died on Oct. 22 | effective es of inls who or after 1942) | 1941 act for estat dividual died in Sept. through 1942) | effective <br> s of in- <br> who <br> period <br> 1, 1941, <br> Oct. 21, | 1940 act for esta dividu died in June through 19 | ffective es of inls who period 6, 1940, Sept. 20, 1) |  |  |  |
| Taxable | Nontaxable | Taxable | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { taxable } \end{aligned}$ | Taxable | $\begin{gathered} \text { Non- } \\ \text { taxable } \end{gathered}$ | Taxable | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { taxable } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Taxable | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { taxable } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 34,559 \\ 31 \\ 34,528 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 314,437 \\ 253 \\ 314,183 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,707 \\ & (17) \\ & 2,707 \end{aligned}$ |  | 181 |  | 4 |  | 49 50 51 |
|  |  |  |  | 282 |  |  |  |  |  | 52 |
| 35, 487 |  | 323, 362 |  | 3, 123 |  | 183 |  | 10 |  | 53 |
| 311, 441 | 31, 089 | 1,699, 755 | 68, 189 | 27,990 | 4, 405 | 6,379 | 1, 882 | 1,380 | 1,113 | 54 |
| 180, 869 | 15,182 | 1,083,169 | 29,934 | 14, 077 | 2, 743 | 2,054 | 775 | 257 | 55\% | 55 |
| 42,766 | 5, 055 | 191,996 | 13, 618 | 5, 079 | 470 | 943 | 231 | 182 | 105 | 56 |
| 19, 275 | 2, 086 | 89, 227 | 5,406 | 2, 429 | 359 | 1.016 | 323 | 87 | 225 | 57 |
| 26, 104 | 3, 876 | 59,522 | 5, 540 | 606 | 332 | 303 | 156 | 225 | 100 | 58 |
| 13, 776 | 2,387 | 88, 492 | 7,648 | 1,998 | 423 | 1, 109 | 270 | 268 | 93 | 59 |
| 10,988 | 1, 086 | 41, 470 | 2,382 | 1,217 | 43 | 362 | 8 | 49 | 24 | 60 |
| 7. 787 | 761 | 85, 827 | 2,209 | 922 | 21 | 399 | 48 |  | 10 | 61 |
| 579 | 123 | 16, 539 | , 267 | 100 | 13 | 65 |  | 312 |  | 62 |
| 9,295 | 532 | 43,514 | 1,185 | 1,563 |  | 127 | 71 |  |  | 63 |
| 26,104 | 3, 876 | 130,000 70,477 | $\begin{aligned} & 16,745 \\ & 11,205 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,704 \\ & 1,098 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 903 \\ & 571 \end{aligned}$ | $964$ | $\begin{aligned} & 494 \\ & 338 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 411 \\ & 187 \end{aligned}$ | 112 | 64 65 |

Table 2.-Taxable estate tax returns filed during 1943 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after Aug. 31, 1935 , by net estate before specific exemption classes: Number of returns, items of gross estate, deductions, net estate, and tar
[Net estate before specific exemption classes and money figures in thousands of dellars]
Net estate before specific exemption classes 10


|  |  | 夺も | ホ9\％ | ¢ヶ\％ |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 令 |  <br> 呇式 |  |  | $\pm$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\infty}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\oplus} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 等是 } \\ & 120 \\ & n=0 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  － 15 －「 | :- |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\square}{-1}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \underset{\sim}{7} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  |  |
|  |  |  | －© <br>  | Fip |  | ワ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 8 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ \hline 8 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ஜ్ } \\ & \text { ¢ } \\ & \text { \&్ㅌ } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  <br> ๗゚゙ージ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ E \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \infty \\ \stackrel{N}{\infty} & \stackrel{N}{\infty} \\ \infty \\ \infty \end{array}$ | － | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \underset{\infty}{\infty} \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{0} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 . \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  <br> ぜゆ゙ごかかだ |  |
|  | ๆㅜㄹ두웅ㅇㅇㅇ <br>  | $\underset{\sim}{\sim}$ |  |  |  | 15 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \stackrel{8}{9} \\ & 15 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \stackrel{\infty}{\mathrm{N}} \\ & \stackrel{N}{-} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \infty \infty \\ & 8_{0}^{\infty}=0.8 \\ & n=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PN } \\ & \underset{\sim}{\sim} \\ & - \end{aligned}$ | $\sim$ | $\begin{gathered} \Re \\ \\ \hdashline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 简 } \\ & \stackrel{\text { R }}{ } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ©N } \\ & \text { © N } \\ & \text { © } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 808088 ーがめ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & =1 \\ & =1 \end{aligned}$ |  | EEEE |  | － | 8 | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{0}{4} \\ & -\infty \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | ＊ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { ig } \\ & \stackrel{y}{9} \\ & \text { Nein } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  |  <br>  － |  |

Funeral and administration expense Fehts and mortgages ．－
 Educational，scientific，or literary institutions： Privately endowed Charitable and all other gitts．
Property previously taxed，net deduction
Speeific exemption 1）isallowed deductions 10
Allowable deductions（28
 For additional tax
Basic tax before tax credits
Tax credit for inheritance，etc．，taxes Net basic tax（ 45 less 46 and 47 ）
Additional tax before tax credit． ax credit for Federal gift taxes
Net additional tax（49 less 50） Defense tax ${ }^{15}$
Information items：
Intangible personal property not included in items 60－63：
Mortgages and notes
Taxable insurance（ 64 less 65 ）
Jointly owned．．．．．．．．．．．．－．
Powers of appointment
Previously taxed
Gross insurance＿－．．．．．．．．－
For footnotes see p． 295.
Table 2.-Taxable estate tax returns filed during 1943 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after Aug. 31, 1935, by net


| Funeral and administration expenses. | 7,995 | 4,328 | 3, 692 | 3,344 | 2, 578 | 2,232 | 1,540 | 5,620 | 29 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Debts and mortgages... | 9, 288 | 7,661 | 4, 428 | 4,371 | 4, 463 | 1,806 | 2,930 | 9, 461 | 30 |
| Net losses during administration | 9, 16 | 7,601 | (17) |  |  | (17) |  | - 9 | 31 |
| Support of dependents ${ }^{7}$---- | 844 | 351 | 149 | 276 | 118 | 218 | 66 | 292 | 32 |
| Charitable, public, and similar bequest, total | 9,573 | 2,901 | 6,145 | 5,683 | 1,375 | 800 | 569 | 4,433 | 33 |
|  | 788 | 506 | 175 | 813 | 65 | 107 | 5 | 1,284 | 34 |
| Privately endowed | 1,063 | 132 | 593 | 805 | 16 | 12 | 6 | 851 | 35 |
| Religious---------- | 981 | 528 | 218 | 937 | 141 | 129 | 26 | 155 | 36 |
| Charitable and all other gifts | 6,740 | 1,734 | 5,159 | 3,129 | 1,153 | 552 | 533 | 2, 143 | 37 |
| Property previously taxed, net deduction ${ }^{8}$ | 3, 863 | 1,961 | 5.919 | 173 | , 233 | 340 | 1,255 | 1,950 | 38 |
|  | 16,620 | 7,680 | 5, 940 | 3,620 | 2,580 | 2, 220 | 1,540 | 4,200 | 39 |
| Disallowed deductions ${ }^{10}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 |
| Allowable deductions (28 less 40) | 48,198 | 24,883 | 21, 273 | 17,466 | 11,347 | 7,617 | 7,900 | 25,966 | 41 |
| Net estate: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Before specific exemption (2 less 41 plus 39) | 135,408 | 81,698 | 75, 402 | 54,894 | 45,606 | 46, 161 | 34,989 | 121,597 | 42 |
|  | 96, 647 | 63,592 | 61, 672 | 46, 409 | 39, 524 | 40,782 | 31,331 | 111, 384 | 44 |
| For additional tax | 118,788 | 74, 018 | 69,462 | 51,274 | 43, 026 | 43,941 | 33, 449 | 117,397 | 4 |
| Basic tax before tax credits | 2, 496 | 1,903 | 2,051 | 1,683 | 1,548 | 1,718 | 1,397 | 5, 686 | 45 |
| Tax credit for Federal gift taxes | - 4 | - 9 | 3 | , 1 | , 2 |  |  | (17) 468 | 47 |
| Tax credit for inberitance, etc., taxes ${ }^{14}$ | 1,958 | 1,469 | 1,601 | 1,331 | 1,201 | 1,372 | 1,111 | 4,468 | 48 |
| Net basic tax (45 less 46 and 47).... |  |  |  | 352 |  |  | 286 | 1,218 | 48 |
| Additional tax before tax credit | 29,861 | 19, 217 | 18, 103 | 13,708 | 11,724 | 12,141 | 9, 417 | 33,544 | 49 50 |
| Tax credt for Federal gift taxes |  | 11 |  | $3$ |  | $8$ |  | (17) $33^{\prime} 544$ | 51 |
| Net additional tax (49 less 50) | 29,840 | 19,207 |  | 13, 705 | 11,724 |  | 9,417 |  | 51 |
| Defense tax ${ }^{15}$ | 9 |  | 25 | 9 |  |  |  | 23 | 52 |
| Total tax liability (48 plus 51 and 52) | 30,383 | 19,632 | 18,568 | 14,065 | 12,070 | 12, 476 | 9, 702 | 34,785 | 53 |
| Information items: <br> Intangible personal property, total (item 15) | 142, 549 | 85, 874 | 82, 730 | 61, 478 | 47, 423 | 46,736 | 39,005 | 133, 067 | 54 |
| Intangible personal property not included in items 60-63: Stocks and bonds. | 89, 390 | 56,776 | 54,793 | 40, 414 | 32,535 | 31,975 | 28,947 | 97, 208 | 55 |
| Cash ${ }^{\text {- }}$ - | 16, 406 | 9,345 | 9,831 | 7,075 | 5,959 | 4,594 | 3,751 | 13, 600 | 56 |
| Mortgages and notes | 7,576 | 4, 166 | 3, 002 | 3, 452 | 2,251 | 1,930 | 1, 212 | 2, 054 | 57 |
| Taxable insurance (64 less 65) | 6, 602 | 4,043 | 2,901 | 3,539 | 1,265 | 1, 408 | , 775 | 3, 339 | 58 |
| Other intangibles ${ }^{6}$ | 8, 611 | 4,291 | 3,423 | 2,029 | 2,628 | 1,661 | 1,271 | 6,678 | 59 |
| Jointly owned | 2,193 | 1,652 | 1,453 | 417 | , 213 | , 85 | 59 | 469 | 80 |
| Transfers during decedent's life | 6,971 | 2, 465 | 6,095 | 3, 183 | 1,751 | 4,708 | 1,654 | 6,577 | 61 |
| Powers of appointment | 1,030 | 781 | 273 | 1,174 | 611 |  |  | 1,178 | 62 |
| Previously taxed | 3,769 | 2,356 | 961 | 197 | 209 | 374 | 1,335 | 1,963 | 63 |
| Gross insurance | 10,780 | 5,607 | 4,324 | 4,489 | 1,972 | 2,057 | 1,210 | 4,524 | 64 |
| Tax-exempt insurance ${ }^{16}$ | 4,177 | 1,564 | 1,423 | 950 | 707 | 649 | 435 | 1,184 | 65 |

For footnotes, see p. 295.
Table 2．－Taxable estate tax returns filed during 1943 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after Aug．31，1935，by net
［Net estate before specific exemption classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

|  |  | ค | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { c } \\ & 0\end{aligned}\right.$ | 8 |  | $\\|$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{0}$ |  | 会令 | － |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & \text { B } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | ！ |  |  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  |  | 1 1 1 1 1 |  |
|  | －8 | a |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\stackrel{\square}{-1}$ |  | os |  |  | $\infty$ |
|  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\stackrel{1}{\infty}$ |  |  |  |  |  | \％ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 8.88 \\ & 8_{0}^{2} 8 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | c | ¢ ¢ － | $\stackrel{\sim}{\text { ® }}$ | た |  | $\underset{\sim}{\circ}$ | ¢ － － |  | 18 8 8 |
|  | $$ |  | 29 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 15 <br> 1 | 动 | 15 |  | $\bar{\sim}$ |  |  | $\bar{\square}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | ： $1: 1$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 15 | 令 | O $\cdots$ - 7 | ๗゙っ | $\xrightarrow{\text { a }}$ | $\mathscr{\sim}$   <br> $\sim$ $\sim$ $\sim$ <br> $\sim$   | － |  |  |
|  |  | \％ | 宕 | กิ | ※ | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ | $\stackrel{1}{\sim}$ |  |  <br>  がーデゥ ゥ゙ |  |
|  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\infty$ $=$ $=$ | $\xrightarrow{-}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{l:c:c:}0 & & \\ 0 & & \\ 0 & & \\ \sim & & \\ \hline\end{array}\right.$ | 8 | $\stackrel{\circ}{\text { ¢ }}$ | O $=$ $=$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 8.0_{0} \\ & 0.0 \\ & \text { N. } \end{aligned}$ | $\infty$ | 趗 | $\mathbf{n}_{8}^{8}$ |  | $\stackrel{1}{0}$ | $\stackrel{\text { H }}{\sim}$ | N1 \％ 4 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 8.8 \\ & 8.8 \\ & \text { 沼名 } \end{aligned}$ | 9 | ¢－ <br> 8 <br> 48 | － |  | N | ¢్ల m |  |  <br>  <br>  |  |
|  |  | 4 | 8 $\infty$ $\infty$ $\infty$ | 䫆 | ¢80 \％¢ |  |  |  |  <br>  | g <br>  <br> N |
|  | t |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



[Gross estate classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


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| Trixin |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|\|} \hline \infty \\ 1 \infty \\ 10 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \infty 8 \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \text { Non } \\ & \text { Non } \end{aligned}$ | EーC |  | 15 | \＃11 | $\begin{aligned} & \overrightarrow{0} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & =1 \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  |  |
| $\infty$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline \text { in } \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 毕菏 } \\ & = \end{aligned}$ |  | $\underset{\sim}{\text { ¢ }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ |  －60nninot <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 .-1 \\ & 88 \\ & 0 . \infty \\ & 0 . \infty \end{aligned}$ |
| FIT |  |  |  |   <br>  1 <br>   <br>   <br>   <br>   <br>   <br>   <br>   <br>   |  |  | ¢ $\begin{gathered}\text { ¢ } \\ \text { s }\end{gathered}$ | a <br> \％ <br> T <br> 15 <br> 5 |  <br>  <br>  |  |
| $\neq \infty$ |  | （\％）｜ |  | ： 171 |  |  | \％ a a | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 7 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | ผ్ఞ． <br>  |  |
| $\therefore \underset{\sim}{4}$ |  |  | 8 8 <br> 0 8 <br> $\infty$ -1 <br>   | ： 11 | N |  | $\infty$ $\infty$ $\sim$ $\sim$ | ¢ \％ir \％ |  ס0．0． | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & x_{0} 0 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ |
| ๗ల్ల్ |  | （12 ${ }^{1}$ |  | （ 1 | N－4 | － | N $\sim$ $\sim$ | ¢ |  N゙O゙O゙न゙ャッドーシ | －18 － Hici |
| 으수N Nㅜ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { io } \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & \end{aligned}$ |  | 1 |  | － | 댕 | ¢ |  －ぶが बiल゙～ | 웅 |
| － |  | ¢¢｜｜ |  |  | （ $\begin{gathered}\bar{\infty} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{gathered}$ | E | $\bar{\infty}$ | 8 ¢ ci |  | ¢ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 8.8 \\ =0.8 \\ 0.9 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\infty}{\infty}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{1}{\square} \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  o゙ずージッザザにーが <br>  － |  |

TABLE 3.-Taxable estate tax returns filed during 1943 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after Aug. 31, 1935, by gross
[Gross estate classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


| 180 |  |  |  <br> ๙ぱฒ |  |  | － | \％ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P} \\ & \text { ה్స } \end{aligned}$ |  | 号品 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  が | $\begin{gathered} \approx \\ 7 \\ \sim \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \&0 } \\ & \text { RO } \\ & \text { Ro } \end{aligned}$ | 芯： |  | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 7 \\ & \hline 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \ddot{8} \\ & \underset{8}{\infty} \\ & \dot{\infty} \end{aligned}$ |  1920 | ¢5\％ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 8 \infty \\ \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { r- } \\ & \text { en } \\ & \text { en } \\ & \text { n } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c:c} \mathscr{8} & \mathscr{\infty} \\ \infty & 0 \\ \infty & \omega_{0} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ते } \\ & \text { B } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \vec{\circ} \\ & \text { M } \\ & \text { on } \end{aligned}$ |  | 馬第 |
|  |  <br>  |  |  | $\\| \begin{array}{\|c:c} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ \text { no } \\ \text { on } \\ & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|\|} \hline \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \sigma_{0} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $$ | ず， ザジかべか ががー | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { ®in } \\ & \text { nin } \\ & \infty \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| $\begin{aligned} \text { Onn } \\ \text { Ni } \\ \text { N゙ } \end{aligned}$ |  ナーデ家に | $\begin{array}{\|l\|\|} \hline N \\ 1 \\ k \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  | 8 | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \hline 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Risf } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| - He゙s |  <br> $\because$－「ががす。 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { o } \\ & 0 \\ & \hline 8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | \％ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \stackrel{\infty}{7} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \underset{y}{8} \\ & \underset{N}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  |  |
|  | No <br>  | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ \infty_{0} \\ \infty \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\varphi$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \sim \\ & \sim \\ & \text { sin } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{8}{9} \\ & \text { 木 } \\ & \text { 俞 } \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  |  |
|  |  ージヴらず | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} +\infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ 8 \\ \end{array}\right\|$ | 「్ల్ల웅 <br>  |  |  | $\pm$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 毕 } \\ & \text { en } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{F} \\ & \hline 0 \\ & 0 . \\ & \text { d } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  | $\left.\left\|\begin{array}{c} \infty \\ -\infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \end{array}\right\| \right\rvert\,$ |  |  |  | ｜$\infty$ | － | 앙ํ |  <br>  |  |

Support of dependents Educatıonal，scientific，or literary institutions： Privately endowed
Religious．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Property previously taxed，net deduction ${ }^{8}$
xemption
Disallowed deductions 10
Allowable deductions（ 28 less 40 ）
Net estate：
Before specific exemption（2 less 41 plus 39）
For basic tax
For additional tax．
For additional tax
Basic tax before tax eredits
＇Tax credit for Federal gift taxes．
＇Tax credit for inheritance，etc．，tax
Net basic tax（ 45 less 46 and 47）
Additional tax before tax credit
Net additional tax（49 less 50）
Defense tax ${ }^{15}$
Taxable insurance（ 64 less 65 ）

Powers of appointment
Previously taxed
Gross insurance．
Tax－exempt insu
For footnotes，see p． 295.



Table 4.-Nontaxable estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after Aug. 31, 1935 , by items of gross estate, deductions and net estate (or no net estate) before specific exemption


For footnotes, see p. 295

Table 4.-Nontaxable estate tax returns filed during 1943 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after Aug. $\$ 1,1935$, by
gross estate classes: Number of returns, items of gross estate, deductions, and net estate (or no net estate) before specific exemption-Con. [Gross estate classes and money figures in theusands of dollars]


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| M ( 앙여ㅇㅕㅜㅇ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 28 \\ & { }_{2}^{2} \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ |  a | $\\| \begin{aligned} & \text { ざ, 采 } \\ & = \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\cdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 9 \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |


| 31 | Net losses during administration． |
| :---: | :---: |
| 32 | Support of dependents ？ |
| 33 | Charitable，public，and similar bequests，total |
|  | Educational，scientific，or literary institutions： |
| 34 | Publicly owned |
| 35 | Privately endowed． |
| 36 | Religious |
| 37 | Charitable and all other gifts |
| 38 | Property previously taxed，net deduction |
| 39 | Specific exemption ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 40 | Disallowed deductions 10 |
| 41 | Allowable deductions（28 less 40） |
| 42 | Net estate or no net estate before specific exeraption ${ }^{11}$［2 less（41 less 39）， |
|  | Information items： |
| 43 | Intangible personal property，total（item 15） |
|  | Intangible personal property not included in items |
| 45 | Cash 4 |
| 46 | Mortgages and notes |
| 47 | Taxable insurance（53 less 54） |
| 48 | Other intangibles ${ }^{6}$ |
| 49 | Jointly owned． |
| 50 | Transfers during decedent＇s lif |
| 51 | Powers of appointment |
| 52 | Previously taxed． |
| 53 | Gross insurance |
| 54 | Tax－exempt insurance ${ }^{10}$ |
|  |  |

For ootnotes，see p． 295.

Table 5.-Estate tax returns filed during 1943 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by States and Territories: Number of taxable and nontaxable returns, and for taxable returns the gross estate, net estate, and taxes; also for returns subject to basic tax, the number of returns, net estate, basic tax, and tax credits [Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| States and Territories in which returus were filed | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { number } \\ \text { of returns } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of non- } \\ & \text { taxable } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Taxable returns |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Numberof returns | Gross estate | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Net estate } \\ \text { for addi- } \\ \text { tional tax } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Basic } \\ \text { tax }{ }^{13} \text { and } \\ \text { adi- } \\ \text { tional tax } \\ \text { before tax } \\ \text { credits } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { Net basic } \\ \text { tax } 1 \text { band } \\ \text { net and } \\ \text { toinal tax } \\ \text { texalud } \\ \text { (eng de- } \\ \text { fense tax) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Defense } \\ & \operatorname{tax}^{18} \end{aligned}$ | Subject to baslc tax ${ }^{22}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Numberof returns | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net estate } \\ & \text { for basic } \end{aligned}$$\operatorname{tax}$ | Basic tax and tax credits |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Basic tax before tax creaits | Credits |  | $\underset{\text { tax }}{\text { Net basi }}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Federal gift taxes | State inheritance taxes ${ }^{14}$ |  |
| Alabama | 119 | 17 | 102 | 16,072 | 10,046 | 2,440 | 2,297 | (17) | 42 | 6, 298 | 179 |  | 143 | 36 |
| Alaska.-. | 36 | 5 |  | 6,838 | 4,320 | 1,075 | 957 |  | 13 | 3,329 | 139 | 1 | 109 | ${ }^{29}$ |
| Arkansas. | 79 | ${ }^{13}$ |  | 10, 824 | $\begin{array}{r}5,600 \\ 107 \\ \hline 203\end{array}$ | 1,323 | 1,238 | ${ }^{(17)} 14$ | ${ }_{415}^{26}$ | 3,474 69739 | ${ }_{2}^{108}$ | 9 |  | ${ }_{477}^{22}$ |
| Colorado | 1,140 | ${ }_{21}$ | 1,189 | -27,511 | 16, 974 | 6,410 | 5,563 |  | 41 | 13,409 | 1, 059 | --... | 848 | 212 |
| Connecticut. | 410 | 52 | 358 | 99,414 | 68,584 | 22, 181 | 19,752 | (17) | 162 | 55, 299 | 3,033 | 3 | 2,424 |  |
| Delaware --- | ${ }_{163}$ | 9 | 39 135 131 | 14,089 | 10,407 | +4,616 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 3, } \\ 4,329 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 | 22 59 | -8, ${ }_{1232}$ | ${ }_{482}^{852}$ | (1) | ${ }_{386}^{681}$ | 196 |
| District of Columbia | 163 <br> 282 | 38 | ${ }_{24}$ | 62, 510 | 33,610 | 11,217 | 9,911 |  | 97 | 25, 382 | 1,633 |  | 1,306 | 327 |
| Georgia- | 164 | ${ }_{7}^{23}$ | 141 | 22, 005 | 12, 285 | 3,003 | 2, 814 | (17) | 47 | 7,671 | 240 |  | 189 | 51 |
| Hawaii. | ${ }_{37}^{43}$ | ${ }_{5}$ | ${ }_{32}^{36}$ | $\xrightarrow{6,645}$ | 3,816 <br> 1,651 | ${ }_{351}^{946}$ | ${ }_{333}^{886}$ |  | ${ }_{9}^{16}$ | 2, 816 | 23 | (1) | 18 | 5 |
| Illinois... | 1,134 | 169 | 965 | 210, 409 | 110,682 | 34, 660 | 31, 503 | 132 | 309 | 80, 912 | 4,857 | 2 | 3, 144 | 1,710 |
| Indiana. | 289 370 | ${ }_{77}^{53}$ | 236 <br> 293 <br> 0 | ${ }_{3}^{34,953}$ | ${ }_{13,351}^{17,12}$. | ${ }^{4,226}$ | ${ }^{3,910}$ |  | 61 | 10,403 | ${ }_{166}$ | (ii) | 131 | ${ }_{35}$ |
| Kansas. | $\begin{array}{r}370 \\ 225 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 37 | 191 192 192 | 22, 773 | 10,590 | ${ }_{2}^{2,294}$ | 2,166 | (17) | 48 | 5,511 | 152 | 2 | 120 | 30 |
| Kentucky- | ${ }_{213}^{213}$ | ${ }_{21}^{36}$ | ${ }_{92}^{177}$ | 25,293 18,318 | 12,794 10 765 | 2,948 2,901 | ¢ | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ |  | 77.748 | 213 316 | 4 | ${ }_{251}^{167}$ | ${ }_{65}^{42}$ |
| Maine | 128 | ${ }_{25}$ | 103 | 20, 892 | 12, 275 | 3,355 | 3,071 |  | 37 | 8,981 | 356 |  | 284 | 72 |
| Maryland - | 270 | 39 | ${ }_{727}^{231}$ | 45, 272 | ${ }_{69}{ }_{6} 6,917$ | 7,152 | -6,573 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | ${ }_{271}^{106}$ | 18,639 45,327 | $\begin{array}{r}715 \\ 1735 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7 | ${ }_{1}^{1.382}$ | 143 347 |
| Miassachusetts | ${ }_{360}$ | 149 45 | 315 | 66, 570 | 41,839 | 13, 411 | - 11.980 | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | 128 | 30, 829 | 1,790 |  | 1, 431 | 359 |
| Minnesota. | 295 | 46 | 249 | 33, 645 | 17, 391 | 4, 302 | 3,960 | 1 | 70 | 10, 974 | 429 |  | ${ }_{46}^{343}$ |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Mrississippi }}$ | ${ }_{360}^{54}$ | 58 | 302 | 44, 698 | 25, 42 | 6,042 | 5,689 | 5 | 105 | 15,751 | 437 | (ii) | 344 | 92 |
| Montana- | 34 | 9 | 25 | 2,948 |  |  | ${ }^{236}$ |  |  | ${ }^{605}$ | 14 | (17) | 11 | ${ }^{3}$ |
| Nebraska - | 150 | 13 | 137 | 16,588 | 7,931 | 1,736 | 1,640 | (17) | 36 | 4, 181 | 122 |  | 96 |  |


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| －ー | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ |








¥N ్ribigin ix



Table" 6 .- Estate tax returns for estates of citizens and aliens filed Sept. 9, 1916, through Dec. 31, 1943: Number of returns, gross estate, net estate, and tax ${ }^{23}$
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


[^9]
## Footnotes for estate tax tables $1-6, p p .27$ 4-29/4

1 Returns filed under the act of 1932 or subsequent acts prior to adoption of the Internal Revenue Code are subject also to applicable provisions of the act of 1926 (basic tax).

2 Total real estate represents full value of real estate reported in schedule $A$, Form 706. Outstanding mortgages and liens thereon are tabulated in item 30.
${ }^{3}$ Federal Government obligations are classified on the basis of the taxability of the interest thereon for Federal income tax purposes. The interest on wholly tax-exempt Federal Government bonds is exempt from both the normal tax and surtax of the Federal income tax; the interest on partially tax-exempt Federal Government bonds is exempt only from the normal tax; the interest on taxable Federal Government bonds is subject to both normal tax and surtax. United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to Mar. 1, 1941 (on which the interest on a principal amount not in excess of $\$ 5,000$ is wholly tax-exempt), are classified as partially tax-exempt Federal Government bonds. The entire value of bonds in each category is sulbject to the estate tax and must be included in the gross estate of a citizen or resident alien.

4 Cash of all kinds classified as intangible property.
${ }^{5}$ Interest in an unincorporated business is the value of the decedent's interests in sole proprietorships, copartnerships, or other organizations not incorporated. The value of good will is included but not that of real estate. This item was formerly ineluded in other intangibles.
${ }^{6}$ Other intangibles include such items as judgments, leaseholds, trade-nıarks, copyrights, royalties, elaims, accounts receivable; interests in estate and trust funds; aceruals of interest, dividends, and rent; and amounts due from retirement funds, pensions. and annuities.

S Support of dependents is an amount allowed by the law of certain States and actually disbursed for the support of the decedent's dependents, during settlement of the estate.
${ }^{8}$ The net deduction for property previously taxed is the net deduction computed for purposes of the additional tax, except that in table 1 , for returns filed under the act of 1926 and prior acts, the deduction is the net deduction computed as provided under those acts. See pp. 269-270 for a description of this deduction.
${ }^{9}$ Specific exemption for additional tax under the Internal Revenue Code as amended by the act of 1942 is $\$ 60,000$; under the Code as amended by the acts of 1941 and 1940 , and under the act of 1935 , is $\$ 40,000$; and under the aets of 1934 and 1932 is $\$ 50,000$. The specific exemption for basic tax under the Code and the act of 1926 is $\$ 100,000$; under the aet of 1924 and prior acts, $\$ 50,000$.

10 Disallowed deductions applicable only to estates of individuals who died on or after Oct. 22, 1942, are equal to the amount by which the sum of funeral
and administration expenses, debts of the decedent, mortgages and liens, and support of dependents exceeds the value of property includible in gross estate subject to claims.
${ }_{11}$ The net estate (or no net estate) before specific exemption tabulated for nontaxable returns is a combination of positive and negative amounts.
12 The net estate for basic tax includes the net estate for returns filed under the 1926 and prior acts.
${ }^{13}$ The basic tax (before and after credits) includes the tax liability for returns filed under the 1926 and prior acts.
14 Estate, inheritance, legacy, or succession taxes paid to States, Territories, District of Columbia, or (after June 29, 1939) United States possession.
${ }^{15}$ The defense tax applies only to estates of indiriduals who died in the period June 26,1940 , through Sept. 20, 1941, effective period of the 1940 act. The defense tax is 10 percent of the tax (after credits), computed without regard to the defense tax.

16 Tax-exempt insuranee receivable by beneficiaries oither than the estate, not to exceed in the aggregate $\$ 40,000$ for any one estate, allowable for the estates of individuals who died prior to October 22, 1942.
${ }^{17}$ Less than $\$ 500$.
${ }^{18}$ Negative amount.
19 Net estate before specific exemption classes are based on the amount of net estate for additional tax before the deduction for specific exemption.
${ }^{20}$ Gross estate classes are based on total gross estate plus tax-exempt life insurance.
${ }^{21}$ Includes net estate of $\$ 381,131$ reported on 5 returns taxable under the Revenue Aets of 1926,1924, and prior acts.
${ }^{22}$ Returns showing a tax under provisions of the Revenue Act of 1926 , or under the basic tax provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. (Returns taxed under the 1924 or prior acts are excluded.)
${ }^{23}$ Changes in the revenue acts affecting the comparability of statist.eal data from estate tax returns are summarized on pp. 328-331.
${ }^{24}$ Estates of citizens exclude returns filed for nonresident citizens who died prior to May 11, 1934.

25 Estates of nonresident aliens include returns filed for nonresident citizens who died prior to May 11. 1934; however, no such returns were filed in 1942 or 1943.
${ }^{26}$ The net estate tabulated for filing periods subsequent to 1932 is the net estate for additional tax plus the regular net estate for estates filed under the 1926 and prior acts; and the tax liability tabulated is the sum of (1) net basic tax (after credits), (2) net additional tax (after credits), and (3) defense tax, effective only under the 1940 act.

## GIFT TAX RETURNS

## GIFT TAX RETURNS

## SUMMARY DATA

For the calendar year 1942, gift tax returns were filed by 16,906 donors, reporting the transfer by gift of property having a total value of $\$ 480,222,773$ before exclusions which amount to $\$ 96,480,000$. There are 4,380 taxable returns, showing total gifts of $\$ 222,295,835$ before exclusions amounting to $\$ 31,192,000$; net gifts of $\$ 120,652,748$; and tax liability of $\$ 24,665,162$. The 12,526 nontaxable returns disclose total gifts of $\$ 257,926,938$ before exclusions amounting to $\$ 65,228,000$ and show deductions for specific exemption and gifts to charitable, public, and similar organizations which are equal to the total gifts after exclusioas.

Compared with the previous year, the number of gift tax returns decreased 8,882 , or 34.4 percent; total gifts decreased $\$ 601,259,437$, or 55.6 percent; net gifts decreased $\$ 363,665,956$, or 75.1 percent; and the tax liability decreased $\$ 45,154,128$, or 64.7 percent. However, the effective tax rate for 1942 is 20.4 percent as compared with 14.4 percent last year, thus reflecting the increase in tax rates applicable to gifts made during 1942.

The principal types of property transferred, as reported on the gift tax returus for 1942 , are real estate, stocks and bonds, and cash. As in former years, the value of stocks and bonds exeeeds that of any other type. Stocks and bonds form 50.1 percent of the total gifts before exclusions, while cash is 18.0 percent, real estate 13.7 percent, insurance 2.2 percent, and miscellaneous property 16.0 percent. Miscellancous property includes such items as jewelry, objects of art, copyrights, forgiveness of debts, interest in a business, and assignment of judgments.

Approximately 22 percent of the value of total gifts transfered during 1942 was transferred in trust. Gifts valued at $\$ 108,922,607$ were transferred in this manmer, and stocks and bonds constitute 65.6 percent of such gifts.

Property transferred by gift to approximately 1,550 charitable, public, and similar organizations during 1942 was valued at $\$ 46,481,318$, or 9.7 percent of the total gifts before exclusions. Such gifts are deductible in computing the gift tax liability (when made by citizens and residents of the United States and with certain exceptions when made by nonresidents), inasmuch as an exclusion is granted of the first $\$ 4,000$ given each donee and the remainder is allowed as a deduetion in computing the net gift. Corresponding data for 1941 show that 1,873 charitable organizations received gifts of $\$ 70,729,985$, which is 6.5 percent of the total gifts for that year.

The returns for gifts made in 1942 are filed under the provisions of chapter 4 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Revenue

Act of 1941. The Federal gift tax is not imposed upon property but subjects to tax the transfers of property by gift and extends to the sales and exchanges of property for less than an adequate and full consideration in moncy or money's worth. The tax is imposed whether the transfer is in trust or otherwise, whether the gift is direct or indirect or of a future interest, and whether the property so transferred is real or personal, tangible or intangible. The gift tax, a primary and personal liability of the donor, is an excise upon his act of making the transfer, and is measured by the value of properties passing from the donor to the donee or donees during the calendar year, regardless of the fact that the identity of any donce may not then be known or ascertainable.

A gift tax return, Form 709, is required of every citizen or resident of the United States who, during the calendar year 1942, transferred to any one donee gifts totaling more than $\$ 4,000$ in value, or, regardless of value, made a gift in trust or of a future interest in property. A nonresident alien is similarly required to file a gift tax return if the gift consists of property situated in the United States. A return is required even though because of authorized deductions a tax may not be due. The return is due on or before the 15th day of March following the close of the calendar year in which the gift is made, and may not be filed prior to the close of the calendar year except in the case of a return for gifts of a deceased donor.

The principal changes in the Internal Revenue Code, as amended by the Revenue Act of 1941, are the repeal of the defense tax and an increase in the gift tax rates from $1 \frac{1}{2}$ percent on the first $\$ 10,000$ net gifts progressing to $52 \frac{1}{2}$ percent on net gifts over $\$ 50.000,000$, to $21 / 4$ percent on the first $\$ 5,000$ increasing to $573 / 4$ percent on net gifts over $\$ 10,000,000$. The specific exemption allowed is $\$ 40,000$ less the sum of amounts claimed and allowed in prior years. The first $\$ 4,000$ of gifts, except gifts in trust or of a future interest in property, made to any one donee is excluded in determining the amount of gifts for the calendar year.

Gift tax rates, exclusions, specific exemptions, and deductions provided by the various revenue acts are summarized on pages 332-333.

## TABULATED DATA

Gift tax data in this report are tabulated from the gift tax returns filed for gifts made during 1942, excluding returns which are not required to be filed. The data are completely tabulated from each such return, prior to any revision that may be made as a result of andit by the Burean of Internal Revenue. The gift tax liability tabulated in this report does not agree with the gift tax collections during 1943, because payment of the tax may be deferred, or the tax liability may be revised in audit; moreover, the collections include interest, penalties, and delinquent payments of taxes, none of which are tabulated in this report.

There is given below a description of the terms used in the text and tables for the gift tax returns:

Total gifts or Total gifts before exclusions means the entire value of property transferred by gifts in trust and gifts of future interests in property, regardless of the amount given to any one donee, and the entire value of gifts otherwise transferred to any one donee, of a total
value of more than $\$ 4,000$. (Gifts to any one donee totaling $\$ 4,000$ or less, other than those in trust or of a future interest in property, are excluded.)

Exclusion of the first $\$ 4,000$ of gifts made to any one donee during the calendar year is allowable, except with respect to gifts in trust or of future interests in property, in determining the total included amount of gifts for such year.

Total gifts after exclusions means the amount of total gifts in excess of the exclusions and is the "Total included amount of gifts for year" reported on the face of the gift tax return.

Specific exemption of $\$ 40,000$ less the sum of the amounts claimed and allowed in prior years may be deducted by citizens and residents from total gifts in the current year. The exemption of $\$ 40,000$ may be taken in its entirety in a single year or may be spread over a period of years, at the option of the taxpayer. However, when the aggregate of $\$ 40,000$ has been taken no further exemption is allowable. Nomresident aliens are denied the specific exemption. Previous to 1936, the corresponding exemption was $\$ 50,000$. In case a taxpayer has taken exemption in excess of $\$ 40,000$ during the period 1932-1935, the amount of the excess is added to the cumulated net gifts for prior years for the purpose of computing the tax liability for the current year.

Net gifts means the excess of total gifts after exclusions over the sum of the deduction for charitable, public, and similar gifts (after exclusions), and, in the case of citizens and residents, the deduction for specific exemption claimed in the current year.

Gift tax is the excess of a tax, computed at current year rates, on the aggregate net gifts transferred subsequent to June 6, 1932, over a tax computed at the same rates on the aggregate net gifts exclusive of the current year net gifts. This method of computing the gift tax results in the net gifts of the current year being taxed either at the same rate applied to net gifts of the most recent prior year or at a higher rate, regardless of the amount transferred in the current year. Owing to the cumulation of net gifts since June 6, 1932, the graduated tax rates, and the variations in exclusions, deductions, and specific exemption, individuals making gifts of equal amounts in the same calendar year may have different tax liabilities; or, in other cases, one individual may have a tax liability and the other no tax liability.

Identical donors is a term used to indicate individuals who report net gifts in 1942 and who also report net gifts in prior years, that is, individuals who made gifts in both periods to donees other than charitable, public, and similar organizations. Identical donors are identified from data on the current year return.

Prior years in reference to gift tax returns means the interval of years since the inception of the present period of gift taxation, June 6,1932 , exclusive of the current year.

Net gifts for prior years is the cumulated net gifts made since June 6, 1932, exclusive of the current year. The net gifts for prior years tabulated from schedule $C$ of the current year return may exceed net gifts actually reported in those years, for the reason that when a specific exemption of over $\$ 40,000$ has been taken prior to 1936 , the net gifts for prior years are increased by the amount in excess of $\$ 40,000$.

Tax on net gifts for prior years is the tax computed on cumulated net gifts for the preceding years (as shown in schedule C on the current year return) and may not be the actual tax liability reported in those years because it is computed at current rates on cumulated net gifts for prior years adjusted to include any specific exemption in excess of $\$ 40,000$ taken prior to 1936 .

## CLASSIFICATION OF RETURNS

Gift tax returns are classified as taxable or nontaxable, and identical donors are distinguished from other donors. Taxable returns show net gifts and are further classified by size of net gift and by size of total gift plus tax. Nontaxable returns show no net gifts and are further classified by size of total gifts. The taxable returns of identical donors which are also taxable for prior years are classified by size of the cumulated net gifts for prior years. Not all items are available for every classification.

Taxable or nontaxable.-This classification is based on the existence or nonexistence of a gift tax liability. Returns are classified as taxable or nontaxable for prior years as well as for the current year. Taxable returns show net gifts; nontaxable returns show no net gifts.

Net gift classes.-Taxable gift tax returns are segregated into net gift classes based on the amourt of net gifts. (Sce table 1.)

Total gift plus tax classes.-Taxable gift tax returns are segregated into total gift plus tax classes based on the sum of the total gifts and the gift tax liability of the current year. (See table 2.)

Total gift classes.-Nontaxable gift tax returns are segregated into total gift classes according to the amount of total gifts. (See table 2.)

Identical donors.-Returns filed by individuals who are identical donors are distinguished from those of other individuals. This classification is besed on the fact that the donor made gifts both in the current year and in prior years to donees other than charitable organizations.
Net gift for prior years classes.-Taxable returns of identical donors who were taxable for prior years are segregated into net gift for prior year classes based on the amount of cumulated net gifts for prior years as adjusted in schedule C of the current year return to include the amount of specific exemption in excess of $\$ 40,000$ taken prior to 1936. (See table 5.)

## IDENTICAL DONORS

Among the individuals making gifts during 1942, there are 6,064 identical donors, that is, individuals who made gifts other than gifts to charitable, public, or similar organizations in 1942 and also in prior years. Of these identical donors, 2,830 are nontaxable for 1942, although 81 have previously paid a gift tax; 3,234 are taxable for 1942 , of whom 815 are taxable for the first time. The gift tax liability for the 815 identical donors not previously taxed is $\$ 1,969,578$, while the tax liability for the 2,419 who have previously paid gift tax is $\$ 19,488,740$, or 79.0 percent of the total tax liability on all returns filed for 1942 gifts. The effective tax rate for the 2,419 previously taxed identical donors is 25.3 percent and indicates the effect of the progressive tax when compared with the 11.6 percent effective rate
for the 815 identical donors not previously taxed. The effective tax rate in both cases is higher than last year because of the increase in tax rates under the 1941 act.

## GIFT TAX TABLES

Tables 1, 2, and 3 contain data from all gift tax returns filed for gifts made during 1942. Taxable returns and nontaxable returns are presented separately in tables 1 and 2, while in table 3 data are in aggregate. The data for taxable returns are tabulated by net gift classes in table 1 and by total gift plus tax classes in table 2. The data for nontaxable returns are distributed by total gift classes in table 2 .

Tables 4 and 5 present data for identical donors' returns. Certain information for these returns is classified by taxable status for the current year and for prior years in table 4. The number of returns taxable both for the current year and for prior years is tabulated, by size of net gift for 1942 and by size of net gifts for prior years, in table 5.

Historical data for 1932 through 1942, for the number of returns, total gifts, net gifts, and tax, are given in table 6.

Table 1.-Gift tax returns for 1942; taxable returns by net gift classes and nontaxable returns in aggregate: Number of returns, total gifts by type of property, exclusions, total gifts after exclusions, deductions, net gifts, and tax
[Net gift classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net gift classes 1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \end{gathered}$ | Total gifts before exclusions, by type of property |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Real estate | $\begin{gathered} \text { Stocks } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { bonds } \end{gathered}$ | Cash | Insur- ance | Miscellaneous |
| Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 under 10 | -774 | ${ }_{21} 32,001$ | $\stackrel{4}{2,855}$ | 15, 858 | ${ }_{4}^{6,243} 4$ | 1,202 | ${ }_{3}^{4,921}$ |
| 10 under 20 |  | 25, 685 | 3,989 | 11,387 | 5,489 | 568 | 4,252 |
| 20 under 30 | 336 | 16,120 | 2, 240 | 7,236 | 3, 273 | 856 | ${ }^{2}, 516$ |
| 30 under 40 | 235 | 13,950 | 2,043 | 7,055 | 2,443 | 171 | $\stackrel{2}{277}$ |
| 40 under 50 | 147 | 10,733 | 964 | ${ }_{5}^{5,360}$ | 2, 217 | ${ }_{1}^{165}$ | 2,046 |
| 50 under 100 100 under 200 | 309 138 13 | - $\begin{aligned} & 30,685 \\ & 23,472\end{aligned}$ | 1,823 <br> 1,282 | 17,681 |  | 1,436 |  |
| 200 under 400 | 67 | 19,919 | -1, 976 | 11,424 | 4, 473 | ${ }_{254}$ | 2,891 |
| 400 under 600 | 12 | 5,859 |  | 5,218 | ${ }^{145}$ | 15 | 481 |
| 600 under 800 |  | 3,202 |  | 2,80s | 386 |  |  |
| 800 under 1,000 | 2 | 1,706 |  | 1,581 | 125 |  |  |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | ${ }_{2}$ | 3, 008 |  | 2,983 | 25 |  |  |
| 1, ${ }^{1,500}$ under |  | 1,768 8,198 |  | l, 8,187 | 6 |  | 5 |
| 2,500 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,000 under 3,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 4,455 |  | 4,267 | 198 |  |  |
| 4,500 and over... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 4, 380 | 222, 296 | 20,394 | 126, 193 | 39, 773 | 5,840 | 30, 096 |
| Nontaxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No net gifts.... | 12, 526 | 257, 927 | 45,606 | 114,417 | 46, 846 | 4,549 | 46, 509 |
| Grand tota | 16,906 | 480, 223 | 66,000 | 240, 610 | 86,619 | 10,389 | 76, 60.5 |

[^10]Table 1.-Gift tax returns for 1942; taxable returns by net gift tax classes and nontaxable returns in aggregate: Number of returns, total gifts by type of property, exclusions, total gifts after exclusions, deductions, net gifts, and tax.-Continued
[Net gift classes and money figures in thonsands of doliars]


For footnotes, sce p. 309.

Table 2.-Gift tax returns for 1942, taxable returns by total gift plus tax classes and nontaxable returns by total gift classes: Number of returns, total gifts before exclusions, exclusions, total gifts after exclusions, deductions, net gifts, and tax
[Total gift plus tax classes, total gift classes, and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Total gift plus tax classes ${ }^{8}$ | Total number of returns | Number of returns | Total gifts before exclusions | Taxable returus |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Exclusion of the first $\$ 4,000$ of gifts ${ }^{2}$ made to any one donee |  |  | Total gifts after exclusions | Deduc. tions |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Charitable, public, and similar gifts | Gifts other than charitable |  | Total |
| Under 5 | 1,392 | 330 | 1,063 | 624 |  | 624 | 439 | 13 |
| 5 under 10. | 3, 413 | 558 | 3, 862 | 2,172 | 16 | 2, 156 | 1,690 | 130 |
| 10 under 20 | 4,310 | 774 | 10,458 | 4,980 | 172 | 4,808 | 5,478 | 777 |
| 20 under 30 | 2,521 | 435 | 10, 050 | 3, 424 | 124 | 3, 300 | 6,626 | 1,714 |
| 30 under 40 | 1,845 | 322 | 10.469 | 2, 848 | 148 | 2,700 | 7,621 | 2,923 |
| 40 under 50 | 1,617 | 472 | 20,610 | 2,528 | 152 | 2,376 | 18, 082 | 13, 263 |
| 50 under 100 | 1,312 | 1, 035 | 65, 064 | 9,128 | 488 | 8,640 | 55,936 | 9,181 |
| 100 under 200 | 319 | 294 | 35, 007 | 3,304 | 460 | 2,844 | 31,703 | 7,963 |
| 200 under 400 | 120 | 111 | 25,695 | 1,188 | 260 | 928 | 24,507 | 3,374 |
| 400 under 600 | 26 | 24 | 9,932 | 456 | 192 | 264 | 9,476 | 1,915 |
| 600 under 800 | 12 | 12 | 6,444 | 160 | 100 | 60 | 6,284 | 1815 |
| 800 under 1,000 | 5 | 5 | 3,427 | 216 | 32 | 184 | 3,211 | 792 |
| 1,000 under 1,500------------ | 7 | 4 | 3,846 | 92 | 80 | 12 | 3,754 | 1,011 |
| 1,500 under 2,000 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,000 under 2,500 | 2 | 2 | 3, 717 | 28 | 24 | 4 | 3,689 | 595 |
| 2,500 under 3,000.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,000 under 3,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,500 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,000 under 4,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,500 under 5,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 under 6,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6,000 under 7,000 | 1 | 1 | 4,455 | 36 | 12 | 24 | 4,419 | 158 |
| 7,000 under 8,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8,000 under 9,000 | 1 | 1 | 8,198 | 8 |  | 8 | 8,190 | 5,827 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 16,906 | 4,380 | 222, 296 | 31,192 | 2,260 | 28,932 | 191,104 | 70,451 |


| Total gift plus tax classes ${ }^{8}$ | Taxable returns-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deductions-Contd. |  | Net gifts |  |  | Tax |  |  |
|  | Charitable, public, and similar gifts after exclusions ${ }^{3}$ | Specific <br> exemption claimed for 1942 gifts 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aggre- } \\ & \text { gate } \end{aligned}$ | Prior years ${ }^{5}$ | 1942 | Aggregate | Prior years ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1942 |
| Under 5 |  | 13 | 30, 112 | 29,686 | 426 | 6, 531 | 6,477 | 54 |
| 5 under 10 | 11 | 120 | 48, 160 | 46,601 | 1,559 | 9,644 | 9, 464 | 180 |
| 10 under 20 | 151 | 626 | 74, 705 | 70,004 | 4,701 | 14, 593 | 13,981 | 612 |
| 20 under 30 | 225 | 1,489 | 43, 462 | 38,550 | 4,912 | 8,914 | 8, 277 | 637 |
| 30 under 40 | 229 | 2, 694 | 33,308 | 28, 610 | 4,698 | 6,902 | 6, 282 | 620 |
| 40 under 50 | 262 | 13,001 | 31,449 | 26, 630 | 4,819 | 7,061 | 6, 409 | 652 |
| 50 under 100 | 1,307 | 27,875 | 102, 531 | 75, 776 | 26, 755 | 23,050 | 19,525 | 3,525 |
| 100 under 200 | 2,407 | 5, 556 | 82, 234 | 58, 494 | 23, 740 | 19,972 | 15,600 | 4,372 |
| 200 under 400 | 1,916 | 1,458 | 65,312 | 44, 180 | 21, 133 | 17,677 | 12,837 | 4,840 |
| 400 under 600 | 1,724 | 191 | 23, 226 | 15,664 | 7,561 | 6,843 | 4,955 | 1, 888 |
| 600 under 800 | 697 | 118 | 21,116 | 15,647 | 5, 469 | 6,696 | 5, 044 | 1,653 |
| 800 under 1,000 | 792 |  | 21, 898 | 19,479 | 2,419 | 9,945 | 9,141 | 803 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 985 | 25 | 9,069 | 6,325 | 2, 744 | 2,972 | 2, 219 | 752 |
| 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,000 under 2,500. | 595 |  | 5,604 | 2,510 | 3,094 | 1,775 | 722 | 1,053 |
| 2,500 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,000 under 3,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,500 under 4,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,000 under 4,500.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ---- |
| 4,500 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 under 6,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6,000 under 7,009 | 158 | --------- | 9,525 | 5, 264 | 4, 261 | 4,296 | 1,984 | 2,312 |
| 7,000 under 8,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8,000 under 9,000 | 5,827 |  | 2,413 | 50 | 2,363 | 717 | 5 | 711 |
| 8,00 and over. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 17,285 | 53, 166 | 604, 122 | 483, 469 | 120,653 | 147, 589 | 122,923 | 24,665 |

For footnotes, see p. 309.

Table 2.-Gift tax returns for 1942, taxable returns by total gift plus tax classes and nontaxable returns by total gift classes: Number of returns, total gifts before exclusions, exclusions, total gifts after exclusions, deductions, net gifts, and taxContinued
[Total gift plus tax classes, total gift classes, and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Total gift classes ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | Nontaxable returns |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Total gifts before exclusions | Exclusion of the first $\$ 4,000$ of gifts ${ }^{2}$ made to any one donee |  |  | Totalgifts after exclusions |
|  |  |  | Total | Charitable, public, and similar gifts | Gifts other than charitable |  |
| Under 5 | 1,062 | 3,609 | 2, 036 | 80 | 1,956 | 1,573 |
| 5 under 10 | 2,855 | 20, 153 | 10,764 | 684 | 10,080 | 9,389 |
| 10 under 20 | 3, 536 | 49, 970 | 17,480 | 828 | 16,652 | 32, 490 |
| $2)$ under 30 | 2,086 | 50, 222 | 12, 444 | 508 | 11,936 | 37, 778 |
| 30 under 40 | 1,523 | 53, 146 | 9, 140 | 280 | 8,860 | 44,006 |
| 40 under 50 | 1,145 | 49,329 | 8,044 | 196 | 7,848 | 41, 285 |
| 50 under 100 | 277 | 16,453 | 4,676 | 776 | 3, 900 | 11, 777 |
| 100 under 200 | 25 | 3,085 | 312 | 208 | 104 | 2,773 |
| 200 under 400 | 9 | 2,608 | 164 | 156 | 8 | 2,444 |
| 400 under 600 | 2 | 1,048 | 68 | 64 | 4 | 980 |
| 600 under 800 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 800 under 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 3 | 3,092 | 120 | 120 |  | 2,972 |
| 1,500 under 2,000 | 3 | 5,212 | 40 | 40 |  | 5,172 |
| 2,000 and over. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 12,526 | 257,927 | 65, 288 | 3, 940 | 61,348 | 192,639 |



For footpotes, see p. 309.

Table 3.-Gift tax returns for 1942, gifts by type of property transferred: Total value, value of gifts transferred in trust, and value of gifts otherwise transferred
[Thousands of dollars]

| Type of pronerty | Value of property transferred |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | In trust | Other than in trust |
| Real estate | 66,000 | 7,919 | 58,081 |
| Stocks and bonds. | 240, 610 | 71, 479 | 169, 132 |
| Insurance | 86, 619 | 14,943 | 71, 676 |
| Miscellaneous. | 76, 605 | 12,647 | 63, 957 |
| Total | 480, 223 | 108, 923 | 371,300 |

Table 4.-Gift tax returns for 1942, of identical donors, ${ }^{10}$ by taxable status for current year and for prior years: Number of returns, total gifts after exclusions, deductions, net gifts, and tax
[Money figures in thonsands of dollars]

| T'avable status |  |  | Number of returns for 1942 | Total gifts after exclusions, 1942 | Deductions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Charitable, public, and similar gifts after exclusions |  | Specific exemption claimed for 1942 gifts |
| Taxable for both 1942 and prior years <br> Taxable for 1942 and nontaxable for prior years <br> Nontaxable for 1942 and taxable for prior years <br> Nontaxable for both 1942 and prior years <br> Total |  |  |  | 2, 419 | 95, 265 | 16,325 | 1,918 |
|  |  |  | 815 | 27, 927 | 269 | 10,660 |
|  |  |  | 81 | 1,201 | 36 | 1,165 |
|  |  |  | 2, 749 | 25,456 | 1,211 | 24,245 |
|  |  |  | 6,064 | 149, 849 | 17,842 | 37,988 |
| Taxable status | Net gifts |  |  | Tax |  |  |
|  | Aggregate | Prior years ${ }^{8}$ | 1942 | Aggregate | Prior years ${ }^{6}$ | 1942 |
| Taxable for both 1942 ard prior years | 560, 491 | 483,469 | 77,023 | 142, 412 | 122,923 | 19,489 |
| Taxable for 1942 and nontaxable for prior years | 16,997 |  | 16,997 | 1,970 |  | 1,970 |
| Nontaxable for 1942 and taxable for prior years | 2, 151 | 2. 151 |  | 231 | 231 |  |
| Nontaxable for both 1942 and prior years |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 579,640 | 485, 620 | 94,020 | 144, 613 | 123, 154 | 21,458 |

[^11]Table 5.-Taxable gift tax returns for 1942, of identical donors ${ }^{10}$ who filed taxable returns for prior years, by net gift classes and by net gift for prior years classes: Number of returns
[Net gift classes and net gifts for prior year classes in thousands of dollars]

| Net gift classes ${ }^{1}$ | Net gift for prior year classes ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | $\underset{5}{\text { Under }}$ | $5 \operatorname{lu}_{10}$ | $\underset{20}{10} \text { under }$ | $\underset{30}{20} \text { under }$ | $30 \underset{40}{30}$ | $40 \text { under }$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 \text { under } \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ |
| Under 5 | 963 | 124 | 68 | 105 | 99 | 76 | 60 | 168 |
| 5 under 10 under 20 | 471 | 36 | 39 | 60 | 42 | 25 | 31 | ${ }_{7}^{66}$ |
| 20 under 30 | 158 | 11 | 17 | 20 | 7 | 7 | 10 | 73 26 |
| 30 under 40 | 111 | 12 | 7 | 11 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 20 |
| 40 under 50 | 85 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 17 |
| 50 under 100 | 162 | 14 | 16 | 17 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 24 |
| 100 under 200 | 89 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 11 |
| 200 under 400. | 45 |  |  |  | 3 |  | 1 | 3 |
| 400 under 600 | 11 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 2 |
| 800 under 1,000 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,500 under 2,000 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,000 under 2,500 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 2,500 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,000 under 3,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,500 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,000 under 4,500 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,500 and over..- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2, 419 | 250 | 191 | 278 | 193 | 154 | 145 | 412 |


| Net gift classes ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Net gift for prior years classes ${ }^{11}$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ \text { under } \\ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 400 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 600 \\ \text { under } \\ 800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 800 \\ \text { under } \\ \text { unde00 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { under } \\ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,500 \\ \text { under } \\ 2,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,000 \\ \text { under } \\ 2,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,500 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
| Under 5. | 115 | 71 | 26 | 15 | 10 | 11 | 4 | 5 |  |
| 5 under 10 | 62 | 23 | 16 | 3 | 6 | 6 |  | 1 | 1 |
| 10 under 20 | 57 | 34 | 13 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 20 under 30 | 25 | 23 | 5 | 2 |  | 4 |  |  |  |
| 30 under 40 | 17 | 11 | 10 | 1 |  | 4 |  | 1 | 2 |
| 40 under 50 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 |  |
| 50 under 100 | 13 | 16 | 10 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| 100 under 200 | 16 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 1 |  |  |
| 200 under 400 | 11 | 9 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |
| 400 under 600 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |
| 600 under 800 under 1,000 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 800 \text { under } 1,000 \\ & 1,000 \text { under } 1,500 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 1,500 under 2,000. | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,000 under 2,500. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,500 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,000 under 3,500. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $3,50 \mathrm{C}$ under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,000 under 4,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 4,500 and over.-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 326 | 204 | 99 | 46 | 30 | 41 | 11 | 12 | 27 |

For footnotes, see p. 309.

Table 6.-Gift tax returns, 1932-42: Number of returns by taxable status, total gifts before exclusions, net gifts, and tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Calendar year in which gifts were made | Number of returns |  |  | Total gifts before exclusions | Net gifts | 'Tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Taxable | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nontax- } \\ & \text { able } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 1932 (June 7-Dec. 31) | 1,747 | 245 | 1, 502 | 81,389 | 17,879. |  |
| 1933 | 3,683 | 878 | 2,805 | 241, 008 | 101,793 | 8,943 |
| 1934 | 9, 270 | 2, 528 | 6,742 | 888, 753 | 537, 083 | 68, 383 |
| 1935 | 22, 563 | 8,718 | 13,845 | 2, 130,514 | 1, 196,001 | 162,798 |
| 1936 | 13, 420 | 3, 770 | 9,650 | 482, 783 | 134, 979 | 15, 664 |
| 1937 | 13,695 | 4,128 | 9,567 | 568, 109 | 180,939 | 22,758 |
| 1938 | 11,042 | 3, 515 | 7,527 | 399, 773 | 138, 801 | 17, 839 |
| 1939 | 12, 226 | 3, 929 | 8,297 | 371, 604 | 131, 577 | 18,701 |
| 1940 | 15, 623 | 4,930 | 10,693 | 570,042 | 225, 972 | 34, 445 |
| 1941 | 25,788 | 8,940 | 16, 848 | 1, 081, 482 | 484, 319 | 69, 819 |
| 1942 | 16,906 | 4,380 | 12, 526 | 480, 223 | 120,653 | 24, 665 |

Footnotes for gift tax tables 1-6, pp. 308-309.
${ }^{1}$ Net gift classes are based on the current year net gifts.
${ }^{2}$ Exclusion of $\$ 4,000$ is not allowed in the case of gifts in trust or of future interest in property.
${ }^{3}$ The exclusions for charitable, public, and similar gifts are tabulated under "Exclusion of the first $\$ 4,000$ of gifts made to any one donee."
4 Specific exemption of $\$ 40,000$ is allowed each resident or citizen donor. At the option of the donor, the exemption may be taken in a single year or be spread over a period of years.
${ }^{5}$ The amount of net gifts for prior years is tabulated from schedule C, 1942 return, Form 709. Net gifts for prior years (subsequent to June 6, 1932) reported in schedule C may exceed net gifts actually reported in prior years, for the reason that when a specific exemption of more than $\$ 40,000$ has been taken for years prior to 1936 (wheu $\$ 50,000$ exemption was allowed), the net gifts for prior years reported in this schedule is increased by the amount taken in excess of $\$ 40,000$.
${ }^{6}$ The amount of tax for prior years is tabulated from item 5 , schedule for computation of tax, page 1 , 1942 return, Form 709. The tax on net gifts for
prior years (subsequent to June 6, 1932) may not be the actual tax liability reported for those years because it is a tax computed at current rates, on the cumulated net gifts for prior years as descrited in note 5 .
${ }^{7}$ The amounts of prior year net gifts and tax computed as indicated in notes 5 and 6 are probably understated, since sufficient information for their computation is not always shown on the nontaxable returns for the current year.
${ }^{8}$ Total gift plus tax classes are based on current year total gifts (before exclusions) plus the current year tax.
$\therefore$ Total gift classes are based on current year total gifts before exclusions.
${ }^{10}$ Identical donors are individuals who reported for both 1972 and prior years (subsequent to June 6, 1932) gifts other than charitable, public, and similar gifts.
${ }^{11}$ Net gift for prior year classes are based on net gifts for prior years (subsequent to June 6, 1932) as adjusted in schedule C, 1942 return, Form 709, to include the amount in excess of $\$ 40,000$ specific exemption taken prior to 1936 (see note 5).

# SYNOPSIS OF <br> FEDERAL TAX LAWS 

aFFECTING THE COMPARABILITY OF HISTORICAL DATA IN STATISTICS OF INCOME

## INCOME TAX RETURNS OF INDIVIDUALS AND FIDUCIARIES

A. Requirements for filing, personal exemption, credit for dependents, and normal tax rates, 1913-42.
B. Surtax rates and total surtax, 1913-42.
C. Optional tax (individuals only), 1941-42.
D. Provisions fertaining to capital gains and losses, excess-profits tax, taxes paid to foreign countries, and earned income credit, 1917-42.

## ESTATE TAX RETURNS

E. Requirements for filing, exemption, credits, tax rates, and total estate tax, 1916-43.

## GIFT TAX RETURNS

F. Requirements for filing, exclusions, deductions, tax rates, and total gift tax, 1924-42.
A.-Income tax returns of individuals and fiduciaries: Requirpments for filing, tax laws, for the income


## Footnotes

(References to notes are to

1 There are several statutes which, while they do not pertain to the items set forth in this table, do contain provisions pertaining to related items. References to such statutes are made in footnotes to this table as follows: Note $7(c)$, par. 6, and note $7(d)$, par. 5, refer to provisions of the National Indnstrial Recovery Act; notes $4(e), 7(c)$, par. 8 , and note 9 refer to provisions of the Revenue Act of 1937; the last two paragraphs of note 8 refer to the Public Salary Tax Act and the Revenue Act of 1939, respectively.
${ }^{2}$ For 1917 and earlier, the income year to which the tax law applies is the calendar year; for 1918 through 1932, the calendar year and fiscal years ending therein; for 1933, the calendar year and fiscal years beginming or ending therein; and for 1934 and later, the calendar year and fiscal years beginning therein. For
proration of tax in case of rate change during a fiscal year, see note $12, \mathrm{I} .316$.
${ }_{3}$ In gencral, nonresident aliens are required to file income tax returns for all taxable income from sources within the United States regardless of amount, unless total tax has been paid at source.
${ }^{4}$ (a) For 1913 throngh 1917, individnals were required to file returns on a calendar year basis; for 1918 and subsequent years, returns are permitted for a fiscal year other than that ending December 31.
(b) For 1913 through 1915, a eirizen or resident of the United States, whose net income was less than $\$ 20,000$ and for whom a full return was made by withholding agent, was not required to file a return.
(c) For 1921 and subsequent years, citizens deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States are required to file returns for all income derived from sources
personal exemption, credit for dependents, and normal tax rates under the Federal years 1913 through 1942

| Citizens and residents of the United States-Continued |  |  |  |  | Nonresident aliens ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal exemption ${ }^{5}$ |  | Credit for each de-pendent ${ }^{10}$ | Normal tax computation |  | Personal | exemption |  |  |  |
| Married and living with husband or wife; head of family | Single; married and not living with husband or wife; not head of family; fiduciaries ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | Net income subject to normal tax ${ }^{11}$ portion taxed at each rate | Rate (per(ent) ${ }^{12}$ | Married <br> and <br> living with husband or wife; head of family | Single; married and not living with husband or wife; not head of family | Credit for each de-pendent | Normal tax rate (percent) |  |
| ${ }^{13} \$ 4,000$ | $13 \$ 3,000$ | ------ | All | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 4,000 | 3,000 |  | All. | 2 | \$4, 000 | \$3, 000 |  | 2 | 2 |
| 2,000 | 1,000 | \$200 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { First } \$ 2,000 \text {.-- } \\ \text { Amount over } \$ 2,000\end{array}\right.$ | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 3, |
| 2,000 | 1,000 | 200 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { First } \$ 4,000 \ldots \ldots \\ \text { Amount over } \$ 1,000 \ldots\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 12 \end{array}$ | $\}(14)$ | (4) | (14) | 12 |  |
| 2,000 | 1,000 | 200 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { First } \$ 4,000 \ldots . .-\ldots \\ \text { A mount over } \$ 4,000\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | \} (14) | (14) | (14) | 8 | 4 |
| ${ }^{15} 2,500$ | 1,000 | 400 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { First } \$ 4,000 \\ \text { Amount over } \$ 4,000 \text {. } \\ \text { First } \$ 4 \text { 0no } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 104 \\ 108 \\ 10 \end{array}$ | ) 1,000 | 1,000 | (17) | 188 | 5 |
| 2, 500 | I, 000 | 400 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { First } \$ 4,000 \\ \text { Second } \$ 4,000 \\ \text { A mount over } \$ 8,000 \end{array}\right.$ | 2 4 6 11 | \} 1,000 | 1,000 | (17) | 186 | 6 |
| 3, 500 | 1,500 | 400 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { First } \$ 4,000 \\ \text { Second } \$ 4,000 \\ \text { Amount over } \$ 8,000 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | \} 1,500 | 1,500 | (17) | 185 | 7 |
|  |  |  | $\left(\begin{array}{l}\text { First } \$ 4,000 \\ \text { Second } \$ 4,000 \\ \text { Amount over } \$ 8,000 \\ \text { First } \$ 4,000\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 / 2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 181 / 2 \end{gathered}$ | \} 1,500 | 1,500 | (17) | 185 |  |
| 3, 500 | 1,500 | 400 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Second } \$ 4,000 \\ \text { Amount over } \$ 8,000 \\ \text { First } \$ 4,000 \\ \text { Second } \$ 4,000 \\ \text { A mount over } \$ 8,000\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 192 \\ & 194 \\ & 11 / 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1,500 \\ 1,500\end{array}\right.$ | 1,500 1,500 | (17) (17) | 184 185 | 8 |
| 2,500 | 1,000 | 400 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { First } \$ 4,000 \\ \text { Amount over } \$ 4,000 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | ) 1,000 | 1,000 | (17) | 188 | 9 |
| 2, 500 | 1,000 | 400 | All------------------------ | 4 | $\left\{\begin{array}{r}1,000 \\ 20 \\ 1,000\end{array}\right.$ | 1,000 20 1,000 | (17) | $\begin{array}{r} 184 \\ { }^{18} 10 \end{array}$ | 10 |
| 2,500 | 1,000 | 400 | All | 4 | ${ }^{20} 1,000$ | ${ }^{20} 1,000$ | (20) | 2010 | 11 |
| 2,000 | 800 | 400 | All | 244 | 20800 | 20800 | (20) | 2015 | 12 |
| 1,500 | 750 | 400 | All | 4 | 20750 | 20750 | (20) | ${ }^{20} 271 / 2$ | 13 |
| 1,200 | 500 | 350 | A II. | 6 | 20500 | ${ }^{20} 500$ | $\left({ }^{20}\right)$ | ${ }^{20} 30$ | 14 |

## for table A

## the footnotes of this synopsis)

within the United States, or from sources within or without the United States received within the United States, regardless of amount.
(d) For 1925 through 1942, American citizens who are nonresidents of the United States for more than six months of the year are not required to report earnod income from sources without the United States, and are not required to file returns unless their gross income or net income, exclusive of earned income from sources without the United States, equals or exceeds the amount indicated in this table under "Requirements for filing returns." For 1932 and subsequent years, (1) the exclusion from gross income of earned income from sources without the United States does not apply to amounts paid by the United States or any agency thereof and (2) the compensation of resident alien employecs of foreign governments is excluded from gross income under
certain conditions. See section 116 (h), Rerenue Act of 1936, which subsection (h) was added to section 116, Revenue Act of 1934, by Public, No. 374, Sev-enty-fourth Congrcss, and which is retroactive, subject to the statutory period of limitation.
(e) For 1936 and prior years, income from an estate or trust taxable to the fidicuary is required to be reported on the individual income tax return, Form 1040, while income from an estate or trust not taxable to the fiduciary is required to be reported on the fiduciary return of income, Form 1041, the requirements for filing being the same as for a single person, except that a return is required for every estate or trust of which any beneficiary is a nonresident alien. Beginning with 1937, all income from an estate or trust is required to be reported on the fiduciary income tax return, Form 1041, the requirements for filing being the same as in prior years except that for

## Footnotes for table A-Continued

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

1938 and subsequent years, returns are required for every trust having a net income of $\$ 100$ or more.
${ }^{5}$ The personal exemption for 1913 through 1923 is determined by the status of the taxpayer on the last day of the taxable year; for 1924 and subsequent years, if the taxpayer's status changes during the taxable year, the exemption is apportioned aecording to the number of months during which the taxpayer oceupied each status. The marital status of individuals filing Form 1040A is determined as of the last day of the taxable ycar for 1941; as of July 1, for 1942.

For 1921 and subsequent years, citizens deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States are allowed the same exemption as nonresident aliens.
${ }^{6}$ Mushand and wife each file a return unless eombined income is included in joint return.
7 Net income means the excess of gross income (see note8) over deductions as defined in the various revenue acts. Net income of fiduciary income tax returns, 1937 and subsequent vears, means net income taxable to the fiduciary. The variations in certain deductions allowable in eomputing net ineome, follow:
(a) Amortization of buildings, machinery, equipment, or other facilities construeted or acquired on or after Apr. 6, 1917, for the production of artieles contributing to the prosecution of the war is ineluded to a reasonable amount in business deduetions, for any taxable year ending before March 3, 1924. Amortization of the cost of emergency facilities, completed or aequired after December 31, 1939, and before January 1,1943 , and necessary for national defense, may be written off, subject to certain qualifications and limitations, over a $60-m$ onth period instead of through the ordinary depreciation and obsolescence deduction based on estimated useful life. (The amount of the amortization deluction is not shown in this report, being included in the amount deducted in arriving at net profit or loss from business.) If, prior to the expiration of the f0-month period, the emergency is oflicially ended or the facility ceases to be needed, the taxpayer may elfet to terminate the amortization period and reeompute the amortization deduction for each year involved, on the basis of the actuad number of months in the period.
(b) Contributions or gifts aetually made by individuals within the year to corporations, associations, or soeieties, organized and operated exelusively for religious, charitable, scientific, or edueational purposes, to an amount not in excess of 15 percent of the taxable net income computed without the benefit of the deduction for such contributions (and, for 1942. also without henefit of the deduetion for extraordinary medical expenses), are, in general, deductible for 1917 and subsequent years. For 1938 and thereafter, such eontributions are deductible only if paid during the taxable year; for 1938 and 1939 , only if paid to or for the use of domestie organiza tions; and for 1940 through 1942, only if paid to or for the use of organizations created in or under the laws of the United States or any possession thereof.

Section 214 of the Revenue Aet of 1924 introduces the provision that, if in the taxable year and in caeli of the 10 preceding taxable years, the amount of charitable contributions (plus, for 1928 and therealter, the amount of ineome taxes paid during such year in respect of preceding taxable years), exceeded 90 percent of the taxpayer's net ineome for each sueh year, the full amount of such contributions or gifts is deduetible.
(c) Losses: For 1913 and subsequent years, losses aetually sustained during the taxable vear, ineurred in tratle or husiness or arising from fire, storm, or shipwreck (also other easualty or theft, 1916 and thereafter), and not compensated by insurance or otherwise, are deductible.

For 1916 and 1917, losses sustained during the taxable year in transaetions entered into for profit but not conneeted with trade or business, were deductible only to the extent of the aggregate ineome from such sources; for 1918 and subsequent years, such losses are, in general, deductible. Certain variations and exeeptions are outlined in the following paragraphs.

Beginning 1919, losses sustained by virtue of securities becoming worthless during the taxable year are deductible. For treatment of losses due to seenrities, which are eapital assets, becoming worthless, for 1938 and thereafter, see table D, pages 324-325.

For 1921 and thereafter, losses resulting from the sale of securities after Noveraber 23, 1921, are not deductible when substautially identical securities are aequired or reacquired within 30 days before or after such transaction.

For 1924 and subsequent years, loss on the sale or exchange of capital assets is deductible as shown in table 1), pages 324-325. For method of treating sueh loss in arriving at the net income as tabulated, see pages 81-85.
For 1932 and 1933, losses from sales or exehanges of storks or bonds, other than capital assets, and other than bonds issued by a government or political subdivision thereof, are allowed only to the extent of the gain from such sales or exchanges, except that persons dealing in seeurities or engaged in the hanking business were allowed to deduet the full amount of such losses. The Revenue Aet of 1932 allowed the excess of sueh los ses to be earried forward and applied against such gains for the next sueceeding year, but this earry-over was nullified by section $218(b)$, Na. tional Industrial Reeovery Aet; section $218(d)$ of this Aet also provided that no part of any loss disallowed to a partnership should be allowed as a deduetion to a nember of such partnership in computing.net ineo ne for 1933.

For 1934 and :ubsequent years, losses from wagering transactions are allowable, but only to the extent of the gains from such transactions; losses are not deduetible when resultiug from sales or exehanges of property, directly or indireetly, between members of a family or, except in ease of distributions in liquidation, between an individual and a corporation in whieh such individual owns, direetly or indire thly, more than 50 pereent in value of the outstanding stock of the corporation.

For 1937 and subsequent years, losses are not deductible when resulting from sales or exehanges of property between (1) a grantor and a fiduciary of any trust, (2) a fiduciary of a trust and a fiduciary of another trust, if the same person is a grantor with respect to each trust, and (3) a fiduciary of a trust and a benefieiary of such trust.

For 1942 and thereafter. losses from involuntary eonversion of property are deductible in eases of business property or property the acquisition of whieh was a transaction entered into for profit. (The gain from the involuntary eonversion of such property is not reeognized unless the property is eonsidered as a eapital asset. See note 6, table D, page 327.)

The Revenue Aet of 1942, in amending the Code, adds seetion 127 which provides for the allowance of easualty loss for property destroyed or seized in the course of military or naval operations during the war, and for property loeated in enemy countries or in areas which come under the control of the enemy.
(d) The rrovisions pertaining to net loss for prior year (excess of deductions orer gross ineome with certain adjust ments and limitations) are summarized in the following paragraphs:
A net loss for any taxable year beginning after Octoher 31, 1918, and ending prior to January 1, 1920, may be dedueted from the net income of the

## Footnotes for table A-Continued

(References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)
preceding year, a redctermination of taxes for the preceding year being made. When the net loss exceeds the net income for the preceding ycar, the amount of such excess is to be deducted from the net income of the succeeding taxable year.

There is no provision for deduction of net loss incurred in 1920.

A net loss sustained in any year, 1921 through 1929 . may be deducted from the net income of the succeed ing taxahle year, and if such loss excceds the net in come of the first succeeding year, the amount of such excess is to be allowed in the second succeeding year. A net loss for 1930 may be carried forward and deducted from the net income of the first succeeding year only. (The prior year loss is not deducted from net income as tabulated in Statistics of Inconie.)

There is no provision for deduction of a net loss incurred in 1931 through 1938. (The Revenue Act of 1932 provides for a net loss carry-over to the first succeeding year only, but this provision was never in effect, heing nullified by section 218 (a), National Industrial Recovery Act.)

The Internal Revenue Code, as amended by section 211 of the Revenue Act of 1939, provides that individuals engaged in trade or business, incurring a net operating loss in any taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1939, may carry such loss forward and apply it with certain adjustments and limitations, as a deduction against the net income of the first succeeding year. The excess loss, if any, that is not absorbed by the net income of the first succeeding year, may be carried forward and deducted from the net income of the second succecding year. The 1942 law provides that the "net operating loss" may be carried back to the two preceding taxable years (but not to any taxable year beginning before Jan. 1, 1941) and be included in computing the net operating loss deduction for such preceding taxable year. The net operating loss for any taxable year which is not used as a carry-back may be carried forward to the two succeeding taxable years. See sec. 153, Revenue Act of 1942, amendatory of sec. 122 (b) of the Code. (In Statistics of Income the amount of "net operating loss" reported for 1940 and thereafter is only the amount carried forward and is included in the figure shown for "Other deductions.")
(e) For 1942 and thereafter, section 23(v) of the Code provides the deduction for amortizable bond premium against interest income and section $23(x)$ introduces the allowance of medical, dental, ctc. expenses paid during the taxable year and not compensated for by insurance or otherwise, to the extent that such expenses exceed 5 percent of net income computed without regard to these expenses, and with the further limitation that the deduction for medical etc. expenses cannot exceed, in the case of the head of a family or persons filing a joint return, $\$ 2,500$; and in the case of atl other individuals, $\$ 1,250$. Subsections ( v ) and ( x ) were added to section 23 of the Code by the Revenue Act of 1942.

8 Gross income, in general, includes all gains or profits and income derived from any source whatevcr except such as is specifically exempted from income tax.

The following items, under certain conditions, are among the exclusions from gross income:

1913 and thereafter-
Procceds of life insurance policies paid upon the death of the insured.
Wholly tax-free interest.
The ralue of property acquired by gift, bequest devise, or descent.
Amounts received as return of premiums paid under life insurance, endowment, or annuity contracts.

1913 through 1938 -
Compensation of all officers and employees of a State or political subdivision thereof, ineluding public school teachers, if not paid by the United States. (For 1939 and thereafter, see next to last paragraph of this note.)
1918 and thereafter-
Compensation for injuries or sickness.
So much of the amount received during World War I by a person in the military or naral forces of the United States as salary or compensation in any form from the United States, for active service in such forces, as did not exceed $\$ 3,500$.
1921 and thereafter-
Amounts received as compensation, family allotments and allowances, or as pensions from the United States for service of beneficiary or another in military or naval forces of the United States in time of war.
Rental value of a dwelling house furnished to a minister of the gospel.
Receipts of shipowners* mutual protection and indemnity associations.
1922 through 1931-
So much of the amount received as dividend or interest from domestie building and loan associations, operated exclusively for purpose of making loans to members, as does not exceed $\$ 300$.
1925 through 1942 -
Earned income from sources without the United States.
1928 through 1938 -
Salaries of teachers in Alaska and Hawaii, if not paid by the United States.
1932 and thereafter-
Compensation of employees of foreign governments.
1938 and thercafter-
Income exempt under treaty.
1940 and thereafter-
Compensation of employces of the Commonwealth of the Philippines.
1942-
Disability pay for sickness or injury resulting from active service in the armed forces of any country.
Salary of personnel below the grade of commissioned officer in the military or naval forces, for active service during the present war, to the extent of $\$ 250$ if single and not the head of a family, or $\$ 300$ if married or the head of a family.
The two following paragraphs pertain to certain salaries which are to be included in gross income, as indicated:

Prior to 1932 the taxability of the salaries of Federal judges was the subject of considerable litigation. The Revenue Act of 1932 made the salaries of Federal judges who took office after June 6, 1932, taxable. By the Public Salary Tax Act of 1939, the salaries of Federal judges who took office on or before June 6, 1932 were made taxable, as well as the compensation for personal services rendered after Dec. 31, 1938, as an officer or employee of a State, or any political subdivision thereof or any agency or instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing. (See exclusion for 1913 through 1938 in preceding paragraph.)

Section 107 of the Code, added by the Revenue Act of 1939 , provides that, for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1938, in the case of compensa tion (a) received from personal services rendered by an individual in his individual capacity, or as a member of a partnership and covering a period of five calendar years or more from the beginuing to the completion of such services, (b) paid (or not less than 95 percent of which is paid for 1939 and 1940; 75 percent for 1941) only on the completion of such services, and (c) required to be included in gross income of

## Footnotes for table A-Continued

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

such individuals, the tax attributable to such compensation shall not be greater than the aggregate of taxes which would have heen paid had the income been received in equal portions in each of the years in the period. Under the Revenue Act of 1942, practically the same provision obtains, except that the time element is reduced to 3 years and the portion of income is increased to 80 percent. For method of tabulating compensation thus reported, see p. 18 of this volume.

- For 1937, certain trusts which permitted accumulation of income were not allowed the exemption; for 1938 and subsequent years, a eredit of $\$ 100$ against the net income of a trust was substituted for the exemption.

10 The credit allowed individuals for each denendent, under 18 years of age or incapable of self-support because mentally or physically defective, is determined hy the number of dependents actually receiving their chief support from the taxpayer on the last day of the taxable year, for 1931 and prior years: for 1932 and subsequent years, if the taxpayer's status changes during the taxable year, the credit for dependents is apportioned according to the number of months during which the taxpayer occupied each status. For 1941 and thereafter if the taxpayer is head of a family wholly by reason of one or more depeadents for whom he would be entitled to credit, such eredit is disallowed with respect to one such dependent. (For dependeney credit applicable to individuals clecting to file Form 1040A, see note 3, p. 323).

The eredit for dependents is not applicable to citizens deriving a large percentage of their gross ineome from sourees within a possession of the United States, 1921 and subsequent years.
${ }_{11}$ The normal tax rates are applied to the balance of net income after deducting the sum of:
(a) Personal exemption. (For nonresident aliens, see note 14)
(b) Credit allowed individuals for dependents, 1917 and subsequent years. (For nonresident aliens, see note 14.)
(c) Dividends on stock of domestic corporations, 1913 through 1935 (other than (1) corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sourees within a possession of the United States, 1921 through 1935, (2) China Trade Aet corporations, 1922 through 1935, and (3) corporations exempt from tax. 1932 throngh 1935), and dividends on stock of forcign corporations receiving a certain amount of ineome from sources within the United States, 1913 through 1933. (For 1936 and subsequent years, no dividends are deduetible except those on share accounts in Federal Savings and Loan associations which are deductible in their entirety for 1940 and 1941, and to the extent that they are subject to surtax only, for 1942.)
(d) Income upon which the tax has been paid or withheld for payment at the source, 1913 through 1917. ('This amount was not tabulated separately in Statistics of Income.)
(e) Interest on obligations issucd after September 1, 1917 and before March 1, 1941, by the United States or any instrumentality thereof (other than Treasury notes of the National defense series) to the extent that such interest is required to be included in gross income. (See Public Debt Aet of 1941, sec. 4.)
$(f)$ The earned income credit allowed individuals. (Sce table D, p. 326.)

12 The rate of tax is that for the calendar year. In the case of a rate change during a fiscal year ending in the period 1918 through 1933, the tax was prorated on the basis of the number of months in each year (tax was prorated for fiseal years ending in 1919, 1922,
$1924,1925,1929,1930$, and 1932); for fiscal years beginning in the period Jan. 1, 1934 through July 1, 1941, the rate is that for the year in which the taxable year begins; for fiseal years beginning in 1941 and ending in 1942 after June 30, the tax is prorated according to the number of days before July 1, 1942 and after June 30, 1942.
${ }^{13}$ No provision for head of family in Revenue Act of 1913. Exemption prorated for period Narch 1, through December 31, 1913.
${ }^{14}$ For 1918 through 1920, nonresident aliens are allowed the personal exemption ( $\$ 1,000$ if single; $\$ 2,000$ if married) and the credit for each dependent ( $\$ 200$ ), only when the country of which the nonresident alien is a citizen either imposes no ineome tax or allows similar eredit to citizens of the United States not residing within such foreign country. (See notes 17,18 , and 20.)

18 For net incomes in excess of $\$ 5,000$, personal exemption is $\$ 2,000$.
${ }^{18}$ Tax for 1923, eomputed at these rates, was reduced 25 percent by credit or refund under section 1200(a), Rerenue Act of 1924.

17 For 1921 through 1935, if nomresident alien is resident of Canada or Mexico, $\$ 400$ credit is allowed for each dependent. For limitation applicable to 1936 and subsequent years, see note 20.

18 For 1922 through 1933, alien residents of Canada or Mexico, on net income attributable to compensation for labor or personal services actually performed in the United States, receired benefit of normal tax rate provided for United States citizens. For 1934 and 1935, the rate of normal tax is the same for all individuals, both resident and nonresident. (See note 20.)

19 These reduced rates for 1929 are provided by Joint Resolution of Congress, No. 133, approved by the President December 16, 1929.
${ }^{20}$ Beginning 1936 , the returns of nonresident aliens are divided into two groups-(1) those who are engaged in trade or business within the United States or have an office or place of business therein at any time within the taxable Jear, and (2) those who do not have an office or place of business within the United States.

For 1936 througll 1942 the aliens deseribed in (1) above are allowed the deductions and credits, and are subject to the same tax rates upon their net income from sources within the United States as are provided for citizens of the United States. (The returns of these aliens are included in Statisties of Income for all years.)

The returns of aliens described in (2) above are not included in Statisties of Ineome for 1936 and suhsequent years.
The exemptions shown are those used in computIng the normal tax and surtax on the net income of aliens having a speeified amount of gross income, the sum of the normal tax and surtax on net income being compared with a tax on gross income at the rate shown. Whicherer is the larger of these two amounts is the tax liability. Residents of Mexico only are permitted to elaim the credit for dependents in computing the tax at normal tax and surtax rates. For variations in these general statements and for provisions pertaining to these aliens including residents of certain countries with which treaties are in effect, see Supplement $\Pi$ of the Revenue Aet of 1936 and corresponding provisions of later aets.
${ }_{21}$ The Internal Revenue Code, approved February 10,1939 , which was enaeted as law, codified certain general laws of the United States and parts of such laws relating exelusively to internal revenue, in foree on January 2, 1939, and repealed all such laws and parts of laws eodified therein to the extent that they related exclusively to internal revenue, as of the

## Footnotes for table $A$-Continued

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

effective dates of the respective corresponding provisions of the Code.
${ }^{22}$ Revenue Acts passed after Feb. 10, 1939 (the date of the enactment of the Internal Revenue Code) are not complete taxing statutes in themselves, but consist of amendments to the Code. There is no one effective date for all provisions of each act; some of the provisions are retroactive, others apply to the current tax period, while still others are effective for future taxable years. For provisions of the Revenue Act of 1939 and the Public Salary Tax Act, see the last two paragraphs of note 8 .
${ }^{23}$ Beginning 1940, net income being no longer a criterion for filing, returns are required to be filed for a specified amount of gross income, regardless of the amount of net income.
${ }^{24}$ For 1910 there is superimposed upon the total tax, the defense tax, which is 10 percent of the total tax. The defense tax is computed on the total tax before applying any credits, and is limited to an amount not more than 10 percent of the net income in excess of the total tax computed without regard to the defense tax.
B.-Income tax returns of individuals and fiduciaries: Surtax rates and total

|  | Net income subject to surtax ${ }^{1}$ <br> (ihousands of dollars) |  | Act of Oct. 3, 1913 (lncome tax) <br> Income years ${ }^{2}$ Mar. 1, 1913, through Dec. 31, 1915 |  | Revenue Act of- |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1916 \\ \text { Income year }{ }^{2} \\ 1916 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1917 \\ \text { Income year ? } \\ 1917 \end{gathered}$ |  | 1918 <br> Income ycars ${ }^{2}$ 1918 through 1920 Act of 1921 Income ycar ${ }^{2}$ 1921 |  |
|  | Excecding | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Equal- } \\ & \text { ing } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Rate (percent) | Total surtax ${ }^{6}$ | Rate (percent) | Total surtax ${ }^{6}$ | Rate ${ }^{6}$ (percent) | Total surtax | Rate (percent) | Total surtax |
| 1 | 0 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 4 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  |  |  | 1 | \$10 | 1 | \$10 |
| 5 | 6 | 7.5 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 25 | 2 | 40 |
| 6 | 7.5 | 8 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 35 | 2 | 50 |
| 7 | 8 | 10 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 75 | 3 | 110 |
| 8 | 10 | 12 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 135 | 4 | 190 |
| 9 | 12 | 12.5 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 150 | 5 | 215 |
| 10 | 12. 5 | 13 |  |  |  |  | 4 | 170 | 5 | 240 |
| 11 | 13 | 14 |  |  |  |  | 4 | 210 | 5 | 290 |
| 12 | 14 | 15 |  |  |  |  | 4 | 250 | 6 | 350 |
| 13 | 15 | 16 |  |  |  |  | 5 | 300 | 6 | 410 |
| 14 | 16 | 18 |  |  |  |  | 5 | 400 | 7 | 550 |
| 15 | 18 | 20 |  |  |  |  | 5 | 500 | 8 | 710 |
| 16 | 20 | 22 | 1 | \$20 | 1 | \$20 | 8 | 660 | 9 | 850 |
| 17 | 22 | 24 | 1 | 40 | 1 | 40 | 8 | 820 | 10 | 1,090 |
| 18 | 24 | 25 | 1 | 60 | 1 | 60 | 8 | 980 | 11 | 1,310 |
| 19 | 26 | 28 | 1 | 80 | 1 | 80 | 8 | 1,140 | 12 | 1,550 |
| 20 | 28 | 30 | 1 | 100 | 1 | 100 | 8 | 1,300 | 13 | 1,810 |
| 21 | 30 | 32 | 1 | 120 | 1 | 120 | 8 | 1,460 | 14 | 2,090 |
| 22 | 32 | 34 | 1 | 140 | 1 | 140 | 8 | 1,620 | 15 | 2,390 |
| 23 | 34 | 36 | 1 | 160 | 1 | 160 | 8 | 1,780 | 16 | 2,710 |
| 24 | 36 | 38 | 1 | 180 | 1 | 180 | 8 | 1,940 | 17 | 3, 050 |
| 25 | 38 | 40 | 1 | 200 | 1 | 200 | 8 | 2, 100 | 18 | 3,410 |
| 26 | 40 | 42 | 1 | 220 | 2 | 240 | 12 | 2,340 | 19 | 3,790 |
| 27 | 42 | 44 | 1 | 240 | 2 | 280 | 12 | 2,580 | 20 | 4,190 |
| 28 | 44 | 46 | 1 | 260 | 2 | 320 | 12 | 2,820 | 21 | 4,610 |
| 29 | 46 | 48 | 1 | 280 | 2 | 360 | 12 | 3,060 | 22 | 5, 050 |
| 30 | 48 | 50 | 1 | 300 | 2 | 400 | 12 | 3,300 | 23 | 5,510 |
| 31 | 50 | 52 | 2 | 340 | 2 | 440 | 12 | 3,540 | 24 | 5,990 |
| 32 | 52 | 54 | 2 | 380 | 2 | 480 | 12 | 3,780 | 25 | 6,490 |
| 33 | 54 | 56 | 2 | 420 | 2 | 520 | 12 | 4,020 | 26 | 7,010 |
| 34 | 56 | 58 | 2 | 460 | 2 | 560 | 12 | 4,260 | 27 | 7,550 |
| 35 | 58 | 60 | 2 | 500 | 2 | 600 | 12 | 4,500 | 28 | 8,110 |
| 36 | 60 | 62 | 2 | 540 | 3 | 660 | 17 | 4.840 | 29 | 8,690 |
| 37 | 62 | 61 | 2 | 580 | 3 | 720 | 17 | 5,180 | 30 | 9,290 |
| 38 | 64 | 66 | 2 | 620 | 3 | 780 | 17 | 5,520 | 31 | 9,910 |
| 39 | 66 | 68 | 2 | 660 | 3 | 840 | 17 | 5, 860 | 32 | 10,550 |
| 40 | 68 | 70 | 2 | 700 | 3 | 900 | 17 | 6, 200 | 33 | 11, 210 |
| 41 | 70 | 72 | 2 | 740 | 3 | 960 | 17 | 6, 540 | 34 | 11, 890 |
| 42 | 72 | 74 | 2 | 780 | 3 | 1,020 | 17 | 6, 880 | 35 | 12,590 |
| 43 | 74 | 75 | 2 | 800 | 3 | 1,050 | 17 | 7,050 | 36 | 12,950 |
| 44 | 75 | 76 | 3 | 830 | 3 | 1,080 | 17 | 7. 220 | 36 | 13,310 |
| 45 | 76 | 78 | 3 | 890 | 3 | 1,140 | 17 | 7. 560 | 37 | 14,050 |
| 46 | 78 | 80 | 3 | 950 | 3 | 1, 200 | 17 | 7,900 | 38 | 14,810 |
| 47 | 80 | 82 | 3 | 1,010 | 4 | 1,280 | 22 | 8,340 | 39 | 15, 590 |
| 48 | 82 | 84 | 3 | 1,070 | 4 | 1,360 | 22 | 8,780 | 40 | 16, 390 |
| 49 | 84 | 86 | 3 | 1,130 | 4 | 1,440 | 22 | 9,220 | 41 | 17,210 |
| 50 | 86 | 88 | 3 | 1,190 | 4 | 1,520 | 22 | 9, 660 | 42 | 18,050 |
| 51 | 88 | 90 | 3 | 1,250 | 4 | 1,600 | 22 | 10, 100 | 43 | 18,910 |
| 52 | 90 | 92 | 3 | 1,310 | 4 | 1,680 | 22 | 10, 540 | 44 | 19,790 |
| 53 | 92 | 94 | 3 | 1,370 | 4 | 1,760 | 22 | 10,980 | 45 | 20,690 |
| 54 55 | 94 96 | 96 98 | 3 3 | 1,430 1,490 | 4 | 1,840 1,920 | 22 | 11,420 11,860 | 46 | 21, 610 |
| 55 56 | 96 98 | 98 100 | 3 | 1,490 1,550 | 4 | 1,920 | 22 | 11, 860 | 47 | 22,550 |
| 56 57 | 100 | 150 | 4 | 1,550 3,550 | 4 | 4, 5000 | 27 | 25, 800 | 52 | 49,510 |
| 58 | 150 | 200 | 4 | 5,550 | 6 | 7,500 | 31 | 41, 300 | 56 | 77, 510 |
| 59 | 200 | 250 | 4 | 7,550 | 7 | 11,000 | 37 | 59, 800 | 60 | 107. 510 |
| 60 | 250 | 300 | 5 | 10,050 | 8 | 15,000 | 42 | 80, 800 | 60 | 137, 510 |
| 61 | 300 | 400 | 5 | 15,050 | 9 | 24,000 | 46 | 126, 800 | 63 | 200, 510 |
| 62 | 400 | 500 | 5 | 20,050 | 9 | 33,000 | 46 | 172, 800 | 63 | 263, 510 |
| 63 | 500 | 750 | 6 | 35, 050 | 10 | 58,000 | 50 | 297, 800 | 64 | 423, 510 |
| 64 | . 750 | 1,000 | 6 | 50, 050 | 10 | 83,000 | 55 | 435, 300 | 64 | 583, 510 |
| 65 | 1,000 | 1,500 | 6 | 80, 050 | 11 | 138, 000 | 61 | 740, 300 | 65 | 908, 510 |
| 66 | 1,500 | 2,000 | 6 | 110,050 | 12 | 198, 000 | 62 | 1,050,300 | 65 | 1, 233,510 |
| 67 | 2,000 | 5,000 | 6 | 290, 050 | 13 | 588, 000 | 63 | 2, 940, 300 | 65 | 3, 183, 510 |
| 68 | 5, 000 |  | 6 |  | 13 |  | 63 |  | 65 |  |

For footnotes, see p. 321 .
surtax under the Federal tax laus for the income years 1913 through 1.942.

B.-Income tax returns of individuals and fiduciaries: Surtax rates and total surtax under the Federal tax laws for the income years 1913 through 1942-Continued

|  | Net income subject to surtax ${ }^{1}$ (thousands of dollars) |  | Revenue Act of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 934 | 1936 a | ad $1938{ }^{4}$ | amen | $\begin{aligned} & 40^{8} \\ & \text { ing Code } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | amen | ing Code | amen | 942 <br> ng Code |  |
|  |  |  | Incom 193 | c years ${ }^{2}$ , 1935 | Incom <br> 1936 <br> Inter enu Inco 1 | years ${ }^{2}$ <br> hrough 938 <br> nal Rev- <br> Code <br> me year <br> 939 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { e year } 2 \\ & 940 \end{aligned}$ | Incol | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ne year }{ }^{2} \\ & 1941 \end{aligned}$ | Ineor | $942$ |  |
|  | Ex-ceeding | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Equal- } \\ & \text { ing } \end{aligned}$ | Rate (percent) | Total | Rate (percent) | Total | Rate (percent) | Total surtax | Rate (percent) | Total surtax | Rate (percent) | Total surtax |  |
| 1 | 0 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | \$120 | 13 | \$260 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 300 | 16 | 550 | 2 |
| 3 | 4 | 5 | 4 | \$40 | 4 | \$40 | 4 | \$40 | 13 | 430 | 20 | 780 | 3 |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 80 | 4 | 80 | 4 | 80 | 13 | 560 | 20 | 980 | 4 |
| 5 | 6 | 7.5 | 5 | 155 | 5 | 155 | 6 | 170 | 17 | 815 | 24 | 1,310 | 5 |
| G | 7.5 | 8 | 5 | 180 | 5 | 180 | 6 | 200 | 17 | 900 | 24 | 1,460 | 6 |
| 7 | 8 | 10 | 6 | 300 | 6 | 300 | 8 | 360 | 21 | 1,320 | 23 | 2, 020 | 7 |
| 8 | 10 | 12 | 7 | 440 | 7 | 440 | 10 | 560 | 25 | 1,820 | 32 | 2,660 | 8 |
| 9 | 12 | 12.5 | 8 | 480 | 8 | 480 | 12 | 620 | 29 | 1,965 | 36 | 2, 840 | 9 |
| 10 | 12.5 | 13 | 8 | 520 | 8 | 520 | 12 | 680 | 29 | 2, 110 | 36 | 3, 020 | 10 |
| 11 | 13 | 14 | 8 | 600 | 8 | 600 | 12 | 800 | 29 | 2, 400 | 36 | 3, 380 | 11 |
| 12 | 14 | 15 | 9 | 690 | 9 | 690 | 15 | 950 | 32 | 2,720 | 40 | 3, 780 | 12 |
| 13 | 15 | 16 | 9 | 780 | 9 | 780 | 15 | 1,100 | 32 | 3, 040 | 40 | 4,180 | 13 |
| 14 | 16 | 18 | 11 | 1,000 | 11 | 1,000 | 18 | 1,460 | 35 | 3,740 | 43 | 5, 040 | 14 |
| 15 | 18 | 20 | 13 | 1,260 | 13 | 1,260 | 21 | 1, 880 | 38 | 4,500 | 46 | 5,960 | 15 |
| 16 | 20 | 22 | 15 | 1,560 | 15 | 1,560 | 24 | 2,360 | 41 | 5, 320 | 49 | 6,940 | 16 |
| 17 | 22 | 24 | 17 | 1,900 | 17 | 1,900 | 27 | 2,900 | 44 | 6, 200 | 52 | 7,980 | 17 |
| 18 | 24 | 26 | 17 | 2, 210 | 17 | 2, 240 | 27 | 3,440 | 44 | 7,080 | 52 | 9, 020 | 18 |
| 19 | 26 | 28 | 19 | 2,620 | 19 | 2, 620 | 30 | 4,040 | 47 | 8, 020 | 55 | 10, 120 | 19 |
| 20 | 28 | 30 | 19 | 3, 000 | 19 | 3,000 | 30 | 4,640 | 47 | 8,960 | 55 | 11, 220 | 20 |
| 21 | 30 | 32 | 19 | 3, 380 | 19 | 3,350 | 30 | 5,240 | 47 | 9,900 | 55 | 12,320 | 21 |
| 22 | 32 | 34 | 21 | 3, 800 | 21 | 3. 809 | 33 | 5,900 | 50 | 10,900 | 58 | 13, 450 | 22 |
| 23 | 34 | 36 | 21 | 4,220 | 21 | 4,220 | 33 | 6,560 | 50 | 11,900 | 58 | 14,640 | 23 |
| 24 | 36 | 38 | 21 | 4,640 | 21 | 4,640 | 33 | 7,220 | 50 | 12,900 | 58 | 15, 800 | 24 |
| 25 | 38 | 40 | 21 | 5, 120 | 21 | 5, 120 | 36 | 7,910 | 53 | 13,960 | 61 | 17,020 | 25 |
| 26 | 40 | 42 | 24 | 5, 600 | 24 | 5, 600 | 36 | 8, 660 | 53 | 15, 020 | 61 | 18, 240 | 26 |
| 27 | 42 | 44 | 24 | 6, 080 | 24 | 6, 080 | 36 | 9,350 | 53 | 16,080 | 61 | 19,460 | 27 |
| 28 | 44 | 46 | 27 | 6, 620 | 27 | 6,620 | 40 | 10,180 | 55 | 17, 180 | 63 | 20, 720 | 28 |
| 29 | 46 | 48 | 27 | 7,160 | 27 | 7, 160 | 40 | 10,980 | 55 | 18, 280 | 63 | 21,980 | 29 |
| 30 | 48 | 50 | 27 | 7,700 | 27 | 7,700 | 40 | 11, 780 | 55 | 19,380 | 63 | 23, 210 | 30 |
| 31 | 50 | 52 | 30 | 8,300 | 31 | 8,320 | 44 | 12, 660 | 57 | 20,520 | 66 | 24,560 | 31 |
| 32 | 52 | 54 | 30 | 8,900 | 31 | 8,940 | 44 | 13,540 | 57 | 21, 660 | 66 | 25, 880 | 32 |
| 33 | 54 | 56 | 30 | 9,500 | 31 | 9, 560 | 44 | 14,420 | 57 | 22, 800 | 66 | 27, 200 | 33 |
| 31 | 56 | 58 | 33 | 10, 160 | 35 | 10, 260 | 44 | 15, 300 | 57 | 23, 940 | 66 | 23, 520 | 34 |
| 35 | 58 | 60 | 33 | 10, 820 | 35 | 10,960 | 44 | 16, 180 | 57 | 25, 080 | 66 | 29, 840 | 35 |
| 36 | 60 | 62 | 33 | 11, 480 | 35 | 11,660 | 47 | 17, 120 | 59 | 26, 260 | 69 | 31, 220 | 36 |
| 37 | 62 | 64 | 36 | 12, 200 | 39 | 12, 440 | 47 | 18,060 | 59 | 27, 440 | 69 | 32, 600 | 37 |
| 38 | 64 | 66 | 36 | 12,920 | 39 | 13, 220 | 47 | 19,000 | 59 | 28,620 | 69 | 33,980 | 38 |
| 39 | 66 | 68 | 36 | 13,640 | 39 | 14,000 | 47 | 19, 940 | 59 | 29, 800 | 69 | 35, 360 | 39 |
| 40 | 68 | 70 | 39 | 14,420 | 43 | 14.860 | 47 | 20,880 | 59 | 30,980 | 69 | 36, 740 | 40 |
| 41 | 70 | 72 | 39 | 15, 200 | 43 | 15, 720 | 50 | 21,880 | 61 | 32, 200 | 72 | 38, 180 | 41 |
| 42 | 72 | 74 | 39 | 15,980 | 43 | 16,580 | 50 | 22,880 | 61 | 33,420 | 72 | 39, 620 | 42 |
| 43 | 74 | 75 | 42 | 16,400 | 47 | 17,050 | 50 | 23, 350 | 61 | 34, 030 | 72 | 40,340 | 43 |
| 44 | 75 | 76 | 42 | 16,820 | 47 | 17,520 | 50 | 23, 880 | 61 | 34, 640 | 72 | 41, 060 | 44 |
| 45 | 76 | 78 | 42 | 17,660 | 47 | 18,460 | 50 | 24,880 | 61 | 35, 860 | 72 | 42,500 | 45 |
| 46 | 78 | 80 | 42 | 18, 500 | 47 | 19,400 | 50 | 25, 880 | 61 | 37, 080 | 72 | 43, 940 | 46 |
| 47 | 80 | 82 | 45 | 19, 400 | 51 | 20, 420 | 53 | 26,940 | 63 | 38, 310 | 75 | 45, 440 | 47 |
| 48 | 82 | 84 | 45 | 20, 300 | 51 | 21,440 | 53 | 28, 000 | 63 | 39,600 | 75 | 46,940 | 48 |
| 49 | 84 | 86 | 45 | 21, 200 | 51 | 22, 460 | 53 | 29, 060 | 63 | 40, 860 | 75 | 48,440 | 49 |
| 50 | 80 | 88 | 45 | 22, 100 | 51 | 23, 480 | 53 | 30, 120 | 63 | 42, 120 | 75 | 49,940 | 50 |
| 51 | 88 | 90 | 45 | 23,000 | 51 | 21, 500 | 53 | 31, 180 | 63 | 43, 380 | 75 | 51.440 | 51 |
| 52 | 90 | 92 | 50 | 24, 000 | 55 | 25, 600 | 56 | 32, 300 | 64 | 44, 660 | 77 | 52,980 <br> 54 | 52 |
| 53 | 92 | 91 | 50 | 25, 000 | 55 | 26,700 | 56 | 33, 420 | 64 | 45.940 | 77 | 54, 520 | 53 |
| 54 | 94 | 96 | 50 | 26, 000 | 55 | 27, 800 | 56 | 34,540 | 64 | 47, 220 | 77 | 56, 060 | 54 |
| 55 | 96 | 98 | 50 | 27, 000 | 55 | 28,900 | 56 | 35, 660 | 64 | 48.500 | 77 | 57,600 59.140 | 55 56 |
| 56 | 98 | 100 | 50 | 28,000 | 55 | 30,000 | 56 | 36, 780 | 64 | 49,780 82,280 | 77 79 | 59.140 98.640 | 56 57 |
| 57 <br> 58 | 100 | 150 | 52 | 54, 000 | 58 | 59,000 | 58 | 65, 780 | 65 | 82, 280 | 79 81 | 98,640 139,140 | 57 58 |
| 58 | 150 | 200 | 53 | 80,500 | 60 | 89,000 | 60 | 95, 780 | 66 | 115,280 | 81 | 139, 140 | 58 |
| 59 | 200 | 250 | 54 | 107, 500 | 62 | 120,000 | 62 | 126, 780 | 67 | 148, 780 | 82 | 18), 140 | 59 60 |
| 60 | 250 | 300 | 54 | 134, 500 | 64 | 152,000 | 64 | 158,780 | 69 | 183,280 254,280 | 82 | 221,140 303,140 | 60 61 |
| 61 | 300 400 | 400 500 | 55 | 189,500 245,500 | 66 | 218,000 286,000 | 66 | 224,780 292,780 | 71 | 254,280 326,280 | 82 | 303,140 385,140 | 61 |
| 63 | 500 | 750 | 57 | 388, 000 | 70 | 461,000 | 70 | 467, 780 | 73 | 508, 780 | 82 | 590, 140 | 63 |
| 64 | 750 | 1.000 | 58 | 533,000 | 72 | 641,000 | 72 | 647, 780 | 74 | 693, 780 | 82 | 795, 140 | 64 |
| 65 | 1,000 | 1,500 | 59 | 828,000 | 73 | 1,006,000 | 73 | $1,012,780$ | 75 | 1, 068,780 | 82 | 1, 205, 140 | 65 |
| 66 | 1,500 | 2,000 | 59 | 1,123,000 | 73 | 1,371,000 | 73 | 1, 377, 780 | 75 | 1, 443, 780 | 82 | $1,615,140$ $4,075,140$ | 66 67 |
| 67 | 2,900 | 5,000 | 59 | 2,893,000 | 74 | 3,591,000 | 74 | 3, 597, 780 | 76 | 3, 723, 780 | 82 | 4, 075, 140 | 67 68 |
| 68 | 5. 000 | 1------- | 59 | _--...... | 75 | -------- | 75 | ------ | 77 | ---------- | 82 | ----.-.... | 68 |

For footnotes, sce p. 321.

## Footnotes for table B

${ }^{1}$ Capital gains and losses are excluded from net income subject to surtax if the taxpayer elects to pay the alternative tax. In addition, beginning in 1934, the personal exemption and credit for dependents are also excluded.
${ }^{2}$ For 1917 and earlier, the income year to which the tax law applies is the calendar year; for 1918 through 1932, the calendar year and fiscal years ending therein; for 1933, the calendar year and fiscal years beginning or ending therein; and for 1934 and later, the calendar year and fiscal years beginning therein. The rate of tax is that for the calendar year. In the case of a rate change during the fiscal year ending in the period 1918 through 1933, the tax was prorated on the basis of the number of months in each year (tax was prorated for fiscal years ending in 1919, 1922, $1924,1925,1929,1930$, and 1932); for fiscal years beginning in the period January 1, 1934, through July 1, 1941, the rate is that for the year in which the taxable year begins; for fiscal years beginning in 1941 and ending in 1942 after June 30, the tax is prorated according
to the number of days before July 1, 1912, and after June 30, 1942.
${ }^{3}$ Tax for 1923, computed at these rates, was reduced 25 percent by credit or refund under section 1200(a), Revenue Act of 1924.

1 The surtax rates for 1936 and subsequent years are not applicable to all nonresident alien individualss (See note 20 , page 316.)

8 For 1940 there is superimposed upon the total tax, the defense tax, which is 10 percent of the total tax. The defense tax is computed on the total tax before applying any credits, and is limited to an amount not more than 10 percent of the net income in excess of the total tax computed without regard to the defense tax.
${ }^{5}$ For 1913 through 1917, the surtax was called "additional tax." The rates for 1917 are a combination of the additional tax rates provided by the Revenue Acts of 1916 and 1917.
C.-Income tax returns of individuals: Optional tax ${ }^{1}$ for 1941 and 1942 under the
[Form 1040A]

| Gross income ${ }^{2}$ after deducting credit for dependents ${ }^{3}$ |  | Single, or married and not living with husband or wife (not head of (amily) ${ }^{4}$ |  | Married and living with husband or wife ${ }^{4}$ but each filing a separate return ${ }^{8}$ |  | Married and living with husband or wife ${ }^{4}$ (joint return); or head of family |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Optional tax ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| - |  | 1941 | 1942 | 1941 | 1942 | 1941 | 1942 |
| \$0 | \$525 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 525 | 550 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 550 | 575 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 575 | 600 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 600 | 625 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 625 | 650 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 650 | 675 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 675 | 700 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 700 | 725 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| 725 | 750 | 0 | 33 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| 750 | 775 | 1 | 37 | 1 | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| 775 | 800 | 2 | 41 | 2 | 22 | 0 | 0 |
| 800 | 825 | 3 | 46 | 3 | 27 | 0 | 0 |
| 825 | 850 | 5 | 50 | 5 | 31 | 0 | 0 |
| 850 | 875 | 7 | 54 | 7 | 35 | 0 | 0 |
| 875 | 900 | 9 | 59 | 9 | 40 | 0 | 0 |
| 900 | 925 | 11 | 63 | 11 | 44 | 0 | 0 |
| 925 | 950 | 14 | 67 | 14 | 48 | 0 | 0 |
| 950 | 975 | 16 | 71 | 16 | 52 | 0 | 0 |
| 975 | 1,000 | 18 | 76 | 18 | 57 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,000 | 1, 025 | 20 | 80 | 20 | 61 | 0 | 0 |
| 1.025 | 1,050 | 22 | 84 | 22 | 65 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,050 | 1,075 | 24 | 89 | 24 | 70 | 0 | 0 |
| 1, 075 | 1,100 | 26 | 93 | 26 | 74 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,100 | 1,125 | 29 | 97 | 29 | 78 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,125 | 1,150 | 31 | 102 | 31 | 83 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,150 | 1, 175 | 33 | 106 | 33 | 87 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,175 | 1,200 | 35 | 110 | 35 | 91 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,200 | 1,225 | 37 | 115 | 37 | 96 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,225 | 1,250 | 39 | 119 | 39 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,250 | 1,275 | 42 | 123 | 42 | 104 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,275 | 1,300 | 44 | 128 | 44 | 109 | 0 | 1 |
| 1,300 | 1,325 | 46 | 132 | 46 | 113 | 0 | 4 |
| 1,325 | 1,350 | 48 | 136 | 48 | 117 | 0 | 7 |
| 1,350 | 1,375 | 50 | 141 | 50 | 122 | 0 | 10 |
| 1,375 | 1,400 | 52 | 145 | 52 | 126 | 0 | 14 |
| 1,400 | 1,425 | 55 | 149 | 55 | 130 | 0 | 17 |
| 1,425 | 1,450 | 57 | 154 | 57 | 135 | 0 | 21 |
| 1,450 | 1,475 | 59 | 158 | 59 | 139 | 0 | 25 |
| 1,475 | 1, 500 | 61 | 162 | 61 | 143 | 0 | 29 |
| 1,500 | 1,525 | 63 | 167 | 63 | 148 | 1 | 34 |
| 1,525 | 1,550 | 65 | 171 | 65 | 152 | 2 | 38 |
| 1,550 | 1,575 | 68 | 175 | 68 | 156 | 3 | 42 |
| 1,575 | 1,600 | 70 | 180 | 70 | 161 | 5 | 47 |
| 1, 600 | 1,625 | 72 | 184 | 72 | 165 | 6 | 51 |
| 1,625 | 1,650 | 74 | 188 | 74 | 169 | 7 | 55 |
| 1,650 | 1,675 | 76 | 193 | 76 | 174 | ${ }^{9}$ | 60 |
| 1, 675 | 1,700 | 78 | 197 | 78 | 178 | 11 | 64 |
| 1,700 | 1,725 | 80 83 | 201 | 80 83 | 182 | 13 15 | 68 73 |
| 1,725 | 1,750 | 83 | 206 | 83 | 187 | 15 | 73 |

${ }^{1}$ In lieu of the normal tax and surtax imposed by sections 11 and 12 of the Code, a citizen or resident may elect to pay the optional tax under section 400 , if his gross income (see note 2 ) is not more than $\$ 3,000$. The optional tax makes allowances for personal exemption, earned income credit, and deductions aggregating 6 percent of gross income.
${ }^{2}$ Gross income reported on Form 1040A must not excecd $\$ 3,000$ and for 1941 must be only from salaries, wages, other compensation for personal services; dividends, interest, rent, annuities, and royalties. For 1942, the returns must be filed on the cash basis and the income must be from the same sources as for 1941 fxcluding rents and royalties. For exclusions from gross income, see note 8, table A, p. 315.

Revenue Acts of 1941 and 1942, respectively, amending the Internal Revenue Code
[Form 1040A]

| Gross income ${ }^{2}$ after deducting credit for dependents 3-Con. |  | Single, or married and not living with husband or wife (not head of family) :Continued. |  | Married and living with husband or wife 4 but each fling a separate return ${ }^{5}$ Continued. |  | Married and living with husband or wife " (joint return); or head of familyCoutinued. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Over | But not over | Optional tax ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1941 | 1942 | 1941 | 1942 | 1941 | 1942 |
| \$1,750 | \$1,775 | \$85 | \$210 | \$85 | \$191 | \$17 | \$77 |
| 1,775 | 1,800 | 87 | 214 | 87 | 195 | 19 | 81 |
| 1,800 | 1,825 | 89 | 218 | 89 | 199 | 22 | 85 |
| 1,825 | 1,850 | 91 | 223 | 91 | 204 | 24 | 90 |
| 1,850 | 1,875 | 93 | 227 | 93 | 208 | 26 | 94 |
| 1,875 | 1,900 | 96 | 231 | 96 | 212 | 28 | 98 |
| 1,900 | 1,925 | 98 | 236 | 98 | 217 | 30 | 103 |
| 1,925 | 1,950 | 100 | 240 | 100 | 221 | 32 | 107 |
| 1,950 | 1,975 | 102 | 244 | 102 | 225 | 35 | 111 |
| 1,975 | 2,000 | 104 | 249 | 104 | 230 | 37 | 116 |
| 2,000 | 2, 025 | 106 | 253 | 106 | 234 | 39 | 120 |
| 2, 025 | 2, 050 | 109 | 257 | 109 | 238 | 41 | 124 |
| 2,050 | 2,075 | 111 | 262 | 111 | 243 | 43 | 129 |
| 2, 075 | 2, 100 | 113 | 266 | 113 | 247 | 45 | 133 |
| 2, 100 | 2,125 | 115 | 270 | 115 | 251 | 48 | 137 |
| 2,125 | 2,150 | 117 | 275 | 117 | 256 | 50 | 142 |
| 2, 150 | 2,175 | 119 | 279 | 119 | 260 | 52 | 146 |
| 2,175 | 2, 200 | 122 | 283 | 122 | 264 | 54 | 150 |
| 2, 200 | 2,225 | 124 | 288 | 124 | 269 | 56 | 155 |
| 2. 225 | 2,250 | 126 | 292 | 126 | 273 | 58 | 159 |
| 2, 250 | 2,275 | 128 | 296 | 128 | 277 | 60 | 163 |
| 2,275 | 2, 300 | 130 | 301 | 130 | 282 | 63 | 168 |
| 2,300 | 2,325 | 132 | 305 | 132 | 286 | 65 | 172 |
| 2,325 | 2,350 | 134 | 309 | 134 | 290 | 67 | 176 |
| 2,350 | 2,375 | 137 | 314 | 137 | 295 | 69 | 181 |
| 2,375 | 2, 400 | 139 | 318 | 139 | 299 | 71 | 185 |
| 2, 400 | 2, 425 | 141 | 322 | 141 | 303 | 73 | 189 |
| 2,425 | 2,450 | 143 | 327 | 143 | 308 | 76 | 194 |
| 2,450 | 2,475 | 145 | 331 | - 145 | 312 | 78 | 198 |
| 2,475 | 2, 500 | 147 | 335 | 147 | 316 | 80 | 202 |
| 2,500 | 2,525 | 150 | 310 | 150 | 321 | 82 | 207 |
| 2,525 | 2, 550 | 152 | 344 | 152 | 325 | 84 | 211 |
| 2, 550 | 2,575 | 154 | 348 | 154 | 329 | 86 | 215 |
| 2,575 | 2, 600 | 156 | 353 | 156 | 334 | 89 | 220 |
| 2,600 | 2, 625 | 158 | 357 | 158 | 338 | 91 | 224 |
| 2,625 | 2,650 | 160 | 361 | 160 | 342 | 93 | 228 |
| 2,650 | 2,675 | 163 | 366 | 163 | 347 | 95 | 233 |
| 2,675 | 2, 700 | 165 | 371 | 165 | 351 | 97 | 237 |
| 2, 700 | 2, 725 | 167 | 376 | 167 | 355 | 99 | 241 |
| 2,725 | 2,750 | 169 | 381 | 169 | 359 | 102 | 245 |
| 2,750 | 2,775 | 172 | 386 | 172 | 364 | 104 | 250 |
| 2,775 | 2,800 | 174 | 391 | 174 | 369 | 106 | 254 |
| 2,800 | 2,825 | 177 | 396 | 177 | 374 | 108 | 258 |
| 2,825 | 2,850 | 180 | 401 | 180 | 379 | 110 | 263 |
| 2,850 | 2,875 | 183 | 406 | 183 | 384 | 112 | 267 |
| 2,875 | 2,900 | 186 | 411 | 186 | 389 | 114 | 271 |
| 2,900 | 2,925 | 189 | 416 | 189 | 394 | 117 | 276 |
| 2,925 | 2,950 | 191 | 421 | 191 | 399 | 119 | 280 |
| 2,950 | 2,975 | 194 | 426 | 194 | 404 | 121 | 284 |
| 2,975 | 3,000 | 197 | 431 | 197 | 409 | 123 | 289 |

${ }^{3}$ There is deducted from gross income the credit for each dependent (under 18 years of age or incapable of self-support because mentally or physically defective) receiving his chief support from the taxpayer, $\$ 400$ for 1941 , and $\$ 38.5$ for 1942 . When the taxpayer is head of a family solely by reason of one or more dependents for whom he would be entitled to credit, such credit
is disfllowed with respect to one such dependent, 4 Marital status is determined as of the last day of the taxable year for 1941; as of July 1, for 1942.
${ }_{8}$ For 1942, separate returns may be made on tho optional return, Form 1040A, only when each elects to use that form.
D.-Income tax returns of individuals and fiduciaries: Provisions pertaining to carned income credit, under the Federal tax


For footnotes, see p. 327.
capital gains and losses, excess-profits tax, taxes paid to foreign countries, and laws for the income years 1917 through 1942


D-Income tax returns of individuals and fiduciarics: Provisions pertaining to capital gains and losses, excess-profits tax, taxes paid to foreign countries, and earned income credit, under the Federal tax laws for the income years 1917 through 1942-Continued

| Excess-profits tax |  |  |  | Tax credit for income and profits taxes paid to foreign countries or United States possessions |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Federal tax } \\ & \text { law } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { In- } \\ \text { come } \\ \text { year } \end{gathered}$ | Income subjert to excessprofits tax | Rate (percent) | $\underset{\text { law }}{\text { Federal }} \operatorname{tax}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Income } \\ \text { year } \end{gathered}$ | A mount of credit against income tax liability to United States |
| Revenue Act of: 1917.- | 1917 | Salaries in excess of $\$ 6,000^{7}$ and ineome in excess of $\$ 6,000{ }^{7}$ from business having no invested capital. <br> Net income from business having invested capital: ${ }^{8}$ <br> Net income equal to <br> 15 percent of invested canital less deduction. ${ }^{9}$ <br> Net income in excess of 15 pereent of invested capital but not in excess of 20 percent of invested capital. <br> Net ineome in excess of 20 percent of invested capital but not in excess of 25 percent of invested capital. <br> Net income in excess of 25 percent of invested capital but not in excess of 33 percent of invested capital. <br> Net income in excess of 33 percent of invested capital. | 20 <br> 25 <br> 35 | Revenue Act of: $1917 \ldots-\ldots$ $1918 \ldots \ldots$ $1921 \ldots \ldots$ $1924 \ldots \ldots$ $1926 \ldots \ldots$ $1928 \ldots \ldots$ $1932 \ldots \ldots$ $1934 . \ldots$ $1938 \ldots$ Internal Revenue Code. | 1917 $1918-1920$ $1921-1923$ 1924 $1925-1927$ $1928-1931$ 1932,1933 1934,1935 1036,1937 1938 $1939-1942$ | None (included in general deductions from gross income). ${ }^{10}$ <br> Amount paid or accrued. ${ }^{10}$ <br> Do. 1011 |

EARNED INCOME CREDIT


For footnotes, see p. 327.

## Footnotes for table $D$

1 Prior to the Revenue Act of 1921, gain from the sale of capital assets was taxed as ordinary income. Loss from such sale was not recognized for 1913 through 1915; for 1916 and 1917 such less was deductible to the extent of such gain, and for 1918 through 1921 was deductible in full. By the Revenue Act of 1921, the profit or loss from the sale or exchange of asscts held for more than 2 years, consummated after December 31, 1921, was designated "capital gain" or "capital loss." (See section 206, Revenue Act of 1921; 208, Revenue Acts of 1924 and 1926; 101, Revenue Acts of 1928 and 1932; 117, Revenue Acts of 1934, 1936, 1938, and the Internal Revenue Code; and, amendatory of the Code, section 212, Revenue Act of 1939; 115, Revenue Act of 1941; 150 Revenue Act of 1942; also, pages 81-85 of this report.)
${ }^{2}$ For 1917 and earlier, the income year is the calendar year; for 1918 through 1932, the calendar year and fiscal years ending therein; for 1933, the calendar year and fiscal ycars beginning or ending therein; and for 1934 and later, the calendar year and fiscal years beginning therein.
${ }^{3}$ "Ordinary net income" means the net income exclusire of all items of capital gain, capital loss, and capital deductions, hut in compnting the alternative tax for 1938 and thereafter, it is, in effect, net income excluding only net long-term capital gain or loss,
4 Losses resulting from the sale or exchange of securities consummated after November 23, 1921, are not deductible when substantially identical securities are acquired or reacquired within 30 days before or after such transaction.
o For 1924 and subsequent years, when alternative taxes are provided, a taxpayer who reports a capital net gain pays the smaller of the two taxes computed; a taxpayer who sustains a capital net loss must pay the larger tax.
${ }^{6}$ However, if there are any aggregate net gains from sale or exchange of business real estate, other depreciable business property, and from involumtary conversion of business property or of capital assets, all held for more than 6 months, such gains are considered as from sales or exchanges of capital assets; if, when the gains and losses from the items described above are grouped, a net loss results, the loss is treated as an ordinary loss-fully deductible.

7 In excess of $\$ 3,000$ for nonresident aliens.
${ }^{8}$ A nonresident alien having business with invested capital, reported only that proportion of in-
vested capital which net income from sources within the United States was of the entire net income.
${ }^{9}$ Deduction (not allowable to nonresident aliens): $\$ 6,000$ plus an amount equal to the same percentage of invested capital for taxable year as the average annual pre-war income was of pre-war invested capital (not less than 7 percent nor more than 9 percent). If not established during at least one whole year of the pre-war period, 8 percent. If, during the pre-war period, the individual had a deficit or a very small income from business, or if invested capital cannot be determined, same percent as that of representative businesses. (See sec. 210, Revenue Act of 1917.)

10 Nonresident aliens were not allowed either a tax credit or a deduction for income and profits taxes paid to foreign countries, 1917 through 1920. For 1921 and subsequent years, nonresident alicns, and citizens of the United States deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States, were permitted to deduct these taxes from gross income, if imposed upon income from sources within the United States.
${ }^{11}$ Beginning 1921, the credit (allowable to citizens and residents of the United States) camnot exceed the proportion of the total tax against which the credit is taken, that the taxpayer's net income from sources without the United States bears to the entire net income.
For the years 1921 through 1931, the amount of income and profits taxes paid to forcign countries or United States possessions, in excess of that deducted as a tax credit, is permitted to be included in deductions against gross income.

For 1932 and subsequent years, citizens and residents of the United States may elect to credit the income and profits taxes paid to forcign countries or United States pussessions (with certain limitations) against the income tax liability to the United States or to include the entire amount of such taxes in deductions against gross income. (See secs. 131 and 23(c) (2), Revenne Act of 1932 and subsequent acts.)

Beginning 1942, domestic taxpayers are permitted to include in computing the credit for foreign taxes paid, those forcign taxes paid in lieu of the tax upon income, war-profits, and excess-profits, such as taxes on gross incone, gross sales, or units of production.

12 There was no provision for earned income credit in the Revenue Act of 1932.
E.-Estate tax returns: Requirements for filing, specific exemption, credits against citizens and aliens who

| Requirements for filing returns, specifie exemption, and credits against estate $\operatorname{tax}$ | Revenue Act of- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1916 | 1916 as amended by Aet of Mar. 3, 1917 | 1917 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1918, } 1921 \text {, } \\ \text { and 1924 as } \\ \text { amended by } \\ 1926 \end{gathered}$ | 19261 |
|  | In effect <br> Sept. 9, 1916, through Mar. 2, 1917 | In effect <br> Mar. 3, 1917, <br> through Oet. 3, 1917 | In effect Oct. 4 , 1917, <br> through 6:54 p. m . Feb. 24, 1919 | In effect 6:55 <br> p. in., Feb. 24, 1919, through 10:24 a. m., Feb. 26, 1926 | In effect 10:25 a. m., Feb. 26, 1926, and thereafter (under Internal Revenue Code after Feb. 10, 1939) |
| Return required ${ }^{3}$ when value of gross estate exceeds, for: <br> Resident (eitizen and alien). <br> Nonresident eitizen <br> Nonresident alien. | $\$ 50,000$ <br> (4) <br> (4) | $\$ 50,000 \ldots$ (4) (4) (4) | $\$ 50,000 \ldots$ <br> (4) <br> (4) | $\$ 50,000$ <br> (4) (4) | $\$ 100,000$ <br> (4) <br> (4) |
| Specific exemption, estate of: <br> Resident (eitizen and alien). <br> Nonresident eitizen <br> Nonresident alien | $\$ 50,000$ <br> None | $\$ 50,000 \ldots$ <br> None None | $\$ 50,000 \ldots$ <br> None <br> None | \$50,000 . - . - - - | $\$ 100,000$ (5) None ${ }^{6}$ |
| Credits against estate tax: Credit for gift tax paid in respect of property included in gross estate. | None | None-.-- | None...-- | Total amount paid under Revenue Aet of 1924 asamended. | Total amount paid under Revenue Act of 1924 , as amended. Credit for amount paid under Revenue Act of 1932 not to exceed the proportion of the estate tax eomputed under the Revenue Act of 1926 that the value of the ineluded gift bears to the entire gross estate. |
| Credit for estate, inheritance, legacy, or suceession taxes, actually paid to any State or Territory, or the Distriet of Columbia ${ }^{7}$ in respeet of any property included in gross estate for Federal estate tax puposes. | None...- | None. ... | None..-- | Not to exceed 25 percent of tax ( (rom 4:01 p. m., June 2, 1924, through 10:24 a. m., Feb. 26, 1926). | Not to exeeed 80 percent of the difference between the basictax and any credit for gift tax (10:25 a. m., Feb. 26, 1926, through Oct. 21, 1942). <br> Not to exceed 80 pereent of the basie tax before deducting the credit for gift tax (Oct. 22, 1942, and thereafter). |

For footnotes, see pp. 330-331.
estate tax, rates, and total estate tax, under the Federal tax laws applicable to estates of died after Sept. 8, 1916

E.-Estate tax returns: Requirements jor filing, specific exemption, credits against of citizens and aliens who died

|  |  |  | Revenue Act of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1916 |  | 1916 as amended by Act of Mar. 3, 1917 |  | 1917 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1918,1921 \text {, and } 1924 \\ & \text { as amended by } \\ & 1926 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  | In effect <br> Sept. 9, 1916, through Mar. 2, 1917 |  | In effeet <br> Mar. 3, 1917, through Oet. 3, 1917 |  | In effect <br> Oct. 4, 1917, through 6:54 p.m. Feb. 24, 1919 |  | In effect 6:55 p. m. Feb. 24, 1919, through 10:24 a. m. Feb. 26, 1926 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Exceed- } \\ & \text { ing } \end{aligned}$ | Equaling | Rate (percent) | Total estate tax | Rate (percent) | Total estate tax | Rate (percent) | Total estate tax | Rate (percent) | Total estate tax |
| 1 |  | 5 | 1 | \$50 | 11/2 | \$75 | 2 | \$100 | 1 | \$50 |
| 2 | 5 | 10 | 1 | 100 | $11 / 2$ | 150 | 2 | 200 | 1 | 100 |
| 3 | 10 | 20 | 1 | 200 | $11 / 2$ | 300 | 2 | 400 | 1 | 200 |
| 4 | 20 | 30 | 1 | 300 | 11/2 | 450 | 2 | 600 | 1 | 300 |
| 5 | 30 | 40 | 1 | 400 | 11/2 | 600 | 2 | 800 | 1 | 400 |
| 6 | 40 | 50 | 1 | 500 | 11/2 | 750 | 2 | 1,000 | 1 | 500 |
| 7 | 50 | 60 | 2 | 700 | 3 | 1,050 | 4 | 1,400 | 2 | 700 |
| 8 | 60 | 70 | 2 | 900 | 3 | 1,350 | 4 | 1,800 | 2 | 900 |
| 9 | 70 | 100 | 2 | 1,500 | 3 | 2, 250 | 4 | 3,000 | 2 | 1,500 |
| 10 | 100 | 150 | 2 | 2,500 | 3 | 3, 750 | 4 | 5,000 | 2 | 2, 500 |
| 11 | 150 | 200 | 3 | 4,000 | 4122 | 6, 000 | 6 | 8,000 | 3 | 4,000 |
| 12 | 200 | 250 | 3 | 5,500 | $41 / 2$ | 8, 250 | 6 | 11,000 | 3 | 5,500 |
| 13 | 250 | 400 | 4 | 11,500 | 6 | 17, 250 | 8 | 23, 000 | 4 | 11, 500 |
| 14 | 400 | 450 | 4 | 13,500 | 6 | 20,250 | 8 | 27, 000 | 4 | 13,500 |
| 15 | 450 | 500 | 5 | 16,000 | $71 / 2$ | 24, 000 | 10 | -32, 000 | 6 | 16,500 |
| 16 | 500 | 600 | 5 | 21, 000 | $71 / 2$ | 31, 500 | 10 | 42,000 | 6 | 22,500 |
| 17 | 600 | 750 | 5 | 28, 500 | $71 / 2$ | 42, 750 | 10 | 57, 000 | 6 | 31,500 |
| 18 | 750 | 800 | 5 | 31, 000 | $71 / 2$ | 46,500 | 10 | 62,000 | 8 | 35, 500 |
| 19 | 800 | 1,000 | 5 | 41,000 | 71/2 | 61, 500 | 10 | 82, 000 | 8 | 51, 500 |
| 20 | 1,000 | 1,250 | 6 | 56,000 | 9 | 84,000 | 12 | 112,000 | 10 | 76,500 |
| 21 | 1,250 | 1,500 | 6 | 71,000 | 9 | 106, 500 | 12 | 142,000 | 10 | 101,500 |
| 22 | 1,500 | 2, 000 | 6 | 101, 000 | 9 | 151,500 | 12 | 202,000 | 12 | 161,500 |
| 23 | 2,000 | 2,500 | 7 | 136, 000 | 101/2 | 204, 000 | 14 | 272, 000 | 14 | 231, 500 |
| 24 | 2,500 | 3, 000 | 7 | 171, 000 | 101/2 | 256, 500 | 14 | 342, 000 | 14 | 301, 500 |
| 25 | 3, 000 | 3,500 | 8 | 211, 000 | 12 | 316, 500 | 16 | 422,000 | 16 | 381, 500 |
| 26 | 3,500 | 4, 000 | 8 | 251, 000 | 12 | 376, 500 | 16 | 502, 000 | 16 | 461, 500 |
| 27 | 4,000 | 4,500 | 9 | 296, 000 | 131/2 | 444, 000 | 18 | 592, 000 | 18 | 551, 500 |
| 28 | 4,500 | 5, 000 | 9 | 341,000 | 131/2 | 511, 500 | 18 | 682, 000 | 18 | 641,500 |
| 29 | 5,000 | 6, 000 | 10 | 441,000 | 15 | 661,500 | 20 | 882,000 | 20 | 841,500 |
| 30 | 6,000 | 7,000 | 10 | 541, 000 | 15 | 811,500 | 20 | 1,082, 000 | 20 | 1,041,500 |
| 31 | 7,000 | 8,000 | 10 | 641,000 | 15 | 961, 500 | 20 | 1,282,000 | 20 | 1,241,500 |
| 32 | 8,000 | 9, 000 | 10 | 741,000 | 15 | 1,111,500 | 22 | 1, 502, 000 | 22 | 1,461,500 |
| 33 | 9,000 | 10,000 | 10 | 841,000 | 15 | 1, 261, 500 | 22 | 1,722, 000 | 22 | 1,681,500 |
| 34 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 10 | 1,841,000 | 15 | 2, 761, 500 | 25 | 4,222, 000 | 25 | 4, 181, 500 |
| 35 | 20, 000 | 50, 000 | 10 | 4,841, 000 | 15 | 7, 261, 500 | 25 | 11,722, 000 | 25 | 11, 681, 500 |
| 36 | 50,000 | ------ | 10 |  | 15 |  | 25 |  | 25 |  |

${ }^{1}$ The estate of an individual who died after $5 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. June 6, 1932, is subject to two Federal estate taxes-a basie tax and an additional tax. The basic tax is computed at the rates provided by the Revenue Act of 1926, which rates are embodied in the Internal Revenue Code as the basic estate tax. The additional tax is the excess of the tentative tax computed at the rates provided by the aet in force at date of death, over the basic tax.
${ }^{2}$ The Revenue Act of 1932 as amended by 1935 became effective August 31, 1935; the Internal Revenue Code, February 11, 1939; the Code as amended by the Revenue Aet of 1939 , June 30,1939 ; and the Code as amended by the Revenue Aet of 1940 , June 26, 1940 (through September 20, 1911).
${ }^{3}$ Estate tax returns are required to be filed within 1 year after date of death, except that for estates of
persons who died on or after August 31, 1935, returns are due 15 months after date of death.

4 In the ease of a nonresident alien who died prior to Oct. 22, 1942, a return is required if any part of the estate, regardless of value, is situated in the United States within the meaning of the statute; in the case of a nonresident alien who died on or after Oet. 22, 1942, a return is required only if the part of his gross estate situated in the United States exceeds $\$ 2,000$ in value at time of death.
${ }^{5}$ The speeific exemption of $\$ 100,000$ is allowed in computing the basic tax for the estate of a nonresident eitizen who died on or after May 11, 1934 (section 303(a), Revenue Aet of 1926 as amended by 1934).
estate tax, rates, and total estate tax, under the Federal tax laws applicable to estates after Sept. 8, 1916-Continued


- In the case of a nonresident alien who died on or after Oct. 22, 1942 , the $\$ 2,000$ exemption is deductible for purposes of both basic tax and additional tax.
' "Or any possession of the United States" is added with respect to estates of individuals who died on or after June 30,1939 (section 813 (b) of the Code as amended by the Revenue Act of 1939).
${ }^{8}$ "Net estate" is the excess of the value of gross estate over the deductions (including specific exemption) allowable under the statutory provisions in effect at date of death. In the case of a person who died on or arter Oct. 22, 1942, (1) the exclusion from gross estate of $\$ 40,000$, for life insurance receivable by beneficiaries other than the estate, is no longer allowed; (2) there is disallowed as a deduction from the
value of gross estate the amount, if any, by which the deductions for funeral and administrative expenses, debts of decedent, mortgages, liens, and support of dependents exceed the value of property subject to claims and includible in gross estate; and (3) the net deduction for property previously taxed is computed in a manner which eliminates from the deduction the proportion thereof not subject to general claims.
" Defense tax" (10 percent of the sum of the basic and additional taxes after application of credits) is imposed upon the estates of individuals who died within the period June 26, 1940, through September 20,1941 , the effective period of the 1940 Act.
F.-Gift tax returns: Requirements for filing, exclusions, deductions, tax rates, and total gift tax, under the Federal tax laws affecting gifts made during the calendar years 1924 through $1942{ }^{1}$

Requirements for filing, exclusions, and deductions

F.-Gift tax returns: Requirements for filing, exclusions, deductions, tax rates, and total gift tax, under the Federal tax laws affecting gifts made during the calendar years 1924 through 1942 1-Continued

Tax rates and total gift tax

| Net gifts ${ }^{2}$ (thousands of dollars) |  | Revenue Aet of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underset{\substack{1924 \\ 19266^{3}}}{\text { as }{ }^{2} \text { by }}$ <br> Affecting gifts made during calpndar years 1924, 1925 ? |  | Affecting gifts made after June 6, 1932,1 through Dec. 31, 1934. |  | $\begin{gathered} 1932 \\ \text { as amended by } \\ 1934 \end{gathered}$ |  | amen <br> Inter <br> Code <br> Act <br> amen | 32 as <br> ed by 1935 ; <br> al Revenue <br> Revenue <br> of 19.4, <br> ding Code | 1941 <br> amending Intermal Hevenue Code |  |
|  |  | Affecting gifts made during calendar year 1935. | Affecting gifts made during calendar years 1936 through 1941.4 |  | Affecting gifts made during calendar year 1942. |  |
| Ex-ceeding | Equaling |  |  | Rate (percent) | Total gift tax | Rate (pcrcent) | Total gift tax ${ }^{6}$ | Rate (percent) | Total gift tax ${ }^{6}$ | Rate (percent) | Total gift tax 07 | Rate (percent) | Total gift tax ${ }^{0}$ |
| 0 | 5 | 1 | \$50 |  |  | 34 | \$37. 50 | 34 | \$37.50 | 11,2 | \$75 | 21/4 | \$112.50 |
| 5 | 10 | 1 | 100 | $3 / 4$ | \$75 | 31 | \$75 | 11/2 | 150 | 51/4 | \$375 |
| 10 | 20 | 1 | 200 | $11 / 2$ | 225 | $11 / 2$ | 225 | 3 | 450 | $81 / 4$ | 1,200 |
| 20 | 30 |  | 300 | 21/4 | 450 | 21/4 | 450 | 41/2 | 900 | 101/2 | 2, 250 |
| 30 | 40 | 1 | 400 | 3 | 750 | 3 | 750 | 6 | 1,500 | 131/2 | 3, 600 |
| 10 | 50 | 1 | 500 | $33 / 4$ | 1,125 | $33 / 4$ | 1,125 | 71/2 | 2,250 | 161/2 | 5, 250 |
| 50 | 60 | 2 | 700 | 5 | 1,625 | 51/4 | 1,659 | 9 | 3,150 | 183/4 | 7,125 |
| 60 | 70 | 2 | 900 | 5 | 2,125 | 51/4 | 2,175 | 9 | 4,050 | 21 | 9,225 |
| 70 | 100 | 2 | 1. 500 | 5 | 3. 625 | $63 / 4$ | 4, 200 | 101/2 | 7,200 | 21 | 15, 525 |
| 100 | 150 | 2 | 2,500 | $61 / 2$ | 6,875 | 9 | 8,700 | 123/4 | 13,575 | 221/2 | 26, 775 |
| 150 | 200 | 3 | 4,000 | $61 / 2$ | 10, 125 | 9 | 13,200 | 123/4 | 19,950 | $221 / 2$ | 38, 025 |
| 200 | 250 | 3 | 5,500 | 8 | 14, 125 | 12 | 19, 200 | 15 | 27,450 | 221/2 | 49, 275 |
| 250 | 400 | 4 | 11,500 | 8 | 26, 125 | 12 | 37, 200 | 15 | 49,950 | 24 | 85, 275 |
| 400 | 450 | 4 | 13,500 | 91/2 | 30,875 | 1414 | 41,325 | 171/4 | 58,575 | 24 | 97, 275 |
| 450 | 500 | 6 | 16,500 | $91 / 2$ | 35, 625 | $141 / 4$ | 51, 450 | 171/4 | 67, 200 | 24 | 109, 275 |
| 500 | 600 | 6 | 22, 500 | $93 / 2$ | 45, 125 | 141/4 | 65, 700 | 171 | 84,450 | 261/4 | 135, 525 |
| 600 | 750 | 6 | 31,500 | 11 | 61, 625 | 161/2 | 90,450 | 1912 | 113,700 | $261 / 4$ | 174, 900 |
| 750 | 800 | 8 | 35, 500 | 11 | 67, 125 | 161/2 | 98, 700 | 191/2 | 123, 450 | 273 | 188, 775 |
| 800 | 1,000 | 8 | 51, 500 | 121/2 | 92, 125 | 183,4 | 136, 200 | $213 / 4$ | 166, 950 | $273 / 4$ | 244, 275 |
| 1,000 | 1,250 | 10 | 76,500 | 14 | 127, 125 | 21 | 188, 700 | 24 | 226, 950 | $291 / 4$ | 317,400 |
| 1,250 | 1,500 | 10 | 101,500 | 14 | 162,125 | 21 | 241, 209 | 24 | 286,950 | $311 / 2$ | 396, 150 |
| 1,500 | 2,000 | 12 | 161,500 | $15^{1 / 2}$ | 239, 625 | $231 / 4$ | 357,450 | 261/4 | 418, 200 | $33^{3} 4$ | 564, 900 |
| 2,000 | 2. 500 | 14 | 231,500 | 17 | 324, 625 | $251 / 2$ | 484, 950 | $25^{1 / 2}$ | 560, 700 | $363 / 4$ | 748, 650 |
| 2, 500 | 3,000 | 14 | 301, 500 | 181/2 | 417, 125 | $27^{3 / 4}$ | 623, 700 | 303/4 | 714,450 | $393 / 4$ | 947, 100 |
| 3,000 | 3,500 | 16 | 381, 500 | 20 | 517, 125 | 30 | 773, 700 | 33 | 879.450 | 42 | 1, 157, 400 |
| 3,500 | 4,000 | 16 | 461, 500 | $211 / 2$ | 624,625 | 3214 | 934,950 | 351/1 | 1,055, 700 | $441 / 4$ | 1,378, 650 |
| 4,000 | 4,500 | 18 | 551, 500 | 23 | 739, 625 | $341 / 2$ | 1,107, 450 | $371 / 2$ | 1,243, 200 | 4714 | 1,614,900 |
| 4,500 | 5.000 | 18 | 641, 500 | 24,2 | 862, 125 | 36 | 1,287, 450 | $393 / 1$ | 1,441,950 | 471/4 | 1,851, 150 |
| 5,000 | 6,000 | 20 | 841,500 | 26 | 1,122,125 | $371 / 2$ | 1, 662, 450 | 42 | 1,861,950 | $501 / 4$ | 2, 353, 650 |
| 6, 000 | 7,000 | 20 | 1,041,500 | $27^{1 / 2}$ | 1,397, 125 | 39 | 2, 052, 450 | 441/4 | 2, 304, 450 | $521 / 2$ | 2, 878, 650 |
| 7,000 | 8,000 | 20 | 1, 241,500 | 29 | 1,687, 125 | 401/2 | 2, 457, 450 | 453/3 | 2, 761, 950 | $543 / 4$ | 3, 426, 150 |
| 8,000 | 9,000 | 22 | 1, 461,500 | $301 / 2$ | 1,992, 125 | 42 | 2, 877,450 | 471/4 | 3, 234,450 | 57 | 3,996, 150 |
| 9,000 | 10,000 | 22 | 1,681,500 | 32 | 2,312,125 | $431 / 2$ | 3, 312, 450 | 483 \% | $3,721,950$ | 57 | 4,566,150 |
| 10,000 | 20,000 | 25 | 4,181,500 | $33^{1 / 2}$ | 5, 662, 125 | 45 | 7,812, 450 | $501 / 4$ | 8, 746, 950 | $573 / 4$ | 10, 341, 150 |
| 20,000 | 50, 000 | 25 | 11,681,500 | $33^{1 / 2}$ | 15, 712, 125 | 45 | 21,312, 450 | $513 /$ | 24,271,950 | 5731 | 27, 666, 150 |
| 50,000 |  | 25 |  | 331/2 |  | 45 |  | 521/2 |  | 573/4 |  |

${ }^{1}$ No gift tax in effect January 1, 1926, through June 6, 1932.
${ }_{2}$ The amount of "Net gifts" for the current year is the excess of the total gifts for the current year over the sum of the following for such year: (1) total exclusions for donces; (2) deductions for charitable, public, and similar gifts; and (3) specific exemption.
${ }^{3}$ The first gift tax was levied under the Revenue Act of 1924 but lower rates, shown here, were provided in the amendment by the 1926 Act. The amount of tax paid for 1924 or 1925 , under the provisions of the 1924 act, in excess of the tax imposed by the amendment, was refunded without interest.
4 The Revenue Act of 1932 as amended by 1935 was in effect January 1, 1936, through February 10, 1939 ; the Internal Revenue Code, February 11, 1939, through June 25, 1940; and the Code as amended by the Revenue Act of 1940, June 26, 1940, through December 31, 1941.
${ }^{5}$ A gift tax return is required to be filed and the tax, if any, paid by donors who transfer property as a gift or 'who sell or exchange property for less than a fair consideration in money or money's worth.

## FACSIMILES OF INCOME TAX FORMS FOR 1942

Form 1040: Individual income tax return.
Form 1040A: Optional individual income tax return for gross incomes of not more than $\$ 3,000$ derived wholly from salaries, wages, dividends, interest, and annuities.
Form"1041: Fiduciary income tax return (for estates and trusts). Form 1065: Partnership return of income (filed also by syndicates, pools, joint ventures, etc.).

| FORM 1040 |
| :--- |
| Trearry Departmert |
| Internol Revenue Service |

Schedule A.-INTEREST ON GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS, ETC. (See Instruction 5)
Pege 2


Schedule B-INCOME FROM RENTS AND ROYALTIES. (See Instruction 6)


Explanation of deductions claimed in columns 4 and 5


Schedule D.-EXPLANATION OF CREDITS CLAIMED IN ITEMS 21 AND 22. (See Instructions 21 and 22)


| (1) If your net income is $\$ 3,000$ or lesk, use only this part of achedule |  | (2) If your net income is more than $\$ 3,000$, use only this part of schedule |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income (item 19, page 1). |  | Earned net income (not more than $\$ 14.000$ ) |  |
| Earned income credit ( $10 \%$ of net income, above) |  | Net income (item 19. page 1) Earned income credit ( $10 \%$ of eamed net income o: $10 \%$ of net income, above, whichever amount is smailer. but do not enter less than \$300) |  |

1. Did you file a return for any prior year? QUESTIONS the $\mathrm{l}_{2}$ test year? ............. To which Collector's office was it sent? 3. 1942, and before the end of your taxable year?.
2. Did you receive during your tatable year any amount claimed to be non-

If separate return was made for the current year, state:
(o) Name of husband or wife.
(b) Personaf exemption, if any, claimed thereon-
(c) Collector's office to which it was sent.
3. Check whether this return was prepared on the cash $\square$ or sccfual $\square$ basis. taxable other than interest reported in Scliedule A (see instruction H)? ................. If so, attach schedule showing source, nature, end amount of such income.
6. Did you at any time during your tazable year own directly or indirectly any stock of a foreign corporation or a parsonal holding company as defined by section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code?................ If $s o$. attach statement required by Instruetion K. $10-3220-1$

DETACH PACES 3 AND 4 IF NOT USED
Schedulo F.-GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF CAPITAL ASSETS. (See Inctruction 8)

|  | 2. Date acquired <br> Ma. Day Year | 3. Date wold <br> Mo. Dov Yarr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4. Ciross staka } \\ & \text { price (Contrect } \\ & \text { price) } \end{aligned}$ | 5. Colt orother basis | 6. Expense of sale and cont of ym provements subs eququent to ecquisitan or Merch 1. 1913 |  | 8. Gaus of loss Column 4 plus column 7 minus and 6) | Cain or loas so be tokea into scrowns |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10. Amowe |





Soote the family, fiduciory, or business relofionship to you, if ony, of purchaser of any of the thems on this page
If any of such ilems wers acguired by you other chion by purchase. exploin fully how acqutred


[^12]Did you at any time after Oetober 3. 1942, and before the end of your tasable year have in your employ more than eight individuals? If answer is "Yes," have you in this return taken a deduction for any amount of wages or salaries representing an increase or deerease in rate after October 3. 1942 ..................... I! answer to second question is "Yes." attach a statement explaining ell such inereases or deerease. If any of such increases or decresses required the prior approval of the National War Labor Board or the Commissioner of Internal Revenue as atated in Instruction 9. attoch also a copy of the authorization for each of such inereases or deereases.

Schedule I.-INCOME FROM PARTNERSHIPS, FIDUCIARIES, AND OTHER SOURCES


# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 1040, UNITED STATES INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURN 

## (References are to the Internal Revenue Code, unleas otherwise noted)


A. WHO MUST MAKE A RETURN,-Every citizen and resident of the United States having during the tavable year gross income (income derived from any source phatever, unless exempt from tax by law) in an amount specified below, regardless of the amount of net income, ahall make a returo if:
(1) Singte for entire year, or married and not tiving with husband or wife for any part of the taxable yeor. If having a gross income of $\$ 500$ or over.
(2) Married and living with husband or wife for the entire taxable year. If each has income and their combined gross income la $\$ 1,200$ or over, they must cacb make a return or file a joint return. If only one has income and his gross income is $\$ 1,200$ or gver, only that one is required to make a return.
(3) Married and living with husbond or wife for only part of the tarable year. If each has income and their combined gross income is $\$ 1,200$ or over, or equal to, or in excess of, their total persoaal exemption (not including credit as head of a family or for dependents), they must each makc a return or file a joint return. if only one has income and his grose income is $\$ 1,200$ including credit as head of a family or for dependects), only that oae is required to make a return. (See Specific Instruction That oue is required to make a
21 as to personal exemption.)

Jolnt return.-May be filed by busband and wife only if they are (1) both citizens or resideats of the United Stater and (2) living together at the end of the taxable year. A joint return is permisslble even though ove has no gross income. In a joint retura the aggregate income, deductions, and credits are computed as though ausband and wile were one person.

Deceased individuals.- The return for the period to the date of death of a decedent ia a return for a Iractional part of a year, and the credit for personal exemption (as wiell as credit as lead of a.family and for depeodents) is reduced proportionately to the number of ronotlis in auch period. The return is requited on Form 1040, not Form 1040.4 , and is required if gross income to date of death is equal to, or in excess of, the credit for personal exemption as so reduced. Amounts (other than a mounta includible by a partace under section 182 in computing nct income) which would be includible in the net income of, or allowable as deductions and credits to, a decedeat solely by reasun of his death shall not be included in computing the decedent's income for the taxable period in which fans the date of death. All amounta of grossincome of the decedent will, when received, be includible in the income of the estatc or person recciving stach amounts by inheritance orsurvivorahip from the decedent under section 126 .
B. FORM OF RETURN.-Citizens and resident alien individuals use Form 1040, except that those whose grosa
income, computed on the cash basis for the caleadar year, is not more than $\$ 3,000$ and consists wholly of salary, wages, not more than $\$ 3,000$ and consists whody of salary, wages, or ammuities may use optional Form 1010 A . In the case of a
husband and wife living together at any time during the year, separate returns may not be made on Form 1040 A unless each elects to use that form. Nonresideat aliens use Form 1040 B or 1040 NB. Fiduciaries for estates and trusts use Form 1041.
G. FILING OF RETURNS AND PAYMENT OF TAX. File on or before 15th day of 3 d month following closc of taxable year with collector for the district in which the taxpayer has his legal residence of principal place of business. If the Staxpayer bas no legal residat Baltimore, Mid. The taxpayer's bome address must be given and a permaneat business address may be sdded. Pay in cash at collector's office or by check or money order payable to "Collector of Internal Revenue." Puy in full with return or in four equal installments, on or before the 15 th day of the $3 \mathrm{~d}, 6 \mathrm{th}, 9 \mathrm{th}$, and 12 th month from ctose of taxable year.
D. TIME FOR PERFORNING CERTAIN ACTS POSTPONED BY REASON OF WAR.-Section 3804 (a) provides that any period of time after December 6, 1941, during more an individual is continuously outside the Americas for disregarded in making certaia determiaations under the internal revenue faws with respect to performance of certain listed acts. These acts include, smong others, filing returns and making payments of income tax (with certain exceptions),
filing claims for credit or refund of any tax, and assessing and collecting any tax.
fo the case of an individual who is a prisoncr of war or otherwise detained by an enemy country or by enenay forces or who is in the military or naval forces of the United States serving oo sea duty or outside the contineatal Uiated Stater, sections 13 and 14 of the Act approved March 7, 1942, specify as the due date for filing returas and making payments of income tax the fifteenth day of the third month following the month in which such status ceases or the present war is termioated, whichever is the earlier.
E. PENALTIES.-Severe penalties are imposed for failing to file a required return, for late filing, and for filing a false or raudulent return.
F. DECLARATION.-The return shall contain or be verificd by a written declaration that it ia made under the penalties of perjury. The retirn may be made by an agent if the taxpayer is (1) too ill to make or (2) abaeat rom the Unted States for 60 days becore the due date. A power of attorney on form 935 or Form 93 (buaband and wife an agent. Pcrson or persons actually preparing tha made $b^{-} y$ an agent. Pcrson or persons actually prepar
return for the taxpayer must also aign the declaration.
G. RECEIVED OR ACCRUED INCOME.-If books are kept on accrual basis, report all income accrued, evea though not received, and expenses iocurred even though not paid. If books are not kept on accrual basis, or if no books are kept, report all income actually or constructively received,-\&ud all expeoses paid.
H. ITEMS EXEMPT FROM TAX.-As to items of income exerapt from tax other than those listed below, see sections 22 (b) and 116 .
(1) Interest on governmeatal obligations is exempt to the xtent indicated in Schedule A.
(2) Proceeds of insurance policies.-The proceeds of life are exempt. If any part of the proceeds is held by the insurer under au agreement to pay interest, the interest is taxable. Amounts received under a life insurance or endowment policy, not payable by reason of the death of the insured, are not taxable until the aggregate of the anounts reccived exceeda the premiums or consideration paid for the policy. (See Specific Iastruction 7 as to taxation of annuities.)
(3) Miscellancous items wholly exempt from tax:
(a) Gifts (not received as a consideration for service rendcred) and money and property acquired by bequest, devise, or inheritance (but income therefrom is taxable);
(b) Exccpt in the case of amounts attributable to (and not in eacess of) deductions allowed under section $23(x)$ in any prior taxable year, amounts reccived through accident or health insurance or under workmea'a compensation acts, as compensation for personal injuries or sickness plus the amount of any damages received, whether by suit or agreement, on accoust of such injuries or sickness, and amounts rcceived as a pension, annuity, or similar allowance for personal injury or sickness resulting froto active service in the armed forces of any country; (c) The rental value of a dwelling house and appurtenances thereof furnished to a mioister of the gospcl as part of his compcnastion;
(d) Pensions and compensation received by veterans from the United States and pensions received from the United States by the family of a vetcran, for services readered by the vetcran o time of war;
(e) Interest on adjusted service bonds and interest credited to postal savinge accounts to the cxtent that thoy represent deposits made before March 1, 1941;
(f) Income, other than rent; derived by a fessor of real property upon the termination of a lease, representing the value of such property attributable to buddings erected or (g)
(g) locome attributable to the recovcry during the taxable year of a bad debt, prior tax, or delinquency smount, to the operate to reduce the income tax liability of the taxpayer for any prior year with respect to auch debt, tax or ampuut. and any prior year with respect to auch debt, tax, or amout; and (h) Amount reccivcd by personnel below the grate af United States as salary or compensation in any form from the United States for active gervice io such forces not in exeess of

## Page 2

$\$ 250$ in the case of a aingle person and $\$ 300$ in the case of a married person or head of a fannily. The determiaatino of the tarpayer's status in the armed forces and his family status ahail be made as of the end of the taxable year. Such personael includes persons in the Marine Corps; the, Cosst Guard; the Army Nurse Corps, Female; the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps; the Navy Nurse Corps, Female; and the Women's Reserve Branch of the Naval Rescrve; but does not include personnel in the inactive reserve or on retirement or members of the Army Specialist Corps. The amounts contributed by the Government to the servicemen'a "monthly family allowance" are in the pature of gifts and need not be included in-income.
TION OF EMERGENCY FACILITIES.-A TCasonable TION OF EMIERGENCY FACHLITESS.-A reasonable allowance for exhaustion, wear and teac (including a reasonable allowance for obsolescence) (1) of property used in trade or business or (2) property held for the production of income, may be deducted, based on cost if acquired by purchase after February 28,1913 . If acqnired betore 1 .
For depletion deduction, see sections 23 (m) and 114 .
Individuals, provided an election is made as' preacribed in section $124(\mathrm{~b})$, are entitled to a deduction with respect to the
amortization of the adjusted basis (for determining gain) of an emergency facility (as defiaed in section 124 (e)), based on a period of sixty months. A statement of the pertincat facts ahould be fled with the taxpayer's retura.
J. INFORMATION AT SOURCE-Every person making payments of (1) interest, rents, commisaions, or other fixed or to so individual, partnership, or fiduciary or (2) salary or wages of $\$ 500$ or more to a single person or $\$ 1,200$ or inore to a married person shall make a retura on Forms 1096 and 1099.
K. STOCK OWNED IN FOREIGN CORPORATIONS AND PERSONAL HOLDING COMPANIES.-If at any time duriag the year you owned directly or iadirectly atock of a foreiga corporstion, or a personal holding company (section 501), attach a statement showing name and address of each such company and total number of shares of each class of outstandiag stock owned. If at any time during the ycar yon 331 ), iaclude in income as a dividead the amount required by 331 , iacha 37 and if you owned 5 percent or more in value of the outstanding stock of such company, attach a statement giving in detail the ioformation required by section 337 (d).

## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

## (Numbered to correspond with item numhers on page I of return)

1. SALARIES, ETC.-Include compensation reccived as an officer or employee of a State or political subdivision or any agency or isstrumeotality thereof. (See Gencral Instruction H 3 (h) for cxclusion allowance for military and naval personael.) 2. DIVIDENDS. - Enter total of all taxable dividends. Include divideads on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associstions in case of shares issued on or after March 28, 1912; dividends on sbares issued before that date should be entered in Schedule A.
2. and 4. INTEREST ON CORPORATION BONDS, ETC.Enter in itera 4 interest on bonds, debentures, notes, or certificates or otber evidenoes of indebtedness, issued by any corpors. tion with interest coupons or in registered form. Do not include interest on any such obligation which constitutes stock in trade of the taxpaycr or any sucb obligation of a kind which would properly be included in the inventory of the tarpayer if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or any such obligation held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary conrse of his trade or business. Such interest should be entered in item 3. (See instruction 5 for deduction of mortization of bond premium.)
3. LNTEREST ON GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS, ETC.-Enter in Schedule A the amount owned at the ead of the year of the varions obligations listed therein and the interest received or accrued daring the year. The total of column 5 , line (b), Schedule A (amount subject to surtax only), should oc entered as item 5 (a). Interest received or acerued daring the jear and reported in line (i), Schedule A (amount subject o normal tax and surtax), should be entered as item 5 (b).
Section 23 (v) provides for the deduction of amortizable bond preraium by the owner of the bond. The term "bond" means any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidencc of indebtedness, issued by any corporatioo and bearing interest (imcluding any like obligation issued by a government or poitical subdivision thereof, with interest coupons or in registared lorm, but does not inclade any such obigation which onstures stock in trade or he taxpayer or any such obligation a ane taxpaych customers in the ordinary conse of his trade or business. The customers in he orluary conse of his crade or business. The be.entered in the appropriate spaces in items 4 12nd should deducted from the amount of interest received or acerved.
Amortization of bond premiunn is meadstory with respect to fully tox-exempt bonds (the interest on which is not subject to income tax). Ia the case of fully tavable bonds (the interest on which is subject to the normal tax and the surtax) and partially tax-exempt bonds (the interest on which is subject only to surtax), the amortization of bond premium is elective as to either one or as to both. Such election shall be made by the taxpayer by taking a dednction for the bond premium on his return for the first taxable year to which be desires the election to be applitable. Attach a statement showing the computation of the deduction.
The election shall spply to all bonds with respect to which it was made owned by the taxpayer at the beginning of the orst taxable year to which the election applies and also to all
bonds of such clasa (or elasses) thereafter acquired by him,
and shall be bindiag for all subsequent taxable years, unless upon application by the taxpayer, the Commissioner permits the taxpayer to revoke the election.
In the case of a fnlly tax-exempt bond, the amortizable preminm for the taxable year is an adjustment to the basis or adjusted basis of the bord. but no deduction is allowable or taxable of such smortizable premium. In the case of a fully to the band, the amortizable premium is botb an adjustment In the case of a pasted basis of the bond and also a dedutizable premium for the taxable year is used for three purposes; (1) as an adjustment to the basis or adjusted basis; (2) as a deduction; and (3) as a reduction to the credit for the interest on the bonds.

Noninterest-bearing obligations issued at a discount.-Taxpayer on the cash basis may elfect, as to all noninterest-bearing obligations issued at a disconnt and redeemable for fixed amounts increasing at stated intervals (for example, United States Savings Bonds), to inclade the increase in redemption price applicable to the carrent year. For the year of election the total increase in redemption price of auch obligations oocurring between the date of acquisition and the end of the year must be inclnded. Taxpayer so electing shall report such income as interest in item 3,4, or 5, page 1, whichever is applicable, and attach statement listing obligations owned and computation of accrued income. An elcetion exercised in the current year or in a prior year is biading for all subsequent years.
6. RENTS AND ROYALTIES,-- Include rent received in property or crops. Report crops received of crop-share basis in year in which disposed of (ualess retura is made on accrual basis).
7. ANNUITIES.-Amounts received as an annuity under aa annuity or eadowment contract shall be included in gross income to the extent of 3 percent of the aggregate premiums or consideration paid for such annuity. If the aggregate of the amounts recelved and excluded from gross income iestion paid for such annuity, the entire amount tbereafter received paid for such annuity, the entire a.
naust be included in gross income.

FOB INSTRUCTIONG 8, S, AND 10, SEE PAGE 4
12. CONTRIBUTIONS PAID.-Enter <not to exceed 15 percent of your net income computed without the benefit of this deduction, or of the deduction for extraordinary medical gitts, payment of which was made within the year to or for the use of -
ated or orgaumprd io the Uoited States or in anop possession thereol or ander the law of ibe conted Ststes or of say State or Territory or of any possesslon of the United Ststes. orssoized aDd onerated encrusievel for relignous, chasicructy to chididren or animals, bo part of the neet earnaiogs of wbich lours to the beneat of say private sharrebolder or individuel, sod no subsssontial.
partior ibe achivites of which is carrying on propag30da, or otberwis an
eb Tbe Uoited Stotes, any afite, Territory, or any polticat subdivtsion
for exclusively public purposés:
(c) The special fund for rocational rebabilltation suthorized by section

12 of the World Wisr Velerans' Act, 1024.
of any such por organazations of war veterans, or auxiliag $y$ uaits or societies societles are poskats or orgapizations, it such the Uusts, organizations, uolts, or oo part of thetr vet esrnangs taures to the beaefit of any private sharebolder or iodividual; or
(e) A domestic traterasl society, order, or association, operating uader the lodge system, but only if such contribitions or gifts are to be used exclu-
sively for religious, charitable, scieutific, hiferasy, or educational purposes,
or for the prevention of czueley to childrec or andimals.
13. INTEIEEST.-Enter interest on personai indebteduess as distinguished from business iadebtedness (which should be entered in Schedules B and H). Do not include interest on indebtedaess incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligations (other than obligations of the United States issued after September 24, 1917, and originally subscribed for by the taxpayer) the interest upon which is wholly exempt from taxation. laclude tenant-stockbolder's proportion of interest paid or incurred by a cooperative apartment corporation on its outstanding jndebtedness contracted in the acquisition, construction, alteration, rehabilitation, or maintenance of a cooperative apartment building or in the scquisition of the laad ou whisch he building is located. (See section 23 (z). For limitations on deductions or un paid expeuses and interest, see ection 21 (c). Do tor deduct ared to purchase single premium life insur incurred or contiaut to purchase accrue prentim ine insur sing preminm life msurance or endowient contract if single premium he msurance or encowment contrsct, if within a period of 4 years from the date on which the contract is purchased.
14. TAXES.-Enter tases paid or accrued during the taxable year except taves entered in Schedules B and H and taxes not deductible. The taxes imposed by the United States Government on the following items may be deducted: Admissions, cluo dues, tctephone aad telegraph services, safe epor boxes, motor vehicle or be , act the sates sata assesed against local benefits, Fedsal income tares or estate wheritance legacy, succession, gift taves, toves imposed on wher interust as shareholder of a corporation which are paid by our inporation without reimburement from yon, nor income vaves clamed as a aredit in itenm 32 Federal socisl security and employment taxes paid by or for an employee are not deductible by the emplovee. lnclude teasat-shareholder's proportion of real estate taves on a cooperative spartment building and the land on which it is situated, allowable as a deduction under section 23 (c), paid or incurred by the cooperative apartment corporation. (See section $23(\mathrm{z})$.)
15. LOSSES.-Enter property losses (not claimed in Schedule H), from fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, from theft, not compensated for by insurance or otherwise, nelude also losses (not claimed in Schedule H) from property during the war and in the course of military or naval operations in areas which eome under the control of the enemy. Sec ection 127 for rules as to treatment of losses from war, taration of property reeovered, and basis of property. Explain in Schedule $\mathbb{U}$, giving description of property, date acquired, cost, subsequent improvements, depreciation allowable, insurance, aalvage value, and deductibe loss.
16. BAD DEBTS.-Enter bad debts other than those clamed in Schedule H. Show in Schedule C: (a) of what the debts consisted; (b) name and family relationship, if any, of delstor; (c) when created; (d) when due; (e) efforts made to collect; and ( $f$ ) how determined to be worthless. Enter in Schedule F losses Irom corporate sccurities with interest couons or in registered form which b
17. OTHER DEDUCTIONS.-Enter other authorized deductions, including net operating loss deduction allowed by section 23 (s). Every taxpayer claiming a deduction due to a et operating loss for the preceding taxable year or years shall aie with his retura the statement required by section 19.122-1 of the regulations. laclude alimony and separate maintenance payments to the extent permitted by section 23 (u). Include non-trade or non-busincss expenses incurred either (1) for the production or collection of taxable income or (2) for the management, conservation, or maintenance of property held for the production of taxable ineome. Expenses paid, not compen sated for by insurance or otherwise, for the diagnosis, cure mitigation, treatment, or prevention of affecting any structure or function of the body (including amounts paid for accident or health insurance) of the taxpayer, his spouse, or a dependeat of the tavpayer, are
deductible. The deduction is limited to such e...enses as exceed 5 percent of the net income computed winout th benedt of the deduction for expenses paid for such medica care, Where the husband and wife Ele a joint return the himitation is 5 percent of the aggregate net incerae of such husband and wife who fie a joint return or a head of a famil may not exceed $\$ 2,500$, and in the case of all other iodividuals, may no
$\$ 1,250$.

Do not deduct Iosses in transactions not connected with your trade or business or not entered into for profit. Losses from wagering transactions are allowable to the extent of gains therefrom.

21, 22. CREDIT FOR PERSONAL EXEMPTION AND DEPENOENTS.-A aingle person, or a married person no living with spouse, is allowed a personal exemption of $\$ 500$ A person who, during the entire taxable year, was the head of a family or was ciarred and living with spoase, is allowed an personal exemption may be taken by either husband or wife personal exemptron may be taken by erion.

A "head of a farmily" is one who supports in one household one or more dependent individuais closely connected with hiz by blood relationship, relationship by marriage, or by adoption, and whose right to exerci
moral or legal ohigation.

A credit of $\$ 350$ is allowed for eacb person (other thad husband or wife) under 18 years of age, or incapable of self support because mentally or physically defective, whose chie of family only becauce of dependents for whom he would b of a allowed for each of such dependents except one
If taxparer's status, with respect to personsl
If taxpayer's status, with respect to personal exemption and credic for dependeats, changed during he table auch eremption and credit shall be apportioned accordib to the numb of moth is dismesarded ueless it excee half month, part or a moll be considered a month. month.
25. EARNED INCOME CREDIT.-"Earned income" means wages, salaries, professional fees, and other amounts received as compensation for personal services actually rea dered. Where producing fartors a scasonable allowance as compeosation for produersol services actually rondered by the taspayer, not the personal services actualiy ronder the tapay., not in ereess business, hall be considered as prod income "Earned aet income" means the excess of the amount of the carmed income over the sum of the "earmed income dedue earncd income over the sum of the "earas ancome deduc chargeable against earned income.
28. SURTAX.-Tho following table shows the surtax due for the taxable year upon certain specified amounts of surtax net income.

## SURTAX TABLE

Ifthe rustar net income is.

## Not over $\$ 2,000$ reet $\$ 2,000$ bu

## Orer $\$ 2,000$ but oot over $\$ 1,000$

Over \$,0,01 but aot over $\$ 8,000$.
Over $\$ 6,100 \mathrm{hat}$ aot over $\$ 8,000$
Over $\$, 0,00$ but not over $\$ 10,000$
Over $\$ 9,00$ but not over $\$ 10,00$. .
Over $\$ 10,000$ but vot over $\$ 12,000$
Over $\$ 10,000$ but not over $\$ 12,000$.
Over $\$ 12,000$ but oot over $\$ 14,000$.
Over $\$ 14,000$ but oot over $\$ 16,000$ -
Over $\$ 18,000$ but not over $\$ 18,000$.
Over $\$ 141,040$ but not over $\$ 20,010$.
Over $\$ 14,000$ but not over $\$ 2,000$.
Over $\$-0,040$ but cot over $\$ 2,0000$.
Over $\$ 22,000$ but not over $\$ 20,000$.
Over $\$ 16,000$ but oot over $\$ 32,000$
Over $\$ 15,000$ but oot orer $\$ 32,000$.
Over $\$ 32,000$ but aot over $\$ 38,000$.
Over $\$ 32,000$ hut aot over $\$ 38,000$.
Oves $\$ 1,00 \mathrm{~m}$ but oot orer $\$ 50,000$


Gver $\$ 70,0 \times 0$ but got over $\$ 30,000$.
Over $\$ 40,0 n 0$ but out over $\$ 90,000$.
Over
Over
Ovi, hen but but out over $\$ \$ 100,000$
Over $\$ 10,1000$ but oot oerer $\$ 150,000$..
Over $\$ 110,0 n 0$ but oot over $\$ 200,000 .$.

31. INCOME TAX PAD AT SOURCE.-Eater 2 percent of interest on bonds on which Federal income tax w'as paid by debtor corporation.
32. FOREIGN TAX CREDIT.-If credit ia claimed for taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of United States, submit Form 1116 and receipts for such paymeats. If credi is claimed for taxes accrued, attach to Form $\$ 116$ certified copy of return on which tax was based.

# INSTRUCTIONS ON THIS PAGE NEED BE CONSIDERED゙ ONLY IF ENTRIES ARE MADE 

 IN ITEMS 8, 9, AND 10, PAGE 1 OF RETURN8. GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF CAPITAL ASSETS AND
PROPERTY.-Report detads in Schedules F and $G$.
"Capital assets" defined.-The term "capital assets" neans property held by the taxpayer (whether or not connected with his trade or business), but not stock- in trade or other property of a kind which would properly be included in his inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable ycar, or p:operty held by the taxpayer prinaerily for sale to custorners in the ordinary course of liis trade or kusiness, or property used in the trade or business of a character which is subject to the slowance for depreciation provided in section 23 (1), or an oblization of the United States or any of its possessions, or of a State or Territory, or any political subdivision thereof, or of the District of Columbia, issued on or after March 1, 1911, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity datc not exceeding one year from the date of issue, or real pruperty used in the trade or business of the taxpayer.

Section 165 . (b) provides that if an employee receives the total distribution that he is entitied to under an employees' trust plan that meets the requirements of section 165 (a) in ouc taxable year on account of his separation from service, the amount of such distribution to the extent exceeding the aniounts contributed by the employee shall be considered a gain rom the sale or exciange or a captan 6 month. than 6 months.

A capital gain dividend, as defined in section 362 (relating to tax on regulated investment companips) shall be treated by the shareholdcr as geine from the
For special treatment of gains and losses from involuntary: For special treatment of gains and insses from invoruntary in the trade or business, sec section 117 ( j ).
Description of property.-State following facts: (a) For resl estate, location and description of land and inp provements; (b) for bonds or other evidences of indebtedress, name of issuing corporation, particular issue, denomination and amount; and (e) for stocks, name of corporation, clasos of stock, number of shares, and capital changes atfecting basis (including nonof axable distributions).

Basis.-In determining GAII. in case of property acquired belore March 1, 1913, use the cost or the fair market ralue as of March I, 1913, adjusted as provided in section 113 (b), whichever is greater, but in determining LOSS usc east so adjusted. II the property whs acquired after February ${ }^{28}$, 1913, use cost, except as otherwisc provided in section 113 .
Losses on securities becoming worthless.-If (1) shares of stock become worthless duriog the year or ( 2 ) corporatc securities with interest coupons or in registered torm become wortishall be considered as from thic sale or exchange of capital assets as of the last day of such taxable year.
Ciassification of capital gains and losses.-The phrase "short-term" applies to gains and losses from the sale or exchange of capital assets held for 6 months or less; the phrase "iong-term" to capital assets held for more than 6 months.
LIMITATION ON CAPITAL LOSSES.-Losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets shall be allowed only to the extent of the gains from such sales or exchanges, plus the net income (computed without reqard to capital gains and losses) or $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smaller. However, the amount of the uet short-term capital loss of the last taxable year beginning in 1941 (computed without regard to amounts treated as short-term capital. losses from the preceding taxable year), which is not in excess of the net income for such year, shall,
to the estent of the net short-term capital gain for the succeedto the extent of the net short-term capital gain for the succeeding tarable year, be a short-term capital loss of such succecding taxable year.
ALTERNATIVE TAX.-If the net long-term capital gain exceeds the net short-terin capital loss, an alternative tax may

Se imposed in liell of the normal tax and surtax innposed on net income' (See Computation of Alternałive 'Tax, scherdule F .) "Wash sales" losses.-Loss fronn sale or other diapoation of stocks or securities cannot be deducted umless sustained in
connection with thic taxpayer's trade or business, if, within 30 connection with the taxpayer's trade or business, if, withinn 30
days before or after the date ol sale or other disposition, the days before or after the datc of sale or other disposition, the taxpayer has acguired (by purchase or by an exchange upon which the entire amount of gain or loss was recognized by law), or has entered into a contract or option to acquirc, substantially identical stock or securities.
Losses in transactions between ceriain persons.-No dednetion is allowable for losses from sales or exchanges of property directly or indircetly betBeen (a) merabers of a family, (b) a corporation and an individual owning more than 50 percent of its stock (iiquidations extepted), (c) a grantor and filuciary of any trust, or (d) a fiduciary and a bencficiary of the same trust.
9. BUSINESS OR PROFESSION.-Fill in Schedule II. Farmers keeping bo books of account, or buoks on cash basis, raust attach Form 1040 F in lieu of Schedute II. A taxpayer electing to include in gross income amounts received during The year as loans from the Commodity Credit Corporation should 6ie with his return a statement showing the details of such loans. (See section 123.)
If installment method is used. attach schedule showing separately for years 1939, 1940, 1941, and 1942: (a) Gross vales;
(b) cost of coods soid; $(c)$ bross profts; (d) perccontanc of prof (b) cost of goods sold; (c) gross probts; (d) percentage of profits to gross sales; (e) amount collected; and (f) gross protit on amount collected.
Bad debts may be deducted either (1) when they become wholly or partially worthless. or (2) by a reasonable addition to a rescrve.
Commissioner.)
Except as stated below if any increase or decrense in alaty or wages is made after October 3, 1942, without the prior approval of the National War Labor Board or the Commissioner of Juternal Revenue, no annunt of such salary or warges paid or accrued is contravention of the Act of October 2. 1942, entitled "An Act to amend the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, to aid in preventing inflation, and for other putposes," or regulations, rulingn, or orders promulgated thereunder, is allowable as a deduction. Any increase, however, may be made without the prior approval of the National War Labor Board or the Commissivner of Internal Revenue if it is made in accordance with thie tcrms of an established wage or salary agrecment assignments and $i t$ is made as a result of individual promotions or reclasifications, individual merit increases within established rate ranges, operation of an cstablished plan of wage or salary jucreases baved upon length of service, increased productivity under piece-work or incentive plans, or operatiou of an apprentice or trainee system.
10 (a). INCOME FROAI PARTNERSHIPS, FIDUC1. ARIES, ETC.. WHOSE TAXABLE YEAR EDDS WITHIN THE TAXABLE YEAR COVERED BY THIS RETURN.Enter as item 10 your share of profits (whether received or not) or losses of a partnership (ineluding a syndicate, pool, etc., not taxable as a corporstion) except capital cains and losses, which enter in Schedule F. Enter as itern 10 income roun an estate or trust. Enter in Schedule A your share of interest on obligations of the United States and instrumental-
ities, issued prior to March 1, 1941, owned by partnership, ities, issued prior to March 1, 1941, owned by partnership,
estate, or trust. Include in item 12, and explain in Schedule C, your share of any contribution or gift, payment of which was made by the partnership within its tavable year. Enter in items 31 and 32, respectively, your share of credits for Federal income tax paid at solurce and foreign incoroe taxes. 10 (b). OTHER INCOME.-Enter any other taxable income including earnings of minor children if parent is legally entitled thereto and alimony and separate maintenance income.

FORM 1040 A
TREAGURY DEPARTMENT

## OPTIONAL UNITED STATES

 INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURN THIS RETURN MAY BE FILED INSTEAD OF FORM 1040 BY CITIZENS (OR RESIDENT ALIENS) REPORTING ON THE CASH BASIS IF GROSS INCOME IS NOT MORE THAN $\$ 3,000$ AND IS ONLY FROM SALARY, WAGES, DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND ANNUITIESprint name and home or pesidential address plainly below
(Name) (Use given eames of both husband and wife, if this is a join retara)
(Street and number, or rural route)
(Post ofice) $\quad$ (Counly)

Social Securily
Occupation number, if any
Name and address of employer
(If you had more then one employer, attach atetement ahowing neme and eddrese
and amount received from each)

CALENDAR YEAR 1942

## Do not write in thes apace

 Smind Na. ${ }^{\text {An mount }}$(Cashier'z Stamp)

Cash-Check-M. O.

DEPENDENTS ON JULY 1, 1942
List persons (other than husband or wife) derioing their chief support from you if they are under 18 years of age or if they are mentally or physically incapable of self-support
NAME OF DEPENDENT

| * GROSS INCOME LESS ALLOWANCE FOR DEPENDENTS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. Salary, wages, and comperisation for personal services.. |  |  |
| 2. Dividends, interest, and annuities. |  |  |
| 3. Total | \$ |  |
| 4. Less: $\$ 385$ for each dependent. |  |  |
| (If you are the head of a family (see definition under item 6 on other side) only because of dependent(s) listed above, 5385 for each listed dependent excepl one.) |  |  |
| 5. JNCOME SUBJECT TO TAX. |  |  |
| TAX |  | - |
| 6. Tax on item 5 (from Column A, B, or C of table on other side) | \$ ........... | -.... |

$\mathrm{J} /$ we declare, under the penalties of perjury, that this return has been examined by me/us, and, to the best of my/our knowledge and belief, is a true, correct, and complete return, made in good faith, for the taxable year stated, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code and regulations issued under authority thereof; and that $\mathrm{I} /$ we had no income from sources other than stated hereon.
$\qquad$
(If this return includes gross income of both hurband and wife, it muse be nigned by both)

Filing reouirement. - An income tax return must be fled by single persons heving a gross income (item 3 ebove) of $\$ 500$ or more and merried persons having a groas inconie either acparetely or combined - 1,200 or more.

Military and naval permonnel. - Members of the military or naval orces of the United States helow the grade of commisioned oificer on ingle on such dete, or the firat $\$ 300$ if married or head of a fomily on such date, received as compensotion for nctive service.
Relurne of husbard ond wife.-Huwband end wife may une this Rorm at a joint return if they prere living together on July I, 1942, and If their combined troas income for the calendar gear le not mors than 3,000. A neparate return may bo made on this form if the gross income
$\$ 3.000$, excopt thot in the ense of o husband ond wife living together ot eny time during the ealendar year separate returne may not bo made on this form unless each elects to use thin form.
Allowence far dependente-Allowence of $\$ 385$ for eech dependent is applicable when this form is used. Where Form 1080 is used, the all
Amended returns.-If a quolifiod taxpayor ol
amended return may not be mado on Form 1040 .
Filing of returns and payment of tax. - The roturn mut be filed With thi Collector of Internal Revenue for your district on or before corch 15, 1943. The tax may be paid in equal quarterly Instetlmento commencing March 15, 1943. Pay tas, if any, tu the Colloctor end if payment is made by check or money order, make pu yablo to "Collector
of Internal Revenue."
I. Single (and not head of farmily) on July I, 1942..........
2. Married and not living with husband or wife (and not head of family) on July I. 1942.

IF YOU CHECKED No. 1 OR No. 2 ABOVE, FIND YOUR TAX in COLUMN A
3. Married and living with husband or wife on July I, 1942, but each filing separate returns on this form..

IF YOU CHECKED No. 3 AbOVE, FIND YOUR TAX IN COLUMN B
4. Married and living with husband or wife on July I, 1942, and spouse had no gross income for the entire year
5. Married and living with husband or wife on July I. 1942. and this return includes gross income of both husband and wife for the entire year.
6. Head of family (a single person or married person not living with husband or wife who exercises family control and supports closely connected dependent relative(s) in one household) on July I. 1942.........
(State number of such dependent relatives ..........)
IF YOU CHECKED No. 4, 5, OR 6 ABOVE, FIND YOUR TAX IN COLUMN C

| Inceme subject to tas (item $S$ an ather side) is |  | COLUMN | $\underset{B}{\text { COLUMN }}$ | $\underset{\mathrm{C}}{\mathrm{COLUMN}}$ | Incame subject to tas (item 5 on other side) is |  | $\underset{A}{\operatorname{COLUMN}}$ | $\underset{\mathbf{B}}{\text { COLUMN }}$ | $\underset{\mathrm{C}}{\mathrm{COL}}$ | Inceme <br> IF ect to tax (item 5 on other sive) is |  | ${ }_{\text {A }}^{\text {COLUMN }}$ | $\mathrm{COLUM}_{\mathbf{B}}^{\text {Com }}$ | COLUMN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Orer | But not ever | Your lax is | Your tas is | Yous las is | Over | But not ever | Your las is | Your las is | Your tax is | Oves | But not orer | Your lax if | Yout has is | Your les is |
| 80 | 8525 | 80 | 80 | so | 81.350 | 81,375 | 8141 | 8122 | 810 | \$2,175 | 82,200 | 8283 | \$264 | \$150 |
| 525 | 550 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1,375 | 1,400 | 145 | 126 | 14 | 2,200 | 2,225 | 288 | 269 | 155 |
| 550 | 575 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1,400 | 1,4:35 | 149 | 130 | 17 | 2,225 | 2,250 | 292 | 273 | 159 |
| 575 | 600 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 1,425 | 1,150 | 154 | 135 | 21 | 2,250 | 2.275 | 296 | 277 | 163 |
| 600 | 625 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 1.450 | 1,175 | 155 | 189 | 25 | -2,275 | 2,300 | 301 | 28: | 168 |
| 625 | 650 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 1,475 | 1,500 | 162 | 143 | 29 | 2,300 | 2,325 | 305 | 286 | 172 |
| 650 | 675 | 20 | 3 | 0 | 1.500 | 1,525 | 167 | 148 | 34 | 2,325 | 2,350 | 309 | 290 | 176 |
| 675 | 760 | 44 | 6 | 0 | 1,525 | 1,550 | 171 | 153 | 38 | 2.350 | 2,375 | 314 | 295 | 181 |
| 700 | 725 | a8 | 9 | 0 | 1.550 | 1,575 | 175 | 156 | 42 | 2,375 | 2,400 | 318 | 299 | 185 |
| 725 | 750 | 33 | 14 | 0 | 1,575 | 1,600 | 180 | 161 | 47 | -,400 | 2,495 | 322 | 303 | 189 |
| 750 | 775 | 37 | 18 | 0 | 1,600 | 1,625 | 181 | 165 | 51 | 2,425 | 2,450 | 327 | 308 | 194 |
| 775 | 800 | 41 | 22 | 0 | 1,625 | 1,650 | 188 | 169 | 55 | 2,450 | 2,475 | 331 | 312 | 198 |
| 800 | 825 | 46 | 27 | 0 | 1,650 | 1,675 | 193 | 174 | 60 | 2,475 | 2,500 | 335 | 316 | 202 |
| 825 | 850 | 50 | 31 | 0 | 1,675 | 1,700 | 197 | 178 | 64 | 2,500 | 2,525 | 340 | 321 | 207 |
| 850 | 875 | 54 | 35 | 0 | 1,700 | 1,725 | 201 | 182 | 68 | 2,525 | 2,550 | 344 | 325 | 211 |
| 875 | 900 | 59 | 40 | 0 | 1,725 | 1,750 | 206 | 187 | 73 | 2,550 | 2,575 | 348 | 329 | 215 |
| 900 | 925 | 63 | 44 | 0 | 1,750 | 1,775 | 210 | 191 | 77 | 2,575 | 2,600 | 353 | 334 | 2120 |
| 925 | 950 | 67 | 48 | 0 | 1,765 | 1,800 | 214 | 195 | 81 | 2,600 | 2,625 | 357 | 338 | 224 |
| 950 | 975 | 71 | 52 | 0 | 1,800 | 1,825 | 218 | 199 | 85 | 2.625 | 2.650 | 361 | 342 | 228 |
| 975 | 1,000 | 76 | 57 | 0 | 1,825 | 1,850 | 223 | 204 | 90 | 2,650 | 2,675 | 366 | 347 | 233 |
| 1,000 | 1.025 | 80 | 61 | 0 | 1,850 | 1,875 | 227 | 408 | 94 | 2,675 | 2,700 | 371 | 351 | 237 |
| 1,025 | 1,050 | 84 | 65 | 0 | 1,875 | 1,900 | 231 | 212 | 98 | 2,700 | 2,725 | 376 | 355 | 241 |
| 1,050 | 1,075 | 89 | 70 | 0 | 1,900 | 1,925 | 236 | 217 | 103 | 2,725 | 2,750 | 381 | 359 | 245 |
| 1,075 | 1,100 | 93 | 74 | 0 | 1,925 | 1,950 | 240 | $\underline{221}$ | 107 | 12,750 | 2,775 | 386 | 364 | 250 |
| 1,100 | 1,125 | 97 | 78 | 0 | 1,950 | 1,975 | 244 | 225 | 111 | 9.775 | 2,800 | 391 | 369 | 254 |
| 1,125 | 1,150 | 102 | 83 | 0 | 1,975 | 2,000 | 249 | 230 | 116 | 2,800 | 2,825 | 396 | 374 | $\stackrel{258}{0.58}$ |
| 1,150 | 1,175 | 106 | 87 | 0 | 2,000 | 2,025 | 253 | 234 | 120 | 2,825 | 2,850 | 401 | 379 | 263 |
| 1,175 | 1,200 | 110 | 91 | 0 | 2,025 | 2,050 | 257 | 238 | 124 | 2,850 | 2,875 | 406 | 384 | 467 |
| 1,200 | 1,225 | 115 | 96 | 0 | 2,050 | 2,075 | 262 | 243 | 129 | 2,875 | 2,900 | 411 | 389 | 271 |
| 1,225 | 1,250 | 119 | 100 | 0 | 2,075 | 2,100 | 266 | 247 | 133 | 2,900 | 2,925 | 416 | 394 | 276 |
| 1,250 | 1,275 | 123 | 104 | 0 | 2,100 | 2,125 | 270 | 251 | 137 | 12,925 | 2,959 | 421 | 399 | 280 |
| 1,275 | 1,300 | 128 | 109 | 1 | 2,125 | 2,150 | 275 | 256 | 142 | 2,950 | 2,975 | 426 | 404 | 284 |
| 1,300 | 1,325 | 132 | 113 | 4 | 2,150 | 2,175 | 279 | 260 | 146 | 2,975 | 3,000 | 131 | 409 | 289 |
| 1,325 | 1,350 | 136 | 117 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The income to be reported in this return is gross income (not including income which is wholly exempt from income tax) without any deductions. The taxes in the above table make allowance for personal exemption, earned income credit, and deductions aggregating 6 percent of gross income.

## Form 1041 Treasury Departmen Internal Revenue Service UNITED STATES <br> Page 1 <br> 1942 <br> FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURN



COMPUTATION OF TAX


Schedule A.--BENEFICIARIES' SHARES OF INCOME AND CREDITS. (Include as bencficiariea persona to whom amounts were paid or set aside for religioua, charitable, etc., purposes.) (See Instructions 5 and 17)

| 1. Name and addres of each beneficiory (Desurnate wonse wident aliens) | 2 Taxable in ome enclusive of interest on Golernimicnt oblegations subpect to sur: be reportes in column 9 |  | 3 Federl income tax paid at source (2\% of groid minus itero 22, aseze i) |  | 4. Income and profes cascet paid to a foreign country or United Suter possection |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | \$.... |  | \$..... |  | \$... | $\ldots$ |
| (b) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (c) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (d) |  |  |  |  |  | -... |
| (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| () |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totel of beneficiaries' shares... | \&...-.............. |  |  | ....- | \$ | ..... |

CONTINUATION OF SCHEDULE A.--BENEFICIARIES' SHARES OF INCOME, AND CREDITS


Scheduie B.-INTEREST ON GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS, ETC. (See Instruction 5)


## Explaration of deductions <br> claimed in columns 4 and 5

Schedule D.-EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTION FOR DEPRECIATION CLAIMED IN SCHEDULES C, E, AND F. (See Instruction L)


Schedule E.-GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF CAPITAL ASSETS. (See Instruction 8)

| 1. Kind of property ofi necessary, stiach gtaternent of descriptivedetasils not ahown below) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2. Date aco } \\ & \text { quired } \\ & \text { Ma. Doy Yeor } \end{aligned}$ | 3. Date oold <br> Mo. Day Yeor | 4. Crost aslesprice (contrast price) | 5. Cost or other bass | 6. Expense of sale and cost of improvements subsequent to acguisi-tion or March 1. 1913 |  |  | Cain or boss to be taken into account |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10. Amount |

SHORT-TERM CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES-ASSETS HELD NOT MORE THAN 6 MONTHS
$\qquad$
Total net short-term capital gain or loss (enter in line 1, column 3. ol summary below)
LONG-TERM CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES-ASSETS HFLD FOR MORE THAN 6 MONTHS


SUMMARY OF CAPITAL GAINS OR LOSSES


Slate the farmily, fiduciary, or business relationship to you, if any. of purchaser of ony of the items in Schedule E.
If any of the items weree acquired by you other than by purchase, explain fully how acquired:

Schedule F.-GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SAIES OR EXCHANGES OF PROPERTY OTHER THAN CAPITAL ASSETS. (Seo Inatruction 8)


## Slate the family. fiductory, or business relationship to yout, if any, of purchoser of any of the obose items:

If any of the aboce llems were acquited by you other thon by purchase, explain fully how aequired:


| I. Item No. | 2 Explanation | 3. Amount | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1. Itera } \mathrm{No} \\ & \text { (continued) } \end{aligned}$ | 2 Explaration (continued) | 3. Amoune (continued) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Schedule H.--NONTAXABLE tNCOME OTHER THAN INTEREST REPORTED IN SCHEDULE B. (See Instruction 11)


## QUESTIONS

I. Was a return of income filed for the preceding year?

If so, to which collector's office was it sent?
2. Date estate or trust was created
3. If copy of will or trust instrument and statement required under Instruction I have been previously furnished, state when and where filed
4. Check whether this retum was prepared on the cash $\square$ or accrual $\square$ basis.
5. Did you at any time after October 3, 1942, and before the end of your taxable year have in your employ more than eight individuals? (Answer "Yes" or "No") ....-................. If answer is "Yes," have you in this return taken a deduction for any amount of wages or salaries representing an increase or decrease in rate after October 3, 1942? (Answer "Yes" or "No") ............... If answer to second question is "Yes," attach a statement explaining all such increases or decreases. If any of such increases or decreases re-
quired the prior approval of the National War Labor Board or the Commissiones of Internal Revenue as stated in Instruction 9, attach also a copy of the authorization for each of such increases or decreases.
6. Did the estate or trust at any time during the taxable year own directly or indirectly any stock of a foreign corporation or a personal holding company as defined in section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code? (Answer "Yes" or "No")

If answer is "Yes," attach schedule as required by Instruction N .
7. If return is for a trust, state name and address of grantor $\qquad$
8. If retum is for an estate, has a United States Estate Tax Return been filed? (Answer "Yes" or "No")....... If answer is "No," will such a retum be filed? "Yes" $\square$ "N$N_{0}$ " $\square$ "Uncertain" $\square$ (Check which.)

## AFFIDAVIT (See Instruction F)

I swear (or affirm) that this return (including any accompanying schedules and statements) has been examined by me, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, is a true, correct, and complete return, made in good faith for the taxable year stated, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations issued thereunder.


## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 104I

1942

## UNITED STATES FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURN

1942
Taxpayers will find it helpfnl to read General Instructions A to $N$ before commencing to fill in theic retorns, and to read Speelfic Instructions in connection with filling in the items to which they refer. (References are to the Internal Revenue Code, unless otherwise noted.)

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. Who must use Form 1041.- Every fiduciary, or at least one of joint fiduciaries (except a receiver appointed by authority of law in possession of part only of the property of an individual), must make under oath an income tax return on Form $10+1$ for:
(1) Every estate for which he acts, if (a) the gross income
of such estate for the taxable yea
bencficiary is a nonresident alien.
(2) Every trust for which he acts, if (a) the net income for such trust for the taxable year is $\$ 100$ or over, or (b) the gross income is $\$ 500$ or over regardless of the amount of net income, or (c) any beneficiary is a nonresident alien. (See also General Instruction M.)
B. Fiduciary returas on Form 1040 and Form 1040A.-(1) An executor or administrator must inake a return, on Form 1040, if the gross income of a decedent to the date of his death wes equal to, or in excess of, his credit for peraonal exemption (not including credit as head of a family or for dependents). Such return is for a fractional part of a yenr, and the applicable credit for personal excmption (as well as credit as head of a family and for dependents) must be reduced proportionately to the number of months in such period.
(2) A fiduciary including the guardian of a minor and tha guardian or committee of all insase person, who has charge of the income of an individual, must make a return of income on Form 1040 or Form 1040 A if a retura is required for such individual. C. Returns for nonresident alien bencficiaries.-(1) United States business.-If a citizen or resident fiduciary has the distribution of the income of an estate or trust, any beneficiary of Which is a nonresident alien engaged in trade or business within the United states at any mane witho the taxablo year, tbe dduciary shall make a return on Form 1040 for auch nobresident slien and pay any tax shown thereon to be due. Unless such ficiary's income from all sources within the United States, tha benefits of the credits and deductions to which the beneficiary is entitled cannot be obtained in the return filed by the fiduciary is entitled cannot be obtained in the returi filed by the fiduciary. If the beneficiary appoints a person in the United States to act fiduciary ahall be relieved from the necessity of filing Form 1040 B in behalf of the beneficiary and from paying the taz. In such in behaif of the bencherary and rom paying the cask. thereto a copy of the notice of appointment of such agent.
(2) No United States business.-A citizen or resident fiduciary having the distribution of the income of an estate or trust will not be required to make a return on Form 1040NB for any beneficiary of the estate or trust who is a nonresident alien not engaged in trade or busincss within the United States at any time within the taxable year if the entire amount of the tax on the income payable to such beneficiary bas been withheld at the source, but such fiduciary is required to make a return on Form 1040 NB -a for such beneficiary, other than a resident of Canada, who bas gross income for the taxable year of more than $\$ 15,400$, and pay any tax shown thereon to be due. Unless such return is a true and accurate return of the nonresident alien beneficiary's income from all sources within the United States, the benefits of the credits and deductions to which the beneficiary is entitled cannot be obtained in the return filed by the fiduciary, If the beneficiary appoints a person in the United States to act as iis agent for the purpose or rendering income tax returns, the 1 duciary Form 1040 NB - In such a case the Giducipry shall make Form return on Form 1041 and attach thereto a copy of the notice of appointment of such agent. The Gduciary shil make a return on Form 1012 of the tax at the rates in cffect when the payment is D. Period to be corered hy retorn.- Returns shall be filed for the calendar year 1942 or fiscal year begioning in 1942 and ending in 1943. The established accounting period must be adhered to for all years, unless pernission is received from the Commissioner to make a change. An application for a change in the accounting pr riod shall be made on Form 1128 and forwarded to the collector prior to the expiration of 30 days from the close of the proposed taxable year.
E. When and where the return mnst be filed.-Returns must be filed on or before the 15th day of the third month following the close of the taxable year of the estate or trust with the collector of internal revenue for the district in which the fiduciary resides or has his principal place of husiness, escept an extension of time for filing nontaxable returns is granted up to and including the 15th day of the fifth month following the close of the taxable year. In case the fiducinry has no legal residence or place of
business in the United States, the return should be forwarded business in the United States, the return should be forwerded to the Collector of Internal Revenue, Baltimore, Md.
F. Affidarits.- The affidavit must be executed by the individual fiduciary, or by the authorized officer of the organization income of having custody or control and management of the jointly as fiduciaries, the affidarit may be executed by any one of them.
Where the return is actually prepared by some person or per sons other than the fiduciary, such person or persons must executo the affidavit at the foot of the fourth page of the return

The oath or amirmation will be administered without charge by any collector, deputy colector, or internal revenue agent. If anorn to before a person authorized to administer oalhs for zeneral purposes by the Law of the Uoited States or of any State, eral purposes by the law of the Uoited States or of any State,
Territory, or possession of the United States, or of the District of Columbia, wherein such oath or affirmation is administered, except an attorncy or agent employed to represent the taxpayer before the Department in connection with his tax lisbility.
G. When and to whom the tax must be pid.-The tas must be paid in full when the return is filed, or in four equal installments, as follows: On or before the 15th day of the third month, 15 th before the 15 th day of the sixth month, on or before the the day of the ninth month, and on or before the lith day oi the twelfth month, from the close of the taxable year. If any installment is not paid on or before the date fised for payment, the whole amount of tax unpaid shall be paid upon notice and demand by the collector.
The tar may be paid by sending or bringing witb the return a check or ruoney order drawn to the ozder of "Collector of
Internal Revenue." Do not-sond cash by mail, nor pey it in person except at the cohector's office.
11. Penalties, - For failure to make and file return on time.Five percent to 25 percent of the amount of the tax, unless such failure is due to reasonable cause, and, in addition, where failure is villful, a fine of not more than $\$ 10,000$ or imprisonment foc not more thas one year, or both, together with the costs of prosecution.
For urillfully altempting to evade or defeat payment of the lax.Not more than $\$ 10,000$ or imprisonment for not more than five yerrs, or both, together with the costs of prosecution.
For deficiency due to negligence or fraud. - Five percent of the amount of the deficiency if due to negligence or intentional disregard of rules and regulations without intent to defraud, or 50 percent of the amount of the deficiency if due to fraud.
. Copy of wil or trust instrument.-A copy of the eril or trust instrument sworn to by the fiduciary as a true and complcte copy in cases in which the gross income of the estate or trust is si,000 or over, must be fied with the fiduciary return of the estate or trust, together with a statement by the fiuciary indihis opinion, determine the extent to which the income of tha estate or trust is taxable to the estate or trust, the beneficiaries, or the grantor, respectively. If, however, a copy of the will or trust instrument, or atatement relating to the provisions of the will or trust instrument, has once been filed, it need not arpain be filed if the fiduciary return contains a statement showing when and where it was filed. If the trust instrument is amended in any way after such copy has been filed, a copy of the amendment, together with a statement by the fiduciary, indicating the effect, if any, in his opinion, of such amendment on the extent to which the income of the estate or trust is taxable to the estate or trust, the beneficiarles, or the grantor, respectively, must bs filed with the return for the tuxable year in which the amendment was made.
J. Received or accrued income,-If the books of account of the estate or trust are kept on the accrual basis, report all incomeaccrued, even though it has not been actualiy received or entered on the books, and expenses incurred instesd of expenses paid. As to disailowance of deductions for unpaid expenses and interest due to certain persons, see Specific Instruction 12. If the books are not kept on the accrual basis, or if no books are kept, make the rctum on the cash basis and report all income received or constructively reccived, such 8,3 hank interest credited to the account of the estate or trust and coupon bond interest matured, and reoort expenses actually paid.
K. items exempt from tax.-As to itcms of income exempt from tax other than those listed below, see sections 22 (b) and 116.
(a) Intcrest on governmental obligations:
(a) Entirely exempt.- The interest on (1) obligat tons of $n$ State, Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Celumbia, or United States possessions; (2) obligations issued
prior to March 1, 1941, under Federal Farm Loan Act, or under such Act as amended; (3) obligations of the United States issued on or before September 1, 1917; and (4) Treasury notes issued prior to December 1, 1940, Treasury bills and Treasüry certificatea of indebtedness issued prior to March 1, 1041 , postal savings
accounts to the extent that they represent deposits made prior accounts to the extent that they represent depasits made prior
to March 1, 1941, adjusted service bonds, and certain other obligations of the United States.
(b) Partiolly exempt.-The incerest on (1) United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to March 1, 1941 , owned in excess of $\$ 5,000$ and (2) obligations of certain instru-
mentalities of the United States issued prior to March 1, 1941, mentalities of the United
is subject only to surtax.
(2) Proceeds of insurance policies.-The proceeds of life insurance policies, paid by reason of the deeth of the insured, are exempt. If any part of the proceeds is held oy the insurer under an agreement to pay interest, the interest is tazable. Amounts received uader a life insurance or endowment policy, not payable by rcason of the death of the insured, are not taxable until the aggregate of the amounts received exceeds the premiums or consideration paid for the policy.
(3) Federol sevings and loan associations.-Dividends on share accounts in Federal savings aad loan associations issued prior to March 2S, 1942, are subject only to surtax.
(4) Miscellaneous items wholly exempt from tax:
(e) Gifts (not received as a consideration for service rendered) and money and property acquired by bequest, devise, or inheritnce (but the income derived therefrom is taxable);
b) Except in the case of amounts attributable to (and not in escess of) deductions allowed under section $23(x)$ in any prior taxable year, amounts received through accident or beaith insurance or under norkmen's compensstion acts, as compensation for personal injuries or sickness phus the smount of any damages
received, whether by suit or agreement, on account of such received, Whether by suit or agreement, on account of suin or similar allowance for personal injury or sickness resulting from active service in the armed forces of any country;
(c) Income, other than rent, derived by a lessur of real property upon the terminstion of \& lease, representing the value of such property aitributable to buildings erected or other improvements made by the lessee; and
(c) Income attributaile to the recovery during the taxable year of a bad debt, prior tax, or delinquency amount, to the to reduce the income tax liability of the taxpayer for any prior year with respect to such debt, tax, or amounts.
L. Depreciation, depletion, and amortization of emergency facillties.-A reasonable allowance for exhaustion, wear and tear (iocluding a reasonable allowance for obsolescence) (1) of property used in trade or business or (2) property held for the pro-
duction of income, may be deducted, based by purchase after February $2 \mathrm{~S}, 1913$. If acquired before March 1, 1913 , or otherwise thao by purchase, see. section 114.
For depletion deduction, see sertions 23 (m) and 114.
Estates and trusts, provided an election is made as preseribed
i section 124 (b), are entitled to e deduction with in section 124 (b), are entitled to a deduction with respect to of an emergency facility (as defined in section 124 (e)), based on a period of sixty months. A statement of the pertinent facts should be filed with the taxpayer's return.
M. Information at source.-Every person making payments of salaries, wages, intercst, rents, commissions, or other fixed or determinable jncome of $\$ 500$ or more during the calendar year 1942, to an individual, a parinership, or a fiduciary, is required to make a return on Forns 1096 and 1099 showing the amount of such payments and the mame and address of each recipient, except that a return aeed not be made for payments of salaries or other compensation for personal services aggregating less than $\$ 1,200$ made to a married individual. These forms will be furnished by any collector of internal revenue upon request and Returns Distrioution the Conssioner of internal Revenue, Returns Distrioution Section, washington, D. C. in time to be received not later than ichruary 15 , 1943. Distributions to beneficiaries of an estate or trust sb
and not on Forms 1096 and 1099 .
N. Stock owned in foreign corporations and personal holding companies.-1f at any time during the Laxable year the estate or trust or:ned directly or indirectiy any stock of a foreign corporation (including a forciga personal holding company, as defined
in section 331 , in which the estate or trust onned less than 5 inl section 331 , in which the estate or trust onued less than 5
percent in value of the outstanding stock of such companve or a personal holding company, as defined by section 54palin) or a personal holding eompany, as defined by section 501 , attach and address of eacis such company and the total number of shares of each class of outstanding stook owhed by the estate or 1 rust during the taxable year. If the estate or trust owned stock at any time during the taxable year in a foreign personal bolding company as deincd in section 331, there must be included in the return as a dividend the awount reguired to be included in grazs income by ssction 337 . If the estate or trust owyed 5 percent or more in value of the outstanding stoek of sucin fereign personal holding company, set forth in an attached stiteraent in complete detail the information required by section 337 (d).

## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

## The following instractions are nambered to correspond with item numbers on the first page of the retura

1. Dividends.- Enter the total of all taxable dividends received from domestic and forcign corporations. Enter in Schedule $H$ allude in item 1 dividends include in item 1 dividends on share accounts in Federal savings 28, 1942; dividends on shares issued before that date ahould be 28, 1942 ; dividends on
3 and 4. Interest on corporatien bends, etc.-Enter interest on bonds, debentures, notes, or certificates or other evidences of indebtedncss issued by aoy corporation with interest coupons or in registered form. Do not include interest on any such or in registered fortu. any such obligation of a kind which would properly be included in the inventory of the tsxpayer if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or any such obligation beld by the taxparyer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of his trade or business. Sucb interest should be entered in item 2. (See
Instruction 5 for deductioa of amortization of bond premium.) 5. Interest on Government obltgationa, etc.- If the estate or trust owns any of the obligations or sccurities evumerated io lines (a) to ( $f$ ), inclusive, colomm 1, Schedule B, enter in column 2 the amount owned at the end of the year, and in column 3 the total interest rcceived or accrucd during the year on such obligations or securities. Interest on an aggregate of not exceeding $\$ 5,000$ principal amount of the obligations described in dine (e) is exempt from surtax imposed by section 12. However, when
the income of a trust is taxable to bencficiaries, as in the case the income of a trust is taxable to beneficiaries, as in the case
of a trust the income of which is to be distributed to beneficiaries of a trust the income of which is to be distributed to beneficiaries currently, each beneficiary is entitled to exemption as if be owned
directly a proportionate part of the bonds held in trust. When, directly a proportionate part of the bonds hidd in trust. When, on the other band, income is taxable to the trustee, as in the case of a trust the income of which is accumulated for the benent
of unhorn or unascertained persons, the trust, as owuer of the of unhorn or unascertained persons. the trust, as oxiuer of the
bonds held in trust, is entitled to the exemption on account of bonds held in tr
such ownership.
such ownership. provides for the deduction of amortizable boud prenium by the owner of the bond. The term "boad" means any bond, debenture, note, or certifieate or other evidence of (including any like obligation issued by a government or political subdivision theroof), with interest coupons or in registered form,
but does not include any such obligation which constitutes stock in trade of the taxpayer or any such obligation of a kind which would properly be included in the inventory of the taxpayer if held by the taxpayer primarily for salc to customers in the crdiheld by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of his trade or business. The amount of the deducappropriate spaces in items 3,4, sind 5, and deducted from the appropriate spaces in items 3,4 , snd 5 ,
amount of interest received or sccrued.
Amortization of bond premium is mandatory with respect to fully tax-esempt bondis (the interest on which is not subject to income tax). La the casc of fully taxable bonds (the interest on phich is subject to the normal tax and the surtax) and partially tax-exempt boods (the intcrest oo which is subject caly to surtax), the amoriization of bond premium is elective as to eibher one or os to both. Such election shall be made by the taxpayer by taking a deduction for the bond premiura on his return for the first taxable year to which he desires the election to be epplicable. Attach a statement sbowing the computation of the deduction.
The election shall apply to all bonds with respect to which it was made owned by the taxpayer at the beginning of the first taxable year to which the election applies rnd also to all bonds of such class (or classes) thereafter acquired hy him, and shall be binding for all subsequent taxable years, unless upoo applicstion by the taxpayer, the Commissioner permits the taxpayer to revoke the clection.
In the case of a fully tax-exempt bond, the amortizable premium for the taxable year is an adjustment to the basis or adjusted besis of the bond but no deduction is allon:able on account of such amortizable premium. In the case of a fuily taxable bond, the amortizaiole premium is both an adjustment In the case of a partially tax-exempt bond and al., a deduct $\cdots$ n. In the case of a partially tax-exempt bond, the amortizable premium for the taxable year is used for thrce furposes: (1) as an and (3) as a reduction to the credit for the interest on the bonds. Taxpayer on the cash basis may elect as to all the bonds. bearing obligations issued at a discount and redeemable fore fixed smounts increasing at stated intervals for example, ''rited Statos Savings Bonds), to include the increase io redemption price
applicable to the current year. Fir the ycar of clection the total increase in rederoption price of such obligations oceurring between the date of acyuistion and the end of the yeur must he included. Taxpayer so electing shall report suci iucome as interest in itern 2, 3, 4, or 5, paze 1, whichever is applicable, and attach statement listing obligations owned and computation io a prior year is binding for all subscynent years.
Enter in colutia 7 (a), Schedule 1 , the priocipal amount of the bencticiarics' shares of the olsligations described in line (c), columo 1 , Schedule $B$, and in columin 7 (b), Schedule $A$, the benecoluma 1, Schedule B, and in columin 7 (b), Schedule 1 , the beneficiaries shares of interext received or accrued theronn during page 1. The fiduciary shall adviace each beacticiary as to the page 1. of he shactary of these abligations and of the internt (as well as amortizable bond premmm), in order that the bernectionsy may include this information in his individnal income tax return and determise whether such interest is subject to tax. linter in column 4, line ( $\epsilon$ ), Schedule B, the fiductary's share of intsrest exempt from taration and in column 5 , lines ( $\because$ ) aad ( $f$ ), Scliedule $B$, the fiducinry's share of interest on an amount in cxcess of the exemption. If $\varepsilon t$ times durigg the taxable year the entate or trust held more than $\$ 5,000$ principal amount in the aggregate of such obligatious, enter in column 5 , of live (e). Scherlule 13, the fiduciary's slare of interest received or accrued io execss of intetest on an aggregate of $\$ 5,600$ principal amount of such obligations.
2. Inceme (or loss) irem partuerships, s) ndicates, pools, etc., and other fduciaries.-Fater the share of the estate or trust of the profits (whether recrived or not) or of the losses of a parthership (including a syndicate, poul cte., nut tavable as a corporation) except the estatc's or trust's distrubutive share of the partaership capital gains or losses which should be reported in Schedule E and included in item 8 (a), and the share of the estate or trust of the income from another estate or trust. Uhare of interest in obligstions of the United states or erust by prinerships or another estate trust shoula be eriuded in Schedule B. Fclude iu items 28 aid 29 st. meludedin schedist's share of eredits the estates ard at source and forciga income and profits taxes.
If the taxable year on the basis of which the estate's or trust's eturn is filed does nut coincide with the annual accounting period of the partaership or oiner fiduciary, include in the retnrn the distributive share of ofe estate or trust of the net profits for such accounting period of the partuership or other fiduciary eading within your taxabie year.
3. Rents and royalties. -Fill in Schedule C giving the informaon requested.
If the estate or trust receivid property or crops in lieu of cash rents, report the iocome as though the rent had been received in cash. Crops received as rent on crop-share basis should be reparted as incone for the year in which disposed of (unlesa the return is on the acerual hasis).
4. Gains and losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets and other property,-keport sales or exchaoges of cajpital assets in Schedule E and sales or exchanges of other property in Schedule $F$, aod enter the net amount of gain or loss to lre takea into account in computing net income.
"Capital assets" defined.-The term "capital assets" meana property beld by the tavpayer (whether or not comected with his trade or business), but at stock is trade or other property of a kind which would properly be included in his inveotory if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or property licld by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customes in the ordinary course of has tsade or business, or property used in the trade or business of a character whion subject to the allowance for depreciation provided in section 23 (1), or an obligation of the Lnited states ubdivision thereot or of the Distriet of Columbia iscued or or after March 1911 on a discourt basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not cxceeding one year fout be date of issue, or real property used in the trade or busioes of the taxpsyer. the raxpayer.
Section 165 (b) provides that if an employee receives the total that meets the requirements of section $165(\mathrm{a})$ in one taxal,le year oa account of his separation from service, the amount of such distribution to the exteat exceeding the amounts contributed by the cinployee shall be considered a gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset held for more than 6 months.

A capital gain dividend, as defined in section 362 (relating to tax on requlated iavestment companies) shall be treated by the harehalder as gains from the sale or exchauge of eapital Assets eld for more than 6 months.
For special treatment of gains and losses from involuntary conversion, and fromsale or exchange of certain property used in he trade or business, sce acction 117 (j)
Description of propcriy.-State followinf facts: (a) For real estate, location and description of land and improvements; (b) for bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, aame of issuing corporation, particular issue, denomination aud amount; and
(c) for stocks name of enrporation, ciass of stock, number of shares, and capital chinges alfecting b:isis (including nontaxable
distributions).
ibsis.-In determiniug GAIN in case of propurty acquired
before Jarch 1,1913 , usy the cost or the fair narket value as of March 1, 1913, adjusted as provided in scetion 113 (b), whicheves is grenter, but in duternining 1,0 sit use cost so adjusted. If the property was aequired after February 25 ; 1013, use cost, exerpt as otherwise provided io section 113.
Losses on securities br coming worihless.-If (1) shases of stuck become warlhlos churing the yoar or (2) corporate securities
with interest counons or in reastard torm become worthless with interest counons or in registered torm become worthless
duriug the year, and are capital assets, the loss therefrom shall duriug the year, and are capital assets, the loss therefrom shall
be considered as from the sale or eachanze of capital wsets as be considered as from the sale or eachaniec of capital assets as
of the lant day of such tavaisie of the lazt day of such tavaibie year.
Clacsification of capital gains and losses.- The phrase "shortterm" apphes to gains and losses from the sale or exchange of capital assets hedd for ti moiths or less; the phrase "long-term" to capital ussets held for more than 6 months.
Limitation on capital losises.-Losses from sales or exchanges of capiar assets shall be allowed ouly to the exteot of the gains froma such sulas or exchanges, plus the nct income (computed without regard to capital pains and losses) or $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smaller. Howevor, the monnt of the net sbortterm capital lose of the last taxable vear begiuning in 1941 (computed without regard to amounts treated as short-turm capital losses from the precedisg taxable year), which is not in excess of the net income for such year, shall, to the extent of the net shori-term capital aain for the succesding taxable year, be a short-term capital loss of sucb succeediug taxable year.
Alternative tax.- If the net long-terin capital gain excecds the het short-lerm capital loss, an alternative tax may be imposed in lieu of the normal tax and surtax imposed on net income. (See Computation of Aiternative Tas, Schcdule E.)
"Wash sales" losses.-I ass from sale or other dispositioa of stock or securities cannot be deducted unless sustamed in coanection with the taypayer's trade or business, if, within 30 days before or after the date of sale or other dieposition, the taxpayer has acquired (hy purchase or by an eschange upon which the entire amount of gain er lnss was recognized by law), or has entrresl into a contract or option to aequire, sulustantially identical stock or securities.
Losses in transactions between certain persons.-No deducion shall be allowed in respect of losses from sales or exclanges of property, directly or indirectly-
A. Betreen members of a family, which is defned for the purpose of this paragraph to include ooly the taxpayer'a
brothers and sisters (whether by the whole or half blood), spouse, ancestors, and lincal descendants;
B. Excrpt in the case of distributions in liquidation, between an individual and a corporation more than 50 perceet in value of the outstanding stock uf which is owned, directly or indirectly, by or for such iudividual;
C. Between a grantor and a fiduciary of any trust;
D. Between the fiduciary of a trust and the fiduciary of ancther trust, if the same persoa is a grantor with respect to each trust; or
E. Between a fidnciary of a trust aad a beneficiary of such trust.
For the purposes of defermining ownership of stock in applying this paragraph, sec section $21(\mathrm{~b})(2)$.
9. Net profit (or less) from trade or basiness.- If the estate or trust was engaged in a trade or husioess during the taxable year, cutcr the uct profit (or loss) and attach to the return a statement of merchandise are of the trade or busiuess, toral receipts, cost hand at the beginning and eud of the tavable year, other items entering ioto cost of goods sold, net cost of goods soid, salaries and wages of employces. interest. taxes, losses, and bad debts directly attributable to the trade or busivess, depreciation, absolescence, and depletion of property used ia the trade or business, rent, repairs, and all other expenses in detad. A taxpayer electing to include in gross income amounts received during the year as loans from the Commodity Credit Corporation should file with the returu a statement showing the details of such loans. (Sec section 123.)
Inventories.-If engaged is a trade or business in which the production, manufacture, purchase, or sale of merchandise is an income-producing factor, inveatories of mercbaadise on haad should be taken at the beginning and end of the taxable year, which may be valued at (a) cast, or (b) cost or market, whichever is lower. Taxpayers were given an option to adopt the basis of either (a) cost, or (b) cost or market, whichever is lawer, for their 1920 inventory. The hasis properly adopted for that year on any subsequent vear is controlling and a change can now be made oinly after permission is secured from the Commissioner. Application for permission to change the basis of valuing inven-
tories shall be made in writing and filed with the Commissioner within 90 days after the beginning of the taxable year in which it is desired to make the change Indicate opposite the invenwhether the inventorics are valued at (C) cost, or ( C or M1) cost whether the inventorics are valued at (C) cost, or (C or M) cost or marhct, whichever is lower. See section 22 (d), with reference taxpayer as of the close of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1938.
Depreciation, efc.-See Geaersl Instruction L with respect to requireprents in case any deduction is claimed for depreciation, obsolescence, or depletion.
Bad debis. - Bad debts may be deducted either (i) when they become wholly or partially worthless, or (2) by a reasonable addition to a reserve. (No change of method without permission of Commissioner.)
Installment sales.-If the installment method is used, nttach to the retura a schedule showing separately for the ycars 1939, 1940, 1941, and 1942 the following: (a) Gross sales; (b) cost of goods sold; (e) grass profits; (d) percentage of profits to gross sales; (e) amount collected; and (f) gross profit on amount col-
fected. (See section 44.)
Limitatians on wages and salaries.-Except as stated below, if acy increase or decrease in salary or wages is made after October 3, 1912, without the prior approval of the National War Labor Board or the Commissioner of Internal Revenuse, no amount of such salary or wages paid or accrued in contravention of the Price Control Act of 1942, to aid in preventing inflation, and Price Control Act of 1942 , to aid in preventing infation, and for. other purposes, or regulations, riniges, or orders promulhowever may be made without the priorapproval of the Nation War Labor Board or the Conmissioner of Internal Tseyenue if it is made in accordance with the terms of an established pacic or salary agrecment or established wage or salary rate schedule covering the work assigntnents and it is made as a result of indicovering the work assigntnents and it is made as a resut of indi-
vidual promotions or reclassifications, individual merit increases within established rate ranges, operation of an established plan of wage or salary increasea based upoo length of service, increased productivity under piece-work or incentive plaos, or operation of as apprentice or trainee system.
10. Other income. - If the estate or trust bad any taxable income, space for reporting which is not provided on page 1 , enter and explain its nature, using a separate sheet if necessary for that purpose.
11. Total income.-Enter and explain in Schedule H ali income, except interest, claimed as exempt, but do not include income, except interest, claimed as exempt, but do not inciude as part of item io. Exhould be entered in sichedule B.
12. Interest.-Entcr all interest paid or aecrued, otber than on husiness indebtedness (which should be deducted in computing income under item 7 or 9 ). Do not include interest ao indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry oblergations for 24 , 1917, and originally subscribed for by the taxpayer) the interest 1917, and originally subscribed is wholly exempt from taration. Any deductions upon wbich is wholly excmpt from taxation. Any deductions Schedule $G$ For limitations on deductions for uapnid erpenses Schedule $G$. For limitations on deduetions for uapsid expenses and interest, see section $24(\mathrm{c})$. Do not deduct amounts paid single premium life insurance or endowment contract. A consingle premium life insuracee or endowment contract. A contract shall be considcred a siagle premiam prentraet, if substantially all the premiums on such contract are paid within a period of 4 years from the date on which the contract is purchased.
13. Taxes.-Eater and explain in Schedule G taxes imposed upon the estate or trust and paid or accrued during the taxable year, not iacluding taxes on property used in the trade or business of the estate or trust and those assessed against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed. Do not include Fedcral imcome taxes, nor estate, mheritance, of the estate or trust as shareholder of a corporation which are paid by the corporation without reimbursement from the cstate or trust. No deduction is allowable for any portion of foicign income and profits taxes if a eredit is claimed in item 29.
14. Other deductions authorized by 1 sw. - Enter any other authorized deductions for which no space is provided on page 1 , including net operating loss deduction allowed by section 23(s). Every taxpayer claiming a deduction due to a net operating loss the statement required by section 19.122-1 of the regulations.

Do not deduct losses incurred in transactions which were neither connected with the trade or business of the estate or in Schedule G.

In case the estate or trust incurred expeases in connection
arith exempt income or awned any property the income from which is excmpt, see section $24(a)(5)$ and the regulations.

Item 14 should include losses of property not connected with the business or profession of the estate or trust sustained during the $y$ ear, if all or from theft and if not compensated fur by insirace or atherwise.
Explain and itemize losses clained in Schedule G, antting forth a description of the property, date sequired, cost, subsequent improvements, depreciation allowable since acquisition, insurance, savaze in itein 9) from property destroved ar seized in the course of military or naval operntiuns during the seize and of property lucated in cacmy countries or in areas which, come under the control of the eneny. Sce section 127 for ruleme under the control of the memy. and basis of property. Include non-trade or pon-business and expense incurred either (1) for the production or collection of expense meurred either (1) for the production or collection of
tavable income or (2) for the managcment, conservation or maintenance of property held for the production of taxable incume.
Enter also bad debts not claimed in item 9. State in Schedule G, (a) of what the debis consisted; (b) name and family relationship, if any, of the debtor; (c) when they were created; (d) when they became due (e) wiat ciforts were made to collect; and (f) how they were actunlly determined to be worthless.
See section 162 (c) regarding denial of double deductions for estate tax and income tax purposcs.
17. Amount distributable to henefriaries.-Enter the total amount distributable to benefisiaries as reflected in columns 2 $7 \mathrm{~h}, 8 \mathrm{~h}$, and 9 , Schedule A . Care should be taken in filling in Schedule A so as to include as benefciaries persons for whose bencbi amous a ill or deed creating the trush are during the the terms of ail $162(a)$ year if any part of thic jncome of the trust is tavable to $162(a)$. If any part of the jncome of the trust is tayabie to the grantor undrr section 166 or 157, it should not be reported and credits applicalile thereto should be shown in a separate and credits applicable thereto should be shown in a separste
statement to be altached to form 1041. As to the treatment of distriburions made within 65 days after the close of the taxable year, see section 162 (d)
20. Personal exemption.-An estate is alluwed, for both normal tav and surtax purposes, the personal exenptioo of $\$ 500$ allowed a single person under section 25 (b) (1), and a trust is allowed in lieu of the persisnal excmption under section $25(\mathrm{~b})(1)$, a credit of $\$ 100$ against net income.
22. Credit for interest, etc.- Enter the sum of fiducinry's share of (1) interest on Covernment obligations, etc. (less amortizable bond premium), and (2) dividends on share accounts in Federal saving and loan ascociations issued prior to Narch 28, 1942 (item $5(\mathrm{~b})$, page 1)
25. Surtax.-The following fable shows the surtas due for the taxable year upon certaio specified amounts of surtax net income.

## SURTAX Table

| If the surtax oet lacome is: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Oret S2, minnuituto | , plus 16 sotec |
| Over stammul n | Su. plus 20 |
| Over stinex bul |  |
|  |  |
| Over sizi,xo kut rot | S2, ¢00, plus 30\% |
| Over \$14,109 but ont orer 516,000 | \$3,350, \%lus an |
| Over $\$ 16.00 \mathrm{l}$ but not |  |
| but oc | i0, phus tie of ererss over sis,000. |
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| cr skzum but Dut |  |
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| but |  |
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 28. Income tax paid at source. Enter the fiduciary's share of that portion of the 2 percent Federal income tax on bond
interest which was paid at the source by the debtor corporation.
29. Income and profits taxes paid to a foreign country or United States possession.-1f, in accordance with section 131 (a), a credit is ctaimed for income, war-profits, and exeres-profits taxes paid to a forcign country or a po-session of the United States, sormit Form for such payments. In case credit is sought for taxes accrued, the form must have attached to it a certified crpy of the return a bond on Form 1117 fur the payment of a:1y tax found due if the tax when paid differs from the cruclit claimed.


Page 2

## 1. Oblipations or securitien

(a) Obligations of a State, Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, or United States possessions_
(b) Obligations issued prior to March 1, 1941, under Federal Farm Loan Act, or under such Act as amended..
(c) Obligations of United States issued on or before Seplember I, 1917
(d) Treasury Notes issued prior to December 1, 1940, Treasury Bills and Tieasury Certificates of Indebtedness issued prior to March I, 1941
(e) United States Savings Boods and Treasury Bonds issued prior to March 1, 1941
(1) Obligations of instrumentalitiesof ithe Unied States (otber than obliga Lions to be repor ted in (b) above) issued prior to March 1 , 1941 (g) Dividends on share sccounts in Federal savings and loan associations in case of shares issued prior to March 28, 1942 (h) Totai of lines (e), (0), and (8), column 3 (enter as item 8 (a), page I).


Treasury Notes issued on or after December 1. 1940, and obligations issued on or afler March I, 1941, by the United Siales or any agency or instrumentality thereof (enter amount of interest as item 8 (b), page I) .---......................................
$\qquad$
 OR EXCHANGES OF PROPERTY OTHER THAN CAPITAL ASSETS.
(See Instruction 11)
Total net gain (or loss) (enter as item II, page I).

| 3. Grow rales price (contract price) | 4. Cort or other basis |  | 6. Depreciation allowed (or allowable) since sc Qưision or March (furnish dezals) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |

State the family, fiduclary, or business relationship to you, if any, of purchaser of any of the abooe llems:
If any of the abone items ucere acquited by you other than by purchase, explain fully haw aceutred:
Schedule C.--TAXES. (See Instruction 19)

|  | Schedule C.--TAXES. (See lnstruction 19) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Totai (erter as item 19, page 1) | Nature |

Schedule D.--BAD DEBTS. (See Instruction 21)


NOTE-Check whether deduction claimed represents worthless debts charged off $\square$. or is an addition to a reserve $\square$.
Schedule E.-DEPRECIATION. (See Instruction 22 (a))


Schedule F.--EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTIONS CLAIMED IN ITEMS 18 AND 24

| 1. Irem Na | 2 Explanatioa | 3. Amount |  | 2 Explanation (continuct) | ${ }_{\text {3. Amount }}^{\text {3 }}$ (continued) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$... |  |  | \$-..- |
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Schedule G.-NONTAXABLE INCOME OTHER THAN INTEREST REPORTED IN SCHEDULE A. (See Instruction 14)
1, Source of income

Schedule H.-GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF CAPITAL ASSETS. (See Instructiona 27-28)

| 1. Kind of property (if neceaary attich thternent of debelow) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { 2. Date } \\ \text { acaured } \\ \text { Mo. Dav Yeat } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3. Date } \\ & \text { Mo. Dode } \\ & \text { Mcar } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4. Grous oulay } \\ & \text { price (contlatict } \\ & \text { price) } \end{aligned}$ | 5. Cont or other |  |  | 8. Gain of loss column 7 minu the sum of colunna 5 and 6) | Csin or loses to be thken into account |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 9 . \operatorname{Per-} \\ \left.\begin{array}{c} \text { Perne } \\ \text { ase } \end{array} \right\rvert\, \end{gathered}$ | 10. Amount |

SHORT-TERM CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES-ASSETS HELD NOT MORE THAN 6 MONTHS

|  |  |  | \$.......... | -...\|s | \$...-.-.-- | ....\| | \$.........- | \|...| | \$-..-.-.-.- | \|-..-| | \$..... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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Total net short-term capital gain or loss (enter in line 1, column 2, of summary below)


Slote the family. fiduciary, or business relallonship to you, if any, of purchaser of any of the above ilems:
If eny of the abooe iltems were acquired by you other thon by purchase, exploin fully how acquired;
Schedule 1.-CONTRIBUTIONS OR GIFTS PAID. (See Instruction 29)


Schedule J.-PARTNERS' SHARES OF INCOME AND CREDITS. (See Instruction 29)
Page 4


## QUESTIONS

I. Date of organization
2. Nature of organization (partnership, syndicate, pool, joint venture, etc.)
3. Was a return filed for preceding year? $\qquad$ If so, to which collector's office was it sent?
4. Check whether this return was prepared on the cash $\square$ or accrual $\square$ basis.
5. State whether inventories at the beginning and end of the taxable year were valued at (a) cost, or (b) cost or market, whichever is lower
If any other basis is used, attach statement describing basis fully, state why used and the date inventory was last reconciled with stock
6. Did the organization at any time after October 3, 1942, and before the end of its taxable year have in its employ more than eight individuals? (Answer "Yes" or "No")

If answer is "Yes," has the organization in this return taken a deduction for any amount of wages or salaries representing an increase or decrease in rate after October 3, 1942? (Answer "Yes" or "No")

If answer to second question is "Yes," attach a statement explaining all such increases or decreases. If any of such increases or decreases required the prior approval of the National War Labor Board or the Comissioner of lotemal Revenue as stated in instruction 15, attach also a copy of the authorization for each of such increases or decreases.
7. Did the erganization at any time during the taxable year own directly or indirectly any stock of a foreign corporation or a personal holding company, as defined in section 501 of the Iaternal Revenue Code? (Answer "Yes" or "No")
If answer is "Yes," attach schedule required by Instruction I.
8. Was return of information on Forms $10 \%$ and 1099 filed for the calendar year 1942? (See Instruction H)

## AFFIDAVIT (See Instruction D)

I/we swear (or affirm) that this return (including any accompanying schedules and statements) has been examined by me/us. and to the best of my/our knowledge and belief is a true, correct, and complete return, made in good faith, for the accounting period stated, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations issued under authority thereof.

Name of firm or Employer, if ary)
Subscribed and sworn to before me this
$\qquad$
(Address of partner or member)
Subscribed and sworn to before me this
$\qquad$ 194...


It will be helpful to read General Instructions A to 1 before commencing to fill in returns, and to read Specific Instructions in connection with filling in the items to which they refer.

The term "partnership" as used hcrein includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or other unincorporated organization, through or by means of which any business, financial operation, or vent ure is carried on, and which is not, within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code, a trust or estate or a corporation; and the term "partner" as used herein includes a member in auch a eyndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or organization.

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. Who must use Form 1065.-Every domestir partnership (including syndicates, groups, pools, joint ventures, ete.) and every foreiga partnership, syndicate, pool, etc., doing business within the United States shall make a return of income on Form 1065. If the return is fled on hehalf of a syndicate, pool, joint venture, or similar group, a copy of the operating agreement should be attached to the return, unless a copy has beeo previously filed, together with all amendments thereto.
B. Period to be covered by return.-The return shall be filed for the calendar year 1942 or fiscal year beginning in 1942 and endiag in 1943. A fiseal year must end on the last day of a calendar month other than December.
The established accounting period must be adhered to for all years, unless permission is received from the Commissioner to make a change. An application for a change in the accounting period shall be made on Form 112 S and forwarded to the collector prior to the expiration of 30 days from the close of the proposed taxable vear.
C. When and where the return must be filed.-The return must be filed with the collector of internal revenue for the disfrict in which the partnership has its princips! office or principal place of business on or before the 15 th day of the third month following the close of the taxable year of the partnership.
The return for a foreign partnership shall be filed on or bcfore the 15 th day of the sixth month following the close of the taxable year, and if such foreign partnership does not have any principal place of burn siall be filed with the Collector of Internal Reveone, the return siall be filed with the Collector of Internal Reveane, Baltimore, Md.
D. Affisvits.- The return shall be sworn to by any one of the psrtners. If receivers, trustees in bankruptcy, or assignees are receivers, trustees, or assignees shall extecute the return under oath.

Where the return is actually prepared by some person or persons other than a member or employee of the partnership, such person or persons must execute the affidavit at the foot of page 4 of the return.

The asth or affirmation will be administered withont charga by any collector, deputy collector, or internal revenue agent. If an internal revenue officer is not available, the retirn should be sworn to before a person authorized to administer oaths for general purposes by the law of the United States or of any State, Territory, or possession of the United States, or of the District of cept an attorncy or agent employed to represent the taxpayer before the Dcpartment in connection with his tax liability.
E. Penalties.-For villful failure to moke and file return on fime. - Not more than $\$ 10,000$ or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, together with the costs of prosecution.
For willfully ottempting to evade or defeat payment of the tax. Not more than $\$ 10,000$ or imprisonment for not more than five years, or both, together with the eosts of prosecution.
F. Basis of return.-If the books of account of the partnership are kept on the accrual bacis, report all income acerued, even though it has not been actually received or entered on the hooks, and expenses incurred instead of expenses paid. If the hooks are kept on the cash receipts and disbursements basia, or if the part nership kept no books, make the return on the cash' basis and report all income received or constructively received, such as bank interest credited to the partnership's aecount and coupon bond interest matured, and report expenses actually paid.
G. Items exempt from tax.-As to items of income excmpt from tax other than those listed below, see section 22 (b).
(1) Interest on Governmental obligations:
(a) Entirely excmpt.-The interest on (l) obligationg of a Stata, Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Colvmbia, or United States possessions; (2) obligations issued prior to March 1, 1941, under Federal Farm Loan Act, or under such Act as armended; (3) obligations of the United States issued on or before Scptember 1, 1917, and (4) Treasury notes issued prior to December 1,19.10, Treasury biils and Treasury certificates of indehtedness issued prior to March 1, 1941, postal Eavings accounts to the extent that they represent deposits msda prior to March 1, 1941, adjusted service bonds, and certain other obligations of the United States.
(b) Portially erempl.-The interest on (1) United States aavings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to March 1, 1941, owned in excess of $\$ 5,000$ and (2) obligations of certain instrumeatalities of the United States issued prior to March 1, 1941. is subject only to surtax.
(2) Proceeds of insurance policies.-The proceeds of life insurance polieies, paid by reason of the death of the insured, are exempt. If any part of the proceeds is held by the insurer under ra agreement to pay interest, the interest is taxable. Amounts by reason of the death by reasob of the death of the insured, are not taxable natil the sideration paid for the policy. (See Specific Instruction 13 as to sideration paid for the
taxation of anduities,
(3) Federal sovings and loon associations.-Dividends on share sccounts in Federal savings and loan associations in case of shares issued prior to March 28,1942 , are subject only to surtax.
(4) Income from improvements by lessee. Income, other thav rent, derived by a lessor of real property upon the termination of a lease, representing the value of such property attributable to a lease, representing the value of such property attributsble
H. Information at source. - Every person makiog payments of salaries, wages, interest, rents, commissions, or other nxed or of salaries, wages, interest, reats, commissions, or other axed or 1942 , to ao iodividual, s partnership, or a fiduciary, is required to make a return on Forms 1096 and 1099 showing the amount of auch payments and the name and address of each recipieot, except that a return need not be made for payments of salaries or other compensation for personal services aggregatiog less than $\$ 1,200$ made to a married individual.

These forms will be furnished by any collector of internal reveane upon request and must be forwarded to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Returas Distribution Section, Washington, D. C., in time to be received not later than February 15, 1943. I. Stock owned in foreign corporations and personal holding companies.-If at any time during the taxable year the partoership owned directly or indirectly any stock of a foreign corporation (including a foreign personal holding company, as defined in section 331, in which the partnership owned less than 5 percent in valua of the outstanding stack of such company) or a personal holding company, as defined in section 501 , attach to the retura a atatement setting forth the name and address of each such company and the total number of shares of each class of outstanding stock owned by the partnership during the taxable year. If the partnership owned stock at any time during the taxabla year in a foreign personal holding company, as defined in section 331, the partnership must inelude in the return as a dividend the amount required to be included in gross income by section 337. If the partnership owned 5 percent or more in value of the outstanding stock of such foreign personal holding company, zet forth in an attached statement in complete detail the informan tion required by section 337 (d).

## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

## The, following inseructions are numbered to correspond with item numbers on the first page of the return.

1. Gross receipts from husiness or profession.-Enter the gross reccipts from soles or services, less any discounts or allow ances irom sale price or service charge.
2. Cost of goeds sold.-If the production, manufacture, purchase, or sale of merchandise is an ineome-producing factor the trace or business, inventories of merchandise on hand should vo taken at the beginning and ead of the tasable year, which may be valued at (a) cost, or (b) cost or market, whichever is lower. Taxpayers were given an option to adopt the for their 1920 inventorics. The besis properly adopted for thet, or their 1920 inventorics. The basis properly adopted for thet year, or any subsequent year, is controlling, and a change can now be made only after permission is secured from the Comnissioner. Applicalion for permission to change the basis of Commissioner within 90 dess after the beginning of the tarahle conr in wich it is desired year in which it is desired to effect a change. Enter the letters the inventorices are valued at either cost, arnoumt column, if hhichever is lower and explain fully ios or cost or market, Rhichever is lower, and explain fully in
on page 4 of the return the method used.
See the regulations with respect to inventories by dealers in securities.
If the partnership elects to use the inventory method provided in section 22 (d), there should be filed an election on Form 970 . Installment sales.- If the installment method is used, attach 1940 , return a schedule showing separately for the years 1939, goods sold; (c) gross profits; (d) percentave of profits cost of goods sold; (c) gross profits; (d) percentage of profits to gross collected. (See section 44.)
Farmer's income schedule.- If the partoership operntes a farm and keeps no books of account or kceps books on a cash basis obtain from the collector and attarh tn the return, Form 1040F, Schedule of Farm Income and Expenses, and enter the net farm income as item 3 on page 1 of the return. If the farm books of account are kept on an accrual basis, the fling of Form 1040 F is optional.
A partnership electing to include in gross incona amounts received during the year as loans from the Commodity Credit Corporation should file-with its return a statement showing the details of such loans. (Sce section 123.)
3. Income (or loss) from other partnerships, syndicates, pools, etc.- Enter the partaership's share of the protits (whether reeeived or not) or of the losses of another partncrship, except the partnership'a distributive share of another partnership's capital gains or losses, which should be reported in Sichedule H and included in item 27 or 28 . The partnership's share of iuterest on obligntions of the United States, etc., owned by another partnership or an estate or trust should be included in Schedule A. If the taxable year on the basis of which the partnership's return is filed does not coincide with the annual accounting period of the other partnership, include in the return the distributive share of the net pronts (or losses) for the accon the which the period of such
4. Interest on corporation bonds, elc.-Enter interest on bonds, debentures, notes, or certifieates or other evidences of indebtedness, issued by any corporation, with interest coupons or in registered form. Do not include interest on any such obligations held by the partnership primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or business. Such interest should be entered in item 5 . (See instruction 8 for deduction of amortization of bond premium.)
5. Interest on tax-free covenant bonds.-Enter interest on bonds upon which a Fcderal income tax nas paid at the source by the debtor corporation, if an ownership certificate on Form 1000 was filed with the interest coupons. The tax of 2 percent paid at the source on such interest should be allocated to the partners in column 11, Schedule J.
6. Interest on Government obligations, elc.-Enter in Schedule A the principal amount owned and interest received. The proportionate share of each partner's intcrest and dividends from obligations described in lines (e), (f), and (g), Schedule A, should be considered with his individual holdings for the purpose of ascertaining his tar liability with respect to auch income. An individual partner is entitled for the purpose of the normal tax to a credit against his net income of his proportionate share of such amounts (not in excess of the net acome of the partnership) of interest (less amortizable bond premium) as are received by the partnership from obligations described in lines (e) and (f), Schedule A.

Scetion 23 (v) provides for the deduction of amortizable bond premium by the owner of the bond. The term "bond" mean any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence o iadebtedness, issued by any corporation and bearing interest (including any lise obligation issued by a government or politica subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registercd form, but does not include any such obligation which constitutes slock in trade of the partnership or any such obligation of a kind which would properly be included in the inventory if on band at the close of the taxable yeur, or any such obligation held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or busi Dess. The amount of the deduction, computed under section 125, should be cotered in the appropriate spaces in items 6,7 and 8 and deducted from the amount of interest received or acurued.

Amortization of bond premium is mandatory with respect to fully lax-exempt. bonds (the interest on whieh is oot subject to incume tax). In the case of fully tazable bonds (the interest on which is subject to the normal tax and the surtax) and partially tax-exempt bonds (the interest oo which is subject only to surtax), the amortization of bond preminm is elective as to either one or as to both. Such election shall be made by the partnership by taking a deduction for the hoad premium ou the return for the first tarable year to which the election is to be applicable. Attach a statement showing the computation of the deduction.
The clection shall apply to all bonds with respect to which it was made owned by the partnership at the beginaing of the firs taxable year to which the elcetion applies and also to all bonds of ruch class (or classes) thereafter acquired, and shall be bioding for all subsequent taxable years, unless upon application by the oartner hip, the Commissiocer permits the partoership to revoke the election.
In the case of a fully tax-exempt bond, the amnrtizable pre mium for the tavable year is an adjustmeat to the hasis of adjusted basis of the hond but no deduetion is allowable on account of such amortizable premium. In the case of a fuily faxable bond, the amortizable preminm is both an adjustment to the basis or adjustad basis of the bond and also a deduction. In the case of a partially tax-exempt bond, the amortizable premium for the taxahle year is used for three purposes: (1) as an adjustment to the basis or adjusted basis; (2) as a deduction; and (3) as a reduction to the credit for the interest on the bonds.
9. Pents.-Enter the gross amount received or accrued for the rent of property. Any deductions clained for repairs, interest, taxes, and depreciation should be included in items 17, 18, 19, and 20, respectively.

If property or crops were received in lieu of eash rent, report the inicome as though the rent had been recelved in cash. Crops reccived as reat on a erop-share basis should be reported as income for the year in which disposed of, unless the return reflects income accrued
10. Royalties.-Enter tbe gross amount received or aecrued as royalties. If a deduction is clainued on account of depletion it should be included in item 23 . (See sections $23(\mathrm{~m})$ and 114.) 11. Net gain (or loss) irorn sale or exchange ol property otber than capital assets.- Report sales or exchanges of such property in Schedule B, and enter the gain or loss showa in columa lnstruction 27-28.)
12. Dividends.- Enter the total of all taxable dividends received from domestic and foreign corporations. Enter in Schedule G all dividends received which are claimed to be nontaxable, and enter on line (g), Schedule A, dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations in case of share accounts issucd prior to March 28, 1942; dividends on share aecounts issued on or after that date should be ineluded in item 12.
13. Other income.-If the partnersbip had any taxable income, space for reporting which is not provided elsewhere on page 1 , enter it as item 13 , and explain its nature, using a separate shect if necessary for that purpose. Include taxable income from annuities and insurance proceeds. Amounts received as an annuity under an annuity or endowment contract shall be included in gross income to the extent of 3 percent of the aggregate premiums or consideration paid for such annuity. I the aggregate of the amounts received and excluded from gross income in years previous to the taxable year equals the aggregate preminms or consideration paid for such annuity, the entire amount received must be included in gross income. (Section 22 (b) (2).)
14. Total Income.-Enter and explain in Schedula $G$ all income claimed as exempt (except interest which should be ex
plained in Schedule A), but do not include as part of item 14. 15. Salaries and wages.- Enter all salaries and wagea not for partners, which shall not be claimed as a deduction in this item or elsewhere on the return.
Limitations on wages and salaries.-Except as stated below if any increase or decrease in salary or wages is made after October 3, 1942, without the prior approval of the National October 3, 1942, without the prior approval of the National
War Labor Board or the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, no amount of such salary or wages paid or accrued in contravention of the Act of October 2, 1942, ematitled "An Act to amend the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, to aid in wreventing inflation, and for other purposes," or regulations, rulings, or orders promulgated thereunder, is allowable as a deduction. , Any increase, however, may be made without the prior approval of the National War Labor Board or the Commissioner of Internal Revenue if it is made in accordance with the terms of an established wage or calary agrecment or established wage or salary rate schedule covering the work assignments and it is made as a result. of individual promotions or reclassifications, individual merit increases within established rate ranges, operation of an established plan of wage or salary increases based upon length of service, increased productivity under picce-work or incentive plans, or operation of an apprentice or trainee system.
16. Rent.-Enter rent on business property in which the partnership has no equity. Do not include rent for a dwelling oceupied by any partner for residential purposes.
17. Repairs.-Enter the cost of incidental repairs, including labor, supplies, and other items, which do not add to the value or appreciably prolong the life of the property. Expenditures for new buildings, machinery, equipment, or for permanent improvements or betterments which increase the value of the property are chargeable to capital account. Expenditures for restoring or replacing property are not deductible, as such expenditures depending on bow depreciation is charged on the books of the depending on
18. Interest on Indebtedness.-Eater interest on business indebtedncss to others. Do not include intorest oo capital invested in tho business by any partner, nor interest on indebtedpess incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligations (other than obligations of the United States issucd after September 24, 1917, and originally subscribed for by the partnership) the interest upon which is wholly exempt from taxation. (Sce also General Instruction $F$ with reference to deductions for accrued interest and expenses.) (Forlimitations on deductions for unpaid expenses and interest, see section 24 (c).) Do not deduct amounts paid or accrued on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase a single premium life insurance or endowment contract. A contract shall be considered a single premium fife insurance or endowment contract, if substantially all the premiums on such contract are paid within a period of 4 years from the date on which the contract is purchased.
19. Taxes.-Enter taxes on business property or for carrying on business. Do not include texes assessed against local benefits tending to increase the value of the property assessed, as for paving, etc.; Federal income taxes, nor estate, inheritance, egacy, succession, and gift taxes, nor taxes entered in column 12, Schedule J. Do not include taxes imposed on the interest of the partnership as stockholder of a corporation which are paid by the corporation without reimburscment from the partuership. List in Schedule $\mathbf{C}$ each class of taxes deducted
, 20. Losses hy fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, or theft.-Enter losses sustained during the year, if arising by fire, storm, shipwrock, or other casualty, or from theft, and not compensated for by insurance or otherwisc. (See section 23 (e).)
Attach a schedule setting forth a description of the property, date acquired, cost, subsequent improvements, depreciation ailowable since acquisition, insurance, salvage value, and deductible loss.
21. Bad debts.-Bad debts may be deducted either (1) wheo they become wholly or partially worthless, or (2) by a reasonable addition to a reserve. (No change of method without permission of the Commissioner.)
22. (a) Depreciation.-A reasonable allowance for the exhaustion, wenr and tear, and obsolescence of (1) property used in the trade or business or (2) property beld for production of incorme may be deducted. If the property was acquired by purchase on or after March 1, 1913, the amount of depreciation replacement cost) of the property and the probable bumber of years remaining of its expected was purchased prior to ferch 1913 the ariount of property tion will be determined in the same manmer except that it will be computed on its original cost less depreciation sustained prior to March 1, 1913 , its fair market value as of that date whichever ls greater. The capital sum to be recovered should be charged
off ratably over the useful life of the property. Whatever plan or method of apportionment is adopted must be reasonable and must have due regard to operating conditions during the taxable year and should be described in the return. Stocks, bonds, and like securities are not subject to depreciation within the meanin of the law.
If a deduction is claimed on account of depreciation, fill in Schedule E. In case obsolescence is included, state separately amount claimed and basis upon which it is computed. Land values or cost must not be included in this schedule, and where land and buildings were purchased for a lump sum, the cost of the building subject to depreciation must be established. The adjusted property accounts and the accumulated depreciation shown in the schedule should be reconciled with those accounts as reflected on the books of the partnership. (See sections 23 (1) and 114.)
(b) Amortization of emergency facilities.-Partnerships, provided an election is made as prescribed in section 124 (b), are entitled to a deduction with respect to the amortization of the adjusted basis (for determining gain) of an equergency faciity based on a period of sixty months. A statement of the pertinent facts shauld be filed with the partnership's election to taks amortization deduction with respect to such facility. (See scetion 124 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations issued thereunder.)
23. Depletion of mines, oil and gas wells, timber, etc,-If a deduction is elaimed on account of depletion, procure from. the collector Form D (minerals), Form E (coal), Form F (miscellaneous nonmetals), Form O (oil and gas), or Form T (timber) fill in and fle with return. If complete valuation data have been fled with questionnaire in previous years, then file with return information necessary to bring depletion schedule up to date, setting forth in full, statement of all transactions bearing on deductions from or additions to value of physical assets during the taxable year with explanation of how depletion deduction fo the taxable year has been determined. (See sections 23 (m) and 114.)
24. Other deductlons authorized by Iaw,-Enter any other authorized deductions for which no space is provided elsewhere on the first page of the return. Do not deduct losses incurred in transactions which wors neither connected with the trade or husiness nor entered into for pront. No deduction the alowabion for the amount of any item or part thereof allocable to a class of exempt to such exempt income to directly atred is directly attributable both to proportion circumstances in each ase, shall be allocated to cach. Apportionments must in all eases be rensonable. A partnership receiving any exempt income, other than intercst, or folding any property or eneaging in any activity the income from which is exempt shall submit with its return as a part thereof an itemnized starement, in detail, showing (1) the amount of each class of starement, in detail, showing (1) the amount of each class of exempt income, and (2) the amount of expense such class (the amount allocated by apportionment being chown separately). Deductions for charitable centributions ars not allowable to the partnership. (Sce Specific Instruction 29.) Include also losses from property destroyed or scized in the course of military or naval operations during the war, and of property located in enemy countries or in areas which come nuder the control of the cnemy. (See section 127 for rules as to treatment of losses from war, taxation of property recovered, and basis of property.)
27-28. Net ahort-term and net long-term capital gains and losses.-Report sales or exchanges of capital assets in Schedul $H$, and enter the net short-term capital gain or loss as item 27 and the net long-term capital gain or loss as itern 28.

Capital assele" defined.-The tcrm "capital asscts" means property held by the taxpayer (whether or not conaected with his trade or business), but not stock in trade or other property of a klud which would properly be included in his inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or property held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary cours of his trade or business, or property used in the trade or busidess of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation provided ju section 23 ( l , or an obligation of the United states or any of its possessions, or of a State or Territory, or any political subdised without interest at a fixed maturity date not oxceeding one yes withour in the trade or from the date of issue,
business of the taxpayer.

A capital gain dividend, as defined In section 362 (relating to tax on regulated investment companies) shall be treated by tha shareholder as gains from the gale or exchanga of capital assets held for moro than 6 months.

For special treatment of gains and losses from involuntary onversion, and from sale or exchange of certain property used in the trade or business, see section 117 (j).

Description of property.-State following facta: (a) For real estate, location and description of land and improvements; (b) for bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, मamee of issuing corporation, particular issue, denomia (c) for stocks, name of corporation, class includine nomber oi shares, and capital changes affccting basis (including noatarnble distributions).

Basls.- In determining GAIN in case of property aequired before March 1, 1913, use the cost or the fnir market valuc as of March 1, 1913, adjusted as provided in section 113 (b), whichcver is greater, but in determining LOSS use cost ao adjusted. If the property was acquired after February
Losses on securities becoming worthless.-If (1) abares of Losses on securities becoming worthless.-If (1) abares of stock become worthiess during the year or (2) corporste worthless during the year, and are capital assets, the loss therefrom siall㲘 of the last day of such taxable year.

Classification of capital gains and losses.-The pbrasc "ahortterm" applies to gains and losses from the sale or exchange of arital astets held for 6 months or less; the phrase "long-term" to capital assets held for more than 6 months.
Limitation on capital losses.-Losses from sales or exchanges of capital asseta shall be allowed only to the extent of the gaina from such sales or exchanges, plus the net income (computed without regard to capital gains and losses) or $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smaller. However, the amount of the net short-term capital loss of the last taxable year beginning in 1941 (computed without regard to emounts treated as short-term capital lossea from the preceding taxable year), which is not in excesa of tbe net income for such year, shall, to the extent of the net short-term capital gain for the succeeding taxable year, be a short-term capital losa of such succeeding taxabie year

Wash sales" losses.-Loss from sale or other disposition of stock or securities cannot be deducted unless sustained in con nection with the taxpayer's trade or business, if, within 30 day before or after the date of sale or ot ber disposition, the taxpayer has acquired (by purchase or by an exchange upon which the entire amount of gain or loss was recoguized by law), or ha entered ioto a coutract or option to acquire, substantially identical stock or securities.

Losses in transactions between certain persons.- No deduction shall be allowed in respect of losses from sales or exchanges of properv, directly or indirectly
. Between members of a family, which is defined for the purpose of this paragraph to include only the tarpayer's brothers and sisters (whether by the whole or balf blood), spouse, ancestors, and lineal descendants;
B. Except in the case of distributions in liquidation, be$t$ ween an individual and a corporation more than 50 percent in value of the outatanding stock of whic
C. Between s grantor and a fiduclary of any trust; or
D. Between a fiduciary of a trust and a beneficiary of ouch trust.
For the purposes of determining ownership of stock in applying this paragraph, see section 24 (b) (2)
29. Partaers' shares of income and credits.-Enter the namea and addresses of the partoers on lioes (a), (b), (c), etc., in column 1, Schedule J, and extend in the proper columns eact partner's share of income, whether distributed or not, and credits. chedule $J$ should show complete information with respect保 ime of any partner was not devoted to the business, the percentage of time devoted to the business must be shown in Schedule J. Althoush the partnership is not subject to income ax the members thereof are liable for income tax in their individual capacity and are taxable upon their distributive shares of the income of the partnership, whether distributed or not. and each is required to include his proportionate share in his individual return. Each partner ahould be advised by the partnership of his proportionate share of the income and credits as shown in Schedule J of the partnership return, as well as his share of eny dividends included in item 8 (a) (see Specific Instruction 12).

Earned income.-Enter in column 8, Schedule J, the proper part of each partner's or member'a distributive share of the partnership's net income which consists of earned income. Such part cannot exceed a reasonable allowance as compensation for persunal services actusly rendered by the partner in connection with the partnership's business. In the case of a partnership which is engaged in a trade or business in which capital is a material income-producing factor and in the trade or
business of which the partner renders personal services which are material to the earning of the partnership's income, the earned income the partier fom the partnersl pis a reas alledered by him but not in ercese of 20 percent of bi achare renc ber the net profits of the partnership (computed
Example: A partnership composed of A, B, and C is engaged in the retail men's clothing business. Each partncr is entitled to one-third of the net profits, after deduction of ao-called to one-third of the net proats, sfter deduction of so-called and is paid a salary of $\$ 10,000$. B devotes half of his time to the business and is paid a salary of $\$ 5,000$. C devotes none of his time to the buainess and receives no salary. The net profita of the partnership for the tizable rear computed without de duction for so-called salaries to members, are $\$ 24,000$. The earned income of the partners from the partnership is 0 follows Although A received a salary of $\$ 10,000$ and B a salary of $\$ 5,000$ eince the Arenership is engaged in \& business in which capital is a material income-producing factor, the earned income of each from the partnership is limited to 20 percent of his share of the net profits. A's ahare of the net profita is $\$ 13,000$ ( $\$ 10,000$ net profits. A' ghare of the net pronts is
 salariest A's earned income from the partnership is limited Since B's ahare of the net profits is $\$ 8,000(\$ 5,000+\$ 3,000), 20$ percent thereof, or $\$ 1,600$, is $B^{\prime}$ 's earned income from the partpercent thereor, or C has no earned income from the partaership, eince he renders no peraonal servicea in connection with the partnership business.
Charitable contribulions.-No deduction for charitable contributiens is allowable in computing the net income of a partnership, but each partner sball be considered as baving made payment, within his taxable year, of his distributive portion of any contribution or gift of the character described in section 23 (o), payment of which was made by the partnership within its taxable year. Enter in Schedule 1 contributions or girts payment of which was made within the taxable year to or for the use of: (a) The United States, any State, Territory, or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, or any passession of the United States, for exclusively public purposes; (b) a corporation, trust, or community chest, fund, or foundstion, created or organized in the United states or in any possession thereof or under the law of the United States or of any State or Territory or of any possession of the United States, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or ayimals, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private sharehoider or individual, and no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting, to influeoce legislation; (c) the special fund for vocational rehabilitation authorized by section 12 of the World War Veterana' Act, 1924; (d) posts or organizationa of war veterans, or nuxiliary units or societies of any such posts or organizations, if such posts, organizations, units, or societies are organized in the United States or any of its possessiona, and if no part of their net earninga inures to the benefit of any private sbarebolder or individual; or (e) a domestic fraternal society, order, or association, operating under the lodge system, but only if such contributions or gifts are to be used exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, hetrarv, cr edacational purposea, or for the prevention of cruelty to chiluren or animals. Aulocate each partne

Credit for tazes. - If interest was received on tax-free covensant. bonds in connection with which an ownership certificate on Form 1000 was filcd the Federal income tax of 2 percent paid et the ource on such intereat should be allocated to the partners in column 11, Schedule J
f income and profits taxes paid to a foreign country or a possession of the United States are entered in column 12, Schedule J, submit Form 1116 with the partaership retura with a receipt ior each 12 includes foreign taxes accrued but not paid, sttach to the forma a certified copy of the return on which the taxes were based. The Commissioner may require the partners or members to give a bond on Form 1117 for the payment of any additionel tax found due if the foreign tax when paid differs from the amount claimed.

Net operating loss deduction.-Tbe benefit of the deduction for net opersting losses provided by section 23 (s) ahall not be allowed to a partnership. In computing bis own net operating loss or his own net income for any taxable year for the purposea of the computations required by section 122, however, each partner shall take into account the income and losses of the parinership in accordance with sections 182 erecion 19.189-1 of the regulations.)

## I N D E X


#### Abstract

(Subjects pertain to returns of individuals and/or fiduciaries except where indicated "Estate tax returns" or "Gift tax returns")




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## STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1942

## PART 2

COMPILED FROM CORPORATION INCOME AND DECLARED VALUE EXCESS-PROFITS TAX RETURNS, CORPORATION EXCESS PROFITS TAX RETURNS, AND PERSONAL HOLDING COMPANY RETURNS

UNITED STATES TREASURY DEPARTMENT bureau of internal revenue - washington, d.c.

## U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT

## STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1942

## PART 2

COMPILED FROM CORPORATION INCOME AND DECLARED VALUE EXCESS-PROFITS TAX RETURNS, CORPORATION EXCESS PROFITS TAX RETURNS, AND PERSONAL HOLDING COMPANY RETURNS

PREPARED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE BY THE

STATISTICAL DIVISION


UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE WASHINGTON : 1947
U. S. SUPERINIENDENT OF DOCURENTS

APR 161947

## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

## Treasury Department, Office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., Janaiary 27, 1947.

SIR: In accordance with the provisions of section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, requiring the publication annually of statistics with respect to the operation of the Federal income, warprofits, and excess profits tax laws, I have the honor to transmit herewith a report entitled "Statistics of Income for 1942, Part 2." presenting data relative to income, deductions, assets, liabilities, exemptions, credits, tax liability, and dividends paid, as reported on corporation income and declared value excess-profits tax returns, corporation excess profits tax returns, and personal holding company returns for 1942 filed during 1943. There is also included a historical presentation of the income and of the tax liability reported by corporations for the years 1909 through 1942, and a synopsis of corporation income and profits tax credits, rates, and other provisions of the Federal tax laws affecting the comparability of historical data in this report.

Respectfully,
JGSEph D. Nunan, Jr., Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Hon. JOHN W. SNyder, Secretary of the Treasury.

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## STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1942-PART 2

## CORPORATION INCOME AND DECLARED VALUE EXCESS-PROFITS TAX RETURNS, CORPORATION EXCESS PROFITS TAX RETURNS, AND PERSONAL HOLDING COMPANY RETURNS

## INTRODUCTION

This report, presenting data for 1942 tabulated from corporation income and declared value excess-profits tax returns, Form 1120; life insurance company income tax returns, Form 1120L; mutual insurance company income tax returns, Form 1120M; corporation excess profits tax returns, Form 1121; and personal holding company returns, Form 1120 H , is prepared in accordance with section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, which provides for the publication annually of statistics with respect to the operation of the income, war-profits, and excess profits tax laws.

The amounts reported as income, deductions, assets, liabilities, exemptions, credits, Federal tax liability, and dividends paid are shown in aggregate and for various classifications of corporations and of income. Facsimiles of the return forms from which the data are tabulated and to which references are made throughout this volume are also shown.

Historical data pertaining to income and profits tax returns for 1909 through 1942 are presented, with a résumé of the information available for 1926-1942 in the Source Book, a volume of data supplementary to the published reports, Statistics of Income. There is also a synopsis of corporation income and profits tax credits, rates, and other provisions of the Federal tax laws affecting the comparability of historical data in this report.

Certain of the more significant data for 1942 contained herein were made public previously in a preliminary report issued as of February 16, 1945, and in a series of press releases dated December 31, 1944, and August 24, 27, and 30, 1945.

## CORPORATION INCOME AND DECLARED VALUE EXCESS.PROFITS TAX RETURNS (FORMS 1120, 1120L, AND 1120M)

The number of corporation income and declared value excessprofits tax returns for 1942 is 479,677 , of which 269,942 show net income of $\$ 24,052,357,501$, while 172,723 show deficit of $\$ 1,000$,746,361 and 37,012 have no income data (inactive corporations).

The income tax liability reported on these returns is \$4,337,727,815 and the declared value excess-profits tax is $\$ 66,854,462$, while an excess profits tax liability of $\$ 7,851,813,849$, after credits, is reported on 54,002 corporation excess profits tax returns for
the same period. Thus, the total amount of corporation income and excess profits taxes is $\$ 12,256,396,126$, representing an increase of 71 percent as compared with the total for 1941. The amounts of income tax and excess profits tax liability do not take into account any credit claimed for income and profits taxes paid to a foreign country or United States possession.

A comparison of the 1942 returns with the 1941 returns is provided in the following summary :

Corporation income and declared value excess-profits tax returns, 1942 and 1941: Summary data
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.
Allowance of the net operating loss deduction reduced the net income for declared value excess-profits tax computation by $\$ 378,113,851$ on 46,008 returns filed for 1942 as compared with $\$ 330,029,537$ on 50,894 returns filed for 1941 . See note 28 , page 43.

## RETURNS INCLUDED

The data presented in this section are from returns for the calendar year ending December 31, 1942, a fiscal year ending within the period July 1942 through June 1943, and a part year with the greater portion of the accounting period in 1942.

The data are tabulated from corporation income and declared value excess-profits tax returns, Form 1120; life insurance company income tax returns, Form 1120L; and mutual insurance company income tax returns, Form 1120M. Included for this purpose in addition to returns filed by domestic corporations are the returns filed by foreign corporations engaged in business within the United States. The excess profits tax liability reported on corporation excess profits tax returns, Form 1121, is included where indicated. The statistics are compiled from the returns as filed, prior to revisions that may be made as a result of audit by the Bureau of Internal Revenue and prior to changes which may result from carry-backs, from relief granted under section 722 , or from the renegotiation of war contracts, after the returns
were filed. Changes resulting from the renegotiation of war contracts are recorded as settlements are reached, however, and the effect of renegotiation settlements reached to December 31, 1945, with respect to the tax year 1942 are shown in special tables on pages 25-41.
'I'nere are excluded from this report data pertaining to amended returns, tentative returns, and the returns of nonresident foreign corporations (those not engaged in trade or business within the United States and not having an office or place of business therein, who file on Form 1120NB).

## CHANGES IN LAW AFFECTING CORPORATION RETURNS (FORMS 1120, 1120L, AND 1120M)

The comparability of the figures tabulated from the 1942 returns with those from the 1941 returns is affected by the changes in law introduced by the Revenue Act of 1942. The most significant changes are as follows:
(1) ' ' 'here is a substantial increase in the surtax rates for 1942 over 1941, as shown below:

| Size of surtax net income |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1942 rate | 1941 rate |

Domestic corporations deriving income principally from trade or business in foreign countries within the Western Hemisphere are exempt from surtax.
(2) The normal tax rates are changed slightly with respect to incomes over $\$ 25,000$ but not over $\$ 50,000$. The 1942 rate applicable within these limits is $\$ 4,250$ plus 31 percent of the amount in excess of $\$ 25,000$, whereas for 1941 the rate on incomes over $\$ 25,000$ but not over $\$ 38,461.54$ was $\$ 4,250$ plus 37 percent of the amount in excess of $\$ 25,000$, and the rate on incomes over $\$ 38,461.54$ was 24 percent of the entire normal-tax net income. The complete normal tax rate schedule for 1942 is shown below:

## Size of normal-tax net income

1942 rate
Not over $\$ 5,000$
15 percent of the normal-tax net income.
Over $\$ 5,000$, not over $\$ 20,000$.
$\$ 750$, plus 17 percent of the amount in excess of $\$ 5,000$.
Over $\$ 20,000$, not over $\$ 25,000$
$\$ 3,300$, plus 19 percent of the amount in excess of $\$ 20,000$.
Over $\$ 25,000$, not over $\$ 50,000$.
$\$ 4,250$, plus 31 percent of the amount in excess of $\$ 25,000$.
Over $\$ 50,000$ -
24 percent of the normal-tax net income.
Foreign corporations engaged in business within the United States are subject to a flat 24 percent tax on their normal-tax net income.
(3) The privilege of filing a consolidated return for normal tax and surtax is extended to all affiliated corporations with tax-
able years beginning after December 31, 1941. The surtax rate in the case of a consolidated return for 1942 are 2 percentag points higher than those otherwise applicable. For the previou taxable year only railroad corporations and Pan-American trad corporations were permitted to file consolidated returns for in come tax purposes.
(4) Provision is made for the deduction of the income subjec to excess profits tax for the taxable year in computing normal-ta net income and surtax net income, whereas, for 1941, the exces profits tax was allowed as a deduction.
(5) Public utilities, other than railroads, are allowed a credi against surtax net income for dividends paid on certain preferres stock during taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941.
(6) The definition of capital assets was changed for 1942 ts exclude land used in the business, making it a non-capital asse for the purpose of determining gain or loss from the sale or ex change of capital assets.

For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, "short term" applies to gains or losses on the sale or exchange of capita assets held six months or less; "long-term" applies to gains ol losses on capital assets held over six months. For 1941, the perio of time was 18 months or less for short-term and over 18 months for long-term.

Beginning 1942, gains and losses from (a) sale or exchange of depreciable property and real property, used in the trade or busi ness and held for more than six months, and from (b) involuntary conversion of such property and of capital assets held for mort than six months are treated as long-term capital gains and losses if the gains exceed the losses. If the losses exceed the gains, the net loss is deductible as an ordinary loss.

Short-term capital losses, for 1942, are allowed against shortterm or long-term capital gains, while in 1941 the short-term capital losses were allowed only against the short-term capital gains.

Long-term capital losses, for 1942, are allowed solely against short-term or long-term capital gains, while for 1941 the excess of long-term capital losses over capital gains (long-term and shortterm) could be applied against other income as well.

An alternative method is prescribed for computing normal tax and surtax for corporations with net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss. This method, in effect, limits the tax on the excess of net long-tern gain over net short-term loss to 25 percent. For the previous taxable year net long-term gain was taxed at the regular normal tax and surtax rates. The returns on which the tax is computed under the alternative method are summarized in basic table 7, part II, pages 294-295.
(7) Corporations with 1942 fiscal years ending after June 30 are required to compute two tentative taxes, one under the 1941 Act, the other under the 1942 Act, and prorate each on the basis of the number of days before July 1, 1942, and after June 30, 1942, respectively. The prorated portions of the two tentative taxes are then combined to determine the actual liability. Previously the net income for the entire year was taxed under the law applicable to the calendar year in which the fiscal year began.
(8) While life insurance companies retain investment income as the tax base, the computation of their net income is substantially revised by the Revenue Act of 1942 in order to reduce the reserve earnings deduction to correspond more closely with the amount actually needed to maintain reserves, and to eliminate the possibility of tax-exempt interest being deducted twice-once as tax-exempt interest and a second time to the extent that taxexempt interest was represented in the reserve earnings deduction. Provision is made for a "reserve and other policy liability credit" equal to a flat percentage of investment income less taxexempt interest. This credit, which is deducted after arriving at net income takes the place of the deductions for reserve earnings, deferred dividends, and interest paid, which formerly were allowed in computing net income. For 1942 the credit rate is 93 percent and for normal tax purposes the aggregate amount of credit is $\$ 812,080,485$, reported only on returns with net income.

As a conseauence of this change, the net income (less the deficit) renorted on life insurance company returns for 1942 is automatically increased over the amount for 1941 by more than one billion dollars and there is a considerable increase in the proportion of such returns showing a net income.

In the case of a life insurance company deriving a portion of its income from contracts other than life insurance, annuities, or non-cancelable health and accident insurance, the Revenue Act of 1942 provides for an adiustment of the tax base to include interest received on the non-life insurance reserves. This adjustment, which amounts to $\$ 4.343,433$ for 1942 , is an offset to the reserve and other policy liability credit and accordingly appears only amnng returns with net income.
(9) Section 101(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, which grants exemption to certain mutual insurance companies other than life, is revised in such a manner as to limit the exemption to mutual insurance companies, other than life or marine, having gross receints from interest. dividends, rents, and premiums of not more than $\$ 75,000$. Mutual insurance companies other than life or marine not granted an exempt status are taxed under a new method which provides in general that the tax shall be the larger of (1) a tax on the net investment income at regular corporate normal tax and surtax rates. or (2) a special tax of 1 percent on the gross amount received from interest, dividends, rents, and net premiums-minus dividends to policyholders and wholly tax-exempt interest.

## CLASSIFICATIONS, TEXT TABLES, AND DESCRIPTION OF BASIC TABLES

Data are shown for the 479,677 corporation returns in aggregate, and segregated by one or more of the following classifications: Active and inactive corporations; returns with net income and returns with no net income; States and Territories; industrial divisions and groups; returns with balance sheets and returns with no balance sheets; total assets classes; type of tax liability; net income and deficit classes. There are also separate tabulations for consolidated returns, fiscal year returns, and part year returns, all of which are included in the tabulations pertaining to Form 1120 throughout this report.

The classifications are described in the following paragraphs, which also enumerate the items tabulated for returns in each classification:

Active and inactive corporations.-Returns for active corporations show income data; those for inactive corporations show no data. The returns for inactive corporations are filed in accordance with the regulation that a corporation having an existence during any portion of a taxable year is required to make a return. Even though a corporation has surrendered its charter, it is deemed to continue in existence until its dissolution is authorized by the State in which it was created.

The data presented in this report are tabulated from the 442,665 returns of active corporations, except as indicated in the following paragraph pertaining to the number of returns.

The 37,012 returns of inactive corporations for 1942 are segregated by the nine industrial divisions in the text table on page 9 , which shows also the percent of inactive corporations to the total. The returns of inactive corporations are also included in the total number of returns, segregated by States and Territories, in basic table 1, pages $78-79$; in the total number, by major and minor industrial groups in basic table 2, pages $80-91$; and in the total number of returns with no net income in basic table 7 , pages 292-295. The total number of fiscal year returns in the first text table on page 20 includes 3,665 fiscal year returns of inactive corporations.

For the number of returns of inactive corporations for prior years, see note 2, page 352 .

Returns with net income and returns with no net income.-This classification is based on the existence or nonexistence of an amount of net income for the current year. Net income, as reported for declared value excess-profits tax computation, is adjusted by excluding the net operating loss deduction. Returns with total deductions (exclusive of net operating loss deduction) equal to or exceeding total income are included in returns with no net income.

The returns of active corporations for 1942 are segregated by returns with net income and returns with no net income for all tabulations in this report except those on pages 12 and 324-329. Of the 422,665 returns of active corporations, 269,942 are returns with net income, and 172,723 are returns with no net income.

States and Territories.-This geographic distribution covers the 48 States, the District of Columbia, and the Territories of Alaska and Hawaii.

The data, although tabulated by States and Territories in which the returns are filed, do not represent what may be called the geographic distribution of income. Returns filed in a State may not be a complete coverage of all corporations whose principal place of business is located therein. Conversely, a tabulation for a given State may include data from returns of corporations having their principal place of business in another State. A corporation may file an income tax return either in the collection district in which it has its principal place of business or in the collection district in which it has its principal office or agency. There is no way of ascertaining from income tax returns the amount of in-
come originating in a specific State or the amount of tax paid thereon.

The 479,677 returns of active and inactive corporations are segregated geographically in basic table 1, pages 78-79. This table presents, for the 269,942 returns with net income and the 172,723 returns with no net income, total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock. There are also shown, for returns with net income, total tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, and income subject to excess profits tax. The number of returns of inactive corporations filed in any State or Territory may be obtained by deducting the sum of the returns with net income and the returns with no net income from the total number of returns.

A description of the items will be found in the footnotes as indicated on table 1. The comparability of data distributed geographically is discussed on page 61, and historical data so distributed are presented on pages 340-350.

Industrial divisions and groups.-The industrial classification consists of 9 divisions, 74 major groups, and 233 minor groups, based on the Standard Industrial Classification, issued by the Division of Statistical Standards, Bureau of the Budget, Executive Office of the President. Since the Standard Industrial Classification is designed on an establishment basis, it was necessary to reduce greatly the number of groups and to make changes in the contents of the groups in order to adapt the Standard Classification to the corporation income tax returns which are filed on an ownership basis.

The industrial classification is based on the business activity reported on the return. When multiple businesses are reported on a return, the classification is determined by the business activity which accounts for the largest percentage of total receipts. Therefore, the industrial groups do not reflect pure industry classifications.

The principal change in the industrial classification for 1942 as compared with 1941 is that there are five additional minor groups within the major group "Iron, steel, and products." The added minor groups as well as the minor and major groups in which they were included in 1941 are as follows:

| 1942 |  | 1941 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Added minor groups | Major groups, in which included | Minor groups, in which included | Major groups, in which included |
| Firearms, guns, howitzers, mortars, and related equipment. <br> Ammunition $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Iron, steel, } \\ \text { and prod, } \\ \text { ucts. } \end{gathered}$ | Other iron, steel, and products ...- Other chemical products........... | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Iron, steel, } \\ & \text { and prod: } \\ & \text { ucts. } \\ & \text { Chemicals and } \end{aligned}$ |
| Tanks. | ..do | Automobiles and trucks (including bodies and industrial trailers) and military vehicles. | Auts. and equip. meptelec |
| Sighting and fire-control equipment (except optical). <br> Ordnance and accessories, not elsewhere classified. | do do | Other manufacturing $\qquad$ Blast furnaces and rolling mills... | Other manu facturing. Iron, steel, an products. |

The only change, in addition to the above, is the transfer of mutual marine insurance carriers to the minor group "Other insurance carriers" from the minor group "Mutual insurance, except life."

In the following table, the 479,677 returns are classified by the nine industrial divisions, as are also the 269,942 returns with net income, the 172,723 returns with no net income, and the 37,012 returns of inactive corporations. The number of returns is shown for each division. For returns with net income, there are shown the number of returns, percent of division total, total compiled receipts, net income, total tax, income tax, declared value excessprofits tax, excess profits tax, and income subject to excess profits tax; for returns with no net income, the number, percent of division total, total compiled receipts, and deficit; and for inactive corporations, the number and percent of division total.

The items are described in footnotes as indicated on the table.

Returns of inactive
corporations

|  |
| :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { あ } \\ & \text { 苜 } \\ & \text { 学 } \end{aligned}$ |

N



The 442,665 returns of active corporations are further segre gated by maior industrial groups in basic table 3, which shows, is Part I for all returns, in Part II for returns with net income, an in Part III for returns with no net income, itemized receipts an deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit dividends paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's owl stock. and dividends paid in the corporation's own stock. Ther are also shown, for returns in Parts I and II, the net operatins loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, anc compiled net profit less total tax.

Basic table 4 presents returns with balance sheets by maio industrial groups and shows for the 249,668 returns with net in come and the 133,866 returns with no net income the number 0 returns, items of assets and liabilities as of December 31, 1942 or close of fiscal year nearest thereto, itemized receipts and deduc tions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, divi dends paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's owr stock, and dividends paid in the corporation's own stock. Ther are also shown, for returns with net income, the net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax. In analyzing the data compileo from returns classified under the major group "Insurance carriers agents, etc.," it should be noted that life insurance companies are required to include only interest, dividends, and rents in gross income. For further information pertaining to life insurance companies, see (8) on page 5 of this report. It should be noted alsc that the deduction item "compensation of officers," in basic tables 3 and 4, excludes the amounts paid to officers of life insurance companies which file on Form 1120L. There is no provision on Form 1120L for reporting this item, and it is not possible to ascertain it from the annual statement submitted with the return.

Basic table 6 presents returns with balance sheets, by total assets classes, in aggregate, and by major industrial groups, and shows for the 249,668 returns with net income and the 133,866 returns with no net income the number of returns, selected items of assets, liabilities, and receipts, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than corporation's own stock. For returns with net income, the total tax is also shown.

The only table showing the returns segregated by minor industrial groups is basic table 2, which presents all returns by both major and minor industrial groups, and shows, for the 269,942 returns with net income and the 172,723 returns of active corporations with no net income, the number of returns, total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock. There are also shown, for returns with net income, total tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, and income subject to excess profits tax. The total number of returns includes those of inactive corporations, which number may be obtained by deduct-
ing from the total number of returns the sum of the returns with net income and the returns with no net income.

The items are described in footnotes as indicated on each table. Historical data by industrial groups are shown on pages 334-339, and the comparability of those data is discussed on pages 61-62.

Returns with balance sheets and returns with no balance sheets.-Returns with balance sheets include only those with apparently complete balance sheet data; returns with no balance sheets include those on which the balance sheet data are entirely lacking and those with fragmentary data.

In the following table there are shown, for the 442,665 returns of active corporations in aggregate, and for the 383,534 returns with balance sheets, and the 59,131 returns with no balance sheets, items of receipts and deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, compiled net profit less total tax, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock, and dividends paid in the corporation's own stock.

## The items are described in footnotes as indicated on the table.

Corporation returns, 1942 , in aggregate, and for returns with balance sheets and returns with no balance sheets: Number of returns, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, compiled net profit less total tax, and dividends paid by type of dividend
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  | Aggregate | Returns with balance shcets | Returns with 110 balance sheets |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Number of returns ${ }^{8}$ | 442, 665 | 383, 534 | 59, 131 | 1 |
| 2 | Receipts: | 173, 374,658 | 170,677, 141 | 2,697,517 | 2 |
| 3 | Qross receipts from operations ${ }^{1}$ | 35,282, 266 | 34,304, 035 | 978, 231 | 3 |
|  | Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Wholly taxable ${ }^{11}$--.-.-.------------------------ | 229, 754 | 227, 636 | 2,118 | 4 |
| 5 | Subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax. ${ }^{12}$ | 357, 654 | 352, 498 | 5,156 | 5 |
| 6 |  | 38, 947 | 38, 626 | 321 | 6 |
| 7 | Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{14}$.- | 298, 098 | 295, 160 | 2,939 | 7 |
| 8 | Other interest......-. | 2, 475, 360 | 2, 443, 227 | 32, 133 | 8 |
| 9 | Rents and royalties ${ }^{15}$ | 2, 277, 712 | 2, 176, 173 | 101, 539 | 9 |
| 10 | Net capital gain ${ }^{16}$ | 179,343 | 170, 252 | 9, 091 | 10 |
| 11 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{17}$ | 130,962 | 121,969 | 8, 993 | 11 |
| 12 | Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{18}$ - | 1, 344, 433 | 1,308, 905 | 35,52S | 12 |
| 13 | Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{19}$ | 156,451 | 155, 467 | 984 | 13 |
| 14 |  | 1,534, 875 | $1,505,891$ | 28,984 | 14 |
| 15 | Total compiled receip | 217, 680, 512 | 213, 776, 978 | 3, 903, 534 | 15 |
|  | Deductions: |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{21}$ | 130,303, 124 | 128, 175, 239 | 2, 127, 885 | 16 |
| 17 | Cost of operations ${ }^{21}$ | 18, 808, 619 | 18, 420, 954 | 387, 665 | 17 |
| 18 | Compensation of officers ${ }^{22}$ | 3, 630, 842 | 3, 575, 473 | 115,368 | 18 |
| 19 | Rent paid on business prope | 2, 219, 199 | 2, 168,389 | 50, 810 | 19 |
| 20 | Repairs ${ }^{23}$-- | 1,942. 494 | 1,912,846 | 29,649 | 20 |
| 21 | Bad debts | 544, 105 | 524, 686 | 19,419 | 21 |
| 22 | Interest paid | 2, 459, 436 | 2,396, 845 | 62, 591 | 22 |
| 23 | Taxes paid ${ }^{24}$ | 5, 194, 233 | 5, 093, 569 | 100, 664 | 23 |
| 24 | Contributions or gifts | 98, 296 | 96, 810 | 1,486 | 24 |
| 25 | Depreciation. | 3,914,000 | 3, 831, 584 | 82, 416 | 25 |
| 26 | Depletion...- | 578, 537 | 559, 974 | 18, 563 | 26 |
| 27 | Amortization ${ }^{26}$ | 410, 827 | 407, 733 | 3,094 | 27 |
| 28 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets | 486, 464 | 406, 475 | 79,989 | 28 |
| 29 | Other deductions ${ }^{27}$... | 23, 641, 678 | 22, 926, 802 | 714,876 | 29 |
| 30 | Total compiled deduc | 194, 291, 856 | 190, 497, 380 | 3, 794, 475 | 30 |
| 31 | Compiled net profit or net loss (-) (15 less 30) | 23,388, 656 | 23, 279, 597 | 109, 059 | 31 |
| 32 | Net income or deficit (-) ${ }^{1}$ [31 less ( $\left.\left.6+7\right)\right]$. | 23, 051, 611 | 22, 945, 812 | 105, 799 | 32 |
| 33 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{28}$----- | 378, 114 | 369, 876 | 8, 238 | 33 |
| 34 | Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{7}$ | 10,302, 756 | 10.217, 564 | 85, 191 | 34 |
| 35 | Income tax ${ }^{2}$ | 4,337, 728 | 4,285, 566 | 52, 161 | 35 |
| 36 | Declared value excess-profits tax | 66, 854 | 65, 774 | 1,080 | 36 |
| 37 | Excess profits tax ${ }^{4}$ | 7,851, 814 | 7, 786, 886 | 64,928 | 37 |
| 38 | Total tax | 12, 256, 396 | 12, 138, 227 | 118,170 | 38 |
| 39 | Compiled net profit less total tax (31 less 38) ...-........ | 11, 132, 260 | 11, 141, 371 | ${ }^{29}-9,111$ | 39 |
| . 10 | Dividends paid: <br> Cash and assets other than own stock | 5,607, 085 | $5,511,813$ | 95, 273 | 40 |
| 41 | Corporation's own stock .-.-.--- | 5, 72, 717 | 5, 68, 708 | 4,009 | 41 |

F'or footnotes, see pp. 42-41.
The preceding tabulation is one of three in this report in which the data are not shown separately for returns with net income and for returns with no net income. However, this separation is made in the presentation of receipts and deductions for the 383,534 returns of corporations reporting balance sheet data, by major industrial groups in basic table 4, pages 128-161, and by total assets classes in basic table 5, pages 194-199.

The total number of returns, and the number and percent with balance sheets, for returns with net income and for returns with no net income, are shown by net income and deficit classes in the following table:

Corporation returns, 1942, with net income and with no net income, by net income or deficit classcs: Number of returns, number of balance sheets, and percent of returns uith balance sheets


For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.

For the 383,534 returns with balance sheets, in aggregate, and for the 249,668 returns with net income and the 133,866 returns with no net income, there are presented in the following table the items of assets and liabilities as of December 31, 1942, or the close of the fiscal year nearest thereto.

The items are described in footnotes as indicated on the table.

Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, in aggregate, and for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.
The returns with balance sheets are further classified by major industrial groups in basic table 4, pages 128-161, which shows, in addition to items of assets and liabilities, the number of returns, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excessprofits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, compiled net profit less total tax, dividends paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock, and dividends paid in the corporation's own stock, for returns with net income and for returns with no net income, where applicable.

The items are described in footnotes as indicated on each table.
Total assets classes.-The returns with balance sheets are segregated into 10 classes by size of total assets as of December 31, 1942 , or close of fiscal year nearest thereto. The total assets classes are based on the net amount of total assets, after reserves for depreciation, depletion, amortization, and bad debts.

The 383,534 returns with balance sheets are presented by total assets classes in the following table, which shows, in aggregate,
and for the 249,668 returns with net income and the 133,866 returns with no net income, the total assets, total compiled receipts, compiled net profit or net loss, and net income or deficit.

The items are described in footnotes as indicated on the table.
Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, in aggregate, and for E. returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total assets, total compiled receipts, compiled net profit or net loss, and net income or deficit
[Total assets classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Total assets classes ${ }^{35}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } 30 \end{aligned}$ | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{33}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss (一) | Net income or deficit $(-)^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AGGREGATE |  |  |  |  |
| Under 50 | 196, 642 | 3,753,087 | 9, 460, 957 | 131, 847 | 131, 601 |
| 50 under 100 | 58, 338 | 4, 164, 002 | 7,771,622 | 270, 237 | 270, 021 |
| 100 under 250 | 57,365 | 9, 066,946 | 14.807, 566 | 729,091 | 728, 137 |
| 250 under 500 | 27,300 | 9,611, 243 | 13, 647, 114 | 893, 434 | 890, 339 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 18, 109 | 12, 714,998 | 14,785, 273 | 1,184,604 | 1,176,518 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 19,582 | 40, 789. 951 | 35, 137, 964 | 3, 590, 317 | 3, 549, 842 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 2,905 | 20, 257, 594 | 14, 552, 410 | 1,765,847 | 1, 747, 157 |
| 10,000 under 50.000 | 2,467 | 50, 148, 433 | 32,680, 726 | 4, 472,495 | 4, 431, 592 |
| 50,000 under 100,000 | 371 | 25, 622,859 | 13,665,037 | 1,760,150 | 1,739,257 |
| 100,000 and over. | 455 | 183, 888, 502 | 57, 268, 310 | 8, 481, 576 | 8, 281,349 |
| Total. | 383, 534 | 360, 017, 614 | 213, 776, 978 | 23, 279, 597 | 22, 945,812 |
|  | RETURNS WITH NET INCOME ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Under 50 | 107, 275 | 2,330, 669 | 6. 963,468 | 291,492 | 291, 320 |
| 50 under 100 | 41, 183 | 2, 952, 221 | 6, 744, 367 | 331, 615 | 331, 443 |
| 100 under 250 | 43, 529 | 6,912,652 | 13, 577, 655 | 811,467 | 810, 707 |
| 250 under 500 | 21,810 | 7. 681.210 | 12, 895, 677 | 956, 185 | 953, 907 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 14,698 | 10, 330, 327 | 14,056, 233 | 1, 249,700 | 1, 243, 914 |
| 1,000 under 5.000 | 15,936 | 33, 202, 458 | 33, 868, 681 | 3, 720,903 | 3, 693, 067 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 2, 393 | 16, 715, 805 | 14, 168, 213 | 1,877, 374 | 1,861, 364 |
| 10,000 under 50,000 | 2,088 | 43, 065,605 | 32, 034, 564 | 4, 552, 485 | 4, 520,776 |
| 50,000 under 100,000 | 336 | 23, 119, 739 | 13, 409,050 | 1,776, 401 | 1, 758, 114 |
| 100,000 and over | 420 | 175, 113, 557 | 55, 483, 044 | 8, 505,585 | 8,317,540 |
| Total | 249, 668 | 321, 424, 242 | 203, 200, 952 | 24,073, 206 | 23,785, 152 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME ${ }^{1}$


| 89,367 | $1,422,418$ | $2,497,489$ | $-159,645$ | $-159,720$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 17,155 | $1,211,781$ | $1,02,255$ | $-61,377$ | $-61,423$ |
| 13,836 | $2,154,294$ | $1,22,910$ | $-82,376$ | $-82,570$ |
| 5,490 | $1,930,033$ | 751,437 | $-62,751$ | $-63,568$ |
| 3,411 | $2,384,671$ | 729,039 | $-65,096$ | $-67,396$ |
| 3,646 | $7,587,493$ | $1,269,283$ | $-130,586$ | $-143,225$ |
| 512 | $3,541,789$ | 384,197 | $-11,527$ | $-117,207$ |
| 379 | $7,082,828$ | 646,163 | $-79,990$ | $-89,184$ |
| 35 | $2,503,120$ | 255,986 | $-16,251$ | $-18,857$ |
| 35 | $8,774,945$ | $1,785,266$ | $-24,009$ | $-36,191$ |
| 133,866 | $38,593,372$ | $10,576,026$ | $-793,609$ | $-839,341$ |

For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.
The returns with balance sheets are segregated by total assets classes in basic table 5, pages $194-199$, which shows, in Part I for all returns, in Part II for returns with net income, and in Part III for returns with no net income, the number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, dividends paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock, and in the corporation's own stock; also for returns in Parts I and II
there are shown the net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax.

Basic table 6 shows, for returns with balance sheets, by total assets classes, in aggregate, and by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and for returns with no net income where applicable, the number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, total tax, and dividends paid, excluding dividends paid in the corporation's own stock and liquidating dividends.

The items are described in footnotes as indicated on each table.
Type of tax liability.-The taxable returns are classified according to the corporations which report only income tax liability or both income tax and declared value excess-profits tax liability.

The data obtained by means of this classification are shown in basic table 7, pages 292-295, Part I of which deals with all returns and Part JI with returns showing tax computed under the alternative method. In Part I, for all returns with net income, there are shown. by net income classes, the number of returns. net income, income subject to excess profits tax, total tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, and excess profits tax (the last item havino been tabulated from the corresponding cornoration excess nrofits tax returns) ; for taxable returns, classified by twne of liability reported for income and declared value excess-profits tax nurposes and by net income classes, there are shown number of returns, net income, income subiect to excess profits tax, income tax. and declared value excess-profits tax; for nontaxahle returns with net income. this table shows. by net income classes, the number of returns net income, and income subiert to excess profits tax; and for returns with no net income, by deficit classes, the number of returns and deficit. The total number of returns with no net income (in Part I) includes the returns of inactive cornorations. In Part II, for returns with alternative tax. classified by twe of liability reported for income and declared value excess-profits tax purnoses and by net income classes, there are shown number of returns. net income, income subject to excess profits tax. excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term canital loss. income tax (if alternative method had not been used), income tax (alternative), and declared value excess-profits tax.

The items are described in footnotes as indicated on the table.
Net income and deficit clas.ses.-The returns are segregated into 17 classes by size of the net income or deficit for the current year, based on the amount renorted for declared value excess-profits tax computation, adjusted by excluding the net operating loss deduction.

The following table presents data by net income and deficit classes for returns with net income and for returns with no net income. For returns with net income, there are shown the number of returns, net income, income subject to excess profits tax, total tax. income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, and excess profits tax. For returns with no net income, there are shown the number of returns and amount of deficit.

Corporation returns, 1942, by net income and deficit classes, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, declared valuc excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, and income subject to excess profits tax
[Net income and deficit classes and maney figures in thousands of dollars]

| Neti ncome and deficit classes ${ }^{1}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Net income ${ }^{1}$ | Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{7}$ |
| Under 1 | 70, 220 | 27, 628 | 121 |
| 1 under 2. | 30, 264 | 44, 107 | 241 |
| 2 under 3-- | 20, 113 | 49,734 | 299 |
|  | 15,482 | 53, 886 | 326 |
| 4 under 5 under 10 | 14, 016 | 63, 230 | 425 |
| 5 under 10 under 15 | 35, 424 | 253, 671 | 7,838 |
| 10 under 15 - 15 ander 20. | 17,163 | 210, 610 | 19,909 |
| 15 under 20. | 10, 523 | 182, 621 | 27, 771 |
| 20 under 25. | 7,455 | 167,082 | 32, 005 |
| 25 under 50 | 17, 465 | 615,433 | 173,621 |
| 50 under 100 | 12,040 | 850, 463 | 319,518 |
| 100 under 250 | 9, 828 | 1,539,033 | 689,098 |
| 250 under 500 | 4,398 | 1, 537, 039 | 778, 319 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 2,518 | 1,765, 208 | 893, 800 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 2,362 | 4, 810, 679 | 2, 438,470 |
| 5,000 under 10,000. | 337 | 2, 388,346 | 1, 194, 252 |
| 10,000 and over-- | 334 | 9, 493, 589 | 3, 726,743 |
| Income tax on returns with no net income ${ }^{2}$. |  |  |  |
| Total. | 269, 942 | 24, 052, 358 | 10, 302, 756 |
| No income data (inactive corporations). |  |  |  |


| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{1}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{1}$-Continued |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Taxes |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Deficit ${ }^{\text {l }}$ |
|  | Total tax | $\operatorname{tax}^{2}$ | ```Declared \({ }^{\circ}\) value excess- profits tax \({ }^{3}\)``` | Excess profits tax ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| Under 1 | 5,485 | 5, 254 | 139 | 93 | 105, 757 | 29, 888 |
| 1 under 2 - | 9,234 | 8,782 | 266 | 186 | 21,948 | 31, 406 |
| 2 under 3 - | 10, 838 | 10,257 | 353 | 229 | 11, 107 | 27, 249 |
| 4 under 5- | 14,628 | 11, ${ }^{13} 776$ | 528 | 224 | 6,640 4,426 | 22, 1956 |
| 5 under 10 | 62,943 | 55, 152 | 1,851 | 5,941 | 10,445 | 73,044 |
| 10 under 15 | 60,580 | 43, 901 | 1,500 | 15,179 | 3,910 | 47, 666 |
| 15 under 20 - | 58,349 | 35,772 | 1,258 | 21,319 | 2,075 | 35, 743 |
| 20 under 25 - | 56, 972 | 31,462 | 1, 021 | 24, 489 | 1,328 | 29, 615 |
| 25 under 50 | 257, 879 | 121,302 | 3,776 | 132, 802 | 2, 711 | 94, 417 |
| 50 under 100 | 419,932 | 170,425 | 4,483 | 245, 024 | 1,277 | 88, 832 |
| 100 under 250 | 817,948 | 288, 158 | 7, 807 | 521,983 | 703 | 108, 203 |
| 250 under 500 | 852,624 | 261, 933 | 6, 153 | 584, 538 | 228 | 79, 462 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 975, 128 | 300,003 | 5, 710 | 669, 415 | 96 | 65, 805 |
| 1,000 under 5,000- | 2,674, 611 | 805, 561 | 12,485 | 1,856, 565 | 64 | 119,826 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 1,312,629 | 408,309 | 4,849 | 899,471 | 6 | 43,599 |
| 10,000 and over... | 4, 638, 616 | 1,766, 063 | 14, 269 | 2, 858, 283 | 2 | 83,237 |
| Income tax on returns with no net income ${ }^{2}$ | 229 | 229 |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 12, 256, 396 | 4,337, 728 | 66, 854 | 7,851, 814 | 172, 723 | 1,000, 746 |
| No income data (inactive curporations) $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  | 37,012 |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.

The text table on page 13 shows, by net income and deficit classes, the number of returns, number of balance sheets, and percent of returns with balance sheets, for returns with net income and for returns with no net income.

Fiscal year returns of corporations, by net income and deficit classes, are shown in the second text table on page 20.

The data in basic tables 7, 8, and 9 also are segregated by size of net income or deficit. Table 7, pages 292-295, shows number of returns, net income, and taxes by type of tax liability; table 8 , page 296, shows the total number of returns of active corporations with net income, and with no net income, the number of returns with dividends received, and amount of dividends from domestic corporations and from foreign corporations; also the total amount of interest received on Government obligations, the amount wholly taxable, the amount subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax, the amount subject to surtax only, and the amount wholly tax-exempt; table 9, page 297, shows the total number of returns of active corporations with net income and with no net income, the number of returns with dividends paid, and amount, by type of dividend, i.e., cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock, and the corporation's own stock.

Historical data by net income and deficit classes are shown on pages 322-323.

Consolidated returns.-A consolidated return is filed for a group of affiliated corporations and is based on the principle of levying the tax on the combined net income of two or more integrated concerns.

The privilege of filing a consolidated return for income tax purposes (Form 1120) is extended to affiliated domestic corporations in general for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, upon the condition that the affiliated group make also a consolidated excess profits tax return for the taxable year.

An affiliated group of corporations which may file a consolidated return for income tax purposes is defined by section 141 (d) of the Internal Revenue Code as "one or more chains of includible corporations connected through stock ownership with a common parent corporation which is an includible corporation if (1) stock possessing at least 95 percent of the voting power of all classes of stock and at least 95 percent of each class of the nonvoting stock of each of the includible corporations (except the common parent corporation) is owned directly by one or more of the other includible corporations; and (2) the common parent corporation owns directly stock possessing at least 95 percent of the voting power of all classes of stock and at least 95 percent of each class of the nonvoting stock of at least one of the other includible corporations."

For 1942 the number of consolidated returns for income tax purposes is 944 , of which 737 show net income amounting to $\$ 2,450,340,362$, while 205 show deficit of $\$ 65,663,519$, and 2 have no income data (inactive corporations). The number of consolidated returns filed is only 0.2 percent of all corporation returns. However, the net income reported in consolidated returns is 10.2 percent of the net income of all returns showing net income, and the income tax reported therein, amounting to $\$ 647,459,861$, is 14.9
percent of the income tax for all corporations. The following summary shows, by industrial divisions, the number of consolidated returns (Form 1120) and the number of subsidiaries included therein.

Data from the consolidated returns are shown in detail in table $4-\mathrm{A}$, pages $162-193$, and table $5-\mathrm{A}$, pages $200-205$. Table $4-\mathrm{A}$ includes all active consolidated returns, while table 5-A includes only the consolidated returns with balance sheets. The consolidated returns are included in the tabulations pertaining to Form 1120 throughout this report.

A synopsis of the Federal tax laws under which consolidated returns are filed for the years 1917 through 1942 appears on pages 375-381, and data from consolidated returns for 1928 through 1942 are shown on page 351 .

Consolidated corporation returns, 1942, by industrial divisions, showing number of consolidated returns and number of subsidiaries

| Industrial divisions ${ }^{5}$ | ```Number of con- solidated returns }\mp@subsup{}{}{39``` | Number of subsidiaries ${ }^{40}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All industrial divisions. | 944 | 5,596 |
| Mining and quarrying | 46 | 293 |
| Manufacturing-.-.--- | 304 | 1,515 |
| Public utilities | 176 | 1,604 |
| Trade_ | 149 | 474 |
| Service. | 64 | 403 |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real 1 | 167 | 1,204 |
| Construction - | 28 | 58 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishery | 7 | 40 |
| Nature of business not allocable. | 3 | 5 |

For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.
Fiscal year returns.-Fiscal year returns are filed by corporations with income year other than the calendar year. For 1942 there are 100,133 returns of corporations with fiscal years ending in the period July 1942 through June 1943. These returns, for which data are presented separately in the tables following, are included in the tabulations pertaining to Form 1120 throughout this report.

The first following table shows data for all fiscal year returns, by month in which fiscal year ended. The total number of fiscal year returns, 100,133 , includes 3,665 returns of inactive corporations. For the 65,522 fiscal year returns with net income, there are shown the amounts of net income, income tax, declared value ex-cess-profits tax, excess profits tax, and income subject to excess profits tax. For the 30,946 fiscal year returns of active corporations with no net income, the amount of deficit is shown.

The second following table presents data by net income and deficit classes, for the fiscal year returns filed by 96,468 active corporations. For the 65,522 returns with net income, there are shown the net income, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, and income subject to excess profits tax. For the 30,946 fiscal year returns of active corporations with no net income, the amount of deficit is shown.

Fiscal year returns of corporations, 1942, by month in which fiscal year ended, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit; and, for returns with net income: Income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, and income subject to excess profits tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Fiscal year ending- | Total number of returns ${ }^{41}$ | Returus with net income ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { Ner }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Net incorne 1 | Income <br> subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{7}$ | In. come tax ${ }^{3}$ | Declared value excessprofits tax ${ }^{3}$ | Excess profits tax ${ }^{4}$ | Num- | Deflcit ${ }^{1}$ |
| July 1942 | 7,413 | 4,450 | 269,519 | 90,707 | 53,813 | 596 | 69,864 | 2, 663 | 14,458 |
| August 19.12 | 8, 159 | 4,921 | 356, 763 | 178, 081 | 68, 149 | 109 | 110, 420 | 2,942 | 12,413 |
| September 194 | 9, 847 | 5,887 | 596,387 | 363, 326 | 101, 777 | 1,961 | 230, 776 | 3,585 | 22, 559 |
| October 1942 | 8,861 | 5,425 | 591, 491 | 296, 041 | 112, 666 | 686 | 196, 001 | 3, 072 | 17, 577 |
| November 1942 | 8,454 | 5,949 | 874, 187 | 579, 574 | 128, 449 | 3, 360 | 396, 542 | 2,224 | 28, 964 |
| January 1943 | 9,115 | 6, 748 | 576,369 | 270, 737 | 108, 447 | 2, 664 | 216, 631 | 2, 054 | 10, 530 |
| February 1943 | 6, 396 | 4,018 | 214, 681 | 84,384 | 39,845 | 707 | 66, 905 | 2, 094 | 9,318 |
| March 1943 | 8,909 | 5, 661 | 268, 839 | 128, 076 | 46, 923 | 1,275 | 98, 724 | 2,966 | 12,949 |
| April 1943 | 8, 274 | 5, 279 | 273, 580 | 153, 063 | 39,637 | 1,921 | 113,640 | 2,703 | 15, 397 |
| May 1943 | 7, 824 | 5,398 | 280,362 | 155, 895 | 40,675 | 4,106 | 120, 241 | 2, 190 | 9,258 |
| June 1943 | 16,881 | 11,786 | 784,241 | 405, 542 | 128,472 | 11,229 | 309,302 | 4,453 | 26,358 |
| Total | 100, 133 | 65, 522 | 5,086,420 | 2, 705, 426 | 868, 853 | 28,615 | 1,929,046 | 30,946 | 179,781 |

For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.
Fiscal year returns of corporations, 1942, by net income and deficit classes, for returns with net income and returns uith no net income: Number of returns, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with not income: Income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, and income subject to excess profits tax
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{1}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Returns with } \\ & \text { no net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nnm- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { re- } \\ \text { turns } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { income }{ }^{\text {2 }}}{ }$ | Income subject excess profits tax ${ }^{7}$ | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}^{2}}{\substack{\text { Income }}}$ | Declared excessprofits tax ${ }^{3}$ | Excess ${ }_{\text {tax }}{ }^{\text {profs }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { re- } \\ & \text { turns } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\text {Defi- }}^{\text {cit }}$ - |
| Under 1 | 13,413 | 5,603 | 13 | 993 | 17 |  | 17,175 | 5, 242 |
| 1 under 2 | 4,673 | -9, 11.579 | 40 <br> 36 <br> 8 | $\xrightarrow{2,275}$ | 65 <br> 87 <br> 88 | 302626 | 2,167 | 5,5,355,3555 |
| ${ }_{3} 2$ under |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 4 4 under ander 5 | 3,652 | 13,188 16.492 | ${ }_{73}$ | 3,488 |  | [53 $\begin{array}{r}53 \\ 1,555 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{1}, 920$ | 4,4161116,053 |
| 5 under 10 | ${ }^{4}, 496$ | 65, 66655,280 | S, ${ }_{5}^{2,034}$ | 13,10,10980 | ${ }_{361}^{441}$ |  | ${ }^{2} 283$ |  |
| 10 under 15 |  |  |  |  |  | l, 4 , 160 <br> 5,955 |  | 16,053 10,58 |
| 15 under 20 | 2, 231 | - 49,594 | 8, 8,943 |  | 3071,442 | - $\begin{array}{r}6,696 \\ 39.528 \\ \text { ar }\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 532 \\ & 602 \\ & 607 \end{aligned}$ | 7,4017, 156201 |
| 25 under 50 . |  | ${ }_{256,341}^{182,162}$ | 55, 396100,191 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 under 100 |  |  |  | 35,484 51,580 | 1, 1,827 | 39,528 71,545 | $\begin{gathered} 607 \\ 286 \end{gathered}$ | 21,156 19,888 |
| 100 under 250 |  | 462,279470,68253688 | - | 88, 002 | 3,5133,0563 | $\begin{array}{r}154,450 \\ 174,078 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 130 | 20,19113,866 |
| 250 under 500 | 1, 348 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 500 under 1,000 | $\begin{array}{r}767 \\ 661 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}536,878 \\ 1,340,265 \\ 1\end{array}$ | 2888,578 | 94, 332 | ¢, ${ }_{6}^{2,892}$ | - $\begin{aligned} & 202,775 \\ & 564,732\end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{21}^{40}$ | $\begin{array}{r}13,819 \\ \text { 14, } 19 \\ \text { 1, } 13 \\ 8,48 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 1,000 under 5,00 |  |  |  | 219, 858 |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 under 10 |  | 481, 838 | 304, 710 | 74, 658 |  | 93 |  |  |
| 10,000 and over | 47 | 1,083, 314 | 690, 268 | 168,301 | 5,283 | 491, 536 |  |  |
| Total | 65, 522 | 5,086, 420 | 2, 705, 426 | 868, 553 | 28,615 | 1, 929,046 | 30, 946 | 179,781 |
| No income data |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,665 |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.

Part year returns.-Part year returns of corporations are those filed for a period of less than 12 months, and represent reorganizations, newly organized businesses, liquidations, and changes from calendar year to fiscal year basis, or vice versa. The 19,105 part year returns for which data are shown in the following table are for corporations with the greater part of the income period in 1942. These returns are included in the tabulations pertaining to Form 1120 throughout this report, except in the tables for fiscal year returns on page 20.

## Part year returns of corporations, 1942


Returns with net income: ${ }^{1}$

| Number of re | 7,533 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Net income ${ }^{1}$ | \$140,538,106 |
| Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{7}$ | \$64,467,043 |
| Tax liability: |  |
| Income tax ${ }^{2}$ | \$23,656,206 |
| Declared value excess-profits tax ${ }^{3}$ | \$381 022 |
| Excess profits tax ${ }^{4}$ | \$47,768,365 |
| Total tax | \$71,805,593 |

Returns with no net income: ${ }^{1}$

Deficit ${ }^{1}$
\$69,636,884
For footnotes, see pp. $42-44$.

DATA TABULATED
The data presented in the tabulations of this report pertain to the number of returns and the amounts of receipts, deductions, net income, deficit, Federal tax liability, dividends paid, assets, and liabilities. As explained on page 2, the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returns are filed. The tabulated items are described in footnotes as indicated on each table.
Receipts and deductions, itemized and total, are shown in the text table on page 12 and in basic tables $3,4,4-\mathrm{A}, 5$, and $5-\mathrm{A}$, pages 92-205. The total amount of compiled receipts is shown in text tables on pages 9 and 15 , in basic tables 1 and 2, pages 78-91, and in basic table 6, pages 206-291.
Dividends received and interest reccived on Government obligations, in addition to being included in the text table on page 12, and in basic tables $3,4,4-\mathrm{A}, 5$, and $5-\mathrm{A}$, pages $92-205$, are presented separately in basic table 8, page 296.
Compiled net profit or net loss (which includes wholly tax-exempt interest on Government obligations) is shown in text tables on pages 12 and 15, and in basic tables 3 through 6, pages 92-291.

Net income or deficit appears in text tables on pages 2, 9, 12, 15, 17, 20, and 21, and in basic tables 1 through 7, pages 78-295.

Net operating loss deduction (due to net operating loss for the two preceding taxable years) is shown in the text table on page 12 , and in basic tables $3,4,4-\mathrm{A}, 5$, and $5-\mathrm{A}$, pages $92-205$.

Income subject to excess profits tax is shown in the text tables on pages $9,12,17,20$, and 21 , and in basic tables through $5-\mathrm{A}$, pages $78-205$, and basic table 7 , pages 292-295.

Income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, and excess profits tax are each shown separately in the text tables on pages $2,9,12$, 17, 20, and 21, and in basic tables 1 through $5-A$, pages $78-205$, and basic table 7, pages 292-295. ,

Total tux is shown in text tables on pages 2, 9, 12, and 17, and in basic tables 1 through 7, pages 78-295. The total income tax (normal tax plus surtax) tabulated includes the total amount of income tax before deduction of tax credit claimed for income and profits taxes paid to foreign countries or possessions of the United States. The amount of this credit is shown below.

Compiled riet profit less total tax is shown in the text table on page 12, and in basic tables $3,4,4-\mathrm{A}, 5$, and $5-\mathrm{A}$, pages $92-205$.

Dividends paid, in addition to being included in the text table on page 12, and in basic tables 1 through 6, pages 78-291, are presented separately in basic table 9 , page 297.

Assets and liabilities, itemized and total, are presented in the text table on page 14, and in basic tables 4, 4-A, 5, 5-A, and 6 , pages 128-291; total assets appear in the text table on page 15.
ltems similar to those enumerated above, for prior years, are shown on pages 320-351.

## INCOME AND PROFITS TAXES PAID TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES OR POSSESSIONS OF THE UNITED STATES

That portion of the income and profits taxes paid or accrued to foreign countries or possessions of the United States, which is claimed as a tax credit under provisions hereinafter described, is $\$ 67,676,006$ for returns with net income. Of this amount, $\$ 67,-$ 518,427 is reported on returns with balance sheets and $\$ 157,579$ on returns with no balance sheets. Such credit is claimed only where a tax liability exists and therefore is inapplicable to returns with no net income. The amount of foreign taxes which are included in deductions from gross income, by corporations not claiming the tax credit, is not tabulated separately.

The Internal Revenue Code provides the following methods fcr reporting income and profits taxes paid or accrued to foreign countries or possessions of the United States:
(1) Under section 131 of the Code such tax may be claimed as a credit against income tax payable to the United States. When so reported, the amount of the credit in respect of the tax paid or accrued to any country cannot exceed the same proportion of the tax against which such credit is taken, which the corporation's normal-tax net income from sources within such country bears to its entire normal-tax net income for the same taxable year; and the total amount of the credit cannot exceed the same proportion of the tax against which such credit is taken, which the corporation's normal-tax net income from sources without the United States bears to its entire normal-tax net income for the same taxable year. This method is denied to a foreign corporation, a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, and to a domestic corporation which is entitled to the benefits of section 251 by reason of receiving a large percentage of its gross income from sources within a possession of the United States.
(2) Under section 23 (c) of the Code, corporations which do not elect to have the benefits of section 131 and corporations which
are denied such benefits may include the total amount of such taxes in deductions from gross income.

The amount of credit claimed for income and profits taxes paid or accrued to foreign countries or possessions of the United States for each of the years 1925 through 1935 appears on page 8 of the 1935 volume, Statistics of Income, Part 2; and beginning with 1939, is shown in Statistics of Income, Part 2, for each year.

TAX LIABILITY AND COLLECTIONS, FACTORS AFFECTING COMPARABILITY
The tax liability shown in this report (the total amount reported on the corporation returns as filed) is not strictly comparable with the amount of tax collected for any given period, because of certain factors, among which are the following:

1. Audit of the returns may change the amount of tax liability.
2. The credit claimed for income and profits taxes paid by domestic corporations to foreign countries or possessions of the United States is not deducted from the amount of income tax liability shown in this report. (For amount of this credit, see page 22.)
3. Income tax paid at source on tax-free covenant bonds is included in the corporation income tax collections, but does not appear in these tabulations.
4. For those fiscal year returns on which the tax is paid in four equal installments, the total tax liability may not be collected during the calendar year in which the returns are filed. Fiscal year returns are reauired to be filed on or before the 15th day of the third month after the end of the fiscal year, and payment, as in the case of calendar year returns, is required at the time the return is filed, or in four quarterly installments. The first of the quarterly installments is due when the return is filed. Thus, during the calendar year 1943, collections were made of part or all of the taxes reported on returns for a fiscal year ending in the period January 31, 1942, through September 30, 1943, the last quarterly installment payment on returns with fiscal year ending January 31, 1942, being due on January 15, 1943, and the first quarterly installment payment on returns with fiscal year ending September 30, 1943, being due on December 15, 1943; whereas there are excluded from the statistics in this report, as previously indicated, the returns for a fiscal year ending prior to July 1942 and subsequent to June 1943.
5. The amount collected in the current year includes "back taxes" as well as the interest and penalties thereon. Back taxes are tax payments which are delayed due to delinquency in filing, financial embarrassment, liquidation of business, or any other cause, and are not collected until after the close of the year in which they are due.
6. The amount tabulated in Statistics of Income is the entire tax liability reported on the returns, whereas a relatively small portion of such liability may be uncollectible.
7. Tabulations in this report exclude data reported on nonresident foreign corporation income tax returns, Form 1120 NB , whereas collections in the current year include taxes on these returns. Foreign corporations not engaged in trade or business
within the United States and not having an office or place of busi ness therein are required to report, on Form 1120NB, income de rived from sources within the United States, unless the full amoun of the tax has been withheld at the source.

## RENEGOTIATION OF WAR CONTRACTS

Under the Sixth Supplemental National Defense Appropriatios Act of 1942, as amended, certain Government departments o: agencies are authorized and directed to require contractors oi subcontractors to renegotiate the contract price with respect $t_{1}$ desionated contracts and subcontracts in case any amounts of ex cessive profits have been or are likely to be realized therefrom.

In case the renegotiating agreement provides that excessivt profits have been realized under contracts in effect during prion taxable years for which returns have been filed and the income and excess nrofits taxes paid or assessed. elimination of the ex. cessive profits on which such taxes have been naid or assessed is involved in the settlement. The method of adiusting the tax returns in such cases is prescribed by section 3806 of the Code, as added by the Revenue Act of 1942, which requires that a payment or repavment within a taxable year endino after December 31, 1941. of excessive profits nursuant to renegotiation is to be treated as a reduction of the nrice of the contracts or subcontracts for the taxahle year for which such price was received or accrued. Section 3806 reauires further that the decrease in Federal income and nrofits taves resultinc from such contract price reductions be prodited acainst the amnunt of the excessive profits eliminated through renemotiation. Consenuently. the taxnaver pays or repavs tn the TInited States, on account of the renerontiation. onlv the net amoיnt of evcessive profits of a prior taxable year which remain after there has been credited against the excessive nrofite the amnunt of Federal income and excess profits taxes attributahle tn such excessive profits. The credit allowed against the amount of exressive nrofits, for Federal income tax purposes, including comnutatinn of nost-war refund of excess nrofits taxes under section 780 of the Code, is treated the same as if such credit were a refund of the taxes forming the basis of the credit.

The data presented throughout this report are comniled from the returns as filed. without regard to changes which have resulted from the renegotiation of war contracts after the returns were filed. Howevpr. the renegotiation settlements rearhed after the returns were filed are reported to the Bureau of Internal Revenue for determination of the tax credits to be allowed and from the rerords of such settlements, data are compiled to measure their effect. Settlement records tabulated throuch December 31, 1945, provide the information contained in the tables which follow. The number of adiustments. the amount of excessive profits eliminated (i. e., reduction in profits as the result of renegotiation), and the reduction in income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, and excess profits tax are shown by the principal classifications used elsewhere in the report, thus making it possible to gauge the effect

- of such adjustments upon the basic data tabulated from the 1942 returns.

1 djustments resulting from renegotiation of war contracts, affecting data from 1942 corporation income and declared value excess-profits tax returns, by industrial divisions, in aggregate and for corporations with excess profits tax liability and corporations with no excess profits tax liability
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial divisions ${ }^{5}$ | Number <br> of adjustments | Excessive profits eliminated ${ }^{42}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Income } \\ & \text { tax } \\ & \text { reduction } \end{aligned}$ | Declared value excessprofits tax reduction | Excess profits tax reduction ${ }^{43}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AGGREGATE |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111 industrial divisions. | 6,471 | 1, 782, 613 | 39,543 | 25,483 | 1,250, 712 |
| Mining and quarrying | 12 | 887 | 79 | 4 | 519 |
| Manufacturing. | 5,093 | 1,675, 007 | 36, 906 | 23, 795 | 1, 176, 435 |
| ublic utilities | 71 | 3,979 | 249 | 60 | 2,547 |
| Trade | 605 | 49, 251 | 648 | 746 | 35, 202 |
| Service. | 129 | 11, 709 | 517 | 88 | 7,693 |
| rinance, insurauce, real estate, and lessors of real property | 15 | 2,836 | 17 | 2 | 2,015 |
| Jonstruction.-.------ | 418 | 33, 401 | 800 | 733 | 22, 855 |
|  | 1 | 190 |  |  | 154 |
| Nature of business not allocable Tnclassified ${ }^{44}$ | 7 120 | 811 | 5 | 9 | 577 |
|  | 120 | 4,543 | 322 | 48 | 2, 714 |

CORPORATIONS WITH EXCESS PROFITS TAX LIABILITY

| 111 industrial divisions_ | 6,218 | 1,758, 560 | 30,380 | 25, 134 | 1,250,712 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vining and quarrying. | 9 | 671 | 3 | 4 | 519 |
| Manufacturing | 4,928 | 1,654,061 | 28,897 | 23,479 | 1,176, 435 |
| ? ublic utilities | 64 | 3,504 | 65 | - 39 | 1, 2,547 |
| Trade. | 587 | 48,707 | 443 | 742 | 35, 202 |
| jervice. | 120 | 11,016 | 278 | 79 | 7,693 |
| ?inance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property | 13 | 2,798 | 3 430 | 2 733 | 2, 015 |
|  | 392 | 32,511 | 430 | 733 | 22, 855 |
| jature of business not allocable. | 6 | 190 796 | 1 | 9 | 154 577 |
| Unclassified ${ }^{44}$ | 98 | 4,304 | 261 | 48 | 2,714 |

CORPORATIONS WITH NO EXCESS PROFITS TAX LIABILITY

| 11 industrial divisions. | 253 | 24,053 | 9,163 | 350 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mining and quarrying- | 3 | 216 | 76 |  |  |
| Manufacturing.- | 165 | 20,946 | 8,009 | 315 |  |
| ublic utilities | 7 | 474 | 184 | 21 |  |
| rade. | 18 | 543 | 205 | 4 |  |
| Service | 9 | 692 | 239 | 9 |  |
| irinance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property | 2 | 38 | 14 |  |  |
| Jonstruction.-.---- | 26 | 890 | 370 |  |  |
| igriculture, forestry, and n̂shery Jature of business not allocable | 1 | 15 | 4 |  |  |
| Jnclassificd ${ }^{44}$--------------1. | 22 | 239 | 61 |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.

Adjustments resulting from renegotiation of var contracts, affecting data from 1942 industrial groups, in aggregate and for corporations with excess
[Money figures in

corporation income and declared value excess-profits tax returns, by major and minor profits tax liability and corporations with no excess profits tax liability
thousands of dollars]


Adjustments resulting from renegotiation of war contracts, affecting data from 1942 industrial groups, in aggregate and for corporalions with excess profits tax
[Money figures in

|  | Major Industrial groups and minor industrial groups ${ }^{5}$ | Aggregate |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of adjustments | Excessive profits eliminated ${ }^{42}$ | Income tax reduction | Declared value excessprofits tax reduction | Excess profits tax reductlon ${ }^{43}$ |
|  | Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61 | Rubber products.-.-- Tires and inner ti | 57 | 4,533 | 208 | 57 | 3,051 |
| 63 | Other rubber products, including rubberized tabrics and clothing. | 51 | 3, 249 | 108 | 57 | 2,187 |
| 64 | Lumber and timber basic products.....-- | 99 | 7, 717 | 203 | 76 | 5,585 |
| 65 | Logging camps and sawmills.--- | 65 | 6, 005 | 176 | 52 | 4, 310 |
| 66 | Planing mills-.--------.-...- | 34 | 1,712 | 28 | 25 | 1,275 |
| 67 | Furniture and finished lumber products-- | 111 | 9, 944 | 255 | 211 | 6,422 |
| 68 | Furniture (wood and metal) ------1.-- | 45 | 2,377 | 80 | 28 | 1,700 |
| 69 70 | Partitions and fixtures. | 11 24 | 1,298 | 43 15 | 77 | 807 2,091 |
| 71 | Matches......-.-...- | 1 | , 70 | 30 |  |  |
| 72 | Other finished lumber products, including cork products. | 25 | 1,702 | 35 | 52 | 1,141 |
| 73 | Furniture and finished lumber products not allocable. | 5 | 1,345 | 53 | 25 | 684 |
| 74 | Paper and allied products.--------------- | 104 | 10, 270 | 228 | 46 | 7, 508 |
| 75 | Pulp, paper, and paperboard. | 59 | 6,389 | 181 | 18 | 4, 618 |
| 76 | Pulp goods and converted paper products. | 45 | 3,882 | 48 | 29 | 2,892 |
| 77 | Paper and allied products not allocable. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 78 79 | Printing and publishing industries..----- | 15 | 891 | 9 | 6 | 700 |
| 78 80 80 | Newspapers |  |  |  |  |  |
| 81 | Books and music. | 2 | 60 | 7 |  | 35 |
| 82 | Commercial printing. | 9 | 731 |  | 4 | 588 |
| 83 | Other printing and publishing-------- | 3 | 90 | 2 |  | 69 |
| 84 | Printing and publishing industries not allocable. | 1 | 10 |  |  |  |
| 85 | Chemicals and allied products.----------- | 159 | 37, 714 | 2, 401 | 454 | 24,302 |
| 86 | Paints, varnishes, and colors | 17 | 1,955 | 28 | 13 | 1, 456 |
| 8 | Soap and glycerin. | 4 | 1346 | 40 | 12 | 178 |
|  | Drugs, toilet preparations, etc---1-- | $\stackrel{24}{3}$ | 1,806 360 | 123 | 21 | 1,168 |
| 89 | Rayon (raw material) and allied products. | 3 |  |  |  | 278 |
| 9091 |  | 2 | 98 |  | 4 | 76 |
|  | Oils, animal and regetable, except lubricants and cooking oils. | 2 | 375 |  |  | 304 |
| 92 | Plastic materials.--------------------- | 13 | 1,849 | 45 | 7 | 1,405 |
| 93 | Industrial chemicals. | 65 | 26, 516 | 2,095 | 390 | 16, 263 |
| 94 95 | Other chemical products.-....-.-.----- | 15 | 2,477 | 6 | 5 | 1, 807 |
| 95 | Chemicals and allied products not allocable. | 14 | 1,931 | 64 | 3 | 1,367 |
| 96 | Petroleum and coal products...-------.-- | 26 | 5,706 | 737 | 24 | 3,096 |
|  | Petroleum refining---.--- | 19 | 3,659 | 727 | 22 | 1. 492 |
|  | Otber petroleum and coal products.-- | 7 | 2,046 | 10 | 2 | 1,604 |
|  | Petroleum and coal products not allocable. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100 | Stone, clay, and glass products. | 116 | 34, 169 | 407 | 128 | 25,378 |
| 101 | Cut-stone products.-.-- | 1 | 18 |  |  | 14 |
| 102 | Structural clay products.--.------.--- | 9 | 658 |  | 2 | 498 |
| 103 | Pottery and porcelain products.--------- | 17 | 1,339 4,194 | $2{ }^{7}$ | 3 2 | $\begin{array}{r}947 \\ 2,888 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 104 | Glass and glass products <br> Cement | 1 | +138 | 58 | 2 | 2,888 |
| 106 | Concrete and gypsum products, wail- | 28 | 4, 154 | 244 | 61 | 3,112 |
|  | board. <br> Abraslves and asbestos products.- | 45 | 23,589 | 65 | 59 | 17, 864 |
| 108 | Stone, clay, and glass products not | 1 |  | 7 |  |  |
| 109 | Iron, stlocable. and products................... | 1,206 | 421,730 |  |  |  |
| 110 | Blast furnaces and roling milis....-.-. | , 37 | 66, 406 | - 404 | 1,107 | 47, 719 |
| 111 | Structural steel, fabricated; ornamental metal work. | 110 | 14,576 | 119 | 143 | - 10, 564 |
| 112 | Tln cans and other tinware--........- | 7 | 258 | 9 | 4 | 183 |
| 113 | Hand tools, cutlery, and hardware-.-- | 107 | 26, 171 | 296 | ${ }_{8}^{261}$ | 19,052 |
| 114 | Heating apparatus, except electrical, | 167 | 36, 654 | 384 | 807 | 26, $13{ }^{\prime}$ |

For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.
corporation income and declared value excess-profits tax returns, by major and minor liability and corporations with no excess profits tax liability-Continued
thousands of dollars]


Adjustments resulting from renegotiation of war contracts, affecting data from 1942 industrial groups, in aggregate and for corporations with excess profits tax
[Money figures in

|  | Major industrial groups and minor | Aggregate |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { adjust- } \\ & \text { ments } \end{aligned}$ | Excessive profits climinated ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax reduction | Declared value excesstax reduction | Excess profits tax re- duction ${ }^{\text {43 }}$ duction |
|  | Manufacturing-ContinuedIron, steel, and products-Continued Firearms, guns, howitzers, mortars, and related equipment. Ammunition | 22 | 23, 252 | 148 | 814 | 16,049 |
| 115 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 34 | 65, 252 |  |  |  |
| 117 |  |  |  |  |  | 46, 71 |
| 8 |  |  | 9,390 |  |  | 7,540 |
| 119 | (except optical). <br> Ordnance and accessories, not else- <br> where classified. |  | 3,478 | ${ }^{51}$ | 17 | 2, 434 |
| 120 | Other iron, steel, and products (not classified below). | 655 | 155,510 | 2,865 | 1,502 | 110, 599 |
| 1 | Iron, steel, and products not allocable. | 3818018525 |  | 340 | 787 | 14, 261 |
|  | Nonferrous metals and their products. |  | 20,720 48,276 1258 | 547 | 400 | $\begin{array}{r}34,824 \\ 98,127 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 123 124 | Nonferrous metal basic products. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,351 \\ 274 \end{array}$ | 15 |  | $\xrightarrow{9,127}$ |
| 125 | Jewelry (except costume), silverware, plated ware. | 7 <br> 6 |  |  | 11 | 194 |
| 126 | Other manufactures of nonferrous metals and their alloys. | 142 | 34,4 | 525 | 355 | 24,465 |
| 127 | Nonferrous metals and products not |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Electrical machinery and equipment | 282143 | 79,40247,797 | ${ }^{1,276}$ | 1,5301,086 | 55,96933,887 |
| 129 | Electrical equipment for public utility, manufacturing, mining, transportation (excep |  |  |  |  |  |
| 130 | Automotive electrical equipment...-- | ${ }_{82}^{16}$ | 8,50315,384 | ${ }_{205}^{287}$ | ${ }_{330}^{18}$ | 5,95510,795 |
| 131 | Communication equipment and phonographs. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 132 | Electrical appliances... | 1013 | ${ }_{823}^{673}$ | 265 | 267 | 456604 |
| ${ }_{133}$ | Other electrical machinery and equipment. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 134 | Electrical machinery and equipment | 18 | 6,222 | 151 | 64 | , 272 |
| 135 | Machinery, except transportation equip- | 1,319 | 577, 851 | 9, 404 | 6,468 | 407, 148 |
| 136 | Special industry machinery - | 149331530 | 36,606128,631 | 2,0471,435 | 1,5431,547 | 23,95891,19 |
|  | General industry machinery ----.--- |  |  |  |  |  |
| 138 | Metal-working machinery, including machine tools. |  | 294, 689 | 3,394 | 2,696 | 209, 430 |
| 9 | Engines and turbines. |  | 30, 728 | 474 | 615 | 21,081 |
| 1 | Construction and mining | 16 | 33,8055,061 | 919 <br> 348 | 45285 | 23, 748 |
| 2 | Agricultural machinery -.-- |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,325 \\ & 6,499 \\ & 3,197 \end{aligned}$ |
| 143 | Household and service-industry ma- | 31 | 5,042 | 270 | 105 34 |  |
| 144 | Machinery, except transportation | 113 | 34,738 | 414 | 492 | 24, 091 |
|  | equipment and electrical, not allocable. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 145 | Automobiles and equipment, except elec- | ${ }_{93}$ | 88, 489 | 707 | 1,411 | 61, 726 |
| 146 | Automobiles and trucks (includi | 39 | 29, 841 | 257 | 204 | 20,03241,694 |
|  | bodies and industrial trailers). |  |  |  |  |  |
| 147 | Automobile accessories, parts (except electrical), and passenger trailers. | 54 | 58,648 | 450 | 1,207 |  |
| 148 | Automobiles and equipment, except |  |  |  |  | 41, 694 |
| 149 | Transportation equipment, except aut | 167 | 206, 426 | 9,930 | 4,467 | 142, 217 |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 88 \\ 9,262 \\ 9.272 \\ 302 \\ 302 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| 1 | Railroad and railway equipme | 13 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,321 \\ 157,334 \\ 4,348 \\ 4,785 \\ 2,859 \\ 168 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 2,59 \\ 1,863 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,505 \\ 105,273 \\ 305252 \\ 3,562 \\ 1,762 \\ 125 \end{array}$ |
| 2 | Ship and boat building |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Motoreyeles and bic |  |  |  |  |  |
| 154 | Other transportation cquip |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 155 | Transportation equiles. equipment, exce |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | automobiles, not allocable. | $\begin{aligned} & 180 \\ & 158 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 339 \\ & 613 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 726 \\ & 441 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19,792 \\ & 17.405 \end{aligned}$ |
| 156 | $r$ manufacturing |  | $\begin{aligned} & 27,946 \\ & 24,730 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 7 | Manufacturing not allocable |  |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.
corporation income and declared value excess-profits tax returns, by major and minor liability and corporations with no excess profits tax liability-Continued

## thousands of dollars]

| Corporations with excess profits tax liability |  |  |  |  | Corporations with no excess profts tax liability |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of adjustments | Excessive profits eliminated ${ }^{42}$ | Income tax reduction | Declared value excessprofits tax reduction | Excess profits tax reduction ${ }^{43}$ | ```Number of adjust- ments``` | Excessive profits eliminated ${ }^{42}$ | Income tax reduction | Declared value excessprofits tax reduction |  |
| 22 | 23,252 | 148 | 814 | 16,049 |  |  |  |  | 115 |
| 32 | 65, 052 | 681 | 814 | 46, 175 | 2 | 200 | 80 |  | 116 |
| 2 | 9,390 |  |  | 7,540 |  |  |  |  | 118 |
| 8 | 3,413 | 25 | 17 | 2, 434 | 1 | 65 | 26 | ----------- | 119 |
| 645 | 154, 260 | 2,348 | 1,481 | 110,599 | 10 | 1, 250 | 517 | 21 | 120 |
| 58 177 | 20,720 48,218 | 340 485 | 787 398 | 14,261 34,824 | 3 | 158 | 63 | 2 | 121 |
| 25 | 12,258 | 15 | 33 | 9,127 |  |  |  |  | 123 |
| 7 | 1,351 | 8 |  | 1,038 |  |  |  |  | 124 |
| 139 | 34,335 | 462 | 353 | 24,465 | 3 | 158 | 63 | 2 | 126 |
| 278 | 79,002 | 1, 132 | 1,504 | 55,969 | 4 | 400 | 144 | 26 | 128 |
| 15 | 8,428 | 256 | 17 | 5,954 | 1 | 75 | 32 | 1 | 130 |
| 81 | 15, 174 | 138 | 305 | 10,795 | 1 | 210 | 67 | 25 | 131 |
| 9 | 658 | 20 | 26 | 456 | 1 | 15 | 6 |  | 132 |
| 17 | 6,122 | 111 | 64 | 4,272 | 1 | 100 | 40 |  | 134 |
| 1,286 | 573, 180 | 7,676 | 6,386 | 407, 148 | 33 | 4,671 | 1,728 | 82 | 135 |
| 138 | 33, 455 | 890 | 417 | 23,958 | 11 | 3,152 | 1,157 | 26 | 136 |
| 328 | 128, 486 | 1,377 | 1,547 | 91, 819 | 3 | 145 | 58 |  | 137 |
| 527 | 294, 429 | 3,299 | 2,696 | 209,430 | 3 | 260 | 95 |  | 138 |
| 36 | 30,403 | 345 | 615 | 21,081 | 3 | 325 | 129 |  | 139 |
| 80 | 33, 663 | 869 | 435 | 23, 748 | 2 | 142 | 50 | 17 | 140 |
| 15 | 4,928 | 302 | 67 | 3,325 | 1 | 133 | 46 | 18 | 141 |
| 27 | 8,372 | 36 | 88 | 6,499 | 1 | 180 | 67 | 17 | 142 |
| 26 | 4,880 | 209 | 34 | 3,197 | 5 | 162 | 61 |  | 143 |
| 109 | 34, 566 | 349 | 488 | 24, 091 | 4 | 172 | 65 | 4 | 144 |
| 90 | 88, 027 | 527 | 1,400 | 61, 726 | 3 | 462 | 180 | 11 | 145 |
| 38 | 29,761 | 225 | 204 | 20,032 | 1 | 80 | 32 |  | 146 |
| 52 | 58, 266 | 302 | 1,196 | 41,694 | 2 | 382 | 148 | 11 | 147 |
| 157 | 205, 639 | 9,670 | 4,466 | 142, 217 | 10 | 787 | 259 | 1 | 149 |
| 9 87 | 2,102 157,234 | 9,246 | 3 2,599 | 1,505 108,273 | 4 2 | 219 100 | 88 16 | (45) | 150 151 |
| 57 | 43, 679 | 248 | 1,862 | 30,552 | 3 | 68 | 24 | 1 | 152 |
| 2 | 2,455 | 172 | -..--- | 1, 762 | 1 | 400 | 130 |  | 153 |
| $17 \%$ | 27,786 | 275 | 726 | 19,792 | 3 | 161 | 64 | (15) | 156 |
| 154 | 24,615 | 581 | 441 | 17,405 | 4 | 115 | 33 | 1 | 157 |

Adjustments resulting from renegotiation of uar contracts, affecting data from $194:$
industrial groups, in aggregate and for corporations with excess profits tai
[Money figures in

|  | Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups s | Aggregate |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Num- <br> ber of adjustments | Excessive profits eliminated ${ }^{62}$ | Income tax reduction | Declared value excessprofits tax reduction | Excess profits tax reduction ${ }^{43}$ |
| 158 | Public utilities. | 71 | 3,979 | 249 | 60 | 2,547 |
| 159 | Transportation. | 67 | 3,757 | 249 | 60 | 2,370 |
| 160 161 | Railroads, switching, terminal, and passenger car service companies. <br> Railway express companies | 1 | 10 |  |  | 8 |
| 162 163 | Railways, street, suburban, and interurban, including bus lines operated In conjunction therewith. <br> Taxicab companies |  |  |  |  |  |
| 164 | Other highway passenger transportation. | 1 | 25 | 10 | 1 |  |
| 165 | Highway freight transportation, warehousing, and storage. | 16 | 748 | 5 | 12 | 543 |
| 166 | Air transportation and allied services. | 1 | 150 | 52 | 20 |  |
| 167 | Pipe line transportation .-............-. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 168 | Water transportation- | 33 | 2,300 | 161 | 17 | 1,450 |
| 169 | Services incidental to transportation.- | 14 | 2,364 | 22 | (45) | - 247 |
| 170 | Transportation not allocable.........-- | 1 | 160 |  | ( 9 | 122 |
| 171 | Communication........ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 172 | Telephonc (wire and radio) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 173 | Telegraph (wire and radio) and cable |  |  |  |  |  |
| 174 | Radio broadcasting and television...- |  |  |  |  |  |
| 175 | Other communication......-. -- -- |  |  |  |  |  |
| 176 | Other public utilities. | 4 | 222 |  |  | 177 |
| 177 | Electric light and power | 4 | 222 |  |  | 177 |
| 178 | Gas, distribution and manufactur |  |  |  |  |  |
| 179 | Water. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 180 | Public utilitles not elsewhere classified |  |  |  |  |  |
| 181 | Other public utilities not allocable.--- |  |  |  |  |  |
| 182 | Trade ------------------------------------- | 605 | 49,251 | 618 | 746 | -35, 202 |
| 183 | Wholesale | 388 | 36, 225 | 399 | 549 | 25,949 |
| 184 | Commission merchants | 56 | 5,137 | 135 | 20 | 3, 761 |
| 185 | Other wholesalers.- | 332 | 31, 089 | 264 | 529 | 22, 188 |
| 186 | Food, including market milk dealers. | 13 | 481 | 10 | 27 | 292 |
| 187 | Alcoholic beverages...------------- | 1 | 166 | 15 |  | 105 |
| 188 | A pparel and dry goods | 13 | 2,582 | 2 | 191 | 1,641 |
| 189 | Chemicals, paints, and drugs...-- | 5 | 238 | 12 | (45) | 171 |
| 190 | Hardware, electrical goods, plumbing and heating equipment. | 78 | 4,643 | 25 | 106 | 3,289 |
| 191 | Lumber and millwork.-.-.------ | 19 | 1,277 | 26 | 20 | 924 |
| 192 | Wholesalers, not elsewhere classified. | 190 | 20,695 | 163 | 173 | 15,034 |
| 193 | Wholesalers, not allocable --.----- | 13 | 1,008 | 12 | 11 | 731 |
| 194 | Retail --.---------- | 76 | 5,162 | 70 | 76 | 3,707 |
| 195 | General merchandise. | 3 | 520 | 4 | 2 | 401 |
| 196 197 | Department, dry goods, other general merchandise. <br> Limited-price variety stores...... | 3 | 520 | 4 | 2 | 401 |
| 188 | Mail-order houses . . . .-....... |  |  |  |  |  |
| 199 200 | Food stores, including market milk dealers. <br> Package liquor stores | 3 | 64 |  | 2 | $44^{\circ}$ |
| 201 | Prug stores.......-.-.-- |  |  |  |  |  |
| 202 | Apparel and accessories. | 1 | 15 | 1 |  |  |
| 203 | Furniture and honse furnishings. |  | 15 | 1 |  |  |
| 204 | Eating and drinking places. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 205 | A utomotive dealers. | 8 | 285 | 6 | 4 | 214 |
| 206 | Automobiles and trucks | 8 | 285 | 6 | 4 | 214 |
| 207 | Accessories, parts, etc |  |  |  |  |  |
| 208 | Filling stations. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 208 |  | 6 | 862 | 26 | 19 | 617 |
| 210 | Building materials, fuel, and ice..... | 16 | 619 | 7 | 14 | 442 |
| 211 | Other retail trade.- | 33 | 2, 571 | 16 | 35 | 1,825 |
| 212 | Retail trade not allocable | 6 | 2, 226 | 9 |  | 1, 164 |
| 213 | Trade not allocable.-.-.-.-...-................... | 141 | 7,863 | 179 | 121 | 5, 546 |

For footnotes, see DD. 42-44.
corporation income and declared value excess-profits tax returns, by major and minor
liability and corporations with no excess profits tax liability-Continued thousands of dollars]


Adjustments resulting from renegotiation of war contracts, affecting data from 1942 industrial groups, in aggregate and for corporations with excess profits tax
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.
corporation income and declared value excess-profits tax returns, by major and minor liability and corporations with no excess profits tax liability-Continued
thousands of dollars]
$\qquad$


Adjustments resulting from renegotiation of war contracts, affecting data from $194 \%$ industrial groups, in aggregate and for corporations with excess profits tas
[Money figures in

|  | Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups ${ }^{5}$ | Aggregate |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { adjust- } \\ & \text { ments } \end{aligned}$ | Excessive profits eliminated ${ }^{18}$ | Income tax reduction | Declared value excessprofits duction | Excess profits tax reduction ${ }^{1}$ |
| 268 | Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property-Continued. <br> Lessors of real property, except buildings. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 269 | Agricultural, forest, etc., properties. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 270 | Mining, oil, etc., properties... |  |  |  |  |  |
| 271 | Railroad propertles.. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 272 | Public-utility properties. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 273 | Other real property, except buildings |  |  |  |  |  |
| 274 | Lessors of real property, except buildings, not allocable. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 275 | Construction.................................... | 418 | 33, 401 | 800 | 733 | 22,855 |
| 276 | General contractors. | 234 | 26, 439 | 726 | 577 | 17, 939 |
| 277 | Special trade contractors | 132 | 6, 911 | 74 | 153 | 4, 882 |
| 278 | Construction not allocable. | 2 | 50 |  | 2 | 34 |
| 279 | Agriculture, forestry, and fishery-....---..... | 1 | 190 |  |  | 154 |
| 280 | Agriculture and services.- | 1 | 190 |  |  | 154 |
| 281 | Forestry |  |  |  |  |  |
| 282 | Fishery |  |  |  |  |  |
| 283 284 | Nature of business not alloca |  |  |  | 9 | 577 |
| 284 | Unclassified ". | 120 | $4,543$ | 322 | 48 | 2,714 |

For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.
orporation income and declared value excess-profits tax returns, by major and minor liability and corporations with no excess profits tax liability-Continued
theusands of dollars]

| Corporations with excess profits tax liability |  |  |  |  | Corporations with no excess profits tax liability |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Num-adjustments | Excessive profits eliminated ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax reduction | Declared value excessprofits tax reduction | Excess profits tax reduction ${ }^{42}$ | Number of adjustments | Excessive profits eliminated ${ }^{6}$ | Income tax reduction | Declared value excessprofits tax reduction |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 268 269 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 271 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 272 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 273 274 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 370 |  | 275 |
| 259 | 25, 559 | 358 | $\begin{array}{r}577 \\ 153 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 17,939 | 25 | 880 | 368 |  | 276 |
| 131 |  | 72 | 153 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,882 \\ 34 \end{array}$ |  |  | 2 |  | 277 278 |
| 1 | 190 |  |  | 154 |  |  |  |  | 279 |
| 1 | 190 |  |  | 154 |  |  |  |  | 280 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 282 |
| 88 | 4,304 | 261 | 48 | 2,714 | 22 | 239 | 61 | (45) | 284 |

Adjustments resulting from renegotiation of war contracts, affecting data from 1942 corporation income and declared value excess-profits tax returns, by total assets classes, in aggregate and for corporations with excess profits tax liability and corporations with no excess profits tax liability
[Total assets classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Total assets classes ${ }^{35}$ | Number of adjustments | Excessive profits eliminated ${ }^{12}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Income } \\ & \text { tax } \\ & \text { reduction } \end{aligned}$ | Declared value excessprofits tax reduction | Excess profits tax reduction ${ }^{63}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AGGREGATE |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 50 | 17 | 269 | 18 | 6 | 155 |
| 50 under 100 | 153 | 3, 861 | 124 | 50 | 2, 689 |
| 100 under 250 | 807 | 25, 148 | 467 | 436 | 17,713 |
| 250 under 500 | 1,183 | 68, 706 | 1,331 | 949 | 48,000 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 1,283 | 115, 423 | 2,530 | 1,536 | 80, 321 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 1,936 | 440, 848 | 9,337 | 5,328 | 308, 407 |
| 5.000 under 10,000 | - 391 | 222, 423 | 6, 160 | 3,656 | 154, 643 |
| 10,000 under 50,000 | 370 | 562, 234 | 10, 082 | 6,457 | 399,382 |
| 50,000 under 100,000 | 50 | 128, 860 | 3,702 | 1,566 | 87, 434 |
| 100,000 and over. | 49 | 196,382 | 5,285 | 5,344 | 139, 609 |
| Returns with no balance sheets | 112 | 13,915 | 186 | 108 | 9,645 |
| Unclassified ${ }^{4}$. | 120 | 4,543 | 322 | 48 | 2, 714 |
| Total | 6,471 | 1,782, 613 | 39,543 | 25,483 | 1,250, 712 |

CORPORATIONS WITH EXCESS PROFITS TAX LIABILITY


CORPORATIONS WITH NO EXCESS PROFITS TAX LIABILITY

| Under 50. | 2 | 29 | 7 | 2 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 under 100 | 6 | 146 | 49 | 7 |  |  |
| 100 under 250 | 17 | 415 | 156 | 4 |  |  |
| 250 under 500 | 29 | 901 | 337 | 4 |  |  |
| 500 under 1,000 | 34 | 1,459 | 522 | 5 |  |  |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 74 | 5,671 | 2, 104 | 151 |  |  |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 27 | 3,595 | 1,394 | 39 |  |  |
| 10,000 under 50,000 | 28 | 5, 310 | 2,045 | 21 |  |  |
| 50,000 under 100,000 | 5 | 4,736 | 1,556 | 97 |  |  |
| 100,000 and over... | 6 | 1,534 | 626 | 20 |  |  |
| Returns with no balance sheets | 3 | 18 | 5 |  |  |  |
| Unclassified ${ }^{16}$.-...--........ | 22 | 239 | 61 | (45) |  |  |
| Total. | 253 | 24,053 | 9,163 | 350 |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.

Adjustments resulting from renegotiation of war contracts, affecting data from 1942 corporation income and declarcd value excess-profits tax returns, by net income classes, in aggregate and for corporations with excess profits tax liability and corporations with no excess profits tax liability
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Number adjustments | Excessive profits eliminated ${ }^{63}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Income } \\ & \text { tax } \\ & \text { reduction } \end{aligned}$ | Declared value excessprofits tax reduction | $\begin{gathered} \text { Excess } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { tax re- } \\ \text { duction } 4 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AGGREGATE |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 2 | 1 | 15 | (15) | (55) |  |
| 2 under 3 under | 1 | 2 | 1 |  |  |
| 4 under 5. | 1 | 30 |  | 1 | 21 |
| 5 under 10 | 4 | 121 | 5 |  | 4 |
| 10 under 15 | 3 | 112 | 3 |  | 65 |
| 15 under 20 | 6 | 72 | 4 |  | 32 |
| 20 under 25. | 13 | 116 | 12 | 1 | 46 |
| 25 under 50 | 308 | 4, 802 | 275 | 63 | 2,989 |
| 50 under 100 | 849 | 20,655 | 688 | 383 | 14, 285 |
| 100 under 250 | 1,713 | 84,970 | 2, 054 | 1,423 | 59,178 |
| 250 under 500 | 1,282 | 129, 112 | 3,958 | 1,700 | 88, 068 |
| 500 under 1,000. | +910 | 178, 488 | 3,693 | 2, 074 | 124,374 |
| 1,000 under $5,000-$ | 987 | 525,783 | 12,926 | 6,378 | 368, 762 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 150 | 245, 248 | 3,564 | 3,318 | 175, 308 |
| 10,000 and over. | 123 | 588, 543 | 12,037 | 10,094 | 414, 866 |
| Unclassified ${ }^{44}$. | 120 | 4,543 | 322 | 48 | 2, 714 |
| Total | 6,471 | 1,782, 613 | 39,543 | 25, 483 | 1, 250, 712 |

CORPORATIONS WITH EXCESS PROFITS TAX LIABILITY

| Under 1. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 under 2. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 under 3. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 under 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 under 5. | 1 | 30 |  | 1 | 21 |
| 5 under 10 | 2 | 72 | 2 |  | 4 |
| 10 under 15 | 3 | 112 | 3 |  | 65 |
| 15 under 20 | 6 | 72 | 4 |  | 32 |
| 20 under 25 | 12 | 101 | 8 | 1 | 46 |
| 25 under 50 | 288 | 4,288 | 108 | 55 | 2,989 |
| 50 under 100 | 821 | 20,068 | 455 | 375 | 14, 285 |
| 100 under 250 | 1,652 | 82, 801 | 1,214 | 1,395 | 59, 178 |
| 250 under 500 | 1, 234 | 124, 895 | 2,459 | 1,597 | 88, 068 |
| 500 under 1,000. | 891 | 176, 146 | 2, 749 | 2, 036 | 124, 374 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 947 | 517, 886 | 9,884 | 6,349 | 368, 762 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 145 | 244, 462 | 3, 258 | 3,297 | 175, 308 |
| 10,000 and over.-- | 118 | 583, 323 | 9,975 | 9,978 | 414, 866 |
| Unclassified ${ }^{4}$. | 98 | 4,304 | 261 | 48 | 2,714 |
| Total | 6,218 | 1, 758, 560 | 30,380 | 25, 134 | 1,250,712 |

CORPORATIONS WITH NO EXCESS PROFITS TAX LIABILITY


Adjustments resulting from renegotiation of war contracts, affecting data from $1944^{\circ}$ corporation excess profits tax returns, by adjustcd excess profits net income classes anc by method of credit computation
[Adjusted excess profits net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


INVESTED CAPITAL METHOD

| Under 25 | 195 | 3, 560 | 1,698 | 38 | 124 | 1,536 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 under 50 | 312 | 6,411 | 4,809 | 110 | 358 | 4,341 |
| 50 under 100 | 570 | 17,678 | 14, 049 | 209 | 1,128 | 12,712 |
| 100 under 250 | 890 | 55, 593 | 42, 502 | 611 | 3,311 | 38,580 |
| 250 under 500 | 549 | 69,565 | 52, 498 | 709 | 3,871 | 47, 918 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 372 | 85, 028 | 65, 039 | 710 | 4,856 | 59,472 |
| 1,000 under 2,000 | 188 | 80, 478 | 61, 560 | 730 | 4,662 | 56, 168 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 | 73 | 49,598 | 38, 022 | 593 | 2,574 | 34, 855 |
| 3,000 under 4,000. | 28 | 39,267 | 29,067 | 530 | 1, 773 | 26, 764 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 | 19 | 30, 544 | 21,726 | - 42 | 1,080 | 20,604 |
| 5,000 under 10,000. | 46 | 94, 485 | 71,919 | 824 | 5, 264 | 65, 831 |
| 10,000 under 15,000 | 12 | 54, 221 | 40,965 | 131 | 3,141 | 37, 693 |
| 15,000 under 20,000 | 6 | 26, 120 | 20,211 | 534 | 1,487 | 18, 190 |
| 20,000 under 25,000 | 3 | 19,636 | 15,382 | 288 | 1,250 | 13, 844 |
| 25,000 and over.. | 7 | 68,868 | 51,679 | 243 | 3,362 | 48, 073 |
| Total. | 3,270 | 701, 051 | 531,120 | 6, 304 | 38, 240 | 486, 582 |

INCOME METHOD-AGGREGATE

| Under 25. | 98 | 1,618 | 874 | 12 | 71 | 790 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 under 50 | 160 | 3,097 | 2,468 | 23 | 218 | 2, 228 |
| 50 under 100 | 383 | 11, 727 | 9,586 | 113 | 812 | 8,661 |
| 100 under 250 | 727 | 42,356 | 34, 613 | 315 | 2,958 | 31,339 |
| 250 under 500 | 570 | 68,599 | 55, 045 | 370 | 4,683 | 49,992 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 395 | 98,351 | 78,553 | 639 | 6,516 | 71,399 |
| 1,000 under 2,000 | 262 | 128, 041 | 102, 305 | 441 | 8,425 | 93, 449 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 | 91 | 75, 010 | 60, 039 | 304 | 4,929 | 54, 807 |
| 3,000 under 4,000. | 68 | 74, 083 | 58,336 | 146 | 4,723 | 53, 467 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 | 30 | 47, 123 | 37, 918 | 295 | 3, 023 | 34, 601 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 73 | 149, 375 | 119, 204 | 506 | 10,575 | 108, 123 |
| 10,000 under 15,000 | 19 | 99, 855 | 78,643 | 26 | 6,479 | 72, 137 |
| 15.000 under 20,000 | 12 | 68, 647 | 53,644 |  | 4,709 | 48,935 |
| 20,000 under 25,000 | 4 | 33, 453 | 27, 248 |  | 2,725 | 24, 523 |
| 25,000 and over.- | 9 | 150, 166 | 113,414 | 379 | 7,174 | 105, 860 |
| Total | 2,901 | 1,051,502 | 831, 890 | 3,568 | 68, 019 | 760,302 |

For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.

Adjustments resulting from renegotiation of war contracts, affecting data from 1942 corporation excess profits tax returns, by adjusted excess profits net income classes and by method of credit computation-Continued
[Adjusted excess profits net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted excess profits net income classes ${ }^{6}$ | Number of adjustments | Excessive profits eliminated ${ }^{43}$ | Reduction in excess profits tax before credits | Reduction in credit for debt retirement | Reduction in post-war refund | Reduction <br> in excess profits tax after credits for debt retirement and post-war refund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

INCOME METHOD-GENERAL AVERAGE


INCOME METHOD-INCREASED EARNINGS

| Under 25 | 48 | 718 | 407 | 6 | 32 | 369 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 under 50 | 73 | 1,490 | 1,142 | 9 | 99 | 1,034 |
| 50 under 100 | 174 | 5,816 | 4.628 | 66 | 374 | 4,188 |
| 100 under 250 | 305 | 17, 169 | 13,730 | 137 | 1,090 | 12, 502 |
| 250 under 500 | 228 | 26, 529 | 21,010 | 142 | 1,665 | 19, 203 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 167 | 39, 208 | 31, 031 | 256 | 2,426 | 28, 349 |
| 1,000 under 2,000 | 108 | 56, 012 | 43, 764 | 114 | 3,363 | 40, 286 |
| 2,000 under 3,000. | 31 | 22, 642 | 17, 718 | 181 | 1,115 | 16, 422 |
| 3,000 under 4.000 | 30 | 31, 163 | 23, 932 | 40 | 1,704 | 22. 188 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 | 15 | 20,352 | 16, 102 | 71 | 1,241 | 14,789 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 24 | 48, 654 | 38, 151 | 42 | 3,266 | 34, 843 |
| 10,000 under 15,000 | 8 | 40, 890 | 29,961 |  | 1,637 | 28, 324 |
| 15,000 under 20,000 | 7 | 32, 177 | 24,577 |  | 1,802 | 22,775 |
| 20,000 under 25,000 | 1 | 3, 536 | 3,141 |  | , 314 | 2,827 |
| 25,000 and over. | 5 | 111,493 | 82, 634 | 379 | 4,096 | 78,158 |
| Total. | 1,224 | 457,850 | 351, 927 | 1,443 | 24, 226 | 326, 258 |

For footnotes, see pp. 42-44.

## Footnotes for text tables, pages 2-41

(Facsimiles of return forms, to which references are made, appear on pp. 383-424)

1 "Net income" or "Deficit" for 1941-42 is the amount reported for declared value excess-profits tax computation, adjusted by excluding net operating loss deduction (items 31 and 27 , respectively, page 1, Form 1120 for 1942). As explained on page 2, the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returns are filed.
${ }^{2}$ "Income tax" for 1942 consists of normal tax, surtax, and, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, alternative tax reported in lieu of normal tax and surtax where the income includes an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss, if and only if such tax is less than the normal tax and surtax. Tabulated with the income tax for returns with net income is a small amount of surtax reported on returns with no net income, where receipts for the taxable year include interest on obligations of certain instrumentalities of the United States, described in note 13. As explained on page 2, the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returns are filed.
"Income tax" for 1941 conslsts of income and income defense taxes reported on returns for a fiscal year ending in the period July through November 1941 (and on returns for a part year beginning in 1940 and ending in 1941, the greater part of the accounting period falling in 1941); and normal tax and surtax reported on returns for the calendar year 1941 and on returns for a fiscal year ending in the period January through June 1942 (and on returns for a part year beginning and ending in 1941, and for a part year beginning in 1941 and ending in 1942, the greater part of the accounting period falling in 1941). There is tabulated with the income tax for returns with net income a small amount of surtax reported on returns with no net income, where receipts for the taxable year include interest on obligations of certain instrumentalities of the United States, described in note 13.
${ }^{3}$ Although the filing of consolidated returns is not permitted for declared value excess-profits tax purposes, the declared value excess-profits tax reported by the members of an affiliated group of corporations filing a consolidated income tax return is ordinarily tabulated under the same classifications as the income tax return. A small amount of declared value excess-profits tax reported by corporations whose consolidated income tax returns show no net income is included with the declared value excess-profits tax shown for returns with net income.
${ }^{4}$ The excess profits tax shown is that imposed by section 710 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended and should not be confused with the dcclared value excess-profits tax. For 1942 the amount shown is the excess profits tax liability reported on corporation excess profits tax returns, less the credit for debt retirement and the net postwar refund. Throughout this report, the 1942 tax is after the amount deferred under section 710(a)(5) (relating to abnormalities under section 722) as well as adjustments under other relief provisions. Owing, in some instances, to the nonavailability of the corresponding income and declared value excessprofits tax return for matching with the corporation excess profits tax return, a small portion of the total excess profits tax shown for 1942 is not distributed by the various classifications shown in this report. As explained on page 2, the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returns are filed.
The amount for 1941 is the excess profits tax leduction (item 35, p. 1, Form 1120 for 1941) allowed in the computation of normal-tax net income, except that for fiscal years beginning in 1940, with the greater part of the accounting period in 1941, there is tabulated the amount of excess profits tax liability (item 32, page 1, Form 1121 for 1940).
${ }^{5}$ The industrial classification is based on the business activity reported on the return. When multiple businesses are reported on a return, the
classification is determined by the business activity which accounts for the largest percentage of total receipts. Therefore, the industrial groups do not reflect pure industry classifications. The industrial groups are based on the Standard Industrial Classification, issued by the Division of Statistical Standards, Bureau of the Budget, Executive Office of the President. A chart showing the major industrial groups and minor industrial groups in which changes occur between 1942 and 1941 are shown on p. 7.
""Total compiled receipts" consists of gross sales (less returns and allowances), gross receipts from operations (where inventories are not an income-determining factor), all interest received on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium), other interest, rents and royalties, net capital gain, net gain from sale or exchange of property other than capital assets, dividends, and other receipts required to be included in gross income, described in note 20. "Total compiled receipts" excludes nontaxable income other than tax-exempt interest received on certain Government obligations.
${ }^{2}$ "Income subject to excess profits tax," allowed as a credit in computing normal tax and surtax net income for taxable years beginning in 1942, is, in general, equal to the adjusted excess profits net income. However, in case the excess profits tax is determined as provided in section 721 (relating to abnormalities in income in the taxable period), section 726 (relating to corporations completing contracts under the Merchant Marine Act of 1936), section 731 (relating to corporations engaged in mining strategic minerals), or section $736(\mathrm{~b})$ (relating to corporations with income from long-term contracts), the credit for income subject to excess profits tax is the amount of which the excess profits tax is 90 percent. For the purpose of computing such credit, the excess profits tax used is the tax computed without regard to the limitation provided in section $710(\mathrm{a})(\mathrm{I})(\mathrm{B})$ (the 80 percent limitation), without regard to the credit provided in section 729 (c) and (d) for foreign taxes paid, and without regard to the adjustments provided in scetion 734 in case of position inconsistent with prior income tax liability. As explained on page 2, the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returns are filed.

8 Number of returns shown excludes returns of inactive corporations.

- "Gross sales" consists of amounts received for goods, less returns and allowances, in transactions where inventories are an income-determining factor. For "Cost of goods sold," see "Deductions."

10 "Gross recelpts from operations" consists of amounts received from transactions in which inventories are not an income-detcrmining factor. For "Cost of operations," sce "Deductions."

11 "Interest recelved on Government obligations, wholly taxable" consists of interest on Treasury notes issued on or after December 1, 1940, and obligations issued on or after March 1,1941 , by the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, reported as item $9(\mathrm{~b})$, page 1, Form 1120.

12 "Interest received on Government obligations, subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax" consists of interest on United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in excess of the principal amount of $\$ 5,000$ issued prior to March 1, 1941, reported as item $9(\mathrm{a})$, page 1, Form 1120.

13 "Interest received on Government obligations, subject to surtax only" consists of interest on obligations of instrumentalities of the United States (other than obligations of Federal land banks, joint stock land banks, and Federal intermediate credit banks) issued prior to March 1, 1941, reported as item 32, page 1, Form 1120.
(Footnotes contlnued on p. 43)

## Footnotes for text tables, pages 2-41-Continued

(Facsimiles of return forms, to which references are made, appear on pp. 383-424)

14 "Interest received on Government obligations, wholly tax-exempt" consists of interest on obligations of States, Territories, or political subdivisions thereof, the District of Columbia, and United States possessions; obligations of the United States issued on or before September 1, 1917; all postal savings bonds; Treasury notes issued prior to December 1, 1940; Treasury bills issued prior to March 1, 1941; United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in principal amount of $\$ 5,000$ or less, issucd prior to March 1, 1941; and obligations issued prior to March 1, 1941, by Federal land banks, joint stock land banks, and Federal intermediate credit banks. Interest from such sources is reported under item $15(\mathrm{a})$ of schedule M, page 4, Form 1120.
${ }^{15}$ Amount shown as "Rents and royalties" consists of gross amounts received. The amounts of depreciation, repairs, interest, taxes, and other expenses, which are deductible from the gross amount received for rents, and the amount of depletion, which is deductible from the gross amount of royalties received, are included in the respective deduction items.

16 "Net capital gain" is the net amount of gain arising from the sale or exchange of capital assets. (A net loss from this source is not deductible for the current year, but may be carried over and applied against capital gains in the five succeeding taxable years.) The term "Capital assets" means property held by the taxpayer (whether or not connected with trade or business), but excludes (1) stock in trade or other property which would properly be included in inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable year, (2) property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of trade or business, (3) property used in trade or business, of a charatcter which is subject to the allowance for depreciation, (4) Government obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding one year from the date of issue, and (5) real property used in the trade or business of the taxpayer. Beginning 1942 gains and losses from (a) sale or exchange of depreciable property and real property, used in the trade or business and held for more than six months, and from (b) involuntary conversion of such property and of capital assets held for more than six months are treated as longterm capital gains and losses, if the gains exceed the losses. If the losses exceed the gains, the net loss is deductible as an ordinary loss. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, "short-term" applies to gains or losses on the sale or exchange of capital assets held six months or less; "long-term" applies to gains or losses on capital assets held over six months.

17 "Net gain or loss, sales other than capital assets" is the net amount of gain or loss arising from the sale or exchange of deprcciable property and real property used in trade or business. If such property has been held for more than six months, special treatment of the gain or loss is provided as described in note 16 above.

18 "Dividends, domestic corporations" consists of dividends received from domestic corporations subject to income taxation under chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code. This item is reported in column 2, schedule E, p. 3, Form 1120, and is the amount used for computation of the dividends received credit. There is excluded from this amount dividends from corporations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, and corporations entitled to the bencfits of section 251 of the Internal Revenue Code (corporations recciving a large portion of their gross income from somrces within a possession of the United States), such dividends being included in "Other receipts."

10 "Divldends, forelgn corporations" is the amount reported in column 3 , schedule E, p. 3, Form 1120 , and is not used for the computation of dividends received credit.

20 "Other receipts" includes"dividends from cor. porations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, and corporations entitled to the benefits of section 251 of the Internal Revenue Code (corporations receiving a large portion of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States), and amounts not elsewhere reported on the return such as: Profit from sales of commodities other than the principal commodity in which the corporation deals; income from minor operations; bad debts recovered; cash disconnt; conditional payments from United States Department of Agriculture; Federal income tax paid by lessee; income from claims, license rights, judgments, and joint rentures; net amount under operating agreements; net profit from commissaries; profit on dealing in futures; profit on prior years' collections (installment basis); profit on purchase of corporation's own bonds; recoveries of bonds, stocks, and other securities; refunds for cancellation of contracts, for insurance, management expenses, and processing taxes; and income from sales of scrap, salvage, or waste.
${ }^{21}$ Where the amount reported as "Cost of goods sold" or "Cost of operations" includes items of deductions such as depreciation, taxcs, etc., these items ordinarily are not transferred to their specific headings. However, an exception is made with respect to amortization oi emergency facilities reported in costs, such amount being transferred to "Amortization."
${ }^{22}$ Amount shown as "Compensation of officers" excludes compensation of olficers of life insurance companies which file Form 1120L. Data not available.
${ }^{23}$ Amount shown as "Repairs" is the cost of incidental repairs, including labor and supplies, which do not add materially to the value of the property or apprcciably prolong its life.

24 The item "Taxes paid" excludes (1) Federal income tax and Federal excess profits taxes, (2) estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes, (3) income taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States if any portion is claimed as a tax credit, (4) taxes assessed against local benefits, (5) Federal taxes paid on tax-free covenant bonds, and (6) taxes reported in "Cost of goods sold" and "Cost of operations."
${ }^{25}$ The deduction claimed for "Contributions or gifts" is limited to 5 percent of net income as computed without the benefit of this deduction.
${ }^{26}$ Amount shown as "Amortizatiou" is the deduction provided by the Second Revenue Act of 1940 with respect to the amortization of the cost of emergency facilities necessary for national defense.
${ }^{27}$ Included in "Other deductions" are (1) negative amounts reported under income, (2) losses by abandonment, fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, and theft, (3) salaries and wages not deducted elsewhere on the return, and (4) amounts not otherwise reported as: Administrative, general, and office expenses; advertising costs; bonuses and commissions; delivery charges; freight and shipping expenses; payments in connection with lawsuits; research expenses; sales discount; selling costs; travel expenses; and unrealized profits on installment sales.
${ }_{28}$ The net operating loss deduction tabulated herein is the amount originally reported, consisting only of the net operating loss carry-over reduced by certain adjustments, and does not take into account whatever revisions may subsequently be made as the result of any carry-back of net operating loss from the two succeeding tax years. In general, the net operating loss carry-over is the sum of the net operating losses, if any, for the two preceding taxable years. If there is net income in the first preceding taxable year, the net operating loss for the second preceding taxable year is reduced to the extent such loss has been absorbed by such net Income.

## Footnotes for text tables, pages 2-41-Continued

(Facsimiles of return forms, to which references are made, appear on pp. 383-424)

## ${ }^{29}$ Compiled net loss after total tax payment.

30 "Number of returns with balance sheets" excludes returns of inactive corporations and returns of active corporations for which balance sheet data are lacking.
${ }^{31}$ Amount shown as "Cash" includes bank deposits.
${ }^{32}$ A mount shown as "Investments, Government obligations" consists of obligations of the United States or agency or instrumentality thercof as well as obligations of States, Territories, and political subdivisions thereof, the District of Columbia, and United States possessions.
${ }^{33}$ Amount shown as "Capital assets" consists of (1) depreciable tangible assets such as buildings, fixed mechanical equipment, manufacturing facilities, transportation facilities, and furniture and fixtures, (2) depletable tangible assets-natural resources, and (3) intangible assets such as patents, franchises, formulas, copyrights, leaseholds, good will, and trade-marks.
${ }^{34}$ Amount shown as "Other assets" consists of assets not elsewhere reported on return, such as: Sinking funds; other funds; deferred charges; organization expenses; prepaid and suspense items; interest, discount, coupons, and dividends receivable; guaranty deposits, and deposits on contracts and meters; and cash value of life insurance. "Other assets" of life insurance companies includes market value of real estate and bonds and stocks in excess of book ralue; interest, rents, and premiums due; and agents' balances.
${ }^{35}$ Assets and liabilities are tabulated as of Decem* ber 31, 1942, or close of fiscal year nearest theretoTotal assets classes are based on the net amount of total assets after reserves for depreciation, depletion, amortization, and bad debts. Adjustments are made in tabulating the data, as follows: (1) Reserres, when shown under liahilities, are used to reduce corresponding asset accounts, and "Total assets" and "Total liabilities" are decreased by the amount of such reserves, and (2) a deficit in surplus shown under asscts, is transferred to liabilities, and "Total assets" and "Total liabilities" are decreased by the amount of the deficit.
${ }^{\text {so }}$ A mount shown as "Other liahilities" consists of liabilities not clsewhere reported on return. such as: Deferred and suspense items; accrued
expenses; diridends payable; funds held in trust; horrowed securities; outstanding coupons and certificates; and overdrafts. "Other liabilities" of life insurance companies includes the net value of outstanding policies and annuities, and borrowed money. "Other liabilities" of banks includes deposits (time, savings, demand, etc.) and bank notes in circulation. "Other liabilities" of building and loan associations includes certificates of deposit.
${ }^{37}$ A mount shown as "Surplus and undivided profits" consists of paid-in or capital surplus and earned surplus and undivided profits. See note 38 .
${ }^{38}$ A mount shown as "Deficit" consists of negatlve amounts of earned surplus and undivided profits.
${ }^{39}$ Number of consolidated returns includes 2 returns of inactive corporations.
40 "Number of subsidiaries" is the number of affiliated corporations which together with the common parent corporation file a consolidated corporation income tax return.
${ }^{41}$ Total number of fiscal year returns includes 3,665 returns of inactive corporations.
${ }^{42}$ The amount of excessive profits eliminated is the reduction in profits as the result of renegotiation.
${ }^{43}$ Unless otherwise indicated, the excess profits tax reduction resulting from renegotiation is shown on a "net tax" basis corresponding to the basis on which the excess profits tax is tahulated in this report. (See note 4.) This means that there have been offset against the tax reduction the reductions of the debt retirement credit and the net post-war refund.
${ }^{4}$ In a few instances, the corresponding income tax return (or excess profits tax return) was not available for the purpose of classifying the renegotiation adjustment in these tabulations.

## ${ }^{45}$ Less than $\$ 500$.

${ }^{16}$ The adjusted excess profits net income is the excess profits net income less the sum of the specific exemption, excess profits credit, and unused excess profits credit adjustment. For part year returns, the amounts of excess profits net income and adjusted excess profits net income have been placed on an annual hasis. As explained on page 2, the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returns are filed.

## CORPORATION EXCESS PROFITS TAX RETURNS (FORM 1121)

## SUMMARY DATA

The number of taxable corporation excess profits tax returns tabulated for 1942 is 54,002 , reporting $\$ 17,084,370,115$ excess profits net income; $\$ 10,494,667,373$ adjusted excess profits net income; and $\$ 7,851,813,849$ excess profits tax, after credits. As compared with taxable returns for 1941, there is an increase of 27 percent in the number of taxable returns and an increase of 134 percent in the amount of tax reported. The following table shows the changes between 1941 and 1942 in each of the principal items:

Taxable corporation excess profits tax returns, 1942 and 1941: Summary data
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | $1942{ }^{1}$ | $1941{ }^{3}$ | Increase |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number or amount | Percent |
| Total number of taxable returns. | 54, 002 | 42,412 | 11,590 | 27 |
| Excess profits net income ${ }^{3}$ - | 17,084, 370 | 12,072. 516 | 5, 011, 854 | 41 |
| Excess profits credit ${ }^{4}$ - | 5, 901, 216 | 5,261. 799 | 639, 417 | 12 |
| Unused excess profits credit ${ }^{5}$ - | 412, 626 | 290,679 | 121,947 | 42 |
| Adjusted excess profits net income | 10, 494, 667 | 6, 334, 864 | 4, 159, 803 | 66 |
|  | 7, 851, 814 | 3,359, 186 | 4, 492, 628 | 134 |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-52.

## RETURNS INCLUDED

The excess profits data in this report are tabulated from taxable returns for the calendar year 1942, a fiscal year ending within the period July 1942 through June 1943, and a part year with the greater portion of the accounting period in 1942. Amended returns and tentative returns are not included in any of the tabulations.

The data are tabulated from the returns as filed, prior to revisions that may be made as a result of audit by the Bureau of Internal Revenue and prior to changes which may result from carry-backs, from relief granted under section 722 , or from the renegotiation of war contracts, after the returns were filed. Changes resulting from the renegotiation of war contracts are recorded as settlements are reached, however, and the effect of renegotiation settlements reached to December 31, 1945, with respect to the tax year 1942 are shown in special tabulations on pages 25-41.

CHANGES IN LAW AFFECTING EXCESS PROFITS TAX RETURNS (FORM 1121)
The comparability of the figures tabulated from the 1942 returns with those from the 1941 returns is affected by the changes in law introduced by the Revenue Act of 1942. The most significant changes are as follows:
(1) The percentage of invested capital allowed as a credit under the invested capital method was reduced for 1942 as follows :

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Invested capital |  | Percentage allowed as <br> a credit under the <br> Revenue Act of |

(2) The unused excess profits credit for any taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1942, may be carried back and credited against the excess profits net income for the two preceding years (but not for any taxable year beginning before January 1, 1941), thereby reducing the adjusted excess profits net income for the earlier years. The unused excess profits credit for any taxable year which is not used as a carry-back may be carried forward to the two succeeding taxable years. For the taxable year 1941, the unused credit could be carried forward only.
(3) There is an increase in the excess profits tax rates. For a taxable year beginning in 1942, the excess profits tax rate is a flat 90 percent of adjusted excess profits net income. However, the total corporate normal tax, surtax, and excess profits tax (before any credits) is limited to 80 percent of surtax net income (before credit for adjusted excess profits net income). For 1941, the excess profits tax rates varied from 35 percent on the first $\$ 20,000$ of adjusted excess profits net income to 60 percent on amounts over $\$ 500,000$.
(4) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, and not beginning after December 31, 1943, the law provides a post-war refund of an amount equal to 10 percent of the excess profits tax for each taxable year. The amount due the tax-payer is represented by noninterest-bearing nonnegotiable bonds redeemable after January 1, 1946. However, part or all of such credit is available currently for debt retirement as explained in the following paragraph. No post-war refund applies if the taxable year began in 1941 and ended before July 1, 1942.
(5) At the election of the taxpayer a credit for debt retirement is allowed against the excess profits tax. This credit is limited to the lesser of (1) 10 percent of the excess profits tax or (2) 40 percent of the net debt reduction for the year. To measure the net debt reduction, the indebtedness as of the close of the taxable year is compared with the indebtedness as of September 1, 1942, or, if the taxable year begins after this date, with the smallest amount of indebtedness during the period beginning September 1, 1942, and ending with the close of the pre-
ceding taxable year. No credit for debt retirement is allowed for taxable years beginning in 1941, or ending before September 1, 1942.
(6) Provision is made for increasing the excess profits credit based on average earnings in certain cases. A corporation which, in any year of its base period, had income of less than 75 percent of the average of the three remaining years is allowed to substitute 75 percent of the average of the three other years in computing its base period average. Broader and more liberal provisions, retroactive to 1940 , have been made in the general relief granted under section 722. Taxpayers using the average earnings method of computing excess profits credit are permitted to have their base period earnings reconstructed in cases of abnormality or hardship, provided they can establish that their actual base period earnings were abnormally low. The excess profits credit tabulated herein is the amount originally reported and does not take into account whatever revisions may subsequently be made as the result of relief granted under section 722.
(7) Corporations with 1942 fiscal years ending after June 30 are required to compute two tentative taxes and prorate each in a manner similar to that described on page 4 for income tax.

## METHOD OF CREDIT COMPUTATION

Two measures are afforded for determining the portion of earninos to be considered as excess profits-one based on invested capital and referred to as the invested capital method, the other hased on prior earnings and referred to as the income method. Domestic corporations which were in existence before January 1, 1940 (either actually, or by reason of existence of a component corporation), and foreion corporations which meet certain additinnal recuirements with resnect to their business history are entitled to use whichever method results in the lesser tax. Other corporations are limited to the invested capital method but provision is made for relief in certain cases where this method provides an inadequate standard for determining excess profits. In general, the amount subiect to excess profits tax represents the excess of the earnings for the tavable year over the sum of the snecific exemption ( $\$ 5000$ for 1942), the excess profits credit descrihed below. and the unused excess profits credit adjustment described on page 50.

The excess nrofits credit under the invested capital method is computar hy first dotermining the invested capital for the tavable year, which takes into account both ecuity invested capital and borrowed invested capital on a dailv average basis. A oraduated percentage scale is then applied to the amount of invested capital to obtain the amount allowed as excess profits credit. For taxable years beoinning in 1942, the percentage of invested capital allowed as a credit is as follows:

| Amount of invested cavital: | Percentage allowed as | of invested capital excess profits credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 8 |
| Next $\$ 5,000,000$ |  | 7 |
| Next \$190,000,000 |  | 6 |
| Over \$200,000,000... |  | 5 |

The excess profits credit under the income method is 95 percent of the average base period income plus 8 percent of the net addition to capital (or minus 6 percent of the net reduction in capital) during the year for domestic corporations and 95 percent of an average base period net income for foreign corporations. The method based on income permits the base period net income to be determined on either a general average basis or on increased earnings in the last half of thhe base period. The base period consists of taxable years beginning after December 31, 1935, and before January 1, 1940.

Throughout basic tables 10-14, the returns are segregated according to the method of credit computation employed. This classification discloses that 31,864 or about 59 percent of the taxable corporation excess profits tax returns show excess profits credit based on invested capital, while 22,138 or about 41 percent show excess profits credit based on income.

The returns showing excess profits credit based on income are distributed about equally between those employing the general average method and those employing the increased earnings formula for computing average base-period net income. A summary of the results obtained from this classification follows:

[^13][Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Method of credit computation ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { re- } \\ \text { turns } \end{gathered}$ | Excess profits net income ${ }^{3}$ | Excess profits credit ${ }^{4}$ | Unused excess profits credit adjnstment ${ }^{5}$ | Adjnsted excess profits net income ${ }^{6}$ | Excess profits tax before credits ${ }^{7}$ | Credit for debt retirement ${ }^{8}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Post- } \\ & \text { war } \\ & \text { re- } \\ & \text { fnnd }{ }^{9} \end{aligned}$ | Excess profits tax less credit for debt retirement and post-war refund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Invested capital method. | 31, 864 | 6, 797, 364 | 1,932, 241 | 315, 367 | 4, 385, 384 | 3, 537, 234 | 119.499 | 188,348 | 3, 229,386 |
| Income method | 22, 138 | 10.2s7, 006 | 3,968, 975 | 97, 259 | 6, 109, 284 | $5,079,150$ | 99.841 | 356,882 | 4,622, 428 |
| General average | 10,893 | 5, 610, 192 | $2,160,574$ | 35,708 | 3,394, 749 | 2, 880, 065 | 57, 514 | 216,915 | 2, 605, 636 |
| Increased earnings. | 11,245 | 4, 646, 813 | 1,808, 400 | 61,551 | 2, 714,534 | 2, 199, 055 | 42.326 | 139,967 | 2,016,792 |
| Total | 54,002 | 17, 084,370 | 5,901, 216 | 412, 626 | 10, 494, 667 | 8,616,384 | 219,340 | 545, 230 | 7,851,814 |

For footnotes, see p. 51-52.

## DATA FROM INCOME TAX RETURNS SHOWING INCOME SUBJECT TO EXCESS PROFITS TAX

To supplement the information obtained from corporation excess profits tax returns, Form 1121, there are shown below two tabulations prepared from corporation income and declared value excessprofits tax returns, Form 1120, on which a credit for income subject to excess profits tax was claimed in the computation of normal tax net income. The returns used for this purpose include those filed for the calendar year 1942, a fiscal year ending within the period July 1942 through June 1943, or a part year with the greater portion of the accounting period in 1942. The number of such returns and the amount of income subject to excess profits tax are classified by industrial divisions in the first following table and by total assets classes in the second following table. In addition, there is shown throughout both tables the amount of excess profits tax, less credit for debt retirement and post-war refund, reported on the corresponding excess profits tax returns, Form 1121. For tabulations showing the amounts of income subject to excess profits tax and excess profits tax by major and minor industrial groups, see basic table 2, pages $80-91$.

The industrial classification discloses that 43.4 percent of the returns and 76.8 percent of the excess profits tax are accounted for by the manufacturing industry. Corporations engaged in trade rank next highest with 35.2 percent of the returns and 11.2 percent of the tax. The distribution by industrial divisions is as follows:
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial divisions ${ }^{10}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{11}$ | Excess profits tax less credit for debt retirement and post-war refund | Percentage distribution |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Returns | Tax |
| Mining and quarrying | 762 | 110, 247 | 87,994 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
| Manufacturing........ | 23,383 | 7, 963, 833 | 6, 013, 037 | 43. 4 | 76.8 |
| Public utilities | 2, 804 | 633,482 | 544,058 | 5. 2 | 6.9 |
| Trade-- | 18,995 | 1, 128, 247 | 873,049 | 35. 2 | 11.2 |
|  | 2,993 | 121,236 | 91,060 | 5.5 | 1.2 |
| real property...--......------- | 2,038 | 61, 130 | 47,773 | 3. 9 | . 6 |
| Construction. | 2, 264 | 207, 580 | 158, 660 | 4. 2 | 2.0 |
| A griculture, forestry, and fishery | 626 | 22, 210 | 16,725 | 1.2 | 2 |
| Total classified | 53,915 | 10, 297, 965 | 7,832, 357 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Nature of business not allocable Excess profits tax not classified ${ }^{7}$ | 167 | 4,790 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,734 \\ 15,723 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Grand total. | 54, 082 | 10, 302, 756 | 7, 851, 814 |  |  |

For footnotes, see p. 51-52.

Returns with total assets of $\$ 1,000,000$ and over, while representing only 16.2 percent of the total number of returns with balance sheets, account for 85.4 percent of the excess profits tax. The distribution by total assets classes is shown below:
[Total assets classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Total assets classes ${ }^{12}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{11}$ | Excess profits tax less credit for debt retirement and post-war refund | Percentage distribution |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Returns | Tax |
| Under 50 | 7,103 | 28,620 | 21,782 | 13.5 | . 3 |
| 50 under 100 | 8,377 | 77,533 | 59,352 | 15.9 | . 8 |
| 100 under 250 | 13, 908 | 294, 937 | 224,961 | 26.5 | 2.9 |
| 250 under 500 | 8,713 | 448,548 | 338, 939 | 16.6 | 4.4 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 5,937 | 651,652 | 490,564 | 11.3 | 6.3 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 6,364 | 1,998, 824 | 1,508, 400 | 12.1 | 19.4 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 971 | 998, 065 | 757, 841 | 1.8 | 9.7 |
| 10,000 under 50,000 | 876 | 2, 413, 779 | 1,843, 173 | 1.7 | 23.7 |
| 50,000 under 100,000 | 135 | 823,760 | 626,435 | . 3 | 8.1 |
| 100,000 and over.-.- | 154 | 2,446,847 | 1,899, 717 | . 3 | 24.4 |
| Total classified.....-. | 52, 538 | 10, 217, 564 | 7, 771, 163 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Balance sheets not available | 1,544 | 85, 191 | $64,928$ |  |  |
| Grand total. | 54,082 | 11), 302, 756 | 7, 851, 814 |  |  |

For footnotes, see p. 51-52.

## UNUSED EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT ADJUSTMENT

The unused excess profits credit adjustment tabulated herein is the amount originally reported, generally consisting only of the carry-over of unused excess profits credit from the two preceding taxable years, and does not take into account whatever revisions may subsequently be made as the result of any carryback of unused excess profits credit from the two succeeding tax years. The unused excess profits credit for any taxable year, as determined for purposes of carry-over or carry-back, is the amount by which the excess profits credit for such taxable year exceeds the excess profits net income.

Of the 54,002 taxable corporation excess profits tax returns, there are 8,319 which show unused excess profits credit adjustment in the aggregate amount of $\$ 412,626,467$. Basic table 14 , pages 314-316, contains additional data tabulated from these returns and shows the distribution of such returns by adjusted excess profits net income classes and by method of credit computation.

## CONSOLIDATED RETURNS

A total of 269 affiliated groups of corporations filed taxable consolidated excess profits tax returns for 1942. These returns, representing 2,067 parent and subsidiary concerns, show an excess profits tax of $\$ 517,297,384$, after credits.

Of the 269 taxable consolidated returns, 172 show excess profits credit computed on the basis of invested capital and 97 on the basis of income. Data from the taxable consolidated returns are included in all the tabulations pertaining to Form 1121 throughout this report and are presented separately in basic tables 12 and 13 , pages $308-313$.

## Footnotes for text tables, pages 45-50

(Facsimiles of return forms, to which references are made, appear on pp. 383-424)
${ }^{1}$ Excess profits tax data for 1942 are limited to axable returns. As explained on page 45, the mounts shown are prior to certain adjustments fhich are made after the returns are filed.
${ }^{2}$ Excess profits tax data for 1941 shown in text able page 45 are limited to taxable returns to corespond with 1942 data shown in the same table.
${ }^{3}$ The excess profits net income is obtained from he normal-tax net income by making certain adjustnents, consisting principally of the exclusion of ong-term capital gains and losses, and dividends -ceived from domestic corporations. For returns with taxable year beginning in 1942, the normal-tax ret income used for this purpose is computed withut allowance of credit for income subject to excess orofits tax and without allowance of dividends eceived credit; for 1941, the normal-tax net income ased for this purpose was computed without deducion of excess profits tax.
${ }^{4}$ The excess profits credit is a deduction from che excess profits net income and is computed by one or the other of the following methods:
(a) Under section 713 of the Internal Revenue Code the credit is based on income, and for domestic corporations is 95 perceut of the average base period set income plus 8 percent of net capital addition or minus 6 percent of net capital reduction; for foreign corporations this credit is 95 percent of the average base period net income. The method based on income permits the base period net income to be determined on either a general average basis or on increased earnings in the last half of the base period. The base period, in general, begins after December 31, 1935, and ends with the close of the last taxable year beginning before January 1, 1940.
(b) Under section 714 the credit is based on invested capital, and, for returns with taxable year beginning in 1942, the percentage of invested capital allowed as a credit is as follows: First $\$ 5,000,000,8$ percent; next $\$ 5,000,000,7$ percent; next $\$ 190,000,000$, 6 percent; and orer $\$ 200,000,000,5$ percent. For returns with taxable year beginning in 1941, if the invested capital method is used, the excess profits credit is 8 percent of invested capital not in excess of $\$ 5,000,000$ plus 7 percent of the invested capital in excess of that amount.
${ }^{5}$ The unused excess profits credit adjustment tabulated herein is the amount originally reported, generally consisting only of the carry-orer of unused excess profits credit from the two preceding taxable years, and does not take into account whatever revisions may subsequently be made as the result of any carry-back of unused excess profits credit from the two succeeding tar years. For the taxable year 1941, the unused credit could be carried forward only.

- The adjusted excess profits net income is the excess profits net income less the sum of the specific exemption, excess profits credit, and unused excess profits credit adjustment. For part year returns, the amounts of excess profits net income and adjusted excess profits net income have been placed 1 on an annual basis. As explained on page 45, the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returns are filed.

7 The excess profits tax shown is that imposed by section 710 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended and should not be confused with the declared value excess-profits tax. For 1942 the amount shown is the excess profits tax liability reported on corporation excess profits tax returns, less the credit for debt retirement and the net post-war refund, except that in the table on page 48 the item "excess profits tax before credits" is taken directly from item 18(c), page 1, Form 1121, and shows the amount of tax before such credits. The 1942 tax is after the amount deferred under section $710(a)(5)$ (relating to abnormalities under section 722) as well as adjustments under other relief provisions. Owing, in some instances, to the nonarailability of the corresponding income and declared value excess-profits tax return for matching with the corporation excess profits tax return, $\$ 15,723,446$ of the total excess profits tax shown for 1942 is not distrihuted by industrial divisions and total assets classes. As explained on page 45 , the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the retums are filed.

The amount for 1941 is the excess profits tax deduction (item 35, page 1, Form 1120, for 1941) allowed in the computation of normal-tax net income, except that for fiscal years beginning in 1940. with the greater part of the accounting period in 1941, there is tabulated the amount of excess profits tax liability (item 32, page 1, Form 1121, for 1940).
${ }^{8}$ At the election of the taxpayer a credit for debt retirement is allowed against the excess profits tax. This credit is limited to the lesser of (1) 10 percent of the excess profits tax or (2) 40 percent of the net debt reduction for the year. To measure the net debt reduction, the indebtedness as of the close of the taxable year is compared with the indebtedness as of September 1, 1942, or, if the taxable year begins after this date, with the smallest amount of indebtedness during the period beginning September 1, 1942, and ending with the close of the preceding taxable year. No credit for debt retirement is allowed for taxable years beginning in 1941 or ending before September 1, 1942.
${ }^{9}$ For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, and not beginning after December 31, 1943, the law provides a post-war refund of an amount equal to 10 percent of the excess profits tax for each taxable year. The amount due the taxpayer is represented by non-interest-bearing nounegotiable bonds redeemable after January 1, 1946. However, part or all of such credit is available currently for debt retirement as explained in note 8 .
No post-war refund applies if the taxable year began in 1941 and ended hefore July 1, 1942. For taxable years beginning in 1941 and ending after June 30, 1942, the Revenue Act of 1943 limits the post-war refund to 10 percent of the prorated tentative tax computed under the 1942 law. Howerer, the returns for such taxable years were filed previcus to February 29, 1944, the date of the 1943 Act, and accordingly show post-war refunds computed under the Revenue Act of 1942 which. in such cases, provided for a smaller amount of refund, equal to 10 percent of the excess of the actual tax liability over the tentative tax computed under the 1941 law.

## Footnotes for text tables, pages 45-50-Continued

## (Facsimiles of return forms, to which references are made, appear on pp. 383-424)

10 The industrial classification is based on the business activity reported on the return. When multiple businesses are reported on a return, the classification is detcrmined by the business activity which accounts for the largest percentage of total receipts. Therefore, the industrial groups do not reflect pure industry classifications. The industrial groups are based on the Standard Industrial Classification, issued by the Division of Statistical Standards, Bureau of the Budget, Executive Office of the President.
11 "Income subject to excess profits tax," allowed as a credit in computing normal tax and surtax net income for taxable years beginning in 1942, is, in general, equal to the adjusted excess profits net income. However, in case the excess profits tax is determined as provided in section 721 (relating to abnormalities in income in the taxable period), section 726 (relating to corporations completing contracts under the Merchant Marine Act of 1936), scetion 731 (rclating to corporations engaged in mining strategic minerals), or section $736(\mathrm{~b})$ (relating to corporations with income from long-term contracts), the credit for income subject to excess profits tax is the amount of which the excess profits
tax is 90 percent. For the purpose of computing such credit, the excess profits tax used is the ta: computed without regard to the limitation provide in section $710(\mathrm{a})(1)(\mathrm{B})$ (the 80 percent limitation) without regard to the credit provided in section 729 (c) and (d) for foreign taxes paid, and withou regard to the adjustments provided in section 73 . in case of position inconsistent with prior incom tax liability. As explained on page 45, the amount shown are prior to certain adjustments which ar made after the returus are filed.

12 Assets and liabilities are tabulated as of Decem ber 31, 1942, or close of fiscal year nearest thereto Total assets classes are based on the net amount o total assets after reserves for depreciation, depletion amortization, and bad debts. Adjustments art made in tabulating the data, as follows: (1) Reserves when shown under liabilities, are used to reduce corresponding asset accounts, and "Total assets" and "Total liabilities" are decreased by the amount of such reserves, and (2) a deficit in surplus, shown under assets, is transferred to liabilities, and "Total assets" and "Total liabilities" are decreased by the amount of the deficit.

## PERSONAL HOLDING COMPANY RETURNS (FORM 1120H)

The total number of personal holding company returns, Form 1120 H , for 1942 filed during the calendar year 1943 is 4,551 . Of this total, 281 returns show undistributed subchapter A net income of $\$ 2,044,100$, while 4,270 returns show no undistributed subchapter A net income. The tax liability reported is $\$ 1,382,311$. These figures compare with the data for 1941 as follows:

Personal holding company returns, 1942 and 1941

|  | 1942 | 1941 | Increase or decrease |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number or amount | Percent |
|  | 4, 551 | 5, 501 | -950 | -17.27 |
| Returns with undistributed subchapter A net income: Number |  |  | $-33^{*}$ | -10.51 |
|  | \$2,044, 100 | \$1, 143, 054 | \$901, 046 | 78. 83 |
|  | \$1,382, 311 | \$1, 001, 707 | \$380, 604 | 38.00 |
| Returns with no undistributed subchapter A net income | 4,270 | 5,187 | -917 | -17.68 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes 11 returns with undistributed subchapter. A net income of $\$ 312,985$ which are nontaxable as a result of the alternative tax computation.

The data in this section are tabulated from personal holding company returns, Form 1120H, for the calendar year 1942, a fiscal year ending in the period July 1942 through June 1943, and a part year with the greater part of the accounting period in 1942. Data from corporation income and declared value excessprofits tax returns, Form 1120, filed by personal holding companies are not included in this section but are included in all tabulations pertaining to Form 1120 throughout this report. Annual information returns, Form 958, required to be filed by each officer and director of foreign personal holding companies defined in section 331 of the Internal Revenue Code, are not included in this report.

Personal holding company returns, Form 1120 H , are filed under the provisions of subchapter A, chapter 2, of the Internal Revenue Code, which levies a surtax at graduated rates on the undistributed subchapter A net income of corporations classified as personal holding companies. The surtax thereby imposed is in addition to the corporation income and declared value excessprofits taxes reported on Form 1120. Personal holding companies are exempt from the surtax levied by section 102 of the Code on corporations improperly accumulating surplus and are likewise exempt from the corporation excess profits tax imposed under section 710 of the Code.

The personal holding company surtax rates for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, are 75 percent of the undistributed subchapter A net income not in excess of $\$ 2,000$, and 85 percent of the amount thereof in excess of $\$ 2,000$. For corporations with net long-term capital gain in excess of net shortterm capital loss, an alternative tax is provided, which, in effect, limits the total tax on such excess to 25 percent. A comparison of prior year rates is shown in note 43 , page 371 .

In section 501 of the Code, a personal holding company is defined, in general, as any corporation if (1) at least 80 percent of its gross income for the taxable year is personal holding company income; but if the corporation is a personal holding company for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1936, then, for each subsequent taxable year, the minimum percentage is 70 percent in lieu of 80 percent, until a taxable year during the whole of the last half of which the stock ownership required in (2) does not exist, or until the expiration of three consecutive taxable years in each of which less than 70 percent of the gross income is personal holding company income; and (2) at any time during the last half of the taxable year more than 50 percent in value of its outstanding stock is owned, directly or indirectly, by or for not more than five individuals.

The term "personal holding company" does not include a corporation exempt from taxation under section 101; a domestic bank or trust company, a substantial part of the business of which consists of receiving deposits and making loans and discounts or exercising fiduciary powers; a life insurance company; a surety company ; a foreign personal holding company (as defined in section 331) ; a licensed personal finance company under State supervision, at least 80 percent of the gross income of which is lawful interest received from individuals each of whose indebtedness to such company did not at any time during the taxable year exceed $\$ 300$ in principal amount, if such interest is not payable in advance or compounded and is computed only on unpaid balances; a loan or investment corporation, a substantial part of the business of which consists of receiving funds not subject to check and evidenced by installment or fully paid certificates of indebtedness oi investment, and making loans and discounts, and the loans to a person who is a shareholder in such corporation during such taxable year by or for whom 10 percent or more in value of its outstanding stock is owned directly or indirectly (including in the case of an individual, stock owned by the members of his family) outstanding at any time during such year do not exceed $\$ 5,000$ in principal amount; and a foreign corporation if (a) its gross income from sources within the United States for the three previous consecutive years has been less than 50 percent of its total gross income from all sources and (b) all of its stock outstanding during the last half of the taxable year is owned by nonresident alien individuals, whether directly or indirectly through other foreign corporations.

Personal holding company income, which enters into the foregoing classification, is denned in section 502 of the Code as the portion of gross income which consists of: (a) Dividends, interest (other than interest constituting rent under $(g)$ ), royalties (other than mineral, oil, or gas royalties), and annuities; (b) gains from stock and security transactions, except in the case of regular dealers; (c) gains from commodities transactions; (d) income from estates and trusts; (e) income from personal service contracts; ( $f$ ) amounts received as compensation for a shareholder's use of corporation property; ( $g$ ) rents, unless constituting 50 percent or more of the gross income; and ( $h$ ) mineral,
il, or gas royalties, unless such royalties constitute 50 percent or more of the gross income, and unless the deductions allowable 'or expenses under section 23(a) (other than compensation for jersonal services rendered by shareholders) constitute 15 per:ent or more of the gross income. For further explanation of and exceptions pertaining to the above items, see instruction (A) or Form 1120 H , facsimile on page 423.

The subchapter A net income, computed as the first step in the letermination of personal holding company surtax liability, inludes personal holding company income and other income as well. It is obtained from the net income for income tax computaion (item 35, page 1, Form 1120) by making the following adjustments, described here in the order of computation on the face of Form 1120 H :
A. Deductions not allowed-
(1) The 1941 capital loss carry-over (allowed in the computation of chapter 1 net income) is not allowed in computing subchapter A net income.
(2) Expenses and depreciation which are allocable to the operation and maintenance of property owned or operated by the personal holding company, and which are allowed as deductions under chapter 1 of the Code, are disallowed for purposes of chapter 2 , subchapter A, to the extent that they exceed the rent or other compensation received for the use of the property. For exceptions to this provision, see instruction 4, Form 1120 H , facsimile on page 424.
(3) The net operating loss deduction (allowed in the computation of chapter 1 net income) is not allowed in computing subchapter A net income.
B. Additional deductions-
(1) In lieu of contributions or gifts deducted in computing chapter 1 net income, there is substituted a deduction for contributions or gifts made within the taxable year in an amount not in excess of 15 percent of the taxpayer's net income, such net income being computed under the provisions of chapter 1 without a deduction for contributions or gifts and adjusted to the extent described in A (2), above.
(2) Federal income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes, as well as income and profits taxes paid to a foreign country or United States possession, are deductible to the extent not allowed in computing chapter 1 net income. This provision does not apply to surtax on corporations improperly accumulating surplus or to surtax on personal holdine companies.
(3) Amounts paid in liquidation of liability of the corporation based on liability of a decedent to make contributions or gifts are also deducted in arriving at the subchapter A net income.
Undistributed subchapter A net income is derived from the subchapter A net income by deducting (a) the amount of dividends paid credit provided in section 27 (a) (1) and (2), computed without the benefit of the credit for interest on certain Government obligations, (b) amounts used or irrevocably set aside to pay or to retire indebtedness of any kind incurred prior
to January 1, 1934, if such amounts are reasonable with reference to the size and terms of such indebtedness, (c) dividends paic after the close of the taxable year and before the 15th of the third month following the close of the taxable year, and (d) amounts distributed in redemption of certain preferred stock Amounts deductible under ( $\alpha$ ) and (c) are computed as providec in section 504 (a) and (c). See instruction (i), Form 1120H facsimile on page 423.

The two tables which follow are based on returns as filed, prio1 to revisions that may be made as a result of audit by the Burear of Internal Revenue. The first table shows the number of returns with subchapter A net income, classified by size of subchaptel A net income, while the second table shows the principal items reported for the computation of the surtax.

Personal holding company returns, 1942 , with subchapter A net income, by subchapter A net income classes and by returns with undistributed subchapter A net income and return. with no undistributed subchapter A net income: Number of returns

| Subchapter A net income classes <br> (Thousands of dollars) | Number of returns with subchapter A net income |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | With undistributed subchapter A net income | With no undistributed subchapter A net income |
| Under 5 | 1,101 | 165 | 936 |
| 5 under 10 | 408 | 33 | 375 |
| 10 under 25. | 561 | 30 | 531 |
| 25 under 50 | 346 | 18 | 328 |
| 50 under 100 | 263 | 17 | 246 |
| 100 under 500. | 284 | 17 | 267 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 24 | 1 | 23 |
| 1,000 under 5,000. | 11 | - | 11 |
| 5,000 and over-- | 1 | - | 1 |
| Total.- | 2,999 | 281 | 2,718 |

chapter A net income and with no subchapter A net income, and by returns with undistributed subchapter A net income and uith no undistributed
subchapter A net income: Number of returns, chapter 1 net income or deficit, subchapter A net income or deficit, deductions, undistributed subchapter [Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  | $\stackrel{\text { All }}{\text { returns }}$ | Returns with chapter 1 net income ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no chapter 1 net income 1 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | With subchapter A net income |  | With no subchapter A net income | Total | With subchapter A net income |  | With no subchapter A net income |  |
|  |  | With undistributed subchapter A net income | With no undistributed subchapter A net income | With undistributed subchapter A net income |  |  | With no undistributed subchapter A net income |  |  |
|  | All returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 34,551 145,867 |  | 261 7,250 | 2,633 160,138 | $\begin{array}{r}40 \\ 395 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}81,617 \\ \\ \\ \hline 121,915\end{array}$ | 20 -165 | 85 3,187 | $\begin{array}{r}31,512 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ \hline 18563\end{array}$ |  |
|  | - Subchapter A net income or deficit | 13.5. 737 | 147.881 | 6. 537 | 141,651 | 4306 | 412.144 | $\begin{array}{r}165 \\ +35 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,187 \\ 613 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}18,563 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3 |
| 4 | Deductions: <br> Dividends paid credit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | A mounts paid or irrevocably set aside to pay or retire indebtedness of any hind incurred prior to January 1, 1934. | 9, 130 | 8, 310 | 4, 1120 | $\begin{array}{r} 177,736 \\ 7,940 \end{array}$ | 323 50 | 2, 820 | 25 | 867 166 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,974 \\ 654 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ |
| 6 | A mounts distributed in redemption of certain preferred stock. | 10, 470 | 10,236 |  | 10, 236 |  | 234 |  |  | 234 | 6 |
| 7 |  | 871 | 862 | 65 | 797 |  | 9 | 2 | 7 | ${ }^{(5)}$ | 7 |
| 8 | Total deductions | 205. 511 | 201.583 | 4,502 | 196, 709 | 373 | 3,928 | 27 | 1,040 | 2,861 | s |
| 10 | Undistributed subchapter A net income or de Tax liability | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 469,774 \\ 1,382 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 53,7027 \\ 1,378 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,035 \\ & 1,378 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{4} 55,058$ | ${ }^{4} 679$ | ' 16,072 | 4 | ${ }^{4} 427$ | 4 15,654 | 109 |
|  | Returns with surtax computed at regular rates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 12 | Number ${ }_{\text {Undistributed }}$ | 1,245 | 1, ${ }_{232} 2$ | 1, 232 | --.....--- |  | 16 3 | 16 |  |  | 11 |
| 13 |  | 1,039 | 1,036 | 1,036 |  |  | ${ }_{3}$ | 3 |  |  | 13 |
|  | Returns with alternative tax: ${ }^{3}$ |  | 118 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 |  | 25 | 22 | 22 |  |  | 3 | 3 |  |  | 14 |
| 18 | Alternative tax........................... | 495 | 492 | 492 |  |  | 3 | 3 |  |  | 15 |
|  |  | 343 | 342 | 342 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 16 |
|  | Returns with no tax: Number | ${ }^{3} 34,281$ | ${ }^{2} 2,683$ | ${ }^{2} 10$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | Undistributed subchapter A net income or deficit | 341, 505 | 2455,426 | ${ }^{2} 311$ | 4 55,058 | ${ }^{4} 679$ | 2416, 079 | 22 | 4427 | - 15, 654 | 18 |

[^14]Less than \$500.

## HISTORICAL DATA

## CORPORATION INCOME AND PROFITS TAX RETURNS

Section 21 of the Revenue Act of 1916 authorized the prepara tion and publication annually of statistics with respect to thi operation of the Federal income tax law. Classifications of tax payers and of income, amounts allowed as deductions and exemp tions, and any other facts deemed pertinent and valuable ari required. The information for 1916 and subsequent years in thi report is from "Statistics of Income," published annually i accordance with section 21 of the 1916 Act and correspondin provisions in subsequent Federal tax laws. The information fo: 1909 through 1915 is from the reports of the Commissioner o: Internal Revenue.

Summaries of data from corporation income and profits tas returns for the years 1909-42, showing the number of returns and amount of gross income, net income, deficit, tax, items receipts, deductions, assets, liabilities, and dividends paid, ari presented in aggregate, and by (1) net income and deficit classes (2) total assets classes, (3) industrial groups, and (4) States and Territories, for returns with net income and for returns with no net income, where applicable. Some items are not shown for all years or for all classifications. The paragraphs below summarize the years, the classifications, and the items covered by each historical table. Descriptions of the classifications and of the items will be found in footnotes as indicated on each table There are included summaries of the returns of corporations which filed on a consolidated basis for income and profits tax purposes, for the years 1928-42. The factors affecting the comparability of historical data are discussed on pages 60-62, anc a synopsis of corporation income and profits tax rates, credits, and other provisions of the Federal tax laws affecting the historical data in this report appears on pages $360-381$.

Table 15, pages $320-321$, presents, for 1909-42, the number of returns, and amount of gross income, net income or deficit, income tax, excess profits taxes, total tax, and, for 1922-42, dividends paid segregated as to those paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock, and those paid in the corporation's own stock. These items are shown for returns with net income and for returns with no net income, where applicable. The total number of returns includes the returns of inactive corporations. For 1909-26 the number of returns of inactive corporations is not available, being included in the number of returns with no net income; for 1927-42 the number of returns of inactive corporations may be determined by deducting the sum of the returns with net income and the returns with no net income from the total number of returns.

Table 16, pages $322-323$, shows, for the years $1933-42$, by net income and deficit classes, the number of returns and the amount of net income or deficit.

In table 17, pages 324-325, composite data for returns with net ncome and returns with no net income are shown for each of he years 1926-42. The items tabulated consist of the number if returns, detailed receipts and deductions, compiled net profit Ir net loss, net income or deficit, net operating loss deduction, axes, compiled net profit less total tax, and dividends paid egregated as to (1) those paid in cash and assets other than he corporation's own stock and (2) those paid in the corporaion's own stock. It should be noted that the figures in this table ure in millions of dollars; also that the number of returns for 1926 includes the returns of inactive corporations.

In table 18, pages $326-329$, the data are from returns with jalance sheets and, as in table 17, are presented in composite form ior returns with net income and returns with no net income. For zach of the years 1926-42, itemized assets and liabilities are shown, and, for 1931-42, itemized receipts and deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, net operating loss deduction, taxes, compiled net profit less total tax, and dividends paid segregated as to (1) those paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock and (2) those paid in the corporation's own stock. It should be noted that the figures in this table are in millions of dollars; also that the number of returns for 1926 includes returns of inactive corporations reporting complete balance sheet information.

Table 19, appearing for the first time in this report, presents, for the years 1931-42, for returns with balance sheets, the number of returns, total assets, and net income, by size of total assets. The total assets classes and the amounts of total assets and net income are all expressed in thousands of dollars.

Table 20 shows, by industrial groups, and table 21, by States and Territories, for 1933-42, for returns with net income and for returns with no net income, the number of returns, and amount of gross income, net income or deficit, and, where applicable, income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax. In both tables the number of returns of inactive corporations may be determined by deducting the sum of the number of returns with net-income and the number of returns with no net income from the total number of returns. In table 20, the industrial groups for 1938-42 have been adjusted to correspond, in so far as possible, to the major groups in Statistics of Income for 1931 through 1937, by the method described in note 55 , page 356 . The factors affecting the comparability, over a period of years, of data classified industrially, are discussed on pages 61-62, and a chart showing the industrial groups in which changes occur between 1942 and 1941 is shown on page 7. A discussion of the comparability of data distributed geographically appears on page 61.

Table 22, page 351, presents a summary of the consolidated corporation returns for 1928-42, filed for income tax purposes. This table shows the number of consolidated returns and the number of subsidiaries whose income is included therein. For
returns with net income there are shown the number of returns total compiled receipts, net income, net operating loss deductior and income tax; for returns with no net income there are show the number of returns, total compiled receipts, and deficit. 1 synopsis of the requirements for filing consolidated returns fo the years 1917-42 appears on pages 375-381.

Tables 23 and 24, which appear for the first time in this report show data from the excess profits tax returns for $1940-42$. T'abl 23 shows the total number of taxable excess profits tax return and the amount of excess profits net income, excess profits credit unused excess profits credit adjustment, adjusted excess profit net income, and excess profits tax. Table 24 shows, for taxabl consolidated excess pronts tax returns, the same items as tabl 23 , also the number of subsidiaries whose income is includer therein. A synopsis of the requirements for filing consolidater excess profits tax returns appears on page 379 of this report.

## COMPARABILITY OF HISTORICAL DATA

Returns included.-The data in each volume of Statistics 0 Income, beginning with the first which was compiled from return: for 1916, are from returns for the calendar year indicated, fos fiscal years ending within the period July of the calendar yeas through June of the succeeding year, and for part years wit? the greater number of months of the accounting period falling within the calendar year.

While the returns included in each report are those filed fo: comparable periods of time, there are tactors which interfer with the precise comparability of the data over a period of years among which are the following:

Contents of items.-Changes in provisions of the Federal tas laws frequently affect the contents of items on the returns and in consequence, the classifications based on such items, thereby resulting in a certain nonhomogeneity of the data over the perioc of years. For example: Under provisions of thhe Revenue Act of 1936, "Net income" for 1936 and subsequent years includes dividends from domestic corporations and excludes "Contributions." For 1942 and thereafter, the net income reported by life insurance companies is the net income before deduction of the single credit allowed in lieu of the several deductions previously allowed in arriving at net income. The effect of this change is to increase both the number of life insurance companies reporting net income and the amount of net income reported. Such changes affect gross income, deductions, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit, deficit, and tax liability, as well as the number of returns classified "With net income" and "With no net income." Therefore, in comparing the data, consideration should be given to these developments. Changes in the contents of the items also ressult from shifts in the industrial classification, which are described below. The basic variations are explained in footnotes indicated on the tabulations which are affected.

The items, in general, for 1934 through 1941 are not precisely comparable. with those for 1917-33, by reason of the discon.tinuance, under the Revenue Act of 1934, of the privilege of filing consolidated income tax returns (except by railroad corporations and their related holding and leasing companies and, for 1940 and 1941, Pan-American trade corporations) and the consequent appearance, in the separate returns filed by corporations formerly included in an affiliated group, of items which, owing to "intercompany eliminations," did not appear on the consolidated return. Beginning 1942, the consolidated return privilege is again extended, in general, to all corporations. (See table C, pages 375381.)

Geographic distribution.-The distribution by States and Territories is not strictly comparable from year to year by reason of the variation in corporate capital structure. Through transfer of ownership, separate returns may be filed for each concern of an affiliated group of companies which formerly filed on a consolidated basis. Since the law requires a corporation return to be filed in the collection district in which is located the princinal place of business or princibal office of the cornoration making the return, the separate returns of the formerly affiliated companies mav or may not be filed in the same State as that in which the consolidated return was filed. Vice versa. comnanies whirh have been filino separate returns mav lose their identity through having been merred into the cornorate structure of a parent company as branches or departments, and therefore discontinue filine senarate returns.

Industrial rlmesifiration.-A enrnnration is rlassifiod industrially according to the business reported $n \eta$ the return. When diversified artivities are renorted. the classification is determined by the industry which arrounts for the larmect nercontame of receints. Therefore. industrial srouns mav contain data for artivities nther than thase on which the clascifications are hased. The data by industrial clascification for 1934 thronoh 1911 are not strictly comnarahle with surh data for prior vears. die to the reneral dicrnntinnance. under the Revenue Act of 1934. of the nrivilege of filing consolidated returns for income-tax purnoses. Prinr to 1934. a consolidated return was classified on the predominant activity of the group of affiliater concerns. whereas. for 1934 and subsenment years, the senarate roturn filed bv earh concern which was formerlv a nart of an affiliated groun is classified on its prednminant. industry. Consolidated returns were nermitted to be filed for 1934 throuch 1941 bv ornuns of affiliated common carriers by railroad and their related holdine or leasing companies (including electric railwavs after 1935. and trackless trollev and bus systems after 1937) and. for 1940 and 1941, by Pan-American trade corporations. Beoinning 1942, the consolidated return privilege is again extended, in general, to all corporations.

As a result of the initial application of the Standard Industrial Classification to the corporation returns for 1938, the number
of industrial groups, for purposes of Statistics of Income for 1938, was increased over the number of groups for 1937, and certain changes were made in the contents of the groups in order to adapt the Standard Classification, which is designed on an establishment basis, to corporation returns which are filed on an ownership basis. A comparison of the major industrial groups for 1938 and 1937 appears in Statistics of Income for 1938, Part 2, pages 241-248. The classification for 1939 is the same as that for 1938. Charts showing the changes in the major industrial classification between 1940 and 1939 are shown on pages $310-311$ of the 1940 report; the changes between 1941 and 1940 are shown on pages $300-301$ of the 1941 report; and the changes between 1942 and 1941 are shown on pages 7-8 of this report.

## SOURCE BCOK OF STATISTICS OF INCOME

The Source Book consists of a series of unpublished volumes containing tabulations of financial information from income and profits tax returns, by more detailed classifications than in the published reports, Statistics of Income. The Source Book volumes are maintained in the Statistical Division, Bureau of Internal Revenue, and are available for research purposes to officials of the Federal, State, and other governmental units and to qualified representatives of accredited organizations. Permission to copy data from the Source Book may be obtained upon presentation of a written request addressed to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

The cornoration data in the Source Book are from the income and profits tax returns for 1926 through 1942. The data are tabulated in agregate (1) for all returns and (2) for returns with balance sheets, also segregated in both instances as to returns with net income and returns with no net income.

For the years 1932-34, tabulations of data from consolidated returns are also shown. A considerable number of corporations filine consolidated returns for 1932 and 1933 were denied this privilece for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1933, bv section 141 of the Revenue Act of 1934. which limited the filing of consolidated returns to common carriers by railroad and their related holding and leasin companies. These tabulations were made to show the shift effected by this provision of the Revenue Act of 1934 on data from the returns for 1934 as compared with corresponding items from the returns for prior years. (Berimning 1942, the privilege of filing consolidated returns is again extended, in general, to all cornorations.)

Two charts presenting a résumé of the data from corporation returns available in the Source Book follow. The first shows the years and classifications for which the items are available and the second is a detailed presentation of the industries for which the items are available in the major group tables and in the minor group tables. By use of these two charts one can quickly deter-
nine whether or not the desired data are available in the Source 3ook. For example: To determine the availability of figures repesenting gross sales of anthracite coal mining companies for the rears 1926 through 1942, the first chart shows that gross sales will be found for the years 1926 through 1942 for major and minor industrial groups; the second chart (items 9, 10, 11, under "Mining and quarrying") shows that anthracite mining is included with bituminous, etc., for the years $1926-27$ but is cabulated separately for 1928-42.
Chart I.-Data available in the Source Book of Statistics of Income from corporation returns for the years 1926-1942


[^15]lem


[^16]



Amortization
Depletion...
Amortizatio
Loss, sale of

Chart I.-Data available in the Source Book of Statistics of Income from corporation returns for the years 1926-1942-Con.


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-1942: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables
(For list of items available, see Chart I)

| Industrial group | Data available in |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Major group tables | Minor group tables |
|  | for the years |  |
| Mining and quarrying, total | 1926-42 | 1926-42 |
| Metal mining-Iron, copper, lead, zinc, gold, silver, quicksilver, etc | 38-42 | 26-42 |
| Iron....-.-. - .-. - |  | 38-42 |
| Copper |  | 38-42 |
| Lead and zinc. |  | 38-42 |
| Gold and silver |  | $38-42$ |
| Other metal mining |  | $38-42$ |
| Metal mining not allocable |  | 38-42 |
| Coal mining-Anthracite, bituminous, peat, coke (nonmetal mining) |  | 26-27 |
| Coal mining-Anthracite.------------------------------------ | 38-42 | 28-42 |
| Coal mining-Bituminous, lignite, peat, e | 38-42 | 23-42 |
| Oil and gas (Nonmetal mining, 26-27) |  | 26-37 |
| Petroleum_---------------- | 38-39 | 38-39 |
| Oil, gas, and natural gasoline |  | 38-39 |
| Field service operations |  | 38-42 |
| Crude petroleum and natural gas production. | 40-42 | 40-42 |
| Crude petroleum, natural gas and natural gasoline production |  | 40-42 |
| (Nonmetalic mining and quarrying) Quarrying-Stone, clay, sand, gravel, precious and semiprecious stones; holders and lessors |  | 26 |
| Other minerals-Asbestos, clay, granite, precious and semiprecious stones, salt (mines), etc |  | 27-37 |
|  | 38-42 | $38-42$ |
| Stone, sand, and gravel -....---- |  | 38-42 |
| Other (nonmetallic) mining and quarrying |  | 38-42 |
| Nonmetallic mining and quarrying, not allocable |  | 38-42 |
| All other mining and quarrying not preciscly defined. |  | 26 |
| Mining and quarrying not elsewhere classified (specified) |  | 27-37 |
| Mining and quarrying not allocable. | 38-42 | 38-42 |
| Manufacturing, total.. | 26-42 | 26-42 |
| Food products, beverages, and tobacco | 26-30 | $26-30$ |
| Food products, including beverages. | 31-32 | 31-32 |
| Food and kindred products (not including beverages or tobacco) | 33-42 | 33-42 |
| Bakery and confectionery products. |  | 26-37 |
| Bakery products. |  | 38-42 |
| Confectionery .... |  | 38-42 |
| Canned products-Fish, fruit, vegetables, poultry, et |  | 27-37 |
| Canning fruits, vegetables, and sea foods...........-. |  | 38-42 |
| Meat packing and packing-house products. |  | 26 |
| Packing-house products-Fresh meats, ham, lard, bacon, meat canning, by-products, etc |  | 27-37 |
|  |  | 38-42 |
| Milling products-Bran, flour, meal |  | 26 |
| Mill products-Bran, flour, feed, etc. |  | 27-37 |
| Grain mill products except cereal preparations. |  | 38-42 |
|  |  | 38-42 |
|  |  | 38-42 |
| Sugar (refining)-Cane, beet, maple, and products |  | 26-42 |
| Food preparations, breakfast foods, dairy products, butter substitutes, beverages, spices, fish canning, fruit and vegetable canning, poultry and products; manufacture of ice, soft drinks; brewers, distillers, etc. |  | 26 |
| Other food products-Artificial ice, butter substitutes, cereals, coffee, spices, dairy products, etc.; food products not elsewhere classified (specified) |  | 27-37 |
|  |  | 38-39 |
| Other food products, including flavoring sirups and ice.. |  | 40-42 |
|  |  | 38-42 |
| (Beverages)-Soft drinks, wine, cereal beverages, mineral water; brewing and distilling |  | 27-28 |
|  |  | 29-32 |
|  | 33-37 | 33-37 |
| Soft drinks-Cider, mineral or spring water, etc.-...-. -- |  | 33-37 |
| Liquors-Wines, beer, malt extract, malt yeast, alcohol, et |  | 33-37 |
|  | 38-42 | 38-42 |
| Breweries and malt products |  | 38-39 |
| Malt liquors and malt |  | 40-42 |
| Distilleries, rectifiers, blenders |  | 38-39 |
| Distilled, rectified, and blended liquors |  | 40-42 |
|  |  | 38-42 |
| Nonalcobolic beverages |  | 38-42 |
| Bevcrages not allocable. |  | 38-42 |
| Tobacco-Cigars, cigarettes, etc. |  | 20 |
| Tobacco, cigarettes, cigars, snuff, etc |  | $27-30$ |
| Tobacco manufactures (products). | 31-42 | 31-42 |

Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-1942: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Chart I)

|  | Industrial group | Data available in |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Major | Minor |
|  |  | group | group |
| tables | tables |  |  |

Textiles and textile products
Textiles and textile products, including fur
Textiles and their products.
Textile-mill products
Textile-mill products, except cotton
Cotton goods - Dress goods, cotton yarn; napping, dyeing, etc
Cotton goods-Dress goods, plain cloth, etc.; napping, dyeing
Cotton manufactures
Woolen and worsted goods-Wool yarn, wool carpets, etc
Woolen and worsted goods-Wool yarn, wool pulling, etc
Woolen and worsted goods-Wool yarn, dress goods, wool pulling
Woolen and worsted manufactures, including dycing and finishing
Silk and rayon goods-Silk fabrics, spinning, etc
Silk manufactures.
Rayou and other synthetic textile-mill manufactures
Rayon and silk manufactures
Knit goods-Sweaters, hosiery, etc
Hats, except cloth and millinery
Carpets, floor coverings, composition floor coverings, tapestries, ete
Carpets, floor coverings, tapestries, etc.
Carpets, and other floor coverings
Dyeing and finishing textiles, except woolen and worsted
All other textiles and textile products-Felt goods, linen, flax, fur goods, cordago, ete
Textilss not clsewhere classified (specified), cord, felt, fur, hospital and surgical supplies, linen, other textiles, etc
Other textile-mill products.
Textile-mill products not allocable
T xtile-mill oroducts, except cotton, not allocable
(Apparel)-Clothing-Custom made, hats, caps, underwear, shirts, etc
Clothing-Custom made, factory made, coats, underwear, millinery, and clothing not elsewhere classified (specified)
Clothing and apparel-Custom made, factory made, coats, underwear, millinery, etc Anparel and products made from fabrics
Men's clothing.
Women's clothing
Fur garments and accessories
Millinery.
for the years
1926-35 $\quad 1926-28$

Millinery.

$27-28$
$29-37$
38-42
26-37
38-40
38-40
41-42
26-42
38-42
27-28
29-37
38-42
38-42
2
27-37
38-42
38-40
41-42
26

Apparel and products made from fabrics, not allocable
Leather and (leather) products (Manufactures)
Boots, shoes, slippers, etc. (Leather)
Footwear, except rubber
27-35
36-37
8-42
38-42
38-42
38-42
38-42
38-42
38-42
38-42
26-42
26-37
38-42
Gloves, saddlery, harness, trunks; tanning, etc.
Other leather products-Gloves, saddlery, harness, trunks; finishing and tanning leather, etc.
Lather tanning, currying, and finishing (tanned, curried, and finished)
Other leather products.
Leather and products not allocable
Rubber and rubber goods
Ribbrr and related products
Rubber products
s (inner) tubes
Rubber boots, shoes, hose; celluloid ivory bone ete
Other rubber goods-Boots, shoes, hose, and artificial rubber
Other rubber products, including rubberized fabrics and clothing
Rubber products not allocable
Bone, celluloid, and ivory produots
(Included in No. 115 for 1926 and in No. 266 for 1938-42)
Lumber and wood products.
Forest products
Lumber and timber bacic products
Sawmill and planing mill products.
Logging (camps) and sawmills
27-37
38-42
38-42
38-42
26
27-29
$27-29$
$30-42$
$30-42$
26-42
26
27-37
38-42
38-39
27-37
26-29
26-29
30-37
38-42
38-42
6-37
38-42
Planing mills
$38-42$
$38-42$
38-39
Furniture-House and office; carriage and wagon bodies, all other lumber and wood products.
Other wood products-Carriages, wagons, furniture, baskets, etc
Furniture (wood and metal)
$38-4$
38-42
38-42

Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-1942: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Chart I)


Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-1942: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Chart I)


Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-1942: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Chart I)

Gas companies, natural and artificial-
Gas production and distribution, except natural gas production

Water (companies) irrigation systems, etc_
All other public utilities-Terminal stations, toll bridges and toll roads, irrigation systems, etc.Public utilities not elsewhere classifiedOther public utilities not allocable.

Electric railways, all other railroads, Pullman cars; refrigerator, stock, poultry and fruit cars; lessors
Railways, street, suburban, and interurban; bins lines (city and suburban)
Railways, street, suburban, and interurban, including bus lines operated in conjunction therewith.
Local transportation, taxicab, and sightseeing busses, drayage and delivery service; special feed storage and packers, garages, etc
Auto bus lines, taxicabs, and sightseeing companies
Bus lines, interstate and interurban.
Taxicab companies
Other highway passenger transportation
Cartage and storage-Food storage; packing and shipping; local transportation and
related industries not elsewhere classified (specified)
Trucking, interstate and interurban
Trucking, local; and warehousing
Highway freight transportation, warehousing, storage
Air (aerial) transportation (Included in No. 316 for 1926).
Air (aerial) transportation (and allied services, 1938-42)
Pipe lines (Included in No. 316 for 1926; No. 318 for 1927-33)
Pipe lines (Pipe line transportation)
Water transportation
Water transportation and related activitics-Ocean and fresh-water lines, canals, docking, drawbridge operating, lighterage, salvaging, piloting, wharfing; lessors
Other transportation and allied services
Services incidental to transportation
Transportation not allocable.
Telephone, telegraph, and radio companies
Telephone and telegraph companies.
Communication.
------------
Telcphone and radio telephone
Telephone (wire and radio)
Telegraph and radio telegraph
Telegraph (wire and radio) and cable.
Radio broadcasting companies $\qquad$
Radio broadcasting and television.
Other communication.
Other public utilities
Electric light and power
Electric light and power companies and combined electric light and gas companies Electric light and power

Gas distribution and manufacture
Water works and all other public utilities, aerial transportation, irrigation systems, pipe lincs, pneumatic tube systems, toll bridges, etc
Water (companies)

321. Other public utilities not allocable

Data available in

| Major | Minor <br> group <br> group <br> tables |
| :--- | :--- |

for the years
$-$

38-42
26-37 38-39

38-42
;hart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-1942: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of Items available, see Chart I)

| Industrial group | Data available in |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Trade, total

Wholesale.
Commission.
Commission merchants
Other wholesalers
Food, including market milk dealers, wholesale
Alcoholic beverages, wholesale.
Apparcl and dry goods, wholesale.
Hardware, electrical goods, plumbing and heating equipment, wholesale.
Lumber and millwork, wholesale
Wholesalers not elsewhere classified
Wholesalers not allocable
Retail
General merchandise, department, dry goods, retail
General merchandise (includes department, dry goods, etc.)
Limited-price variety stores
Mail-order houses
Food stores, retail
Food stores, including market milk dealers, retail.
Package liquor stores, retail.
Drug stores, retail
Apparel, retail
Apparel and accessories, retail.
Furniture and house furnishings, retail
Eating and drinking places (including restaurants)
Dealers in automobiles, accessories, tires, batteries, retail.
Automotive dealers, retail.
Motor vehicle dealers, retail
Automobiles and trucks, retail.
Accessories, tires, and batteries, retail.
A ccessories, parts, etc., retail
Dealers in automobiles, etc., not allocable
Filling stations
Hardware, retail
Lumber and coal yards, retail
Building materials, fuel, and ice
Other retail trade
Rotail trade not allocable
Wholesale and retail trade.
All other trade, auto wreckers, film exchanges, renting of costumes, decorations, furniture, machinery, etc., also lease or sale and service of special systems or devices and processes and their accompanying supplies, as tabulating and
for the years
accounting machines, etc.
All other trade-Auto wreckers, film exchanges, pneumatic tubes, trading stamps, garages for storage, repair service, etc.
Trade not allocable.
Service, total
Restaurants, hotels, laundries, all domestic services, etc
Domestic service-Laundries, hotels, restaursnts, etc.-
Domestic service-Laundries, hotels, restaurants, operating apartments or office buildings, etc.-
(Restaurants included in No. 347 for 1938-42)
Personal service--...-.-.-.-.-.
Hotels and other lodging place
Laundries. cleaners and dyers.
Photographic studios.
Other personal service
Personal service not allocable
Business service-Detective bureaus, trade shows. mimeographing, publishing directories, advertising, etc. (Includes electrical advertising.)
Business service
Advertising.
Other business service
Business service not allocable
Automobile repair services $\qquad$ Automotive repair services and garages...
Miscellaneous repair services, hand trades.
Professional, business, educational, curative, legal, engineering, etc. services.
Professional service-Curative, educational, engineering, legal, etc.

| 1926-42 | 1926-42 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 38-42 | 26-42 |
|  | 26-37 |
| 40-42 | 40-42 |
| 40-42 | 40-42 |
|  | 40-42 |
|  | 40-42 |
|  | 40-42 |
|  | 40-42 |
|  | 40-42 |
|  | 40-42 |
|  | 40-42 |
|  | 40-42 |
| 38-42 | 26-42 |
| 38-39 | 38-42 |
| 40-42 | 40-42 |
| 38-39 | 38-42 |
| 38-39 | 38-42 |
| 38-39 | 38-39 |
| 40-42 | 40-42 |
| 38-42 | 38-42 |
| 38-42 | 38-42 |
| 38-39 | 38-39 |
| 40-42 | 40-42 |
| 38-42 | 38-42 |
| 38-42 | 38-42 |
| 38-39 | 38-39 |
| 40-42 | 40-42 |
|  | 38-39 |
|  | 40-42 |
|  | 38-39 |
|  | 40-42 |
|  | 38-39 |
| 38-42 | 38-42 |
| 38-42 | 38-42 |
| 38-39 | 38-39 |
| 40-42 | 40-42 |
| 38-42 | 38-42 |
| 38-42 | 38-42 |
|  | 27-37 |

926-42
26-42
40-42
40-42
40-42
$40-42$
$40-42$
40-42
40-42
40-42
40-42
6-42
38-42
40-42
38-42
8-42
40-42
38-42
-42
40-42
38-42
8-42
40-42
38-39
0-42
40-42
38-39
8-42
38-39
40-42
-42
27-37

Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-1942: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Chart I)


Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-1942: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Chart I)

|  | Industrial group | Data available in |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Major group tables | Minor group tables |
|  |  | for the years |  |
| 442. | Stock and bond brokers |  | 1926 |
| 443. | Stock and band brokers, investment bankers. |  | 27-29 |
| 444. | Stock and bond brokers, investment brokers, investment bankers, and investment trusts_ |  | 30-33 |
| 445. | Stock and bond brokers, investment brokers, investment bankers. |  | 34-37 |
| 446. | Security and commodity exchange brokers and dealers.-. | 1938-42 | 38-42 |
| 447. | Other finance companies | 38-42 | 38-42 |
| 448. | Finance not allocable. | 40-42 | 40-42 |
| 449. | Insurance companies. |  | 27-37 |
| 450. | Insurance carriers, agents, etc | 38-42 | 38-42 |
| 451. | Insurance carriers... | 40-42 | 40-42 |
| 452. | Life insurance companies (mutual or stock) |  | 26-42 |
| 453. | Accident, casualty, fire, marine, mutual, fidelity and bonding companies |  | ${ }^{26}$ |
| 454. | Other insurance-Accident, casualty, fire, marine, title, etc.... |  | 27-37 |
| 455. | Insurance companies, except life.. |  | 38-39 |
| 456. | Carriers other than life, and mutual |  | 40-42 |
| 457. | Mutual insurance, except life. |  | 40-41 |
| 458. | Mutual insurance, except life or marin |  | 42 |
| 459. | Insurance agents, brokers, etc.-- | 40-42 | 38-42 |
| 460. | Real estate (Included in No. 431 for 1926) |  |  |
| 461. | Ral estate and holding companies; realty development, holding or leasing; realty trusts; securities. |  | 27-29 |
| 462. | $R$ al estate and realty holding companies-Realty development, holding or leasing; realty trusts, ctc |  | 30-37 |
| 463 | Real estate including lessors or buildings.........---.-. | 38-42 | 38-42 |
| 464 | Dealers and development companies, lessors of buildings, lessee aud owner operators of buildings. |  | 38-39 |
| 465. |  |  | 40-42 |
| 466. | Lessee operators of buildings.-.-----. |  | 40-42 |
| 467. | Owners for improvement. |  | 40-42 |
| 468. | Trading for own account_ |  | 40-42 |
| 469. | Real estate agents, brokers, ete-.-. .-...-. |  | 38-42 |
| 470. | Real estate, including lessors of buildings not allocable |  | 38-42 |
| 471. | Lessors of real property, except buildings. | 38-42 | 38-42 |
| 472. | Agricultural, forest, etc. properties.- |  | 38-42 |
| 473. |  |  | 40-42 |
| 474. | Railroad properties |  | 38-42 |
| 475. | Public utility properties.- |  | 38-42 |
| 476. | Other real property, except buildings. |  | - 38-42 |
| 477. | Lessors of real property, except buildings, not allocable |  | 38-42 |
| 478. | Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property not allocab | 38-39 | 38-39 |
| 479. |  | 26-42 | 26-42 |
| 480. | Building and construction above ground; equipping and installing machinery; wrecking, razing, moving, etc_ |  | 26 |
| 481. | Building and construction above ground-Installing machinery, moving, wrecking, razing, ctc |  | 27-37 |
| 482. | General contractors.- |  | 38-42 |
| 483. | Excavation, road building, water front construction, railroad construction, shipbuilding, etc ("Shipbuilding and repairing," 1927-42, No. 257 and No. 258) |  | 26 |
| 484. | Other construction, underground and on surface-Bridge building, water front construction, related industries, etc |  | 27-37 |
| 485. |  |  | 38-42 |
| 486. | Construction not allocable .-...-- |  | 38-42 |
| 487. | Agriculture and related industries | 26-37 | 26-37 |
| 488. |  | 38-42 | 38-42 |
| 489. | Farming-Fruit, cotton, grain, stock, and all other farming, including lessors --..... |  | 26 |
| 490. | Farming-Cotton, grain, stock; borticulture and all other farming; lessors of farm lands |  | 27-37 |
| $491 .$ |  | 38-42 | 38-42 |
| 492. | Related industries-Forestry, fishing, ice harvesting, agricultural industries not precisely defined; holders and lessors. |  | 26 |
| 493. | Related industries-Forestry, fishing, ice harvesting, and other related industries; holders and lessors |  | 27-37 |
| 494. |  | 38-42 | 38-42 |
| 495. | Fishery -- | 38-42 | $38-42$ 38 |
| 496. | Agriculture, forestry, and fishery, not allocable- | 38 $26-37$ | 38 $26-37$ |
| 497. | Nature of business not given | 26-37 | 26-37 |
| 498. | Nature of business not allocable, except trade. Nature of | $38-40$ <br> $41-42$ | $38-40$ $41-42$ |

## CORPORATION INCOME

AND

## DECLARED VALUE EXCESS-PROFITS TAX RETURNS

## BASIC TABLES

1. States and Territories, general summary-all returns.
2. Major and minor industrial groups, general summary-all returns.
3. Major industrial groups (Receipts and deductions)-all returns.
4. Major industrial groups (Assets and liabilities, receipts and de-ductions)-returns with balance sheets.

4-A. Major industrial groups (Assets and liabilities, receipts and deductions)-consolidated returns with balance sheets.
5. Total assets classes (Assets and liabilities, receipts and deduc-tions)-returns with balance sheets.

5-A. Total assets classes (Assets and liabilities, receipts and deduc-tions)-consolidated returns with balance sheets.
6. Total assets classes and major industrial groups (Selected assets, liabilities, and receipts)-returns with balance sheets.
7. Net income and deficit classes and type of tax liability-all returns.
8. Net income and deficit classes (Dividends received and interest received on Government obligations)-all returns.
9. Net income and deficit classes (Dividends paid)-all returns.

Table 1.-Corporation returns, 1942, by States and Territories, for returns with net net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, leclared value excess-profits tax, and excess profits tax
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp, 298-300.
inccine and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, for returns with net income: Income subject to excess profits tax, total tax, income lax,
thousands of dollars]

| Returns with net income ${ }^{3}$-Continued |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Taxes-Continued |  |  | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{9}$ | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{9}$ |  |
| Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Declared value excessprofits tax ${ }^{7}$ | Excess profits tax |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21,255 | 507 | 55, 406 | 19,035 | 853 | 36,819 | 2,689 | 267 |  |
| 439 | 36 | 5, 775 | 10,456 | 74 | 2,306 | 2,689 | 47 |  |
| 3,496 | 143 | 4,953 | 3,122 | 370 | 14,668 | 2, 330 | 38 |  |
| 7,413 | 253 | 10,549 | 7,210 | 531 | 23, 251 | 1,827 | 238 |  |
| 270, 148 | 4,644 | 441, 550 | 308, 009 | 7,120 | 506, 058 | 52,637 | 10, 339 |  |
| 20,515 | 229 | 19,618 | 34, 881 | 1,598 | 60,783 | 6,521 | 303 |  |
| 83, 161 | 1,153 | 245, 021 | 92,174 | 3,125 | 164, 262 | 11,208 | 1,277 |  |
| 113, 628 | 206 | 131, 169 | 297, 156 | 811 | 46.760 | 11,301 | 1,117 |  |
| 40, 310 | 280 | 36, 362 | 29. 939 | 671 | 52, 663 | 3,164 | 590 |  |
| 18, 143 | 867 | 24, 982 | 18,129 | 3,371 | 98,566 | 11, 761 | 517 | 10 |
| 41, 897 | 802 | 70,311 | 45, 480 | 1,375 | 59,837 | 4,844 | 485 | 11 |
| 14, 273 | 231 | 24,797 | 21, 349 | 89 | 2, 130 | , 352 | 4 | 12 |
| 5.227 380 | $\begin{array}{r}93 \\ -5,94 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 676, ${ }^{761}$ | 7,345 409 | 10.520 | 19.661 | -1,598 | ${ }_{8} 453$ | 13 |
| 64, 726 | 1,149 | 163, 365 | 78, 168 | 3,071 | , 131, 379 | 11,198 | 8, 694 | 15 |
| 23, 586 | 574 | 30,966 | 24, 747 | 1,759 | 83, 280 | 5, 104 | 946 | 16 |
| 62,472 | 1,107 | 39, 122 | 38, 207 | 1,075 | 39.089 | 2,950 | 319 | 17 |
| 31,114 | 436 | 75,026 | 40,762 | 1,205 | 65,448 | 3,688 | 418 | 18 |
| 24, 140 | 534 | 33, 939 | 36, $0: 35$ | 1,776 | 58, 253 | 5,401 | 996 | 19 |
| 13,598 | 223 | 21, 951 | 14,294 | 1,226 | 45, 936 | 5. 195 | 374 | 20 |
| 61, 446 | 526 | 82, 592 | 70. 180 | 1,773 | 118,985 | 16, 846 | 10,734 | 21 |
| 158, 303 | 3, 107 | 355, 995 | 204.990 | 8,016 | 496, 426 | 32,779 | 3, 663 | 22 |
| 258, 184 | 4,932 | 465, 505 | 294.046 | 4,049 | 279, 328 | 30, 886 | 4, 054 | 23 |
| 79, 193 | 1,780 | 77, 589 | 62, 306 | 2,739 | 214, 622 | 13,555 | 3, 941 | 24 |
| 7.081 137,987 | 1.200 | 10, 213 | 6.6.643 135,451 | 600 4,084 | 21,116 178,612 | 1, 1,686 | 2, 293 | 25 |
| 137,987 5,506 | 1,755 | 168,756 4,467 | 135,451 6,078 | 4,084 | 178,612 20,298 | 15,166 2,403 | 2, 540 | 26 27 |
| 16, 325 | 441 | 24, 180 | 19,761 | 1,013 | 32, 653 | 2,635 | 170 | 28 |
| 4,837 | 52 | 2,845 | 5,734 | 273 | 7,768 | 1,221 | 27 | 29 |
| 6,459 | -86 | 10,699 | 7,496 | 503 | 21, 988 | 1,481 | 78 | 30 |
| 133, 333 | 1,523 | 226. 076 | 183, 374 | 12,687 | 626, 960 | 52,819 | 7, 922 | 31 |
| 1,682 | 1. 43 | 1. 1488 | 2, 269 | 55, 292 | 8,870 | 1,746 | ${ }^{26}$ | 32 |
| $1,108,081$ 66.027 | 9,797 590 | $1,672,294$ 118,021 | 1, 657, 401 | 55,551 1,514 | $3,468,060$ 64,477 | 381,931 3,549 | 32, 3688 | ${ }_{34} 3$ |
| 1. 534 | 88 | . 996 | 1,443 | - 548 | 12, 427 | 3,731 | 207 | 35 |
| 282, 465 | 6, 095 | 886.211 | 332, 607 | 6, 713 | 489, 130 | 52,787 | 5,852 | 36 |
| 35, 531 | 418 | 21, 820 | 36, 574 | 1,667 | 83,081 | 7, 368 | 1,228 | 37 |
| 16, 721 | -432 | 41,225 | 17,537 | 1,221 | 37, 844 | 3, 260 | 141 | ${ }^{38}$ |
| 358, 970 | 5,989 | 766, 490 | 444, 047 | 7,712 | 775, 107 | 66, 130 | 7, 317 | 39 |
| 23,887 17,930 | 806 392 | 74,311 64,871 | 26,326 12,750 | 1,058 903 | 54.949 42.245 | 3,160 1,849 | 241 157 | 40 |
| 17, 2,379 | 196 | 64,715 | 12,750 2,256 | 603 | 42,245 12,146 | 1, 9,304 | 153 | 4 |
| 28, 630 | 737 | 52, 333 | 28, 503 | 1,141 | 55, 748 | 4,496 | 304 |  |
| 94, 414 | 1,480 | 84,848 | 132, 324 | 4,527 | 234, 631 | 31,619 | 3,434 | 4 |
| 10, 146 | 160 | 8, 601 | 12,938 | 707. | 29,755 | 3, 550 | 118 | 4 |
| 4, 823 |  | 15, 702 | 4, 822 | 507. | 28, 104 | 1, 599 | 116 | 46 |
| 49,591 | 2,220 | 109,030 | 55,541 | 1,875 | 81:332. | 8,448 | 485 | 48 |
| 34,796 20,680 | 844 223 | 117,860 28,658 | 45,886 28,070 | 2, 1,4336 | 98,463 70.869 | 9, 411 5,527 | 540 607 | 48 |
| 68,999 | 2,112 | 225, 014 | -68, 757 | 4,353 | 151,927 | 13,975 | 1,937 | 5 |
| 1,892 | 110 | 1,669 | 2, 688 | 299 | 8;499 | 845 | 53 | 5 |
| 4,337, 728 | 66, 854 | 7,851, 814 | 5, 490, 167 | 172, 723 | 11,520, 297 | 1,000, 746 | 116,918 |  |

Table 2.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups and minor industrial total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets tax, total tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, and excess profits tax
[Money figures in

|  | Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts | Net income ${ }^{3}$ | Income subject to excess profits $\operatorname{tax}^{5}$ |
| 1 | All industrial groups | 479,677 | 269, 942 | 206, 160, 215 | 24, 052, 358 | 10, 302, 756 |
| 2 | Mining and quarrying | 11, 184 | 4,307 | 3, 434, 941 | -445, 926 | 110,247 |
| 3 | Metal mining | 2,092 | 301 | 1, 229, 062 | 226, 360 | 60, 202 |
| 4 | Iron. | 96 | 34 | 176, 192 | 17, 110 | 4,935 |
| 5 | Copper | 103 | 16 | 650, 051 | 129,657 | 41,323 |
| 6 | Lead and zinc | 237 | 68 | 188, 264 | 25,682 | 7,325 |
| 7 | Gold and silver | 996 | 98 | 64,922 | 15,011 | 108 |
| 8 | Other metal mining .-.- | 214 | 37 | 91, 309 | 30,930 | 6,508 |
| 9 | Metal mining not allocabi | 446 | 48 | 58, 324 | 7,969 | 6, 2 |
| 10 | Anthracite mining. | 148 | 79 | 219, 671 | 10,588 | 1,474 |
| 11 | Bituminous coal, lignite, peat, etc....- | 1,921 | 906 | 1, 126, 449 | 77, 042 | 16,832 |
| 12 | Crude petroleum and natural gas production. | 4,496 | 2,087 | 488,579 | 72,309 | 8,664 |
| 13 | Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gasoline production. | 3,943 | 1,891 | 412,626 | 65, 399 | 7, 802 |
| 14 | Field service operations............- | 553 | 196 | 75, 953 | 6,910 | 863 |
| 15 | Nonmetallic mining and quarrying...- | 1,668 | 911 | 366, 256 | 58,654 | 22, 419 |
| 16 | Stone, sand, and gravel ............. | 1,281 | 753 | 262, 669 | 39,338 | 17. 140 |
| 17 | Other nonmetalfic mining and quarrying. | 369 | 152 | 101,319 | 18,771 | 5,059 |
| 18 | Nonmetallic mining and quarrying not allocable. | 18 | 6 | 2,268 | 545 | 190 |
| 19 | Mining and quarrying not allocable .-. | $\begin{array}{r}859 \\ 84 \\ \hline 75\end{array}$ | 59, 23 | 4, 924 | -973 | 656 |
| 20 |  | 84,795 | 59,723 | $115,443,852$ | 13, 809, 135 | 7, 963, 833 |
| 21 | Food and kindred products | 9,782 | 7,036 | 15,992, 504 | 942,299 | 308, 385 |
| 22 | Bakery products .---------------- | 1,668 | 1,147 | 1,251,345 | 91,955 | 26, 868 |
| 23 | Confectionery .-.-.-.-.-....-.-.-.-.- | . 575 | , 485 | 661,052 | 86,559 | 37, 928 |
| 24 | Canning fruits, vegetables, and sea foods. | 1,413 | 1,065 | 1,415,668 | 150,671 | 70,088 |
| 25 | Meat produets --.-.-.-.-.........- | 897 | 689 | 6, 375, 011 | 121, 261 | 31, 547 |
| 26 | Grain mill products, except cereal preparations. | 1,056 | 818 | 1,754, 611 | 77, 707 | 26,546 |
| 27 | Cereal preparations.---....-.-.-.-. - | 63 | 37 | 252, 355 | 32, 293 | 10, 202 |
| 28 | Dairy products.-..-------------------- | 1,761 | 1, 239 | 2, 045, 203 | 107, 441 | 25,456 |
| 29 |  | 161 | . 138 | 692,100 | 63, 632 | 6,930 |
| 30 | Other food, including ice and flavoring syrups. | 1,841 | 1,225 | 1, 116,659 | 166,337 | 55, 631 |
| 31 | Food and kindred products not allocable. | 347 | 243 | 428,500 | 44,441 | 17, 190 |
| 32 |  | 2,973 | 2,285 | 2,611,760 | 280, 974 | 95, 613 |
| 33 | Malt liquors and malt | 530 | 368 | 1, 193, 487 | 120, 714 | 36, 105 |
| 34 | Distilled, rectified, and blended liquors. | 303 | 167 | 874,649 | 74,878 | 32,048 |
| 35 |  | $\begin{array}{r}164 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | . 115 | 63,952 | 6,303 | 3, 033 |
| 36 | Nonalcoholic beverages | 1,933 | 1,609 | 456,623 | 77, 297 | 23,726 |
| 37 | Beverages not allocab | 43 | 26 | 23, 049 | 1,781 | 701 |
| 38 | Tobacco manufactures. | 239 | 141 | 1,791,520 | 179. 255 | 42,258 |
| 39 | Cotton manufactures. | 834 | 752 | 2,828, 859 | 379, 281 | 259, 135 |
| 40 | Toxtile-mill products, except cotton .-- | 3,836 | 2,996 | 4,716, 253 | 492,504 | 285, 112 |
| 41 | Woolen and worsted manufactures, including dyeing and finlshing. | 532 | 435 | 1,386,568 | 139,503 | 91, 734 |
| 42 | Rayon and silk manufactures.-.-. - | + 440 | 349 | 681, 444 | 81, 654 | 45, 922 |
| 43 |  | 1,253 | 1,032 | 978, 076 | 97, 559 | 51, 452 |
| 44 | Hats, except cloth and millinery-.- | 289 | 171 | 115, 331 | 5,769 | 1. 090 |
| 45 | Carpets and other floor coverings.- | 111 | 74 385 | 285, 115 | 24, 441 | 7,761 |
| 46 | Dyeing and finishing textiles, except woolen and worsted. | 510 | 385 | 438, 643 | 53, 408 | 33.083 |
| 47 | Other textile-mill products........- | 424 | 352 | 444,708 | 44,906 | 22, 033 |
| 48 | Textile-mill products, except cotton, not allocable. | 277 | 198 | 386, 368 | 45,264 | 32,038 |
| 49 | Apparel and products made from fabrics. | 8,835 | 6,559 | 3,741,856 | 214,989 | 109, 359 |
| 50 |  | 1,784 | 1,436 | 1,326, 448 | 92,036 | 46, 227 |
| 51 | Women's clothing - ...................- | 3,718 | 2,846 | 1, 402, 972 | 56,996 | 25,368 |
| 52 | Fur garments and accessories...... | 764 | 424 | 103, 665 | 1,861 | 239 |
| 53 | Millinery. | 441 | 284 | 55, 056 | 1,036 | 79 |

groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, other than own stock; also, for returns with net income: Income subject to excess profits
thousands of dollars]

| Returns with net income ${ }^{3}$-Continued |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Taxes |  |  |  | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\text {日 }}$ | Num- <br> ber of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Deficit ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |
| Total tax | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Declared value excessprofits tax ${ }^{7}$ | Excess profits tax ${ }^{8}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12, 256, 396 | 4, 337, 728 | 66,854 | 7,851, 814 | 5,490, 167 | 172, 723 | 11, 520,297 | 1,000. 746 | 116,918 |  |
| 12, 197,643 | 109, 026 | 624 | -87,994 | 259, 737 | 4,608 | 11,567, 846 | 1, 56, 219 | 7,883 | 2 |
| 102, 593 | 52,879 | 272 | 49,442 | 161, 958 | 844 | 64, 810 | 11,595 | , 700 | 3 |
| 7,931 | 4,068 | 235 | 3,628 | 12,117 | 34 | 26,165 | 502 |  | 4 |
| 60. 673 | 26, 084 | (15) | 34. 593 | 101, 059 | 38 | 3, 443 | 615 |  | 5 |
| 12, 431 | 6,564 | 4 5 | 5,863 | 14,961 | $\begin{array}{r}94 \\ 384 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 11.848 8 8 | 1,458 | 2 | 6 |
| 5,634 13,859 | 5, 543 8,591 | 5 27 | -85 | 10,358 15,456 | 384 111 | 8,211 8,234 | 3,116 | 124 101 | 7 |
| 2,031 | 2,028 | (15) | 5,2 2 | 8,007 | 183 | 9,909 | 4, 209 | 473 | 9 |
| 4, 207 | 3. 122 | 4 | 1,081 | 6, 620 | 58 | 95, 186 | 2,275 | 23 | 10 |
| 33,790 | 20,737 | 88 | 12,966 | 23, 624 | 831 | 175, 852 | 9,127 | 759 | 11 |
| 26, 221 | 19,690 | 111 | 6,420 | 46, 860 | 2,078 | 186, 359 | 28, 508 | 6, 184 | 12 |
| 23,619 | 17,750 | 101 | 5,769 | 45,597 | 1,782 | 151,414 | 24, 541 | 5,942 | 13 |
| 2,602 | 1,940 | 11 | 651 | 1,263 | 296 | 34,945 | 3,967 | 242 | 14 |
| 30,320 | 12, 494 | 149 | 17,677 | 20,409 | 627 | 35,967 | 4,130 | 209 | 15 |
| 20,965 | 7,340 | 142 | 13,482 | 6,954 | 450 | 28,614 | 2,659 | 86 | 16 |
| 9,065 | 5,018 | 6 | 4,041 | 13, 291 | 173 | 7,146 | 1,464 | 121 | 17 |
| 290 | 136 |  | 154 | 165 | 4 | 207 | 7 | 2 | 18 |
| 512 | 104 | (15) | 408 | 265 | 170 | 9,673 | 584 | 8 | 19 |
| 8, 228, 017 | 2, 173, 112 | 41, 868 | 6,013.037 | 2, 496, 901 | 22,451 | 3, 997, 029 | 159, 033 | 14, 317 | 20 |
| 472, 196 | 229, 210 | 3,948 | 239, 039 | 238, 332 | 2, 394 | 1,892, 053 | 14, 173 | 3,195 | 21 |
| 45, 132 | 23, 529 | 132 | 21,470 | 26, 136 | 477 | 68, 571 | 1,989 | 86 | 22 |
| 48,610 | 18,310 | 482 | 29,818 | 20,501 | 84 | 4,631 | 304 | 4 | 23 |
| 82, 520 | 27,325 | 896 | 54, 299 | 29,671 | 279 | 27, 107 | 1,352 | 30 | 24 |
| 55,395 | 31, 808 | 207 | 23,380 | 23,473 | 193 | 1, 592, 737 | 4,294 | 2,584 | 25 |
| 39,478 | 18, 170 | 1,435 | 19,873 | 20,722 | 205 | 45, 622 | 1,735 | 227 | 26 |
|  | 8,640 | 236 | 7,649 | 11,694 | 17 | 621 | 19 |  | 27 |
| 51, 538 | 31, 252 | 156 | 20,179 | 21,594 | 464 | 77, 300 | 893 | 18 | 28 |
| 25, 735 | 20, 107 | 107 | 5,521 | 23, 603 | 15 | 20,637 | 558 | 92 | 29 |
| 85, 366 | 40, 548 | 180 | 44, 638 | 48, 320 | 571 | 45, 581 | 2,566 | 149 | 30 |
| 21,848 | 9, 521 | 116 | 12,210 | 12,617 | 89 | 9, 245 | 462 | 5 | 31 |
| 139, 821 | 68, 071 | 980 | 70,770 | 67, 041 | 528 | 83,281 | 4,922 | 310 | 32 |
| 59, 877 | 31,679 | 49 | 28, 148 | 29, 582 | 117 | 47,943 | 2,545 | 195 | 33 |
| 38.094 | 16,398 | 127 | 21,570 | 16,526 | 61 | 15, 168 | 1,447 | 99 | 34 |
| 3,385 | 1,005 | 102 | 2, 279 | 945 | 44 | 4,586 | 269 | 10 | 35 |
| 37, 523 | 18,632 | 685 | 18,207 | 19,872 | 297 | 15, 001 | 609 | 6 | 36 |
| ${ }^{942}$ | 357 | 18 | 567 | 116 | 9 | 584 | 52 |  | 37 |
| 86.903 | 53, 185 | 42 | 33, 676 | 70,781 | 84 | 8,657 | 303 | 20 | 38 |
| 243, 899 | 51,973 | 641 | 191, 230 | 45, 768 | 73 | 22, 432 | 1,464 | 16 | 39 |
| 293,750 90,075 | 79,208 18,813 | $\begin{array}{r}1,470 \\ \hline 268\end{array}$ | 213, 102 | 60,676 13,556 | $\begin{array}{r}750 \\ 84 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 109,817 18,596 | 6. 253 | 339 | 40 |
| 90,075 | 18,813 | 268 | 70,994 | 13,556 | 84 | 18,596 | 1,402 | 70 | 41 |
| 45, 957 | 13,513 | 290 | 32, 154 | 9,764 | 83 | 13,950 | 1,278 | 148 | 42 |
| 56, 595 | 16,781 | 431 | 39,383 | 12,985 | 191 | 16,488 | 900 | 62 | 43 |
| 2,420 | 1,518 | 22 | 879 | 1,394 | 116 | 20,851 | 408 | 32 | 44 |
| 12,550 32,187 | 6.315 7,719 | 27 132 | 6,208 24,336 | 6, 5,579 5,579 | +33 | 3,980 14,712 | 241 1,125 | ${ }_{15}^{2}$ | 45 |
| 25,604 | 8,350 | 58 | 17,196 | 7,576 | 63 | 6,677 | 526 |  |  |
| 28, 394 | 6,200 | 243 | 21,951 | 3,120 | 62 | 14, 563 | 374 | 3 | 48 |
| 118, 839 | 34,986 | 1,144 | 82, 709 | 22,098 | 2,173 | 212, 123 | 7,073 | 148 | 4 |
| 51,810 | 15,575 | 412 | 35,823 | 9,774 | 328 | 38.630 | 1,543 | 49 |  |
| 23, 927 | 9,669 | 352 | 18, 907 | 5,157 | 839 | 95, 138 | 2,533 | 59 | 51 |
| 595 | 403 | 18 | 173 | 126 | 336 | 32, 714 | 1,019 | 30 | 52 |
| 285 | 218 | 9 | 58 | 119 | 155 | 11,703 | 310 | 3 | 8 |

Table 2.--Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups and minor industrial total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets tax, total tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, and excess profits tax-
[Money figures in

|  | Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net incomes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Net <br> income ${ }^{3}$ | Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{5}$ |
| 54 | Manufacturing-Continued. <br> Apparel-Continued. <br> Other apparel and products made from fabrics. | 1,741 | 1,304 | 735, 452 | 57, 621 | 34, 187 |
| 55 | Apparel and products made from fabrics not allocable. | 387 | 265 | 118, 264 | 5,438 | 2,559 |
| 56 | Leather and products | 2, 053 | 1,667 | 2, 055, 805 | 140,449 | 66,709 |
| 57 | Leather, tanned, curried, and finished. | 333 | 269 | 574, 342 | 47,540 | 25,497 |
| 58 | Footwear, except rubber | 951 | 750 | 1,205, 395 | 76, 709 | 33, 779 |
| 59 | Other leather products | 747 | 628 | 257, 457 | 14,700 | 6,783 |
| 60 | Leather and products not allocable- | 22 | 20 | 18, 611 | 1,500 | 651 |
| 61 | Rubber products | . 508 | 404 | 1,882, 095 | 153, 826 | 72,462 |
| 62 | Tires and iuner tubes .---.-.--- | - 43 | 39 | 1,514.318 | 113, 521 | 49, 972 |
| 63 | Other rubber products, including rubberized fabries and clothing. | 465 | 365 | 367, 776 | 40,305 | 22, 490 |
| 64 | Lumber and timber basic products.--- | 2,658 | 1,850 | 1,652,036 | 193, 554 | 91,780 |
| 65 | Logging camps aud sawmills . ----- | 1,830 | 1,256 | 1, 282, 938 | 163, 211 | 75, 762 |
| 66 | Planing mills | -828 | 594 | 369,098 | 30, 343 | 16, 019 |
| 67 | Furniture and finished lumber proḍucts. | 4,159 | 2,935 | 1,790, 235 | 149,593 | 66, 467 |
| 68 | Furniture (wood and metal)...-...- | 1,867 | 1,393 | 876, 681 | 70,709 | 31,774 |
| 69 | Partitions and fixtures. | 391 | 214 | 65, 393 | 5,486 | 2. 745 |
| 70 | Wooden containers | 514 | 392 | 257, 366 | 23, 807 | 13,370 |
| 71 | Matches | 13 | 13 | 68, 211 | 6, 848 | 1,464 |
| 72 | Other finished lumber products, including cork products. | 1,259 | 846 | 431, 240 | 33,487 | 11,872 |
| 73 | Furniture and finished lumber products not qllocable. | 115 | 77 | 91,343 | 9, 256 | 5, 243 |
| 74 | Paper and allied products | 2,126 | 1,730 | 2, 825, 107 | 358,395 | 179,581 |
| 75 | Pulp, paper, and paperboard......- | 435 | 352 | 1,550,640 | 219, 240 | 107, 352 |
| 76 | Pulp goods and converted paper products. | 1,679 | 1,370 | 1,252,377 | 136,827 | 71, 199 |
| 77 | Paper and allied products not allocable. | 12 | 8 | 22,090 | 2,328 | 1,000 |
| 78 | Printing aud publisbing industries..-- | 10, 848 | 5,978 | 2,427, 819 | 251.055 | 63, 498 |
| 79 | Newspapers | 2,446 | 1,440 | -919,123 | 116, 120 | 24,058 |
| 80 | Periodicals | 959 | 510 | 335, 547 | 34, 805 | 10,541 |
| 81 | Books and music | 800 | 410 | 239, 658 | 22,956 | 4,815 |
| 82 | Commercial printing ----------- | 3,326 | 1,897 | 578, 370 | 48, 617 | 15, 729 |
| 83 | Other printing and publishing | 1,570 | 875 | 187, 4:36 | 17,502 | 6, 441 |
| 84 | Printing and publishing industries not allocable. | 1,747 | 846 | 167,686 | 11,055 | 1,914 |
| 85 | Chemicals and allied products.-.-..... | 6,618 | 4, 2.58 | 7,203, 329 | 1,140, 399 | 488, 268 |
| 86 | Paints, varnishes, and colors..--..-- | 877 | 625 | 802, 039 | 62,772 | 22, 372 |
| 87 |  | 195 | 118 | 607, 179 | 57, 449 | 5, 317 |
| 88 | Drugs, toilet preparations, etc--.-- | 2, 460 | 1,364 | 947, 741 | 180,995 | 66, 484 |
| 89 | Rayon (raw material) and allied products. | 7 | 5 | 158, 258 | 40,698 | 24, 171 |
| 90 | Fertilizers. | 276 | 228 | 239, 385 | 23, 076 | 4,286 |
| 91 | Oils, animal and vegetable, except lubricants and cooking oils. | 255 | 208 | 564, 116 | 35, 540 | 16,620 |
| 92 |  | 102 | 67 | 121, 249 | 18. 414 | 11,412 |
| 93 | Industrial chemicals | $6 \times 9$ | 508 | 2, 747, 199 | 583, 175 | 273, 225 |
| 94 | Other chemical products | 1, 142 | 733 | 2, 416, 711 | 45, 177 | :21,830 |
| 95 | Chemicals and allied products not allocable. | 615 | 402 | 599, 422 | 93, 104 | [42,552 |
| 96 | Petroleum and coal products.-........- | 605 | 389 | 7,530, 028 | 544,700 | 62, 695 |
| 97 | Petroleum refining --------------- | 416 | ... 276 | 7,028, 754 | 496, 902 | 39, 651 |
| 98 | Other petroleum and coal products. | 189 | … 113 | -501, 274 | 47,798 | 23, 044 |
| 99 | Petroleum and coal products not allocable. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100 | Stone, clay, and glass products...----- | 3, 131 | 1,841 | 2,237, 814 | 376, 320 | 207, 431 |
| 101 | Cut-stone products.-------------- | 408 | 185 | 35, 931 | 2,417 | 11.529 |
| 102 | Structural clay products.---------- | 766 | 380 | 247, 362 | 29,153 | 11,431 |
| 103 | Pottery and porcelain products...- | 208 | $\because 144$ | 151,681 | 16,975 | 9,339 |
| 104 | Qlass and glass products.--.------- | 444 | 287 | 573, 030 | 90,579 | 50,625 |
| 105 | Cement..... | 96 | 78 | 280,617 | 63, 251 | 25,436 |

## For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

## groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, other than own stock; also, for returns with net income: Income subject to excess profits Continued

thousands of dollars]

| Returns with net income ${ }^{3}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Taxes |  |  |  | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{9}$ | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Deficit ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock |  |
| Total tax | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Income } \\ & \operatorname{tax}^{6} \end{aligned}$ | Declared value excessprofits tax ${ }^{7}$ | Excess profits. tax ${ }^{8}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34,442 | 8,308 | 307 | 25, 827 | 6,505 | 411 | 26, 137 | 1,272 | 7 | 54 |
| 2,780 | 813 | 46 | 1.921 | 417 | 104 | 7,800 | 396 |  | 55 |
| 77,108 28,166 | 26,497 8,666 | 491 132 | $\begin{aligned} & 50,119 \\ & 19,368 \end{aligned}$ | 26,491 7,216 | 358 55 | $\begin{array}{r} 57,754 \\ 9,501 \end{array}$ | 2,261 350 | 50 5 | 56 57 |
| 40, 552 | 15,073 | 200 | 25, 279 | 17, 212 | 190 | 36, 1.58 | 1,441 | 12 | 58 |
| 7,534 | 2,462 | 127 | 4,945 | 1,696 | 111 | 12.035 | 468 | 33 | 59 |
| 856 | 295 | 33 | 527 | 367 | 2 | 60 | , |  | 60 |
| 85,120 | 28,935 | 201 | 55,984 | 25, 784 | 93 | 8,658 | 640 | 15 | 61 |
| 61,115 24,005 | 22,006 6,929 | 196 | 39,104 16,880 | 20,202 5,582 | 91 | 8,77 8,581 | 636 | 15 | 62 63 |
| 107, 502 | 36, 232 | 428 | 70, 842 | 45, 358 | 715 | 86,302 | 5,661 | 256 | 64 |
| 90. 694 | 31, 272 | 298 | 59, 125 | 41, 190 | 499 | 57, 523 | 4,040 | 207 | 65 |
| 16,808 | 4,960 | 130 | 11, 718 | 4, 169 | 216 | 28,779 | 1. 621 | 49 | 66 |
| 80, 233 | 29, 201 | 775 | 50,258 | 26, 507 | 1,157 | 101,339 | 6, 062 | 208 | 67 |
| 37,816 3,006 | 13,692 | 294 39 | 23,831 2 | 11,300 510 | 444 167 | 45,399 11,869 | 2, 997 | 46 <br> 34 <br> 1 | 68 69 |
| 13,787 | 3, 563 | 120 | 10.103 | 3, 009 | 113 | 13,015 | 766 | 20 | 70 |
| 3,360 | 2,078 | 97 | 1,185 | 2,325 |  |  |  |  | 71 |
| 16, 512 | 7,321 | 190 | 9,000 | 8,667 | 395 | 26,675 | 1,371 | 109 | 72 |
| 5,752 | 1,698 | 34 | 4.020 | 696 | 38 | 4.383 | 214 |  | 73 |
| 205,699 | 67,330 | 349 | 138, 020 | 71, 260 | 359. | 70, 345 | 3,447 | 146 | 74 |
| 124,667 | 42, 893 | 92 | 81,682 | 45,783 | $72^{\circ}$ | 34,877 | 1,966 | 49 | 75 |
| 79,712 | 23,928 | 256 | 55, 528 | 25,335 | 285 | 35,435 | 1,478 | 97 | 76 |
| 1,320 | 510 | (15) | 810 | 142 | 2 | 33 | 3 |  | 77 |
| 115,594 | 65,357 | 654 | 49,583 | 73, 736 | 4, 574 | 274, 511 | 19,327 | 381 | 78 |
| 52, 052 | 33, 223 | 113 | 18,716 | 38,074 | 971 | 59,517 | 6,750 | 37 | 79 |
| 16,789 | 8,410 | 111 | 8, 268 | 9.859 | 413 | 42,880 | 3,339 | 38 | 80 |
| 10,077 | 6.142 10,916 | $\begin{array}{r}98 \\ 223 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,836 12,475 | 7,717 12,046 | $\begin{array}{r}343 \\ \mathbf{1 , 3 8 1} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 21, 714 | 1,878 3,442 | 110 75 | 81 82 |
| 8,535 | 3,636 | 75 | 4,774 | 3, 516 | 672 | 42, 409 | 2,041 | 99 | 83 |
| 4,527 | 2,980 | 34 | 1,513 | 2,525 | 79.4 | 30,618 | 1,877 | 22 | 84 |
| 600, 914 | 230.446 | 1,600 | 368, 868 | 309, 943 | 2,098 | 121,948 | 13,321 | 2,629 | 85 |
| 30,470 | 14,560 | 118 | 15, 791 | 16, 740 | 227 | 24, 301 | 1,257 | 1,438 | 86 |
| 25,494 | 21, <br> 41,508 <br> 6.2 | 34 510 | 4. 152 52,987 | 21,379 50,893 | 68 975 | 3,283 20,609 | 177 2,239 | ${ }_{70}^{2}$ | 87 88 |
| 24,654 | 6,567 |  | 18,087 | 9,371 |  | 268 | 34 |  | 89 |
| 10,027 | 6. 654 | 90 | 3,282 | 6,856 | '45 | 2,831 | 430 | 2 | 90 |
| 19,074 | 6.075 | 148 | 12,850 | 5,325 | 43 | 19,328 | 681 | 770 | 91 |
| 11,655 | 2,728 | 37 | 8,890 | 1,978 | 31 | 1,592 | 194 | 55 | 92 |
| 308,389 | 103, 429 | 488 | 204, 473 | 167, 555 | 160 | 24, 821 | 6, 157 | 108 | ${ }_{94}^{93}$ |
| 25,288 50,806 | 8,388 19,174 | 67 108 | 16, 81,524 | 10.550 19,297 | 363 185 | 16,881 8,035 | 1,345 807 | 71 113 | 9 |
| 218,991 | 169, 842 | 81 | 49,063 | 308, 447 | 186 | 106,471 | 2,128 | 107 | 96 |
| 190, 990 | 160, 167 | 73 | 30,751 | 300, 125 | 121 | 83, 610 | 1,738 | 84 | 97 |
| 28, 001 | 9,675 | 7 | 18,318 | 8,321 | 65 | 22,861 | 390 | 23 | 98 |
| 223, 874 | 63,689 | 461 | 159, 723 | 71, 194 | 1,200 | 109, 806 | 11,873 | 325 | 100 |
|  | 571 | 7 | 410 | 1,138 | 210 | 13, 190 | 1,622 | 10 | 101 |
| 15, 438 | 6, 423 | 18 | 8,996 | 4,704 | 357 | 39,458 | 4,335 | 213 | 102 |
| 9,597 | 2,854 | 35 | 6,708 | 2,739 | 60 | 10,377 | 460 | 28 | 103 |
| 62, 627 | 14,946 | 96 | 37, 585 | 21, 107 | 147 | 14,736 | 906 | 29 | 104 |
| 35, 039 | 14,648 | 49 | 20,342 | 18, 188 | 17 | 7, 171 | 2,439 |  | 105 |

Table 2.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups and minor industrial total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets tax, total tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, and excess profits tax-
[Money figures in

|  | Major industrial groups and minor | Total ber of returns | Returns with net income ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { conpiled } \\ & \text { receipts } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | Income subject to excess tax ${ }^{3}$ |
|  | Manufacturing-Continued. <br> Stone, clay, and glass productsContinued. <br> Concrete and gypsum products, wallboard. <br> Abrasives and asbestos products.-allocable. | 778 | 469 | 315, 804 | 45,956 | 22,798 |
| 106 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 107 108 |  | $\begin{gathered} 380 \\ 51 \end{gathered}$ | 270 28 | $\begin{gathered} 611,964 \\ 21,424 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 126,124 \\ 1,866 \end{array}$ | 86, 788 |
| 109 | Iron, steel, and products | $\begin{array}{r} 6,658 \\ 145 \\ 920 \end{array}$ | 5,330123736 | $\begin{array}{r} 16,582,334 \\ 7,151,533 \\ 657,058 \end{array}$ | $2,402,974$842,87,02087 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,682,138 \\ 536,513 \\ 63,228 \end{array}$ |
| 110 111 | Structural steel, fabricated; ornamental metal work. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Tin cans and other tinware - | $\begin{array}{r} 79 \\ 741 \\ 1,213 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 54 \\ & 594 \\ & 883 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 398,004 \\ 687,572 \\ 1,447,473 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 38,558 \\ 128,594 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,504 \\ 82,979 \\ 151,282 \end{array}$ |
| 113 <br> 114 | Heating apparatus, except electrical, and plumbers' supplies. |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 128,994 \\ & 219,523 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 115 | Firearms, guns, howitzers, mortars, and related equipment. | 81 | 67 | 707,656 | 90, 611 | 69,286 |
| 17 | Ammunition.- | 14 | 8361111 | $\begin{aligned} & 855,425 \\ & 265,757 \\ & 140,183 \end{aligned}$ | 200,724 <br> 34,714 <br> 24 | $\begin{array}{r} 169,453 \\ 28,83 \\ 16,952 \end{array}$ |
| 8 | Sighting and fire-control equipment (except optical). |  |  |  | 23, 871 |  |
| 119 | Ordnance and accessories, not elsewhere classified. | 56 | 30 | 37, 202 | 7,360 | 5, 214 |
| 120 | Other iron. steel, and products (not classified below). | 3,069 | 2,545 | 3, 672,487 | 641,914 | 481, 158 |
| 121 | Iron, steel, and products not locable. | 237 | 198 | 561,983 | 86,714 | 68,767 |
| 2 | Nonferrous metals and their products. | $\begin{gathered} 2,568 \\ 293 \\ 990 \\ 614 \end{gathered}$ | 1,881 | 3, 177, 050 | 411,548 | 246,816 93,469 |
|  | Nonferrous metal basic pro |  | 219 67 | $1,380,882$ 149,530 | 163,711 18,518 | 93,469 7,303 |
| 5 | Jewelry (except costume), silverware, plated ware |  | 465 | 256, 796 | 24, 754 | 12,056 |
| 126 | Other manufactures of nonferrous metals and their alloys. | 1,562 | 1,125 | 1,388, 249 | 204, 454 | 133,933 |
| 127 | Nonferrous metals and products not allocable. | 9 | 5 | 1,593 | 111 | 54 |
| 128 129 | Electrical machinery and equipment. Electrical equipment for public utility, manuracturing, mining, transportation (except automotive), and construction use. | 1,762 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,325 \\ & 549 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,017,749 \\ & 2,407,972 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 753,835 \\ & 388,988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 517,092 \\ & 269,694 \end{aligned}$ |
| 130 131 | Automotive electrical equipment- | $\begin{array}{r}99 \\ 434 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 75 331 | $\begin{array}{r} 186.201 \\ 1,418,935 \end{array}$ | 37,570 187,390 | $\begin{array}{r}23,737 \\ 140,483 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 132 |  | ${ }_{293}^{156}$ | 101192 | +114,508 | 12,37428,855 | 3,78816,336 |
| 3 | Other electrical machinery and equipment. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 134 | Electrical machinery and equipment not allocable. | 98 | 77 | 644, 452 | 98,658 | 63, 973 |
| 5 | Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical. | 6,301 | 4,922 | 9, 959,084 | 2, 113, 835 | 1,583,888 |
| 136 <br> 137 <br> 138 | Special industry machinery-... | $\begin{aligned} & 1,126 \\ & 1,781 \\ & 1,524 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 891 \\ & 1,369 \\ & 1,277 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 955,397 \\ 2,201,545 \\ 2,566,615 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 177,731 \\ & \hline 52,247 \\ & \hline 539,457 \\ & 739 \end{aligned}$ | 350, 656 650, 909 |
| 8 | Genera industry machinery---..- |  |  |  |  |  |
| 139 | ing machine tools. | 103436 | 84361 | $\begin{aligned} & 641.709 \\ & 961,839 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 121,257 \\ 176,564 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 102,675 \\ & 123,807 \end{aligned}$ |
| 0 | Construction and mining machlinery. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Agricultural machinery--. | $\begin{aligned} & 318 \\ & \text { 325 } \\ & 365 \end{aligned}$ | 226149240 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,123,754 \\ 538,041 \\ 341,111 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 168,483 \\ 110,598 \\ 49,377 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 83,477 \\ & 57,829 \\ & 14,991 \end{aligned}$ |
| 143 | Housebold and service-industry machines. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical, not | 413 | 325 | 629, 072 | 118, 122 | 92,796 |
| 145 | Automobiles and equipment, except | 678 | 514 | 4,077, 226 | 413, 212 | 272,375 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

## groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, other than own stock; also, for returns with net income: Income subject to excess profits Continued

thousands of dollars]

| Returns with net income ${ }^{3}$-Continued |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income s |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Taxes |  |  |  | $\|$Dividends <br> paid in <br> cash <br> and assets <br> other <br> than own <br> stock 9 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Totalcompiled compiledreceipts | Deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Divi-dendspaid incash andassensotherthanownstock |  |
| Total tax | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}{ }^{\circ} \text { Income }}{\text { ta }}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline \text { Declared } \\ \text { value } \\ \text { excess } \\ \text { erofots } \\ \text { tax } \end{array}$ | Excess profits tax |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26, 102 | 9, 216 | 112 | 16,774 | 8, 193 | 292 | 15,214 | 1,390 | 35 | 10 |
| 83,014 1,069 | 14,513 | (15) ${ }^{144}$ | 68,358 550 | 14, ${ }_{434}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,176 \\ & 2,184 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 460 \\ & 262 \end{aligned}$ | 9 | 107 108 |
| 1, 359, 951 | 275,344 117,264 0 | $\xrightarrow{8,401} \mathbf{2 , 2 1 5}$ | 1, 276,206 ${ }_{417}$ | 309,606 144,140 7 | 1,163 12 12 | 208,484 31,655 | $\begin{array}{r}15,177 \\ 2,941 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 2,067 | 109 |
| 55,662 | 9,070 | ,281 | 46,311 | 7,646 | 175 | 9,363 | 503 | 7 | 111 |
| 18,554 80,810 | 11,890 17,229 | ${ }_{564}^{14}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,650 \\ 63,017 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15,585 \\ 17,134 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 22 \\ 126 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 26,064 \\ 8,523 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{555}^{988}$ | $5{ }_{5}^{5}$ | 112 |
| 139, 646 | 24, 054 | 1,118 | 114,474 | 26, 768 | 287 | 45,921 | 3, 254 | 291 | 114 |
| 59,230 | 8,383 | 134 | 50,713 | 6,520 | 12 | 6,178 | 774 | 35 | 115 |
| 139,648 24,073 | 12,581 2,419 | 790 | rer $\begin{array}{r}126,277 \\ 21,654\end{array}$ | 11,251 2,467 |  | ${ }^{11,211} 210$ | ${ }_{1,272}^{14}$ |  | 1116 |
| 16,384 | 2,615 | 346 | 13,423 | 2,097 | 2 | 65 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |  |  |
| 4,750 | 768 | 20 | 3,962 | 590 | 20 | 5,715 | 353 | 1 | 11 |
| 426,341 | 62,055 | 2,092 | 362, 194 | 69,580 | 461 | 59, 124 | 3,959 | 130 | 120 |
| 58,288 | 7,016 | 828 | 50,444 | 5,828 | 34 | 4, 454 | 563 |  | 12 |
| $\begin{gathered} 251,322 \\ 100,406 \\ 10,036 \end{gathered}$ |  | 943 9 76 17 | $\begin{gathered} 190,659 \\ 73,79 \\ 5,759 \end{gathered}$ | 77,559 40,527 5,559 | $\begin{aligned} & 64 \\ & 61 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | 4, 4, 14,477 1,683 | 3.236 1,173 89 8 | $\begin{aligned} & 87 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | 122 123 124 122 |
| 14, 141 | 4, 550 | 162 | 9,429 | 3,753 | 143 | 7,666 | 368 | 11 | 125 |
| 126, 677 | 24, 357 | 687 | 101, 632 | 27,714 | 394 | 21, 172 | 1,600 | 63 | 12 |
| 63 | 17 | 2 | 44 | 6 | 4 | 63 | 6 |  | 12 |
| 488,594 <br> 248 <br> 801 | $\begin{gathered} 79,723 \\ 36,864 \end{gathered}$ | 2,1, 150 <br> 17 | $\begin{aligned} & 406,722 \\ & 210,589 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 105,052 \\ 60,196 \end{gathered}$ | 379 121 | $\begin{gathered} 91,637 \\ \hline 26,600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 14,829 \\ 2,455 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{202}^{251}$ | 128 129 |
|  | 5,013 17,351 | $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ 579 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18,887 \\ 110,512 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,802 \\ 14,107 \end{array}$ | 19 | 1,034 41,706 | 70 11,077 | 15 | 130 131 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 6,143 \\ 6 \\ 6,701 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,121 \\ & 4,385 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \\ & 47 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,977 \\ 12,269 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,373 \\ & 6,122 \end{aligned}$ | 49 <br> 92 | $\begin{gathered} 17,385 \\ 4,363 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 710 \\ & 469 \end{aligned}$ | $(15){ }^{33}$ | 132 133 |
| 64,573 | 12,988 | 98 | 51,438 | 14, 552 | 13 | 549 | 48 | (15) | 13 |
| 1,401,381 | 208, 403 | 7,828 | 1,185, 149 | 226, 917 | 1,191 | 111,554 | 9, 231 | 2,603 | 13 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 107,462 \\ & 307,306 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | 26,590 39,330 38 | 652 $\begin{array}{r}1,889 \\ 2\end{array} 888$ | 80,220 26608 cio | 28,818 42,131 43,498 | 207 <br> 3 <br> 3 <br> 298 <br> 29 | 22,736 29,992 15,135 | $\begin{array}{r} 944 \\ 2,903 \\ \hline, 212 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 110 \\ 2,178 \end{array}$ | 136 137 138 |
| 522, 623 | 38,615 | 2,804 | 481, 204 | 43, 498 | 229 | 15, 135 | 2,343 |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 85,074 \\ 115,893 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9,061 \\ 20,525 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 590 \\ & 655 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75,422 \\ & 94,713 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7,341 \\ 20,926 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 63 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,879 \\ & 4,485 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 542 \\ & 300 \end{aligned}$ | 250 | 138 |
| 94,592 67,186 | 31,943 20,288 | 589 <br> 174 <br> 18 | 62,060 46,724 | 35,376 23,066 | 78 | $\underset{\substack{3,512 \\ 4,877}}{\text {, }}$ | 352 644 |  | 141 142 |
| 23, 414 | 12, 471 | 137 | 10,806 | 16,932 | 103 | 15, 962 | 817 | 52 | 14 |
| 77,831 | 9,580 | 339 | 67, 912 | 8,828 | 72 | 4,978 | 385 | 3 | 14 |
| 255, 698 | 54, 692 | 2,041 | 198, 962 | 46,312 | 148 | 13,334 | 933 | 53 | 14 |

Table 2.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups and minor industrial total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets tax, total tax, income tax, declared ralue excess-profits tax, and excess profits tax-
[Money figures in

|  | Major industrial groups and minor | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Total } \\ \text { num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { returns } \end{array}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Total compiled receipts | $\underset{\text { income }}{\text { Net }}$ | Income subject to excess pronts ${ }^{5}$ |
|  | Manufacturing-Continued. Automobiles and equipment, except electrical-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Automobiles and trucks (including bodies and industrial trailers). | 314 | 239 | 3, 197, 666 | 252, 091 | 143, 0 |
| 147 | Automobile accessories. parts (except electrica!), and passenger trailers. | 362 | 273 | 879,411 | 161, 115 | 129, 360 |
| 148 | Automobiles and equipment, ex- | 2 | 2 | 148 | 7 |  |
| 149 | Transportation equipment, except | 1, 108 | 725 | 12,348, 413 | 1,500, 296 | 1,013,052 |
| 150 | automoriles. Railroad and railway equipment_- | 95 | 71 | 1,069,759 |  |  |
| 151 | Aircraft and parts | 405 | 268 | 7,952, 951 | 1,097, 738 | 716, 247 |
| 152 <br> 153 <br> 1 | Ship aud boat building-- | 560 | 353 | 3, 273 , 0201 | 256, 060 | 207, 809 |
| 153 154 15 | Motoreycles and bicycles.- |  |  |  | 8,395 | 5,499 |
| 154 | Other transportation equipment, except automobiles. | 22 | 17 | 5,772 | 733 | 339 |
| 155 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{157}^{156}$ | Other manufacturing nallocable | 4, 183 | 2,759 | 1,928, 748 | 281,694 | 162, 619 |
|  | Manuracturing not all ocable.- |  |  | 1,066, 299 | 134, 150 | 8, 197 |
| 158 159 | Public utilitics-1- | 21, ${ }^{21458}$ | 12,904 | 17, $11.407,766$ | 3,719, 905 | 683, 882 |
| 160 | Railroads, switching, terminal, and passenger car service com- | 14, 811 | 8,847 | $\xrightarrow{1,427,711}$ | 2, ${ }^{2,6161,972}$ | - $\begin{aligned} & 402,365 \\ & 210\end{aligned}$ |
| 161 | Railway express companies... | 7 |  | 156, 294 | 12 |  |
| 162 | Railways, street, suburban, and | 141 | 90 | 358, 347 | 49, 880 | 2,840 |
|  | interurban, including bus lines operated in conjunction there- |  |  |  |  |  |
| 163164 | ${ }_{\text {Taxicab companies }}^{\text {with. }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Other highway passenger trans- | 1,818 | 1,300 | 499, 831 | 132, 937 | 77, 503 |
| 165 | Highway freight transportation, | 7,447 | 4, 617 | 925, 813 | 74,465 | 21, 927 |
| 166 |  | 456 | 167 | 195, 030 | 38,675 | 00 |
| 167 | ${ }_{\text {Pipes }}^{\text {iccs }}$ line transportation | 166 | 108 | 230, 307 |  |  |
| 169 | Water transportation-...-.........- | 1,481 | 906 | ${ }_{732}^{23,878}$ | -145, 96 | -99,346 |
|  | Services incidental to transportation. | 1,385 | 693 | 265, 219 | 52,745 | 23, 249 |
| 170 | Transportation not allocable. | 229 | 79 | 21, 291 | 3,938 | 2,863 |
| ${ }_{172}^{171}$ | mumication | 3, 703 | 2,009 | 2, 184, 826 | 587,391 | 128,858 |
| 173 | Telephone (wire and radio) | 3, 313 | 1,550 16 |  |  |  |
|  | Telcgraph (wire and radio) and cable. | 31 | 16 | 167,903 | 21,030 | 2,750 |
| 174 <br> 175 <br> 18 | Radio broadcasting and television_ | ${ }_{6}^{656}$ | 410 | 175, 621 | 30,884 | 10,385 |
|  | Other public utilities. .-. | 3, 364 | 2,064 | 4, 195, 229 | 950, 535 | 152, 260 |
|  | Electric light and | 3, 860 | 593 | 3, 280,211 | 767,613 | 127,481 |
| 178 | Gas, distribution and manuacture- | 645 | 417 | 811,085 | 159,680 | 23, 453 |
| 179 | Water.-. | 1,588 | 916 | 85,689 | 20, 614 |  |
| 180 | Public utilities not els ewhere classified. | 179 | 94 | 11, 947 | 1,271 | 115 |
| 181 |  | 92 | ${ }^{44}$ | -6, 296 | 1,357 | 424 |
| 182 | Trade | 31, 684 | 89,793 | 52, 596, 713 | 2, 660, 585 | 1,128, 247 |
|  |  | 37, | 27, 315 | 25, 625, 073 | 1,066,063 | 497, 774 |
| 184 | Comn | 5,791 | 3,686 | 1,186, 370 | 85, 933 | 38,382 |
| 186 |  | 31,313 | 23,629 | 24, 438,703 | 980,130 | 459, 393 |
|  | Food, including market milk | 6,366 | 4,834 | 5,988,774 | 162,914 | 66, 131 |
| 18181818 | Alcoholic beverages | 1,308 | 979 |  |  |  |
|  | A pparel and dry goods | 2, ${ }^{2}, 938$ | 2,376 | 1,949,289 | 113,764 | ${ }^{67,363}$ |
|  | Chemicals, paints, and drugs-, |  | $\xrightarrow{1,067}$ | 1, ${ }_{1}^{1,2365,945}$ | 65,478 110,814 |  |
|  | plumbing and heatingequip- |  |  | 1,300,945 | 110,814 | 59,376 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, other than own stock; also, for returns with net income: Income subject to excess profits Continued
thousands of dollars]

| Returns with net income ${ }^{\text {3-Continued }}$ |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Taxes |  |  |  | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{9}$ | Num. ber of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock $^{9}$ |  |
| Total tax | $\operatorname{Income}^{\operatorname{In}}$ | Declared value excessprofits $\operatorname{tax}^{7}$ | Excess profits tax ${ }^{8}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 146, 246 | 41,822 | 560 | 103, 864 | 32, 173 | 66 | 7,511 | 502 | 31 | 146 |
| 109,448 | 12,869 | 1,481 | 95, 098 | 14,139 | 82 | 5, 822 | 431 | 22 | 147 |
| 2 | 1 | (15) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 148 |
| 950,813 | 201, 753 | 4,904 | 744, 156 | 209,473 | 304 | 129,703 | 4, 929 | 65 | 149 |
| 84,270 683,346 | 20,976 159,461 | 2,812 | 63,289 521,073 | 35,885 158,015 | 22 108 | 1,911 8,334 | - 86 |  | 150 |
| 177, 639 | 19,810 | 2,078 | 155, 751 | 158,015 14,427 | 159 | 83,334 41,668 | 2,573 | 30 | 151 |
| 5, 144 | 1,374 | 2 | 3,768 | -953 | 8 | 1, 454 | , 47 | 32 | 152 |
| 413 | 133 | 6 | 275 | 193 | 5 | 663 | 11 | 2 | 154 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 672 | 27 |  | 155 |
| 168, 029 | 42,402 | 1,499 | 124,128 | 40,983 | 1,304 | 87, 185 | 8, 622 | 244 | 156 |
| 81, 759 | 16,909 | 837 | 64,013 | 17,582 | -596 | 44,54.5 | 3, 169 | 803 | 157 |
| 1, 577, 534 | 1, 030, 702 | 2,774 | 544,058 | 1, 117, 632 | 7,333 | 841, 806 | 91,321 | 12,303 | 158 |
| 948, 989 | 627, 470 | 2,674 | 318, 844 | 308, 755 | 4,794 | 591, 891 | 72, 086 | -994 | 159 |
| 674, 785 | 504, 020 | 1,066 | 169,699 | 195, 324 | 220 | 150, 359 | 25,665 | 7 | 160 |
| 16,168 | 13,865 | 12 | 2,291 | 5,047 | 2 34 | 145, $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 049\end{array}$ | 23, $60{ }^{2}$ | 276 | 161 |
| 4,763 | 1,911 | 57 | 2,795 | 1,099 | 185 | 8,357 | 338 | 2 | 163 |
| 79,278 | 17,499 | 241 | 61, 538 | 21, 850 | 468 | 23, 014 | 3,279 | 66 | 164 |
| 33,489 | 16,259 | 286 | 16,945 | 16,782 | 2, 522 | 159,087 | 5, ¢59 | 268 | 165 |
| 14,730 | 13,421 | 689 | 620 | 3,857 | 211 | 5,255 | 645 | 1 | 166 |
| 24,693 | 18,234 | 36 | 6,423 | 16,917 | 47 | 8,758 | 1,631 | 1 | 167 |
| 69, 895 | 31, 153 | 188 | 38, 555 | 31,361 | 442 | 53,339 | 6, 300 | 351 | 168 |
| 28, 719 | 10,782 | 75 | 17, 861 | 16,001 | 599 | 35,141 | 3, 877 | 13 | 169 |
| 2,456 | 127 | 13 | 2,118 | -4 488 | 64 | 3,531 | 888 | 9 | 170 |
| 231, 333 | 127, 235 | 37 | 104, 011 | 353, 199 | 1, 533 | 43,303 | 6,617 | 99 | 171 |
| 206, 582 | 112, 801 | ${ }_{\text {(15) }} 27$ | 93,755 | 239, 972 | 1,328 | 12,411 | 802 | 13 | 172 |
| 9,061 | 6,839 | (15) | 2,222 | 4,404 | 12 | 22,945 | 4,569 | 72 | 173 |
| 15,689 | 7,645 | 10 | 8,035 | 8,823 | 193 | 7,947 | 1,246 | 14 | 174 |
| 397, ${ }^{1} 12$ | 275, 946 | 63 | 121, 203 | 455, 67 S | I, 006 | 206, 612 | 12,618 |  | 175 |
| 321, 573 | 220, 217 | 37 | 101, 320 | 372, 651 | 1, 207 | 172,440 | 12,618 | 11,210 10,972 | 176 |
| 67,515 | 48,673 | 14 | 18, 822 | 69, 704 | 208 | 23, 811 | 2,279 | 10, 105 | 178 |
| 7,008 | 6, 369 | 8 | 631 | 11, 857 | 497 | 7, 465 | 1,656 | 76 | 179 |
| 479 | 384 | 3 | 93 | 1,143 | 74 | 2,634 | 364 | 57 | 180 |
| 637 | 299 | ${ }^{(15)}$ | 873, 338 | -320 | 20 | - 262 | 21 25 |  | 181 |
| 1,402, 126 | 513, 581 | 15,496 | 873, 049 | 493, 636 | 39, 176 | 3. 325,403 | 91,570 | 6,167- | 182 |
| 574, 423 | 187, 884 | 6, 125 | 380, 414 | 183, 124 | 9,026 | 1,303, 397 | 29,856 | 2,863 | 183 |
| 43, 943 | 14,516 | + 327 | 29, 100 | 16,435 166,659 | 1,923 | 136,990 $1,166,407$ | 4,136 | -312 | 184 |
| - 530, 480 | 173.368 | 5,793 | 351,314 50,937 | 166,659 30,189 | 7,103 | 1, 166,407 | 25,720 | 2,557 | 185 |
| 83, 751 | 31,352 | 1,462 | 50,937 | 30, 189 | 1,422 | 406, 440 | 5,156 | 2, 213 | 186 |
| 25, 714 | 9,761 | 223 | 15,730 | 4,611 | 296 | 57,352 | 1,442 | 25 | 187 |
| 66, 445 | 15, 708 | 816 | 49, 921 | 13. 072 | 521 | 53, 221 | 1,414 | 37 | 188 |
| 35, 856 | 13, 137 | 336 | 22,382 | 12,601 | 422 | 38, 167 | 1,245 | 172 | 189 |
| 65,156 | 17,410 | 716 | 47,031 | 18,213 | 447 | 37,035 | 1,362 | 47 | 190 |

Table 2.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups and minor industrial total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets tax, total tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, and excess profits tax-
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, other than own stock; also, for returns with net income: Income subject to excess profits Continued
thousands of dollars

| Returns with net income ${ }^{3}$-Continued |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Taxes |  |  |  | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{9}$ | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Divi- <br> dends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\text {• }}$ |  |
| Total tax | $\operatorname{tax}^{\operatorname{In}} \operatorname{tam}^{6}$ | Declared value excessprofits tax ${ }^{7}$ | Excess profits tax ${ }^{8}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14, 801 | 4,501 69,081 | 1115 | 10, 185 | 4,515 | 228 | 23, 229 | 1,815 | . 642 | 191 |
| 211, 374 | 69,981 | 1,855 | 139,538 | 72,332 | 3,341 | 495, 553 | 11,962 | 1,403 | 182 |
| 27,383 | 11, 517 | 276 | 15,589 | 11,156 | 426 | 55, 409 | 1,324 | 17 | 193 |
| 719, 494 | 281, 286 | 7. 576 | 430, 632 | 280, 220 | 25, 962 | 1.546.699 | 50, 106 | 2,612 | 194 |
| 395, 566 | 127,710 | 2,987 | 264, 870 | 150, 502 | 1, 235 | 54, 488 | 2, 635 | 136 | 195 |
| 313, 345 | 97,906 | 2, 710 | 212,730 | 112, 183 | 1, 078 | 49, 757 | 2,458 | 135 | 196 |
| 76,575 | 27,212 | 252 | 49,111 | 36,251 | 86 | 3, 090 | - 79 | (15) | 197 |
| 5,646 | 2,592 | 25 | 3, 029 | 2,067 | 71 | 1, 641 | 98 | 1 | 198 |
| 56, 216 | 28,754 | 331 | 27, 130 | 30,306 | 2,536 | 272,365 | 5,149 | 450 | 199 |
| 871 | 568 | 50 | 253 | 64 | 634 | 32,275 | 624 |  | 200 |
| 20,351 | 8,732 | 225 | 11,394 | 10,612 | 1,698 | 71.077 | 1,684 | 2 | 201 |
| 85, 428 | 28,997 | 1,018 | 55,413 | 25, 010 | 2,542 | 107, 533 | 4, 298 | 118 | 202 |
| 36, 599 | 24, 280 | 538 | 11,781 | 12,427 | 1,430 | 65, 203 | 3,211 | 56 | 203 |
| 15, 101 | 8,082 | 310 | 6,708 | 8,348 | 4,958 | 301, 191 | 9,443 | 375 | 204 |
| 19,304 | 11, 218 | 210 | 7,876 | 8, 413 | 3, 666 | 249, 271 | 8,280 | 481 | 205 |
| 13, 620 | 8,101 | 127 | 5,392 | 5, 797 | 3, 413 | 240, 863 | 7,703 | 442 | 206 |
| 5,684 | 3,117 | 83 | 2,484 | 2,616 | 253 | 8, 408 | 577 | 39 | 207 |
| 5,312 | 3, 103 | 21 | 2,187 | 3, 464 | 1,041 | 52, 502 | 1,234 | 17 | 208 |
| 6,292 | 2, 690 | 231 | 3,371 | 1,648 | 624 | 18,531 | 934 | 36 | 209 |
| 24, 417 | 13, 704 | 395 | 10,318 | 14,407 | 2,463 | 171, 478 | 5,713 | 608 | 210 |
| 39, 861 | 15,296 | 880 | 23, 684 | 9,269 | 2, 273 | 95, 341 | 5,113 | 257 | 211 |
| 14, 176 | 8,151 | 380 | 5,646 | 5,751 | 862 | 55, 442 | 1,788 | 76 | 212 |
| 108, 210 | 44,412 | 1,795 | 62,003 | 30, 291 | 4,188 | 475,306 | 11, 607 | 686 | 213 |
| 182, 112 | 89, 588 | 1,463 | 91,060 | 85,567 | 18, 108 | 766, 148 | 56, 260 | 1,454 | 214 |
| 21,243 | 11, 316 | 187 | 9, 741 | 6, 880 | 2, 339 | 212, 336 | 19,661 | 355 | 215 |
| 16. 433 | 9,403 | 231 | 6, 800 | 7,182 | 3, 413 | 146,321 | 5,522 | 117 | 216 |
| 12, 650 | 7,191 | 119 | 5,340 | 5,316 | 1,524 | 107,756 | 3, 449 | 88 | 217 |
| 1,234 | 476 | 43 | 715 | 145 | 219 | 5,692 | 422 |  | 218 |
| 2,517 | 1,733 | 68 | 716 | 1,720 | 1,665 | 32,693 | 1,643 | 29 | 219 |
| 32 |  |  | 29 |  | 5 | 180 | 3 |  | 220 |
| 24,745 | 14, 268 | 147 | 10, 330 | 16, 107 | 3,243 | 108, 046 | 6, 304 | 392 | 221 |
| 7,522 | 5,322 | 34 | 2,166 | 5,534 | 755 | 34, 536 | 1,599 | 135 | 222 |
| 17,028 | 8, 839 | 112 | 8,078 | 10,436 | 2,472 | 73,085 | 4,444 | 257 | 223 |
| 195 | 107 | 1 | 87 | -138 | 16 | 425 | 261 |  | 224 |
| 2,665 | 1,458 | 48 | 1,159 | 893 | 1,933 | 62,860 | 2, 806 | 53 | 225 |
| 7,932 | 1,450 | 184 | 6,297 | 762 | 552 | 9,950 | 620 | 3 | 226 |
| 73,858 | 40, 719 | 362 | 32, 777 | 44,492 | 1,308 | 82,654 | 5,470 | 157 | 227 |
| 31,562 | 20, 741 | 228 | 10, 594 | 15, 829 | . 281 | 18,889 | 2, 434 | 10 | 228 |
| 42,296 | 19.978 | 135 | 22, 183 | 28, 662 | 1, 027 | 63, 765 | 3,036 | 147 | 229 |
| 11, 723 | 5,156 | 104 | 6, 463 | 4. 528 | 2,716 | 73, 007 | 9, 030 | 216 | 230 |
| 23, 053 | 5,575 | 194 | 17,284 | 4, 463 | 2,543 | 69, 474 | 6,673 | 162 | 231 |
| 459 | 244 | 6 | 209 | 259 | 61 | 1,499 | 174 |  | 232 |
| 398, 151 | 349, 071 | 1,307 | 47,773 | 971, 939 | 68,393 | 1,552, 606 | 486. 169 | 67,579 | 233 |
| 179, 041 | 166, 399 | 439 | 12,203 | 730, 068 | 12,571 | 527, 514 | 158, 828 | 56,701 | 234 |
| 61, 076 | 69,581 | 166 | 1,329 | 200, 304 | 4, 171 | 376,980 | 66,989 | 25, 354 | 235 |
| 1,830 | 1,642 | 12 | 175 | 2,360 | 1, 751 | 14, 192 | 8,917 | 796 | 236 |
| 52,450 | 44,412 | 76 | 7,962 | 94,079 | 1,597 | 20,697 | 12,524 | 1,252 | 237 |
| 35,807 | 29,790 | 64 | 5,953 | 72,601 | 789 | 12,498 | 10,493 | 731 | 238 |
| 15,708 | 13,789 | 10 | 1,908 | 19,789 | 523 | 5,931 | 1, 444 | 447 | 239 |
| 121 | 119 | 1 | 2 | 246 | 67 | 379 | 212 | 38 | 240 |
| 814 | 713 | 2 | 99 | 1,443 | 218 | 1,889 | 376 | 35 | 241 |
| 9, 579 | 9,513 | 28 | 38 | 141, 730 | 1, 019 | 22,636 | 9,781 | 12,478 | 242 |
| 3,474 1,078 | 3,456 | (15) 18 | ------- | 60,480 | 85 19 | 4,132 232 | 2,310 138 | 11,623 | 243 244 |
| 1,078 | 1,077 | (15) |  | 20, 117 | 19 | 232 | 138 |  | 244 |

Table 2.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups and minor industria total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets tax, total tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, and excess profits tax-
[Money figures in

|  | Major industrial groups and mlnor industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts | Net income ${ }^{3}$ | Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{5}$ |
| 245 | Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property-Continued. <br> Finance-Continued. <br> Investment trusts and investment companies ${ }^{11}$-Continued. <br> Installment investment plans and guaranteed face-amount certificates. | 96 | 64 | 2,654 | 1,911 |  |
| 246 | Mineral, oil, and gas royalty companies. | 128 | 71 | 1,050 | 406 |  |
| 247 | Investment trusts and investment companies not allocable. | 2,795 | 1,901 | 82,059 | 66,526 | 47 |
| 248 | Other investment companies, including holding companies. | 1,895 | 1,335 | 445, 203 | 325, 899 | 873 |
| 249 | Holding companies $12 .-\ldots . .$. | 1,010 | 682 | 270, 220 | 226, 914 | 95 |
| 250 | Operating-bolding companies. ${ }^{13}$ | 885 | 653 | 174,984 | 98,985 | 778 |
| 251 | Security and commodity-exchange brokers and dealers. | 1,579 | 673 | 62,995 | 9,731 | 334 |
| 252 | Other finance companies...-.-.-.-. | 1,847 | 663 | 58,914 | 29, 050 | 2, 123 |
| 253 254 | Finance not allocable................- | 3, 311 | 1,198 | 27,326 $3,542,490$ | 8,063 | 22, 171 |
| 254 | Insurance carriers, ${ }^{14}$ agents, Insurance carriers ${ }^{14}$---- | 8,243 2,082 | 5,043 1,521 | $3,542,490$ $3,344,304$ | 1,295, 151 | 22,845 |
| 256 | Life insurance companies ${ }^{14}$--- | 719 | 514 | 1,312, 662 | 1, 018,992 |  |
| 25. | Mutual insurance, except life or marine. | 492 | 386 | 20,599 | 14,833 |  |
| 253 | Other insurance carriers......- | 871 | 621 | 2,011, 043 | 227, 281 | 13, 659 |
| 259 | Insurance agents, brokers, etc.-.-- | 6,161 | 3, 522 | 198, 186 | 34,045 | 9, 186 |
| 260 | Real estate, including lessors of buildings. | 93, 761 | 38,755 | 1, 128, 765 | 205, 207 | 11,745 |
| 261 | Owner operators and lessors of buildings. | 73,308 | 32,810 | 962, 485 | 177, 891 | 9, 487 |
| 262 | Lessee operators of buildings..----- | 2,068 | 899 | 38,346 | 4,042 | 427 |
| 263 | Owners for improvement | 5, 840 | 1,615 | 28,986 | 6,900 | 898 |
| 264 | Trading for own account | 2, 006 | 558 | 7,032 | 2,227 | 65 |
| 265 | Real estate agents, brokers, etc.... | 3, 132 | 1,381 | 47,526 | 5,016 | 504 |
| 266 | Title sbstract companics .-.-.----- | 1,338 | 579 | 19, 423 | 2,451 | 167 |
| 267 | Real estate, including lessors of buildings, not allocable. | 6,069 | 913 | 24,967 | 6,679 | 195 |
| 268 | Lessors of real property, except buildings. | 7. 433 | 3, 107 | 201,066 | 98, 133 | 10,815 |
| 269 | Agricultural, forest, etc., properties. | 1,285 | 515 | 7,117 | 2,452 | 114 |
| 270 | Mining, oil, etc., properties....... | 2,966 | 1,598 | 75, 120 | 31,280 | 4,913 |
| 271 | Railroad properties.----.-.-------- | 438 | 227 | 96, 694 | 52, 646 | 5, 274 |
| 272 | Public-utility properties | 205 | 103 | 14,996 | 5,577 | 298 |
| 273 | Other real property, except buildings. | 2,311 | 566 | 3,900 | 1,844 | 83 |
| 274 | Lessors of real property, except buildings, not allocable. | 225 | 98 | 3,239 | 1,334 | 133 |
| 275 | Construction | 14,769 | 8,249 | 4, 452, 894 | 357,310 | 207, 580 |
| 276 | General contractors. | 6,656 | 3,678 | 3,349, 134 | 279,550 | 164, 209 |
| 277 | Special trade contractors | 7,846 | 4,515 | 1,091, 386 | 76,889 | 43, 027 |
| 278 279 | Construction not allocable..- | 267 | 56 | 12,374 | 871 | 344 22,210 |
| 279 280 | A griculture, forestry, and fishery | 7,769 | 4,093 | 701, 525 | 94, 722 | 22, 210 |
| 280 | Agriculture and services. | 7,025 | 3,761 | 669, 454 | 89,934 | 21, 263 |
| 281 | Forestry | 459 | 174 | 15,645 | 2, 878 | 228 |
| 282 | Fishery | 285 | 157 | 16, 426 | 1.910 | 719 |
| 283 | Nature of business not allocable | 20, 140 | 2,044 | 185,995 | 22, 256 | 4,790 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
roups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, ther than orr" stock; also, for returns with net income: Income subject to excess profits 'ontinued
housands of dollars]

| Returns with net income ${ }^{3}$-Continued |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Tax |  |  | Dividends |  |  |  | Divi- |  |
| Total tax | $\begin{gathered} \text { Income } \\ \text { tax }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | Declared value cxcessprofits $\operatorname{tax}^{\prime \prime}$ | Excess profits tax ${ }^{8}$ | cash <br> and assets other than own stock? | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Deficit ${ }^{3}$ | paid in cash and assets other than own stock |  |
| 158 | 158 | (15) |  | 1,027 | 30 | 15,102 | 530 | 46 | 243 |
| 108 | 108 | (15) |  | 406 | 49 | 152 | 163 | 18 | 246 |
| 4,761 | 4,714 | 10 | 38 | 59.699 | 836 | 3,020 | 6,641 | 791 | 247 |
| 39,583 | 38, 814 | 74 | 695 | 267, 075 | 506 | 44,305 | 22, 811 | 6,736 | 248 |
| 23. 112 | 22,982 | 64 | 65 | 194, 014 | 276 | 5, 031 | 12,278 | 992 | 249 |
| 16,472 | 15,832 | 10 | 630 | 73, 061 | 230 | 39, 274 | 10,532 | 5,743 | 250 |
| 2,319 | 2,019 | 29 | 271 | 3,507 | 826 | 31,809 | 10,399 | 463 | 251 |
| 9,815 | 8,179 | 40 | 1,597 | 15, 314 | 916 | 9,791 | 19,192 | 2,674 | 252 |
| 2,389 | 2, 239 | 13 | 136 | 5,698 | 1,785 | 7, 103 | 8,216 | 3,948 | 253 |
| 117,681 | 99,338 | 118 | 18,225 | 111, 791 | 2, 862 | 211,040 | 93,985 | 1,905 | 254 |
| 103, 214 | 92, 166 | 6 | 11,042 | 98, 841 | 447 | 178, 039 | 90, 890 | 1,799 | 255 |
| 27, 427 | 27, 427 |  |  | 15,971 | 150 | 1,536 | . 287 | 61 | 256 |
| 5, 629 | 5,629 |  |  | 61 | 86 | 5,792 | 1,059 |  | 257 |
| 70, 158 | 59,110 | 6 | 11,042 | 82, 808 | 211 | 170, 711 | 89,544 | 1,738 | 258 |
| 14,467 | 7,173 | 112 | 7,183 | 12,950 | 2,415 | 33, 001 | 3,095 | 107 | 259 |
| 60,979 | 51,422 | 671 | 8,887 | 65, 894 | 49,426 | 773,989 | 214,871 | 7. 498 | 260 |
| 53,436 | 45,827 | 454 | 7,155 | 58, 771 | 39,218 | 689, 683 | 160,327 | 5.896 | 261 |
| 1,350 | 980 | 28 | 341 | 1,129 | 1,094 | 23,618 | 2,333 | 36 | 262 |
| 2,223 | 1,431 | 111 | 680 | 1,210 | 3,379 | 14,068 | 14,977 | 502 | 263 |
| 524 | , 462 | 15 | 47 | 661 | 1,180 | 2,821 | 5,884 | 544 | 264 |
| 1,522 | 1,121 | 22 | 378 | 864 | 1,550 | 20,698 | 1,786 | 24 | 265 |
| 721 | , 582 | 6 | 133 | 1,712 | 686 | 4,923 | 290 | 14 | 266 |
| 1,204 | 1,019 | 34 | 151 | 1,546 | 2,319 | 18,178 | 29,274 | 48.4 | 267 |
| 40,450 | 31,912 | 79 | 8,460 | 64, 186 | 3,534 | 40,063 | 18,484 | 1,474 | 268 |
| 705 | 605 | 10 | 90 | 1,095 | 696 | 2, 731 | 3,181 | 150 | 269 |
| 13,700 | 9,846 | 55 | 3,799 | 25, 255 | 1,229 | 8,506 | 5, 803 | 367 | 270 |
| 22,905 | 18,724 | 11 | 4,170 | 33, 812 | 137 | 25,573 | 5,762 | 860 | 271 |
| 2,172 | 1,945 | (15) | 227 | 2, 197 | -94 | 1,881 | 608 | 25 | 272 |
| 535 | 467 | 2 | 66 | 753 | 1,286 | 1,191 | 2,826 | 62 | 273 |
| 432 | 324 | 1 | 107 | 1,074 | 92 | 181 | 305 | 10 | 274 |
| 206, 823 | 45, 805 | 2,358 | 158, 660 | 33,115 | 5,448 | 333, 768 | 17,708 | 1,390 | 275 |
| 164, 209 | 36, 184 | 1,650 | 126, 374 | 28, 161 | 2, 327 | 214,877 | 12,185 | 1,328 | 276 |
| 42,240 374 | 9,481 139 | 704 | 32, 056 | 4,943 11 | 3, 054 | 113,574 5,317 | 4,877 646 | 63 | 277 |
| 39, 783 | 22,197 | 861 | 16, 725 | 25,607 | 3,226 | 103, 114 | 14,237 | 971 | 279 |
| 38,038 | 21, 216 | 818 | 16, 004 | 23,402 | 2,878 | 89, 765 | 11,985 | 572 | 280 |
| 878 | 669 | 29 | 180 | 1,920 | 241 | 9,132 | 1,692 | 394 | 281 |
| 868 | 312 | 15 | 541 | 286 | 107 | 4,217 | 560 | 5 | 282 |
| 8,484 | 4,647 | 103 | 3,734 | 6,033 | 3,980 | 32, 577 | 28,231 | 4,854 | 283 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, return compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividend income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared ralue excess-profits tax, exces

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[^17]with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, paid by type of dividend; also, for returns uith net income: Net operating loss deduction, profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax

## RETURNS

thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mining and quarryingContinued |  |  | Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude petroleum and natural gas production | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { metallic } \\ & \text { mining } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { quarry- } \\ & \text { ing } \end{aligned}$ | Mining and quarrying not allocable | Total manufacturing | Food and kindred products | Beverages | Tobacco manufactures | Cotton manufactures | ```Textile mill products, except cotton``` |  |
| 4,165 | 1,538 | 193 | 82, 174 | 9,480 | 2,813 | 225 | 825 | 3,746 | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 482,818 \\ & 152,570 \end{aligned}$ | 364,923 28,634 | 12,104 2,160 | $112.689,055$ $5.268,549$ | $17,646.550$ 107,827 | $2,659,617$ 9,785 | $1,782,198$ 2,462 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,812,465 \\ 10,993 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,651,562 \\ 132,725 \end{array}$ | 2 3 |
| 111 | 63 | (15) | 13,444 | 551 | 169 | 82 | 161 | 375 | 4 |
| 212 | 78 | (15) | 9,685 | 618 | 187 | 240 | 166 | 189 | 5 |
| 20 298 | 3 50 |  | 855 8,608 | 30 533 | 24 188 | 23 95 | 6 189 | 18 164 | 6 7 |
| 2, 620 | 357 | 8 | 144, 596 | 15,845 | 2, 846 | 3,089 | 1,769 | 3,484 | 8 |
| 11,493 | 2,636 | 68 | 293, 464 | 20, 817 | 4,614 | 2,888 | 8,061 | 6,198 | 9 |
| 4,615 | 420 | 79 | 52, 965 | 5,178 | 1,729 | 477 | 1,479 | 1,199 | 10 |
| 2,241 | 445 | 52 | 13, 361 | 724 | 369 | 22 | 210 | 448 | 11 |
| 8,696 | 1,163 | 20 | 304, 633 | 21, 175 | 2,753 | 3,881 | 2, 666 | 4,231 | 12 |
| 88 | 1 |  | 94, 709 | 8,678 | 9 | 933 | 14 | 1,110 | 1.3 |
| 9,175 | 3,449 | 105 | 546, 957 | 56,034 | 12,753 | 3,788 | 13,112 | 24,367 | 14 |
| 674, 937 | 402, 223 | 14,596 | 119, 440, 882 | 17,884,557 | 2,695, 041 | 1,800, 177 | 2,851, 290 | 4, 826, 071 | 15 |
| 215, 506 | 218, 708 | 8,080 | 83, 256, 565 | 14, 748, 708 | 1,537,789 | 1,350,645 | 2, 177, 260 | 3,643, 534 | 16 |
| 93, 472 | 15, 376 | 1,496 | 3,651, 175 | 39,671 | 2,854 | 849 | 4,194 | 87, 210 | 17 |
| 18, 805 | 13, 065 | 285 | 1, 531, 139 | 127, 133 | 37, 562 | 5,541 | 22,768 | 83, 214 | 18 |
| 6,033 | 3,346 | 45 | 422,929 | 41, 191 | 6,831 | 1,517 | 1,554 | 12,768 | 19 |
| 3, 361 | 11,660 | 447 | 1,482, 426 | 121, 605 | 16,976 | 1,875 | 31,701 | 45, 249 | 20 |
| 2, 028 | 1, 192 | 5 | 149, 240 | 18,693 | 5, 904 | 537 | 784 | 3,523 | 21 |
| 16, 159 | 3, 242 | 94 | 430, 501 | 43, 659 | 13,149 | 8,951 | 6,627 | 17.802 | 22 |
| 25, 804 | 11,344 | 612 | 2, 496, 470 | 193, 210 | 406. 247 | 114,713 | 52, 553 | 74,781 | 23 |
| 55 297 | , 224 | 5 | -54,881 | 4,326 | 1,958 | - 307 | 1,498 | 3,040 | 24 |
| 55,990 | 16, 124 | 613 | 1,754, 363 | 159,921 | 42,929 | 7,666 | 40,417 | 61, 580 | 25 |
| 92,329 | 10,878 | 648 | 286, 834 | 572 | 134 |  | (15) | 64 | 26 |
| 267 | 317 | 18 | 309, 480 | 2, 349 | 56 |  | 1,739 | 1,269 | 27 |
| 3,695 | 1,392 | 25 | 97, 763 | 16,900 | 3,112 | 394 | 2,340 | 8, 038 | 28 |
| 97,072 | 40,779 | 1,836 | 9,857 551 | 1,437, 929 | 343, 275 | 128,113 | 129,845 | 297, 566 | 29 |
| 630,818 | 347, 647 | 14,207 | 105, 781, 317 | $16,955,869$ | 2, 418, 777 | 1.621, 107 | 2,473,279 | 4,339, 638 | 30 |
| 44. 119 | 54, 576 | 389 | 13, 659, 564 | 928, 688 | 276. 264 | 179,070 | 378.011 | 486, 433 | 31 |
| 43, 801 | 54, 523 | 389 | 13,650, 102 | 928.126 | 276, 052 | 178, 952 | 377,817 | 486, 251 | 32 |
| 3,279 | 1,728 | 18 | 128,080 | 11,649 | 5, 392 | 112 | 1,323 | 7,221 | 33 |
| 8,664 | 22,419 | 656 | 7,963, 83.3 | 308, 385 | 95, 613 | 42.258 | 259, 135 | 285, 112 | 34 |
| 19,690 | 12, 494 | 104 | 2,173, 112 | 229,210 | 68,071 | 53, 185 | 51,978 | 79, 208 | 35 |
| 111 | 149 | (15) | 41,868 | 3,948 | 980 | 42 | . 641 | 1,470 | 36 |
| 6,420 | 17,677 | 408 | 6,013,037 | 239, 039 | 70. 770 | 33.676 | 191, 280 | 213, 102 | 37 |
| 26,221 | 30,320 | 512 | 8, 228,017 | 472, 196 | 139,821 | 86,903 | 243, 899 | 293, 780 | 38 |
| 17,898 | 24, 256 | ${ }^{10} 123$ | 5,431,547 | 456, 492 | 136,443 | 92, 167 | 134, 112 | 192,653 | 39 |
| 53, 044 | 20,619 | 273 | 2, 511, 218 | 241, 526 | 67,350 | 70,800 | 45, 784 | 61,015 | 40 |
| 363 | 87 | 26 | 35, 614 | 2,078 | 187 |  | 1,154 | 3,583 | 41 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to cxcess profits tax, income tax, declared ralue excess-profits tax, excess

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For footnotes, sce pp. 298-300.
with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
RETURNS-Continued
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{\text {10 }}$ - Coutinued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Paper } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { allied } \\ & \text { products } \end{aligned}$ | Printing <br> and pub- <br> lishing <br> industries | Chemicals and allied products | Petroleum and coal products | Stone, clay, and glass products | $\begin{gathered} \text { Iron, steel, } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ | Nonferrous metals and their products | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Electrical } \\ \text { machinery } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { equip- } \\ \text { ment } \end{array}$ | Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical |  |
| 2,089 | 10,552 | 6,356 | 575 | 3,041 | 6,493 | 2,505 | 1,704 | 6,113 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 2,849,723 \\ 11,066 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,464,805 \\ \quad 173,594 \end{array}$ | $7,119,215$ 56,637 | 6, 762,751 | $2, ~ 298,879$ 11,553 | $15,977,926$ 628,981 | 3, ${ }^{\text {3, }} 81,463$ | $5,044,229$ 11,113 | $\begin{array}{r} 9,803,567 \\ 128,518 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{3}$ |
| 464 583 | ${ }_{924}^{421}$ | 1,442 | 1,165 | 409 | 2,440 1,394 | 556 176 | 565 282 | 1,471 |  |
| 11 | 36 | 143 | 228 | 37 | 86 | 15 | 46 | 65 |  |
| 488 | 746 | 1,076 | 838 | 301 | 743 | 184 | 570 | 1,589 |  |
| 3, 626 | 3, 804 | 9, 171 | 24, 253 | 1,828 | 32, 673 | 2,257 | 6,764 | 12,300 |  |
| 6, 482 | 16, 206 | 24,575 | 55, 984 | 5,646 | 42, 866 | 3,367 | 11,324 | 39,027 | - |
| 1,272 | 845 450 | 3,508 | 11,345 1,710 | 1,855 | 3,218 1,220 | 561 87 | 714 240 | 3,476 2,359 | 10 |
| 505 | 450 | 490 | 1,710 | 501 | 1,220 | 87 |  | 2,359 | 11 |
| 5,560 1,741 | 9,772 1,850 | 70,308 9,706 | 54,817 17,217 | 6,729 <br> 5,352 | 34,863 5,194 | 14,499 5,509 | 12,753 7,535 | 13,557 9,131 | 12 |
| 13,933 | 28,908 | 27, 715 | 54, 519 | 14,108 | 59, 212 | 19,405 | 13,250 | 54,097 | 14 |
| 2, 895, 452 | 2, 702, 360 | 7,325, 276 | 7, 636, 499 | 2,347,620 | 16,790, 818 | 3, 222, 111 | 5, 109,387 | 10,070, 638 | 15 |
| 1,982, 224 | 1,601,780 | 4, 640, 720 | 4, 965, 751 | 1,497, 169 | 11,605,674 | 2, 300, 461 | 3, 579, 103 | 6, 218,260 | 17 |
| 2, 279 | 83, 735 | 11,083 | 227, 497 | 1, 5, 662 | 11,002, 422,06 | 2, 47, 325 | 1,596 | -23,195 | 17 |
| 56, 123 | 111, 531 | 102, 020 | 21, 598 | 45, 401 | 201, 227 | 53, 698 | 52,529 | 179,699 | 18 |
| 11,158 | 31, 233 | 20, 874 | 75, 843 | 7,381 | 51, 778 | 10,821 | 14, 180 | 25, 143 | 19 |
| 59,386 4,345 | 10,427 <br> 13,402 | 89,313 12309 | 110,388 15,484 | 49,922 4,031 | 405,762 15,427 | 31,182 2,459 | 59,170 4,322 | 142,810 15,063 | 21 |
| 15, 178 | 16, 329 | 19,364 | 77, 298 | 7,650 | 88, 461 | 9, 621 | 18,182 | 18,729 | 22 |
| 55, 517 | 51,992 | 113, 436 | 204, 084 | 46, 197 | 304, 034 | 55, 536 | 111, 461 | 189, 676 | 23 |
| 2,071 | 2, 609 | 3,458 | 2, 221 | 1,349 | 8, 342 | 1,621 | 2, 732 | 6,837 | 24 |
| 74,073 | 46, 619 | 161,458 | 281, 489 | 57, 582 | 305, 668 | 47,353 | 62, 723 | 116, 443 | 25 |
| 4,443 | 112 | 7,701 | 204, 771 | 2, 281 | 22, 412 | 11,912 |  | 428 | 27 |
| 5,059 | 86 | 31, 107 | 12, 889 | 3,393 | 89, 001 | 26, 740 | 18,592 | 43, 127 | 27 |
| 6,887 | 5,578 | 6,266 | 3,493 | 3,140 | 17,628 | 1,728 | 4, 209 | 5, 203 | 28 |
| 260, 664 | 494, 417 | 977, 869 | 890, 054 | 251, 675 | 865, 014 | 213, 144 | 441, 057 | 979, 768 | 29 |
| 2, 540,006 | 2, 469,851 | 6, 196, 980 | 7, 092, 861 | 1,982, 834 | 14, 402, 192 | 2, 813, 600 | 4,369, 765 | 7, 964, 380 | 30 |
| 355, 446 | 232, 510 | 1,128,297 | 543, 638 | 364, 785 | 2, 388, 626 | 408, 511 | 739,622 | 2, 106, 258 | 31 |
| 354, 948 | 231, 728 | 1,127,078 | 542, 573 | 364, 447 | 2,387, 797 | 408, 312 | 739,006 23 | 2, 104, 604 | 32 |
| 1,975 179,581 | 5, 460 | 7,070 | 10,076 62 | 1,264 | 10,171 $1,682,138$ | 680 246,816 | 23,784 517,992 | 5,782 $1,583,889$ | 33 |
| 179,581 | 60,493 | 480, 268 | 62,695 | 207, 401 | 1,682, |  |  | 1,583,889 |  |
| 67,330 | 65,357 | 230, 446 | 169,842 | 63, 689 | 275, 344 | 59, 720 | 79, 723 | 208, 403 | 35 |
| -349 | , 654 | 1,600 |  | 461 | 8,401 | ${ }^{943}$ | 2, 150 | 7,828 | 36 |
| 138,020 | 49,583 | 368, 868 | 49, 068 | 159, 723 | 1,276,206 | 190, 659 | 406, 722 | 1,185, 149 | 37 |
| 205, 699 | 115, 594 | 600, 914 | 218,991 | 223, 874 | 1,559, 951 | 251, 322 | 488, 594 | 1, 401, 381 | 38 |
| 149, 747 | 116, 915 | 527,383 | 324,648 | 140, 912 | 828, 675 | 157, 190 | 251, 028 | 704, 878 | 30 |
| 71,406 608 | $\begin{array}{r} 74,117 \\ 602 \end{array}$ | 312,572 2,937 | $\begin{array}{r} 308,554 \\ 5,617 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 71,519 \\ 1,747 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 311,674 \\ 2,793 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 77,647 \\ 721 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 105,303 \\ 1,657 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 229,521 \\ 4,111 \end{array}$ | 40 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess

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For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, aid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, rofits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued

## RETURNS-Continued

housands of dollars]


Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess

PART I. ALL
[Money figures in

|  |  | Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Trade-Continued |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Retail-Continued |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Food stores, including market milk dealers | Package liquor stores | Drug stores | Apparel and accessories | Furniture and house furnishings |
| 1 | Number of returns ${ }^{16}$ | 6. 219 | 1,805 | 4,862 | 10,531 | 5, 056 |
| 23 | Receipts: <br> Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ $\qquad$ <br> Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{\text {18 }}$ Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): Wholly taxable ${ }^{19}$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,370,141 \\ 42,800 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 144,372 \\ 3,942 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 831,967 \\ 7,227 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,555,339 \\ 22,475 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 806,817 \\ 11,332 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Wholly taxable ${ }^{19}$ Subject to declared value excessprofits tax and surtax. ${ }^{20}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 47 \\ & 58 \end{aligned}$ | (15) | $15$ | $\begin{array}{r} \quad 98 \\ -\quad 98 \end{array}$ | 32 |
| 6 | Subject to surtax only ${ }^{21}$ | 14 |  | (15) | 9 | 5 |
| 7 | Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{22}$ | 123 | (15) | 15 | 113 | 25 |
| 8 | Other interest.-.------ | 891 | 7 | 594 | 1,403 | 1,927 |
| 9 | Rents and royalties ${ }^{23}$ | 4,873 | 87 | 2,161 | 12,221 | 2,391 |
| 10 | Net eapital gain ${ }^{24}$ | 578 | 7 | 23 | 83 | 77 |
| 11 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{25}$ | 186 | 9 | 41 | 46 | 73 |
| 12 | Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{26}$.....- | 1,203 | (15) | 2,546 | 2,220 | 409 |
| 13 | Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{27}$ | , 5 |  | 7 7 | (15) | ${ }^{(15)}$ |
| 14 | Other receipts ${ }^{28}$ | 13,758 | 192 | 7,441 | 47,895 | 112, 203 |
| 15 | Total compiled receipts | 5,434,678 | 148, 616 | 852, 053 | 2,641,999 | 935,317 |
|  | Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{29}$ | 4.374, 092 | 117, 198 | 572,038 | 1,675, 419 | 463, 859 |
| 17 | Cost of operations ${ }^{29}$ | 31,245 | 3,248 | 4,653 | 10, 257 | 3,483 |
| 18 | Compensation of officers. | 38,200 | 6,415 | 20,600 | 81,494 | 42,798 |
| 19 | Rent paid on business property | 63, 139 | 3, 129 | 33, 106 | 139, 362 | 28,820 |
| 20 | Repairs ${ }^{30}$ | 15,475 | 203 | 3,333 | 7,750 | 2,351 |
| 21 | Bad debts. | 3, 840 | 91 | 576 | 10, 159 | 9,701 |
| 22 | Interest paid | 6, 333 | 363 | 2,845 | 5,023 | 4,673 |
| 23 | Taxes paid ${ }^{31}$ | 42,049 | 2,901 | 11,037 | 29,492 | 16,230 |
| 24 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{33}$ | 1,319 | 23 | 241 | 1,840 | 596 |
| 25 | Depreciation | 37,939 | 673 | 7,623 | 17, 592 | 6,005 |
| 26 | Depletion- | 36 | 3 | 4 | 13 | 4 |
| 27 | Amortization ${ }^{33}$ | 24 | 4 | 8 | 64 | 5 |
| 28 | Net loss, sales other than eapital assets ${ }^{25}$-- | 1,932 | 16 | -310 | 1,315 | 1,237 |
| 29 | Other dednctions ${ }^{34}$ | 709, 819 | 12,082 | 153,767 | 501, 255 | 272,376 |
| 30 | Total compiled deductions .----------- | 5, 325, 440 | 146, 339 | 810,200 | 2,481, 034 | 852, 140 |
| 31 | Compiled net profit or net loss (15 less 30) .- | 109, 238 | 2,277 | 41,854 | 160, 965 | 83,177 |
| 32 | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}[31$ less $(6+7)] \ldots$ | 109, 101 | 2,277 | 41,838 | 160, 843 | 83, 147 |
| 33 |  | 2,298 | 260 | 1,072 | 3, 531 | 1,566 |
| 34 |  | 34,594 | 320 | 15,347 | 72,833 | 16,367 |
| 35 |  | 28,754 | 568 | 8,732 | 28,997 | 24,280 |
| 36 | Declared value excess-profits tax ${ }^{7}$ | , 331 | 50 | 8, 225 | 1,018 | . 538 |
| 37 |  | 27, 130 | 253 | 11,394 | 55,413 | 11,781 |
| 38 | Total tax | 56, 216 | 871 | 20,351 | 85.428 | 36,599 |
| 39 | Complled net profit less total tax (31 less 38)_ Dividends paid: ${ }^{9}$ | 53, 022 | 1, 406 | 21, 502 | 75,536 | 46,578 |
| 40 | Cash and assets other than own stoek ${ }^{9}$-- | 30, 755 | $f 1$ | 10,614 | 25,127 | 12,483 |
| 41 | Corporation's own stoek.. | 546 | 5 | 142 | 621 | 476 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, mrofits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued

RETURNS-Continued
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trade-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eating and drinking places | Automotive dealers | Filling stations | Hardware | Building materials, fuel, and ice | Other retail trade | Retail trade not allocable | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Trade } \\ & \text { not } \\ & \text { allocable } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 9,974 | 9, 053 | 2,225 | 2, 587 | 7,856 | 7, 763 | 4,264 | 14,373 | 1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 991,611 \\ 81,431 \end{array}$ | $1,354,983$ 51,104 | 308,297 6,644 | 225,079 2,472 | $1,366,997$ 27,671 | $1,214,535$ 29,474 | 836,786 9,431 | $4,453,239$ 85,009 | 2 3 |
| 39 | 65 | 14 | 9 | 117 | 35 | 35 | 227 | 4 |
| 38 | 49 | 55 | 2 | 47 | 46 | 19 | 125 | 5 |
| 5 | 2 | 35 | (15) 38 | 12 | 2 3 | 4 | 35 | 6 |
| 44 158 | 3, 511 | 36 163 | 38 769 | 12 2,546 | 2,867 | 19 1,299 | 90 5,883 | 7 |
| 4,929 | 3, 194 | 2, 279 | 434 | 4,888 | 3,261 | 1, 727 | 13,342 | 9 |
| 50 | 249 | 36 | 33 | 849 | 191 | 183 | 2,347 | 10 |
| 149 | 184 | 77 | 24 | 618 | 175 | 159 | 802 | 11 |
| 498 | 324 | 127 | 133 | 1,089 | 741 | 312 | 2,664 | 12 |
|  |  | $\left({ }^{15}\right)$ | ${ }^{(15)}$ | 1, 3 | $\left.{ }^{15}\right)$ | 3 | 7,352 | 13 |
| 6,511 | 20,345 | 2,012 | 2,798 | 14,291 | 27,737 | 20,016 | 40,550 | 14 |
| 1,085, 470 | 1,434, 023 | 319,774 | 231,792 | 1,419, 168 | 1,279,096 | 869,992 | 4,611,664 | 15 |
| 576,460 | 1,012,014 | 235, 604 | 166,948 | 1, 048, 374 | 852, 843 | 672,710 | 3, 526, 266 | 16 |
| 53, 279 | 29, 195 | 4,733 | 1,444 | 18,946 | 12,887 | 4,705 | 34,952 | 17 |
| 39,021 | 61, 265 | 5,952 | 11,755 | 47,996 | 50,915 | 18,285 | 116, 795 | 18 |
| 57,419 | 28,359 | 5,608 | 3,886 | 7,982 | 35,059 | 10,882 | 43, 816 | 19 |
| 9,616 | 3, 485 | 1,587 | 306 | 6,370 | 2,667 | 2,054 | 12, 104 | 20 |
| 989 | 5,723 | 743 | 1,298 | 10, 017 | 7,648 | 4,321 | 15, 741 | 21 |
| 2, 857 | 11,162 | -767 | , 906 | 5,948 | 3,621 | 2,391 | 12,146 | 22 |
| 25,437 | 17, 368 | 5,452 | 2,971 | 18,921 | 17,648 | 8, 113 | 49,649 | 23 |
| 299 | 398 | 57 | 82 | 516 | 572 | 254 | 1,601 | 24 |
| 20, 130 | 10, 162 | 5,255 | 1,293 | 14,233 | 8,323 | 5,629 | 33, 186 | 25 |
| 18 | 20 | 7 | 1 | 76 | 36 | 74 | 269 | 26 |
| 33 | 45 | 18 | 2 | 108 | 82 | 7 | 253 | 27 |
| 2,404 | - 548 | 191 | 190 | 1, 511 | 922 | 446 | 4,382 | 28 |
| 269,933 | 213, 419 | 42,966 | 27,042 | 183, 353 | 208, 512 | 106, 964 | 553, 136 | 29 |
| 1, 057, 897 | 1,393, 164 | 308, 940 | 218, 123 | 1,364,351 | 1, 201,737 | 836, 833 | 4, 404, 298 | 30 |
| 27, 573 | 40, 859 | 10, 834 | 13, 669 | 54, 817 | 77,360 | 33, 160 | 207, 366 | 31 |
| 27, 524 | 40, 814 | 10,763 | 13, 630 | 54, 765 | 77,325 | 33, 136 | 207, 241 | 32 |
| 2,476 | ,963 | 188 | 381 | 1,643 | 2,717 | 1,052 | 4,379 | 33 |
| 8,905 | 10,325 | 2,747 | 4,350 | 13, 159 | 31,423 | 7,666 | 79,813 | 34 |
| 8, 032 | 11,218 | 3, 103 | 2,690 | 13, 704 | 15,296 | 8,151 | 44,412 | 35 |
| 310 | - 210 | ${ }_{2} 21$ | , 231 | . 395 | 880 | , 380 | 1,795 | 36 |
| 6,708 | 7,876 | 2,187 | 3, 371 | 10,318 | 23,654 | 5,646 | 62,003 | 37 |
| 15,101 | 19,304 | 5,312 | 6,292 | 24,417 | 39,861 | 14, 176 | 108, 210 | 38 |
| 12.472 | 21,555 | 5,523 | 7,377 | 30,401 | 37,499 | 18,983 | 99, 156 | 39 |
| 8, 723 | 8,894 | 3,481 | 1,684 | 15, 015 | 9,526 | 5,827 | 30,977 | 40 |
| 132 | 169 | 69 | 65 | 203 | 208 | 150 | 1,483 | 41 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess

PART I. ALL
[Money figures in

with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
RETURNS-Continued
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Service-Continued |  |  |  | Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property | Finance |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motion pictures | Amusement, except motion pictures | Other service, including schools | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Serv- } \\ & \text { ice } \\ & \text { not } \\ & \text { allo- } \\ & \text { cable } \end{aligned}$ |  | Total finance | Banks and trust companies | Long- <br> term <br> credit <br> agencies, <br> mortgage <br> com- <br> panies, <br> except <br> banks | Shortterm credit agencies, except banks | Investment trusts and investment companies ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| 4,050 | 4,527 | 4,335 | 120 | 136,882 | 34,155 | 15, 260 | 3,174 | 4,305 | 3, 509 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 23.915 \\ 1,122,846 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 34.956 \\ 231,539 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 46,512 \\ 339,722 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,534 \\ & 5,258 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 93,231 \\ 3,836,158 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 58.264 \\ 685,106 \end{array}$ | 317,145 | 18,206 | $\begin{array}{r} 35,087 \\ 226,008 \end{array}$ | 4,585 | 3 |
| 169 16 | 34 13 | 34 46 | (15) | 208.324 341,623 | 147,833 203,346 | $\begin{aligned} & 144,239 \\ & 200,591 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 67 \\ & 38 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 191 \\ & 143 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 653 \\ & 812 \end{aligned}$ | 5 |
| ${ }_{121}^{29}$ | $1 \begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 10\end{aligned}$ | 14 47 |  | 37,564 284,020 | 27,342 194,040 | 26.867 187,211 | ${ }_{115}^{5}$ | $\begin{array}{r}17 \\ 197 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 23 1,304 | 6 7 |
| 3,731 | 574 | 869 | 34 | 2,130,167 | 1, 192.038 | 1816, 159 | 14, 115 | 142, 1955 | 1,304 27,619 | 7 8 |
| 22, 592 | 4,999 | 2,328 | 514 | 1,371,474 | 159,581 | 88, 741 | 2,582 | 3, 903 | 2, 365 | 9 |
| 1,239 | +317 | - 555 | 17 | 40, 852 | 25,621 | 12,781 | -792 | -684 | 4,098 | 10 |
| 514 | 372 | 253 | $\left({ }^{15}\right)$ | 87,640 | 37,962 | 1,561 | 558 | 447 | 1,378 | 11 |
| 16, 140 | 238 | 983 | 100 | 631, 014 | 502, 380 | 24,731 | 308 | 4, 825 | 165, 184 | 12 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 4.120 \\ 22,252 \end{array}$ | 6,995 | 3 7 7,444 | $\begin{gathered} (15) \\ 301 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 31,371 \\ 143,726 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29,579 \\ & 76,657 \end{aligned}$ | 1,708 41,649 | $\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ 3,945 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 86 \\ 17,348 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,392 \\ & 2,752 \end{aligned}$ | 13 14 |
| 1,217.682 | 280, 106 | 393, 811 | 8,760 | 9, 237, 163 | 3, 339,749 | 1, 963, 382 | 41, 166 | 431,590 | 216, 163 | 15 |
| 15, 402 | 19,190 | 31,461 | 1,716 | 64,446 | 43,334 |  |  | 26, 289 |  |  |
| 606. 755 | 108, 222 | 177, 460 | 1, 729 | 135, 057 | 45,391 | 276 | 1,865 | 6, 240 |  | 17 |
| 24,655 | 15,149 | 27. 282 | 958 | ${ }^{56} 443,102$ | 277, 904 | 204, 627 | 5,605 | 23,993 | 6,778 | 18 |
| 79, 344 | 13,600 | 17,630 | 272 | 174, 356 | 63, 808 | 42, 938 | 1,137 | 10, 241 | 721 | 19 |
| 8,595 | 4,467 | 2. 718 | 87 | 106, 261 | 14, 193 | 11,431 | , 316 | , 831 | 98 | 20 |
| 2,110 | 908 | 1,981 | 46 | 163, 262 | 139, 544 | 96,459 | 1,783 | 22, 904 | 4,687 | 21 |
| 14,631 29,097 | 2,841 12,542 | 1.887 7,616 | 30 232 | 709.858 607.392 | 339,425 151,044 | 194,955 112,549 | 6,975 2,185 | 47,488 12,361 | 18,928 4,468 | 22 23 |
| 29,097 | 12, 484 | +,6169 | 2 | 8,410 | 15,955 | 12, 4,206 | 2, 45 | 12, 546 | 4,408 | 24 |
| 34, 355 | 13, 278 | 7,913 | 230 | 374, 267 | 68,548 | 51,384 | 1, 036 | 3,370 | 547 | 25 |
| - 46 | - 36 | 35 |  | 24,376 | 2, 172 | 130 | 22 | 560 | 411 | 26 |
| - $\begin{array}{r}43 \\ 2,231\end{array}$ | 56 1,008 | 1, 9004 | 2 | r <br> 80 <br> 263,982 | 157, 645 | 125, 520 | 3, 824 | 185 10,107 | 1,239 | ${ }^{27}$ |
| 232, 881 | 71,961 | 85, 420 | 2,549 | ${ }^{37} 3,796,653$ | 1,036, 984 | 703,411 | 18, 923 | 149, 409 | 32, 130 | 29 |
| 1, 050, 666 | 263, 741 | 363, 766 | 7.852 | ${ }^{38} 6,872,252$ | 2,346, 221 | 1,547,887 | 43, 720 | 314, 523 | 70,413 | 30 |
| 167, 017 | 16, 366 | 35, 044 | 907 | 2,364, 881 | 993, 528 | 415,495 | ${ }^{39} 2,554$ | 117, 068 | 145, 751 | 31 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 166,867 \\ \hline, 533 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16,355 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 34,983 \\ 1,289 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 907 \\ 49 \end{array}$ | $2,043,297$ 30,482 | $\begin{array}{r} 772,146 \\ 8,392 \end{array}$ | 201,417 2,291 | 39 2,674 405 | $\begin{array}{r} 116,853 \\ 993 \end{array}$ | 144.424 649 | 32 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 3,533 \\ 43,13 \end{array}$ | 1,643 | $24,517$ | $262$ |  | 15,725 | 1,635 | $\begin{aligned} & 405 \\ & 257 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 993 \\ 10,284 \end{array}$ | 649 47 | 34 |
| 40, 719 | 5,156 | 5,575 | 244 | 349, 071 | 166, 399 | 59,581 | 642 | 44, 412 | 9, 513 | 35 |
| -362 | 104 | 5 194 | ${ }^{6}$ | 1,307 | 4 439 | 166 | 12 |  | 28 | 36 |
| 32, 777 | 6,463 | 17, 284 | 209 | 47,773 | 12, 203 | 1,329 | 175 | 7,962 | 38 | 37 |
| 73.858 | 11.723 | 23, 053 | 459 | 398, 151 | 179,041 | 61,076 | 1,830 | 52, 450 | 9, 579 | 38 |
| 93,159 | 4,643 | 11,991 | 448 | 1,966,730 | 814,487 | 354, 419 | ${ }^{40} 4,384$ | 64,618 | 136, 172 | 39 |
| 44,649 | 4,744 | 4,624 | 259 | 1,039,518 | 786, 769 | 228, 658 | 3, 156 | 95,331 | 154, 208 | 40 |
| 407 | 10 | 197 | 10 | 16,018 | 12,907 | 10,187 | 100 | 676 | 792 | 41 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared ralue excess-profits tax, excess

PART I. ALL
[Money figures in

|  |  |  | Major in | dustrial | groups ${ }^{10}$ | - Continued |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Finance | insurance, | $\begin{gathered} \text { real esta } \\ \text { Cor } \end{gathered}$ | ate, and ntinued | lessors of real | property- |
|  |  |  | inance-Co | ontinued |  | Insuranc agen | carriers, ts, etc. |
|  |  | Other investment companies, including holding companies 1213 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Security } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { com- } \\ \text { modity- } \\ \text { exchange } \\ \text { brokers } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { dealers } \end{array}$ | Other finance panies | Finance not al- | Total insurance carriers, agents, etc. | Insurance carriers |
| 1 | Number of returns ${ }^{16}$ | 1,841 | 1,499 | 1.584 | 2,983 | 7,905 | 1,968 |
|  | Receipts: ${ }_{\text {Gross sales }} 17$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  | 17,736 |  | 5. 441 |  |  |  |
| 3 | Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): | 54, 635 | 44,010 | 6,454 | 14,063 | 2, 245, 217 | 2,030,341 |
| 4 | Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$...-......- | 938 | 1,411 | 17 | 317 | 58,119 | 58, 039 |
| 5 | Subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax. ${ }^{20}$ | 983 | 574 | 57 | 148 | 137, 060 | 137,006 |
| 6 | Subject to surtax only ${ }^{21} \ldots .$. | 218 | 178 | 10 | 24 | 10,055 | $10,0<1$ |
| 7 | Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{22}$. | 1,389 | 2,763 | 38 | 1,022 | 88, 509 | 88,4 7 |
| 8 | Other interest.-...-.-.-..- | 74,386 | 3, 391 | 3, 028 | 10. 265 | 906. 762 | 90, 869 |
| 9 | Rents and royalties ${ }^{23}$ | 10,400 | 889 | 46,630 | 4,071 | 177, 76 | 176, 0.2 |
| 10 |  | 3,497 | 2,139 | 430 | 1,199 | 2, 402 | 2,110 |
| 11 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets. ${ }^{25}$ | 1,424 | 31,599 | 715 | 250 | 257 | 117 |
| 12 | Dlvidends, domestic corporations. ${ }^{26}$ | 297, 038 | 4,077 | 4, 731 | 1,487 | 111,944 | 108, 205 |
| 13 | Dividends, foreign corporations. ${ }^{27}$ | 22, 296 | 16 | 6 | 61 | 1,398 | 1,185 |
| 14 | Other receipts ${ }^{28}$ - --------------- | 4,568 | 3,755 | 1,148 | 1,491 | 14.402 | 4,782 |
| 15 | Total compiled reecipts | 489, 508 | 94, 804 | 69, 706 | 34,429 | 3, 753, 530 | 3, 522,343 |
|  | Deductions: <br> Cost of goods sold ${ }^{29}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | Cost of operations ${ }^{29}$ | -25,918 | 7,446 | 4,560 676 | 2,974 | 29, 88.1 | 600 |
| 18 | Compensation of officers. | 8, 791 | 20, 878 | 3,750 | 3,4®3 | ${ }^{36} 59,111$ | ${ }^{36} 9.478$ |
| 19 | Rent paid on business property - | 2,731 | 4,315 | 799 | 926 | 20, 749 | 13,517 |
| 20 | Repairs ${ }^{30}$-.................-.-- | 1,098 | 114 | 195 | 110 | 2,154 | 1,906 |
| 21 | Bad debts | 5,517 | 748 | 5,484 | 1,956 | 4, 400 | 2, 707 |
| 22 | Interest paid. | 58,780 | 2,620 | 3, 164 | 6,515 | 3,748 | 2, 633 |
| 23 |  | 11,791 | 3,668 | 2, 253 | 1,768 | 107, 413 |  |
| 24 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{32}$ | ${ }_{3} 578$ | 100 | 37 | . 38 | \% 881 | \% 530 |
| 25 26 | Depreciation | 3,936 | 1,113 | 6,400 | 76.3 | 38, 230 | 36, 543 |
| ${ }_{27}^{26}$ | Depletion-..- | 1,003 | 4 | 16 | 26 | 48 | 44 |
| 27 28 |  | 88 4,534 | 4, 530 | 6,005 | 1,886 | 7, 748 | 6,515 |
|  | tal assets. ${ }^{25}$ a ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | Other deductions | 47, 563 | 46,994 | 25,461 | 13, 091 | ${ }^{32} 2,179,405$ | -2,016,291 |
| 30 | Total compiled deductions | 184, 813 | 92, 530 | 58,800 | 33, 536 | ${ }^{38} 2,453,770$ | ${ }^{38} 2,253,559$ |
| 1 | Compiled net profit or net loss ( 1.5 less 30 ). | 304, 695 | 2, 274 | 9,906 | 893 | 1, 299, 760 | 1, 268, 784 |
| 32 | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}[31$ less $(6+7)]$ - | 303, 088 | ${ }^{39} 668$ | 9, 858 | ${ }^{\text {s9 }} 153$ | 1,201, 166 | 1,170, 216 |
| 33 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{35}$--.-- | 1,195 | 931 | 1, 478 | 450 | 5, ${ }^{\text {5, }} 124$ | 1,4,733 |
| 34 | Income subject to excess profits tax. ${ }^{5}$ | 873 | 334 | 2,123 | 171 | 22, 845 | 13,659 |
| 35 | Income tax ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 38, 814 | 2,019 |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | 1)eclared value excess-profits tax ${ }^{7} \ldots$ | 74 | 29 | - 40 | 13 | $118$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 11,042 \end{array}$ |
| 3 | Excess profits tax ${ }^{8}$.-...--- | 695 | 271 | 1,597 | 136 | 18,225 | 11,042 |
| 88 | Total tax | 39,583 | 2,319 | 9,815 | 2,389 | 117,681 | 103, 214 |
| 39 | Complled net profit less total tax (31 less 38). | 265, 112 | 1045 | 91 | ${ }^{40} 1,496$ | 1,182,079 | 1,165,570 |
| 40 | Dividends paid: ${ }^{9}$ Cash and assets other than own | 273, 811 | 3,970 | 17,988 | 9,647 | 113,696 | 100,639 |
| 41 | Corporatlon's own stock.......- | 1,042 | 7 | 25 | 78 | 1,617 | 1,469 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
RETURNS-Continued
thousands of dollars]


Table 3.-Corporation returns, $19 \not 92$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returno compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess

PART II. RETURNS
[Money figures in,


For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.
with net income, and returns with no nel income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, paid by type of dividend: also, for returns urith net income: Net operating loss deduction, profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
WITH NET INCOME ${ }^{s}$
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mining, etc.-Continued |  |  | Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude petrolenm and natural gas production | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { metallic } \\ & \text { mining } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { quarry- } \\ & \text { ing } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Mining } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { quarrying } \\ \text { not } \\ \text { allocable } \end{array}$ | Total manufacturing | Fond and kindred products | Beverages | Tobacco manufactures | Cotton manufactures | ```Textile. mill products, except cotton``` |  |
| 2,087 | 911 | 23 | 59. 723 | 7,086 | 2, 285 | 141 | 752 | 2,996 | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 350,993 \\ & 107,543 \end{aligned}$ | 335,999 22,526 | 3,328 1,481 | $108,901,802$ $5,098,291$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15,780,563 \\ 87,951 \end{array}$ | $2,579,604$ 7,778 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,773,712 \\ 2,419 \end{array}$ | $2,790,3.36$ 10,906 | $4,552,278$ 123,289 | 2 3 |
| 105 | 58 | (15) | 13.340 | 536 | 164 | 82 | 160 | 369 | 4 |
| 213 | 78 |  | 9,583 | 609 | 185 | 240 | 166 | 186 | 5 |
| 20 | 3 |  | 827 | 29 | 24 | 23 | 6 | 18 | 6 |
| 101 | 46 |  | 8. 439 | 524 | 187 | 95 | 189 | 162 | 7 |
| 2. 156 | 328 | 5 | 141.508 | 15. 550 | 2. 783 | 3,086 | 1. 764 | 3,419 | 8 |
| 7.996 | 2,426 | 13 | 283, 806 | 19. 647 | 4. 103 | 2, 864 | 7,993 | 5. 980 | 9 |
| 3.533 | 371 | 66 | 51.546 | 5,130 | 1,634 | 477 | 1,460 | 1, 162 | 10 |
| 1,509 | 277 | 6 | 11,466 | 524 | 285 | 10 | 200 | 363 | 11 |
| 8.041 | 1.143 | 2 | 302.990 | 20.930 | 2,747 | 3.880 | 2,664 | 4,102 | 12 |
|  |  |  | 91.333 | 8,678 | -9 | -983 | 14 | 1,110 | 13 |
| 6,340 | 3, 000 | 23 | 528,921 | 51.833 | 12. 256 | 3,700 | 13, 000 | 23, 16 | 14 |
| 488, 579 | 366, 256 | 4. 924 | 115,443.852 | 15,992, 504 | 2,611.760 | 1.791.520 | 2.828,859 | 4, 716. 253 | 15 |
| 133.516 | 196. 692 | 1.55 .5 | 79.951, 242 | 12,970,054 | 1,485, 214 | 1,343, 564 | 2, 156. 953 | 3,558.611 | 16 |
| 61.308 | 11. 2.57 | 1, 128 | 3, 53.3.560 | 27,178 | 1, 1,428 | 1, 849 | 4.121 | 80, 147 | 17 |
| 12.976 | 11.364 | 146 | 1,431, 496 | 119, 030 | 35, 804 | 5. 244 | 22,396 | 79.335 | 18 |
| 4. 245 | 2,888 | 24 | 393, 938 | 37.421 | 6, 296 | 1,464 | 1,475 | 11.699 | 19 |
| 2. 409 | 10.454 | 52 | 1,452.853 | 112. 106 | 16, 361 | 1,855 | 31.573 | 44,170 | 20 |
| 1.291 | 975 | 4 | 134.986 | 16,501 | 5. 259 | 485 | 775 | 3, 130 | 21 |
| 10,277 | 2, 516 | 24 | 404. 199 | 40,790 | 12, 268 | 8. 898 | 6, 498 | 17, 109 | 22 |
| 17.979 | 10, 215 | 88 | 2, 433, 329 | 182, 432 | 394.876 | 114.561 | 52, 305 | 72, 507 | 23 |
| - 269 | 1221 | 5 | -54,586 | 4.278 | 1.948 | 307 7.578 | 1,498 | 3.022 | 24 |
| 39.617 | 13, 946 | 179 | 1,701, 087 | 149.289 | 39,999 | 7,578 | 40,021 | 59, 746 | 25 |
| 70,672 | 10.589 | 304 | $2 \$ 4.195$ | 572 | 131 |  | (15) | - 61 | 26 |
| 262 569 | 307 996 |  | 307.323 72,470 | 2,288 14,576 | 56 1.657 | 381 | 1,739 1,655 | 1,251 5,662 | 27 28 |
| 569 | 996 | 2 | 72,470 | 14,576 | 1,657 | 381 | 1,655 | 5,602 | 28 |
| 6, 770 | 35, 134 | 441 | 9.470, 189 | 1,373,137 | 329, 277 | 126. 962 | 128.376 | 286, 819 | 29 |
| 416,149 | 307. 553 | 3,951 | 101, 625, 452 | 15, 049, 652 | 2,330,575 | 1,612, 148 | 2. 449.383 | 4, 223, 570 | 30 |
| 72.430 | 58, 703 | 973 | 13, 818, 400 | 942. 852 | 281, 185 | 179,372 | 379, 475 | 492, 683 | 31 |
| 72,309 | 58, 6.54 | 973 | 13, 809, 135 | 942, 299 | 280, 974 | 179, 255 | 379. 281 | 492, 504 | 32 |
| 3,279 | 1,728 | 18 | 128.080 | 11,649 | 5,392 | 112 | 1,323 | 7,221 | 33 |
| 8,664 | 22,419 | 656 | 7.963, 833 | 30¢, 385 | 95, 613 | 42.258 | 259,135 | 285, 112 | 34 |
| 19,690 | 12. 494 | 104 | 2, 173, 112 | 229. 210 | 68.071 | 53,185 | 51.978 | 79, 208 | 35 |
| 111 | 149 | (15) | 41,868 | 3,948 | 980 | $42$ | $641$ | 1,470 | 36 |
| 6,420 | 17. 677 | 408 | 6,013, 037 | 239, 039 | 70,770 | 33.676 | 191, 280 | 213, 102 | 37 |
| 26,221 | 30,320 | 512 | 8,228. 017 | 472, 196 | 139,821 | 86.903 | 243, 899 | 293, 780 | 38 |
| 46,209 | 28,383 | 461 | 5,590,383 | 470,656 | 141,364 | 92, 469 | 135,576 | 198, 903 | 39 |
| 46,860 | 20,409 | 265 | 2,496, 901 | 238,332 | 67, 041 | 70,781 | 45,768 | 60,676 | 40 |
| 298 | 87 | 26 | 35, 475 | 1,985 | - 187 |  | 1,154 | 3,544 | 41 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess

PART II. RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in.


For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
NET INCOME ${ }^{3}$-Continued
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper and allied products | Printing and publishing industries | Chemicals and allied products | Petroleum and coal products | Stone, clay, and glass products | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Iron, steel, } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { products } \end{aligned}$ | Nonferrous metals and their products | Electrical machinery and equipment | Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical |  |
| 1,730 | 5,978 | 4,258 | 389 | 1,841 | 5,330 | 1,881 | 1,325 | 4. 922 | 1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 2,780,334 \\ 10,756 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,242,139 \\ 126,895 \end{array}$ | $7,001,460$ 54,827 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,664,820 \\ 643,542 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,194,511 \\ 8,725 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 15,774,577 \\ 625,950 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,048,259 \\ 82,611 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,960,945 \\ 8,996 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,701,505 \\ 121,128 \end{array}$ | 2 |
| 460 | 404 | 1,435 | 1,165 | 405 | 2, 428 | 551 | 549 | 1,469 | 4 |
| 582 | 917 | 1,278 | 626 | 401 | 1,372 | 176 | 275 | 1,478 | 5 |
| 10 | 33 | 143 | 228 | 19 | 83 | 15 | 46 | 65 | 6 |
| 488 | 676 | 1,058 | 838 | 293 | 709 | 183 | 569 | 1,573 | 7 |
| 3, 588 | 3,542 | 9,066 | 24, 226 | 1,745 | 32,551 | 2, 245 | 5, 554 | 12,050 | 8 |
| 6,311 | 14,670 | 24, 205 | 55, 625 | 4,905 | 42,351 | 3, 257 | 10,303 | 38,602 | 9 |
| 1,261 | 778 | 3,479 | 11, 285 | 1,623 | 3, 105 | 499 | 637 | 3, 090 | 10 |
| 422 | 310 | 424 | 1,587 | 326 | 1,101 | 77 | 202 | 2, 180 | 11 |
| 5, 532 | 9,712 | 69,534 | 54, 803 | 6,667 | 34, 833 | 14,484 | 12,744 | 13, 531 | 12 |
| 1,741 | 1,840 | 9, 668 | 17,217 | 5,352 | 5, 194 | 5, 509 | 4,231 | 9, 130 | 13 |
| 13,621 | 25, 902 | 26,752 | 54, 066 | 12,843 | 58, 081 | 19,184 | 12,698 | 53, 282 | 14 |
| 2, 825, 107 | 2, 427,819 | 7,203,329 | 7,530,028 | 2,237, 814 | 16,582,334 | 3,177,050 | 5, 017, 749 | 9,959,084 | 15 |
| 1,924, 283 | 1, 447, 849 | 4,553,206 | 4,880, 007 | 1,415,906 | 11,438, 515 | 2, 265, 320 | 3, 514, 087 | 6, 141, 803 | 16 |
| 2,703 | 56,979 | 9,840 | 222,321 | 3, 551 | 420, 107 | 46,472 | 1,507 | - 17,031 | 17 |
| 53, 810 | 91, 155 | 96,044 | 20,379 | 40,104 | 194, 036 | 50,968 | 50,130 | 173, 697 | 18 |
| 10,558 | 24,788 | 19,335 | 75, 290 | 6,406 | 50,319 | 10,215 | 13, 431 | 23, 673 | 19 |
| 58, 037 | 9,516 | 88, 212 | 109,267 | 47,457 | 401,758 | 30,910 | 58, 545 | 141, 500 | 20 |
| 4,164 | 11,085 | 11,182 | 15, 353 | 3,322 | 14,359 | 2,061 | 4,146 | 14,396 | 21 |
| 14,398 | 14, 208 | 17,656 | 76,680 | 5,568 | 86, 447 | 9, 298 | 12, 744 | 17,767 | 22 |
| 54,311 | 46,606 | 110, 681 | 202, 228 | 43, 238 | 299, 593 | 54,770 | 109, 544 | 187, 165 | 23 |
| 2,068 | 2, 560 | 3,442 | 2, 200 | 1,334 | 8,327 | 1,617 | 2,727 | 6, 824 | 24 |
| 72, 159 | 40, 802 | 158,329 | 278,798 | 53, 186 | 300, 547 | 46,350 | 61, 563 | 113, 744 | 25 |
| 4,430 | 104 | 7,600 | 203, 942 | 2, 164 | 22, 411 | 11,870 | 10 | 408 | 26 |
| 4,989 | 80 | 31, 074 | 12, 888 | 3,294 | 88, 668 | 26, 652 | 18,322 | 42, 926 | 27 |
| 6,787 | 2,589 | 5,620 | 3,397 | 1,081 | 12,910 | 1,270 | 2,555 | 3, 246 | 28 |
| 253, 517 | 427,733 | 949,507 | 881,513 | 234, 570 | 840,571 | 207, 532 | 413,986 | 959, 431 | 29 |
| 2,466, 214 | 2, 176, 055 | 6, 061,728 | 6,984, 262 | 1,861, 182 | 14, 178, 568 | 2, 765, 304 | 4,263, 299 | 7,843,611 | 30 |
| 358, 892 | 251,764 | 1, 141, 600 | 545, 766 | 376, 632 | 2, 403, 766 | 411, 746 | 754, 450 | 2, 115, 473 | 31 |
| 358,395 | 251, 055 | 1, 140,399 | 544, 700 | 376, 320 | 2, 402, 974 | 411, 548 | 753, 835 | 2, 113, 835 | 32 |
| 1,975 | 5, 460 | 1, 7,070 | 10, 076 | 1,264 | 10,171 | 680 | 23, 784 | 5, 782 | 33 |
| 179, 581 | 63, 498 | 488, 268 | 62,695 | 207,431 | 1,682,138 | 246,816 | 517,992 | 1,583, 889 | 34 |
| 67,330 |  |  | 169, 842 | 63, 689 | 275, 344 | 59,720 |  |  | 35 |
| $349$ | 654 | 1,600 | 81 | -461 | 8,401 | $943$ | 2, 150 | $7,828$ | 36 37 |
| 138,020 | 49,583 | 368, 868 | 49,068 | 159,723 | 1,276,206 | 190,659 | 406, 722 | 1,185, 149 | 37 |
| 205,699 | 115, 594 | 600,914 | 218,991 | 223, 874 | 1,559, 951 | 251, 322 | 488, 594 | 1,401, 381 | 38 |
| 153,194 | 136, 170 | 540,686 | 326, 775 | 152, 759 | 843,815 | 160,424 | 265, 856 | 714,092 | 39 |
| 71,260 | 73,736 | 309, 943 | 308, 447 | 71,194 | 309, 606 | 77, 559 | $105,052$ | 226, 917 | 40 |
| 608 | 602 | 2,936 | 5, 617 | 1,745 | 2,793 | 721 | $1,657$ | 4,111 | 41 |

TABLE 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net incorre or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declarcd ralue excess-profits tax, excess

PART II. RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled recoints, paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued

NET INCOME ${ }^{\text {-Continued }}$
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Public utilities-Continued |  |  | Trade |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trans-portation | Com-munication | Other public utilities | Total trade | Wholesale |  |  | Retail |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total wholesale | Commission merchants | Other wholesalers | Total retail | General merchandise |  |
| 8,831 | 2.009 | 2,064 | 89,793 | 27.315 | 3,686 | 23, 629 | 52, 293 | 4,825 | 1 |
| 776,084 $10,181,698$ | $114,85.3$ $1,863,795$ | 113.156 $3,931,407$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50,875,746 \\ 914,247 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24,774,805 \\ 611,319 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 851,185 \\ & 300,776 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,923,620 \\ 310,543 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 22,100,437 \\ 233,161 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,467,312 \\ 31.2 f 9 \end{array}$ | $\frac{2}{3}$ |
| 1,623 2,136 | 703 46 | 723 310 | 2,229 1,451 | 902 573 | 73 21 | 829 552 | 1,137 760 | 711 | 4 |
| 51 | 4 | 73 | , 232 | 98 | 10 | 88 | 99 | 15 | 6 |
| 1,442 | 139 | 373 | 1,563 | 687 | 119 | 569 | 788 | 298 | 7 |
| 49, 281 | 7,243 | 43, 013 | 67. 210 | 25, 479 | 5, 999 | 19,480 | 36,238 | 21,329 | 8 |
| 241, 269 | 34, 106 | 21, 126 | 109,516 | 20, 853 | 1,834 | 19, 019 | 78, 212 | 42, 4.85 | 9 |
| 44,510 | 424 | 1,916 | 10,258 | 5,472 | 446 | 5, 026 | 2,529 | 346 | 10 |
| 6, 740 | 211 | 206 | 6,684 | 4,518 | 105 | 4,413 | 1,577 | 253 | 11 |
| 76,193 | 158, 095 | 65,283 | 39,478 | 21,187 | 5,216 | 15,971 | 15,736 | 6,281 | 12 |
| 796 45,889 | 1,136 4,070 | 3,117 14,526 | 17,944 550.156 | 5. 171 <br> 154, 010 | 19 20,568 | 5,152 133.442 | 5,422 359,155 | 5,402 99.496 | 13 |
| 11.427, 711 | 2,184, 826 | 4, 195, 229 | 52, 596, 713 | 25, 625,073 | 1,186, 370 | 24, 438, 703 | 22, 835, 283 | 7,675,515 | 15 |
| 435, 365 | 49.250 | 58, 553 | 40, 184, 943 | 21, 402, 060 | 794, 871 | 20,607, 189 | 15, 622, 200 | 4, 360, 029 | 16 |
| 5,889, 087 | 805, 794 | 1,625,874 | 422, 100 | 273, 841 | 105, 545 | 168,296 | 123,770 | 12,535 | 17 |
| 5, 94, 899 | 10,96.5 | 23, 261 | 975, 874 | 443, 534 | 50, 269 | 393, 265 | 428, 211 | 69,797 | 18 |
| 514,907 | 45, 749 | 21.995 | 676, 129 | 86,983 | 6,415 | 80,563 | 553, 148 | 188,80\% | 19 |
| 32, 275 | 12, 031 | 9,936 | 117.953 | 26,812 | 650 | 26. 162 | 80,738 | 32, 158 | 20 |
| 7,984 | 6, 136 | 7,012 | 139, 126 | 48,916 | 2,878 | 46, 038 | 77,086 | 30, 228 | 21 |
| 539, 133 | 69,371 | 344, 105 | 125, 743 | 50, 173 | 4,498 | - 45,675 | 65, 538 | 27, 053 | 22 |
| 613,033 | 155.623 | 397.436 | 490.423 | 151,182 | 7,672 | 143, 510 | 295. 769 | 122, 344 | 23 |
| 2, 327 | 1.705 | 3,226 | 20.915 | 7.817 | 703 | 7,113 | 11,543 | 5,566 | 24 |
| 379, 576 | 223, 357 | 419,226 | 278.861 | 68, 868 | 2,675 | 66, 193 | 183, 359 | 67,671 | 25 |
| 8,146 | 2 | 11,748 | 1. 268 | 736 | 27 | 709 | 327 | 73 | 26 |
| 76,933 | 153 | 13.704 | 2. 624 | 2,073 | 18 | 2,050 | 316 | 17 | 27 |
| 13,524 | 1,765 | 6,428 | 21, 255 | 3,626 | 178 | 3,448 | 16,593 | 9,771 | 28 |
| 637,050 | 215.393 | 293, 743 | 6, 477, 117 | 1.991.604 | 123, 909 | 1,867,695 | 4.000, 124 | 1, 576, 140 | 29 |
| 9.244, 240 | 1. 597,292 | 3,244. 247 | 49.934.332 | 24.558.224 | 1, 100, 308 | 23, 457, 916 | 21,45S, 721 | 7.002, 192 | 30 |
| 2,183,471 | 587. 535 | 950, 9 マ2 | 2,662,381 | 1,066, 849 | 86,062 | 980,787 | 1,376, 561 | 673, 323 | 31 |
| 2,181,978 | 587,391 | 950, 535 | 2,660,585 | 1,066, 063 | 85,933 | 980, 130 | 1,375, 674 | 673, 009 | 32 |
| 133, 181 | 713 | 4.205 | -38.955 | 13, 702 | 1,168 | 12, 535 | 20,874 | 2,723 | 33 |
| 402, 365 | 128.858 | 152, 260 | 1,128, 247 | 497.774 | 38,382 | 459, 393 | 550,659 | 332,622 | 34 |
| 627, 470 | 127, 285 | 275, 946 | 513.581 | 187,884 | 14,516 | 173,368 | 231, 286 | 127, 710 | 35 |
| 2,674 |  | 163 | 15, 496 | 6,125 | 327 | 5,798 | 7.576 | 2.987 | 36 |
| 318,844 | 104,011 | 121, 203 | 873, 049 | 380, 414 | 29,100 | 351, 314 | 430,632 | 264,870 | 37 |
| 948, 989 | 231.333 | 397, 212 | 1,402, 126 | 574.423 | 43,943 | 530, 480 | 719.494 | 395, 566 | 38 |
| 1,234, 483 | 356, 201 | 553,770 | 1,260, 255 | 492, 426 | 42,118 | 450,307 | 657,068 | 277, 756 | 39 |
| 308, 755 | 353, 199 | 455, 673 | 493,636 | 183, 124 | 16,435 | 166,689 | 280, 220 | 150,502 | 40 |
| 1,416 | 376 | 2,254 | 12,351 | 6,065 | 102 | 6,864 | 3,957 | 1,252 | 41 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declarcd value excess-profits tax, excess

PART II. RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in


[^18]with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued

NET INCOME ${ }^{3}$-Continued
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{\text {10 }}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trade-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  | Trade not allocable |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eating } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { drinking } \\ & \text { places } \end{aligned}$ | Auto. motive dealers | Filling stations | Hardware | Building materials, fuel, and ice | Other retail trade | Retail trade allocable |  |  |
| 5,016 | 5,387 | 1. 184 | 1,963 | 5,393 | 5,490 | 3,402 | 10,185 | 1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 729,557 \\ 46,157 \end{array}$ | $1,123,397$ 39,533 | 259,367 4,158 | 207,074 2,174 | $1,205,238$ 18,076 | $1,127,444$ 23,293 | $\begin{array}{r} 783,238 \\ 8,389 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,000,504 \\ 69,766 \end{array}$ | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ |
| 25 <br> 36 | 50 48 | 13 55 | 9 | 96 41 | 28 46 | 33 19 | 190 | $\frac{4}{5}$ |
| 5 43 | $11_{2}^{2}$ | 35 36 | ${ }^{(15)} 38$ | 99 39 | 2 32 | 4 19 | 35 88 | 6 |
| 119 | 3, 005 | 146 | 749 | 2,293 | 2, 741 | 1,264 | 5,493 | 8 |
| 2, 750 | 2, 363 | 1,589 | 372 | 4, 033 | 2,930 | 1,569 | 10,450 | ${ }_{9}$ |
| 2, 48 | 237 | 21 | 32 | 758 | 188 | 177 | 2,257 | 10 |
| 100 | 117 | 55 | 19 | ${ }_{4}^{493}$ | 135 | 147 | 589 | 11 |
| (15) 494 | ${ }_{(15)} 311$ | ${ }_{(15)} 123$ | (15) 132 | 1,073 ${ }_{3}$ | ${ }_{(15)} 683$ | 305 3 | 2,555 7,351 |  |
| (4,944 | 15, 677 | 1,673 | 2,660 | 12,538 | 26, 233 | 19,382 | 36,961 | 14 |
| 784, 279 | 1,184, 751 | 267, 272 | 213, 261 | 1,247,690 | 1,183,755 | 814, 550 | 4, 136, 358 | 15 |
| 424, 527 | 831, 031 | 196, 698 | 152, 739 | 923, 553 | 789, 300 | 628, 536 | 3, 160, 683 | 16 |
| 29, 083 | 21, 335 | 2,938 | 1,235 | 11, 252 | 9,048 | 3,973 | 24, 489 | 17 |
| 27, 555 | 48, 756 | 4,059 | 10,428 | 40, 386 | 44, 418 | 16, 494 | 104, 129 | 18 |
| 39, 216 | 21,765 | 3, 695 | 3,316 | 6, 296 | 31. 106 | 9,994 | 35, 998 | 19 |
| 6,974 428 | 2,828 4,371 | $\begin{array}{r}1,389 \\ 553 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 283 1,116 | 5, 507 <br> 7,768 | 2,423 7,004 | 1,857 3,774 | 10,403 13,124 | 20 |
| 1. 575 | 8, 893 | ${ }_{473}$ | 1,812 | 4,663 | 3,090 | 2,058 | 10, 032 | 22 |
| 17,304 | 13,910 | 4,359 | 2, 706 | 16,361 | 16, 266 | 7,510 | 43, 473 | 23 |
|  | 361 | 54 | 76 | 486 | \% 559 | , 242 | 1,556 | 24 |
| 13, 550 | 7,935 | 4,390 | 1,161 | 11,977 | 7, 277 | 5,064 | 26,634 | 25 |
| ${ }_{25}^{11}$ |  |  |  | 71 69 | 30 <br> 80 | 74 7 | 205 | 27 |
| 708 | 194 | 22 | 38 | 874 | 606 | 317 | 1,036 | 29 |
| 186, 061 | 174,585 | 36, 560 | 24, 744 | 157, 899 | 190, 079 | 99, 704 | 485, 389 | 29 |
| 747, 264 | 1,135, 613 | 255, 204 | 198, 658 | 1, 187, 164 | 1,101,283 | 779,603 | 3,917, 386 | 30 |
| 37,015 | 49,138 | 12,069 | 14, 603 | 60, 526 | 82,472 | 34,948 | 218, 971 | 31 |
| 36, 966 | 49, 125 | 11,998 | 14, 564 | 60, 478 | 82, 438 | 34, 924 | 218, 848 | 32 |
| 2,476 | 1063 | 188 | 381 | 1,643 | 2,717 31,423 | 1,052 7,666 | 4,379 79,813 | 33 |
| 8,905 | 10,325 | 2,747 | 4,350 | 13, 159 | 31,423 | 7,666 | 79,813 | 34 |
| 8,082 | 11, 218 | 3, 103 | 2,690 | 13,704 | 15, 296 | 8,151 | 44,412 | 35 |
| 8,310 6,708 | 11,210 7,876 | 2, 181 | - 231 | 395 10,318 | 8, <br> 230 <br> 684 | 5,646 | 62,003 | 36 37 |
| 15, 101 | 19,304 | 5,312 | 6,292 | 24,417 | 39, 861 | 14, 176 | 108, 210 | 38 |
| 21,914 | 29,834 | 6,757 | 8,311 | 36,109 | 42,611 | 20,771 | 110, 761 | 39 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8,348 \\ & 132 \end{aligned}$ | $\text { 8, } 413$ | 3,464 69 | 1,648 65 | 14,407 179 | 9,269 180 | 5,751 147 | $\begin{array}{r} 30,291 \\ 1,428 \end{array}$ | 40 41 |

Table 3.--Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-prcfits tax, excess

PART II. RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in

with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, paid by type of dividend: also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total ta.x-Continued

NET INCOME ${ }^{3}$-Continued
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Service-Continued |  |  |  | Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motion pictures | Amusement, except motion pictures | Other service, including schools | Service not allocable | Total finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property | Total finance | Banks and trust companies | Finance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Long. term credit agencies, mortgage coinpanies, except banks | Shortterm credit agencles, except banks | ment trusts and investment companies ${ }^{11}$ |  |
| 2,742 | 1,811 | 1,792 | 59 | 69,489 | 21,584 | 11,089 | 1,423 | 2, 708 | 2,490 | 1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 19,606 \\ 1,049,226 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,594 \\ 175,241 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 37,899 \\ 284,004 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,265 \\ & 4,266 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 76,842 \\ 3,129,279 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 51,568 \\ 569,420 \end{array}$ | 253, 263 | 12, 510 | $\begin{array}{r} 35,087 \\ 214,890 \end{array}$ |  | 2 3 |
| 163 16 | 30 11 | 25 | (15) | 177,775 315,565 | 118,844 178,911 | $\begin{aligned} & 115,861 \\ & 176,730 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 23 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 169 \\ & 139 \end{aligned}$ | 610 774 | 4 |
| 29 | $\frac{1}{8}$ | 13 |  | 32,857 24 | 23, 024 | 22,668 | 3 26 | 17 179 | 21 | 6 |
| 3,470 | 499 | 244 | 29 | 1, 892, 433 | 971, 699 | 736, 001 | 9, 657 | 135, 577 | 17,772 | 8 |
| 20, 524 | 3, 233 | 1,600 | 507 | 979, 672 | 126, 27.3 | 65, 437 | 1, 187 | 3, 581 | 2,115 | 9 |
| 1,208 | 291 | 503 | 17 | 35,079 | 22,051 | 11,093 | 296 | 669 | 3,676 | 10 |
| 486 | 143 | 141 | $\left({ }^{15}\right)$ | 63,991 | 28,080 | 1,000 | 361 | 289 | 1,017 | 11 |
| 16,070 | 210 | 429 | 100 | 601, 103 | 478, 901 | 18,999 | 283 | 4,620 | 160, 345 | 12 |
| 4,120 19,991 | 7 3,833 | 3 4,394 | ${ }^{(15)} 75$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30,319 \\ 106,789 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28,808 \\ & 60,654 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,564 \\ 33,816 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ 2,543 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 86 \\ 15,591 \end{array}$ | 5,287 907 | 13 14 |
| 1,135,028 | 207,099 | 329, 337 | 7,260 | 7,684, 557 | 2, 812, 235 | 1, 586, 402 | 26,974 | 410, 891 | 193, 527 | 15 |
| 12, 666 | 12,493 | 25,944 | 1,522 | 52,567 | 38, 032 |  |  | 26, 289 |  | 16 |
| 567, 237 | 82, 270 | 155, 401 | 1,235 | 86, 323 | 35, 954 | 143 | 810 | 4, 584 |  | 17 |
| 21,423 | 11, 134 | 20,615 | 659 | ${ }^{36} 331,603$ | 214, 866 | 158, 770 | 4,041 | 20,376 | 5, 634 | 18 |
| 69, 905 | 9, 268 | 13. 565 | 197 | 114.407 | 48,326 | 33, 423 | 704 | 9, 402 | 462 | 19 |
| 7,815 1,271 | 2, 910 | 2,101 1.385 | 88 | 54.420 84 848 | 10, 229 | 8,434 52 530 | 109 360 | 777 19.553 | 1, 54 | 20 |
| 13,081 | 1.508 | 1,385 1,181 | 42 22 | 81,978 427,845 | 77, 242, 270 | r 541,938 | 360 3,166 | 19,540 | 1,805 11,819 | 21 |
| 26, 533 | 9, 050 | 5,967 | 189 | 402, 070 | 120, 775 | 90,054 | 1, 186 | 11,674 | 3,753 | 23 |
| 507 | 459 | 141 | 2 | 7,598 | 5,717 | 4,003 | 43 | 536 | 405 | 24 |
| 31,580 | 8,190 | 5,478 | 141 | 229, 281 | 50,493 | 38, 942 | 475 | 3,128 | 324 | 25 |
| 45 | 23 39 | 17 |  | 20, 822 | 2,069 | 109 | 15 | 559 | 359 | ${ }_{25}$ |
| 2, 015 | 250 | 257 | (15) ${ }^{---}$ | 76, 553 | 63,952 | 67,169 | 219 | 139 | 132 | 28 |
| 208, 434 | 43, 568 | 54, 589 | 2, 038 | 37 2, 990,361 | 788, 549 | 550, 098 | 9,574 | 139, 708 | 13, 552 | 29 |
| 962, 541 | 181.705 | 287, 625 | 6,180 | 38 4, 879,382 | 1, 704, 235 | 1, 145, 357 | 20,700 | 281, 320 | 38,293 | 30 |
| 172, 487 | 25, 394 | 41,712 | 1,081 | 2, 805, 175 | 1, 108, 000 | 441, 045 | 6,273 | 129,574 | 155, 229 | 31 |
| 172, 337 | 25,386 | 41,656 | 1,081 | 2, 529. 465 | 930, 974 | 268, 406 | 6,243 | 129,377 | 154, 205 | 32 |
| 3,533 43,107 | 1,643 <br> 8,834 | 1,239 24,517 | 49 262 | 30,482 61,130 | 8.392 15,725 | 2,291 | 405 <br> 257 | 993 10,284 | 649 47 | 33 34 |
| 40,719 | 5,156 | 5,575 | 244 | 349, 071 | 166, 399 | 59, 581 | 1,642 | 44, 412 | 9,513 | 35 |
|  | 104 | 194 | 6 | 1,307 | 439 | 166 | 12 |  |  | 36 |
| 32, 777 | 6,463 | 17,284 | 209 | 47, 773 | 12, 203 | 1,329 | 175 | 7,962 | 38 | 37 |
| 73,858 | 11, 723 | 23, 053 | 459 | 398, 151 | 179, 041 | 61,076 | 1,830 | 52, 450 | 9, 579 | 38 |
| 98,629 | 13,671 | 18,659 | 622 | 2, 407, 024 | 928, 959 | 379, 969 | 4,443 | 77, 124 | 145, 650 | 39 |
| 44, 492 | 4,528 | 4,463 | 259 | 971, 939 | 730,068 | 200,304 | 2,360 | 94, 079 | 141, 730 | 40 |
| 407 | 10 | 197 | 10 | 13,497 | 11, 161 | 8,450 | 96 | 676 | 791 | 41 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess PART II. RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in


[^19]with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
NET INCOME ${ }^{\text {s }}$ Continued
thousands of dollars]


Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess

PART III. RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in

|  |  | Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { industrial } \\ & \text { groups } \end{aligned}$ | Mining and quarrying |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total mining and quarrying | Metal mining | Anthracite mining | Bitumjnous coal, lignite, peat, etc. |
| 1 | Number of returns ${ }^{16}$ | 172, 723 | 4,608 | 844 | 58 | 831 |
| 2 | Receipts: Gross sales 17 | 7, 721, 554 | 442, 597 | 59,007 | 83, 683 | 130, 381 |
| 3 | Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | 2, 760, 635 | 104, 178 | 4,440 | 7,265 | 40, 658 |
|  | Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): Wholly taxable ${ }^{19}$ | 31,597 | 45 | 11 |  |  |
| 5 | Subject to declared value excessprofits tax and surtax. ${ }^{20}$ | 26, 444 | 91 | 11 | 18 | 4 23 |
| 6 | Subject to surtax only ${ }^{2 i}$......-- | 4,777 | 1 |  |  | (15) |
| 7 | Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{22}$ | 41, 864 | 291 | 56 | 18 | 17 |
| 8 | Other interest. | 255, 720 | 849 | 38 | 54 | 262 |
| 9 | Rents and royalties ${ }^{23}$ | 466, 994 | 10, 174 | 304 | 3, 540 | 2, 568 |
| 10 | Net capital gain ${ }^{24}$ | 11, 320 | 1,406 | 90 | , 25 | 147 |
| 11 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets. ${ }^{25}$ | 32,619 | 1,321 | 121 | 11 | 242 |
| 12 | Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{26}$ - | 37, 348 | 789 | 56 | (15) | 40 |
| 13 | Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{27}$..- | 5,493 | 11 | $\left.{ }^{15}\right)$ |  | (15) |
| 14 | Other receipts ${ }^{28}$ | 123, 933 | 6,092 | 684 | 533 | 1,508 |
| 15 | Total compiled receipts | 11,520, 297 | 567,846 | 64,810 | 95, 186 | 175, 852 |
|  | Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | Cost of operations ${ }^{29}$ | 1, 339, 247 | -77,954 | 4, 2,703 | 71,002 6,721 | 111,386 31,879 |
| 18 | Compensation of officers | ${ }^{36} 431,838$ | 11,366 | 795 | 680 | 2, 222 |
| 19 | Rent paid on business property.-.-- | 246, 499 | 3,347 | 178 | 137 | 765 |
| 20 | Repairs ${ }^{30}$ | 125, 324 | 10, 189 | 1,560 | 2,510 | 3, 566 |
| 21 | Bad debts. | 133, 074 | 1,353 | 139 | 89 | 159 |
| 22 | Interest paid | 463, 847 | 12,715 | 692 | 3, 240 | 2, 103 |
| 23 | Taxes paid ${ }^{31}$ | 423, 209 | 22, 586 | 3,982 | 2,980 | 6,145 |
| 24 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{32}$----------------- | 2, 106 | , 46 | - 2 | 2 | 13 |
| 25 | Depreciation ...-. | 365, 580 | 30,968 | 4,812 | 1,909 | 5, 262 |
| 26 | Depletion | 40,617 | 32, 496 | 5,266 | 2,610 | 2, 330 |
| 27 | A mortization ${ }^{38}$ | 3,507 | 728 | 181 | 43 | 26 |
| 28 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets. ${ }^{23}$ | 281, 087 | 7,432 | 1,090 | 377 | 2,420 |
| 29 | Other deductions ${ }^{34}$-------------------- | ${ }^{37}$ 2, 201, 284 | 75,980 | 10,811 | 5,142 | 16,685 |
| 30 | Total compiled deductions | ${ }^{38} 12,474,403$ | 623, 773 | 76,349 | 97,442 | 184,961 |
| 31 | Compiled net loss (15 less 30) ............ |  |  | 11, 539 | 2,257 |  |
| 32 |  | 1,000, 746 | 56, 219 | 11,595 | 2,275 | 9, 127 |
| 33 | Dividends paid: ${ }^{9}$ <br> Cash and assets other than own stock. ${ }^{9}$ | 116,918 | 7, 883 | 700 | 23 | 759 |
| 34 | Corporation's own stock...--------- | 3,071 | 65 |  |  |  |

For fontnotes, see pp. 298-300.
with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: operating loss deduction, profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued

NO NET INCOME ${ }^{3}$
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mining, etc.-Continued |  |  | Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude petroleum and natural gas production | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { metallic } \\ & \text { mining } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { quarry- } \\ & \text { ing } . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mining } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { quarrying } \\ \text { not } \\ \text { allocable } \end{gathered}$ | Total manufacturing | Food and kindred products | Beverages | Tobacco mannfactures | Cotton manufactures | ```Textile- mill products, except cotton``` |  |
| 2,078 | 627 | 170 | 22, 451 | 2,394 | 528 | 84 | 73 | 750 | 1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 131,825 \\ 45,027 \end{array}$ | 28,924 6,109 | 8,776 679 | $3,787,252$ 170,258 | $1,865,987$ 19,876 | 80,013 2,007 | 8,485 44 | 22, 129 | $\begin{array}{r} 99,284 \\ 9,436 \end{array}$ | 2 3 |
| 6 29 | (15) 5 | (15) | 104 | 15 8 | 4 | ${ }^{(15)} 1$ | (15) | 6 3 | 4 5 |
| ${ }^{(15)} 197$ | (15) 3 |  | 28 169 | (15) 9 | (15) | (15) |  | 1 2 | 6 |
| 463 | 28 | 3 | 3, 088 | 294 | 64 | 2 | 5 | 65 | 8 |
| 3,497 | 210 | 55 | 9,657 | 1, 170 | 511 | 24 | 68 | 217 | 9 |
| 1,082 | 49 | 14 | 1,420 | 48 | 94 |  | 19 | 37 | 10 |
| 732 | 168 | 46 | 1,895 | 200 | 84 | 11 | 10 | 86 | 11 |
| 655 | 20 | 18 | 1,643 | 245 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 130 | 12 |
| 2, 835 | 450 | 82 | 1,376 18,036 | 4,201 | 497 | 87 | 112 | 551 | 13 14 |
| 185,359 | 35,967 | 9,673 | 3, 997, 029 | 1,892, 053 | 83, 281 | 8,657 | 22, 432 | 109, 817 | 15 |
| 81, 990 | 22, 017 | 6,525 | $3,305,323$ | 1,773, 654 | 52, 576 | 7,081 | 20,307 | 84,923 | 16 |
| 32, 164 | 4,119 | 369 | 117,615 | 12,494 | 1,426 |  | 73 | 7,064 | 17 |
| 5,829 | 1,701 | 139 | 99,643 | 8, 103 | 1,758 | 297 | 372 | 3,879 | 18 |
| 1,788 | 458 | 21 | 23,992 | 3, 770 | 535 | 53 | 79 | 1,069 | 19 |
| 952 | 1,207 | 395 | 29,573 | 9, 499 | 615 | 20 | 128 | 1,078 | 20 |
| 747 | 217 | 1 | 14, 254 | 2,192 | 645 | 52 | 9 | 393 | 21 |
| 5,882 | 726 | 70 | 26, 302 | 2,869 | 882 | 52 | 129 | 693 | 22 |
| 7, 826 | 1,129 | 523 | 6.3, 141 | 10,778 | 11,372 | 152 | 248 | 1,974 | 23 |
| - 28 | , 2 | $\left({ }^{15}\right)$ | -295 | - 47 | -10 | (15) | (15) | 18 | 24 |
| 16,373 | 2,178 | 434 | 53, 276 | 10,632 | 2,930 | 88 | 397 | 1,834 | 25 |
| 21,657 | 289 | 343 | 2, 638 |  | (15) 3 |  |  | 3 | 26 |
| , 4 | 10 | 18 | 2,157 | 61 |  |  |  | 17 | 27 |
| 3,126 | 396 | 23 | 25,293 | 2,324 | 1,455 | 13 | 685 | 2,376 | 28 |
| 36, 302 | 5,645 | 1,394 | 387, 363 | 64,792 | 13,998 | 1,151 | 1,470 | 10,746 | 29 |
| 214, 669 | 40,094 | 10,257 | 4, 155, 865 | 1,906, 217 | 88, 203 | 8,959 | 23,806 | 116.068 | 30 |
| 28,311 28,508 | 4,127 4,130 | 584 584 | 158,836 159,033 | 14,164 14,173 | 4,921 4,922 | - $\begin{array}{r}303 \\ 303\end{array}$ | 1,464 1,464 | 6,250 6,253 | 31 32 |
| 6,184 | 209 | 8 | 14,317 | 3,195 | 310 | 20 | 16 | 339 | 33 |
| 65 |  |  | 139 | 93 |  |  |  | 39 | 34 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942 , by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess

PART III. RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled reccipts, paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
NO NET INCOME ${ }^{3}$-Continued
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{\text {10 - Continued }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper and allied products | Printing and publishing industries | Chemicals and allied products | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Petroleum } \\ & \text { and coal } \\ & \text { products } \end{aligned}$ | Stone, clay, and glass products | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Iron, steel, } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { products } \end{aligned}$ | Nonferrous metals and their products | $\begin{gathered} \text { Electrical } \\ \text { machinery } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { equip- } \\ \text { ment } \end{gathered}$ | Machin- ery, ex- cept trans- portation equip- ment and electrical |  |
| 359 | 4,574 | 2,098 | 186 | 1,200 | 1,163 | 624 | 379 | 1,191 | 1 |
| 69,388 310 | 222,666 46,699 | 117,755 $\cdot 1,811$ | 97,932 7,503 | 104,368 2,828 | 203,349 3,031 | 43,204 1,419 | 83,285 2,118 | 102,061 7,390 | 2 3 |
| 3 1 | 17 | ${ }^{7}$ | $(15)$ $(15)$ | 4 20 | 12 | (15) $^{4}$ | 17 | 1 | 4 5 |
| (18) 1 | 3 70 | (15) 18 | (15) | 18 8 | 3 34 | 1 | 1 | ( ${ }^{13}$ ) 16 | $\frac{6}{7}$ |
| - 37 | 261 | 106 | 27 | 83 | 122 | 12 | 1,210 | 250 | 8 |
| 171 | 1,536 | 370 | 359 | 740 | 515 | 110 | 1,021 | 425 | 9 |
| 10 | 67 | 29 | 61 | 233 | 114 | 63 | 77 | 386 | 10 |
| 83 | 140 | 66 | 123 | 175 | 119 | 10 | 38 | 179 | 11 |
| (15) 28 |  | 774 38 | (15) 14 | ${ }_{(15)}^{62}$ | (15) $^{31}$ | (15) 15 | 3, 9 | (15) 26 | 12 |
| ${ }^{(5)} 312$ | 3,006 | 38 962 | ${ }^{(5)} 453$ | 1,265 | 1,131 | ${ }^{(15)} 222$ | 3,304 552 | ${ }^{(15)} 815$ | 14 |
| 70,345 | 274, 541 | 121,948 | 106, 471 | 109, 806 | 208, 484 | 45,061 | 91,637 | 111.554 | 15 |
| 57,942 | 153, 931 | 87,515 | 85, 744 | 81, 263 | 167, 160 | 35, 141 | 65,016 | 76, 457 | 16 |
| , 176 | 26,756 | 1,244 | 5,176 | 2,111 | 1,959 | 854 | 89 | 6,164 | 17 |
| 2,312 | 20, 375 | 5,976 | 1,219 | 5,297 | 7,191 | 2, 730 | 2,399 | 6, 001 | 18 |
| 599 | 6,446 | 1,540 | 553 | 974 | 1,158 | 606 | 649 | 1,469 | 19 |
| 1,349 | ,912 | 1,101 | 1,121 | 2, 465 | 4, 003 | 272 | 625 | 1,310 | 20 |
| 181 | 2, 317 | 1,127 | 131 | 709 | 1, 069 | 398 | 176 | 667 | 21 |
| 780 | 2,121 | 1,708 | 618 | 2,082 | 2, 014 | 323 | 5, 438 | 963 | 22 |
| 1,206 | 5,386 | 2,756 | 1,856 | 2,960 | 4,441 | 766 | 1,917 | 2,511 | 23 |
| , 3 | 49, | 16 | , 21 | 15 | 15 | 3 | ${ }^{4}$ | . 13 | 24 |
| 1,913 | 5,817 | 3,129 | 2,691 | 4,396 | 5,121 | 1,003 | 1,160 | 2,699 | 25 |
| 13 | 8 | 101 | 829 | 117 | (15) | 42 |  | 20 | 26 |
| 70 | 6 | 32 | 2 | 100 | , 332 | 88 | , 270 | 201 | 27 |
| 100 | 2,989 | 646 | 96 | 2,058 | 4,718 | 458 | 1,654 | 1,957 | 28 |
| 7,147 | 66, 684 | 28,362 | 8,541 | 17,105 | 24,443 | 5,611 | 27, 070 | 20,336 | 29 |
| 73,791 | 293, 796 | 135, 251 | 108, 599 | 121,653 | 223, 624 | 48,296 | 106, 466 | 120, 769 | 30 |
| 3,446 | 19,255 | 13, 304 | 2,128 | 11,847 | 15, 140 | 3,235 | 14,829 | 9, 214 | 31 |
| 3,417 | 19,327 | 13,321 | 2,128 | 11,873 | 15,177 | 3,236 | 14,829 | 9, 231 | 32 |
| 146 | 381 | 2,629 1 | 107 | 325 2 | 2,067 | 87 | 251 | 2, 503 | 33 34 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groupis, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, dęclared ralue excess-profits tax, excess

PART III. RETURNS WITH
[Money figares in

|  |  | Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  | Public utilities |
|  |  | Automo biles and equip- ment except electrica | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Transpor- } \\ & \text { tation } \\ & \text { equip- } \\ & \text { ment, ex- } \\ & \text { cept auto- } \\ & \text { mobiles } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { manufac- } \\ & \text { turing } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Manufac- } \\ \text { turing } \\ \text { not } \\ \text { allocable }}}{ }$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { public } \\ \text { ptilities } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2 | Number of returns ${ }^{16}$ | 148 | 304 | 1,304 | 596 | 7,333 |
|  | Receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ |  | ${ }^{12,815} 38$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100,887 \\ 27,741 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,989 \\ 4,335 \end{array}$ | 42, 950 | $\begin{gathered} 24,564 \\ 784,508 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45677891011 | Whoty taxable ${ }^{19}$-...........- |  | ${ }^{(15)}$ | 1 | 2 | 473 |
|  | Subject to declared value excessprofits tax and surtax ${ }^{20}$ | 5 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Subject to surtax ony ${ }^{\text {When }}$--......- | (i5) |  | $\left(\begin{array}{c} (15) \\ (15) \end{array}\right.$ |  | 75 |
|  | Other interest.a-1---2----- Rents and rovalies | ${ }_{41}^{21}$ | $\begin{array}{r}92 \\ 153 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{969}^{97}$ | 80 239 | $\begin{array}{r}7,676 \\ 12,073 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |
|  | Net capital gain 24 --.------- | 5 | - | 12 | ${ }_{21}$ | 1267 |
|  | Net gain, sales other than capital assets. | 5 | 77 | 78 | 64 | 2,355 |
| 12 13 | Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{28}$ - | (15) | 4 | 114 | 14 | 1,448 |
| 1.4 | Other receipts ${ }^{28}$-.- --------------- | 54 | 742 | $\begin{array}{r}23 \\ 563 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 232 | 7,499 |
| 15 | Total compiled receipts | 13,334 | 129, 703 | 87, 185 | 44,545 | 841,806 |
|  | Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | Cost of operations 29 | 10,787 | 24, ${ }_{29} 8.096$ | 62, 629 | 32,629 | 18,460 4936 |
| 18 | Compensation of officers...- | 471 | 2, 504 | 5,892 | 2,614 | 18, 566 |
| 19 | Rent paid on business propert | 126 65 | 808 | 1,832 | ${ }_{234}^{524}$ | 28,045 6,504 |
| ${ }_{21}^{20}$ | Repairs ${ }^{30}$-- | 65 | 2,159 | +438 | ${ }_{232}^{234}$ | 6,504 |
| 21 | Bad debts. | ${ }_{95}^{37}$ | ${ }^{92}$ | 1,958 | 322 | 9.663 |
| ${ }_{23}^{22}$ | Interest paid - | 95 | 1,012 | ${ }^{963}$ | ${ }_{842}$ | 98, 976 |
| ${ }_{2}^{23}$ | Taxes paid ${ }^{31}$--------3 | 354 | 3,197 | 2,668 | 861 | 50, 748 |
| 24 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{32}$ | ${ }^{3}$ | ${ }^{4}$ | 15 | 6 | 134 |
| 25 | Depreeciation-.--- | 319 | 1,049 | 1,681 | 1, 168 | 53, 648 |
| 26 27 | Depletiont-... Amortization 33 |  |  |  | ${ }^{\left({ }^{15}\right)} 92$ | 816 522 |
| 28 | Net loss, sales other than capital | 19 | 31 | 263 | 964 | 24, 122 |
| 29 | Oiller deductions ${ }^{\text {s }}$ - | 1,734 | 10,502 | 14,691 | 7,175 | 129, 677 |
| 30 | Total compiled deductions. | 14, 266 | 134, 629 | 95,806 | 47,714 | 933,017 |
| 3132333 | Compiled net loss (15 less 30) |  |  |  |  | 91, 240 |
|  | Deficit ${ }^{3}(31$ less $(6+7)]$-- | 933 | 4,929 | 8,622 | 3,169 | 91,321 |
|  | Cash and assets otber than own stock. ${ }^{9}$ | 53 | 65 | 244 | 803 | 12,303 |
|  | Corporation's own stock..........-- |  |  | 3 |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued

## NO NET INCOME3-Continued

thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Public utilities-Continued |  |  | Trade |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trans-portation | Com-munication | Other public utilities | Total trade | Wholesale |  |  | Retail |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total wholesale | Commission merchants | Other wholesalers | Total retail | General merchandise |  |
| 4, 794 | 1,533 | 1,006 | 39,176 | 9,026 | 1,923 | 7,103 | 25, 962 | 1,235 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 18,132 \\ 555,199 \end{array}$ | 377 41,929 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,054 \\ 187,180 \end{array}$ | $3,071,059$ 205,155 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,192,387 \\ 94,563 \end{array}$ | 84,049 47,594 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,108,338 \\ 46,969 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,425,936 \\ 95,349 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 52,139 \\ 1,235 \end{array}$ | 2 3 |
| 448 48 | $\left({ }^{15}\right)^{4}$ | 21 5 | 144 39 | 31 17 | 9 2 | 22 16 | 76 15 | 3 4 | 4 5 |
| 1 52 | $\left.{ }_{(15}\right)^{2}$ | $2{ }_{2}$ |  | ${ }^{(15)} 39$ | 3 | (15) 36 | 5 10 |  | 6 7 |
| 1,015 | 29 | 6,6.32 | 2, 758 | 1,082 | 162 | 919 | 1,286 | ${ }^{61}$ | 8 |
| 8,828 | 367 | 2,878 | 12,088 | 2, 103 | 402 | 1,701 | 7,093 | 371 | 9 |
| 309 | 15 | 42 | 427 | 157 | 16 | 141 | 181 | 5 | 10 |
| 2, 287 | 13 | 55 | 977 | 320 | 24 | 296 | 444 | 27 | 11 |
| 221 2 | 7 | 1,220 | 563 129 | 295 125 | (15) 77 | 217 125 |  | 13 | 12 |
| 5,349 | 560 | 1,591 | 32,007 | 12,277 | 4,652 | 7,626 | 16,141 | 6.31 | 14 |
| 591, 891 | 43,303 | 206, 612 | 3,325, 403 | 1,303,397 | 136, 990 | 1,166,407 | 1,546,699 | 54, 488 | 15 |
| 13,669 | 167 | 4,625 | 2, 478, 763 | 1,065, 790 | 78,947 | 986, 843 | 1, 047,390 | 42, 001 | 16 |
| 364, 185 | 29,832 | 99,629 | 148, 197 | 69,981 | 31, 833 | 38, 148 | 67, 753 | 880 | 17 |
| 15, 362 | 1,003 | 2, 200 | 117, 528 | 36, 374 | 7,665 | 28, 709 | 68, 488 | 2, 205 | 18 |
| 24, 953 | 1,439 | 1,654 | 71,356 | 9, 840 | 1, 575 | 8,265 | 53,698 | 1,286 | 19 |
| 5, 022 | 854 | 629 | 10,306 | 1,819 | 180 | 1,640 | 6,787 | 170 | 20 |
| 7,567 | 250 | 1,846 | 18, 533 | 7,108 | 1,067 | 6,042 | 8, 808 | 560 | 21 |
| 50, 655 | 1,299 | 46, 541 | 15,676 | 4, 804 | 495 | 4,309 | 8,757 | 352 | 22 |
| 32,671 | 2,176 | 15,902 | 39,572 | 8,397 | 853 | 7,545 | 24,999 | 806 | 23 |
| - 28,951 |  | 80 20,047 | 357 32,263 | 80 6,065 | 11 734 | 69 5,332 | 19,646 | 10 488 | 2 |
| 28, 30 | (15) | 786 |  | 6,042 |  | -, 233 | 19,69 | 1 | 26 |
| 235 | 148 |  | 142 |  | (15) | 13 | 111 | 12 | 27 |
| 22,966 | 74 | 1,082 | 10,914 | 2,982 | 379 | 2,603 | 4,586 | 356 | 28 |
| 97, 494 | 8, 024 | 24, 158 | 472, 964 | 119,717 | 17,377 | 102,341 | 285,500 | 7,995 | 29 |
| 663, 924 | 49,918 | 219, 205 | 3,416.917 | 1,333, 214 | 141, 124 | 1,192, 031 | 1,596, 791 | 57, 123 | 30 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 72,033 \\ & 72,086 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,615 \\ & 6,617 \end{aligned}$ | 12,593 12,618 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 91,514 \\ & 91,570 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29,817 \\ & 29,856 \end{aligned}$ | 4,133 4,136 | $\begin{aligned} & 25,684 \\ & 25,720 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50,091 \\ & 50,106 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,635 \\ & 2,635 \end{aligned}$ | 31 32 |
| 994 | 99 | 11,210 | 6,167 | 2,868 | 312 | 2,557 | 2,612 | 136 | 33 |
|  |  |  | 185 | 50 | 21 | 28 | 80 | (15) | 34 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared ralue excess-profits tax, excess

PART III. RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in


For footnotes, sce pp. 298-300.
rith net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, aid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, rofits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
JO NET INCOME ${ }^{3}$-Continued
houssnds of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trade-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eating } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { drinking } \\ & \text { places } \end{aligned}$ | Automotive dealers | Filling stations | Hardware | Building materials, fuel, and ice | Other retail trade | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Retall } \\ & \text { trade } \\ & \text { not } \\ & \text { allocable } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Trude } \\ \text { not } \\ \text { allocable } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 4,958 | 3,666 | 1, 041 | 624 | 2,463 | 2,273 | 862 | 4, 188 | 1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 262,054 \\ 35,277 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 231,586 \\ 11,570 \end{array}$ | 43,929 2,486 | 18, 005 | 158,759 9,595 | 87,091 6,181 | $\begin{array}{r} 53,548 \\ 1,042 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 452,735 \\ 15,243 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ |
| 14 3 |  | $(15)$ $(15)$ |  | 21 6 | 7 | 1 | 37 6 | 4 |
| $\left({ }^{15}\right)$ |  |  |  | 3 1 | 1 |  | (15) 2 | ${ }_{7}^{6}$ |
| 39 | 506 | ( 17 | 21 | 253 | 126 | 35 | 390 | 8 |
| 2,179 | 832 | 690 | (15) 62 | 856 | 331 | 157 | 2,892 | 9 |
| [3 | 12 68 | 14 22 | (15) 5 | 90 125 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 39 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 11 | 90 | 10 |
| 4 | 13 | 4 | 1 |  | 58 | 7 | 108 | 12 |
|  |  |  |  | $\left({ }^{(15)}\right.$ | (15) ${ }^{15}$ |  | 1 | 13 |
| 1,567 | 4,668 | 339 | 139 | 1,754 | 1,504 | 633 | 3, 589 | 14 |
| 301, 191 | 249, 271 | - 52, 502 | 18, 531 | 171, 478 | 95, 341 | 55, 442 | 475,306 | 15 |
| 151,934 | 180, 983 | 38, 907 | 14, 209 | 121. 821 | 63,543 | 44, 174 | 365, 583 | 16 |
| 24, 196 | 7,760 | 1,795 | 209 | 7,694 | 3,839 | . 732 | 10, 463 | 17 |
| 11,466 | 12,508 | 1,892 | 1,327 | 7.610 | 6,498 | 1,791 | 12,666 | 18 |
| 18, 204 | 6,594 | 1, 914 | 570 | 1,636 | 3,953 | 888 | 7, 818 | 19 |
| 2, 643 | $\begin{array}{r}656 \\ 1,352 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 197 190 | 23 182 | 1.863 3,249 2, | 245 <br> 645 | 196 546 | 1,701 2,617 | ${ }_{21}^{20}$ |
| 1,282 | 2, 767 | 294 | 94 | 1,285 | 531 | 333 | 2,114 | 22 |
| 8, 133 | 3,459 | 1,093 | 265 | 2, 559 | 1,382 | 603 | 6,176 | 23 |
|  |  |  | 6 | 30 | 14 | 12 | 46 | 24 |
| 6,580 | 2, 227 | 865 | 131 | 2, 255 | 1,046 | 565 | 6,552 | 25 |
|  |  |  |  | 5 39 | 7 2 |  | 64 19 | ${ }_{27}^{26}$ |
| 1,696 | 354 | 169 | 153 | 637 | 317 | -129 | 3,346 | 28 |
| 83,873 | 38, 834 | 6,406 | 2, 298 | 25, 455 | 18,434 | 7, 260 | 67,747 | 29 |
| 310, 633 | 257, 551 | 53,736 | 19,466 | 177, 187 | 100, 453 | 57, 230 | 486, 912 | 30 |
| 9, 442 | 8,279 | 1,234 1,234 | 934 934 | 5,709 5,713 | $5,112$ | $1,788$ | 11,605 | 31 32 |
| 9,443 | 8,280 | 1,234 | 934 | $5,713$ | $5,113$ | $1,788$ | 11,607 | 32 |
| 375 | 481 15 | 17 | 36 | 608 24 | 257 28 | 76 3 | 686 55 | 33 <br> 34 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividerds income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess

PART III. RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in


[^20]with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, oaid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, orofits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued

## NO NET INCOME 2-Continued

thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Service-Continued |  |  |  | Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motion pictures | A musement, except motion pictures | Other service, including schools | Service not allocable |  | Finance |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total finance | Banks and trust companies | Longterm credit agencies, mortgage companies, except banks | Shortterm credit agencies, except banks | Investment trusts and investment companies ${ }^{11}$ |  |
| 1,308 | 2,716 | 2, 543 | 61 | 68,393 | 12,571 | 4,171 | 1,751 | 1,597 | 1,019 | 1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 4,309 \\ 73,620 \end{array}$ | 11,362 56,298 | $\begin{array}{r} 8,614 \\ 55,718 \end{array}$ | 269 992 | 16,389 706,879 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,696 \\ 115,685 \end{array}$ | 63,882 | 5, 666 | 11,118 | 4,585 | 2 3 |
| 6 | 4 | 9 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 30,549 \\ & 26,058 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28,988 \\ & 24,436 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28,378 \\ & 23,861 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | 21 | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \\ & 37 \end{aligned}$ | 4 5 |
|  | (15) | 1 |  | 4,707 | 4,318 | 4,198 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| (15) | 2 | 5 |  | 41, 167 | 40,038 | 37, 241 | 88 | 18 | 302 | 7 |
| 261 | - 75 | 625 |  | 237,733 | 220,339 | 180, 158 | 4,878 | 7,078 | 9,847 | 8 |
| 2,068 | 1,766 | 728 | 7 | 391, 801 | 33, 309 | 23, 305 | 1,395 | 321 | 251 | 9 |
| 30 | 27 | 52 |  | 5,772 | 3,570 | 1,638 | 496 | 16 | 421 | 10 |
| 29 | 229 | 111 |  | 23,649 | 9,882 | 561 | 198 | 158 | 360 | 11 |
| 70 | 78 | 554 |  | 29,912 | 23, 480 | 5,732 | 25 | 205 | 4, 840 | 12 |
| 2,201 | 3, $\stackrel{163}{2}^{\text {a }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \left({ }^{15}\right) \\ & 3,050 \end{aligned}$ | 226 | 1,052 36,937 | $\begin{array}{r} 771 \\ 16,003 \end{array}$ | 144 7,833 | 1,402 | 1,757 | 105 1,945 | 13 14 |
| 82,654 | 73,007 | 69,474 | 1.499 | 1,552, 606 | 527, 514 | 376,980 | 14,192 | 20,697 | 22,636 | 15 |
| 2, 736 | 6,697 | 5,518 | 194 | 11.879 | 5,301 |  |  |  |  | 16 |
| 59,518 | 25,951 | 22,059 | 444 | 48,734 | 9,440 | 133 | 1.055 | 1,656 |  | 17 |
| 3, 227 | 4,014 | 6,667 | 298 | ${ }^{36} 111,499$ | 63,038 | 45, 858 | 1,565 | 3, 617 | 1,144 | 18 |
| 9,439 | 4,332 | 4,065 | 75 | 59,949 | 15,482 | 9,516 | 433 | 839 | 259 | 19 |
| 780 | 1,557 | 617 | 4 | 51, 841 | 3,964 | 2,997 | 207 | 54 | 45 | 20 |
| 839 | 395 | 596 | 4 | 78,284 | 62,326 | 43, 530 | 1,428 | 3,346 | 2,882 | 21 |
| 1,550 | 1,333 | 706 | 8 | 282.013 | 96. 5.55 | 53, 676 | 3, 809 | 3,083 | 7,109 | 22 |
| 2,564 | 3,462 | 1,650 | 43 | 205, 322 | 30, 268 | 22,496 | 999 | 687 | 715 | 23 |
| , 14 | + 25 | , 228 | (15) | . 812 | , 237 | 198 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 24 |
| 2,775 | 5, 087 | 2,435 | 89 | 144,986 | 18,056 | 12, 442 | 561 | ${ }_{(5)} 241$ | 223 | 25 |
| 17 | 13 | 18 |  | 3, 554 | 102 | 21 | 6 | (5) | 52 | 26 |
| 17 216 | 17 757 | 4 748 | 2 | 306 187,429 | 88 88,693 | 58,351 | 3, 605 | 9,967 | 1,107 | 27 28 |
| 24,447 | 28,393 | 30, \$31 | 511 | ${ }^{87} 806,292$ | 248, 435 | 153, 313 | 9,350 | 9,702 | 18, 578 | 29 |
| 88, 124 | 82,035 | 76, 142 | 1,673 | ${ }^{38} 1.992 .900$ | 641,986 | 402, 530 | 23, 020 | 33, 202 | 32,114 | 30 |
| 5, 470 5,470 | 9,028 9,030 | 6,668 6,673 | 174 174 | 440,294 486,169 | 114,472 158,828 | 25,550 66,989 | $8,8: 8$ 8,917 | 12,506 12,524 | $9.47 \times$ 9.781 | 31 32 |
| 157 | 216 | 162 |  | 67,579 | 56,701 | 28,354 | 796 | 1,252 | 12,478 | 33 |
|  |  |  |  | 2, 521 | 1,747 | 1,737 | 4 | (15) | 1 | 34 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, 1942, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess,

PART III. RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in.

|  |  | Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real propertyContinued |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Finance-Continued |  |  |  | Insurance carriers, agents, etc. |  |
|  |  | Other investment companies, including holding $\underset{\text { ies }}{ }{ }^{1213}$ | Sccurity and com- modity- exchange brokers and dealers | Other finance panies | Finance locable | Total insurance carriers, agents, etc. | Insurance carriers |
| 123 | Number of returns ${ }^{18}$ | 506 | 826 | 916 | 1,785 | 2, 862 | 447 |
|  | Receipts: Oross sales ${ }^{17}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,223 \\ 10,536 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 473 \\ 1,029 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18-}$ Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bontl premium): |  | 16,793 |  | 2,077 | 192, 822 | 162,547 |
| 4 5 | Wholly taxable ${ }^{19}$. <br> Subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax. 20 | 239 422 | 220 45 | 14 | ${ }_{37}^{56}$ | 1,280 | 1,276 |
| 6 7 | Subject to surtax only ${ }^{21}$ Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{22}$ | 91 379 | 16 1,782 | ${ }_{16}^{6}$ | 212 | 339 906 | 339 905 |
| 8 |  | 11,709 | 1, 179 | 1,972 | 3, 518 | 4, 844 | 4, 678 |
| 9 | Rents and royalties ${ }^{23}$ - | 2, 126 | 495 | 5,099 | 317 | 3,647 | 3,410 |
| 10 | Net capital gain ${ }^{24}$---.-.-.-.-. | 457 | 97 | 209 | 185 | 594 | 496 |
| 11 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets. ${ }^{25}$ | 63 | 8,419 | 56 | 67 | 44 | 28 |
| 12 | Dividends, domestic corporations. ${ }^{26}$ | 10,882 | 1,093 | 468 | 235 | 3,140 | 3,099 |
| 13 | Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{27}$ | 509 | 11 |  | 3 | 118 | 118 |
| 1415 | Other receipts ${ }^{28}$--.---------.----- | 669 | 1,659 | 447 | 392 | 2,914 | 752 |
|  | Total compiled receipts 4------ | 44,305 | 31, 809 | 9, 791 | 7,103 | 211,040 | 178, 039 |
|  | Deductions: <br> Cost of goods sold ${ }^{29}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | Cost of operations ${ }^{29}$ | 4,8873,040810 | -----7, | $\begin{array}{r}414 \\ 244 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \cdots \\ \cdots \\ 1,343 \end{array}$ | 10,542369,735 | 8291 |
| 18 | Compensation of officers .-..-.-.- |  | 7,6012,250 | $\begin{array}{r}1,097 \\ 210 \\ 152 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| 19 | Rent paid on business property- | $\begin{array}{r} 810 \\ 1,752 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}223 \\ 56 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 786 871 |
| 2 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 397 \\ 3,842 \end{array}$ | 2, 58 | $\begin{array}{r} 152 \\ 5,267 \end{array}$ | 1, ${ }^{56}$ | - 926 | 439 |
| 22 | Interest paid. | 20,985 | 913 | 2, 421 | $\begin{array}{r}4,558 \\ \hline 635\end{array}$ | 1,3555,790 | 1, ${ }^{1}, 242$ |
| 23 | Taxes paid ${ }^{31}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,314 \\ 13 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,673 \\ \hline 7\end{array}$ | 7511 |  |  |  |
| 24 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{39}$ |  |  |  | 636 | - 24 |  |
| 25 | Depreclation. | 1,0288 | 8073 | 2, 291 | ${ }^{462}$ | 998 | 713 |
| 26 | Depletion--.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 |  | 883,439 | 4,471 | 5,905 | 1,847 | 4,618 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,727 \\ 37253,859 \end{array}$ |
| 28 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets. ${ }^{25}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | Other deductions ${ }^{34}$ | 24, 044 | 19, 551 | 10,198 | 3,699 | ${ }^{37}$ 266, 652 |  |
| 30 | Total compiled deductions | 66,646 | 40,410 | 28,961 | 15, 102 | ${ }^{38} 303,779$ | ${ }^{38} 267,684$ |
| 31 | Compiled net loss ( 15 less 30) | 22, 211 | 8,60110,399 | 19,17019,192 | 8,216 | 93,985 |  |
| 32 | Deficit ${ }^{3}$ [31 less $\left.(6+7)\right]$ Dividends paid: ${ }^{9}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $90,890$ |
| 33 | Cash and assets other than own stock. ${ }^{9}$ | 6, 736 | 463 | 2,674 | 3,948 | 1,90514 | 1,799 |
| 34 | Corporation's own stock.---- |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |

with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued

## NO NET INCOME ${ }^{2}-$ Continued

## thousands of dollars]


Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared ralue excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


|  <br> ద్రీ <br> － |  | $\left\lvert\,\right.$ |  <br>  | ｜r｜｜r |  |   <br>  1 <br>   <br>   <br>   <br>   <br>   <br>   |  | － | $\begin{aligned} & \text { en } \\ & \hline 6 \\ & \text { on } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  <br>  |  |  <br>  テ |  |  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\stackrel{\infty}{\sim}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { cion } \\ & \text { oin } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |
| ஜ్잉 <br> ริ． <br> ๗ |  ヘがだー がた | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \\ \infty \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  <br>  ๗ |  | 战鳥 |  | 1 | － | $\%$ |
|  |  |  |  <br>  शंฑ゙न－or ने को | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 8 \\ \infty \\ 0 \\ \hline \\ 7 \\ \hline \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non } \\ & \text { Sion } \\ & \text { B-ig } \\ & \text { oi is } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c\|} \hline \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ 0 \\ \infty \\ \infty \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |
| ్N్ర |  | $\|\underset{\infty}{\infty}\|$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 0_{0} \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}\right.$ | 凩淢 | － | ｜｜ | 䢯 |  |
| $\therefore$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|} \hline \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ r^{\prime} \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \pi \\ \infty \\ m \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  | 雲 | \％ | － |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 合第 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|} \infty \\ \stackrel{\infty}{4} \\ \vec{m} \\ \vec{n} \end{array}\right\|$ |  | ｜r｜｜ | Firs | ！ |  | \％ | \％ |
| ణ్ల్ల |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1 \\ \hline 0 \\ \text { on } \\ \text { oie } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | చ్రై여영ㅇ ががが | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ⿹ㅓ궁 } \\ & \text { g } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { i巳 } \\ & \stackrel{1}{2} \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ | $\infty$ |  |
|  | - |  |  <br>  |  |  | ！ |  | － | $8^{\circ}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \infty \text { on } \\ & \text { Non } \\ & \text { Non } \end{aligned}$ |  | 苟 | BM <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \& } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { 曻 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \underset{\sim}{0} \\ \text { in } \\ \text { in } \end{gathered}$ | N |  |


Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of rcturns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued


| Nก | ส゙నิ |  | $\stackrel{4}{9}$ | ¢ | 8 |  | 480 | \％ | 8 | 80 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ๓ー |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|\|} \hline 9 \\ \hline \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ \hline-1 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  <br>  | \％ |  | ！ | ！ | － | － |
|  | ¢ |  |  |  ๗ixy ioviagMi <br> oi |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hat{0} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { तin } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\infty$ |  |  |  | O 0 $\vdots$ $\square$ |  | \％ |  | ¢ $\sim$ 0 15 $\square$ |  |
|  | Oiol |  |  |  <br>  กั | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No } \\ & \text { 8 } \\ & \text { di } \\ & \text { ô } \\ & \text { が } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O } \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \\ & 00 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { Ni } \\ & \text { Bin } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { mo } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ | ® | $\begin{array}{lll} 0 \infty 0 & 0 \\ & \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\left. \right\rvert\,$ |  |  | 두ㄱㅜㅜ | ＋ |  | － |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 78 \\ & 88 \\ & 150 \\ & 10 \\ & 0 . \end{aligned}$ | O. |  | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \omega_{1} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  <br>  <br>  งi |  |  |  | ¢ | 閣 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cin } \\ & \text { Nin } \\ & \text { Win } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non } \\ & \underset{\sim}{\infty} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | 9ㅗㅇ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} - \\ 8 \\ \infty \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  | ： |  | ค |  |
|  | 아N | ※ำ ๗゙が ゥ ゥ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l\|} \substack{0 \\ 0 \\ n \\ n \\ n \\ \sim \\ n} \\ \hline \end{array}\right.$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 1 \\ \infty \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ n \end{gathered}$ |  |  | \％ |  | ¢ |
| 象 | ＊ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  $0$ <br> ²－ | － |  | 1 $\vdots$ <br> $\vdots$ $\vdots$ <br> $\vdots$  <br> $\vdots$  <br>   |  | \＃ | 픙 |
| PN os ก － | g్రీ |  ペザー～～～べ |  |  $\approx$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{Q} \\ & \stackrel{8}{8} \\ & \mathscr{B} \\ & \text { Ni } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 管 | 答 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \\ & 0.0 \\ & 0.0 \\ & 0 . \end{aligned}$ |


Table 4．－Corporation returns with balance sheets，1942，by major industrial groups，for returns with net income and returns with no net income：${ }^{3}$ Number of returns，assets and liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions，compiled net profit or net loss，net income or deficil，and dividends paid by type of dividend；also，for returns with net income：Net operating loss deduction，income subject to excess profits tax，income tax，declared value excess－profits tax，excess profits tax，total tax，and compiled net profit less total tax－Continued
［Money figures in thousands of dollars］

|  |  |  |  | $\square$ |  | \＃ | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{\sim}$ | 9ざ上ざ， | ส |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$－Contlnued |  |  | ®． © ¢ ¢ 亿． | ¢． |  <br>  | ｜c｜｜ | $$ |  <br>  | 箴 |
|  |  |  | 主号 号号 | \％ |  <br>  － | ｜c｜｜ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \stackrel{8}{\circ} \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> $\vdots$ <br> $\vdots$ <br> $\sim$ |
|  |  | 息 <br> 宫出 | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{c} \text { 兑 } \\ & \text { 율 } \\ & \text { 亿. } \end{aligned}$ | 辰 |  <br>  | 夠 | $\stackrel{\cong}{\circ}$ |  | ¢ |
|  |  |  | 咅品 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & \mathbf{\alpha} \\ & \text { of } \end{aligned}$ |  | － | $\begin{aligned} & \tilde{\infty} \\ & \infty \\ & \underset{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | － |
|  |  |  |  | 号 |  <br>  | ～ |  |  | ¢ |
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Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


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Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compilcd net profit less total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]
Major industrial groups ${ }^{\text {t0 }}$ Continued

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{\text {10 }}$ Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonferrous metals and their produets |  | Electrical machinery and equipment |  | Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical |  | Automobiles and equipment, except electrical |  | Transportation equipment, except automobiles |  |  |
| Net income | No net income | Net income | No net income | Net income | No net income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | No net income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | No net income |  |
| 1,797 | 539 | 1,283 | 334 | 4,739 | 1,029 | 494 | 122 | 695 | 259 | 1 |
| 198,857 | 2, 759 | 352, 233 | 11,789 | 1,072,505 | 10,353 | 426,698 | 696 | 1,376, 455 | 14,176 | 2 |
| 351, 322 | 4,229 | 692, 697 | 12, 287 | 1, 502, 011 | 20,542 | 625, 731 | 2,192 | 2, 194, 413 | 27, 431 | 3 |
| 471, 572 | 7,622 | 1, 054, 513 | 26,205 | 1,957, 874 | 33, 733 | 641, 935 | 2, 004 | 1,997, 158 | 67, 025 | 4 |
| 222.924 | 357 | 322, 236 | 44 | 874, 707 | 597 | 100, 258 | 217 | 493,913 | 136 | 5 |
| 360. 244 | 1,121 | 341,470 | 317, 246 | 563, 599 | 4,165 | 109, 154 | 114 | 439, 383 | 1,149 | 6 |
| 1,338, 273 | 21,049 | 1,003, 160 | 37, 277 | 2, 720, 141 | 55, 767 | 1, 044, 632 | 7, 409 | 2,372, 705 | 35, 295 | 7 |
| 615, 002 | 7,317 | 488, 704 | 8,518 | 1,291, 150 | 20,005 | 500, 285 | 2, 729 | 1, 120, 442 | 13,328 | 8 |
| 35, 484 | , 685 | 42, 613 | 8, 477 | 116,564 | 3,426 | 45, 611 | 605 | 64,583 | 1,939 | 9 |
| 63,339 | 1,556 | 88,497 | 7,964 | 247,591 | 8,316 | 52, 320 | 408 | 545, 751 | 32,428 | 10 |
| 2, 427,012 | 32,062 | 3,408, 715 | 404, 771 | 7, 763, 842 | 116, 894 | 2,546, 055 | 10,915 | 8,363, 921 | 166, 250 | 11 |
| 290, 558 | 5, 640 | 551,583 | 18, 189 | 803, 372 | 19,402 | 498, 571 | 1,980 | 1,318, 381 | 25,331 | 12 |
| 62, 409 | 3, 843 | 108,326 | 13,393 | 186, 846 | 13,559 | 61,791 | 2, 102 | 294, 838 | 37,933 | 13 |
| 212, 482 | 6, 040 | 120, 463 | 106, 827 | 275, 586 | 14,544 | 47, 110 | 1,765 | 232,739 | 10,979 | 14 |
| 298, 331 | 2, 536 | 855, 223 | 9,870 | 1,654, 454 | 22,257 | 407,522 | 1,027 | 2, 988, 404 | 68, 608 | 15 |
| 268,922 | 3,711 | 66.813 | 1,918 | 1,644, 262 | 6,583 | 57, 243 | 1,355 | 303,111 | 3, 352 | 16 |
| 498, 200 | 16, 160 | 746, 719 | 138, 911 | 1,449, 834 | 44, 657 | 169,712 | 3,752 | 1,002, 788 | 16,916 | 17 |
| 148, 420 | 197 | 244, 457 | 83, 992 | 905, 523 | 2,987 | 186,513 | 84 | -782,913 | 5, 021 | 18 |
| 658, 53.3 | 3,987 | 726,764 | 43, 056 | 2,099,934 | 21, 113 | 1, 126,465 | 3,766 | 1, 493, 958 | 17,917 | 19 |
| 10, 842 | 10, 052 | 11,632 | 11,386 | 56,021 | 28,208 | 1, 8,873 | 4,914 | 53, 212 | 19,807 | 20 |
| 2,427, 012 | 32,062 | 3, 408, 715 | 404, 771 | 7, 763,842 | 116,894 | 2,546,055 | 10,915 | 8,363, 921 | 166, 250 | 21 |


Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends都, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued


Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by lype of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]
Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{5}{*}{}} \& \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued} \& <br>
\hline \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Public utilities-Con.} \& \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Trade} \& <br>
\hline \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Other public utilities}} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total trade}} \& \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{Wholesale} \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Total wholesale} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Commission merchants} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Other wholesalers} \& <br>
\hline \& \& $$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Net } \\
\text { income }
\end{gathered}
$$ \& No net income \& Net
income \& No net income \& Net income \& No net income \& Net
income \& No net income \& Net
income \& No net income \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1} \& Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{41} \ldots$ \& 1,866 \& 786 \& 83, 866 \& 30,299 \& 26,078 \& 7,499 \& 3,375 \& 1,519 \& 22, 703 \& 5,980 \& 1 <br>
\hline \& Assets:
Cash

12 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 3 \&  \& 674,220

435,526 \& | 53, |
| :--- |
| 6563 |
| 65 | \& 2, 552, 596 \& 134,846

302,710 \& $1,027,582$
$2,421,833$ \& 62,807
127,726 \& 121,382
278,587 \& 10,370
20,883 \& - $\begin{array}{r}906,199 \\ 2,143,246\end{array}$ \& 52,437
106,843 \& ${ }_{3}^{2}$ <br>
\hline 4 \&  \& 305, 419 \& 11,580 \& 5,961,881 \& 350, 973 \& 2, 414, 295 \& 98, 788 \& -39,082 \& 3,796 \& 2,375, 212 \& -94,992 \& 4 <br>
\hline 5 \& Invest ments, Government obligations ${ }^{13}$ \& 213, 619 \& 3. 262 \& 928,967 \& 11, 119 \& 330, 097 \& 6,511 \& 38,556 \& 962 \& 291,540 \& 5,549 \& 5 <br>
\hline 6 \&  \& 2, 173, 474 \& 674,625 \& 1,522, 109 \& 102, 042 \& 681,986 \& 36,352 \& 102, 421 \& 5,092 \& 579,564 \& 31, 260 \& 6 <br>
\hline 7 \& Gross capital asscts ${ }^{44}$ (excepst land) \& $\begin{array}{r}18,577,797 \\ 3,086 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 1,011,892 \& 4, 938, 205 \& 544, 716 \& 1.185, 257 \& 106, 850 \& 49,346 \& 10,348 \& 1,135, 911 \& 96, 502 \& 7 <br>
\hline $\stackrel{8}{9}$ \& Land.----...--- \& $3,086,548$
142,365 \& 151,754
7,308 \& 2, 257.058 \& 234,512

84,877 \& | 519, 108 |
| :--- |
| 162,134 | \& 42,325

13,620 \& 20.189
7.990 \& 3,382

1,330 \& $\begin{array}{r}498,919 \\ 154,144 \\ \hline 202\end{array}$ \& | 38.942 |
| :--- |
| 12.290 | \& 8 <br>

\hline 10 \& Other assets \& 650, 536 \& 48,385 \& 553, 716 \& 52, 540 \& 224, 829 \& 18,658 \& 22,634 \& 3.169 \& 202, 195 \& 15, 489 \& 10 <br>
\hline 11 \& Total assets ${ }^{10}$ \& 20, 086, 408 \& 1,724,915 \& 19, 709, 299 \& 1,353,312 \& 7,928, 903 \& 428,986 \& 639, 811 \& 52,567 \& 7, 289, 092 \& 376,419 \& 11 <br>
\hline \& \multicolumn{12}{|l|}{Liabilities:} <br>
\hline 12 \&  \& 206, 067 \& 35, 797 \& 3,364,657 \& 302, 952 \& 1,592, 074 \& 125, 911 \& 187, 799 \& 19,008 \& 1, 404, 274 \& 106, 003 \& 12 <br>

\hline | 13 |
| :--- |
| 14 | \&  \& 7256,795 \& 46, 384 \& 1, 167, 118 \& 142,306 \& 693, 105 \& 41,563 \& 46, 852 \& 3,528 \& 646, 253 \& 38, 035 \& 13 <br>

\hline 14
15
15 \& Maturity 1 year or more. \& 7, $223,3,796$
1026,661 \& 841.821 \& 1, 279,403 \& 187, 419 \& 478.320 \& 54, 774 \& 21, 662 \& 6, 801 \& 456, 659 \& 47, 977 \& 14 <br>
\hline 15
16 \&  \& 1, 026, 661 \& 124, 073 \& 1,669, 092 \& 91, 461 \& 667.876 \& 34,029 \& 48,244 \& 3,557 \& 619,632 \& 30, 472 \& 15 <br>
\hline 16
17 \&  \& 2, 674, 657 \& 43, 782 \& 1, 119, 283 \& 84, 797 \& 415, 710 \& 23,365 \& 37,921 \& 3,892 \& 377, 789 \& 19,473 \& 16 <br>
\hline 18 \& Capital stock, common ${ }^{48}$
Surplus reserves....---- \& 5, 809, 997
513,901 \& 279, 8178 \& 5, 300, 514 \& 558,522 \& 2, 002,875 \& 188, 135 \& 134, 264 \& 23, 244 \& 1,868, 611 \& 164, 891 \& 17 <br>
\hline 19 \& Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{49}$ \& 1,820,064 \& 429, 551 \& 5,431,257 \& 262, 620 \& 1,943,369 \& 61. 019 \& 149,991 \& 6. 434 \& 1, 793, 378 \& 54,585 \& 19 <br>
\hline 20 \& Less deficit ${ }^{50}$-----------... \& 145,531 \& 224,517 \& 423, 061 \& 294, 926 \& 150,028 \& 103, 882 \& 12,564 \& 14.504 \& 137, 464 \& 89,378 \& 20 <br>
\hline 21 \& Total liabilities ${ }^{16}$. \& 20,086,408 \& 1,724, 915 \& 19, 709, 299 \& 1,353, 312 \& 7.928, 902 \& 428, 986 \& 639, 811 \& 52,567 \& 7, 289, 092 \& 376, 419 \& 21 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ | \% 111,725 | $\begin{array}{r} 5,816 \\ 182010 \end{array}$ | 50, 013, 643 | 2, 774, 031 | 24, 283, 207 | 1,084,995 | 4, 047 | 79, 502 | 23, 449, 159 | 005, 493 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amor----- |  |  | 856, 920 | 156, 258 | 583, 797 | 82, 615 | 286, 407 | 42, 147 | 297, 390 | 40, 469 | 23 |
| tizahle bond premium): <br> Wholly taxable ${ }^{19}$ | 720 | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax. ${ }^{20}$ | 304 | 2 | 1,447 | 135 37 | 872 572 | 17 | ${ }_{21}^{72}$ | 9 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 819 \\ & 552 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | 2 |
|  | 73 | 2 | 227 | 6 | 97 | (13) | 10 |  | 87 | (15) |  |
|  | 373 | 23 | 1,502 | 47 | 6.59 | 39 | 119 | 3 | 540 | 36 | 2 |
| Other interest---- Rents and royalties | 42,940 | 6,629 | 66. 223 | 2, 602 | 24, 867 | 999 | 5, 866 | 156 | 19, 001 | 844 | 2 |
| Rents and royaltics | 20.877 1,895 | 2,867 42 | 108.143 9.903 | 11,340 368 | 20,345 | 1,990 | 1,758 | 375 | 18,586 | 1,614 | 2 |
| Net gain, sales other than | ${ }^{174}$ | 50 | 9.975 | ${ }_{798}^{368}$ | 5, 357 | 1.33 | 404 | 16 | 4,952 | 117 | 3 |
| Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{26}$ | 65, 265 | 1,220 | 38,602 | 53.3 | 20. 716 | 292 | 5,200 | 68 | 15,515 | 214 | 3 |
| Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{27}$ | 3, 117 | 910 | 17.883 | 127 | 5,110 | 125 | 5. 19 | (15) | 5, 091 | 125 |  |
| Other receipts ${ }^{28}$... | 14,324 | 1,570 | 542, 601 | 29,569 | 150,913 | 11, 210 | 19,484 | 4, 174 | 131, 429 | 7,066 | 3 |
| Total compiled receip | 4.094, 846 | 203, 074 | 51, 665, 655 | 2. 975,848 | 25, 100, 992 | 1,182, 722 | 1,153,501 | 126, 470 | 23, 047.491 | 1,056, 253 |  |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold ${ }^{29}$ | 57,500 | 4. 484 | 39, 486, 007 | 2, 228, 210 | 20, 978, 463 | 965, 978 | 778.976 | 74,830 | 87 | 591, 148 |  |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{29}$ | 1,580. 519 | 97.460 | 386, 343 | 111,382 | 257, 660 | 60, 354 | 97, 729 | 27, 983 | 159.931 | 32, 371 | 37 |
| Compensation of officers | 22,659 | 2,114 | 950, 395 | 103.671 | 433, 704 | 33, 630 | 47, 814 | 6. 845 | 385, 860 | 26.785 | 3 |
| Rent paid on business p | 21, 078 | 1. 478 | 665. 216 | 62, 958 | 85. 415 | 9.049 | 6,223 | 1,387 | 79, 193 | 7,662 | 39 |
| ${ }_{\text {Repaiirs }}{ }^{30}$ - | 9, 709 6,872 | 596 1.841 | 116, $2 \times 6$ | 9, 328 | 26. 197 | 1,696 | ${ }^{619}$ | 156 | 25, 578 | 1,540 | 40 |
| Interest paid | 338, 676 | 46, 150 | 123, 645 |  | 49, 4302 | 6,095 4,536 | ${ }_{4}^{2,795}$ | 809 | 4.3,744 | 5, 286 | 4 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{31}$ | 388, 886 | 15. 754 | 480, 715 | 35, 201 | 147,034 | 7,806 | 7,470 | 790 | 43,786 139,564 | 7,073 | 4 |
| Contributions or | 3, 105 | 80 | 20.645 | 297 | 7.701 | 70 | 694 | 10 | 7,007 | 60 | 4 |
| Depreciation | 410, 162 | 19, 675 | 273, 8.54 | 29, 841 | 66,750 | 5, 714 | 2, 574 | 667 | 64, 176 | 5,047 | 4 |
| Amprtization ${ }^{\text {sis }}$ | 14, 13.541 | 766 28 | 1,203 2,809 | 330 | 730 | 234 | 27 |  | 703 | 225 | 4 |
| Nct loss, sales other than | 5.857 | 1,057 | 20,955 | 8, 731 | 3,449 | 2,261 | 175 |  | 2, 3.274 | 13 | 4 |
| Other deductions | 290, 099 | 23. 505 | 6,379,675 | 429, 472 | 1,950, 549 | 110,415 | 120, 130 | 15,734 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,274 \\ 1,830,419 \end{array}$ | -94,682 | 4 |
| Total compiled deduc | 3,163, 286 | 214,987 | 49, 042, 919 | 3,050,792 | 24,055,453 | 1, 207, 850 | 1,069,676 | 130, 020 | 22, 985, 777 | 1,077, 821 |  |
| Compiled net profit or net loss (35 less | 931,560 | ${ }^{39} 11,913$ | 2, 622,737 | 39 74,945 | 04 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income or deficit s ${ }^{\text {d }}$ [11 less $(26+27)$ ] | 931, 114 | ${ }^{\text {39 }} 11,938$ | 2, 621, 007 | 39 74, 998 | 1, 044,783 | ${ }^{39} 25,167$ | 83, 696 | ${ }^{89} 3,562$ | 961,087 | ${ }^{39} 21,604$ | 52 |
| Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,825 \\ 148,616 \end{array}$ |  | 37,160 $1,117,138$ |  | 13,010 491,196 |  | 1,125 37,712 |  | 11,885 453,484 |  | 53 |
| Income tax ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Declared value excess-profits |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 505,321 \\ 15,134 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 183,155 \\ 6,043 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 4,059 \\ 315 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 169,095 \\ 5.728 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Excess profits tax ${ }^{8}$ | 118,324 |  | 864, 330 |  |  |  | 28, 549 |  | 346, 709 |  |  |
| Total tax | 389, 006 |  | 1,384,784 |  | 564, 456 |  | 42,924 |  | 521, 532 |  |  |
| Compiled net profit less total tax (51 less 58).......... Dividends paid: ${ }^{9}$ | 542, 554 | 39 11, 913 | 1,237,952 | ${ }^{\text {s7 }} 74,945$ | 481, 083 | ${ }^{39} 25,128$ | 40, 901 | ${ }^{39} 3,560$ | 440, 182 | ${ }^{39} 21,569$ |  |
| Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{9}$ Corporation's own stock $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 445,450 \\ 863 \end{array}$ | 11, 182 | $\begin{array}{r} 482,670 \\ 12,284 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,737 \\ 126 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 176,233 \\ 6,948 \end{array}$ | 2,375 28 | 15, 765 | 84 | $\begin{array}{r} 160,468 \\ 6,846 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,291 \\ 28 \end{array}$ | 60 61 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300
Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


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| $\begin{aligned} & 6 \text { on } \\ & 808 \\ & \text { os } \\ & \text { is } \end{aligned}$ | $\infty$ |  | ¢ 7 40 40 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{lll}1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1\end{array}$ | $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{\infty} \\ & = \\ & \text { sin } \end{aligned}$ | C） |
|  | ササ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \text { N } \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nige } \\ & 008 \% \\ & \text { Ninnis } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.8 \\ & 40 \\ & 0^{\circ}= \\ & \infty^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | ＋ 0 ¢ | 30 0 0 aid | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bo } \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{m} \\ & \underset{N}{N} \end{aligned}$ |  | 皆 |  |  | ！ | ＋ 简 | $:$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { No } \\ & \text { Ni } \\ & \text { gin } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | e <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> $\sim$ | NのONNNがNONNの <br>  $\infty$ がण बV $\infty$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \underset{\sim}{\infty} \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Nog o だనため vis | लi | $\underset{\substack{\infty \\ \hline \\ \hline}}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & 8 \\ & - \\ & - \end{aligned}$ | דை |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ne } \\ & \text { Nin } \\ & \text { Nivi } \end{aligned}$ | $\omega$ 2 |  |  |  <br>  <br>  | $$ |  |  | ！ | － $\cdots$ $\cdots$ $\infty$ | 08 |
|  | 9 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \pi \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & i \end{aligned}$ | ¢ ＋ 10 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { on } \\ & 80 \% \\ & \text { cix } \end{aligned}$ | Nm |  | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{C}{1} \\ & \infty \\ & \underset{H}{4} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \text { e } \\ & c^{-} \end{aligned}$ |  | ：  <br>   <br> $\vdots$ $\vdots$ <br> $\vdots$ $\vdots$ <br> $\vdots$  | 1 $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ | 8 8 -8 -1 | $\infty$ <br> $\stackrel{15}{2}$ |
|  | N |  <br>  <br>  |  |  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { Hi } \\ & \text { R } \end{aligned}$ | 0 0 0 0 0 |  |
|  | Nか |  | 咼 |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{N}{9} \\ & \underset{\sim}{9} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ！ | 8 8 8 8 | ¢ |
|  |  |  <br>  <br>  |  |  <br>  <br>  cis $\stackrel{5}{2}$ | $$ |  |  | cis | ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & 80 \\ & 50 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ |


| 22 | Qross sales ${ }^{17}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 23 | Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ |
|  | Interest on Government obligations（less amor－ tizable bond premium）： |
| 24 | Wholly taxable ${ }^{19}$ |
| 25 | Subject to declared value excess－profits tax and surtax．${ }^{20}$ |
| 26 |  |
| 27 | Wholly tax－exempt ${ }^{22}$ |
| 28 | Other interest． |
| 29 | Rents and royalties ${ }^{23}$ |
| 30 | Net capital gain ${ }^{24}$ ．－ |
| 31 | Net gain，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{2}$ |
| 32 | Dividends，domestic corporations ${ }^{26}$ |
| 33 | Dividends，foreign corporations ${ }^{27}$ |
| 34 | Other receipts ${ }^{28}$ |
| 35 | Total compiled receipts |
|  | Deductions |
| 36 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{29}$ |
| 37 | Cost of operations ${ }^{29}$ |
| 38 | Compensation of officers |
| 39 | Rent paid on business property |
| 40 | Repairs ${ }^{50}$ |
| 41 | Bad debts． |
| 42 | Interest paid |
| 43 | Taxes paid ${ }^{31}$ |
| 44 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{32}$ |
| 45 | Depreciation． |
| 46 | Depletion． |
| 47 | Amortization ${ }^{33}$ |
| 48 | Net loss，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{25}$ |
| 49 | Other deductions ${ }^{34}$ |
| 50 | Total compiled deductions |
| 51 | Compiled net profit or net loss（ 35 less 50） |
| 52 | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$［ 51 less（ $26+27$ ）］－ |
| 53 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{35}$ ． |
| 54 | Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{5}$ |
| 55 | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ |
| 56 | Declared value excess－profits tax |
| 57 | Excess profits tax ${ }^{8}$ |
| 58 | Total tax |
| 69 | Compiled net profit less total tax（51 less 58） |
|  | Dividends paid：${ }^{9}$ |
| 60 | Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\text {？}}$ |
| 61 | Corporation＇s own stock |

For footnotes，see pp．298－300．
Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipls, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


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|  | $9^{39}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \infty \\ 0 \\ 6 \\ 4 \\ 4 \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { O } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ＇ | 告 | $=$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 笑 }{ }^{2} \\ & \text { से } \\ & \text { से } \end{aligned}$ | 20 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 号 | － |  |
|  | $\stackrel{\square}{-1}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \infty \\ \\ \\ \text { on } \\ \text { Nin } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  <br>  | 号 | 8\％  <br> 80  <br> $0-6$  <br> 08  <br> 08  | ： |  | \％ | －${ }_{\sim}^{\circ}$ |
|  | 우ํ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \stackrel{\infty}{\infty} \\ & \stackrel{0}{-} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M } \\ & \text { O } \\ & \text { } \\ & = \\ & \sim \end{aligned}$ |  |  | B $\infty$ $\infty$ | 号 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bi } \\ & \infty_{-1}^{2} \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fe } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { Ni } \\ & \text { Ni } \end{aligned}$ | ๗ぃ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ल్ } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { Nิ } \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  <br>  |  | N－ <br> N二 <br> N゙N <br> \％\％ | 1 |  | ¢ | ¢ ¢ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { OD} \\ & \text { Box } \\ & \text { Din } \\ & \text { Bi } \end{aligned}$ | ヘค\％ |  | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ 5 \\ \\ \end{gathered}$ |  <br>  <br>  | ¢ | が何が NNかか ががबN | ¢ ¢\％ No | － | $\begin{aligned} & \text { d } \\ & \text { N్ల } \\ & \text { స్ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O్N } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \% \\ & 8.5 \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ | 0 $\stackrel{\Im}{2}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\infty} \\ & \sim \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ |  | － |  |  |  | \＃ | $\mathrm{N}^{\text {c }}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { No } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { nos } \\ & \text { no } \end{aligned}$ | กึ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|} 4 \\ \text { a } \\ 0 \\ \infty \\ \infty \end{array}\right\|$ |  <br>  <br>  | 年 | 웅NN がッーシ かぁが |  | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { S. } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{NeO}_{8} \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ | － |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  $8 \times 105$ | － |  | ， |  | － － e m | N |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { of } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { Nox } \\ & \text { Non } \\ & \text { Nion } \end{aligned}$ | $\operatorname{li}_{\infty}^{\infty}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{18}{7} \\ & 7 \\ & 0 \\ & 5 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  <br>  － | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { Ni } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | 880 N <br>  ジびゥ゙ラ |  | N | 8 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { م్ల్ } \\ & \text { గ్ర } \\ & \text { ผิ } \end{aligned}$ |

Receipts：
Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued


Table 4．－Corporation returns with balance sheets，1942，by major industrial groups，for returns with net income and returns with no net income：${ }^{3}$ Number of returns，assets and liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions，compiled net profit or net loss，net income or deficit，and dividends paid by type of dividend；also，for returns with net income：Net operating，loss dedaction，income
［Money figures in thousands of dollars］

|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Et } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { cied } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oin } \\ \underset{\sim}{-1} \end{gathered}$ |  | \％ |  | \％ |
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|  |  |  | 詔品 | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \\ \sim \end{gathered}$ |  <br>  | 砣 |  <br>  | 颜 |
|  |  |  | 容皆 | $\begin{aligned} & \vec{n} \\ & \underset{\sim}{c} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | 喊 |  <br>  | ｜c｜c |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\Xi} \text { : } \\ & \text { ○. } \\ & \text { z. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M } \\ & \text { Bi } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | \％ |  <br>  | \％ |
|  |  |  | 艺范 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 厄్ß } \\ & \sigma^{2} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | 品 |  <br>  | 㝘 |
|  |  |  | 遃品 | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{\text { ¢ }}$ |  <br>  | 洓呂 |  <br>  | 洓 |
|  |  |  |  | ボ心 |  <br>  | 免 |  | 员 |
|  |  |  | ¢ ${ }_{\text {® }}^{\text {¢ }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{8}{6} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ |  | － |  | － |
|  |  |  | ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\sim}{0} \\ & \infty \\ & \propto \sim \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | － |  | － |
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|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 骨 } \\ & 0 \\ & 4 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{c\|} =1 \\ 0 \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \end{array}$ |  | ！ | ！ | $-\infty$ 0  <br> 0   <br> $\sim$   <br> 0   <br> 0   |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 융 } \\ & \text { 흥 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{lll} 8 & \infty \\ \text { क } & \infty \\ \text { or } & \end{array}\right.$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbb{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\circ} \\ & \underset{\circ}{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Le } \\ & \\ & \text { on } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \% } \\ & \text { กi } \\ & \text { i } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { ल⿵ } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | ¢ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 . \\ & \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | ： | ： | N |
|  |  |  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{array}{l\|l} \infty \\ 0 \\ \text { N } \\ \text { Nu } \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\infty \times \sim$ $\infty$ $\infty$ | O－ |  |
|  |  |  | N |  |  | ！ |  |
|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{\|c} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ |  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|l} \text { in } \\ \text { en } \\ \text { 侖 } \end{array}$ |  | ¢ ¢ $=0$ $=0$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { §్ } \\ & \text { ి } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|} \hline 8 \\ 8 \\ 80 \\ 8 \end{array}\right\|$ |  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{N}{N} \\ & \stackrel{y}{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\mathrm{~A}} \end{aligned}$ |  | 1  <br>  1 <br>  1 <br>  1 <br>  1 <br>   <br> 1  |  |  |
|  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline-1 \\ 0 \\ 0 . \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  <br>  $\rightarrow$ |  | むたN Notis ぞざザす |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { Ni } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes，see pp．298－300． value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued

|  |  | Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Service-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Miscellaneous repair services, hand trades |  | Motion pictures |  | A musement, except motion pictures |  | Other service, including schools |  | Service not allocable |  |  |
|  |  | Net income | No net income | Net income | No net income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | No net income | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | No net income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | No net income |  |
| 1 | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{41}$ | 896 | 405 | 2, 559 | 1,073 | 1,500 | 1,785 | 1,550 | 1,672 | 54 | 47 | 1 |
|  | Assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) |  | $\begin{array}{r}471 \\ 1,203 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 110,042 78,268 | -3,088 | 29,939 13,285 | 6,058 4,484 | 35,799 56,667 | $\begin{array}{r}5,035 \\ 10,552 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,514 | 227 | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ |
| 4 |  | 17,221 | 1.805 | 165, 095 | 6,514 | 13,285 2,743 | 4,484 | - 11.875 | 10,552 2,521 | 3, 217 | 261 76 | 3 |
| 5 | Investments, Government obligations ${ }^{13}$ | 1,515 | 40 | 35, 393 | 804 | 6,152 | 1, 523 | 8,863 | 2, 911 | 304 | . | 5 |
| 6 |  | 1,172 | 188 | 317, 486 | 6,332 | 14,384 | 4, 495 | 19, 11829 | 18,168 | 1,695 | 104 | 6 |
| 7 | Gross capital assets ${ }^{4}$ (except land) | 26,445 | 2, 889 | 606, 470 | 55, 947 | 134, 022 | 96, 587 | 108, 935 | 52, 620 | 2,932 | 1,043 | 7 |
| 8 | Less reserves | 11, 092 | 1,081 | 287,172 | 20, 514 | 55,345 | 33,817 | 41, 296 | 18, 193 | 451 | 421 | 8 |
| 10 | Other assets ${ }^{45}$ | 1,712 1,431 | 268 334 | 159,515 43,618 | 11,222 4,292 | 25,491 5,311 | 29,986 4,257 | 9,962 40,060 | 5,729 6,166 | 788 241 | 26 <br> 57 | 9 10 |
| 11 | Total assets ${ }^{16}$ | 51,541 | 5,118 | 1,228,715 | 73, 841 | 175, 982 | 114, 181 | 250, 793 | 83,510 | 10,537 | 1,373 | 11 |
| 12 | Liahilitios: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Aornds, notes, mortgages payable: | 6, 509 | 1,034 | 99,795 | 27, 952 | 14,446 | 13,882 | 28,314 | 11,291 | 2,625 | 342 | 12 |
| 13 | Maturity less than 1 year-- | 2,490 | 477 | 25, 320 | 5,412 | 7,862 | 7,286 | 10,642 | 6,519 | 56 | 142 | 13 |
| 14 15 | Maturity 1 year or more. Other liabilities ${ }^{47}$. | 6, 253 | 892 | 238, 205 | 29,713 | 35, 522 | 39,955 | 15, 356 | 14, 680 | 296 | 169 | 14 |
| 16 | Capital stock, preferred..... | 7,945 | 596 181 | 60,759 57926 | 5,631 | 17,603 7 760 | 10.159 | 73,425 | 20, 154 | 490 | 210 | 15 |
| 17 | Capital stock. common ${ }^{48}$ | 14,742 | 3,347 | 214, 534 | 25, 575 | 59, 429 | 48, 564 | 58,177 | 51,053 | 3,347 | 618 | 17 |
| 18 | Surplus reserves. | 1,688 | 34 | 108, 731 | 703 | 4,531 | 1,041 | 8,973 | 1, 719 | +439 | 30 | 18 |
| 19 | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{43}$ | 12, 888 | 606 | 453,975 | 6,684 | 48,409 | 21, 557 | 62,901 | 17,305 | 3,090 | 167 | 19 |
| 20 | Less deficit, 50 | 1,712 | 2. 049 | 30,528 | 35,387 | 19,680 | 33, 450 | 14, 238 | 44,903 | 149 | 335 | 20 |
| 21 | Total liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | 51,541 | 5,118 | 1,228, 715 | 73,841 | 175, 982 | 114, 181 | 250, 793 | 83, 510 | 10,537 | 1,373 | 21 |


| N® | む゙セ |  | $\stackrel{5}{5}$ |  | 8 | 二成洞式 | 150 | $\infty$ | ¢ | 80 |
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| 侖管 |  |  | 4 $\sim$ |  | -1 0 $\sim$ |  | ＋ |  | \％ | ： |
|  | 9 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{N} \\ & \mathrm{~N} \end{aligned}$ |  | － | （1） | Noo | 号 | -్ర | ¢09 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { © } \\ & \text { §్ర } \\ & \text { だ0 } \end{aligned}$ | 0 ¢ |  | $$ | 上゙がごが | ज |  |  |  | ¢ ¢ 12 8 | ลิ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { nid } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { Nis } \\ & \end{aligned}$ | ลै7 |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \underset{\sim}{2} \\ \text { Ni} \\ \text { N్ల } \end{array}$ |  <br>  <br>  | $$ |  | HiN $15^{\circ}$ | 7 － | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \infty \\ & \rightarrow \end{aligned}$ | 그요 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 숭 } \\ & \text { cix } \\ & \text { cix } \end{aligned}$ | Hes |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \stackrel{3}{8} \\ & \underset{8}{8} \end{aligned}\right.$ | H్ర్రం <br>  | 过 |  |  |  | 8 8 5 5 9 | $\stackrel{\vdots}{ }$ |
|  | がこ |  |  |  च゙が気がN rio | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { Ni } \end{aligned}$ |  | 호웅 10 － | ¢ $\stackrel{1}{2}$ $\stackrel{1}{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{2} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No응 } \\ & \text { is } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8.3 \\ & 8=8 \\ & \infty=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \underset{0}{0} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 㬽 | ～ |
|  | \%્웅 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{2}{2} \\ & \underset{\sim}{7} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \\ & = \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { के } \\ & \text { مै } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | － |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 윤 } \\ & \text { サi } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{g}{0} \text { N } \\ & \text { cion } \end{aligned}$ | $\sim$ | ：men ：i̛ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { of } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ | 皆응 | ： |  | ¢ \％ |  |
|  | Now | $\underbrace{\text { Merining }}$ |  |  <br>  <br>  | 劲 |  |  | 号 | － | ¢゙す |



For footnotes，see pp．298－300
 Number of returns，assets and liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions，compiled net profit or net toss，net profits tax，income tax，declared paid by type of dividend，also，for fits tax，total tax，and compiled net profit less total tax－Continued

## ［Money figures in thousands of dollars］

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$－Continued | Finance，insurance，real estate，and lessors of real property | 若总 |  |  | － |  <br>  |  |  | \％ <br>  | ＋ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{l\|} \tilde{n}_{0}^{6} \\ \mathcal{N}^{2} \end{array}$ |  <br>  $\rightarrow$ | $\begin{gathered} \stackrel{ొ}{\dddot{~}} \\ \hdashline . \\ \stackrel{3}{8} \\ \text { o } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ザ } \\ & \text { 命 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 菏 } \\ & \vdots \end{aligned}$ | ฟ゙ <br>  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \text { © } \\ & \text { si } \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | 枵 |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathrm{c}} \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{gathered}$ |  | \|c|| | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \stackrel{\infty}{0} \\ & \underset{\sim}{n} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | 苞 |  | $\begin{aligned} & a_{0} \\ & r_{0} \end{aligned}$ |  | ｜c｜｜ |  |  <br>  － | H．｜｜ |
|  |  |  |  |  | \＄．｜｜ |  |  |  | ： <br>  Mద్లి이ㅇㅕㅏ <br> ค बे | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\sim \\ \sim \\ \sim \\ \sim \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty\end{gathered}\right.$ |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \stackrel{B}{E} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  अ゙ल ஸ゙๗ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D } \\ & \text { A్ల } \\ & \text { A్ల } \end{aligned}$ |  <br> 「ジ』－i riテ | T－1 |
|  |  |  | $$ |  |  |  <br>  ばめ ジべべ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  \％o －iN゚ジーシ | ¢ |
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|  |  | Total compiled deductions.. |  |  |  |  |
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|  $682542-47-11$ |  | 8 |  | 号号に |  | 880 |

Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


| - |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|} \ddot{2} \\ 0 \\ \dot{c} \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ | \％\％ |  | $\stackrel{\text { a }}{\text { a }}$ |  |  |  | ｜ll｜ |
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| $\begin{gathered} \text { an } \\ = \\ =1 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \hline \end{array}$ | ¢ | \＄2 둥혈 $\infty$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{*} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 88 |  －ri | $\begin{gathered} \substack{\underset{\sim}{2} \\ \sigma} \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\stackrel{\square}{2}$ |  |  |  | ｜rict |
|  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { gin } \\ 0 \\ 5 \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  | － | พ สัสัース |  | $\stackrel{\infty}{8}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { on } \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { orid } \end{aligned}$ | F |  |  |  | 等荅 |
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[^21]
 value excess-piofits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued


Table 4．－Corporation returns with balance sheets，1942，by major industrial groups，for returns with net income and returns with no net income：${ }^{3}$ Number of returns，assets and liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions，compiled net profit or net loss，net income or deficit，and dividends value excess－profits tax，excess profits tax，total tax，and compiled net profit less total tax－Continued
［Money figures in thousands of dollars］
Major industrial groups ${ }^{10}-$ Continued

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Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{51}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax; for relurns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except assets and liabilities)-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


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|  | ご |  ब 9 ® |  |  お゙ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \underset{\sim}{\infty} \\ & \stackrel{y}{4} \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 0.88 \\ & 0.08 \\ & 00^{\circ} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 8 \\ 0 \\ \text { of } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\overbrace{-\infty}^{\infty}$ |
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| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ar } \\ & \text { だ } \\ & \text { jor } \end{aligned}$ | $\because$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mi } \\ & \text { ¢in } \end{aligned}$ |  | ， |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 90 \\ & 005 \\ & 20 \\ & 0^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | ～ッ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \infty \\ 0 \\ \\ \infty \\ \infty \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & \text { 碞 } \end{aligned}$ | 㑒定药 <br> ヘivi | $8_{0}{ }_{8}$ | － | $\begin{array}{ll} \boxed{8} & 8 \\ 8 \\ -1 \end{array}$ |


Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{51}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942 , by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, complea receipts, compuled dcauctions, compiled net profit or ject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess.profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except assets and liabilities)-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]
Retums with kulance sl ects, by mijor ir dustrial grc ul s ${ }^{10}-\mathrm{C}$ (ntinced


[^22]|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|} \frac{g_{1}}{x_{2}} \\ \frac{\infty}{n} \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  |  | 哭 |  |
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|  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \alpha \\ \frac{\alpha}{4} \\ 5 \\ 5 \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $$ |  | \％ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}\right.$ | 128 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{P}^{N} \\ & i 0 \\ & - \end{aligned}$ | ーザの先1 | 㣻 |  | N1｜ | －2 |  |  | － |
| ¢ |  | $8$ |  | \％ | $99$ | $\backsim$ |  | $\pm 9$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { बN } \end{aligned}$ | ¢®98 | 永 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9_{0}^{1} \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { oi } \end{aligned}$ | ¢ค |  |  | ¢8 |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|} \infty \\ \\ \text { gid } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { mone } \\ & \text { Momp } \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ | $\bar{\delta}_{0}^{10}$ | $\stackrel{8}{\circ}$ | 艮筞 |
| たi |  | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 8 \\ \infty \\ \infty \end{gathered}$ |  | ¢ | $\|$$\infty$ <br> \％ <br> \％ <br> \％ <br> d |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & 0_{0}^{0} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & =-1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { त्0 } \\ & 0 \\ & \stackrel{6}{6} \\ & - \end{aligned}$ | 운 品空荡 arg eios | $\begin{aligned} & \text { aid } \\ & \text { à } \\ & \text { से } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 筑\| } \\ & \text { Ëv } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { yू야 } \\ & \text { givi } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { N } \\ \text { N } \\ \text { ci } \\ = \end{array}\right\|$ |  | 閏 | $\\|_{120}^{2}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Mis Mixin |  |  <br>  |  |  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{l\|} 0.0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  |



[^23]Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{51}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returrs with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax; for returns with no balance shcets, in total only, the same items (except assets and liabilities)-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]
Returns with balance sheets, by major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$-Continued

| Returns with balance sheets, by major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A pparel and products made from fabrics |  | Leather and products |  | Rubber products |  | Lumber and timber basic products |  | Furniture and finished lumber products |  | Paper and allied products |  |
| Net income | No net income | Net income | No net income | Net income | Nonet income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | Nonet iucome | Net income | No net income | Net income | No net income |
| 6 13 |  | 4 | 1 | 6 47 | 1 | 9 21 |  | 14 |  | 13 67 |  |
| 892 |  | 4,890 | 35 | 40,090 | 13 | 9,510 |  | 2,993 |  | 17,572 |  |
| 1,689 |  | 3,171 | 214 | 129, 441 | 41 | 8, 465 |  | 3,039 |  | 23, 018 |  |
| 3,534 |  | 8, 931 | 182 | 135, 341 | 208 | 8,646 | -------- | 3,812 |  | 39, 068 |  |
| -149 |  | 2,417 |  | 34, 277 |  | 5,469 | -------- | 2,370 |  | 8, 733 |  |
| 5,338 |  | 328 | (15) | 33, 890 |  | 3,344 |  | 4,739 |  | 122, 251 |  |
| 3,347 |  | 4,449 | 52 | 287, 034 | 87 | 75, 529 |  | 10,280 |  | 302, 117 |  |
| 1,145 |  | 1,264 | 28 | 135, 083 | 3. | 43,128 |  | 4,146 |  | 135, 874 |  |
| 111 358 |  | 10 |  | 13, 465 |  | 4,330 |  | 1,56\% |  | 3,954 |  |
| 358 |  | 705 | 62 | 6,459 | 5 | 4,489 |  | 84 |  | 8,509 |  |
| 14, 272 |  | 23, 637 | 517 | 544, 914 | 352 | 76,655 |  | 24, 738 |  | 389, 350 |  |
| 1,440 | ------- | 1,446 | 85 | 66, 097 | 327 | 2, 438 | -------- | 793 | -------- | 8,912 |  |
| 619 |  | 190 | 200 | 19,796 |  | 199 |  | 782 |  | 5,758 |  |
| 342 |  | 1,155 | 25 | 71,025 | 24 | 3, 508 |  | 98 |  | 68, 015 |  |
| 807 |  | 573 | 20 | 76, 824 | 25 | 7,198 |  | 870 |  | 11, 868 |  |
| 2,519 |  | 6,313 |  | 87,967 | 57 | 6,926 | ------ | 250 |  | 127, 792 |  |
| 7,542 |  | 2,582 | 200 | 114,692 | 2 | 27, 152 |  | 9,014 |  | 52,523 |  |
| 2,987 |  | 6,692 4,687 | 15 | 34, 402 |  | 1,235 |  | , 504 |  | 11, 256 |  |
| 2,903 2,187 |  | 4,687 | 28 | 74, 111 |  | 29,752 |  | 12,474 |  | 103, 226 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,754 |  | 47 |  |  |  |
| 14,272 |  | 23, 637 | 517 | 544, 914 | 352 | 76,655 |  | 24,738 |  | 389, 350 |  |



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|  | §Ц్ల్ర |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|} \hline 8 \\ 10 \\ \frac{8}{5} \\ \frac{3}{5} \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \stackrel{4}{\mathrm{~S}} \\ \stackrel{\mathrm{~A}}{2} \end{gathered}$ | 잉  <br> 0  |
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|  | $=\infty$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{6} \\ & \stackrel{0}{6} \\ & \stackrel{y}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\|\right\|$ |  |  | $\infty$ | 号 80 |
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| お叠 <br> 8 | －－ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l\|} \substack{2 \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \\ \text { din } \\ \hline} \end{array}\right.$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \tilde{n} \\ \tilde{n} \\ \vec{E} \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & -\infty \\ & \infty \\ & - \end{aligned}\right.$ |  |
| 응 |  | ¢ | 导 | 8：以0め | 骨枵 |  |  |  | － |
|  | N |  |  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 8 \\ 0 \\ \underset{\oplus}{6} \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll} \infty \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}\right.$ |  |
| 9 |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { 㱫 } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 98 \\ & 9 \\ & =1 \end{aligned}\right.$ |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\otimes}{\text { a }}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{10}{6} \text { - } \\ & \text { Ni } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c\|} \hline \infty \\ 0 \\ o \\ \text { oi } \\ \hline 0 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  | ¢ | ®r： |
| $\vdots!$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



|  | Receipts： |
| :---: | :---: |
| 23 | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ |
| 24 | Gross reccipts from operations 18 |
|  | Interest on Government obligations（less amor－ tizable bond premium）： |
| 25 | Wholly taxable ${ }^{19}$ |
| 26 | Subject to deelared value excess－profits tax and surtax．${ }^{20}$ |
| 27 | Subject to surtax only ${ }^{21}$ |
| 28 | Wholly tax－exempt ${ }^{22}$ |
| 29 | Other interest．－－．－－－－－ |
| 30 | Rents and royalties ${ }^{23}$ |
| 31 | Net capital gain ${ }^{24}$ |
| 32 | Net gain，salcs other than capital assets ${ }^{25}$ |
| 33 | Dividends，domestic corporations ${ }^{26}$ |
| 34 | Dividends，foreign corporations ${ }^{27}$＿－ |
| 35 | Other receipts ${ }^{28}$ |
| 36 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ |
|  | Deductions： |
| 37 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{29}$ |
| 38 | Cost of operations ${ }^{29}$ |
| 39 | Compensation of officers |
| 40 | Rent paid on busincss property |
| 41 |  |
| 42 | Bad debts |
| 43 | Interest paid． |
| 44 | Taxes paid ${ }^{31}$ |
| 45 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{32}$ |
| 46 | Depreciation． |
| 47 | Depletion．－． |
| 48 | Amortization ${ }^{33}$ |
| 49 | Net loss，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{25}$ |
| 50 | Other deductions ${ }^{34}$ |
| 51 | Total compiled deductions |
| 52 | Compiled net profit or net loss（36 less 51） |
| 53 | Net income or defieit ${ }^{3}$［ 52 less $\left.(27+28)\right]$ |
| 54 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{35}$－－－－－ |
| 55 | Income subject to exeess profits tax ${ }^{5}$ |
| 56 | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ |
| 57 | Declared value excess－profits tax ${ }^{\text {J }}$ |
| 58 | Excess profits tax ${ }^{8}$ |
| 59 | Total tax |
| 60 | Compiled net profit less total tax（52 less 59） |
|  | Dividends paid：${ }^{9}$ |
| 61 | Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{9}$ |
| 62 | Corporation＇s own stock．－－－－－－－－－－ |

TABLE 4－A．－Consolidated ${ }^{51}$ corporation returns with balance sheets，1942，by major industrial groups，for returns with net income and returns with no net income：${ }^{3}$ Number of returns，number of subsidiaries，assets and liabilities，compiled reccipts，compiled deductions，compiled net profit or
 with rol balance shects，in total only，the same items（except assets and liabilities）－Continued
［Money figures in thousands of dollars］
Returns with balance sheets，by major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$－Continued
Manufacturing－Continued

|  |  |  |  | $-\mathrm{N}$ | Q | $\stackrel{1}{\sim}$ | $\because$ |  | ส |
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|  |  |  | 艺总 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 0 \\ \underset{\infty}{\infty} \\ \stackrel{1}{\alpha} \\ \text { oi } \end{gathered}$ |  |  はiso | － |
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| $\begin{aligned} & \tilde{\Xi} \\ & \ddot{Z} \\ & \tilde{\Xi} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ت邑 } \\ & \text { O. } \\ & \text { o. } \end{aligned}$ | －－ |  |  | $\stackrel{0}{-3}$ |  | ｜l｜ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { घ゙ } \\ & \text { D } \\ & \text { n } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\approx \stackrel{r}{6}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \stackrel{8}{3} \\ & \stackrel{1}{3} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $$ |  <br>  <br>  <br> －बi－ | ｜r｜｜ |
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Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{51}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942 , by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: N umber of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or ject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax, for returnwith no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except assets and liabilities)—Continued

|  |  | Returns with balance sheets, by major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Nonferrous metals and their products |  | Electrical machinery and equipment |  | Machinery, except transportation electrical equipment and |  | Automobiles and equipment, except electrical |  | Transportation equipment, except automobiles |  |  |
|  |  | Net income | No net income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | No net income | Net income | No net income | Net income | No net income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | No net income |  |
|  | Number of returns ${ }^{16}$ Number of subsidiaries 52 | 11 44 | 1 | 11 43 | ${ }_{13}^{2}$ | 12 22 | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 13 \end{array}$ |  | 11 37 |  | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ |
| 3 | Assets: Cash 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | 29,905 | 52 | 6S, 015 | 8,763 | 16, 238 | 229 | 3,325 |  | 174, 211 |  | 3 |
| 5 |  | 35,496 | ${ }_{462}$ | 184, 309 | 6, 823 | 16, 460 | 272 | 23, 025 |  | 219, 829 |  | 4 |
| 6 7 | Investments, Government obligations ${ }^{43}$ | 13, 215 |  | 168,058 | 1+,893 | 18,293 1,791 | 1,436 | 30,433 3,025 |  | 342, 379 |  | 5 |
| 7 <br> 8 |  | 13, 181 |  | 190, 903 | 316, 362 | 10,717 |  | 3,025 2,192 |  | 130,453 |  | 6 |
| $\stackrel{8}{9}$ | Gross capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (except land) | 391, 018 | 4,683 | 143, 645 | 22, 811 | 51, 427 | 1,173 | 32,766 |  | 440, 185 |  | 8 |
| 10 | Land............. | 208, 095 | 627 | 58,953 | 5,094 | 27,878 | 385 | 21,916 |  | 270, 482 |  | 8 |
| 11 | Other assets ${ }^{15}$ |  | 31 | 1,046 34,830 |  | 1,990 6,101 | 47 $2+2$ | 1,824 | --7.-...- | 12,516 |  | 10 |
| 12 | Total assets ${ }^{46}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total assets | 342, 059 | 4,812 | 1,027, 437 | 370, 044 | 95, 139 | 3, 016 | 76, 730 |  | 1,158, 136 |  | 12 |
|  | Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Accounts payable. <br> Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: | 19,795 | 331 | 196,456 | 13,879 | 7,568 | 433 | 4, 792 |  | 114,664 |  | 13 |
| 14 15 15 | Maturity less than 1 year | 1,765 | 86 | 3. 799 | 5,752 | 1,632 |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| 16 | Other Maturity 1 year or more. | 63, 839 | 148 | 37, 407 | 104, 299 | 231 | 1,635 | +476 |  | 2, 459 |  | 15 |
| 17 | Capital stock, preferred. | 35,171 6,846 | 118 | 363,285 1,657 | 6, 594 | 12,538 | 606 | 2,150 |  | 583, 119 |  | 16 |
| 18 | Capital stock, common ${ }^{18}$ | 147, 355 | 3,726 | 185,999 | 128, 084 | -15,6,36 | 250 | 3,588 |  | 5,423 168,892 |  | 17 |
| 20 |  | 9,376 | 67 | 79,099 | 83, 796 | 9,173 | 182 | 18,699 |  | 150,478 |  | 18 |
| 21 | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{49}$ Less deficit ${ }^{50}$ | 57, 913 | ${ }_{2} 25$ | 160, 735 | 33, 233 | 41,629 | 290 | 42,096 |  | 169, 438 |  | 20 |
|  |  |  | 237 | 999 | 5, 841 | 1,022 | 455 |  |  | 44,688 |  | 21 |
| 22 | Total liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | 342, 059 | 4,812 | 1,027,437 | 370, 044 | 95, 139 | 3, 016 | 7j, 730 |  | 1, 158, 136 |  | 22 |


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|  |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 8 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  | 헝덧쿵 <br>  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ 0 \\ \vec{g} \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  |
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| ¢ <br> ® <br> －1 |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c\|} 88 \\ 88 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  | $\\| \underset{\sim}{\sim}$ | 就 | （\％ |
| \％ |  |  | \％ |  |  |  |  |  | 尔 |
|  | $\stackrel{\square}{2}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Co } \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { og } \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}\right.$ |  |
|  | $\pm{ }^{2}$ |  |  |  | 郘 | （ |  |  | ［8 |


|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{m} \\ & 0 \\ & \text { g } \\ & -1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 0 \\ 0 \\ \infty \end{array}\right\|$ |  |
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| $\stackrel{\mathrm{N}}{\mathrm{N}}$ | （2） $\begin{aligned} & \text { a } \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\mid \underset{-1}{\text { O}}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \vec{\delta} \\ \dot{\sim} \end{array}\right\|$ | Э゙き |  |  |  |
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| 23 | Receipts： Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 24 | Gross receipts from operations is |
|  | Interest on Government obligations（less amortizable |
|  | bold premium）： Wholly taxabi |
| 26 | Subjeet to declared value excess－profits tax and |
| 27 | Subject to surtax only 2 |
| 28 | Wholly tax－exempt ${ }^{2}$ |
| 29 | Other interest． |
| 30 | Rents and royalties ${ }^{23}$ |
| 31 | Net capital main ${ }^{24}$－－．．．．．．－it |
| 32 | Net gain，sales other than capital |
| 33 | Dividends，domestic corpora |
| 34 | Dividends，foreign corporatio |
| 35 | Other receipts ${ }^{28}$ |
| 36 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ |
|  | Deductions： |
| 37 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{29}$ |
| 38 | Cost of operations ${ }^{29}$ |
| 39 | Compensation of officers |
| 40 | Rent pald on business p |
| 41 | Repairs ${ }^{\text {a }}$－ |
| 42 | Bad debts． |
| 43 | Interest paid |
| 44 | Taxes paid 3 － |
| 45 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{3}$ |
| 46 | Depreciation |
| 47 | Depletion |
| 48 | ${ }^{\text {Amortization }}{ }^{33}$ ． |
| 49 | Net loss，sales other than capital |
| 50 | Other deductions ${ }^{34}$ |
| 51 | Total compiled deductions |
| 525354545 | Compiled net |
|  | Complea net |
|  | Net operating loss deductio |
|  | Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{\text {5 }}$ ． |
| 56575858 | Ineome tax ${ }^{6}$ |
|  | Declared value excess－profits tax |
|  | Excess profits tax ${ }^{8}$ ．－ |
| 59 | Total tax |
| 6162 | Compiled net profit less total tax（ 52 less 59 |
|  | Divid |
|  | Cash and assets other than |
|  | Corporation＇s own stock．． |

Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{51}$ corporation returns with bulance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating lnss deduction, income sub-
ercess-profits tax, cxcess profits tax, total tax, and compriled net profit less total tax; for returns
(except assets and liabilities)-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  | Returns, with bulance sheets, by major industrial groups ${ }^{10-}$ Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  | Public utilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Other manufacturing |  | Manufacturing not allocable |  | Total publie utilities |  | Transportation |  | Communication |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | No net income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | No net income | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | No net income | Net income | No net income | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { ineome. } \end{gathered}$ | No net inconse |  |
| ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{16} \ldots$ Number of subsidiaries | $\stackrel{\square}{4}$ | 15 | ${ }_{16}^{6}$ | 1 | $\begin{array}{r} 134 \\ 1,286 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ 305 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 84 \\ 6: 38 \end{array}$ | 19 75 | 6 40 | 10 | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ |
|  | Assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Notes and accounts rectivable (less reserve) | 3,587 | 614 1.025 | 5,647 6,179 | 1,401 | 426, 194 | 69, 567 | 4361,072 | 14,197 | 3,448 | 3, 3 , 6 | 4 |
| 5 | Inventorics..... | 1,795 | 1,016 | 17,009 | 188 | 280, 541 | 14, 102 | 195, 094 | 4,924 | 1,764 | 1,3:32 | 5 |
| 6 | Investments, Government obligations ${ }^{43}$ | $60 \times$ | 5.3 | 1,594 |  | 72,027 | 856 | 26, 612 | 754 | 148 |  | 6 |
| 7 | Other investments .-....----..-- | 156 | 401 | 2, 462 | 1,242 | 2. 404,025 | 674,003 | 1,106, 157 | 5,232 | 4,810 | 110 | 7 |
| 8 | Gross capital assets 41 (except land) | 2, 695 | 9, $2 \% 2$ | 44, 913 | 883 | 15,616.848 | 1,199,066 | 9, 928, 721 | 357,064 | 84, 185 | 71. 274 | 8 |
| 9 10 |  | 1,671 | 2, 414 | 14, 212 | 93.3 | 2, 276,231 | 174,905 | 1,480,637 | 46, 531 | 40, 100 | 30,305 | ${ }_{10}^{9}$ |
| 11 | Land.-....-- ${ }^{\text {Other }}$ | 221 121 | 110 1,095 | 1,587 1,472 | 12 140 | 71,677 582,481 | 45,581 | 52.429 383,505 | 11, ${ }^{213}$ | 19 3.603 | 456 | ${ }_{11}^{10}$ |
| 12 | Total assets ${ }^{46}$ | 8,365 | 11,125 | 66, 650 | 3.676 | 17,961,722 | 1, 993,479 | 11, 009, $54 \cdot 1$ | 355, 735 | 65,149 | 49,362 | 12 |
|  | Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Aecounts payable -...........-. Bonds, notrs, mortages payab | 54.3 | 489 | 1,923 | 641 | 446, 466 | 30,373 | 394,115 | 13, 260 | 1,698 | 3,052 | 13 |
| 14 | Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: <br> Maturity less than 1 year... | 99 | 355 | 2,991 | 397 | 166, 345 | 35,389 | 27,941 | 11,291 | 66 | 61 | 14 |
| 15 | Maturity 11 year or more--- | 1 | 2,932 | 15, 114 | 125 | 6, $769,58.3$ | 958, 787 | 4,371,523 | 209, 060 | 23, 175 | 10, 319 | 15 |
| 16 | Other liabilities ${ }^{17}$ - .-......- | 617 | 78 | 5,441 | 119 | 1,730, 350 | 263, 720 | 1, 409,417 | 156, 961 | 3, 278 | 61.9 | 16 |
| 17 | Capital stock, preferred | 2, 2F6 |  | 9,611 | 2,116 | 1, 410,966 | 57, 477 | 280,952 | 22, 794 | 1,337 | 2,718 | 17 |
| 18 | Cupital stock, common ${ }^{18}$ | 1. 260 | 7, 819 | 5,349 | 103 | 4, 437, 755 | 292, 299 | 2, 507, 148 | 78, 145 | 6,675 | 1. 153 | 18 |
| 19 20 | Surplus reserves-.-.-.-.-.--7 | 1,370 | 6. 100 | 1.706 |  | 469.875 | 156, 162 | 182, 220 | 3,271 | 5,026 | 7, 5.103 | 19 |
| ${ }_{21}^{20}$ | Surplus and undivided profits Less deficit 50 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,297 \\ 78 \end{array}$ | 6,789 7,438 | 24,515 | 186 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,067,310 \\ 536,928 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 437,420 \\ & 338,147 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,274,17 \\ 438,450 \end{array}$ | 11,237 152,284 | 23, 594 | 24,138 202 | 20 |
| 22 | Total liabilitics ${ }^{16}$ | 8,365 | 11,125 | 66,650 | 3,676 | 17,961,722 | 1,893,479 | 11,009,544 | 355, 735 | 65, 149 | 49,362 | 22 |


Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{51}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942 , by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except assets and liabilities)-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


Iaefurns with balance sheets，lyy major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$－Continued

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| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ² } \\ & \text { ¿. } \\ & \text { z. } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ | － |  | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2_{0}^{2} \\ & e^{-} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98 \\ & 0 \% \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \stackrel{2}{0} \\ & \stackrel{c}{0} \end{aligned}$ |
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Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{51}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net incone and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subwith no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except assets and liabilities)-Continued
Returns with balance sheets, by major industrial groups ${ }^{10}-$ Continucd



| 23 | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 24 | Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ |
|  | Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |
| 25 |  |
| 26 | Subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax. 20 |
| 27 | Subject to surtax only ${ }^{21}$ |
| 28 | Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{22}$ |
| 29 | Other interest. |
| 30 | Rents and royalties ${ }^{23}$ |
| 31 | Net capital gain ${ }^{24}$ |
| 32 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets |
| 33 | Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{26}$ |
| 34 | Dividends, foreign corporations |
| 35 | Other receipts ${ }^{28}$ |
| 36 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ |
|  | Deductions: |
| 37 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{29}$ |
| 38 | Cost of operations ${ }^{29}$ |
| 39 | Compensation of officers |
| 40 | Rent paid on business property |
| 41 | Repairs ${ }^{30}$ |
| 42 | Bad debts |
| 43 | Interest paid |
| 44 | Taxes paid ${ }^{31}$ |
| 45 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{32}$ |
| 46 | Depreciation. |
| 47 | Depletion |
| 48 | Annortization ${ }^{33}$ |
| 49 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets |
| 50 | Other deductions ${ }^{34}$ |
| 51 | Total compiled deductions. |
| 52 | Compiled net profit or net loss (36 less 51) |
| 53 | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}[52$ less $(27+28)]$ |
| 54 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{35}$ |
| 55 | lucome subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{5}$ |
| 56 | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ |
| 57 | Declared value excess-profits tax ${ }^{7}$ |
| 58 | Excess profits tax ${ }^{8}$ |
| 59 | Total tax |
| 60 | Compiled net nrofit less total tax (52 less 59) |
|  | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| 61 | Cash anu assets other than own stock ${ }^{9}$ |
| 62 | Corporation's own stock |

Table 4－A．－Consolidated ${ }^{51}$ corporation returns with balance sheets，1949，by major industrial groups，for returns with net income and returns with net loss，net income or deficit，and dividends paid by type of dividend；also，for returns with net income：Net operating loss deduction，income sub－
ject to excess profits tax，income tax，declared value excess－profits tax，excess profits tax，total tax，and compiled net profit less total tax；for returns with no balance sheets，in total only，the same items（except assets and liabilities）－Continued
［Money figures in thousands of dollars］
Returns with halance sheets，by major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$－Continued

| $\stackrel{ \pm}{\vdots}$ |  |  |  | $\infty \sim$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \tilde{0} 0 \\ 0 \\ \text { in } \\ \text { din } \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  <br>  | ¢ |
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|  |  |  | 范范 | 守덩ำ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 8 \\ \hline \\ \text { 俞 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ |  | \％ |
|  |  |  |  | －88 |  <br>  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c\|} \hline 8 \\ \hline \end{array}\right\|$ | a |  | ¢ O \％ |
|  |  |  | 完茄 | $\infty$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{7}{9}$ |  | 走 |
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|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { む̈ } \\ & \text { B. } \\ & \text { o. } \\ & \text { 亿. } \end{aligned}$ | ： | $\begin{array}{cc:c}1 & 1 & 1 \\ \\ & 1 & 1 \\ \\ & & \\ 1 & & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1\end{array}$ | ： |  | 1 $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ | ： |
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| $\begin{gathered} -\infty \\ \text { - } \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \\ \end{gathered}$ |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \\ 0.8 \\ 7 \\ 7 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  | 会 | $\infty_{n}^{\infty} \infty_{n}^{\infty}{ }_{n}^{N}$ | $\overbrace{7}^{9} 9$ | \％ | $\underset{-1}{20}$ |
| gig |  | － |  | 「 |  | 1 1 <br> 1 1 <br> $\vdots$ 1 <br> $\vdots$  <br> $\vdots$  <br> 1 1 <br> 1 1 | 1 $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ | 唇 |



| 23 | кeceipts： <br> Cross sales ${ }^{17}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 24 | Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{\text {is }}$ |
|  | Interest on Government obligations（less amortizable bond premium）： |
| 25 |  |
| 26 | Subject to declared value excess－profits tax and surtax ${ }^{20}$ |
| 27 | Subject to surtax only ${ }^{21}$ |
| 28 | Wholly tax－exempt ${ }^{22}$ |
| 29 | Other interest． |
| 30 | Rents and royalties ${ }^{23}$ |
| 31 | Net capital gain ${ }^{24}$－ |
| 32 | Net gain，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{25}$ |
| 33 | nividends，domestic corporations ${ }^{26}$ |
| 34 | Dividends，foreign corporations ${ }^{27}$ |
| 35 | Other receipts ${ }^{28}$ |
| 36 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ |
|  | Dednctions： |
| 37 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{29}$ |
| 38 | Cost of operations ${ }^{29}$ |
| 39 | Compensation of officers |
| 40 | Rent paid on business property |
| 41 | Kepairs ${ }^{30}$ |
| 42 | Bad debts． |
| 43 | Interest paid． |
| 44 | Taxes paid ${ }^{31}$ |
| 45 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{38}$ |
| 46 | 1）epreciation． |
| 47 | Depletion． |
| 48 | Amortization ${ }^{33}$ |
| 49 | Net loss，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{25}$ |
| 50 | Other deductions ${ }^{34}$ |
| 5 I | Total compiled deduetions |
| 52 | Compiled net profit or net loss（36 Jess 51） |
| 53 | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$［52 less（27＋28）］ |
| 54 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{35}$ |
| 55 | In．come subjeet to excess profits tax ${ }^{5}$ |
| 56 | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ |
| 57 | Declared value exeess－profits tax ${ }^{\text {？}}$ |
| 58 | Excess profits tax ${ }^{8}$ |
| 59 | Total tax |
| 60 | Compiled net profit less total tax（52 less 59） |
|  | Dividends paid：${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 61 | Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{9}$ ． |
| 62 | Corporation＇s own stock． |

Table 4-A.-Consolidatcd ${ }^{51}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942 , by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, nom
 with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except assets and liabilities)—Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]
Returns with balance sheets, by major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$-Continued


TABLE 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{51}$ corporation returns with balance shects, 1942 , by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns uith (except assets and liabilities)-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

Returns with balance sheets, by major industrial groups ${ }^{10}$ - Continued
Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property-Continued net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividcnd; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income sub-
ject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax; for returns


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|  | Receipis： |
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| 23 | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ |
| 24 | Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ |
|  | Interest on Government obligations（less amor－ tizable bond preminm）： |
| 25 | Wholly taxable ${ }^{19}$－．．． |
| 26 | Subject to declared value excess－profits tax and surtax．${ }^{20}$ |
| 27 | Subject to surtax only ${ }^{21}$－ |
| 28 | Wholly tax－exempt ${ }^{22}$ |
| 29 | Other interest |
| 30 | Rents and royalties ${ }^{23}$ |
| 31 | Net capital gain ${ }^{24}$ |
| 32 | Net gain，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{25}$ |
| 33 | Dividends，domestic corporations ${ }^{26}$－ |
| 34 | Dividends，foreign corporations ${ }^{27}$ ．． |
| 35 | Other receipts ${ }^{28}$ |
| 36 | Total compiled receipts 4 |
|  | Deductions： |
| 37 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{29}$ |
| 38 | Cost of operations ${ }^{29}$ |
| 39 | Compensation of officers |
| 40 | Rent paid on business property |
| 41 | Repairs ${ }^{30}$ |
| 42 | Bad debts |
| 43 | Interest paid |
| 44 | Taves paid ${ }^{31}$ |
| 45 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{32}$ |
| 46 | Depreciation．． |
| 47 | Depletion |
| 48 | Amortization ${ }^{33}$ |
| 49 | Net loss，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{25}$ |
| 50 |  |
| 51 | Total compiled deductions |
| 52 | Compil＇d net profit or net loss（ 36 less 51） |
| 53 | Net income or defieit ${ }^{3}$［52 less（ $27+28$ ）］ |
| 54 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{35}$ |
| 55 | Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{5}$ |
| 56 | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ |
| 57 | Deelared value excess－profits tax |
| 58 | Excess profits tax ${ }^{8}$－－－ |
| 59 | Total tax |
| 60 | Compiled net profit less total tax（52 less 59） |
|  | Dividends paid：${ }^{9}$ |
| 61 | Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{9}$ |
| 62 | Corporation＇s own stock |

Table 4－A．－Consolidated ${ }^{51}$ corporation returns with balance sheets，1942，by major industrial groups，for returns with net income and returns with no net income：${ }^{3}$ Number of returns，number of subsidiaries，assets and liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions，compiled net profit or net loss，net income or deficit，and dividends paid by type of dividend；also，for returns with net income：Net operating loss deduction，income sub－ ject to excess profits tax，income tax，declared value excess－profits tax，excess profits tax，total tax，and compiled net profit less total tax；for returns with no balance sheets，in total only，the same items（except assets and liabilities）－Continued

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[^24]Total assets ${ }^{46}$ ．
Accounts payable ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．
Maturity le＇ss than 1 year．
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Other liahilities ${ }^{47}$ ．．．．．．．．．．．． Capital stock，preferred ${ }^{\text {Capital stock，common }}$ Surplus reserves
Surplus and undivided profits

## Total liabilities ${ }^{46}$


Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{51}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subwith no balance shcets, in total only, the same items (except assets and liabilities)-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  |  |  | Returns | th balau | sheets, | y major i | ndustrial | groups ${ }^{10}$ | -Contin | ued |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | griculture | forestry, | and fish |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Const | ction | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total as } \\ & \text { forestr. } \\ & \text { ery } \end{aligned}$ | culture, and fish- | $\begin{gathered} \text { Agricult } \\ \text { serv } \end{gathered}$ | re and ces | For | stry | Fis | ery | ness 1 cable | ot allo- |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | No net income | Net income | No net income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | No net income | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | No net income | Net income | No net income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | Nonet income |
| 12 | Number of returns ${ }^{16}$ Number of subsidiaries ${ }^{52}$ | 21 44 | 6 13 | 5 38 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 38 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 3 5 |  |
| 3 | Assets: <br> Cash 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve). | 25, 213 | 3,353 | 16,643 | 3467 | 16,643 | 102 |  | 194 |  |  | 189 |  |
| 5 | Inventories...-.....-.-...--- | 3,943 | - 895 | 18, 007 | 532 | 18, 007 |  |  | 532 |  |  | 79 |  |
| 6 | Investments, Government obligations ${ }^{43}$ | 3, 660 | 252 | 23, 621 | 259 | 23, 621 |  |  | 259 |  |  |  |  |
| 7 |  | 16, 849 | 348 | 36,900 | 237 | 36,900 | 15 |  | 222 |  |  | 333 |  |
| 8 9 | Gross capital assets ${ }^{4}$ (exs reservest land) | 21,386 | 4,983 | 227, 636 | 1,523 | 227, 636 | 237 |  | 1,286 |  |  | 334 |  |
| 9 10 | Land Less reserves | 6, 240 | 3, 212 | 129, 813 | 432 | 129, 813 | 49 |  | 383 |  |  | 59 |  |
| 11 | Other assets ${ }^{4}$ | 1, 3,427 |  | 8,967 7,527 | 242 | 7, 7 | (15) ${ }^{208}$ |  | 79 |  |  | 14 |  |
| 12 | Total assets ${ }^{16}$ | 80,935 | 8,303 | 217, 621 | 3,233 | 217, 621 | 645 |  | 2,588 | ------- |  | 1,389 | -------- |
|  | Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Accounts payable. Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: | 5,178 | 496 | 2, 931 | 82 | 2,931 | 4 |  | 78 |  |  | 234 |  |
| 14 15 | Maturity less than 1 year.... | 6,355 | 356 | 225 |  | 225 |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |
| 15 16 | Maturity 1 year or more.. | 10, 848 | 1,223 | 312 |  | 312 |  |  |  |  |  | 359 |  |
| 16 17 | Other liabilities ${ }^{17}$-....... | 12, 258 | 3, 181 | 14, 384 | 51 | 14, 384 | 2 |  | 49 |  |  | 32 |  |
| 18 | Capital stock, common ${ }^{18}$ | 3,518 13,172 | 212 2,730 | 6,408 121,373 | 820 | 6,408 121,373 | 500 |  | 320 |  |  | $\stackrel{39}{ } 46$ |  |
| 19 | Surplus reserves. | 8, 231 |  | 39, 155 | 561 | -39, 155 |  |  | 561 |  |  | 14 |  |
| 20 | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{19}$ | 22,384 | 275 | 33, 310 | 1,954 | 33, 310 | 374 |  | 1,580 |  |  | 241 |  |
| 21 | Less deficit ${ }^{50}$ | 1,009 | 171 | 478 | 235 | 478 | 235 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | Total liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | 80,935 | 8,303 | 217, 621 | 3,233 | 217, 621 | 645 |  | 2,588 |  |  | 1,389 |  |




Table 5.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax

## PART I. ALL RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS

[Total assets classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]



|  <br>  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ \end{array}\right\|$ |  <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |
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Table 5.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]



TABLE 5.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: rumber of returns, assets and value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


| Receipts: | 7, 186, 425 | 1,787,836 | 757,191 | 869, 705 | 515, 549 | 476,991 | 782,003 | 202,551 | 301,667 | 103,446 | 1,389, 485 | 22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross receipts from operations 18 | 2, 444, 385 | $1,787,836$ 589,975 | 189,806 | 219,987 | 188, 256 | 198, 238 | 337, 371 | 117, 712 | 226, 147 | 112,468 | -264,425 | 23 |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholly taxable ${ }^{19}$--.------------- | 31, 042 | 729 | 153 | 271 | 270 | 751 | 4,733 | 3,214 | 8,301 | 2,374 | 10,247 | 24 |
| Subject to declared value excessprofits tax and surtax. ${ }^{20}$ | 25,518 | 42 | 49 | 112 | 251 | 703 | 4,778 | 2,601 | 6,130 | 1,140 | 9,711 | 25 |
| Subject to surtax only ${ }^{21}$. ...........- | 4,684 | 10 | 4 | 16 | 64 | 177 | 1,377 | 852 | 979 | 97 | 1,108 | 26 |
| Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{22}$ | 41,047 | 64 | 41 | 179 | 754 | 2, 123 | 11,262 | 4,828 | 8,215 | 2,508 | 11, 074 | 27 |
| Other interest | 243, 725 | 4,508 | 3, 860 | 5, 568 | 7,892 | 13,751 | 59, 446 | 25, 014 | 49,376 | 10,544 | 63,766 | 28 |
| Rents and royalties | 409, 113 | 75,544 | 57, 966 | 108, 212 | 24,542 | 21,586 | 41,567 | 16,344 | 29,865 | 18, 269 | 15, 218 | 29 |
| Net capital gain ${ }^{24}$. | 10, 036 | 968 | 526 | 1,058 | 897 | 932 | 1,859 | 1,421 | 1,603 | 372 | 400 | 30 |
| Net gain, sales other than capital assets. ${ }^{25}$ | 29, 229 | 5,708 | 3,404 | 5,336 | 5,069 | 3,017 | 3,730 | 1,505 | 759 | 685 | 15 | 31 |
| Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{26} \ldots$ | 30,554 | 369 | 423 | 941 | 1,486 | 1,819 | 5,885 | 2,563 | 6, 156 | 1,942 | 8,970 | 32 |
| Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{27}$ | 5,299 |  | 5 | 14 | 9 | 20 | 5 390 | 224 | 431 |  | 4,201 | 33 |
| Other receipts ${ }^{28}$ | 114,968 | 31, 731 | 13, 828 | 18,512 | 6,399 | 8,930 | 14,880 | 5,367 | 6,533 | 2,142 | 6,646 | 34 |
| Total compiled receipts | 10,576, 026 | 2, 497, 489 | 1,027, 255 | 1,229,910 | 751,437 | 729, 039 | 1,269, 283 | 384, 197 | 646, 163 | 255, 986 | 1,785, 266 | 35 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold | 5,972, 623 | 1,382, 627 | 605, 175 | 704,265 | 415,961 | 390, 596 | 648, 821 | 154,124 | 216, 727 | 88,992 | 1,365, 335 | 36 |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{29}$ | 1,195,691 | 344, 763 | 113, 182 | 135, 197 | 82, 042 | 99,897 | 100, 444 | 38,337 | 86,717 | 68, 917 | 126, 197 | 37 |
| Compensation of officers | 391, 901 | 173, 837 | 51, 730 | 50, 484 | 26, 186 | 19,538 | 32, 800 | 9,494 | 14, 863 | 2,773 | 10, 195 | 38 |
| Rent paid on business prop | 222, 254 | 95, 458 | 22,923 | 20, 2 : 7 | 10,846 | 9,650 | 18,702 | 5,626 | 17,621 | 10,574 | 10, 597 | 39 |
| Repairs ${ }^{30}$ | 112, 463 | 18, 752 | 10, 055 | 14,369 | 12,152 | 10, 814 | 21,541 | 5,845 | 7,838 | 4, 101 | 6,996 | 40 |
| Bad debts | 121, 010 | 14,687 | 7,611 | 10, 014 | 7.972 | 7,606 | 19, 566 | 11,656 | 23, 491 | 3, 059 | 15,348 | 41 |
| Interest paid | 432, 998 | 24, 285 | 20,881 | 39,210 | 30,831 | 33,480 | 83, 954 | 34,245 | 57, 756 | 33, 478 | 74,877 | 42 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{31}$ | 389, 443 | 55, 241 | 32,351 | 48,518 | 36,674 | 36, 907 | 68,577 | 24,469 | 38,615 | 18,645 | 29,446 | 43 |
| Contributions or gifts | 1,613 | 520 | 175 | 239 | 72 | 107 | 259 | 37 | 72 | 8 | 123 | 44 |
| Depreciatio | 341,589 | 48,819 | 28,906 | 43,827 | 33, 084 | 33,959 | 64,074 | 21,808 | 34,376 | 6,468 | 26,267 | 45 |
| Depletion | 39, 235 | 996 | 844 | 2,632 | 2,960 | 4,731 | 8,294 | 5,462 | 11,680 | 1,445 | 191 | 46 |
| Amortization ${ }^{33}$ | 3,256 | 181 | 127 | 205 | 379 | 441 | 1,197 | 169 | 69 | 252 | 238 | 47 |
| Net loss, sales other than capital assets. ${ }^{25}$ | 205, 054 | 27,497 | 8,495 | 14,144 | 15, 138 | 15,856 | 55,494 | 14,205 | 33, 523 | 5,965 | 14,739 | 48 |
| Other deductions | 1,940,504 | 469, 471 | 186, 176 | 228,927 | 139,891 | 130,553 | 276,146 | 170, 247 | 182, 805 | 27, 560 | 128,728 | 49 |
| Total compiled deductions | 11,369, 634 | 2,657, 134 | 1, 088, 633 | 1,312, 286 | 814, 188 | 794, 135 | 1,399, 869 | 495, 724 | 726, 153 | 272, 238 | 1,809, 275 | 50 |
| Compiled net loss ( 35 less 50) | 793, 609 | 159, 645 | 61,377 | 82,376 | 62, 751 | 65, 096 | 130,586 | 111, 527 | 79,990 | 16,251 | 24,009 | 51 |
| Deficit ${ }^{3}$ [51 less ( $26+27$ )] | 839, 341 | 159, 720 | 61, 423 | 82,570 | 63,568 | 67, 396 | 143,225 | 117, 207 | 89, 184 | 18,857 | 36, 191 | 52 |
| Dividends paid: ${ }^{9}$ <br> Cash and assets other tban own stock ${ }^{\circ}$ - | 88,404 | 5,517 | 2,314 | 3,590 | 4,030 | 4,683 | 18,060 | 6,401 | 16,448 | 1,380 | 25,982 | 53 |
| Corporation's own stock | 2,714 | 184 | 43 | 317 | 181 | 213 | 919 | 260 | 597 |  |  | 54 |

For footnotes, sec pp. 298-300.
Table 5-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{51}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax

## PART I. ALL CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS

[Total assets classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


 with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits lax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
PART II. CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NET INCOME ${ }^{3}$
[Total assets classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


| －18 | Nかgicncim | がいだ | $\cdots$ |  | 8 | 5 |  | ¢だか | 8 | 8 | －¢ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  <br>  <br>  か－${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c\|} \hline 0 \\ 6 \\ 9 \\ = \\ = \\ 10 \\ =1 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0 . \\ & 0 . \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N్రి } \\ & \text { N్ } \\ & \text { No } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| 끌 |  |  |  |  N～్N <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \underset{\sim}{6} \\ & \stackrel{5}{6} \end{aligned}$ | $\left. \right\rvert\,$ |  |  | N | ミ゙ | ～～～ <br> in |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & 78 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | かoty <br> ミ゙ゥ゚か | 8 0 0 5 5 -1 |  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { © } \\ & \text { Nे } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{N} \\ & \mathrm{~N} \\ & \mathrm{~N} \\ & \mathrm{i} \\ & \mathrm{n} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\stackrel{\infty}{\sim}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n్ర్ } \\ & \text { s } \\ & = \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EN } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { 尺 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 129 | $\infty \underset{\sim}{\infty}$ <br> ザロデー |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \underset{\sim}{\infty} \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \text { \& } \\ & \text { o } \\ & \text { ¢ } \end{aligned}$ | かにずす ๗๗లO 8ั8゙ペ |  | ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & = \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| ゼった |  |  | 긍 6 0 8 8 |  Nッox <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \stackrel{n}{2} \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 0 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ＋ | 5 | ल <br> $\infty$ |
| NN | N以品になずず |  | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\infty}{\infty} \\ & 0 \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  ペがベー～ジ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & \text { O } \\ & \text { In } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ |  | com | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ジ囚 } \\ & \text { si } \end{aligned}$ | ¢ | 8 |
| 59 | $\underbrace{\text { nimper }}$ |  |  |  ジデー | $\stackrel{19}{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 . \\ & 8 \\ & 10 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  | が尔 | 8 | ¢ | 骨 |
| 515 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{S}_{8}^{8} \\ & \mathbf{S}^{2} \end{aligned}$ |  $\infty$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | 管にぁか | －\％\％ | $8$ | \％ | $\overbrace{0}$ |
|  | $\underbrace{}_{\infty}-$ | 坔 | こ － |  | $\bar{\infty}$ | N－ | 윤윤¢ | N－9 | $\infty$ | 9 | 15 |
| ： |  | im | $\begin{aligned} & \tilde{c}_{0} \\ & \text { iv } \end{aligned}$ |  | U | ¢ | $\text { \& } 2$ | $\\|$al  <br>   <br>   <br>   <br>   <br>   | क | $\bigcirc$ | 23 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ho } \\ & N=0 \\ & 1=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  <br>  <br>  ごゥ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 0 . \\ & \stackrel{12}{8} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | － $\begin{aligned} & \text {－} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { ¢ } \\ & \text { ¢ }\end{aligned}$ |  |  | ¢ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20_{0}^{\infty} \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & L_{\infty}^{2} \\ & \hline \infty \end{aligned}$ |


[Total assets classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  | Total assets elasses ${ }^{16}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Under 50 | $\begin{gathered} 50 \text { under } \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | $100 \text { under }_{250}$ | $250 \text { under }$ | $\begin{aligned} & 500 \text { under } \\ & 1,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 5,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5,000 \\ \text { under } \\ 10,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { under } \end{aligned}$ $50,000$ | 50,000 under 100,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 100,000 \\ & \text { and over } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 2 | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{11}$. Number of subsidiaries ${ }^{52}$ $\qquad$ | 199 929 | 5 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | 19 29 | $\begin{aligned} & 23 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | 31 68 | $\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ 202 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 64 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 31 \\ 253 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 49 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 203 \end{array}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| 3 | Assets: <br> Cash ${ }^{4}$ | 474,576 | 6 | 59 | 232 | 606 | 1,529 | 6,903 |  | 47.482 |  |  | 3 |
| 4 | Notes and aceounts receivable (less reserve). | 547, 090 | 24 | 378 | 741 | 650 | 3,102 | 16,548 | 7,589 | 52, 420 | 7,610 | 458, 028 | 4 |
| 5 |  | 59,442 | 10 | 216 | 167 | 1,197 | 1,608 | 12,646 | 3,452 | 8,707 | 4,132 | 27, 306 | 5 |
| 6 | Investments, Government obligations. ${ }^{43}$ | 624, 865 |  |  | 84 | 120 | 490 | 4, 811 | 2,947 | 14, 892 | 5,668 | 595, 953 | 6 |
| 7 | Other investments | 1,552,606 | 2 | 38 | 335 | 1,030 |  | 13, 894 | 15, 361 | 101, 080 | 4,344 | 1,413,794 | 7 |
| 8 | Gross capital assets 44 (except land). | 1,693, 004 | 36 | 454 | 2, 019 | 7,464 | 17,652 | 73, 322 | 112,571 | 378, 158 | 320, 202 | 781, 128 | 8 |
| 9 | Less reserves. | 344,249 | 9 | 267 | 792 | 3,963 | 6,663 | 28,882 | 37,386 | 97,451 | 76,501 | 92, 331 | 9 |
| 10 11 | Other assets ${ }^{\text {L }}$ - | 114,188 84,144 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 59 \end{aligned}$ | 291 149 | 586 452 | 1,958 | 8,385 | 8,698 | 68,322 | 1,876 | 24, 047 | 10 |
| 12 | Total assets ${ }^{46}$ | 4, 805, 667 | 72 | 959 | 3,229 | 8,037 | 23,361 | 110, 888 | 128, 950 | 590, 393 | 286, 783 | 3,652,994 | 12 |
|  | Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Aecounts payable | 227, 560 | 54 | 350 | 1,107 | 997 | 1,570 | 10,210 | 5,314 | 44, 796 | 8,079 | 155, 083 | 13 |
| 14 | Maturity less than 1 year... | 59, 805 | 7 | 118 | 386 | 927 | 2,516 | 6, 642 | 21,357 | 4,865 | 1,473 | 21, 514 | 14 |
| 15 | Maturity 1 year or more.. | 1,542, 757 | 45 | 84 | 810 | 1,437 | 8,628 | 27, 440 | 54,589 | 194, 259 | 208, 313 | 1,047, 152 | 15 |
| 16 | Other liabilities ${ }^{17}$ | 1,611, 209 | 5 | 114 | 239 | 315 | 1,226 | 17,556 | 31,607 | 101,365 | 144, 049 | 1,314, 733 | 16 |
| 17 | Capital stoek, preferred | 100,056 |  | 61 | 58.3 | 937 | ${ }^{2} 205$ | 8,829 | 4,326 | 56,377 | 6.496 | -22,242 | 17 |
| 18 | Capital stock, common ${ }^{48}$ | 600, 319 | 66 | 331 | 398 | 2,900 | 5,852 | 37, 772 | 43,922 | 68,403 | 35,663 | 405, 007 | 18 |
| 19 | Surplus reserves.------ | 333, 932 |  | 2 | 38 | 537 | 814 | 3,348 | 1,835 | 31,391 | 3,406 | 292, 561 | 19 |
| 20 | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{49}$ | 791, 633 | 2 | 115 | 522 | 1,147 | 5, 938 | 24, 693 | 18, 318 | 176, 448 | 2,317 | 562, 133 | 20 |
| 21 | Less deficit ${ }^{50}$ | 461, 604 | 108 | 216 | 853 | 1,160 | 3,389 | 25, 603 | 52, 318 | 87, 509 | 123, 017 | 167, 431 | 21 |
| 22 | Total liabilities ${ }^{46}$. | 4,805,667 | 72 | 959 | 3,229 | 8, 037 | 23,361 | 110,888 | 128, 950 | 590, 393 | 286, 783 | 3,652,994 | 22 |


| ลิ． | ลค\％ |  | ¢゙ల゙セ | \％ |  | 8 | 5 | กิิ | 感 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N <br> คึ ค | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 108 \\ & \text { Nov } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} c \\ \underset{y}{c} \\ \underset{\sim}{c} \\ \underset{\sim}{c} \end{array}\right\|$ |  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \circ \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \\ & \text { Ni } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { o } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { on } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \pi \\ & 0 \\ & \infty \\ & 0_{1}^{\infty} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fi } \\ & \text { N0 } \\ & \text { nix } \end{aligned}$ | 上家 |  |  | $$ |  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ \text { io } \\ \text { in } \end{gathered}$ | 颜 | （8） | $\rightarrow$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { EO } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { NE } \end{aligned}$ | ลู | ज므웅우우N Nic | 붕윤 | 8 <br> 8 <br> 10 <br> -1 <br> -1 |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \text { 足 } \\ & \stackrel{N}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\vec{\infty}$ |
|  | ¢0 | NめN్N |  | $$ |  ヘ్రా | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ¢ | （4\％ | N |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { No } \\ & =1 \\ & \text { № } \end{aligned}$ | ¢ |  | $\stackrel{N}{6}^{r}$ |  |  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \hat{\infty} \\ & \text { on } \\ & \underset{y}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  | － | N |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sit } \\ & \text { ⿹ㅣㅇ } \\ & \text { Sin } \end{aligned}$ | ® | - + |  | ¢ 8 |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N్ } \\ & \text { Ni } \end{aligned}$ | － | Nom | ¢ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Noㅇ } \\ & \text { Sim } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  | - -8 : |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { © } \\ & \text { or } \\ & \text { of } \end{aligned}$ | ¢ | 8\％ | ¢ |
| ద్రి ~i~ |  | 领品に品 |  | $\begin{array}{l\|} \infty \\ \stackrel{\infty}{N} \\ \kappa^{-} \end{array}$ |  | $8$ | S ¢ ¢ ¢ | ぶ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { FOO } \\ & \text { Ti } \end{aligned}$ |  | imn | ：0 | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{o}^{2} \\ \text { Ni } \end{gathered}$ |  ：n ： $\cdots$ | 论 | ¢ |  | ： |
| $0_{0}^{\infty}$ |  | 処 | ： 1 | セ |  | 戸 | $\underset{\sim}{\square}$ | － |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 888 \\ & 8.8 \\ & \text { viN } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{O} \\ & \underset{N}{N} \\ & \underset{S}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  ఠが <br>  － | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \text { 8 } \\ & \text { H } \end{aligned}$ | 80 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 . \\ & \text { \%o } \\ & \text { OU } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{1}{7} \\ & \underset{\sim}{7} \end{aligned}$ |



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, ard come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{5 s}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets ${ }^{41}$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets serves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

ALL INDUSTRIAL GROUPS-


ALL INDUSTRIAL GROUPS-

| 1 | 89,367 | 118,243 | 249,280 | 177, 484 | 73,583 | 731,413 | 1, 422,418 | 594,488 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 17, 155 | 64, 665 | 167, 160 | 108, 111 | 84, 234 | 736, 908 | 1, 211,781 | 318,851 |
| 100 | 13, 836 | 105, 707 | 261, 183 | 148, 725 | 184, 420 | 1,375, 124 | 2, 154, 291 | 465, 061 |
| 250 | 5, 490 | 127, 596 | 241, 332 | 83, 828 | 290,627 | 1, 131, 847 | 1, 930, 033 | 324, 851 |
| 500 | 3,411 | 246, 100 | 306, 738 | 75, 263 | 504, 122 | 1,190, 116 | 2, 384, 671 | 287, 830 |
| 1,000 | 3, 646 | 1,090,058 | 1,024, 840 | 152,085 | 2, 436, 542 | 2, 722, 713 | 7,587, 493 | 569, 493 |
| 5,000 | 512 | 582,314 | 434, 808 | 62, 800 | 1,322, 743 | 1,078, 487 | 3,541, 789 | 202, 590 |
| 10,000 | 379 | 1,168,949 | 880, 389 | 47,399 | 3, 171, 486 | 1,679, 987 | 7,082, 828 | 356, 603 |
| 50,000 | 35 | 306, 334 | 233,381 | 56, 141 | 798,291 | 935, 616 | 2,503, 120 | 137, 633 |
| 100,000 | 35 | 1,515, 295 | 1,237, 774 | 68,497 | 4,491,971 | 1,357, 751 | 8,774,945 | 279, 679 |
| Total | 133, 866 | 5,325, 261 | 5,036, 885 | 985, 332 | 13,358, 018 | 12, 939, 961 | 38,593,372 | 3,537, 079 |

TOTAL MINING AND QUARRYING-

| 1. | 1,285 | 3, 831 | 5,098 | 704 | 1, 201 | 96,305 | 28,320 | 8,376 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 601 | 5, 345 | 7,953 | 1,327 | 2,962 | 24,576 | 43, 734 | 8, 942 |
| 100 | 785 | 15, 200 | 23, 373 | 4,401 | 8,934 | 69,020 | 126, 700 | 22, 693 |
| 250 | 435 | 16,004 | 21,388 | 6,000 | 15, 733 | 90,914 | 154,970 | 23, 960 |
| 500 | 350 | 24, 644 | 34, 912 | 8,473 | 26,814 | 141,018 | 242, 744 | 32,420 |
| 1,000 | 380 | 72, 474 | 76,671 | 35, 471 | 122,836 | 437, 933 | 774, 133 | 67, 660 |
| 5,000 | 73 | 47,524 | 41,320 | 28, 256 | 99, 801 | 272, 305 | 508, 123 | 48,800 |
| 10,000 | 72 | 118,927 | 101, 086 | 84, 068 | 289, 464 | 765, 786 | 1,376, 808 | 101, 761 |
| 50,000 | 6 | 38, 989 | 19, 763 | 34, 670 | 78,531 | 214, 920 | 391,239 | 9, 634 |
| 100,000 | 5 | 140, 181 | 63, 041 | 100,679 | 242, 385 | 760, 135 | 1,372,842 | 36,679 |
| Total | 3,992 | 483, 119 | 394, 636 | 304, 049 | 888, 662 | 2, 792,912 | 5, 019,613 | 360, 924 |

TOTAL MINING AND QUARRYING-

| 1. | 1,842 | 1,992 | 4,389 | 870 | 1,477 | 22,892 | 33,634 | 20,923 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 584 | 1,920 | 4,707 | 1,221 | 2, 064 | 29,171 | 41,854 | 16,507 |
| 100 | 562 | 4,573 | 9,810 | 2,576 | 5, 856 | 60, 359 | 88, 763 | 26, 570 |
| 250 | 270 | 3, 662 | 8,114 | 2, 468 | 7, 869 | 68,973 | 95, 112 | 21, 230 |
| 500. | 178 | 4,904 | 11, 744 | 3, 585 | 9, 551 | 88,958 | 123, 447 | 37, 447 |
| 1,000 | 155 | 11,787 | 22,896 | 9,962 | 36,747 | 235, 544 | 327, 426 | 42, 598 |
| 5,000 | 18 | 2,682 | 7,947 | 3,586 | 9,366 | 104, 078 | 133, 040 | 16, 4¢3 |
| 10,000 | 17 | 9, 5S7 | 14,535 | 13, 484 | 70, 891 | 174, 008 | 289, 500 | 73, 854 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 2,516 | 6,263 | 1,563 | 6,703 | 47, 759 | 68, 165 | 1,833 |
| Total. | 3,627 | 43, 624 | 90,405 | 39,316 | 150, 524 | 831, 742 | 1,200, 942 | 257, 424 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
y major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Bonds } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { mortgages } \\ \text { payable } 56 \end{gathered}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{1 /}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 257, 990 | 1,192, 251 | 87,927 | 6,761, 228 | 6, 963, 468 | 291,492 | 291, 320 | 82, 410 | 44,470 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 399, 067 | 1, 208, 611 | 505, 780 | 6,547, 353 | 6, 744, 367 | 331, 615 | 331, 443 | 123, 126 | 49.156 |
| 1,028, 781 | 2, 547, 282 | 1,436, 941 | 13, 161, 930 | 13, 577, 655 | 811,467 | 810, 707 | 366, 536 | 126, 882 |
| 971, 733 | 2, 498, 123 | 1, 816, 425 | 12,601, 962 | 12, 895, 677 | 956, 185 | 953, 907 | 500, 252 | 153,840 |
| 987, 423 | 2, 928, 984 | 2,369, 921 | 13, 710, 715 | 14, 056, 233 | 1, 249, 700 | 1, 243,914 | 702,112 | 203, 807 |
| 2, 432, 754 | 7,990, 433 | 8, 046, 290 | 32, 883, 623 | 33, 868, 681 | 3, 720, 903 | 3, 693, 067 | 2, 121, 413 | 657, 326 |
| 1,249, 278 | 3,869, 116 | 4,446, 895 | 13, 738, 558 | 14, 168, 213 | 1, 877, 374 | 1, 864,364 | 1,071, 989 | 349, 531 |
| 3, 840, 111 | 9, 985, 086 | 10,827, 512 | 31, 044,497 | 32, 034, 564 | 4, 552, 485 | 4, 520, 776 | 2, 581,435 | 958, 250 |
| 3, 110, 692 | 5, 402, 543 | 4,305, 968 | 12,918,956 | 13, 409, 050 | 1, 776, 401 | 1, 75S, 114 | 952, 406 | 475,212 |
| 21, 660, 461 | 34, 653, 542 | 25, 063, 696 | 51,951, 544 | 55, 483, 044 | 8, 505, 585 | 8,317,540 | 3, 620,824 | 2, 404, 934 |
| 35, 938, 291 | 72, 275,970 | 58, 907, 354 | 195, 350, 365 | 203, 200, 952 | 24, 073, 206 | 23, 785, 152 | 12,138, 227 | 5, 423, 409 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 409,605 | $1,135,480$ | 60 886, 724 | 2,377, 811 | 2, 497, 499 | ${ }^{39} 159,645$ | ${ }^{39} 159,720$ | 5,517 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 409,688 | 635, 753 | ${ }^{60} 261,207$ | -946,997 | 1, 027, 255 | 3961,377 | ${ }^{39} 61,423$ | 2,314 |
| 835, 138 | 945, 619 | ${ }^{60} 287,395$ | 1,089,692 | 1,229,910 | 89 82, 376 | ${ }^{39} 82,570$ | 3,590 |
| 722, 218 | 769, 711 | ${ }^{60} 193,055$ | 703, 805 | 751,437 | ${ }^{39} 62,751$ | ${ }^{39} 63,568$ | 4,030 |
| 729,831 | 769, 694 | ${ }^{60} 69,280$ | 675, 229 | 759, 039 | ${ }^{39} 65,096$ | ${ }^{39} 67,396$ | 4,633 |
| 1, 828, 343 | 1,783, 811 | ${ }^{60} 31,095$ | 1,119,375 | 1, 269, 283 | ${ }^{39} 130,586$ | ${ }^{39} 143,225$ | 18, 060 |
| 645,762 | 697,018 | 32,316 | 320, 263 | 384, 197 | ${ }^{39} 111,527$ | ${ }^{39} 117,207$ | 6, 401 |
| 1,291, 920 | 1,078, 613 | 271,695 | 527, 814 | 646, 163 | 3979,990 | ${ }^{39} 89,184$ | 16,448 |
| 1,784,759 | 430, 104 | ${ }^{60} 164,717$ | -215,913 | 255,986 | ${ }^{39} 16,251$ | ${ }^{39} 18,857$ | 1,380 |
| 1,444, 280 | 779, 255 | 1,010,574 | 1,653,910 | 1,785, 266 | ${ }^{39} 24,009$ | ${ }^{39} 36,191$ | 25, 982 |
| 9, 101, 544 | 9,025,057 | ${ }^{60} 578,887$ | 9,630,810 | 10,576,026 | 39 793, 609 | ${ }^{39} 839,341$ | 88,404 |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2,233 | 33,333 | 6019,754 | 54,310 | 56,314 | 4,409 | 4,408 | 1,064 | 2,474 |
| 4,253 | 27,527 | 601,095 | 68,473 | 70,666 | 5,465 | 5,462 | 1,741 | 2,147 |
| 10,352 | 71,775 | 8,696 | 181,976 | 186,604 | 15,625 | 15,619 | 5,947 | 4,877 |
| 12,975 | 73,641 | 30,350 | 186,266 | 190,699 | 18,571 | 18,550 | 8,302 | 6,277 |
| 20,265 | 105,498 | 64,802 | 245,246 | 252,225 | 25,405 | 25,338 | 11,433 | 12,376 |
| 56,099 | 303,657 | 281,740 | 590,616 | 609,947 | 73,446 | 73,332 | 34,345 | 32,769 |
| 57,167 | 182,838 | 189,187 | 345,925 | 359,916 | 39,511 | 39,407 | 16,389 | 16,417 |
| 130,244 | 541,343 | 528,349 | 732,098 | 760,523 | 92,016 | 91,919 | 34,109 | 57,120 |
| 48,759 | 134,239 | 176,689 | 195,703 | 204,026 | 10,469 | 40,464 | 19,571 | 26,498 |
| 36,973 | 666,502 | 530,932 | 687,350 | 711,490 | 126,377 | 126,141 | 62,600 | 95,258 |
| 379,320 | $2,140,354$ | $1,789,596$ | $3,287,963$ | $3,402,410$ | 441,292 | 440,641 | 195,499 | 256,213 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 7,498 | 51, 749 | 60 52, 923 | 40,938 | 42,227 | ${ }^{39} 7,469$ | 39 7, 469 | 136 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8, 108 | 35, 860 | 6025,022 | 34,323 | 35, 530 | ${ }^{39} 4,416$ | ${ }^{39} 4,417$ | 264 |
| 14,967 | 66, 176 | 60 27, 293 | 51,846 | 53, 804 | ${ }^{39} 6,963$ | ${ }^{89} 6,965$ | 397 |
| 14, 831 | 60,680 | ${ }^{60} 8,420$ | 45,583 | 47,361 | ${ }^{39} 4,998$ | ${ }^{39} 5,003$ | 476 |
| 20,614 | 60,945 | ${ }^{60} 10,021$ | 58,506 | 60,458 | ${ }^{39} 6,581$ | -99,590 | 613 |
| 58, 707 | 171, 725 | 29, 805 | 111, 863 | 116, 618 | -9 7, 947 | ${ }^{33} 8,066$ | 1,651 |
| 25, 463 | 93, 319 | ${ }^{60} 17,606$ | 37, 792 | 39,524 | ${ }^{39} 1,596$ | ${ }^{39} 1,603$ | 276 |
| 38, 871 | 89, 161 | 83, 506 | 98, 246 | 100, 688 | 39 8, 377 | 39 8, 516 | 3, 764 |
| 51, 103 | 8,000 | ${ }^{60} 9,019$ | 43,388 | 46, 464 | 39737 | ${ }^{39} 747$ | 1 |
| 240, 162 | 637,614 | 6036,993 | 522,486 | 542, 673 | ${ }^{39} 49,084$ | ${ }^{33} 49,375$ | 7,577 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, anc come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compilec than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and monej

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets } \\ & \text { classes }{ }^{53} \end{aligned}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets 41 | Cash ${ }^{12}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets (less re- serves) |  | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MINING AND QUARRYING: METAL MINING-

|  | 42 | 215 | 172 | 32 | 70 | 445 | 1,002 | 1,086 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0. | 19 | 274 | 152 | 67 | 11 | 726 | 1,323 | 167 |
| 00 | 41 | 1,425 | 646 | 280 | 472 | 3, 729 | 6, 700 | 743 |
| 50 | 37 | 2,061 | 974 | 549 | 958 | 8,409 | 13,325 | 1,220 |
| 500 | 41 | 4,379 | 4,219 | 1,547 | 3,008 | 14,282 | 28,673 | 4,966 |
| 1,000 | 57 | 14,073 | 8, 394 | 8,307 | 19, 762 | 76,515 | 132, 862 | 11,486 |
| 5,000 | 16 | 12,385 | 12,723 | 11,800 | 30, 169 | 42, 739 | 114,999 | 10, 374 |
| 10,060 | 22 | 47,975 | 23, 722 | 44,668 | 74,791 | 241, 312 | 437,535 | 54, 738 |
| 50,000 | 3 | 20,792 | 14,541 | 13,781 | 56,977 | 91,614 | 199, 255 | 6,968 |
| 100,000 | 3 | 128,495 | 52,099 | 91,812 | 214, 203 | 555, 015 | 1,104, 821 | 32, 262 |
| Total. | 281 | 232, 074 | 117,641 | 172,843 | 400, 420 | 1,034, 786 | 2,040,495 | 124, 012 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: METAL MINING-

| 1. | 202 | 196 | 410 | 34 | 77 | 2,880 | 3,904 | 2,373 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 111 | 266 | 359 | 146 | 430 | 5, 967 | 8, 044 | 1,717 |
| 100 | 130 | 592 | 802 | 397 | 1,129 | 15, 167 | 20, 014 | 3,585 |
| 250 | 70 | 881 | 856 | 452 | 2,493 | 19, 869 | 25,517 | 3,308 |
| 500 | 58 | 970 | 2,479 | 917 | 3, 670 | 30, 814 | 40,391 | 8, 164 |
| 1,000 | 59 | 1,749 | 5, 922 | 3,245 | 10, 224 | 103, 145 | 126, 569 | 7, 359 |
| 5,000 | 4 | 196 | 5,918 | 1,342 |  | 17, 256 | 25, 676 | 2,255 |
| 10,000. | 3 | 236 | 388 | 180 | 8,923 | 28,079 | 42. 147 | 2,040 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 637 | 5,087 | 17, 135 | 6,713 | 27, 495 | 223, 176 | 292, 261 | 30, 801 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: ANTIIRACITI

| 1 | 20 | 54 | 56 | 44 | 14 | 240 | 418 | 159 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 9 | 108 | 126 | 51 | 9 | 358 | 670 | 164 |
| 100 | 20 | 504 | 1,016 | 122 | 61 | 1,760 | 3,650 | 1,231 |
| 250 | 10 | 698 | 949 | 150 | 682 | 1,206 | 3, 800 | 915 |
| 500 | 8 | 461 | 1,296 | 430 | 866 | 3, 032 | 6, 233 | 2, 356 |
| 1,000 | 6 | 1,573 | 1,454 | 669 | 1,204 | 3,751 | 8, 875 | 1,660 |
| 5,000 | 1 | 1,735 | 737 | 293 | 1,338 | 2,166 | 6, 410 | 990 |
| 10,000 | 2 | 4,837 | 5,260 | 1,877 | 4,986 | 26. 690 | 44, 182 | 2, 113 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 4,627 | 2,499 | 1,732 | 4,474 | 58, 819 | 73, 375 | 2, 326 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 7,332 | 3,997 | 1,699 | 21, 392 | 99, 192 | 136, 583 | 1,786 |
| Total | 78 | 21,930 | 17,389 | 7,067 | 35,027 | 197.214 | 284, 197 | 13,699 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: ANTHRACIT1


For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by maior industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{50}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits }{ }^{58} \\ & \text { (less } \\ & \text { deficit) } \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{13}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { tax } 59 \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 68 | 3,756 | 604,026 | 2,212 | 2,470 | 212 | 212 | 38 | 107 |
| 174 | 1,753 | 601,070 | 2,877 | 3,101 | 370 | 370 | 128 | 173 |
| 724 | 5,157 | 60929 | 9,720 | 9,945 | 1,286 | 1,286 | 464 | 579 |
| 1,066 | 8,271 | 1,476 | 12,877 | 13,264 | 1,633 | 1,633 | 649 | 891 |
| 1,322 | 11,106 | 9,180 | 23,645 | 29,989 | 4,047 | 4,030 | 1,454 | 2,983 |
| 4,227 | 58,731 | 48,754 | 78,752 | 79,910 | 11,454 | 11,434 | 4,933 | 8,140 |
| 391 | 34,693 | 61,211 | 88,465 | 90,424 | 11,502 | 11,474 | 4,913 | 8,115 |
| 7,763 | 146,645 | 191,541 | 244,733 | 252,233 | 47,910 | 47,875 | 16,066 | 32,994 |
| 9,082 | 39,494 | 125,208 | 129,558 | 133,242 | 28,815 | 28,811 | 14,062 | 14,899 |
| $-\cdots \cdots \cdots$ | 540,083 | 440,928 | 587,603 | 608,659 | 118,351 | 118,140 | 59,465 | 91,757 |
| 24,819 | 849,695 | 872,273 | $1,185,441$ | $1,223,236$ | 225,610 | 225,265 | 102,171 | 160,637 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## MINING-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 4 | 204 | 6074 | 3,447 | 3,464 | 41 | 41 | 6 | 12 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 62 | 100 | 215 | 3,516 | 3,534 | 95 | 95 | 23 | 17 |
| 322 | 517 | 943 | 16,789 | 16,957 | 530 | 530 | 233 | 89 |
| 314 | 1,639 | 60487 | 18,335 | 18,396 | 463 | 463 | 223 | 107 |
| 423 | 1,496 | 1,061 | 18,625 | 18,731 | 34 | 601 | 601 | 273 |
| 1,215 | 1,211 | 2,206 | 19,256 | 20,049 | 1,343 | 1,342 | 713 | 335 |
| 13,872 | 5,890 | 60979 | 11,694 | 11,823 | 721 | 721 | 276 | 200 |
| 31,158 | 23,017 | 1,125 | 36,768 | 38,776 | 610 | 609 | 217 | 3 |
| 28,629 | 51,416 | 4,642 | 32,612 | 36,811 | 1,602 | 1,601 | 443 | 2,243 |
| 76,000 | 117,647 | 57,230 | 211,209 | 219,492 | 10,590 | 10,580 | 4,205 | 6,620 |
|  |  |  | 50,166 | 50,951 | 4,584 | 4,577 | 1,798 | 3,501 |

## MINING-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compriled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with bilance sheets ${ }^{41}$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MINING AND QUARRYING: BITUMINOUS COAL,

| 1. | 194 | 730 | 1,267 | 104 | 140 | 2,008 | 4,421 | 2,166 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 115 | 1,328 | 2, 438 | 267 | 442 | 3, 874 | 8,651 | 2,791 |
| 100 | 173 | 3,497 | 6,974 | 1,311 | 1,440 | 14,029 | 28, 420 | 6, 705 |
| 250 | 95 | 3,471 | 7,313 | 1,791 | 3,998 | 17,626 | 34, 896 | 6,966 |
| 500. | 105 | 7,079 | 11,891 | 2,923 | 8, 595 | 40,291 | 72, 655 | 9, 792 |
| 1,000 | 117 | 17,060 | 28, 262 | 8,966 | 43, 567 | 124,909 | 229,650 | 22,678 |
| 5,000 | 26 | 13, 084 | 13, 263 | 7,118 | 31,791 | 107, 743 | 181,288 | 12, 482 |
| 10,000 | 23 | 26, 964 | 45,959 | 14,809 | 95,787 | 260,493 | 449,688 | 22, 074 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 4,353 | 6,946 | 7,167 | 6, 790 | 105, 927 | 131,438 | 2,630 |
| Total | 849 | 77,567 | 124,313 | 44, 457 | 192,550 | 676, 890 | 1, 141, 107 | 88, 284 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: BITUMINOUS COAL, LIGNITE,

| 1. | 353 | 445 | 1,186 | 210 | 165 | 4,133 | 6,513 | 6,607 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 85 | 385 | 1,195 | 329 | 158 | 3, 571 | 5,881 | 3,542 |
| 100 | 84 | 848 | 2,431 | 565 | 829 | 8,588 | 13, 790 | 4,404 |
| 250 | 33 | 280 | 1,531 | 314 | 369 | 8,553 | 11,337 | 3, 751 |
| 500. | 23 | 826 | 1,771 | 525 | 905 | 11,525 | 15,955 | 5,503 |
| 1,000 | 25 | 2,051 | 4,087 | 1,918 | 4,015 | 41,475 | 55, 777 | 10,719 |
| 5,000 | 4 | 625 | 447 | 704 | 963 | 25, 633 | 30, 589 | 6, 699 |
| 10,000 | 6 | 2,527 | 3,390 | 1,769 | 17,473 | 57, 200 | 83,372 | 14,334 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 513 | 7,986 | 16,038 | 6,336 | 24,877 | 160,678 | 223,216 | 55, 560 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: CRUDE PETROLEUM AND

| 1 | 778 | 1,784 | - 2,349 | 236 | 729 | 10,178 | 15,995 | 3,546 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 278 | 1,566 | 2,796 | 262 | 1,829 | 12,821 | 20, 085 | 3,541 |
| 100 | 331 | 4,445 | 7,446 | 962 | 4,208 | 31,960 | 52,171 | 8, 011 |
| 250 | 201 | 6, 290 | 7,371 | 1,683 | 7,042 | 46,311 | 71, 320 | 10,891 |
| 500 | 139 | 7,601 | 11, 940 | 1,692 | 9,725 | 63,509 | 96, 930 | 11, 714 |
| 1,000 | 120 | 26, 147 | 23, 782 | 7,148 | 37,246 | 146, 328 | 248, 830 | 19, 214 |
| 5,000 | 25 | 16,568 | 11,918 | 8,212 | 2S, 063 | 106, 732 | 176,473 | 17, 264 |
| 10,000 | 21 | 33, 062 | 21, 901 | 12,326 | 100,903 | 202, 513 | 374, 962 | 21, 773 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 4,783 | 849 | 1, 422 | 6,847 | 39, 116 | 53, 422 | 191 |
| Total | 1,894 | 102, 246 | 90,352 | 33, 943 | - 196,596 | 659,468 | 1, 110, 189 | 96, 144 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: CRUDE PETROLEUM AND

| 1. | 911 | 872 | 1,900 | 243 | 1, 042 | 11,661 | 16,674 | 8,618 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 268 | 851 | 2,169 | 288 | 1,115 | 13, 670 | 19, 184 | 8,060 |
| 100 | 254 | 2, 276 | 5,107 | 825 | 2,823 | 27,080 | 40, 333 | 9, 867 |
| 250 | 121 | 1,488 | 4, 208 | 728 | 4,263 | 29, 663 | 42, 456 | 10, 780 |
| 500 | 78 | 2, 158 | 5, 938 | 1,541 | 3, 524 | 39,778 | 55, 311 | 21, 488 |
| 1,000 | 55 | 6,683 | 10,358 | 2,936 | 16, 739 | 72,143 | 114,517 | 21, 125 |
| 5,000 | 8 | 6.925 | 1,136 | 870 | 5,661 | 53, 473 | 63, 106 | 2, 756 |
| 10,000 | 8 | 6,824 | 10,757 | 11,534 | 44,495 | 88, 728 | 163,981 | 57, 480 |
| 'T'otal | 1,703 | 22,077 | 41,574 | 18,965 | 79,663 | 336, 195 | 515, 561 | 140, 174 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other

## figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Lignite, peat, etc.-RETURNS WITH NET income

| 222 | 2,008 | 60661 | 23,359 | 23,789 | 678 | 678 | 152 | 87 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,187 | 4,250 | 60978 | 30,510 | 31, 099 | 1,077 | 1,076 | 375 | 183 |
| 2, 167 | 12, 770 | 2,434 | 72,938 | 74, 416 | 3,730 | 3,729 | 1,414 | 811 |
| 2,311 | 13, 781 | 8,615 | 80,249 | 81, 575 | 5,159 | 5,157 | 2,520 | 1,595 |
| 5,597 | 33, 838 | 15,336 | 116, 784 | 119, 115 | 8, 419 | 8,388 | 4, 168 | 4, 019 |
| 18,706 | 92, 006 | 75, 552 | 262, 796 | 270, 584 | 20,144 | 20,106 | 9,397 | 5, 849 |
| 23, 807 | 75, 596 | 58, 863 | 138, 148 | 144, 173 | 11, 539 | 11,516 | 4,336 | 3, 715 |
| 39, 052 | 191, 299 | 181,848 | 308,547 | 317,629 | 21,867 | 21,855 | 9,667 | 7,173 |
| 8,344 | 75, 003 | 42,426 | 49,580 | 51,880 | 3,441 | 3,423 | 1,337 |  |
| 101,392 | 500, 551 | 383, 437 | 1,082,911 | 1,114, 260 | 76,054 | 75,928 | 33, 364 | 23,432 |

PEAT, ETC.-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { assets } \\ \text { classes }{ }^{53} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets } 4 \end{gathered}$ | Cash ${ }^{13}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets" (less re- serves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{40}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MINING AND QUARRYING: NONMETALLIC MINING AND

|  | 245 | 1,025 | 1,214 | 276 | 248 | 3,383 | 6,353 | 1,373 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 177 | 2,047 | 2,356 | 680 | 617 | 6,742 | 12, 780 | 2,275 |
| 100 | 216 | 5,306 | 7,078 | 1,694 | 2,743 | 17, 102 | 35, 043 | 5,935 |
| 250 | 90 | 3,128 | 4,602 | 1,731 | 3,010 | 17, 261 | 30, 850 | 3,868 |
| 500 | 55 | 4,973 | 5,406 | 1,459 | 4,501 | 19,468 | 36,908 | 3,341 |
| 1.000 | 79 | 13,434 | 14,639 | 10,234 | 20,547 | 85, 782 | 152,265 | 12. 557 |
| 5,000 | 5 | 3,752 | 2,679 | 10, 833 | 8,439 | 12,926 | 28,954 | 7,689 |
| 10,000 | 4 | 6,090 | 4,244 | 10,3SS | 12,991 | 34, 779 | 70, 441 | 1,062 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 8,787 | 1,875 | 17,736 | 10,234 | 25,372 | 65,186 | 149 |
| Total | 872 | 48, 542 | 44,093 | 45, 051 | 63,331 | 222, 814 | 438, 750 | 38,249 |

MINLNG AND QUARRYING: NONMETALLIC MINING AND

| 1. | 312 | 421 | 754 | 367 | 156 | 3,444 | 5,426 | 2,762 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 96 | 373 | 730 | 435 | 227 | 4,762 | 6,952 | 2, 532 |
| 100 | 66 | 723 | 1,071 | 707 | 686 | 6,666 | 10,350 | 7,393 |
| 250 | 31 | 719 | 1,077 | 872 | 493 | 6,750 | 10,469 | 1,482 |
| 500 | 10 | 600 | 351 | 295 | 937 | 3,537 | 5, 825 | , 367 |
| 1,000 | 11 | 1,038 | 1,740 | 1,629 | 4,591 | 13,282 | 22,519 | 1,919 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 526 | 3, 873 | 5,722 | 4,306 | 7,090 | 38,442 | 61, 541 | 16,455 |

MINING AND QUARRYING NOT ALLOCABLE-

| 1. | 6 | 24 | 40 | 12 |  | 52 | 130 | 47 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 3 | 22 | 85 | 1 | 54 | 55 | 225 | 5 |
| 100 | 4 | 22 | 213 | 32 | 9 | 441 | 717 | 67 |
| 250 | 2 | 356 | 179 | 95 | 43 | 101 | 778 | 101 |
| 500 | 2 | 151 | 191 | 421 | 120 | 446 | 1,344 | 252 |
| 1,000 ........ | 1 | 187 | 141 | 97 | 510 | 647 | 1,650 | 66 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000-...---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 18 | 761 | 849 | 657 | 737 | 1,741 | 4,845 | 537 |

MINING AND QUARRYING NOT ALLOCABLE-

| 1. | 43 | 30 | 79 | 4 | 22 | 525 | 739 | 285 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 15 | 31 | 15 |  | 133 | 870 | 1,139 | 206 |
| 100 | 19 | 103 | 59 | 27 | 386 | 1,895 | 2,828 | 331 |
| 250. | 11 | 118 | 113 | 37 | 102 | 3,433 | 3, 852 | 903 |
| 500 | 4 | 44 | 349 | 23 | 374 | 1,748 | 2,680 | 431 |
| 1,000. | 1 | ( ${ }^{15}$ ) | (15) | 11 |  | 1,340 | 1,352 |  |
| 5,000. | 1 | 79 | 46 | 517 | 2 | 4,109 | 5,105 | 4,656 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 94 | 406 | 662 | 620 | 1,020 | 13,920 | 17,695 | 6,812 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1,020 | 13, 920 | 17,695 | 6,812 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
y major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net inret profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { tax } 59 \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

₹UARRYING-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 506 | 3, 834 | ${ }^{60} 73$ | 12,237 | 12,496 | 923 | 923 | 252 | 209 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 908 | 6, 160 | 2,350 | 19, 871 | 20, 402 | 1,930 | 1,929 | 681 | 306 |
| 2,497 | 15, 743 | 7,945 | 49,955 | 50, 779 | 5, 674 | 5,670 | 2, 529 | 895 |
| 2,616 | 13,032 | 8, 058 | 37, 567 | 38, 145 | 5, 237 | 5,234 | 2,886 | 682 |
| 3, 822 | 14, 244 | 12,473 | 39, 619 | 40, 447 | 5,659 | 5,643 | 3,014 | 1,178 |
| 10, 442 | 65, 061 | 51, 919 | 114, 771 | 117, 701 | 19,157 | 19,132 | 10,647 | 5,178 |
| 2, 886 | 8,745 | 7,003 | 22,389 | 22,977 | 5,286 | 5, 284 | 2,701 | 689 |
| 12, 704 | 27, 278 | 24,937 | 32,728 | 33, 479 | 5,250 | 5,250 | 2,633 | 2, 632 |
|  | 26, 175 | 38,347 | 25, 728 | 26,105 | 8,936 | 8,936 | 4,598 | 8,640 |
| 36,381 | 180, 271 | 152,959 | 354,867 | 362, 529 | 58, 051 | 58, 001 | 29,940 | 20,409 |

¿UARRYING-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 1 | 40 | 21 | 453 | 456 | 32 | 32 | 8 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 101 | 110 | 257 | 264 | 47 | . 47 | 24 | 45 |
| 20 | 306 | 313 | 426 | 428 | 16 | 16 | 4 | 12 |
| 15 | 352 | 244 | 321 | 385 | 58 | 58 | 30 | 1 |
| 329 | 405 | 287 | 1,423 | 1,444 | 82 | 82 | 31 |  |
|  | 100 | 657 | 1,897 | 1,900 |  |  | 414 | 200 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ---- |
| 366 | 1,304 | - 1,632 | 4,777 | 4,877 | 963 | 963 | 511 | 258 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets ant liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets } \\ & \text { classes }{ }^{53} \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets }{ }^{41} \end{array}\right\|$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TOTAL MANUFACTURING-

| 1. | 18,277 | 66,850 | 107, 733 | 92,971 | 12,770 | 128,788 | 425, 922 | 111, 429 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 9,238 | 94,394 | 159, 193 | 161, 585 | 28,366 | 202, 573 | 669, 099 | 149, 353 |
| 100 | 11,407 | 251, 223 | 398, 104 | 461, 584 | 109,552 | 554, 107 | 1,839, 407 | 352, 842 |
| 250 | 6.681 | 300,990 | 475, 979 | 608, 953 | 188, 244 | 706, 689 | 2, 360, 476 | 400, 440 |
| 500 | 4,666 | 403, 623 | 637, 301 | 870, 072 | 313, 531 | 943, 703 | 3, 279, 544 | 514,035 |
| 1,000 | 5,228 | 1,274, 071 | 2,012,952 | 2, 795, 406 | 1, 335, 712 | 3, 226, 073 | 10,999, 583 | 1,525,524 |
| 5,000 | 861 | 728, 421 | 1, 057, 265 | 1, 455, 635 | 863, 239 | 1, 783, 408 | 6, 071, 713 | 747,676 |
| 10,000 | 763 | 1, 806, 431 | 2,611, 157 | 3, 763, 536 | 2, 565,399 | 4,534,306 | 15, 808, 195 | 2, 070, 058 |
| 50,000 | 92 | 692,964 | 1,062, 552 | 1, 575, 653 | 1,154, 814 | 1,710,574 | 6, 421, 681 | 851, 023 |
| 100,000 | 110 | 3,308, 803 | 4,971, 416 | 6,192, 076 | 7, 435, 053 | 11, 946,916 | 34, 743, 329 | $3,873,156$ |
| Total. | 57,323 | 8, 927, 770 | 13, 493,651 | 17,977, 471 | 14,006, 678 | 25, 737, 137 | 82, 618,950 | 10,595,536 |

TOTAL MANUFACTURING-

| 1. | 13,786 | 18,114 | 44,353 | 43, 287 | 6,247 | 90, 562 | 215, 960 | 91, 920 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 2,347 | 11,737 | 29,943 | 32,463 | 6,820 | 73, 506 | 165, 531 | 54, 127 |
| 100 | 1,697 | 16,375 | 43, 037 | 54,439 | 12,928 | 114, 631 | 257, 891 | 71, 029 |
| 250 | 626 | 13, 262 | 33, 432 | 46,560 | 12, 707 | 99,018 | 215, 618 | 56,911 |
| 500 | 290 | 12,233 | 29, 261 | 40, 181 | 11,-290 | 96, 027 | 199, 611 | 44,970 |
| 1,000 | 225 | 29,359 | 76,484 | 84,996 | 35, 728 | 192, 745 | 445, 088 | 102, 492 |
| 5,000 | 27 | 16,672 | 30,663 | 42,973 | 19, 708 | 76,935 | 201, 247 | 43, 430 |
| 10,000 | 10 | 14, 060 | 9, 184 | 13,801 | 17,203 | 66, 885 | 144,920 | 10,265 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 6,428 | 5,170 | 48,651 | 403 | 1,203 | 84, 716 | 32,750 |
| 100,000 $\ldots$...- | 2 | 9,344 | 13,346 | 47, 800 | 407,623 | 58,06S | 542,362 | 29,611 |
| Total. | 19, 011 | 147, 586 | 314,874 | 455, 156 | 530,656 | 869, 581 | 2,472, 944 | 537, 504 |

MANUFACTURING: FOOD AND KINDRED

| 1. | 2, 136 | 6,984 | 8,476 | 9,655 | 1,731 | 22,417 | 51,050 | 13,418 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,227 | .11, 214 | 14,442 | 17, 825 | 3,381 | 39,412 | 89, 096 | 19, 055 |
| 100 | 1,475 | 28,587 | 35, 244 | 49,368 | 12,519 | 103, 966 | 238, 177 | 43, 365 |
| 250 | 788 | 30, 656 | 44, 214 | 62,965 | 19,846 | 110, 827 | 278, 195 | 49,735 |
| 500. | 472 | 36, 195 | 49,673 | 85, 896 | 26,651 | 121, 266 | 331, 886 | 55, 175 |
| 1,000 | 494 | 98, 735 | 145, 920 | 268, 132 | 85, 155 | 359, 795 | 987,470 | 167,066 |
| 5,000 | 69 | 52, 088 | 55, 856 | 122, 084 | 64,631 | 158, 942 | 467, 239 | 69, 295 |
| 10,000 | 71 | 136, 340 | 171,604 | 397, 218 | 250,055 | 509,681 | 1,504,560 | 176, 454 |
| 50,000 | 11 | 68,790 | 93, 255 | 231, 572 | 96, 803 | 227, 926 | 737,791 | 58,318 |
| 100,000 | 10 | 153, 620 | 268, 880 | 372, 478 | 405, 769 | 576, 463 | 1,795, 950 | 171,602 |
| Total | 6,753 | 623, 210 | 887, 565 | 1,617, 192 | 966, 539 | 2,230,696 | 6,481,414 | 823,482 |

MANUFACTURING: FOOD AND KINDRED

| 1. | 1,289 | 1,693 | 3,506 | 3,372 | 571 | 12,928 | 23,197 | 9, 877 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 1, 302 | 1, 444 | 2, 767 | 2,428 | 692 | 12, 518 | 21, 260 | 6, 570 |
| 100 | 193 | 1,543 | 4,197 | 4,299 | 1,072 | 16,168 | 28, 790 | 8, 731 |
| 250 | 64 | 2, 073 | 2,916 | 3,856 | 1,014 | 11,873 | 22, 753 | 6,444 |
| 500 | 35 | 1, 738 | 2,608 | 3,343 | 1,256 | 15,024 | 24,474 | 3, 74.5 |
| 1,000 | 23 | 2, 782 | 5,953 | 7,560 | 2,055 | 27,391 | 46,387 | 9, 195 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 1,164 | 1,264 | 3,374 | 1,565 | 8, 022 | 16,607 | 1,424 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 97 | 1,003 | 464 | 3,110 | 6,831 | 11,619 | 399 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 774 | 7,527 | 35, 430 | 91,305 | 40,870 | 176, 738 | 14,234 |
| Total | 1,910 | 13,309 | 31, 741 | 64, 125 | 102, 640 | 151,656 | 371, 824 | 60,618 |

[^25]1y major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net inlet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other

## igures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits }{ }^{58} \\ & \text { (lcss } \\ & \text { deficit) } \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## ZETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 32,210 | 216,975 | 25,424 | $1,481,709$ | $1,490,591$ | 63,318 | 63,307 | 19,164 | 6,986 |
| 44,837 | 285,979 | 130,831 | $1,896,082$ | $1,908,935$ | 100,805 | 100,763 | 40,719 | 11,224 |
| 115,010 | 711,487 | 472,220 | $4,640,254$ | $4,673,226$ | 314,701 | 314,568 | 156,730 | 37,686 |
| 126,736 | 831,402 | 722,484 | $5,370,929$ | $5,412,563$ | 466,806 | 466,551 | 265,378 | 58,735 |
| 169,727 | $1,054,517$ | $1,089,427$ | $6,706,735$ | $6,766,418$ | 707,344 | 706,883 | 428,512 | 85,371 |
| 537,936 | $3,284,299$ | $3,994,248$ | $18,919,400$ | $19,106,036$ | $2,426,877$ | $2,425,124$ | $1,497,376$ | 315,035 |
| 294,479 | $1,714,531$ | $2,328,241$ | $8,942,507$ | $9,036,367$ | $1,334,136$ | $1,333,163$ | 828,272 | 188,747 |
| 793,565 | $4,414,394$ | $5,725,671$ | $21,204,294$ | $21,454,521$ | $3,225,202$ | $3,223,036$ | $2,028,129$ | 482,690 |
| 512,887 | $1,956,062$ | $2,126,560$ | $8,674,347$ | $8,755,961$ | $1,128,813$ | $1,128,207$ | 691,003 | 208,313 |
| $3,174,058$ | $11,526,885$ | $11,193,348$ | $34,833,767$ | $35,499,742$ | $3,925,559$ | $3,922,763$ | $2,203,093$ | $1,084,003$ |
| $5,801,444$ | $25,996,531$ | $27,808,454$ | $112,675,022$ | $114,104,360$ | $13,693,560$ | $13,684,366$ | $8,158,376$ | $2,478,791$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## IETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 37, 341 | 171, 980 | ${ }^{60} 111,447$ | 528, 116 | 532, 148 | ${ }^{39} 34,227$ | ${ }^{39} 34,235$ |  | 621 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24, 178 | 106, 002 | ${ }^{60} 33,929$ | 277, 327 | 280, 325 | ${ }^{39} 15,919$ | ${ }^{39} 15,924$ |  | 278 |
| 38, 120 | 148, 535 | ${ }^{60} 17,765$ | 344, 641 | 349, 236 | ${ }^{39} 18,529$ | ${ }^{39} 18,537$ |  | 488 |
| 32,169 | 114, 103 | ${ }^{60} 4,480$ | 265, 049 | 268, 301 | ${ }^{39} 14,820$ | ${ }^{39} 14,833$ |  | 618 |
| 29,827 | 95,680 | 13,508 | 280, 780 | 231, 468 | ${ }^{39} 10,106$ | ${ }^{33} 10,130$ |  | 451 |
| 80,171 | 161, 027 | 52,758 | 406, 346 | 412, 088 | ${ }^{9}$ 24, 152 | ${ }^{33} 24,205$ |  | 1,426 |
| 38,328 | 64, 60.5 | 25,683 | 143, 326 | 146, 550 | ${ }^{39} 6,979$ | ${ }^{39} 78,056$ |  | 802 |
| 33, 600 | 49, 263 | 28,191 | 59, 141 | 60,410 | ${ }^{39} 2.610$ | ${ }^{39} 2,610$ |  | 243 |
| 30 104,158 | 567 204,980 | 3,632 193,596 | 60,164 $1,389,372$ | 60,222 $1,397,144$ | $\begin{array}{r} 39852 \\ 39 \\ 11,832 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 39852 \\ 3911,839 \end{array}$ |  | 398 |
| 417, 921 | 1,116, 740 | 149, 746 | 3, 754, 262 | 3, 790, 891 | ${ }^{39} 140,025$ | ${ }^{39} 140,221$ |  | 7,325 |

## RODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 4,533 | 26,911 | 2,355 | 237,891 | 239,088 | 6,793 | 6,792 | 1,812 | 756 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 7,745 | 41,261 | 14,562 | 334,514 | 336,371 | 11,684 | 11,682 | 4,312 | 1,417 |
| 21,267 | 100,073 | 54,169 | 806,678 | 810,817 | 34,354 | 34,340 | 15,296 | 4,172 |
| 18,943 | 103,127 | 80,972 | 916,799 | 921,497 | 41,602 | 41,574 | 20,956 | 6,323 |
| 24,057 | 115,486 | 108,739 | $1,032,780$ | $1,038,951$ | 52,978 | 52,928 | 28,671 | 7,689 |
| 78,009 | 337,484 | 318,847 | $2,617,200$ | $2,635,026$ | 151,156 | 151,017 | 81,826 | 26,740 |
| 29,881 | 164,897 | 165,216 | 898,136 | 908,058 | 79,586 | 79,460 | 43,628 | 13,134 |
| 85,016 | 541,094 | 579,580 | $2,589,216$ | $2,616,643$ | 205,319 | 205,251 | 99,888 | 61,142 |
| 55,778 | 332,238 | 230,173 | $1,293,043$ | $1,302,961$ | 101,701 | 101,682 | 51,020 | 34,687 |
| 183,159 | 731,116 | 605,403 | $4,898,709$ | $4,937,331$ | 229,678 | 229,606 | 109,162 | 75,568 |
| 508,390 | $2,493,688$ | $2,160,016$ | $15,624,967$ | $15,746,744$ | 914,851 | 914,331 | 456,603 | 231,627 |

## RODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, ano come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compilea than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets } \\ & \text { classes }{ }^{53} \end{aligned}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets 41 | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{35}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: BEVERAGES-

| 1 | 672 | 2,527 | 1,702 | 2,822 | 596 | 9, 134 | 18,144 | 3,479 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 411 | 3, 659 | 2, 438 | 4, 294 | 1,595 | 15,616 | 29, 267 | 4, 471 |
| 100 | 461 | 8, 929 | 6,485 | 11,335 | 4, 284 | 37, 696 | 72, 240 | 9, 531 |
| 250 | 227 | 9,832 | 8,692 | 14,757 | 4,905 | 38, 388 | 80, 425 | 11, 463 |
| 500 | 153 | 11, 213 | 10,960 | 23,771 | 10, 110 | 47,511 | 109, 042 | 15,957 |
| 1.000 | 207 | 41,007 | 46, 654 | 92, 815 | 43,452 | 191, 352 | 436, 086 | 56, 782 |
| 5,000 | 26 | 17, 061 | 33, 473 | 47,048 | 15,081 | 63, 468 | 182, 374 | 21,565 |
| 10,000 | 23 | 28,781 | 59,818 | 129, 592 | 47, 825 | 147, 340 | 424, 483 | 67, 948 |
| 50,000 | 3 | 10,502 | 26, 295 | 78,366 | 67, 833 | 30,925 | 216, 562 | 20, 364 |
| Total | 2,183 | 133, 512 | 196, 516 | 404, 800 | 195, 682 | 581, 429 | 1,568, 624 | 211, 560 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,568,624 | 211, 560 |

MANUFACTURING: BEVERAGES-

|  | 258 | 238 | 549 | 946 | 70 | 2,675 | 4, 508 | 1,819 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 57 | 132 | 346 | 641 | 235 | 2,583 | 4, 134 | 1,197 |
| 100 | 73 | 381 | 1,175 | 1,901 | 335 | 7,020 | F. 11, 838 | 3, 240 |
| 250 | 47 | 597 | 1,782 | 2, 559 | 282 | 10,167 | T [16, 038 | 3, 766 |
| 500 | 10 | 194 | 975 | 1, 013 | 105 | 4, 419 | - 7, 215 | 3, 769 |
| 1,000 | 5 | 273 | 1,356 | 5, 562 | 285 | 3, 574 | \{11,456 | 3, 096 |
| 5,000 | 1 | 738 | 955 | 422 | 2,702 | 4,033 | 9, 356 | 1, 108 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 - .-. - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 451 | 2, 553 | 7,138 | 13,044 | 4,014 | 34, 473 | 64, 845 | 17, 994 |

MANUFACTURING: TOBACCO MANUFACTURES-

| 1. | 33 | 70 | 244 | 205 | 21 | 90 | 657 | 237 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 15 | 79 | 239 | 377 | 57 | 199 | 1,001 | 321 |
| 100 | 24 | 318 | 967 | 1, 501 | 118 | 753 | 3,744 | 855 |
| 250 | 16 | 366 | 1,236 | 2, 781 | 261 | 1,183 | 6, 022 | 1,345 |
| 500 | 9 | 462 | 1,434 | 2, 747 | 169 | 877 | 5, 836 | 885 |
| 1,000 | 19 | 2,939 | 10, 835 | 19,157 | 5,648 | 10, 021 | 49,273 | 4, 826 |
| 5,000 | 4 | 1,341 | 4, 277 | 18,794 | 66 | 5,576 | 33, 256 | 6, 204 |
| 10,000 | 9 | 13,789 | 12, 806 | 79,591 | 45,619 | 28, 127 | 181, 919 | 12, 280 |
| 50,000 | 3 | 10, 811 | 24, 272 | 198, 907 | 12,053 | 11,594 | 259, 222 | 35, 679 |
| 100,000 | 3 | 25, 878 | 181, 565 | 464, 253 | 49,325 | 100, 052 | 826, 503 | 57, 496 |
| Total | 135 | 56, 054 | 237, 874 | 788, 314 | 113,336 | 158, 473 | 1,367, 438 | 120, 127 |

MANUFACTURING: TOBACCO MANUFACTURES-


[^26]by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 1,902 | 9, 503 | 1,566 | 52, 014 | 52,351 | 3,864 | 3,863 | 1,087 | 895 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2, 009 | 11,717 | 8, 392 | 60, 924 | 61, 414 | 5,801 | 5,796 | 2,040 | 1,302 |
| 6,800 | 26, 734 | 20,904 | 139,777 | 141, 419 | 15,723 | 15,720 | 6,635 | 4,152 |
| 7, 209 | 26, 921 | 24,784 | 157, 899 | 159, 703 | 17, 035 | 17,032 | 8,311 | 3,687 |
| 6,982 | 34, 224 | 38, 887 | 194, 097 | 196, 107 | 22, 396 | 22,380 | 11, 200 | 5,025 |
| 32,006 | 109, 412 | 190, 304 | 739, 100 | 745, 636 | 79,471 | 79,355 | 39, 066 | 20,564 |
| 11,750 | 39, 171 | 84,601 | 342, 864 | 345, 204 | 38,397 | 38,372 | 20,520 | 9, 477 |
| 53,421 | 74, 846 | 188, 625 | 563, 192 | 568, 290 | 70,050 | 70,007 | 38, 050 | 13,225 |
| 80,466 | 60, 080 | 42,563 | 294, 248 | 297, 199 | 24,612 | 24,612 | 11,386 | 8,320 |
| 202, 545 | 392, 607. | 600, 626 | 2, 544, 115 | 2, 567, 323 | 277, 347 | 277, 138 | 138, 325 | 66, 646 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 17 | 444 | 6093 | 2,295 | 2,325 | 74 | 74 | 19 | 66 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 45 | 695 | 6085 | 2,159 | 2,166 | 51 | 51 | 11 | 6 |
| 247 | 1,380 | 1,147 | 8,135 | 8,198 | 356 | 355 | 115 | 43 |
| 466 | 2,708 | 1,220 | 8,887 | 8,944 | 303 | 303 | 88 | 044 |
| 285 | 2,319 | 1,928 | 13,080 | 13,141 | 648 | 648 | 297 | 141 |
| 1,670 | 20,977 | 20,248 | 53,643 | 53,965 | 3,517 | 3,517 | 1,482 | 959 |
| 1,472 | 8,905 | 15,946 | 56,462 | 56,679 | 3,127 | 3,127 | 1,249 | 940 |
| 2,538 | 93,845 | 64,036 | 159,295 | 164,345 | 19,922 | 19,807 | 8,308 | 9,848 |
| 59,496 | 66,575 | 66,542 | 395,706 | 398,354 | 27,099 | 27,099 | 12,750 | 10,995 |
| 134,896 | 366,855 | 178,917 | $1,072,732$ | $1,079,506$ | 123,817 | 123,815 | 62,436 | 47,321 |
| 201,132 | 564,701 | 349,806 | $1,772,394$ | $1,787,623$ | 178,913 | 178,795 | 86,756 | 70,363 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, a. come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compilea than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets ${ }^{41}$ | Cash ${ }^{12}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital <br> assets <br> serves) |  | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Manufacturing: Cotton manufactures-

| 1. | 52 | 221 | 336 | 433 | 55 | 403 | 1,508 | 494 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 39 | 355 | 539 | 1,109 | 98 | 806 | 2,945 | 849 |
| 100 | 92 | 2,171 | 3, 175 | 4,671 | 543 | 4,360 | 15, 279 | 2,381 |
| 250 | 129 | 4,305 | 6,793 | 13,319 | 3,415 | 17,013 | 45,930 | 6,692 |
| 500 | 149 | 13, 292 | 14,923 | 28, 823 | 9, 275 | 39,466 | 108, 033 | 8,989 |
| 1,000 | 222 | 54,712 | 70, 111 | 122, 886 | 48, 047 | 183, 603 | 490, 829 | 45, 183 |
| 5,000 | 33 | 21, 936 | 29,398 | 61, 278 | 32, 890 | 87, 270 | 237, 054 | 17,936 |
| 10,000 | 28 | 39,449 | 84,340 | 177, 261 | 75,975 | 180, 434 | 566, 875 | 54, 530 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 2,128 | 7,802 | 30, 160 | 7, 236 | 16,737 | 64, 781 | 12,007 |
| Total | 745 | 138, 570 | 217,417 | 439, 939 | 177, 534 | 530, 033 | 1,533, 234 | 149, 060 |

MANUFACTURING: COTTON MANUFACTURES-

| 1. | 27 | 61 | 124 | 179 | 12 | 266 | 656 | 308 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 11 | 24 | 128 | 136 | 1 | 393 | 739 | 201 |
| 100...-....... | 16 | 129 | 329 | 815 | 84 | 1,375 | 2,789 | 854 |
| 250.-.-.......-- | 7 | 82 | 202 | 919 | 1 | 1, 324 | 2, 578 | 800 |
| 500 | 2 | 48 | 3 e | 76 |  | 1,296 | 1,437 | 545 |
| 1,000 .......- | 1 | 12 | 190 | 321 | 167 | 577 | 1,436 | 559 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000-...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 64 | 355 | 977 | 2, 446 | 265 | 5,232 | 9,636 | 3, 267 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9,656 | 3,267 |

MANUFACTURING: TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS,

| 1 | 670 | 2,203 | 4,044 | 3,767 | 423 | 5,477 | 16,428 | 4,955 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 431 | 4,135 | 6,469 | 8,834 | 917 | 10,425 | 31,478 | 7, 593 |
| 100 | 586 | 11, 239 | 19,704 | 28,689 | 3, 767 | 30, 140 | 96, 010 | 22, 158 |
| 250 | 377 | 15, 117 | 25,281 | 40,695 | 8,832 | 41,332 | 134, 795 | 25, 868 |
| 500 | 369 | 27,323 | 50,922 | 83, 521 | 19, 112 | 74,603 | 263, 212 | 43, 0.34 |
| 1,000 | 383 | 78, 938 | 135, 773 | 247,529 | 81, 553 | 239, 892 | 303, 912 | 104, 844 |
| 5,000 | 59 | 36, 773 | 66, 861 | 127, 229 | 47,373 | 116, 379 | 404, 302 | 47, 474 |
| 10,000 | 39 | 72,459 | 73,346 | 224,446 | 118, 266 | 193, 361 | 695, 136 | 63,521 |
| 100,000 | 2 | 22,764 | 27,168 | 65, 24. | 22,981 | 82, 580 | 224,639 | 9,433 |
| Total. | 2,916 | 270,952 | 409,569 | 829,953 | 303, 224 | 794, 189 | 2, 669, 913 | 328, 879 |

MANUFACTURING: TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS,

|  | 440 | 666 | 1,677 | 1,817 | 154 | 3,318 | 7,943 | 3,809 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 86 | 451 | 1,063 | 1,544 | 302 | 2, 544 | 6, 143 | 2,452 |
| 100 | 74 | 1,046 | 1,826 | 2,617 | 512 | 5,214 | 11, 708 | 2,579 |
| 250. | 30 | 622 | 1,415 | 3, 105 | 730 | 4,272 | 10,418 | 3, 104 |
| 500 | 12 | 459 | 929 | 2,361 | 389 | 3,476 | 7,927 | 2, 102 |
| 1,000 | 6 | 2,078 | 2,090 | 1,986 | 2,148 | 3, 414 | 12, 012 | 771 |
| 5,000. | 1 | 232 | 569 | 2,407 | 992 | 1, 042 | 5,520 | 614 |
| 10,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 649 | 5, 554 | 9,569 | 15,837 | 5,228 | 23, 279 | 61,670 | 15,430 |

[^27]by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | Surpius and undivided profits ${ }^{58}$ (less deficit) ${ }^{50}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{69}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 123 | 1,105 | 60315 | 4,834 | 4,863 | 226 | 226 | 78 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 425 | 1,693 | 60372 | 9, 208 | 9,252 | 505 | 505 | 213 | 16 |
| 1,019 | 5, 515 | 4,711 | 48,879 | 49,362 | 3,452 | 3,452 | 1,943 | 313 |
| 3, 542 | 18,684 | 10, 675 | 115,579 | 117, 020 | 10,730 | 10,725 | 6, 137 | 1,072 |
| 4,703 | 43, 211 | 33,372 | 241, 656 | 244, 264 | 31, 006 | 30, 984 | 19, 523 | 3, 149 |
| 17, 412 | 163, 767 | 192, 240 | 958, 541 | 968, 751 | 133, 327 | 133, 287 | 86, 012 | 14, 632 |
| 4,037 | 80, 105 | 114, 785 | 383, 736 | 387, 116 | 55, 930 | 55, 894 | 36, 911 | 6,956 |
| 19,624 | 183, 905 | 242, 343 | 945, 015 | 952, 745 | 132,537 | 132,456 | 86, 178 | 17,599 |
|  | 25,000 | 19,291 | 79,098 | 80,478 | 10.410 | 10, 400 | 6, 092 | 1,976 |
| 50,885 | 522,984 | 616, 730 | 2,786, 545 | 2, 813, 856 | 378, 124 | 377,929 | 243, 087 | 45,719 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| $\begin{gathered} 78 \\ 66 \\ 747 \\ \hline 475 \\ 3275 \\ 228 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 679 \\ 429 \\ 1,877 \\ 887 \\ 427 \\ 495 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 60438 \\ 16 \\ 60794 \\ 413 \\ 38 \\ 375 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,794 \\ & 1,189 \\ & 5,711 \\ & 6,392 \\ & 5,421 \\ & 1,476 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,827 \\ & 1,194 \\ & 5,796 \\ & 6,426 \\ & 5,445 \\ & 1,508 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3989 \\ & 399 \\ & 899 \\ & 8300 \\ & 3397 \\ & 39.9 \\ & 3978 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 39829 \\ 8995 \\ 39300 \\ 3909 \\ 3997 \\ 392 \\ 3978 \end{array}$ |  | (15) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,494 | 4,794 | ${ }^{60} 391$ | 21, 882 | 22, 195 | ${ }^{39} 1,401$ | ${ }^{39} 1,401$ |  |  |

EXCEPT COTTON-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 1,484 | 7,329 | 894 | 65, 119 | 65,421 | 2,506 | 2,506 | 716 | 234 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2, 731 | 12,964 | 5,178 | 98, 440 | 99, 146 | 4,754 | 4,753 | 1,787 | 260 |
| 6,347 | 35,985 | 22, 287 | 272, 287 | 274, 157 | 15,354 | 15,351 | 7,218 | 1,296 |
| 9, 463 | 49, 779 | 35, 071 | 332, 191 | 334, 594 | 24,360 | 24,346 | 13, 594 | 2, 704 |
| 12,973 | 90,966 | 85, 938 | 558, 739 | 565, 436 | 52, 297 | 52, 264 | 30,898 | 5, 420 |
| 35,697 | 284, 338 | 295, 407 | 1, 486, 057 | 1,497,292 | 158, 046 | 158, 004 | 94, 463 | 18, 281 |
| 8, 419 | 140,320 | 165, 276 | 669,026 | 673, 686 | 82, 215 | 82, 186 | 50,510 | 11, 120 |
| 27, 718 | 221, 219 | 305,477 | 905, 258 | 915, 297 | 106, 769 | 106, 714 | 65,916 | 13, 128 |
| 35,358 | 73,447 | 79, 529 | 266, 575 | 269, 154 | 44,919 | 44,919 | 27,959 | 7,933 |
| 140, 189 | 916,343 | 995,055 | 4,653,692 | 4,694, 183 | 491,221 | 491, 041 | 293,092 | 60,376 |

## EXCEPT COTTON-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| $\begin{array}{r} 1,438 \\ 678 \\ 1,585 \\ 609 \\ 951 \\ 1,869 \\ 1,428 \end{array}$ | 5,423 3,238 7,106 4,632 4,332 4,951 2,058 | $\begin{array}{r} 604,136 \\ 00814 \\ 60281 \\ 1,531 \\ 372 \\ 3,848 \\ 1,170 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,787 \\ 14,795 \\ 17,170 \\ 15,309 \\ 11,800 \\ 12,889 \\ 8,85 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,925 \\ 14,938 \\ 17,394 \\ 15,451 \\ 11,936 \\ 12,984 \\ 9,008 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 391,472 \\ 33972 \\ 391,006 \\ 39287 \\ 39557 \\ 391,091 \\ 3987 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 391,472 \\ 39872 \\ 391,006 \\ 39290 \\ 39557 \\ 391,091 \\ 3987 \end{array}$ | 2 11 8 25 2 160 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8,558 | 31,741 | 1,691 | 104,618 | 105,637 | ${ }^{89} 5,373$ | ${ }^{39} 5,375$ | 207 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, cor than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and

| Total assets classes ${ }^{5 s}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets 41 } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets serves) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets- } \\ & \text { Total lia- } \\ & \text { bilities }{ }^{16} \end{aligned}$ | Acc and notes payable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: APPAREL AND PRODUCTS MADE


MANUFACTURING: APPAREL AND PRODUCTS MADE

| 1. | 1,574 | 2,361 | 6,631 | 6,223 | 724 | 4, 257 | 21,033 | 9,238 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 173 | 1,165 | 4, 364 | 4,022 | 441 | 1, 748 | 12, 032 | 5, 280 |
| 100 | 84 | 974 | 3,894 | 3,789 | 433 | 2, 415 | 11,906 | 5, 014 |
| 250 | 11 | 217 | 1,029 | 1,695 | 88 | 436 | 3, 596 | 1,663 |
| 500. | 5 | 1,014 | 645 | 822 | 289 | 459 | 3,310 | 846 |
| 1,000 | 4 | 240 | 1,418 | 2,279 | 383 | 3,293 | 7,770 | 801 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,851 | 5,971 | 17,981 | 18,831 | 2,358 | 12,608 | 59,647 | 22,842 |

MANUFACTURING: LEATHER AND PRODUCTS-

| 1 | 472 | 1,864 | 3,905 | 3, 867 | 175 | 1,673 | 11,882 | 3,825 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 268 | 2,592 | 6,381 | 6,691 | 610 | 2,659 | 19, 444 | 6,037 |
| 100 | 375 | 7,189 | 17,601 | 23, 567 | 2,241 | 8,518 | 60, 693 | 17,882 |
| 250 | 232 | 9,058 | 21, 160 | 32, 156 | 3, 028 | 11, 180 | 78, 8330 | 20,982 |
| 500. | 145 | 10,871 | 23, 9¢ 6 | 43, 614 | 6,250 | 13, 622 | 101, 535 | 25, 396 |
| 1,000 | 114 | 29,891 | 46,384 | 96, 222 | 34,762 | 38, 220 | 251, 987 | 35, 007 |
| 5,000 | 15 | 11,643 | 20,444 | 31, 656 | 18,550 | 20,440 | 106, 519 | 7,270 |
| 10,000 $\ldots$...-- | 6 | 11, 199 | 23, 052 | 42, 897 | 10, 188 | 14, 888 | 103, 153 | 12,850 |
| 50,000 | 2 | 26,454 | 23,986 | 49, 131 | 16,333 | 27,218 | 149, 512 | 7, 206 |
| Total | 1,629 | 110, 761 | 191,909 | 329,803 | 92, 136 | 138,418 | 883,555 | 136,455 |

MANUFACTURING: LEATHER AND PRODUCTS-

| 1. | 226 | 315 | 1,052 | 1,210 | 66 | 1,003 | 3,873 | 1,697 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 42 | 211 | , 654 | 1,070 | 149 | 621 | 2,859 | 1,017 |
| 100 | 33 | 320 | 1,142 | 1,736 | 305 | 1,058 | 5, 026 | 1,777 |
| 250 | 5 | 97 | 154 | - 462 | 228 | 369 | 1,603 | 502 |
| 500. | 5 | 120 | 885 | 1,394 | 178 | 747 | 3,469 | 929 |
| 1,000 | 6 | 659 | 1,461 | 5,939 | 1,636 | 2,960 | 12, 863 | 2,814 |
| 5,000 -------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 - --- -- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 .-...- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 317 | 1,723 | 5,348 | 11,811 | 2,564 | 6,758 | 29,695 | 8,736 |

[^28]by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{50}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits } \\ & \text { (less } \\ & \text { deficit) } \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{\text { }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { tax } 59 \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

FROM FABRICS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


FROM FABRICS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets 41 | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Invest- } \\ & \text { ments }{ }^{54} \end{aligned}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{4}$ (less re- serves) serves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: RUBBER PRODUCTS-

| 1 | 111 | 546 | 643 | 538 | 151 | 743 | 2, 704 | 660 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 45 | 486 | 632 | 846 | 219 | 788 | 3,145 | 694 |
| 100 | 72 | 2,016 | 2,035 | 3,270 | 949 | 3,559 | 12, 251 | 1,880 |
| 250 | 47 | 2,197 | 3, 215 | 4,466 | 1.402 | 4,867 | 16,949 | 2,436 |
| 500 | 35 | 3, 100 | 4,801 | 6, 208 | 2,164 | 8,226 | 25,356 | 3,370 |
| 1,000 | 60 | 13,339 | 22, 708 | 35, 960 | 12,587 | 39, 097 | 127,948 | 18, 866 |
| 5,000. | 10 | 4,817 | 12,101 | 24,753 | 6,512 | 24,182 | 73, 622 | 14,375 |
| 10,000 | 6 | 8,935 | 28,055 | 30,624 | 9,969 | 39,537 | 118,833 | 52, 056 |
| 100,000 | 4 | 67,601 | 221, 415 | 251, $79{ }^{-1}$ | 177,319 | 245,086 | 993,561 | 148,624 |
| Total | 390 | 103,038 | 295, 606 | - 358, 463 | 211, 272 | 366, 085 | 1,374, 370 | 242, 962 |

MANUFACTURING: RUBBER PRODUCTS-

| 1. | 51 | 100 | 62 | 126 | 6 | 348 | 683 | 186 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 14 | 100 | 127 | 237 | 8 | 339 | 940 | 324 |
| 100 | 8 | 155 | 99 | 348 | 89 | 619 | 1,398 | 248 |
| 250 | 4 | 97 | 168 | 466 | 1 | 462 | 1,257 | 590 |
| 500. | 1 | 135 | 50 | 168 |  | 352 | 714 | 18 |
| 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 . . . - - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 78 | 587 | 507 | 1,345 | 104 | 2,121 | 4,993 | 1,366 |

MANUFACTURING: LUMBER AND TIMBER BASIO

| 1 | 385 | 1.541 | 2,425 | 2, 043 | 257 | 3, 551 | 10,183 | 2,982 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 298 | 2,886 | 4,636 | 5,000 | 863 | 7.382 | 21, 425 | 4,746 |
| 100 | 433 | 9,916 | 15,805 | 15,997 | 4,355 | 21,842 | 70,361 | 12, 661 |
| 250 | 235 | 10,862 | 16,033 | 18,826 | 8,052 | 24,643 | 81, 582 | 11, 184 |
| 500 | 201 | 20,591 | 26,876 | 28,482 | 15,451 | 45, 115 | 141, 593 | 16, 766 |
| 1,000 | 165 | 32, 585 | 48,588 | 57, 952 | 43, 915 | 148, 445 | 341,941 | 32,993 |
| 5,000 | 31 | 20, 729 | 20, 532 | 23, 704 | 35, 437 | 114,752 | 223, 016 | 11,778 |
| 10,000 | 14 | 20,669 | 30,602 | 30,967 | 39,378 | 149, 749 | 281,227 | 10,596 |
| 50,000 100,000 | 1 | 7,710 | 8,122 | 5, 620 | 38, 241 | 96, 705 | 159,956 | 1,683 |
| Total | 1,763 | 127,488 | 173,617 | 188,592 | 185, 949 | 612, 183 | 1, 331, 284 | 105,389 |

MANUFACTURING: LUMBER AND TIMBER BASIC

| 1. | 335 | 512 | 1,393 | 1,178 | 241 | 2, 827 | 6,465 | 2,969 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 93 | 416 | 1,387 | 1,629 | 234 | 2,876 | 6,891 | 3,139 |
| 100 | 79 | 664 | 1,854 | 2,534 | 732 | 5,478 | 11,714 | 2,989 |
| 250 | 37 | 521 | 2,352 | 2,561 | 1,063 | 6. 125 | 13, 401 | 3,754 |
| 500. | 17 | 347 | 1,617 | 2,049 | 916 | 5,670 | 10, 923 | 2,779 |
| 1,000 | 14 | 1,238 | 3,421 | 3,651 | 2,978 | 13,777 | 25, 814 | 2,711 |
| 5,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10.000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 575 | 3,699 | 12,024 | 13, 601 | 6,164 | 36,753 | 75, 208 | 18,340 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts 4 | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 753 | 5,224 | 417 | 36,261 | 36,694 | 1, 593 | 1,593 | 502 | 386 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,793 | 9,135 | 4,209 | 56, 445 | 56,980 | 3, 139 | 3,139 | 1,277 | 378 |
| 4,959 | 28, 166 | 17,992 | 160,576 | 162,447 | 11, 520 | 11,516 | 5,682 | 1,821 |
| 2,975 | 33,670 | 23, 691 | 155,651 | 158, 292 | 15,225 | 15, 220 | 8,584 | 2,193 |
| 14,073 | 62,690 | 30, 234 | 246, 232 | 251, 225 | 27, 731 | 27, 715 | 16,429 | 5,932 |
| 33,953 | 145, 896 | 92, 277 | 427, 012 | 435, 252 | 47, 709 | 47, 675 | 26,861 | 12, 058 |
| 15, 623 | 93, 231 | 82,343 | 217,566 | 221,629 | 33,921 | 33, 904 | 19,322 | 5,885 |
| 9,039 | 128,709 | 107,069 | 214,241 | 221, 547 | 29,632 | 29,628 | 15,262 | 7,422 |
|  | 12,500 | 129,067 | 81,604 | 85,510 | 21,520 | 21,509 | 12,934 | 6,000 |
| 83,169 | 519, 221 | 487, 299 | 1,595,588 | 1,629,576 | 191,990 | 191,899 | 106, 852 | 42,076 |

## PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { assets } \\ \text { classes } 53 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets } 4 \end{gathered}\right.$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabllities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: FURNITURE AND FINISHED

| 1. | 962 | 3,681 | 6,175 | 8,633 | 482 | 5,453 | 23, 052 | 5,844 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 481 | 4,578 | 8,428 | 10,743 | 1,315 | 8,845 | 34, 801 | 6,902 |
| 100 | 613 | 12,216 | 22,867 | 29, 086 | 4,903 | 26,462 | 98, 831 | 16,461 |
| 250 | 398 | 16,341 | 29,446 | 41, 582 | 10,494 | 36,412 | 138, 986 | 19,675 |
| 500 | 207 | 17,495 | 26,639 | 38,973 | 14,669 | 41,015 | 144, 211 | 17, 292 |
| 1,000 | 144 | 23, 002 | 52, 852 | 75, 862 | 34,699 | 71, 502 | 266, 987 | 32,166 |
| 5,000 | 17 | 13, 706 | 25, 059 | 30, 574 | 21, 492 | 31, 354 | 125, 005 | 10,335 |
| 10,000 | 6 | 13, 584 | 16,245 | 26, 220 | 34,466 | 25, 702 | 118, 789 | 5,016 |
| 50,000 |  | 2, 190 | 9,667 | 19,340 | 7,823 | 27,360 | 67, 564 | 5,024 |
| Total | 2,829 | 106,792 | 197, 379 | 279, 014 | 130,343 | 274, 103 | 1,018, 226 | 118,716 |

MANUFACTURING: FURNITURE AND FINISHED

| 1. | 685 | 976 | 2,396 | 3,227 | 210 | 3,554 | 10,751 | 4,507 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 125 | 690 | 1, 998 | 2,422 | 229 | 3,248 | 9,100 | 2,516 |
| 100 | 120 | 1,164 | 3,364 | 5,610 | 717 | 6,948 | 18,609 | 5, 181 |
| 250 | 33 | 650 | 2,072 | 2,995 | 343 | 4,839 | 11, 172 | 2,127 |
| 500 | 10 | 195 | 1,081 | 1,883 | 1,003 | 2,520 | 6,797 | 1, 134 |
| 1,000 | 2 | 288 | 258 | 735 | 81 | 1,157 | 2,541 | 714 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 975 | 3,964 | 11, 169 | 16,872 | 2,583 | 22, 266 | 58,970 | 16,179 |

MANUFACTURING: PAPER AND ALLIED

| 1. | 372 | 1,425 | 2, 564 | 2,497 | 398 | 2,789 | 10,009 | 2, 300 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 224 | 2,118 | 3, 654 | 4,475 | 564 | 5,035 | 16,316 | 3,006 |
| 100 | 343 | 6, $8: 33$ | 11,720 | 14,010 | 3,809 | 18,189 | 56,643 | 8,805 |
| 250 | 256 | 10,518 | 16,647 | 22, 131 | 5,613 | 32, 607 | 90,962 | 12,323 |
| 500 | 168 | 11,666 | 18,453 | 30,008 | 12,697 | 40,473 | 117, 411 | 12, 648 |
| 1,000 | 245 | 50,374 | 66,993 | 111, 053 | 60, 493 | 197, 967 | 501, 862 | 38, 514 |
| 5,000 | 48 | 30, 520 | 35, 895 | 53, 583 | 58,815 | 150,501 | 338, 097 | 12,816 |
| 10,000 | 42 | 59, 804 | 69,776 | 124, 175 | 154,936 | 420,984 | 845, 349 | 45, 184 |
| 50,000 | 3 | 11, 073 | 16,297 | 20,488 | 48,637 | 70,835 | 170, 822 | 2,315 |
| 100,000 | 2 | 9,723 | 16,760 | 25,585 | 123, 362 | 134, 962 | 314,977 | 9,054 |
| Total | 1,703 | 194,062 | 258,759 | 408, 005 | 469,324 | 1, 074, 342 | 2,462, 450 | 146,966 |

MANUFACTURING: PAPER AND ALLIED

| 1. | 205 | 326 | 826 | 911 | 61 | 1,520 | 3,831 | 1,653 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 50 | 191 | 504 | 753 | 102 | 1,917 | 3,705 | 1,046 |
| 100.....------ | 32 | 326 | 740 | 973 | 222 | 1,940 | 4,589 | 1,313 |
| 250 | 21 | 542 | 943 | 1,251 | 113 | 4,355 | 7,427 | 1,833 |
| 500 | 12 | 426 | 1,127 | 1,544 | 197 | 4,598 | 8,446 | 1,960 |
| 1,000 | 13 | 549 | 2,222 | 4,678 | 2,885 | 12,864 | 23, 804 | 3,052 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 333 | 2,360 | 6,363 | 10,110 | 3,580 | 27, 193 | 51,803 | 10,858 |

[^29]by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for relurns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{50}$ | Capital stock 57 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits }{ }^{58} \\ & \text { (less } \\ & \text { deficit) } \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Complled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{5}$ | Div! dends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

LUMBER PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 1,703 | 11, 702 | 1,752 | 76, 195 | 76, 725 | 2,801 | 2,801 | 791 | 233 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2,364 | 16, 105 | 7,273 | 89, 630 | 90,368 | 4,122 | 4,121 | 1,442 | 370 |
| 7,438 | 42, 212 | 24,845 | 232, 255 | 233, 967 | 13.079 | 13, 074 | 5,768 | 1,666 |
| 8,727 | 55, 893 | 42, 642 | 278, 312 | 2S0, 759 | 21, 020 | 21,000 | 10,828 | 3,252 |
| 7,430 | 53, 429 | 53, 081 | 263, 600 | 266, 021 | 22, 284 | 22, 252 | 12, 653 | 3,222 |
| 9,930 | 100, 275 | 96, 957 | 413, 748 | 417, 959 | 43, 125 | 43, 048 | 24, 883 | 6,911 |
| 5,976 | 42, 126 | 51,079 | 163, 028 | 165, 188 | 19, 712 | 19,697 | 11, 186 | 3,172 |
| 11, 107 | 46, 883 | 52, 094 | 160,893 | 163, 233 | 18, 278 | 18, 278 | 10, 464 | 4, 687 |
|  | 13, 423 | 46, 113 | 78,630 | 79,199 | 4,106 | 4,103 | 1,589 | 2,117 |
| 54,683 | 382, 048 | 375, 837 | 1, 756, 292 | 1,773, 419 | 148, 528 | 148,374 | 79,602 | 25,623 |

LUMBER PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 1,959 1,199 2,003 1,094 1,954 1,165 | 8,008 <br> 5,639 <br> 9.632 <br> 6.581 <br> 4.481 <br> 4,242 <br> 2,025 |  |  | 30,007 16,075 25,978 13,771 7,443 2,606 |  |  |  | 23 33 36 69 46 17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | --..... | ------- |  |  |
| 8, 279 | 35, 917 | ${ }^{60} 5,737$ | 94, 855 | 95, 849 | ${ }^{\text {39 }} 5,479$ | ${ }^{39} 5,482$ |  | 203 |

## PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 684 | 5,307 | 978 | 28,965 | 29,183 | 1,228 | 1,227 | 346 | 147 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1,056 | 7,610 | 3,580 | 40,575 | 40,857 | 2,098 | 2,098 | 750 | 274 |
| 2,823 | 22,924 | 17,741 | 129,443 | 130,476 | 8,478 | 8,475 | 3,852 | 1,386 |
| 5,013 | 32,538 | 32,600 | 186,348 | 188,271 | 15,752 | 15,743 | 8,532 | 2,547 |
| 6,262 | 38,177 | 48,756 | 205,751 | 207,648 | 20,038 | 20,026 | 11,490 | 3,425 |
| 37,599 | 176,841 | 194,509 | 717,404 | 725,281 | 84,542 | 84,478 | 49,200 | 14,371 |
| 33,495 | 111,264 | 144,339 | 354,967 | 359,028 | 56,764 | 56,726 | 34,550 | 9,422 |
| 92,291 | 361,090 | 282,038 | 764,063 | 774,457 | 111,307 | 110,972 | 63,488 | 26,693 |
| 28,014 | 75,666 | 58,443 | 143,077 | 145,307 | 15,256 | 15,249 | 7,481 | 3,393 |
| 46,678 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 253,916 | 184,226 | 64,955 | 201,654 | 205,637 | 42,438 | 42,410 | 25,655 | 9,564 |
|  | $1,015,642$ | 847,938 | $2,772,246$ | $2,806,146$ | 357,901 | 357,403 | 205,345 | 71,223 |

## PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1042, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { assets } \\ \text { classes } \end{gathered}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets 41 | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital (less reserves) | Total assctsTotal Iiabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: PRINTING AND PUBLISHING

| 1 | 2, 808 | 8,229 | 15,154 | 6,751 | 2,566 | 23,419 | 59,588 | 13,709 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 953 | 8,659 | 15,295 | 9,019 | 4,527 | 26,878 | 68,932 | 11, 423 |
| 100 | 906 | 17,059 | 27, 414 | 19,246 | 12,664 | 54, 718 | 140, 233 | 18, 172 |
| 250 | 436 | 16,433 | 26,509 | 20,900 | 18,429 | 61,687 | 151, 469 | 16, 290 |
| 500 | 276 | 20,075 | 32, 118 | 24,903 | 28, 475 | 76, 227 | 189,993 | 19,471 |
| 1,000 | 254 | 50,820 | 86,641 | 71, 843 | 92,943 | 207, 431 | 532, 887 | 47, 280 |
| 5,000 | 44 | 22,086 | 35, 221 | 25,651 | 73,599 | 132,671 | 307, 819 | 22,481 |
| 10,000 | 24 | 40.206 | 52,962 | 30,553 | 107,092 | 192, 425 | 437, 227 | 20,393 |
| 50,000 | 2 | 10,475 | 2,075 | 4, 853 | 69,281 | 21, 074 | 108, 121 | 10,303 |
| 100,000 |  | 9,689 | 16,565 | 6,343 | 1,859 | 200,327 | 245, 376 | 25,334 |
| Total. | 5,704 | 203, 731 | 309,953 | 220,064 | 411, 434 | 996,856 | 2,241, 644 | 204, 856 |

MANUFACTURING: PRINTING AND PUBLISHING

| 1 | 3,161 | 3,285 | 10,875 | 5,113 | 1,857 | 22,508 | 46,944 | 18,382 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 380 | 1, 775 | 5,480 | 3,018 | 1,419 | 12,337 | 26,066 | 6,842 |
| 100 | 218 | 2, 194 | 6,802 | 5, 041 | 2,778 | 13, 703 | 33,039 | 6, 701 |
| 250 | 57 | 1, 299 | 3,332 | 2,299 | 2,957 | 8,661 | 19,564 | 4,528 |
| 500 | 28 | 551 | 3,630 | 2,262 | 1,224 | 9,802 | 19,089 | 2,927 |
| 1,000 | 20 | 1,858 | 9,754 | 2,759 | 4,604 | 10, 270 | 32,399 | 14,882 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 999 | 1,829 | 696 | 3,040 | 9,123 | 16,356 | 1,831 |
| 10,000 | 2 | 886 | 1,774 | 2, 269 | 4,629 | 13,380 | 24,111 | 223 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 3,868 | 12,846 | 43, 477 | 23,457 | 22,508 | 99,784 | 217,568 | 56,315 |

MANUFACTURING: CHEMICALS AND ALLIED

| 1. | 1,416 | 4,110 | 6,802 | 7,833 | 1,102 | 8,111 | 29,893 | 7,856 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 616 | 5,302 | 9,308 | 11, 768 | 2,325 | 13,696 | 44, 524 | 8,541 |
| 100 | 754 | 15,938 | 23, 289 | 31, 414 | 8,596 | 37,086 | 121,617 | 20, 333 |
| 250 | 495 | 22,642 | 30,348 | 46,332 | 16,125 | 53, 193 | 175, 544 | 24, 109 |
| 500 | 303 | 25, 056 | 37,604 | 61,747 | 22, 160 | 57, 152 | 211,344 | 32, 751 |
| 1,000 | 356 | 84, 559 | 134,007 | 194, 541 | 110,113 | 227, 414 | 774,093 | 107, 731 |
| 5,000 | 53 | 39,625 | 56, 053 | 84, 385 | 58, 508 | 127, 093 | 375,214 | 27, 054 |
| 10,000 | 73 | 165, 335 | 195,798 | 281,081 | 325, 553 | 560, 970 | 1,569,623 | 109, 402 |
| 50,000 | 14 | 85,980 | 115,944 | 219, 807 | 184, 720 | 335, 213 | 962, 170 | 109, 082 |
| 100,000 | 10 | 250, 456 | 207,014 | 273,621 | 889,895 | 780, 075 | 2, 419,643 | 156, 135 |
| Total | 4,090 | 699, 003 | 816,167 | 1,212, 529 | 1,619,097 | 2,200, 003 | 6,683, 664 | 602,994 |

MANUFACTURING: CHEMICALS AND ALLIED

| 1. | 1,378 | 1,338 | 2,741 | 3,925 | 538 | 7,261 | 17,427 | 7,885 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 167 | 763 | 1,618 | 2,514 | 768 | 4,888 | 11,755 | 3, 720 |
| 100 | 122 | 829 | 2,482 | 3,211 | 1,436 | 8,656 | 18,810 | 4, 411 |
| 250 | 39 | 494 | 1,661 | 3,378 | 1,552 | 5,851 | 13,434 | 3, 107 |
| 500. | 28 | 663 | 2,382 | 3,217 | 2,278 | 9,919 | 19,111 | 3,933 |
| 1,000 | 11 | 884 | 4,983 | 4,710 | 2,634 | 9,640 | 23, 504 | 7,280 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 319 | 5, 079 | 2,379 | 403 | 4,968 | 15, 268 | 8,803 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,747 | 5,290 | 20,946 | 23,334 | 9,609 | 51, 184 | 119,310 | 39, 140 |

[^30]by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet prafit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits }{ }^{58} \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) }^{50} \end{gathered}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \operatorname{tax}^{59} \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## INDUSTRIES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 5,528 | 35,164 | 276 | 136,217 | 137,733 | 6,050 | 6,048 | 1,523 | 855 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5,165 | 32,672 | 13,739 | 121,895 | 123,546 | 7,655 | 7,647 | 2,617 | 1,520 |
| 9,656 | 60,181 | 41,807 | 221,702 | 225,123 | 16,584 | 16,560 | 6,404 | 3,789 |
| 10,962 | 62,292 | 49,308 | 207,044 | 210,652 | 17,516 | 17,479 | 7,604 | 4,951 |
| 13,818 | 73,039 | 66,975 | 232,893 | 237,710 | 23,565 | 23,495 | 11,373 | 6,199 |
| 42,348 | 167,538 | 221,819 | 581,624 | 596,588 | 71,510 | 71,354 | 35,122 | 20,408 |
| 42,122 | 89,871 | 118,841 | 271,658 | 277,525 | 41,058 | 40,866 | 20,637 | 13,294 |
| 26,896 | 129,214 | 193,633 | 384,477 | 398,724 | 54,859 | 54,718 | 26,007 | 20,024 |
| 18,777 | 40,466 | 37,668 | 47,558 | 50,413 | 3,799 | 3,723 | 736 | 1,797 |
| 22,478 | 48,020 | 135,871 | 149,043 | 154,596 | 8,181 | 8,181 | 3,256 | 817 |
| 197,750 | 738,456 | 879,938 | $2,354,111$ | $2,412,610$ | 250,779 | 250,070 | 115,281 | 73,653 |

LNDUSTRIES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 2,539 | 17,095 |  | 52 | 75,062 | 75,632 | 4,441 | 4,440 | 1,287 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2,853 | 19,923 | 9,928 | 95,372 | 96,331 | 6,265 | 6,263 | 2,339 | 497 |
| 6,663 | 51,497 | 32,902 | 260,432 | 262,682 | 18,103 | 18,091 | 8,142 | 3,194 |
| 8,945 | 71,406 | 54,948 | 340,038 | 342,904 | 30,053 | 30,030 | 15,511 | 5,697 |
| 11,560 | 70,262 | 76,422 | 367,267 | 370,646 | 36,404 | 36,365 | 19,958 | 6,363 |
| 33,088 | 266,880 | 288,310 | $1,079,257$ | $1,093,940$ | 143,931 | 143,670 | 78,857 | 32,234 |
| 26,762 | 124,898 | 156,658 | 452,301 | 456,583 | 66,576 | 66,541 | 35,456 | 17,546 |
| 74,499 | 592,089 | 623,356 | $1,507,525$ | $1,549,432$ | 230,895 | 280,441 | 151,946 | 65,067 |
| 37,030 | 332,664 | 381,237 | $1,111,911$ | $1,123,795$ | 184,949 | 184,896 | 102,467 | 43,513 |
| 67,704 | 925,945 | $1,046,816$ | $1,724,726$ | $1,788,406$ | 362,692 | 362,403 | 180,849 | 134,409 |
| 271,643 | $2,472,659$ | $2,675,629$ | $7,013,951$ | $7,160,350$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 3 4 , 3 0 9}$ | $1,133,140$ | 596,813 | 309,552 |

PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets } 41 \end{array}\right\|$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{53}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: PETROLEUM AND COAL

| 1. | 54 | 255 | 295 | 179 | 36 | 420 | 1,221 | 331 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 35 | 337 | 771 | 270 | 62 | 937 | 2,452 | 653 |
| 100 | 64 | 1,522 | 2, 495 | 1,828 | 639 | 3, 591 | 10, 523 | 2,320 |
| 250 | 47 | 2,194 | 3,348 | 2,630 | 1,432 | 6,594 | 16,683 | 3,833 |
| 500 | 44 | 4,431 | 5,468 | 6,349 | 3,677 | 10,403 | 31,365 | 6,569 |
| 1,000 | 70 | 18, 594 | 23, 165 | 30,219 | 16,935 | 59, 181 | 151,993 | 26,917 |
| 5,000 | 12 | 8,197 | 10,835 | 16,187 | 7,527 | 40,531 | 85, 237 | 11,877 |
| 10,000 | 21 | 37, 015 | 42, 763 | 70,522 | 38, 603 | 233, 020 | 429,858 | 41, 063 |
| 50,000 | 4 | 34, 781 | 23, 250 | 40,596 | 18, 031 | 214, 348 | 334, 524 | 13, 843 |
| 100,000 | 21 | 574,068 | 1,112, 255 | 876, 527 | 2, 534, 779 | 4,847, 681 | 10, 106, 466 | 699, 715 |
| Total. | 372 | 681,394 | 1,224,645 | 1,045, 307 | 2, 621, 722 | 5, 416, 705 | 11,170,323 | 807, 120 |

MANUFACTURING: PETROLEUM AND COAL

| 1. | 74 | 113 | 250 | 130 | 34 | 634 | 1,244 | 555 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 27 | 182 | 277 | 179 | 190 | 995 | 1,903 | 740 |
| 100 | 21 | 204 | 617 | 446 | 119 | 1,747 | 3,195 | 1,056 |
| 250. | 12 | 331 | 764 | 254 | 329 | 2,221 | 4,002 | 781 |
| 500 | 9 | 162 | 907 | 747 | 525 | 3,929 | 6,365 | 2,527 |
| 1,000 | 7 | 547 | 1,973 | 2, 049 | 105 | 10, 463 | 19, 777 | 2,709 |
| 5,000-.-.-. - - | 4 | 662 | 2,032 | 4,969 | 6,337 | 11, 135 | 26,428 | 7,471 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 2, 841 | 2,128 | 563 | 4,268 | 7,452 | 22,416 | 5,360 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 155 | 5, 040 | 8,949 | 9,336 | 11,906 | 38,575 | 85, 331 | 21, 200 |

MANUFACTURING: STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS

| 1. | 484 | 1,685 | 2,769 | 2,641 | 309 | 4,319 | 12,070 | 2,515 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 300 | 3, 290 | 4,666 | 4,036 | 1,076 | 8,083 | 21,737 | 3,830 |
| 100 | 374 | 8,482 | 11,184 | 11, 402 | 4,442 | 24,588 | 62,003 | 8,513 |
| 250 | 192 | 8,360 | 11,717 | 12, 771 | 5, 560 | 26,489 | 66, 703 | 7,754 |
| 500 | 167 | 12,306 | 18,992 | 21, 942 | 11, 762 | 47, 747 | 116, 012 | 13, 620 |
| 1,000 | 188 | 47,184 | 47,338 | 61, 585 | 51,387 | 166, 245 | 386, 789 | 26,404 |
| 5,000 | 34 | 24,357 | 25, 826 | 39,307 | 34,044 | 114.926 | 244, 125 | 9,499 |
| 10,000 | 32 | 89,579 | 74,329 | 112,690 | 149, 801 | 278,737 | 723, 127 | 49,979 |
| 50,000 | 4 | 25,678 | 64,325 | 36,558 | 116, 199 | 75, 256 | 321,996 | 16,874 |
| Total | 1,775 | 220,921 | 261, 146 | 302, 933 | 374,579 | 746,390 | 1,954, 562 | 138,988 |

MANUFACTURING: STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS

|  | 583 | 907 | 1,917 | 2,358 | 340 | 5,367 | 11,427 | 4,512 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 190 | 873 | 1,608 | 2,130 | 588 | 7,549 | 13, 426 | 4,167 |
| 100 | 164 | 1,259 | 2,842 | 4,027 | 1,226 | 14,653 | 25, 009 | 5,054 |
| 250 | 70 | 1,109 | 2,031 | 4,143 | 1,232 | 13, 612 | 23, 326 | 3,326 |
| 500 | 24 | 535 | 1,145 | 2,928 | 625 | 10, 465 | 16,936 | 1,272 |
| 1,000 | 26 | 1,503 | 2,228 | 5,955 | 5,146 | 36,522 | 52, 487 | 2,352 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 291 | 363 | 1,150 | 544 | 13, 713 | 16,426 | 74 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 251 | 427 | 1,070 | 192 | 8,251 | 10,298 | 293 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,060 | 6,732 | 12,565 | 23,791 | 9,893 | 110,132 | 169,335 | 21,050 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other

## figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{58}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \begin{array}{c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \end{array} \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 45 | 548 | 181 | 4,461 | 4,493 | 170 | 170 | 50 | 9 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 218 | 867 | 550 | 8,825 | 8,951 | 418 | 418 | 140 | 81 |  |
| 740 | 6,683 | 60 | 454 | 30,335 | 30,712 | 1,851 | 1,849 | 786 | 252 |
| 1,457 | 4,195 | 5,078 | 48,622 | 49,049 | 3,134 | 3,133 | 1,475 | 473 |  |
| 1,894 | 8,397 | 9,890 | 86,092 | 86,587 | 6,048 | 6,047 | 3,125 | 687 |  |
| 9,881 | 49,412 | 48,594 | 320,207 | 323,431 | 23,803 | 23,789 | 13,817 | 3,660 |  |
| 8,289 | 33,503 | 25,698 | 133,263 | 134,940 | 9,723 | 9,723 | 4,301 | 1,485 |  |
| 43,930 | 179,672 | 137,622 | 484,759 | 492,175 | 43,195 | 43,184 | 22,741 | 9,537 |  |
| 36,828 | 137,536 | 130,357 | 246,951 | 250,794 | 20,504 | 20,504 | 9,024 | 8,678 |  |
| $1,510,195$ | $4,177,029$ | $3,331,156$ | $5,550,972$ | $5,749,866$ | 413,392 | 412,356 | 153,068 | 283,491 |  |
| $1,613,477$ | $4,597,843$ | $3,688,673$ | $6,914,487$ | $7,130,999$ | 522,239 | 521,173 | 208,527 | 308,355 |  |

## PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets } 41 \end{gathered}$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less re- serves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{16}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: IRON, STEEL, AND

| 1 | 1,024 | 5,060 | 6,410 | 5,046 | 720 | 7,940 | 25,945 | 5,981 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 697 | 9,005 | 11,829 | 9,821 | 2, 320 | 16. 535 | 50,934 | 8. 265 |
| 100 | 1,104 | 31, 3'2 | 37,616 | 39,421 | 13, 869 | 55, 460 | 183, 271 | 26, 100 |
| 250 | 781 | 41.911 | 57, 038 | 59, 740 | 27,682 | 83, 283 | 278, 019 | 80, 856 |
| 500 | 595 | 58,456 | 85, 980 | 97, 540 | 50, 553 | 117, 057 | 423, 598 | 58, 160 |
| 1,000 | 709 | 193, 604 | 288, 354 | 339, 520 | 197, 481 | 389, 831 | 1,458, 820 | 203, 542 |
| 5,000 | 119 | 122,918 | 158, 653 | 187, 633 | 117, 189 | 204, 085 | 813.282 | 114, 089 |
| 10,000 | 110 | 303, 072 | 40', 147 | 514, 038 | 415,512 | 587, 217 | 2,327,951 | 395, 258 |
| 50,000 | 10 | 64, 565 | 84,428 | 104, 737 | 144, 960 | 133, 938 | 573,077 | 43, 9.38 |
| 100,000 | 18 | 610, 520 | 565, 367 | 1,005, 498 | 937, 162 | 2,661,304 | 5,943,789 | 791,461 |
| Total. | 5, 167 | 1,440, 453 | 1,698,823 | 2,362,996 | 1,907,447 | 4, 256, 651 | 12, 078, 685 | 1,685, 651 |

MANUFACTURING: IRON, STEEL, AND


MANUFACTURING: NONFERROUS METALS AND THEIR

| 1. | 670 | 3,117 | 4,506 | 3,734 | 504 | 3,690 | 16,007 | 3,981 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 321 | 4,349 | 5,770 | 5. 794 | 1. 065 | 5, 579 | 23,309 | 4,752 |
| 100 | 317 | 9,417 | 11,801 | 12,149 | 4, 173 | 11,744 | 51, 075 | 9,438 |
| 250 | 192 | 11, 229 | 14,884 | 17,314 | 7,139 | 15,941 | 69, 250 | 11, 233 |
| 500 | 114 | 11,069 | 18,679 | 21, 931 | 6,391 | 18, 829 | 79, 702 | 13,176 |
| 1,000 | 137 | 33, 528 | 50,607 | 75, 836 | 37, 756 | 63,912 | 269, 716 | 40,373 |
| 5,000 | 21 | 20,786 | 22,909 | 32,339 | 28,369 | 45,465 | 154, 218 | 14,732 |
| 10,000 | 17 | 39,090 | 52, 164 | 90,645 | 75,907 | 104, 890 | 372, 708 | 47, 247 |
| 50,000 | 4 | 24, 321 | 36, 244 | 54,346 | 61, 455 | 108, 517 | 302, 793 | 52, 542 |
| 100,000 | 4 | 41, 449 | 133, 759 | 157,485 | 360. 409 | 380, 189 | 1,058, 2.36 | 155,494 |
| Total_ | 1, 797 | 193,857 | 351, 322 | 471,572 | 583,168 | 758, 755 | 2, 427, 012 | 352,967 |

MANUFACTURING: NONFERROUS METALS AND THEIR

| 1. | 429 | 792 | 1,201 | 1,352 | 227 | 2,427 | 6,435 | 3,401 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 51 | 393 | 561 | 848 | 130 | 1,303 | 3,534 | 1,084 |
| 110 | 41 | 636 | 1,184 | 1,656 | 112 | 2,009 | 5,871 | 2,245 |
| 250 | 8 | 170 | 1,209 | -660 | 486 | 1, 254 | 2,930 | 497 |
| 500 | 6 | 616 | 528 | 924 | 417 | 1, 174 | 3,803 | 1,093 |
| 1,000. | 4 | 151 | 545 | 2,183 | 105 | 6,251 | 9,490 | 1,162 |
| 5,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 ....- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 539 | 2,759 | 4,229 | 7,622 | 1,478 | 14,417 | 32,062 | 9,483 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, wet income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { tax } 59 \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 1,637 | 12,698 | 2,909 | 80,251 | 80,707 | 5,589 | 5,589 | 2,196 | 749 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3,255 | 22,125 | 11,780 | 123,620 | 124,419 | 11,055 | 11,040 | 5,299 | 937 |
| 8,890 | 65,242 | 57,820 | 395,822 | 398,558 | 43,538 | 43,524 | 25,230 | 4,089 |
| 9,912 | 84,624 | 101,760 | 550,546 | 554,320 | 72,639 | 72,609 | 46,476 | 7,774 |
| 17,577 | 120,619 | 147,163 | 797,616 | 804,164 | 120,590 | 120,548 | 78,404 | 11,939 |
| 48,693 | 376,285 | 534,916 | $2,435,095$ | $2,455,754$ | 408,244 | 408,007 | 268,195 | 39,542 |
| 24,333 | 161,238 | 317,286 | $1,278,154$ | $1,287,681$ | 233,858 | 233,770 | 156,941 | 22,447 |
| 100,779 | 539,677 | 777,724 | $3,285,524$ | $3,312,794$ | 538,203 | 537,901 | 355,487 | 60,798 |
| 17,829 | 195,594 | 178,108 | 652,428 | 662,526 | 113,640 | 113,623 | 76,367 | 12,545 |
| 690,546 | $2,229,523$ | $1,392,381$ | $6,764,329$ | $6,863,914$ | 851,825 | 851,777 | 542,602 | 147,535 |
| 923,451 | $3,807,624$ | $3,521,876$ | $16,363,383$ | $16,544,837$ | $2,399,181$ | $2,398,389$ | $1,557,198$ | 308,355 |

## PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1,072 | 8,059 | 1,361 | 55,584 | 55,881 | 2,526 | 2,526 | 816 | 196 |
| 1,306 | 9,479 | 5,706 | 64,328 | 64,626 | 4,292 | 4,292 | 1,958 | 370 |
| 1,924 | 18,717 | 15,351 | 124,600 | 125,327 | 11,184 | 11,182 | 6,302 | 1,053 |
| 2,353 | 21,907 | 22,810 | 154,607 | 155,791 | 18,746 | 18,727 | 11,498 | 1,994 |
| 3,626 | 23,420 | 27,592 | 180,299 | 181,475 | 20,184 | 20,180 | 13,084 | 1,923 |
| 8,203 | 78,431 | 95,114 | 563,151 | 567,587 | 64,217 | 64,166 | 40,655 | 6,793 |
| 2,745 | 52,295 | 56,973 | 225,951 | 228,017 | 35,531 | 35,516 | 22,363 | 6,064 |
| 10,400 | 92,422 | 153,802 | 625,68 | $6.34,253$ | 84,939 | 84,868 | 56,727 | 10,888 |
| 62,437 | 106,461 | 60,271 | 341,165 | 342,908 | 37,507 | 37,502 | 24,999 | 8,771 |
| 118,417 | 355,932 | 357,131 | 771,218 | 796,842 | 130,800 | 130,770 | 71,959 | 39,217 |
| 212,482 | 767,122 | 796,110 | $3,106,589$ | $3,152,706$ | 409,927 | 409,730 | 250,360 | 77,270 |

PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets 41 } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventorles | Investmeuts ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{40}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: ELECTRICAL MACHINERY AND

| 1. | 306 | 1,340 | 1,809 | 2,129 | 195 | 1,652 | 7,391 | 1,898 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 166 | 2,121 | 2,946 | 3, 716 | 350 | 2,493 | 12, 070 | 3,030 |
| 100 | 254 | 6,712 | 9,208 | 12,695 | 2, 308 | 8,831 | 41, 028 | 9, 502 |
| 250 | 147 | 6,864 | 12,796 | 15, 714 | 4,773 | 11,459 | 53, 065 | 11,513 |
| 500 | 137 | 13, 180 | 24, 590 | 30,052 | 6,926 | 18,743 | 96, 777 | 18,981 |
| 1,000 | 197 | 59,029 | 95, 854 | 137, 301 | 47. 593 | 84,739 | 437,913 | 79, 077 |
| 5,000 | 40 | 44,530 | 64,908 | 89,457 | 33, 851 | 54,395 | 296, 344 | 55,679 |
| 10,000 | 32 | 65, 662 | 139, 667 | 183, 098 | 98,794 | 134, 532 | 637, 777 | 123,315 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 5, 648 | 8, 149 | 13, 438 | 13, 200 | 15, 045 | 56, 826 | 9,962 |
| 100,000 | 3 | 147, 148 | 332, 771 | 566. 913 | 455, 715 | 225, 179 | 1,769,524 | 346, 952 |
| Total | 1,283 | 352, 233 | 692,697 | 1,054,513 | 663, 706 | 557,068 | 3,408, 715 | 659,909 |

MANUFACTURING: ELECTRICAL MACHINERY AND

| 1. | 234 | 254 | 538 | 905 | 35 | 1,122 | 3, 109 | 1,325 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 44 | 216 | 542 | 755 | 131 | 1,186 | 3, 082 | 1,096 |
| 100 | 28 | 272 | 642 | 1,498 | 67 | 1, 512 | 4,442 | 2,299 |
| 250 | 15 | 471 | 753 | 1,408 | 249 | 1,597 | 4,820 | 1,527 |
| 500 | 5 | 192 | 814 | 1,005 | 60 | 1,273 | 3, 503 | 970 |
| 1,000 | 6 | 693 | 2,756 | 4,016 | 431 | 3,949 | 12, 179 | 8,706 |
| 5,000 | 1 | 1,121 | 423 | 4,247 |  | 1,398 | 8,014 | 281 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 | 1 | 8, 570 | 5, 819 | 12,370 | 316, 318 | 17,197 | 365, 624 | 15,378 |
| Total | 334 | 11,789 | 12, 287 | 26, 205 | 317, 290 | 29,235 | 404, 771 | 31,583 |

MANUFACTURING: MACHINERY, EXCEPT TRANSPORTATION

| 1 | 1,047 | 4,590 | 6,498 | 5,215 | 617 | 8,265 | 26,135 | 6,414 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 660 | 7,759 | 11, 131 | 10, 042 | 2,267 | 15,313 | 47,929 | 8,674 |
| 100 | 966 | 24, 244 | 34,400 | 35, 536 | 10. 272 | 46,333 | 156, 188 | 23, 414 |
| 250 | 653 | 37,111 | 50,658 | 55, 144 | 19,872 | 64, 865 | 234,391 | 32, 715 |
| 500 | 491 | 54,343 | 76,626 | 87, 361 | 33, 006 | 82,487 | 345, 444 | 52, 620 |
| 1,000 | 666 | 210,490 | 313, 494 | 393, 594 | 191, 530 | 300, 694 | 1,457,623 | 213, 603 |
| 5,000. | 127 | 136,867 | 180, 228 | 237, 768 | 141, 191 | 177, 474 | -899,907 | 120, 449 |
| 10,000 | 111 | 353, 870 | 449, 691 | 626, 470 | 341, 363 | 400, 624 | 2, 279, 112 | 255, 220 |
| 50,000 | 11 | 111,817 | 164, 531 | 222, 068 | 138, 682 | 144,632 | 806,070 | 121, 465 |
| 100,000 | 7 | 131,414 | 214, 755 | 284,676 | 559, 506 | 304, 868 | 1,511, 043 | 155, 646 |
| Total | 4,739 | 1,072,505 | 1,502, 011 | 1,957,874 | 1,438, 305 | 1,545, 555 | 7,763, 842 | 990, 219 |

MANUFACTURING: MACHINERY, EXCEPT TRANSPORTATION

| 1. | 682 | 1,012 | 2,334 | 2,543 | 334 | 5,267 | 12,519 | 5,457 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 157 | 698 | 1,810 | 2, 076 | 300 | 5,311 | 11, 299 | 3,732 |
| 100 | 121 | 1,252 | 2,907 | 4,397 | 1,131 | 7,494 | 18, 564 | 4,869 |
| 250 | 37 | 511 | 3, 014 | 3, 693 | 573 | 4,590 | 12,923 | 5,276 |
| 500 | 15 | 590 | 2, 398 | 2,425 | 630 | 2, 742 | 9,412 | 1,397 |
| 1,000 | 14 | 4,462 | 5, 271 | 7,280 | 1,632 | 9,012 | 29,636 | 9,317 |
| 5,000 | 3 | 1,829 | 2,808 | 11,320 | 161 | 4,772 | 22,541 | 2,912 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,029 | 10,353 | 20,542 | 33, 733 | 4, 762 | 39,188 | 116,894 | 32,960 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits }{ }^{58} \\ & \text { (less } \\ & \text { deficit) }{ }^{50} \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { tax } 59 \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## EQUIPMENT-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 433 | 3,091 | 1,106 | 21,388 | 21,561 | 1,518 | 1,518 | 561 | 75 |
| 605 | 3,922 | 2,700 | 30,727 | 30,880 | 2,571 | 2,571 | 1,245 | 204 |
| 2,099 | 13,032 | 10,976 | 94,982 | 95,714 | 8,477 | 8,466 | 4,602 | 663 |
| 2,721 | 13,923 | 16,655 | 121,994 | 122,663 | 13,374 | 13,371 | 8,252 | 960 |
| 4,542 | 22,925 | 30,907 | 202,401 | 203,695 | 28,238 | 28,234 | 18,030 | 1,749 |
| 16,403 | 88,526 | 156,799 | 788,580 | 794,414 | 119,283 | 119,206 | 81,501 | 11,867 |
| 5,615 | 44,304 | 114,367 | 477,959 | 481,081 | 88,463 | 88,443 | 58,326 | 9,731 |
| 27,436 | 121,405 | 229,081 | 859,879 | 869,356 | 143,072 | 142,902 | 93,123 | 19,789 |
| 4,976 | 16,285 | 11,765 | 95,468 | 96,130 | 14,047 | 14,044 | 10,206 | 1,050 |
| 55,632 | 483,115 | 385,235 | $2,116,846$ | $2,141,270$ | 314,583 | 314,257 | 198,481 | 58,418 |
| 120,463 | 813,531 | 959,589 | $4,810,223$ | $4,856,764$ | 733,627 | 733,012 | 474,326 | 104,507 |

## EQUIPMENT-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## EQUIPMENT AND ELECTRICAL-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1,689 | 13,791 | 1,283 | 66,548 | 67,180 | 5,195 | 5,194 | 1,825 | 712 |
| 3,183 | 21,847 | 9,117 | 99,649 | 100,546 | 10,191 | 10,190 | 5,038 | 967 |
| 8,528 | 61,091 | 39,975 | 297,498 | 300,006 | 37,377 | 37,365 | 21,692 | 2,975 |
| 11,308 | 69,983 | 79,132 | 437,022 | 440,511 | 71,559 | 71,531 | 45,800 | 5,320 |
| 11,029 | 85,598 | 126,271 | 589,426 | 594,126 | 108,140 | 108,090 | 71,677 | 8,489 |
| 40,628 | 316,443 | 549,173 | $2,225,767$ | $2,250,341$ | 462,636 | 462,358 | 309,419 | 34,355 |
| 18,329 | 209,773 | 337,455 | $1,224,014$ | $1,236,452$ | 269,170 | 268,966 | 178,349 | 28,303 |
| 65,483 | 426,390 | 851,952 | $2,850,536$ | $2,877,728$ | 728,527 | 728,384 | 504,085 | 65,842 |
| 47,720 | 215,500 | 275,374 | $1,020,017$ | $1,028,001$ | 192,809 | 192,488 | 126,532 | 30,194 |
| 67,690 | 473,681 | 679,755 | 953,718 | $1,004,905$ | 217,629 | 217,029 | 128,821 | 49,223 |
| 275,586 | $1,894,097$ | $2,949,487$ | $9,764,194$ | $9,899,796$ | $2,103,232$ | $2,101,595$ | $1,393,238$ | 226,380 |

EQUIPMENT AND ELECTRICAL-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets } \\ & \text { classes }{ }^{53} \end{aligned}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance shcets 41 | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets serves) | Total assetsTotal liabilitics ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: AUTOMOBILES AND EQUIPMENT.

| 1. | 112 | 422 | 624 | 634 | 84 | 689 | 2,576 | 593 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 62 | 794 | 1,025 | 1,221 | 114 | 1,179 | 4,479 | 1,030 |
| 100 | 92 | 1,923 | 3, 884 | 4, 733 | 716 | 3,229 | 14,946 | 3,523 |
| 250 | 65 | 3, 173 | 4, 605 | 7,577- | 1,109 | 5,749 | 22,768 | 5,713 |
| 500 | 57 | 4,866 | 9,239 | 13, 275 | 2, 438 | 10,052 | 41, 149 | 10, 250 |
| 1.000 | 65 | 21, 904 | 32,567 | 40,910 | 15,849 | 31,953 | 149, 532 | 26,958 |
| 5,000 | 12 | 17, 588 | 17, 856 | 28, 625 | 4,924 | 17, 050 | 87, 919 | 14,964 |
| 10,000 | 19 | 64,012 | 86,564 | 120, 022 | 36, 934 | 62,375 | 382, 877 | 92, 376 |
| 50,000 | 7 | 67, 711 | 158, 673 | 122, 591 | 67, 498 | 73, 138 | 500, 266 | 146, 086 |
| 100,000 | 3 | 244, 305 | 310, 694 | 302, 348 | 79, 744 | 384,544 | 1,339, 543 | 258,870 |
| 'Total | 494 | 426,698 | 625, 731 | 641,935 | 209, 412 | 589,959 | 2, 546, 055 | 560,361 |

MANUFACTURING: AUTOMOBILES AND EQUIPMENT,

| 1. | 88 | 84 | 272 | 376 | 21 | 606 | 1,435 | 701 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 13 | 22 | 106 | 126 | 59 | 440 | 1808 | 961 |
| 100 | 10 | 28 | 214 | 303 | 40 | 718 | 1,360 | 563 |
| 250 | 5 | 197 | 311 | 554 | 145 | 524 | 1,744 | 551 |
| 500. | 4 | 263 | 394 | 【566 | 28 | 871 | 2,308 | 365 |
| 1,000 | 2 | 102 | 896 | 79 | 38 | 2, 125 | 3,261 | 940 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {r }}$ Total | 122 | 696 | 2, 192 | 2,004 | 331 | 5,284 | 10,915 | 4,081 |

MANUFACTURING: TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT

| 1. | 107 | 502 | 687 | 485 | 45 | 807 | 2, 628 | 609 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 66 | 671 | 1,479 | 981 | 127 | 1,693 | 5, 048 | 1,384 |
| 100 | 108 | 2,099 | 5, $3 \cdot 46$ | 3, 442 | 1,320 | 4,538 | 17, 401 | 4,735 |
| 250 | 82 | 3,983 | 8,921 | 7,344 | 1. 342 | 7,379 | 29, 749 | 8,383 |
| 500. | 77 | 7,707 | 18, 065 | 12, 464 | 2,598 | 11,318 | 53, 868 | 17,038 |
| 1,000 | 130 | 36, 732 | 113, 005 | 69, 815 | 12,834 | 58,583 | 303, 023 | 86, 027 |
| 5,000 | 40 | 40,789 | 116, 124 | 68, 196 | 17,917 | 37,966 | 290, 465 | 87,052 |
| 10,090 | 56 | 186, 685 | 448, 174 | 299, 627 | 115,681 | 185, 561 | 1,312,097 | 359, 628 |
| 50,000 | 10 | 127, 064 | 193, 856 | 114, 262 | 81, 862 | 147,943 | 735, 545 | 182, 079 |
| 100,000 | 19 | 970,225 | 1,288, 757 | 1,420,540 | 699,569 | 861,057 | 5,614,095 | 866, 285 |
| Total | 695 | 1,376, 455 | 2, 194, 413 | 1,997, 158 | 933, 297 | 1,316, 846 | 8,363, 921 | 1,613,219 |

MANUFACTURING: TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT

| 1. | 121 | 215 | 369 | 395 | 37 | 1,207 | 2,386 | 1,179 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 51 | 257 | 766 | 621 | 69 | 1,648 | 3,617 | 1,449 |
| 100 | 29 | 311 | 1,107 | 1,092 | 210 | 1,718 | 4,815 | 2, 159 |
| 250 | 20 | 432 | 1,443 | 1,692 | 405 | 2,363 | 7,198 | 2,861 |
| 500 | 17 | 920 | 2,728 | 3,088 |  | 3,991 | 12,188 | 3,937 |
| 1,000 | 18 | 3,787 | 11,612 | 8, 004 | 160 | 7,693 | 37, 031 | 11,699 |
| 5.000 | 2 | 1,826 | 4, 235 | 3,483 |  | 4.083 | 14, 299 | 7,230 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 6,428 | 5,170 | 48,651 | 403 | 1,203 | 84,716 | 32,750 |
| Total | 259 | 14,176 | 27, 431 | 67,025 | 1,284 | 23,906 | 166, 250 | 63,263 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{58}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits } 58 \\ & \text { (less } \\ & \text { deficit) } \end{aligned}$ | Gross salcs ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \operatorname{tax} 59 \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

EXCEPT ELECTRICAL-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 304 | 1,379 | 5 | 7,533 | 7,617 | 456 | 456 | 143 | 20 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 358 | 1,890 | 795 | 11,533 | 11,674 | 703 | 703 | 255 | 36 |
| 1,227 | 4,616 | 3,663 | 37,150 | 37,478 | 2,809 | 2,809 | 1,430 | 153 |
| 1,080 | 7,518 | 5,966 | 51,068 | 51,421 | 4,656 | 4,656 | 2,619 | 452 |
| 2,370 | 9,252 | 12,365 | 83,240 | 83,767 | 9,318 | 9,318 | 5,778 | 639 |
| 9,415 | 25,290 | 55,265 | 274,326 | 276,550 | 40,739 | 40,729 | 25,792 | 3,246 |
| 9,777 | 19,346 | 23,490 | 142,176 | 143,505 | 16,733 | 16,711 | 10,322 | 958 |
| 14,566 | 44,624 | 121,526 | 655,382 | 658,016 | 107,797 | 107,790 | 71,281 | 9,997 |
| 8,014 | 53,623 | 199,517 | 918,705 | 923,760 | 118,548 | 118,548 | 80,913 | 7,199 |
| $-\cdots---$ | 56,418 | 881,514 | $1,843,010$ | $1,878,748$ | 110,880 | 110,753 | 56,662 | 22,690 |
| 47,110 | 226,956 | $1,304,106$ | $4,024,123$ | $4,072,534$ | 412,639 | 412,473 | 255,196 | 45,390 |

EXCEPT ELECTRICAL-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


AUTOMOBILES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 108 | 1,170 | 435 | 7,134 | 7,287 | 654 | 654 | 251 | 78 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 350 | 1,707 | 973 | 11,256 | 11,368 | 1,057 | 1,056 | 496 | 20 |
| 1,094 | 5,162 | 3,729 | 37,963 | 38,209 | 3,800 | 3,798 | 2,198 | 329 |
| 2,048 | 6,931 | 8,281 | 57,855 | 58,187 | 6,972 | 6,972 | 4,052 | 482 |
| 2,647 | 7,437 | 11,727 | 109,514 | 109,952 | 13,624 | 13,624 | 9,000 | 449 |
| 23,864 | 46,101 | 66,502 | 565,577 | 570,360 | 64,080 | 64,072 | 41,897 | 2,693 |
| 13,242 | 32,623 | 70,821 | 690,810 | 702,061 | 73,518 | 73,502 | 49,302 | 5,100 |
| 63,921 | 165,948 | 264,180 | $2,517,589$ | $2,528,084$ | 288,302 | 288,261 | 198,234 | 19,068 |
| 37,573 | 86,885 | 169,211 | $1,342,388$ | $1,348,566$ | 144,164 | 144,136 | 96,854 | 11,887 |
| 87,802 | 951,936 | $1,627,801$ | $6,879,191$ | $6,957,130$ | 902,161 | 902,004 | 547,033 | 169,314 |
| 232,739 | $1,305,900$ | $2,223,659$ | $12,219,277$ | $12,331,204$ | $1,498,332$ | $1,498,080$ | 949,317 | 209,419 |

## AUTOMOBILES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 737 | 1,597 | ${ }^{60} 1,375$ | 2,629 | 2,657 | ${ }^{39} 341$ | ${ }^{39} 341$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 733 | 2,604 | ${ }^{60} 1,545$ | 4,662 | 4,757 | ${ }^{39} 496$ | ${ }^{39} 496$ | 17 |
| 1,009 | 1,512 | 60324 | 4, 717 | 4,802 | 59478 | ${ }^{39} 478$ | 1 |
| 1,218 | 1,999 | ${ }^{60} 81$ | 5, 854 | 5,953 | ${ }^{39} 539$ | 39539 |  |
| 1, 114 | 3,173 | 60270 | 11, 253 | 11, 434 | ${ }^{39} 769$ | ${ }^{39} 769$ | 2 |
| 3, 862 | 4,815 | 2,891 | 35, 128 | 35, 303 | ${ }^{39} 1,252$ | -.9 1, 252 | 45 |
| 2,279 | 4,000 | 204 | 3,470 | 3,814 | ${ }^{89} 14$ | ${ }^{39} 17$ |  |
| 30 | 567 | 3,632 | 60,164 | 60,222 | 39 852 | ${ }^{89} 85$ |  |
| 10,979 | 20,268 | 3,131 | 127, 877 | 128,942 | ${ }^{39} 4,741$ | ${ }^{39} 4,744$ | 65 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than oun stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | Num- <br> ber <br> of re- <br> turns <br> with <br> balance <br> sheets ${ }^{41}$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

OTHER MANUFACTURING-

| 1. | 1,224 | 4,521 | 7,677 | 6, 819 | 749 | 5, 741 | 26,442 | 6,916 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | - 432 | 4,941 | 8, 177 | 8, 630 | 1,473 | 6,880 | 31, 216 | 7,061 |
| 100 | 427 | 10, 726 | 15, 828 | 19,324 | 3, 886 | 16,024 | 68, 099 | 12, 130 |
| 250 | 240 | 11, 598 | 17,651 | 25, 764 | 6,535 | 19,475 | 84, 230 | 13,596 |
| 500 | 158 | 15, 236 | 21, 869 | 30, 624 | 11,339 | 25, 161 | 108, 019 | 16, 667 |
| 1,000 | 128 | 32, 093 | 60,808 | 70,675 | 46, 299 | 58, 517 | 278, 085 | 32, 872 |
| 5,000 | 20 | 16,938 | 28,934 | 49, 681 | 14, 827 | 27,645 | 142,839 | 16,399 |
| 10,000 | 13 | 35, 851 | 62,174 | 93,759 | 41, 126 | 45,406 | 286, 794 | 47,039 |
| 50,000 100,000 | 2 | 42,233 | 65, 570 | 113,145 | 99,420 | 65,845 | 390,022 | 19,372 |
| Total_ | 2,644 | 174, 136 | 288,688 | 418,421 | 225,653 | 270,696 | 1,415,748 | 172, 052 |

OTHER MANUFACTURING-


MANUFACTURING NOT ALLOCABLE-

| 1. | 470 | 1,747 | 2,627 | 2,387 | 289 | 2,909 | 10,397 | 2, 484 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 191 | 2,220 | 3, 179 | 3,340 | 787 | 3, 884 | 13, 977 | 2,587 |
| 100 | 295 | 7,101 | 10,379 | 12,642 | 2,831 | 14,543 | 48,978 | 9,682 |
| 250 | 156 | 7,067 | 12,328 | 15, 404 | 4,083 | 15, 054 | 55, 679 | 10, 169 |
| 500 | 107 | 7,752 | 18, 010 | 21, 555 | 6,825 | 19,918 | 76, 377 | 13, 377 |
| 1,000 | 101 | 23, 926 | 40,215 | 54, 042 | 30, 621 | 53, 986 | 210, 110 | 37,045 |
| 5,000 | 14 | 14,562 | 18, 639 | 19,582 | 18, 135 | 17, 794 | 93, 781 | 14,914 |
| 10,000 | 3 | 9,481 | 9, 112 | 16, 811 | 8,272 | 8,723 | 53, 824 | 8,998 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 2,975 | 4,503 | 14,435 | 2,208 | 28,874 | 54, 038 | 3,936 |
| Total. | 1,341 | 76, 831 | 118, 992 | 160, 199 | 74,051 | 165, 686 | 617, 161 | 103, 191 |

MANUFACTURING NOT ALLOCABLE-

| 1. | 351 | 492 | 916 | 1,263 | 72 | 2,185 | 5,329 | 2,194 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 60 | 294 | 642 | 873 | 139 | 1,786 | 4, 144 | 1,348 |
| 100 | 40 | 733 | 1,049 | 1,123 | 127 | 2,392 | 5,824 | 2, 071 |
| 250 | 21 | 610 | 1,496 | 1,668 | 88 | 2,231 | 6,737 | 1,257 |
| 500 | 12 | 487 | 1,430 | 1,625 | 174 | 4,657 | 8,766 | 1,787 |
| 1,000 | 6 | 1,309 | 4,414 | 1,603 | 2,378 | 6,357 | 16,306 | 4,731 |
| 5,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 $\ldots$. . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 490 | 3,924 | 9,947 | 8,155 | 2,978 | 19,608 | 47, 105 | 13,389 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{37}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undirided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { tax } \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 1,661 | 12,729 | 2,410 | 89,341 | 89,754 | 4,653 | 4, 652 | 1,537 | 350 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,632 | 12,736 | 6, 774 | 80, 879 | 81, 520 | 5,116 | 5,116 | 2,195 | 407 |
| 4,196 | 24, 189 | 19,358 | 148, 534 | 149, 698 | 13,696 | 13,694 | 7,235 | 1,377 |
| 3, 634 | 30, 172 | 26, 536 | 168, 473 | 169, 743 | 17, 893 | 17,887 | 10, 263 | 1, 823 |
| 6,496 | 31, 458 | 36,663 | 182, 741 | 184, 524 | 24, 508 | 24,474 | 15, 170 | 2, 555 |
| 5, 626 | 79, 980 | 103, 812 | 411,515 | 416, 050 | 73, 789 | 73, 739 | 47, 416 | 8,614 |
| 2,390 | 37, 830 | 64, 847 | 184, 493 | 186, 715 | 31,508 | 31, 502 | 19,561 | 4,782 |
| 22,372 | 74, 001 | 102, 648 | 336, 147 | 342, 123 | 50,851 | 50, 849 | 32,026 | 5, 685 |
|  | 105, 246 | 91, 236 | 288, 623 | 293, 419 | 58,310 | $5 \overline{8}, 249$ | 31, 821 | 15, 188 |
| 48, 007 | 408, 340 | 454, 284 | 1,890, 745 | 1,913, 546 | 280, 324 | 280, 162 | 167, 225 | 40,781 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 661 | 5,316 | 750 | 32, 853 | 33, 053 | 1,722 | 1,722 | 520 | 73 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 974 | 6,160 | 2, 841 | 36, 486 | 36, 792 | 2, 346 | 2,346 | 1,072 | 384 |
| 2,897 | 18,646 | 12, 177 | 106, 674 | 107, 425 | 9,684 | 9,682 | 5,013 | 748 |
| 2,504 | 17, 850 | 16,679 | 114, 434 | 115, 440 | 13, 378 | 13,377 | 8,098 | 1,447 |
| 3,495 | 21,926 | 24,982 | 156, 722 | 158, 177 | 19, 104 | 19, 099 | 12, 262 | 1,937 |
| 5,956 | 64, 114 | 73, 842 | 352, 814 | 356, 376 | 45, 724 | 45, 711 | 28,676 | 4,876 |
| 3,440 | 20, 191 | 32, 050 | 119, 583 | 121, 491 | 22, 728 | 22, 707 | 13, 813 | 2, 564 |
| -79 | 10,967 | 23, 618 | 71, 756 | 72, 464 | 10, 760 | 10,759 | 6,660 | 4,490 |
| 15,048 | 12,219 | 18,884 | 45, 057 | 46,069 | 4,497 | 4,497 | 2,757 | 765 |
| 35, 054 | 177,389 | 205, 822 | 1,036, 378 | 1, 047, 287 | 129,943 | 129,900 | 78,871 | 17,284 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation reiurns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets } \\ & \text { classes } 53 \end{aligned}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets 41 | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital (less reserves) | Total Total liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TOTAL PUBLIC UTILITIES -

| 1 | 5,429 | 16,511 | 21,659 | 2,045 | 3, 810 | 55,767 | 105, 670 | 23, 754 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1, 733 | 15, 013 | 23,913 | 2,655 | 6,364 | 68, 642 | 122, 700 | 23,443 |
| 100 | 1, 755 | 32, 392 | 51, 043 | 5, 723 | 17,473 | 161, 039 | 279, 499 | 45, 187 |
| 250 | 849 | 34,472 | 46,491 | 6, 152 | 25,673 | 172,878 | 297, 844 | 42, 537 |
| 500 | 574 | 43, 082 | 55,940 | 8,924 | 31, 502 | 249, 253 | 403,409 | 54, 153 |
| 1,000 | 655 | 126, 609 | 117,424 | 30, 102 | 132,363 | 934,308 | 1,387, 011 | 123, 042 |
| 5,000 | 172 | 86, 165 | 80, 456 | 28, 769 | 101, 550 | 876, 206 | 1,211,758 | 67, 820 |
| 10,000 | 239 | 289, 864 | 263, 004 | 95, 813 | 503, 468 | 4, 064, 722 | 5, 448, 538 | 218, 033 |
| 50,000 | 73 | 193, 983 | 205. 188 | 83, 887 | 436, 186 | 3, 717, 508 | 4, 911, 705 | 155, 682 |
| 100,000 | 118 | 1,510,777 | 1,053,655 | 726,634 | 9,294, 800 | 31, 925, 135 | 45, 767, 262 | 1,005, 189 |
| Total. | 11,597 | 2,348, 866 | 1,918,773 | 990,703 | 10, 558, 188 | 42, 225, 459 | 59, 935, 396 | 1,763,840 |

TOTAL PUBLIC UTILITIES-

| 1. | 3, 958 | 5,275 | 9,860 | 1,230 | 1,658 | 31, 290 | 53, 051 | 24,300 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 506 | 2,853 | 6,227 | 853 | 1, 194 | 22, 257 | 35, 526 | 12, 206 |
| 100 | 360 | 3,528 | 8,676 | 1,216 | 2, 706 | 35, 969 | 54,843 | 13, 696 |
| 250 | 150 | 3, 300 | 7,615 | 849 | 3, 733 | 35, 343 | 52,326 | 11,416 |
| 500 | 109 | 3,302 | 6,314 | 1,155 | 3,946 | 59, 285 | 78,549 | 14,479 |
| 1,000 | 125 | 13, 208 | 9, 663 | 3, 703 | 12,285 | 223, 258 | 281, 182 | 42.903 |
| 5,000 | 27 | 5,752 | 2, 408 | 2, 233 | 13.259 | 160, 726 | 187, 374 | 46.840 |
| 10,000 | 28 | 23. 101 | 25,812 | 6,614 | 19.652 | 457.045 | 554, 947 | 104, 676 |
| 50,000 | 7 | 12, 051 | 4,800 | 5,637 | 17, 813 | 454, 032 | 506, 418 | 14, 549 |
| 100,000 | 6 | 54,870 | 59, 151 | 12,878 | 702,012 | 942, 235 | 1,841,613 | 40,754 |
| rotal. | 5,276 | 127, 240 | 140,527 | 36,368 | 778, 288 | 2,421, 491 | 3,645, 834 | 325,819 |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: TRANSPORTATION-

| 1. | 3,949 | 13,331 | 18, 871 | 1,390 | 2, 654 | 36, 118 | 77,017 | 20,715 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,259 | 12, 131 | 20,879 | 2,039 | 4,508 | 44, 833 | 89, 238 | 20,526 |
| 100 | 1,255 | 25, 634 | 44,301 | 4,145 | 13,387 | 103, 390 | 200, 256 | 38, 244 |
| 250 | 602 | 27,370 | 40, 290 | 4,761 | 18,891 | 109, 411 | 210,178 | 37, 091 |
| 500. | 396 | 34, 251 | 48,708 | 6,355 | 23, 590 | 152, 468 | 277, 207 | 44,902 |
| 1,000 | 422 | 100,717 | 92,765 | 18, 638 | 104, 117 | 520, 4.47 | 870,910 | 92, 836 |
| 5,000 | 91 | 60, 859 | 57, 062 | 14, 106 | 73,778 | 407, 523 | 635, 510 | 51,526 |
| 10,000 | 98 | 173, 792 | 158, 706 | 37, 743 | 271. 643 | 1,363,960 | 2, 117, 277 | 123, 385 |
| 50,000 | 29 | 107, 983 | 129, 071 | 43, 650 | 167, 465 | 1, 274, 193 | 1,905, 473 | 95, 033 |
| 100,000 | 51 | 994,800 | 611,365 | 466, 159 | 4, 297, 345 | 18,010, 115 | 25, 142, 577 | 624, 204 |
| Total | 8,152 | 1,550, 869 | 1,222, 018 | 599, 035 | 4, 977, 382 | 22,022,457 | 31, 525, 644 | 1,153, 462 |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: TRANSPORTATION-

| 1. | 2, 805 | 4,177 | 8, 143 | 823 | 1,238 | 19,135 | 36, 172 | 17, 295 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 356 | 2,428 | 5,368 | 643 | 1,021 | 14,023 | 24, 872 | 9,968 |
| 100 | 224 | 2,783 | 7,380 | 767 | 2, 094 | 19,339 | 34, 022 | 10, 037 |
| 250 | 97 | 2,852 | 6.579 | 516 | 2,634 | 19,998 | 33, 628 | 8,227 |
| 500. | 69 | 2, 166 | 5, 050 | 508 | 2,487 | 36,588 | 49, 719 | 7,706 |
| 1,000 | 81 | 10,445 | 7,118 | 2,140 | 7,276 | 153, 050 | 188, 476 | 30,984 |
| 5,000 | 16 | 4,221 | 1,044 | 1,106 | 7,133 | 93, 971 | 108, 945 | 32, 925 |
| 10,000 | 21 | 16,255 | 20,795 | 4,357 | 13, 300 | 357, 365 | 431, 156 | 89, 426 |
| 50,000 | 7 | 12, 051 | 4,800 | 5, 637 | 17, 813 | 454, 032 | 506, 418 | 14,549 |
| 100,000 | 3 | 11,324 | 2,342 | 5,762 | 43, 091 | 305, 258 | 407, 912 | 14.886 |
| Total. | 3,679 | 68,701 | 68,619 | 22,261 | 98,087 | 1,472, 758 | 1,821, 320 | 236,000 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits }{ }^{58} \\ & \text { (less }^{\text {deficit) }} \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { tax } 59 \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 10,421 | 52,745 | 9,256 | 226,615 | 234,552 | 16,775 | 16,770 | 4,959 | 2,218 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 13,748 | 46,170 | 27,253 | 213,814 | 219,298 | 18,797 | 18,782 | 79,691 | 2,895 |
| 38,565 | 108,189 | 60,541 | 376,957 | 384,951 | 42,290 | 42,258 | 19,945 | 7,266 |
| 45,894 | 111,071 | 65,689 | 339,399 | 345,362 | 46,669 | 46,638 | 23,965 | 8,851 |
| 66,920 | 152,414 | 87,063 | 370,010 | 377,402 | 57,256 | 57,230 | 30,788 | 13,745 |
| 310,877 | 505,449 | 306,098 | 807,874 | 829,853 | 152,929 | 152,805 | 77,083 | 34,968 |
| 357,942 | 462,805 | 218,317 | 493,703 | 508,597 | 99,962 | 99,932 | 48,633 | 29,485 |
| $1,818,175$ | $2,087,893$ | 922,547 | $1,714,019$ | $1,786,159$ | 417,463 | 417,172 | 189,192 | 140,591 |
| $1,915,634$ | $1,941,141$ | 465,596 | $1,397,503$ | $1,450,079$ | 238,566 | 238,403 | 134,048 | 95,777 |
| $17,167,573$ | $17,336,781$ | $6,262,376$ | $10,892,162$ | $11,518,765$ | $2,555,397$ | $2,554,064$ | $1,030,412$ | 769,840 |
| $21,745,749$ | $22,804,656$ | $8,427,773$ | $16,832,058$ | $17,655,017$ | $3,696,134$ | $3,634,054$ | $1,566,766$ | $1,105,636$ |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 8,578 | 35,031 | 4,598 | 206,330 | 212,743 | 14,411 | 14,408 | 4,326 | 1,576 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 9,826 | 30,742 | 18,491 | 190,901 | 195,587 | 15,520 | 15,508 | 6,595 | $1,9.39$ |
| 28,416 | 70,903 | 40,712 | 334,064 | 340,837 | 34,808 | 34,788 | 17,117 | 4,997 |
| 28,780 | 75,111 | 43,246 | 298,885 | 304,286 | 37,701 | 37,677 | 20,134 | 5,674 |
| 41,320 | 100,729 | 55,850 | 314,798 | 321,501 | 47,271 | 47,235 | 26,236 | 10,141 |
| 153,170 | 298,880 | 224,518 | 628,169 | 647,816 | 122,024 | 121,913 | 63,178 | 22,904 |
| 159,155 | 219,868 | 134,900 | 344,118 | 356,562 | 70,453 | 70,434 | 35,925 | 15,409 |
| 534,210 | 710,353 | 539,163 | 845,976 | 898,595 | 218,363 | 218,107 | 101,168 | 47,441 |
| 634,026 | 703,745 | 201,507 | 741,603 | 775,633 | 137,321 | 137,272 | 68,244 | 23,157 |
| $10.291,127$ | $7,164,981$ | $4,070,492$ | $7,010,858$ | $7,329,214$ | $1,479,830$ | $1,478,872$ | 603,672 | 173,791 |
| $11,888,608$ | $9,410,345$ | $5,333,477$ | $10,915,703$ | $11,382,775$ | $2,177,703$ | $2,176,212$ | 946,646 | 307,030 |

## Returns with no net income

| 10,598 | 27,427 | ${ }^{60} 24.253$ | 88, 158 | 90, 809 | ${ }^{39} 4,911$ | ${ }^{39} 4,912$ | 86 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4,456 | 13, 283 | ${ }^{60} 6,954$ | 35, 322 | 36,838 | ${ }^{39} 1,957$ | 391,957 | 42 |
| 9,085 | 17,850 | ${ }^{60} 6,740$ | 38,765 | 40, 143 | ${ }^{59} 3,073$ | 393,074 | 93 |
| 10, 638 | 15,432 | ${ }^{60} 4,841$ | 23, 936 | 25,352 | ${ }^{39} 2,190$ | 39 2, 191 | 23 |
| 25, 508 | 20,999 | ${ }^{60} 10,863$ | 33, 199 | 33, 733 | ${ }^{39} 2,905$ | ${ }^{39} 2,907$ | 101 |
| 105, 105 | 90, 055 | ${ }^{60} 68,415$ | 35, 701 | 37,630 | 39 8, 665 | 39 8,670 | 353 |
| 29,301 | 60, 655 | 6048,531 | 17,692 | 17,979 | 37 4, 496 | ${ }^{89}+, 508$ |  |
| 230, 282 | 152, 156 | ${ }^{60} 174,306$ | 89, 033 | 91, 018 | ${ }^{33} 14,099$ | ${ }^{39} 14,115$ | 52 |
| 316, 103 | 146,595 | $6^{60} 144,096$ | 81, 733 | 86,485 | 39 7, 963 | 39 7,977 |  |
| 294, 110 | 61,790 | ${ }^{60} 53,555$ | 90,518 | 91,367 | ${ }^{39} 3,501$ | ${ }^{39} 3,501$ |  |
| 1,035, 185 | 606,241 | 60 542, 553 | 534,045 | 551, 354 | $\left.{ }^{39} 53,75\right)$ | ${ }^{39} 53,812$ | 750 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, anc come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compilec than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sbeets }{ }^{41} \end{gathered}\right.$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: COMMUNICATION-

| 1. | 856 | 1,851 | 1,599 | 431 | 729 | 10,396 | 15,683 | 1,400 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 222 | I, 753 | 1,700 | 360 | 938 | 10,251 | 15, 729 | 1,310 |
| 100 | 222 | 3,895 | 3, 074 | 639 | 2,173 | 23,995 | 35,031 | 3, 214 |
| 250 | 102 | 4,170 | 3, 360 | 616 | 3,786 | 22,458 | 35,815 | 2, 042 |
| 500 | , 54 | 3,422 | 3,064 | 774 | 3,224 | 26, 460 | 37,994 | 2,467 |
| 1,000 | 71 | 10,096 | 7,498 | 3,944 | 9,487 | 117, 994 | 154,447 | 6,586 |
| 5,000 | 13 | 6,096 | 3, 227 | 5,370 | 4,377 | 68,977 | 92, 050 | 1,958 |
| 10,000 | 18 | 24, 229 | 22, 421 | 7,362 | 24, 026 | 265, 206 | 354, 590 | 14, 431 |
| 50,000 | 6 | 2, 686 | 18, 639 | 5,147 | 3, 869 | 361,975 | 395, 860 | 10, 058 |
| 100,000 | 15 | 65, 580 | 196,647 | 61,608 | 3, 141, 105 | 3,661,677 | 7, 186, 144 | 104, 050 |
| Total | 1,579 | 123,777 | 261, 229 | 86,249 | 3, 193, 712 | 4, 569, 389 | 8,323, 343 | 147,516 |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: COMMUNICATION-

| 1. | 696 | 531 | 965 | 292 | 215 | 6,393 | 8,950 | 1,619 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 62 | 208 | 519 | 61 | 77 | 3,120 | 4,381 | 989 |
| 100 | 31 | 319 | 293 | 26 | 237 | 3,210 | 4,490 | 909 |
| 250 | 10 | 114 | 200 | 67 | 547 | 2,376 | 3, 401 | 252 |
| 500 | 5 | 39 | 322 | 99 | 314 | 2,646 | 3,468 | 552 |
| 1,000 | 5 | 162 | 264 | 224 | 899 | 7,909 | 10,069 | 267 |
| 10,000 | 2 | 3, 303 | 3,592 | 1, 758 | 25 | 55, 634 | 64,841 | 3,050 |
| 50,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 811 | 4,676 | 6,154 | 2,527 | 2,314 | 81,287 | 99,600 | 7,638 |

OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES-

|  | 624 | 1,328 | 1,189 | 224 | 427 | 9, 254 | 12,970 | 1,638 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 252 | 1,130 | 1,335 | 256 | 918 | 13, 558 | 17, 733 | 1,607 |
| 100 | 278 | 2, 862 | 3,669 | 939 | 1,913 | 33, 654 | 44, 212 | 3,730 |
| 250 | 145 | 2,932 | 2,840 | 775 | 2,996 | 41,008 | 51, 851 | 3,404 |
| 500 | 124 | 5,409 | 4,168 | 1,795 | 4,688 | 70,325 | 88, 208 | 6,784 |
| 1,000 | 162 | 15,795 | 17, 161 | 7,470 | 18, 759 | 295, 868 | 361, 654 | 28,620 |
| 5,000 | 68 | 19,210 | 20,167 | 9, 293 | [23, 395 | 399, 706 | 484, 198 | 14, 337 |
| 10,000 | 123 | 91, 842 | 81,877 | 50,708 | 212,799 | 2, 435, 557 | 2,976, 670 | 75, 217 |
| 50,000 | 38 | 83, 315 | 57, 477 | 35, 090 | 264,850 | 2,081,340 | 2, 610, 371 | 50,591 |
| 100,000 | 52 | 450,397 | 245, 643 | 198,867 | 1,856, 350 | 10,253,343 | 13, 438, 541 | 276,935 |
| Total | 1,866 | 674,220 | 435, 526 | 305, 419 | 2,387, 094 | 15, 633, 614 | 20,086,408 | 462, 863 |

OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES-

| 1. | 457 | 567 | 752 | 115 | 204 | 5,763 | 7,929 | 5,386 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 88 | 217 | 341 | 149 | 96 | 5,115 | 6, 273 | 1, 250 |
| 100 | 105 | 425 | 1,003 | 422 | 375 | 13, 420 | 16,336 | 2,750 |
| 250 | 43 | 335 | 837 | 266 | 552 | 12,969 | 15,297 | 2,938 |
| 500. | 35 | 1,098 | 942 | 547 | 1,145 | 20,051 | 25, 362 | 6, 221 |
| 1,000 | 39 | 2,601 | 2,282 | 1,339 | 4, 110 | 62,300 | 82, 637 | 11,652 |
| 5,000 | 11 | 1,531 | 1,364 | 1,127 | 6, 156 | 66,756 | 78, 429 | 13,915 |
| 10,000 | 5 | 3,544 | 1,425 | 498 | 6,327 | 44,046 | 58,951 | 12, 200 |
| 500,00 1000 | 3 | 43, 546 | 56,809 | 7,116 | 658,921 | 637,027 | 1, 433, 701 | 25,869 |
| Total | 786 | 53, 863 | 65, 754 | 11,580 | 677,887 | 867, 446 | 1,724,915 | 82, 181 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \substack{\text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) }} \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or defieit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 870 | 8,596 | 4,129 | 12,619 | 13,766 | 1,358 | 1,357 | 374 | 325 |
| 1,209 | 7,130 | 4,830 | 13,748 | 14,393 | 2,170 | 2,169 | 785 | 577 |
| 3,489 | 15,089 | 10,688 | 27,294 | 28,027 | 4,869 | 4,866 | 1,993 | 1,274 |
| 4,160 | 14,679 | 11,391 | 23,402 | 23,676 | 6,057 | 6,051 | 2,858 | 1,647 |
| 7,214 | 16,774 | 8,405 | 23,713 | 23,959 | 4,856 | 4,848 | 2,367 | 1,573 |
| 55,950 | 61,715 | 19,436 | 62,355 | 63,004 | 12,328 | 12,322 | 5,968 | 4,128 |
| 31,465 | 37,518 | 12,774 | 26,407 | 26,678 | 6,317 | 6,315 | 3,216 | 2,304 |
| 88,670 | 155,455 | 70,845 | 163,903 | 167,565 | 36,653 | 36,648 | 17,917 | 14,273 |
| 72,828 | 268,200 | 22,809 | 128,194 | 130,071 | 24,670 | 24,667 | 11,571 | 13,891 |
| $1,667,490$ | $4,324,500$ | 740,554 | $1,489,937$ | $1,686,257$ | 487,593 | 487,484 | 184,066 | 313,163 |
| $1,933,345$ | $4,909,656$ | 905,862 | $1,971,570$ | $2,177,396$ | 586,871 | 586,728 | 231,115 | 353,156 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 973 | 9,118 | 559 | 7,667 | 8,043 | 1,005 | 1,005 | 259 | 317 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2,712 | 8,298 | 3,933 | 9,166 | 9,318 | 1,106 | 1,105 | 312 | 378 |
| 6,660 | 22,197 | 9,141 | 15,600 | 16,088 | 2,612 | 2,604 | 835 | 994 |
| 12,954 | 21,281 | 11,053 | 17,112 | 17,400 | 2,912 | 2,910 | 973 | 1,529 |
| 18,386 | 34,910 | 22,813 | 31,499 | 31,941 | 5,159 | 5,147 | 2,135 | 2,032 |
| 101,757 | 144,854 | 62,144 | 117,350 | 119,032 | 18,577 | 18,570 | 7,937 | 7,935 |
| 167,323 | 205,419 | 70,643 | 123,177 | 125,357 | 23,192 | 23,184 | 9,542 | 11,772 |
| $1,195,295$ | $1,222,084$ | 312,539 | 704,140 | 719,999 | 162,448 | 162,417 | 70,106 | 78,877 |
| $1,208,780$ | 969,196 | 244,280 | 527,706 | 544,374 | 126,575 | 126,464 | 54,233 | 58,729 |
| $5,208,956$ | $5,847,297$ | $1,451,330$ | $2,391,367$ | $2,503,294$ | 587,974 | 587,707 | 242,673 | 282,886 |
| $7,923,796$ | $8,484,655$ | $2,188,434$ | $3,944,784$ | $4,094,846$ | 931,560 | 931,114 | 389,006 | 445,450 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets }{ }^{41} \end{array}\right\|$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Inrestments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal lia- <br> - bilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TOTAL TRADE: RETURNS

| 1. | 44,382 | 166,538 | 220,497 | 358, 457 | 26, 70:3 | 180, 750 | 983, 262 | 273,727 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 15,389 | 171, 109 | 277,616 | 380, 358 | 44,936 | 192, 605 | 1, 096, 882 | 258, 247 |
| 100 | 13, 744 | 311, 230 | 562, 237 | 732, 779 | 128, 602 | 354, 324 | 2,151, 731 | 188, 259 |
| 250 | 5, 366 | 252, 148 | 494,516 | 617,930 | 158, 279 | 291, 915 | 1, 868, 601 | 403, 222 |
| 500 | 2, 678 | 251, 029 | 482, 657 | 587, 601 | 185, 299 | 292, 871 | 1, 853, 733 | 415, 456 |
| 1,000 | 1,922 | 464, 896 | 960, 835 | 1, 132, 672 | 451, 235 | 612, 657 | 3, 727, 563 | 842, 540 |
| 5,000 | 211 | 168,789 | 333, 764 | 405, 032 | 219,938 | 270, 990 | 1,440, 186 | 308, 175 |
| 10,000 | 148 | 345, 379 | 605, 471 | 676, 052 | 512,791 | 584,438 | 2, 795, 984 | 549, 86' |
| 50,000 | 12 | 118, 625 | 69,419 | 283, 194 | 188, 316 | 211, 529 | 893, 447 | 123, 629 |
| 100,000 | 14 | 302, 852 | 711,704 | 757, 806 | 534, 988 | 479,236 | 2,897,911 | 868,623 |
| Total. | 83, 866 | 2,552,596 | 4, 718,716 | 5,961, 881 | 2, 451,075 | 3,471,315 | 19, 709, 299 | 4, 531, 775 |

TOTAL TRADE: RETURNS

| 1 | 25, 174 | 38,700 | 82, 674 | 112, 779 | 10,914 | 100, 110 | 363, 080 | 159,622 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 2,902 | 17,305 | 49, 988 | 60, 329 | 9, 554 | 56, 400 | 202, 237 | 67, 219 |
| 100 | 1,629 | 21,592 | 58, 549 | 68, 280 | 16, 405 | 68, 691 | 243, 702 | 76, 64.4 |
| 250 | 360 | 10, 405 | 29, 782 | 29,560 | 12,910 | 35, 698 | 123, 264 | 36,657 |
| 500 | 137 | 13, 234 | 21,492 | 21,922 | 12,851 | 20, 664 | 93, 923 | 24, 986 |
| 1,000 | 87 | 22, 765 | 40,330 | 40,149 | 20,842 | 40, 281 | 169,861 | 62, 740 |
| 5,000 | 4 | 2, 881 | 3,389 | 5,967 | 924 | 12, 483 | 26,023 | 2,066 |
| 10,000 | 6 | 7,965 | 16,505 | 11,987 | 28,762 | 61,453 | 131, 222 | 15,324 |
| 100,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 30,299 | 134,846 | 302, 710 | 350,973 | 113, 161 | 399,081 | 1,353,312 | 445,25 s |

TRADE: TOTAL WHOLESALE-

| 1. | 10,368 | 46,038 | 80,055 | 62, 903 | 8,911 | 33, 120 | 239,318 | 74,684 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 4,934 | 58,772 | 117, 138 | 105, 410 | 16,958 | 46,601 | 355, 127 | 99, 664 |
| 100 | 5, 639 | 137, 007 | 279,944 | 287, 253 | 56,333 | 110,476 | 897, 015 | 230, 693 |
| 250 | 2,570 | 128, 736 | 271,871 | 301, 106 | 74, 102 | 99,703 | 901, 782 | 225, 769 |
| 500 | 1,386 | 130, 325 | 290,696 | 312,563 | 92, 414 | 107,099 | 962,413 | 266, 658 |
| 1,000 | 996 | 233, 216 | 610, 948 | 613, 312 | 236, 365 | 191,876 | 1, 941,379 | 546, 266 |
| 5,000 | 115 | 91, 314 | 224, 741 | 215, 718 | 125, 208 | 99, 930 | 781, 363 | 197, 331 |
| 10,000 | 63 | 142,506 | 390, 239 | 227, 499 | 259, 753 | 86, 022 | 1, 145, 296 | 365, 557 |
| 50,000 | 3 | 31, 063 | 28,590 | 88,917 | 55, 018 | 24, 714 | 232,000 | 70, 241 |
| 100,000 | 4 | 28, 575 | 127,611 | 199, 614 | 86,991 | 25,742 | 473, 212 | 214, 27 ! |
| Total | 26, 078 | 1, 027, 582 | 2, 421, 833 | 2, 414, 295 | 1,012,082 | 823, 283 | 7,925, 903 | 2, 285, 179 |

TRADE: TOTAL WHOLESALE-

| 1. | 5,793 | 11,739 | 27, 74.4 | 20,415 | 3,750 | 17,467 | 85,492 | 42, 732 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 841 | 6,695 | 19,133 | 15,747 | 3,856 | 10.939 | 59, 721 | 22, 109 |
| 100. | 586 | 10, 863 | 26,796 | 22, 699 | 7,770 | 17,908 | 90, 392 | 31, 011 |
| 250 | 164 | 6,556 | 15,405 | 12, 225 | 7,351 | 12, 149 | 55,853 | 18, 163 |
| 500 | 69 | 9, 373 | 11,633 | 8,735 | 8,431 | 8,017 | 48,231 | 13, 53\% |
| 1,000 | 43 | 17,581 | 26, 965 | 18,906 | 11,675 | 11,665 | 89, 297 | 39, 92. |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 $\ldots$.-. - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 7,499 | 62, 807 | 127, 726 | 98, 788 | 42, 863 | 78, 145 | 428,986 | 167,474 |

For footnotes, sce pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits }{ }^{58} \\ & \text { (less } \\ & \text { deficit) }{ }^{50} \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { tax }{ }^{39} \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## WITH NET INCOME

| 60,466 | 461,746 | 113,044 | $4,003,493$ | $4,051,621$ | 122,885 | 122,836 | 35,118 | 13,151 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 66,767 | 445,158 | 247,066 | $3,672,350$ | $3,723,785$ | 130,613 | 130,581 | 47,553 | 16,428 |
| 125,323 | 801,789 | 568,578 | $6,699,231$ | $6,800,636$ | 273,819 | 273,664 | 121,911 | 38,210 |
| 99,969 | 657,373 | 542,025 | $5,510,065$ | $5,595,281$ | 259,444 | 259,292 | 133,592 | 38,950 |
| 113,273 | 615,978 | 523,257 | $5,267,326$ | $5,351,535$ | 273,607 | 273,352 | 154,294 | 40,326 |
| 235,173 | $1,137,169$ | $1,129,030$ | $10,077,288$ | $10,238,391$ | 557,698 | 557,166 | 323,910 | 93,333 |
| 95,179 | 415,429 | 490,338 | $3,116,909$ | $3,173,919$ | 200,707 | 200,543 | 113,194 | 36,048 |
| 233,269 | 854,635 | 936,765 | $5,738,428$ | $5,848,786$ | 358,072 | 357,815 | 200,082 | 80,653 |
| 106,034 | 318,352 | 276,731 | $2,100,737$ | $2,122,060$ | 108,151 | 108,049 | 62,022 | 32,575 |
| 144,040 | 712,168 | 982,308 | $4,684,736$ | $4,759,642$ | 337,740 | 337,709 | 193,110 | 92,997 |
| $1,279,493$ | $6,419,797$ | $5,809,143$ | $50,870,563$ | $51,665,655$ | $2,622,737$ | $2,621,007$ | $1,384,784$ | 482,670 |

## WITH NO NET INCOME

| 50, 700 | 240, 665 | ${ }^{60} 121,243$ | 1,243; 208 | 1,257, 761 | ${ }^{39} 36,817$ | ${ }^{39} 36,821$ |  | 732 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26, 339 | 106, 817 | ${ }^{60} 11,401$ | 448, 152 | 455, 511 | 3310,408 | -3910,412 |  | 513 |
| 36, ${ }^{3672}$ | 109, 521 | 7, 503 | 472, 694 | ${ }^{480,873}$ | ${ }^{30} 9,955$ | ${ }^{33} 9,963$ |  | 760 3 3 |
| 13,828 | 35, 2029 | 14,653 | - 140,536 | - 143,971 | ${ }_{39}{ }^{3} \mathbf{4 ,} \mathbf{4}, 2092$ | ${ }_{39}{ }^{3} 4,366$ |  | ${ }_{931}^{331}$ |
| 22, 71 | 53, 452 | 14, 245 | 261,437 | 265, 706 | ${ }^{39} 6.282$ | 39 6,299 |  | 691 |
| 16,318 | - 33,471 | 62,427 | 143, 174 | -146, 382 | $\begin{array}{r}39259 \\ \hline 3,381\end{array}$ | \%39,382 |  | ${ }_{411}^{368}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -...- | -..... | --.......- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 187,419 | 643,319 | ${ }^{60} 14,144$ | 2, 930, 289 | 2,975, 848 | ${ }^{39} 74,945$ | ${ }^{33} 74,998$ |  | 4,737 |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 14,101 | 108,370 | 23,297 | $1,372,704$ | $1,389,948$ | 33,360 | 33,332 | 9,860 | 4,162 |
| 19,799 | 140,183 | 70,628 | $1,643,468$ | $1,660,048$ | 44,221 | 44,214 | 16,511 | 5,718 |
| 4,550 | 331,999 | 221,438 | $3,691,404$ | $3,724,420$ | 119,486 | 119,396 | 54,803 | 16,429 |
| 42,777 | 310,477 | 247,864 | $3,362,574$ | $3,389,646$ | 127,617 | 127,561 | 67,448 | 19,829 |
| 54,938 | 307,188 | 246,776 | $3,314,671$ | $3,343,484$ | 140,951 | 140,809 | 80,225 | 20,259 |
| 107,701 | 551,301 | 547,413 | $6,156,455$ | $6,205,976$ | 281,172 | 280,919 | 165,244 | 48,519 |
| 46,684 | 209,102 | 259,014 | $1,907,754$ | $1,928,017$ | 111,185 | 111,098 | 63,366 | 20,899 |
| 89,825 | 290,244 | 301,649 | $2,540,251$ | $2,568,658$ | 139,240 | 139,157 | 82,713 | 26,467 |
| 12,145 | 86,568 | 53,718 | 444,501 | 416,538 | 20,485 | 20,485 | 11,512 | 4,514 |
| 44,800 | 83,153 | 107,146 | 433,221 | 444,258 | 27,823 | 27,810 | 12,775 | 9,437 |
| 478,320 | $2,418,585$ | $2,078,944$ | $24,867,004$ | $25,100,992$ | $1,045,539$ | $1,044,783$ | 564,456 | 176,233 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets 41 | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets serves) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets- } \\ & \text { Total lia- } \\ & \text { bilities } 46 \end{aligned}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TRADE: WHOLESALE: COMMISSION MERCHANTS-

| 1. | 2, 204 | 10,578 | 14,415 | 2,187 | 2,854 | 6,339 | 38,393 | 10,863 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 478 | 8, 078 | 13, 606 | 2,383 | 3,043 | 5,471 | 33, 825 | 9,257 |
| 100 | 383 | 13, 891 | 25,170 | 5, 165 | 6,736 | 7, 639 | 60, 972 | 18,689 |
| 250 | 135 | 10,549 | 20,721 | 3, 623 | 6, 137 | 3, 733 | 46, 756 | 16, 266 |
| 500 | 86 | 14,349 | 27, 203 | 6, 836 | 8,427 | 4,476 | 63,580 | 25, 534 |
| 1,000 | 69 | 24, 296 | 65,376 | 12,591 | 21,340 | 7, 111 | 132, 743 | 57, 870 |
| 5,000 | 10 | 14,000 | 40,723 | 5, 188 | 9,356 | 646 | 74,915 | 34, 890 |
| 10,000 | 10 | 25, 642 | 71,374 | 1,111 | 83, 085 | 1,732 | 188,628 | 61, 282 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 3,375 | 121, 382 | 278, 587 | 39, 082 | 140,978 | 37, 147 | 639, 811 | 234, 651 |

TRADE: WHOLESALE: COMMISSION MERCHANTS-

| 1. | 1,303 | 2,664 | 5,121 | 936 | 937 | 3,390 | 14,090 | 7,582 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 102 | 1, 018 | 2,662 | 571 | 677 | 1,706 | 7,096 | 2,659 |
| 100 | 80 | 2,293 | 4,386 | 1,005 | 1,294 | 2,097 | 11,994 | 4,076 |
| 250 | 20 | 1,798 | 2,194 | 519 | 1,636 | 304 | 6,473 | 2,472 |
| 500 | 9 | 1,031 | 2, 881 | 665 | 1,253 | 267 | 6, 759 | 2,501 |
| 1,000 | 5 | 1,566 | 3,638 | 99 | 258 | 532 | 6,155 | 3,245 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 1,519 | 10,370 | 20,883 | 3,796 | 6,054 | 8,296 | 52,567 | 22, 536 |

OTHER WHOLESALERS-

| 1. | 8,164 | 35, 460 | 65,640 | 60,716 | 6,057 | 26,781 | 200, 924 | 63, 821 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 4,456 | 50, 694 | 103, 532 | 103, 027 | 13,944 | 41, 130 | 321, 302 | 90,506 |
| 100 | 5, 256 | 123, 116 | 254, 774 | 282, 088 | 49,597 | 102, 837 | 836, 043 | 211, 919 |
| 250 | 2,435 | 118, 187 | 251, 150 | 297, 483 | 67, 966 | 95, 970 | 855, 026 | 209, 503 |
| 500 | 1,300 | 115,976 | 263, 493 | 305, 727 | 83,986 | 102, 623 | 898, 833 | 235, 153 |
| 1,000 | 927 | 208, 950 | 545, 573 | 600, 721 | 215, 025 | 187, 765 | 1, 808, 636 | 488, 396 |
| 5,000 | 105 | 77,314 | 184, 019 | 210, 530 | 115, 852 | 99, 284 | 706, 448 | 162, 441 |
| 10,000 | 53 | 116, 864 | 318,865 | 226, 388 | 176,668 | 84, 290 | 956, 668 | 304, 275 |
| 50,000 | 3 | 31, 063 | 28,590 | 88, 917 | 55, 018 | 24714 | 232,000 | 70,241 |
| 100,000 | 4 | 28,575 | 127, 611 | 199, 614 | 86,991 | 25, 742 | 473, 212 | 214,271 |
| Total | 22,703 | 906,199 | 2,143,246 | 2,375, 212 | 871, 104 | 791, 136 | 7, 289, 092 | 2, 050, 527 |

OTHER WHOLESALERS-

| 1. | 4, 490 | 9,075 | 22,624 | 19,478 | 2, 813 | 14,077 | 71,402 | 35, 150 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 742 | 5,678 | 16,470 | 15,176 | 3, 209 | 9,233 | 52,625 | 19,450 |
| 100. | 506 | 8,570 | 22,409 | 21,694 | 6,476 | 15,811 | 78,398 | 26,935 |
| 250 | 144 | 4,758 | 13, 211 | 11,707 | 5,715 | 11,845 | 49,380 | 15,690 |
| 500. | 60 | 8,342 | 8,802 | 8,070 | 7,178 | 7,750 | 41, 472 | 11,036 |
| 1,000 | 38 | 16,014 | 23,327 | 18,867 | 11,417 | 11,133 | 83, 142 | 36, 677 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 - -- - - - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 ....-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 5,980 | 52,437 | 106,843 | 94,992 | 36, 809 | 69,849 | 376,419 | 144, 938 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits } \\ & \text { (less } \\ & \text { deficit) } \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { tax } 59 \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 12,039 | 91,079 | 18,697 | $1,187,085$ | $1,195,546$ | 25,604 | 25,579 | 7,443 | 2,790 |
| 18,463 | 127,250 | 63,335 | $1,497,922$ | $1,510,146$ | 38,549 | 38,542 | 14,185 | 4,664 |
| 42,346 | 312,206 | 207,638 | $3,484,006$ | $3,512,887$ | 110,957 | 110,869 | 50,979 | 14,976 |
| 40,947 | 297,793 | 237,213 | $3,215,820$ | $3,241,323$ | 119,484 | 119,436 | 63,332 | 18,135 |
| 52,510 | 290,165 | 232,938 | $3,177,880$ | $3,205,245$ | 133,502 | 133,389 | 76,213 | 18,937 |
| 103,061 | 520,031 | 516,928 | $6,040,932$ | $6,087,152$ | 268,550 | 268,333 | 158,464 | 46,135 |
| 45,090 | 196,836 | 241,051 | $1,764,689$ | $1,782,347$ | 101,221 | 101,148 | 57,417 | 18,910 |
| 85,258 | 241,319 | 237,212 | $2,500,493$ | $2,522,044$ | 115,540 | 115,495 | 69,213 | 21,968 |
| 12,145 | 86,568 | 53,718 | 444,501 | 446,538 | 20,485 | 20,485 | 11,512 | 4,514 |
| 44,800 | 83,153 | 107,146 | 433,221 | 444,258 | 27,823 | 27,810 | 12,775 | 9,437 |
| 456,659 | $2,246,399$ | $1,915,875$ | $23,746,550$ | $23,947,491$ | 961,714 | 961,087 | 521,532 | 160,468 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by lotal assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money'

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { assets } \\ \text { classes }{ }^{53} \end{gathered}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets 41 | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes aud accounts rcceivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital (less reserves) | Total Total liabilities ${ }^{16}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TRADE: TOTAL RETAIL

| 1. | 29,389 | 102,970 | 112,335 | 259, 209 | 15,048 | 126,784 | 635, 205 | 169, 123 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 8,547 | 92, 533 | 125,008 | 228, 293 | 22, 734 | 119, 207 | 604, 039 | 128,296 |
| 100 | 6,324 | 136, 020 | 211, 943 | 357, 412 | 55,429 | 186, 866 | 976, 926 | 201,795 |
| 250 | 2, 126 | 95, 026 | 164, 486 | 248, 266 | 61,972 | 143, 145 | 735, 149 | 135, 525 |
| 500 | 918 | 86, 675 | 128, 853 | 201, 391 | 64, 178 | 134, 422 | 634,415 | 107, 837 |
| 1,000 | 725 | 191, 083 | 263, 453 | 426,918 | 162,480 | 343, 272 | 1,430, 451 | 228,557 |
| 5,000 | 88 | 71,671 | 97, 963 | 165, 231 | 85, 616 | 160,508 | 596, 990 | 94, 539 |
| 10,000 | 75 | 186, 965 | 176, 374 | 408, 570 | 206, 74.4 | 480, 128 | 1,488, 904 | 150,310 |
| 50,000 | 9 | 87,562 | 40, 829 | 194, 277 | 133, 298 | 186, 815 | 661,4.48 | 53,388 |
| 100,000 | 9 | 264, 790 | 570, 962 | 572, 339 | 323, 352 | 450,431 | 2, 257, 464 | 635,974 |
| Total | 48,210 | 1,315, 294 | 1,892, 207 | 3,061,904 | 1,130,852 | 2,331, 577 | 10,020,990 | 1, 905, 343 |

TRADE: TOTAL RETAIL-

| 1 | 16,820 | 23, 000 | 44,787 | 81, 166 | 5,964 | 72,903 | 239, 152 | 99,936 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,674 | 8,715 | 23, 724 | 37, 549 | 4,634 | 36,346 | 115, 337 | 36,672 |
| 100 | 816 | 7,983 | 23, 423 | 37, 186 | 6, 357 | 39,483 | 118, 643 | 35.985 |
| 250 | 138 | 3,055 | 9,609 | 12, 126 | 3,788 | 16, 505 | 46,981 | 13,189 |
| 500. | 52 | 2,820 | 7,712 | 11,334 | 2,512 | 9,386 | 35, 002 | 8, 839 |
| 1,000 | 33 | 4,461 | 8,906 | 18, 101 | 5,118 | 22, 543 | 61,550 | 17,624 |
| 5,000 | 4 | 2,881 | 3,389 | 5,967 | 924 | 12,483 | 26, 023 | 2,066 |
| 10,000 | 2 | 2,341 | 140 | 1,244 | 1,281 | 25, 232 | 30, 993 | 1,655 |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 19,539 | 55, 256 | 121, 689 | 204,672 | 30,579 | 234,881 | 673, 682 | 215,966 |

TRADE: RETAIL: GENERAL MERCHANDISE-

| 1. | 2,026 | 8, 024 | 6,721 | 25,819 | 1,132 | 6,896 | 49,578 | 10,643 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 797 | 10,214 | 9,016 | 25,347 | 2,275 | 8,673 | 56, 474 | 9,105 |
| 100. | 725 | 20,860 | 19,237 | 46,379 | 7,448 | 19, 270 | 115, 838 | 17, 237 |
| 250 | 357 | 22,410 | 21, 232 | 44, 048 | 12,559 | 22,924 | 127, 031 | 16,018 |
| 500 | 205 | 23, 877 | 24,680 | 45,506 | 15, 263 | 31,090 | 145, 021 | 18,066 |
| 1,000 | 236 | 70, 366 | 83,928 | 153, 341 | 56,661 | 123, 402 | 504, 086 | 61,951 |
| 5,000 | 38 | 30,961 | 37,793 | 69, 473 | 29,388 | 85, 981 | 259, 273 | 27, 199 |
| 10,000 | 47 | 113,933 | 114,717 | 206, 153 | 141, 622 | 346, 457 | 939, 923 | 74,799 |
| 50,000 | 5 | 41,471 | 17,010 | 74, 505 | 109, 143 | 99,916 | 355, 102 | 15,955 |
| 100,000 | 8 | 221,243 | 562,972 | 487, 724 | 314, 323 | 434, 427 | 2,088, 204 | 585, 657 |
| Total | 4,444 | 563, 360 | 897, 308 | 1, 178, 29.4 | 689,814 | 1,179, 035 | 4,640,530 | 836, 631 |

TRADE: RETAIL: GENERAL MERCHANDISE-

| 1. | 727 | 1,031 | 2,600 | 4,556 | 490 | 2, 169 | 11, 184 | 3, 8.48 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 97 | 691 | 1,780 | 1,949 | 322 | 1,623 | 6,603 | 1, 523 |
| 100 | 36 | 351 | 1, 204 | 1,245 | 723 | 1,999 | 5, 630 | 1, 012 |
| 250. | 9 | - 26 | - 410 | 646 | 646 | -923 | 3,137 | 380 |
| 500. | 3 | 134 | 840 | 179 | 22 | 910 | 2, 126 | 118 |
| 1,000 | 1 | 17 | 108 | 517 |  | 988 | 1,671 | 289 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total . | 873 | 2,251 | 6,943 | 9,092 | 2,203 | 8,612 | 30,351 | 7,169 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits } 58 \\ & \text { (less } \\ & \text { deficit) } \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 40,001 | 301,355 | 76,487 | $2,199,145$ | $2,226,012$ | 76,770 | 76,750 | 21,624 | 7,783 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 39,196 | 247,878 | 142,251 | $1,587,138$ | $1,616,475$ | 70,123 | 70,102 | 24,923 | 8,778 |
| 64,961 | 363,673 | 266,202 | $2,232,673$ | $2,290,487$ | 120,409 | 120,357 | 51,679 | 17,388 |
| 44,799 | 262,033 | 221,026 | $1,556,780$ | $1,606,954$ | 101,047 | 100,967 | 50,236 | 14,391 |
| 43,624 | 218,205 | 194,205 | $1,316,004$ | $1,361,673$ | 94,036 | 93,943 | 51,737 | 14,900 |
| 109,096 | 460,630 | 472,350 | $3,167,160$ | $3,265,305$ | 225,440 | 225,214 | 129,957 | 37,469 |
| 47,873 | 189,594 | 206,507 | $1,098,744$ | $1,134,023$ | 83,858 | 83,738 | 47,006 | 14,176 |
| 138,567 | 497,141 | 589,547 | $2,995,875$ | $3,073,619$ | 205,338 | 205,169 | 110,930 | 50,105 |
| 93,880 | 231,785 | 223,013 | $1,656,236$ | $1,675,522$ | 87,665 | 87,564 | 50,509 | 28,060 |
| 99,239 | 619,016 | 749,873 | $4,192,068$ | $4,247,740$ | 296,891 | 296,873 | 175,240 | 83,560 |
| $-421,244$ | $3,391,310$ | $3,141,463$ | $22,001,822$ | $22,497,811$ | $1,361,578$ | $1,360,726$ | 713,842 | 276,609 |

## zeTURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



ZETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 2,216 | 26,789 | 7,029 | 142,931 | 144,499 | 6,427 | 6,427 | 1,957 | 741 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2,458 | 26,480 | 14,307 | 140,554 | 143,143 | 8,647 | 8,646 | 3,461 | 1,230 |
| 4,188 | 54,056 | 31,486 | 264,535 | 271,386 | 18,353 | 18,339 | 8,920 | 2,573 |
| 5,466 | 51,564 | 40,458 | 276,819 | 285,492 | 23,066 | 23,059 | 13,074 | 3,348 |
| 9,208 | 57,725 | 43,537 | 288,266 | 298,057 | 25,341 | 25,297 | 15,144 | 3,341 |
| 48,776 | 165,353 | 173,968 | 998,788 | $1,026,216$ | 87,573 | 87,522 | 54,617 | 12,012 |
| 29,454 | 82,511 | 93,762 | 435,668 | 452,122 | 40,597 | 40,544 | 23,608 | 5,835 |
| 115,466 | 305,436 | 372,793 | $1,397,919$ | $1,433,585$ | 120,511 | 120,419 | 70,603 | 26,629 |
| 25,308 | 132,904 | 142,450 | 499,784 | 511,298 | 52,931 | 52,897 | 31,747 | 16,337 |
| 96,209 | 616,916 | 639,435 | $3,016,859$ | $3,072,441$ | 287,889 | 287,871 | 171,646 | 78,434 |
| 338,749 | $1,519,734$ | $1,559,224$ | $7,462,124$ | $7,638,239$ | 671,336 | 671,022 | 394,777 | 150,448 |

々ETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 964 | 8,510 | ${ }^{60} 2,867$ | 24,817 | 25,105 | ${ }^{39} 983$ | 39983 | $\left({ }^{15}\right)^{79}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 564 | 3, 765 | - 407 | 10, 794 | 11,031 | ${ }^{39} 372$ | ${ }^{39} 372$ |  |
| 834 | 2,515 | 1, 049 | 5,156 | 5,344 | ${ }^{39} 162$ | ${ }^{39} 162$ |  |
| 404 | 2,938 | ${ }^{60} 651$ | 691 | 738 | 3975 | 3975 |  |
| 1,554 | , 500 | ${ }^{60} 210$ | 732 | 888 | ${ }^{39} 145$ | ${ }^{39} 145$ |  |
| 364 | 1,000 | ${ }^{60} 16$ | 1,657 | 1,715 | 3971 | ${ }^{39} 71$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,684 | 19,228 | ${ }^{60} 2,288$ | 43, 847 | 44,821 | ${ }^{39} 1,809$ | ${ }^{39} 1,809$ | 86 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, an come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected reccipts, compile, than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets } \\ & \text { classes }^{53} \end{aligned}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets 41 | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Capital } \\ & \text { assets }{ }^{44} \\ & \text { (less re- } \\ & \text { serves) } \end{aligned}$ | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TRADE: RETAIL: FOOD STORES, INCLUDING MARKE'

| 1 | 2, 118 | 5,061 | 6,666 | 10,229 | 1,047 | 12,967 | 37, 545 | 12, 227 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 472 | 3,957 | 5,810 | 6,868 | 1,199 | 14,011 | 33, 174 | 9, 253 |
| 100 | 387 | 7,311 | 9,132 | 13,486 | 2,427 | 26,157 | 60,925 | 14,534 |
| 250 | 154 | 6,010 | 7,598 | 13,138 | 2,856 | 21,770 | 53, 152 | 12, 179 |
| 500 | 74 | 5,463 | 5,434 | 14,752 | 4,237 | 20,015 | 52,256 | 10,538 |
| 1,000 | 87 | 22,097 | 14,146 | 52, 898 | 16,345 | 70, 140 | 180, 752 | 37, 455 |
| 5,000 | 8 | 4,869 | 4,190 | 17,502 | 6,636 | 22,993 | 59, 161 | 9, 040 |
| 10,000 | 9 | 28, 772 | 7,343 | 81, 763 | 17,819 | 53, 023 | 193,999 | 41, 186 |
| 50,000 | 2 | 29,983 | 7,250 | 89, 223 | 9,632 | 43,622 | 182, 823 | 20, 883 |
| 100,000....-- | 1 | 43,547 | 7,990 | 84,615 | 9,029 | 16,004 | 169, 260 | 50,317 |
| Total. | 3,312 | 157, 072 | 75,559 | 384,474 | 71,227 | 300,703 | 1,023, 047 | 217,612 |

TRADE: RETAIL: FOOD STORES, INCLUDING MARKE'

| 1. | 1,528 | 1, 595 | 3,637 | 4, 155 | 642 | 8,653 | 19,593 | 8, 673 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 138 | 517 | 1, 902 | 1,350 | 445 | 4,777 | 9,521 | 3,460 |
| 100 | 77 | 610 | 2, 204 | 1,709 | 550 | 5,548 | 11, 139 | 4,231 |
| 250 | 11 | 167 | 1,013 | 264 | 169 | 2, 359 | 4,072 | 1, 504 |
| 500 | 5 | 313 | 498 | 834 | 20 | 1,552 | 3,302 | 918 |
| 1,000 | 8 | 1,083 | 1,931 | 3,073 | 118 | 7,418 | 14,509 | 4,357 |
| 5,000 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 ....-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,767 | 4, 285 | 11, 185 | 11,385 | 1,944 | 30,306 | 62, 136 | 23, 143 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TRADE: RETAIL: PACKAGE LIQUOR STORES-

|  | 922 | 2, 558 | 806 | 10,475 | 290 | 2, 363 | 17, 158 | 7,172 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 94 | 761 | 369 | 4, 189 | 94 | 859 | 6,459 | 2, 395 |
| 100 | 40 | 514 | 210 | 4,678 | 73 | - 506 | 6,074 | 2,993 |
| 250 | 7 | 103 | 56 | 1,607 | 227 | 139 | 2,162 | 875 |
| 500 | 2 | 44 | 178 | 1,053 |  | 11 | 1,295 | 435 |
| 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 .-.--- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,065 | 3,980 | 1,620 | 22,003 | 686 | 3,878 | . 33,148 | 13, 870 |

TRADE: RETAIL: PACKAGE LIQUOR STORES-

| 1. | 442 | 665 | 290 | 3,536 | 49 | 1,229 | 6,112 | 3,200 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 18 | 107 | 181 | 717 | 5 | 1,267 | 1,316 | 505 |
| 100 | 4 | 20 |  | 474 | 49 | 37 | 586 | 333 |
| 250. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 500 | 1 | 51 | 5 | 341 |  | 184 | 590 | 299 |
| 1,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 465 | 843 | 476 | 5,068 | 104 | 1,717 | 8,604 | 4,338 |

[^31]by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net lnss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other

## figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits }{ }^{58} \\ & \text { (less } \\ & \text { deficit) } \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## MILK DEALERS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2,873 | 16,794 | 2,860 | 232,140 | 233,221 | 4,209 | 4,204 | 1,056 | 341 |
| 2,701 | 13,551 | 5,582 | 155,834 | 156,835 | 3,674 | 3,672 | 1,186 | 327 |
| 5,649 | 22,898 | 13,766 | 275,966 | 277,385 | 6,957 | 6,954 | 2,823 | 925 |
| 4,334 | 17,298 | 14,429 | 227,174 | 228,732 | 7,013 | 7,011 | 3,464 | 843 |
| 3,863 | 18,565 | 15,280 | 208,518 | 210,431 | 6,464 | 6,455 | 3,200 | 1,700 |
| 11,794 | 61,064 | 54,457 | 731,397 | 736,679 | 24,531 | 24,435 | 13,590 | 4,600 |
| 3,545 | 25,798 | 15,586 | 195,673 | 196,697 | 8,542 | 8,536 | 4,795 | 1,671 |
| 3,637 | 67,661 | 70,163 | 955,711 | 957,351 | 23,210 | 23,202 | 11,706 | 7,450 |
| 32,300 | 65,830 | 46,363 | 951,147 | 955,796 | 20,064 | 20,064 | 10,611 | 7,302 |
| 3,030 | 2,100 | 110,439 | $1,175,209$ | $1,175,299$ | 9,002 | 9,002 | 3,594 | 5,126 |
| 73,727 | 311,559 | 348,925 | $5,108,769$ | $5,128,426$ | 113,666 | 113,536 | 56,024 | 30,285 |

## MILK DEALERS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 1,469 | 4,833 | 2, 103 | 61,195 | 61,321 | 1,669 | 1,669 | 435 | 40 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,020 | 1,333 | 2,999 | 18,303 | 18,363 | 489 | 1,489 | 172 | 18 |
| 1,974 | 1,878 | 709 | 19, 953 | 20, 016 | 313 | 313 | 101 | 7 |
| 398 | 154 | 491 | 6,948 | 6,983 | 222 | 222 | 111 |  |
| 453 | 101 | 103 | 4,297 | 4,287 | 40 | 40 | 11 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| ------------ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,314 | 7,298 | 4,406 | 110,721 | 110,970 | 2,732 | 2,732 | 830 | 64 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 792 389 23 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,287 \\ 348 \\ 65 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 60820 \\ 6048 \\ 84 \end{array}$ | 20,186 <br> 3,112 <br> 1,063 | 20,216 <br> 3, 119 <br> 1,064 | $\begin{array}{r} 39383 \\ \quad 3919 \\ 399 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 39383 \\ \quad 3919 \\ 399 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | 113 | $57^{-}$ | 2,343 | 2,344 | 3923 | 3923 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| 1,218 | 2,813 | ${ }^{60} 727$ | 26,703 | 26, 743 | ${ }^{39} 434$ | ${ }^{39} 434$ |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than ourn stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets ${ }^{41}$ | Cash ${ }^{4}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Invelltories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital (less reserves) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets- } \\ & \text { Total lia- } \\ & \text { bilities }{ }^{40} \end{aligned}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TRADE: RETAIL: DRUG STORES-

| 1 | 2,249 | 5, 644 | 3,981 | 20,913 | 825 | 8,675 | 41, 157 | 12,049 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 227 | 2, 257 | 1,655 | 7,137 | 552 | 3, 731 | 15, 765 | 3, 383 |
| 100 | 90 | 2,131 | 1,129 | 6,430 | 1,002 | 2,735 | 13, 830 | 3,092 |
| 250 | 33 | 1,822 | 700 | 5, 466 | 511 | 2,349 | 11, 142 | 3,412 |
| 500 | 33 | 3,661 | 1,176 | 9,250 | 1,671 | 6,376 | 23, 068 | 3, 528 |
| 1,000 | 25 | 8, 020 | 2, 388 | 26, 458 | 4,832 | 13,274 | 56,609 | 7,966 |
| 5,000 | 3 | 3,543 | 520 | 8,887 | 2,937 | 4,391 | 20,923 | 5,095 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 3. 594 | 10,802 | 7,383 | 3, 807 | 4,957 | 31, 806 | 1,919 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 11,859 | [5,982 | 22,999 | 6,604. | 20,351 | 70,085 | 6, 105 |
| Total. | 2, 662 | 42,531 | 28, 333 | 114, 924 | 22, 741 | 66, 841 | 284, 384 | 46,549 |

TRADE: RETAIL: DRUG BTORES-

| 1. | 1,104 | 891 | 1,270 | 6,712 | 275 | 3,956 | 13,663 | 5,589 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 29 | 107 | 263 | 763 | 87 | 685 | 1,984 | 928 |
| 100 | 7 | 87 | 121 | 325 | 72 | 211 | 880 | 341 |
| 250 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 202 |  | 128 | 366 | 62 |
| 500 | 1 | 39 | 48 | 268 | -- | 147 | 522 | 25 |
| 1,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,142 | 1,150 | 1,703 | 8,270 | 434 | 5,127 | 17, 415 | 6,945 |

TRADE: RETAIL: APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES-

| 1. | 4,796 | 17, 246 | 16,205 | 57,741 | 2, 052 | 10, 054 | 104, 603 | 31,987 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,217 | 13, 612 | 17, 154 | 39,781 | 2,584 | 10, 137 | 85, 641 | 21, 233 |
| 100 | 862 | 21, 067 | 28, 507 | 55, 834 | 5,855 | 16,678 | 132, 509 | 30, 149 |
| 250 | 289 | 14,546 | 23, 230 | 39, 499 | 7,283 | 12, 912 | 100,940 | 22, 157 |
| 500 | 166 | 17,622 | 23, 186 | 43, 653 | 8,910 | 19, 153 | 116,338 | 22, 728 |
| 1,000 | 112 | 29,753 | 36, 582 | 70, 031 | 25,493 | 37, 467 | 207, 772 | 43, 743 |
| 5,000 | 13 | 11,965 | 10,872 | 26, 171 | 21,415 | 13, 199 | 86, 420 | 12, 750 |
| 10,000 | 6 | 14,808 | 9,428 | 39, 231 | 24, 577 | 21, 227 | 111,962 | 8, 123 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 7,461 | 140,624 | 165, 163 | 371,941 | 98, 168 | 140, 827 | 946, 186 | 192,976 |

TRADE: RETAIL: APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES-

| 1. | 1,783 | 2,474 | 4,400 | 11, 195 | 550 | 3,090 | 22,479 | 10,833 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 103 | 598 | 1,935 | 2,918 | 313 | 1,308 | 7,451 | 2, 626 |
| 100 | 40 | 603 | 1,591 | 2, 322 | 186 | 968 | 5,942 | 1, 836 |
| 250 | 8 | 403 | 522 | 887 | 71 | 830 | 2, 739 | 573 |
| 500 | 1 | 13 | 335 | 144 |  | 22 | . 538 | 73 |
| 1,000 | 1 | 387 | 359 | 230 |  | 179 | 1,178 | 342 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 - --- -- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,936 | 4,478 | 9,141 | 17,696 | 1,120 | 6,396 | 40,326 | 16,282 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industriul groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits }{ }^{58} \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) }{ }^{50} \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 3,003 | 20,757 | 2,822 | 150,737 | 152, 145 | 5,219 | 5,209 | 1, 453 | 635 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,005 | 6,736 | 3, 551 | 49,336 | 49,978 | 2,210 | 2,209 | 811 | 316 |
| 864 | 4,686 | 4,228 | 47,070 | 47, 526 | 2,094 | 2,093 | 941 | 350 |
| 860 | 3,258 | 2,553 | 40,241 | 40,778 | 1,716 | 1,716 | 837 | 409 |
| 4,984 | 5,981 | 6,643 | 69,930 | 70, 704 | 3,894 | 3,892 | 2,081 | 1,292 |
| 7, 867 | 10,786 | 22, 867 | 169,603 | 171,312 | 10, 466 | 10, 464 | 5,998 | 2,263 |
| 152 | 4,018 | 8, 751 | 43, 671 | 45,061 | 4,256 | 4,256 | 2, 339 | 988 |
| 125 | 20, 862 | 8,128 | 45,662 | 48, 542 | 4,922 | 4,922 | 1,133 | 2,492 |
| 30, 716 | 7,003 | 23,891 | 127, 263 | 129,511 | 7,896 | 7,896 | 4,490 | 1,816 |
| 49,576 | 84,088 | 83,432 | 743,513 | 755, 557 | 42,672 | 42,657 | 20,084 | 10,561 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than oun stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and mone,

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets 41 | $\text { Cash }{ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets serves) |  | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TRADE: RETAIL: FURNITURE AND HOUSE

| 1. | 1,619 | 5,432 | 12,627 | 15,614 | 785 | 3,024 | 38,511 | 9,662 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 717 | 6,319 | 18,585 | 19,065 | 1,439 | 4,607 | 51, 253 | 9,735 |
| 100 | 691 | 11,899 | 42,968 | 33, 910 | 6,170 | 11, 238 | 108,978 | 14,829 |
| 250 | 255 | 8,975 | 33, 574 | 24, 681 | 7,443 | 10,949 | 83, 186 | 10, 001 |
| 500 | 102 | 6,217 | 25, 523 | 17, 714 | 7,639 | 9,813 | 68,548 | 7,048 |
| 1,000 | 65 | 13, 094 | 45,326 | 27,964 | 11,500 | 16,274 | 116, 806 | 9,495 |
| 5,000 | 6 | 5,169 | 14, 225 | 8,203 | 6,175 | 3,622 | 38,215 | 5,541 |
| 10,000 | 4 | 4,270 | 29,847 | 29,803 | 4,672 | 9,716 | 78,888 | 11, 122 |
| 'rotal | 3,459 | 61, 376 | 222,674 | 176,955 | 45,823 | 69, 243 | 589,385 | 77, 434 |

TRADE: RETAIL: FURNITURE AND HOUSE

| 1 | 942 | 1,323 | 4,747 | 6,051 | 317 | 1,663 | 14,747 | 5,583 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 114 | 490 | 2,835 | 2,953 | 314 | 912 | 7,699 | 2,109 |
| 100 | 61 | 573 | 2,948 | 3, 229 | 374 | 1,257 | 8, 751 | 2,166 |
| 250 | 13 | 248 | 1,594 | 1,204 | 488 | 523 | 4,119 | 897 |
| 500. | 5 | 228 | 1,396 | 1,424 |  | 271 | 3, 455 | 613 |
| 1,000 | 1 | 10 | 100 | 1,692 |  | 313 | 2,128 | 2, 288 |
| 5,000 .- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,136 | 2,878 | 13, 621 | 16,552 | 1,492 | 4,939 | 40,900 | 13, 655 |

TRADE: RETAIL: EATING AND DRINKING

| 1 | 3, 583 | 8,669 | 3,174 | 11,053 | 938 | 26,499 | 53, 880 | 18,693 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 346 | 3,538 | 1,973 | 4,616 | 806 | 11,654 | 23, 737 | 6,990 |
| 100 | 186 | 3,981 | 2,411 | 4,931 | 1,446 | 13, 539 | 28, 208 | 6,576 |
| 250 | 51 | 2,143 | 1, 091 | 2,444 | 2,240 | 8,360 | 16,979 | 2, 878 |
| 500 | 1\% | 2,241 | 677 | 1,903 | 1,180 | 5,681 | 12, 238 | 1,839 |
| 1,000 | 20 | 6,225 | 2,090 | 5,528 | 4,052 | 17, 211 | 36,527 | 4,185 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 2,203 | 1, 748 | 2, 571 | 2,683 | 6,127 | 15, 853 | 2, 272 |
| 10,000 | 3 | 4,696 | 860 | 5,119 | 5,482 | 34,600 | 51,323 | 1,775 |
| 'Iotal . | 4,203 | 33,696 | 14, 023 | 38, 165 | 18,826 | 123, 671 | 238,747 | 45,208 |

TRADE: RETAIL: EATING AND DRINKING

| 1. | 3, 204 | 2,643 | 1,550 | 5, 141 | 679 | 22,348 | 34, 948 | 17,323 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 130 | 446 | 602 | 863 | 317 | 5,966 | 8,713 | 3,494 |
| 100 | 71 | 448 | 908 | 882 | 339 | 7,550 | 10, 454 | 3,059 |
| 250 | 12 | 301 | 443 | 383 | 26 | 2, 742 | 4,105 | '. 811 |
| 500 | 4 | 457 | 300 | 263 | 30 | 1,678 | 2,781 | 982 |
| 1,000 | 3 | 196 | 245 | 308 | 434 | 5,614 | 6,955 | 3 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 2 | 2,341 | 140 | 1,244 | 1,281 | 25,232 | 30. |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 3, 426 | 6,831 | 4,187 | 9,082 | 3,105 | 71, 130 | 98, 949 | (3) |
|  |  |  | 4,187 | 0,082 | 3,105 | ,1,130 | 88,84 |  |

For footnotes, sce pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net in. net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{50}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \begin{array}{c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{5}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## FURNISHINGS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



FURNISHINGS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


PLACES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


PLACES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than oun stock; also, Jor returns uith net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets } \\ & \text { classes }{ }^{53} \end{aligned}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets ${ }^{41}$ | Cash ${ }^{12}$ | Notes and aecounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital <br> assets ${ }^{44}$ <br> (less re- <br> serves) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets- } \\ & \text { Total lia- } \\ & \text { bilities }{ }^{46} \end{aligned}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TRADE: RETAIL: AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS-

| 1 | 2,43S | 11,557 | 11,466 | 26,656 | 1,620 | 9,977 | 63, 873 | 17,081 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,282 | 13, 849 | 14, 061 | 43,048 | 3,698 | 13, 459 | 91, 064 | 25,831 |
| 100 | 1,078 | 19,690 | 23, 968 | 85,940 | 7,172 | 25, 020 | 166,372 | 56, 119 |
| 250 | 250 | 8,181 | 10, 700 | 42,985 | 5,008 | 13,433 | 82, 339 | 28,619 |
| 500 | 64 | 3,987 | 7,019 | 22, 604 | 2,738 | 5,948 | 43,304 | 17,907 |
| 1,000 | 29 | 5, 120 | 9,264 | 18,982 | 4,905 | 12,146 | 51, 291 | 28, 579 |
| 5,000 | 5 | 6,046 | 5,237 | 11,703 | 6,758 | 2,878 | 33, 542 | 8, 846 |
| 10,000 ....... | 1 | 9,870 | 1,404 | 13, 974 | 2,400 | 1,453 | 29,946 | 2,186 |
| $50,000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 5,147 | 78,299 | 83, 119 | 265, 892 | 34, 299 | 84,314 | 561, 731 | 185, 168 |

TRADE: RETAIL: AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS-

| 1. | 2,358 | 5,435 | 8,362 | 18,543 | 1,112 | 8,270 | 43,960 | 16, 225 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 466 | 2,895 | 4, 208 | 15, 951 | 992 | 7, 149 | 32, 278 | 11, 786 |
| 100 | 215 | 2,252 | 3,545 | 17, 509 | 1,098 | 6,097 | 31, 261 | 12,548 |
| 250 | 27 | 615 | 1,223 | 3,730 | 637 | 2,096 | 8,763 | 2,516 |
| 500 | 12 | 916 | 1,740 | 3,281 | 596 | 1,099 | 7,895 | 3, 729 |
| 1,000 | 7 | 444 | 2,392 | 4,500 | 2,076 | 289 | 10,646 | 4,859 |
| 5,000 | 1 | 613 | 223 | 922 | 447 | 4,525 | 6,830 | 39 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 3,086 | 13, 170 | 21,693 | 64,436 | 6,958 | 29,525 | 141, 632 | 51, 703 |

TRADE: RETAIL: FILLING STATIONS-

| 1. | 865 | 2, 632 | 3,142 | 3,190 | 562 | 5,874 | 16, 011 | 3,346 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 133 | 1,448 | 1,818 | 1,694 | 336 | 3,816 | 9,360 | 1,748 |
| 100 | 63 | 1,329 | 1,305 | 1,534 | 586 | 4,585 | 9,741 | 1,414 |
| 250 | 17 | 653 | 897 | 873 | 474 | 2,647 | 5, 748 | 961 |
| 500 | 8 | 672 | 552 | 1,105 | 585 | 2,463 | 5, 555 | 1,230 |
| 1,000 | 6 | 990 | 1,165 | 2,333 | 657 | 4,964 | 10, 290 | 873 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 1,718 | 1,454 | 2,682 | 10 | 6,445 | 12,498 | 3,767 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 4,249 | 10,587 | 7,550 | 7,919 | 22,925 | 53,438 | 10,445 |
| 'Total | 1,095 | 13,690 | 20,919 | 20,961 | 11, 130 | 53, 718 | 122,640 | 23,788 |

TRADE: RETAIL: FILLING STATIONS-

| 1. | 711 | 828 | 1,451 | 1,088 | 240 | 4,289 | 8,348 | 2,861 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 43 | 206 | 400 | 267 | 165 | 1,806 | 2,903 | 543 |
| 100 | 19 | 216 | 344 | 262 | 54 | 1,512 | 2,619 | 834 |
| 250 | 6 | 105 | 535 | 275 | 163 | 1,2.4 | 2,366 | 843 |
| 500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,000-------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 | 1 | 34 | 160 | 36 | 35 | 6, 188 | 6,469 | 299 |
| 10,000_ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 780 | 1,389 | 2,890 | 1,928 | 657 | 15,039 | 22,705 | 5,381 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \begin{array}{c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Gross salcs ${ }^{17}$ and gross reccipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Divi dends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 1,527 | 6, 259 | 3, 104 | 58,457 | 59,249 | 1,452 | 1,452 | 380 | 219 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,970 | 3, uss | 2, 610 | 27, 094 | 27, 533 | 671 | 671 | 186 | 110 |
| 1,132 | 3, 167 | 3, 058 | 25, 177 | 25, 695 | 693 | 693 | 207 | 186 |
| 716 | 1,913 | 1,751 | 13, 530 | 13, 731 | 387 | 387 | 133 | 42 |
| 424 | 1,427 | 2,325 | 13,997 | 14, 154 | 508 | 508 | 216 | 77 |
| 1,220 | 2, 215 | 5,398 | 25, 557 | 26, 015 | 725 | 723 | 279 | 108 |
|  | 3, 623 | 4,728 | 16,082 | 16,342 | 743 | 743 |  | 115 |
| 5,-565 | 26,048 | 10,310 | 78,042 | 78,917 | 6,774 | 6,707 | 3, 662 | 2,605 |
| 11,614 | 47,640 | 33, 285 | 257,936 | 261, 636 | 11,954 | 11,883 | 5,286 | 3,462 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Gorporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets } 41 \end{gathered}$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less re- serves) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets- } \\ & \text { Total lia- } \\ & \text { bilities to } \end{aligned}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TRADE: RETAIL: HARDWARE-

| 1. | 1,243 | 5,115 | 5,207 | 14,221 | 719 | 3,698 | 29,457 | 5,118 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 367 | 4,595 | 5,024 | 9,756 | 940 | 4,038 | 24,854 | 3,333 |
| 100 | 150 | 3,591 | 4,391 | 8,606 | 1,505 | 3, 423 | 21, 854 | 3,552 |
| 250 | 35 | 1,284 | 3,364 | 4,954 | 932 | 1,620 | 12,568 | 2,198 |
| 500 | 10 | 770 | 1,594 | 2, 453 | 474 | 825 | 6,261 | 1,168 |
| 1,000 | 5 | 453 | 2,083 | 1,442 | 2,383 | 514 | 7,090 | 916 |
| 5,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,810 | 15,807 | 21,664 | 41,431 | 6,953 | 14, 119 | 102,085 | 16,285 |

TRADE: RETAIL: HARDWARE-

| 1. | 399 | 584 | 1,243 | 2,936 | 180 | 1,042 | 6,208 | 1,698 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 27 | 83 | 375 | 632 | 111 | 495 | 1,751 | 323 |
| 100 | 10 | 98 | 386 | 335 | 21 | 338 | 1,224 | 204 |
| 250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 436 | 764 | 2,004 | 3,904 | 312 | 1,875 | 9,183 | 2,225 |

Trade: Retail: Building materials, fuel,

| 1. | 2,460 | 10,173 | 17,822 | 18,622 | 1,818 | 13,710 | 63,840 | 13,857 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,196 | 12,337 | 23, 523 | 23, 524 | 4,034 | 20, 433 | 85,986 | 13, 823 |
| 100 | 986 | 19,734 | 39,923 | 37, 966 | 11, 228 | 37, 222 | 150,636 | 22,311 |
| 250 | 360 | 14,305 | 32,978 | 29,930 | 14, 422 | 29, 062 | 123,906 | 16,651 |
| 500 | 118 | 9,667 | 19, 538 | 17,985 | 11, 441 | 18, 701 | 78,893 | 9, 436 |
| 1,000 | 77 | 19,717 | 32,526 | 31, 556 | 22, 296 | 30, 347 | 139,391 | 15, 634 |
| 5,000 | 3 | 1, 853 | 3,866 | 2,292 | 6,216 | 7,224 | 21,568 | 5,391 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & 50,000 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 5, 200 | 87,786 | 170, 176 | 161,875 | 71,455 | 156,699 | 664,220 | 97, 133 |

TrADE: RETAIL: BUILDING MATERIALS, FUEL,


For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{58}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits }{ }^{58} \\ & \text { (less } \\ & \text { deficit) }{ }^{50} \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { tax } 59 \end{aligned}$ | I)ividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


## AND ICE-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 3, 379 | 34,990 | 8,685 | 171, 259 | 173,362 | 5,903 | 5,903 | 1,548 | 1,144 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5,317 | 42, 835 | 20,843 | 183, 765 | 186, 474 | 7, 669 | 7,566 | 2, 252 | 1, 741 |
| 8,038 | 68,880 | 44,713 | 281, 289 | 286,558 | 13,901 | 13, 887 | 5,207 | 3,277 |
| 6,003 | 57, 144 | 39, 120 | 206, 491 | 210,498 | 11, 205 | 11, 194 | 4,784 | 2,327 |
| 4,381 | 34, 303 | 26, 359 | 119, 075 | 121,685 | 6,294 | 6,285 | 2,906 | 1,575 |
| 7,146 | 63,151 | 45, 709 | 214,683 | 218, 396 | 14,386 | 14,377 | 7,319 | 3, 759 |
| 6,641 | 5,045 | 2,840 | 35,386 | 36,074 | 649 | 647 | 151 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40,905 | 306, 348 | 188, 270 | 1,211,947 | 1, 233, 047 | 59, 903 | $59, \times 59$ | 24, 168 | 13,822 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

AND ICE-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, sclected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets } 41 \end{array}$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

OTHER RETAIL TRADE-

| 1 | 3,190 | 12, 125 | 14,975 | 28, 189 | 1,837 | 11,780 | 70,854 | 19.176 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 942 | 10, 430 | 14,776 | 25, 729 | 2,580 | 10,951 | 66, 263 | 13, 637 |
| 100 | 650 | 15, 377 | 24, 147 | 37,919 | 6,990 | 13, 122 | 100, 850 | 19,554 |
| 250 | 223 | 10,324 | 20,371 | 28, 444 | 5,681 | 10, 051 | 77, 865 | 14,592 |
| 500 | 82 | 9,413 | 12, 181 | 16,697 | 7,440 | 9, 243 | 56, 475 | 10,511 |
| 1,000 | 39 | 10,485 | 22,762 | 23, 131 | 7,461 | 8,596 | 74, 157 | 12,797 |
| ठ,000 | 5 | 2,287 | 11, 765 | 10,420 | 1,273 | 1,870 | 28, 202 | 13, 508 |
| 10,000 | 3 | 4,331 | 1,774 | 16,272 | 5,504 | 8,060 | 37,621 | 7,159 |
| 60,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 5,134 | 74, 771 | 122, 751 | 186, 802 | 38,765 | 73,672 | 512, 287 | 110,935 |

OTHER RETAIL TRADE—

| 1. | 1,531 | 1,882 | 4,461 | 7,803 | 531 | 4,814 | 20,530 | 9, 625 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 112 | - 589 | 1,993 | 2,628 | 247 | 1,789 | 7,493 | 3, 034 |
| 100 | 56 | 580 | 1,778 | 3, 001 | 494 | 1,610 | 7,855 | 2, 505 |
| 250 | 13 | 509 | 1,025 | 1,935 | 306 | 451 | 4,445 | 874 |
| 800 | 9 | 278 | 869 | 3, 599 | 47 | 970 | 5,997 | 1,601 |
| 1,000 | 8 | 1,825 | 3, 134 | 5,580 | 1,691 | 4,071 | 16,610 | 4, 233 |
| 5,000 | 1 | 1,533 | 508 | 4,148 | 173 |  | 6,477 | 546 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 ..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,730 | 7,195 | 13, 769 | 28,694 | 3,489 | 13,705 | 69,408 | 22,418 |

RETAIL TRADE NOT ALLOCABLE-


RETAIL TRADE NOT ALLOCABLE-

| 1 | 532 | 858 | 2,132 | 2,784 | 203 | 2,777 | 9, 035 | 2,816 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 81 | 339 | 1, 482 | 1,714 | 95 | 1,667 | 5, 512 | 1,355 |
| 100 | 37 | 426 | 1,515 | 1,141 | 189 | 1,737 | 5,307 | 1,139 |
| 250 | 6 | 151 | 325 | 599 | 50 | 792 | 1,965 | 289 |
| 500 | 3 | 79 | 240 | 106 | 900 | 841 | 2,211 | 30 |
| 1,000 $\ldots$......- | 1 | 27 | 149 | 1,930 | 11 | 19 | 2,150 | 364 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 ....-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total . | 660 | 1,881 | 5, 842 | 8,275 | 1,449 | 7,832 | 26, 181 | 5,992 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Surplns } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits }{ }^{58} \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) }{ }^{50} \end{gathered}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



## RE'IURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| T'otal assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re-- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets }{ }^{41} \end{gathered}$ | Cash ${ }^{12}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TRADE NOT ALLOCABLE-

| 1. | 4,625 | 17,529 | 28, 108 | 36,345 | 2,744 | 20,847 | 108, 739 | 29,921 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,908 | 19,805 | 35, 469 | 46, 655 | 5, 214 | 26,797 | 137, 716 | 30, 188 |
| 100 | 1,781 | 38, 203 | 70,350 | 88, 115 | 16, 840 | 56,982 | 277, 790 | 55, 855 |
| 250 | 670 | 28,387 | 58, 158 | 68, 559 | 22, 205 | 49, 067 | 231, 670 | 41,928 |
| 500 | 374 | 34, 030 | 63, 108 | 73, 647 | 28,697 | 51,350 | 256, 906 | 46, 961 |
| 1,000 | 201 | 40, 567 | 86, 434 | 92, 443 | 52,390 | 74, 509 | 355, 734 | 67, 718 |
| 5,000 | 8 | 5, 805 | 11, 060 | 24, 083 | 9, 114 | 10,552 | 61, 833 | 16,306 |
| 10,000 | 10 | 15,908 | 38,857 | 39, 983 | 46,293 | 18,289 | 161,784 | 33, 999 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 9,487 | 13, 131 | 15,853 | 124,645 | 3,062 | 167, 235 | 18,378 |
| Total | 9,578 | 209, 721 | 404,676 | 485, 683 | 308, 141 | 311,455 | 1,759, 406 | 341, 253 |

TRADE NOT ALLOCABLE-

| 1. | 2, 561 | 3, 960 | 10,143 | 11,199 | 1,201 | 10,040 | 38,437 | 16,954 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 384 | 1,894 | 7,131 | 7,033 | 1,034 | 9,115 | 27, 179 | 8,438 |
| 100 | 227 | 2, 746 | 8,331 | 8,395 | 2,277 | 11,301 | 34, 667 | 9,648 |
| 250 | 58 | 795 | 4,769 | 5, 209 | 1,771 | 7,044 | 20, 430 | 5, 305 |
| 500 | 16 | 1, 041 | 2, 097 | 1,852 | 1,908 | 3, 262 | 10,689 | 2,609 |
| 1,000 | 11 | 723 | 4,459 | 3,082 | 4,048 | 6,073 | 19,014 | 5,195 |
| 5,000 10,000 | 4 | 5, 625 | 16,366 | 10,744 | 27,481 | 39, 221 | 100,229 | 13,669 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 3,261 | 16,783 | 53,295 | 47,513 | 39, 720 | 86,055 | 250,644 | 61, 818 |

TOTAL SERVICE-RETURNS

| 1. | 11, 439 | 36, 475 | 40,913 | 14, 129 | 9, 197 | 93, 046 | 206, 639 | 55, 032 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 2,705 | 25, 587 | 30,906 | 11,068 | 10,985 | 103, 044 | 191, 909 | 34, 747 |
| 100 | 2, 345 | 43, 409 | 49, 133 | 18,472 | 27, 518 | 209, 512 | 365, 088 | 53, 216 |
| 250 | 845 | 34, 772 | 38, 222 | 14,969 | 32, 199 | 176, 517 | 308, 761 | 42, 348 |
| 300 | 481 | 37, 170 | 39, 883 | 10, 826 | 34, 156 | 202, 477 | 336,392 | 44, 836 |
| 1,000 | 402 | 81, 408 | 72, 984 | 31,993 | 106, 717 | 490, 161 | 816, 140 | 85,962 |
| 5,000 | 32 | 25, 639 | 16,031 | 11,335 | 17,055 | 122,081 | 197, 424 | 29, 841 |
| 10,000 | 18 | 38, 598 | 36, 106 | 33, 300 | 62, 488 | 157, 879 | 373, 429 | 35, 482 |
| 50,000 | 3 | 18,615 | 4,533 | 37, 856 | 29, 011 | 117,310 | 214,925 | 14,096 |
| 100,000 | 3 | 19,702 | 20, 080 | 85, 631 | 248,603 | 33, 752 | 417, 261 | 18, 474 |
| Total. | 14,323 | 361, 375 | 348, 791 | 269, 578 | 577,929 | 1, 705, 778 | 3, 427, 969 | 414, 034 |

TOTAL SERVIOE-RETURNS

| 1. | 10,826 | 12, 133 | 20,988 | 7,139 | 5,631 | 75,640 | 131, 721 | 67, 523 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1, 177 | 5, 049 | 9,549 | 3,317 | 4,226 | 54, 900 | 82, 313 | 20, 980 |
| 100. | 797 | 5,947 | 10,248 | 4,196 | 7,051 | 88, 251 | 122,538 | 31, 260 |
| 250 | 231 | 4,333 | 9,109 | 2,296 | 5,440 | 56,784 | 82, 062 | 20, 341 |
| 500 | 159 | 3,795 | 4,769 | 1,710 | 3, 883 | 86, 185 | 105, 786 | 13, 350 |
| 1,000 | 155 | 11,490 | 13, 902 | 5, 880 | 29, 744 | 243, 811 | 315, 479 | 33, 931 |
| 5,000 | 17 | 5,247 | 3,237 | 5, 872 | 9, 673 | 86, 157 | 112, 619 | 7, 35 K |
| 10,000 | 7 | 1,739 | 2,379 | 1,169 | 27, 930 | 60,513 | 94,646 | 1,414 |
| Total. | 13,369 | 49, 733 | 74, 182 | 31, 579 | 93,578 | 752, 212 | 1,047, 165 | 196, 159 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{36}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits } \\ & \text { (less } \\ & \text { deficit) } \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{39}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 6,365 | 52,020 | 13,259 | 431, 644 | 435, 661 | 12,756 | 12, 754 | 3,634 | 1,206 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7,772 | 57, 097 | 34, 187 | 441, 743 | 447, 261 | 16,269 | 16, 266 | 6,119 | 1,932 |
| 14,812 | 106, 117 | 80,938 | 775, 155 | 785, 729 | 33, 924 | 33, 910 | 15, 429 | 4,393 |
| 12,393 | 84, 863 | 73, 135 | 590, 711 | 598, 681 | 30, 781 | 30, 764 | 15,908 | 4,730 |
| 14, 711 | 90,584 | 82, 276 | 636, 651 | 646, 378 | 38,620 | 38, 600 | 22,333 | 5,167 |
| 18,375 | 125, 237 | 109, 268 | 753, 673 | 767, 110 | 51, 087 | 51, 033 | 28, 709 | 7,345 |
| 622 | 16, 733 | 24, 817 | 110, 411 | 111, 879 | 5, 664 | 5,657 | 2,821 | 973 |
| 4,877 | 67, 251 | 45,568 | 202, 302 | 206, 510 | 13,494 | 13,488 | 6,439 | 4,031 |
|  | 10,000 | 125, 289 | 59,447 | 67, 644 | 13,026 | 13,026 | 5,095 |  |
| 79,929 | 609,903 | 588, 736 | 4,001, 738 | 4, 066, 852 | 215, 620 | 215,499 | 106,486 | 29,828 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 23,874 | 99,450 | 7,687 | 561,375 | 588,803 | 34,851 | 34,821 | 10,094 | 5,525 |
| 29,047 | 72,893 | 37,850 | 341,581 | 358,022 | 28,133 | 28,120 | 10,831 | 4,897 |
| 64,974 | 130,867 | 81,491 | 510,911 | 533,589 | 48,490 | 48,459 | 21,220 | 8,892 |
| 56,650 | 100,775 | 78,076 | 416,755 | 426,419 | 42,362 | 42,309 | 20,205 | 7,498 |
| 83,475 | 96,115 | 75,509 | 355,636 | 365,451 | 43,562 | 43,545 | 22,186 | 9,255 |
| 243,275 | 235,286 | 184,101 | 692,414 | 717,806 | 89,482 | 89,444 | 44,103 | 18,938 |
| 45,183 | 55,312 | 54,343 | 149,667 | 154,665 | 19,911 | 19,902 | 10,098 | 3,394 |
| 73,323 | 83,482 | 110,530 | 246,821 | 260,023 | 32,562 | 32,518 | 16,612 | 11,2200 |
| 44,340 | 37,411 | 113,833 | 157,720 | 167,065 | 22,270 | 22,270 | 10,069 | 5,381 |
| 64,025 | 83,590 | 243,435 | 171,949 | 189,261 | 43,502 | 43,410 | 13,609 | 9,634 |
| 728,165 | 995,180 | 986,854 | $3,604,829$ | $3,761,104$ | 405,124 | 404,797 | 179,026 | 81,634 |

## WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { shects }{ }^{41} \end{array}\right\|$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets serves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

SERVICE: HOTELS AND OTHER LODGING


SERVICE: HOTELS AND OTHER LODGING

|  | 1,046 | 1,091 | 963 | 493 | 495 | 14, 142 | 18,401 | 9,002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 275 | 880 | 703 | 477 | 497 | 16, 164 | 19,645 | 4,126 |
| 100 | 233 | 1,370 | 1. 078 | 560 | 938 | 30,915 | 36, 543 | 4,902 |
| 250 | 82 | 1,127 | 1,246 | 642 | 545 | 25,967 | 30, 393 | 4,272 |
| 500 | 79 | 1,383 | 710 | 707 | 785 | 47,633 | 52, 386 | 3,658 |
| 1,000 | 98 | 5, 234 | 6,454 | 3,269 | 10,281 | 176, 151 | 205, 542 | 20,711 |
| 5,000 | 14 | 3,391 | 1,787 | 680 | 3, 659 | 78, 194 | 89,775 | 6,215 |
| 10,000 | 6 | 1,739 | 2,379 | 1,169 | 17, 198 | 60,513 | 83, 914 | 1,409 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,833 | 16,215 | 15,321 | 7,999 | 34,396 | 449,678 | 536, 599 | 54, 295 |

SERVICE: PERSONAL SERVICE-

| 1. | 2,882 | 6,992 | 10,847 | 5,314 | 1,668 | 30,546 | 58,394 | 13,981 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 810 | 5,617 | 8, 294 | 4, 245 | 2,572 | 33, 234 | 57, 142 | 9, 733 |
| 100 | 650 | 8, 094 | 12, 671 | 7,669 | 7,138 | 58,211 | 98, 696 | 12, 402 |
| 250 | 191 | 5, 592 | 7,223 | 6,219 | 6, 570 | 36,016 | 64, 265 | 6, 597 |
| 500 | 6.3 | 3, 342 | 4,141 | 2,601 | 5,633 | 23, 201 | 40,386 | 4,633 |
| 1,000 | 35 | 2,995 | 5, 172 | 4,789 | 9,798 | 33, 567 | 58, 702 | 4,416 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 708 | 741 | 4, 058 | 905 | 7,426 | 14,055 | 517 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 4,633 | 33,341 | 49,090 | 34,894 | 34, 285 | 222, 201 | 391,640 | 52, 278 |

SERVICE: PERSONAL SERVICE-

| 1. | 2,181 | 1,873 | 5,228 | 2,298 | 778 | 17,152 | 28,997 | 11,246 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 238 | 553 | 2, 266 | 1,189 | 619 | 10,565 | 16, 426 | 4,428 |
| 100 | 98 | 538 | 1,700 | 854 | 729 | 9, 536 | 14. 145 | 2,830 |
| 250 | 24 | 256 | 1,218 | 675 | 747 | 5,128 | 8,242 | 1,271 |
| 500 | 8 | 322 | 548 | 94 | 551 | 3,282 | 5, 130 | 695 |
| 1,000 | 4 | 107 | 222 | 101 | 905 | 4,702 | 6,098 | 419 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,553 | 3,648 | 11,183 | 5,212 | 4,329 | 50,365 | 79,039 | 20,890 |

[^32]by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other

## figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits } 58 \\ & \text { (less }^{\text {defieit) }} \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { tax } 59 \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

PLACES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


## PLACES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selcctcd receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes 53 | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets 41 | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets serves) | Total assets- Total lia- bilities ${ }^{16}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

SERVICE: BUSINESS SERVICE-


SERVICE: BUSINESS SERVICE-

| 1. | 2,140 | 3,287 | 5,527 | 922 | 1,457 | 7,887 | 21,100 | 10,855 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 162 | 1,257 | 2,869 | 271 | 1,384 | 4,267 | 10,965 | 3,886 |
| 100 | 86 | 1,585 | 2,856 | 748 | 2,207 | 4,209 | 13,224 | 2,861 |
| 250 | 30 | 1,724 | 2, 438 | 168 | 1,115 | 4,308 | 10,576 | 7,989 |
| 500 | 15 | 1,030 | 1,751 | 151 | 812 | 4,390 | 9,571 | 1,700 |
| 1,000 | 14 | 3,553 | 3,960 | 1,559 | 9,533 | 4,241 | 27,347 | 6,683 |
| 5,000. | 1 | 128 | 1,137 |  | 5,445 | 3 | 6,719 | 1,002 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,448 | 12,565 | 20,537 | 3,819 | 21,952 | 29,306 | 99,501 | 34,976 |

SERVICE: AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR SERVICES AND

| 1. | 1,224 | 3,082 | 4,236 | 2,500 | 535 | 7,607 | 19,058 | 5,441 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 167 | 1,402 | 1,910 | 1,319 | 316 | 6,236 | 11,590 | 2, 429 |
| 100 | 97 | 1,189 | 1,891 | 1,388 | 472 | 10,086 | 15, 415 | 2,157 |
| 250 | 30 | 528 | 402 | 485 | 624 | 8,404 | 10,633 | 1,319 |
| 500 | 13 | 888 | 541 | 255 | 299 | 6,672 | 8,915 | 921 |
| 1,000 | 5 | 477 | 522 | 150 | 430 | 5,996 | 7,672 | 657 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,536 | 7,566 | 9,502 | 6,097 | 2,676 | 45, 001 | 73, 285 | 12,923 |

SERVICE: AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR SERVICES AND

| 1. | 1,358 | 1,349 | 3, 026 | 1,290 | 666 | 5,766 | 13,447 | 7,280 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,87 | 1,290 | 581 | 1,361 | 198 | 4,388 | 6,120 | 1,227 |
| 100. | 71 | 323 | 402 | 471 | 271 | 9,674 | 11, 287 | 1,699 |
| 250 | 21 | 168 | 317 | 309 | 125 | 5, 964 | 6,994 | 949 |
| 500 | 10 | 142 | 78 | 259 | 54 | 6,448 | 7,118 | 230 |
| 1,000. | 6 | 154 | 80 | 305 | 22 | 8,392 | 9,038 | 277 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 ..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,553 | 2,426 | 4,484 | 2,995 | 1,335 | 40,632 | 54, 003 | 11,661 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and ossets other

## figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{66}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits }{ }^{58} \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{39}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## GARAGES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



## GARAGES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets } 41 \end{array}\right\|$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

SERVICE: MISCELLANEOUS REPAIR SERVICES,

|  | 654 | 2, 296 | 3,239 | 1,851 | 321 | 3,465 | 11,645 | 2,339 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 136 | 1,618 | 2,671 | 1,661 | 380 | 3,106 | 9,680 | 1,508 |
| 100 | 79 | 2,600 | 3,364 | 1,611 | 982 | 3,452 | 12,368 | 2,153 |
| 250 | 22 | 1,239 | 2, 281 | 1,208 | 730 | 1,952 | 7,603 | 1,324 |
| 500 | 2 | 273 | 141 | 90 | 274 | 474 | 1,376 | 44 |
| 1,000 | 2 | 136 | 1,038 | 715 |  | 787 | 2, 708 | 954 |
| 5,000_------- | 1 | 1,288 | 924 | 85 |  | 3,830 | 6,161 | 678 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 896 | 9,481 | 13,657 | 7,221 | 2,687 | 17,065 | 51,541 | 9,000 |

SERVICE: MISCELLLANEOUS REPAIR SERVICES,

| 1. | 387 | 301 | 938 | 548 | 112 | 1,532 | 3,637 | 1,217 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 15 | 111 | 252 | 230 | 72 | 395 | 1,082 | 219 |
| 100 | 3 | 60 | 13 | 27 | [44 | 149 | 398 | 75 |
| 250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 _----- - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 405 | 471 | 1,203 | 805 | 228 | 2,076 | 5,118 | 1,511 |

SERVICE: MOTION PICTURES-

| 1 | 1,435 | 6, 812 | 4,492 | 457 | 1,670 | 14, 670 | 30, 360 | 7,857 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 439 | 5,063 | 3, 850 | 170 | 2, 167 | 17, 558 | 30, 862 | 4,672 |
| 100 | 364 | 8, 272 | 5,340 | 955 | 4,999 | 33,780 | 56,146 | 9,140 |
| 250 | 144 | 5,169 | 4,406 | 1,243 | 7,623 | 29,657 | 51, 007 | 8,253 |
| 500 | 82 | 5,613 | 5,382 | 1, 533 | 6, 243 | 34,952 | 56, 047 | 8,343 |
| 1,000 | 72 | 12, 937 | 14,270 | 6,378 | 22, 046 | 86,970 | 150,519 | 28,696 |
| 5,000 | 10 | 8,022 | 4,349 | 2,148 | 3, 953 | 40,691 | 61.425 | 15,562 |
| 10,000 | 7 | 19,837 | 11,566 | 28,724 | 26, 565 | 69,475 | 160, 162 | 10,021 |
| 50,000 | 3 | 18, 615 | 4,533 | 37, 856 | 29, 011 | 117,310 | 214,925 | 14,096 |
| 100,000 |  | 19,702 | 20,080 | 85, 631 | 248,603 | 33, 752 | 417, 261 | 18,474 |
| Total | 2, 559 | 110,042 | 78,268 | 165,095 | 352, 879 | 478,813 | 1, 228, 715 | 125,114 |

SERVICE: MOTION PICTURES-

| 1. | 869 | 1,033 | 1,272 | 470 | 545 | 7,832 | 12,381 | 12,788 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 95 | , 371 | - 779 | 190 | 375 | 4,488 | 6,702 | 1,682 |
| 100 | 69 | 642 | 933 | 500 | 930 | 6, 649 | 10,335 | 10,359 |
| 250 | 20 | 191 | 1,989 | 138 | 1,180 | 3, 291 | 7,250 | 2,735 |
| 500 | 10 | 217 | , 285 | 76 | 61 | 4,949 | 6,211 | 1,913 |
| 1,000 | 9 | 585 | 787 | 111 | 4,045 | 16, 703 | 22, 864 | 3, 780 |
| 5,000 | 1 | 49 | 112 | 5, 028 |  | 2,743 | 8,097 | 107 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 $\ldots$.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 1,073 | 3,088 | 6,156 | 6,514 | 7,136 | 46,655 | 73,841 | 33,364 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { tax } 59 \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## HAND TRADES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 709 | 5,756 | 1,689 | 31, 812 | 32,167 | 2,380 | 2,380 | 802 | 123 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 760 | 3,333 | 2, 798 | 22,065 | 22, 306 | 2,384 | 2,384 | 1,241 | 171 |
| 623 | 3, 060 | 4, 079 | 27, 177 | 27,314 | 3,917 | 3,916 | 2,548 | 248 |
| 402 | 1,360 | 2,581 | 15,452 | 15,512 | 2,836 | 2,836 | 1,989 | 181 |
| 205 | 310 | 736 | 1,665 | 1,693 | 338 | 338 | 223 | 34 |
| 455 | 411 | 534 | 6,263 | 6,289 | 351 | 351 | 243 | 5 |
| 3,100 | 1,250 | 445 | 9,114 | 9,141 | 759 | 759 | 503 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6,253 | 15,479 | 12,864 | 113, 547 | 114,423 | 12,966 | 12,964 | 7,548 | 762 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

HAND TRADES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3,111 | 10,454 | 5,235 | 94,651 | 99,087 | 8,262 | 8,261 | 2,640 | 2,427 |
| 5,514 | 8,998 | 8,502 | 56,018 | 59,026 | 7,159 | 7,158 | 2,902 | 1,966 |
| 13,917 | 18,230 | 7,732 | 78,819 | 81,653 | 11,674 | 11,668 | 5,329 | 2,758 |
| 7,977 | 13,339 | 17,227 | 54,168 | 57,376 | 9,718 | 9,695 | 4,573 | 2,715 |
| 12,460 | 13,524 | 17,876 | 63,571 | 67,308 | 10,321 | 10,321 | 4,949 | 3,405 |
| 34,283 | 36,973 | 41,172 | 194,762 | 204,640 | 25,178 | 25,172 | 12,247 | 5,866 |
| 10,858 | 14,691 | 17,748 | 54,920 | 57,939 | 8,476 | 8,476 | 4,056 | 1,595 |
| 41,719 | 35,251 | 59,417 | 128,005 | 136,079 | 23,582 | 23,563 | 12,736 | 8,393 |
| 44,340 | 37,411 | 113,833 | 157,720 | 167,065 | 22,270 | 22,270 | 10,069 | 5,381 |
| 64,025 | 83,590 | 243,435 | 171,949 | 189,261 | 43,502 | 43,410 | 13,609 | 9,634 |
| 238,205 | 272,459 | 532,178 | $1,054,583$ | $1,119,435$ | 170,143 | 169,993 | 73,110 | 44,140 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance shcets «1 | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets serves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

SERVICE: AMUSEMENT, EXCEPT MOTION

|  | 1,031 | 2,972 | 1,491 | 544 | 722 | 10,785 | 17,564 | 4, 711 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 199 | 1,504 | 725 | 468 | 929 | 9,614 | 13, 837 | 2,362 2,962 |
| 100 | 145 | 2,331 | 1,684 | 537 | 1,332 | 15, 275 | 22, 207 | 2,962 |
| 250 | 52 | 2, 689 | 2, 265 | 165 | 2, 081 | 10, 270 | 17,745 | 1,763 |
| 500 | 36 | 4, 728 | 1,210 | 174 | 3,947 | 14,354 | 25, 093 | 4,081 |
| 1,000 | 35 | 13, 034 | 4,081 | 718 | 10,636 | 39, 150 | 69, 273 | 6, 077 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 2,680 | 1,829 | 138 | 888 | 4,721 | 10, 263 | 352 |
| 10,000- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total_ | 1. 500 | 29, 939 | 13, 285 | 2,743 | 20,536 | 104, 168 | 175, 982 | 22, 309 |

SERVICE: AMUSEMENT, EXCEPT MOTION


OTHER SERVICE, INCLUDING SCHOOLS-

| 1 | 992 | 3, 085 | 3, 842 | 867 | 1,234 | 5,746 | 15,650 | 4,258 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 192 | 2, 103 | 2, 620 | 751 | 1, 069 | 6, 561 | 13, 886 | 1,906 |
| 100 | 205 | 4,185 | 5,895 | 1, 121 | 2, 845 | 16, 541 | 32, 172 | 4,045 |
| 250 | 84 | 3,751 | 6,041 | 1,295 | 3,290 | 13, 539 | 29, 253 | 4,314 |
| 500 | 48 | 6,790 | 9, 023 | 986 | 5,507 | 10,679 | 34, 161 | 3, 402 |
| 1.100 | 22 | 6,942 | 7,880 | 4, 321 | 2, 773 | 13,853 | 37, 626 | 4,838 |
| 5.000 | 4 | 5, 141 | 5,627 | 2, 035 | 4, 664 | 8,956 | 27, 637 | 7,527 |
| 10,000- | 3 | 3, 800 | 15, 739 | 499 | 7,410 | 1,691 | 60, 409 | 8,666 |
| $50,000$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,550 | 35,799 | 56, 667 | 11,875 | 28, 792 | 77,601 | 250, 793 | 38,956 |

OTHER SERVICE, INCLUDING SCHOOLS-

| 1. | 1,375 | 1.878 | 2,721 | 686 | 884 | 7,687 | 15, 153 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 145 | 956 | 1,491 | 429 | 668 | 5, 857 | 10, 233 | 2,722 |
| 100 | 101 | 842 | 2,033 | 526 | 1,302 | 9,433 | 15, 041 | 3,935 2 230 |
| ${ }^{250}$ | 29 14 | 443 397 | 1,669 1,017 | 294 292 | $\begin{array}{r}748 \\ 1,390 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5, 232 | 9,580 10,241 | 2,230 2,213 |
| ${ }_{1}^{500}$ | 14 | 397 520 | 1,017 1,622 | 229 357 | ${ }_{3}^{1,390}$ | 5,705 | 10,241 12,531 | 2,213 914 |
| 5.000 | 1 |  |  |  | 10,731 |  | 10,731 | 5 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,672 | 5, 035 | 10,552 | 2, 521 | 19,079 | 40, 156 | 83,510 | 17, 810 |

Forifootnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{66}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { aud } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits } 58 \\ & \text { (less } \\ & \text { deficit) } \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

PICTURES-RETURNS WITE NET INCOME


PICTURES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 1,550 | 8,064 | 143 | 40,797 | 43,184 | 2,687 | 2,686 | 774 | 292 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,412 | 5,885 | 3, 062 | 26, 274 | 26,647 | 2,355 | 2,355 | 936 | 354 |
| 2,638 | 11,615 | 10,407 | 44,845 | 45, 778 | 4,651 | 4,647 | 2,132 | 588 |
| 4,082 | 8,740 | 8,101 | 45, 253 | 46,138 | 5,632 | 5,622 | 3, 122 | 442 |
| 2, 055 | 7,908 | 12, 335 | 58, 726 | 59,893 | 10,477 | 10,470 | 6,517 | 963 |
| 3, 515 | 7,441 | 12, 579 | 49,697 | 50,304 | 8,804 | 8, 802 | 5,590 | 615 |
| 104 |  |  |  | 24,088 | 3,497 | 3,489 | 2, 142 | 502 |
|  | 2,814 | 7,939 | 23, 756 | 24, 010 | 2,411 | 2,390 | 1,233 | 593 |
| 15,356 | 65, 420 | 57,637 | 312,860 | 320, 043 | 40,515 | 40, 460 | 22, 445 | 4,351 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets } \\ & \text { classes }{ }^{53} \end{aligned}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets ${ }^{41}$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

SERVICE NOT ALLOCABLE-

| 1. | 39 | 153 | 147 | 68 | 51 | 149 | 590 | 159 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 4 | 82 | 109 | 13 | 1 | 63 | 309 | 120 |
| 100 | 6 | 229 | 224 | 84 | 142 | 158 | 897 | 60 |
| 250 | 1 | 58 | 53 | 10 | 167 | 123 | 413 | 3 |
| 500 | 1 | 103 | 304 | 12 | 31 | 33 | 502 | 73 |
| 1,000 | 3 | 889 | 2,380 | 109 | 1, 607 | 2, 743 | 7,827 | 2,266 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 - ----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 $\ldots . .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 54 | 1,514 | 3,217 | 297 | 1,999 | 3,269 | 10,537 | 2,681 |

SERVICE NOT ALLOCABLE-

| 1. | 38 | 51 | 116 | 25 | 47 | 164 | 427 | 192 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 5 | 33 | 94 | (15) | 8 | 222 | 364 | 23 |
| 100 | 4 | 142 | 51 | 51 | 49 | 262 | 583 | 268 |
| 250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 500. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 47 | 227 | 261 | 76 | 104 | 648 | 1,373 | 484 |

TOTAL FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND LESSORS

| 1. | 20,249 | 46,020 | 71,335 | 2,230 | 41,815 | 275, 042 | 454, 834 | 93, 274 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 9,440 | 43,287 | 88,343 | 2,244 | 61, 892 | 462, 700 | 678, 472 | 102, 660 |
| 100 | 11, 177 | 123, 817 | 235, 821 | 6,466 | 230, 018 | 1,146, 275 | 1,786,357 | 221, 218 |
| 250 | 6, 501 | 339, 516 | 394,692 | 1,832 | 503, 658 | 1, 0.34, 323 | 2, 309,418 | 173, 869 |
| 500 | 5, 322 | 847, 530 | 786, 420 | 1,780 | 1,137, 228 | 1,962, 463 | 3,779, 583 | 179, 126 |
| 1,000 | 6,839 | 3, 399, 529 | 2,788, 185 | 9, 053 | 6, 162,709 | 1,972, 644 | 14, 510, 528 | 434, 419 |
| 5,000 | 1, 001 | 1,472, 045 | 1,111,967 | 912 | 3,460, 611 | 1,823,007 | 6,993, 530 | 152,865 |
| 10,000 | 826 | 3, 423, 394 | 2,261, 263 | 5,426 | 9, 758, 226 | 1, 154, 337 | 16, 923, 110 | 307, 494 |
| 50,000 | 150 | 2, 175, 970 | 1,380, 282 | 737 | 5, 860, 595 | 659, 436 | 10, 286, 742 | 130, 422 |
| 100,000 | 169 | 14, 191, 565 | 10, 117, 694 | 9,180 | 62, 543, 902 | 1,441,657 | 89, 711. 803 | 569, 354 |
| Total. | 61,674 | 26, 062, 674 | 19, 236, 003 | 39,860 | 89, 760, 655 | 9,936, 884 | 147, 434, 378 | 2,364, 700 |

TOTAL FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND LESSORS

| 1. | 26, 903 | 31, 736 | 63,932 | 3, 649 | 41,673 | 375, 029 | 536, 479 | 176, 448 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 8,732 | 21, 673 | 53, 734 | 3,855 | 53, 775 | 470,383 | 620,482 | 120, 114 |
| 100 | 8, 113 | 46,235 | 107,793 | 7,649 | 126, 775 | 959,383 | 1,279, 517 | 213, 993 |
| 250 | 3, 551 | 87, 251 | 129, 192 | 1,147 | 224, 931 | 791, 463 | 1,255, 199 | 153, 773 |
| 500 | 2, 343 | 203, 667 | 207, 601 | 1,402 | 430, 300 | 779, 247 | 1,648,345 | 126, 953 |
| 1,000 | 2, 782 | 991, 776 | 827,610 | 1,277 | 2, 226, 490 | 1,710,597 | 5, 841, 830 | 256, 532 |
| 5,000 | 406 | 544,998 | 372, 054 | 750 | 1,258, 069 | 585, 831 | 2, 796, 184 | 76, 130 |
| 10,000 | 309 | 1,110,319 | 804, 592 | 343 | 2,986, 009 | 856, 087 | 5, 835, 944 | 150, 708 |
| 50,000 | 26 | 285, 339 | 217, 148 | 290 | 773, 373 | 432, 623 | 1,843, 821 | 88, 502 |
| 100,000 | 27 | 1,451, 081 | 1,165, 277 | 7,819 | 3,382, 336 | 357, 398 | 6,390,970 | 209.313 |
| Total | 53, 192 | 4, 774, 075 | 3, 948, 933 | 28,181 | 11, 503, 730 | 7, 318, 041 | 28, 048, 770 | 1,572, 466 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{58}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } 58 \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { defieit) } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \operatorname{tax} 59 \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 33 | 239 | 91 | 1,435 | 1,532 | 121 | 121 | 33 | 14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 26 | 122 | -710 | 1, 714 | 59 | 59 | 20 |  |
| 163 | 329 | 206 | 398 | 414 | 60 | 60 | 6 | $\overline{2}$ |
|  | 328 | 80 | 179 | 221 | 16 | 16 | 2 | 4 |
|  | 169 | 204 | 1,321 | 1,369 | 69 | 69 | 28 | 35 |
| 100 | 2,600 | 2,677 | 2,446 | 2,967 | 754 | 754 | 370 | 205 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | -- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 459 | 259 |
| 296 | 3,691 | 3,380 | 6,488 | 7,217 | 1,080 | 1,080 | 459 | 259 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## OF REAL PROPERTY-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 116,870 | 258,088 | 6042,991 | 82,601 | 183,216 | 32,069 | 31,998 | 7,208 | 12,093 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 225,309 | 268,462 | 43,474 | 49,164 | 150,246 | 28,309 | 28,246 | 7,224 | 9,956 |
| 643,136 | 588,154 | 168,729 | 90,844 | 317,558 | 63,902 | 63,529 | 16,150 | 25,167 |
| 600,288 | 601,771 | 277,987 | 154,625 | 283,802 | 65,495 | 63,778 | 17,445 | 27,613 |
| 503,381 | 769,214 | 418,415 | 144,247 | 300,886 | 79,472 | 74,617 | 19,576 | 36,020 |
| 982,634 | $2,289,610$ | $1,883,725$ | 408,507 | 935,136 | 282,296 | 257,268 | 63,463 | 147,097 |
| 384,862 | 991,237 | $1,063,279$ | 273,869 | 499,937 | 134,804 | 123,145 | 27,995 | 68,361 |
| 780,132 | $1,953,387$ | $2,487,153$ | 840,151 | $1,346,547$ | 368,281 | 339,502 | 78,582 | 178,651 |
| 483,038 | $1,015,338$ | $1,143,559$ | 422,947 | 709,859 | 188,133 | 170,721 | 35,694 | 106,669 |
| $1,073,792$ | $4,209,116$ | $5,782,043$ | 534,327 | $2,658,584$ | $1,506,585$ | $1,323,030$ | 113,941 | 342,977 |
| $5,793,442$ | $12,944,377$ | $13,225,373$ | $3,001,282$ | $7,385,771$ | $2,749,347$ | $2,475,833$ | 387,277 | 954,604 |

OF REAL PROPERTY-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 248, 344 | 416,114 | ${ }^{60} 361,049$ | 46,870 | 121, 303 | ${ }^{39} 46,983$ | ${ }^{39} 47,041$ | 3,268 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 302, 275 | 272, 764 | ${ }^{60} 127,589$ | 20, 396 | 80,548 | ${ }^{39} 18,776$ | 3918,808 | 962 |
| 666, 926 | 466.679 | 60190,060 | 26,705 | 140,950 | ${ }^{39} 31,213$ | ${ }^{39} 31,373$ | 1,590 |
| 588, 715 | 426, 628 | ${ }^{60} 167,255$ | 76, 269 | 110, 683 | ${ }^{39} 28,821$ | ${ }^{39} 29,551$ | 2,123 |
| 548, 413 | 431,898 | ${ }^{60} 53,828$ | 71,217 | 110, 814 | ${ }^{39} 31,339$ | ${ }^{39} 33,581$ | 2,157 |
| - 1,309,327 | 1,030, 205 | 6014,484 | 160,235 | 285, 483 | ${ }^{39} 61,254$ | ${ }^{39} 73,656$ | 9, 927 |
| 436, 132 | 391, 309 | 55, 510 | 49,921 | 103, 607 | ${ }^{99} 91,563$ | ${ }^{39} 97,122$ | 3,529 |
| 859, 006 | 694, 736 | 232, 005 | 90, 784 | 197, 419 | ${ }^{39} 44,978$ | ${ }^{39} 54,014$ | 11,646 |
| 417, 523 | 274,942 | ${ }^{60} 15,233$ | 30,628 | 62, 816 | 39 39 39 | $\begin{array}{r}39 \\ \hline 9 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | 1,379 |
| 336, 418 | 281,420 | 495, 582 | 39, 144 | 149, 797 | ${ }^{39} 3,112$ | ${ }^{39} 15,286$ | 12, 891 |
| 5,713, 079 | 4,686, 695 | ${ }^{60} 146,400$ | 612,169 | 1,363, 419 | ${ }^{39} 364,738$ | ${ }^{39} 409,711$ | 49,472 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{63}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { wlth } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets } 41 \end{array}\right\|$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TOTAL FINANCE-RETURNS

| 1. | 3,655 | 12,809 | 25,980 | 614 | 20,588 | 8,179 | 71,588 | 14, 465 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,354 | 12,860 | 41,353 | 501 | 30, 706 | 8,905 | 98, 402 | 18, 531 |
| 100 | 2,257 | 66, 524 | 138, 259 | 1,211 | 133, 868 | 26,982 | 376, 970 | 54,934 |
| 250 | 2, 745 | 285, 640 | 313, 780 | 968 | 363, 012 | 33, 375 | 1,006, 252 | 59,368 |
| 500 | 3, 451 | 786, 605 | 709, 440 | 389 | 922, 266 | 49, 661 | 2, 483, 028 | 72, 149 |
| 1,000 | 5,300 | 3, 213, 956 | 2,652, 739 | 3, 078 | 5, 144, 232 | 219, 613 | 11, 295, 274 | 270,650 |
| 5,000 | 741 | I, 344, 477 | 1,078, 694 | 535 | 2, 591, 541 | 98,009 | 5, 154, 525 | 125, 036 |
| 10,000 | 602 | 3, 120, 736 | 2, 198, 156 | 1,568 | 6, 636, 864 | 197, 592 | 12, 214, 133 | 215, 912 |
| 50,000 | 111 | 2, 043, 131 | 1,375, 266 |  | 4, 081, 715 | 88, 139 | 7, 647,992 | 127,636 |
| 100,000 | 122 | 13, 454, 981 | 10, 116, 831 | 9,180 | 31, 392, 161 | 540, 551 | $55,955,281$ | 569, 354 |
| Total | 20,338 | 24, 341, 719 | 18, 650, 499 | 18,044 | 51,316,953 | 1,271,005 | 96, 303, 446 | 1,528, 036 |

TOTAL FINANCE-RETURNS

| 1. | 4,403 | 10,980 | 25, 288 | 682 | 17, 447 | 15,709 | 75,241 | 44, 540 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,012 | 7,397 | 23, 694 | 515 | 21, 718 | 13, 733 | 72, 079 | 16,519 |
| 100 | 1,044 | 22, 889 | 49,904 | 725 | 60,643 | 27,616 | 170,780 | 40,655 |
| 250 | 858 | 69,927 | 80,387 | 39 | 134,945 | 24,545 | 315, 834 | 35, 040 |
| 500 | 1,015 | 185, 291 | 164, 447 | 950 | 333, 205 | 38, 137 | 730, 460 | 34, 381 |
| 1,000 | 1,766 | 942,352 | 741, 257 | 315 | 1,959, 159 | 151,945 | 3, 823, 205 | 87,578 |
| 5,000 | 307 | 530, 058 | 353, 451 |  | 1, 171, 882 | 58,966 | 2, 124,345 | 27,520 |
| 10,000 | 250 | 1,082,301 | 772, 967 | 72 | 2, 777, 862 | 117,251 | 4, 798,669 | 105, 947 |
| 50,000 | 17 | 276,940 | 199, 704 |  | 674,328 | 20,715 | 1,219, 107 | 48, 257 |
| 100,000 | 24 | 1, 422, 767 | 1, 146, 106 | 7,819 | 3,282, 850 | 112, 264 | 5,997, 680 | 182,647 |
| Total | 10,696 | 4, 550,903 | 3, 557, 204 | 11,117 | 10, 434, 039 | 580, 881 | 19, 332, 401 | 623, 085 |

FINANCE: BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES-


FINANCE: BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES-

| 1. | 354 | 1,217 | 1,927 | 864 | 1,464 | 5,949 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 72 | 990 | 1,640 | 1,275 | 1,000 | 5,333 |  |
| 100 | 195 | 12,094 | 8,675 | 11, 179 | 2,441 | 35,737 |  |
| 250 | 453 | 59,082 | 42,542 | 64, 191 | 3,289 | 170,758 |  |
| 500 | 748 | 175, 968 | 121, 152 | 236, 711 | 10,246 | 545, 752 |  |
| 1,000 | 1,497 | 913, 183 | 658, 226 | 1,620, 806 | 66, 865 | 3,274, 649 |  |
| 5,000 | 263 | 518, 289 | 322, 855 | 935,483 | 34, 611 | 1, 816, 537 |  |
| 10.000 | 208 | 1,054, 235 | 674,575 | 2,054,989 | 83, 029 | 3, 896, 257 |  |
| 50,000 | 14 | 273, 617 | 183, 662 | 491, 824 | 20,715 | 1,016, 210 |  |
| 100,000 | 21 | 1,366, 292 | 1,084,922 | 2,826, 127 | 70,932 | 5, 368, 833 |  |
| Total | 3, 825 | 4,374, 966 | 3, 100, 177 | 8,243,448 | 294, 591 | 16, 136, 014 |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other

## figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \begin{array}{c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array} \\ \hline \text { so } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## WITH NET INCOME

| 8,420 | 74,603 | 6032,505 | 16,448 | 33,080 | 8,958 | 8,909 | 1,630 | 5,009 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 11,976 | 62,642 | 003,149 | 8,843 | 25,461 | 6,409 | 6,370 | 1,456 | 3,519 |
| 29,435 | 152,268 | 47,746 | 20,775 | 64,035 | 20,019 | 19,793 | 4,056 | 11,361 |
| 30,072 | 228,633 | 105,813 | 16,942 | 71,683 | 25,431 | 24,054 | 4,880 | 13,917 |
| 43,451 | 384,803 | 178,581 | 24,113 | 113,473 | 37,911 | 33,674 | 5,957 | 21,037 |
| 175,068 | $1,383,507$ | $1,176,323$ | 72,083 | 445,582 | 172,565 | 151,877 | 26,059 | 107,068 |
| 108,075 | 584,881 | 620,912 | 33,049 | 185,445 | 74,150 | 65,870 | 11,674 | 45,960 |
| 284,770 | $1,412,463$ | $1,644,297$ | 81,553 | 412,381 | 175,291 | 157,790 | 26,347 | 122,304 |
| 125,199 | 760,767 | 729,718 | 52,685 | 234,960 | 101,702 | 92,767 | 19,975 | 73,530 |
| 683,529 | $3,731,850$ | $4,140,880$ | 288,612 | $1,186,246$ | 464,688 | 350,030 | 74,322 | 311,824 |
| $1,499,994$ | $8,776,418$ | $8,608,615$ | 615,103 | $2,772,345$ | $1,087,123$ | 911,133 | 176,354 | 715,529 |

## WITH NO NET INCOME

| 36,352 | 134, 165 | ${ }^{60} 151,505$ | 7,990 | 15,712 | ${ }^{39} 10,706$ | ${ }^{39} 10,745$ |  | 2,043 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12,341 | 55, 400 | ${ }^{60} 23,766$ | 3,394 | 7,962 | ${ }^{39} 3,941$ | 39 3,964 |  | 483 |
| 32, 815 | 120, 240 | ${ }^{00} 66,553$ | 6,409 | 14,951 | ${ }^{89} 6,007$ | ${ }^{39} 6,128$ |  | 782 |
| 37, 139 | 146, 040 | ${ }^{60} 69,097$ | 4,375 | 15,057 | ${ }^{39} 5,584$ | ${ }^{39} 6,233$ |  | 1,034 |
| 31,011 | 140, 213 | 21,441 | 5,102 | 24,609 | ${ }^{99} 11,188$ | ${ }^{39} 13,307$ |  | 1,462 |
| 234,385 | 500, 802 | ${ }^{60}$ 27, 332 | 17,403 | 106,226 | ${ }^{39} 22,054$ | ${ }^{39} 34,091$ |  | 7,589 |
| 98, 003 | 211,785 | 126,504 | 6,794 | 47,934 | 399,116 | ${ }^{39} 14,374$ |  | 3,315 |
| 290, 117 | 481, 992 | 226,958 | 21,282 | 104,846 | ${ }^{39} 25,217$ | ${ }^{39} 34,200$ |  | 10,229 |
| 20, 837 | 162, 273 | 29,884 | 5,019 | 23, 496 | ${ }^{39} 3,600$ | ${ }^{39} 6,177$ |  | 854 |
| 225, 094 | 233, 683 | 364, 734 | 37,689 | 142,464 | 76 | ${ }^{39} 12,047$ |  | 12,891 |
| 1,021, 127 | 2,186,593 | 431, 268 | 115,458 | 503, 256 | ${ }^{39} 97,337$ | ${ }^{39} 141,267$ |  | 40,683 |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  | 3,247 | ${ }^{60} 261$ | 750 | 1,677 | 362 | 345 | 81 | 356 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1,799 | 584 | 163 | 562 | 155 | 141 | 28 | 181 |
|  | 13, 195 | 6,652 | 1,137 | 5,108 | 1,073 | 961 | 224 | 579 |
|  | 46,384 | 34,078 | 4,254 | 23, 227 | 6,159 | 4,981 | 1,109 | 2,110 |
|  | 97, 054 | 96, 357 | 9, 293 | 60,330 | 15,655 | 11,800 | 2, 698 | 5,370 |
|  | 379, 686 | 470, 717 | 38, 824 | 251, 906 | 62, 424 | 43, 031 | 10,277 | 22,528 |
|  | 151, 514 | 210, 599 | 16,207 | 101, 651 | 23,078 | 15,067 | 4,042 | 8,788 |
|  | 303, 482 | 483, 696 | 41,422 | 213, 092 | 48,635 | 31,831 | 8,555 | 20,741 |
|  | 159,818 | 270, 935 | 19,690 | 110, 923 | 25,853 | 16,975 | 4,712 | 11, 183 |
|  | 1,157, 130 | 2,605, 878 | 118,625 | 803, 808 | 254,024 | 140,625 | 28,748 | 125,485 |
|  | 2, 313,310 | 4,179, 235 | 250,366 | 1,572,288 | 437,418 | 265,758 | 60,472 | 197,322 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets ${ }^{41}$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ |  | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

FINANCE: LONG-TERM CREDIT AGENCIES, MORTGAGE


FINANCE: LONG-TERM CREDIT AGENCIES, MORTGAGE


FINANCE: SHORT-TERM CREDIT AGENCIES, EXCEPT

| 1. | 857 | 3, 523 | 12,906 | 350 | 1,355 | 543 | 19,288 | 4,241 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 449 | 4,099 | 24,359 | 454 | 2,712 | 817 | 33, 067 | 7,647 |
| 100 | 636 | 11, 124 | 74, 490 | 930 | 8,746 | 3,349 | 100,816 | 25, 462 |
| 250 | 276 | 8, 472 | 70, 833 | 824 | 11,313 | 2,845 | 95,964 | 28,980 |
| 500 | 160 | 10, 039 | 85, 489 | 324 | 12,804 | 1,597 | 111, 973 | 40, 109 |
| 1,000 | 132 | 31, 506 | 181, 660 | 2,899 | 46,068 | 3,230 | 267, 799 | 96, 588 |
| 5,000 | 21 | 18, 151 | 113, 257 | 66 | 13, 014 | 1, 334 | 147, 126 | 66, 527 |
| 10,000 | 17 | 37, 538 | 222, 577 | 1,375 | 33, 844 | 4,121 | 301, 988 | 106,830 |
| 50,000 | 2 | 8, 860 | 133, 769 |  | 10, 186 | 1, 869 | 157, 275 | 13,342 |
| 100,000 | 3 | 97,622 | 633, 984 | 8,325 | 65,398 | 7,127 | 815,837 | 300,323 |
| Total. | 2,553 | 230,936 | 1,553, 325 | 15,546 | 205, 439 | 26, 830 | 2,051, 133 | 690,047 |

FINANCE: SHORT-TERM CREDIT AGENUIES, EXCEPT

| 1. | 913 | 2,652 | 10, 443 | 279 | 1,599 | 1,010 | 16,725 | 5,247 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 202 | 1,634 | 9, 724 | 267 | 1,643 | 648 | 14,386 | 3,497 |
| 100 | 155 | 2,343 | 16,771 | 203 | 2,563 | 1,512 | 24,374 | 8, 163 |
| 250 | 44 | 1,197 | 10, 133 | 37 | 2,816 | , 443 | 14,962 | 5,535 |
| 500 | 30 | 1,844 | 12,499 | 451 | 4,078 | 1,107 | 20,511 | 7, 320 |
| 1,000 | 11 | 1,262 | 9,040 | 48 | 2,469 | 75 | \{13,445 | 4,703 |
| 6,000 | 1 | 1,889 | 7,131 | 72 | 8,042 | 29 | 18,000 | 10,691 |
| Total. | 1,356 | 12, 821 | 75, 741 | 1,357 | 23, 209 | 4.824 | 122, 404 | 45, 156 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other

## figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{36}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{37}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## COMPANIES, EXCEPT BANKS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



COMPANIES, EXCEPT BANKS--RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


BANKS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 1,253 | 11,755 | 1,096 | 4,149 | 7,411 | 1,172 | 1,171 | 272 | 567 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3,165 | 16,364 | 4,050 | 3,397 | 8,296 | 1,597 | 1,596 | 402 | 691 |
| 12,350 | 41,222 | 16,036 | 9,167 | 25,637 | 4,735 | 4,728 | 1,247 | 2,049 |
| 11,338 | 33,586 | 16,342 | 7,935 | 19,734 | 4,714 | 4,705 | 1,424 | 1,890 |
| 15,004 | 31,140 | 15,674 | 9,961 | 21,976 | 4,531 | 4,523 | 1,590 | 1,735 |
| 32,295 | 68,918 | 46,836 | 16,077 | 46,705 | 13,085 | 13,025 | 4,677 | 6,599 |
| 29,226 | 24,769 | 21,965 | 12,064 | 25,502 | 7,662 | 7,662 | 3,376 | 2,993 |
| 39,257 | 70,343 | 69,039 | 31,794 | 55,616 | 19,690 | 19,678 | 7,844 | 11,284 |
| 33,268 | 60,181 | 43,864 | 28,660 | 55,490 | 17,714 | 17,714 | 7,527 | 7,413 |
| 101,907 | 144,836 | 199,101 | 124,875 | 141,281 | 53,995 | 53,896 | 23,897 | 58,440 |
| 279,063 | 503,114 | 433,001 | 248,081 | 407,647 | 128,894 | 128,699 | 52,256 | 93,662 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

BANKS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets } \\ & \text { classes }{ }^{53} \end{aligned}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets 4 ir | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assess reserves) | Total assetsTotal llabilitics ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

FINANCE: INVESTMENT TRUSTS AND INVESTMENT

| 1 | 500 | 1,094 | 1,000 | 6,588 | 759 | 9, 791 | 1,734 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 232 | 1,117 | 2, 093 | 11, 531 | 1,372 | 16,723 | 1,638 |
| 100 | 375 | 3, 125 | 6,613 | 46, 681 | 3, 719 | 61, 673 | 8,906 |
| 250 | 338 | 6, 764 | 9,296 | 96, 976 | 6, 110 | 121, 180 | 10,345 |
| 500 | 264 | 7,671 | 17, 840 | 150, 943 | 6,640 | 184, 640 | 5, 069 |
| 1,000 | 392 | 39,248 | 59, 774 | 736, 063 | 22, 263 | 864, 703 | 52,680 |
| 5,000-.-.----- | 62 | 32,028 | 11, 804 | 381,496 | 1,346 | 428, 184 | 15, 305 |
| 10,000 | 53 | 45,850 | 19, 102 | 1,017, 893 | 16,332 | 1, 105, 540 | 19,570 |
| 50,000 | 5 | 4,944 | 1,384 | 392,041 |  | 398, 727 | 1,291 |
| 100,000 | 3 | 17,294 | 1,780 | 421, 301 | 1 | 441,762 | 316 |
| Total | 2,224 | 159, 136 | 130, 687 | 3, 261, 513 | 58,541 | 3,632,922 | 116,857 |

FINANCE: INVESTMENT TRUSTS AND INVESTMENT

| 1 | 385 | 968 | 797 | 3,809 | 1,213 | 7,196 | 3,365 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 98 | 490 | 778 | 4,415 | 1,154 | 6,976 | 1,668 |
| 100 | 145 | 1, 055 | 3,260 | 15, 504 | 3, 277 | 23, 693 | 4,370 |
| 250 | 69 | 1,792 | 4,321 | 15,765 | 1,891 | 24,647 | 7,345 |
| 500 | 53 | 991 | 6, 105 | 22,528 | 4,702 | 35,857 | 7,759 |
| 1,000 | 48 | 4,523 | 14, 631 | 74,783 | 9, 348 | 105, 125 | 22, 974 |
| 5,000- | 13 | 1, 134 | 7,391 | 90,014 | 435 | 99, 852 | 11, 568 |
| 10,000 | 13 | 3,984 | 12, 891 | 299, 233 | 546 | 322, 629 | 50, 421 |
| 50,000 | 1 |  |  | 60, 056 |  | 60, 118 | 97 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 9, 373 | 429 | 193, 317 | 1,038 | 205, 226 | 1,410 |
| Total | 826 | 24,315 | 50,602 | 779, 424 | 23, 605 | 891, 318 | 110, 977 |

FINANCE: OTHER INVESTMENT COMPANIES, INCLUDING HOLDING

| 1. | 119 | 283 | 334 | 20 | 2,076 | 458 | 3, 258 | 370 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 79 | 356 | 726 | 12 | 3,392 | 1,047 | 5,677 | 540 |
| 100 | 190 | 1,861 | 3,355 | 45 | 21,922 | 4,853 | 32,620 | 3, 251 |
| 250 | 171 | 2, 674 | 6,420 | 49 | 44,325 | 7,941 | 62, 247 | 4, 558 |
| 500 | 180 | 5,326 | 12, 114 | 66 | 98, 874 | 12,018 | 130, 847 | 5,592 |
| 1,000 | 365 | 34, 078 | 76, 137 | 122 | 651,342 | 51, 839 | 825, 243 | 34, 711 |
| 5,000.. | 63 | 16,524 | 45, 568 | 200 | 353, 863 | 20,395 | 437, 610 | 31,789 |
| 10,000 | 63 | 64, 196 | 98, 467 | 111 | 1, 058, 806 | 21, 490 | 1, 250, 894 | 42, 677 |
| 50,000 | 11 | 5,417 | 83, 379 |  | 572,267 | 8, 980 | 672, 647 | 17, 844 |
| 100,000 | 12 | 132, 899 | 51, 787 | 855 | 3, 575, 518 | 46, 586 | 3, 833, 010 | 40, 014 |
| Total | 1,253 | 263, 614 | 378, 287 | 1,480 | 6, 382, 384 | 175,608 | 7, 254, 054 | 181, 345 |

FINANCE: OTHER INVESTMENT COMPANIES, INCLUDING HOLDING

|  | 67 | 105 | 267 | 13 | 866 | 309 | 1,677 | 308 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 65 | 261 | 525 | 39 | 2, 734 | 884 | 4,699 | 1,197 |
| 100 | 82 | 600 | 1,626 | 246 | 7,958 | 2,778 | 13,617 | 1,851 |
| 250 | 59 | 703 | 3,316 | 1 | 15, 431 | 2,064 | 21, 735 | 2, 504 |
| 500 | 58 | 839 | 4,379 | 479 | 30, 867 | 3,246 | 40,589 | 3,716 |
| 1,000 | 79 | 5,838 | 21, 925 | 172 | 114,944 | 18, 920 | 164, 078 | 20,743 |
| 5,000 | 18 | 4, 360 | 9,657 |  | 99, 995 | 11,935 | 126, 052 | 11, 792 |
| 10,000 | 15 | 5,563 | 29,582 |  | 262, 362 | 2,143 | 304, 419 | 31, 016 |
| 50,000 | 1 |  | 15,903 |  | 75, 618 |  | 92,544 | 8,959 |
| 100,000 | 2 | 47, 102 | 60, 755 | 7,819 | 263, 406 | 40, 294 | 423, 621 | 181, 237 |
| Total. | 446 | 65, 929 | 147, 934 | 8,769 | 874, 181 | 82,573 | 1,193, 032 | 263, 322 |

[^33]by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits }{ }^{58} \\ & \text { (less } \\ & \text { deficit) } \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{s}$ | Total tax ${ }^{69}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## COMPANIES ${ }^{1}$-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 2,815 | 25, 434 | ${ }^{60} 21,167$ |  | 3,941 | 3,082 | 3,077 | 278 | 1,718 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3,851 | 14,503 | 603,730 |  | 1,450 | 1,101 | 1,098 | 129 | 773 |
| 4,763 | 39,361 | 6,744 |  | 5,803 | 4,783 | 4,766 | 361 | 3,453 |
| 5,903 | 68, 182 | 33, 920 |  | 7,109 | 5,371 | 5,314 | 401 | 4,604 |
| 8,770 | 104,686 | 59, 234 |  | 10,970 | 8,760 | 8,621 | 520 | 7,950 |
| 49,506 | 447, 510 | 297, 121 |  | 50,388 | 41, 179 | 40,795 | 2,363 | 40,103 |
| 16,323 | 148, 549 | 232, 443 |  | 21, 432 | 17,707 | 17,648 | 899 | 14,661 |
| 82,937 | 402,827 | 579, 971 |  | 56,414 | 46,739 | 46,414 | 2,619 | 44, 287 |
| 28,462 | 77,028 | 291, 027 |  | 8,979 | 7,338 | 7,337 | 429 | 5,633 |
| 65,465 | 224, 184 | 148,357 |  | 18, 165 | 11,773 | 11,773 | 770 | 12,956 |
| 268, 794 | 1,552, 265 | 1, 623, 921 |  | 184,653 | 147, 833 | 146, 842 | 8,767 | 136, 138 |

## COMPANIES ${ }^{11}$-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## COMPANIES ${ }^{12}{ }^{13}$-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 289 | 4,878 | 602,325 | 17 | 771 | 632 | 632 | 33 | 463 |
| 771 | 3,519 | 709 | 7 | 1,203 | 594 | 594 | 32 | 559 |
| 1,795 | 19,804 | 7,414 | 353 | 4,312 | 3,097 | 3,089 | 286 | 2,442 |
| 2,830 | 39,810 | 14,362 | 213 | 5,610 | 4,222 | 4,212 | 298 | 3,301 |
| 10,219 | 70,628 | 40,394 | 588 | 8,898 | 6,204 | 6,128 | 435 | 4,698 |
| 65,673 | 409,950 | 303,768 | 2,894 | 57,307 | 42,291 | 41,799 | 4,181 | 34,101 |
| 45,373 | 221,134 | 131,966 | 1,556 | 25,950 | 20,266 | 20,098 | 1,552 | 17,269 |
| 112,385 | 594,820 | 469,649 | 5,153 | 72,620 | 54,978 | 54,770 | 5,589 | 43,572 |
| 63,470 | 462,291 | 123,791 | 4,320 | 58,489 | 50,595 | 50,595 | 7,307 | 49,300 |
| 456,795 | $2,149,009$ | $1,131,736$ | 40,503 | 200,147 | 136,704 | 136,529 | 19,307 | 107,521 |
| 759,600 | $3,975,873$ | $2,221,464$ | 55,605 | 435,306 | 319,582 | 318,445 | 39,020 | 263,226 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## JOMPANIES ${ }^{12}{ }^{13}-$ RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 147 | 8,737 | 60 | 7,666 | 2 | 60 | 39 | 151 | 39 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 966 | 4,249 | 60 | 2,491 | 4 | 124 | 39 | 300 | 39 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{5 s}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets 41 | Casb ${ }^{12}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{41}$ (less re- serves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

FINANCE: SECURITY AND COMMODITY-EXCHANGE BROKERS

| 1. | 270 | 1,844 | 1,598 |  | 1,761 | 404 | 5, 870 | 1,912 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 115 | 1,922 | 2,361 | ----------- | 3,382 | 190 | 8,256 | 3,425 |
| 100. | 117 | 3,416 | 4,679 |  | 9, 063 | 906 | 18, 535 | 6,892 |
| 250 | 57 | 2,900 | 4, 504 |  | 10, 509 | 796 | 19, 615 | 7,726 |
| 500 | 35 | 3, 195 | 5, 634 |  | 12,942 | 787 | 22,915 | 9,942 |
| 1,000 | 34 | 8,356 | 12,762 |  | 46, 742 | I, 779 | 72, 074 | 33, 354 |
| 5,000 | 5 | 2, 324 | 6, 226 |  | 29,609 | 107 | 38, 490 | 6,941 |
| 10,000 | 5 | 11, 061 | 29, 085 |  | 82, 457 | 41 | 125, 000 | 33, 872 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 258 | 56,347 |  | 42,358 | 10 | 98, 985 | 95, 159 |
| 100,000 | 2 | 7,535 | 21,346 |  | 192,894 | 32 | 225,946 | 95,329 |
| Total | 641 | 42,810 | 144, 541 |  | 431, 718 | 5, 052 | 635,686 | 294, 553 |

FINANCE: SECURITY AND COMMODITY-EXCHANGE BROKERS

|  | 437 | 1,603 | 1,932 | 2,375 | 702 | 7,061 | 3,443 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 92 | 1,524 | 1,510 | 2,885 | 352 | 6,755 | 2, 571 |
| 100 | 101 | 2, 351 | 4,036 | 7,479 | 1,396 | 16,016 | 7,677 |
| 250 | 41 | 3,047 | 3, 29.4 | 8,254 | 533 | 15,600 | 7,987 |
| 500 | 17 | 939 | 4,332 | 6,265 | 321 | 12, 226 | 5,217 |
| 1,000 | 25 | 4,815 | 2,595 | 39, 821 | 567 | 48,779 | 19,310 |
| 5,000 | 3 | 1,046 | 2,312 | 13, 712 |  | 18,658 | 4,077 |
| 10,000 | 3 | 11, 815 | 4,211 | 46, 164 | 19,195 | 81, 795 | 11, 813 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 2, 762 | 139 | 46,831 |  | 50,235 | 39, 201 |
| Total | 720 | 29,902 | 24, 361 | 173, 785 | 23,067 | 257, 125 | 101, 295 |

OTHER FINANCE COMPANIES-


OTHER FINANCE COMPANIES-


For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{8}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

AND DEALERS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 272 | 2,752 | 481 | 8,234 | 10,341 | 610 | 590 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 664 | 3, 201 | 6049 | 2,011 | 6,403 | 635 | 620 | 138 | 196 |
| 1,763 | 5,369 | 3,540 | 3,944 | 7.384 | 1,034 | 976 | 217 | 257 |
| 1.058 | 4,486 | 4,641 | 2, 523 | 7, 556 | 1,232 | 1,136 | 322 | 351 |
| 2, 551 | 5,398 | 4,334 | 2,152 | 5,907 | 974 | 854 | 201 | 321 |
| 2,463 | 14,792 | 17,956 | 3,341 | 11,504 | 2,690 | 2,384 | 674 | 523 |
| 9, 209 | 8,214 | 1,933 | 919 | 1.623 | 517 | , 475 | 161 | 205 |
| 44, 670 | 12,273 | 25,785 | 2,869 | 5, 951 | 1,906 | 1,766 | 296 | 659 |
|  | 1,449 |  | 15 | 1,080 | 202 | 147 |  |  |
| 57, 850 | 6, 500 | 11,109 | 692 | 4,296 | 877 | 607 | 143 | 500 |
| 120, 500 | 64, 434 | 69, 831 | 26, 699 | 62, 046 | 10, 678 | 9,555 | 2,276 | 3,177 |

AND DEALERS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 573 | 5.680 | 603,054 | 3, 061 | 4,964 | ${ }^{39} 735$ | 39739 | 13 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 459 | 2,782 | 448 | 1,814 | 2,976 | ${ }^{39} 354$ | 89359 | 5 |
| 1,455 | 11,069 | 604,994 | 3,002 | 5,158 | ${ }^{39} 607$ | ${ }^{39} 640$ | 208 |
| 2,376 | 6,416 | ${ }^{60} 1,753$ | 1,458 | 3,375 | ${ }^{39} 387$ | ${ }^{39} 529$ | 52 |
| 440 | 3,436 | 2,268 | 353 | 1,697 | ${ }^{39} 797$ | ${ }^{39} 877$ | 19 |
| - 653 | 13,995 | 11, 401 | 2, 073 | 3,568 | ${ }^{39} 4.362$ | ${ }^{39} 4,630$ | 58 |
| 7,674 | 4,109 | 2,494 | 278 | 1,173 | ${ }^{39} 228$ | ${ }^{33} 302$ |  |
| 37,608 | 4,824 10,000 | 26,803 1,034 | 4, 253 | 1,389 2,297 | $\begin{array}{r} 39 \\ 1,047 \\ 372 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{39} 1,125$ | 50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | $372$ |  |  |
| 51,236 | 62,311 | 34,646 | 16,373 | 30,597 | ${ }^{\text {39 }} 8$, 144 | ${ }^{39} 9,940$ | 405 |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 608 | 6,091 | ${ }^{60} 3,601$ | 694 | 4,259 | 1,901 | 1,900 | 585 | 909 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 205 | 4, 060 | ${ }^{60} 1,099$ | 287 | 2, 839 | 1,410 | 1,410 | 513 | 667 |
| 935 | 6, 120 | 1,602 | 1,685 | 7,757 | 3, 518 | 3,516 | 1,286 | 1,929 |
| 1,123 | 9, 696 | ${ }^{60} 1,267$ | 470 | 4,299 | 2, 463 | 2,455 | 1,056 | 988 |
| 373 | 6, 789 | 1,302 | 185 | 1,357 | - 592 | 588 | 219 | 139 |
| 4,382 | 16, 063 | 7,254 | 4,499 | 15, 123 | 7,073 | 7,061 | 2,673 | 2,332 |
| 930 | 11,116 | 19,057 | 1,910 | 5,817 | 2,364 | 2,364 | 662 | 709 |
|  | 17,500 | 4,502 | 315 | 3,810 | 2,217 | 2,217 | 1,027 | 1,204 |
|  | 42,591 | 25,448 |  | 12,059 | 6,556 | 6,556 | 1,458 | 5,985 |
| 8,555 | 120.028 | 53.196 | 10,046 | 57, 320 | 28, 093 | 28,066 | 9,478 | 14,862 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets 41 } \end{gathered}$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{65}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

FINANCE NOT ALLOCABLE-

| 1. | 574 | 1,840 | 4, 508 | 133 | 2,289 | 959 | 9,925 | 1,828 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 159 | 1,270 | 5,793 | 13 | 3,115 | 1,025 | 11,546 | 1,902 |
| 100 | 155 | 2,517 | 10, 507 | 90 | 8, 133 | 2, 568 | 24, 776 | 3, 661 |
| 250 | 54 | 1,061 | 9, 197 |  | 7, 277 | 986 | 19,532 | 2,481 |
| 500 | 38 | 3, 224 | 6,507 |  | 12, 359 | 2,337 | 26, 296 | 2,179 |
| 1,000 | 35 | 10,919 | 19, 743 | 3 | 38, 370 | 9,416 | 80, 232 | 15, 149 |
| 5,000 | 4 | 10, 954 | 1,185 |  | 13,122 | 351 | 25,680 | 1,096 |
| 10,000 | 2 | 699 | 16, 610 | 43 | 3,751 | 2,446 | 24, 109 | 8,459 |
| 100,000 | 1 | -20,920 | 1,406 |  | 72, 239 | 5,913 | 102,-775 | 56, 397 |
| Total | 1, 022 | 53, 403 | 75, 455 | 282 | 160,656 | 26, 001 | 324, 872 | 93, 150 |

FINANCE NOT ALLOCABLE-

| 1. | 823 | 1,931 | 4, 866 | 251 | 3, 037 | 1,967 | 12,698 | 15, 297 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 199 | 1,163 | 4, 847 | 159 | 4, 543 | 2,604 | 14, 136 | 3, 268 |
| 100 | 147 | 2,534 | 6, 812 | 155 | 7,379 | 4, 401 | 22,751 | 9, 495 |
| 250 | 97 | 1,923 | 9, 826 |  | 14, 478 | 7, 420 | 34,346 | 6,603 |
| 500 | 57 | 2,928 | 12,545 | 1 | 17, 425 | 5,253 | 39,026 | 6, 423 |
| 1,000 | 41 | 1,743 | 15,577 | 86 | 39,050 | 23, 490 | 85, 004 | 6,300 |
| 5,000. | 4 | 102 | 2, 232 |  | 14, 192 | 9,105 | 25, 790 | 60 |
| 10,000 | 4 | 1,649 | 35,764 |  | 43,816 | 3 | 81, 428 | 1,954 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,372 | 13,973 | 92, 469 | 652 | 143,920 | 54, 244 | 315, 180 | 49, 400 |

TOTAL INSURANCE CARRIERS, ${ }^{4}$ AGENTS

| 1. | 2,317 | 9,044 | 18,939 |  | 3,477 | 7,681 | 43,335 | 20, 864 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 522 | 7,270 | 15, 170 |  | 5,205 | 6,426 | 36,682 | 16, 241 |
| 100 | 440 | 13, 430 | 23, 018 |  | 18,176 | 9,796 | 70, 881 | 23, 919 |
| 250 | 234 | 15, 487 | 15, 560 |  | 37, 633 | 7,408 | 82,029 | 16,688 |
| 500 | 208 | 26, 494 | 11, 536 |  | 83, 265 | 12,392 | 143, 988 | 15, 740 |
| 1,000 | 403 | 121,684 | 28, 773 |  | 719,956 | 43, 201 | 979, 331 | 34, 143 |
| 5,000 | 132 | 101, 998 | 557 |  | 777, 065 | 15, 480 | 962, 190 | 119 |
| 10,000 | 161 | 283, 442 | 37, 930 |  | 2,952, 715 | 77,755 | 3, 581, 925 | 46, 133 |
| 50,000 | 30 | 128, 334 |  |  | 1, 761, 130 | 19,108 | 2, 036,336 |  |
| 100,000 | 43 | 734, 214 |  |  | 31, 050, 924 | 205, 197 | 32, 950, 420 |  |
| Total | 4,490 | 1,441,398 | 151, 484 |  | 37, 409, 547 | 404, 444 | 40, 887, 117 | 173, 847 |

TOTAL INSURANCE CARRIERS, ${ }^{14}$ AGENTS


For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{5 ?}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { undivided } \\ & \text { profits } 58 \\ & \text { less }^{\text {deficit) }} \end{aligned}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit <br> - or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 916 | 10,218 | ${ }^{50} 4,061$ | 1,217 | 2,134 | 550 | 546 | 121 | 541 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 852 | 12,109 | 604,266 | 1,969 | 2,813 | 470 | 467 | 104 | 312 |
| 2,338 | 13,916 | 2,095 | 2,623 | 4,053 | 969 | 947 | 240 | 334 |
| 2,452 | 8,316 | 4,394 | 240 | 1,151 | 543 | 532 | 107 | 286 |
| 1, 858 | 62,972 | 6042,893 | 333 | 1,400 | 614 | 591 | 124 | 731 |
| 9,785 | 28,961 | 20,541 | 1,280 | 4,162 | 1,831 | 1,792 | 557 | 454 |
| 7, 014 | 12, 237 | 5, 263 | 333 | 3,406 | 2, 556 | 2, 556 | 983 | 1,334 |
| 21 | 5,010 | 10,499 |  | 883 | 198 | 186 | 48 | 75 |
| 1,512 | 7,599 | 19,251 | 3,916 | 6,489 | 758 | 43 |  | 937 |
| 26, 7.47 | 161,338 | 10,824 | 11,912 | 26,490 | 8,489 | 7,659 | 2,284 | 5,004 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


TC.-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 1,239 | 14, 133 | 4,538 | 36,674 | 40,737 | 3,791 | 3,785 | 1,001 | 844 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 850 | 9,023 | 7,290 | 22, 592 | 24,521 | 2, 882 | 2,871 | 912 | 831 |
| 2,035 | 16, 333 | 16, 262 | 34,329 | 37, 147 | 4,626 | 4,563 | 1,586 | 1,305 |
| 1,295 | 14,468 | 24,505 | 26,432 | 28,366 | 6,120 | 5,920 | 2,762 | 1,581 |
| 777 | 24, 193 | 46, 599 | 29,298 | 33,090 | 7,621 | 7,177 | 3,069 | 1,683 |
| 3,254 | 130, 343 | 273, 539 | 184, 102 | 214,848 | 40,579 | 36, 675 | 11, 837 | 9,948 |
|  | 79, 812 | 218,920 | 202, 572 | 232,585 | 38, 696 | 35, 399 | 8,655 | 8,320 |
|  | 209, 430 | 638, 827 | 713, 853 | 835, 012 | 163, 053 | 152, 143 | 39,952 | 42,449 |
|  | 97,970 | 347, 924 | 370, 261 | 440, 304 | 71, 164 | 62, 697 | 9,155 | 22,419 |
|  | 135,950 | 1,573, 811 | 245, 715 | 1,446,516 | 1,028,601 | 959, 703 | 33,181 | 21,754 |
| 9,449 | 731,653 | 3,152, 215 | 1,865,827 | 3,333, 126 | 1,367, 132 | 1,270,934 | 112, 109 | 111,131 |

C.-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { assets } \\ \text { classes } 53 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets 41 } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Cash ${ }^{4}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets serves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{18}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

INSURANCE CARRIERS ${ }^{14}$ -

| 1 | 86 | 400 |  |  | 539 | 154 | 1,415 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 47 | 1,001 |  |  | 1,664 | 61 | 3,358 |  |
| 100 | 122 | 4,533 |  |  | 12, 374 | 2,032 | 21,901 |  |
| 250 | 137 | 8, 563 |  |  | 32, 583 | 3,734 | 49, 292 |  |
| 500 | 166 | 19, 182 |  |  | 78,001 | 9,169 | 114, 811 |  |
| 1,000 | 365 | 105, 214 |  |  | 710,026 | 35, 585 | 913, 914 |  |
| 5,000 | 131 | 100, 901 |  |  | 776, 715 | 15,385 | 955, 014 |  |
| 10,000 | 157 | 260, 624 |  |  | 2, 923, 735 | 72,619 | 3,491,656 |  |
| 50,000 | 30 | 128, 334 |  |  | 1, 761, 130 | 19, 108 | 2, 036, 336 |  |
| 100,000. | 43 | 734, 214 |  |  | 31, 050, 924 | 205, 197 | 32, 950, 420 |  |
| Total | 1,284 | 1,362,966 |  |  | 37,352,691 | 363,045 | 40,538, 115 |  |

INSURANCE CARRIERS ${ }^{14}$


INSURANCE AGENTS, BROKERS, ETC.-


INSURANCE AGENTS, BROKERS, ETC.-


For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{\text {s6 }}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits }{ }^{58} \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{gathered}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  | 361 | 617 | 1,331 | 1,430 | 145 | 140 | 40 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 548 | 1,143 | 1,017 | 1,122 | 179 | 170 | 52 | 124 |
|  | 4,745 | 7,398 | 4,151 | 4,893 | 834 | 778 | 248 | 181 |
|  | 9, 201 | 17,336 | 6,922 | 8,286 | 1,946 | 1,748 | 633 | 498 |
|  | 19, 215 | 41,623 | 17,071 | 20,308 | 4,424 | 3,983 | 1,273 | 900 |
|  | 120, 797 | 259, 396 | 148, 074 | 177, 687 | 34, 036 | 30,136 | 8,499 | 7,685 |
|  | 79, 712 | 217, 653 | 199, 690 | 229, 646 | 37,943 | 34,645 | 8, 177 | 8,118 |
|  | 186, 603 | 620,089 | 693, 141 | 811, 152 | 154,628 | 143, 724 | 36,746 | 36, 616 |
|  | 97,970 | 347, 924 | 370, 261 | 440, 304 | 71, 164 | 62, 697 | 9, 155 | 22,419 |
|  | 135, 950 | 1,573,811 | 245, 715 | 1,446,516 | 1,028,601 | 959, 703 | 33, 181 | 21,754 |
|  | 655, 101 | 3, 086, 992 | 1,687,373 | 3, 141, 344 | 1,333, 901 | 1,237, 725 | 98, 005 | 98, 316 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

|  | 511 583 1,558 2,408 2,717 20,043 2,500 4,504 1,500 | 60241 60368 370 6011,533 601,335 5,079 6081,31 6018,098 43,986 | $\begin{array}{r} 936 \\ 480 \\ 493 \\ 1,149 \\ 1,866 \\ 27,926 \\ 11,523 \\ 35,270 \\ 16 \end{array}$ | 969 664 607 1,357 2,483 31,445 12,701 38,675 1,803 | $\begin{array}{r} 3966 \\ 39107 \\ 39237 \\ 39354 \\ 39825 \\ 392,930 \\ 8373,279 \\ 394,393 \\ 39752 \end{array}$ |  |  | 37 130 26 5 22 557 15 998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 35,873 | ${ }^{60} 62,872$ | 79,660 | 90,704 | ${ }^{39} 82,944$ | ${ }^{39} 83,716$ |  | 1,791 |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance shects, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets } \\ & \text { classes }{ }^{53} \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets } 41 \end{gathered}\right.$ | Cash ${ }^{2}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Capital } \\ & \text { assets }{ }^{44} \\ & \text { (less re- } \\ & \text { serves) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets- } \\ & \text { Total lia- } \\ & \text { bilities } 46 \end{aligned}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

REAL ESTATE, INCLUDING LESSORS OF

| 1 | 13,171 | 21,941 | 24,955 | 1,445 | 16,611 | 242, 623 | 317, 430 | 55, 211 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 7, 205 | 21,565 | 30, 088 | 1, 686 | 24, 259 | 427, 265 | 517,489 | 65, 528 |
| 100 | 8, 035 | 40,331 | 69, 895 | 4,741 | 71,372 | 1,057, 982 | 1,269, 224 | 136,395 |
| 250 | 3,304 | 34,338 | 60, 533 | 764 | 95, 372 | 934, 117 | 1,143, 422 | 91, 296 |
| 500 | 1,517 | 30, 220 | 60, 205 | 926 | 118, 470 | 824, 129 | 1,050, 365 | 86, 080 |
| 1,000 | 959 | 53, 672 | 91, 211 | 4,901 | 257, 376 | 1,413, 799 | 1,861, 926 | 113, 699 |
| 5,000 | 87 | 17,990 | 29,709 | 357 | 74, 872 | 461,060 | 590, 454 | 14, 389 |
| 10,000 | 29 | 15, 135 | 14,409 | 1,240 | 130,020 | 312,427 | 489, 017 | 43, 287 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 34, 307 | 235, 192 | 381, 005 | 16, 060 | 788, 352 | 5, 673, 401 | 7, 239, 328 | 605, 886 |

REAL ESTATE, INCLUDING LESSORS OF

| 1. | 19,185 | 16,070 | 26,001 | 2, 724 | 21,074 | 332, 649 | 409, 968 | 109,393 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 7,176 | 11, 500 | 24, 425 | 3, 121 | 28, 528 | 431, 889 | 509, 725 | 90,426 |
| 100 | 6,614 | 19, 169 | 50, 168 | 6,223 | 57,927 | 885, 652 | 1, 037, 793 | 157, 180 |
| 250 | 2, 525 | 14,661 | 44,152 | 1,092 | 78,052 | 729, 887 | 880, 436 | 107, 954 |
| 500 | 1,231 | 13,992 | 41, 150 | 213 | 79, 909 | 698, 801 | 848, 757 | 87, 570 |
| 1,000 | 882 | 29,672 | 77, 193 | 470 | 181, 942 | 1, 384, 526 | 1,711, 402 | 150, 765 |
| 5,000 | 65 | 8, 834 | 14, 226 | 34 | 47,374 | 360, 528 | 437, 535 | 38,238 |
| 10,000 | 35 | 16,523 | 19,355 | 160 | 108,643 | 442, 209 | 595, 560 | 35,666 |
| 50,000 | 3 | 3,159 | 17,434 | 109 | 32, 261 | 131, 333 | 188, 359 | 40,086 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 28,314 | 17,991 |  | 73,948 | 242 | 120,643 | 64 |
| Total | 37, 717 | 161,894 | 332, 094 | 14, 146 | 709,660 | 5, 397, 716 | 6,740,178 | 817, 340 |

LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY, EXCEPT

|  | 1,106 | 2,226 | 1,461 | 171 | 1,139 | 16,560 | 22,481 | 2, 734 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 359 | 1,591 | 1,732 | 56 | 1,722 | 20, 104 | 25, 898 | 2, 359 |
| 100 | 445 | 3, 532 | 4,648 | 514 | 6, 602 | 51,516 | 69, 282 | 5, 970 |
| 250 | 218 | 4, 051 | 4, 820 | 101 | 7,641 | 59,424 | 77,715 | 6,515 |
| 500. | 146 | 4,211 | 5, 239 | 464 | 13, 226 | 76,281 | 102, 202 | 5,157 |
| 1,000 | 177 | 10,217 | 15,462 | 1,074 | 41, 145 | 296, 030 | 373, 997 | 15,927 |
| 5,000 | 41 | 7, 580 | 3,007 | 20 | 17, 133 | 253, 458 | 286, 360 | 13,320 |
| 10,000 | 34 | 4,082 | 10,768 | 2,619 | 38,627 | 566, 563 | 638, 034 | 2, 161 |
| 50,000 | 9 | 4, 505 | 5,016 | 737 | 17,750 | 552, 188 | 602, 413 | 2,787 |
| 100,000 | 4 | 2,370 | 862 |  | 100, 817 | 695, 909 | 806, 103 |  |
| Total . | 2,539 | 44,365 | 53,016 | 5,756 | 245, 802 | 2, 588, 033 | 3,004,486 | 56, 930 |

LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY, EXCEPT


For footnotes, seo pp. 208-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } 58 \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) }{ }^{50} \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross reccipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{4}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { tax } \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## BUILDINGS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



BUILDINGS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


BUILDINGS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 2,715 | 26,219 | 6011,147 | 136 | 5,259 | 2,539 | 2,538 | 721 | 1,787 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3,338 | 18, 248 | 567 | 11 | 3,626 | 1. 709 | 1,706 | 502 | 992 |
| 12,488 | 58, 130 | ${ }^{60} 10,683$ | 190 | 9,380 | 4,242 | 4,233 | 1,318 | 2,803 |
| 8,081 | 50,481 | 7,457 | 101 | 9,712 | 4,495 | 4,486 | 1,640 | 2,698 |
| 15, 474 | 60,334 | 14, 184 | 526 | 11,862 | 5,652 | 5,634 | 2,107 | 3, 550 |
| 79,381 | 181,320 | 77,691 | 746 | 33, 240 | 16, 273 | 16, 237 | 6,283 | 12, 104 |
| 50,691 | 125, 605 | 88, 872 | 23 | 20,334 | 10, 239 | 10,226 | 3,987 | 0,026 |
| 307, 816 | 228, 785 | 81, 014 | 2,794 | 42,305 | 22,278 | 22,211 | 10, 140 | 10,695 |
| 357, 839 | 156,601 | 65,917 |  | 34,594 | 15, 266 | 15,257 | 6,564 | 10, 720 |
| 390, 263 | 341, 316 | 67,352 |  | 25, 822 | 13, 297 | 13,297 | 6,438 | 9,399 |
| 1,228,086 | 1,247, 040 | 381, 225 | 4,528 | 196, 135 | 95, 990 | 95, 825 | 39,702 | 63, 775 |

BUILDINGS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 9,495 | 48,654 | 6043.314 | 169 | 1,935 | ${ }^{39} 3,755$ | ${ }^{39} 3,768$ |  | 146 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6,960 | 29,614 | ${ }^{60} 19,635$ | 36 | 1,072 | 39 1, 238 | ${ }^{39} 1,239$ |  | 46 |
| 12,949 | 46,343 | ${ }^{60} 18,876$ | 12 | 2,672 | ${ }^{39} 1,569$ | ${ }^{39} 1,571$ |  | 113 |
| 8,361 | 32,607 | 60 6,398 | 61 | 1,819 | 39 2, 162 | ${ }^{39} 2,164$ |  | 128 |
| 17, 134 | 31, 198 | 607,766 |  | 2,282 | ${ }^{33} 695$ | ${ }^{39} 695$ |  | 38 |
| 77, 420 | 83, 733 | 607,108 | 12 | 4,148 | ${ }^{39} 2,134$ | ${ }^{39} 2,135$ |  | 93 |
| 87,989 | 71,035 | ${ }^{60} 1$ 1,319 | 84 | 6,310 | ${ }^{33} 945$ | ${ }^{39} 945$ |  | 21 |
| 191,973 | 107.098 | ${ }^{60} 11,721$ |  | 4,216 | 39 3, 253 | ${ }^{39} 3,253$ |  | 251 |
| 252, 712 | 34, 558 | 9,920 |  | 9,054 | 89 707 | ${ }^{39} 707$ |  | 525 |
| 103, 018 | 43, 736 | 97,237 |  | 4,311 | ${ }^{39} 12$ | ${ }^{39} 12$ |  |  |
| 768, 011 | 528, 575 | 608,980 | 374 | 37,819 | ${ }^{39} 16,469$ | ${ }^{39} 16,488$ |  | 1,360 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than oum stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { assets } \\ & \text { classes }{ }^{53} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets }{ }^{41} \end{gathered}$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less re- serves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

CONSTRUCTION-RETURNS

| 1 | 3, 867 | 15, 847 | 27,748 | 10,442 | 3,290 | 16,130 | 76,731 | 24, 412 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,175 | 16, 104 | 32, 431 | 9,960 | 4,401 | 18, 524 | 84,966 | 24, 522 |
| 100 | 1,323 | 36, 662 | 83, 207 | 21,545 | 14,986 | 43, 213 | 207, 224 | 56,372 |
| 250 | 589 | 37, 415 | 95, 301 | 14, 726 | 20,629 | 31,892 | 208, 582 | 52, 429 |
| 500 | 334 | 36,939 | 111,542 | 16,311 | 27, 468 | 32, 605 | 234, 591 | 57, 330 |
| 1,000 | 297 | 88, 952 | 306, 030 | 35, 816 | 79, 789 | 57, 479 | 592,921 | 160, 462 |
| 5,000 | 30 | 28, 172 | 84, 105 | 11, 532 | 40,544 | 25, 031 | 201, 339 | 52, 641 |
| 10,000 | 18 | 36,070 | 109,434 | 39, 286 | 51,013 | 37,524 | 281,394 | 75, 486 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 7,633 | 296, 161 | 849,798 | 159,618 | 242, 120 | 262,398 | 1,887, 747 | 503, 654 |

CONSTRUCTION-RETURNS

| 1. | 3,422 | 5, 632 | 13, 541 | 5, 246 | 2, 184 | 10,998 | 39,835 | 20,132 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 312 | 2,134 | 7,342 | 2,485 | 1,773 | 6,844 | 21,651 | 8,337 |
| 100 | 229 | 3, 660 | 13, 410 | 4,397 | 3,416 | 8,717 | 35, 850 | 13, 487 |
| 250 | 72 | 2,015 | 10,850 | 2,205 | 4, 171 | 5, 818 | 25,770 | 6,372 |
| 500 | 42 | 1,761 | 12,932 | 1,405 | 4,796 | 8, 030 | 30,088 | 9,655 |
| 1,000 | 17 | . 679 | 20,506 | 1, 112 | 3,035 | 2,455 | 28, 021 | 5,301 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 2,904 | 5,953 | 610 | 448 | 3,327 | 13, 277 | 789 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 4,096 | 18,786 | 84, 535 | 17,461 | 19,821 | 46, 190 | 194,493 | 64, 074 |

TOTAL AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND

| 1 | 1,374 | 3,635 | 3,608 | 3,733 | 1,076 | 19,592 | 32,458 | 6,976 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | -663 | 4,350 | 4,412 | 7,197 | 2,361 | 27, 725 | 47, 506 | 9,576 |
| 100 | 776 | 10,366 | 13, 206 | 18,638 | 7,375 | 69, 146 | 122, 709 | 19, 532 |
| 250 | 352 | 9,662 | 11,472 | 18,387 | 9,770 | 69,129 | 121, 588 | 14,555 |
| 500 | 211 | 9,909 | 9,416 | 19,252 | 16, 662 | 85, 799 | 143, 434 | 19,994 |
| 1,000 | 150 | 16,563 | 20, 251 | 35,051 | 45,332 | 160, 174 | 283, 639 | 35, 893 |
| 5,000 | 11 | 10, 818 | 5, 695 | 8,491 | 10,261 | 39,905 | 76,784 | 5, 577 |
| 10,000 | 3 | 1,131 | 2,128 | 2,864 | 14,394 | 26,261 | 47,265 | 16,153 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 7,479 | 16,046 | 15, 680 | 59,572 | 97, 255 | 203, 149 | 2,517 |
| Total | 3, 541 | 73,913 | 86, 233 | 129, 293 | 166, 802 | 594, 987 | 1,078, 532 | 130, 773 |

TOTAL AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND


[^34]by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{gathered}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled reccipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net Income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## WITH NET INCOME



## WITH NO NET INCOME



FISHERY-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 4,279 | 21,873 | ${ }^{60} 2,497$ | 57,222 | 58,743 | 3,775 | 3,774 | 984 | 820 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7,150 | 24,557 | 3,690 | 47, 175 | 48, 614 | 4,963 | 4,960 | 1,598 | 667 |
| 14, 696 | 59,756 | 22, 771 | 96, 882 | 100,829 | 12,547 | 12, 540 | 4,691 | 2, 064 |
| 15,964 | 54, 484 | 30, 458 | 71, 484 | 74,311 | 10,192 | 10,185 | 4,102 | 1,764 |
| 11,638 | 68, 797 | 35, 243 | 66,617 | 70, 137 | 13, 707 | 13,698 | 6. 284 | 2,811 |
| 32,165 | 109, 003 | 85, 283 | 122, 436 | 130, 207 | 22,443 | 22, 354 | 11, 062 | 3,748 |
| 10, 120 | 16, 823 | 37, 859 | 29,750 | 32,754 | 8,301 | 8, 279 | 4,057 | 1,466 |
| 1 | 8,117 | 19, 912 | 19,204 | 20,580 | 6,036 | 6,036 | 2,228 | 830 |
|  | 118,500 | 69,253 | 142, 252 | 145,560 | 10,424 | 10,424 | 4,060 | 10,224 |
| 96, 013 | 481,910 | 301,972 | 653, 022 | 681, 734 | 92,387 | 92, 252 | 39, 065 | 24,392 |

FISHERY-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME
$\left.\begin{array}{|r|r|r|r|r|r|r|r|r|r}\hline 6,263 & 30,467 & 60 & 24,261 & 26,917 & 27,668 & 39 & 3,242 & 39 & 3,243 \\ \hline\end{array}\right)$

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{63}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets ${ }^{41}$ | Cash ${ }^{42}$ | Notes and aceounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{54}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

AGRICULTURE AND SERVICES-

| 1. | 1,226 | 3,120 | 3,233 | 3, 634 | 932 | 17,742 | 29,305 | 6,207 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 621 | 3,995 | 4,062 | 7,018 | 2,182 | 25, 999 | 44,513 | 8, 838 |
| 100 | 718 | 8,940 | 11, 586 | 18, 081 | 6,667 | 64,956 | 113, 664 | 17, 734 |
| 250 | 330 | 8,732 | 10, 191 | 17, 820 | 9, 252 | 64, 714 | 113, 640 | 13,835 |
| 500 | 199 | 9,534 | 8,516 | 19, 110 | 15,471 | 80, 082 | 135, 051 | 19, 621 |
| 1,000 | 138 | 15, 559 | 19, 166 | 33, 105 | 41, 012 | 146, 148 | 260, 978 | 34,935 |
| 5,000 | 10 | 10, 321 | 4,455 | 8,312 | 6,136 | 38,309 | 69,141 | 5, 444 |
| 10,000 | 3 | 1,131 | 2, 128 | 2,864 | 14,394 | 26, 261 | 47, 265 | 16,153 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 7,479 | 16,046 | 15,680 | 59,572 | 97, 255 | 203, 149 | 2,517- |
| Total | 3,246 | 68,811 | 79,382 | 125,624 | 155, 616 | 561, 465 | 1,016, 704 | 125, 285 |

AGRICULTURE AND SERVICES-


FORESTRY—RETURNS

| 1 | 63 | 167 | 195 | 43 | 93 | 740 | 1,300 | 33 S |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 23 | 142 | 216 | 153 | 152 | 910 | 1,630 | 46 s |
| 100 | 29 | 621 | 838 | 263 | 517 | 1,998 | 4,479 | 944 |
| 250 | 16 | 553 | 953 | 432 | 254 | 3,564 | 5,819 | 643 |
| 500 | 12 | 375 | 899 | 142 | 1,192 | 5,717 | 8,383 | 373 |
| 1,000 | 10 | 854 | 1,058 | 1,318 | 2,955 | 13, 026 | 19,431 | 876 |
| 5,000 | 1 | 497 | 1,240 | 178 | 4,125 | 1,596 | 7,643 | 133 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 'Total. | 154 | 3,209 | 5,399 | 2,530 | 9,287 | 27, 551 | 48,685 | 3,774 |

FORESTRY-RETURNS

| 1. | 85 | 223 | 290 | 22 | 82 | 1,045 | 1,752 | 572 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 30 | 86 | 273 | 6 | 23 | 1,483 | 1,979 | 419 |
| 100 | 32 | 124 | 331 | 381 | 46 | 4,269 | 5,534 | 1,822 |
| 250 | 13 | 185 | 351 | 20 | 778 | 3,311 | 4,767 | 288 |
| 500 | 14 | 388 | 154 |  | 1,067 | 7,523 | 9,728 | 977 |
| 1,000 | 15 | 469 | 1,642 | 532 | 4,427 | 14,520 | 21,891 | 1,020 |
| 5,000. | 3 | 161 | 207 | 71 | 95 | 20, 279 | 21, 126 | 3,346 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 192 | 1,636 | 3,248 | 1,033 | 6,524 | 52, 430 | 66, 778 | 8,444 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.
by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other

## figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable so | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { pronits } 58 \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) }{ }^{50} \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { tax }^{58} \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


## WITH NET INCOME



## WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1942, by total assets classes, and come: ${ }^{3}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the total tax-Continued
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{53}$ | Num- ber of re- turns with balance sheets ${ }^{41}$ | Cash ${ }^{62}$ | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve) | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{58}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{44}$ (less reserves) | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{46}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{55}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

FISHERY-RETURNS

| 1. | 85 | 348 | 180 | 56 | 51 | 1,110 | 1, 854 | 431 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 19 | 213 | 134 | 25 | 27 | 816 | 1,363 | 270 |
| 100 | 29 | 805 | 783 | 294 | 192 | 2, 193 | 4,566 | 853 |
| 250 | 6 | 377 | 329 | 135 | 264 | 851 | 2,129 | 78 |
| 500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,000 | 2 | 150 | 27 | 628 | 1,366 | 1,000 | 3, 231 | 83 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 . .-. - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 141 | 1,894 | 1,453 | 1,139 | 1,900 | 5,971 | 13, 143 | 1,715 |

FISHERY-RETURNS

| 1. | 59 | 52 | 72 | 53 | 6 | 754 | 1,046 | 575 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 9 | 32 | 40 | 120 | 19 | 343 | 596 | 352 |
| 100 | 4 | 5 | 132 | 92 | 72 | 389 | 701 | 316 |
| 250 | 2 | $\left({ }^{15}\right)$ | 54 | 16 | 11 | 634 | 723 | 141 |
| 500 | 3 | ( 7 |  | 402 | 16 | 1,526 | 1,960 | 1,014 |
| 1,000 | 3 | 121 | 2,002 | 986 | 1,699 | 1,069 | 5,888 | 2,143 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ---- |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 .....- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 80 | 219 | 2,308 | 1,669 | 1,824 | 4,715 | 10,913 | 4,542 |

NATURE OF BUSINESS NOT ALLOCABLE


NATURE OF BUSINESS NOT ALLOCABLE

| 1. | 1,984 | 3,000 | 6,334 | 645 | 2,868 | 7,047 | 21,531 | 21,487 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | - 229 | 980 | 3, 327 | 585 | 3, 770 | 6,576 | 16, 435 | 12, 057 |
| 100 | 156 | 2, 035 | 5, 196 | 830 | 6, 417 | 8,255 | 24, 136 | 5,550 |
| 250 | 135 | 2,027 | 10,740 | 652 | 13,952 | 19,464 | 48, 334 | 12,304 |
| 500 | 86 | 1,987 | 10,338 | 427 | 20, 740 | 22,010 | 58, 875 | 9,732 |
| 1,000 | 49 | 6,163 | 7,627 | 320 | 42,994 | 30, 602 | 91, 677 | 10, 179 |
| 5,000 | 4 | 54 | 6,974 | 60 | 8,313 | 9,727 | 25, 240 | 2,604 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 2,040 | 7,366 |  | 3,641 |  | 13, 047 | 94 |
| $50,000=$ $100.000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total . | 2,644 | 18,285 | 57, 901 | 3,519 | 102,696 | 103,679 | 299, 273 | 74,008 |

[^35]by major industrial groups, ${ }^{10}$ for returns with nel income and returns with no net innet profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortages payable ${ }^{56}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{57}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits }{ }^{5 s} \\ \text { (less } \\ \text { deficit) } \end{array}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{17}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Total tax ${ }^{59}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## WITH NET INCOME



## WITH NO NET INCOME



## -RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



## -RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 7.-Corporation returns, 1942, by net income and deficit classes and by type of tax liability-Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with alternative tax: Number of returns, net income or deficit, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax. declared value excess-profits tax, and, for Yart II only, excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss; also, by net income classes only, the excess profits tax and total tax

PART I. ALL RETURNS
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{3}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { re-- } \\ & \text { turns } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | Income subject to cxcess profits tax ${ }^{5}$ | Total | ${ }_{\text {Income }}^{\text {In }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Declared value excessprofits tax ${ }^{7}$ | Excess profits tax ${ }^{8}$ |
| Under 1 | 70, 220 | 27,628 | 121 | 5,485 | 5,254 | 139 | 93 |
| 1 under 2 | 30, 264 | 44, 107 | 241 | 9, 234 | 8,782 | 266 | 186 |
| 2 under 3 - | 20,113 | 49,734 | 299 | 10,838 | 10,257 | 353 | 229 |
| 3 under 4 | 15, 482 | 53, 886 | 326 | 12,047 | 11,390 | 406 | 250 |
| 4 under 5. | 14, 016 | 63, 230 | 425 | 14, 628 | 13,776 | 528 | 324 |
| 5 under 10 | 35, 424 | 253, 671 | 7,838 | 62, 943 | 55, 152 | 1,851 | 5,941 |
| 10 under 15 | 17, 163 | 210, 610 | 19,909 | 60, 580 | 43, 901 | 1,500 | 15, 179 |
| 15 under 20 | 10,523 | 182, 621 | 27, 771 | 58,349 | 35,772 | 1,258 | 21, 319 |
| 20 under 25 | 7,455 | 167,082 | 32,005 | 56, 972 | 31, 462 | 1,021 | 24,489 |
| 25 under 50 | 17,465 | 615, 433 | 173, 621 | 257, 879 | 121, 302 | 3,776 | 132, 802 |
| 50 under 100 | 12, 040 | 850, 463 | 319, 518 | 419, 932 | 170, 425 | 4,483 | 245, 024 |
| 100 under 250 | 9,828 | 1, 539,033 | 689, 098 | 817, 948 | 288, 158 | 7,807 | 521, 983 |
| 250 under 500 | 4, 398 | 1, 537, 039 | 778, 319 | 852, 624 | 261,933 | 6, 153 | 584, 538 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 2,518 | 1, 765, 208 | 893, 800 | 975, 128 | 300, 003 | 5,710 | 669, 415 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 2, 362 | 4, 810, 679 | 2, 438, 470 | 2,674, 611 | 805, 561 | 12,485 | 1, 856, 565 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 337 | 2, 388, 346 | 1, 194, 252 | 1,312, 629 | 408, 309 | 4,849 | 899, 471 |
| 10,000 and over --- | 334 | 9, 493, 589 | 3, 726, 743 | 4, 638,616. | 1, 766, 063 | 14, 269 | 2, 858, 283 |
| Income tax on returns with no net income ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  | 229 | 229 |  |  |
| Total | 269, 942 | 24, 052, 358 | 10, 302, 756 | 12, 256, 396 | 4, 337, 728 | 66, 854 | 7,851,814 |

Returns with net income ${ }^{3}$-Continued

Taxable returns, classified by type of liability reported for income and declared value excess-profits tax purposes

| Net income classes ${ }^{3}$ | Total |  |  |  |  | Income tax only ${ }^{\text {* }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { re- } \\ & \text { turns } \end{aligned}$ | Net income ${ }^{3}$ | Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{5}$ | $\operatorname{tax}^{\text {Income }}$ | Declared value excessprofits tax ${ }^{7}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Net income ${ }^{3}$ |
| Under 1 | 57, 263 | 23, 050 | 121 | 5,254 | 139 | 51, 556 | 20, 424 |
| 1 under 2 | 26, 716 | 39,025 | 241 | 8,782 | 266 | 22, 136 | 32, 368 |
| 2 under 3 | 18,353 | 45, 417 | 299 | 10, 257 | 353 | 14,626 | 36, 166 |
| 3 under 4 | 14,485 | 50, 436 | 326 | 11,390 | 406 | 11,308 | 39, 417 |
| 4 under 5 | 13, 316 | 60, 079 | 425 | 13, 776 | 528 | 10,350 | 46, 757 |
| 5 under 10 | 33, 892 | 242,976 | 7,817 | 55, 152 | 1,851 | 25, 848 | 185, 912 |
| 10 under 15 | 16, 570 | 203, 348 | 19,906 | 43, 901 | 1,500 | 12,501 | 153,941 |
| 15 under 20 | 10,212 | 177, 243 | 27, 745 | 35, 772 | 1,258 | 7, 809 | 135, 904 |
| 20 under 25 | 7,274 | 163, 047 | 32,005 | 31,462 | 1,021 | 5,566 | 125, 030 |
| 25 under 50 | 17, 139 | 604, 154 | 173, 578 | 121, 302 | 3,776 | 13, 084 | 463, 302 |
| 50 under 100 | 11, 873 | 838, 942 | 319, 229 | 170, 425 | 4,483 | 8,972 | 634, 857 |
| 100 under 250 | 9, 736 | 1,524, 849 | 688, 143 | 288, 158 | 7,807 | 7,341 | 1, 155, 014 |
| 250 under 500 | 4,365 | 1, 525, 012 | 777, 717 | 261, 933 | 6,153 | 3,354 | 1,175, 064 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 2,497 | 1, 749,906 | 893, 800 | 300, 003 | 5,710 | 1,971 | 1,387, 526 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 2,348 | 4, 783, 057 | 2, 433, 945 | 805, 561 | 12,485 | 1,850 | 3, 814, 644 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 337 | 2, 388, 346 | 1, 194, 252 | 408,309 | 4,849 14 | 265 | 1,887, 366 |
| 10,000 and over -............-.--- | 333 | 9,478, 251 | 3, 726, 743 | 1, 766, 063 | 14, 269 | 247 | 6,964, 257 |
| Income tax on returns with no net income ${ }^{6}$. |  |  |  | 229 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 246, 709 | 23, 897, 139 | 10,296, 294 | 4,337, 728 | 66, 854 | 198, 784 | 18, 257, 949 |

Table 7.-Corporation returns, 1942, by net income and deficit classes and by type of tax liability-Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with alternative tax: Number of returns, net income or deficit, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, and, for Part II only, excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss; also, by net income classes only, the excess profits tax and total tax-Continued

PART I. ALL RETURNS-Continued
[Net lncome and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{3}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{\text {3-Continued }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Tazable returns, classified by type of liability reported for income and declared value excess-profits tax purposes-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Income tax only Continued |  | Income tax and declared value excess-profits tax |  |  |  |  |
|  | Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Income } \\ \operatorname{tax}^{6} \end{gathered}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{8}$ | Incoine subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{5}$ | $\operatorname{tax}^{\text {Income }}$ | Declared value excessprofits tax ${ }^{1}$ |
| Under 1 | 41 | 4,681 | 5,707 | 2,627 | 79 | 573 | 139 |
| 1 under 2 | 95 | 7, 297 | 4,580 | 6,657 | 146 | 1,485 | 266 |
| 2 under 3 | 84 | 8,174 | 3,727 | 9, 251 | 215 | 2, 083 | $35 \%$ |
| 3 under 4 | 108 | 8,921 | 3, 177 | 11,020 | 218 | 2, 470 | 406 |
| 4 under 5 | 177 | 10,750 | 2,966 | 13,323 | 249 | 3,026 | 528 |
| 5 under 10 | 5, 048 | 42,212 | 8,044 | 57,064 | 2,769 | 12,940 | 1,851 |
| 10 under 15 | 13, 569 | 33,455 | 4, 069 | 49,407 | 6,337 | 10,446 | 1,500 |
| 15 under 20 | 19,398 | 27, 825 | 2,403 | 41,339 | 8,347 | 7,947 | 1,258 |
| 20 under 25 | 22, 436 | 24,467 | 1,708 | 38, 017 | 9,569 | 6,995 | 1,021 |
| 25 under 50 | 123, 643 | 96,009 | 4,055 | 140,852 | 49,935 | 25, 29.3 | 3,776 |
| 50 under 100 | 224, 456 | 134, 608 | 2,901 | 204, 086 | 94,773 | 35, 817 | 4,483 |
| 100 under 250 | 486, 967 | 228, 547 | 2,395 | 369, 835 | 201, 176 | 59, 611 | 7,807 |
| 250 under 500 | 569, 397 | 210,995 | 1,011 | 349, 947 | 208, 321 | 50,937 | 6, 153 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 672, 042 | 247, 576 | 526 | 362, 380 | 221, 758 | 52, 427 | 5, 710 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 1, 838, 834 | 669, 245 | 498 | 968, 413 | 595,112 | 136,317 | 12,485 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 889, 629 | 330,540 | 72 | 500, 979 | 304,623 | 77,769 | 4,849 |
| 10,000 and over . . | 2,484, 050 | 1,294, 180 | 86 | 2, 513, 994 | 1,242,693 | 471, 883 | 14, 269 |
| Income tax on returns with no net income ${ }^{6}$ |  | 229 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 7, 349, 975 | 3, 379, 709 | 47,925 | 5, 639, 190 | 2,946, 319 | 958, 019 | 66, 854 |


| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{3}$ Continued |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{3}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nontaxable returns |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income }{ }^{3} \end{gathered}$ | Income subject to excess tax ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { Nuf } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Deficit ${ }^{3}$ |
| Under 1 | 12,9573,5481,76019971,501,53253331118263261679233211414 |  |  | 105, 757 |  |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ under ${ }^{\text {under }} 3$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4,578 \\ & 5,083 \\ & 4,317 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 29,888 <br> 31,806 <br> 27,249 <br> 29 |
| 3 under 4 |  |  |  | 11,107 <br> 6.640 <br> 1 |  |
| 4 under 5 |  |  |  | 10,445 | 19,799 |
| 5 under 10 - 10 - |  | 10,696 |  |  |  |
| 15 under 20 - |  | 5,377 | 25 | 2,075 | 477, 646 35,743 |
| 20 under 25. |  | +11, $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } 279 \\ \hline 189\end{array}$ |  | 1,328 <br> 2,711 | - ${ }_{94,417}$ |
| ${ }^{25} 5$ under $50-$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}42 \\ 290 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |
| 100 under 250. |  | -11,520 | 290955602 | 1,277 | 108, 203 |
| 250 under 500-- |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12,027 \\ & 15,302 \end{aligned}$ |  | 228 | 79,462 |
| 500 under 1,000. |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}96 \\ 64 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| 5,000 under 10,000 10,000 and |  | 15,338 |  |  |  |
|  | 23, 233 |  |  |  |  |
| Total. |  | 155, 219 | 6, 462 | ${ }^{2} 209,735$ | 1,000,746 |

Table 7.-Corporation returns, 1942, by net income and deficit classes and by type of tax liability-Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with alternative tax: Number of returns, net income or deficit, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, and, for Part II only, excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss; also, by net income classes only, the excess profits tax and total tax-Continued

PART II--RETURNS WITH ALTERENATIVE TAX ${ }^{61}$
[ $N$ 2t income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{3}$ | Returns with alternative tax, classified by type of liability reported for income and declared value excess-profits tax purposes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{3}$ | Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{5}$ | Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss | Income tax (if alternative method had not been used) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Income } \\ & \text { tax } \\ & \text { (alterna- } \\ & \text { tive }{ }^{\text {bl}} \end{aligned}$ | Declared value excessprofits tax ${ }^{7}$ |
| Under 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 under 10 | 824 | 6,242 | 59 | 1,506 | 1,531 | 1,516 | 25 |
| 10 under 15 | 710 | 8,793 | 345 | 1,587 | 2.091 | 2,057 | 52 |
| 15 under 20 | 469 | 8, 171 | 577 | 1,162 | 1,872 | 1,853 | 39 |
| 20 under 25 | 4.34 | 9,770 | 1,091 | 1, 370 | 2, 146 | 12, 121 | 48 |
| 25 under 50 | 1,334 | 47, 892 | 8, 186 | 5, 226 | 11,796 | 11.094 | 268 |
| 50 under 100 | 1,224 | 87,565 | 24, 223 | 6, 554 | 21,555 | 20, 508 | 388 |
| 100 under 250 | 1, 261 | 200,833 | 72,376 | 11,928 | 45,607 | 43,904 | 807 |
| 250 under 500 | 700 | 249, 047 | 113, 166 | 8, 820 | 43,352 | -7,027 | 1,090 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 462 | 324, 520 | 156, 878 | 8,578 | 61, 360 | 60,078 | 1,039 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 561 | 1,148, 256 | 570. 623 | 27,973 | 209, 716 | 205, 547 | 3,448 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 82 | 586, 769 | 299, 678 | 11, 288 | 110.848 | 109, 047 | 1,316 |
| 10,000 and orer. | 103 | 2, 933, 852 | 1,394, 343 | 24, 057 | 565, 088 | 561,230 | 6,255 |
| Total | 8, 164 | 5,611, 711 | 2, 631,545 | 110, 050 | 1,081,962 | 1, 065, 982 | 14, 775 |

Returns with alternative tax, classified by type of liability reported for ineome and declared value excess-profits tax purposes-Continued


[^36]Table 7.-Corporation returns, 1942, by net income and deficit classes and by type of tax liability-Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with alternative tax: Number of returns, net income or deficit, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, and, for Part II only, excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss; also, by net income classes only, the excess profits tax and total tax-Continued

PART II.-RETURNS W1TH ALTERNATIVE TAX ${ }^{61}$-Continued
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{3}$ | Returns with alternative tax, classified by type of liability reported for income and declared value excess-profits tax purposes-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Income tax and declared ralue excess-profits tax |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number of returas | Net income ${ }^{3}$ | Income subject to excess profits tax ${ }^{5}$ | Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss | Income tax (if alternative method had not been used) |  | Declared value excessprofits tax ${ }^{7}$ |
| Under 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 under 10 | 171 | 1,286 | 17 | 322 | 313 | 308 | 25 |
| 10 under 15 | 149 | 1,830 | 98 | 383 | 421 | 416 | 52 |
| 15 under 20 - | 96 | 1,650 | 128 | 277 | 379 | 374 | 39 |
| 20 under 25 | 96 | 2. 138 | 314 | 299 | 456 | 450 | 48 |
| 25 under 50 | 293 | 10, 721 | 2, 461 | 1,283 | 2, 423 | 2, 266 | 268 |
| 50 under 100 | 278 | 19,937 | 7,308 | 1,703 | 4, 255 | 4, 015 | 388 |
| 100 under 250 | 303 | 46,987 | 20,971 | 2. 191 | 9,474 | 9,141 | 807 |
| 250 under 500 | 184 | 64,007 | 35,072 | 1,990 | 10,619 | 10,326 | 1,090 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 105 | 74,910 | 41, 007 | 1,844 | 12,679 | 12,403 | 1,039 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 126 | 238, 100 | 136, 153 | 6, 011 | 37, 255 | 36, 273 | 3,448 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 21 | 144, 806 | 78, 522 | 3,775 | 25, 897 | 25,297 | 1,316 |
| 10,000 and over | 30 | 994, 178 | 620,857 | 4,490 | 138, 351 | 137, 673 | 6,255 |
| Total | 1.852 | 1,600,550 | 942,90S | 24, 568 | 242, 523 | 238, 941 | 14,775 |

[^37]Table 8.-Corporation returns, 1942, by net income and deficit classes: Total number of returns, number of returns with dividends received, and amount of dividends received from domestic corporations, and from foreign corporations; also interest received on Government obligations
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{3}$ | Returus with net income ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totalnum-ber ofreturns | Dividends received from- |  |  |  | Interest received on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Domestic corporations ${ }^{26}$ |  | Foreign corporations ${ }^{27}$ |  | Total | Wholly taxable ${ }^{19}$ | Subject to declared value excessprofits tax andsurtax20 surtax ${ }^{20}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Subject } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { surtax } \\ & \text { only } 21 \end{aligned}$ | Wholly tax exempt ${ }^{22}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { Ner of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Amount | Number of returns | Amount |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 70, 220 | 2, 534 | 1,762 | 67 | 42 | 6, 244 | 1,526 | 1,420 | 311 | 2,987 |
| 1 under 2 | 30, 264 | 1,789 | 1,618 | 53 | 49 | 5,865 | 1,364 | 1,500 | 290 | 2,710 |
| 2 under 3 | 20,113 | 1,369 | 1,357 | 34 | 35 | 5,555 | 1,324 | 1,547 | 293 | 2, 391 |
| 3 under 4 | 15, 482 | 1,124 | 1,333 | 32 | 50 | 6, 266 | 1,682 | 1,803 | 356 | 2, 425 |
| 4 under 5 | 14, 016 | 1,004 | 1,312 | 26 | 77 | 5,300 | 1,199 | 1,595 | 261 | 2,245 |
| 5 under 10 | 35, 424 | 3,614 | 7,461 | 120 | 271 | 20,787 | 5, 284 | 5,939 | 1,227 | 8,337 |
| 10 under 15 | 17, 163 | 2, 304 | 6,691 | 86 | 237 | 15, 171 | 3, 960 | 4,785 | 904 | 5,522 |
| 15 under 20 | 10, 523 | 1,593 | 5,646 | 69 | 154 | 10,465 | 3,156 | 3, 096 | 562 | 3, 650 |
| 20 under 25. | 7,455 | 1,300 | 7,082 | 76 | 229 |  | 2,093 | 2,543 | 454 | 2,899 |
| 25 under 50 | 17, 465 | 3,470 | 25, 204 | 175 | 521 | 28,675 | 8,775 | 8, 951 | 1,289 | 9,659 |
| 50 under 100 | 12,040 | 3, 032 | 40,464 | 208 | 1,403 | 31, 140 | 8,004 | 10, 976 | 1,523 | 10. 638 |
| 100 under 250 | 9, 828 | 3, 039 | 78,560 | 258 | 3,199 | 51, 119 | 13,331 | 20,794 | ${ }^{2} .400$ | 14,594 |
| 250 under 500 | 4,398 | 1,592 | 71, 306 | 173 | 3,963 | 54, 322 | 13, 839 | 21,492 | 1,781 | 17, 210 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 2, 518 | 1,117 | 85, 652 | 114 | 4,420 | 42,976 | 11, 151 | 18,650 | 3. 199 | 9,976 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 2, 362 | 1,342 | 241,885 | 233 | 20, 926 |  | 38,498 | 69,299 | 6,702 | 43, 941 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 337 | 235 | 120, 687 | 66 | 26, 586 | 128, 834 | 25,879 | 45, 111 | 4,158 | 53,656 |
| 10,000 and over..- | 334 | 279 | 609,065 | 100 | 88,797 | 240, 624 | 57,091 | 111, 708 | 8,459 | 63, 365 |
| Tota | 269, 942 | 30,737 | 1,307,084 | 1,890 | 150,958 | 819, 771 | 198, 156 | 331, 210 | 34, 170 | 256, 235 |


| Deficit classes * | Returns with no net income ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totalnum-ber ofreturns | Dividends received from- |  |  |  | Interest received on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Domestic corporations ${ }^{26}$ |  | Foreign corporations ${ }^{27}$ |  | Total | Wholly able ${ }^{19}$ | Subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax ${ }^{20}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Subject } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { surtax } \\ & \text { only } 21 \end{aligned}$ | Wbolly tax exempt ${ }^{22}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { beturns } \end{gathered}$ | Amount | Num- ber of returns | Amount |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1. | 105, 757 | 2, 234 | 2,839 | 42 | 20 | 6,645 | 2, 138 | 1,373 | 300 | 2, 833 |
| 1 under 2 | 21, 943 | 737 | 658 | 24 | 24 | 5,096 | 1,410 | 976 | 246 | 2,464 |
| 2 under 3 | 11, 107 | 457 | 744 | 20 | 17 | 3, 609 | 1,017 | ${ }_{715}^{672}$ | 285 | 1,635 |
| 3 under 4 -- | 6,610 4,426 | $\begin{array}{r}332 \\ 252 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 461 392 | 13 | 9 5 | 3,237 2 2180 | 837 548 | 715 438 | 168 | 1,517 |
| 4 4 under 5 under | 4,426 10,445 | 252 | 392 1,659 | 7 27 | 28 | 2,180 | 548 3,105 | 438 2,835 | 131 | 5,069 |
| 10 under 15. | 3,910 | 350 | 1,300 | 17 | 12 | 6, ${ }^{1} 173$ | 1,669 | 1,364 | 350 | 2,989 |
| 15 under 20. | 2,075 | 225 | 1, 360 | 14 | 36 | 5, 250 | 1,562 | 978 | 209 | 2,500 |
| 20 under 25 | 1,328 | 162 | 745 | 10 | 194 | 3,753 | 976 | 974 | 203 | 1,600 |
| 25 under 50 | 2,711 | 381 | 4,870 | 18 | 146 | 9,158 | 2,421 | 2,410 | 508 | 3, 819 |
| 50 under 100 | 1,277 | 207 | 2,327 | 9 | 1,299 | 5,541 | 1,558 | 1,797 | 218 | 1,968 |
| 100 under 250.. | -703 | 156 | 4,361 | 8 | 175 | 15,702 | 6, 501 | 3,401 | 716 | 5,085 |
| 250 under 500... | 228 | 77 | 4,756 | 9 | 87 | 16, 185 | 4, 217 | 6,095 | 477 | 5,395 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 96 | 33 | 4,416 | 3 | 100 |  | 2,137 | 1949 | 88 | 3, 173 |
| 1,000 under 5,000- | 64 | 20 | 1,089 | 1 | 37 | 2,960 | 1,291 | 1,045 | 228 | 396 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 <br> 10,000 and over | 6 2 | 3 | 5,371 | 1 | 3, 304 | 1,071 | 211 | 413 7 | 91 1 | 356 1 |
| Total. | 172, 723 | 6,368 | 37,348 | 223 | 5,493 | 104, 681 | 31, 597 | 26, 444 | 4,777 | 41,864 |

For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

Table 9.-Corporation returns, 1942, by net income and deficit classes: Total number of returns, number of returns with dividends paid, and amount, by type of dividend paid
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{3}$ | Returns with uet income ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totalnumber ofreturns | Dividends paid ${ }^{9}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Only cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{9}$ |  | Only corporation's own stock |  | Both cash and assets other than own stock, and corporation's own stock |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Amount | Number of returns | Amount | Number of returns | Amount of cash and assets other than own stock | A mount of corporation's own stock |
| Under 1. | 70,220 | 4,785 | 9,007 | 56 | 233 | 39 | 155 | 295 |
| 1 under 2 | 30, 264 | 4,125 | 9,051 | 41 | 224 | 31 | 51 | 263 |
| 2 under 3 | 20,113 | 3, 687 | 10, 244 | 30 | 201 | 39 | 102 | 218 |
| 3 under 4 - | 15,482 | 3, 214 | 10, 157 | 36 | 203 | 40 | 96 | 325 |
| 4 under 5 | 14,016 | 3,066 | 10,739 | 35 | 199 | 37 | 88 | 404 |
| 5 under 10 | 35, 424 | 10,463 | 51,641 | 126 | 1,077 | 112 | 786 | 2,145 |
| 10 under 15 | 17, 163 | 6, 404 | 49,520 | 83 | 1,259 | 85 | 346 | 945 |
| 15 under 20 | 10, 523 | 4,307 | 37, 245 | 44 | 766 | 58 | 433 | 2,417 |
| 20 under 25 | 7,455 | 3,300 | 38,983 | 34 | 508 | 33 | 209 | 886 |
| 25 under 50 | 17,465 | 8,904 | 136, 750 | 95 | 3, 012 | 108 | 1,078 | 3,082 |
| 50 under 100 | 12, 040 | 7,053 | 186, 252 | 60 | 2, 170 | S0 | 1,284 | 4,369 |
| 100 under 250 | 9, 828 | 6,485 | 310, 276 | 43 | 2, 825 | 86 | 2,426 | 5, 961 |
| 250 under 500- | 4,398 | 3,184 | 299, 692 | 19 | 1,901 | 46 | 2, 144 | 5,732 |
| 500 under 1,000- | 2,518 | 1,977 | 360,443 | 5 | 1,230 | 23 | 2, 403 | 3, 021 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 2,362 | 1,950 | 1, 047, 548 | 4 | 4,109 | 23 | 9,597 | 8. 052 |
| 1,000 under 10,000 10,000 and over | $\begin{array}{r}337 \\ 334 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 299 281 | $1,582,490$ $2,279,633$ | 1 | 1,286 | 2 <br> 5 | 991 38,277 | 9991 9,337 |
| Total | 269, 942 | 73,484 | 5, 429, 700 | 712 | 21, 203 | 847 | 60,467 | 48,442 |


| Deficit classes ${ }^{3}$ | Returns with no net income ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Total } \\ \text { number } \\ \text { of }}}{\substack{\text { Tom }}}$ returns | Dividends paid ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Only cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ |  | Only corporation's own stock |  | Both cash and assets other than own stock, and corporation's own stock |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Amount | Number of return | Amount | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { returus } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Amount } \\ \text { of cash } \\ \text { and assets } \\ \text { other } \\ \text { than own } \\ \text { stock } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Amount } \\ \text { of oropo- } \\ \text { ration's } \\ \text { own } \\ \text { stock } \end{array}$ |
| Under 1. | 105,757 | 1,905 |  | 32 | 345 |  |  |  |
|  | 21,948 |  |  | 15 |  |  |  | 151 |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ under under 4 - | ${ }_{\text {1 }}^{1} \mathbf{6 , 6 4 0}$ | 438 <br> 328 |  | 3 | 29 | ${ }_{3}$ | ${ }_{2}$ | 19 |
| 4 under 5- | 4,426 | 216 | 1,830 | 5 | 22 | 3 | 32 | 136 |
| 5 under 10 | 10,445 | 659 | 7,618 |  | 111 | 16 | 319 | ${ }_{84} 76$ |
| 10 under 15 under | 3,910 2,075 | 269 179 | ${ }_{2}^{4,922}$ | 3 | 170 <br> 124 <br> 1 | ${ }_{6}^{4}$ | 28 37 | ${ }_{72}^{84}$ |
| 20 under 25. | 1,321 | 116 | 2, 223 | 1 | 115 | 1 | 10 <br> 58 | 10 146 |
| 25 under 50 under 100 | 2,711 <br> 1,277 | ${ }_{125}^{278}$ | ${ }^{17,762} 5$ |  | 105 18 |  |  |  |
| 100 under 250---- | ${ }^{1,703}$ | 125 95 | 20,421 |  |  | 1 | 6 | 25 |
| 250 under 500 ----- | 228 | ${ }^{36}$ | 12, 159 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 500 under 1,000 1,000 under 5,000 | ${ }_{64}^{96}$ | 12 6 | ${ }_{5}^{1,694}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 under $10,000 \ldots$ 10,000 | 6 2 2 |  | 15,510 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 172, 723 | 5,379 | 116, 232 | 8. | 1,083 | 91 | 68 | 1,988 |

For fnotnotes, see pp. 298-300.

## Footnotes for basic tables 1-9, pages 78-297

## (Facsimiles of return forms, to which references are made, appear on pp. 383-424)

${ }^{1}$ Returns filed in a State may not be a complete coverage of all corporations whose principal place of business is located therein. Conversely, a tabulation for a given State may include data from returns of corporations having their principal place of business in another State. A corporation may file an income tax return either in the collection district in which it has its principal place of business or in the collection district in which it has its principal office or agency.
${ }^{2}$ The total number of returns shown includes returns of inactive corporations.
3 "Net income" or "Deficit" is the amount reported for declared value excess-profits tax computation adjusted by excluding net operating loss deduction (items 31 and 27, respectively, page 1, Form 1120). As explained on p. 2, the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returns are filed.

4 "Total compiled receipts" consists of gross sales (less returns and allowances), gross receipts from operations (where inventories are not an incomedetermining factor), all interest reccived on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premjum), other interest, rents and royalties, net capital gain, net gain from sale or exchange of property other than capital assets, dividends, and other receipts required to be included in gross income, described in note 28. "Total compiled receipts" excludes nontaxable income other than tax-exempt interest received on ecrtain Government obligations.

5 "Income subject to excess profits tax," allowed as a credit in computing normal tax and surtax net income for taxable years beginning in 1912, is, in general, equal to the adjusted excess profits net income. However, in case the excess profits tax is determined as provided in section 721 (relating to abnormalities in income in the taxable period), section 726 (relating to corporations completing contracts under the Merchant Marine Act of 1936), section 731 (relating to corporations engaged in mining strategic minerals), or section 736(b) (relating to corporations with income from long-term contracts), the credit for income subject to excess profits tax is the amount of which the excess profits tax is 90 percent. For the purpose of computing such credit, the excess profits tax used is the tax computed without regard to the limitation provided in section i10(a)(1)(B) (the 80 percent limitation), without regard to the credit provided in section 729 (c) and (d) for foreign taxes paid, and without regard to the adjustments provided in section 734 in case of position ineonsistent with prior income tax liability. As explained on p. 2, the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returns are filed.

6 "Income tax" for 1942 consists of normal tax, surtax, and, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, altermative tax reported in lieu of normal tax and surtax where the income includes an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss, if and only if such tax is less than the normal tax and surtax. Tabulated with the income tax for returns with net income is a small amount of surtax reported on returns with no net income, where receipts for the taxable year include interest on obligations of certain instrumentalities of the United States, described in note 21. As explained on p. 2, the ainounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returns are filed.

7 Although the filing of consolidated returns is not permitted for declared ralue excess-profits tax purposes, the declared value excess-profits tax reported by the members of an alfiliated group of corporations filing a consolidated income tax return is ordinarily tabulated under the same classifications as the income tax return. A small amount of declared value excess-profits tax reported by corporations whose
consolidated income tax returns show no net income is included with the declared value excess-profits tax shown for returns with net income.
${ }^{8}$ The excess profits tax shown is that imposed by section 710 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended and should not be confused with the declared value excess-profits tax. For 1942 the amount shown is the excess profits tax liability reported on corporation excess profits tax returns, less the credit for debt retirement and the net post-war refund. Throughout this report, the 1942 tax is after the amount deferred under section 710(a)(5) (relating to abncrmalities under section 722) as well as adjustments under other relief provisions. Owing, in some instances, to the non-availability of the corresponding income and declared value excess-profits tax return for matching with the corporation excess profits tax return, $\$ 15,723,446$ of the total excess profits tax shown for 1942 is not distributed by the various classifications shown in tables 1 through 7 . As explained on p. 2, the amounts shown are prior to certain adjust ments which are made after the returns are filed.
${ }^{9}$ The item "Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock" (shown in table 6 as "D)ividends paid") does not include liquidating dividends. Dividend payments are reported in schedule M, page 4, Form 1120.

10 The industrial classification is based on the business activity reported on the return. When multiple businesses are reported on a return, the classification is determined by the business activity which accounts for the largest percentage of total receipts. Therefore, the industrial groups do not reflect pure industry classifications. The industrial groups are based on the Standard Industrial Classification, issued by the Division of Statistical Standards, Burcau of the Budget, Executive Office of the President. A chart showing the major industrial groups and minor industrial groups in which changes occur between 1942 and 1941 is shown on p. 7.
${ }^{11}$ The industrial classification designated "Investment trusts and investment companics" consists of corporations which derived 90 percent or more of recejpts from investments and which at no time during the taxable year had investments in corporations in which they owned 50 percent or more of the voting stock.

12 The industrial classification designated "Holding companies" consists of corporations which derived 90 percent or more of receipts from investments and which at some time during the taxable year had investnients in corporations in which they owned 50 percent or more of the voting stock.
13 The industrial classification designated "Operat-ing-holding companies" consists of corporations which derived less than 90 percent but more than 50 percent of receipts from investments.
${ }^{14}$ Life insurance companies are required to include only interest, dividends, and rents in gross income. Beginning 1942, the special deduction of life insurance companies relating to reserves for dividends and reserve funds required by law is discontinued and in licu thercof such companies are allowed a credit against net income as explained on p. 5. As a consequence of this change, the net income (less the deficit) reported on life insurance company returns for 1942 is automatically increased over the amount for 1941 by more that $\$ 1,000,000,000$ and there is a considerable increase in the proportion of such returns showing a net income. Sec note 37.
${ }^{15}$ Less than $\$ 500$.
16 Number of returns shown excludes returns o inactive corporations.

17 "Gross sales" consists of amounts recejved for goods, less returns and allowances, in transactions where inventorics are an income-determining factor. For "Cost of goods sold," see "Deductions."

## Footnotes for basic tables 1-9, pages 78-297-Continued

## (Facsimiles of return forms, to which references are made, appear on pp. 383-424)

18 "Gross receipts from operations" consists of amounts received from transactions in which inventories are not an income-determining factor. For "Cost of operations." see "Deductions."

19"Interest received on Government obligations, wholly taxable" consists of interest on Treasury notes issued on or after December 1, 1940, and obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, by the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, reported as item 9 (b), page 1, Form 1120.

20 "Interest received on Government obligations, subject to declared value excess-profits tax and surtax" consists of interest on United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in excess of the principal amount of $\$ 5,000$ issued prior to March 1, 1941, reported as item $9(a)$, page 1, Form 1120.

21 "Interest received on Government obligations, subject to surtax only" consists of interest on obligations of instrumeutalities of the United States (other than obligations of Federal land banks, joint stock land banks, and Federal intermediate credit banks) issued prior to March 1, 1911, reported as item 32, page 1, Form 1120.

22 "Interest received on Government obligations, wholly tax-exempt" consists of interest ou obligations of States, Territories, or political subdivisions thereof, the District of Columbia, and United States possessions; obligations of the United States issued on or before September 1, 1917; all postal savings bonds; Treasury notes issued prior to December 1 , 1940; Treasury bills issued prior to March 1, 1941; United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in principal amount of $\$ 5,000$ or less, issued prior to March 1, 1941; and obligations issued prior to March 1, 1941, by Federal land banks, joint stock land banks, and Federal intermediate credit banks. Interest from such sources is reported under item 15(a) of schedule M, page 4, Form 1120.
${ }^{23}$ Amount shown as "Rents and royalties" consists of gross amounts received. The amounts of depreciation, repairs, interest, taxes, and other expenses, which are deductible from the gross amount received for rents, and the amount of depletion, which is deductible from the gross amount of royal ties received, are included in the respective deduction items.
${ }^{24}$ "Net capital gain" is the net amount of gain arising from the sale or exchange of capital assets. (A net loss from this source is not deductible for the current year, but may be carried over and applied against capital gains in the five succeeding taxable years.) The term "Capital assets" means property held by the taxpayer (whether or not connected with trade or business), but excludes (1) stock in trade or other property which would properly be included in inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable year, (2) property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of trade or business, (3) property used in trade or business, of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation, (4) Government obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding one year from the date of issue, and (5) real property used ins the trade or btisiness of the taxpayer. Beginning 1912 gains and losses from (a) sale or exchange of depreciable property and real property, used in the trade or brisiness and held for more than six months, and from (b) involuntary conversion of such property and of capital assets held for more than six months are treated as long-term capital gains and losses, if the gains exceed the losses. If the losses exceed the gains, the net loss is deductible as an ordinary loss. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, "short-term" applies to gains or losses on the sale or exchange of capital assets held six months or less; "long-term" applies to gains or losses on capital assets held over six months.

25 "Net gain or loss, sales other than capital assets" is the net amount of gain or loss arising from the sale or exchange of depreciable property and real property used in trade or business. If such property nas been held for more than six months, special treatment of the gain or loss is provided as described in note 24 above.
${ }^{26}$ "Dividends, domestic corporations" consists of dividends received from domestic corporations subject to income taxation under chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code. This item is reported in column 2, schedule E, page 3, Form 1120, and is the amount used for computation of the dividends received credit. There is excluded from this amount dividends from corporations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, and corporations entit'ed to the benefits of section 251 of the Internal Revenue Code (corporations receiving a large portion of their gross income from sources within a possession of the Uniterl States), such dividends being included in "Other receipts."

27 "Dividends, foreign corporations" is the amount reported in column 3, schedule E, page 3, Form 1120. and is not used for the computation of dividends received credit.

28 "Other receipts" includes dividends from eorporations organized under the China Trade Act. 1922, and corporations entitled to the benefits of section 251 of the Internal Revenue Code (corporations receiving a large portion of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States), and amounts not elsewhere reported on the return such as: Profit from sales of commodities other than the principal commodity in which the corporation deals; income from minor operations; bad debts recovered; cash discount; conditional payments from United States Department of Agriculture; Federal income tax paid by lessee; income from claims, license rights, judgments, and joint ventures; net amount under operating agreements; net profit from commissaries; profit on dealing in futures; profit on prior years' collections (installment basis); profit on purchase of corporation's own bonds; recoveries of bonds, stocks, and other securities; refunds for cancellation of contracts, for insurance, management expenses, and processing taxes; and income from sales of scrap, salvage, or waste.
${ }^{29}$ Where the amount reported as "Cost of goods sold" or "Cost of operations" includes items of deductions such as depreciation, taxes, etc., these items ordinarily are not transferred to their specific headings. However, an exception is made with respect to amortization of emergency facilities reported in costs, such amount being transferred to "Amortization."
so Amount shown as "Repairs" is the cost of incidental repairs, including labor and supplies, which do not add materially to the value of the property or appreciably prolong its life.
si The item "Taxes paid" excludes (1) Federal income tax and Federal excess profits taxes, (2) estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes, (3) income taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States if any portion is claimed as a tax credit, (4) taxes assessed against local benefits, (5) Federal taxes paid on tax-free covenant bonds, and (6) taxes reported in "Cost of goods sold" and "Cost of operations."

32 The deduction claimed for "Cortributions or gifts" is limited to 5 percent of net income as computed without the benefit of this deduction.
"3 Amount shown as "Amortization" is the deduction provided by the Second Revenue Act of 1940 with respect to the amortization of the cost of emergency facilities necessary for national defense.

## Footnotes for basic tables 1-9, pages 78-297-Continued

## (Facsimiles of return forms, to which references are made, appear on pp. 383-424)


#### Abstract

" Included in "Other deductions" are (1) negative amounts reported under income, (2) losses by abandonment, fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, and theft, (3) salaries and wages not deducted elsewhere on the return, and (4) amounts not otherwise reported, as: Administrative, general, and office expenses; advertising costs; bonuses and commissions; delivery charges; freight and shipping expenses; payments in connection with lawsuits; research expenses; sales discount; seliing costs; travel expenses; and unrealized profits on installment sales.


${ }^{55}$ The net operating loss deduction tabulated herein is the amount originally reported, consisting only of the net operating loss carry-over reduced by certain adjustments, and does not take into account whatever revisions may subsequently be made as the resuit of any carry-back of net operating loss from the two succeeding tax years. In general, the net operating loss carry-over is the sum of the net operating losses, if any, for the two preceding taxable years. If there is net income in the first preceding taxable year, the net operating loss for the second preceding taxable year is reduced to the extent such loss has been absorbed by such net income.
${ }^{36}$ Amount shown as "Compensatlon of officers" excludes compensation of officers of life insurance companies which file Form 1120L. Data not available.

87 "Other deductions" shown for the major group "Insurance carriers, agents, etc.". for 1942 is decreased as compared with 1941 by reason of the discontInuance of the special deduction of life in surance companies relating to reserves for dividends and reserve funds required by law. In lieu of this deduction, such companies are allowed a credit against net income as explained on p. 5.

## ${ }^{28}$ See notes 36 and 37 .

${ }^{39}$ Compiled net loss or deficit.
${ }^{40}$ Compiled net loss after total tax payment.
4 "Number of returns with balance sheets" excludes returns of inactive corporations and returns of actlve corporations for which balance sheet data are lacking.
"Amount shown as "Cash" includes bank deposits.
" Amount shown as "Investments, Government obligations" consists of obligatlons of the United States or agency or instrumentality thereof as well as obligations of States, Territories, and political subdivisions thereof, the District of Columbia, and United States possessions.
"Amount shown as "Capital assets" consists of (1) depreciable tangible assets such as buildings, fixed mechanical equipment, manufacturing facilities, transportatlon facilities, and furniture and fixtures, (2) depletable tangible assets-natural resources, (3) Intangible assets such as patents, franchises, formuias, copyrights, leaseholds, good will, and trade-marks, and (4) land. (Amounts in tables 4 through 5-A exclude land.)
"Amount shown as "Other assets" consists of assets not elsewhere reported on return, such as: Sinking funds; other funds; deferred charges; organization expenses; prepaid and suspense items; interest, discount, coupons, and dividends receivabic; guaranty deposits, and deposits on contracts and meters; and cash valuo of life insurance. "Other assets" of life insurance companies inciudes market value of real estate and bonds and stocks in excess of book valuc; Interest, rents, and premiums due; and agents' balances.
${ }^{t o}$ Assets and liabilities are tabulated as of December 31, 1942, or close of fiscal year nearest thereto. Total assets classes are based on the net amount of total assets after reserves for depreciation, depletion,
amortization, and bad debts. Adjustments are made in tabulating the data, as follows: (1) Reserves, when shown under liabilities, are used to reduce corresponding asset accounts, and "Total assets" and "Total liabilities" are decreased by the amount of such reserves, and (2) a deficit in surplus, shown under assets, is transferred to liabilities, and "Total assets" and "Total liabilities" are decreased by the amount of the deficit.

17 Amount shown as "Other liabilities" consists of liabilities not elsewhere reported on return, such as: Deferred and suspense items; accrued expenses; dividends payable; funds held in trust; borrowed securities; outstanding coupons and certificates; and overdrafts. "Other liabilities" of life insurance companies includes the net value of outstanding policies and annuities, and borrowed money. "Other liabilities" of banks includes deposits (time, savings, demand, etc.) and bank notes in circulation. "Other liabilities" of building and loan associations includes certificates of deposit.
${ }^{48}$ Capital stock which is not definitely designated as either common or preferred is tabulated under common stock.
${ }^{19}$ Amount shown as "Surplus and undivided profits" consists of paid-in or capital surplus and earned surplus and undivided profits. See note 50.
${ }^{50}$ Amount shown as "Deficit" consists of negative amounts of earned surplus and undivided profits.
${ }^{51}$ For types of corporations permitted to file a consolidated return and criterion of affiliation, see "Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws," pp. 375-379.
${ }^{53}$ Number of subsldiaries consists of the number of affiliated corporations which together with the common parent corporation file a consolidated income tax return.
${ }^{88}$ The lower limit of each total assets class is shown in this table. For method of tabulating "Total assets," see note 46 .
${ }^{54}$ Amount of "Investments" conslsts of "Investments, Government obligations," described in note 43 , and "Other investments" (items 4 and 5 , respectively, schedule L, page 4, Form 1120).
${ }^{5 s}$ Bonds, notes, and mortgages payable, with original maturity of less than one year, are combined with accounts payable to obtain the amount of "Accounts and notes payable" shown in tabie 6.
so "Bonds and mortgages payable" shown in table 6 are those with original maturlty of one year or more.
57 "Capital stock" consists of both preferred and common stock.

S8 The amount of "Surplus and undivided profits" shown in table 6 includes surplus reserves, paid-in or capital surplus, and earned surplus and undivided profits.
${ }^{59}$ Total tax consists of income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, and excess profits tax. As explained on p. 2, the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returns are filed.

## ${ }^{60}$ Surplus deficlt.

81 For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, If the net long-term capital gain exceeds the net short-term capital loss, an alternative tax is imposed In lieu of the normal tax and surtax if and only if such tax is less than the normal tax and surtax. The alternative tax is the sum of (1) a partiai tax, computed at the normal tax and surtax rates on the net income decreased by the amount of the excess of the net long-term capital gains over the net short-term capital loss, and (2) 25 percent of such excess. As explained on p, 2 the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returns are filed.

## TAXABLE CORPORATION EXCESS PROFITS TAX RETURNS

## BASIC TABLES

0 . Adjusted excess profits net income classes and method of credit computation-all taxable returns.

1. Normal-tax net income classes and method of credit computa-tion-all taxable returns.
2. Adjusted excess profits net income classes and method of credit computation-taxable consolidated returns.
3. Normal-tax net income classes and method of credit computa-tion-taxable consolidated returns.
4. Adjusted excess profits net income classes and method of credit computation-taxable returns with unused excess profits credit adjustment.
TABLE 10．－Taxable corporation excess profits tax returns，1942，1 by adjusted excess profits net income classes，and by method of credit computation： Number of returns，normal－tax net income，excest podit for debt retirement，and post－uar refund
［Adjusted excess profits net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

| Adjusted excess profits net income classes ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of re- } \\ & \text { turns } \end{aligned}$ | Normal－tax net income ${ }^{3}$ （before cer－ tain credits） | Excess <br> profits net income ${ }^{4}$ | Excess profits credit ${ }^{5}$ | Unused excess profits credit adjust－ ment ${ }^{6}$ | Adjusted excess profits net income ${ }^{2}$ | Excess profits tax before credits ${ }^{7}$ | Credit for debt retire－ ment ${ }^{8}$ | Post－war refund ${ }^{\text {D }}$ | Excess profits tax less ercdit for debt retirement and post－war refund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

[^38]| av,uvu unuer 10, vou 15,000 under 20,000 20,000 under 25,000 25,000 and over | 26 7 9 11 | 430,678 195,631 207,953 944,081 | $\begin{aligned} & 423, \text { b } \\ & 182,713 \\ & 295,195 \\ & 794,913 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 84,353 \\ 54,319 \\ 95,785 \\ 224,534 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 32,698 \\ -2,617 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 127,661 \\ & 199,665 \\ & 567,707 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41,300 \\ & 111,386 \\ & 165,025 \\ & 482,564 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 31, 864 | 6,981,379 | 6,797, 364 | 1,932,241 | 315, 367 | 4,385,384 | 3, 537, 234 | 119,499 | 188,348 | 3,229,386 |
| INCOME METHOD-AGGREGATE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 25 | 10,640 | 372,938 | 364,313 | 206,017 | 12, 846 | 91,698 | 76,063 | 1,758 | 5,260 | 69, 045 |
| 25 under 50 | 3,071 | 261, 271 | 256, 057 | 123,808 | 6,651 | 110,247 | 91, 196 | 2,098 | 6,303 | 82, 795 |
| 50 under 100 | 2, 680 | 384,002 | 376, 182 | 165,342 | 6,739 | 191, 686 | 158, 693 | 3,616 | 11, 009 | 144,068 |
| 100 under 250 | 2,656 | 791, 232 | 775, 454 | 330,502 | 12, 430 | 421,369 | 346, 401 | 7,181 | 23, 919 | 315, 302 |
| 250 under 500 | 1,358 | 785, 958 | 774,158 | 280,216 | 7,085 | 481, 723 | 393, 839 | 7,880 | 27, 544 | 358, 415 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 1 753 | 879,889 | 870,495 | 326,289 | 12, 965 | 529,361 | 438, 073 | 9,374 | 29,771 | 398,927 |
| 1,000 under 2,000 | 467 | 1,001,862 | 987,961 | 336, 123 | 5, 179 | 643,845 | 538, 222 | 9, 115 | 38,729 | 490, 379 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 | 172 | 749,929 | 743, 697 | 304, 511 | 12,555 | 423, 091 | 351, 309 | 8, 288 | 23, 462 | 319,559 |
| 3,000 under 4,000 | 99 | 619,335 | 594, 600 | 241,500 | 6,038 | 346,506 | 289, 425 | 6,126 | 19, 888 | 263, 411 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 | 53 | 450, 439 | 440,318 | 199,457 | 4,553 | 236,048 | 191, 788 | 3, 074 | 12, 025 | 176, 689 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 112 | 1,293, 483 | 1,277,093 | 502, 492 | 7,571 | 766, 470 | 648, 536 | 12, 961 | 47,321 | 588, 253 |
| 10,000 under 15,000. | 32 | 602, 263 | 591, 881 | 193,704 | 2,650 | 391, 681 | 319, 831 | 6, 554 | 22,286 | 290, 991 |
| 15,000 under 20,000. | 15 | 582, 907 | 548,689 | 287, 654 |  | 260, 960 | 219, 250 | 155 | 20, 458 | 198,637 |
| 20,000 under 25,000 | 8 | 294, 215 | 286, 095 | 109,720 |  | $\begin{array}{r}176,335 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 155, 332 | 2,019 19,641 | 11,988 56,920 | $141,324$ |
| 25,000 and over | 22 | 1,423,583 | 1, 400, 015 | 361, 642 |  | 1,038, 264 | 861, 192 | 19,641 | 56, 920 | 784, 631 |
| Total | 22,138 | 10, 493, 306 | 10,287, 006 | 3, 968,975 | 97, 259 | 6, 109, 284 | 5,079, 150 | 99, 841 | 356, 882 | 4,622, 428 |

1NCOME METHOD-GENERAL AVERAGE

Table 10.-Taxable corporation excess profits tax returns, 1942, by adjusted excess profits net income classes, and by method of credit computation: Number of returns, normal-tax net income, excess profits net income, excess profits credit, unused
[Adjusted excess profits net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted excess profits net income classes 3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of re- } \\ \text { turns } \end{gathered}$ | Normal-tax net income ${ }^{3}$ (before certain credits) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Excess } \\ & \text { profits } \\ & \text { net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | Excess profits credit | Unused excess profits credit adjustment ${ }^{6}$ | Adjusted excess profits net income ${ }^{2}$ | Excess profits tax credits ${ }^{7}$ ${ }^{\text {before }}{ }^{\text {chedits }}$ | Credit for debt ment ${ }^{8}$ retire- | Post-war refund | Excess profits tax less credit for debt retirement and post-war refund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INCOME METHOD-INCREASED EARNINGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 25 | 5,603 | 207, 078 | 202, 072 | 116, 773 | 8,128 | 48, 830 | 40, 056 | 910 | 2, 693 | 36,453 |
| 25 under 50. | 1, 565 | 137, 863 | 135, 767 | 67,995 | 3,863 | 55,978 | 45, 257 | 1,127 | 2,936 | 41, 195 |
| 50 under 100 | 1,353 | 197, 537 | 193, 509 | 86,381 | 3,432 | 97, 004 | 78,887 | 1,839 | 5, 216 | 71, 833 |
| 100 under 250 | 1,323 | 437, 520 | 425, 725 | 203, 519 | 6,794 | 208, 715 | 168, 667 | 3, 504 | 10,914 | 154, 249 |
| 250 under 500 | 628 | 384, 363 | 378,326 | 146, 567 | 4,047 | 224,563 | 180, 321 | 3, 513 | 12,045 | 164, 763 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 347 | 440, 448 | 434, 520 | 179, 535 | 10, 220 | 243, 600 | 198, 435 | 4,361 | 12,575 |  |
| 1,000 under 2,000 | 210 | 474, 392 | 465, 375 | 173, 738 | 4, 235 | 286, 208 | 234, 502 | 3,682 <br> 3,207 | 15,904 7,642 | 214,917 120,264 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 3,000 under 4000 | 66 43 | 332,610 266,126 | 331,374 255,577 | 156,292 <br> 104,524 | 10,605 876 | 161,814 149,901 | 131,113 120,240 | 3,207 2,246 | 7,970 | 110,023 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 | 31 | 246, 439 | 238, 786 | 100, 109 | 2, 590 | 135, 933 | 109, 508 | 1,760 | 6,420 | 101,328 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 43 | 509,013 | 502, 144 | 213, 599 | 4,110 | 284, 219 | 236,338 | 5,279 | 16, 159 | 214, 901 |
| 10,000 under 15,000 | 14 | 235, 791 | 232, 418 | 57, 952 | 2,650 | 168, 061 | 127, 107 | 284 | 9,491 | 117,331 |
| 15,000 under 20,000 | 6 | 162, 807 | 157, 051 | 53, 930 |  | 103, 092 | 87, 141 | 155 | 7,278 | 79, 708 |
| 20,000 under 25,000 |  | 129, 967 | 127, 132 | 56, 287 |  | 65,831 480,786 | 58,287 383,227 | 1 10,459 | 4,302 18,423 | 53,984 354,345 |
| 25,000 and over - | 10 | 581, 007 | 572, 036 | 91, 200 |  | 480, 786 | 383, 227 | 10,459 |  |  |
| Total | 11, 245 | 4, 742,961 | 4, 646, 813 | 1, 808, 400 | 61, 551 | 2, 714, 634 | 2, 199, 085 | 42,326 | 139,967 | 2, 016,792 |

For footnotes, see p. 317.
TABLE 11.-Taxable corporation excess profits tax returns, 1442,1 by normal-tax net income classes, and by method of credit computation: Number of returns, normal-tax net income, excess profits net income, excess profits credit, unused excess profits credit adjusiment, adjusted excess profits net
[Normal-tax net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Normal-tax net income classes ${ }^{5}$ (before certain credits) | Number of returns | Normal-tax net income ${ }^{2}$ (before certain credits) | Excess profits net income | Excess profits credit ${ }^{5}$ | Unused excess profits credit adjustment ${ }^{\circ}$ | Adjusted excess profits net income ${ }^{2}$ | Excess profits tax before credits? | Credit for debt retirement ${ }^{2}$ | Post-war refund | Excess profits tax less credit for debt retirement and post-war refund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AGGREGATE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 25. | 20, 156 | 286, 848 | 300,645 | 93,075 | 7,326 | 99,443 | 79,198 | 2,017 | 5,267 | 71, 914 |
| 25 under 50 | 10, 631 | 377, 029 | 382, 922 | 134, 442 | 11, 158 | 184,995 | 150,007 | 4,143 | 9,666 | 136, 198 |
| 50 under 100 | 8,215 | 582,315 | 586, 008 | 193, 979 | 16, 132 | 334,073 | 272, 886 | 6, 983 | 18,080 | 247, 822 |
| 100 under 250 | 7,247 | 1,144,937 | 1,144, 246 | 369, 871 | 25,572 | 714,335 | 579, 722 | 14,090 | 38,590 | 527,042 |
| 250 under 500 | 3,424 | 1, 197, 737 | 1,193, 094 | 355, 196 | 21,989 | 799,073 | 641, 420 | 14, 613 | 41,911 | 584, 896 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 1,960 | 1, 373, 130 | 1,368, 513 | 414, 174 | 21,517 | 924,085 | 743, 844 | 17,709 | 47, 628 | 678, 508 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 1,856 | 3, 766, 951 | 3, 726, 865 | 1, 169, 728 | 57, 167 | 2, 490, 331 | 2, 023,380 | 40,334 | 132, 389 | 1,850, 657 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 266 | 1, 886, 471 | 1,866, 878 | 618,469 | 19,588 | 1, 222, 602 | 1, 001, 244 | 25, 164 | 60,606 | 915, 474 |
| 10,000 and over. | 247 | 6,859, 267 | 6,515, 199 | 2, 552, 282 | 232, 177 | 3, 725, 731 | 3, 124, 682 | 94, 285 | 191, 094 | 2, 839, 303 |
| Total | 54, 002 | 17, 474, 685 | 17,084, 370 | 5, 901, 216 | 412, 626 | 10,494, 667 | 8,616,384 | 219, 340 | 545, 230 | 7, 851, 814 |

## INVESTED CAPITAL METHOD

| Under 25. | 14, 881 | 204, 696 | 217, 580 | 62, 031 | 5,859 | 75,097 | 59,562 | 1,612 | 3,879 | 54, 071 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 under 50 | 6,115 | 216, 403 | 222, 214 | 66, 672 | 7,801 | 116, 702 | 94,573 | 2,882 | 5,798 | 85, 893 |
| 50 under 100 | 4,319 | 303, 899 | 310, 289 | 86, 221 | 11, 218 | 190, 710 | 154,559 | 4,416 | 9,749 | 140, 39.1 |
| 100 under 250 | 3,349 | 527, 603 | 532, 341 | 137, 018 | 16, 801 | 361, 142 | 289, 629 | 8,002 | 18,244 | 263, 381 |
| 250 under 500 | 1,482 | 513,473 | 515, 228 | 124, 124 | 13,696 | 370, 267 | 291,438 | 7,661 | 17,672 | 266, 105 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 832 | 588, 137 | 592, 660 | 151, 932 | 14,853 | 421, 182 | 330, 361 | 8,944 | 19,248 | 302, 169 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 713 | 1,418,542 | 1,416,670 | 366, 204 | 35,008 | 1, 012, 699 | 802, 322 | 20,652 | 44, 401 | 737, 269 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 84 | 583,436 | 581, 065 | 142,003 | 11, 235 | 424, 734 | 334, 220 | 10,594 | 15,855 | 307, 770 |
| 10,000 and ov | 89 | 2,625, 190 | 2, 409, 317 | 796, 036 | 198,895 | 1, 413, 851 | 1,180, 570 | 54, 739 | 53, 502 | 1,072,330 |
| Total | 31, 864 | 6,981, 379 | 6, 797, 364 | 1,932, 241 | 315,367 | 4, 385, 384 | 3, 537, 234 | 119,490 | 188,348 | 3,229,386 |

For footnotes, see p. 317.
Table 11.-Taxable corporation excess profits tax returns, 1942, ${ }^{1}$ by normal-tax net income classes, and by method of credit computation: Number of income, excess profits tax, credit for debt retirement, and post-war refund-Continued
[Normal-tax net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Normal-tax net income classes: (before certain credits) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of re- } \\ & \text { turns } \end{aligned}$ | Normal-tax net income ${ }^{3}$ (bcfore certain credits) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Excess } \\ & \text { profits } \\ & \text { net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | Excess profits credit ${ }^{5}$ | Unused excess profits credit adjustment ${ }^{6}$ | Adjusted excess profits net income ${ }^{2}$ | Excess profits tax before credits ${ }^{7}$ | Credit for debt retirement ${ }^{3}$ | Post-war refund ${ }^{9}$ | Excess profits tax less credit for debt retirement and post-war refund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 5, 275 | 82, 152 | 83,065 | 31,045 | 1,467 | 24,345 | 19,637 | 406 | 1,388 | 17,843 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4,516 | 160, 626 | 160, 708 | 67, 770 | 3,356 | 68,293 | 55, 433 | 1,261 | 3,867 | 50, 305 |
| 3,896 | 278,416 | 275, 719 | 107, 758 | 4,914 | 143, 363 | 118,327 | 2,568 | 8,331 | 107, 428 |
| 3,898 | 617, 33 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 611, 905 | 232, 853 | 8,771 | 353, 193 | 290,093 | 6,089 | 20,346 | 263, 658 |
| 1,942 | 68.4, 265 | 677,865 | 231, 072 | 8,293 | 428, 807 | 349,983 | 6, 953 | 24, 239 | 318,791 |
| 1, 128 | 784,993 | 775, 852 | 262, 242 | 6, 664 | 502,903 | 413, 484 | 8, 765 | 28, 379 | 376, 339 |
| 1, 143 | 2,348, 409 | 2,310, 195 | 803, 524 | 22,159 | - 1,478,632 | 1,221,058 | 19,683 | 87,987 | 1, 113, 388 |
| 182 | 1,303, 035 | 1,285, 813 | 476,466 | 8,353 | 797, 868 | 667,024 | 14,570 | 44,751 | 607,703 |
| 158 | 4,231,077 | 4, 105, 883 | 1,756, 246 | 33, 283 | 2,311,880 | 1,944, 112 | 39,547 | 137, 592 | 1,766, 973 |
| 22, 138 | 10,493,306 | 10,287,006 | 3, 968,975 | 97, 259 | 6, 109,284 | 5,079,150 | 99, 841 | 356, 882 | 4,622, 428 |
| INCOME METHOD-GENERAL AVERAGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



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250 under 500
500 under 1,000
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5,000 under 10,000
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Total.

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| 25 under 50 |
| 50 under 100 |
| 100 under 250 |
| 250 under 500 |
| 500 under 1,000 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 |
| 10,000 and 0 cer |
| Total |

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| Under 25 | 2,621 | 41,997 | 42, 411 | 16,375 | 696 | 12,350 | 9, 849 | 198 | 700 | 8,952 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 under 50 |  |  |  | 36,915 ${ }_{57} 729$ |  | ${ }_{70,468}$ | ${ }_{57}{ }^{28}, 129$ | 1,304 | 3,811 |  |
| 50 under 100 | 1,995 | - | - | 121, 080 | 5,320 | 173,855 | 141,022 | 3,096 | ${ }_{9}$, 323 | 128, 602 |
| 100 under 250. | 940 | 332, 169 | 328,130 | 123,737 | 4,353 | 195,314 | 155,897 | 3,199 | 10,019 | 142,679 |
| 250 under 500 | 567 | 394,426 | 389, 825 | 142, 709 | 3,071 | 241,260 | 194,732 | 4,158 | 12,585 | 177,989 |
| 500 under 1,000- | 527 | 1,076,979 | 1,057, 202 | 404, 893 | 14,298 | 635, 431 | 510,640 | 7,013 | 34, 800 | 468, 827 |
| 1,000 under 5,00000 | ${ }_{84}$ |  | 1,583,583 | 233, 866 | 6, 763 | 340, 513 | 277, 721 | 6,439 | 16,587 | 254, 695 |
| 10,000 and over. | 74 | 1,764, 565 | 1,708, 179 | 671,496 | 22, 544 | 1,010,083 | 823, 672 | 16,286 | 50, 219 | 757, 167 |
| Tota | 11,245 | 4, 742, 961 | 4, 646, 813 | 1, 808, 400 | 61,551 | 2, 714, 534 | 2, 199, 085 | 42, 326 | 139, 967 | 2,016,792 |

For footnotes, see p. 317.
Table 12.-Taxable consolidated ${ }^{10}$ excess profits tax returns, 1942,1 by adjusted excess profits net income classes and by method of credit computation: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, normal-tax net income, excess profits net income, excess profits credit, unused excess profits credit adjustment, adjusted excess profits net income, excess profits tax, credit for debt retirement, and post-ưar refund

| Adjusted excess profits net income classes ${ }^{2}$ | Number of consolidated excess profits tax returns | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of sub- } \\ \text { sidiaries } \end{gathered}$ | Normaltax net income ${ }^{3}$ (before certain eredits) | Excess profits net income ${ }^{4}$ | Excess profits credit ${ }^{5}$ | Unused <br> excess <br> profits <br> credit <br> ment ${ }^{6}$ | Adjusted excess profits net income ${ }^{2}$ | Excess profits tax before credits ${ }^{7}$ | Credit for debt retirement | Post-war refund ${ }^{9}$ | Excess profits tax less eredit for debt retirement and postwar refund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Under 25 | 60 | 105 | 9, 729 | 6,233 | 4,968 | 418 | 548 | 465 | 20 |  | 41 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 under 50 | 22 | 31 | 3,489 | 3,307 | 2,108 | 312 | 777 | 657 | 28 | 32 | 597 |
| 50 under 100 | 20 | 85 | 14,521 | 14,233 | 11,334 | 1,348 | 1,451 | 1,220 | 52 | 61 | 1,106 |
| 100 under 250 | 45 | 125 | 26, 711 | 27,743 | 16, 041 | 3,748 | 7,513 | 6,256 | 288 | 277 | 5,691 |
| 250 under 500 | 30 | 69 | 23,621 | 21, 858 | 9, 894 | 714 | 11,099 | 8,783 | 246 | 492 | 8,045 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 26 | 179 | 60,004 | 55, 666 | 37, 160 | 626 | 17, 749 | 14,793 | 449 | 833 | 13,510 |
| 1,000 under 2,000 | 15 | 87 | 36, 189 | 34,781 | 14, 245 | 788 | 19,672 | 16,980 | 1,044 | 560 | 15,376 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 | 14 | 178 | 87,238 | 81, 864 | 44,914 | 2,649 | 34, 231 | 28, 874 | 1,216 | 1,234 | 26,424 |
| 3,000 under 4,000 | 11 | 175 | 135,032 | 129, 929 | 77,937 | 14,268 | 37,668 | 32, 159 | 1,177 | 1, 597 | 20, 385 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 | 6 | 218 | 86, 461 | 86,733 | 47, 623 | 12, 210 | 26, 870 | 22,617 | 1,209 | ${ }_{767}$ | 20, 641 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 8 | 242 | 213, 668 | 219,003 | 78, 879 | 77,695 | 62,389 | 52, 238 | 2,584 | 1, 802 | 47, 851 |
| 10,000 under 15,000 | 5 | 92 | 118, 136 | 114,738 | 42, 007 | 13,000 | 58, 805 | 51,617 | 2,658 | 2,504 | 46, 456 |
| 15,000 under 20.000 | 1 | 26 | 30,785 | 31,655 | 11,759 |  | 19,891 | 17,902 |  | 1,790 | 16, 112 |
| 20,000 uuder 25,000 | 3 | 54 | 113,185 | 116,415 | 48,003 |  | 68,397 | 61, 334 | 4,228 | 784 | 56, 323 |
| 25,000 and over | 3 | 142 | 484,918 | 484,528 | 193,257 |  | 291,256 | 254, 845 | 8,729 | 16,755 | 229,360 |
| Total | 269 | 1,798 | 1,443,689 | 1,428,685 | 641, 030 | 127, 777 | 658,317 | 570, 738 | 23, 928 | 29,513 | 517, 297 |



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For footnotes，see p． 317.
Table 12.-Taxable consolidated ${ }^{10}$ excess profits tax returns, 1942,1 by adjusted excess profits net income classes and by method of credit computation: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, normallax net income, excess profts nel income, excess profis credi, [Adjusted excess profits net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted excess profits net income classes ${ }^{2}$ | Number of consolidated excess profits tax returns | Number of subsidiaries ${ }^{11}$ | Normaltax net income ${ }^{3}$ (before certain credits) | Excess profits net income ${ }^{4}$ | Excess profits credit ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | Unused excess profits credit asjustment ${ }^{6}$ | Adjusted excess profits net income ${ }^{2}$ | Excess profits tax before credits ${ }^{7}$ | Credit for debt retirement ${ }^{8}$ | Post-war refund ${ }^{9}$ | Excess profits tax less credit for debt retirement and postwar refund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



[^39] excess profits tax，credit for debt retirement，and post－uar refund
［Normal－tax net income classes and money figures in thousands of

| Normal－tax net income classes ${ }^{3}$ （before certain credits） | Number of con－ solidated excess profits tax returns | Number of sub－ sidiaries ${ }^{11}$ | Normal－ tax net income ${ }^{3}$ （before certain credits） | Excess profits net income | Excess profits credit ${ }^{5}$ | Unused excess profits credit adjust－ ment ${ }^{6}$ | Adjusted cxcess profits net income ${ }^{2}$ | Excess profits tax before credits ${ }^{7}$ | Credit for debt retire－ ment ${ }^{8}$ | Post－war refund ${ }^{9}$ | Excess profits tax less credit for debt rctirement and post－ war refund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AGGREGATE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 25. | 20 | 23 | 294 | 2，486 | 1，520 | 82 | 569 | 312 | 3 | 4 | 305 |
| 25 under 50 | 23 | 22 | 856 | 877 | 427 | 53 | 282 | 239 | 10 | 12 | 217 |
| 50 under 100. | 19 | 23 | 1，364 | 1，385 | 750 | 40 | 500 | 431 | 17 | 23 | 391 |
| 100 under 250 | 37 | 92 | 6，161 | 6，284 | 3，003 | 350 | 2，745 | 2． 274 | 128 | 83 | 2，064 |
| 250 under 500 | 35 | 86 | 12，720 | 12，618 | 5，560 | 613 | 6， 270 | 4，924 | 207 | 204 | 4，512 |
| 500 under 1，000 | 35 | 86 | 26， 486 | 26， 185 | 12， 255 | 1，490 | 12， 265 | 9，764 | 268 | 558 | 8，937 |
| 1，000 under 5,000 | 54 | 278 | 126，946 | 117，588 | 55， 755 | 4，987 | 56，682 | 48，126 | 2， 102 | 2， 179 | 43， 844 |
| 5,000 under 10，000 | 18 | 291 | 136， 272 | 129， 472 | 63， 520 | 5，463 | 60， 291 | 49， 292 | 1， 920 | 1，943 | 45， 428 |
| 10，000 and over．－ | 28 | 897 | 1，132，591 | 1，131，792 | 498， 241 | 114，699 | 518， 712 | 455， 378 | 19，272 | 24， 507 | 411，599 |
| Total | 269 | 1，798 | 1，443，689 | 1，428，685 | 641， 030 | 127， 777 | 658， 317 | 570，738 | 23， 928 | 29，513 | 517， 297 |

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Table 13.-Taxable consolidated ${ }^{10}$ excess profits tax returns, $1942,{ }^{1}$ by normal-tax net income classes and by method of credit computation: Number stment
For footnotes, see p. 317.
Table 14．－Taxable corporation excess profits tax returns，1942，with unused excess profits credit udjustment by adjusted excess profits net income classes and by method of credit computation：Number of returns，normal－tax net income，excess profis net income，excess profits credit，unused excess profits credit adjustment，adjusted excess profits net income，excess profits tax，credit for debt retirement，and post－uar refund
［Adjusted excess profits net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

| Adjusted excess profits net income classes ${ }^{2}$ | Number of re－ tums | Normal－tax net income ${ }^{3}$ （before cer－ tain credits） | Excess profits net income ${ }^{4}$ | Excess profits credit ${ }^{5}$ | Unused excess profits credit adjust． ment | Adjusted excess profits net income ${ }^{2}$ | Excess profits tax before credits ${ }^{7}$ | Credit for debt retire－ ment ${ }^{8}$ | Post－war refund ${ }^{9}$ | Excess profits tax less credit for debt retirement and post－war refund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AGGREGATE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| nder 25. | 5，779 | 204， 374 | 203， 602 | 91， 065 | 40， 828 | 42， 813 | 35，643 | 1，198 | 2，133 | 32，311 |
| under 50. | 962 | 97， 291 | 96，543 | 40， 166 | 17， 554 | 34，012 | 28，085 | 1，066 | 1，517 | 25， 502 |
| under 100 | 665 | 123，190 | 123， 474 | 52， 808 | 20，969 | 46，372 | 38，031 | 1，346 | 2，191 | 34， 494 |
| under 250 | 506 | 227， 362 | 227， 342 | 94，393 | 51，857 | 78，563 | 64，656 | 2，159 | 3， 848 | 58， 649 |
| 0 under 500. | 207 | 145， 130 | 142， 322 | 51,161 | 19，041 | 71，085 | 57， 786 | 1，988 | 3，083 | 52，715 |
| under 1，000． | 89 | 170，253 | 167， 190 | 80，420 | 25， 263 | 61，061 | 50， 475 | 1，709 | 2，814 | 45， 952 |
| 000 under 2,000 | 47 | 127， 988 | 129， 360 | 47， 772 | 14，657 | 66， 696 | 53， 869 | 1，708 | 2，940 | 49， 222 |
| 000 under 3，000． | 24 | 186， 182 | 171， 958 | 93， 064 | 20，457 | 58， 317 | 46， 851 | 1，725 | 2， 207 | 42，919 |
| ，00 under 4，000 | 13 | 134， 773 | 136， 754 | 74， 707 | 17，250 | 44，731 | 37， 097 | 1，221 | 2，067 | 33， 809 |
| ，00 under 5，000 | 7 | 80， 709 | 81，030 | 33， 339 | 15，609 | 32，047 | 24，428 | 634 | 699 | 23， 096 |
| 00 under 10，000 | 13 | 345， 757 | 347， 251 | 127， 671 | 130， 924 | 88， 591 | 71， 472 | 2，318 | 3， 421 | 65， 733 |
| ，000 under 15，000 | 5 | 150，736 | 144， 873 | 51， 612 | 34， 901 | 58，335 | 52， 501 | 3，240 | 2，009 | 47， 253 |
| ，000 under 20，000 | 1 | 27， 071 | 28，869 | 8，520 | 698 | 19，646 | 17，682 | 1，768 |  | 15， 914 |
| ，000 und orer | 1 | 218， 636 | 84,375 | 33,345 | 2，617 | 49，408 | 43，568 | 2，507 | 1，849 | 39， 211 |
| Total． | 8，319 | 2，239， 453 | 2，08£， 943 | 880， 043 | 412，626 | 750，679 | 622， 145 | 24，587 | 30， 780 | 566， 778 |

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INCOME METHOD-AGGREGATE

| Under 25 | 1,615 | 77,316 | 73, 578 | 39,838 | 12,846 | 12,820 | 10,683 | 288 | 695 | 9,700 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 under 50 | ${ }_{341}$ | 41,298 | 40, 494 | 19,990 | 6,651 | 12, 149 | 10, 230 | 339 | 611 | 9, 280 |
| 50 under 100 | 253 | 51,439 | 50,019 | 24,508 | 6,739 | 17,507 | 14, 460 | 484 | 859 | 13, 116 |
| 100 under 250 | 180 | 77, 229 | 76, 261 | 35,011 | 12,430 | 27,921 | 23, 462 | 749 | 1,445 | 21,268 |
| 250 under 500 | 77 | 60, 774 | 58,694 | 24, 808 | 7,085 | 26,417 | 21, 447 | 713 | 1,125 | 19,608 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 34 | 71, 823 | 70,492 | 34,692 | 12,965 | 22, 665 | 19, 109 | 443 | 1,243 | 17,423 |
| 1,000 under 2,000 | 15 | 54, 774 | 49, 764 | 23,968 | 5, 179 | 20,542 | 18,356 | 514 | 1,316 | 16,526 |
| 2,000 under 3,000. | 11 | 87, 228 | 86,047 | 46, 121 | 12,555 | 27,317 | 21,309 | 677 | 986 | 19,646 |
| 3,000 under 4,000 | 4 | 71,602 | 70, 770 | 51,043 | 6,038 | 13,669 | 12,302 | 345 | 885 | 11, 072 |
| 4,000 under 5,000. | 2 | 26,936 | 26, 924 | 13, 004 | 4,553 | 9,357 | 7,178 |  | 425 | 6,753 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 4 | 52, 133 | 51, 229 | 20, 888 | 7,571 | 22,750 | 18,993 |  | 1,572 | 17,421 |
| 10,000 under 15,000. | 1 | 27, 507 | 26, 290 | 12,327 | 2, 650 | 11, 309 | 10,178 |  | 1,016 | 9,161 |
| 15,000 under 20,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20,000 under 25,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2, 537 | 700, 059 | 680,563 | 346, 197 | 97, 259 | 224,422 | 187, 704 | 4,552 | 12, 177 | 170, 975 |
| INCOME METHOD-GENERAL AVERAGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 25 | 733 | 28,515 | 27,758 | 13, 847 | 4, 717 | 5, 529 | 4,635 | 116 | 315 |  |
| 25 under 50 | 162 | 17,583 | 17,395 | 8,065 | 2, 788 | 5,733 | 4, 869 | 149 | 306 | 4, 414 |
| 50 under 100 | 125 | 25,382 | 24,654 | 12, 138 | 3,307 | 8,584 | 7, 237 | 260 | 420 | 6, 558 |
| 100 under 250 | 74 | 33, 220 | 32,964 | 15, 247 | 5,635 | 11,712 | 9, 844 | 366 | 606 | 8,872 |
| 250 under 500 | 38 | 27, 712 | 26, 718 | 10,642 | 3, 038 | 12,848 | 10, 426 | 421 | 475 | 9, 530 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 16 | 26, 126 | 25,648 | 12,365 | 2, 744 | 10, 459 | 9,086 | 226 | 647 | 8, 213 |
| 1,000 under 2,000 | 4 | 12, 792 | 12, 703 | 5,983 | 944 | 5,756 | 5,049 | 148 | 357 | t,544 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 | 5 | 24, 513 | 23, 756 | 10, 010 | 1,950 | 11, 771 | 9, 251 | 402 | 524 | 8,325 |
| 3,000 under 4,000. | 3 | 34, 166 | 33,361 | 17,799 | 5, 161 | 10,385 | 9,347 | 50 | 885 | 8, 412 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 | 1 | 14,418 23 | 14,409 23 | 7,600 7,956 | 1,963 3,461 | 4,841 12,199 | 3,113 9,497 |  | 25 622 | 3,088 8,875 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5,000 \text { under } 10,000 \\ & 10,000 \text { under } 15,000 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 23,888 | 23,626 | 7,956 | 3,461 | 12, 199 |  |  |  | 8,875 |
| 15,000 under 20,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20,000 under 25,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25,000 and over --. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,163 | 268,315 | 262, 993 | 121,653 | 35, 708 | 99, 817 | 82,354 | 2,137 | 5,183 | 75,034 |

Table 14.-Taxable corporation excess profits tax returns, 1942,1 with unused excess profits credit adjustment by adjusted excess profits net income classes and by method of credit computation: Number of returns, normal-tax net income, excess profits net income, excess profits credit, unused cxcess profits credit adjustment, adjusted excess profits net income, excess profits tax, credit for debt retirement, and post-war refund-Continued
[Adjusted excess profits net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted excess profits net income classes ${ }^{2}$ | Number of returns | Normal-tax net income ${ }^{3}$ (before certain credits) | Excess profits net income ${ }^{4}$ | Excess profits credit | Unused excess profits credit adjustmeut ${ }^{\circ}$ | Adjusted excess profits net income ${ }^{2}$ | Excess profits tax before credits ${ }^{7}$ | Credit for debt retire- | Post-war refund ${ }^{9}$ | Excess profits tax less eredit for debt retirement and post-war refund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INCOME METHOD-INCREASED EARNINGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 25. | 882 | 48,802 | 45, 820 | 25, 991 | 8,128 | 7, 291 | 6,048 | 172 | 380 | 5,497 |
| 25 under 50 | 179 | 23,715 | 23,099 | 11, 925 | 3,863 | 6,416 | 5,361 | 190 | 305 | 4, 865 |
| 50 under 100 | 128 | 26,057 | 25,365 | 12,370 | 3,432 | 8, 923 | 7,223 | 225 | 439 | 6,559 |
| 100 under 250 | 106 | 44,009 | 43, 297 | 19,763 | 6, 794 | 16, 209 | 13, 618 | 383 | 839 | 12,396 |
| 250 under 500 | 39 | 33, 062 | 31, 976 | 14, 166 | 4,047 | 13,569 | 11,020 | 293 | 650 | 10, 078 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 18 | 45, 697 | 44, 844 | 22,327 | 10, 220 | 12, 206 | 10, 022 | 217 | 595 | 9, 210 |
| 1,000 under 2,000 | 11 | 41,982 | 37,061 | 17,985 | 4, 235 | 14,785 | 13,307 | 366 | 959 | 11,982 |
| 2,000 under 3,000. | 6 | 62, 715 | 62, 291 | 36, 110 | 10,605 | 15, 546 | 12,058 | 275 | 462 | 11,321 |
| 3,000 under 4,000. | 1 | 37, 437 | 37, 409 | 33, 244 | 876 | 3,234 | 2,956 | 296 |  | 2,660 |
| 4,000 under 5,000- | 1 | 12, 518 | 12, 516 | 5, 404 | 2,590 | 4, 516 | 4,065 |  | 399 | 3,665 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 10,000 under 15,000 | 2 | 28, 245 | 27,603 26,290 | 12, 932 | 4,110 | 10,551 | 9,496 10 |  | 950 1.016 | 8,546 |
| 10,0C0 under 15,000 <br> 15,000 under 20.000 | 1 | 27,507 | 26, 290 | 12, 327 | 2,650 | 11,309 | 10,178 |  | 1,016 | 9,161 |
| 20,000 under 25,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25,000 and over-... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 1,374 | 431, 745 | 417,570 | 224, 544 | 61,551 | 124,605 | 105,350 | 2,415 | 6,995 | 95,941 |

[^40]
## Footnotes for basic tables 10-14, pages 302-316

## (Facsimiles of Forms 1120 and 1121, to which references are made, appear on pages 384 and 407)

${ }^{1}$ Tables 10-14 are limited to taxable returns only. Returns included are those for the calondar year 1942, for a fiscal year ending within the period July 1942 through June 1943, and for a part year with the greater part of the accounting period in 1942. As explained on p. 45, the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returns are filed.
${ }^{2}$ The adjusted excess profits net income is the excess profits net income less the sum of the specifie exemption, excess profits credit, and unused excess profits eredit adjustment. For part year returns, the amounts of excess profits net income and adjusted excess profits net income have been placed on an annual basis. As explained on D. 45, the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returas are filed.
${ }^{3}$ "Normal-tax net income," as tabulated in tables 10-14, is obtained from item 1, page 2, Form 1121, which is the amount before the allowance of credit for income suhject to excess profits tax and before allowance of dividends received credit. This amount is also used as a basis for the classification by normaltax net income classes shown in tables 11 and 13.

- The excess profits net ineome for returns with taxable year heginning in 1942 is obtained from the normal-tax net income (computed without allowance of credit for income subject to excess profits tax and without allowance of dividends received credit) by making certain adjustments, consisting principally of the exclusion of long-term capital gains and losses, and dividends received from domestic corporations.
- The excess profits credit is a deduction from the excess profits net income and is computed by one or the other of the following methods:
(a) Under section 713 of the Internal Revenue Code the credit is based on income, and for domestic corporations is 95 percent of the average base period net income plus 8 percent of net capital addition or minus 6 percent of net eapital reduction; for foreign corporations this credit is 95 pereent of the average base period net income. The method based on income permits the base period net income to be determined on either a general average basis or on increased earnings in the last half of the base period. The base period, in general, berins after December 31, 1935, and ends with the close of the last taxable year beginning before January 1, 1940.
(b) Under section 714 the credit is based on invested capital, and, for returns with taxable year beginning in 1942, the percentage of invested capital allowed as a credit is as follows: First $\$ 5,000,000,8$ percent; next $\$ 5,000,000,7$ percent; next $\$ 190,000,000$, 6 percent; and over $\$ 200,000,000,5$ percent.
- The unused excess profits credit adjustment tabulated herein is the amount originally reported, generally consisting only of the carry-over of unused excess profits credit from the two preceding taxable years, and does not take into account whatever
revisions may subsequently be made as the result of any carry-back of unused excess profits credit from the two succeeding tax years.
${ }^{7}$ The excess profits tax shown is that imposed by Section 710 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended and should not be confused with the declared value exeess-profits tax. "Exeess profits tax before credits" is taken directly from item 18(c). p.1, Form 1121, and shows the amount of tax before the eredit for debt retirement and the net post-war refund. The excess profits tax is after the amount deferred under section 710(a)(5) (relating to abnormalities under section 722) as well as adjustments under other relief provisions. As explained on p. 45, the amounts shown are prior to certain adjustments which are made after the returns are filed.
${ }^{8}$ At the election of the taxpayer a credit for debt retirement is allowed against the excess profits tax. This credit is limited to the lesser of (1) 10 percent of the excess profits tax or (2) 40 percent of the net debt reduction for the year. To measure the net deht reduction, the indebtedness as of the close of the taxable year is compared with the indebtedness as of September 1, 1942, or, if the taxable year begins after this date, with the smallest amount of indebtedness during the period beginning September 1, 1942, and ending with the close of the preceding taxable year. No eredit for debt retirement is allowed for taxable years bpginning in 1941 or ending before September 1, 1942.
9 For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, and not heginning after December 31, 1943, the law provides a nost-war refund of an amount equal to 10 percent of the excess profits tax for each taxable year. The amount due thie taxpayer is represented by non-interest-bearing nonnegotiable bonds redeemable after Jannary 1, 1946. However, part or all of such credit is available eurrently for debt retirement as explained in note 8.
No post-war refund applies if the taxable year began in 1941 and ended hefore July 1, 1942. For taxable years beginning in 1941 and ending after June 30, 1942, the Revenue Aet of 1943 limits the post-war refund to 10 percent of the prorated tentative tax computed under the 1942 law. However, the returns for such taxable years were filed previous to February 29, 1944, the date of the 1943 Act, and accordingly show post-war refunds computed under the Revenve Act of 1942 which, in such cases, provided for a smaller amount of refund, equal to 10 percent of the excess of the actual tax liability over the tentative tax computed under the 1941 law.
${ }^{10}$ For types of corporations permitted to file a consolidated return and criterion of affiliation, see "Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws," page 375.
${ }^{11}$ Number of subsidiaries consists of the number of affiliated corporations which together with the common parent corporation file a consolidated excess profits tax return.
${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 500$.


## HISTORICAL DATA

## BASIC TABLES

## CORPORATION INCOME AND PROFITS TAX RETURNS

15. General summary, 1909-1942.
16. Net income and deficit classes, 1933-1942.
17. Receipts and deductions, 1926-1942.
18. Assets and liabilities in aggregate, 1926-1942.
19. Total assets and net income by total assets classes, 1931-1942.
20. Industrial groups, 1933-1942.
21. States and Territories, 1933-1942.
22. Consolidated income tax returns, general summary, 1928-1942.

## TAXABLE EXCESS PROFITS TAX RETURNS

23. General summary, 1940-1942.
24. Consolidated excess profits tax returns, general summary, 1940-1942.
Table 15．－Corporation returns，1909－1942，1 with net income and with no net income：Number of returns，gross income，net income or deficit，and
［Money figures in thousands of dollars］

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TABLE 16.-Corporation returns, 1933-1942, 11 by net income and deficit classes: Number of returns, net income, and deficit

| Net income classes ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returus } \end{aligned}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns }{ }^{12} \end{aligned}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Net income ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number of } \\ & \text { returns }{ }^{12} \end{aligned}$ | Net income ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1933 |  | 1934 |  | 1935 |  | 1936 |  | 1937 |  |
| Under 1. | 52, 278 | 16,350 | 63,212 | 20,568 | 68,392 | 22,692 | 74,728 | 26, 107 | 71, 111 | 25,430 |
| 1 under 2 | 13, 558 | 19,559 | 17, 836 | 25, 680 | 19,971 | 28, 820 | 24,526 | 35, 946 | 23, 079 | 34,066 |
| 2 under 3 | 7,481 | 18,359 | 10,245 | 25, 224 | 11,995 | 29, 517 | 14,767 | 36,666 | 14,340 | 35,762 |
| 3 under 4 | 4,783 | 16,574 | 6, 752 | 23,469 | 7,820 | 27,097 | 10,320 | 36, 164 | 9, 707 | 34, 104 |
| 4 under 5 | 3,404 | 15, 239 | 4,986 | 22, 293 | 5,715 | 25, 552 | 7,864 | 35,554 | 7,407 | 33, 570 |
| 5 under 10 | 9,143 | 65,189 | 13,191 | 93, 873 | 16, 014 | 114, 074 | 21,438 | 153, 967 | 20,538 | 148, 166 |
| 10 under 15 | 4,324 | 52,927 | 6,553 | 80,315 | 7,818 | 95, 733 | 10,939 | 135, 344 | 10, 000 | 124, 070 |
| 15 under 20 | 2, 634 | 45,569 | 3,907 | 67,669 | 4,653 | 80, 779 | 6,302 | 110, 144 | 6,161 | 108, 043 |
| 20 under 25 | 1, 8.36 | 41, 121 | 2, 697 | 60,512 | 3, 280 | 73,201 | 4,447 | 100, 175 | 4,180 | 94, 649 |
| 25 under 50 | 4,245 | 149,596 | 6,425 | 226, 765 | 7,547 | 266, 200 | 10,959 | 388, 413 | 9, 879 | 350, 281 |
| 50 under 100 | 2,638 | 184, 378 | 4,050 | 256, 729 | 4,840 | 339, 824 | 7,046 | 498, 682 | 6,377 | 449, 228 |
| 100 under 250 | 1,958 | 302, 402 | 2,946 | 457, 010 | 3,445 | 532, 638 | 5, 233 | 813, 120 | 4,878 | 756, 190 |
| 250 under 500 | 732 | 254,594 | 1,092 | 379, 419 | 1,335 | 464,391 | 2,107 | 738, 865 | 1,938 | 682, 812 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 385 | 263, 853 | 599 | 424,504 | 696 | 485, 093 | 1,197 | 835, 894 | 1,139 | 796, 055 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 318 | 636,480 | 483 | 943, 413 | 597 | 1, 166, 034 | 1,058 | 2, 145, 833 | 1, 046 | 2, 135, 892 |
| 5,000 and over. | 69 | 903, 781 | 97 | 1, 137, 754 | 113 | 1, 413, 077 | 230 | 3,387, 367 | 248 | 3, 826, 519 |
| Total | 109,786 | 2,985, 972 | 145, 101 | 4,275, 197 | 164, 231 | 5, 164, 723 | 203, 161 | 9,478, 241 | 192, 028 | 9,634, 837 |
|  | 1938 |  | 1939 |  | 1940 |  | 1941 |  | $1942{ }^{10} 61$ |  |
| Under 1 | 66, 024 | 22,594 | 73,604 | 25,650 | 77, 282 | 27,791 | 79, 203 | 30,008 | 70, 220 | 27,628 |
| 1 under 2 | 21,016 | 30, 479 | 24,310 | 35, 177 | 27, 056 | 39, 206 | 30, 556 | 44,383 | 30, 264 | 44, 107 |
| 2 under 3 | 12,940 | 31, 870 | 14,983 | 36,901 | 16,615 | 40,944 | 19, 711 | 48,646 | 20,113 | 49,734 |
| 3 under 4 | 8,943 | 31,062 | 10, 404 | 36,105 | 11,955 | 41, 521 | 14,472 | 50, 370 | 15,482 | 53, 886 |
| 4 under 5 | 6,779 | 30,410 | 7,974 | 35,759 | 9,803 | 44, 047 | 12, 927 | 58,227 | 14, 016 | 63, 230 |
| 5 under 10 | 17,702 | 126, 457 | 21, 701 | 155, 145 | 24,508 | 174, 912 | 31, 766 | 227, 782 | 35, 424 | 253, 671 |
| 10 under 15 | 8,573 | 105, 252 | 10,437 | 128, 035 | 11,950 | 146, 761 | 15, 777 | 193, 372 | 17, 163 | 210, 610 |
| 15 under 20 | 5,210 | 90,524 | 6,351 | 110,340 | 7,245 | 125, 475 | 9, 776 | 169, 790 | 10,523 | 182, 621 |
| 20 under 25 | 3,941 | 88, 488 | 5,269 | 118,469 | 5,703 | 128, 152 | 7,297 | 163, 599 | 7,455 | 167, 082 |
| 25 under 50 | 7,477 | 264, 367 | 9,391 | 331, 879 | 11, 058 | 388, 485 | 16,166 | 568, 522 | 17,465 | 615,433 |
| 50 under 100 | 4,740 | 332, 157 | 6,314 | 443, 564 | 7,355 | 515, 462 | 10,445 | 736, 059 | 12,040 | 850,463 |
| 100 under 250 | 3,477 | 538, 084 | 4,649 | 717,816 | 5,539 | 858, 466 | 8, 581 | 1,333, 121 | 9, 828 | 1, 539, 033 |
| 250 under 500 | 1,432 | 497, 886 | 1,885 | 661,577 | 2, 220 | 782,570 | 3,564 | 1, 250, 372 | 4,398 | 1,537,039 |
| 500 under 1,000. | - 756 | 529,955 | 1,046 | 729,305 | 1, 237 | -871,395 | 2,061 | 1,438,504 | 2,518 | $1,765,238$ |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 705 | 1, 445, 832 | 943 | 1,997, 062 | 1,166 | 2, 424, 760 | 1,853 | $3,845,024$ $7,953,314$ | 2,362 671 | $4,810,679$ $11,881,935$ |
| 5,000 and over | 169 | 2, 360,562 | 218 | 3, 263, 929 | 285 | 4,593, 277 | 473 | 7,953, 314 | 671 | 11, 881,935 |
| Total | 169,881 | $6,525,979$ | 199, 479 | 8,826, 713 | 220,977 | 11, 203, 224 | 264, 628 | 18,111, 095 | 269, 942 | 24, 052,358 |


| Deficit classes ${ }^{4}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{array}\right.$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } 12 \end{aligned}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } 12 \end{aligned}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Deficit * | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns }{ }^{12} \end{aligned}$ | Deficlt ${ }^{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1933 |  | 1934 |  | 1935 |  | 1936 |  | 1937 |  |
| Under 1 | 153, 615 | 50,836 | 161, 078 | 51,967 | 164, 179 | 51, 841 | 158, 701 | 48, 026 | 162, 530 | 48, 842 |
| 1 under 2 | 47, 221 | 68, 283 | 44,376 | 64, 010 | 43, 106 | 62, 247 | 36, 657 | 52, 756 | 38,953 | 55, 481 |
| 2 under 3. | 27,048 | 66,587 | 25, 061 | 61, 548 | 23, 492 | 57, 742 | 19, 342 | 47, 338 | 20, 305 | 49,504 41,887 |
| 3 under 4 | 17, 828 | 61,917 | 15, 708 | 54, 429 | 14,579 | 50, 578 | 11,634 | 40,301 35,147 | 12, 111 | 41,887 37 |
| 4 under 5. | 12,545 | 56,178 221,749 | 11,132 26,955 | 49, 1904 190 | 10,093 23,682 | 45, 217 166,531 | 18,064 | 126,569 | 8, 19,210 | 134,614 |
| 5 under 10 | - 13,279 | - 162,142 | 26, 955 11,208 | 137, 118 | 23, 9 | 117, 556 | 7,073 | 86, 156 | 7,675 | 93,358 |
| 10 under 15 under 20 | 13,279 7,322 | 126, 662 | 17,154 | 106,336 | 5,271 | 90, 821 | 3,781 | 65,485 | 3,902 | 67,335 |
| 20 under 25. | 4,759 | 106, 110 | 4, 019 | 89, 786 | 3,406 | 76, 081 | 2,392 | 53, 389 | 2, 479 | 55, 241 |
| 25 under 50 | 10,380 | 361, 666 | 8,915 | 311,044 | 7,369 | 255, 803 | 5, 021 | 174,769 | 5, 084 | 176,442 |
| 50 under 100 | 5, 629 | 391,925 | 4,942 | 344, 082 | 3,952 | 274, 521 | 2,615 | 180,523 | 2,759 | 190, 181 |
| 100 under 250 | 3,515 | 539, 333 | 3,160 | 489, 854 | 2,466 | 373, 603 | 1,613 500 | 242,989 | 1,544 | 160, 713 |
| 250 under 500 | 1, 222 | 423, 833 | 1, 002 | 347, 931 | 812 | 280, 113 | 200 | 173,554 159,977 | 242 | 169,930 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 641 514 | 443,104 $1,022,415$ | 542 396 | 382,472 833,724 | 429 356 | 293,646 711,673 | 232 186 | 159,977 385,179 | 242 187 | 169,930 372,665 |
| 1,000 $\mathbf{5 , 0 0 0}$ and over . | 116 | 1, 430, 599 | 55 | 666,612 | 54 | 560, 801 | 28 | 279,865 | 33 | 391, 076 |
| Total | 337, 056 | 5, 533, 3;39 | 324, 703 | 4, 181, 027 | 312,882 | 3, 468, 774 | 275, 696 | 2, 152, 024 | 285, 810 | 2, 280, 846 |
|  | 1938 |  | 1939 |  | 1940 |  | 1941 |  | 1942 |  |
| Under 1 | 160, 549 | 49, 950 | 154, 828 | 46, 148 | 146, 742 | 43, 090 | 124, 929 | 35, 275 | 105, 757 | 29, 888 |
| 1 under 2 | 41, 008 | 59, 157 | 36,396 | 52, 269 | 32,993 | 47, 283 | 25,451 | 36, 378 | 21,948 | 31, 406 |
| 2 under 3 | 22, 550 | 55, 374 | 18, 844 | 46, 238 | 17, 150 | 42, 074 | 12,678 | 31, 098 | 11, 107 | 27, 249 |
| 3 under 4 | 14,071 | 48,764 | 11,568 | 40, 106 | 10,475 | 36, 298 | 7,655 | 26,539 23,572 | 6,640 4,426 | $\begin{aligned} & 22,956 \\ & 19.799 \end{aligned}$ |
| 4 under 5 | 9, 877 | 44, 207 | 7,896 | 35, 284 | 7,039 | 31, 484 | 5,263 12,309 | 23,572 86,444 | 4,426 10,445 | 19, 7394 |
| 5 under 10 | 23,268 | 163, 462 | 18, 157 | 127, 588 | 16, 443 | 115, 442 | 12,309 |  | 10,440 3,910 | 47, 666 |
| 10 under 15 | 9,196 | 112, 242 | 7,038 | 85, 900 | 6, 601 3,503 | 80,490 60,633 | 4,792 | 58,502 45,308 | 2,075 | 35, 743 |
| 15 under 20 | 5, 067 | 87,589 70,846 | 3,794 | 65,507 51,125 | 3,503 2,153 | 60,633 48,203 | 2,622 | 45,308 34,983 | 1,328 | 29, 615 |
| 20 under 25 | 3, 6181 | 70,846 215,180 | 2,294 4,745 | 51,125 164,899 | 2,153 4,448 | 48,203 155,092 | 1,568 | 34,983 118,215 | 1, 2, 711 | 94,417 |
| 25 under 50 50 under 100 | 6,183 3,221 | 215,180 223,331 | 4, 2,423 | 164,794 | 4,448 | 157, 125 | 1,784 | 124, 124 | 1,277 | 88, 832 |
| 100 under 250 | 1,871 | 283, 893 | 1,386 | 212, 231 | 1,354 | 206, 130 | 1,122 | 170,599 | 703 | 108, 203 |
| 250 under 500 | 564 | 197, 979 | 382 | 130,525 | 454 | 154, 145 | 367 | 128, 296 | 228 | 79, 462 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 283 | 195, 121 | 187 | 129, 086 | 201 | 138,088 | 187 | 133, 223 | 96 | 65, 805 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 217 | 450, 646 | 167 | 346, 130 | 179 | 367, 625 | 146 30 | 301,601 424,396 | 64 8 | 119,826 |
| 5,000 and over . | 52 | 595, 357 | 33 | 392, 388 | 43 | 600,593 | 30 | 424,396 | 8 | 126, 836 |
| Total | 301, 148 | 2, 853, 098 | 270, 138 | 2,092,148 | 252,065 | 2, 283, 795 | 204, 278 | 1, 778, 553 | 172, 723 | 1,000,746 |

Table 17.-Corporation returns, 1926-1942:1 Composite data for returns compilcd receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, less total tax, and dividends paid by type of dividend
[Money figures in

|  |  | 1926 | 1927 | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Number of returns ${ }^{12}$ | 455,320 | 425,675 | 443,611 | 456, 021 | 463, 036 | 459, 704 |
| 2 | Receipts, taxable: Gross sales ${ }^{13}$ | 106, 206 | 106, 864 | 112, 436 | 118, 101 | 997,941 | 75,494 |
| 3 | Gross profit (1926-31) or gross receipts (1932-42) from operations. ${ }^{14}$ | 9,332 | 9,420 | 10,334 | 28,598 | 25, 267 | 21,945 |
| 4 | Interest on Government obligations ${ }^{15}$-.---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Interest not on Government obligations .--- | 3,712 | 3,989 | 4, 476 | 5,036 | 4,707 | 4,122 |
| 6 | Ients ${ }^{16}$ (1926-37); rents and royalties ${ }^{16}$ (1938-42). | (34) | (34) | ( ${ }^{4}$ ) | 2,391 | 2,480 | 2,251 |
| 7 | Net gain, sales of stocks, bonds, and other assets (1929-33); net capital gain ${ }^{17}$ (1934-42). | $\left({ }^{34}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{34}\right)$ | (34) | 1,315 | 646 | 299 |
| 8 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{18}$. Dividends from: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Domestic corporations ${ }^{19}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | Foreign corporations .-- - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Other receipts ${ }^{20}$--- | 21,373 | 22, 465 | ${ }^{9} 23,619$ | 2,587 | ${ }^{9} 2,450$ | $1,436$ |
| 12 | Reccipts, partially and wholly tax-exempt: l)ividends from domestic corporations ${ }^{19}$ Interest on Government obligations: | 1,506 | 1,658 | 1,917 | 2,593 | 2,571 | 1,969 |
| 13 | Subject to declared value excess-profits tax (1934-40) and surtax (19-11-42). ${ }^{21}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Subject to surtax only ${ }^{22}$--.............- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{23}$ | 500 | 501 | ${ }^{9} 523$ | 537 | ${ }^{9} 526$ | 542 |
| 16 | Total compiled receipts | 142, 629 | 144, 899 | ${ }^{9} 153,305$ | 161,158 | ${ }^{9} 136,588$ | 108, 057 |
| 17 | Derlutetions: Cost of goods sold ${ }^{25}$ | 82, 484 | 83, 487 | 87, 265 | 91, 076 | ${ }^{9} 76,190$ | 58, 774 |
| 18 | Cost of operations ${ }^{25}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | Compensation of officers ${ }^{26}$ | (36) | (36) | 3, 199 | 3,337 | 3,139 | 2,698 |
| 20 | Rent paid on business prope | (56) | (36) | $\left({ }^{36}\right)$ | (36) | (36) | $\left({ }^{36}\right.$ ) |
| 21 | Repairs ${ }^{27}$-----------........ | $(36)$ | ( ${ }^{36}$ ) | $\left({ }^{36}\right)$ | (36) | (36) | (56) |
| 22 | lad debts | (36) | 814 | 804 | 942 | 980 | 1,183 |
| 23 | Interest paid | 3,989 | 4,375 | 4,581 | 4,925 | 4,861 | 4,492 |
| 4 | Taxes paid ${ }^{28}$ | 1,878 | 2,014 | 2,203 | ${ }^{\circ} 2,252$ | 2,297 | 2,231 |
| 25 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{29}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | Depreciation---...-- | 3, 270 | 3, 346 | 3,597 | 3, 871 | 3,986 | 4,003 |
| 27 |  | 571 | 502 | 515 | 559 | 463 | 268 |
| 2 N | Net loss, sale of stocks, bonds, and other assets (1930-33); net capital loss (1934-39): net long-term capital loss (1940-41). ${ }^{30}$ | $\left({ }^{36}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{36}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{56}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{36}\right)$ | 936 | 1,702 |
| 29 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{18}$.-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | Other deductions ${ }^{31}$ - | 40,927 | 41,692 | ${ }^{9} 40,473$ | ${ }^{2} 42,327$ | ${ }^{9} 39,088$ | 33,484 |
| 31 | Total compiled deductio | 123, 119 | 136, 230 | ${ }^{9} 142,638$ | 149, 289 | ${ }^{9} 131,940$ | 108, 834 |
| 32 | Compiled net profit or net loss | 9,510 | 8, 669 | -10,667 | 11,870 | - 4,649 | 38777 |
| 33 | Net income or deficit ${ }^{432}$ | 7, 505 | 6,510 | 8, 227 | 8, 740 | 1,551 | ${ }^{38} 3,288$ |
| 34 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{33}$ | 236 | 214 | 301 | 392 | 158 | 136 |
| 35 | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | 1,230 | 1,131 | 1,184 | 1,193 | 712 | 399 |
| 36 | 1) eclared value excess-profits tax ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37 | Excess profits tax ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | Total tax | 1,230 | 1,131 | 1,184 | 1,193 | 712 | 399 |
| 39 | Compiled net profit less total tax. | 8,281 | 7,538 | 9,483 | 10,676 | 3, 937 | ${ }^{38} 1,176$ |
| 40 | Dividends paid:? <br> Cash and assets other than own stock | 5. 945 | ${ }^{9} 6,423$ | ${ }^{9} 7,083$ | ${ }^{9} 8,520$ | ${ }^{9} 8,184$ | 6,151 |
| 41 | Corporation's own stock.-....-......... | 758 | $\bigcirc 703$ | 550 | 1,289 | 414 | 164 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.
with net income and returns with no net income, showing number of returns, net income or deficit, net operating loss deduction, taxes, compiled net profit
millions of dollars]

| 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | $1942{ }^{10} 61$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 451, 884 | 446, 842 | 469, 804 | 477, 113 | 478, 857 | 477, 838 | 471,032 | 469,617 | 473, 042 | 468, 906 | 442, 665 | 1 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 57,777 \\ & 18,982 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74,309 \\ & 18,552 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85,332 \\ & 19,790 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100,586 \\ 22,886 \end{array}$ | 108,383 24,862 | 91, 195 | 101,576 22,290 | 114,642 24,483 | 151,325 29,379 | 173,375 35,282 | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ |
| 3,491 | 2,786 | 2,696 | 2, 566 | 2,543 | 2,601 | 2,420 | 2,444 | 2,496 | 38 2,565 | 230 2,475 | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ |
| 1,926 | 1,650 | 1,585 | 1,643 | 1,518 | 1,549 | 2,142 | 2,319 | 2,024 | 2,159 | 2,278 | 6 |
| 142 | 262 | 243 | 470 | 581 | 305 | 207 | 212 | 188 | 163 | 179 | 7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 95 | 115 | 178 | 184 | 131 | 8 |
|  | (3) | (34) | (34) | ${ }_{\text {(34) }}^{2.677}$ | 2, 682 209 | 1,791 312 | $\begin{array}{r}1,906 \\ \hline 250\end{array}$ | 2, 024 | 2,235 | 1,344 156 | 10 |
| 1,387 | 1,159 | 1,229 | 1,122 | 1,208 | 1,111 | 966 | 998 | 1,177 | 1,391 | 1,535 | 11 |
| 1,260 | 1,026 | 2,217 | 3, 014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |
|  |  | (35) | ${ }^{(35)}$ | 280 | 265 | 274 | 320 | 355 | 467 | 358 | 13 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63 | 39 | 14 |
| 554 | 592 | ${ }^{0} 659$ | 714 | 445 | 476 | 458 | 443 | 429 | 279 | 298 | 15 |
| 81,638 | 84, 234 | ${ }^{9} 101,490$ | 114,650 | 132, 723 | 142, 443 | 120, 454 | 132,878 | 148, 237 | 190, 432 | 217, 681 | 16 |
| $\bigcirc{ }^{2} 41,430$ | 43, 626 | 57, 458 | 66, 279 | 78,023 | 84, 168 | 70, 274 | 77, 272 | 86,739 | 113, 317 | 130, 303 | 17 |
|  | 9,420 | 8,670 | 9, 190 | 10.859 | 12, 231 | 9, 802 | 11, 128 | 12, 297 | 15, 141 | 15, 809 | 18 |
| 2,133 | 1,995 | 2,173 | 2,345 | 2,713 | 2, 809 | 2,591 | 2,697 | 2,950 | 3,472 | 3,691 | 19 |
| (36) $(38)$ | 1,422 | ${ }_{\text {(38) }} 1486$ | ${ }_{\text {1, }}^{1,542}$ | 1,530 | ${ }_{(26)}^{1,565}$ | ${ }_{\text {1 }}^{1,550}$ | 1,603 | 1,966 | 2, 082 | 2, 219 | 20 |
| (36) | ${ }^{(36)}$ | ${ }_{1}{ }^{(36)} 182$ | ${ }^{(36)} 965$ | ${ }^{(36)} 901$ | ${ }_{756}{ }^{(36)}$ | ${ }^{(36)}$ | 1,098 | 1,237 | 1,598 | 1,942 | 21 |
| 4,043 | 1,259 3,511 | 1,182 | 3,261 | 3,081 | 3, ${ }^{756}$ | 2, 871 | 2,797 | 2, 701 | - 736 | - 544 | ${ }_{23}^{22}$ |
| 2, 087 | 2,124 | 2,162 | 2,628 | 2,958 | 3,666 | 3, 765 | 3,995 | 4,317 | 5,025 | 5, 194 | 24 |
|  |  |  |  | 30 |  |  | 31 |  |  |  | 25 |
| 3,693 | 3,496 | 3,362 | 3,352 | 3,286 | 3, 342 | 3,352 | 3,443 | ${ }^{37} 3,528$ | ${ }^{37} 3,879$ | ${ }^{37} 4,325$ | 26 |
| 247 | 246 | 312 | 349 | 437 | 524 | 437 | 438 | 475 | 544 | 579 | 27 |
| 1,705 | 1,686 | 297 | 239 | 142 | 165 | 75 | 65 | 703 | 1,006 |  | 28 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 152 | 186 | 336 | 297 | 486 | 29 |
| ${ }^{9} 28,816$ | 16,390 | 17,996 | 19,076 | 20,991 | 22,352 | 20,748 | 20, 233 | 20,985 | 23, 979 | 23,642 | 30 |
| 85,467 | 85, 164 | 98, 520 | 109, 227 | 124, 952 | 134, 613 | 116, 323 | 125, 700 | 138, 889 | 173, 757 | 194, 292 | 31 |
| 38 3, 829 | ${ }^{38} 930$ | ${ }^{9}$ 2, 970 | 5,42 | 7,77 | 7,830 | 4, 131 | 7, 178 | 9,348 | 16,675 | 23, 389 | 32 |
| ${ }^{38} 5,644$ | ${ }^{38} 2,547$ | 94 | 1,696 | 7,326 | 7,354 | 3,673 | 6,735 | 8,919 | 16,333 | 23, 052 | 33 |
| 88 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 123 | 330 | 378 | 34 |
| ${ }^{9} 286$ | 416 7 | 588 | 710 25 | 1,170 22 | 1,233 43 | 854 6 | 1,216 16 | $\begin{array}{r}2,144 \\ 31 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text {, } 745 \\ 64 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4,338 67 | 35 36 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 374 | 3,359 | 7,852 | 37 |
| ${ }^{9} 286$ | 423 | 596 | 735 | 1,191 | 1,276 | 860 | 1,232 | 2,549 | 7,168 | 12, 256 | 38 |
| ${ }^{38} 4,115$ | ${ }^{38} 1,353$ | 2,374 | 4,688 | 6,580 | 6,554 | 3,271 | 5,946 | 6,800 | 9, 507 | 11, 132 | 39 |
| 3,886 | 3,127 | ${ }^{9} 4,859$ | 5,941 | 7, 379 | 7, 514 | 5,013 | 5,747 | 6, 089 | 6,701 | 5,607 | 40 |
| 143 | 102 | 215 | 136 | 345 | 189 | 85 | 90 | 140 | 179 | 73 | 41 |

Table 18.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1926-1942: 1 Composite data for recurrs with net income and returns with no net income, showing [Money figures in millions of dollars]



For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

Table 18.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1926-1942:1 Composite data for returns with net income and returns with no net income, showing number of returns, assets, liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, net operating loss deduction, taxes, compiled net profit less total tax, and dividends paid by type of dividend-Continued
[Money figures in millions of dollars]

|  |  | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 19421061 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 415, 205 | 415,654 | 416, 902 | 411,941 | 412, 759 | 413,716 | 407, 053 | 383, 534 |  |
|  | Assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Cash ${ }^{11}$ | 23, 664 | 26, 102 | 24,346 40,329 | 27, 973 | 34,054 39,451 | 41,423 42,864 | 41,629 49,255 | 46, 464 | 2 |
| 3 4 | Notes and accounts receivable (less reserve, except 1926) | 38,690 14,788 | 40,219 16,584 | 40,329 18,515 | 37,763 16,582 | 39,451 17,718 | 42,864 19,463 | 49,255 25,058 | 46, 2635 | 3 |
| 5 | Investments, Government obligations ${ }^{12}$ | 21,863 | 24,313 | 23,988 | 25,527 | 27,353 | 29, 570 | 36,548 | 61, 191 |  |
| 6 | Other investments----...-------------- | 90, 163 | 86, 208 | 85, 065 | 82, 701 | 81,155 | 80, 429 | 80, 354 | 70, 899 |  |
| 7 | Capital assets ${ }^{43}$ (less reserves) | 100, 480 | 97, 873 | 100, 320 | 99, 299 | 100, 226 | 100, 214 | 100,698 | 99, 772 | 7 |
| 8 | Other assets ${ }^{44}$---------------- | 13,501 | 11,882 | 10,794 | 10, 176 | 6,846 | 6,514 | 6,911 | 8,706 | 8 |
| 9 | Total assets ${ }^{45}$ | 303, 150 | 303, 180 | 303, 357 | 300,022 | 306, 801 | 320,478 | 340, 452 | 360,018 | 9 |
|  | Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | Notes and accounts payable ${ }^{40}$ | 25,332 | 25,580 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |
| 11 | Bonded debt and mortgages ${ }^{17}$ | 49,822 | 47,023 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |
| 12 | Accounts payable. |  |  | 14,748 | 13, 747 | 14,506 | 14,696 | 16,350 | 17,055 | 12 |
| 13 | Bonds, notes, and mortgages payable: Maturity less than 1 year | (46) | ( ${ }^{46}$ ) | 10,373 | 8,104 | 8, 027 | 7,987 | 9,242 | 7,205 | 13 |
| 14 | Maturity 1 year or more | (47) | (47) | 49,326 | 50, 278 | 49,388 | 49,199 | 49,542 | 45, 040 | 14 |
| 15 | Other liabilities ${ }^{48}$ | 89,066 | 97, 109 | 87, 276 | 90, 455 | 98,016 | 110, 210 | 122,728 | 151,088 | 15 |
| 16 | Capital stock, preferred | 19, 533 | 18, 591 | 18,364 | 18, 108 | ${ }^{9} 17,213$ | 17, 138 | 16,214 | 15, 473 | 16 |
| 17 | Capital stock, common ${ }^{49}$ | 82, 733 | 78,072 | 77,339 | 74,792 | 73,482 | 72, 292 | 71,577 | 65, 828 | 17 |
| 18 | Surplus reserves ${ }^{50}$ |  |  |  | 7,301 | ${ }^{9} 7,889$ | 8,358 | 10, 065 | 10,581 | 18 |
| 19 | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{51}$ | 48, 828 | 48, 043 | 58, 524 | 50, 367 | 51, 302 | 53, 275 | 56, 593 | 58, 201 | 19 |
| 20 | Less deficit ${ }^{51}$------- | 12, 163 | 11,237 | 12,594 | 13, 131 | 13,022 | 12,676 | 11,858 | 10,454 | 20 |
| 21 | Total liabilities ${ }^{45}$ | 303, 150 | 303, 180 | 303, 357 | 300, 022 | 306, 801 | 320,478 | 340, 452 | 360,018 | 21 |
|  | Receipts, taxable:39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | Gross sales ${ }^{13}$ | 83, 879 | 96, 130 | 106, 086 | 89,322 | 100, 040 | 112,781 | 148, 275 | 170,677 | 22 |
| 23 | Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{14}$ | 19,005 | 21, 245 | 23,918 | 19,888 | 21,561 | 23,754 | 28,442 | 34, 304 | 23 |
| 24 | Interest on Government obligations ${ }^{15}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | - 38 | . 228 | 24 |
| 25 26 | Interest not on Government obligations ----7- | 2, 504 | 2,478 | 2,557 | 2,384 | 2,405 | 2,461 | 2,523 | 2,443 | ${ }^{2} 5$ |
| 27 | Net gain, sale of stocks, bonds, and other assets (1931-33); net capital gain ${ }^{17}$ | 1,546 452 | 1,410 553 | 1,456 271 | 2,037 201 | 2,207 | 1,939 183 | 2,045 150 | 2,176 170 | 27 |
| 28 | (1934-42). <br> Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |  | 89 | 108 | 166 | 165 | 122 | 28 |
|  | Dividends from: <br> Domestic corporations 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 30 | Domestic corporations ${ }^{19}$. |  | 2,573 | 2,601 | 1,701 | 1,860 | 1,970 | 2, 168 | 1,309 | 29 |
| 30 31 | Foreign corporations | (34) | (34) | 204 | 305 | 247 | 244 | 182 | 155 | 30 |
| 31 | Other receipts ${ }^{20}$. | 1,096 | 1,168 | 1,084 | 946 | 978 | 1,155 | 1,351 | 1,506 | 31 |


Table 19.-Corporation returns with batance sneets, 1931-1942 1 by total assets classes, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: [Total assets classes, total assets, and net income in thousands of dollars]

|  |  |  |  | Retur | with net in | me ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1931 |  |  | 1932 |  |  | 1933 |  |
| Total assets classes ${ }^{45}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total asscts | Net income |
| Under 50 | 65,564 | 1,395, 114 | 106, 762 | 33,512 | 686, 689 | 43, 464 | 47,397 | 1,001, 026 | 63, 606 |
| 50 under 100 | 24, 297 | 1, 734, 365 | 88, 262 | 11, 726 | 841, 519 | 39, 224 | 16, 693 | 1,192, 637 | 63,300 |
| 100 under 250 | 25, 649 | 4,063,385 | 171,963 | 12, 610 | 2, 002,912 | 84,734 | 17, 256 | 2, 728, 923 | 142, 338 |
| 250 under 500 | 12, 120 | 4, 269,437 | 171,478 | 6,344 | 2, 236, 157 | 94, 313 | 8,241 | 2, 904,096 | 154, 557 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 7, 130 | 4, 971, 871 | 185, 747 | 3,963 | 2, 771,519 | 110, 139 | 5,082 | $3,540,554$ $9,767,099$ | 190, 527 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 6,403 | 13, 212, 122 | 466, 778 | 3,775 | 7, 809, 930 | 269, 282 | 4,670 | 9, 767, 099 | 476,498 |
| 5,000 under 10,000. | 926 | 6, 421,672 | 244,785 | 625 | 4,346, 144 | 156, 433 | 742 654 | $5,158,412$ $13,555,670$ | $233,041$ |
| 10,000 under 50,000 | 811 | 17, 456, 010 | 586,641 | 535 | 11,516, 173 | 354, 143 | 654 | 13, 555, 670 | 556,961 |
| 50,000 under 100,000 100,000 and over | 265 | $68,200,957$ | 1,573, 142 | 201 | 51, 761, 538 | 967,656 | 200 | 50,279, 263 | 1,059, 144 |
| Total | 143, 195 | 121, 724, 933 | 3, 595, 558 | 73, 291 | 84, 072, 582 | 2,119,387 | 100, 941 | 90, 127, 680 | 2,939, 974 |
|  |  |  |  | Return | with no net | come ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1931 |  |  | 1932 |  |  | 1933 |  |
| Total assets classes ${ }^{45}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficlt | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficit | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficit |
| Under 50. | 116, 883 | 2, 307, 669 | 524,517 | 172, 965 | 3, 183, 107 | 655, 732 | 164. 189 | 2, 874, 507 | 446, 212 |
| 50 under 100 | 36,847 | 2,632, 184 | 307, 683 | 46, 594 | 3,311, 635 | 356, 994 | 39,512 | 2, 813, 931 | 198, 137 |
| 100 under 250 | 37, 779 | 6,008, 760 | 533, 424 | 46, 890 | 7,411,359 | 586, 721 | 39, 489 | 6, 262, 839 | 347, 586 |
| 250 under 500 | 18, 932 | 6, 660, 187 | 461,325 | 22,078 | 7, 751,926 | 499, 976 | 18,532 | 6,516, 650 | 311,120 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 12,205 | 8, 558, 994 | 496,834 | 13, 627 | 9,517,318 | 552, 889 | 11,510 | 8, 036, 438 | 335, 873 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 11, 942 | 24, 743, 285 | 1,255, 448 | 12,930 | 26, 522, 138 | 1, 304, 908 | 11, 164 | 22, 955, 753 | 912, 040 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 1,662 | 11,543, 504 | . 525,978 | 1,817 | 12, 510, 859 | 609, 233 | 1,602 | 11,065, 345 | 447, 639 |
| 10,000 under 50,000 | 1,276 | 25, 711, 187 | 1,021, 192 | 1,412 | 28, 322, 920 | 1,135, 770 | 1,231 | 25, 036, 115 | 914, 237 |
| 50,000 under 100,000. <br> 100,000 and over. | 367 | 86, 606, 327 | 1,394, 059 | 417 | 97, 479, 080 | 1,679,283 | 394 | 92, 517, 197 | 1, 210, 199 |
| Total | 237, 893 | 174, 772,096 | 6,520, 462 | 318, 730 | 196, 010, 341 | 7,381,506 | 287, 623 | 178, 078, 777 | 5, 123, 043 |

Returns with net income

| Total assets classes ${ }^{45}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1934 |  |  | 1935 |  |  | 1936 |  |  |
|  | Number of returns with balance sheets | 'Total assets | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | Number of returns with balance shects | Total assets | Net income | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income |
| Under 50 | 63,364 | 1,338, 541 | 100,921 | 69, 714 | 1,490, 561 | 113, 602 | 81, 716 | 1,768, 964 | 154, 148 |
| 50 under 100 | 21,969 | 1,568, 764 | 100, 979 | 24, 953 | 1,781, 179 | 119,038 | 30, 275 | 2, 163,697 | 160,216 |
| 100 under 250 | 22, 484 | 3, 559, 453 | 219, 712 | 26,138 | 4, 152, 755 | 267, 181 | 32, 519 | 5,169, 539 | 382, 848 |
| 250 under 500 | 10, 879 | 3, 831, 641 | 230, 800 | 13,058 | 4,599, 136 | 281,569 | 16,937 | 6, 002, 520 | 406,918 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 6,986 | 4, 883, 067 | 279, 981 | 8,255 | 5, 776, 595 | 340, 696 | 11,260 | 7,896, 956 | 504, 255 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 6, 856 | 14, 409, 294 | 728,945 | 8, 232 | 17, 077, 203 | 917, 5 f0 | 11,835 | 24, 713, 140 | 1,459,059 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 1,100 | 7, 704, 940 | 362,358 | 1,241 | 8,691, 127 | 412, 160 | 1,833 | 12, 802, 744 | 709,831 |
| 10,000 under 50,000. | 1,021 | 21,110,087 | 854,988 | 1,156 | 24, 018, 453 | 1,077, 725 | 1,617 | 33, 569, 961 | 1,760, 239 |
| 50,000 under 100,000 100,000 and over | 305 | $55,608,048$ | 1,323,650 | 328 | 54, 720, 110 | 1,539, 145 | 268 293 | $18,278,983$ $87,229,166$ | 2,722,716 |
| Total | 134, 964 | 114,013, 834 | 4, 202, 335 | 153, 075 | 122, 307, 120 | 5,068,676 | 188, 553 | 199, 595, 670 | 9, 101,973 |
| Total assets classes ${ }^{45}$ | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1934 |  |  | 1935 |  |  | 1936 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | er |  |  | Number of |  |  |
|  | returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficit | returus with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficit | returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficit |
| Under 50 | 159, 709 | 2,698,988 | 357, 721 | 157, 831 | 2,640, 373 |  |  | $2,381,869$ | $256,138$ |
| 50 under 100 | 35, 871 | 2,551,685 | 153, 606 | 33, 481 | 2, 379,810 | $134,543$ | 29, 253 | $2,069,139$ $4,059,938$ |  |
| 100 under 250 | 35,702 | 5, 671, 482 | 269, 486 | 32, 070 | 5, 051, 352 | 219, 761 | 25,923 | 4,059,938 | 159, 153 |
| 250 under 500 | 17,794 | 6,264, 571 | 243, 431 | 15,547 | 5, 476, 977 | 189, 403 | 11,405 | 3,992,487 | 131, 082 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 11,353 | 7,973, 172 | 284,380 | 9,847 | 6, 928, 118 | 231, 433 | 6,681 | $4,662,859$ $13,242,115$ | 152, 742 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 11,643 | $24,193,854$ | 701, 665 | 10, 175 | 21, 220,784 | 585, 458 | 6, 442 | 13,242,115 | $340,982$ |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 1,744 | 12, 084, 224 | 351, 024 | 1,528 | 10,651, 028 | 257, 086 | 886 | $6,164,321$ | $\begin{aligned} & 129,525 \\ & 296 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 10,000 under 50,000. | 1,390 | 28, 294, 883 | 580,672 | 1,237 | 25, 061, 474 | 472, 495 | 694 87 | $\begin{array}{r} 13,835,441 \\ 6,015,923 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 296,222 \\ 94,059 \end{array}$ |
| 50,000 under 100,000 100,000 and over | 456 | 97, 559, 884 | 1,002, 029 | 414 | 101, 433, 195 | 792,050 | 87 103 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,015,923 \\ 47,159,963 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 94,038 \\ 259,761 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 275, 662 | 187, 292, 743 | 3,944, 015 | 262, 130 | 180, 843, 111 | 3,185, 216 | 227, 101 | 103, 584, 053 | 1,924, 058 |


| Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1937 |  |  | 1938 |  |  | 1939 |  |  |
| Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ |
| 75,310 | 1,640,699 | 145, 972 | 66, 395 | 1,441,074 | 110,523 | 79,055 | 1,725, 477 | 134, 910 |
| 29,092 | 2,081, 282 | 147, 415 | 25, 908 | 1, 857, 324 | 113, 317 | 31, 012 | 2, 221, 822 | 149,422 |
| 31, 661 | 5,024,512 | 346, 620 | 28,524 | 4, 532,498 | 255, 584 | 33, 609 | 5, 349,455 | 345, 970 |
| 16,576 | 5, 869, 639 | 376, 989 | 14,862 | 5, 251, 391 | 267, 054 | 17,353 | 6, 112, 861 | 369,966 |
| 10,781 | 7,536, 970 | 460, 397 | 9,627 | 6, 761, 658 | 330, 860 | 11, 183 | 7, 839, 789 | 444, 492 |
| 11,575 | 24, 212, 092 | 1, 404. 527 | 10, 190 | 21, 272, 044 | 910, 698 | 11, 728 | 24, 594, 255 | 1,338,875 |
| 1,763 | 12, 247, 099 | ,651,635 | 1,581 | 10, 932, 283 | 440, 771 | 1,791 | 12, 463, 716 | 630,093 |
| 1,621 | 33, 544, 067 | 1, 808, 113 | 1,455 | 29, 878, 166 | 1,193,960 | 1,641 | 33, 921, 209 | 1,691,736 |
| - 265 | 18, 354, 139 | ¢ 865,859 | 252 | 17, 572, 157 | 611,914 | 258 | 17, 974, 247 | $\begin{array}{r} 755,118 \\ 2.848,060 \end{array}$ |
| 291 | 87, 083, 453 | 3,183,994 | 262 | 81, 560, 343 | 2, 133,878 | 290 | 94, 468, 113 | $2,848,060$ |
| 178, 935 | 197, 593, 950 | 9, 391, 521 | 159, 056 | 181, 058, 938 | 6,368, 559 | 187, 920 | 206, 670, 943 | 8,708,642 |



$\square$
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$\longrightarrow$
Returns with net income

|  |  |  |  | Ret | th net in | ome ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1940 |  |  | 1941 |  |  | 19421061 |  |
| Total assets classes ${ }^{45}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { incoune } \end{aligned}$ |
| Under 50 | 87,705 | 1, 919, 211 | 155, 039 | 105, 053 | 2,297, 019 | 232, 331 | 107, 275 | 2, 330, 669 | 291, 320 |
| 50 under 100 | 34, 656 | 2, 479, 679 | 176, 036 | 41, 412 | 2,964,672 | 277, 502 | 41, 183 | 2,952, 221 | 331, 443 |
| 100 under 250 | 37, 250 | 5,906, 127 | 419, 458 | 43, 884 | 6, 978, 330 | 681,380 | 43,529 | 6, 912, 652 | 810, 707 |
| 250 under 500 | 18, 802 | 6,632, 647 | 456, 090 | 22, 042 | 7, 770, 883 | 772, 921 | 21, 810 | - 7, 681, 210 | 953,907 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 12, 043 | 8, 423, 216 | 554, 127 | 14, 278 | 10, 018, 713 | -990,980 | 14, 698 | 10, 330, 327 | 1, 243, 914 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 12,545 | 26, 242, 965 | 1,696,518 | 14, 655 | 30, 480, 805 | 2, 871, 890 | 15,936 | 33, 202, 458 | $3,693,067$ $1,864,364$ |
| 5,000 under 10,000. | 1, 924 | 13, 435,506 | -812, 701 | 2,251 | 15, 696, 795 | 1,453, 733 | 2, 393 | $16,715,805$ $43,065,605$ | $1,864,364$ $4,520,776$ |
| 10,000 under 50,000. | 1, 742 | 36, 167, 468 | 2,046, 028 | 1,936 | 39, 794, 529 | 3,309,755 | 2, 088 | 43, 065, 605 | $4,520,776$ $1,758,114$ |
| 50,000 under 100,000 | 292 | 20, 150, 564 | 1, 047, 630 | 335 | 23, 349,049 | 1, 667, 047 | 336 | 23, 119,739 | $1,758,114$ |
| 100,000 and over.... | 311 | 107, 301, 486 | 3, 704, 768 | 349 | 124, 170, 830 |  |  | 175, 113, 557 | 8,317,540 |
| Total | 207, 270 | 228, 658, 869 | 11, 068, 395 | 246, 195 | 263, 521, 625 | 17, 796, 797 | 249, 668 | 321, 424, 242 | 23, 785, 152 |
| , |  |  |  | Return | with no net | come ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1940 |  |  | 1941 |  |  | 19421061 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficit | returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficit | returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficit |
| Under 50 | 137, 295 | 2, 216, 902 | 251, 373 | 108, 033 | 1,716, 155 | 189, 078 | 89,367 | 1,422,418 | 159,720 |
| 50 under 100 | 26,397 | 1,862, 242 | 119, 400 | 20, 113 | 1, 420, 026 | 77, 717 | 17, 155 | 1,211, 781 | 61, 423 |
| 100 under 250 | 21,809 | 3, 409, 806 | 146, 164 | 16,502 | 2, 568, 411 | 122, 065 | 13, 836 | 2,154, 294 | 82,570 |
| 250 under 500 | 9,030 | 3, 154, 522 | 116, 438 | 6,709 | 2, 351, 316 | 86,781 | 5,490 | 1,930, 033 | 63,568 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 5, 462 | 3, 804, 120 | 137, 798 | 4,146 | 2, 896, 000 | 110, 611 | 3,411 | 2,384, 671 | 67,396 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 5, 082 | 10,513, 522 | 338, 886 | 4,177 | 8,732, 911 | 260, 983 | 3,646 | 7, 587, 493 | 143, 225 |
| 5,000 under 10,000. | 679 | 4, 706, 774 | 146, 255 | 561 | 3, 874,548 | 106, 064 | 512 | 3,541, 789 | 117, 207 |
| 10,000 under 50,000 | 524 | 10, 326, 693 | - 250,385 | 475 | 9,391, 337 | 287, 419 | 379 | 7,082, 828 | 89,184 |
| 50,000 under 100,000 | 76 | 5, 414, 234 | 136,130 | 65 | 4, 529, 820 | 116,999 | 35 | 2, 503, 120 | 18,857 |
| 100,000 and over. | 92 | 46, 410, 027 | 377, 364 | 77 | 39, 450, 102 | 185, 475 | 35 | 8, 774,945 | 36,191 |
| Total | 206,446 | 91, 818, 842 | 2,020, 192 | 160,858 | 76,930,625 | 1,543, 191 | 133,866 | 38,593, 372 | 839,341 |

Table 20.-Corporation returns, 1993-1942,1 10 in aggregate and by industrial groups, ${ }^{54}$ for returns with net income and rcturns with no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net ineome ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Num- | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Net income | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{\circ}$ | Total tax | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

ALL INDUSTRIAL GROUPS

| 1933 | 504, 080 | 109, 786 | 46, 752, 366 | 2, 985, 972 | 416,093 | 6,976 | 423, 068 | 337, 0.56 | 36, 890, 055 | 5, 533,339 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 528, 898 | 145, 101 | 62, 920, 954 | 4, 275, 197 | 588, 375 | 7,673 | 596, 048 | 324, 703 | 37, 910. 299 | 4, 181, 027 |
| 1935 | 533, 631 | 164, 231 | 77, 441, 506 | 5, 164, 723 | 710, 156 | 24,969 | 735, 125 | 312, 882 | 36, 494, 664 | 3, 468, 774 |
| 1936 | 530, 779 | 203, 161 | 104, 763, 755 | 9,478, 241 | I, 169, 765 | 21,613 | 1,191, 378 | 275,696 | 27, 514, 178 | 2, 152, 024 |
| 1937 | 529, 097 | 192, 028 | 108, 989, 095 | 9, 634, 837 | 1, 232, 837 | 43, 335 | 1,276, 172 | 285, 810 | 32, 977, 981 | 2, 280, 846 |
| 1938 | 520, 501 | 169, 884 | 80, 068, 303 | 6,525, 979 | 853, 578 | 5,988 | 859, 566 | 301, 148 | 39, 927, 538 | 2, 853, 098 |
| 1939 | [515, 960 | 199, 479 | 105, 457, 187 | 8,826, 713 | 1, 216, 450 | 15, 806 | 1,232, 256 | 270, 138 | 26, 977, 788 | 2, 092, 148 |
| 1940. | 516, 783 | 220,977 | 124, 977, 573 | 11, 203, 224 | 2, 144, 292 | 404, 254 | 2,548,546 | 252.065 | 22, 830, 422 | 2, 283, 795 |
| 1941 | 509, 066 | 264,628 | 174, 976, 815 | 18, 111, 095 | 3, 744, 568 | 3,423, 334 | 7,167, 902 | 204, 278 | 15, 113, 023 | 1, 778, 553 |
| 1942 | 479,677 | 269,942 | 205, 869, 810 | 24, 052, 358 | 4, 337, 728 | 787,918, 668 | 7812,256, 396 | 172, 723 | 11, 473,657 | 1, 000, 746 |

MINING AND QUARRYING

| 1933 | 17,068 | 2,982 | 555, 679 | 71,686 | 9,921 | 280 | 10,201 | 8,866 | 1,402, 596 | 248, 127 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 18,656 | 4,460 | 1,161, 775 | 156,063 | 21,456 | 428 | 21,884 | 9,053 | 1,375, 939 | 165, 373 |
| 1935 | 18, 420 | 4, 527 | 1,331, 854 | 162, 936 | 22, 400 | 515 | 22,915 | 9, 188 | 1,292,853 | 173,879 |
| 1936 | 18, 174 | 5, 146 | 2, 069, 330 | 300, 048 | 38, 108 | 504 | 38,612 | 8,642 | 998, 165 | 124, 146 |
| 1937 | 18,024 | 5,083 | 2, 579, 785 | 427, 621 | 56,457 | 4,402 | 60, 859 | 8,484 | 1,000,672 | 128.368 |
| $1938 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 17, 142 | 4,470 | 1,546, 756 | 210,354 | 29,846 | 245 | 30,091 | 8. 699 | 1, 142, 252 | 161,041 |
| $1939 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 16, 571 | 4,687 | 1,684, 919 | 265, 786 | 39, 169 | 382 | 39, 551 | 8, 235 | 1.142, 752 | 123, 663 |
| $1940 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 15,886 | 5,076 | 2,387, 593 | 335, 226 | 68, 202 | 3,956 | 72, 157 | 7,702 | 826,678 | 116. 286 |
| $1941 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 14,704 | 5,708 | 3, 104, 973 | 485, 056 | 114,628 | 40,954 | 155, 581 | 6,380 | 754, 307 | 76, 938 |
| $1942 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 13, 597 | 5,709 | 3, 433, 393 | 473, 296 | 116,932 | 91, 809 | 208, 742 | 5,541 | 541, 110 | 58,054 |

MANUFACTURING-TOTAL

| 1933 | 93, 831 | 26, 354 | 22, 289, 285 | 1, 460, 632 | 203, 713 | 3,649 | 207, 362 | 62, 295 | 12, 861, 490 | 1,256,586 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | ${ }^{9} 96,649$ | 34,023 | 27, 442,910 | 1, 906, 104 | 262, 466 | 3,477 | 265, 943 | ${ }^{9} 57,270$ | ${ }^{9} 13,652,662$ | ${ }^{9} 956,558$ |
| 1935 | 96, 213 | 37, 976 | 35, 413,610 | 2, 482, 773 | 341, 355 | 15, 528 | 356, 88.3 | 53, 700 | 12,484, 183 | 666, 326 |
| 1936 | 96, 236 | 45, 926 | 48,373,998 | 4,072,531 | 596,368 | 11,294 | 607,662 | 46, 104 | 8,580, 830 | 370, 993 |
| 1937 | 96, 511 | 41, 974 | 51, 468, 208 | 4, 127, 465 | 629, 895 | 22, 376 | 652, 271 | 50, 005 | 10, 988, 400 | 424,344 |
| $1937 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 96, 727 | 42, 060 | 51, 631, 751 | $4,137,323$ | 631, 467 | 22,471 | 623, 938 | 50, 124 | 11, 035, 853 | 427,390 |
| 1938 | 91, 838 | 34, 034 | 34, 117, 838 | 2, 421,385 | 374, 171 | 2,360 | 376, 531 | 54, 033 | 17,010,574 | 831, 871 |
| 1939 | 89,347 | 43, 002 | 49.983, 326 | 3, 948, 328 | 624,375 | 9, 701 | 634.077 | 43, 181 | 8,310,698 | 380, 572 |
| 1940 | 88, 651 | 47, 168 | 60,650, 227 | 5, 631, 949 | 1,215,160 | 337, 735 | 1,552, 895 | 38, 420 | 6, 330, 090 | 325, 409 |
| 1941 | 87, 166 | 58, 042 | $90,325,812$ | 10,601,366 | 2, 200, 196 | 2,745,652 | 4,945, 848 | 26,389 | $3,106,401$ | 171,951 |
| 1942 | 84, 795 | 59,723 | 115, 434, 587 | 13, 809, 135 | 2, 173, 112 | 6,054,905 | 8,228, 017 | 22,451 | 3,996, 830 | 159,033 |

MANUFACTURING-FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS ${ }^{56}$

| 1933 | 12,859 | 4,247 | 5, 536,520 | 264,606 | 36,906 | 631 | 37, 537 | 7,934 | 1,748, 880 | 86, 428 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | ${ }^{9} 13,363$ | 5,374 | 6, 973, 816 | 302, 328 | 41,768 | 642 | 42, 410 | ${ }^{9} 7,151$ | ${ }^{9} 1,373,932$ | ${ }^{9} 81,499$ |
| 1935 | 13,375 | 5,312 | 7, 340, 434 | 317,671 | 43,670 | 1,584 | 45, 254 | 7, 28:3 | 1,988, 025 | 55, 807 |
| 1936 | 13, 057 | 6, 233 | 8, 824, 076 | 417,565 | 58,766 | 1,310 | 60,076 | 6, 028 | 1,566, 015 | 37, 743 |
| 1937 | 12,976 | 5,300 | 7,276, 741 | 286,098 | 40,043 | 753 | 40, 796 | 6,940 | 3, 602, 288 | 63, 804 |
| $1938 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 12, 043 | 4,889 | 6,382,979 | 312, 177 | 49,814 | 354 | 50,168 | 6,616 | 3,604, 877 | 80,785 |
| $1939 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 11,260 | 5, 615 | 9, 133, 178 | 427, 819 | 68, 664 | 649 | 69,313 | 5,218 | I, 124, 635 | 35, 079 |
| 1940 | 10,645 | 5,315 | 9,493, 022 | 444,317 | 93, 794 | 4,731 | 98, 525 | 4,934 | 1, 115, 514 | 36, 523 |
| 1941 | 10, 082 | 6, 220 | 12,850,368 | 660, 150 | 160, 568 | 71,978 | 232, 546 | 3,546 | 665, 683 | 21, 239 |
| 1942 | 9,782 | 7,086 | 15, 991, 951 | 942, 299 | 229, 210 | 242, 987 | 472, 196 | 2,394 | 1,892, 044 | 14, 173 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

Table 20.-Corporation returns, 1933-1942, 1 10 in aggregate and by industrial groups,54 for returns with net income and returns uith no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total num. ber of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total | Number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

MANUFACTURING-LIQUORS AND BEVERAGES (ALCOHOLIC AND NONALCOHOLIC) ${ }^{56}$

| 1933 | 2,96! | 89¢ | 484, 487 | 73, 363 | 10,199 | 397 | 10,596 | 1,648 | 107, 42C | 14,175 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 3,28: | 1,368 | 851,516 | 97,648 | 13,427 | 402 | 13, 82 ¢ | 1,540 | 207, 90 ? | 15, 723 |
| 1935 | 3,282 | 1,466 | 1, 107, 301 | 107, 824 | 14,826 | 905 | 15, 731 | 1,481 | 216, 395 | 16,355 |
| 1936 | 3,333 | 1,767 | 1,473,579 | 176, 013 | 28, 154 | 649 | 28, 803 | 1,294 | 198, 162 | 13, 324 |
| 1937 | 3,376 | 1,633 | 1, 529,312 | 162, 769 | 28, 126 | 955 | 29,081 | 1,478 | 292,424 | 16, 421 |
| 1938 | 3,237 | 1,506 | 1, 325, 192 | 127, 758 | 21,717 | 111 | 21, 827 | 1,509 | 290, 070 | 18. 262 |
| 1939 | 3, 191 | 1,656 | 1,443, 683 | 150,967 | 25,598 | 183 | 25,781 | 1,321 | 252, 163 | 17, 027 |
| 1940 | 3,142 | 1,641 | 1, 545, 588 | 151, 993 | 33, 188 | 2,116 | 35, 304 | 1,320 | 287, 871 | 20, 159 |
| 1941 | 3, 092 | 1,908 | 2, 109, 777 | 204, 161 | 51, 728 | 19,890 | 71,618 | 984 | 156, 228 | 10,954 |
| 1942 | 2,973 | 2,285 | 2,611,548 | . 280, 974 | 68,071 | 71,750 | 139,821 | 528 | 83,281 | 4,922 |

- MANUFACTURING-TOBACCO PRODUCTS

| 1933 | 405 | 122 | 837, 940 | 65, 224 | 8,998 | 8 | 9,006 | 261 | 105, 158 | 14,893 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 405 | 131 | 1,023, 243 | 96, 296 | 13,241 | 5 | 13, 246 | 245 | 36,383 | 2,086 |
| 1935 | 387 | 139 | 1,077, 784 | 99, 419 | 13, 670 | 44 | 13, 714 | 225 | 33, 682 | 1,221 |
| 1936 | 379 | 15: | 1,188, 166 | 127,968 | 18,363 | 69 | 18,432 | 211 | 27,440 | 1,198 |
| 1937 | 370 | 140 | 1, 264, 779 | 126, 648 | 18,567 | 78 | 18,645 | 213 | 36, 703 | 2,040 |
| 1938 | 326 | 110 | 1,251, 903 | 124,310 | 19,590 | (57) | 19,591 | 199 | 37, 815 | 1,584 |
| 1939 | 307 | 116 | 1,296, 268 | 129, 169 | 21, 148 | 7 | 21, 155 | 181 | 28,150 | 1,187 |
| 1940 | 296 | 124 | 1, 394, 352 | 145, 279 | 33, 667 | 924 | 34, 591 | 162 | 25, 709 | 5,230 |
| 1941 | 264 | 137 | 1,564, 607 | 166, 640 | 44,711 | 18,011 | 62,722 | 117 | 19, 193 | 1,187 |
| 1942 | 239 | 141 | 1, 791,402 | 179,255 | 53, 185 | 33, 718 | 86, 903 | 84 | 8,656 | 303 |

MANUFACTURING-TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS ${ }^{\text {8 }}$

| 1933 | 15,351 | 5,664 | 3, 183, 894 | 203, 733 | 28.010 | 764 | 28, 774 | 9,31( | 1,468, 28C | 96,838 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 15,775 | 5, 682 | 3, 040,608 | 141, 702 | 19.505 | 291 | 19,796 | 9,741 | 2, 209,651 | 124, 914 |
| 1935 | 15, 656 | 6, 129 | 3, 861, 351 | 171, 425 | 23, 570 | 1,034 | 24,604 | 9,254 | 2, 045, 223 | 100,258 |
| 1936 | 7,827 | 3, 903 | 3, 596, 772 | 221, 904 | 35, 173 | 863 | 36,036 | 3,782 | 914,367 | 44,055 |
| 1937 | 7,697 | 3, 013 | 3, 014, 462 | 166, 326 | 26, 186 | 967 | 27, 153 | 4,490 | 1.517, 426 | 69,374 |
| $1938 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 5.016 | 1, 797 | 1, 783, 577 | 82, 113 | 13, 239 | 201 | 13, 440 | 3,081 | 1,430, 385 | 101, 809 |
| $1939 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 4,782 | 2, 510 | 3,211, 686 | 197, 221 | 33, 000 | 1,242 | 34, 242 | 2,164 | 706,450 | 38.257 |
| $1940 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 4,591 | 2,555 | 3, 513, 743 | 245, 798 | 53,086 | 7,532 | 60,618 | 1,937 | 719, 775 | 36, 888 |
| $1941 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 4,510 | 3, 508 | 5, 896, 495 | 592, 584 | 130,747 | 125,914 | 256, 661 | 916 | 170, 077 | 10, 866 |
| $1942 \mathrm{dd}^{55}$ | 4,388 | 3, 582 | 7, 587, 444 | 906, 714 | 136, 235 | 423, 679 | 559, 914 | 708 | 111,663 | 7,343 |

MANUFACTURING-CLOTHING AND APPAREL, 58

| 1936 | 8,203 | 3,633 | 1,759,667 | 56,344 | 8,445 | 232 | 8,677 | 4,455 | 523, 088 | 14, 044 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1937 | 8,044 | 2,790 | 1, 439, 762 | 32, 845 | 4,975 | 129 | 5, 104 | 5, 120 | 809, 937 | 19,036 |
| $1938 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 8,874 | 2,912 | 1, 299,880 | 31, 558 | 4,952 | 73 | 5,025 | 5,850 | 879, 872 | 31,458 |
| $1939 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 8,664 | 3,799 | 1, 793, 228 | 54, 611 | 8,805 | 312 | 9,117 | 4,766 | 632,336 | 17,961 |
| $1940 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 8,864 | 4,342 | 2,040, 628 | 62, 967 | 12, 243 | 1. 108 | 13,352 | 4,412 | 579, 806 | 16, 314 |
| $1941 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 9,201 | 5,998 | 3, 200, 111 | 141, 314 | 31,065 | 20,6.39 | 51, 704 | 3, 103 | 316,496 | 8,412 |
| $1942 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 9, 124 | 6,730 | 3,857, 145 | 220, 757 | 36, 505 | 84, 754 | 121, 259 | 2,289 | 232,973 | 7,482 |

MANUFACTURING-LEATHER AND ITS MANUFACTURES

| 1933 | 2,407 | 973 | 727,024 | 47,586 | 6. 582 | 167 | 6,749 | 1,365 | 261, 236 | 20, 761 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 2, 423 | 976 | 709,035 | 36, 468 | 5,018 | 66 | 5, 084 | 1,368 | 324, 117 | 17, 545 |
| 1935 | 2,415 | 1,090 | 935, 624 | 47, 766 | 6,568 | 198 | 6,766 | 1,258 | 228, 436 | 9,009 |
| 1936 | 2,401 | 1,200 | 1,043, 709 | 50.647 | 7,657 | 134 | 7,791 | 1,144 | 239, 163 | 14, 272 |
| 1937 | 2,386 | 1,023 | -963, 149 | 34, 601 | 5,157 | 100 | 5,257 | 1,311 | 368, 57.6 | 13, 564 |
| 1938 | 2, 274 | 860 | 755, 011 | 25, 847 | 4,087 | 66 | 4, 153 | 1,364 | 371, 135 | 20, 058 |
| 1939 | 2,157 | 1.080 | 992, 294 | 46,506 | 7,605 | 130 | 7,734 | 1,050 | 248, 373 | 10,449 |
| 1940 | 2, 145 | 1, 139 | 1, 039,166 | 48, 074 | 9,110 | 897 | 10,007 | 979 | 251, 187 | 10, 330 |
| 1941 | 2, 103 | 1,562 | 1,653, 254 | 94, 632 | 21,538 | 10,656 | 32, 195 | 523 | 124,363 | 5,044 |
| 1942. | 2, 053 | 1,667 | 2, 055, 754 | 140,449 | 26,497 | 50,611 | 77, 108 | 358 | 57, 751 | 2,261 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

Table 20.-Corporation returns, 1933-1942, 110 in aggregate and by industrial groups, ${ }^{54}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{3}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num. } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Net iucome | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total | $\underset{\text { Ner }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

MANUFACTURING-RUBBER PRODUCTS

| 1933 | 572 | $21{ }^{\text {c }}$ | 300, 31E | 13, 33! | 1, 86 : | 5. | 1,91¢ | 33 F | 418, 13: | 10,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934. | 650 | 267 | 362, 756 | 14,97¢ | 2,094 | 20 | 2,114 | 340 | 393, 498 | 10, 566 |
| 1935 | 632 | 286 | 671, 86] | 30,118 | 4,141 | 323 | 4,464 | 312 | 116, 88 : | 6. 989 |
| 1936 | 618 | 330 | 910,991 | 54,771 | 8, 520 | 119 | 8,639 | 259 | 50, 872 | 3, 183 |
| 1937 | 643 | 320 | 1,012, 043 | 47, 454 | 6, 241 | 131 | 6,372 | 294 | 94, 911 | 3, 712 |
| $1937 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 527 | 280 | 972, 651 | 43, 579 | 5, 614 | 111 | 5,724 | 221 | 91, 144 | 3, 502 |
| 1938 | 557 | 283 | 782, 159 | 26,325 | 4,331 | 49 | 4,380 | 257 | 75, 899 | 3,966 |
| 1939 | 565 | 326 | 1,010, 660 | 64,766 | 10, 457 | 113 | 10,570 | 219 | 73, 654 | 1,687 |
| 1940 | 602 | 339 | 1, 113, 375 | 72, 712 | 14,783 | 1,259 | 16,042 | 247 | 52, 134 | 1.997 |
| 1941 | 548 | 419 | 1,678, 760 | 153, 378 | 33, 957 | 30,684 | 64, 640 | 119 | 16,748 | 3,055 |
| 1942. | 508 | 404 | 1, 882, 077 | 153,826 | 23, 935 | 56,185 | 85,120 | - 93 | 8,658 | 640 |

MANUFACTURING-FOREST PRODUCTS

| 1933 | 6, 87! | 1,63! | 407, 14 | 22,74: | 3,153 | $11!$ | 3, $27 ¢$ | 4,882 | 586, 815 | 95, 335 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 6, $85{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1,81: | 490, 33: | 27, 21C | 3,743 | 68 | 3,806 | 4,725 | 605, 068 | 76, 708 |
| 1935 | 6. 813 | 2,384 | 734, 38! | 37, $96^{\text {s }}$ | 5,221 | 222 | 5, 443 | 4,199 | 583, 999 | 53, 628 |
| 1936 | 6, 722 | 3, 14: | 1,291, 734 | 86, 341 | 12,698 | $55!$ | 13, 257 | 3,360 | 456, 523 | 37,950 |
| 1937 | 6,730 | 3, 102 | 1, 457, 931 | 93, 569 | 13,599 | 886 | 14,435 | 3,373 | 472, 165 | 25, 640 |
| $1938 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 7, 863 | 2,681 | 997, 118 | 50, 090 | 7,708 | 87 | 7, 795 | 4,903 | 753, 301 | 56,379 |
| $1939 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 7,586 | 3,443 | 1,554, 624 | 92,524 | 14,787 | 328 | 15, 115 | 3,933 | 562, 302 | 35, 710 |
| $1940 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 7,333 | 4,009 | 2, 060, 302 | 148, 435 | 30, 883 | 5,545 | 36,427 | 3,125 | 350,383 | 29, 140 |
| $1941 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 7,083 | 4,934 | 3,095, 012 | 306, 031 | 67,145 | 60,840 | 127, 985 | 1,956 | 176. 747 | 13,163 |
| $1942 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 6,826 | 4,789 | $3,379,590$ | 337, 031 | 63,487 | 121,301 | 184,788 | 1,877 | 188, 297 | 11,734 |

MANUFACTURING-PAPER, PULP, AND PRODUCTS

| 1933 | 2,164 | 993 | 709, 716 | 52,356 | 7,25C | 169 | 7,419 | 1,10t | 453,368 | 36,090 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 2,318 | 1,208 | 966, 703 | 80, 889 | 11, 12 : | 211 | 11, 334 | 1,03: | 347, 752 | 28, 418 |
| 1935 | 2,306 | 1,296 | 1,165, 444 | 92,321 | 12,686 | 266 | 12, 952 | $93\}$ | 326,146 | 31, 994 |
| 1936 | 2,371 | 1,440 | 1, 437, 416 | 123,346 | 19,354 | 276 | 19, 630 | 848 | 291, 362 | 15, 816 |
| 1937 | 2,327 | 1,383 | 1,646, 878 | 140, 044 | 22, 731 | 708 | 23, 439 | 867 | 241, 191 | 12,039 |
| 1938 | 2,256 | 1,107 | 1, 115, 593 | 68,858 | 10,917 | 49 | 10.966 | 1,089 | 408, 743 | 24, 933 |
| 1939 | 2,213 | 1,423 | 1,545, 985 | 120, 417 | 19.562 | 315 | 19,877 | 744 | 224,672 | 19,828 |
| 1940 | 2,220 | 1,469 | 1,811, 688 | 190, 143 | 42,546 | 9,337 | 51,884 | 713 | 235, 496 | 8, 872 |
| 1941 | 2,229 | 1,892 | 2, 755, 126 | 355, 895 | 75,453 | 94,356 | 169,809 | 311 | 50, 314 | 3, 974 |
| 1942 | 2,126 | 1,730 | 2, 824,609 | 358,395 | 67,330 | 138,368 | 205,699 | 359 | 70,344 | 3,447 |

MANUFACTURING—PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES

| 1933. | 12,077 | 2,713 | 977,340 | 71,079 | 9, 853 | 124 | 9,977 | 8,886 | 673, 35: | 57, 917 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 12,622 | 4,490 | 1,285, 357 | 117,465 | 16, 148 | 201 | 16,349 | 7,618 | 571,46f | 64, 153 |
| 1935 | 12,912 | 4,895 | 1,468, 211 | 140,037 | 19, 255 | 463 | 19,718 | 7,495 | 559, 87 f | 45, 978 |
| 1936 | 12,735 | 5, 469 | 1,792,311 | 188, 475 | 27,370 | 452 | 27, 822 | 6, 811 | 440, 88. | 28,475 |
| 1937 | 12,667 | 5, 117 | 1,908, 531 | 183, 821 | 26,872 | 672 | 27, 544 | 7,079 | 529, 691 | 36,776 |
| 1938 | 11,950 | 4,234 | 1,542, 128 | 125, 114 | 18,570 | 129 | 18, 700 | 7,314 | 653, 068 | 42,731 |
| 1939 | 11,690 | 4,817 | 1,778,016 | 157,999 | 23, 814 | 227 | 24,041 | 6,511 | 490, 364 | 29, 454 |
| 1940 | 11,793 | 5,612 | 1,939,992 | 178,515 | 36,993 | 2,848 | 39, 840 | 5,819 | 470, 740 | 30, 325 |
| 1941 | 11,448 | 6, 201 | 2,224,628 | 214,593 | 52, 293 | 17,304 | 69,597 | 4,930 | 393, 427 | 23,697 |
| 1942 | 10,848 | 5,978 | 2, 427, 110 | 251,055 | 65,357 | 50, 237 | 115,594 | 4,574 | 274, 469 | 19,327 |

For footnotes. see pp. 352-357.

Table 20.-Corporation returns, 1939-1942,1 10 in aggregate and by industrial groups, ${ }^{54}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | Net income | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gross } \\ \text { income }{ }^{3} \end{gathered}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

MANUFACTURING-CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS ${ }^{59}$

| 1933 | 7,678 | 2,458 | 4,094, 654 | 272, 909 | 38,240 | 535 | 38,775 | 4,696 | 2, 191, 132 | 189, 213 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 8,220 | 3, 049 | 3,322,986 | 324, 031 | 44,627 | 543 | 45, 170 | 4,559 | 3, 325, 574 | 178, 543 |
| 1935 | 7,969 | 3, 156 | 4, 545, 732 | 366, 128 | 50,340 | 929 | 51, 269 | 4,350 | 2, 882, 520 | 114,331 |
| 1936 | 7,174 | 3,303 | 3, 649, 269 | 479, 278 | 64,079 | 1,063 | 65, 142 | 3,508 | 275, 689 | 18,769 |
| 1937 | 7,183 | 3,107 | 3, 882, 702 | 457, 119 | 63, 131 | 1,013 | 64, 144 | 3,676 | 337, 354 | 19,062 |
| $1938 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 6,966 | 2, 732 | 3, 198, 878 | 336, 390 | 51,323 | 211 | 51, 535 | 3, 890 | 426, 909 | 27,606 |
| 1939 ad ${ }^{55}$ | 6,911 | 3,301 | 3, 985, 159 | - 541,314 | 82, 784 | 1,372 | 84, 156 | 3,349 | 257, 878 | 17,457 |
| $1940 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 7,046 | 3,437 | 4,510, 195 | 658, 036 | 139, 157 | 35, 883 | 175, 040 | 3, 313 | 230, 337 | 16,636 |
| $1941 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 6,792 | 4,167 | 6, 182, 326 | 981, 722 | 206,333 | 234, 742 | 4.11, 075 | 2,344 | 123, 389 | 11,475 |
| $1942 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 6,522 | 4,199 | 6, 991, 050 | 1,088, 135 | 223,225 | 344,737 | 567, 964 | 2,066 | 120, 070 | 13,093 |

MANUFACTURING-PETROLEUM AND OTHER MINERAL OIL PRODUCTS ${ }^{59}$


MANUFACTURING-STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS

| 1933 | 4,112 | 642 | 42S, 580 | 34, 762 | 4,826 | 86 | 4,912 | 3,186 | 290, 009 | 55,635 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 3,974 | 997 | 603, 592 | 61, 751 | 8,491 | 59 | 8,550 | 2, 747 | 235, 957 | 36.527 |
| 1935 | 3,967 | 1,253 | 769, 225 | 88,695 | 12, 196 | 470 | 12, 666 | 2,524 | 248, 437 | 31,216 |
| 1936. | 3,970 | 1,781 | 1,196, 817 | 161,516 | 24,000 | 507 | 24, 507 | 2,015 | 183,925 | 16, 607 |
| 1937. | 4, 164 | 1,684 | 1, 317, 034 | 161, 524 | 24,599 | 887 | 25.486 | 2,263 | 218,915 | 17, 416 |
| 1938 | 3, 742 | 1,393 | 937, 385 | 88, 915 | 14, 110 | 117 | 14. 226 | 2,208 | 284, 139 | 23, 839 |
| 1939 | 3,626 | 1,771 | 1,320, 926 | 157, 643 | 25, 803 | 357 | 26, 160 | 1,752 | 184, 471 | 11,793 |
| 1940 | 3, 601 | 1,940 | 1,577, 346 | 213, 456 | 47, 294 | 10,072 | 57,366 | 1,550 | 136,431 | 12, 244 |
| 1941 | 3,363 | 2,155 | 2, 213, 476 | 346, 05? | 76, 297 | 83,083 | 159,380 | 1,123 | 87, 431 | 8, 568 |
| 1942 | 3,131 | 1,841 | 2,237,502 | 376, 320 | 63, 689 | 160, 185 | 223,874 | 1,200 | 109, 780 | 11,873 |

## MANUFACTURING-METAL AND ITS PRODUCTS 60

| 1933 | 19,080 | 4,291 | 4,059,694 | 287. 192 | 40,565 | 377 | 40,942 | 13, 849 | 4.077, 533 | 494, 126 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 20,353 | 6,844 | 7,040,389 | 535, 147 | 73,627 | 788 | 74,415 | 12,437 | 3, 588, 045 | 278, 421 |
| 1935 | 19,856 | 8,426 | 10,652, 872 | 874,503 | 120, 240 | 8,202 | 128, 442 | 10, 702 | 2, 902, 219 | 169, 108 |
| 1936 | 19,772 | 10,467 | 10, 501, 257 | 1,113, 920 | 171.654 | 3,777 | 175, 431 | 8,563 | 2, 068, 625 | 74,915 |
| 1937 | 20,076 | 10, 491 | 14, 042, 168 | 1,381, 350 | 227,951 | 12,870 | 240, 821 | 8,775 | 1,301, 235 | 70, 727 |
| $1937 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 20,743 | 10,738 | 14, 593, 008 | 1,416,585 | 233,956 | 13, 109 | 247, 065 | 9, 134 | 1, 444.831 | 80,327 |
| $193 \mathrm{Sad}{ }^{55}$ | 18,386 | 6, 809 | 7, 097, 574 | 574,409 | 92, 248 | 678 | 92,926 | 10,857 | 3, 697, 085 | 221, 231 |
| $1939 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 18,261 | 9,766 | 12, 108, 886 | 1,097.876 | 180. 159 | 3,571 | 183, 730 | 7,885 | 1, 798, 855 | 94, 276 |
| $1940 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 18,086 | 11, 435 | 17, 397. 773 | 2,065, 689 | 460, 715 | 190.147 | 650, 862 | 6,091 | -882,625 | 54,646 |
| $1941 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 17, 725 | 13,631 | 29, 198, 425 | 4, 631, 584 | 895, 698 | 1,578.007 | 2,473, 705 | 3,587 | 344, 669 | 28, 418 |
| $1942 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 18,351 | 14, 150 | 47, 028, 453 | 7,173, 360 | 823, 436 | 3,823, 067 | 4,646,503 | 3,648 | 584, 264 | 47,343 |

MANUFACTURING-MOTOR VEHICLES, COMPLETE OR PARTS ${ }^{60}$

| $1936 \ldots \ldots$ | 801 | 367 | $4,621,105$ | 433,348 | 65,478 | 696 | 66.174 | 390 | 163,117 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $1937 \ldots-\ldots$ | 869 | 381 | $4,554,892$ | 415,814 | 65,130 | 596 | 65,726 | 426 | 197,903 |
| 1938 ad | 995 | 357 | $2,010,413$ | 206,083 | 30,998 | 23 | 31,021 | 577 | $1,035,641$ |
| $1939 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 877 | 443 | $3,432,565$ | 384,005 | 60,417 | 289 | 60,706 | 397 | 229,791 |
| $1940 \ldots \ldots$ | 851 | 498 | $4,678,158$ | 576,796 | 127,709 | 51,077 | 178,785 | 310 | 118,190 |
| $1941 \ldots \ldots$ | 773 | 546 | $6,542,406$ | 864,547 | 169,868 | 269,912 | 439,780 | 193 | 45,071 |
| $1942 \ldots \ldots$ | 678 | 514 | $4,077,060$ | 413,212 | 54,692 | 201,003 | 255,696 | 148 | 13,333 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

Table 20.-Corporation returns, 1933-1942,1 ${ }^{10}$ in aggregate and by industrial groups,54 for returns with net income and returns uith no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total num. ber of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\text { Income }^{\text {In }}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | Number | Gross <br> income ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit |

MANUFACTURING-MANUFACTURING NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED

| 1933 | 7,278 | 1,500 | 541,968 | 51,736 | 7,262 | 220 | 7,482 | 4,842 | 480, 173 | 85, 175 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 6,408 | 1, 825 | 772, 573 | 70, 192 | 9,653 | 184 | 9, 837 | 3,767 | 433, 320 | 41, 456 |
| 1935 | 6,613 | 2,144 | 1,083, 382 | 108, 897 | 14,973 | 888 | 15, 861 | 3, 676 | 352,338 | 30, 433 |
| 1936 | 6,021 | 2,378 | 1,370, 245 | 155,967 | 23, 042 | 534 | 23, 576 | 3, 047 | 293, 029 | 17, 878 |
| 1937 | 6,197 | 2, 166 | 1, 519,612 | 136, 668 | 22,435 | 835 | 23, 270 | 3,319 | 319,029 | 20,430 |
| $1937 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 5, 862 | 2,045 | 1, 171, 708 | 115, 166 | 18,628 | 711 | 19,340 | 3, 152 | 226, 654 | 14,086 |
| 1938ad ${ }^{55}$ | 6,583 | 2,049 | 1,178, 727 | 95, 035 | 15, 563 | 183 | 15, 747 | 3,921 | 422,667 | 28,611 |
| 1939ad ${ }^{55}$ | 6, 524 | 2,586 | 1, 245, 328 | 128,902 | 21, 431 | 414 | 21,845 | 3,368 | 217, 562 | 15, 793 |
| $1940 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 6,721 | 2,979 | 1, 489, 814 | 162,038 | 35, 242 | 9,524 | 44, 766 | 3,187 | 204, 614 | 16, 810 |
| $1941 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 7,288 | 4,352 | 2, 548, 660 | 331, 792 | 68,968 | 86,371 | 155,339 | 2, 430 | 128,829 | 12,252 |
| $1942 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 6,641 | 4,238 | 3,162, 930 | 442, 652 | 63,413 | 203, 174 | 266,587 | 1,939 | 134, 776 | 12,032 |

TRANSPORTATION AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $1933 \ldots \ldots-$ | 24,302 | 7,429 | $4,782,688$ | 657,272 | 92,258 | 324 | 92,582 | 14,349 | $5,826,561$ | 743,116 |
| $1934 \ldots-$ | 28,537 | 9,808 | $5,895,192$ | 919,298 | 126,600 | 329 | 126,929 | 15,571 | $5,215,038$ | 642,896 |
| $1935 \ldots-$ | 28,437 | 10,600 | $6,520,071$ | 927,144 | 127,580 | 1,125 | 128,705 | 14,833 | $5,064,703$ | 572,047 |
| $1936 \ldots--$ | 27,486 | 11,196 | $8,756,897$ | $1,376,520$ | 172,671 | 757 | 173,428 | 13,657 | $4,055,288$ | 353,885 |
| $1937 \ldots-$ | 27,360 | 10,856 | $9,034,200$ | $1,503,021$ | 194,430 | 3,749 | 198,179 | 13,816 | $4,415,002$ | 410,004 |
| 1938 ad 55 | 24,522 | 9,554 | $7,968,259$ | $1,256,328$ | 175,606 | 394 | 176,000 | 12,861 | $4,294,000$ | 539,880 |
| $1939 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 24,395 | 10,857 | $9,223,865$ | $1,577,495$ | 224,464 | 1,199 | 225,662 | 11,623 | $3,972,017$ | 362,263 |
| $1940 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 24,252 | 11,799 | $10,545,717$ | $1,650,824$ | 361,066 | 14,541 | 375,607 | 10,777 | $3,290,367$ | 283,362 |
| $1941 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 24,011 | 13,301 | $14,287,334$ | $2,143,636$ | 554,781 | 170,534 | 725,315 | 9,143 | $1,789,042$ | 162,221 |
| $1942 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 22,301 | 13,234 | $17,917,314$ | $3,778,128$ | $1,051,371$ | 551,240 | $1,602,611$ | 7,564 | 869,179 | 97,690 |

TRADE

| 1933 | 137, 858 | 39, 275 | 14, 976, 095 | 435, 820 | 60,438 | 1,751 | 62, 189 | 93, 621 | 9, 222. 849 | 476, 184 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 116, 0.56 | 52, 823 | 22,949, 508 | 670, 336 | 92, 200 | 2,077 | 94, 277 | 88, 053 | 10, 061, 452 | 349, 162 |
| 1935 | 149, 426 | 57, 813 | 27, 582, 955 | 767, 428 | 105, 495 | 3,311 | 108, 806 | S7, 068 | 9,946, 860 | 301, 252 |
| 1936 | 149, 805 | 69, 263 | 34, 810, 717 | 1,136, 419 | 168, 678 | 4,868 | 173, 546 | 76, 257 | 8, 460, 652 | 213,049 |
| 1937 | 148, 019 | 62, 432 | 35, 057, 451 | 1,064, 765 | 161, 718 | 6, 668 | 168,386 | 80,652 | 10, 379, 209 | 230.798 |
| $1938 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 140, 367 | 50, 189 | 26, 812, 698 | 732,628 | 112, 087 | 1,141 | 113, 227 | 86, 198 | 11, 769, 685 | 318, 675 |
| $1939 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 137, 448 | 62,381 | 34, 242,656 | 1,020,385 | 162, 137 | 2,619 | 164,756 | 71,881 | 7,980, 554 | 209, 654 |
| $1940 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 137, 105 | 70,361 | 39, 670, 278 | 1, 257, 497 | 260, 579 | 32, 729 | 293, 308 | 63, 668 | 6,919,912 | 178, 545 |
| $1941 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 134, 901 | 87, 155 | 52, 791, 637 | 2,205, 242 | 496, 162 | 362, 577 | 858, 739 | 44,947 | 4,246,567 | 133, 668 |
| 1942ad ${ }^{55}$ | 125, 260 | 86,468 | $51,925,230$ | 2,630,797 | 506, 957 | 882, 733 | 1,389, 690 | 36, 151 | 3, 087, 017 | 84,933 |

SERVICE—PROFESSIONAL, AMUSEMENTS, HOTELS, ETC.

| 1933 | 47, 843 | 7,566 | 868,980 | 60,982 | 8,478 | 239 | 8,717 | 35,419 | 1,952, 228 | 378,023 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 50,989 | 11, 194 | 1,561,845 | 107, 807 | 14, 863 | 348 | 15, 211 | 34, 718 | $1,812,431$ | 283, 406 |
| 1935 | 54, 560 | 13,358 | 1, 803, 935 | 127, 448 | 17. 514 | 729 | 18, 243 | 36, 289 | 1,903, 785 | 268, 518 |
| 1936 | 64, 426 | 18,445 | 2, 545, 580 | 232, 164 | 31,534 | 912 | 32, 446 | 41,258 | $2,103,413$ | 243, 235 |
| 1937 | 65, 272 | 19, 191 | 2, 625, 377 | 225, 726 | 32,508 | 1,638 | 34, 146 | 41,017 | 2,211, 927 | 210, 064 |
| 1938ad ${ }^{55}$ | 48, 156 | 12,711 | 2, 298, 463 | 169, 118 | 24,961 | 287 | 25, 247 | 31,067 | 1, 722,930 | 117, 573 |
| $1939 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 49, 034 | 14, 907 | 2. 522, 806 | 190,860 | 28,685 | 357 | 29,042 | 30, 068 | I, 667,302 | 108, 930 |
| 1940ad ${ }^{55}$ | 51, 285 | 17, 496 | 2,967, 544 | 215, 990 | 38, 907 | 2,281 | 41. 188 | 29, 709 | 1, 502, 012 | 104, 706 |
| 1941 $\mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 50,765 | 21, 431 | 3, 566, 027 | 276.800 | 62, 119 | 17,975 | 80, 094 | 25, 664 | 1, 353, 161 | 85, 024 |
| 1942ad ${ }^{55}$ | 48,256 | 23, 666 | 4,521, 330 | 442,811 | 96, 212 | 98,335 | 194,547 | 21, 133 | 1,004, 446 | 62, 896 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

Table 20.-Corporation returns, 1933-1942,1 10 in aggregate and by industrial groups, ${ }^{54}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Gross income $^{3}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Income } \\ & \operatorname{tax}^{5} \end{aligned}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | Num- | Gross income ${ }^{8}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

FINANCE-BANKING, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, HOLDING COMPANIES, STOCK AND BOND BROKERS, ETC.

| 1933 | 142, 942 | 22, 369 | 2, 725, 266 | 260, 569 | 35, 848 | 504 | 36, 352 | 99,314 | 4, 695, 482 | 2,273, 8:6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 193 | 147, 277 | 27, 257 | 3, 036, 267 | 452, 414 | 62, 108 | 742 | 62, 850 | 98, 839 | 4, 868, 813 | 1,657, 190 |
| 1935. | 143, 843 | 33, 231 | 3, 6.38, 747 | 603, 274 | 82,928 | 2,886 | 85, 814 | 91, 702 | 4, 864, 478 | 1,381,593 |
| 1936 | 132, 715 | 43, 866 | 6,371,607 | 2. 219, 938 | 142, 556 | 2,286 | 144, 842 | 71,828 | 2, 405, 346 | 771,494 |
| 1937 | 133, 992 | 43,581 | $6,000,402$ | 2, 143, 795 | 137, 051 | 2,735 | 139, 786 | 73, 498 | 2,952,308 | 802, 643 |
| $1938 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 152, 113 | 49,976 | 5, 500, 223 | 1,625, 8471 | 120, 284 | 950 | 121, 233 | 86, 351 | 2, 913, 860 | 790, 206 |
| $1939 \mathrm{ad}{ }^{55}$ | 152, 865 | 53, 823 | 5, 746, 983 | 1,697, 124 | 118,752 | 884 | 119, 6:36 | 84, 533 | 2, 863, 219 | 823, 317 |
| $1940 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 149, 199 | 56, 847 | 6, 190, 076 | 1,938, 757 | 168, 232 | 8,102 | 176, 334 | 80, 865 | 3,092,064 | 1,144, 612 |
| $1941 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 148,500 | 63, 932 | $6,925,355$ | 2,086, 012 | 250, 550 | 37, 505 | 288, 055 | 74. 701 | 3, 212,532 | 1,060, 812 |
| $1942 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 140,952 | 66, 046 | 7,215,077 | 2, 434, 510 | 317,951 | 40,718 | 358, 669 | 66,237 | 1,468, 059 | 470,815 |

CONSTRUCTION

| 1933 | 18, 235 | 2, 140 | 374, 434 | 23,638 | 3,2tis | 173 | 3,441 | 14, 112 | 704, 115 | 91,445 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 17, 751 | 3,353 | 574,874 | 31,694 | 4,358 | 190 | 4,548 | 12,585 | 681,905 | 66, 482 |
| 1935 | 17,687 | 4,212 | 789,599 | 49, 260 | 6,772 | 710 | 7,482 | 11, 808 | 703, 428 | 55,737 |
| 1936 | 17,997 | 6,202 | 1,309, 003 | 74. 136 | 11, 112 | 661 | 11,773 | 10, 443 | 703, 504 | 37,305 |
| 1937 | 18, 333 | 6,103 | 1,688, 050 | 84, 463 | 13,215 | 1,402 | 14,617 | 10,761 | 773, 852 | 36,890 |
| $1937 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 18,117 | 6, 017 | 1,524,507 | 74,605 | 11,644 | 1,307 | 12,951 | 10,642 | 726, 398 | 33, 844 |
| $1938 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 18,377 | 5,290 | 1,341,870 | 73, 296 | 11,577 | 449 | 12,026 | 11, 675 | 740, 750 | 40,820 |
| $1939 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 17,964 | 5,836 | 1, 556,418 | 79, 700 | 12, 293 | 500 | 12,793 | 10,861 | 809, 823 | 41, 228 |
| $1940 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 17, 534 | 6,988 | 2, 000, 904 | 112,920 | 21,216 | 4,271 | 25,487 | 9,388 | 658,026 | 36, 884 |
| $1941 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 16,657 | 8,452 | 3, 183, 519 | 210, 208 | 43, 280 | 42,258 | 85, 537 | 7,117 | 487, 578 | 25, 380 |
| $1942 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 15,322 | 8,445 | 4, 528, 442 | 364, 220 | 47, 744 | 161,680 | 209,424 | 5,744 | 368,682 | 21,675 |

AGRICULTURE AND RELATED INDUSTRIES

| 1933 | 10,490 | 1,44:3 | 178,040 | 14, 894 | 2,102 | 55 | 2,157 | 7,818 | 217, 090 | 60,212 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19:34 | ${ }^{9} 10,525$ | 1,995 | 296, 513 | 30,572 | 4,198 | 80 | 4,278 | ${ }^{9} 7,330$ | ${ }^{9} 238,513$ | ${ }^{9} 54,903$ |
| 1935 | 10,084 | 2,321 | 358,965 | 43,901 | 6,036 | 160 | 6,196 | 6,734 | 230,654 | 40, 253 |
| 1936 | 9,860 | 2,920 | 523,992 | 65, 837 | 8,655 | 328 | 8,983 | 6,025 | 201, 757 | 32, 707 |
| 1937 | 9, 565 | 2, 636 | 531,954 | 57, 320 | 7,479 | 359 | 7,838 | 6,067 | 251, 123 | 33, 583 |
| $1938 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 10, 702 | 2, 862 | 366, 217 | 31,820 | 4,269 | 143 | 4,413 | 6,936 | 243, 447 | 38, 336 |
| $1939 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 10, 158 | 3,090 | 423, 240 | 41,506 | 5,830 | 144 | 5,974 | 6,365 | 194, 057 | 30, 225 |
| $1940 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 10,397 | 3,642 | 489, 253 | 51, 165 | 9,507 | 552 | 10, 058 | 6, 103 | 163, 000 | 36, 032 |
| $1941 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 9,833 | 4, 431 | 637, 637 | 84, 395 | 19, 223 | 4,369 | 23, 592 | 4,814 | 124, 966 | 24,241 |
| $1942 \mathrm{ad}^{55}$ | 9,054 | 4,607 | 708, 487 | 97, 175 | 22, 801 | 17,687 | 40,488 | 3,922 | 105, 816 | 17,419 |

NATURE OF BUSINESS NOT GIVEN

| 1933 | 11,511 | 228 | 1,899 | 479 | 67 | 2 | 69 | 1,262 | 7,643 | 5,838 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934. | 12,458 | 188 | 2,071 | 908 | 125 | 2 | 127 | 1,251 | 3, 546 | 5,058 |
| 1935 | 14, 961 | 163 | 1,771 | 560 | 77 | 6 | 83 | 1,560 | 3,720 | 9, 168 |
| 1936 | 14, 080 | 197 | 2,630 | 648 | 84 | 2 | S6 | 1,482 | 5,222 | 5,209 |
| 1937 | 12, 021 | 172 | 3,669 | 661 | 85 | 6 | 91 | 1,510 | 5,488 | 4,152 |
| 1938 | 17, 284 | 798 | 115,981 | 5, 202 | 778 | 19 | 797 | 3,328 | 90,040 | 14,696 |
| 1939 | 18, 178 | 896 | 72,973 | 5, 530 | 746 | 18 | 764 | 3, 388 | 37, 365 | 12, 296 |
| 1940 | 22,474 | 1,600 | 75,981 | 8,897 | 1,423 | 89 | 1,512 | 5, 4.33 | 48,274 | 57,959 |
| 1941 | 22, 529 | 2,176 | 154, 521 | 18,349 | 3,629 | 1,511 | 5, 140 | 5, 123 | 38, 470 | 38, 317 |
| 1942 | 20, 140 | 2,044 | 185,949 | 22, 236 | 4,647 | 3,837 | 8,484 | 3,980 | 32, 516 | 28,231 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

Table 21.-Corporation returns, 1933-1942, 110 in aggregate for the United States and by States and Tcrritories, ${ }^{62}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Total <br> num- | Returns with net income |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ber |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| of re- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| turns |  |  |  |  |  |  |

UNITED STATES

| 1933 | 504,080 | 109, 786 | 46 | 2, 985, 972 |  | 6,976 | 68 | 337, 056 | 5 | 39 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 528, 895 | 145, 101 | 62, 929,954 | 4, 275, 197 | 588, 375 | 7,673 | 596, 048 | 324, 703 | 37, 910, 299 | 4, 181, 027 |
| 1935 | 533, 631 | 164, 231 | 77, 441, 566 | 5, 164, 723 | 710, 156 | 24,969 | 735, 125 | 312,882 | 36, 494, 664 | 3, 468,774 |
| 1936 | 530, 779 | 203, 161 | 104, 763, 755 | 9, 478, 241 | $1,169,765$ | 21, 613 | 1,191, 378 | 275, 696 | 27, 514, 178 | 2, 152, 024 |
| 1937 | 529,097 | 192,028 | 108, 989, 095 | 9, 634, 837 | $1,232,837$ | 43, 335 | 1,276, 172 | 285, 810 | 32, 977, 981 | 2, 2S0, 846 |
| 1938. | 520, 501 | 169,884 | 80, 068, 303 | 6,525, 979 | 853,578 | 5,988 | 859, 566 | 301, 148 | 39, 927, 538 | 2, 85s, 038 |
| 1939 | 515, 060 | 199, 479 | 105, 457. 187 | 8, 826, 713 | 1,216,450 | 15, 806 | 1,232, 256 | 270, 138 | 26, 977, 788 | 2, 092, 148 |
| 1940 | 516, 78.3 | 220.977 | 124, 977, 573 | 11, 203, 224 | 2, 144, 292 | 404, 254 | 2,548, 546 | 252, 065 | 22, 830, 422 | 2, 283, 795 |
| 1941 | 509, 066 | 264, 625 | $174,976,815$ | 18, 111, 095 | 3, 714, 568 | 3,423, 334 | 7,167,902 | 204, 278 | 15, 113, 023 | 1,778, 553 |
| 1942 | 479, 677 | 263,942 | 205, 863, 810 | 24, 052, 358 | 4, 337, 728 | 787,918, 668 | 7812,256, 396 | 172, 723 | 11,473, 657 | 1,000, 746 |

ALABAMA

| 1933 | 3, 827 | 916 | 175, 190 | 8,140 | 1,105 | 84 | 1,189 | 2,416 | 160,538 | 21,503 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 3,797 | 1,295 | 241, 750 | 10,940 | 1,504 | 64 | 1,568 | 2.098 | 181.338 | 18, 497 |
| 1935 | 3, 725 | 1,306 | 251, 185 | 11, 121 | 1,530 | 62 | 1,592 | 2,065 | 215, 737 | 15, 781 |
| 1936 | 3,617 | 1,618 | 427, 548 | 25. 291 | 3,707 | 225 | 3,932 | 1,687 | 131, 826 | 8,736 |
| 1937 | 3, 572 | 1,542 | 463, 431 | 29, 532 | 4,462 | 291 | 4,753 | 1,764 | 133, 143 | 7,557 |
| 1938 | 3, 470 | 1,395 | 324,951 | 17,129 | 2,581 | 27 | 2,608 | 1,822 | 180,626 | 11,153 |
| 1939 | 3, 4:32 | 1,612 | 431.586 | 25, 213 | 3,958 | 60 | 4,018 | 1,593 | 135, 082 | 8, 222 |
| 1949 | 3, 391 | 1,761 | 572, 033 | 43, 682 | 8,908 | 1,830 | 10,738 | 1,435 | 88, 861 | 6,386 |
| 1941 | 3, 323 | 2,084 | 883,598 | 90, 943 | 20,349 | 18,914 | 39, 263 | 1,045 | 45, 074 | 3, 542 |
| 1942 | 3, 108 | 2,077 | 1,101, 767 | 129, 511 | 21, 255 | 55, 914 | 77,169 | 853 | 36,465 | 2,689 |

A LASKA


ARKANSAS

| 1933. | 2,325 | 740 | 87, 568 | 3,981 | 545 | 28 | 573 | 1,460 | 82, 670 | 8,949 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 193 | 2, 366 | 907 | 133, 632 | 6,002 | 825 | 34 | 859 | 1,336 | 82, 131 | 6,576 |
| 1935 | 2, 533 | 1,028 | 158,696 | 7, 101 | 976 | 47 | 1,023 | 1,324 | 89, 846 | 5, 684 |
| 1936. | 2, 530 | 1,291 | 238, 373 | 13, 313 | 1, 718 | 112 | 1,830 | 1,051 | 69, 047 | 3, 316 |
| 1937 | 2,551 | 1,178 | 246, 553 | 14, 007 | 1,873 | 137 | 2,010 | 1,141 | 75, 625 | 3,471 |
| 1938. | 2, 581 | 1,087 | 207, 393 | 11, 903 | 1,784 | 23 | 1,807 | 1,211 | 82, 393 | 5, 039 |
| 1939 | 2,479 | 1,245 | 255, 368 | 14,553 | 2,213 | 49 | 2, 261 | 1,001 | 56, 240 | 3,193 |
| 1940 | 2, 554 | 1,382 | 294,496 | 19, 309 | 3,871 | 221 | 4,092 | 908 | 42,007 | 2, 933 |
| 1941 | 2, 403 | 1,533 | 384, 290 | 31,670 | 7,752 | 3,106 | 10,857 | 687 | 30, 476 | 2, 202 |
| 1942 | 2,233 | 1,556 | 425, 530 | 37, 029 | 7,413 | 10, 802 | 18,215 | 531 | 22, 974 | 1,827 |

For footnotes, sce pp. 352-357.

Table 21.-Corporation returns, 1933-1942,110 in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{62}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | Net income | Income $\operatorname{tax}^{5}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | Num- | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |
| CALIFORNIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933. | 23, 700 | 5, 264 | 2, 052, 632 | 156, 571 | 21,644 | 335 | 21,979 | 15,352 | 1, 703, 344 | 269, 010 |
| 1934-- | 25, 106 | 7, 112 | 2, 790, 876 | 228, 691 | 31, 449 | 382 | 31, 831 | 14, 675 | 1, 714,305 | 227, 850 |
| 1935. | 25, 246 | 8,623 | 3, 584, 160 | 265, 864 | 36, 557 | 1,253 | 37, 810 | 13, 500 | 1, 600, 398 | 170, 684 |
| 1936 | 24,999 | 10, 253 | 5, 007, 807 | 507,369 | 60, 831 | 1,294 | 62,115 | 11, 851 | 1, 106,527 | 102, 776 |
| 1937 | 25, 120 | 9, 705 | 5, 219, 431 | 527, 987 | 67,383 | 3,655 | 71,038 | 12, 280 | 1, 295, 450 | 98, 353 |
| 1938 | 24,416 | 8,539 | 4,472, 305 | 398, 170 | 54, 061 | 362 | 54,422 | 12, 790 | 1, 419, 994 | 128,790 |
| 1939 | 24,097 | 9, 221 | 5, 075, 513 | 434, 985 | 61,084 | 830 | 61, 913 | 11,911 | 1, 322, 157 | 97, 551 |
| 1940 | 24, 261 | 10, 111 | 5, 597, 594 | 499, 053 | 96, 611 | 10, 814 | 107, 425 | 11, 103 | 1, 251,657 | 135, 229 |
| 1941 | 23, 606 | 11, 546 | 8, 163, 134 | 849, 312 | 184, 835 | 154, 035 | 3.38, 870 | 9,081 | 765, 906 | 99, 810 |
| 1942 | 21,708 | 11,864 | 10, 842, 574 | 1,356, 116 | 270, 148 | 446, 194 | 716,342 | 7, 120 | 502, 714 | 52,637 |

## COLORADO

| 1333 | 6,705 | 1,098 | 296,951 | 25,825 | 3,557 | 75 | 3,632 | 4,251 | 233, 981 | 33, 471 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 6, 824 | 1,559 | 385, 308 | 32, 985 | 4,536 | 103 | 4,639 | 3,851 | 203, 057 | 24, 175 |
| 1935 | 6, 660 | 1,854 | 440, 918 | 38, 338 | 5, 271 | 208 | 5,479 | 3,604 | 204,970 | 24, 252 |
| 1936 | 6, 463 | 2,300 | 611, 121 | 60,733 | 8,044 | 310 | 8,354 | 3,012 | 185, 305 | 19, 263 |
| 1937 | 6,071 | 2,030 | 572, 856 | 56, 590 | 7,294 | 292 | 7,586 | 3,001 | 231,672 | 22, 100 |
| 1938 | 5,609 | 1,737 | 452,441 | 40, 120 | 5,541 | 42 | 5,583 | 2,948 | 230,510 | 19,080 |
| 1939 | 5,355 | 1,862 | 527, 415 | 46, 794 | 6,982 | 74 | 7, 05.6 | 2, 650 | 178, 765 | 15,751 |
| 1940 | 5, 126 | 1,873 | 573, 308 | 51, 056 | 10,056 | 475 | 10,531 | 2,556 | 154,780 | 14,420 |
| 1941 | 4,820 | 2,161 | 667,364 | 73, 769 | 17,885 | 7,355 | 25, 2.39 | 2,016 | 137, 480 | 15, 575 |
| 1942 | 4,415 | 2,278 | 814, 451 | 97, 377 | 20,515 | 19,847 | 40,362 | 1,598 | 60,627 | 6,521 |

## CONNECTICUT

| 1933 | 8, 521 | 1,861 | 663, 841 | 50,968 | 7,069 | 52 | 7,121 | 6, 101 | 754,143 | 70,773 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 8,948 | 2,385 | 962, 925 | 73, 219 | 10, 073 | 42 | 10,115 | 5,940 | 711, 228 | 71,179 |
| 1935 | 9, 051 | 2, 708 | 1, 226, 404 | 90, 438 | 12, 434 | 190 | 12, 624 | 5, 748 | 638,072 | 56, 061 |
| 1936 | 9,219 | 3, 107 | 1,626, 666 | 143, 740 | 19, 635 | 398 | 20, 0:33 | 5,248 | 574,765 | 47, 405 |
| 1937 | 9,398 | 3,388 | 1, 854, 232 | 151,486 | 21, 540 | 735 | 22, 275 | 5,460 | 581, 708 | 66, 36 I |
| 1938. | 9, 292 | 2,727 | 1, 140, 490 | 100, 335 | 14,326 | 71 | 14,397 | 5, 988 | 307, 677 | 80, 829 |
| 1939 | 9,286 | 3, 556 | 1, 726, 156 | 149,057 | 22,401 | 265 | 22, 666 | 5,166 | 510, 568 | 47,909 |
| 1940 | 9, 348 | 4,220 | 2, 229,643 | 224, 109 | 46, 996 | 20,341 | 67, 337 | 4,565 | 453, 059 | 44, 185 |
| 1941 | 9,335 | 5,305 | 3, 515, 087 | 491, 587 | 90, 760 | 163,651 | 254,411 | 3,455 | 443,472 | 20, 742 |
| 1942 | 9,025 | 5,330 | 4, 227, 566 | 647, 743 | 83, 161 | 246, 174 | 329, 335 | 3, 125 | 163, 602 | 11, 208 |

DELAWARE

| 1933 | 2,106 | 472 | 530, 692 | 62, 291 | 8,688 | 123 | 8, 811 | 1,356 | 658, 344 | 79,425 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 2,572 | 706 | 760, 149 | 93, 329 | 12,882 | 145 | 13, 027 | 1,509 | 570, 810 | 48,572 |
| 1935 | 2,888 | 883 | 872, 425 | 128, 568 | 17,677 | 588 | 18, 265 | 1,628 | 857, 074 | 77, 547 |
| 1936 | 3,224 | 1,598 | 1,463, 262 | 490,945 | 36, 908 | 275 | 37, 183 | 1,196 | 114,951 | 23, 054 |
| 1937 | 3,177 | 1,605 | 1,661,258 | 531,088 | 39, 244 | 374 | 39, 618 | 1,174 | 134,477 | 15,611 |
| 1938 | 3, 200 | 1, 434 | 1, 096, 411 | 354. 622 | 28, 443 | 129 | 23,572 | 1,380 | 373, 261 | 25, 492 |
| 1939 | 3, 109 | 1,553 | 1,496, 931 | 428, 234 | 38, 584 | 264 | 38, 848 | 1,181 | 113, 656 | 12,415 |
| 1910 | 3,175 | 1,617 | 1,731, 456 | 488,952 | 69, 504 | 19,638 | 89, 142 | 1,216 | 103, 676 | 39, 230 |
| 1911 | 3,110 | 1,788 | 2, 201, 526 | 604, 452 | 96, 033 | 108, 788 | 204, 822 | 1,016 | 66, 819 | 32, 098 |
| 1912 | 2, 551 | 1,480 | 2, 557,489 | 587, 884 | 113,628 | 131, 376 | 245, 004 | 811 | 46, 613 | 11,301 |

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

| 1933 | 2,445 | 653 | 216, 810 | 13,914 | 1,948 | 14 | 1,962 | 1,554 | 211, 183 | 29, 876 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 2,598 | 918 | 305, 696 | 22, 871 | 3, 145 | 49 | 3, 194 | 1,428 | 221, 222 | 22, 199 |
| 1935 | 2,750 | 1,158 | 375, 784 | 27, 023 | 3, 713 | 120 | 3, 833 | 1,399 | 230,133 | 13, 705 |
| 1936 | 2, 818 | 1,333 | 451, 802 | 46,287 | 5,817 | 113 | 5,930 | 1,279 | 236, 633 | 7,872 |
| 19.37 | 2, 847 | 1,219 | 453, 204 | 42, 195 | 5,313 | 101 | 5,414 | 1,403 | 247, 764 | 6,892 |
| 1938 | 2,798 | 1,152 | 434, 995 | 36, 032 | 4,700 | 36 | 4,736 | 1,416 | 230, 186 | 10, 226 |
| 1939 | 2, 710 | 1,310 | 625, 030 | 46,468 | 6,008 | 36 | 6,044 | 1,180 | 94, 256 | 6,700 |
| 1940. | 2,679 | 1,442 | 609, 473 | 51, 559 | 9,244 | 458 | 9, 702 | 1,056 | 198, 812 | 7,897 |
| 1941 | 2, 667 | 1,662 | 916, 864 | 92, 615 | 22, 414 | 5,307 | 27, 721 | 827 | 71, 234 | 5, 240 |
| 1942 | 2,523 | 1,680 | 1, 130,578 | 164, 268 | 40,310 | 36, 643 | 76,952 | 671 | 52,590 | 3,164 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

Table 21.-Corporation returns, 1935-1942, 10 in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{62}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Num. ber | Gross $_{\text {income }}$ | Net in- come | $\operatorname{Income}^{\text {In }}$ | Excess profits taxes 6 | Total tax | Number | Gross income ${ }^{8}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |
| FLORIDA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933 | 9,263 | 1,541 | 186, 016 | 8,471 | 1,161 | 48 | 1,209 | 5,892 | 207,694 | 44,546 |
| 1934 | 9,609 | 2, 332 | 326, 861 | 16,458 | 2, 265 | 81 | 2,346 | 5. 423 | 208, 254 | 35, 260 |
| 1935 | 9,863 | 2,651 | 399,849 | 22,106 | 3, 039 | 173 | 3,212 | 5, 539 | 227, 302 | 30,952 |
| 1936 | 9,866 | 3,456 | 533, 051 | 40, 840 | 4,981 | 278 | 5,259 | 4,923 | 211,325 | 24, 105 |
| 1937 | 9,750 | 3,203 | 535, 851 | 40,296 | 4,904 | 347 | 5,251 | 5,187 | 263, 185 | 23,385 |
| 1938 | 9,485 | 3, 024 | 472, 687 | 33, 542 | 4,511 | 107 | 4,619 | 5,274 | 272, 831 | 27,045 |
| 1939 | 9,450 | 3,403 | 602,992 | 40,502 | 5, 878 | 150 | 6,028 | 4,909 | 201,367 | 17, 785 |
| 1940 | 9,487 | 3,955 | 741,952 | 54,776 | 10, 136 | 949 | 11.085 | 4,581 | 187, 469 | 19, 194 |
| 1941 | 9,381 | 4,255 | 912,964 | 72,711 | 16,285 | 6,482 | 22, 767 | 4,237 | 179,485 | 20, 159 |
| 1942. | 8,355 | 4,343 | 1,020, 425 | 97, 444 | 18,143 | 25,849 | 43, 992 | 3,371 | 98, 050 | 11,761 |

GEORGIA

| 1933 | 5,556 | 1,825 | 406, 807 | 22,769 | 3,115 | 84 | 3,199 | 3,349 | 202, 500 | 20,330 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 5,900 | 2,277 | 565, 990 | 35, 126 | 4,830 | 71 | 4,901 | 3, 153 | 228, 405 | 22, 628 |
| 1935 | 5, 830 | 2,381 | 504, 588 | 26, 683 | 3,669 | 133 | 3,802 | 3, 044 | 299,471 | 18,706 |
| 1936 | 5,721 | 2,880 | 860, 409 | 63,953 | 8,490 | 247 | 8,737 | 2, 535 | 191, 617 | 11,066 |
| 1937 | 5,600 | 2,626 | 888, 360 | 61,186 | 8,609 | 385 | 8,994 | 2,722 | 230, 260 | 12,798 |
| 1938 | 5,473 | 2,410 | 748, 363 | 54, 102 | 8,197 | 48 | 8,245 | 2,821 | 217, 266 | 12, 407 |
| 1939 | 5, 423 | 2, 697 | 887, 304 | 69.108 | 10,873 | 140 | 11, 012 | 2,495 | 179, 494 | 9,835 |
| 1940 | 5,473 | 2,994 | 1,076, 992 | 85,692 | 17, 821 | 1,698 | 19,519 | 2,258 | 155, 698 | 8,790 |
| 1941 | 5,425 | 3,460 | 1,474, 529 | 129,944 | 30, 847 | 17,090 | 47,937 | 1.710 | 95, 340 | 6,380 |
| 1942. | 5,111 | 3,525 | 1,795, 804 | 211,955 | 41,897 | 71,113 | 113,010 | 1,375 | 59, 547 | 4,844 |

HAWAII

| 1933 | 768 | 329 | 156, 898 | 19,518 | 2,680 | 14 | 2,694 | 413 | 50, 812 | 5,878 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 791 | 371 | 176,327 | 16,586 | 2,281 | 9 | 2, 290 | 392 | 40,655 | 4,711 |
| 1935. | 798 | 457 | 227, 150 | 31, 236 | 4,294 | 56 | 4,350 | 313 | 21,900 | 4,207 |
| 1936. | 818 | 533 | 261, 764 | 47, 421 | 5, 535 | 56 | 5,591 | 253 | 20,395 | 2,386 |
| 1937 | 808 | 533 | 271, 649 | 41,319 | 4,959 | 140 | 5,099 | 250 | 29,303 | 1,950 |
| 1938 | 801 | 514 | 224, 246 | 23, 762 | 2,734 | 14 | 2,747 | 265 | 79.244 | 6,654 |
| 1939. | 809 | 503 | 261, 257 | 28,604 | 3,729 | 12 | 3, 741 | 283 | 30,390 | 2,027 |
| 1940 | 824 | 571 | 336, 213 | 35, 522 | 6,510 | 832 | 7,342 | 230 | 23, 864 | 1,541 |
| 1941 | 799 | 608 | 390,023 | 54, 796 | 11,844 | 6,791 | 18,636 | 172 | 49, 660 | 1,278 |
| 1942.-.- | 764 | 652 | 442, 703 | 75, 656 | 14,273 | 25,028 | 39,301 | 89 | 2,130 | 352 |

ID A HO

| 1933 | 2, 295 | 470 | 42, 957 | 2,046 | 280 | 9 | 289 | 1,078 | 47, 434 | 6,418 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 2,270 | 593 | 69,703 | 3,690 | 502 | 19 | 521 | 966 | 41, 224 | 4,715 |
| 1935 | 2,269 | 653 | 84,461 | 6,435 | 885 | 22 | 907 | 898 | 47,137 | 3,403 |
| 1936 | 2,150 | 780 | 122, 589 | 10,373 | 1,323 | 74 | 1,397 | 747 | 35, 490 | 7,707 |
| 1937. | 2,160 | 694 | 122,328 | 12, 202 | 1,599 | 181 | 1,780 | 791 | 32, 795 | 2,949 |
| 1938. | 2,069 | 577 | 83, 230 | 7,212 | 1,025 | 13 | 1,038 | 804 | 41, 435 | 3,135 |
| 1939. | 1,991 | 631 | 103, 836 | 9,027 | 1,289 | 16 | 1,305 | 708 | 36, 284 | 2,052 |
| 1940 | 1,944 | 698 | 142,475 | 13,565 | 2,600 | 106 | 2,706 | 6.38 | 18,970 | 1,902 |
| 1941 | 1,820 | 738 | 174,071 | 18,340 | 4,486 | 1,760 | 6,247 | 536 | 17,979 | 1,520 |
| 1942 | 1,760 | 738 | 202,904 | 25, 546 | 5,227 | 7,824 | 13,051 | 450 | 19,613 | 1,598 |

ILLINOIS

|  | $1933 \ldots \ldots-2,266$ | 7,259 | $5,337,930$ | 220,079 | 30,722 | 579 | 31,301 | 21,731 | $3,899,593$ | 548,081 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $1934 \ldots$ | 34,845 | 9,974 | $7,446,960$ | 368,385 | 50,791 | 799 | 51,590 | 21,099 | $3,608,633$ | 448,458 |
| $1935 \ldots \ldots$ | 35,331 | 11,506 | $9,006,547$ | 461,663 | 63,479 | 2,823 | 66,302 | 20,120 | $3,546,361$ | 335,000 |
| $1936 \ldots \ldots$ | 35,923 | 14,708 | $11,910,172$ | 793,017 | 113,741 | 2,167 | 115,908 | 17,592 | $2,462,778$ | 202,203 |
| $1937 \ldots \ldots$ | 36,281 | 13,823 | $11,405,520$ | 780,947 | 117,478 | 3,936 | 121,414 | 18,607 | $4,029,226$ | 207,519 |
| $1938 \ldots \ldots$ | 35,621 | 12,102 | $8,781,601$ | 488,698 | 71,702 | 606 | 72,308 | 19,803 | $4,675,540$ | 247,741 |
| $1939 \ldots \ldots$ | 35,409 | 14,695 | $11,976,234$ | 700,077 | 105,965 | 1,482 | 107,447 | 17,260 | $2,359,192$ | 171,006 |
| $1940 \ldots \ldots$ | 34,905 | 16,241 | $13,699,128$ | 921,383 | 187,529 | 32,927 | 220,456 | 15,579 | $1,926,709$ | 239,280 |
| $1941 \ldots \ldots$ | 34,298 | 18,940 | $19,041,362$ | $1,479,489$ | 316,296 | 288,961 | 605,257 | 12,298 | $1,150,578$ | 138,125 |
| $1942 \ldots \ldots$ | 32,214 | 18,716 | $21,731,790$ | $2,007,261$ | 380,358 | 682,402 | $1,062,761$ | 10,521 | $2,177,527$ | 73,745 |

Eor footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

Table 21.-Corporation returns, 1993-1942, 110 in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{62}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Num- | Gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\underset{\text { tax }^{5}}{\text { Income }}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | Number | Gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Defficit |

INDIANA


KANSAS

| 1933 | 4, 833 | 1,175 | 205, 823 | 8,203 | 1,131 | 33 | 1,164 | 3,131 | 294, 673 | 21, 944 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934. | 4,955 | 1.674 | 493, 750 | 19,990 | 2, 772 | 49 | 2,821 | 2, 829 | 218, 757 | 20,256 |
| 1935. | 4,841 | 1, $8: 32$ | 491, 601 | 20,360 | 2,811 | 89 | 2,900 | 2. 663 | 252, 944 | 22, 370 |
| 1936 | 4, 6:37 | 2,312 | 678, 084 | 42, 674 | 5,541 | 114 | 5,655 | 2,042 | 216, 199 | 12, 113 |
| 1937 | 4, 561 | 2,057 | 595, 947 | 28, 759 | 3,996 | 168 | 4. 164 | 2,224 | 328, 728 | 10, 462 |
| 1938 | 4,450 | 1,998 | 508,457 | 24,547 | 3,292 | 36 | 3,328 | 2,204 | 264,395 | 10,726 |
| 1939 | 4,359 | 2,070 | 569,946 | 27, 656 | 3,969 | 49 | 4,018 | 2,055 | 214, 718 | 10,997 |
| 1940 | 4,247 | 2,214 | 602,447 | 39, 291 | 7. 800 | 487 | 8,287 | 1,796 | 216, 470 | 9, 703 |
| 1941 | 4,116 | 2, 539 | 996, 236 | 88, 769 | 22,715 | 6,281 | 28,996 | 1,350 | 75, 438 | 5,501 |
| 1942 | 3,874 | 2,556 | 1,281,861 | 209,601 | 62, 472 | 40,228 | 102, 700 | 1,075 | 38,804 | 2,950 |

KENTUCKY

| 1933 | 5, 103 | 1,439 | 349, 713 | 23,933 | 3,316 | 110 | 3,426 | 3,141 | 245,309 | 29,766 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934. | 5,299 | 1,892 | 576. 013 | 43.978 | 6.047 | 100 | 6,147 | 2,895 | 267, 830 | 24, 001 |
| 1935 | 5,252 | 2,120 | 736, 180 | 46,686 | 6,419 | 173 | 6,592 | 2. 661 | 187,697 | 19, 178 |
| 1936 | 5,158 | 2,547 | 947, 637 | 67, 875 | 10.260 | 297 | 10, 557 | 2,215 | 137, 846 | 13, 342 |
| 1937 | 4,961 | 2,345 | 907, 035 | 56, 820 | 8,409 | 401 | 8,810 | 2, 282 | 193, 395 | 11, 196 |
| 1938. | 4,882 | 2,103 | 757,379 | 45, 551 | 6,889 | 72 | 6,961 | 2,448 | 212,806 | 15, 334 |
| 1939 | 4, 370 | 2, 362 | 904, 800 | 65, 183 | 10, 223 | 136 | 10,359 | 2,170 | 165, 292 | 10,511 |
| 1940 | 4,778 | 2,466 | 1,005, 011 | 73, 280 | 15, 482 | 1,353 | 16,835 | 1,994 | 173, 011 | 9,661 |
| 1941 | 4,654 | 2, 899 | 1,396, 731 | 132,979 | 32, 422 | 16,793 | 49,214 | 1,478 | 80,289 | 6,365 |
| 1942 | 4,311 | 2,846 | 1,542, 682 | 186,394 | 31, 114 | 75, 462 | 106,575 | 1,205 | 65,263 | 3,688 |

## LOUISIANA

| 1933 | 6, 605 | 1,502 | 384, 501 | 21, 130 | 2,963 | 83 | 3,045 | 4,315 | 237, 503 | 48,511 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 6,995 | 2, 012 | 527, 452 | 31, 487 | 4,357 | 68 | 4,425 | 4,144 | 262, 124 | 30, 565 |
| 1935 | 6,850 | 2,325 | 626, 077 | 35, 823 | 4,923 | 313 | 5,236 | 3,784 | 279, 803 | 46, 257 |
| 1936 | 6,541 | 2,805 | 898, 472 | 62,750 | 8,047 | 300 | 8,347 | 3,113 | 182,928 | 21, 666 |
| 1937 | 6,382 | 2, 689 | 859, 373 | 67,880 | 9,197 | 456 | 9,653 | 3,098 | 225, 259 | 13, 689 |
| 1938 | 6,212 | 2,552 | 734,945 | 51,762 | 6,999 | 89 | 7,088 | 3,094 | 239,658 | 24, 135 |
| 1939 | 6,119 | 2, 751 | 743, 152 | 52, 287 | 7,560 | 127 | 7,688 | 2,834 | 263, 414 | 14,495 |
| 1940 | 6,092 | 2,796 | 852, 278 | 63,400 | 12, 294 | 1,288 | 13, 582 | 2,748 | 202, 536 | 12,927 |
| 1941 | 5, 901 | 3,263 | 1, 206,355 | 115,735 | 25,848 | 12,596 | 38, 445 | 2,178 | 102,478 | 9,499 |
| 1942 | 5,576 | 3,322 | 1,287, 293 | 119, 744 | 24, 140 | 34, 472 | 58,612 | 1,776 | 57, 017 | 5,401 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

Table 21.-Corporation returns, 1933-1942, ${ }^{10}$ in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{62}$ for returns zith net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net ineome: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | - |  | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Income } \\ \operatorname{tax}^{5} \end{gathered}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | Number | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{1}$ |
| MAINE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933 | 3,771 | 854 | 153, 431 | 10, 119 | 1,380 | 22 | 1,402 | 2, 454 | 189,082 | 38, 067 |
| 1954 | 3, 8971 | 1,087 | 191,809 | 12, 638 | 1,743 | 27 | 1,770 | 2,313 | 181, 155 | 21, 097 |
| 1935 | 3,912 | 1,111. | 219,382 | 13, 110 | 1,843 | 67 | 1,910 | 2,336 | 178,297 | 16,949 |
| 1936 | 3, 810 | 1,358 | 297,612 | 22,357 | 2,753 | 75 | 2, 828 | 2,038 | 180, 114 | 11,817 |
| 1937 | 3, 787 | 1,312 | 312, 183 | 24, 495 | 3, 166 | 70 | 3, 236 | 2,040 | 202,944 | 13, 862 |
| 1335 | 3,697 | 1,106 | 222, 023 | 18, 131 | 2,527 | 35 | 2,562 | 2,214 | 194, 401 | 20,518 |
| 1939 | 3, 645 | 1,335 | 320,055 | 25, 826 | 3, 741 | 103 | 3,844 | 1,936 | 153, 793 | 11, 014 |
| 1940 | 3,595 | 1.426. | 399, 912 | 30, 054 | 5,857 | 471 | 6, 328 | 1,806 | 135, 433 | 7,672 |
| 1941 | 3,570 | 1,779 | 613, 968 | 59,313 | 13.950 | 6,167 | 20, 116 | 1,459 | 76,901 | 8,961 |
| 1942. | 3,353 | 1.831 | 749,670 | 70,281 | 13,598 | 22, 174 | 35, 772 | 1,226 | 45, 742 | 5,195 |

MARYLAND

| 1933 | 6,313 | 1,653 | 1,260, 465 | 55,447 | 7,659 | 80 | 7,739 | 3,836 | 577, 569 | 102, 824 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 6,740 | 2, 187 | 687, 119 | 55,948 | 7,581 | 143 | 7,724 | 3,735 | 593, 365 | 70, 417 |
| 1935 | 6,776 | 2,324 | 793,415 | 55, 806 | 7,608 | 201 | 7,809 | 3, 663 | 600, 357 | 79, 132 |
| 1936 | 6,326 | 2,653 | 1,327, 578 | 124,717 | 14,274 | 250 | 14,524 | 2,971 | 265, 758 | 32, 660 |
| 1937 | 6,212 | 2,519 | 1,134,486 | 122,519 | 15,089 | 455 | 15,544 | 2,975 | 532, 737 | 36, 795 |
| 1938 | 6,102 | 2,340 | 851,509 | 93, 811 | 11,527 | 98 | 11,625 | 3,086 | 522, 391 | 49, 429 |
| 1939 | 6.030 | 2,700 | 1, 118, 453 | 117,498 | 14, 175 | 195 | 14,370 | 2,745 | 420, 466 | 38, 940 |
| 1940 | 6,095 | 2,957 | 1,221,715 | 126, 154 | 22, 486 | 4,051 | 26,537 | 2,544 | 466, 167 | 28, 814 |
| 1911 | 6,032 | 3,357 | 1,977,432 | 208, 602 | 43,457 | 26, 855 | 70,312 | 2,056 | 145, 263 | 22, 223 |
| 1942 | 5,658 | 3,331 | 2, 505, 538 | 300, 407 | 61,446 | 83, 118 | 144,564 | 1,773 | 117,292 | 16,846 |

MASSACHUSETTS

| 1933 | 19,972 | 5,174 | 2,492,028 | 177, 754 | 24.779 | 451 | 25, 230 | 13, 720 | 1,616,687 | 226,791 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 21, 206 | 6, 188 | 2,557.615 | 177, 365 | 24, 388 | 216 | 24, 604 | 13, 622 | 1,872, 967 | 172, 298 |
| 1935 | 21, 699 | 7,027 | 3, 298, 510 | 223, 173 | 30,686 | 1,124 | 31, 810 | 13,321 | 1,650, 133 | 164,745 |
| 1936 | 22,047 | 8,756 | 4,327,695 | 350. 995 | 43,101 | 837 | 43, 938 | 11,95 | 1,356,513 | 122, 652 |
| 1937 | 22,548 | 8,034 | 4,060, 493 | 290. 559 | 37. 265 | 1,250 | 38,515 | 13, 191 | 1,852, 242 | 127, 758 |
| 1938 | 22, 704 | 7,198 | 3, 245, 803 | 213, 237 | 27,695 | 256 | 27,951 | 14, 236 | 1, 862,458 | 162, 437 |
| 1939 | 23,116 | 9,185 | 4,398, 385 | 311, 012 | 43,291 | 714 | 44,005 | 12,763 | 1,328, 435 | 120,218 |
| 1940 | 23, 652 | 10,284 | 4,933, 870 | 367, 955 | 71, 220 | 14,321 | 85, 540 | 12, 250 | 1, 268, 813 | 152, 720 |
| 1941 | 23, 973 | 13,577 | 7,470.577 | 675,476 | 142, 795 | 123, 470 | 266, 266 | 9, 434 | 819, 249 | 133, 767 |
| 1942 | 23, 255 | 14,347 | 8,868,981 | 1,005, 151 | 158, 303 | 359, 102 | 517,405 | 8,016 | 495, 643 | 32,779 |

MICHIGAN

| 1933 | 14,798 | 3,141 | 2,391, 165 | 176,627 | 25,110 | 184 | 25, 294 | 9,947 | 1,306, 356 | 169, 299 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 15, 582 | 4, 742 | 4,918,522 | 282, 582 | 38, 862 | 325 | 39, 187 | 9, 103 | 950, 968 | 126.068 |
| 1935 | 16, 166 | 5,946 | 7, 115, 810 | 456, 526 | 62.772 | 6,143 | 68,915 | 8,370 | 719,647 | 106, 842 |
| 1936 | 16, 202 | 7,347 | 8, 508,399 | 720, 735 | 107, 357 | 1,801 | 109, 158 | 7, 131 | 774, 621 | 67, 998 |
| 1937 | 16, 424 | 6,860 | 8, 420, 984 | 680, 228 | 105, 248 | 1,984 | 107, 232 | 7,717 | 875, 543 | 75, 939 |
| 1938 | 15, 917 | 5, 210 | 4,705, 052 | 370,627 | 56, 556 | 160 | 56, 716 | 8,901 | 1,745, 221 | 132, 130 |
| 1939 | 15, 883 | 6,752 | 6,908,658 | 609, 127 | 94,979 | 601 | 95, 580 | 7,389 | 762, 237 | 72,922 |
| 1940 | 15, 667 | 7,728 | 9,017, 900 | 871, 227 | 188,896 | 61,994 | 250, 890 | 6,390 | 625,103 | 60,488 |
| 1941 | 15, 035 | 8,832 | 12, 278, 185 | 1,325, 949 | 273, 327 | 356, 670 | 629,998 | 4,834 | 390, 415 | 52, 891 |
| 1942 | 14, 035 | 8, 730 | 11,371,607 | $1,342,289$ | 258, 184 | 470, 437 | 728,622 | 4,049 | 278, 138 | 30,886 |

MINNESOTA

| 1933 | 10,792 | 2,373 | 995, 647 | 44,779 | 6,284 | 77 | 6,361 | 6,855 | 651, 229 | 103, 034 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 11,298 | 3,185 | 1,326,095 | 59,810 | 8,236 | 151 | 8,387 | 6,414 | 676,997 | 91, 804 |
| 1935 | 11, 214 | 3,683 | 1, 589, 448 | 68, 070 | 9,358 | 310 | 9,668 | 5,847 | 608, 656 | 64,388 |
| 1936 | 11,133 | 4, 520 | 2,090, 451 | 123, 540 | 14,824 | 417 | 15, 241 | 4,937 | 500,172 | 42,158 |
| 1937 | 10, 637 | 4, 114 | 1, 820, 448 | 105,687 | 14,568 | 607 | 15, 175 | 4,960 | 754, 943 | 49, 100 |
| 1938 | 10, 379 | 3, 674 | 1,629,951 | 79,568 | 11, 107 | 128 | 11, 235 | 5, 109 | 594, 360 | 54,512 |
| 1939 | 10,151 | 4,086 | 1, 864, 418 | 111, 853 | 16,336 | 167 | 16,502 | 4,584 | 514,862 | 42,385 |
| 1940 | 9,937 | 4,503 | 2, 090, 328 | 133, 041 | 25, 730 | 2,445 | 28, 175 | 4,069 | 453, 644 | 36,867 |
| 1941 | 9,664 | 5,002 | 2, 802, 242 | 204,527 | 47, 410 | 23, 419 | 70,829 | 3,364 | 257, 912 | 27, 183 |
| 1942...- | 9,083 | 5,119 | 3,467,087 | 335, 038 | 79,193 | 79,369 | 158, 562 | 2,739 | 213, 781 | 13, 555 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

Table 21.-Corporation returns, 1933-1942, 110 in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{62}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returus with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Gross incomes | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\text { tax }^{5}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | Number | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |
| MISSISSIPPI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933 | 2,337 | 644 | 71,080 | 2,856 | 391 | 12 | 403 | 1,461 | 77, 530 | 10,731 |
| 1934 | 2,326 | 835 | 119, 709 | 4,670 | 639 | 23 | 662 | 1,325 | 81, 179 | 8, 811 |
| 1935 | 2, 374 | 910 | 132, 141 | 6, 015 | 827 | 42 | 869 | 1,299 | 88, 206 | 7,802 |
| 1936 | 2,372 | 1, 196 | 224, 101 | 12, 137 | 1,656 | 198 | 1,854 | 1,013 | 5S, 018 | 4,918 |
| 1937 | 2,429 | 1,125 | 212, 661 | 12,447 | 1,695 | 144 | 1,839 | 1,112 | 70, 226 | 5,343 |
| 1938 | 2, 433 | 1,021 | 166, 799 | 9, 206 | 1,347 | 27 | 1,374 | 1,221 | 84, 561 | 5,437 |
| 1939 | 2, 509 | 1,212 | 214, 732 | 11, 285 | 1,699 | 44 | 1,743 | 1,082 | 68,55? | 4,596 |
| 1940 | 2,518 | 1,215 | 250, 863 | 13, 801 | 2, 556 | 183 | 2,739 | 1,105 | 64, 264 | 1,496 |
| 1941 | 2,425 | 1,421 | 360,929 | 24,632 | 5,545 | 2,805 | 8,350 | 849 | 32, 802 | 3,538 |
| 1942 | 2,180 | 1,461 | 416, 463 | 35,966 | 7,081 | 10,413 | 17,494 | 600 | 19,892 | 1,586 |
| MISSOURI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933 | 15,594 | 4,014 | 1,478, 323 | 100, 036 | 13,796 | 186 | 13,982 | 9,769 | 976,015 | 151,477 |
| 1934 | 15, 835 | 4,879 | 2,018,558 | 142, 891 | 19, 661 | 256 | 19,917 | 9, 151 | 939, 236 | 132, 813 |
| 1935 | 15,906 | 5,305 | 2, 084, 450 | 134, 044 | 18, 431 | 402 | 18, 933 | 8,765 | 1,134,084 | 126, 250 |
| 1936 | 15, 467 | 6,486 | 2, 584,109 | 222, 864 | 30.908 | 811 | 31, 719 | 7,356 | 945,625 | 70,446 |
| 1937 | 15, 157 | 5, 884 | 2, 878, 862 | 217, 784 | 32, 336 | 1,270 | 33, 606 | 7,668 | 1,195, 824 | 94, 791 |
| 1938 | 14, 790 | 5,564 | 2, 577, 004 | 192, 215 | 29,021 | 222 | 29, 243 | 7, 708 | 1,139, 320 | 100, 015 |
| 1939 | 14, 515 | 6,372 | 3, 040, 314 | 240, 432 | 37, 655 | 404 | 3S, 059 | 6,735 | 791,661 | 69, 610 |
| 1940 | 14,309 | 6,645 | 3, 315, 890 | 263, 294 | 55, 292 | 4,824 | 60, 116 | 6,359 | 709, 596 | 62, 768 |
| 1941 | 14,020 | 7,816 | 4,689,927 | 417, 057 | 94, 310 | 61, 200 | 155, 509 | 4,954 | 360, 865 | 30, 207 |
| 1942 | 13, 111 | 8,015 | 5,670,926 | 638,838 | 137, 987 | 170,511 | 305, 498 | 4,084 | 176, 814 | 15,166 |

MONTANA

| 1933. | 2,933 | 630 | 50,459 | 2,036 | 279 | 7 | 286 | 1,938 | 59,639 | 7,595 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 2,967 | 937 | 116, 143 | 5,520 | 759 | 28 | 787 | 1, 647 | 46,340 | 8,047 |
| 1935 | 2,978 | 1, 053 | 159, 290 | 8,622 | 1,186 | 54 | 1,240 | 1, 524 | 50,810 | 5,632 |
| 1936. | 2,822 | 1,048 | 164, 962 | 10,609 | 1,485 | 61 | 1,546 | 1,428 | 50.960 | 4,454 |
| 1937 | 2,692 | 939 | 150, 954 | 8,745 | 1,211 | 43 | 1,254 | 1,423 | 69, 663 | 4,889 |
| 1938 | 2,679 | 923 | 136, 500 | 9,077 | 1,320 | 24 | 1,343 | 1,367 | 58, 167 | 4,696 |
| 1939 | 2, 552 | 1,022 | 167, 368 | 11,661 | 1,747 | 31 | 1,778 | 1.190 | 42, 063 | 3,114 |
| 1940 | 2, 502 | 1,117 | 191, 123 | 14, 601 | 2, 598 | 131 | 3.029 | 1,053 | 37, 096 | 3,103 |
| 1941 | 2,374 | 1,167 | 216, 732 | 18,667 | 4,728 | 942 | 5,670 | 942 | 30, 275 | 3,515 |
| 1942 | 2,155 | 1,171 | 224,357 | 23, 807 | 5,506 | 4,693 | 10,200 | 742 | 20,272 | 2,403 |

NEBRASKA

| 1933 | 4,473 | 1,180. | 216, 265 | 9,813 | 1, 360 | 18 | 1,378 | 2, 844 | 168, 021 | 21, 783 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 4,611 | 1,379 | 342, 666 | 19.905 | 2,737 | 54 | 2,791 | 2,784 | 136, 803 | 17, 823 |
| 1935 | 4,494 | 1,613 | 331, 669 | 15.994 | 2,198 | 71 | 2,269 | 2,459 | 152,093 | 12,950 |
| 1936 | 4,394 | 1,940 | 473, 178 | 32, 674 | 4,624 | 126 | 4,750 | 2,074 | 119,615 | 10, 756 |
| 1937 | 4,511 | 1,626 | 432, 455 | 27,368 | 3,919 | 106 | 4,025 | 2,319 | 163, 445 | 11,815 |
| 1938 | 4,342 | 1,552 | 369, 558 | 26, 660 | 4,019 | 35 | 4,05t | 2,298 | 163, 454 | 12, 777 |
| 1939 | 4,266 | 1, 766 | 432, 223 | 29,724 | 4,541 | 33 | 4,574 | 2,007 | 129, 584 | 15, 195 |
| 1940 | 4,162 | 1,905 | 488, 728 | 36,503 | 7,381 | 374 | 7,755 | 1,792 | 107, 736 | 14,392 |
| 1941 | 4, 052 | 2, 208 | 659, 596 | 49, 740 | 11,916 | 5,469 | 17,415 | 1,426 | 87, 379 | 15,516 |
| 1942. | 3,722 | 2,378 | 928, 064 | 83,529 | 16, 325 | 24,621 | 40, 916 | 1,013 | 32,558 | 2,635 |

NEVADA

| 1933 | 888 | 106 | 246,211 | 6,727 | 953 | 13 | 966 | 502 | 26, 832 | 15,992 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 956 | 195 | 133, 357 | 3,403 | 468 | 18 | 486 | 493 | 33, 599 | 4,656 |
| 1935 | 968 | 227 | 176, 435 | 3,213 | 442 | 17 | 459 | 474 | 24, 710 | 2,039 |
| 1936 | 929 | 299 | 222, 917 | 11,789 | 994 | 45 | 1,039 | 397 | 16, 426 | 1,953 |
| 1937. | 940 | 275 | 184, 033 | 8,574 | 767 | 18 | 785 | 415 | 95, 537 | 2,007 |
| 1938 | 881 | 259 | 251, 150 | 8,672 | 882 | 5 | 887 | 394 | 13,528 | 2,187 |
| 1939. | 904 | 280 | 265, 000 | 12, 644 | 1,289 | 12 | 1,300 | 406 | 11, 127 | 1,686 |
| 1940. | 909 | 302 | 271, 903 | 14,543 | 2,387 | 177 | 2,565 | 399 | 14,677 | 1, 895 |
| 1941 | 897 | 356 | 332, 962 | 12,754 | 2,784 | 826 | 3,609 | 346 | 10,958 | 1, 704 |
| 1942...- | 807 | 361 | 630, 193 | 17,340 | 4,837 | 2,897 | 7,734 | 273 | 7,755 | 1,221 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

Table 21.-Corporation returns, 1933-1942,1 10 in aggregate for the United States and. by States and Territories, ${ }^{62}$ for returns with net income and returns uith no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | Net income | $\underset{\text { tax }^{5}}{\text { Income }}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total | $\mathrm{Num}_{\text {Ner }}$ | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |
| NEW HAMPSHIRE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933.- | 1,412 | 400 | 75,778 | 5,005 | 689 | 13 | 702 | 943 | 67, 653 | 7,488 |
| 1934.- | 1,472 | 509 | 105, 102 | 7,760 | 1,066 | 8 | 1,074 | 865 | 73, 149 | 6,141 |
| 1935.-. | 1,464 | 523 | 112, 329 | 7,074 | 973 | 28 | 1,001 | 879 | 70, 422 | 5,246 |
| 1936... | 1,447, | 624 | 159, 062 | 10,716 | 1,489 | 49 | 1,538 | 777 | 66.089 | 6,009 |
| 1937.-. | 1,429 | 624 | 179, 042 | 13, 407 | 1,813 | 97 | 1,910 | 759 | 57, 262 | 2,614 |
| 1938--- | 1,485 | 559 | 142, 432 | 9,579 | 1,384 | 16 | 1,401 | 869 | 65, 345 | 4,380 |
| 1939... | 1,484 | 647 | 180, 744 | 12, 707 | 1,885 | 25 | 1,910 | 782 | 57,331 | 3,480 |
| 1940 | 1,479 | 706 | 200, 813 | 13, 646 | 2,776 | 358 | 3, 135 | 722 | 53,576 | 3, 132 |
| 1941 | 1,492 | 869 | 302, 578 | 25, 766 | 5,759 | 4,387 | 10,147 | 583 | 37,424 | 2,517 |
| 1942 | 1,408 | 864 | 383, 219 | 33, 988 | 6,459 | 10, 784 | 17, 243 | 503 | 21,932 | 1,481 |

NEW JERSEY

| 1933 | 23, 902 | 3, 599 | 1,236,745 | 125, 456 | 17,395 | 154 | 17, 549 | 17,972 | 1,551, 898 | 315, 246 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 25, 383 | 4,747 | 1,785,940 | 167, 161 | 23, 036 | 135 | 23, 171 | 18, 104 | 1,393.616 | 194, 846 |
| 1935 | 26,354 | 5, 670 | 2,011, 271 | 180, 725 | 24, 868 | 374 | 25, 242 | 18, 286 | 1,504, 629 | 175, 382 |
| 1936 | 26,647 | 7,138 | 2, 730,652 | 373, 429 | 41, 536 | 405 | 41,941 | 17,356 | 1,348, 464 | 125, 619 |
| 1937 | 27, 481 | 7,091 | 2, 831, 569 | 354, 245 | 37, 136 | 823 | 37,959 | 18, 156 | 1, 425,500 | 127, 458 |
| 1938 | 27, 587 | 6,505 | 2,359, 129 | 269,959 | 30.069 | 209 | 30, 278 | 18, 880 | 1, 477,643 | 135, 080 |
| 1939 | 27, 820 | 7,925 | 3,024, 892 | 342, 29.1 | 41,261 | 675 | 41,936 | 17, 723 | 1, 174, 987 | 125, 570 |
| 1940 | 28, 430 | 9,355 | 3, 617, 332 | 411,971 | 70, 192 | 13, 875 | 84, 067 | 17, 036 | 1, 121, 507 | 183, 071 |
| 1941 | 29,086 | 12,632 | 5, 245, 304 | 620.782 | 117.365 | 127, 465 | 244, 830 | 14,522 | 924, 264 | 89,514 |
| 1942 | 27, 860 | 13, 297 | 6, 262, 746 | 887, 661 | 133, 333 | 227, 599 | 360,932 | 12,657 | 620,914 | 52, 819 |

NEW MEXICO

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $1933 \ldots \ldots$ | 1,132 | 241 | 24,325 | 1,117 | 154 | 6 | 160 | 656 | 20,541 | 3,429 |
| $1934 \ldots \ldots$ | 1,181 | 347 | 41,407 | 2,059 | 283 | 14 | 297 | 596 | 20,127 | 2,569 |
| $1935 \ldots \ldots$ | 1,133 | 387 | 46,644 | 2,151 | 296 | 17 | 313 | 532 | 19,112 | 1,840 |
| $1936 \ldots \ldots$ | 1,079 | 466 | 67,376 | 4,217 | 506 | 36 | 542 | 450 | 14,212 | 1,472 |
| $1937 \ldots \ldots$ | 1,032 | 462 | 73,559 | 4,075 | 533 | 43 | 576 | 429 | 18,637 | 1,314 |
| $1938 \ldots \ldots$ | 1,003 | 406 | 53,003 | 2,876 | 373 | 11 | 384 | 463 | 24,613 | 2,084 |
| $1939 \ldots \ldots$ | 997 | 446 | 64,080 | 3,747 | 524 | 9 | 533 | 422 | 18,848 | 1,663 |
| $1940 \ldots \ldots$ | 962 | 455 | 71,343 | 4,265 | 733 | 40 | 773 | 401 | 16,657 | 1,133 |
| $1941 \ldots \ldots$ | 935 | 504 | 81,523 | 5,908 | 1,345 | 306 | 1,651 | 326 | 12,393 | 1,134 |
| $1942 \ldots-\ldots$ | 831 | 478 | 84,402 | 7,809 | 1,682 | 1,491 | 3,173 | 292 | 8,851 | 1,746 |

NEW YORK


For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.
[able 21.-Corporation returns, 1933-1942,110 in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{62}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total num. ber of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}^{3}}{\text { Income }}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | $\underset{\text { Ner }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

NORTH DAKOTA


OKLAHOMA

| 1933 | 5,975 | 1,396 | 254,399 | 27,059 | 3,716 | 125 | 3,841 | 3,892 | 492,528 | 62,469 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934. | 6,060 | 1,834 | 474,389 | 49, 076 | 6,747 | 139 | 6,886 | 3, 563 | 641, 305 | 47,637 |
| 1935 | 6,073 | 2,063 | 745, 883 | 61,861 | 8,506 | 330 | 8,836 | 3, 375 | 500, 882 | 39,216 |
| 1936. | 5,701 | 2,318 | 1,143, 638 | 81, 217 | 10, 855 | 158 | 11, 013 | 2,875 | 272,346 | 31,908 |
| 1937 | 5,591 | 2,234 | 1,215, 198 | 98, 706 | 13, 441 | 498 | 13, 939 | 2,824 | 318, 242 | 24,922 |
| 1938 | 5, 363 | 1,991 | 747,398 | 62, 850 | 9,219 | 42 | 9, 261 | 2,876 | 500, 539 | 31, 732 |
| 1939 | 5,424 | 2,019 | 852, 127 | 62,955 | 9,233 | 73 | 9,306 | 2,830 | 427, 294 | 21,966 |
| 1940 | 5,308 | 2, 203 | 940, 164 | 74, 716 | 15,214 | 544 | 15,758 | 2,614 | 370, 742 | 24,221 |
| 1941 | 4,909 | 2, 463 | 1,399, 325 | 116,695 | 29,973 | 6,637 | 36, 610 | 2,056 | 128, 803 | 18,267 |
| 1942 | 4,488 | 2,460 | 1,472,183 | 131,631 | 35, 531 | 22, 238 | 57, 769 | 1,667 | 82, 254 | 7,368 |
| OREGON |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933 | 6,247 | 1,058 | 177, 766 | 5,448 | 757 | 17 | 774 | 3,861 | 205, 485 | 37,095 |
| 1934 | 6,093 | 1,427 | 242, 517 | 9, 235 | 1,269 | 24 | 1,293 | 3,481 | 226, 652 | 23, 080 |
| 1935 | 5, 813 | 1,702 | 327,687 | 13,830 | 1,901 | 95 | 1,996 | 3,208 | 212, 128 | 22, 138 |
| 1936 | 5,635 | 2,023 | 469, 177 | 24,911 | 3, 520 | 154 | 3, 674 | 2,813 | 180, 964 | 13, 461 |
| 1937 | 5,396 | 1,848 | 435, 038 | 22, 550 | 3,290 | 200 | 3,490 | 2,779 | 222, 574 | 14, 559 |
| 1938 | 5,112 | 1,532 | 340, 711 | 16,899 | 2,470 | 27 | 2,497 | 2,802 | 211,087 | 16,787 |
| 1939 | 4,878 | 1,773 | 422, 188 | 21, 982 | 3,310 | 72 | 3,382 | 2, 415. | 185,955 | 14, 586 |
| 1940 | 4,725 | 1,954 | 527, 793 | 34,982 | 7,052 | 1,339 | 8,391 | 2, 154 | 141, 153 | 12,384 |
| 1941 | 4,547 | 2,302 | 802, 412 | 68, 642 | 14,758 | 13,088 | 27, 846 | 1,675 | 77,000 | 7,806 |
| 1942 | 3,99; | 2,33C | 1,119,114 | 110, 786 | 16, 721 | 41,657 | 58, 378 | 1,221 | 37, 736 | 3,260 |

PENNSYLVANIA

| 1933 | 26,665 | 6, 107 | $3,028,214$ | 225,937 | 31 | 566 | 32, 120 | 17, 462 | 3,259, 577 | 409,019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 28, 646 | 8, 104 | 4,322, 117 | 330, 524 | 45, 409 | 481 | 45, 890 | 17, 255 | 3, 570, 752 | 319,758 |
| 1935 | 28,284 | 8,949 | 4,971, 903 | 349,627 | 48, 072 | 1,159 | 49, 231 | 16,416 | 3, 519, 121 | 248,056 |
| 1936 | 27, 829 | 10,824 | 7,605, 936 | 674, 798 | 82, 484 | 1,349 | 83, 833 | 14, 230 | 2, 415, 908 | 158, 157 |
| 1937 | 27,087 | 10,154 | 9,052, 583 | 715, 560 | 93, 396 | 3,894 | 97, 290 | 14,050 | 2, 203, 165 | 168,972 |
| 1938 | 25, 843 | 7,849 | $5,146,512$ | 429,682 | 57,077 | 350 | 57, 427 | 15, 324 | $3,720,160$ | 226, 674 |
| 1939 | 25, 094 | 9,869 | 8,330, 291 | 692, 260 | 94, 234 | 1,602 | 95, 836 | 12, 809 | 1, 918, 232 | 149, 259 |
| 1940 | 24, 522 | 10,853 | $10,400,635$ | 924, 601 | 180,664 | 41, 867 | 222, 531 | 11, 499 | 1, 460, 130 | 150,812 |
| 1941 | 23, 987 | 13, 168 | 14, 669, 176 | 1, 530, 575 | 312,957 | 347, 262 | 660,219 | 8, 805 | 976, 480 | 110, 110 |
| 1942 | 22, 465 | 13, 005 | 17,296, 174 | 2, 100, 579 | 358,970 | 772,478 | 1,131, 448 | 7,712 | 770,898 | 66,130 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

Table 21.-Corporation returns, 1933-1942,1 10 in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, 62 for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Cont nued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net iucome ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Num- | Gross <br> income ${ }^{3}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | Number | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

RHODE ISLAND
$\left.\begin{array}{r|r|r|r|r|r|r|r|r|r}\hline & & & & & & \\ 1933 \ldots- & 3,272 & 846 & 314,510 & 22,401 & 3,093 & 55 & 3,148 & 2,143 & 217,066\end{array}\right) 37,079$

SOUTH CAROLINA

| 1933 | 3,245 | 1,078 | 224, 948 | 15, 727 | 2,130 | 70 | 2,200 | 1,871 | 91,936 | 14, 064 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 3,322 | 1,334 | 263, 916 | 14, 109 | 1,940 | 26 | 1,966 | 1,704 | 111, 456 | 9, 154 |
| 1935 | 3,447 | 1,394 | 275, 669 | 11,774 | 1,619 | 41 | 1,660 | 1,794 | 134, 764 | 7,408 |
| 1936. | 3, 557 | 1,689 | 414, 756 | 22,920 | 3, 543 | 166 | 3,709 | 1,568 | 86, 290 | 6,292 |
| 1937. | 3,413 | 1,553 | 430, 311 | 26, 451 | 4,597 | 369 | 4,966 | 1,614 | 119.821 | 6,872 |
| 1938 | 3, 349 | 1,356 | 299, 399 | 13, 584 | 2,101 | 31 | 2,133 | 1,731 | 147, 691 | 8,244 |
| 1939 | 3,405 | 1,677 | 433, 562 | 23, 107 | 3, 692 | 49 | 3,741 | 1,491 | 95, 057 | 4,212 |
| 1940 | 3, 434 | 1, 800 | 529, 147 | 33, 524 | 6,780 | 667 | 7,447 | 1, 404 | 71,073 | 5,509 |
| 19.41 | 3,397 | 2,009 | 792, 090 | 86, 123 | 18,551 | 20,622 | 39, 173 | 1,150 | 44, 710 | 2,455 |
| 1942 | 3,148 | 2,010 | 1,055, 574 | 134.585 | 17,930 | 65, 263 | 83, 192 | 903 | 41,932 | 1,849 |

SOUTH DAKOTA

| 1933 | 2,876 | 509 | 36, 871 | 1,004 | 137 | 4 | 141 | 1,734 | 42,327 | 4,016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 2,811 | 692 | 56,905 | 1,735 | 239 | 10 | 249 | 1, 543 | 40.813 | 4,274 |
| 1935 | 2,699 | 755 | 74,962 | 2,206 | 303 | 12 | 315 | 1,421 | 38, 937 | 3, 145 |
| 1936 | 2,515 | 810 | 87, 611 | 3,410 | 420 | 28 | 448 | 1,285 | 40, 234 | 2,332 |
| 1937 | 2,348 | 653 | 77, 087 | 2,663 | 348 | 9 | 357 | 1,348 | 48, 178 | 2, 527 |
| 1938 | 2, 208 | 712 | 71,442 | 2,850 | 405 | 7 | 412 | 1,213 | 40, 211 | 1,845 |
| 1939 | 2,159 | 797 | 85, 182 | 3,828 | 551 | 19 | 570 | 1,110 | 33, 898 | 1,673 |
| 1940 | 2, 134 | 918 | 100, 341 | 4,447 | 782 | 37. | 819 | 974 | 26, 814 | 1,103 |
| 1941 | 2,063 | 1,037 | 127, 668 | 6, 22s | 1,388 | 305 | 1,693 | 794 | 18. 604 | 936 |
| 1942.--- | 1,945 | 1,124 | 159,418 | 10,755 | 2,379 | 1,911 | 4,290 | 612 | 12,065 | 9,304 |

TENNESSEE

| 1933 | 5,215 | 1,510 | 414, 280 | 24,473 | 3,371 | S6 | 3.467 | 3,179 | 223, 299 | 29,553 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 5,239 | 1,968 | 527, 941 | 28, 511 | 3,920 | 92 | 4.012 | 2, 858 | 233, 119 | 23, 960 |
| 1935 | 5,359 | 2,128 | 618, 005 | 33,141 | 4. 557 | 175 | 4,732 | 2, 814 | 227, 056 | 18, 223 |
| 1936. | 5, 212 | 2, 582 | 860, 5.58 | 53, 267 | 7, 868 | 338 | 8, 206 | 2, 274 | 161,954 | 12, 422 |
| 1937. | 5, 073 | 2,356 | 828. 127 | 49, 22 S | 7,447 | 381. | 7,828 | 2,386 | 233. 258 | 12,486 |
| 1938 | 4,879 | 2, 238 | 707, 079 | 40.372 | 6,309 | 79 | 6,35? | 2,347 | 231,716 | 12, 548 |
| 1939 | 4,791 | 2, 468 | 846.511 | 55.267 | 8, 865 | 230 | 9.095 | 2. 072 | 178.912 | 13, 374 |
| 1940 | 4,731 | 2, 625 | 970. 218 | 63, 856 | 13,320 | 1,573 | 14, 893 | 1,874 | 144.083 | 10,942 |
| 1941 | 4,706 | 3,029 | 1,344,509 | 109. 271 | 25,609 | 15, 953 | 41. 561 | 1,424 | 98, 902 | 8,566 |
| 1942 | 4,340 | 2,981 | 1,563, 867 | 154, 418 | 28,630 | 53, 070 | 81, 700 | 1,141 | 55,405 | 4,496 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

TAble 21.-Corporation returns, 1933-1942,1 10 in aggregate for the United States and by States and T'erritories, ${ }^{62}$ for returns with nct income and returns uith no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


TEXAS

| 1933 | 15,168 | 4,198 | 1,057, 647 | 57,596 | 7,968 | 366 | 8,334 | 9,296 | 578, 827 | 106,726 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 15, 582 | 5, 343 | 1,389, 776 | 92,504 | 12, 721 | 340 | 13,061 | 8,649 | 868, 403 | 108, 099 |
| 1935 | 15, 675 | 5,772 | 1,920, 227 | 103, 850 | 14,301 | 549 | 14,850 | 8,373 | 719, 347 | 75,325 |
| 1936 | 15,977 | 7,170 | 2, 822, 031 | 213, 131 | 29, 262 | 878 | 30, 140 | 7,340 | 536, 298 | 50,724 |
| 1937 | 16, 074 | 7. 251 | 3, 242, 701 | 248, 041 | 34,973 | 2,146 | 37, 119 | 7, 170 | 592, 006 | 54,035 |
| 1938 | 15, 743 | 6,495 | 2, 354, 511 | 184, 322 | 25,922 | 283 | 26, 206 | 7,692 | 1,028, 872 | 66, 008 |
| 1939 | 15, 723 | 6,933 | 2, 476, 394 | 181, 416 | 26, 294 | 309 | 26,603 | 7, 250 | 961, 478 | 53, 797 |
| 1940 | 15,711 | 7,366 | 3, 118, 243 | 213, 437 | 42, 8.39 | 1. 802 | 44,641 | 6,887 | 563, 391 | 58,335 |
| 1941 | 14,951 | 8,198 | 4,084, 639 | 369, 480 | 88, 908 | 21,750 | 110,658 | 5,499 | 374, 732 | 39,900 |
| 1942 | 13,692 | 8,028 | 4, 237, 377 | 402, 552 | 94, 414 | 86,328 | 180,741 | 4,527 | 233, 287 | 31, 619 |

UTAH

| 1933 | 2,923 | 615 | 98, 744 | 5,387 | 741 | 16 | 757 | 1,688 | 90, 107 | 14, 025 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 2,902 | 802 | 151,093 | 7,606 | 1,043 | 19 | 1,062 | 1, 550 | 80, 449 | 9,991 |
| 1935 | 2, 842 | 901 | 173, 666 | 9,358 | 1,287 | 44 | 1,331 | 1,451 | 79,437 | 7,096 |
| 1936 | 2,810 | 1,091 | 232, 821 | 16,532 | 1,960 | 55 | 2,015 | 1,249 | 59, 133 | 5,988 |
| 1937 | 2, 691 | 1,008 | 233, 999 | 17, 867 | 2,258 | 120 | 2,378 | 1,226 | 77, 428 | 6,607 |
| 1938 | 2,759 | 938 | 187,045 | 12, 173 | 1,606 | 15 | 1,621 | 1,293 | 83, 910 | 5,625 |
| 1939 | 2,646 | 1,015 | 251,077 | 16,550 | 2,262 | 29 | 2,291 | 1,187 | 57, 488 | 3,554 |
| 1940 | 2,555 | 1,108 | 264,723 | 22,070 | 4,097 | 390 | 4,486 | 1,058 | 65, 802 | 3,623 |
| 1941 | 2,486 | 1,214 | 336,885 | 30,695 | 7,243 | 2,517 | 9, 760 | 887 | 49,256 | 3,467 |
| 1942 | 2,402 | 1,333 | 404, 034 | 43, 169 | 10, 146 | 8,762 | 18,907 | 707 | 29, 721 | 3,550 |

VERMONT

| 1933 | 1,184 | 291 | 44, 715 | 2, 273 | 308 | 5 | 313 | 826 | 48, 924 | 5,898 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 1,244 | 404 | 65, 284 | 4,005 | 551 | 6 | 557 | 767 | 49, 680 | 4, 890 |
| 1935 | 1,241 | 413 | 81, 531 | 4,797 | 658 | 19 | 677 | 757 | 53, 377 | 4,733 |
| 1936 | 1,219 | 507 | 111, 188 | 6,601 | 964 | 43 | 1,007 | 652 | 49,914 | 3,953 |
| 1937 | 1,182 | 482 | 115, 149 | 7,602 | 1,233 | 61 | 1,294 | 642 | 52,372 | 3,317 |
| 1938 | 1,192 | 423 | 83, 211 | 5,538 | 730 | 21 | 751 | 700 | 64, 405 | 5,334 |
| 1939 | 1,231 | 471 | 107, 808 | 8,862 | 1,271 | 28 | 1,299 | 700 | 58, 068 | 4,253 |
| 1940 | 1,220 | 521 | 136, 201 | 15, 064 | 3,109 | 2,061 | 5, 170 | 632 | 51, 526 | 3, 552 |
| 1941 | 1,199 | 631 | 211, 229 | 25,059 | 4,395 | 6,795 | 11, 190 | 517 | 28, 344 | 3,237 |
| 1942 | 1,152 | 587 | 259, 186 | 41,756 | 4,823 | 15,797 | 20,620 | 507 | 28,001 | 1,898 |

- VIRGINIA

| 1933 | 6,815 | 1,930 | 610 | 43,882 | 6,060 | 113 | 6,173 | 4,211 | 266,697 | 62,341 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 6,893 | 2, 542 | 641, 816 | 54,682 | 7,519 | 99 | 7,618 | 3,794 | 230, 031 | 36,450 |
| 1935 | 6, 876 | 2,742 | 697, 714 | 56, 778 | 7, 507 | 156 | 7,963 | 3,639 | 247, 877 | 39, 703 |
| 1936. | 6,846 | 3,282 | 909, 028 | 94,794 | 14, 287 | 252 | 14, 539 | 3,100 | 216,083 | 25, 072 |
| 1937 | 6, 832 | 3,229 | 988, 325 | 108, 187 | 15, 260 | - 398 | 15, 658 | 3,184 | 235, 851 | 22, 214 |
| 1938. | 6,894 | 3,031 | 820, 207 | 77, 105 | 11,513 | 106 | 11,619 | 3,415 | 302, 389 | 29, 480 |
| 1939 | 6,946 | 3,541 | 1, 074, 907 | 116,481 | 17, 866 | 456 | 18,321 | 3,019 | 210, 124 | 21, 478 |
| 1940 | 7,085 | 3,963 | 1,276,922 | 145, 858 | 31, 197 | 4,990 | 36,187 | 2,718 | 202, 589 | 25,922 |
| 1941 | 7,044 | 4,601 | 1, 727, 820 | 217, 055 | 49, 714 | 34,773 | 84, 487 | 2,091 | 185, 154 | 17,478 |
| 1942. | 6,658 | 4,472 | 2, 195, 447 | 301,066 | 49,591 | 111, 249 | 160,840 | 1,875 | 81,196 | 8,448 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

Table 21.-Corporation returns, 1933-1942,110 in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{62}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, gross income, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Income } \\ & \operatorname{tax}^{5} \end{aligned}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

WASHINGTON

| 1933 | 11, 472 | 2, 128 | 293, 411 | 12, 805 | 1,768 | 55 | 1, 823 | 7, 206 | 401, 664 | 50,907 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 11, 457 | 2, 903 | 510,734 | 25, 764 | 3,537 | 100 | 3,637 | 6,483 | 339,317 | 36, 830 |
| 1935 | 11,556 | 3,141 | 639, 526 | 32, 449 | 4,462 | 196 | 4,658 | 6,196 | 313, 667 | 31, 598 |
| 1936 | 11, 227 | 3,894 | 883, 242 | 63, 898 | 7,718 | 253 | 7,971 | 5,319 | 279, 851 | 21, 271 |
| 1937 | 11,072 | 3, 615 | 914,624 | 65,665 | 8,084 | 465 | 8,549 | 5,350 | 312, 410 | 26,147 |
| 1938 | 10,636 | 3,088 | 650,622 | 40, 552 | 5,239 | 66 | 5, 305 | 5, 551 | 368,077 | 30, 656 |
| 1939. | 10,455 | 3, 507 | 861, 267 | 63, 825 | 8,860 | 181 | 9, 041 | 4,983 | 285, 460 | 23, 565 |
| 1940 | 10,324 | 3,986 | 1,067, 562 | 93, 976 | 17,781 | 3,658 | 21, 439 | 4, 402 | 209,903 | 24, 571 |
| 1941 | 9,979 | 4,715 | 1,615, 662 | 183, 320 | 36, 516 | 40,340 | 76, 856 | 3,346 | 126, 459 | 15,583 |
| 1942 | 9,030 | 4,699 | 2, 471, 623 | 262, 617 | 34, 796 | 118, 704 | 153, 500 | 2, 536 | 98,238 | 9,411 |

WEST VIRGINIA

| 1933 | 4,554 | 1,290 | 223, 741 | 17,919 | 2,465 | 32 | 2,497 | 2, 831 | 205,260 | 26, 105 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 4,662 | 1,726 | 430,706 | 29,008 | 3,987 | 52 | 4,039 | 2, 525 | 187, 118 | 16.991 |
| 1935 | 4,543 | 1,870 | 510, 002 | 34,388 | 4,728 | 135 | 4,863 | 2,328 | 152, 544 | 12, 825 |
| 1936 | 4,490 | 2,246 | 640, 222 | 53, 126 | 7,145 | 294 | 7,439 | 1,975 | 150, 628 | 9,356 |
| 1937 | 4,505 | 2,213 | 681,886 | 53, 056 | 7, 787 | 488 | 8,275 | 2,034 | 168,317 | 13, 590 |
| 1938 | 4,560 | 1,870 | 434, 864 | 34, 156 | 5,295 | 33 | 5,329 | 2,385 | 239,510 | 14, 744 |
| 1939 | 4,663 | 2,128 | 574, 557 | 45, 628 | 6, 743 | 143 | 6,885 | 2,190 | 152, 169 | 13, 286 |
| 1940 | 4,748 | 2,395 | 638, 269 | 49, 241 | 9,754 | 577 | 10, 331 | 2,034 | 141,834 | 10,501 |
| 1941 | 4,650 | 2,836 | 929, 206 | 89,026 | 20, 010 | 13, 103 | 33, 113 | 1,502 | 82,138 | 7, 399 |
| 1942 | 4,614 | 2,799 | 969,527 | 99, 796 | 20,680 | 28, 881 | 49,560 | 1,437 | 70,650 | 5,527 |

WISCONSIN

| 1933. | 15,852 | 3,422 | 718,626 | 37, 548 | 5,201 | 155 | 5,356 | 10, 147 | 531, 140 | 88,324 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 15,910 | 4, 559 | 1,025, 696 | 51, 209 | 7,042 | 154 | 7,196 | 9, 177 | 614,934 | 69, 613 |
| 1935 | 15, 916 | 5,087 | 1,273,028 | 62,182 | 8,552 | 294 | 8, 8.16 | 8, 600 | 616, 960 | 64,133 |
| 1936 | 15,793 | 6,427 | 1,935, 018 | 120, 224 | 18,639 | 669 | 19,308 | 7,177 | 153, 980 | 44,068 |
| 1937 | 15,595 | 6,267 | 2,030, 890 | 130,714 | 21,759 | 1,411 | 23, 170 | 7,282 | 545, 449 | 43, 766 |
| 1938 | 15, 425 | 5,140 | 1,475, 099 | 82, 092 | 12,783 | 98 | 12, 881 | 8,279 | 722, 681 | 59, 534 |
| 1939 | 14,935 | 5, 958 | 1,854, 483 | 120,094 | 19,245 | 285 | 19, 530 | 7, 237 | 451, 292 | 43, 001 |
| 1940 | 14,767 | 6,564 | 2, 175, 776 | 169,354 | 35, 628 | 9,224 | 44,851 | 6, 596 | 108, 885 | 46, 270 |
| 1941 | 14, 451 | 7,753 | 3, 170, 166 | 312, 230 | 65, 830 | 76,603 | 142, 433 | 5,162 | 284,670 | 34.563 |
| 1942. | 13, 719 | 7,922 | 4,034, 381 | 532, 208 | 68, 999 | 227, 126 | 296, 124 | 4,353 | 150, 701 | 13, 975 |

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| 1933 | 1,322 | 291 | 14,800 | 590 | 79 | 1 | 80 | 879 | 25, 870 | 4,715 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 | 1,313 | 391 | 29,056 | 1,413 | 194 | 6 | 200 | 787 | 24, 769 | 5,105 |
| 1935 | 1,297. | 443 | 37, 844 | 1,922 | 264 | 13 | 277 | 715 | 23, 007 | 1, 794 |
| 1936 | 1,247 | 553 | 48,187 | 2,757 | 344 | 13 | 357 | 570 | 20, 417 | 1,829 |
| 1937. | 1,190 | 506 | 48, 456 | 3,358 | 415 | 39 | 454 | 560 | 21,060 | 1,257 |
| 1938 | 1,187 | 508 | 41, 423 | 3,205 | 467 | 5 | 472 | 543 | 21, 441 | 1,912 |
| 1939 | 1,150 | 552 | 47, 565 | 3,960 | 516 | 16 | 532 | 479 | 16,908 | 1,332 |
| 1940 | 1,152 | 591 | 51, 857 | 4,680 | 711 | 37 | 748 | 443 | 15,918 | 902 |
| 1941 | 1,131 | 646 | 62, 864 | 7,352 | 1,562 | 337 | 1,899 | 369 | 12,577 | 1,034 |
| 1942 | 1,043 | 626 | 70,296 | 9,214 | 1,892 | 1,779 | 3,671 | 299 | 8,455 | 845 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.

Table 22.-Consolidated ${ }^{63}$ income tax returns, 1928-1942 ${ }^{164}$ (excluding excess profits tax returns filed under section 710 of the Code). ${ }^{65}$ For all consolidated returns: Number of returns and number of subsidiaries; for consolidated returns with net income and consolidated rcturns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, net income or deficit; also for consolidated returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, and income tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | All consolidatedreturns |  | Consolidated returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  | Consolidated returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns |  | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{6}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { operat- } \\ \text { ing } \\ \text { loss de- } \\ \text { duc- } \\ \text { tion } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}^{5}}{\text { Income }}$ | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{67}$ | Defficit ${ }^{4}$ |
| 1928 | 9,300 | (68) | 5,870 | 62, 534, 503 | 5, 060, 380 | 101, 242 | 591,382 | 3,430 | 7,290, 894 | 567,006 |
| 1929 | 8,754 | 30, 112 | 5,408 | 62, 453, 733 | 5, 953, 845 | 213, 892 | 631,375 | 3,346 | 10,002, 595 | 737, 358 |
| 1930 | 8,951 | 32, 209 | 4,067 | ${ }^{9} 46,258,564$ | 3, 377, 845 | 51, 045 | 398, 284 | 4,884 | 17, 397, 584 | 1, 519,519 |
| 1931 | 8,495 | 31, 307 | 2,698 | 24,075, 862 | 1, 846, 305 | 41, 131 | 216,547 | 5,797 | 26, 168, 255 | 2, 503,046 |
| 1932 | 7, 426 | 29, 232 | 1,272 | 11,048, 877 | 502, 381 | 35, 003 | 67,335 | 6,154 | 21, 086, 459 | 2, 835, 184 |
| 1933 | 7, 101 | 28,589 | 1,880 | 16, 391,348 | 833, 394 |  | ${ }^{69} 120,983$ | 5, 221 | 15, 298, 496 | 1,962,969 |
| 1934 | 70445 | 2,522 | 147 | 2, 868, 520 | 69, 444 |  | 10,315 | 298 | 2, 310, 148 | 296, 741 |
| 1935 | 63 | 464 | 9 | 353, 848 | 5, 422 |  | 854 | 54 | 2,015, 586 | 217, 281 |
| 1936 | 98 | 722 | 35 | 1,586, 159 | 114, 617 |  | 13,761 | 63 | 2,065, 261 | 159, 123 |
| 1937 | 93 | 693 | 30 | 1,325, 010 | 67,320 |  | 6,071 | 63 | 2, 324, 682 | 184, 030 |
| 1938 | 102 | 690 | 22 | 975, 011 | 41, 078 |  | 4,842 | 80 | 2, 287, 380 | 288, 825 |
| 1939 | 108 | 715 | 31 | 1, 479, 811 | 111, 244 |  | 13,353 | 77 | 2, 350,620 | 192, 767 |
| 1940 | 71112 | 709 | 44 | 2, 423, 165 | 181, 237 | 6,064 | - 32,965 | 68 | 2, 058,485 | 138,960 |
| $1941{ }^{-10} 9{ }^{-7}{ }^{-}$ | ${ }^{71} 107$ | -706 | 65 | 4, 612, 131 | 293, 036 | 40, 346 | 60, 490 | 42 | 738, 147 | 42, 451 |
| $1942 \begin{aligned} & 1072\end{aligned}$ | 942 | 5,596 | 737 | 22,619,930 | 2, 450,342 | 117, 152 | 617, 460 | 205 | 635, 548 | 65, 664 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-357.
Table 23.-Taxable excess profits tax returns, 1940-1942: ${ }^{1}$ Number of returns, excess profits net income, excess profits credit, unuscd excess profits credit adjustment, adjusted excess profits net income, and excess profits tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Excess profits net income ${ }^{78}$ | Excess profits credit ${ }^{74}$ | Unuscd execss profits credit adjustment ${ }^{75}$ | Adjusted excess profits net income ${ }^{74}$ | Excess profits tax ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 194076 | 13,440 | 2,997,937 | 2,019, 109 | Not applicable | 911, 603 | 373,511 |
| 1941 | 42, 412 | 12,072,516 | 5, 261, 799 | 290,679 | 6,334, 864 | 3,359, 186 |
| $1942{ }^{10}$ | 54, 002 | 17, 084, 370 | 5, 901, 216 | 412, 626 | 10, 494, 667 | 7,851,814 |

For footuotes, see pp. 352-357.
Table 24.-Taxable consolidated ${ }^{63}$ excess profits tax returns, 1940-1942: ${ }^{1}$ Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, excess profits net income, excess profits credit, unused excess profits credit adjustment, adjusted excess profits net income, and excess profits tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Number of subsidiaries ${ }^{66}$ | Excess profits net income ${ }^{73}$ | Excess profits credit ${ }^{74}$ | Unused excess profits credit adjustment ${ }^{75}$ | Adjusted excess profits net income ${ }^{74}$ | Excess profits tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 107 | 420 | 486, 310 | 364, 038 | Not applicable | 121, 712 | 59,118 |
| $1941{ }^{77}$ | 243 | 1,588 | 1,874,554 | 949, 285 | 90,627 | 833, 079 | 491, 636 |
| $1942{ }^{10} 72$ | 269 | 1,798 | 1,428, 685 | 641,030 | 127,777 | 658, 317 | 517, 297 |

For footnotes, see pp. 352-35̄̄.

## Footnotes for historical tables 15 to 24, pp. 320-351

${ }^{1}$ Changes in the Federal tax laws affecting the comparability of data from income tax and profits tax returns of corporations are summarized on pages 360-381; textual diseussion of comparability appears on pages $60-62$.
${ }^{2}$ The total number of returns shown includes returns of inactive corporations. For 1909-26 the number of returns of inactive corporations is not available, being included in the number of returns with no net income; for 1927-42 the number of returns of inactive corporations may be obtained by dedncting the sum of the returns with net income and the returns with no net income from the total number of returns.

There follows a résumé of the kinds of returns included in the number of returns as tabulated in tables 15-22.

1909-12. Returns of annual net income.
1913-17. Income tax returns.
1918. Income, war-profits, and excess-profits tax returns.
1919-21. Income and excess-profits tax returns.
1922-32. Income tax returns.
1933-42. Income and (declared value) excessprofits tax returns. (The corporation excess proâts tax returns which are required to be filed for 1940 through 1942 in addition to the income and declared value excess-profits tax returns are not included but are tabulated separately in tables 23 and 24.)

3"Gross income" as tabulated is obtained from "Total income" as reported on the return by adding "Cost of goods sold," "Cost of operations" (except for 1931), and any negative items reported under sonrces of income. (Correspondingly, these iterns are added to deductions.) "Gross income" is smallei. than "Total compiled receipts," as shown in tables 17 and 18 , by the amount of wholly tax-exempt interest on government obligations for 1926-40 and by the sum of the wholly tax-exempt interest and the interest subject to surtax only, for 1941 and 1942.

The gross income figure is understated for 1918 through 1924 as a resnlt of railroad and other public utility corporations frequently reporting only the net amount of income on the face of the return. It was inexpedient, because of the cost and time required, to inspect the numerous supporting sehedules in such cases for the purpose of compiling gross income and general deductions. The understatement is estimated to be 5 billion dollars for 1918 and 1919, and nearly twice that amount for 1920 and 1921. There is no estimate as to the amount by which the gross income for 1922 through 1924 is understated.
The gross income figure for 1918 through 1921 excludes dividends received from (1) domestic corporations (except those receiving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States for 1921), (2) foreign corporations taxable by the United States on their net income, and (3) personal service corporations ont of earnings upon which a Federal income tax has been imposed. The Revenue Act of 1918 provided that dividends received on stock of eorporations whieh were taxable upon their net income were to be deducted from gross income; but the 1918 returnwhich was printed before the act was passed-excluded them from gross income by providing for them to be reported with other nontaxable income. Such dividends were included in gross income on the $1919-$ 21 returns but were excluded in tabulation to produce a gross income for 1919-21 which woald be comparable to that reported and tabulated for 1918. The aggregate amount of these nontaxable dividends, including the amount reported on returns with no net income, is shown below for each year involved:

| Year | Amount of nontaxable dividends excluded from gross income |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1918 | \$420,65. ${ }^{3}, 46$ (excluded on return). |
| 1919 | \$3.5,8:3, 134 (excluded in tabula- |
| 1920 | \$5,1,336, 531 tion to produce gross |
| 192 | $\$ 509,117,760$ income comparable to |

A comparison, for 1903-42 of the item tabulated for amount of "Net income" or "Deficit" and of the basis for classifying the returns into those "With net income" and "With no net income," follows:

Basis for classification "With net income" and "With no net income" a

## Column 2

Excise tax liability, or no excise tax liability.
Same as column 1 . come tax com utation). Include for 1913, net income for excise tax computation reported for portion of taxable year prior to Mar. 1 , on which date the income tax became effective.
1920-33 ${ }^{b}$

1934-35
1986...

1937-39....

1940-42
Net income for current year, i. e., before deduction of prior year loss.
Net income subject to income tax.c
Net income for (declared value) excess profits tax computation. ${ }^{-}$
Net income for (declared value) excessprofits tax computation.
Net income for declared value excessprofits tax computation, adjusted by exclucling net operating loss deduction.
a Prior to 1927, returns of inactive corporations were classified as returns with no net income.
b On calendar year returns for 1933, the net loss for prior year (1932) is not deductible, therefore the net incorae tabulated for such returns is the net income snbject to income tax; on returns with fiscal year ending in the period July through November, 1933, the net loss for 1932 is deductible, therefore the net income tabulated for these fiscal year returns is the current year net income, that is, before deduction of prior year loss (1932). The provision for deducting prior year loss was repealed by the National Industrial Recovery Act, effective January 1, 1933.
c This amount, which is the net income less interest on Liberty bonds, etc., is comparable with net income subject to income tax for prior years.
${ }^{d}$ The only difference between the two items of net income, for 1936, is the amount of the declared value excess-profits tax, $\$ 21,612,551$.

- Sce note 10.

5 'The amounts sbown as "Income tax" for 1909-15 are tax collections which include interest and penalties resulting from additional assessments; for 1916-42 are the amounts of tax liability reported on the returns, before deduction of credit for taxes paid to foreign countries or U. S. possessions.

For 1909-12, the amount represents the special excise tax; for 1913 , eonsists of $\$ 32,456,663$ income tax and $\$ 10,671,075$ excise tax. The taxes included in the amounts shown for 1914-42 are as follows:

## Footnotes for historical tables 15 to 24, pp. 320-351-CContinued

Taxes tabulated as "Income tax"

## 1914

 through 19351936 a

1937 6.-
$1938{ }^{c}$ -
1939
1940 d..-
1941 d.

1942 d

From returns for: (a) Calendar year coincident with year shown at left, (b) fiscal year ending in period January through June of succceding calendar year, and (c) part years beginning in year shown at left provided all or greater part of accounting period falls insuch year.

Income tax.
Normal tax
Surtax on undistributed profits
Normal tax..-..---Surtax on undistributed profits

Income tax
Income tax
Income and income defense taxes.
Normal tax
Surtax
Normal tax
Surtax
Alternative tax $f$

From returus for: (a) Fiscal years ending in period July through November of year shown at left, and (\%) part years beginning in the immediately pre ceding year, but with greater part of accounting period falling in year shown at left.

Income tar.

Income tax.
Normal tax.
Surtax on undistributed profits. Normal tax. Surtax on undistributed profits.
Income tax.
Income tax.
Income and income defense taxes.
Normal tax.
Surtax.
a Normal tax, $\$ 965,503,111$; surtax on undistributed profits $\$ 144,972,284$; income tax $\$ 59,289,82 \%$.
b Normal tax, $\$ 1,056,939,166$; surtax on undis. tributed profits, $\$ 175,897,696$.
c Income tax, $\$ 504,230,054$; normal tax, $\$ 41,569,498$ surtax on undistributed profits, $\$ 7,778,561$.
${ }^{-}$See note 10 .

- Tabulated with the income tax for returns with net income is a small amount of surtax reported on returns with no net income, where leceipts for the taxable year include interest on obligations of certain instrumentalities of the United States, subject to surtax only
$f$ See note 42, p. 371 .
6 The amount shown as "Excess profits taxes" for 1917-22 consists of war-profits tax and excess-profits tax.
The (declared value) excess-profits tax became effective June 30,1933 , under the tax provisions of the National Industrial Recovery Act. For 1931 and 1935, the amount tabulated includes a small amount of (declared value) excess-profits tax which appears on returns with no net income for income tax purposes because the credit for interest reccived on certain obligations of the United States and its instrumentalities, which is allowed against net income in the computation of income tax, is not allowable against net income in the computation of (declared value) excess-profits tax. (See art. $1(d)$, Treasury Decision 4469, "Regulations relating to the excess-profits tax imposed by section 702 of the Revenue Act of 1934.")
For 1940 through 1942 in addition to the declared value excess-profits tax, the amounts shown include the excess profits tax imposed by section 710 of the Internal Revenue Code, which section was added by the Second Revenue Act of 1940, effective for tasable years beginning after December 31, 1939. This latter tax for 1940 is $\$ 373,510,919$, reported as item 32 on Form 1121; for 1941 is $\$ 3,359,185,514$ composed of (1) the cxcess profits tax reported as item 32 on Form 1121 by corporations with fiscal
years beginning. in 1940, and (2) the excess profits tax reported is itent 35 on Form 1120 by corporations with taxable years beginning in 1941; and for 1912 is $\$ 7, \$ 51, \$ 13,849$, which is the amount after (1) the credit for debt retirement, (2) the net post-war refund, and (3) the amount deferred under section 710(a) (5) (relating to abnormalities under section 722 as well as adjustments under other relief provisions. The total excess profits tax for 1942 includes $\$ 15,723,446$ tax which is not distributed by the classifications shown in tables 20 and 21 . Sce also note 10. The declared value excess-profits tax shown for 1940 includes declared value excess-profits defense tax reported on returns for a fiscal jear ending in period July 1, 1940, through June 30, 1941. For all jears, the amount tabulated is before deduction of credit for tax paid to foreign countries or United States possessions.
7 The amount "Diridends paid" excludes liquidating dividends; for years prior to 1928, excludes also dividends paid by life insurance companies.
8 Data for 1909 through 1915 are for the fiscal year ending June 30 of the following year, as shown in the annual reports of Commissioner of Internal Rev. enue; 1915 contains data from approximately 32,000 returns related to 1914 . (See Annual Report, Commissioner of Iuternal Revenue, 1916, p. 26.)
${ }^{9}$ Revised as indicated below:



## Footnotes for historical tables 15 to 24, pp. 820-851-Continued

${ }^{10}$ The gross Income, total compiled recelpts, compiled net profit, net income, and taxes, as shown in the basic tables, do not reflect the effect of changes resulting from the renegotiation of war contracts and other adjustments made after the returns were filed. Amounts representing the reduction in profits and taxes, due to renegotiations after the returns were filed, are shown in text tables on pp. 25-41.

11 The number of returns and amount of net in come by net income classes for the years 1918 and 1920-1930 are shown in Statistics of Income for 1930, pages 49-51; the number of returns and amount of deficit for 1925-1930 by deficit classes are on pages $50-51$. Similar data for 1931-1934 are shown in Statistics of Income for 1934, Part 2, pages 36-37.

12 The number of returns excludes those of inactive corporations except for 1926.

13 "Gross sales" is the amount received less returns and allowances-from trading and manufacturing for 1926-31, and where inventories are an incomedetermining factor for 1932-42. For "Cost of goods sold," sce "Deductions."

14 "Gross receipts from operations" and "Cost of operations" are not available, 1926-1931; the gross amount shown for each of these years is the gross profit from operations. For "Cost of operations" 1932 and thereafter, see "Deductions."

15 "Taxable interest on Government obligations" is interest received on (1) Treasury notes issued on or after December 1, 1940, and (2) obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, by the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof.

16 The amounts for "Rents and royalties" are the gross amounts received. Depreciation, repairs, interest, taxes, and other expenses which are deductible from the gross amount received for rents, and the amount of depletion which is deductible from the gross amount of royalties received, are included in the respective deduction items. Prior to 1938, royalties are included in "Other receipts."

17 For 1932 and 1933 "Net capital gain," as tabulated, is a composite of net gain (excess of gains over losses) resulting from (1) net gain or loss resulting from (a) sales or exchanges of capital assets and (b) sales or exchanges of real estate, regardless of time held, and (2) sales or exchanges of stocks and bonds (a) held two years or less, hence not classed as capital assets and (b) in the case of traders in securities, held over two years but not considered capital assets. For 1934-39, consists of net gain resulting from sales or exchanges of stocks, bonds, and other assets, regardless of time held. For 1940 and 1941, consists of net gain resulting from sales or exchanges of capital assets-(1) held for 18 months or less and (2) held for more than 18 months. For 1942, is the net amount of gain arising from sale or exchange of capital assets. For definition of capital assets, see table B, pp. 373-374. For 1938 and thereafter, there is excluded net gain resulting from sales or exchanges of depreciable assets. Sce note 18 .
18 "Net gain or loss, sales other than capital assets" is the net amount of gain or loss arising from the sale or exchange of depreciable property short-term noninterest-bearing Government obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis, and, for 1942 real property, used in trade or business. If such property has been held for more than 6 months, special treatment is provided as shown in table B, D. 374.

10 "DIvldends from domestlc corporations" are those from corporations subject to taxation under the effective Federal tax law, excluding dividends from corporations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, and from corporations receiving a large percentage of their gross incoine from sources within a possession of the United States, such excluded dividends being tabulated in "Other receipts." Dividends from domestic corporations were $110 t$ required to be included in net income prior to 1936. See note $5(a)$, table A, p. 366.
${ }^{20}$ "Other receipts" include dividends from corporations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922; dividends from corporations entitled to the benefits of section 251 of the Code (corporations recciving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States); and amounts not elsewhere reported on the return, such as: Profit from sales of commodities other than the principal commodity in which the corporation deals; income from minor operations; had debts recovered; cash discounts; conditional payments from United States Department of Agriculture; Federal income tax paid by lessee; income from clains, license rights, judgments, and joint ventures; net amount under operating agreements; net profit from commissaries; profit on dealing in futures; profit on prior years' collections (installment basis); profit on purchase of corporations' own bonds; recoveries of bonds, stocks, and other securities; refunds for cancellation of contracts, for insurance, management expenses, and processing taxes; and income from sales of scrap salvage or waste; royalties, and net gain from sale of stocks, bonds, and other assets, 1926-28.
21 "Interest on Government obligations subject to declared value excess-profits tax" for 1934-12, and subject also to surtax for 1941-42, consists of interest on United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to March 1, 1941, and owned in principal amount over $\$ 5,000$. For 1934-36, interest on obligations of instrumentalities of the United States other than those issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act or such Act as amended was also subject to declared value excess-profits tax. The entire amount of interest subject to declared value excess-profits tax for 1934 and 1935 is included in the figure shown for wholly tax-exempt interest.
${ }^{22}$ "Interest on Government obligations, subject to surlax only" is the interest on obligations of instrumentalities of the United States (other than obligations issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act, or such Act as amended) issued prior to March 1, 1941.
${ }_{23}$ "Interest on Government obligations, wholly tax-exempt," consists of interest on obligations of States, Territories, and political subdivisions thereof, the District of Columbia, and United States possessions; obligations of the United States issued on or before September 1, 1917, all Postal Savings bonds, Treasury notes issued prior to December 1, 1940, Treasury bills, and Treasury certificates of indebtedness issued prior to March 1, 1941; obligations issued prior to March 1, 1941, under the Federal Farm Loan Act or under such Act as amended and United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to March 1, 1941, and owned in principal amount of $\$ 5,000$ or less. For 1937-40 includes also interest on obligations of instrunientalities of the United States, other than those issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act, or such Act as amended. The amounts shown as wholly tax-exompt interest for 1934 and 1935 include the interest on Government obligations, subject to declared value excess-profits tax.

## Footnotes for historical tables 15 to 24, pp. 320-851-Continued

## 34 "Total compiled receipts" excludes nontaxable

 income other than tax-exempt interest received on certain Government obligations. See also note 10.${ }^{25}$ Items of deductions which are reported in "Cost of goods sold" or in "Cost of operations" are tabulated as reported, in "Cost," and not transferred to the respective deduction item, except amortization of emergency facilities reported in costs, such amount being transferred to "Amortization." (See note 36 .)
${ }^{26}$ Amount for "Compensation of officers" excludes compensation of officers of life insurance companies which file Form 1120 L , since such data are not required to be reported on the return.
27 Amount sbown as "Repairs" is the cost of incidental repairs, including labor and supplies, which do not add materially to the value of the property or appreciably prolong its life. For 1938 and prior years, "Repairs" were included in "Other deductions."
${ }^{28}$ The item "Taxes paid" includes all taxes paid or accrued during the taxable year except (1) Federal income, war-profits, and excess profits taxes, (2) estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes, (3) that portion of income and profits taxes paid to foreign countries and United States possessions which for $1926-31$ is claimed as a credit against income tax, or, for 1932-41, the entire amount of such tax if any portion thereof is claimed as a credit against income tax, (4) taxes assessed against local benefits, (5) Federal taxes paid on taxfree covenant bonds, and (6) taxes reported in "Cost of goods" and "Cost of operations."
29 The deduction claimed for "Contributions or gifts" is limited to 5 percent of net income as computed without benefit of deduction for contributions or gifts. It was not allowable prior to 1936.
${ }^{\text {so }}$ For 1932 and 1933 "Net capital loss," as tabulated, consists of the excess of net loss resulting from sales or exchanges of (1) capital assets and (2) real estate, regardless of time held, over net gain resulting from sales or exchanges of stocks and bonds held two years or less, and therefore not classed as capital assets. For 1934-39 consists of the deduction allowable for "Net capital loss" (excess of losses over gains resulting from sales or exchanges of stocks, bonds, and other assets, regardless of time held) which deduction cannot exceed $\$ 2,000$ or the amount of net capital loss, whichever is less. For 1940 and 1941 consists of the excess of losses over gains resulting from sales or exchanges of capital assets held over 18 months. For 1942, a net capital loss is not deductible in the current year but may be carried forward and applied against net capital gains of the 5 succeeding taxable years. For definition of capital assets, see table B, page 374. For 1938-42 there is excluded the net loss from sales or exchanges of depreciable assets. See note 18.

31 "Other deductions" include (1) negative amounts reported under income, (2) losses by abandonment, fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, and theft, (3) salaries and wages not deducted elsewhere on the return, (4) amounts not otherwise reported, such as: Administrative, general, and office expenses; advertising costs; bonuses and commissions; delivery charges; freight and shipping expenses; payments in connection with lawsuits; research expenses; sales discount; sclling costs; travel expenses and unrealized profits on installment sales, and (5) for 1926-41, special deductions of life insurance companies relating to rescrve for dividends and reserve funds required by law. (See note 61.) See also note 36 .
s2 "Net income" is less than "Compiled net profit," and "Deficit" is greater than "Compiled net loss," for 1926-35 by the sum of "Dividends from domestic corporations" and "Interest on Government obligations"; for 1936-40 by the amount of "Wholly taxexempt interest on Government obligations"; and for $1941-42$, by the sum of (1) "Wholly tax-exempt interest on Government obligations" and (2) "Interest subject to surtax only." See note 10 .
${ }^{23}$ The amounts tabulated as "Net operating loss deduction" for 1926-32 represent "Net loss for prior year" reported and effective as a deduction in determining statutory net income for those years. The law provides, in general, that such loss is deductible in the two years succeeding that in which the loss is sustalned, except for 1931, when the loss could be carried forward only one year. A prior year loss was not deductible in computing statutory net income for 1933 through 1939. The figures for 1940-1942 are those of the deduction due to net operating loss for prior year or years. For 1940, this deduction represents the net loss (after certain deductions) sustained in 1939; for 1941-42, it represents such loss sustained in the two preceding taxable years. The prior year loss deduction has not been taken into consideration in computing the net income as tabulated in Statistics of Income.
${ }^{34}$ A mounts for the following items are included in "Other receipts": "Dividends from foreign corporations," 1926-36; "Rents," 1926-28; "Royalties," 1926-37; and "Net gain, sale of stocks, bonds, and other assets," 1926-28, table 17.
${ }^{35}$ "Interest on Government obligations, subject to declared value excess-profits tax" is included in "Interest on Government obligations wholly taxexempt," for 1934 and 1935.
${ }^{36}$ A mounts for the following items are included in "Other deductions": "Compensation of officers," for 1926 and 1927; "Rent paid on business property" for 1926-32; "Repairs" for 1926-38; "Bad debts" for 1926; "Net loss, sales of stocks, bonds, and other assets," 1926-29; "Cost of operations," 1932.

37 "Depreciation" (all returns) for 1940 includes $\$ 7,593,030$ reported as a deduction with respect to the amortization of the cost of emergency facilities necessary for national defense; the amount of such amortization deduction included in "Depreciation" (all returns) for 1941 is $\$ 113,810,119$; for 1942 , is $\$ 110,827$, 130.

## ${ }^{38}$ Compiled net loss or deficit.

${ }^{59}$ Items of receipts and deductions, "Compiled net profit or net loss," "Net income or deficit," "Prior year loss," tax and dividends paid are not available for corporation returns with balance sheets for the years 1926-30 but are shown for all returns in table 17.
${ }^{40}$ Number of returus with balance sheets excludes returns with fragmentary balance sheet data, and except for 1926, also excludes returns of inactive corporations.
${ }^{41}$ Amount shown as "Cash" includes bank deposits.
${ }^{42}$ Amount shown as "Investments, Government obligations" consists of obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof; obligations of States, Territories, and political subdivisions thereof, the District of Columbia, and United States possessions.

43 "Capital assets" consist of (1) depreciable tangible assets such as buildings, fixed mechanical equipment, manufacturing facilities, transportation facilities, furniture and fixtures, (2) depletable tangible assets-natural resources, (3) land, and (4) for 1939-42, intangible assets such as patents, franchises, formulas, copyrights, leaseholds, goodwill, and trademarks. Prior to 1939 intangible assets were included in "Other assets."

44 "Other assets" consist of assets not elsewhere reported on return, such as: Sinking funds; other funds; deferred charges; organization expenses; prepaid and suspense items; interest, discount, coupons, and dividends receivable; guaranty deposits, and deposits on contracts and meters; and cash valise of life insurance. "Other assets" of life insurance companies include market value of real estate, bonds, and stocks in excess of book value; interest, rents, and premiums due; and agents' balances.
(Footnotes continued on p. 356)

## Footnotes for historical tables 15 to 24, pp. 820-851-Continued

45 Assets and liabilities are tabulated as of December 31, or close of fiscal year nearest thereto. Total assets classes are based on the net amount of total assets after reserves for depreciation, depletion, amortization, and bad debts. Adjustments are ma le in tabulating the data as follows: (1) Reserves for depreciation, depletion, amortization, and, except for 1926, reserve for bad debts, when reported under llabilities are used to reduce the corresponding asset account, and "Total assets" and "Total liabilities" are decreased by the amount of such reserves, (2) a deficit in surplus, reported under assets, is transferred to liabilities, and "Total assets" and "Total liabilities" are decreased by the amount of the deficit.
${ }^{46}$ Notes payable with maturity less than one year are included in "Notes and accounts payable," 192636.
${ }^{47}$ Notes payable with maturity of one year or more are included in "Bonded debt and mortgages," 1926 36.

48 "Other liabilities" consist of liabilities not elsewhere reported on return, such as: Deferred and suspense items; accrued expenses; dividends payable; funds held in trust; borrowed securities; outstanding coupons and certificates; and overdrafts. "Other liabilities" of life insurance companies include the net value of outstanding policies and annuities, and borrowed money. "Other liabilities" of banks include deposits (time, savings, demand, etc.) and bank notes in circulation. "Other liabilities" of building and loan associations include certificates of deposit.
${ }^{49}$ Capital stock which is not definitely designated as either common or preferred is tabulated under common stock.
50 "Surplus reserves," when specifically designated as such, are tabulated in "Surplus and undivided profits" for 1926-37; all other reserves, except those for depreciation, depletion, and bad debts, are tabulated in "Other liabilities."
${ }^{51}$ For 1926-36, the net amount of "Surplus and undivided profits" or "Deficit" is tabulated from each return. For 1937, "Surplns and undivided profits" consists of the sum of the positive amounts reported under "Paid in or capital surplus," "Earned surplus and undivided profits," and "Surplus reserves"; "Deficit" consists of the sum of the negative amounts reported under "Earned surplus and undivided profits." For 1938 and subsequent years, the method of tabulation is the same as for 1937, except that "Surplus reserves," being tabulated separately, are excluded from "Surplins and undivided profits."
52 "Other investments" are included in "Other assets" for all corporations, 1926-28; and for lifo insurance companies 1926-29.
ss "Depreciation" (returns with balance sheets) for 1940 includes $\$ 7,494,252$ reported as a dednetion with respect to the amortization of the cost of cmergency facilities necessary for national defense; the amount of such amortization deduction included in "Depreciation" (returns with balance sliects) for 1941 is $\$ 112,526,919$; and for 1942 is $\$ 407,733,408$.
${ }^{54}$ A corporation is classified industrially according to the business reported on the return. When diversified activities are reported, the classification is determined by the industry which accounts for the largest percentage of total receipts. Therefore, industrial groups may contain data for activities other than those on which the classifications are based. The data by industrial classification for 1934-41 are not strictly comparable with such data for prior years, due to the general discontinuance, under the Revenue Act of 1934, of the privilege of filing consolidated returns for income tax purposes. Prior to 1934, a consolidated return was classified on the predominant activity of the group of afliliated concerns, whereas, for 1934-41, the separate return filed by each concern which was formerly a part of an affiliated group, is classified on its predominant industry. Consolidated returns were permitted to be filed for 1934 and thereafter by (1) groups of affiliated common carriers by railroad and their related holding or leasing companies (including electric railways after 1935, and trackless trolley and bus systems after 1937), (2) beginning with 1940, by Pan-American trade corporations, and (3) begimning 1942, the consolidated return privilege is again extended, in general, to all corporations. See table C, pp. 375-381.
${ }^{53}$ Table 20 is the only table in this report showing 1938-42 data by industrial groups similar to the major industrial groups in Statistics of Income for 1931-37. The application of the Standard Industrial Classification to returns for 1938-42 results in an increased mumber of industrial groups with certain changes in the contents of the groups. The 1938-42 data in table 20 are made comparable in so far as possible with the data by major industrial groups as published for 1931-37, by transferring certain industrial actisities from the classification in which they are tabulated in Statistics of Income, Part 2, for each of the years 1938-42 to the classification in which they are tabulated for 1937. Vice versa, a few adjustments are made in the 1937 data for major industrial groups by transferring certain industrial activities from the classification in whien they were tabulated for $19: 37$ to the classification in which they would have been tabulated had the industrial classification for 1938-42 been used. Both the original and the adjusted amounts are shown for 1937 in basic table 20. For comparison of industrial groups in which changes occur (1) between 1938 and 1937, see Statistics of Income for 1938, Part 2, pages 243-273, (2) between 1940 and 1939, sce Statistics of Income for 19:0, Part 2, pages 310314, (3) between 1941 and 1940, sce statistics of Income for 1941, Part 2, pages $300-303$; and (4) between 1942 and 1941, sce chart on page 7 of this report. Although the 1937-42 data shown in table 20 are the best comparison that can be presented, it should be noted that they are not entirely comparable because certain industrial activities within minor industrial groups are included in different major industrial groups for 1938-42 than for 1937, and since data for these activities are not tabulated separately, adjustment cinnot be made.

56 "Liquors and beverages" included in "Food and kindred products" prior to 1933.
${ }^{37}$ Less than $\$ 500$.

## Footnotes for historical tables 15 to 24, pp. 320-351-Continued

58 "Clothing, and apparel" included in "Textile mill products" prior to 1936.
59 "Petroleum and other mineral oil products" included in "Chemicals and allicd products" prior to 1936.

60 "Motor vehicles, complete or parts," included in "Metal and its products" prior to 1936.

61 Beginning 1942, instead of the special deduction for reserves which was previously allowable to life insurance companies in arriving at net income, there is allowable a credit against net income. As a consequence of this change in the law there is an increase in both the number of returns reporting net income and in the amount of net income reported.

62 Returns filed in a State may not be a complete coverage of all corporations whose principal place of business is located therein. Conversely, a tabulation for a given State may include data from returns of corporations having their principal place of business in another State. A corporation may file an income tax return either in the collection district in which it has its principal place of business or in the collection district in which it has its principal office or agency.
${ }^{63}$ For types of corporations permitted- to file a consolidated return and for criteria of affiliation, see "Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws," pp. 375-381.

64 Data for earlier years not available.
65 For data pertaining to consolidated excess profits tax returns, see tables 12 and 13, pp. 30s-313, and table 24, p. 351.

66 The number of subsidiaries consists of the number of affiliated corporations which, together with the commou parcnt corporation, file a consolidated return.

67 "Gross income" is substituted for "Total compiled receipts," 1931 through 1934. See notes 3 and 24.

68 Not avallable.
${ }^{69}$ Includes (declared value) excess-profits tax (effective June 30, 1933, under provisions of National Industrial Recovery Act) aggregating $\$ 254,401$.
${ }^{70}$ Of this number, 76 returns were for common carriers by railroad, the other 369 being returns permitted to be filed for fiscal years ending prior to December 31, 1934, by corporations other than common carriers by railroad.

## ${ }^{71}$ Includes Pan-American trade corporations.

${ }^{72}$ Beginning 1942, the consolidated return privilege is again extended, in general, to all corporations. See tabie C, pp. 375-381.
${ }^{73}$ See note 4, p. 317.
${ }^{74}$ Sce table A, pp. 360-365.
${ }^{75}$ The unused excess profits credit adjustment described in note 6, p. 317, is not included in the amount of excess profits credit shown, but is taken into account in arriving at the adjusted excess profits net income. See table A, pp. 360-365.
${ }^{76}$ No excess profits tax returns were filed for fiscal years ending in period July through November, 1940 , since the excess profits tax provisions are applicable only to taxable years beginning after Dec. 31, 1939.
${ }^{77}$ Excludes returns filed for fiscal years ending in period July through November, 1941 (filed under 1940 law).
${ }^{78}$ Excess profits tax and total tax include $\$ 15,723,-$ 446 excess profits tax, under section 710 of the Code, which is not distributed by industrial classifications or by States and, Territories.

# SYNOPSIS OF FEDERAL TAX LAWS 

## AFFECTING THE COMPARABILITY OF HISTORICAL DATA IN STATISTICS OF INCOME

Corporation income and profits tax returns
A. Credits and tax rates, 1909-42.
B. Capital gain and loss provisions, 1932-42.
C. Consolidated returns-provisions for filing and tax rates, 1917-42.

Table A.-Corporation income and profits tax credits, rates, and other

provisions ${ }^{1}$ of the Federal tax lav's for the income years 1909 through $1942^{2}$


Table A.-Corporation income and profits tax credits, rates, and other provisions ${ }^{1}$

| Federal tax law (date of enactment) | Income year ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | Income tax |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Specific credit 4 | Taxable income ${ }^{5}$ | Rate ${ }^{6}$ (percent) |
|  | (1921.- | \$2,000 | Same as 1919, 1920_. | 10 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Revenue Act of: } \\ & 1921 \text { (Nov. } 23, \\ & 1921 \text { ). } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | (1922, 1923 | 2,000 | Net income in excess of specific credit | 12.5 |
| 1924 (June 2, 1924). | 1924-...-- | 2, 000 |  | 12.5 |
| 1926 (Feb. 26, 1926). | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1925 \\ 1926 \\ 19\end{array}\right.$ | 2,000 | -do | ${ }^{16} 13.5$ |
|  | 1928.... | 3,000 | -do | 12 |
| 1928(May 29, 1928). | 1929. | 3. 000 | do- | ${ }^{17} 11$ |
| 1932 (June 6, 1932). | (1930, 1931 | 3, 000 | do. | 12 |
|  | 1932, 1933 |  | All net income | ${ }^{18} 13.75$ |
| National Industrial  <br> Recovery Act (June  <br> 16, 1933) 1933 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue Act of: 1934 (May 10,1934 ) | 1934, 1935.. |  | All net income in excess of partially tax exempt interest received on obligations of the United States. | ${ }^{18} 13.75$ |
| 1935 (Aug.30,1935) (as amended by of 1936). | 1936, $1937{ }^{21}$ |  |  |  |
| 1936(June 22,1935 ). | 1936, $1937{ }^{22}$ |  | Normal-tax net income:33 | (24) 8 |
|  |  |  | Excceding $\$ 2,000$ or equaling. $\qquad$ 15, 000 | 11 |
|  |  |  |  | 13 15 |
|  |  |  | Undistributed net income ${ }^{25}$ (for surtax): <br> First 10 percent of adjusted net income. ${ }^{26}$ | 7 |
|  |  |  | Next 10 percent of adjusted net income. | 12 |
|  |  |  | Next 20 percent of adjusted net income. | 17 |
|  |  |  | Next 20 percent of adjusted net income. | 22 |
|  |  |  | Remainder of undistributed net income. | 27 |
| 1938(May2S, 1938). | 1938) |  | Adjusted net income, ${ }^{27}$ in total | (24) |
| nternal Revenue Code <br> (Feh) 10, 1939)28 | 19393 |  | amount: <br> (1) $\$ 25,000$ or less- |  |
|  |  |  | (1) $\$ 25,000$ or lirst $\$ 5,000$ - | 12.5 |
|  |  |  | Next $\$ 15,000$ <br> Next $\$ 5,000$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | (2) Slightly over $\$ 25,000$ (alterna-tive)- <br> First $\$ 25,000$ | Same as |
|  |  |  | A mount over $\$ 25,000$ <br> (3) Over $\$ 25,000$ (general rule) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { above } \\ 2932 \\ 30 \\ 30 \end{array}$ |

For footnotes, see pp. 366-372.
of the Federal tax laus for the income years 1909 through 1912 2-Continued


Table A.-Corporation income and profits tax credits, rates, and other protisions ${ }^{1}$

of the Federal tax lau's for the income years 1909 through 19.42 2-Continued
=

Excess profits tax


## Footnotes for table A, synopsis of Federal tax laus

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

1 In general, applicable to all corporations whether filing separate or consolidated returns. Exceptions are explained in notes as indicated. (See also note 43 regarding personal holding companies; note 44 , corporations improperly accumulating surplus; and table C, pp. 375-380, consolidated returns.)
${ }^{2}$ (a) Income tax returns are required to be filed by all corporations, regardless of amount of net income or loss, except those which are exempt from tax under specific provisions of the law, and those described in (c) and (d) below.
(b) Returns were required to be filed on a calendar year basis 1909 through 1912; for subsequent years, corporations are permitted to file returns on a fiscal year basis, except tbat life insurance companies are required to file on a calendar year basis in accordance with State laws regulating insurance companies, 1921 and subsequent years.
(c) Foreign corporations are required to file income tax returns for all income from sources within the United States, regardless of amount, and are entitled to the statutory deductions allowable against such income, except that for 1936 and subsequent years, foreign corporations not engaged in trade or business in the United States and not having an office or place of business therein, being liable to tax only upon their fixed or determinable annual or periodical income from sources within the United States, are not required to file returns when the total tax has been paid at source. When filing returns, sucb foreign corporations are not allowed any deductions. The returns of nonresident foreign corporations are not included in Statisties of Income.
(d) Domestic corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States report only income from sources within the United States, or income from sources within or without the United States received witbin the United States, 1921 and subsequent years. (See sec. 251, Internal Revenue Code.)
(e) Personal service corporations were treated as partnerships, Jan. 1, 1918, through Dec. 31, 1921. Prior and subsequent to said dates, such corporations were subject to the same requirements for filing returns as other corporations, except that for 1940 and subsequent years an excess profits tax return, Form 1121, is not required if the personal service corporation elects to have its income taxed in the hands of its sbareholders.
( $f$ ) Personal holding companies are required to file returns for surtax, in addition to the corporation returns for income and declared value excess-profits tax, 1934 and subsequent years, but are exempt from filing excess profits tax returns, Form 1121, for 1940 and subsequent years; unless for 1942 or later they are members of affiliated groups filing consolidated returns.
( $g$ ) Beginning 1942, certain mutual insurance companies other than life or marine, having gross receipts from interest, dividends, rents, and premiums of not more than $\$ 75,000$ are exempt from filing returns. (See Code sec. 101 (11).)
(h) For 1940 and later, in addition to the income and declared value excess-profits tax return, Form [120, every corporation is required to file an excess profits tax return, Form 1121, if its excess profits net income (computed under the invested capital method) is more than $\$ 5,000$, except (1) corporations axempt from income tax, (2) personal bolding companies, (3) mutual investment companies, (4) diversified investment companies registered with the Securities and Exehange Commission (Regulated investmeut companies for 1942 instead of (3) and (4) preceding), (5) foreign corporations not engaged in trade or business within the United States and not having an office or place of business therein, (6) domestic corporations with net income derived largely from sources outside the United States, and (7) certain air mail carriers. For 1942, the corporations listed above lose their exemption from filing Form 1121 if they are members of affiliated groups which file consolidated returns, Form 1121.
${ }^{3}$ For 1909 through 1912, the income year is the calendar year; for 1913 through 1932, the calendar year and fiscal years ending therein; for 1933, the calendar year and fiscal years beginning or ending therein; for 1934 and thereafter, the calendar year and fiscal years beginning therein. See note 6 (a).
${ }^{4}$ Specific credit not allowable to:
(a) Foreign corporations, except for 1909 through 1912;
(b) Domestic corporations with net income in excess of $\$ 25,000,1921$ through 1931 (but if the net income is slightly in excess of $\$ 25,000$, the tax shall not exceed the sum of the amount of net income in excess of $\$ 25,000$ and the tax which would be payable if the credit were allowed); and
(c) Domestic corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States, 1923 through 1931.
5 "Taxable income" is the amount to which the tax rates are applied and is the balance of "Net incorme" after deducting the credits as indicated on the table and'or in the footnotes. The balance of "Net income" subject to normal tax is indicated as "Nor-mal-tax net income" for 1936, 1937, 1940 through 1942 and as "Adjusted net income" for 1938 and 1939; the balance of net income subject to surtax is called "Undistributed net income" for 1936 and 1937, and "Surtax net income" for 1941 and later. The balance subject to excess profits tax for 1940 and later is the amount of the "Excess profits net income" in excess of the credits, etc.
"Net income" means the excess of gross income over deductions as defined in the revenue acts. Certain variations in the deductions allowable, follow:
(a) Dividends received from domestic corporations (other than the dividends noted in the following paragraph) are deductible prior to 1936 except for the years 1913 througl 1917. Beginning 1936, these dividends are no longer a deduction in arriving at net income, but 85 percent of such dividends are deductible as a credit in arriving at net income subject to normal tax, with the further limitation for 1938 and thereafter, that the credit for dividends received cannot exceed 85 percent of the adjusted net income. (For 1942, 85 percent of adjusted net income reduced by income subject to excess profits tax.)

Dividends received from the following corporations are not deductibie: (1) Domestic corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sourees witbin a possession of the United States, 1921 and subsequent years, (2) corporations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, (3) tax-exempt corporations, 1932 and subsequent years, and (4) foreign corporations (except that the dividends of those foreign corporations receiving a certain amount of income from sources within the United States, 1919 through 1933, were deductible).
Mutual investment companies (called "Regulated inrestment companies," 1942 and thereafter) are not allowed to deduct the credit for dividends received, but are allowed to deduct the credit for dividends paid, 1936 and subsequent years. (See sec. 13 (a) (2) (3), Revenue Act of 1936 ; and supplement $Q$, Internal Revenue Code.) For deduction of dividends paid on preferred stock, by certain incorporated banks and insurance companies, to the United States or to any instrumentality thereof which is exempt from Federal income taxation, 1934 and subsequent years, see sec. 121, Internal Revenue Code, which section was added to the Revenue Act of 1934 by Public, No. 374, 74th Cong.
(b) Losses sustained by corporations during any taxable year, not compensated for by insurance or otherwise, are, in general, deductible. Certain variations follow:

Losses sustained by virtue of securities becoming worthless during the taxable year are deductible, 1919 and thereafter. For treatment of such losses due to securities which are capital assets, see table B, pages 373-374.

## Footnotes for table A, synopsis of Federal tax laws-Continued

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

For 1932 and 1933, losses from sales or excbanges of stocks or bonds other than capital assets (as set forth in table B, page 373) and other than bonds issued by a government or political subdivision thereof are allowed only to the extent of the gains from such sales or exchanges. This limitation does not apply to banks, trust companics, or dealers in securities. (The Revenue Act of 1932 allowed the excess of such losses to be carried forward and applied against such gains of the next succeeding year, but this carry-over was nullified by sec. 218 (b), National Industrial Recovery Act.)
For 1934 and thereafter, losses from wagering transactions are allowed to the extent of the gain from such transactions.
For 1937 and subsequent years, losses from sales or exchanges of property (except in case of distributions in liquidation) between two corporations. where more than 50 percent in value of the outstanding stock of each is owned by or for the same individual, are disallowed if either one of such corporations is a personal holding company or a foreign personal holding company as defined in secs. 501 and 331, respectively, Internal Revenue Code. (See also sec. 24 (b), of the Code.)
Beginning 1942: A deduction for amortization of bond premium is allowed against interest income; losses from involuntary conversion of property are deductible in cases of business property or property the acquisition of which was a transaction entered into for profit; casualty loss for property destroyed or seized in the course of military or naval operations during the war, and for property located in enemy countries or in areas which come under the control of the enemy, is deductible
(c) Net loss for prior year resulting from the operation of any trade or business regularly carried on by the taxpayer: In the case of a net loss for any taxable year beginning after Oct. 31, 1918, and ending prior to Jan. 1, 1920, the Revenue Act of 1918 provides for the deduction of such loss from the net income of the preceding year, a redetermination of taxes for the preceding year being made. When the net loss exceeds the net income for the preceding ycar, the amount of such excess is to be deducted from the net income of the succeeding taxable year. There was no relicf provision for "net loss" incurred in 1920. The Revenue Acts of 1921 through 1928 provide that net loss in any year beginning after Dec. 31, 1920, may he deducted from the net income of the succeeding taxable year, and if such net loss exceeds the net income for the first succeeding year, the amount of such excess is to be allowed in the second succeeding year.

A 1-year net loss carry-over for 1930 or 1931 was provided by the Revenue Act of 1932, hut this privilege was entirely removed by sec. 218 (a), National Industrial Recovery Act, effective Jan. 1, 1933. There is no provision in the subsequent revenue acts for the deduction of the prior year net loss until the Revenue Act of 1939 , which, in amending the Code, provides that a net operating loss sustained in a taxable year beginning on or after Jan. 1, 1939, may be carried forward and applied with certain excepe tions and limitations, against the normal tax net income of the first succeeding taxable year, the excess, if any, being deductible from the normal tax net income of the second succeeding taxable year. This provision is not applicable to mutual investment companies, corporations improperly accumulating surplus, or personal holding companies.

Beginning 1942, the net operating loss may be carried back to the two preceding taxable years (but not to any taxable year beginning before Jan. 1, 1941) and is included in computing the net operating loss deduction for such preceding taxable year. The net operating loss for any taxable year which is not used as a carry-back may becarried forward to the two succeeding taxable years. For limitations, etc. pertaining to this provision, see section 122 of the Code as amended by sec. 153 of the Revenue Act of 1942.

It should be noted that the net income as tabulated in Statistics of Income is the net income for the
current year, i. e., without benefit of the deduction due to prior year loss.
(d) For 1936 and subsequent years, contributions to certain organizations, trusts, chests, funds, etc., organized and onerated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, are permitted as a deduction against the gross income of corporations (including insurance companies other than life or mutual, but excluding nersonal holding companies) if not in excess of 5 percent of the net income before deducting such contributions. (See sec. 23( 7 ), Revenuc Act of 1936, and Internal Revenue Code.) For deduction of contributions by personal holding companies, see page 55 of this report and sec. 505(a) (2), Internal Revenue Code.
(e) Amortization of buildings, machinery, equipment, or other facilities constructed or acpuired on or after Apr. 6, 1917, for the production of articles coutributing to the prosecution of the war, is included to a reasonable amonnt in business deductions for any taxable year ending before March 3, 1924. (See sec. 234(a) (8), Revenue Act of 1921.)

The Second Revenue Act of 1940 , in amending the Code, adds section 124, which provides for amortization of the cost of emergency facilities completed or acquired after June 10, 1940 (after Dec. 31, 1939 under the 1942 Act) and necessary for national defense, to be written off, subject to certain qualifications and limitations, over a 5 -year period instead of through the ordinary depreciation and obsolescence deductions based on estimatel useful life. If, prior to the expiration of the 60 -month period, the emergency is officially ended or the facility ceases to be needed, the corporation nay elect to terminate the amortization period and recompute the amortization deduction for each tax year involved, on the basis of the actual number of montlis in the period. Adjnstments of the tax liability for prior years are then made, where necessary, to give effect to the increases in the amortization deduction, but such adjustments are not reflected in this report.
(f) For 1941 and prior years, life insurance companies are allowed, as deductions in arriving at net income, the earnings needed to maintain reserve funds required by law and reserve for dividends. For 1942, in lieu of these deductions, there is allowed as a credit against net income 93 percent of investment income less tax-exempt interest. The effect of this change is to increase both the number of companies reporting net income and the amount of net income reported for 1942. There is also, for 1942, a further limitation on the amount of investment expenses allowable as a deduction in arriving at net income. (See par. 8, p. 5, and provisions pertaining to life insurance companies in the various revenue acts.)
6 The rates of tax apply to the calendar year indicated. In the case of a rate change during a fiscal year ending in any of the years 1916 through 1932, the tax was prorated on the basis of the number of montlis in each year. (Tax was prorated for fiscal years ending in 1916 through 1919, 1922, 1925 1926, 1928 through 1930, and 1932; also on consolidated returns for fiscal years ending in 1934.)

For fiscal years ending in 1942, after June 30, taxes are prorated according to the number of days after June 30, and hefore July 1, 1942. For fiscal years other than those listed above, the rates of tax are those for the calendar year in which the taxable year began.

7 There was no provision for excess-profits tax, 1909 through 1916, and 1922 through 1932.

8 While any corporation with net income of less than $\$ 3.000$ is exempt from tax, the specific exemption of $\$ 3,000$ is not allowable to foreign corporations with net income of $\$ 3.000$ or more, nor is such exemption allowable, for 1921, to domestic corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States.

## Footnotes for table A, synopsis of Federal tax laws-Continued

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

9"Invested capital" within the meaning of the statute is the eapital actually paid in to the corporation hy the stockholders, plus the earned surplus and/or undivided profits (exclusive of profits for the current year) and exclusive of inadmissible assets as defined in the revenue acts. (See sec. 207, Revenue Act of 1917, and secs. 325 and 326, Revenue Act of 1918.) For 1917, foreign corporations reported that proportion of invested capital which net income from sources within the United States was of the entire net income. For 1918 through 1921, it was not necessary for forcign corporations to report invested capital, and for 1921, it was not necessary for corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States to report invested capital. (See note 10.)

10 The war-profits and excess-profits taxes of foreign corporations, 1918 through 1921, and of corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States for 1921, are computed by comparison with representative corporations whose invested capital can be satisfactorily determined and which are engaged in a like or similar trade or business and similarly circumstanced. (See note 9 above, and sec. 328, Revenue Acts of 1918 and 1921.)

11 Provided that the sum of the excess-profits tax and the war-profits tax for 1918 shall not be more than 30 percent of the net income in excess of $\$ 3,000$ and not in excess of $\$ 20,000$, plus 80 percent of the net income in excess of $\$ 20,000$. (See sec. 302 , Revenue Act of 1918.)

12 Beginning 1918, domestic corporations are allowed a credit against income tax paid to the United States for income and profits taxes paid to foreign countries or possessions of the United States.
(a) For 1921 and subsequent years, the credit cannot exceed the proportion of the total tax against which the credit is taken, that the taxpayer's net income from sources without the United States bears to the entire net income.
(b) For 1921 through 1931, the amount of income and profit taxes paid to foreign countries or United States possessions, in excess of that deducted as a tax credit, is permitted to be included in deductions against gross income.
(c) The credit against tax is not allowable to (1) foreign corporations, (2) domestic corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States, (3) China Trade Act corporations, (4) personal holding companies, and (5) beginning with 1940 , corporations improperly accumulating surplus; but to these corporations, such foreign taxes are allowable as a deduction from gross income, provided that in the case of (1), (2), or (3) above, the tax is imposed upon income from sources within the United States. Foreign corporations were not allowed to deduct income taxes paid to foreign countries either as a tax credit or in general deductions, 1918 through 1920.
(d) For 1932 and subsequent years, domestic corporations (other than those described in (c) above) may elect (1) to credit against the income tax liability to the United States, the income and profits taxes paid to foreign countries or United States possessions, the credit to be limited as described in (a) above or (2) to include the entire amount of such taxes in deductions from gross income. The procedure regarding the corporations described in (c) above remains unchanged.
Beginning 1942, domestic corporations are permitted to include in computing the credit for foreign taxes paid, those foreign taxes paid in lieu of the tax upon income, war-profits and excess-profits, such as taxes on gross incone, gross sales, or units of production. (See sees. 131 and 23 (c)(2), Revenue Act of 1932 and subsequent acts.)
${ }^{13}$ The Revenue Act of 1918 provides that if a corporation was not in existence during the wholo of at least one calendar year during the pre-war period, the credit (with certain exceptions) shall be the sum of $\$ 3,000$ and an amount equal to the same
percentage of invested capital (sce note 9) for the taxable year as the average percentage of net income to invested capital, for the pre-war period of representative corporations, but such amount shall not be less than 10 percent of the invested capital of the taxpayer for the taxable year.

14 The Revenue Act of 1918 provides that the tax for 1919 through 1921 shall not he more than 20 percent of the net income in excess of $\$ 3,000$ and not in excess of $\$ 20,000$, plus 40 percent of the net income in excess of $\$ 20,000$.

15 The Revenue Act of 1918 provides that the tax shall be such a proportion of a tax computed at the rates for 1918, using the excess-profits and the war-profits credits applicable to that ycar, as the portion of the net income attributable to Govern ment contracts bears to the entire net income, plus such a proportion of a tax computed at the rates for the current year (1919, 1920, or 1921) as the amount of the remaining net income bears to the entire net income.
16 For 1925 through 1927, income of domestic insurance companies, exclusive of mutual companies other than life, is taxable at $121 / 2$ percent.

17 The rate for 1929 provided by the Revenue Act of 1928 was reduced to 11 percent by joint resolution of Congress No. 133, approved by the President Dec. 16, 1929.
18 For rate of tax on consolidated returns, see table C, pages 375-380.
${ }^{19}$ In addition to the excess-profits tax shown in this tabulation, other provisions of the National Industrial Recovery Act affecting data in Statistics of Income are set forth in notes $5(b)$ and (c), and note 8 of table $\mathbf{C}$, page 381.
${ }^{20}$ Net income subject to (declared value) excessprofits tax, for 1934 and subsequent years, includes partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations to the extent that such interest is required to be included in gross income. For 1936 and subsequent years, a credit against the net income for declared value excess-profits tax computation is allowed, equal to the credit for dividends received provided in scc. 26(b), Revenue Act of 1936, and Internal Revenue Code.
${ }^{21}$ The excess-profits tax under the provisions of the Revenue Act of 1935 as amended by the Revenue Act of 1936 is in effect for returns with fiscal years ending through June $30,1: 338$.

22 The Revenue Act of 1937 is not a complete taxing statute in itself, but merely amends and adds to certain provisions of the Revenue Act of 1936, especially those pertaining to surtax on personal holding companies. (See note 43.)
${ }^{23}$ Normal tax net income is obtained from the net income for declared value excess profits tax computation by subtracting, for 1936 through 1940, (1) declared value excess profits tax, (2) credit for interest received on certain obligations of the United States, and (3) credit for dividends received from domestic corporations subject to tax.

For 1941, in addition to the above, there is allowed as a credit the amount of excess profits tax levied -under the Second Revenue Act of 1940.

Normal tax net income for 1942 is not comparable with that for prior years becauso of the allowance of the amount of income subject to excess profits tax as a credit in computing normal-tax net income for 1942 in lieu of the amount of cxcess profits tax allowed in 1941. This provision has the effect of a further limitation on the credit for dividends received, since this credit cannot exceed 85 percent of the adjusted net income after subtracting the credit for income subject to excess profits tax.

Mutual investment companies (1941) and Regulated lnvestment companies (1942) may claim a credit for dividends paid in lieu of the credit for dividends received.

## Footnotes for table A, 异synopsis of Federalitax laus-Continued

(References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)
it Certain corporations are taxable at the following norial tax rates, regardess of the size of net income:

Class of
ior joration

Banks and trust companies, a substantial part of the business of which is receiving deposits and making loans and discolints.
Corporations organized under Cbina Trade Act, 19:2
Corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross incomefrom sources within a possession of the United States... Foreign corporations:

Resident
Nonresident ${ }^{-}$
I:isirance compauies Mutual invest. ment com. panies ${ }^{c}$

| 1936-37 rate (per- cent) | $1938-39$ <br> rate <br> (per- <br> cent) | 1940 rate (per- cunt) | 1911 rute (per- cent) | $19 \pm 2$ rate (peri- cent) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 1612 | (a) | (c) | (a) |
| 15 | $161 / 2$ | $\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{a}\right)$ | (d) | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 161/2 | (a) | (a) | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 22 | 19 |  |  | 24 |
| 15 | 15 | 16.12 | $241 / 2$ | 30 |
| 15 | $16^{1 / 2}$ | (a) | (a) | (a) |
| ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $161 / 2$ | 24 | 24 | 24 |

a Same as ordinary corporations (see pp. 364-365).

- Dita for nonresident foreign corporations are not inclu led in this report. For rates applicable to corporations organized under the laws of certain foreign countries, see the Code and Regulations.


## c Regulated investment companies for 1942.

${ }^{25}$ To determine the "Undistributed net income" subject to surtax for 1936 and 1937, it is first necessary to determine the "Adjusted net income" which is net income for excess-profits tax computation less the sum of the excess-profits tax, normal tax, interest received on certain Government obligations subject to excess-profits tar, and certain credits allowed to hol ding company alliliates and to national mortgage associations. This "Adjusted net income" less the dividends paid credit and the credit for contracts restricting the payments of dividends becomes the "Undistributed net income." The undistributed profits tax rates for corporations filing returns for fiscal years begiming in 1937 and ending in 1938 are those provided by the Revenue Act of 1936 . The following corporations are not subject to the surtax on undistributed profits: (1) Banks, (2) domestic corporations which for any portion of the taxable year are in bankruptey, (3) insurance companies, (4) forcign corporations, (5) corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States, (6) corporations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, and (7) joint-stock land banks.

26 When the "Adjusted net income" for 1936 and 1937 is less than $\$ 50,000$, a specific credit is allowed.

27 "Adjusted net income" for 1938 and 1939 means net income (after deducting the declared value excessprofits tax) minus the credit for interest received on certain obligations of the United States and Government corporations. This "Adjusted net income" less the "Dividends received credit" is the amount subject to income tax.

28 The Internal Revenue Code, approved Feb. 10 1939, which was enacted as law, codiffed cert:ain general laws of the United States and parts of such laws relating exclusively to internal revenue, in force on Jan. 2, 1939, and repealed all such laws and pizts of laws codified therem to the extent that they related exclusively to internal revenue, as of the effective wites of the respective corresponding provisions of the Code.
${ }^{29}$ For 1938-39, the tax on dividends reccived is at the rate of 12 percent.
${ }^{30}$ The tentative tax, 19 percent of "Adjusted wet iucome" is reduced by $161 / 2$ percent of the "Dividends reccived credit" and $21 / 2$ percent of the "Dividends paid credit," except for certain corporationsthose in bankruptey and receivership, joint-stoek land banks, and rental housing corporations-for which the 19 percent tax is reduced by $21 / 2$ percent of "Adjusted net income." (See note 27.) The income tax rates for corporations filing returus for fiscal years beginning in 1937 and ending in 1928 are those provided by the Recenue Act of 1936 .
${ }^{31}$ Revenue acts passed after Feb. 10, 1939 (tlee date of the cnactment of the Internal Revenue Code) are not complete taxing statutes in themselves but consist of amendments to the Code. There is no one effective date for all provisions of each act; some of the provisions are retroactive, others apply to the curreut tax period, while still others are effective for future taxable years.

The IRevenue Act of 1939 is not listed since its provisions do not pertain to the iterns sot forth in this table; the rates of tax provided were nerer in effeet, being superseded by those of the two Rerenue Acts of 1940.
${ }^{32}$ Includes defense tax rates, which for income defeuse tax on returns with taxable jear beginning after Dec. 31,1939 , is 10 percent of the rates proviled oy the first Revenue Act of 1940; and for declared value excess-profits defonse tax on returns with taxable years enuing after June 30, 1940, is 10 percent of the declared vilue excess-profits tax rates for 1940.
${ }^{33}$ Section 710 of the Code, added by the Second Revenue Act of 1940, imposes an excess profits tax in addition to the declared value excess-profits tax which has been in effect since June 30, 1933. For computation of tax on corporations completing contracts under the Merchant Marine Act, See section 726 of the Code; on corporations engaged in mining strategic metals, sece section 731, both sections being added to the Code by the Second Revenuc Act of 1940. See note 41 (e).
${ }^{34}$ The basis for computing average base period net income is the normal-tax net incorne for each of the four years immediately preceding the taxable year, atljusted for each base period year to produce the excess proints net income.

Undet the general average method, the average base period net income is the aggregate of the excess profits net income for the base period vears divided by the nuinieer of months in the base period and multiplied by 12. If there is an excess profits deficit in one or more of the base period years, zero is substituted for the largest such amount in arriving at the aggregate.

The Revenue Act of 1942 provides that a corporation which in any year of its base period had income of less than 75 percent of the average of the three other years is allowed to use 75 percent of the average of those 3 years in computing its base period average.

Under the increased earnings method, the income for the last half of the base period is increased by one balf of the excess of the iucome for the last half over the income for the first half and the sum is divided by the number of months in the last half and multiplied by 12. The result, limited to the highest excess profits not income for any taxable year in the base period, represents the average base period income.

For detailed adjustments made in computing excess profits net income from normal-tax net income, see Form 1121. Facsimile for 1942 is on p. 407.
$T$ ootnotes for table $A$, synopsis of Federal tax lars-Continued

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

${ }^{35}$ For invested capital of foreign corporations and corporations receiving a large percentage of their gross income from sources withiu a possession of the United States, see section 724 of the Corle, adde 1 by the Second Revenue Act of 1940.
${ }^{36}$ (a) Excess profits net income computed under income credit method for 1940 is obtained from normaltax net income (described in note 23) by adding net long-term capital loss and subtracting the sum of:
(1) Income and income defense taxes.
(2) Net Iong-term capital gain.
(3) Net gain from sale or exchange of depreciable property held more than 18 months.
(4) Income from retirement or discharge of bonds, etc.
(5) Refunds and interest on Agricultural Adjustnent Act taxes.
(6) Recoveries of bad debts.
(7) Dividends received credit adjustment.
(8) Abnormal income attributable to other years. Excess profits net income computed under the income credit method, for 1941, is the same as above except that item (1) above is not deductible, and additional charitable deductions are allowable. The starting point in the computation of excess profits net income for 1941 remains the normal-tax net-income computed without deduction of excess profits tax.
(b) Excess profits net income computed under invested capitat credit method, for 1940 and 1941, is the excess profits net income as computed in (a) above plus (1) 50 percent of interest on borrowed capital and (2) interest, on Government obligations; and less the dividends received credit adjustment. (See Code, sec. 711, added by the Second Revenue Act of 1940 .)
(c) The excess profits net income for returns with taxable year beginning in 1942 is obtained from the normal-tax net income (computed without allowance of credit for income subject to exeess profits tax and without allowance of dividends received credit) by making the following adjustments:
(1) Under the income credit method there is added the net short-term capital gain and the adjustment to net operating loss deduction, there is subtracted the sum of:
(a) Net gain from sale or exchange of capital assets,
(b) Income from retirement or discharge of bonds,
(c) Refunds and interest on Agricultural Adjustment Act taxes,
(d) Recoveries of bad debts,
(e) Dividends received credit adjustment,
(f) Nontaxable income of certain industries with depletable resources.
(2) Undrr the invested capital credit method, the excess profits net income is computed as in (c)(1) above plus (a) 50 percent of interest on borrowed capital and (b) interest on Government oblfgations.
(d) For life insurance companies, under the income credit method, for 1942, there is dedueted from the normal-tax net income the excess of (I) the product of (1) the figure determined under Code section

202(b) -which for 1942 is .93-and (2) the excess profits net income before adjustments over (II) the adjustment for certain reserves provided in section 202 (c)-which for 1942 equals $31 / 4$ percent of the unearned premiums and unpaid losses on contracts orher than life or annuity which are not included in life insurance reserves. Under the invested capital credit method there is deducted from the normal-tax net income 50 percent of the excess described in (d) above.

37 For 1940 and thereafter the amount of taxes paid to foreign countries or United States possessions not allowable as a credit against income tax is allowable to a domestic corporation as a credit against the excess profits tax on Form 1121, subject to the limitations provided by section 729 (c) and (d) of the Code.
${ }^{38}$ Surtax net income, as reported on Form 1120, is greater than normal-tax net income, as descrihed in note 23 , by the amount of interest received on certain obligations of the United States and its instrumentalities issued prior to Mar. 1, 1941.

Mutual investment companies are subject to surtax on their Supplement $Q$ surtax net income (defined in sec. 104, Revenue Act of 1941) at the rates shown in table A. For 1942 "Regulated" replaces "Mutual," and the surtax rate is 16 percent.

Beginning 1942, public utility companies, other than railroads, are allowed a credit for dividends paid on their preferred stock in arriving at surtax net ineome; life insurance companies are subject to surtax on their adjnsted corporation surtax net income (defined in sec. 163 of the Revenue Act of 1941); the surtax rate for consolidated returns is 2 percent higher than for nonconsolidated returns; Western Hemisphere trade corporations (defined in sec. 109 of the Code, added by sec. 141 of the Revenue Act of 1941) and non resident foreign corporations are exempt from surtax.
${ }^{39}$ The tax on those mutual insurance companies other than life or marine which are not granted an exempt stiatus (see note $2(\mathrm{~g})$ is, in general, the larger of (1) a tax on the net investment income at the regular normal tax and surtax rates, or (2) a special tax of 1 percent on the gross amount received from interest, dividends, rents, and net premiums, less (a) dividends to policy holders and (b) wholly tax-exempt interest.

40 The unused excess profits credit for any taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1942 may be carried back and credited against the excess profits net income for eaen of the two preceding years (but not for any taxable year beginning before January 1, 1941) for the purpose of determining the adjusted excess profits net income for such taxable year. The unused excess profits credit for any taxable year which is not used as a carry-back may be carried forward to the two succeeding taxahle years. For 1910 and 1941, the unused credit could be carried forward only.
(Footnotes continued on p. 371)

## Footnotes for table A, synopsis of Federal tax laws-Continued

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

${ }^{11}$ (a) The sum of the excess profits tax, normal tax, and surtax (not including the surtax on corporations improperly accumulating surplus) is limited to 80 percent of the corporation surtax net income computed without the credit for income subject to excess profits tax.
(b) The Revenue Act of 1942 provides for a post-war refund of an amount equal to 10 percent of the excess profits tax for each taxable year. This refund is represented by non-interest-bearing, non-negotiable bonds redecmable after the war. However, part or all of such credit is available currently for debt retirement. (See par. (c) of this note.) The post-war refund for taxable years beginning in 1941 and ending after June 30, 1942, is limited to 10 percent of the prorated tentative tax computed under the Revenue Act of 1942. No post-war refund applies if the taxable sear began in 1941 and ended before July 1, 1942
(c) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit for debt retirement is allowable against the excess profits tax. This credit is limited to the lesser of (1) 10 percent of the excess profits tax or (2) 40 percent of the net debt reduction below the smallest amount of indebtedness outstanding at any time since Sept. 1, 1942. No credit for debt retirement is allowable for taxable years beginning in 1941 and ending before Sept. 1, 1942.
(d) Beginning 1942 (retroactive to 1940), the general relief provisions under section 722 of the Code are made broader and more liberal. Taxpayers using the average earnings method of computing excess profits credit are permitted to have their base earnings reconstructed in cases of abnormalities or bardships, provided they can establish that their actual base period earnings were abnormal.
(e) Corporations having a contract (or subcontract) with the United States or any agency thereof for an amount in excess of $\$ 100,000$, which contract was made after A pril 28, 1942, or was not fully paid prior to that date, may be required to renegotiate the prices of such contract if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Department with which the contract was made, excessive profits have been realized or are likely to be realized. Under section 403 of the Sixth Supplemental National Defense Appropriations Act (Public No. 528, 77th Congress, 2d Session) the Secretary is authorized to (1) require the contractor (or subcontractor) to renegotiate the contract price, (2) to withhold from the contractor the amount of the excess profits, and (3) to recover such amount from such contractor in case any amount of the contract price found as a result of such renegotiation to represent excessive profits shall have beeu paid to the contractor.

No renegotiation can be commenced by the Secretary more than one year after the close of the fiscal year of the contractor (or subcontractor) within which completion or termination of the contract, as determined by the Secretary, occurs.

When war contracts (or subcontracts) are renego. tiated and the taxpayer is required to repay part of receipts under the contract in a year subsequent to the receipt, no refund or abatement of excess profits or income taxes for prior years is to be allowed. Instead, such taxes are to be applied as a credit or off-set against the amounts to be repaid.

This renegotiation provision, which is to be in force for three years after the termination of the war, affects the gross income, total compiled receipts, compiled net profit, net income, and taxes, for 1940-1942 as tabulated in this volume, by the amount of the renegotiation settlements made after the returns were filed. Data pertaining to these settlements are shown on pp. 24-41.
(f) For 1941 and 1942, in the case of a domestic corporation engaged in the mining of certain strategic metals, that portion of the adjusted excess profits net income which is attributable to such mining is exempt from excess profits tax. The tax on the remaining portion of the adjusted excess profits net income is an amount which bears the same ratio to the tax computed without regard to the provisions of Code section 731 as such remaining portion bears to the entire adjusted excess profits net income.
${ }^{42}$ For 1942 , an alternatire tax is provided for corporations with net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss, which, in effect, limits the total normal tax and surtax on such excess to 25 percent. (See table B, p. 374.) For 1941 net long-term gains were taxed at the regnlar normal tax and surtax rates
${ }^{43}$ Rates of surtax on personal holding companies a

a For definition of a personal holding company see p. 54 of this report and sec. 501 , Internal Revenue Code: A foreign personal holding company, with taxable year ending after August 26, 1937 (the effective date of the Revenue Act of 1937), is not taxed as such, but its undistributed net income is to be included in the gross income of its United States shareholders. (See sec. 337, Revenue Act of 1937 and Internal Revenue Code.)

The taxable income of a personal holding company is: "Uudistributed adjusted net income" for 1934 through 1937; "Undistributed Title IA net income" for 1938; and "Undistributed subchapter A net income" for 1939-1942. For computation of undistributed subchapter A net income for 1942 see p. 55 of this report, also sections 504 and 505 of the Code.
${ }^{6}$ These rates include the 10 percent defense tax ncrease for 1940 which was incor porated into the rate schedule for 1941.
c For 1942, an alternative tax is provided for personal holding companies with net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss, which, in effect, limits the total tax on such excess to 25 percent. For 1941 the net long-term capital gain was taxed at the regular rates.

## Footnotes for table A, synopsis of Federal tax laus-Continued

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

44 A corporation which permitted an unreasonable accumulation of profits, although subject to all warprofits and excess-profits taxes, was not subject to the ordinary corporation income tax for 1913 through 1920, but the individual stockholders were taxed upon their proportionate shares of its net income, whether distributed or not. For 1917, there was also a penalty tax of 10 percent upon that portion of the total net income remaining undistributed six months after the close of the taxable year, in excess of the income actually employed in the business, or invested in obligations of the United States issued after September 1, 1917.

For 1921 and thereafter, there was a penalty tax, in addition to the ordinary corporation income and profits taxes, imposed upon the taxable net income of a corporation where it was shown that there had been an evasion of surtax as a result of an unreasonable accumulation of profits. The rate of this addi-
tional tax was 25 percent for 1921 through 1923. It was increased to 50 percent for the years 1924 through 1933, and to the rates shown in the table below for 1934 through 1939, with the provision for 1926 through 1937 that the additional tax shall not apply if all the shareholders of the corporation include in their gross income their pro rata shares, whether distributed or not, of the retained net income of the corporation for such year, with the added provision for 1936 and 1937 that 90 percent or more of such retained net income be included in the gross income of shareholders other than corporations. For 1938 and thereafter this prorision for shareholder's payment of surtax on pro rata shares is replaced by the "Consent dividends credit." (See sec. 102, Revenue Act of 1936 and Internal Revenue Code.) The rates of tax on corporations improperly accumulating surplus (other than personal holding companies) for the years subsequent to 1933 follow:

Rates of surtax on corporations improperly accumulating surplus

a For corporations not subject to the surtax on undistributed profits, these rates are 25 and 35 percent. (See sec. 102, Revenue Act of 1936.)
${ }^{5}$ These rates include the defense tax increase for 1940 which was incorporated into the rate schedule for 1941.
${ }^{1}$ For 1931 and prior years, there was no distinction made between the annual profits of a corporation and the occasional profits from the sale of assets.

Table B.-Corporation income tax returns-capital gain and loss provisions under the Federal tax laus for the income years $1932-1942$ 1--Con.

| Federal tax law | $\begin{gathered} \text { Income } \\ \text { year } \end{gathered}$ | Definition of capital assets | Period held | Treatment of capital gain | Treatment of capital loss |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Acts amend. ing Code-Con. 1942 | 1942 | Same as 1941 with the addition of: except real property used in the trade or business. (However, if there are any aggregate net gains from sale or exchange of business real estate, other depreciable business property, and involnntary conversion of business property or of capital assets, all held for more than 6 months, such gains are considered as from sales or exchanges of capital assets. If, when the gains and losses from the items described above are grouped, a net loss results, the loss is trcated as an ordinary loss-fully deductible. For the purposes of the deduction for worthless, stock, stock of an "affiliated corporation" net loss sustained by a bank from sales or exchanges of bonds, debentures, notes, certificates, etc., issued by a corporation with interest coupons or in registered form is not considered as a sale or exchange of a capital asset.) | Short-term: ${ }^{6}$ months or less. <br> Long-term: More than 6 months. | Included in net income and taxed at regular rates. <br> Included in net income and taxed at regular rates unless the long. term capital gain excapital loss in which case the corporation may pay the alternative tax if such alternative tax is less than the tax at the regular rates. The alternative tax is the sum of (1) the regular tax on net income reduced by the amount of the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss and (2) 25 percent of such excess. | Short-term capital losses are allowable against both short- and long-term capital gains of the current year. <br> Long-term capital losses are allowable against both long. and short-term capital gains of the current year. <br> For the purpose of determining the extent of deductibility of capital losses in the taxable year, all short-term and long-term gains and losses taken into account are considered together and losses-long-term or short-termare deductible only to the extent of the aggregate gains-long-term and short-term. Any undeductible excess of capital loss may be carried forward into the next five succeeding years until it is absorbed by the "Net capital gains," defined as the excess of all gains (long-term and short-term) from sales or exchanges of capital assets over losses (longterm and short-term) from such sales or exchanges. |

[^41]| $\underset{\text { Federal tax law }}{\text { (date of enactment) }}$ | $\underset{\text { year }{ }^{\text {I }}}{\text { Income }}$ | Type of tax for which a consolidated return was permitted | Type of corporation permitted to file a consolidated return | Criterion of affillation | Consolidated return required or optional | Tax rate ${ }^{\text { }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Act of: 1917 (Oct. 3, 1917) -(Aíso Regula. Treasury Decision 3389). | 1917 | Excess-profitstax only. | Domestic corporations, except public service corporations; ${ }^{3}$ and domestic partacrships. | (1) Two or more corporations or partclosely related business or (b) if among them there existed contracts arbitrarily or artificially influenced or determined the amount of the invested capital or net income or one nerships, and (2) if 95 percent or more of the stock was owned directly by a parent cor poration or partnership or ated intercsts, or if 95 percent of the stock of one or more corporations, or interests. the business of thed by the same ships, was owned | Required.- |  |
| 1918 (Feb. 24, 1919). | 1918-20 | Income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes. | Jomestic corporations, ${ }^{4}$ except personal service corporations. | (1) If one corporation owned dircetly or controlled through closely affilistock of the other or others, or (2) if substantially all the stock of two or more corporations was owned or controlled by the "same interests." |  |  |
| 1921 (Nov. 23, 1921)- | 1921-23 | For 1921 , income, warprofits taxes; for 1922 only. | Domestic corporations, ${ }^{4}$ except (1) corpor 262 (relative ject income from sources Within possessions of the rations organized under the China Trade Act of ice corporations for 1921. | Saine as for $1918-20$ except that (1) case where two or more corporations *ere owned or controlled by one or purpose of determining the type of return full disclosure of atfiliation was requircd if ownership was less than 95 percent but over 70 percent. | Required prior to January 1 , 1922. Optional on or after January 1,1922 . Option binding in subsequent years unless permission to change was obtained from the Commissioner. |  |
| 1924 (June 2, 1924) .. | 1924 | Income tax. | Same as for 1921-23-.-.-....- | (1) If one corporation owned at least 95 percent of the voting stock of the other or others or (2) if at least 95 percent of the voting stock of two or the same interests. ${ }^{5}$ | Option granted anew for 1924, but option binding in subsequent years unless permission to change was missioner. |  |

Table C.-Consolidated income and profits tax returns-provisions for filing and tax rates under the Federal tax laus

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Federal tax law (date of enactment) \& Income year ${ }^{1}$ \& Type of tax for which a consolidated return was permitted \& Type of corporation permitted to file a consolidated return \& Criterion of affliation \& Consolidated return required or optional \& Tax rate ${ }^{2}$ <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Revenue Act of:
1926 (Feb. 26, 1926) -

1928 (May 29, 1928)} \& 1925-27 \& Income tax------------ \& Same as for 1921-23...-.------ \& For 1925, same as for 1924; for subsequent years the ownership of "at least 95 percent of the stock exclusive of non-voting stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends" was substituted for "at least 95 percent of the voting stock." \& Option granted anew for 1925 and 1926, but option binding in subsequent years unless permission to change was obtained from the Commissioner. \& <br>
\hline \& 1928 \& .do. \& Same as for 1921-23, except that certain Canadian and Mexican corporations were treated as domestic corporations. ${ }^{7}$ \& Same as for 1926-27.. \& If return was filed in 1927, same basis required unless permission to change was obtained from the Commissioner; otherwise optional. \& as for non- <br>
\hline \& 1929-31 \& .-do. \& Same as for 1928, except that life insurance companies (sec. 201) and insurance companies other than life or mutual (sec. 204) could not be affiliated with any other class of corporation. \& One or more chains of corporations connected through stock ownership with a common parent corporation if (1) at least 95 percent of stock of each of the corporations (except the common parent corporation) was owned directly by one or more of the other corporations; and (2) the common parent corporation owned directly at least 95 percent of the stock of at least one of the other corporations. "Stock" did not include non-voting stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends. \& Option granted anew for 1929. In any subsequent year, however, corporations which had filed separate returns in 1929 and after, could elect to file consolidated returns; but once consolidated returns were elected for 1929 or any subsequent taxable year such election was binding for future taxable years, unless permission to change was obtained from the \& consolidated returns. ${ }^{6}$ (See table A, pages 360365.) <br>
\hline 1932 (June 6, 1932) Netional Industrial Recovery Act (June 16, 1933). \& 1932-33 \& For 1932, income tax for 1933, income and (declared value) ex-cess-profits taxes \& Same as for 1929-31, except that a life insurance company (sec. 201) and an insurance company other
than life or mutual (sec. 204) could not be included in the same consolidated return. \& Same as for 1929-31. \& Same as for 1930-31. \& Income tax, $3 / 4$ of 1 percent higher than for non consolidated returns; excess profits tax, same as for nonconsol idated returns. ${ }^{68}$ (See table A, pages 360-365.) <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| $\qquad$ |  |


Table C.-Consolidated income and profits tax returns-provisions for filing and tax rates under the Federal tax laus for the income years 1917 through 1942-Continued

| Federal tax law (date of enactment) | Income year ${ }^{1}$ | Type of tax for which a consolidated return was permitted | Type of corporation permitted to file a consolidated return | Criterion of affiliation | Consolidated return required or optional | Tax rate * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Acts amending Code: <br> 1939 (June 29, 1939) | $\begin{gathered} 1940 \\ 1941 \end{gathered}$ | Income tax..------.-. | Same as for 1938-39 except that the privilege was extended to Pan-American trade corporations. | For common carriers same as 1938-39. For Pan-American trade corporations: A domestic corporation engaged in active conduct of trade or business in the United States and owning dircetly 100 percent of the capital stock of one or more domestic corporations each of which was engaged solely in the active conduct of trade or business in Central or South Pan-American trade corporation). Such corporations (including the parent corporation) were deemed to be an affiliated group provided that income for the taxable year of the parent corporation was derived from sources other than royalties, rents, dividends, interest, annuities, and gain from the sale or exchange of stock or securities; and (2) at least 90 percent of the gross income for the taxable year of each of the PanAmerican trade corporations was derived from sources other than the sources listed under (1); and (3) no part of the gross income for the taxtrade corporations was derived from sourecs within the United States. | Same as for 1930-31--.-....- | Same as for nonconsolidated returns. ${ }^{6}$ (See table A, pp. 360365.) |



Table C.-Consolidated income and profits tax returns-provisions for filing and tax rates under the Federal tax laus

| Federal tax law (date of enactment) | Income year ${ }^{1}$ | Type of tax for which a consolidated return was permitted | Type of corporation permitted to file a consolidated return | Criterion of affiliation | Consolidated return required or optional | Tax rate ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Acts amending Code: <br> 1942 (Oct. 21, 1942). | 1942 | Income tax, and excess profits tax under sec. 710 of Code. | Any corporation ${ }^{10}$ except: <br> (1) Corporations exempt under Code sec. 101. <br> (2) Life or mutual insurance companics, but they were considered as includible corporations if two or more such companies alone filed a consolidated return and each was subjeet to tax under the same section of chapter 1 of the Code. <br> (3) Foreign corporations other than certain Canadian and Mexican corporations.? <br> (4) Corporations subject to section 251 (relative to income from sources within possessions of the United States). <br> (5) Corporations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922. <br> (6) Regulated investment companies (taxable under supplement $Q$ of Code). | One or more chains of includible corporations conmected through stock ownership with a common parent corporation which is an includible corporation of (1) stock possessing at least 95 percent of the voting power of all classes of stock and at least 95 percent of each class of the non-voting stock of each of the includible corporations (except the common parent corporation) is owned directly by one or more of the other includible corporations; and (2) the common parent corporation owns directly stock possessing at least 95 pereent of the voting power of all classes of stock and at least 95 percent of each class of the non-voting stock of at least one of the other includible eorporations. The term "stock" does not include non-voting stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends. | Optional, but the making of a consolidated return is upon the condition that the affiliated group shall make both a consolidated income tax return and a consolidated exeess profits tax return for the taxable year, and that all corporations which at any time during the taxable year have been members of the afliliated group making a consolidated income tax return cousent to all the consolidated income and excess profits tax regulations preseribed. The making of a consolidated income tax return shall be considered as such consent. | Normal tax and excess profits tax same as for nonconsolidated returns; surtax is 2 percent higher than for noneonsolidated re. turns. ${ }^{6}$ (Sce ta-$\underset{360-365 .)}{\text { ble }}$, pages |

## Footnotes for table C, synopsis of Federal tax laws

6 In arriving at net income subject to tax, only one specific exemption is allowed for
the entire affliated group.
7 In the case of a domestic corporation owning or controlling, directly or indirectly, 100 percent of the capital stock (exclusive of directors qualifying shares of ander the laws of Canada or of Mexico and maintained solely for the purpose of complying with the laws of such country as to title and operation of property, such subsequent years as a domestic corporation.
8 The rate of income tax for consolidated returns, 1932 and 1933 , is $141 / 2$ percent, except for returns with fiscal year ending iu 1934, on which the tax attributable to 1934 is at the
rate of $143 /$ percent. (Sce scc. 218(e), National Industrial Recovery Act.) The rate of income tax for consolidated returns with taxable year beginning on or after Jan. 1, 1934, is $15^{3} 3$ percent. (The National Industrial Recovery A et provided a rate of $151 / 2$ percent,
but this was superseded by the Revenue Act of 1934 , which provided $153 / 4$ percent.)
9 The term "common carrier by railroad" included steam and electric railroads, but
did not inclu le street, suburban and interurban electric railways or express, refrigerator,
${ }^{10}$ The privilege of filing consolidated returns is not extended for the purposes of surtax on personal holding companies except in ease of aftiliated groups of railroad corporations
which would have been entitiled t.o file consolidated returns under prior law. 1 There was no provision for the filing of consolidated returns for years prior to 1917.
${ }^{3}$ Public service corporations (railroads, gas, electric, water, etc.) when not grouped into one operating unit-particularly when situated in different jurisdictions and subject to regulation by public service commissions-were not allowed to mowe a coner, such utilities were owned by an industrial corporation and operated as a plant facility or as an integral turn, the return of the utilities was to be included in the consolidated return.
An affiliated corporation organized after Aug. 1, 1914, and not a successor to a then exlsting business, 50 percent or more of whose gross income was derive 1 from a Govern-
ment contract or contracts made between A pr, 6,1917 , and Nov. 11,1918 , inclusive, could mot be included in a consolidated return, and the corporation so segregated was assessed on the basis of its own invested capital and net income. A domestic corporation which net income or invested capital of such foreign corporation in a consolidated return.
${ }^{5}$ Corporations were not held to be affiliated when the stock of two or more corpora-
tions was owned or controlled by two or more individuals or by two or more partnerships (or under the acts of 1921-26 by two or more corporations) unless the percentage of stock held by each individual or partnership (or corporation) was substantially the same in

## RETURN FORMS FOR 1942

## FACSIMILES OF

Form 1120: Corporation income and declared value excess-profits tax return.
Form 1120L: Life insurance company income tax return.
Form 1120M: Mutual insurance company income tax return.
Form 1121: Corporation excess profits tax return.
Form 1120H: Return of personal holding company.

 INCOME TAX COMPUTATION. (Seo Computation Inetructiona)

2. Normal-tax net income (item 40, page 1),

Portion of line 9 (not io excese of $\$ 5,000$ ), end tax at 15 percent
. Portion of line 9 (ib excess of $\$ 5,000$ and not in excess of $\$ 20,000$ ); and ta a a: 17 percent.
2. Portion of line 9 (in excess of $\$ 20,000$ and not in excess of $\$ 25,000$ ) ; and tax at 19 percent
3. Portion of line 9 (in excess of $\$ 25,000$ ); and tax at 31 perceot...
14.

Total normal tsx (total tar in column 3 of lines $10,11,12$, and 13 )............................
15. Normal-tar net ineome (item 40, page 2)....
16. Normal tar ( 24 percent of line 15)..

7. Net income (item 35, page 1).

20.
 Dividends pald on certala pretered stock utaspayer is a pubtic uting...

Surtax net ineome
CORPORATIONS WITH SLTHA: NET INCOMES NOT OVER SSO,000
22. Portion of line 21 (not in excess of $\$ 25,000$ ) ; and tax at 10 percest (or 12 pereent in the case
of a consolddeted return).... $\$ 25,000$ and not in exeess of $\$ 50,000$ ), and tax at 22 percent
(or 24 percent in the case of \& consolidated return) (or 24 percent in the case of a consolidated return)..

Total surtax in polumn 3 of lines 22 end 23.
CORPORATIONS WITH SURTAX NET INCOMES OF OVER \$SO,600
25. Surtax net incoune (line 21 above).
26. Surtax ( 16 pereent of line 25) (or in the case of a consolidated return, 18 percent of the consolidated surtar net income) $16 \%$
$27 . \quad$ Total normal and surtax (line 14 or 16 , plus line 24 or 26 , whichever is applicable) 28. Total tax (line 27 or line 33, Sehedule C).
ta compltanion for rectlated invesiment companies
Adjusted net income (item 37, page 1, but computed without regard to section 47 (c)).
30. Add: Net operating loss deduction (itern 27, page 1)...
31. Total of lines 29 aud 30 .
32. Less: Excesy of net long-tera capital gain over short-term capstal loss, (Frow gethecture C) Adjusted net income (after applying section 362 (b) (1)).

Less: Basie surtar credit (creluding cepital gain dividends) computed without regard to paragrarehs (2) and (3) of section 27 (b). (Submit achedule).
Supplement $Q$ net iocome
. Norraal tax ( 24 persent of line 35 )
37. Net income (item 35, page 2, but computed without regard to section 47 (c))..
38. Add: Net operating loss deduction (item 27, page 1)
39. Total of lines 37 and 38 .
4. Less: Execss of net long-term capital gain over short-term capital loss. (Frome sehedule C)
41. Net ineome (after applying section 362 (b) (2))
42. Less: Dividends (other thao eapital gain dividends) paid ineluding consent dividends credit. (Submit schedule)..
43. Supplemedt $Q$ surtax net iacome.
14. Surtax ( 16 pereent of line 43),
15. Net long-term capital gain. (From Sehedule C).
6. Less: Net short-term eapital loss. (From Schedule C),
8. Exeess subjicet to
49. Tar ( 25 percent of line 4S).
50. Total tar in lines 36, 41, and 49

| Schedule A.-COST OF GOODS SOLD. (See Inetruction 2) <br>  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inventory at begioving of year.. |  |  |
| Material or merchandise bought for manufscture or sale. $\qquad$ |  |  |
| Sslerics and wages. |  |  |
| Otker costs per books. (Attach itemized schedule)... |  |  |
| Total................. | \$ |  |
| Less: Joventory at eod of yesr... |  |  |
| Cost of goods eold (enter asitem 2, page 1).. | \$. ................\| | ........ |



Schodule D.-GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF PROPERTY OTHER THAN CAPITAL. ASSETS. (See Inatruction 12)


## uppiemental information required for Sehedule $D$



Page 3
Totel of columins 2, 3, sod 4. (Eater ae item 13, page 1).

4. Oiber Corpotations



Scledule F.-COMPENSATION OF OFFICER



 the year ehould be reported io Ectuccuio C.


| Sehaduin S.-DEPRECIATION. (See Inetruction 25) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Fiod of Property fit buildinge, atate nabierial of wbics construchod) | 2. Dote |  |  kad of lius |  | - Renceiniog Cusi or Oiber Biss Ee Ficorured |  | 8 Est. conted Fe Lifo Fruin Bedyning of yee | 9. Depreciation Al- |
|  |  | \$. | \$. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. (Enter as item 25, | pe 1). |  |  |  | - | - | - | S............... |
| Schatule K.-OTHER DEDUCTIONS. (Seo inacruction 29) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## QUESTIONS

1. Date of incorporation
2. Slate or country

解e colloctor's office where the corporation's retura for the pieceling year was filed
4. Tho corporatiun's books are io care of

## Locatod at

 tracts or subcontracts? (Ancwer "Yes" of "no").
is "ves," state the Appruximste agiereghte gruws during the tasable year under all such cootrecta ead or cubeontrach. (See Intruction (3-(3).) \&
7. Io the lise eurporation $\Delta$ persunal betding compmey w-thin the menzing of Rection 501 of the Internal Revenuse Coulc? …...... (If En, an ads thital rethra vo Corin 1120 HI must bue Gilexl.
8. In this a ronenlifated return?
 Which shall be filled in, sworn to, and filed as a part of thes return)
9. It this is nat a consnlidated return: (a) did vous own nt nny tike: during the taxablo year 50 perecut or more of the voting stuck of snother eorporation rither damestic or forcinn? ..........; or (5) dith any cor-
puration, individual, partuership, erist, or Asonciativn puration, individial, partaership, trist, or associntiun ormat any tinio
durivg tho tavable year 50 percent or more of your vuting stack?


ntark wan arquired; ard (4) the collector's office in whirt the looomo tax raturn of nuoh corporation, individual, partaership, trust, of asso-
cintion for tho hast taxable year was filed.) 10. Is this retura made on tha basis of eash receipta nad disbursemonta? ........... If zot, deycrike fuliy in separata atatemeat.
11. Fin the corp,retios at a wy time aster October 3, 1942, nod before the utid ci i's in vaiste ycar have ia ite cmploy more than eight individuala? (Answer "yeg" or "nu") .......... If answer is "yes," has the corjuration in this retura thimen $A$ deduction for any amount of waree
er kewlaries repersesting in incresse or decrease in rate after October $31218 ?^{\text {? }}$ (Acavar "res" or "no") ........ If answer to secoad
 Nerwers lif anv of such inerrases or decreases required the prior
 thi e enthot ention fi. eophh of such inereases or decreases.
State whether thin laveotories at tha hekinning and end of tho tarablo yous whe valued at cost, or cost or masket, whichever is lower
 13. Did the corpurction mike a return of information on Formas 1095 and 1093 for thin ralendar vest 1942 (see Instruction G-(1))?
Did the corporntion et any twee during the taxablo yenr own directly or indirecty day stock of a loreign corporation? (Answer "yes" or "no") (Iostruetion $\mathrm{K}-(3)$.) (If answer is "yes," athach atatement as required by


1. Totsl distianntions to atock halders charged tn
(a) Cash......................................................
(b) Stock of the corporation.
(c) Other property.

Contributions (excese over $\$$ perceat limiza. thon).
3. Federal locome aod execst-profita taxea........ part io ltem 42 page 1 credit in wbolo or in
5. Iederal taxes paid on tar-froe coveanat bonde
6. Ereces of copital lospes over capital grins.
7. Additinns to aurpiue rescrves (fist separately): (a)

Other unallowablo deductiona:
(a)
(b)

Adjuaticenta not rceorded on books (itemizc):
(a)
(b)
12. Sundry debits to earned eurplus (itemize):
(o)
(b)

Total of line 1 to It.


EXCESS PROFITS TAK. (See Inatructions for Form 1121)



 excess prosto tisx return.

Schedule N-EXCESS PROFITS NET INCOME COMPUTATION

1. Normal-tax net Income (computed without eredit for incorne aubject to excess profits
isx) (item 40 plus liem 38 , page 1).
2. Net short-term capltal gain (do not enter oet
3. 80 percent of linterest on borrowed capital
4. Adjustment to nee operating lose deductio
under sectloo 711 (4) (2) (L).........................
Total of thes 1 to 4



# UNITED STATES <br> SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES For Calendar Year 1942 

Or fiscal year beginning , 1942, and ending

| This achedule must be filed with and as a part of the corporation's income tax return. Form 1120 or Form 1120 M , for the taxable year, in cane of sale or exchange of capital assets. ${ }^{1}$ | PKINT PLAINLY Corpgration's mame and address |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Do not file this form if the corporation did not sell or exchange nny capital ansete during the taxable year. |  |  |
|  | (Noma) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ......................................... (Sutan and nuebter) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Aren Ofroud Sixal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Deseripition of Property | 2. Dise kequired | ${ }^{3}$ gras Sams Pricer | - Casior Oither Bisis |  | ${ }^{3}$ Lesprecialion Alluwid (or allotatule) "Ince 4 cquistion or 3 farch 1.1913 Truronb details) |  | 3 navo mi Lose tcoluina <br> 3 Dtue culuma fi fornus tior aum of ouluemes t and $3 \%$ |  |
| SHORT-TERM CAPITAL GAINS ANO LOSSES-ASSETS HELD FOR NOT MORE THAN * MONTHS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | \$ ... ........ | \$ |  |  |  | 8 |  |
| Net short-ternt capatal pair, (or loss) for the tavahile year |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 .......................... |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  tetmicapital Rain in column 7.) (Do not add to net nhort-term capital lobs in columi 7). <br> Total net short-term capatal kam (or low) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ; |  |



# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 1120 <br> 1942 UNITED STATES CORPORATION INCOME AND dECLARED VALUE EXCESS-PROFITS TAX RETURN <br> 1942 <br> (Relerences are to the Internal Revenue Code, Unlest otherwise noted) 

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS
A. Corporations whirh must make a return.- Fwery demestic and every resident foresg comporation not specifically exempted by eection 101, whet her or tot having ony wet income, must file a return. The term "corporatiou" is defined by the Code to include assncistsons, joint-stock companies, and iosurance companies, Every corparation "huch is subject to the capital stock tax for any year ended June 30, must make a declared value excess-profits tar return for the in-come-tax taxable year ending after the closc of such capital etock toe year. À combined return for meome and declared value excess-profits ta purpusey must be made on Form 1120, except where a consolidated income tas returd is made by an alfiliated group of corporations.

Reccivers, trustees in dissolution, trustees in bankruptey, and assignees, operating the property or business of corporations, must. make retarne of ineome for such corporations. If a receiver has full custody of and control over the buwiness or property of a corporation, be shall the decened to be operating such bustmess or property, whether he is engaged in carrying on the bucinesa for which the corporation was organized or only in marshaling, selhing and durposing of its assets for purposes of liquidation.
B. Period to be covered by return.-Returns shall be filed for the calendar year 1942 or fical year beginning in 1942 and ending in 1943. A fascal year is an accoubting period of twelve months ending on the last day of a calendar month other than December.
The establushed accounting period must be adhered to for all years unless permission is receised from the Commissioner to make a change. An application for a change should be to make a change. An application for a change should be
made on Form 1128 and forwarded to the collector prior to the expiration of 30 days from the close of the proposed period for which a retura would be required to effect the change.
C. Basis of return.- If your books of arcount are kept. on the acerual basis, report alliocome accrued, even though it has not been actually reccived, and expenses incurred instead of expenses paid. If your books are not kept on the accrual expenses paid. if your books are not kept on the accrual
basis, or if you kept no books, make your returo on a cash basis, or and report all income received or const ructively received, auch as bank interest credited to your account and coupon bond interest matured, and report expenses actually paid.
The following limitations on deductions for unpaid expense and iuterest are applicable to taxpayers on the accrual hasis:
Section 24 (c). Unpaid expenses and interest. - In computing net, income no deduction shall be allowicd under section 23 (a), relating to expenses incurred, or under section 23 (b), relatiag to interest accrused -
(1) If such expenses or ioterest are oot pald withio tbe tarebie year or withio inoo ond onchall niont hs ofter the close thereol. and (2) If, by reasoo of the method of Bccounting of the nerson to whom the pay-
meat is to be made, the emount thereof is not. upless paid, ancluditile io the gross
 of the taxpeserends. and
(3) 11. At the close of the
(3) If. at the close of the taseble year of the toxpayer or at any timo withis two and oae half mouths thereafter, bota the tarpayer and the person to thom the
paywent 1 to be made are persons botween wbote loskes would be disallowed wajer sectioo 2t (b).
D. Filing of return and pasment of tax.-Returns must be filed on or before the 15 th day of the third month following the close of the taxable year with the collector for the district in which the corporation's priocipal place of business or principal office or agency is located. In the case of a foreign corporation not engaged in business within the United States at any time within the tarable year, the return chall be fled on or before the 15 th day of the sixth month following the close of the tarable year with the Collector of Internal Revenue, Baltimore, Md. Where a consolidated income tax retura is fled by an affiliated group of corporations, the separate declared value excess-profits tax returns of the common parent corporation and each subsiduary corporation must be filed with the collector with whom the consolidated income tax return is fled.
The tax must be paid in full when the return is fled, or in four equal installments, as follows: On or before the 15 th day of the third month; on or hefore the 15th day of the rixth month; on or before the 15 th day of the ninth inouth; and on or before the 15 th day of the 1 welfth month following the close of the taxable year. If any iostallment is not paid on or before the date fixed for its payment, the whole amount of the tax
unpaid shall be paid upoll notice and deanand by the eollector. The tai may be paid by sending or bringing check or moncy order drawn to the order of "Collector of Interaal Revesue." Do not send cash by mail, Dor pay it in persoo except at the collector's office.
L. Signatures and verification. - The return shall be sworn to by the president, vice president, or other principsl officer and by the treasurer, assistant trensurer, or chicf accountime officer. Where the return is actually prepared by some persor or persons other than officers or employees of the corporation, such person or persons must exccute tbe affidavit at the fuot of page 1.
F. Penalties.-Severe penalties are imposed for failing to fie a return, for late flling, and for filing a false or fraudulent retura.

G-(1). Information at the source,-Every corporation making payments of (1) interest, rents, commissions, or other fived or determinable income of $\$ 500$ or more dunng the cali-ndar year 1912 to an individual, a partnership, or a fiduciary, or (2) salaries or wages of $\$ 500$ or more to a single person or $\$ 1,200$ or more to a married person shall make a return on Forms 1096 and 1099 . The returns on Forms 1096 and 1099 shall also include dividend payments amounting to $\$ 100$ or more during the calendar year 19i2 to cach shareholder who is an indwidual (citizen or resident of the United States), a resident fiduciary, or a resident partnership any member of which is a citizen or resident.

G-(2). Information regarding dissolution or liquidation. Every corporation shall, within 30 days after the adoption by the corporation of a resolution or plan for the dissolution of the corporation or for the liquidation of the whole or any part of its capital stock, render a correct return on Form 966, to the Commissioner, verified under oath, setting forth the terms of such resolution or plad.

Every corporation making distributiona in liquidation of the whole or any part of its capital stock shall also make returns on Forms 1096 and 1099 L , as required by instructions on Form 1096 for the calendar year 1942 .
G-(3). Information regarding Government contracta. Every corporation which beld, during the tarable year, con tracts or aubcontracts with the nited Statee Governmentorany Eubdivion thereo, including Lend-Lease, all, ia answer 10 question 6, page 3, state the actual or, if not accurately determinable, ito beat estimate of ace billed, during the current tazable year, under all auch coniracts andior aubcontracta
The gross contract smount billed on cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contracts, and not merely the fixed fee, shall be included.
The term "bubcontract" may be defined as any purchase order or agreement to perform all or any part of the work, or to make or furnish auy article, required for the performance of another contract or aubcontract.
H. Returns of certain corporations.- Domestic corporationa within the posscssions of the United States (except the Virgin Islands) may report as gross income only gross income from Bourcea within the United States, provided (a) 80 percent or more of the gross income for the 3-year period immediately preceding the close of the taxable year (or auch part thereof a mas be applicable) was derived from aources within a posses sion of the United States, and (b) 50 percent or wore of the grose income for auch period or euch part thereof was derived from the active conduct of a trade or business within a possesaion of the linited States. (See eection 251.)
Resident forezgn rorporations. - Foreign corporations which at any thme within the taxable year are engaged in trade or business within the linited States shall make returns on Form 1220 of income received from aources within the United States.
Nonrferdent forcign corporations.- Foreign corporations dot engaged in trade or businese within the United States at any time within the taxable year are subject to tax upon gross income from sources within the United States (determined under the provisions of section 119) which is fixed or deter minable, annual or periodical gains, profits, and income, and a rerequired to make returns on Form 1120 NB with respect to such income only in the event their fax liability has not been fully satisfied at the source. . (See sections 231-237.)

Page 2

Iusurance rompanies.-Life insuranece companics, as defined by section 201, shall file returns on Form 1120 L . insteatl of form 1120 Alumat incurance companies (othor than life or narme insurance companics) shall make and file returns on Form 1120 : 1 in accordance with the provisinns of section 207. The net income of an insurance complany (otleer than a life or touthel insurance company refcred to atrovec and every mutual marine insirance company shall be computed as provided in section 201.
lirqualal inerstment campenics. - An invistment company will not satisy the requitements of sectios 361 so as to come whim the ternt "reenlated invectment comigny" finf a:yy tavable year unless it files with its return on Form 1120 for the tivable vear an election to be a regulated inventioent company. The election once maste is irrevocabie, and ohor rejumements of section 361 it will be considered a regulated investment company.
I. Consolidated returns.-Subject to the provisions of ection It1 and the regulations, an alliliated group of corporatoons may make consolidated meome and consolidated exeess profits tiv returns io lieu of separate returns.
The making of consolutated returns shatl be upon the condation that the affiluted group shall mate both a consoldated income tax return and a consolidated excess profits tne return for the tavable year, and that all corporations which at any time cluring the taxable vear have ben members of the afiliated group making a consolithted incone thx return consent to alf the consolidatelf income and excess pronts las regulations preseribed foreribed by law for the filing of such return
The common pnemt corporation. when fiting a consolidated incoroe tax return shatl nttach thereto a schetule showing the incoroe tar rethrn. Sha of all the corporations included in the names and adresse all werh sudvidiary must prepare two return. Each tavable year cach suskinary must preparkions duplicate originals of form anthorizing the miking of the return on its behalf. One and authorizing the maiking of the return on its behati, one such form shall be attached to the consobdated return as o pare conolighed return is fict in the uffice of the collector for the subviduary's district.

Supporting schedules shall be filed with the consolidated return. These schedules shall be prepared in coluninnr form, return. Theseschentumn being provided for cach eorporation included in one column being prowided for cach cerporntion inctuded in the consolidation, showing in detant the stoms of gross income and detuctions and for a total of like items before ndjustments are made; colmmin columan for intercompany elinunations and adjustments; one columin for intercompany ene columin for a totat of lihe nems nfter giving effect to and one column tor a dotastments. The itemis included in the column for clininntions and adjustuments should he svmbolized to identify contra iterns affected, and surtable cyplanations to identiry contra itcms Shected, anduter shall also contain nppented, if necessary. Simular schertutes shall also contain in columnar form a reconciliation of when ennslidatet! supplus.

Consolidated bulanee sherts as of the begimning and close of Consolidated balanee sherts as of the megime the consolidated
the tavable $y$ car of the group shalt nerompany the tavable $y$ ear of the group shall acrompany hice
return prepared in a form sitailar to that required for recorireturn prepared in
eihation of surplus.
J. Surtax on improperily acrumulated surplos.-There shall the levied. collected, and paid for earh tavable wear (in addition to other inxes imposed by chapter 11 upon the net income of every corporation (other than a foretan perronal holding company ased as defined in section 501) if such corporation, however created or organzed, is formed or avated of for the purpowe of prethe sha the the sharcholders or ander instead of of permitting carnings or profits $t 0$ accumulate instead of bring divided or distributed, a surtax equal to tbe sum of the follow inp:

Twenty-seven and one-half percent of the amount of the andistritited section 102 net income not in exees of $\$ 100,000$, plus $35 \%$ percent of the undistrabuted section 102 net income
exeres of $8100,000$.
For definition of "undistributed section 102 bet income," e, see section or
K-(1). Personal holding companica.-Scetiod 500 imposes a surtar upen the undistributed sobechapter A net income of corporations elassiticd as personnl hoolding compramies. Corporations so elassificd are cacmpt from the surtax on corporahons improperly accunulating sirplus inposed by sectisn to Tathe are not crempt for 102 , surtax imposed by Unhke the sortan section 500 applies or availed of io necumulate carniogs or profits for the purpose
of avoiding surtax upon sharicholders. In addition to filing a return on Forn 1120, every personal holding company must return on Form 1120, every $P$.
file : return on Form 1120 H .
Section 501 (a) defines a "persodal holding company" as any corporation if-
(1) Gross income rcquizement.- At lcast 80 per centum of its cross income for the taxable year is personal holdina company income os defined in section 502; but if the corporation is a personal holding company with respect to any taxable yeser beginning after Decendier 31, 1936, then, for ench subsequent a a able year, the miminum percentage shall be 70 per centum in tiens of so per centum, untll a taxable year during the whole of the last halr of which the stock ownership required by paragraph (2) does bot eqist, or until the expiration of three consecutive tavable years in each of which less than centum of
(2) Stock ownership requirement.-At any time during the Inst half of the taxable year more than 50 , ver centum in value of its outstanding stock is owned, directly or iodirectly, by or for not nore than five iodividuals.
or not netions $500-511$.
$\mathbf{k}-(2)$. Foreign personal holding companies.-In licu of a surtas on the incone of a fureigo personal holding company, as defined in section 331, section 337 requares that the undise tributed Supplement $P$ net ineome of such corporation (in the manser and to the evtent set fortb io the supplement) shall be residents of the United Slates, domestic enrporations, domestic partnerships, and estates or trusts (othet than estates of pariners the gross income of which includes only income from fourecs within the United States) wbo are shareholders in such foreign personal holding company. A forcign personal holding company is not required to ble a personal holding company return (Form 1120 11) but officers, dircetors, and certain United States shareholders are required to file monthly and annuas returns of information as provided by acctions 338 and 339.
A foreign corporation, whether resident or nonresident, which is a personal holding company as defined in section 301 hut is bot within the definition of the term "foreign personal holding company" as used in section 331 due to the fact that more than 50 per centum in value of its outstanding stock was not owned. directly or intirectly, at any time during the theable year by or for not more than five individuals who were citizens or residents of the United States, is subjeet to the surtax imposed by section 500 on its income from sources within the unted States
and must file ad additional return on Form 1120 H .
K-(3). Stork ownership in foreign corporations.-If your corporation owned any stock of a foreign corporation (including less than 5 pereent of the stock of a foreign personal holding company) attach to vour return a statement setting forth the nasie and address of each wich eompany and the total number of shares of earlt class of nuttanding stock owned by you duritig the tavable year. This is required in addition to the information to be stiown in Scliedtule E, of the return. If your corporation owned stock at any tine during the taxable year in af forelgn personal holding company, as clefined in section 331, you must inelode in inur return a9 a dividend the amount required to lie ineluded in your ginss income by section 337. If your corporation owned 5 percent or more in value of the outstanting stock of such foscign perconal helding company, set forth in an attached statement in complete detail the informatinn retuired by section 337 (1)).
L. Halance sheets.-The balance shects, Schedule L, should ngree with the hoaks of account or any differences should be rieonciled. The halanee sheets for a consolidated return of atiflated rorporations should be furnislied in accordance with Instruction 1. All corporations ripurting to the Interstate Commerce Commision or to any natwhal, State, municipal, or other publie ollicer, may submit, in lieu of Schedute L, copies of their balanec shests preerileid by said Commission or State nad numicipal nuthorities, as at the beginning ond ent of the tasable year.

In ense the balance shect as at the begimning of the current tavable wear does not agree in every respect wath the balance sheet which was submitted as at the end of the prevous tavable year, the differences should be fully explained.
M. Forms other than prescribed by return.- Banks, insurance companies, and other corporations required to subrnit statements of incothe and expenses to any national, state, municimal, or other public oflicer may submit with the return a staternent of inevine nad aperises in the form furnished to sueh offiect, itt leat of the information requested in items 1 to 31, page 1, evcent that a ralroad compray may submit with the return s statwint on Form 1090 In such cases the riet income will be reconciled by merats of Schedule Al whth the net firotit showe by the income and expense statement submitted, aud should be entered as item 31, page 1.

Id answering the question, "Kind of husiness," on page 1, give a brief outline of your predominant business Bctivity, and also from the following list gine the scriad number of the business group which corresponds to your predominant busibess.

The business group io which your predominant business falls is that which most ncarly describes the activity accountime for the largest percentage of "total receipts:" "Total receipts" means the sum of gross sales (where inventories are an incomedetermioing factor); gross receipts (where inventories are wot ad ineome-determining factor); and income from other sources required to be included io gross income.
Use the appropriate business group under the lieadiag "FINANCE" wheocver over 50 percent of the "total receipts" consists of iavesturnt inconie.
mining and quarrying
Metol mions

1. Jron.
2. Copre
3. Coprer.
4. Leaje and zloc.
5. Oold sid siver.
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Cride mesraleure and anturd ses podurian: 8 Crude perrelsum, patural pas,
 twas.

## 10. Stone, sod, ond gresel. quamting.

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## Foed ood hioded wrefurts

12. Bakery products.
13. Ceboonlate smil cacos products.
veprisbles. bou sea foods.
14. Mratu prodinets
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16. Cerch proparstions.
17. Dalring pruduct. ezerpt waticet
mile dealers
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otber, meludiog tce nod divoriog
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35. Men's and Bays' ckuthing add lurmiklicts circpt lut no
rubhef.


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40. Leather. tanmed. cmrred sod
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42. Other herihy firmalurs, inctudin

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43. Tires and inoer tuhas, locludion rubtrinzed inbrics hod rubter
cloobiag.
Luaber aod timibem betic meducte
15. Lncering camprs ind k wewills.

Furailure and finished
17. Furoture ("und and mrial).
18. Partitions, shelling, coblart work
15. Wisd oflice abd sfory fallume
80. Mstches. refardiecs of materis!.
81. Other, welisding rusk products. Pares and atiod pratata:
52. Puip, poper, sod papprtbard mills
E3. Pulp prods and congerted products.

Primting, mbili-biag, and allied Indurfise 34. Newspapers.

35 Periodimik.
32. Conasic. Aod mus.
3.
52. Conubrrcial fridine,
55. Uiher proturg, fublishlar, ste

## Cbemix the and athed pendurto:

59. Pannes, varashish, and colors.
60. Saast aed elscrin.

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6t. Industral cbemicals, execpt plas 6\%. Oiser cbecoical products.
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61. Trimplum refinidg.
62. Olber.

70 Cut stmse and sabe product
71. Suructural clay produrts.
i2. Pnitery. parrelats, me.
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74. Cencot
73. Conctule
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is. Alitulusives trachudiog hime). haneous noonetakle mioeral
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81. J]e3ing apparatus cescept elec tric). and plutrbers supplas:
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69. Chirbs ond natebes, tachudies
90. Jewelry. shileermare, and plated
91. Olhrs imanufartures of onnictous roctaksodu of theyr alloss.

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1 m . Focinez ind turhines.
101. Cinostruirtion, maning, and related
in? Aprichlufal inarbinery and tric.
203. Ofter aud store macblaes, equip. 194. Oiticr macbinerg.

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105. Automoburs sat truelsa, incladiog bodies bnd madustrial
06. Autonubite parts and accessonics har passcoecr cars and trouctis

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107. Lamemotises: railrosd, street ent samis. $\mathrm{tr}, \mathrm{abit}$ corss oni Alrintimeni.

110. Aloforcyeves, meycirs, sod parts.
111. Otaef tratsporfation cquintinca
12. Oher menuimivias.

## PUBLIC UTILITIES

## Tobnamete fien:

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fion wht strul ralezas).

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15 Difheray irejpht frapsportation, meludite Jucal thuchar and 113. Ais transportation and allizo
14. Pipe tina travspartation.
15. Water ifauspurtsition
16. Services iocisedtal to traos
portation.

## -mnumiut anco:

23. Telephone (trife and radio).
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24. Fadio prasicastiog and rele

## Other publis utihitien

125. Fieetric light ond pawer. nus and dislrahution 128. Walrs

## 130. Comminsinen peachanta.

## Thet wholesisere:

13. Food. Includine


 23f. Lumber anil nilitivnik.
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## RETAIL TRADE

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iti Oither generbl metchandise stapes
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14t. Exang: ind duating pleses.
147. Auromatile aod truck dralers.
lires, bitrpics, syr
Lobses, motores cles.
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15i. Eumbyr ind building matevich ot
15t. Oiher relsid lesde.
SERVICE
31. Hololh. rexming hoveso

Perianal arrito:
15s. Laublries, rimbers. and dyers
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157. Advertusisg.
155. Other bussers servier

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195. Founotery, sacluding lorsing coem.
196. Fuhory.
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19. Asticultue sod worvizes.

## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

2. Cost of goods sold.-If the production, manufacture. purchace, or sale of merchandise is an income-producing
factor in the trate or busmess; mucntorics of merchandlee oll hand shurk be taken at the begmomg and end of the tavalse year, wheh may be valued at (a) cost, or (b) cont or ntarhet, inheheser is lower. The basis properly adopted is controlling untl permusion to change is obtameal from the Commssioner Appleation for permission to change the basis of vatumge usentoriss shall be made in "riting and lited with the Conamesoner "uthas 90 days after the beginnug of the tavabte year in whech "it is derred to effect a change. Lilter the letters "C." or "C or M," immediately before the amount column m Scliedule A. if the insentories are valued al either cust, or cost or markel, "hichever is lower, and explain fully in answer to questurn 12 on page 3 the mathod used. In case the inventories reported do not agree $\quad$ "th the balaoce shect. attach 2 statement explaining the ditserence.

A corporation electing to have applied the method of tahing iuventory proviled tor in section 22 (d) should file Form 970 whth the return for the first year of the election

Any corporation uising the electwe masentory method under section 22 (d) and electing to tahe advantage of the provitoons of section 22 (d) (ii) (relating to minoluntary higudatinn and replacement of inventory) is regured to mahe ns election in that respect at the time of filng its inconse tar return for the 3ear of jiquidntion, to notify the Commasioner to that effect, and to establish to his satisfaction elie 1 volumtary character of as preseribed in section 22 (d) and the regulations thereunder.
8. Interest on corporation bonds, etc.- Enter joterest on bends, debentures, notes, or certificates or other evidence of indebiedness, issued by any corporation and bearing interest. whe interest coupons or in registered form. Do not welude interest oo any such obligations which constitute slock in trade of the taxpnyer or any such obligations of a kind which would properiy be tacluded in the inventory of the tavpayer if on hand at the close of the tavable year, or any such obligation beld by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of his trade or business. Such interest should be entered in item 7. (See instruction 9 for amortization of bond premium.)
9. Interest on obligations of the United States, etc.-Eoter on line 4, Schedule L , the amounts of the various oblications owned. Enter on line 15, Schedule M, all interest recoived or accrued during the year on the varions obligations listed therein. The amount of interest reported on line 15 (o) (2), (iii), schedule M, should be entered as item 9 (a), page 1. The iotal of the interest reported on line is (a) (3), (ii), schedule A1, should be entered as item 32, page 1. The totnl amount of interest reported as item 9 (a) and item 32 is allowable as a credit against net inconse, and stich total should be entered na them 36, page 1. Tbe amount of interest received or acerucd on oblligations issued oo or after March 1, 1941, by the United states or any agency or instrumentality thereof should be cutered as item 9 (b), page 1 .
Section 23 (v) makes provision for the deduction of amortization of bond premium by the owner of a bond. The term "bond" is defined by section 125 (d) as any bond, debenture, note, ot certificate or other evidence of indehtedness, issued by any corporation and bearing interest (including any like obligatinn issued by a government or political subdivision thereof). include any sup coupons or in registered form, but does not the tuxpayer or any such oblichtion of a bind ahe trade of properly be included is the inventory of the taxpayer if on properly be the cloade of the taxable voar, or any such oblipation held thy the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers io the ordinary course of his trade of business.
Section 125 provides that amortization of bond premiun is mandfatory with respect to fully tax-exempe bonds (the interest on which is not subject to the income tax). In the case of normal tax and surtax) interest on which is subject to the normal tax and surtax) amortization of the premum is clective. With respect to partially tax-exempt bends (the interest on which is subject only to the surtax), if the tavnaver is a corporation, amortization is mandatory. Such elcctom hall the mado by the tarpayer by taking a deduction for the hond premium on the return for the first tarable year to whelt the election is to be applicatble. Altacb a stritement hotwing the computation of the deduetion.
The election shall apply to all bonds with respect to which it Wav nade owoed hy the tappayer at the beairutiog of the first arable year to uhich the election applies and also to all bonds be binding fur all subsequent taxable years, utiless upon
applicatinn by the taxpayer, the Commisaioner permits the tarpayet to revahe the election.
In the case of a fully tav-exempt bond, the amortizable promman for the tavable jear ts an adfuniment to the basas or
adjusted basis of the bond. adjusted basis of the bond. No dechucrion is allowed on necomit of such :amoruzable irembinm. In the case of a fulls tavable bond the atnortizable promimen is hith an aitjustnent to the taxis or adjusted thatho oi the homi and alon a
deduction. In the eave of a paruall amortizatble premium for the pasablele taseracmpt is uat fur the purposes: (1) As an adjustment to the hasis or athurtol hans: (2) as a derhuction; and (3) an a rediction to the crellit for the illterest on the berd. An etection everesed in the current year or a prior year is hindme for all subsequent wear
Noninterest-bearing obligatians iscued at a discornt--Tavpayers on the cash basis may clect, as 10 all nonimicrist bearing obligations issued at a discount and rede-malyle fur fined amounts increasmg at stated anterials (ior exampie, inited Siates Savings Bonds), to incluale the increase in redcmption price applicable to the enrrent year. For the year of election the total increase in redemption price of such obligations occurring between the date of acquisition and the report such ear must be meluded. Taxparer so ele 1 wish. ever is applicable, and aitach statement listing obligations owned and computation of accrued incone.
10. Rents.- Enter the gross amount received for the rent of propicty. Any expene gromellading repairs, interest, inses deductions on page 1 .
11. Rayalties.- Enter the gross amount reccived as royaltio If a deduction is claimed for depletion, it should be reported as item 26 , page $I$.
12. Gains and losses from sales or exchanges of capitul asseta and other property.-Report sales or exchangea of
capital accets in Schedule C and sales or exchances of propert caprat acsets in Schedrase and sales or exchanges of property other thas caputat assets in Schedule D. Every sule or
cxehange of property, even though no gaio or loss may be
indicated, must be reported in detall. indicated, mast be reported in detall.
losses from sales or exchanges of eapital assets shall be allowed only to the extent of gains from such sales or exchanges. However, the amonnt of the net short-term capital loss of the last taxable year beginning in 1911 (coonputed without regard to amounts treated as short-term capital losses from the preceding taxable vear), which is not in excess of the net income for such tavalle year, shall, to the extent of the net short-term capital gain for the succeeding tavable year, be a short-term capital loss of such succeeding tavable year.
Definition of copital assets. - The term "capital assets" meang property held by the ta rpaycr (whet her or not connected wit his trade or business), but dnes not include stock in trade of the tappayer or Other property of a kind which nould properly be incladed in the inventory of the taxpaver if on hand at the close of the tavable year, or property held by the taspaver primarily for sale to clistomers in the ordinary conse of his trade or business, or property used in the trade or business, of a character which is subject to the allownace for depreciation, provided in section 23 (1), or an obligation of the United States or any of its possessions, of of a state or Territere. or any political subdivision 1 hercol, or of the District of Columbia. issued on or after Marcb 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not excecding one year from the date of issue, or real property used in the trade or business of the tavpayer.
Classification of conital gains and losses.- The phrsse "ahortterm" applies th the category of gains and losses arising from
the sale or exchance of capital assels held for 6 months or less: the phrase "long-teria" to the eatecory of enins and losses arising from the sale or exchange of capital assets held for more than 6 months.
Enter full deseription of each item of property sold or erchanged, cuen thongh no gato or loss may be indsated, such deacription should include the following facts: (a) Fur real estate, locntion and description of land, description of improwements, detaile explainitig depreciation (coiumn 6 of Sehedules C and 11); (b) for bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, name of issuing corporation, description of the partucular issue, denomination, and amount; (c) for stocks, name of iscuirg corporation, class of stock, number of shares, and caputal chnngea affecting basis (nontavable stock dividends, other nontavable distributions, stock righta, etc.).
The "hass" for the property is not subject to the same rule for repnrting gains as for losses, if the property was acquired acquared prior to March 1, 1913, the basis Ior determining

GAIN is the cost or the fair market value as of March 1, 1913, adjusted as provided in section 113 (b), whichever is grenter, but in detcrmininf LOSS the basis is cost so adjusted. If
property wias acquired after February 23, 1913, basis for both property was aequired after February 28, 1913 , basis for both gain and loss is the cost of such property, except as otherwise
provided by scction 113 . The exceptions arise chicfly where provided by sectionired by gift, bequest, tax-free exchange, property was acquircd by gitt, bequest, sax-riee exchange, enses section 113 provides the basis that shall be used. If the amount shown as the basis is other than actual cash cost of the property sold or exchanged, full details must be furnished regarcling the acquisition of the property.
Enter in column 6 of Schedules C and D the amount of depreciation, evhaustion, wear and tear, obsolcscence, and deple-
tion which has becn allowed (but not less than the amount tion which has becn allowed (but not less than the amount
allownble) in respect of such property since date of acquisition, allownble) in respect of such property since date of acquisition,
or since March 1, 1913, if the property was acquired before or since March 1, 1913, if the property was acquired before that date. In addition, if the property was acquired before March 1, 1913, the cost shall be reduced by the depreciation and depletion actually sustained before that date.
Subsequent improvements include expenditures for additions, improvements, renewals, and replacements made to restore the property or prolong its useful life. Do not deduct ordioary repairs, interest, or taxes in computing gain or loss.
Losses on securities becoming worthless. If any securities (as defined below) become worthless within the taxable year and are capital assets, the loss resulting therefrom shall, in the case of a taxpaycr other than a bank, as defined in section 104,
be considered as a loss from the sale or exchange, on the last be considered as a loss from the sale or exchange, on the last
day of such taxable year, of capital assets. (See section 23 (k) day of such taxable year, of capital assets. (2),

Definition of securities.-As used for the purpose of determiding capital losses under section 23 (k), the term "securities" means bonds, debentures, notes, or certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (including those issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form. However, securIties issued by any corporation affiliated with the taxpaye ahall not be decmed capital assets. (See section 23 (k) (5).)
Losses on slocks or stock rights becoming worthless.-If any shares of stock in a corporation (except stock in a corporation affiliated with the taxpayer), or rights to subscrihe for or to receive such shares, become worthless during the taxable year and are capital assets, the loss resulting therefrom shall be considered as a loss from the sale or exchange, on the last
day of such taxable year, of capital assets. (See section 23 day of such tax:
(g) (2) and (4).)
Losses not allowable.-No loss shall be recognized in any sale or other disposition of shares of stock or securities where there has been acquired substantially identical stock or securities or there has been entered into a contract or option to acquire substantially identical stock or securities within 30 days before or after the date of such sale or disposition, except in casee of dealers in stocks and sccurities and with respect to transactions made in the ordinary course of such business.
No deduction shall be allowed in respect of losses from sales or exchanges of property, directly or indirectly (except in the case of distributions in liquidation), bet ween an individual and a corporation in which such individual owns, directly or indirectly, more than 50 percent in value of the outstanding stock; or (except in the case of distributions in liquidation), between two corporations more than 50 percent in value of the outstanding stock. of each of which is owned, directly or indirectly, by or for the same individual, if either one of such corporations, with respect to the taxable year of the corporation preceding the date of the sale or exchange was, under the laws applicable to such taxable year, (1) a personal holding company, as defined in section 501, or (2) a roreign personal holding company, as defined in section 331 (see paragraph (1) (B) and
(C) of section 24 (b)) (For the purpose of determining the (C) of section 24 (b)). (For the purpose of determining the
ownership of stock, in applying this paragraph, see section ownership
24 (b) (2).
Gains and losses from involuntary conversion and from the sale or exchange of certain property used in the trode or business.The term "property" used in the trade or business as used in section 117 (j) means property used in the trade or business, of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation provided io section 23 (1), held for more than 6 months, and 6 monthe prope used in the trade or business, held for more than 6 months, which is not (a) property of a kind which would properly be includible in the inventory of the taxpayen if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or (b) property held by the
taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course taxpayer primarily for se
of his trade or business.
Section 117 (j) provides special treatment for the gains and losses upon the sale or exchange of deprecinble property and of upon the compulsory. or involuntary conversion of such
depreciable property and land and of capital assets held for more than 6 months
The method preseribed in section 117 (j) (2) is to treat such gains and lossos cluring the taxable year as gains aud losses from the sale or cxchange of capital assets held for more than 6 months, if the aggregate of such gains excceds the aggregate of such lossos. If, however, the aggregate of such gains does not excoed the nagregate of such lusses, such gains and losses shall not be treated 25 gains and losses from the sale or cxchange of capital assets held for niore than 6 months.
In determining whether gains do or do not exceed losses, it is necessary to include the gains and losses to the extent that
they would be included if they were all ordinary gains and they Wonda be meluded if they were all ordinary gains and
losses. The limitations of section 117 (d) on the deductibility of capital losses dees not opcrate to exclude any such losses of capital losses does not opcrate to exclude any such losses
from the computation as to the excess of gains over losses, but all such losses are included in full.

Altcrnative tax.-1f for any taxable year the net long-term capital gain excceds the net short-term capital loss, section 117 (c) imposes an alternative tax in lieu of the normal tax and surtax imposed upon net income, if and nuly if such tax is les than the tax imposed by sections 13,14 and 15 (relating to normal tax and surtax od corporations), sections 204 and 207 (a) (1) or (3) (relating to normal tax and surtax on insurance companics, other than life insurance companies). The alternative tax is the sum of (1) a partial tax, computed at the normal tax and surtax rates on the net incorne decreased by the amount of the excess of the net long-term capital gains over the net short-term capital loss, and (2) 25 percent of such excess.

Bonds, etc., losses of banks. - In the case of a bank, as defned in section 104, if the losses of the taxable year from sales or exchanges of bonds, debentures, notes, or certificates, or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (includins one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof with interest coupons or in registered form, exceed the gain from such sales or exchanges, such excess shall be considered as an ordinary loss and deductible in full against other income.
16 and 17.-Compensation of Officers and Salaries and Wages.-Except as stated below, if any increase or decrease in salary or wages is made affer October 3, 1942, without the prior approval of the National War Labor Board or the Commissioner of Iaternal Revenue, no amount of such salary or wages paid or accrued in contravention of the Act of October 2, 1942, entitled "An Act to amend the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 , to aid in preventing infation, and for other purposes," or regulations, rulings, or orders promulgated thereunder, is allowable as a deduction. Any increase, however, may be made without the prior approval of the National War Labor Board or the Commissioner of Internal Revenue if it is made in accordance whe the terms of an established wage or salary agreement or established wage or salary rate schedule covering the work assignments and it is made as a result of individual promotions or reclassifications, individual merit increases within established rate ranges, operation of an established plan of wage or salary increases based upon length of aervice, increased productivity under piece work or incentive plans, or operation of an apprentice or trainee system.
18. Rent.-Enter rent paid or accrued for business property in which the corporation bas no equity.
19. Repairs.- Enter the cost of incidental repairs, including labor, supplies, and other items, which do not add to the value or appreciably prolong the life of the property. Expenditures for new buldings, machinery, equipment, or for permanent property are chargeable to capital account. Expenditures for restoring or replacing property are not deductible, as such restorng or replacing property are not deductible, as such tion reserve, depending on how depreciation is charged on the tion reserve, depending
books of the corporation
20. Bad debts.-Bad debts may be treated in either of $t$ wo ways- (1) by a deduction from incomie in respect of debts which become worthless in whole or in part, or (2) by a deduction from income of a reasonable addition to a reserve for bad debts.
A taxpayer filing a first return of income may select either of the two methods, which method must be followed in returns for subsequent years, unless permission is granted by the Commissioner to change to the other method. Application for permission to change the method shall be made in writing at least 30 days prior to the close of the taxable year for which it is desired to effect the change.
Worthless debts arising from unpaid wages, salaries, rents; and similar items of taxable income, will not be allowed as a deduction unless the income such items represent has been included in the return of income for the year for which the

Page 6
deductlon as a bad debb is sought to be made or for 3 previous year.
21. Intereat.-Enter ioterest pald or necrucd on busincss indebtedness. Do not include in item 21 interest on indebtertness lacurred or contlnued to purchses or cerry obligations (other than obligations of the United States issured after Septerober 24, 1917, and originally subseribed for by the tas:payer) the interest upon which is wholly exempt from tavation. (See also Instruction $C$ with reference to deductions for accrucd interest and expenses.)
22. Taxes.-Enter taxes pald or accrued during the taxable year and fill in Schedule HI . Do not inclucle Fcieral inenme, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes; estate, inheritance, legacy; succession, and gift tares; foreign or possession income tarca if any credit is claimed in iten 42, page 1 ; tnxes assessed against local benefits tedding to increase the value of the property assessed; Federal taxes paid on bonds containing a tax-frec covenant, nor taxes not imposed upon the taxpayer. A deduction is allowable for the declared value excess-profits tax imposed by section 600 , but such deduction should be entered as itcm 34.
23. Contrlbutlons of gifts paid.-Enter :contributlons or gifts acturlly paid within the taxable year to or for the use of (1) The United States, any State, Tcrritory, or any political subdivision thereal or the District of Columbis, or any possession of the United States, for exclusively public purposes; or (2) a corporation, trust, or community chest, fund, or foundation, created or organized in the United States or in any possession thereof or under the law of the Uiited States, or of any possession Territory, or of the District organized and opcrated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, litcrary, or editcstional purposes or the prevention of cruelty to children (but in the case of contributions or gifts to a trust, chest, fund, or foundation, payment of which is made within a taxable year beginning after the date of the cessation of hostilities in the present war, as proclaimed by the President, only if such contributions or gifts are to be used within the Untted Statea or sny of its possessions exclusively for such purposes), no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any pivate shareholder or individual, and no aubstantial part of the sctivities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting, to influence legislation. The amount clalmed shall not exceed 5 percent of the corporation's net income as computed without the benefit of this deduction. Do not deduct as busincss expense charitable contributions which allowable, in whole or in part, because of the limitation contained in section 23 (q). List organizations and amounts contributed to each in Schedule I.
24. Losses by fire, storm, shlpwreck or other casnalty, or theft-Enter losses of property sustained during the year; arisiog rom in the course of military or nayal operations during the war, and of property located in encmy countries or in areas which come under the control of the encmy. (See section 127 for rules as to the trestment of losses from war, taxation of property recovered, and basia of property.) Losses should be property recoved In an attached schedule setting forth a description of the property, date acquired, cost, subsequent improvements, the property, date acquired, cost, subsequent improvemcnts,
depreciation allowable since acquisition, insurance, salvage deprectation allotvable sin
value, and deductible $10 s{ }^{2}$.
25. Depreciatlon.-The amount deductlble on account of depreciation is an smount reasonably measuring the portion of the investment in depreciable property (1) used in the trade or buslness, or (2) held for production of lncome, by reason of cxhaustion, wear and tear, including a reasonable allowance for obsolescence, which- ie properly chargeable for the ycar. If the property was acquired by purchase on or after March 1 , 1913, the smount of depreciation should be determined upon the basis of the original cost (not replacement cost) of the property, and the probable number of years remainlng of its expected useful lifei In case the property was purchased prior to March 1, 1913, the amount of depreciation will be determined in the aame manner, except that is will be computed on its original cost, less depreciation sustained prior to March 1, 1913, or its fair market value as of that date, whichofcr is greater. If the property was scquired in any other manner than by purchase, see section 114. The capital cum to be recovered should be charged off ratably over the uscful life of the property. Whatever plan or method of apportionment is adopted mist be reasonable and mast havo due regard to operating conditions during the taxable year and ahould be described in the return. Stocas, bonds, and like acouritles are cot subject to depreciatlon vithin the meaniog of the law.

If a doduction is clained on account of deprecintion, 日ll in Schedule J. In case obsolesecnce is Included, stato separately
amount claimed and bacis upon which it is computed. Costor amount clajmed and basis upon which it is computed. Cost or value of and must not be included lo this schedule, nod where
land and buildings were purchased for a lump sum the cost of land and buitings nere purchased for a lump sum the cast of adjusted property accounts and the accumulated depreciation shown in the schedule should be reconciled with thoso accounts as refficted on the books of the taxpayer. (See sections 23 (1) and 114.)
26. Depletion of mines, oil and gas wells, timber, etc.-If a deduction is claimed on sccount of depletion, procure from the collector Form D (minerals), Form E (conl), form F (miscellancous nonmetals), Form $O$ (oil and gas), or Form T (ximher), fill in and file with return. If complete valuation data have been filed with questionnaire in previons years, then fle With your rcturn ioformation necessary to bridg your depletion schedule up to date, setting forth in full, statement of all transactions bearing on deductions from or additions to velue of physical assets during the taxable year with explanation or
how depletion deduction for the taxable year has becn determined. (See sections 23 (m) and 114.)
27. Net operailing loss deduction.-The net operating loss deduction is the net operating loss carry-over reduced by certain adjustments to prevent the deduction of losses absorbed by income not tare. In general, the net operating loss carryover is the sum of the net operating losses, il any, lor the $t$ wo provided in section 122) in the first preceding tarable year, the net operating loss for the second preceding taxable year is reduced to the extent such loss has been absorbed by such net reduced to the extent such loss has been absorbed by such net
income. For the purpose of ascertaining the first, second, or income. For the purpose of ascertainng preceding taxable year, s fractional part of a year which is a taxable year under section 48 (a) is a preceding taxable is a
year.
Every corporation claiming a net operating loss deductlon for any taxnble year shall file with its return for such year a concise statement setting forth the amount of the net operating loss deduction claimed and all material and pertinent facts relative thereto, including a detailed schedule showing the
computation of the net operating loss deduction.
Steps in computation of net operating loss deduction.-There are three steps in the ascertainment of the net operating loss deduction. The first is the determinetion of the net operating
loss, if any, for the two preceding taxable yeara. The second loss, if any, for the two preceding tavable yeara. The second
is the computation of tho net operating loss carry-over. The is the computation of tho net opersting loss carry-over. The
third is the conversion of the net operating loss carry-ov.i into third is the conversion of the net
the net operating loss deduction.
(I) Net operating loss.- A net operatlng loss is sustained by such year, there is an excess of deductions allowed by chapter 1 over gross income, both computed with the following exceptions, additions, and limitations:
(1) The deduction for depletion shall not exceed the amoupt Which would be allowahle if computed without reference to discovery value or to percentage depletion under section 114 (b) (2), (3), or (4);
(2) There shall be included in computing gross income the amount of interest recelved which is wholly exempt from the terest paid or accrued which is not allowed as a deduction by section 23 (b), relathing to interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry certain tax-excmpt obligations; (3) No net operating loss deduction sball be allowed;
(4) The amount deductible on sccount of losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets shall not exceed the amount includible on account of the gains from the gales or exchanges of capital assets; and
(5) There shall be allowed as a deduction the amount of tax imposed by Subchapter E of Chapter 2 paid or accrued within the year (subject to the rules specified In section 122 (d) (6)).
(II) Net operating loss carry-over.-If for any tazable year the taxpayer bas a net operating loss, auch net operating loss shall be a net operating loss carry-over for each of the (wo succceding asable years, exceble year shall be the exces if cany. of the second succceding taxable year shall ee he excess, if any; of the amount of such net operalmg (A) with income for the miervening taxable year computed tions, additions, and limitations, as prescribed in parsgraph (l) of this lnatruction, and (B) by determining the net operating loas deduction for such intervening taxable year without regard to such net operating loss and without regard to any net opersting lose carry-back. For the purposes of the prenet opersting loss carry-back. For the purposes of the pres
ceding sentence, the net operating loss for any taxable year ceding sentenee the net operating loss ber any taxabie year

## Page 7

of the net income for each of the two preceding taxable years (computed for each sucin preceding taxable vear with the exceptions, additions, and limitations as prescribed in paran graph (I) of this instruction, and computed by determining the net operating loss deduction without regard to such net operating loss or to the net operating loss for the succeeding taxable year).
(III) Conversion of net opersting loss carry-over into net operating loss deduction. -The net operating loss deduction for any taxable year is the net operating loss carry-over to such year, computed as prescribed in paragraph (II) of this instruction, reduced by the excess of the net income for such taxable vear (computed in accordance with the same exceptions, additions and limitations as are applicable in the cornputation of a net opersting loss) over the normal-tax net income computed without regard to the exceptions, sdditions and limitations applicable in the computation of a net operating loss, except that no net operating loss deduce (e) may be taken into account, and no credit under section 26 (e) may be allowed.
(IV) Net operating loss carry-back.-Section 122 (b) (I) provides that a net operating loss for any taxable year becioning on or after Jamiary 1 , tha, may be carried back to the two preceding taxable yeara (he not before January 1941 , and may be inclided in computing the net operatimg loss deduction lor each such preccding is noic used as a carry-back may be carried forward to the two is noi used es a
succeeding years

Net operaling loss deduction in came of insurance companiea (other than bife or mutial marioe insurance companizes. The beoefil of the diduction tha net oplowed to insursace compeoles subject to ine tas imposed by section 204

Denial of deductions to tetion 102 corporations- In ascerteraioz the tor bssis for corporstions subject to the prorisions of section 102, the "section 102 net ancome" Denial or deductions to regolated investrent companiee. - A regulated inrestment company is not alliowed
tion provlded in sectloo 23
28. Amortization.-A corporation is entitled, at its election, to a deduction with respect to the amortization of the adjusted basis of an emergency facility. A statement of the pertinent facta shour tization deductions witb respect to auch facility. (See section 124 and the regulations thereunder.)
29. Other dedoctions authorized by law.-Enter any other puthorized deductions for which no space ia provided on the return. Any deduction claimed should be explained in Schedule K.
Do Zot deduct losses incurred in transactions which were neither connected With your trade or business nor ontered into for profit.

No deduction is allowabie or ibe amount of any item or pert thereor allomble tuch exempt income shall be allocatad thererest. Items directly sttributabla to any class of terable locome shall be alloczted io nech tavable incoma stributable to eny class of taxable jocome shell be alloczted to anch taxable income. If an itema
is indirectly stintbutable both to taxable income and exempt income, a teasonable proportion thereof, determined in the light of all the tacts and circumstonces in each case, shall he olloceted to each. Apportionmeoth must in all cases to resconbble. A taxpayer receiving any exempt locome, other than interest, or holdiog
submit with its relum as a part thereof an itemized statement, in deten. show ing (1) the amount of each class of erecipitincome, and (2) the 6 mulnt of exjense tiens separately).
elected under secthich has, for the purpose of computing its ercess protis credit, or tho promotion of good aill which may be regerdei as calital investmients and Which prere deducted for tazable years berionitig after Decenatier 31 . 1935 , add
prior to January , may dot deduct simusr eipendi绪 gllowable for dechared value excess-protats tsxes (see lnstruction 22). Corporationa rendering returns on the accrual basis should enter as a deduction as itern 34, p\&ge 1, the armount of tax shown in line 8, page 2. Corporations rendering réturna on a cash basis should enter as a deduction as item 34, pase , only the amount of declared valuc excess-profits tax actually paid within the tasable year.
35. Net income.- Under the provisioas of section 47 (c) (1); if a corporstion changes its accounting period, the net inoorne for the short period between the close of the old accounting period and the date designated as the close of the-new pcriod Ghall be placed on an annual basis by multiplying the amount thereof by twelve and dividing by the number of montha in the short perind. The tax shall be auch part of the tay computed on such anousl basia ss the number of months io the short period is of twelve moaths. Section 47 (c) (2) provides, however, that a taxpayer may file an application to reduce the tax by establishing the amonint of its actual net income for the period of 12 months beginning with the frst day of the short period, computing the tav on such nct income, and taking as the tax auch part of the tay so computed as the income determined for the short period is of the iocome for the 12 months, or if a corporation prior to the end of the 12 month period distributed substantially all its asseta, then, in order to determine an actual 12 month income experience, there ahall be used the 12 month period ending with the last day of the ahort period. A taxpayer using the 12 month period ending with the last day of the short period may claim io its return the benefits of section 47 (c) (2). The taxpayer is not, bowever, thereby relieved of the requirement that an application for the benefits of gection 47 (c) (2) must be filcd. The tax cannot be reduced below the gmount of tsx which would be due if the income for the ahort period was not placed on an annual basis.
42. Credit for taxes.-If, in accordance with section 131 (a); a credit is claimed by a domestic corporation in item 42, page 1 , on account of income, war-profits and excess-profits taxes paid or accrued to a foreign country or a possession of the United States, Form 1118 should be submitted with tha return, together with the receipt for each such tax payment. In esse eredit ia sought for taves accrued but not paid, tbe form must have attached to it a certificd copy of commissioner may require a bond on Form 1119 as a condition precedent to the sllowance of a credit for such accrued taves. Forejgn corporationa, domestic corporations entitled to the benefits of section 251 ; and corporations organized uoder the Chins Trade Act, 1922, are not allowed this credit.

## TAX COMPUTATION INSTRUCTIONS

## DECLARED VALUE EXCESS-PROFITS TAX

The declared value-crcess profits tar is imposed upon a certain portion of the net income of every corporation for each income-tax taxable ycar ending after the close of the first year in respect of which the corporation is suhject to the capital-stock 2 ar imposed by section 1200. The declared value execss-profits tax is imposed in an amount cqual to the sum of (1) 6.6 percent of such portion of the corporation's net income for the income-tax tasable year as is in excess of 10 percent and not in exeess of 15 percent of the declared value of its capilal slock, as determinea under section 1202, as of the close of the last preceding income-tax taxable year (or as of he date of organization if the corporation had no preceding income-tax taxable ycar), plus (2) 13.2 percent of such portion of its net incone for the income-tax taxable year as is in excess or to percent of sheh declased value. Nariation is permitted between the deciared value set forth in the capitalstock tax return and the declared value set forth in the declared yalue excess-profis tax return 1 an ene of a declared which is a priod of hess than 12 months on account of a change mich is a period or less than 12 months on account of a change 602 fornting period, the net income determined under section annual basis by multiplying the amount thereof by the number
of days in the twelve months ending with the close of the short taxable year and dividing by the number of days in the short taxable year. The tax shall be auch part of the tax computed on such annual basis as the number of days in the short taxable ycar is of the number of days in the twelve months ending with the close of the short taxsible year. See section 605 (h) for exceptions. For declared value excess-profits tax purposes the net income shall be the aame as the net income for income tax purposes, compnted without the deduction of the declared value excess-profits tas imposed by section foo. None of the credils allowed corporations against net income for income tax purpnses is applicable in respect of the declared value excess-pronts tas enept the credit against net income 26 (b). Foreign income and profits taxes may not be credited 26 (b). Forcign income and profits taxes may
against the declared value excess-profits tax
Every corporation which is liable for the making of a declared value excess-profits tax return, whether or not such corporation is a member of an afflisted group of corporations, must make its return and compute its net income separately, without regard to the provisiona of aectiolid. lhere an retura, the commoo parent corporation and each subsidiary

Page 8
which is hable for the making of a ceelared value excess-profits tax return must make a separate declared valuc excess-profits tax return.

## NORMAL TAX ON CORPORATIONS

vormal Tax Net Theone.-The term "normal-tax net income" means the adjusted net iscome minus the credit for incorue subject to tax impesed by subchapter E of chapter 2 provided in section 26 (e) and minus the eredit for dividends received provided in section 26 (b).
Income Subject to Excess Profits Tax. - The credit provided in section 26 (e) is, in gencral, an amount equal to the corporation's adjusted execss profts net income, as defined in section 710 (b). However, in case the excess profits tax is determined as provided in seetion 21 (relating to abnormalties in income in the taxable period), section 726 (relating to corporations completing contracts under the Merchant Marine Aet of 1936), section 731 (relating to corporations ergaged in mining strategic minerals) or section 736 (b) (relating to corporations with income from long-term contrncts), the credit shall be an amount of which the exeess proits tax is 90 per-
cent. Under the provisions of seetion 26 (b) the term excess cent. Under the provisions of section 26 (b) the term excess profits tax as used in the preceding sentence means the tax
computed without regard to the 80 percent limitation on computed without regard to the so percent limitation on
fax provided in section 710 (a) (1) (B) without regard to the tax provided in section 710 (a) (1) (B), without regard to the
credit provided in section 729 (e) and (d) for foreign taxes credit providef in section 729 (e) and (d) for foreign taxes
paid, and without regard to the adjustments provided in paid, and without regard to the adjustments provided in
section 734 . The eredit under section 26 (e) is not allowed in section 73 . The credit under section 26 (e) is not anowed in under the provisions of section 725 or secticn 727.

Dividends Received Credit.-The credit allowed by scethu 26 (b) is an amoupt equal to 85 percent of the amount -ceived as dividends from a domestic eorporation which is sulject to tnration under chapter 1, but not in excess of 85 percent of the adjusted net inconie, reduced by the credit for mincome subjest to tax insposed by subehapter E of chapter 2 provided in section 26 (e). The credit allowed by section 26 (b) maj not be allowed in respect of dividends received from a e'rporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, or from a corporation wbich under section 251 is taxable only on its gross income from sources within the United States by reason of its receiving a large percentage of its gross income from sourccs within a possession of the United States.

Rates on Normal-Tax Net income.-Sections 13 and 14 of the Internal Revenue Code inpose a normal tax on every corporation (except (1) those expressiy exempt from taxation; (2) insurnnee companies; (3) foreign corporations; and (4) reguiated investment companies) at the following rates:


#### Abstract

normal-tar net income is:


The normal tax shall be:
OV: over $\$ 5,000$ bot over $3 m, 000$

15\% of the normai-tar aet incomu
Fijo plas $1 \% \%$ of ezcess over $S, 040$

1 nsurasec companies other than life or metual end mutasl marine inaurance Eanes or foreign insuranee companies not cartying on ao iosurance busiacss withia





 fith cerjoration surtax Det incorti, Iho credis provided in section 26 (rflating to
cretits of corporations) shall he allow in the pranner and to the extem provided



 thons ine encaped in trad
t : led in section 231 (a).
Forcign corjorations are not alloned the credit for ineonse, War-profits, and ervess-rientis zaxes pand or accrued to any foreiga country of to ary possession of
his Lntul States allawed by section 131 .

## SilRTAX

Surtax Net Income. - The terin "surtax net income" means he net income minus the credit for income subject io the ax moposed by subchaptor $E$ of chapter 2 provided in section 26 (c) and minus the credit for davidenls received provided in 26 (b) (complited by limitang sifch credit to 85 percent of the net incame reduced by the credit for income subject to tax mpored by subchapter $E$ of chapter 2 in licu of 85 percent of the adjusted net inrome so reduced), and ninus, in the case of a public nility, tise credic fur dividemis paid on its preferred
stock provided in section 26 (h). For the purpose of scetion 15 ( a ), dividends reecived on the prefersed stock of a pulsie utility shall be disregarded in computing the credit for dividends received pravided in section 26 (b).

Rates on Surtax Net Income.-Scetion 15 (b) imposes a surtax upon the surtax net income of every corpuration. (except a Western Hemisphere Trade Corporation as defined in section 109), and except (1) nonresident foreign corporations, (2) insurance companies, and (3) regulated investment companies, at the following rates:
I/ surior ned income is:
Not orer $\$ 25,000$
Orer $\$ 25.000$ but not orer $\$ 00,000$
Over $\$ 0,000$
$\qquad$
The surfar shall be:
$10 \%$ of the surtar net ineome
date 141 (c) provides that in anv case in which consolidated income tax and exeess profits tax returns are made or are required to be made, the surtax imposed by section 10 or section 204 upon an affiliated group shall first be connputed under such scetion upon the hasis of the consolidated corporation surtax net ineome and the amonnt so determined shell then be increased by 2 percent of the consolidated surtax net income.

## TAX ON REGULATED INVESTAENT COMPANIES

Nethod of Taxation.-An investment company satisfying the requirements of section 361, and fiang with its return an election to be $n$ regulated investment company, will be taxnhle under Supplement $Q$ if it distributes during the tasable year to its shareholders as taxable dividends, other than capital gain dividends, an amount not less than 90 percent of its net income for the taxable ycar computed without regard 10 net lotg-term nnd net short-term eapital gains, and complics for such $y$ ear with preseribed rules and regulations for the purpose of ascertaining the actual owncrship of its outstanding stock.

Supplement Q Net Income.-The term "Supplement Q Net Income" means the adjusted net income (complited by excliading the excess, if any, of the net long-term capital gain over the net slort-term capital loss, and without the net operating loss deduction provided in section 23 (s)) minus the basic surtax credit (excluding capital gain dividends) computed under section 27 (b) without the application of paragraphs (2) and be computed without regard to section 47 (c) (relating to income placed on an annysl basis).
Supplement $Q$ Surtax Net Income.-The term "Supplement Q Surtax Net Income" means the net income (computed by excluding the excess, if any, of the net long-term enpital gain over the aet short-term eapital loss, and without the net operating loss deduction provided in section 23 (s)) minus the dividends (other than capital gain dividends) paid during the taxable year mereased by the consent diviends eredit provided by section 28. For the pirposes of this parngraph the manner as provided in subsections (d) (e) (f) (e) the same manner as provided in subsections (d), (e), (f), (g), (h) and (i) vided in section 27 ; and the net income shall be computed without regard to section 47 (c) (relating to inconie placed on without regard to
an annual basis).

Capital Gain Dividend.-Section 362 (b) (7) defines the term "Capital Gain Divident" as any dividend or part thereof which is designated by the company as a enpital gnin dividend in a written notice mailed to its shareholders at any time prior If the experagate smount so desiennted with respect io a taxable year of the company is greater than the excess of the net long-term enpital gnin over the net short-term capital loss of the taxable ycar, the portion of each distribution which slall be a capital gain dividend shall be only that proportion of the amount so designated which such excess of the net'longterm capital gain over the net short-term eanital loss bears to the aggregate amount so designated. Suamit a copy of nritten notice to stochbolders.

Rate on Supplement Q Net Income.-Scction 362 (b) (3) provides for a tax equal to 24 percent of the Supplement $Q$ net income.
Rate on Supplement Q Surtax Net Income.-Scetion 362 (b) (4) provides for a tax equal to 16 percent of the Supplement Q surtax net income.
Rate on Excess Defincd in Secfion 362 (b) (5).-A tax of 25 percent is also imposed upon the cxeess, if any, of the net longterm capital gain over the sum of the net short-term capita loss nand the amount of caprital gain dividends paid during the year.


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| Nolure of Rapernt theld, Ashosty, Eve. $\qquad$ <br> (1) |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novined } \\ \text { Rouren } \\ \text { Fite } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  <br> (4) |  $\qquad$ (5) | Axwent of Adraeled Romerse at Ets of Tarable Yopro $\qquad$ (6) |  <br> (7) |  <br> (8) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. |  |  |  |  |  | S |  |
| 2. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totals. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7. Average rate of interest essumed in computing life insurance reserves (total of colume 8 above divided by totat of column 7 nbove).. <br> 8. 35 percent of lithe 7 . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Rescrve earoings rate (line 8 above plus line 9 above) .................................................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. Tatal of column 7 multiplied by line 10 above..................... .. ........................................................... \$.................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12. 2 percent of the reserve held for deferted dividends................- ............................................................ .................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. Total of Lines 11, 12, And 13 Above................. ..... . . ... ..... ..................................................... \$ ................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15. Net income (itera 11, page 1).................................... ... .......... ... ........................................................ S................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16. Interest wholly exempt from tsx (item 5, page 1)..... ............. . ...... ... .................................................... \$................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. Adjustwert for uncarned premiums and unpaid losses on non-life insuranve reserven (utern 19, page 1) ............................... s................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - In the cave of texerress compruted on a pretimitary kran laris. $10 \% \%$ or the andount of the reservo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Schedule B-INVESTED ASSETS BOOK VALUES (See Instruction 6)

Real estate
2. Morigage loans.
3. Collateral loans.
. Policy loans, inclediog preminm notes
5. Bonds of doraestic corporations.
6. Stocks of domestic copporations
7. Goverument obligations, etc.







8. Bant deposits bearing iaterest.
9. Other interest-bearing assets (attach statement)

Totals of Lines 1 to 9

11. Total of columns 1 and 2 , line 10.
12. Mian of the invested assets for the tavable year (one-half of line 11
13. One-fourth of 1 percerit of the mean of the invested assets. $\qquad$
4. Income laso (item 4, page 1, minus items 7, 8, and 9, page 1).
15. $3^{\prime}$ ', jereent of line 12
16. Exeesy (if any) of line 14 over linc 15
17. One-fourth of line 16


18 Limit on deduction for investment expenses (line 13 plus line 17)

## EXCESS PROFITS TAX. (See inatruction for Form 1121)

 Schedule C.-EXCESS PROFITS NET INCOME COMPUTATION
 Subseribed and strorn to before me thia ............... dny of


Presidect of other priacinal owrer) (stute tivitu

| Notrartal |
| :---: |
| SFAL |




1/we awear (or affirm) that two prepared thio return foe the person named hercin and that the return (including any aceonpanying schedules and tatements) is a true, correct, and complete stateruent of all the information respecting the tax liability of the person for whom thas return has beed frepared of which $1 /$ we have any knowledge.

Subscribed and aworn to before me this
day of
198....-

(Xume ol firm or eroploset, is say).

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM II20L

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY INCOME TAX RETURN
1942
(Referencea are to the Internal Rovenue Code, unleno otherwise noted)

Taxpayers will find it helpful to read the General Inetructions $A$ to $L$ before commencing to fill in their roturns

## GENERAL INSTPICTIONS

## A. COMPANIES REQUIRED TO FILE A RETURN

Every domestie life insurance compauy ad every forcign life insurance compaby carrying on sa insurance business within the United States insurance company), which is engazed in the busioess of issuing life insurance and annuity contracts (either separately or combioed with bealth and accident insurance) or noncarcellable contrarts of bealth and accident insurance, and the life insurance reserves, plus uoesrned premiums and
unpaid fosses oo nuocancellable hife, health, or accideot policies not iocluded in life insurance rescryes, of which comprise more than 50 percent of its total rescrves, sholl 6 be a return on this form. (See section 201.)

Receivcrs, irustees io dissolution, trustees in bankruptcy, snd assignees, operating the property or business of corporations, must make returns of
income for such corporations. If a receiver hass fuli custody of and control over the business or property of a corporstion, he sisll be deemed toi be operating such busizess or property, whether he is engaged in carrying on the business for which the corporation was organized or only io
selliag, and disposing of jis assets for purposes of liquidation.

## B. PERIOD COVERED

The return shall be for the calendsr year ended December 31, 1912, and he at income computed on the caiconar year basis in accordance wit

## C. BASIS OF RETURN

$A$ return oo this form shalk be reodered on a cash receipts and disburse arota basis io conformity with the annual statement made to the State asurance Department, instead of the accrual basis.

## D. TIME AND PLACE FOR FILING

The retum must be sent to the collector of internal revenue for the office or agency is located, so as to reach the collector's office on or before office or agency
Masch 15, 1943 .

## E. AFFIDAYITS

The retum ehall be sworn to by the president, vice president, or other principal otficer, and by the treasurer, assistant treasurer, or chief accounh of the company, such persod or persons mus execute the sfidsvit at the foot of pagc 2 .

## P. PAYMENT OF TAX

The tax should be paid by gending with the return a check or money order drawn to ibe order of "Collector of laternal Revenue." Do not send cash by mail, Dor pay it in person except at tbe collector a office.
The tax must be paid in full when the return is fled, or in four equal installments, as follows: The 6rst installment shalt be paid oo or before March 15, 1943; the secood installment on or before June 15, 1943; the third instellment on or before September 15, 1943; sad the fourtb iastallraent on or before December 15, 1943.
If any instalimeot is oot paid on or before the date fixed for ats nayment, by the collector.

## G. PENALTIES

For failure to make and tile as retard on time.-Five percent 1025 percent of the amount of the tax, unless aucb failure is due to reasonable $\$ 10,000$, or imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both, togetber with the costs of prosecution.

For willfolly attempting lo evade or defest parment of the tax.- Not more thas $\$ 10,000$, or imprisonment together with the costs of prosecution. frand. - Five percent of tbe amount
For deficiency doe lo oegligence or for intentiona! disregard of rules and of the defciency if due to oegligence or intentional disregard of rules and regulations without iotent
deficiency if due to fraud.
H. INFORMATION AT SOURCE

Every insarance company shall make a return on Forms 1005 and 1099 year (a) as ealaries or other compensation for personal services, colalang $\$ 500$ or more in the case of a citizen or resideat who is nol married or whose otartial status is unknown, or $\$ 1,200$ or more io the case of a married citizen or resident, or (b) As interpst, rent, premivms, snnuities, or other bred or detcrminsble income totaling $\$ 500$ or more to a Educiary, an
domestic or revident partiership, or a citizen or resident. The return on Forms 1096 and 1099 shall slso include dividend paymenta amounting to stoo or more during the caleadar year tu each shareholder who is an odividusl (citizer or mensident of the United States), a Peaident 6duciary,
or a resident psitnerahip anv member of whach is a citizen or resident The forms aill be furmshed by any collector of internal reveoue upon request. Such returns of information covering the csiendar year 1942 must be forwsrded to the Commissioner of Interoal Reveoue, Returna Distribution Sectuon, Washington, D. C., io time to be received not later

1. INFORMATION BY CORPORATIONS

1-1. Contemplated dissolution or liquidation.- Every corporation ahall, Within 30 days after the sdoption by the corporation of a reaolution or whole or sny part of ite capital stock, render a correct return on Form 966 to the Commissionet, versied under osth, setuag forth the terma of suoh resolution or plan. (See section 148(d).) Every corporation ehalt, when
1-2. Distributions in liquidatios.-Every required by the Commissioner, render a correct return, duly veribed under osth, of tes distributions in liquidation, stating the name sod addreas of amount paid to him or, if the distribution is in property other than mooey, the fair market value (as of the date the distribution is made) of the property distributed to him. (See section 148(e).)
[-3. Compensation of officers and employees. 1-3. Compensation of officers and employees.-If the company paid to
any officer or employee during the taxable year compensation for personal services in excess of $\$ 75,000$. Schedule $F_{-1}$ (coppes of which may be obtained from the collector of internal reveave) must be filed, IN DUPLICATE, with and as part of the return.

## J. STOCK OWNERSHIP IN FOREIGN CORPORATIONS

If the company owned any stock of a foreigo corporation (including leas should attach to ita return a of a foreign personal holding company), it of earh such compady and the total vumber of shares of each clans of outstanding stock owned by it during the tavable year. This olatemedt tion 2. If the company inion to the schedule required by Speci6o Inatrucin a foreign personal holding company, as defined in section 331, it must include in its retura as a divideni the amount required 5 o be included in in value of the oasktanding stock of such forcign personal holdiog company, it should sut forth in an riteched statewedt in completo detaul tho information rejuired by section 337 (d).

## K. ANXUAL STATEMENT

A copy of the annual statement for life insurance companies adopted by is Gied with the Insurance Drpartment of the State, Territory, or Districi of Columitha, which shows the reserves used in computing the oet income
reported on the return, together with copies of Schedule $A$ (real estate) and Schedule D (bonds and stocks), must accompany the retura. Similar copies for the precediog year must sla be furnished, if not 6led for such year. In the case of a forciga lifc ansurancc company csrrying od a lifo
insurance husinesa wathin the Unted States, the copies submitied hall be those relating to the United States business of the compsoy.
L. LIST OF ATTACHED SCHEDULES

Attsch a list of the achedules accompanying the return, giving for esch pany on each schedule.

## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

The followiog Inatructiona are nombered to corteapond with item numbers on the frit page of the return

## 1. INTEREST

Enter interest received from all sources during tbe tavable year. IDterest on boods is consicered income nhen due and payable. The gross amount of premium and incrcased by the sccrush of discount attributable to the taxable year on bonds, potes, debertures, or other evideoces of indebtedness, determined (1) in accordance witb the method regularly employed, if
reasonable, or (2) in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Cumreasonime, or (2) in accordance with regutations prescribed atement show ligg method and computation.)

## 2. DIYIDENDS

Eoter as Item $2(0)$ the amount reccived as dividends from a domestic corporation which is aubject to taxachon under Chapter other than a cororganized uoder the Chins Trade Act, 1922 . Eoter as item 2 (b) dividends from foreign corporations. Enter as item $2(\mathrm{c})$ dividends from all other corporstions, including dividends on share accounts io Federal savings and loan associations issucd on or after Mareb 23, 1912. Enter in item $1(p)$ dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and logo associstions
issued prior to March 28, 1942. Submit schedule, itemiziag all dividends recelved during the year, stating the aames and 'addressea of the corporathons declaring the divideads and amounts reccived from eacb.

## 3. RENTS

Enter renta received from tenants,
8. INTEREST WHOLLY EXEMPT FROM TAX

Enter the amount of Interest which is whoily exempt from tavation

See Specibe lostruction 12 with respect to partally tax-exempt interest whicb is sllowed as a credit agaidst net income.

## 6. INYESTMENT EXPENSES

Eoter expenses paid which are properly chargeable to investment expcases, the total amouot of which, if there be any silocation of geoeral expenses to iovestment expenses, should aot excecd one-fuurth of 1 percent
of the mean of the inverted asaets reported on line 12, Schedule B , plus, in caseas whers the oet iocome cormputed without any deduction for (1) investment expenses aod (2) tax-frce soterest, exceeds $3^{33}$, petcent of the cicess. Subait as scbedule sbowing the oature snd amount of the tiems included hercin, the mioor itemis beiog grouped is one smount. (Sice section $201(\mathrm{c})(7)(\mathrm{B})$. .
Limitalions on wages and salaries,- Fixcept as stated bclow, if any increase or decrease in Eniary er vages is made after October 3, 1942 ,
without the prior approval of the Niational War Lahor Board or the ('omamissioner of Internal Revenue, no ausuant of such aslary or mages poid or acerued in contravention of the Act orl Act of 1942 , to aid in preveritue infacion, and for other purposeq," or ruquiations, rutings, or orders juromulgated therevuder, is allowable as a deduction. Any mercease, however,
 or the Conminumer of internal kevenue if it is made in accordance with
the teims of an e-tablashed wage or salary agre enicnt or estatilished wage or salary rate sehedule covering the work assignments and it is made as a resule of indevulual promotions of reclassifications, individual merrit thereases wilhis cstabhished rate ratiges, operation of an evtablisbed plan of ware or kalary increases hased upon lengt ho service, increased productivity
under prece-work or ineeotive ptans, or operation of an spprentice or under piece-w
trainec systern

## 7. TAXES

Enter Zaxcs paid erclusively upon real estate owned by the company
and taxes assessed segsinst indavidual shareholders and nuid by the company snd tares assessed sgsinst indzvidual shareholders and nuid by the company taxes assessed against local boncfita of a kind tending to. Do not include of tbe property assessed as for paving, sewers, etc. (For limitation on
deduction, see Instruction 10 (b) below.)

## 8. REAL ESTATE EXPCNSES

Enter sll ordinary and nespssary building expenses, such as fire infurance,
heat, light, Inber, etc., and the cest of metdental repairs which neither materially add to the valuc of the property nor appreciably prolong its
life, but keep it in an ordinanly eficient operatirg condition, Do rot ioclude any amount paid out for new bulldings or for permanent improvements or betterments made to merease the valuc of any property or any amount expended on forcelosed property before such properiy is held
forth for rental purposes. (For limtiation oo deduction, sce Instruction 10 (b) below.)

## 9. DEPRECLATION

The amount deductible on account of depreciation is an amount reasonably mecasuring the portion of the invesiment in depreciable property chargeable against the operations of the ycar. In any event the deduction is limited to the depreciatioo on the property that is used, and to the extent used, for the purpose of producing the income specified in section 201 (c) (3). It the propcrty was acquared by purchase on or after March 1, 1913, the amount of depreciation should be determined upan the basis
of the original cost (not replacement cost) of the property, and the prohable of the originsl cost (not replacement cost) of the property, and the prohable nunber of years remainige of is expected useful
was purchased prinr to Narch $1,13 i 3$, the amount of deprecialton wit
be determined in the same mather, except that it will be computed on its oricinal eost, less depreciation sisstained prior to Mareh 1,1913 , or its Iais market value as of that date, whichever is greater. If the property was acquired in any other manner than by purchase, sce section 114 .
The capital sum to be recovered should te eharged off ratably over the uscful life of the property. Whatcver plan or method of apportionment is adopted roust be reasonable, must have due regard to operating conditions durang the tavable year, and shoud be described of tepreciation.
He filed with the return showning: (1) Kind of property; : 2 ) date acquired. (3) cost or other betuis; (1) assets fully deprecrated in use at cnd of taxable year; (5) deprecistioo, allowed (or ellowable) in prior years; (6) remaining cost or other basss to be recovered; (7) estimated life used in accumulating
depreciation; ( 8 ) estimated remaning life from beginning of year; and ( 0 )
 depreciation allowable for the taxable ycar. In case obsalescence is in-
clided, state separotely amount. clatmed and basia upoo which it is computed. Cost or value of land must not be included in the schedule, and where land and buildinks were purchased for a lump sum the cost of the building subject to fepreciation must be established.
The adjusted property accounts and the accumulated deprecistion shown tbe books of the taxpayer.
Stocks, bonds, and like securities are not subject to depreciation withio the meaning of the taw. (See sections 23(1), 114, and 201(c) (7)(D).)
For limitetion on deduction, see Jnstruction $10(8)$ below,

## 10. TOTAL DEDUCTION

(a) Enter the total of items 5 to 9 , inclusive.
(b) Litmitation on deductions reluting to real estate owned and occu-
pied. The deduction included in items 7 to 9 on account of real estate pied. - The deduction included in items 7 to 9 on account of real estate to an amount which beass the same ratio to such deduction (computed without regard to subsection (d) of section 201) as the rental value of the space not so occupued bears to the reotal value of the eotire preperty. (Submit detailed schedule)
(c) tema not deductible-No deduction is allowable for the amount of any item or fait thereof allocable to a class of exempt income, other
than interest. fiems directly attributable to such evempt income shall be allocated thercto, and items directly attributable to any class of taxable income shall ke allocated to such tarable income. If an item is indirectly portion thercof, detcrmined in the light of all the facts and circumstances o each case, shall be allocated to each. Apportionments must in all cases be reasonable. A taxpayer feceiving any exempt income, other than interest, or holding any property or engaging in any activity the income itemized statement, in detal, showing (1) the amount of each class of exempt income, and (2) the amount of items allocated to cach such class (the amount ailocsted by apportiooment beiog shuwn eeparately).

12, 14, 15 and 17. CREDITS AGAINST NET INCOME
Enter as item 12 the amonnt of interest included in grose income which is partially exempt froos tatatio0 ond for which credi is allwid uoder the Enter as item 14 tbe income subject to exeess profits tax. (Sec section 26(e).)
Eotef as item 15, 85 percent of the amount received as dividends from a domestic corporation wheh is subject to tavation under Chapter 1, except Act, 1922, or from cosporations entitled to the benefits of section 251. The anount claimed as a credrt (item 25) shall be limited to an amount not in exeess of 85 pereent o
item 14 (Spesection 26(b))
Einter as atem 17 the product of the normal-tax net income and the figure proclanmed by the Secretary for doterminaig the rescrve and other policy liability credit. (See section 202(b).) The figure proclaimed for the ear 1942 is 93 percent
by every life insurance compady in Scbedule $A$ for the computation of tha
figure, for the sucreeding yoar, to he pror laimed by the Secetary to deter(1) Reserves (lines 1 to 6, inclusive, Schedule A),-List in Schedule A data pertaring to life insurance reserves. Deseribe fully the nature of the reserse, the method of computation, the interest rate used, and the amount of earh such reserve at the begintung and end of the tavable year. Inelude
 en canceliahle accident and fraith contracts. tur reserves compmited on a modified busis, surh as 111 muix Standard, or sicet and lleimate. Ist 107 percent of the amount if thel reacrves. (Ior deantition of hife insurance on a modified bavis, ere sectuon 14 201-6 of tlic regulations.)
(2) Reserve earsings rate--licycive earmulgs rate means a fute cmm puted by adding 21120 pricent (1is) pereent of 3 i prrcent) and 35 mercent of the averake rate of niteres assumed in computing life insurance re-
serves. Ninter as line 10 . Selsodule (3) R minter as line 10 , setranbe h.
an omount equal to 2 percent of the rescrve - ater in line 12 . Schedule $A$ an omount equal to 2 pereent of the reserve helt at the end of the tavable of not less than 5 ycars from the date of the pulicy contract. Do not inelude in such feserve dividends pavable diaring the foilowing tavable tca: paid during the tavable ycar on the company's andebtedres, evecpt on andehtedriess incurred or conatnued to purchase or carry oblagations (other than obligations of the U'inted States issuad after September 2t, 1917, and oriplnally subscribed for by the tavpayer) the interest upon Whech is whethir or not guaranteed, paid within the tavable year on insurance contracta (or contracts arising out of insuranec contracts) which do not involve. at the tume of paymient, IIfe, health, hr accident contingencies. Intercit paid on davidends held on theporit end surendered during the hasable year
shorild be ineluded in this them. Do not include any interest pail on deferred divideads which wete included uader (3) shove.

## 19. ADJUSTMENT FOR CERTAIN RESEKYES

For companies writing contracts other than lifo insurance or annulty contracts (cither separately or combined with noncanccitable health and accident insurance) add to the normal-tas net income and to the surtax net moome $3^{3}$, percent of the uncarned premiums. and unpaid lowtes on
such other contracts uhich are not inctuded in life insurance reserves. such other contracts $w$ hieln are not included in life insurance reserves,
but not less than 31, percent of unpaid losses plus $3^{\prime}$ ' percent of 25 pereer: but not less than $3^{1}$, percent of unpaid losses plus $3^{1}$, percent of 25 perecrit
of the oet premiums wrutien durina the taxable ycar on sucb other corr of the oct premims writien during
tracts. (See sections 202 and 203.)

## 2l ta 41. COMPUTATION OF TAX

Normal tax.-All life insurance companies (including forcign life insurance companies earrviag on a life insurance busmess within the tinited
States) are subject in the tar imposed by section $201(a)(1)$. The for lowing table shous the normal tax imposed by section $201(\mathrm{a})$ (1) upon I/ adjusted normal-lar net inconte ins: Not over $\$ 5,000$

Over $\$ 5,000$ but not oyer $\$ 20,000$ Over $\$ 20,000$ but not over $\$ 25,000$ Over $\$ 25,000$ hut not over $\$ 30,010$ Over $\$ 50,000$
$15 \%$ of the adjusted normal-tav net $15 \%$ of the adjusted normal-tay ne
incume $\$ 750$ plus 17 , of eveess over $\$ 5.000$ $\$ 3,300$ plus 19 e of excess over $\$ 20,000$ $\$ 1,250$ plus 31 , ef eccess over $\$ 25,000$
$24 \%$ of the acljusted normel-tar net income

Surtax. - The surtar imposed by section 201 (a) is 10 pereent of the amount of the adjusted surtar net income not in excess of $\$ 25.000,22$ but not in eveess of $\$ 50,000$, and 16 pereent of the amount of the adjusted surtax net income in elecss of $\$ 50,000$.
The terms "adjusted normal-tav net ineome" and "adjusted surtax net income" mean the nommal-tar net income and the surtar net ineone in section $202(\mathrm{~b})$ and plus $3^{\prime}$ i percent of the unearned premumas and unpaid losses on contracts other than life insurance or annulty contracts (either separatnly or combined with poneancellatile health and acendent joburance). (Sce lnstruction 19).
the credit for income subject to escess prohts (ax provided in section 26 (c) and the credit for dividends recelted provided in section $26(\mathrm{~h})$.
The normal-tar net income and the corporation surtar net income of a Coretgn life insurance company carrsing on life insurance businesa within
the Inited States consists of that portion of its met inceme from the I'nited States business (shown on the form approved for life insurance conipanaes by the National Association of Insurance Coamasswners) coroputed under the provisions of section 201.
The teria "surtal net income" means the net income minas the credit
 dividends recesved on ureferred stock of $n$ phiblio usility), coniputed by limitang such cerdit to 85 percent of the net theolne minus the credit for incorme suhject to excess profis tar in lies of 85 percent of the adjusted

## 43. CREDIT FOR TAXES

If, in accordance with erction 131 (n: a credtht is clsimed by a domestic corporation in rem 43, on account of incolne, war-profits and cicesce. profits taves paid or arerued to a foreugn vountrv or a pussession of the with the recelpt for each such tar liss nuent In case credit is sought for taves acerued but not pasid. the foem ramst hase attached to it a certified copy of the return on wheh catb sheh acerved las was based, and tho to the allowance of a eredut fur such ac rued taves. A foreigo consplany a not entutled to clama this erech

## MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANIES OTHER THAN LIFE OR MARINE FOR CALENDAR YEAR 1942


GROSS INCOME
GROSS INCOME
(Usder Sextion 207 ( $\mathbf{( 0 )}$ (1) and (3))

Interest on: (Usder Sextica 207 ( 0 ) (1) and (3))
(a) Obligations of a Seate, Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, or Uoited
(b) Obligntions of Federal Ind binnks, joint stock land prior Lo March. 1 ,
(c) Obligations of the Uaited States issued oo or before
(d) Trensury Notes issucd prior to Deceruber 1 1940, Treasury Bills and Treasury Certicicatos of Indebt(e) Uaited States $\begin{aligned} & \text { edness } \\ & \text { Snvings }\end{aligned}$ owned in the principal smount of $\$ 5,000$ or less,
OS United Srates Savings Bonds arid Treasury Eonds owned in excess of the principal amount of $\$ 5,000$ issued prior to March 1, 1941.
Obligations of instrumentalities of the United States (othere) isaued prior to as to beported in line (b)
(h) Treasury Notes issued on or after Dic.
and obligations issued on or after March 1, 1911 by the United States or any ageocy or instrumentuity tbereof (subrat achedule).
(i) Lozor, notes, mortgages, baok deposits, ete

Dividends on atock of:
(o) Domentic corporations subject to taxation uoder Cbapter 1 of the Irternal Revenue Code *
(b) Fureigo corporations
(c) Otber corporstions
. Repte (Attacb schedule)
4. Net gaio from sale or exchange of capital assets (from Scbetule C, Fiorn 1:20)
5. Total income in itels 1 TO 4

## DEDUCTIONS

Ioterest wholly eveorpt frome tax (itcm 1 (o), (b), (c), (d), aod (e), col. 4)
7. Iovestment expenses (attach scbedulc)
8. Taxes.

Rcal estate expenscs.
Depreciation (attach sehedule)
11. Interest...
12. Otber capital losses (from Schedule D)
13. Total debuctions in items 6 to 12
14. Net iocome (ltem 5 minus item 13)
15. Less: Ioterest partislly exempt from tax (item! $(\mathcal{O})$ and ( $g$ ), col. 4)
16. Adjutted aet iocome.
17. Less: Income subject to excess profits Lax.

Dividends rersived credit ( 85 perceot of itero 2 (a) but not io excess of 85 percent of
9. Normal-tax net income (itemi 16 mious itema 17 and 18).
 CROSS AMOUNT OF INCOME (under eection 207 (a) (2))

## 20. Total gross income is items 1 to 3 , loclusive..

21. Net preminme
22. Total gross amount of iocome from ioterest, divideods, reots, aod net preoxiums (item 20 plus item 21)
23. Less: Divideods to policyholders..

Ioterest wbolly exempt from tax (item ! (o), (b), (c), (d), and (e), col, 4)
Gross amount of iscome (item 22 minua items 23 and 24)
TCTAL TAX
26. Line 41, Page

Less: Credit for income taxes poid to a foreigo country or V'rited States possession allowed a doraestic corporation 28. Balance of tax.

AFFIDAVIT. (See Instruction E) the corporation for which this return is made, being severally duly sworn, cach for himsclf deposcs and says that this return (inelurling any accome panying schedules and statements) has been exanamed by him and is, to the best of lus knowledge and belief, a true, correct, and complete return, panying schedules and giatemental fast, for the taxable year stated, pursuant to the internal Revenue Code and the regulations issued thercunder.

Subscribell aod aworn to before me this $\qquad$ of
......., 194...
(Fresesideut or otber priacipsil owiocr) (Stolo titite)
 $\qquad$ (Tilie) ....... $\begin{gathered}\text { CORPORATE } \\ \text { SEAL }\end{gathered}$
 AFFIDAVIT. (See Inatruction E)
I/we swear (or affirm) that $\mathrm{f} /$ we prepared this return for the person named hercin and that the return (including any accompanying schedules and atatements) is a true, correct, and complete statement of als the information respecting the lax habilhty of the person for whom this return has been prepared of which I/we bave any kDowledge

Subscribed and sworo to before me this $\qquad$ day of $\qquad$ , 194....
(sicanture of ofice ndimulitiong antio)
(Tй)
raye 2
COMPUTATION OF TAX ON NET INCOME (Section 207 ( (a) (1) end (3))
Companies (ercept interinsurers nnd reciprocal underwritera) with normal-tax net
incomes of over $\$ 3,000$ and not over $\$ 6,153.86$

COMPUTATION OFTAX ON GROSS AMOUNT OF INCOME (SECTION 207 ( $s$ ) (2)) (not applicable to interineurera and reciprocal underwTiters)

Schedule A. - INVESTED ASSETS BOOK VALUES. (Sea Inatruction 7)
(Schedulo A need not bo fillod in if no deduction io claimed for any general oxpencea that aro allocated to investment income)

| 1. Real estate. | 1. Berimotiog of Tuable was |  | 2 End or Tarsoh Yeer |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Mortgage loans |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Collateral loans |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Policy losus, including premium notes |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Ronds of domestic corporations. |  |  |  |  |
| 6. Stocks of domestic corporstions. |  |  |  |  |
| 7. Government obligations, etc.: |  |  |  |  |
| (o) Obligations of a Statc, Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or tbe District of Coltumbia, or United States possessions... |  |  |  |  |
| (b) Obligations of Federal land banks, joint stock land banks, and Fedcral intermediate eredit banks issued prior to March 1, 1911. |  |  |  |  |
| (c) Obligations of the United States issued on or before September 1, 1917..................... |  |  |  |  |
| (d) Treasury Notes issmed prior to December 1, 1940, Treasury Bills and Treasury Certificates of Indel tedness, issued prior to March 1, 1941 |  |  |  |  |
| (e) United States Savings Bonds and Treasury Bonds owoed in the principal amount of $\$ 5,000$ or less, issued prior to March 1, 1941 |  |  |  |  |
| (f) United States Savings Bonds and Treasury Bonds onned in excess of the priacipal amount of $\$ 5,000$, issued prior to March 1, 1941. |  |  |  |  |
| (p) Obligations of instrumentalities of the Uioited States (other than obligations to be reported in lane (t) shove) issued prior to March 1, 1941 |  |  |  |  |
| (h) Tressury Notes issued oo or after Decrmber 1, 1940, and obligations issued on or after March 1. 1941, by the United States or any agency or fostrumeatality thereof |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Bank deposits beating interest . ...................................................................... |  |  |  |  |
| 9. Cher interest-beariog assets (ntrach statement) |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Totats of lines 1 to 9 | \$. |  | 8 |  |
| 11. Total of columns 1 and 2, line 10....................................................... |  |  | \$ .......... |  |
| 12 Menn of the invested assets for the taxable year (one-half of line 11)... |  |  | \$ |  |
| 13. Ooe-fourth of 1 pereent of the mean of the invested nssets |  |  | 8 |  |
| 14. Inconch base (item 5, page 1, minus items 8 to 12, inclusive, page 1) <br> 15. 3:4 pereent of lioe 12 |  |  | \$...... |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 16. Lxecss (ff any) of line 14 over line 15........................................................................................... |  |  | s |  |
| 17. One-fourth of hive 16 |  |  | S................. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

EXCESS PROFITS TAX. (See Instructions for Form 1121)
(a) Is an excess profits tax return on Furm 1121 being filed for the taxable period covered by this return?
(b) If an excess profits tax return is not being filed for the reason that it is claimed that the exeess profits oet ineome computed under the invested capital method is not greater than $\$ 5,000$ ( $\$ 50,000$ for interinsurers and recaprocal uoderwriters), the following Schedule B sbould be filled in. The complition of Schedule B docs not constitute the fling of an execsa profits tax return.

Schedule B.-EXCESS PROFITS NET INCOME COMPUTATION
 eparate Schodule C (Form 1120 )
and ss a part of this return.

 sale sbould be apportioned in the above schedule and the exeess reported in Schedule C.

Sales (except the apportionment mentioned above) reported iu this schedule should not be reported in Sehedule C.
Enter total other capital losses (line 10, columo 7) as item 12, page 1.
QUESTIONS

3. Did the compaoy fle a return under the same name for the preseding taxable year?
4. Did you own at any time during the taxable year 50 percernt or more of the voting atock of edother corporation, either duacstic or foreign? $\qquad$ If the answer is "yes," attach sc parate schedule showing: (1) Name and address; (2) percentage of stock owned; (3) date atock was acquired; and (4) the collector's office in which the Income tax return of sueh corporation, individual, partnership, trast, or association for the last texable ycar was filed.
5. Did the corporation at ady time after October 3, 1942, and before the end of its taxable year bave io its employ more than eight individuala?
(Answer "yes" or "no") $\qquad$ If answer is "yes," has the corporation in this return taked a deduction for any amount of wagea or ealarics repremedtiag an locrease or decrease In rate after October
3. 1942? (Answer "yes" or "no") .......-........ If answer to second question is "yes," attach statement explaining all stech increases or deereases. If any of such inereases or decreases required the prior decreases. If any of such inereases or decreases required the prior approval of the National War Labor Board or the Commissioner of the suthorization for each of such increases or descreases.
6. Did the company pay to any offiect or employce of the conipany salary, commission, boous, or other compensation for personal servioes rendered, is ao aggregate amount in excess of $\$ 75,000$ ? (If answer to "yes," atheb Scbedule F-1.) (See General Iostruction I-3.)
7. Did the company make a return of information on Forms 1096 and 1090 lor tbe calendar year 1942 (see General Instructioa H)? (Aaswer "yes" or "no").
8. Did the eompany at any time during the taxable year own directly or iodireotly any atock of a foreign corporation? ............... (If answer is "yes" attach atatement required by Geperal Inatruction J.)

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 1120 M <br> 1942 UNITED STATES MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY INCOME TAX RETURN 1942 

Texpayers will find it helpful to read the General Instructions A to $L$ before commencing to fill in their returns
GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

A．COMPANIES REQUIRED TO FILE A RETURN
Every toutual insurance compony otber than a lite or marme insuranee compsny（except is loreign mutual insuraoce conpeay other than a life or tharine insurance conipany not carrying on an insurance busmess
witbia the 1 nnted States）aith gross aloount received from interest， dividends，rents，and premiutns（meluding teposits and assessments）， Receivers，trustees id dissolution，trustees in bankruptey，and aisignees operating the property or busuness of corporations，must mane returns of income for such corpurations．If a recciver has fulf custody of and contro over tbe business or property of a corporation，he shatit be deemed in be the business for which the corporation was organized or only in marshalugg， selling，and disposing of its assets for purposes of kiquidation．

## B．PERIOD COVERED

The return shall be for the calendar year ended December 31，1942，and the net ideome coraputed oo the calendar year basis in accordance with the State laws regulating insuranec componies．

## C．BASIS OF RETURN

 A return oo this form shall be rendered on a cash receipts and dis－bursements basis or the acerual basis whichever confurms with the
anoual statemeot made to the State lnsurauce Department． anoual statemeot made to the State Insurauce Departmen

## D．TIME AND PLACE FOR FILING

The return must be sent to the collector of internal revenue tor the office or ageney is located，so as to react the collector＇s ofice on or befor March 15， 1943

## E．AFFIDAvITS

The recurn shall be snoro to by the presudeat，vice president．or other prineipal officer，and by the treasurer，assistant treasurer，oo chinet accoum ing otficer．
Whace the returia is aetually prepared by some persod or persons other execute the affidavit at the foot of page 1 ．

## P．PAYMENT OF TAX

The Lax should be paid by sending with the return a cheek or money解 The tax must be paid in full when the retura is filed，or on four equal nstatlinaents，as follows：The first installment shall be paid on or before larch 15．1943；the second installmeut on or before June 13，1943，the hard installment on or before septeniber 15，1943，and the fourth install－ nt on or before December $15,1943$.
ibe whole amount of the Lax uupald slall be paid upon potice nod demand by the collector．

## G．penalties

For failure to make and fite a return on time－Five pereent to 25 percent of the amonnt of the tax，unless such failure is due to reasonable pebse，and，in ardrion， the costs of prosecution：
For willfully a ucmpting to erade or defent poyment of the tax．－A fine of not more than $\$ 10,010$ ，or imprisonment for
outh，together with the costs of prosecution．
Far deficiency due to negl．gence or fraud－Five percent of the amount the defieieney if due to negligetice or intentional disregard of rules and regulations without intent to detraut，or 50 pere－ut of the amount of the
jeficiency it due to fraud．

H．INFORMATION AT SOURCE
Every insurance company shall make 3 return on Forma 1096 and 1098帾 to atooun＇s pad cereditel or distributed during year（a）as salafies of other compensation for personal services，totaling whose marital status in urkuown af 31,200 or niore in the case of a marrice citizen or resident or（b）as intcrest，rect prensums，anduities，or other fived or detertinalsia income totaling \＄3no or more to a fiduciary， dotnestac or resident parthership，or a crizen or resident．The forma will be furnished by any collector of internal revenue upod request． Such returns of ibformation covering the ealendar year 1912 must be
lurwarded to the Cummessioner of internal Reveaue，Returns Distri－ bution kiectiod．Washington，D．C．，io time to be received dot later than February 15， 1913.

## I．INFORMATION BY CORPORATIONS

1－1．Consemplated dissolution or liquidation．－Every corporation shall， witbm 30 days after the adoption by the corporation of a resolution or plan for the dissotution an the earporation or for the fiquidation of the whole of sny part of its crifin stock，render a fething forth the terms of sueh resolutian or plam．（See section 148（d）．）
1－2．Distributions in liquidation．－Every corporation shall，wheo required by the Commissiancr，render a correct retura，duly verified under oath，of its distributions in liquidation，stating the name and address of each sharehnlder，the number and clasis of shares oxined by him，and the the fart market value（as of the date the distribution is made）of tho property distributed to him．（Siee section 145（e）．）
1－3．Compensation of officers and cinployres－If the company paid to any officer or employce durng the ta iable year compensation for personal setvices in execess of $\$ 75,000$ ，schednte F －
obtarned（capies uf which may bo
from the collector of siternal revenuc）must be filed，IN DU． PLICATE，witb and as part of the return

## J．STOCK OWNERSHIP IN FOREIGN CORPORATIONS

If the company owned any stock of a forcign coromation（including less than 5 pereent of the stoch of a furetgn personal holding colapany），it should attach to its return a statermeut selthing forth the name and adoress
of each suel company and the total pumber of shares of each elass of out stanting stock ouned by it durning the tasable year This statement should the furmshed in additions to the selaedule required by specino able year in a foreign persound heldame compans，as defined in section 331 it must jaclude in its retirn as 3 dwident the amount required to be included in its gross income by seetion 337．If the eampany owned 5
percent or more in value of the ustatanding stock of such loreiga persorial holding company，se should swe furth in an altached statetaedt is complete detail the information required by seetion 337 （d）．

## K．ANNUAL STATEMENT

A copy of the smnual statement for motnal insuradee companies other than life or marme adopted by the National Convention of linsurance Commussioners for the year 1992，as filed with the lnsurance Department
of the State．Territory，or District of Columbia，together with eopies of of the state，Territory，or Distriet of Columbin，together stocks），must aceoiopany the return．Simalar copies for the preceding ycar must also be furnishetl，if not filed for such year．

## L．LIST OF ATTACHED SCHEDULES

Attach a list of the sehedutes aecompanying the returt，giving for each a bruf title aud the scbedule number．Place name and address of coms－
pany on cach sehedule．

## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

The following inatructions ore numbered to correspond with item numbern on page 1 of the return

## 1．INTEREST

Enter interest received of aecrued from alt sourefa during the tavahie ear．triterest on bonds 29 considered ineome when dire and payable． The gross amount of merest reported as gross income shall be decreasent itributable to the tavahle year oil bonds，notes，debentures or other vitences of indebtedness，determined（1）in secordance with the raethod enularly emploved，if nisonable，or（2）in accordance with regulatione ireseribed hy the Cotnmisitoncr with the approval
（Attach statement shatwing fuethod and eompulation．）

## DIVIDENDS

Enter as item 2 （a）the amount rrecived or acerued as dividends from domestic corporation a hich is subject to tatation under Chapter 1 other han a corporaticts entution to the henchits of stection 251 and other tedi 2 （b）dividemls from foreign corporations．Einter as item 2 （c） widends from all other corporations inchading dividends on shore aecoubts in Federal savings and loan asociations issued od or after
larel：28， 1942 ．Finter in ticm $1(\mathrm{~g})$ disidends on share accounts in Federal suvings and loan assuciations issued proor to March $28,1942$. uhmit sclicdale，itenizisg alt dividends received during the year， dends and auounts received from each．

## 3．RENTS

Edter rents received or accrued from teonats

## 4．GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES

Report sales or exclanges of capical assets in Schedule C（but sce chedule D）．Every sale or exchange of a capital asset，eveo thongh no Losses fromay be indicated，must be reported in detail
apital assets sold or exehanged in order to obtain lonids to oormal msurance tosses and to provide for the pavment of dividends ond simitar distributions to policyhulders）slanill be allowed io the extent of gains frums surh saks or exchanges，with rispect to companieg taxable
under section 207 （a）（1）or（3）．However，the anount of the net shart－ term eapital loss of the last tavable year becinning in 1991 （computed withont regard to amounts treated as short－term capital losses from the preceding taxable yeur）wheh is not in cxeess of（1）the corjorstion antax net income（computed without resard to gaink ar hosers frota sates capital aseets sold or exchanged to obtain funds to meet aboormal insur－ shee hisea aud to provide for the payment of diviciends and similar
distributions to policyholders，whiehever is the lesser，shall，to the exteat of the net short－term capital gain for the succeeding taxable yenr，be a der
Dofnition of capital assets－The term＂captas ansels＂means property Ress）but does mol tad lude stark in tratc of the taxpayer or other property of a kin．d which would properly be metwied tin the miventory of the tax－ payer if on hatu at the clise of the taxsble year，or nroperty held by the Lavpayer prruarily fur sale to eustomess ia the orlinary courne of his trade or busiuces，or property weet in the trate ar susnow，in eharaction（1），or an ubligation of the t nited states or any of its passessions，or of a State of Territory，or any political sithlin wina thereof or of the District of Columbia，wsyct un or atter March 1，1911，on a ilisconnt basis and pay－ the date of issue，or feal pruperty used in the trade or business of the tanpayer．

Classification of capital gains ond losses．－The phrase＂shor－term＂ of capital assects held for $\begin{aligned} & \text { onaniths or leess the phrase＂long－term＂to thi }\end{aligned}$ extegury of gains and lowes ansing frem the sale of exchange of capitad assels held for more than 6 rucoths．
Enter full tascription of each item of property sold or exchanged，even lasagh oo gain or hass may bo indieated．Such deseription shoulhl include description of improvements，details ex plaining depreciation（colutun 6 of Selvedule C）：（b）for bonts or uther exidenees of indebtedness，name of and anount（c）for dicription of the particular issue，denamination， number of shares，and cupital clanges affecting basis（nontaxable stock dividends，other nontaxable distributions，stork rights，ete．）．
The＂bacis＂倍 the property is not subject to the same ruic for reportiog
 Marehs for deternining GAIN is the cost or the fair nuarket value as of greater，but in iletcrmining 1 SSS the
 The execptious arsse ctivefl where property was acquired by kitt，benuest
 sirch casees seetion 113 providec the hasia that shail be used．If the amouna
ahown es the basin is other than actual cash cost of tho property sold off
exchanged, full devails must be furnished regarding the scquisition of the Enter wear and tear, obacleacenoe, and dcpletion whicb bas been allowed (bui of acquisition arnowat allowable) in reapect or auch property since date that date. in addition, if be property was acerty was acquired before 1913 , the cost aball be reduced by the depreciation end depletion actually sustaibed before that date.
ments, reaewals ments, renewtis, and replacements made to restore the property or procomputiog gaia or loss.
Losses on securities becoming worthless.-If any securities (as defned
below become northess within the taxable yonr and below) become nortbless within the taxable year add are capital assete, the losa resulting tberefrom shall, in ibe case of a tazpayer other than a eanchange, on the last duy of such taxable year, of cap rom the sale or section 23 (k) (2).)
Definition of securities.-As used for the purpose of determining capital losses under bection 23 ( $\mathbf{k}$ ), the term "eccuraties' meavis boadh, debentures, antes, or certicates, sorporation thereof), with intereat coupong ar ingernment or political subdivssecurities issued by any corporation aftilated ath the taspayer shall not be deemed capital assets. (See section 23 (k) ( 5 ))
stock in a corporation (except sock in a corphuess.-If any ohares of taxpayer), or rights to subsecribe for or to receive such share with the worthless during the taxable ycar and are capital sassets, the luss resulting therefrom shatl be considered sas a loss from the sele cr exchange, on the last dey of sucb taxable year, of capital assets. (See section 23 (g) (2) and
(4).)
Losses not allowable. - No loss shall be recognized in any sale or other disposition of shares of stoek or securities where there has been acquired substaritially identical stock or securities or there has been entered into a within 30 days before orquire subetantially identical stock or necumties o cases of dealers in stocks and securities and ant or dispusition, execpt rade in the ordiaary course of such busiaes.
No deduction shail be allowed ia respect of lo
No deduction shail be allowed ia respect of losser from sales us exchanges of property, directly or indirectly (except in the case of distributions ia
liquidation), between an iadivdual and a curperaton iquication), between an iadividual and a curporation in which such he outstanding stock; or (except in the cese of distribunons in houidathon), betwten two corporstions more than 50 percent in value of the outtanding stock of each of which is owned, directly or indrectly, hy or for the same iadividual, if either one of euch corporations, with respect to the
taxable year of the corporation preceding the date of that sale or exchange was, under the laws applicable to sucb taxable year, (1) a pervenal holoing company, as debned in sectoa sol, or (2) a forelign pernumal holding comppany; as defined is section 331 (see paragraph (1) (B) ant (C) of section applying this paragraph, sue section $2 f$ (b) (2).
Gaina and losses from irunluntary converzion and fom the sale or crehange ocrtain property used in the trade or business.- The tertho "pruperty" in the trade or business, of a character which is subject to property uscd for depreciation provided in section 23 ar (9), held for more than 6 monthe
and real property used in the trade orsines, held for more than 6 months, which is oot (a) property of a kind which wrinld pmoperly be inBle year, or (b) property held bypaye tevpanand at tre clase of the taxable year, or (b) property held by the tavpoyer primarily for cale to cus-
tomers in the ordinary course of his trate or burmiess. section 117 (i) provides special treatment frr the gains and losses upon
the sale or exchenge of depreciable property and of laut held for mity the sale or exchange of depreciable properity und of lerut, held for nioru
than 6 months, and for the gains and lases upon the curapulsory or than 6 months, and for the gains and kuses upon the cumpulsary or
involuatary conversinn of such depreciable property and lend and of caputal assets beld for more than 6 mont hs.
The met tod prescribed in section $117(j)$ (2) is to treat such asins and orses during the taxable year as gains sind losses from the sale or cieliange of caputal assels held for more than 6 monthw, if the arerregale of such gams xcecds the oggregate of such losseg. If, however, hie aggregate of such
 asets held for more than 6 months.
In determining whether gains do or do not eveeed lamsec, it is nervisary omelude the gains and lusses to the extent that they woult be meluded
they were all ordinary gains and losses. The limatation ui wecton (d) on the deductinnty of capital losses does not oprerate to cerelion 117 nich lonses from the computation us to the excess of gains over losses, but 11 such losses are melused in full.
Alternative tor- - If for any taxable year the net louk-term enpital gain jve tar in lieu of the wormal tay and surtisx impoeed upposer bil fiternaond oaly if such tsx is less than the tax mpored by nectuons 13, It and if telating to normal tar and surtax on corporationst, sections 204 and 207 other than life iasuravee compantes). The alternative tax as the sumies, 1) a partial tax, computed at the normat tax ant sur'ax fates on the net ideome decreased by the amount of the excers of the net lovg-term capatal
gnia over the net short-terna capital lows, aad ( 2 ) 25 percedt of auch excesal

## 6. INTEREST WHOLLY EXEMPT FROM TAX

Enter the amount of intereat whicb is wholly excmpt from taxation Endes the provisions of section 22 (b) ( 4 ). see Specific Instruction 15 with respect to partlal
abieb is allowed as a credit against oet income.

## 7. INVESTMENT EXPENSES

Enter expensea paid or acerued which nre properly chargeable to investment expenses, the wial amount of which, if there he any alloce-
ton of genpral expenses to investmunt expenses, should nut excecd oneourth of 1 percent of the mean of the invested assets reported on line 12 , ochedule A, phus, in cases where the net incume co:nputed without any eductien for (1) investment expenses and (2) tax-free hiterest, exceeds fourth of sueb excess. Sulmite schedale showing the nature and mnounat of the items incluad hurcin, the uasaor itemas being grouped ia one mount. (Sec section 207 (b) (1) (B).)
Limitations on uagrs and salaries - I'veept as stated helow, it any Hercase or decrease ut sulary or nafes is made after October 3, 1942 , withnisworet of laternal leevanue, no amount of euch salary or a ages mid or acerued in contravention of the Act of October 2 , 1942, critited 1 "An Aet to amend the Eincsgriey Price Contrul Act of 1942, tomd in preventromulgated ehereunder, is allowable as a deduction. Any inerense, however. may be made withuut the prios approvalion. Any inerease, abor Board or the Commissioner of Internal Revenne it it is mas me in accordance with the torms of an extablished unge or calary agrement n: established wage or salary rate echedule covering the work axwignments
and it is made as a result of individual prometions or rechavelicntions, jooividual merit inereases within establushed rate renges, operation of an catabliched plan of waze of salary increasen baved upon length of kervice, increased productivity undes phece work of iacentive plans, of operation

## 6. TAXES

Eater taxes paid or accrued exclusively upon real estate owned by the he compary without reimbursen ad provided sio sholder and paid by

Do sot ioclude tazes ansessed against local benefita of a kiad tendiag to hmitation on deductioo, see Instruction 13 (b) beloviag, sewers, etc. Fur
9. REAL ESTATE EXPENSES

Enter all ordinary and necessary buiding expenses, naid or accrued repairs which neitber meterially, add to the wilue cost of meidental appreciably prolong its hife but keep it in an ordinarily efficient geerating condtion. Do not include any amount paid out for new bualdings or for perroanent improvements or betterments made to increase the value of any property or any amount expended on foreclosed property before such
property is held forth for rental purposes. For limutaion on deductuon see Instructioo 13 (b) betow
10. DEPRECIATION

The amount deductible on account of depreciation is an amount reasonsbly minasuring the portioe of the investment in deprectahle property hy
reason of cxhaustion, wear and tear, or obsolesecnce, which is properly reason of exhaustion, wear and tear, or obsolesecence, whach is properly chargcable against the operations of the yebr. In any rient the deduction extent used, for the purpose of producing the income specified in section 207 (b) (1). If the property was acquired by purchase on or after March

1. 1913, the amount of 1, 1913, the amount of depreciation should be deternuned upon the bas of the original cost (not replacernent cost) of the property, sad the proul)-
able number of years remaining of jts expected useful life. In case the property was purchased prior to March 1, 1913, the armount of duprectation will be determined in the same manner, except that it will be ecomputed on rts original cost, less depreciation sustained prior to March 1 , property was acquired in any other manner than by plirchase seo. If th 11. The capits sum to be recovered should be charied of ratably over the useful life of the praperty. Whatever plan or mellod of appartionment is adopted must be rcasonable, must hase due regard to operitung conditions during the taxable year, and should be described in the riturn,
if a deduction is clamed on account of depreciation, a schedute atiould be filed with the retura showing: (1) hind of property; ;(2) date acquired (3) cost or other basis; ( ( 4 ) assels fully depreciated in use at end of tavalic ycar; (5) deprecistion allowed (or allowable) in prior years; (i) remalsmig depreciation; (8) estimsted remsining life from beginning of vecar and 19 ) deprecistion allowable for the tarable year. In case obsulescenice is included, state separotely amount clamed snd basis upon whath it is comsputed. Cost or value of land muse nat be incluted in the sehedinte, und oundurg subject to deprectation must be establishicd.
The adjusted property aceounts and the necumulated deprecianion
shown in the scheduke should be recoaciled with those accounts ai nintected on the books of the toxpayer.
Stocks, bonds, and like securitics are not subject to depreciation withis For limitation on deduction, see Instruction :3 (b) below.
2. INTEREST

Enter the amount of interest paid or accrued during the tasable year on the company's indebtedness, except on indebtedness meurred or continued to purchase or cerry oblizations (other than oblizations of the for hy the tavpayer) the intcrest upon which is wiblly exempt from 12. OTHER CAPITAL LOSSES

Enter as item 12 losses from capital assets sold ar exchanged to provide unds to mect abnotmal insurance losses and to provide for the paymont shall be considered as sold or exchanged to provide for such Capital asse ts ments to the evtent that the gross seceipts from their sule or exchenge are not greater than the evcess, if any, for the tavable yeer of the aums of dividends and minilar distributions paid to policybolders, and losses and eppenses pad over the shera af interest, dividends, reate, and net
13. TOTAL DEDUCTIONS
(a) Eater the total of items E to 12, inclusi
(t) Limitation on deductions relating to reol estale owned and oceupied.and ocenpied in whole or in part by the company ahall be limued to an mount wheh bears the sarne ratio to such deduction \{computed without regard to subsection (c) of section 207), as the rental value of the space
not so occtipicd bears to the reotal value of the entire property. not so ocelipiod bea
Jetaded scliedule.)
(c) teems not dedurtible - No deduction is allowable fur the amount of nterest. liems directly attributable to such exempt income other than cated thereto, and itema directly attribuctable in any class of be allioncome shall be allocated to such tuxable income. If an item is indirectly portion thereof, determined in the light of all the facta and circumstancein cach cave, shall be allocated to each. Apportionments must in all case be reasonable. A taxpayer receiving any exempt income, other than interest, or holding any property or engazag in any activity the income itenized statersent, in detail, sbowing (1) the ausount of each class of cyctoplt meome, and (2) the Amount of itemos olloeated to each sueh class

## 15, 17 and 18. CREDITS AGAINST NET INCOME

Enter as item 15 the smount of interest included in pross income which - partially exempt from taxation and for whicb a credit is allowed under the provistone of section 26 (a)
subject to excess prufits tax. (Sce section
Inter as item 18,85 percent of the amouiat received as dividends frot a duraestic corporation which is aubject to taxatuon under Chapter 1 , ex Trade Act, 1922, or Prom corporations cntiled 20 the benefits of Chin 251. The amount claimed as a credit (item 18) shall be limuted to an amount not in excess of sj percent of the adjuated net iaceme (item 16 ) minus item 17. (See gection 26 ( $b$ ).
21. NET PREMIUMS

Enter as itcm 21 the amount of gross preminms (including deposit, and assessments) writleu or received on insurance contracts during the taxable yenr, less retura premiums and premuma paid or incurred
reinsurance. Amnunts returned whese the ataount is not faxd in insurance contruct but depends upon the experience of the compenny of the discretion of the management are not tu be meluded in return pre ninams but are to be treated as divide
is teem 23. (See section 207 (b)
23. DIVIDENDS TO POLICYHOLDERS
(depenter as item upon the inethod of necountmig regularly employed) to policy holders, (sepon the ibethed of necountrig regutarly employed) to policy 07 (b) (3).

## 27. CREDIT FOR TAXES

If, in accurdance with section 131 (a), a credit iv clainud hy a demestie profita tavez paid or accrued to a foreign country or n pospesion of the United States, Form 1118 should be subtnitted with the return, torethe with, the recept for each such tax payment. In cusc credit is sought for taves accrued but not paid, the form must have atlached to it a certifierl
copy of the return on which cach such acctucd tar was bascl and the copy of the return on which cach such acctued thr was bascd, and the
Commissioner may require a bond on Form 1119 as a condition precedent to the ellowance of a credit for such acerued taves. A forcign company is
not entiled to claim this eredit.

 Subecribed and oworn to before me this .......... day of $\qquad$ 194.
(ii) Halc of neorpwration.................................. .............................. (t) State or eblentry
(c) Sullocing': uthee in u hich your incotue tat return lor the Iasabie year was bied


 Revelue Coxle" (Athener "yes" of "no") ..

 ut "no')
......... ... It an=wet is "yes":
 :3nith) (See Ceneral lustructione E, F, G, H, and I, and Special Lastructian 12)
 721, 5.
(3) Firum the schedutes summitet unter (1) above, enter any income adjust ment which resulta from the applifstive of racta of the ictlosing neaitans 721, \$...............; 731, \$. 735(b), $\$ . . . . . . . . . . .$. ; 735(e), \$



| $\operatorname{Lin} \mathrm{N}_{2}$ <br> Euvity tamested Capteal et the Bepinnime of the Tarable Yavy <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Accunvulated earnings and profits.....---...... ........... ...... .. .-.......... ............ ........................ . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. 25 pe-cent of new capital paid in during a tax oble year beginning sfler Decenber 31, 1940 ........................ .... ........................ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6. locrense on sceount of intercorporate Lquidstioo........................... ............................... |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7. Defict in earnings and profus of another corporbtion........................... ... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Total of lives 1 to |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9. Less: Distributions mads prior to the taxable year not out of arcurbulated earninge end profita \$ ...........\| ..... |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Esrnings and profita |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. Decrease on account of intercorporate liquidation |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12. Deficit in earoings and profite |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13. T tal of lin |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. Eflity invested capital at beginving of taxsble year (line 8 minus line 13) _..................................................... |  |  |  | \$ |  |
| Averago Addition to Equity Inroted Capleal During the Taxable Your 15m lactroteres lee Sthedde C, lines I to 12. undurol |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15. Stoney paid in for Btock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to capital |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. Distributlone of earnings and profite (other than earnioge sod profita of the taxable year) in stoek of the curporation (see line 24, betow) $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16. 25 percent of new capital |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20. Deficit in earnings and profits of another corporation. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21. Total additions ln lines 15 to 20. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amones Pedicetion In Equiley Inverted Capleel During the Tazable Yown <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23. Listributions dot out of earDings and profits of the taxable year................................................ <br> 24 Stock distributions 1 rom aceumulated earaings and profits at beginning of year (see line 17 , above) - <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25. Decrease od sceount of intercorporate liquidation $\qquad$ <br> 26. Deficit in carnings and profits included in invested capital of another corporation. $\square$ $\square$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29. Average borrowed capital (attach schedule) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30. Average borrowed iovested capital ( 50 percent of line 29) $\qquad$ <br> 31. Average invested capital (hne 28 plus line 30 ) $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32. Total iosdmissible asseta. $\qquad$ <br> 33. Total admissible and insdmissible assets |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34. Percentage wbich line 32 is of line 33......-......................... ..................... . .-....--.................. \% \% |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35. Reduction on account of inadmissible assets (.......... percent of line 31) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \$ |  |
| 37. Portion of live 36 (not in excess of $\$ 5.000 .000$ ); and aredit at 8 pereen2.... <br> 38. Portion of line 36 (over $\$ 5.000$ v00, but not over $\$ 10,000,000$ ); and credit st 7 percent <br> 39. Portion of line 36 (over $\$ 10,000,000$, but not over $\$ 200,000,000$ ); and eredit at 6 percent. <br> 10. Portion of liae 36 (over $\$ 200,000,000$ ); and creait at 5 pereenk .-. <br> 41. Excese profis oredit-hased oo inverted capital (lotal of lines 37 to 40 ). |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

## A. CORPORATIONS WHICH MUSG MAKE RETURN

 ON FORM 1121.(1) General rule.- Every corporation required by section 52 to nake a return, having an excess profits net ineorae (corotulted under the invested capital credit method) of roore than Si, 000 . or in the ease of a inntual insuranee company (uther than life ur warine) which is an interinsurer or reciprocal unders riter, of more than $\$ 30,000$, except the following corporations, which under the provisions of section 727 , are exempt fron excers profirs tas, unless such corparations are
inembers of an alliliated group of corporations filing eorsolimembers of an alfiliated kroup of corporations filing consolidated returns under section 141:
(a) Corpuratiuns excinpt under section 101 from the tax imposed by Chapter 1.
(b) Forcign personal-thotding eompanies as defined in section 331.
(c) Rugulated investinent eompanies as defined in seetlon 361 without the application of section 361 (h) (t).
(d) Personal-holding companies as defined in section 501. (e) Furcign corporations not engaged in trade or bustacse
(f) Dnarstic eorporations satisfying the conditiona of section 727 (g) relating to income from sourees outside the United States.
(g) Any corporation subject to the provisions of Title IV of the (ivil Acronsutics Act of 1938, in the gross income of which for the taxable year there is ineludible coompensation
received from the Enited States for the transportation of received from the lnited states for the transportation of
mail by aireraft if, after excluding from its gross incume such mail by aircraft if, after excluding from its gross incume such
compensation, its adjusted excess profits net ineome for such eompensatioll, its
year is zero or less.
(2) Exempt corporations.- A corporation which has eatsblished its right to evemption from income tax need not again establish its rikht to exemption from crecss profits tax. A eorporation which has not established its right to exemption fromo jucome tax and which clains exemption is required to establish its right to exenuption from income tax in order to be held exempt froln excess profits tax.
A corporation which claims exemption under paragraphs (b), (c), (d), or ( $($ ), aliove, shall fite with its income tax return a statement showing under what paragraph it claims evemption. A corporation which claims exemption under paragraph ( $f$ ). above, shall attach to its income tav return a statement showing for the 3 -year perior immediately preceding the close of the taxable yesr (or for such part thereof during which the corporation was in existence) (a) its total gross income from all sources, (b) the amount thereof derived from the aetive conduct of a trade or business, (c) a deseription of such trada or busioess and the facts upon which the corporation relise to establish that suet trade or business was aetively conducted by it, and (d) the amount of its gross income from sourees within the United States. The gross income from sources within the United Ststes shall be determined as provided in section 119 and the provisions of the regulations relating thereto,
A corporation which claims exemption under paragraph ( $g$ ), above, whall attseh to its income tax return a statement sow-
ing (a) that it is subject to the provisions of Title IV of the ing (a) that it is subject to the provisions of Title IV of the
Civil Acrunautics Act of 1938, (b) the amount of the cornCivil Acrunautics Act of 1938 , (b) the amount of the cotn-
pensation included in the gross ineone of the corporation as pensatiun included in the gross ineome of the eorporstion as
compensation received from the United States for the transcompensation received from the United States for the trans-
portation of mail by aireraft, snd (c) the amount of its gross portation of mail by aircraft, snd (c) the ambernt and adjusted income, net inconce ene, aftur excluding from its gross income resess prufits net income, after cen
the amount of such compensation.

As to the statute of limitations where no retura is filed, see scetions 275 (a) and 276 (a).
(i) Privilege to file consoliduted re-
(1) Privilege to file consolidated refurns.- Seetion 141 gives to the corporations of an affiliated group (as defined in section 141 (d) the privilege of making consolidated income and eveess profits tax returns for the taxable ycar in licu of separate returns. This priviluge, however, is given upon the enndition that the affliased group shall make both a consolidated income tas return and a consolidated exeess profits tax return, antl that
all corporatinns which have been members of the affiliated all corporatimns which have been members of the almated
group at any time during the tavable year for which the returns group at any time during the tavable year for which the return
are inade consent to the rrgulations, and any amendment are made consent to the regilations, and any amenibed by
Hereof duly preseribed prier to the last day preser lacreot duly preseribed prier to the lase making of the coo-
 The last day prescribed by law for the filing of the returns includea the last day of the pcriod of any extension of time includea the last day of the pe
granted by the Commissioner.

The privilege of making consolidated returns minder the regulations for any taxable year of all affiliated group mu-l be exercised at the time of making the ruturus of the: cominon parent corporation for such year. Lnder no cireubsstances
can such privilege be expresed at any fiune thereafler. The fling of separatc returns for a tavable year does not constituto an election binding upon the corporstions in subsequent years. oepre privige is caprcised at he time of making the retarns, вeparate returns eanuol hercafter be inade for such year. Excopt ak oucwise provided ha reghast ons, hise mang of consblidated returns fur a taxable year bind, the affiliated gruap to make such returne for bubsequent tavahle vears.
(2) Consolidated return made by common parent corpora. tlon.-A consolidated retara shall be made on Furm 1121 by the eommon parent corporation for the affliated group. Such
return shall ke filed at the time and in the offiee of the collector return shallive filed at the time and in the otbee or the collector
of the distriet prescribed for the filing of a separate retura by of the district pr
such corporation.
(3) Authorizations and consents filed by subsidiarles.Each subsidiary inust prepare duplicate originals of Form 1122 E , consenting to the regulations, and authoriang the common parent corporation to make a consolldated return oa len behair for the taxable year and authorizing the commion parcut (or, in the event of its fallure, the Commissioner or the colvetor) to make a consohdated return un its behalf (as long as it reisains a member of he affinated grohp). for each year thereafter tor which, unkler suction 33.11 (a) of tha Regulations, the making of a consolidated returin is required. One of sucls forms as prepared hy each suhsidiary shall be atiached to the concohdated return, as a part thereol, and the other shall be filed, at or berore the time the eunsolidated return is hled, he once of the collector for the district prescribed tor the filing of a sepsrate return by such subsidisry.
No such consent can be willidrawn or revoked st any time No such consent can be withidrawn
after the cunsolidated return is filed.
after the cunsolidsted return is filed.
(4) Afilistions schedule filed b;
(4) Affilistions schedule filed by commen parent corpora.
tion.- The common parent corporation shall prasie tion.- The common parent corporation shall prepare Form 851 (Affiliations Schedule), wheh shall be altsened to the consolidated income tax return, as a part thereof.
(5) Statements and schedules for subsidiaries.- The statement of gross income and deductions and the several schedules required by the instructions ont the return must be prepared and filed by the common parent corporation in columnar form so that the details of the items of gross income, deductions, invested capital, and crecits, for each member of the affiliated group may le readily audited. Such statements and achedules shall include in columnar form a reconcilietion of surplus for esch such corporation, together with a reconciliation of tbe eunsolidated airplus. Consolidated balance sheets as of the begininigg and close of the taxahle year of the group, taken from the hooks of the uembers uf the group, shall accompany the consolidated return prepared in a form similar to that required ior reconctinalion
(i) Taxation of personal service ORATIONS.-
(1) Taxation of personal service corporations.-A personal service corporation is subject to the excess profits tas the same as any other domestic corporataoll unless it eleets as to any tavable year not to be subject to such tax. If the corprovisions of supplement $S$ (aectious 391 to 396 . inclusive) phall apply to the shareholders in sueh corporation who were shall apply to the sharelders in soch corporalion who wer such sharcholders on the last day of the taxable year of the corporation. (See section 19.394-1 of the regulations.) if it is a nember of an afsilinted group of corporations filing if it is a member of an afininted group of corporations filing consolidnted returns under section 141. In such case, the amoun of the undistibuted suppletnent s net income shall be congidered as paid in to the corporation as of the close of the taxable year as paid-in surplus or as a contribution to as of the close of such year ahall be correspondingly reduced. as of the close of such
(See sectiun 391 (d).)
(2) Defnition of personal service corporation.-The term (2) Definition of personal service corporation.- The term
"personal service corporation" means a domestic corporation "personal service corporation" means a domestic corporation
in which eapital is not a material ineome-producing factor and in which eapital is not a material ineome-producing factor and of shareholders who ( $c$ ) are regularly engaged in the active of shareholde who (c) are regolarly engaged in the active conduct of the afisirs of the corporation, and (b) are the owners, value of $h$ her value of each chass flock or he corporation. An indidua at auch time by his spmuse or minor child or by any guardian or trustee representing them.

Pege 2
If 50 percent or more of the grosw income of a corporation emslats of gains, protits, or income derived from trading as a canslats of gains, protis, or income derived from trading as a principal, such corporation
(3) Returna. If a corporation elaiming to be a personal ervice corporation siguifies in its return under Chapter 1 for any taxable year its desire not to be subject to the excess protts year, it shall attach Form 1121 PS , in duplicate, to its income
iay return on Form 1120 . ax return on Form 1120
D. FOREIGN CORPORATIONS AND CORPORATIONS ENTITLED TO BENEFITS OF SECTION 25I-INVESTED CAPITAL.-Section 724 provides that in the cave of a foreign corporation engaged in trade or bu-iness within the United States, and in the case of a eorporation chitilled to the hetsefits of section 251, the itsesemel erpital for any tavahle rear shall be determined in aceurdance with rules and regntations preacrilsell by the Commasionce. (See section 30.724-1 of the equitations.)
ELR COPORATLONS COMPLETING CONTRACTS U.V. DER MERCHANT MARINE ACT OF 1936.-Seclion 726 provides for an alternative tas it the case of a corporatom which has leee certitied hy the 1 tifod states Naritime (omsmission to the (omimi-afor as having completed within the tavable vear any contracts or subcontracts sulyect to the prisisions of sectzon 505 ( 1 ) of the Nerehant Marine Act of 1936,
as amended
The alternative tax is in lien of the execse profits tax computed under section 710 lmit unle if such alternative tax is ess than the tax mblup mith section. Such olternative tax is the resees of (1) a tentame tas computed under section 710 with the mormat-tay bet income increased by the annomit of any pasments marle, or io he mate. to the Comminsion with respect

A emparation clainitig the bencfit of section 726 sliall attach A enrporation claming the benefit of section 726 sliall altach to its execu profits tav return (1) a cerlifeate of the Comiiniwion wawnik "ach contract or subcontract subject to the provisine of xection 50. (b) which the corporation has completell within the tavable ycar and (2) a statement showing the amombt of bayments made, or to be made, to the Cominiscion uith ri-upect to such contracts and
(See section 30.724 ;-1 (i) of elie regulations.)
F. CORPORATIONS ENGAGED IN MINING OF STRA.

TEGIC MINERALS.-Section 73 t provides that in the case of TEGIC MINERALS.-Scetion Ta, provides that in the case of atny domentic corporation engaged in the mining of antimony, chromite, taangatieve, nickel, platanm, quicksilver, shect mica, tantalim. tin, tungeten, or vanadiam, the portion of the adjusted excess profits net income attrihutable to kuch mining in the Linited States shall be exempt from the excess profits tax. The tas on the remaimang purtion of such adjusted excess prohts liel theome shail he an amome whed bears the 731 as such remaining portion bears to the entire adjusted 731 as such remaining
G. MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANIES. - In the care of a mutual insurance conurany other than life or marine, if the gross amonnt received from interest, dividends, rents, and gross amomm recened from interest, divinends, rents, and premimms (incluming deposits and assesaments) is over 810,000 shall the an anount which hears thic same proportion to the shall be all amount which hearsione same proportion to the amoam aferiaind reference to paragraph (4) of such section, as the excess
$\$ 75000$ of suelı groma amount received hears to $\$ 50,000$.
H. ARNORMALITY IN INCONE IN TAXARL,E PE-RIOD.-Sicetion 721 provides relief where abmorinal inconic for any eveess profis tax tavable year is atfributable to other
taxable vaars. The term "abinorma! income" means income taxable vears. The term abmormat income means income
of any class inclubible in the groms income of the tarpayer for of any class inclutible in the groms income of the taxpayer for
any excess profits tas tasable yoar (1) if it is abmormal for any excess profits tas lasabie warar (1) if it is abmormal for to derive kross income of such class. or (2) if the tarpayer to derive eross income of such clans. or (2) if
the taxpayer normally derives grom income of such class lut the taxpayer normally derives grom income of such elass mut
the amonit of whel ibeonte of anch class is in eveoss of 125 percent of the aycrage anomat of the grose inemme of the same elass deteruined for the fuur previous taxable years or, if the
taxpayer was not in existence for four previous axable years, the taxable ycars during which the taxpayer was in existence. It is atmormal for a taxpsyer to derive income of any class only previous taxable years. For the parpose of determining almormal income under this paragraph the gross income of the class for the previous iavable years is not be corme of the class for the previs \{asable years is not to be increased on deenormal incoine is to be deternoined by considering olasco Abhormal income is to be determine by
I. RELIEF PROVISIÓS (1) Instal
ra. Section 736 (a) provides that inslallaenl Basis Taxpay ers.-Section 736 (a) provides that in the case of any taxpayer provided by section 44 (a) is such tapayer establiches in act corilance with reculations prescribed by the Conumivioner with the approval of the Sccretary thet Wepverase volume of eredit estended to purchacery on the inctallincut plan' in the four lavable vears preceding the firse tavelute plase the fous December 31, $19+1$, was more that 12.5 percent of tine after of such credit extended to such purchasers in? the taxahle eear or the average ontstanding installment accounts reccive icar, the end of cacle of the funt tavable vears preceding the firse tavalyle year beginning after December 31 preceding the first tavalic year begmong after December 31 , 194, was mora at the end of the favable year, or if the taccouser was not in existence for four previous taxable years, the tavable veara existence for during which the previous laxable years, the tavabie veary including only sich years for which the income was computed under the nicthod provilled in section 44 ( 8 ), it anay elect ia its ereess profitn tax return for the tavabic year to compute in accordance with regulations preseribed by the Commissine will the apmoval of the Sccretary, its incume from installment Eales on the basis of the tevable period for which such income is acerned, iu lieu of the basis provided by section 44 (a)
(2) Taxpayers with income provicd by section 44 (a)
tion 736 (b) provides that in the case of any taxpaver compute ung incoune from contracts the performance of which require more than 12 montlis if it is abnormal for the tevpayer to derive income of suels class or, if the tarpayer warmally derives income of such class but the amount of such incomg of such class includible in the gross income of the tasable year is in excess of 125 percent of the average amount of the gross income of the same class for the four previous tavable yeara, or if the taxpayer was not in existence for four previous tavable cars, the isxable years during which the tavpayer was in cxistence, it may clect, in its ercess profits ax return for such tavable year, or in the case of a taxable ycar the return for which was filed prior to the date of the enactment of the fevenue Act of 1942 within 6 months after the date of the enactment of such Act, to compute, in accordance with regula enactment of stich det, to compute, the sceretary such income upon the perccutage of complolion method of accounting.
(3): General relief.-For computation of constructive average base period net income under scetion 722, bee Instruction 17, Excess Profits Tax Computation
3. TIME AND PLACE FOR FILING RETURNS.-Returna must he filed on or before the 15 th day of the 3 d month following the close of the taxable year rith the collector for tho district in which the corporation's principal place of business or principal office or ag ency is located. In the case of a foreign corporation engaged in business within the United States but not having an office or place of business therein the return shall be filed on or before the 15 th day of the 6 th month following the close of the taxable year with the concctor of excess profits tav return is fled, such consolidated return mast be filed with the collectur with whom the consolidated income tav refurn is filed.
K. TIME FOR PAYMENT OF'TAX. - The tax must he paid in full when the returt is filed. or in four equal installments on the 1.51 h day of the 3 d , 6 th , 9 th . and 12 th month, respectively, followink the close of the tavahle vara. If any inspectively is not paid on or before the date for its payment, the whole amomnt of the tav unpaid shall be paid upon notice and demand by the collector.

## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

## The following instructions are numbered to correspond with line numbers on each schedule, SCHEBLLE A,-EXCESS PROFITS NET INCOME COMPUTATION

The Internal Eevenue Code proxeribes two methods of computing the exeess profits eredits; one under section 713 based on incounc, and the ofher under section 714 hased on invested capital.

A dommstic corpurntion which was in evistence before January 1,1940 (cither actually, or by reason of evisirnce of a eomponent corporation as deseribed in section $740(f)$ ) is entitled to use whichever excess profis eredit restits in the lisartav for the tasahle year for which the cicess profits tav is being computed. Such a corporation may file its return setting forth the computation of only one crealit and such a relurn shall be acceptable. A corporation which files a return zetting forth the entuputation of


In the casc of stl other domestic corporations. the excess profits credit for sny faxable year shall be an amount computel ander section 714, haced on invested capital.
I forcipn corporation engaged in a trade or busime within the United Stater' in limited to the excess profits eredit haed on the invested capital method unless it can establish its right inder section 712 (b) to use whichever credut revults in the leaser tay

If the excess profits credit hased on income is to be used. the excess profits net incone for the taxable year shall be the normaltax net income for such year adjusted under section 711 (a) (1) (columin 1. Schedule A, page 2).

If the excess profits credit based on invested capital is to be used, the excess.profits net income for the taxable vear shall be the normal-tax net income for such year adjusted under section 711 (a) (2) (column 2, Schedulc A, page 2)

1. Normal-tax net income. - Enter the normal-tax net income for the taxable year determined in accordance with the proisions of Chapter 1, computed without allowance of the redit for income subject to excess profits lax and without net income may be a minus quantity for the purpoce of comnet income may he a mime quantir
puting the eacess profit net income puting the excess profit net income
, Nection 711 (a) (1) (B) and section inl 1a) (2) (D) provide that there shall he excluded aains and losses from cales or exchanges of capital assets held for more than 6 months. Accordingly, there should be entered as lime. the amount of net gain from the sale or pchange of capital acsets which is included in the compulation pital gain reported in scliedule C filed with Form $\| 120$.
2. Adjustment to net operating loss deductlon.-

Columin 1.-section 711 (a) (1) (J) provides that the net operating loss deduction shall be adjusted as follows:
(a) In computing the net operating loss for any taxable ear under section 122 (a), and the net income for any taxable car under section 122 (h), no deduction shall be allowed for an excess profits tax, and, if the excess profits credit or such axable year has comphted under section it, the deduction (2) (B) (rclating to interest adjustiment), nder section (a) (relating to interest adjustment)
such tavable yar, and
(b) In lien of the reduction provided in section 122 (c), nch reduction shall be in the amount by which the excess prohts net income computed with the exceptions and himita
 omputed withont regard to section 711 (a) (1) (B) (relating dens anabsses from sales or exchankes of capital assets) whout regard to any credit or inivends received, and thout rpgard to any credit for interest received provided I: nited States and its instrumentalities) exceeds the excess rofits net income (computed without the net operatiog loss deduetion)
Column 2.-Section 711 (a) (2) (L) provides that the Det operating loss deduction shall be adjusted as follows:
(a) In computing the net operating loss for any taxable year nder section 122 (a), and the net income for any taxable ear under section 122 (b), no deduction shall be allowed for nuy excess proma tax, and, intert shall bepled by the amoul of any reduction
 under section 711 (a) (2) (B) (relating to interest adjustment),
(b) In lieusle year, an
(b) in lieu of the reduction provided in section 122 (c) such reduction shall be in the amount by which the excess profits net income computed with the exceptions and limitations provided in section 22 (d) (1), (2), (3), and (4) and computed and and losses for sales or exchangs oceapital assets, , Eihout regard to any credit for dividends received, and without regard or any credt for interest received provided in aection 26 (a) relating to ities) on oblion profited states and its nsirumentallies) exceeds the excess pronts net income (computed without the net operating loss deduction)
11 (a) (2) (B) provides that the deduction for interest section 11 (a) (2) (B) provides that the deduction for interest shall be educed by an smount equal to interest as represents interest on tbe indebtedness included in he daily amounts of borrowed capital (determined under ion 719 (a)).
5. Interest on government obligations.-Section 711 (a) (2) (G) provides that the normal-tax net income shall be increased by an amount equal to the amount of interest on obligations h2 during the taxable year which are described in section (b) (4), any part of he interest from which is excludable the corporation has elected as a credit against net neome, the cospration has elected under section 720 (d) to treat uch interest as taxable for exceas profits tax purposes. I uch an election has been made the interest is to be reduced by the amount of the amortizable bond premium under section 25, altributable to such obligations. The term interest achudes, in the case of obligations issued at a discount, so loss upon sale or other disposition) is treated as interest in the hands of the taxpayer for the taxable year.
7. Net galn from sale or exchange of capital assets.-Scc tion 711 (a) (1) (B) and section 711 (a) (2) (D) provide that there shall be evcluded gains and losses from sales or exchanges of capital asscts held for more than 6 months. Provision has been made in line 2 to restore the Det short-term capital gain. The amount entered as line 7 represents the net gain from the sale or exchange of capital asscts which is iocluded in the computation of line 1.
rth. - Section 711 retirement or discharge of bonds, and so forth.-Section 711 (a) (1) (C) and section 711 (a) (2) (E) provide for the exclusion of income derived from the retiremen or discharge by the taxpayer of any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, if the obligation of the taxpayer has ben outstanding for more than 6 months, including, in case the issuance was at a premium, the amoun includible in income for such year solely because of such retirement or discharge.

In making the adjustment the term "indebtedness" includes indehtedness assumed by the taxpayer even though such indebtedness is evidenced, so far as the taxpayer is concerned, only by a contract (which has been ontstanding for more than 6 montha) with the person whose liabilities have been assumed Also, a renewal obhigation is to be considered to be outstanding for more than 6 months if the original obligation and the renewal obligation 6 the the a total of more than 6 months. The term other evidence of ade led ness does not include open account book entries,
. Refunds and laxes.-Section (a) (F) provide the exclusion (i) acomer and tax paid under the Agricultural Adjustmefud at 1933, a amended, and interest upon any such refund. The refunds of Agricultural Adjustment Act taxes inchude only those made uoder tille to processors under section 15 (a) of the Agricultural Adjust ment Act as reenacted by section 601 of, the Revenue Act of
1936 .
10. Recoveries of bad debts.-Section 711 (a) (1) (E) and section 711 (a) (2) (H) provide for the exclusion of income a!tributable to the recovery of a bad debt if a deduction with reference to such debt wras allowable from gross income fo any taxable year beginning prior to January 1, 1940. The provisions of that section are not applicable in the case of a taxpayer using the reserve method of treating bad debts as provided in sections 19.23 (k)-1 and 19.23 ( $k$ ) -5 of the Regu-

I1. Divldends received.-(ō) Section 711 (a) (1) ( $F$ ) provides that the credit for dividends received shall apply, without limitation, to dividends on stock of domestic corporations
(b) Section 711 (a) (2) (A) provides that the credit for dividends received shall apply, without linnitation, to all dividends on atock of all corporations, except that no credit for dividends received shall be allowed with respect to dividends (actual or constructive) on atock of foreign personal कolding companies or dividends on atock which is not a capital asset, such as stock beld primarily for sale to customers by a dealer in aecurities
12. Nontaxable income of certain induatries with depletable resources--Section 711 (a) (1) (I) and section 71 (a) (2) (K) provide that in the case of a producer of minerals, or a producer of logs or lumber from a timber block, as defined in section 735 (relating to nontaxable income from certain mining and timber operations), there shall be excluded nontaxable income from excess output of mines and timber blocka and nontaxable
bonus income provided in section 735 .
15. Deductiona applicable to life inenrance companiea.Column 1.- Section 711 (8) (I) (H) provides that in the case of a life insurance company, there shall be deducted from the normal-tax net income, the excess of (1) the product of (i) the fii) (ii) the excess profits net income computed without regard to section 711 (a) (1) (H) over (2) the adjustment for certain reservea provided in section 202 (c).
Column 2.-Section 71 I (a) (2) (J) provides that in the case of a life insurance company, there shall be deducted from the normal-tax net income, 50 percent of the excess of (1) the product of (i) the figure determined and proclaimed under section 202 (b) and (ii) the excess profits net income computed without regard to section 711 (a) (2) (J), over (2) the adjust ment for certain reserves provided in section 202 (c).

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16. The excess profits net income determined under the income credit method is to be used only with the execss profits credit based on income. It may not be used with the execss profits eredit based on invested capital. Therefore, item 16,
columa 1, Schedule A, should be entered as itera 1, column 1, page 1.

Similarly, the excess profits net income determined under the invested capital method is to he used only with the exeess profits credit hased ous invested capital. It may not be used with the excess profits credit based on income. Thercfore, item 16, column 2, Scheoule A, should be entered as item 1, column 2, page 1.

## SCHEDULE B.-EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT-BASED ON INCOME

In order for a corporation to determine the amount of its excess profits credit based on income for any partieular tavable year, it is necessery first to compute the amount of the average base period net income, 95 pereeat of which is the starting point for computing the excess profits eredit based on income. If the corporation was in existence during the entire 48 months preceding the beginning of its first excess profits tax taxable year, the excess profits net ineome for cach of the taxable ycars in the base period 15 to be detcrmined as provided in section 711 (b). The taxable years in the base period are those beginning after Decomber 31, 1935 , and before January 1, 1940 . For a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1935, and before January 1,1938 , the starting point in the determination of the excess profits net income is the hormal-tay net income, as defined in section 13 (a) of the Revenue Act of 1936 . For a tavable year beginning after Deecmber 31, 1937, the starting point is the specialclass net income, as defined in sect:on 14 (a) of the Revenue Aet of 1938 and the Internal Revenue Code. 711 (b) (2) and then as required by section 711 (b) (1).

11 (b). Section 711 (b) (2) provides that the normal-tar net income and the special-class net ineome shatl be computed as if section 23 (g) (2) and section 23 (k) (2) (relating to seeurities becoming worthless), and scetion 117 (relating to capital gains and losses) were part of the revenue law applicable to the taxable year the excess profits net income of which is being computed, with the exception that the capital loss carry-over provided it subsection (c) (1) of section 117 shall be applicable to net capital losses for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1934. Such exception shall not apply for the purposes of computing the excess pro
hefore January 1,1943 .
The adjustments required by section 711 (b) (2) may be made by filling in the data ealled for in lines 1 to 18 , inclusive, Schedule B

19 and 29. Net short-term capital gain.-Section 711 (b) (1) (B) provides that there shall be excluded cains and losses months. Accordingly, there should be entered in line 29 the amount of net gain from the sale or exchange of capital assets which is included in the computation of the amount entered in line 18. There should be entered in line 19 the net shert-term capital gain used in computing line 18 .

20-28. Dividends received credit.-Section 26 (b) of the applicable revenue law provides for the allowance of a dividends received credit to the extent indicated in the various sections imposing tax, while section 711 (b) (1) (G) provides that the credit for dividends received shall apply, without limitation, to dividends on stock of domestic corporations. Provision for the subtraction of the total amount of dividends reccived from domestic eorporations is made in line 28.
21. Deductions on account of retirement or discharge of bonds, and so forth.-If during the taxable year the taxpaver retires or discharges any bond, dehenture, note. or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, if the obligation of the tavpayer has been outstanding for mere than 18 months, the following deduetions for such taxable vear shall not be allowed
(a) The deduction allowable under section 23 (a) for oxpenses paid or incurred in conrection with such retirement or discharge;
(b) The deduction for losses allowable hy reason of such retirement or discharge; and
(c) In case the issuance was at a discount, the amount deductible for such year solely because of such retirement or discharge. in making the adjustments provided in section 711 (b) (b) (D), the deduetion allowable for any premium paid on bonds when ralled for redemption shall be disallowed, but the deduction nllowable for any discount amortized up to the date of retirement or discharge shall not be disallowed. Expenses inenered in issuing bonds which are amortized shall be treated in the same manner as discounts.
22. Casualty, demolition, and similar losses.-Deductions under section 23 (f) for losses arising from fires, storms, shipwreck, or other casualty, or from theft, or arising from the demolition, abandonment, or loss of usefnl value of property, not compensated for by insurance or otherwise, to the evtent such loses were not nidjusted by the application of section -11 ( 4, ) (2), shall not be allowed.
23. Repayment of processing tax to vendec.-The dediac$t$ ion under section 23 (a), for any taxable year, for expenses shall be deereased by na anount which bears the same ratio to the amount deductible on aceount of any repayment or credit by the corporation to its vendee of any amount altributable to any tay under the Agricultural Adjuctment Act of 1933, as amiended, as the exress of the aggregate of the amomuts so deduct ihle in the base period over the ageregate of the nmounts attributable to theses undier surh Act collected from its vendees which were includible in the corporation's grose income in the base period and which were not paid, bears to the aggegate of the amounts so deductible io the base period.
24. (a) Abnormal judgment liabilities, etc.-Deductions attributable to any elain, award, judgment, or decree against the taxpayer, or interest on any of the foregoing. if abnormal for the taxpayer, shall not be allowed, and if normal for the taxpayer, but in excess of 125 percent of the average amount of such deduetions in the 4 previous tavable years, shall be disallowed in an amount cqual to such execss;
(b) Abnormal expenditures for intangible drilling and development costs.- Deductions aftributable to intangible drilling and development costs paicl or incurred in or for the drilling of wells or the preparation of well- for the production of oil or gas, the tar development eosts in the case of mines, if abnormal for the taxpayer, shall not be alluyed, and if norinal for the taxpaych, deductions in the 4 previous tavable years, shall be disallowed in an amount equal to such excess; and
(c) Other abiormal deductions.- Deductions of any class shall not be allowed if deductions of such class were abnormal for the taspayer, and if the class of deductions was normal for the tavpayer, but the deductions of such class were in cecess of 125 percent of the average amount of deductions of such class for the 4 previous tavable years, they shall be disallowed in an amount equal to such excess.
In connection with the above adjustinents required to be made by section 711 (b) (1) (11), (I), and (.1). see section 30.711 (b) -2 of the regulations.

Statement required.-If in eomputing its execss profits uct income for a tasable vear in the base period, the taxpayer claims the disallowance under section 711 (1) (1) (H), (I), or (J) of any amount previously allowed as a deduction, there shall be submitted a futl statement showing the computation of the amount to be disallowed, the prices and gross sales of the taxpayer's product, and the condition of the taypayer's business which demonstrate that the disallowed amount is not a consequence of an increase in the gross income of the taxpaver it its base period or a decrease in the amount of some oother deduetion in its base period, nad is nut a consequence of a change at any time in the type, manner of operation, size, or condition of the business erigaged in by the taxpayer. This statement shall be in duplicatc and shall,include the following: (1) The computation of the amount disallowed, showing the amount of the class of deductions in the basc period taxable year for which any part of such amount is disallowed, the a verage amount of such elass for the 4 preceding tavable years or for such taxnble vears as the taspayer is required to use in determining this avernge amount, nind the cacess amount of deductions disallowed; (2) a description and the amount of each tem included in such elass of deductions for the tavable ycar for which such deductions are dicallowed and for the tavable years in the test period. with the amumt of each and a description thereof; (3) the nmount of such clase and the amount and description of each item in that class for the taxable vear for which the excess pr fits tas is being computed; and (4) all other facts upon which the taxpayer relies.
25. Capitalization of expenditures for advertising or prometion of good will.-Any taxpater may, for the purjose of computing its excess pronts credit under fither the income or the invested capital nethorl, elect to charge to capital accomnt any reductions lased upon expenditures for tavable years iu its base period on accuunt of advertining or the promotion of good will, to the extent that such expenditures may be regarded as capital invertments. Section 733 provides for an election with referenee oniy to deductions for such evpenditures for tasable years in the base period. In order to secure the bencfits of that section, a taypayer must ha ve made its olection within 6 mouths after the date prescribed hy law for filing its return for its first excess profits tnx taxnble year.
27. Income from retirement or discharge of bonds, and se forth.- There shall be excluded, in the case of any taxpayer, income derived from the retirement or discharge by the
taxpayer of any bond, debenture, note, or certifcate or other evidence of indebtedness, if the obligation of the taspayer has been outstanding for more than 6 months, including, in case the issuance was at a promizm, the amount includible in income for such year solely because of such retirenient or discharge.
31. Excess profits net income.-Computation of excess profits net incomic for portions of base period during which corporation was not in existence is applicable both under sections 713 (e) and 713 (f). The base period of a corporation which was in existence daring only part of the 4 S -month, period preceding the beginning of its first excess profits tax taxable year is such period of 48 months. Section 713 (d) (2) provides a method for determining the excess profits net income for such a corporation for that portion of such base period during which it was not in existence. For each taxable year of 12 months (beginning with the beginning of the base period) during which it was not in existence the excoss pronts net income is 8 percent of the corporation's daily invested capital (see section 717 ) for the fre day of th duced on account of insdmissible asscts by the same ratio as ou be applable for cr section ing in reduction of its average invested capitsl for the preceding taxahle year. The excess prefits net income for a taxable year or less than 12 months consisting of that part of the remainder of the base period during which it was not in existence is a proportionate part of such amount

32-35. Computalion under the general average method.The following steps are required for the computation of the average hase period net income under the general average method for computation of evcess protits net income for portions of its base period during which the corporation
see section $30.713-1$ (d) of the regulations).
(a) The excess profits net income for each of the taxable vears in the base period (years beginning after December years in the base period (years beginning after December
31,1935 , and before January 1,1940 ) is to be determined as 31,1935 . and before Janua
provided in section 711 (b).
(b) The aggregate of the cxcess profits net income for the taxable years in the base period is to be reduced by the sum of the deficits in excess profits net income for each of such vears.
(c) Such aggregate amount as so reduced is to be divided by the number of months in the taxable years in the base period and the quotient so obtained is to be multiplied by 12 . In no case shall the average base period oet income be less than zero.
Section 713 (e) (1) provides, however, that if the excess profits net income (or deficit in excess profits net income ss defined in section 713 (c)) for one taxable year in the base period divided by the number of months in such taxable year is less than 75 percent of the aggregate of the excess frnfits net income (reduccd by deficits in excess profits net income) for the other taxabler months in such other tavable vesrs (called by the number of montbs in such other taxable years (called year shall be 75 percent of the ayerage monthly amount multiyeard by the numbr of months in such one year and the year plied by the number of months in such one year, and the year increased stall be the year the increase in $\pi$
the highest average base period net income.
36- 22 . Compntation under section 713 ( $)$; increased earnings in last haif of hase period.- The deternination of the base period net income under the method set forth in section 713 ( 0$)$ period net income under the method set forth in section 713 (o) the last hall of the base period of the tavpayer, reduced by the ageregate of the deficits in excess profits net income for such ageregate of the deficits in excess pronts net income for such hall, and the average base period net income determined under hection 713 (f) is freater than the amount determined unde section 713 (c). The following steps are requited for the

## SCHEDULE C.-EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT-BASED ON INYESTED CAPITAL

Determination of invested capital.-Section 714 applies only to a corporation which under section 712 is eutitled or is required to compute its excess profits credit under the invested capital method

It is necessary for a taxpayer using the invested capital method in computing the excess profits credit to determine the invested capital for the taxable yesr. This is not the invested capital at the beginning of the taxable year but the average invested capital for the taxable year, reduced by an amount computed under section 720 , if the taxpayer owned any inadmissibie assets during the taxable year. The average invested capital for the taxable ycar is the aggregate of the daily invested capital for each day of the tavable vear, divided by the number of days in sucb tarable rear. The daily invested capital is the 719. The invesited capital slaall be computed lit all cases on a daily inasis.

In cases where the changes in invested capital are not numerous during the taxable year, the determination of the average invested capital may generally be simplificd by taking the invested capital as of the first day of the taxable year and adding thereto such portion of each addition made during the ycar as the number of days remaining in the taxable year after such addition bears to the total number of days in the taxable year, and subtracting such portion of each reduction of capital as the number of days after such reduction bears to the total number of days in the tasable year.
1 and 2. Determination of daily equity invested capital.Moncy and property paid in. - The equity invested capital for any day is determined as of the beginning of sucl day. The basis or starting point is found in the aminnt of money and property previously paid in tor stock, or as pard-in
surplus, or as a contribution to capital. The terms "money
paid in" and "property paid in" do not include armounts received as premiums* hy an Tinsurance company subject to taxation under section 204. For the purpose of determining equity invested capital, the anount of any property paid in is the unadjusted basis to the taxpayer for determining lose upon a sale or exchange under the law applicable to the tasable:

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year for which the invested capital is being computed. If basis shall be deternmed umder the law applicabie to the year of disposition, but without regard, to the value of the property as of Narch 1, 1913. If the property was disposed of before March 1, 1913, its bacis shall be considered to bc its fair market value 'at' the time paid in. If the unadjusted basis of the prop)erty is a substituted basis, such basis shall be adjusticd. With respect to the period before the property was paid in, by an amount equal to the adjustments proper under section 115 (1) for detcrmining carnings and profits.

If the basis to the taxpaycr is cost and stock was issued for the property, the cost is the fair market valuc of such stock at the time of its issuance. If the stock had no established inarket value at the time of the exchanze, the fair market value of the the liahilities deemed to represent the total value of the outstanding stock. In determining net worth for the purpose of fixing the fair market value of the stock at the time of the exchange, the property paid in for such stock shall be included in the assets at its fair market value at that time.

If stock having no established market value is issued for intangible property, and it is necessary to determine the fair market valuc of such property, the following factors, among others, may be taken into consideration in determining such value: (a) The cernings attributable to auch intangible assets while in the hands of the predecessor owner; and (b) any cash offers for the purchase of the business, including the intangible property, at or about the time of its acquisition. A corporation claiming a value for intangible property paid in for stock should file with its return a full statement of the facts relating to such valuation.
If the property was acquired after December 31, 1920, by a corporation from a ahareholder as paid-in surplua or from any person as a contribution to capital, then the basis shall be the same as it would be in the hends of the transferor if the transfer had not been made. (See section 113 (a) (8).) If so acquired prior to January 1, 1921, the basis is the fair market value of the property at the time it was paid in. If the basis ia the transferor'a basia, then such adjustments shall be made as are
provided in section 113 (b) (2) with respect to the period before provided in section 113 (b)
the property was paid in.

The fact that the money or property paid in has been lost, destroyed, or otherwise disposed of shall not reduce the invested capital, except as such facts are reflected in the earninga and profits as of the beginning of the taxable year. (As to cases with respect to which the equity invested capital at the beginning of the year cannot be determined, see section 723). 3. Distrlbutione in stock.-A distribution made prior to the taxable year by a corporation in its stock, or in rights to acquire its stock, to the extent to which it constitutes a distribution of earnings and profits of a corporation, constitutes ad item of invested capital. . Such a distribution made during the taxable year out of earnings and profits other than out of the earnings and profits of that year is also an item of invested capital. If a stock dividend is paid out of capital and not ont of earnings and profits. or is of such a character as not to he subject to tax in the hands of a distributee because exempt as a stock dividend either by statute or otherwisc, it is not deemed to constitute a distribution and does not reduce the earnings and profits account. (See section 115 (h).)
4. Accumulated earnings and profits.-(a) In general.-The term "accumulated earnings and profits" is not defined in the Internal Revenue Code. (See, however; section' 115 and the regulations prescribed thereunder as to the effect of certain transactions on earnings and profits, and section 30.718-5 of the regulations as to the effect of the declaration and distribution of dividends). In general, the concept of "accumulated earnings and profits!' for the purpose of the excess profite tax is the same as for the purpose of the income tax. (Sce, for instance, section $19.115-3$ of the regulations relating to the computation of earnings and profits in the case of a corporation computing net income on the cash, accrual, or installment basis, or in the case of an insurance company taxable under aection 204). In compnting accumulated carnings and profits as of the beginning of the taxable year, a taxpayer keeping its books and making its income tax returna on the accrual basis shall subtract the income and excess profits taxes for the preceding taxable year. If there is a deficit in the accumulated earnings and profits as of the beginning of the taxable year, such deficit shafl not be taken into_account in determining invested capital, and in such cases the earnings and profits as of the beginning of the taxable ycar shall be considered as zero, but subsequent earninga and profits shall be applied against auch deficit. Unrealized appreciation in value of property is not a factor in determining earatngs and profits.
In the case of Insurance companies section 718 (f) provides that the reserves shall not be included in computing equity
invested capital under section 718 but shall be treated a borrowed capital as provided in section 719
(b) Current carnings and profits.- Earnings and profits of any taxable year camot be included in the computation of invested capital for that year. If a dividend is derlared and paid during any ycar ont of the carnings and profits of that year and the stockholders pay back into the corporation ail amount sstantial part of the amount of such dividends, the of invosted paid back cannot be included in the computation by evidence satisf for that year unless the corporation shows dends were paid in good faith and without anr understanding express or implied, that they were fo be paid back.
5. New capital.-(c) In general. -The cquity invested capital for any day of a taxable year beginning affer Dcecmber 31, 1940, as partially determined under section 718 (a) (1) to (5), capital, if any, for such damount cqual to 25 percent of the new capital, if any, for such day. The term "new capital" for any paid in for stock, or as paid-in surplus, or as a contribution to papital, and the alnount of distributions in stock made; during ca taxable the aniuning after Decrmber 31 1940, and includa taxable year beginning after December 31, 1940 , and includible for such day under section 718 (a) (1) to (3), subject, to (F) of section 718 (a) ( 6 ).
(b) Limitations undcr subparagraph (A) of section 718 (a) (6).-The limitations provided in subparagraph (A) of section 718 (a) (6) excludc from the term "new capita" the amount of any equity invested capital acquired in an exchange occurring during a taxable year begimming after Dccember 31, 1940 , to which section 112 (b) ( 3 , (4), or (5), or so much of section 112 (c), (d), or (c), as refera to section 112 (b) (3), (4), or (5), is applicablc. However, in determining whether an exchange 112 (c) (d), or (c), as refers to section 112 (b) (3) (4) or 112 (c), (d), or (c), as refers to section 112 (b) (3), (4), or
(5), the control requirement is considered to mean the (5), the control requirement is considered to mean the ownership of stock possessing more than 50 percent of the total combined voting power of alf classes of stock entitled
to vote or more than 50 percent of the total value of shares to vote or more than 50 percent of the total value of shares of all classes of stock. These limitations also apply to all exchangea under Supplement $R$ which would be subject to the statutory provisions referred
it were not for section $371(\mathrm{~g})$.
(c) Limitations under subparagraph (B) of section 718 (a) (6). - The limitations provided in subparagraph (B) of section 718 (a) (6) exclude from the term "Dew capital" any money or property if immediately after such transaction the transferor and the taxpayer are mernbers of the same controlled group as the taxpayer are merobers of the same
that term ia defined in such subparagraph.
(d) Limitations under subparagraph (C) of section 718 (a) (6) - The linitations provided in subparagraph (C) of section 718 (a) (6) exclude from the term "new capital" any distribution in stock described in section 718 (a) (3) made by the taxpayer to another corporation it immediately after the distribu-
tion the taxpayer and the other corporation are members of the aame controlled gronp as that term is defined in aubparagraph (B) of section 718 (a) ( G ).
paragraph (B) of section 718 (a) (6).
(e). Limitations undor subparagraph (D) of section $71 S$ (a) (6).-The limitations provided in subparagraph (D) of section 718 (a) (6) require that the amount of ncw capital for any day of the taxalve year, computed without the application of section 718 (a) (6) (E), shall be reduced by the excess of the amount of inadmissible assets held on the beginning of that day over the amount of such asseta held on the beginning of the first day of the taxpayer'a first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1940.
(f) Limitations under subparagraph (E) of seetion 718 (a) (6).- The timitations provided in subparagraph (E) of section 718 (a) (6) prevent new capital as of any day from exceeding the amount by which the total equity invested capital and borrowed capital as of such day (computed without Including the 25 -percent increase and reduced as provided in such subparagraph on account of amounts excluded under subparagraph (A) or (B), exceeds the sum of the equity invested capital and borrowed capital as of the first day of the taxpayer's first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1940 (reduced as provided in such subparagraph on account of reduction in accumnlated earnings and profits other than as the result of
distributions).
(6). ${ }^{(0)}$ Limitations under subparagraph ( $F$ ) of section 718 (b) (6).- The limitations provided in subparagraph (F) of section
718 (a) (6) require that new capital for any day of the taxable 718 (a) (6) rcquire that new capital for any day of the taxable year (computed without the application of subparagraph (E),
aball be reduced by distributions made after the beginning of aball be reduced by distributions made after the beginning of
the firgt taxable year which begins after Decenber 31, 1940, the first taxable year which begins after December 31,1940,
out of earnings and profits accumulated prior to the beginning of such first taxable year.

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The purchace hy a entporation of its own stock for investment does not of it ofi reult in a reduction of invested eapital. (But see section 30.720-t of the regulations, relative to inadmissible asects.) If. however, the corporation subsequently cancels sueth :uck, invested capital is reduced, beginning with the day follawing suels cancelation, by so much of the adjusted basis of such stuck in the hands of the corporation as is not properly charguable in earnings and profits of the taxable year. It stock is pirchased ior retirement, there is a distributhon on the date of purchase of the amount paid therefor and
the investrd capital is reduced by the amount thereof. not the investrd capital is reluced by the amount thereof not properly chargcuble to caruings and profits of the taxable year.
10. Earnings and profits of another corporation.-If the carininge nad profits of another corporation previously at any time. were ineluded in the accumblated earnings and profits of the taspayer by reason of a transsetion referred to in section
718 (b) (3), the amount of such earnings and profits shall be 718 (b) (3), the amount of such earnings and profits
deducted in determining the equity invested capital
deducted in determining the equity invested capital.
28. Rules where equity invested capital cannot be determined under section 718.-In cases in which the Commissioner determinies that the equity invested capital of a corporation as of the beginning of its first cxcess profits tax taxable year cannot be determined in secordanec with section 718, such equity invested capital shall br an amount cqual to the sum of (a) the money plus (b) the aggregate of the adjusted basis of the assets other than money, hela by the corporation as of the beginning of such taxable year, such sum being reduced by the indebtedness of the corporation outstanding at such time. The adjusted basis of the assets shall be the adjusted basis for determining loss upon a sale or exchange for Federal income tax purposes. (See, in gencral, section 113 and the regulations prescribed thereunder.) For the purposes of section 723 the term "indebtedness mand and contingent, and includes lishilities assumed by the corporation, wher any linitite to which prope the by the payer, and any liabilities to which property held by the corpora-
tion is subject, but does not include the obligation of the tion is subject, but does not i
corporatiou on its capital stock.

The equity invested capital under section 723 for each day after the first day of the first excess profits tax taxable year of the corporation shali be the basic figure determined under the first paragraph of this section increased or deereased as provided in seetion 718 and the regulations prescribed thereunder with respect to changes in the equity invested capital occurring after the beginning of such first taxable year. For such purpose the term "accumulated carnings and profits" means the earnings and profits accumulated since the beginning of the first excess profits tax taxable year of the corporation, computed without regard to any deficit in accumulated earnings and profits existing at the beginning of such year.

Similarly, the term "earnings and profits" refers only to such accumulated earnings and profits and earnings and profits of an excess profits tax taxable year. In all eases coming under section 723 the taxpayer shall be treated as a corporation newly organized immediately prior to the begimning of its first excess profits tax taxable year with an-equity invested capital, consisting of money paid in for stock, equal to the basic figure determined under section 723 .
The equity invested capital of mutual insurance companies other than life, or marine, shall be the mean of the surplus, plus $\bar{j} 0$ percent of the mean of all reserves required by law, both surplus and reserves being determined at the beginning and end of the taxable year. The surplus shall include all of the assets of the company other than reserves required by law.
In any case in which a taxpayer finds it inpossible to determine its equity invested capital as of the begiuning of its first execss profits tax taxable year in accordance with section 718 , it may compute its cquity invested capital in accordance with section 723, provided it submits with its return a schedule showing such computation, and a statement of the facts upon which it bases its conclusion that it cannot compute its equity lavested capital under section 718, so that the Commissioner may dctermine whether its equity invested capital can be computed in aceordance with that section.

29 and 30. Borrowed invested capital. - The borrowed invested capital for any day of the tavable year is 50 pereent of the burrowed eapital for such day deternined as of the łeginning of such day. Borrowed capital is defined to mean:
(a) Outstanding indcbtedness (other than interest but ineluding indebtedness assumed or to which the taxpayer's property is subject) of the taxpayer which is evidenecd by a bond, a promissors nute, hill of exchange, debenture, certificate of indebtedhess, murtgage, or deed of trust, plus
(b) In the case of a curporution having a contract, made before Noveniber s, 1910 , with a forcign governminat to furnish articles, matcriak, or supplics to such foreign government, amounts received as advance payment in conncetion with and as provided by oucl, contract, to the extent such amounts would

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be repayable pursuant to the terms of the contract, if cancelation by anch foreign government occurred at the beginning of the day for which the borrowed capital is being ascertained, but no anount shall be included as borrowed capital which has beed ineludible in gross incorne, plus
(c) In the case of an insurance company, the mean of the amount of the pro rata unearned premimms determined at the beginning and end of the taxsble year, plua
(d) In the case of a life insurance company, the mean of the nmount of the adjusted reserves, and the inean of the amount of the reserves on insurance orrannuity contracts (or contracts arising out of insurance or annuity contracts) which do not involve, at the time with reference to which computation as made, life, health, or accident continge
beginning and end of the taxable year.
in order for any indebtedness to be included in borrowed
In order for any indebtedness to be included in borrowed capital it must be bona fide. It must be one incurred for busiIness reasons and not merely to inerease the excess pronta credit. If indobtedness of the taxpayer is assumed hy another person, it ceases to be borrowed coindebtess iolude the ree sueh purpose an assumption of indebte
property subject to indebtedncss.
Wl.ether outstanding certifieates designated by such names ""eener outstanding eertifieates designated by such names, as debenture preced constitute borrowcd eapifal depeads upon wher he holder as a proprietary ined in arne by the certificute is of little importance. Afore importont atribut to be considered are whether or pot there is $n$ ma turity turity date, the sonrce or payme er ant interest or divi out of capital and curuings) rights to enforce parment and r wiu plap as compared with those of cencral ercditors
other rights as compared with those of general ereditors.
The the issurd by a corporation as distinguishable from instruments evidencing debts arising in ordinery trinsactions between ndividuals Borrowed onital does not include indebtedness ndiured by a bank nrising out of the receipt of a deposit and videnced for cumple by a certificate of deposit, a pass book, a eashier's cheek, or a eertifíd check.
32-35. Reduction of average invested capital for inadmissile assets - If a tovpaver orns any "inadmissible nsscts" on any dav during the tavable yonr the section 715 relatiug to the compuintion of invested capitnl requires the average invested anital to be reduced in the same ratio as the inadmissible apars the the "inadmissible assets" asens (a) stock in all corporations, domestic or forcign, erecpt tock in a forcign personal holding compeny, and except stock which is not a capital nesset (such as stock held primarily for sale to enstomers by a dealer in securities), and (b) all obligations described in section 22 (b) (4), any part of the interest from which is exeludable from eross income or allowable as a credit whenst net income Stock held in the treasury of the issuing against net income stoek hold in the treasury of the issuing assets" means all assets other than inadmissible assets. Ilowever, if a taxpayer in its return for a taxable year elects to increase its normal-tax net ineome for that year for the purpose of the exeess profits tax by including all the interest derived from the obligntions deseribed in section 22 (b) (4) recluced hy the mount of amortizable bond premium under seetion 125 amount of amortizanie bond premiom shaer seetion admissible assets for such taxable year. For the purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "interest" includes, in the case of
obligations issued at a discount, so much of such discount as (for parposes of determining gain or loss upon sale or other dis position) is treated as interest in the hands of the taxpayer for the taxable year, and the term "obligations described in section 22 (b) (4)" ineludes obligationa, whether or not issued at a dis comnt, the discount on which, if issued,at a discount, would be so treated. The foltowing steps are necessary in the applieation
of section 720 :
(a) There must be determined the adjusted basis for deter mining loss ulpon the sale or exchange, as provided in section I13, for each asset, or, in the case of money, the amoun thereof, owned at the beginning of each day during the taxable year.
(b) There must then be determined the aggregate of the ad missible assets and the aggregate of the inadmissible assets for the tarable year
(c) The average invested eapital for the taxable year mus then be reduced by the percentage which the total of the inad missible
assets.

If the taxpayer had dnring the taxable year a gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset held for not more than six months with respeet to anv inadmissible asset, then the amount of the admissible asseta shall be inereased and the amount of the inadmissible assets shall be deereased by so much of the inadmissible assets shall be decereased by so much of the bears to the sum of such gain plus the dividends or interest on bears asset for such ycar.
The amount of admissible asseta and the amount of inadmis sible asscts shall be determined as of the beginning of each day if, however, it is impracticable to determine such amonnte as of the beginning of each day but the amounts held on a given day the beginning of each day but the amounts held on a given day not exceeding one year can be determined the amounta as of the begining of each day of such month or other period as of the beginning of each day of such month or other period of such assets held at the beginning of the period and the amounts held at the end of the period. If at any time and amounts held at the end of the period. If at any time a snbstantial change has taken place cither in the amount of inad admissible assetg, the effect of such change shail be averaged admissity from the date on which it occurred Ordinarity cxactly from the date on which it occurred. Ordinardy the assets actually held on each day of the tesable year. The fact that it may be impraeticable to determine the amount of ad missible assets nctually held on cach day of the tornble year ad not relieve the taxpnyer from the necessity of determining the actual amount of inadmisable asseta held unless such deter mination is likerise impracticable
37-41. Computation of excess profits credit based on in vested capital. - The excess profits eredit, computed nnder section 714, shall be the amount ehown in the following table: If the invested capital for the taxable year detcrmined under section 715, is:
Not over $\$ 5.000,000$
Over $\$ 5,000,000$ but not ove $\$ 10,000,000$

The credit shall be:

Over $\$ 10,000,000$, but not over
$\$ 200,000,000$
cess over $\$ 5,000,000$.

Over $\$ 200,000,000$
$\$ 750,000$, plins $6 \%$ of the excess over $\$ 10,000,000$
$\$ 12,150,000$, plus 5 C of the excess over $\$ 200,000,000$.

## EXCESS PROFITS TAX COMPUTATION

The following instructions are numbered to correspond with itcm numbers on page 1 of return.
2. Specific Exemplion.-Section 710 (b) (1) provides a precific excmption of $\$ 5,000$, and in the case of a mutual insurance company (other than life or marine) which is an interinsurer or reciproeal underwriter a specific excmption of or an entire group of corporations in any ense in which a consolidated exepss profits tax return is made or is required to be made under section 141
5. Unused Excess Profits Credit Adjustment.-Scetion 710 (b) (3) and (c) provides for an unused excess profits credit adjustment. The unused execss protits eredit for any taxable rear beginning on or after lamary 1, 1942, may be earried back and credited against the excess profita net income for c.teh of the two preceding ywars (but not tor any taxable ycar beginning before Jannary 1, 1911), for the purpose of determining the adjusted exeesa profis net income for such tasable ear. The unused excess profits credit for any tzxable year which is not used as a earry-baek may be earried forward to the two succecding taxable years. The amount whieh may be earried back or carried forward is limited in the case of each such preceding or succeeding taxable year to the portion of
the unused eacess profits eredit which was not applied against exeess profits net income in determining the adjusted excess profts net ineome for the taxable jears before such preceding or succecting taxable year. In determining the ammunt of the mused excess proats creclit which was so applicd, the adjusted execss profits net ineome is computed for any sueh tanable year withont the specific exemptinn of 50,000 alinwed by seetion 710 (b) (1), and without credit. of nny carry-over of carry-back from the taxable year in which such unnsed exces pronts eredit arose or fromany tavable year subsequent therete The unused excess pronts eichit, whieh is a carry-over or a carre-back to stch tavable year, is cons
apped against the nanomt io compled. year, sum of the carry-backs and cird the excragy pret income, is the "unused eveess profils credit adjustment" for such taxable year.
8-16. Rates of tax.-Seetion 710 (a) (1) provides that the exeess profits tas slinll be the lesser of the following: 90 vercent of adjusied exccss pronts net income, or an amount which when added to the tax imposed by Cbapter 1 (other than

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section 102) equals 80 percent of the corporation surtax net income computed without regard to the credit provided in scotion 26 (e) (relating to income subject to excess profits tar).
Section 711 (a) (3) (A) provides that if the tavable year is a period of less than 12 months, the evcess profits net income for such taxable year (referred to in this paragraph as the "short taxable year") shall be placed on an annual basis by short taxable year") shall be placed on an annual basis hy
multiplying the amount thereof by the number of days in the 12 months ending with the close of the short taxable year 12 months ending with dividing by the number of days in the short taxable year. The tax shall be such part of the tax computed on such annual basis as the number of daya in the short tavable year is of the number of days in the 12 months ending with the close of the short taxable year. (For exception to the general rule, see section 711 (a) (3) (B).)
17. Relief under gection 722 and deferment of tax.Section 710 (a) (5) provides that if the adjusted excess profits net income computed without the benefits of section 722 relating to general relief-constructive average base period net income) for any taxable year in which the taxpayer claims relief het income for such year computed without the credit provided in 26 (e) (relating to income subject to excess profis tow) the amount of the tax payable at the time reqnired for payment may be reduced by an amount equal to 33 fercent of the reduc tion claimed in the tax Any reduction in tax determined tion claimed 72 in tax. Ans reductiont dax determined he effect of producing an overpeyment of tex. Any determination of tais greater than the total amount paid will produce a deficiency.
Corporations eatisfactorily establtshing eligibility for relief may, under the conditions of section 722 and subject to the may, under the conditions of section 22 and subject to the limitations thereof, recompute the excess pronts
Relief under section 722 is available to two classes of corporations. First, to those entitled to use the excess profits credit based on income under section 713 if, for certain reasona, the average base period net income is an inadequate atandard or normal earnings. Second, to those corporations not entitled o use the excess profita credit based on income if, for certain easons, the excess profits credit based on invested capital is an inadequate atandard for determining excess profita.
(a) To be eligible for relicf, taxpayers which are entitled to use the average earnings credit under section 713 must establish that the average base period net iocome is not a fair measure of normal earnings because of one or more of the following easons:
(1) Normsl production, output, or operation (including the services rendered) was interrupted or diminished in one or nore of the taxable years in the base period becanse of eventa unusual or peculiar in the experience of the taxpayer occurring during or immediatcly prior to the base period.
(2) The business of the taxpayer was depressed in the base period because of temporary conomic conditions unuaual in the case of such texpayer or because it was a member of an industry which was depressed on account of temporary economic circumstances unusual in the case of such industry.
(3) The business of the taxpayer was depressed in the base period because conditions generally prevailing in an industry of which the taxpayer is a member are such that the taxpayer is subject either to profit cycles which differ materialy in sporadic and iotermittent periods of high production and profits and such perioda are not adequatcly represented in the pronts and suriod.
(4) The tsxpayer, either during or immediately prior to the base period, commenced business or changed the character of the busiacss, and the average base period net income doen not reflect the normal operations of the business so commenced or changed for the entire hase period of such business.
(5) The business of the taxpayer duriag the base period was adverscly affected by any other factor, resulting in an average base period net income which is an inadequate standard of normal earnings, and the application of section 722 to the axpayer would not be inconsistent with the principles underying the provisions of aection 722 (b) and with the conditions and limitations set forth therein.
(b) The privilege of using the excess profits credit based on income is extended to taxpayers not entitled to use the excess profits credit based on income pursuant to section '713, if the an inadequate standard for the computation of cxcess profits because of one or more of the following reasons:
(1) The business of the tavpayer is of a class in which inangible assets not includible in invested capital under section 718 make important contributions to income.
(2) The inusiness of the taxpayer is of a class in which capital is not an important income-producing factor.
(3) The invested ceppital of the taxpayer is ahnormally low Section 722 (d) preacrihes the administrative procedure re garding application for relief under suction 722
9. Foreign tax credit. - The provisions of law made applicable to the excess profits tax by section $729^{\circ}(4)$ include section 131 relating to the credit for income, war-profits, and excess profits taxes paid or accrued during the taxable year to an oreign country or any possescion of the United States. The amount of such credit allowable against the excess profits ta s (a) the amount of such income, war-prufits, atid excess-profit anes reduced by (b) the amount of such taxes allowed as a credit under section 131 against the income tax. This, for nstance, if a taxpayer pays to a forcign country with respect to he calendar year 1942 income tax in the amount of $\$ 25,000$ upon income from sources therein and, due to the operation of the limitation provisions contained in section 131 (b), only the mount of $\$ 20,000$ is allowed as a credit against the incorne ta for that year, the remainder, or $\$ 5.000$, is available as 2 credit gainst the excebs profits tax for the year 1942. The amoun thus made available as a credit against the excess profits tax is, however, subject to the further limitations provided in section 729 (d). For the application of the limitations pro vided in section 729 (d) to the amount of income, war-profits, or excs-profits taxes thus made available as a credit agains the excess profits tax, see section 131 (b) and the provisions of the regulations pertaining thercto
21. Credit for debt retirementr. - For computation of credit for debt retirement under section 783, see Iostructious 25-29 23. Application of Section 734.-(a) In general.-Section 734 authorizes an adjustment to the excess profits tax in certain cases in which the treatment of an item or transaction for excess profits tax purpuses is inconsistent with the prior erroncous treatment of such item or transaction for income tas purposes, and correction of the error is prevented by some provision or rule of law such as the statute of limitatione, res udicala, etc

Seotion 73 a authorizes an adjustment where the treatment for exces profits tax purposes is inconsistent with the treat ment for income tax purposes either by the taxpayer or by a "predecessor."

The term "predecessor of the taxpayer" meano-
(A) A person which is a compenent corporation of the taxpayer within the meaning of section 740; and
(B) A persen which on Apsil 1. 1941, or at any time there after, controlled the taxpayer. The term "controlled" as herein used shall have the same meaning as "control" under section 112 (h), and
(C) Any persan in an unbroken series endiog with the taxpayer if (A) or (B) above would apply to the relationship between the partics.
Circumstances of adjustment are as tollows:
If,
(A) In determining at any time the tax of a taxpayer an item affecting the determination of the cxcess profits credut is treated in a manner inconsistent with the troatment accorded such item in the determination of the incowe-dax habinty of such taxpaycr or a predecessor for a prior taxabic year or ears, and
(B) The treatmont of auch item in the prior taxable year or years consistcutly with the determination under Subchapter $E$ of Chapter 2 would effect an increase or decrease in the amount of the income taxes previously determined for aucil taxabit year or years, and
(C) On the date of such determination of the tax correction of the effect of the inconsistent trestment in any one or more of the prior taxable years is prevented (exoept for the provigions of section 3801) by the operation of any law or rule of law (other than section 3761, relating to compromises), then the correction shall be mada by an adjustment under this section. If in a subsequent determination of the tas for such taxable year guch inconsistent treatment is not sdopred, then the correction shall not be made in connection with such subsequent determination.
Such adjustment shall be made only if there is ardopted io the determination a position maintained by the Commissioner (in case the net effect of the adjustment would be a decreese in the income taxes previously determined for such year or years) or by the taxpayer with respect to whom the determination is made (in case the net effect of the adjustment would he an idcrease in the income taxes previously determined for such year or years) which position is inconsistent with the treatment accorded such item in the prior taxable year or years
was not correct under the law applicable io such year
(b). Method and effect of adjustinent. - (1) The adjastment athorized by sulssection (b) of section 734, in the amoun
rago 10
net Increase shall be added to, and if a net decrease shall be subtracted from, the tax otherwise compuled for the thxalsi year with respect to which zuch inconsistent position iadopted.
(2) If more than one adjustment unter section 734 is madebecause more than onc incolsistent pusition is adopted with respect to one tavable year, the seprarate adjustimemto, each an mount aseertained as provided in subsection (d) of seetion 73 shall be aggregated, and the aggregate net increane or decreas. whall be added to or subtracted from the sax othersise computed for the taxable year with respeet to wheh such menmanemt positions are adopted.
(3) If all of the adjustments rmaler section 734, wade on account of the adoption of an inconsistemt position or positions with respect to one tavalle year result in an aggregate net increase the tax imposed, shinall in no case be less than the amount of such aggregate net increase.
(1) If all of the adjustments under section 734, made on account of the adoption of an inconsistent position or positions with respect to a taxable year (hereinafter in this paragraph called thic current taxable year) result in an aggregate ne decrease, and the amount of such decrease exeecds the tax imposed (withont regard to the provisions of seetion 734) for the eurrent tavable year, such cxecss shall be subtracted from the tar jupowed for each suceecding turable year but the hie tan of tie cucese to be so subtracted slatl be redueed by the reduction in tay for intervening tavable years which his resulted from the subtraction of ath exeens from the tas imposed for each such year.
(c) Ascertainment of omonnt of adjustment. In cumputing the donount of anadjustment under section 734 there shalt first be uncertained the anount of the income taxes previously determined for each of the prior taxable years for which correction is prevented. The amonat of each such tax pre viously determined for each such taxable year shall be (1) the tax shown by the taxpayer, or by the predecessor, upon the return for such prior asable $y$ car, inereased by the amounts previously assessed (or collected without assessinent) as deficicucies, and decreased by he amounts previonsly alzated, credited, refunded, or otherwise repaid in respeet of such tax; or (2) if no amount was shown as the tax by such taxpayer or such predecessor upon the return, or if no return was made by such taxpayer or such predecessor, hen the amounts previously assessed (or collected without assescment) as deficiencies, but such amomits previously assessed, or collected without nssessment, shall he decreased by the monnts previonsly abared, credited, refunded, or ofherwise repaid $i n$ respect of sheh tax. Thereshall shen be asectanied the nerease or decrcase in eachlsuch tax previonely detrmmed for each such year when results solchy from the yreatacrit of the tem cominster whe the the cembla for chath for for there shall so ascertainer ose e ader int the may for such prior tivale yoll intert shall be computed to the fiftenth day of the third month following
the close of the execss prufits tax taxable year with respect to
 the difforence batioen the aggongate of stach increases, plas The miteres attributable io each, and the mel increase or decretse so ancertamed shatl be the :minomt of the adjlatment under mection 734 wilh respect to the inconsistent treatment


2j-29. Post-war refund and eredif for debt retirement.(a) Post-uar ryuads.-Scction 780 (a) and (b) provitucs for the min! meat of parl of the excess pronts tax patifur fanable years endug after Deechiber 31, 1941 (exeept int the case of a tanable year begiming in 1941 and ending before July 1, 1942), but not ixgimaing after the date of cessation of hostilitios in the present war. For caclisuch taxable yar, the Sceretary of the Treasury is amburized and directed to establish a credit to the account of the taxpayer of an areount efual to 10 perceut of the execes profits tas for such taxable year. IIthin 3 aonths after the payment in full of the amonat of the exeess profits tax for atsy such tanable year, as shown to be due on the return, bonds of the L゙nited States are required to be isaued in an aghtegate amount equal to 10 pereent of the tax paid.
bection 7 Si (d) limits the eredit under section 780 (a) for any tasable year 10 an amount which shall nut be greater than the excess of the amount of excess protits tax paid (artl not eredited or refunded) in respeet of such year over the amount of tax which would be payable if the excess profits tas rate were 81 pereent, or if the himitation of section 710 is applieable if the ranount determined under such seetiou were reduced by 10 pereent.
(b) Cradit for alfbt retivernent.- Section 783 provides that, at the election of the taspayer made on the return, an anount equal to 40 percent of the amounts paid durimg the taxable vear in repayment of the principal of indebtedmess shall be allowed as a credit against the excess profits tax for such year. The credit uuder section 783 (a) with respect to any taxable yosr shall in no event exceed whichever of the following anounts is the lesser-
(1) In amount equal to 10 pereent of the tax imposed unter Subchapter E of Chapter 2 for the tavable year.
(2) ln case the tavable year begins after September 1, 1942, an amonnt equal to 40 percent of the sumonnt by which the sumbllest amount of indebtedness during the period beginning Scptember 1, 1942, and ending with the close of the preceding taxable year exceeds the amount of indebtedness as of the elose of the taxable year.
(3) In case such taxable year begins in 1942 prior to September 2, 1942, and ends after September 1, 1942, an amouot equal to 40 perceot of the amount by which the anount of indebtedness as of Scptember 1, 1942, excceds the indebtedoess as of the close of the taxable year.
(4) In case such taxable ycar begins in 1941 or ends before Scptember 1, 1942, zero.

The term "indebtedness" is definet for the purposes of section 783 to mean any indebtedncss of the taxpayer or for Which the taxpayer is liable evidenced by a bund, note, debenture, bill of exchadge, certificatc, or other evidence of indebtedncss, mortgage, or deed of irust.

For Calendar Year 1942
or fiscal year beginaing
1942, and ending
, 1943
RINT PLANLY CORPORATION'S NAME ANO ADORESA
(N.пие)
(Street and number)

File
Code
Serial Number

District .............................................. (Cashastis Stump)
M. O . Fizal Payment

Toar uthee)
(Countr)
(SLoto)



Furnish below the names and addresses of the individuals who ouned. directly or indirectly, at any time during the last half of the taxable year, more than 50 percent in value of the outstanding capital stock of the corporation:

| Name | Achres: | Highest percentage of shares awned during hast halif of taxable year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Prelerred | Common |
| (1) |  |  |  |
| (2). |  |  |  |
| (3). |  |  |  |
| (4). |  |  |  |
| (5). |  |  |  |

AFFIDAVIT (See Inatruction E)
We, the undersigned, president (or vice president, or other princıpal officer) and treasurer (or assistant treasurer, or chicf accounting officer) of the corporation for which this return is made, being severaHy duly sworn, each for himself deposes and says that this return (including any atcompanying schedules and statements) has been examined by him and is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true, correct, and complete return, made in good faich, for the taxable year stated, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code and the segulations issued thereunder.

Subscribed and sv an to before me this
(If thit return was prepared by eome person or pereone other than officere or employcen of the corgoration, the following affidavit must be exocuted) AFFIDAVIT (See Intetruction E)
1/we swear (or affirm) that $1 /$ we prepared this retum for the person named herein and that the return (ineluding any accompanying sehedules and statementa) is a true, correct, and complete statement of all the information respecting the tax liability imposed by section 500 of the lnternal Revenue Code of the person for whon this return hes been prepared of which 1/we have any knowledge

Subscribed and sworn to before me this


Explanation of expenses entered in colurnn 5
State the names and addresses of persons from whem rentor other compensation was received for the use of, or the right to use, cach property..........



Indicate by check mark whether the deduction claimed in item 14, first page of this retum, represents:
A Amount actually used during the taxsble year to pay or retire the indebtedress;
B Amount irrevocably set aside during the taxable year to pay or retire the indebtedness; or
C C Combination of both $A$ and $B$.
There must be furnished all of the facts and circumstances upon which the taxpayer relies to establish the reasonableness of the amount claiuned as a deduction. Deseribe fully the plan for payment or retirement of the obligations, indieating date and method of adoption, and, where the plan is covered by a mandatory sinking fund agreement or similar arrangement, submit ; copy of the indenture or agreement by which the fund was established and under which it is maintained.

If che amount claimed as a deduction in item 14, frrt page of this retum, represents an amount irrevocably set aside to pay or retire the indebtedness explain fully the circumstances and method by which it was irrevocably at aside

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 1120H 1942 UNTEE STATES RETURH OF PERSONAL HOLDNG COMPANY 1942 

(UNDER SUBCHAPTER A, CHAFTEF. 2 , internal REVENUE CODE)

(Reforences aro to the Intornal Revenuo Code, unless otherwies noted)
Taxpaycra nill find it helpful to read General Inetructions (A) to (J) beiore commencing to fill in their returns and to resd the Sperific Inatructions in connection with filling in the iterns to which they refer.

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

(A) Cormarations which mat intec petura on Form 1120H.-Every corperation تhich coizen with the classification of a "petaonal bolding comPany" ss desped in sertion 501 wLich resd as followe

 Nome










 Firyned by zection 500 with respect to its itreoine from nources within the


 durink the het hrid of the tazable yeas 19 owned by norresident atien iod"Terronal hoiding company incoms - The term "personal holding company
Sne me" is defined sy scition 602 in tho pirtion of the groes income which





四



 in in the
 creocit atencrohip. Section 603 coutaina the following provislon vith ref-















The established accouotiog period must be adhered to for all yeare unlesa permiesiod io receved from the Commizsioner to maka e change. An
application for a change io the sccounting period should be made oo Form application for a change io the accounting period should be made oo Form
1128 ond forwarded to the collector oprio: to the expiration of 30 dayo from 1128 ond forwarded to the collector orion to the expiration of 30 deyo from
the close of the proposed period for which a return would be required to effect the change.
(C) Bsais of retorn.-II your booke of sccouot are kept oo the scerual hasie, report oll iocaroe scrrucd, even though it tase not breo actualy re
ceived or entered on the books, snd expenses incurred iostead of expensean paid. If your booke are not kept on the accrual bssis, or if you kept oo books, make your recurr on a cash basia sud report all ineorme received or construetively recelved, sucb as bank interest credited to your acce
coupoo bond ustereat masured, sod repurt expenses actually pald.
(D) When and where return mast be Aled.-Returns must be filed on on belore the 15 th day of the third ranoth following the elose of the taxable year with the enilector for the diatrict io which the corporation'a principal
place of busineso of principal office or agency is located. to the case of a forelgo corporation engaged in buaneso withio the United Ststes but ool before the 15 th or place of husivene therem, the retura shan be the carable yesr with the Colicetor of Loterasl Reveoue, Baltituore, Md.
(E) Signatutes and reriticatlos.- The return shall be aworn to by the presidedt, viee president, of other principal ofiser, and by the treasurer,
assiatant (reacufer, or chief sccounting officer. Where the returo lo aotually prepared by sotne persoa or persoas other than offecre or employees of the
corporstioo, buch pereon or peraons must executo the affidavit at the foot of corporstioo, bueh person or peranas must executo the affidavitat the foot of
frat page. firat page.
(F) When sad to whom tsy most be paid.- The tax must be pald Io full when the returo is filed, or in four equal installmente, as follows: On or
before the 1515 day of the third month; on or before the 15th day of the before the 15 th day of the third mooth; on or before the 15th day of the
gixth monts; on or before the 15th dey of tbe niuth mooth; and on or beforo gixth monts; on or before the 15th day of the nith mooth; and on or belor
the 15 th day of the fwelftb moath following the close of the taxable year.

If any installment is not pard oo or vefore the date fixed for ite paymeoth,
the whole amouot of the tax unpaid stoll be paid upon notico sod demand by tbe collector.

The tax may be pasd by sendong or bringing with the returo a check or not seod cash by mall, or pay it in person except at the collector's offen.
(G) Pensltien.-For forlure to make and file return on time.-Five percent osuas, and, in addition, ahere fallure is wallful, a gine of not more than osuap, and, in addition, mhere fallure is wallul, a Gine of not more than
$\$ 10,000$ or imprisonment for not more than i year, or both, together with the coste of proseculion
For willfully altenipting to evade or defeat poyment of tha tas.-Not more than $\$ 10,000$ or mprianment for oot more than 5 yebre, or both, together with the costs of prosecution.
Fnt deficiency due to negligence or froud - Five perceot of the amount of the depiciegcy if due to neghgence or antentionsl diaregard of rules and regulations sithout anten
(H) Defininion of Snbehapter A Net Income.-Section 505 defidea the Lerm sumebapler A Net locome" for the















(1) Definition of undistributed subchapter it net neome. - Section 504






 w ith The uodisurved sulebtepler





(J) Defoltion of grose income of certain insurance compaties for persunal
holding rompany tat, The thrit "grass inoome," as uned la subchupter $A$
mesuls, in the case of pan insurnice complany other than life or mutual, the mesins, in the case of han insurnuce company ot her than life or mutual, the
gross income, as debined in section $204(\mathrm{~b})(\mathrm{l})$, increased hy the amount of huscen incuired, as defnad in eection 204(b)(6), and the smount of expense i:seurnid, ns defined in section 201 (b) (7), snd decreased by the amount de-
ductible under section 204 (c)(7) (relating to tax-free intereat). (See section ductibl
E07.)

## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

## The folluwing inatructions are numbered to correapond with item nombere on the Arat page of the retore

1. Net income.-Enter the het fucome, for the taxable year computed In accordance with the provisians of chaster 1 , but without regard to sce-
tion 47 (c) (alating to income placed on an annul wasis). In the casc of
 the Uinited States, this iten, elocpt as noted ubove, is the amount shown
as itent 35 , page 1 . Form 1120 . It the cobe of a form 1120
In the case of a noarcsitcnt foreign cornoration (not cugnged in trade or
busitucar witian the United States) which qualifies as a personal holding earnpalys under section 501 lut not as a foreign presolial halding company under scetion 331, the amount to be entered in ikenn 1 as the net income must conuc so coanputed will reliect, in addition to income from all other sources
 Uuited States of capital usceis ineluding stocks, becurifies, and commoditics. Although such gaine are hot subject to normal tisx under section 231 (a), elaniter 1 , they are subject to the surtax imposed by section 500 , aubeliap ler
2 Section $505(\mathrm{~d})$ pravides that the net meome shall be conpoted without carry-over from 1941). If (he anmount of a net ahothterm capital loss for the taxsble year 1941 (not in tyeess of the nct income for such year) hae amount so allowed usied in computing the amount of net income in item 1, should be entered in item 2
2. Contributions or gifts deducted unter section $23(4)$-- Section $23 / 9$ ) provides for the deduction of contributions or giftes pald within the taxable year to the extent of 5 percent of the net menne computed without the benechapter A net incame there shell be allowed in hein of the delucfion allowed by secthan $23(q)$ contributions or gifts of specified types paid within the incomic computed nithout the branefit of such dednction and the dednetion allomet under section 23(7), end without the deduction of the amomet
disallowed under sectinn 50.i(b). Provision for deduction of the larget allowance is minde in item 7 and in order to shom the amnunt of incom upon which the increased himitation is based the snount alloued under seotion $23(\mathrm{q})$ und deducted in computing net income under
should be enterod as item 3. (See Specific Ingtruction 7.)
3. Excess of expenses and depreciation over income from proper
atlowable under section $505($ b).-Section 50.5 (b) provides as fullaws:



 If the corporation derived rent or other compensation for the use or righ to use property ahich was less than the sum of the expenses Incurred in connection therewith and dednctible unfler scetion 231 a) sid the depreciaexcrss of the expenses suld depreciation over the rent or other compensobions shawn therein should be entered as item 4, first page of the peturn, unless the enrporation is ripepred to estrblish the propriety of the deduotion to the sntisfactinn of the Commissioner.

The birrict of proof will reat upon the foxpayer to sustaln the deduction of the agarrgate of the expresers allawed under section $23(\mathrm{a})$. nd deprecinitrived from thr property. A corporation claimang such execear delmedinss Siall, in limp of ulling in schedule $A$, attach to the return estatement settiue
fartn it: clains for allowance of the deductions logether nill $n$ complete farth its clanaz for allowance of the deductions together nitl, $\hat{n}$ complete
stan statiment of facto, tircumstance, and arguments on
surpont of the dedictions Such statement shall inctude:
(7) A inceription of thin property;
(i) Cha comt if other has is to the
of the consideratum paid for the corparation and the neture and velue of she considefatmon paid for the preperty;
(e) The name and adtress of the person from whom sequired and the date therrof;
(i.) Tlic name and address of the person to whom lessed or rented or the person p-ruitted to nse thin pronerty, and the number of shares of
stoek, if any, held by such prerson and the menbers of his family;
rent or other compensation secetived or accmied for the ofe of, or the right to use, the property during the tavalam vear and for each of the five preceding years and the smmonint of the cypenses incurred with respect to, and If Evidenec that the rent or other compensation was the
able and if none was ruceived or necrucd, a statement of the reasons therefor;
(g) A eopy of the contract, lesue, or rental agreement;
(h) The purpose for which the property was used;
(i) The busiucs earricd ous by
(2) The hissiness earried ou by the corporation with respect to which the property was held and the groes incume, expenses, and net jucome
derived from the conduct of ouch busincss for the taxuble year and for each of the fivo preceding years;
() A statconent of any reasons which existed for expectallon that tho for tho une of the property in the busiuess of the corporatlon and tbe reasons why the property was naquired;
(k) Any othar information on which the corporation relies.
7. Contributions or xifts deductible under bection 505 (a)(2). -As nated in compoting net income nifler clinpter $l$ is to loe retured to income under
 within the taxable y ear to or fur the use of doness described in section 23(q),
and enter the total ammun thereof an item 7 exerpt where such total and enter the total ammint thereof as item 7 except where such total
exceeds 15 percent of itrm 6 rainus item 5 , in which case the amount to to entered as itern 7 is 15 percent of items 6 ruinus itsor 5 . If a deduction is rlsi
(See section $80.5(\mathbf{a}$ ) (3).).
(1) providea that there shall he allowed asesan-profits faxes.-Section 505(a)
(1) providea that there shall he allowed as additional deductions
 Furnish details of euch itenıs in Schedule C and enter the totnj amount in item 8 .
9. Incorno and profits taxes of a foreign conumiry or Uaited States possen. Alon, - The loreign tax credit permitted th domestic corporations by section
131 with reapect to the taves timposed by chapter $I$ is not allowed as a credit
with respect to the surtax imposed by aection 500 . However, the deduction under scetion 23(c)/2) of income, war-probit, and excess-profits taxes imposed by the nuthonty of eny forenga country or possession of the United States is permitted for the purpose of computing the undistributed sub-
ehapter A net income subject to the surtax imposed by section 500 evev elapter A net income subject to the surtax imposed by eection 500 even
though the taxpayer claims a crevit for such taxes ageinst the taxes impowed by chopter 1 .
Domestic corporations should enter in item 9 the amount of auch taxes
shown on line 4 , Schedule $M$, Form 1120, where any portion thereof has
 been clormed as a credit in itern 42, page 1, Form 1120. but if aucb corpora-
thons have clamed such taxes as deductions under bection $23(\mathrm{c})(2)$ in computing oet income subject to tax under chapter 1 , Do entry abould be niade in item $\theta$
Forcign corparations should treat such taxes as deductions to be allocsted
in accordance with section 119 in the computation of uet income from source in accordnnce with section 119 in the computation of uet income from sourcea
within the United States and in such ruses taxes of this nature will be teHected in the net income stated in iteth 1 instead of being atated separalely as a deduction in item 9 .
10. Amounts paid in liguldation of llablity of a corporation based on lia-
bil. $y$ of a decedent to make contributions or gifte.-Scetion $505(\mathbf{a})(3)$ proviling for the following deduction:

 (Parograph (2) relates to the linated deduction for contributiona ar gifto psiff see specthe netruction 7.)
in a slatement attaclied to the return.
13 Dividends puid eredit.- Einter as item 13 the anionnt of the dividends No duplicaton of credit allownicer with respect General Iastruethe.1.) dends" in persmited. It a curporation clamisus and receives the beneti uf the provisious of section 500 based uipon a distribution of "deficiency dividends, that distribution does not become a p.
purposes of subebapter A of chapter 2 .
14. Amount used or irrevocably set aside to pay or retire indebtedneas
of any kind incurred prlar in January 1 , 1934 .-Enter as item 14 the total of any hind infured prlor th Sanuary
amount refiected in linc 12, Sehedale E. Section 504 (b) provldea tbat in amount refiected in linc in, scrmining "undistributed sublapter A net income" tbere bball be doducted amounts used or irrevocebly set aside to pay or to retire lndebtedness with rcfercnce to the eize and terus of suck indebtedness.
Mnorldrdross.-The term "indehsedness" means an obligation, sbolute and nol conlingent, to pay, ob demand or within a given times, in casth or othcr medsum, a fixed mount. The term "indebtedness" does not folude thic ohligation of a corporation on ata capital etcek.
The imidebtedness must have beca iocurred (or, if
assumed) hy the taxpayer prior to Januery 1, 1934. An indebtedness evidicnced Ly bonds, nites, or other obligations issued by a corporation is ordmanly incurrer as of the finte sucb obligations are isaucd, and the amount
of such indebtedness is the anount repracated by thic face value of sthe of such indebtedness is the anount represented thy the face value of the
nbligations. In the case of renewal or other changep in the form of an indebterlsese, 50 long as the relationship of debtor and ereditor continues between the taxpoyer and his creditor, tlie giving of a new promioe to pay
by the tavpayer will not have the efiect of chauging the dato the indebtedness by the tavpay
uis meurred.
anvitle year, or irrevocably set aside. - The deduction is alluwabse, in any The usc or itrevoce for anomints used or irrevacably set aside in that year. discharge of indelitedness. Since, therefore, in the care of rencral and other changes in the form of an indebtedness, the rulationahip of debtor and of a new pronuse to pay by the taxpayer will not rexult in anr allowable oeduation if amounts are aet aside in one year, po deduction is allowablo for such amounts for a later year in which actually paid. As long as all tion for any tasable year iocludes all amounts (from whatever aowree) used ond, ss well, all nmounts (from whatever aurre) irrevocably set sside,
irrespective of whether in cash or other medium. Double deductions are irrespective of
not pernitted.
not pernitted.
Reasorableriess of the amounts with reference to the sive and terme of the Indeditenness.- The reasonableness of the ancounts used or irrevocably set aside must be defermined by refrrence to the sise and terms of the particular indebtedness. Hence, all the facts and circumstances with respect to to nature, srope, conditions, amolint, maturity, and ather terme of the par-
ticular indebtedness must be shown in each case.
Ordinarily an amount used to pay or retire an fodebtedness, In whole or io part, at or prior to the maturity and io acrordance with the terma thereol
will be convidered reasonable, and may be allowoble as a deduction for tbe yenr in which so used, if no adjustuacot is required by reason of an ampunt oet acide in a priar year for payment or retirement of the asine indebtedress, indebtednens in accornd ice with and persuant to the terms of the abligatioo, for example, tine, inual contribation to trustees reguired by a mandatory ainking fund agrecaucht, will be considereni ss complying with the
etatutory requirenicat of ressonebleness. To be considered reasonable, it is not necessary that the pleas of retirement provide for a retroactive betting aside of amounta for years prior to that in which the plin is adopted. However, if a valunts-? plan wes adtopted prior to 1934, no sdjustment is allowable in respect of the amounts ert aside in the years prior to 1934.
Generol- The burden of proof will rest upon the taxpayer to suetain the required by scherdule E of the retura sind smeh other information as the Commisaioner may require in substantiation of the deduction claimed
15. Anounts distributed In redemption of certalin praferred atock.-See
section $50.4(\mathrm{~d})$, quoted under Genaral Instruction I.
17. Dividends pald sher clone of tarable year, exclading defelency divi-
dends as defined in section $50 t(\mathrm{c})$. Enter as item 17 the amount nf dividends as defined in section $806(\mathrm{c})$.- Euter as item 17 the amount nf divi-
dends paid after the close of the Lavable year and before the fifteentb day of the thisd month thereafter, if claimed under section $504(0)$ in the return hut only to the extent and aubjact to the limitations contained in that section. PSec General Instruction 1.)
Nu duplication of eredit allowances with respect to ony "defficiency dividends" is prermitted. If a corporntion claims and recelves the benefit of the
provivions of section 505 based upon a distribution of "deficiency dividenda, provicions of section 505 based upon a distritution of deficiency dividend


## I N D E X

(Italic page numbers indicate data pertaining to excess profits tax returns, Form 1121.)

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$73,88-89,98,110,122,144-145,178-179,248-249$
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32-33, 73, 86-87

$69,80-81,94,106,118,132-133,168-169,220-221$

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Automobile accessories, parts (except electrical), and passenger trai'crs, manu- facturing ..... 30-31, 71, 86-87
Automobiles and equipment (except electrical), manufacturing ..... 30-31,
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| Y |  |
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| Z |  |
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[^0]:    For footnotes, sce p. 78.

[^1]:    For footnotes, see pp. 78-79.

[^2]:    Nontaxable individual returns with net income: ${ }^{5}$
    In 1040:
    Under 0.5 (est.)
    0.5 under 0.75 (e
    0.75 under 1 (est.)

    1 under 1.25 (est.)
    1.5 under 1.75 (est.)
    
    
    
    ('Isə) g'\& ıəpun \&
    3.5 under 4 (est.)
    4 under 4.5 (est.)
    4.5 under 5

    Total taxable returns.

[^3]:    For footnotes, see p. 78.

[^4]:    For footnotes, see p. 228.

[^5]:    629257-45——14

[^6]:    For footnotes, see p. 228.

[^7]:    For footnotes, see p. 228.

[^8]:    For footnotes, see p. 228.

[^9]:    For footnotes, see p. 295.

[^10]:    For footnotes, see p. 309.

[^11]:    For footnotes, see p. 309.

[^12]:    If the production, manufacture, purchase, or sale of merchandise is an income-producing factor, inventories are required. Enter "C," or "C or M," on lines 2 and 8 to indicate whether inventories are valued at cost, or cost or market, whichever is lower.

    Explanation of deductions claimed in lines 6, 14. and 17

[^13]:    Taxable corporation excess profits tax returns, 1942, by method of credit computation: Number of returns, excess profits net income and credits, adjusted excess profits net income, excess profits tax, credit for debt retirement, and post-war refund

[^14]:    Net income for income tax computation reported as item 35, page 1, Form 1120.
    Returns which are nontaxable as a result of the alternative tax computation are
    2 Returns which are nontaxable as a result of the alternative tax computation are not included under "Returns with alternative tax" but are shown under "Returns with no tax."
    : Includes 346 returns with no data.

[^15]:    Note.-Under each classification data ar

[^16]:    Cost of goods sold.
    Cost of operations.
    Compensstion

[^17]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^18]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^19]:    For footnotes, see $1 \mu \mathrm{p} .298300$.

[^20]:    For footnotis, see p1). 298-300.

[^21]:    For footnotes，see pp．298－300．

[^22]:    

[^23]:    For footnotes，see pp，298－300

[^24]:    Number of returns
    Number of subsidiaries

[^25]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^26]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^27]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^28]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^29]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^30]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^31]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^32]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^33]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^34]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^35]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^36]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^37]:    For footnotes, see pp. 298-300.

[^38]:    AGGREGATE

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[^39]:    For footnotes, see p. 317.

[^40]:    For footnotes, see p. 317.

[^41]:    ${ }^{1}$ For 1931 and prior years, there was no distinction made between the annual profits of a corporation and the occasional profits from the sale of assets.

